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25th year
THE NEWSWEEKLY
OF RADIO AND TV

If you want your share of
NEW ENGLAND'S No.1 MARKET
use
WEEI
BOSTON

Represented by CBS Radio Spot Sales
Another thinly disguised WJR success story

 Marshall Wells, farm editor for WJR, Detroit, sold a tractor a while back.

 A farmer came into the sponsor's Lapeer, Michigan, dealership and said, "Let me see one of those big, blue brutes Marshall Wells told me about this morning."

 Although the farmer had been interested in other makes, he took Marsh's word and bought a big, blue diesel tractor. One day, while he was working it in a field, one of the competitive tractor salesmen asked if he had bought it.

 "Yep, on the one condition," said the farmer. "That it'll do everything Marsh Wells says it will."

 "It will," sighed the salesman, and went home.

 Even competition can't argue with Marsh Wells. In a recent survey of listenership in WJR's primary coverage area, Alfred Politz Research, Inc. discovered that 37 percent of all listeners always tune in Marsh for farm market reports. There are 196 other stations dividing the rest into small portions.

 Marsh is an expert—so recognized by sponsors and listeners alike. His integrity breeds astonishing loyalty. His talent is a valued part of WJR's $1 million annual local talent budget.

 His sponsors keep on renewing. Like other smart advertisers, they know spot radio on WJR is the fastest, cheapest way to move goods in the Great Lakes market. Maybe your advertising manager knows, too. Ask him.

 The Great Voice of the Great Lakes

 WJR Detroit

 50,000 Watts CBS Radio Network
"Here's a tip..."

WJIM-T.V.
Lansing
Covering more of Michigan than any other TV station!
Ever-growing sales are yours in the Channel 8 Multi-City Market. It's a vast, diversified region—a buying market. Sell the 3½ million people who live here, who own 912,950 TV sets and who spend $5½ billion annually.

STEINMAN STATION
Clair McCollough, Pres.

Representatives:
MEEKER TV, INC.
New York
Chicago
Los Angeles
San Francisco

316,000 WATTS
SCATTER SCUTTERBUTT • Arrival of scatter propagation communications systems on scene [B&T, Oct. 24] is seen in some quarters as possibly heralding major impact on entire spectrum allocations. Present techniques use vhf bands up to 60 mc, but underlying theories is thought that entire vhf could be used to great advantage. This brings tv and fm broadcasting into purview of scatter advocates—the military being among foremost. Whole subject may be aired at scatter seminar in Washington today and tomorrow sponsored by Institute of Radio Engineers groups and George Washington U.

HAMSTRINGING features of political broadcasting law are already at work—full year before 1956 presidential election. Thinking they might be able to persuade him to admit live television to news conference set for Wednesday morning, day after his expected announcement of candidacy, advisors to Adlai Stevenson first sounded out tv networks. As of late Friday they had found networks cool. Reason, Mr. Stevenson will be avowed candidate Wednesday and to broadcast lengthy news conference would expose networks to rash of demands for equal time. Issue won't be settled until today or tomorrow.

LINEUPS FORMING • With FCC network tempo being stepped up (witness meeting in Washington today [Monday] of network heads with FCC Chairman McConnaughey at latter's call), some independent tv stations reportedly are planning their participation in proceedings, probably amicus curiae or as "friends of FCC." Their big complaint presumably is freezing out of program product through syndication and effects of "option time."

NUMBER of old-line vhf stations, concerned about where things may be headed in efforts to break down present allocation tables and thereby curtail their present rural and remote coverage, are beginning to talk up formation of protection committee to counter efforts of organized vhf stations seeking such changes. Presumably group would be tv counterpart of clear channel organization set up quarter-century ago to protest incursions on power station airwaves.

NEW NETWORK ROLE? NBC Executive Vice President Robert Sarnoff is recipient of thought-provoking letter from midwest broadcaster calling for new network approach to network programming. Briefly, concept is that networks offer programs (mostly news) as press associations offer their services to clients. Thesis is that tv has evolved as primary entertainment medium of broadcasting and that local radio stations are doing excellent local job, but networks would add national or international aspect.

THERE'S good chance top level meeting between FCC and Office of Defense Mobilizations officials on swap of some vhf channels for few vhf channels from military may take place this week. Conference will be strictly exploratory, it's understood, but it's move toward FCC Chairman McConnaughey's hope to settle way or other possibility of adding more vhf's to television. Question of capturing government channels for broadcast services has always been live one in Washington communication circles, but this is nearest FCC has ever come in moving toward that goal.

CLEARANCE TROUBLE • They may not know it, but salesmen for some film companies are making no friends among agencies and station representatives—and may lose business—by promising station clearances they can't deliver. Complaint: That some salesman, to clinic sale of film property, will "guarantee" clearance of specific prime hours on top-rated stations which agencies have not been able to clear through reps. Result: Reps look bad to agencies and look bad to their clients—till it turns out these salesmen can't produce more than small percentage of clearances they'd promised. In fairness, these sources say, it should be noted that there are instances—"not common place," they say—in which film salesmen became heroes by delivering clearances after others had failed.

DOES White House still plan to rotate chairmanships on independent agencies, in line with statement made last year when President Eisenhower named new chairman of Civil Aeronautics Board and FCC? Question has been raised in government circles, now that more than year has elapsed since George C. McConnaughey assumed FCC chairmanship on Oct. 4, 1954. There is no indication that any change is in offing at FCC, but that did not deter FCC insiders from raising question.

COMMAND PERFORMANCE • Entire Hollywood crew of NBC-TV Malinee Theatre worked all night following Milton Berle's color show last Tuesday to whip together "An Apple for Miss Myrtle," for Wednesday noon color origination. Originally slated for Thursday, "Apple" was pushed up because RCA-NBC Chairman Brig. Gen. David Sarnoff was showing off new daytime color venture to select agency group Wednesday and had not been informed that black-and-white kinescope play made in October was scheduled.

Monochrome kinescopes are spotted day after Berle color shows because of production problems at Burbank studios. Command performance also required rescheduling Thursday and Friday plays.

ONE of big tv advertisers, which began in Midwest in tv's early days, is exploring tv station markets in hope of acquiring full quota of outlets. It reportedly has budgeted initial $3 million for "down-payments," with assurances that more will be available if appropriate acquisitions are in sight. Group already has contacted at least one former network executive to work with it, presumably having in mind Chicago headquarters.

TIMEBUYERS MOVING • In reshuffle of timebuyers to take place shortly, Jan Gilbert, Product Services Inc., will move to Doyle Dane Bernbach, New York, succeeding Nina Flynn, who joins Robert Orr & Assoc., New York.

VISIONS of mountains of work are haunting Washington consulting engineers with issuance last week of allocations review by FCC (story, page 27). And Sixth Report and Order is stripped of restrictions, every tv case from then on may well be technical problem, requiring greatly enlarged consulting staffs. Many firms have been quietly seeking additional men, but one at least needs them mostly for backlog of on work which has resulted in new highs in recent months. Principals of this consulting outfit are afraid to begin thinking of staff requirements come any substantial changes in tv standards.

SPEC FOR ABC-TV • Latest development in big-time network tv is report that ABC-TV plans to premiere with star-studded program of spectacular, or special, variety much sooner than had been widely anticipated. Chief reason, it's understood, is network now has potential sponsor under wraps. Show, originally pegged for sometime in fall season next year, is being advanced to possible debut next February—thus pushing schedule ahead more than six months.

PROPERTY rights in tv signals may be adjudicated sooner than expected. Bill Grove, KFBC-TV Cheyenne, Wy., has moved to intervene in application of Rowlin, Wy., community tv system application to Wyoming Public Service Commission for franchise certificate. Mr. Grove, who has been active in urging broadcaster opposition to antenna systems, claims certificate should be denied because Rowlin wired closed circuit system does not have his permission to pick up KFBC-TV signals.
KTHS (LITTLE ROCK)

PAYS OFF IN CASH, TOO!

When you pick up the check for time on 50,000-watt KTHS, you're buying coverage of a lot more than Metropolitan Little Rock.

KTHS pays off—in Cash (Ark.), for example. This little Craighead County town isn't much of a market in itself. But combined with hundreds of other hamlets, towns and cities, it helps account for KTHS's interference-free daytime coverage of more than 3,370,000 people!

In Arkansas, use the BIG radio value—KTHS, Basic CBS in Little Rock.

KTHS 50,000 Watts
CBS Radio

BROADCASTING FROM
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

Represented by The Branham Co.
Under Same Management as KWKH, Shreveport
Henry Clay, Executive Vice President
B. G. Robertson, General Manager
TELEVISION Bureau of Advertising will appropriate $250,000-$600,000 to fight battle for TV media, among advertisers, agencies and station representatives in coming year, TVB board decided during first annual membership meeting in Chicago ending Friday (see earlier story page 82). Officers traced rapid progress made by TVB in competition with printed media, specifically American Newspapers Publishers Assn.'s Bureau of Advertising, and vigorous support by member stations.

TVB board, becomes 16-man group, with addition of new members. In election of officers four added to board and Clair R. McCollough, WGAL-TV Lancaster, Pa., steps out as chairman. H. Preston Peters, Free & Peters Inc., succeeds George Brett, The Katz Agency, as station representative man on board and Norman E. (Pete) Cash, TVB station relations director, was elected vice president. Virginia Hensler elected assistant secretary-treasurer.

New directors for one-year terms are Robert Lemen, WTTV (TV) Bloomington, Ind.; Gordon Gray, WOR-TV New York; Robert Tinchker, KTVT (TV) Sioux City, Iowa, and Otto B. Brandt, KING-TV Seattle, Wash. Board now comprises 12 station, two network, one station representative members and the president, Oliver Treyz. New officers take office Jan. 1. All nominations adopted unanimously.

Retained in office are Richard A. Moore, KTTV (TV) Los Angeles, as co-chairman; W. D. Rogers Jr., KDUB-TV Lubbock, secretary; Lawrence H. Rogers, WSAZ-TV Huntington, W. Va., treasurer, and as board members, Campbell Arnoux, WATF-TV Norfolk; Roger W. Clipp, WPIF-TV Philadelphia; Henry W. Slavick, WMCT (TV) Memphis; Kenneth L. Carter, WAAM (TV) Baltimore, and George B. Storer Jr., Storer Broadcasting Co. Also Charles R. Denny, NBC New York, and Merle S. Jones, CBS-TV New York.

Mr. Rogers delivered financial report, noting income projected to $600,000, on basis of expenditures of $44,000 and income up to $50,000 monthly.

NCAA, in Crackdown, Takes Football Telecast From Iowa

CBS-TV affiliates in Iowa were prohibited from carrying District 4 National Collegiate Athletic Assn. football game between Wisconsin and Illinois last Saturday by order of NCAA. Action followed previous Saturday's telecast of Iowa-Minnesota game by KRNT-TV Des Moines in defiance of black-out imposed by NCAA (story, page 110).

Walter Byers, NCAA executive secretary, on Friday issued the following statement:

"The unauthorized telecast of Des Moines, Iowa, violated the understandings and agreements in effect between the NCAA and the CBS Television Network. It is incredible that KRNT-TV ignored and disregarded these commitments. Final disposition of this phase of the matter has not yet been determined."

... The NCAA television committee adopted special provisions to govern collegiate football telecasting in the State of Iowa at the request of the CBS Television Network and other interested parties. Since these provisions have been violated and there is lack of adequate assurance at this time that they will be observed Nov. 12, the NCAA television committee has been forced to conclude that the special provisions are no longer meaningful and, consequently, they have been voided.

"This means that the District Four CBS telecast is not to be released in the State of Iowa tomorrow. If this deprives other CBS affiliated television stations in Iowa from airing this game, the NCAA television committee greatly regrets this inconvenience but wishes to submit that the fault does not rest with the NCAA."

Late Friday, Big Ten (Western Conference) met to explore legal implications of KRNT-TV telecast, but reached no decision.

**BUSINESS BRIEFLY**

**OSCARS & OLDSMOBILES** • General Motors Corp.'s Oldsmobile Div. reportedly has agreed to sponsor for third straight year NBC-TV's coverage of Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences ("Oscar") awards next March 21 (10:30 p.m.-12:15 a.m. EST). Estimated cost of package said to be $300,000. Agency for Oldsmobile is D. P. Brother, Detroit.

**JERGENS' MINUTES** • Andrew P. Jergens Co., Cincinnati, buying national one-minute TV spot campaign in 50 markets, effective Jan. 1, for 22 weeks, for Jergens lotion. Agency is Robert W. Orr & Assoc., N. Y.

**CARS MOVE AGAIN** • Studebaker-Packard, which had cancelled its radio network but last week reversed course because of slower-than-expected production (AT Deadline, Nov. 7) will institute one-week (Nov. 21-26) radio spot campaign in 75 markets where distribution has progressed more rapidly. Motto will be used. Benton & Bowles, N. Y., is agency.

**MORE FOR MOGUL** • Emil Mogul Co., N. Y., already handling two Revlon products (Aquamarine lotion and Silkenet shampoo), has assigned its third Revlon account, reportedly men's toilettries, to Mogul. Time slot is understood to be considered in media plans.

**INSURANCE RENEWAL** • Allstate Insurance Co., Chicago, renewed Friday its sponsorship of ABC Radio's Sports Today With Bill Stern (Mon.-Fri., 6:30-6:45 p.m. EST). Agency for Allstate is Christiansen Adv. Inc., Chicago.

**'CIRCUS' SPONSOR** • Roto-Broil Corp. of America (rotisseries-broilers), N. Y., was to start sponsorship of half-hour of ABC-TV's Super Circus with yesterday's (Sunday) telecast. Sponsor will alternate segments weekly, taking 5-5:30 p.m. EST period yesterday and 5:30-6 p.m. EST slot beginning next Sunday's telecast. Product Services Inc., N. Y., is agency.

**BEER BUYS 'SUSIE'** • Sponsorship by Drewrys Ltd., U. S. A. Inc. (beer of Susie, tv film series, in 13 midwestern markets is being announced today (Monday) by Leslie Fairbairn, advertising director of Drewrys, and Michael M. Sillerman, executive vice president of Television Programs of America, distributor of series. Business was placed through MacFarland, Aveyard & Co., Chicago, which is planning extensive merchandising campaign for Susie, which consists of re-runs of Private Secretary, currently on CBS-TV.

**FOR MICHIGAN COUGHS** • Buckley's Ltd., Toronto, Canada, buying 13-week schedule of radio spots in four Michigan markets (Kalamazoo, Flint, Grand Rapids, and Saginaw) for its cough syrup effective Jan. 1. Agency is Hilton & Riggo Inc., N. Y.

**SWEET BUSINESS** • Sunkist Pie Co., Chicago, appoints Ruthrauff and Ryan Inc., Chicago.

**MIXES ON AIR** • Flako Products Div., Quaker Oats Co., has launched saturation spot radio campaign, using about 2,000 announcements for 13 weeks, in five eastern markets, for Flako pie crust and Flakorn corn muffin mix. Agency is Roy S. Durstine, N. Y.
HARD TO BEAT...

KPHO-TV IN PHOENIX!

ACES IN ANY ADVERTISER'S HAND... these KPHO-TV program personalities consistently win audiences and sales for CHANNEL 5 advertisers! Their programs are "buy-words" in Phoenix homes. Backed by full scale promotion and merchandising, their local impact will bring you ever-greater sales in the growing Phoenix area.

Goldust Charlie
— one of Arizona's first TV caricatures, created in '51 and still a favorite! Phoenix youngsters meet with the "old prospector" weekdays at 4 p.m. at his televised General Store for homespun humor and "Little Rascals."

Tom Sherlock
— Phoenicians like their weather, especially the way it's presented by Sherlock on "3 STAR NEWS" each weekday at 5:50 p.m., and at 10:05 p.m. He's been one of Phoenix leading TV personalities since he joined KPHO-TV in '51.

Wallace Snead
— star of "It's Wallace?" on KPHO-TV each weekday at 4:35 p.m. Ask any Phoenix youngster about this program... it's the HIGHEST-RATED afternoon children's show in town. Draw to this for a sure winner!

Ruth Dunlop
— Director of Women's Activities for KPHO, her program "COOK'S CORNER" soon begins its sixth year on KPHO-TV. Winner of a 1954 Zenith Television Award, Ruth is a Phoenix habit with housewives each weekday at 3 p.m., when she presents cooking and sewing hints.

Jack Murphy
— Phoenix's name for news! Jack's nightly newscast within "3 STAR NEWS" weekdays at 5:30 p.m., as Phoenix' most widely watched, multi-weekly local news program. (ARB Jolt, '55) As KPHO-TV's Executive Producer and News Editor, he's also seen weekdays at 11:45 a.m. and at 2:45 p.m.

Deal yourself in on this winning hand...KPHO-TV, Phoenix!

MEREDITH Radio and Television Stations
affiliated with Better Homes and Gardens and Successful Farming magazines

KANSAS CITY
KCMO
RADIO
810 kc.
ABC
TV
Channel 5
CBS
SYRACUSE
WCMA
RADIO
620 kc.
ABC
TV
Channel 8
CBS
PHOENIX
KPHO
RADIO
910 kc.
ABC
TV
Channel 5
OMAHA
WWOW
RADIO
590 kc.
CBS
TV
Channel 6
NBC

Represented by RATE AGENCY INC

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Home Town TV Organization Plans Staff, Incorporation

CHARTER of incorporation for Committee for Home Town Television Inc., designed to be nationwide organization of both uhf and vhf broadcasters to serve needs of "home town" stations, has been adopted by group of Connecticut, Massachusetts, and New Jersey stations [B/T, Aug. 29]. Philip Merryman, WICC-TV Bridgeport, president of CHTT, said Friday.

He said Harry Plotkin, Washington radio-tv attorney, had been retained as legal counsel and Kear & Kennedy, Washington consulting engineers, as engineering counsel, and that CHTT also plans to employ economic consultant and full-time publicity aide. One of organization's first moves, he indicated, will be to submit to FCC allocations brief to be prepared by Mr. Plotkin.

Corporation charter, to be filed in Connecticut, was approved Thursday at Hartford meeting attended by representatives of some eight tv stations, according to Mr. Merryman, who said next meeting will be held soon but that date has not been definitely fixed. Charles DeRose, WHYN-TV Springfield, Mass., is CHTT board chairman. Home office is at Mr. Merryman's WICC-TV.

50-Cent Record Player Developed for Propaganda

FIFTY-CENT, hand-operated phonograph for use in international propaganda warfare demonstrated by Brig. Gen. David Sarnoff, chairman of RCA and NBC boards, who noted instrument is light and unbreakable, can be dropped by air "behind the Iron or Bamboo Curtain," and is so simply designed it could be assembled and operated by anybody. He said he demonstrated machine to President Eisenhower and other officials last April during conference in connection with his cold war memorandum which White House released in May [B/T, May 16].

Public demonstration was before Overseas Press Club of America in New York, using unbreakable seven-inch records that play for three minutes and can be manufactured for five cents each. Machine's reproduction was described as "surprisingly" loud and clear. Gen. Sarnoff said number of machines have been delivered to Voice of America for field tests and that other U.S. agencies are showing "ad lot of quiet interest." Machine was developed by Arthur van Dyke, staff assistant to Dr. C. B. Jolliffe, RCA vice president and technical director, who operated and explained it in demonstration. Gen. Sarnoff said RCA had no commercial interest in it, that design details are available to anyone, that toy manufacturers might be better equipped to produce it than RCA and that organization might be able to get price of 50 cents or less down to about 20 cents.

FCC Executive Hangs Self

GEORGE L. JENSEN, 51, chief, engineering div., FCC Field Engineering & Monitoring Bureau, was found hanged in basement of his Arlington, Va., home Friday. Police said Mr. Jensen, long-time employee of the FCC, had been under treatment for severe migraine headaches.

HENRY HOWARD, CBS Radio director of business affairs since December 1953, appointed director of music operations of CBS-TV effective immediately. Post is new and created to "administer the complex and expanding uses of music in tv," according to announcement. Mr. Howard has been in legal and business administration service with CBS since 1939, except for wartime service with U.S. Navy general counsel office.

Appointment of JUDITH WALLER, longtime director of public affairs and education for NBC in Chicago, as public affairs representative for network was announced last week by DAVID-SON H. T. OR, NBC vice president in charge of public affairs. In her new post, Miss Waller will travel throughout country and serve as liaison between network and national organizations. She will continue to maintain headquarters in Chicago.

CHARLES MOOS, NBC's manager of labor relations since May 1955 and previously attorney in network's legal department, appointed manager of talent and contract operations for NBC.


JOHN CAPLES, vice president of BBDO, will speak before Advertising Club of New York's advertising and selling course today (Monday) on "Tested Advertising Methods."

THEODORE B. KIRBY, formerly with MBS promotion department and Pedlar & Ryan Inc., New York, to copy chief, ABC audience promotion department.

EMIL F. HUBKA JR., formerly manager of public relations, U. of Illinois Professional Colleges, to Motorola Inc. as public relations assistant for news services.

WILLIS DUNBAR, public affairs director, WKZO Kalamazoo, Mich., named vice mayor of Kalamazoo.

WDSU-TV Plans New Tower To Extend Its Coverage

WDSU-TV New Orleans plans to construct new transmitter building at site of new 975 ft. tower in St. Bernard Parish, including duplicate transmitters, ch. 6 station announced Friday following FCC approval of application to move transmitter site. Station, now atop Hibernia Bank Bldg., with 425 ft. antenna, will greatly increase its coverage of New Orleans area when new transmitting facilities are completed, Robert D. Swezy, executive vice president and general manager, said. Construction of new facilities, including equipment for color and black-and-white, will begin in near future.

CBS-TV EMP Adds One

KHAD-TV Laredo, Tex. (ch. 8), owned and operated by Vidicon Industries of America, Midland, Tex., will join CBS-TV under network's Extended Market Plan on or about Dec. 1, Herbert V. Akerberg, CBS-TV vice president in charge of station relations, said Friday. Station has been under construction since early summer.

AWRT Board to Meet

MEETING of board of directors of American Women in Radio & Television will be held Thursday and Friday in Boston, at which plans for 1956 AWRT annual convention will be formulated. Reports from chairman of various national committees also will be read.
the week in brief

THE FCC MAKES ITS MOVE
Stage is set for decisive action on allocations: has Commission: (1) denies all deintermixture petitions, (2) drops in a v at Albany, (3) calls for rule-making to retire Sixth Report. 27
Complete text of FCC decisions .28 & 100

NO NEED FOR TV COUNT
That's the opinion of Hugh Beville, NBC research chief, who says tv's engineering characteristics obviate nationwide survey. 30

MARGARINE BUTTERS THE BUYER
Major olio makers schedule intensive broadcast advertising push to counter supermarket price cutting, widen acceptance of product. 32

SPECTOR'S UNHAPPY WITH NBC
Agency head says network reneged on Sunday night time period. He also charges network's spectacular sponsored by Hazel Bishop were "stinkers," and says tv is pricing itself too high. 32

THE FUTURE OF TV NEWS
Panel at Chicago SDX meeting hears analysis by four working newsmen. Predicted: transoceanic tv via satellite, longer news shows. Criticized: pool coverage, bars to radio-tv access. 35

DO TV COMMERCIALS HIT HOME?
They do in Southern California, according to ABC survey reported by Earl Hudson. 53

HEARSTLINGS DISAGREE ON TV
Tony Provost blasts colleague who criticized television's effectiveness. 56

WHY RETAILERS LIKE TV
NBC releases second segment of study conducted in Indiana market. This one shows grocers and drugstores feel about the medium. 57

ARP'S FIRST ANNUAL MEETING
It hears Fred Manchee summarize accomplishments, tell of new consumer compliments. 60

COLOR TAPE TIMETABLE
Bing Crosby Enterprises says it will have a commercially-usable product in 12-18 months. 70

$39 MILLION FILM JACKPOT
That's what General Teleradio hopes to realize from sale of 700 features it got in KKO deal. 76

LAW STEPS IN ON HOOKER
New York State Attorney General says prospectus for iv film network contains "unauthorized names" and "fraudulent statements." 78

Tvb MARKS A MILESTONE
After 10 months of operation, nationwide tv billings are up $6.5 million, Tregy tells first annual meeting in Chicago. 82

NARTB: ONE MORE TO GO
Next to last regional meeting convened in Des Moines last week. The slate winds up in Dallas Thursday. 87

THE NEWSPAPER SCOOP IS GONE
Broadcast media have stolen that particular thunder from the press, Sigma Delta Chi convention hears. 93

STORM OVER BOOSTERS
FCC staff divisions voice vigorous protest to examiner's stand that unlicensed operations shouldn't be regulated. 95

WESTINGHOUSE BACKFIELD SHIFTS
Witting moves up to vice presidency for consumer products of Westinghouse Electric; McGannon succeeds him as head of broadcasting division. 104

SHADES OF 1948
Remember when Jack Benny went over to CBS—and the capital gains tax battle that followed? He won it last week. 107

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Towers Over Southern California's
GOLD COAST

— The Nation's Second Richest Television Market!

"Southern Californians live better, eat better, have fewer worries and drive more automobiles than any comparable set of humans in all the world!"—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population</th>
<th>7,227,000</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Television Sets</td>
<td>2,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Income</td>
<td>$13,747,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Sales</td>
<td>$8,991,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*LOS ANGELES EXAMINER Research Department

5800 Sunset Boulevard  •  Hollywood 28, California
REPRESENTED NATIONALLY BY PAUL H. RAYMER COMPANY, INC.
Anybody here you don’t know?
If you have trouble identifying these people there are more than 40 million of your fellow citizens who can do it for you.

Each of them became famous faster perhaps than anyone else in history. Outside the intimate circle of their families, friends and neighbors no one had ever heard of any of these people until a Tuesday night at 10 o'clock. Thirty minutes later each of them was known throughout the United States.

They became famous so fast for one reason—the phenomenon of television, and more specifically, a phenomenal television program.

Today television is the shortest distance between obscurity and fame. This popularity applies not only to people, but to the products they use and the companies that manufacture them.

Many of these companies are convinced that CBS Television is the quickest path to popularity in all television. They know that day and night CBS Television broadcasts the majority of the most popular programs. They know too, that on the CBS Television Network they can reach their customers at a far lower cost per thousand than on any other television network. These facts may help to demonstrate why the largest single advertising medium in the world today is CBS TELEVISION.
**WEEKDAY**

NBC RADIO made its big bid for the housewife last week, Weekday, the Monday-through-Friday counterpart of the weekend Monitor, went on the air. Verdict: it is considerably less than the answer to the woman's prayer.

Margaret Truman and Mike Wallace are the hosts of Weekday. They carried on bravely in the face of their material. Miss Truman is more at home in this capacity than she has been in other radio-tv assignments; she's pleasant and friendly and likable. Mr. Wallace is able as her partner and sometimes straight man.

Among the segments:

- Charlotte Adams giving cooking and buying tips. Not bad.
- Meredith Willson upgrading the housewife's culture by explaining long-hair music. A little irritating. It's one thing to present the classics under the assumption "this is something you'll enjoy"—it's quite another under the assumption "you probably won't like this but you darn well should."
- Audrey Hepburn and Mel Ferrer telling about the upcoming movie, "War and Peace." In this instance Weekday has taken one of the more disturbing pages from tv's book—giving free plugs to Hollywood under the guise of entertainment.

Songs by Eddie Fisher and bride Debbie Reynolds.

A French record, billed as the rage abroad, all about a painless birth. Obviously just the thing for early morning listening.

First episode in presentation of a full-length novel (They Persistent Image by Gladys Schmidt). Some improvement over soap opera. Next week, when Miss Truman and Mr. Wallace (a combination of names suggestive of more excitement than the present pair produced) took a two-hour lunch period, WRC Washington—to which this reviewer was tuned—also deserted Weekday in favor of its local programming which probably signifies something or other, as WRC is owned by NBC.

In the afternoon, Mr. Fisher returned as interviewee for the Truman-Wallace team. There were also advice on interior decorating, reports from Hollywood and Washington and, as a top-flight wind-up, Cornelia Otis Skinner reading from Anne Morrow Lindbergh's new book, Gift From The Sea.

Production costs: $18,000 a week.

Sponsored on a participation basis on NBC Radio, Mon.-Fri., 10 a.m.-3:30 p.m. EST.

Program hosts: Margaret Truman and Mike Wallace; Martha Scott and Walter Kierman.


**THE CONSTANT HUSBAND**

A new tv "first" was achieved—and with complete success—Nov. 6, when NBC-TV presented in color and black-and-white the American premiere of a full-length feature film, preceding its showing in the motion picture houses of this country. The picture, made in Technicolor by London Films, was a thing of beauty as reproduced in soft pastel tones, for example, a brief technical explanation of the operation of compatible color-casting. The author is professor of electrical engineering and dean of the school of engineering at Stanford U. A complete description and explanation enables the reader to check his grasp of the material presented.
THE HIGH AND MIGHTY

HIGH ATOP CEDAR HILL OVERLOOKING
DALLAS-FORT WORTH, TEXAS' HIGHEST
MAN-MADE STRUCTURE . . . 1,685 FEET
ABOVE AVERAGE TERRAIN, KRLD'S NEW
TRANSMISSION TOWER.

42 COUNTIES IN TEXAS AND OKLAHOMA

POPULATION . . . . 2,272,000
FAMILIES . . . . 687,600
RETAIL SALES . . . . 2,582,192,000

552,740 television sets

CITY GRADE COVERAGE IN DALLAS AND FORT WORTH

KRLD-TV
The biggest buy in the biggest market in the biggest state

Channel 4, Dallas
Maximum Power

The Times Herald Station
Owners and operators of KRLD, 50,000 Watts
The Branham Co., Exclusive Representative.

JOHN W. RUNYON
Chairman of the Board

CLYDE W. REMBERT
President

Target Date: Mid-December
Judicial Notice
EDITOR:
In a recent editorial (B&T, Aug. 29) you criticized the $64,000 Question and similar enterprises. In part you said, "With depressing inevitability, a spate of loot-laden quiz shows is about to break out in television in a frenzied effort by rival networks..." Enclosed find check for 35 cents for which please send me a copy of the magazine which contains this editorial.
F. E. Williams
Judge of the Circuit Court
St. Louis, Mo.
P. S. Congratulations upon your fearless comments on this unholly mess.

Traveler's Aid
EDITOR:
I greatly appreciate your sending the Sept. 26, Oct. 3 and Oct. 10 issues to me at my Pacific Palisades, Calif., address... Inasmuch as I have been spending considerable time in California, the only way I can keep up with your magazine is to read it currently. If I wait until I get home and find three or four issues of B&T along with an equal number of other trade publications, I never get a chance to catch up on the back issues. I will probably make the same request again when I leave for California in December.
R. M. Kirtland, V. P.
Gordon Best Co.
Chicago, Ill.

[EDITOR'S NOTE: Given a week's notice, B&T will follow you to your new address, permanent or temporary.]

Annoying Advertising
EDITOR:
In the Nov. 5 issue of Saturday Evening Post, and perhaps in other national publications as well, there is a full-page advertisement of Zenith for new television receivers. Among the other features of the new Zenith receiver the ad describes something called "flash-matic" tuning. In addition to using this device for turning on and off the set from a remote position, the ad also says "you can also shut off sound of long, annoying commercials while picture remains on screen."

I wonder if anyone considered the fact that without those "annoying commercials" there probably wouldn't be many, if any, television stations providing a program service and thus there would be no market for Zenith, or any other make, receivers. It would seem to me that the fellow who wrote that copy and the one who approved it should have "stood in bed."

Harold Essex, Exec. V. P.
WJS-AM-FM-TV Winston-Salem, N. C.

[EDITOR'S NOTE: B&T's full agreement with Mr. Essex was voiced in an editorial, "Drop That Gun," in our June 25th issue, following receipt of a Zenith publicity picture of the "flash-matic" gadget captioned "Shooting Off the Commercial."

Gripe From Japan
EDITOR:
I am writing this letter to congratulate you on the magnificent success you have had in publishing B&T, the leading authority on the coverage of a very difficult but important industry. I do not know how many readers you have in my country, but I do know that a large percentage of the more than 2,400 employees of Dentsu Advertising Ltd. rely on your publication for up-to-date information and technical data on broadcasting and telecasting in the United States. Since we subscribe to only a few copies of the magazine, each copy is handed from one employee to another, until, by the time it reaches my desk, the cover is tattered and torn.

However, I have one gripe to make with you. In the past two years, I believe there have been only two issues which carried any article on Japan, despite the fact that my country has been one of the leading advertising-conscious nations in the world and has been active in the field of commercial broadcasting for four years and commercial televising for two years. I sincerely believe our radio and television industry rates at least an occasional mention in your International Section along with the leading countries of Europe...

Seiji S. Chihara, Asst. Tv Mgr.
Dentsu Advertising Ltd.
Tokyo, Japan

Likes Lux Layout
EDITOR:
I'm thrilled with joy over the Lux Video Theatre layout in the Oct. 24 issue of B&T. I have opened offices in Room 838 [in Washington's] Pennsylvania Building (right across from the FCC) with a desire to be helpful in the nomination and election of Sen. Estes Kefauver as President, if, as I hope, he becomes a candidate. Since my background shows more than 12 years in the broadcasting industry, I hope to work with all broadcasters who have the same interest and desire. I have taken a sabbatical leave from being a broadcaster, but, like a motorman on vacation, I'm taking a street car ride.

I feel very strongly that the broadcaster has not yet fully recognized the power of the microphone and the tv camera and that 1956 will afford an opportunity to prove the impact of our industry in influencing public opinion by honest, straightforward news reporting.

A national election in 1928 launched radio and the 1956 election can prove the maturity of the broadcast industry.

Lou Poller
Washington, D. C.

Opportunity for Maturity
EDITOR:
The 1956 elections present an opportunity for every broadcaster "to cut eye teeth" and attain reportorial maturity. Public interest is high and will become profoundly more acute. It looks like it will be a broad-front and the broadcaster has the opportunity to earn his chevrons...

I plan to take an active part in the coming presidential campaign [and] have opened offices in Room 838 [in Washington's] Pennsylvania Building (right across from the FCC) with a desire to be helpful in the nomination and election of Sen. Estes Kefauver as President, if, as I hope, he becomes a candidate. Since my background shows more than 12 years in the broadcasting industry, I hope to work with all broadcasters who have the same interest and desire. I have taken a sabbatical leave from being a broadcaster, but, like a motorman on vacation, I'm taking a street car ride.

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A national election in 1928 launched radio and the 1956 election can prove the maturity of the broadcast industry.

Lou Poller
Washington, D. C.

Campus First
EDITOR:
In your Oct. 10 issue in Station Shorts station WMRR of the U. of Minnesota claimed that it was "the first campus station in the United States to carry any network program" after carrying an ABC-Paul Harvey Show on Sept. 30, 1955. WDBS carried the Bob Hope Show for Chesterfield's weekly during the school year during 1951-52 and 1952-53, live and through NBC.

Petie Taylor, Production Manager
WDBS, Duke U., Durham, N. C.

BROADCASTING • TELECASTING
The swing ain't to KING

it's done swung!

KING-TV—Starting its 8th consecutive year of leadership in the Nation's 12th largest market—the great Seattle-Tacoma area.

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Total Weekly Averages, August, 1955

FIRST IN SEATTLE-TACOMA

KING-TV

Otto Brandt, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr.
New RCA 50-kilowatt
AM Transmitter BTA-50G
DESIGNED WITH
AMPLIPHASE MODULATION

HOW IT WORKS!
To produce phase-to-amplitude modulation in the BTA-50G, a carrier wave is developed by a common exciter. This carrier wave is then split and fed to two separate amplifier chains through phase-shift networks that establish a carrier phase difference. These two signals are controlled so that each maintains a prescribed phase relationship with the other in accordance with the intensity of the modulating signal. This controlled phase relationship enables the separate 25-kilowatt amplifiers, when feeding their outputs into a combining circuit, to produce a maximum level 50-kilowatt amplitude modulated signal.
A new concept in AM Broadcasting!

... introduced in RCA's revolutionary
new 50-KW AM transmitter

Here is the most significant forward step in AM transmitters since RCA introduced high level modulation—an entirely new 50-KW transmitter using Ampliphase Modulation. Newest and finest in RCA's long line of distinguished AM transmitter designs, it is further proof of RCA leadership in the broadcast equipment field.

Ampliphase cuts transmitter floor space and operating costs by substantial margins. The BTA-50G is housed in four cubicles. It does away with half of present power tubes... along with bulky components such as modulation transformers, reactors and accessories. It requires no underfloor trenches, costly water cooling systems, external blowers. And there's no lost air-time—because the 50-KW Ampliphase is remarkably easy to install while your present transmitter is in operation. Then, in most cases, you may keep your old unit as a stand-by.

For complete technical details... and for information on the surprisingly low price... call your RCA Broadcast Sales Representative. In Canada, write RCA VICTOR Company Limited, Montreal.

FACTS ABOUT RCA'S NEW 50-KW AM

- Takes less than 80 square feet of floor space. No underfloor trenches required.
- Lowest operating cost of any 50-KW AM transmitter.
- Half the tube cost of other 50-KW AM transmitters.
- Uses famous Long-Life RCA 5671 P.A. tubes.
- No Modulation transformer required.
- Completely air-cooled with internal blowers—no air intake ducts necessary.
- Low distortion, excellent frequency response.
- Splatter-free modulation provided by new Ampliphase design.
- Designed to permit remote-control operation.
- New simplified circuitry. Extremely stable operation.

PIONEERS IN AM BROADCASTING FOR OVER 25 YEARS

RADIO CORPORATION of AMERICA
ENGINEERING PRODUCTS DIVISION
CAMDEN, N.J.
WHEN Hope G. Martinez, senior timebuyer for BBDO, is asked how she broke into advertising, she’ll reply without batting an eyelash, “simple—I started as a machine operator.”

Born in Madrid, Spain, in 1920, and arriving in the U.S. in 1929, speaking no English at all, Miss Martinez at the age of 18 went to work in a factory as a machine operator, then switched to credit adjustment at Hecht’s department store in New York and lastly went into construction work as a bookkeeper—all within six years. Of the three jobs held during the late depression-early war years, necessity proved to be the first motivating force, curiosity the second.

“In all this time of breathlessly gawking at skyscrapers,” Miss Martinez recalls, “I never knew whether you start building from the top down or from the bottom up, so-o, I decided to find out first hand.”

After she found out all she wanted to know about the construction business, Miss Martinez “saw no reason to stick to that trade,” thus she joined Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn’s accounting department in 1945.

Married to John Anzolin the following year, she took just enough of a leave of absence from the office toward the end of 1946 to give birth to her only child, Claudia, and returned in 1947 to BBDO, this time as an assistant to a timebuyer.

In 1948, she came into her own as timebuyer on the Nehi Corp. (Royal Crown Cola) account, and as time passed, hoppedskotted through the myriad of BBDO’s partitioned cubicles, finally landing in a four-walled, carpeted office of her own.

With her husband as far removed from the advertising profession as possible, (he owns a gas station), Miss Martinez reports that her nightly entrance in the Anzolin household is greeted “with absolutely no sympathy from anyone.” She gets home (in Valley Stream, L.I.) in time for supper—occasionally.

As a senior timebuyer at BBDO, Miss Martinez handles five “blue chip” accounts: American Tobacco Co. (Lucky Strikes); Campbell Soup Co.; First National City Bank of New York; Revlon Product Corp. (Satinsilk and Touch And Glow), and Consolidated Edison Co. of New York and subsidiaries. She also works on one institutional account, the American Institute of Men’s and Boys’ Wear.

Miss Martinez does not admit to any specific hobbies, though she quips, “trying backaches while gardening my hobby.”
WLW radio offers a great new programming concept

It's here—"The World Now"—WLW Radio's spectacular new programming operation that takes you to every town or country, day or night...to bring you on-the-spot news, interviews, happenings...interest-packed people, places, and things that are vital forces in "The World Now!"

Yes, WLW Radio has a crew of roving reporters, announcers, writers, editors to cover the water front, home front, world front and back—to bring you the newsy-est, most entertaining programming in broadcast history.

And this human-interest, cover-all programming spearheads a sensational new "Certified Audience Plan" unprecedented in the entire broadcasting industry!

So tune your ad dollars to WLW Radio for "The World Now" programming punch with the smash "Certified Audience Plan!"
Here's another Crosley first — revolutionizing broadcast media! WLW Radio now offers you a smash "Certified Audience Plan" with announcements to deliver the greatest possible unduplicated home coverage. You get a pre-determined audience at a low one dollar per thousand home broadcasts or even less...certified by the official NIELSEN REPORTS!

This sensational, unique "Certified Audience Plan" is spearheaded by WLW Radio's new dynamic programming operation "The World Now"—plus the famous Crosley power-packed merchandising and promotional services. WLW's big new "C.A.P." will give advertisers the greatest selling package ... anytime...anywhere — proving the ears have it!

So tune your ad dollars to WLW Radio for the only "Certified Audience Plan" in any broadcast media backed by "The World Now" programming!
AUDIENCE PLAN in any broadcast media

SALES OFFICES: NEW YORK, CINCINNATI, DAYTON, COLUMBUS, ATLANTA, CHICAGO, MIAMI.
Our Jo Ann sings too, and sings mighty pretty. Difference is, she sings to older folks than that other one.

Yessir, our Jo Ann makes mighty pretty music, along with lots of others on WMAZ-TV's new hour and a half daytime show. Call it a local "spec," or even the "burnt toast of the town," Middle Georgians are crazy about "Teavie's Town and Country."

That's it. "Teavie's Town and Country," with our Uncle Ned as emcee, and all his Hayloft Jamboree gang for the "country part" of the show. We've got a great new gospel singing group in it, called the Sego Brothers, who are signing 'em right into the aisles. And of course, our Jo Ann sings those wonderful pop songs in a sort of a "town" way, with Ernie Daulton at the clarified organ tool.

It's all fun, and a great show to sell most any product! It'll sell youral Hurry and get all the details from Avery-Knode... and SELL here in Middle Georgia.

WOODLANDS and lakes, hunting and fishing, and a certain refreshment also synonymous with relaxation—Hamm's beer.

These are the thoughts that the Theodore Hamm Brewing Co., of St. Paul, feels are a strong bet to run through the minds of radio and tv listeners as they hear the company's familiar beat of the tom-tom and refrain "from the land of sky blue waters."

Hamm's beer has attained wide identification with these elements through the power of suggestion and a sound public relations vehicle, headed by Jack Moran, the brewing concern's director of advertising.

Mr. Moran is given a good share of credit for helping boost Hamm's among leading competitors in its field during the past two years. Under his shrewd buying, Hamm's commercials also seem to have gained acceptance for their entertainment value in the process, mostly through heavy use of television and a well-conceived theme.

John Robert Moran originally set out to be an accountant, but fortunately enough for advertising, decided this would be a mistake. Born on April 7, 1916, he attended Withrow High School and the U. of Cincinnati in Cincinnati, taking liberal arts work and additional courses in advertising and higher mathematics. He worked his way through school driving a truck. After college he worked as an accountant for a gas company.

Nothing much really happened, according to Jack Moran, until he joined the advertising department of Procter & Gamble in Cincinnati in March 1939. At the outset he traveled considerably, testing premium and sales promotion plans under actual sales conditions. For two years he covered two-thirds of the U. S., presented plans to retailers, placed local advertising on special sales, arranged point-of-purchase displays and checked sales results at conclusion of the tests.

In 1941 Mr. Moran moved into P & G's development and administration activities, working on such brands as Crisco, Ivory Snow, Camay, private label soaps, bulk soaps and oil and shortening. He planned and administered radio, newspaper and magazine schedules, and developed merchandising and advertising campaigns built around contests, recipe offers, premiums and price-reduction sales.

