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# Ecctronic Musical Tours

A Comprehensive Guide to Music Resources on the Internet

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orld Radio History

PETERS "

A lot of calls from folks asking about who's using Mackie 8-Bus

Recording/PA consoles. Good question. After all, a board's only as good as its users.

109802-

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MACKIE DESIGNS &-BUS MUNES

So we grabbed the latest stack of 8•Bus Warranty Registration cards and hit the phones.

The names in this ad represent a cross section of current 8•Bus users. They range from platinum supergroups tracking new albums to high school choirs, from bar bands to sound designers working on network TV series and feature films. There'd probably be more names but we didn't want to make the type any smaller than it already is - or keep tying up our already clogged phone system.

As our production of 8•Bus boards increases, so does this list.

In a way, it's confirmation of the raves that magazine reviewers have heaped upon the console. Above all, it's proof that the Mackie 8•Bus is a serious tool for professionals. A tool that's getting used day-in and day-out for major projects.

Call our toll-free literature line 8AM-5PM PST and talk to a genuine Mackoid (no voice mail!). We'll send our obsessively-detailed 24-page color brochure on the 8-Bus Series.

Then become a part of this list by visiting your nearest 8•Bus dealer.



Currently in Spain tracking new album on multiple Mackie 24•8 consoles. Def Leppard

Sound design & mixing of commercials for G.I. Joe, Kenner Toys, Hasbro Toys, Transformers 1/2 -hour show, infomercials. Lawrence Wakin • Tapestry Productions Inc. • New York, NY



Tracking for Madonna. Shep Pettibone • Mastermix Productions Ltd. • New York, NY

Recorded Grammy-Nominated "Sunday Morning" off of the album Millenium on 24•8, currently working on new album exclusively on console. "The 24•8 survived the 7.1 San Fernando Valley earthquake. It's definitely built for rock 'n' roll." Sheldon Reynolds • Earth Wind & Fire • Los Angeles, CA

Music scoring for Pepsi Cola and McDonalds and Six Flags TV & radio commercials. The Listening Chair • Dallas, TX

Recording and mixing of acoustic music & sounds from the American West. Recent albums include "Charlie Russell's Old Montana Yarns" by Raphael Cristy and "Where the Red-Winged Blackbirds Sing" by Jim Schulz. Bruce Anfinson • Last Chance Recordings • Helena, MT

Pizza Hut commercial scored to film, scoring of theme presentation for The BaseBall Network, self-produced album "Rick DePon and the Mels," currently producing NY Noise's 1st solo artist, Aaron Heick (Chaka Kahn's alto player). Rick DePofi & Craig Bishop New York Noise • New York, NY

<sup>1</sup> Former posts include quality assurance with Warner Brothers, Sheffield Labs, Rainbow Concert sound reinforcement at the Showcase Theater. Bob O'Neill, Manager of Entertainment • Six Flags Great Adventure Theme Park • Jackson NJ

Used by students for learning recording and sound design. The School of The Art Institute of Chicago, Sound Department Chicago, IL Jazz choir sound reinforcement and recording. Dwayne Pedigo • Plano East Senior High School • Plano, TX

REALLY

Sound effects, music and voice for Atari arcade games. Brad Fuller • Atari Games Corporation • Milpitas, CA

> MB•32 Meter Bridge \$8954

Mackie 32•8 Recording/PA console \$4,995⁴

The Stand 24•E 24-ch. \$295 each<sup>4</sup> expander \$2.995<sup>4</sup>

OUR 8.BUS

Tracking for R&B and rap groups including vocals for Polydor artist T. Max. Brad Young & Dow Brain Underground Productions Boston, MA



Dialog editing for <sup>1</sup>Untouchables, TV series and Movies of the Week. "I work out of my home now. It's quite an achievement to be able to get a higher sound quality than most of the other sound houses in town." 3-time Emmy winner David Scharf Helix Sound • Los Angeles, CA

Wide range of multimedia projects including major motion pictures (the names of which can't be divulged). John Acoca<sup>1</sup> • Oracular Multimedia San Francisco, CA

Records, Chief Mastering Engineer at JVC. Quote: "It's a great board, dude. Buvit!" 4 expander <sup>\$</sup>2,9954 MB+E Expander Meter Bridge <sup>\$6953</sup>

The Stand \$295 each<sup>4</sup>

Albums for alternative groups Twenty-Two Brides and The Cucumbers, demo for Freedomland. John Williams • Ground Zero Studios • New York, NY

"Praise Songs" contemporary Christian album/CD, "Body Builders" children's album/CD. Peter Episcopo • Bridge Song Media • Old Bridge NJ

Sound design for Pepsi Cola TV spot aired during last January mondo-bowl. Hans ten Broeke<sup>2</sup> • Buzz, Inc. New York, NY

Sound reinforcement for theater presentations and concerts in a 300-seat theater. Centre Culturel Franco -Manitobain • Winnipeg, MB, Canada

<sup>2</sup> Quote: "It's the only analog component in my room. You hardly know it's there, it's so transparent."

#### CONSOLES WORK. In studios...in on the road: A sources are do

In studios...in clubs...in video and film production facilities... on the road: A sample of what satisfied 32•8, 24•8 and 16•8 owners are doing with their consoles (as of late April, 1994).



Frank Serafine, feature movie sound designer/SFX wizard in the Foley Room at his Venice, CA production complex.

> MB•E Meter Bridge \$695 •

Scoring for two Fox Televison NFL promos, theme & scoring for PBS children's series Storytime, song demos & album tracking, TV commercials, infomercials & demos. John E. Nordstrom II Love Den Productions Pacific Palisades, CA

Album/CD tracking and mixing for the groups Mean Solar Day and Product. Ramsey Gouda • Onion Head Studio of Chicago • Chicago, IL

> Worship service and in-house concert sound reinforcement, recording of sermons. New Life Assembly of God Lancaster, PA

Sound reinforcement in a live blues club showcasing live, regional & national acts such as Savoy Brown, Jr. Wells, etc. Manny's Car Wash New York, NY

Rental for film mixing projects and home studios. "We love them because we never see them. They're great for our business." Chris Dunn • Dreamhire New York, NY

<sup>4</sup> Suggested retail price. Slightly high**e**r in Canada. OTHER PROFESSIONALS WHO OWN AND USE MACKIE DESIGNS 8•BUS CONSOLES\*

Dave Abbruzzese, drummer for Pearl Jam

**Slash,** guitarist/songwriter, Guns 'N Roses

Steve Brown, guitarist/producer for Trixter

Natalie Cole, solo artist

**Greg Droman,** Grammy-nominated engineer for Linsey Buckingham

**Gregg Field,** drummer for Frank Sinatra

Michael Frondelli, Engineer-Producer (Eric Johnson, Crowded House, etc.), Creative Director for Capitol Records

> **Bill Gould,** bassist for Faith No More

**Bashiri Johnson,** percussionist for Whitney Houston, Madonna

Mick Jones, producer for Van Halen, guitarist for Foreigner

\*Mention in this list is intended to indicate ownership only and does not in any way denote official endorsement.



Producer Ricky Peterson's Pre/Post Production Room with Mackie Designs 24-8 at Paisley Park.

Art Neville, producer, The Meters, keyboardist, Neville Bros. David Frangioni,

MIDI specialist/Engineer Aerosmith, Elton John, and Extreme

Danny Kortchmar, producer for James Taylor, Billy Joel, Rod Stewart

> Bruce Kulick, guitarist for Kiss

**Kyle Lenning,** President Asylum Records, Nashville

> Clair Marlo, Artist, Producer

Queensryche

Dave "Snake" Sabo, guitarist for Skid Row

> Ben Sidran, producer

Leo Sidran, songwriter for Steve Miller

> Steven Tyler, singer for Aerosmith

R&B radio remix of Boz Scaggs' "I'll Be The One" for Virgin Records, recording solo album for the Japanese Go Jazz label. ➤ Ricky Peterson, producer, Paisley Park Minneapolis, MN

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The Sidecar \$395⁴

Skittles TV commercial, demo for new artist Nita Whitaker, original music for Terpsicorps modern dance company. Lincoln Adler Are We Famous Yet? Productions Los Angeles, CA



DNA sampling CD with mega-drummer Bernard Purdie (3000 + album credits)! Frank Heller<sup>3</sup> • Weasel Boy Recording • Brooklyn, NY

<sup>3</sup> Quote: "This job had extremely unusual and demanding monitoring & effects requirements. I honestly couldn't have done it without the 32\*8."

#### FEATURES

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In the whirlwind, "time is money" world of advertising, Eric Garcia saves clients big bucks by prepping their tracks before the final mix. See how Garcia's digital-audio chops make him a post-production hero. By Michael Molenda

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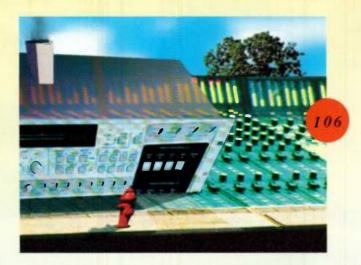
Despite all the annoying hype, the Internet is an astounding resource for musicians. Step on EM's "data bus" for an expedition to music-related info sites. Our tour guide reveals all the hot spots and tells you what it costs for a ticket to ride. By Scot Gresham-Lancaster

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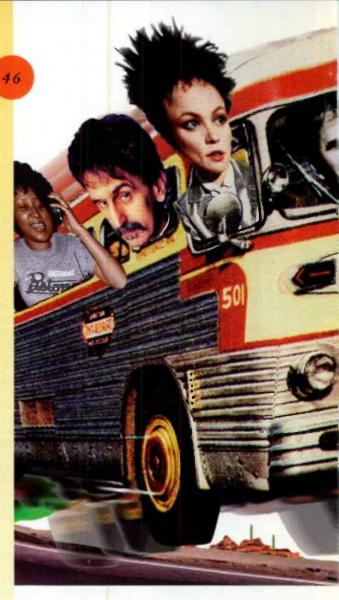
Digital socialization finally embraces Windows users. Twotrack recording programs now cost less than \$200, with multitrack systems available for under \$1,000. Here's how to optimize your PC for affordable hard-disk recording. By Zack Price

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"They never knew what hit them," said the audio dick. "Hiss and Hum were doing the big sleep in the sonic morgue before the faders hit unity gain. There's no room for noise in the home studio. If they had read this article, they would have known their days were numbered." By Michael Gore



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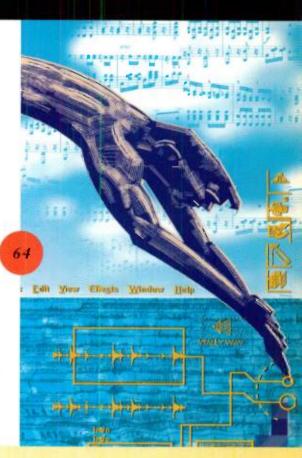
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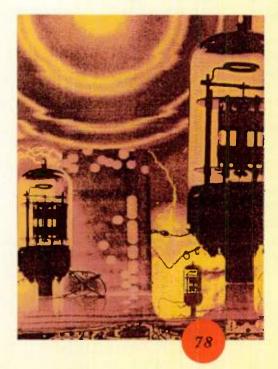
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#### REVIEWS

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Cover: Illustration by David Peters.

#### THE FRONT PAGE

#### **Too Much Information**

Data dissemination crashes into media saturation on the infobahn.

Lithough the photo at the top of this column has a somewhat sinister quality (my wife calls it "evil"). I am not the heir to Boris Karloff's empire of menace. I could never coldly plot the extermination of the human race, because I can't even plan the contents of this magazine without suffocating in self-doubt.



Case in point: After I distributed an interoffice memo previewing this month's cover story, EM Marketing Manager Elise Malmberg cautioned me about the subject matter. "Everyone is doing cover stories on the information superhighway," she warned. "Even some guitar magazines!" That tidbit alone was enough to send my intestinal tract into a sickening free fall. But suddenly, I couldn't pass a magazine kiosk, flip through a newspaper, or channel surf across cable broadcasts without "Information Superhighway" flashing before my eyes.

Then, the Aerosmith "download debacle" resounded across cyberspace, MTV, and the good, old-fashioned wire services. You may recall that Geffen Records decided to embrace the information age by uploading one of the popular rock band's songs to the Internet. It was the first time a major artist had offered free music to 'net heads and it bombed. Fans with basic home computer systems discovered it took hours to download a four-minute song. Yipes. So not only were we about join the chorus of hype, we were going to promote an info systemindeed, for some, a way of life-that was still being beta tested for practical music applications. (Pass the cherry-flavored antacids, please....)

However, after all the hullabaloo, we still felt the Internet merited a cover story. So what if you can't utilize the Internet as a virtual record store, yet? What you can do is access a storehouse of knowledge, and since when is that a drag? Isn't that one reason you buy this magazine-to learn everything you can about optimizing your tools and making better music? Right now, hype aside, the Internet offers resources that can energize your creativity and massage your intellect. You can download data at your leisure and literally have a world of musical tips and applications parade across your computer screen. We think that's totally cool.

But rather than tossing another "gee whiz" overview into the media stew, we've given you the keys to the kingdom, so to speak. "Magical Musical Tours" (p. 46) tells you where to find pertinent music data and how to get it. Chock full of charts and tables, this feature is essentially an applications article for the Internet. I'm excited that author Scot Gresham-Lancaster and our marvelous staff found a way to turn a potential hype-and-fluff piece into something you can use to enhance your work. (Now I can stop gobbling up all these tummy tablets!)

However, it would also be shortsighted of us to dismiss the superhighway hype entirely. Although the Internet is still taking baby steps as a music-distribution network, it's just a matter of time and technology before it becomes a truly democratic means of creative access and delivery. The current socialization of recording (via affordable tools) will be an even more powerful movement when artists can bypass entertainment conglomerates to get their music to a vast public. We'll keep you posted.

Michael Molence

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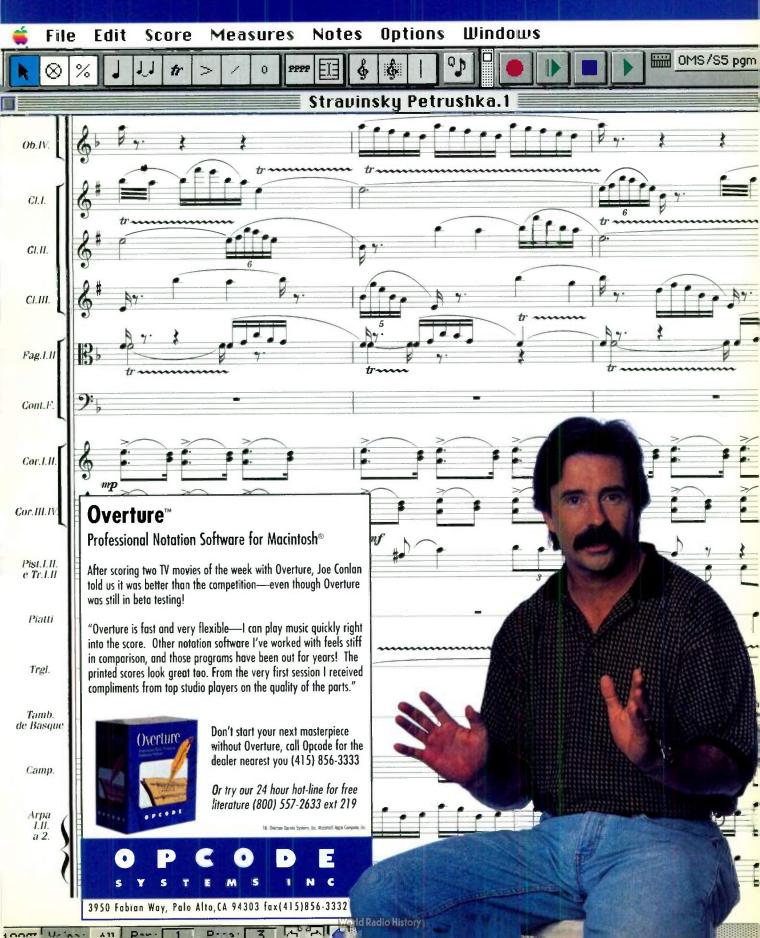
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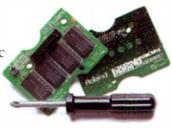
## synthesizer because of its phony, 24 multitimbral parts, note keyboard, MIDI controller library and incredible sound.



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#### LETTERS



#### WHAT'S NEW?

Thanks for your "Synth Patches and Samples" reviews ("What's New") in the August 1994 issue. I hope you continue to do more reviews on patches and CD-ROMs. They give excellent guidance to someone like me, afloat in a sea of third-party sounds and not sure which to choose. Keep up the good work.

#### Bill Groener Tualatin, OR

#### AN AMIGA AMIGO

am writing in response to your article "The Handwriting on the Wall" (August 1994). My chosen platform for music, as well as video and data, is the Amiga. I also use MS-DOS and, to a lesser extent, the Mac.

The Amiga, since its beginning, has out-performed the other two platforms in all areas, including music. Although my Mac-using friends struggle with the latest hardware that will not run their expensive, limited software, I've been able to keep up with *Music-X*. This program has not seen a major upgrade in four years, but it offers something the Mac will never offer: an open-ended design. I can still write my own modules to enhance the original program's capabilities. With the Mac, and even MS-DOS, it's pay up or drop out.

Why anyone would embrace this 1980s trend is beyond me. My rule of thumb is this: Use the best platform for the job, regardless of slick ads or public opinion. The Mac is a great system to get noncomputer people up and running, but for real "get it done" power, it has let me and many others down

If the new owners of the Amiga put any kind of backing into the product, I think you will soon be able to buy Apple stock very cheap.

#### Randy Williams Medford, NJ

Randy—I wholeheartedly agree with your rule of thumb. You should always use the best platform for the job. Ideas, however, are much more important than the tools you use to express them. I write using a computer, because I find it easier than using a typewriter or a pen; other writers are more comfortable using a typewriter or pen. But even if I have nothing more than a piece of chalk and a slate tablet, I can still express an idea.

Like you, I think the Amiga will reemerge under the banner of a stronger manufacturer. I don't think, however, that reemergence will come at Apple's expense (or at the expense of any other personal computer manufacturer). Although Commodore never figured it out, the Amiga was always, and will always be, a niche computer for niche markets.

If the Amiga is the right tool for what you're doing, go for it! Commodore didn't fail because the Amiga was a poorly designed computer. Commodore failed because its management didn't have a clue how to market its key product. Given the number of companies bidding for the rights to the Amiga technology, that technology obviously holds some value in the marketplace.— Michael B.

#### DANCE TO THE MUSIC

would like to thank you for publishing the excellent article on composing for dance ("Dance Partners," July 1994). I have worked as a musician for twenty years in the Dance Department of Florida State University, and I have never read a better article on working with choreographers, outside of a professional journal. As I was reading the article, I would think of an aspect of composing for dance only to find it covered in the very next paragraph! Readers may want to know of another gateway to working with dancers: playing music for dance classes. Almost all academic dance programs and professional companies hire musicians to accompany technique classes. Playing for dance classes can prove to be a rewarding career, as well as providing entrée to many famous choreographers and dance companies.

There is even a nonprofit professional organization for dance musicians, the International Guild of Musicians In Dance, comprised of musicians all over North America and Europe. The Guild may be contacted through Larry Attaway, 33105 Santiago Road, #23, Acton, CA 93510.

#### Ray Brooks Tallahassee, FL

#### WELL DONE

I'd like to express my complete approval for the articles "The Grand Illusion" and "Square One: The Tower of TechnoBabel" (July 1994). I think these difficult subjects could not have been written about more intelligently.

#### Giorgio Bertoli Villa Carcina, Italy

#### **LIMITLESS POSSIBILITIES**

he main reason I subscribe to your magazine is for articles such as "The Grand Illusion" (July 1994), "The Electronic Orchestra, Parts 1 and 2" (September and October 1993), "Masters from Ministudios" (June 1994), and "Virtual Pop" (August 1994). In other words, articles that suggest creative uses for modest equipment. Too often, music magazines cater to gearheads who want the next toy rather than to electronic musicians who want to further their craft.

Can you suggest other articles or resources that expand upon your "Riding the Waves" segment of "The Grand Illusion"? I'd like to learn more about acoustics as applied to synths. Also, what's the most comprehensive and helpful source for synth programming? f you've been puzzled about choosing the best synth workstation, a TS keyboard is the answer to all your questions.

Where do I get great sounds and General MIDI compatibility? When it comes to range and quality of sound, the TS is second to none. There are over 700 onboard sounds for every style of music including all 128 GM sounds (as well as all 9 GM and GS drum kits) for spectacular sounding playback of any General MIDI input.

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I've read Dean Friedman's *Synth Basics* but want more detailed, current information. Also, your synth articles often refer to "sweeping the filter." What exactly is the meaning of this?

#### Mitch Finegold Chevy Chase, MD

Regarding resource materials, Chris Patton of Mix Bookshelf responds: About acoustics as applied to synths, might I suggest Recording Synths: Hit Sound Recording Course #9 by Bill Gibson. It's an audio cassette course with recording techniques for synths and samplers. One of the techniques mentioned is for EQing string pads, brass, and bell-like patches. It also has an extensive section on signal routing.

If you're only interested in the properties of sound reproduction, you might want to check out Master Handbook of Acoustics by F. Alton Everest. It covers digital and analog sound processing and synthesizer acoustics. The third edition has comprehensive text. There is very little I can add to Dean Friedman's Synth Basics that hasn't been covered in Elements of Computer Music by F. Richard Moore. It has detailed coverage of digitizing; additive, subtractive, and nonlinear synthesis; spatial hearing and reverberation; and DSP techniques. It even has an extensive section on filtering. You can order these books and a catalog from Mix Bookshelf; tel. (800) 233-9604 or (510) 653-3307. The Synthesist's Guide to Acoustic Instruments is also an excellent source, if you can find it. Unfortunately, it's out of print. Ask one of your friends if they still have a copy.

Regarding "sweeping the filter," Senior Editor Steve Oppenheimer responds: "Sweeping the filter" refers to opening and closing a filter by continuously changing its cutoff frequency. (In a lowpass filter, the cutoff is the highest frequency that can pass through the filter without being attenuated; in a highpass filter, frequencies below the cutoff are rolled off.) For example, a wah-wah pedal uses a lowpass filter; moving the pedal up and down alters the cutoff frequency, closing and opening ("sweeping") the filter. In a synth, the filter cutoff usually is swept with a modulation source, such as an LFO or modulation wheel. This classic technique continuously changes the sound's spectral content in a manner determined by the IFO waveform or mod wheel movement

#### **TAILS OUT**

've been feeling a little defensive lately about using my analog tape deck (a Tascam 238), especially in the face of all the new digital technology. So I was pleased to read your article on cassette multitracks ("Masters From Ministudios," June 1994). It was great to read that there are folks who believe you can still do a good job with analog gear. It has long been my opinion that the vast majority of listeners (other than EM readers, of course), do not have those "golden ears" we've all heard about and can't hear the difference between analog and digital recordings. And, as you point out, there is no reason for a huge difference to exist.

I have always believed in tails-out storage, except that I've always let the tape *play* to the end, rather than fast forwarding to the end as you suggest. My assumption was that the tape would be wound onto the take-up spool more evenly, and thus reduce any tendency to print through. Secondly, I've always used the shortest tape I could get my hands on (60- or 30-minute cassettes)



## A SOUND MODULE SHOULD DO ONE THING: SOUND GREAT

When we designed the new S4" 64 Voice Sound Module, we realized that when you put aside all the bells and whistles, only one feature makes the difference between a decent sound module and a great one. It's the sound.

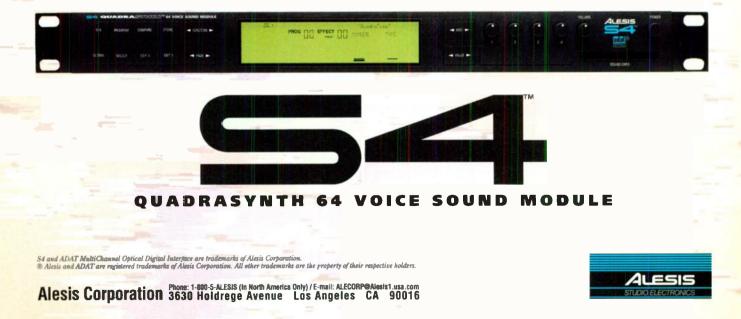
Great sound starts with a superior synthesis engine. The S4's sound engine was created by the design team that was responsible for some of the greatest and most popular synths in keyboard history. It's one of the most powerful synthesis engines ever offered at any price.

Then, we made a **list** (and checked it twice) of the best sound programmers in the industry. Alesis formed its own top-notch sound development team specifically for the S4. We also got help from InVision, an incredibly innovative group of sonic designers, to fine-tune the S4's patches. InVision has provided more world-class, usable sounds to the keyboard industry than any other independent developer.

The result? The S4 provides 256 brilliant programs out of the box. Programs you'll really use. In fact, you'll find that every sound on the S4 was carefully designed to be inherently musical and expressive. You'll also get 200 multitimbral mixes that will make the multitimbral stuff on your old **synth** sound like...well, sound old. Plus, the S4's 64-voice polyphony will let you sequence those programs and mixes and avoid the hassles of voice robbing more than ever before. On each of the 64 voices, the S4 provides three LFOs, three envelope generators, a tracking generator, and many more tools to personalize your patches. Also, the onboard Alesis effects give you the opportunity to create a CD-quality mix from a single rack-space unit. All in all, you can't find more useful, hard-working sounds.

Now let's put the bells and whistles back. The S4 gives you a massive 16 megabytes of onboard sample ROM, which expands to 24 meg via the PCMCIA RAM/ROM card slot on the front panel. This card slot also provides access to a great selection of pianos, ethnic instruments, and other sound banks that our in-house team and 3rd party developers continue to create. Also, with its virtually unlimited modulation routing matrix, the S4's sonic versatility both in studio and live performance is nothing short of incredible. By providing the power to route almost any controller to any target parameter, the S4 puts all the options in your hands.

The S4 also offers the ADAT\* MultiChannel Optical Digital Interface", so you don't have to leave the digital realm when recording direct-to-ADAT. As you can see, the S4 provides a lot more than one thing. But you can't see the one thing that the S4 does the best: the sound. Alesis is committed to the keyboard industry, and nothing reflects that commitment more powerfully than the sound of the S4. Listen carefully to the S4 at an Authorized Alesis Dealer today.



### No one's actually been here. But everyone's heard the sounds coming out.



The Korg Power Plant, Long Island, NY.

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You won't find it on any tourist map. In fact, if you're not looking real hard, you won't find it - period.

Here at the Korg<sup>®</sup> Power Plant, we don't get many visitors. But musicians everywhere are familiar with the kind of electricity we generate.

For years, our keyboards and sound modules have been putting power in the hands of people who know exactly how to use it.

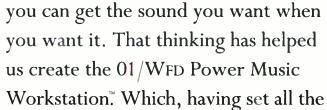
The power to bring an audience to their feet. Or drive them to delirium. Or, even better, drive them to their nearest record store.

We could list all of the technical reasons why the name Korg shows up at just about every major concert, and in every major recording studio.

But the best reason isn't technical at all: Korg has great sounds.

And that's all due to the type of people who clock in and out of the Korg Power Plant every working day and night. Real musicians. With real ears. Players who agonize over Korg sounds for months before we ever let them out. (The sounds, that is.)

It's also due to the great respect we have for your musical brain. The way we look at it, when you're playing, our job is to get out of your way – so





Last time New York City went through a blackout, the Korg Power Plant was testing its most advanced keyboard. Coincidence?

standards for great sound and intuitive control, has to be the most heard, most acclaimed and the most (unsuccessfully) imitated keyboard in the musical world today.

It also helped us develop the X3 Power Music Workstation, delivering the legendary 01/WFD-quality sound at an even more affordable price.

Of course, deep inside the Korg Power Plant, the work goes on. If we had windows, you'd see the lights on every night – as we devote our energy to finding tomorrow's hit sounds.

But since you're not about to visit, go hear what we're talking about at an authorized Korg dealer – it's the one source of power that's always nearby.



It's all about power: the O1/WFD and X3 Power Music Workstations.



#### • LETTERS

on the theory that shorter tapes are thicker. Thicker tape should assist in minimizing print through, and it also should be less fragile, thereby making fast forwarding and rewinding less risky. Lastly, in the final mix, I've gone to the extent of using the automated muting capability on my board. Any track that doesn't have a sound on it gets muted. When I first began doing this, I was surprised at how much cleaner my mixes became.

> Bruce Nolen San Jose, CA

#### HEAT WAVE

Why Prophet T8 synthesizer locked up recently and refused to tune or make a 'peep,' as a result of playing it during the recent hot temperatures. It ended up requiring expensive repairs. Have you ever thought of running a brief article analyzing the damage/idiosyncracies that temperature problems can inflict on both older and newer synths?

> Bob Durham Kawasaki-shi, Japan

## Run Silent, Run Deep

**ASHLY** was the first to release a series of professional, fan-cooled amplifiers featuring power MOS-FET technology. The new CFT-1800 now offers the superior fidelity and rugged reliability of MOS-FET output devices in a quieter, convection cooled package. Designed primarily for use in recording studios, post-production facilities, or broadcast control rooms, the CFT-1800 will also satisfy even the most demanding audiophile enthusiast. In stereo operation, the powerful CFT-1800 delivers more than 300 watts per channel. Mono-bridged, the amplifier will put out a thundering 600 watts RMS for those room shaking subwoofer applications.

The user can also select various ASHLY Power-Card input options, such as a variable electronic crossover, an adjustable compressor-limiter, or even a very unique module for small mic-line mixing needs. The CFT-1800 is even covered under **ASHLY's** exclusive Five Year Worry-Free Warranty program. So, when the situation calls for running silent, while still running very, very deep, the CFT-1800 is the logical choice for the discriminating professional.



Bob—Although we have not presented this in an article per se, related topics have been covered. Ambient temperature considerations for equipment storage were discussed in the September 1992 "Service Clinic"; equipment heat-sink operating temperatures in the March 1993 "Service Clinic" (and again in the May 1994 "Q & A's Greatest Hits"); and heat-sink radiative characteristics, in the February 1994 "Service Clinic." Safe ambient conditions for equipment operation were addressed in the 1994 edition of the Digital Piano Buyer's Guide.

Overheated equipment will usually return to normal function after it cools. But if overheating causes one or more power-supply outputs to shut down, or causes thermal runaway in an output stage, damage may result.—Alan Gary C.

#### ADD ON AND ON AND ON

am rather a newcomer to the world of MIDI and was uneducated when I bought my first keyboard. Although it's Velocity sensitive, it doesn't have a Modulation or Pitch Bend wheel. I have come to realize the benefits of such items, but I am not keen on spending five or six hundred dollars on a keyboard or MIDI controller. Does anyone make something that would attach to my computer or my current keyboard?

#### Robert Schafish Denver, CO

Robert—At one time, Yamaha made such a product (the MCS1), but it's long gone now. To my knowledge, nobody currently makes just a set of add-on control wheels. However, there are inexpensive, small keyboards that would give you wheels and could be stacked above your existing keyboard. For example, the Novation Midicon (\$169 plus power supply) is a basic, 25-key, Velocity-sensitive keyboard with wheels. It's available from Music Industries Corp.; tel. (800) 431-6699 or (516) 352-4110.—Steve O.

#### **ERROR LOG**

August 1994, "Virtual Pop," p. 71: Instrumentation/Orchestration, by Alfred Blatter, is published by Schirmer Books, New York.

#### WE WELCOME YOUR FEEDBACK.

Address correspondence to "Letters," Electronic Musician, 6400 Hollis St. #12, Emeryville, CA 94608. Published letters may be edited for space and clarity.

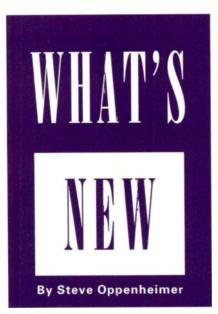
## Sound This Legendary Only Comes Around Twice In A Lifetime.

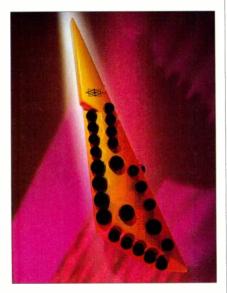
4 NOMINE

Introducing the AKG Vintage TL. Not since the 1950's has a microphone so faithfully captured the warmth and character of the original AKG C12 mic. Now the legendary presence and openness are back, thanks to an acoustically perfect re-creation of the original C12 capsule. What's more, transformerless

C414 circuitry allows the Vintage TL to exceed all of today's digital requirements. So you get the best of two legendary sounds, in one affordable mic. AKG. It all comes back to the sound.







#### ▲ ZENDRUM Z-SERIES

endrum Corporation is shipping the unique Zendrum Z-series MIDI percussion controller (\$1,350). The strap-on Zendrum sports 24 independent, velocity-sensitive triggers that are struck with the fingertip, much like drumming on a tabletop. The triggers can be mapped to user-selectable MIDI notes, so it is compatible with virtually any MIDI sound source. Parameters are edited via a data wheel and LED readout.

Made of American rock maple, the instrument is offered in two sizes (the full-size Z-1 and ¾-size Z-2), which weigh ten to twelve pounds each. Zendrum Corporation; tel. (404) 874-6824; fax (404) 874-5845.

Circle #401 on Reader Service Card

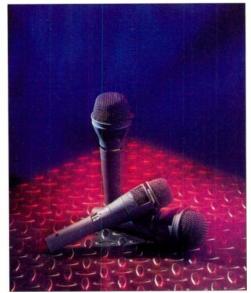
#### AUDIO-TECHNICA MIDNIGHT BLUES

A udio-Technica is offering its Midnight Blues-series dynamic mics. Named for their gun-metal blue color, the mics have a baked-

on finish and Eurostyle appearance. Features include a neodymium element, a thump-proof "silent" switch that can be locked on, and a newly designed shock mount for reduced handling noise.

Four models are currently offered. The MB1000L (\$59) offers a 70 Hz to 15 kHz frequency response and 500 $\Omega$  impedance. The MB1000H (\$59) is a high-impedance (10 k $\Omega$ ) version with an internal transformer; it offers the same frequency response as the MB1000L. The MB2000L (\$75) is a low-impedance mic with a 60 Hz to 15 kHz frequency response, while the MB3000L (\$99) has a 50 Hz to 16 kHz response and 250Ω impedance. Audio-Technica; tel. (216) 686-2600; fax (216) 686-0719.

Circle #402 on Reader Service Card



#### **V** ENSONIQ KT-78

Response of the KT-76 synth (\$2,495), which features 64-note polyphony; a 76-key, weighted-action keyboard; and a 16-track sequencer. The Fatar keyboard action is the same as in the KS-32 and TS-12 synths. Ensoniq provides fourteen velocity curves and four pressure settings.

The synth offers 308 onboard sounds, including two sampled pianos (a bright Bosendorfer and a warm, 9-foot Baldwin grand) and a full set of 128 General MIDI sounds with ten GM/GS drum kits. The sounds are grouped by instrument family and can be quickly accessed with the SoundFinder feature. The onboard effects processor, which uses DP/4 and TS-series technology, provides thirteen preprogrammed algorithms. The sequencer records up to 6,500 notes in up to 70 sequences and 30 songs. The KT-76 includes a PCMCIA slot that admits 512 KB ROM and RAM cards. The ROM cards (\$99.95) hold 160 sounds. The RAM cards (\$179.95 ea.) hold up to 160 sounds and Performance Presets (sound combinations), 140 sequences, and 60 songs and extend sequencer capacity to over 100,000 notes.

Additional features include 34 ROMbased, pitch-tuning tables, a front-panel headphone jack, and a backlit LCD screen. A damper pedal is included. Optional accessories include the SW-10 footswitch (\$49.95), CVP-1 continuous pedal (\$29.95), and MS-1 music stand (\$49.95). Ensoniq Corp.; tel. (800) 553-5151 or (610) 647-3930; fax (610) 647-8908.

Circle #403 on Reader Service Card



## MASTER THE BREAKTHROUGH TECHNOLOGY THAT'S CHANGED FOREVER THE WAY THE WORLD MAKES MUSIC

NRI's innovative course gives you everything you need to build your own computer-controlled music studio: a powerful 386sx/25 MHz IBM-compatible computer, 200 meg hard drive, Kawai X50-D professional-level synthesizer, Cakewalk MIDI sequencing software, Sound Galaxy NX Pro sound card, and MIDI interface that links your keyboard to your computer – all yours to train with and keep!

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In the booming music industry, what you can do with your NRI training is limited only by your imagination. You can work as a sound engineer, recording engineer, or road technician ... even start your own business selling and servicing today's MIDI-based systems. Or unleash your own musical creativity, writing and composing music with the extraordinary digital instruments NRI provides.

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• Complete IBM-compatible 386sx/25 MHz computer featuring mini-tower design and powerful 200 meg hard drive

• High-end Kawai X50-D General MIDI synthesizer with touch- sensitive keyboard, digital effects with reverb and chorus built-in, one finger ad-lib, mixing, and more

• Sound Galaxy NX Pro sound card with built-in MIDI interface and speakers to accommodate interactive multimedia applications



• Your own desktop recording studio – the critically acclaimed Cakewalk 256-track MIDI sequencer software that helps you record, edit, and play back multiple tracks of music

• SoundSculptor software that visually demonstrates the operation of FM music synthesis

• Electronic components you use to build up live circuits, including sound generating ones

You discover how to use, program, and service this professional equipment through hands-on projects that make learning both fun and challenging – *regardless of your experience in electronics or music.*  Complete lessons, top-notch equipment, hands-on projects – NRI training doesn't miss a beat!

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Study at your own pace, with the committed support of NRI's instruction team just a letter or phone call away. You begin with detailed lessons that move from electronics fundamentals and music notation to sound generation routines, digital logic, microprocessors, and sampling and recording techniques. Then move on to get

first-hand experience with MIDI, waveshaping, patching, sequencing, mixing, special effects, and much more.

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#### ARTIC MIDI COOLTOOLS

A rtic Software's *MIDI CoolTools* (\$59) is a set of custom controls for Microsoft Visual Basic that lets end users script their own MIDI applications for *Windows*. For example, you can drag and drop a MIDI In control onto a form in Visual Basic to set up a MIDI input, complete with time stamping, port selection, and a message queue that allows long and short messages to be received.

Knob Custom Control lets you create

#### 🔻 KORG AX30G

K org USA's ToneWorks division announced the AX30G Guitar Hyperformance Processor (\$425), a programmable multi-effects pedal that integrates analog and digital distortion circuitry. The unit offers 28 effects. Up to six effects (plus noise reduction) can be used simultaneously in up to 24 usereditable chain combinations. The AX30G provides seven types of distortion, plus compression, a variety of delay effects, 3-band EQ, phasing, flanging, chorusing, a random step filter, vibrato, tremo-

lo, pedal and auto wah, ring modulation, panning, and stereo pitch shifting. In addition, it offers programmable noise reduction, three types of speaker emulation, and an autochromatic tuner with bypass.

The floor box has 50 presets and sixteen user program memories. A 16 × 2, backlit LCD, user

program naming, and an Edit Compare function simplify programming. In addition to its Bank and program-select footswitches, the unit has a user-assignable Pressure footpedal for controlling various effects parameters. Jacks accept two optional footpedals for setting volume and parameter values. An auxiliary audio input (a stereo, ½-inch minijack) lets you practice with a CD or tape. Stereo main outs and a headphone out complete the audio connections.

Korg also unveiled the X2 Music Workstation (\$2,100) and X5 synth knobs with over thirty properties, such as custom tickmarks and colors. The Fader/Slider Custom Control allows horizontal and vertical faders, with multiple tickmark properties, thumb styles, and bevel properties (for a 3-D look).

A VU Indicator Custom Control allows horizontal and vertical, 3-color, LEDstyle, segmented meters. You can have three separate, color-coded sections, each with up to twenty segments. Finally, a Standard MIDI File Control allows you to read any SMF into a data



structure with full access to the MIDI data. Artic Software; tel. (800) 892-0677 or (414) 534-4309; fax (414) 534-7809. *Circle #404 on Reader Service Card* 

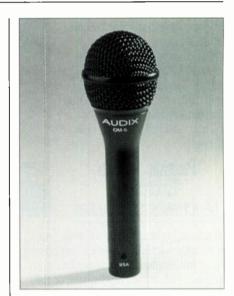
(\$1,100). The X2 is based on the X3 synth, but adds a 76-key, unweighted keyboard, a new 2 MB piano sample, and four independent outputs. The X5 is based on the 05R/W General MIDI synth module. It has a 61-key keyboard, a built-in computer interface, 128 GM programs, eight GM kits, 100 programs, and 100 combinations.

In other Korg news, the company's Marshall Amplification division introduced the DRP-1 Direct Recording Preamp (\$199), a guitar preamp designed for studio applications. The unit

> emulates a Marshall guitar-amp sound, with controls for preamp volume and master volume, as well as bass, mid, and treble. The rear panel contains a ¼-inch guitar input, preamp output, line-level output, and a headphone jack. The DRP-1 can be powered by battery or AC adapter (not included). Finally, Korg's Vox

Amplification division announced the Model V941 Valve Effects Loop Buffer (\$199), a 12AX7 tube-based, 2-stage gain device that serves as a buffer between effects and amplifier effects loops. Alternatively, it can provide gain and impedance matching between instruments and mixer inputs, or between mixers and power amps. The 1U rack-mount unit also can be used as a tube-distortion device and gain booster. Korg USA/Vox Amplification; tel. (516) 333-9100; fax (516) 333-9108.

Circle #405 on Reader Service Card



#### 🔺 AUDIX OM5

A udix Corporation is shipping the OM5 (\$329), a hypercardioid, dynamic mic designed for high-output concert applications. The manufacturer claims exceptionally high sensitivity and high output without using neodymium, which is found in many newer dynamic mics.

Instead, Audix uses a proprietary technology that includes a method for winding extremely close-tolerance coils. The company feels that this provides the high output of neodymium, but with superior feedback rejection (offaxis rejection is rated at >30 dB), less handling noise, and better long-term sonic quality. Frequency response is rated at 40 Hz to 20 kHz and maximum SPL at 144 dB. Audix Corporation; tel. (800) 966-8261 or (714) 588-8072; fax (714) 588-8172.

Circle #406 on Reader Service Card (continued on p. 25)

Of course, you wouldn't be having this anxiety attack if you used new **BASF 900** *maxima* High Output Mastering Tape. With 3 dB more output and 2 dB less noise than standard analogue mastering tapes, it is identical to the MOL and the 2:00 a.m. The band just found the sound they've been looking for. Everyone's rockin'. Except you. You're figuring out how to tell them the <u>HIGH OUTPUT</u> master you were using just "Crapped out."

of BASF 911. Low rub off. Precision-manufactured. It's classic BASF. The kind of BASF tape studios have been relying on since 1934. As you turn to face the band (gulp), you make a vow. If you survive the next ten minutes, the first

signal-to-noise ratios of other high output masters. But it has the reel-to-reel reliability and consistency

thing you'll do is contact BASF, 1–800–225–4350 (Fax:1–800–446–BASF); Canada 1–800–661–8273.





