QEI MODEL 695 FM BROADCAST EXCITER INSTRUCTION MANUAL



ちち

QEI MODEL 695 FM BROADCAST EXCITER INSTRUCTION MANUAL

.

الراهي

QEI CORPORATION ONE AIRPORT DR. P. O. BOX 805 WILLIAMSTOWN, NJ 08094 (856)728-2020

REV. 7/94

.

World Radio History

WARRANTY STATEMENT

All equipment designed and manufactured by QEI Corporation is warranted against defects in workmanship and material that develop under normal use within a period of one (1) year from the date of original shipment subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- 1. The purchaser is not in default under his contract of purchase.
- 2. The sole responsibility of QEI Corporation for any equipment not conforming to this warranty shall be, at QEI's option:
 - (a) To repair or replace such equipment or otherwise cause it to meet the represented specifications either at the purchaser's installation or upon return thereof F.O.B. Williamstown, New Jersey, as directed by QEI Corporation; or
 - (b) To demonstrate that the equipment has no defect in workmanship or material and that it meets the represented specifications, in which event all expenses reasonably incurred by QEI Corporation in so demonstrating including but not limited to cost of travel to and from the purchaser's installation, and subsistence, shall be paid by purchaser to QEI Corporation.
- 3. In case of any equipment thought to be defective, the purchaser must, within seven (7) days notify QEI Corporation, in writing, giving full particulars as to the defects. Upon receipt of such notice, QEI Corporation will give instructions respecting the shipment of the equipment, or such other manner as it elects to service this warranty as above provided.
- 4. Equipment shall not be deemed to be defective if, after examination by QEI Corporation, the equipment evidences damage from moisture, temperature, lightning, improper handling, installation, operation, accident, or abuse.
- 5. Equipment, accessories, tubes, and batteries not manufactured by QEI Corporation are subject to only such adjustments as QEI Corporation my obtain from the supplier thereof.
- 6. This warranty extends only to the original purchaser and is not assignable or transferable.
- 7. QEI Corporation further guarantees that any radio transmitter described herein will deliver specified radio frequency power output at the antenna lead when connected to a suitable load, but such guarantee shall not be construed as a guarantee of any definite coverage or range of said apparatus.
- 8. NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OF IMPLIED INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE SHALL BE APPLICABLE TO ANY EQUIPMENT SOLD BY QEI CORPORATION, AND NO REPRESENTATIVE OR OTHER PERSON IS AUTHORIZED BY QEI CORPORATION TO ASSUME FOR IT ANY LIABILITY OR OBLIGATION WITH RESPECT TO THE CONDITION OR PERFORMANCE OF ANY EQUIPMENT SOLD BY IT, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THIS WARRANTY. THIS WARRANTY PROVIDES FOR THE SOLE RIGHT AND REMEDY OF THE PURCHASE AND QEI CORPORATION SHALL IN NO EVENT HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR FOR LOSS, DAMAGE, OR EXPENSE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ARISING FROM THE USE OF THE EQUIPMENT PURCHASED FROM QEI CORPORATION.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION	1	GENERAL INFORMATION
	1 - 1 1 - 2 1 - 3 1 - 4	Description Electrical Specifications Mechanical Specifications Equipment Identification
SECTION	2	INSTALLATION
	2 - 1 2 - 2 2 - 3 2 - 4	Initial Inspection Preparation for Use Electrical Connections Repacking for Shipment
SECTION	3	OPERATION
	3 - 1 3 - 2 3 - 3 3 - 4	Controls and Indicators (Front Panel) Controls (Rear Panel) Initial Operation Normal Operation
SECTION	4	THEORY OF OPERATION
	4 - 1 4 - 2	General Automatic Modulation Control
SECTION	5	ALIGNMENT
	5 - 1 5 - 2 5 - 3 5 - 4 5 - 5 5 - 6 5 - 7	Equipment Required but Not Supplied A2 PLL & Modulation Control A3 Display & Interface (Initial Set Up) A4 Receiver & Log Amp (Initial Set Up) A5 Automod & Bar Graph Driver Final Automod and Receiver Set Up Frequency Programming
SECTION	6	PARTS LISTS
SECTION	7	SCHEMATICS

SECTION 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1-1 DESCRIPTION

The QEI Type 695 FM Exciter is an all solid state, on carrier direct FM, phase locked, synthesized exciter designed to exceed the FCC requirements for use in the FM broadcast band (87.9 to 107.9 Mhz). The Exciter also features extensive metering, a high quality demodulator, and a microprocessor controlled modulation controller that uses the actual RF peak deviation to set the audio input level to the FMO. The Power Amplifier is broadbanded across the entire FM band and is capable of withstanding any magnitude or phase of VSWR. Power output is adjustable from less than 5 to greater than 20 watts and the amplifier is unconditionally stable regardless of power output or VSWR.

The 695 Exciter is manufactured in a standard 5.25"(133.4mm) x 19"(482.6mm) rack mount and is convection cooled.

1-2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

General Performance

Power Output
Output Impedance
Output Connector'N' female
Frequency Range
Operating Temp. Range to +50 deg C
Frequency Stability
AM NoiseAt least -65 dBc
Incidental (Synchronous) AMAt least -60 dBc
Harmonic SuppressionAt least -80 dBc
Spurious SuppressionAt least -90 dBc
Type of Emission

Wideband (Composite) Performance

Intermodulation Distortion (60 Hz/ 7 KHz; 4:1)0.025%
Total Harmonic Distortion
Transient Intermod Distortion (TIM)0.025%
Frequency Response
Amplitude+ or - 0.01% (30 Hz to 53 KHz)
Phase+ or - 0.1 deg (30 Hz to 53 KHz)
Stereo Separation CapabilityAt least 60 dB
Crosstalk (Main to SCA)Better than -70dB
Crosstalk (SCA to Main)Better than -70dB
Input (1)
SCA Input (3)lVrms across 5K (10% Injection)

Monaural Performance

Features

Automatic Modulation Control Built in Demodulator Built in Spectrum Analyzer (requires ext. X-Y scope) Bar Graph Peak Modulation Display Eight Function Multimeter Six Function Fault Annunciator Incidental AM Detector Digital Peaks per Minute Display Bessel Function Calibrator

1-3 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions....5.25"(13.3cm)H x 19"(48.4cm)Wx 12"(31.5cm)D Net Weight.....32 lb (14.5 Kg) Packed Weight.....38 lb (17.3 Kg)

1-4 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

. - -

This equipment is identified by a Model number and a six digit serial number on the rear panel. All correspondence to your sales representative or the factory should reference the complete Model and Serial numbers.

4

SECTION 2

INSTALLATION

2-1 INITIAL INSPECTION

Check the shipping carton for external damage. If the carton exhibits evidence of abuse in handling (holes, broken corners etc.) ask the carrier agent to be present when the unit is unpacked. Carefully unpack the unit and inspect all equipment for physical damage. Immediately after unpacking, any bent or broken parts or scratches should be noted. Keep all packing material for proof of damage claim or possible future use.

2-2 PREPARATION FOR USE

The equipment is designed to be mounted in a standard 19"(48.4cm) rack. Air space should be provided above and below the equipment so that heat generated by the circuitry may be dissipated. Additional cooling must be provided if the ambient temperature exceeds 50 degrees C (122 F).

Mount the equipment to the rack using (4) #10 oval head screws and finishing washers.

The equipment requires a 105-125Vac or a 210-250Vac 50 or 60 Hz power source. A switch inside the power supply compartment is used to change the power transformer primary. Equipment shipped to the U.S. or Canada will have this switch in the 115Vac position.

2-3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Connect a suitable 50 ohm RF load to RF OUT jack J8 using a type N connector and RG-8/U or equivalent cable.

Connect the composite stereo signal from the stereo generator or composite STL receiver to J2. The grounding lug may be disconnected if required to eliminate a "ground loop". Place S1 MONO/COMP switch in COMP position for stereo. 3.5Vpp across 10K is required for 100% modulation.

Connect the mono audio line to TB1. The outside terminals are the balanced 600 ohm connections. The center terminal is grounded. Place S1 MONO/COMP switch in MONO position for mono. This input is pre-emphasized internally. +10dBm is required for 100% modulation.

Connect SCA signals to SCA jacks J3, J4 or J5. 1 Vrms across 5K is required for 10% injection.

Connect a coaxial jumper between DEMOD IN jack J6 and RF SAMPLE jack J7. Alternatively an RF sample between 1 and 5 Vrms from the transmitter output may be connected to DEMOD IN jack J6.

Connector J1 is the interface connection to QEI Microprocessor Diagnostic equipped Transmitters.

2-4 REPACKING FOR SHIPMENT

NOTE: Before returning a unit for repair or calibration, contact the factory or your authorized representative for a RETURN AUTHORIZATION. Attach a tag showing owner"s name and address. A description of the service required should also be included. UNIT MUST BE SHIPPED PREPAID AND INSURED FOR FULL VALUE. Use the original shipping carton and packing material for shipment. If these are not available, proceed as follows:

- A. Use a carton with a minimum strength of 250 lb.
- B. Be sure the carton is large enough so that there is at least 4 inches clearance on all sides of the equipment.
- C. Pack these 4 inches with extra firm polyurethane foam or equivalent. DO NOT USE NEWSPAPER OR FOAM "POPCORN" FOR PACKING. The vibration and shock of shipment make these materials unsuitable.
- D. Use heavy reinforced shipping tape to secure the outside of the carton.
- E. Use large FRAGILE labels on each surface.

.-...

6

SECTION 3

OPERATION

- 3-1 CONTROLS AND INDICATORS (Front Panel)
 - a)POWER switch--Push Button which controls AC power to the unit. Button is green when power is on.
 - b)CAL switch--Momentary push button used to verify calibration of modulation metering in the unit. Depressing this button removes thie program input from the FMO and substitutes a 32KHz sine wave. This frequency produces the first Bessel carrier null at 102.6% modulation. This corresponds to the CAL mark on the MULTIMETER.
 - c) PROGRAMMED FREQUENCY / 100% PEAKS PER MINUTE switch and display--Push-push switch and LED numeric display. When push button is out (black), Automatic Modulation Control is disabled and LED displays the channel frequency for which the unit is programmed. (NOTE: This indication is NOT an actual frequency count.) When push button is depressed (white), Automatic Modulation Control is enabled and LED indicates the number of 100% modulation peaks which have occurred. This indication resets to 0 once a minute, has a maximum count of 19 and flashes if the number of peaks exceeds 10 in any given minute. In keeping with the FCC's rules for ATS, one peak is counted for any modulation burst of 100% up to 5msec duration.
 - d) MULTIMETER switch and meter--8 position push button is used to select function displayed on meter. The color of the push button depressed corresponds to the scale color used on the meter for that function.

MOD(+).....Positive modulation MOD(-)....Negative modulation MOD(10%).....Modulation (13.3% FS) PA VOLTS.....Final Collector voltage PA AMPS.....Final Collector current IPA AMPS.....IPA Collector current RF FWD.....RF Output (100% = 20 W) RF REV.....Reflected power

- e) PWR--Screwdriver adjustment used to set RF power output.
- f) FREQ--Screwdriver adjustment used to set carrier frequency exactly. Range is approximately + or - 500 Hz.

7

3-1 CONTROL AND INDICATORS (continued)

- g) MOD CONTROL ON--Indicator lit when Automatic Modulation Control is in operation.
 - h) PEAK MODULATION--Bar graph display which shows actual demodulated modulation level (not just the audio input to the FMO). The bar segment indicating the highest peak stays illuminated until automatically reset once per minute. This feature allows easy determination of dynamic range and loudness.
 - i) Fault Annunciator -- Indicators lit under the following conditions:
 - MOD CONTROL FAULT....Lit if modulation exceeds 100% more than 10 times per minute for 3 consecutive minutes OR if modulation falls below a preset level for 3 consecutive minutes. This level is normally set at 85%. See section 5-5.
 - 2. AFC FAULT....Lit if any failure occurs in the frequency control circuitry.
 - 3. Vcc FAULT....Lit if Final Collector supply is out of tolerance.
 - 4. +12 FAULT....Lit if +12 supply is out of tolerance.
 - 5. -12 FAULT....Lit if -12 supply is out of tolerance.
 - 6. +5 FAULT....Lit if +5 supply is out of tolerance.
 - j) RF TEST--BNC jack used to measure incidental (synchronous) AM. Ratio of AC to DC at this jack indicates level of AM on carrier.
 - k) MODULATION TEST--BNC jacks used for audio measurements.
 - INPUT....Signal at this jack is the signal being fed to the FMD. This signal should be used as a reference. The OUT-WB signal will look substantially the same as the INPUT signal when the unit is operating properly.
 - 2. OUT WB....Signal at this jack is demodulated composite output of either the exciter or the transmitter depending upon the sample supplied to the DEMOD IN jack on the rear panel.
 - 3. OUT-DE....Signal at this jack is the same as OUT-WB except with 75 usec de-emphasis.

- 1) SPECTRUM ANALYZER--BNC Jacks used in conjunction with an X-Y Oscilloscope to generate a spectrum analyzer display. Connect the X jack to the scope horizontal input and the Y jack to the scope vertical input. Set the scope horizontal sensitivity to 0.5 volts/div and the vertical sensitivity to 0.2 volts/div. Insure that both scope inputs are DC coupled. The display generated will show the carrier frequency + or - approximately 120 KHz horizontally and approximately 10 dB per division vertically. This display can be used to show bandwidth occupied and Bessel nulls. Bessel functions can be used to accurately determine modulation levels. Information can be found in virtually any text on FM systems.
- 3-2 CONTROLS (Rear Panel)
 - a)MONO/COMP switch S1--Switch selects which input is fed to the FMO.
 - b) CLIP/OFF switch S2--Switch which controls built in composite clipper. Clipper is normally set to limit spikes to approximately 108%. See section 5-4 and 5-6.
- 3-3 INITIAL OPERATION

The input tuning of some transmitters can be mistuned to the point where the tube may oscillate. If this happens, enough power may be fed back into the exciter to destroy the output transistor. If there is any doubt concerning the stability of the transmitter, it is recommended that a 20 watt 3dB pad be inserted between the exciter and the transmitter.

A.Turn PWR adjustment full counterclockwise (minimum RF out).

- B.Insure that the unit is connected to a proper power source and that an appropriate RF load is connected to RF OUT jack J8. See Section 2-3.
- C.Depress POWER switch.
- D.Verify that all FAULT Indicators are extinguished.
- E.Depress RF REV Button.
- F.Slowly rotate PWR adjustment Clockwise while observing transmitter power output and exciter MULTIMETER. Tune the transmitter input for minimum RF REV indication on the MULTIMETER. Continue rotating the PWR adjustment until the exciter is supplying adequate RF drive to the transmitter.



3-4 NORMAL OPERATION

For normal operation, use PWR adjustment to set RF output to the level desired. Use FREQ adjustment to fine tune exciter to the exact carrier frequency using an external counter or frequency measuring service. It is suggested that modulation be removed while performing a frequency measurement with a digital counter. Counter must have a gate time of at least 4 seconds to obtain an accurate count when modulation is present. If FREQ adjustment can not bring the exciter exactly on frequency, see Section 5-2 for coarse adjustment.

It is suggested that MULTIMETER readings be observed and logged periodically.

The MOD(+) and MOD(-) positions of the MULTIMETER and the PEAK MODULATION Bar Graph may be used to determine accurate modulation levels. These indications are derived from an actual monitor grade wide band demodulator which receives its input from the RF output of the exciter or transmitter. NOTE: An RF sample must be connected to DEMOD IN jack J6 in order for the modulation indications to function.

Depressing the PROGRAMMED FREQUENCY / 100% PEAKS PER MIN-UTE switch will enable the Automatic Modulation Control feature. This feature uses the demodulated output to control the level of the composite signal fed to the FMO. A microprocessor algorithm is used which maintains 4 to 9 peaks of 100% modulation per minute even if the input signal to the exciter varies as much as plus or minus 3 dB. This is accomplished without affecting stereo pilot injection or phase. This feature will automatically adjust the composite signal to compensate for SCA injection. See Section 5-4 if you wish to take advantage of the 110% rule for SCA.

An internal Composite Clipper is included to limit overshoots to a specific level. See Section 5-6. The clip level is controlled by the microprocessor when in Automatic Modulation Control. CLIP / OFF switch S2 on the rear panel is used to defeat the clipping feature if desired.