World War II cut into promotional activities in soap as in other endeavors and Mr. Moran joined Kroger Co.'s advertising and sales promotion department in Cincinnati. From March 1943 to May 1953 he worked on sales promotion and advertising (including radio and television).

Riding herd on various activities, he directed Kroger's placement of spot announcements, daytime serials, women's and audience participation programs, network tv variety and situation comedies. He also handled newspaper, display, contest and merchandising chores.

Jack Moran joined the Theodore Hamm Brewing Co as director of advertising in charge of all media in May 1953, about the time the brewery really set its sites on radio and tv. The effectiveness of broadcast media, particularly tv, is reflected in Mr. Moran's own assessment:

"The major portion of Hamm's advertising budget goes to radio and television... These media have been particularly effective because of the Hamm's commercials... Television has been especially valuable because of the mass appeal of programs and consumer attention and acceptance... Since television is usually the No. 1 medium in Hamm's sales areas, television is the usual choice. The use of television by Hamm's has continued to increase with the growth of the business."

Under Mr. Moran, Hamm's has used spot radio and tv extensively. Telecasts of major league Cubs and White Sox games on WGN-TV have helped Hamm's capture a good share of the Chicago market since 1952, and the same holds true for baseball coverage in Minneapolis-St. Paul; Sioux City, Iowa; Duluth, Mins.; Albuquerque, N. M.; Duluth, Ola., and Fargo, (N.D.)-Moorehead, Minn. Mr. Moran believes in strong local personalities and regional network sponsorship, along with spot tv promotions.

Among its other properties: Ed R. Murdoch's Person to Person on CBS-TV regionally in 33 midwest and western markets; Hamm's Scoreboard on a CBS regional hook up (during the baseball season), and such syndicated film shows as I Led Three Lives, Mr. District Attorney, Badge 714 and Championship Bowling.

Mr. Moran married the former Ruth Hubrock. They have three children—John B., 11, Judith, 9, and Louis, 3. Mr. Moran is a member of Alpha Tau Omega social fraternity, the Convention Bureau and Public Relations Committee of the St. Paul Chamber of Commerce and the Governor's Advisory Committee for State Publicity.

Jack Moran has taken up fishing since he came to the land of sky blue waters, probably thinking of the day when Hamm's commercials can be presented with all their scenic splendor on color tv (Hamm's already has tested its commercials for tinted tv). In that regard, he says:

"Color television will express the Hamm's theme to even greater advantage, but the use of color television by Hamm's will depend upon the progress of color at the local level."

---

Page 24 • November 14, 1955
Latest Survey Shows
KJEO-TV First—Morning,
Afternoon and Night

...THE GREAT CENTRAL
CALIFORNIA MARKET
(the richest per capita market in the world)

WITH EXCLUSIVE
CBS-TV and ABC-TV

O'NEILL BROADCASTING COMPANY
P. O. BOX 1708  Represented Nationally by the Branham Company  FRESNO, CALIFORNIA
More North Carolinians Listen to WPTF

Than to Any Other Station*

* SOURCE: NEILSEN COVERAGE SERVICE

WPTF

680 KC 50,000 WATTS
NBC Affiliate for RALEIGH-DURHAM and Eastern North Carolina

North Carolina's Number One Salesman in the South's Number One State

R.H. MASON, General Manager
GUS YOUNGSTEADT, Sales Manager
National Representative FREE & PETERS
FCC DENIES DEINTERMIXTURE; SETS FULL ALLOCATION STUDY

- All petitions for unscrambling uhf-vhf are dismissed
- Drop-in of ch. 10 near Albany okayed for Lowell Thomas
- Complete reappraisal of present tv allocations is begun

THE FCC last week wiped the deintermixture slate clean, denying all pending petitions to transform mixed uhf-vhf markets into uhf- or vhf-only, and set the stage for what could be a complete overhaul of its television allocations system.

With two of its members dissenting, the Commission voted to revive deintermixture in individual cases pending a full reconsideration of the entire allocations plan. Unanimously the Commission instituted a rule-making proceeding to consider revision or retirement of the Sixth Report and Order of 1952 which established the present structure of fixed allocations.

The actions opened the way for the early issuance of several dozen final decisions in pending vhf hearing cases—most of which have been in a suspended state for six months or longer awaiting final disposition of deintermixture cases.

FCC Chairman George C. McConnaughey and Commrs. John C. Doerfer, Robert E. Lee, Richard A. Mack and Edward M. Webster constituted the five-man majority in denying the deintermixture petitions.

Comrs. Rosel H. Hyde and Robert T. Bartley dissented. The former termed the action "premature, ill-advised and wholly inconsistent" with the Commission's action in opening rule-making.

Comr. Webster, who earlier had been reported a dissenter, joined the majority because the denials were without prejudice to the petitioners. They can make their cases in the overall allocations proceeding, he said.

The FCC's action, in some quarters, is considered a blow to the future of uhf. It is felt by some that last week's decisions are an indication of the majority's viewpoint on uhf.

This is what the Commission did:

- Denied the five pending deintermixture cases involving Albany, N. Y.; Evansville, Ind.; Hartford, Conn.; Madison, Wis., and Peoria, Ill. It also denied 30 other petitions for deintermixture involving such cities as Corpus Christi, Tex.; Hutchinson, Kan.; New Orleans, La.; Springfield, Ill.; Raleigh, N. C.; Louisville, Ky.; Fresno, Calif.; Miami and Jacksonville, Fla.; Spartanburg, S. C.; Toledo, Ohio; Philadelphia, Pa., and Newport News, Va.
- Authorized the assignment of ch. 10 to Vail Mills, N. Y., near Albany, on the ground that this assignment meets all the criteria of the present standards. Comr. Webster joined the dissenting commissioners on this action.

This was the obverse of the deintermixture petition filed by now dark WTRI (TV) Albany. The drop-in was requested by WROW-TV Albany, now owned by CBS commentator Lowell Thomas and associates.

- Issued a rule-making notice asking for comments on the whole range of television allocations and standards by Dec. 15, with counter comments due Jan. 6.

Premise of the FCC, in denying the petitions for deintermixture, was that the whole question of intermixture and the future of television should be handled on an overall, rule-making basis. The FCC considered that the action on individual petitions would constitute a piecemeal operation. This would result, it said, in isolated solutions to the problem. Rather, it declared, the whole question should be considered in conjunction with all other recommendations which have been submitted on this subject.

The deintermixture petitioners had asked that the Commission reserve its table of allocations to make a community either all uhf or all vhf. Many of the petitions suggested that the educational reservation be moved from a uhf channel to the single uhf wavelength. In other cases, it was recommended that the single uhf channel be deleted.

The object of these petitions, it was alleged, was to equalize television competition. The uhf operators feared that once a uhf station began operating, they would lose revenues and net-work affiliations.

In several instances, where a uhf station already was operating, the uhf petitioners acknowledged that they could compete under the status quo, but expressed despair at having to face the competition of two vhf outlets.

At the heart of the uhf problem is a two-fold obstacle: (1) lack of set conversions, and (2) the greater coverage possible by vhf transmitters.

The Commission majority's attitude toward the deintermixture petitions was expressed in these words: "... It has become clear that these proceedings provide an inadequate basis for the formulation of policies which must take due account of the extensive and intricate inter-relationships of all parts of the Table of Assignments."

Again, the FCC majority said:

"In our opinion, if deintermixture, even on a partial basis, should finally be determined to be a useful method of solving the overall problems, the particular communities for its application should not be selected merely because of the fortuitous circumstance of whether a vhf station has commenced operation in any particular community."

A key phrase in the majority decision was that the deintermixture petitions were being denied "without prejudice to any action the Commission may take as a result of [the allocations proceeding]."

Answering attacks on Comr. Mack's participation in the deintermixture cases on the ground that had not heard the oral arguments (he was appointed to the Commission after the arguments had taken place), the majority declared that there was no limitation on a Commissioner participating. It also called attention to the fact that Comr. Mack had read the record in these cases.

The FCC's action was raised by several of the uhf petitioners in formal petitions, they asked the

BROADCASTING TELECASTING
FCC to reschedule oral arguments so that Comr. Mack might hear them.

Comr. Hyde, in a strongly worded dissent, declared that it's "imperative" to preserve the uhf service. "What the Commission has done today may deal a death blow to the uhf television scene," he said.

He referred to the Commission justification for its action on the deintermixture petitions as "strange reasoning" and "an abrupt change in procedure, not indicated in its application." The petitions were filed and considered, Comr. Hyde said, in accordance with procedures in existence and through which the FCC has proceeded in a large number of cases. He added: "The majority's true purpose in the deintermixture proceedings, Comr. Hyde declared, was not to discuss the real parties had not had an opportunity to rebut whatever recommendations had been made to the extent that they played a part in the majority decision."

The Commission's action in denying the deintermixture petitions was for the purpose of "clearing the decks" for the issuance of pending uhf decisions, Comr. Hyde asserted. "If there is to be a future for uhf, a clear path for it is necessary," he said. "The Commission has met the meaning of the decision to place the issue on notice.

The Commission's action is its apparent desire to have the large number of applications for permits to provide service to the area. . . ."

Comr. Webster told how he had originally sided with the minority in considering denials of the deintermixture petitions, "inappropriate and inconsistent" with the Commission's decision to rule-making notice. "However," Comr. Webster said, "in view of the action of the Commission's order as now written provides that its denial of the deintermixture petitions is without prejudice to any action the Commission may take on the basis of the general rule-making proceeding in which the petitioners in these deintermixture proceedings will be given the opportunity to participate, it would appear to me that the majority's views are sufficiently similar to mine to enable me to join him." Comr. Webster added that the "order as now written provides that its denial of the deintermixture petitions is without prejudice to any action the Commission may take as a result of the general rule-making proceeding in which the petitioners in these deintermixture proceedings will be given the opportunity to participate, it would appear to me that the majority's views are sufficiently similar to mine to enable me to join him."

He termed the decision to assign ch. 10 to Vail Mills as "obviously inconsistent" with the proposed rule-making proceeding. In its notice of proposed rule-making, the Commission repeated its objectives in attempting to establish a nationwide, competitive television system in the area.

- At least one service to all areas.
- At least one station in the largest possible number of communities.
- Multiple services in as many communities as possible.

In discussing the problems facing uhf and other telecasters, the Commission said that they were "to an appreciable extent" economic. But it added: "At the same time, the Commission wishes to insure that to the extent that any of the present difficulties may be alleviated by possible revision of the present allocation system, such possibilities will be fully explored."

Under the Sixth Report, the Commission said, tv has experienced "tremendous growth" but "is often subject to uncertainty" and it is clear that a nationwide competitive television service has not been realized to the extent contemplated at the time the Commission issued its Sixth Report. . . . The familiar difficulties presented by television broadcasters raise the question of whether basic elements of the standards, the principles and procedures by which the Commission has ruled in the Sixth Report. . . . The Commission is not "in any sense" calling for comments on such deviations from the present tv standards as revision of minimum separations, limitations on powers and antenna heights, directional antennas, cross polarization. It also asked for a discussion of the effect of the proposed changes on the assignments occupied by existing stations, provisions for future expansion, receiver incompatibility and on educational reservations.

Parties submitting comments also were asked to include an assignment plan for Zone I (the north-eastern-central U. S.) indicating specific assignments for each city in that crowded area. The petitioners in the NASH case made the suggestion that television assignments be made to the the uhf channels, Mr. Hyde continued: "In my opinion, to freeze the uhf, as is proposed, is to freeze any potential of the industry to the use of these 12 channels is to bind the robust youngster into a straitjacket before we understand the reach and the scope of his growth."

Mr. Hyde continued: "I personally believe that the American people, and our industry, are entitled to an opportunity to have all the pertinent facts developed upon a public record. These facts should be tested in the crucible of the public hearing process, and from such a record, the Commission can properly decide what the present status of uhf is and what its real potential is."

Mr. Hyde's position has been called a freeze by some industry leaders. This is what he said on this point: "Personally, I believe that the type of procedure which I propose will not, and should not, be permitted to take more than a short and reasonable period of time—a period that can be measured in a few months' span. As a matter of fact, we have received so much advice, both on and off the record, that it appears that virtually all of the material has already been prepared and merely needs a forum for its proper presentation."

**Scharfled & Baron Advocate Retiring Allocations Table**

RETIRE the television table of allocations; permit applicants to apply for facilities anywhere.

This was the recommendation of the Washington law firm of Scharfled & Baron last week to the FCC.

The plan, proposed in a formal petition to the Commission, provides that no changes be made in the mileage separation factors now in existence. The table of assignments is no longer needed, the Scharfled & Baron petition declared. It has outlived its usefulness as an administrative convenience, and as means of reserving channels for small communities and for educational stations. It no longer promotes the efficient use of tv channels; in many cases it permits channels to "lie fallow" at locations where they are not in demand," the attorneys said.
IS THERE A DOCTOR IN THE HOUSE?

HERE is the text of the FCC's invitation for experts to present diagnoses and cures for television diseases. Texts of deintermixture orders begin on page 100.

In the Matter of Amendment of Part 3 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations Governing Television Broad- cast Stations

Docket No. 11532

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

1. The Commission's present television assignment system, as established in its Sixth Report and Order in 1952, was designed to lay the foundation for the development of a nationwide competitive television system which would nationwide in scope and may have far-reaching implications for the future of the television system as a whole. The Commission is therefore convinced that any approach to their solution must take cognizance of the overall, national scope of communities.

2. To these objectives have been realized. Over 90% of the population can receive a degree of service from at least one television station. Approximately 75% can receive a degree of service from two or more stations. Approximately 50% of the population have access to at least one, and 112 of these have two or more, local television facilities in operation. Over 430 stations are now on the air, and the number of television sets in the hands of the public has increased to 35 million.

3. But despite this tremendous growth, it is evident from recent experience that a nationwide competitive television service has not been realized. To the extent contemplated by the Commission's Sixth Report and Order, many of the smaller communities are without a local outlet and the expansion of multiple, competing services in the larger economic and population centers of the country is lagging. Difficulties encountered in achieving successful operation of stations in those bands have been a significant factor leading to this situation.

4. The familiar difficulties presently facing television broadcasters raise questions with respect to basic elements of the standards and principles established by the Commission in the Sixth Report and Order. And while these difficulties have varying impact on individual broadcasters and communities, they are manifestly felt in those areas and may have far-reaching implications for the future of the television system as a whole. The Commission is therefore convinced that any approach to their solution must take cognizance of the overall, national scope of communities.

5. The Commission recognizes that some of the present hindrances to the further expansion of television service in many communities are due to causes which lie beyond its control. To an appreciable extent these problems are basically economic and arise out of the limitations beyond which it is not possible, at the present state of the development of the television art, to obtain sufficient economic support to offset the high costs of construction, programming and operation of television stations. On other aspects of the problem, relating for example to the improvement of transmitting and receiving equipment, the industry itself can make valuable contributions. At the same time, the Commission wishes to assure that to the extent that any of the present difficulties may be alleviated by possible revision of the present assignment system, such possibilities will be fully explored.

6. The Commission has received a number of proposals from interested segments of the industry, which although they envisage fundamental modification of the present system adopted in the Sixth Report and Order and approach the problem on a nationwide basis, do not challenge the Commission's basic objectives. Some of the suggestions made for alleviating the difficulties involve the use of additional VHF frequencies; the reduction of minimum separations to make additional VHF channel assignments possible, using either the present 12 VHF channels or new VHF channels, or both; deintermixture on a basis consistent with a nationwide solution, and other techniques. A number of the proposals include suggestions for modifying standards which would permit the use of directional antennas, cross polarization, new limits on antenna heights and maximum powers for new assignments, and channel assignments and new proposals contemplate combinations of the foregoing techniques. Some of the proposals envisage a revised nationwide table of fixed assignments; others look toward the adoption of new standards which would govern the ad-

WEIGHTY DECISION

ONE of the arguments made by opponents to the assignment of ch. 10 to Vail Mills, N.Y., was that this is so small a hamlet it does not even have a post office. But, the FCC added, a post office is not a prerequisite to the assignment of a television channel. "The post office is merely a convenient reference point," the Commission said, "a post office in a community does not bar an assignment."
TV DOESN'T NEED A NATIONWIDE COUNT

A NATIONWIDE county-by-county circulation study such as those which were needed by radio would be a waste of time and money for tv because of inherent differences between the two media, Hugh M. Beville Jr., NBC director of research and planning, explains in the following article, written for WT as an amplification of his talk before a Radio-Television Executives Society seminar [WT, Oct. 31].

IN RECENT months the air has been filled with exhortations from various directions on the need for a tv coverage survey. Unquestionably there is substantial industry interest and need for uniform county-by-county tv set figures and for some type of coverage or circulation data.

However, most of the arguments which I have seen for a nationwide coverage study seem to overlook completely the value of the information which is currently available or which will be available within the next few months. An evaluation of the characteristics of tv coverage from an engineering standpoint (and particularly the difference between radio and tv) and of the basic needs of advertisers, agencies and broadcasters for up-to-date information leads me to two conclusions:

(1) Current needs do not require a multi-million-dollar nationwide county-by-county circulation study, and (2) from both a research and a business standpoint, such an expenditure on the part of the industry in 1956 would be wasteful indeed.

In order to support these conclusions, let me develop my line of reasoning. The Television Board of NARTB several years ago recognized the fact that there would be a future need for an industry-supported and industry-controlled measurement of tv sets and circulation on a county-by-county basis. NARTB set up a tv circulation committee. This committee, which has been joined by research representatives from all the tv networks, has for the past year been testing a particular plan which is designed to solve the problem. Alfred Politz Inc. has been conducting field testing of the survey method for nearly a year. The objectives and approaches of these field tests were first submitted to the Advertising Research Foundation on a consulting basis. The Politz report on methodological tests will be available for analysis by the committee early in 1956. A recent progress report stated: "The committee hopes and anticipates that the continuing nationwide set count and circulation measurement system can be available for the industry by mid-1957."

The work on his project has been disappointingly slow, but since new techniques are being developed for this industry measurement it is essential that they be thoroughly tested and validated. This approach is unusual in broadcasting research, where we have a variety of ratings and coverage techniques which are sold to the industry with little in the way of validation and field testing behind them.

To me the important aspects of the NARTB circulation committee's approach are:

(1) That it seeks to establish a uniform measurement which will have universal industry support and the authority of the Audit Bureau of Circulations in the printed field.

(2) The proposed plan envisions a continuous measurement which would be available to all subscribers at regular intervals.

(3) The plan will involve a thoroughly tested, validated method.

It looks to me as though these are sufficiently desirable long-range objectives to justify waiting another six or eight months for a proposal to emanate from the NARTB work. In the meantime, then, what is the status of coverage data for tv and how important is it that there be a nationwide multi-million-dollar study (or two or three such competitive studies) in 1956?

I think one of the reasons for the recent emphasis on tv coverage figures is that some timebuyers and researchers think in terms of the need for and use of such studies in radio. Actually, leaving aside the set count problem, developing coverage data for tv stations is a cinch compared to the problem we formerly had in radio. Let me elaborate.

We need for radio circulation surveys such as BMB, NCS and SAMS, sprang from a number of factors peculiar to radio but unknown in television, such as:

(1) Vast differences in physical coverage of competing radio stations located in the same market. Not only are there three separate classifications of radio stations (clear, regional and local) with variations in maximum power from 50,000 w to 250 w, but there are equally wide variations in physical coverage accounted for by a station's frequency assignment. Moreover, there are several different classifications of clear channel stations with varying capabilities for physical coverage. The effect of directional antennas upon radio coverage is substantial.

(2) The important variable factor of ground conductivity, which makes it difficult to estimate coverage. A station in North Dakota can serve an area more than four times the size of a radio outlet with identical power, transmitter, frequency and other physical facilities located in Pennsylvania. Local and regional differences in ground conductivity are likewise a factor.

(3) Differences in the day and night coverage pattern of all radio stations are tremendous. Atmospheric conditions which produce the sky-wave phenomenon peculiar to the standard radio band were part of the reason that the FCC set up various categories of radio stations. The principal clear channel stations serve vast areas after dark, thus developing nighttime audiences much larger than in daylit hours. On the other hand, regional and local channel operations subject to a high degree of interference from stations on the same frequency, potentially serve smaller audiences at night than in the daytime. The effect of nighttime directional antennas and power limitations make for further differences between day and night coverage.

(4) The number of radio stations physically available to listeners in any given area is vastly greater than is true for tv. With nearly 3,000 radio stations operating, it is not enough for the advertiser to know that a station has a physical capability of being received. He must look for some "proof of performance" that the station actually has an audience in areas it physically covers.

(5) Radio lacks projectable ratings services for individual markets and areas. Radio ratings services have been principally confined to coincidental telephone surveys within city limits of major cities. As I will develop more fully further on, television has a wealth of interview data available from three ratings services of a projectable nature, all of them covering counties beyond the city itself.

Actual survey data on audience listening habits on a geographical basis were vital for radio advertisers because engineering measurements and various estimating procedures were unable to reflect the many variables represented by radio broadcasting coverage. This explains why over the years there were a number of national studies, such as BMB, conducted in the radio field.

How does tv differ? In the first place, the basic concept of the FCC's allocations plan is that all tv stations in a given community will be equal and competitive from a physical coverage standpoint. Limitations on effective radiated power are set for the low band (channels 2-6) at 100 kw, whereas high-band vhf stations (channels 7-13) are permitted a maximum of 316 kw erp. Similarly, uhf stations have been allotted...
Our maximum is 1,000 kW, with the possibility of even greater power, to enable it's equal the coverage of their VHF competitors.

The factors of ground conductivity and atmospheric conditions are absent from the coverage picture. There are no power differences and no directional antennas required. Therefore, there is no difference between the day and night coverage of a TV station. Most communities have a limited number of TV stations available for viewing, a fact which greatly reduces the potential audience and actual viewing. The only important variable in TV coverage which is not a factor in radio is the effect of mountains and hills on the physical reception of line-of-sight TV signals.

It can be seen by the above analysis that TV engineering contours are a more reliable indicator than they were for radio because of the absence of the many variables which determine the physical coverage of and the listening to radio stations. Estimated field strength contours can be quite accurate and with intelligent use by stations, agencies, and advertisers provide a uniform and sensitive method of evaluating physical station coverage. The B contour as computed according to FCC standards is the standard most widely used.

I don't for a moment maintain that all of the needs for coverage and circulation data can be solved by use of engineering contours. We know there are many areas where substantial TV viewing takes place well beyond the station's B contour. Likewise, there may be situations where the presence of unusual terrain features or the availability of a number of stronger signals may render B service of relatively little value from an audience standpoint. The point I would like to make, however, is that the number of such places is limited and their location is predictable.

To be specific, pending the outcome of the NARTB TV circulation committee proposals, I think the immediate need for circulation data in 1956 can be fulfilled by the following approaches:

**Tv Home Figures by Counties:** First and undoubtedly the most important element in developing uniform circulation data for TV stations is a complete survey of the county by county TV home figures. Recognizing the need for this, the sponsors of the ARF-Census study of TV ownership for June 1955 some months ago initiated through ARF a project to develop a statistical method for estimating county by county data. In fact, the census data for geographic sections and city size groups. The exploratory work on this project is now completed and there is good reason to believe that a satisfactory set of estimates can be developed, predicated on the census sample survey of 25,000 households. The first such estimate would be a county by county breakdown of the June 1955 figures, but it is our objective to make similar county breakdowns for subsequent census studies such as the one planned for January 1956. Assuming that we meet no serious roadblocks on this project, we should be able to provide the entire industry with county by county estimates every six months.

There seems to be wide industry agreement that such a procedure would be vastly more satisfactory than any method now available or proposed for getting such county figures. A few seem to question the idea of arriving at these figures by statistical means. Although such estimating procedures will admittedly produce a potentially high degree of error, individual county figures which definitely true of the country as a whole study which has ever been done or is now being proposed. For example, the sample size for the Nielsen Coverage Service 1952 study averaged 30 interviews per county, a sample which at best can produce only the roughest of estimates at the county level. As a matter of fact, in such situations statistical estimating procedures may even be preferable to interview results containing a high degree of potential fluctuation due to sample size. And certainly these mathematical estimates cannot be discounted by damning them as "only estimates," because there isn't a figure in use anywhere in media research today which isn't in truth an estimate. This includes the Census estimate of 32,106,000 TV homes as of June 1955, which was based on a sample of 25,000.

**Coverage data:** Once we have developed uniform industry county by county TV set figures from a reliable source, how do we meet the demand for more precise circulation data than is available from the use of engineering contour maps? First, let us see where the demand for such data exists. From NBC estimates we know that there are approximately 200 counties in the mountain state areas which can be classified as non-TV. These are counties where less than 10% of the families own TV receivers, and in many cases poorer TV ownership is because the counties are far removed from any source of TV programming. In the remaining area of the mountain states there are so few stations operating that there is very little chance for question as to what stations people get their programs from.

In eastern Montana, for example, the only station available is KOOK-TV in Billings. In Utah, the only stations which can possibly be received are the three stations in Salt Lake City. Similarly, in Nevada whatever TV sets there are must watch either Reno in the northern part of the state or Las Vegas in the southern part. A careful study of a map of the U.S. will indicate that this situation is typical of the entire western half of the country (with the exception of the metropolitan areas).

In this entire area there may at best be two dozen communities of some importance from a marketing standpoint where more precise TV viewing habits would be helpful. For this reason there is a need to narrow the area to those places. Furthermore, I am sure that research to determine viewing habits in these towns could be conducted in a matter of weeks (at a small fraction of the cost of some of the surveys which are now being proposed).

Now for a look at the eastern half of the United States to see what kind of data we have. Let's start with the most important market, New York. Do we need a coverage or circulation study to show us the situation in New York County? Or Kings County? Or Queens? Or Bronx? Or Nassau? Or Long Island?

I have put this question to a dozen agency research and media people and have yet to find one who answered with an unequivocal "yes." The reason is clear when one realizes that we have a number of ratings reports which thoroughly cover the New York area (ARB includes 16 counties, NSI 29 counties and Pulse 17 counties). Whatever coverage differences may exist for New York City stations are not much of a factor in viewing habits until we get to the outer fringes—and these differences are unlikely to affect many buying decisions.

Now take a look at all New York State, accounting for 12.5% of all TV homes. Three ratings services currently operating cover a total of 26 of New York's 62 counties with interviewing on a regular schedule. These 26 counties account for 90% of New York State's TV homes and in the remainder of the state we have interviewing data from special ARB studies for markets such as Jamesburg, Binghamton, Kingston, Poughkeepsie, Elmira and Utica. This leaves available a fairly good number of marketing areas of any consequence in which viewing data on stations' viewing habits would be required.

The situation which prevails in New York is representative of that in most other heavily populated areas, such as New Jersey, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and Illinois. In fact, it is likely that better than 75% of all TV homes are covered by regular ratings services or by special coverage reports, such as the ARB Ableine-to-Zanesville survey of 140 key markets conducted early this year. The 25% of TV homes for which interview data is lacking divided into three categories:

(1) TV homes in counties which are currently within the coverage area of a station or stations located in a single neighboring city where there is no question regarding the source of TV programs.

(2) TV homes in sparsely settled counties where the number of TV homes is not sufficient to importantly affect buying decisions or choice of stations.

(3) TV homes in communities where population and TV circulation are sufficient to be of commercial importance and where more precise information is required.

**THE BEVILLE PROPOSAL**

My proposal is that we exhaust the use of engineering contour material and existing data to get the picture for the first category, that we skip the second category as currently insignificant and that we concentrate our attention on the third category. One organization has already announced plans for a study to be done in January 1956 to cover 250 to 300 markets. It's my guess that there aren't even 300 communities in the country where there is a real practical need for TV station viewing data. A survey of these markets seems to me an eminently sensible solution to the existing problem. This kind of an approach will:

(1) Produce the needed information by March 1956, in contrast to the nationwide plans which will take a year or more to complete. If the information is needed in 1956, then this is the only way I know of to get it.

(2) The cost will be only a fraction of a nationwide study.

(3) Information obtained for the cities surveyed can be far more reliable, because sample sizes can be ten times what they would be in a nationwide survey.

(4) The industry will be in a position to move in the direction of supporting a proposal from the NARTB TV circulation committee when the recommendations of this committee are made in 1956.

I am certain that the steps I have outlined can serve as a satisfactory interim solution to a vexing problem, while we work toward a satisfactory long-range set-up for TV comparable to the ABC printed media.
MARGARINE KINGPINS PLAN RADIO-TV COUNTEROFFENSIVE ON PRICE-CUTTING

Larger producers of margarine increase budget to offset price-slaughtering of supermarket with private brands; also seek wider acceptance among housewives of the nation.

MAKERS of "brand name" margarines, who will have added $12 million, by the end of this year in radio and television, are already planning vast increases of expenditures next year in a two-pronged drive to (A) combat the effects of price cutting by supermarkets with private brands; and (B) encourage a wider acceptance of their product among housewives.

The national advertisers figuring in the stepped-up action are Standard Brands Blue Bonnet margarine, Swift & Co.'s All-Sweet margarine, Lever Brothers' Good Luck margarine, Best Foods' Nucoa margarine, and three regionals joining the march include Lever Brothers' Imperial, J. H. Filbert's Mrs. Filbert's margarine, and Armour Co.'s Cloverbloom "99".

Standard Brand's Blue Bonnet margarine, New York, No. 1 in sales in the chain stores throughout the country, which reportedly accounts for 62% of all sales in that field and currently spends a half a million dollars in television and radio campaigns, is planning to expand that budget in 1956 at the expense of newspapers and radio. Television and radio network programs are under consideration, with specific plans expected to be completed within the next 10 days. Currently, Blue Bonnet allocates approximately 18% of its overall budget to television and radio. Firm participates in Tennesse Ernie on NBC-TV and Ken Banghart's newscasts on NBC Radio, plus spot radio.

Ted Bates agency handles Blue Bonnet.

Kraft Foods, whose Parkay margarine has been the leader in sales for the past 18 months, is currently spending $250,000 in radio and television. The margarine is advertised on Kraft TV Theatre, NBC-TV, twice monthly, and runs an occasional radio spot campaign. The firm is expected to increase its budget by sponsoring TV Theatre more frequently next year. Needham, Louis & Bury, New York, is the agency.

Swift & Co., Chicago, for its All-Sweet margarine, another of the big three in national sales but currently unrepresented in radio or television, is going to return to network television program sponsorship and radio spot schedules in the spring of 1956. Advertising plans for '56 at the agency, J. Walter Thompson Co., Kraft Food's been completed within a fortnight. Earlier this year the firm spent $75,000 on a portion of the Breakfast Club on ABC Radio and segments of the Garry Moore Show on CBS-TV.

Lever Brothers, New York, whose Good Luck margarine is high in sales in the two-thirds of the country in which the margarine is distributed, has put the product's entire advertising budget of $1.5 million in radio-tv. Currently the firm participates in sponsoring House Party on CBS Radio and CBS TV, Big Town on NBC-TV, Lux Video Theatre on NBC-TV and Uncle Johnny Coons on CBS-TV, and the network radio spot. Ogilvy, Benson & Mather, New York, is the agency.

Lever Brothers is also beginning to promote a new product, Imperial, which is said to be a mixture of butter and margarine. Imperial through its agency, Foote, Cone & Belding, New York, has launched an extensive radio spot campaign to break Nov. 27 in the middle west area.

Best Foods, New York, on behalf of its Nucoa margarine, another national advertiser, spends nearly $1 million in radio and television. Spots are placed in about 130 markets. Some changes are made in various markets, but Nucoa plans to continue this pattern of advertising for the upcoming year. Dancer-Fitzgerald-Sample, New York, is the agency.

J. H. Filbert, Baltimore, will spend approximately $150,000 in radio-tv in 1956 for Mrs. Filbert's margarine. This is roughly the same amount being spent in 1955. The advertiser is a regional distributor along the East Coast and as far west as Indianapolis. The firm will continue to run its three radio-tv spot schedules of eight to ten weeks each, in spring, summer and fall. Sullivan, Sturdevant, Colwell & Bayles, New York, is the agency.

Armour & Co. is readying a new sliced margarine (Cloverbloom "99") which will be tested in 12 markets with a tv spot campaign. The firm has devised a machine to cut each quarter-pound of margarine into 16 square pats, foil-wrapped and packaged in a conventional carton. Among markets to be tested are in Louisiana, Texas, North Carolina, Missouri, Ohio, Colorado and Florida. Agency is John W. Shaw Adv., Chicago.

The traditional problem for the margarine manufacturer has been to secure acceptance by the homemaker for his product as an alternative to butter. A few years ago, with the sanctioning of yellow coloring in margarine, significant progress was made toward that end. Today the objective is taste, with many companies experimenting to make the product taste more and more like the butter it is seeking to rival.

But the new problem for the national and regional margarine maker is the "encroachment" of the supermarkets, which have begun to produce their own local brands of margarine, selling them from five to eight cents cheaper.

For his answer to these problems, the maker of margarine has turned increasingly to advertising, mainly tv.

NBC-TV 'ARROGANT,' CALLOUS'-SPECTOR

Agency head and Hazel Bishop board chairman denies he called newspapers 'best medium,' but he scores NBC-TV, which he said cancelled a time slot ordered by Bishop and confirmed by the network. He's "considering litigation."

DENYING a report in the Chicago Sun-Times that he had called newspapers the "best ad medium," Raymond Spector, president of the Spector agency and chairman of the board of Hazel Bishop, a $34 million tv sponsor, conceded, nevertheless, that he regarded NBC-TV as "arrogant, brazen and callous" in its treatment of his interests, and added that he was "considering" a lawsuit against the network for "breach of contract."

In a news conference in New York Thursday, Mr. Spector alleged that he had placed an order for the 10:30 p.m. EST Sunday spot on NBC-TV which was confirmed by the network and followed by a release to the press, but that NBC-TV then withdrew the agreement and consigned the time instead to the American Tobacco Co. for its program, Justice. At one point in the conference Mr. Spector admitted — but later modified the assertion—that the tactics of the network bordered on monopoly and that their continuance could lead to governmental regulations.

In a Sun-Times story Mr. Spector was reported to have said, "The luster of tv is beginning to tarnish. . . . We are going back to a primary medium (newspapers)." He was further reported to have said, "This (Hazel Bishop's) is a helluvalot of money. Many people will be watching, re-evaluating whether tv is just a glamor medium. I think you'll find in the next six months that it will become a topic of considerable discussion and lots of people will start thinking the same way. Tv is glamorous, but too speculative."

Included in the report was an attack on "the big networks and a designation of the spectacles his firm had sponsored as "a complete flop."

Explaining his views at the New York conference, Mr. Spector expressed surprise at the "fuze" his reported remarks in Chicago had caused.

He maintained that he never said "newspapers are the best medium" but did say that newspaper ads could be effective if properly used like television, with "frequency, impact and continuity."

He said that he wanted to see television remain and would continue to use it for Hazel Bishop but that certain things were making it impossible, notably the "arbitrary increases which did not justify the cost factors."

Advertisers will be forced to use other media," he said, if the courts in television continue to rise. The high price of television "forced us into newspapers and radio," he said. "We had to find some other media." He added that he had taken $35 million out of television for the newspaper and radio campaign.

In modifying his previously expressed views on the monopoly theme, he said that he was not opposed to network creation but that the network was flouting the public interest when it controlled the selection of programs.

He insisted that Hazel Bishop would continue to sponsor This Is Your Life on NBC-TV, but admitted that the contract with the network for the show still was unsigned because of disagreement over "several clauses." At issue was the question of kinescope repeats during the summer, and the designated number of color presentations for which the advertiser would automatically spend 25% more per show. Mr. Spector said that the program cost Hazel Bishop $75,500 per week and NBC-TV $50,000 weekly for the first year.

In addition, Mr. Spector said the cosmetic firm was spending $114 million in a television spot announcement campaign in 100 markets.

Mr. Spector maintained that he did not attack the network but only those "stinkers" that he had sponsored on NBC-TV. (A&A continues on page 56)
WHO IS IOWA'S FAVORITE RADIO STATION FOR SPORTS AND SPORTS NEWS

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The facts above are a tiny fraction of Iowa's listening habits and preferences—now brought up to date in the seventeenth annual Iowa Radio-Television Audience Survey, by Dr. Forest L. Whan.

You should have a copy, because this completely authoritative study can remove the danger of guess-work or "hunches" from your promotion plans in Iowa. Please write us, or Free & Peters.

WHO is glad that our own interests are also best served when you know the full truth about radio and television in Iowa.
Baltimore is different

There are now nearly one and a half million people in the Baltimore metropolitan area. But they’re still concentrated in a small geographical area.

That’s why you don’t need great power in a radio station to reach them. That’s why you don’t have to pay high rates to reach them.

W-I-T-H covers this market thoroughly—at low, low rates. W-I-T-H delivers more listeners-per-dollar than any other advertising medium in Baltimore. Get the whole story from your Forjoe man!

In Baltimore buy

WITH

Tom Tinsley, President  R. C. Embry, Vice President
WHAT LIES AHEAD FOR TV NEWS?

FOUR WORKING NEWSMEN CHART THE COURSE AT SDX MEETING

NEW TECHNIQUES, new facilities and new scope for the news coverage television can provide were forecast last Thursday during a news panel at the Sigma Delta Chi meeting moderated by Sol Taishoff, B.T. editor-publisher.

The exciting possibilities of transoceanic television hops were described by William R. McAndrew, director of news for NBC. He envisioned a day in the not-too-distant future when TV signals would be transmitted on continent, bounced off a satellite making its orbit of the earth, and picked up in another continent. Other advances, more prosaic but also more imminent (including greater use of color), also were predicted by Mr. McAndrew.

John Day, director of news for CBS, saw TV news becoming more immediate and more detailed, with longer, more comprehensive programs supplanting present-day 5- and 15-minute shows.

Spencer M. Allen, director of news for WGN Chicago, took TV newsmen to task for accepting "handout" interviews as real news. He thinks the pool technique is not all it might be, and suggests coverage be put back on a more competitive basis.

The fight for equal access of TV and radio to public judicial and legislative sessions was championed by Donald G. Coe, director of special events and operations for ABC. The technical advances which will improve TV's ability to cover a story are for naught if TV isn't allowed in, he said.

Excerpted texts of the four talks follow below, beginning with Mr. McAndrew's.

BASICALLY, the ultimate objective of TV news would be the live presentation of every event in a show precisely at the time it was occurring, no matter where in the world it was taking place. That, to put it mildly, would be a spectacular feat. The biggest preventive has been the technical lag.

Transoceanic television today is possible.

We investigated this subject thoroughly when we tried to get a live television pickup from Geneva for the "Meeting at the Summit" show in July. We found there actually are at least five methods possible.

First is the Great Circle Land Chain, microwave relay system using land bases from Maine through Labrador, Greenland, Iceland and the Faeroes, Shetland and Orkney Islands to England. Its cost, however, would be prohibitive, both for construction of stations and for maintenance.

Second is a transatlantic coaxial cable. This would require booster relay stations every fifty miles or so. The cost, again, would make this out of the question.

Third is the moon. Direct television beams from Europe would be bounced off the moon in such a way as to reflect back to earth and land in a receiver along the Eastern seaboard. The two basic difficulties here are that the moon is not always where you want it when you want it; and that scientists report the moon's surface is too soft and powdery—mostly silicon—to reflect adequately.

Fourth is the brute force or scatter system. This consists of beaming a television signal into the air, where it would hit the ionosphere layer above the earth. Some of the beams would go through, like a water stream hosed against a screen door, and would be lost. The rest would bounce back to earth. With proper aiming, this bounce would land on the ocean—a good reflector—bounce back to the ionosphere again, back to the ocean and thence to the receiver.

The problem here is building a transmitter strong enough to drive that signal to its destination. At present, a 1,000 kw model has been tested and found successful to a degree. But for practical use, at least a 5,000 kw signal would be needed. Producing and transmitting that power would generate a tremendous heat, a heat greater than he coped with adequately at the moment. But one of the two best chances of success lies in this method.

Fifth is the earth satellite, for long distances, or a plane, for short distances. This method would involve bouncing the brute force or scatter signal off a controlled satellite circling the earth at 200 to 300 miles up, or off a plane only a few miles up.

The government has already announced that such a satellite is being built. If so, with this method, there would not be the loss of signal rays through the ionosphere that I mentioned occurred in the original brute force system. Also, the reflector would be of greater stability, quality and dependability.

We checked with the Navy and found that the brute force system today would cost about $10 million. Obviously, that is an impossible price. But it will not be long before the figure will be practical.

This coming Sunday [yesterday] we are going over water to Cuba for a Wide, Wide World pick-up direct from Havana. This signal will use the short-range scatter system, being bounced off a plane to a receiver at Miami. And what can be done live from Cuba this week can perhaps be done live from Europe within three to five years.

When this technical lag is overcome, we
NBC MATINEE THEATER,

the show that is giving afternoon TV a spectacular new look, premiered on October 31. Before the show was three days old, ten national advertisers had bought a total of 657 participations ... amounting to $5,500,000. It was the greatest vote of confidence from advertisers in the history of Daytime TV.

NBC MATINEE THEATER has already more than justified its sponsors' faith. The first returns are in. The critics have spoken.

And here is a small sampling of what they've said:

Jack Gould, N. Y. Times, November 1: "... housewives couldn't believe their eyes. Matinee could give an evening's performance on anybody's network ... a significant contribution to the evolution of a more mature TV."

Jack O'Brian, N. Y. Journal-American, November 1: "... by far the best daytime drama so far on TV."

Harriet Van Horne, N. Y. World-Tele.
gram & Sun, November 1: "A full hour of quality drama bound to please the housewife... An honest, intelligent series, slickly written, stylishly acted, and in radiant, compatible color...

Bob Hull, Los Angeles Herald Express, November 1: "First reaction from Los Angeles residents who called this office boils down to one thing. Well done...

Glenna Syse, Chicago Sun Times, November 1: "(Matinee) looks as if it might keep the Missus out of the kitchen long enough each afternoon to incite real havoc with the evening dinner menu."

No wonder that for year-round advertising, and for special campaigns like Christmas promotions, more and more advertisers look to

NBC MATINEE THEATER
Monday thru Friday, 3-4 P.M., EST.
on NBC TELEVISION

a service of
will have more mobile equipment—gear that is lighter, more compact, less expensive, more easily portable. Already we have such devices as the Vidicon—the tiny TV camera that can be hand carried. Its biggest drawback so far is that in its portable version its signal can be sent only a very short distance. We also have the wireless microphone. Its drawback, again, is that its signal can travel only a short distance. But these factors are on the way to solution.

Most important of all is the development of electronic photography. Our parent corporation, RCA, is now field-testing its system for recording both black-and-white and color television on magnetic tape. This tape can be run from its receiver directly into a transmitter to send signals for black-and-white or color pictures into the air. The tape does not have to be developed or printed, as in film; it makes possible virtually instantaneous transmission.

Despite these technological advances, however, television news shows for some years to come will have to rely basically on newswreel-type film. But this does not mean that we will be "stuck" with our present sort of film for half a decade or more. Quite the contrary. Those technological advances mentioned will bring us continued improvement in three most important factors:

1. Greater speed in getting film to available TV origination points, through a combination of jet airliners and the ever-increasing number of television stations, which puts a station somewhere near the scene of almost any event.

2. Greater speed in the processing of that film, both in black-and-white and in color—and don't forget that, with the rise in color TV, we'll be using color film on TV news.

3. Greater quality in that film—reduction in graininess, improvement in contrast possibilities, possibly a simplified version of 3-D.

Now, then, what about the content that all these new technological gains would transmit. Where is TV news going as far as its handling of the news itself is concerned?

Again, no one knows the answer. We are all, in a sense, groping. We all are seeking to better utilize the news-in-depth method of reporting. And this phase will be intensified and expanded.

It is in this field, I think, that TV news will make its greatest strides. For the public these days wants to know more than simply "what happened." It also wants to know why... what were the forces at work that led to a particular event... who are these persons involved... what is their background... and, perhaps most important, what are some of the major alternatives for the future.