## Announcing a much

Encore's new user-defineable expressions palette lets you give your music the exact coloring you desire.

Not just another pretty face, our new Anastasia font is loaded with symbols and is easily the most powerful and flexible anywhere.

Playback of dynamics and repeats gives students a sound lesson in the nuances and subtleties of music.

Avant garde musicians take note. Encore now supports cross staff beaming.

Talk about an unbeatable new feature. Our percussion staff is perfect for marching bands.

Here's something to please even the pickiest guitarist: Any music can be instantly turned into guitar tablature.

Finally there's a simple way to include compressed rests for groups playing from one piece of music.

Marks

Dynamiq

Encore has the cleanest interface and the tastiest menus in the industry.

Tools

You can now have up to eight voices per staff.

Notes

Guita

If you can operate a tapedeck, you already have all the necessary expertise to operate our playback and record.

applications.

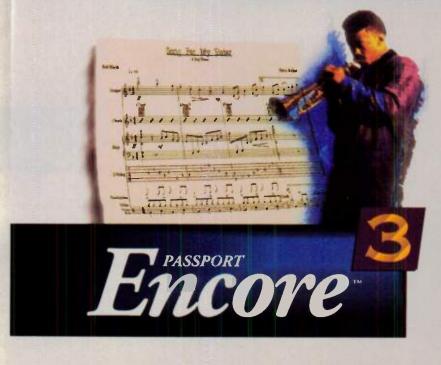
With EPS support, you can now place your compositions into other



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When you create music, the last thing you need is notation software that doesn't work in harmony with you.

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need is the new Encore " 3.0. The only notation software that takes notes without any interruptions.

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worthy new features. Automatic guitar tablature right down to the fingering for any tuning. Apple MIDI Manager support. Playback of dynamics and repeats. Up to eight voices per staff.



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We could go on and on. But compare notes yourself. Call 1-800-545-0775, Dept. P21 for a \$9.95 demo disk for Macintosh or Windows. Whether your music leans toward Bartok or barbershop quartets, Encore's not only a much better arrangement, it's easily the best notation software by any measure.



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### With the 286, they'll hear every pant, whimper, moan, scream and sigh.



#### so keep it clean.

The dbx 286 microphone processor does things to your acoustic sound you thought only a professional with a rack full of gear was capable of doing. As a mic preamp, it gooses the subtle audio details so they grace your tracks. While the compressor, de-esser, spectral enhancer and expander/ gate work to help you create a recording so clean and tight that it would make any professional studio envious (ticked-off actually). Now if that's not enough to get your heart racing,

try taking a peek at its extremely skimpy price tag.

286 MICROPHONE PROCESSOR The voice box's voice box

DY

A Harman International Company Processory Products (270) out Surdy Processory Products (270) out Surdy Processory VI 84107

#### ROLAND JV-1080

Rodule (\$1,695) features 64-voice polyphony; 16-part multitimbral operation; and a 32-bit, RISC-based CPU. The synth comes with 8 MB of samples and accepts up to four SR-JV80 series, 8 MB wave-expansion boards (including the new World Expansion board), and a 2 MB wave card, for a total of up to 42 MB of wave memory.

The JV-1080 has ten Tone structures, an improvement over the six available in the JD-990. Ring modulator and Booster (gain) functions have been added to the synth's architecture.

An onboard effects processor provides reverb, chorus, and 40 insert effects, including rotary speaker, auto wah, time-controlled delay, and 2-voice

#### ▶ R/AUDIO PS-3010

R/Audio's PS-3010 (\$129) is a 1U rackmount, 2-channel compressor/limiter that is hand-built in Russia. The unit can operate in dual mono, or linked mode. The compression ratio is variable from 1:1 to 1:∞, with thresholds from +15 to -70 dB. The attack time in-

#### DIACOUSTICS MIDI RENDERER

D iAcoustics' *MIDI Renderer* 1.1 (\$129) is a software synthesizer and Standard MIDI File-to-WAV file converter that provides an alternative to sound cards' onboard synthesis. The program uses its own, CD-ROM-based sounds to render a Type 0 or Type 1 SMF into an 8- or 16-bit, mono or stereo WAV file, at selectable sampling rates between 1 and 100 kHz.

MIDI Renderer is 65,000-voice polyphonic. It responds on sixteen MIDI channels, but offers a unique form of 128-part multitimbral operation. DiAcoustics' Channel Instrument Interlacing Technology lets multiple instruments play simultaneously on the same channel by interlacing the instruments so that while one instrument is sustaining, another instrument can sound on the same channel. As long as they don't trigger at exactly the same moment (±400 µs), up to 128 instruments can be active per channel.



pitch shifter. The phase shifter and distortion effects come from the JD-990. The reverbs and chorus are global, but can be disabled for each Part, while the insert effects can be applied per Part.

Aside from the Stereo Mix outputs, the unit has two pairs of stereo outputs that bypass the effects. A 40-character by 2-line LCD provides visual feedback.

Roland also unveiled the RV-70 Digital Stereo Reverb (\$499), a 1U rack-mount, true stereo reverb processor. The device offers 199 preset programs, many of which are similar to those in the SRV-330. Several reverb parameters can be controlled both from the front panel and via MIDI Control Change messages, and additional parameters can be accessed via SysEx. An input level switch lets the unit operate at -10 or +4 dB.

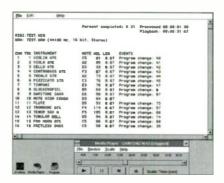
Finally, Roland announced the DA-400 (\$499), a 4-channel digital-to-analog converter for the S-760 sampler. With the OP-760-01 option board, the DA-400 expands the S-760 to eight analog outputs. The unit accepts coaxial or optical digital inputs. The conversion is 18-bit, with 8x oversampling. Sampling frequency is selected automatically (32, 44.1, or 48 kHz). The manufacturer rates the frequency response of the analog output at 20 Hz to 20 kHz, dynamic range >96 dB, and S/N ratio 110 dB. Roland Corporation US; tel. (213) 685-5141; fax (213) 722-0911.

Circle #407 on Reader Service Card



crements from 0.2 to 20 ms and release time from 0.005 to 2 seconds. A sidechain input is provided (e.g., for signalducking), as are channel input and output gain knobs. A 5-LED ladder meters each channel. The frequency response is rated at 20 Hz to 20 kHz (±1 dB). R/Audio; tel. (800) 258-8550 or (304) 233-2223; fax (304) 233-2258.

Circle #408 on Reader Service Card



The program is packaged on CD-ROM and provides 128 GM-compatible instruments and a GM drum kit, for a total of over 200 MB of samples. You can create your own synth sounds via additive and FM synthesis. You also can build wave sequences using different attack, sustain, and release WAV files that are at different frequencies, sampling rates, and resolutions. *MIDI Renderer* is a sampler, too, creating 16bit WAV files (44.1 kHz) up to ten seconds long. The ADSR-type amplitude EG offers up to 4,024 points. The sounds respond to Velocity and MIDI Modulation, Pitch Bend, Channel Pressure, Sustain, Expression, Volume, and Pan messages. In addition to equal temperament, the program supports nine alternative tuning systems, including Pythagorean, mean tone, and quarter-comma mean tone.

Rendering time varies with system configuration. According to the manufacturer, an 80486DX-66 with 16 MB of RAM, a double-speed CD-ROM drive, and *Windows* 3.1 requires 23:18 to render a 6.064 MB, mono, 16-bit, 44 kHz file. Under DOS, the same file can be rendered in 18:23, saving five minutes.

*MIDI Renderer* runs under DOS 3.1, *Windows* 3.0, or *OS/2* 2.0. It requires 2 MB of RAM, 5 MB of hard-disk space, a sound card capable of WAV file playback, and a CD-ROM drive. A math coprocessor is recommended, but not required. DiAcoustics; tel. (205) 722-0490; fax (205) 722-0490.

Circle #409 on Reader Service Card





#### **A** PEAVEY

Peavey's DPM C8p (targeted at \$1,599.99) is an updated version of the company's DPM C8 MIDI master keyboard. To reduce the controller's size and weight, the manufacturer used surface-mount technology to cut the size of the C8's main circuit board in half. The new unit comes in a portable package, instead of the original controller's attractive, but ponderous hardwood case.

The C8p offers the same weighted, 88-key keyboard and programming power as the C8, but the disk drive has been deleted and the control wheels relocated above the keyboard to reduce its length. Otherwise, the hardware remains the same.

The C8p also introduces Peavey's enhanced version 3.0 operating system (available as a retrofit for the C8), which adds a programmable global aftertouch curve, one-button mute/solo zones, footswitch-controlled mute/solo toggle, numeric entry of parameter values, and MSB

Bank Select for compatibility with Roland products. Peavey Electronics; tel. (601) 483-5365; fax (601) 486-1278.

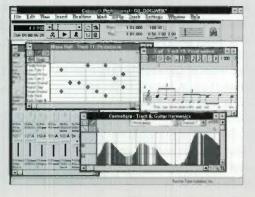
Circle #414 on Reader Service Card

► TWELVE TONE SYSTEMS Welve Tone Systems is offering Cakewalk Professional 3.0 for Windows (\$349; call Twelve Tone for upgrade info) and Cakewalk for DOS 5.0 (\$99). Cakewalk Pro 3.0 adds Groove Quantize, letting you copy the rhythmic "feel" (timing and note Velocity values) between tracks. A modified Piano Roll view has been added for percussion editing, and MIDI Machine Control is now supported.

Lyrics can be included in printed notation and are automatically matched to existing notes in the selected track. You can indicate syllables that are sustained over more than one note. A separate, scrolling Lyrics view acts as an onstage teleprompter.

There are 96 independently assignable MIDI faders that can send any note or controller message. Faders can be ganged in various linkage modes, including Crossfade and Converge. The fader settings can be imported and exported between *Cakewalk* work files. The Fader view now fully supports the Mackie OTTO-1604 automation package.

With version 5.0, *Cakewalk for DOS* adds support for SMPTE/MTC sync, Type 1 and 0 Standard MIDI Files, and



the Cakewalk Application Language (CAL). Newly supported multiport interfaces include the Music Quest MXQ-32m and 2 Port/SE, Key Electronic Enterprises MS-124, and Mark of the Unicorn MIDI Time Piece. A macro recorder has been added, and the time base is variable from 48 to 480 ppqn. The program comes with *Cakewalk LIVEI*, a song file player that plays set lists of up to 128 sequence files each. Twelve Tone Systems; tel. (800) 234-1171 or (617) 926-2480; fax (617) 924-6657.

Circle #415 on Reader Service Card

#### **V** STEINBERG

Steinberg is shipping version 1.5 of *TimeBandit* (\$399; updates free), a native Power Macintosh application for offline time and pitch correction of *Sound Designer 1/II* and AIFF



sound files. The program has a smart installer that automatically determines whether your CPU is a Power Mac or 680X0 and installs the appropriate code. The new version adds AIFF support, generates multisamples from a single sample in one process, and saves pitch and harmony settings to disk. A new Link-A-Magic feature lets you load a sound file into any sample editor by double-clicking on the file in *TimeBandit*'s Session window.

Steinberg has also introduced *Cubase Score* 2.0 for Power Mac (\$549), which also uses a smart installer. Steinberg/Jones; tel. (818) 993-4091; fax (818) 701-7452.

Circle #416 on Reader Service Card

## Imagine Getting Slammed In The Chest With A Sledgehammer.

rown

POWER-TECH 2

MICIO-TECH 1200

ACLO-TECH 2400

2

Power Base - 1

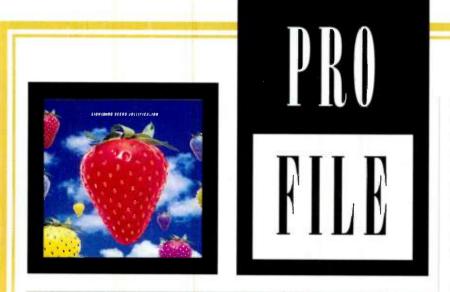
Now that you know what kind of low end these amps have, let's talk about why. Crown amplifiers are engineered with a damping factor in excess of 1000 (10 Hz to 200 Hz) while most amps are lucky to manage 50 to 100 over the same frequency range. The result of this high damping factor is incredible speaker control for some of the tightest, bonerattling bass you've ever felt. Low end isn't the only reason to love these amps. Listen to the other end of the spectrum and you'li hear highs that are crystal clear, revealing every nuance of your music. In other words, sonic purity, with no coloration—as heard only through a Crown.

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#### Loop The Loop Sampled drums ignite the Lightning Seeds.

By Michael Molenda

W does a band sound like a band when it's not a band? No, this isn't a lost Gertrude Stein poem. It's the problem that Liverpoolbased producer Ian Broudie faced during the recording of *Jollification*, the new aloum from his personal music project, the Lightning Seeds.

Broudie, who made a name for himself producing other acts (most notably Echo & the Bunnymen, Alison Moyet, and The Fall), developed the Lightning Seeds as a vehicle for his own songs—and voice. Working with collaborator and co-producer Simon Rogers, Broudie strives to generate "the slice of atmosphere" that characterizes great records.

"Unfortunately, it's difficult to make the kind of record I want without a band," says Broudie. "Because I'm a working producer, I haven't had the luxury of being in a real group. It's frustrating when I produce my own records, because many of my favorite LPs were made by people who jam a lot. The feel of a tight band that plays together all the time creates the vibe that contributes to a great record." Of course, there *are* ways of making records if you don't have a band. But the obvious alternatives, such as MIDI production and hiring session musicians, don't fly with Broudie.

"I'm really not into sequencing," he admits. "It's a very boring process, and I've found that sequenced records always lack a little excitement in the end. I'm also wary of using session musicians, because it's difficult to achieve spontaneity."

So Broudie decided to create his own "band vibe" by writing songs to sampled drum loops. The loops were lifted from commercial sample CDs and OPR (Other People's Records). Broudie worked out ideas by strumming an acoustic guitar and humming the melody line while Rogers constructed and played different drum loops for him. When a rough version of a song was hammered out, Rogers sampled Broudie playing it into an Akai S1100. The duo then experimented with arrangements by cutting and pasting musical phrases together.

"Obviously, I'm not the first artist

to use loops," says Broudie. "Rap artists build songs with them, and people are always using samples as gimmicks. But I think it's rather unique to use loops to develop the atmosphere of a song. For me, the process really saved the record, because I enjoyed the haphazardness of trying to marry 'feels' to songs; it was just like working with a band."

Broudie's affinity for "vibe" extended to the recording of his vocal tracks. On *Jollification*, he decided against uppity condenser and tube mics, because an inexpensive dynamic mic the Electro-Voice PL20—happened to sound just fine.

"I was doing a lot of radio interviews," explains Broudie, "and I really loved the sound of my voice through the headphones. The mic the stations used was the PL20. It's really a cheap mic that is typically used to record kick drums.

"But, you know, you do whatever it takes to make a great record," he continues. "I try not to worry about technical issues because they can be a real trap. I don't think it really matters whether you record on digital or analog, or whether you use certain pieces of gear. In the end, it's how the songs hit you that matters. And believe me, there's plenty to worry about when making a record without getting obsessed with technical things." @



lan Broudie, second from left, and the Lightning Seeds touring ensemble.

## THE RD-B. NOW PERFORMING HT A Project Studio Near You.



#### 4 Audio for Video Projects Chris Taylor-Crossroads Studios It can be sync'd to a 24-track for extra tracks; it

can stand on its own for 8-track digital recording, as in our audio for video suite; it can be stacked with other RD-8s or ADATs<sup>10</sup> for multitrack digital recording—and all without any extra hardware

#### Post Production Projects Brando Triantafillou-Editel, Chicago

We use it as the master machine with two ADATs for Post Scoring and Composition for commercial TV productions. I also like the fact that the Fostex RD-8 can act as a stand-alone digital recorder; it has the balanced sime code inputs and outputs that I use with automation, and it has a really good layout of the front panel controls.

#### **MIDI Projects**

#### Frank Becker-Frank Becker Music

The computer sequencer and the RD-8 can be synchronized either by SMPTE with the RD-8 as master, or by MIDI Machine Control with the computer sequencer acting as master.

#### Location Projects Paul Freeman-Audio by the Bay

We rolled twenty-eight 120 minute tapes of full field audio on the RD-8 in more dirt, more heat and more cows, for 18 days, with grime and a river, and the RD-8 never had a hiccup.

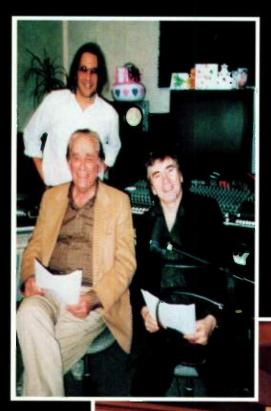
#### Composing Projects Christopher Hoag-Composer

Personally, I believe the Fostex RD-8 is intelligently laid out, easy to use and, more importantly, it sounds good.



#### **The RD-8 Digital Multitrack Recorder**

Whether you're working on the next hit movie soundtrack or the next hit, the RD-8 is right at home. Save key settings and locate points in the Table of Contents. Then, when you re-load your tape—into any RD-8—you can begin working right away. And if you're using MIDI, no other MDM gives you the breadth and depth of control that you'll find in the RD-8. It's the fully professionally machine that knows how to rock.



Eric Garcia saves ad execs from a lengthy

a tonging

stay in the



big (post-production) house.

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BERT



32 Electronic Musician October 1994

### c r e a t i v e

#### by Michael Molenda

Many musicians split audio production into two camps: making records and doing other

stuff. The "other stuff" usually has nothing to do with

securing a record contract, so fields such as audio post-production are often invisible

worlds to those struggling to climb the Billboard charts.

Sometimes, however, musicians fall into post gigs, and their musical skills

lead them to success in a field previously unknown to them.

Take Eric Garcia. Garcia traveled the well-worn path of the recording artist until fate dropped him into a video post-production house.

Before long, he had introduced sampling, MIDI sequencing, and digital audio

editing to his company's productions for advertising

jingles and underscores. He also found ways to rescue butchered location audio and

systematically prepare tracks for final mixing sessions

at expensive post-production studios such as Margarita Mix (shown opposite page).



for every market, the recording costs and session musician fees would skyrocket. It is more cost effective to record a full 60-second score and let the individual ad agencies cut the music to fit. An agency usually requests a basic arrangement, stipulating any lyrics that must be included in the final version, and expects the post-production house to stick as close to the plan as possible.

"Cutting all the different versions is like pulling teeth sometimes," says Garcia. "I get the score on a DAT, and half the time I'm struggling to pull elements together to make smooth transitions. If I were brought into a project earlier, I'd request an ADAT master with the complete stereo mix *and* several elements recorded onto separate tracks. A digital multitrack master readily pro-

ccredited by ACCS/CT Financial Aid available to those who qualify Aggressive Job Placement Assistance **Full Sail Center for** the Recording Arts **3300 University Boulevard** Winter Park (Orlando), FL 32792

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(800) C A N -R O C K vides me with tracks from the original session—say, a guitar solo or voice that could be used as musical transitions. This is an ideal situation, but I rarely get it. The composers who give it to me, however, really save my life."

Of course, not every post-production problem is a musical one. In fact, the biggest cost-cutting benefit Garcia's room has provided is the organization of sync lines and edit lists. Although time code is available on the videotape master, the audio elements of many commercials are still synched to picture with "two-pops," which are audible beeps placed two seconds before the commercial starts. The final mix of a commercial involves collecting all the audio elements and lining up the two-pops so that the audio events align with the proper time-code cues on the video master. It's often a time-consuming process that eats up substantial mix time at expensive postproduction facilities.

"The audio tracks for a commercial were often delivered to us on <sup>1</sup>/4-inch master tapes," explains Garcia. "One would have the location dialog, another the music track, and another might have sound effects. Now, to put the final audio track together, we'd have to line up the 1/4-inch masters with the timecode events on <sup>3</sup>/4-inch video. The dialog starts at this time, the door slams at this time, and so on. So we're doing all this searching and cueing at Margarita Mix at a cost of approximately \$500 per hour, and it was taking between five and six hours to mix a 30-second commercial. I thought if I could just make a list of all the time-code numbers, then combine all the <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch masters onto a single DAT and recut the two-pops to match the cues, we'd save an hour in the studio. Everything would be on one tape, all ready to line up with the time-code events on video."

Garcia's preparations cut Margarita Mix's billing to his clients down by one-third. Because he "premixes" the audio onto a single DAT, the editor at Margarita Mix simply loads the data into a digital-audio workstation. Usually, the process of loading in the music, voice-over, and sound effects and lining up the two-pops takes ten minutes. Once everything is loaded in, the editor simply pushes up the faders and starts mixing. And believe it or not, Margarita Mix is happy about the swifter sessions.

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And while other music software companies scramble to release something on the Windows platform, Twelve Tone Systems is now shipping the third major release of its JECIEL DEERD award-winning sequencer.

Here are some of the new 3.0 features:

#### GRAB A GROOVE

The new Groove Quantize option lets you "steal the feel" of one track, and use it to quantize another. Cakewalk's own groove format supports note start-times, durations and velocities. Also works with DNA Grooves.

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Add lyrics directly into the Staff view. and print in your notation. For on-stage performances, use the Lyrics view to see scrolling lyrics or stage cues in large fonts.

Side Kick

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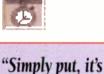
#### **BANG ON THIS**

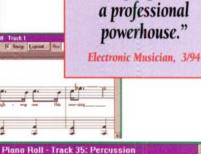
So what else is new in 3.0? Plenty.

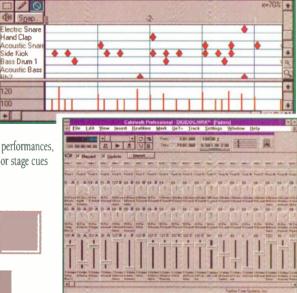
**8** Percussion Editing

- 8 MIDI Machine Control
- 8 Enhanced Swing Quantizing
- 8 Printing Up to 24 Staves per Page
- 8 Expanded Instrument Definitions
- 8 Bank Select 8 Way More

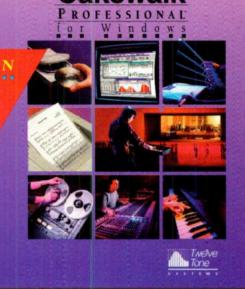












Cakewalk

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"Margarita Mix actually makes more money if they can run more sessions through the studio each day," says Garcia. "If we cut down the amount of time we spend in there, they might be able to schedule an additional session that day. It's a win/win situation. My clients are happy because they're spending less, and Margarita Mix is happy because they can maximize their studio time."

#### **POST PSYCHOLOGY**

Studio-savvy musicians are well aware that exquisite facilities are available for less than \$200 per hour and that many of the records music lovers buy are cut in studios that charge half that fee. So what's the deal with these mix rooms in post-production houses that charge upwards of \$500 per hour?

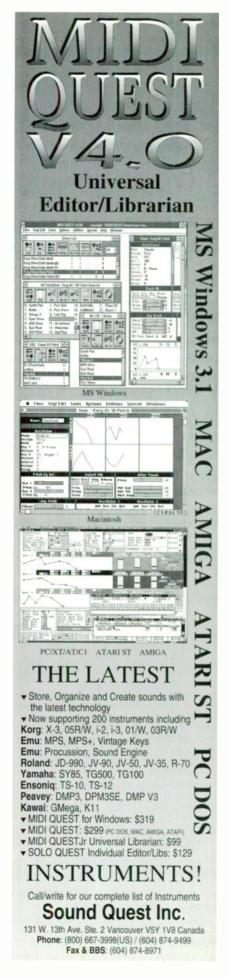
"Musicians have to understand that the second you step into the post world, everything changes," says Garcia. "A lot of it has to do with psychology. The mix house is the last place clients can see their commercial looking and sounding great. After that, you only see it on television. At Margarita Mix, the ad executives can sit in this beautiful, fancy environment that screams 'success' with staffers serving them margaritas and chips and hear their commercial on these huge speakers. Although Margarita Mix has the best mixers in town, the post-production scene is very much a service thing."

#### **POST TOASTIES**

Garcia's skills and ambition have rewarded him with a back-breaking schedule. In addition to his audio postproduction work, he still edits videos, along with developing multimedia press kits, producing musical groups, and recording his own work. It's not uncommon for Garcia to log fourteen hour days, seven days a week, for a month at a time. ("In a best-case scenario, I sleep on the weekends," he quips.) But the total work hours are not the most brutal time factor in the post world. The swift deadlines of each project are far more deadly to the spirit.

"I was used to album sessions, where it's not uncommon to spend three months working on a project," says Garcia. "In the post world, a session typically lasts no more than three *hours*. When I do commercial scores, I schedule my musicians in one hour intervals, and we slam things down in one or two takes. And sometimes a client has a mix session scheduled in an hour and needs an audio problem fixed—some noise diminished or whatever—before they get to the studio. I can be sitting around twiddling my thumbs, and the next second it's insanity. This is a great,

Mixing Console	Mackie 32•8	
Recording Gear	Alesis ADAT (3), Digidesign Pro Tools (8-channel system) with JLCooper CS-10 hardware interface, Fostex E-2 (½-inch) with center-track time code, Fostex RD- 8, JVC CR 850U ¾-inch video deck, Panasonic SV-3700 DAT recorder, Stephens 2- inch, 16-track analog recorder	
Monitor Speakers	Auratone cubes, Snell J777, Yamaha NS10M	
Microphones	AKG D112, Milab LC-25, Neumann TLM 193, Shure SM57 (3), Sony 37-P	
Signal Processors	Aphex Expressor (2), Alesis 3630 stereo compressor, Alesis QuadraVerb Plus Demeter VTCL-2 stereo tube compressor, Klark-Teknik DN 514 quad noise gate Neve stereo mic preamp, Roland SRV-3000, Sony MU E-041 parametric EQ (2) Yamaha SPX500, Yamaha SPX900, Zoom 9010 (2)	
Sound Modules	Alesis D4, Akai S1100, E-mu Proteus/1, E-mu Proteus/2, Ensoniq EPS-16+, Korg Wavestation A/D	
Computers and Software	Macintosh Quadra 950 (24 MB RAM/CD-ROM), 2 GB external hard drive, Opcode Studio Vision Pro, Digidesign DINR, usWaves Q-10	
Synchronization	Alesis Al-1 sample rate convertor, Alesis Al-2 machine control, Opcode Studio 4, TimeLine MicroLynx	
Sampling/Editing	Digidesign SampleCell II and Sound Designer II	



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Support for over 70 synths built-in. Drum & patch maps included for over 70 popular synths. General MIDI, Roland GS & SoundBlaster soundcard support included.

#### **NEW!** Additional features in Windows version 6.0

Band-in-a-Box 6.0 for Windows breaks new ground with over 50 new features ...

STANDARD MUSIC NOTATION and leadsheet printout of chords, melody and lyrics. Enter your songs in standard notation & print out a standard lead sheet of chords, melody and lyrics. Make your own fakebook!

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"I am in awe. I didn't think that such an incredible

program could even exist. This software is a dream come true."

PC Journal Sept. 1992

"This amazing little program from PG MUSIC creates "musicminus-one" accompaniments for virtually any song any style. You simply type in the chords, pick a tempo and one of 24 styles, and the program creates nicely embellished chords, a bass part. and drums to be played on a MIDI synthesizer. Band-in-a-Box understands repeats, choruses and verses, and even varies the accompaniment, just as human musicians would. Peter Gannon, the author of the program makes no claim to artificial intelligence, but Band-in-a-Box is software that repeatedly surprises and delights you, especially in its jazz styles."

PC Magazine Jan. 15, 1991 **Technical Excellence Awards** 

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NOTE to DOS/MAC/ATARI Users: We're developing Band-in-a-Box version 6.0 upgrades for DOS/MAC & ATARI users. They'll be ready in a few months.

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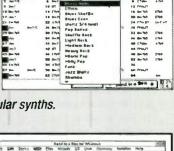
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#### NEW CUSTOMERS (IBM/Mac/Atari)

FUR WINDOWS UPGRADE
ation and harmonies this is so much fun
eets look great Bravo! Congratulations"
BAND-IN-A-BOX PRICES

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# space

but incredibly stressful, gig. It has already blessed me with an ulcer."

There are also nonhuman factors to deal with, such as software bugs and synchronization snafus. To survive the brutal deadlines of post-production work, an engineer must know his or her software tools intimately. Problemsolving must be quick and decisive.

"Having all this digital gear trying to work together creates some serious voodoo," explains Garcia. "Most of the manufacturers don't have the gear available for testing to make sure everything works together, so it's often the working engineers who stumble upon the bugs and problems. For example, I had a lot of problems getting Studio Vision to lock up to video. Admittedly, many musicians probably don't use the program with time code; they just sequence and cut a vocal or something. But locking up to video is critical in my work, and for months I was getting wild speed fluctuations whenever I tried to sync sound to picture. Finally, a new [software] version fixed the problem. And when I started working with the first versions of Pro Tools, I was losing data constantly. The program didn't work, period. I'd have a session going on a tight deadline and everything would grind to a halt because some glitch popped up. Believe me, there were times when I'd literally be crying from frustration, asking myself why I ever decided to go digital. Of course, I couldn't do the things I do on analog, so digital audio is basically responsible for my livelihood. I try to remember that when I'm suffering through computer crashes."

To keep his software running as smoothly as possible, Garcia maintains constant contact with tech-support crews. He calls each company weekly to update the technicians on system performance and for help seeking out solutions to reoccurring problems. To avert tragedy, he also makes clone copies of every project and backs up data constantly.

"You can't be too careful," warns Garcia. "I recently worked on the sound design and music for a half-hour television show, and I lost everything to a hard-disk crash. Luckily, I had just done some subtle changes since the last back-up, but I still lost eight hours of work."

#### POST FADE

Garcia's well-equipped studio affords him the luxury of choosing the best medium for each project. Post-production chores are usually better suited to hard-disk recorders, while music sessions are slated for modular digital multitracks.

"If I'm getting a commercial ready to mix or doing sound design, I'll do the entire project in Pro Tools because it makes much more sense," says Garcia. "I have almost complete control over the audio. I can automate tracks, flip stuff backward, crossfade musical transitions, re-EQ, and so on. All of my music sessions are tracked to ADATs, mostly because all my musician friends own them, as well as just about every recording studio. However, I tend to fly back and forth between Pro Tools and the ADATs. For example, if I'm cutting vocals, I'll record eight performances on an ADAT, slide them into Pro Tools to cut and paste the best bits together, then fly that 'perfect' composite track back to the ADAT."

Garcia relies on Opcode's Studio Vision to produce demos for commercial underscores, because the picture that the music is supposed to match can change constantly in the video-editing suite. Editing the audio to fit is obviously easier using a sequencer. If the client likes the demo score and provides a budget to complete the music, Garcia replaces the sequenced tracks with live musicians and records the revised composition on ADATs.

"Now, after finally getting the digital studio to be a reality, I want the best of both worlds," exclaims Garcia. "I've been buying all these great tube preamps, and I just acquired an old Stephens analog multitrack and the Helios console that used to be at the Manor Studios in London. My dream is to incorporate all this state-of-the-art digital gear with classic analog equipment. Then I can really rock!"

Throughout hundreds of sessions in countless studios, no one has ever served EM Editor Michael Molenda a margarita. And yes, he feels cheated.

# THE DPC SERIES... "It's built so well, YOU DON'T HAVE TO BE."

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POW DPC 750 | DPC 1000

DPC 750

500 Watts Per Channel (4 ohms) 00 Watts Bridge (8 ohms)

DPC 1000

750 Watts Per 4 ohms) Bridge (8 ohms)

DPC- 1000

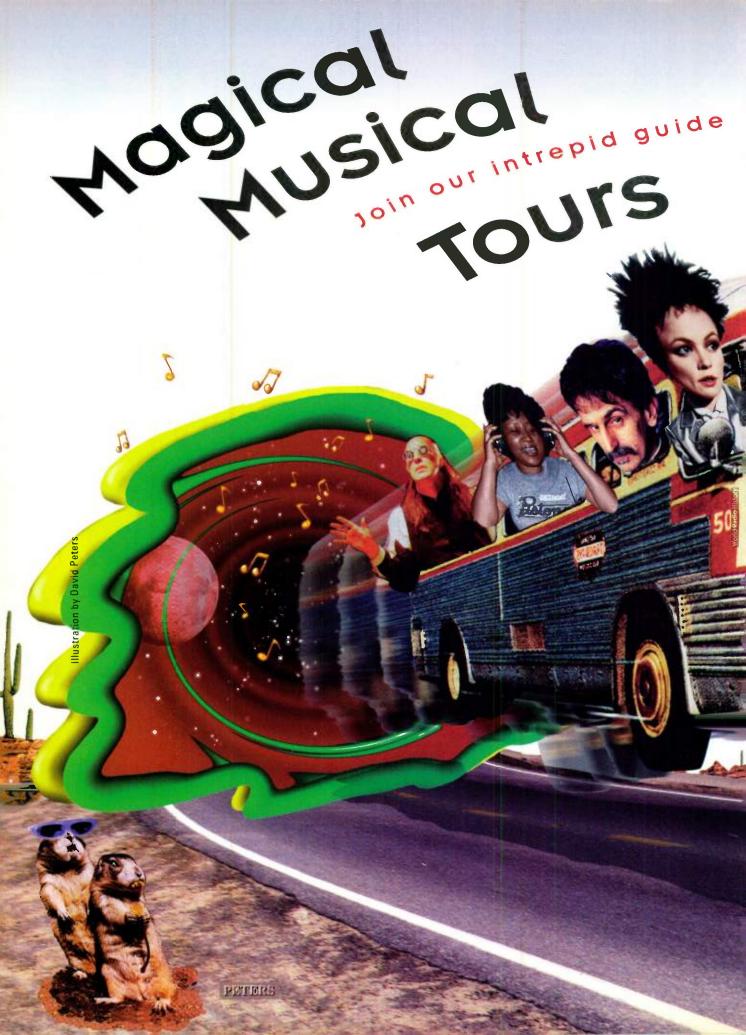
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Patented Disiter Design Step into the 21st century with the next generation of lightweight digital power amplifiers. At only 12 pounds each, the new digital phase modulated DPC 750 and 1000 offer the future in portability and power. Bass musicians are raving ... "The mighty DPC series offers the clarity, punch, and power I need at the bass end ... it'll knock you out!" **Bolt to your** authorized Peavey dealer and hear the power...built to carry, priced to move.

The Monitor Magnetic publication filled with the latest information musicians want to know. To receive 4 issues for only \$5 (USA price only) send check or money order to Monitor and a street, Monidan, M\$ 39301 (01994) World Radio History



# on a musician's tour of the Internet.

**Psst!** Hey, you! Yeah, you. Come over here. Ever been to cyberspace? No? An enlightened musician like you, and you've never cruised the 'net? You don't know what you're missing! You wouldn't *believe* the stuff that's out there. Come on, jump in, crank the stereo. Yeah, that's it. Leave the driving to me. Just sit back and enjoy the trip. I've been surfing the Internet for more than ten years. I'll take you places you ain't *never* been!

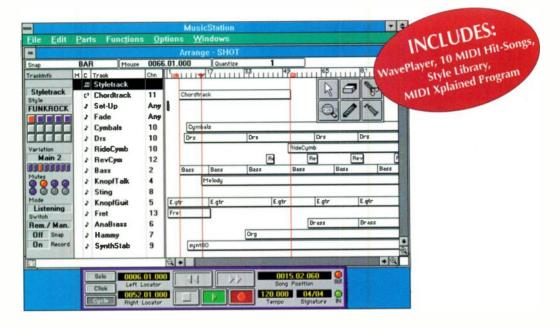
Please excuse my alter ego; he tends to get carried away when it comes to discussing the Internet. But he's right, you know. You can use the Internet for everything from publishing press releases about your new album to booking tours for your band to locating new samples for your keyboard. You can even create personal "infobots" and send them out to scour the 'net for information that interests you. I designed one that searched for Internet sites

#### By Scot Gresham-Lancaster

# MusicStation

#### THE MUSIC STUDIO FOR WINDOWS<sup>TM</sup>

MusicStation is something new and has something for everyone, because it has it all! MIDI recording, score printing, real audio and auto-accompaniment.



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MusicStation has eight 'musicians' waiting to follow every twist and turn



of your playing. From Pop to Polka & Country to Techno, they know it all AND are willing to learn new styles.

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#### **PRINT IT OUT!**

Lyrics included.

\$11 'N' 5 's 1 's 1 5 24, 201 0 201 0 1 0 201 0 100 100 Now show the world what you've created. Print out professional resolution sheet music!

#### **FINE-TUNE THE DETAILS!**

Nobody's perfect. MusicStation's piano-roll and notation editors let you easily perfect the bits you wished you'd played a little better. The on-screen GM Mixer gives you extra control over any General MIDI sound source. And MusicStation doesn't need to stop because you want to edit a note. It's a true real time program!

#### **GRAB THE TOOLS!**

Forget trying to remember complex key commands. MusicStation's

graphic mouse tools do what you expect, cut with the scissors and glue with the glue-tube.



#### **DIGITAL AUDIO!**

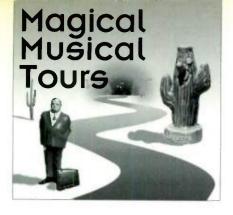
Steinberg's WavePlayer™ is included too, so you can have real digital audio playback along with your MIDI recordings. Just add a Windows MME compatible sound card.



System Requirements: Minimum of 4MB of free RAM, Windows 3.1 or higher, VGA graphics, Harddisk.

Distributed in the US and Canada by Steinberg/Jones, 17700 Raymer Street, Suite 1001, Northridge CA 91325, Phone: 818-993-4091, Fax: 818-701-7452

Call toll free for a dealer near you, or 24 HR Automatic Fax Info: 1-800-888-7510 Code 7305; Contact Steinberg on Compuserve under 71333,2447 MIDI Vendor C



relevant to music. It periodically informed me of its findings via e-mail while continuing its search. The fruits of its labor can be found in **Tables 1, 2, 3**, and **5**.

Sounds hip, doesn't it? It is. Did you know that an estimated 17 million people worldwide are already on the 'net? Did you know that number is increasing at the astonishing rate of 20 percent each month? The Internet is an incredibly vast universe of people, computers, and—most importantly—information resources. Allow me to take you on a brief tour.

#### PREBOARDING INSTRUCTIONS

Before I put the bus in gear, though, let's get some assumptions out of the way. Some online services that provide Internet access, including PAN (the Performing Artists Network) and Delphi, put a text-based shell (see Fig. 1) in front of the Internet's standard, user-unfriendly, command-line interface. This makes Internet access somewhat easier, but there is a better alternative that these services do not support. This alternative comes in the form of either SLIP (Serial Line Internet Protocol) or PPP (Point-to-Point Protocol). PPP is newer and slightly faster than SLIP. If you contract with an Internet access provider that supports either of them, you can use one of the new graphic-interface programs on your computer (see Fig. 2). These programs facilitate e-mail, World Wide Web, and *Gopher* activity, all of which will be explained shortly. (Table 3 reveals where you can obtain these types of programs.)

A detailed discussion of SLIP and PPP is beyond the scope of this article. Basically, these protocols establish a network connection through a modem. Graphic-interface programs such as *Mosaic* and *TurboGopher* operate through your modem and over the phone line as though your computer was connected directly to the network with a network card.

Despite these advances, the examples I'll show are based on the standard UNIX command-line interface. It's ugly, but it's the lowest common denominator when it comes to accessing the Internet. See Table 4 for a listing of Internet access providers and the cost of a ticket to ride.

I'll also assume that you're familiar with the basics of telecommunications (telecom) software running on Macintosh, DOS, or *Windows*. You may also wish to refer to "Cruising the Internet" in the April 1994 EM and "Going Online: A Guide to Electronic Bulletin-Board Systems" in the November 1990 issue. (Back issues are available from Mix Bookshelf; tel. [800] 233-9604 or [510] 653-3307; fax [510] 653-5142.)

One thing's for sure about the Internet: Things happen fast. We're already at the first stop on our tour: Electronic Mail. E-mail is important because it lets you tap many of the resources available on the 'net.

#### **EXPRESS MAIL**

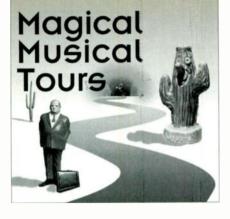
The Postal Service—you'll soon find yourself calling it "snail mail"—employs tens of thousands of people to pick up millions of pieces of paper, load them into little trucks, bring it back to the local post office, sort it out, load it into bigger truck, ship it to a regional post office, sort it out again, load it into an even bigger truck...well, you get the picture. At best, it takes four days to get a first-class letter from San Francisco to New York.

With e-mail, your letters get where they're going in minutes, not days. And you don't have to worry about correspondence getting "lost in the mail," because the Internet was designed to ensure message delivery even in the face of severed connections.

I use e-mail for everything from communicating with colleagues at IRCAM (the Institute for Research in Computer Music and Acoustics in Paris, France; e-mail address: info@ircam.fr) to arranging lunch dates with friends and associates. I also use it to communicate with my bandmates in the Hub (the world's only live, interactive, computer-music network group). Since our founding in 1985, we have conducted all of our business, from proposing

Type of synth	Internet Site	IP Address	Directory
Apple I MIDI Synth	cco.caltech.edu	131,215,6,10	/pub/apple2/music/synthlab
E-mu Emax (I and II)	sweaty.palm.cri.nz	161.66.1.11	/sds
Ensoniq EPS-16+	ftp.reed.edu	134.10.2.20	A list of available samples is in: /eps/docs/samples/sample.index.tx The samples are in: /eps/samples
Kurzweil K2000	ftp.uwp.edu	131.210.1.4	/pub/kurzweil/sounds (maintained by jbuckman@aas.org)
	cs.utk.edu	128.169.94.1	/pub/martin/K2000 (maintained by martin@cs.utk.edu)
MIDI Sample Dumps	alf.uib.no	129.177.30.3	/pub/sds
	sweaty.palm.cri.nz	161.66.1.11	/sds
Roland D-70	kilroy.jpl.nasa.gov	128.149.63.2	/pub/D70
Roland JV-80/880/1000	wagner.musicnet.ua.edu	130.160.156.75	/pub/music/Patches/JV80
Roland Samplers	lotus.UWaterloo.ca	129.97.140.9	/pub/sgroup
Waldorf	ftp.waldorf-gmbh.de	193.98.169.1	/Waldorf
Yamaha TX16W	ftp-ls7.informatik.uni-dortmund.de	129.217.52.140	/pub/tx16w/samples

#### October 1994 Electronic Musician 49



new compositions to scheduling rehearsals and tour dates, over the Internet. A few years ago, one member of our group temporarily relocated from the San Francisco Bay Area, where the rest of us live, to San Diego. Thanks to e-mail, there was no disruption in our scheduling, and he was able to line up a couple of Southern California gigs for us.

