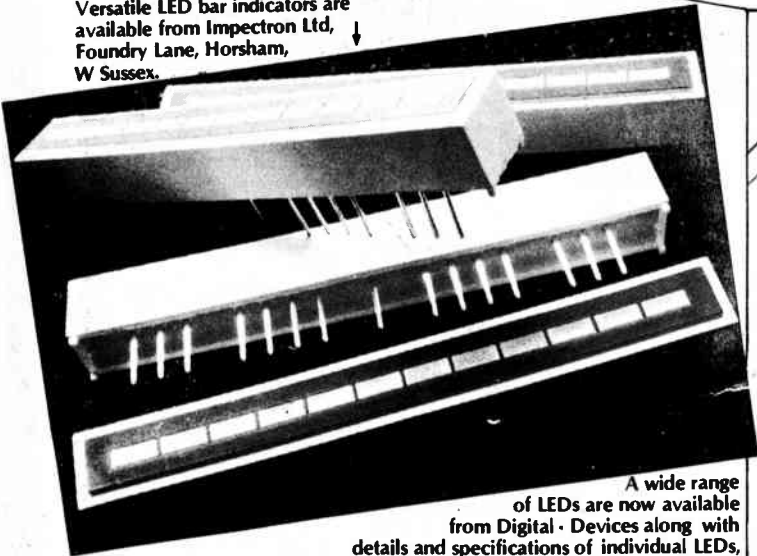


## Snappy Connections

A miniature, multi-way connector with an integral snap-lock to prevent accidental disconnection is available from H & T Components. The Series 1300 connector has been designed for use in equipment where vibration or internal movement takes place. Both the plug and socket halves are hooded and the plug incorporates twin barbed locks, one on each side of its moulded plastic case. Disconnection occurs only when a light pressure is applied to the two locking barbs. The characteristics of the Series 1300 include a current rating, per circuit, of 5 A, operating voltage of 400 V AC (max), proof voltage of 1.2 kV and contact resistance of 5 mR (max). Further information from H & T Components, Crowdy's Hill Estate, Kembrey Street, Swindon, Wilts SN2 6BN.

Versatile LED bar indicators are available from Impectron Ltd, Foundry Lane, Horsham, W Sussex.

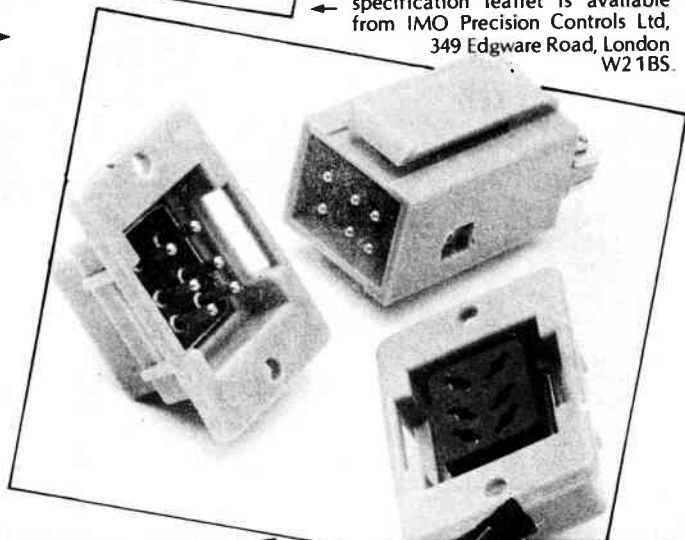


A wide range of LEDs are now available from Digital Devices along with details and specifications of individual LEDs, from Val Long, Digital Devices Ltd, 134 London Road, Southborough, Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

## Components

### Foto Fixtures

A new range of low-cost, metal enclosed photo-electric switches is now available from IMO Precision Controls Ltd. The Omron E/B photocell range is fully sealed to IP66 by a rugged metal case accepting direct conduit entry. All models operate directly from 110 or 240 V AC 50/60 Hz and include a single changeover output relay related at 3 A/240 V AC. A comprehensive specification leaflet is available from IMO Precision Controls Ltd, 349 Edgware Road, London W2 1BS.



## CB2B

At long last a specification has been published by the Home Office for the legalisation of Citizen's Band radio. Two frequencies will be allocated: 934.025 to 934.975 MHz and 27.60125 to 27.99125 MHz. For the 934 MHz (AM) frequencies the maximum power is 8 W (25 W ERP), 20 channels at 50 kHz channel spacing. Hand-held units are restricted to 3 W PEP. On the 27 MHz (FM) frequencies the maximum power is 4 W (2 W ERP), 40 channels at 10 kHz spacing. Frequency tolerance:  $\pm 1.5$  kHz. Maximum frequency deviation:  $\pm 2.5$  kHz. Adjacent channel power:  $-60$  dB to 2  $\mu$ W, spurious emission less than 50 nW. This new frequency allocation has been chosen to reduce the possibility of harmonic interference to aircraft landing systems etc. Also included in the spec are certain regulations. Antennas higher than 10 m from the ground must be attenuated by 10 dB. The Home Office will also permit modifications to existing equipment providing it complies fully with the specification. For equipment which has not been approved by the Home Office or the Post Office the onus is on the manufacturer to comply with the specs. All equipment must have a small badge etched or permanently affixed to the front of the rig which should be not less than 6 mm in diameter and have the letters 'CB/27/81' not less than 1 mm high in the centre. And that about sums it up!

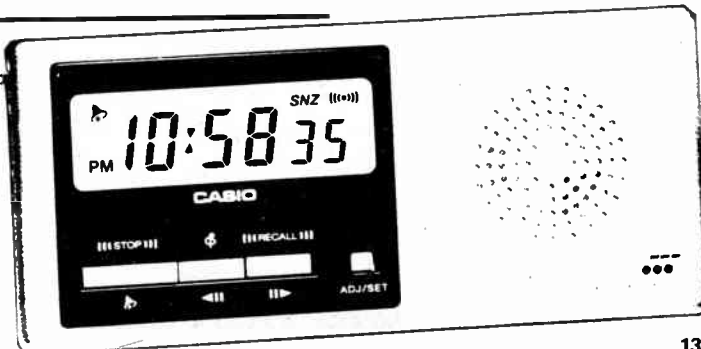
## Talking Time

The Trafalgar Watch Company is trying to ensure that you'll never be late again! They have just announced three new watches — one talks, one sings and the other makes ordinary alarm-type noises. The Tel-Time actually speaks the time and can be programmed to do it in either English, German or French. The expected price is £59. The singing watch has nine different tunes ranging from 'Happy Birthday' and 'Jingle Bells' to 'Scotland the Brave' — all yours for about £29. The third watch is a quartz analogue model combining electronic precision with a traditional watch face and an alarm. This one sells for about £39. Further information can be obtained from the Trafalgar Watch Company Ltd, Trafalgar House, Grenville Place, Hale Lane, London NW7.

## Alarming!

Here we have yet another offering from the ubiquitous Clan Casio. The PQ-20 chronograph can either fit flat in your pocket or sit on your desk or bedside table using its integral stand. It has a three-way alarm which can give you a sunrise symphony (Mozart's Symphonie Nr 40 G Moll), a bright buzz, or a combina-

tion of both! There is a snooze function which sounds every four minutes for 60 seconds after the preset alarm time. There is also an hourly alarm, or, if the mood takes you, you press a button and hear the symphony any time you like. You can obtain the PQ-20 from Tempus at the discount price of £12.95. The address is 'Talk of the Town', 19-21 Fitzroy Street, Cambridge CB1 1EH.



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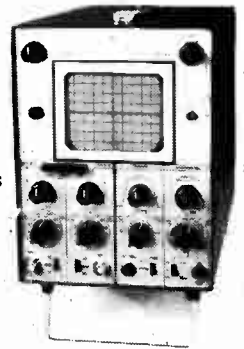
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	10 3mm or 5mm clips	30p
	FND500	90p

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741	LM301A	30	LM3900	50	SN76477	170
CA3080	LM324	85	LM3909	70	TB A800	80
CA3130	LM324	45	LM3911	120	TB A810	95
CA3140	LM339	50	LM3914	260	TL081	40
ICM7555	LM380	80	LM3915	260	TL082	70
LF351	LM381	120	LM3960	120	TL084	110
LF353	LM382	120	NE555	23	XR2206	300
LF356	LM387	120	NE566	55	ZN414	100
	LM748	40	BC1436	85	ZN425F	30

### CMOS

4001	22	4016	35	4028	80	14066	40	4082	25
4002	25	4017	70	4040	85	4068	25	4093	55
4007	25	4020	85	4046	100	4069	22	4510	85
4008	80	4023	85	4047	100	4070	25	4518	90
4011	22	4024	60	4049	35	4071	25	4520	100
4013	45	4025	25	4050	40	4072	25	4528	100
4015	80	4027	40	4060	185	4081	25	4532	110

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Slide pots. 5K-500K Log or Lin. 50mm travel 63p

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2 pin	12p	9p	2.5mm	10p	10p
3 pin	12p	10p	3.5mm	10p	5p
5 pin 180°	11p	Standard	16p	20p	
5 pin 90°	10p	12p	Stereo	3p	20p

### DIODES

- 1N4001 4p
- 1N4002 5p
- 1N4006 7p
- 1N4148 2p

### HARDWARE

- 5 PP3 battery connectors
- 5 Red or black croc clips
- 22mm solid alum knob
- 20mm solid alum knob
- Red or black probe clip
- Magnetic earphone + plug
- Crystal earphone + plug
- Ultrasonic transducers
- Red or amber neon
- 20 way ribbon cable
- T05 or T018 heatsink
- T0220 heatsink
- 4mm plug (var. colours)
- 4mm skt (var. colours)
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- 64mm 64 ohm speaker
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Polyester. Radial leads. 250V. C280 type. 0.01, 0.015, 0.022, 0.033 6p; 0.047, 0.068, 0.1 7p; 0.15, 0.22 9p; 0.33, 0.47 13p; 0.68 20p; 1.0µF 25p.

Electrolytic. Radial leads. 0.47/63v, 1.63v, 2.2/35v, 4.7/73v, 10/25V 7p; 22/25V, 47/25V 8p; 100/25V 9p; 220/25V 14p; 470/25V 22p; 1000/25V 30p.

Tantalum bead 0.1/35V, 0.22/35V, 0.33/35V, 0.47/35V, 1/35V 12p; 2.2/25V, 4.7/25V, 10/25V 20p; 22/16V, 47/6V 27p.

Ceramic disc type. Sold in packs of 5 per value. 11p per each 22pF to 0.01µF.

### LS TTL

LS00	16	LS14	60	LS75	45	LS123	75	LS161	105
LS01	16	LS20	22	LS76	50	LS125	60	LS164	110
LS02	16	LS30	22	LS78	50	LS132	65	LS174	110
LS04	18	LS32	28	LS80	90	LS136	60	LS244	170
LS08	25	LS42	70	LS86	45	LS138	75	LS365	70
LS10	20	LS73	50	LS90	50	LS139	75	LS286	70
LS13	40	LS74	35	LS93	60	LS167	75	LS362	70

### SOCKETS

- Texas
- 8 pin
- 14 pin
- 18 pin
- 100 Soldercon pins
- T05 or T018 skt

### REGULATORS

- 78L05 30
- 78L12 30
- 78L15 30
- 7805 60
- 7812 60
- 7815 60
- LM323K 100
- 7905 65
- 7912 65
- 7915 65
- LM723 40
- LM317T 180
- LM323K 100

### TRANSISTORS

AC128	25	BC182L	10	BF244B	30	ZTX108	12
AC176	25	BC184L	10	BFX29	25	ZTX300	14
AD181	40	BC212L	10	BY50	23	ZN2369	17
AD162	40	BC214L	10	BFY51	23	ZN2846	45
BC107	10	BC478	30	MJ2955	100	ZN3053	23
BC108	10	BC547	10	TIP31A	45	ZN3055	50
BC108C	12	BC548	18	TIP32A	45	ZN3702	9
BC109	10	BC549	18	TIP41A	60	ZN3704	9
BC109C	12	BD131	35	TIP42A	60	ZN3819	20
BC148	8	BD132	35	TIP2955	60	ZN3904	10
BC178	18	BD139	35	TIP3055	55	ZN3905	10
BC179	18	BD140	35	ZTX107	12	ZN5459	30

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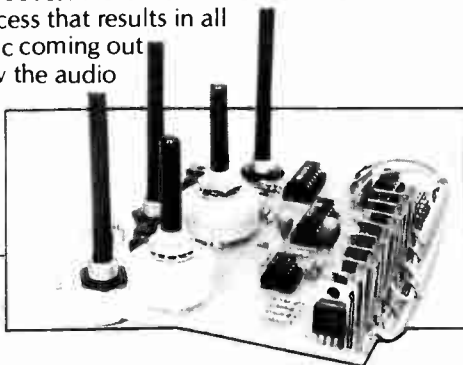
Frightened of losing your baubles? Are you worried that your precious ETI projects will go missing during the night? Build the ETI Watchdog Home Security System and save yourself some anxiety. Our cunning little unit features burglar, fire and 'panic button' operation, with automatic switch-on and entry delays and an alarm that automatically turns off after a fixed period to conserve the battery. Because of the latter feature we've thrown in an alarm recorder LED, in case you're troubled by the sort of person who leaves no trace that he's been rifling through your whatsits (industrial espionage?) This Ni-Cd-powered project also has a built-in battery charger so the unit is always ready to cope with nocturnal visitors during power cuts.

## GRAPHIC EQUALISERS

The latest circuit design feature from Tim Orr, our man of a thousand circuits. Next month he's making uplifting comments and cutting remarks on the subject of frequency spectrum modification. As usual there'll be lots of circuit suggestions and design equations, together with a special section on winding your inductors.

## FROM VOCALS TO VINYL

What is the secret of the black LP? What mysteries lurk hidden within its grooves? Next month we examine the record-making process that results in all that beautiful music coming out of your hi-fi. Follow the audio signal from the singer's mouth to your favourite LP.



**LOOK OUT FOR  
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ON SALE JULY 3rd**

## HAND CLAP SYNTHESISER

Musicians who need to play their instruments and clap along to the beat, but by some quirk of nature have been blessed with only two hands, will find a solution to the problem in next month's ETI. This unit has a manual input socket for connection to a footswitch, and a microphone input so it can be triggered from a snare drum, for example — each input pulse triggers a synthesised clapping sound, the parameters of which can be adjusted with the front panel controls.

## FLASH SEQUENCER

This unit is for those people who want to flash repetitively after a suitable stimulus. The Flash Sequencer has thyristor outputs which trigger up to 10 flashguns, one after another at a preset rate, commencing a preset time after the initial start pulse. The sequencer can be either light- sound- or shutter-activated and a row of LEDs display the output pulses for setting-up purposes. Now's your chance to take all those unusual photographs you normally see only in magazines.

Articles described here are in an advanced state of preparation. However, circumstances may dictate changes to the final contents.

## CB Citizens' Band

Citizens' Band magazine, currently the country's leading CB publication, is looking for another person to join the editorial team of this new and exciting monthly magazine.

Prospective applicants should ideally have some journalistic training and a good working knowledge of radio and electronic theory is essential.

The job involves a fair amount of practical testing and assessment of equipment plus the day-to-day editorial work necessary on a monthly magazine. The ability to work unsupervised and upon initiative would therefore be an advantage.

Prospective applicants should send a full CV to:-

Citizens' Band (Dept EJ)  
Modmags Limited,  
145 Charing Cross Road,  
London WC2H 0LE.

# NEW QUAD SPEAKER

It's finally here — the long-awaited successor to the Quad Electrostatic. M. Burroughs examines the revolutionary concept behind this new arrival on the hi-fi scene.

It's widely accepted that one of the best speakers on the market for the last 25 years has been the Quad Electrostatic. Yet Quad have remained in the unusual position of having a 'range' of one, disdaining the usual practice of hi-fi manufacturers who sell speakers with varying power and quality. The advent of a successor is therefore something special, and Quad have been security-conscious and secretive prior to the launch (although your ever-vigilant ETI spy managed to scoop the world with a sneak photo last month).

What is it that's so special about electrostatic speakers? Although research on them took place long before Rice and Kellogg invented the moving coil loudspeaker, the latter design has dominated the industry, and the market, since the earliest days of hi-fi. Despite the problems inherent in moving coil designs — cabinet resonance, cone stiffness and stored energy, for example — electrostatic speakers are few and far between. Why is this?

## Charge Of The Light Membrane

The basic design of an electrostatic loudspeaker involves placing a thin, light, electrically-charged membrane between two electrodes. The electrodes are 'acoustically transparent' (they've got holes in them), and when a signal is fed to the electrodes the changing electric field set up between them causes the membrane to vibrate in sympathy, generating the sound waves. There are many advantages in this arrangement. The membrane is being driven at every point on its surface, so it has no need of stiffness and can be made extremely light. This in turn reduces the stored energy and improves the high frequency characteristics. No cabinet is necessary, so resonance problems disappear. Nevertheless, the design and manufacture of electrostatic speakers is still quite tricky.

Moreover, until now even electrostatic designs have had to achieve the desired dispersion characteristic over the whole frequency range in the same way as moving coil speakers; by using several drive units of similar or varying sizes, with or without crossovers. It is in the solution of this problem that the Quad ESL-63 breaks totally new ground.

## The Plane Truth

The concepts behind the ESL-63 were described by Peter Walker in his paper, 'New Developments In Electrostatic Loudspeakers', presented to the 63rd Convention of the Audio Engineering Society in Los Angeles in May 1979. The starting

point for the theory is the fact that the ideal loudspeaker would be a small pulsating sphere; this is not practical as a design, especially at reasonable power levels, because impossibly high pressures are required. However, we can achieve the next best thing, as follows. The sounds emitted from the ideal source take the form of expanding spheres of pressure waves. If we take an imaginary plane some 30 cm from this source and perpendicular to the line joining the source and the observer, it can be easily seen that sounds appear at the plane as a series of concentric waves radiating from the centre and getting weaker. The analogy can be made with a stone thrown into a pond, creating expanding ripples which die away with distance.

The next step is to replace the imaginary plane with a real surface, and remove the ideal source. If the plane surface can be made to vibrate so that it reproduces this pressure pattern, an observer will hear the same sounds as he would if he was listening to the ideal source itself.

Although the complete mathematical treatment would be out of place in an article such as this (besides which, I don't understand all of it myself!), the final equation has important implications for the designer. If the outer electrodes of an electrostatic speaker are a distance  $2d$  apart and  $E$  is the initial polarising voltage on the membrane when central, then a current  $I$  into the speaker terminals will produce a pressure at a distance  $r$  from the speaker equal to

$$\frac{E \cdot I \cdot 1}{d \cdot r \cdot 2\pi c}$$

Instead of the usual complicated equations (which generally have to be evaluated by approximation, even for simple shapes), we have a simple expression for the sound pressure at any point which involves only two electrical quantities and two distances, and is independent of frequency, shape or area. Thus the performance of such a loudspeaker depends entirely on the currents in its electrical circuits, and these are not circuit analogies of mechanical and acoustic systems but real (albeit complex) circuits, which can be tailored as required.

Of course, the final loudspeaker must be of finite area (unless you live in a TARDIS), so the discontinuity at the edge will generate interference waves and a fall in response at low frequencies (due to the missing radiation beyond the boundary). But the equation shows that such acoustical problems can be corrected 'merely' by adjusting the electrical currents. Furthermore, the speaker is only called on to reproduce the sound waves as found some 30 cm from the 'ideal source', so the generation of high pressures is not necessary.

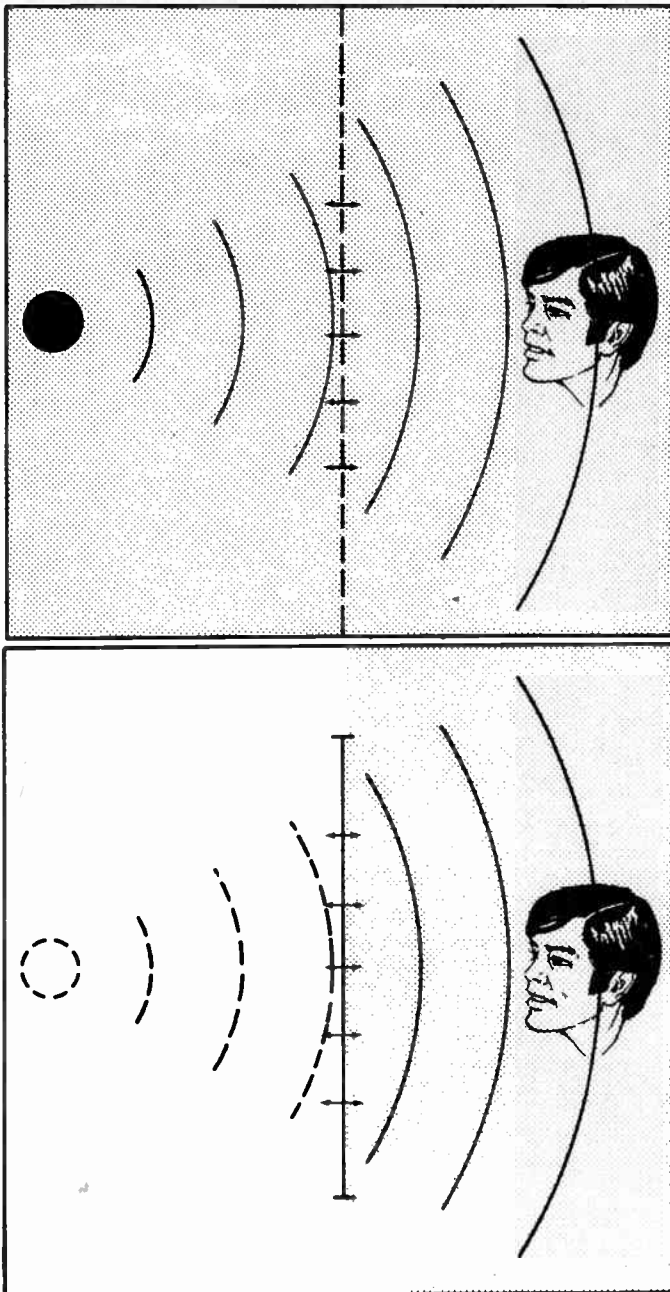


Fig. 1 The principle behind the Quad ESL-63. The air pressure pattern in a plane some 30 cm from an 'ideal' source (top) is reproduced by a membrane (bottom). To an observer the sound is the same in both cases.

## Practice Made Perfect

In practice the Quad ESL-63 fulfils the theoretical design requirements by using two sets of concentric annular electrodes. The signal from the amplifier is fed to these electrodes via a series of delay lines, thus producing the 'ripple' pressure pattern. The interference waves mentioned above appear as reflections in the delay lines; modifying the delay line to remove these reflections also eliminates the interference waves. The result is totally homogeneous sound source, phase true and without any of the faults associated with standard speaker designs.

Since the ESL-63 is a dipole source (the wags at Quad have nicknamed it FRED — Full Range Electrostatic Doublet), it has a figure-of-eight sound dispersion pattern and radiates no energy in the plane of its diaphragm. By placing the speakers at an angle to the walls of the room, excitation of both horizontal axial modes is 3 dB less than with an omnidirectional source; the vertical modes are discriminated against. Reflected sound is reduced to give improved localisation of the stereo image.

Two protection circuits are fitted to the speaker; one limits the maximum input voltage to the loudspeaker and the other shorts the signal out if a fault condition is detected (don't use these speakers if your amplifier isn't short-circuit protected!).

Quad seem to have taken rather more effort over the styling of the ESL-63 than with their previous design, and you won't have to worry about the wife refusing to have them in the living room.

## Well Developed

Development of this speaker has taken 18 years (that's right, ESL-63 stands for Electrostatic Loudspeaker 1963). Has it been worth the wait? As yet we've not been able to listen to a pair, but the frequency response shown in Fig. 3 is pretty impressive. Quad are certainly giving the ESL-63 the Rolls-Royce treatment; initial launch is to be through 'a small number of Quad dealers selected for their ability to demonstrate the outstanding qualities of the loudspeaker'. Customers will be allocated a pair of serial numbers and an anticipated manufacturing date. At £1,000 a pair (including VAT) the Quad ESL-63 is strictly up-market, but if you enjoy your music and have the money to spend, a trip to your nearest Quad dealer could be well worth the effort.

<b>Dimensions</b>	<b>SPECIFICATIONS</b>
	Height 92.5 cm
	Width 66 cm
	Depth 27 cm including 15 cm base
<b>Weight</b>	Nett 18.7 kg
	Gross 23 kg
<b>AC Supply</b>	240/200 V/120/100 V/50-60 Hz/5 VA
<b>Impedance</b>	8 R nominal
<b>Sensitivity</b>	1.5 ubar/V referred to 1 m (ie 86 dB/2.83 V <sub>RMS</sub> )
<b>Maximum Input</b>	Continuous input voltage 10 V <sub>RMS</sub> Programme peak for undistorted output 40 V <sub>PK</sub> Permitted peak input 55 V <sub>PK</sub>
<b>Maximum Output</b>	2 N/m <sup>2</sup> at 2 m on axis
<b>Directivity Index</b>	125 Hz            5 dB 500 Hz            6.4 dB 2 kHz             7.2 dB 8 kHz             10.6 dB
<b>Axis Band limits</b>	—6 dB at 35 Hz third order
<b>(Low level)</b>	—6 dB > 20 kHz

Fig. 2 (Right) Block diagram of the speaker, from the centre outwards; the black rectangles are cross-sections through the annular electrodes. The audio signal is fed directly to the innermost electrode, but passes through successive delay/attenuation circuits on its way to the outermost electrodes.

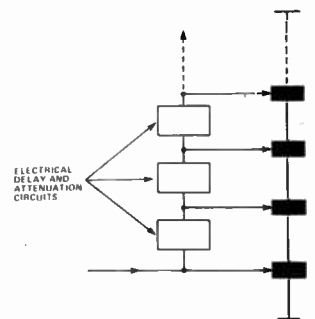
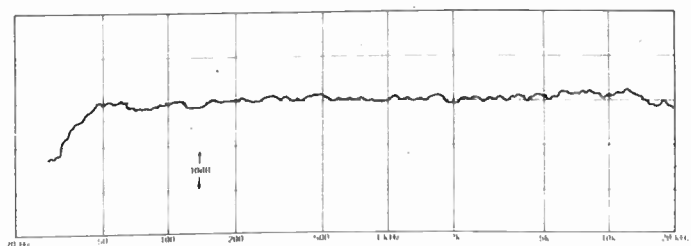


Fig. 3 (Below) The frequency response of the Quad ESL-63; this is pretty flat!



# ELECTRONICS IN SUBMARINES

As a weapon, the submarine gives immense power to its controllers as it cruises silently beneath the waves. David Chivers explores its applications, shortcomings and future possibilities as the modern creature of the deep.

The first submarine invented for military purposes was the 'Turtle'. This vessel, the creation of David Bushnell (1742-1824) carried a 150 lb explosive charge for attaching to the keel of an enemy ship. The first submarine attack was made during the American Civil War when the Confederate ship David damaged the USS New Ironside and started a new age of modern warfare. Of course any submersible is of no great military use without suitable weaponry. The earliest weapons were explosive charges projecting from the submarine on a spar. These were laid against the target, and it was hoped that the submarine would be at a safe distance when the explosion occurred. Static explosives used in this way became known as mines while the first automotive torpedo was produced in 1868 by Robert Whitehead.