THEORY OF OPERATION

4-1 GENERAL

The exciter circuitry is on six major subassemblies. A description of the functions contained on each of these follows.

a) A2 Phase Lock Loop & Modulation Control

This board contains the reference 8 MHz crystal oscillator, the reference divider, the programmable divider, phase detector and 2 stage loop filter which generates the AFC voltage for the FMO. It also contains the audio composite and SCA input amplifiers and summing networks, adigitally controlled electronic attenuator, and a composite clipper which sets the level of the modulating signal fed to the FMO.

b) A3 Display and Interface

This board contains the circuitry required to generate the various display and metering functions. It also supplies the diagnostic samples used with the QEI diagnostic equipped transmitters. In addition, it is used as a junction or "mother" board among the other subassemblies. The frequency programming plugs are also located on this board.

c) A4 Receiver and Log Amp

This board contains the crystal controlled precision wide band low noise demodulator and the circuitry required to generate the spectrum analyzer display outputs. It also contains the reference voltage generator for the composite clipper located on the A2 assembly.

d) A5 AUTOMOD and Bar Graph Driver

This board contains the microprocessor and peripheral circuitry which drives the electronic attenuator on the A2 assembly and the Peak Modulation Bar Graph on the A3 assembly.

e) A6 FMO and Buffer Amplifier

This board contains the sealed FMO and a broadband RF amplifier which drives the RF power amplifier.

f) A7 RF Power Amplifier

This assembly contains the IPA and PA stages. They are broadbanded and require no tuning to cover the entire FM band. Power output is in excess of 20 watts.

4-2 AUTOMATIC MODULATION CONTROL

There are two versions of the Automatic Modulation Control software available:

A. The first (standard) version controls the modulation fed to the composite input connector or alternately the monaural input on the rear of the exciter over a +/- 5dB range.

The control is set for expansion (gain increase) over a total of 256 equal steps at the rate of 2 steps/second.

When the internal receiver / detector senses a modulation peak at or in excess of the 100% modulation setpoint, the gain is set back by 8 steps for a gain reduction of approximately 1/3dB.

B. The second (Classical) version controls the modulation fed to the composite input connector or alternately the monaural input on the rear of the exciter over a +/- 2.5dB range.

The control is set for expansion (gain increase) over a total of 256 equal steps at the rate of 1 step/second.

When the internal receiver / detector senses a modulation peak at or in excess of the 100% modulation setpoint, the gain is set back by 8 steps for a gain reduction of approximately 1/6dB.

The modulation control circuitry in the QEI 695 Exciter is designed to control the stereo modulating signal without variations in the level of the 19KHz pilot signal. The insertion of subcarrier signals connected to any of the three subcarrier input connectors on the exciter is after the modulation control circuitry. The composite input circuitry is designed for differential operation and a wide input frequency response. In the case where a composite baseband signal (including SCA Subcarriers) is fed into the composite input of the exciter, the level of the subcarrier injection will vary with the action of the exciter to control total modulation.

Automatic Modulation Control within the exciter is enabled by one of two means. It may be enabled at the exciter by means of the "Prog Fcy / 100% PPM" button on the front of the exciter. It may also be controlled remotely by the optional transmitter control package. If it is enabled (on) locally, it will not be overridden (off) remotely. If it is not enabled at the exciter, it may be controlled (on/off) from the remote terminal.



The modulation level is controlled by varying the gain of U19 on the PLL and MOD CONTROL ASSY (A2) of the exciter. The gain of the amplifier is controlled by the action of the analog switches U20, U21 (DG-202's). These switches are controlled by the data lines DO-D7 which originate at U11 (74LS374) on the AUTOMOD (A5) assembly. Nine resistors connect to the inverting input of U19. One of the resistors (R44, 2.49K) is used as part of the feedback circuit for this amplifier. This resistor (R44) is connected to R68 & R69. R68 (620 ohm) is an amplifier buildout resistor and R69 (1K ohm) provides isolation from the FMO audio input line. An absolute peak clipper circuit is also connected to this junction.

The other end of each of the remaining (eight) resistors used to control the gain of U19 connect to one of the individual analog switches in U20 or U21. The other end of the analog switches connect to a ground reference point. In this circuit, however, the reference point is one end of a tuned circuit consisting of L1,C23 tuned to 19,000Hz. The other end of this tuned circuit is connected to circuit common. The tuned circuit provides a high impedance at 19KHz and a (near) short at all other frequencies. This has the effect of providing a fixed gain at 19KHz with the ability to vary (control) the gain at all other frequencies. The fixed gain at 19KHz is relatively low. The gain at the other frequencies is much higher. The circuit compensates for this by making this same point the reference for resistive divider on the input signal. At 19KHz, the signal on the non-inverting input to U19 is higher than at all other frequencies. This is due to the added impedance of the tuned circuit shifting the value of the divider at 19KHz.

The 19KHz tuned circuit MUST be adjusted for best 38KHz phase response through the exciter.

The input circuit is a differentially connected Opamp (NE5532) using only the internal compensation of the IC. The resultant circuit is very broadbanded and readily passes a full composite signal (subcarriers included). The input is terminated into a 10Kohm pot and reflects a constant 10Kohm load to the input connector. As this input is differentially connected, the composite input connector is installed with the outer shell isolated from the exciter chassis (floating). A switch is provided to allow the user to connect this point to chassis ground if it is required.

The exciter also has a transformer isolated monaural input. A switch (double pole, double throw) is provided to select between the composite and mono inputs. When the mono input is selected, the 19KHz tuned circuit is shorted and the gain control reference is connected to circuit ground. After the switch is a resistively isolated output that connects to a front panel test point labeled "mod test input". This point is connected prior to any modulation control circuitry and available to view or test the incoming signal.

While the control of the modulation is under the control of the microprocessor in the exciter, there are a number of other circuits necessary for proper operation of the Automatic Modulation control in the exciter.

The Receiver / Log Amp (A4) assembly is used to receive / demodulate a signal either from the exciter test point or from a transmitter or transmission line test point. The assembly also contains the circuitry for the spectrum analysis display portion of the exciter. Of primary importance to the automatic modulation control is the composite output of the unit. The composite level control (A4R49) on this board directly effects the action of the AMC circuits. The composite signal leaves this assembly via J409-1:

The Automod (A5) assembly receives the composite signal from the Receiver / Log Amp (A4) via J509-1. The signal then is connected to both the comparator circuitry for the automod and to the driving circuitry for the bargraph display. The circuitry on this assy. allows the comparison of both positive and negative peaks to a preset reference. If a peak is present, the circuitry then provides the proper signal to drive a fixed length "one-shot" pulse that provides the Z80 Microprocessor/Controller with a "interrupt" signal. The gain control action is taken in software and the processor changes the gain control signals to the analog switches on the Mod Control (A2) assembly. These signals leave the assembly via connector J506.

The processor also provides the signals used to drive the "Peaks Per Minute" (PPM) indicator on the front of the Exciter. These signals leave the assembly via connector J506.

There is an overmodulation alarm contained in the AMC software. It will trigger an alarm if there are three continuous minutes in which there are ten or more overmodulation peaks. The alarm signal leaves this assembly via J509-16.

Also contained on this assembly is circuitry for setting the low modulation alarm point of the Exciter. The Low Mod control R2 is used to set the Low Mod alarm point. It has a nominal range of 30% modulation to 70% modulation. The software limits are set so that the Low Mod alarm will be triggered when the low modulation detector remains below its preset alarm point for three continuous minutes. The alarm signal leaves this assembly via J509-15. There is also a summary "mod fault" alarm that leaves the board via J509-10.

Automodulation control into this assembly is via a signal brought in on J509-9. This signal is brought into an interface IC U14-13 (8286).

The AMC signal is brought to this assy. from the Display and Interface (A3) assy. This signal when pulled low indicates that the AMC has been enabled. This signal is pulled low by A3Q5. The drive for this transistor is derived from the PPM selector on the front of the exciter. When the signal is high it also switches U3, U4 (74157) to cause the Pulse Per Minute to be displayed on the front panel. This High signal is isolated from the transistor by a series resistor. The same signal also drives Q6 which causes the "Auto Mod On" indicator on the front of the exciter to be illuminated.

There is another connector on this assembly (J308) that carries the signals to/from the optional (O1) transmitter controller. This signal will control the AMC if the PPM switch on the front panel has not been set.

.-...

SECTION 5

ALIGNMENT

5-1 EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

```
***********
* CAUTION *
*****
```

DO NOT ATTEMPT TROUBLESHOOTING OR ALIGNMENT OF THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT ADEQUATE TOOLS AND TEST EQUIPMENT

- a) RF Dummy Load (50 ohms @ 88-108MHz--25 Watts minimum)
- b) RF Wattmeter (Bird 43 or equivalent)
- c) Dual Trace DC coupled Oscilloscope with X-Y function and 10 MHz minimum bandwidth
- d) Audio Generator (less than 0.01% THD)
- e) Distortion Analyzer or Audio Spectrum Analyzer capable of measuring less than 0.01% THD and 80dB S/N
- f) 110 MHz Frequency Counter (Stability better than 1 part per million)
- g) FM Modulation Monitor (QEI 691 or equivalent-- if required to check operation of A4 assembly)
- h) RF Spectrum Analyzer
- i) Digital Voltmeter (3 1/2 digits min.)
- j) Stereo Generator
- NOTE: BEFORE STARTING ALIGNMENT OR TROUBLESHOOTING, VERIFY THAT ALL SUPPLY VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT AND CORRECT. MAKE SURE THAT THE EXCITER IS CONNECTED TO A PROPER RF LOAD.
- NOTE: THE ALIGNMENT OF THIS UNIT SHOULD BE DONE WITH THE MODULATION CONTROL (AUTOMOD) OFF AND THE CLIPPER SWITCH S2 OFF UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

5-2 A2 PLL & MODULATION CONTROL

- A. Mono Input Level Adjustment
 - 1. Place S1 MONO/COMP switch in MONO position
 - Connect the 600 ohm output of the audio generator to TB1 (Mono Input)
 - 3. Set the generator to produce 100 Hz at a level of +10 dBm



5-2 A2 PLL & MODULATION CONTROL (continued)

- 4. Adjust A2R54 for 100% modulation
- B. Composite Input Level Adjustment
 - 1. Place S1 MONO/COMP switch in COMP position
 - Connect the output of the audio generator to J2 COMP IN jack
 - Set the generator to produce 400 Hz at a level of 3.5 Vpp
 - 4. Adjust A2R59 for 100% modulation
- C. SCA Input Level Adjustment
 - Connect the output of the audio generator to J3 SCA #1 IN jack
 - Set the generator to produce a frequency between 53kHz and 99kHz at a level of 1 Vrms
 - 3. Adjust A2R83 for 10% modulation
 - 4. Repeat steps 1 through 3 for J4 SCA #2 jack and A2R84 and for J5 SCA #3 jack and A2R85
 - D. Pilot Phase Adjustment
 - Connect the output of a stereo generator to J2 COMP IN jack and to channel A of an oscilloscope
 - 2. Place S1 MONO/COMP switch in COMP position
 - 3. Set the stereo generator to produce a 90% L=-R signal at 400 Hz with 10% pilot
 - 4. Connect channel B of the oscilloscope to the MOD-ULATION TEST INPUT jack on the front panel
 - 5. NOTE: Do Not use an attenuator probe on either scope input. Unless these probes are exactly matched, they can cause apparent phase errors. Verify that both channels are DC coupled. Trigger the scope externally with 400 Hz and set the gain and time controls so that the pilot phase crossover or "diamond" may be observed.
 - 6. Adjust A2L1 until the crossover on channel B matches channel A
 - E. Coarse Frequency Adjustment
 - Connect a frequency counter to J7 RF SAMPLE jack on the rear panel
 - 2. Center the FREQ adjustment screw on the front panel
 - 3. Remove modulation from the exciter
 - 4. Adjust A2C17 until carrier frequency is exact



5-3 A3 DISPLAY AND INTERFACE (Initial Set Up)

- A. Diagnostic Current Zero
 - 1. Remove RF drive to the A6 Assembly by removing the FMO connector AllJ1
 - 2. Adjust A3R99 until J1 pin (Diagnostic connector on rear panel) reads 0.00 volts
 - 3. Adjust A3R98 until J1 pin reads 0.00 volts
 - 4. Reconnect AllJ1

B. Modulation Meter Zero

- Allow approximately 30 seconds settling time if exciter has just been turned on
- 2. Verify that no modulation is applied to the exciter
- 3. Depress MOD(+) button on the MULTIMETER switch
- 4. Adjust A3R38 until meter reads zero
- C. Power Leveling Adjustment
 - Connect a calibrated wattmeter and dummy load to the RF OUT jack J8
 - 2. Depress POWER switch
 - 3. Depress RF FWD button on the MULTIMETER switch
 - 4. Alternately adjust PWR adjust screw on the front panel and the A3R73 until 100% on the MULTIMETER equals 20 watts as read on the wattmeter
- 5. Set A3R74 to the same position as A3R73
- 5-4 A4 RECEIVER AND LOG AMP (Initial Set Up)
 - A. Local Oscillator Adjustment
 - Connect a coax cable from the junction of A4L1 and A4C29 to a frequency counter
 - 2. Adjust A4T1 until LO stabilizes at your operating frequency plus 10.7 MHz
 - NOTE: The oscillator should "snap" on and off as the adjustment is varied. The frequency should not be able to be moved more than a few hundred Hz from the crystal frequency.
 - 3. Turn the exciter off and on a few times to insure that the LO starts and locks
 - B. Distortion and Output Level Adjustments
 - Connect a coaxial cable from RF SAMPLE jack J7 to DEMOD IN jack J6
 - Connect a distortion analyzer or audio spectrum analyzer to the OUTPUT-DE connector on the front panel
 - 3. Connect an audio generator to the composite jack J2. Set the generator for 400 Hz at 3.5 Vpp
 - 4. Carefully adjust A4C18 and A4C21 for minimum distortion



5-4 A4 RECEIVER AND LOG AMP (continued)

- 5. Connect the analyzer to MODULATION TEST-INPUT jack. Distortion level here should be substantially the same as that measured at OUTPUT-DE thus verifying the transparency of the exciter
- Connect an oscilloscope to the OUTPUT-WB jack and adjust A4R49 for 6 Vpp
- C. Swept Oscillator Adjustment
 - Connect a frequency counter to the junction of A4C38 and A4Z2
 - 2. Short A4U3b-5 to ground. Adjust A4L10 for 11.155 MHz
 - 3. Remove short and disconnect frequency counter
 - 4. Connect an oscilloscope to the SPECTRUM ANALYZER X
 - jack. Set the scope for DC coupled, 1 volt/div
 - 5. Adjust A4R8 so that the positive peak of the sawtooth is equal to + 3 V
 - 6. Adjust A4R14 so that the negative peak of the sawtooth is equal to 3 V
- D. Log Amplifier Adjustment
 - Connect the SPECTRUM ANALYZER X jack to the horizontal input of an oscilloscope. Set the horizontal sensitivity for external, 0.5 volts/div, DC coupled
 - Connect the SPECTRUM ANALYZER Y jack to the vertical input of the oscilloscope. Set the vertical sensitivity for 0.2 volts/div, DC coupled
 - 3. Connect a coaxial cable from RF SAMPLE jack J7 to DEMOD IN jack J6 through an RF step attenuator (0 to 50dB)
 - 4. Depress CAL pushbutton
 - 5. Adjust AlOR1 (located on Power Switch assembly) until carrier nulls on scope display
 - 6. Adjust A4R18, A4R20, A4R28 and A4L10 until four symmetrically spaced sidebands appear on either side of the carrier
 - 7. Adjust A4C37 for maximum amplitude of the display
 - 8. Adjust A4R69 so that a 10dB decrease in RF sample will produce a 0.2 volt drop in the display
- 5-5 A5 AUTOMOD AND BAR GRAPH DRIVER
 - A. Low Modulation Adjustment
 - 1. Connect an oscilloscope to A5U1c-13
 - 2. Modulate the exciter with a 400 Hz tone to the level desired for the low modulation alarm
 - 3. Adjust A5R2 until pulses just appear on the scope
 - B. Bar Graph Alignment
 - Modulate the exciter with a 400 Hz tone to 100%. Adjust A5R20 until the 100% bar graph segment just lights



5-6 FINAL AUTOMOD AND RECEIVER SET UP

. . . .

- Connect an oscilloscope to the exciter so as to produce a spectrum analyzer display (See Section 3-1 (1)
- 2. Modulate the exciter with a 13586 Hz tone
- 3. Adjust the input level for the 2nd carrier null on the spectrum analyzer display
- 4. Depress the MOD (-) pushbutton on the MULTIMETER switch. Adjust A3R48 until the meter reads 100%
- 5. Depress the MOD (+) pushbutton on the MULTIMETER switch. Adjust A3R46 until the meter reads 100%
- 6. Depress the PROGRAMMED FREQUENCY/100% PEAKS PER MINUTE switch. Verify that MOD CONTROL ON indicator lights
- 7. Watch the modulation level and note the point where it "kicks back". This is the point where the modulation control circuitry thinks the 100% modulation level is. Alternately adjust A4R49 and A3R48 until the "kick back", 2nd carrier null, and 100% modulation indication coincide
- 8. Adjust A5R20 if necessary until the 100% bar graph segment just lights
- 9. Release the PROGRAMMED FREQUENCY/100% PEAKS PER MINUTE switch. Verify that MOD CONTROL ON indicator is extinguished
- 10. Connect the oscilloscope to the OUT-WB connector on the front panel
- 11. Turn the CLIPPER switch S2 on the rear panel ON
- 12. Modulate the exciter with a 400 Hz tone to 108%. Adjust A4R83 until the signal viewed on the scope just starts to clip

5-7 FREQUENCY PROGRAMMING

- A. The carrier frequency of the 695 Exciter can be changed by moving the switches on JU1 and JU2 on the A3 Display and Interface Assembly. To program a new frequency proceed as follows:
 - NOTE: The 695 may be programmed for increments other than 100 KHz. Contact the factory for information.
 - 1. To program from 87.9 to 89.9 MHz, switch JU2 as follows: a. JU2-3 ON b. JU2-7 ON c. JU2-8 ON
 - 2. To program from 90.0 to 99.9 MHz, switch JU2 as follows: a. JU2-3 ON b. JU2-7 ON
 - 3. To program from 100.0 to 107.9 MHz, switch JU2 as follows: a. JU2-3 ON b. JU2-8 ON
- 4. Write the BCD code for the megahertz and kilohertz digits of the new frequency. EXAMPLE- 97.3, write 0111 (7) and 0011 (3)
- 5. Close the switches on JU1 per the BCD code you wrote in step 4 above. Refer to drawing 695300 for pin identification on JU1 and J301. NOTE: True BCD code is used in the switches, i.e., "O" means turn switch on, "1" means leave off.
- 6. Turn exciter on and place PROGRAMMED FREQUENCY/100% PEAKS PER MINUTE switch in PROGRAMMED FREQUENCY position. Verify that frequency displayed is as required and that AFC FAULT indicator is extinguished.