Once you've logged onto the Internet (contact your access provider for the specific procedure), you are greeted with a UNIX prompt, which isn't always the same set of characters; it depends on where you are on the hostsystem and what you're doing. To send e-mail, type "mail" at the UNIX prompt, the e-mail address of the person you want to correspond with, a subject, and your message.

For example, suppose I wanted to send a note to John Matrocks, product manager at the fictional WonderSynth, Inc. The process would look something like the following. (In all examples, the text I type appears in **bold**; the system's response appears in regular text. In all

MicroPhone Settin	ngs	
Internet Gotewou (telnet) PRH Gopher		4
FTP Horkspace		100
MAC FTP Sites Usenet Discussio		10
	Groups (Usenet)	10
PC FTP Sites HELP NoCELE (Talget #/g linefeeds) FXIT		1.0
NoCRLF (Telnet #/o linefeeds) EXIT Listservs & Digests		10
INTERNET: pan		
		123
Type HELP for a list of commands		
Gopher Henu		12
Page 1 of 2		10
1 PERSONAL FAVORITES	Henu	100
2 REOUT PAH'S COPHER	Text	
3 ALL THE GOPHER SERVERS IN THE HORLD	Menu	
4 RPPLE CONPUTER	Menu	
ARCHIVES OF HUSIC LISTS, NEWS, AND HIDI DOCS	Henu	
6 ARTS, LITERATURE, AND RELIGION	Manu	
7 BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS	Menu	- 10
8 ENPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES 9 FREE-NETS AND CONNUNITY ACCESS	Parisa	10
18 FTP (ROLL YOUR OWN)	Benu	- 10
11 FTP: DOWNLOADABLE PROGRAMS, IMAGES, SCUNDS	Menu	10
12 GRINES AND MUDS, MUSHES, MUSES, AND MOCH	Mercu	10
13 GOVERNMENT, LAH, AND POLITICS	Menu	10
14 HEALTH AND MEDICINE	Mensa	
15 INTERNET INFORMATION	Menu	
16 LIBRARIES, GUIDES, AND RESEARCH	Henu	
17 LIBRARY OF CONORESS	Henu	
18 MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE, AND TECHNOLOGY	Henu	
19 HISCELLANEOUS	fleriu	
Enter Item Humber, MORE, ?, or EXIT		-8
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FIG. 1: Some commercial online services, including PAN, provide their clients with gateways to the Internet. The menu shells provided by these services make the Internet somewhat easier to navigate.

examples, my first command would be preceded by a UNIX prompt.)

mail johnmatrocks@wondersynth.com Subject: release date of Whacko 2000 cc:

I was hoping that the Whacko 2000 would be ready for the Hub's next wild and crazy road show. Any word on your progress in beta testing? Scot G-L (scot@csuhayward.edu)

If John isn't a total wank, a response should be forthcoming. How long it actually takes depends on how often he checks his mailbox. If he's working away on the Whacko 2000, I might not hear from him until the next day. But if he's goofing off and surfing the 'net, I might hear from him sooner.

If your access provider charges you by the hour for access time, you can save money by downloading all your email into your computer, using your telecom software's capture mode. Log off the service, read your mail, and draft your responses while you're offline. When you're finished, log back on and upload the new text files.

#### **INFO GLUT**

The next stop on our tour is the land of *LISTSERVs*. Imagine receiving a newsletter that's current to the day and composed entirely of contributions from everyone who reads it. That's what Internet mail *LISTSERVs* are like. Unlike conventional newsletters, *LIST-SERV* subscriptions are free for the ask-

ing, and they're delivered daily via e-mail.

LISTSERV forums (see Table 2) run the gamut, from the esoteric (performance techniques for the Australian didjeridoo) to the topical (women's issues in music) to the practical (an online music-theory seminar sponsored by Harvard University). For example, if I wanted to subscribe to the electronic-music forum at American University, I would send the following e-mail message:

mail listserv@auvm.american.edu Subject: subscription cc:

subscribe emusic-l scot@csuhayward.edu In a few hours, I would receive a message confirming my subscription, providing me with guidelines for contributing to the forum, and telling me to how to unsubscribe if I lose interest. Once I've subscribed, I can contribute my views to the forum or just sit back and wait for messages to arrive in my mailbox.

LISTSERVs are a dynamic, sometimes chaotic, means of staying on top of developments in any area of interest. Some LISTSERVs have a moderator, someone who takes ownership of the list and, functioning as an editor, weeds out irrelevant banter. An unmoderated LISTSERV includes everything any subscriber sends it.

Subscribe to *LISTSERVs* in moderation—I suggest two or three at first because any single one can conceivably generate twenty or more e-mail messages each day. If you get excited and subscribe to a bunch of them, you'll find yourself inundated with so much email you'll never get a chance to read it. As with many other aspects of the Internet, there are commercial, shareware, and freeware utilities that simplify e-mail handling chores. On the Mac, look for a program called *Eudora*, and on *Windows*, look for *Pegasus* (see **Table 3** and **Fig. 2**).

We're flying now! Next stop: Usenet.

#### **NEWS YOU CAN USE**

Once you have figured out how to use e-mail, and you have subscribed to an email *LISTSERV* or two, check out some of the Usenet newsgroups. Usenet is often called "news," but it shouldn't be confused with a wire-service feed, such as the Associated Press or UPI. Usenet is a collection of 5,000 interactive forums generated by and for Internet users. Like *LISTSERVs*, Usenet newsgroups are dynamic forums for the exchange of information. Unlike *LIST-SERVs*<sub>s</sub> however, Usenet feeds are not automatically delivered directly to your mail box.

Among the music-related newsgroups I follow are alt.emusic, comp.music, and rec.music.compose. There are many other music-related newsgroups, including rec.music.industrial, rec.music.ambient, and rec.music.classical.guitar. Some, such as alt.binaries.sounds.music, contain files you can download to your own computer. In other words, seek and ye shall find.

#### Parametric Hi-Mid FQ 1/12-oct. boost/cut

Parametric Hi-Mid EQ 1/12-oct. sweep range (500HZ-18kHz)

Parametric Hi-Mid EQ 2-oct. boost/cut

Parametric Hi-Mid EQ 2-oct. sweep range (500HZ-18kHz)

Parametric Hi-Mid EQ 3-oct. boost/cut

Parametric HI MId 3-oct. sweep range (500HZ-18kHz)

Parametric Hi Mid Sweep-O-Rama

Swept Lo-Mid EQ boost/cut (1K center)

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In fact, the EQ was s

was able to get decer

tones from poorly

recorded tracks

without using outboard graphic

equalizers."

Electronic Musicia

February 1994

Legendary producer/engineer Shep

Pettibone with his 32•8 at NYC-based

projects include tracking for Madonna.

Partially at her request, he's since bought

Mastermix Productions Ltd. Recent

a matching MB•32 meterbridge.

Lo-Mid EQ sweep range (from 45Hz to

Hi shelving EQ boost/cut (12kHz)

Lo shelving EQ boost/cut (80Hz)

75Hz, 18dB/octave Lo Cut (Hi Pass) Filter

Interaction of Lo Cut Filter and Lo EQ boost



-- The first of the four bands of the EQ section is hi-mid, offering a true parametric esign....useful in wideband adjustment for a more natural sound or in narrow-band for specific corrective adjustment. The upper-end frequency range...is particularly useful for adding punch to tracks or brightening up a hi hat."

MIX February 1994

can only say that the 8•Bus sound: ncredibly quiet. Crosstalk and signal to-noise were certainly comparable my Trident Model 65 console, whic cost a ton more than the Mackie." Electronic Musician February 1994

@ surprisingly high percentage of 8.Bus warranty cards rave about how quiet our consoles are: "... quiet enough for hard disk digital recording.""...transparently

quiet and musical ... " "I am very happy with the low noise levels." "Phenomena quiet!!!" "Less noise than the expensive oand lused to have"

You get the idea. One of the most important reasons for these comments is Very Low Impedance Circuitry (VLZ).

✓ VLZ wouldn't be necessary if we did all our recording in outer space or on the surface of

Neptune where it's extremely cold. At absolute zero (-273 dearees F.), circuit components are noise-free because the atoms that comprise them

are completely at rest. VLZ However, when over three hundred degrees hotter (room

temperature on Earth), all the atoms in circuit components are agitated and crash into each other. That causes little random voltage spikes which we hear as thermal noise. It's generated by all circuitry - even wire and circuit traces. Far more objection-

able (and noticeable) than hum, thermal noise is what most consoles have too much

> We design around thermal noise by making internal impedance as low as practical it as many places as possible

within the console. M7 is achieved by scaling down resistor values by a factor of three or four - resulting in a corresponding reduction in thermal noise. D prime example is our consoles' mix

buses. Here, mix resistors are 1/4 the value of

eest 1211

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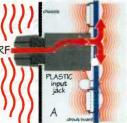


UTOMATION FOR THE 8-BUS SERIES is comi soon. First to be

automation module and Ultra Mix<sup>5M</sup> ultra screaming-fast. Mac™ software. OTTO-34 connects via 8•Bus' channel inserts (replaced with duplicate inserts on the OTTO-34's front panel), OTTO-34 provides smooth MIDI level & mute automation of channel inputs. AUX turns and main outputs for up to 32 chanr

#### CONSOLE CONNECTORS QIL CONSULE CUNNECTON QRE NOT COUALLY QUIET.

Every input and output on a mixer is a chance for RFI (radio frequency interference) to sneak into the console via external cables. RFI is generated by everything from computers and cellular phones to video equipment and local AM, FM, TV, CB and paging transmitters. On most mixers, RFI protection consists of arounding the input to an internal circuit



trace, Unfortunately, this lets RFI use the circuit trace as a mini transmit tina antenna (A). Everything inside the mixers that rectifies

Compare console power supplies Inly Mackie provides a 24-13, ultra-low noise, triple-maulated, 220 watt power upply that can handle wide voltage ariations & high ambient temperatures.



crystal radio receivers and verts the RFI into audible, annovina hash (or actual faint radio reception). Dur 8. Bus consoles have metal 1/4" jacks that make electrical contact with the metal chassis via a solid metal lock washer (B). Although RFI can get in a short way via plugs, it is immediately diverted with a shunting capacitor across the inputs, RFI is routed back through the metal jack and into the outer

chassis where it is dissipated. 8.Bus mic inputs are shielded with ferrite beads that accomplish the same purpose.

#### The MegaMondo 8-Bus Famasy Combo

32.8 flanked by two 24.E Expanders and a Sidecar, for a total of 80 Inputs during tracking and 160 inputs during mixdown. Suggested retail price for all you see here is (hold onto your Depend<sup>TM</sup>5) \$14,450. But look again. You couldn't touch this much console from any other manufacturer for under \$50,000. And, you can start building this combo with a 32.8 for just \$4995\*.

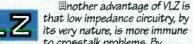


Frank Serafine, in the Foley Room at his Venice, California film and video sound complex. An innovative sound designer with film credits like Hunt for Red October, Poltergeist & Lawnmower Man, Frank has 8•Bus consoles in three of his production rooms: " It's the only under-20.000 console we'd consider using for feature films and network TV sound.

(diodes, IC's, etc.) ums into little



those typically used in other mixers. Thermal noise is also 1/4 as much. It's a big contributing factor to the 8. Bus' overall low noise level.



that low impedance circuitry, by its very nature, is more immune to crosstalk problems. By designing with low impedance, crosstalk throughout the console is inaudible.

Our approach isn't anything mysterious or proprietary. It's just straight-ahead. Mackiestyle, over-engineering. However, VLZ doesn't come without cost. All circuitry has to be

thoroughly buffered. Plus, the current consumption of the console ages up. requiring a larger power supply

(which, of course, we provide in our LZ usual excessive, over-engineered fashion - see below left). But when you compare the overall noise of our consoles to any of their competitors or imitators, you'll understand why Very Low Impedance circuit desian puts the 8.Bus in the big leagues.

vou can never be too rich or have too many inputs. Since Y most of us don't qualify on either count, we've designed the 8•Bus Console Series so that you can add more inputs as your budget and job requirements grow.

Start with an initial outlay as small as \$3995 (suggested retail for a 24+8). Add a meter bridge. When your spouse wants under-\$10,000 consoles the card table back, add a matching epoxy-coated steel stand.

-Now comes the nifty part. You can increase inputs in groups of 24 with our 24•E Expander. It has 24 complete channel strips with tape returns and connects to our 24-8 or 32•8 in minutes. Each 24•E comes with its own power supply. meter bridges and stands are also available. Because you can "daisy chain" up to seven 24•Es together (for a potential total

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Call

2-Rus

of 200 channels and

mixdown) we

think that our

approach

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the average

Gear head

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modula

400 inputs at

You want a fader to reduce sound level in a smooth, predictable manner. To fool our ear into perceiving this, expensive mega-consoles use faders with a logarithmic taper By contrast, other use "off-the-shelf" D-taper faders with a single extra resistive element screened onto the existing carbon (Fig. A at right) Bottom line the sound level can drop precipitiously when the fade gets around -20dB. making a smooth fader frustrating if not impossible.

Fig. A

Fig. B

The orthogal difference between our faders & D-taper faders to most noticable in this area of fader travel' attenuation.

S OF FADER TRAVE

Bside from the

spectacular price

he board has some

really excellent

touches:

-...meticulous

attention to level

matching makes

the board very easy to

manage levels with.

even for the brain

formance ratio

For the Mackie 8.Bus, we commissioned a completely new 100mm fader that uses a complex network of additive resistive elements (Fig B.). They combine at various points along the faders travel to achieve an absolutely accurate logarithmic taper (blue line on graph below). You aet an even, predictable fade rate all the way to the bottom (where you get absolute attenuation — just like on bia. expensive consoles).



Stereo Aux Returns. Returns 1 & 2 have a stereo Solo switch, stereo Level control, Pan control & Assian options to L/R Mix buses & odd-even submaster bus pairs. Returns 3 & 4 have a stereo Solo switch, stereo Level control & Assign option to the L/R Mix buses and/or Phones 1 & Phones 2 buses. Returns 5 & 6 are permanently assigned to the L/R Mix.

MIX-B/Monitor section. Acts as master gain control when building a separate broadcast. recording or monitor mix. MIX-B To L/R Mix switch doubles inputs during mixdown.

Phones 1 & Phones 2. Independent controls let you build custom headphone mixes using any combination of Monitor, MIX B. Aux 3 & 4. Aux 5 & 6. & External la totally separate stereo input intended for click tracks, etc).

Monitor. Individual controls for Control Room & studio playback monitors Select any combination of L/R Mix, MIX-B, 2-Tk & External. Mono switch sums L/R channels for checking mono mixes, and phase coherency.

lets you adjust the level of all soloed signals

Meter Section, 12-segment Submaster LEU adders with -40 to +10dB range 13-segment Main L/R meter with -40 to +22dB range. Entire section is covered with matte Lexan™

8-Bus Assian Section. Pressing L Mix (odd-numbered buses) & R Mix (even-numbered) assigns bus to left or right Mix bus. Along with the Mono L & R switch. it assigns submaster buses to L/R mix. Proprietary expansion port (32-8 & 24-8 only) Connects to 24•E Expander console. Each Expander has its own internal mix amplifier so the main console only "sees" one extra channel per 24•E Expander.



dead among us...it's very forgiving and very clear. — Careful consideration to the range of recorders the board is likely to be hooked up with has led to excellent decisio regarding input and output levels, so it will plug anywhere with no fuss or muss.

- Robust construction. The unit came out of the box after multiple shippings and handlings, plugged in in 20 minutes and has worked perfectly since."

Recording (formerty Home & Studio Recording) April 1994

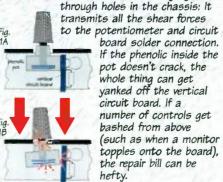
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#### SUDDEN MPACT

Many other 8-bus mixers make three mechanical design mistakes that can lead to expensive repair bills (Fig. 1A). First, they use un-sealed potentiometers containing brittle phenolic as a base for the pot's resistive element. Next, they mount the potentiometers on vertical circuit boards. Finally, many consoles have pote whose bushings extend through

holes in the chassis. This is a deadly combination when somebody decides to drop something on the console (Fig. 1B). Look at what happens when downward force is exerted on a knob whose bushinas ao

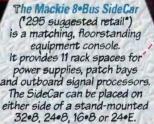


8.Bus consoles head off all three desian errors (Fig. 2A). Our knobs."ride" just thousandths of an inch from the metal surface of the console.

When downward force arrives, it is trans ferred from knob to steel - instead of from knob to potentiometer. Next, we employ a co-molded potentiometer that doesn't use brittle phenolic at critical mechanical points. If the console really gets

whacked, our rotary controls whacked, our rotary controls withstand far more abuse than regular pots. Our final design feature is our and the second division of the second se braced, horizontal pot circuit board and brass horizontal brass support flungises board support shock-absorbing structure (Fia. 2B). The board is thick fiberalass and is connected at regular points to the chassis by metal

stand-offs that further absorb impact.



"Mhen Steven Tyler (Aerosmith) and I sat down to design his home studio, we knew that our choice of a consol was critical. We needed lots of inputs routing flexibility, and most of all, great, clean sound. The Mackie 8-Bus with 24 inputs was the answer. It has 48 channels during mixdown, 24 mic pre's with phantom power and much more. When you're ready to shop for mixing console (in any price range under \$50,000), be sure to check out the Mackie 8•Bus.\*

MIDI March/April 1994

Mith a retail price of \$3995, the Mackie 24x8 offers a major price/ ormance breakthrough. I expect at the (24•8) will find a comfort home in small home studios as well as broadcast and live applications.

Mix February 1994



Steve Milo, technician and engineer for Michael Bolton with Michael's roadcased 32•8. Other notable 8•Bus owners include Dave Abbruzzese, drummer for Pearl Jam: Michael Frondelli, Creative Director for Capitol Records; Mick Jones, producer for Van Halen & guitarist for Foreigner, Will Calhoun, drummer and engineer for Living Color; Danny Kortchmar, producer for James Taylor and Billy Joel; and Art Neville'.

Six Aux Sends, each with master level

Solo, with stereo level pot. being fed to the monitor section.

Talkback. Converse via built-in microphone to any combination of Aux 1, Aux 2. Tape/Submasters (L/R Mix & the eight submasters) & Phones/Studio

> Main balanced outputs. +28dBu max output

100 12372 A state of the second 18 19 20 2 

Submaster/Tape Outputs. 1/4" TRS balanced (also wired for 1/4" TS unbalanced) Tape Output Operating Level buttons switch the Submaster/ Tape Output jacks to either +4dBu or -10dBV in groups of four "triplebussed" outputs. Triple-bussing lets you feed a 24-track deck (or three 8-track digital decks) without having to constantly re-patch, by providing THREE outputs for each output bus.

Tape Returns, 1/4" TRS balanced (also wired to accommodate 1/4" TS unbalanced) Tape **Return Operating Level** buttons switch Tape Return jacks to +4dBu or -10dBV in groups of 8 channels.

Mention in this ad denotes ownership and useage only and does not imply official endorsement by the individuals, groups, or production companies listed. **Electronic Musician June 1994** 

## PROFESSIONAL RECORDING CONSOLE QUALITY AND FEATURES AT AN REFORDABLE PRICE.

In just a little over one year, the Mackie 8•Bus Series has re-defined the affordable recording/PA console.

Right now, at least a dozen major albums are being tracked on 8•Buses. Our boards are being built into the personal recording studios of such notables as Whitney Houston, Steven Tyler, Natalie Cole, Michael Bolton, k.d. lang and Boz Scaggs<sup>1</sup>, just to name a few (which can only lead to more albums being created with our mixers).

Bus consoles are in use at all four TV networks and in top name video post and film production houses. For example, dialog editing for The Untouchables and sound design for Baywatch are done on 8•Buses<sup>1</sup>

Øe've given up counting the number of network commercials that have been mixedand/or scored on 8-Bus consoles. They include work for Pepsi Cola<sup>®</sup>, McDonalds<sup>®</sup>, Coca Cola<sup>®</sup>, Pizza Hut<sup>®</sup>, Kenner Toys<sup>®</sup>, Six Flags<sup>®</sup>, Skittles™ and Fox TV<sup>+</sup>.

**≥**4•8s and 32•8s are handling frontof-house sound for hundreds of clubs churches, auditoriums and are constantly on the road with regional sound companies (8•Buses are also currently being used for live record-ing on several major world tours.)

Be've received extremely favorable reviews in Mix, Electronic Musician, Recording, Keyboard, EQ and MIDI magzines as well as in over a score of foreign audio journals.

If it seems like we're starting to border on outright bragging, we don't mean to. We're just trying to make an important point: Our 8•Bus

les really work. When used in real-world lications by prowhose live depend on soni quality and rock-solid

When Music & Sound Retailer Magazine polled America's top musi retailers, they voted our 8°Bus console the most innovative product of 1994.



Mackie 16•8 16x8x2 Console, \*3195\*

..... ...... ............... 

Mackie 24•8 24x8x2 Console, \*3995\*

Mackie 34-8 32x8x2 Console, 4995\* 

\*

24•F Expander adds 24 channel strips and tape outputs to the 24•8 & 32•8, \$2995' Up to seven 24•Es can be daisy-chained

We've created this mini-brochure because we want you to know why our 8-Bus Series consoles are on the road to becoming the de facto industry standard for affordable consoles. The reason that we've gone into such excruciating detail is because it's the details that set our consoles apart from our competitors.

It's not just that we offer true parametric equalization ... it's the extreme bandwidth, wide sweep range and expensive circuitry (that insures musical-sounding EQ).

It's not just that we use the finest. double-sided, through-hole fiberglass circuit boards...it's that we combine them with a special knob shockabsorbing design and brass standoffs to virtually eliminate impact damage (during the January '94 Los Angeles earthquake, dozens of 8•Bus consoles earthquake, dozens of 8•Bus console: survived direct impact damage from falling monitors that sent other mixers into the shop for major repairs).

It's not just that we provide two separate headphone sections...it's the remarkable combination of sources you can use to build a custom mix (including Mix-B. Aux 3 4, Aux 5/6 and even an external click track input).

It's hidden things like the design of our 1/4" jacks that routes Radio Frequency Interference away from internal circuit traces in ways plastic jacks can't. Semi-hidden things like our special custom



With excellent sonic quality, frequency response, harmonic distortion and crosstalk specs, available number of inputs, plenty of headroom, good quality mic preamps and the upcoming automation package, the price of the 24-8 seems insignificant. Mix February 1994

And the second designation of the second designation of the second designation of the second designation of the first thing we noticed about the Mackie (24•8 console) is how great it sounds (extremely quiet) and how well it's laid out logically. Controls are just where you expect them to be. The options are plentiful. MIDI March/April 1994

#### THE BBUS SEEMS TO INVITE YOU TO BE CREATIVE & EXPERIMENTAL Keyboard June 1994

Submaster Inserts

Aux Returns (all

unbal. storeo)

2-Tk Input

External

Inpu

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Aux Send Outputs (Aux 1 & 2 are balanced TRS outputs. 100mm faders with true logarith designed so that ¼" unbalanced TS phone plugs can also be used without level loss. Aux 3-6 are unbalanced) mic taper. And obvious things like how logically our 16+8, 24+8 and 32+8 consoles are laid out for day-in, day-out professional use.

It all comes down to this: From Greg Mackie on down, most of us have been playing, recording and running PA for more years than we care to think about. Our 8•Bus Consle Series wasn't designed by a marketing department or in response to a competitor's mixer.

Ne simply set out to create the **以e simply set out to create the ultra-affordable**, hig-studio-quality console <u>we've</u> always wanted to own After you've read this brochure, we hope you want to own one, too.

Suggested retail price. Slightly higher in Canada. Mention indicates confirmed useage or ownership of and does not intended to in any way imply specific endorsement by the Individuals, corporations or production companies cited in this ad.

Channel strip jack section has: Phantom Power (applied to channel strips in groups of eight) 15 16 16 Balanced Mic Inputs (the latest version of our highly-respected, discrete preamps) Mic/Line Switch

Line In (bal/unbal. 1/4" phone jack Direct Out (unbal. TS <sup>1</sup>/4" phone jack. post-EQ/post-fader/post-inute

Channel Insert.

The Mackie

24•8 Recording/ PA Console.

Shown with

optional MB•24

moter bridge (\*695\*) and The Stand (\*295\*)

MIX-B Output (1/4" TS unbalanced)

° 🛞

Main Mix (1/4" TS unbalanced

+4dBu nominal level

Control Room Output

Main Inserts

Phones

switch)

In addition, the 16+8 and 24+E have one 12V BNC lamp socket. The 24•8 and 32•8 have two.

Mic/line Channel Trim -----Flip reverses tape & mic/line input. works with Mix-B (Monitor), making both tracking & mixdown easier. Aux 1 & 2 with common

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Pre/Post switch. Aux 3, 4, 5, 6 . Shift connects .

level controls to either sends 3 & 4 or to sends 5 & 6. Source switch breaks Aux Sends 3-6 away from main channel strip input to tap from MIX-B/Monitor signal. Common Pre/Post switch. Hi Mid EQ. 1/12 to -

3-octave variable bandwidth, 500-18kHz sweeb.

Lo-Mid EQ . 45Hz-3kHz fixed-Q sweep. 🔩 🎢 12kHz shelving Hi EQ & 80Hz shelving Lo EQ. Switched into MIX-B circuit when

Solit button is depressed. Lo Cut filter. 18dB/octave low-cut (high-pass) filter with a -- 3dB point of 75Hz reduces room & PA rumble. MIX B/Monitor Section with Level. Pan. EQ & Source cauabilities. In the UP position,

MIX-B Source works with the Flip switch to determine the input running to the MIX-B controls. MIX-B receives the selected signal from the Flip • switch. In the Channel position, MIX-B's input provides a 2nd,

independent stereo mix from the main channel signal. MIX-B Split inserts Hi & Lo EQ

into the MIX-B signal path. +20dB Overload LED with diode matrix that monitors three critical signal chain points,

reading the highest at any one time, ripling chances of detectiny overload. 👞 -20dB Signal Present LED tells at a glance what's on the channel.

Pan Control pans channel signal between the two sides of the L/R Mix buses, & between odd/even pairs of Buses 1-8 (depending on positions of the five assignment switches).

Solo/Channel Metering. Press Solo & the console's Māin UR LED meters display the ch.'s oporating levels so you can accurately set input trim. Also assigns the output of the ch. to the stereo Solo buses, & disconnects all other sources from the Control Room monitor speakers

(but doesn't interrupt the eight Submasters. MIX-B, L/R Mix, or Aux sends). Solo assignments are stereo so you hear the annel in full stereo perspective even with the source panned hard left & effects return hard right.

Special 100mm logarithmic taper faders 

Preservitien

# OC. TRANS

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#### TEAR-OUT PRODUCT GUIDE

#### **READ THE BOOK: EALL 800/258-6883**



and A station

**Our really detailed 24-page 8-Bus** tabloid brochure includes common console hook-ups for tracking, mix down and PA applications and lots more arcane info. Call toll-free today.

#### SEE THE MOVIE: SEND US \$995



We've produced an in-depth 8-Bus "video owner's manual" that covers every facet of our consoles.

"Our Friend, The 8-Bus" includes demonstrations of all functions, stepby-step hook-up instructions for both studio and PA applications and special tips from the Mackie Technical Support team. Although extremely complete (and even occasionally serious), it's anything but boring. You'll learn the details of why pros overwhelminaly prefer the Mackie 8•Bus.

As a bonus co-feature, we'll include a copy of our award-winning, 28-minute feature "The First Mackie Home Studio Video: Clam Boots in Paradise," a

merry madcap romp through LaLa land home studios of the stars with two genuine Mackoid employees (no mixers were harmed during the filming of this video). To get both, send a money order for \$9.95 (U.S. currency) to: Mackie Designs 8•Bus Video Offer 20205 144 Ave NE. Woodinville, WA 98072 Allow two weeks for delivery

(we pay shipping). Offer expires 6/1/95. Sorry that we can't accept personal

checks or bank cards or phone orders...but, being a manufacturer who sells our mixers only through retail dealers, we're just not set up for intensive mail order.

We apologize for the inconvenience but we think you'll find the videos worth your while.

MACKIE • DESIGNS • INCORPORATED 20205 144 \* AVE NE • WOODINVILLE • WA • 98072 • USA • PHONE TOLL-FREE 800/258-6883 (OUTSIDE THE U.S. CALL 206/487-4333) • FAX 206/487-4337 • 24-HR BBS 206/488-4586 OR GO MACKIE ON COMPUSERVE • MACKIE IS REPRESENTED IN CANADA BY S.F. MARKETING • PHONE TOLL-FREE 800/363-8855 • FAX 514/856-1920 MACKIE IS REPRESENTED WORLDWIDE BY MMS MARKETING • PHONE 908/988-7800 • FAX 908/988-9357

#### 16•8, 24•8, 32•8 Specifications

Noise. (Measured 20Hz to 20kHz bandwidth, Tape Returns selected, no EQ. Channel Pans alternating L/R. L/R. "Faders up" refers to Unity gain, OdBu position.)

Main L/R Output Noise. Master fader down. -101dBir master fader un/no ch.'s assigned. -95dBu: master fader up/ 24 chs. assigned, -90dBu; master fader un/24 chs. assigned, ch. faders up, -96dBu; +4dB operating level S/N ratio, -90aBu

Submaster Output Noise, Master fader down, --99dBu; master fader up/no ch.'s assigned, -96dBu; master fader up/24 clas. assigned -90dBu; master fader up/24 chs assigned, ch. faders m, -86dBu; +4dB operating level S/N ratio, 10dB

Total Harmonic Distortion. (1) @14dBu measured 20Hz-20kHz. mic input Direct output, 0.0013% pupical: L/R Mix output, 0.0014 6 typical: Submaster output, 0.0015% typical

Crosstalk. (1kHz measured relative to OdBu, measured 20Nz to 20kHz.) Line In to Adiacent Channel. -91dBu: L/R mix output w/channel down. -95dBu; submaster output w/ channel down, -96dBu; L/R mix outout w/channel muted, -95dBu submaster output w/channel muted -96dBu: I/R mix output w/channel un-assigned, -91dBu; submaster ontput w/channel un-assigned, -35dBic L/R mix output w/adiacent channel assigned, -92dBu; submaster output w/adjacent channel assigned, -94dBu; L/R mix output pan pot attenuation. -87dBu; submaster output pan pot attenuation. -87dBu

Frequency Response. +0dB/-1dB, any input to any output 20Nz to 60kHz; +0dB/-3dB, any input to any output, 10Hz to 120kHz. E.I.N. Mic input

(150x) termination, 20Hz-20kHz)-129.5dBn

C.M.R.R. Mic input, max gain @1kHz, -83dBu: line input, minimum gain @1kHz. -45dBu; tape input, no gain @1kHz, -45dBu

Maximum Levels. Mic input, +14dBu; all other inputs. +22dBu: L/R Mix balanced output, +28dBu, all other outputs, +22dBu

Impedances. Microphone input, 1.5 kΩ; channel insert return, 25 kQ: all other inputs, 10 kQ or greater; all outputs, 120Q Equalization. Hi Mid. full parametric, 15dB freq. sweep from 500Hz-18kHz, bandwidth (0) variable from 1/12 octave to 3 octaves: Lo Mid. sweet, 45Hz-3kHz+15dB: Hi, shalving, 12kHz+15dB; Lo, shelving 80H 15dB: Lo Cut (HPF) 75Hz 18dB/octave Tchebechev

NOTE: Specifications are subject to change without notice.

> **Since the** ntroduction of the CR-1604. Mackie mixers have been associated with excellent sound quality at a reasonable price. According to our udio tests, the 8-bu console won't be upsetting the tradition Keyboan

June 1994

#### 8-BUS SERIES DIMENSIONS

Consoles (H\* x W x D\*\*Linches fcm) 32-8: 6.0 x 45.8 x 28.8 [13.8 x 116.3 x 73.1] 24-8 5.0 x 37.0 x 28.8 [13.8 x 94.0 x 73.1] 16-8 6.0 x 29.2 x 28.8 (13.8 x 74.1 x 73.1) 24•E: 6.0 x 29.2 x 28.8 [13.8 x 74.1 x 73.1]

Meter Bridges (H x W x D), inches [cm

MB+32, 57 x 458 x 26 [144 x 1163 x 66] MB+24-57 x 37.0 x 26 [14.4 x 94.0 x 6.6] MB+16. 57 x 29.2 x 26 [14.4 x 74.1 x 6.6] MB•E: 5.7 x 29.2 x 2.6 [14.4 x 74.1 x 6.6]

Stands (H x W x D), inches [cm]

ST32-8: 29.5 x 45.8 x 28.8 [74.9 x 116.3 x 73.1 ST24-8. 29.5 x 37.0 x 28.0 [74.9 x 94.0 x 73.1] ST16-8/4-E: 29.5 x 29.2 x 28.8 [74.9 x 74.1 x 73.1]

Sidecar (H x W x D), inches [cm]

SC+8: 5.3 x 23.4 x 28.8 [13.4 x 59.4 x 73.1] Power Supply (H x W x D), inches [cm] PS21-8: 3.5 x 19.0 x 10.1 [8.9 x 48.3 x 25.6]

"Measured from highest point of main chase?" \*\* Add 5.5\* [14 cm] for power connector



Topic	Description	Address	Subscription specifics (if any)
	occuption	Aburess	Subscription specifics (if any
Alesis QuadraVerb	Forum about Alesis <sup>®</sup> DSP	qv-interest-request@swap.eng.sun.com	
Algorithmic composition	Using computers to assist in	majordom@heinous_isca.uiowa.edu	"Message: subscribe ALGO-COMP
Alternate tunings	music composition. It's not just 12-tone equal temperment anymore.	listproc@varese.mills.edu	in the body of your letter. A blank line, followed by: "SUBSCRIBE TUNING <your name:<="" td=""></your>
Analog synthesizers	Forum about analog synthesizers.	analogue-request@magnus.acs .ohio-state.edu	in the body of your letter.
Auditory perception	Information about research in acoustic perception.	auditory%mcgill.bitnet@psuvm.psu.edu	"Subscribe auditory <your address="" e-mail="">"</your>
Commodore Amiga	Information on sound files and utilities.	mrcserv@janus.mtroyal.ab.ca	in the body of your letter. Send a HELP message first.
Creative Labs Sound Blaster	Forum about programming the Sound Blaster.	listserv@porter geo.brown.edu	"Subscribe blaster <your address="" e-mail="">"</your>
Didjeridoo	Information, discography, and performance techniques for this Australian	didjeridu@varese.mills.edu (Note: Forum moderated by Toyoji Tomita.)	in the body of your letter. A blank line followed by: "Subscribe didjeridu <your address="" e-mail="">"</your>
DigiTech RP-1	Aboriginal instrument. Information on guitar effects pedals.	rp-1-l@ecn.nl (Note: Forum moderated	in the body of your letter.
E-mu Emax	Farm shout front sometree	by Marcel Bernards.)	
EMAGIC Notator	Forum about E-mu's samplers. Information about this notation software.	emax-request@foobar.hpl.hp.com fokke.de.boer@rivm.nl (Note: Forum moderated by Fokke de Boer.)	
Internet Underground Music Archive (IUMA)	Alternative means of publishing recordings.	majordomo@www.echo.com (Note: For more information about IUMA, send e-mail request	"Subscribe iuma-news" in the body of your letter.
Ensoniq VFX	Forum about Ensoniq keyboards.	to info@iuma.com) vfx-request@digibd.com	
Korg 01/W	Forum about this Korg synthesizer.	korg-admin@apicc.dseg.ti.com (Note: Forum moderated by Bill Huston.)	
Korg Wavestation	Forum about this Korg synthesizer.	listserv@otax.tky.hut.fi	"Subscribe Wavestation <your address="" e-mail="">" in the body of your letter.</your>
Kurzweil K2000	Forum about this Kurzweil synthesizer.	listserv@jhuvm.hcf.jhu.edu	"Subscribe K2000 <your address="" e-mail="">" in the body of your letter.</your>
Music theory	An online seminar on music theory.	listserv@huse.harvard.edu	"Subscribe mto-j" in the body of your letter.
Vetjam	Live Internet MIDI jam	netjam-request@xcf.berkeley.edu	"Request for info" on the
Opcode Max	software and other resources. Information about this graphical	owner-max@vm1.mcgill.ca	subject line of your letter. "Subscribe max" in the
	music programming language.		body of your letter.
Roland D-70	Forum about this Roland synthesizer.	cyamamot@kilroy.jpl.nasa.gov (Note: Forum moderated by Clifford Yamamoto.)	
Roland JV-80/880	Forum about these Roland synthesizers.	jv80-request@burner.com	"#SUBSCRIBE <your e-mail<br="">address&gt;" in the body of your letter.</your>
Roland samplers Steinberg <i>Cubase</i>	Forum about Roland samplers. Information about this sequencer.	sgroup-request@lotus.uwaterloo.ca cubase-users-request@mcc.ac.uk	of your letter,
Synthesis	A general discussion of synthesis technology.	listserv@auvm.american.edu	"Subs synth-l <your address="" e-mail="">"</your>
welve Tone Systems Cakewalk	Information about this <i>Windows</i> sequencer.	listserv@lists.colorado.edu	in the body of your letter. "Subscribe Cakewalk <your address="" e-mail="">" in the body of your letter.</your>
Waldorf products	Forum about Waldorf products.	user-forum-request@waldorf-gmbh.de	in the body of your letter. "Subscribe" on the
Vomen's issues in music	Forum dealing with just that.	listserv@iubvm.ucs.indiana.edu	subject line of your letter. "Subscribe wiml-l <your address="" e-mail="">"</your>
Yamaha DX7	Information on the Yamaha DX7 synth.	xeno@iastate.edu (Note: Forum moderated	in the body of your letter.
Yamaha SY series	Forum about this line of Yamaha products.	by Gary L. Snethen.) sy-request@chorus.fr	
Yamaha TX16W	Forum about this Yamaha synth.	majordomo@lists.eunet.fi	"Subscribe tx16w <your address="" e-mail="">" in the body of your letter.</your>

October 1994 Electronic Musician 51

Introducing the Roland S-760 Digital Sampler, a professional sampler for the kind of cash mere mortals actually have. A single rack space digital powerhouse that does virtually everything kazillion dollar units do and more. Including 48kHz stereo sampling, built-in digital EQ, multi-mode filters, extensive wave editing and everything else you would expect from a Roland sampler.

And right out of the box it's ready to use as a 32-part multitimbral musical instrument or a full-

than three minutes of stereo sampling time at full bandwidth.

And the built-in SCSI interface lets you plug in virtually any storage device, including CD-ROM drives, hard disks and removable optical disk drives.

#### Edit your sounds with monitor and mouse.

Our large high-res LCD makes it easy on the eyes when you're editing without an external monitor. And with the optional OP-760-01 Board,

## If you don't think you're quite ready for a sampler, think again.

fledged studio production tool. With its diversity of sounds and infinite sonic possibilities, unsurpassed fidelity and sound manipulation capabilities, the S-760 will open up new worlds of sound, even if you already have a full rack of synths.

We should also mention that the S-760 can be expanded to 32 megabytes of memory, providing a total of more

World Radio Histor

HYTHM

JAZZ VOI

Roland S

you can connect the S-760 to either a dedicated monitor or your ordinary color TV, and use a mouse for point, click and drag editing. View and access all editing operations such as loop, time stretch and cut/splice functions in an intuitive, easy-to-use graphic environment without having to use an external computer with dedicated software.

> culously recorded CD-ROM samples Five bucks says you're ready for

growing sound library in the world. And it comes with a 600 Mbyte CD ROM Preview Disk that'll get you started right away. Its standard SCSI port accepts up to seven SCSI devices, letting you play thousands upon thousands of meti-

The Option Board expands the S-760 with lots

of advanced functions like S-video, RGB and

composite video output plus digital I/O, transform-

ing the S-760 into the ultimate high-end sampler.

All the sound in the world at your fingertips.

vast Roland 700 Series CD-ROM library, the fastest-

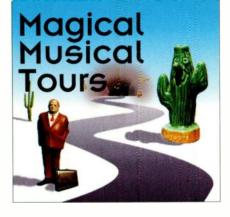
The S-760 gives you immediate access to the

from around the world. Like Roland's Sample Archives, Project Series, Composer Series and numerous third party sources. The S-760 can even load data from the S-550 as well as convert programs from Akai® S-1000/1100 data.

a sampler. Put down this magazine, pick up your phone and call (800) 386-7575. Ask for our \$5 Sample Archives Demo Disk II audio CD and our new CD-ROM catalog of Roland and 3rd party sounds. Better yet, put down this magazine and get to your nearest Roland dealer for a real-time demo of the S-760 Digital Sampler. Then you'll know what we've known all along. You're ready.



Roland Corporation U.S., 7200 Dominion Circle, Los Angeles, CA 90040 (213) 685-5141



There are three important points to make about Usenet: Make sure your access provider receives a full news feed, that it provides a decent means of viewing the news, and that it allows you to "post" to the server. If you can't post your own contributions to Usenet, you'll be limited to being to an observer, not an active participant.

Some Internet access providers, such as PAN and Delphi, build a menu of the newsgroups they think their users would be most interested in. For example, PAN offers a set of menus containing all the newsgroups related to music and the music industry. You can pick the topic you're interested in and begin reading with a single keystroke. Newsgroups that are not on the menu remain accessible to the user. Other services rely on UNIX programs such as *tin, rn, nn,* or *emacs* that run on the provider's computer.

Here's how to use *tin* to tap into a Usenet newsgroup for people who are interested in alternative electronic music: Type **tin** at the UNIX prompt and hit the return key. A list of newsgroups will scroll up the screen. Type **/alt.emusic** at the *tin* prompt and hit the return key. A list of articles from that newsgroup will scroll up the screen. Use the arrow keys to select an

	«N	o Recipient», «	Na Subject»			
<b>↓</b>	. ₽	14	0	√ QP	Send	)
From:	scotticsubayward. micheeldithalcyon possible assigne	.com (Hichaet D.	Brown)			A DESCRIPTION OF
resources the I know you're	t would be of in an expert in th	ry on the Intern terest to subici- is area, would y trip to the Net	ans. ou be intereste			Contraction of the local division of the loc
Let's discuss	it at your earl	iest convenience				I
fliches (						I

FIG. 2: Contracting with an Internet access provider that supports SLIP or PPP lets you use the new Internet-access programs that feature graphic user interfaces. *Eudora*, shown here, is an Internet electromic-mail program for the Mac.

article from this list and hit the return key to read it.

