August

cience and Invention

IN PICTURES

EVOLUTION ON MARS

See Page 34



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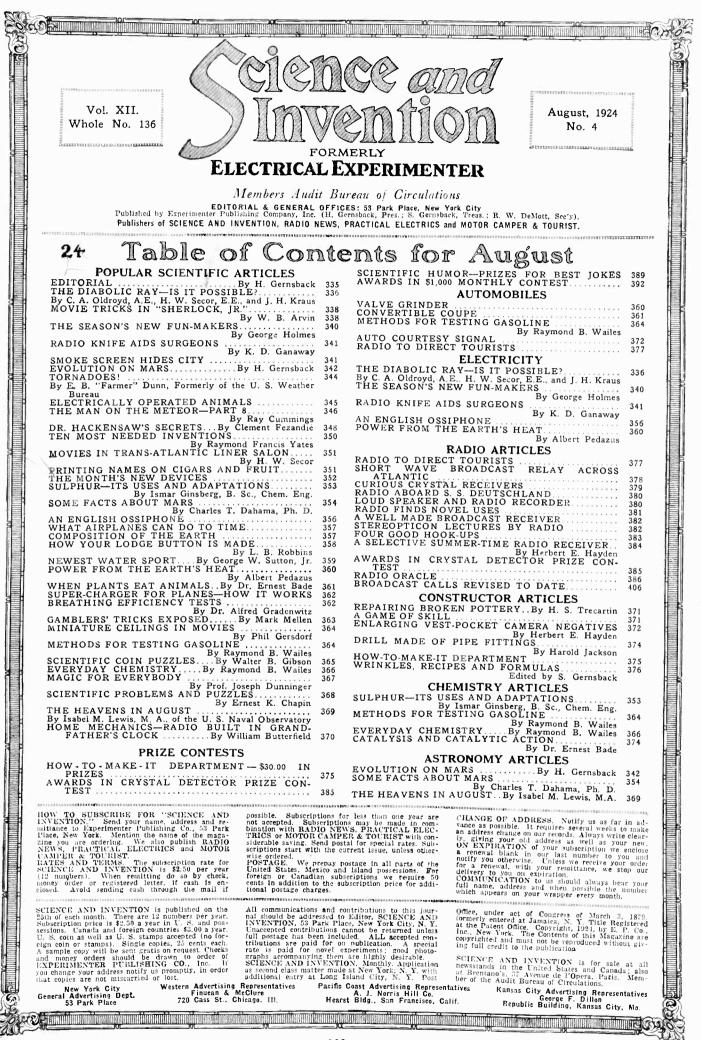
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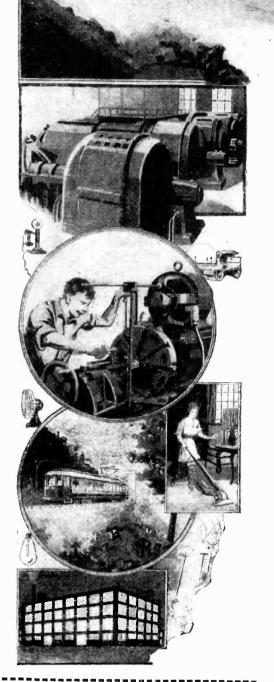
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AUGUST, 1924 No. 4

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H. GERNSBACK, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER H. WINFIELD SECOR, ASSOCIATE EDITOR T. O'CONOR SLOANE, Ph.D., ASSOCIATE EDITOR

Editorial and General Offices, - - - 53 Park Place, New York

"Those Who Refuse to Go Beyond Fact Rarely Get As Far As Fact" - - HUXLEY THE REPORT OF THE OWNER OWNER OWNER OWNER

lars By HUGO GERNSBACK

N August 22nd of this year the planet Mars will be in opposition to the earth. In their journey around the sun the two planets vary considerably in their distances from each other, due to the fact that the earth runs on the inner track and

Mars on the outer track. On very rare intervals the two planets line up so that the Sun, Earth and Mars lie in the one straight line. This position is called *opposition* because Mars and

Earth oppose each other at close points of their orbits. This year the distance that separates the two planets will be only 34,600,000 miles, which is less than it has been for over one hundred

I BELIEVE that man's greatest enemy is his ignorance. TITLE IN THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

years. The earth is a globe of roughly 8,000 miles diameter, while Mars, a much smaller body, is not much larger than our Moon, measuring only some 4,300 miles in diameter.

Scientists and astronomers are agreed that when the solar system came into being all the planets were born at about the same time. Now we know from our physics and everyday observation that the larger a body the longer it takes to cool.

pebble heated red hot when exposed will cool in a few minutes. large stone, however, when similarly heated will take hours to A cool. A large steel dynamo casting used in our mammoth generators will take days to acquire the temperature of the air. It follows, therefore, that if Mars cooled down from its original liquid state in so many million years, it would take the earth possibly ten times as many million years to do the same, because it is so much larger a body. Just as Jupiter and Saturn and some of the other major planets are even today in a molten, or gaseous, non-solid state to remain so for ages to come.

state to remain so for ages to come. Right before our eyes we have another similar exam-ple, namely our own moon, which, having cooled down millions of years ahead of the earth, has by this time become a barren world without water and without atmosphere, unable to support life as we know it. Whatever water and air there was on the moon has been absorbed by the rocks and the crevices and has vanished from the surface to the interior. If there is any life on the moon it certainly will not be on the surface, but will be on the interior of the satellite. An surface, but will be on the interior of the satellite. An analogous condition we find on Mars, which body, being a trifle larger than the moon, has not as yet become a totally dead world, but is rapidly approaching this state. Our astronomical instruments show us that whereas the moon has practically no atmosphere at all, Mars still has left a vestige of

atmosphere capable of sustaining life as we know it. to be sure, Mars is much further away from the Sun than is the Earth and, therefore, does not get as much light and heat; further-more, the denser and moister the atmosphere of a planet the better that planet will hold its heat, because the atmosphere absorbs the heat readily, but does not radiate it as fast into space. The thinner

the atmosphere the sooner the heat will be lost, consequently the mean temperature of Mars, according to Lowell, will be a good deal lower than the mean temperature on earth. It probably will be freezing on Mars nearly all of the year, even at the equator, and temperatures below zero are rather the rule than the exception. But all this does not argue against life-quite the contrary. Life, one of the strangest phe-nomena of nature, has a habit of manifesting itself under even almost impossible con-

that one of the scarcest things in this world is an original and practical idea.

I BELIEVE

ditions. We find life at the bottom of the ocean, where the pressure is so tremendous that before we had deep sea fishing apparatus scientists figured out mathematically that it would be impossible for life to exist at such depths. Nevertheless thousands of different living specimens have been brought up from ocean depths of over 20,000 feet.

There is life on top of the Himalayas, where the atmosphere is extremely thin. There is life at the poles of our Earth, where the temperatures are below zero for the greater part of the year. There is even life in a cake of ice.

Svante Arrhenius, the famous physicist, has calculated that life can even be transmitted from planet to planet on life bearing spores, which spores are pro-pelled by the pressure of the Sun's light Consequently, if life cannot exist rays. on Mars, as some scientists claim, all these arguments should be taken into consideration. Of course, we cannot guess as to what form life might take on Mars.



We also cannot say positively that Mars is inhabited by intelligent thinking creatures, but the chances are very much in the affirmative.

Throughout nature we find that everything is duplicated. We find exactly the same elements on our earth as in the stars, billions of exactly the same elements on our earth as in the stars, billions of miles away from us and millions of light years distant. In fact, we find the same conditions throughout the universe. We find the same stars, the same nebulae throughout the universe; why, then, should there be any exception as to life? Logic opposing these views would seem ridiculous on the face of it. Nature nowhere runs in singles. There is duplication galore and life on Mars is no exception to this fundamental rule.

The universe contains not thousands, not millions, but actually billions of stars. These stars are huge suns, the same as our own sun.

Millions of these suns have their own planetary sys-tems, the same as has our own sun. Throughout our universe, therefore, there are hundreds of thousands of planetary systems, probably the exact duplicates of our own, some on a smaller scale, some on a larger scale.

Spectrum analysis tells us that nearly all of these stars have the same chemical elements as our own sun. although billions of miles separate them from each other; consequently their planets will have the same make-up as our

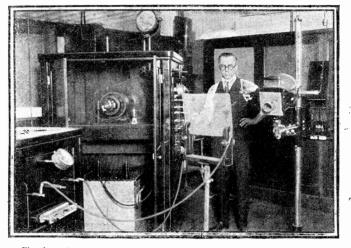
own earth. This refers only to our own universe, but again it must be remembered that our universe, large as we think it is, is itself only a small grain of sand in the entire make-up of the larger world of which our universe is only a microscopical part. To pick out our puny little earth, less than a pin-point in a mountain and to think that this little speck of dust, of all others, was singled out to bear life, surely is a grotesque thought and unworthy of serious consideration.

In summing up, it may be said that the chances overwhelmingly favor the existence of life on Mars either past or present, because it is possible that after Mars had attained its greatest point of evolution, the intelligent rulers of the planet gradually became extinct due to the lack of air and lack of heat. But there certainly will have remained sufficient life on Mars today to support a number of low organisms the same as probably would be found on our moon today.

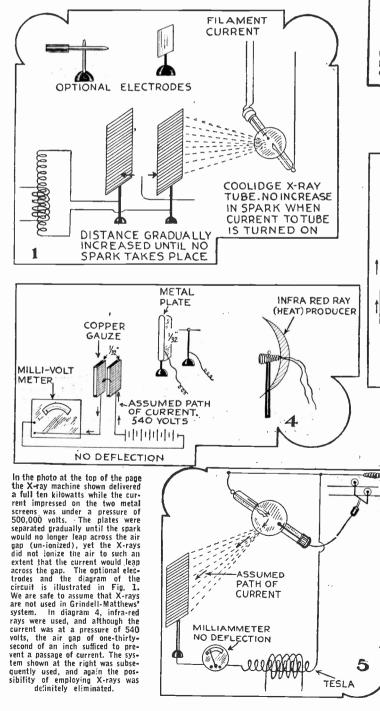
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THE GOLDEN AGE OF

SCIENCE is now symbolized by the golden



The above photo was taken in the X-ray testing laboratories of the Kny-Scheerer Company. The Coolidge X-ray tube shown gave a perfect skiagraph of the hand, when the individual was 100 feet from the tube. There was a brick wall one and one-half feet thick between the individual and the tube. These powerful rays did not ionize the air sufficiently to permit passage of a spark between metal plates one foot from the tube.

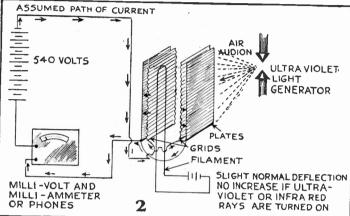


The Diabolic Ray--

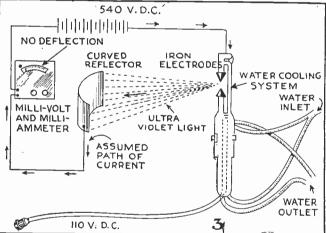
By C. A. OLDROYD, A.E., H. W. SECOR, E.E.,

and J. H. KRAUS

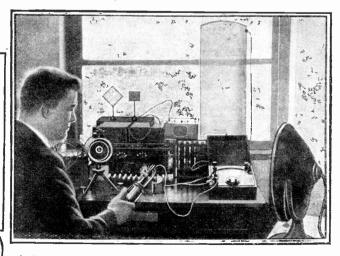
The daily press has just announced that Mr. H. Grindell-Matthews, a British in-ventor living in London, has discovered a new death-dealing ray. The article on the page at the right was officially passed upon by the inventor himself. Immediately upon receiving the report of the ray discovery, American scientists voiced arguments and the American press published statements of "Doubting Thomases." The Editors of SCIENCE AND INVEVNTION, on the other hand, went about a series of sys-tematic researches, and arrived at the conclusion that if a new ray unknown to science (which is doubtful) has not been discovered, known rays could not possibly produce the results claimed.



The diagram above illustrates one of the editors' experiments. An air audion had its filament heated by means of a battery. This audion is the same as the vacuum tube used in radio receiving sets except that it does not posses a glass bulb. Current at a pressure of 540 volts was impressed on the grid, and al-though a minute deflection of the milli-voltmeter was noticed when the filament was incandesced, the deflation did not increase under influence of ultra-violet or infra red rays. Arrows indicate the assumed path of the current.



Anoher method tried by the Editors, which gave absolutely no deflection, is shown above. One lead of the direct current circuit was attached to the ultra-violet ray electrodes which were held in the focus of a parabolic mirror.



In the above photo the ultra-violet ray producers are shown. Notice the various types of screens and sensitive measuring instruments employed and also the veritable power house of batteries. Now see what Mr. Grindell-Matthews says.

TESLA



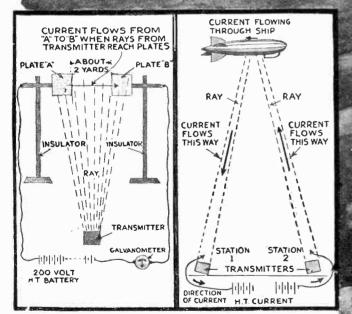
A FAMOUS inventor, H. Grindell-Matthews of London claims to have discovered a very dangerous ray. He states he used very low powered transmitters. In Mr. Oldroyd's article, which was proof-read and corrected by Mr. Grindell-Matthews, he claims the ray could be made visible or invisible. With the visible rays the enemy forces could be located. Should any mass get in the path of the rays a destructive effect, as visualized in the sketch below, is produced. The current is assumed to travel up the path of one ray, through the ship, and down the other ray. It would seem that the imetal of the airship is a far better conductor than the ray itself, but according to Grindell-Matthews' claims this is not the case. Even a metal enclosed engine is damaged by the ray. Gun-powder, the inventor claims, can be exploded at a distance of twelve yards from the small transmitter, and on two occasions. Mr. E. J. Lynes, Mr. Matthews' assistant, moved within the fringe of the invisible ray and was instantly rendered unconscious by a violent shock. So reads the official article. The Editors of this magazine have not found any ray known to scientists today capable of producing the effect claimed by the English inventor. The possibility of his having discovered a new ray, is, to say the least, very slight indeed. AIRPLANE

RAY DIRECTED

HIGH TENSION CURRENT TRAVELING ALONG RAY TO A RPLANE CAUSING DESTRUCTION

HIGH TENSION CURRENT

TRANSMITTER



The above diagram is sponsored for by H. Grindell-Matthews. Two plates were placed about a yard apart and current at a potential of 200 volts was impressed upon the plates which were connected in series with a gal-vanometer, and a 200 volt battery. When the ray was turned on, as indi-cated in the diagram, the space be-tween the two plates became con-ductive and the galvanometer regis-tered the current flowing across the plates, according to Grindell-Mat-thews. He states the space across the plates was as conductive as though a wire actually connected them. We found the converse to be true with every ray.

How the ray is supposed to destroy an airship is depicted in the above diagram, likewise vouched for by the English inventor. What causes the airship to actually burn is a pro-found secret known only to the in-ventor. What causes the metal of the airship to be less conductive than the ray is not mentioned, and why the ray does not naturally become short-circuited cannot easily be seen. Our experiments definitely prove that these claims are fictitious. Radio, X-rays, ultra-violet and infra-red rays, the only useful rays that are invisible, cannot be made to dupli-cate Grindell-Matthews' claims.

nRadioHistory

The artist's conception of how the Grindell-Matthews' ray will bring down hostile air-planes and airships is depicted above. On the motor truck two powerful ray transmitters are mounted on swivels so that the beams of the transmitters may be directed on enemy aircraft. When the ray strikes, the airship burns. American and European scientists deny the reported discovery. Has Mr. Matthews discovered the impossible?



WHILE BUSTER KEATON SLEEPS ON HIS JOB AS MOVIE OPERATOR, HIS SPIRIT LOOKS THROUG PEEP-HOLE AND SEES THE CHARACTERS ON SCREEN CHANGE TO THOSE IN HIS OWN CHAMA

Photographer's Make

P RODUCERS had almost forgotten that photographic stunts may be made howl-ingly funny if a little imagination is used closer with the ingly funny if a little imagination is used along with the cameraman's pranks. Recently, however, "Sherlock, Jr.," with Buster Keaton in the leading rôle, was released in New York and drew large crowds day after day. And the drawing power of the picture rested almost solely upon the ability of a clownish photographer. The first of the five reels set a terribly rapid pace which was maintained throughout the

entire photoplay. Of course, many of the stunts are children of the wildest sort of a slapstack imagination, but the fact remains they are side-splitting in their effects. The one trouble with the film, if there is any, is that the action moves along so fast that the onlooker does not have time in many cases to thoroughly enjoy the plights

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CUT HERE

PEEP HOLE

into which the young detective forces himself. There is no end of thrills, one follows immediately upon the heels of the preceding one, until the spectator simply sits and gasps and wonders what will be the next fool thing Buster will do.

A notable point in the work of the camera-man, and a point that would be ordinarily overlooked, is that an exceedingly small amount of double exposure is used in the manufacture of the film. Whenever a producer starts to do trick stuff, the first thought to enter his mind usually is, where can double exposure be used.

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The picture opens with Buster Keaton as a poor motion picture operator with highly romantic dreams. He starts his machines, one night, sits on his stool and falls asheep. His spirit leaves his body, looks through the peep-hole and then things begin to happen. The spirit leaving the body is, of course, a double exposure stunt. The phantom passes out of the booth, down the aisle of the theatre and up into the frame of the picture. There he meets the most marvelous episodes. He goes into a formal garden, leans against a tree which bends under his weight, sits on a stone and immediately the garden becomes a desert. A moment later an express train passes after instead of the water. The illustrations at the right show how the stunt was performed. The film of two different jumps were spliced in the middle of the jump a shown.

FALLS, AND LOOKS UP INTO THE OPEN JAWS OF TWO LIONS

SITS DOWN AND FAST EXPRESS.TRAIN TEARS ACROSS SCREEN A FEW

INCHES BEHIND HIS BACK

HE PICKS PHANTOM OF HIS HAT OFF HOOK AND GOES OUT WITH IT ON

HIS HEAD, LEAVING HAT BEHIND

FIRST HE IS IN A FORMAL

STOPS SHORT AT BRINK

DIVES OFF ROCK AND ----

GARDEN - LEANS AGAINST TREE

LEX



The result is that a great amount of it comes into play and many times a large part of the film does not reach a high point of perfection. This is especially the case where the producer is working on some spectacle where no large amount of money is avail-

able and the expense question is all important. One of the best trick effects in the picture was obtained cheaply in the miraculous ride Keaton made on the handle-bars of a swiitly moving motorcycle, shown at the bottom of this page. A great part of the picture was taken with Keaton actually riding the machine. By running the camera slowly and allowing him to sit well back on the frame of the motorcycle, he could actually make the terrible feats (at slow which halo closed impossible on the actually make the terrible feats (at slow speed), which look almost impossible on the screen, with little or no danger to himself. The camera was running at less than half speed for the exposure of the scene, so that

when it was printed and projected the actual speed of the motorcycle seemed more than twice real speed.

Immediately at the right is shown one of the most humorous stunts in the production. Buster seemingly jumps through the body of an old peddler. The sketch immediately below the picture shows how it is done. Of course, there was a trap door through which he jumped and a mattress upon which to land.

The two scenes immediately bordering this caption show how the movies of the movie were shown. The movie in the picture was projected from the back of the screen. At the beginning of the picture, Buster walks into the frame of the picture and becomes a part of the movies. Of course, this was done by using a painted set very close to a black frame similar to that found in almost all movie theatves. The char-acters moved in this miniature stage formed between the backyround and the frame and Buster had only to step over the frame to be in the "movie." By setting the camera a good distance away the flat effect, as if he really stepped into the movie, was obtained.