			×	×			×		10	×	×	
			×			×	×	• •		×	×	
			×		×		×	1.		×	×	
			×			×	×	•	10	×	×	
			×				×	μ.	10	×	×	
				×			×	0.	10	×	ĸ	
					×	×	×	••		×	×	м
					×		×	0.		×	×	
						×	×	•	10	×	×	
							×	90.1		×	X	
×			×	×			×	9.		×	~	
×			×		×	×	×	9.		×	×	
×			×		×		×	9.		×	ĸ	~
×			×			×	×	9.		×	×	
×			×				×	9.	x	×	ĸ	м
×				×			×	°.		×	× .	
X					×	×	×	.	•	×	×	
×					×		×	0 0 •		X	×	
X						×	×	%		×	×	
X							×	%	-	×	×	
	×	×	×	×			×	7.		X	*	
							Ч	FREQUENCY	PI	COMMERCIAL	NON COMM	
8to 9	7to 10	6to 11	5to 12	4to 13	3to 14	2to 15	1to 16	JU1 JU1	JU2-8to JU2-9	JU2-7to JU2-10	JU2-3to JU2-14	£ . £ .
8Mhz	4M	2M	lm	• 8M	.4M	. 2M	.lm	SdB	MMING STEPS	FREQUENCY PROGRAMMING	FREQUENC	_
				Ĩ	CHART	AI NG LTER	PROGRAMMING 695 EXCITER		FREQUENCY QEI			

Note: Losic Revoises on Jumpers

.

٠

.

:

/

*= |

ļ.

1 = 0

World Radio History

•			× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×						JU2-3to JU2-7to JU2-14 JU2-10 COMMERCIAL	FREQUENCY PROGRAMMING	
								、	JU2-8to JU2-9		FREQUENCY QE:
		• • • • • • • •	97.1 97.3 97.5 97.9	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	៴៴៷៷៷	4 4 4 4 4 • • • •	• • • • • • •		JU1 JU1 FREQUENCY	STEPS	H
	× × × × ×	****	×××××	× × × × ×	*****	× × × × ×	*****	×××××	1to 16 .Y	.lm	7
	××	××	××	××	××	××	××	××	2to 15	• 2M	AMMING C
	××	××	××	××	××	××	××	××	3to 14	• 4M	Снак
•••	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	4to 13	• 8M	H
	****	ł	****		* * * * *		****		5to 12	1M	
1			× × × × ×	× × × × ×	1		****	XXXXX	6to 11	2M	
	`		****	× × × × ×	*****	× × × × ×	(7to 10	4 M	ער
	× × × × ×	*****							9 to	8Mhz	N

FREQUENCY PROGRAMMING CHART QEI 695 EXCITER

FREQUENC	CY PROGRA	AMMING	STEPS	.lM	.2M	. 4M	.8M	lM	2M	4M	8Mhz
JU2-3to JU2-14	JU2-7to JU2-10	JU2-8t JU2-9	o JUl JUl	lto 16	2to 15	3to 14	4to 13	5to 12	6to 11	7to 10	8to 9
COM	MERCIAL		FREQUENC	Y							
x		x	100.1	х							
х		Х	100.3	Х	Х						
Х		Х	100.5	Х		Х					
х		Х	100.7	Х	Х	Х					
х		X	100.9	Х	-		X				
х		X	101.1	Х				Х			
х		Х	101.3	х	Х	-		X			
Х		X	101.5	Х		X		Х			
Х		Х	101.7	X	X	Х		X			
Х		X	101.9	Х			Х	Х			
Х		Х	102.1	X					X		
X		X	102.3	Х	Х				X		
X		Х	102.5	X		X			X		
X		X	102.7	X	Х	Х			X		
X		X	102.9	X			X		X		
X		X	103.1	X				X	X		
X		X	103.3	X	х			X	X		
X		X	103.5	X	1.0	X		X	X		
X		X	103.7	X	Х	Х	v	X	X		
X		X ·	103.9	X			Х	х	Х	v	
X		х.	104.1	X	v					X X	
X		X X	104.3	X X	X	х				X	
X			104.5	x X	x	л Х				л Х	
X X		X X	104.7	X	A	Λ	х			X	
X X		X	104.9	X			Λ	х		X	
X	· •,	X	105.3	X	х			X		X	
X		x	105.5	X	Α	х		X		x	
X		x	105.7	X	х	X		X		x	
X		X	105.9	X	Δ	А	х	X		X	
X		X	106.1	X			11	**	х	X	
X		X	106.3	X	Х				X	x	
X		X	106.5	X	**	х			X	x	
X		X	106.7	x	Х	x			x	x	
X		X	106.9	x	••	••	х		x	x	
X		X	107.1	X			••	х	x	x	
X		x	107.3	x	х			x	x	x	
X		x	107.5	x		х		x	x	x	
X		x	107.7	x	Х	x		X	X	X	
X		x	107.9	X			Х	X	X	X	

PG. 3

•

•

SECTION 6

PARTS LISTS

6-1 ORDERING INFORMATION

A. To order parts for the 695 Exciter, write:

QEI Corporation P.O. Box 805 Williamstown, NJ 08094

or call:

1-609-728-2020

B. Provide the following information:

- 1. Station Call
- 2. Exciter Serial No.
- 3. QEI Part No.

.-...

- 4. Shipping Address
- 5. Billing Address
- 6. Desired method of shipment

6-2 LISTS

A1 CHASSIS ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
C1,C2 C3 C4,C5 C6,C7 C8,C10 C9	Cap., Cer., .01uf, 1KV Cap., Elect., 4900uf Cap., Cer., .05uf, 100V Cap., Elect., 5000uf, 25V Cap., Elect., 100uf, 25V Cap., Elect., 500uf, 50V	110-3498 110-0503-100 110-3508-25 110-3107
CR1,CR4,CR5 CR2,CR5	Diode, Bridge Rectifier Diode, Silicon, 1N4001	113-1960-1 113-04001
F 1	Fuse, 1A	120-0002
J1 J2-J5 J6 J7-J11	Connector, BNC Connector, BNC Connector, "N" Female Connector, BNC	130-0038 130-0001 130-0004 130-0001
M 1	Meter	145-0015
P 1	Line Cord	130-5004
Q1,Q2	Transistor, NPN, 2N4401	160-04401
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7,R8 R9 R10	Resistor, Carb., 270 ohm Resistor, Carb., 1.5K Resistor, Carb., 330 ohm Resistor, Carb., 820 ohm Resistor, Carb., 4.7K Resistor, Var., 5K Resistor, WW, 0.27 ohm 5W Resistor, WW, 33 ohm, 10W Resistor, Carb., 82 ohm 2W	RC20GF271J RC20GF152J RC20GF331J RC20GF821J RC20GF472J RV4NAYSK502A 166-0027 166-0340 RC42GF820J
\$1,53 \$2	Switch, DPDT Switch, SPDT	175-0003-F 175-0006
T1 T2	Transformer, Power Transformer, Power	180-3140 180-340X
ТВ1	Terminal Board, 3 pt.	181-0003
U 1 U 2 U 3 U 4	I.C., Voltage Reg., LM350 I.C., Voltage Reg., LM323 I.C., Voltage Reg., LM340T-12 I.C., Voltage Reg., LM320T-12	182-0350 182-323K 182-340T-12 182-320T

.

6-2 LISTS

A2 PLL & MOD CONTROL ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
A 2	Circuit Board	100-6950022
C2,C5,C25-C27 C3,C9 C4,C13 C6,C22,C32 C7 C8,C14,C24,C34-C36 C10,C20,C21	Cap., Cer., .001 uf Cap., Mica, 1000 pf Cap.,Tant., .22 uf Cap., Mica, 620 pf	110-1471 110-0103 110-0102 110-1102 110-3224T 110-1621 110-0104 110-3505 110-3156 110-1100 110-1220 110-6110 110-5273 110-3105T 110-4222 110-4103
J1-J3 J201,J202,J203	Connector, Phono Connector, 16 Pin DIP	130-0010 130-0316-1
Q2-Q4,Q8-Q10,Q13,Q1 Q5	Transistor, NPN, 2N5179 4, Transistor, NPN, 2N4401 FET, 2N5345 Transistor, DNP, 2N4403	160-05179 160-04401 160-13819 160-04403
R2 R3,R4 R5 R6,R56,R57 R8-R17 P18 P19 P37	Resistor, Carb., 100 ohms Resistor, Carb., 390 ohms Resistor, Carb., 270 ohms Resistor, Carb., 620 ohms Resistor, Carb., 330 ohms Resistor, Carb., 1k, 1/4W	RC20GF271J RC20GF621J
R10, R19, R57, R49-R51, R66, R70 R20, R40, R53 R21, R28, R35, R47 R22 R23 R24 R25 R26, R41, R60, R61 R27, R30-R32 R29, R33, R42, R43, R58 R34, R36 R39	Resistor, Carb., 4.7K Resistor, Carb., 1.5K Resistor, Carb., 33K Resistor, Carb., 6.8K Resistor, Carb., 150K Resistor, Carb., 56K Resistor, Carb., 47K Resistor, Carb., 100K Resistor, Carb., 3.3K Resistor, Carb., 30K Resistor, Carb., 510 ohms	RC20GF472J RC20GF152J RC20GF333J RC20GF682J RC20GF563J RC20GF563J RC20GF473J RC20GF104J RC20GF103J RC20GF103J RC20GF334J RC20GF511J



A2 PLL & MOD CONTROL ASSEMBLY (continued)

		-
REF.DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
R45,R69,R79-R81 R46 R48 R52 R54,R83-R85 R55 R59 R62,R63 R64,R65,R67,R68	Resistor, Carb., 1K Resistor, Carb., 4.7K, 1/4W Resistor, Carb., 15K Resistor, Carb., 82 ohms Resistor, Var., 1K Resistor, Film, 7.87K 1% Resistor, Var., 10K Resistor, Carb., 180K Resistor, Carb., 2.2K	RC20GF102J RC07GF472J RC20GF153J RC20GF820J 167-3102 165-7871 167-3103 RC20GF184J RC20GF222J
R44,R78 R71 R72 R73 R74 R75 R76 R77 R82 R86-R88	Resistor, Film., 2.49K, 1% Resistor, Film., 470K,1% Resistor, Film., 200K, 1% Resistor, Film., 100K, 1% Resistor, Film., 49.9K, 1% Resistor, Film., 23.7K, 1% Resistor, Film., 11K, 1% Resistor, Film., 5.11K, 1% Resistor, Carb., 51 ohms Resistor, Carb., 2.2K, 1/4W	165-2491 165-4703 165-2003 165-1003 165-4992 165-2372 165-1102 165-5111 RC20GF510J RC07GF222J
T1 T2	Transformer, Bifilor Transformer, Audio	180-Q9002 180-2001
U1 U2 U3,U9,U10 U4,U8 U5,U7 U11 U12-U15 U16 U17 U18,U19 U20,U21	I.C., ECL, 10131 I.C., Counter, 745196 I.C., Gate, 7400 I.C., Filp-Flop, 7474 I.C., Counter, 74192 I.C., Dual op-amp,NE532 I.C., Counter, 7490 I.C., Gate, 7440 I.C., Dual one-shot, 74123 I.C., Dual op-amp, NE5532 I.C., Analog Switch,DG202	182-10131 182-8290 182-7400 182-7474 182-4192 182-0532 182-7490 182-7490 182-7440 182-4123 182-5532 182-0202
Y 1	Crystal, 8MHz	198-0800

PARTS LIST

A3 INTERFACE ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
A 3	Circuit Board	100-695002
C1,C15,C17 C2 C3,C4,C6-C10 C5,C18-C20 C11 C12-C14	Cap., Elect., 100 uf Cap., Tant., .47 uf Cap., Cer., .01 uf Cap., Cer., .1 uf Cap., Tant., 1 uf Cap., Mica, 1000 pf	110-3107 110-3474T 110-0103 110-0104 110-3105T 110-1102
CR1-CR3 CR4	Diode, Silicon, 1N4446 Diode, Zener, 1N5230	113-04446 113-25230
DS1,DS2 DS3-DS8,DS13 DS9,DS10 DS11 DS12	Display, Led, MAN6710 Display, Led, Red, HLMP-2685 Display, Led, Yellow,HLMP-272 Display, Led, Green,HLMP-2820 Display, Led, Red, HLMP-2620	113-3003 0 113-3008
J301-J309,JU1,JU2	Connector, 16 Pin, DIP	130-0316-1
L1,L2	Inductor, Wideband	140-2008
Q1-Q6 Q7,Q8,Q11,Q12 Q9,Q10,Q13	Transistor, NPN, 2N4401 Transistor, DNP, 2N4403 Transistor, DNP, 2N5401	160-04401 160-04403 160-05401
R1-R15,R17-R24,R40 R16,R25-R28 R29,R32,R69,R94 R30,R36,R54,R78 R31,R51,R76 R33-R35,R61,R82,R86 R37 R38,R46,R73,R74 R39,R43 R41 R42 R44 R45 R44 R45 R47 R48,R98,R99 R49 R50,R63 R52,R62,R84,R89,R91	Resistor, Carb., 270ohms, 1/4 Resistor, Carb., 4.7K, 1/4W Resistor, Carb., 1K Resistor, Carb., 22 ohms Resistor, Carb., 22 ohms Resistor, Carb., 1.5K Resistor, Carb., 4.7K Resistor, Carb., 27K Resistor, Carb., 27K Resistor, Carb., 10K Resistor, Carb., 100K Resistor, Carb., 100K Resistor, Carb., 3.3M Resistor, Film., 2.67K, 1% Resistor, Film., 7.5K, 1% Resistor, Film., 2.21K, 1% Resistor, Film., 6.81K, 1% Resistor, Film., 499 ohms	RC07GF472J RC20GF102J RC20GF220J RC20GF152J

PARTS LIST (Cont'd)

A3 INTERFACE ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.

.-...

DESCRIPTION

QEI PART NO.