In other words, it is not enough any more merely to report that there is a cat on a hot tin roof. Now we must also report how the cat got on there, what drove it to do so, how long it is likely to stay, which way it might jump, and what the consequences might be for each potential jump.

The ideal, of course, would be to let a news program go on and on until you ran out of news, then turn the network over to the next program. Obviously, as complex an organization as a television network simply could not function under such a haphazard schedule. But I feel certain that some adaptation of that idea will come.

Pat Weaver, NBC president, in a recent address before the Institute of Practitioners in Advertising in London, pointed the way for TV news when he said:

"I believe that in the last few years, we have set in motion an information explosion. To each man there is flooding more information than he can presently handle, but he is learning how to handle it and, as he learns, it will do him good. I mean that each individual has the equipment to handle far more data than he does handle, and we can vastly increase the volume of traffic through his mind, and when we do (that) he will respond with... better and more intelligent decisions. He will less likely be moved by emotionalism. He will be less likely to fall prey to fear, anxiety and confusion."

It is through this interpretive reporting, this reporting in depth, that we can supply our viewers with the well-rounded, three-dimensional information that can make them better citizens and thus better protectors of our democratic way of life. This is no routine flag-waving; this is deadly serious. For it is an ill-informed public that most easily succumbs to dictators and oppressions. This is, at bottom, even a selfish attitude—for our own self-interest and our own survival are at stake.

**SPACE RELAY FOR TV**

It's not as far-fetched as you'd think. NBC's Bill McAndrew envisions transoceanic TV signals bounced off controlled satellites, as depicted in this artist's sketch. (See text page 35.)

**THE TREND TO LENGTH, AS SEEN BY CBS' DAY**

It generally takes longer to show something than to summarize it in words and the trend (in TV) is toward longer and longer shows rather than shorter and shorter. I will be glad when that trend catches up with TV news—or vice versa—for the five-minute TV news shows are little short of an abomination to my way of thinking. And the 15-minute show—11 1/2 minutes of news when commercials and openings and closes are deducted—is all too short when one is striving to cover the news with scope and perspective.

Trying to jam the day's news into a 11 1/2-minute TV show is like trying to squeeze it into a 25-column news hole. Yet some British papers proved it is possible to do a pretty good job in a four- or six-page paper, and by the same token I believe it is possible to do a pretty good job in 11 1/2 minutes. The newspapers I'm speaking of don't come up with New York Times coverage—and neither do 11 1/2-minute TV programs. But with very careful editing, each in its field can do a lot.

That editing consists of choosing—as any good news editor would choose—the top stories of the day, and of telling them as clearly, objectively and succinctly as possible. Maybe that can be done with pictures alone, with the aid of pictures, or without pictures. Since the great advantage TV has over other media is that it can present pictures that move—and present them faster than any theatre newsreel—it was natural I suppose that TV news editors became somewhat obsessed with the picture, often at the expense of the story.

But certainly at CBS, and I believe at other networks, there has been a fairly successful effort to overcome that. If a story is important or of major interest, we tell it, whether we have good pictures or any pictures. Day after day I have found that...
KiTiRiK-Channel 13's black magic mascot has enchanted the children of Houston, and changed the Houston market in less than a year. Houston has become Hamlin Town with the grateful parents joining in the parade to KTRK-TV.

July ARB shows our daytime combination of children's programs, films and family features leading network competition in 56 out of 160 weekly quarter hours, and a close second in 60 others. More than 60% of the audience hears KiTiRiK's "Piper's tune" at 5:45 daily to lead into the great new lineup of ABC family shows—Warner Brothers Presents—Disneyland—Lone Ranger—Rin Tin Tin. And KTRK-TV still programs more sports for Dad each week. Good shows make good adjacencies. Call us or Blair-TV.

THE PIED PIPER OF HOUSTON

KTRK-TV
FAST COLOR FILM, one of the latest developments the tv newscaster can use to improve his coverage, was described to the SDX panel by NBC's Mr. McAndrew. He also showed films to illustrate the points he makes in the paragraphs that follow.

JUST this week—Monday, to be exact, NBC news placed the first commercial order for the first color film ever made—sufficiently sensitive for general news coverage.

Spot news coverage on color film has been held back by two roadblocks: The film was not "fast" enough for conditions other than good daylight and processing generally took days, instead of hours or minutes.

As a result of those conditions, the first color news program—NBC's News Caravan in February 1954, almost two years ago—was limited to background and feature material, shot and edited days in advance. Then, in May of this year (1955), Eastman eliminated the processing barrier. We were able to present the first coast-to-coast color coverage on a "same day" basis. This was the report on Operation Cue, the atomic blast, filmed at dawn near Las Vegas, flown to Los Angeles, processed in two hours by Eastman on a priority basis, edited, scripted and projected by NBC that same evening.

Now, a new type of color film called Anscochrome has carried us over the second barrier—that of low sensitivity. This film is rated as more than twice as fast as present Kodachrome. Ansco offers once-a-week processing at a rating more sensitive than many current black-and-white emulsions.

Some of the color film you are about to see is this daylight type. You will also see—and this is even more important to television journalism—two sequences photographed indoors at the same speed rating, without any additional light. These were done on Anscochrome's "tungsten" emulsion.

The 200 feet we used for these tests constitute another first—they're the first rolls of this film ever made available outside the government, which has been using it for classified and experimental work. It still is not on the general market, but NBC has placed its orders. And Ansco will co-operate on processing for "same day" use.

A still photograph is interesting. The addition of motion and sound adds to the impact. And the further addition of color adds a wallop. As a sample of what color can do: In one of these films you'll see a pavement tossed up by a flood; in shades of gray you'd miss it, in color it stand out.

CALL FOR ORIGINALLITY SOUNDED BY WSN'S ALLEN

There are some bad habits and some bobby traps we television news editors have been falling into. One of these is the deadly tendency to stereotype—not only on the local level, but in Washington and elsewhere. Here in Chicago, for instance, if Adlai Stevenson is giving a statement or being interviewed on tv newsreel, you'll see and hear the same thing on all four tv stations, because the locals and the syndicate reels all set up their cameras jaw to jaw. One cameraman acts as spokesman and all reels take the same thing.

Every night you'll see and hear the same Washington officials, saying the same thing in front of the same old Pentagon or Senate Office Building. They say the same thing for everybody—NBC, CBS, ABC, INS and Movietone. Someday, I'm going to double-cross my local competitors, by leaving with all of them thru the front door after a cozy little pool pickup. I'm going to bring the camera back in the back once-a-week processing at a rating more sensitive than many current black-and-white emulsions.

I'm getting a little weary of this cooperation with each other in set-ups. Let's leave something to be achieved by some rough and tumble competition. When things get too automatic and too pat, they get dull.

But with stereotyping comes a far worse evil: we are being used by many of these so-called "newsworthy" people to publicize their views. We are not being reporters and bona fide newsmen when we come running with our camera crews every time a potential news story whistles our way. He says he's calling a news conference for the tv newsmen. Nine times out of 10, he'll say precisely what he wants to say and that's the end of it. No questions are permitted, and there's no other comment. We say, "Thank you, sir," and then hustle off to make like mimeographs for someone who has found a wonderfully cheap way to spread his face and views across the nation.

Yet we continue to suckers for this routine—we don't dare pass up the guy sometimes because then the opposition has the beat on you. If we'd only stop and consider—since when is a handout a beat? It may be on your film, it may be your special events man holding the microphone and asking the prescribed question. But the subject is still giving his pre-determined answer, and I say it's a handout and not the kind of journalism we should be doing.

Let's stop waiting for the subject to call a conference, now that we've been previously boiled by the story. Let's stop and make your story yourself. And in the course of this new approach, we'll have to develop enough guts to dismantle our cameras and walk out of a handout press conference without making a foot of film, if there is to be no give with the take.

We've made big strides in the light department with the advent of fast film. We don't have to heat up the subject to the boiling point or blow his main fuses. Usually we can film him in natural light. And by now, our cameramen should know how to pre-set their lenses, and rack over their turrets while rolling so we can avoid the operating starts and stops to achieve variety in framing and field.

But, perhaps most important, there should be some improvement in our attitude of approaching our subjects. For too long, we've had the hat-in-hand approach. Let's stop placing ourselves in the position of getting our subjects to do what he is doing us a favor. Make him think we are the one's performing a service and if anyone is inconvenienced it's the television reporter, not the subject. The attitude of both should be greatly improved.

TELEVISION AND RADIO DESERVE ACCESS—ABC'S COE

I THINK in a large measure where television news goes will depend on the advances to be made in two large fields. First, as working newsmen, we are going to have to depend on the scientists and the engineers for technical developments which will make television reporting much more efficient and much less costly than it is today.

The engineers are doing fine work for us and I feel sure that between the two Ts (transistors and tape) we will in a few years be able to make our television newsmen just as effective as we have been able to make our radio newsmen. By that I mean that the day is not far distant when a tv newsmen can send back from the scene of a fast-breaking news
NOW! the new

Eliminates extra manpower requirements

opaque and transparency projector

REMOTE OR LOCAL CONTROL
CHECK THESE NEW FEATURES

- Completely automatic...utilizing features contained in the now famous Telop and Teljector...Slides change by push button control.
- Sequence of up to 50 slides can be handled at one loading...additional pre-loaded slide holders easily inserted in unit.
- Remote control of lap dissolves...superposition of two slides...and slide changes.
- Shutter type dimming permits fades without variation of color temperature...opaque copy cooled by heat filters and adequate blowers...assembly movable on base which permits easy focus of image.

SCREEN OUT HIGH PRODUCTION COSTS FOR LOCAL SPONSORS

Telop III by the elimination of extra manpower assures the production and projection of low-cost commercials that local sponsors can afford. It can be used with any TV camera including the new Vidicon camera. Telop III projects on single optical axis opaque cards, photographs, art work, transparent 3½" x 4" glass slides, strip material, and 2" x 2" transparencies when Teljector is used with optical channel provided. Telop III eliminates costly film strips and expensive live talent.

WRITE FOR: Illustrated bulletin describing Telop III specifications. Your request will receive prompt response.

Telop III...Interior view of automatic slide holder which accommodates 4" x 5" opaque slides...One lens...no registration problem...no keystoning.
GIANT COMMERCIAL

something new in tv: PONTIAC puts $16,000 into 5-minute 'spectacular' on hour show

A "SPECTACULAR" among live tv commercials—that's the label MacManus, John & Adams puts on the $16,000 advertisement it produced for Pontiac to introduce the new "56 models.

The commercial was telecast Oct. 25 a little more than a quarter of the way through NBC-TV's "PLAYWRIGHT'S '56, which Pontiac sponsored on alternate Tuesdays, 9:30-10:30 p.m. est.

To inject the bigness and excitement desired, Pontiac used the full commercial time on the program—five minutes—for a single presentation. To achieve mobility, the producers took over the 101st Armored Cavalry Armory on upper Madison Ave. in New York where, on the huge polo field, the General Motors products could wheel about in eye-catching patterns. For the dramatic touch, a spotlight system was employed, washing each of the new cars in a pool of white light. Lighting alone cost $5,000.

The drama was telescript live from Hollywood while the commercial, plus a minute of film (three insertions, each 20 seconds long), originated in New York. requiring skillful know-how and perfect timing.

A 40-man, NBC remote crew was imported. With Mike Zeamer directing, only two 10-hour days were consumed in the setting up. Employed were five cameras, eight shiny Pontiacs, eight actresses, four actors, a 28-piece orchestra under composer Gene Hammet, who composed an original score for the background music, and announcer Frank Simms. There were three separate pickups at the armory—of the automobiles and action, and of the orchestra and the announcer who were housed in different rooms.

To add to the complexity of connecting

cities spaced thousands of miles apart, the producers cut in film for the commercial from Radio City in mid-Manhattan.

It was not without a crisis, however. A minor accident at the last moment nearly nullified the more than 1,000 man-hours of work. Less than a minute before NBC in Hollywood was to reverse the lines to pick up the commercial in New York, two fuses blew and all power at the armory—where the full production was about to rip forth in dazzling array—was lost. A brave electrician grabbed two fuses and jammed them into their sockets. He suffered second degree burns but the Pontiac commercial spectacular was on the air.

Production for the agency was under the direction of E. A. Jones, executive president; Ted Allegretti, tv account executive, Henry Townes, radio-tv vice president, and Mark Lawrence, production chief.
SPOTS
BEFORE YOUR EYES...

IN PORTLAND, OREGON
KLOR BRINGS 1,798,000
EYES* INTO FOCUS ON
TOP SPOT ADVERTISERS!

ANY WAY YOU LOOK AT IT, KLOR-CHANNEL 12, Portland,
Oregon, is one of the West's top SPOT buys! Oregon Territory never
looked better...never was richer! KLOR-Channel 12 gives you a big,
prosperous 27-county coverage...embracing 310,000 TV homes...
2.9 viewers per set*...75% saturation. IT'S EASY TO SEE that
KLOR's top SPOT leadership has been achieved with top program-
ming, both ABC network and local.

TAKE A CLOSE LOOK at some of KLOR's local participating programs Portlanders go for:

LADY OF THE HOUSE
with Vere Kneeland
Noted Food-Fashion Authority
Monday through Friday
3:30-4:00 p.m.

RON MYRON SHOW
Variety Program
with Guests and Music
Monday through Friday
2:30-3:00 p.m.

THE KIDS ARE GOGGLE-
EYED over this live, local
participating program now seen
twice a week by popular demand:

FRONTIER SCOUTS
Happy Combination
of Do-It-Yourself,
Nature Lore and
Youth Activities
Tuesday and Thursday
4:30-5:00 p.m.

ACADEMY THEATRE
(film participating)
1st-Run Million $ Features
Saturday, 7:00-9:00 p.m.

TV SPORTS DESK
(local participating)
with Charlie LaFranchise
Wednesday, Thursday, Friday
6:30 p.m.

KLOR
Channel 12

915 N.E. DAVIS ST. • PORTLAND, OREGON
Represented Nationally by GEORGE P. HOLLINGBERY CO.
New York • Atlanta • Chicago • San Francisco • Los Angeles

Broadcasting • Telecasting
November 14, 1955 • Page 43
... He's Planning

Free & Peters, Inc.
Pioneer Station Representatives Since 1932

NEW YORK
250 Park Avenue
Plaza 1-2700

CHICAGO
230 N. Michigan Ave.
Franklin 2-6373

DETROIT
Penobscot Bldg.
Woodward 1-4255

ATLANTA
Glenn Bldg.
Murray 8-5667

FT. WORTH
406 W. Seventh St.
Fortune 3349

HOLLYWOOD
6331 Hollywood Blvd.
Hollywood 9-2151

SAN FRANCISCO
Russ Building
Sutter 1-3798
THE Colonel got wind of an advertiser who likes to have a “big time” program of his own, but also has a problem in timing the push he puts behind his various products in different parts of the country.

Here's a client who can have his cake and eat it too . . . as the Colonel is pointing out.

The top spot stations (and here are 23 of the best) more often than not have top flight programs that are well established, well rated and ready for sponsorship. Or, they have a good place for your own pet program, if you prefer it that way.

As the old saying goes “Spot is Flexible” . . . and your Free & Peters Colonel would like to show you just how easy it is to do business with the best!

Representing VHF Television Stations:

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KAUMA BROADCASTING

ADVERTISING ADVERTISING

KTMS Santa Barbara show emphasizes role of commercials in everyday life of Americans at home and in business.

IT PAYS to advertise.

And, as KTMS Santa Barbara, Calif., has demonstrated, it also pays to advertise advertising.

It was a year ago June that Charles Storke, vice president and general manager of KTMS, and Don Burton, then president of the Advertising & Merchandising Club of Santa Barbara, met for breakfast during the 1954 convention of the Advertising Assn. of the West, to which both were delegates. Mr. Burton told Mr. Storke that the board of the Ad Club had okayed an idea for a weekly radio program designed to emphasize advertising's role in the everyday life of every American, at home and at business.

The broadcaster enthusiastically picked up the Ad Club president's idea and before the pair left the breakfast table tentative plans had been completed for a weekly 15-minute broadcast on KTMS. They'd even agreed that the program's principals should be Mrs. Claire Drew Forbes Walker, owner of the Claire Drew Forbes Advertising Agency, and Joe Benes, commercial manager of KTMS and a star announcer.

The show began at 8 p.m. on Labor Day, 1954. Each Monday since then Here's News for You has given an air salute to the accomplishments of advertising and advertising people.

Although the program format varies from time to time, generally the broadcast is divided into four parts: First, there's a review of the new things learned through advertising during the previous week. Next comes an interview with a guest who is in some way affiliated with advertising. Then a Santa Barbara advertiser is saluted for an advertising job well done. Final part of the program is the Ad Club's "Hats Off" tribute for service over and above that normally expected in the course of business.

The list of things learned of through advertising since the show's beginning includes Dior's fashions, the history of the soap industry, new nylon tires, new frozen foods packaged in Santa Barbara County, products introduced by major California oil companies, special trips abroad promoted by travel bureaus, the savings and lending facilities of financial institutions, the history of Old Spanish Days Fiesta week which is advertised in all types of media by Santa Barbara's merchants, businessmen and everyday citizens, new plastic products manufactured locally—to name just a few.

Each week, Claire Forbes salutes an advertiser who has effectively and meritoriously promoted his firm, his product, his service, or a special public service.

The owner of a mobile grocery store which serves several Southern California counties is deeply indebted to the Ad Club for his Hats Off award. He said that his business was nearing bankruptcy when he received the award. Many of his customers had nominated him for thoughtfulness and extraordinary service to families living in out-of-the-way places and ranch country. When the story of the Hats Off award was heard over KTMS and published the following day in the News-Press, his business took a profitable trend upward.

During the busy Christmas season, Claire saluted the entire staff at the Santa Barbara Post Office for the exceptional service they render, especially during the rush season.

An elderly man who worked part-time in one of Santa Barbara's men's stores received the Hats Off salute for his full-time courtesies, helpfulness and service to customers. A blind lady, who operates a news and cigarette stand in the post office lobby, has received the award, together with the cashier of a local super market, who works to support her invalid husband, injured in World War II.

D. W. Hutchinson, manager of the Santa Barbara Retail Merchants Assn., says: "This human-interest type of merchandising pays off and Santa Barbara is 78% above the national average of total retail sales and there is every indication that a program like the Ad Club's Here's News for You will continue to inspire the best in people and to help us maintain this desirable high level."

WSLS SHOWS ITS WARES TO THE PASSERBY

SHOW WINDOWS rivaling those of the most modern department store are a unique feature of the new million-dollar Radio & Television Center of Shenandoah Life Stations' WSLS-AM-TV Roanoke, Va.

Crowds of spectators visiting the center for the first time are finding much of interest in the smartly-designed, well-equipped building, which contains 24,745 square feet (the equivalent of 26 average-sized homes) and is staffed by 80 persons.

It is the window display section, however, which draws the greatest number of "oh's" and "ah's." Six large windows equipped with more than 200 lighting fixtures make up this section, designed to give extra service to advertising clientele.

The floors of two windows are mounted on hydraulic-electrically controlled lifts that raise them to street level from basement level, and all display props and merchandise are transported by this means.

A traffic count, using formulas and methods approved by the Traffic Audit Bureau Inc., shows that a daily average of 24,786 persons view the windows.
Just as many broadcasters have discovered, Omar G. Hilton of WBUY Lexington, North Carolina found his 5 KW Collins 21E performing better than advertised. Those original specs were based on conservative laboratory tests, but actual performance tests show Collins 21E 5 KW transmitters doing an even better job — outperforming all others in the field!

**NEW SPECIFICATIONS**

- **POWER OUTPUT**
  - 5500/1100 Watts

- **FREQUENCY STABILITY**
  - Deviation less than ±5 cps (Typical — less than ±2 cps.)

- **AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE**
  - Within ±1 1/2 db from 30 to 15,000 cps
  - (Typical — ±1 db from 30 to 15,000 cps.)

- **DISTORTION**
  - Less than 3% from 50 to 7500 cps for 95% modulation, including all harmonics up to 16 kc.
  - (Typical — less than 2% from 50-7500, less than 2% from 100-5000 cps.)

- **CARRIER SHIFT**
  - Less than 3% (Typical value less than 2%) 

- **TEMPERATURE RANGE**
  - Up to 45 degrees C.

Your nearest Collins representative will be glad to send you a 21E brochure with complete details plus price and delivery data.
new star born in Louisville...

"DIAL 970"!

WAVE is its Mother!

MONITOR is its Father!

WEEKDAY is its Kissin' Cousin!

Yes! — on November 7, WAVE premiered DIAL 970, its own exciting version of Monitor and Weekday, putting area flavor and emphasis into a proven national format!

DIAL 970 utilizes all of WAVE'S unusually large programming facilities . . . all its well-known personalities . . . all its localized radio know-how. It's a coordinated group of programs heard eleven sparkling hours each weekday—hours filled with news, weather, sports, traffic reports, music, interviews, household tips, etc., etc. Hours that are skillfully blended with Weekday, to provide good fun, good company, good listening—from early morning till late at night!

DIAL 970 is sometimes light and gay . . . sometimes serious and informative . . . sometimes relaxed and soothing—but always intensely listenable!

Participations and spots available as early as 6 a.m.—as late as 11:59 p.m.—or in between. Available NOW, but you'd better hurry!

Let NBC Spot Sales give you the really impressive story on DIAL 970.

WAVE'S DYNAMIC NEW RADIO SERVICE
FOR A DYNAMIC NEW LOUISVILLE!
PEP UP THOSE RADIO ADS!

IMAGINATION CAN MAKE AURAL COMMERCIALS COMPETE WITH TV

By Sally G. Lark
Continuity Chief, KWKH Shreveport

WHO SAYS radio commercials can't compete with TV commercials? You can do one of two things: Follow the trend of two-voice shouting, the same old trite copy, or meet the challenge of TV with imagination and creativeness.

Of course, we can't expect to meet the production measures of national TV commercials, but any radio writer (who isn't afraid of a little extra effort) can more than match TV slides and a few words ad libbed by a local TV announcer.

The first requisite is to have a progressive boss who will turn you loose on production. There's no comparison between the small cost of the transcriptions used for production and holding your big accounts year after year, plus adding new ones (we do it in spite of seven radio stations and two TV stations here in Shreveport and you can do it too).

Next in importance is the cooperation of every unit participating in the production of commercials—the music room, program director, announcers and engineer. The rest is up to you. What do you do first? Find out who can do "voices." Here at KW KH we use voices of anyone with "hammy" aspirations, from the program director, announcers, myself and occasionally some of the office help.

Right now, I can just hear some of you small station writers saying: "But we're a small organization, we haven't enough talent!" That's where you're wrong! Develop what you have. We did. I, myself, play several different voices; so do the program director and the announcers. Occasionally, one of us comes up with a new "character" to play. We practice... and practice...

Here are a few illustrations of the commercials we just did for the 1956 Chevrolet, a 13-week saturation contract of 20 spots each weekend.

HOWARD CRUMLEY CHEV. CO.—#1
ANNCR 1: Hi, Uncle George, what brings you up from Texas?

ANNCR 2: (LOUD, WITH TEXAS DRAWL) Son, I'm in town to get me the finest little filly on the market! This is something almost as wonderful as TEXAS!

ANNCR 1: Gee, Uncle George... you're buying another race horse?

ANNCR 2: Shucks, son, you might call it that... she's sure been winnin' plenty of races. She's the fastest, smoothest little filly y' ever did see. I'll sure do myself proud drivin' her around Texas.

ANNCR 1: You're driving your new race horse back to Texas, Uncle Shreveport?

ANNCR 2: Son... this isn't no race horse... this little filly is the purtiest thing on the market... the new CHEVROLET for '56. Son, she really up and GOES! Just like a streak o' lightnin'. First thing I ever did see as fine as TEXAS!

ANNCR 3: (STRAIGHT) Yes, the new '56 CHEVROLET is really something! See it... drive it, at HOWARD CRUMLEY CHEVROLET. Once you feel its "GO" power... once you lay eyes on its streamlined beauty, you'll want it for keeps! See it NOW at HOWARD CRUMLEY CHEVROLET, 311 Edwards, Shreveport.

COMMERCIAL # 2

ANNCR: We take you now to the home of Mrs. Hibbus-Kibus, where Jeeves has just answered the doorbell...

JEEVES: (VERY HAUGHTILY) I'm sure, Sir, you've made a mistake... this is a private home!

LARK: (COMING UP) What is it, Jeeves?

JEEVES: This man has a whole fleet of new '56 CHEVROLETS to deliver to this address... there must be a mistake.

LARK: O, how do you do, dear boy! Yes, indeed, this is the right address. After seeing all those beautiful, devastating 1956 CHEVROLETS, I just couldn't decide which color to choose, so I took one of each. Jeeves, please show the dear boy where the garages are!

ANNCR: (STRAIGHT) Most of us aren't as rich as Mrs. Hibbus-Kibus. We'd be happy with just ONE of the fabulous '56 CHEVROLETS, with their brilliant performance... their "GO" power, and driving smoothness. You're invited to test drive the new CHEVROLET at... etc. etc.

The preceding illustrations are offered for what they are worth. You probably will come up with some better ones.

When it comes to sound effects, the sky's the limit. I spend more time in the music room auditioning music and sound effects than I do in writing the material. Simplest forms are fanfare openings, such as heralding trumpets and tympani beat with roll, which we sometimes pick out of orchestrations, having the engineer "cut out" just the tympani beat and roll from the music. You'll find a lot of musical effects, too, in your musical bridge records, and can get a lot of different effects with the echo chamber. And by all means learn to adapt your different commercial aids by "cutting out." Here's an example: We took the following musical theme for gas and electric ranges and adapted it as follows:

MUSICAL JINGLE: "Hickory, dickory dock, the mouse ran up the clock, The clock struck one, and the cuckoo came out and right away he started to shout (CUT ABRUPTLY) (The rest of this singing commercial was about gas and electric stoves, so we cut it out.)

GIRL: (HIGH BIRDLIKE VOICE WITH ECHO CHAMBER... LEAVE OPEN TILL VOICE TRAILS OFF IN UNDULATIONS) "Gee, it's cold in here!"

ANNCR: (STRAIGHT COM'L) Don't wait till the family gives you the "bird" this winter. NOW is the time to install... etc. (CAN BE USED FROM HERE ON FOR INSULATION, FURNACES, ELECTRIC HEATERS, ETC.)

When it comes to fashion copy—you can open with a few harp strokes or vibrabass notes (you'll find these also in your bridge music). Bring in again at the climax of your commercial to gain attention. For example: "... all at BIG savings! AND (3 or 4 harp strokes) ... Pay later! With... convenient charge accounts or lay-away plan..."

Another way to break the monotony of copy is to mix voices with music. Here's an illustration:

ROMANTIC THEME OF SOFT, SLOW DANCE MUSIC... ESTABLISH FEW SEC, THEN DOWN UNDER VOICES

MAN: (ROMANTICALLY) Come with me to...  

GIRL: (BREATHELESSLY) The Casbah?

MAN: No, no, come with me to...

GIRL: The Riviera?

MAN: No... the Carnival! (DOWNDOWN MUSIC OUT NOW UNDER STRAIGHT COM'L) Yes, come to the Carnival... the Carnival of exciting values at... starting tomorrow... etc.

Occasionally, too, you can play soft music down under the whole commercial, especially for women's fashions or florist's copy. Well, there it is, and remember, the hours spent in thought and production don't show on paper, but in the enthusiasm with which your clients accept original efforts, and the renewals they bring. It's worth it.

November 14, 1955 • Page 49
1600 PENNSYLVANIA:

one of a series of paintings
of Washington by William Walton
commissioned by WTOP Television
at Broadcast House, Washington, D. C.

Represented by CBS Television Spot Sales
1600 PENNSYLVANIA by William Walton.
Second of a series of paintings of Washington
commissioned by WTOP Television
at Broadcast House, Washington, D. C.
Originally published in Broadcasting-Telecasting,
November 14, 1955.
Reprints of this series available on request.
HOW EFFECTIVE ARE TV COMMERCIALS?

HERE'S A REPORT FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, COMPILED BY ABC, REPORTED BY EARL HUDSON

TO DETERMINE what the typical Southern California tv family thinks of what it sees on its tv screen and how tv commercials affect its buying habits. ABC surveyed a cross-section of 265 families the first week in November, being careful to exclude from the sample all members of the tv industry. The results of the survey are printed below, taken from a report made last Monday to the Hollywood Ad Club by Earl J. Hudson, vice president of ABC's Western Div.

1. Approximately how many hours per day do the adult members of your home view television?

We found that 33% of the women viewed tv approximately 4 hours per day; 25% viewed 5 hours, and 17% viewed 3 hours. On an over-all basis, we found that 75% of the women surveyed viewed tv 3 hours or more per day. As was expected, the male viewing was slightly less. 25% viewed tv 4 hours per day; 22%, 3 hours; 16%, 2 hours, and 15%, 5 hours. 78% of the men polled viewed tv 2 hours or more.

2. What hours of the day do the adult members of your home view television?

morning, afternoon, evening.

In a breakdown as to morning, afternoon and evening viewing, it was not surprising to find that 10% of the women viewed tv in the morning; 20% in the afternoon, and 70% in the evening. The male entries, of course, showed predominance in nighttime viewing.

3. What do you consider the most entertaining commercials on television?

I feel it is significant to point out that a total of 47 different commercials were mentioned by women and 35 different commercials mentioned by the men.

This shows a very wide range of opinions and proof of the fact that people really remember GOOD tv commercials. As a matter of fact, one can safely draw the conclusion that the retention value of commercials on tv is higher than any form of advertising . . . due, of course, to their audio-visual impact. Interesting, too, is the fact that both men and women picked the same top three commercials as being the most entertaining. The three most often mentioned were: Ford, Hamm's beer and Bank of América. While all three vary to a certain extent in presentation, it is significant to point out that each is done in what might be called an “off beat” style.

4. In your opinion, what are the things that make up a good commercial?

The answer most given by women was the one word—“short.” Next in order of importance were “comedy,” “sincerity” and “cartoon type.” The men also felt a “short” commercial was the best kind but placed “sincerity” 2nd, “comedy” 3rd and “cartoon” 4th. It would seem, then, that the ideal commercial would be a short, sincere, humorous cartoon. We will have more to say on cartoon commercials later.

5. What tv commercials do you consider uninteresting and unimpressive?

Both men and women are in agreement that uninteresting and unimpressive commercials are the ones in which false statements are made, high-pressure tactics are used, and presentation is too long, repetitious and exceptionally loud.

6. What kind of tv commercials do you like best, cartoon treatment or actual demonstration?

Both men and women were unanimous in their preference for cartoon-type commercials. 80% of both preferred cartoon commercials; 15%, actual demonstration: while 5%, no preference whatsoever.

7. Do you prefer men or women announcers?

Women favored male announcers by a majority of 75%. 11% preferred women and 14% held no preference. Interesting to note, that men preferred male announcers to an even greater degree. 93% of the men questioned favored male announcers, while only 7% preferred women.

8. Do you feel the average television commercial gives you enough information?

As to whether or not the average tv commercial gives the viewer enough information, 50% said “yes” and 20% said “no,” while 30% voluntarily said “too much information.” Here again is another point which many of us may want to analyze. Maybe, in some cases, we are trying to pack too much information into too small a time segment.

9. What products have you actually been
Howdy - I'm Bill Zipf...

... combination dirt farmer, photographer, farm editor for the Columbus Dispatch and farm newscaster, all wrapped up in a sort of chunky package.

Farming and farm folks are my life, and exchanging new ideas and developments with them is my business. That's why my daily noonday farm show on WBNS-TV is so important.

Why, do you know that over 67% of the farmers in our viewing areas have TV sets, and we beam out to over 464,758 families!

I give the days livestock and grain prices and trends, and dairy and poultry news along with rural fairs and auction activities... working in my sponsors product as I go along.

I'm keeping pretty good company these days too. Just before I go on the air, Columbus Dispatch Globe Trotter Dean Boyer gives out with local and national news, and then my friend Bob McMaster, the TV Weatherman tells folks about the weather.

If you'd like rates on my show, why not contact the station or one of those Blair boys? I sure we can do a job for you.

persuaded to buy through the television advertising you have seen?

Questions 9 and 10 are probably the most important of the entire questionnaire, for they point out whether TV commercials in themselves motivate people to buy.

Our evidence actually proves that well-executed TV commercials do result in volume sales. From the women's side 28 different items were listed. Of the top ten, 25% were found to be cosmetics; 20%, food products; 18%, soaps; 10%, shampoo, and (for laughs) we found that 2% of the women even purchased razors through TV advertising. On the male side, a total of 25 items were listed. Of the top four, the first choice was beer; second was divided between toothpaste and food products, with razors next.

10. What products have you bought as a result of television advertising viewed by your children?

Our tabulations for 10 are based primarily on the women interviewed. We felt that mothers generally buy the products suggested by children. Here again, a total of 29 individual items were listed. Of the top ten, 50% were cereals; 23%, prepared drinks; 10%, soft drinks, and 7%, breads.

11. Do you mind the placement together of several TV commercials between programs?

This may surprise you. Both men and women seem to have differing opinions as to the placement together of TV commercials back-to-back between programs; 50% said "yes" and approximately 50% said "no."

12. Do you feel that showing the name and address of where you can buy the sponsor's product in your neighborhood is an aid in buying?

Both men and women seemed to feel that showing the name and address where a product could be purchased was a definite aid to sales. 70% were in favor of showing the retail outlet—name and address—while 30% were against.

13. Do you feel a sense of appreciation to the sponsors for paying the high cost of television broadcasting to make it possible for you to view your favorite programs?

We hear a lot of criticism about commercials on TV, but when you come right down to it, the average viewer does not seem to be nearly as critical as you would seem to believe. This was certainly borne out here, where 88% of both men and women stated that they felt a sense of appreciation to the sponsor, who provides the entertainment they enjoy. Only 12% answered this question in the negative.

14. Please give your brand preference of the following items: cigarettes, beer or wine, soft drinks, tooth paste, coffee, pet food, cereals, bread. What make of car do you drive? What brand of gasoline do you use?

In the cigarette category, 14 brands were mentioned. Next category... 16 brands of beer. Incidentally, the women named 16 brands of beer, while the men named only 14. Our obvious conclusion to this is that women are greater beer drinkers than men. In the soft drink line, 18 brands were men-
NBC AND RCA ANNOUNCE
THE FIRST ALL-COLOR
TELEVISION STATION IN THE WORLD

WNBJQ CHICAGO

WORK ALREADY IN PROGRESS. ALL
STUDIOS NOW BEING COMPLETELY
CONVERTED TO COLOR. MORE THAN
50,000 SQ. FT. ADDITIONAL SPACE LEASED.
WORLD'S FIRST LOCAL ALL-COLOR
TV STUDIOS TO BE PILOT OPERATION
FOR OTHER STATIONS TO FOLLOW.

ALL LOCAL, LIVE STUDIO SHOWS WILL
BE IN COLOR. ALERT ADVERTISERS CAN
HELP ASSURE SALES LEADERSHIP IN
THE FUTURE BY LEARNING NOW
TO HARNES THE FULL POWER OF
COLOR TV... ON WNBJQ.
IMPORTANT. GET ALL THE FACTS TODAY.
General manager of Hearst-owned WBAL-TV says Hearst newspaper executive is all wet in the latter's belittling of tv, says tv revenues are rising, newspapers' failing.

PERSONS who challenge television as a commercial medium are like “race horses equipped with blinkers.”

This is the opinion of D. L. (Tony) Provost, vice president and general manager of the Radio & Television Div. of the Hearst Corp. and even if the challenger happens to be another Hearst official—such as H. James Gediman, executive vice president of the American Weekly and Flock, this column of provost weekly—Mr. Provost still does not hesitate to express his feelings.

Mr. Gediman, speaking last month before a meeting of the Audit Bureau of Circulations in Chicago, blasted the rating services in television as unrealistic, belittled the advertising dollar volume in tv and asserted that morning and afternoon network time is very available [BWT, Oct. 24].

Now, in an exclusive to BWT, Mr. Provost offers a strong rebuttal to Mr. Gediman’s charges.

Said the radio-tv executive: “Mr. Gediman had his blinkers on, for ABC has been making tremendous strides during daytime with shows like the Mickey Mouse Club, CBS has virtually sold itself out during the daytime and NBC is about 70% sold out.

“At our Hearst-owned WBAL-TV (NBC affiliate) in Baltimore, during the week Mr. Gediman made his attack, NBC network revenue in the daytime accounted for 47% of [the station’s] total network billing and of the station’s total revenue, 38.16% accrued from the daytime.”

These figures, Mr. Provost said, were compiled prior to the start of NBC’s Matinee, which went on the air only a year ago and has the potential to sellout of all network time.

As to Mr. Gediman’s remarks that “the dollar volume of all advertising in newspapers alone was more than 100% greater than that on all radio and tv combined,” Mr. Provost urged Mr. Gediman to “lift a blinking” and note that national advertising in newspapers dropped $7 million in 1954 and national advertising in network tv was up $8 million in 1954. (These figures were taken from the 1956 Printers Ink Advertisers’ Guide to Marketing from figures given by [American Newspaper Publishers Assoc.’s Bureau of Advertising].)

Further, Mr. Provost noted that total national network spot and local television advertising expenditures were up more than $200 million last year for an increase of 32.9%, whereas newspaper expenditures were up $12 million for an increase of 1.9%. (Source is McCann-Erickson research department.)

On the subject of dollar volume, Mr. Provost said also that leading advertisers and top advertising agencies invested $803,600,000 in television in 1954—"a figure which will unquestionably pass the billion mark in 1955, and television has reached this eminence in less than a decade."

As to the rating service question, Mr. Provost said the Audit Bureau still fails to take into account readership, page traffic or the precise number of people who see an advertisement.

He said the Christial group of radio stations, of which WBAL is a member, now is showing intensity of interest, loyalty of listening and standing of the station in its community, according to recent Politz studies.

The Hearst Corp. has a very large investment in radio and television and has the utmost faith in both, not only as great advertising media but as very powerful means of rendering public service, dissemination of news and of alerting and keeping the public informed in the case of a national emergency to a greater extent than can any other medium,” Mr. Provost concluded.

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PROVOST RAPS FELLOW HEARSTLING

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**LATEST RATINGS**

**NIELSEN**

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**BROADCASTING • TELECASTING**

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**If you're not in BWT's 22nd consecutive radio Broadcasting Yearbook (the one with the red cover not to be confused with the blue cover, which is another story) you just ain't resurgent. See page 64 for money-back guarantee.**
New Cigarette’s Spot Budget To Exceed $1 Million Mark

MORE than $1 million will be spent in a radio-tv spot campaign as part of the introduction next spring of a new cigarette, it was disclosed last week.

The cigarette, as yet without a brand name, is scheduled to make its appearance in the U.S., first in this country for Rembrandt Tobacco Corp. of Great Britain, which will advertise the cigarette through its agency, David J. Mahoney Inc., New York.

Rembrandt purchased Regent Cigarettes several months ago from the Riggio Tobacco Co. The Mahoney agency, which also handled Regents, has not specified market areas to be covered by the spot campaign.

Peet Packing Buys Malone


NEW FT. WAYNE DATA SHOWS TV AS TOP FOOD-DRUG MOVER

Retail level phase of NBC study of tv impact on typical community before-and-after coming of local tv outlet indicates medium gets products talked about and more widely stocked than do other mass advertising media.

TELEVISION is the sales workhorse for the grocery and drug retailer. This sums up a second phase—on the retail level—of NBC’s before-and-study of tv’s impact, the results of which were announced at a news conference Thursday in New York.

The “Dealers Sound Off on Advertising” report is the second part of an original survey conducted for NBC by W. R. Simmons & Associates Research Inc. based on interviews held a year ago last October in Fort Wayne, Ind., at a total cost estimated at more than $250,000 [BT, May 30]. The October 1954 interviews were held in some 7,500 homes more than a month before Fort Wayne had a local station and held again six months later after WKJG-TV, channel 33, had gone on the air. That study—the consumer phase—set a broad claim for the visual medium that “at every step along the sales path television smooths the road for the tv brand.”

In relating the retail-level survey’s results, Dr. Thomas E. Coffin, NBC manager of research, summarized findings with these main points:

- Dealers are more aware of tv than any other advertising medium and they hear more customers talk about video advertising than any other.
- Tv ads get more dealers to stock new brands than do newspapers, radio, magazines or other media.
- The tv brands encourage more dealers to promote them in stores via more and better or special displays and shelf space.
- Dealers are more impressed with the specific selling performance of tv in their stores than with any other kind of advertising and as a result more of the dealers urge manufacturers to support lines they stock with tv.

According to NBC the retail-level phase was but one of the results to be made known once they are fully analyzed. The second report deals specifically with reactions of grocers and druggists to the national advertising media.

In the study it was found that seven out of 10 dealers notice—from their own viewing—the tv advertising for the products they carry. Some 76% of the grocers and 77% of the druggists were in this category. These figures were higher than the awareness scored by all the other media—newspapers, magazines and radio—combined.

Two out of every three dealers queried re-
ported that TV, more than other forms of advertising, started people talking about the brands. About five times as many retailers said TV causes more comment than newspapers, magazines and radio combined. One facet of the study showed that two out of five dealers began stocking new brands because of TV advertising alone and some 60% of the dealers attributed these actions to national advertising "and the medium that influenced them most was TV."

The retail-level report found one out of four retailers allotting TV brands more or better shelf space. Two out of three who gave the preferred space said they did so because the brands were advertised on TV.

In surveying the grocers and the druggists NBC discovered that in Fort Wayne, TV rated

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### WHAT NBC FOUND IN FT. WAYNE

Have you recently noticed any national advertising for products you carry in your store? Where?

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Note: On this and the following questions some retailers mentioned more than one medium.

Which form of national advertising seems to cause more comment among your customers?

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Have you recently begun to stock a brand or product as a result of its national advertising? What form of advertising was it?

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Have you recently given a brand more or better shelf space as a result of national advertising? What type of advertising was it?

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Can you name any brands which have sold particularly well due to effective national advertising? What advertising was most responsible?

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Which form of national advertising would you advise a company to use in a national advertising campaign?

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CLEVELAND OR PITTSBURGH STATIONS DO NOT COVER THE YOUNGSTOWN MARKET! WKBN-TV SHARES OF AUDIENCE FAR SURPASS LOCAL AND OUTSIDE OPPOSITION. WHAT'S MORE, CHANNEL 27 HAS THE 16 TOP RATED PROGRAMS* IN YOUNGSTOWN AND 366 OF 442 QUARTER HOUR FIRSTS.*

*Sources: Telepulse, September 18-24, 1955.
Big 4 Shows! Big 4 Markets!

Big 10 Does It!

Embraces All Of Southern New England . . . PLUS Brockton, Taunton, New London and The Cape as well.
Details on BIG 10's BIG 4 from any WEED TELEVISION office.

WJAR-TV PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND
Represented by WEED TELEVISION
the highest as a pre-selling force. This was charted in the study as:

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<th>Grocery %</th>
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When asked which form of national advertising the dealer would recommend to the manufacturer of the brands handled, three out of four said they would recommend TV, 2½ times the number advising newspapers and also greater than the sum total of newspaper, magazine and radio advertising recommendations. As many families.

Dr. Coffin noted that 7,500 household and 15,000 total consumer interviews had been conducted in the Fort Wayne study along with two separate "waves" of interviews held at the retail level. The latter survey covered 220 food stores and 69 drugstores in the market which, he said, develops about $61 million worth of food and drug sales annually.

In his report, Dr. Coffin said: "Remember that the findings of this study apply to every city that has a television station, to every town and village that can receive programs from an outside station.