CHASED BY ROBBERS, HE ESCAPES ON HANDLE BARS OF HIS ASSISTANT'S MOTORCYCLE

THEY HIT DITCH AND ASSISTANT IS THROWN OFF



BUSTER CONTINUES ON ALONE AT HIGH SPEED, MAKING OCCASIONAL RE-MARKS OVER HIS SHOULDER,

YOU SEE HIM DASH ACROSS RAILROAD TRACKS

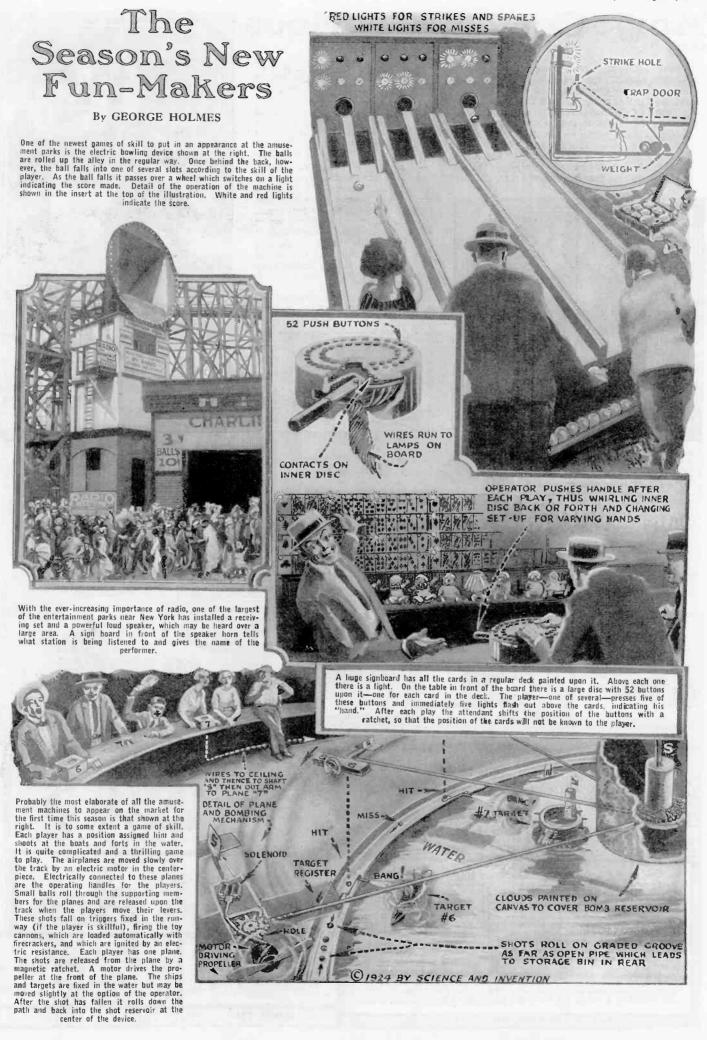
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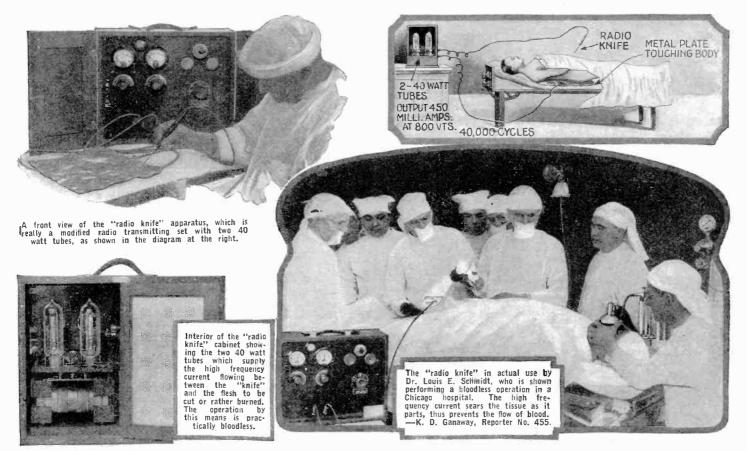




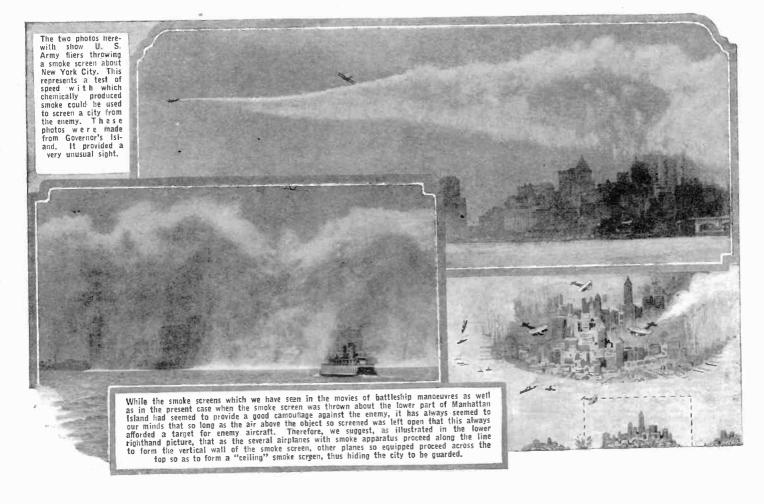


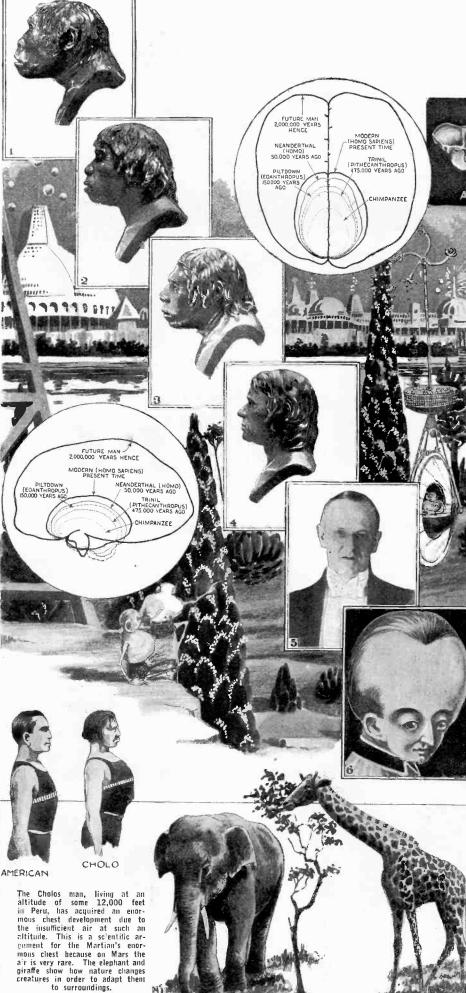
Radio Knife Aids Surgeons

1.5



Smoke Screen Hides City

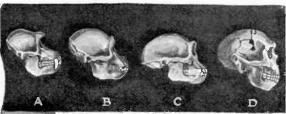




AmericanRadioHistory.Com

Science and Invention for August, 1924

Evolution By HUGO MEMBER, AMERICAN



HIS month the opposition of Mars brings anew the speculation as to the inhabitants of the mysterious planet. Science to-day knows that Mars being a much smaller body

Mars being a much smaller body than the earth, must have cooled down millions of years before the earth reached a similar stage. Scientists argue that this being the case evolution on Mars must in consequence be just as many million years advanced beyond our own.

Granting that conditions are roughly alike on the two planets, evolution would in all probability work out as on our earth. If this were the case, of which of course we cannot be sure, it would be possible for us to form a general picture of what conditions are on Mars, but in order to understand evolution on Mars we must first understand evolution on earth.

The top strip on these pages lettered from "A" to "G" shows the evolution of our planet's most highly developed intelligent creatures. "A" shows the skull of a low form of monkey. "B" the skull of a chimpanzee. "C" the first real human being known as such to science and designated *pithecauthropus*. We now know that he lived some 475,000 years ago. "D" shows the skull of the *Neanderthal* race which lived some 150,000 years ago. "E" shows the skull of the *Aurignac* race which lived some 25,000 years ago and "F" shows the skull of the present day human being. What will be the appearance of the skull of man two million years hence? By studying our race which started almost a half million years ago, we see that the skull, that is that part which encloses the brain, has a tendency to become larger and larger. The figure "G" therefore will give a fairly accurate idea of what a human being will look like two million years hence.

This illustration has been carefully prepared from the diagramatic curves shown in the cross-sectional views of the skulls illustrated in the two round circles on this page. The upper one shows top sections of the brains of the various races while the lower circle shows the side views of the brains of the races. On this our artist has plotted the appearance of the brain two million years hence.

two million years hence. So much for the skulls, now for the actual appearance of the various human beings. Fig. 1 shows a reconstructed head of the Pithecanthropus, prehistoric man. Fig. 2 shows the restoration of the head of a Piltdown man. Fig. 3 shows the head of the Neanderthal man, while Fig. 4 shows the head of the Cro-Magnon man. Fig. 5 shows the modern man as represented by President Coolidge, while Fig. 6 shows the future man two million years hence.

Coming to Mars we know that some of the conditions of this planet differ somewhat from those on earth. Mars, to begin with, has practically no more atmosphere. It is certain that the planet once had the same kind of atmosphere as the earth, On Mars GERNSBACK PHYSICAL SOCIETY

This atmosphere, however, vanished little by little, until today about as little is leit as is present on the top of the Himalayas. This means but one thing—due to lack of atmosphere and oxygen as well, the chest must become enlarged during the ages un-til it assumes outgrandinger measuring. til it assumes extraordinary proportions. This is not at all a theory and has been proved on our own earth. There exists a race of Cholos Indians which race lives in the Peruvian mountains at an altitude of some 12.000 feet. Professor J. Bar-croft, C.B.E., F.R.S., who made exhaustive studies of this race noted that the Cholos chest development had been increased from the normal or 79 c.m. to the abnormal 92 c.m. (see illustration in lower left hand corner page 342). On Mars which is also a much smaller planet the gravitational pull is much less, thus a man weighing 150 pounds on earth would weigh only 53 pounds on Mars. A human being can jump 4 feet, the Martian 11 feet with the same effort. A human being can lift 200 pounds while the Martian can lift 564 of the same earth pounds with the same effort.

Gravitational pull being so much smaller the Martian, if he exists, is probably very much taller than the human being, possibly from 15 to 20 feet tall. Having attained a far more advanced civilization, performing all work by machines and hardly ever attempting manual labor, the Martian's arms have shrunk until they are little more than bones with skin covering them. The body weighing much less on Mars and the Martian probably moving around only in mechanical contrivances, his legs have become almost useless and are there-fore similarly attenuated. They also have but tiny muscles covered with skin. But in order to support such a tall body, (the gravitation being low), the Martian must have large feet.

Now the scant Martian atmosphere makes it very difficult to smell. Scents are propagated very slowly in a scant at-mosphere. For that reason the Martian must go to the smell rather than the smell come to him. We should therefore find an clephantine nose to compensate the Martian's shortcoming in this respect, just as the elephant had to grow a long trunk in order to make it easier for him to get to his water and just as the giraffe has a long neck to reach the food he likes. In a thin atmosphere loud sounds be-come very weak. We should expect to

come very weak. We should expect to find the Martian therefore equipped with large bat-like ears to catch more sound.

We may expect to find the Martian with projecting eyes if our deductions are correct and the temperature on Mars being nearly always freezing even at the Equator and going below zero at higher lattitude, the Martians will probably be covered with thick fur or feathers in order to keep him warm.

The two horn like projections on his forehead are antennae, and constitute the Martian's telepathic organ.



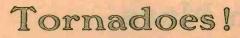
A fantastic, but scientific suggestion of the build of the Martian. Good logic suggests the large chest, the elephantine nose, the stork-like legs as explained in our article. The Martian uses an atomic or similar ray to perform work such as excavating, blasting, etc.



AmericanRadioHistory.Com

20

H. G. Wells' conception of a Martian. This Martian is com-posed of nothing but brains, legs and tentacles. In order to move about he uses a tripod "walking" machine which is shown above him.



By E. B. "FARMER" DUNN Formerly with the U. S. Weather Bureau



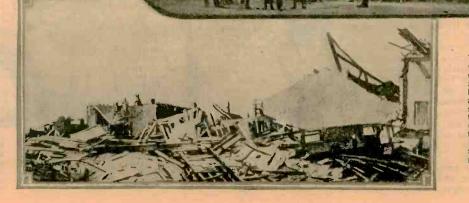
Tornadoes are the most diminutive, vlolent and the functive of all storms. Their great power is in the function or worker, which varies in diameter from 50 to 1,000 ft. They travel for a distance of very instance from southwest for and is nearly more and the southwest to northeast. They more and their rotary motion varies from the hundred to five hundred miles an hour. They have hundred to five hundred miles an hour. They for a book shows a tornado over water, where the southwestern side of a general cyclone. The south of water did not break even on crossing the south of water did not break even on crossing the south. The spout continued for another three miles by A. H. Smith.

The drawing at the top shows the approach of a tornado. It will inflict untold damage before it finally quiets down with the breaking of the vortex. The sketch immediately above is a cross-section of a tornado. The lines indicate the whirling motion produced. The cold air rushes in at the bottom, and forms an envelope around the whirling hot air, rising upward in the center.

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Explosions frequently occur when a tornado passes. This is due to the expansion of air in houses, the doors and windows of which are closed. The center of the tornado creates a partial atmospheric vacuum, drawing nearly all the air from its surroundings. Naturally the air in the houses creates a pressure and causes the walls and doors to be blown outward.



The photo above shows what happened to a house bodily form its foundation and dropped into the street. The vortex of the toriado passing the house did the damage. Photo at the left gives a graphic illustration of the destruction produced in the path of a St. Louis tornado.

Hunduin AA

Life Size Dummies That Move

By JOSEPH H. KRAUS



The animals shown in the photo immediately above are all life size and are remarkable reproductions. The man on the elephant is a real honest-to-goodness individual and by comparing the animal with the man an estimate of the size of the reproductions can be obtained. The elephants move their trunks, heads, ears and eyes. The zebra in addition moves his jaw and wags his tail.



The photo at the top shows the mechanism for operating the fion. A fractional horse-power motor drives the rods extending the lower jaw of the lion shown in the top center photo of page where it is seemingly snarling at the girl. Another rod extends to the back and waps the tail of the lion. The elephant also shown above juggles a ball on the top of his head, which ball rotates constantly. Immediately above we see the undraged figure of a clown. This clown seemingly tries to maintain his position on the ball and at the same time continues to spin the ball with his toe. Mrs body rocks from side to side and his foot moves back and forth. The construction of the ball mechanism is shown in the line drawing above and completed clown at right.



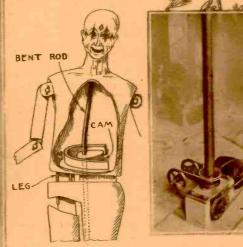
BALL

MOTOR

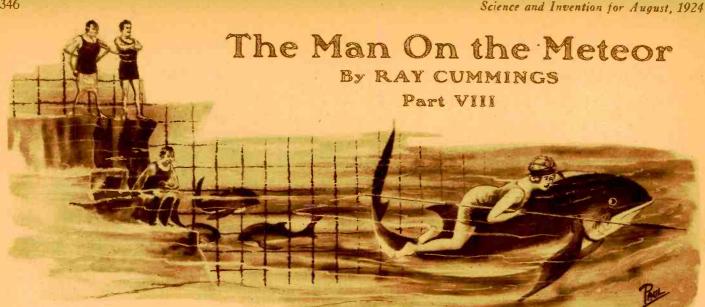
BELT

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WORM,



Above at the top is the mechanism for operating the zebra. The small electric motor drives the chain of gears, causing the zebra's head to twist from side to side, the ears to move, the eyes to roll, the mouth to open and the tail to move. All the animals on this page are covered with the finest imitation skin. They are life-like in respect to size, color and physical structure. Their movements are perfectly natural. On the right is the undraped figure of the elephant illustrated at the left of this page and immediately above the mechanism for causing the ball under the clown figure at the left to turn. The drawing above illustrates the manner in which the clown moves his leg and body. These objects were all constructed by Messmore & Damon of New York.



Lying flat on the dolphin's back, her slender body seemed welded to it. A collar was about the dolphin's head; and into it she thrust an arm to hold herself. The young Marinoid told her how the creature was guided. A kick of the heel, pressure of an arm against its head—or even a whispered word. She was ready.

Witth no memory of past events, a young man suddenly comes to his senses on a meteor which is part of one of the rings of Saturn. He looks for nourishment and finds the mouth of a cave. As he looks toward the cave a girl comes into view. One day, upon returning to the cave, Nona, the girl, shows Nemo, as the man calls himself, several mollusks which make good food. To gather more of this food, they wade into a stream. Nemo sees Nona's head is completely engulfed. Soon his head goes under water and the feels the liquid rush into his lungs. However, by violent effort he is able to breathe the water.

Later they see coming toward them a party of ten people, four men and six women, who are somewhat human in form, but have four arms like the tentacles of a cuttlefish. Nemo and Nona are captured and tied by them.

They are taken by the Marinoids, as the mem-bers of the party call themselves, to the city called Rax. This city is built in the stream of under-water vegetation.

A man named Og insulted Nemo and challenged him to a hght. The fight took place in front of the palace of the ruler and Nemo was defeated because Og had a peculiar property, which was characteristic of the Marinoids, enabling him to send a charge of animal electricity into the body of Nemo, thereby rendering him unconscious.

of Nemo, thereby rendering him unconscious. For a year things go along peacefully, when suddenly the daughter of a Marinoid family dis-appears. This is repeated again and again until thirty of the young women of the city were stolen. Later Nemo saw a strange figure in the street. Suddenly all light is obliterated and Caan and Nemo, swimming through the darkness, find a woman unconscious, shocked into insensibility by animal electricity. Nemo comes to grips with the man attempting to abduct the woman and finds it to be his old enemy Og. Nemo returns to his home to find that Nona is gone. The Water of Wild Things an unknown stretch

home to find that Nona is gone. The Water of Wild Things, an unknown stretch of sea, is the home of the tribe doing the kid-naping. An expedition is organized to bring the stolen girls back, and led by Atar, the king's son, they go into the Water of Wild Things. Atar, Nemo and Caan penetrate a barrier of vegetation, which guards the entrance, descend the side of a pependicular cliff and soon see lights in some sort of a dwelling place. They enter the place and find it to be crowded with other people. Og is seen talking to them and on a raised platform is Nona. Og declares his love for Nona to the people and

Og declares his love for Nona to the people and says that he will lead them to victory over the Marinoids and that Nona will be their Queen. One of Og's lovers becomes jealous and protests. She is waved away and suddenly returns with a dagger to kill Nona. Nemo interferes and releases Nona. They start away from the Water of Wild Things.

Later in the day, through the aid of Og's jealous lover, Nemo with Nona and the remainder of the party, make their escape, after learning that Og, as leader of the tribe who call themselves the Maa-gogs, plan to make war on Rax and capture the city. The party on returning home tells the king of their discovery who begins preparations for war. There is a season of metry-making after the war has been announced to the Marinoid citizens. During its course a half-breed hurls a meedle fish in an attempt to kill the Marinoid King. A Mari

During its course a half-breed hurls a meedle fish, in an attempt to kill the Marinoid King. A Mari-noid girl thrusts herself in the fish's path, saving the King's life. The Prince and Nemo make a reconnoiter to a neighboring city and find that the half-breeds within the kingdom have already begun a massacre. The war is on!

HE Maagog's were striking. The war had begun! I do not like to remember in detail

the scene around the King's palace which followed this sinister news The city, so gay, so care free a few hours before, was a turmoil of confusion, of ter-

ror—almost of panic. To the palace the people crowded. The cube of water was jammed with a fright-ened, expectant throng—a throng that looked to its ruler for protection-for advice, for commands.

There are those on your Earth who scoff at government. Let them be menaced by an outside enemy; let that enemy threaten the very doors of their homes—threaten their women. Ah! then those who scoff at their government will scoff no longer: Like frightened children they will run to their

lawful ruler for protection. This throng before the palace clamoured for the King to tell them what to do. With my Nona and Boy beside me I was inside the building—in a room with the King and Queen. Atar and Caan.

I shall never forget that scene. To make you appreciate it, I shall have to remind you that never before in the reign of this King had an enemy menaced his domains.



this Marinoid civilization-as I now realize it to have been-was very primitive.

it to have been-was very primitive. In a word, our King at this crisis was flurried. His preparations for war were in truth but vague and impractical. The Ma-rinoids did not know the meaning of an army. Maagogs were coming to kill them; Marinoids must fight in defense. That was the extent of the King's plans. He sat in his carved shell on the throne-platform, and we others crowded around him anxiously. Outside the palace, the shouts of the frightened mob floated in to us through the water.

should of the frightened mob floated in to us through the water. "The Maagogs!" said Atar. "They are coming through the coral barrier! Our guards there have been defeated--killed most of them---and the rest have fled." "Coming--here?" I asked. "Will they come here to Rax, do you think?" The King looked at us hopelessly. "Here --to Rax? They cannot. I am not ready. We must arm to repulse them. They must not come so soon." "Before this Time of Sleep is over they will be here," Caan declared gloomily. Two of the King's Councillors appeared swimming into the room--old men, terrified

swimming into the room-old men, terrified nearly out of their wits. They huddled down beside us; and one of them said: "At the Cavern, my King, they are wait-

ing your orders."

The shouts outside grew louder, more insistent. "The King!"

"Where is the King?" "Let him speak to us-tell us what to do!" "We are ready to fight! Death to the Maagogs! Our King! We want our King

King ! "Father !" cried Atar. "Speak to them ! Command them ! Now, or panic will come and we are lost." The King rose to his feet uncertainly. "Yes, speak to them—of course I will."

Yes, speak to them—ot course a managert-A woman swam hurriedly into the apart-"My ment-a serving woman to the Queen. King, the people are arriving from the for-ests and the mudbanks. They are crowding into Rax—they do not know where to go or what to do." The rural population! Coming into the

"I will speak to them," the King repeated —he said it numbly, as in a daze. "I must tell them something. Atar, my son, we must plan something, you and I. But there is no time—the Maagogs are coming so soon."

It was then that my Nona whispered to me. Vehemently, with her soft arms en-

twined about my neck. Inspiring words! My blood raced hot through my veins. "L?"

