



Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

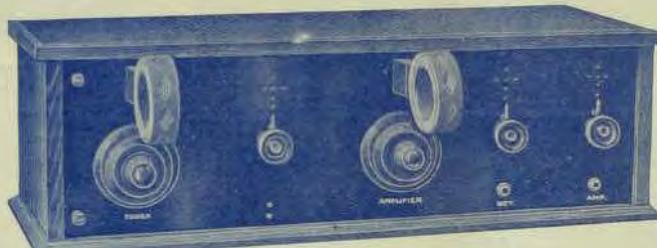
SIGNAL Home Assembly Sets



Model Phone Valve, £5/10/-



Model Q, 2 Valves, £9/9/-
Model R three Valves (Audio Freq.), £11/11/-



Model T, 4 Valves (Radio Freq.) £11/11/-

Model S, 3 Valves (Radio Freq.) £13/13/-

Make It Yourself

THE SIGNAL HOME ASSEMBLY SETS are designed to meet all demands for complete sets (less Batteries, Valves, Aerial and Headphones) ready to be assembled. Simply constructed, and yet efficient. Each set contains all the parts necessary to construct the set proper. All contained in an attractive oak cabinet, mission finish, with engraved Bakelite panel all bored ready for mounting the parts. INSTRUCTIONS and a clear diagram make it very easy to assemble these sets.

BOYS, YOUNG and OLD, here you can get all the thrill and satisfaction of MAKING YOUR OWN, and SAVE HALF THE COST

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR "SIGNAL"

and if he has not yet stocked it write us

DEALERS -- WRITE FOR OUR DISCOUNTS

United Distributors Limited

(WHOLESALE)

28 Clarence-st., Sydney

592 Bourke-st., Melbourne

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY.

Page One

Wireless For All

CRYSTAL SETS for the MILLION

"VOLMAX"
Crystaphone Junior
Vertical type, single slide tuner set, complete with aerial gear, phones, etc.,
55/-
The set alone 26/6

"VOLMAX"
Crystaphone Senior
Horizontal type, double slide tuner set, complete with aerial gear and 4000 ohm phones.
63/-
The Set alone 30/-

"VOLMAX"
Loose Coupler Set.
Beautifully finished and efficiently designed. Complete with aerial gear and phones,
105/-
The Set alone 65/-

AT LAST! NO MORE INTERFERENCE ————— !

The Crystal Set De Luxe

VOLMAX HOME SET

A Crystal Receiver of Handsome Design fitted with:

SET ALONE
£6/10/0

A WAVE TRAP

SET COMPLETE WITH PHONES
AERIAL, ETC. £8/8/0

No need to listen to two concerts at once. Don't let that other station "butt in." Just turn the knob of the "WAVE TRAP" and hear him "fade out." This Set has been specially designed by our Expert, MR. RAY EVANS, who has been engaged on radio problems, both commercially and in the Government service, for many years. "Some Sets are made to catch the People ————— Ours are Made to Catch the Music."

WIRELESS SUPPLIES LTD.

21 ROYAL ARCADE & 329A GEORGE STREET, SYDNEY

PHONE M3378

Page Two

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

Special Display and Broadcast Demonstration Callaghan House —— 391 George St., Sydney

By special arrangements with Messrs. Callaghan and Son, we have secured their wonderful display windows, where an unique show of our

BURGINPHONE WIRELESS EQUIPMENT

is now on view. We are also demonstrating our "Burginphone" Receivers between the hours of 12 and 2 p.m. and from 3.30 to 4.30 p.m. every afternoon, and 6.30 to 9 p.m. on Friday nights in the shop of Messrs. Callaghan and Son, 391 George St., Sydney.

SPECIAL PRICES OF ACCESSORIES

Concession Tickets given in Callaghan's shop.

Large Compo Terminals	4/9 doz.	Transformers, Jefferson 41	30/- each
Small Compo Terminals	4/- doz.	Dry Cells, Columbia	3/- each
English N.P. Terminals	5/- doz.	H.T. Battery, Columbia, 224	15/6 each
English Brass Terminals	3/9 doz.	Telephones:	
4-pin Valve Insulators	1/4 each	Sterling	44/- each
Crosley Porcelain Sockets	2/3 each	Trimm's Dep.	32/6 each
English Valve Bases	6/- each	S. & C.	45/- each
Large Connectors	7d. each	Dictograph	47/6 each
Battery Clips	7d. each	W. E.	44/- each
Insulators, Brown Strain	1/- each	Variometer Kellogg	57/6 each
Dials, 3in.	2/9 each	Vario coupler	68/- each
Condensers, variable (Crosley)	17/8 each	Variometer, Chelsea (Ver.)	42/6 each
Condensers, 3 plate "Master"	12/- each	Vario coupler, Chelsea	42/6 each
Condensers, 5 plate, "Master"	13/6 each	De Forest, 3 Coil mt. geared	44/- each
Condensers, 3 plate, "United"	12/- each	De Forest Coils: 25 turns	11/3 each
Condensers, 5 plate	13/6 each	35 turns	11/6 each
Condensers, 11 plate	18/9 each	50 turns	11/9 each
Plugs	2/6 each	75 turns	12/- each
Crystal Detector, dust proof	8/6 each	100 turns	13/- each
Sockets, U.V., 199 Bakelite	3/- each	150 turns	13/3 each
Transformers, Audio "Chelsea"	23/6 each	200 turns	13/9 each
Switches, S.P.D.T.	2/6 each	250 turns	14/6 each
Sockets, "Bestone"	4/3 each	300 turns	14/9 each
Transformers, Jefferson Star	22/6 each	400 turns	15/6 each
Insulator, Shell White	10d. each	500 turns	16/9 each
Valve Sockets, English	1/9 each	750 turns	20/- each
		1250 turns	23/9 each

BURGIN ELECTRIC CO.

WIRELESS ENGINEERS AND SUPPLIERS

Showrooms and Sales Dept.

FIRST FLOOR CALLAGHAN HOUSE, 391 GEORGE STREET, SYDNEY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Page Three

Price advises to purchase Parts at Price's Prices—!

*Listen
in . . .*

Bradleystats	12/-
Bradleyometers	13/6
.001 Signal Condensers	17/6
Magnus Variable Leak, etc.	9/-
Pico 2200 Phones	25/-
Trimm's Professional Phones	43/6
Trimm's Dependable	31/6
All American, 3/1 Trans.	28/-
30 ohm. Rheostats	5/-
N.P. Terminals, 3d., 4d., 5d., and	6d.
Jacks from	2/6
Plugs	2/-
Radiotron UV-199 and 201A	35/-

This week's special: A 30 ohm. rheostat supplied free with every valve if purchased in conjunction with complete valve outfit.

Price's have secured the services of Mr. Raymond Shaw, a wireless man of high repute, and we are now in a position to manufacture sets of the Shaw standard which are guaranteed 12 months. Send for price list of complete sets.

PRICE'S RADIO DEN

220 Oxford St., Woollahra — Just past Centennial Park — Waverley 451.
WE PAY TRAM FARES — SO COME EAST.

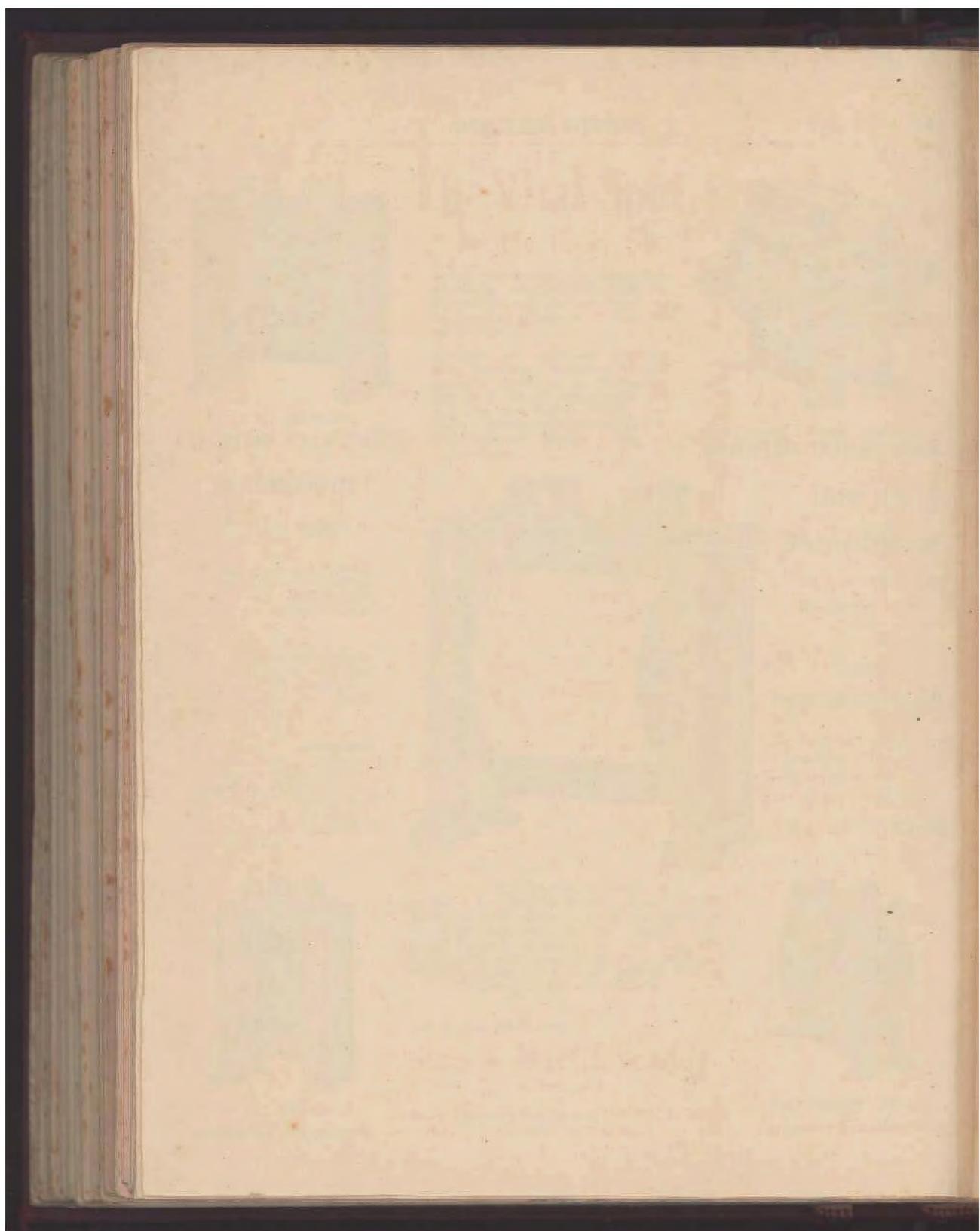
TO THE PUBLIC

Kilbourne & Clark Mfg. Co. radio parts are presented you as quality merchandise backed up by this firm with a full guarantee. They are in no way competitive with low priced, inefficient apparatus that is at present glutting the radio market. K & C parts are designed by engineers who have followed the progress and development of radio for many years, even before many companies now manufacturing radio equipment were heard of. From the beginning K & C has given attention to correct design and efficiency of its radio apparatus rather than to quantity manufacture of lower priced and less efficient parts. K. & C equipment is in the main handled and recommended by dealers who are competent radio men, or who have real radio men in their employ. These men know radio and that is why you find K & C parts chosen here. It is this class of trade that the Kilbourne & Clark Mfg. Co. desires, this, and that of the experimenter and radio fan who places positive quality and performance above uncertain performance and indifferent quality. Without correctly designed apparatus with strictest consideration for low capacities, lowest possible losses, proper inductance as well as high class construction, the user finds that he does not obtain all from his circuit that he had anticipated. This is gradually coming to be realised more and more as less efficient equipment is being substituted with K & C.

PACIFIC ELECTRIC CO.

87 CLARENCE STREET, SYDNEY

Sole Australian Distributors



PAGE FOUR WIRELESS WEEKLY Friday, August 23rd, 1924

FAMOUS FROST PARTS THE MOST COMPLETE LINE OF GUARANTEED QUALITY RADIO PARTS EVER OFFERED IN AUSTRALIA ONE PRICED DEALERS

FROST - RADIO

Mr. 616. Bakelite Spring Shock Absorber, for Standard Valve
Mr. 617. Bakelite Spring Shock Absorber, for Standard Valve or tube mounting
For 100 Volts 1/2 616
For those who want a compact gear set, we offer the Frost "Standard" Series
The construction is of the best quality, and the parts are made of Bakelite, which has proven reliable, except for heat, the gear or valve mounting.

FROST SOCKETS

618 SINGLE SHOCK ABSORBER SOCKET, for Standard Valve 4/2
619 SINGLE SHOCK ABSORBER SOCKET, for UV100 4/2
620 (All above sockets are made of Bakelite and have sprung rubber collars)

BAKELITE SOCKETS
621 BAKELITE SOCKET, for Standard Valve 8/2
622 2 GANG SHOCK ABSORBER SOCKET, for Standard Valve 9/2
623 3 GANG SHOCK ABSORBER SOCKET, for UV100 12/2

FROST RHEOSTATS & POTENTIOMETERS

COMPLETE WITH TAPERED BLACK BAKELITE KNOB, METAL PAINT HIGHLY MICKLEHUE, BAKELITE TERMINALS, ALL TECHNICALLY PERFECT.

624 10 ohm Bakelite 7/3
625 10 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
626 15 ohm Bakelite 7/3
627 15 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
628 20 ohm Bakelite 7/3
629 20 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
630 30 ohm Bakelite 7/3
631 30 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
632 40 ohm Bakelite 7/3
633 40 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
634 50 ohm Bakelite 7/3
635 50 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
636 60 ohm Bakelite 7/3
637 60 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
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654 300 ohm Bakelite 7/3
655 300 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
656 350 ohm Bakelite 7/3
657 350 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3
658 400 ohm Bakelite 7/3
659 400 ohm Varior, Metal Frame 7/3

FROST MISCELLANEOUS

660 EXPANSION COOLER complete with Adapter and Pig. 70c 4/2
661 LOOSE COUPLER OR SWELLING TRANSFORMER 27/2
662 GUITAR TUNING DOT, RADAR (100 micro ohms) 27/2
663 RADIO JACK BOX (for 100V) 9/2
664 ADAPTER FOR 100V or UV100 8/2

"Aqualite" Cards Furnished Dealers and Clubs Without Charge

United Distributors Ltd. (WHOLESALE ONLY)

MANUFACTURERS OF RADOVOX SETS
A FEW TERRITORIES OPEN FOR AGENTS

28 Clarence St., Sydney Hobart

Perth Brisbane Adelaide Melbourne

July, August 23rd, 1924. WIRELESS WEEKLY Page Five

LIKE POSTAGE STAMPS — USED EVERYWHERE"

FROST JACKS AND PLUGS

665 PLATED FORMICA INSULATION NICKEL SILVER CONTACT SPRINGS, PURE SILVER CONTACT POINTS.
666 OPEN CIRCUIT JACK 4/2
667 FILAMENT JACK 4/2
668 COLORED CIRCUIT JACK 3/2
669 FILAMENT SINGLE JACK 4/2
670 FILAMENT DOUBLE JACK 4/2
671 NEUTRODYNE CIRCUIT JACK 4/2
672 PLUG, DOUBLE (2 connections) 6/2
673 PLUG, SINGLE 6/2

FROST MISCELLANEOUS

674 RESISTANCE UNIT, 10 ohm (the increase resistance) 10/2
675 INDUCTANCE UNIT (to increase static strength) 10/2
676 FILAMENT SWITCH 4/2
677 FILAMENT SWITCH 4/2
678 PUSH FULL BATTERY SWITCH 6/2

FROST HEAD FONES
STANDARD THE WORLD OVER

119 POWER (Aluminum Brad Plates), 2500 ohm 32/2
120 POWER (Aluminum Brad Plates), 3000 ohm 32/2
121 TONES (Aluminum Bakelite Head Plates) 2000 ohm 32/2

THE MAGNETS IN FROST FONES ARE TREATED WITH COPPER TO PREVENT CORROSION BY MOISTURE AND SALTY AIR.