"Remember, too, that the findings are strengthened as new cities get tv stations, as more and more families acquire tv sets. There are now over 36 million tv sets in use; over 100 million people can be reached and sold by television commercials. As many families have tv as own autos or have telephones. And these tv families almost go out of their way to be sold to tv: they do 5½ hours of television viewing every day."

MANCHEE CITES ARF RADIO-TV WORK

Foundation's board chairman summarizes projects and accomplishments. First annual conference draws 325.

SOME 325 advertiser, agency, and media executives attended Advertising Research Foundation's first annual conference yesterday Thursday in New York and were given a review of ARF activities and previews of a proposed "Consumer Buying Decisions" study and highlights of ARF's $100,000 printed advertising rating methods study.

A summary of ARF accomplishments and projects—including the continuing work on standards for radio-tv program audience measurements, the radio-tv set project begun about a year ago on the more recent "TV Sets in U.S. Households" survey in conjunction with the Census Bureau, and the forthcoming January survey of tv set ownership—was presented by ARF Chairman Fred B. Manchee, executive vice president and treasurer of BBDO.

Mr. Manchee also reported that ARF now has 61 advertiser subscribers, 69 representatives of media, and 65 surveyors in the two founder subscribers, American Assn. of Advertising Agencies and Assn. of National Advertisers. Additionally, he said, "we have in contemplation a plan for making it possible for the various media associations to join our ranks."

As part of the preview of the proposed study on consumer buying decisions, Richard F. Casey, study director of National Analysts Inc., which developed the survey design, presented some of the findings of a pilot study to illustrate the kind of information that might be obtained from a national study. Some of the findings dealt with decisions preceding the purchase of a tv set, as Mr. Manchee had pointed out briefly to the ANA annual meeting the week before [BFT, Nov. 7].

Emphasizing that these were findings from a test run only, Mr. Casey said, for example, most respondents in the pilot study considered tv a necessity and "slightly on the inexpensive side," that the wife generally generates the idea of buying a tv set while the husband needs more convincing; that in selecting a set the husband will stress performance and screen size while the wife looks for cabinet, design; that the husband will override his wife's desires for special cabinets if they exceed his budget requirements, and that he is more apt to shop around for discounts or what he considers "a good buy."

Others participating in the preview of the proposed buying decisions study were Dr. Wallace H. Wulfeck, chairman of the ARF Committee on Motivation Research and chairman of the executive committee of William Esty Co.; A. W. Lehman, ARF managing director; Arnold King, president of National Analysts Inc., and Dr. Franklin K. Kilpatrick, head of research development for National Analysts.

In his last report, Robert F. Elder, marketing economist and executive vice president of Plax Corp., Hartford, Conn., stressed that "advertising research cannot make the full contribution it should to our economy—it cannot fully pay its way—until the men in management who spend the money understand what it's all about." The "challenge" for ARF, he said, is: "Let's confine ourselves only to getting better research done to make sure it's effectively used by the business community."

If this goal is achieved, he said, "it will be possible to envisage advertising budgets set with confidence instead of trepidation and crossed fingers."

Background and highlights of the printed advertising rating methods study were presented by Sherwood Dodge, vice president of Foote, Cone & Belding, chairman of the ARF committee for this study; Dr. D. B. Lucãs, ARF technical director and chairman of the Dept. of Marketing at New York U.'s School of Commerce, and Alfred Pollitz of Alfred Pollitz Research Inc.

Chairman Manchee in his talk paid tribute to Edgar Kobak, business consultant and owner of WTW Thomson, Ga., for his "excellent leadership" as ARF president from 1952 until his retirement from that post on Nov. 1; to William A. Hart, ARF's new president, formerly advertising director of E. I. du Pont de Nemours Inc.; to Dr. Luãs and to ARF Managing Director Lehman and Ed Herrick, Hiram Barksdale and others of the ARF staff, and to the numerous volunteer committees which include a total of 124 members representing advertisers, agencies, and media.

Wilson & Co. Buys Film Show


Wilson has bought the series for showing in Oklahoma City, Tulsa, Memphis, Pittsburgh, Dallas-Fort Worth, Amarillo, Tampa-St. Petersburg, Buffalo, Birmingham and Cedar Rapids. The series now is being carried in a total of 42 cities.

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looking for coverage?... look to wfmy-tv!

For on-the-ball coverage—for outstanding sales results in the Prosperous Piedmont section of North Carolina and Virginia—make sure you look to WFMY-TV. WFMY-TV can play your entire sales-game. No substitutes are needed.

With more TV selling experience than any other station in the Prosperous Piedmont, WFMY-TV completely dominates this 46 county area where there are more than 2 million potential customers for your product.

Full 100,000 watts power, plus the only basic CBS programming in the Prosperous Piedmont means increased sales and profits for you.

Call your H-R-P man today for the on-the-ball sales story of this $2.3 billion market and WFMY-TV.

wfmy-tv
Channel 2
GREENSBORO, N. C.
Represented by Harrington, Righter & Parsons, Inc.
New York—Chicago—San Francisco

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HERE ARE THE facts ABOUT FOR TELEVISION

WHAT IT IS. The General Electric Film Center is a complete equipment package for your station projection room. It operates on the Scanner principle and consists of a 16 mm Continuous Motion Scanner; a 2 x 2 Dual Slide Scanner; and a Scanner Pickup. The entire equipment package is newly designed, specifically for color or monochrome operation—or both.

THE G-E SCANNER SYSTEM. G.E.'s Film Center, using the Scanner principle, features better picture quality, a simpler operating method, and, lower cost for operation and maintenance. No other type system offered today can match these high G.E. requirements. The G-E Scanner system gives your station the benefits of photo-electric pickup tubes which are simple, mass-produced, inexpensive—with a record of dependable performance. Sweep circuits or sync signals are not needed. Color registration, smear, or shading problems do not exist.

WHAT IT DOES FOR YOUR STATION. Your station can replace old equipment with a modern, G-E-designed package which will pay its way on monochrome service now—be on stand-by for color when you want it. With the G-E Film Center you can install basic units, block-build additional equipment as your needs and expansion plans dictate. Quality film and slide operations are assured, control monitoring is reduced. The overall operation is simplified and less costly than others. You owe it to the station to see this G-E system.

G-E Scanner Pickup—serves the same function as the film camera now used with B & W projectors. Dichroic mirrors break the light from the projectors into primary colors—photo-electric pickup cells convert it to electric signals.

Film threading of the Eastman Continuous Motion 16 mm Projector is fast and easy. Light compensating mirrors, behind window, are out of the focal plane—eliminating dust problem—and rotate at 770 rpm.

2 x 2 Dual Slide Scanner—handles up to 16 paper, metal, or cloth-bound slides with fast positive action change. Outside knobs provide quick focus control. Slide change controls can be at the scanner or at the console.
THE G-E COLOR FILM CENTER
BROADCASTERS

The Completely New G-E Color Film Center.
A New System—A New Continuous Motion Projector.
For Monochrome Service NOW—Color When You Want It!

G.E.'s Scanner System coupled with the Eastman Continuous Motion Projector result in exceptionally high light transmission for the brightest, cleanest, sharpest color television pictures.

Many times the light output of other CM optical systems make it possible to obtain the best pictures from your "problem" films or slides—regardless of age or density.

Automatic film shrinkage compensation—virtually guarantees the same quality of projection time after time regardless of film shrinkage.

Double-duty—available for monochrome or color projection.

Block-Build. Start with 2x2 Dual Slide Scanner. Add one Continuous Motion Projector for limited film programming. Add a second projector, when needed, for monochrome or color film facilities.

Separate scanner tubes in each projector— assure reduced lost air-time in the event of tube failure.

Reduced maintenance and operating costs. Accessibility, simplicity of circuits, and minimum adjustments during operation cut manpower costs.

Masking amplifier actually can make the final picture better than original film.

FREE BOOKLET, SPECIFICATIONS!
For detailed information about the new G-E Color Film Center see your local General Electric Broadcast Equipment Manager, or, write to: General Electric Company, Broadcast Equipment, Section X2115-14, Electronics Park, Syracuse, New York. In Canada, write to: C.G.E. Electronics, 830 Lansdowne Avenue, Toronto.

Progress Is Our Most Important Product

GENERAL ELECTRIC
Hit-And-Run Ad Techniques Rapped By Agencyman Ogilvy

USERS of mail-order hit-and-run advertising techniques "are not investing money but spend- ing it," David Ogilvy, president of Ogilvy, Ben- son & Mather, New York, said Tuesday in an address to the Washington Ad Club. Mr. Ogilvy was presented the club's award for achievement.

"Every advertisement must be considered part of a long-term protection and development of a brand name," he said, citing examples of tv commercials and printed copy on behalf of Schweppes, Helena Rubenstein, Dove, Good Luck margarine, Thom McAn, Franco American products and Pepperidge Farms bread.

Norman C. Kal, president of Kal, Ehrlch & Merrick, Washington agency, was presented a club scroll on the agency's 33d anniversary.

**Spot New Business**

**Armstrong Nurseries of L. A.** started four-week sponsorship of Rose Circus with garden expert Maurice Webster Nov. 5 on 60 Dixie stations of CBS Radio Network. Agency: Paul Jordan Co., L. A.

**El Producto Cigars** sponsoring Winik Films' new Madison Square Garden 15-minute show in Philadelphia, Boston and Cleveland, following Friday night fights in first two cities and Wednesday night bouts in Cleveland. Norman Craig & Kummel, N. Y., is agency.

**GallenKamp's Shoe Stores** through Bernard B. Schnitzer Inc., S. F., is sponsoring Screen Gems' Jungle Jim in three California markets for 52 weeks. Show began Oct. 28 on special network of KGO-TV San Francisco, KCRA-TV Sacramento and KNTV (TV) San Jose. Agency has worked out merchandising tie-in with 42 GallenKamp's stores in areas covered for client's fourth year on tv.

**Network New Business**

Shwayder Bros. (Samsonite luggage), Denver, starting its 1955-56 sponsorship, with NBC Radio's The Samsonite Travel Bureau (Wed., 9:55-10 p.m. EST), featuring Horace Sutton, travel authority. Grey Adv. is agency.

**Network Renewals**

Three ABC Radio Sunday religious programs renewed for 52 weeks: Hour of Decision (3:30-4 p.m. EST) for Billy Graham Evangelistic Assn., through Walter F. Bennett & Co., Chi- cago; Light and Life Hour (8:30-9 a.m. EST) for Free Methodist Church of North America through Bennett Co., and Oral Roberts (2-2:30 p.m. EST) for Healing Waters Inc., through C. L. Miller Inc., N. Y.

**A&A People**

Gregory A. Langley and Philip Leserman 3rd, elected vice presidents, Albert Frank-Guenther Law. Mr. Langley has been account executive and Mr. Leserman director agency's special services department.

Frank J. Corbett, account executive, Jordan- Sieber & Assoc., Chicago, appointed vice presi- dent of agency.

Leon Michel, senior writer and director of publicity, Fletcher D. Richards Inc., to Cole, Fischer & Rogow Inc., N. Y. as vice president and creative director.

I. Orrin Spellman, advertising and promotion manager Holiday magazine, to Kenyon & Eckhardt, as vice president and manager of Philadelphia region.


J. Robert Corroy, vice president in charge of public relations and general manager, William...
86.1% SATURATION

According to latest figures available (county by county) in the recent Television Magazine Market Book, the total set count of WHIO-TV........511,310
Families in area......................593,200
Population................................1,970,000

The 1104 ft. tower, Maximum power, covered 37 counties; 26 Ohio, 11 Indiana

Retail sales for this area........2,161,341,000

See George P. Hollingbery!

CHANNEL 7 DAYTON, OHIO
ONE OF AMERICA'S GREAT AREA STATIONS

*1955 Consumer Markets
**June, 1955 Pulse Report
Hart Adler Inc., Detroit, to public relations staff of Grant Adv. Inc., that city.

Donald R. Borthwick, formerly editoral director of Henning and Checkle Inc., Detroit, sales promotional agency, to Grant Adv., as copywriter.

William A. Wylie, supervisor, Bulova Watch Co.'s cooperative tv programs, to McCann-Erickson, N. Y., as radio-tv account executive.

Gene K. Foss, manager, Fitch Div., Grove Labs Inc., St. Louis, appointed director of sales, succeeding Russell A. MacDonnell, resigned.


WE CONGRATULATE NBC-TV
ON SIGNING UP MISS AMERICA . . .
BUT WE HAVE

miss universe
South Carolina's own Miriam Stevenson

night time show — S. R. O.
limited number of participations available in daily afternoon show

E. C. Reynolds, formerly promotion director at WAIT Chicago, appointed director of sales promotion and merchandising at Kuttnor & Kuttnor Inc., same city. He will continue as radio-tv director of Small Home Guide Inc. magazines, Chicago.

Donald C. Graves, operations manager and program director, KLAS-TV Las Vegas, to tv-radio section of Zimmer, Keller & Calvert Inc., Detroit agency.

H. A. Shull, advertising manager, new products department, Vick Chemical Co., N. Y., appointed vice president in charge of new product development.

Rod Erickson, vice president and radio-tv business manager, Young & Rubicam, N. Y., father of boy, Joel Carl Jr., Oct. 25.

[Note: This schedule will be corrected to press time of each issue of B-T]
only a combination of stations can cover Georgia's major markets

**THE GEORGIA TRIO**

**WAGA**
Atlanta
5000W, 590KC
CBS Radio

**WMAZ**
Macon
10,000W, 940KC
CBS Radio

**WTOC**
Savannah
5000W, 1290KC
CBS Radio

The Trio offers advertisers at one low cost:
- concentrated coverage
- merchandising assistance
- listener loyalty built by local programming
- dealer loyalties
- in 3 major markets

represented individually and as a group by

**THE KATZ AGENCY, INC.**
NEW YORK • CHICAGO • DETROIT • ATLANTA • DALLAS
KANSAS CITY • LOS ANGELES • SAN FRANCISCO
This announcement of expanded service to the advertising industry was published in October

Standard Rate & Data Service announces its most significant editorial improvement in 37 years...

...making CONSUMER MARKETS' state maps and market statistics readily accessible, monthly, in SRDS itself.

Starting in May, 1956, each of the regular monthly issues of Standard Rate's Newspaper, Spot Radio, and Spot Television books will include all three of the vital tools of market and media selection—

1. The regular standard listings of newspaper, radio and television rates and data.
2. CONSUMER MARKETS' state maps for easy geographical analysis and quick identification of available media by types.
3. Up-to-date CONSUMER MARKETS' statistics—state, county, city and metropolitan area data on population, households, spendable income, retail sales by store types, farm data, and other vital market information that provide the gauge of a market's potential and the basis for measuring a medium's coverage of a market.

Over a ten-year span, Standard Rate & Data Service has made CONSUMER MARKETS an incomparable source of geographical and statistical data, compiled especially for the advertising industry. One of many marks of its universal acceptance and widespread use is the frequent and regular quotation of CONSUMER MARKETS' statistics by media in the presentation of their own market and market coverage stories.

However, the Executive Committee of Standard Rate & Data Service, aware of today's dynamic acceleration of change in America's markets, concluded after intensive study that the publication of market statistics only once a year was not enough. It recognized the need for current market information, reflecting market changes as they occur, and in a format that would make it more accessible to more people who, in any way, at any time, participate in the media-buying function.

So now, instead of publishing CONSUMER MARKETS' information in an annual volume, we are putting it where it belongs—in Standard Rate itself—every month.

This expansion of CONSUMER MARKETS' service matches the trend of increasing agency participation in clients' over-all marketing operations. It fulfills today's real and growing need for convenient access to good, reliable market information, at the time media plans and media decisions are being made.

Starting with the May, 1956, issues of Standard Rate's Newspaper, Radio, and Television books, everyone in the advertising industry will find CONSUMER MARKETS' maps and data, and the standard media listings, right where they belong—all together, in SRDS, Advertising's work book of market and media information.

SRDS Standard Rate & Data Service, Inc.

The National Authority Serving the Media-Buying Function

Walter E. Bonhof, Publisher, 1740 Ridge Avenue, Evanston, Ill.

Sales Offices: New York, N.Y. • Evanston, Ill. • Los Angeles, Cal.
Here's what it will mean to Radio and Television stations when CONSUMER MARKETS' maps and statistics are added to SRDS

The ready accessibility of market maps, market data, and media data, all together, every month in SRDS, brings radio and television stations these important sales advantages:

More eye-traffic for your Service-Ads.

Twice the opportunity to catch the right people at the best time with the right story, by placing your market and market coverage story in a Service-Ad near the CONSUMER MARKETS' data, and your station story in a Service-Ad near your listing.

Greater coverage of more agency and advertiser people of importance to you.

Improved flexibility that permits you to dramatize significant changes in your market story as they are reflected in SRDS.

Yes, this expanded service to the advertising industry makes SRDS a natural fit for your market story and your station story; gives you new opportunities to sell both.

The May, 1956, issues of the Spot Radio and Spot Television books will be the first to carry the CONSUMER MARKETS' maps and statistics. No matter how many subsequent monthly issues you plan to use, don't miss May! You can imagine the intense agency-advertiser interest in these first issues; the multiple use they will get. We suggest that you act just as soon as you can to reserve the advertising positions you want near your market data and near your station's listing.

SRDS Standard Rate & Data Service, Inc.

The National Authority Serving the Media-Buying Function
Walter E. Botthof, Publisher, 1740 Ridge Avenue, Evanston, Ill.
Sales Offices: New York, N. Y. • Evanston, Ill. • Los Angeles, Cal.
CROSBY GOAL FOR COLOR TAPE COMMERCIAL USE: 12-18 MOS.

First public demonstration by West Coast firm ranges from fair to good. Company spokesmen predict it will trim cost of television station film operation to 10% of current figure, paving way for push-button operation.

PRACTICAL television tape recording in color will be a commercial reality within the next year or 18 months, B&H was told last Wednesday in Hollywood at the first public showing of new improvements in the tv tape system being developed by the electronics division of Bing Crosby Enterprises Inc. The color tape test ranged from fair to good, but did not match the present live product seen on the color set screen.

Although said to be of commercial quality now for use in black-and-white tv, the Crosby system is being withheld from exploitation until comparable quality is achieved in color. This will make its use fully practical in ordinary station operation, Crosby officials indicate, bringing to station, network and program packaging operations the same degree of flexibility and economy now realized in radio using audio tape. A veritable revolution in production and operating techniques is hinted, although Crosby representatives prefer to comment on the conservative side and say the tape system will merely supplement the existing tv film operations for some years to come.

With its instantaneous recording and playback features, plus the ability to be easily and quickly edited as well as duplicated, the tv tape signals the day of the push-button television station in which operating costs can be trimmed to possibly 10% of current costs using film, Crosby spokesmen agree. The speed and easy editing factors also will be significant in television news programming, they say, and will bring high mobility and lower production costs to program packaging.

The color tape test was presented by Francis C. Healey, executive director of the Bing Crosby Enterprises Electronics Div., in association with J. T. Mullin, director of engineering; Wayne R. Johnson, director of research, and Leslie Nelson, assistant to Mr. Johnson. Running about a quarter-hour, the test tape was made up of two segments, the first part taken from "The Great Waltz," Max Liebman's Nov. 5 spectacular on NBC-TV, and the second from Judy Garland's Sept. 24 television debut on CBS-TV's Ford Star Jubilee.

The Max Liebman portion appeared somewhat diluted but operating technicians demonstrated that color saturation can be altered with a simple twist of a dial, illustrating another strong point claimed for tape, namely, easy correction of recording errors during actual programming or re-recording.

The Judy Garland portion more nearly approximated the original color of the live broadcast, both in definition and color balance. However, the latter portion of this sequence, showing the Goofers, a musical group, appeared washed out at spots. There was a slight "running water" effect also evident from time to time, but the Crosby engineers said this had been noticed on the monitor at the time of actual pickup and reportedly was attributed by visiting CBS-TV technicians as "micromotion," or slight distortion caused by a filtering tube in the color camera at the studio during the telecast.

To those who only a few short years ago witnessed the highly complex color television allocation proceeding before FCC, the feat of producing a fairly satisfactory color tv program out of a reel of ordinary audio tape, which can be played over and over, a large turntable style console and a couple of equipment racks seems quite unbelievable. As during the early allocation proceeding demonstrations for the FCC, despite the not-quite-perfect pictures, the significance of the accomplishment grows by degrees.

The impact strikes when the Crosby engineers explain they obtained the Max Liebman segment in a direct off the air pickup using
IT'S ROUND-UP TIME

with the BAR H* BRAND

The Company that brought you the Sensational "WILD BILL ELLIOTT" Series

NOW presents

79 HOUR-LONG

WESTERNS

Never Before Seen on Television! ... starring these Top Western Stars

BUCK JONES  TIM MccOY  KEN MAYNARD  RUSSELL HAYDEN  JACK LUDEN  BOB ALLEN

HYCO Television Films, inc.

NEW YORK 1501 Broadway LOngeac 4-8224
DETROIT 709 Fox Building WOodward 1-3979
HOLLYWOOD 9100 Sunset Blvd. CRestview 4-6955

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a standard RCA home color receiver (the program was carried across the U. S. from New York on the regular NBC-TV network and telecast at Los Angeles by the network's KRCA [TV]). The three primary color signal paths were taken from the color set by simple "alligator" clips attached to the feeds of the tri-gun color picture tube.

The Judy Garland portion of the tape was obtained by a direct truck for remote pickup recording to CBS Television City, instead of regular broadcast pickup.

Crosby spokesman says they hope to eliminate one of the two equipment racks (one to record, the other play-back) by including its component units within the recording console, which looks like a tape recorder about the size of a stenographer's desk. The tape reel measures about 20 in. in diameter. The tape is regular Minnesota Mining Co. audio tape No. 1-11-A, except it is one-half inch wide, instead of the usual quarter-inch. The reel looks like it might be an over-size reel of 16 mm film.

The console top is clear except for the two reels housing the recording and play-back heads and a small push button control panel. The recording heads puts five tracks on the tape; one track each for the three primary tv colors (red, blue, and green), one track for sound and the fifth for synchronization pulses. The current speed of the tape is 180 in. a second. This is described as relatively "slow" and easy to handle. The quarter-hour show uses about 14,000 ft. of tape. Using the new DuPont polyester base tape, Mylan, it is possible to put 20 minutes program time on the present reel, it was indicated.

The tape now contains about 2.5 mc of information, coaxial cable quality, but this is expected to be raised to 3 mc definition in the next year, the engineers explain. The full color tv signal spreads to 4 mc but the home receiver delivers only about 3 mc of this.

One-Minute Splice

The tape mechanism requires about five to eight seconds to achieve normal running speed, but refinements are expected to shorten this time. At the outset of one demonstration, as the tape was almost up to speed, it whipped from the take-up reel and snapped in two. The operator stopped the machine almost instantly, made a splice with scissors and ordinary cellophane tape within a minute, and continued showing promptly. It was described as the first break in 28 consecutive demonstration runs. Splices are evident on the viewing screen as an occasional instantaneous blip.

Initial uses for the tape units when made available commercially would be in delayed color broadcasting, especially for network affiliates far from origination centers and varying time zones.

They would be used in pairs, just like conventional record turntables, to allow the operator to segue from one to the other, providing a continuous flow of uninterrupted program. Eventually, the full telecast day could be pre-recorded, all color or mixed color and black-and-white (the tape doesn't know the difference), and played back in push-button style like some current radio operations.

Mr. Healey said the larger tv stations would use at least six to eight of the units, much like sound tape units in radio. Initial price estimates range from $60,000 to $75,000 for each recorder, with the possibility they might run as low as $100,000 a pair at first. These estimates do not include a color monitor. Crosby also showed a compact remote control board which is to be used with the video tape recorder. The remote control panel would permit an operator in another room or elsewhere in the building to start the recorder, stop it, monitor it, play it back, etc.

Asked if the system has been field tested by feeding the signal from the tape to a regular tv transmitter, Mr. Johnson said it has not as yet, but the tape includes all the necessary signal elements to do this. Built to rugged military specifications, the VTR could be placed on a mobile truck for remote pickup recording with a field camera chain, Crosby officials say, and could produce instantaneously usable newsreel or other program material. Since the tape can be used over and over again, the economy over film is quickly apparent, they note, aside from the elimination of time consuming processing for film.

For the Hollywood tv program packager, it is pointed out, the VTR would mean substantial savings in production time and film processing costs. "Shooting" with tape, the director could immediately monitor his finished product and, if not satisfied erase it and do it over at that moment. Or, he could employ two or three cameras and splice the shots into a master later or electronically edit the shots as he went along. If he changed his mind later, he could splice in another segment.

Thus, a color tv tape recorder believed in existence is the developmental unit of RCA in New York, Crosby officials state. It records at 240 in. per second, according to reports.

Color Tape Years Away

Observers at the Crosby demonstration, however, pointed out that RCA apparently feels magnetic tape for color tv is still some years away or it would not be spending millions of dollars to install new color film facilities at NBC-TV origination points in New York and Color City, Burbank, Calif. Others point out that in view of the huge backlog of film (both black-and-white and color), as well as the major investment in film equipment, tape will not force any premature demise of film, if at all. RCA's new color kinescope system also is noted [B&T, Oct. 31].

From other quarters, industry representatives pin high expectations on the DuMont Electronicam system as a means to cut program production and filming costs. On the West Coast, Walt Disney Studios enlisted the aid of RCA to create the "monster," a tri-film camera rig which uses magnetic tape for editing code in an effort to trim time and costs in production of the weekday Mickey Mouse Club on ABC-TV. At McCadden Productions (Burns & Allen) in Hollywood, another three-camera unit is being employed to approach live show economies through live show continuous filming technique.

Some, though, point to these devices as stopgap until the day when the tape system is available.

Raw film stock costs are low. It is the processing and editing costs which boost production budgets for tv shows, aside from the labor costs for which it looks large whether live or film. Hollywood movie directors shot three-to-one; that is, they make three feet of picture for every one foot they expect to edit into final print. Using live program concepts and the new gear, the tv packages are staging this ration considerably. Tape would permit recorded program package production at virtually live show costs, according to the experts.

Bing Crosby Enterprises and Ampex pioneered tape recording in the select field following World War II. Crosby officials claim tape in radio got its boost when Bing Crosby put his ABC network program on tape in 1947. Crosby enterprises begin searching the tv tape
TOP-RATING PICTURE QUALITY CALLS FOR G-E Broadcast-Designed CAMERA TUBES!

They help you...in 3 ways...to put finer TV on the air all the time!

1. CLEAR, SHARP IMAGE RESOLUTION. Electron-gun spacings of G-E image orthicons are the most closely controlled in the industry! They give the needle-sharp, cleanly defined beam essential for picture crispness and clarity.

2. UNIFORM, ACCURATE IMAGE REPRODUCTION. Reasons: G-E camera-tube face plates are meticulously pre-cleaned...photo-cathode evaporators are precision-placed so as to deposit the light-sensitive film evenly and uniformly on the face plate...G-E final inspection methods hold to extremely narrow limits any variations in sensitivity over the scanned area.

3. FULL-MEASURE TUBE LIFE, WITH EFFICIENT PERFORMANCE THROUGHOUT. G.E. is engaged in constant research to (1) further prolong image-orthicon life, (2) extend high-level performance to encompass the whole active life of the tube. With special attention to the image-orthicon target—characteristics of which largely determine tube life—the scope of G-E research and engineering development includes both improved target design and better manufacturing techniques.

In addition to these important quality plusses, G-E Broadcast-Designed GL-5820's come to you safety-packaged—in square, transparent containers that won't roll off shelves, that show you the tube properly placed inside, that carefully cushion the tube both top and bottom against shocks in handling. A plastic bag covers the face of the tube—prevents scratching. And G-E camera tubes are factory-sealed at the base...if the seal's unbroken, you know you're getting a new tube!

Phone your G-E tube distributor...today! Tube Department, General Electric Co., Schenectady 5, N.Y.
potential as early as 1948, with laboratory work commencing in 1951. At first, a one-inch tape running 100 in. a second was tested with a multiplex signal. Later demonstrations showed monochrome pictures of 1.2 mic definition by means of tape which contained 12 separate tracks running at 120 in. per second.

CBS' Dozier to RKO
As Production Head

WILLIAM DOZIER, director of television network programs for CBS Hollywood, has been named vice president in charge of production for RKO Radio Pictures on the West Coast, it was announced last week by RKO President Daniel T. O'Shea. Mr. Dozier is expected to report to RKO about Dec. 1.

Negotiations reportedly have been under way for many weeks between Mr. Dozier and Charles L. Grett, RKO executive vice president who earlier this year resigned as CBS vice president in charge of network programs, Hollywood. RKO is slated to resume feature movie production in December after a long hiatus. The studio was bought this summer from Howard Hughes for $25 million by General-Teleradio Inc., major radio-television operation headed by Thomas F. O'Neil.

Mr. Dozier joined CBS in 1951. Previously he was executive assistant to the late Charles Koerner, vice president of RKO production during the studio's major film years. He also had been executive assistant to Samuel Goldwyn and associate production chief at Universal-International before joining CBS.

McCadden Names Gresham
In Sales Expansion Move

MAURIE GRESHAM was appointed general sales manager of McCadden Productions, Hollywood, last week by George Burns, president. Mr. Burns said the appointment was made in line with McCadden's expanding film and production activity.

Mr. Gresham formerly was vice president-general manager of Advertisers Television Program Service Inc., Beverly Hills film distributor.

Those promoted in the expansion program were Herb Browar, production supervisor, to coordinator of commercials and industrial films; Norman Henry, chief auditor, to assistant to Mr. Gresham, and Bill Porter, assistant to Mr. Browar, to assistant production supervisor. Mr. McCadden produces George Burns and Gracie Allen, Bob Cummings Show, People's Choice starring Jackie Cooper, and also produces commercial and industrial films. Among the advertisers using McCadden's film service are the Carnation Co., B. F. Goodrich, Chevrolet, Winston cigarettes, General Mills, Borden, U. S. Steel and Motorola.

Tv Production Company
Organized by Hardy Burt

FORMATION of a new television production company, H.O.M.&R. Inc., New York, was announced last week by Hardy Burt, president of Hardy Burt Productions. The initial offering of H.O.M.&R. is a half-hour live tv program entitled Presidential Sweepstakes. Associated with Mr. Burt in the enterprise are Harry Wiser, sports commentator, and Jules Jacobs, New York attorney. Mr. Burt will continue to operate Hardy Burt Productions, which currently produces State of the Nation and Success Story, U.S.A. on radio and Facts Forum Panel on radio and tv.

Mr. Burt said that Presidential Sweepstakes, to be offered as a weekly, daytime network tv program, may be placed on a network sometime before the end of this year. The program is designed to capitalize on national interest in the 1956 Presidential election, and will feature commentary and appraisal of the shifting political tides by political analysts. Weekly contests in which viewers submit "sweepstakes" entries naming candidates who poll the top weekly percentage also will be included. H.O.M.&R., Mr. Burt said, is in the process of conceiving other tv packages.

Screen Gems Adds Nine
In Sales Expansion Move

ADDITION of seven salesmen to the sales staff of Screen Gems Inc. in the U. S. and two salesmen to the Canadian branch was announced last week by John H. Mitchell, vice president in charge of sales. There are now 26 sales representatives of the company, of whom 16 operate in the U. S., according to Mr. Mitchell.

New salesmen in the U. S. are Ev Jarret, who has been named general division manager in Cleveland; William Gebhardt, formerly radio
and TV executive of Fuller & Smith & Ross, who has joined the Cleveland office as a representative; Donald Bryan, Henry Proventus and John Lerner, assigned to the southeast division covering Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina; William Miller, formerly with CBS in various sales posts, appointed divisional representative with headquarters in St. Louis, and Peter Carey, who has joined the San Francisco office. In Canada, John "Bud" Debow has joined Screen Gems Ltd. to cover the Quebec markets and Hugh L. Bearg has been named to the Toronto office.

Kwartin Heads AAP's New Sales Division

IN VIEW of anticipated use by advertisers and agencies of feature films on a larger scale in 1956, Associated Artists Productions Inc., New York, last week announced the formation of a national sales division designed to stimulate sales of feature films to national advertisers for use on station lineups.

Paul Kwartin, who has been with AAP as agency representative since its inception, has been designated head of the new division. Under Mr. Kwartin's direction, the staff will contact agencies and advertisers on the value of utilizing feature film programming, citing such information as ratings on AAP shows and cost-per-thousand data, and will provide merchandising and budgeting assistance. Once AAP has arranged for sponsorship in a set number of markets, it sells its feature films to local stations, which in turn sign the advertiser.

Mr. Kwartin said the outstanding factor contributing to the trend toward films is the low cost-per-thousand of a feature film versus a network program. Material compiled by AAP's headquarters staff and field representatives indicates that the average cost-per-thousand of an AAP feature film amounts to $1.50, contrasted with about $4.50 for a network show. Mr. Kwartin cited American Research Bureau figures as a basis for the comparison.

AAP has some 66 feature films, many of which have been presented on 85 stations throughout the country, he said.

Investment Firm Plans To Finance TV Producers

REPORTS that Walter E. Heller & Co. is providing additional financial backing for certain independent TV production firms were confirmed by a spokesman for the Chicago investment house Thursday.

The company has been active in negotiations with producers and has some "deals on the fire," he said, but declined to reveal any details. He said Walter E. Heller & Co. "will and under proper circumstances always be ready to finance" companies. The investment firm has been particularly active in the financing of film contracts with stations and advertisers to distributors on existing pictures for TV, he noted.

Heller helped finance Television Programs of America and other organizations.

Greatest Sports FIRST on TV

COLLEGE BASKETBALL

the latest WPFH Exclusive

featuring

LA SALLE, PENN, TEMPLE,
VILLANOVA AND ST. JOSEPH'S

against

NATIONAL CHAMPIONS
CONFERENCE CHAMPIONS
TOURNAMENT WINNERS

30 Games * Dec. 3rd thru March 10th

9:30 P.M.

This great attraction is available Wednesday, Friday and Saturday Nights for sponsorship on full game, half, quarter or one-sixth basis.

See your Meeker TV Inc.
Representative.

The greatest audience attraction in the Greater Delaware Valley. It's the first time all 5 Philadelphia teams play under the same roof.

First time all 5 meet in round-robin City Series.

WPFH CHANNEL 12

the Sports First station—serving the Greater Delaware Valley with 316,000 Watts

Broadcasting • Telecasting

November 14, 1955 • Page 75
GENERAL TELERADIO MAY REALIZE $39 MILLION FROM RKO FEATURE FILMS

Figure does not include potential profits garnered from sales of other properties acquired in $25 million purchase earlier this year. Number of television stations in key cities have been offered profit-sharing plan by GT to further film sales.

GENERAL TELERADIO envisions a potential gross return of more than $39 million from wholesaling 700-odd feature films in the RKO library it acquired last July through purchase of RKO Radio Pictures for $25 million [B+T, July 25], judging by sales approaches made to TV stations.

The $39 million does not include income from over 900 shorts, nor feature revenues from sales to national advertisers or theatrical reissue (see exhibits).

TV stations in a number of key cities have been offered a partnership arrangement by General Teleradio in the domestic TV and theatrical values of the RKO inventory. They would contract to use the RKO films and then share in profits from both market areas. It is understood, and have complete TV control of the library in their market areas.

A tentative basic plan for TV release of RKO features has been proposed in the partnership offer. Starting Jan. 1, RKO features would be released at the rate of about 104 pictures a year for five years. This rate might be speeded up should mechanical and distribution factors permit.

While there are about 750 RKO features, 60 are "formula westerns" and many others are classified as doubtful in value. About 115 of the features have been released since mid-1948. Most of these probably will be subject to added payments involved in union arrangements to share in reissue proceeds.

RKO was bought primarily for programming of General Teleradio stations in six markets, TV stations were told, since GT is interested first of all in operating broadcast properties. With that in mind, it is now working out ways of cashing in on the value of the library in other TV markets and also plans to use RKO facilities for new TV programming. Offers to buy RKO films have been received from film marketing groups.

While GT is basing its project on the partnership plan stemming from its own handling of RKO films, it proposes to set up a special unit to handle re-release of films to theatres. Here GT envisions possibly $2.5 to $3 million income.

EXHIBIT I

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Markets Grouped in Descending Order of Size</th>
<th>Aggregate Whole Sale Value per Film in Each Market Group</th>
<th>Total Gross Potential by Groups</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total 50 Films</td>
<td>$29,036,000</td>
<td>$29,088,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>255-50</td>
<td>$2,960</td>
<td>$3,012,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>55-75</td>
<td>$1,680</td>
<td>$1,732,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>75-95</td>
<td>$1,040</td>
<td>$1,092,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>95-115</td>
<td>$650</td>
<td>$694,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>115-125</td>
<td>$650</td>
<td>$694,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125-150</td>
<td>$500</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150-175</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>175-195</td>
<td>$1,200</td>
<td>$1,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Others</td>
<td>$200</td>
<td>$200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$29,036,000</td>
<td>$29,088,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXHIBIT II

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group Percent of Total</th>
<th>51.11%</th>
<th>14.98</th>
<th>10.62</th>
<th>7.45</th>
<th>4.72</th>
<th>4.48</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 Films</td>
<td>$18,400,800</td>
<td>$18,788,000</td>
<td>$18,400,800</td>
<td>$18,788,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>75 Films</td>
<td>$5,083,600</td>
<td>$5,151,000</td>
<td>$5,083,600</td>
<td>$5,151,000</td>
<td>$5,083,600</td>
<td>$5,151,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>100 Films</td>
<td>$2,160,000</td>
<td>$2,212,000</td>
<td>$2,160,000</td>
<td>$2,212,000</td>
<td>$2,160,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>125 Films</td>
<td>$1,300,000</td>
<td>$1,350,000</td>
<td>$1,300,000</td>
<td>$1,350,000</td>
<td>$1,300,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>150 Films</td>
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<td>$1,200,000</td>
<td>$1,250,000</td>
<td>$1,200,000</td>
<td>$1,250,000</td>
<td>$1,200,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Breaking down its estimates of potential return, GT figures it will net a minimum of $15 million from its film inventory in domestic TV sales. This includes value of the product in the six GT markets as well as theatrical reissues of films not currently assigned for re-release or actually re-released.

GT's own commitment for use of the product in its own market is placed at $5 million. This leaves $10 million from other markets. A formula has been drawn up (see exhibits) to average wholesale prices for each film in different markets. Profit percentages for stations joining in the GT partnership plan are based on this formula.

A TV station joining the partnership plan would have unlimited use of the feature films in its market with TV resale rights therein plus a share in net profits from theatrical reissue plus net profits from TV distribution of all RKO features and shorts in U.S. markets not included in the profit-sharing arrangement. RKO shorts would be available to profit-sharers at cost.

The $39 million potential from sale of features is based on complete station distribution, which GT conceives is not logical. However, it explains the figure is based on whole-

CHRISTMAS PACKAGE RESERVATION TO: ASSOCIATED PROGRAM SERVICE 221 FOURTH AVE., NEW YORK, N. Y.

We request the Encyclopaedia Britannica package for our station. I understand the offer is subject to prior sale.

Name _________________________________
Title _________________________________
Station _______________________________
Address _______________________________
City _________________________________

Page 76 • November 14, 1955
How competitive pricing in transportation would help you

In most American businesses, the benefits of greater efficiency can be passed on promptly to the public. In the transportation business, however, this is not always the case.

Consider what has happened on the railroads:
In the last 30 years the speed of the average freight train has gone up more than 50 per cent; the load has nearly doubled and the hourly output of transportation has increased nearly three times.

To make possible these and other gains in efficiency, the railroads have spent, since the end of World War II, nearly $11,000,000,000—every dollar of which was financed by the railroads themselves.

But—as is shown in the report of a special Cabinet Committee appointed by the President—government regulation frequently denies to the public the benefit of the lower costs of the most economical form of transportation, so as to protect the traffic and revenues of carriers with higher costs. The result, as the Cabinet Committee says, is that shippers and, ultimately, the consuming public must pay more for freight transportation than would otherwise be necessary.

What can be done to correct this unhealthy situation?
The special Cabinet Committee recommended that railroads and other forms of regulated transportation be given greater freedom to base their prices on their own natural advantages. At the same time, government regulation would continue to prevent charges which are unreasonably high or unreasonably low, or are unduly discriminatory.

This would make it possible to pass on the benefits of the most efficient operations to shippers, producers and retailers, and to the consuming public which in the end pays all transportation costs.

Bills based on Cabinet Committee recommendations have been introduced in Congress. For full information about this vital subject, write for the booklet, "Why Not Let Competition Work?"

Association of American Railroads
803 Transportation Building • Washington 6, D. C.
SALE OF STOCK IN NEW HOOKER FIRMS HALTED BY N. Y. STATE ATTY.-GENERAL

Prospectus on tv production and distribution companies used 'unauthorized names' and 'fraudulent statements', according to charges. Hooker answers that references in sales literature are misinterpreted; also contends stations had indicated intent to support.

New York Supreme Court Justice Morris Eder held the show cause order over to Nov. 23.

An affidavit filed by Special Deputy Attor- ney General David Clurman charged that in his prospectus to prospective stockholders, Mr. Hooker made unauthorized use of the names of Gen. Douglas MacArthur; James E. Day, president of the Midwest Stock Exchange; Sterling Hayden, actor; and Vivien Kellems, Connecticut industrialist.

The affidavit also stated that Mr. Hooker claimed falsely that WGN-TV Chicago, owned by the Chicago Tribune, and WORT-TV New York, WNAC-TV Boston, and KHJ-TV Los Angeles, all owned by General Teleradio Inc., had at one time agreed to join his proposed net- work.

Mr. Clurman charged that as recently as last February, Mr. Hooker claimed to have raised $300,000 in New York City as preliminary capital, whereas an investigation by the attorney general's securities bureau found he had raised only $40,000.

Mr. Clurman said that among the persons Mr. Hooker used as stock "salesmen" were Merwin K. Hart, head of the National Economic Council Inc.; Bryant W. Bowles, head of the Nat'l Assn. for the Advancement of White People; David A. Christiansen of Miami Beach, Fla., and John A. Harke of Hotel Shelton, New York.

Among the actual purchasers of stock, Mr. Clurman said, was Gen. Robert E. Wood retired chairman of Sears, Roebuck & Co., who invested $3,000 in the company's name, but agreed to purchase the stock back from the company when the investigation began.

Also introduced as evidence by Mr. Clurman was a newsletter allegedly sent to prospective stock purchasers by Mr. Hooker. The news- letter said that the tv and motion picture in- dustries are controlled by "eastern European jews" and there is "no program outlet" for those who are "our kind" of people. It asked those interested, to join in building a truly American film network. In a telephone in- terview with B&T, Mr. Hooker said the affidavit was in many instances "erroneous, full of dis- tortions and omissions." He claimed he had not indulged in "any fraudulent practices" as was indicated in the affidavit.

As part of a point-by-point rebuttal provided to B&T, Mr. Hooker said he had never claimed that he had raised $300,000 as working capital. He said he had always placed the amount of money in hand at $50,000. He added he had mentioned in literature to prospective stock- holders that he had obtained about $500,000 in pledges toward operating capital, but never said he had this money in hand.

As to the references by the attorney general's office to unauthorized use of well-known names, including Gen. MacArthur's, Mr. Hooker said

TED CHAPEAU

For 7 lush years WJHP basked in the power of a guy named Chapeau to win clients and influence listeners. Then came 8 lean years while a competitor grew rich and fat with him.

But tides ebb and flow and dawn follows the night. We've finally lured Jacksonville's "Mr. Radio" back home and we're crowing. Who wouldn't be proud to have the personality who's dominated the market for more than 15 years despite the best of all comers . . . the man who's almost as much a part of Jacksonville as the Main Street Bridge?