"You!" she insisted. "You, Nemo!" Where was I born? I do not know. But I must have come from some great civiliza-tion. Latent within me were powers I little realized; and in that instant of crisis, with the inspiration of Nona's words, the blood

of my ancestors dominated me. I flung myself up into the water and waved my arms at the astonished King. "A leader !" I cried. "We Marinoids need

a man who will lead us to victory. It is I-Nemo-who will command! Og is coming will oppose him. I-the Stranger-with 1 my woman Nona!"

my woman Nona!" I caught Atar's excited gaze; I added: "With you, Atar, to help me, we will win!" The King was more confused than ever, but I saw that he was pleased—relieved. And my Nona's eyes were upon me. Pride, joy and love for me was in them. "Come," I said to the King. "I will talk to the people with you beside me. And

to the people, with you beside me. And you will tell them that Nemo-the Stranger within their gates-is in command!"

II-NEMO BECOMES A LEADER

II-NEMO BECOMES A LEADER We went to a little balcony outside the throne-room window. The crowd fell silent when it saw us. At the railing we stood beside each other, with Nona, Atar and the rest crowding the doorway behind us. The King, with the responsibility of lead-ership removed from him so unexpectedly, had recovered his poise. He put one of his arms about my shoulder as smilingly he showed me to the people. It was a throug

showed me to the people. It was a throng so dense that all I could see was a mass of faces and bodies. Silence, then a wavering cheer

The King extended his other arms: and he told the hushed people that I was to be their leader. They cheered; but there was an ominous undercurrent of murmuring that went with it.

went with it. I was thinking swiftly—planning what I would say—what I should tell them to do. And I must admit that in that first moment. I was confused myself. But no one should see it. I knew that most of all I must appear confident; and talk to them inspir-

"My beloved people, the great God of the Marinoids sent me to you." I began. "To lead you against this traitor Og. Glorious Glorious



Within five minutes, I had hacked through the stem. Nona held the light. "Quietly," she whispered. "If they should hear us----" The stafk was severed. A tremor seemed to run over the upper part, and it moved slightly sidewise.

times are ahead of us, my people. Victor

But the murmur of dissent was growing!

A voice shouted a raucous jibe. "Wait! Listen to me, all of you. T Og, whom once I fought before you all____ This Us, whom once I fought before you all. It was an unfortunate allusion; I had lost that combat with Og. "Silence" I shouted over the noise. "Into the Water of Wild Things I have just been—and from this selfsame Og recovered my woman Nona.

But the mingled cheers and jibes halted I could feel that the King's arm around me. me was trembling.

He whispered to me quaveringly : "Go on, Nemio. Tell them-

But my Nona suddenly sprang forward, up to the parapet.

NONA SPEAKS

"Women of the Marinoids----" Her voice to the women of the crowd rang out clear and silenced the confusion.

"Women of the Marinoids! This is war! We women—our virtue—our children—our homes, are threatened! Do we fight, or do

we sit by while our men defend us? Women of the Marinoids-answer me!"

They did answer her. Their shouts of applause came up-enthusiastic shouts of the women in which the cheering voices of the

women in which the cheering voices of the men were mingled. And over it all came Nona's cry: "I knew you would say that!" My wonderful Nona! She was dominat-ing them. Her glorious arms—smooth as pink marble—went out to them appealingly. "We are but women frail of body. But "We are but women, frail of body. But the spirit of battle is strong within us. Our virtue—could we fight for anything more sacred? To our men, it is everything. Let us help them preserve it-not with wordswith deeds !'

Then she called upon all the women who were young and strong like herself-bade

them come now to the palace roof-top. "Come!" she cried. "All you women who will fight for your virtue. Let us show our men what sort of women are theirs. Come now, and Nona-the Stranger's woman-will command you in the battle!"

command you in the battle!" They came. From out of the crowd they swam upward—the fairest, most beautiful of the Marinoid girls—and settled upon the palace roof. Two hundred of them per-haps. It was inspiring. It could not help but be—and my Nona knew it and had planned it thus. The men; seeing them gather cheered loudly and called upon me gather, cheered loudly and called upon me to lead them to protect their women. It saved the situation for the King and me.

Nona swam upward.

"My man Nemo will command you men," she shouted. "And I will lead the women." She gazed down at me. "We women will wait for your orders, my Nemo. For after

all-we are but women. And among the girls she took her placewaiting.

I had made my decisions. The crowd now as with me. In a breath, I knew, the was with me. news of my leadership would spread through the city.

I spoke. I knew that my voice now car-ried the real confidence of authority; and the crowd knew it. I commanded that all the older women, old men and children should go to their homes, bar their doors and win-dows, and wait. All men, able-bodied, I ordered to the roof of the city, there to wait for their arms and equipment which very soon would be furnished them. - They was to divide themeelives into the groups. were to divide themselves into two groups: older men whose power of giving the elec-tric shock was waning; and those younger; in whom it was still at its height.

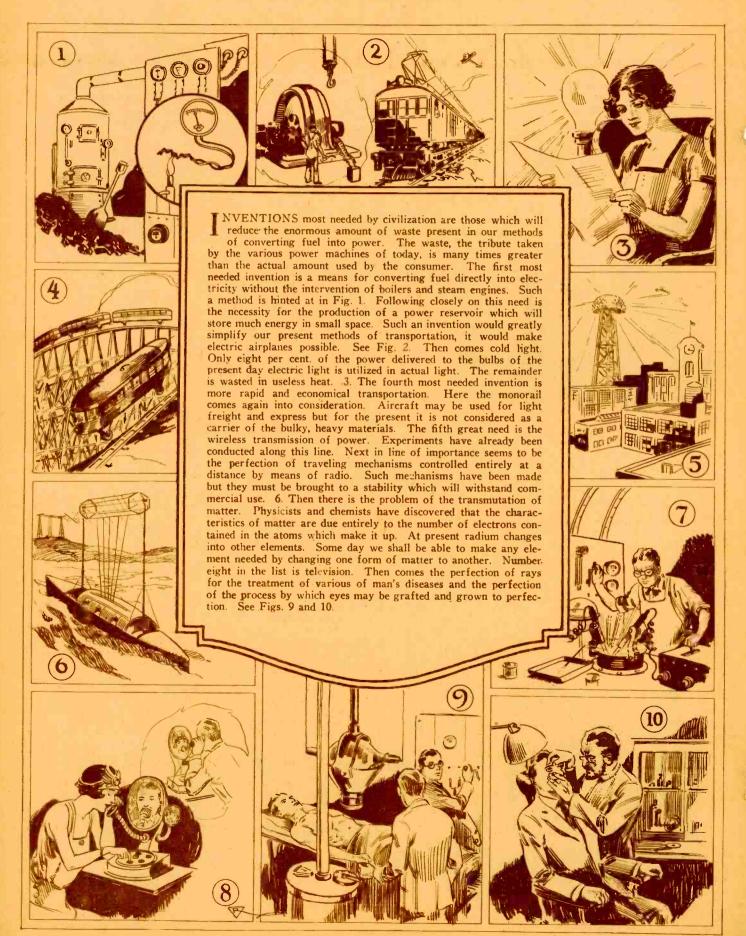
(Continued on page 394)



Back to our dolphins. They were waiting; we mounted them-turned to look at the city. It was turning over in the water and floating away. Slowly, then faster, down toward that black opening into which the current would sweep it.

The Ten Most Needed Inventions

Puzzling questions confronting scientists. By RAYMOND FRANCIS YATES



Movies in Trans-Atlantic Liner Salon

SCREEN

So cleverly hidden is the movie projector and screen aboard the steamship Deutschland that it was only through accident that a SCIENCE & INVENTION reporter discovered the equipment. Above at the left is shown the steel opera-tor's booth and its hiding place. This is an all steel enclosure filted with a fire-proof door, so that there is no danger of fire while the projection machine is in use. The movies are projected through a small hole about 3" in diameter in the steel front of the projection booth. which rests up against the steel wall of the salon. As the perspective picture below shows, the movies are projected over the heads of the people on to a screen which is stretched when needed just back of the grand staircase. In daytime one would never suspect that the Deutschland carries movies aboard, as there is no evidence to give this impres-sion to the passengers. Even the hole in the wall through which the movies are projected is covered by a panel door finished to match the wall.

Printing Names on Cigars and Fruit



CRAPEFRUIT

APPLES

BASEBALLS

ORANGES

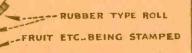


NUTS





(50,000 ORANGES PER HOUR) TAKES 2" TO 4" DIAMETER FRUIT WITHOUT ADJUSTMENT





TOMATOES

BAGRANCIA

CYLINDER PRINTER

An enterprising eastern concern has developed and perfected several styles of printing machines which will rapidly and effectively stamp a trade name or monogram on fruit, nuts, baseballs, and cigars. The orange industry is one of the largest users of these trade marking machines has a capacity of 50,000 oranges per hour, and will take 2" to 4" diameter fruit automatically without readjustment. These machines user subter type, so as not to injure the surface of the fruit. The center picture above shows a cylinder printer suitable for stamping trade marks on cylindrical surfaces, such as cardboard boxes. The cigar printing machine is shown directly above at the right, and the small machine is shown directly above at the eight printing machine is shown directly above at the right and the small machine is shown directly above at the right and the small machine is shown directly above at the right, and the small to contest in which a large sum of money was offered by a California association for a perfect machine to stamp walnuts. The machines made by the present concern go far beyond the problem of stamping walnuts. Imagine stamping tomatoes!

TIGAR PRINTING MACHINE (LABELS ISO CIGARS PERMINUTE)

351

The Month's New Devices





Notariat sents are now made in the form of a pocked watch. The photo of the seal and the method of its use is shown above. Its practical utility is readily seen.



Medicated sticks of wood tipped with silver nitrate, copper sulphate alum and iodine, are shown in the above photo.

The new sanitary shaving soaper is shown in the above photo, both in use and when taken apart. There is a bulk mounted at the end of a highly nickel-plated container provided with an aperture for pouring water into it. A piece of soap is put into the container and on top of the soap a perforated disk is placed. Finally the cover is locked in place. Pressing the hulk produces a profuse lather, which is applied to the face by the hand.

MACCORDY MASTER-CHECK CORPORATION Syracuse, N.Y. Nov. 15 m 1

The hair dressing devices shown in the above photo will find immediate acceptance in the boudoir. Generally, mi-lady has a dimcuit time judg-ing the temperature of a cur-tion shown above, she needs but look at the handle where a thermometer indicates the temperature. Twe times on this thermometer give a maxi-mum and minimum working temperature. The camb is for straightening crimkly hair. —Walter H. Sammons.



The above photo shows an apple parer and complicated, is very simple in construction, and is, incidentally, very rigidly con-tracted. The apple is placed on a three leaved spindle until it almost touches the with have passed from one end of the apple to the other, and will have taken of an extremely thin shaving of skin. As built have passed from the apple which is an extremely thin shaving of skin. As built have taken of the operation is completed, the spindle until the operation is completed, the built have taken of the operation is completed, the built have taken of the operation is completed, the spindle cut into fourteen or eighteen the people cut into fourteen or eighteen tices. I regularly shaped apples work. —Robert Buchi

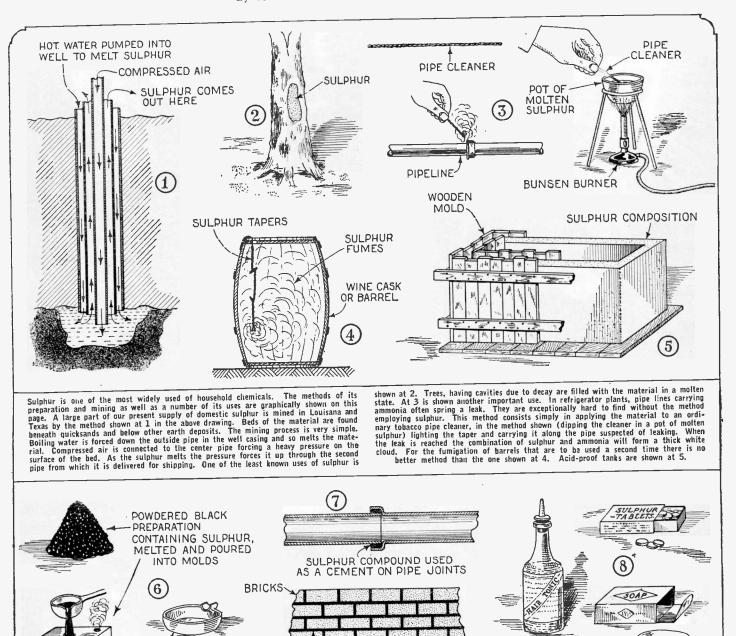


The kettle illustrated above is ideal for campers and for those living in mountainous regions where water boils at a temperature below 212° F. The kettle is double and has a cover held in place by a spring, which permits of a high temperature being reached because the tight cover increases the internal pressure, and consequently raises the boiling point. Potatoes are boiled much more quickly in this device than in the ordinary type.

The center photos show a novel form of check protector. In the center of this which the amount for which it is drawn is printed by a device in the cover of the check book. This device consists of a series of racks, upon which are metaj a side, having corresponding grooves. The printed upon it, and the roller is passed from one end to the other, causing the perforted upons. All attempts at erasure will fail. — F. E. Jones The drink mixer shown above can be used for beating eggs, churning mith, whipping the attion is practically instantaneous. — L. W. Jones.

Sulphur--Its Uses and Adaptations

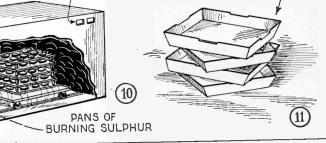
Showing methods of mining and uses of the material. By ISMAR GINSBERG, B.SC., CHEM. ENG.



SULPHUR COMPOUND

FRUIT TRAYS

GAS OUTLET PANS FOR BURNING SULPHUR



The uses of sulphur compounds are legion. Aside from its use in moulded insulators and insulating compounds—which use takes in a large part of the annual production of the substance—much of it is used in other compounds for making moulded vessels to be used in the home. At 6 is shown the method of moulding such a compound for making an ash tray. Combined with some other elements a product that is hard, takes a high polish and resists atmosphere and acids, results. The additional advantage, gained by the fact that such a material may be cast when melted and worked similar to wood after casting, is a large factor in its favor. Many pipe joint cements are made of sulphur compounds as they are easy to work and comparative'y inexpensive. This use is illustrated at 7. There is almost no end to the number of medicines which contain sulphur

(9)

FOR MAKING ASH

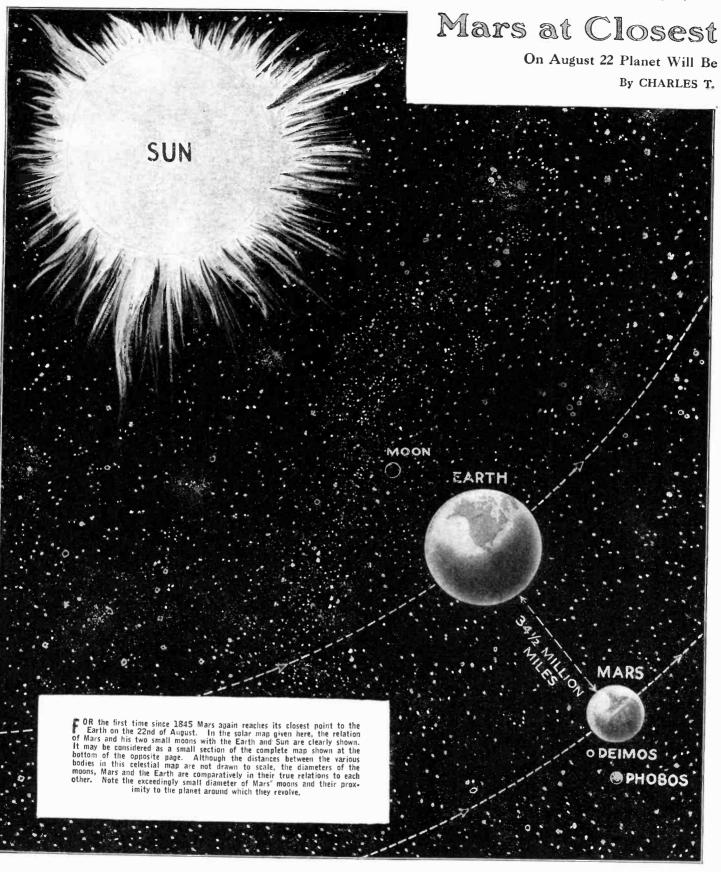
TRAYS AND OTHER ART OBJECTS.

AIR

INLET

in some form or other. Just a few of them are illustrated at 8. Many hair tonics are built on it as a base while a large number of soaps and cosmetics use it. There are several stomach disorders for which it is a specific. Many walls which are to be subjected to acid or other chemical fumes are put together with subhur cement on account of its ability to withstand such uses where the ordinary mortar would disintegrate. At 9 is shown a mould for making plaster plaques. Such a mould will last for forty years or more and needs only to be oiled to be used. In the fruit packing and many other industries where bleaching is necessary subhur finds a wide use. At 10 is shown one method. The product to be bleached is placed in an oven with large pans of subhur which is burned; the pans containing it should be stacked as shown at 11. 354

Science and Invention for August, 1924



With the exception of the moon, astronomers know more of Mars than of any other celestial body. The planet Venus approaches nearer the earth, but is usually surrounded by clouds defeating observations. The rarity of the atmosphere on Mars, however (even less dense than that atop Mt. Everest), allows excellent observations. As seen through a tele-

scope, his surface resembles red sandstone. The polar caps, surely of snow, are white while tinges of green in certain spots indicate the existence of vegetation. This point, however, is disputed since the rarity of the atmosphere would make it impossible for vegetable life as we know it to exist on the planet. With so little air, the sky of Mars would not have the blue tint familiar to the

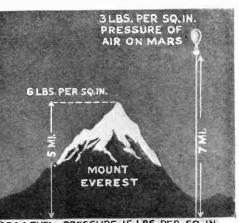
nericanRadioHistory Corr

earth. Even at noon the sky would be almost jet black. Stars would he visible by day. As seen from Mars the Earth would be a spectacle of beauty, about as bright as Venus is to us, with the added attraction of the moon, which would appear with practically the same luminosity as Sirius.

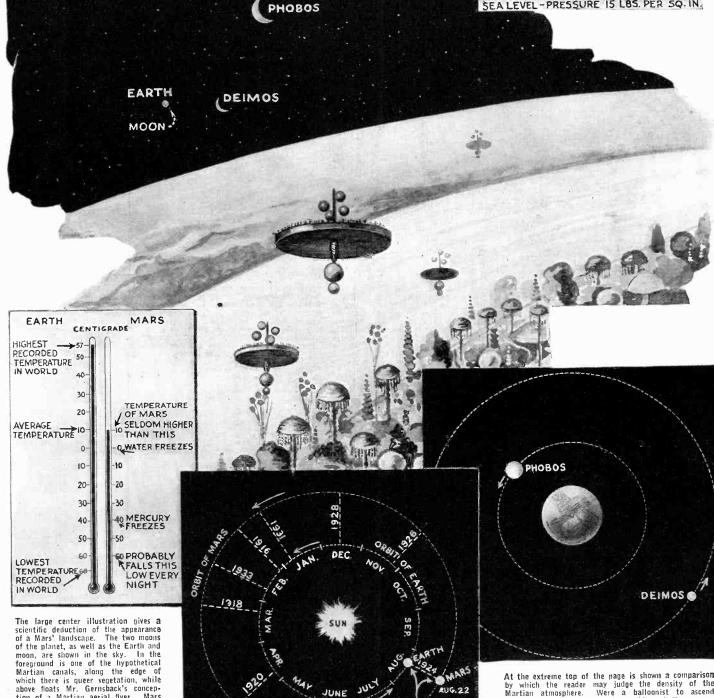
Clouds about the earth's surface might dim her glory upon occasion, however.



Only 34 Million Miles Away. DAHAMA, Ph. D.



SEA LEVEL - PRESSURE 15 LBS. PER SQ. IN.



The large center illustration gives a scientific deduction of the appearance of a Mars' landscape. The two moons of the planet, as well as the Earth and moon, are shown in the sky. In the foreground is one of the hypothetical Martian canals, along the edge of which there is queer vegetation, while above floats Mr. Gernsback's conception of a Martian aerial flyer. Mars has two moons, discovered in 1877 by Prof. Hall of the U. S. Naval Observatory. The nearer one, Phobos, is only about 3,700 miles above Mars' surface, and it performs a single revolution in seven hours thirty-nine minutes, less than one-third the Martian day. day.