"Aqualite" Cards Furnished Dealers and Clubs Without Charge

United Distributors Ltd. (WHOLESALE ONLY)

MANUFACTURERS OF HOME ASSEMBLY SETS

FROST - RADIO

No. 808, Full-Pull Battery Switch 4/2

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WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

For Satisfaction

SMITH'S

Let us help you build your own. It is a simple matter if
you have the proper instruction.

Let us advise you :

Base Boards	2/6	Valve Sockets, R Type	2/6
Loose Coupler Ends, Set of 4	2/6	Valve Sockets, Radiotron Type	4/6
Contact Stops, N.P., per doz.	1/-	Jefferson Transformers, No. 41	30/-
Contact Studs, N.P., per doz.	1/-	Jefferson Transformers, Star	25/-
Runner Rods, nickelled	1/2	Murdoch 3000 Head Phones	30/-
Sliding Contacts, brass	1/6	Winding Wires, all sizes in stock	
Sliding Contacts, N.P. and Rod	2/6	Aerial Wire, Copperweld	100ft., 4/-
Crystal Detectors, Mounted	3/3	43 Variable Condensers	18/6
Crystal D tectors, N.P., unassembled . . .	2/11	Primary Tubes Wound	3/6
Crystal Detectors, glass enclosed, mounted, 5/6		Secondary Tubes, Wound and Tapped . . .	6/-
Crystal Detectors, glass enclosed, unmounted, 4/2.			

Write for Catalogue.

Bakelite cut and drilled to order.

FREE ADVICE ON BUILDING YOUR SET.

SMITH'S RADIO STORES
3 VICTORIA ARCADE,

OPP. HOTEL AUSTRALIA.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

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Special This Week!

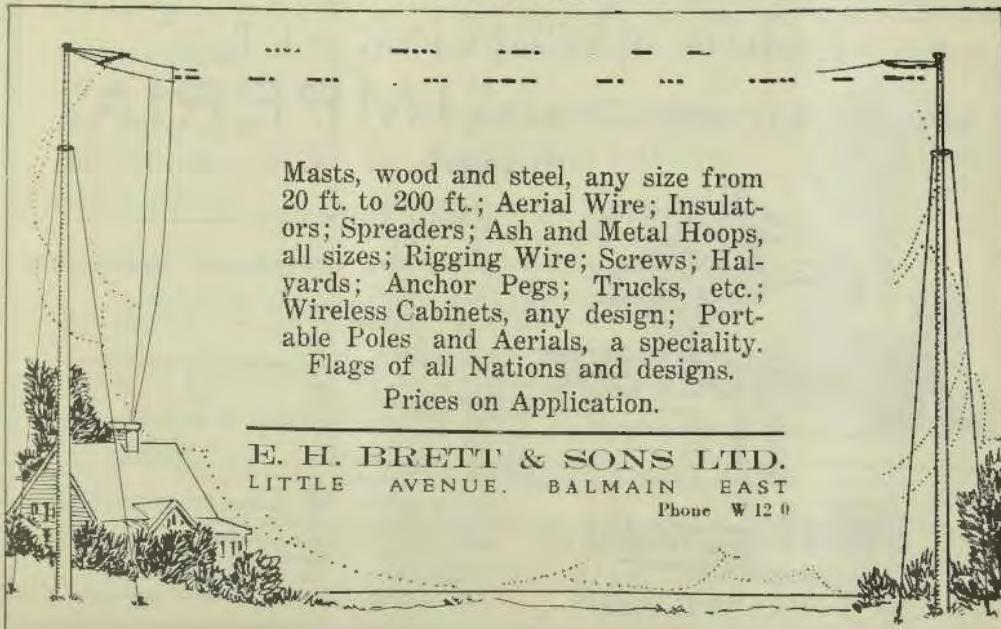
1 Single Slide Crystal Set, complete with 4000 ohm phone, aerial wire, insulators, and best crystal range, up to 30 miles. All parts nickel-plated, polished and mounted on Maple Base.

55/- complete.

ELECTRICITY HOUSE

387 GEORGE STREET

J. S. MARKS, 2 G.R. Manager



Masts, wood and steel, any size from 20 ft. to 200 ft.; Aerial Wire; Insulators; Spreaders; Ash and Metal Hoops, all sizes; Rigging Wire; Screws; Halyards; Anchor Pegs; Trucks, etc.; Wireless Cabinets, any design; Portable Poles and Aerials, a speciality.

Flags of all Nations and designs.

Prices on Application.

E. H. BRETT & SONS LTD.
LITTLE AVENUE, BALMAIN EAST
Phone W 12 0

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WIRELESS WEEKLY.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

WIRELESS RADIO SETS AND REQUISITES

ARE OBTAINABLE AT LOWEST PRICES FROM

SWAINS' 119-123 PITT STREET, SYDNEY

A FEW DOORS FROM THE G.P.O.

CRYSTAL OUTFITS.. From 30/- Operative within a radius of 25 miles.
ONE VALVE SETS .. From £5/10/- " " up to 100 miles.
TWO to SIX VALVE SETS From £28/0/0 " " 5000 miles.

IMPROVE YOUR CRYSTAL SET BY ADDING

OUR ONE VALVE AMPLIFIER—COSTING ONLY 47/7—READY FOR CONNECTING UP—
WILL INCREASE THE VOLUME TREMENDOUSLY—AND THE RANGE UP TO 100 MILES.
OUR TWO VALVE AMPLIFIER—COSTING ONLY £10/10/- COMPLETE—OPERATES A LOUD
SPEAKER.

WE SELL—

The Famous FROST Parts and Fittings—All Makes of Phones and Loud Speakers—
The STERLING Sets—Valves—Loud Speakers—and Phones—All Crystals—Books and Magazines on
Wireless.

The United Distributors Co's. Home Assembly Sets—and Spare Parts—

Wireless Concerts and News, daily from 12 till 5.30 p.m.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST FREE—

RADIO RECEIVING SETS HARRINGTON'S LTD. “IMPERIA”

Stands for all that is best in

Radio Reception !



MAGNAVOX
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Harringtons LTD

386 George Street, Sydney

One to five Valves, Models "A" to "E" for all wave
length and ranges.

Write for full particulars or visit our Demonstration
Hall any afternoon, 3.15 to 5, or Friday evening
7.30 to 9.

All approved types of Speakers:

Magnavox, M1, M4, R3 from — — —	£8 each
Sterling Speakers from	£3/5/-
Western Electric Phones	44/-
Sterling Phones	44/-
New Systems Phones	35/-
Imperia Phones	35/-

MELBOURNE: 266 Collins Street.

KATOOMBA: Katoomba Street.

BRISBANE: 93 Queen Street.

ADELAIDE: 10 Rundle Street.

WELLINGTON, N.Z.: 42 Willis Street.

AUCKLAND, N.Z.: 140 Queen Street.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY.

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Before you
Expend
Money on
Radio
Equipment
Consult
Anthony
Hordern's
Wireless
Experts.

Your inspection of the big display of everything that is new in the world of Wireless, is invited.

(Wireless -- Second Floor)

Anthony Hordern & Sons Limited,

Brickfield Hill, Sydney

Phone City 9440. Box 2712 G.P.O.



DANCING in your own home to music that comes to you from out the air. Dancing to the latest dance music played by leading musicians. An orchestra in your home, just by the turn of a knob. All this, and much more, will you obtain from Radio in the home if you purchase

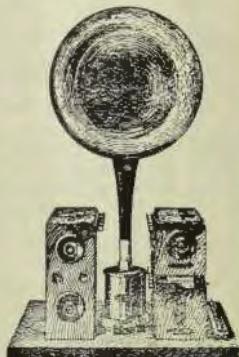
Western Electric RADIOPHONES

Correct in design, constructed by experts, their faithful and clear reproduction is truly marvellous.

For descriptive literature, help and advice on Radio, call, write or 'Phone.

Western Electric Company
(Australia) Ltd

192-194 Castlereagh Street, Sydney.
Telephones : City 336 & 356



Have you sent your Subscription
to Wireless Weekly yet?

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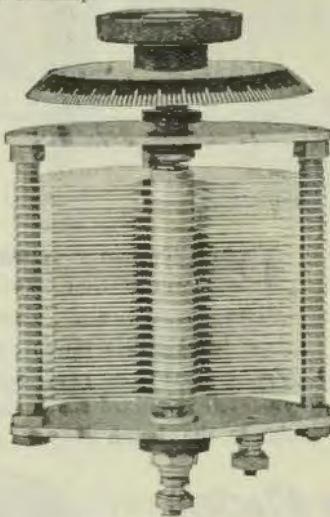
WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

New and Attractive English Lines

ORMOND VARIABLE CONDENSERS.

Combining handsome appearance with the utmost efficiency.



THE ORMOND.

English Make, Standard, Efficient.

- 43 Plate Vernier .001, with Knob and Dial.
 - 23 Plate Vernier .0005, with Knob and Dial.
 - 15 Plate Vernier .0003, with Knob and Dial.
 - 43 Plate, Plain, without Dial, .001.
 - 37 Plate, Plain, without Dial, .0075.
 - 23 Plate, Plain, without Dial, .0005.
 - 15 Plate, Plain, without Dial, .00025.
 - 11 Plate, Plain, without Dial, .00025.
- DUO ANODE (Balanced adjustment) .0005
to .00025.



BRUNET PHONES & SPEAKERS.

The most popular resistance in use today—4000 ohms—ensuring maximum sensitivity. Comfortable on the head; light in weight and beautifully finished. Brunet phones and loud speakers reproduce naturally and perfectly.

Brunet Phones, 4000 ohms.

Brunet Loud Speakers.

DEALERS WRITE FOR PRICE LIST TO.

United Distributors Ltd., 28 Clarence Street, Sydney

WHOLESALE ONLY

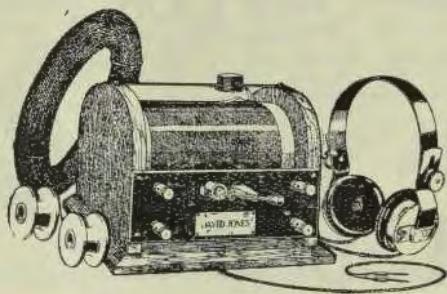
or

Continental Radio Co., Gladstone Chambers, 90 Pitt St. Sydney

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

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David Jones' announce
Crystal Receiving Sets
at 63/-

COMPLETE WITH N.S.T. HEAD-PHONES, AERIAL WIRE,
INSULATORS, AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEAR RECEPTION!

Now everyone can "listen in"! David Jones' have met the public demand by the creation of Broadcast Receiving Sets at the lowest price level ever announced! These Crystal Sets, made to David Jones' own design, embody the latest scientific facts, simplified to such an extent that there is no simpler set obtainable. Their workmanship is of absolute accuracy and high excellence. They have been proven entirely successful, and can be operated for perfectly clear reception within a radius of approximately fifteen miles.

Begin listening-in now! Hear the nightly concert programmes in your own home. Listen in for latest market reports, lectures and daily items of interest! David Jones' offer Crystal Receiving Sets complete at 63/-.

DAVID JONES'
RADIO DEPT., 252 YORK ST., SYDNEY



Now
Everyone
can
Listen-in

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WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

AMPLION

The
**World's Standard
Loud Speaker**



"Junior"
Price: £4

Amplions are produced by the originators of Loud Speakers and the world's largest manufacturers of Loud Speaking Telephones.

In efficiency the Amplion is exceptional, for music as well as speech is brought out in full volume with remarkable clarity and freedom from distortion.

The Amplion Tone is delightfully natural and brings before the listener the very personality of the speaker, singer or instrumentalist. No other Loud Speaker can compare with the Amplion in quality of reproduction or acoustic amplification.

There is an Amplion model for every purpose, two of the most popular being those illustrated here.



"Dragon" Radio Dealers kindly write for Trade Price List
Price: £8

Amalgamated WORLDWIDE WIRELESS Wireless
(Australasia) Ltd.

Clarence St.
SYDNEY

Collins Street
MELBOURNE

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

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Phones, Redfern 964 and 930.

Official Organ of the New South Wales Division of the Wireless Institute of Australia.

VOL. 4. No. 19.

AUGUST 22nd, 1924

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EDITOR: The Editor will be glad to consider Technical and Topical Articles of interest to Australian Experimenters. All Manuscripts and Illustrations are sent at the Author's risk, and although the greatest care will be taken to return unsuitable matter (if accompanied by stamps), the Editor cannot accept responsibility for its safe return. Contributions should be addressed to the Editor, "Wireless Weekly," 33/37 Regent Street, Sydney, N.S.W.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES Twelve months (52 issues), 13/-, post free. Six months (26 issues), 6/6, post free. Single Copies, 3d. each, or post free, 4d.

QUESTIONS and ANSWERS DEPT. Except in the case of subscribers, all Technical Questions, or those entailing research work or drawings, must be accompanied by a postal note or stamps to the value of 1/-.

ADVERTISING Advertising Rates may be had on application to the Advertising Manager. Copy must be in the hands of the Editor by the Friday preceding each issue. If copy is not received in time, the previous week's advertisement will be repeated.

All accounts should be made payable to Publicity Press Ltd., 33/37 Regent St., Sydney

EDITORIAL

Discord in Queensland

ACTING up to the spirit of that old saw about "Unity is Strength," the tendency in most of the States is towards a consolidation of experimental interests, and the results attending the preliminary negotiations between the various branches of the Wireless Institute and the Wireless Societies may be regarded as satisfactory. There is, quite apparently, a general feeling among experimenters that harmonious relations in place of bickering and jealousy will do much in assisting the movement generally and in giving it the gentle push which will prevent it falling into stagnation.

The next goal to which we must strive is a more effective linking up of the representative bodies throughout the whole of Australia. By the look of things in Queensland, some hard spade work will have to be done before the position there can call for any congratulatory messages. There are two conflicting parties in that State, in the shape of the Wireless Institute, and the Radio Society of Queensland. The latter, although a younger body than the Institute, is numerically much stronger, and has affiliated with it the Radio Clubs of the larger towns. It accuses the Wireless Institute, which has had a somewhat chequered career, of being composed of wireless traders whose motives, being mercenary, it regards as not being inimical to the best interests of the experimenters. The Institute, it is stated repudiates this aspersion and the attitude of the members is that the Radio Society is a sort of mushroom organisation which doesn't amount to much anyway.

There is a great deal of jealousy, bad feeling, and a total lack of co-operation between the two. The exhibition at the show by the Wireless Institute was arranged entirely by that body without reference to the Radio Society, the members of which have refused to co-operate in any way with the Institute—although they state they will be pleased to work hand in hand with the Wireless Institutes in other States.

With the bulk of the experimenters working towards greater unity and better feeling, it is indeed unfortunate that this unpleasant friction should spoil the party so far as Queensland is concerned.

In every quarrel there are two sides, and it is invariably the case that each side has to a certain extent been the cause of the trouble.

The experimental movement is rapidly reaching a high place in the public esteem, and it is to be hoped that the two parties at loggerheads in Queensland will make a determined effort to settle their differences and effect a working arrangement whereby a better and greater objective can be achieved than each trying to outdo the other.

A SUGGESTION FROM MAORILAND

Arthur E. Jordan, 4AD, Invercargill, N.Z., has written us offering a few suggestions for the use of Australian transmitters. Many of the Australian amateur transmitters, says Mr. Jordan, desire to work New Zealand stations. The man using 5 watts has every opportunity of doing this if he will only use a wave length of 180 metres or downwards. Most of the cards and letters received by Mr. Jordan indicate that in most cases radio frequency is being used in Australian receivers. This offers much more complicated tuning than the receivers used over there, consequently there is every chance that a reply is missed. Most of the New Zealanders use single control receivers for sweeping a band from 140 to 300 metres, and Mr. Jordan suggests that better work could be done here.