The best way to reach Jacksonville when people are getting up, going to work and coming home is with the Chapeau morning show 6 to 9 AM and his "Ole Lazybones" 4 to 6 in the afternoon. Both shows are the favorites of the people who buy more of the goods advertised on radio—and that's important.

WJHP AM FM RADIO

radio services of the Jacksonville Journal

Page 78 • November 14, 1955
ESSO RESEARCH works wonders with oil

An oil discovery that helps you eat better!

About three billion dollars' worth of farm crops are destroyed each year by fungus growths. But now helping to solve this problem is an Esso Research discovery... a brilliant new chemical made from oil... hailed as one of the most versatile and effective fungicides in existence. This is one of the many ways in which Esso Research works wonders with oil!
WE'RE CROWING AGAIN!

Over the wonderful things SESAC subscribers are saying about—

SKITCH HENDERSON AND HIS ORCHESTRA

"Very fine!"

KXEL
Waterloo, Iowa

"Extremely well done. You've got yourselves another winner!"

WRCX
Ahoskie, N. C.

"Excellent. Get more of the same for us!"

WJAY
Mullins, S. C.

"A high plane of musical entertainment. Betty Cox is extra fine and a voice we should hear more of."

KFAB
Omaha, Nebr.

SESAC
475 Fifth Avenue
New York 17

FILM

that in brochures to potential buyers, he outlined the type of programming he planned to produce. It was in this frame of reference, he said, that he mentioned he planned a filmed news program in which he would invite prominent Americans to appear, and as examples he cited the names of Gen. MacArthur, Mr. Day and Miss Kellem, among others. Similarly, he said, he described other filmed shows under consideration by his companies, and in this same context mentioned that he planned to make use of actors of the type of Sterling Hayden and Akim Tamiroff, among others. Mr. Hooker said he felt he was within his right to use these names without authorization since he was utilizing them to indicate the general type of person to be associated with a particular program. He said he believed he had made it clear that no other inference could be drawn.

He replied to the charge that he had falsely claimed that five tv stations had agreed to join his proposed network by saying he had spoken to individuals at all these stations and was led to understand that he could "go ahead" once he had his network established. Mr. Hooker declined to name the station officials he had approached. Mr. Hooker said his plans are to form a tv film production and distribution company that would provide programming to stations across the country to form a so-called "Christian television network." His objective, he said, is "to get a little Christian influence into television."

He contended that the three existing tv networks are under "Jewish domination" but hastened to say "there is nothing wrong with that."

He added, however, that since "95% of the people in the U. S. are members of the Christian faith, and only 5% are Jews, it would be nice to have one network run by Christians, although we would have some Jews working for us."

He attributed the action by the attorney general's office to pressure from the Anti-Defamation League of B'ni Brith. He said he had published an article in the Nationalist Party Bulletin, of which he is editor, attacking the ADL. New York newspapers quoted a spokesman from the attorney general's office as saying that the case "is and always has been a securities fraud claim. We are interested in protecting the public. Mr. Hooker's political life is not at issue here."

Mr. Hooker told B&T that he was a construction business executive, a model and an actor before he entered the tv field in 1948 as a partner of Broadway producer George Abbott in George Abbott Television Inc., which supplied tv program ideas. In 1949 and 1950, he said, he operated his own package program firm, and in October 1950 he joined MCA as a talent and programming executive with "a base salary of $20,000 per year." He left MCA in August 1951, Mr. Hooker said, and since that time has organized and operated various tv program production and distribution companies.

Guild Films Net Up

GUILD FILMS. New York, announced last week that net income for the nine months ended Aug. 31, amounted to $283,101. Reub Kaufman, Guild president, said billings and sales for the period were "substantially greater than for all 12 months of the preceding fiscal year," and reported "this favorable trend has continued into the present quarter."

Gross income for the nine-month period was listed at $5,056,986. The current balance sheets, according to Mr. Kaufman, that current assets of Guild Films amount to $3,685,458; current liabilities, $1,938,806, and working capital, $1,746,679.
FILM SALES

NBC Film Division reports that 12 of its programs are on the air in N. Y. market. Latest sales include renewal of Hopalong Cassidy on WABC-TV New York and sales of Inner Sanctum and Captured to WPIX (TV) New York.

FILM PRODUCTION

NBC-TV series Medic (Mon., 9-9:30 p.m. EST), is scheduled to go before motion picture cameras next April. Contract between Allied Artists Production Inc. and Medic Productions calls for film script by creator-writer James E. Moser. Director for film has not been named.

Graphic Pictures Inc., Chicago, awarded 40-show contract by WBBM-TV Chicago for film integrations on station show, This Is the Midwest. Robert H. Estes, Graphic president, will direct films which will run 7-15 minutes.

UPA Pictures Inc., Burbank, Calif., is filming 13½-minute cartoon for American Cancer Society. Film, to be printed black-and-white and color, will combine animated cartoons and live action, with national TV and theatre release set for early next year.

Roland Reed-Gross-Krasne, California production firm, is shooting six-two-minute commercials for Lima Bean Advisory Board of California. Frank Bibas is executive producer-director. Agency is J. Walter Thompson.


Guild Films Co., N. Y., has completed production on four one-minute commercials for "Toonavision," described as a children’s TV game.

FILM PEOPLE

Barney Briskin, general production manager of Todd-AO’s “Oklahoma,” named by David O. Selznick to identical position with Selznick Co. Inc., which recently signed financing-distribution contract with RKO Radio Pictures Inc. Selznick firm will headquarters at RKO plant in Culver City, Calif., which will be renamed Selznick Studio.

Murry King to Interstate Television Corp., N. Y., as sales representative.

Mickey Schwarz, president of ATV Film Productions Inc. (tv commercial producers), Long Island City, N. Y., elected member of Motion Picture Pioneers, signalling his 25th year in film industry.

George E. Yonan, formerly producer-salesman at Filmack Studio to Chicago Film studios in similar capacity.

Sam Blake, Studio Films Inc., New York, named radio-tv public relations director for 1956 campaign of company’s motion picture, “The Evil Forest.” Radio-tv will be among media in campaigns for film in Europe, Israel, and Australia.

Paul Terry, producer of CBS-TV Barker Bill’s Cartoon Show, creator of "Mighty Mouse" and Terrytoons, was honored recently by New Rochelle, N. Y., on 25th anniversary of his studies there. City was renamed “Terrytown” for the day and tribute was paid by Mayor Stanley Church.

WTRF-TV

WTRF-TV NBC Primary

For availabilities, call Hollingbery or Bob Ferguson, VP and General Manager, Wheeling 1177.

WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA

November 14, 1955 • Page 81
TV BILLINGS UP $6.5 MILLION IN TVB'S FIRST 10 MONTHS—TREYZ

Organization's first annual convention in Chicago hears report on various promotional projects and their results. Four priority targets: cigarettes, detergents, automotive and allied fields and dogs and cats.

TELEVISION Bureau of Advertising counts as a major contribution of its first 10 months of operation its "key role" in the development of $6.488 million in new television appropriations, TVB President Oliver Treyz told the organization's first annual membership convention last Friday in Chicago.

Coincident with Mr. Treyz' report on TVB'S activities from its launching the first of this year through Oct. 1, it was announced that H. Preston Peters, of the Free & Peters station representation firm, had been elected to a two-year term on the TVB board, effective Jan. 1 (also see AT DEADLINE, page 7). Mr. Peters succeeds George Brett, formerly of The Katz Agency, who retired from the station representation firm some months ago but agreed to serve out the year with TVB.

A TIME TO GIVE THANKS

Again it is Thanksgiving and we are humbly grateful. Mother Nature has singled out Kansas as an island of plenty. This has been a wonderful year for our farm friends and neighbors. Latest figures show their income to be fifty-two percent above the national average. Everywhere there is a feeling of abundance, of better living, of great planning.

We at WIBW are acutely conscious of our obligation to these farm families and to our advertisers. To both, we pledge a continuation of the same forward looking service and entertainment that for so many years have kept us in the enviable position of being the first listening choice of these First Families of Agriculture.

Gen. Mgr. WIBW, WIBW-TV, KCKN

In his report Mr. Treyz noted that the total productivity of the bureau cannot be measured in dollars alone and added that it is not possible to trace all the results stemming from "the manifold activities of the first year's efforts."

As part of a progress report on this first period of operation, Mr. Treyz described TVB'S research program as one aimed at accumulating information tending to validate the strength of television. The four major research projects, he said, have involved cigarettes, detergents, automotive and allied fields and dogs and cats.

TVB'S research department, according to Mr. Treyz, is "shedding new light on the fast-changing cigarette market and its relationship to television." He observed that these findings have been presented to Philip Morris, an advertiser which became a primary TVB sales target on the announcement of its cancellation of television programs. Mr. Treyz reported that after having worked with TVB, Philip Morris, in May 1955 and again in October 1955, asked TVB to announce to its members that the company had allocated "a television appropriation of major dimensions."

TVB is currently acquainting major cigarette advertisers with "certain key, hitherto unknown facts," according to Mr. Treyz. He added:

"The heavy half of cigarette-smoking homes lights up about three times as many cigarettes as the light-smoking half. This information, provided by an audit of the national sample of Nielsen homes (in which there is a continuing record of television viewing) has been directly related to television viewing. In this way, TVB is able to reveal to the interested advertisers the kinds of television which most effectively cover the heavy-smoking half, the 'cream' customers. This is a specific example of how TVB sells to advertisers the productive use of the television medium."

TVB also has completed special studies in the gasoline, oil and tire fields, under which arrangements were made for periodic readings of speedometers of the automobiles in the same homes in which there is a continuing record of TV viewing. The studies show, Mr. Treyz reported, that the heavy-driving half of the American homes drives 16,000 miles a year; the light-driving half, 6,000 miles a year. Some significant findings uncovered by these studies, according to Mr. Treyz, are: television viewing runs "considerably heavier" in the heavy-driving homes, and certain kinds of television—for example, the relatively available 11 p.m.-midnight hours—provide "much higher circulation" in the heavy-driving half. Mr. Treyz observed that selling, in the light of these factors, will provide "prestige for both TVB and our industry, and, which is more important, sales results."

Mr. Treyz touched briefly on its already-pub- licized study involving detergents, which endeavored to determine the number and kind of homes which have converted to washing ma-
...as the shadows lengthened across the field, State threw into high the drive that's destined to linger long in football memory...

**SHOOT LATER... SHOW EARLIER**
with Eastman Tri-X Reversal Safety Film, Type 5278 (16mm only).

Here is a new motion picture film material of great value to the newsreel services. Twice as fast as Super-XX Reversal Film, it can be processed interchangeably with Plus-X Reversal Film; also it can be processed at higher temperatures than either Super-XX or Plus-X.

Result: Faster—and better—news coverage under minimum conditions—with or without supplementary lighting.

Graininess and sharpness characteristics, furthermore, are equal to or better than those of Super-XX.

For further information address:
Motion Picture Film Department
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
Rochester 4, N. Y.
or W. J. GERMAN, INC.
Agents for the sale and distribution of Eastman Professional Motion Picture Films
Fort Lee, N. J.; Chicago, Ill.; Hollywood, Calif.
chines and are prospects for the new "controlled sale" deterrents. It pointed up the value of daytime television, with its "superior and repetitive coverage." In addition to its project on dogs and cats (see story, page 86), Mr. Treyz reported that TVB soon will embark on a study of the life insurance field.

During the first 10 months of 1955, Mr. Treyz estimated, TVB executives and sales personnel made more than 200 sales calls on advertisers and their agencies. Presentations were made in many major advertising centers and particularly significant, according to Mr. Treyz, were a number of calls on major advertisers on the West Coast, who "historically have put most of their advertising dollars into print."

Among the 40 mailings that TVB sent to members during the past 10 months have been presentations on "The Three "How's of Television" and "The Pinpoint Concept of Television" series; promotional brochures for station imprint; selling aids such as retail reports on the Folks Bros. (Chicago) and General Department Stores' use of tv; 79 co-op information cards, and newsletters, reprints and various sales letters.

Though pleased with the efforts of this first period of activity, Mr. Treyz reminded that TVB's productivity is still "far short of the ANPA's Bureau of Advertising." He cited this latter group's 1955 annual report, which said that in 1954 the bureau was manned by 119 employees in five cities and made 4,000 sales calls.

He took cognizance that there is a well-entrenched "print hold" on local advertising, and said that in the near future, TVB plans to set up a separate local sales department. Only wide by this said, can TVB be "fully competitive to the dynamic ANPA's Bureau of Advertising as part of the industrywide efforts to chisel and blast the hard rock of print prejudice which supports the more than $2 billion annual sale of print advertising." Mr. Treyz, by his said, would provide the bureau with an operating fund of more than $1 million per year. He noted that this figure would be "little more than one-half of the current budget of ANPA's Bureau of Advertising.

Balance sheet of TVB as of Aug. 31, 1955, showed cash on hand amounted to $10,857 and dues receivable to $4,442.

**THE $64 BILLION QUESTION**

HERE is condensed text of a speech by Frederic R. Gamble, president of the American Assn. of Advertising Agencies, to the First Annual Meeting of Television Bureau of Advertising last Friday:

IT IS evident, and I know you recognize it, that one of the best ways to promote the idea of using television is to promote the idea of advertising itself—that when you work for a bigger slice of the pie, you also work for a bigger and bigger pie in which all may share.

There has never been a time when there has been so much to be gained from joint efforts for the development of advertising.

The challenge, as we see it, has been stated by President Eisenhower himself when he said, "If we as a people act wisely, our national output can rise within a decade from its present level of about $360 billion to $500 billion."

In just ten years, in other words, the average income of American families can increase to $7,000 per year, and all Americans have the prospect of living one third better than at present, with new horizons for every person and every business.

But human wants, are not automatically translated into action. As people go up the income ladder, they do not necessarily eat better, dress better or live in better surroundings. Modern creative marketing informs, educates and stimulates people to achieve the comforts, conveniences and advantages that will give them the better living they can have and can afford.

What manner will you play, as television broadcasters, in this new era of creative marketing? Will you rise to the challenge of "the $64 Billion Question?"

$64 billion in national advertising is approximately what will be needed, over the next ten years, to move us up to a $500 billion economy.

If agencies and broadcasters are to work together creatively in this new era of creative marketing, there are also some matters that need and can properly and legally receive our joint attention. Some are operational.

There is, for instance, the project for a standard form of television rate card. There is also the idea for a standard form of television invoice. Anything which can be done to simplify our business relationships—to cut down on unproductive paper work, and calculations and the correcting of errors—should enable all of us to devote more time and attention to doing a better creative job.

There are also some long-range projects for the improvement of our businesses—in personnel, research, ethics and relations.

The population of the agency business has more than quadrupled in the last fifteen years. The growth has been even greater in television, of course. These illustrations dramatize, it seems to me, how much your business and ours depend on high caliber people and how much we need to attract them.

Our second area of improvement is the area of research—the facts we use to help advertising succeed. Advertising and marketing lag far behind production in research activities.

You know, for example, the urgent need for new and accepted research on television coverage. There is also the need for a better understanding of consumer motivation.

This leads me to our third area of improvement—improvement of advertising content. Here is an area of special joint concern, for the advertising content of television has been under criticism in government hearings and, of course, in the arguments for toll television.

You have recognized your responsibilities to the public in the NARTB Television Code, and you deserve commendation.

We also have recognized them in our Four-A statement, "Recommended Practices for Advertising Agency People in their Relations with Broadcasters," in which we say to agency people: "The public's interest should be as much a concern of the advertising agency as it is of the broadcaster, not only because it is one of the service opportunities for which broadcasters are licensed but also because it is the key to audience loyalty."

As these attitudes extend into all quarters of the industry, there will be fewer and fewer "pitch men" commercials, or programs of doubtful taste, or multi-spotting of commercials—three or four to the row.

It is appropriate to end this talk on the subject of the public, for that is also our fourth area of improvement—the need for better public understanding of the place of advertising in our economy.

I believe the $64 Billion question will be answered. I believe that President Eisenhower's $500 billion economy will become a reality. I hope we will be able to look back to this meeting and say that the First Annual Meeting of TVB helped us toward that great goal.
No discussion of transportation should ignore the question: "Who owns and operates the nation's trucks?"

Well, some 3,000,000 are owned by farmers. Only 1,300,000 are "for-hire" trucks, operated by professional haulers. Around 1,300,000 are publicly owned—by police and fire departments, municipal sanitation divisions, the U.S. mail service, and the like.

The rest—approximately 4,000,000—are owned by businesses of all kinds: manufacturing, retail, service organizations, etc.

Trucks are involved so deeply in your job, your comfort and convenience, and your security that any tampering with America's unmatched transportation system is a direct threat to you—to everybody!

**AMERICAN TRUCKING INDUSTRY**

**AMERICAN TRUCKING ASSOCIATIONS, INC., WASHINGTON 6, D. C.**

*If You've Got It . . . A Truck Brought It!*
THERE'S LOTS OF PET FOOD SOLD TO TV SET OWNERS

Tv Bureau of Advertising study, for benefit of pet food people, shows that people who like tv also like pets.

A STUDY of the correlation between dogs and cats, and television, conducted by Television Bureau of Advertising and disclosed last week by TvB President Oliver Treyz (also see story on TvB annual meeting, page 82), has turned up some quantitative support for a theory, which, according qualitatively, TvB would be the first to refute: that television has gone to the dogs.

This study, conducted in utter seriousness by TvB to show manufacturers in the multi-million-dollar pet food field what they're missing if they don't use television to sell their products, revealed that almost twice as many television homes have dogs as have cats, while more non-tv homes have cats than have dogs. The survey also turned up these findings: 55% of all homes, both tv and non-tv, have (and feed) one or more pets; 37% of all homes have a dog, and 24% of all homes have a cat.

Among television homes, 40% have a dog and 22% have a cat while among non-tv homes, 36% have a dog and 31% have a cat—presumably reflecting a "cat bias" among older people and small families, who represent a substantial portion of non-tv homes, and a "dog bias" among larger households who not only have several children but also dogs for them to play with and a television set for them to watch.

TvB also makes the point that the finding of dog dominance does not belittle the importance of television in "cat homes" (24% of all homes). The penetration of television being what it is, they point out, most homes which have cats also have tv.

Mr. Treyz noted that although this research study has an offset appearance, the subject is no joking matter to such major companies as General Foods, General Mills, Quaker Oats, Armour, Swift, and Wilson, all of which operate large pet food divisions and to whom TvB already is beginning to make its presentation.

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NTFC Tv Film Forum To Be Held Thursday

FALL TV FORUM of the National Television Film Council will be held Thursday at the Hotel Del Monaco in New York, with meetings from 10 a.m. through 5:30 p.m. Presiding officer is John J. Schneider, Biow, Beirn & Toigo, New York, and president of NTFC.

The morning session will discuss program film with Ralph Cohn, president and general manager of Screen Gems Inc., as moderator, and Henry Salomone, NBC-TV producer, and an as yet unnamed representative of Revue Production, as speakers.

Starting at 11 a.m., Arche A. Mayers, president of Standard TV Corp., will serve as moderator for a series of panel talks on program film distribution. Participants will include Dwight Martin, vice president of General Telecasting; Robert Mitchell, vice president of Screen Gems; Millford Fenster, WOR-TV New York film buyer, and Dave Savage, assistant to the president, Guild Films Co.

The principal luncheon speaker will be Dr. Alfred N. Goldsmith, board chairman of NTFC, who will outline "The Future of TV Films."

Another speaker at the luncheon will be Melvin Gold, president of Mel Gold Productions, on "NTFC—Its Aim and Purpose."

From 2:30-3:30 p.m., the forum will consider the advertising agency function in tv film production. Albert D. Schneider, Bill Sturman, Studios, New York, will be moderator and panel speakers will be John Freese, Young & Rubicam; Alexander Griffin, Al Paul Leffon Co.; Frank Brandt, Ogilvy, Benson & Mather, and Harry Breslrat, McCann & Breslrat.

A session from 3:30-4:30 p.m. will be devoted to commercial film production for tv with Marshall Rothen of Kenyon & Eckhardt as moderator. Speakers will include Walter Lowenstein, dahl, president of the Film Producers Assn. of New York; Howard Magwood, free lance film director; Orestes Calpini, Bill Sturman Studios; Paul Kaufman, Tri-Art Labs., and Sam Levy, Schuster & Motz.

The panel will consist of Donald H. McCollum, Schwerin Research Corp.; Stan Parlan, NBC-TV color unit, and Jack Bacham, DuMont Electronic.

From 9:15-9:45 a.m. a breakfast and get-together will be held.

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SWEENEY AGREES TO STAY WITH RAB

Trade association head to remain for at least five more years and has option to be consultant for three years after end of presidency.

KEVIN B. SWEENEY has signed to continue as president of the Radio Advertising Bureau for five years with options to serve as a consultant for an additional three years.

Joseph E. Baudino of Westinghouse Broadcasting Co., chairman of the RAB board, announced the signing Friday after negotiations were completed the day before.

Mr. Sweeney noti- indicated key RAB officials several months ago that he wished to be relieved of the presidency after his initial two-year term.

Mr. Baudino will serve as host for a discussion on special and technical services from 4:30-5:30 p.m. The panel will consist of Donald H. McCollum, Schwerin Research Corp.; Stan Parlan, NBC-TV color unit, and Jack Bacham, DuMont Electronic.

Although financial terms were not disclosed, it was understood the contract calls for a salary which, although higher than that which Mr. Sweeney received during his first year as president and potentially higher than his second-year pay, nevertheless is somewhat less than was offered earlier by the RAB negotiators.

Under the new contract, Mr. Sweeney will continue as president of RAB until at least December 1960, Mr. Baudino said. The options for his service as a consultant cover the three-year period through 1963.

Mr. Baudino announced the Sweeney signing on behalf of Kenyon Brown, KWFT Wichita Falls, Tex., chairman of the RAB executive committee, and John S. Hayes, WTOP Washington, finance committee chairman, who had been designated by the board to negotiate with Mr. Sweeney.

Mr. Baudino said, "We are delighted to report that Kevin Sweeney will continue at the helm of RAB for at least another five years. He has done a great job of building RAB into a potent force to assure radio its rightful share in the advertising dollar. With the knowledge that he will be with RAB another five years, we are looking forward to a rapid expansion of the organization's influence and a rapid increase in the amount of money spent in radio."

Mr. Sweeney told RAB post "the best and the most challenging job in radio" and said "I am happy to be continuing in it," RAB, he said, "has played an increasingly important role in the current prosperity of radio. With the largest organization, expanded facilities, and growing income we hope to make RAB the spearhead of radio's growth in the next few years."

Mr. Sweeney has been with RAB since November 1950, when he joined as vice president in charge of promotion and sales. He was named president to succeed William B. Ryan in January 1954.

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RAB CAMPAIGNS TO BOOST RADIO'S TOTAL BILLINGS

AS PART of its effort to push radio's retail volume over the $400 million annual billing mark, Radio Advertising Bureau is mapping plans for a national-level drive on eight categories of advertisers, an enlarged sales development operation and a campaign to garner money spent in other media.

RAB's plans were outlined to members of the bureau's plant committee at an all-day meeting in New York Nov. 3. Committee members in attendance were Donald W. Thornburgh, WCAU Philadelphia, chairman; Don Coyle, ABC; Frank Fogarty, WOW Omaha; Robert Hitchens, NBC; Alex Keece, WFAA Dallas; Ed Coder, Katz Agency; Winslow Leighton, WSNY Schechter & Don Hull, Town & Farm Inc. (KIOA Des Moines, Iowa, KMMJ Grand Island, Neb., and KXXX Colby, Kan.); Ben Strouse, WWDC Washington; Sherill Taylor, CBS; Owen F. Urage, WQAM Miami, and F. Coale Bill, WLC Jacksonville.

The main targets for the RAB drive will be retailers in the department store, furniture, automobile, grocery, women's apparel, drug, financial and amusement businesses. The campaign will include package mailing, tape recording, station and RAB direct mail, sales committee efforts, trade paper advertising, new slide presentations and thousand of station salesmen calls.

Simultaneously with this effort, RAB will work at the national level to increase radio's share of advertising by making presentations to major appliance, tobacco, watch and jewelry, drug product and detergent companies. RAB representatives have made independent slide presentations for these groups. It plans to make these available to station, network and representative members as a means of emphasizing the advantages of radio over its three principal media competitors.

J. Norman Nelson Resigns

Post With Radio Adv. Bureau

J. NORMAN NELSON, director of national promotion, Radio Advertising Bureau, has resigned to enter an unspecified private business in Southern California, RAB announced last week. RAB has not named a successor.

Mr. Nelson, formerly managing director of the Southern California Broadcasters Assn., had been associated with RAB since March 1954.

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PERENNIAL HURDLES FACE INDUSTRY, BROADCASTERS TOLD AT DES MOINES

NARTB's next-to-last fall regional conference gets advice on toll tv, the tv code, political broadcasting, what's with uhf and tv allocations and the recent Daylight Saving Time wrangle.

RADIO-TV broadcasters must face continuing challenges and conflicts in many industry fields, they were told last week at the regional conference in Des Moines.

Turnout for the seventh of eight regional meetings, held Monday-Wednesday, exceeded 200, as NARTB staff members and industry leaders canvassed such controversial topics as toll tv, the tv code, political broadcasting, status of uhf and overall tv allocation, and Daylight Saving Time.

Regional sessions (Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and eastern South Dakota) were held at the Fort Des Moines Hotel with E. K. Hartenbauer, KCMO Kansas City, vice chairman of the NARTB Radio Board and District 10 director, as conference host.

The midwest broadcasters welcomed back to the regional circuit NARTB President Harold E. Fellows, who addressed the Tuesday luncheon on political broadcasts (see story, page 90).

Highlights of the Des Moines sessions:

- FCC Commr. Rosel Hyde reiterated his position that development of a full nationwide television service is possible only with uhf (story, page 28).
- W. D. (Dub) Rogers Jr., president of KDUB-TV Lubbock, Tex., member of NARTB's TV Board, scored pay-as-you-see tv as the "eternal grab" and asserted that "coexistence" with free television is not possible. He urged broadcasters to maintain the courage of their convictions (story, page 90).
- Henry Clay, vice president and general manager of KWWH Shreveport and chairman of the NARTB Radio Board, lashed at the FCC for continuing to grant an "avalanche" of am station licenses against "the public interest" and in the face of declining radio station income (story, page 90).
- William B. Quarton, general manager of WMT-TV Cedar Rapids, Iowa, offered a suggestion for resolving the Daylight Saving Time hassle through intra-industry efforts by networks and their affiliates.

Delegates supported membership movements for legislation placing time zones in the same relation as under Standard Time and favored changing the organization's name back to the National Assn. of Broadcasters.

They adopted resolutions calling for vigorous support of the Crusade for Freedom, including Radio Free Europe and the Free Europe Press Balloon operation; recommended that Radio Advertising Bureau participate in next year's meetings, as Television Bureau of Advertising did this year, and favored the NARTB regional conference plan instead of district meetings.

FCC Commr. Hyde was thanked for his attendance at Region 5 meetings and for the banquet address; NARTB President Fellows and his staff were lauded with special wishes to Mr. Fellows "for continued good health"; Mr. Hartenbauer and F. B. Fitch, KFYR Bismarck, N. D., were thanked for their efforts as Districts 10 and 11 directors, respectively, and the Meredith stations (KCMO-AM-TV Kansas City and WWO-AM-TV Omaha as special area hosts) for their reception Monday evening.

Resolutions were submitted by W. W. (Woody) Woods, WHO-AM-TV Des Moines, of the Region 5 resolutions committee.

The challenge posed by the NARTB TV Code was explored by Owen L. Saddler, executive vice president and general manager of KMTV (TV) Omaha; Edward H. Bronson, director of NARTB TV Code affairs, and Harry Ward, continuity acceptance editor, NBC Central Div.

Mr. Saddler warned that if tv does not use properly the "the power that ancient monarchs dispersed to hold," that power will be "wrested away." A big step toward "self-control," he asserted, is subscription to the code. He reported that KMTV has found the code of "inestimable value" in keeping proper alignment of national spot business and network shows. He commented, "These two phases alone are more than worth what we pay in subscription fees each month." He added that his station supplemented the national standards with its own code (detailed in a booklet called "Focus" as a sales promotional tool) covering local situations. Advertising agency executives are invited to weekly KMTV staff meetings on code problems, he reported.

Mr. Ward reviewed problems encountered at NBC Central Div. and the need for particular care on children's programs, costumes and...
decency, over-commercialism and other problems. Examples of film clips deleted by NBC-TV as violating good taste requirements were shown.

Farm broadcasting continues to produce results for advertisers, reaching more people at less cost, and retaining the confidence and respect of farmers, John McDonald, farm director of WSM Nashville, Tenn., said Monday. He cited data to support his claim of a rich farm market, but urged radio farm directors to keep up with research men and government programs on behalf of the farmer. Among facts and figures:

1. Some 5,776,000 homes in farm areas;
2. $170 billion in farm assets;
3. 90% electrification in those areas;
4. A farm income 250% higher than 15 years ago;
5. A standard of living that is up 54%, and
6. The big farmer consumer market for various materials and food.

Farmers have more auto radios than city dwellers, Mr. McDonald pointed out, with 99% of farm homes having one or more radio sets. By contrast, he noted, only 33% have TV receivers. His main point: TV reaches 356 people per dollar compared to 575 by radio. Mr. McDonald named advertisers who have sponsored radio farm shows 15 years or more.

Reports from heads of state broadcaster groups were given by Walter J. Teich, KOEL Oelwein, for Iowa Broadcasters Assn.; C. L. (Chet) Thomas, KXOK St. Louis, for Missouri Broadcasters Assn.; Virgil Sharpe, KOWH Omaha, vice president of Nebraska Broadcasters Assn.; Paul C. Gußner, KGCU Mandan, North Dakota Broadcasters Assn., and R. V. Eppel, Kansas Broadcasters Assn. President.


KORN Mitchell, for South Dakota Broadcasters Assn.

Audience promotion panelists Monday included Mr. Thomas, Robert W. Dillen, KRNT Des Moines, and Orville F. Burda, KDIX Dickinson, N. D.

Mr. Thomas noted music-news-sports stations have prospered. He added, “The very nature of picture and sound makes certain types of features more enjoyable, but radio need not take any inferior position to TV in music, news and sports”; that KXOK has boosted its audience this year through that format.

Mr. Dillen emphasized need for development of local personalities. Mr. Burda described local news and sports coverage as the best local promotion if handled properly.

Solution to the American Bar Assn.’s Canon 35 restricting access of camera and recording equipment to courtrooms doesn’t rest with NARTB or Radio-Television News Directors Assn., but with court judges themselves, said Floyd Kalber, news director of KMTV. “Some day soon judges must realize that radio and television reporters are perfectly competent” to handle news developments in courtrooms, he said.

In Omaha, Mr. Kalber reported, the district court has inserted a restrictive clause barring newsmen from halls, corridors, anterooms and the court itself even when not in session. A brief reaffirming Canon 35 also was reaffirmed by federal and district judges. Thus, newsmen with even so much as a roll of film in their pockets are denied access to court buildings.

KMTV, Mr. Kalber continued, has argued the case before the Omaha Municipal Court and county and federal judges in Nebraska to no avail. He said he felt the ruling was “unnecessarily restrictive” and should be put to a test.

By contrast, Mr. Kalber observed, a district judge in Iowa actually “welcomed our cameras” in a child-slaying case so that viewers might get a better insight into delinquency problems. He cited the Florida State Supreme Court decision upholding a tv station’s access to a news event and denying an invasion of privacy suit. In affirming a lower court ruling, the Florida court described tv as “the latest and most effective medium” for the dissemination of news [BVT, Oct. 31].

Mr. Quarton said Daylight Saving Time this year cost broadcasters millions of dollars, not to mention endless confusion during September-October when some states retained DST and others retained Standard Time.

Describing the muddle as “fantastically expensive” in terms of audience and money, he offered a solution which, in the absence of government (congressional) regulation, might be worked out intra-industry between networks and their affiliates. Mr. Quarton suggested a “split-hour” arrangement under which eastern programs in Daylight Saving areas would be carried a half-hour later and those in Standard a half-hour earlier. He stressed this would preserve time segments and ad stations and advertisers alike at questionable viewing times.
Bustit has a beautiful delivery but he can't ad lib the time of day.

**NOTE:** While we welcome the mention of our product on your programs, we ask that you respect our registered trademark. If it is impossible for you to use the full name correctly: “Scotch” Brand Cellophane Tape, or “Scotch” Brand Magnetic Tape, etc., please just say cellophane tape or magnetic tape. Thank you for your cooperation.

**MINNESOTA MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY**

St. Paul, Minnesota
RADIO SOFT SPOTS OUTLINED BY CLAY

Flooding of new stations and rate cutting by hungry outlets have resulted in loss of confidence in medium, NARTB Radio Board chairman tells regional meeting at Des Moines.

GRANTING of radio licenses in an "avalanche" has weakened the radio industry as a whole financially and has frustrated the public interest concept, Henry Clay, KWKM Shreveport and NARTB Radio Board chairman, said last Monday at the NARTB regional meeting luncheon in Des Moines.

The resulting "mess," Mr. Clay said, confronts radio broadcasters with "a critical era."

He charged also that "faulty thinking" by advertisers and agencies had forced radio to take a backseat to television and then called on stations to re-examine both their rate cards and programming.

Backtracking over the early days of radio, Mr. Clay, chairman of NARTB's Radio Board (but speaking personally in this instance), cited rate card cuts and under-the-table deals by broadcasters to bring in more business. Loss of confidence in the medium, with the advent of television, was reflected in dealings with agency executives, he claimed, and this thinking "simmered" down to broadcasters.

Noting that "the explosion" which hit radio broadcasters has died away, Mr. Clay urged dealers to "do some positive thinking and work hard." He told broadcasters:

"Re-examine your rate card; if it is right, stick to it. If it's wrong, change it. But above all stick to it. Re-examine your programming, do some creative thinking. . . . I don't care how good a product may be, nobody will ever know about it unless you tell them. So I say, promote, promote, promote. By promotion you establish a way of thinking—a positive way of thinking."

He suggested NARTB might well push the idea of a "Radio Week."

Contending that television has merely "acted as a catalytic agent" and was not a major cause in bringing on radio's crisis, Mr. Clay scored advertisers and agencies for a "way of thinking" when tv came along. Instead of creating a new tv department, they delegated tv to their respective radio departments as a "new broadcasting medium," Mr. Clay asserted.

"The radio section of these agencies became so engrossed with the new miracle of sight and sound that they completely forgot about radio, and, unfortunately, we forgot to remind them," he observed. Radio management's perception was "completely distorted" by evolution of "the negative approach" and addition of tv as a "catalytic agent," producing "unrealistic conclusions," Mr. Clay asserted.

"If a station does not make a profit, it surely does not have the wherewithal to perform public interest functions," he said. "I further contend that if we have radio stations on every corner of every city in the United States, they all cannot make a profit and therefore they all cannot perform services in the public interest."

NARTB's efforts toward economical operating methods, permitting stations to reduce costs and plow back earnings into better operation, Mr. Clay intimated, have been capitalized on by "many people who went into the business on a financial shoestring" under FCC's license policy.

"And these are the characters who don't even belong to our association, who perform no public interest functions, who degrade the radio industry in the eyes of the public and the advertiser, thereby infringing on the income of respectable stations who are trying to do the job which they are supposed to do," Mr. Clay commented.

He suggested the Commission doesn't have to delve into economies to "stop these wholesale grants" but should have abided by its own rules.

"If these (engineering) standards had been redesigned we could have had a highly competitive radio industry, unhindered by economic pressure resulting from too many stations which, if it continues, will destroy the radio industry's ability to operate in the public interest," Mr. Clay stated.

He noted that from 1945 to 1954, while average station income dropped nearly 50%, that of newspapers increased threefold. This despite that fact newspaper operating costs have skyrocketed and those of stations have increased little. "Tv station income averaged $981,000 in 1950 and rose to $1.5 million last year. He concluded:"

"Thus . . . radio's two principal competing media have been immeasurably strengthened during this period entitled 'the avalanche of FCC grants' while the opposite is true for radio."

Back in 1945, Mr. Clay pointed out, 935 radio outlets took in $310 million for average time sales of $223,000, while five years later, 2,048 am stations of $454 million, with the average dropping to $221,000. By the end of 1954, income held steady and number of stations increased to over 2,500 for an average income of $181,000.

Fellows Urges Alert In Political Areas

RADIO and tv as the "dynamic media" with greatest influence on voters must fight efforts to impose more regulation and legislation on their political broadcasting, NARTB President Harold E. Fellows told the NARTB regional conference in Des Moines last Tuesday.

Making his first regional meeting appearance in a month, following an illness from pneumonia, he urged broadcasters to "set up a road-block right now" in preparation for restrictive moves that might result from influencing other kinds of broadcast activity.

"Perhaps we have gone far beyond the point where we can hope that the problem of political broadcasting is going to be solved by the government," he said, "but it is going to be complicated by government—as it has in the past through the adoption of various regulations and laws both at the federal and the state level."

"I would hope that you sit down with your staff people and discuss with them this whole area. Next year, 1956, promises to be one of the most dramatic and exciting in the history of American politics. Right now, there are questions involving the highest elective office in our land that are so complicated by the unfortunate illness of one of the greatest men the nation has ever produced that, news-wise, we are at least six months ahead of the usual schedule of buildup.

Regardless of the names of the candidates for office, it is apparent that radio and television are going to play a major part in party plans for campaigning. Right now, with respect to advertising in relationship to these campaigns should be made now, for tomorrow may be too late. They should be well-considered and firm, and above all they should be fair. They should take into account the fact that the first obligation of the station is to inform—to enable the audience of voters to decide issues and select candidates with forethought and with intelligence.

"The most progressive among us as broadcasters will not leave to the parties themselves the methods by which they will use our facilities most effectively. We will set out immediately to develop plans which will clear our schedules for political broadcasting, a task no less important than clearing our minds as to policy for handling political broadcasting."

Free, Toll Tv Co-existence Rapped by NARTB Leaders

BROADCASTERS who feel that "co-existence of free tv and toll tv is possible" were warned last week to prepare for a "deadly serious challenge." "Warnings were issued at the Des Moines, NARTB meeting by W. D. (Dub) Rogers Jr., president of KRUB-TV Lubbock, Tex., and member of NARTB's tv Board, and by Thad H. Brown Jr., NARTB tv vice president."

Mr. Rogers described toll television as an "eternal grab" against a backdrop of the
K.C.M. Anderson

He followed his heart and found his world

"You've heard it said that there's more opportunity in America than in any other country?"
"It's true. But it's hard to realize how true unless you come here from abroad. As I did, from Scotland.
"Now I cherish my homeland. But as in so many of the older countries, your life is pretty well laid out for you at birth. The odds are you'll follow this path whether you want to or not.

"Well, I didn't like what my future seemed to be in Scotland, so I quit my job and followed the girl I had fallen in love with to California. I got a job with Union Oil as a clerk in the Field department, and we were married shortly after.
"When I started with the company in 1925 we seldom drilled a well deeper than 4,000 feet. Today it's not uncommon to go down 12,000 feet. Even drill under water!
"Better tools have made this possible. And created new opportunities. I'm now an Administrator in the Union Oil Field department.
"But the important point is—every one of these thirty years I've been doing what I wanted to do. Our children have enjoyed the same privilege. Our boy's a graduate engineer, now on active duty as an Ensign in the U.S. Naval Reserve. Our daughter is a college teacher.
"That, I think, is the miracle of America: the chance it gives you to be what you want to be. And to live happier because of it."

Anderson is far too modest. His own hard work is obviously the first reason for his success.

But tools did help, and in the thirty years since Anderson joined us our investment in tools made available to our employees has increased from $22,000 to more than $83,000 per employee.

So long as business competes for your favor it will continue to improve its tools. Which is another reason why there should always be more opportunity in America than in any other country in the world.

YOUR COMMENTS ARE INVITED. Write: The President, Union Oil Company, Union Oil Building, Los Angeles 17, California.
...1088 foot guyed tower designed for triple service

This triangular, guyed type 1088 foot tower... with insulated base and sectionalizing insulators at the 640 foot level... does triple duty for WMCT, Memphis, Tennessee.

The lower part of the tower is used as an AM radiator for WMC. In the portion above the insulator and just below the top is mounted an 8-bay FM antenna for WMCF. On top of the tower is a 6-bay super turnstile antenna for television station WMCT.

In addition to this main tower, they use three Blaw-Knox self-supporting 315 foot towers in nighttime directional operation... plus a 310 foot guyed tower for an auxiliary. So at this one station they have a total of five Blaw-Knox towers.

This unusual installation is typical of how we are prepared to cooperate with you on any antenna tower problem you may have.

For more information on the many types of Blaw-Knox Antenna Towers, simply write for your copy of Bulletin No. 2417. Or, for prompt service send us your inquiry, specifying height of tower and type of antenna.

BLAW-KNOX COMPANY
BLAW-KNOX EQUIPMENT DIVISION
PITTSBURGH 38, PENNSYLVANIA

BLAW-KNOX ANTENNA TOWERS
Guyed and self-supporting types—for AM • FM • TV • microwave • communications • radar

Insert shows the triple unit compression cone base insulator.
American system of free enterprise and “honest competition.” “As a broadcaster, and one who derives his living from broadcasting, this particular parasitic growth concerns me deeply,” he said. “To my way of thinking, this is just about the surest way of draining the life juices out of the roots of telecasting.”

Mr. Brown explained NARTB’s position on the issue. He said pay-tv proponents agree that their method belongs to broadcasting and not common carrier. Among “flaws” cited by Mr. Brown from the public interest and legal viewpoints:

1. It’s “perfectly evident” that the tv industry is not in “dire straits” and will have a vigorous role in the national economy. He described toll tv as “public deprivation for private gain.”

2. Talent could be persuaded to switch to pay-tv and the public would blame broadcasters.

3. NARTB believes that the service should not be authorized in regular broadcasting frequency bands. As shown by fall program schedules, the public already has free access to top talent.

**NARTB CONVENTION PLANNING BEGINS**

SPADEWORK for the 1956 radio-tv industry conclave in Chicago next April 15-19 was turned by the NARTB convention committee at a preliminary meeting in that city Thursday.

A two-pronged radio and tv committee ranged over a field of policy matters at a dinner meeting in the Conrad Hilton Hotel and expressed satisfaction with initial planning efforts of NARTB staff members and industry executives.

The Broadcast Engineering Conference will run three instead of two days at the annual convention, starting Monday, April 16, with management sessions slated Tuesday through Thursday, April 17-19. Committee voted to hold a special projects and public service equipment exhibit in cooperation with The Advertising Council. George Geough, St. Louis, was reported signed as exposition manager for equipment and service.

Pattern of separate radio, tv and association activity—followed in the 1955 convention and at NARTB regional meetings this fall—will prevail, though actual dates have not been set.

A committee was appointed to select candidates as keynote speakers in the event President Eisenhower is not able to attend [CLOSED CIRCUIT, Nov. 7]. Group includes E. K. Hartenbaur, KCMO Kansas City, Campbell Arnoux, WTAR-TV Norfolk, vice chairman of the NARTB Radio and Tv Boards, respectively, and co-chairmen of the Convention Committee; Clair R. McCollough, WGN-TV Lancaster, Pa., TV Board chairman and member of tv convention segment; Henry B. Clay, KWKH Shreveport, Radio Board chairman and member of radio convention planning unit, and E. K. Jett, WMAR-TV Baltimore, liaison for engineering committee.

It was also voted to bar unofficial meetings outside NARTB at the convention hotel (Conrad Hilton) from 10 a.m. Monday, when sessions start officially, until after the closing banquet. It was agreed tentatively that registration fees would be similar to last year. The annual banquet will be held on Thursday evening April 19.