Whitehead's torpedoes were originally fired from ships and the first sinking claimed for the torpedo was in 1878 when two Russian merchantmen sank a Turkish steamer. However, in 1885 torpedo tubes were fitted into a submarine and though remaining a useful weapon in smaller surface vessels, it is in the hands of the sub-mariner that the torpedo comes into its own. By 1914 the British 21" torpedo — still the standard gauge — could cover 6,000 m at 40 knots.

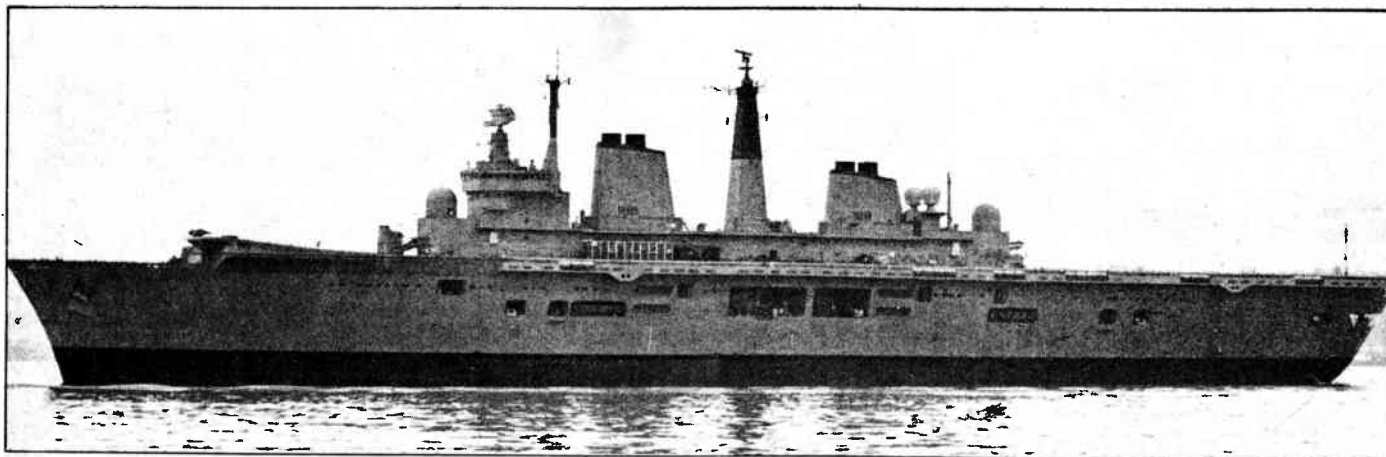
## The First World War

It was not the British, but the German torpedo which was to have the most drastic effect in the First World War. Being dependent on her sea lanes for raw materials Britain was — and still is — vulnerable to siege by submarine. Here the submarine was being used not simply as a naval weapon, but as a strategic

weapon. The first torpedo attack from a submarine was made by U-15 which fired a torpedo at HMS Monarch. The torpedo either failed to reach its target or failed to detonate. After the outcry in the US over the sinking of the Luisitania on 7th May 1915, with the casualties including 143 US nationals, the Germans called an end to unrestricted submarine warfare. However, in 1917 the German High Command calculated that if submarines were once again allowed to attack all vessels in the North Atlantic, Britain would be forced to surrender within five months. Although the resumption of unrestricted submarine warfare brought the US into the war, losses ran at 800,000 tons per month and Britain came close to collapse — Admiral Jellicoe gave Britain until July 1917 before food ran out. On 10th May, at the insistence of Lloyd George, ships were being sent in protected convoys and the results — both in reduction of losses, and gains in submarines destroyed — were spectacular. Although eight million tons of shipping had been lost by the end of that year, Britain survived.

## Sound Developments

Another development emerged from the experience of the First World War — Asdic, developed by an Allied scientific committee from which it took its name. The principle was simple — a short pulse of high frequency sound is radiated from a sonic transducer. Any large dense object close enough to be detected reflects the pulse which is picked up by an array of hydrophones. The time taken for the pulse to be reflected is an indication of the distance of the object. The development of this simple idea became known later by its American name —



HMS Invincible, an ASW cruiser. The ramp near the bows is for launching Sea Harrier jump jets.

# All these advantages...

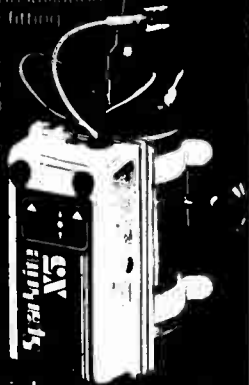
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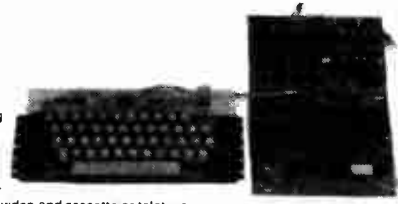
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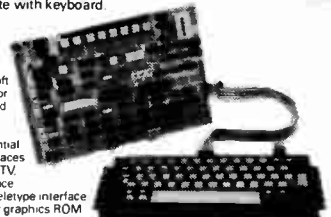
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CPU card can accommodate either 8K of static memory or 8 2708 EPROMS. This allows for inclusion of standard firmware on board. ASSEMBLER Version 2.0 of ZEAP (Z80 Editor Assembler Package) offers in 4K features found normally only in far larger programs. A comprehensive line editor is provided in addition to an assembler operating in standard Z80 mnemonics. Direct assembly to memory allows immediate program execution. ZEAP can take advantage of special features of NAS-SYS, which was itself developed on this assembler. Supplied on tape at £30.00+VAT, or in 4 x 2708 EPROMs at £50.00+VAT. DISASSEMBLER The NAS-DIS 3K disassembler reverses the effect of assemblers such as ZEAP by turning machine code into assembler program, automatically labelling and cross-referencing to produce a complete program listing, saving hours of tedious hand disassembly when program analysis is required. Supplied in 3 x 2708 EPROMs at £37.50+VAT. DIAGNOSTIC PACKAGE: NAS-DEBUG is a 1K addition to NAS-DIS which provides remarkable facilities for error elimination, including a full register display which may be edited by the cursor. An unusual feature is the provision for examination of the program in assembler as the machine single-steps through it. A second video page may be assigned to allow work on programs which use the screen. A very powerful assembler-based system for program development could be realised on a NASCOM-2 with appropriate external memory by fitting the 8 ROMs containing ZEAP, NAS-DIS and NAS-DEBUG into the sockets on the computer board. This system would function immediately on switching on, without needing programs to be loaded from tape. Supplied in a 2708 EPROM at £15.00+VAT and must be operated with NAS-DIS.

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By using transistor switches in place of SW1 and SW2 and ensuring that they are driven by a fast symmetrical square wave between cut-off and fully bottomed conditions, the two signals applied are effectively 'shared' between the common output terminals.

The essential features of a practical circuit are fast switching, clean waveforms with good rise times, reasonably high input impedance and low output impedance, independent amplitude controls on both signal channels, a shift function allowing signals to be superimposed or interchanged, negligible interaction or interference between channels and a good transient response. Another useful function, often incorporated in commercial units, is a method of allowing the oscilloscope to be externally synchronised or triggered from either channel signal by means of a switched Sync/Trig output. This is particularly useful when signals of differing frequency are under consideration.

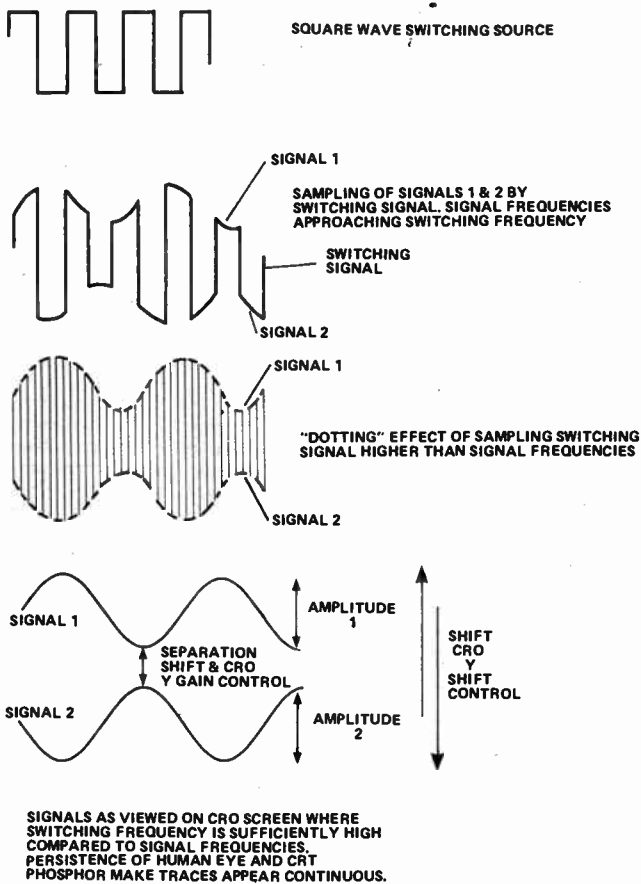


Fig. 1 Waveforms showing the operation of the beam switching unit.

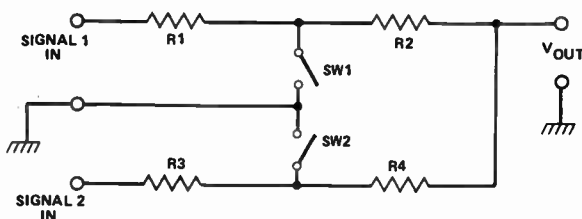
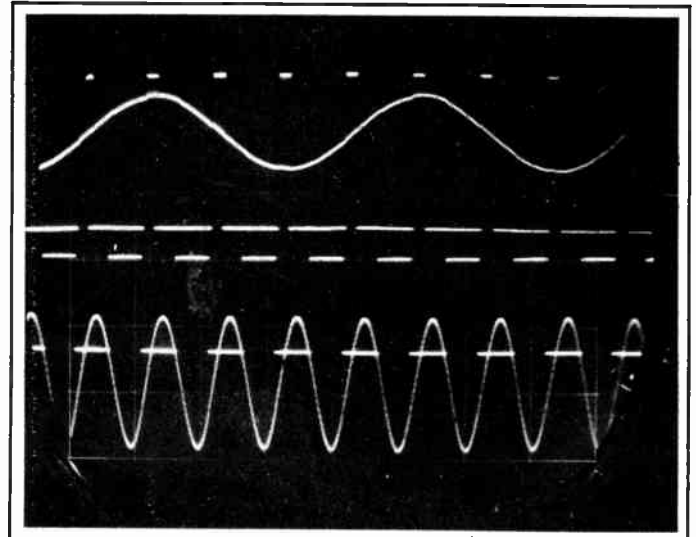


Fig. 2 This simplified circuit shows the principle of operation.



This photograph is of a multi-channel display using two beam switching units feeding into a double beam oscilloscope. The scope is set to a Y amplifier sensitivity of 100 mV/cm, and a sweep rate of 5 ms/cm. From top to bottom the traces are: Channel 1 — 50 Hz sine wave; Channel 2 — 1 ms pulses derived from Channel 3; Channel 3 — 200 Hz square wave; Channel 4 — 200 Hz sine wave.

## PARTS LIST

### Resistors (all 1/2 W, 5%)

R1	5R6
R2,5,6,7,16	1k0
R3,4	47k
R8,9	220k
R10,11	10k
R12,13	22k
R14,17	100k
R15	680k

### Potentiometers

RV1	5k0 linear wirewound
RV2,3	100k linear wirewound

### Capacitors

C1,2	470p mica or ceramic
C3,4	100n polyester

### Semiconductors

Q1,2,5,6,7	BCY70
Q3,4	BC107
ZD1	BZY88 5V6
ZD2	BZY88 3V3

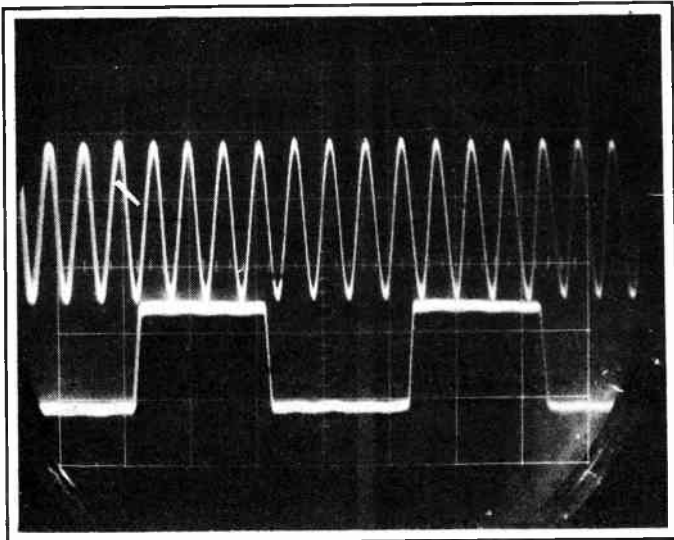
### Miscellaneous

SPDT slide switch, coaxial sockets (4 off), case to suit

## SPECIFICATION

Measured input impedance at 1 kHz	30k
Measured output impedance at 1 kHz	7k5
Maximum output (peak-to-peak)	2 V
Sync amp gain at 1 kHz	3 dB (approx)
Shift control allows 100% overlap without interaction	
Channel frequency response	
200 kHz	-3 dB
350 kHz	-6 dB
Supply 9 V DC ± 25%	
Drain at 9 V	28 mA
Switching frequency	25 kHz (approx)





Here the output from a single beam switching unit is being displayed on a single beam oscilloscope. The Y amplifier sensitivity is 50 mV/cm and the sweep rate is 5 ms/cm. Channel 1 (at the top) is a 400 Hz sine wave; Channel 2 is a 50 Hz square wave. No trace of 'dotting' is evident in either picture.

## Final Design

As may be seen from the specification, all the above features are catered for in the circuit shown in Fig. 3. The device is intended as a beam switching unit and not an oscilloscope preamplifier. In practice, the unit can be applied to Y amplifiers with sensitivities in the 50-250 mV/cm range, though it worked quite well outside this range, depending on the signal drive and channel amplitude setting. An average oscilloscope working sensitivity was found to be in the 100 mV/cm range.

The construction of the unit is quite simple and neither the layout nor the DC supply are at all critical. In practice the unit should offer no problems. If a calibration signal is available from the oscilloscope the two channel inputs may be connected to this source. The unit output is connected to the CRO Y input. The Y amplifier sensitivity can be switched to the 100 mV/cm range (or nearest sensitivity) and RV2, 3 adjusted to give signals of reasonable amplitude. It should be possible to get approximately 2 V peak-to-peak with RV2, 3 at maximum

setting before distortion sets in (the Y amplifier sensitivity will have to be adjusted to suit, eg 0.5 V/cm).

The shift control, RV1, should allow the traces to be displayed one above the other or superimposed. There should be no discernible interaction between channels. The CRO Y shift allows both traces to be simultaneously moved up or down.

By connecting the Sync/Trig output to the CRO external Sync/Trig input terminal (some oscilloscopes do not have this feature) and switching to external Sync/Trig with different frequency inputs to both channels it should be possible to select synchronisation to either channel by means of SW1.

The transient response is excellent, there being no discernible overshoot or droop even when displaying square waves and pulses having fast rise times (in the region of 200 ns).

## HOW IT WORKS

Supply is from a 9 V battery or external power unit, the necessary voltage levels being obtained by zener diodes ZD1,2. Q1,2 form a conventional multivibrator circuit, antiphase outputs being developed across collector load resistors R2,5. These outputs are DC-coupled to the bases of Q3,4, which are simply emitter follower stages. These provide low impedance output drive to the switching circuit, sharpen up the multivibrator waveform and also serve to isolate the signal switches from the switching source. The outputs from the emitter followers are DC-coupled to the switching circuits Q5, 6 (corresponding to SW1,2 in Fig.2). These circuits are referred to a different DC supply level than the rest of the circuit, the common earth being approximately 3V3 negative to the positive line. This ensures that they are switched hard between the two extreme on/off conditions. Q5,6 are connected in the inverted mode. The out-of-phase switching waveforms are applied to the base inputs, the transistors being alternately switched on and off. The small transient spikes generated at the emitters due to the rapid switching action have no noticeable effect on the final CRT display.

The signal inputs are fed via amplitude control potentiometers RV2,3, R12,13 to the emitters. The common output is taken from each emitter in turn via R10,11. Shift control is achieved by the application of a small change in DC voltage to the emitter of Q5. RV1, connected across the main DC supply, provides this bias via isolation resistor R14.

The two signal inputs are also taken to the Sync amplifier Q7, R8,9 providing isolation while SW1 allows the selection of the Sync/Trig signal from either channel. Q7 provides approximately 3 dB voltage gain, the output developed across R16 being AC-coupled to the Sync/Trig output via C4. R17 provides a discharge path and defines the Sync/Trig output.

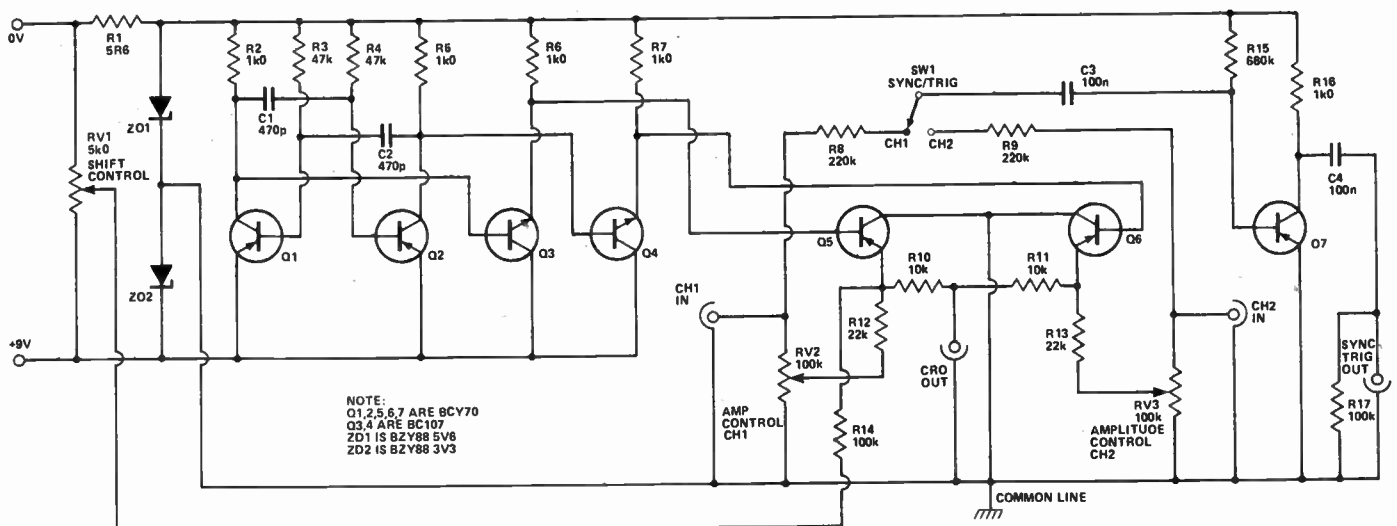
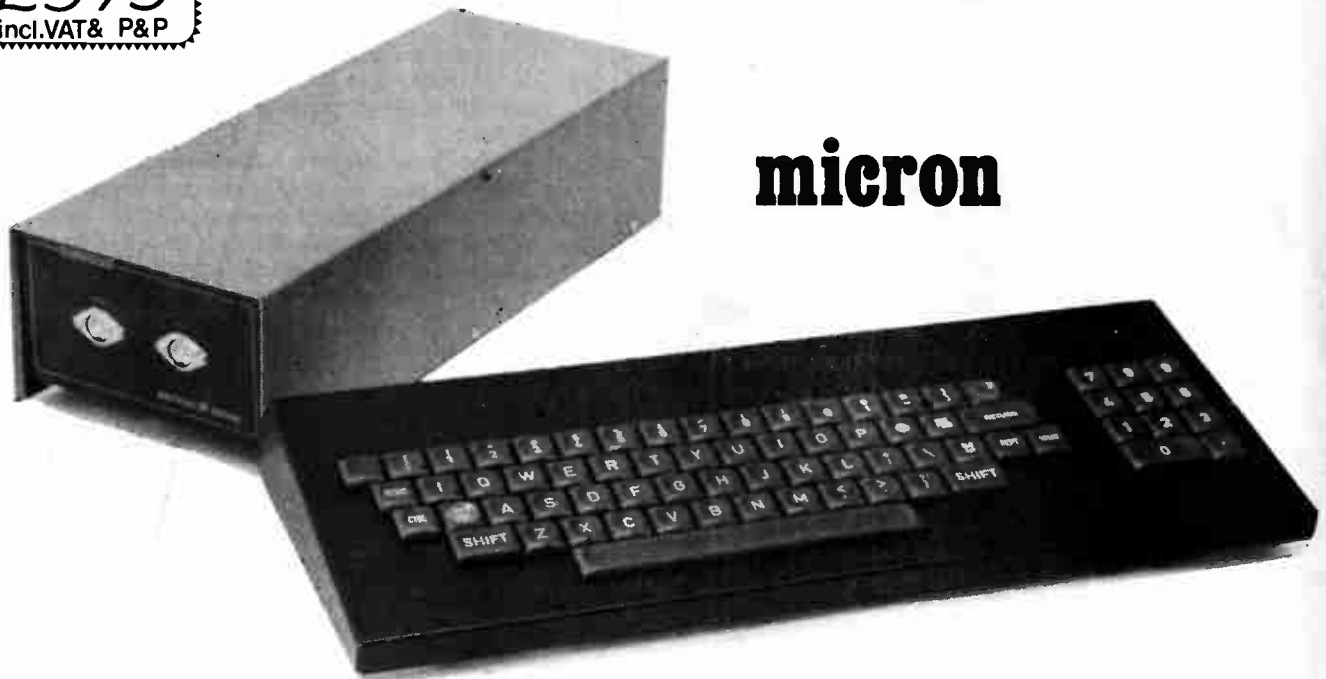


Fig. 3 Diagram showing the final circuit.

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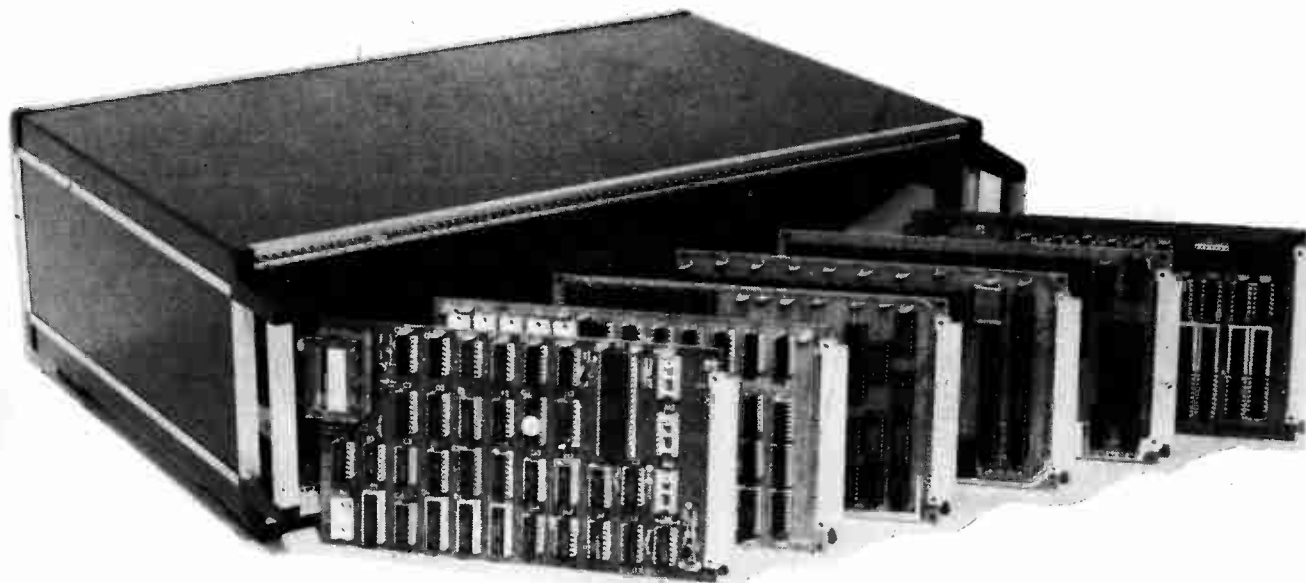
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# SOLAR ENERGY

One of the many proposed solutions to the energy crisis has been the direct production of electricity by solar cells. In this article Dr. I. Berkovitch takes a look at the progress in this field.

**D**irect generation of electricity by solar cells is attractive because they create no material or noise pollution; have no moving parts needing maintenance; can be made in modular form, delivered to site; and do not consume fossil fuels. Then why are they not more widely used? The obvious answer is based on their cost. In remote places on earth, or in satellites, the consideration of first cost is outweighed by other issues. But for 'normal' use they will have to become much cheaper.

Opening the solar electric session at a recent conference<sup>1</sup> T. J. Coutts and R. Hill quoted current estimates of the US Department of Energy as being \$7000/kW of generating capacity for solar cells against about \$1000/kW for fossil fuel fired generating stations. It is thought that solar cell systems will become competitive at around \$2000/kW in about six years because of inflation in the costs of fossil fuel sources. Official estimates are based on the assumption that this reduction in cost will be achieved and that the solar cell industry will be producing 2 GW per year by the year 2000. Eventually they are expected to contribute up to 30% of US electricity and to be supplying a world market of several tens of gigawatts.

An industry on this scale will obviously need large supplies. Table 1 therefore summarises the principal solar cells under development and gives estimates of the mass of rare element needed in each case per gigawatt per micrometre thickness assuming 10% conversion efficiency. After considering these figures against estimates of world reserves, Coutts and Hill have concluded that thin film devices are likely to be essential. Of these, only the amorphous silicon cell and the thin CdS-Cu<sub>2</sub>S or CdZnS-Cu<sub>2</sub>S cells will be free of serious problems of material supply.

## Autonomous Systems Or Connected To Grid?

Where primary solar electric generation is already used in autonomous units, it needs built-in storage for times when sunshine is poor or absent. In areas where there is a grid available, the solar generator can be connected to the grid — eliminating the need for storage since the grid can be drawn on to meet excess load and can accept surplus output. These may be called contributory systems; they have their own problems. P. R. Wolfe estimated that in the Middle East a community of 50 houses could run basic internal and street lighting, a refrigerator, educational TV and a shallow well pump from a 3 kW (peak) solar array. Built as a decentralised system to reduce transmission losses, this system could use existing roof areas. It needs from 13 to 20 sq m per kW and would best be used with DC appliances. Storage adds to the costs and whether this system or connection to a grid is adopted depends on the comparative economics of installation and operation. Current comparisons are shown in Fig. 1.

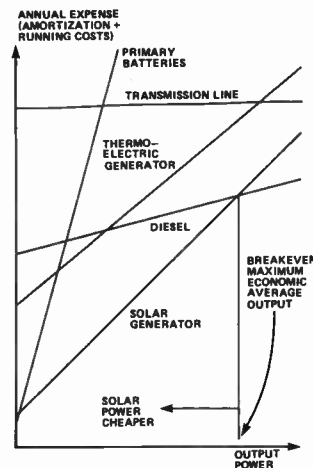


Fig. 1 The comparative costs of providing electrical power at remote locations. Below a certain output power, solar energy is cheaper than any of the alternatives.

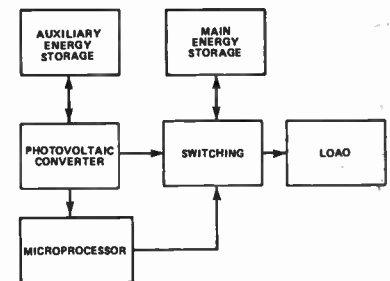


Fig. 2 Block diagram of the microprocessor converter optimiser proposed by El-Hosseiny Taha El-Shirbeeny.