"R" VALVES

We are informed by Amalgamated Wireless (A/sia) that the price of Marconi "R" Valves has been reduced to 19/-.

The "R" Valve is a general purpose valve suitable for use as Detector or Amplifier, and is especially useful where it is not desired to employ special types for specific purposes.

D. X.

Geo. Blake, Z3AD, Greymouth, N.Z., sends us the following list of calls heard. The calls emphasised represent those stations actually worked by him. Mr. Blake uses one detector and one step of audio for reception, while the normal power of his transmitter is 5 watts. Anyone hearing his signals is requested to Q.S.L.

2DS, 2BK, 2ED, 2YI, 2AY, 2IJ, 2GR, 2DK, 2LO, 2ZN, 2ZZ, 2BB, 2CM, 3HL, 3HM, 3BD, 3BM, 4EG, 4CM, 7AB.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

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THE SILENT WORKER

By Alan Burrows

WHAT wireless is at present doing for the world is little in comparison with what it is going to do. No science more than radio has made such progress in the last few years, and none offers so much evidence that the fringe of it has only yet been touched upon. Here, surely, in modern wireless is something which even Jules Verne failed to prophesy. For this French writer, a few years ago, showed himself as the world's greatest prophet. He wrote of airships before others thought of them, while the world was still experimenting with vessels which merely floated, the submarine to him was something real. But at the achievements of radio, its means of swift communication, his imagination halted.

It is difficult sometimes for those who live so close to wireless, who follow its every move, to grasp fully the perspective of its progress. To the amateur or the experimenter, every new and fresh advance is simply a progressive technical step, which, while being greeted by him with interest, seldom, if at all, arouses any wonderment. He understands his subject too well for that. To the outsider, however, a small advance in this way (or, more correctly, the evidence of it) is something at which to marvel; the fact that to him it savours of the unknown increases his wonder; and all the while the experimenter sits back (more or less amusedly) and wonders why such a simple thing was not discovered long ago.

Directional wireless is an instance as topical as any—although with regard to this, experimenters are perhaps more in the dark than usual—but to them the principle and the application of the wireless beam are really little to marvel at. And the principle of the alleged "death-ray" is probably as old as wireless itself; it has merely awaited the coming of an experimenter to develop and exploit it. That radio has been used to measure the depths of the ocean, for the locating of ores and minerals, to some extent, and the statement that very soon wireless will be used as a means of charting the universe—all these, while certainly presenting some problems for the average wireless fan, can scarcely be said to surprise him to any great extent.

Unknown Inventors.

The controlling of vessels by wireless, such as the example of the American battleship, Iowa, last

year, which was directed every way—manoeuvred, fueling, the aiming and firing of guns at target practice—from the Shawmut, which stood some miles off, is something the newcomer to radio can understand with comparative ease. Of all these phenomena, of wireless-controlled vehicles and vessels, of aeroplanes controlled from the ground, motors dodging, driverless, about city streets, tanks driven into battle without crews, and wireless direction-finders—not one causes the radio fan anything approaching a thrill. He knows the how and why of it all too well.

And the point of it is this. Wireless has made great strides within the last few years—so great, indeed, that the world has become dulled to the real significance of its progress. Everything now is taken as a matter of course, and this applies to none better than to the experimenters themselves. They have become immune to astonishment, and their own achievements hardly cause the elation they should.

So we have on one hand a world fed daily almost, with some new wonder, marvelling at the miracles of wireless, but marvelling chiefly because it doesn't understand them, and probably without real enthusiasm and appreciation, and on the other hand a body of hard-working, enthusiastic experimenters, to whom every "tremendous advance" is only one more incident in the onward march of the science. And these experimenters, for the greater part, work unknown to the public—to the world of outsiders who don't know an ion from an ampere, and probably don't want to. It is true, of course, that the number of experimenters and those who, while scarcely due to be called by this name, are keenly interested in the game, is daily increasing; but there will always be a section which will remain as aloof as ever.

And who of this more or less disinterested section know of the real workers in the radio community? Of the general public, are there many who have heard of Hertz, Armstrong, De Forest, Franklin, Crookes, Faraday, nad dozens of others? From the public's point of view, Marconi is the end and the beginning of everything which is wireless, a popular misconception which is obviously unfair to the others who have done so much for the science.

Continued on page 23 Col. 1.

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WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

A REAL SUPER CRYSTAL SET

By "Insulator"

Here it is. Something we have all been waiting for; a genuine, dyed-in-the-wool Super Crystal Set. Used on Insulator's standard aerial at Marrickville, broadcasting was heard as loudly as on a single valve set. We know, because we heard it.—Editor.

WOULD you like to make a crystal set which will beat anything you have ever heard? Do you want a receiver which will give you results equal to the average single valve set? Do you want a set which is simplicity itself in tuning; one which will give better results than the usual single slide coil with its attendant nuisance of a slider?

Of course you do, provided it is easily made and of course, provided it doesn't cost too much. Well, then, here is one which will just fill the bill nicely. Pardon me for praising my own creation, but this set is absolutely wonderful. In all my experience I have never heard one crystal set which will give anything like the volume; which is as simply made; which is as cheaply made, and which is as easy to tune. I know I am writing like a politician would talk; but excuse me people, I am carried away with enthusiasm over this latest creation of mine and so will you when yours is going.

You see I know you will make one just to try it. The complete set of parts may be bought for under 10/-, and you will say that my claims are justified once you spend one hour to build it.

I have long had in my mind to devise some sort of crystal set which will function equally well on the wave lengths of the two N.S.W. broadcasting stations and which can be made cheaply and easily. Many different ideas have I had of late, but one trial of each was sufficient for me to discard most of them. This little fellow has stood the test, so now I have no hesitation in giving you the particulars necessary to make it.

For tuning coils, I employ Grodan Spider Web formers wound with No. 28 gauge D.C.C. wire. One former is wound with just sufficient wire to bring in Broadcasters (Sydney) Ltd., and the second former carries the necessary number of turns which, when used in conjunction with the first former acting as a variometer, will give Farmers with surprising strength.

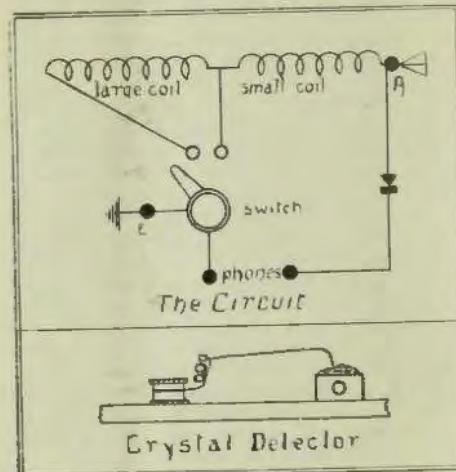
No other wave lengths are provided for, as I realise that most people wish to hear only these two stations. A switch operating on two contact studs will give either of these two stations at will. Better than wandering along a coil with a slider, don't you think so? Sure you do!

Look at the illustrations now. The whole outfit looks very well. You will notice that all the wiring is "above board." This I have done in order that you may follow it out clearly, but in order

that no mistake will be made (I, too, make mistakes) I have drawn the wiring diagram.

The material required are as follows—

- 2 Grodan Spider Web formers.
- 1 Baseboard, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 5in. (wood).
- 2 Coil Supports, 4in. or 5in. long x $\frac{3}{8}$ in. x $\frac{3}{8}$ in.
- 1 Vertical board, 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 2in. (wood).
- 4 Terminals (aerial, earth and phones).



- 1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. Switch.
- 3 Contact studs.
- 4ozs. No. 28 D.C.C. Wire.
- 4 $\frac{1}{8}$ in. x 6 Csk. Brass Wood Screws.
- 1 Flat top terminal.
- 1 Crystal Cup.
- 1 Catwhisker.

These last 3 items may be dispensed with, and a crystal detector complete may be purchased. But I have used the terminal cum crystal cup cum cat-whisker type of detector, preferring it in fact.

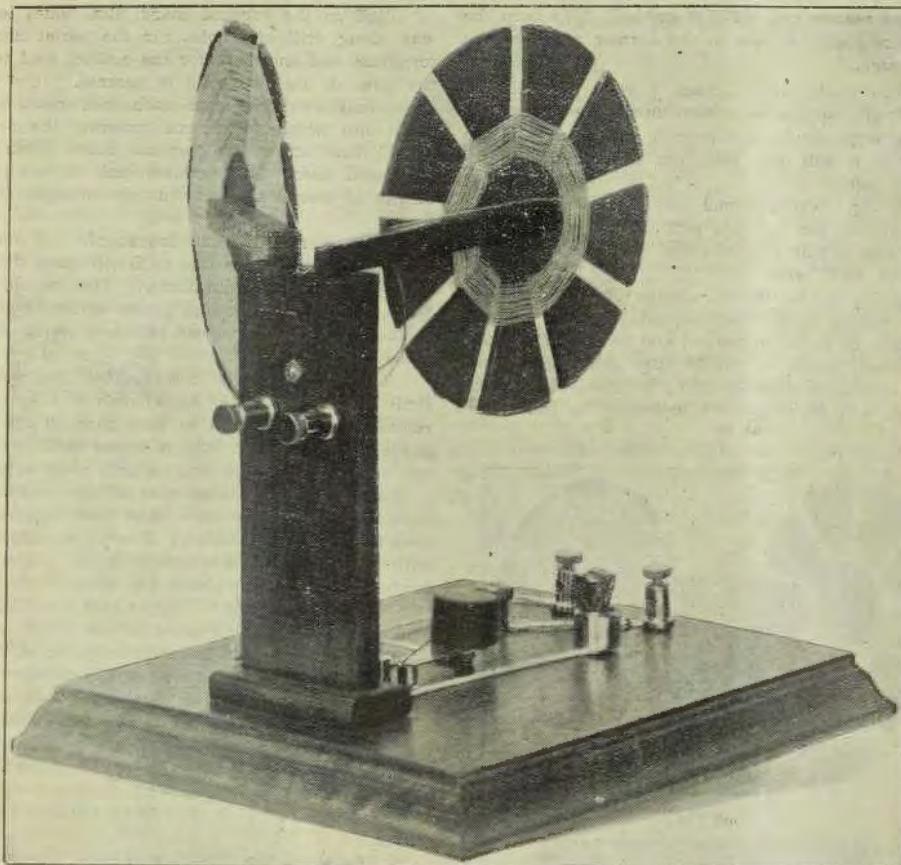
By the time this appears in print the various sizes of boards will be available at most of the advertisers in this issue where also may be obtained the Grodan Spider Webs.

I have always had a hankering after these Spider Webs. Old readers will remember the regrets I expressed about not being able to obtain these form-

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ers for the Portable Single Valve Set, which I described some months back. They are particularly useful for many purposes. I'll tell you more about their uses at some later date.

Now I will tell you how to wind these formers. Using the 28 gauge wire, leave about 8 inches for connections and take the wire through a slot and in front of a section, through the next slot behind the next section, through the following slot, in front of the next section, and so on. One turn when completed will have the wire on alternate sides of the sections, and the second turn will show the wire on each side. Quite a simple operation altogether.

On one former (Broadcasters) I have 26 turns of wire, 13 on each side. This just gives me Broadcasters nicely on my aerial. Your aerial may be different so I advise you to wind on 32 turns, and connect the beginning of the coil to your aerial, and the 32 turns to the earth. (Bare the ends of the wire first of course.) Also to your aerial connect one side of the crystal detector, the other side of which goes to one phone terminal. The remaining phone terminal is connected to earth.

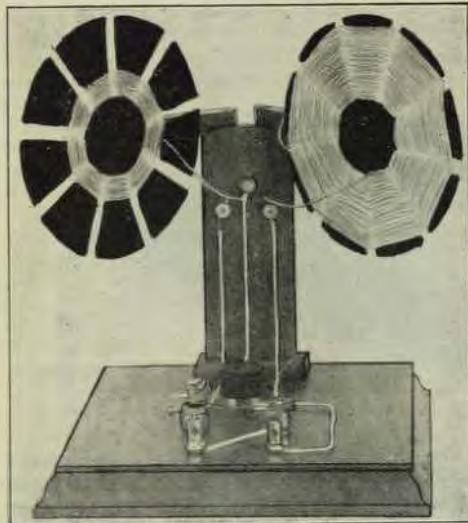
Connect up your phones now. Can you hear Broadcasters? You can! Alright now, still listening in, unwind one turn. Getting louder? Good!

then break off here. Unwind the next turn, note the strength and continue to unwind until you achieve maximum results and leave it at that. To keep the coil secure pierce a hole in the former and lace the end through.

Before going any further I want to tell you this. Don't be scared of this unwinding process; it is really very simple, and even if you do unwind too much wire it will only take you two minutes to re-wind the coil.

However, having found the correct number of turns required for one coil pick up the second former and wind it full with 88 turns (44 on each side) of the 28 DCC wire.

A guide to the correct number of turns required for the second former can be gauged from my own set. I have 26 turns on one coil and 86 on the other. This second former is not of such great importance as far as the number of turns is concerned, as the coupling will make up any deficiency in this direction.



Both coils being wound, turn your attention now to the wood-work. Sandpaper well and give, say a couple of coats of shellac varnish for appearance's sake.

Painting or varnishing holds a peculiar fascination for me, in common with most people. Once I have finished my allotted task with the brush, I look about, like Alexander, of old, for further worlds to conquer. Only the pleadings of Mrs. Insulator stop me from slap dabbing up and down everything

(Continued on page 27, col. 2.)

at hand. Oh, yes, you have finished the shellacing! Pardon me!

Pick up the vertical board (2in. wide) and half way along drill two holes for the aerial and earth terminals and one more for the contact stud to which the join of the two coils is secured. On the top edge, half an inch from each side mark out the spots into which you intend screwing the coil holders. Now screw this vertical board down to the baseboard using brass countersunk screws. These screws of course are screwed up through the baseboard.

Next mark out your baseboard. I won't give you any directions for this as I will leave it to yourself. Study the illustrations. The switch, contact studs, crystal detector and phone terminals are clearly shown. You can accept this as a guide. Assemble these parts now.

The coil supports now require your attention. Drill a hole sufficiently big enough to allow the two remaining wood screws to pass through up to their heads. Countersink with a larger drill or if stuck use a penknife. Using shoemaker's brass spriggs, attach the coils to the other ends of these supports (see illustrations) making sure that both coils are running in the same direction. Screw the supports, now with the coils, on to the vertical board. You remember marking out the places for this.

Next the wiring. This is easy too. The inside of the smaller coil is taken to the aerial terminal from which a lead is taken to one side of the crystal detector. The outside of the smaller coil is joined to the inside of the larger coil and the joined portion is clamped under the contact stud in the vertical board. Be sure you leave sufficient wire to allow the coils to swing right away from each other. From this contact stud a wire is connected to one of the contact studs in the baseboard.

The remaining contact stud in the baseboard has the end of the larger coil connected to it. A connection is now taken from the earth terminal to the switch, and from thence to one of your phone terminals. The remaining phone terminal is connected to the remaining side of the crystal detector. This completes the wiring.

Connect your aerial and earth to their respective terminals and also your phones. Insert a piece of crystal—I always use N.H.M. galena, that's it in the illustration, and say, lend me your ear till I whisper this "It is the best crystal I have ever struck". Listening in are you? Splendid, isn't it? Have you heard anything better in the way of crystal sets? I knew you hadn't! Now switch across to the next contact stud. Gee! doesn't the "Hello man" or "Uncle George" sound close? Notice the difference in Farmers' when

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COMMONSENSE TALKS

By F. Basil Cooke, F.R.A.S., Director of Radio Service, David Jones Ltd.
THE VALVE.