All committee members [AT DEADLINE, Nov. 7] were present save Messrs. Clay and Brown. Sterling C. Quinlan, ABC Chicago vice president and member of tv convention group, was represented by Elliott Henry, director of promotion, publicity and public relations, ABC Central Div.

**NEWSPAPER ‘SCOOPE’ DEAD, SDX TOLD**

Radio and tv get there first with the news, necessitating that newspapers turn from ‘scoop’ to ‘scope,’ Crowell-Collier head tells 500 fraternity delegates. Newspapers behind radio-tv competitors, British newsmen says.

**TWO TOP CHILDREN’S SHOWS on WGN-TV in Chicago!!**

**“GARFIELD GOOSE AND FRIENDS”**

5:30-6:00 P.M. Monday thru Friday

Consistently one of the highest rated children’s shows in Chicago...average ratings of 5.6% in Telepulse and 5.7% in ARB in September! An offer in September pulled 42,932 requests!

This powerful, proven show is available for either full sale or announcements.

**“Lunchtime Little Theater”**

12 Noon-1:00 P.M. Monday thru Friday

Featuring Uncle Bucky and Uncle Dan, 1st Run Looney Tunes and a peanut gallery, this potent noontime show reached an average of nearly 75,000 homes per quarter hour in September.

Word Baking sponsors one strip—the remainder is available for sale by strip or by announcements.

Check your WGN-TV salesman on these two great buys.

441 N. Michigan Avenue
Chicago 11, Illinois

**WGN-TV Chicago 9**
N. Y. MEET HEARS 'OFF-CARD' PROS, CONS

Harry B. Cohen Adv.'s Beth Black says an agency is obligated to its client to buy time as cheaply as possible from radio stations; Westinghouse Broadcasting's Eldon Campbell thinks agencies should help radio achieve 'stature.'

A LIVELY discussion was generated in New York last week on the question: What to do about "off-card" or "under the rate card" deals, particularly in radio?

Actually, the subject of rate-cutting was only one scheduled among many on the general topic, "Costs—Getting the Most Out of the Rate Book," at Wednesday's Radio & Television Executives Society's timebuying and selling seminar. But once the speakers—Beth Black, television or radio director, Harry B. Cohen, Adv., New York, and Eldon Campbell, national sales director, Westinghouse Broadcasting Co.—got into off-rate buying, the interest quickened at this side discussion with zest.

Miss Black staunchly upheld an agency's search of a bargain for its client by declaring that she did not believe blame should be laid on the agency's doorstep because "it has the obligation to the client" to buy at the lowest cost possible.

If stations want advertisers, through their agencies, to buy "on rates," she asserted, then they (the stations) must maintain the rates.

She said that as long as rates are not standardized, an agency will take the time to find "what are the costs."

As an example of the reception one agency founder thought with which she said she was familiar in which a station, believed to be one that "stand by its rates," was contacted and asked: Is this the lowest rate? Two hours after the agency had noted that its client's budget didn't cover the rates cited, Miss Black said, the station's representative called the agency to offer the time requested at a cost "as much as 25% under."

Agency Has No Choice

Miss Black indicated that an agency had no choice but to bargain when going into deals off-rate and to hope for the cheapest price. A timebuyer who said, must feel his way. Miss Black said that often rate practices become a vicious pastime: A station will sell time directly to an agency off-card, asking the agency not to tell the station's representative.

But, she said, later the representative will obtain its customary commission from the money paid to the station. "Who's fooling whom?" she asked.

Mr. Campbell devoted nearly all of his time to the rate question, eloquently pleading the case for established published station rates.

While acknowledging agency responsibility to buy time at the best price for the client and that stations have the responsibility of maintaining high rates, he said, must feel his way. Miss Black said that often rate practices become a vicious pastime: A station will sell time directly to an agency off-card, asking the agency not to tell the station's representative.

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TV BOOSTER PROPOSAL EVOES PROTEST

Staff asks for oral argument on initial decision that operators in central Washington should not be forced off air.

SHOCKED and alarmed at the implications of the Initial decision upholding the right of unlicensed television boosters to operate [BWT, Oct. 24], the FCC's general counsel and Field Engineering & Monitoring Division filed vigorous exceptions to this recommendation last week.

The Commission's staff asked for oral argument on the initial decision issued last month by Hearing Examiner J. D. Bond. Mr. Bond had held that unlicensed boosters operating in central Washington should not be forced off the air. He said they were performing a public service and were not interfering with any other radio service.

Sprinkled with allusions to the examiner's "distortions", "self-made straw man"—and even including a footnote quoting Alice in Wonderland ("No, no, said the Queen, 'sentence first—verdict afterwards.")—the FCC staff charged that the examiner failed to decide questions of law, to consider the "admitted failure" of the booster operators to secure approval to pick up programs from Spokane stations, or to employ licensed operators.

The examiner misinterpreted the law regarding the FCC's discretion, the staff declared. The Commission must uphold the law; it has discretion on how to apply it, the staff said.

Tenor of the staff's position was made in its brief in support of its exceptions. This referred to the "most significant" defects in the examiner's decision.

"In summary, they are: First, the Examiner's utter misconception of the nature of the proceedings, at which he was directed to preside, and his arrogation to himself, in adjudicatory proceedings, of the policy making powers appropriate only in rule making proceedings undertaken by the Commission.

"Secondly, but of no less importance, the invalidity of the Initial Decisions, on their own terms, resulting from the Examiner's unrealistic view of the significance of condoning the unlicensed operations here involved."

The examiner's decision if permitted to stand, the staff said, puts in jeopardy Parts 15 and 18 of the Commission's rules. These relate to interference to radio services from non-licensed electronic equipment.

"It is thus no exaggeration," the staff said, "to state that affirmation of the Initial Decisions would mean acceptance by the Commission of a general situation in which a multitude of small unlicensed radio stations of all sorts will be the rule rather than the exception, in which the Commission will never know in advance what operations are squatting in unused islands in the radio spectrum, and in which it will be necessary to adjudicate innumerable claims of unexpected interference."

The unlicensed booster stations, on which the hearings were held during the summer, are located in Quincy, Nespelem and Bridgeport, all Washington. Last March, the Commission proposed to issue cease and desist orders. The hearing was to determine whether the orders were to be issued. In each of these communities, and in many others in the northwest, unlicensed low powered stations have been established. Those involved in the hearing pick up Spokane tv signals, redate them on the same frequency.

 Heads of Four Networks Scheduled to Meet With FCC

The heads of the four national networks are scheduled to meet with the FCC at 3:30 p.m. today (Monday) in Washington, it was learned last week.

Invited to meet with the FCC committee on the network study are ABC's Robert E. Kintner, CBS' Dr. Frank Stanton, MBS' John B. Poor, and NBC's RCA's Gen. David Sarnoff.

They will confer with FCC Chairman George C. McConnaughy, and Comrs. Rosel H. Hyde, John C. Doerfer and Robert T. Bartley. This is the FCC's committee on the network study.

The television network investigation, undertaken with $80,000 appropriated by the last Congress, is under the direction of U. of Cincinnati Law School Dean Roscoe L. Barrow. Mr. Barrow has been selecting a staff, which already includes Attorney Harold Bryant and Economist H. H. Goldin.

It was understood that the meeting is for the purpose of preliminary discussions regarding the scope and details of documents required from the networks. Mr. Barrow and Harold C. Cowgill, FCC Common Carrier Bureau chief, visited network officials in New York last month [BWT, Oct. 24].
HERE ARE THE FACTS
ABOUT TV MICROWAVE LINKS

Read this brief engineering report before you select this vital equipment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>Raytheon KTR-Series</th>
<th>Link “Q”</th>
<th>Link “S”</th>
<th>Link “T”</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Available in both 100 mw and 1 watt for NTSC color?</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total number of tubes used?</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>68</td>
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<tr>
<td>Audio channel included in basic unit?</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color modification available for early monochrome models? Approximate cost (less shipping)</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>$350</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field change of frequency, from 6,000 to 7,000 to 13,000 Mc.—without obsolescence?</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmitter Monitor included?</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of units for complete system?</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total weight of system (lbs.)</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>299</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>295</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

THE RAYTHEON KTR-SERIES*
Reliable, low-cost Microwave Links

KTR-100A—7,000 Mc.
Color and monochrome with simultaneous program audio

KTR-100B—6,000, 7,000, 13,000 Mc. For field-sequential color transmission

KTR-100E—6,000 Mc.
For common-carrier band, color transmission with program audio

KTR-100F—13,000 Mc.
First link available for this band, color transmission with program audio

KTR-1000A—7,000 Mc.
Powerful, one watt output, color transmission with program audio

KTR-1000E—6,000 Mc.
One watt for common-carrier band, color transmission with program audio

*In use by leading TV stations throughout the U.S.A.—names on request.

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KOOP HITS NEWS SUPPRESSION OF HOUSE

Speaking before the House Government Information Subcommittee, CBS news director in Washington says House ban on coverage of committee proceedings has given radio-tv a big setback. At least one representative favors opening proceedings, that are now available to other media, to include radio-tv, also.

AN IRONIC twist was applied by a CBS news official last week in a congressional subcommittee's hearing to determine if federal executive agencies are suppressing information from news media, the public and Congress.

Theodore F. Koop, director of CBS news and public affairs in Washington, told the House Government Information Subcommittee that "we have even been denied permission to record or televise this hearing." He was one of 13 men, considered to be experts in the field of freedom of information, who made statements Monday and participated in group discussion with the subcommittee to open a series of hearings on government information policies.

Mr. Koop, who spoke as a representative of Radio-Television New Directors Ass'n Freedom of Information Committee, was striking at the ban on radio-tv coverage of House committee public proceedings, resulting from an interpretation of House rules by Speaker Sam Rayburn's (D-Tex.) CDS official called the House ban the "biggest setback to radio and television news coverage of the federal government this year." He added, "I cannot help but call to mind the old proverb 'Physician, heal itself.'

Senate committees exercise their own jurisdiction in admitting radio-tv coverage of their proceedings.

Committee Jurisdiction

Mr. Koop acknowledged that the House committee ban "is outside the specific assignment of this committee." Rep. John E. Moss Jr. (D-Calif.), subcommittee chairman, also made this point in his opening remarks, emphasizing that the congressional study involves only information policies of government executive agencies.

Mr. Koop, the only spokesman directly representing the radio-tv media, said he was glad to report, "on one hand, that a number of official doors here in Washington gradually have been swinging open to admit radio microphones and television cameras."

He cited President Eisenhower's decision to allow his news conferences to be filmed for tv [B&T, Jan. 24] in addition to radio recording; Defense Sec. Charles E. Wilson's authorization for semi-official news conferences; and, Sec. of State John Foster Dulles' permission for radio recording and film highlights.

On the other hand, he said, "many government officials refuse or fail to recognize these communications media. The American people will not have completely free access to the facts until all branches of the communications industry have equal rights in gathering news."

He cited instances where Cabinet officials had turned down CBS requests for tv coverage of events open to other media, adding, "Invariously our requests have been refused."

Rep. Claire E. Hoffman (R-Mich.), a subcommittee member, said he favored radio and tv admittance to House committee proceedings open to other media. He said that if the public is to be "let into" committee proceedings, it's better to let it be done directly, by radio and tv, than second-hand through the impressions of a pen and pencil reporter.

He said House rules do not forbid radio-tv coverage and that only Speaker Rayburn's interpretation of House rules enables the ban to be imposed. In the GOP-controlled 83rd Congress, Rep. Joseph W. Martin Jr. (R-Mass.), then speaker, took a directly opposite stand and continued the same rules by giving committees their own jurisdiction on radio-tv coverage.

KULA-AM-TV SOLL; PRICE IS $750,000

Television Corp. of America buying Honolulu properties. Also WNEW New York filed for sale approval by Commission.

SALE of KULA-AM-TV Honolulu by Pacific Frontier Broadcasting Co. to Television Corp. of America was announced last week. At the same time, application was filed for FCC approval of the WNEW New York sale by Richard D. Buckley and associates to J. D. Wither (Idaho) and John L. Loeb and Mr. Buckley for more than $4 million (B&T, Oct. 31).

Richard Simonton, west coast wired music franchise holder, is president of Television Corp. of America. Associated in TCA is Jack Burnett, general manager of the two ABC affiliated Hawaiian stations, as vice president. Majority owners of Pacific Frontier are William Dolph and Herbert Pettje Jr.

KULA-TV operates on ch. 4 with 26.3 kw power. KULA is a 10-kw station on 690 kc. KULA-TV is represented by Adam Young Television Corp.; KULA by Adam J. Young Jr. Inc. The sale was negotiated through the Albert Zugsmith Corp., Hollywood.

Mr. Simonton was one of the principals, along with Alexander J. Wrather and Charles R. Johnson, in the purchase of KHMO, Moberly, Mo., and Frank Oxarart, who bought KKKD-AM-FM Los Angeles for $417,500. The FCC approved this sale earlier this month (B&T, Nov. 7). Mr. Hogan is president of the Albert Zugsmith company. Mr. Oxart is a radio-tv producer and owns 20% of KVOA-AM-TV Tucson, Ariz.

The WNEW application showed that the station had total assets as of Sept. 30, 1955, of $2,357,535, of which $1,156,798 were current assets. Current assets stood at $550,407; long term liabilities were $1,168,002 and earned surplus was $642,533. The replacement cost of the property and equipment of the 50 kw independent (on 1300 kc) was set at $1,915,311.

Mr. Buckley owns 25% of the station at present. Associated with him is a group of Florida stockholders, including Harry Playford, Ed C. Wright, and William L., H. W. and Elliott W. Holcomb. The group, known as the D. C. C. shareholders, holds the majority of the estate of the late Horace L. Lohnes and his associates, and an employee group.

The application indicated that the Florida group is to receive $1.7 million for its stock; the Washington group $819,000, and the employees group $204,713. Mr. Buckley will realize $711,750 for his 25% interest, it was indicated, over the five-year period.

There is also provision for the repayment of a $645,000 bank loan.

The new owners will pay for the station through a $1.5 million credit line w' th the Bank of New York, and with $375,000 in loans from Messrs. Wrather and Loeb. Mr. Buckley will continue to hold 25% in the new corporation, WNEW Broadcasting Inc., while Messrs. Wrather and Loeb will hold 37.5% each. Mr. Loeb plans to distribute his shares among his business associates, it was disclosed. He is senior partner of the New York investment firm of Carl M. Loeb, Rhoades Co.

Other sales announced last week, all subject to FCC approval:

WACO, Waco, Tex., has been sold by Texas State Network to Wendell Mayes, C. C. Woodson and R. E. Lee Grady, for $350,000. WACO is 1 kw, ABC-affiliated (on 1460 kc). Messrs. Mayes and Woodson own KXOL Fort Worth and KTOK Oklahoma City. Mr. Mayes also owns KBWD Brownwood and KNOW Austin and 50% of KSNY Snyder, All Tex. Mr. Woodson is a Texas and Oklahoma newspaper publisher. Mr. Glasgow is manager of WACO and also owns KAND Coriscana, Tex. KWKH, Hutchinson, Kan., has been sold to a group headed by J. D. Hill for an estimated $75,000. Station (1 kw daytime, 500 w night on 1260 kc) is owned by James, Murray and Vernon Hill. Mr. Hill is president and merchandising and managing director of WISN Milwaukee, will be president of new corporation. Included also is F. A. Smith, Wisconsin businessman.

WGLS Decatur, Ga., has been bought by Henry W. Lanham and his mother for $40,500. Mr. Lanham was formerly manager of WBGU Atlanta. Negotiations for the sale of the 1 kw daytime (on 970 kc), formerly production and merchandising manager of WSB Atlanta, station broke. It is owned by Guy W. Rutland Sr. and associates.

Rainier Buy of KXXL, KHMO Okayed by FCC

ACQUISITION by Mount Rainier Radio & TV Broadcasting Corp. (KJR Seattle) of KXXL Portland, Ore., for $450,000, and of KHMO Hanibal, Mo., for $40,000 plus assumption of $427,100 in obligations, for a total aggregate of $322,250 transaction, highlighted the sales which received FCC approval last week.

E. B. Craney and associates transferred control of KXXL to Lester M. Smith and Lincoln Dollar (Mount Rainier Radio & TV Broadcasting Corp.). KXXL is a 770 kc, 10 kw independent. The license assignment of KHMO was from James P. and Ada H. Bolling. Besides his group owns KJRC and the newly acquired stations, Mr. Dollar owns KVOA-AM-FM Sacramento, Calif.

Among other ownership changes approved last week were:

WSON-AM-FM Birmingham, Ala.—Granted assignment of license to Winston Salem Broadcasting Co. (WTOB-AM-TV Winston-Salem, N. C.). Consideration is $250,000 under 13-month lease arrangement, with option to purchase for $123,500 after five years. Besides WSON, ch. 26 WTB and WTBC, Mr. Dollar owns ch. 29 WTVT (TV) Richmond, Va., not yet in operation. Principals are James W. Coan, president, and John G. Johnson, general manager.

KVIN Coeur d'Alene, Idaho — Granted transfer of control for $152,500 from Scripps Newspapers Inc. (Idaho State Journal, and other

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papers), Burl C. Hagadone (KNEW Spokane, Wash.), and Harry Henke Jr., to Alan H. Pollock. Mr. Pollock has 6.5% interest in KBT-P-TV Sacramento, Calif. KVNI operates on 1240 kc, 250 w.

Five-Five Review of Bend, Ind.—Granted assignment of license to Brook Radio & TV Stations Inc. for $103,000. Besides WIVA (1580 kc, 250 w day), Booth owns WJLB-WBRI (FM) Detroit, WBBC Flint, WSGW Saginaw and WSHQ Whitehall, Mich. FCC is withholding action on Booth's proposed purchase of WTOD-WTHT (FM) Toledo, from Edward Lamb, pending outcome of the WCU (TV) Elyria renewal hearing.

- KRTN Raton, N. M.—Granted assignment of license to W. Lloyd Hawkins, acting as Colfax County Broadcasting Co., for $50,000. Mr. Hawkins owns 20% of KTNM Truth or Consequences and 50% of KHOB Hobbs, both N. M.

For other ownership changes see FOR THE RECORD, which begins on page 115.

**Five-Mile Limitation on TV Transmitter Location Denied**

The FCC last week decided it would not be wise to give TV stations their transmitters within five miles of the boundaries of the principal city to be served. Commr. Robert E. Lee dissented.

That proposal was made last year by ch. 57 WRKX-TV Saginaw, Mich., during the early days of the ultra-vhf problem. The station stated that this would stop vhf stations from "straddling" two cities, referring to the practice whereby a major market city station sited its transmitter-antenna at a distance from the principal city, covering two areas. The FCC regulations permit a tv antenna and transmitter to be placed anywhere, provided a specified signal intensity is laid over the principal city to be served.

The FCC tentatively accepted this proposal and issued rule-making notice last March [BWT, March 14]. The Commission's proposal drew about 30 comments, evenly divided between those who favored it and those who opposed it.

In last week's action, the Commission was apparently swayed by the opposition. This held that a case-by-case determination was better than a rigid rule; that the limitation would deprive the public of vhf service; that such a rule was arbitrary and it was discriminatory since there were other factors than mileage to consider—such as population density, topography, zoning requirements, air hazards and costs.

The FCC decided to retain the present rule because it permits greater flexibility, it said.

**FCC May Hold Hearing Into Proposed WSTV Buys**

A HEARING may be necessary, the FCC said last week, into the purchase of stations in Parkersburg (WAPR-AM-FM) and Clarksburg (WBKL-AM-TV), both W. Va., by WSTV Inc., for $370,000. The WAPR-WBKL stations were sold, subject to FCC approval, by News Publishing Co., publisher of the Wheeling (W. Va.) Intelligencer and News-Register and part owner of WTRF-TV there [BWT, Aug. 8].

J. Franklin John and John J. Laux are principals in WSTV Inc. (WSTV-AM-FM-TV Steubenville, Ohio).

WAPR (1450 kc, 250 w) and WBKL (1400 kc, 250 w) are affiliated with CBS and NBC, respectively. For one week, 12 WBKL-WTV buys have been stayed pending litigation on a protest by Clarksburg Publishing Co. (Exponent and Telegram).

**'10% Rule' Involves Two Separate Actions**

The FCC's so-called "10% rule" (Sec. 3.28 [c]) came into focus last week in two separate actions. The rule, which provides that a station may be assigned to an available frequency if interference does not affect more than 10% of the people in its primary service area, was waived for WAVZ New Haven, Conn., allowing that station to change frequencies. On the other hand, one proposed and two existing am stations were designated for consolidated hearing because one of those stations would slightly exceed the interference limitation.

By a three to one vote, the FCC granted the application of WAVZ Broadcasting Corp. (WAVZ) to change from 1260 kc, 1 kc to 1300 kc, 1 kc directional unlimited, at the same time denying the application of Key Broadcasting System for a new daytime station (1300 kc, 1 kc) in Bar. Both applications had been denied last February in an initial decision by Hearing Examiner William G. Butts.

It was found that 14.5% of the population within WAVZ's normally protected contour would not receive clear service under the proposed operation.

The Commission cited as justification for the grant of the waiver "the special elements of nighttime public service programming as to which the record lends valid assurance of performance" and the additional service which would be rendered.

The decision pointed out that the proposed operation of WAVZ would render a second nighttime service to 72,600 people, or 44.3% of New Haven's 164,443 population.


Involved in the hearing action were Radio Herkimer, applicant for a new station in Herkimer, N. Y. (1420 kc, 1 kw day); WBSM New Bedford, Mass., seeking a change from 1230 kc to 1000 w unlimited, 1 kw directional unlimited, and WBEC Pittsfield, Mass. (1450 kc, 250 w unlimited), applying for a switch to 1420 kc, 1 kw unlimited.

According to findings under the proposed applications the Pittsfield station would exceed by about 900 people the nighttime interference limitations of the 10% rule. The applicants requested that the rule be waived.

Commr. Bartley dissented to the order which set the applications for hearing, saying that the circumstances of the case justified a waiver of the 10% rule. He said that a grant of the applications would best serve the public interest in that the service of the existing stations would be improved and Herkimer would get its first local service. He pointed out that the "sole impediment" to the grant was that the Pittsfield station would slightly exceed the nighttime interference limitations.

**KOTO Albuquerque Deleted, Permit Revoked by FCC**

KOTO Albuquerque, N. M., has been deleted and its construction permit, granted March 2, has been revoked by the FCC for failure to file timely applications: a cause order issued by the Commission or to appear at a hearing held Sept. 15.

The permit allowing operation on 1430 kc, 500 w daytime was issued to Wade R. King and D. W. Schieber doing business as Grande Broadcasting Co. The station was never on the air.

In its show cause order [BWT, June 27], the Commission said it had "obtained information tending to indicate that Wade R. King is, in fact, Robert Lex Easley" against whom the Commission had previously made a prejudicial dismissal in another matter. The allegation was never answered by any of the parties concerned.

**Elmira Ch. 18 Bids Set for Joint Hearing**

The FCC last week designated for consolidated hearings, Jan. 2, the bids for the joint purchasing arrangements of Triangle Publications Inc. and Central New York Broadcasting Corp. for ch. 18 at Elmira, N. Y. [BWT, Aug. 15, July 25]. Both applicants propose a satellite operation for the Elmira ch. 18. All six bidders are: WNBF-AM-TV Binghamton, N. Y. (ch. 12), and Central New York Broadcasting for its WSYR-TV Syracuse (ch. 3).

In addition to WNBF-AM-TV, Triangle owns WNYM-AM-FM-TV, WBBO Harrisburg, Pa., and numerous publishing interests. The company has received FCC authority to purchase ch. 15 WLB-R-AM-TV Lebanon, Pa., for $115,000 plus $125 in obligations. It plans to operate a WTLR-FM, for WLLP-FM, Trumansburg, N. Y. and also has been negotiating for the purchase of ch. 10 WFBG-AM-TV Altoona, Pa., for $3.6 million.

Central New York Broadcasting (Newhouse interests), besides WSYR-AM-FM-TV, has interests in WMTF (AM) Harrisburg, KOIN-AM-AM-PTV Portland, Ore., and KWK-AM-FM-TV St. Louis.

**FCC Examiner Turns Down Kentucky Economic Protest**

In one of the first such cases in FCC annals, an FCC hearing examiner last week turned down a protest to the grant of a new radio station hinged on the claim that a community could not support more than one broadcast outlet.

FCC Hearing Examiner Basil P. Cooper recommended the reinstatement of the grant to KY-VA Broadcasting Corp. (WKYV) which received its grant last May. It also owns WTCW Whitesburg, Ky. WHIN, operating on 1280 kc with 1 kw daytime, protested under Sec. 309 (c). WHLN owners also own WCPO Cincinnati, Ky., and WNVTA Norton, Va. Hearing on this protest took place during September and October.

Mr. Cooper found that the allegations of declining economy in Harlan were not borne out by the facts. He also found that not enough proof was proffered that there would be insufficient advertising revenues to support two stations. The only possibility that might ensue, Mr. Cooper said, was that a decline in advertising revenue for one station might force that station to reduce the amount of emoluments paid its three officer-owners.

The initial decision is effective in 40 days after Nov. 7 unless objections are filed with the Commission.

The Harlan case is the first of five economic impact cases pending before the FCC. The others involve Cleveland, Tenn.; Laurel, Miss.; Tipton, Ga., and Statesville, N. C.
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How the FCC Cleared the Boards To Re-Evaluate TV Assignments

(Story, page 27)

TEXT OF REPORT AND ORDER ON THE FIVE DEINTERMIXTURE CASES ALREADY ARGUED:

In the Matter of

Docket Nos. 11328

Applicants for

Comr., Hyde and Hartford district attorneys for Evansville, respectively, would testify that the court was concurred in part and dissenting in part by the opinion of the Court of Appeals.

I. The Commission has before it for consideration five proceedings concerning requests for the deintermixture of educational and commercial assignments in specific communities and a request for the addition of a vhf channel assignment in one community. The Commission issued a notice of proposed rule making to the effect that applicants for channel assignments in the areas of Evansville, Peoria, Madison and Hartford for educational and commercial assignments, respectively, in those areas. The notice of proposed rule making was published in the Federal Register on March 25, 1955, in compliance with the understandable and justifiable request of the broadcast community for deintermixture of commercial vhf and uhf assignments in the Peoria and Madison areas. The petitioners for deintermixture of both channels for those areas included Monona Broadcasting Co. (WMTA), Madison; for the area by shifting the educational reservation in Madison from ch. 9 to ch. 13, and for the area by shifting the educational reservation in Hartford from ch. 11 to ch. 9. The Commission also has before it for consideration a joint petition of the WMBD Corp. and the Peoria Valley Television Co. to deintermixture of vhf and uhf assignments in the Peoria area.

The petitioners argue that deintermixture of the vhf and uhf assignments would be achieved in Madison by changing ch. 7 to ch. 10, and in Hartford by changing ch. 4 to ch. 7, thereby changing the peoria Valley area by shifting the educational reservation in Peoria from ch. 9 to ch. 8.

In the record of the proceeding, the Commission has before it for consideration a joint petition of the WMBD Corp. and the Peoria Valley Television Co. to deintermixture of vhf and uhf assignments in the peoria area. This joint petition is filed on Oct. 15, 1955, by Monona Broadcasting Co. (WMTA), Madison; for the area by shifting the educational reservation in Madison from ch. 9 to ch. 13, and for the area by shifting the educational reservation in Hartford from ch. 11 to ch. 9. The Commission also has before it for consideration a joint petition of the WMBD Corp. and the Peoria Valley Television Co. to deintermixture of vhf and uhf assignments in the peoria area.

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6. Petitioners seek alleviation of a nationwide problem by action directed toward their individual local communities. Whatever the merits of their contentions that local deintermixture would benefit the particular uhf operators and their local communities, the Commission has serious doubts that the requested relief would be meaningful with respect to the general problem. It is noted that most of these petitions are directed toward those communities where both vhf and uhf are now allocated but where no vhf stations (or, in some instances not more than one) have commenced operation. Apparently on the theory that deintermixture should be accomplished wherever vhf stations have not yet become established that, in the view of petitioners, deintermixture is no longer feasible. In our opinion, if deintermixture, even on a partial basis, should finally be determined to be a useful method of resolving the overall problems, the particular communities for its application should not be selected merely because of the fortuitous circumstance of whether a vhf station has commenced operation in any particular community. Certainly there is nothing in the records before us which would lead us to conclude that the limited deintermixture here sought would provide any significant help in resolving the difficulties now confronting uhf broadcasters in other communities, or for that matter, whether the relief that might result in the areas directly involved would materially strengthen uhf in general. There is little, if any, reason to believe, for instance, that the reassignment of channels as requested in the instant petitions, and in the other pending petitions seeking similar relief, would sufficiently stimulate the conversion of vhf receivers, the increased sale of combination uhf-vhf sets, the improvement of uhf transmitting and receiving equipment or the elimination of uhf and vhf equipment cost differentials. Moreover, apart from the question of whether deintermixture would provide lasting benefit to the specific communities in question here, it is not possible to ascertain on the basis of the instant rule making proceedings whether deintermixture on the basis proposed by petitioners would be consistent with measures which the Commission must consider in a separate rule making proceeding of much broader scope to cope with the nationwide problem.

7. The present system of intermixed channel assignments is basic to the structure of television allocations established by the Sixth Report and Order. We believe that any modification of the table of assignments which would involve significant departures from this system of assignments requires a thorough reexamination of the entire television structure. The interrelationships between the particular assignments in any specific cases and the nationwide television system as a whole must be discriminated. In the Commission's opinion, considerations of both fairness and practicability preclude an ad hoc approach such as that suggested by the petitioners in these proceedings.

8. The Commission is convinced that if lasting solutions to the allocation problems now confronting the development of a nationwide competitive television service are to be found, the approach must be made in a comprehensive, systematic manner. In this connection, we wish to make clear that this report is not necessarily an opinion statement. It is a decision, and its effect is, in accordance with the Sixth Report and Order, a determination that it is not possible to secure the requested relief.

In our notice of further rule making (FCC 55-492) issued April 21, 1955, we explained that we were “attempting to arrive at a decision of future policy” to be uniformly followed, wherever possible, in the effectuation of our allocation table for a nationwide television system.

* * *

In the Evansville case, On The Air Inc., moved to strike the comments of Mid-America Broadcasting Corp., contending that it would be illegal for the Commission to adopt Mid-America's proposal without further rule making. Owensboro On The Air Inc. and Owensboro Publishing Co., also moved to dismiss Mid-America's comments. Mid-America filed a reply to these motions. Mid-America's comments have been considered in the proceeding.

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comports with the Commission's present television allocation plan and rules. Unlike the procedures used in the past, the present plan, as well as the formal framework of comments and arguments provided for in the regulations and notices of proposed rule making, is designed to afford greater opportunity for the consideration of additional material or for other relief. The submitted basis of these pleadings is that matters have been overlooked or omitted from the Commission's present framework of comments and arguments provided for in the regulations and notices of proposed rule making. In short, the present plan for comment is inadequate. The material referred to pertaining to the various rules and regulations does not pertain to the merits of granting or denying the requests. However, we believe that there is no general need for reconsideration of such a nationwide approach. We have determined that in our view the existing rules are inadequate to support a grant of the requested relief. We have no way of knowing and, should, of other and more general suggestions informally submitted to the Commission by interested parties. Having decided upon these records that a decision is required, and a decision must be forthcoming, we will afford an opportunity for the submission of nationwide comments, and regulations or solutions which may there be advanced by those interested parties. The request for further proceedings will be considered in that proceeding. We have determined, therefore, that it is only a direction of supporting or adverse comment. In view of the record, and in the light of the fact that a new proceeding of wider scope will now be held, there is no point in repeating the following pertinent comments, to the effect that if we were to find such a solution we would be, as a waste of valuable spectacles, proceed to the hearing of the instant petition. We, therefore, determine, in the interest of the public, that the request for further oral argument in these proceedings is denied.

12. Authority for the adoption of the amendment herein contained is furnished by Sections 309, 309, 307(b), and 307 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

13. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That the foregoing petitions for deintermixture dated in 1953 be denied.

14. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That, effective Dec. 15, 1955, the table of assignments contained in Sections 337.2631 and 337.2632 of the Regulations is AMENDED insofar as the city name of Vail Mills is concerned, as follows:

City Channel
Vail Mills, N. Y.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Mary Jane Morris
Commissioner

Secretarial Notice of Appearance of Commissioners Hyde and Bartley:

See story regarding Statement of Commissioner Webster concurring in part and dissenting in part.

(Various changes herein will be included in Amendment 3-61.)

DISTINGUISHED OPINION OF COMMISSIONER ROSE H. HYDE

I dissent to the report and order entered by the majority, 11337, 11338, 11339, and 11340, dated November 2, 1955, and to the memorandum issued by the Commission, dated November 20, 1955, denying some 25 petitions for rule making to amend or modify the rules. The petitions ask for rule making to effectuate the allocation plan. I consider the actions of the majority of the Commission, by granting the first request, and by denying the others, wholly inconsistent with the Commission's other actions in this area.

The First Report and Order, released in April, 1954, is under a statutory mandate to provide a nationwide competitive television service. The Commission has thus far been unable to achieve this objective. The Commission set aside the present vhf allocation in an effort to accomplish this objective. The Commission has now requested comments and proposals for new rule making for nationwide television service. The request for new rule making is in accordance with the order of the First Report and Order.

The Commission's present framework of comments and arguments provided for in the regulations and notices of proposed rule making is inadequate. We believe that the existing framework of comments and arguments is inadequate to support a grant of the requested relief. We have no way of knowing that such a grant of the requested relief would be, as a waste of valuable spectacles. Proceeding to the hearing of the instant petition would be, as a waste of valuable spectacles. Proceeding to the hearing of the instant petition.

We, therefore, determine, in the interest of the public, that the request for further oral argument in these proceedings is denied.

Until this moment, it has been the practice of the Commission to allow changes in rules establishing the allocation of television. The Commission has in the past been, and continues to be, aware of the need for individual rule-making procedures to be upon a case-by-case basis when the public interest requires. There is no way of knowing that the Commission would not, in the future, be faced with similar situations. It is therefore, in the interest of the public, that the Commission allow changes in rules establishing the allocation of television. The Commission has in the past been, and continues to be, aware of the need for individual rule-making procedures to be upon a case-by-case basis when the public interest requires. There is no way of knowing that the Commission would not, in the future, be faced with similar situations. It is therefore, in the interest of the public, that the Commission allow changes in rules establishing the allocation of television.

The Commission is of the opinion that the proceeding should be continued and that the Commission should allow changes in rules establishing the allocation of television. The Commission is of the opinion that the proceeding should be continued and that the Commission should allow changes in rules establishing the allocation of television.

DISTINGUISHED STATEMENT OF COMMISSIONER ROBERT T. BARTLEY

I believe these petitions should be disposed of separately. Each petitioner, thereof, is serving as a pattern for the expedient disposition of the larger mass of these requests for rule making. Such action would afford stability and guidance to the Commission in its decision-making. It would clear the decks for proper consideration of the matter submitted in the numerous other pending cases involving the Commission, by making a grant to one applicant beneficial to all parties and thereby accomplish the purpose of the Commission's statutory mandate. Without granting upon the contents made by the Commission in evaluating the evidence presented, and upon the evidence that has been submitted upon the record of existing proceedings, we believe that further vhf assignments in these areas can but have the effect of deintermixture within licensed areas. Without further deintermixture within licensed areas, further vhf assignments in these areas can but have the effect of deintermixture within licensed areas.

With respect to the Vail Mills "slag-in," I cannot agree with the conclusion reached by the majority on the merits of the petition. In my judgment, the result will be the death knell of multiple vhf services in the area; consequently, less instead of more service to the public.

COMMISSIONER WEBSTER CONCURRING IN PART AND DISSENTING IN PART

When consideration was first given to these decisions, I decided that the Commission that, to whatever degree, as may be the delay already occasioned by the consideration of these petitions, action thereon at this time, in the face of the Commission's notice of proposed rule making, would not be consistent with the nationwide television allocation plan, appeared both expedient and necessary. It seemed to me that further delay would result from the Commission undertaking action on these petitions. The Commission would, perhaps, be wasting the time. Without further deintermixture within licensed areas, the majority's action would be contrary to the public interest in the matter.

However, in view of the fact that the Commission has allowed for the consideration of these petitions, the Commission has provided that its denial of the deintermixture petitions is without prejudice to any action the Commission may take in the future. This is the basis of my reasoning. I agree in principle with the Commission's action in giving further rule making proceeding in which the petitioner in these deintermixture proceedings will, without the opportunity to participate, it would appear to me

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER


I. The Commission has before it for consideration the following petitions seeking to amend the table of assignments contained in Section 3.606 of its rules and regulations relating to television broadcast stations:


3. Filed 10-20-45. Coastal Bend TV Co., Corpus Christi, Tex. Delete chs. 6 and 10 and assign ch. 13 to Corpus Christi, Tex.

4. Filed 1-5-45. Atlantic Video Corp., Asbury Park, N. J. Assign ch. 6 to Asbury Park, N. J.

5. Filed 10-29-45. The Brush Moore Newspapers Inc., Bridgeport, Conn. Delete chs. 4, 6, and 10 from Bridgeport, Conn.


7. Filed 6-4-45. Southern Connecticut and Long Island TV Inc., Bridgeport, Conn. Assign ch. 6 to Bridgeport, Conn.


10. Filed 8-15-45. Board of Public Instruction of Duval County, Fla. Assign ch. 6 to Jacksonville, Fla.


14. Filed 1-11-46. TWR Inc., Valdosta, Ga. Assign ch. 8 to Brunswick, Ga., and delete ch. 7 from Jacksonville, Fla.

15. Filed 10-28-45. Southern Central Broadcasting Co., 226 W. Main St., Tenn. Delete ch. 7 from Spartanburg, S. C., and assign to Knoxville, Tenn., and Columbia, S. C.

16. Filed 10-31-45. WSEW-TV Inc., Asheveille, N. C. Assign ch. 5 to Asheveille, N. C.


2. The foregoing petitions seek to institute rule making proceedings to consider new television channel assignments, and also to consider other amendments to the television rules and standards which would constitute basic departures from our present allocation plan and standards promulgated in the Series Report and Order. For example, some of the petitions contemplate the assignment of additional channels at separations below those presently specified, coupled with the use of low power transmitters and directional antennas. Others request departure from the principle of intermixing of vhf and uhf channels employed in the present allocation plan. The petitions, however, are all designed to alter the television assignments in an individual community or a limited area.

3. The Commission is today instituting a general rule making proceeding to consider amendments to our present television allocation plan and rules on a nationwide basis. The Commission points out in its notice announcing proceedings that the difficulties now confronting the television industry, and the individual communities, are national in scope and may have far-reaching implications. For the future of the television system as a whole, and the Commission's ability to deal competently with any approach to their consideration must, of necessity, take cognizance of the broad scope of the general problem.

4. In the Commission's view it would be neither appropriate nor feasible to approach the problem described by the foregoing petitions in terms of allocations designed to alleviate conditions in an individual community or a limited area, through departures from the present structure of channel assignments or existing television standards. In our view, it would be fruitless to undertake to consider this nationwide problem through piecemeal measures which would have a significant over-all effect, nor would necessarily be consistent with such solutions as may find it appropriate to take in its general proceeding.

5. The present proceeding does not believe that the institution of rule making proceeding involving channel assignments would be warranted at this time. The petitioners will, of course, have full opportunity to submit their views with respect to the overall nationwide problem in the general rule making proceeding we are instituting today. When the Commission may have determined the broad basis of any desirable changes to our present allocation scheme and related rules, it will be in a position to consider such requests as may be raised by the subject petitions, concerning specific channel assignments in individual communities or limited areas.

6. In view of the foregoing, IT IS ORDERED that the aforementioned petitions for rule making listed in paragraph 1 above, ARE DENIED.

1. On Nov. 7, 1945, Mr. Walter Raleigh Television Co. and Prairie Television Co. submitted petitions requesting (1) leave to intervene in the respective comparative hearings instituted to select the best qualified applicant for ch. 5 at Raleigh, N. C. (Docket Nos. 1054 and 1062) and for ch. 2 at Springfield, Ill. (Docket Nos. 1051 and 1064); (2) consolidation with the foregoing respective docketed proceedings of petitioners' requests for rule making looking toward a channel realignment in Raleigh and Springfield and (3) consideration of the Commission's rules to preclude action on pending applications for vhf and uhf channels until pending petitions and rule making proceedings looking toward realignment of the channels in question have been disposed of. It is not appropriate to institute a separate proceeding for leave to intervene in the adjudicatory proceedings. With regard to request (2) the Commission does not believe that it would be desirable to confuse matters which are the proper subject of rule making proceedings with questions of the comparative merits of mutually exclusive applications, which are at issue in the adjudicatory proceedings. Moreover, it would serve no useful purpose to institute a rule making process by consolidating the two matters since, in our view, final decision on intermixure of vhf and uhf channels in any community should not be postponed on the basis of the absence of a vhf station in the community. With respect to request (3) the Commission does not believe that it would serve the public interest to adopt the proposed amendment to the rules, which would be tantamount to a freeze on authorization for new television stations. The Commission believes that it must retain the discretion to determine on a case-by-case basis when the public interest requires the freeze on new television channel assignments to be lifted during the pendence of rule making. (See FCC v. WITI, The Goodwill Station, Inc., 331 U. S. 249). The Commission is of the opinion that the present rule making proceedings instituted by petitioners seek to introduce are neither necessary nor desirable. Accordingly, to much of the subject petitions as concern requests (2) and (3) above, ARE HEREBY DENIED.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
Mary Jane Morris, Secretary

November 14, 1955 | Page 103
CHRIS J. WITTING, DONALD H. MCGANNON APPOINTED TO NEW WESTINGHOUSE POSTS

President of broadcasting company appointed general manager of Consumer Products Div.; vice president elevated to radio-TV position.

CHRIS J. WITTING, president of Westinghouse Broadcasting Co., has been appointed general manager of the Consumer Products Div. of Westinghouse Electric Corp. and Donald H. McGannon has been elevated to succeed him as president of WBC.

The promotion of Mr. Witting to head consumer products—with a vice presidency of Westinghouse Electric Corp. assured—was to be announced today (Monday) by Gwilym A. Price, corporation president.

The promotion of Mr. McGannon from a vice presidency of WBC to the presidency of the Westinghouse broadcasting subsidiary was to be announced by E. V. Huggins, chairman of WBC and vice president-corporate affairs of the parent company.

Mr. Witting will succeed John M. McKibbin, who has been vice president in charge of consumer products since 1949 and who joins the staff of John K. Hodnette, Westinghouse vice president-general manager. The announcement said Mr. Witting would be proposed for a vice presidency at the next meeting of the Westinghouse board Nov. 30.

Messrs. Witting and McGannon are alumni of the DuMont Television Network. Mr. Witting joined DuMont in 1947, became its general manager in 1949 and director of the network shortly afterward. In January 1954 he moved to WBC as president.

Mr. McGannon joined DuMont in 1952 as administrative assistant to Mr. Witting and a year later became general manager of the three tv stations which DuMont then owned, WABD (TV), WPXG (TV) Washington and WDTV (TV) Pittsburgh.

Within a year after Mr. Witting joined the company, Westinghouse bought DuMont's WDTV for $7.75 million—still the record price for a television station. Soon after FCC approval of the sale Mr. McGannon joined Mr. Witting at WBC as vice president and general executive. He was elected to the WBC board last May 12.

Under Mr. Witting's leadership WBC also made another major tv purchase, that of KPIX (TV) San Francisco from Wesley I. Dumm and associates for $7.5 million in Westinghouse stock (computed at time of FCC approval). A year earlier Westinghouse had acquired WPTZ (TV) Philadelphia from Philco Corp. for $8.5 million.