R 5 5 R 5 6 , R 8 0 R 5 7 , R 5 9 , R 8 7 R 5 8 , R 1 0 4 R 6 0 , R 7 0 , R 7 5 ,	Resistor, Film., 20K, 1% Resistor, Film., 1.5K, 1% Resistor, Film., 2.0K, 1% Resistor, Film., 110 ohms,1%	165-2002 165-1501 165-2001 165-1100
R103,R107 R64 R65,R68 R66,R67 R71,R72	Resistor, Film., 1K, 1% Resistor, Carb., 270 ohms Resistor, Carb., 3.3K Resistor, Film., 2.55K, 1% Resistor, Film., 5.11K, 1%	
R 7 9 R 8 1	Resistor, Film., 8.25K, 1% Resistor, Film., 750 ohms, 1% Resistor, Film., 5.62K, 1% Resistor, Film., 3.92K, 1% Resistor, Film., 221 ohms, 1%	165-8251 165-7500 165-5621 165-3921
R90,R92,R97 R93,R95 R96 R100	Resistor, Film., 2.49K, 1% Resistor, Carb., 6.8K Resistor, Carb., 2.2K Resistor, Film., 4.99K,1%	165-2491 RC20GF682J RC20GF222J 165-4991
R101,R102 U1,U2	Resistor, Carb., 62 ohms I.C., Decoder, Driver 7447	RC20GF620J 182-7447
U3,U4 U5 U6 U7,U8 U9,U10	I.C., Multiplexer, 74157 I.C., Dual op-amp, 5532 I.C., Op-Amp, 741 I.C., Quad Comparator,1M339 I.C., Dual op-amp, 532	182-4157 182-5532 182-1741 182-0339 182-0532



PARTS LIST

A4 RECEIVER/LOG AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
A 4	Circuit Board	100-6950024
C1,C5,C24,C27, C38,C42,C43 C2 C3,C9,C11,C23, C26,C35,C46,C49-	Cap., Cer., .01 uf Cap., Mica, 470 pf	110-0103 110-1471
C51,C56,C57,C62-C64	4 Cap., Cer., .1 uf	110-0104
C4,C31,C33, C36,C40,C41 C6,C29,C55 C7 C8 C10 C12,C13,C44 C14,C22 C15,C34,C60,C65 C16 C17,C20,C25 C18,C21 C19,C54 C28,C61 C30 C32 C37 C39 C45 C45 C47 C48 C52,C53,C58,C59	Cap., Mica, 1000 pf Cap., Mica, 27 pf Cap., Mica, 22 pf Cap., Mica, 39 pf Cap., Elect., 5 uf Cap., Cer., .05 uf Cap., Cer., .05 uf Cap., Tant., 1 uf Cap., Elect., 100 uf Cap., Tant., 2.2 uf Cap., Mica 68 pf Cap., Mica, 68 pf Cap., Mica, 10 pf Cap., Mica, 10 pf Cap., Mica, 120 pf Cap., Mica, 300 pf Cap., Mica, 270 pf Cap., Mica, 500 pf Cap., Mica, 500 pf Cap., Mica, 620 pf Cap., Mica, 220 pf Cap., Cer., 1 uf	110-1102 110-1270 110-1220 110-3505 110-0503 110-3105T 110-3107 110-3225T 110-1680 110-6518 110-1680 110-6518 110-1271 110-1271 110-565 110-1501 110-1621 110-1621 110-102 110-0105
C66	Cap., Mica, 51 pf	110-1510
CR1-CR4,CR6, CR10,CR15 CR5 CR7 CR8,CR9 CR11,CR12 CR13,CR14	Diode, Silicon 1N4446 SCR, 2N5061 Diode, Zener, 4.7V, 1N5230 Diode, Varicap, MV1650 Diode, Germanium, 1N34 Diode, Zener, 5.2V, 1N5234	113-04446 113-45061 113-25230 113-5650 113-0034 113-25234
FL1	Filter, Ceramic, 455KHz	146 - 455K I
J1 J409	Connector Connector, 16 Pin DIP	130-0010 130-0316-1

A4 RECEIVER/LOG AMPLIFIER ASSY. (cont.)

<u>REF. DES.</u>	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
L1,L2 L3,L4 L5 L6 L7,L8 L9 L10	Inductor Inductor Inductor, Wideband Choke Inductor Inductor Inductor Inductor	140-Q8019 140-Q8020 140-2008 140-Q8021 140-Q8022 140-Q8023 140-8024
Q1,Q4,Q5 Q2,Q6 Q3	Transistor, NPN, 2N5179 Transistor, NPN, 2N4401 Transistor, JFET, 2N5245	160-05179 160-04401 160-13819
R1 R2,R45 R3,R21,R34,R43 R4,R5,R23,R25,R27 R6,R46 R7,R24 R8,R14,R83 R9,R12,R35 R10,R58 R11,R38 R13,R71-R74 R15,R55-R57, R66,R67,R82,R85 R16 R17,R54,R63,R65, R68,R70,R86-R88 R18,R20,	Resistor, Carb., 47k Resistor, Carb., 22 ohms Resistor, Carb., 51 ohms Resistor, Carb., 10k Resistor, Carb., 620 ohms Resistor, Carb., 820 ohms Resistor, Carb., 820 ohms Resistor, Carb., 220 ohms Resistor, Carb., 220 ohms Resistor, Carb., 180k Resistor, Carb., 2.7k Resistor, Carb., 2.7k Resistor, Carb., 1, 1/4W Resistor, Carb., 4.7k, 1/4W Resistor, Carb., 1k, 1/4W	RC20GF473J RC20GF220J RC20GF510J RC20GF621J RC20GF621J RC20GF821J 167-3102 RC20GF221J RC20GF184J RC20GF184J RC20GF272J RC07GF102J RC07GF102J RC07GF103J
R28,R49,R69 R19,R22 R26,R30 R29 R31 R32,R41 R33 R36,R52 R37 R39,R40	Resistor, Var., 10k Resistor, Carb., 4.7k Resistor, Carb., 100k Resistor, Carb., 33k Resistor, Carb., 56k Resistor, Carb., 3.3k Resistor, Carb., 180 ohms Resistor, Carb., 15k Resistor, Carb., 1M Resistor, Film, 11k, 1%	167-3103 RC20GF472J RC20GF104J RC20GF333J RC20GF563J RC20GF332J RC20GF181J RC20GF183J RC20GF153J RC20GF105J 165-1102

A4 RECEIVER/LOG AMPLIFIER ASSY.(cont)

REF.DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
R42,R50,R51, R59,R61,R80 R44 R47,R48 R53 R60 R62 R64,R75 R76 R78 R81 R84	Resistor, Carb., 2.2k Resistor, Film, 768 ohms, 1% Resistor, Carb., 22k Resistor, Carb., 82k Resistor, Carb., 7.5k Resistor, Carb., 1.2k Resistor, Carb., 330 ohms Resistor, Carb., 82 ohms, 2W Resistor, Carb., 100 ohms, 2W Resistor, Carb., 6.8k Resistor, Film, 2.49k, 1%	165-7680 RC20GF223J RC20GF823J RC20GF752J RC20GF122J RC20GF331J RC42GF820J RC42GF820J RC42GF101J RC20GF682J
	Transformer, L.O. Transformer, Bifilor	180-Q9001 180-Q9002
U1 U2-U5,U9,U10 U6,U7 U8	I.C., Demodulator, LA1235 I.C., Dual op-amp, 5532 I.C., Diff. Amp., UA733 I.C., Log Amp., TL441	182-5532
Y 1	Crystal, Fc+10.7 MHz	
21,22	Mixer	179-0021

PARTS LIST

A5 AUTOMOD ASSEMBLY

<u>REF. DES.</u>	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
A 5	Circuit Board	100-6950023
C1,C2,C4, C7,C11-C13 C3 C5 C6 C8 C9 C10	Cap., Cer., .luf Cap., Tant., .22uf Cap., Tant., .luf Cap., Tant., .47uf Cap., Poly., 3000pf Cap., Elect., 5uf Cap., Elect., 100uf	110-0104 110-3224T 110-3104T 110-3474T 110-4302 110-3505 110-3107
CR1-CR3 CR4-CR9	Diode, Germanium, 1N34 Diode, Silicon, 1N4446	113-0034 113-04446
J506,J507,J509	Connector, 16 Pin DIP	130-0316-1
Q1	Transistor, JFET, 2N5245	160-13819
R1,R6 R2 R3-R5,R7,	Resistor, Carb., 1k, 1/4W Resistor, Var., 1k	RC07GF102J 167-3102
R8,R10,R16 R9,R14,R25 R11,R12,R13,R18,	Resistor, Carb., 10k, 1/4W Resistor, Carb., 100k, 1/4W	RC07GF103J RC07GF104J
R21-R24,R26,R29 R15,R27,R47,R48 R17 R19 R20 R28 R30 R31-R46	Resistor, Carb., 4.7k, 1/4W Resistor, Carb., 2.2k, 1/4W Resistor, Carb., 12M Resistor, Carb., 150k Resistor, Var., 100k Resistor, Carb., 560k Resistor, Carb., 330 ohms Resistor, Carb., 2700hms,1/4W	RC20GF126J RC20GF154J 167-3104 RC20GF564J RC20GF331J
U1,U2 U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U9 U10-U13 U14	I.C., Quad Comparator, LM339 I.C., Dual op-amp, 5532 I.C., One Shoe, 74121 I.C., Decoder, 74LS138 I.C., CPU, Z80 I.C., EPROM, 2732 I.C., RAM, 6116 I.C., Timer, 8253 I.C., Octal Latch, 74LS374 I.C., Bus Tranciever, 8286	182-5532 182-4121 182-74LS138 182-0280 182-2732 182-6116 182-8253



A6 BUFFER AMP ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
A6	Circuit Board	100-6950025
C1-C4 C5-C7 C8,C9 C10	Cap., Mica, 1000pf Cap., UC Mica, 1000pf Cap., Mica, 27pf Cap., UC Mica, 470pf	
P 1	Plug, Male, Phono	130-0011
Q1,Q2 Q3	Transistor, NPN, 2N5179 Transistor, NPN, 2N3866	160-05179 160-03866
R1,R2,R12 R3 R4,R5 R6,R7 R8,R9 R10 R11 R13	Resistor, Carb., 10 ohms Resistor, Carb., 120 ohms Resistor, Carb., 1.5k Resistor, Carb., 510 ohms Resistor, Carb., 100 ohms Resistor, Carb., 10k Resistor, Carb., 470 ohms Resistor, Carb., 270 ohms	RC20GF152J RC20GF511J RC20GF101J RC20GF103J RC20GF471J
T1-T3	Transformer, Bifilor	180-Q9002

.-...

A7 POWER AMP ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
Α7	Circuit Board	100-695003
C1 C2,C8,C9,C14 C3,C4 C5,C11 C6,C12 C7,C13 C10 C15	Cap., Var., 16-100pf Cap., Var., 16-150pf Cap., UC Mica, 120pf Cap., Cer., .01uf Cap., Elect., 5uf Cap., UC Mica, 1000pf Cap., UC Mica, 470pf Cap., UC Mica, 270pf	110-6610 110-6615 110-2121 110-0103 110-3505 110-2102 110-2471 110-2271
L3,L6	Inductor Inductor Inductor, Widebank Choke Inductor Inductor	140-2016
Q1 Q2	Transistor, NPN, 2N5641 Transistor, NPN, 2N5643	160-05641 160-05643
R1,R2,R4 R3 R5	Resistor, Carb., 10 ohms Resistor, Carb., 180 ohms Resistor, Carb., 10 ohms, 2W	RC20GF181J

.-...

A8 DIRECTIONAL COUPLER & LPF ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
A 8	Circuit Board	100-6950026
C1,C6 C2,C4 C3,C5 C7,C8	Cap., Mica, 27pf Cap., Mica, 51pf Cap., Mica, 5pf Cap., Cer., .001uf	110-1270 110-1510 110-1050 110-0102
CR1,CR2	Diode, Silicon, HPA2800	113-0005
L1-L3	Inductor	140-Q8019
R1,R3 R2,R4	Resistor, Carb., 130 ohms Resistor, Carb., 4.7k — — —	RC20GF131J RC20GF472J

, - 2

A9 METER SWITCH ASSEMBLY

REF.DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
A 9	Circuit Board	100-695002A
J904	Connector, 16 Pin DIP	130-0316-1
R 1 R 2 R 3 R 4 , R 5	Resistor, Carb., 10k Resistor, Film, 7.87k, 1% Resistor, Film, 28.7k, 1% Resistor, Film, 120 ohms, 1%	RC20GF103J 165-7871 165-7872 165-1200
S1	Switch, 8 Position	175-0033

. . .

A10 POWER SWITCH ASSEMBLY

REF. DES.	DESCRIPTION	QEI PART NO.
A10	Circuit Board	100-695002B
C1,C2 C3	Cap., Cer., .Oluf Cap., Cer., .luf	110-0103 110-0104
J10	Connector, 16 Pin DIP	130-0316-1
L1	Inductor	140-Q8025
R 1 R 2	Resistor, Carb., 820 ohms Resistor, Var., 250 ohms	RC20GF821J 167-3251
S1	- Switch, 3 Position	175-0032

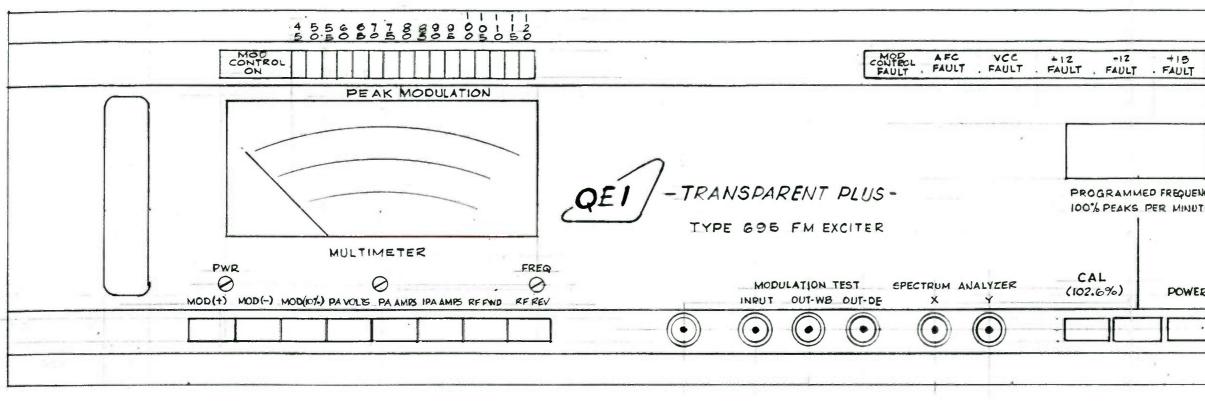


 $\mathcal{A}^{-} \mathcal{A}^{-}$



SECTION 7 SCHEMATICS

. .