Can you believe it? The tour's already half over!

#### GIMME SOME OF THAT

Once you've become accustomed to navigating the Internet, you should be ready to download some files. Refer to **Tables 1** and **3** for listings of some of the resources musicians will find valuable. (The IP addresses listed in these tables are an alternate means of identifying Internet sites. If your host doesn't recognize the site name, try the IP address.)

When it comes to downloading files, a fast modem makes all the difference in the world. If you're using the Internet only to post and receive e-mail, you can get by with a 2,400-baud modem. Once you get into transferring files, you'll soon be lusting for a modem that does 9,600 baud, 14.4 kilobaud, or more.

The number of steps it takes to download a file from a site depends on whether your access provider provides a direct connection to the Internet (e.g., AlterNet or PSINet) or utilizes an Internet shell (e.g., PAN or Delphi). If you have a direct Internet connection, you need only download the file into your personal computer from the site at which it resides.

If your access provider uses an Internet shell, you first download the file from the site to your workspace on the access provider's machine, then download the file to your personal computer. Finally, delete the file from your workspace on your access provider's host, because if you store a lot of files in your workspace, you may be charged an online storage fee.

> In this example, we'll download a Kurzweil K2000 patch from the Internet site ftp.uwp.edu using the UNIX program *ftp* (*File Transfer Protocol*), which resides on the remote host machine. At the UNIX prompt, type ftp, followed by the site address:

#### ftp ftp.uwp.edu

Connected to ftp.uwp.edu

Next, *ftp* will ask you for a login name or user id, just as your access provider's system did when you logged onto it. Unless you're logging onto your own account at the ftp site, log on as anonymous. Internet sites that allow public access are often referred to as anonymous *ftp* sites.

Name (ftp.uwp.edu):

#### anonymous

331 Guest login ok, send ident as password

Password: <**your.user.id@your.address>** 230 Guest login ok, access restrictions apply.

For security reasons, *your* password doesn't appear on the screen. When logging in as anonymous, it is customary to use your Internet address as your password.

From **Table 1**, we know the files we want are in the directory called pub/kurzweil/sounds. We can go directly into that directory by typing this UNIX command:

#### cd/pub/kurzweil/sounds

250 CWD command successful

The table doesn't tell us what files are in this directory, however, so we have to issue this UNIX command:

#### dir

200 PORT command successful.				
150 Opening A	SCII mode data con-			
nection for /bir	n/dl.			
bassclar.krl	562772			
bassoon2.kr2	388316			
basvoice.kr2	1446912			
basvoice2.kr2	325200			
beat.krl	140200			
bigbells.kr1	1096264			
bigfmstk.kr2	1455112			
bigfmstk.kr2	9680			
bothfrhn.kr2	585608			
trumpet.krz	857908			
10 Transfer complete.				

The host machine assumes that the files you're looking for are in ASCII format. If the files are in binary format, you must prepare the host machine to send the files using this command:

#### binary

200 Type set to I.

If you want only one of the files, issue the UNIX command get then the name of the file. With the command mget, followed by the file names bassclar.krl bassoon2.krl beat.krl bigbells.krl, you



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State\_\_\_\_Zip

Name Address

City

Phone\_\_\_\_

Qty. purchased: SM58 SM57

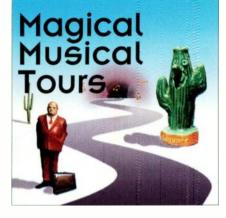
Age\_\_\_\_Occupation\_\_\_\_

e eligit: Ny as determined by Shure is final.

510 rebate applies to Models SM58-LC, SM58 CN, SM58S, SM57-LC and SM57-CN only. Rebates are limited to a total of arc per customer, hweehold, or organization. Offer valid only on consumer purchasses made al retail between September 1, 1994 and October 31, 1994. Rebate claim forms must be postmarked in o later than November 30, 1994. This is a con-umer (end used) ofter only. Shore microphone distributors, relaters to their employees are not eligible for rebates, nor may Shure microphone distributors, retailers or their employees are not eligible for rebates, nor may Shure microphone distributors, retailers or their employees are not eligible for rebates, nor may shure individing proper documentation (finderia dougon, silver model number table from end of cartion, and clated sales incide with retailer's nume) will be returned as incomplete. Shure is not responsible for late, lost, or misdirected mait, result or cortified retail is recommended. Offer good only on purchases made in the U.S.A. and open to U.S. residents only. Void where taxed on inbuild chards. Coupon face value 1/44. <u>Bobare eventifuet as alteromender Shure is not</u> (Figure 1997). The Sound of the Professionnels<sup>®</sup> Worldwirde



1



can grab all those files in one pass. Even cooler, use **mget** with a wildcard character (e.g., **\*.krz**) to download only the files that share a given characteristic, such as a common file extension. Let's try that:

#### mget \*.krz

200 Type set to I.200 PORT command successful.150 Opening BINARY mode data connection for trumpet.krz (857908 bytes).226 Transfer complete.

In this case, the file trumpet.krz was the only file that matched the wildcard, so it was the only one downloaded. Depending on your access provider, the files are copied directly to your own computer or to your workspace on the provider's computer. In the latter scenario, you must then download the files to your computer using whatever file-transfer protocol your telecommunications software supports (for example, Kermit, Xmodem, etc.). Before you do that, however, you should sign off the Internet site by issuing the Quit command at the UNIX prompt.

There's a good chance that any files you download will be in a compressed form in order to save space; they must

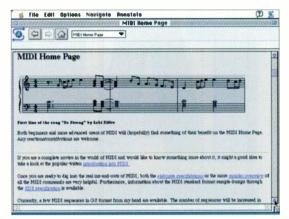


FIG. 3: The World Wide Web is a hypertext-based Internet service. *Mosaic* is a Web document reader that supports graphics within the Web document. Unlike *Lynx*, you can use the mouse to navigate hypertext links.

> be uncompressed before you can use them. Compressed files can be identified by characteristic file extensions, such as .hqx, .stf, and .cpt for Macintosh files;

#### TABLE 3: Anonymous ftp Sites for Utilities, Programs, and Other Information

Description	Site Name	IP Address	Directory
Atari archive with misc. utilities for Atari ST series computers	atari.archive.umich.edu	141.211.120.11	/atari/Music
Cakewalk files	nic.funet.fi	128.214.6.100	/pub/msdos/sound/cakewalk
Eudora e-mail front-end for Macintosh	ftp.sunet.se	130.238.127.3	/pub/mac/mail
File format conversion programs	qiclab.scn.rain.com	199.2.908.97	/pub/music
Macintosh MIDI programs	castrovalva.gsfc.nasa.gov mac.archive.umich.edu	128.183.33.197 141.211.165.41	/mac/sound/midi /mac/sound/midi
MIDI files, patches, and a few	ucsd.edu	128.16.1	/midi
programs	media-lab.media.mit.edu	18.85.0.2	/music/midi
MIDI Sample Dump Standard programs	alf.uib.no	129.177.30.3	/pub/sds
and samples	sweaty.palm.cri.nz	161.66.1.11	/sds
Mosaic graphical World Wide Web hypertext document reader	ftp.ncsa.uiuc.edu	141.142.20.50	/mosaic
MS-DOS files	impaqt1.mem.drexel.edu wasp.eng.ufl.edu	129.25.10.1 128.227.116.1	/pub/files/ibm/midi /pub/msdos/demos/music
Netjam submissions in Standard MIDI File format	scam.berkeley.edu	128.32.138.1	/misc/netjam/submissions
OS/2 programs	ftp-os2.cdrom.com	192.153.46.2	/pub/os2/2_x/mmedia /pub/os2/2_1/mmedia *
Patches, samples, sequences, and software	louie.udel.edu	128.175.1.3	/pub/midi
PC Gopher III mouse-navigable Gopher front-end for MS-DOS	yuma.acns.colostate.edu	129.82.100.64	/software.ibmpc/gopher/PCGopherI
Pegasus e-mail front-end for <i>Windows</i>	ftp.oulu.fi	130.231.240.1	/pub/msdos/mail
Sound Blaster Files	garbo.Uwasa.fi wuarchive.Wustl.Edu	128.217.87.1 128.252.135.4	/pc/sb and /pc/music /pub/msdos_uploads/sblaster
TurboGopher graphical	boombox.micro.umn.edu	134.84.132.2	/pub/gopher
Gopher front-end for the Macintosh			
Used synthesizer prices (USA)	sprite.berkeley.edu	128.32.150.27	/synth_prices
Windows MIDI programs	ftp.cica.indiana.edu.pub	129.79.26.27	/pc/win3/sounds

\*For a full index of OS/2 files at this site, retrieve /pub/os2/00index.txt. Submissions may be placed in /pub/os2/incoming.

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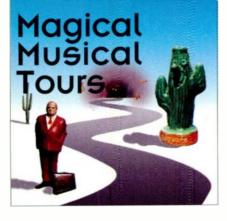
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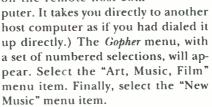


and .zip for DOS files. You can use the Mac program *Stufflt Expander* to decompress .hqx and .stf files and *Disk Doubler* to decompress .cpt files. On the DOS side, use *PKUNZIP* to expand .zip files.

#### **NAVIGATING THE 'NET**

Touring unfamiliar territory is no fun if you get lost. The depth and breadth of the Internet has inspired some users to develop powerful tools that simplify the task of locating and accessing the information it contains. Many of these tools are available as freeware and shareware and can be downloaded from various sources (see Table 3). In "Cruising the Internet," in the April 1994 EM, there is a thorough discussion of one of those tools, *Gopher* (one of those programs that reside on the remote host computer), so I won't duplicate that coverage in this article.

However, I would like to point out that the Gopher server at the WELL (Whole Earth 'Lectronic Link in the San Francisco Bay Area) is particularly rich with information of interest to electronic musicians. To get to the WELL's Gopher server, type telnet gopher.well. sf.ca.us at the UNIX prompt. (Telnet is a UNIX program that resides on the remote host com-



All the major commercial online services that provide Internet access to their members build a firewall to pre-

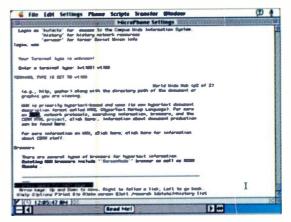


FIG. 4: Lynx is a text-based Web document reader. The bold-faced text indicates that the word or phrase is linked to another hypertext document at the same or another Internet site.

vent nonmembers from gaining admittance, and the WELL is no exception. However, the WELL's *Copher* server is open to anyone with an Internet account. The editors at the WELL describe it as "...an experiment in publishing in Cyberspace. We wanted to build something that would be something like a magazine—with editors, editorial control and comments, and

#### TABLE 4: How Much for a Ticket to Ride?

This list is not intended to be comprehensive, but it does provide an example of the different routes through which you can obtain access to the Internet. Note that you must have SLIP or PPP access to use programs such as *Mosaic* and *TurboGopher* that present graphical front-ends to the Internet.

Access Provider	Type of Access	Startup fee	Monthly & Hourly fee(s)	Telephone No.
AlterNet	PPP	\$99 (Includes <i>Windows</i> graphical user interface.)	\$20 for basic service + \$10 for private e-mail box + \$10 for newsgroup e-mail box + \$3/hour for access on local hub OR \$9/hour for 800 number access (Other plans also available.)	(800) 488-6384
PSINet	PPP	\$200 (Includes graphical user interface for Mac, <i>Windows,</i> or UNIX and unlimited access during first three months.)	\$29 for 29 hours of access \$2/hour for ISDN access beyond 29 hours. \$3/hour for V.32.bis access beyond 29 hours (Other plans also available.)	(800) 774-3031
NETCOM	PPP or SLIP	\$50	\$17.50 + \$2/hour (Other plans also available.)	(408) 554-8649
Delphi	Internet shell	None (Includes access to all other Delphi services.)	\$20 for 20 hours access + \$3 for Internet access + \$1.80/hour beyond 20 hours. (Other plans also available.)	(800) 695-4005
PAN	Internet shell	None (Includes access to all other PAN services.)	\$35 for 5 hours access \$3.60/hour thereafter (Other plans also available.)	(215) 584-0300
The WELL	Internet shell	None (Includes access to all other WELL services.)	\$15 + \$2/hour	(415) 332-4335

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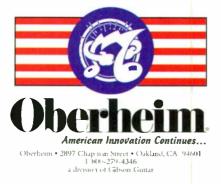
#### Strummer

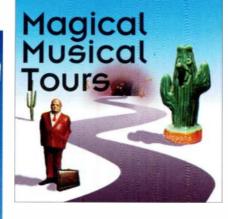
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a clear 'point of view.'" Hats off to the WELL for putting the interests of the online community ahead of the profit motive.

#### **SPIDERMAN'S HAVEN**

An increasing number of Internet sites are now adding World Wide Web (WWW) directories (see Table 5). The Web is a universe of Internet sites linked together through documents prepared with the Web's HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) scripting language. Web documents can include embedded graphics and sound, as well as text, so it may be the closest thing to real-time multimedia on the Internet. Selecting keywords or objects in the body of a Web article can trigger a sound or take you to other areas of the article, another directory at that Internet site, or even another Internet site (whether it's a Web site or not). You can also go directly to any document at any Web site by using its Universal

Resource Link (URL) address. In Lynx (one of the text-based Web browsers that resides on the remote host computer), type g, hit the enter key, and type the URL address at the URL prompt.

Links can also have different characteristics. For example, an http (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) link can retrieve hypertext documents from other Web sites. An *ftp* link can reach out to another Internet site and retrieve a file using ftp. Gopher links can reach out and search Gopher servers. Using the Web, you might start out reading about a new development in synthesis technology at a Web site at U.C. Berkeley, encounter a technical term you're not familiar with, click on the term, find yourself reading a definition of the term from a Gopher server in Helsinki, Finland, and then download a digitalaudio recording of the new synth from an *ftp* site in Switzerland. The Web makes all the computers on the Internet seem like one very deep reservoir of information.

Mosaic, a graphic front-end developed for browsing the World Wide Web (see Fig. 3), is one of the best justifications for paying for SLIP or PPP access to the 'net. Navigating the Web using Lynx (see Fig. 4) is clumsy and slow compared to Mosaic's point-andclick ease. Mosaic takes much better advantage of the Macintosh and Windows

#### **TABLE 5: The World Wide Web**

The World Wide Web is evolving into the first true multimedia online service. Here are some Web sites and documents of particular interest to musicians.

Type of Information	Universal Resource Link (URL) Address
General info on the WWW.	http://info.cern.ch/hypertext/WWW/TheProject.html
A directory of music-oriented sites for general music information.	http://www.oulu.fi/music.html
A comprehensive catalog of all types of music-oriented information on the Internet, including links to <i>Gopher</i> and <i>ftp</i> sites.	http://www.music.indiana.edu/misc/music_resources.html
MIDI Home Page. A MIDI archive containing lots of tools and sequences in Standard MIDI File format.	http://www.eeb.ele.tue.nl/midi/index.html
Internet Underground Music Archive. Music, artwork, and bios of musicians and bands. The shareware concept extended to music publishing.	http://sunsite.unc.edu/pub/ianc/index.html
Terrain Project. An interactive music site that uses geographic elevation as a compositional element.	http://www.mcs.csuhayward.edu/~tebo/terrain.html
WNUR Jazz Information Server. Contains a wealth of information on this style of music.	http://www.acns.nwu.edu/jazz



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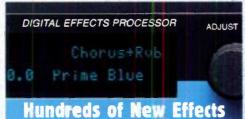
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There's more to know about the PCM-80, which we can't tell you here. Experience it at your authorized Lexicon dealer. It's everything you expected - and more.



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Tour Support	<ul> <li>How-to Articles &amp;</li> </ul>
Library of Congress	Virtual Reality
Charts	• FTP, USENET, Gopher
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Newsletters	Employment
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To connect to PAN from any location:

Direct Dial - 617-576-0862 1. Press RETURN twice after you connect. Sprintnet - call 800-877-5045 for local # 1. After CONNECT, type @D 2. Press RETURN 3 times 3. At the "@" prompt type C PAN Tymnet - call 800-336-0149 for local # 1. After CONNECT, type the letter "o" 2. At "Please login", type PAN Internet - telnet pan.com

**Overseas/PTT** 

1. Connect to "NUA" 311061703093

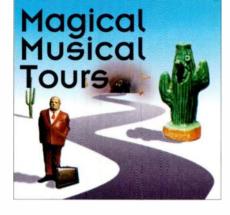
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#### THE INTERNET ADVANTAGE



user interfaces (or X Window, if you happen to be running a UNIX workstation) because you can use your mouse to trigger hyperjumps.

Perhaps the best aspect of the Web is that it's fairly easy for individual users to create their own Web documents using HTML. Ask your access provider if they have allocated space for a Web site and, if they have, how you can publish on it. If you have Mosaic, or anoth-

#### TELECOMMUTING FROM AMSTERDAM

I accepted the assignment to write this story three days before I left for an artistic residency at STEIM, in Amsterdam, the Netherlands. Ironically, it was the Internet itself that made it possible for me to accept the assignment. Thanks to Internet tools such as rlogin, telnet, Lynx (all of which are UNIX programs that reside on the host computer), and e-mail, I had access to the same resources I would have had from home or work.

Once I arrived in Amsterdam, I opened an account on hacktick.nl, a commercial service not unlike NETCOM, the WELL, or any other online service in the U.S. (hacktick.nl happens to be the Netherlands' first commercial network access node).

Using my PowerBook to log onto my hacktick account from my hotel room, I used the program rlogin to log onto my Internet accounts in California. Once there, I had total access to all the files, research, and reference materials that are stored in my workspace at Cal State Hayward. Lynx led me to discover several new Web sites in Europe, and I used e-mail to communicate with my associates in the States.

er Web browser, you can check out the CD catalog that Tim Perkis developed for our record label. Artifact. It's available through the Web site at California State University, Hayward. You might also want to check the Web site in Helsinki, Finland, It catalogs many of the Internet resources that are relevant to the subject of music and music-making. Of course, it also provides hyperlinks to these sites. Please refer to Table 5 for the specific addresses of these and other Web sites.

#### **NEXT STOP: THE FUTURE**

As we come to the end of our tour, please keep your hands inside the bus until it comes to a full and complete stop. I hope I've sufficiently piqued your interest-and provided you with enough navigation tips-that you'll begin taking Internet trips on your own. Once you do, I'm sure you'll find yourself hooked.

The Internet is constantly changing; every day, it becomes capable of more. Consider the Internet MBONE (Multicast Backbone). Although this technology is still in the experimental stage, it may soon be possible for musicians and other artists around the world to join together in virtual jam sessions without having to leave their studios.

You can't begin to fathom how extensive the Internet's resources are until you get out there and start exploring. I think you'll find the Internet sites listed in these tables to be good resources, but they should be considered nothing more than starting points for your own adventures. Of course, the Internet is a two-way highway, so don't forget to make your own contributions to the knowledge that's out there.

Uh-oh. Do I hear AC/DC's "Highway to Hell" playing? I feel my alter ego coming on again. I think he wants to have the last word.

So, what did you think of the Internet? Heck of a ride, isn't it? Yeah, there are a few potholes, but still, it's a heavy trip. Hey, if you're out cruisin' cyberspace and find some cool stuff, drop me a line. My address is scot@csuhayward.edu. See ya on the 'net!

Scot Gresham-Lancaster is a composer, performer, and instrument designer who lives in Oakland, California. He lectures on the subject of computer music at California State University, Hayward.

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Prep<mark>are your Windows</mark> system for hard-disk recording without breaking the bank.

# You might think that hard-disk recording is something only

professional studios can afford. The idea of working with high-quality digital audio without spending a ton of money seems like a fantasy. As for *Windows* users, the closest many get to digital audio is the tinny fanfare they hear when *Windows* first opens.

But lurking inside that IBM-compatible is the foundation for an affordable and potentially high-performance digital-audio system. What's more, most of the elements needed to perform effective hard-disk recording on a *Windows* PC are often part of a standard system package. The only additional things you need are hard-disk recording software and perhaps a betterquality sound card, which can be purchased for less than you might think. There are two types of hard-disk recording software: stereo (or 2-track) and multitrack. Stereo software works with just about any hardware configuration. *Windows* even comes with a couple of stereo digital-audio programs: *Media Player* and *Sound Recorder*. Many commercial programs—including Sonic Foundry's *Sound Forge* (see Fig. 1), Turtle Beach's *Wave* 

) IGITAL By Zack Price



for Windows, and Digital Audio Labs' FastEddie—are in the \$100 to \$200 range. (See the review of five other lowcost, stereo, hard-disk recording programs for Windows in the June 1993 EM.)

Multitrack software—such as Turtle Beach's Quad, Innovative Quality Software's Software Audio Workshop (SAW; see Fig. 2), and Digital Audio Labs' The EdDitor Plus—is generally more sophisticated (and expensive), requiring more specific (and expensive) hardware configurations. Nevertheless, you can typically add budget-priced multitrack capabilities to your computer for less than \$1,000.

#### **BASIC HARDWARE**

Budget hard-disk recording has three essential requirements. First, the computer system and software must be able to smoothly record and play back stereo sound files at a sampling rate of 44.1 kHz with 16-bit resolution. Second, file size should be limited only by available hard-drive space, not system RAM. Third, the digital-audio software must offer editing functions that can be applied to recorded sound files.

Capabilities beyond these basic requirements depend on the performance of the hardware (computer, hard drive, and sound card) and software. More accurately, it is the *interaction* of the hardware components that

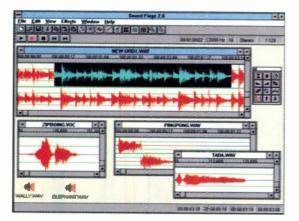


FIG. 1: In addition to its capable recording and processing features, Sonic Foundry's *Sound Forge* 2.0 can combine segments from different files and split stereo files to mono. It is unrivaled at handling multiple file formats, translating between Mac AIFF and SND, NeXT, Sun, Amiga SVX, Atari *Sound Designer*, and most PC formats.

normally determines how well a given system works with a particular hard-disk recording program. In addition, the more sophisticated multitrack programs often have demanding system requirements to match their extensive capabilities.

It may seem like a futile exercise to assemble the necessary hardware and software configurations for inexpensive hard-disk recording. In the IBM-compatible world, it's all too easy to assemble a system that includes incompatible components, especially because of interrupt (IRQ) and bus-address conflicts.

For example, if your mouse and sound card use the same IRQ, the digitalaudio software won't work properly. (Microsoft's upcoming Plug-And-Play specification will make it much easier to configure systems by automatically setting the various components' IRQs and bus addresses to avoid conflicts.)

Nevertheless, there are some general guidelines for determining the ability of your system to perform hard-disk recording. Keep in mind that these are guidelines, not rules set in stone.

#### THE MUSICAL COMPUTER

Basic hard-disk recording requires at least a 25 MHz, 80386SX-based machine with 4 MB of RAM. (This ensures compliance with the latest Multimedia

> PC specification, known as MPC Level 2.) However, more advanced software requires a faster processor to operate at full potential. In addition, 8 MB RAM is recommended (and in some cases, required) for multitrack programs designed to operate in multitasking environments with sequencing programs. In fact, overall program performance is directly affected by the processing chip, the chip's clock speed, and available RAM.

Although the performance-to-chip/clock/memory correlation is generally reliable, there are some exceptions. For example, a 33



FIG. 2: Innovative Quality Software's Software Audio Workshop (SAW) lets you record up to eight audio tracks, configured as four stereo pairs. You assemble Regions in the EditList View (bottom left). Time View (bottom right) shows the cursors location in time.

MHz 80386DX with a SCSI-2 drive may be able to outperform a presumably faster 25 MHz '486SX with an IDE drive, because the throughput (amount of data transferred per second) is significantly higher with a SCSI-2 drive. This might not be important if you're recording a stereo sound file, but it could be critical if you're planning to use a multitrack program.

Another important exception to this general rule applies to computers with clock-doubled processors (designated by "2-" before the clock speed, e.g., 80486DX2-66.) Computers with clockdoubled processors might not run as fast as computers with seemingly lower processor speeds. For instance, a '486DX2-66 chip processes information internally at 66 MHz, but it can transfer data across its I/O bus at only 33 MHz. A '486DX-50, on the other hand, performs both operations at 50 MHz. Because hard-disk recording involves heavy I/O transfers, the '486DX-50 will probably perform better at this task than a '486DX2-66.

The video capability of the computer is also important to consider. Of course, VGA graphics are required by almost all programs to view and edit waveforms on the screen. However, each time you change something, the screen is normally redrawn. This can be maddeningly slow unless you have a fast video card or a *Windows* video accelerator.

#### **HARD-WORKING DRIVES**

Recording to hard disk requires a largecapacity hard drive. Fortunately, most

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computers sold today come equipped with 245 MB hard drives, and 340 MB drives are rapidly becoming the norm in system packages. In addition, harddrive prices are down, so it's easier to afford a second drive that can be dedicated to digital-audio files only. However, don't expect file-compression software, such as Stacker or Double-Space, to double the space on your hard disk for audio files. (I'll explain why later.)

Access time-the time it takes to find a particular piece of data on the diskis just as important as storage capacity. It is expressed in milliseconds (ms). Access times of 12 to 15 milliseconds are adequate for most hard-disk recording in stereo. In most cases, the larger a hard disk's capacity, the faster the access time.

Another important factor is data throughput, which measures the amount of data that can be transferred

to and from the hard disk per second. A stereo digital-audio file requires a minimum throughput of 176.4 KB/s, which is no problem for most modern drives. Depending on the processor and clock speed, IDE drives top out at about 1.1 to 1.4 MB/s, while SCSI-2 drives can reach 6.7 MB or more.

This would seem to indicate that you can run six to eight simultaneous stereo tracks from an IDE drive, but it's not that simple. The practical number of simultaneous tracks is reduced with processing overhead, CPU speed, etc. In one test by Innovative Quality Software, an 80486DX-33 machine with an IDE drive was able to sustain two stereo tracks indefinitely, three or four tracks intermittently, and four continuous tracks for no more than 30 seconds. Digital Audio Labs has found that a sustained throughput of 800 KB/s is a practical minimum for reliable 2-track recording and playback, while you need at least 1.6 MB/s for multitrack operation.

The final critical factor is the free space left on the hard disk after you've loaded all your programs and files.

Stereo sound files recorded at 44.1 kHz with 16-bit resolution occupy roughly 9 to 10.5 MB per minute of sound, so a 4minute song eats up about 42 MB of hard-drive space. And because you often mix information from two or three stereo sound files at once, you should have at least twice as much free space as your finished song will take. Overall, I recommend having at least 120 MB of free space.

The type of hard drive can also be a factor. Nearly all hard drives sold with IBM-compatible computers (usually IDE drives) work well for stereo recording. In some faster systems, IDE drives provide adequate levels of performance for multitrack programs.

However, if you plan to use a multitrack program, a SCSI-2 hard drive makes more sense. In multitrack harddisk recording, each "track" is a pointer that accesses different digital-audio files scattered in different physical locations on the disk surface. The drive must be fast enough to quickly find, read, and transfer these multiple "lists" of information. Because SCSI-2 drives transfer data more quickly than IDE



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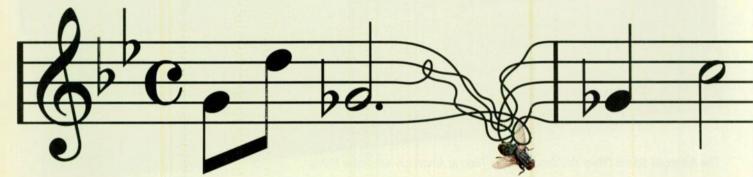
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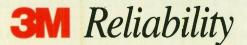


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audio mastering tapes. So for true sound reproduction, demand 3M 966 and 3M 996 tapes. And as a precaution, you might want to invest in a little bug spray. For more information, call 1-800-752-0732.







drives, most software performs better with a SCSI-2 drive. In addition, IDS drives are limited to 540 MB. Fortunately, the new Enhanced IDE standard will remove this limitation.

Keep in mind that SCSI-2 drives are usually more expensive than IDE drives, although prices are rapidly dropping to competitive levels. You will have to get a SCSI-2 controller card, as well. This adds to the expense, and it also takes up another card slot in your system. However, you can control up to seven SCSI devices with one controller card. (IDE controllers can accommodate only two drives: however, the Enhanced IDE standard will let you control four drives.) If you opt for a SCSI-2 drive, you should make sure the controller is a 16-bit card, which transfers information at a faster rate than 8-bit cards.

If your applications and other files take up too much of your primary hard disk, it's time to get a dedicated drive. (This is highly recommended in any event.) As of this writing, the street price for a 540 MB internal hard-drive kit (12 ms access, IDE type) is under \$400. That translates into about 50 minutes of total recording time.

There are several reasons to install a hard drive that is dedicated to digitalaudio files. For one thing, Windows is notorious for creating and deleting temporary files during every working session. This process causes serious fragmentation of the data on the disk, because files are broken into pieces and stored at different physical locations on the disk surface. As a result, the disk takes longer to store, find, and transfer files. To overcome this problem, you must periodically defragment the disk (discussed shortly). Because a dedicated drive only stores audio files, this chore must be performed less often. In addition, multitrack programs definitely work more efficiently when the operating system, application, utilities, and other supplementary files reside on a different drive from the audio files.

If you have a single, large-capacity drive, you can partition it into two virtual drives (C and D) instead of buying another drive. Use the D partition exclusively for digital-audio data. This is usually less expensive than the same amount of storage on two separate drives.

#### SUPERIOR SOUND CARDS

To comply with the MPC Level 2 specification, your sound card must be able to record and play digital audio at a sampling rate of 44.1 kHz, with 16-bit resolution, in stereo. Most, if not all, stereo programs work with any sound card that is compatible with *Windows* and compliant with the MPC Level 2 spec. Multitrack programs are more limited because they demand more from the card.

If you have the option of choosing a sound card, don't assume that just any card will do. Many cards bundled with "multimedia" computer packages can't record and play back digital audio at the required specs. Even if they do. the audio quality varies widely from one card to another. Not all cards work with MIDI, digital audio, and CD-ROM drives, either. Some cards, such as the Roland SCC-1, include a MIDI synthesizer but don't play digital-audio data. Other cards, such as the Digital Audio Labs CardD, record and play digitalaudio data, but don't provide a synthesizer.

If you intend to use multitrack software, you need a sound card that can simultaneously record and play digitalaudio information. Unfortunately, Windows was never intended to support tightly synched, simultaneous recording and playback, so software developers must be crafty to make it work correctly. All of this suggests you should shop for software that performs this task successfully, then buy a card that supports it. For example, the Digital Audio Labs CardD and Turtle Beach Monterey support synched recording and playback, while the Sound Blaster 16 with ASP does not. Other sound cards may or may not have this capability, so always check the specs.

Some sound cards do double duty as SCSI-2 controllers. They save a card slot, but many operate as 8-bit controllers. To be on the safe side, you should use a separate SCSI-2 controller card anyway. There's no point in making your sound card work harder than it has to.





#### **BACKUP DEVICES**

Once you have a lot of digital-audio data recorded, it's wise to back it up. (You back up all your other important data, don't you?) Any backup device will do the job, although digital-audio files are quite large. It is possible to use floppies with a standard backup program for digital-audio files, but this is not recommended.

High-capacity, removable media, such as 270 MB SyQuest or 230 MB magneto-optical (MO) drives, work well. You can also use a data DAT tape drive to back up as much as ten gigabytes for not much more than the removable drives. The tradeoff is that DAT tape is a far cheaper storage medium than removable cartridges, but restoring files from tape is less convenient than directly accessing them from a cartridge. (See "Computer Musician: Backing Up Digital Audio," in the December 1993 **EM**.)

#### SOFTWARE CONSIDERATIONS

Of course, hard-disk recording requires software to record, play, and edit digital-audio files. Budget programs offer various features and levels of performance, which translates into list price. However, don't overlook the software that comes with most computer systems, at least as a starting place to become familiar with the concepts of hard-disk recording. For example, *Windows* includes two such programs.

**Recording Time.** As mentioned earlier, recording time should be limited only by available hard-drive space. Some programs (such as *Windows' Sound Recorder*) limit file size to the available RAM in your computer. This type of program is typically found bundled with low-quality sound cards or on bulletin board services. Other than *Sound Recorder*, all programs mentioned in this article limit file size to free harddisk space.

Number of Tracks. This refers to the number of separate sound files that can be played simultaneously. In most cases, each file is a stereo track. As you might surmise, stereo programs can record and play one stereo or mono file at a time. However, most of these programs (with the exception of *Sound*  *Forge*) cannot split a stereo file into two mono files. Except for *Audio Toolworks* for the Roland RAP-10 system, most programs cannot play two mono tracks at once. Ironically, most multitrack programs are limited to stereo files; they can't work with mono files. Turtle Beach's *Quad* can record and play with mono files and split stereo files into separate mono files, however.

It's important to understand that stereo programs can manipulate more than one stereo track at a time (see Fig. 3). Most of these programs can layer, or mix, many stereo tracks from different sound files into one track before it is played. In some cases, you can even "unlayer" files to fix mistakes or try different edits. Of course, it's easier to

work with multiple tracks in a multitrack program, but stereo programs can sometimes get the job done faster in applications such as radio production.

Methods of Working. Most digital-audio programs approach hard-disk recording in one of two ways. The first is the traditional tapetrack metaphor, in which each sound file is equivalent to a tape track. Separate files can be recorded, played, and/or mixed down into a single file.

With the other approach, once one or more sound files are recorded, you

highlight and name regions within the files and create a list of regions to play in a specific order (see **Fig. 4**). This "playlist" refers back to the original sound files and applies any editing instructions during playback without altering the files themselves. Regions can be played repeatedly to increase the total playback time without increasing the size of the file itself.

Destructive and Nondestructive Editing. Some programs edit files destructively; that is, they permanently change the source material during editing functions. Programs that perform nondestructive edits leave the source material untouched, storing the parameters for the changes in a separate file. Destructive edits take more time to accomplish, but playback takes no extra time. Nondestructive edits are applied to the file each time it is played, which can delay playback. In general, stereo programs are destructive, and multitrack programs are nondestructive.

Effects Processing. Most hard-disk recording programs offer a variety of signal-processing options. The most common effects are EQ, volume adjustment and normalization, time stretching, pitch shifting, crossfading, and reverse playback. Some programs also offer reverb, chorus, and a host of exotic effects, such as 3-D audio processing.

**Synchronization.** If you use a sequencer, drum machine, or multitrack tape deck in conjunction with a harddisk recorder, it's a big plus if you can synchronize them to play together. This is normally accomplished by

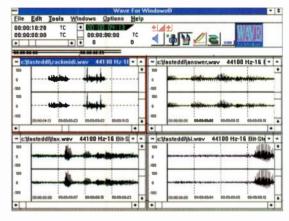


FIG. 3: In the main screen from *Wave for Windows*, up to four files can be open at once, but only one is active. Several stereo sound files can be combined and played as one file.

recording SMPTE time code on one track of the tape and converting it into MIDI Time Code (MTC) for the sequencer and hard-disk recorder to follow. Unfortunately, no stereo hard-disk recording programs include this feature. (Fortunately, SMPTE support will be included in the upcoming version 3.0 update of *Sound Forge*.)

Multitrack programs typically include synchronization capabilities. For example, SAW and The EdDitor Plus require the Music Quest MQX-32M MIDI interface for synchronization at SMPTE frame rates of 24, 25, 30 drop-frame, and 30 nondrop. (The 29.97 fps frame rate is not supported, which is a big problem if you're working with NTSC video.)

MIDI Note Triggering. This feature lets you trigger sound files from a MIDI controller or sequencer program. You can also cue up sound files to play at



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the proper time. Currently, only SAW offers this capability directly, but it will be available in *Sound Forge* 3.0.

For other programs, you can trigger sound files to play from a sequencer with Media Control Interface (MCI) commands, which tell the computer to play the specified sound file using whatever software it needs at a certain time. The exact time at which the file is played can't be accurately predicted; it depends on how much work the processor is doing at the moment and other factors. However, it's better than nothing.

#### **OPTIMIZING YOUR SYSTEM**

Hard drives can pose two serious problems if you're not careful, particularly if you use the same drive for applications and other files in addition to digital audio.

Delete Useless Files. The first problem is having too little space to completely record or edit sound files. You probably have a surprising number of useless or redundant files on your hard disk right now. All these extra files deprive you of valuable recording time, so back them up and erase them from your drive. These files include program tutorials, "read me" files, automatic backups (which usually have .bak filename extensions), and unused files, such as fonts, clip art, and templates.

**Defragmentation**. As mentioned earlier, the second major problem is fragmentation. When your hard disk is new, the computer stores applications and files in contiguous sectors on the disk for fast retrieval. However, as you create, save, modify, and delete files, they eventually end up in pieces that are stored at several different locations on the physical surface of the disk.

As a result, the drive takes more time to find the files it needs. Fragmentation can also affect the time it takes to store a new file. Both of these factors can cause any digital audio to exhibit noticeable glitches during recording and playback. To solve this problem, invest in a utility program that will defragment your disk so that files are rearranged into contiguous clusters for faster storage and retrieval. If you have MS-DOS 6.0, you can run *DEFRAG* to take care of the problem. Defragment your hard drive on a regular basis to ensure that your hard drive is working to its full potential.

Avoid Data Compression. You might think about compressing the digitalaudio data on the hard disk to conserve space, but I don't recommend it. File-compression programs and diskdoubling utilities don't work well with digital-audio files. First of all, real-time data compression doesn't work fast enough to keep up with digital-audio information. In addition, real-time data compression and decompression makes the computer work even harder. Harddisk recording places a heavy demand on the system, and adding the extra burden of real-time data compression and decompression is a strain your computer can do without.

You might be thinking, "What if I compress digital-audio files after

recording them? Won't that save space?" The truth is that the data reduction is minimal. File compression works best on (relatively) recurring information, and digital-audio information is largely nonrepetitive in nature. In fact, certain datacompression techniques can actually make digital-audio files larger than their uncompressed form. Some programs claim to significantly reduce digital-audio file size, but it isn't worth the effort when dealing with large files. Besides, you still have to decompress the file to work with it.

**Optimize System Files.** You can do several things to the system software to improve performance. For one thing, turn off any disk-cache programs, such as *SMARTDRV*, which generally don't help with hard-disk recording and add unnecessary overhead to the CPU. In the CONFIG.SYS file, set BUFFERS=20 or 30 for maximum drive performance and set FILES=100 or more if you are using a nondestructive program, such as *FastEddie*.

In addition, it is probably better to run Windows in Standard mode, which demands less CPU overhead and may run faster than Enhanced mode. Finally, Enhanced mode may be set up to use virtual memory, which can cause glitches or gaps in audio recording or playback.

#### **GET TO WORK!**

No matter how much you know about *Windows* computers and hard-disk recording software, you should thoroughly check out the programs you're interested in before making a purchase. Talk to others who use the programs and find out what systems they use, the extent to which they use the programs, any problems they've had, and so on.

An online service, such as Compu-Serve or America Online, is especially useful for getting feedback about programs. In addition, these products are covered regularly in **EM** reviews, features, and columns. You'll soon gather a consensus about the quality, operation, and true system requirements of various programs.

Budget-level hard-disk recording in Windows is finally a reality. There are some fine programs that can get you

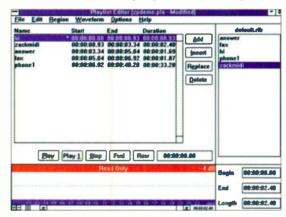


FIG. 4: Like many programs, *FastEddie* can assemble a playlist of several sound files to be played in sequence.

started in hard-disk recording for a modest amount of money right now. And as more *Windows* users learn how to work with hard-disk recording, they'll demand and get even more software capability for their money.

Furthermore, system upgrade costs are dropping, which means that you can get more computer power for less money. With the new Pentium processors becoming available, the performance level of these programs will rise, as well.

Zack Price would like to acknowledge the invaluable assistance and expertise of the late Etienne Munson of Innovative Quality Software. His knowledge and patience were crucial in my rapid assimilation and understanding of this material.

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Isn't it time you had some serious fun with your music? And at just \$699.00 retail, the KC20 is seriously the most bang for a buck you're going to find at your dealer's. Check it out today. Your guitar player may hate you for it, but hey, it's about time they shared some of the limelight.



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CT ORIENTED ENVIRONMENT	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	
SCORE DISPLAY RECORDING	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	
ABLE ZOOM MODES 0-500%	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	
E QICKTIME MOVIE SUPPORT	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	
REO SAMPLE EDITOR	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	
IO TIME COMPRESSION	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES	
TIME EXPANSION	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES	
O PITCH SHIFTING	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES	
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hat comes out of any top studio's monitor speakers? Nothing! That is, when there's no music, there's no noise. This may seem obvious, but time and time again I go into project studios where the monitors spew buzzes, small audible pops, and loads of hiss and hum. You may think these sounds are normal, and you have to just live with

think these sounds are normal, and you have to just live with them. Not so!

If you set up your system correctly, you should be able to turn your monitors up to a comfortable listening level and hear no hiss, no hum, just good, clean *nothing*. If you turn your system all the way up, you should only hear a nice, clean hiss far in the background.

Achieving a silent studio may seem like black magic, but it isn't that hard. Let's trace those buzzes, hums, and noises and eliminate them.

# SILENT RUNNING

First, you need a quiet power amp. Fortunately, most pro amps are very quiet these days. To test your amp, turn it off, remove the input connections, turn the amp back on, and slowly turn up the volume. All you should hear is hiss, and you

should only hear this when the amp is turned way up. If you hear buzzes, pops, or your local radio station, try turning off the

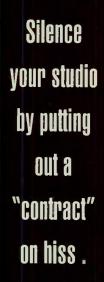
# By Michael Gore

**World Radio History** 

amplifier and installing shorted input connectors (that is, the connector's hot and ground points are connected together), so there is no possible input signal. If you don't hear a clean hiss, you have a bad power amp. Get it fixed.

So now you have a clean power amp. Turn it off and hook

Ilustration by Richard Stutting



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# MIX° & Electronic Musician°

PRESENT

# **Interview of the section of the sec**

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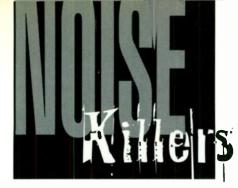
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# **AC POWER PROBLEMS**

AC power strips and cables are a primary cause of hum, because they emit large magnetic fields that are picked up easily. Move them far away from the console, power amp, and any audio wiring.

In a large, top-of-the-line studio, I'll go as far as isolating each piece of gear from the AC outlet ground (via 3-pin to 2-pin AC adapters). Instead of grounding the system via the AC outlet's third conductor, I run a separate chassis ground wire back to the main studio ground (we call this "technical earth"). Then I connect this "tech earth" back to the main AC ground and/or a large, copper rod driven eighteen feet into the ground (providing a true earth ground). Thus, every piece of gear still has AC fault protection, but no grounds are tied together. This kind of system is known as a star ground.