When a grid is available, and the system connected to it, Wolfe still recommends localised rooftop systems rather than 'unimaginative' major stations covering acres. In the UK an average 50 sq m of area on the roof is reckoned to be able to generate an average of 10 kWh/day, and new buildings could be designed to take solar arrays on the roof. Each individual user will then need to have a power conditioning unit with two functions. It 'conditions' the output from the solar array so that it operates continually at optimum efficiency; it also converts the DC to AC with a suitable waveform for direct connection to the grid. Efficiencies of over 90% are expected for microprocessor-controlled units. These contributory systems are seen as the secondary stage of development of solar electric equipment. Solar costs relative to fuel costs have already fallen fast and they are expected in due course to make contributory systems viable in terms of fuel saving alone.

A microprocessor-based converter optimiser has also been proposed by El-Hosseiny Taha El-Shirbeeny as a minimum-cost solution to meet criteria for reliability, continuity and quiet switching. Figure 2 shows a diagram of his converter system and Fig. 3 is a block diagram of the hardware.

Most of the work is done in three interrupt service routines — the control program, the computation program and the display program. The routine for the control program is shown in Fig. 4. The analogue output voltage and current from the photovoltaic converter are measured, the converter power computed and compared with the optimum limits. The manual mode is then checked. If it is not requested, the optimiser uses the electronic switching to connect the load circuit.

## The Solar Power Satellite

The most ambitious of all solar power projects is that of the solar power geo-stationary satellite. To many people the concept seems like a bit of science fiction. Yet all the serious assessments have led to the conclusion that it is technically feasible, economically viable and can be realised in practice. The essence of it is converting solar energy into electricity in space, where much higher insolation levels are available than on earth, then transmitting the energy to earth under control.

First proposed by Dr Peter Glaser in 1968, the Solar Power Satellite (SPS) has since been the subject of major studies, notably by the US National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). The latest evaluation programme has covered

- system definition
- societal assessment
- environmental assessment
- comparative assessment

A baseline reference system has been adopted by NASA to form a common design basis for assessments. This is a 50 sq km array of solar cells placed in geo-stationary orbit, converting solar energy into DC electricity, and then to a microwave signal at 2.45 GHz, directed in a beam to a ground receiving station. There it is absorbed by an array of dipole elements in a receiving and rectifying antenna — known as a rectenna — and converted to low frequency AC (Figs. 5 and 6).

R. M. Shelton and R. A. Henderson summarise the conclusions of a major symposium on the subject in April 1980 as indicating that there are no 'show-stoppers' in any area; SPS is a serious contender for consideration in future energy scenarios, but of course it will need a truly operational and economic space transport system.

British studies have led to the view that there are big opportunities for UK industry in the concept; but it would all have to be on so large a scale that government support would be essential, a national organisation would need to be created,

and the activity would have to be part of a European contribution. It was thought that 20 to 30 years would be necessary to realise SPS but we need a shorter-term target. "What is required" write Shelton and Henderson "is a project capable of realisation in 5 - 10 years in which the technologies and capabilities necessary to contribute to SPS can be acquired and developed."

Would the project really be economic in the conditions of UK and Western Europe? P. Q. Collins and R. Tomkins have used the NASA reference design to examine the cost implications taking into account load factors, reliability, system planning and integration, rectenna siting and transmission. They comment that since this is a space project, most of the work on it has been done by the space industry. Their own estimates start by taking the average works cost of electric power generated by nuclear plant (the cheapest) as 0.9p/kWh in 1978/9. The maximum prices that could be paid for microwave 'fuel' to meet this target at 90% and at 70% load factors are shown in Table 2.

What would now be useful would be for the utilities themselves to evaluate the cost of building and operating a rectenna, in order to make their own assessments of the maximum 'fuel' cost for the microwave energy.

In addition to cost there will also be the problem at the grid interface of variation of output. There will be long-term factors including deterioration of solar cells and other components, and shorter-term ones due to such factors as ionospheric scintillations. For shorter-term levelling, proposals examined have included using batteries, flywheels, superconducting magnets where the magnetic field acts as the store, electrolysing water for hydrogen production and storage or even load control schemes where tariffs would reflect the inconvenience of interruptible supply.

Hydrogen production is considered the cheapest form of load levelling if hydrogen were needed for making fuel (according to R.V. Gelsthorpe and R. H. Swansborough); but if the emphasis were on electrical power directly, then batteries would be favoured. Hydroelectric pumped storage is seen as a longer-term levelling option. Conventional generators would be needed in any case for stand-by duty. Overall, there is a general air of optimism that photovoltaic methods will be contributing increasingly in the near future to our power needs.

Fig. 4 Software flowchart for the control program — one of the three interrupt service routines used by this system.

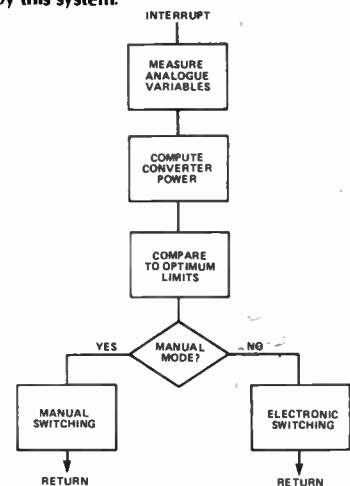
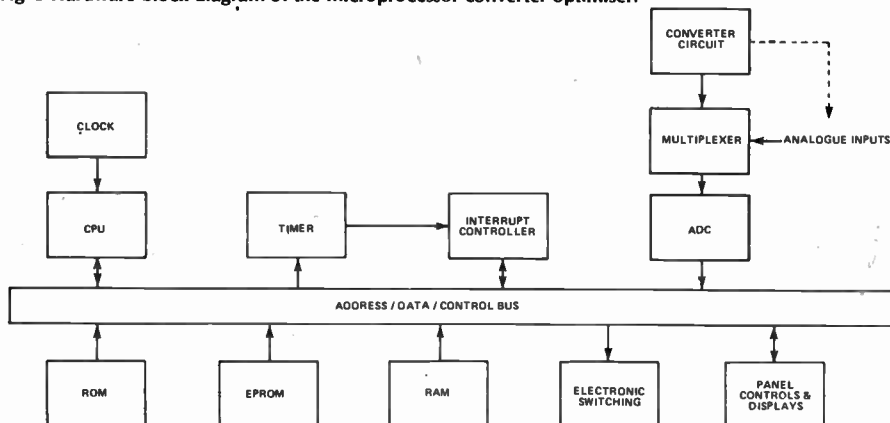


Fig. 3 Hardware block diagram of the microprocessor converter optimiser.



Semiconductor(s) Involved	Type of Cell	Rare Element	Density (Kgm m <sup>3</sup> )	Maximum Recorded Efficiency	Mass of Rare Element Required per GW** per um Thickness (tonnes)	Mode of Operation
Si	single crystal		2200	18	22	Flat plate or low concentration
	amorphous thin film			6		
CdS/Cu <sub>2</sub> S	thin film	Cd	8650	9	67.3	Flat plate
CdS/InP	single crystal	Cd and	8650	14	67.3	Only feasible with concentration
	InP all thin film	In	7310	5	57.6	
ITO*/InP	single crystal	In	7310	14	57.6	Only feasible with concentration
CdS/CuInSe <sub>2</sub>	thin film	Cd	8650	6	67.3	Flat plate
		In	7310		24.9	
CdS/CdTe	thin film	Cd	8650	6	107.8	Flat plate
		Te	6240		33.2	
GaAs/Ga <sub>x</sub> Al <sub>1-x</sub> As <sup>+</sup>	single crystal thin film	Ga	6095	23	37.1	Very high concentration flat plate
				5		

\* ITO = Indium Tin Oxide  
 \*\* Based on assumed 10% efficiency  
 + x taken as 0.2

Table 1. Principal solar cells under development.

### References

- 'Future Energy Concepts'. 3rd International Conference. Organised by the Institution of Electrical Engineers, in association with 17 other institutes and associations of engineers, 1981.
- Claser, P. E. 'Power from the sun: its future'. Science Vol. 162, Nov. 22, 1968.

(P. Q. Collins and R. Tomkins)  
 Maximum rectenna 'fuel' cost for base load operation

Capital Cost	Operating Cost		Target Cost	Maximum Fuel Cost	
	90% Load Factor	70% Load Factor		90% Load Factor	70% Load Factor

200 E/kW	.08p/kWh	.10p/kWh	.90p/kWh	.82p/kWh	.80p/kWh
300	.11	.15	.90	.79	.75
400	.15	.20	.90	.75	.70
500	.19	.24	.90	.71	.65
600	.23	.29	.90	.67	.61

Table 2. Operating costs for the rectenna.

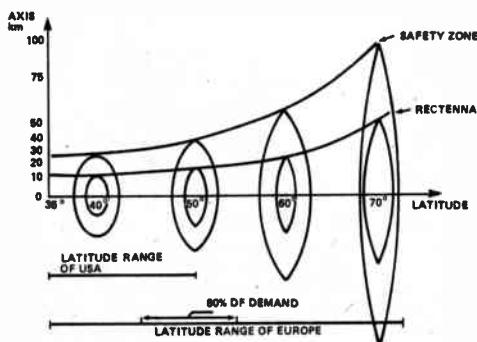


Fig. 5 A major disadvantage of the Solar Power Satellite is the large size of the rectenna. The graph shows the long axis as a function of latitude.

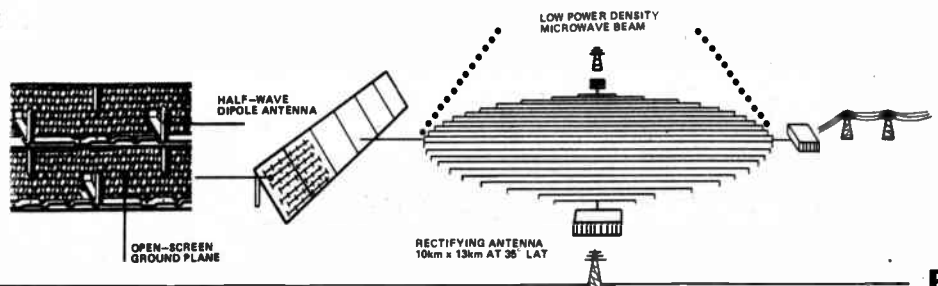
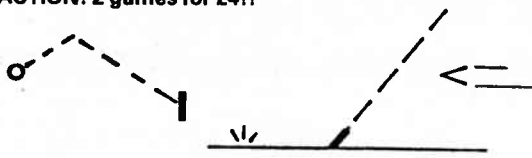


Fig. 6 Structure of the receiving and rectifying antenna — 'rectenna'.

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002	10	027 250v E0 08	033	400v E0 09	047 400v E0 10	10	100	18 25 100 20
032	10	1/250v E0 10	022 250v	E0 08	047 250v E0 09	47	25	16 47 40 19
015 250	10 12	060 250v	E0 10	1/250v	E0 13	47	20	47 100 24
022 250	10 14	27 250v	E0 16	47 250v	E0 26	100	25	20 100 40 19
01 100v	0 12	33 100v	E0 20	231 100v	E0 16	47 100v	E0 25	100 53 21 100 100 44
022 100	0 45	33 100v	E0 20	68 100v	E0 30	01 100v	E0 40	220 16 19 220 25 22
0 47 100	0 26	68 100v	E0 34	Other values stock ed prices or reduced			220 40	24 220 63 45
						220 100	67	470 18 23
						470 40	47	470 63 72
						470 100	116	1000 16 45
						1000 40	35	1000 25 60
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						2200 40	123	4700 16 120
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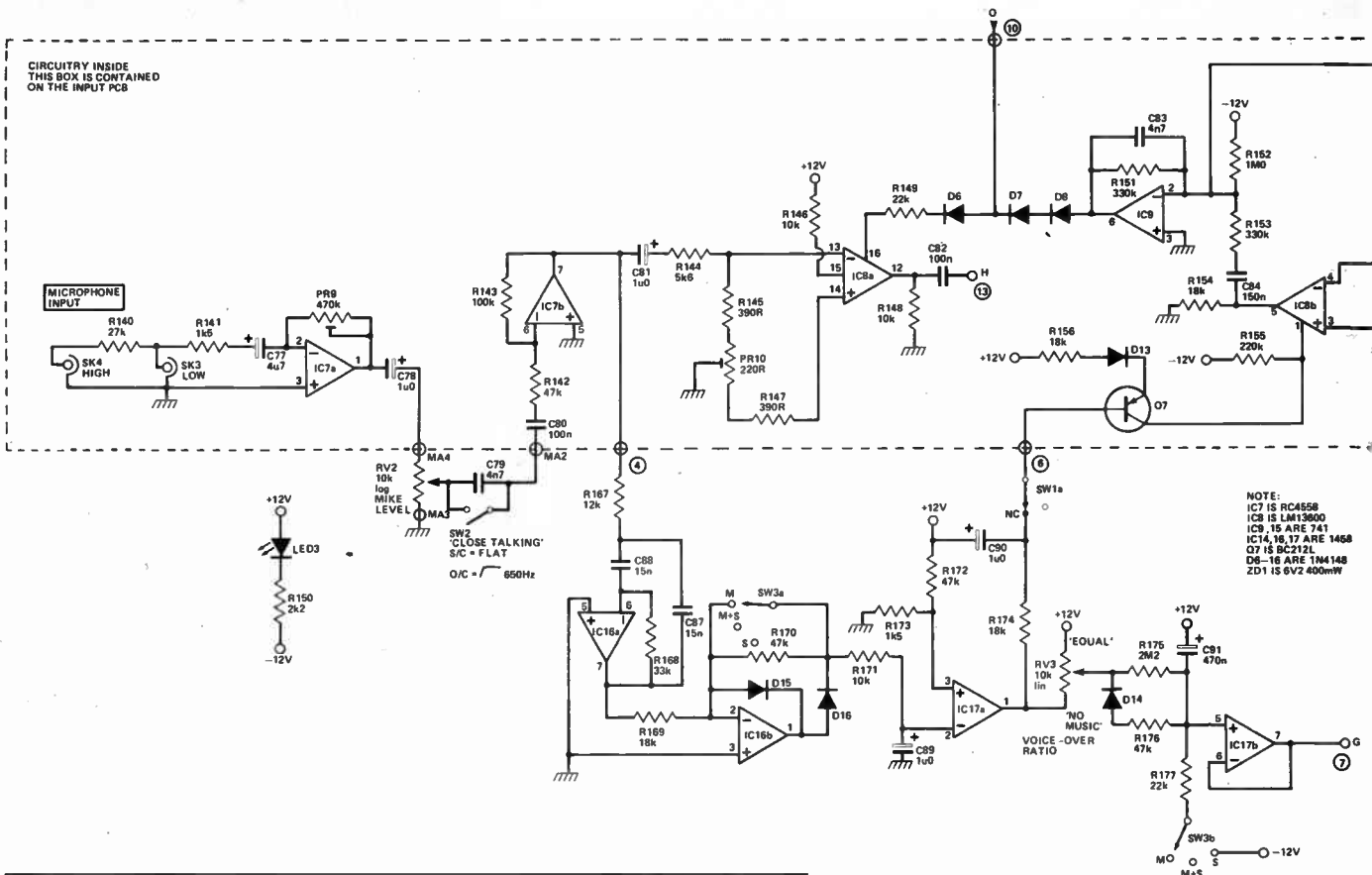


Fig. 1 (Above) Circuit diagram of the microphone preamplifier, voice-over and growl circuitry. The project is built on two PCBs linked by ribbon cable and Molex connectors — circled numbers are ribbon cable terminals and MA2,3,4 are the pins of Molex plug 'A' (see overlays next month).

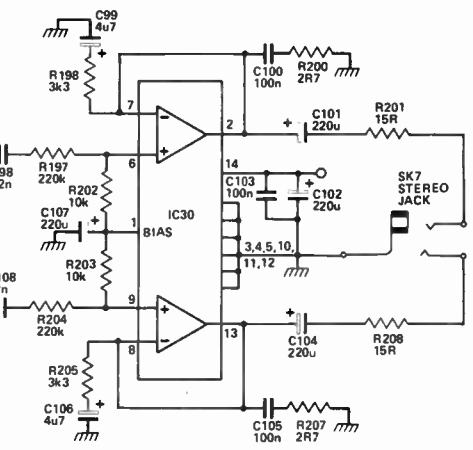
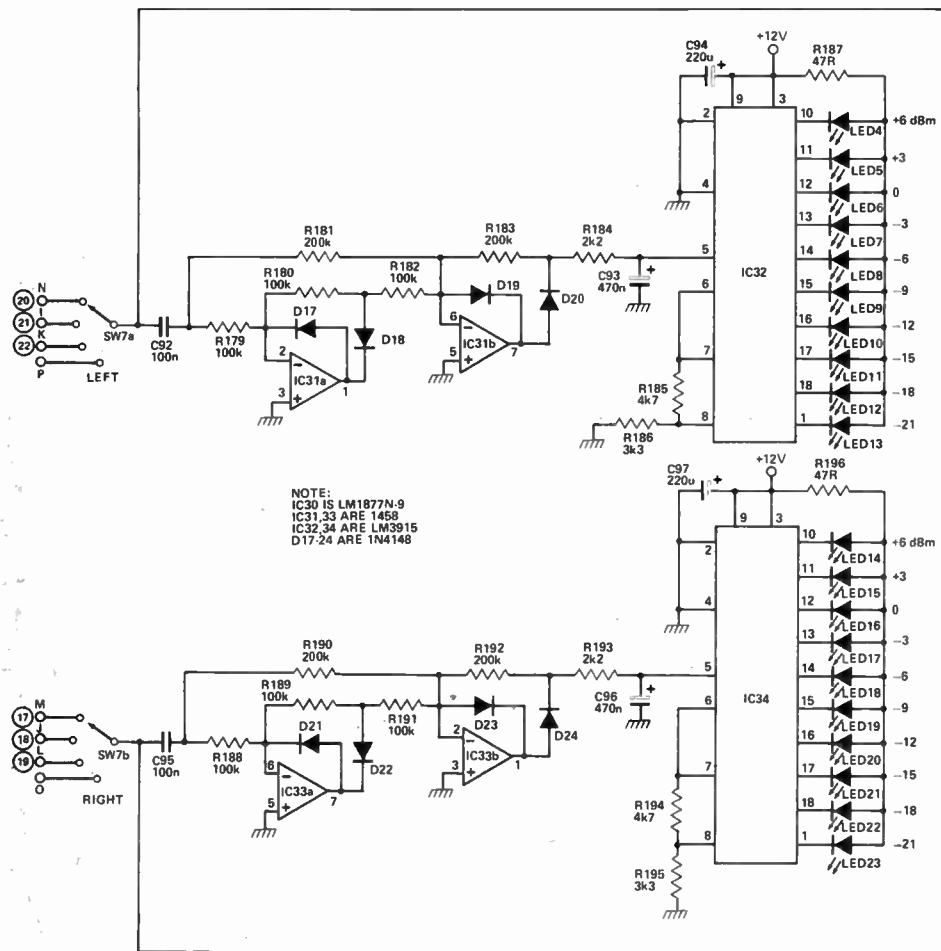


Fig. 2. The monitor section of the DJ90. The LED displays can show the level of one of the three music channels or the output signal. SK7 is not PCB-mounting; the connections to the panel board are made via Molex plug 'B'.

## HOW IT WORKS

The microphone preamplifier (IC7) can accept high and low impedance sources. The amplified signal is fed to IC8 and to IC16. IC16 is a low Q band-pass filter (speech bandwidth) and an envelope follower. A comparator (IC17a) detects when the signal level has exceeded a preset threshold set by R172, 173. When this happens the comparator output goes low, generating a waveform at IC17b pin 7 that attenuates the music level in the three music channels. This is known as voice-over or ducking. The level to which the music is attenuated is controlled by RV3.

The comparator also enables the growl function. IC14 and IC15 form a variable frequency sine wave oscillator. The sine wave output passes through a VCA (IC8b) which is turned on when the comparator goes low. This prevents the sine wave breaking through when no speech is present. The sine wave is level-shifted by IC9 and is used to amplitude-modulate the microphone signal using the VCA IC8a. The output of this VCA goes straight to the output mixer of the unit, IC26, as already mentioned. A mode control switch SW3 determines which signal sources are enabled. S selects speech only, M + S selects music with voice-over, and M selects music only. However, in this last mode the override function may be used (SW8). The override slightly attenuates the music channels and turns on the microphone channel.

As all the signal switching is performed with band-limited control voltages, virtually clickless switching is produced. The control voltages are converted into currents by differential transistor pairs Q1,2, Q3,4 and Q5,6. These currents are then used to drive the VCAs. The relationship between voltage and attenuation is ultimately logarithmic. The voice-over control voltage is injected into the transistor pairs via R75, 76. A negative-going voltage attenuates all music channels. Override attenuation is produced by robbing part of the control current down D3,4,5. The individual channel gain is determined by the emitter current. This can be defined by slider settings (RV5, 14, 15) or by the auto-pan control voltages. When in the auto mode, the output of IC29 ramps linearly up and down under the control of SW4. Complementary versions of this waveform are produced at the output of IC28a and IC28b. Thus the magnitude of the emitter currents in Q1, 2 and Q3, 4 are complementary and so as the output of IC29 ramps up and down automatic panning between decks is performed.

The monitor section is a pre-fade listen for all three music channels and a post-fade listen of the output signal. Full wave rectifiers (IC31a, IC33a) and peak envelope followers (IC31b, IC33b) monitor the signal level and provide the drive signal for the LM3915 PPM units (IC32, 33). A dual medium power amplifier (IC30) generates the headphone output. There is no level control on this output and so R201, 208 should be altered to suit the headphones.

The mixer requires a  $\pm 12$  V supply derived via voltage regulators in a completely standard circuit.

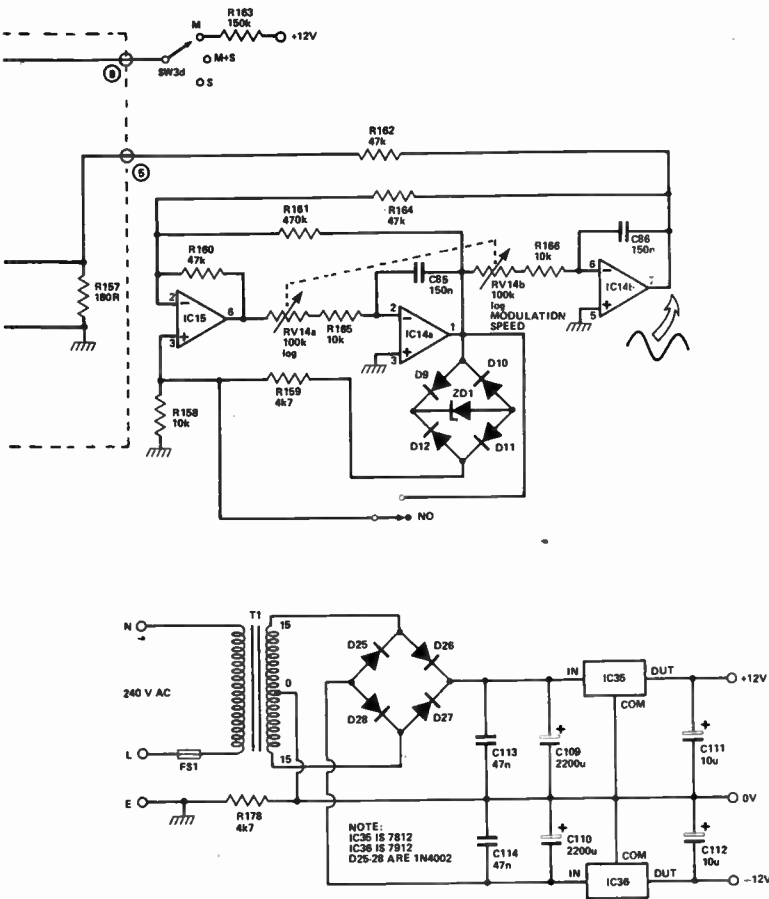


Fig. 3 Circuit diagram of a suitable power supply.

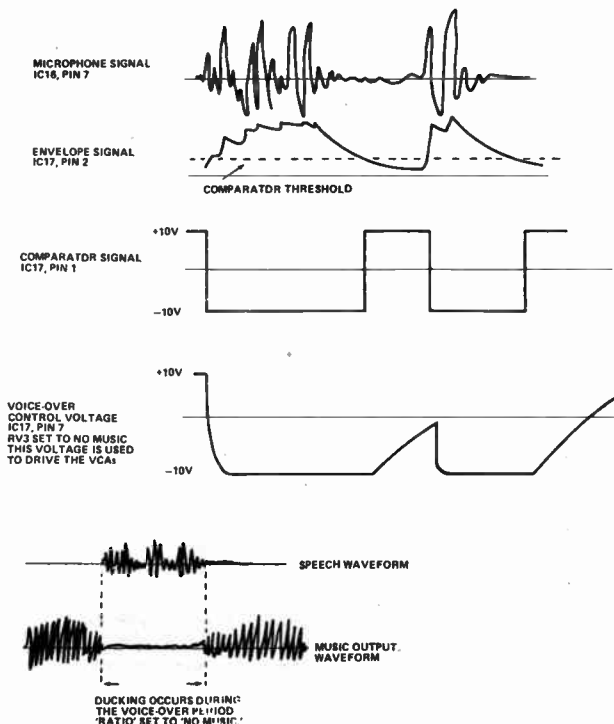
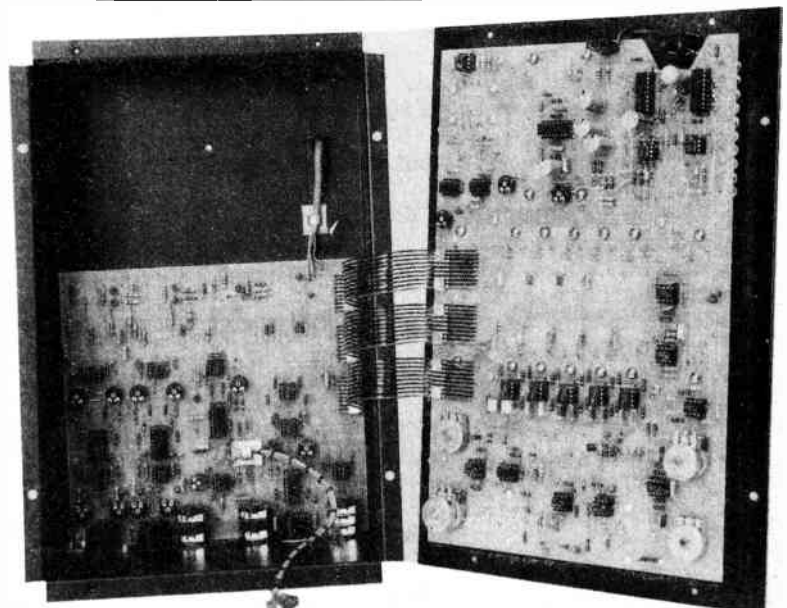


Fig. 4 Waveforms associated with the voice-over circuit.



The DJ90 is built on two PCBs, the large double-sided panel board and the smaller, single-sided input board. Interconnections are made with three 10-way ribbon cables and a Molex connector, which can be seen wired to the centre of the input board.

Next month we conclude the DJ90 project with a description of the input and equaliser circuitry, and the overlays for the three boards.