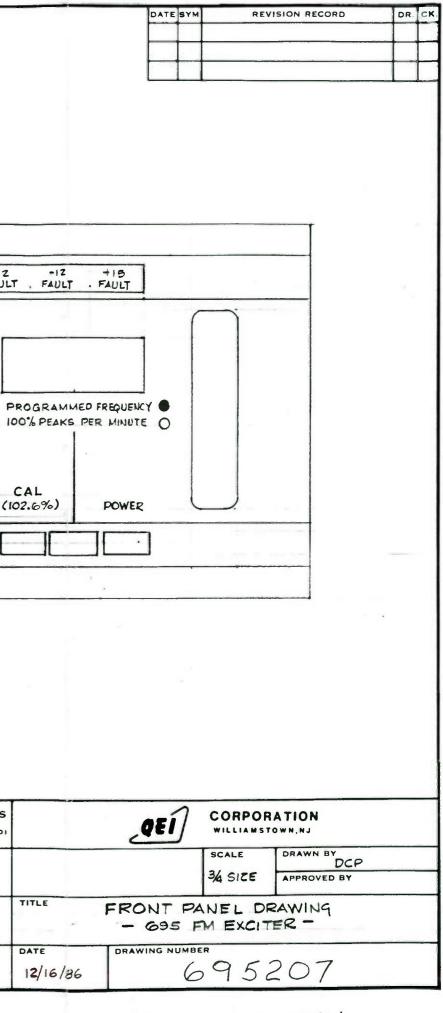


670

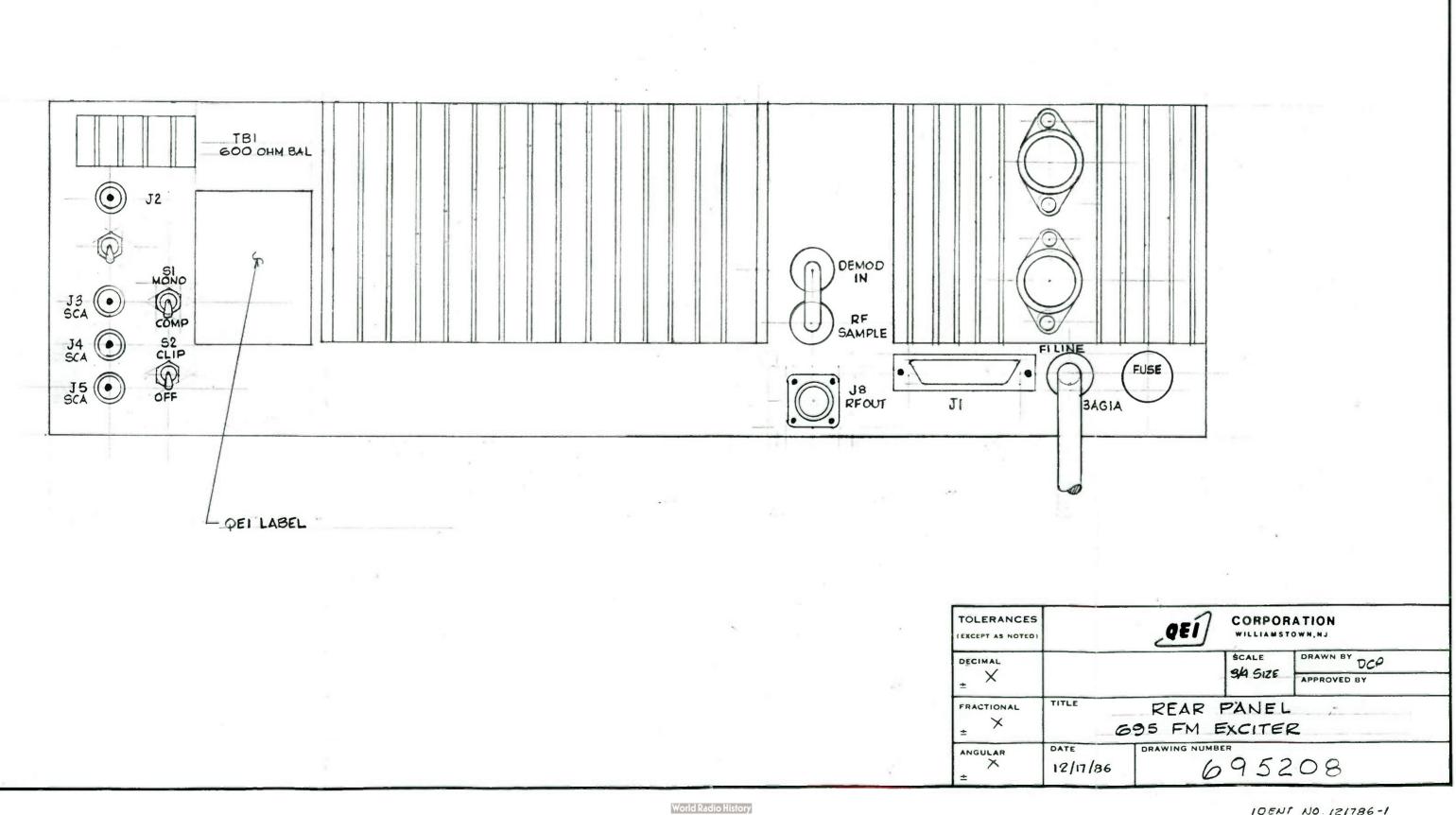
S

TOLERANCES	
FRACTIONAL ± X	TITLE
ANGULAR	DATE 12/16,

18

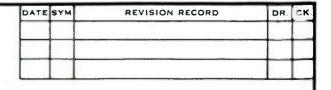


IDENT. NO. 121686-1

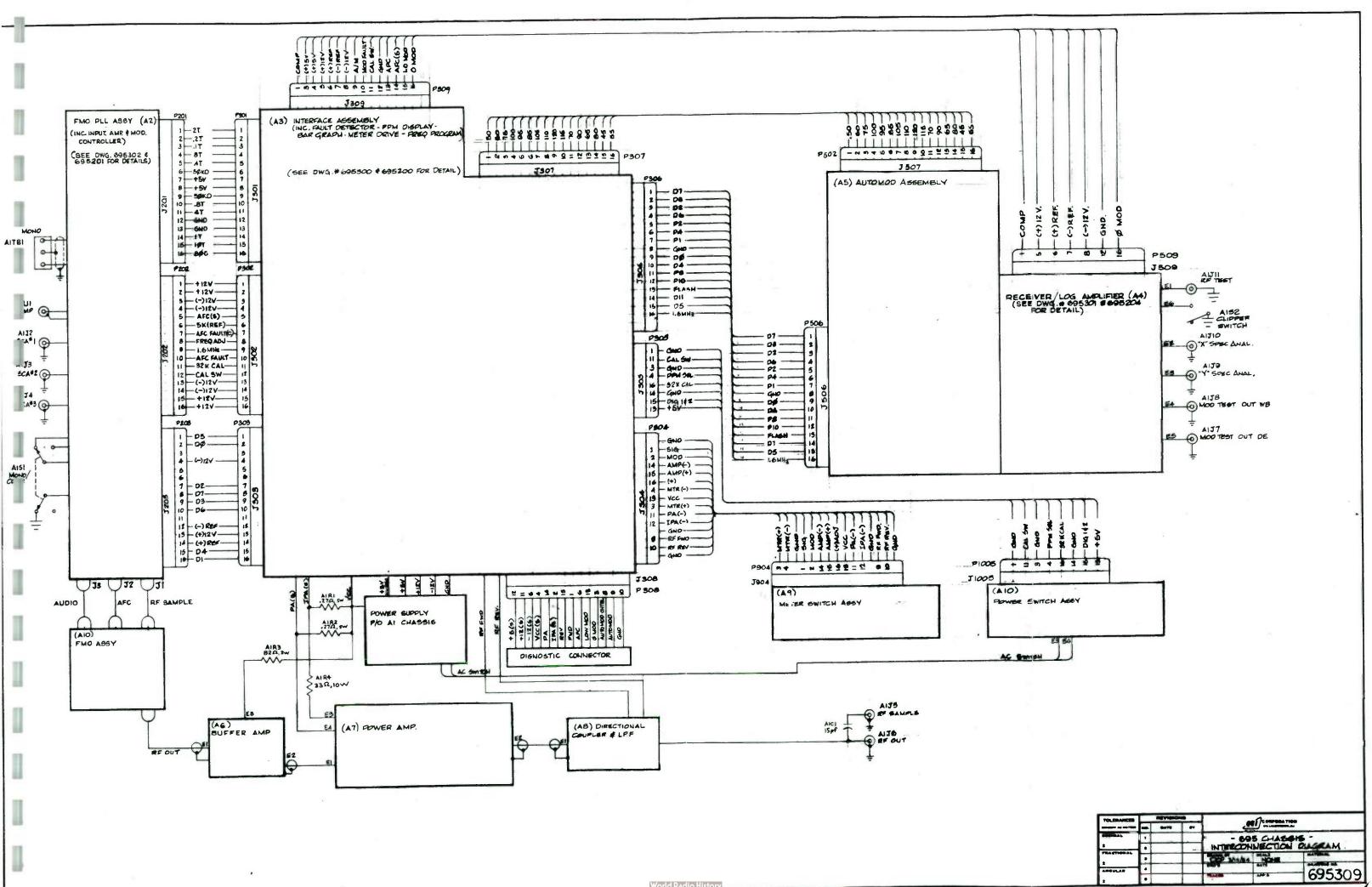


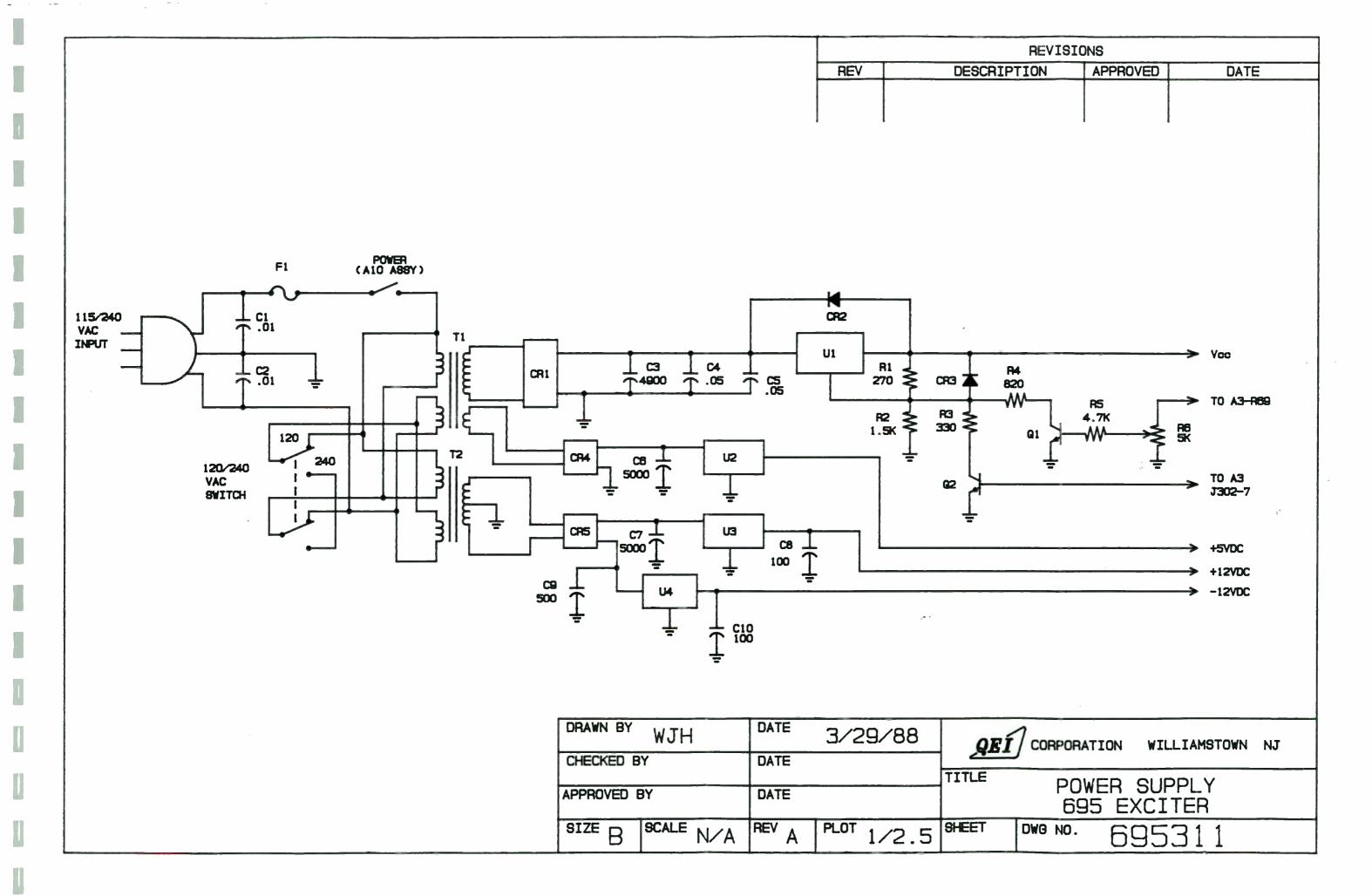