### **TRADE SECRETS**

Here are a couple of trade secrets. Don't spread them around, or the ultrasecret Audio Technicians Guild will come after me for revealing this stuff!

Consoles operate best with their monitor volume controls at about the one or two o'clock position. That's where you get the best signal-to-noise levels, which means quieter monitoring. So play a compact disc or other music source through your mixer, set the faders so your meters read normal levels (for VU meters, this means peaks of about +2 VU), and turn the monitor pot to the one o'clock position. Turn down the power amp until the music is at a normal listening level. That's the level you want from your power amp: One o'clock is normal, four o'clock is quite loud.

If you have your amp turned way up, as most small studios do, you're just amplifying hiss from the console. Remember that everything has some noise. If you turn your power amp all the way up, even the best of consoles will sound noisy, even though the system is quiet. If your power amp doesn't have level controls, have your local tech build some for you.

A buzz that seems to grow slowly in volume, then slowly diminishes, indicates you are picking up the 60 Hz signal from a power line that is beating with demodulated vertical sync pulses from a local TV station, which are normally at 59.94 Hz. This causes a pulse that cycles every 16.7 seconds. Either of these forms of interference sounds like ordinary line buzz, but combined, they cause the fading effect. At this point, you may have to get a good technician. Even then, you may have simply located your studio in the wrong place. (For a discussion of more extreme solutions to radio-frequency interference, such as Faraday cages, see the October 1992 "Service Clinic" column.)

A buzz that seems to come for only short pulses, always at a constant level, could be caused by a pulse riding in on your AC lines. This is very difficult to fix. It might be caused by lamp dimmers somewhere in the house, a bad fluorescent lamp, or an old refrigerator turning on and off. If the buzz appears and stays on, document what time of day it happens. I once traced such a buzz down to a large neon sign a block away that turned on each evening. I was able to "neonproof" the system, but you can sometimes get the store owner to fix the problem. Besides, sometimes just knowing why things happen makes them less irritating.

Computer monitors are notorious for causing hum, as their deflection yokes emit powerful magnetic fields at 50 to 70 Hz. You can easily trace this just by turning the monitor on and off. CRT monitors also can create magnetic fields at 15 to 40 kHz. Although this might not be obvious, it can cause highfrequency distortion and eat up highfrequency headroom in your analog tapes. In general, keep monitors as far away from audio equipment and cables as possible.

When you stack various pieces of equipment on top of one another, one piece of gear could have its internal AC power transformer in a spot that causes a hum in the equipment just

# SAFETY FIRST

The chassis of each piece of gear must be connected to a good AC ground. This way, if there is a fault in one piece of equipment, the user cannot become the ground path for AC current. That third prong on your AC cable connects the chassis directly to AC ground, and once you use an adapter, you must be sure that there is a ground wire between that gear's chassis and good AC ground. With almost any modern equipment, there is absolutely no reason to lift the third prong of the AC cable. In any event, never remove chassis ground protection.

In major studios, we use a system called a star ground. Then we make sure there are no other grounds in the audio wiring and AC cables. Everything is still connected to AC ground with individual ground wires. This eliminates almost all ground loops and still ensures a safe system. It also makes sure all zero-volt references stay exactly the same.

In a home or project studio, attention to system grounding is

equally important. You must ensure that not only is your system quiet, but it's safe.

Finally, don't overtax your AC wiring. Your house wiring is meant to supply normal currents and isn't designed to provide maximum levels for long periods of time. Don't have a lot of AC outlet boxes connected together into one wall outlet. Make sure that no AC wire is getting warm when it's used. One project studio owner had five AC strips daisy-chained into one wall outlet. That first AC strip wire was carrying all the current of the entire chain and was getting hot to the touch, making his whole setup a fire hazard. Don't do this!

You're much better off centering your AC system around a professionally designed power-distribution system, available from companies such as Furman and Juice Goose. Calculate the amount of current your devices draw, and make sure the total does not exceed the capacity of the power-distribution system or the house AC circuit.

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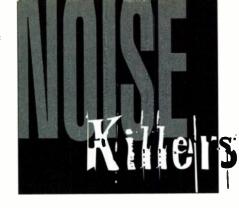
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# Stanley Jordan: Beyond MIDI Guitar

Hear Stanley play the Z-Tar on his new CD, *Bolero*.





above or below. When you can't eliminate the hum with transformers, always try turning off pieces of equipment around any gear that seems to have a hum. Once you locate the offending unit, move it to another spot and try it again.

Get two good audio transformers and build yourself an isolation box. There are times when nothing but transformers will eliminate hum. If friends and clients bring in hum-causing equipment, you can save hours of frustrating troubleshooting by using transformers.

Be careful of level and impedance problems. Microphone inputs are a poor place to put line-level signals, but lots of people try. If you must use your mic inputs for non-mic signals, use a matching transformer. This not only isolates the equipment, but matches the levels. Alternatively, have your tech build a pad that reduces the line-level signal to mic level. I just converted eighteen mic inputs of a console for line-level use, making all the changes in each module. The client can have two line inputs for most of his console modules and still keep a few unconverted modules as normal mic inputs.

Remember that the impedance of a mic is about 200 ohms (very low), and the impedance of most mic preamplifiers is about 1,500 ohms, which minimizes signal loss caused by loading the microphone. Thus, low impedance outputs driving high-impedance inputs, while technically a mismatch, works well. But most of your synths and equipment are designed to feed their signals into 10,000 ohms (high impedance). You increase noise and distortion if you overload the outputs by driving low impedance (under  $100\Omega$ ) inputs. By the way, don't forget that most mic inputs also have an output: 48 volts of phantom power to drive condenser mics. That's bad for almost anything except a mic.

Your system is normally in its quietest state when everything is powered up. It isn't a good idea to have some things turned on and others off, as impedances change when a unit is turned on. In general, turn everything on, even if you're not using it all.

Try to hit the input of effects units with a strong signal, and lower the effect's output level. Lots of reverb and delay units have background noise, and you'll reduce this problem by turning the output down. Also don't use lots of compression unless you need to; compression lowers the signal-to-noise ratio of the track. Unless you use a noise gate along with your compressor, you'll add noise.



Jensen's JT-11P-1 (left) is a top-notch, professional-quality transformer that can handle up to +19 dB before it hits 1% distortion at 20 Hz. However, you have to drill out a case for the connectors and wire them yourself.

### **HUM TERMINATORS**

One of the easiest ways to eliminate ground hums is to isolate the offending equipment via input and output transformers. These devices work wonders in the audio world and are often contained in the best equipment found in pro studios. The idea of a transformer is to ensure that there is absolutely no electrical contact between two pieces of gear except the audio signal. If you need to quickly remove a ground loop caused by poor grounding, or to transform balanced to unbalanced signals, grab a transformer.

But transformers are not perfect. True, expensive transformers provide excellent fidelity, but you pay for the engineering and construction quality. Less-expensive transformers tend to suffer from design limitations and low-budget construction. But if you match your requirements to the correct transformer, you need not spend an arm and a leg to get what you need.

Ebtech (tel. [619] 679-6510; fax [619] 679-2802) has designed a transformer isolation box that in most cases is perfect for removing grounding problems found in the home studio. The Hum Eliminator (\$69.95) offers two transformers, each with a 1/4-inch, TRS input and a 1/4-inch, TRS output. The device is packaged in a small (4.25 x 3.5 x 1.4-inch), nicely constructed metal case. It connects any mixture of balanced or unbalanced signals and works well at standard -10 dB (semipro) levels. Total harmonic distortion is listed at less than 0.005% (at 1 kHz) and crosstalk better than -97 dB.

The manufacturer claims a frequency response of 20 Hz to 70 kHz (±0.5 dB). However, I found that any signal above +4 dB begins to drive the transformers into severe saturation

# THE WELL-GROUNDED STUDIO

The time-consuming and complex troubleshooting scheme we've discussed is almost always foolproof. A ground loop or other noise problem can arise in many different ways, and occasionally some nasty noises will resist your best efforts. You'll still find some piece of gear that requires audio transformers to eliminate ground around 20 Hz, resulting in severe distortion at very low frequencies. (Ebtech claims this is inaudible.) Above 50 Hz, it's fine. I didn't have this problem at -10 dB levels, so for the average home recordist, the Hum Eliminator is a good buy. In addition, Ebtech offers an 8-channel, 1U rackmount version (\$279.95).

Ebtech also is preparing to ship the Hum Eliminator Pro (price tba) a 4-channel version with better trans-

formers and gold-plated, XLR input and output connectors. This should address professional studio needs.

In the meantime, for the pro studio operating at +4 dB levels, you'll have to go for the top quality transformers. I prefer Jensen Transformers (tel. [213] 876-0059; fax [818] 763-4574), though there are other excellent manufacturers around. You're going to pay much more for top-of-theline transformers, though: Jensen JT-11P-1 transformers sell for \$63.49 each, and

you have to drill out a case for the connectors and wire them yourself. But you can put in up to +19 dB before you hit 1% distortion at 20 Hz, which is killer performance. I install these when I need top studio performance. By the way, Jensen also makes the ISO-MAX (\$169.95), which contains a stereo pair of JT-11P-1 transformers in a compact, steel box, with gold-plated connectors. It's primarily marketed for high-end car stereos, but if you don't mind using adapters for the RCA connectors, it should do the job for homestudio applications.

Transformers can do other

loops. But with today's equipment, you rarely have to go to extremes. With a few hours of patient troubleshooting, you'll be able to make your project studio much quieter.

It's not surprising that most musicians consider the process of denoising studio black magic. The truth is it's mostly a systematic process of climinating the problems one by one. Armed things besides isolate two pieces of equipment. You can use a transformer to step up (or down) signal levels. Say your console's outputs are at +4 dB, and you need to drive a -10 dB device. You could turn the input levels of the device way down, or run the console level way down, but it's better to run things at their optimum levels. Ideally, you would run the console at +4 dB and the next device at -10 dB while maintaining normal fader levels. A



Ebtech's Hum Eliminator provides two low-cost isolation transformers with balanced,  $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch I/O.

step-down transformer can do the trick for you, putting everything right where it should be.

If you need to hook up both a balanced and unbalanced device to the same output, isolate the unbalanced gear via a transformer. Otherwise, once both devices are connected to the same point, you've unbalanced the signal to both.

Finally, transformers are essential for professional-quality remote recording. The only safe way to split mic lines and send the same mic signal to more than one mixer is to use a splitter transformer.

with this knowledge, you're ready to attack your studio's sonic gremlins. The truth will make you noise-free!

(Special thanks to Bill Whitlock and Dave Hill of Jensen Transformers, Inc.)

Michael Gore is owner and chief technician of Bay Area Studio Engineering (BASE) in San Francisco.

World Radio History



# Shift Happens

# Pitch shifters help you sing like a bird and a bullfrog—at the same time.

By Scott Wilkinson

I itch shifters are among the most useful and least understood signal processors in the electronic musician's arsenal. These devices take an input signal and shift its pitch up or down, in real time, by a userspecified amount. Accomplishing this with any degree of success requires heavy-duty digital signal processing.

Basically, there is only one parameter to master: the amount by which the pitch is shifted. This is usually specified in terms of a musical interval, such as a third, fifth, octave, etc. You can also shift the pitch of the input signal



The Eventide DSP4000 is the latest incarnation of their powerful multi-effects processor, which includes some of the most sophisticated pitch shifting available.

by very small amounts, which are specified in cents. (One hundred cents equal a semitone, or half-step.)

These days, most pitch shifters are found within multi-effects units. In the recording studio, they are connected to the mixer's aux send and return loop in the same manner as other effects, such as reverb and delay (see "Square One: In the Hall of the Reverb King" in the August 1994 EM). In this case, you would typically set the wet/dry mix to 100% wet and control the balance between the original and pitch-shifted signals with the aux send and return level controls on the mixer. Alternatively, you can dedicate the pitch shifter to one instrument by patching it to the mixer's channel insert point and controlling the wet/dry mix from the processor.

You can also connect the output of a guitar or synth directly to the input of a pitch shifter and connect its output to the input of another effects device. a P.A. mixer, or an amplifier. In this application, you control the wet/dry mix from the effects processor.

# DETUNING

Very small pitch shifts are collectively known as *detuning*. If you mix a piano sound at its normal pitch with the same sound detuned a few cents up or down, it resembles a honky-tonk piano. (The original honky-tonk pianos sounded that way because they weren't tuned

# WARNING: these devices produce some very serious side effects.

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processing ensures perfect simulations with real room acoustics, in stereo. Every parameter is fully editable and programmable via MIDI. And like the DRP 10 and DRP 15, it's backed by a rock-solid, three-year warranty. What more could you ask for? How about a hands-on demonstration at your EV/Dynacord dealer! The Call 800/234-6831 for detailed specs, a slick brochure and as much helpful information as you need.



very often; honky-tonk establishments had other priorities.) This technique is often used to "thicken" individual drum sounds, as well.

As I mentioned last issue ("Square One: Delayed Gratification" in the September 1994 EM), you can thicken an individual track by delaying it 30 to 50 milliseconds and mixing it with the unprocessed signal for a doubled effect. If you add a bit of detuning to the equation, the effect is even more pronounced. You can also simulate a stereo image by panning the unprocessed signal to one side of the stereo sound field and panning a slightly delayed signal to the other side. If you include a little pitch shifting, the results can be quite satisfying. Try one of these techniques on a bass part to fatten it up.

Bruce Springsteen, among others, often uses a modified version of this technique on his lead vocals. The vocal track is split. One signal remains unprocessed and is panned to the center. The other signal is sent through two pitch shifters. One is set to shift up-



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ward by a few cents, the other is set to shift down by the same amount. The output from one shifter is panned hard right, and the other is panned hard left. (There are a number of devices that incorporate several pitch shifters and stereo audio outputs in one unit. The output of each shifter is panned hard right or left within the unit.)

You might think that the same effect can be achieved by making copies of samples and delaying and detuning them. This is indeed a similar process, but the final result is noticeably different. All pitch shifters have an inherent, inconsistent processing delay because of the time it takes to identify the pitch of the input signal and shift it up or down. In general, low frequencies take longer to identify because they take longer to complete a full waveform cycle, resulting in a longer processing delay. This delay makes a



DigiTech's The Vocalist is an intelligent pitch shifter designed specifically for vocals.

qualitative difference in the final sound, which some people describe as "spread out."

Some engineers perform a neat trick with detuning and reverb. They send the 100% wet sound from a reverb unit into a pitch shifter set to detune a few cents flat. The output of the shifter is then sent to the aux return on the mixer. This is said to give the sound a more "poignant" quality. You can also detune upward for a more "excited" quality.

# **PITCH CORRECTION**

Another important application of detuning is *pitch correction*. If a singer or instrumentalist is consistently sharp or flat, it's relatively easy to run the signal through a pitch shifter to correct the problem. But what if only a few notes are out of tune? This is particularly irksome if the performance is otherwise great. First, bounce the offending track

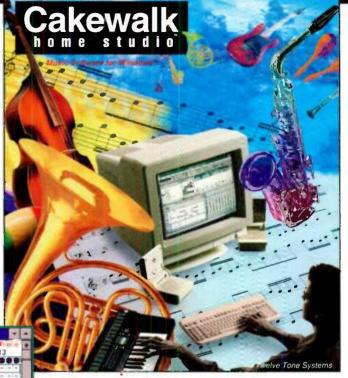
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# SQUARE ONE

to an empty tape track. Then send the original track through a pitch shifter set to correct the pitch of one bum note, and punch that one note into the bounced track. Repeat the process for each bad note, setting the pitch shifter accordingly each time. It's tricky and tedious, but it gets the job done. It helps a great deal if you can automate the punch in and punch out with MIDI Machine Control from a sequencer, which depends on the tape deck and sequencer you use.

If the pitch shifter responds to MIDI, it may be possible to correct the pitch of a performance by manipulating the pitch wheel on a synth or master keyboard. Make sure that MIDI Pitch Bend messages are assigned to control the amount of pitch shift. As you listen to the track, simply ride the wheel up or down to correct any notes that are out of tune. You can also automate this process by recording these movements into a sequencer that's synchronized to the tape deck. Once the Pitch Bend data is recorded in the sequencer, you can tweak it to achieve a perfect take.

If you have enough dough, you can buy an *intelligent* pitch shifter, which includes the Eventide Harmonizer brand effects processors (such as the H3000, H3500, and H4000) and DigiTech's



The BOSS PS-3 Digital Pitch Shifter/Delay stomp box produces some wild effects for guitarists and keyboardists.

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the studio with a separate control room.

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# • SQUARE ONE

The Vocalist and DHP lines of products. These devices can actually "quantize" the pitch of all incoming notes to the nearest pitches within a specified scale. This automatically corrects the pitch of all notes in a performance, which is a lot easier than the note-bynote process described previously.

Intelligent pitch-correction works well it there are only a few bad notes; set the shifter to correct only those notes, leaving other notes untouched. However, if most of the notes need correction, the end result can sound pretty artificial. This is more problematic for lead tracks than background parts.

# TRANSPOSITION

Pitch shifting by intervals larger than a semitone is called *transposition*. Octave doubling is one of the most common forms of *parallel* transposition. However, most people double the part an octave below the original pitch, which sounds less artificial than shifting an octave higher. In fact, the ear is much more sensitive to artifacts in signals that are up-shifted, so it's a good idea to keep large upward shifts to a minimum (unless you like a helium-inspired chipmunk sound).

Most pitch shifters can also produce parallel lines at intervals other than the octave. For example, trumpeter Jon Hassell often uses a pitch shifter to double his melodies a perfect fourth below the original pitch. He also uses a unit with several shifters to produce parallel chords, which is a wonderful effect. Some multishifters also let you specify a different set of transpositions for all twelve chromatic notes.

At the next level of sophistication, intelligent pitch shifters can do much more than automatically correct outof-tune performances. In most cases, they can also transpose intelligently. To use such a device, you specify a key and the type of intervals you want, and the shifter will transpose each input note appropriately for that key. For example, suppose you specify the key of C major and the intervals of a third up and a fourth down. If you play a C, the shifter produces an E (a major third above) and a G (a perfect fourth below); if you play a B, the shifter produces a D (a minor third above) and an F (an augmented fourth below). Both chords are diatonic to the key of C major.

Intelligent pitch shifters let you do

# A Street of the state of the st

...until I showed them the secret!"

# **The TRUE STORY** *by David L. Burge*

T ALL STARTED in ninth grade as a sort of teenage rivalry.

I would slave at the piano for five hours daily. Linda didn't practice anywhere near that amount. But somehow she always seemed to have an edge which made *her* the star performer of our school. It was frustrating.

What does she have that I don't? I would wonder.

Linda's best friend, Sheryl, sensed my growing competition. One day she bragged on and on about Linda, adding more fuel to my fire. "You could *never* be as good as *Linda*," she taunted me. "*Linda*' got *Perfect Pitch*."

"What's Perfect Pitch?" I asked.

Sheryl gloated over a few of Linda's uncanny musical abilities: how she could name any tone or chord—just by ear; how she could sing any pitch she wanted—from mere memory; and how she could even play songs after only listening to them on the radio!

My heart sank. Her fantastic EAR is the key to her success I thought. How could I ever hope to compete with her?

But later 1 doubted Sheryl's story. How could anyone *possibly* know F# or Bb just by *listening?* An ear like that would give someone a mastery of the entire musical language!

It bothered me. Did Linda *really* have Perfect Pitch? I finally got up the nerve and point-blank asked Linda if the rumors were true.

"Yes," she nodded to me aloofly. But Perfect Pitch was too good to believe. I rudely pressed, "*Can I test you sometime?*" "OK," she replied cheerfully.

# I couldn't wait to call her bluff...

My plan was ingeniously simple: I picked a moment when Linda least suspected it. Then I boldly challenged her to name tones for me—by ear.

I made sure she had not been playing any music. I made her stand so she could not see the piano keyboard. I made certain other classmates could not help her. I set everything up so I could expose Linda's Perfect Pitch claims as a ridiculous joke.

Nervously I plotted my testing strategy. Linda appeared serene. With silent apprehension I selected a tone to play. (She'll *never* guess F#!) I had barely touched the key. "F\$," she said. I was astonished.

I quickly played another tone. She didn't even stop to think. *Instantly* she announced the correct pitch.

Frantically, I played more and more tones, here and there on the keyboard, but each time she would somehow know the pitch—without effort. She was SO amazing—she could identify tones as easily as *colors!* 

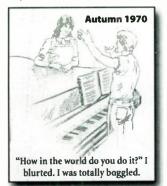
"Sing an E<sub>2</sub>," I demanded, determined to mess her up.

With barely a pause she sang the proper pitch. I had her sing tone after tone. But as I checked her on the keyboard, I found that she sang each note perfectly on pitch.

I was totally boggled. "How in the world do you do it?" I blurted.

"I don't know," she sighed. And to my dismay, that was all I could get out of her!

The dazzle of Perfect Pitch hit me hard. My head was dizzy with disbehef, yet from that moment on 1 knew *Perfect Pitch is real.* 



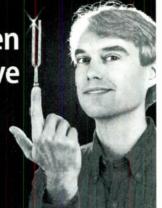
# I couldn't figure it out...

"How does she DO it?" I kept asking myself. On the other hand, why doesn't *everyone* know musical tones by ear?

Then it dawned on me that most musicians can't tell C from C#, or A major from F major—like artists who brush painting after painting without ever knowing green from turquoise. It all seemed so ødd and contradictory. I found myself even

more mystified than before. Humiliated and puzzled, I went home to work on this problem. At age 14, this was a hard nut to crack.

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You can be sure I tried it myself. I would sweet-talk my three brothers and two sisters into playing tones for me, then guess each pitch by ear. My many attempts were dismal failures.

So I tried playing the tones over and over in order to memorize them. I tried to feel the "highness" or "lowness" of each pitch. I tried day after day to learn and absorb those elusive tones. But nothing worked. I simply could not recognize the pitches by ear.

After weeks in vain, I finally gave up. Linda's gift was indeed extraordinary. But for me, it was out of reach.

### Then it happened...

It was like a miracle. A twist of fate. Like finding the lost Holy Grail.

Once I had stopped straining my ear, I started to listen NATURALLY. Then the incredible secret to Perfect Pitch jumped right into my lap.

I began to notice faint "colors" within the tones. Not visual colors, but colors of pitch, colors of sound. They had always been there. But this was the first time I had ever "let go" and listened—to discover these subtle differences within the musical tones.

Soon I too could recognize the tones by ear! It was simple. I could hear how F# sounds one way, while Bb has a different pitch color sound—sort of like "listening" to red and blue!

The realization hit me: THIS IS PERFECT PITCH! This is how Bach, Beethoven and Mozart could mentally envision their masterpieces and name tones, chords and keys all by ear—by tuning in to these subtle "pitch colors" within the tones.

It was almost childish—1 felt sure that *anyone* could unlock their own Perfect Pitch by learning this simple secret of "color hearing."

Excitedly I told my best friend Ann (a flutist) that *she* could have Perfect Pitch too. She *laughed* at me. "Yon have to be *born* with Perfect

Pitch," she asserted. "You just don't understand how

easy Perfect Pitch is," I explained. I showed her how to listen.

Timidly, she confessed that she too could hear the pitch colors. From this discovery, it wasn't long before Ann had *also* acquired Perfect Pitch! We became instant school celebrities. Classmates loved to test our abilities, leaving everyone awed and amazed by the power of our virtuoso ears. Way back then I did not know the impact I would have when years later I explained my discovery to college music professors. I was surprised that many of them *laughed* at me at first. You may have guessed it—they told me, "One must be *born* with Perfect Pitch." Yet once I revealed the simple *secret* to Perfect Pitch—*and they heard for themselves*—you'd be surprised at how fast they would change their tune!

As I continued my own music studies, my Perfect Pitch ear allowed me to progress far faster than I ever thought possible. I even *skipped over* two required college courses. Perfect Pitch made *everything* much easier performing, composing, arranging, sight-reading, transposing, improvising—and it enhanced my *enjoyment* of music as well! I learned that music is definitely a HEARING art.

# And as for Linda?

Oh yes—time eventually found me at the end of my senior year of high school, with my *final chance* to outdo Linda. Our local university sponsored a music festival each spring. I went all out for it. Guess what? I scored an A+ in the most advanced performance category. Linda only got an A.

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# • SQUARE ONE

some remarkable things. For example, you can create an entire vocal harmony part in real time with a single singer. A horn player can become a horn section with appropriate chord voicings on each note. (No horn section has absolutely perfect timing, however. If your pitch shifter has multiple outputs or internal delay lines, you can make the horn-section effect more realistic by adding slightly different, very short delays to each note.) Even if the musician hits a note slightly sharp of flat, the harmonies remain in tune, thanks to pitch quantization.

Some intelligent shifters also let you specify the intervals on the fly from a MIDI keyboard. As each note in the audio track enters the shifter, you can play a chord on the keyboard, which tells the shifter what intervals to produce. The actual notes you play on the keyboard are not used; only the intervals between them. This lets you create any chords you want in real time, even different chords for the same input note at different times.

Combining transposing pitch shifters and delays can be lots of fun. Most multi-effects processors include both types of signal processing, as do some stomp boxes, such as the BOSS PS-3. Sending a delayed signal into a pitch shifter can create some great arpeggiation or "stairstep" effects if there is a feedback path from the output of the pitch shifter to the input of the delay.

For example, if you specify a delay time of a few hundred milliseconds and a shift interval of a minor third upward with some feedback, you get an upwardly arpeggiating diminished chord that fades out over time. You could also try this with a shift interval of a perfect fourth or fifth upward for soothing quartal or quintal arpeggios. In multishifter units, you can specify simultaneous upward and downward shifts for an even wilder effect.

Clearly, pitch shifters are powerful creative tools for studio recording or live performance. However, they require some experimentation to get the most out of them. So find the pitch shifter in your multi-effects box and get to know its capabilities. A wonderful world of sonic manipulation awaits.

EM Technical Editor Scott Wilkinson down shifts his voice to scare little kids on Halloween.

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World Radio History



# QuickTime 2.0

# Apple unites sequencers and celluloid for movie magic.

By Michael Brown

kay, so digital videos aren't made on celluloid; allow me some poetic latitude. The point is, Apple Computer has fundamentally changed the way its *QuickTime* multimedia software handles music. Oh, by the way, *QuickTime* 2.0 also features bigger, faster, and smoother digitalvideo playback. But that's to be expected, right?

What you might not expect to find



Digital-video movies can be bigger and faster than ever, but the new software synthesizer and the addition of MIDI support are the most exciting aspects of *QuickTime* 2.0

in this type of software package is a new, software-based music synthesizer; a subset of General MIDI (GM) instrument sounds, licensed from the Roland Corporation; a new music track; support for SMPTE time code; and more. *QuickTime* 2.0 has much to offer musicians who are interested in exploring the worlds of video and multimedia production.

With the latest version of its multimedia software, Apple once again leaps ahead of Microsoft in the desktop video production market. In fact, many would argue that Apple has merely lengthened its lead over Microsoft and its Video for Windows, which has yet to move beyond version 1.1. The observations presented here are based on QuickTime 2.0 for the Macintosh, but QuickTime 2.0 for Windows possesses the same set of features, according to an Apple spokesperson, and should be shipping by the time you read this.

# SOUNDTRACK AVAILABLE ON...

The new music track is in addition to, not a replacement for, the digital-audio track that exists in earlier versions of *QuickTime*. Although the *QuickTime* architecture supports multiple digitalaudio tracks, most people have digitized all their audio material (dialog, sound effects, ambient sound, and music) into a single audio track because of bandwidth constraints during playback. In addition to consuming prodigious

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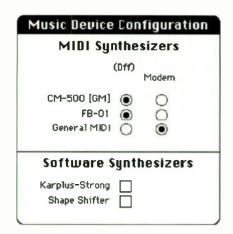


FIG. 1: The Music Device Configuration dialog box in *QuickTime* 2.0 lets you choose which type of synthesizer—hardware or software will be used to play back the music soundtrack.

amounts of storage, this practical limitation made it exceedingly difficult to produce a musical score that offered any degree of continuity from scene to scene.

With *QuickTime* 2.0, music is not only recorded onto a separate track, it is based on MIDI sequences and synthesizers, rather than digitized audio. Thanks to that change, the music in a QuickTime video production now demands far less in the way of resources. but it delivers far more. For example, a typical MIDI-based music soundtrack requires relatively little memory, so the entire score can be loaded into RAM before the movie begins. This technique boosts the video frame-rate, because subsequent disk (or CD-ROM) access can be reserved for the retrieval of video material.

QuickTime 2.0 even comes with its own multitimbral, polyphonic, software-based synthesizer. This synth includes a subset of the GM sound library, consisting of 43 instrument sounds that Apple has licensed from Roland (see the table on p. 102).

Perhaps even more importantly, you can use QuickTime 2.0's MoviePlayer 2.0 utility to convert any Standard MIDI File (SMF) into a QuickTime 2.0 music soundtrack. That means you can use your regular sequencer to create a score, map your sound choices to the General MIDI instruments in Quick-Time 2.0, paste the converted SMF into the movie file, and voilá! You have a movie soundtrack. Third-party Quick-Time movie editors, such as Adobe's Premiere, will provide more sophisticated soundtrack-editing tools. If the SMF contains multiple instruments, the music soundtrack will have multiple instruments, too. In order for the music to play back properly without an external synth module, of course, there must be equivalent instruments available on the Mac's internal synth. However, *QuickTime* will match instruments as well as it can according to their category.

For example, if you import an SMF that uses a GM Honky Tonk piano, an instrument that *QuickTime* does not currently support, the software will assign that track to its Acoustic Grand piano. If you don't like the choices the software makes, you can easily reorchestrate the score using the *QuickTime* 2.0 Instrument Picker.

### **THREE-PART HARMONY**

Apple's new Macintosh Music Architecture consists of three parts: the Note Allocator, the Tune Player, and various music components (either the Mac's software synth or external MIDI synths). The Note Allocator maintains a database of the musical components that are connected to the Mac via Apple's MIDI Manager. The database is maintained by the user through the Music Device Configuration dialog box (see Fig. 1). From here, you can decide whether OuickTime uses the Mac's software synth or one or more external MIDI synths. The Instrument Picker dialog box (see Fig. 2) provides a standard user interface for choosing a particular instrument and sound. You can click on the keys on the dialog box's piano keyboard to hear what each instrument sounds like.

The Tune Player is a minisequencer that plays a time-ordered list of events with the Mac's software synth or one or more connected MIDI synths. It receives instructions from the Note

Allocator as to which instruments should be played. The Tune Player can play multiple sequences at the same time, provided there are enough voices available. It can also cue up one sequence while another is playing, so there is no gap between two sections of a score.

The third element of the Macintosh Music Architecture consists of the music components: the new software synthesizer and outboard MIDI synths. The software synth acts just like a conventional MIDI synth, except that it's not limited to sixteen channels. Theoretically, there are no limits on its multitimbral capability or polyphony. In the real world, of course, the synth is limited by the amount of memory and the number of clock cycles the Mac can afford to dedicate to it.

For example, on an average LC 475, you can expect the software synth to have 8-voice polyphony. On a midrange Quadra, you can expect 12-voice polyphony, and on a Power Mac, as much as 32-voice polyphony. Each instrument requires between 50K and 60K of memory, so the synth's multitimbral capabilities are determined by the amount of available of RAM more than anything else.

### SCALABLE TECHNOLOGY

Like QuickTime itself, the new music architecture is fully scalable. That is, a QuickTime 2.0 music soundtrack automatically plays back on the highestquality sound generator at its disposal. If there is a MIDI keyboard or sound module connected to the Mac's printer or modem port, for example, Quick-Time 2.0 will automatically switch its MIDI output to that device via MIDI Manager. Alternatively, you can force it to use only the software synth.

If QuickTime 2.0 finds itself running on one of the Quadra AV machines, the software synth automatically takes advantage of the 16-bit sound capabilities offered by those machines. Apple has also produced a system extension (the QuickTime PowerPlug) with native PowerPC code that enables QuickTime 2.0 to take advantage of the enhanced audio capabilities of the Power Mac.

According to Duncan Kennedy, Apple Computer's *QuickTime* product line manager, *QuickTime* 2.0 converts

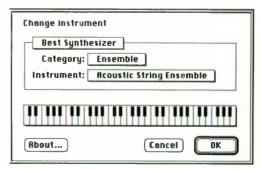


FIG. 2: The Instrument Picker dialog box in *QuickTime* 2.0 is used to select the instruments that will perform the movie's music soundtrack.



RECORDING

# DAT Mastering at Home

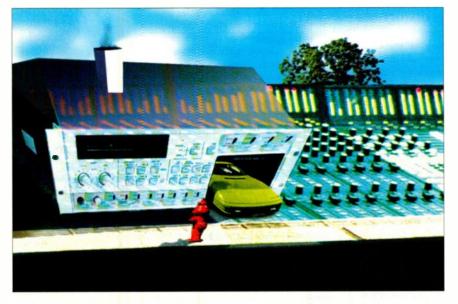
# Control your musical destiny with a personal mastering suite.

By Buddy Saleman

astering is the last step in the record-making process before duplication to CD, cassette, or vinyl. Many producers and engineers consider mastering the most critical stage of audio production, because it's the last chance to fix problems and add the sparkle that turns mixes into masterpieces. A basic mastering session involves sequencing songs in the desired order, adding EQ to spice up the sound or adjust for tonal deficiencies, and using signal processing (compression, spectral enhancing, and so on) to increase sonic impact.

Unfortunately, professional master-

**World Radio History** 



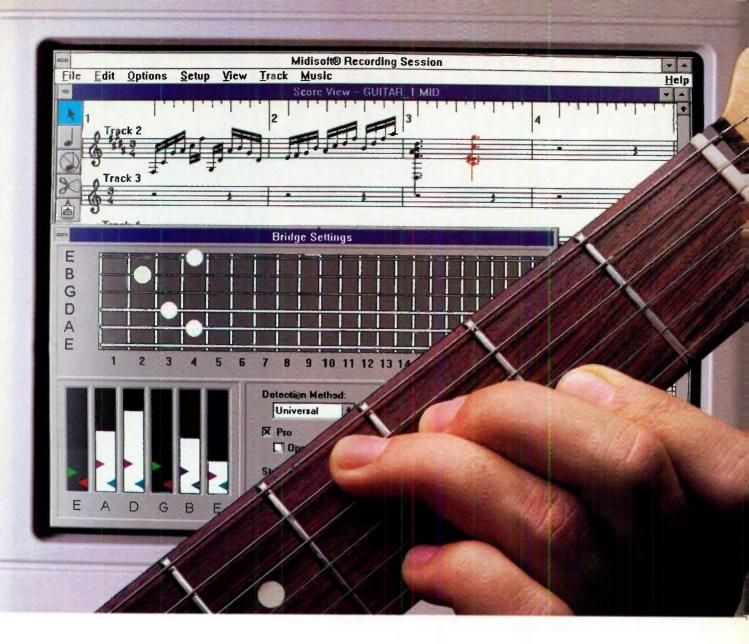
106 Electronic Musician October 1994

ing rooms aren't cheap. A trip to these hallowed houses of sound often means parting with \$125 or more, *per hour*. That tariff is certainly too stiff for most home studio owners. You can bypass the commercial rooms if you own a digital audio workstation, but even these tools remain too expensive for most home recordists.

But if you can borrow two DAT machines, you can use your existing mixer and signal processors to turn your home studio into a private mastering suite. DAT-to-DAT mastering is a simple and inexpensive way for home recordists to take even more control of music production. Finally, *you* can decide how your final product sounds; you only need your ears, a few pieces of easily accessible gear, and a little patience.

# **GEARING UP**

Although commercial mastering suites are filled with high-tech audio equipment, the basic home mastering system is very simple (see Fig. 1). One DAT machine is used as a playback deck for your already-mixed musical works. A mixer is used to process the signal from the playback deck, facilitating EQ tweaks, additional signal processing, and level adjustments. A second DAT machine is used as the master recorder, allowing you to sequence your songs in any order you desire. The master DAT recorder produces the final



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# ALL DAT TAPES ARE NOT THE SAME BUT DON'T TAKE OUR WORD FOR IT

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PRODUCTS

Audio Applications

**DAT122** 

DAT122

Ask Studio Sound, one of the world's most highly respected professional audio publications. They recently subjected eight leading DAT tape brands to an exhaustive series of tests and the results should be of interest to everyone serious about audio.

In the critical area of block errors, the tapes fell into two distinct categories of performance. Three exhibited similarly low error rates with the others presenting error levels considerably higher. HHB DAT Tape was one of the leading three.

DAI



DAT ON TRIAL

Perhaps even more significant was the fact that one of these leading tapes was clearly more consistent than the others, with its low error rates changing very little over multiple passes. That tape was HHB.

And when it came to archiving stability, Studio Sound's reviewer was moved to write: "If it were my recordings at risk, it is clear which choice I would make". His choice? You guessed it – HHB.

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anything less?



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### RECORDING MUSICIAN

duplication master that you send off to make CDs, cassettes, or vinyl records.

It's best if both DAT machines are professional units, but one consumer deck and one pro-level deck can do the job. One of the machines should record analog signals at 44.1 kHz (the standard CD sample rate), or you may have to pay extra for a sample-rate conversion at the duplication plant. Of course, few home recordists can afford two DAT machines, so calling in favors and friends is usually the key to getting what you need. Two recordists can combine their gear at one studio and schedule a double mastering session that benefits both parties. In the event that a "freebie" machine is nowhere to be found, pro audio-rental companies can provide decks at reasonable rates.

The mixing console is the command center of a conventional home studio, so you should already have a clean, sweet-sounding model. Because DATto-DAT mastering involves routing the stereo signal from the source DAT through the mixer's EQ, the importance of a good mixer to the home mastering process cannot be overemphasized.

If you have reservations about your mixer's sonic health, borrow or rent a highly regarded compact mixer, such as Mackie's CR-1604 or Allen & Heath's GL2. Don't scrimp on sound quality; a substandard mixer can sabotage the mastering process by introducing au-

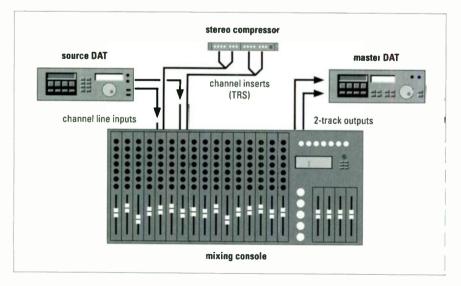


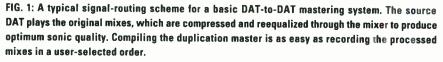
A home mastering system doesn't require that you rustle up two pro-quality DAT recorders. I've produced great sounding masters using a consumer model Sony DTC-700 as a playback deck and Tascam's professional studio machine, the DA-30 (shown above), as the master deck.

dible hiss and other sonic anomalies to the duplication master.

A good-quality stereo compressor completes the basic home mastering system. Compression smoothes out signal levels and dynamics to put more punch in your master. (For a full explanation of compression, see "Recording Musician: Maximum Compression" in the December 1993 EM.) If you really want to make your masters shine, add a spectral enhancer or a hiss-reduction device to the equipment list.

I know that many recordists may question the wisdom of going through an analog signal chain (the mixer) to produce a DAT duplication master. In practice, I've mastered countless projects using this method, and no one has complained about compromised





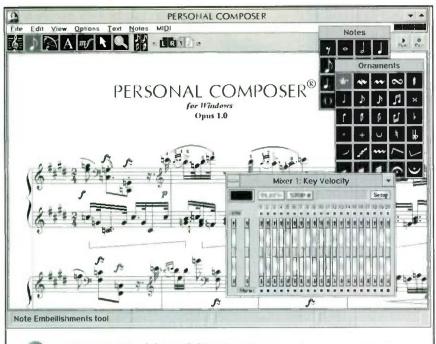
sonic quality. And I'm not just talking about demo projects. Several of these masters have been released commercially by major and independent record companies.

In my opinion, some engineers put too much importance on keeping everything in the digital domain. Goodquality analog equipment will not seriously degrade a digital audio signal and, in fact, may add a nice bit of analog warmth. Don't fall victim to digital snobbery. Trust your ears. After reading this article, I'm sure you'll be excited about producing duplication masters in your home studio, not worried about slipping out of the digital domain.

### **HOOKING UP**

Setting up your mastering system is easy. Take the left/right stereo outputs from the source (playback) DAT machine and connect them to an adjacent pair of input modules on the mixer. Make sure all other input channels, aux sends, etc., are muted or in their null (off) positions. Connect the master (recording) DAT machine to the stereo output bus of the mixer. (It makes sense to use the better of the two DAT machines as the master deck.)

Each channel of the stereo compressor is inserted into the appropriate input channel through the input send/return jack on each module. (If your mixer doesn't have channel inserts, connect the compressor to the stereo bus inserts.) Now, pan the two input channels left and right, confirming that the left/right outputs from the source DAT machine correspond to the left/right panning on the board. If this instruction seems too remedial,



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# RECORDING MUSICIAN

the levels up before the song starts and down as the song fades out. Because the source signal is running through mixer input channels, fading audio in and out is an easy way to make sure that transitions between songs are silent.

Regarding transitions, the typical space between musical selections is three to five seconds. However, a dramatic pause of ten seconds between one song and another may be appropriate, while one song might sound best kicking in one second after the previous track ends. Base your final decision on how the transitions "feel."

Luckily, the mechanics of DAT-to-

XIGMA
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Program "It's Only Rock 'n' Roll" CD project
Dawring 9 August 1994 Engineer Buddy Saleman Assistar Dian Langlois Produce Michael Molenda Source Tascam DA.30 44.1 KHz
Comments I KHz Tone @ O VU 0:00.0:45 Silence 0:46-1:59 I. Desperate to Dance 2:00-4:17 2. Stay with me Tonight 4:21-7:01 3. Still On My Mind 7:04-10:44 4. Time Will Tell 10:48-13:22 5. Where The Sun 13:25:17:59 6. Been Here Before 18:04-22:12 7. If It Were Me 22:15-25:41 8. I'd Do Anything 25:44-30:30 9. Here With You 30:34-34:07 10. Gotta Get Out 34:11-40:15

### FIG. 2: A properly labeled DAT duplication master lists every program event in absolute time.

DAT sequencing are child's play. If you don't like a transition, you can easily do it again and again until you're satisfied. You just shuttle the source DAT to the appropriate cut, cue the master DAT to where the next selection should begin (including the silence between cuts), and simultaneously press Play on the source machine and Record on the master deck.