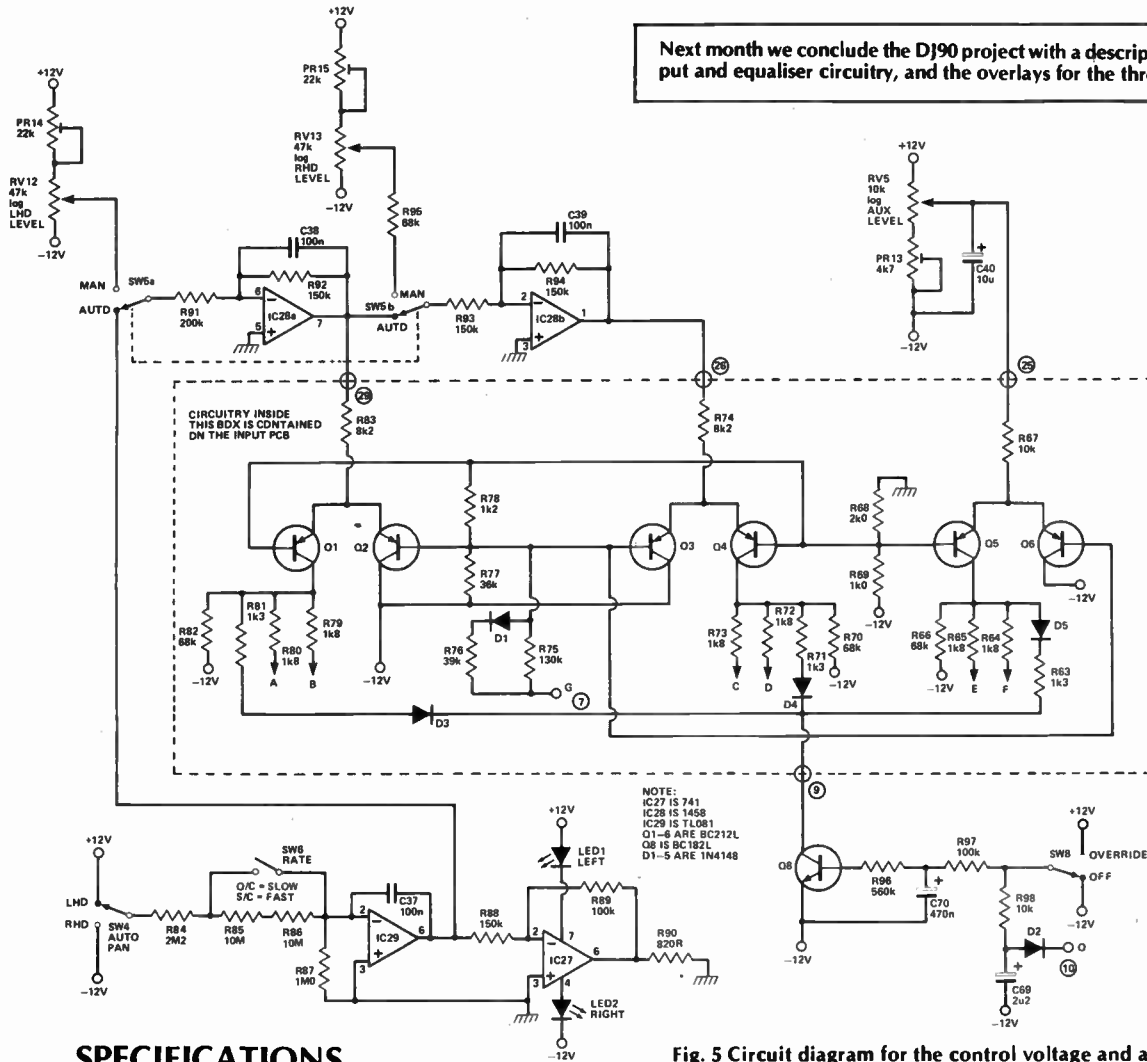


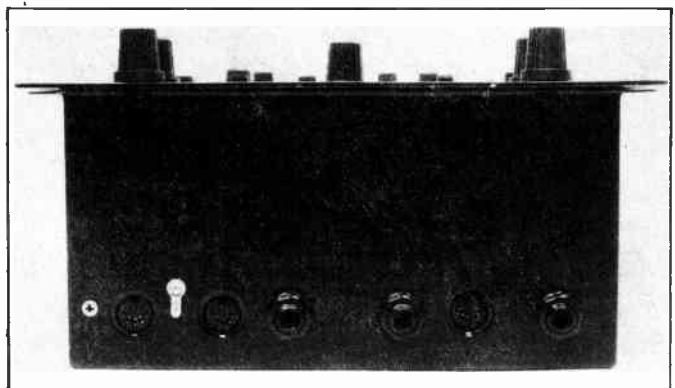
Fig. 5 Circuit diagram for the control voltage and autopan block.

## SPECIFICATIONS

- Size:** 22.5 x 33.0 x 10.5 cm
- Deck input impedance:** 47k in parallel with 47pF. Deck inputs have RIAA equalisation.
- Auxiliary input sensitivity:** -6 dBm into 47k.
- Microphone channel gain:** 56.5 dB into 1k5 (low)  
31.0 dB into 28k5 (high)
- Normal output level, output slider set at maximum:** +6 dBm into 600R.
- Equaliser frequencies:** 50, 200, 800, 3200, 12800 Hz. ±15 dB.
- Beat lift frequency:** 90 Hz, 0 to +13 dB
- Noise performance:**  
RIAA preamplifier output noise (input open circuit): -73 dBm  
VCA driven by noise from RIAA stage: -71 dBm (on) and -115 dBm (off)  
AUX VCA output: -81 dBm (on) and -115 dBm (off)  
IC12 mixer output: -105 dBm all three music channels off.  
-81 dBm with AUX channel on.  
-71 dBm with one deck on.  
-69 dBm with both decks and AUX on.
- Microphone equivalent input noise:** -117 dBm (ie 1  $\mu\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$ )
- Minimum slider attenuation on music inputs:** 66 dB.
- Override attenuation:** 6 dB.

## BUYLINES

A complete set of parts for this project, including fully finished metalwork, nuts, bolts etc, will be available from Powertran Electronics for £97.50 plus VAT for the mixer and £9.90 plus VAT for the power supply, post free. For delivery by Securicor add £2.50 (VAT inclusive). Powertran also supply the separate parts for the mixer, eg metalwork set, PCB, semiconductors etc. Telephone Andover 64455 or write to Powertran Electronics, Portway Industrial Estate, Andover, Hants SP10 3NM.



The back panel, showing the input and output sockets and the deck earthing tag. ETI

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Electronic Engineers Reference Book (Ed. 4) L. W. Turner £38.00  
 Electronic Components M. A. Colwell £3.40  
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 International Transistor Selector T. D. Towers New update £10.70  
 International FET Selector T. D. Towers New update £4.60  
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 Printed Circuit Assembly Hughes & Colwell £3.40

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— with the calibration switch up, the circuitry counts the 50 Hz pulses from the transformer secondary. Two presets have to be adjusted, one for each of your chosen ranges (I decided on miles per hour and knots), until the display agrees with the calibration tables in the manual. Adjustment begins with the presets in mid-position, and in my kit they were supplied dead centred — a nice touch.

The entry hole for the mains cable is sized for American two-core cable, and I had to take a drill to it so that the grommet (necessary to comply with European regulations) could be fitted.

## Up, Up And Away

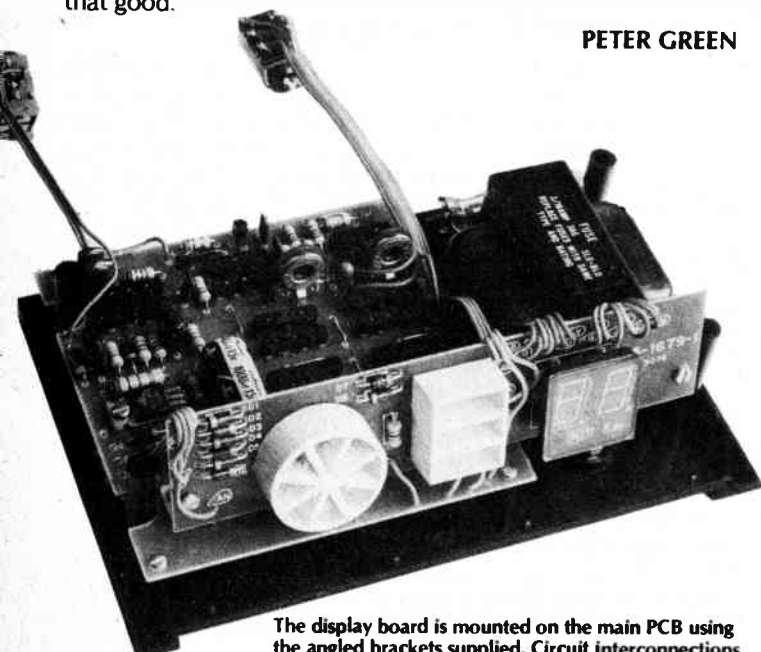
The transmitter was also fairly straightforward to put together, but when I came to test the wind direction sender, up to four lamps were lighting instead of the maximum of two. Hmmm. Referring to the comprehensive fault-finding charts provided in the manual showed that the magnet position was probably at fault. A few minutes' work with a pair of pliers solved the problem.

After making a few final checks, it was up to the Modmags roof, with its picturesque view of Centre Point, to install the transmitter boom. Position is important; the boom must be away from objects that will cause wind turbulence or shield the sender, and oriented so that the direction display reads correctly. The cable can be led into the building at any convenient point, and the entry hole sealed; the boom itself is weather-proof.

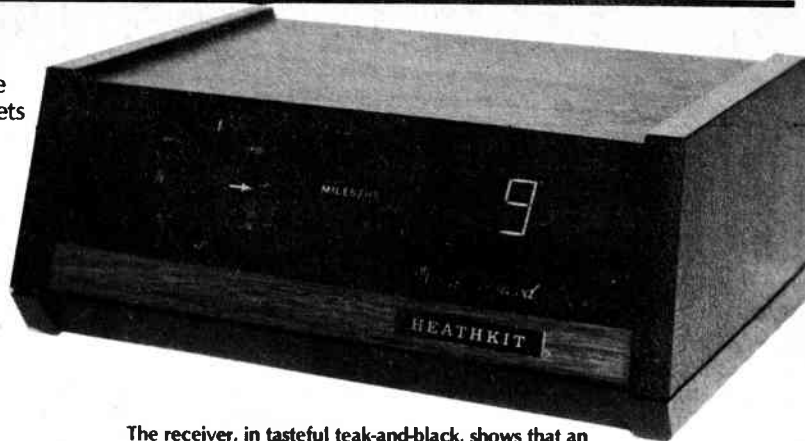
## Conclusions

A quick glance at the price in Buylines may cause a sharp intake of breath, as it did with several members of staff here. But you have to bear in mind that you're paying for the knowledge that everything has been done to ensure that your kit works first time; for things like Teflon bearings and high quality screen-printed PCBs; and for sheer professional quality. I can guarantee that if you put the receiver into your house without comment, people will assume you bought it ready-made — it's that good.

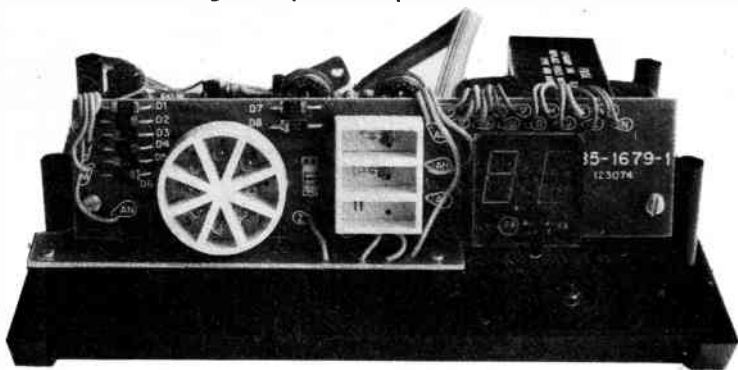
PETER GREEN



The display board is mounted on the main PCB using the angled brackets supplied. Circuit interconnections are made with ribbon cable, and Heath give detailed cutting instructions. The switches are ready to be fastened to the back panel.



The receiver, in tasteful teak-and-black, shows that an east wind is blowing with a speed of 9 mph.



The display board uses seven-segment neon tubes and small light bulbs; the latter are fitted inside the plastic light-shields.

## BUYLINES

Heathkit Digital Wind Speed and Direction Indicator (ID-1590E) £93.00 including VAT and postage. Eight-core cable (IDA-1290-1 (50 ft)) £11.00. Other lengths available. Heathkit Electronic Centre, 233 Tottenham Court Road, London W1P 9AE. Head Office and Mail Order Sales Department: Heath Electronics (UK) Ltd, Gloucester GL2 6EE.

IDENTIFICATION DRAWING

PART NUMBER

The steps performed in this pictorial are in this area of the circuit board.

**START**

✓ R211: 47 kΩ (yellow-violet-orange)

NOTE: When you install a diode, always match the band on the diode with the band mark on the circuit board. A DIODE WILL NOT WORK IF IT IS INSTALLED BACKWARDS.

BAND

✓ D204: 1N2071 diode (#57-27)

✓ R207: 4700 Ω (yellow-violet-red)

✓ R208: 1000 Ω (brown-black-red)

NOTE: The values of the next two resistors depend on what wiring option you chose. Perform only those steps that conform to the option you chose on Page 11.

Option #1

✓ R212: 150 kΩ (brown-green-yellow)

Option #2 or #3

( ) R212: 220 kΩ (red-red-yellow)

Option #1

✓ R218: 10 kΩ (brown-black-orange)

Option #2 or 3

( ) R218: 20 kΩ (red-black-orange)

✓ R213: 33 kΩ (orange-orange-orange)

✓ Solder all leads to the foil and cut off the excess lead lengths.

**CONTINUE**

✓ D205: 1N2071 diode (#57-27)

✓ R206: 100 Ω (brown-black-brown)

✓ R214: 100 kΩ (brown-black-yellow)

✓ R222: 1000 Ω (brown-black-red)

✓ R223: 2200 Ω (red-red-red)

✓ R215: 1000 Ω (brown-black-red)

✓ R216: 2200 Ω (red-red-red)

✓ Solder all leads to the foil and cut off the excess lead lengths.

NOTE: Save seven cut off resistor leads to be used as bare wires in the following steps.

A typical page from the Heathkit instruction manual, with the steps conscientiously ticked off. If you can't follow these instructions you might as well give up.

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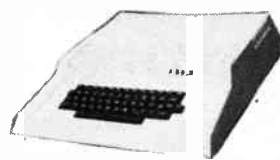
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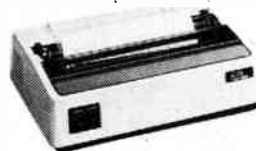
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Postage £3.50 on superboard, £4.50 on printers and 45p on other orders. Lists 27p post free. Please add V.A.T. to all prices except those sections marked with a \* which already include it at the old 15% rate. Overseas and credit orders welcome. 2X81 part-exchange possible.

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AY-3-8600 + kit £12.98. AY-3-8550 + kit £9.28.

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PC etching kit: economy £3.42; standard £5.78. 40 sq. in. pcb 50p. 1lb. FeCl<sub>2</sub> £2.20. Etch resist pens: economy 50p; dalo 90p. Drill bits 1/32in. or 1mm 35p. Etching dish 92p. Laminate cutter £1.30.

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## COMPONENTS\*

1N4148 1.5p. 1N 4002 3.7p. NE555 8 dil 26p. 741-8 dil 20p. BC182, BC184, BC214, BC547, BC549 8.1p. Resistors 5% 1/4W E12 10R to 10M 1.5p. 0.8p for 50+ of one value. Polyester capacitors 160v .015, .058mf 2.9p; .047, .1mf 4.4p; .01mf 3.3p; .022, .033mf 3.7p; .15, .22, 33mf 5.4p; .47mf 6.6p. Polystyrene capacitors E12 63V 10 to 1000pf 4p; 1n2 to 10n 5p. Ceramic capacitors 50v E6 22pf to 47n 2.5p. Electrolytic capacitors 50v .5, 1, 2mf 6p; 25V .5, 10mf 6p; 16v 22, 33mf 6p; 47mf 5p; 100mf 7p; 330, 470mf 9p. Zeners 400mW E24 2v7 to 33v 7p. Preset pots subminiature 0.1W horiz. or vert. 100 to 2M2 8p. IC sockets 8dil 8.7p; 14dil 10.1p; 16dil 12p.



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January 1981	Audiophile FM Tuner	CL2 CDJ
January 1981	Universal Timer	SAM 007
February 1981	Sound Pressure Level Meter	BOC 709B
March 1981	Crystal Frequency Calibrator	BOC 434
April 1981	Drum Synthesiser	BOC 668
	Noise Generator	TEK A239
May 1981	IR Remote Control	SAM 006
	Super Dice	SAM 001
June 1981	Antenna Extender	BOC 450G
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		SAM 006

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# SYSTEM A AUDIO AMPLIFIER

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The initial design brief for this amplifier — 'no compromise' signal reproduction but at the lowest possible cost — proved to be deceptively difficult! The first preamp design eliminated all switches and controls to leave a pick-up input socket, an output socket and a volume control, but such a layout would be far too spartan for even the most serious audio enthusiast. The minimum input requirements were thought to be pick-up, tuner and tape, with tape recorder/monitor output. A stereo-mono switch is unnecessary for serious listening, as are all the other controls that came to mind (except volume and balance!).

The next choice was between discrete or integrated circuits. Despite the obvious benefits and inherent simplicity of IC-based circuitry, I decided upon good old-fashioned transistor stages. Why? Several reasons:

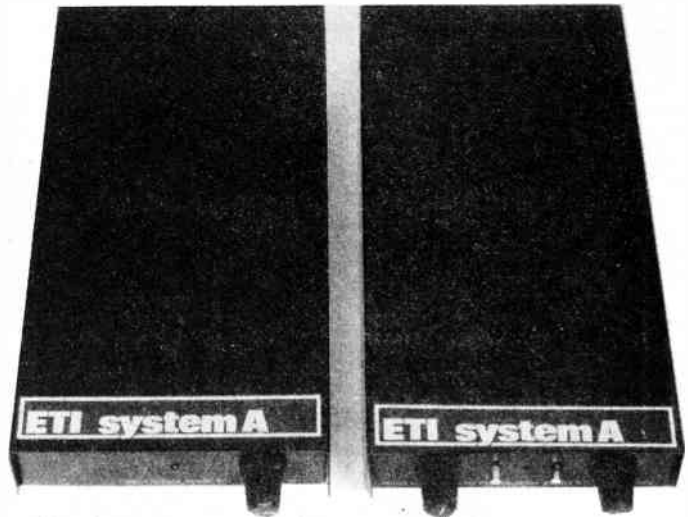
1. If labour costs are disregarded (which they are in this case) the discrete transistor version costs less.
2. Discrete stages can be more easily optimised for a particular design requirement, and give a lower component cost and higher sound quality.
3. There is a purely emotional feeling that when using audio ICs, the designer hasn't really contributed very much to the final design!

(In fact the final circuits are, in effect, discrete component operational amplifiers, so something of the IC design philosophy has obviously rubbed off.)

## Pick-up An Input

Provision has been made for the preamp to be used with virtually any available pick-up cartridge, through the use of plug-in input circuit boards. Two input circuit boards have been designed although both use the same printed circuit layout. One is for moving-magnet cartridges and the other for moving-coil cartridges. The gain of both these modules can be varied to suit different cartridges by the change in value of a single resistor. Input loading (both resistive and capacitive) can be changed by the substitution of alternative components and, as a source of guidance, a comprehensive table has been produced showing the requirements for the majority of pick-ups currently on sale.

The whole of the preamp design is extremely flexible, permitting alterations to ensure compatibility with other equipment. The basic version has a nominal 775 mV output level and a 75 R output impedance.



## PSUing Quality

The power supply is built into a separate case to achieve better screening as well as increasing the versatility of the system. This new 'Audiophile' system is conceived as a modular 'building block' concept offering a variety of facilities. The power supply is capable of powering several preamplifiers but will also be used to power a matching parametric equaliser unit and two other blocks still under development. Their basic designs will follow the existing format and will be published in the months to come.

As for the preamplifier, work goes on to take advantage of its ability to accept alternative input modules, and the design of new modules will be published periodically to enable constructors to update their models.

## Outward Bound

Provision has been made on the main PCB for the fitting of an output coupling capacitor (C15). Normally this shouldn't be necessary and the two pads should be joined by a wire link to couple the output directly to the power amplifier. A very small number of power amplifiers are totally DC-coupled, so any DC voltage on their input terminals would result in an unacceptable DC offset across the loudspeaker. In such a situation the capacitor should be fitted. Its value can be selected to suit the input impedance of the power amplifier; a value of 3u3, 35 V (tantalum) is acceptable with a 10k input impedance and 470n with a 50k input impedance. The capacitor polarity should be aligned to correspond to the residual DC offset at the output of the preamplifier.

## Construction

Although no metalwork plans have been provided it will be seen that the prototypes have been housed in a simple, compact, and functional case consisting of an aluminium chassis and a substantial steel cover. (Arrangements have been made for supplies of these cases to be made available to ETI readers — see Buylines.)

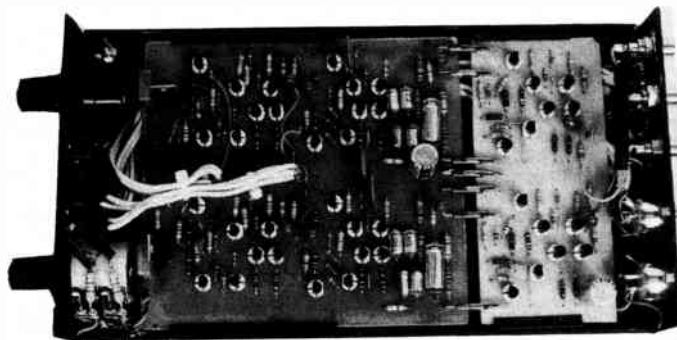
**TABLE 1. SPECIFICATION**

PREAMP		
<b>Rated output level:</b>	775 mV (0 dBm)	
<b>Maximum output level:</b>	7V8	
(20 Hz to 20 kHz)		
<b>Total harmonic distortion (including noise)</b>		
Auxiliary input,	20 Hz	0.01%
775 mV output	1 kHz	0.01%
	20 kHz	0.01%
Pick-up input,	20 Hz	0.02%
1V5 output	1 kHz	0.02%
	20 kHz	0.02%
<b>Pick-up input overload (ref rated input at 1 kHz)</b>		
	Moving Magnet	Moving Coil
20 Hz	43 dB	44 dB
1 kHz	43 dB	40 dB
20 Hz	43 dB	32 dB
<b>Input sensitivity (ref 775 mV output at 1 kHz)</b>		
Auxiliary	65 mV	
Pick-up (moving magnet)	2.3 mV	
Pick-up (moving coil)	550 mV	
<b>Noise level, 'A' weighted (ref 775 mV output at 1 kHz)</b>		
Auxiliary	-90 dBA	
Pick-up (moving magnet)	-80 dBA	
Pick-up (moving coil)	-76 dBA	
<b>Channel separation, pick-up input (unused channel loaded)</b>		
	1 kHz	62 dB
	20 kHz	69 dB
<b>RIAA equalisation accuracy: ±0.2 dB</b>		
(20 Hz to 20 kHz)		
<b>Frequency response:</b>	±0.5 dB, 5 Hz to 35 kHz	
(auxiliary input)		
The above figures are for the standard version. The performance of the alternatives will vary in terms of sensitivity etc.		
POWER AMP		
<b>Biasing mode:</b>	Class A	
<b>Rated power:</b>	60 W RMS into 8R,	
	20 Hz to 20 kHz	
<b>Transient delivery:</b>	150 W into 8R	
<b>Harmonic and intermodulation distortion:</b>	less than 0.06%	
at rated power output (20 Hz to 20 kHz), decreasing monotonically with decrease in power. Distortion is virtually unmeasurable at small signal levels.		
<b>Frequency response:</b>	10 Hz	-1 dB
(ref 0 dB at 1 kHz)	120 kHz	-6 dB
<b>Power bandwidth:</b>	5 Hz to 60 kHz	
<b>Hum and Noise:</b>	100 dB below 24 V RMS output (CCIR)	
<b>Sensitivity:</b>	700 mV RMS for 60 W into 8R	
<b>Negative feedback:</b> the open loop gain is reduced by 22 dB by the application of overall negative feedback.		
<b>Transient intermodulation distortion:</b> zero		

The preamplifier circuitry has been constructed on two printed circuit boards which plug together using high quality gold-plated connectors. The construction of these boards should present no difficulties if the layout is followed correctly. There is a certain amount of wiring using screened cable and it is essential that this be done neatly and correctly. A wiring diagram has been given which shows the loom in detail and this arrangement should be followed fairly closely. The ends of all screened cables should be sleeved to avoid the danger of stray strands shorting out the signal. Particular attention is drawn to the earth connections which are always a problem with stereo amplifiers. The arrangement as drawn works. Others might not! You may wonder why this wiring has not been incorporated on the PCB. This could have been done for ease of assembly but only at the cost of the loss of isolation between the various signal and supply paths. In this context it is interesting that one of the world's best regarded preamps, the ultra-expensive Levinson, using several hundred dollars' worth of military grade, PTFE-insulated screened cable in the pursuit of signal isolation. However, our budget model uses common-or-garden screened cable to do the same thing! The use of this cable plus some care in layout results in a quite respectable figure for stereo separation at high frequencies.

It is recommended that the phono sockets for the pick-up inputs be gold-plated. These are expensive and difficult to obtain but, for optimum results to be obtained, they must be used. I have undertaken a lot of research into the effects of signal connections and have found that, while in theory both the gold-plated and nickel-plated contacts give equally good connections, in practice and over a period of time the gold-plating will prove its worth. I will say no more because a full summary of the problems associated with connectors would fill an article of its own.

Most of the transistors used are uncritical and the recommended types can often be substituted for, provided that due regard is paid to voltage ratings and so on. However, the 2N4401 first stage transistors are notably quieter than many alternative 'low noise' types (BC109 etc) and these should be fitted. The input transistors (Q1 and Q2) used for the moving-coil stage (module A-MC) are medium-power devices selected from the BC160 family. They are tested for low noise under the specified operating conditions. Transistors of this type could be fitted on a 'pot-luck' basis but this may lead to disappointment, frustration, and a need for a new nozzle on your solder sucker! Alternatively the correct pre-tested transistors can be used and a supply of these has been made available (see Buylines).



Inside the prototype preamplifier. Construction is on two boards, the main preamp module A-PR and the smaller input module. The latter is connected to the main board and the phono input by gold-plated connectors (see Buylines). This enables different input modules to be easily exchanged to match different cartridges. If you're certain you'll only ever be using one cartridge, you could dispense with the connectors and solder wire links instead.



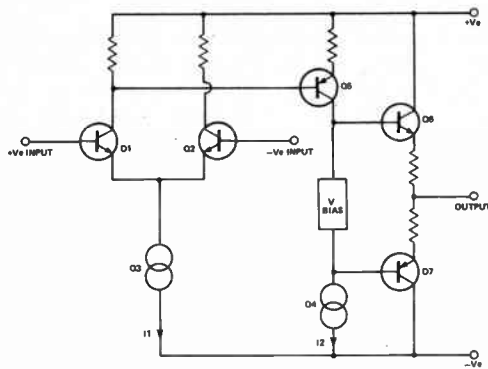


Fig. 1 Simplified diagram of one gain stage.