670

NG



IDENT NO. 121786-1



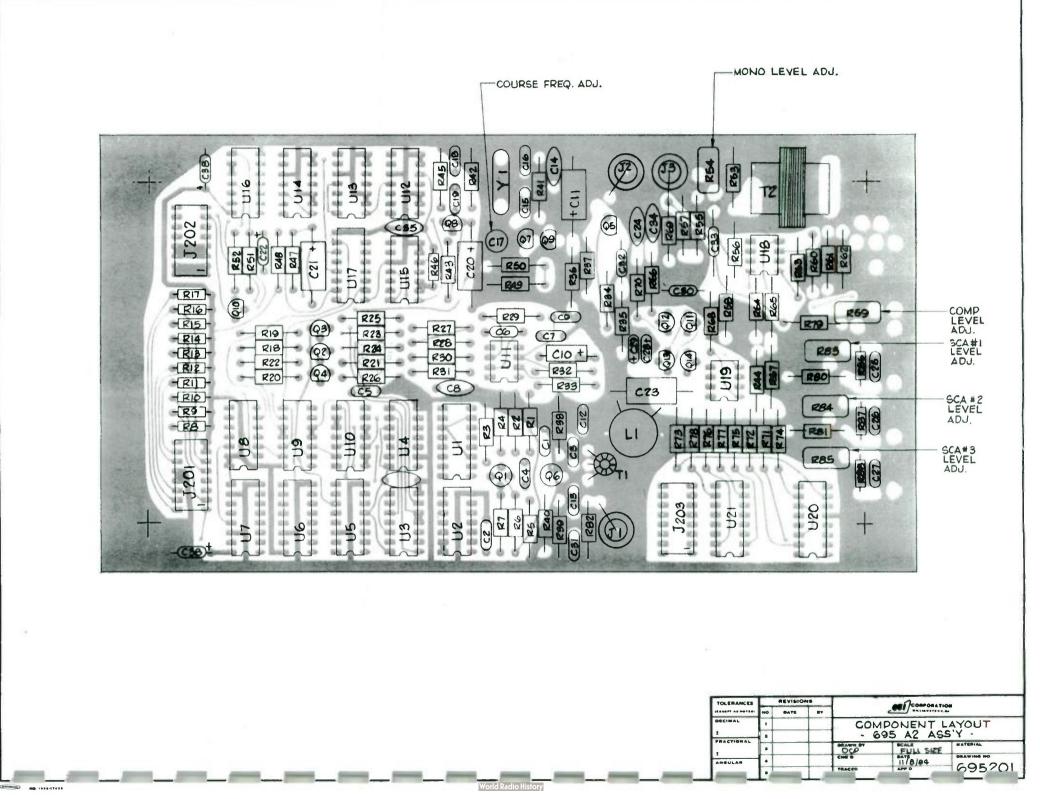


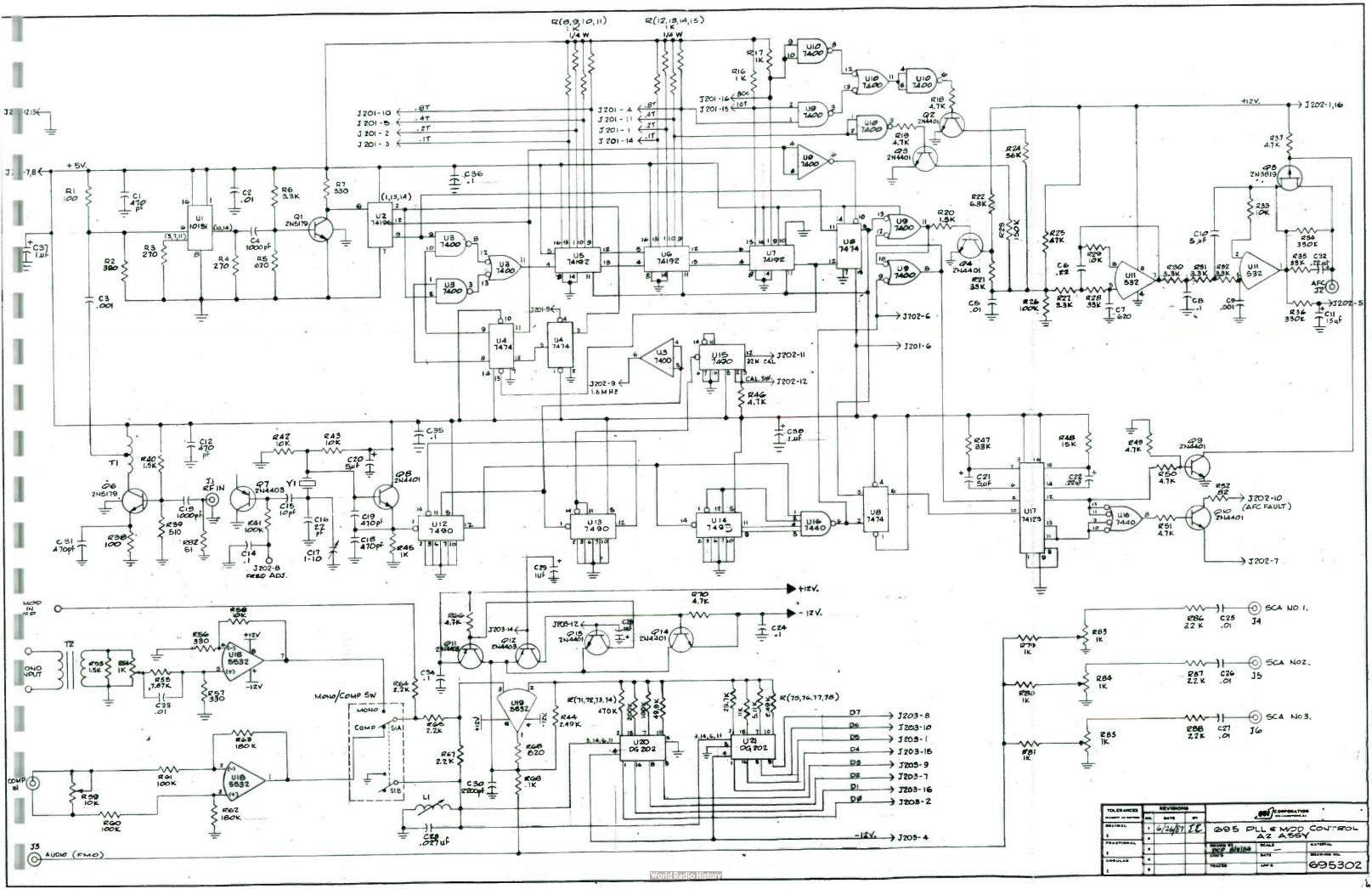
World Radio History

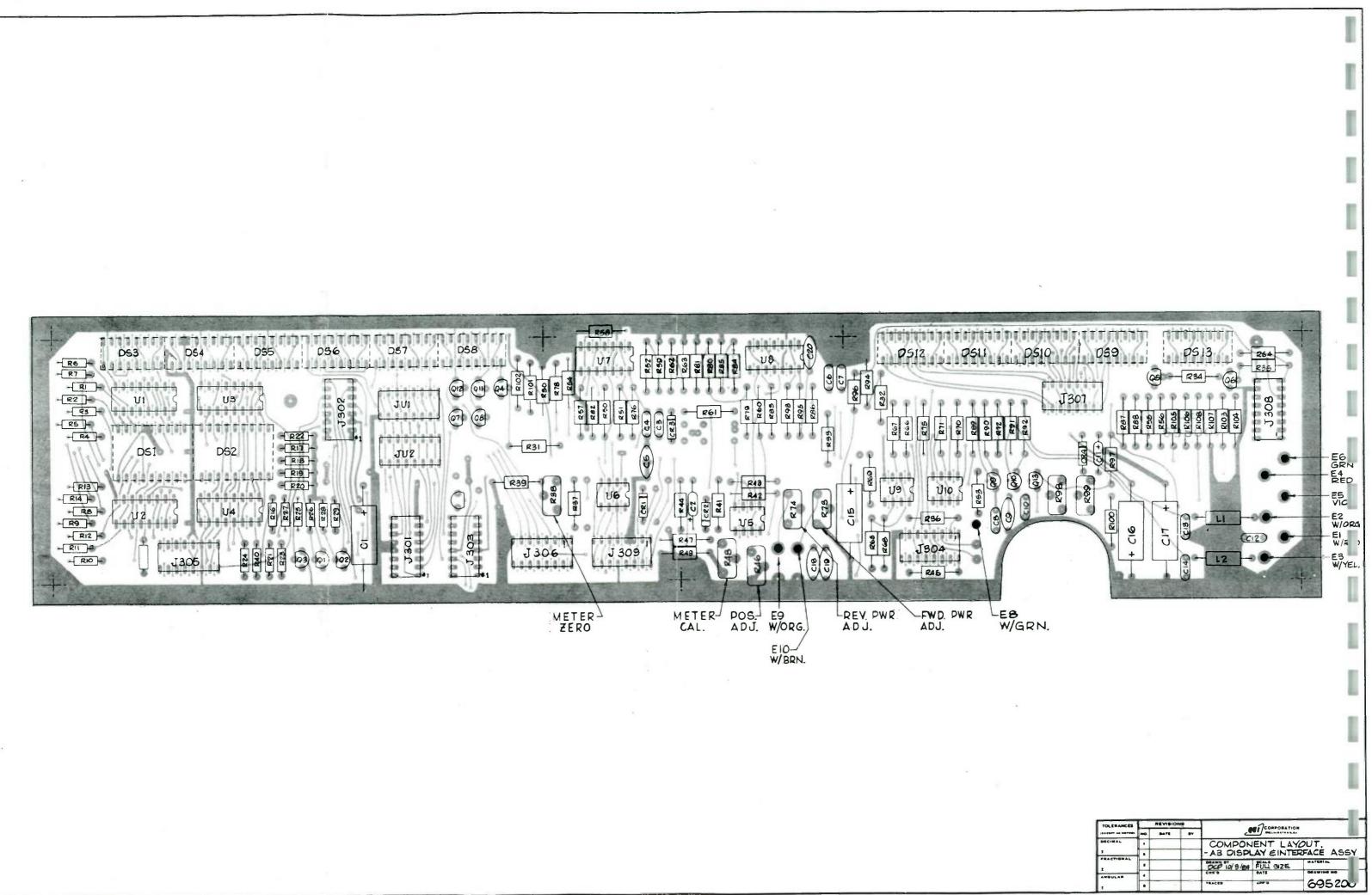
1

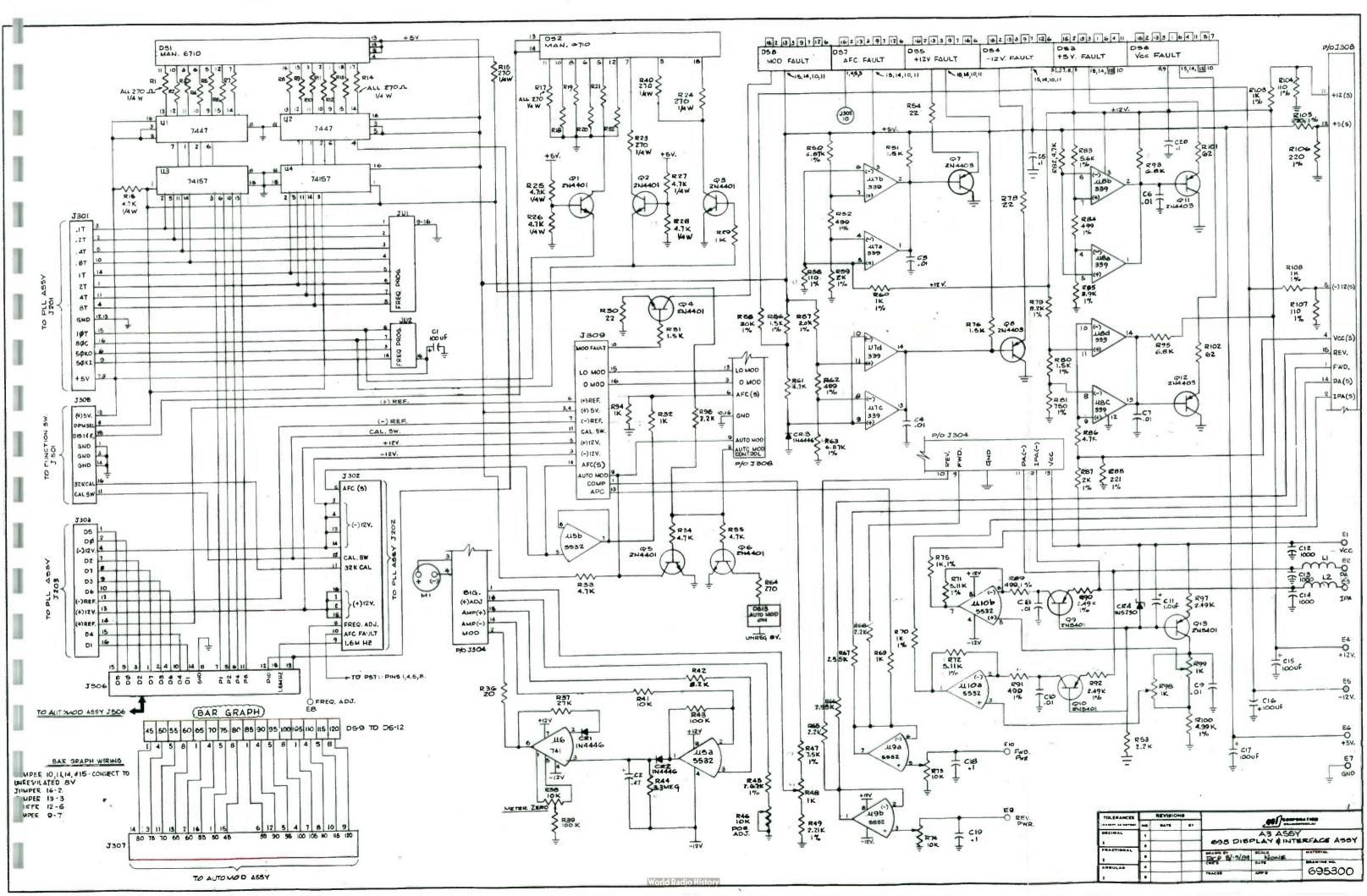
.

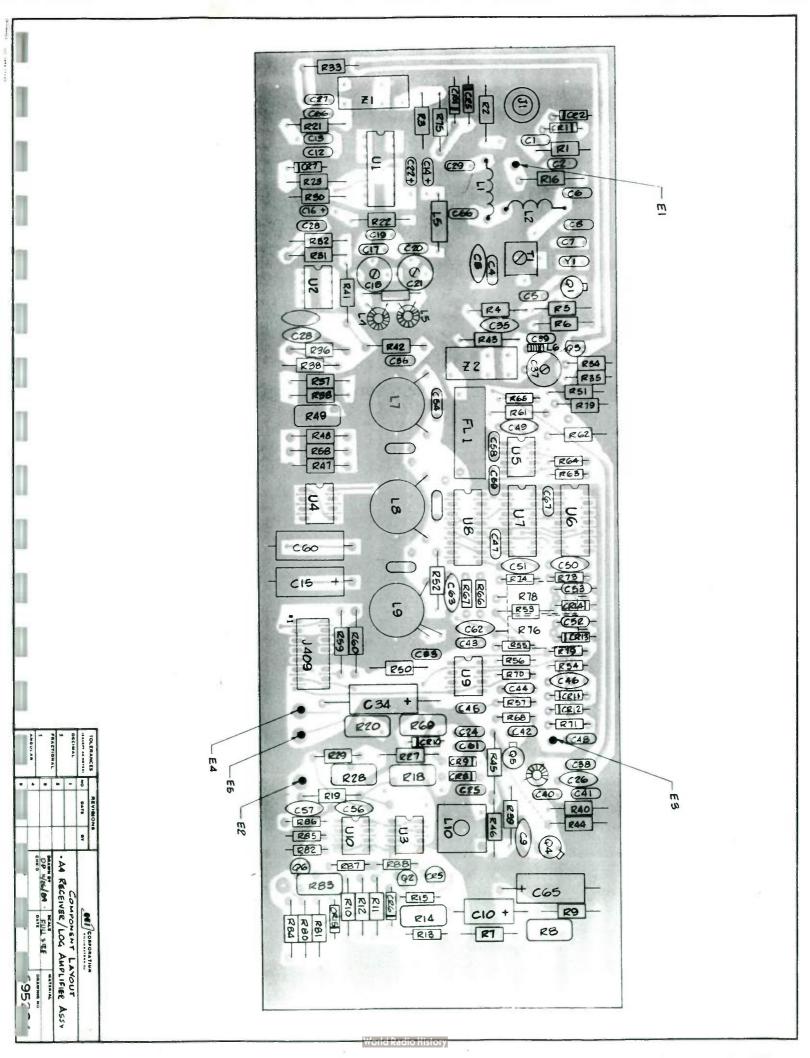
. .