DISTANCE 34,640,000

MILES

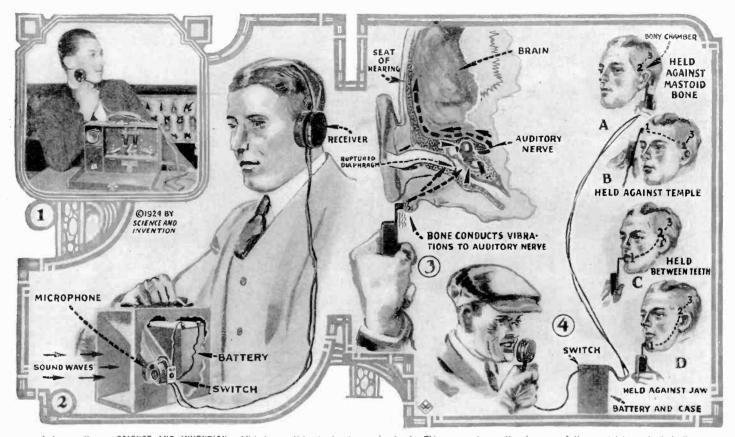
JUNE

1922

At the extreme top of the page is shown a comparison by which the reader may judge the density of the Martian atmosphere. Were a balloonist to ascend seven miles above the earth, he would reach the approx-imate density which obtains at the surface of Mars. The thermometers at the left show graphically the range of temperatures through which the surface air on the read gauge assess every day. The man at the immethe red planet passes every day. The map at the imme-diate left shows the two orbits of the Earth and Mars, while the sketch above gives an idea of the relation between the planet and his two moons.

An English Ossiphone

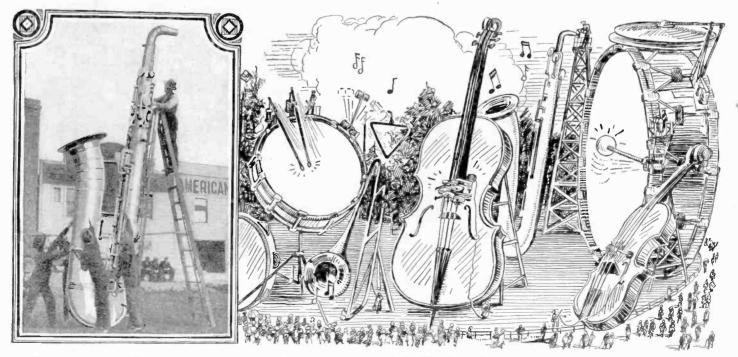
New Instrument Aids the Partially Deaf to Hear



A few months ago SCIENCE AND INVENTION published an article showing how easily the partially deaf could be made to hear by the simple means of transmitting the sound through the bony structure of the head to the ear drum. Following out this principle, an English concern have just announced the manufacture for sale of an instrument working on this principle. It consists primarily of a microphone which picks up the sound waves in the same manner as the ordinary telephone, transmitter, and communicates them to a receiver, to whose diaphragm is attached a stiff vibrating member. The pulsating current of the microphone passes through the magnets in the field of which the diaphragm with the vibrating member attached,

is placed. This agency changes the air waves of the sound into mechanical vibrations which may effectually be transmitted to the ear drum through the bony structure of the head. The illustration at 4 shows some of the positions in which the vibrating member may be placed. The apparatus is also supplied with an ordinary telephone receiver (at left) for the use of those who are only slightly deaf. The arrangement of the transmitter allows the person using the instrument to hear the general conversation, instead of only the voice of one person, as instruments of somewhat similar construction allow. One model, shown above at left, embodies an audion amplifier.

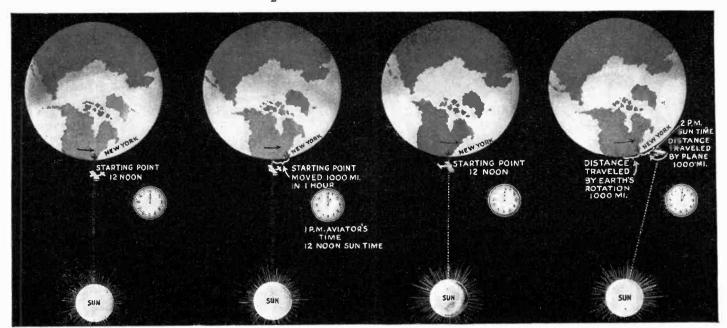
A GIANT JAZZ BAND



The photograph at the left shows the largest saxophone ever made. Its manufacture was recently commileted by a San Francisco musical instrument maker. The instrument weights invarids of 500 pounds, and required the work of several men for weeks to complete it. If the popularity of jazz continues, it may be neces-

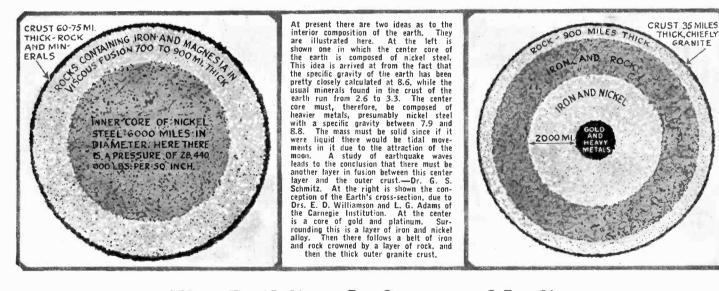
sary in the future to manufacture a complete set of orchestral instruments of a relative size to the saxophone shown in the photograph, in order that the evergrowing love of the populace for this brand of music may be satisfied. The imagination of our artist gives some idea of what a future community concert may look like.

What Airplanes Can Do To Time

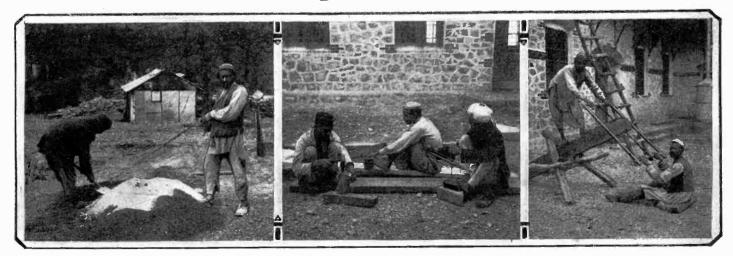


If airplanes attain a much greater speed, about 1000 miles per hour, it will be possible for them to eliminate time. In the above illustration the first sketch shows a plane starting at New York and flying opposite to the rotation of the earth. When it reaches Chicago the aviator's watch says 1 o'clock, but the sun is still in the noontime position. This graphically illustrates why long flights are usually made from east to west. They have daylight. Flying in the opposite direction the daylight time is cut down as shown by the two illustrations at the right. —Dr. Russell G. Harris.

Composition of the Earth

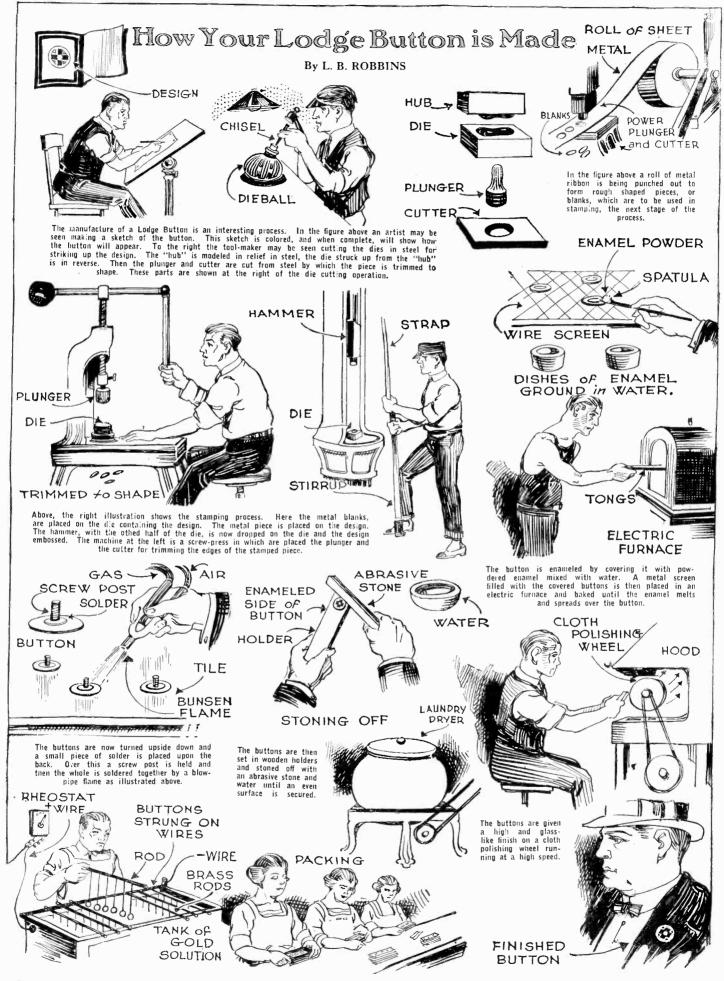


The Building Industry of India



The building industry of India is shown in full swing in the above photograph. At the left is shown a concrete mixer. Note the rope attached to the shovel.

The carpenters in the center photograph are of the highest order. The photograph at the extreme right illustrates an Indian sawmill working at top speed.



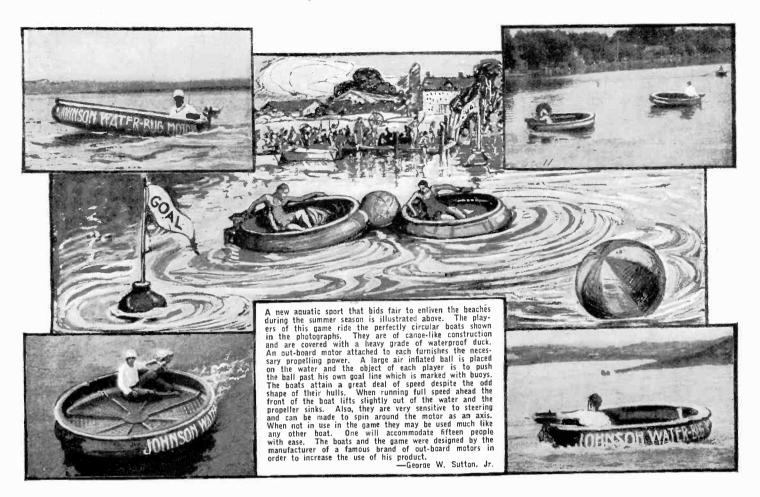
The above figure illustrates the method of plating. Buttons are suspended from brass rods and are then hung in a tank containing a gold or a silver plating solution. The metal is electrically deposited.

Most large batches of jewelry are dried by placing them in a centrifugal laundry dryer. They are then packed by girls, and are placed on cards, and wrapped in tissue for shipping. Back screws are put on.

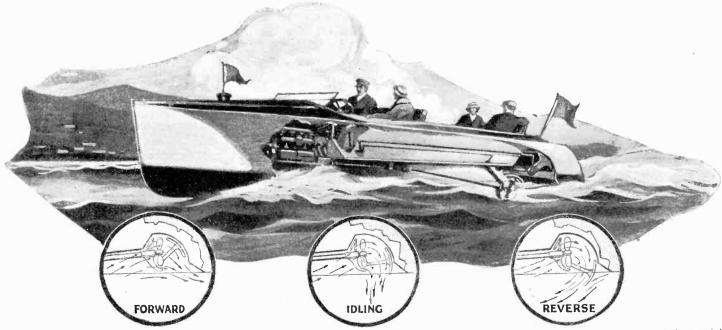
AmericanRadioHistory Com

After these many stages the lodge button is completed. The purchaser proudly displays it, but he never realizes the many steps through which that little button was taken in order to make it. The Newest Water Sport

Players Ride Circular Boats

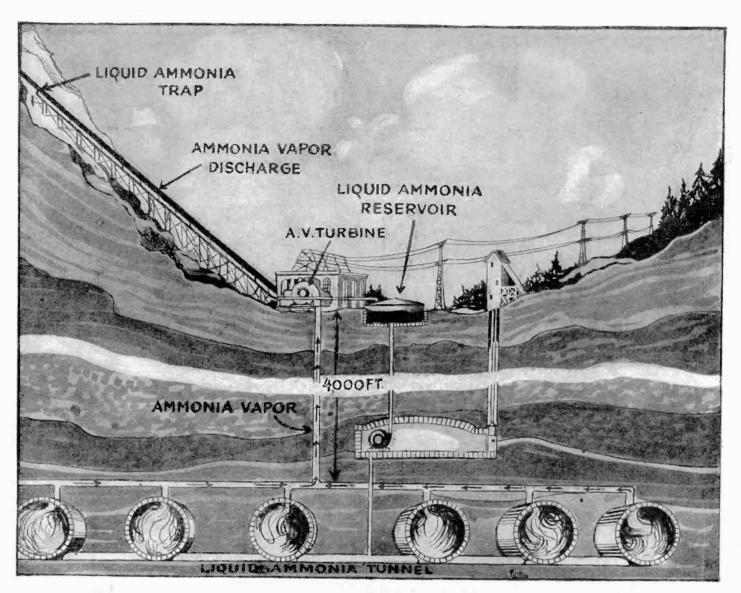


Deflector for Reversing Boats Propeller Raised into Hull for Shallow Draft



Stopping in its own length a motor boat traveling at the rate of 25 miles an hour seems quite a feat, but it is entirely possible with the design shown above. Also, the boat may be run in reverse or idled without touching the motor or the driving column. These possibilities are gained with the use of the deflector shown fixed just behind the propeller in the hull of the craft. Another advantage of the design is that in cruising in shallow water the propeller may be drawn up into the hull of the vessel, reducing the danger of picking up weeds or other obstructions. The propeller shaft is connected with the engine through a universal joint and the screw itself may be raised or lowered by means of a bell crank arrangement. The deflector which governs the speed and the direction of the boat's run simply slides up and down behind the screw, regulating the direction of the water current generated by the screw. The positions for the deflector for the various directions and speeds are shown in the circular inserts.

Power From Earth's Heat



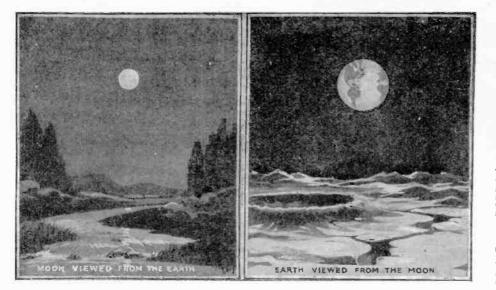
American Radio History, Com

This is a more or less novel scheme for utilizing the interior heat of the earth for producing power. As shown in the illustration above large hollow tanks are placed at a depth of 4,000 feet beneath the earth's surface, where the temperature remains constantly about 96° F. Ammonia is fed down to these tanks through a liquid pump.

The heat of the earth immediately vaporizes the ammonia, and the vapor passes up through a communicating pipe to an animonia vapor turbine at the earth's surface. The vapor exhausts to the decreased temperature of a mountain ton, where it liquefies and returns to the reservoir to be used again. —Albert Pedazus.

Earth and Moon Compared

Valve Grinder



The reseating of automobile engine valves is greatly facilitated through the use of the little machine illustrated above at left. The valve refacer at right is built on the idea of a lathe. The handle attaches to the valve shaft which rests in a special crafte accurately centered. The angle of the cutting tool is adjustable.—Allen P. Child.

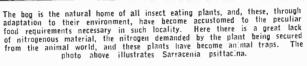
At the left the two pictures give a very clear idea of the relation of the sizes of the earth and its satellite. The first one shows how the moon appears to us on earth. The other picture gives a very clear idea to scale of the earth's appearance to an observer on the moon. Note the clarity of definition of earth fand areas.

When Plants Eat Animals

By DR. ERNEST BADE





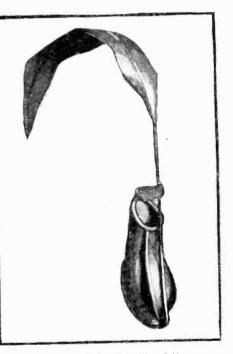






The photo on the extreme upper left is Sarracenia rubra. Only about 500 of all the many thousands of species of plants are characterized by organs modified or adapted for catching animals. They dissolve their prey with a pepsin-like secretion. Elongated leaves form tubes provided with downward sloping hairs which permit entrance of insects but prevent their emerging.





The Venus Fly Trap is shown in the upper right hand corner. The victim touches a hair, which springs the trap. The leaf closes, and holds the insect, then digests it. The pitcher of the pitcher plant is illustrated on the right. The bottom of the can is the tip of the leaf. The can cut open is shown on the left. Here the petiole has developed into a leaf-life structure while the leaf itself represents the pitcher. Each pitcher is partially filled with a fluid secretion. This kills and digests the insects caught. The decomposition of these dead bodies causes a disagreeable odor which attracts other insects.

Convertible Coupé Automobile



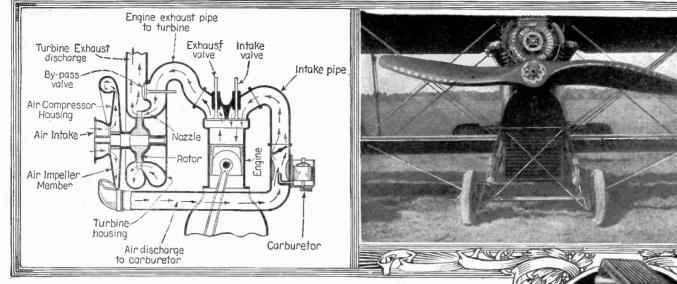
The picture shows new coupe which is instantly convertible into an open roadster, as shown at right.



Above we see the car converted into an open roadster, the glass enclosed top being at once available.

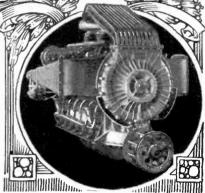


In the event of rain or a cold day, the driver closes the car in by simply turning a crank. $-\!\!-\!\!B, B.$ Ellerbeck. Super-Charger for Planes



The diagram above shows a centrifugal type of supercharger similar to the one developed by Dr. S. A. Moss. The action of the supercharger is as follows: At high altitudes as the air becomes thinner and thinner, the blower or air compressor at the left of the device sucks the air in at high velocity, and compresses it, so as to feed the carburetor at or near normal sea-level atmospheric pressure. The exhaust gases from the engine drive a turbine connected to the blower shaft. In this way a sufficient amount of oxygen is supplied to the gasoline vapor mixture fed to the cylinders. The supercharger developed by Dr. Moss was tested on a Liberty engine at the summit of Pike's Peak and developed approximately sea-level horse-power there, at an altitude of 14,000 feet. It was capable of making the engine pre-ignite at that height. At 20,000 ft. altitude the atmospheric pressure is roughly one-half that at sea level; hence about one-half the weight

of charge is drawn into the engine and less than one-half the power is developed. At 25,000 ft. altitude less than 25 per cent of sea-level power is delivered. If at these altitudes air is supplied to the carburetor at sea-level pres-sure, or approximately 14.7 pounds per square inch, the power developed by the same engines becomes approximately the same as when running at sea level. The low atmos-pheric pressure and density at great altitudes offer greatly reduced resistance to high airplane speeds; hence the same power that will drive a plane at a speed of 120 miles per hour at sea level will drive it much faster at 20,000 feet, and still faster at 30,000 feet and at approximately the same consumption of fuel per horse-power hour. The picture at lower right shows a turbine supercharger with automatic control installed on Liberty twelke-cylinder engine. The picture at upper right shows front view of G. E. supercharger on Liberty motor of a La Pere biplane.



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Breathing Efficiency Tests

By DR. ALFRED GRADENWITZ

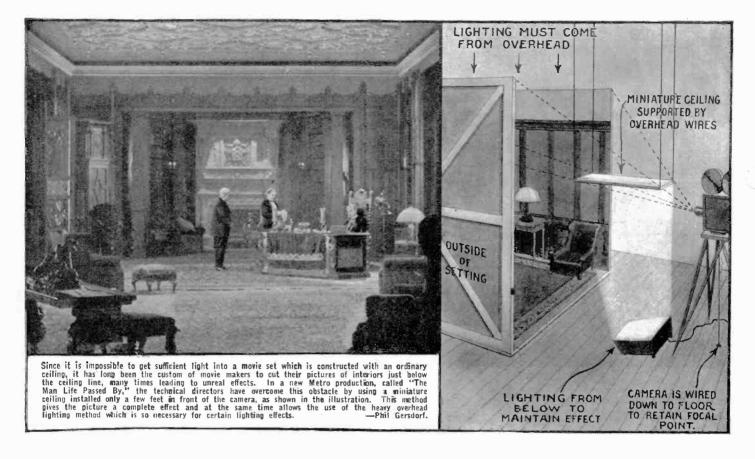
THE problem of cheapening labor and increasing its efficiency have, as the accompanying pictures show, not only been studied in this country but also in Germany as well. The strip of motion pic-ture of a man turning a crank at different heights above the floor, shown at the extreme right, repre-sents several views extracted from a long film study of the subject. Aside from providing variety in the work to be done by factory operatives to pre-vent monotony, etc., the laboratory test included the measurement of the amount of oxygen breathed and the quantity of carbon dioxide exhaled. Know-ing these factors, the scientist can judge accur-ately the amount of heat or energy thus developed by the individual.