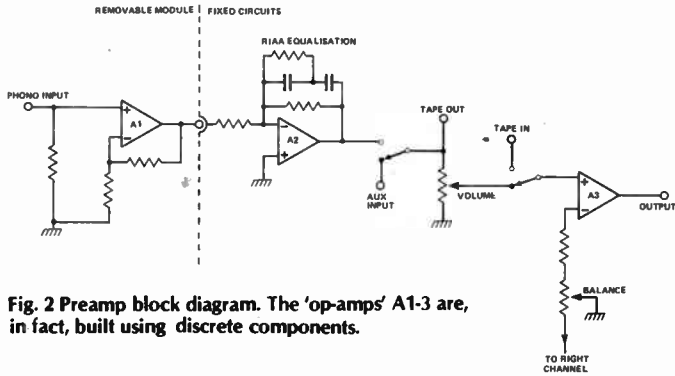


Fig. 2 Preamp block diagram. The 'op-amps' A1-3 are, in fact, built using discrete components.

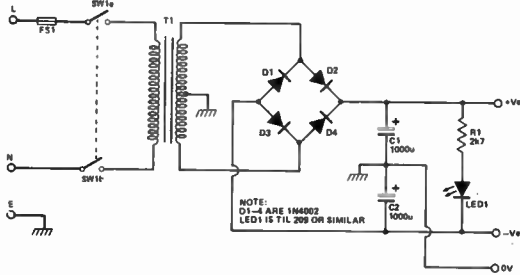
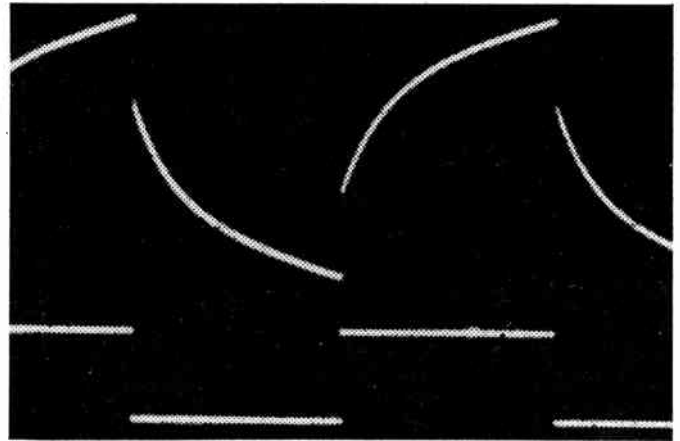


Fig. 4 Circuit diagram of the A-PSU preamplifier power supply.



Response of the series feedback equalisation stage to a square wave input signal.

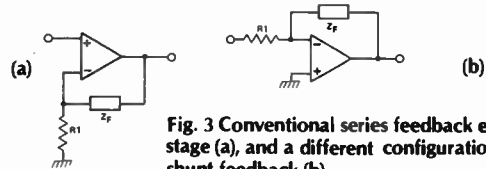


Fig. 3 Conventional series feedback equalisation stage (a), and a different configuration using shunt feedback (b).

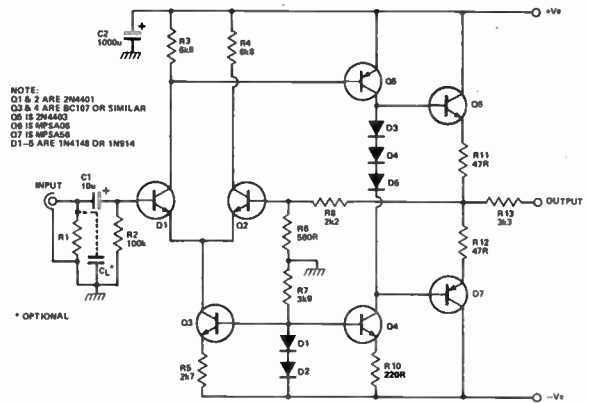


Fig. 5 Circuit diagram of the A-MM moving magnet module.

Each stage of the preamplifier uses a virtually identical discrete component operational amplifier. This op-amp is shown in simplified form in Fig. 1. The input stage is a long-tailed pair composed of transistors Q1 and Q2 whose collector current is determined by a constant-current source (Q3) and works out at about 100  $\mu$ A for each transistor. This current has been chosen to give a low noise figure for this stage. The second stage is a voltage amplifier (Q5) which drives a constant current load (Q4) to set the standing current of this stage at about 2 mA. The four series diodes bias on the complementary output stage (Q6, Q7) to give a quiescent current of 8 mA. This value of standing current ensures that all the amplifier stages continue to operate in the linear Class A region even when driving low impedance loads.

The moving-coil stage is virtually identical to the other op-amps except for the use of some different component values. Whereas the other stages are optimised for low noise when driven from medium impedance signal sources, the moving-coil cartridge can represent an almost pure resistance of between 2 and 10  $\Omega$ . To achieve a better noise figure medium-power transistors are used in the input stage, and each is operated at a collector current of slightly over 1 mA.

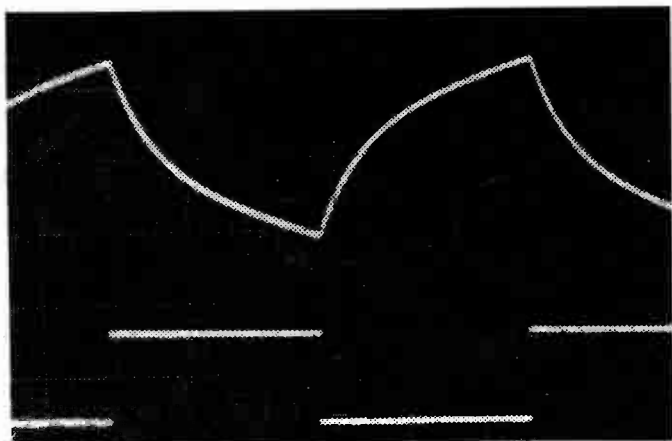
The three stages are arranged as shown in the system block diagram (Fig. 2). The first stage can be either a moving-magnet or a moving-coil stage. Whichever is chosen, the gain and input loading are optimised to suit the pick-up cartridge in use. This stage has a flat frequency response and no feedback equalisation. It does, therefore, buffer the cartridge from the equalisation stage and so ensures that the cartridge loading is not frequency-dependent.

The second stage is the equalisation stage with the RIAA network wired in a shunt feedback arrangement. This stage has a voltage gain of 20 dB (x10) at 1 kHz and brings the signal level up to a nominal 50 mV

before the switching circuits. After the volume control comes the third stage (A3) which is wired as a simple 20 dB (x10) line amplifier. However, the feedback resistor is wired to ground through a potentiometer which acts as a balance control, giving a gain variation of 11 dB on this stage.

**Shunt Feedback**

The purpose of the equalisation stage is to provide a fixed degree of frequency de-emphasis exactly complementing the RIAA specified pre-emphasis applied when a record is cut. Although the equalisation is normally specified over the band 20 Hz to 20 kHz it was assumed that the response curve would be continued outside of the audio band. Most important, the replay response above 20 kHz should continue to reduce with frequency until at some infinitely high frequency the output is zero. This requirement is disregarded by most audio engineers who concentrate primarily on the audio band performance, but the music signal reproduced from a disc contains transients whose frequency content can lie outside the arbitrary audio band. (Question: why 20 Hz to 20 kHz? Answer: because it has always been so!) The conventional series feedback stage of Fig. 3a is unable to provide an accurate transfer of these high frequencies. This is because the gain does not drop towards zero with increasing frequency but towards unity. The voltage gain of this stage is equal to  $1 + (Z_f + R1)$ ; so even if  $Z_f$  is made infinitesimally small the minimum gain cannot be less than unity. The same is not true of a shunt feedback equalisation stage such as the one shown in Fig. 3b. Here the voltage gain is equal to  $Z_f/R1$ , so that as  $Z_f$  continues to reduce so the gain continues to drop until finally the minimum gain is determined by the signal leakage through the stage. The accompanying photos show the reproduction of a square wave through the two types of equalisation stage and it will be clearly



The response of the same stage when wired for shunt feedback.

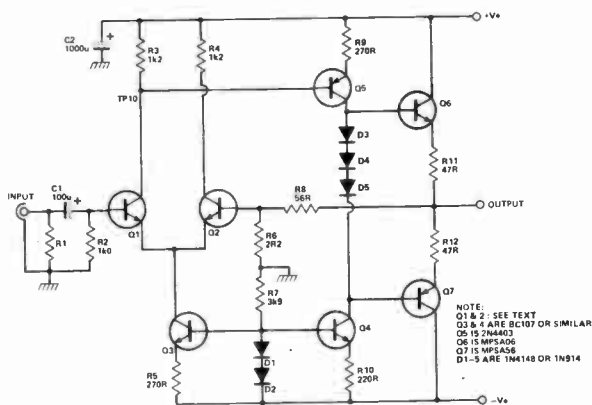


Fig. 6 Circuit diagram of the A-MC moving coil module.

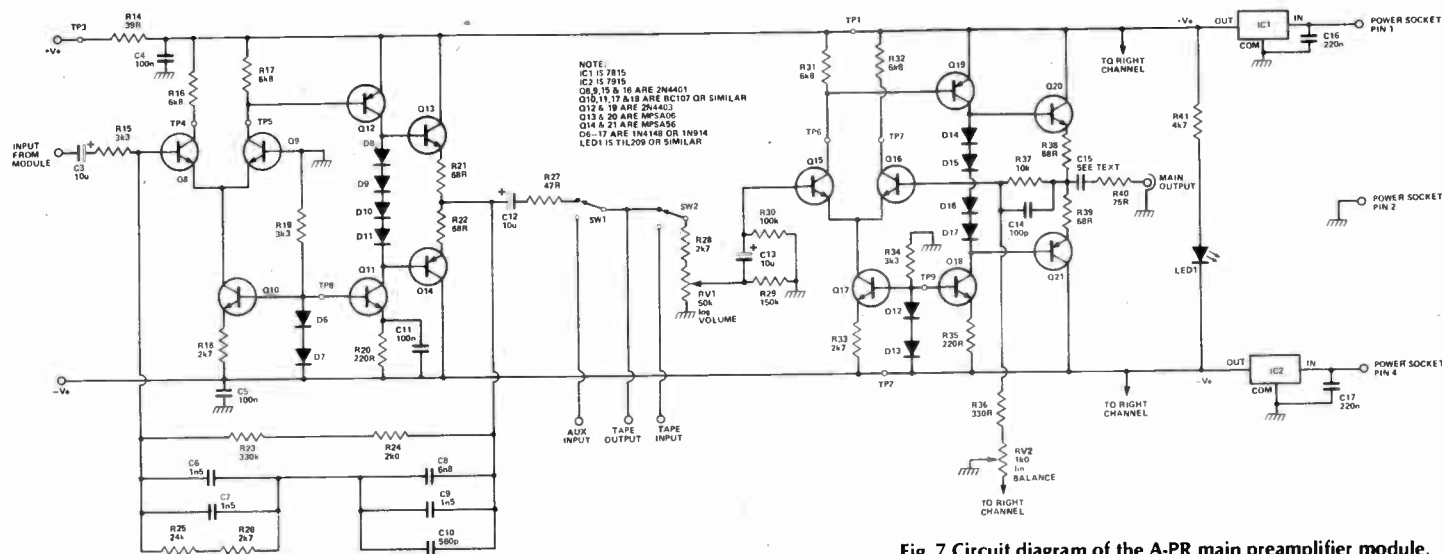


Fig. 7 Circuit diagram of the A-PR main preamplifier module.

## HOW IT WORKS

seen that the series feedback arrangement imparts a degree of treble boost to the signal.

So why isn't the shunt feedback system commonly used in commercial preamplifiers? The answer is noise; to be exact, the noise generated by the series input resistor R1. Both input configurations use a nominally 47k resistor to load the cartridge, but in the series arrangement it is 'shorted-out' by the (approximately) 200R resistance of the cartridge. However, with the shunt arrangement this 47k resistor remains in series with the signal path and hence contributes a lot of Johnson (thermal) noise. It has been calculated that the maximum theoretical signal-to-noise ratios of the two stages (measured over the band 20 Hz to 20 kHz and RIAA equalised) are:

Shunt feedback 58.5 dB

Series feedback 72

Both ref. 2 mV at 1 kHz

This difference is enough, in our world of specmanship, to have consigned the shunt feedback stage to the dustbin for many years.

However, to get the best of both worlds I have gone back to the system I used many years ago at Cambridge Audio. This is the use of a linear series feedback input stage followed by a shunt feedback equalisation stage. The equalisation stage can now work under far easier conditions as the signal has some initial preamplification. Furthermore the input resistor (R1) now no longer needs to be 47k but can be a lower value chosen to set the stage gain. In this case it has been set at 3k3 and so its noise contribution is quite low.

Now we have an input arrangement which buffers the cartridge

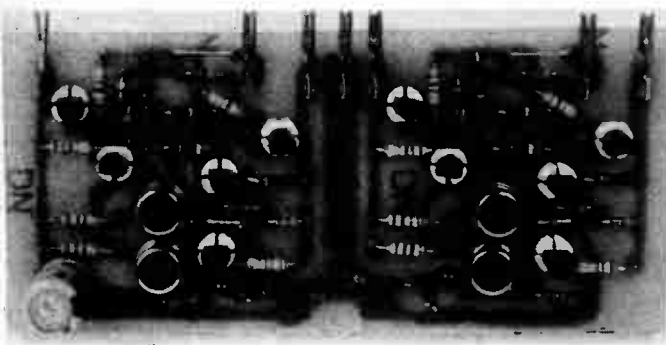
from the equalisation stage (and so makes the input loading independent of the equalisation), continues the RIAA equalisation curve at high frequencies, and achieves the low noise figures typical of the conventional series feedback arrangements. Just as important, the shunt feedback sounds different (and in my opinion better), and that is the deciding factor. A revealing experiment is to wire one preamplifier in shunt and one in series feedback and (having equalised their gains) to listen to each in turn reproducing the 'off-record' noise. It will then be apparent that some preamplifiers emphasise such noises more than others.

### Power Supply

The power supply circuitry is kept simple and consists of two integrated circuit regulators (IC1, IC2) which give a low ripple  $\pm 15$  V supply to the circuits. The positive rail is further decoupled at the pick-up stage by resistor-capacitor filters (R14, C2). The negative rail is adequately decoupled for this stage as the long-tailed pair (Q1, Q2) is fed through a current source, but the positive rail is connected directly to the collectors of this stage and so some additional decoupling is required. The decoupling capacitor needs to be of quite a high value to maintain a low impedance supply. If this value is reduced the low frequency distortion can become excessive.

The supply indicator LED is wired across both supply rails so that the absence of either one will cause the LED to go off.

The power supply module is also simple. The incoming mains supply is fused and switched and fed to a toroidal transformer. The centre-tapped secondary feeds a bridge-rectifier to produce a split rail supply across the two reservoir capacitors (C1, C2). The off-load voltage at this point should be a nominal  $\pm 21$  V. Again the supply indicator LED is wired across both rails as a monitor.



This photograph shows the A-MC moving coil input module.

## BUYLINES

Most of the components specified are readily available from the usual suppliers except for the connectors and the low noise transistors. The board-to-board gold-plated connectors (horizontal, 45°) are type 434-172, and the vertical input-to-board connectors are type 434-188. These are available from RS Components Ltd, and can be ordered via a local stockist.

Kits of parts for the System A amplifier are available from Jelgate Ltd, 215 High Street, Offord Cluny, Cambs. Prices are as follows:

Preamp Kit 1 containing two chassis (preamp and PSU), toroidal transformer, and all the chassis-mounting components; £28.

Preamp Kit 2 containing the A-PR and A-PSU PCBs and all components; £26.

Preamp Kit 3 containing A-MM/A-MC PCB and components; £12 for either version.

Set of four input transistors, selected for low noise; £2.

Power Amp Kit 1 containing all the metalwork, heatsinks and chassis-mounting components; £105.

Power Amp Kit 2 containing transformer, capacitors, power supply components and power transistors; £65.

Power Amp Kit 3 containing A-PA PCB and components; £23.

All these prices are exclusive of VAT and carriage. The cases are all ready-painted and screen-printed. Items can be bought separately; a comprehensive price list can be obtained from Jelgate.

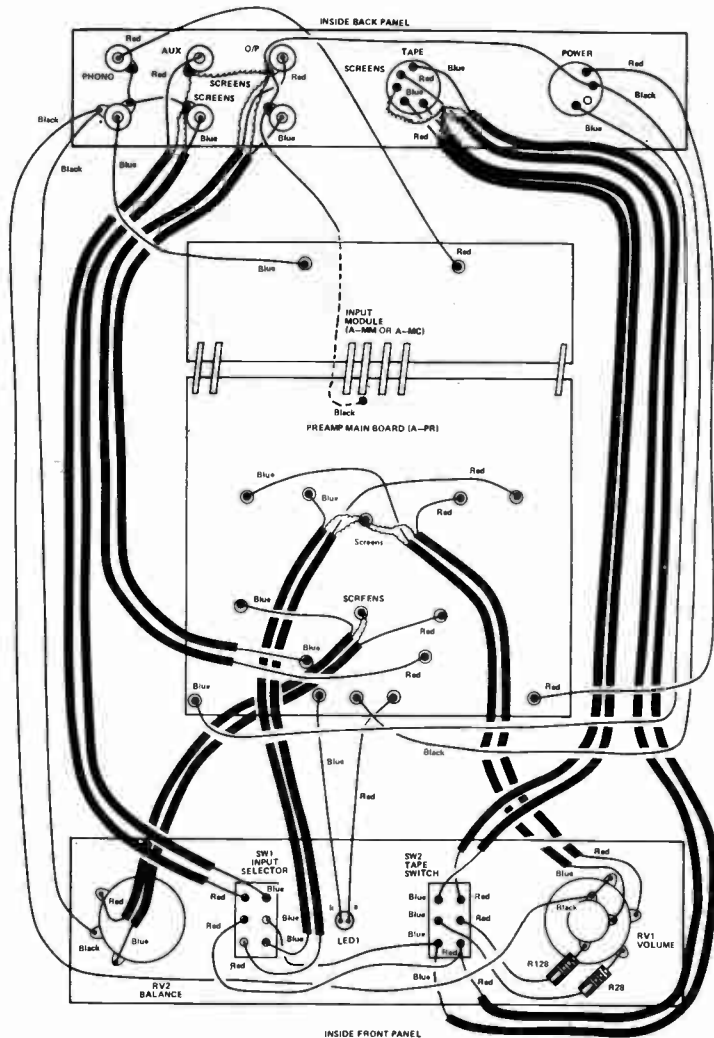


Fig. 8 Wiring diagram of the preamp. No wiring from the preamp main board crosses the input module; all cables are taken towards the front panel and back down either side of the case to the rear panel. See photos.

## PARTS LIST

### INPUT MODULE A-MM

Components are listed for one channel only — add 100 for other channel.

#### Resistors (all ¼ W, 5%)

R1	100k (see text)
R2	100k
R3,4	6k8
R5	2k7
R6	560R
R7	3k9
R8	2k2
R10	220R
R11, 12	47R
R13	3k3
R9	is not used

#### Capacitors

C1	10u 35 V tantalum
C2	1000u 16 V electrolytic (PCB type)

#### Semiconductors

Q1,2	2N4401
Q3,4	BC107 or similar
Q5	2N4403
Q6	MPSA06
Q7	MPSA56
D1-5	1N4148 or 1N914

Miscellaneous  
Connectors, PCB.

### INPUT MODULE A-MC

Components are listed for one channel only — add 100 for other channel.

#### Resistors (all ¼ W, 5% except where stated)

R1	100k (see text)
R2	1k0
R3,4	1k2
R5,9	270R
R6	2R2 2% metal film
R7	3k9
R8	56R
R10	220R
R11, 12	47R

#### Capacitors

C1	100u 6V3 tantalum
C2	1000u 16 V electrolytic (PCB type)

#### Semiconductors

Q1,2	BSS15 (specially tested — see text)
Q3,4	BC107 or similar
Q5	2N4403
Q6	MPSA06
Q7	MPSA56
D1-5	1N4148 or 1N914

Miscellaneous  
Connectors, PCB.

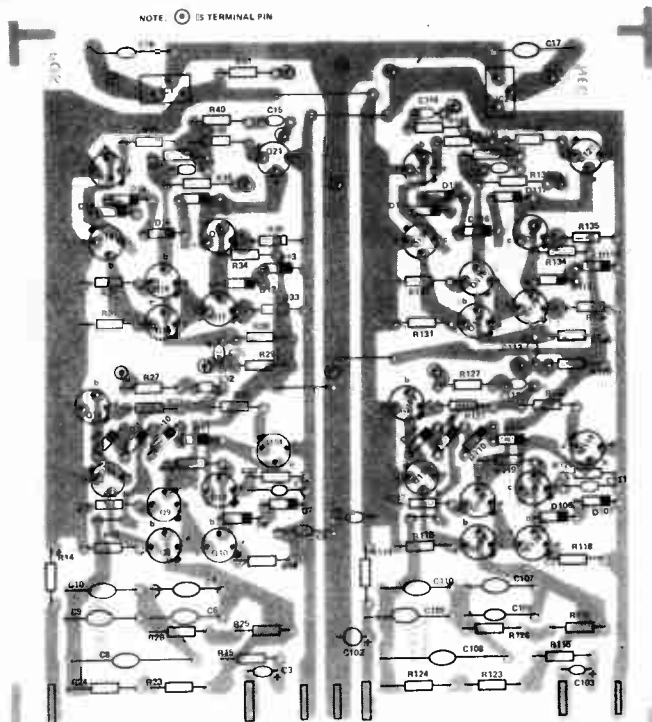


Fig. 9 The A-PR overlay. For off-board connections see Fig. 8.

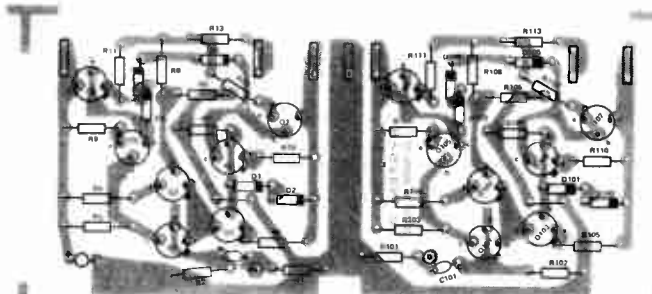


Fig. 10 Overlay for both phono input modules. Note that R9, R109 are replaced by wire links in the A-MM module.

## Testing

The power supply should, because of its simplicity, present few difficulties. Before any connection to the mains supply, a visual inspection should be made to check the wiring, the polarities of the capacitors and rectifier, and not least the wiring of the mains switch. It never ceases to amaze me just how often mains switches are wired to short across the supply at switch-on. So take a little care and save a few bob!

With all checks completed, the fuse is fitted and a meter wired between the positive and negative output lines. The mains supply can be connected and for a 240 V nominal supply the meter should read 21 V ( $\pm 2$  V). Then measure the supplies to 0 V to check that they are equal and that the LED is illuminated.

The preamplifier is fairly straightforward to test, albeit rather repetitive. The two power supply regulators are protected against excessive currents (eg shorts) and over-temperature, so they are unlikely to come to any grief providing they are correctly inserted into the PCB. Each of the amplifier stages on the main board can be isolated from the power supplies by the removal of wire links and, of course, the input module can be unplugged, so in the event of a fault the offending stage can be isolated.

Before connecting up the power supply it is a good idea to give the PCBs one final visual check, paying particular attention to transistor types, diode and capacitor polarities, and solder bridges on the PCB tracks. Now connect the power supply and monitor the supply lines. They should measure  $\pm 15$  V ( $\pm 0V6$ ) and the LED should light up. The controls should now be set as follows;

- Input: PU
- Tape: OFF
- Balance: Central
- Volume: Minimum

Now measure the DC voltage between earth and the junction of the two emitter resistors in the output stage of each amplifier. This voltage should be zero, but can be  $\pm 2$  V without any significant effect on the workings of the

### PREAMP MODULE A-PR

Components are listed for one channel only — add 100 for other channel.

#### Resistors (all 1/4W, 5% except where stated)

R14	39R
R15,19,34	3k3
R16,17,31,32	6k8
R18,33,28	2k7
R20,35	220R
R21,22,38,39	68R
R23	330k 2% metal oxide
R24	2k0 2% metal oxide
R25	24k 2% metal oxide
R26	2k7 2% metal oxide
R27	47R
R29	150k
R30	100k
R36	330R
R37	10k
R40	75R
R41	4k7

#### Potentiometers

RV1	50k logarithmic
RV2	1k0 linear (preferably wirewound)

#### Capacitors

C3,12,13	10u 35 V tantalum
C4,5,11	100n 63 V ceramic disc
C6,7,9	1n5 2% polystyrene
C8	6n8 2% polystyrene
C10	560p 2% polystyrene
C14	100p ceramic
C15	see text

#### Semiconductors

IC1	7815
IC2	7915
Q8,9,15,16	2N4401
Q10,11,17,18	BC107 or similar
Q12,19	2N4403
Q13,20	MPSA06
Q14,21	MPSA56
D6-17	1N4148 or 1N914
LED1	TIL209 or similar

#### Miscellaneous

SW1,2	DPDT slide switch
Connectors, PCB, phono sockets, DIN sockets, Veropins, screened cable, case, knobs to suit.	

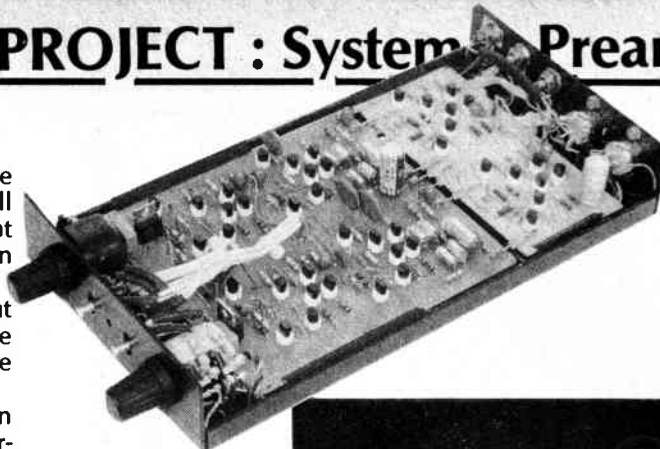
preamplifier (although the blocking capacitor will be necessary). That completes the DC tests. The preamplifier will now almost certainly work but if you have test equipment available it would be a good idea to test each channel with an audio signal and to centralise the balance control.

The total current drawn from the negative supply is about 120 mA for the moving-coil version and 115 mA for the moving-magnet version; and about 15 mA less from the positive supply.

As an aid to fault-finding a list of test-voltages has been provided which can be used in conjunction with the main circuit diagram.

Table 2. Voltages measured between test points and ground with Avometer Model 8. These voltages should be taken only as a guide.

TP1	+15V	TP6	+14V3
TP2	-15V	TP7	+13V6
TP3	+14V5	TP8	-13V8
TP4	+13V6	TP9	-13V8
TP5	+14V3	TP10	+13V



The cases supplied for the System A project ensure a professional appearance, and can be obtained from Jelgate Ltd (see Buylines). The modules shown here are the prototypes.