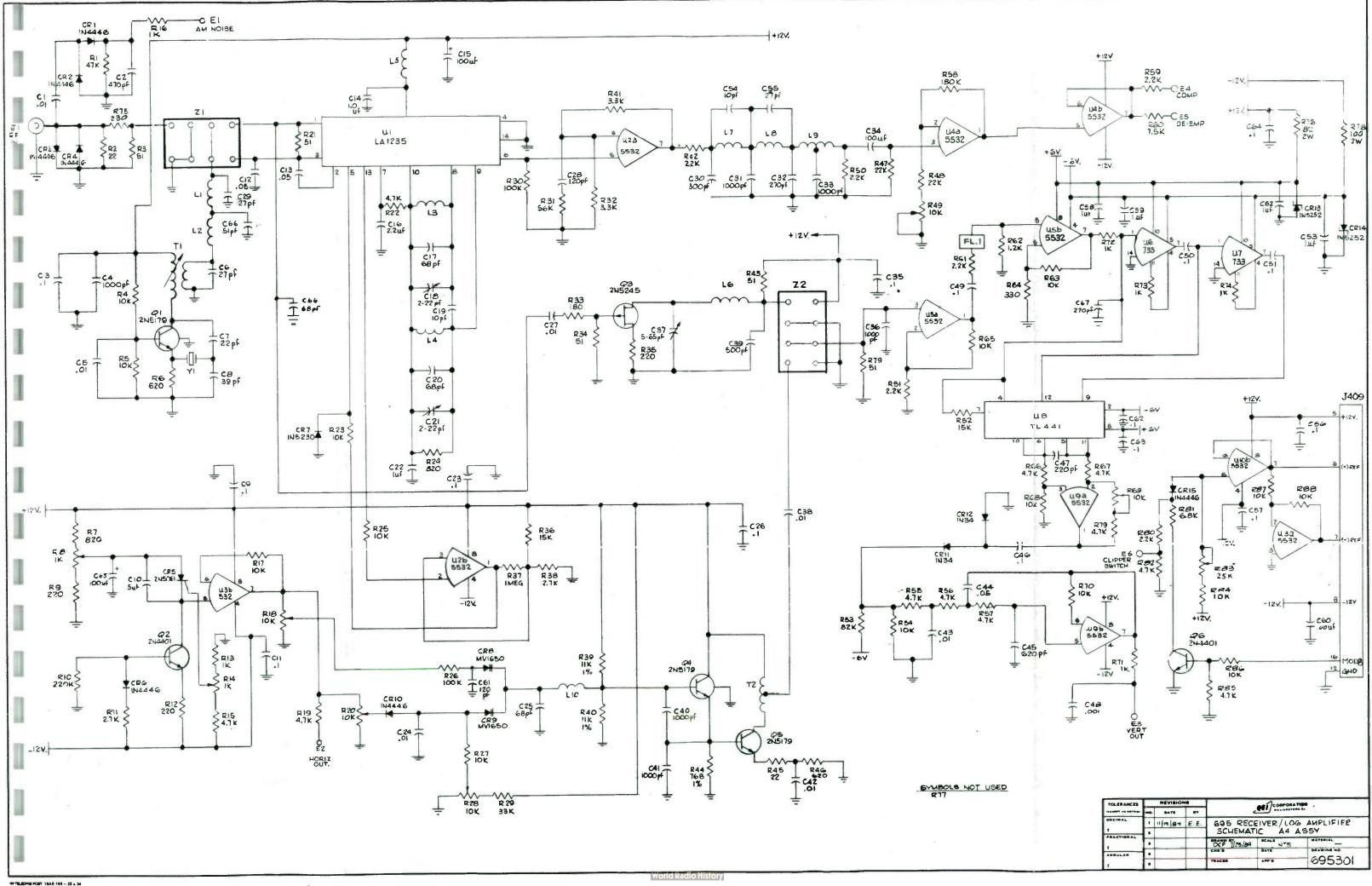




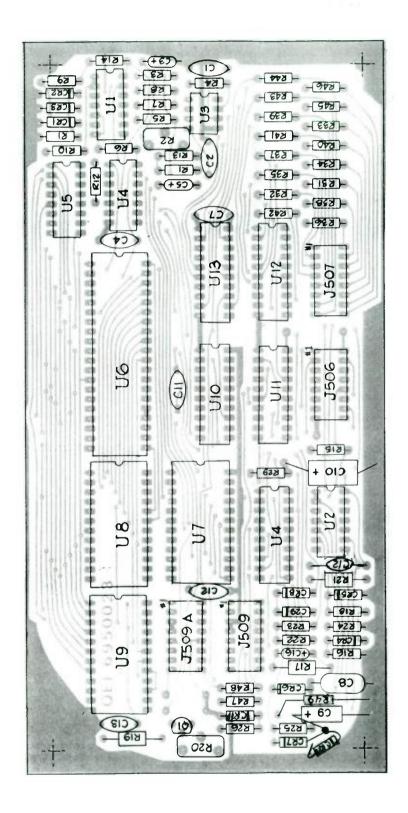








WTELEDINE POST 18AE-18E - 22 x 34





l

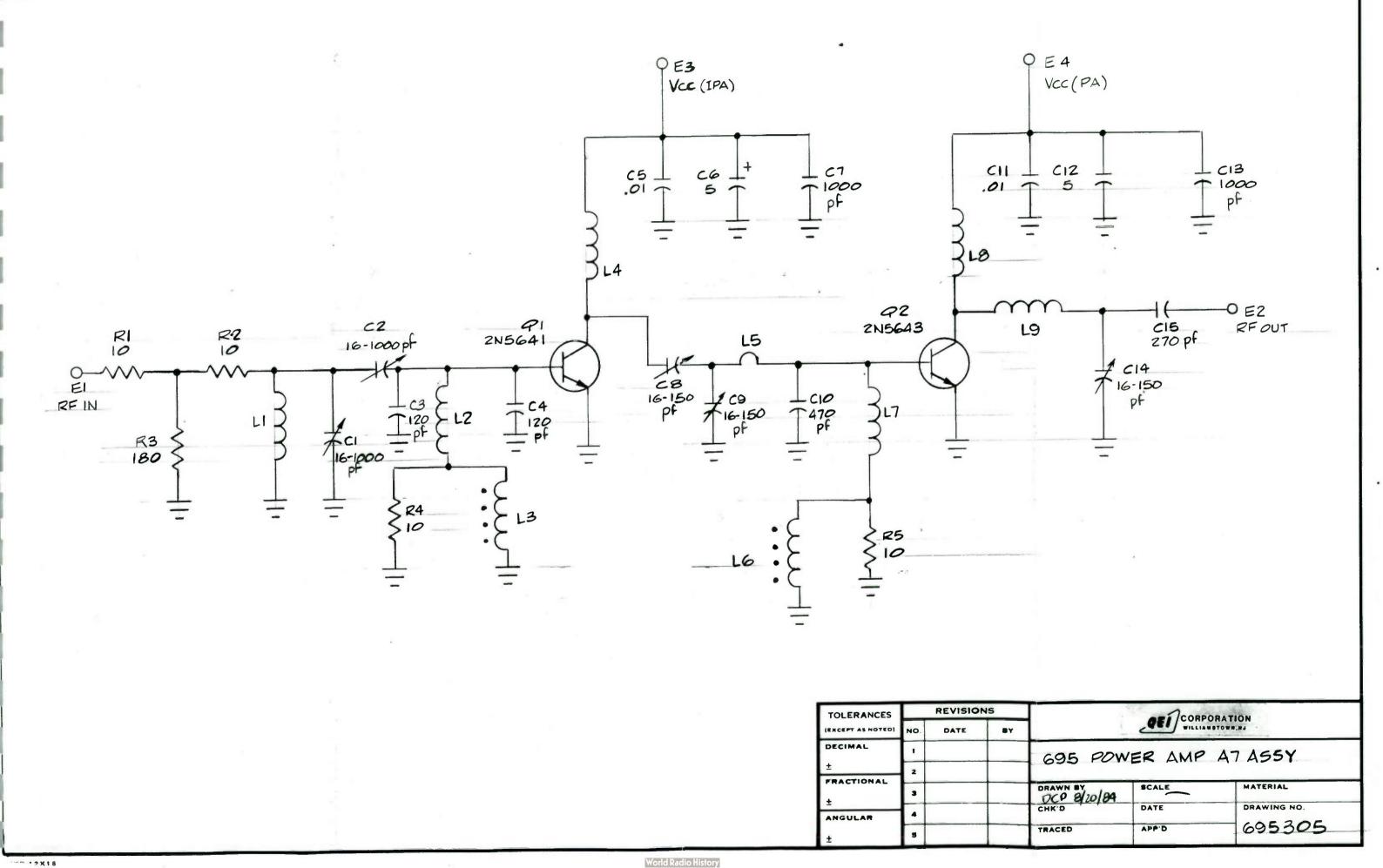
I

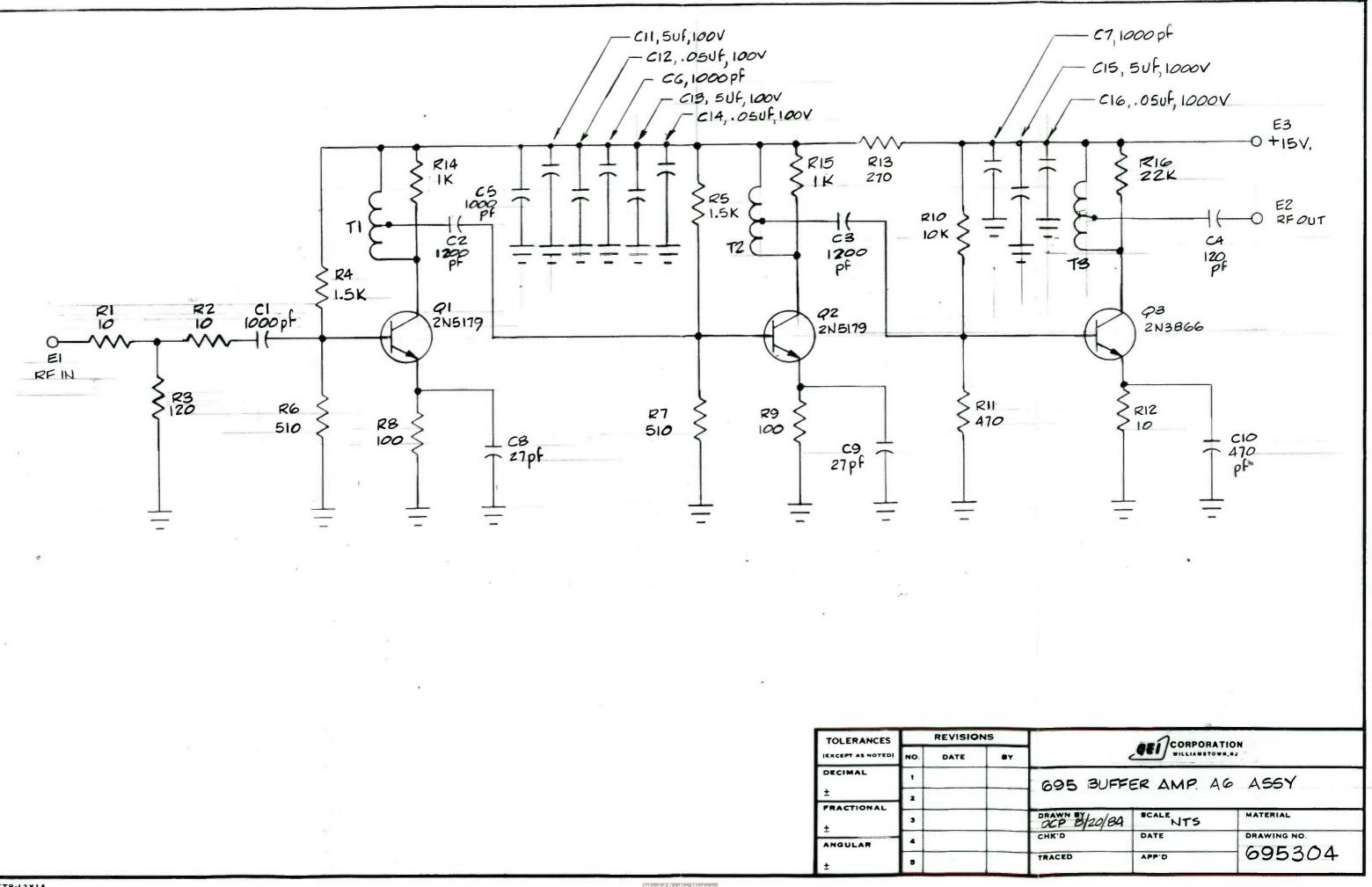
[

l

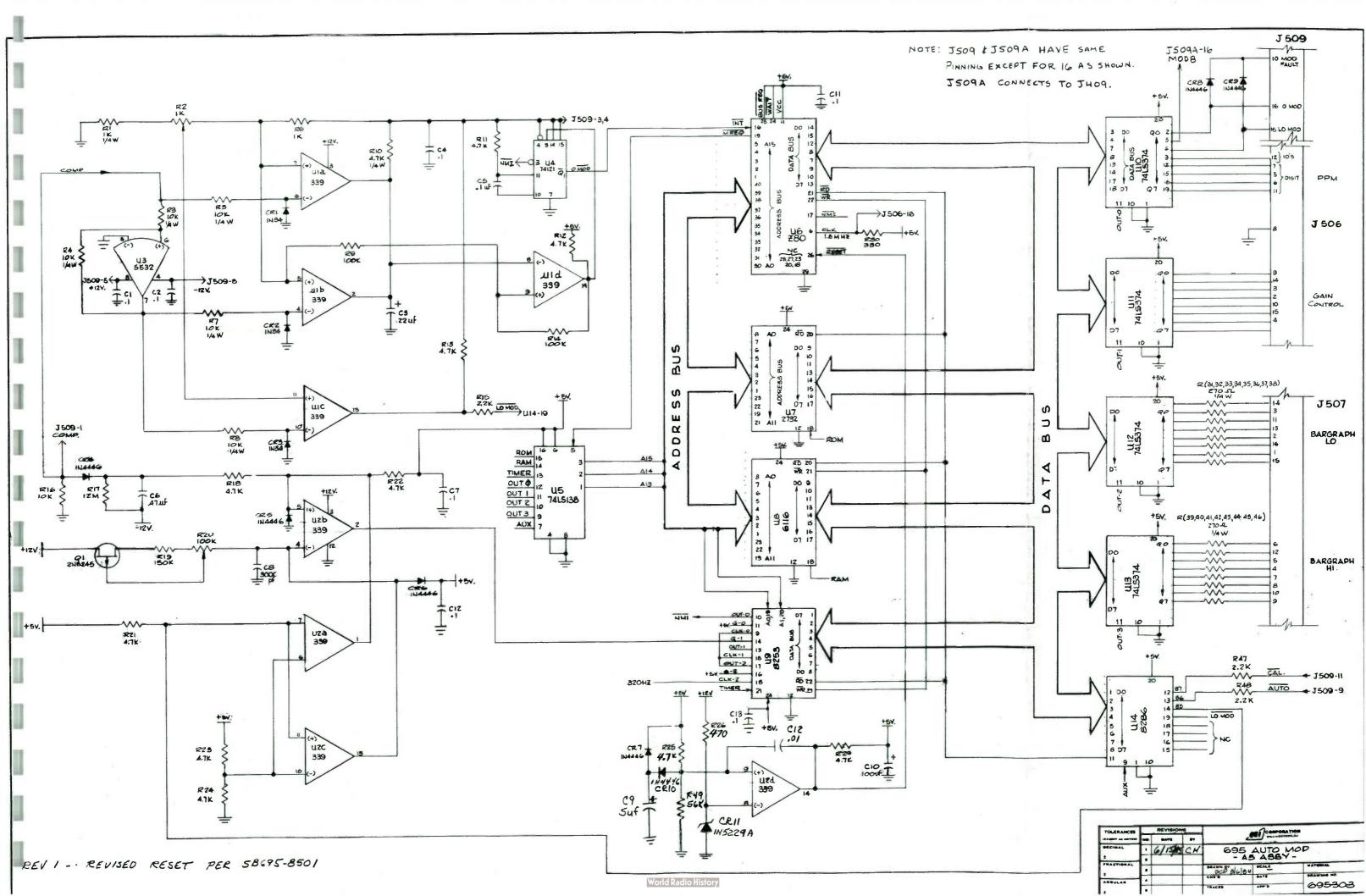
I

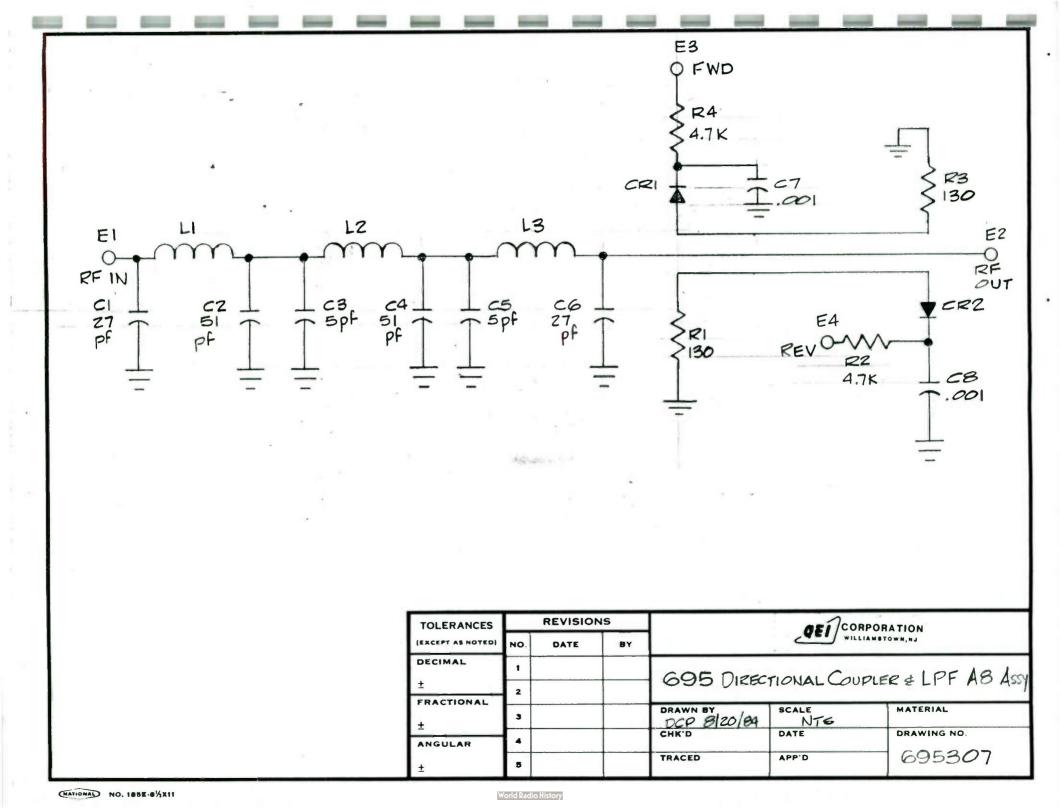
REVI- REVISED RESET PER SB195-8501

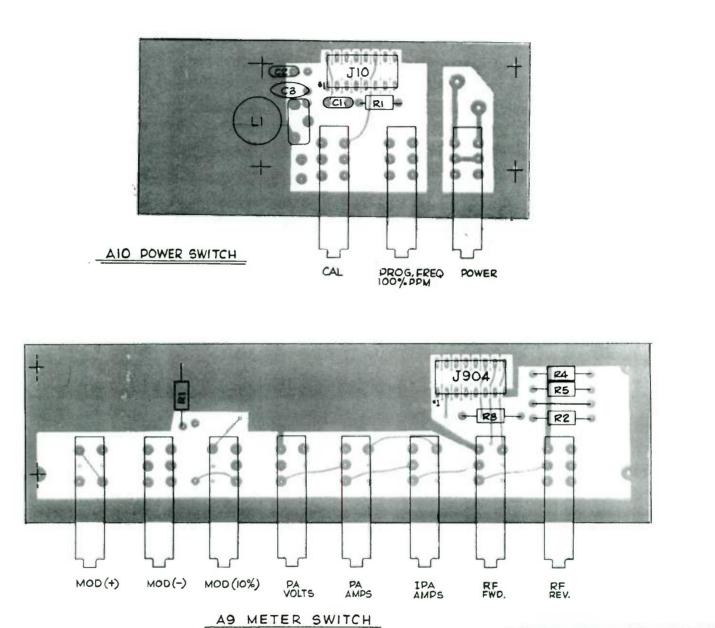




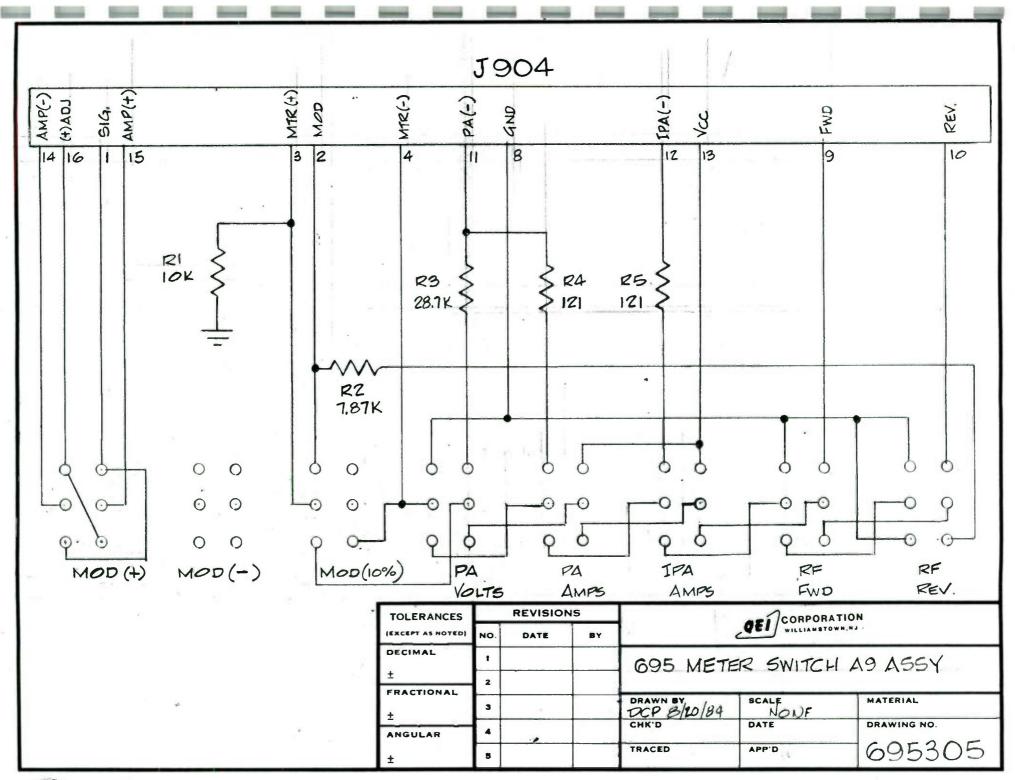
TOLERANCES	REVISIONS				
(EXCEPT AS NOTED)	NO.	DATE	BY		
DECIMAL	•				
±	2		+		
FRACTIONAL					
±	3				
ANGULAR	•				
+	8				

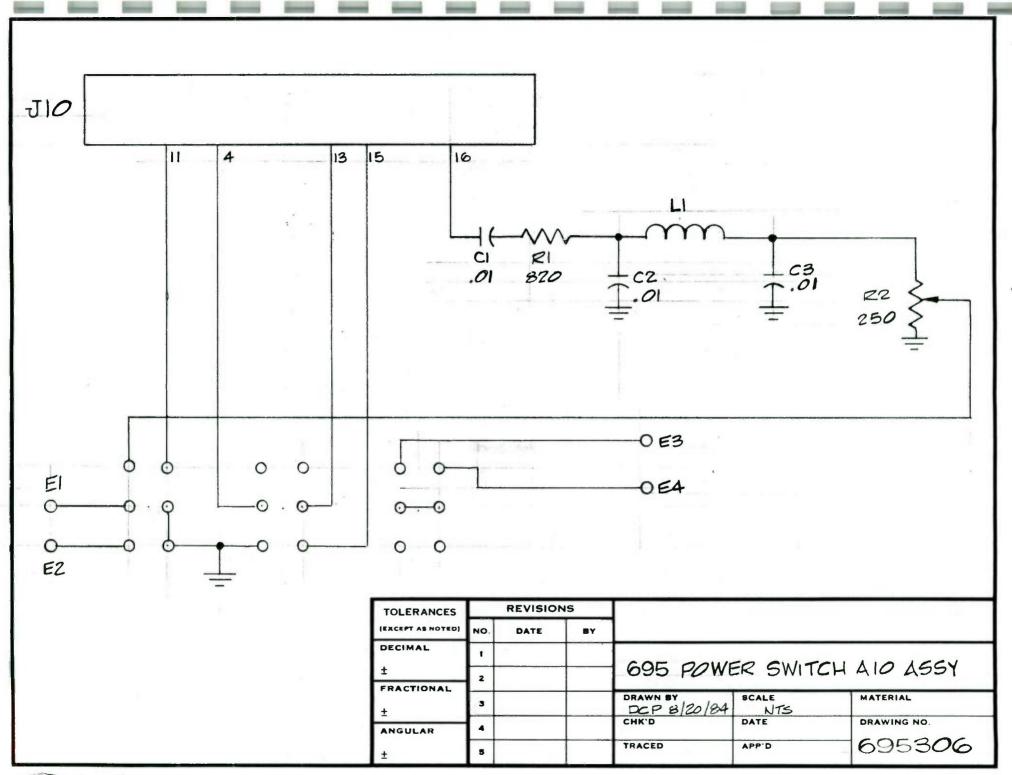






TOLERANCES REVISIONS	and lease and the	and Control ton					
	80	DATE		what we have the weather weather			
DECIMAL	•		COMPONENT LAYOUTS				
TRACTIONAL				COMPONENT LAYOUTS			
	•			DCD	FULL SIZE	MATERIAL	
ARGULAR				BRAWINE NO			
			TRACED	APP	695203		





695 A4 RECEIVER ASSEMBLY TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. VISUAL INSPECTION OF CIRCUIT BOARD.
- INSTALL CHRYSTAL FOR UNIT.