At the moment Westinghouse owns KDKA-AM-FM-Philadelphia (having changed the WDTV call letters to KDKA), WBNK (TV) Cleveland now is pending FCC approval.

Mr. Witting is a graduate of New York U. and a certified public accountant. His early business experience was obtained in New York banking at the Guarantee Trust Co. and New York Trust Co. He then joined Price, Waterhouse & Co. as an accountant.

During World War II—except for a year and a half Merchant Marine service—he was controller and assistant treasurer of USO Camp Shows. He moved from his USO work to DuMont.

Mr. McGannon is a graduate of Fordham U. law school and served in the Army five years during World War II, emerging as a major. Before joining DuMont in 1952 he practiced law in New York and in Norwalk, Conn., his home, and also engaged in the construction business in Connecticut.

Mr. McKibbin, who will replace Mr. Witting succeeds, has been with Westinghouse since 1922. Most of his service—before he became chief of the Consumers Products Div.—was in advertising and sales promotion.

Patterson-Richards Stations Appoint Huse Vice President

EDWIN R. HUSE has been named vice president of Patterson-Richards Radio Stations, it was announced by Robert K. Richards and Walter Patterson, co-owners and operators of the group, which includes WHAR Clarksburg, W. Va.; WKYR Keyser, W. Va., and WTRX-AM-FM Belleair, Ohio. Mr. Huse, formerly associated with WXYT Detroit and WKMH Dearborn-Detroit, will have his headquarters in Clarksburg.

In addition to serving as assistant to Mr. Patterson, he will direct the regional and national business departments of each station.

Judge Allows KEYD-TV Cameras at Axelrod Verdict

COURTROOM reactions to the jury verdict in a Minneapolis murder case were caught by KEYD-TV cameras in its exclusive remote coverage of the trial of Dr. A. Arnold Axelrod. Immediately after announcement of the first degree manslaughter verdict KEYD-TV cameras moved in for pictures of principals and jury as they left the courtroom.

Limited access to the courtroom had been given KEYD-TV to cover the trial. While Judge Leslie Anderson did not permit telecasting of the trial in progress, he ruled the cameras could be set up immediately after he left the bench.

KEYD-TV, at the time of its original request for the trial coverage, included an offer to pool pictures with all other Twin Cities stations and discussions have begun looking toward joint requests in the future.

Storer Dividends Increase

STORER BROADCASTING Co., Miami Beach, Fla., last week declared a quarterly dividend of 37½ cents per share on its common stock, payable Dec. 14 to stockholders of record on Dec. 1. A company spokesman said this indicates an increase in the annual dividend rate from $1.40 to $1.50.

Page 104 • November 14, 1955
Travis Leaves WNEM-TV, Joins Sen. Potter's Staff

HARRY E. TRAVIS, general manager of WNEM-TV Bay City, Mich., has resigned to join Sen. Charles E. Potter (R-Mich.) in Washington as the latter's news secretary. Mr. Travis took over his new duties last Monday.

Sen. Potter, a member of the Senate Commerce Committee, was chairman during the GOP 83rd Congress of the committee's Communications Subcommittee which held hearings on uhf troubles in the summer of 1954.

Mr. Travis, 37, previously served as manager of WBKZ-TV Battle Creek and as program director of WKZO-AM-TV Kalamazoo. He has been active in the news field and radio and tv since 1937.

WABD (TV) Names Seaman; Ames, Best Appointed

REALIGNMENT of the sales and operations department of WABD (TV) New York was announced last week by Ted Cott, vice president of the DuMont Broadcasting Corp.

William Seaman, who joined DuMont's staff in 1949 as a page and for the past four years directed many of the station's programs, was appointed manager of operations. He will head both live and film commercial business.

At the same time, Paulette Ames, formerly with Seventeen Magazine, was named assistant producer of the Johnny Olson Show, and Larry Best, continuity department of WABC-TV New York, was appointed assistant producer on WABD's Featurama, program of short films in the late evening.

WLW Launches New 24-Hour 'World Now'

A NEW regional programming concept directed at listeners in its claimed four-state coverage area was launched on a full-scale 24-hour basis last Monday by WLW Cincinnati.

The Crosley outlet premiered its World Now program and service feature, utilizing "Comex" (communications center exchange) as a planning-assembling center, at special ceremonies Nov. 6. Hour-long telecast on WLWT (TV) at 4 p.m. and tape-recorded version on WLW Radio kicked off the new venture. The radio part was fed to NBC's Monitor that evening.

WLW is selling its service in units of three participating sports and/or 20-second breaks per week, one each in the morning, afternoon and evening on a non-exclusive basis, it was understood. Plan embodies a Certified Audience Plan by A. C. Nielsen Co., audience measurement firm, at a cost of $1 per 1,000 broadcast homes, or less, it was reported.

The rate plan went into effect Monday and will be presented initially this week to agencies and advertisers.

Among NBC personalities at the premiere were commentators John Cameron Swayze, Frank Blair and Richard Harkness, pianist Skitch Henderson, singer Eydie Gorme and

ULTRA-FIDELITY COMBINATION

...via Graybar

The perfect companion piece for the Ampex 600 tape recorder is the matching Ampex 620 Amplifier-Speaker. The two were designed to complement each other's performance (but are available separately). Both are portable — weight 28 and 25 pounds respectively, in Samsonite cases about the size of overnight luggage. The applications for this "walking hi-fi system" are unlimited. Both units have fidelity that equals studio console performance.

Full details and a demonstration can be gotten through your nearby Graybar Broadcast Equipment Representative. A phone call is the fastest way to prompt attention. Not in a hurry? Send us your name and address for complete literature.

$75 Christmas Bonus

A bonus of $75.00 is being offered toward the purchase of the Model 620 Amplifier-Speaker to all who purchase an Ampex 600 Tape Recorder before December 24, 1955. This means you'll be able to purchase the Model 620 at less than half price! Why not contact Graybar right now? This is an offer you definitely can't afford to miss!

(Notice the tiny microphone in the picture. It's an Altec "LIPSTIK"—Type MB0—also available via Graybar.)
Lee Ann Meriwether, former "Miss America" and now cast member of NBC-TV's "Today." They were joined by WLW's own entertainers. WLW is concentrating in its Monday-Friday schedule on half-hour World TV segments four times daily—8:30 a.m., and 2:30, 8 and 11 p.m.—and throughout its broadcast day. Nucleus of the operation is a staff of special correspondents in four states and the new Comex center specially built and equipped for the program. Augmenting the exchange and area correspondents are dispatchers, mobile reporters, writers, announcers, musicians and others. Peter Grant, Bob Bell and Bill Rice handle air segments.

**WBC Plans Heavy Coverage Of White House Educ. Meet**

**DOCUMENTARY** and daily on-the-spot coverage will be given the White House Conference on Education Nov. 28-Dec. 4 on Westinghouse Broadcasting Co.'s pine radio and tv outlets, Chris J. Wilting, WBC president, has announced.

WBC's conference coverage is to start Nov. 12 and wind up Dec. 4, but the educational theme is to be continued on a national and local level, according to Richard Pack, WBC's national program manager, who is supervising all phases of the program. Visual and aural dramatizations will be supplemented on all WBC stations with live discussion periods highlighting the local problems of education. Westinghouse stations are: WBZ-AM-TV Boston, WBZA Springfield, Mass., KDRA-AM-TV Pittsburgh, KKW Philadelphia, WOWO Fort Wayne, Ind., KEX Portland, Ore., and KFIP (TV) San Francisco.

**Pierre Eaton Appointed To Manage WINX Rockville**

PIERRE D. EATON became general manager of WINX Rockville, Md., effective Nov. 1, the Montgomery County Broadcasting Co., licensee, announced.

Mr. Eaton appointed Richard Denham program director, John Robbins director of promotion and Walter T. Farr music director. The new manager will head the sales staff with the assistance of D. W. Delano. The engineering department will be under Arthur A. Snowberger.

**REPRESENTATIVE APPOINTMENTS**

Mid-America Bestg., Co., operator of KOSI Denver and KUDL Kansas City announces appointment of Forjoe & Co. national representative, effective Nov. 1.

KCRG-TV Cedar Rapids, Iowa, appoints Hoag-Blair Co., national sales representatives. KCRG-TV is owned and operated by the Gazette Co.

**REPRESENTATIVE PEOPLE**

Thomas B. McFadden, vice president of NBC Spot Sales, father of son, Thomas Hutchinson, Oct. 21.

**STATION PEOPLE**


W. O. (BILL) PAPE (c), president of Pope Broadcasting Inc., signs for Headley-Reed to represent WALA-AM-TV Mobile, Ala., for the 15th year. Looking on are Sterling B. Beeson (l), president of Headley-Reed's New York office, and John H. Wrath, executive vice president at Chicago.

**LOW-POWER TV GEAR ANNOUNCED BY DAGE**

A LOW-POWER tv station with transmitter costing less than $50,000 and designed for smaller cities was unveiled by Dage Television Div. of Thompson Products Co., Michigan City, Ind., at a demonstration in Chicago last week, along with a plan for tv transmission of school audio-visual programs.

The station is an adaptation of one developed previously by Dages for television relay stations in Iceland, Greenland and Bermuda and fits within the framework of a small studio. It is designed for communities of only 50,000 population, colleges and other special-interest groups, according to James L. Lahey, Dage general manager.

Dage officials noted that FCC recently amended its television broadcasting regulations for such communities, permitting reduction of power to 100 w and eliminating antenna height requirements. Amendment was effective Aug. 1.

The station includes tv cameras, studio lighting and multiplexing equipment, parts and tools, camera control, audio control center, tape recorder and amplifier and 200 w transmitter and other items.

Mr. Lahey said, "There is no question but that more advances in this kind of tv are being made than in its use as an entertainment and news medium," with closed-circuit applications in industry and education.

The second innovation is called "Davits" (Dage Audio-Visual Integrated Television System) and is based on use of one central point to originate all such activities. The closed-circuit system is designed for more efficient and flexible utilization of audio-visual aids in classrooms. It can be employed to pick up regular tv programs for special events.

**Sales of Radio, Tv Sets Hit '55 Peak in September**

RETAIL SALES of radio and tv sets reached all-time records for the year in September, according to Radio-Electronics-Tv Mfrs. Assn. During the month (five work weeks), 753,068 radios were sold, compared to 456,625 in August and 763,589 in September last year.

The radio retailing data does not include auto sets, of which 4,980,457 were produced in the first nine months of 1955, compared to 2,843,740 at the same time last year. Nine-month radio set sales totaled 3,942,676 compared to 4,032,704 in the same 1954 period.

Tv set sales in September totaled 978,838 sets compared to 586,577 in four-week August and 986,136 in September 1954. Nine-month tv sales totaled 5,149,977 compared to 4,645,063 last year.

Sales of receiving tubes in September set an alltime record, totaling 47.6 million units or 347,668,000 for the nine months compared to 266,050,000 a year ago. Picture tube sales totaled 1,202,430 units in September, compared to 1,149,791 in September of last year. Nine-month picture tube sales totaled 7,680,781 compared to 6,476,066 last year.

**MANUFACTURING PEOPLE**


Verne G. Rydborg, electronic power tube div., Westinghouse Electric Co., promoted to manager of industrial tube sales of division, and Clifton Foster named to head newly organized commercial engineering department.

**Broadcasting • Telecasting**

Page 106 • November 14, 1955
BENNY ENTITLED TO CAPITAL GAINS IN 1948 SALE TO CBS—TAX COURT

The U. S. court says sale of Amusement Enterprises Inc. to CBS by the radio-tv star and others is subject only to capital gains, not personal income, as claimed by government. Decision recalls '48 talent raids.

THE first, and so far the only court decision on the capital gains aspect of the hectic 1948 broadcast talent raids was issued last week by the U. S. Tax Court in Washington.

The winner: Jack Benny.

In a formal decision, the Tax Court ruled that the $2.26 million sale of Amusement Enterprises Inc. to CBS in 1948 constituted a capital gain for its stockholders—Mr. Benny 60%, business associates the other 40%.

The radio-tv comedian brought suit—it could have cost the actor who sometimes portrays himself as "right" an estimated $1 million when the Commissioner of Internal Revenue ruled that the profits from the sale should be counted as personal income.

The Tax Court ruled that the CBS purchase consisted only of the company, and not Mr. Benny's personal services. Thus, it held, the profits were bona fide capital gains.

Three of the 16-man court dissented.

The court's decision revealed that the corporation was formed in 1947. It signed a seven-year contract with the American Tobacco Co. (Lucky Strike) to produce the Jack Benny program on NBC Radio at $27,500 per week. Mr. Benny at that time had a $10,000 a show personal contract with American.

The decision recites the negotiations between CBS and MCA, representing Amusement Enterprises, and between NBC and MCA, conducted by CBS Chairman William S. Paley and NBC President Niles Trammell.

In the CBS negotiation with American, the decision disclosed, CBS agreed to indemnify the cigarette firm if Mr. Benny's Hooplaing declined as a result of the switch in networks. The court document disclosed that in 1949 and 1950 CBS paid $152,623 on this clause.

Amusement Enterprises balance sheet as of Sept. 30, 1948 showed assets of $802,545, liabilities of $596,803, and a net worth of $205,742. Its net income after taxes in that fiscal year was $154,640. In 1949, Amusement realized gross profits from its American contract of $351,835; in 1950, $339,492; and in 1951, $335,781.

The decision also revealed that CBS balked at owning a motion picture. This was "The Lucky Stiff," produced by Amusement before it was bought by CBS, but not then released. In a separate agreement, Mr. Benny and his associates agreed to reimburse CBS for the actual costs of making the film if these were not recovered in 132 weeks after general release. CBS received $100,000 under this clause.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the decision indicated, held that the fair market value of Amusement at the time was $206,000; that the remaining $2,054,000 from the $2,26 million sale represented compensation to Mr. Benny for personal services.

The big talent raids, employing capital gains tactics, goes back to the summer of 1948. It was then that CBS signed "Amos 'n' Andy," up to then an NBC fixture, in a deal reported unofficially as $2 million. This permitted CBS to acquire all rights to the "Amos 'n' Andy" characters, including the right to let others than Godsen and Correll play the roles. The Bureau of Internal Revenue cleared this one in advance as a capital gains benefit.

It was during this period, that both CBS and NBC negotiated at one time or another with practically all the top name talent of the time—Edgar Bergen, Fibber McGee & Mollie, Red Skelton, Phil Harris and Alice Faye.

The Fibber McGee & Mollie arrangement, by which NBC secured long term possession of the show, was signed even though the Internal Revenue Bureau issued an adverse ruling.

CBS about this time also secured the services of Bing Crosby in a capital gains arrangement in which the network, among other things, bought 25% of Bing Crosby Enterprises.

Subsequently there was a tightening of the laws limiting the scope of such capital gain deals. More recent top talent acquisitions, it was pointed out, have relied largely on long-term employment contracts. This provides the security talent desires.

It was during this time that motion picture stars and producers began forming shadow production organizations to produce one picture and then collapse.

BROKERS and CONSULTANTS

Howard E. Stark

Brokers and Financial Consultants
Radio and Television Stations
SO EAST 58th STREET EL 5-0445
NEW YORK 22, N. Y.

All Inquiries Confidential

Howard E. Stark

Brokers and Financial Consultants
Radio and Television Stations

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CARIUING Brewing Co. will sponsor the Boston Bruin (hockey) and Boston Celtic (basketball) games this winter over a 17-station New England network [B&T, Nov. 7]. At the signing (left to right): Walter Brown, manager of Boston Gardens, and Henry E. Russell, Carling vice president; (standing) James Summers and Eugene MacArthur, both of Harold Cabot & Co. agency, and George M. Perkins, program director of WHDH Boston, which will originate the broadcasts.
TV NETWORKS GROSSING 31% ABOVE ’54

Publishers Information Bureau reports on first nine months of this year. Biggest month so far is September.

NETWORK tv gross billings reached $290,575,813 for the first nine months of this year, about 31% above the total recorded for the same period last year, according to data supplied by Publishers Information Bureau.

NBC-TV in September hit its highest monthly gross billing for the nine months, as did ABC-TV, with these networks closing up respective totals for the month of $13,734,194 and $4,123,780. CBS-TV again led the tv networks in gross billings for the month—a total of $15,188,805 compared to a little more than $16 million for March, its highest month in the period.

September also was the month in which PIB cut off its report on the DuMont Television Network, effective Sept. 15 [BT, Oct. 10]. Thus DuMont’s gross billing in September was only $11,538. In comparing the nine-month periods of the other three networks, CBS-TV this year was nearly $35.5 million ahead of last year; NBC-TV approximately $28 million and ABC-TV a little more than $10 million. The PIB September tv network gross billing figures:

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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ABC</th>
<th>CBS</th>
<th>DuM</th>
<th>NBC</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
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<tr>
<td>Sept. 1954</td>
<td>$ 4,123,780</td>
<td>$ 15,188,805</td>
<td>$13,734,194</td>
<td>$3,718,195</td>
<td>$33,050,371</td>
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NETWORK TELEVISION TOTALS TO DATE

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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ABC</th>
<th>CBS</th>
<th>DuM</th>
<th>NBC</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jan.</td>
<td>$ 3,718,195</td>
<td>$15,834,194</td>
<td>$3,542,304</td>
<td>$13,274,384</td>
<td>$33,305,175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
<td>3,606,427</td>
<td>15,978,680</td>
<td>2,650,277</td>
<td>15,426,214</td>
<td>35,955,674</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April</td>
<td>3,542,304</td>
<td>16,036,896</td>
<td>2,527,558</td>
<td>15,426,214</td>
<td>35,955,674</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>3,718,195</td>
<td>13,734,194</td>
<td>2,131,055</td>
<td>11,966,760</td>
<td>32,465,511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>3,542,304</td>
<td>16,036,896</td>
<td>2,527,558</td>
<td>15,426,214</td>
<td>35,955,674</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>3,718,195</td>
<td>13,734,194</td>
<td>2,131,055</td>
<td>11,966,760</td>
<td>32,465,511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avg.</td>
<td>3,542,304</td>
<td>16,036,896</td>
<td>2,527,558</td>
<td>15,426,214</td>
<td>35,955,674</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sept.</td>
<td>4,123,780</td>
<td>15,834,194</td>
<td>2,131,055</td>
<td>11,966,760</td>
<td>32,305,175</td>
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* Effective Sept. 15, DuMont changed from a national network to a local operation.

NBC BUY IN MOVIE COMPANY REPORTED

An ownership arrangement between NBC and a major movie producer, Joseph L. Mankiewicz, with the network acquiring 50% interest, was reported last week.

Mr. Mankiewicz’s company is an independent, Figaro Holding Co., which produced the motion picture, “Barefoot Contessa.” Mr. Mankiewicz, a writer and director, also made the newly-released movie “Guys And Dolls” for Sam Goldwyn.

According to reports in New York and Hollywood, NBC will finance Figaro-produced movies as it did the British import, “Constant Husband,” which premiered on tv Nov. 6. It was understood that under the NBC contract, Mr. Mankiewicz also would make available his creative talents to the network.

While details were slim, another report placed NBC as having invested some money—as a broadway “angel”—in a new play, “The Great Sebastians,” which now is rehearsing for a New York run. The legitimate theatre vehicle stars Alfred Lunt and Lynne Fontaine and is being produced by Howard Lindsay and Russell Crouse. While NBC is an investor in the play, it is not the principal backer, a network spokesman said in New York.

MBS to Carry O’Neil Talk

THOMAS F. O’NEILL, MBS president and board chairman, is scheduled to be the principal speaker tomorrow (Tuesday) evening at St. Louis U.’s Founders Day Dinner. His talk, entitled “Responsibility: The Guarantee of Freedom,” will be on MBS at 10:30 p.m. (EST).

Millicent McIntosh Named to CBS Board

MILICENT C. MCEINTOSH, president of Barnard College, New York, last week was elected to CBS Inc’s board of directors, it was announced by William S. Paley, CBS board chairman. Mrs. McIntosh began her career as an educator in 1922, serving at Bryn Mawr College and Bryn Mawr Medical School, and was named dean of Barnard College in 1947 and president in 1952.

Mrs. McIntosh is a director of the Home Life Insurance Co., the American Museum of Natural History, Institute of International Education and the Fund for Children Inc., and a trustee and director of Bryn Mawr College. She holds honorary degrees from Smith College, New York U., Goucher College, New Jersey College for Women, Johns Hopkins U. and Case Institute of Technology.

ABC-PT Sets Extra Dividend

AMERICAN Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres Inc. has declared an extra common stock dividend of 20 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents, according to AB-PT’s president, Leonard H. Goldsden. The company’s board of directors also declared a regular 25 cent quarterly dividend on preferred stock. All dividends are payable Dec. 20 to holders of Nov. 25 record.

COMPLETING arrangements making WJHL Johnson City, Tenn., an affiliate of CBS Radio are W. Hanes Lancaster Jr. (0), WJHL general manager, and William A. Schudt Jr., vice president in charge of station relations, CBS Radio. The affiliation becomes effective Jan. 1, 1956.

Group Viewing Points Needed For Colorcasting, Says Danzig

MUCH of the initial success of colorcasting depends not so much on “what” the viewing public thinks of it, but how people can see it, according to Jerry Danzig, NBC-TV director of program planning for the network’s owned and operated stations.

Speaking Thursday before the Women’s Advertising Club of St. Louis, Mr. Danzig stressed the need for common viewing points where audiences can see color programs for the first time. He pointed out that the “all color station,” WNBQ (TV) Chicago, will provide guest facilities and a viewing lounge before its full color conversion next April.

The NBC executive noted also that NBC-TV’s Home currently has tied in with RCA and Allied Department Stores in 46 cities as another means of bringing color to the mass public.

CBS-TV to Host Student Clinic

CBS-TV will play host today (Monday) to 60 students belonging to the Michigan State U. chapter of Alpha Epsilon Rho, national radio-television fraternity. The network will conduct a three-hour clinic for the students, covering various phases of production, and also arrange a tour of CBS-TV facilities.

E. Carlton Winkler, production manager of the program department, and Bob Milford, associated production manager, are in charge of arrangements. Various CBS-TV production officials will participate in the clinic.

‘Gimmicks’ Fleeting

TV PROGRAMS based on “sensational gimmicks” are in for a short run, according to Worthington Miner, executive producer of NBC-TV’s Fortune. Addressing the U. of Southern California’s telecommunications class in Los Angeles last week, Mr. Miner said television has “developed more creative talent in the past five years than the motion picture business has in 40 years of professional existence.” Mr. Miner also expressed the belief that the “quality anthology show,” not the $64,000 Question type of program, is “destined for a permanent niche in tv.”
CBS PROFITS UP
19% IN 9 MONTHS

Consolidated net profits of CBS Inc. hit $8.7 million for first three quarters of 1955. Sales were $302.5 million, up 15% over 1954 period, Board Chairman William S. Paley reports.

INCREASES of 19.5% in consolidated net profits and 15% in sales of CBS Inc. for the first nine months of this year, compared with the similar period last year, were reported Wednesday by Board Chairman William S. Paley.

After a meeting of the board, Mr. Paley released figures showing consolidated net profits for this year's period to be $8,718,713 as against $7,299,130 for the comparable period last year.

The earnings represented $1.19 per share for this year's nine months compared to the similar period last year when the figure stood at $1.04 per share after adjusting the number of shares outstanding to reflect a 3-for-1 stock split approved by stockholders last April.

The earnings represented a 19% increase in earnings per share instead of a $1.04 per share dividend on Class A stock that was declared last November 25, 1955.

Mr. Paley reported that in the belief that a substantial portion of CBS Inc.'s earnings should be reinvested to help finance rapid growth of the corporation and that stockholders should receive "a tangible share of earnings," the board also declared a stock dividend of 2% on current outstanding Class A and B shares. Stockholders will receive non-transferable order forms in denominations of hundredths of a share instead of fractional shares. Mr. Paley said this dividend in stock will be paid Dec. 30, 1955, or soon thereafter to stockholders of record, also at the close of business, Nov. 25.

CBS' Michael Boscia Dies

REQUIEM MASS was celebrated Thursday at the Immaculate Conception Roman Catholic Church, Tuckahoe, N. Y., for Michael J. Boscia, 41, executive assistant of CBS Radio's Press Information Dept., who died Nov. 7 in New York after a long illness.

Mr. Boscia, a CBS veteran since 1941, except for a short association with the public relations department of Young & Rubicam in 1944, joined the 20th Century-Fox publicity department following his graduation from New York U.

Surviving are his wife, the former Rita Riche, and their nine children.

NETWORK PEOPLE

At diGiovanni, research director, CBS Television Spot Sales, named manager of sales development for NBC-TV Today, Home and Tonight participating programs.

Peter Hackes, CBS radio and tv Washington news staff, to NBC Washington news staff, suc-ceeding Robert Abernethy, transferred to NBC London bureau.


George Cahan, Hollywood producer, signed by NBC-TV as producer-director.

Walter Stein, research manager, Mutual Bxstg. System, to CBS-TV Spot Sales, N. Y., as assistant research manager.

COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM INC., AND DOMESTIC SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

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<tr>
<td>Less, Discounts, agency commissions and returns</td>
<td>$7,740,096</td>
<td>$6,110,356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>225,031,852</td>
<td>197,636,308</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Deduct:

| Operating expenses and cost of goods sold | $137,559,840 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | $30,106,272 |
| Provision for depreciation and amortization of fixed assets | $4,902,089 |
| Miscellaneous income, less miscellaneous deductions | $206,106,062 |
| Income before federal taxes on income | $18,705,770 |
| Provision for federal taxes on income | $18,322,151 |
| NET INCOME FOR PERIOD | $7,181,713 |

Earnings per Share (Note 1)

| $1.19 |

Notes:

1. Earnings per share are calculated on the average number of shares outstanding during the respective nine month periods, adjusted for the three-for-one stock split-up.

2. The 1955 results are subject to year end adjustments and to audit by Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery.

Ivor Denes, supervisor of station payments and traffic administration, CBS Radio, resigned last week. Mr. Denes' future plans had not been announced. He has been with CBS since 1951.


Julius Barnathan, ABC ratings division, father of boy, Daniel Elias, Nov. 4, Bronx, N. Y.

30-Hour Week in Radio, TV Urged by NABET President

CAMPAIGN for a 30-hour week in radio-television was started last week by Clifford F. Rothery, president of National Association of Broadcast Employes & Technicians and KGO San Francisco technician. Writing in the NABET News, union house organ, Mr. Rothery said push-button devices rapidly are displacing radio-television engineers. He was critical of radio programming by means of tape control.

Mr. Rothery said radio-television is "profits-rich" and predicted sale of KRNT-TV in San Francisco for $7.5 million. He called on management to join with technicians to protect the interest of employees and urged more liberal retirement programs.

Union, WGR-AM-TV Reach Amicable Settlement

A ONE-DAY strike at WGR-AM-TV Buffalo by members of Local 916 of Broadcast Employes & Technicians was settled amicably Nov. 2 after 10 hours of negotiation over a new contract, J. J. Bernard, vice president and general manager of the station, and Ed Lynch, director of NABET Region 2, announced.

Employee members of NABET went on strike at 1:30 a.m. Nov. 1, sign-off time, when negotiators for the union and WGR-AM-TV failed to conclude agreement on the new contract by midnight Oct. 31, when the old contract expired. Both WGR and WGR-AM-TV resumed operation at 5 a.m. Nov. 1.

The new contract runs through Oct. 31, 1956, and affects 87 employees of the stations. It provides for an approximate 5% increase in wages and additional fringe benefits, Messrs. Bernard and Lynch said. Both said the strike was an amicable one which began when negotiators failed to reach agreement by midnight Monday.

Alabama Stations Cleared Of Unfair Labor Charges

ALABAMA Broadcasting System Inc., operating WAPI-WABT (TV) - WAFM (FM) in Birmingham, has been cleared by the National Labor Relations Board of unfair labor charges filed several weeks ago by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (Local 253). The charges were withdrawn Wednesday, according to the NLRB regional office, after it investigated the union's complaint that the stations had refused to bargain with the union. The board, after an investigation, found no such refusal and the complaint was withdrawn. "The case is now marked closed," an NLRB spokesman said.

Union contract expired last July 1.

Union Uses ABC Radio

FOR THE DURATION of its strike against the Westinghouse Electric Corp., the International Union of Electrical Workers (CIO) has purchased the Tuesday and Thursday, 5:30-5:45 p.m. EST periods on ABC Radio in 10 cities in which Westinghouse plants are located. The broadcast schedule, which started last Tuesday, features IUEW President James Carey in a discussion of the issues involved. It is the Union will cancel its schedule at the termination of the strike. Furman, Feiner & Co., New York, is the agency.
Sylvania Awards to Consider
'Grass Roots Viewpoint'

SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PRODUCTS Inc., sponsor of the annual Sylvania TV Awards, last week said that the “grass roots viewpoint” would be considered this year prior to the awards ceremony.

Announcing the formation of a field critics panel to supplement the work of the national panel of judges, Don G. Mitchell, Sylvania board chairman and president, said that the panel would contribute to the final judgment by providing authentic cross-country opinion sampling.

Critics making up the panel were chosen from local metropolitan newspapers from coast to coast, as well as several news magazines. They will add their opinions of programs telecast between Nov. 1, 1954, and Oct. 31, 1955.

Va. AP Honors WRNL, WSVS
For Public Service in Radio

WRNL Richmond and WSVS Crewe were awarded the first Douglas Southall Freeman award for public service in radio journalism, presented by Sen. A. Willis Robertson (D-Va.) to the Virginia Associated Press Broadcasters meeting (sponsors of the award) in Roanoke last fortnight.

WRNL won the metropolitan classification for its programs over a two-week period explaining the overlapping system of Richmond city courts. The non-metropolitan award went to WSVS for its broadcasts during hurricanes Hazel, Connie and Diane. WPTF Raleigh, N. C., received a special citation for its hurricane coverage fed to Virginia stations.

The award was named in memory of the late Dr. Douglas Southall Freeman, one of the nation’s first radio commentators and editor of the Richmond News Leader until 1949.

Advertising Council Honors
Sixteen Media Executives

SIXTEEN advertising executives were cited by the Advertising Council last week for “public service beyond the call of duty.”

Making the awards at the closing session of the 1955 meeting of the Assn. of National Advertisers in New York, Council Chairman Stuart Peabody cited the following for their contributions to the Council’s projects:


AWARD SHORTS

Arthur Hull Hayes, president of CBS Radio, accepted citation Nov. 1 on behalf of KNX Los Angeles on occasion of station’s 35th anniversary, from Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors. Citation was for contributing richly to the educational, cultural and civil life of a vast region in the Southwest . . . and its ever growing population.

WBT-AM-TV Charlotte, N. C., received award citation from U. S. Air National Guard for “Operation Minuteman” participation. Air National Guard credits stations with alerting “more than 55% of the Air National Guardsmen in the Charlotte area.”

Ted Mack, host of ABC-TV’s Original Amateur Hour (Sun., 9:30-10 p.m. EST), honored yesterday (Sun.) by New York Philanthropic League of United Order of True Sister for his “exemplary work for youth.”

MCA-TV Ltd., N. Y. film firm, presented award from match industry for “distinguished” matchbook advertising.


Red Feather citations for original ideas that helped Washington, D. C., Community Chest campaign were presented representatives of three local stations: Charles D. Bishop, WMAL-TV program manager; Stuart Finley, WRC-AM-FM-TV, and Norman Reed, program director, WWDC-AM-FM.

Johnny Andrews, Morning Bandwagon host, WTAM Cleveland, Ohio, awarded Community Chest “Oscar” for air support during last three years.

WGLV (TV) Easton, Pa., was one of several area organizations recently cited by Philadelphia District Army Engineers for flood emergency work last August. General Manager Charles Thon received citation at special television program, “After the Flood, 1955.”

WMGM New York cited by Brooklyn chapter, American Red Cross, for station campaign to “waterproof” New Yorkers against summer swimming and boating accidents.

WIP Philadelphia awarded certificate of citation from Amvets National Service Foundation for “outstanding contributions” to foundation rehabilitation.

Benedict Gimbel Jr., president and general manager, WIP Philadelphia, saluted on his birthday by Pen & Pencil Club with party, giant cake and portrait to hang permanently in club. He is first radio executive so honored by club which claims to be country’s oldest newspaper organization.

Jim Todd, KFI Los Angeles farm director, presented gold membership pin by Los Angeles County Farm Bureau in recognition of outstanding service to farmers of Southern California.
GERMANS PRESSURE FOR COMMERCIAL TV

Long-range blueprint outlined by new company formed by private interests. First step: commercials on present stations during times not now used for existing program schedules.

COMMERCIAL television in Germany appears to be too far off now. Opinion in favor of commercial stations started rolling with the launching of Independent Television Authority in Britain [WT Sept. 20, et seq.). Strong industry interests, increasing pressure for commercial tv, have put joint efforts into a company especially set up for the purpose of clearing the road to advertising in German tv.

The new company, Deutsche Fernsehen Werbung (German Commercial Television), is gathering facts on costs, possible amount of income from advertising, on various groups resisting commercial tv, on audience approach, etc.

DFW plans encompass two steps. First, existing official German tv stations would carry commercial programs at hours when transmitters under the present limited schedule are off the air. Second, expanding the period of two years allowing time to train personnel, gather experience in tv advertising, convince any reluctant segments in audiences that commercial tv is feasible.

The second step calls for construction of eight commercial transmitters to be located in Berlin, Bielefeld, Bremen, Frankfurt, Hamburg, Hanover, Langenberg and Cologne. This would include buying of two trucks for remote broad- casts, studio facilities in Hamburg plus ten cameras. Cost, if German equipment is used, would amount to almost $2 million.

The third and fourth years would bring about launching of 19 more transmitters, spread over all of Germany, and added equipment. Costs for these items would be close to $2.6 million.

In the subsequent two years, another 23 commercial transmitters would start operations, and studios would be opened in Munich, Frankfurt, and Stuttgart. Cost for this phase would be close to $3.5 million. Final step would bring about 30 smaller stations and supplementing facilities costing less than $2 million. Total number of transmitters may be around 80.

Foes of the plan, mainly to be found among non-commercial, official television service, are reported to be fighting the plan by trying to get as many frequencies licensed for non-commercial tv as possible.

In fact, frequencies in the bands I and III (41 to 68 mc and 174 to 223 mc) are already assigned. It's most likely that Germany's commercial tv people will have to move to Bands IV and V (470 to 585 mc and 610 to 960 mc). This, of course, means a need for more transmitters, higher costs, slower pace for introduction of commercial tv and the need for new sets to be bought by viewers.

CANADIAN BROADCASTERS SEEKING MORE SPOT TIME

Acting through CARTB, radio stations will ask that CBC regulations be changed to permit unlimited scheduling of spot announcements in any quarter hour. Present rule: only four.

CANADIAN radio stations will ask the board of governors of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation to change regulations regarding spot announcements at its Dec. 1 meeting in Ottawa. The board will also hear applications for a new western television station and change of shares in a number of stations.

Present CBC regulations regarding spot announcements allow only four paid spot or flash announcements during any quarter hour. Where stations arrange with CBC representatives they may, in special cases, run more announcements in a quarter hour, with proportionate reduction during other periods.

Canadian stations, through the Canadian Assn. of Radio & Television Broadcasters, will ask for a change in CBC regulation 7, section 2, either by dropping the regulation or modifying it to allow unlimited scheduling of spot and flash announcements in any quarter hour, with a weekly total of one announcement in a quarter hour, with proportionate reduction during other periods.

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Cantering along at 25 kw, a new tv station is scheduled to begin operations in a short time. The station, to be located in Sigma, Wash., will transmit a picture on channel 12, 50 w audio, will use gray-scale for video, 1,105 w sustaining power for audio and video.

Nears 5 Million Count

BRITAIN's tv set total is likely to pass the five million mark by Jan. 1, 1956, if present sales pace remains stable. Latest statistics put total receiver licenses at 4,786,415 on Sept. 1, 1955. Total a year ago was 3,533,698.

An experimental tv station license is being requested by Stewart-Warner Corp. of Canada Ltd., on ch. 10 at Belleville, Ont.

The new station will be located in N. B., is asking for an increase in power from 5 kw video to 25 kw video, and from 3 kw audio to 15 kw audio, on ch. 2. Antenna height is to be 990 feet above average terrain.

CFCY-TV Charlottetown, P. E. I., not yet on the air, is asking for a power increase on ch. 13 from 21 kw video and 12.5 kw audio to 38.6 kw video and 19.3 kw audio, with antenna height to be increased from 401 feet above average terrain to 770 feet.

CKLW-AM-TV Windsor, Ont. (Detroit) has requested permission for an important sale of stock from present individual owners to Paramount Windsor Theatres Ltd., Windsor. The stock transaction would change theoretical control but not mathematical control of station. There would be no change in management. Paramount Windsor Theatres is connected through interlocking directorates with Famous-Players Canadian Corp., Toronto, which owns portions of CKCO-TV Kitchener, and CFCCM-TV Quebec.

Sixteen other Canadian stations also are asking for share transfer permission at the CBC board meeting.

CJOB Winnipeg, is requesting an increase in power from 250 w on 1340 kc to 5 kw daytime and 2.5 kw night on 680 kc. CFRG Gravel- boug, Sask., is asking for a power increase from 250 w on 1230 kc to 5 kw on 710 kc and change in operation to daytime only. CFRA-FM Ottawa, is requesting a power increase from 138 w on 93.9 mc to 1.1 kw on same frequency with tower from 100 feet to 240 feet above average terrain. CFRA is also requesting a license for an experimental synchronous booster station with 50 w on 560 kc at Almonte, Ont.

CKRS-TV Target Date Nov. 19

CKRS-TV Jonquiere, Que., is scheduled to begin operations on ch. 12 Nov. 19 with 20 kw video and 10 kw audio power. Station is represented by J. A. Hardy Co. Ltd., Toronto and Montreal.

INTERNATIONAL PEOPLE

Jack Daly, sports director of CKOY Ottawa, named manager of station. Keith Kearney, salesman, named commercial manager.

R. G. Knowles, assistant supervisor of farm and fisheries broadcasting for Canadian Broadcasting Corp., appointed supervisor, with R. S. James as assistant.

Lloyd Moore, manager, CFRB Toronto, to board of directors of Broadcast News Ltd., Toronto, succeeding Ken Soble, CHML and CHCH-TV Hamilton.

Norris Mackenzie, vice president in charge of sales, S. W. Caldwell Ltd., Toronto (electronics equipment distributor), resigned to form company in radio-television program field, with headquarters at Toronto.

ARMED Forces Network engineers gather outside headquarters of American operated Radio Free Europe in Munich, which broadcasts nearly 3,000 hours weekly over 29 transmitters to Communist dominated Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Rumania and Bulgaria.
HAILS FRANCO-AMERICAN VETS
VETERANS' DAY was celebrated Nov. 11 by a special trans-Atlantic hookup between WRCN New York and the government-owned Radio-diffusion-Television Francaise, Paris. A special broadcast, picked up from the U. S. Military Academy at West Point and its French counterpart, l'Ecole Speciale Militaire de Saint-Cyr at Coetquidam, saluted veterans of wars in which both countries fought. The program was beamed in both French and English, and was heard in New York at 9:30 p.m. EST.

BOOSTS GOOD UHF RECEPTION
INTENSIVE educational campaign to promote proper antenna installations for uhf reception was launched in broadcast and printed media last week by WXIX (TV) Milwaukee. The station arranged a special offer of $29.95 as a complete price for antenna and installation to viewers in its coverage area. WXIX is carrying 170 spots and using 250 radio announcements each week on Milwaukee radio stations WOKY, WEMP and WMIL, as well as Sunday newspaper radio-tv sections, billboards, and TV Guide magazine.

WLW PREMIERES 'WORLD NOW'
NETWORK talent and WLW Cleveland staffers, old and added, premired the station's new World Now program concept last week. World Now shows are aired four times during the 24-hour broadcast day featuring roving news reports, human interest, special events, music, weather and variety. Full time staffers operate from “Comex,” World Now nerve center, and one newsmen roves the area in a specially equipped “newsroom on wheels” taping features and reporting by remote.

COLOR 'FIRSTS' ACCUMULATE
WDSL-TV New Orleans announces its first local color commercial program, with Maison Blanche department store as sponsor. Mr. Bingle, the store's Christmas personality, is scheduled for colorcasts every Thursday. This local event's first color commercial announcement is claimed by KMTV (TV) Omaha, which colorcast commercial for Monte

MAGAZINE COVERS WBT PLANT
NEW PLANT of WBT-AM-TV Charlotte, N. C., was pictured in September Interior Design magazine which described the atmosphere as "timeless." The magazine devoted six pages to picture layout and description of the new Jefferson Standard Broadcasting Co., home.

TOM HARMON, former All-American from Michigan U. and sportscaster on Texaco Sports Final (5:30-5:45, 6 days a week, Columbia Pacific Regional Network), visited KFMB San Diego and took a tour of area Texaco stations in a 1952 Model-T fire truck. Seated in the truck are W. S. Elliott (l), Texaco zone manager and Mr. Harmon. Standing (l to r): A. M. Mortensen, KFMB manager; Grant L. Sewall, announcer, Leonard Corbosiero, director and Robert Panella, writer, all of Sports Final staff; Virgil Clemens, KFMB account executive, and Ivor deKirby, Pearson Ford, which furnished the fire truck.

COLORFUL PROMOTION
RADIO-TV and related industries were "jumping" in San Francisco the morning of Oct. 24 when an item appeared in a city newspaper stating that "an amazing new local color entertainment development will be introduced by a local station. This new fully compatible development will mean that color programs can be received on presently installed sets without any attachment or adjustment."

Within hours, investigators from major manufacturers were checking every possible source for more information—tv technicians said that this was not possible. The next day, a generalized statement was issued through Arlett-Keating (publicity firm) telling the same story and setting the date for the first demonstration for "a limited, selected few." Industry men fought for inclusion in the select few.

The demonstration turned out to be KYA San Francisco's new ColoRADIO development—a format wherein all its programs are broadcast in color, meaning, according to the station, "done by 'colorful' personalities in 'colorful' program structures." KYA's station breaks now carry the slogan "First in Colo-RADIO."

White Inc., DeSoto-Plymouth dealer. WBAL-TV Baltimore used color equipment to project a closed circuit dealer meeting for a sponsor, Pelton Sibley Paint Co. The closed circuit colorcast also included a show presentation.

MILESTONES for December
BMI's series of program continuities are full half-hour presentations...simple to do, saleable, excellent listening. Each script in the December package commemorates a special event of national importance.

"LATIN AMERICAN CARNIVAL"
December 3, 1955

"THE FINNISH MASTER OF SYMPHONIES"
(Sibelius' 90th Birthday)
Born: December 8, 1865

"FUN WITH MUSIC"
(Beat Jokes of 1955)
December 24, 1955

"YEAR END REVIEW—1955"
December 31, 1955

"Milestones" is available for commercial sponsorship—see your local stations for details.
JAYCEES MAN KMON MIKES

STAFFERS at KMON Great Falls, Mont., got a vacation recently when the local Junior Chamber of Commerce manned the station for Jaycee Day. Great Falls business and professional men ran KMON from sign-on to sign-off, sold time and collected revenue for congratulatory ad messages.

'SPECIAL DAYS' ADDS CALENDAR

U. S. CHAMBER of Commerce Special Days, Weeks and Months in 1956, just issued, carries a new companion piece "Trade Promotion Planning Calendar." The spiral-bound block-style calendar was prepared to give additional help to businesses and radio-tv stations, with space provided for local plans and national tie-in promotions. Special Days booklet and calendar are available for 50 cents from Domestic Distribution Dept., Chamber of Commerce of the U. S., 1615 H St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

WDSM-TV DELIVERS THE BACON

DULUTH, Minn., tv sponsors, 150 of them, got a good morning treat from WDSM-TV for the local premiere of NBC-TV Today with Dave Garroway. The station sent breakfast boxes of bacon, eggs, pancake flour and syrup to its clients for the 7 a.m. sign-on.