THE photograph above shows a test carried out fby means of a dumbell or lifting weight, suitable flexible tubes being connected to the mouth and nose of the subject under test, so as to accur-ately measure the degree and quality of the gases inhaled and exhaled. In the study of lifting heavy weights, such as shown above, it was proved that the choice of too small a weight is as wasteful as the lifting of weights exceeding a given maxi-mum, thus putting the operator to excessive strain. The consumption of energy for each weight lifted one meter thus first decreases as the weight in-creases, in order from a given point (viz, sixty pounds), again to increase. This weight for a man of average strength is thus the point of greatest efficiency. A close-up view of the crank test is shown at the right. The position of the crank above the floor would vary, as industrial en-gineers wanted to know what load, height of axles, and crank diameter were to be adopted to insure a given output with a maximum expendi-ture of energy on the part of the workmen, as well as the gas circulation, that is, the amount of oxygen breathed and carbonic acid gas exhaled.



And who has not played the good old sledge usane? Test your strength! A boy steps up and rings the gong. An ordinary man steps up and falls short by several feet. The trick here, as in the remainder of the devices, is the often of the operator. When the wire on which the weight slides is kept taut, the weight slides is kept taut, the weight slides is required to send it clean to the gong. Release of the foot petal slacks the wire, making it prac-tically impossible to send the weight to the top. At the imme-diate left is an actual photograph of one of these machines, showing the operator's pedal. the operator's pedal.

Miniature Ceilings in Movies

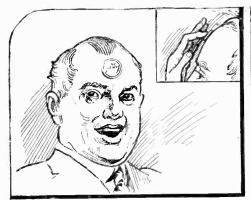


Methods for Testing Gasoline

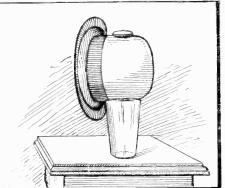


Scientific Coin Puzzles

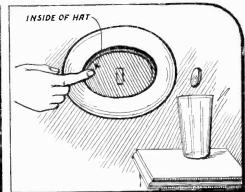
Simple Stunts With Ordinary Articles By WALTER B. GIBSON



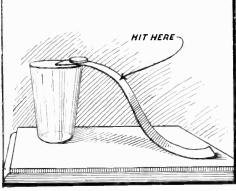
This surprising little novelty is easily performed. The one cent piece sticks against the forehead as though it were glued there. The trick is performed simply by pressing the coin to the forehead and moving it upward. Dampening may help.



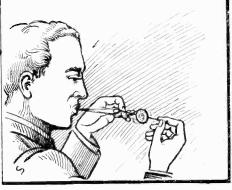
Set the coin on top of the hat as shown, so that the coin is directly above the tumbler. Give the hat a sharp jerking blow and it comes out from under the coin which drops into the glass. Ask a bystander to attempt the same stunt. He will probably fail unless he knows how.



The success of the preceding stunt depends entirely upon the fashion of the blow and the point at which the hat is struck. To make the stunt successful, the operator must hit the inside of the brim of the hat, as illustrated above, a very sharp fast blow, so that the coin falls perpendicularly.



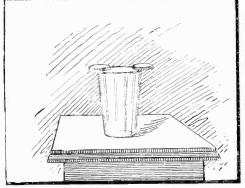
If a heavy strip of paper is laid on the edge of the tumbler and a coin balanced across the edge of the tumbler and paper as shown, and the paper is struck a sharp downward blow in the proper place, the coin will fall into the glass.



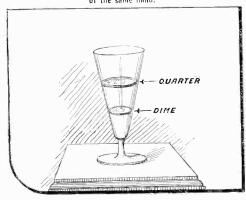
Another stunt which requires a bit of practice before the performer may work it successfully is illustrated above. A quarter or half dollar is balanced between two needles and caused to spin by blowing on it.



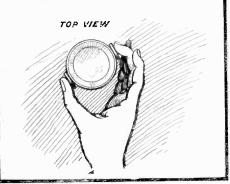
Lay a coin on the bottom of an inverted tumbler and tell the audience that it is impossible for anyone to lift the coin "from the top of the glass" with two matches. You may lift it—but ret "from the top of the class."



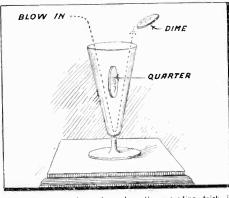
Balance two coins on the edge of a tumbler as shown above and challenge someone to remove them at the same time, and hold them between finger and thumb, touching one coin with the thumb only and the second with one finger only of the same hand.



Set a dime and a quarter in a tapering gobiet as above. The dime being smaller sits below the larger coin in the glass The problem is to remove the dime from beneath the quarter without touching or removing the quarter.

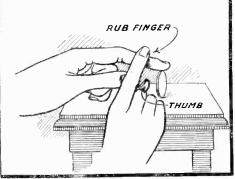


The method of performing the previous trick is simple. With a great deal of care, grip the coins as shown, causing them to slide down the side of the tumbler. Then draw them around the side of the glass and snap them together.

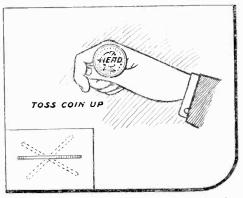


The illustration above shows how the preceding trick is performed. The operator simply blows down one side of the tumbler, causing the larger coin to tilt over edgewise and the small coin to slide out past the large coin.

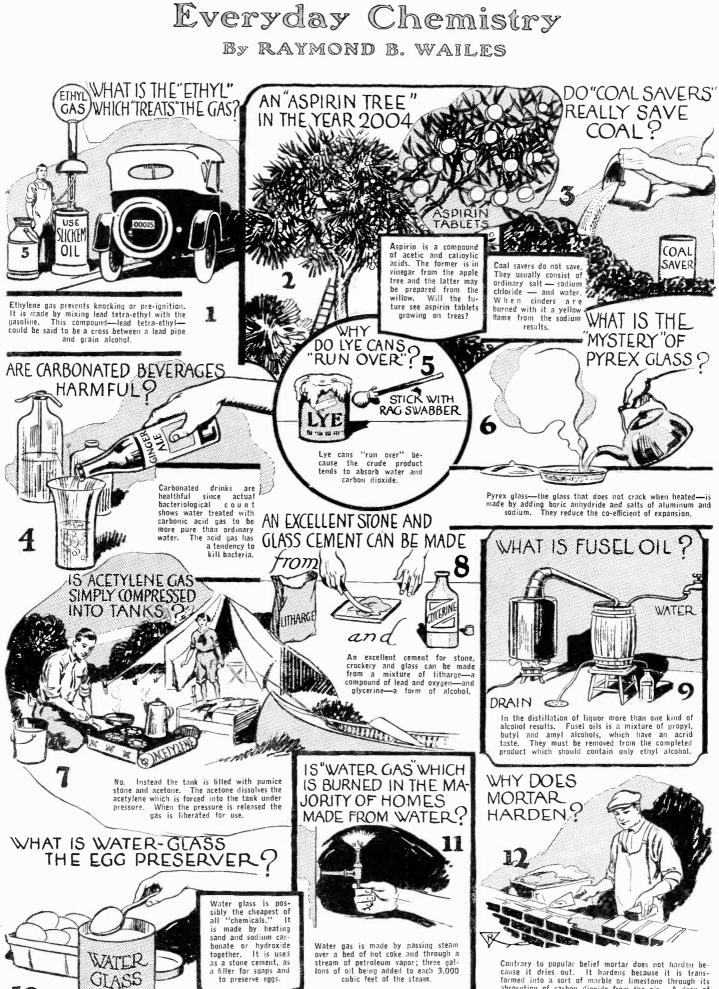
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Seeming'y when the operator rubs the top of his forefinger which balances the coin, the coin rotates as a result of the massaging movement. However, note the thumb and the ease with which it can strike coin and make it spin.



By placing the coin over the fingers as shown, and cossing it—not spinning it—into the air, the coin can be made to fall with the same face up as the coin lay on the fingers. The coin wiggles and seems to spin.



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Contrary to popular belief mortar does not harden be-cause it dries out. It hardens because it is trans-formed into a sort of marble or limestone through its absorption of carbon dioxide from the air. A dron of sulphuric acid poured on ordinary mortar will fizzle just as it would if poured on limestone or marble.

10



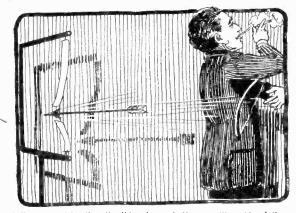


A torn card is put into a pistol which is then fired at a target. Without breaking the glass covering the target, the card will be found to have made its appearance. The card is specially prepared and concealed in the border of a frame. Two opposite corners of

METAL FRAME PAPER THIN WIRE CATCHES PAPER THIN WIRE THIN WIRE

The magician is an expert marksman and regardless of how he holds his bow and arrow he always hits the target, which in this instant is a thin strip of paper. If the arrow

the card are connected together by means of an elastic band which passes over rollers, as indicated in the illustration. A pin holds the card in this position until the assistant off stage pulls the string releasing it. Details are given above.



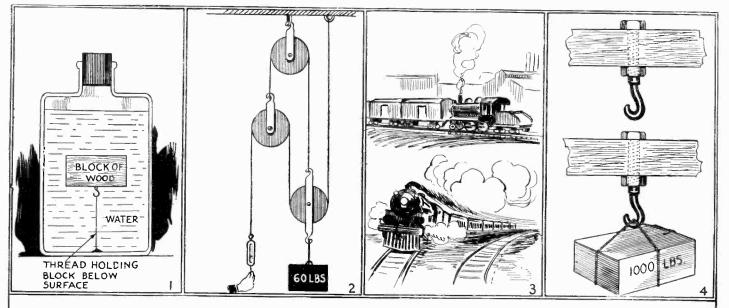
itself does not cut the paper strip, then the thin wire projecting on either side of the arrow will do so. It is impossible to miss. The audience is completely mystified.

367

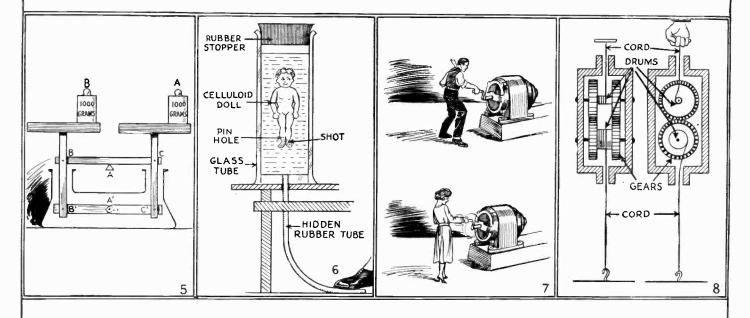
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Scientific Problems and Puzzles Examples of Kinks Involving Scientific Laws

By ERNEST K. CHAPIN, M.A.



A block of wood is held submerged in a closed container of water. The method used to hold the block under the surface by means of a thread and hook is shown in the above illustration. If, it were desired to break the thread holding the block, what method should be used? Would giving the jar a quick upward jerk do it, or should the bottle be swiftly jerked downward? The problems involve well known principles and may be solved according to established physical laws. Of course, the front of the train is the logical position to attach the locomotive, but aside from the fact that this position gives the engineer a clear view of the track ahead and of the signals along the line, is there any engineering reason for putting the engine at the front of the train? Would there be any added advantage or disadvantage in placing the engine at the rear instead of at the front. as done at present? Would this advantage be more manifest during the running or more noticeable in starting and stopping? Suppose the tension on the actual bolt member, i.e., that part of the bolt between the two nuts, in the above sketch, to be 1,000 pounds. This tension is a result of tightening the nuts. Now suppose a weight of 1,000 pounds to be placed upon the bottom of the hook attached to the bolt as shown. With the additional stress on the bottom of the bolt, what would be the tension on the original bolt member between the nuts? Would the tension of the nuts be relieved and where would the weight be supported?



Above is given a diagrammatic illustration of an equal arm, platform balance. If the two equal weights are placed off the center of the pans as shown, what effect, if any, would there be on the balance? Suppose the weights were placed in some other position on the pan leaving their location relative to the pivotal points the same. Would the effect be the same? Would it be possible for an apothecary to cheat by placing the article and the weights in some particular positions on the pans of the balance? The familiar Cartesian diver may be made to operate without, apparently, touching the mechanism in any way, if the parts are arranged as shown in the diagram. After loading the diver so as to barely float, a delicate adjustment can be made by means of the upper stopper so that a very slight pressure of the foot on the rubber bulb concealed under the table is sufficient to control the motion of the figure. Can you explain the action of the diver, and why is it that the adjustment of the pressures can be made so fine?

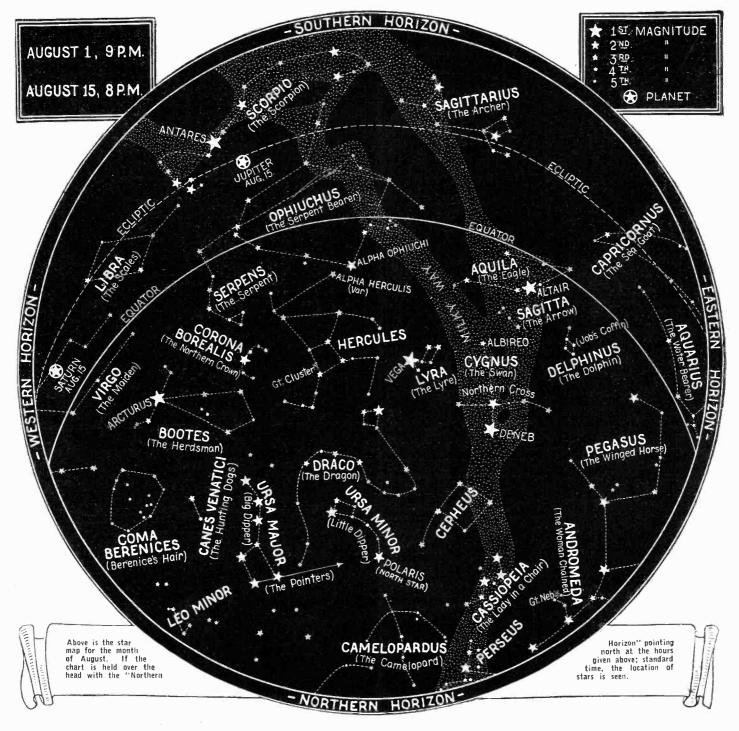
Suppose, in the above system of pulleys, each of the pulleys to weigh one pound and that a weight is suspended at the bottom of the system as shown. Disregarding the weight of the rope used, what would be the amount of force necessary to support the pulleys and weights? In order to check the problem, support the whole through a balance at the output end as shown in the illustration. This problem is one which will necessitate a complete analysis of the weights involved and a close study of their method of suspension and distribution.

> In a trick sometimes performed at scientific expositions a husky male member of the andience is invited to spin the armature of a dynamo by means of a crank. With his utmost effort he can turn it but very slowly. When, however, a young slip of a girl is persuaded to take a try at the machine she finds it very easy to spin. The demonstrators, moreover, will show that no wires are connected to the armature to furnish it with power or control its action. How, then, did they manage the trick, for it is obviously a trick?

If an upward pull is maintained on the upper handle, what motion, if any, will be given the device above illustrated? This problem is one very similar to another one given in these columns a few months ago, in which a spool of thread was placed upon an inclined plane. The device used in this instance is nothing more than two drums, the ends of which are fitted with gears which are interacting. The problem is one dealing with the distribution of forces. The answers to all the problems found on this page are on page 401.

(Answers to these problems given on page 401)

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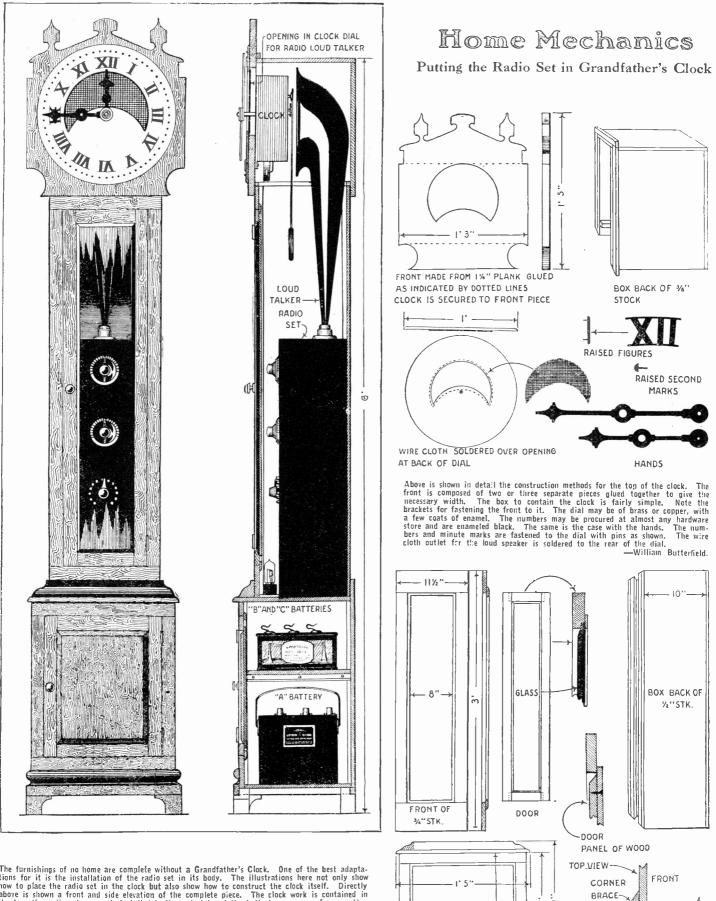
The Heavens in August

HE most beautiful feature of the heavens in August is the Milky Way now arching high across the eastern sky. It is impossible to see it to any advantage in the city where the glare of lights dim the splendors of the heavens, but on a clear, dark night at the sea-shore or in the country with a view of the eastern heavens limited only by the horizon one is struck with awe at its magnificence. It can then be easily traced as a single brilliant stream of nebulous light, a blend of the light of countless faint stars, from Cassiopeia and Cepheus in the northeast to the Northern Cross in Cygnus. Here it di-vides, apparently, into two streams, one flowing through Aquila to Sagittarius in the southeast and the other, the more westerly branch, through the eastern part of Ophiuchus to Scorpio in the south and south-This dark cleft in the Milky Way west.

By ISABEL M. LEWIS, M.A. of the U.S. Naval Observatory

running from Cygnus to the southern horizon was once believed to represent a true separation of the Milky Way into two parts through which one looked into a starless void. Now it is strongly suspected that this is rather a dark nebulous region which absorbs and cuts off the light irom stars beyond it. The nearer edge of this dark region is estimated to be at a distance of about six hundred and fifty light years from the earth. To the north of this region in Cygnus one will find other dark, nebulous tracts looking like yawning abysses in the midst of brilliant star clouds, but having in neality form and substance and consisting most probably of clouds of minute cosmic particles, star dust that has ceased to shine Other similar dark regions will also be found farther south in Ophiuchus and Scorpio and Sagittarius and below the southern horizon in Centaurus and Crux, the Southern Cross.

Our own solar system is but fifty light years or so to the north of the great central plane of the Milky Way and lies near the border of relatively near star-clouds in Cygnus. The center of the Milky Way lies far away,—sixty thousand light years it has been estimated by Dr. Shapley,—among the star-clouds of Sagittarius. Here we are dealing with distances almost beyond human comprehension. It is staggering to the imagination to think of, but we cannot grasp, distances of the order of sixty thousand light years, sixty thousand times six trillion miles ! Light traveling for sixty thousand years, that is, with a speed of 186,000 miles a second would just cover this distance! And (Continued on page 418)



The furnishings of no home are complete without a Grandfather's Clock. One of the best adaptations for it is the installation of the radio set in its body. The illustrations here not only show how to place the radio set in the clock but also show how to construct the clock work is contained in the top, the radio set proper is installed in the pedestal and the batteries necessary for operating the top, the radio set proper is installed in the pedestal and the batteries necessary for operating the top, the radio set of the radio cabinet is, of course, set on end. The loud speaker is placed on the top of the radio cabinet and the horn delivers sound through a perforated metal aperture in the dial of the clock. The actual design of the radio cabinet must be such that it will leave room for the horn on top, which must set evenly on end and be held fast to the back of the clock case. Details for the construction of the pedestal and hase of the clock case are shown at the right. All trim used is standard and may be obtained at any lumber yard. It will be found best to use walnut or oak throughout, though other woods will serve. The completed piece may be finished in any style to suit the builder. All joints should be tongue and groove style and should be glued. Likewise the corner braces should be glued and tacked. Heavy ordinary glass or beveled edge plate glass may be used for the pedestal door.

80

SIDE

LEG FRAME

LEG

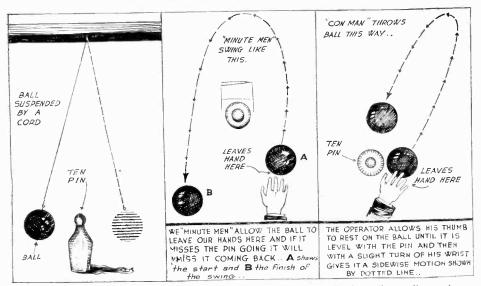
BRACKET

5



2. DRILL ALL HOLES.

A Game of "Skill"?