ADC	EMT
ZLM E	XSD15 A
XLM-II G	<b>GOLDRING</b>
XLM-III E	G 900 IGC E
VLM-II E	<b>MAYWARE</b>
<b>AKG</b>	MC3L E
P7E G	MC2C C
P8E & P8E-S E	<b>MICRO ACOUSTICS</b>
<b>AUDIO-TECHNICA</b>	2002-e E
AT-10 F	<b>NAGAOKA</b>
AT-11E F	JT-R11 B
AT-12E F	<b>ORTOFON</b>
AT-13EA E	MC 30 C
AT-25 B	<b>SHURE</b>
AT-30 C	75-ED H
Signet MkIII E	M75EJ H
Signet TK5E F	M97HE H
Signet TK7E E	V15-IV G
<b>AZAK</b>	<b>SONUS</b>
DC2100K C	BLUE E
<b>CORAL</b>	GOLD BLUE E
MC81 C	<b>SONY</b>
777E C	XL35 E
777Ex C	XL 55 A
<b>DECCA</b>	<b>STANTON</b>
Blue E	680 E
London F	881 E
<b>DENNON</b>	681 EEE E
DL 103C A	<b>SUPEX</b>
DL 103S A	SD 9015 E
DL 103D A	900E C
<b>ELITE</b>	<b>TECHNICS</b>
MC555 B	EPC-300MC D
EE1500 G	<b>ULTIMO</b>
<b>EMPIRE</b>	10X II E
500 D E	20A G
2000 1E G	DV 20C A
2000 E4 G	DV KARAT A
600 LAC E	
2000 X E	

Table 3. Cartridge matching table.

## Variations On A Theme

Alterations can be made to the input modules to suit a wide range of cartridges. The recommended changes are given below; Table 3 lists most cartridges and the matching module. If your cartridge doesn't appear, write to us with an SAE and we will tell you which variant is suitable.

### Moving-coil Cartridges

The gain of the A-MC input module can be varied by changing resistor R6. This resistor has a value of 2R2 to give a sensitivity of 550  $\mu$ V on the standard version. Changing R6 to 0R6 (eg two 1R2 resistors in parallel) will increase the sensitivity to about 150  $\mu$ V. The input loading can be varied by changing resistor R1 from the standard value of 100R to any other value. The four recommended alternatives are:

- A 550  $\mu$ V sensitivity, R1 = 1k $\Omega$
- B 150  $\mu$ V sensitivity, R1 = 100R
- C 550  $\mu$ V sensitivity, R1 = 100R
- D 150  $\mu$ V sensitivity, R1 = 1k $\Omega$

### Moving-magnet Cartridges

Again, the input loading of module A-MM can be changed by using an alternative value for resistor R1. An input capacitor C<sub>i</sub> can also be wired across R1 to lower the input impedance at high frequencies and so 'equalise' the output from some cartridges. The gain of the standard version is set by R13 and gives a sensitivity of 2.3 mV. Reducing R13 increases the sensitivity and vice-versa. The four recommended alternatives are:

- E Standard version
- F R13 = 8k $\Omega$
- G C<sub>i</sub> = 180pF
- H R13 = 8k $\Omega$  and C<sub>i</sub> = 180pF

Table 3 assumes that the cartridges are mounted in tone-arms which have a total cable capacitance of about 100pF and below.

Next month we present the System A Class A power amplifier. This article will also include the overlay for the A-PSU module which had not been finalised when this issue went to press.

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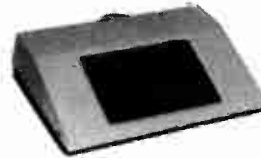
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# DESIGNER'S NOTEBOOK

**Piezo-electric 'buzzers' such as the PB-2720 are super-efficient and inexpensive sound generators, easily driven by simple CMOS circuitry. In this month's Notebook, Ray Marston shows how to use them.**

There is a frequent requirement in instrumentation designs, for example, for some form of alarm or 'fault condition' indicator, perhaps to warn of a short-circuit or overload condition in a power supply or an overspeed condition, loss of oil pressure and so on in a car or truck. If you ever need to design such an alarm, you have the options of using either a visual (lamp or LED) or an acoustic type of output indicator.

The major snag with purely visual indicators is that they are only effective if you happen to be looking at them when they activate. Clearly, acoustic indicators are the most effective types of 'attention grabbers', but in the past they tended to be rather expensive to implement both in terms of money and in power consumption and physical bulk.

The recent introduction of small, inexpensive and highly efficient piezo-electric acoustic transducers such as the Toko PB-2720 (available from Ambit International at about 44p each) has totally changed this situation, however, and it is now possible to build effective acoustic indicators at costs that are very low.

## PB-2720 Basics

The PB-2720 piezo-electric transducer is a super-efficient electric-to-acoustic power converter. It consists of a metal plate bonded to a thin slice of piezo-electric ceramic and is housed in a small plastic-moulded resonant chamber.

If you apply an AC signal across the two input terminals of the PB-2720, you get a corresponding audible output. Figure 1 shows the frequency characteristics of the device when it is fed with a 1V5 RMS input and the output level is measured at a range of 10 cm. Note that a good output level is available across a wide frequency band but this peaks at about 4.5 kHz, at which point an output sound level of roughly 85 dB is obtained at a range of 10 cm from a 1V5 RMS input. If you are not familiar with acoustic terminology, 85 dB is typical of the subjective sound level of a noisy office or busy street.

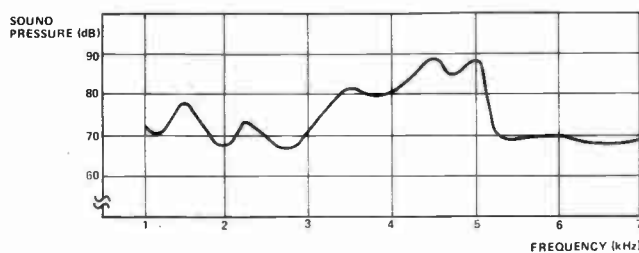


Fig. 1 Frequency characteristics of the PB-2720 'buzzer' with an input of 1.5 V RMS. The sound pressure is measured at 10 cm.

The really impressive feature of the PB-2720 is its high level of power conversion efficiency and consequent low power input requirement for a given power output. Figure 2 shows the input voltage characteristics of the device in terms of current consumption and generated sound pressure. Note here, for example, that a 10 V RMS input at 4.8 kHz causes a current consumption of only 3 mA but results in 100 dB of output, while at 1.65 kHz the input consumes only 1 mA (10 mW) for 87 dB of output. Very impressive.

The explanation for these apparently miraculously low levels of power consumption is very simple. Conventional electromagnetic speaker-type transducers have incredibly low conversion efficiency levels, ranging from a mere 0.1% for hi-fi speakers to 2% for 'cheapo' types. The PB-2720, by contrast, is a piezo-electric device and has an efficiency level of about 50%. Thus, for a given output level it needs an input power of only 1/500th to 1/25th of conventional sound generators.

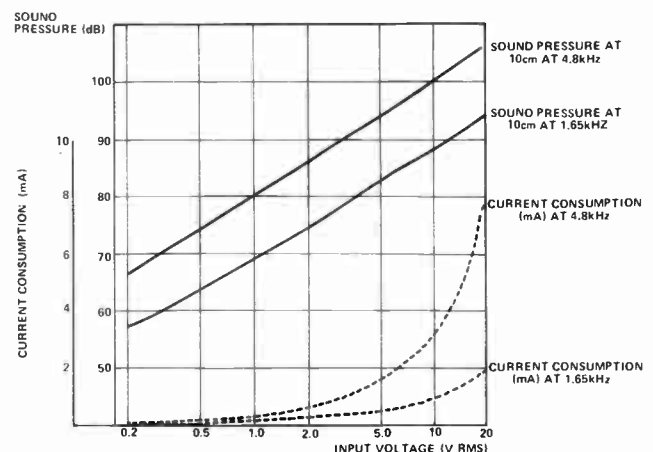


Fig. 2 Input voltage characteristics of the PB-2720 in terms of current consumption and generated sound pressure.

## Driving The PB-2720

The PB-2720 is a very easy device to drive. Being ceramic, its input terminals appear to the outside world as a simple capacitor with a static value of about 20nF and a DC resistance of near-infinity: if you drive it with a pure sine wave, you simply find that its impedance decreases as frequency increases.

The most effective and cheapest way to drive the device is to feed it with square waves, but in this case the driver must be able to source and sink currents with equal ease and must have a current-limited (short-circuit proof) output. CMOS drivers fit this bill perfectly. →



Figures 3 and 4 show two very inexpensive ways of driving the PB-2720 from a gated 4011B CMOS oscillator; both circuits generate a continuous-tone when they are enabled, are gated on by a high (logic 1) input signal, and can use any supply in the range 3 to 18 V.

The Fig. 3 circuit calls for little explanation. IC1a-IC1b are wired as a gated 2 kHz astable, and IC1c is used to give single-ended buffered drive to the PB-2720. The circuit can be gated on electronically, or by PB1. The signal reaching the PB-2720 is thus an approximate square wave with a peak-to-peak amplitude roughly equal to the supply voltage; consequently, the RMS voltage across the load is roughly equal to 50% of the supply voltage.

The Fig. 4 circuit is rather more difficult to understand. IC1c and IC1d are series-connected and used to give a 'bridge' drive to the transducer, in which antiphase signals are fed to the two sides of the PB-2720. The consequence of this cunning drive technique is that the load (the PB-2720) actually sees a square wave drive voltage that has a peak-to-peak value equal to twice the supply voltage and thus gives four times more acoustic power than the Fig. 3 circuit. The effective RMS voltage across the load of the Fig. 4 circuit is equal to the supply voltage. Mystified?

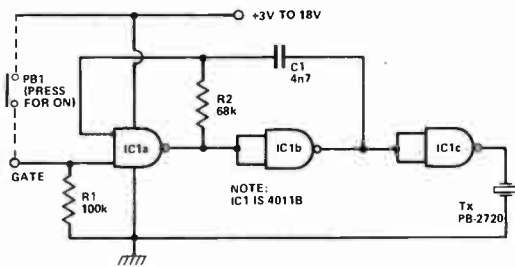


Fig. 3 This basic buzzer circuit is gated by a high (logic 1) input and generates a 2 kHz continuous tone. The PB-2720 drive is single-ended. Sound output (at 10 cm) is about 82 dB from a 10 V supply.

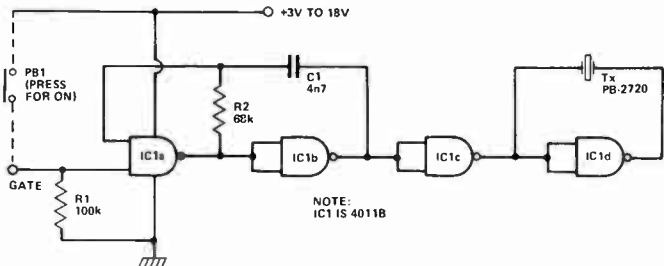


Fig. 4 This version of the basic buzzer circuit uses bridge drive to the PB-2720 and produces an output that is four times louder than the Fig. 3 circuit.

## Points Of View

The solution to the action of the bridge-driven circuit of Fig. 4 can be understood with the aid of Fig. 5, which shows the waveforms applied to the load from a bridge circuit when it is fed with a 10 V peak-to-peak square wave input signal. The important thing to grasp when looking at this diagram is the basic concept of reference points. You and I are accustomed to thinking in terms of the common or ground line as being the 'zero voltage' reference point. Thus, when we look at point A in Fig. 6 we see a square wave signal that alternates between 0 V and +10 V. Similarly, when we look at point B we again see a 10 V peak-to-peak signal, but in this case it is in antiphase to the A signal (shifted by 180°).

Now the load in the Fig. 5 circuit (irrespective of whether it is a simple resistor or a PB-2720) sees drive voltages purely with reference to one arbitrary side of itself. With this concept in mind, let's look at the drive voltage as seen by the load (the third

waveform, the true voltage across the load), which assumes that the load is always seeing point A as its 'zero reference' point.

In this case, during period '1' of the drive signal, point B is 10 V positive to point A and is thus seen as being at '+10 V'. In period '2', point B is 10 V negative to point A, and is thus seen as being at '-10 V'. Similarly, through periods '3' to '6' point B is seen as alternating through +10 V, -10 V, +10 V and -10 V.

Thus the load in a 10 V bridge-driven circuit sees a voltage of 20 V peak-to-peak, or twice the single-ended input voltage. Since doubling the drive voltage results in a doubling of the drive current, and power is equal to the V.I product, the bridge-driven circuit will produce four times more power than the single-ended circuit. If you don't believe it, check it with a 'scope, but don't forget to reference your 'common' terminal to one side of the load.

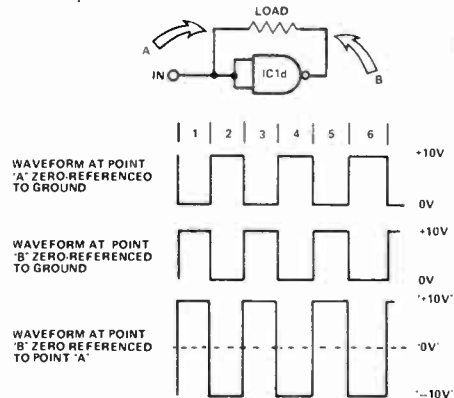


Fig. 5 Waveforms applied to the load from a bridge circuit when it is fed with a 10 V peak-to-peak square wave input signal. Note that the first two waveforms are zero-referenced to ground, but the third waveform is zero-referenced to point A.

## Sound Practice

Gated CMOS oscillators/drivers can be used in a variety of ways to produce useful alarm sounds from the PB-2720. A few variations are shown in Figs. 6 to 9. If you are not bothered about waveform degradation and need to use the minimum possible number of gates, you can, for example, drive the PB-2720 directly from the output of the CMOS astable, as shown in Fig. 6. Alternatively, if you want the alarm to be gated on by a low (logic 0) input, simply substitute a 4001B for the 4011B, as shown in the bridge-driven circuit of Fig. 7.

Fig. 6 Direct-output version of the gated 2 kHz buzzer circuit.

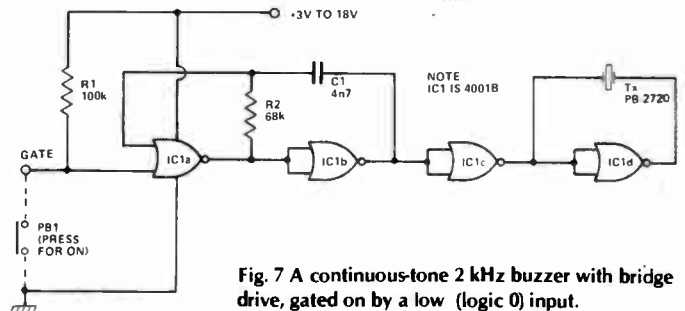
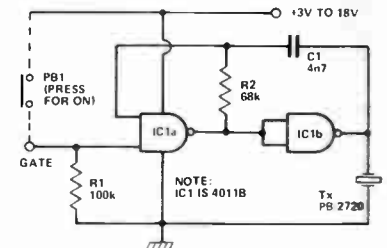


Fig. 7 A continuous-tone 2 kHz buzzer with bridge drive, gated on by a low (logic 0) input.

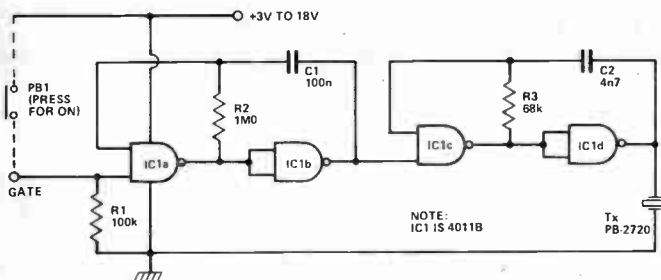


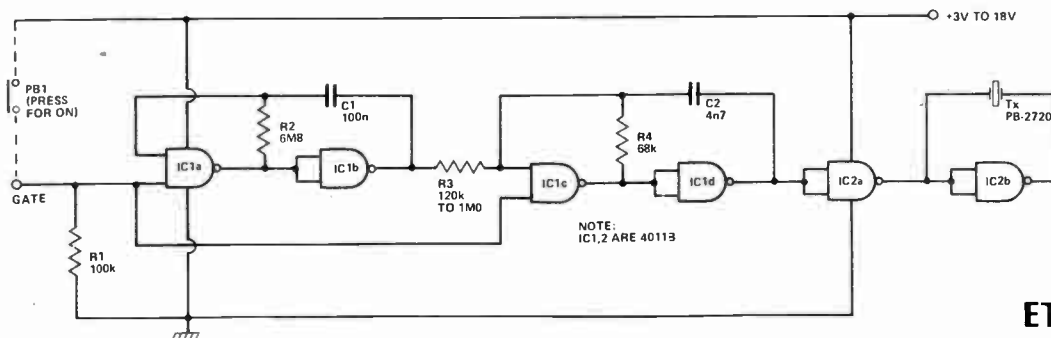
Fig. 8 A gated pulsed-tone alarm, gated by a high input, with direct-drive output.

Figure 8 shows how you can use a single 4011B to make a pulsed-tone (bleep-bleep) alarm circuit with direct drive to the PB-2720. Here, IC1a-IC1b are wired as a gated 6 Hz astable which is used to gate the IC1c-IC1d 2 kHz astable on and off. The circuit is gated on by a high input; if you want low-input gating, simply swap the 4011B for a 4001B and transpose the positions of PB1 and R1.

Figure 9 shows a warble-tone version of the gated alarm. Here, low-frequency astable IC1a-IC1b is used to modulate the frequency of the IC1c-IC1d astable; the depth of frequency modulation depends on the value used for R3.

There are plenty of other gated CMOS generator circuits that can be used to drive the PB-2720. The generators can be gated by a wide variety of sensor circuits, so that the alarms are automatically activated by excesses of light, temperature, voltage or current, and so on; lots of suitable circuits can be found in past issues of ETI.

Fig. 9 This gated warble-tone alarm sounds like a British police car siren (dee-dah) and has a bridge-driven output.



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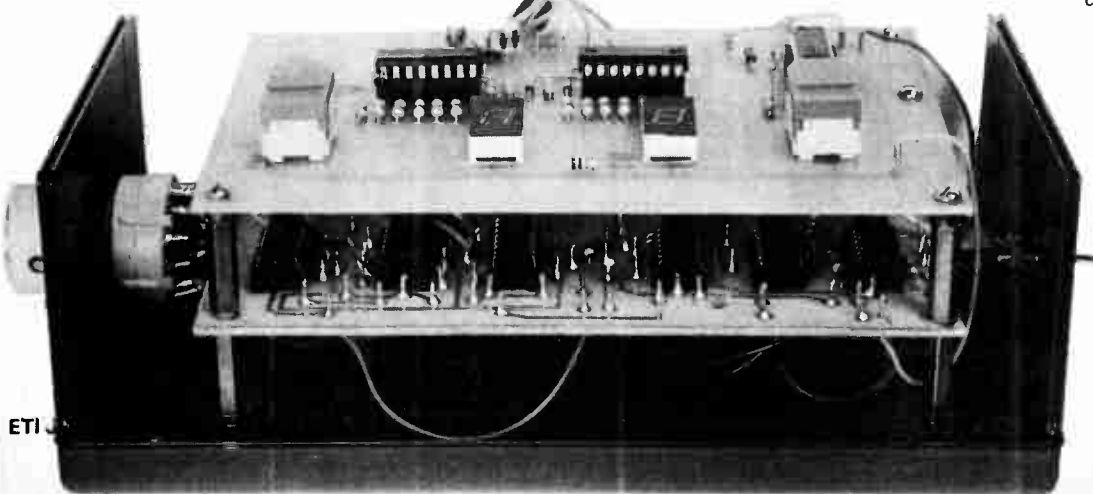
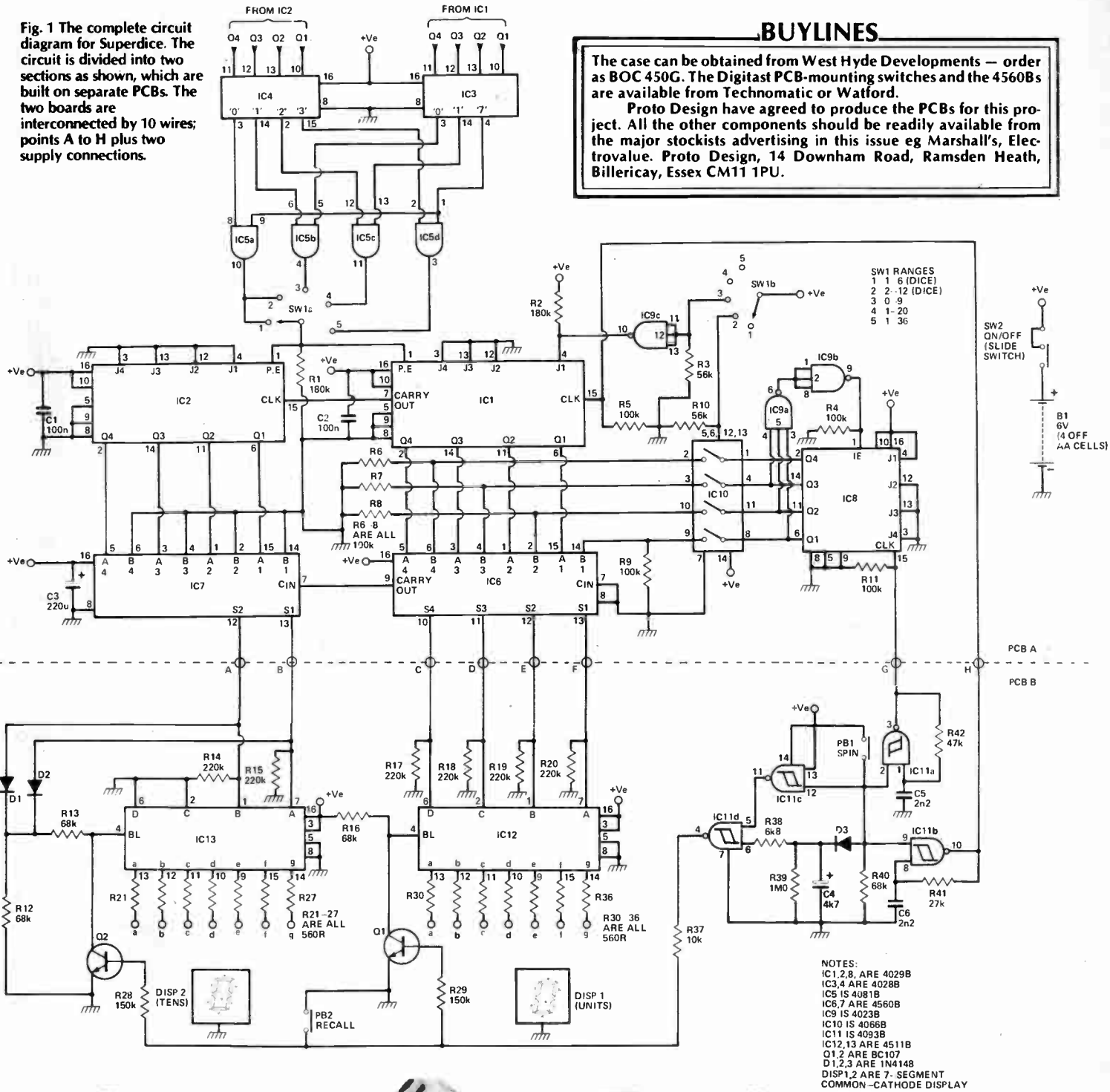
# CHROMATRONICS

# PROJECT : Superdice

Fig. 1 The complete circuit diagram for Superdice. The circuit is divided into two sections as shown, which are built on separate PCBs. The two boards are interconnected by 10 wires; points A to H plus two supply connections.

## BUYLINES

The case can be obtained from West Hyde Developments — order as BOC 450G. The Digitast PCB-mounting switches and the 4560Bs are available from Technomatic or Watford. Proto Design have agreed to produce the PCBs for this project. All the other components should be readily available from the major stockists advertising in this issue eg Marshall's, Electrovalve. Proto Design, 14 Downham Road, Ramsden Heath, Billericay, Essex CM11 1PU.



This side view shows how the two boards are stacked inside the case, using tapped hexagonal spacers. The battery holder fits in the space under the lower board, and the height of the upper board just allows the push-buttons to pass through the cut-outs.

## PARTS LIST

### Resistors (all 1/4 W, 5%)

R1,2	180k
R3,10	56k
R4,5,6,7,8,9,11	100k
R12,13,16,40	68k
R14,15,17,18,19,20	220k
R21-27, 30-36	560R
R28,29	150k
R37	10k
R38	6k8
R39	1M0
R41	27k
R42	47k

### Capacitors

C1,2	100n ceramic
C3	220u 16 V axial electrolytic
C4	4u7 35 V tantalum
C5,6	2n2 ceramic

### Semiconductors

IC1,2,8	4029B
IC3,4	4028B
IC5	4081B
IC6,7	4560B
IC9	4023B
IC10	4066B
IC11	4093B
IC12,13	4511B
Q1,2	BC107
D1-3	1N4148
DISP1,2	seven-segment common cathode display, 0.3" character

### Miscellaneous

SW1	two-pole five-way rotary switch
SW2	SPDT slide switch
PB1,2	Digitast push-buttons (see Buylines)
B1	four HP7 batteries
Case (see Buylines), PCB (see Buylines).	

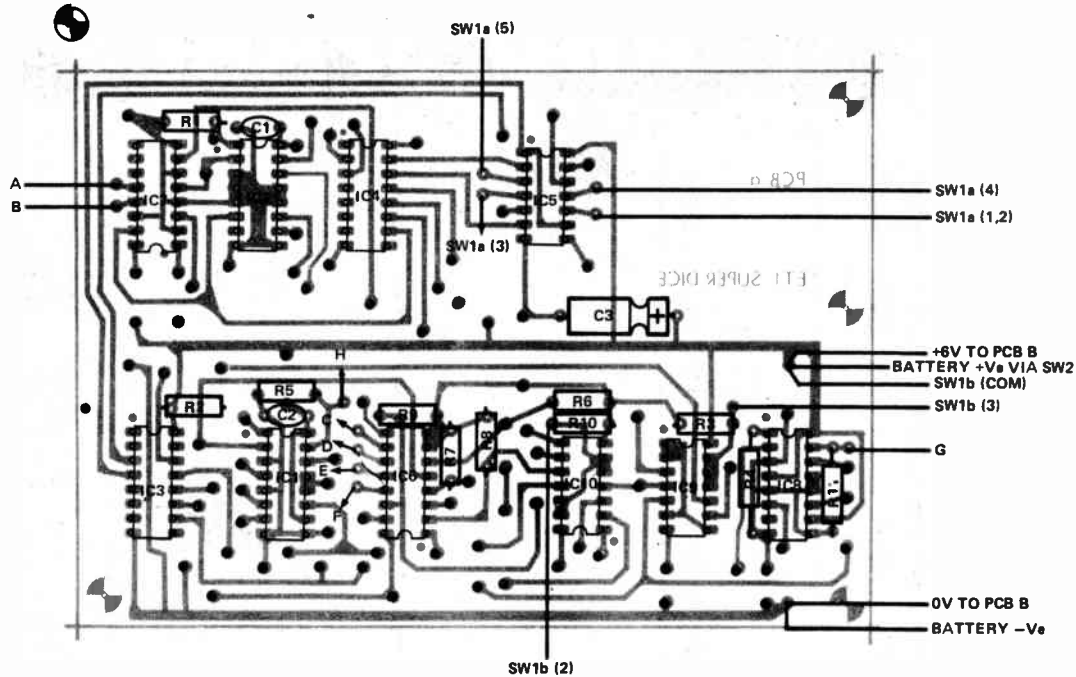


Fig. 2 (Above) Component overlay for PCB A of the Superdice. This is the double-sided board, although only the 'non-component side' tracks are shown. The right-hand side of R2 isn't floating, it solders to the topside track. The two sides of the board must be connected by Veropins (soldered both sides) where indicated by black dots.