APPLY +12V, -12V, AND RF FROM A SIGNAL SOURCE AT THE PRESCRIBED FREQUENCY. RF LEVEL SHOULD BE APPROX. 1 VOLT. MEASURE VOLTAGE AT CR13 (+6V) AND CR14 (-6V).

- 4. WITH A PICK-UP LOOP AROUND T1 AND CONNECTED TO A COUNTER, TURN UNIT ON AND ADJUST T1 UNTIL L.O. LOCKS ON CHRYSTAL FREQUENCY. TURN POWER SUPPLY ON AND OFF A FEW TIMES TO INSURE L.O. LOCKS UP.
- 5. WITH A D.C. VOLTMETER, MEASURE THE VOLTAGE AT U1-13, THIS SHOULD BE APPROX 2.7V. THIS INDICATES SIGNAL INTO U1.
- 6. MEASURE VOLTAGE AT U2-3, THIS SHOULD BE ABOUT 1.8V.
- 7. MEASURE VOLTAGE AT U1-5, THIS SHOULD BE ABOUT -.7V. NOW REDUCE RF SIGNAL LEVEL IN 10 DB STEPS. AT -30 DB INPUT, U1-5 SHOULD CHANGE TO ABOUT +4.5V.
- 8. MEASURE VOLTAGE ON U10-7, ADJUST RB3 UNTIL THIS VOLTAGE IS ABOUT 3.0 V. MEASURE VOLTAGE ON U3-1, THIS SHOULD BE EQUAL IN MAGNITUDE AND OPPOSITE IN PHASE TO THE VOLTAGE AT U10-7.
- 9. MEASURE VOLTAGE AT E1 (AM NOISE). VOLTAGE SHOULD INCREASE AS RF LEVEL IS INCREASED ABOVE 1V.

CONNECT A 10,000 PF CAPACITOR FROM E5 (DE-EMP) TO GROUND. CONNECT E5 TO A DISTORTION ANALYSER. SET RF INPUT LEVEL FOR 1V. MODULATE RF WITH 400 HZ, 75 KHZ DEVIATION. ADJUST C18 & C21 FOR MAXIMUM AUDIO AT E5. MEASURE DIST-ORTION AND ADJUST C18 &C21 FOR MINIMUM DISTORTION (ABOUT .03%).

- 11. MEASURE FM NOISE. SHOULD BE ABOUT -75 DB.
- 12. CONNECT A SCOPE TO E4 (COMP). MODULATE RF SOURCE WITH A 100% STEREO SIGNAL WITH 10% PILOT AT 400 HZ. CHECK SEPARATIONTO INSURE THERE IS NO DEGREDATION THROUGH THE DEMODULATOR.
- 13. CONNECT A DISTORTION ANALYSER TO E4. MODULATE WITH A 400 HZ, 100% SIGNAL. ADJUST R49 FOR AN OUTPUT LEVEL OF 6 Vp-p (ABOUT 2 Vrms).
- 14. INCREASE MODULATION LEVEL BY 6 DB AND INSURE OUTPUT IS NOT CLIPPED.
- 15. REDUCE MODULATION BACK TO 100%. RAISE FREQUENCY AND CHECK FLATNESS. SHOULD BE LESS THAN 0.75 DB DOWN AT 100 KHZ.
- 16. REMOVE RF INPUT SIGNAL AND INSURE THAT THE OUTPUT MUTES.
- 17. CONNECT A D.C. COUPLED SCOPE TO E2 (HORIZ. OUT). ADJUST RB & R14 FOR B VP-P SAWTOOTH WAVE SYMMETRICAL AROUND GROUND.
- 18. CONNECT A COUNTER TO C38. SHORT U3-5 TO GROUND. ADJUST L10 UNTIL FREQ. IS ABOUT 11.145 MHZ. REMOVE SHORT FROM U3-5.

CONNECT SCOPE TO E3 (VERT. OUT). SET SCOPE UP FOR X-Y OPERATION TO GET SPECTRUM ANALYSER DISPLAY (SECTION 5-4 D OF INSTRUCTION MANUAL).

- 20. MODULATE RF SOURCE WITH 100 KHZ AT 100%. ADJUST R18, R20, R28, AND L10 UNTIL CARRIER AND EACH SIDEBAND ARE SYMMETRICALLY SPACED AND CENTERED. SCREEN SHOULD BE 120 KHZ WIDE EITHER SIDE OF CARRIER.
- . ADJUST C37 FOR MAXIMUM AMPLITUDE OF DISPLAY AND EQUAL AMPLITUDE OF SIDEBANDS.
- 22. CHECK DISPLAY AT LOWER FREQUENCIES TOINSURE IT IS SYMMETRICAL.
- 23. ADJUST R69 SO THAT A 10 DB DECREASE IN RF INPUT PRODUCES A 0.2 VOLT DROP IN DISPLAY.
- 24. CHECK ANYTHING ELSE I MAY HAVE MISSED IN WRITING THIS PROCEDURE.

.

695 EXCITER TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Visual Inspection
 - 2. Be sure proper crystal is installed and install software.
- 3. Jurn unit on and check power supply.

```
Vcc (unreg.) approx. 38V
+18 (unreg.) approx. 16.5V
-18 (unreg.) approx. -18V
+10 (unreg.) approx. 10V
+12
-12
+5V
```

- Install thumbwheel switch in frequency program connectors A3JU1 and A3JU2. Flip through thumbwheels to insure program frequency indication works properly.
- 5. Check to Fault Annunciator trip points on the A3 Assy.

117 pin	7	40.044 10.044	1.22V	08	oin	7		5.25
	4	*** **	1.18V			÷1	-	4.75
	Θ	•+	3.669			3	-+	. 86
	11	-	3,937		:	11	H	2.58

- Connect a power meter and dummy load to the unit. Tube L.C. for best lock range. Tube Power Amplifier as per prescribed procedure.
- Install prope frequency programming jumpers into A3JUL & JU2.
- 8. Alternately adjust A3873 and the power adjust control until the RF FWD meter position read 100% for 20 watts output.
- 9. Adjust A3R74 for the same resistance of A3R73.
- 10. Assume that there is a jumper cable between the Sample Out and Demod In Jacks. Assume that the A4 Receiver L.C. is Jocked on frequency. Modulate the exciter at 13,586 at 100% (use Spectrum Analyzer for accuracy).
- 11. Depress the MOD(-) pushbutton and be sure the Receiver is demodulating and has an audio output to meter circuit. Remove modulation and adjust A3R38 to zero the meter.
- 10. Turn modulation back on to 100% as in step 10. Fut a D.C. coupled scope ('V'(CM) on A5U4-1. Adjust A-R49 until negative going pulses just appear.
- 13. Adjust A3R48 so the meter reads 100%. Depress MOD(+) pushbutton and adjust A3R46 for 100%.

695 EXCLIER TEST PROCEDURE (continued)

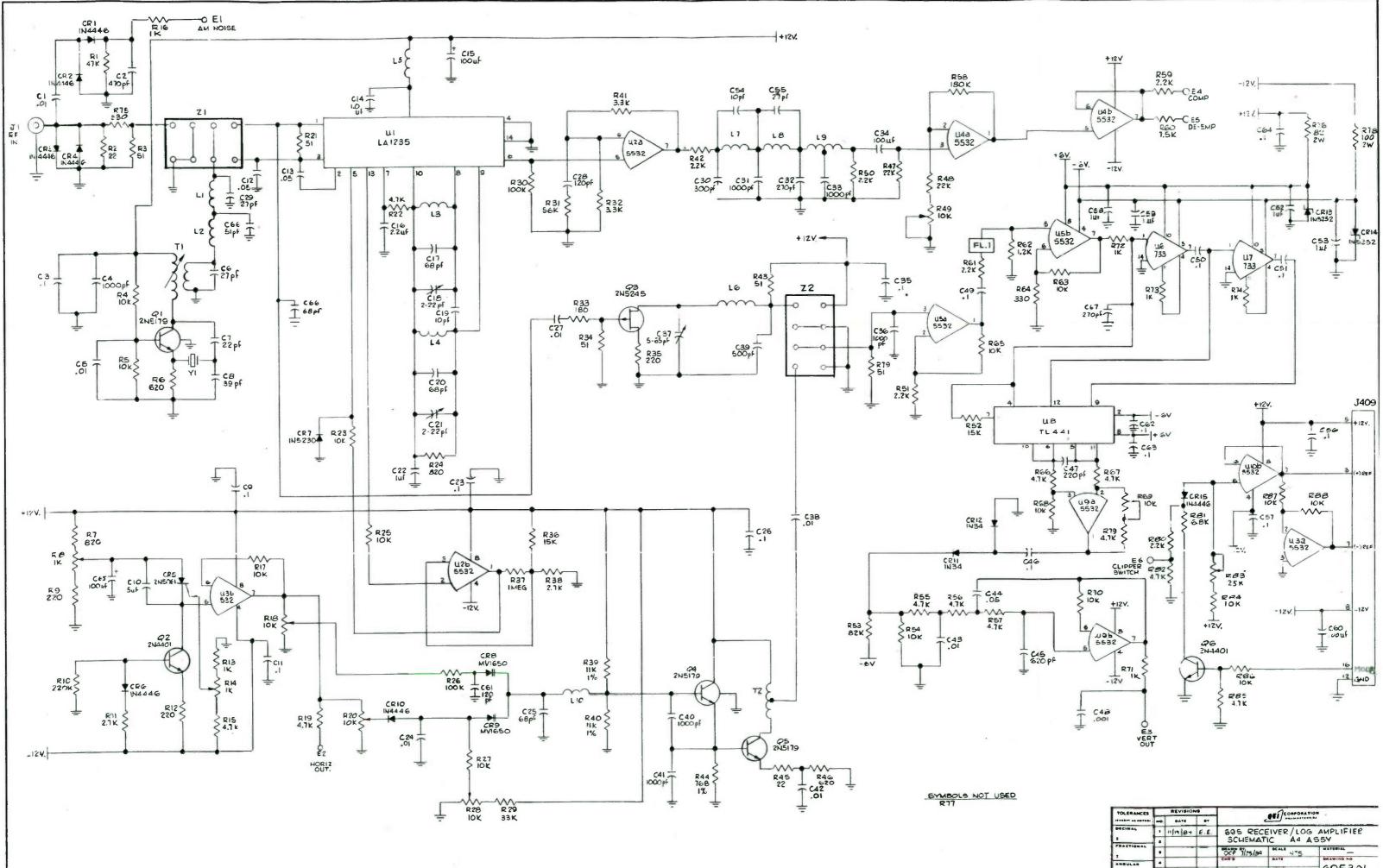
14. Turn "AUTOMOD" cincuit on and watch for proper operation. Should reduce modulation @ 100%. Modulation should be reduced by approximately 3%. With a count of a or greater on PPM readout, the modulation should not release timesaset.

15. Apply a fully modulated L-R stereo signal (10, pilot). Connect a 691 Modulation Monitor to the exciter and observe the TOTAL modulation and FILOT leval. Set TOTAL modulation to 120%. Turn "AUTOMOD" on and immediately tune A2L1 for maximum pilot level as indicated on the 691. Set total modulation to 80% with "AUTOMOD" off. Turn "AUTOMOD" on. As modulation increases to 100%, filot level should not move more than .2%.

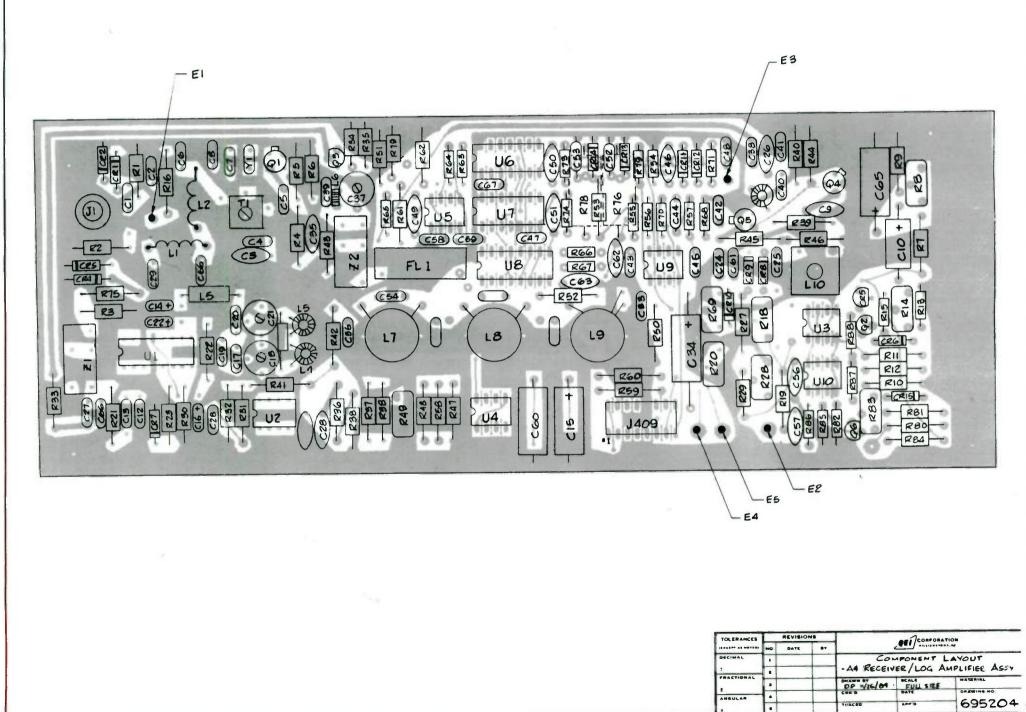
- 16. With a fully modulated Left or Right only signal, check to be sure there is no stereo degregation in the exciter - or demod.
- 17. Remove Stereo Apply a 400 Hz sine wave and modulate exciter to 100%. Connect a scope to the Wideband Oulput of the exciter. Increase modulation to 108%. Turn couper on Adjust A4883 until clupping just occurs.
- 18. Turn 'Automoti' on and overmodulate exciter until PPM reads 8 or greater. Clipping should occur & 98%. Adjust A4R83 is necessary.
- 19. Apply a 100 Hz sine wave to the Composite input. Set input level to 3.5 VP-P. Adjust A2R59 for 100% modulation.
- 90. Put 100 Ha sine wave into "Mono" input. Set input to 910 dBm. Adjust A2R54 for 100% modulation.
- 21 Put a 67 (Hz sine wave at 1Vrms into SCA #1 input. Adjust A2R83 for 10% with the MOD (10%) pushbutton depressed.
- 22. Repeat step 21 for SCA#2 and SCA#3.
- Check Spectrum Analyzer function. If not functioning properly, meren to A4 Receiver test procedure.
- Repress CAL button. Adjust A10P2 for a null. Meter should read 102.6% with MOD (-) or MOD (+) depressed.
- 25. Cherk other meter function for accuracy.
- 16. After burn in period, run proot.

50

27. CHECK UNIT FOR 230UAC. SPERATION



TOLERANCES		REVISION	18	CEI CORPORATION				
	-	BATE	87	ten in in the state				
DECIMAL		11/19/84	E.E.	695 RECE	695 RECEIVER / LOG AMPLIFIER			
1				SCHEMATIC A4 ASSY				
PRACTIONAL			-	OCP 1/25/34	BCALE NTS	MATERIAL		
ANGULAR	•			CHEB	BATE	DRAWING NO		
			1	TRACED	APP-B	695301		



adiatiisien/