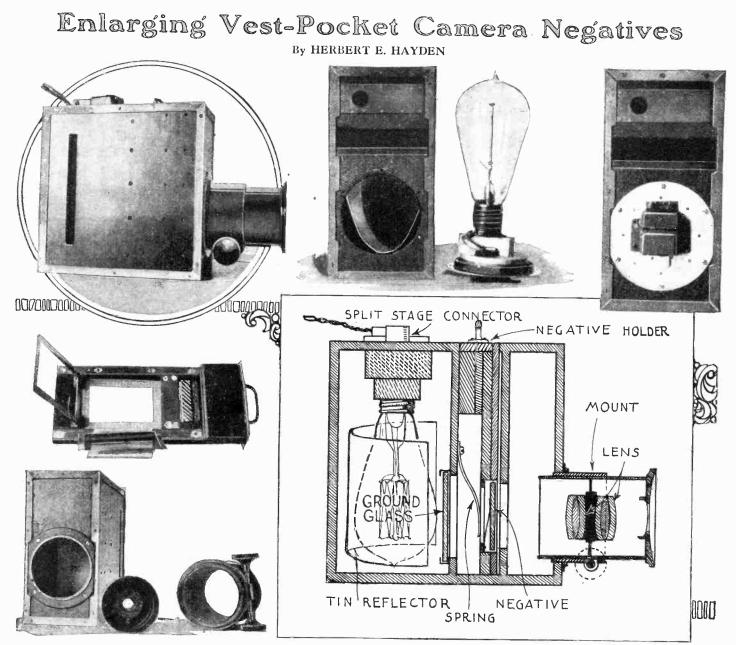
The next time you go to a fair and try your luck at the ten pin game, carefully observe the way the operator handles the ball. You will notice that the ball leaves the hand directly alongside the ten pin. If you duplicate his system exactly, the ball will hit the pin every time. The search is shown above.

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DOLISHES FLOOR

Protecting Floors

It is occasionally necessary to move a heavy trunk from one part of the house to another over polished floors. This can be done with great ease and without damaging the floor by inverting an ordinary fibre (jute) door mat, and slipping it under the trunk. —S. 1. Phillips.

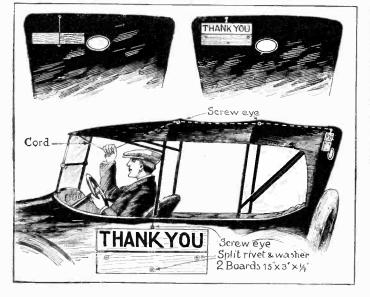


The box is constructed of $\frac{1}{4}$ " wood and measures $7\frac{1}{2}$ " x $7\frac{1}{2}$ " x $3\frac{3}{4}$ ". The focusing device is made from an old stereopticon mount with a vest-pocket camera anastigmat lens fitted in the sliding tube arrangement. The mount has an inside measurement of $2\frac{5}{8}$ ". Top right hand photos show top view of the apparatus, with lamp removed.

Courtesy Signal

and also with lamp in place. Notice the circular air vent. The negative plate holder is indicated in one of the photos. This holds the negative between two plain sheets of glass. The gate is made of brass and is shown open in this photo. The negative carrier measures 7 $3/16'' \times 3 3/16'' \times \frac{1}{4}''$ thick. Drawing above shows arrangement of parts.

Tripod Truck



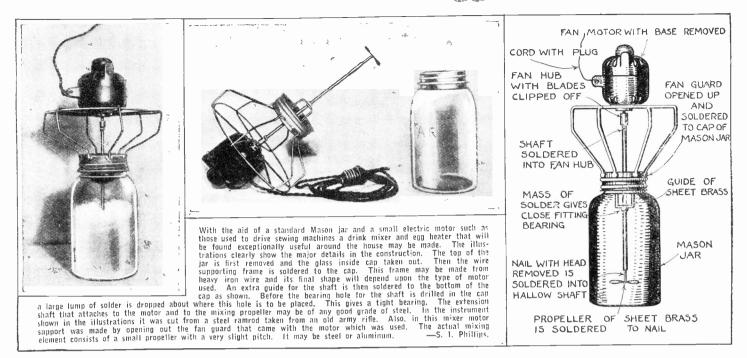


The tripod truck illustrated at the right was made in triangular form. Three rollers were placed at the corners and were then trued up. They were wired in place, so that they could not swing from side to side and as a further check to prevent swinging, nails were driven as shown. —Leslie H. Phinney.

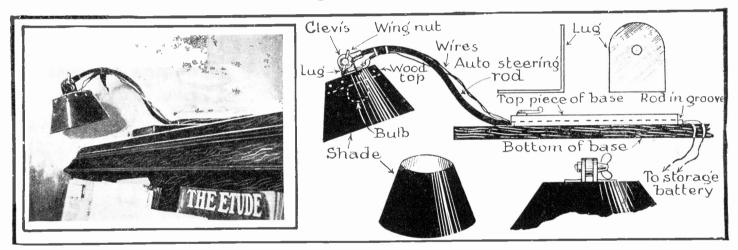
-Leslie H. Phinney. The illustration at the left shows a simple method of appreciating traffic favors as applied to a touring car. When another tourist permits you to pass him on the road, the least you can do is to thank him. Two hinged pieces of wood mounted on the back of the car, one bearing the imprint "Thank You," unfold when the string is pulled. -F. C. Fish.

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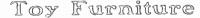
Electric Drink and Egg Beater



Piano Lamp from Scrap Parts

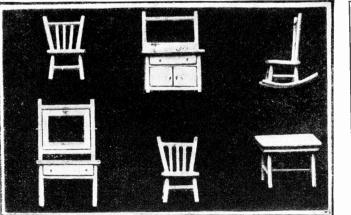


The plano lamp shown in the above illustration, operated by a storage battery, will be found especially adapted to summer cottages that are not equipped with electric current. The construction of the lamp is exceptionally simple. The first step is to make the base. It is composed of a bit of board 14 inches long. Atop this and attached to it with a wing nut is a second piece slightly shorter. This is grooved

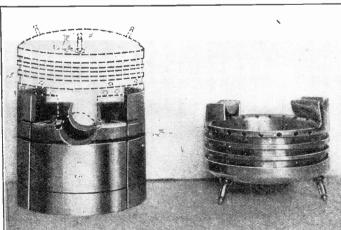


on the side opposite the clamp to take the lamp support which is constructed of a Ford tie rod, bent as shown. The socket for the bulb, which was taken from an automobile head-light, is screwed to the circular board which forms the support for the shade also. The details of the method of clamping this board to the support are clear. —L. B. Robbins.

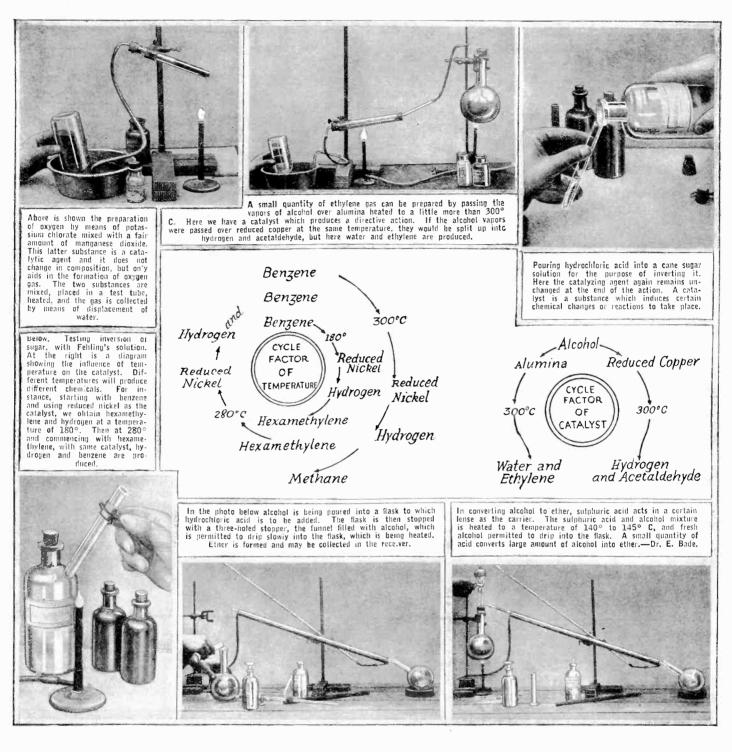
"Auto" Ash Tray



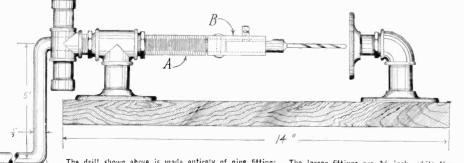
In the home where there are small children, especially girls, no gift will make the childish heart happier than toy furniture. The pieces shown in the above illustration were all constructed from lollipop sticks and cigar box wood. The design may be changed to suit the builder. The only tools necessary are a small hammer and a good pocket-knife. The pieces are put together with brads and glue. —Edw. E. Howe.



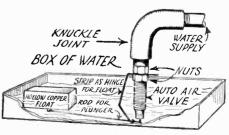
By removing the top of an aluminum piston and working it into the form shown above a decorative ash tray results. The teft prongs support a match box. The legs are taken from an old automobile curtain. The complete stand may be made with the and of a hack saw and a couple of good files. — Ben V. Lauth. Catalysis and Catalytic Action



Drill of Pipe Fittings



The drill shown above is made entirely of pipe fittings. The larger fittings are $\frac{3}{4}$ inch, while the smaller ones are $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. The details of the chuck are shown by the dotted lines at B. Piece A is 5 inches long, and is threaded along the entire length; it represents the feed screw. Harold Jackson, Reporter No. 2903. Chicken Font



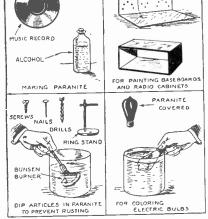
The water supply for the chicken font is controlled by an ordinary auto tire valve secured to the pipe line. A float made of copper opens the valve when the water supply is low. —J. Baxter Gardner.



This department will award the following monthly prizes: First prize, \$15.00; second prize, \$10.00; third prize, \$5.00. The purpose of this department is to stimulate experimenters toward accomplishing new things with old apparatus or old material, and for the most useful, practical and original idea submitted to the Editors of this department a monthly series of prizes will be awarded. For the best idea submitted a prize of \$15.00 is awarded: for the second best idea a \$10.00 prize, and for the third best a prize of \$5.00. The article need not be very elaborate, and rough sketches are sufficient. We will make the mechanical drawings. Use only one side of sheet. Make sketches on separate sheets.

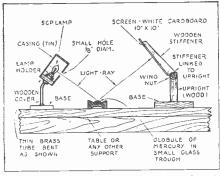
Uses for Umbrella



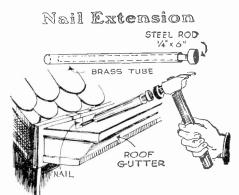


Paranite consists chiefly of shellac, lamp black and rotten stone dissolved and partly suspended in alcohol. It is useful for painting baseboards. preventing rust and may be made from old phonograph records. —Wm. M. Goldberg, Reporter No. 516.

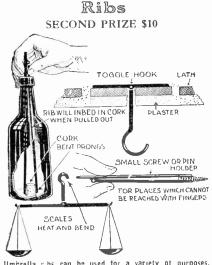
Tracing Vibration



Mercury placed in a shallow container such as is used by water color painters, and the apparatus shown above will enable one to determine the amount of vibration in a room or in machinery. The light spot dances on the screen, and may be photographed. —C. A. Oldroyd.

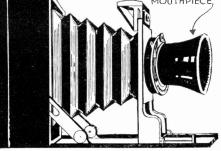


Where it is almost impossible to drive a nail with a hammer, the nail extension shown is very handy. The steel rod may be magnetized for holding the nails. -L, A. Parker.



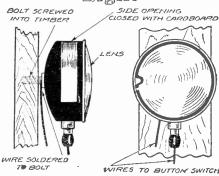
Umbrella r.bs can be used for a variety of purposes. For instance, if the prongs are bent inwardly, they make an excellent cork extractor. They are admirable for holding screws and make good scales. —W. T. Markowski.

Handy Lens Hood TELEPHONE MOUTHPIECE



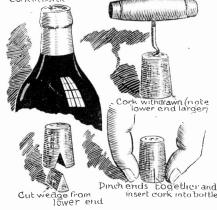
Oblique rays of light often fog the picture by striking the lens. To overcome this, a lens hood may be made by cutting off the threaded portion of a telephone mouthpiece, and enlarging the hole to make a tight fit o er the lens tuhe. —Dr. Hug'n Winfrey.

Photographer's Ruby Light



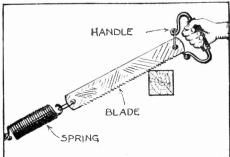
Removing the nut from the back of an old tail light, and screwing the light to a support, then covering the side opening with cardboard, and connecting the wires to the battery, a ruby lamp is made. —L. B. Robbins.

Simple Cork Wrinkle THIRD PRIZE \$5



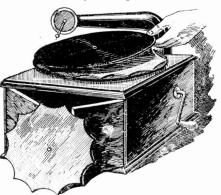
Often one will find that the corks on being extracted from bottles are larger at the bottom than at the top. and are dificult to force into the bottle again. If a small wedge is cut out of the lower end, the process of reinserting the cork is greatly simplified. -N. O. Edema.

Handy Hack Saw



By fastening a curtain spring to one end of a hacksaw blade and a handle similar to those put on packages, a serviceable saw is obtained. The same system can be employed in using a scroll saw. —N. Webster, Jr., Reporter No. 7165.

Removing Records Easily



A servated disk of blotting paper is glued to the turntable of a phonograph. The servations are cut to a depth of one inch, and provide spaces beneath the edge of the record to allow for insertion of the finger nail. —G. E. Hendrickson.

Speeding Up Laboratory Work By DR. ERNEST BADE

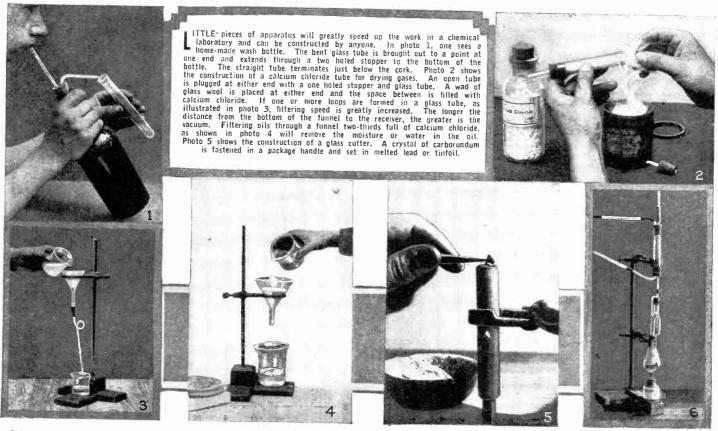


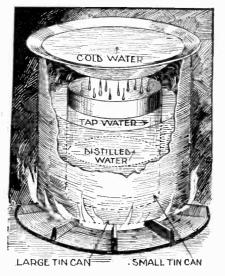
Photo 6, extreme right, shows a simple Soxhlet extractor. It consists of a tube 34'' or more in diameter open at both ends. The bottom is closed with a one holed stopper. This contains a glass tube of smaller diameter first bent upwards half way to the large tube, and then downwards again, reaching the bottom of the flask. The

top of the large tube contains a two hole stopper. One hole is closed by a glass tube which is bent downward, enters the flask and extends for a distance of 34'' below the neek of the flask. The other hole connects to a water condenser. The substance to be extracted is placed on filter paper in the glass tube back of the loop.

Ornamental Glass

BUNSEN BURNER GLASS TUBE

Heat a glass tube to redness over a Bunsen burner. Take it out of the flame for two or three seconds, then dip in cold water. If it is not too hot, the glass will crack, but not break. Place in flame and heat carefully, melting the cracks together slightly. —Billy. Bryant. Distilling Water



A small tin can and a larger can, an old China plate and a source of heat, complete the distilling apparatus for supplying water for storage batteries. The inner can is weighted, and the plate filled with cold water. Distilled water collects in the smaller can. --Joseph Liebowitz. Water Supply

HYDROCHLORIC ACID ZTHISTLE TUBE STOPCOCK STOPPERS **716** DELIVERY HOLE -B SPACE FILLED TH CARBONIC CID GAS SVPHON AVER SMALL PIECES PEBBLES TO PREVENT CLOGGING OF TUBE OF CHALK

Large containers of distilled water are difficult to handle. When fitted with the apparatus shown above, water under pressure is constantly delivered. As soon as stop-cock is turned on, the decrease in pressure permits acid to act on marble producing gas and driving out the water.—C. A. Oldrovd. Reporter No. 4433.



Radio to Guide Tourists By JACK BRONT

ThE tourist of the future will be guided in his travels by radio. The scheme by which it will be done is depicted here. The Automobile Club, Chamber of Commerce or a similar body will establish small radio stations at converient points along the road from which directed beam signals will be sent down the main roads, which may be picked up by travelers. Such information as the location of best detours, impassable spots in the road, load limit of bridges and dangerous curves will be sent out.

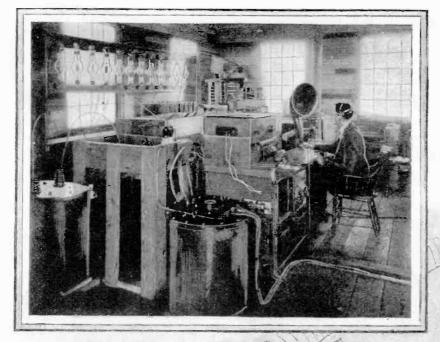
STATE

Above is shown a loop aerial mounted on a Lexington sedan. The wires are placed on insulated strips and a lead taken to the set. A ground, if used, may be in the form of a counterpoise, made of a large metal strip placed underneath a seat or the floor of the machine. A set which would work well on such an aerial system need not be complicated.

KK

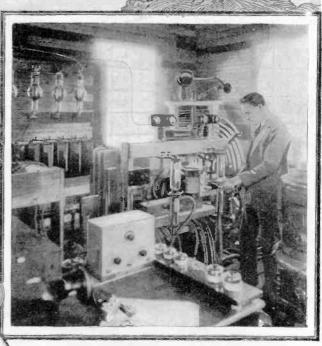
The diagrammatical illustration explains fully the working of the future beacon system. Suppose a car, Cl, traveling to Smithsburg, S. The bridge, P, (all important locations along the road will be marked with lettered signboards) is in bad condition, which necessitates its being crossed slowly. Such a message is sent from an automatic record sender at the beam station, B, which is under distant-control from the offices of the town automobile club which is a subsidiary of a state or national association. At Jonesville, J, a few miles away, the same is the case. The car, C2, must take the detour to avoid a marshy place in the regular road, M. The aerial and set on the car picks up the signal and announces the necessity of the detour to the driver. The system seems practicable.

TOUP



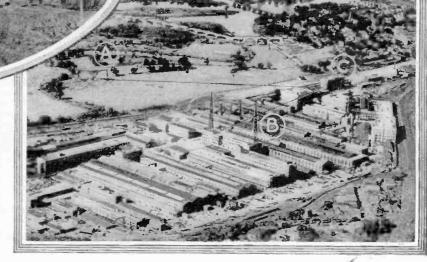
Short Wave Transmission for Relay Work

Another epoch marking experiment was recently carried out successfully from the General Electric radio broadcast station, WGY, when a complete promay picked up by the English station 2LO, in London and rehroadcast throughout the British Isles. This feat was aicked up by the English station the new short wave transmission, the wave accomplished through the use of the new short wave transmission, the mater. The above illustration shows a bank of twelve oscillator tubes used as a part of the short wave equipment. A great many new difficulties arose which ever one common in the use of longer ones. The ultra high frequencies involved makes the question of insulation one of extreme importance. Also, the danger in working about is extremely great. A 60-watt incandescent lamp held in the hand near the set while it is operation will light up to full brilliancy.



Although the short-wave installation is rated at 30 K.W. capacity the complete set is surprisingly compact as may be seen by the abore photograph which shows the oscillator and modulator water-cooled tubes, grid and plate coils and coupling inductances. Various pieces of checking apparatus may be seen on the table in the foreground.

Above is a photograph of the short wave transmitting station, located about a mile from the nearest building, in a wilderness outside of Schenectady. It is, of course, connected with the main station, WGY, by land line and a control system. The site was selected for its isolation in order that there would be as little absorption of the waves as possible as they leave the fan antenna. Although loose coupling is employed, it was desired to have the emitted wave-length as nearly constant as possible since long distances were to be covered. The masts are just twice as strong as necessary and every precation was taken to make them absolutely free from vibration. The transmitter design is regulation stype with a few minor exceptions necessitated by the diminution of the new short wave transmitter which is connected with the main studio and control room, the location of which is marked by the circle C. The main transmitter, the one known to the fans throughout the United States which transmitts regularly on 380 meters, is at the circle B. This station likewise is connected with the main control room and studio.