LAST week we set out with the object of explaining the difference between the crystal and valve receiver. Before we could grasp the significance of the facts to be presented it became obvious that we must know just what brings broadcasting to our aerial. We further learnt that if several transmitting stations were sending at the same time but on different wave lengths, then by "tuning" we could select what station was desired to the exclusion of all others. Finally we saw just what was meant by a crystal set and the important part that is played by the crystal.

From the above a certain fact becomes apparent, namely, that of the received energy by the receiving aerial, only a portion of this is useful in the actual signals heard. To start with the crystal in performing its functions as a rectifier deliberately cuts out one half of the energy through this process. If we think a moment we will see how extraordinarily sensitive must be a pair of head telephones when such minute energy can sufficiently energise them to audibly render to the ear that which has been received.

Leaving this for a moment let us watch a rifleman firing a cartridge. We see him exert a pressure with his finger on the trigger, and then the bullet speeds forward to do its duty. Where did the bullet receive its power to send it forth with such velocity? Surely not from the small pressure exerted by the man in pressing the trigger. No! It came from the explosive in the cartridge and the trigger pressure was only used to release this explosive energy.

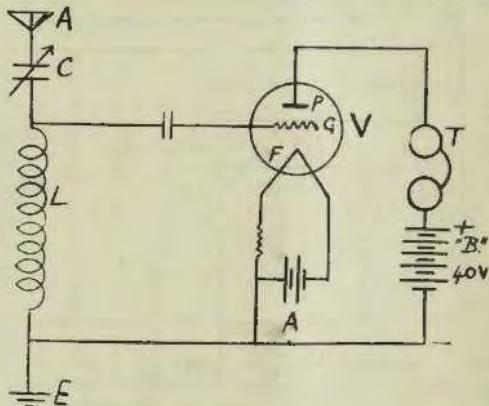
Well now, returning to wireless. We see that at the receiving station we only have a small amount of energy, so if we can use this as a trigger to release stored up energy, we will have a great increase in the strength of the received signals. The three electrode valve (or commonly known simply as "the valve") does precisely this. In other words the valve is an instrument wherein a very small electrical variation can produce or let loose an enormously greater amount of stored power.

In the accompanying diagram we have the simplest form of valve circuit where A is the aerial—L a tuning coil—C tuning condenser—E the

earth—V is the valve wherein we have a filament F, surrounded by a Grid G, which in its turn is surrounded by a plate P, the whole being in a glass container that is a very high vacuum. T represents the telephone receivers, B the high tension battery (or reserve energy), A the filament battery.

Let us now briefly see what happens when a wave strikes our aerial. By means of the coil L and condenser C, the circuit is so tuned, as only to allow the selected wave length to enter. One end of the aerial is connected to the grid of the valve.

When the valve is alight, the incandescent filament is shooting off minute negative particles, which



are attracted to the plate because the plate is charged positively due to battery B, but are prevented from reaching it owing to the grid which is charged negatively from the battery B. (Of course we all remember the golden rule of electricity, "like charges repel and unlike charges attract each other".) The consequence is that in the valve we have a large number of negative particles trying to get across to the plate, but prevented from so doing owing to the Grid.

Let us now consider the incoming signal. This is in the form of a very rapidly alternating cur-

(Continued on page 27.)

EFFICIENT SHORT WAVE RECEIVERS

By A. W. Stewart

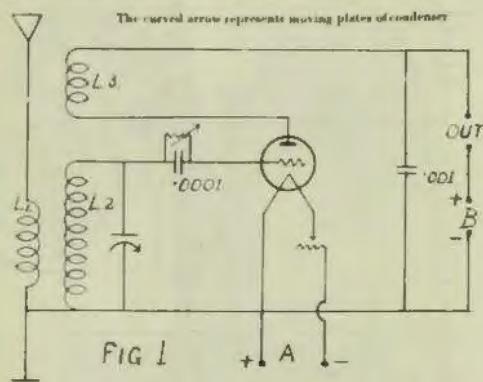
BY this time I suppose you have remodelled your aerial to make it efficient, as I explained in my last article, and are waiting for a receiver to hook on to the aerial.

Crystal sets are out of the question, as they will not receive CW, so they will be dispensed with. We will, therefore, start off with a single valve low-loss receiver.

Here, again, attention to detail is important, and particular care must be taken to avoid the inclusion of unnecessary gear in the circuit.

Before going any further, let me state one important fact—

A HIGH RESISTANCE CIRCUIT WILL NOT TUNE SHARPLY, AND MUST BE AVOIDED.



This applies to any set, but is more important on these high frequencies. Instead of trying to overcome resistance by regeneration, try to cut out any unwanted gear from the circuit.

Having got this important fact, let us now try to eliminate resistance from the average receiver.

I have found from experience that it is impossible to receive long and short wave signals on the one set, so that if broadcasting is to be received a separate receiver will have to be built.

A short wave receiver must tune sharply; it must be reliable—i.e., it must always keep the one wavelength for one setting, and, furthermore, it must re-radiate as little as possible.

A direct coupled circuit (P1) radiates too freely to be any good, so I will exclude it from my remarks.

Too much stress cannot be placed on the use of good gear, which, although costing more, is far more efficient.

Before discussing the actual circuit itself, I will say a few words concerning the components themselves.

VALVES. A low capacity valve such as the V24, QX, etc., is recommended. Of course, any low capacity valve such as the UV199, UV201A, etc., may be used, but on no account should an adaptor be used, as the losses are enormous. It is far better to remove the base entirely and solder your leads directly on to the valve elements themselves. For this reason one of the old Audiotrons would be very good.

If a socket is required for the valve, a good porcelain or a decent moulded bakelite one should be chosen in preference to some of the "Moulded Mud" variety. If English valves are used, in preference to the usual type of socket, valve socket pins should be obtained and mounted on thin strips of bakelite. This will help to cut down the capacity somewhat.

'Phones should not have a very high resistance, two or three thousand ohms being ample. In this connection, a pair of Western Electric Navy type or a pair of type F Baldwin are hard to beat. It is always well to remember that a good pair of 'phones goes a long way towards making a set efficient.

If the inductances are to be wound on tubes, which is undesirable, very thin bakelite should be used. This, however, will be discussed later.

Pyrex glass is very efficient, but, unfortunately, is unobtainable.

Panels should be of bakelite, on account of its sturdiness and high insulating properties.

Condensers, both fixed and variable, should be the best obtainable, and as far as fixed condensers are concerned Dubilier are hard to beat. In connection with the variable condensers, what is known as the "Low Loss" type should be obtained, or an existing condenser modified by removing any surplus insulation from the ends as shown in

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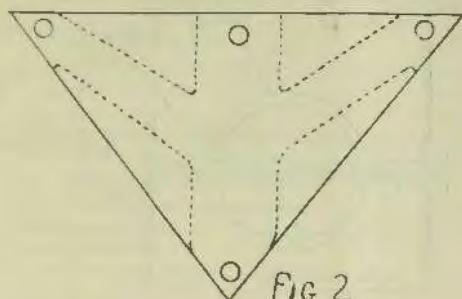


FIG 2.

Condenser End. Showing how unused portion may be dispensed with.

Fig. 2. The reason for this is that an insulator near a tuning circuit causes losses.

Too much cannot be said on the importance of a good tuning condenser, and only the best should be used.

A good air condenser should be built, so that any leakage will have to go through long paths of thin, narrow, high-insulating material. A good moulded job of bakelite means efficiency, while one of the Cardwell or General Radio special low-loss condensers will give a marked improvement on weak signals. These makes, however, cannot be bought locally—at least, at present.

I think this about covers the gear to be used, and we can now discuss ways and means of building an efficient tuner.

As I have said before, resistance must be kept out of the circuit, and here are a few ways this may be done:

Wind all coils with 12 or 14 SWG DCC wire, using very thin tubes, or, preferably, none at all.

On no account use shellac or other insulating dope on coils. Tie them with string instead.

Litz wire or similar cables should not be used, and soldering pastes or acids should be carefully avoided for soldering. Use resin instead.

Keep all inductances at least three inches from any other part of the set, panels, condensers and rheostats included.

Earth the moving plates of all variable condensers to minimise capacity effects. Where possible, try not to use a tapped inductance and make one coil do the job, as a tapped inductance has dead-end effects, which are highly inefficient.

Keep all leads as short as possible, and run them direct in preference to the busbar idea of bending wires at right angles for neatness.

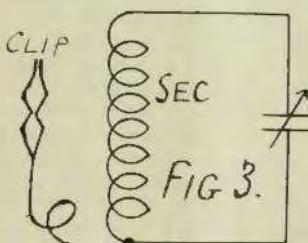
If these suggestions are followed out the receiver will NOT be "A thing of beauty and a joy forever," but it WILL BE EFFICIENT, when compared with the average so-called short wave receiver.

No matter how well an aerial is designed, it is still a high resistance, and to connect it directly to the tuner will spoil all our good work. For this reason it should be coupled as LOOSELY as possible. Usually two or three turns coupling is sufficient for short waves.

Another point to be remembered is that a large piece of metal placed near the inductance will detract from its efficiency, as will a large insulator, so keep the coils removed from the other gear.

We will now say a few words concerning the actual circuit itself. For all-round results the two-circuit tuner with a reaction coil is hard to beat, and the circuit itself is shown in Fig. 1.

A tickler is preferable to a tuned plate, as it provides an easy means of varying the wavelength within limits.



In Fig. 1 the aerial coil L1 is composed of four turns of 14 SWG DCC copper, and is wound on a 3-inch former. The turns are next tied together with dry thread, and then secured with some more thread to a round piece of wood for the purpose of coupling it to the secondary circuit. It will be noticed that the aerial circuit is untuned; therefore, the circuit is no harder to handle than the ordinary P1 circuit, but as far as results are concerned—well, judge for yourself.

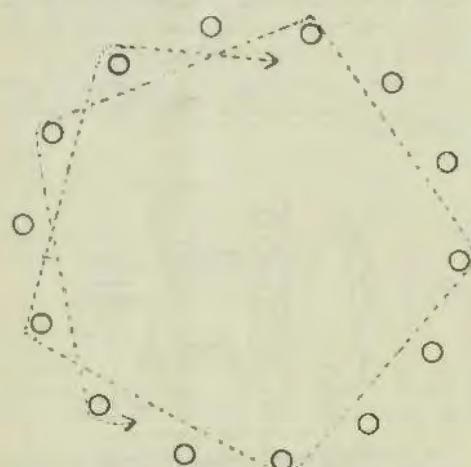
The secondary is wound basket fashion on a circle of pegs set in a 4-inch circle, and after being tied with string is mounted directly on the back of the condenser. This makes it practically self-supporting. The same gauge wire (14 DCC) is used, and twelve turns are sufficient. The method

of winding this and the tickler coil is shown in the diagram on this page. Mark a 4-inch circle on a piece of wood, and then drive in 14 nails or pegs at equal distances (approximately 1-inch apart). Take a half-turn of wire round one peg, and then proceed to wind as shown. Miss two pegs, go round the third, miss two more, round the third, and so on until all the turns are on. Tie with string before removing.

The tickler, L3, is composed of twelve turns of 16 DCC wound on the same size former as the aerial circuit and secured in the same manner.

With the windings given the receiver will go down to 100 metres and up to about 260 metres, which is all that is needed.

The tuning condenser (the only control) is of .0005 m.f. capacity, and, as said before, should be

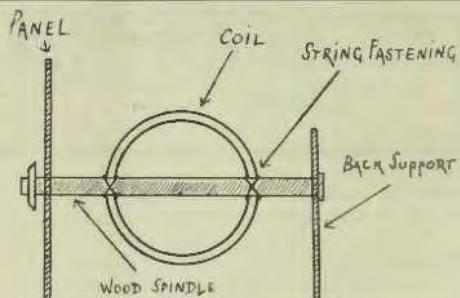


Showing coil winding. 14 2 inch nails are set in 4-inch circle. Nails are approximately 1-inch apart.

a good make. A Gilfillan is particularly suitable on account of its good construction and genuine moulded ends of brown bakelite. Of course, any good condenser may be used, and a way to reduce some of the loss is to cut away the ends as shown in Fig. 2.

The grid condenser should be particularly small, a .0001 being ample, and across the 'phones and B battery a good quality .001 will suffice.

Join the negative of the B battery to the positive of the A battery, and earth the junction. This also means earthing one end of the secondary coil, and also the MOVING plates of the tuning con-



SHOWING METHOD OF MOUNTING COILS.

denser. See that you do earth the moving plates, as this helps to minimise capacity effects.

A grid leak should be made by means of pencil lines on a small piece of bakelite, and is attached to the condenser, or a good variable leak can be utilised. This should be mounted on a small panel and placed at the rear of the receiver, thus helping to keep the leads short, which is important if the set is to function properly.

The rods holding the coils should be quite long, so that the hand does not come very near the inductances when tuning.

In mounting the aerial and tickler coils drill a hole for each rod in the panel and place a support at the back of the set. Make this support of bakelite, and on it may be mounted the terminals, rheostat (and variable grid leak, if one is used).

On my own receiver built from these instructions the rheostat is not a bit critical, and, in fact, it could be almost dispensed with.

I have also found that on some valves a grid condenser can be dispensed with.

The set itself is extremely sensitive and very selective; it is not a bit critical to handle. It does not re-radiate to any great extent.

Another effective form of secondary coil can be wound on thin strips of bakelite about one-quarter of an inch wide by one-eighth of an inch in thickness. These are supported on two of the "open" wooden loose coupler ends. The wire (14 DCC) is wound on this framework, and is spaced with string of about the same thickness as the wire itself. This string is removed after the coil has been anchored off. Put on twenty-three turns, and at one end of the coil place a piece of flex with a spring clip attached for the purpose of short-circuiting that portion of the coil not used. This is shown in Fig. 3. The aerial coupling in this case is made up of three turns of lamp flex IN PARALLEL wound directly over the secondary. The same tickler may be used.

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Page Twenty Three

This is also tuned with a .0005 condenser.
This type of tuner is very effective, and should give very good results.

In conclusion, I would like to point out that all unwanted capacity should be used; use the best gear you can afford; keep all leads short; keep all coils at LEAST THREE INCHES from any other part of the set, and use thick wire for the coils and also for wiring up the set.

Use small tuning condensers and low capacity valves, and, above all things, DON'T FORGET THESE DONT'S.

Before concluding, I would like to say that if anyone strikes any trouble I will be pleased to answer any queries within the limit of my knowledge of Efficient Short Wave Receivers.

(Continued from page 15)

Who is Next?

It seems, then, that from the outside world the successful worker can expect little praise; the results of his research are accepted and probably made use of by the public, but to the man himself come little honor and glory. The work, and the immediate repayment, must be its own reward.

And now that radio, and everything pertaining to it, are so much before that person so often spoken of as "the man in the street," there seems from all appearances to be little change in this outlook. The real workers receive no more kudos than before, and they still have to be content to see their work and inventions used by a public which is almost totally regardless of the brain which made it all possible.

And it is a queer commentary on the experimenters' make-up that the majority are quite content to let things remain as they are; the lime-light—even a modest amount of it—is not wanted by the average experimenter, be he professional or otherwise. He is satisfied with the praise and eulogies of his kind; and the knowledge that his work is received and appreciated by his co-experimenter is apparently sufficient return, if, indeed, the work itself is not entirely its own reward.

So down the pathway of wireless progress there runs this list of silent workers, known only to their own circle of adherents (a wide one, it is true), blazing a track and inscribing with their names a roll of honor which will last as long as wireless itself. And there is one thought and incentive which makes every experimenter keener in his hobby or profession, and which really sums up the desire of every radio fan.

Who next is going to put his name to that list?

The Wireless Institute of Australia

NEW SOUTH WALES DIVISION.

Certificates

There have been many enquiries concerning the Certificates issued by the Wireless Institute, in connection with the recent Exhibition. It is unfortunate that there has been some delay in connection with these, but the various obstacles have now been overcome and the Certificates are now ready. Those who are entitled to these Certificates should make a point of calling at the Institute Headquarters, 82 Pitt Street, Sydney, as soon as possible, where they may be obtained between the hours of 10 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 4 p.m.