However, don't expect precise "razor" edits from this system. The DAT machine's rotary heads don't engage immediately, so you often end up with a second or more between cuts than you wanted. A little experimentation is usually required to find the best spot to pause both machines to produce, say, a 3-second silence between selections. It is important that you do not press Stop on the decks at any time during sequencing. If you press Stop on both decks between edits, the machines will have to wrap the tape around the heads before going into Play or Record—a process that can add those frustrating extra seconds to your song sequences. Pause mode does not fully disengage the heads from the tape, which makes quicker, more precise edits possible.

When the mastering is finished, *al-ways* make a safety copy of your duplication master. Never send your only DAT master to be duplicated. When you tempt fate, it usually bites. In other words, your sole DAT master will disappear as soon as it leave your hands.

# **IT'S NEVER ENOUGH**

Unfortunately, your worries aren't over after you've shipped your brilliantly mastered DAT to the duplication plant. Although duplicators often do a fine job, there is a always the possibility that your product will come back sounding less than wonderful. To avoid being stuck with a disappointing record, always demand that the manufacturer send a test pressing before you approve the complete run. Even if you are charged extra for the test pressings, do it. They're worth many times their price.

Compare the tests to your safety master to make sure the majority of the sounds you produced are present. Allow for the playback characteristics of the medium—cassettes, for example, will not sound as wonderful as the DAT master—but if something doesn't thrill you, ask the duplicator to recut their master and run another test. Tell your account person why the test pressing did not compare favorably to the master (it sounds too thin, lacks bass, the high-end seems distorted, and so on).

The beauty of do-yourself mastering is that you *know* how the record should sound. So accept no substitutes; stand firm until the pressing plant gets it right.

**Buddy Saleman** is head engineer at Sound & Vision studios in San Francisco. He also produced several tracks on the recently-released compilation CD, The Infinite Summer of Love (Taxim Records, Germany).

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# **Singles Going Steady**

# The 45 rpm single is alive and well in the alternative music scene.

By Diane Lowery

h, yes, I remember the days when I scrounged through Mom's purse to find enough change to buy a couple of new 45s. I couldn't resist the mesmerizing, colorful sleeves that lined the walls and filled the bins of my local record store. I would make my selection, then run home to hear the 3-minute blast of music that was worth the risk of Mom discovering her pocketbook mysteriously empty.

I wasn't the only one seduced by these small, 7-inch discs chock full of sound. Vinyl 45s ushered in the rock



Pavement's recent single "Cut Your Hair" (Matador Records) was a marketing tool to promote their upcoming CD release. The B-side contains two songs not included on the CD.

'n' roll era, maintaining an important presence in the music industry through the early 1980s. Then, the market changed. "You don't hear about a single selling a million copies anymore," says Max Hechter, a clerk at Rhino Records in Los Angeles. "Top 40 radio is different today; it isn't singles driven like it was in the 1960s."

But even though the CD has effectively buried the vinyl LP and major market radio has abandoned the single, the vinyl 45 refuses to die. In fact, the 7-inch record is surprisingly healthy. The latest Recording Industry Association of America (RIAA) statistics show that vinyl singles still move more than 15 million units a year. By comparison, the much-promoted CD single format sells just 7.8 million units a year. So, if your music fits into the "singles scene," an open market is waiting for you.

# SINGLES MARKET

Fitting into the scene is easier if your music is nonmainstream and youth-oriented. The reason for this can be traced to the roots of punk rock in 1975, when the 45 rpm single became the perfect vehicle for punk's do-it-yourself ethic. Singles were cheap to produce and could be marketed and distributed regionally, without the interference (or support) of major record labels. These benefits are not lost on today's generation of punk and alternative artists.

"The 7-inch single represents the

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punk scene because it captures the moment," explains Dr. Frank, lead guitarist and vocalist for the Mr. T Experience. "It's a mini sound bite of what your band was doing at a particular time. Fans can buy your single and become a part of that moment."

Audience support is critical to the success of a 45. Unlike GDs and CD singles, which are mass-marketed corporate products, 45s are often love letters from a band to its fans. The acts can personalize artwork without fear of censorship or catering to mass commercialism. And the inexpensive nature of the medium works two ways. "Singles are a great way for fans to hear new bands without spending a lot of money," remarks Lee Joseph, owner of Hell Yeah! and Dionysus Records in Burbank, California.

Distribution of vinyl singles is largely handled by small independent record stores that cater to alternative bands and their fans. "You get all sorts of people buying singles: college students, aging punk rockers, music junkies who gravitate toward independent music, and record collectors who love 45s," says Hechter.

The musicians most likely to put out

a cool single are people who buy and collect 45s themselves. If that's you, great. You're probably well aware of the marketplace and the types of bands that are successful with the medium. However, if this article is your introduction to the scene, do some homework before you leap in. It's essential that you know your audience. Don't put out a 45 if it's not appropriate to your style or market.

"People who like Pearl Jam or Garth Brooks don't buy 7-inch singles," says Deborah Orr, publicist for New Yorkbased Matador Records. "Singles consumers are people who like more intimate, offbeat, and nonmainstream music. If you don't fit the profile for a singles band, don't release a 45 just because you think there's no other way of getting your stuff out. It won't sell. You'd be better served by going out and playing live to develop an audience."

# **SPINNING DISCS**

The vinyl 45 is an affordable medium for tightly budgeted alternative bands to put out product (see sidebar, "The Kids are Alright"). Depending on the manufacturer, pressing costs hover around \$1.10 per disc. Many companies offer package deals that include disc mastering, a limited number of test pressings (to reference the sound quality of the run), labels and label typesetting, white paper sleeves, and a press run of between 500 and 1,000 singles. Of course, if the act decides to print a flashy cover and press the singles on colored vinyl, the costs escalate rapidly.

"When we were starting out, our singles were produced very inexpensively," says Lawrence Livermore, president of Lookout Records in Berkeley, California. "We'd photocopy the artwork and stuff the records into the sleeves ourselves. We saved a lot of money. But now, many of our acts are doing very well. When you're pressing tens of thousands of singles, you can't do evcrything by hand. We have to give the jobs to commercial printers, which brings up the costs considerably. It has been difficult for us to get a release costing under a dollar per unit."

For the independent artist who produces his or her own record, keeping a budget under control is critical. If you can't afford the production costs, your project will self-destruct. Cutting recording costs is the first step to producing an affordable

# THE KIDS ARE ALRIGHT

Last year, I did something really fun and really dumb. I released a 7-inch single. Back in 1976, I slunk around San Francisco's punk community, playing music too loud, looking too silly, and recording and collecting 45s faster than executives trade business cards.

I thought those days were gone, but the recent resurgence of the 45 in local alternative music circles pushed all my nostalgia buttons. I longed to join the kids and get into the (vinyl) groove again.

So I recruited some of **EM**'s extended musical family—ex-art director Andrew Faulkner (guitar), ex-circulation consultant Ira Epstein (bass), and long-time contributor Larry the O (drums). We wrote two silly new wave songs, thought up a ridiculous band name, and dragged everyone into the studio.

There was no rehearsal. In true punk fashion, we learned, recorded, and mixed the songs in one 6-hour session. The tracks, recorded on a single Alesis ADAT, were mixed to DAT and shipped off to Rainbo Records in Santa Monica, California, for pressing.

In less than a month, we had 500 electric blue vinyl 45s. The cover sleeve, designed by Faulkner, was cooler than the music, but I didn't care. I was a singles artist again! Here's what it cost to relive my past:

> Tape Costs: \$40 Recording Time: 6 hours (free) Shipping Costs: \$40 Cover Art Printing: \$400 Pressing: \$669 Plastic Sleeve Covers: \$50 Total Production Cost: \$1,199

The real gas was that Ascot Jacket's whimsical release received airplay on 52 college radio stations, which led to real gigs, actual rehearsals, and commitments from the musicians to become a real band. Now I'm stuck with these guys. (Actually, Faulkner bailed out and was replaced by local guitar goddess Randi Joy.) Ascot Jacket is currently recording a full-blown CD, and I still can't believe all this ruckus was caused by a tiny 7inch single.

-Michael Molenda



Ex-EM art director Andrew Faulkner's spiffy cover design for Ascot Jacket's premiere single.



The "Gun Crazy" single by the Mr. T Experience (Lookout Records) had a limited run of 2,000 copies and immediately went out of print. Although the three songs on the single also appeared on the band's follow-up CD release, fans and collectors prize the 45 version.

release. Unfortunately, it's difficult for most alternative acts to record tracks (for free) in a member's home studio, because the music is typified by loud guitars and drums.

If you must shoulder the cost of commercial recording rates, be sure to rehearse until every beat and note is etched into your brain cells. The studio clock doesn't stop ticking while you 'orget arrangements and make misakes. It's great to leave a little room 'or on-the-spot creative inspiration, but scripting out your session like a miliary maneuver definitely reduces stulio stress.

At the mixdown session, it's a good dea to mix your tape a little brighter han you would for a CD release. This overall tonal tweak compensates for my slight mid- and high-frequency losses that may occur when your producion is stamped into vinyl. Professional opinions vary on whether bright mixes tre necessary to optimize the sound of inyl records, but it seldom hurts to ounch up your stereo master. After all, 'ou're making a blistering rock 'n' roll 'ecord, right?

Mastering for vinyl duplication is vasy. If you're preparing an analog maser tape, record approximately 30 seconds each of 100 Hz, 1 kHz, and 10 kHz tones at 0 VU. Edit a liberal imount of paper leader tape between



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# WORKING MUSICIAN

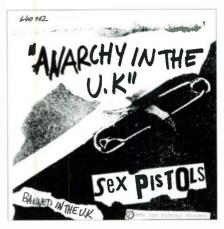
the tones and side one and side two, and store the master reel tails out. DAT masters only require a 1 kHz tone recorded at 0 VU. Record at least one minute of silence between the tone and side one and side two. Be sure to log the program data in absolute time on the DAT sleeve (1 kHz tone 0:00-0:45; silence 0:46-1:59; side one, "song A" 2:00-4:07; and so on). Finally, never let a valuable master tape out of your hands until you have made a safety copy. If you ship your only master to a pressing plant, it will get lost. Believe it!

# **MOVING UP THE CHARTS**

Once you've pressed your single, there are several ways to get your 45 to the fans. First and foremost is the old standby of getting out and performing live. In the alternative scene, club gigs, warehouse concerts, impromptu rehearsal space shows, and performances at parties are critical to developing an audience.

"On a local or grass-roots level, nothing beats playing live and selling your 45 at the show," maintains Joseph. "If people see your band and they like you, they can buy a record right then and there."

Selling your single at gigs is also a way to get creative feedback. "At shows we find out if our singles or albums are doing well by word-of-mouth," says Dr. Frank. "We ask people what their opinions are. If you are active in the local scene, eventually you'll hear what people think about your stuff."



The Sex Pistols kicked punk rock into the mainstream in the mid-1970s. Their outrageous behavior and facile publicity machine gained them oceans of ink in daily newpapers (and even *Time* and *Newsweek*). Here's the single that started the carnival of publicity and mythmaking.





The Boss Martians signed an album contract with Dionysus Records after owner/producer Lee Joseph came across their self-produced single in a San Francisco record store.

Another way to get heard is to send your single to college radio stations. However, it's seldom productive to ship records out unless you're aware of the station's format and audience.

"I don't see the worth of making sure

every little 10-watt station has your record," says Orr. "Massive mailings don't ensure that large numbers of people will be hearing your single. To get significant radio airplay, you have to make sure your 45 is received by stations that understand and support your type of music."

In addition, the small and exclusive record collector's market can provide acts with a substantial promotional boost. Limited runs, special editions, and colored vinyl are often extremely desirable for people worshipping the *scarcity factor*.

"If you only put out 500 copies of a single, it usually

sells out fast, " says Dr. Frank. "If there's a buzz, more people will want to get their hands on it, because it's already a rare thing. The interest generated by a limited edition can help push you forward to more sales on your next release."

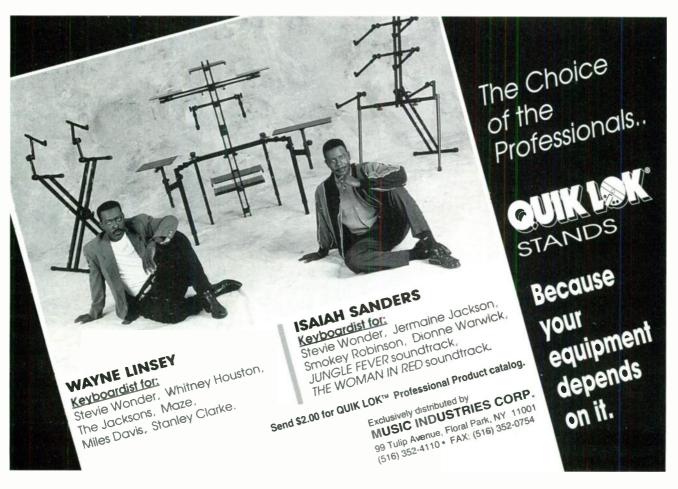
### IT'S A HIT!

The 45 still attracts notice from the music industry. "Everyone from *Rolling Stone* record reviewers to major-label scouts come to Rhino looking to discover the next big thing," says Hechter. "They scour the 45 bins and try to find talented acts before anyone else."

Whether a single is broadcast on college radio stations, reviewed in underground fanzines, or played during teenager slumber parties, it remains a great way for a band to promote its latest sound. If your goal is world domination, a 45 may not be the best vehicle, but it is the coolest, most costeffective, and identifiable music marketing tool around.

But promotional opportunities aside, many bands put out 45s just because they collect records and love music. "Doing a single is good because it doesn't really matter how many you sell," says Dr. Frank. "The main thing is to give something fun to people who like you."

**Diane Lowery** is editorial assistant of Electronic Musician magazine.





# **Questions and Answers**

### The Professor lectures on piano tuning and technical education.

By Alan Gary Campbell

A friend of mine who plays acoustic and electro-acoustic keyboards a lot says that you can tune them—even pianos—with a strobe tuner. I've tried this, and either I didn't know the trick, or it just doesn't work. Is there a way to tune a difficult, older instrument, such as a Yamaha CP-70, with a strobe?

A. A piano string is sufficiently rigid that, from a physics standpoint, it has some of the characteristics of a rod. Practically speaking, this means the piano-string harmonics are sharp relative to the fundamental, an effect most troublesome at the extremes of the keyboard range. Thus, pianos are generally "stretch-tuned"—flat in the bass and sharp in the treble—to minimize the clash between bass har-



trolled tuning devices such as the igid Sanderson Accu-Tuner (Inventronics, has Inc., 9 Acton Rd., Chelmsford, MA rod. 01824; tel. [800] FAST-440) allow

complexity of the problem.

stretch tunings to be programmed with great accuracy (see Fig. 1). Such devices are as far removed from the strobe tuner as a keyboard workstation is from a Minimoog.

monics and midrange fundamentals

and midrange harmonics and treble

fundamentals. This is a gross over-

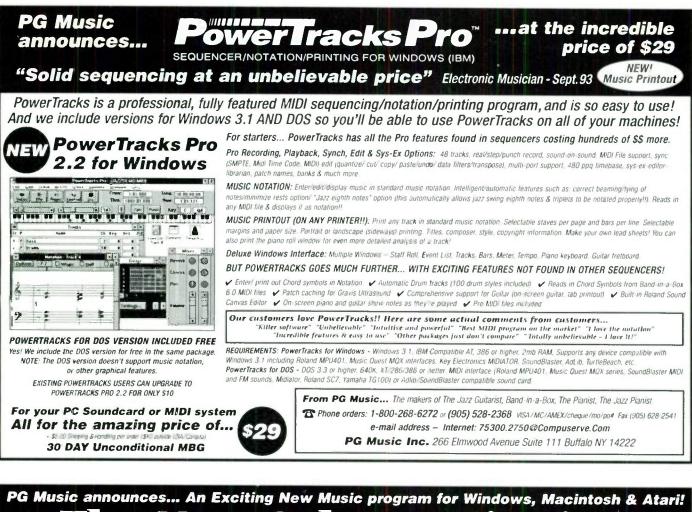
simplification, but it illustrates the

A strobe tuner can be useful in piano tuning if you allow for the "stretch" off-

sets. Moreover, newer, digitally con-

**Q**. I'm pursuing a two-year associate's degree in a community college electronics-technology program. I want to get a job as a service technician and eventually work for an established artist or manufacturer. Will an associate's degree be enough? The local tech claims you don't even need a degree, and the store has already given me a lot of bench work.

**A** • Over the years, I have been privileged to befriend many of the best techs in the industry, and I have discovered that their backgrounds are as disparate as are their genotypes. Some have almost no formal education, while some have Ph.D's, often in fields seemingly unrelated to music or electronics (psychology, for example).



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nobody's ever done it before.



### SERVICE CLINIC

Nonetheless, the tech who doesn't have a basic understanding of such niceties as differential and integral calculus, applied physics, basic inorganic and organic chemistry, engineering materials, computer programming, musical acoustics, and music theory and performance—not to mention electronics theory and troubleshooting techniques—is at a considerable disadvantage.

An associate's degree in electronic technology can provide good preparation for a career as a service tech. A typical program with empha-

sis on microprocessor technology might leave some ground uncovered there may be gaps regarding analog circuitry, for example, that would make a first encounter with an activefilter network mystifying—but this terrain can be traversed.

A B.S. in electronics technology can open many more doors and is particularly desirable for those who aspire to move up to higher-level technical positions in manufacturing. (An MBA doesn't hurt, either.) The electronics technology degree is more applicationsoriented than a traditional electronics engineering degree.

As important as a degree is, bench experience really stands out on a résumé. Keep a log of repairs performed, with brief notes regarding the type of equipment and nature of the service, as well as the troubleshooting techniques brought to bear. Log any clever fixes or "tough dogs." Gear you've built from kits or from scratch should also be bragged about, especially if it works!

Naturally, even the best course can't cover more than a portion of what you'll need to know in an interdisciplinary field such as music technology. Continuous self-education is a must.

**Q** • My Peavey DPM 3 sometimes "locks up" and has to be reset from the front panel. This only happens on the gig, not at home. I have operating system version 1.1, and the local tech says I need version 2, at least. Will an upgrade solve the problem?

**A**. Although it is possible your instrument has an intermittent hardware fault, the fact that the problem occurs only on the gig strongly suggests that AC line transients at the site are the cause of



FIG. 1: Sanderson's digitally controlled Accu-Tuner allows extremely accurate custom tuning.

the memory scrambling. A simple surge suppressor (the cube-tap type) might prevent this, but stubborn transients sometimes require an AC line filter or line regulator to clean things up.

I know of no specific version 1.1 problems of the type you relate. However, Peavey recommends upgrading older operating systems as a matter of course. Version 1.3 (the final revision of the version 1 series) is available through authorized service centers for \$49.99 (plus installation). But for the same price, you could just as easily get version 3.2, which would upgrade your synth to a DPM 3SE Plus, without the added memory.

You could even upgrade the memory board to provide full DPM 3SE Plus, or even DPM 4, capability. Complete kits that include the new memory board, updated operating-system ROMs, and new system disks are available for \$299.99 and \$349.99, respectively. These upgrades must be installed by an authorized service center.

Users with questions regarding DPM service problems or authorized servicecenter locations can call Peavey's Customer Service department for keyboard products; tel. (601) 483-5365.

**Q**. Recently, I plugged an audio cable into one of the Mix outs on my Kurzweil K2000R when the module was already on, and I heard a distinct *bwaap!* Soon after, the output became noisy. The technician said I had damaged the FET that mutes the output during power-up, by exposing it to static electricity or to an excessive ground potential. He replaced the FET and advised me to install a daughterboard with diodes to protect the output-muting FETs. If these diodes protect the FETs, they must be in parallel with

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### the outputs and will surely affect the sound. Is this modification advisable?

A. The FET Protection Board adds, at each output, a pair of reverse-parallel 1N4001 diodes, which are tied to the positive and negative supplies. A similar board is available for the K2000 keyboard synth. This is a well-designed fix. Any distortion produced by the diodes would be virtually undetectable, even with the most sensitive test gear, and will be swamped by the output signal. According to Kurzweil, field surveys have revealed no problems, even in critical applications.

Certainly a zener diode does not provide a perfect open circuit (infinite resistance and zero capacitance) when it

> **Any distortion** produced by **Kurzweil's FET Protection Board** is virtually undetectable.

is idling. A tiny amount of added distortion may be assumed to be present with the modification in place. Nonetheless, the signal levels at the outputs are high enough that any minute distortion products will be "swamped" and rendered inaudible.

The modification is highly recommended, but somewhat involved. Though no drilling or trace-cutting is required, numerous wires from the FET Protection Board must be carefully tack-soldered to the output jacks. This is an authorized-service-centeronly job. The update is available at no charge for in-warranty instruments; boards are available for a nominal charge (under \$20) for installation in out-of-warranty units, with the installation charge to be determined by the service center. Current K2000 models include the board.

EM contributing editor Alan Gary **Campbell** is owner of Musitech, a consulting firm specializing in electronic-music product design, service, and modification.



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147	Tech 21 SansAmp PSA-1
149	Altech GMS (Mac)

### Alaska Software DigiTrax 1.0 (Mac)

By Jeff Burger

### Six-track hard-disk recording for the Mac AV.

laska Software's *DigiTrax* is one of the new breed of multitrack digital-audio recording programs that relies on the digital signal processing power in the Macintosh Quadra 660AV and 840AV. The software also runs on any NuBus-equipped Mac with a DSP card that is compatible with the Apple Real Time Architecture (ARTA) technology, such as Spectral Innovations' NuMedia (see sidebar). Unfortunately, *DigiTrax* does not



FIG. 1: Alaska Software's *DigiTrax* includes a Mixer window that emulates a traditional analog mixing board, with input channels, a meter bridge, and master input and output faders. The program provides simple hard-disk recording for the Mac AV and other ARTAcompatible Macs, with few frills. support Digidesign audio cards, such as Audiomedia.

DigiTrax provides six simultaneous tracks of 16-bit digital audio at sampling rates up to 48 kHz. This architecture works in conjunction with the AV Mac's 2channel I/O; thus, recording is limited to one or two tracks at a time, and the output is a stereo mix. All editing, mixing, bouncing, and EQ is done in the

digital domain. Although it's not quite the same as third-party hardware/software packages that cost \$1,000 and up, this software-only solution brings impressive 6-track digital recording to Mac owners for a song.

A few system caveats: You'll want a large, fast hard disk that has minimal thermal recalibration time. All drives periodically pause for thermal recalibration, and you want one that pauses the least. Unfortunately, this is not a widely published spec, except by manufacturers who have something to be proud of. Alaska Software claims the drives that ship in all AV Macs are kosher.

The company also warns you to disable file-sharing, dismount servers, defragment your hard drive, and turn off virtual memory, speech recognition, Express Modem software, and any unnecessary system extensions. These are reasonable and common requests, considering what the system is being asked to do.

### THE BASICS

Any musician who has worked with mixers and recorders will immediately feel at home with *DigiTrax*' user interface. The Mixer window (see Fig. 1) consists of six tracks configured as typical mixer channels, a 6-track meter bridge, master left/right input faders and meters for the AV's audio inputs, and left/right faders and meters for the AV's audio outs. The other windows include traditional transport controls, waveform displays along a timeline, and EQ settings.

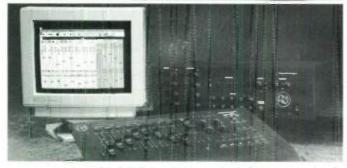
Recording basic tracks is a snap: Record enable the desired tracks to receive from the AV's left or right input, adjust the master input faders (which span a 22 dB range) according to the meter level and clip indicator in the Mixer window, then engage Record. I had no problem successfully recording six tracks, and I was able to pan and adjust mix levels without referring to the documentation. Each channel includes a switch to select between recording from the left, right, or both input channels; Play; and Mute, complete with multicolor status light. (A solo button would be appreciated, though.) Stereo pan and level faders are supplemented by displays for dB and left/right ratio, respectively. Adjacent faders can also be ganged for common manipulation.











\*Source: Music Trades (8/93). Inc. Magazine (10/93). Music Inc. (5/94)

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### SPECTRAL INNOVATIONS NUMEDIA CARD

The DSP capabilities of the Quadra 660AV and 840AV are specifically designed to handle digital signal-processing functions that can become processor bottlenecks even on accelerated 68040 machines. Fortunately, you can add this AV-series DSP capability to any Mac II series or Quadra by installing the NuMedia NuBus card from Spectral Innovations (\$695).

The NuMedia card utilizes the same 16-bit, AT&T 3210 DSP chip as the Mac AVs. The sonic quality of the analog audio I/O is comparable, with an 80 dB signal-to-noise ratio. A stereo microphone input is provided, primarily for multimedia voice-overs.

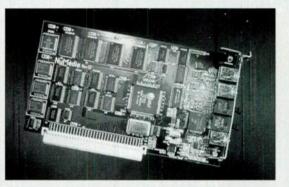
Spectral Innovations uses ½inch, stereo minijack connectors and breakout cables for RCA connectors, which some people consider relatively low on the food chain. However, the NuMedia card ups the ante by including digital I/O, although Spectral's choice of fiber-optic connections over more standard formats is questionable.

The card uses Apple's Sound Manager 3.0 and is compatible with QuickTime 1.6.1, making it easy to integrate with any application. NuMedia's support of ARTA (Apple Real Time Architecture) means the circuitry enhances all DSP operations, including speech recognition. More important for multimedia producers or musicians with a graphics bent, the card also supports the Adobe Charged series of *Photoshop* filters, which significantly accelerate operations such as Rotate,

Resize, Gaussian Blur, Sharpen Edges, Unsharp Mask, and more. Other graphics and multimedia products such as *Fractal Painter X2* and *VideoFusion* 1.5 are also beginning to take advantage of DSP to accelerate other intensive functions.

The analog I/O quality of the NuMedia card (and the AV machines) is pretty decent and comparable to other

sound cards in its price range. You'll find poorer signal-to-noise ratio, more distortion, and less channel separation than in Digidesign's higher-end systems, along with the restriction of only two simultaneous ins and outs. Many people won't be able to distinguish the difference unless they are auditioned side by side, though. Using the card's digital I/O obviates most differences in audio guality. (Spectral Innovations also offers the NuMedia<sup>2</sup> card without digital I/O for \$495.) When you buy either card, you also get Opcode Audioshop 2.0 and a Killer Track CD with over 50 minutes of royalty-free music.



The Spectral Innovations NuMedia card provides ARTA-compatible digital audio thanks to an AT&T 3210 DSP chip.

> NuMedia installation and operation proved trouble-free in conjunction with *DigiTrax*. Considering the price of trading in an existing Mac for an AV machine—not to mention digital I/O—Spectral Innovations' solutions is both practical and attractive.

> Overall rating: 4.5. Spectral Innovations; 1885 Lundy Ave., Suite 208, San Jose, CA 95131; tel. (408) 955-0366; fax (408) 955-0370.

Each recording pass produces namable Phrases that reside in the affected tracks and take the form of individual AIFF files on the hard disk. (DigiTrax does not support the Sound Designer II file format.) Phrases are also displayed as waveforms in the Timeline window. Tracks can be constructed from a series of Phrases, and Phrases can be selectively assigned to specific times in Tracks, which is handy for spotting sound effects, for example. Screen redraw can be tedious, so I found myself keeping the Timeline window closed when trying repeatedly to get a perfect take.

The Transport window (see Fig. 2) supplements the SMPTE counter display and transport controls with a palette of twenty auto-locate buttons. Auto-locate points can be given names, which is a handy feature. You can also locate the transport by dragging a marker along the waveform display in the Timeline. Unfortunately, the converse is not true: The waveform display does not scroll to reflect the auto-locate points. Buttons for looping and punching passages are provided.

Key equivalents are provided for Record, Play, and Reset (to zero), but not Fast Forward or Rewind. User-definable equivalents would be great, however, because the preset ones differ from those I am used to in *Digital Performer*. It's also frustrating not to be able to type a location point directly into the counter.

Alaska needs to build more elegance into the process of recording or punching takes. Tracks pop out of Record mode after each take, and there's no provision for automatic return-to-zero or to a auto-location point. Redoing a blown take means invoking Undo, relocating the transport, rearming the desired track(s), engaging Record, and triggering Play. Tracks also pop out of punch-in mode after each take, so add that to the list during surgical retakes. Although the looping feature is handy for practice, trying to get the perfect take quickly becomes tedious given the aforementioned series of events.

The Transport window can also be expanded to reveal controls for an internal or external CD-ROM drive, which is a nice touch for acquiring audio from CDs. (You can import Red Book audio from CD-ROM, but you can't access data files.) The controls are functionally equivalent to those in Apple's *CD Remote* control panel.

### EDITING

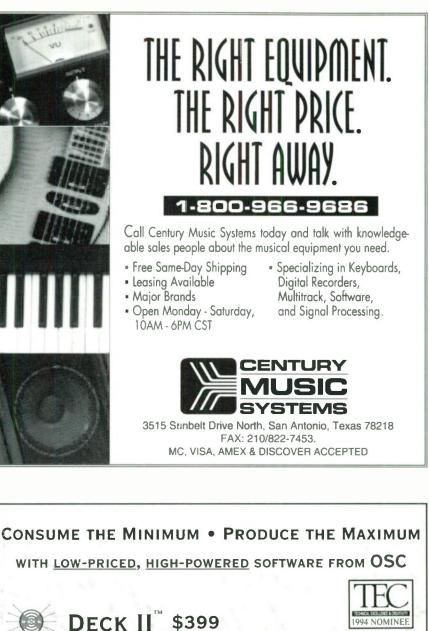
Editing is performed on the waveforms in the Timeline window (see Fig. 3), using one of three tools/modes. Phrase mode performs operations such as cut, copy, paste, and clear on entire Phrases. You can also drag or "slip" Phrases along the timeline, even during playback. For example, this is handy when adjusting sound effects and other hits to video. Phrases automatically stop when they butt up against another Phrase if dragged within the same track. By dragging to a different track and then back to the original, DigiTrax allows Phrases to be overlaid in the same track. The keyboard arrow keys, in conjunction with modifier keys, can be used to nudge Phrases left or right in the timeline, at various resolutions. Window handles can also be used to "crop" Phrases, nondestructively removing unwanted portions of audio at the beginning and/or end of files.

Other Phrase-editing options include reversing for backward playback, inverting for smoothing edit points or reducing phase problems, and normalizing to maximize amplitude so that peaks are at 100% without clipping. The effective volume set by the Track's Mix fader level can also be applied to the AIFF file, as can the EQ settings. (More on EQ shortly.)

Selection mode lets you select and edit specific portions of one or more Phrases across one or more tracks. Although there are numeric readouts for start time, stop time, and length, you can't enter numbers directly into those fields. In addition, there is no way to directly translate the selection endpoints into begin and end times for loop and punch operations. At the very least, I'd like to see the ability to audition a selection for aural verification of the endpoints.

Selection editing is used for other cut/copy/paste operations, although selections can simply be dragged to new locations or option-dragged to create and position duplicates (good for effects such as stutters). No level, EQ, or other modifications can be made on selections, only on Phrases. Although you can copy selections to new Phrases, the ability to modify selections would be a welcome addition.

Level/fade mode provides simple, linear envelopes for creating fade-ins and fade-outs, as well as adjusting overall levels. You can select the points in time at which the fades start and end (i.e., the zero and maximum levels), but you can't draw custom curves, produce crossfades in a single track, or create fades by percentage. This stuff is



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### DIGITRAX



FIG. 2: The *DigiTrax* Transport window features twenty auto-locate points.

really straightforward. I'd welcome the ability to add additional envelope handles and specify Velocity curves, 1ather than living with only the traditional linear ramps.

Several features in the Timeline window facilitate the editing process. The Track status controls are duplicated, which is handy, because a large Timeline window can easily obscure the other windows on a small monitor. Buttons zoom the display magnification in and out; however, maximum resolution is still pretty coarse at approximately 1.5 screen-inches per second. Holding down a modifier key while clicking in the timeline begins playback from that point at half speed, which facilitates scrubbing. This helps locate in and out points, but it's a far cry from the kind of scrubbing you get in something like Sound Tools II, where speed and direction are completely under mouse control.

### PROCESSING

One of the benefits of DSP technology is real-time audio signal processing. Each track has its own equalizer, which can be manipulated as the audio is playing back. A common frequency-response display and control set are used in conjunction with track-selection switches. A low shelf, high shelf, or single-band parametric EQ can be selected for each track. The frequency-response curve and numeric readouts help visualize what's really happening, but again, there's no provision for direct numeric entry.

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There is one EO window (see Fig. 4); six buttons let you select which track's EQ is available for editing. You can't see more than one EQ curve at a time, so you can't do side-by-side visual comparisons of, for example, two similar tracks with different EQ, or the same EQ curve applied to stereo tracks. This limitation is exacerbated by the lack of an EQ copy or compare function. A copy function would be especially handy for applying identical EQ to similar tracks, such as multiple passes from the same vocalist. EQ continues to be applied in real time unless you apply it permanently to the AIFF files, which you need to do before bouncing tracks.

DigiTrax' ability to apply EQ within the computer is a powerful feature considering you can only get a stereo mix out of it. You'll probably want to apply other signal processing while recording tracks, so Alaska Software is promising chorus, flanging, and reverb this summer, followed by dynamics processing and other effects. So far, no third parties have written DigiTrax plugins, but the architecture is open, so this is a distinct possibility for the future.

One of the beauties of hard-disk recording is that you can bounce all six tracks to one or two new tracks. (For recordists used to analog tape, the absence of track planning and guard tracks in hard-disk recording is always a real kick!) Bounces are made with the current fader and pan levels (assuming a stereo bounce) for each original track, and track assignments are made via checkboxes in a dialog box.

For the final mix, simply attach your favorite 2-track recorder to the AV's audio outs. Alternatively, you can create an 8- or 16-bit master AIFF file, in either mono or stereo, from selected source tracks. This provides a hard-disk master and a handy tool for multimedia production.

A little caution is in order here, because the master faders are not active during AIFF mastering. Instead, you should preview by putting the faders at 0 dB and monitoring the levels to avert clipping; this reflects what will really go into the file. As with bouncing, EQ settings should also be applied before AIFF mastering.

### SYNCHRONIZATION

DigiTrax is designed to work alone and in conjunction with other products



with its ability to send and receive MIDI Time Code (MTC). Most sequencer users will probably build MIDI tracks in their favorite application, then switch to DigiTrax and slave the sequencer. I used Apple's MIDI Manager to slave MOTU's Digital Performer to DigiTrax on the same machine. (Digi-Trax needs at least 5 MB of application RAM, so you'll probably need more than 8 MB of RAM to run it concurrently with a professional sequencer.) Using a MOTU MIDI Time Piece, I was also successful in slaving Performer on one Mac to DigiTrax running on another Mac.

DigiTrax can slave to SMPTE with a SMPTE-to-MIDI converter. The program supports 24, 25, 29.97 drop-frame and 30 fps frame rates with SMPTE offset. It also offers preroll times to accommodate different hard-drive speeds. (The software's "transport" can start instantaneously in response to incoming time code. But a slow disk drive takes longer than a fast drive to find the desired start point in the audio file. To compensate for this, DigiTrax lets you set an amount of time, called preroll time, between the moment the first time code is received and the moment the program responds.)

Video from a video deck or similar source can be displayed in a quarter-,

#### **Product Summary** with two-color inserts and chrome tape **PRODUCT:** DigiTrax 1.0 PRICE: \$349 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS: Ouadra 660AV or 840AV, or Mac II series with ARTAcompatible NuBus audio card; 8 MB RAM; System 7.1 or later; QuickTime 1.6.1 or later (for video features); large, fast hard drive; color monitor **MANUFACTURER:** 66 We just wanted to let you Alaska Software know bow happy we are with 1197 Pomelo Ct. the CD and cassette package! Sunnyvale, CA 94087 They definitely have a major tel. (408) 738-3320 label look and sound! fax (408) 524-9699 - Micbael Wagner, INVISIBLE LISA. Houghton Lake, MI RATING PRODUCTS FROM 1 TO 5 EM METERS FEATURES EASE OF USE 1328 North Four DOCUMENTATION VALUE

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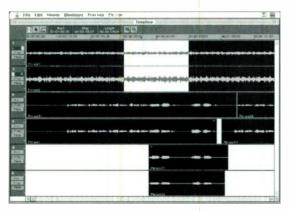


FIG. 3: In the Timeline window, waveforms are edited in tracks along a timeline. Here, a segment of Tracks 1 and 2 are selected for editing. You can cut, copy, paste, and clear entire Phrases, or work on parts of one or more Phrases across one or more tracks. Level/fade editing lets you apply extremely limited, linear envelopes.

half-, or full-screen window, which is useful when spotting or scoring to picture. This feature requires no additional hardware on an AV Macintosh, but other Macs need a third-party video-digitizing card.

DigiTrax can also be used to create soundtracks for QuickTime movies. Movies are displayed in a window and playback is synchronized to and controlled by DigiTrax, including scrubbing. You can either start from scratch, or import the movie's audio into one or two tracks in DigiTrax. Final mono or stereo tracks can be mixed into the movie at 8-bit or 16-bit resolution, with a choice of sampling rates. Clearly, Digi-Trax offers powerful tools for serious multimedia producers.

### CONCLUSIONS

For the most part, *DigiTrax* does what it promises. The documentation is acceptable, but not incredible. Many of the issues I've brought up, such as automation and copying EQ settings, are



FIG. 4: The EQ window offers a choice of low shelf, high shelf, or single-band parametric EQ for each track. You can only see one EQ curve at a time; the buttons on the lower left select which track's EQ is available for editing. planned for the imminent 1.1 revision. Many of the program's user-interface limitations are more of a pain than anything else.

Is DigiTrax for you? If you're using a serious system, such as Audiomedia II. Sound Tools II, or Pro Tools, you already have better sonic quality, better editing, and advanced features such as playlists. If you're using an integrated sequencer/ hard-disk recording package, the advantages offered by DigiTrax include two more tracks than the common 4-track environment. built-in EQ, and a metaphor that more closely

emulates multitrack tape. The disadvantage is that you don't get tight sequencer integration.

One obvious comparison is with OSC's *Deck II*. OSC supports both Digidesign and ARTA-compatible hardware, is co-developing an open plug-in architecture, supports virtual tracks for multiple takes, provides eight tracks on a Mac AV, offers integration between *Deck II* and the company's *Metro* sequencer, and has a lot of other things going for it, notably automation. I have not worked much with *Deck II*, so I'll let EM's March 1994 review speak to its strengths and weaknesses.

DigiTrax is a great addition for AVbased multimedia producers and home recordists who use basic sequencers. (Remember, though, you'll probably need more than 8 MB to run the two programs simultaneously.) Any musician who owns or can justify purchasing a large hard drive and an AV Mac, or an AT&T 3210-based DSP card for a non-AV Mac, will quickly appreciate the

product's advantages over multitrack tape decks. One thing's for sure: Analog tape will soon be dead for anyone embracing computers.

Jeff Burger is the author of The Desktop Multimedia Bible and Multimedia for Decision Makers and swears he won't ever write another book. Really.

Circle #437 on Reader Service Card

### Novation BassStation Analog Bass Synth

By Charles R. Fischer

### The strap-on lets you stand up and take it like a dinosaur.

erhaps the most interesting trend in this decade of digital delights is the marked interest in so-called "obsolete" technologies. A leading example is the second coming of analog synthesis, with several companies introducing new versions of vintage instruments.

The Novation BassStation analog bass synth offers an interesting blend of old and new. The BassStation combines a honest-to-analog, monophonic synthesizer with a 25-note, polyphonic MIDI keyboard. The 5.5-pound keyboard is battery-powered (six AA cells), and it even has pegs for service as a strap-on controller. Think of it as *Synthosaurus erectus*.

### **YESTERDAY AND TODAY**

The BassStation embodies an odd mix of past and present. The synth can produce excellent re-creations of classic analog sounds. But control voltage, gate, and trigger inputs are nowhere to be found. They've been replaced by MIDI connectors.

The front panel is reminiscent of an ARP Odyssey or Sequential Circuits Pro-One, with its array of knobs and slide switches. It has no display. A pair of multifunction buttons let you octave-transpose Oscillator 1 over a total range of eight octaves, compare edits against saved programs, and write new programs into memory. Slide switches set programming modes, select waveforms, route modulators, and transpose Oscillator 2's pitch.

The 25-note, full-size keyboard is Velocity-sensitive, but does not offer Pressure or Release Velocity. It serves double duty as the user interface for setting the MIDI channel, programming the Controller wheel, and loading and saving programs via SysEx.

One of the two controller wheels is dedicated to Pitch Bend, with a  $\pm 12$ semitone range. The other wheel can be used to send Modulation, Channel

World Radio History

Pressure, or MIDI Volume messages. This wheel's motion can also be routed to LFO depth and/or the filter cutoff frequency in the onboard synth. This greatly increases the synth's expressive capabilities.

The back panel includes the power switch; a connector for the wall-wart power supply; a ¼-inch, line-level audio output; and MIDI In and Out ports. There are no footswitch or pedal jacks. Finally, there's an ¼-inch minijack for an optional Controller Grip with duplicate Pitch and Controller wheels, but Novation has recently decided not to offer this option.

### **VOICE FROM THE PAST**

The voice architecture bears a close resemblance to many classic synths. There are two digitally controlled, analog oscillators; a voltage-controlled, lowpass filter (VCF); and a voltage-controlled amplifier (VCA). Modulators include the keyboard, a low-frequency oscillator (LFO), and two ADSR envelope generators (EGs), one of which is dedicated to the VCA.

Each audio oscillator generates sawtooth and pulse waveforms. Pulse width can be modulated from the LFO, EG 2, or a front-panel knob. As mentioned earlier, Oscillator 1 is transposed by octaves with the increment and decrement keys, while Oscillator 2 can be octave-transposed upward by as much as four octaves with a slide switch. Oscillator 2 can also be tuned upward by as much as one octave with a continuous knob, and both oscillators can be detuned by as much as ±50 cents. In addition to keyboard control, pitch can be modulated simultaneously from the LFO and EG 2, with variable depth. The audio oscillators cannot produce triangle waves, nor can they be hard synched, both of which would have helped re-create many classic sounds.

One of the best features is the resonant, lowpass filter, with a choice of 2-pole (12 dB/octave slope) or 4-pole (24 dB/octave slope) responses. The 4-pole filter has a fat, Moog-like sound, while the 2-pole filter has a restricted range (i.e., it can't open all the way) in order to emulate the more mellow Roland TB-303 Bass Line synth.

Neither filter type sounds identical to the classics it is supposed to emulate, but they're more than good enough. The CA 3080 ICs used in the VCFs and VCAs go back to about 1971,



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Novation's BassStation combines a monophonic, analog synth with a small, battery-powered MIDI keyboard that can be strapped on. The sound is genuine, ear-rippin' analog, but the MIDI features are mediocre.

so the filter looks, sounds, and behaves 100% analog. While not extremely precise, it has a funkiness that disappeared from most synths some time back. For bass lines, this is very good stuff.