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16

Curious Crystal Receivers

If there is one thing that the editor always wanted to do it was to build something useful out of the steel backed cocoanut shell. It always seemed a pity to throw them away after eating the juicy white filling and here at least is one way of utilizing old cocoanut shells; a complete radio set is mounted within the shell, one half of which forms a cover when swung over. This set is of the crystal detector type, complete with tuning condenser, knob and inductance. The sets here shown were constructed by boys and girls under thirteen years of age and the cost had to be 75c. **Or less.**

Remember the capsules in which the druggists puts bitter medicines? Well, in the picture above we have a radio set built in such a capsule about the smallest one we have seen so far. Also in the same photograph is shown a radio set made on a match stick. We suppose the next tine we have a contest like this, someone will build a radio set on the head of a pin, so that we will have to use a magnifier to manipulate the dials or adjust the detector.

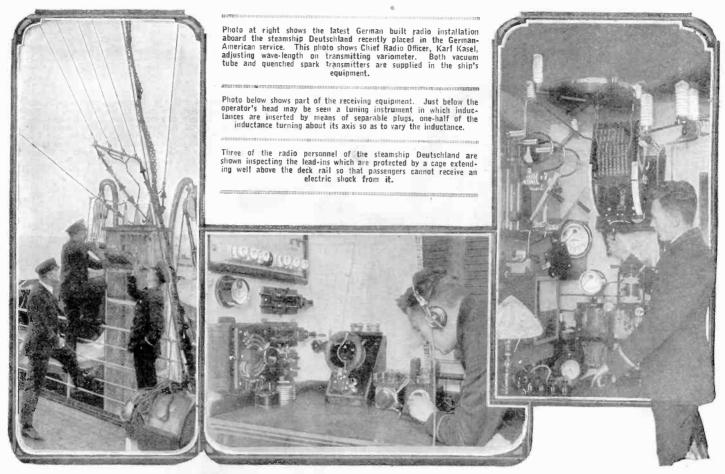
E

A radio set on a finger ring —and it works! We thought we had seen about the last thing in mechanical or other devices which could be mounted on a finger ring when we beheld a fine jeweled watch built in a seal ring, the watch being about ½ inch in diameter. But it "seems that our radio bugs have some ingenious ideas about finger rings also. The photos shown above were supplied by Mr. K. D. Ganaway, Reporter No. 455

(I)

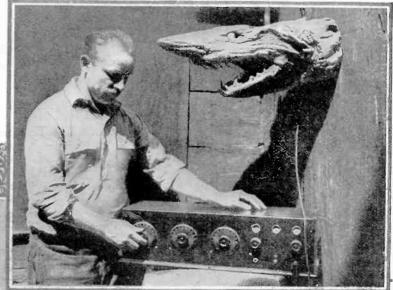
Here is a brand new idea in teapots—one that will sing and taik. In other words, the photo at the left shows a clever conception in the form of a radio teapot, all of the apparatus, including the crystal detector and the tuning condenser araincorporated in the body of the teapot. The only thing that is needed extra are the headphones. This set as well as the other outfits shown below were recently exhibited at Chicago and all of them worked when tested by experts.

Radio Aboard S. S. Deutschland



Loud Speaker and Radio Recorder

THE photograph below shows a new automatic radio recorder capable of copying radio signals, even though static interference is three times as great as the signal strength. The apparatus is the invention of Dr. A. Hoyt Taylor of the U. S. Navy Department. The machine shown is said to be capable of copying radio signals at the rate of one hundred words per minute. The recording apparatus is shown in the immediate foreground. In military and naval radio operations it has always been very desirable to have an accurate recorder of the paper tape or other type. In time of war, if a message is incorrectly copied by an operator unimaginable trouble can be developed by the wrong orders being given in consequence. If an accurate tape record is made available, there is slight chance of the wrong orders being given in the first place, and also if wrongly interpreted, when writing out the radiogram, the operator may be held accountable. Photo Copyright by Harris and Ewing.



We thought the list of possible freak loud-speakers had been about exhausted, but lo and behold! here's another brand new one in the form of a shark's head. This extremely novel loudspeaker comprises a talking unit installed in the preserved head of a 25 ft. man-eating blue-nose shark. This remarkable loud-speaker is owned by Mr. Joseph Walker, a New York taxidermist, and Mr. Walker enjoys the latest news about the Yankees and the Giants, as well as the fatest jazz music and weather reports, as he goes about his daily taxidermy tasks.

Radio Finds Novel Uses

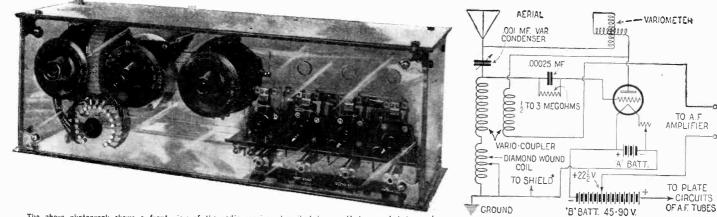


No, friends, this is not a movie camera, but an honest-to-goodness two bulb radio receiving set mounted on a camera tripod for portability. The antenna wire is shown strung about the legs of the tripod. The photo shows Mr. R. C. Nussbaum listening in to a radio concert on his "radio-movie" set. Almost a case of talking movies—eh, what?

A New York City radio dealer has here adopted a novel method of advertising. The police ban on loud speakers was overcome by this enterprising dealer in a novel manner; he simply hooked up a few sets of headphones to the set on display inside the window; then when passersby manifest interest in the dis-play, he simply hands them a set of headphones. They hear the concert much more clearly and the crowd is thus limited.

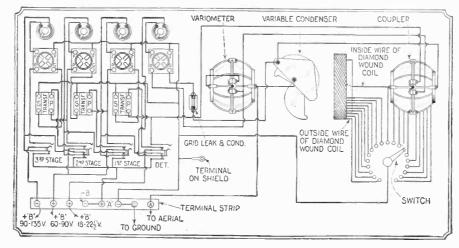


A Well Made Broadcast Receiver



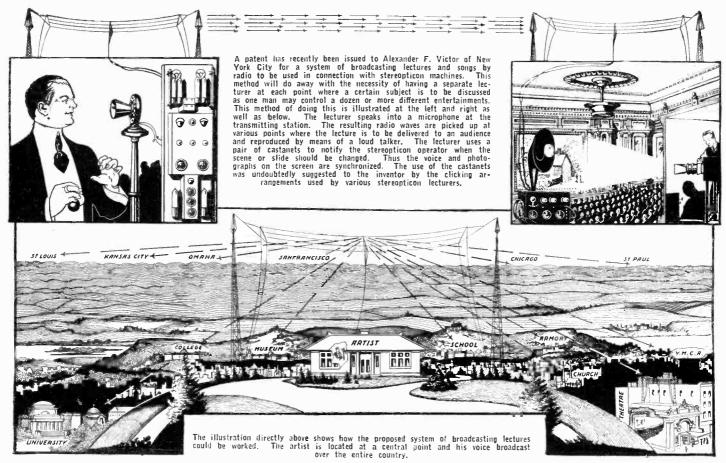
The above photograph shows a front view of the radio receiver described here. It is mounted in a glass cabinet, although models which are furnished for sale are mounted in the standard manner with bakelite panels.

The receiving set illustrated in the upper left hand corner of this page employs a rather unique tuning arrangement and has one of the best three stage audio frequency amplifying arrangements that we have seen in a long time. The arrangement of the various parts reduces howling and other tube noises to a minimum and allows the production of a great volume without the usual attendant disturbance. The complete circuit diagram of this receiving set is given at the right. Filament control jacks are supplied so as to increase convenience and eliminate unnecessary controls in the operations of the set. An insulating strip is provided for the mounting of all the terminal posts.



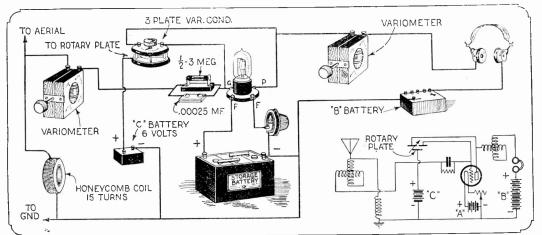
The diagram of the detector circuit which is employed in the receiving set illustrated is given directly above. The diamond wound coil is placed by the side of the varicocupler so as to provide a greater range of wave-lengths. Two methods of regeneration are used in this circuit and the combination gives excellent results. Tickler feed-back is used, as is also a variation of the tuned plate system. A variometer is used in the latter position. Results with this set are surprising and the tuning is comparatively simple. This receiver is being put out by a prominent radio manufacturer.

Stereopticon Lectures by Radio



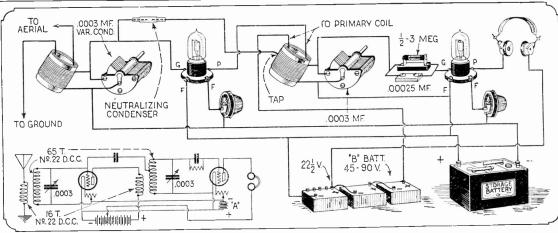
AmericanRadioHistory.Com

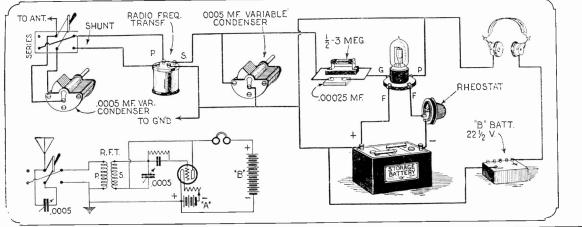
Good Hook-Ups Four



Those who desire exceptional volume and at the same time good distance will be inter-ested in building the one tube set snown herewith. It is a single tube super-regenera-tive set and gives remarkably loud signals for distant as well as local stations. Tun-ing is accomplished by two variometers. One in the antenna circuit and the other in the plate circuit to increase regeneration. Here a three plate var able grid-condenser besides the usual fixed condenser is used and gives very sharp tuning. Instead of the usual six volt tube, a dry cell tube can be used with very 1.ttle appreciable diminution in volume. This set is extremely sensitive and one can hear the tick of a watch, the breathing of the announcer, and other broadcast station. Although an outdoor aerial is to be recommended as with every other set except the super-heterodyne, a loon can be used very successfully and dis-tant stations will be received with sur-prising clarity. A loud speaker can be operated very successfully. —Wm. J. Smith, Reporter No. 4976

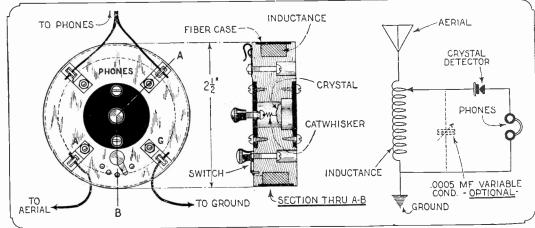
Many people desire a set capable of bringing in extraordinary dis-tance. The Neutrodyne fulfills this want admirably. Generally the Neutrodyne is a four or five tube set. It is not necessary to go to the expense of buying so many parts, so a two tube Neutrodync to which can be added if desired, one or two stages of audio fre-quency amplification as shown here. Of course, the circuit con-sists of one stage of tuned radio frequency, neutralized, and a de-tector. Although it is not shown in the diagram, a variometer may be inserted in the plate circuit of the detector tube. This will cause regeneration and resultant increase of signal strength. Neu-troformers are advised for the radio frequency transformers. With a set of this nature, extremely long distance reception can be readily accomplished and no ra-diation will be experienced.





Vacationists and others desiring extreme compactness in a radio set will welcome this circuit. It is the well known adaptation of the ultra-audion and instead of using large cumbersome inductan-ces, uses a small radio frequency transformer. A miniature double pole double-throw switch is used to connect an ordinary 23 plate variable condenser in series or in parallel with the primary circuit. Instead of the storage battery, a dry cell tube can of course the used and will give extreme clar-ity on all stations. Entirely free from body capacity effects, being very easy to tune and giving suffi-cient volume on local stations on a short aerial, this set will be found a highly enjoyable asset to radio fans who desire to expend a minimum and secure a maxi-mum. —J. C. Hanhauser.

Where reception of local stations is desired, and where a small pocket radio set will serve the purpose, the one shown will surpass your expec-tations. It can be made by using a small round block of fiber or wood which has been grooved and wound with 60 turns of No. 22 D. C. C. wire and tapped at every twelve turns. A m niature crystal detec-tor is centrally mounted and adjust-ment made by means of a small machine screw to which has been soldered a piece of wire acting as the cat-whisker. Being only 2½ inches in dianeter and incorporating all the essential parts for a com-plete yet very simple receiving set, the range and selectivity can be greatly increased by the addition of a 23 plate variable condenser con-mected as shown in the diagram. This can be placed in the other pocket. If a sensitive crystal is used, an ordinary umbrella can successfully be used as the aerial. —James Stayton.



Long Distance One Tube Receiver **By HERBERT E. HAYDEN**

PLATE

VARIOMETER

D

HERE is a set that when properly constructed will give the hest to be had from 200 to 700 meters wave-length. By means of a simple switching arrangement the set can be made to act at its best efficiency for the different bands of wave-lengths. Another novel feature is the tube socket suspension by means of the lead wires, which are No. 14 hard drawn conper. Thus no tube noises are experienced and at the same time compactness is obtained. The circuit can be changed from a single circuit to a double circuit by carefully referring to the circuit diagram. An ordinary WD-11, WD-12, UV-199, C-299, UV-201A, or C-301A type tube can be used. Of course, the illament voltage must be of the right value to operate the respective tubes. This set is very good for portable work and will reproduce with exceptional clarity. The approximate cost of such a set is well under \$25.00 complete.

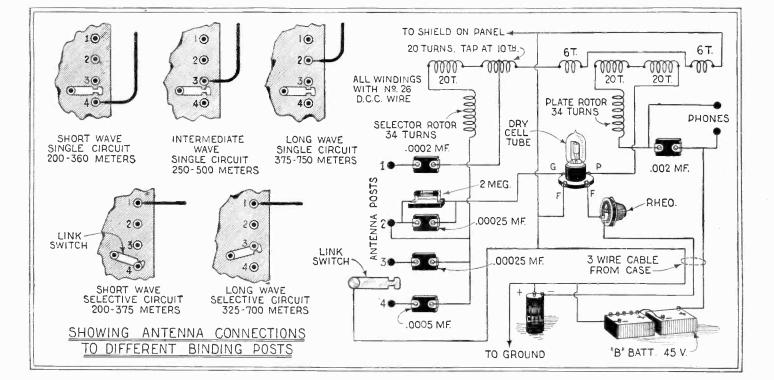
R. R. M.

The rotors are 3 inch diameter tubes. The primary rotor is wound with 34 turns of No. 26 D.C.C. and the plate rotor is wound with 36 turns of the same S.C.C. wire. Five fixed condenses are necessary: two of .00025 mfd. capacity, one .0002, one .0005 and one .002. From 18 to 45 volts of "B" battery are required, depending upon the type of tube used. A metal shield of aluminum or tin foil is fastened to the panel directly before putting on the tuning coil, and is grounded. As can readily be seen by the flexibility of the circuit, the set is selective and no trouble will be experienced in tuning out undesirable stations. Sometimes the set will operate to better advantage if the "A" battery terminals are reversed. An aerial at least 60 feet long clear of all surrounding obstructions should be used. With a set of this type distart stations are remarkably easy to tune in. It is advisable to cover all the hus wiring with a good grade of heavy cambric spagletti and make all leads as short as is consistent with neat owned. A contract controls the current for the tube.

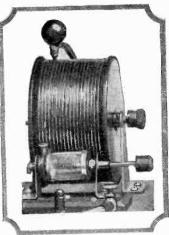
9

WAVELENGTH

The panel, which should be at least 8 inches square, is first laid out. A hole large enough to ac-commodate the tube is drilled and then beveled. The wave-length im-dicator is made of thin brass strip and can be bent as shown. The lettering on the panel is placed on by the transfer process, thus mak-ing the complete set look like a commercial product. The primary inductance is wound on a card-hoard or formica tube $3\frac{1}{2}$ incles in diameter. It consists of a 20 turn winding followed by another 20 turn winding which is spaced $3\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch from the first one. A six turn winding is then placed 2 inches away from the last and finally six turns more, 3 inches further, are wound on.



Results of \$100 Crystal Detector Contest



Second prize winner was A. P. Peck of Plainfield, N. J., and to him is award-ed \$20 in gold. By using a vario-meter shunted with a fixed condenser, the whole being coupled to the an-tenna circuit, this very selective re-ceiver brings in KFKX, Hastings, Neb., and 6KW, Cuba, with surprising clar-ity and volume. A very successful stunt is shown in the diagram in ref-erence to the fixed condensers shunted across the phones. This gives unsur-variable condenser can be used in their stead, but these were employed to cut down expense. As regards the wave-trap, it is a very efficient one and. although not exactly new, it fulfills all that could possibly be desired of such an instrument. In conjunction with a burgh, Schenectady, Atlanta and Chi-cago have been heard quite regularly.

TO AERIAL

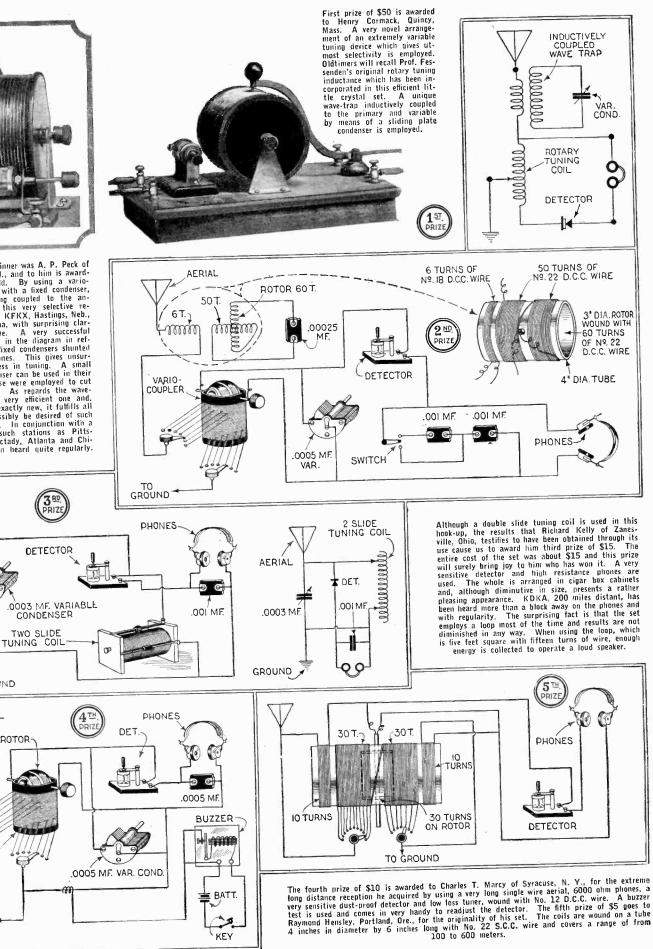
TO GROUND

POTOR

TO AERIAL

VARIO-

TO GROUND



385

KEY

Radio Oracle

In this Department we publish questions and answers which we feel are of interest to the novice and amateur. Letters addressed to this Department cannot be answered free. A charge of 25c, is made for all questions where a personal answer is desired,

AERIAL CRYSTAL DETECTOR PHONES AUDIO FREQUENCY 10 C II-9 6 .002 MF. FIXED .002 MF. COND. OOI ME s 9 6 0 0 S RADIO FREQ. .0005 MF. VARIABLE CONDENSER -RHEO. A.F.T. R.F.T. DET. .0005 .002 MF .002 MF. OOL ME -+||||||||||||||||||||||+ B'BATT HINH A' BATT

(Q. 274). The reflex set will find many adherents among fans requiring a set capable of bringing in DX with a minimum of controls. Of course a dry cell tube can be used, thus increasing the set's compactness.

ONE TUBE REFLEX

(274) Edward J. Hill, Louisville, Ky., requests :

Q. 1. Kindly publish a one tube reflex circuit with which I can use a loop? A. I. The circuit you desire is given herewith.

SINGLE TUBE CIRCUIT

(275) Joseph P. Delaney, Ft. Worth, Texas, says that after several years of experimenting he has failed to find the ideal single tube circuit. He asks:

Q. 1. Will you please publish that hookup?

A. 1. We believe that the hook-up published herewith is the most efficient circuit which employs a single tube.

DRY CELL TUBES

Earl Davis, Grey Eagle, Minn., (276)

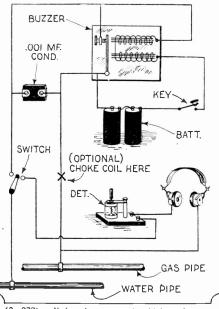
asks: Q. 1. Can any of the dry cell tubes be

used in standard circuits? A. 1. Dry cell tubes may be used in any standard vacuum tube circuit. Many of these circuits have been published in vari-our past issues of SCIENCE AND INVENTION.

HONEYCOMB COIL CONNECTIONS (277) W. F. Friedhofer, Kirk, Colo., asks:

0.1. What precaution should be taken in connecting up a three coil honeycomb set as regards the direction of the windings in the coils?

A. 1. The primary and secondary coils in the circuit diagram you mention may be con-nected either way, but the windings of the two coils must run in the same relative direction. The polarity of the tickler coil will have to be determined by experiment, trying it first one way and then reversing the leads.