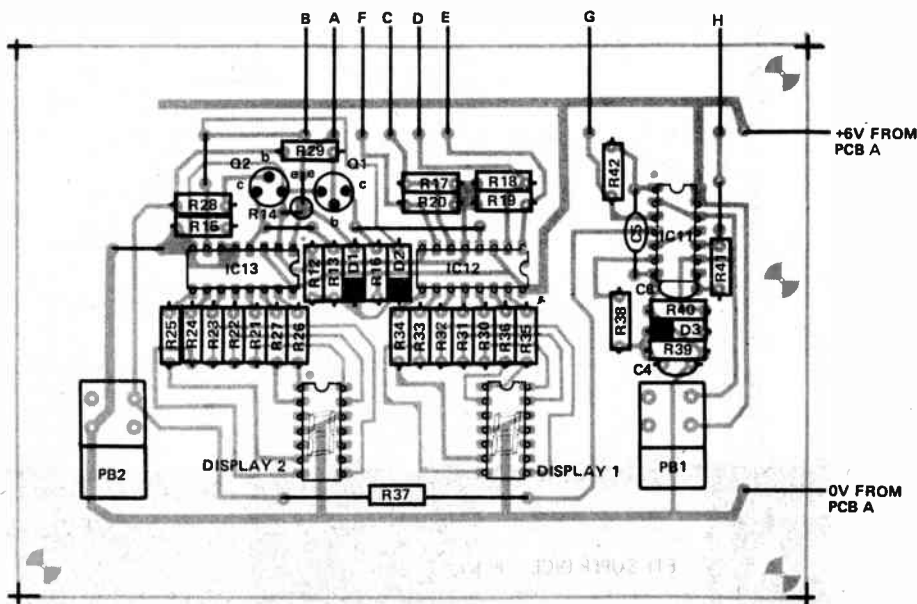
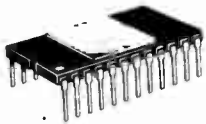


Fig. 3 Component overlay for PCB B, the single-sided display board. Make sure you get the right size displays to fit the foil pattern.

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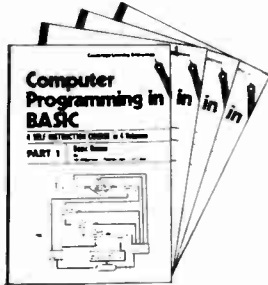
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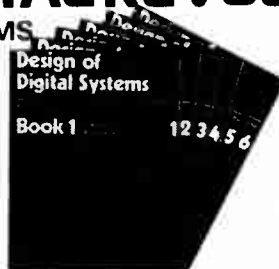
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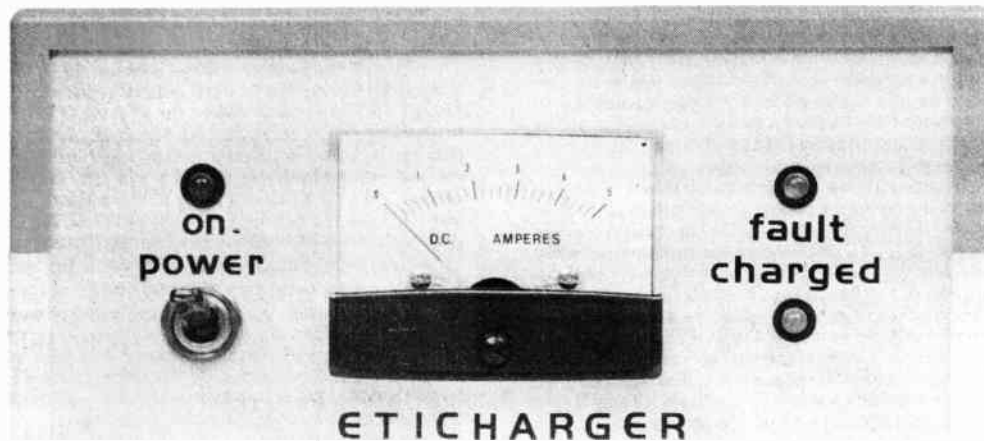
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# SMART BATTERY CHARGER



**This 'smart' unit gives a fault warning if your battery is defective in any way: if the battery is OK, the unit will power it up.  
Design by Ray Marston. Development by Plamen Pazov.**

Charging a car battery with a conventional charger unit can be a time-wasting task. Once the owner has connected the battery to the charger, he has to occasionally check the state of the battery with a hydrometer and switch the charger off manually when the battery reaches the fully charged state, to avoid the risk of overcharging and possible plate buckling. Once every couple of years you'll find, after a lot of time-wasting, that the battery state is so deteriorated that it is beyond redemption.

ETI's new battery charger circuit (an update of our April '80 effort) overcomes these time-wasting snags. When you first connect it to the battery, the unit automatically checks that there are no obvious signs of cell damage or destructive corruption of the electrolytic solution. If any fault is evident a fault LED will illuminate and the circuit will refuse to apply a charge current to the battery.

If the battery is sound, the unit will charge it up in the conventional way but will continuously monitor its charge state and, when the battery reaches the fully charged state, will automatically switch to the 'trickle charge' mode (indicated by an LED) in which the charge is maintained without risk of battery damage. The unit thus gives a 'fit and forget' type of battery charging action.

Our charger is designed to charge 12 V batteries only. The unit can either be built as a stand-alone project, complete with transformer and case, or can simply be added to an existing charger to update a conventional design.

## Construction And Use

Construction of the unit should present few problems. If you decide to build the complete stand-alone project, assemble

the PCB components exactly as shown on the overlay noting that the three LEDs and the bridge rectifier are mounted off-board; then complete the interwiring to the meter, bridge rectifier, transformer, LEDs, and so on, and box the unit. Note in our prototype that the transformer and bridge rectifier are bolted to the metal panel at the rear of the case, which thus acts as a heat sink.

The 5 A meter is an optional item: if you decide not to fit it, simply take the positive output of the bridge rectifier directly to the PCB positive terminal. On our prototype, we use a standard moving coil meter, shunted to 5 A FSD, as the current monitor: a cheaper alternative would be a moving iron meter, which may be available from some car accessory shops.

If you decide to use our 'smart' charger circuit to update an existing 12 V battery charger unit, simply wire our PCB to the output of the charger (taking care to observe polarities) and shift the positive crocodile lead to the PCB output. Whichever version of the unit you use, be sure to use a reasonably heavy gauge of wire for the interconnections.

When construction is complete, turn PR1 slider to mid position and give the unit a functional check as follows.

- (1) Check that, with no battery connected, LEDs 1 and 2 illuminate.
- (2) Short the output terminals together with a 5 A fuse; check that FAULT LED3 illuminates and that negligible current flows through the output terminals.
- (3) Connect a sound but partially discharged 12 V car battery in place and check that LEDs 2 and 3 turn off and that a charge current (typically 2 and 4 A) flows to the battery. Rotate PR1 slider and check that CHARGED LED2 can be turned on and the charge current cut off us-

- ing the pot.
- (4) Rotate PR1 slider fully towards R7 and charge the battery up using the normal hydrometer technique. When the battery reaches full charge, carefully adjust PR1 so that LED2 just starts to turn on and the charge current falls to a trickle level of a few hundred milliamps.

If PR1 is correctly set, you'll find that on subsequent charges LED2 will first start to flicker as the full charge level is reached. The LED will subsequently turn on at reduced brightness or will alternately cut on and off as the fully charged state is maintained. PR1 should require no further adjustment throughout the life of the charger.

## HOW IT WORKS

In a conventional battery charger the unsmoothed full-wave rectified output of a 17 V transformer is fed to the battery. The battery is charged by a pulsed current at a rate determined by the differential voltage between the battery and the charger and by the total series resistance of the circuit (the effective resistance of the transformer, rectifier and battery). A flat battery has a low terminal voltage and typically draws an initial charging current of about 4 A, falling to about 2 A as the terminal voltage rises to the full charge value. The total series resistance of the circuit is sufficient to limit the charge current to a safe value.

You'll notice from the above description that the battery terminal voltage rises as the battery charges up and can thus be used to give an indication of the state of charge of the battery. In our charger circuit, power is fed to the battery via silicon-controlled rectifier SCR1, which in turn is controlled by voltage-sensing circuitry designed around IC1-IC2 and Q2. If the battery is connected when its off-load voltage is below 10 V (indicating damaged plates or defective electrolyte), Q2 turns on and the SCR drive is disabled, and the battery receives no charge. If the voltage is above 10 V but below the fully charged value, Q2 turns off and the SCR turns on early in each full-wave rectified mains half-cycle via R2 and D1, so the battery charges in the normal way. Once the battery voltage reaches the fully charged value, Q2 again turns on, disabling the SCR, and the charging process is then complete. Details of the voltage-sensing circuit are as follows.

IC1 and IC2 are wired as a voltage-window comparator, with their outputs fed to Q2 via indicator LEDs 2 and 3 and via the D4-D5 OR gate. Reference voltages are fed to these two ICs from ZD2 via the R8-PR1-R9-R10 potential divider network, with 5 V

being fed to pin 3 of IC2 and roughly 7 V fed to pin 2 of IC1 via PR1. The battery voltage is halved by R3-R4, integrated by R5-C2-D3, and fed to pin 3 of IC1 and pin 2 of IC2 via safety resistors R11 and R12.

Thus, if the battery voltage is below 10 V, the pin 2 voltage of IC2 will be below that of pin 3, and IC2 output will go high, driving FAULT LED3 on and disabling the SCR via Q2. Similarly, if the battery voltage is greater than 14 V nominal, pin 3 of IC1 will be above that of pin 2, and IC1 output will go high, driving CHARGED LED2 on and again disabling the SCR via Q2. Finally, if the battery voltage is in the range 10 to 14 V, the outputs of IC1 and IC2 will both be low, Q2 will be cut off, and the SCR will gate on in each half-cycle via R2-D1 and apply charge current to the battery.

In practice, the terminal voltage of the battery depends on both the battery state and the magnitude of the charging current and decreases when the charging current is removed. Consequently, the circuit does not abruptly stop providing a charging current when the battery reaches full charge, but goes into a skip-cycling mode, progressively reducing the mean charging current to a low trickle value. This action automatically maintains the battery in a fully charged (but not over-charged) state.

The correct setting of preset pot PR1 is established initially by charging the battery up in the conventional (hydrometer) manner until it reaches the fully charged state. PR1 is then carefully set so that the charger goes into the skip-cycling or trickle charge mode under this condition. The PR1 setting is then valid for all subsequent automatic recharging actions. Current monitor meter M1 is an entirely optional component in this circuit.

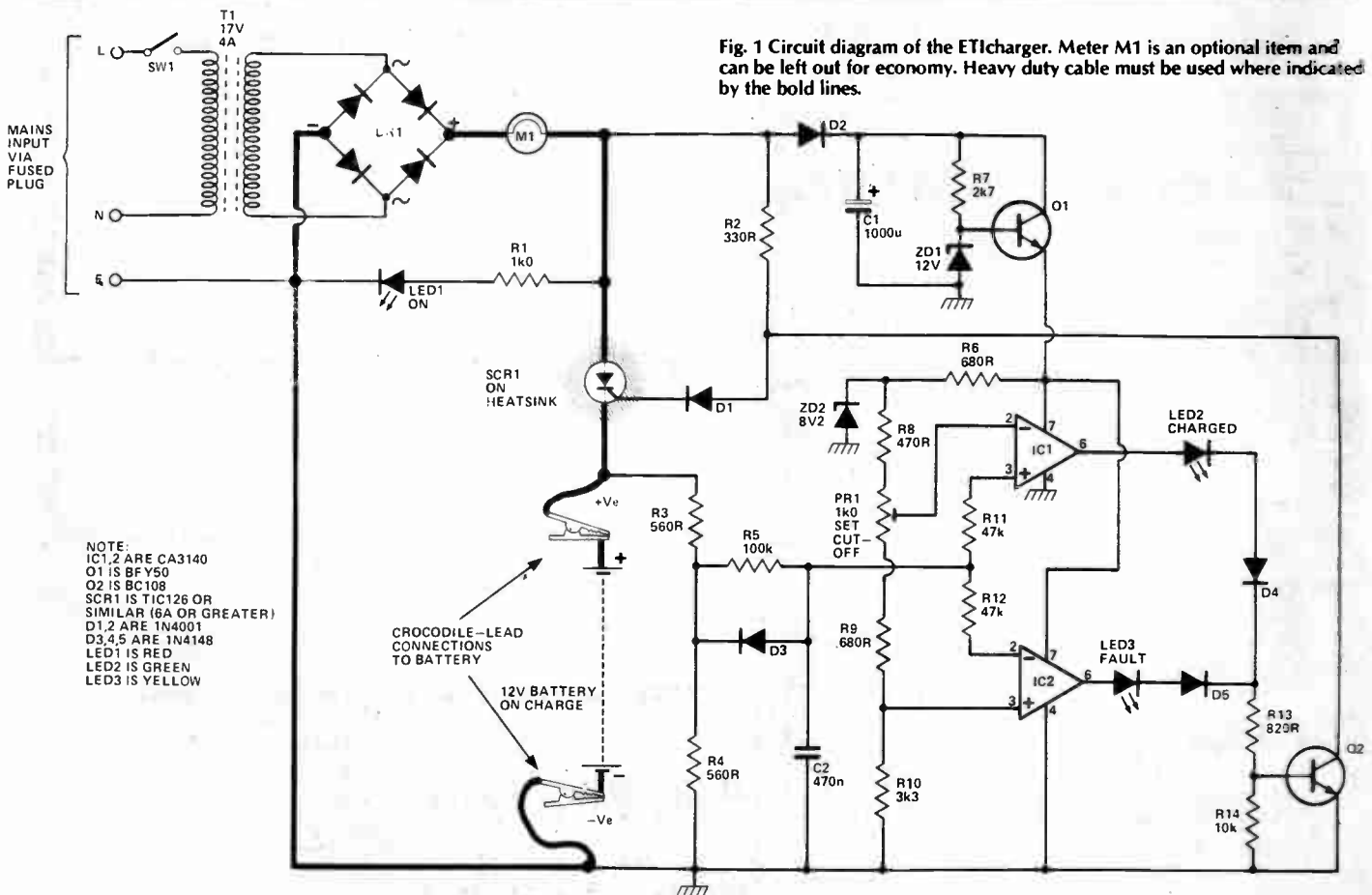


Fig. 1 Circuit diagram of the ET1 charger. Meter M1 is an optional item and can be left out for economy. Heavy duty cable must be used where indicated by the bold lines.

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	1X013	15+15	1.00	
	1X014	18+18	0.83	
	1X015	22+22	0.68	
	1X016	25+25	0.60	
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	2X013	15+15	1.66	
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	2X015	22+22	1.13	
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	3X012	12+12	3.33	
	3X013	15+15	2.66	
	3X014	18+18	2.22	
	3X015	22+22	1.81	
	3X016	25+25	1.60	
<b>120VA</b> 90x40mm 1.2 Kg	4X010	6+6	10.00	<b>£6.38</b> +£1.43 P/P +£1.17 VAT
	4X011	9+9	6.66	
	4X012	12+12	5.00	
	4X013	15+15	4.00	
	4X014	18+18	3.33	
	4X015	22+22	2.72	
	4X016	26+25	2.40	

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	5X013	15+15	5.33	
	5X014	18+18	4.44	
	5X015	22+22	3.63	
	5X016	25+25	3.20	
	5X017	30+30	2.66	
	5X018	35+35	2.28	
	5X028	110	1.45	
	5X029	220	0.72	
	5X030	240	0.66	
<b>225VA</b> 110x45mm 2.2 Kg	6X014	18+18	6.25	<b>£10.06</b> +£1.73 P/P +£1.77 VAT
	6X015	22+22	5.11	
	6X016	25+25	4.50	
	6X017	30+30	3.75	
	6X018	35+35	3.21	
	6X028	40+40	2.81	
	6X028	110	2.04	
	6X029	220	1.02	
	6X030	240	0.93	
	<b>300VA</b> 110x50mm 2.6 Kg	7X016	25+25	
7X017		30+30	5.00	
7X018		35+35	4.28	
7X026		40+40	3.75	
7X025		45+45	3.33	
7X028		110	2.72	
7X029		220	1.36	
<b>500VA</b> 140x60mm 4 Kg	8X017	30+30	8.33	<b>£15.53</b> +£2.05 P/P +£2.64
	8X018	35+35	7.14	
	8X026	40+40	6.25	
	8X025	45+45	5.55	
	8X033	50+50	5.00	
	8X028	110	4.54	
	8X029	220	2.27	
8X030	240	2.08		

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	P2402	4.5+4.5	0.33	
	P2403	6+6	0.25	
	P2404	7.5+7.5	0.20	
	P2405	9+9	0.17	
	P2406	12+12	0.12	
	P2407	15+15	0.10	
<b>6VA</b>	P3401	3+3	1.00	<b>£1.91</b> +£30p P/P +33p VAT
	P3402	4.5+4.5	0.67	
	P3403	6+6	0.50	
	P3404	7.5+7.5	0.40	
	P3405	9+9	0.33	
	P3406	12+12	0.25	
	P3407	15+15	0.20	
<b>12VA</b>	P4401	3+3	2.00	<b>£2.09</b> +58p P/P +40p VAT
	P4402	4.5+4.5	1.33	
	P4403	6+6	1.00	
	P4404	7.5+7.5	0.80	
	P4405	9+9	0.66	
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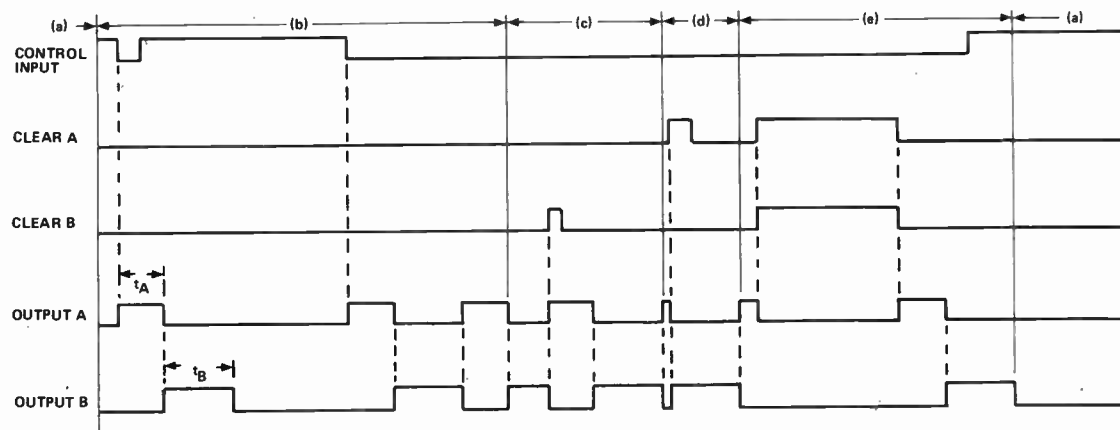
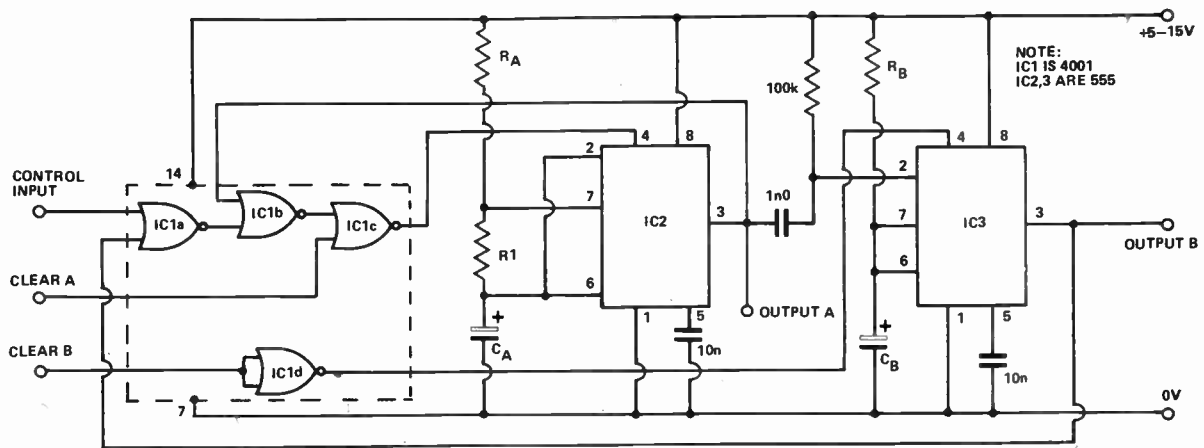
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# TECH TIPS



## Double-pulse Oscillator

C. Shackleton, South Africa

This circuit has an active cycle which produces two output pulses: pulse A when the cycle is initiated, followed immediately by pulse B. A control input is used to initiate the cycle, and is isolated for the remainder of the cycle. Two clear inputs enable either output pulse to be terminated at any time.

Operation may best be understood by studying the waveforms, bearing in mind IC2 is connected as an astable while IC3 is connected as a monostable

(this configuration prevents any possibility of latch-up). If both clear inputs are kept low, the following holds:

(i) If IC2 and IC3 are both in the 'rest' condition, and the control input is high (a), nothing happens.

(ii) If the control input is low (b), IC2 begins to oscillate (output A rises), the control input is isolated, and IC2 reset is kept high. After a time

$$t_A = 1.1(R_A + R_1)C_A,$$

output A falls, triggering IC3 (output B rises), the control input is again isolated, and IC2 remains reset. After a time

$$t_B = 1.1R_B C_B,$$

output B falls and the circuit is back to its 'rest' condition.

(iii) Whenever Clear A goes high, (d) and (e), IC2 resets immediately and remains reset for the duration of the clear pulse; nothing else is affected. Clear B acts on IC3 in the same way; (c) and (e).

The flexibility of this circuit indicates that it can be used in a variety of applications. The prototype controlled the concentration of algae in a tank of mussels. A light-operated system caused the control input to go low when the concentration fell. Algae were then dropped into the tank for time  $t_A$ ; time  $t_B$  allowed the algae to disperse before the cycle could repeat.

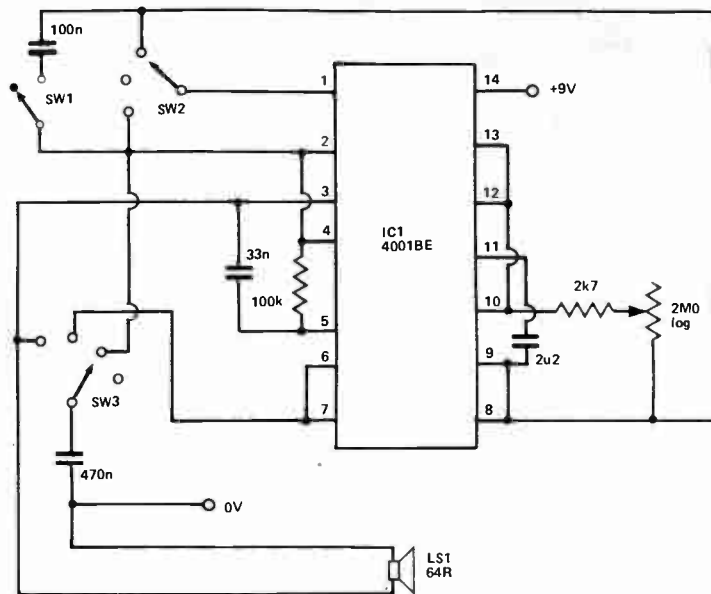
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## Simple Sound Effects

A.G. Smith, Derby

This circuit will generate 24 different sound effects including two-tone sirens, rising tones, seagulls etc. It operates from a 9 V battery and uses only one CMOS IC. Most of the components are not critical, but the speaker must have an impedance of 64-100R. Note that the negative supply from the battery does not go to the negative supply pin on the IC, which must be the buffered version of the 4001.

Altering the 33nF capacitor or 100k resistor changes the basic frequency, and the 2MΩ pot adjusts the speed of the rise and fall of the tones. A PP6 battery was used to drive the circuit and has been in regular operation for six months without replacement.



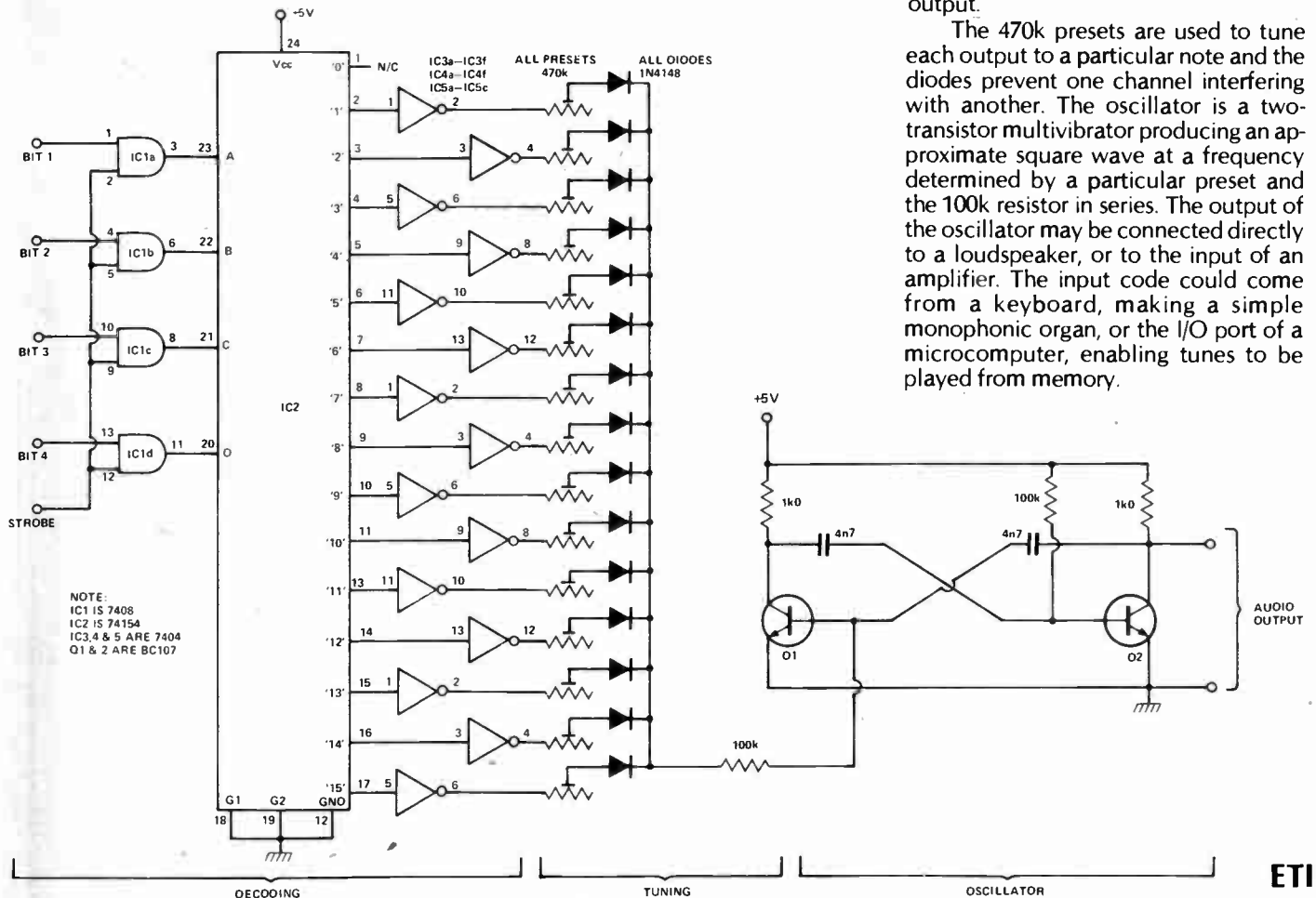
## Computer Organ

A. Brown, Ayr

A four-bit word can generate musical notes using this simple circuit. The 7408 only allows the four-bit binary code from the keyboard or I/O port to reach the address pins of the 74154 while the strobe is high. On the keyboard used the strobe stayed high until the key was released, but a latch could be used to hold the data if only a pulsed strobe is available. The 74154 is a 1-of-16 decoder with active-low outputs, ie one output is low

depending on the binary code present on the input pins, the rest stay high. The 7404 inverters were used so that a voltage could be sourced to the oscillator, instead of trying to sink one. The '0' output is not connected, to allow an input code which produces no sound output.