The filter cutoff frequency can be set from the front panel and modulated with the LFO or EG 2. However, there is no way for the filter to track the keyboard, which is an important technique for balancing the overall timbre between the higher and lower ranges.

The LFO can generate random, triangle, or sawtooth waveforms. Its frequency can be set to a moderate speed in the subaudio range, but it cannot be transposed into the audible spectrum, as you can with some vintage synths (e.g., the ARP 2600). Right, this *is* a bass synth.

The voice architecture is enhanced by several features, including a 3-way switch that selects single, multiple, or Autoglide triggering for the envelope generators. The Autoglide mode enables legato control over the portamento, i.e., if you hold down one note and trigger another, the pitch glides to the new note without retriggering the envelopes.

### **SNARL!**

The BassStation's strongest feature is its nasty analog sound. Thanks in no small part to the onboard filter, the eight presets manage to suggest, if not quite duplicate, the timbres of several classic synths, including the Minimoog and ARP 2600. I was genuinely surprised at how well the BassStation managed to imitate the snarl of these older instruments. It sounds like it was built twenty years ago and has been preserved in a garage or pawn shop.

Unfortunately, the program memory holds only eight sounds (seven saved programs and the edit buffer). It's too much to ask for a memory-card slot, but 128 presets in RAM would make a big difference, and static RAM is cheap these days. Fortunately, the BassStation sends and receives SysEx data without problem, so it is possible to put together a large library of sounds.

### **MIDI CONTROL**

The only disappointing aspect of the BassStation is its relatively weak MIDI implementation. Still, Novation provides MIDI control for many of the important onboard synth parameters. As previously mentioned, the unit sends and receives Note, Velocity, Pitch Bend, and Modulation messages. In addition, a number of front-panel parameters are assigned to specific MIDI controller numbers. The filter knobs send filter frequency, resonance, and mod depth (undefined Control Change numbers 105, 106, and 107), while the envelope knobs send envelope 1 and 2 attack and decay (undefined CC numbers 108, 109, 114, and 115). Naturally, the synth also responds to these messages.

On the down side, the synthesizer ignores many common MIDI messages, including Sustain, Volume, and Pressure—in fact, all but the aforementioned controllers. Although the synth responds to All Notes Off messages, the unit can't send them. There's no Local On/Off parameter, either. Fortunately, you can disconnect the onboard synth from the keyboard by setting different MIDI transmit and receive channels, as you would when sequencing.

Novation intentionally didn't include Sustain on the grounds that bass sounds don't require it. I disagree, but in the larger scheme of things, it's not a big deal. The lack of MIDI Volume is a definite drag, though; you can't properly control the synth remotely in a live performance or automate a virtual mix with your sequencer. This is especially odd because the programmable wheel can send Pressure or Volume to outside devices. Fortunately, the manufacturer plans to add Volume support in a future update.

Because the BassStation holds seven programs, it recognizes only Program Change numbers 0 to 6. However, I was dismayed to discover that it can't *send* these Program Changes.

### **CONSTRUCTION QUALITY**

I ran into a few minor mechanical problems, but no major cause for concern. The review unit developed an intermittent glitch that caused the timbre of each note to vary unpredictably. The problem was caused by a loose internal multipin cable, which I easily fixed.

Less forgivable was the rough feeling of the pitch and controller wheels, caused by excess plastic left over from the wheel-molding process. I had to open the unit and file off the excess plastic.

### CONCLUSIONS

The BassStation sounds wonderful. You get the equivalent of a classic analog synth, but with programmability and MIDI control. The keyboard makes it a handy, mobile bass instrument. Sound is more important to a synth than any other factor, so many people will forgive the BassStation's shortcomings.

The main shortcomings are the limited memory and weak MIDI implementation. At the very least, I'd like to see more RAM and support for MIDI Volume and Sustain. Add to that Local

### Product Summary PRODUCT:

Novation BassStation Analog Bass Synth **PRICE:** \$649

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AUDIO QUALITY	•	۲	•	٠
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On/Off and outgoing Program Changes. That's not too much to ask from a unit that lists for \$649. Further down the wish list, I'd like *all* knobs to send MIDI messages, so you could automate any front-panel changes.

MIDI features aside, I enjoyed this instrument for its sound. Maybe Novation will introduce an upgraded, standalone, rack-mount version with a display. They already have a good product, and with a few tweaks, it could be a big winner.

(Special thanks to Bill Heagy and Rob Johnson.)

Charles R. Fischer is an electronics tech, MIDI musician, and inventor. His best-known musical creation is the EM FingerDrum percussion controller.

Circle #438 on Reader Service Card

### Turtle Beach MultiSound Monterey

By Dennis Miller

### A highly rated sound card breaks new ground.

nce you have the highest-rated multimedia PC sound card on the market, what do you do for an encore? If you're Turtle Beach Systems, you release the MultiSound Monterey, a sound card for PCs that adds important new features to the highly successful MultiSound card (reviewed in the August 1992 EM). An elaborate new synth-patch editor, plus sampling capabilities, move the Monterey well beyond any PC sound card I've tried.

Multimedia is becoming increasingly important as a source of income for electronic musicians. Monterey is an excellent system to get you into this world. It's part wavetable synth, part hard-disk recorder, and small part sampler. In essence, the system combines two of Turtle Beach's other boards: the Tahiti sound card and the Rio synthesizer (see sidebar "Greetings from Turtle Beach"). Its specs are excellent for a card in its price range. Naturally, the





October 1994 Electronic Musician 133

#### • MONTEREY

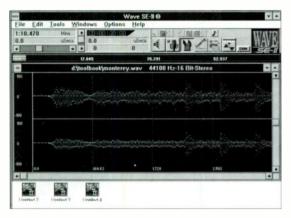


FIG. 1: Wave SE-II provides audio recording, playback, and editing and features a clear, uncluttered interface.

Monterey card also is bundled with many of the applications you'll need to work with high-quality desktop audio.

A straightforward installation, with software-selectable interrupts and base memory address, should have you up and running in no time. Like CD-

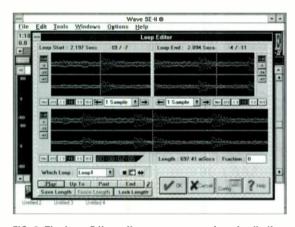


FIG. 2: The Loop Editor offers numerous options for finding smooth loop points.

ROMs, sound cards are notoriously difficult to set up, but I had no trouble getting both audio and MIDI moving to and from this card.

### WHAT YOU NEED

To use Monterey, you'll need a suitable *Windows* machine, preferably a fast 80386 or '486 with 4 MB of RAM. Unlike many sound cards, though, the Monterey doesn't rely heavily on your computer's CPU to perform its basic functions. If you expect to do a lot of hard-disk audio recording, plan on at least a 250 MB hard drive with an access time of 18 ms or better. Add to that a good Super VGA monitor and a mouse.

To send MIDI to or from the card externally, you'll need to purchase the optional 2-Out, 1-In MIDI adapter. (As do most other sound card manufacturers. Turtle Beach still fails to include this inexpensive adapter with the basic system, presumably because many of their desktop-production customers are not using external MIDI devices.) You can also buy a cable to connect most internal CD-ROM drives directly to the card for analog

audio input. However, there's no support for the direct digital-audio connection offered by some CD-ROM players.

### **GO CONFIGURE**

With no more than a few mouse clicks, the card can be repatched for numer-

ous different MIDI setups. For example, the card can be used with or without an external MIDI keyboard. A bundled utility called *Mouse Player* lets you trigger notes from your computer keyboard or mouse.

If your sequencer supports multiport interfaces, you can send sixteen channels to the card and another sixteen to the external MIDI Out Port. Without multiport capabilities, you can still drive both the internal synth on the card and an external sound module from your

sequencer by using either the Windows MIDI Mapper or Monterey's

own MIDI PatchBay utility.

There's also an *External Thru* application, which lets an external controller send output to Monterey and through to the Monterey's output port. An Always Active option keeps MIDI data moving through the card even if you are running a nonmusic application.

### HAPPENING HARDWARE

MultiSound Monterey is a full-length, single-slot, ISA

card that contains several distinct hardware components. The dual-port MIDI interface is fully *Windows* multimediacompliant and supports DOS applications through an MPU-401 emulation mode. (MPU-401 emulation requires some reconfiguring of your .INI files.) Note that the Monterey is not Sound Blaster-compatible.

Next is the WaveFront, a new General MIDI wavetable-synth chip that replaces the E-mu Proteus chip found on the first generation of MultiSound cards. This synthesizer, which is similar to the one on Turtle Beach's Maui card, contains four megabytes of uncompressed, 16-bit samples. It can be configured to operate at different sample rates, providing a scaleable number of polyphonic voices, from 32 voices at 33.075 kHz down to 24 voices at 44.1 kHz.

Each of the synth's 128 GM programs can contain up to four layers, each of which consumes one voice. A drum kit with 128 sounds can be mapped over a 5-octave range. The synth also offers a number of software-configurable reverb effects that can be altered in real time, but can't be mapped to MIDI controllers. Best of all, you can add 256 KB, 1 MB, or 4 MB of RAM to the card and load your own samples.

The third component of the sound card is the Motorola 56001 DSP chip, which provides 20 MIPS of horsepower. The DSP helps implement Turtle Beach's high data-transfer rate, Hurricane architecture. The 56001 is also used for the synthesizer's real-time rewerb, among other tasks. The DSP Chip is programmable, allowing for future software upgrades. (Turtle Beach sells a Software Developer's Kit for the sound card.)

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FIG. 3: To record a file in *Wave SE*, open the Record window and set the file specifications to your liking.

Finally, the card offers 8- or 16-bit (configurable), 64× oversampled, Ato-D conversion at sampling rates of 11.025, 22.05, and 44.1 kHz, for both mono and stereo signals. The DACs are 18-bit, 64× oversampled, with an 8× interpolating filter.

There are three <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-inch, stereo, linelevel audio ports on the card, configured as two inputs and one output. Because I didn't have an internal CD-ROM connector, I patched my CD-ROM audio to the auxiliary input and used the second input for my mixer's output. (Monterey has no microphone preamps, so I routed my mic through a mixer.) For test purposes, I used an A/B switch to alternate between small desktop speakers and my studio monitors. One stereo <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-inch-to-RCA cable comes with the system, so be prepared to use adapters.

### THE SOFT SIDE

Monterey is bundled with two major programs, Wave SE-I and Wave Patch, in addition to several smaller utilities. Wave SE-1 is directly descended from Turtle Beach's highly regarded Wave for Windows (reviewed in the February 1994 EM). It is somewhat scaled back from its predecessor, but a \$39 upgrade gets you Wave SE-II, a more powerful editor. (Registered users of Wave for Windows can get SE-II for \$5 shipping.) I highly recommend purchasing the upgrade, as you'll have numerous additional tools available to process your files. The program has an uncluttered interface, is very intuitive, and integrates nicely with Monterey (see Fig. 1).

One of Wave SE's key features is its ability to export WAV files directly into the synthesizer's sample RAM, where they can be played back under MIDI control. The Autoload option can send a file immediately after any edit is made, and Loop points are always updated when changed. Depending on how much RAM you've installed, vou can create numerous customized sounds with all the performance parameters of the synthesizer's ROM samples. This capability, which Turtle Beach calls SampleStore, breaks new ground for the sound-card market and moves the system ever closer toward an integrated, desktop-audio environment.

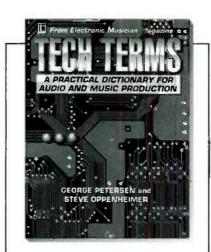
There is one catch: The time it takes to load even small samples just might



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### **GREETINGS FROM TURTLE BEACH**

Turtle Beach has been active in the IBM music world since 1988, when it released the first successful PC sample-editor, *SampleVision*. The company moved heavily into producing audio hardware and now offers a number of products, most of which are internal cards for the PC. Because the different cards often use the same components, a bit of explanation seems in order.

At the top of the line is the 56K System, a 2-channel, disk-based, digital audio workstation. First released in 1990, the 56K includes a PC interface card, software, and an external box for digital audio I/O. No A/D or D/A converters are supplied.

Next is the original Multi-Sound card, also released in 1991. It combines an E-mu Proteus synthesizer chip with converters and a MIDI interface. The MultiSound has been replaced by the MultiSound Monterey.

The Maui card, which first shipped in 1994, is an upgrade card that contains a WaveFront wavetable

stop you in your tracks. On a fast 80486 computer, it took nearly two minutes to load a 1-second, 44.1 kHz, 16-bit sample. A 2.7-second sample of the same type took over 4.5 minutes. That's because the system uses a proprietary sample dump protocol to move the data via MIDI, a method that will never win speed prizes. What's more, the samples are stored in RAM, so you have to load them every time you start up.

You can ease the pain a bit by creating Sample Sets, which are entire banks of program setups that can be automatically loaded whenever *Windows* is started. But there's no way around the lag time. (Turtle Beach's Maui card has similar capabilities, but loads samples much faster; see sidebar "Greetings from Turtle Beach.")

Wave SE-I has various tools for altering files and adds other features not found previously in Wave for Windows, including savable markers and loop points. One major new addition is the Loop Editor, which provides numerous methods for determining smooth loop points, including automatic zerocrossing detection and automatic amsynthesizer chip. It would most likely be used as an add-on to a system with an existing FM sound card. Maui incorporates the same SampleStore technology found in the Monterey, but it can manage up to 8 MB of sample RAM and moves samples many times faster than the Monterey. On the other hand, it holds only 2 MB of its own ROM samples and does not provide reverb.

The Tahiti, released this year, offers hard-disk recording capabilities through its ADCs and DACs, which are the same converters found on the Monterey. Tahiti can support an optional MIDI synthesizer, such as Creative Labs' WaveBlaster or Turtle Beach's own Rio. Rio, an add-on daughterboard used on the Monterey, adds wavetable synthesis and reverb to compatible sound cards.

Several other products have been announced for future release, including the Audio Advantage, a 12bit PCMCIA sound card designed for business applications, and the Daytona, a 16-bit PCMCIA card.

plitude-level matching between loop start and end points (see Fig. 2). If you've loaded a file into the synthesizer, you can preview the loop points by sending a MIDI note trigger directly from the Loop Editor screen, a useful option.

Though *Wave SE* doesn't have an extensive processing menu, it does provide many important tools, such as

4-band EQ, mix, and crossfade. Mercifully, *Wave SE-I* (but not *Wave SE-II*) also improves on one of *Wave for Windows*' major flaws: You can now choose not to save changes made during an edit session, even if Undo is disabled.

*Wave SE-I* is also the application you'll use to make hard-disk recordings. To do so, just open a new file, click on the microphone icon, pick a sample rate (11.025, 22.05, or 44.1 kHz) and a bit resolution (8-bit or 16-bit), then start recording (see Fig. 3). Two utilities—

*Record Prep* and *Mixer*—can be used to alter the levels coming into the system. You'll also find clear and responsive peak meters to monitor your source.

I made some very long stereo recordings and had no trouble with the process. Remember to keep your drive defragmented, though, and if possible, maintain a separate drive (logical or physical) for digital-audio files.

### **PATCH OUT**

Equally important for musicians is the *WavePatch* patch editor, which provides thorough visual editing of every parameter in the WaveFront synthesizer (see **Fig. 4**). With *WavePatch*, you get an excellent view of the synth's architecture. At the top level is the Bank, only one of which can be loaded at a time. A Bank contains 128 Programs, each having up to four Layers. Each Layer contains a Patch, which specifies a set of performance attributes for a sample or multisample.

One Bank of 128 General MIDI Programs comes with the system. There are over 200 ROM Patches available for building Programs and another 50 locations for user-defined setups. With over 250 samples stored in ROM and the ability to address up to 512 total, you have tremendous resources available for designing sounds.

*WavePatch* allows you to view one or more levels simultaneously. You can even access *Wave SE* directly from within the patch editor to edit your own samples. Overall, the interface is clean and consistent, though it can get a bit cluttered, and the buttons and sliders are very responsive.

When you first run the program, a

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	Quitar Prot Name	Rolling Nation	Biacheria	Red Tonal	Telephone Mang	Halisapter	Appliant	Gandant

FIG. 4: *WavePatch* allows the user to work with the synthesizer on many different levels. The Bank View displays all the Programs that are currently loaded. To edit a specific Program, double-click on its name, and move to the Program View window.

Bank View appears, showing you all the Programs that are currently loaded. If you simply need to assign the Programs to different MIDI channels, pull down the Master Control screen from the main menu line. You'll also find global parameters here, such as tuning and master volume control.

To edit a specific Program, return to the Bank View, double-click on its name, and move to the Program View window (see Fig. 5). (An even nicer scheme would have allowed you to move right to the Program View window from the Master Control. I'm all for the ability to get to any level from any other.)

The Program View screen provides access to many of the editable Program attributes, such as the Patch in each Layer, its volume and pan settings, and key ranges. Because Patches can be used by more than one Layer, anytime you attempt to edit one, a message appears asking if you want to create a copy of the original. That way, other Layers that use that patch won't be affected by the change. That's a handy option that I've always wanted on my other MIDI hardware.

WavePatch offers fairly extensive external control of the LFOs and envelopes associated with each layer. These parameters can be altered with many common MIDI controllers, such as Channel Pressure and Velocity. However, you can't make arbitrary mappings in which, for example, Control

### **Product Summary** PRODUCT: MultiSound Monterey Multimedia Sound Card

PRICE \$399 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS: 80386/25 or faster PC;

Windows 3.1 **MANUFACTURER:** 

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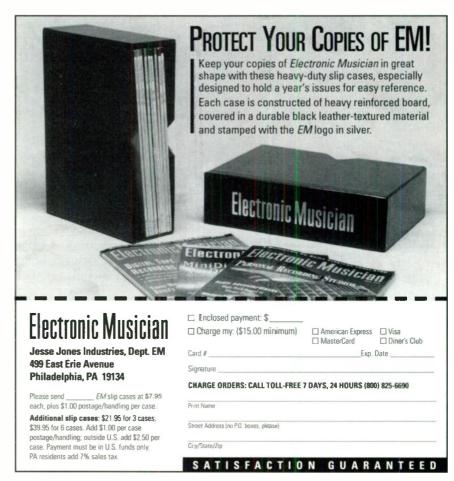
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### MONTEREY

Change 10 is used for LFO depth.

The 7-stage envelopes give you exacting control over the time-varying qualities of a sound, though I'd like the option to draw the envelopes in addition to using knobs. It would also be helpful if you could simply type in the envelope values. Rather than offering just a few zoom levels, *WavePatch*'s Envelope View has a far more useful Time Display scroll bar that allows you to see from a fraction of a second to over thirteen minutes on a single screen.

Simple 1-click controls, such as the LFO Repeat button in the Oscillator window or the Envelope Restart button in the Envelope View, make designing sounds easy. Still, some type of Help balloons that show an icon's function as the mouse passes over it would make the icons easier to identify. Because you use different windows for editing each of the major program parameters, it's easy for the "audition" piano that appears at the bottom of the Program View to get buried.

The piano is essential if you don't have an external keyboard, so it would be better if you had the option to always keep it on top. Fortunately, you can use the program's onscreen keyboard in *Mouse Player*, which can remain on top, instead of the *WavePatch* keyboard.

File maintenance is a bit awkward. You must save an entire Bank, even if you've made only a minor change to a single Layer. Fortunately, in *WavePatch* version 1.2, which should be available by the time you read this, individual

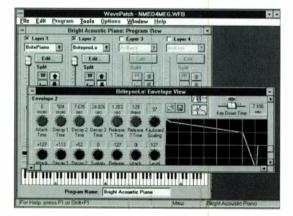


FIG. 5: The Program View window (background) contains many of the basic parameters of the WaveFront synthesizer. From there, you can access additional windows, such as the Envelope View (foreground), where you can edit the synth's 7-stage envelopes. The Time Display scroll bar lets you view from a fraction of a second to over thirteen minutes on a single screen.

programs and drum kits can be saved and loaded.

Turtle Beach has not yet released a manual for *Wave Patch*, but there is thorough online help. If you prefer hard copy to reading onscreen, you can print out the entire help file with a single command. That will give you virtually all of the manual except the table of contents and index.

### **SWEET SOUND**

The sound quality of the Monterey card is not quite top pro level, but it is as good as it gets from a PC card in this price range. The wave audio in particular is outstanding; Monterey uses the same good-quality converters as the MultiSound.

The WaveFront synth output is excellent, especially when running at 44.1 kHz. Like many wavetable synths, certain instrumental sounds are better than others. The brass and winds are particularly natural-sounding. The exception is the saxes, which don't have much of a bite. The percussion group has lots of punch, and even the sound effects are of high quality.

On the other hand, the solo strings, especially the violin, sound a bit "metallic," and the string ensemble has an unrealistic vibrato. I noticed an occasional spot where the crossover points in a multisample were too obvious (for example, when you cross from  $B_b 2$  to B2 in the oboe), but this is the exception, not the rule.

The WaveFront's reverbs have smooth decays, and the room simulations are

convincing. I'd have no problem stacking them against the reverbs found in many keyboard synths.

#### SOUND OFF

In many respects, Monterey retains the high quality of its predecessor and remains true to its roots. At the same time, it incorporates significant new technology, such as the new synthesizer chip and SampleStore feature. Of course, there also is completely new software, especially the patch editor.

Given the fact that so many capabilities have only just recently been integrated, it's no wonder that the system still has some rough edges. There's no question that all the pieces are in place though, and after a little smoothing, Turtle Beach will have a truly outstanding desktop audio product on their hands. What will they do for an encore then?

**Dennis Miller** is currently on leave from his teaching job at Northeastern University in Boston and has rediscovered the joys of life outside his office.

Circle #439 on Reader Service Card

### ADA MP-2 MIDI Tube Guitar Preamp

By Peter McConnell

### How to successfully follow a tough act.

ometimes the toughest act to follow is your own. If you do something well, something that sets a standard, people expect your next effort to be even better. In 1987, the ADA MP-1 paved the way for a proliferation of MIDI-controllable, tube preamps for guitar. It had its limitations, but it was destined to be a classic.

So the folks at ADA must have felt plenty of pressure while designing the MP-1's successor, the MP-2. Could they improve over the MP-1's limited tonal flexibility? The new unit should be easier to program, too. What about more complete MIDI control? And, of course, the new preamp had to sound great.

### **SETTING THE STAGE**

At first glance, the MP-2 appears similar to the MP-1. The familiar-looking row of membrane buttons is designed for easy parameter access. But the old LED display of the MP-1 has been replaced by an LCD, which gives a more detailed view of the MP-2's parameters.

The unit features ten tube sounds, ranging from "Crystal Clean" to "Fat High Gain." There are separate drive and overdrive levels on the high-gain sounds, a compressor, four tone controls, and nine bands of graphic EQ (±12 dB). Add to all of this a programmable stereo effects loop, built-in stereo chorus, noise reduction, and advanced MIDI features. Top it off with a wah filter and tremolo, and you have a feature-packed box.

### **GET CONNECTED**

The MP-2's rear panel has an extra input, useful if you're going into the unit from another processor or a mixer bus. The rear input is overridden by the front-panel instrument input.

There are three sets of stereo outputs: stage outs for a guitar amp; unbalanced,  $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch outs; and balanced, XLR recording outputs. The recording outputs offer two circuits, selectable with a switch, that simulate a 2 × 12-inch or 4 × 12-inch speaker cabinet. These proved great when going direct to a mixing board. A similar switch lifts the ground on the XLR outs to alleviate hum problems.

The stereo effects loop is unusual. You get two mono sends and two mono returns that are hard-wired to the MP-2's left and right channels, respectively.

Finally, there are MIDI In, Out, and Thru jacks. The In port uses a 7-pin DIN connector for remote-powering a MIDI footswitch. Its phantom-power input works with ADA's MCX foot controller, Digital Music Corp's Ground Control, and similar controllers.

### **CRANK IT UP!**

Once you're hooked up, getting around on the MP-2 is easy, although it doesn't quite pass the "I never read manuals" test. Factory Presets or user programs are selected using bank and arrow or number buttons. The Program Edit button gets you into Edit mode, where the arrow and number buttons change the values.

The number buttons do double duty depending on the mode, which can be confusing, especially for MP-1 users. The Program Edit button is right next to the number buttons and has the same green LED that lights up when pressed, so you don't always realize that you are in Program Edit mode. A red LED on the Program Edit button would have helped me avoid those times I meant to tweak a parameter quickly but loaded a new program instead.

When you finally open the manual, you'll find it clear and well written. It is especially good for getting MIDI novices through some of the advanced control features.

### **MIDI FOR MIDIPHOBES**

The MP-2's MIDI control features are remarkable not only for how advanced they are, but how accessible. There are two modes for mapping MIDI controllers to parameters, a process ADA calls Real Time MIDI (RTM). RTM maps are stored at the Program level.

Suppose you have plugged a MIDI foot controller into the MP-2. Quick mode leads you by the hand as you move your footpedal, select a parameter, and test the result. You don't even need to know which MIDI message your pedal is sending; it's detected for you automatically. If you are sending messages over the wrong MIDI channel, you get a warning message.

Quick mode also lets you control Macro parameters (preset groups of parameters) with a single controller. For example, a macro called "V-CURVE" lets you change your whole EQ curve from a midrange sound to its inverse: a V-shaped curve with very little midrange. Sweeping through EQ parameters via MIDI causes some artifacts. But for the most part, MIDI control of parameters is fairly smooth.

Expert Mode gives a more detailed, hands-on level of control. Controllers are selected by MIDI controller number. You can create up to sixteen parameter maps per program, each of which relates one control source to one destination parameter. You can't set up your own Macros, but you can refine the maps by limiting the range through which a targeted parameter sweeps. You can even make the parameter change in the opposite direction of the controller.

A MIDI controller can adjust master volume for all programs or mute all outputs for use with a tuner. If you don't like fussing with arrow keys, you



ADA's MP-2 is a worthy successor to the venerable MP-1, combining clean, kicking sound and extensive MIDI control.

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### **DOES IT KICK?**

Control features don't matter without great sound. Fortunately, the MP-2 comes through here. Those who liked the sound of the MP-1, but felt it was tonally limited, will appreciate the new preamp's multiple tube voices and EQ.

Perhaps the biggest improvement in the MP-2 over the MP-1 and many other tube preamps is reduced noise. I have long had trouble finding a preamp fat enough for my guitar and clean enough for my electric violin. The MP-2 is both. According to ADA, the MP-2 runs at a higher base voltage,  $\pm 18V$  instead of  $\pm 12V$  in the MP-1. The result is a better signal-to-noise ratio.

An MP-2 setup hint: The stage outs are tweaked for the sound of a classic guitar amp with a sharply rolled-off high end. If you play on a full-range component system, the recording outputs sound best.

### COMPLAINTS

Great-sounding as it is, the MP-2 is not without drawbacks. The first unit 1 looked at was from an early production run. It kept blowing fuses because of a problem with a rectifier that pumped out too much current. The problem has since been corrected.

Aside from that, most of my criticisms are aesthetic. With a few exceptions, I

Pr	od	uci	S	um	ma	rv
	u u					. U W

PRODUCT: MP-2 MIDI Guitar Preamp PRICE:

### \$999

MANUFACTURER: ADA Signal Processors 420 Lesser St. Oakland, CA 94601 tel. (510) 532-1152 fax (510) 532-1641

EM METERS	RATIN	G PROD	UCTS FR	OM 1 TO	5
FEATURES			٠		
EASE OF USE	•		•	¢	
AUDIO QUALITY	٠				
VALUE				•	1

found the presets to be of the ear-ripping, speaker-shredding, play-the-guitar-with-your-teeth-and-set-it-on-fire variety. The MP-2 can do much more than the presets imply; play with its parameters before judging it.

Despite the great trouble taken to make MIDI programming easy, I would have changed a couple of things. First, the unit displays warning messages if it gets *any* MIDI messages on the wrong MIDI channel. This is helpful if you have a simple, single-channel footpedal. But if your pedal sends Program Changes on several MIDI channels for controlling multiple devices, you'll get an error message even if you are sending what you want on the MP-2's channel. Fortunately, the warnings can be globally disabled.

In addition, the MP-2 allows you to call up user programs via MIDI, but not ROM presets. ADA's idea is that you should only be able to remotely access programs that can be modified, and you can't modify factory presets. The ROM presets are duplicated in user RAM, and you can access them there. But if you have filled the user memory with custom stuff and want to use a regular factory preset, you have to call it up from the front panel. That's an unnecessary inconvenience.

Finally, the MP-2 sends out only the Program Changes it receives, without remapping them. This is a drag if you want your preamp to configure other units by sending different Program Changes on multiple MIDI channels.

#### **BOTTOM LINE**

The MP-2 is a great-sounding, carefully thought-out device. For features and MIDI control, this is pretty much the leader in guitar tube preamps. When it comes to sound, personal taste figures heavily, but I rate the MP-2 near the top for its price range.

Without question, ADA has successfully followed the MP-1. The company has taken cues from its competitors, added its own innovations, and set a new standard.

Peter McConnell lives in Berkeley, California. When he isn't composing and designing music software for LucasArts Games, he writes songs, sings, and plays electric violin and guitar in the San Francisco Bay Area band Hot Blue Sky.

Circle #440 on Reader Service Card

### Kawai KC20 Synthesizer

By Jim Pierson-Perry

A bargain-basement General MIDI keyboard.

espite the general rush to market General MIDI tone modules, few companies have followed up with an entry-level GM keyboard. Products such as the Roland JV-35, Kawai K11, and Korg X3 offer GM-compatible sounds, but they cost anywhere from about \$1,250 to \$2,000.

To fill this gap, Kawai has combined its MDK61 keyboard controller and GMega LX sample-playback tone module into the new KC20 General MIDI synthesizer. Designed for both studio and stage, the KC20 combines a 61note keyboard; 28-voice polyphonic, 16-part multitimbral, GM Level 1 sound source; and computer interface. The idea is to offer a lot of bang for the bucks. As we'll see, this was accomplished by keeping both bang and bucks within strict limits.

### **FIRST IMPRESSION**

The KC20 sports a compact design with all controls readily at hand. This, along with its light weight (9 lbs.), makes it great to take onstage. It even has pegs under the body to attach a strap (not included).

The front panel holds the main volume slider; pitch bend and mod wheels; and a 16-character  $\times$  2-line, backlit LCD. During play, the LCD acts as a MIDI monitor and shows the channel numbers of incoming MIDI messages. Sixteen small, multifunction buttons to the right of the display access editing, patch selection, data entry, and other functions.

The rear panel includes MIDI In and Out ports (no Thru); a power switch and AC adapter jack; and ¼-inch jacks for headphones, a sustain pedal, and the L/R audio outs. There is no footcontroller input. However, the instrument recognizes MIDI Volume, so you can use a MIDI continuous pedal, slider, or wheel on another device for realtime volume changes. All system and sound settings are retained in battery-

World Radio History

backed memory when the KC20 is powered off, and you can offload them via SysEx.

Like the GMega and K11, the KC20 features a built-in serial interface (using an 8-pin DIN jack) for a *Windows*-based PC, Macintosh, or NEC PC-98 computer. A slide switch determines whether the unit responds to its MIDI ports or the computer interface. Mac users can connect directly; all Mac software I tested worked fine using a 1 MHz data rate. PC users need a *Windows* driver, available from Kawai. When you use the computer interface, data received at the KC20's MIDI In port pass to the computer, and data from the computer appear at the MIDI Out port.

The 61-note, unweighted keyboard senses Velocity, and you can select from ten preset Velocity curves. The review unit's action was a bit stiffer than most synth actions. This was especially true for the black notes, which made it difficult to control Velocity effectively. Although the keyboard does not send Pressure, the KC20 responds to incoming Channel Pressure by mapping it to vibrato. However, you cannot alter this assignment.

The review unit's sound source had a jerky response to the KC20 pitch-bend wheel, causing pitch jumps instead of a smooth shift. This did not happen with Pitch Bend messages from an external MIDI source, nor was it a problem when controlling external synths from the KC20's pitch wheel.

### **USER INTERFACE**

The user interface is simple, with no frills. You press the Edit button, scroll forward or backward with single button presses, change parameter values with the  $\pm 1$  and  $\pm 10$  increment/decrement buttons, and hit the Exit button

to return to Play mode. Pressing the System button while powering up displays the internal ROM version. (I had version 1.07.)

Although the user interface is workable, there's lots of room for improvement. For example, I'd like to use the keyboard to set split points and use the mod wheel for data entry (because there's no data-entry wheel or slider). I'll discuss other aspects of the user interface as we delve into the unit's parameters.

Given a target market of entry-level users, it is particularly unfortunate that the manual suffers from the poorest editing job I've seen. The text is understandable and well illustrated, but it's often inaccurate and internally inconsistent. Conflicting information is sometimes given about the same operation on different pages. This problem extends to Kawai's recent press releases touting the KC20's ability to assign different Control Change messages to the pitch-bend and mod wheels independently for each Patch. It can't.

### **VOICE ARCHITECTURE**

The KC20's internal sound source is the GMega LX sample-playback tone generator, a stripped-down version of Kawai's GMega (reviewed in the June 1993 EM). It provides 160 preset Tones and seven drum kits. In all, the synth holds approximately 4 MB of sample ROM, compared to 6 MB in the K11 and GMega. The Tone parameters cannot be edited, curtailing any option to expand or improve the sound palette.

Although the synth has 28-voice polyphony, eight voices are dedicated to drums and percussion. Thus, even if you don't use the drums, you get 20voice polyphony for melody and harmony parts. This complies with the GM



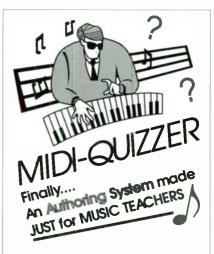
By sacrificing sound-editing features and eschewing bells and whistles, Kawai brought its KC20 General MIDI keyboard synth to market at a very low price.



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Columbus, OH 43085 800-326-8088 614-888-8088 Level 1 specification, which requires a minimum of 24 voices, and it allows these to be configured as sixteen dynamically allocated voices for melody and eight for percussion.

The only onboard effect is minimalist reverb. Six preset reverb algorithms are provided. You make your choice as a system setting, along with a value for predelay time. All parts are processed by the same algorithm; your only other control is the depth (low or high) for each Section (Kawai's term for a multitimbral part, discussed shortly). Having only two fixed depths for all parts is severely limiting, especially because there is no control over the wet/dry mix.

The six reverb algorithms are not documented, and they sound almost the same. Amazingly, Kawai's representative could offer no details about them. The reverb processor's sound quality is adequate, and it adds presence to the sounds, so it accomplishes its basic purpose. Still, this function is disappointing.

### **COMPOSE YOURSELF**

The KC20 has two operational modes: Compose and Performance. In Compose mode, the synth supports multitimbral recording and playing songs with an external sequencer. Performance mode is designed for live play, allowing two Tones to be layered and/or split within a single Patch. A button toggles between the modes,

Compose mode provides sixteen Sections, each of which is equivalent to one instrument, with the selected Tone and a set of control parameters. Each Section responds on its factory-set MIDI channel, which is a questionable constraint. Most other General MIDI modules let you assign parts to any MIDI channel; in many cases, you can even assign multiple parts to one channel to create composite "virtual" instruments.

Sound selection is limited to one of the preset Tones or drum sets. Beyond that, the KC20 offers eight controls at the Section level. These include level, pan, reverb depth (high or low), transpose ( $\pm 2$  octaves), tuning ( $\pm 50$  cents), and pitch-bend range (up to  $\pm 12$  semitones). The Modulation Depth Sensitivity parameter controls how a Section responds to the mod wheel and governs how vibrato responds to Pressure. The eighth Section parameter determines whether each Section is on, off, or soloed. The KC20 synthesizer also offers a Setting function, which lets you set the eight control parameters identically for up to sixteen Sections. The KC20 stores sixteen Settings, which can be used to instantly set up the synthesizer for a given song.

An alternative way to expedite setup is with the Snapshot function. This system-level feature sends a string of MIDI messages, including Bank Select, Program Change, Volume, and Pan for each Section. Recording this information at the beginning of a MIDI sequence lets you automatically set up each Section before starting into the song, which is very handy.

Each Section always receives on its respective MIDI channel. However, the keyboard's MIDI output can be routed to external devices on the channel of the currently active Section or the KC20's basic channel. The output routing and basic-channel assignment are system-level parameters.

### SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

Two special real-time functions are available only in Compose mode: Octave Jump and Quick MIDI. Octave Jump can globally transpose the sounds of all sixteen Sections up or down by one to three octaves. Only internal sounds are affected; the keyboard still sends the MIDI notes as played, and data coming from the computer interface or MIDI In port play without change. It seems odd that octave transposition is provided in Compose and not Performance mode. I would be more likely to use it on stage, especially because it can't be captured in a sequence.

**Ouick MIDI provides a facile means** of sending Program Change, Volume, Pan, or an assignable MIDI Control Change (0 to 119, specified as a system parameter) to an external device. It doesn't send Bank Select, though, which is a drag. Use the edit buttons to select a MIDI channel and message type, then press the  $\pm 1$  and  $\pm 10$  buttons to send that message with the desired value. Because each button press sends a separate value, you may have to send a series of intermediate values to reach the one you want. This aspect of Quick MIDI seems more clumsy than quick.

On the up side, using the mod wheel instead of the buttons allows smooth, continuous changes, which is useful for dynamic panning and volume fades. Although Quick MIDI only communicates with external devices, connecting the KC20 to a sequencer with its MIDI Echo (or equivalent command) enabled loops the messages back into the synth, where they can affect the internal sounds.

### PEAK PERFORMANCE

In Performance mode, the KC20 acts as a 2-oscillator synth. All MIDI output in Performance mode is directed to a single basic channel, which is specified as a system parameter. Similarly, all messages except those on the MIDI basic channel are ignored. The KC20 supports Local On/Off to divorce the keyboard from the tone generator, which lets you play an external MIDI synth from the keyboard while a computer plays a sequence with the KC20's internal voices.

Only two Sections are available in Performance mode. However, you can set the low and high keyboard range and enable/disable Sustain (Control Change 64) separately for each Section. The Velocity switch parameter specifies how a Section responds to Note-On Velocity relative to a systemlevel threshold value. Notes can play at all times, or only when the Velocity is above or below the threshold. By combining keyboard zones and Velocity switching, you can create different types of splits and layers. The manual includes a number of examples to get you started.

A Mode control lets you turn each Section on and off and apply four different MIDI effects. In the latter category, you can double each note an

### Product Summary PRODUCT:

KC20 GM Synthesizer PRICE: \$699

#### **MANUFACTURER:**

Kawai America Corp. 2055 E. University Dr. Compton, CA 90220 tel. (310) 631-1771 fax (310) 604-6913

EM METERS	RATI	G PROD	UCTS FR	OM 1 TO 5
FEATURES	•	•		
EASE OF USE	٠	•	•	
QUALITY OF SOUNDS	•	۲	•	
VALUE		۲	•	•



octave higher or add an interval of plus and minus six cents, twelve cents, or two octaves. (Doubling six or twelve cents above and below provides MIDI chorusing.) The MIDI processing only works with internal sounds; extra notes are not transmitted to the MIDI Out. Handle this feature with care: Because it adds two extra notes (one above and one below), you can eat up polyphonic voices in a hurry.

The combination of Tones and settings for the two Sections constitutes a Patch. The KC20 holds 64 Performance-mode Patches, stored as eight Banks of eight Patches each. Thus, the Patches are numbered 11 to 18 (Bank 1, Patches 1 to 8), 22 to 28, and so on, up to 88. This ancient program-numbering method is counterintuitive; it's too bad Kawai didn't include 0 and 9 buttons.

Patch selection can be clumsy at times. The ±10 buttons scroll through the Banks, and you select Patches within the Bank with eight Edit buttons that are preassigned to Patches 1 through 8. Unfortunately, you must punch the ±10 buttons repeatedly to increment or decrement the Bank number (for example, to get from Bank 1 to Bank 4, you hit the +10 button three times. This sometimes forces you to step through Banks to reach the desired Patch, instead of making a direct selection. Given the existing hardware, I'd rather use the eight Patch buttons in a fast 2press sequence: The first press could select the Bank and the second could select the Patch within that Bank.

#### SOUNDS

As mentioned earlier, the KC20 provides 160 preset Tones and seven drum kits. The first 128 Tones fill the General MIDI timbre palette, and the additional 32 are pretty much more of the same. Many of the Tones are a bit thin and overly bright as solo instruments. They improve significantly in ensemble play, but still lack bottom. There are also fewer timbral dynamics than in the Roland Sound Canvas series of GM modules. Once triggered, the Tones often remain quite static in character. Fortunately, the synth is very quiet, although a few Tones have some grunge in the sample.

The pop sounds come off the best. The pianos, basses, guitars, synth leads, and solo brass and saxes are good for background lines, although most aren't strong lead voices. The organs are okay for backing tracks, but lack sufficient punch for a strong rock lead. The basic string sounds are good. This provides an adequate set of core sounds for most Top 40 music needs.

Things start to come apart with ensembles, string effects, and orchestral percussion. The tremolo strings has one of worst loops I've ever heard and should be ditched. The pizzicato strings has slapback instead of a clean hit. The harp's release envelope goes on so long that notes smear together in glissando runs. The timpani has a pronounced ringing at the end, a problem that also plagues most of the cymbal sounds in the drum kits. Fortunately, these Tones are less likely to be used than the pop Tones.

The drum kits follow a similar pattern. The standard fare come off much better than the specialty sounds. The snares are good, with bass and toms just a little behind. At the other end are lame ducks such as the bell tree and a drum roll that sounds like industrial noise.

### **BOTTOM LINE**

Overall, Kawai has delivered on their promise of bang for the bucks by keeping the price low. While each individual component reflects tradeoffs of capability for cost, the overall package delivers an integrated keyboard, General MIDI tone generator, and computer interface that will meet the beginning needs of many novice or hobbyist users. In addition, the KC20 is the only strapon MIDI controller with an onboard wavetable synth. All you need is an audio feed.

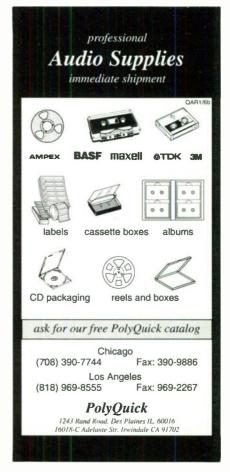
On the other hand, the sound quality is not up to most General MIDI modules, and there is no way to expand or edit the tone palette. The effects are minimal, and the user interface is awkward at times.

If you can afford to spend more say, in the \$1,300 and up range—you can do better. But if you're a newcomer to electronic music and want to dip your toe in the water, the KC20 will get you started at a price that won't make you wince.

Jim Pierson-Perry is a clinical chemist and musician. He's still waiting with coffee and jelly doughnuts for the final episode of Twin Peaks.