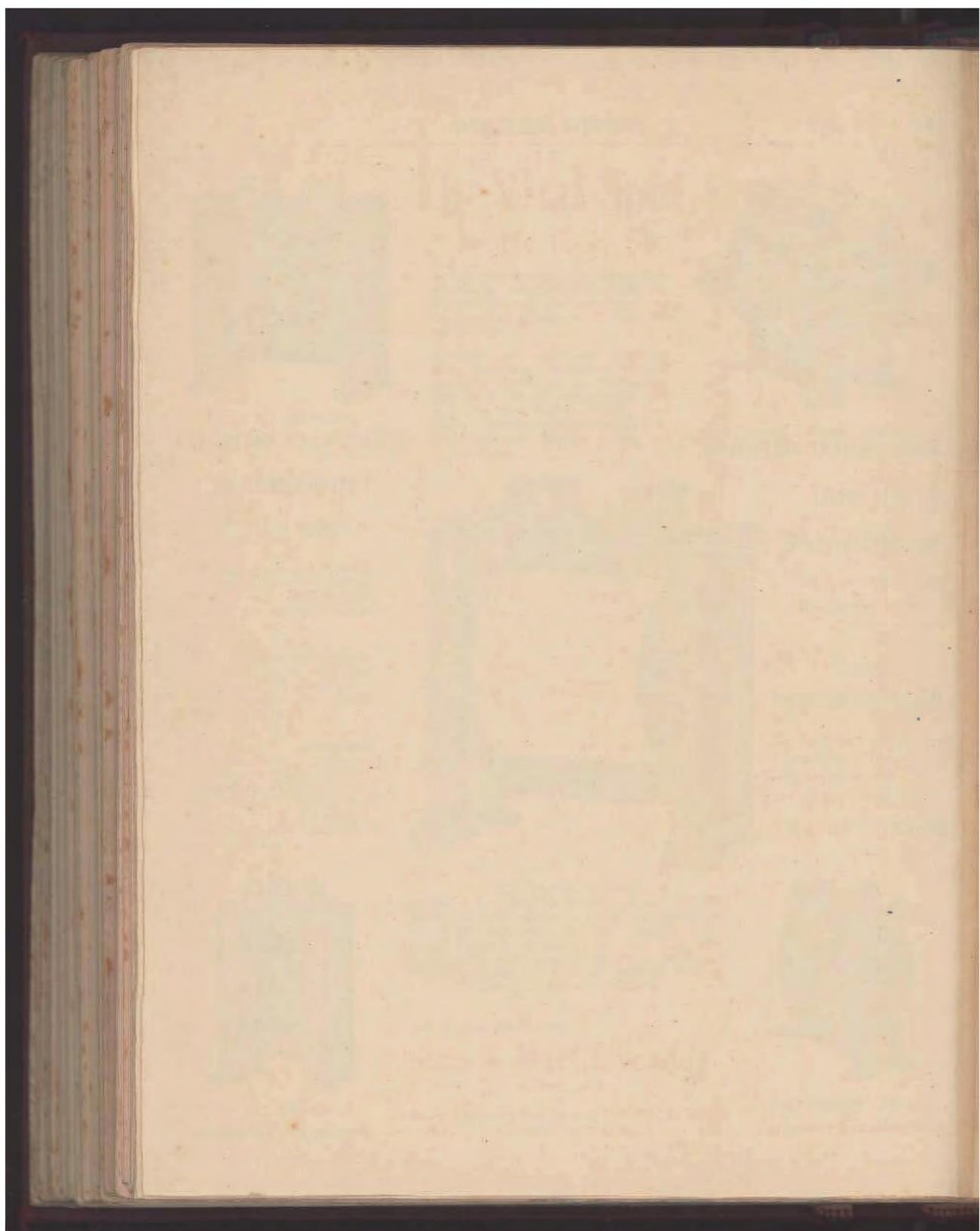
Radio Relay League.

Q.S.L. Cards.—The Radio Relay League, under the auspices of the Wireless Institute have decided upon a form of Q.S.L. card and it has been decided to print a number of these for distribution amongst the members taking part in the Relay League activities. It is expected that these cards will be ready at an early date, and it should be the aim of every member to get as fine a collection of them as possible. It is encouraging to note the interest which is being taken by country members in the League's activities, and we are confidently looking forward to a similar response from Interstate members. Traffic Manager, Mr. Phil. Nolan (2YI) is particularly anxious to get into touch with Victorian amateurs with a view to establishing communication regularly, and those who are in a position to do so are urged to communicate with him immediately. The traffic is worked every Friday night from 10 to 11 p.m., on a wave length of 210 metres and an input of 10 watts.

A Matter for Investigation.

A curious phenomenon was noticed on the night of Tuesday, 12th July. Radiation strength for some unaccountable reason seemed to have fallen on sets which had not been adjusted since last they were successfully working, and receiving sets were similarly difficult to handle, and the results were not satisfactory. Observations were made in different districts in Sydney, and the same phenomenon was in evidence. With a view to solving this problem, if possible, all experimenters who noticed any difference in their sets on this particular night are asked to communicate with the Hon. Secretary, Box 3120, G.P.O., giving particulars of their set, details of the observations they made, and any suggestions as to the likely cause of the phenomena.

Reports are particularly invited from country experimenters, and those in the Eastern and Western Suburbs. A. H. Ferrett, Publicity Officer.



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WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 23rd, 1924

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WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 23rd, 1924

Hello Everybody!

Wiles' Wonderful Wireless

and Electrical Stores

SAME QUALITY
SAME PRICES
SAME SERVICES

Construct your own Receiving Set. We supply complete building instructions and advice with each order

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Complete stocks of all parts for the Super-Hetrodyne Receiving Set. Complete Broadcast Receiving Sets and all parts for Home Construction.

SINGLE SLIDE CRYSTAL SET
120 to 1200 Meters

1 Interpolated U.S. Valve	1	1	1
Maple Base	1	1	1
Box 21 Enamel Wires	1	1	1
N.P. Sliders and Bars	1	1	1
1 N.P. Contact Points and Knobs	1	1	1
1 N.P. Detector Unit	1	1	1
1 Guaranteed Crystal	1	1	1
2 pieces Knobbed Terminals	1	1	1
1 piece Phoenix Condenser	1	1	1
1 piece Condenser	1	1	1
Aerial Equipment	1	1	1
	21	1	1

DOUBLE SLIDE CRYSTAL SET
Similar parts as Single Slide Set
Additional Parts: 1 N.P. Filter

	1	2	2
	1	2	2
	21	4	5

Circuit No. 1
Single Slide Crystal Set

Circuit No. 2
Loose Coupler Crystal Set

RADIO HEAD SETS

Mal. Single Head Type	1	1	1
Murchie's 2000 ohms	1	1	1
Murchie's 3000 ohms	1	1	1
Green 1000 ohms	1	1	1
Green 1500 ohms	1	1	1
Trimpole Detachable	1	1	1
Sonox 1000 ohms	1	1	1
New System 1000 ohms	1	1	1
Pross 2000 ohms	1	1	1
Hallstrom 5000 ohms	1	1	1
Hallstrom 5000 ohms	1	1	1
Brundin's Matched Tones	1	1	1
U.S. Standard 1000 ohms	1	1	1
Western Electric 3000 ohms	1	1	1
Thornycroft 2000 ohms	1	1	1
Western Electric 5000 ohms	1	1	1
Watson 1000 ohms	1	1	1
Watson 5000 ohms	1	1	1
Brown's 1000 ohms	1	1	1
Brown's 5000 ohms	1	1	1
Reynell's 1000 ohms, infusible filament	1	1	1
Reynell's 5000 ohms	1	1	1
	1	1	1

LOOSE COUPLER CRYSTAL SET
120 to 1200 Meters

1 pair Cardboard Tubes	1	1	1
1 Set Maple Rods	1	1	1
1 Maple Base Board	1	1	1
Box 21 Enamel Wires	1	1	1
N.P. Sliders and Bars	1	1	1
10 N.P. Contact Points	1	1	1
2 N.P. Switch-Spots	1	1	1
1 N.P. Push-Pull Switch	1	1	1
2 plain Phoenix	1	1	1
1 Phoenix Condenser	1	1	1
1 Geometrical Crystal	1	1	1
each Aerial and Earth Terminals	1	1	1
1 Phoenix Ground Wire	1	1	1
1 Phoenix Coupler	1	1	1
1 Secondary Rods	1	1	1
1 Double Crystal	1	1	1
1 pair Phoenix	1	1	1
Aerial Equipment	1	1	1
	21	12	1

OUR GUARANTEE

It is our intention that every article in this box shall be truthfully described. Therefore, we guarantee everything you buy from us to be satisfactory to you in every detail. You take on risk whatever is sending us your order, for unless you are completely satisfied with the goods and you return them to us, we will make every effort to get you a refund and we will promptly receive your money and all transportation charges you have paid.

W. HARRY WILES
Radio and Electrical Supplies

ESTD. 20 YEARS

Please address all communications to our Head Office, 60-62 Goulburn Street,
Write in New Law R. I.

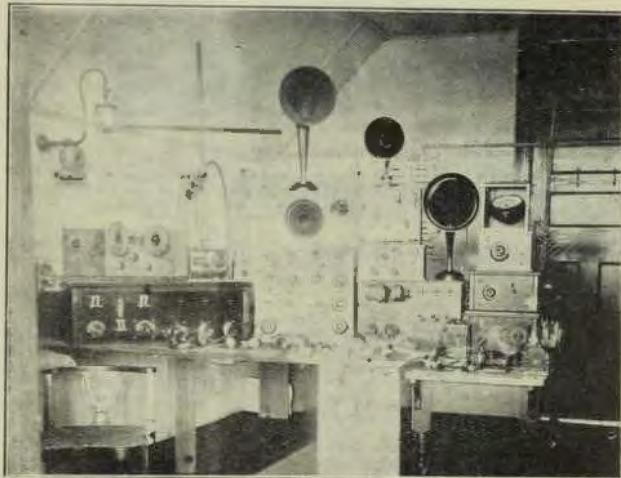
Illustration of a completed Loose Coupler set, constructed from Diagram No. 2.

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WIRELESS WEEKLY

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Mosman Radio Research and Experimental Laboratories



Apparatus possessed by the Mosman Radio Research and Experimental Laboratories assembled at headquarters' Laboratory. The group in No. 1 includes three four valve receivers, one two valve receiver, and one single valve receiver, several crystal receivers, loud speakers, two frame aerials and numerous accessories.

Members in photo. 2, from left to right are: Messrs. Holmes, Naylor, Nunn, Crouch and Hale. It is anticipated that now such a fine collection of apparatus is ready for use, quite an interesting experimental future is before the Laboratories.

The photos' do not include three Marconi Bellini Tosi System Direction Finders now nearing completion.

The Laboratories have already logged KGO on several occasions using only two tubes and in addition a great number of Australian and N. Z. amateurs. Work has now commenced in earnest.



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(Continued from page 19)

rent very feeble but very rapid. As the negative part of the wave strikes the grid, it increases its power of preventing the negative particles getting across to the plate, but when the positive component strikes the grid it neutralises some of the negative charge and thus weakens the defence, with the result that the stored up electrons (negative particles) surge across to the plate carrying a current from Battery B, which of course flows through the telephones, and thus we hear the signal.

It must be obvious by now that the valve is a rectifier just as was the crystal; but in addition acts as a relay, and for this reason the valve is often known as a "thermionic Relay."

We now have an instrument in the valve which is able to pass on very weak signals in a very magnified form. It is also a curious fact that although the received signals with a valve are not actually produced by the incoming signal but by a battery, yet the control of the grid by the actual incoming signal is so perfect, that there is absolutely no distortion perceptible to the human ear. This does not apply however to the different pieces of apparatus used, and therefore in selecting a valve great care should be exercised in the choice of the other articles and the manner in which they are connected up.

It should be apparent from the foregoing that just as we can magnify the incoming signal, so we can go on adding more valves, thereby still more greatly magnifying the signal. This process is called amplification and is a subject of such importance as to deserve a special discussion to itself.

Due to having to give a series of lectures next week the writer will not be able to give a chat in the next issue, and would welcome some remarks—criticisms or comments—from the readers of

Wireless Weekly in order that he can form some idea of what is wanted.

(Continued from page 18)

you bring the one coil close to the other. Notice also the difference when one is moved away from the other. Leave it at its loudest spot as far as the coupling is concerned and scratch about the surface of the galena until you find the most sensitive spot.

Splendid little set, isn't it? Very well, I'll leave you with it, as I know that you are proud of it. I know I am because I can see big things in it. And I can see the joy it will bring to "kiddies" of from 3 to 60. That alone repays me for the time spent in perfecting it, and I am sure many will be made at various homes.

In passing, I want to mention that the selling rights of this complete receiver are reserved. Since the photograph of this set was taken I have noticed an improvement by shunting the phone terminals with a Wetless .001 phone condenser. Get one, they're good.

My own complete set can be seen any day up to the 27th inst., in the shop window of Mr. E. R. Cullen, Bathurst St., between Pitt and George Street, Sydney. And please don't break the window!

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

J.R.M. (Sydney): A simple three coil regenerative receiver as described in Wireless Weekly of August 8th will give better all round results. There are several good standard makes of Grid Leak. The life of the cell would depend upon the make. Your aerial could be ten feet higher, but you should get all Sydney and probably Victorian amateurs on the set mentioned above.

THE POSTMAN

Can bring Wireless Weekly to your door every week. Just fill in this form and mail it to us with remittance. We will do the rest.

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Wireless Weekly,

33/37 Regent St., Sydney.

To the Editor,
Please forward me for..... months "Wireless Weekly" for
which I enclose plus exchange of country cheque.
192....

Signed Address
Annual Subscription, 18/-, post free.

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WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924



"Pipitea," Gross St.,
Leura, 12/8/24.

(Editor, Wireless Weekly.)

Dear Sir,—

I have been in receipt of a number of Q.S.L. cards during the last few months, acknowledging reception of my transmissions.

This is quite astonishing, considering the fact that while driving a motor cycle three months ago I happened to bump a motor car. Serious injuries resulted which have placed me on my back some considerable distance from my set so that unless someone else has been working it, I don't know how the sigs. got out. As I have every prospect of remaining in bed for a few more months, I am taking this opportunity of telling any amateur who may hear "2BM" that the signals do not originate from my station, but from some unauthorised station, the owner of which is using my call sign.

I would be grateful to any amateur who would supply me with wave length, etc., of any transmission under the call of 2BM.

Thanking you for your valuable space.

Yours etc., E. T. VEARS.

Sale, Victoria,

12th August, 1924.

(Editor, Wireless Weekly.)

Dear Sir,—

I read of Mr. England's crystal record in Wireless Weekly, of June 20th.

It might interest you to know that I am able to receive Farmer's station every night I listen in. My set is a single slide crystal set (home made). The distance between 2FC and my station is just on 500 miles.

If any doubt should arise concerning my reception, I will furnish the names and address of witnesses.

Wishing you every success to your journal.

Yours etc., C. NEWNHAM.

(Editor, Wireless Weekly.)

Dear Sir,—

Herewith my D.X. report which may be of interest.

I am only using two dry cell valves, a D.V.3, as detector and UV 199 as audio amplifier.

My station is about 300 miles west of Sydney.

N.S.W.: 2ZE, 2BL, 2RJ, and 2CM can be heard clearly with the phones on the table, under favourable conditions. The rest of these stations come in Q.S.A. with the phones on.

2HM, 2GO, 2UW, 2ZX, 2SO, 2YG, 2ZG, 2RA, 2WV, 2YI, 2CR, 2BM, 2YA, 2ZH, 2DS, 2IJ, 2BK, 2JM, 2BF, 2GR.