The Big Play

RECORD COMPANIES and KEAR San Francisco have hatched a mutually beneficial fall disc promotion scheme. During the entire month of October only RCA Victor labels were heard on the Bay area "good music" station, and Columbia Record's get the same play through November. Dealer announcements rotate through the day and evening with all other commercial programs and sustainers featuring the label of the month. Stephen A. Cisler, KEAR president, thinks this is the first time a station has programmed a solid month from a single label. October saw more than a thousand RCA Victor classical items played during 434 broadcast hours on KEAR. Program, the station's monthly published guide, is carrying double truck ads by the featured firms.

KANG-TV OFFERS OFFBEAT AD

AN INNOVATION in advertising is claimed by KANG-TV Waco, Tex., with insertion of a full-page color ad in the Waco Tribune-Herald giving the station's monthly program log in detail, including sponsor information. The page contains a log of state and is designed to be kept in the home for reference.

30TH BIRTHDAY FOR WRVA

MORE than 8,000 well-wishers attended the bon voyage party staged by WRVA Richmond, Va. for the station-sponsored cruise marking the beginning of WRVA's 30th anniversary celebration. It was the first ocean-going liner to leave Port of Richmond en route to the Caribbean. Contests. And 30-year Virginia reviews highlighted subsequent anniversary observance, climaxing with an hour broadcast Nov. 2 on which state officials and Galen Drake of CBS appeared.

AUDIO SAVES THE SHOW

POWER went off, the picture black, but the show went on for WPFM-TV Indianapolis last month when electric service was disrupted for nearly an hour. Quick-acting crews moved talent and microphones into the studio lobby a few feet away and using emergency power carried on with a "remote simulcast" in sound. Although there was no light in the makeshift studio lobby, musical performers carried on, dispensing glee with business-as-usual performances.

KCMO FANS CIRCLE GLOBE

ROUND THE WORLD FARM TOUR, led by Jack Jackson, director of agriculture for KCMO-AM-FM-TV Kansas City, Mo., left Nov. 1 on a tour that will take 23 participants through Europe, Asia and Near East. The KCMO travelers will be the first farm group to see agriculture as it operates in communist Yugoslavia.

AUTO DEALERS BACK S-D DAY

NATIONAL Automobile Dealers Assn. has sent a safety promotional kit to member groups, highway and safety chairmen, looking toward a national accident-free Safe-Driving Day Dec. 1. The kit is a soup-to-nuts collection of materials for exploiting Safe-Driving Day as backed by the President's Committee for Traffic Safety. Included are suggested ads for radio-tv and press, organizing aids for safety clubs, teenage-parental contracts for family car use, displays and guidance for S-D Day publicity.

The Wise Buys

KBIG BOOSTS BUICKS

SALES of new Buicks increased from 30 to 60 per month for Avalon Motors, Wilmington, Calif., after just eight weeks of radio spot announcements on KBIG Catalina, according to Jack Frost, account executive for Hunter-Willhite & DeSantis agency, Long Beach, which handled the account.

Using 100 spots a month, at a cost of $1,200, Avalon obtained sales from several surrounding cities as a result of the KBIG spots.

INVESTMENT PAYS

INVESTMENT of $8,000 with KFDX-TV Amarillo, Tex., brought a return of $526,227 in 13 hours for Garner-Randall, Cadillac-Oldsmobile agency of that city.

At the suggestion of KFDX-TV representatives, the agency sponsored an all-night "Odds-A-Thon," which featured actual sales on the program, to many of the 1955 models as possible before the 1956 line was introduced. The show, telecast from the agency showroom with musical talent, drew 1,500 spectators and sold 131 new automobiles.

SPOT SKYROCKETS SALES

A ONE MINUTE spot advertisement once a week on KINE: Kingsville, Tex., is paying off in dollars for Gene Underbrink, Kingsville agent for the Great National Life Insurance Co.

Mr. Underbrink's spots, which cost $3 each, are used on a program that reports Kleberg County births, and in addition to the radio time, the insurance agent is given a list containing the parents' address, type of jobs held and how many other children are in the family.

"I've written about $600 premium income as a direct result of the program," he reports. "This has cost me about $50 so far, and I still have quite a number of callbacks to make on. Many derived from a growing list."

The spots are written by E. J. Haling, Dallas, public relations firm.

QUICK SUCCESS

NOTHING succeeds like success, especially when it marks an advertiser's first use of television. WSJV (TV) Elkhart, Ind., reported that Riverside Motors, local Oldsmobile-Cadillac dealer, went into tv for the first time with the Million Dollar Movie series of General Teleradio. After the first telecast, according to R. J. Gillespie, station relations director, the dealer reported the sale of 29 new and 19 used cars.

RECIPROCAL AGREEMENT

ANNOUNCING specially priced tickets, $4 seats for $3, a Boston concert manager purchased 10 spots on WCRB that city, and at the same time made an agreement with the station. WCRB agreed to repeat with free spots if the original 10 did not sell the block of cut-rate tickets until all were sold. At the same time, the concert manager agreed to offer as many tickets as WCRB could sell in the 10 spots. Result: The printer's order was doubled for the specially priced tickets, all of which were sold by the original spots.

Page 114 • November 14, 1955
Station Authorizations, Applications
(As Compiled by B·T)
November 3 through November 9

Includes data on new stations, changes in existing stations, ownership changes, cases, rules & standards changes and routine roundup.

Abbreviations:
- CP—construction permit. DA—directional antenna. ERP—effective radiated power. vhf—very high frequency, uhf—ultra high frequency, ... 977
- FCC Commercial Station Authorizations
As of October 31, 1955

<table>
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<th>State</th>
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| 2       | 5701 | KWK-TV
| 3       | 5701 | WEOL-TV

- TV Summary Through Nov. 9

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<td>Alaska</td>
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<td>857</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

- FCC ANNOUNCEMENTS
New TV Stations...

**APPLICATION BY FCC**
Twin Falls, Idaho—Magic Valley TV Corp. granted for ERP of 181 kW vhf, 3.61 kw uhf; ant. height above average terrain 988 ft, above ground 1,080 ft. Estimated construction cost $86,574. First year operating cost $90,000. Post office address 208 S. Idaho St., Boise. Studio and trans. location Flat Top Butte, with Er. Washington 3381.

- WITE—Asheville, N. C.—Pettit FCC to amend (1) Sec. 3.606 (b) by adding: "The provisions of this paragraph are not applicable to flexibility assignments," (2) and by assigning ch. 2 to Asheville, N. C. and modify permit of WITE to specify operation on ch. 2 in lieu of ch. 63. Petition also requesting addition of new Sec. 3.606 dealing with amendment of table of assignments and flexibility of assignments.

- WITK—Knoxville, Tenn.—Petition FCC to amend Sec. 3.606 (b) by following alternative proposals: (a) delete ch. 7 at Spartanburg, S. C., and assign to both Knoxville, Tenn. and Columbia, S. C. (b) delete ch. 7 from Spartanburg, S. C., and assign to Knoxville, Tenn. and Augusta, Ga. Granted Nov. 4.

- New Am Stations...

FOR THE RECORD

**APPLICATIONS**
Pell City, Ala.—St. Clair Bstig. System granted 1,400 kw. D. Post office address Box 162, Pell City, Ala. Estimated construction cost $1,421,100. First year operating cost $1,450,000. Revenue $1,500,000. Principals in equal ownership are Pres. R. L. King, Jr. General Manager. Applications filed Nov. 9.

- Defuniak Springs, Fla.—WECU Radio Bstig. Co. granted for ERP of 110 kw. At 1200 S. Monroe St., Defuniak Springs. Estimated construction cost $20,000. First year operating cost $14,000, revenue $40,000. Principals in equal ownership are Pres. R. L. King, Jr. General Manager. Applications filed Nov. 9.

**ALLEN KANDER**
Negotiator

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF RADIO AND TELEVISION STATIONS

- 1701 K St., N. W. • Washington 6, D. C., NA. 8-3233
- Lincoln Building • New York 17, N. Y., M. 7-4242
- 111 West Monroe • Chicago 90, Illinois RA 6-3688

**BROADCASTING • TELECASTING**

November 14, 1955 • Page 115
APPLICATIONS

WILLIAMSTON, Conn.—The Windham Bestco. Co., 1400 kc, 250 w untl. Post office address $17,303.37, first year operating cost $35,000, revenue $66,000. Principals are Roland A. Geyette Sr. (49%), 24% owner WPCF Putnam, Conn., Roland A. Geyette Jr. (50%), 1% owner WPCF and Ben Cote (50%), 25% owner WPCF. Filed Nov. 9.

W.A.A. Garcia, Inc., 250 kw untl. Post office address $19,800, first year operating cost $35,000, revenue $46,000. Principals include Pres. Joseph Gazetov, w. 93, 52, Galveston, Texas; Harry Gorowitz (24%), raw for dealer, and Vice Pres. Harry E. Voss (26%), Engineer. Granted Nov. 9.

APPLICATIONS

KALV, Lancaster, Calif.—Seeks cp to change from 1450 kc to 650 kc with increase in power from 250 w to 2500 w, operating on 1250 kc, and change DA-1 to DA-2. Filed Nov. 1.

WELI, New Haven, Conn.—Seeks cp to increase power from 1 kw D to 1 kw D and install DA-2. Filed Nov. 1.

WBOC Salisbury, Md.—Seeks cp to increase power from 1 kw to 1 kw D and change from using DA-N to DA-2. Filed Nov. 7.

WMPF Flint, Mich.—Seeks cp to increase power from 1 kw to 5 kw and change from DA-1 to DA-2. Filed Nov. 7.

WMOX Meridian, Miss.—Seeks cp to change from 1250 kc to 1010 kc, change from 250 w to 5 kw and change hours of operation from untl. to D. Filed Nov. 4.

WBAW Barnwell, S. C.—Seeks cp to increase power from 250 w to 500 w. Filed Nov. 8.

WHSO Salt Lake City, Utah.—Seeks mod. of cp to change studio location and remote control point and make ground system changes. Filed Nov. 1.

KRTF Chehalis, Wash.—Seeks mod. of license to change name of licensee to KRTF Corp. Filed Nov. 4.

KGU Honolulu, Hawaii.—Seeks cp to increase power from 1 kw to 5 kw, change antenna-trans. location, increase ant. height (employing common tower), change antenna-trans. remote control from Advertiser Sq., South St. and Kapiolani Blvd. to One Kapiolani Blvd. Filed Nov. 9.

CALL LETTERS ASSIGNED

WCAS Gadsden, Ala.—Elowah Broadcasters Inc., 570 kc, 2 kw D. Changed from WGWG effective Nov. 15.

KMGW Pomona, Calif.—Valley Bestco., 1600 kc, 50 kw D. Changed from KEBU effective Nov. 15.

KXLY Yakima, Wash., 570 kc, 2 kw D. Changed from KTST effective Nov. 15.

WABL Amite, La.—Amite Bestco., 1590 kc, 50 kw w. Changed from KTAT effective Nov. 15.

KXLY White City, Iowa.—Big League Bestco., Inc., 50 kw. Changed from KTST effective Nov. 15.

KGRT Las Cruces, N. M.—Taylor Enterprises Inc., 570 kc, 1 kw. Changed from KEBS effective Nov. 15.

KWES Union City, Tenn.—Oblon County Bestco., 1250 kc, 50 kw D.

KILLI Salt Lake City, Utah—UBestco. & Television Co., 270 kc, 5 kw untl. Changed from KUTA effective Nov. 15.

KRIV Camps, Wash.—Camas Washash Radio Co., 1400 kc, 1 kw D. Effective Nov. 15.

New FM Stations... ACTIONS BY FCC

Phoenix, Ariz.—James T. Owby granted 98.5 mc, 1.45 kw untl. Post office address 103 Mayer. Heard Broadcasting Sys., Phoenix, Ariz. Increased power from 50 kw D to 16 kw D, and remote control from Phoenix. Granted Nov. 5.

Central City, Ky.—Muhlenberg Bestco. Co., granted 101.9 mc, 21 kw untl. Post office address 7528 Main St., Central City. In operation at 6 kw D, first year operating cost $10,000, prior permit no. of WMAF in Central City. Principal owner V. K. Anderson is licensee of WMAF. Granted Nov. 5.

Chamberlain, S. Dak.—Chamberlain Broadcasting Co., granted cp to control FM radio station WURL, 105.3 mc, 1 kw. Post office address 614 4th Street, Chamberlain. Effective range is 20 miles. Granted Nov. 5.

Wichita, Kan.—Wichita Broadcasting Co., granted cp to control KFRX, 91.3 mc, 1 kw. Post office address 310 North Washington, Wichita. Granted Nov. 5.

Southaven, Miss.—Seeks license to control KYSU, 91.5 mc, 1 kw. Post office address 3006 Main St., Southaven. Granted Nov. 5.

Cincinnati, Ohio—Seeks license to control cp to Whiting Broadcasting Co. Granted Nov. 5.

For the Record

There Is ONLY ONE station Which gives you BOTH!

In Cincinnati, There IS ONLY ONE station Which gives you BOTH!

In: Home; Second in the “In Home” Audience

Out-of-Home: First in the “Out of Home” Audience

Ask Us for Facts and Figures

Broadcasting • Telecasting

Cincinnati, Ohio

IN CINCINNATI

Broadcasting • Telecasting

There Is ONLY ONE station Which gives you BOTH!

In Home: Second in the “In Home” Audience

Out-of-Home: First in the “Out of Home” Audience

Ask Us for Facts and Figures

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Payable in advance. Checks and money orders only.

Deadline: Undisplayed—Monday preceding publication date. Display—Tuesday preceding publication date.

Situations Wanted 20¢ per word—$3.00 minimum • Help Wanted 25¢ per word—
$3.00 minimum.

All other classifications 30¢ per word—$1.00 minimum • Display ads 15¢ per inch

No charge for blind box number. Send box replies to

Broadcasting • Telecasting, 1735 DeSales St. N.W., Washington 6, D.C.

Box 452E, B-T.

Manager—strong on sales—small market—100 miles from New York. Salary and commission.
Box 452E, B-T.

Manager-sales manager—midwest net affiliate.
small-medium market looking for good manager who can sell. Substantial income to right man.
Send photo, personal background and references. Confidential. Box 433E, B-T.

Wanted: An aggressive sales manager for 5-900 watt progressive independent in the southeast. The man we seek is a hard working "idea man." He will supervise a small sales staff, and will de- velop an aggressive selling campaign. A good amount of compensation is open, because we are looking for a "self starter" with imagination and a sense of responsibility.

Do You Know?

There are three roads that lead to station management:

1. Work your way up through the sales department by building a record of sales
   management while proving you are a "self-starter" with imagination and a
   sense of responsibility.

2. Buy a station.

3. Marry the Boss's daughter.

If you have a successful sales record and "roads" two and three are not open to you, we would like to get acquainted.

A letter outlining your background, sales record, and present earnings can be the turning point in your career. You may be ready for a better sales position or management responsibility.

We are also looking for young men with imagination and character, who know programming and the techniques of successful radio TV air selling. If the station with which you are now af- filiated will not give you an opportunity to sell, we may be able to start you on "road" one to management by place-
ment in your first sales position.

WE ARE ALWAYS SEEKING WELL QUALIFIED PLACEMENT CLIENTS OF GOOD CHARACTER FOR ALL EXECUTIVE AND STAFF POSITIONS AT TV AND RADIO STATIONS.

BROADCASTERS EXECUTIVE PLACEMENT SERVICE, INC.

708 Bond Bldg., Washington 5, D.C.
**RADIO**

**Help Wanted—(Cont’d)**

WEOL, Elyria, Ohio seeks first class licensed man experienced in operation maintenance 75-15m CW, TV & AM-FM. 24 hour station. 171.2 mc, 224 mc, studio maintenance, no announcings. 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM. Experience preferred. Contact Harold Kane.

Chief engineer—announcer for 250 watt going to 5 kw soon. Must be able to install and maintain transmission facilities. Part-time work. Salary $350.00

**Situation Wanted—(Cont’d)**

**Announcers**

Attention California—Experienced announcer-engineer. Presently employed 1 kw net. Family man. Box 3138, E-B, B.T.


Top DJ-announcer. Just left 5000 watt southwestern indies. Desire permanent relocation. Box 3541, E-B, B.T.

Announcer, versatile. DJ. News, three college years. $100 a week. Box 3636, E-B, B.T.

For Florida. All-round announcer. Ten years radio as DJ, morning man, sports director. Three years experience program director. Presently employed. Box 3638, E-B, B.T.

Staff announcer. Married, veteran, recently broadcast school graduate. Knowledge all phases. Will travel. Box 4600, E-B, B.T.


Help! Asthma about to kill me. Wheel! Doctor orders high permanent change. Wheel! Currently in two million population. Cough! Number one skin disease. Personality in area. Spitting! One of the so called "big" record splin of the country. Choke! Best sales record and personality. Any price and any place! I’m desperate. Available now. Please somebody help! Box 4200, E-B, B.T.

Newman-announcer. Top market eastern full-time, relocate west coast—California. Experience, complete resume, photo, details, request. Write Box 4242, E-B, B.T.

Completing 5th year of play-by-play. Desire larger market for year round sports of any nature. Announce teams, sports director, or program director. Box 4272, E-B, B.T.


**Situation Wanted**


Sports—experienced all phases play-by-play basketball, baseball, football. Responsible, married. $15. Currently employed, wish to relocate up north. Can furnish details, tape and references on request. Box 4640, E-B, B.T.

**TELEVISION**

**Help Wanted—(Cont’d)**

Announcers

TV announcer wanted by Iowa vhf. Largest coverage in state. Full color booth and on-camera. Apply immediately. Box 3652, E-B, B.T.

New station on Channel 10 in Eldorado, Arkansas, has openings for experienced announcers. Call Union 3-3640 or write Box 751, Eldorado, Arkansas.

**Technical**

Has openings for transmission engineer, transistor maintenance engineer, studio engineer. Southern station. Prefer background and salary expected. Box 3171, E-B, B.T.

Southeastern vhf tv station has opening for first class engineer with tv experience. Complete qualifications, references, photograph and salary requirements. Box 4074, E-B, B.T.

Engineer—first phase—tv studio maintenance and operation experience in all phases. Also develop into assistant chief 20. Write KLX-TV, Twin Falls, Idaho. Experience and salary expected—first letter.

**RADIO & TELEVISION SALESemen**

**These Are Salaried Positions With Commission**

Here is an ideal opportunity for top radio and television salesmen to join a progressive AM-TV organization. You will receive NO Draws but instead be paid a straight salary, based on your experience, to start. You will also receive liberal commissions with your only limit being your ability to sell. We are located in a fine market, ideally located. These openings are brought about with our expansion program and are mainly for top-rated men. If you are interested, write or wire all details to:

**Box 4125**

Broadcasting • Telecasting

November 14, 1955 • Page 119
TELEVISION

Situations Wanted

Managerial

Nation's best general manager—radio or television. Experienced in national and local sales, engineering, personnel, production and programming. Well-known throughout the industry, available at once. Box 685C, B-T.

Tv-radio manager desires change. Unusual sales, production, record tough metropolitan network markets. Top film buyer, 15 years experience. West, southwest preferred. Box 428E, B-T.

Technical

Television studio technician—maintenance and operation, also radio transmitter—directional antenna experience. First phone, draft exempt. Single, car. Box 392E, B-T.

Chief engineer for your future consideration. Now assistant chief of large vhf with all responsibilities of chief. Board experience all phases planning, construction and operation of tv-am-fm. Offer proven ability to right station. Many years with present station, but no room for advancement. Box 432E, B-T.

Tv engineer, 6 years experience. 2 DuMont studio xmr, 4 RCA studio—3 at key network station. Box 433E, B-T.

Programming—Production, Others

16 years experience includes selling, creating, writing, producing, directing, film, announcing and executive. Would like to "stick with" experience. Surely, some station, network, agency, package, or sponsor has need. Box 905E, B-T.

Tv director-announcer. Vet 6 years radio-tv experience. Family. Box 444E, B-T.

Realistic, budgeted programming for medium tv market. All phases of live production and commercial film background. Industry references. Married—vet. Box 456E, B-T.

FOR SALE—(Cont'd)

Stations


Central south, single station market, priced at costs, includes land and building, plus modest amount for organization and construction. Paul H. Chapman, 84 Peachtree, Atlanta.

Kentucky secondary market station, Profitable. $25,000, half on terms. Paul H. Chapman, 84 Peachtree, Atlanta.

Southeastern metropolitan market, major network affiliate, grossing over $100,000, priced $125,000. Terms. Paul H. Chapman, 84 Peachtree, Atlanta.


Money maker in middle south, single station market with over $15,000,000 retail sales. Price $45,000. Substantial cash required. Paul H. Chapman, 84 Peachtree, Atlanta.

Have many profitable southeast radio and tv. J. T. Snowden, Box 159, Augusta, Ga.

Equipment

Excess stock of first class, unused, air-cooled and water-cooled broadcast tubes. Will quote on type. Satisfaction guaranteed. Box 482E, B-T.

Fm transmitter for sale—RCA 3kw. Used three years, good condition, less tubes. A little work and you will have a high quality rig at low cost. Submit bid to Box 476C, B-T.

GE TV-13-C. 3 bay low channel antenna. Tuned to channel 4 is suitable for 4, 5 and 6. Antenna in service 1 year, replaced for full power. In suitably as standy or for low to medium power. Crated ready for shipping f.o.b. Harlingen. $3,500. Chief Engineer, KGGB-TV, Harlingen, Texas.

1 RCA TP-16 film projector, $2500.00 1 RCA TK 2i miconoscope film camera less power supplies, $750.00. 8 TA hi-intensity fluorescent studio lights, $90.00 each. WHIO, Dayton, Ohio.

FOR SALE—(Cont'd)

Equipment

For sale: RCA 250 watt transmitter, model 250G. In good operating condition and meets FCC specs. Complete with tubes less 12100 and crystals, $490.00 plus transportation. Ideal Condor rig. KIRG, Sioux Falli, S. D. Telephone 4-5571.

For sale: One Fairchild 524 turntable with RCA universal pickup. Case somewhat battered, mechanically excellent. Price $375.00. Also one minitape recorder and charger. Perfect condition $250.00. Inquire Radio Station WHVR, Box 608, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

WANTED TO BUY

Stations

We are principals and want to deal with principals only for a station with annual net income in excess of $25,000 after taxes. All replies confidential. Box 790C, B-T.

Experienced operator wants station in major market. Profitable operation unimportant; price must be right. Give complete details. Box 383E, B-T.


Individual investor will trade highly desirable Rio Grande Valley property for radio station in good market area. Prefer Oklahoma, Texas, Arkansas, Kansas, Louisiana. Must be sound $90,000 to $160,000 value and stand investigation. All replies acknowledged. B. M. Grotkop, 106 N. E. 2nd St., Oklahoma City.

Equipment

We buy all types of radio broadcasting and tv transmitting tubes. Dispose of your obsolete or excess stock. Also want all types of low power broadcasting equipment. Must be complete. Highest prices paid. Box 392E, B-T.

ACTION!

THAT'S WHAT YOU GET WHEN YOU CALL JOHN BIRREL AT NORTHWEST WITH YOUR TV PERSONNEL NEED. WIRE OR CALL COLLECT TODAY.

SUBSCRIBER NARTB
RADIO
Help Wanted
Announcers

Experienced Announcers Needed For
Birmingham, Ala. & Norfolk, Va.

Only experienced and proven ability considered. Excellent earning potential. Good salary plus talent. Good disc jockeys with news and staff experience desired. Send resume, photo and tape to John E. Miller, Program Director, WTOP, Winston- Salem, N. C.

Situations Wanted

SALES
TV or RADIO

I sell, I'm a gal who sells on air and off air. For eight years I have been active in a major eastern market, and I mean active. An hour a day as a star talent on a network TV station. Switched to time sales on a top notch independent radio station, where I bill close to $5,000 a month. I now want a warmer climate for myself and my nine-year-old daughter. I must earn $150 a week and would like to double in air work and sales, but predominately sales. My present employers know of this ad and I have their blessing. Box 457E, B-T

TELEVISION
HELP WANTED

UNUSUAL TV SALES OPPORTUNITY

We need on aggressive television time salesman to join one of America's most respected tv, radio and publishing operations. If you're a radio or tv time salesman, stymied in a situation where your ambition, drive and creative sales ability aren't allowed free rein, here's the opportunity for a connection where your talents will be appreciated and rewarded. You'll work in a position with budget of $100,000 on an attractive commission arrangement. Opportunity for substantial earnings plus unusually liberal insurance and retirement benefits. If you want to grow with a head-up tv operation (vhf-cbs) write us your background and qualifications immediately. Box 312E, B-T

FOR THE RECORD

(Continues from page 116)

KJR Seattle, Wash., and has been granted licenses of KNMO Hannibal, Mo. (see above). Principals include Lincolm Butler, 100% owner KWOA-AM-FM Sacramento and applicant for new tv at Redding, Calif. Granted Nov. 9.

KXOA Clarksville, Tex.-Application for assignment of license to Campbell & Sheftall reurned by FCC. Filed on wrong form. Returned Nov. 9.

KDFL Falfurrias, Tex.-Granted assignment of license to Radio Station KDFL Ltd. for $50,000. Principals are J. W. Stewart, supermarket owner, and Bob B. Bliss, general manager KYOU Uvalde, Tex. Granted Nov. 9.

KGVL Greenville, Tex.-Granted assignment of license to Radio Station KGVL Inc. Trustee Kinney, station owner, assigned 10% control with 10% going to station manager Lee Haukeby for $5,000. Mrs. Kinney will own remaining 1%. Granted Nov. 9.

APPLICATIONS

KDON Salinas, Calif.-Seeks assignment of license to Frank Oxsart, Inc. for $15,000 plus additional cost of some prepaId items. etc. Principals are Pres. Frank Oxsart (50%), 20% owner of KVOA-AM-TV Tucson, Ariz., and 25% owner KRRD-AM-FM Los Angeles, Vice Pres. Lucile Oxsart (no stock), officer in applicant's holdings, and Sec.-Treas. John D. Feldman Jr. (50%), radio-producer Feldman Inc. Nov. 4.

KOLN-TV Lincoln, Neb.-Seeks transfer of control from General Electric Radio & Television Corp., a subsidiary of Petzer Besty, Co. to John E. Petzer for $35,000 cash plus assumption of $35,000 in liabilities. Mr. Petzer owns 51% of Petzer Besty. Co. and will own all of KOLN-TV. Filed Nov. 9.

WJZ New York, N. Y.-Seeks transfer of license to control of DuMont Corp. from Allen B. DuMont Labs. Inc. to common stockholders. Largest single owner is

FOR SALE

TOWER & ANTENNA
Blau-Knox tower, self-supporting, type 40, 287 feet, complete with lighting equipment.

GE 8-bay turnstile antenna, Channel 12, 50 kw rating.

GE 50 kw diplexer.

Andrew transmission line, 3½ inch, 50 kw, 50 feet, with hangars.

Contact Phil Hedrick, WJSJ, Television, Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

INSTRUCTION

FCC 1st PHONE LICENSES IN 5 TO 6 WEEKS

WILLIAM B. OGDEN—10th Year 1150 W. Olive Ave. Burbank, Calif.

Reservations Necessary All Classes—Over 1700 Successful Students

ANNOUNCER—FIRST PHONE

Emphasis announcer. For Daytimer Direction into Corpus Christi. Afternoon shift, Pop Music—News Format in no snow, vacation, hunting, fishing area, $70.00 up depending upon experience. Prefer paying $80.00 or more to start. Send tape, resume AND phone Collect NOW. Corpus Christi. Tu 4-1580. Tom Fleet, Radio KANN, Sinton-Corpus Christi, Texas.

MICROSEX 1955

Attention—Program Directors Highlight your program with "VIOLETS FOR CHRISTMAS" Professional copies available Topik Tunes, 631 Knowles, Royal Oak, Mich.
TOWARD SETTING RULES OF KSDA

Meetings and will be held 49th rule.

NEW YORK BROADCASTING AND TELEVISION STATIONS

32 of new service.

LEGISLATIVE HEARINGS

Hearing examiner.

FCC

and Washington, D.C.

NAME

ADDRESS

BROADCASTING & TELECASTING

THE WEEKLY NEWSLETTER OF RADIO AND TELEVISION

1735 De Sales Street, N.W., Washington 6, D. C.

PLEASE START MY SUBSCRIPTION WITH THE NEXT ISSUE.

I've checked service desired.

52 weekly issues of BROADCASTING & TELECASTING $7.00

Enclosed

52 weekly issues and BROADCASTING Yearbook-Marketbook $9.00

Bill

52 weekly issues and both Yearbook-Marketbooks $11.00

name

title/position

city

tone

STATE

Send please to home address —

SRA


Renewal of License

WMTJ-TV Milwaukee, Wis.

November 4 Applications

ACCEPTED FOR FILING

Modification of CP

KPMC Rakestraw, D.J. (as mod. of cp) (as mod. which authorized new make and gave the exchange for extension of completion date)

KWIT-AM Omaha, Nebr. (as mod. of cp which authorized change of new station) to extend completion date to June 1956.

WBEW-AM Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (as mod. of cp which authorized new station) to extend completion date to June 1956.

WFTV (TV) Wichita, Kan. (as mod. of cp which authorized new station) to extend completion date.

License to Cover CP

KWTV (TV) Dallas, Tex. (as mod. of cp which authorized new station) to extend completion date.

Licenses to cover cp (as mod.) which authorized new station.

Renewal of License

WKEI Rewean, Ill.

November 7 Decisions

ACTIONS ON MOTIONS

By Commission.

KNAC-TV American Television Co., Southwestern Pub. Co., Fort Smith, Ark. (as mod. of cp which authorized new station) to file reply briefs to exceptions to initial decision.

By Hearing Examiner Herbert Shafman

WNEA Cheektowaga, N. Y. (as mod. of cp which authorized new station) to extend completion date to January 1, 1956.

By Hearing Examiner Anne Neal. Hunt.

WBCS Mercey, Co., Trenton, N. J. (as mod. of cp which authorized new station) to extend completion date to January 1, 1956.

By Hearing Examiner Basi P. Cooper

Connecticut — Issued order to govern court order to deny application for renewal of license of the station.

By Hearing Examiner Alfred F. Hunt.

Cerrillos Best, Co., Signal Hill, Calif. (as mod. of cp which authorized new station) to file reply briefs to exceptions to initial decision.

By Hearing Examiner Hugh B. Hutchison

WJO Ames, Iowa. — Ordered further hearing on November 29 to be held.

By Hearing Examiner H. Gifford Iron

WITF New Brunswick, N. J. (of cp) on November 29 to be held.

Other Actions

WAVZ New Haven, Conn. (Nov. 3, 1956) on report of Broadcasting Bureau, text for approval of five new television stations.

Radio Herkimer, Herkimer, N. Y., WHRM Fort Worth, Tex., WBBM Chicago, Ill., for new television stations.

Hearing Examiner Arthur P. Cooper.

INITIAL DECISIONS

November 3 amendments.

By Hearing Examiner Richard P. Cooper

KPLN Camden, Ark. (as mod. of cp) to extend completion date to January 1, 1956.

By Hearing Examiner Elizabeth C. Smith

KPLN Camden, Ark. (as mod. of cp) to extend completion date to January 1, 1956.

By Hearing Examiner Arthur P. Cooper.

KPLN Camden, Ark. (as mod. of cp) to extend completion date to January 1, 1956.

By Hearing Examiner Richard P. Cooper.

KPLN Camden, Ark. (as mod. of cp) to extend completion date to January 1, 1956.

By Hearing Examiner Elizabeth C. Smith.

KPLN Camden, Ark. (as mod. of cp) to extend completion date to January 1, 1956.

By Hearing Examiner Richard P. Cooper.
November 7 Applications

ACCEPTED FOR FILING

KWMI Waterloo, Iowa.—Seeks mod. of cp (which authorized power for new station) for extension of completion date. Remote Control.

KXOL Fort Worth, Tex.

WCPO-FM Cincinnati, Ohio.

Renewal of License

WTKM Marion, Ill.—Seeks mod. of cp (which authorized power for new station) for extension of completion date. Remote Control.

Modification of Cps

WNBE-TV Seeks renewal of cp authorized mod. of cp for extension to April 9, 1956, to complete construction of new tv station and dismissed Oct. 26 petition. L. P. Corp. seeking to vacate WNBE-TV’s cp and dismiss extension of completion date.

WJAR -TV Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station.


November 9 Applications

ACCEPTED FOR FILING

License to Cover Cps

KLEF Goldsboro, N. C.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station.

WLMP Milwaukee, Wis.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station. Specify studio locations and changes in system by remote control.

KTUQ Rust, Tex.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station.

WPTC Philadelphia, Pa.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station.

WJHN South Bend, Ind.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station.

WAIT Allentown, Pa.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized changes in existing tv station.

November 8 Applications

ACCEPTED FOR FILING

Remote Control

KWWU Alma, Okla.

WGGO Goldsboro, N. C.—Application for license to cover cp which authorized new tv station is returned. Reversion to application dated after verification of Sec. 1.

KCHA Madison, Wis.—Seeks renewal of license.

KSHA Madison, Wis.—Application for renewal of license is returned.

KCHAR Elgin, Ill.—Seeks renewal of license.

KCON Charleston, S. C.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station.

KELF-AM Jackson, Miss.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station.

KWYJ Philadelphia, Pa.—Seeks license to cover cp which authorized new tv station.

November 9 Decisions

BROADCAST ACTIONS

KFIK Fond du Lac, Wis.; WAAF Chicago.


Radio Station and Newspaper Appraisals

Radio Station and Newspaper Appraisals

Tax, estate and many other personal problems create the need for an independent appraisal. Extensive experience and a national organization enable Blackburn-Hamilton Company to make accurate, authoritative appraisals in minimum time.

Negotiations • Financing • Appraisals

BLACKBURN - HAMILTON COMPANY

RADIO-TELEVISION BROKERS

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Rabalais, W. W.

CHICAGO

Ray W. Hamilton

Rabalais, W. W.

SAN FRANCISCO

Clay R. Marshall

Rabalais, W. W.

Washington Bldg.

Trinette Bldg.

111 Sutter St.

1777 California St.

1-3-1-4-1

7th St.

3-4-3-4-1-2

15-17 Dallas

Broadcasting • Telecasting

November 14, 1955 • Page 123
Losing Amateur Standing

W ithout considering what difficulties, if any, were invited by KRNT-TV Des Moines when it decided to telescast the Nov. 5 Iowa-Minnesota football game against the rules of the National Collegiate Athletic Assn., we suggest that the forbidden telescast served at least one good purpose.

It emphasized the feudalistic nature of the monopoly which the NCAA is operating in college football television.

As reported elsewhere in this issue, NCAA rules forbid the Des Moines station to telescast the Iowa-Minnesota game, which was being fed to other CBS stations, because of another game between Iowa State and Nebraska being played within KRNT-TV's viewing area.

In defiance of the rule, KRNT-TV picked the Iowa-Minnesota game off the CBS line. The action creates an interesting question as to whether CBS, as a party to a contract with the NCAA, is responsible for the observance of that contract by its affiliates. But that question is not for us to answer. Indeed it would be a pity if consideration of that and other questions in this single case were allowed to obscure the infinitely bigger question of how long the NCAA will be permitted to continue its restrictive football policy.

The longer the policy lasts the more evident it is that the NCAA is corrupting an amateur sport with the rankest kind of commercialism.

Push-Button Ratings?

T here may be more than meets the eye in the intriguing project of TelePrompTer Corp. to establish a nationwide telegraphic network to serve the broadcast media with a traffic control system which would reduce transmission time from hours to minutes and also cut costs.

If the plan, as outlined to the FCC, works as its entrepreneurs predict, the ultimate by-products could surpass the main function in usefulness to the buyers and sellers of broadcast advertising. One of the problems that has beset the buyer has been time clearance. The TelePrompTer project, according to President Irving B. Kahn, would take care of that neatly by almost instantaneous interchange of information, along with transmission of program changes, cueing, features, advertising copy and outage reports to networks.

Even more thought-provoking is the comment that the "network" also "will provide statistical information not now readily available . . . to augment material now employed by agency timebuyers in their selection of facilities." Could this be an automation development whereby, through use of push-buttons and calculating machines, the advertiser could learn in minutes just how many sets were tuned to his program? The FCC was told that a kind of "program rating service" could be performed. Therein may lie the eventual answer to broadcasting's biggest controversy.

The plan is to make the project operative in about six months, with an original facility cost of $5 million. There are lots of folks among advertisers, agencies, stations, station representatives and the networks who will be watching with avid interest.

Where to Start the Cure

T he present Congressional investigation of government secrecy can, if properly managed, result in arresting if not reversing an alarming trend toward suppression of information at the source.

This suppression takes many forms and affects all news media. Needless to say the ultimate harm is to the public which has a right to know what its government is doing and can exercise that right only if it pays attention to news media and only if the media are able to find out what the government is doing.

The fight against suppression is everybody's fight. But in one respect it is an especially difficult fight for the two newest (and newsiest) news media, radio and TV. They are being locked out of places to which other news agencies are admitted. They are being doubly suppressed.

Among 13 journalists who testified before the committee last Monday was Theodore F. Koop, director of CBS news and public affairs in Washington, representing radio-tv. Mr. Koop pointedly summarized the problems of those media in these words: "... The biggest setback to radio and television news coverage of the federal government this last year has come from the House of Representatives itself. As you know, Speaker Rayburn held that under House rules only pencil and paper reporters can have access to House committee hearings. The [Radio-Television News Directors Assn.] and other broadcasting organizations protested this discrimination to no avail. We have even been denied permission to record or televisé this hearing. I cannot help but call to mind the old proverb, 'Physician, heal thyself.'"

The subcommittee's investigation would look more promising if it took Mr. Koop's advice.

We'll Sit This One Out

A ll advertising media have cooperated wholeheartedly with the government in providing free time and space for public service campaigns. One of the most meritorious, and most successful, has been the U. S. Savings Bond drive, continuing from the "War Bond" days. The Advertising Council, representing all branches of advertising, without expense to Uncle Sam, continues to perform commendable service in coordinating these campaigns equitably.

Secretary of the Treasury Humphrey is quoted in the November Savings Bond solicitation letter as saying that the tremendous success of this bond drive (over $5 billion per year in public sales) comes about through voluntary cooperation. He pointed out that magazine publishers (that's how we got this letter) contribute millions of dollars worth of space each year.

No doubt that is so. We, along with many other publications, carry these public service ads, just as billions of listener impressions are made each year by the broadcast media in time contributions. All this is premised upon the effectiveness of advertising.

We were prepared, as always, to okay the November full page after reading the Treasury's form letter. Then we eyed the proof. Looking at us was a half-page picture of the chairman and president of the Hershey Chocolate Corp., at his desk, with a big Hershey bar propped up in full display at his elbow. The headline read: "Hershey Employees cited for Payroll Savings Plan."

The stock credit line at the bottom read: "The United States Government does not pay for this advertising. The Treasury Department thanks, for their patriotic donation, the Advertising Council and . . . [then you're supposed to fill in your publication's name]."

The irony of this is that Hershey buys no advertising, and never has. Why should it be given free space or time to the detriment of competitors who pay for their advertising and thus help make possible these public service contributions?

If the Advertising Council and Secretary Humphrey don't mind, we'll sit this one out. (We'll be glad to run two next month, if the folks involved believe in advertising.)

"Don't try anything fancy over airports . . . remember what happened to Godfrey!"
NOW FULL POWER!

KSLA

LOWEST COST PER THOUSAND

...because present low rates are in effect for established clients through June 1956!

CBS-ABC NETWORK SHOWS

Sure-fire attractions to draw this huge new audience to KSLA's top-notch local programming.

23 MONTHS ON THE AIR

Shreveport's only experienced television staff, with 23 months of telecasting to its credit.

BUSINESS IS GOOD in the rich ARK-LA-TEX MARKET...

More people with a higher spendable income! Over $203 million in grocery sales, $77 million in drug sales, $336 million in automotive sales. 77,390 farms with a gross income of $171,155,000.

...and now, great new 48-COUNTY—3-STATE COVERAGE!

KSLA'S

Population 1,178,450
Households 311,235
Shreveport Mkt. Circ. 150,830*
Spending Income $1,275,069,000
Income per household 3,411
Retail Sales $ 876,193,000

Source: SRDS 1955 Consumer Markets *TELEVISION MAGAZINE

PAUL H. RAYMER COMPANY, INC. National Representatives

New York - Atlanta - Detroit - San Francisco - Hollywood - Dallas - Chicago

FiRST IN SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

KSLA

CHANNEL 12

Affiliated with CBS and ABC
Here's why Kansas City is swinging to

"BIG-TIME" DAYTIME
ON CHANNEL 9
KMBC-TV

Kansas City daytime television has gone "Big Time" in a big way! With a schedule that is tailored to the tastes of the stay-at-home audience, KMBC-TV has introduced fresh, daring new program ideas that have revitalized viewing and have made daytime hours more highly productive for advertisers.

With this new format of daytime entertainment, KMBC has developed a versatile handling of commercials that answers every sponsor demand. Full sponsorship of syndicated station-produced shows or fine syndicated film shows; filmed minute-participations; live commercials; demonstrations; sampling; audience-participation testimonials; station-breaks; IDs — you name it, we'll deliver it! Ask your Free & Peters Colonel for the new schedules of Kansas City's most dynamic TV station.

DON DAVIS, First Vice President
JOHN SCHILLING, Vice Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
GEORGE HIGGINS, Vice Pres. & Sales Mgr.
MORI GREINER, Director of Television

3:35 P.M. NEWS & WEATHER-A late-morn summary of news and weather plus the greates new and biggest TV News Bureau. Delivered by Hollie Schuman, KMBC City's undisputed No. 1 TV newscaster.

WATCH THE BIRDIE--Paul Nettleshot plus over 100,000,000 comic strips on the geography, science and storyboarding. DUBS are answered by telephone. Daily is Highly Merchandisable.

OOLY MOUSE CLUB—The hit new daily production in Kansas City, audiences offer same-day buy. The sneakiest, biggest, broadest TV show. Delivered by Hollie Schuman, KMBC City's undisputed No. 1 TV newscaster.

NOON--This full-hour variety show features Encore Revue with Bing Crosby, the famous Damon and J.J. Young; J.J. Young Jr.; and the famed Texan Rogers. Harry Zeita of the Kansas City Journal and Free & Peters Colonel. Live studio audience.

BANDSTAND--Encore John Bilyeu shares the stage with dancers and singers from the Big Bands in the Channel 9 area. Free & Peters Colonel. Live studio audience.

A CAFE--Encore John Bilyeu shares the stage with dancers and singers from the Big Bands in the Channel 9 area. Free & Peters Colonel. Live studio audience.

STORY THEATRE—Television demands its first syndicated films, with well-known Broadway and Hollywood stars, each half hour complete in itself. Live down and videos from studio, with pres. Announcer Jim Lantz.

WHIZZO'S WONDERLAND—A wonderland of fun, with the famous "Little Rascals" (Our Gang) comedies and producer Walter Lantz's popular feature. Aates each half hour, complete in itself. Live down and videos from studio, with pres. Announcer Jim Lantz.

ACADEMY MOVIE—Highest grossing entertainers with top-notch feature film, motion picture features of the highest appeal to viewers; stories of romance, comedy, drama, mystery, adventure.

MORI GREINER

GEORGE HIGGINS

JOHN SCHILLING

Vice President

Director of Television

FREE & PETERS, INC.
Television National Representatives

JACKIE TAYLOR'S MOVIE--A fine, feature-length Wood film, few each day, with Jim T. Taylor. All films are produced from KMBC at a studio audience.