Circle #441 on Reader Service Card





World Radio History

### Aphex 105 Gate and 106 Compressor

By Buddy Saleman

### These moderately priced sanity-savers help clean up your act.

ven under the best conditions, electrical noise and out-ofcontrol signals can be a problem. Nasty amp noise and lip-smacking vocalists with no dynamic control can be an engineer's nightmare. Punch, wipe, punch, wipe, argghhh! Gates and compressors help tame these sonic stinkers and let you focus on the actual recording of the material.

Over the years, Aphex has created a long line of products that help you avoid becoming a glorified audio janitor. Among their latest efforts are the The Model 105 offers four independent gates, each with a control for Threshold (-50 to +20 dB), Attack (200 µs to 120 ms), Hold (1 ms to 1s), and Release (100 ms to 4s). There is an LED for gate status (open/closed) and one that indicates the presence of an external key signal. (The key input lets an external signal trigger the gate.)

There is also a 6/90 dB button, which sets the amount of attenuation when the gate is closed. The 90 dB setting is great when you want to completely shut down the audio, such as when gating a snare drum or sound effect. A more organic attenuation is produced by the 6 dB setting, because vocals and instruments are allowed to decay somewhat naturally. When you use the 6 dB setting, some unwanted sounds will trickle through, but it's a wonderful option when the hard "on/off" sound of a gate shutting and opening is more annoying than a touch of hiss or background noise.



The Aphex Model 105 4-channel noise gate is versatile, sounds good, and is easy to use. It's a winner all around.

Model 105 4-channel gate and Model 106 Easyrider 4-channel compressor. Both are cost effective and easy to use, though the 106 proved easier to use in some common applications than others.

The two models are built to last. A single PC board is solidly mounted inside a metal casing, ensuring roadworthiness. Even the sturdy, black knobs could probably survive a whipping. Unfortunately, the 1U rack-mount units use the dreaded external power supplies, and they lack power switches. The front-panel layout of both units is very simple, which translates into ease of use.

### **MODEL 105 GATE**

Gates are a must for any serious recordist. They help eliminate horrible extraneous noises, such as lip-smacking, amp hiss, headphone bleed, and the like. Gates give your mix the tight, clean sound radio stations and record companies dearly love. The back panel holds ¼-inch, balanced inputs and outputs for each channel. The gate also can be run with unbalanced lines if necessary. A +4/-10 dB operating-level switch and a ¼-inch key input are also included.

The 105 proved easy to work with, and I was very pleased by its sound. This is a pristine machine that does not degrade audio signals or add unwanted coloration. On tracking sessions, it handled vocals and guitars beautifully, taking out the garbage and leaving a smooth, clean track.

For mixdown, I placed it on the kick, snare, and bass. For the bass, it did a fine job, getting rid of the head and tails noise. For the snare track, I was able to tune out the tom and hi-hat bleed and center in on the snare impact. I had a harder time isolating the kick drum, so I used the 105's key function. This feature allows you to run a "Y" cable from the mixer channel and simultaneously route the input signal to an outboard graphic (or parametric) EQ and the 105's audio input. The user simply tweaks the kick frequencies in the equalizer, attenuates the tom frequencies to diminish their impact, and connects the output of the EQ to the 105's external key input. The equalized signal triggers the gate differently, allowing the kick to punch through while shutting down the toms. It seems almost nothing can stop the 105 from doing its job.

My favorite feature, however, is one I can't even tweak. The 105's Logic Assist circuitry stops annoying gate "chatter" caused by false triggering, because the logic chip forces the gate to open regardless of the user-set attack time. In tandem with the 105's adjustable controls, the circuit's ability to open on whippet-quick transients can produce some cool sound effects. For example, by slowing the 105's attack rate, opening up the Hold control, tweaking the console EQ, and adding a short plate reverb. I was able to transmogrify a kick drum into a very trippy record-scratch sound.

### **MODEL 106 COMPRESSOR**

Compressors provide powerful control over a signal's dynamic range, which is great for helping vocalists with poor mic technique, drummers who hit inconsistently, and so on. Some home recordists aren't clear on the compression concept, so attack and threshold knobs can be a bit intimidating. You still have to negotiate these parameters on the 106, but it has a straightforward, user-friendly design

### Product Summary PRODUCT:

Model 105 4-Channel Logic Assisted Gate **PRICE:** \$449

### MANUFACTURER:

Aphex Systems 11068 Randall St. Sun Valley, CA 91352 tel. (818) 767-2929 fax (818) 767-2641

EM METERS	RATING PRODUCTS FROM 1 TO 5					
FEATURES	•	٠		•		
EASE OF USE	•	•	•	۲	۲	
DOCUMENTATION	٠			•		
VALUE	٠	٠				





The Aphex Model 106 Easyrider 4-channel compressor is designed for semiautomated operation. It's extremely easy to use for some applications, but the tradeoff is a lack of precise control and versatility.

that should calm even the most naive musician.

The 106 has four mono channels of compression, which can be linked as two stereo pairs. Each channel contains Drive and Output knobs, an On/Off (bypass) switch, and a 10-segment LED that displays gain reduction in 2 dB steps. An unusual, 2-position Process switch controls the compressor's attack and release. In Fast position, you get a tighter, punchier sound, while the Slow position is more transparent. This switch makes timbral adjustments a snap.

Two Link buttons combines compressors 1 and 2 and compressors 3 and 4, giving you two stereo compressors. The unit takes the loudest signal from either side and squashes both sides by the amount set for the louder channel. However, all the other controls, such as the Drive and Output, work independently, so it's not a true stereo link.

On the back panel, the setup is similar to the 105. You get a ¼-inch input and output for each channel and a +4/ -10 dB operating-level switch.

### Product Summary PRODUCT:

Model 106 Easyrider 4-Channel Compressor **PRICE:** \$449

#### **MANUFACTURER:**

Aphex Systems 11068 Randall St. Sun Valley, CA 91352 tel. (818) 767-2929 fax (818) 767-2641

EM METERS	RATIN	IG PROD	UCTS FR	OM 1 TO 5	
FEATURES	٠				
EASE OF USE	۲	•		•	
AUDIO QUALITY			•		_
VALUE	۲	•	•		

The 106 acts sort of like a compression autopilot, which is probably why it's called the "Easyrider." For example, the Drive control not only sets the amount of compression, it also acts as an input gain control. Easy! It seemed that I was able to dial in effective settings within seconds.

I used the 106 compressor for a live *a* cappella show and was pleased to find that it "minded the store" very well. It kept a good handle on all the levels and let nothing get out of hand. For mixing and tracking in the studio, it proved useful for instruments that didn't require comprehensive tweaking, such as bass, synths, and drum machines.

The 106 produces a punchy sound, without much coloration. In fact, the 106 is so transparent, that massive compression doesn't *sound* like massive compression. The lack of breathing and pumping is great, but I have to admit I sometimes missed the sound of a brutally compressed signal.

### CONCLUSION

The Aphex 105 is an excellent unit. It sounds great, it's versatile, and it does its job without putting you through a lot of changes. I would use it in any setting, on any instrument, and have no misgivings.

The 106's nearly automatic operation is a boon to inexperienced (but learning) recordists, as well as professionals who need a quick, dependable "signal minder." The tradeoff, of course, is a lack of versatility. If you're a compression zealot, the Aphex 106 may not be your primary machine. But every hip home studio should have more than one compressor, and whether the 106 becomes your primary or secondary unit, it certainly deserves a place in your rack.

Circle #442 on Reader Service Card





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### **OCTOBER 1994**

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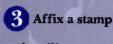
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## Electronic Musician

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### Tech 21 SansAmp PSA-1

By Michael Molenda

### Is it live, or is it an amp emulator?

ech 21 knows guitar players. Sure, sound is important. Guitarists sweat bullets trying to achieve their vision of the ultimate guitar tone. But looks count, too, and the company's PSA-1 is one of the sexiest boxes to slither into an equipment rack. The 1U rack-mount frame boasts a gleaming silver front panel and the coolest knobs I've ever seen on a signal processor. The design is a near-perfect cross-pollination of Frank Lloyd Wright, Studebaker, and the Jetsons. In short, it's a beauty.

But the SansAmp PSA-1 is more than just a pretty faceplate. The active, FETbased tube-amp emulator allows you to plug directly into a mixing console, P.A. system, or power amp and explode with the sounds of raging guitar and bass amps.

### **FAMILY TREE**

The original floor-pedal model (reviewed in the August 1991 EM) is now called the SansAmp Classic and retails for \$345. A stripped-down model, the GT2, costs \$195. But the SansAmp really entered the power-user ranks with SansAmp Rackmount (\$595), which offered comprehensive tonal control. The PSA-1 shares the timbral parameters of the Rackmount and adds presets, programmability, and MIDI control for \$795. You can choose from 49 factory programs designed to emulate classic guitar and bass amps, or store your own creations into 49 memory locations. There are also two bypass programs (00 and 50).

The PSA-1's front panel is a temple of form and function. No nested parameter screens or multifunction keys slow down this baby. You get a ¼-inch input jack, eight knobs, a huge LED screen, a recessed Save button, and program increment and decrement buttons. That's it.

Functions are identified with stark, black lettering that harkens back to the funky controls of the rocket ships in 1950s "B" movies. The tone and output knobs are labeled with guitar lingo, rather than engineer-speak: Pre-Amp (preamp tube distortion); Buzz (lowend overdrive); Punch (midrange overdrive); Crunch (upper-partial harmonic content); Drive (power-amp distortion); Low (±12 dB of fixed, low-end EQ); High (±12 dB of fixed, high-end EQ); and Level (master output control). Diamond marks on selected controls indicate unity gain (no boost or cut), which is a nice touch.

The rear panel is as well laid-out as the front, with all connections clearly labeled in neat graphic boxes. Next to the IEC connector for the internal (hurray!) power supply is the MIDI box that offers Thru/Out and In jacks. A <sup>1</sup>/4-inch jack accepts an optional momentary footswitch. (Tech 21's Model FSP is \$24.95.) The PSA-1 has a stereo pair of XLR outputs and a stereo pair of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch outputs. Both output pairs are switchable between 0 dB (line level) and -10 dB (instrument level). This is another thoughtful feature: You can run direct into the P.A. system and into a stereo power amp to drive two onstage speaker cabinets.

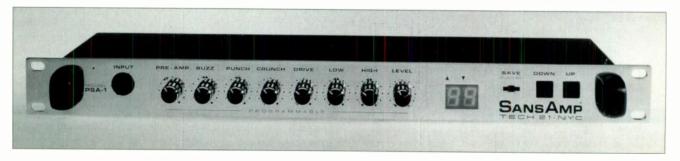
An effects loop with a ¼-inch mono send and ¼-inch left/right returns lets you insert your favorite effects into the signal chain. (The right return jack is used for mono.) A 50/50 switch routes the PSA-1 signal to both the effects loop and the main ¼-inch and XLR outputs. This means you can run your effects processor 100% wet and create your wet/dry mix within the PSA-1. When the switch is disengaged, the PSA-1 signal is only sent to the effects loop. (The effects loop send is muted when a bypass program is selected.)

Finally, a supplemental input allows you to leave the PSA-1 plugged into a mixer or patch bay for quick and easy studio use. This input is bypassed whenever you plug into the front-panel input.

### PROGRAMMING

The first time I used the PSA-1, I operated SansManual and was able to tweak and save patches without making any fatal mistakes. Programming is intuitive, and you even get failsafes! If you feel you're making a mess and want to get back to a parameter's preset point, an ingenious blinking display above the LED brings you back home. The Up arrow blinks when you need to increase the setting, and the Down arrow blinks if you must decrease the setting. When you've zeroed in on the original preset point, the arrows stop flashing and go out. In addition, it's almost impossible to accidentally erase a patch, because the recessed Save button (which is only accessible with a pencil tip, fingernail, guitar pick, or similar instrument) must be pushed twice.

Getting into the PSA-1's MIDI functions requires perusing the manual and negotiating a few button punches, but operation remains simple. The MIDI data dump allows you to transfer your custom presets via SysEx to a sequencer, computer, or another PSA-1. You can set up a different preset file for every album or performance, which is a very cool way to manage your cache of custom sounds. The unit supports



The PSA-1 is the first programmable, MIDI-capable SansAmp, offering 49 presets and 49 user-memory locations in a spiffy, single-rackspace frame.

MIDI Program Change, and you can remap incoming Program Changes to any PSA-1 program. Right now, you cannot use continuous controllers to change parameters in real time, but Tech 21 has promised an upgrade that will add this feature.

A footswitch loop function simplifies live performance setups by allowing you to step through a user-determined series of patches. For example, you could program a four-loop pattern composed of a lead sound, a clean rhythm sound, an overdrive sound, and a fuzz sound. The loop automatically recycles, so you always know where you are, based on how many times you stomp on the footswitch. Shazam! Your most-used sounds are a few foot-taps away, and you don't even have to check out the LED to see where you are. There's also a handy Swap feature that reverses the numerical positions of the factory and custom presets (00 to 49 and 50 to 99). You also can memoryprotect user patches.

### **COWABUNGA CHAOS**

The PSA-1 manual includes a list of the unit's presets, describing each sound as a particular amplifier or effect "style." A few of the selections include Marshall JMP-1, Hendrix, Fender Twin, Mesa/Boogie Triaxis, Santana, Ampeg SVT, Pignose, (Vox) AC30 Queen, and Fuzz Face. These designations are, of course, extremely subjective, and I'd take issue with a few of Tech 21's sonic labels. I ended up tossing the preset list, opting to manually step through the numbers until I discovered an interesting sound.

### Product Summary PRODUCT:

SansAmp PSA-1 Amp Emulator PRICE: \$795 MANUFACTURER: Tech 21 1600 Broadway New York, NY 10019 tel. (212) 315-1116 fax (212) 315-0825

EM METERS	RATIN	G PROD	UCTS FR	OM 1 TO	5
FEATURES	•			٠	
EASE OF USE	•	٠	•		
AUDIO QUALITY	٠	•	•	٠	
VALUE	•		•		

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Switching between programs produces a slight click, but I didn't find this a problem. I never step through different programs while recording, and the cacophony of the stage should mask the clicks when playing live. In the studio, some of the PSA-1's ballsier

My loyalty to Marshall amps and Les Paul guitars borders on audio bigotry.

programs exhibited enough audible hiss to warrant hiss-reduction. However, I also employ single-ended noise reduction when I crank up real amps, because hiss is a fact of life with heavy guitar sounds.

Now, as far as amp sounds go, my loyalty to Marshall amps and Les Paul guitars borders on audio bigotry. So I wasn't surprised when my initial run through the presets was somewhat disappointing. However, once I considered the presets as mere *foundations*, I was sold. A few knob twists never failed to tune in something amazing. If I needed a little more this, or a little less that, it was easy to adjust the timbre to my whims.

I used the PSA-I on several sessions, switching between a Les Paul; an ESP custom Telecaster clone; a Fender Stratocaster; and even a Kramer Ferrington-model, thin-line acoustic/electric. No matter which guitar I used, I was constantly pleased with the aggressive tones the PSA-1 delivered. In addition, responsiveness was comparable to a conventional tube amp. The harder I hit the guitar strings, the grittier the sound became.

In fact, I was so happy with the sounds that I decided to use the PSA-1 on my band's CD project. The box saved the day when I couldn't get the right amp/guitar tone for a punk reggae track. After endless variations of guitars, mics, and mic positions, I decided to give the PSA-1 a shot. You can imagine my surprise when I plugged my Les Paul in, tweaked a few knobs, and found the perfect sound within ten minutes. The PSA-1 didn't work for every track—I'm still partial to the roar of a "real" amp—but it added a vast selection of tonal colors to the project.

Those colors aren't limited to guitar sounds, either. Producer Scott Mathews used the PSA-1 on everything but guitar during the recording of Dick Dale's new album, Unknown Territory (Hightone Records). Few of the album's drum and bass tracks made it to tape without first being routed through the SansAmp's tonal processing. Taking Scott's lead, I recorded some vocals through the unit. On subtle settings, the PSA-1 added a nice bit of warmth and grit, which really helped vocal tracks beat the clinical resolution of digital tape. The versatility of the PSA-1 is truly awesome.

### **RIFFING OFF**

The PSA-1 is a monster. It's easy to program, looks cool, and sounds amazing. In the home or apartment studio, this box gives you all the shredding, ripping, Godzilla-destroying-Japan timbres you'd never be brave enough to record with a conventional amp/mic combination. (Can you spell e-v-i-c-t-ion?) And that's assuming you owned all the different amps and stomp boxes the PSA-1 emulates. I'd be less inclined to use the PSA-1 live, but this isn't a knock against the unit's sound; I simply prefer the comfort of my trusty Marshall combo.

If you don't need the programmability and MIDI capability of the PSA-1, you can save \$200 by purchasing the Rackmount. However, I think the ability to quickly and easily save your customized patches is well worth two bills.

Now for a confession. Being an admitted tube amp-aholic, I once bet one of the SansAmp crew a milk shake (it was a *friendly* wager) that I could always tell the difference between a real amp and their emulation. This was back when the floor-pedal units tended to have a tell-tale electronic edginess. Well, after using the PSA-1 on several tracks of my band's upcoming CD release, I must admit that no one can pick out the authentic amplifier sounds from the emulated sounds. Looks like your next chocolate shake is on me, Dale!

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### Altech General MIDI Sequencer 1.1.1 (Mac)

By Jim Pierson-Perry

### A new player storms the entry-level sequencer market.

nlike the PC platform, with its myriad low-end products, the Macintosh entry-level sequencer market is pretty much dominated by two companies: Opcode Systems and Passport Designs. Challenging this stasis is Altech's new *General MIDI Sequencer* (*GMS*), which provides a wealth of features and an intuitive user interface at a very reasonable price. Don't be mislead by the title; even though some of the features are specific to the General MIDI standard, there are plenty of non-GM features, too.

GMS seems primarily suited for linear, real-time recording, but it offers surprisingly extensive pattern-based sequencing, MIDI data transformations, real-time manipulation of MIDI controllers, and event-list editing.

### **GETTING STARTED**

According to Altech Systems, the program requires a Mac Plus or better, with at least 2 MB of RAM, running System 6.0.7 or later. (I used a IIci with 8 MB of RAM and System 7.1.) A hard drive is necessary, as the program consumes 1.7 MB of disk space. Any Mac MIDI interface can be used, but *GMS* only recognizes sixteen MIDI channels and a single port.

GMS can run under Apple's MIDI Manager (included) or default to Altech's proprietary MIDI driver. I had no problems with either configuration, but I typically used the Altech driver, which delivered faultless performance and required minimal CPU overhead. OMS is tolerated, but not actively supported. I found no conflicts with any system add-ons, except for the loss of some text characters when using Dubl-Clik's Click Change user-interface modification utility.

The program's stability is excellent. In keeping with its user-friendly nature, the program comes without copy protection, which is a boon to musicians fed up with dongles, hard-drive authorization, and the like.

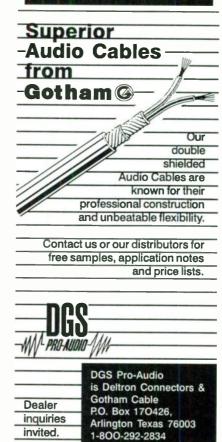
Altech provides users with two sources of help are provided: the manual and a separate help program. The manual is well-written and contains many useful application suggestions. A tutorial on editing functions would be appreciated, though. The help program is an online version of the manual that can be printed. There is no context-sensitive help.

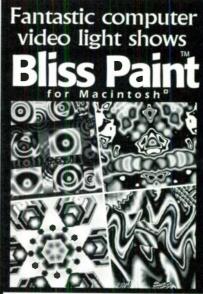
You can customize *GMS* to improve your efficiency. A dedicated window (see Fig. 1) displays a list of instrument names and their respective program numbers for each MIDI channel.

Although initial assignments are for General MIDI on all channels, data files are provided with program names for 41 popular instruments. If one of your synthesizers is not included, you can easily create a program-name file within *GMS* and save it for future use. Instrument and program assignments are stored as part of the program configuration and can be changed as your system evolves.

🛛 Inst	& Prg Names							
Midi Ch	annel	1						
Inst Name U-220 Ch1								
Prg	Name							
1	A.Piano 4	=						
	A. Piano 10							
3	E.Piano 1							
4	E.Piano 5							
	Bright EP							
6	Vib 1							
7	Marimba							
8	Bell							
9	Fanta Bell							
10	A.Guitar 1							
11	E.Guitar 1							
12	HeavyGuitar							
13	E.Organ 1							
14	E.Organ 3							
15	E.Organ 5							
16	E.Organ 7							
17	E.Organ 9							
18	R.Organ 2							
19	Strings 1	ini						
20	Strings 3	2						

FIG. 1: Customizing *GMS* for your MIDI setup. The Instrument & Program Names window displays the name of each instrument and its respective table of program names assigned to the sixteen MIDI channels.





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2				100			**********	Sax Sect'n	Channel 11	Sop Sax	
3	000	095	001	090	104	033	121	Organ	Channel 3	DB Organ	
4	000	095	001	100	054	123	077	Guitar 1	Channel 4	Clav	
5	000	*********	001	100	024	121	121	Guitar 2	Channel 5	Acou Guit	
6	000	095	001	100	084	122	043	Solo Guit	Channel 7	Bas & Lead	
7	000	095	001	103	064	000	000	Bass	Channel 6	Acou Bass	
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C	omment	<									

FIG. 2: The Track, Transport, and Comments windows. The array of track controller values can be manipulated in real time with the mouse for playback effects or recorded into the sequence. The Track Name field is highlighted with a box when there is MIDI data in the track.

### WINDOWS ON YOUR MUSIC

The user interface is well-designed, with a clean layout and good use of color. Macintosh keyboard commands are provided for a few basic transport operations, but they cannot be triggered through MIDI. *GMS* provides immediate access to primary functions for real-time recording and mixing, while most editing functions require a trip to the menu bar.

The program offers Track, Pjano Roll, and List Edit windows. These displays are tightly integrated; changes in one are immediately reflected in the others.

The Track window is based on a familiar track-sheet layout (see **Fig.2**) and supports up to 128 tracks of 32,000 notes each (memory permitting). Each track can be named and given initial settings for Volume, Pan, Instrument, Program, Reverb Depth, and Chorus Depth. (The latter two are for instruments that support the Roland GS superset of General MIDL.) These settings constantly update during playback. Pan values are specified numerically as 0 to 127, rather than the more intuitive L7 to R7 syntax used in some sequencers.

Tracks can be assigned to play on the MIDI channel specified in the instrument-name field. Alternatively, a track designated as Multitrack plays back on the MIDI channels that were originally recorded. Unlike many sequencers, *GMS* supports multiple MIDI channels on a single track, which lets you merge a full sequence into a single track, or record several players at once, each on different channels. This feature is especially important because only one track can be recorded at a time.

Additional display fields let you solo or mute individual tracks and specify the active track for recording. During playback, tracks with MIDI activity are highlighted with a colored box around the name. Tracks can play through from beginning to end or loop any number of times. Each track can loop separately, with its own starting point and number of repeats.

The Piano Roll window displays one track of note data only (see **Fig. 3**). As usual, pitch is represented on the Y (vertical) axis, and time is represented on the X (horizontal) axis. The display scrolls during playback. Unfortunately, the active track number or name is not shown in the display. (The manufacturer is adding this feature, though.)

In the Piano Roll and List Edit windows, pressing Command-T allows you to change the display to any desired track. A bug prevents using the mouse with this command, but you can type in the track number. (According to the manufacturer, a new dialog box fixes this problem.) Clicking on notes in the Piano Roll window triggers the corresponding MIDI note, providing aural feedback while editing and serving as a poor man's scrub.

Combinations of the Option, Shift, and Command keys turn the cursor into icons for inserting, deleting, and selecting notes, in addition to adjusting note number, start time, duration, or Velocity. Unlike many Macintosh applications, dragging the mouse to select data does not automatically scroll the window. This aspect of the program needlessly limits the potential selection range.

Indicators at the top of the window's grid allow you to set the MIDI channel, Velocity, and duration of inserted notes. Selecting a note displays only its pitch and song position; you cannot see its Velocity, duration, or MIDI channel without going to the List Edit window. This is another annoying limitation.

The List Edit window (see Fig. 4) displays a list of MIDI events in a selected track. A pop-up menu of event types lets you insert new entries in the event list. A helpful but limited View Filter lets you restrict which MIDI events are shown: notes, Control Changes, Pressure, Program Changes, Pitch Bend, Tempo, Time Signature, and Track End. The View Filter cannot single out individual Control Changes, though. It's all or none. I'd prefer to see the specified Control Changes and ignore all others.

Unfortunately, *GMS* does not support System Exclusive. This means you can't store synth patches within a sequence, or record SysEx-only parameter changes. However, a companion SysEx bulk librarian is included on the program disk. It can run in tandem with *GMS* and handles patch files of up to 128 KB. The files may be saved to disk and recalled as needed.

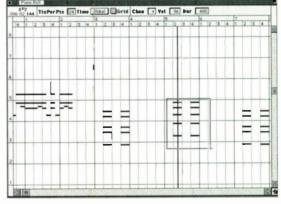


FIG. 3: Note data from a single track are displayed in the Piano Roll window. Mouse-based editing tools let you select and modify the notes. The display scrolls during playback.

List Edit						
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• 000:01:020	000:01:0 Aft			Modulation	23	
• 000:01:020	000:01:0Pite		r Ch1	Sustain	0	- N
• 000:01:020	000:01:020	Pitch Be	nd Ch1	0		
002:01:240	002:01:240	Note Ch		C*6	123	195
• 002:02:000	002:02:000	Note Ch	l .	C#6	127	235
• 002:02:240	002:02:240	Note Chi		C#6	123	195
• 002:03:000	002:03:000	Note Chi	l .	C#6	123	235
• 002:03:240	002:03:240	Note Chi	I	C#6	123	1 95
• 002:04:000	002:04:000	Note Chi	I	C 6	119	235
• 002:04:240	002:04:240	Note Ch	I	C 6	127	195
• 003:01:000	003:01:000	Note Ch		A#5	123	715
003:02:240	003:02:240	Note Chi	I	F 5	125	1195
• 004:01:240	004:01:240	Note Chi		C#6	127	195
• 004 :02 :000	004:02:000	Note Ch1		C#6	123	235
• 004:02:240	004:02:240	Note Ch1		C#6	125	195
004:03:000	004:03:000	Note Chi		C#6	123	235
004:03:240	004:03:240	Note Chi		C 6	123	475
• 004:04:240	004:04:240	Note Chi		A#5	115	2155
• 004:04:251	004:04:251	Controll	er Ch1	Modulation	2	- 1 N
• 004:04:315	004:04:315	Controll	er Ch1	Modulation	5	
• 004:04:360	004:04:360	Controll	er Ch1	Modulation	8	1
004:04:411	004:04:411	Controll	er Ch1	Modulation	10	₽.
004:04:435	004:04:435	Controll	er Ch1	Modulation	14	

FIG. 4: The List Edit window offers a traditional MIDI event list, one track at a time. A View filter can selectively restrict the display to show only certain types of events.

### RECORDING

GMS runs at a pro-level resolution of 480 ppqn and offers several options for real-time recording. You can overwrite or merge existing data with new input while running in Linear or Looped mode. The only major omission is punch-in/out. However, there is a workaround: Loop all tracks through the punch interval, record takes of the punch in a fresh track until you're satisfied, then cut-and-paste your clean punch over the original track data. GMS also does not chase controllers. The currently displayed settings for controllers and programs are used regardless of the cue point.

Track 0 is reserved as the Conductor track to record tempo and time-signature events. Other tracks can also con-

tain tempo events, but only from imported sequences, because GMS does not let you insert tempo events in any track but the Conductor track. Tempo maps must be created using step entry, as there is no provision for recording tempo changes in real time. This is promised for a future version, but for now, it is awkward to create smooth tempo maps, let alone edit events to adjust the rate of change.

A powerful Receive MIDI filter lets you configure *GMS* to ignore certain types of MIDI messages

and remap data on the fly. These transform capabilities are impressive. Notes can be bumped up or down an octave, or remapped entirely through a pitch map. Controller types can be remapped as desired; even the input device's pitchbend wheel can be remapped to any specified controller. For example, you could do simultaneous real-time mapping of input notes to fall within a given scale, while boosting low Velocities, converting Breath Controller messages to Expression and sending Pan messages with the pitch wheel.

Recording operations are controlled in the Transport window, with onscreen buttons for Start, Stop, Pause, and Record. Additional controls govern count-off, MIDI click, and tempo (32 to 250 bpm). You also can specify a cue point to start Play/Record. The Transport window displays elapsed time as measure: :beat:tick and SMPTE time (30 fps only). The final group of settings let you direct MIDI Thru data to a specified instrument and program with specified Volume, Pan, Reverb Depth, and Chorus Depth.

One of *GMS*'s strengths is real-time control of the Volume, Pan, Reverb, Chorus, Instrument, and Program settings for each track. Moving the mouse up and down alters the selected parameter's value in real time, much like moving a fader. You can experiment

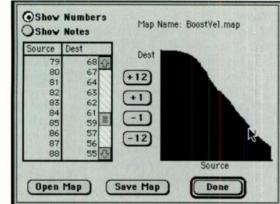
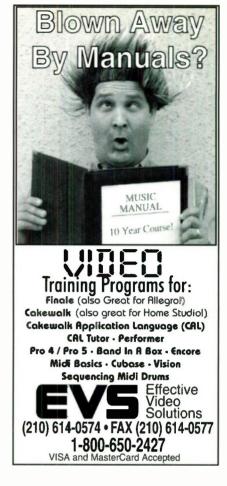


FIG. 5: A map for creating an inverse Velocity curve. You can directly edit the text entries, or use the mouse for graphic editing. Text values can be displayed as note pitches or absolute numbers, depending on your need.





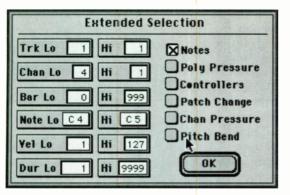


FIG. 6: The Extended Selection dialog box lets you apply a number of logical criteria simultaneously to select track data for editing. Setting the Low value greater than the High value will select all data outside of the criteria range.

with playback changes and actually record your mouse moves.

Holding the mouse button on the Program field opens a pop-up box with all programs for the assigned Instrument. Moving the mouse changes the program while the sequence plays; releasing the mouse completes the selection. Unfortunately, the Bank Select command used by many General MIDI synths is not supported from the Track window. It can be sent only by manually inserting the MIDI message in the List Edit window.

You can easily record parameter changes in an empty track assigned to the target Instrument. Don't like the take? Do it again until you're happy, then merge the controller track with the music track. This works well and is great for final mixdowns, adding dynamic panning and volume changes. Note that these operations only work on tracks set to a single MIDI channel. Support for real-time parameter changes in multichannel tracks is planned for a future upgrade.

Step-time recording by mouse entry is offered to a limited extent through the Piano Roll and List Edit windows. Step entry via MIDI is not supported. Controller data can only be entered one event at a time in the List Edit window, which is a painful drudge and will prove to be a significant limitation for some users. I hope to see graphic controller drawing and editing in a future version of the program. (Altech reports they have now added a graphic Controller Editor.)

*GMS* lets you save and load individual tracks, or entire sequences, as well as import and export Type 0 and 1 Standard MIDI Files. Type 1 MIDI files are automatically split into individual tracks for each MIDI channel when imported.

### MAPS

In addition to the MIDI Receive filter, several other editing functions can utilize maps to transform data. These maps can be used to change data values, as in remapping drum notes or compressing Velocity values, or to change controller types, such as Mod Wheel to Reverb Depth. Maps are conversion ta-

bles between source and destination data; each has a range of 128 possible values. *GMS* displays maps in both text and graphic format. Both forms are easy to create and edit. It's easier to enter drum-note conversions as text values, while you can create an inverse Velocity map with a single swipe of the mouse (see Fig. 5). Maps can be saved

and recalled for later use, letting you

build a library of applications. An intriguing map forces note numbers into a specified chord or scale. A built-in editing function automatically creates pitch maps by scanning notes in a selected data. This map can be used to edit existing data, or as part of the MIDI Receive filter to alter incoming data prior to recording. Currently, controller types can only be remapped in real time through the Receive filter. I hope to see this extended to a track-edit operation in the future for remapping previously entered controllers

### EDITING

*GMS* supports three levels of detail in selecting data for editing. An entire track, or a subset of discontiguous track data, can be chosen. Alternatively, data can be culled by a combination of selection criteria based on the type of MIDI message; track number; MIDI channel; bar number; and note pitch, Velocity, and duration. This Extended Selection feature (see Fig. 6) facilitates many creative editing applications.

Basic cut, copy, paste, and clear commands are available in all three display windows, following the usual Macintosh conventions. Simple edits can be made in the Piano Roll or List Edit windows. Beyond that, *GMS* provides a number of more musically useful transformations and editing tricks.

Quantize works on note start time, duration, or both. A Half Quantize mode moves notes halfway between their current start time and the nearest quantization position. This helps to tighten loose playing without going into mechanistic lock-step. The Channel command lets vou set all selected events to a fixed MIDI channel, or hocket a set of notes across a continuous range of MIDI channels (i.e., note 1 is assigned to channel 1, note 2 is assigned to channel 2, and so on). This feature is especially effective when each channel has a distinctive timbre and pan position.

You can apply chromatic transposition, optionally moving the affected notes into a desired scale or chord with a pitch map before or after transposition. Velocity-editing options let you change values by adding a fixed offset, multiplying by a percentage, or going through a map. Similarly, you can set notes to a fixed duration, or multiply their current values by a given percentage, to get legato and staccato effects.

A Randomize function lets you modify the feel of your music by randomly varying note start-time, duration, Velocity, and even pitch. You can apply a pitch map after processing to bring the notes into some semblance of musicality. The Shift function lets you adjust the feel by sliding events ahead or back in time. This works well for drum grooves if you record individual sounds on their own tracks, then shift each track separately.

Another group of operations lets you add or delete bars across tracks, expand loops into linear form, merge tracks, and split tracks. The only program crash I experienced was when I tried to delete more bars than there were in the track. It was a dumb move and a heavy price to pay. A minor bug in the Merge function can erroneously set all tracks to Multitrack status. You can restore their original settings manually, but it's a pain.

Tracks can be split into separate tracks by MIDI channel, Program Change, musical line (polyphonic tracks split into monophonic parts), or on the basis of the multiple Extended Selection criteria. All of this is pretty darn impressive for an entry-level sequencer!

#### SPECIAL FEATURES

*GMS*'s multichannel track capability lets you emulate pattern-based sequencers and use the Track window as a song editor. First, record a sequence normally, then merge all the tracks into a composite track. Repeat this process to build up a set of multichannel tracks. These tracks can be entire songs or song phrases (e.g., verse, chorus, bridge, etc.).

You can quickly create and experiment with different arrangements by changing the start times and loop setting of the different multichannel tracks. Just keep your polyphony limits in mind, and don't let tempo events run into each other.

Not all users have or work exclusively with General MIDI instruments, so *GMS* includes a GenMap function that translates the GM program numbers in a sequence to match the sounds available in your particular gear. This requires some initial setup in which you create a template that matches General MIDI program names and drum sounds to compatible sounds on your instruments. You can assign sounds across multiple instruments to maximize polyphony and get the best timbral selection.

How well this works depends on your particular gear and how well you set up the conversion template. To bootstrap the process, *GMS* can read .DK setup files from PG Music's *Band-In-A*-

#### Product Summary PRODUCT:

General MIDI Sequencer (GMS) 1.1.1 PRICE:

#### \$79

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS:

Mac Plus or better; 2 MB of RAM; System 6.0.7 or later; hard drive; MIDI interface

#### MANUFACTURER:

Altech Systems 122 Faires Industrial Park Dr. Shreveport, LA 71106 tel. (318) 868-8036 fax (318) 868-7402

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VALUE	•	•			

*Box* as GenMap templates. Otherwise, you must create your own templates. Once you've done that, however, you can automatically convert General MIDI sequences to play properly on your system. You should note that the conversion process writes a new sequence file after making conversions; GenMap is not a real-time programmapping function.

A Panic button cures stuck notes by sending a complete series of Note Off messages and nominal values for Modulation, Volume, Pitch Bend, and Sustain. These messages can be sent on all channels, or just the current MIDI Thru channel. Although the version I had for review did not send All Notes Off or Reset All Controllers from the Panic button, Altech Systems has since corrected this.

Looking at this further, the program can send MIDI Mode messages on the Thru channel or all channels with a single menu selection. This is handy for quickly setting up instruments with Local On/Off, Omni/Poly mode, etc.

#### **CLOSE AND QUIT**

Overall, *GMS* looks like a winner for Altech Systems. Not only do you get a reliable and capable sequencer with a wealth of special features, but the program comes bundled with a SysEx bulk librarian.

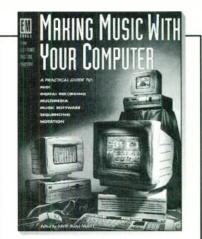
GMS seems to be superior to Passport's Trax on most counts. Opcode's EZ Vision is a tougher competitor, though. It costs slightly more—\$99, compared to \$79 for GMS—but EZ Vision gets points for graphic, non-note event editing; controller chasing; superior Piano Roll design; MIDI step-entry; and SysEx support.

On the other hand, Altech's GMS weighs in with limited SMPTE support, multichannel tracks, a List Edit window, extensive MIDI filtering and remapping, and a wider assortment of editing operations. (Opcode also offers Musicshop, which is essentially EZ Vision with standard music notation for \$149.95.)

In my book, it comes down to EZ Vision versus GMS in the entry-level Macintosh sequencer fray. Their feature sets are distinct enough that you should have little problem choosing the one for you.

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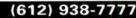
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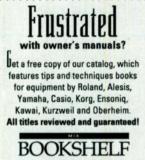
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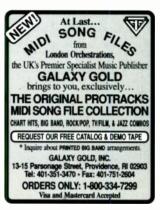
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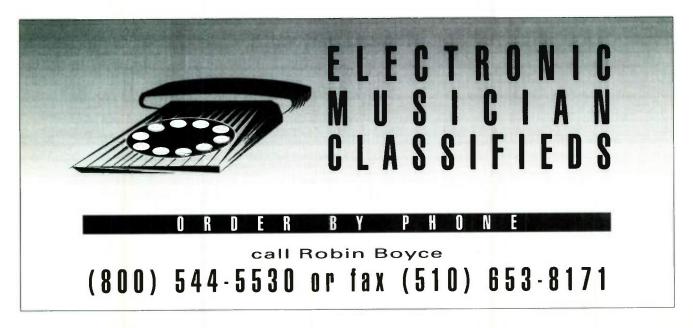
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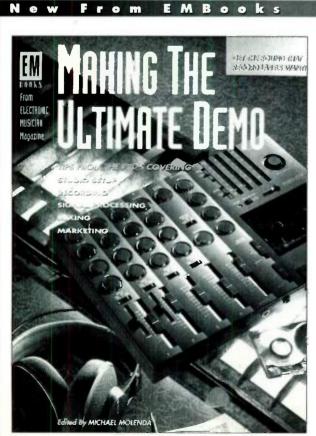
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n the Supreme Court of the State of Sound, 16-bit digital audio stands accused of sounding harsh, brittle, and downright unanalog. Although it is capable of an impressive 96 dB dynamic range, lowlevel signals are not well represented by the last few bits. As a result, these signals are sentenced to die when they fall below the noise floor.

Analog tape is much more forgiving. Its noise floor is higher than 16bit digital audio, but you can clearly discern signals at levels that fall below the threshold. This is somewhat like being at the beach with a friend. The sound level of the surf may be higher than your friend's speaking voice, but you can still hear what is said. However, if a signal sinks below the digital noise floor, it's completely lost in a sea of grunge called *quantization noise*.

One way around this difficulty is to digitize audio signals with a resolution greater than sixteen bits. In fact, many professional engineers now use 20-bit resolution, with its theoretical noise floor of -120 dB, to improve the situation. However, they must ultimately squeeze this information into CD's 16-bit straightjacket, or few people will hear their music. The same problem arises when digital EQ, gain change, or compression is applied to 16-bit signals, as these processes require increased resolution for accurate calculations.

## Sixteen Will Get You Twenty

Apogee's UV22 finds digital audio not guilty.

By Scott Wilkinson

Of course, you could simply truncate the extra four bits as you master for CD, but this results in audible distortion. A better approach is called *dithering*, in which a small amount of controlled, pseudorandom noise is added to a 16-bit signal to smooth out the behavior of the last few bits.

More recently, a process called noise shaping or bit mapping has been developed by Sony and other companies. As a 20-bit signal is converted to 16-bit resolution, the extra four bits are treated as quantization noise. Instead of a flat, white CD noise floor, the level of the noise is reduced in the mid range, where our ears are most sensitive, which inevitably raises the noise level in the high and/or low ends. (This is analogous to a bowl of Jell-0; if you push down in the center, the outer area rises.) However, our ears are less sensitive in the extreme frequency ranges, so higher noise levels in these areas shouldn't be audible (see "Tech Page: Sony Super Bit Mapping" in the February 1993 EM).

Despite the improvement these techniques represent, some engineers remain unsatisfied. These en-



Apogee Electronic's UV1000 applies UV22 Super CD Encoding to digital signals. The encoding process retains the detail of 20bit recordings while reducing the resolution to sixteen bits. gineers point out that dithering and noise shaping alter the noise level and noise-floor profile of the final signal, which can't help but alter the signal itself. Many professionals believe this is audible, rendering these techniques unacceptable.

Enter Apogee Electronics, a Santa Monica, California, company that has specialized in digital audio for more than eight years. Their latest development is a process they call UV22 Super CD Encoding. In this process, the fine audio detail in the extra four bits is encoded into the last few bits of the 16-bit compact disc using the frequency range of 18 to 22 kHz, well above the upper limit of most people's ability to hear. The noise floor throughout the audible range remains flat at the theoretical limit of 16-bit digital audio.

Amazingly, this process lets you hear signals as much as 24 dB below the noise floor, much like analog tape. According to Apogee, UV22 not only preserves the detail of material converted from twenty to sixteen bits, but it also improves any material originally recorded with 16-bit resolution by slightly varying the instantaneous levels of consecutive samples, which effectively evens out the inconsistent quantization steps of most digital-toanalog conversions during playback.

Even better, UV22 is a singleended system that requires no decoder. Clearly, this process is an important witness for the defense of digital audio, which is well on its way to being acquitted of its harsh reputation.



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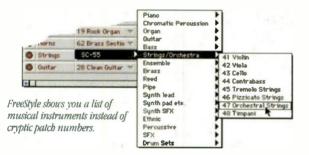
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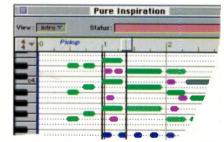
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