Victoria: 3ZL, 3AR, 3BH, 3GI, 3BD, 3BU, 3SM, 3BQ, 3LM, 3JP, 3BK, 3UZ, 3RY, 3FH, 3XN, 3EL, 3XF.

Queensland: 4AC, 4EG, 4AE, 4CM.

South Australia: 5BQ, 5BG, 5BM, 5AI, 5PT, 5BF, 5WJ, 5LO, 5BN, 5BD, 5AD, 5BS.

New Zealand: 1YA, 4YA.

America: K.G.O. This station was first heard on 24/7/24, and most of the announcer's speech was copied. The music was also very good. I get this station on my two valve set at fair strength between 6.30 and 7 p.m. every time they are transmitting.

Have also heard the following stations during the daytime on two valves: 2ZE, 2BL, 2WV, 3AR.

With best wishes for the further success of your paper, which I read every week,

Yours etc.,

A. H. CLANCY,

Experimental Radio 1165.

"Kaloola," Stoney Point,

Leeton, N.S.W.

12/8/24.

QUEENSLAND WIRELESS NOTES

(From our Special Correspondent)

In conversation with Brisbane transmitting station, 4CW, the other day we were informed that he shortly intends to go on to higher power. At present he is using somewhere about ½ watt, and obtains this from dry cells. He is working under considerable disadvantage, and is to be complimented on the quality of his transmission. He is one of our most regular transmitting stations at present, and we feel sure that we shall hear of big things from him in the future.

On Wednesday, the 6th inst., the Brisbane Centenary Celebrations' Committee held its monster procession. Included in the procession was a display by the Queensland Wireless Institute. The lorry was fitted with a 4 wire miniature aerial. Good advertisement was obtained by the aid of a Magnavox loud speaker and a microphone. The voice was heard well above the noise of the crowd.

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THE LEICHHARDT AND DISTRICT RADIO SOCIETY.

The first lecture of the new syllabus was delivered by Mr. R. C. Caldwell, at the 93rd general meeting of members, held at the club-room, 176 Johnston St., Annandale, on Tuesday, August 12th.

Mr. Caldwell's audience was a large one, and his lecture, "Aerial and Earthing Systems" very interesting and instructive. He dealt very thoroughly with his subject, carrying his listeners through the various stages of antennae construction, right from the commencement of radio communication to the present day. The numerous types of aerials were described in detail, and their various uses explained.

At the conclusion of the lecture, Mr. Caldwell was called upon to reply to many questions relative to his subject, after which a vote of thanks was carried by acclamation.

Amongst other business transacted, a number of members were appointed to take part in the debate to be held at the following meeting, when "Dull Emitter Valves v. Other Types" would be thrashed out.

Next Tuesday night the Society will hold its 95th general meeting, when "Tuning Elements" will be lectured upon by Mr. F. Thompson. This will be the second lecture of the new syllabus, and others will follow at regular intervals.

Information regarding the activities of the Society may be obtained on application to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. W. J. Zech, 145 Booth Street, Annandale.

WOOLLOOWIN RADIO CLUB.

A meeting of radio enthusiasts in the Woolloowin district of Brisbane was held on Monday, the 4th inst. There was a fair attendance, and it was decided to form a Radio Club for the advancement of wireless in this district.

The following officers were elected for the year:

Patron, Mr. M. McCallum; President, H. King-ton; Secretary, H. A. Jaier; Treasurer, F. Wil-liams.

The club resolved to meet on the second and fourth Mondays of every month in premises at the corner of Fraser Street and Kedron Park Road, Woolloowin, and will welcome any new members.

The first object of the club is to obtain a transmitting set, and already several schemes are in view.

It is also hoped to give practical demonstrations of wireless reception in different parts of the district.

CROYDON RADIO CLUB.

The usual weekly meeting of the Croydon Radio Club was held at the club rooms, "Rockleigh," Lang St., Croydon, on Saturday, August 9th at 7.30 p.m., when all business on hand was rapidly transacted.

Having postponed the invitation to a club it was decided to devote the evening to a questions' competition.

Prizes were offered by Messrs. Cutts and Ledger for winner of the competition. The judges appointed were Messrs. Cutts and Ledger. The competition was keen and on the whole proved very instructive and interesting, as every member of the club did his little bit.

Winners of competition were Mr. Lucuck, Mr. Thrum and Mr. Cusiter.

Mr. G. M. Cutts reported on the delegates' meeting.

The meeting closed at 10 p.m.

WAVERLEY RADIO CLUB.

Mr. M. Perry presided at the meeting of the Waverley Club, held on the 12th August. There was a fair attendance.

The correspondence included a letter from "Wireless Weekly" asking the Secretary to submit a photo. for publication. The Secretary, Mr. R. Howell consented to this after some persuasion. A new member was enrolled after the correspondence had been dealt with.

Mr. G. Thomson then gave an interesting address on transmitting circuits, and the Club's transmitter in particular. The Kolpitz Hartley and other circuits were each dealt with in an interesting and instructive manner.

STRATHFIELD AND DISTRICT RADIO CLUB.

At the weekly meeting on Thursday last there was the same large attendance, that marks the interest of our members.

Arrangements were practically completed for the club's concert to be held at the Burwood School

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WIRELESS WEEKLY

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(Continued from page 29)

of Arts, Burwood, on the 15th September.

There will be an excellent programme, the first half of which will be given by the Artarmon Glee Men and also a Wireless Demonstration by the New System Telephones Ltd. This will be ably supported by local artists. The tickets are on sale now, so secure your requirements early.

This Club is out to assist everybody, and to arouse interest in wireless in people who up to date have only a passing interest in this most fascinating and instructive hobby and with that view we want 50 new members during the next month. Will you make one? We assist in any way with instruction in wireless matters generally, and advise as to what set, how to make it, etc.

Our supervising committee consists of an ex-military wireless operator and mechanic, also an ex-ship's operator who served in the war zone during the war, and an electrical fitter who is employed in the wireless trade at the present time. These gentlemen are backed up by two other ex-

perimenters who have had some 8 years' active experience in wireless work. You are cordially invited to attend at the club room, at the corner of Albert Rd. and Duke St., Strathfield any Thursday night, when an opportunity will be given of seeing what this most progressive club is doing before joining.

Although only in existence 4 months we have a very large membership, but of course it only follows that the more members in the club the more work can be done. Launch, and bus picnics will be a feature of the social side of the club, through summer, and we can assure everyone a good time.

Buzzer practice on a Tuesday night is progressing slowly but surely, and competition is keen for the club's prize in December.

The Secretary is Mr. M. Wraxall, of "Almor," Long St., South Strathfield, who will be pleased to answer all enquiries from intending members at any time.

Radiola Crystal Receiver

THE demand for efficient crystal receivers has been met by Amalgamated Wireless (Asia) Ltd., in the manufacture of large numbers of highly efficient attractive sets which will be shortly on the market at a very reasonable figure.

Guarantee—The Radiola Crystal Receiver is of the highest quality workmanship and design, while the trade-mark "A.W.A." in each instrument is a guarantee of performance.

Simplicity—Simplicity is its keynote so that it can be operated by anyone, while its low price is within the reach of all.

Range—The distance over which this instrument will receive good signals from the average broadcasting station is about 16 miles, when used with a good aerial and in places where local conditions are known to give average reception. Its most popular application will, however, be within the city and suburbs.

Crystal—The Crystal and spiral contact wire are enclosed in a glass tube which protects them from dust and dampness, and ensures permanent adjustment. The crystal may be quickly and conveniently changed, and the spring clip crystal holder ensures good electrical contact for any form of crystal.

Upkeep Costs—No accumulators or batteries are required, and the expenses of upkeep are absolutely nil.

Compactness—The instrument is self-contained and only needs connection to an aerial and earth

system, and the attachment of a pair of telephone to be ready for immediate use.

Tuning—The use of variable inductive coupling ensures the greatest selectivity and freedom from atmospheric disturbances. Tuning coils are interchangeable so that by using coils of suitable values any required wave length may be obtained.

Specifications—The instruments are mounted on best quality bakelite ensuring high insulation.



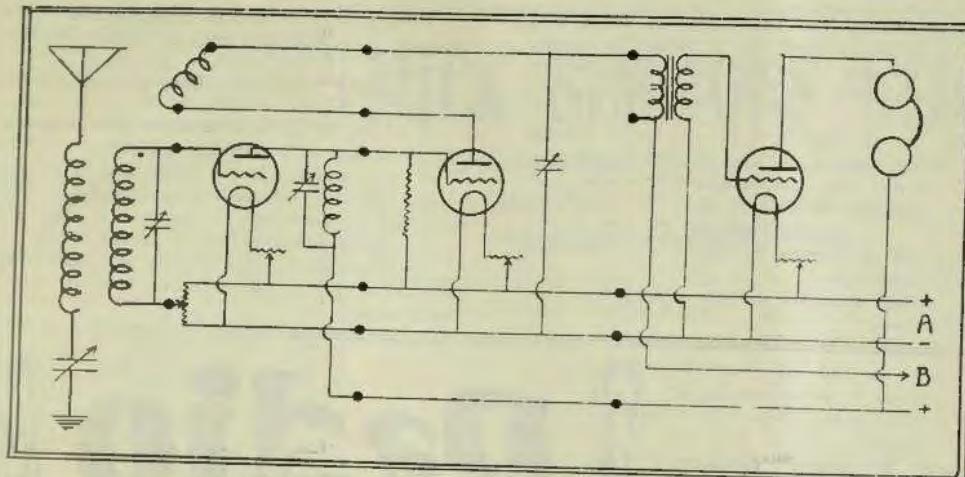
Connections between the various instruments are made at the back of the panel by rigid wire, thereby avoiding the possibility of short circuits, and by keeping the connections as short as possible the overall efficiency of the receiver is increased.

The variable condenser used to tune the aerial circuit is a high-grade commercial instrument and enables finest tuning to be effected.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Page Thirty One



PROGRESSIVE UNIT PANEL RECEIVER

Here is the circuit used by Insulator in the popular three valve tuned anode receiver described by him recently in Wireless Weekly. A slight error crept into wiring diagram, Fig. 6, a connection being shown running from one side of the telephone to the filament. This should be eliminated and this filament terminal be connected to the positive of the A Battery.

BRINY REMINISCENCES

CONTINUED.

(By Brasso.)

Sleep that night was impossible—no sooner did I doze off into a fitful slumber than a huge sea hit with a crash and the gallant barque shivered and trembled as though she were falling to pieces. Each half hour the deep tone of the bell on the bridge boomed above the howl of the wind and at rare intervals came the faint mournful cry of "All's well" from the look-out in his crows nest perch high up on the foremast. With one eye open I watched the first gleams of wintry daylight peep in through the port-gingerly out on deck at 7.30 I observed that the scenery was entirely taken up with a mass of angry ocean. To my cheery "what ho" to the 4th officer on the bridge that worthy grinned sourly and resumed his contemplation of the wonders of nature over the canvas dodger. Breakfast was a mere for-

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For the convenience of our customers we have OPENED a BRANCH SHOP right at the RAILWAY STATION—in the Colonnade—under the Clock Tower.

PITT STREET.

Our Prices are Right ——— Get our Price List

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Licensed Radio Dealers.

1 YORK STREET, SYDNEY.

Telephone B 4149

Opposite the Wentworth Hotel

Page Thirty Two

WIRELESS

WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

Accessibility.—The bakelite panel which acts as a lid to the receiver case is opened by simply releasing one nut, when the whole of the wiring is exposed to view and may be readily inspected or altered.

The set is supplied with one set of special coils totally enclosed in neat ebonite covering at £4/5/- or with two sets capable of covering both Sydney broadcast services at £5.

SPECIAL FEATURES

A.—Can be operated by anyone not possessing technical knowledge.

B.—Glass enclosure protects crystal from dust and dampness.

Since no one had laid down any definite hours of watch keeping, I used to more or less please myself, and during the day just blew in whenever I thought necessary. When ever a cruiser hove in sight, I used to dash away from my game of poker in the chief officer's cabin and go up and don the phones. Nothing forthcoming, I put them up on the nail in the wall and went back to resume the game. At night however, I religiously stuck to the operating room chair from 7 till midnight. It must be confessed that I was, at that time, not unduly impressed with the importance of my position—not for that matter was anybody else. It was not until months later that it was brought home solidly to the whole mercantile marine that whenever a ship got into a tight corner, about the only man on board who amounted to a brass farthing was our young friend, "Sparks." Navigation officers of course will pooh this statement, but the fact remains—"twas even so. He was the only link between salvation and perishing in the open boats on the Atlantic in the depths of winter. Yet it is a fact that he was often hampered and his efforts nullified by all sorts of foul regulations. At one point during the war, because some irresponsible idiot sent out an unauthorised signal, orders were given that on every ship, a control switch was to be placed in the captain's cabin. The idea was to force the operator to approach the Captain before the set could be worked; for, unless the switch was

C.—Spring clip crystal holder allows quick changing of crystal and ensures perfect electrical contact.

D.—Highly selective tuning by reason of coupled circuits.

E.—Fine tuning is obtained in the aerial circuit by means of a variable condenser.

F.—The hinged ebonite panel held in position by one clamping nut enables the complete wiring to be quickly examined.

G.—Additional coils can be carried in box.

H.—Price £4/5/- with one set of special ebonite covered coils or £5 with two sets of ebonite covered coils.



What is your ability worth?

Your ability is invaluable to you! It can win you a beautiful Claravox Four-Valve Radio Receiving Set, valued at 75 guineas.

Enter the Competition for the amateur who constructs the best Crystal Receiving Set. There is only one condition of entry—the component parts must be bought from us. Call to-day! Enter the competition at once! The contest closes October 8th. There are two divisions, with the same prize in each class:

Class "A"—Competitors 18 years and under.

Class "B"—Competitors over 18 years of age.

All of our Radio Receiving parts are of the very highest quality—the products of the world's best makers. Due to an extremely low overhead expense, our prices are exceptionally reasonable.

Don't miss this opportunity!

Come and see us immediately.

THE

CLARAVOX

RADIO COMPANY

Makers of High-Class Radio Valve Sets,
Adams Chambers, 1 door from Park-Street,
195 Elizabeth-Street, Sydney:

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Page Thirty Three

in, the main transmitter was entirely out of action. If the Captain were in some other part of the ship, he would have to be located and induced to go to his room to throw in the switch so that the wireless installation could be ready for use. Later on, a control box was installed in the wireless cabin. Through this passed the leads of both the main and the emergency transmitters. The master key was in the possession of the Captain, who, quite frequently, mislaid it.

On one occasion, on a certain ship, we travelled for seven days through the danger zone with the main transmitter out of business, because the captain had put the control switch away so safely he couldn't find it again. Eventually it was located in the engine-room. Deliberately, and in cold blood, I broke the hidebound rules and ran temporary wiring from the accumulators to the emergency apparatus, just in case it should be needed. In the case of many of the old shellback type of skippers who had been accustomed to shooting the noonday sun with a hambone, and who knew as much about wireless as most of us know about astronomy, the importance of seeing that the wireless was always ready at a moment's notice was rarely realised, and when we consider that a large number of torpedoed vessels disappeared within only two or three minutes, it would be interesting to know how many lives were lost because the control key was not forthcoming. Some skippers, however, fully alive to every possible emergency, simply put the key into position and left it there, thereby giving the operator a fair and open go when the time came for stepping lively. There were several other fool regulations mill-stoned around the necks of wireless operators, and as no means were provided for pointing out their hampering effect, they simply had to be put up with.

However, after three days' banging and crashing from one Atlantic roller to another, we finally rounded Ushant, headed along in calm water for Liverpool, and berthed in docks crowded to overflowing with shipping. Six weeks passed before the "Bakara" commenced discharging her cargo, and it was over two months before we left there, coaled at Cardiff, and departed again for Port Said. And here, Johnny B., still probably nursing a lingering suspicion that I might possibly belong to the genus Hun, pulled off a masterly stroke of diplomacy, which effec-

MICK SIMMONS LTD.