The 470k presets are used to tune each output to a particular note and the diodes prevent one channel interfering with another. The oscillator is a two-transistor multivibrator producing an approximate square wave at a frequency determined by a particular preset and the 100k resistor in series. The output of the oscillator may be connected directly to a loudspeaker, or to the input of an amplifier. The input code could come from a keyboard, making a simple monophonic organ, or the I/O port of a microcomputer, enabling tunes to be played from memory.



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# SPACE INVASION MODIFICATIONS

Space Invasion grows up! Here are the changes to convert it into your very own personal computer.

**B**ack in the November '80 ETI we featured the Space Invasion TV game from Tangerine Computers. The design as published was effectively a microcomputer dedicated to a single task — running the Space Invasion program. With the simple additions and alterations given here, the project becomes a fully-fledged personal computer, equivalent to the Microtan 65 and able to use all of the expansion boards in the Tangerine range.

Before discussing the modifications, we ought to mention a few alterations to the original circuit. Pin 12 of IC11b is shown connected to earth. It should be connected to IC15 pin 34. All new boards being supplied by Tangerine have this modification to the track pattern, so check your board before making any changes. IC20 pins 20 and 21 should be swapped over, and the label adjacent to IC7c was ringed in error — it is diode D2, not IC position D2. The unmarked pin on IC9c is pin 11.

## All Change

There are only a handful of extra components required to complete the conversion. An additional character generator enables the screen to display the lower case alphabet. Connection to other boards in the Tangerine system is made via the multiway socket that comes ready-soldered to the PCB — the bus signals need a high driving capability and the tri-state buffers for the address bus are located on the CPU card. (Buffers for the data bus are on the TANEX card.) If you feel content with only 1K of RAM and machine code programming, the address buffers won't be necessary. The remaining components provide various timing and control signals.

## Soft Option

Even with these changes, the board will still only play Space Invasion unless you change the software. This is simple — remove the EPROM (IC20), return it to the protective foam from whence it came, and replace it with either the 1K TANBUG ROM or the 2K XBUG ROM, from Tangerine. The former is OK if you are happy with the limitations of the basic board, but if you plan to expand at some later date into a larger system with more I/O, the extra facilities of XBUG make it a better buy.

If you don't already have the Hex keypad or ASCII keyboard, you'll need one or the other to allow you to enter your own programs.

## Spreading Out

The first step in expanding the system is to purchase the TANEX card. This is connected to the CPU card by plugging both boards into a motherboard, and provides a cassette interface, 16 I/O lines, two 16 bit counter timers, the aforementioned data bus buffers and an additional 1K of RAM. This board also takes over the address decoding of the memory map for the

system, which is incompatible with the simpler, **hardwired** memory map of the CPU card. If TANEX is to be used, it is necessary to cut the three wire links on the CPU card (LINK RAM, LINK ROM and LINK I/O).

Plugging extra chips into the TANEX board will give you up to 8K of RAM, 16 more I/O lines, two more counter timers, serial I/O and 10K BASIC in ROM. Once you've got the BASIC you'll need an ASCII keyboard, and when you start writing huge programs, TANRAM will come in handy (up to 40K of extra memory).

And what if, after all this, you still feel a yearning to play Space Invasion again? No problem — either swap the ROM chips back again if you only have the CPU card, or insert the Invasion ROM in position E2 on TANEX and proceed as instructed in the original article.

Prices for the unusual chips are as follows; the TANBUG ROM (ask Tangerine for TANBUG1, issue 2 board) costs £20.05 including VAT and postage, XBUG is £20.25, and the DM8678CAE is £8. All these prices include VAT and postage. For details of the other boards in the Tangerine range, get in touch with them at Forehill Works, Forehill, Ely, Cambs.

## HOW IT WORKS

The basic Space Invasion unit requires only a few small modifications to the hardware and software to become a useful personal computer. The software is easily dealt with — by removing the ROM chip, IC20, and inserting a TANBUG ROM in this socket, we replace the fixed games program with a general purpose monitor.

The existing circuit already has upper case alphanumerics and graphics options; IC32 is a character generator for lower case alphabet.

If the system is to be expanded by connecting additional boards in the Tangerine range, then tri-state buffers are required. IC33, 34, 35 take care of this, receiving their control signal from the TANEX expansion board.

The remaining components provide additional decoupling and timing signals which are required by the complete system.

## PARTS LIST

### Resistors (all 1/4W, 5%)

R15,17 10k  
R16 1k0

### Capacitors

C17 1n0  
C18 47n

### Semiconductors

IC20 TANBUG ROM (or XBUG)  
IC29,30,31 74LS74  
IC32 DM8678CAE  
IC33,34,35 74LS367  
Q2,3 BC184

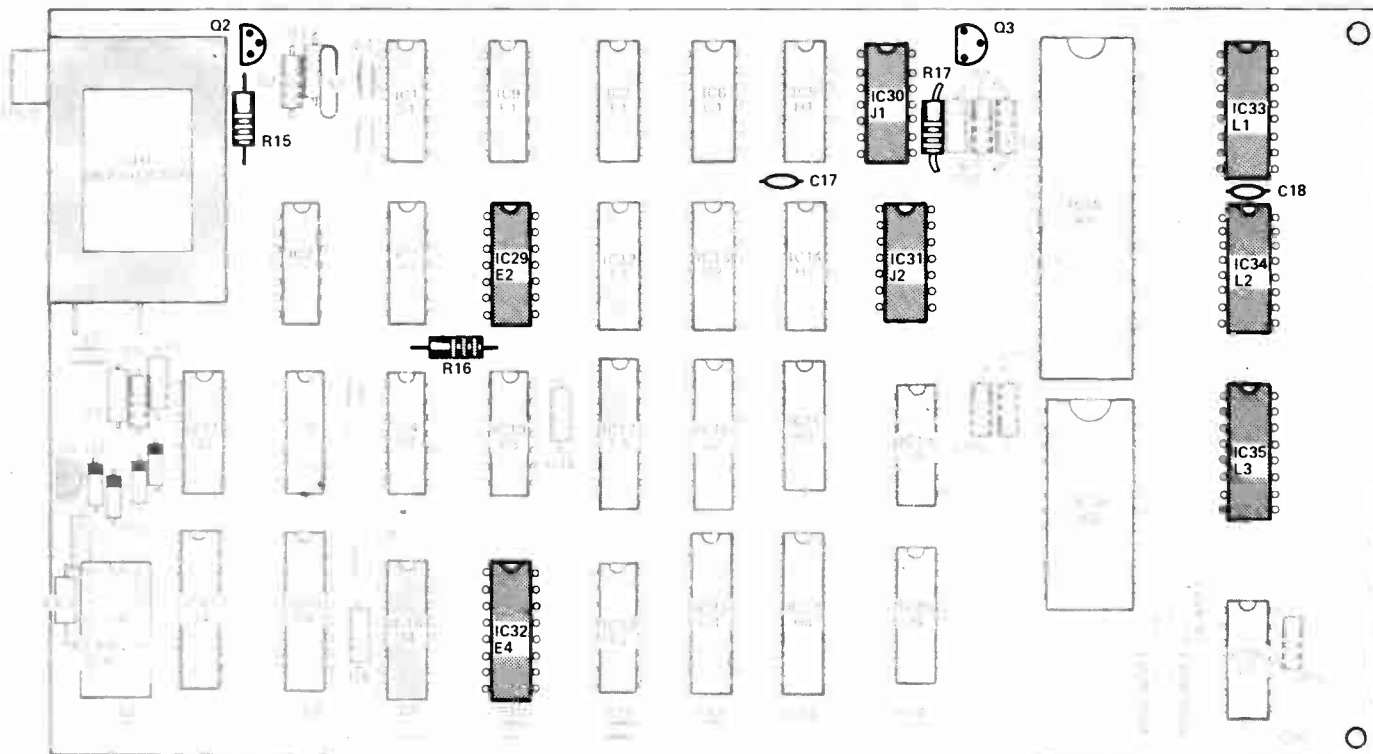


Fig. 1 The additional components are shown in black on the original (fainter) overlay. Tangerine use letter/number combinations to identify the IC sockets and these are indicated on each IC.

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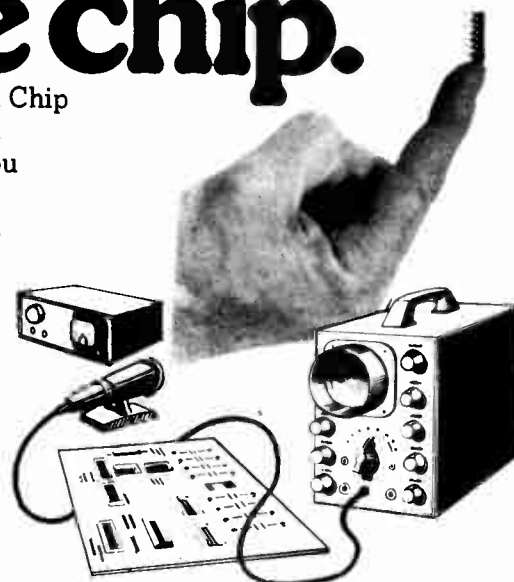
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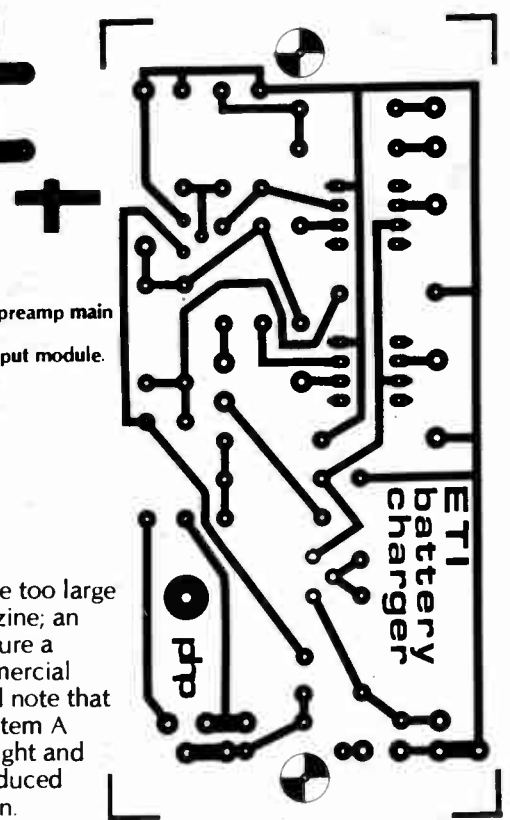
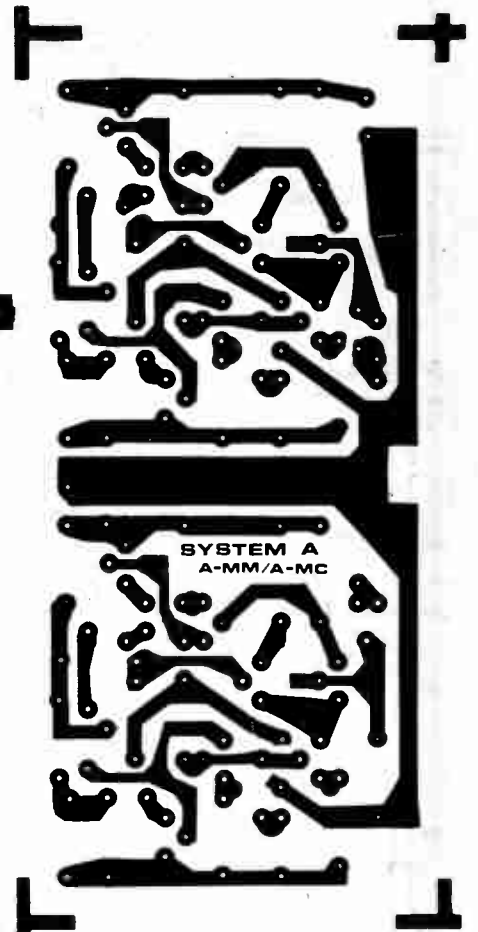
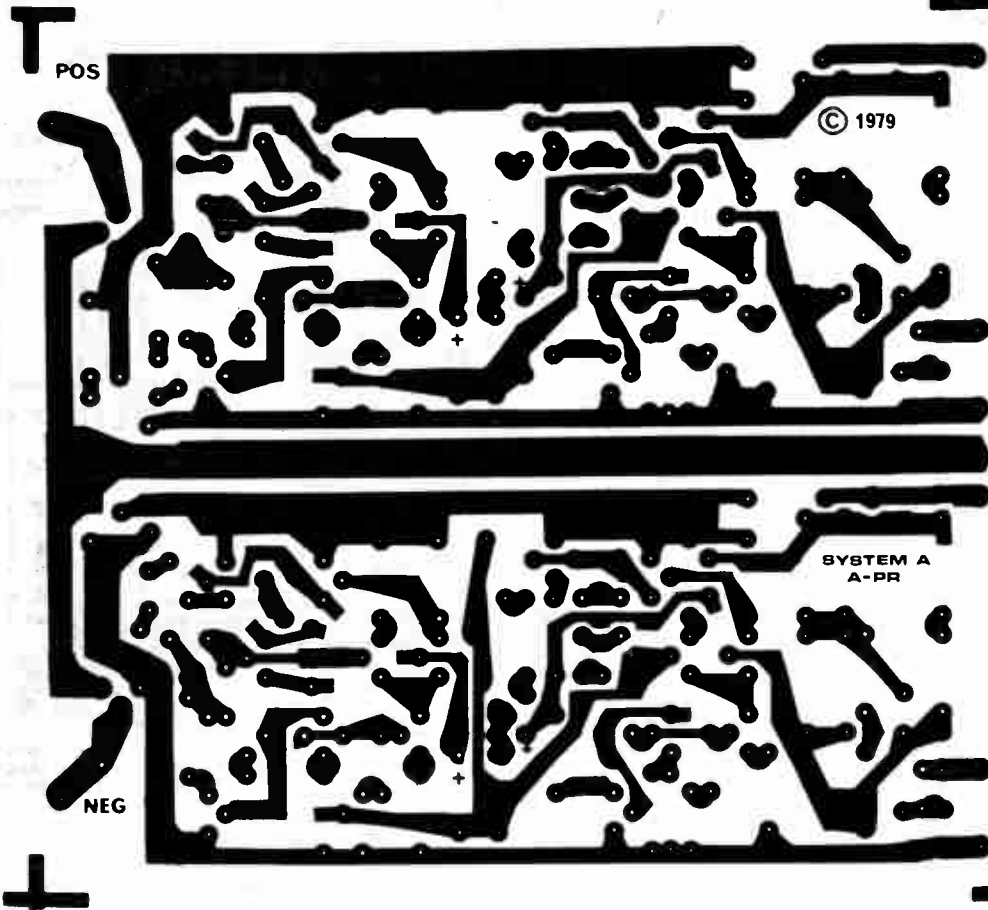
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


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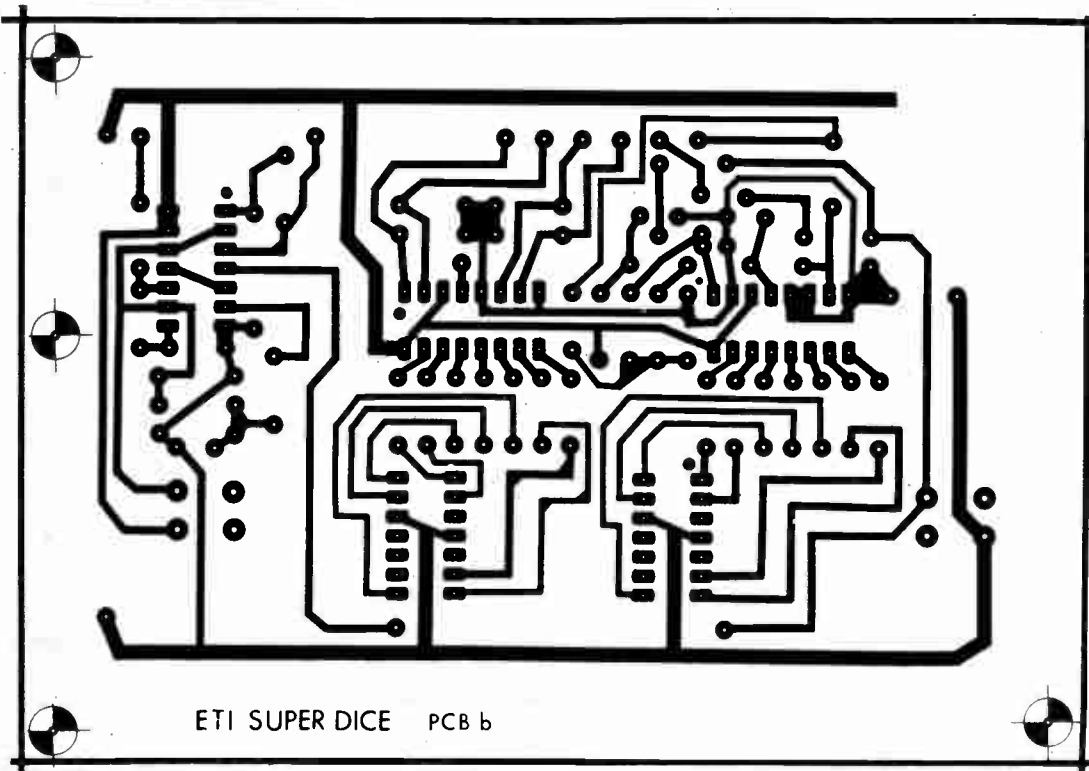
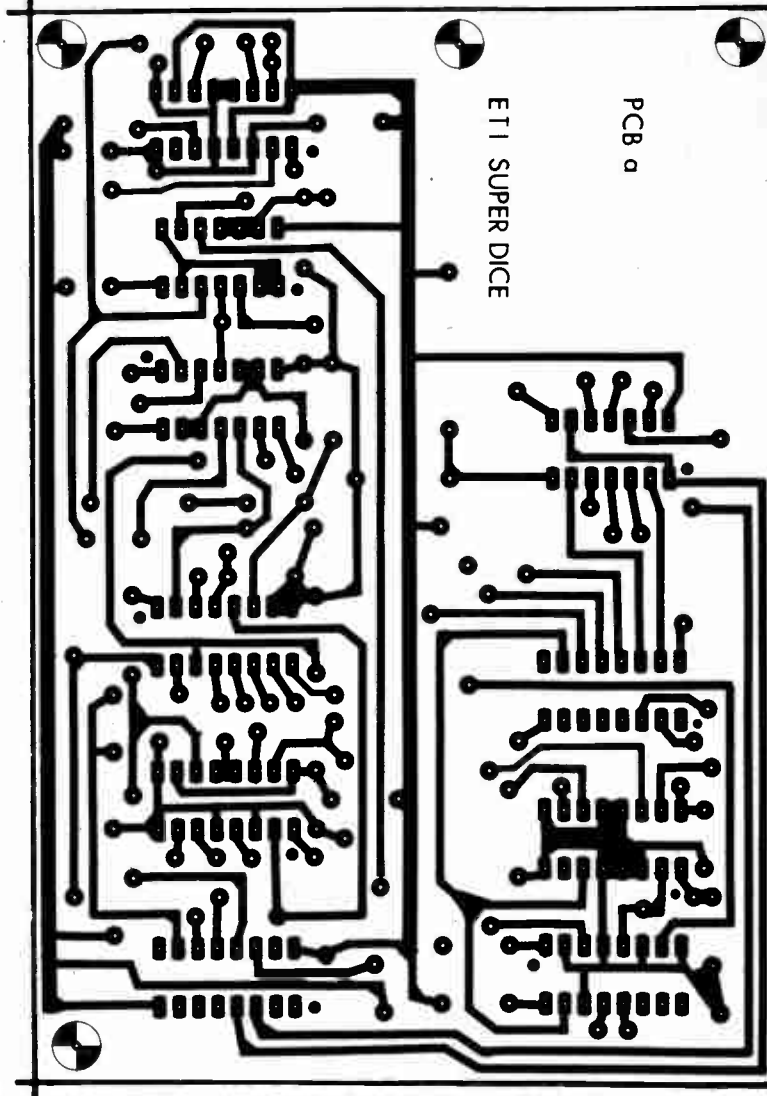
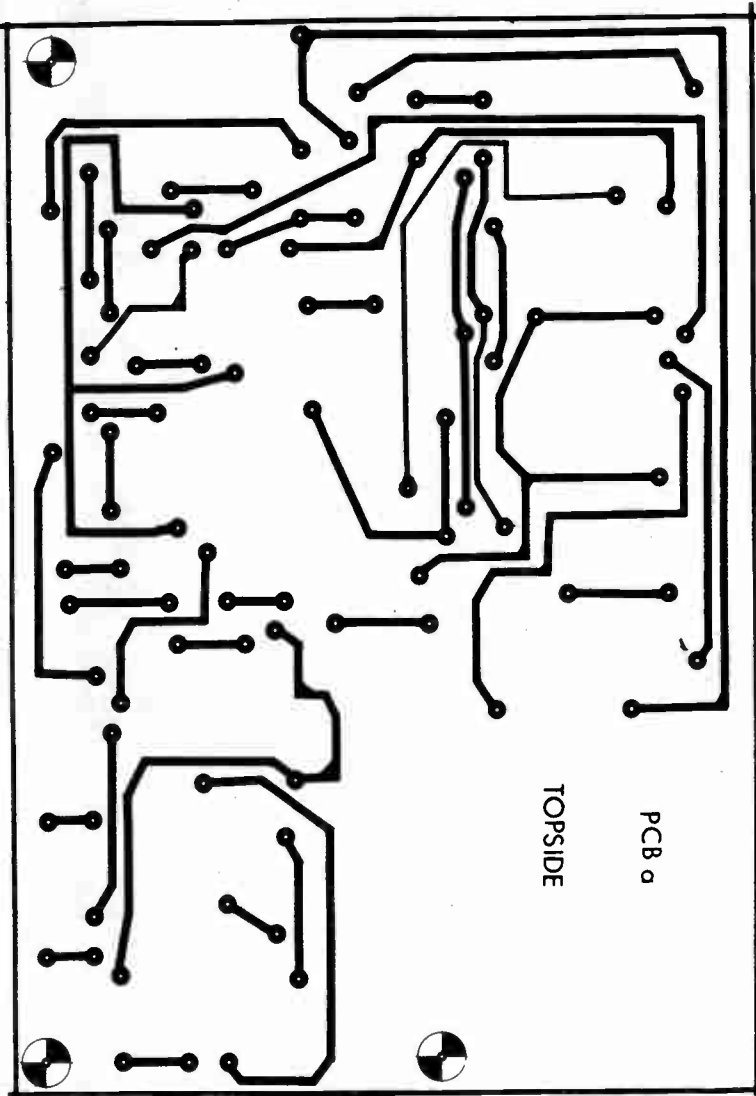
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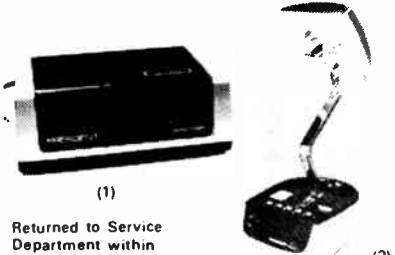
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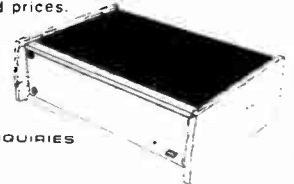
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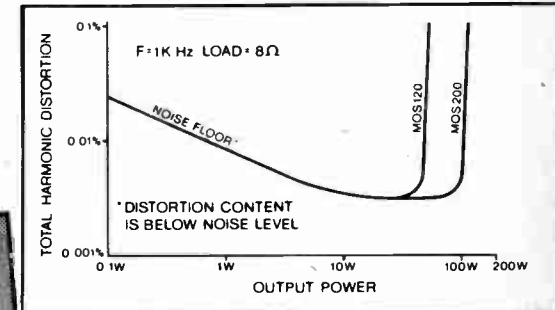


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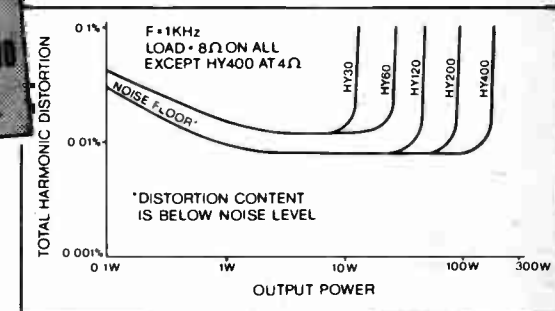


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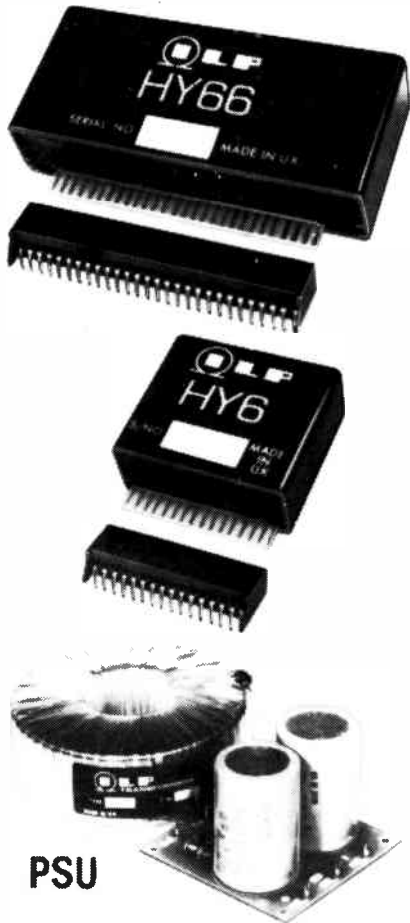


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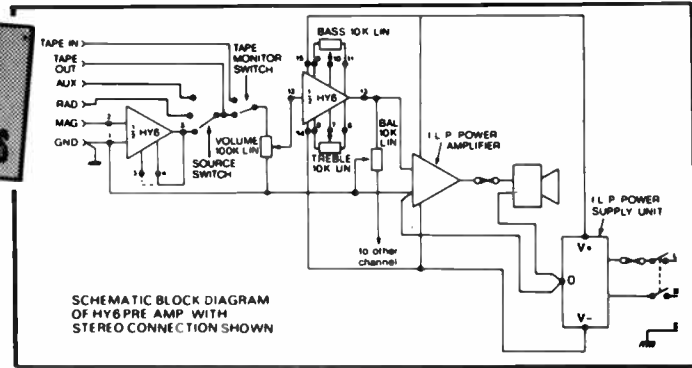
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