Licensed Radio Dealers

Unassembled Single Slider Crystal Parts	21/1
Unassembled Loose Coupler Parts	31/8
Crystal Detectors 2/6 and 2/9 each; Galena, 1/6; Q.S.A., 1/6; Silicon, 1/3	

VALVES

Philips, D1	18/6
D4	18/6
B2	27/6
D6	27/6
Marconi R	19/-
Expanse B (2 filament)	30/-
Mullard Ora	21/-

RECEIVERS.

Sterling 4000	£2/4/-
Radiola	£1/10/-
Trimm's dependable	£1/12/6
Trimm's Professional	£2/5/-
New Systems	£1/15/-
Frost	£2/5/-
Stromberg Carlson	£2/5/-

Jumbo "A" Battery Switches	3/-
Complete Crystal Sets, ready for reception of Broadcast Music, from £3/3/- upwards.	
Valve Sets from	£14/10/-

Mick Simmons' sets are the Rolls-Royce Sets in Radio reception.
Call and consult our Radio Expert, who is only too pleased
to give any information on construction matters.

Remember our motto: "Quality consistent with reasonable prices"

Mick Simmons Ltd.

Headquarters: HAYMARKET, SYDNEY
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SPORTS STORE

Page Thirty Four

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

tively put the tin hat of any traitorous intentions I might have had towards doing a little signalling to the German submarines. Right in the middle of the danger zone—from Cardiff down to the Bay of Biscay—he kept the serial lying on the deck. Thus, had the ship been torpedoed, not a soul outside those on board would have been the wiser, and no warning could have been given to any other ship in the vicinity, which may have been running right into the same ambush. However, 'twas gallant deeds such as this that won the war, and since good luck attended us, all was well that ended well. Beyond making a note in the log, having it witnessed, and keeping the page handy to take away with me should anything happen, this piece of criminal stupidity left me quite cold. The captain beyond all doubt meant well, and being endowed with a fair sense of humor I often pulled off a quiet joke on the strength of things.

Calm seas marked our passage right through to Port Said, where we arrived just in time to see the mass of ships being got ready for the onslaught on the Dardanelles. This place I was destined later to see, but from the comparatively safe vantage point of a ship's deck.

A direct run of thirty-three days in perfect weather from Suez brought us to Melbourne, where a strenuous attempt was made to shanghai me to the ex-enemy station Wilhelmshaven, New Guinea. Not being anxious to provide a meal for malarial bugs, however, I sidestepped this, and, in a thoughtless moment, signed the Infamous Document. Transport operators will have a vivid recollection of this scrap of paper. When a man signed it, he virtually gave himself body and soul into the keeping of the Naval Department to do with as they thought fit. He agreed to hold himself in readiness to be attached to the fighting forces, afloat or ashore, in any part of the world—in short, to do any old thing that was required of him. This, however, gave him no claim on the Government for any pension or other compensation, nor did it permit him relinquishing his seagoing task in order to throw in his lot with the A.I.F. or the Pommies, unless he was fortunate enough to have some political pull powerful enough to drag him out of it. Wireless men in those days were scarce, and it will be plain that those that were in the grip of the transport service had, willynilly, to stay there. The signing of the document had a twofold effect. Interpreting the letter of it, a man was actually a naval

rating without being granted the somewhat doubtful privileges attaching to that rank. If any matter cropped up under which the wireless operator might reasonably be expected to benefit by virtue of being in the service of the Australian Navy, then for the purposes of that particular instance he was not attached to the navy, but to the "peaceful" service of the Mercantile Marine. If, on the other hand, some benefit might accrue from the fact that the operator was serving on a merchant vessel, then the shipowner always used the comeback that our operator friend was under the navy, and was, therefore, not a participant along with the other members of the ship's crew. So it is easily seen that

the unfortunate transport operator got it in the neck both ways. All this, of course, was before the days of the Radio Telegraphists' Institute, and it goes without saying that had that organisation under its present highly efficient leadership been active at that time, then the brains which conceived that brilliant document would never have been allowed to put it into effect—not would boys of 18 and 20 been left to wander about London for weeks eking out a miserable existence on 3/- a day, which, by the way, they received after they got back to Australia, waiting for a ship back to Australia.

To be Continued



AN EXPERT AT YOUR ELBOW!

A NECESSITY FOR EVERY EXPERIMENTER.

Our TROUBLE-FINDING CHART will tell you where to locate the faults in your set.

Call and get one on the way to your train or write for one.

FREE FOR THE ASKING.

Note the address:

ASSEMBLY PLATFORM,
CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, SYDNEY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Page Thirty Five

TRADE SUPPLIED

AT COMPETITIVE PRICES

CRYSTAL SETS

TUBES

BASES

SLIDERS

RODS

CRYSTALS
ETC.

Geo. Matthews & Emery

Electrical Supplies

DAKING HOUSE ————— SYDNEY

THE BEST IN WIRELESS SUPPLIES

can be secured at

J. Tunney

39 Victoria Avenue
Concord West

Try our Loose
Coupled Crystal Set
Broadcast Reception
Guaranteed
ONLY . . . 65/-



Phones of all kinds
at the Best Price^s

THIS BOOK

Post 16d. Paid

132 Pages

400

Illustrations

50 Radio
Diagrams

Catalogue and valuable information on

WIRELESS, MODEL ENGINEERING,
ELECTRICITY, TELEPHONY, FRET-
WORK, MODEL AEROPLANES, ETC.

Covers complete
held of ELECTRICAL AND
MECHANICAL HOBBIES

Apparatus required is illustrated and its use
fully explained.

The Radio Section is exceptionally complete,
containing over 50 circuit diagrams.

Send in 6d. STAMPS

Homecrafts

211 Swanston Street,

(P.H. McELROY), MELBOURNE



Wireless Apparatus

New or Second-hand,
Bought, Sold or Exchanged

HOWELL'S

19 Barlow Street
SYDNEY

PHONE: M A 1133

OPEN TILL 9.30 FRIDAY NIGHT

THE RADIO Experimenters' Handbook

THAT BOOK YOU WANT ON
RADIO.

The Armstrong Super-Regenerative
Circuit. 2/8 posted
Radio Formulae and Diagrams for Ad-
vanced Students. . . . 3/3 posted
How to Make Detector and Amplifier
Units. 3/3 posted
How to Make a Short Wave Regenera-
tive Receiver. 3/3 posted

FOR THE LATEST RADIO
MAGAZINES TRY THE

N.S.W. BOOKSTALL CO., LTD.
476 George St., Sydney.

Published by A. W. Watt, "Keira,"
Alfred St., North Sydney, for the
proprietors and printers, Publicity
Press Ltd., 33/37 Regent St.,
Sydney.

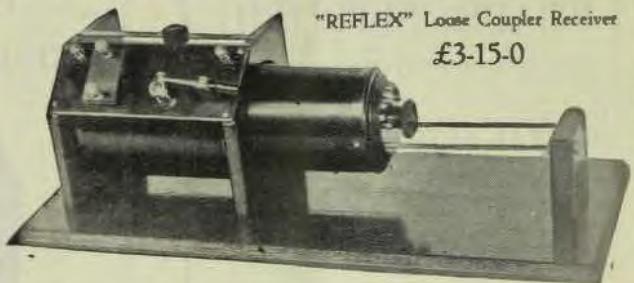
Tell Your Friends about
"Wireless Weekly"

Page Thirty Six

WIRELESS WEEKLY.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

OUR SPECIAL
LINE
PEERLESS
Head Phones
2000 Ohms.
32/6



"REFLEX" Loose Coupler Receiver
£3-15-0

Complete Set of Parts to make the above Set 36/6
Postage 1/6

RADIO HOUSE
619 George Street, Sydney



YOURS FOR EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL
O'SULLIVAN'S ELECTRIC SHOP
296 PITT STREET, CITY

Great Clearance Sale of Electrical Goods

To make room for Wireless supplies. Do not fail to see my window display. All Wireless Accessories Stocked.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Page Thirty Seven

The Fraser Rectifier

(Full-Wave Magnetic A.C. Rectifier-Transformer)

Batteries charged without attention or experience.

Unsolicited Testimony from a well-known Wireless Expert

" Much more Satisfactory."

THE COMMERCIAL CAR GARAGE



MacLuscan & Lane Ltd.

MOTOR ENGINEERS AND IMPORTERS

9-13 Pittam Street
Opp. Winter Lane, off top of Pittam Street

Sydney 25th March 1925.

F.H. FRASER ESQ.,
11 Grafton Street West,
ADOLPHAE.

Dear Sir,

The Magnetic A.C. Rectifier recently supplied to
me is giving me particular satisfaction and I am pleased
with its operation in every way.

I have dispensed with the Motor Generator
Charging Set in favour of the Rectifier, which is much
more satisfactory. I had it working for periods of
twenty-four hours without any sign of its over-heating
and it has ample capacity for all my requirements.

Yours faithfully,
Christopher Lane
7 C.M. Williams Garage.

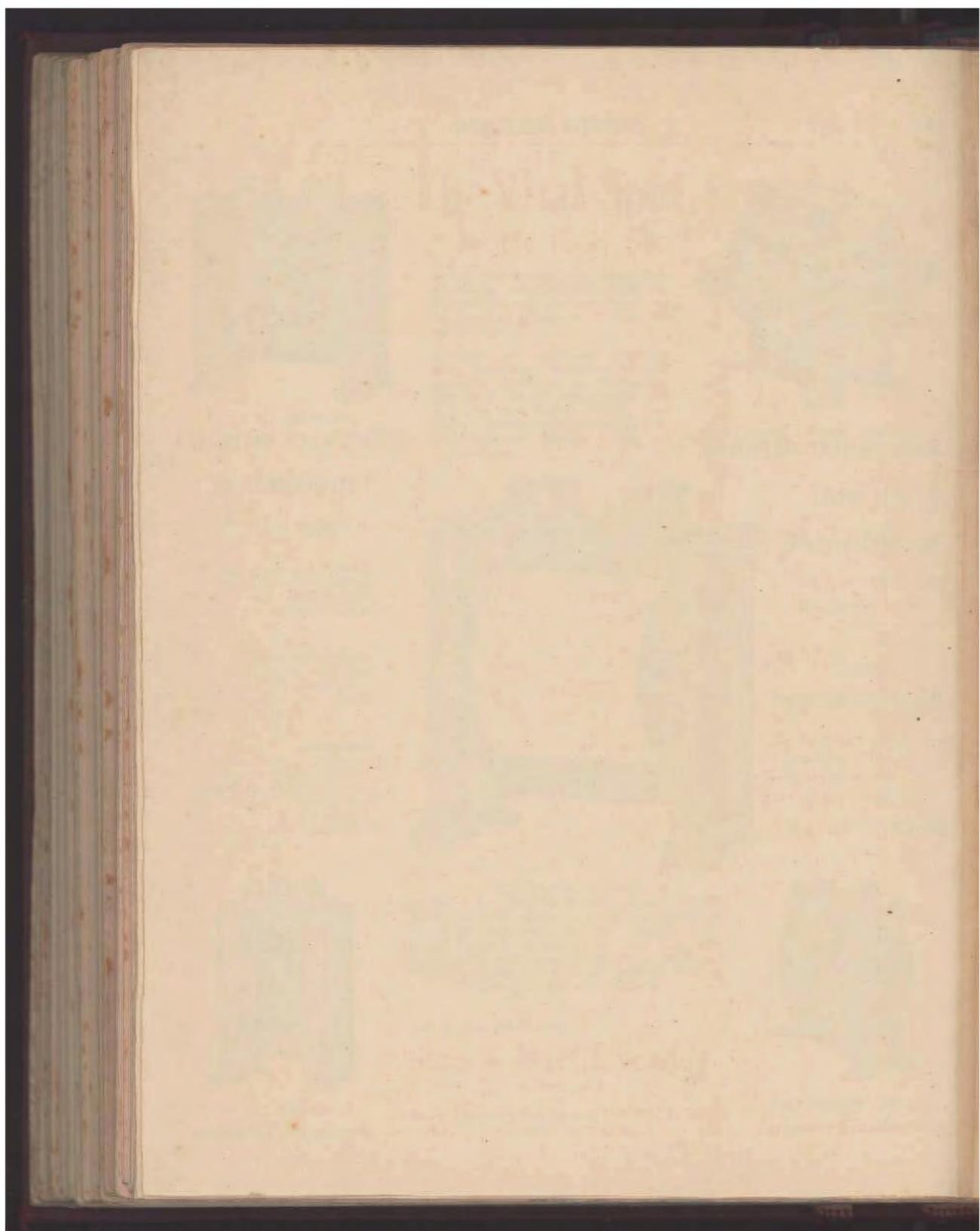
OUR GUARANTEE

We hereby guarantee each Rectifier
made by us to be free from mechanical
and electrical defects at the time of
delivery, and we will repair or replace,
free of cost, any defective part re-
turned within two years from time of
purchase if used as directed.

Gadsby & Co.

Commerce Buildings,
Ash Street,
SYDNEY

'Phone: B 4067



Page Thirty-Eight WIRELESS WEEKLY Friday, August 22nd, 1934

REMLER

APPARATUS THAT RADIATES QUALITY

Every item in the Remler Radio Line is a **QUALITY** item. Not only is **QUALITY** built into Remler Radios, but correct engineering, precision methods of manufacture, and workmanship of the highest order that make this apparatus best for your set. The house of COLVILLE-MOORE have just landed a big shipment of Remler goods, and you cannot do better than include these parts into your set.

CIBLIN-REMLER INDUCTANCE COIL
No. 22, 26, 4/5-30, 4/5-75, 5/4-100, 5/4-150, 4/5-200, 5/4-250, 6/5-300, 7/5-350, 7/5-400, 8/5-450, 9/5-500, 10/5-550, 11/5-600, 12/5-650, 13/5-700, 14/5-750, 15/5-800, 16/5-850, up to 2500 turns.
10/- extra; 350 to 1500/- 5/4 extra.

No. 30—BAKELITE COIL PLATE
Genuine Bakelite has received many new uses in recent years. It is neither brittle nor soft, and its terminal is easily cleaned to facilitate connection. It is strong and good insulator. Built like all Remler parts. Quality all through. Price each 2/6

No. 44—COIL MOUNTING
Designed especially for Remler Coils. Plug can be used interchangeably with all Remler coils. Made of Bakelite and metal. Metal lightning band insures perfect grip at all terminals. Price 3/6

No. 45—PANEL PLUG
Genuine Bakelite with tapered brass ferrules. Made of Bakelite and metal. Metal lightning band insures perfect grip at all terminals. Price 3/6

No. 48—SWITCH
Made of Bakelite, the best made switches obtainable. Price only 4/-

Type 299 C-299 SOCKET
A new Remler item which offers a finely made socket for the new 0.25 dry cell battery. Brass base, highly polished. Has nickel plated binding posts, marked, and soldering lugs. Spring contacts insure positive contact with base base. May be mounted on table or panel. No. 299 Series for 2-30 volt. Price 2/-

REMLER No. 400 0 Cell MOUNTING
We want to emphasize the superb quality and fine finish of all Remler Cell Mountings, these featuring a most ingeniously designed tube at 10% of all Remler important. Complete, as illustrated. 20/-

No. 44—EXTENSION HANDLE
Illustrated at the right. No. 44 Extension Handle. Plywood made, 5 mm. diameter handle, steel ball bearing, and fitted with variable 3-4 Insulating handle. Size max. 3 ft. Length on plug. Price 1/- and 4/-
Cell Mounting Complete. Price 2/-

Type 25 COUPLING PLUG
For use where a variable coupling is desired. Spring brass brackets, metal plates, silver and tungsten wire for mounting terminals. Cross section at No. 14 Bakelite Coupling Handle. Price 5/9

No. 100—REMLER HEAD
A 9 inch dial of especially pleasing design, graduated from 0 to 180 degrees calibration on 100 divisions from left to right, numbered and divisions offered with black granite white arc scale. Each 2/-

TYPE 25
Made from genuine Bakelite, Bakelite, highly polished. Reinforced rib around bottom, lock, nickel plated brass base, Bakelite, and nickel plated brass handle. Price 2/-

REMLER AMPLIFIED CON-
DITIONER
Specially designed for use with crystal receivers. 3/15 and 4/20. Plates are mostly enclosed and of artistic design.

SUPPLIES

Now obtainable at Colville - Moore, Ltd., where Quality and Honest Value meet.

COLVILLE - MOORE
WIRELESS SUPPLIES LTD.
10 ROWE STREET (near Australia Hotel) SYDNEY.

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WIRELESS WEEKLY.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924



R100

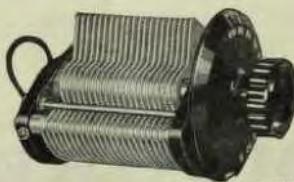
VARIOMETER
Carrying the highest electrical efficiency. Moulded brown bakelite, split bronze bearings.



R 125

VARIOCOUPLER

The finest that can be produced. Moulded brown bakelite, split bronze bearings; winding tapped at 15 points for very close tuning. Obtainable in two sizes.



R 350

These condensers are of new design, are equipped with heavy moulded bakelite end plates, are rigidly braced and will not wrap out of shape. The metal plates are of scientific design and occupy centre of space at all positions.

You must have sharper tuning with distance -- !

With broadcasting stations operating many miles away, the problem of tuning out interference increases with the greater distance you aim to span. If you want to obtain maximum reception results from a sensitive detecting system, it must be matched with a highly selective tuning unit.

In brief—the more sensitive detectors and amplifiers are, the greater the necessity for higher selectivity in the tuning apparatus. Sharper tuning of any set—the complete elimination of interference is best accomplished by using the

Gilfillan Radio Parts

The following houses in Australia are a few of the progressive dealers stocking

GILFILLAN PRODUCTS

HAMILTONS LTD., Katoomba.

E. R. CULLENS, Sydney.

BRISBANE ELECTRIC CO., Brisbane.

HARRINGTON'S, LTD., Brisbane.

HOPPER BROS., Brisbane.

ADELAIDE RADIO CO., Adelaide.

HARRINGTON'S, LTD., Adelaide.

WARBURTON, FRANKI, Melbourne.

BURGIN ELECTRIC CO., Sydney.

HARRINGTON'S, LTD., Melbourne.

J. A. COOPER, Hobart.

DAVID JONES, Sydney.

FARMER & CO., Sydney.

ANTHONY HORDERN, Sydney.

WIRELESS SUPPLIES, LTD., Sydney.

W. HARRY WILES (3 Stores, Sydney).

HARRINGTON'S, LTD., Sydney.

CLARAVOX RADIO CO., Sydney.

COLVILLE-MOORE, Sydney.

NOCK & KIRBY, Sydney.

N. P. OLSEN, Newcastle.

BLACKALL AND HUNT, Newcastle.

And many others.



Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY.

Page Forty One

Loose Coupler Crystal Sets

(UNASSEMBLED)

SMALL 24/9

LARGE 27/6

It is Easy
Coils wound
Panel drilled
and all holes
drilled 5/- extra

RADIO W'LESS MFG. CO.

307 GEORGE STREET

SYDNEY

494 MILITARY ROAD, MOSMAN

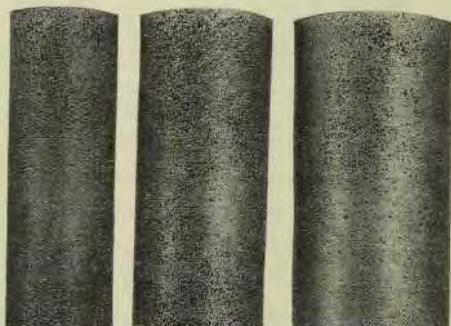


This is the Brand

to look for when you require paper cylinders
for your Crystal Set.



'Grodan' Tubes are
specially manufactured
for discriminating
buyers. Each
layer of paper is
impregnated with
insulating material



which insures maximum capacity.
Absolutely no leakage.

Accept no other.



GROSE and DANIELL

185a George Street West
SYDNEY



Page Forty Two

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

SOMETHING WORTH WHILE ARRIVING SHORTLY

Headphones to cost you no more than 25/-; perhaps less, with guarantee that money refunded if not satisfied.

LIGHT, COMFORTABLE and EFFICIENT

RAILWAY RADIO Co.

Corner Pitt and Barlow Sts.

RIDGWAY'S RADIO SUPPLIES

You cannot buy better. Everything for the Amateur. Complete range of parts for making your own Crystal and Valve Sets.

Headphones from	25/-	Philips' Valves	18/6
Crystal Sets from	22/6	Valve Assembly Sets, from	25/10/-
Aerial Wire, 100 ft.	2/-	New System Headphones	25/-
Cardboard Tubes, each	6d.	Contact Studs, dozen	1/3
Set of 4 Wood Ends	2/6	Inductance Switch	1/9
Base Boards, 2/6 and	3/6	Crystal Detectors	2/0
Sliders and Bars	2/6	Terminals	6d.
Secondary Rods	1/6	Phone Condensers	1/6

Quotations given for complete Crystal and Valve Sets.

Loud Speakers from 42/6. B. Batteries from 9/6. Call in and see us.

Boys—a Crystal Set for 5/6! Come and see it!

RIDGWAYS

(New York Novelty Co.).

708 GEORGE ST., HAYMARKET (JUST BELOW BORDERNS)

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Page Forty Three



Fans

KEEP YOUR EYES ON THIS SHOP

Service

IS OUR WATCHWORD

Don't fail to obtain the benefit of
Mr. Keogh's AMERICAN Experience

Country Clients will receive prompt attention from
our Mail Order Department

ALWAYS LOOK FOR THE TRADE MARK

THE HOUSE OF RADIO

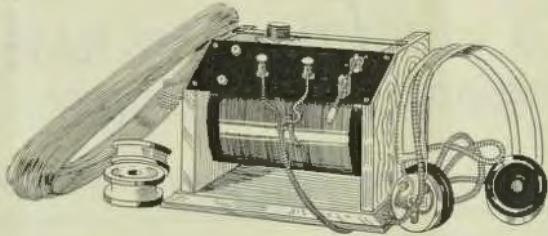
503 George-street Opposite
Crystal Palace Theatre

Page Forty Four

WIRELESS WEEKLY.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

THE HOME OF RADIO OFFER YOU A
Homotone Crystal Set
with aerial material and a Gecophone Head
Set at 60/- complete



Marconi "R" Valves at 19/- each

Radiotron UV-202 5-watt Valves at . . 50/- each

Price List on Application



THE HOME ELECTRIC
106a. KING STREET, SYDNEY.
'Phone B5565.

Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY.

Page Forty Five

FOR EVERYTHING
WIRELESS
E. R. CULLEN'S
LATE A.I.F.
RADIO & ELECTRICAL STORE
96 BATHURST STREET - SYDNEY
TELEPHONES: CITY 869 & 2596
IS FIRST AND FOREMOST

Crystal Sets from 30s. Murdoch's Phones 30s. 0d.
Frost Phones 32s. 6d. New System Phones 35s.
Western Electric Phones 44s. Sterling Phones 44s.
Large Stocks of Remler Goods Just Arrived. Come and Inspect.

**Three Valve Signal Set
For Suitable Slogan**

LAST WEEK - - SEND THEM IN

Example: "CULLEN CAN COMPETE"

Each entry from city or suburban readers to be accompanied by one of my cash dockets for any value. Country readers --- no restriction whatsoever; post them in. Envelopes to be endorsed "Competition." The decision of the Editor of this Journal to be final. Entries close on August 22nd. Results in "Wireless Weekly," August 29th.

E. R. CULLEN'S
Electrical Supply and Radio Stores
96 Bathurst Street - - Sydney

Page Forty Six

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924



WHY

shouldn't you be as particular about small parts as WE are?

YOU depend on them to help your larger instruments.

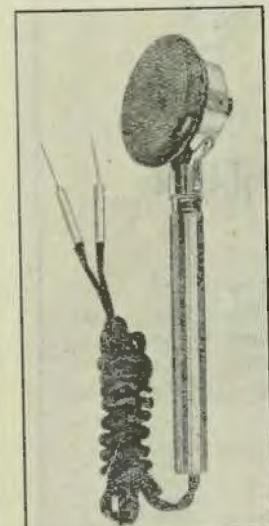
YOU expect small parts to preserve the energy that reaches your set.

SO why shouldn't YOU be as particular about their quality as WE are?

WE think no accessory too unimportant to build as carefully as we make fine optical instruments. All the craftsmanship we have developed in 44 years of precision work, we put into every MAR-CO small radio part.

Then we put them into the unmistakable MAR-CO packages, so that if you are as particular as we are, you can easily get the "leak-proof" service we build into them.

Simply say "MAR-CO" . . . and insist on seeing the MAR-CO package . . . when you want plugs, jacks, switches, grid-leaks, vernier condensers, and other small parts.



Here is a Lady's Single Hand Phone of 4000 ohms resistance wonderfully sensitive.

No disarrangement of the hair.

Blue, Black, White and Red Handles.

21s. each



Mar-Co Products obtainable at: Ramsay, Sharp Ltd.; Colville Moore Wireless Supplies Ltd.; Burgin Electric Co., Harringtons Ltd.; Farmers' Ltd.; W. Harry Wiles; Smith's Radio Store; The Radio Co.; Mark Foy's Ltd.; David Jones Ltd.; N. P. Olsen, Newcastle; J. C. Price, Brisbane.

Trade inquiries from: Keith Stokes, 27 King St., Sydney.

Friday August 22nd, 1924

WIRELESS WEEKLY.

Page Forty Seven



Radio Company
Limited
15 LOFTUS STREET
Circular Quay
SYDNEY

LOOSE COUPLER CRYSTAL SET.

130 to 1200 Meters.

1 pair Cardboard Tubes	1	0
1 Set Ends	2	6
1 Base Board	2	6
8 ozs. 24 Enamel Wire	2	9
1 N.P. Slider and Bar	2	6
12 N.P. Contact Studs	1	0
2 N.P. Switch Stops	0	4
1 N.P. Inductance Switch	2	0
1 piece Ebonite	1	6
1 N.P. Detector Unit	3	3
1 Guaranteed Crystal	1	6
1 each Aerial and Earth Termin- als	0	10
1 Phone Condenser	2	0
2 Secondary Rods	1	6
1 Slider Support	0	4
1 yard Flexible	0	3
Aerial Equipment	7	6
	<hr/>	
	£1	9
		7

HEAD PHONES.

Murdock's 3000 ohm	30/-
New System Telephones, 4000 ohms	35/-

Trimm's, Dependable	32/6
Trimm's, Professional	45/-
Baldwin's	80/-

COMPLETE CRYSTAL SETS.

Complete, ready for installing, from
£2/10/-.

SINGLE SLIDE CRYSTAL SET

150 to 1200 Meters

1 Impregnated C.B. Tube	0	6
2 Ends	1	6
4 ozs. 24 Enamel Wire	1	6
1 N.P. Slider and Bar	2	6
2 N.P. Terminals, Aerial and Earth	0	8
1 N.P. Detector Unit	3	3
1 Guaranteed Crystal	1	0
2 Extra Phone Terminals	0	8
1 piece Ebonite	1	6
1 Phone Condenser	2	0
Aerial Equipment	7	0
	<hr/>	
	£1	2
		1

We are also open Friday Nights until 9 o'clock

RADIO CO., LIMITED
15 LOFTUS STREET, CIRCULAR QUAY, SYDNEY

Page Forty Eight

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924

"RAMSAY" RADIO SUPPLIES

You cannot buy better :: Everything for the Amateur

Maple Base Boards	3/3	Valve Sockets, Radiotron Type,	4/-
Maple Loose Coupler Ends, Set of 4,	2/6	Dry Cell Valves, 1½ volt	27/6
Contact Stops, N.P., per doz.	1/-	Jefferson Transformers, No. 41	30/-
Contact Studs, N.P., per doz.	1/-	Jefferson Transformers, Star	25/-
Runner Rods	10d.	Murdoch 3,000 Head Phones	30/-
Sliding Contacts, brass	1/6	Murdoch, 2000 Head Phones	25/-
Sliding Contacts, N.P.	2/3	Winding Wires, all sizes in stock.	
Crystal Detectors, Mounted	3/3	Aerial Wire, 3/20	2/9 per 100ft.
Crystal Detectors, N.P., unassembled	3/-	43 Variable Condensers	18/6
Crystal Detectors, glass enclosed, mounted, 5/6		Primary Tubes Wound	3/6
Crystal Detectors, glass enclosed, unmounted, 4/2.		Secondary Tubes, Wound and Tapped	6/-
SPDT Knife Switches on Porcelain Base, 2/9		Crystal Receivers, Panel Mounted	£2/5/-
DPDT Knife Switches, on Porcelain Base, 4/6		Single Valve	2/-
Valve Sockets, R Type	2/6		

Write for Catalogue, W 16.

RAMSAY SHARP & COMPANY, LIMITED
RADIO ENGINEERS

217 GEORGE STREET, SYDNEY.

Loud Speakers

59/6 to £10/10/-



We have loud speakers
of a variety of makes
to suit all your re-
quirements.

Specialising in head
phones, we stock all
the best makes. Prices
£1/5/- to £4/4/-

Hamilton & Baker

Paramount House,
302 Pitt Street, Sydney.
Telephone C2064 G.P.O. Box 2346

ORDER BY MAIL
and SAVE MONEY

*Do YOU
feel this way
about the qual-
ity of your ra-
dio parts.
IF NOT, write
to*

*"You may rest assured
that I am so satisfied with
the quality of your Pro-
ducts that I shall never go
elsewhere."*

RADIO MAIL ORDERS

No. 7 Rawson Place

SYDNEY

Mail Orders Only: Write us about your
troubles. Expert advice given free by Radio
Engineer. Write for copy of our Price List
Now.

AMERICAN HEAD PHONES ... 22/6

WIRELESS WEEKLY

Friday, August 22nd, 1924



Just like being there yourself!

Just as if you were in the same room as the artists—Radiola Headphones give the perfect rendition that will almost make you doubt that it is the reproduction to which

you are listening.

They give the music in its full beauty — the rich resonance of the high and low notes, and the subtle shading of the lower tones.

Radiola Headphones make Listening-in a Pleasure

Standard resistance 2,000 Ohms. Price : 39/6.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL RADIO DEALERS

Amalgamated Wireless

(*Australasia*) Ltd.

Radio Dealers kindly write for Trade Price List.

Clarence Street
Sydney

Collins Street
Melbourne



Friday, August 22nd, 1924.

WIRELESS WEEKLY

"STERLING"

(BRITISH MAKE)



AUDIVOX ALL PURPOSE LOUD SPEAKER

1. In Radio there is no greater goodwill than that possessed by "STERLING" Loud Speakers. Quality created it and quality will keep it.

2. The "AUDIVOX" is faithful to an echo in reproduction—clear, melodious and perfect in tone—ample in volume, with never a sign of distortion. A true "STERLING" production.

3. It is the all-purpose Loud Speaker—equally suitable for home and public use; indoors or outdoors.

AUDIVOX is supplied in the following finishes:—
Black Enamel £9 0 0
Brown, Floral 9 10 0
Black and Gold 9 15 0

STERLING LIGHTWEIGHT HEADPHONES, 4000 ohms 44s.
"STERLING" Radio Goods, obtainable from all Radio Dealers.
Large Stocks — Immediate Delivery

STERLING TELEPHONE & ELECTRIC CO. LTD., LONDON
Sole Agents for N.S.W. and Queensland:

The LAWRENCE & HANSON ELECTRICAL Co. Ltd
33 York Street, Wynyard Square, Sydney.
and Charlotte St., Brisbane

Telephone City 8016 (3 Lines)