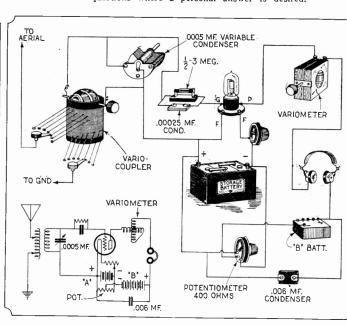
(Q. 278). It is not necessary to ob(ain a Govern-ment license to use this sending set. Great fun can be derived by having several wireless devotees in the neighborhood use sets similar to it. (0, 278).

WATER PIPE TELEGRAPHY

(278) Geo. A. Moore, Versailles, Ohio, wants to know :

Q. 1. Is it possible to telegraph over a water pipe or a water pipe and a gas pipe for a distance of one city block?

A. 1. On page 318 of the September, 1917, issue of the *Electrical Experimenter* you will find a very good description of various methods of telegraphing over water



(Q. 275). As is well known, a single tube regenerative set acts both as a radio fre-quency amplifier and detector. The regenerative circuit shown here is without doubt the most efficient. A 400 ohm potentiometer and a .006 mfd. fixed condenser are used.

and gas pipes. One of the hook-ups is given The instruments necessary are a herewith. buzzer, key, battery, fixed condenser, re-ceiver, crystal detector and two point switch.

PHONE CORD TROUBLE (279) C. R. Doromus, Philadelphia, Penna. says that he has a radio receiving set, which causes considerable trouble due to a rattle in the phones, which only increases as each successive stage of amplification is used. Q. 1. Can you help me to locate this trouble?

A. 1. From the description of your

trouble we would very strongly suspect the phone cords. It would seem that there is a broken circuit therein which by means of the movement of the wearer of the phones would cause such a rattle as you mention. Without further information on the latter we can give you no further data. If you care to communicate with us and state whether or not the rattle is continuous or intermittent and any other information you may have, we will be only too glad to investigate further.

CRYSTAL DETECTOR TROUBLE

(280) T. A. Dow, Bronx, New York, says that his crystal receiving set will not operate satisfactorily, but that he has tested each and every instrument separately and finds them to be in perfect condition. He asks : 0. 1.

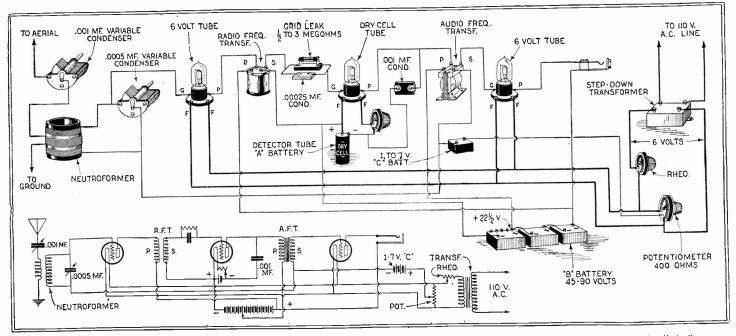
Can you make any suggestions

which may help me in this matter? A. 1. Evidently something is radically wrong with your radio receiving set and since you say all your instruments are in perfect condition, we would strongly suspect that the crystal used is not sensitive. A fine phosphor bronze wire would, no doubt, be better for use as the cat-whisker in your detector than the one you are using.

WANTED !!! RADIO ARTICLES

WE want descriptions of new radio ideas which you have worked out in practice. Take photographs of the important parts and make pencil or pen and ink sketches of the hook-ups or mechanical details, et cetera. We are particularly

desirous of obtaining new hook-ups and descriptions of single tube sets, reflex and other types which have proven satisfac-tory. We like articles on new single tube receptors. We will Reflexe pay good prices for your ideas. -Editor.



(Q. 281). The question of operating tubes on alternating current has often arisen a nd has been met with indifferent success. The circuit shown, while not entirely the ultimate, is being used very successfully with both dry cell and storage battery tub es, care being taken to introduce a resistance of sufficient amount to prevent burning out the filaments. A 2 mfd. condenser may be shunted across the six volt terminals of the transformer, although this instrument is not shown in the diagram.

A. C. FILAMENT SUPPLY

(281) Fred Ormonde, New Orleans, La., asks:

Q. 1. How can I use a small filament lighting transformer from which I can light my tubes instead of using batteries?

A. 1. It is entirely possible with a mininum of trouble from resulting alterating current hum, to utilize the alternating current, to heat the filaments of both radio and audio frequency amplifying tubes in a receiving set. However, this cannot be done successfully with a detector tube. The circuit given shows clearly that it is necessary to use a separate source of supply for the filament of the detector tube. If using UV-199's, 2 ordinary dry cells will do admirably. By careful manipulation of the potentiometer, the hum can be balanced out quite successfully and the resultant music repro-duced may be rendered surprisingly free from noise and distortion.

INDUCED HUM

(282) Raymond Spitser, Santa Barbara, Calif., states that he has considerable trouble when using his receiving set because of the fact that a hum is reproduced by the receiv-ers which is so annoying that, at times, it drowns out reception. He asks:

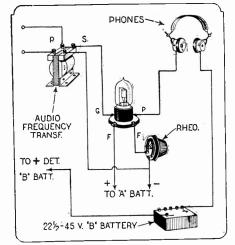
O. 1. Can you help me in this matter? A. 1. Evidently your antenna runs parallel with a high-tension line. You will cut down the hum considerably if you change the an-tenna so that it runs at right angles with the power line. You will also help matters considerably if you install a loop antenna with about two stages of radio frequency and two stages of audio frequency amplification. it is not possible for you to do this, the first

suggestion is the only remedy available, other than to move your radio set to a point dis-tant from the high tension lines.

ONE STAGE AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT (283) James J. Turner, Union City, Tenn., asks :

Q. 1. Can you give a circuit diagram showing the connections of a one stage audio frequency amplifier that can be added to any standard receiving set?

The circuit for this work is given A. 1. in these columns. Connect the input binding posts of the amplifier to the output posts of



(Q. 283). To increase the volume of an incoming signal and to retain clarity at the same time is quite a problem. No higher than a four to one ratio trans-former should be employed in this one stage audio frequency amplifier.

the set and use a common "A" battery. Con-nect the negative side of the amplifier "B" battery to the positive side of the detector "B" battery as indicated.

CODE PRACTICE

J. Ballman, Cleveland, Ohio, asks: (284)What is the difference between the Q. 1. code used in telegraphy and that used in radio work?

A. 1. The radio code is very similar to that used in Morse telegraphy with the exception of a few of the characters and the numerals.

Q. 2. What is the best method for practicing the code, aside from a machine, when one does not have anybody to practice with? Our correspondent also states that he is an experienced telegrapher. A. 2. All that will be necessary to prac-

tice this code with would be a key, a buzzer, and a battery. It may be hooked up in ex-actly the same manner as a Morse practice set. The only difference in the work will be that you will receive the dots and dashes in short and long buzzes instead of double clicks. We believe that you should have no trouble whatsoever in picking up speed in this work since you already have a good foundation in Morse work.

SHIELDING

(285) Edward E. Craven, Youngstown,

Ohio, wants to know: Q. 1. What connections, if any, should be made to the tinfoil used in shielding the

back of a panel? A. 1. The tinfoil used for shielding the back of a radio panel is to be grounded by connecting directly to the ground post of the set.

200 ILLUSTRATIONS-100 ARTICLES

is the average of every issue of RADIO NEWS. We doubt if there is a radio magazine in print that can show the diversity of articles and illustrations that is found in this magazine. But above all, it is the quality of the material that is of prime importance to the man interested in radio. RADIO NEWS

menter, the Broadcast Listener, and the Manufacturer. Each will find articles written especially for him. Every issue of RADIO NEWS is a radio education by itself. Sold on 35,000 newsstands in the United States and in every international book store in every civilized country the world over.

prime importance to the man interested in r		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
appeals to all factions; the Scientist, the Ar	mateur, the Experi- store in every civilized	country the world over.
A LIST OF INTERESTING AR	TICLES APPEARING IN THE AUGU	JST ISSUE OF RADIO NEWS
The fight of intermediate	The Tropadyne Circuit.	Saving Tubes with Reflex Circuits.
ine sonajno energia	By Clyde J. Fitch.	By John Scott-Taggart.
Solodyne Circuit Using Standard Tubes.		
Working Vacuum Tubes Without "B" Bat-	By H. E. Benedict.	Reflexing a Tuned Radio Frequency Receiver.
teries.	The Importance of the Trivial.	By Clyde J. Fitch.
Pre John Scott Taggart	By Sir Oliver Lodge.	
		ANT MANY MANY MANY MANY MANY MANY MANY MANY
	like Trepopologine sol presi k in sesena jenerali sila sesena in manana sena sena sena sena sena sena sesena s	

Perfect smoke rings may be blown with this device. The charge is placed in the cylinder and when the operator releases a trigger in the handle the rubber diaphragm pushes outward as shown in the illustration.



No. 1,490,938, issued to G. Robinson. With the constant increase in bank robberies, the inventor hopes to reduce the large losses of money incurred in them, by the installation of a system of urnst les such as shown in the above illustration. The space before each paying teller's window is enclosed in a cage with two of the stiles which may be locked by the teller or other bank attendant, locking the robbers in the small cage before the window. No. 1,482,760, issued to J. A. Milliken. Everyone has noticed ordinary pieces of g'ass-ware in which there were bubbles. If these bubbles are too obvious the piece must be throwin away as useless. The frequency with which they appear is the cause of great loss to manufacturers. The device illustrated above obviates this loss. After the molten glass is poured into the mold the clapper of a huge electric bell constantly taps the side of the mold, giving any bubbles in the glass a clause to float to the top and dissipate themselves.

Scientific Humor

NEED

THE MELTING POT

"Strange case of heredity in that family," mused Jones.

"How is that?" inquired Green.

"Well, one of the girls has a golden voice, one boy is in the prize ring and has a tin ear; one is a press agent with all the brass in the world; one is a silver-tongued orator; one is an aluminum ware canvasser; one a steel peddler, one a copper-

"But where does the heredity come in?" asked Green.

"Why," returned Jones, "when they were young their father ruled them with an iron hand."—M. L. Piggins.

> SHOCKED SHE: "Weren't you simply electrified by that lecturer last night? H E : ''N o, merely gassed."— Paul K. Beemer.

HOW ABOUT THE CAPITAL OF FRANCE?

BIOLOGY PROFESSOR. to lazy student: "Name a parasite."

"Name a parasite. STUDENT: "Me?" BIOLOGY PROFESSOR: "Yes, but name another one."—Edward M. Carr, Reporter No. 10224.

RADIO DICTIONARY

"A" Battery-The part of a radio set that takes your money and makes light of it. Aerial—That which catches messages, and

our chins when cutting across lots at night. *Arc*—A method of transmission invented

by Noah. Copper-A good conductor, but collects no

fares. Jack-That substance used to buy and run a radio set.-Clifton Ask.

EGGSACTLY

PROFESSOR: "When are eggs and batteries alike?

STUDENT: "When they're storage, sir."-Lambros D. Callimahos.



TUNE "How did you like my sermon S u n d a y?" asks the modern cler-

A POOR

gyman. "I couldn't get you." replies the you." replies the radio churchgoer. ''Too much Theology?" asks

the minister. "No," replies the radio lost sheep, "too much interference."—Albert Greenstein.

JUST WHAT'S NEEDED

1st STUDENT: "I wish I had some microbes for my arithmetic examination." 2ND STUDENT: "What good would a few microbes be at an arithmetic examination?" 1st STUDENT: "This morning the Profes-

sor in the Science Class said that 'microbes multiply rapidly.'"-John Zakowski.

FATHER WILL BE AS EXTINCT AS THE DODO

FATHER: sical scale." "Your talk is just like the mu-

"Musical scale, father?" DAUGHTER: "Musical scale, father?" FATHER: "Yes! You start with dough and you end with dough!"—Milton Konecke.



"How is that?" FORMER: "How is that?" TRANS: "He plants a row of potatoes and then a row of onions, and the onions makes the potatoes' eyes water and the field is irrigated."-Donald A. Hunt.

NO CELL-IBATES

STANG: "How do bees dispose of their honey?"

STUNG: "Oh, they cell it !"-Clifton Ask.

AN ALCOHOL RUB

JONES: "What chemical term would you apply to a drunken man who has fallen in the street?"

Bones : "Ask me another. What?" "An alcoholic precipitation."-IONES : Lorne Macbean.

E receive daily from one to two hundred contributions to this department. Of these only one or two are available. We desire to publish only scientific humor and all contributions should be original if possible. Do not copy jokes from old books or other publications as they have little or no chance here. By scientific humor we mean only such jokes as contain something of a scientific nature. Note our prize winners. Write each joke on a separate sheet and sign your name and address to it. Write only on one side of sheet. We cannot return unaccepted jokes. Please do not enclose return postage. All jokes published here are paid

for at the rate of one dollar each, besides the first prize of three dollars for the best jokes submitted each month. In the event that two people send in the same joke so as to "tie" for the prize, then the sum of three dollars in cash will be paid to each one.

AN EMBARRASSING DEVELOP-MENT

DARING PHOTOGRAPHER: "I was scaling the bluff, attempting to get a close-up of the cliff bird's nest, when suddenly my sus-penders broke." "Yes! Yes! And

AWED LISTENER: then , an under-expo-

D. PH.: "Why . . . er . . . an u sure resulted."—Sam Y. Caldwell.

FIRST HIGH FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER

Speaking about radio some of us can r e m e m b e r when the music from the heir was broadcast from the woodshed.— Albert Greenstein.



MECHANICAL LOVE

Pawl Pin and Fan Belt went for a stroll around the block. On a bench they started to spark, but found the place too universal, so retired to a spot a rod or two away.

Their heads were together, and no one within hearing radius, when Pawl whispered something about a "housing for you, and the little pins that may come knocking around in Then trouble started over a ring. She time. called him a crank. He said it wasn't the case.

A pinion of the law approached, and they bolted, but soon he had them in his clutch, and at court they were fined a straight eight for kicking.-Glen F. Stillwell,

AND THE TRAFFIC COP

"So you traded

your car for an aeroplane?" "Yes; and I oc-casionally get lonesome."

"For what?" "A blow-out." -Les Van Every.

SOME OF THE THINGS I WOULD LIKE TO HAVE

A man to awaken the sleepers of a railway track.

A hat for the head of a nail.

A key to fit an elephant's trunk. A splinter from a sunbeam.

A train of cars to run on the branch of a tree.

The club with which an idea struck the poet.

A ruler to measure narrow escapes. The hook and line with which an angler

caught a cold. An umbrella used in the reign of tyrants. A knot from the board a man paid fifty

dollars a week for.-A. Zimmerman.

"RADIO DOCTORS" WILL PRE-SCRIBE THEM!

FIRST Boy : "I heard there was a boy who made a radio so little it goes into a capsule." SECOND BOY: "Huh, I wonder who he thinks is going to swallow the darn thing!" --Helen Clements.

"A NEWTON PIPPIN"

The physics class was having difficulty in grasping some of Newton's fundamental laws of motion. discussion The finally simmered down to plain arithmetic when

the Prof. asked a particularly dumb student : "If we were dealing in apples and you gave me one, doubling the number I had in my hand, what did I have to start with?

ſ

At this point a sarcastic drawl interrupted from the back of the room:"Applesauce!" —*Harry R. Lubckc.*

A VEXING ANSWER

INSTRUCTOR to James, who was not giving ose attent on: "James, will you name the close attention: six types of lens and tell the difference between the two I have just discussed?" JAMES: "Convex, double convex, con-

cave, double concave, convex-concave, and concave-convex; the convex-concave is more concave than the concave-convex and the concave-convex is more convex than the con-vex-concave."—Robert Wright.

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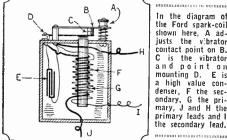
The "Oracle" is for the sole benefit of all scientific students. Ques-tions will be answered here for the benefit of all but only matter of suffi-cient interest will be published. Rules under which questions will be antions swered :

Only three questions can be submitted to be answered.
 Only one side of sheet to be written on; natter must be typewritten or else written in ink, no penciled matter considered.

AUTOMOBILE SPARK COIL CONSTRUCTION

(1710) Fred J. Spalding, Rohcester, N. Y., asks

the Oracle: Q. 1. Can you show by means of a diagram the internal construction of a Ford spark coil? A. 1. The diagram given herewith shows all the various parts.



In the diagram of the Ford spark-coil shown here, A ad-justs the vibrator justs the vibrator contact point on B. C is the vibrator and point on mounting D. E is a high value con-denser, F the sec-ondary, G the pri-mary, J and H the primary leads and I the secondary lead.

CHEMICAL QUERIES

CHEMICAL QUERIES (1711) H. E. Maris. Berkeley, Calif., says that he has found that by dipping an aluminum spoon into red mercuric oxide, mercury will be formed on the spoon. He asks: Q. 1. Why does this happen? A. 1. Aluminum will precipitate mercury from practically any of its compounds. Therefore, mer-cury was formed on the aluminum spoon when it rubbed against rcd mercuric oxide. Q. 2. Is there any way in which mercuric bro-mide may be made into mercury? A. 2. Mercuric bromide can be made into mer-cury by precipitating with metallic copper. If you have the bromide in a dry form, heat with sodium carbonate and condense the mercury as it vola-tilizes. Q. 3. Kindly give a good method of making hydrogen sulphide? A. 3. Hydrogen sulphide can be evolved by heating together paraffin wax and sulphur in equal parts.

CHARGING A STORAGE BATTERY

(1712) Alden Johnson, Nyack, N. Y., wants to

(1712) Anter yourself
 know:
 Q. 1. Can a storage battery be charged directly from a high tension magneto?
 A. 1. It is impossible to use a high tension magneto to charge a storage battery and we would not advise you to attempt any experiments along this line if your storage battery is valuable.

Sketches, diagrams, etc., must be on separate sheets. Questions addressed to this department cannot be answered by mail free of charge.
 If a quick answer is desired by mail, a nominal charge of 25 cents is made for each question. If the questions entail considerable research work or intricate calculations a special rate will be charged. Correspondents will be informed as to the fee before such questions are answered.

SPARK INTENSIFIERS

(1713) W. E. Hollenbeck, Lentner, Mo., asks

IRON SOLDER

(1713) W. E. Hollenbeck, Lentner, Mo., asks the Oracle: Q. 1. Can you tell me how to prepare cast iron so that it can be soldered and give formulas for the solder to be used? A. 1. A solder for iron consists of copper 67 parts, and zinc 33 parts. The surface of the parts to be soldered is first cleaned by means of hydrochloric acid. A composition of 10 parts of brass and 10 parts of silver may also be used. Another combination consists of 20 parts of silver, 30 parts of copper and 10 parts of zinc. Another way is to rub the rough surface of the cast iron with a bundle of thin brass wires made into a brush. This gives a coating of brass which will take solder.

The Diabolical Ray

NATIONAL CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OF A

has been discussed in this issue of SCI-ENCE AND INVENTION. However, you will find a more elaborate and some-what different version of the subject in the August issue of PRACTICAL ELEC-TRICS. This article by Mr. H. Gernsback supplements the article in this issue of SCIENCE AND INVENTION and gives a lot of details which it was not possible to give here. give here.

Electric Protection of Docks. Mysterious Sign.

When Sound Was Annihilated. By Robert Joergenson. Loud Speakers

Photographic Burglar Alarm. Electric Chronograph and Recording Drum. By Dr. Russell G. Harris.

ARTIFICIAL WOOD

OUR \$12.000 PRIZE CONTEST

I will be noted from recent issues and the present one that our prize contest has been a whale of a success. Over \$1,000 has been paid out this month for worth while contributions to SCIENCE AND INVENTION, either in pictures, sugges-tions, ideas or articles. We now have on our staff, close to 12,000 correspondent reporters who are scouting the world for

new material that can be written up for SCIENCE AND IN-VENTION. And the formula is simple—just keep your eyes open. Even if you were totally deaf or blind, you could still win a prize by simply using your head and sending us ideas of a scientific nature, or of a nature directly or indirectly attached to new inventions.

ARTICLES FOR SEPTEMBER SCIENCE AND INVENTION

Human Hair, Microscope and Crime. By Mel Wharton.

Lightning Versus Dirigibles. By C. A. Oldroyd, Aeronautical Engineer. New Scheme for Generating Electric Power From the Wind.

Acqueducts of Ancient Rome—Beautifully Illustrated and Interestingly Described. By Charles Beecher Bunnell,

In A CONTRACTOR OF CO

Photographing Sound Vibrations. By C. A. Oldroyd. The Many Uses of Vacuum. By H. Winfield Secor. Centrifugal Force and the Earth. By Cleve Hallenbeck. How Radio "Drammer" is Produced. A Super-Neutrodyne—Illustrated with Photos

and Diagram. *********

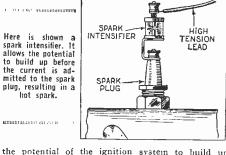
A Super-Heterodyne de Luxe—Fitted with Push-Pull Power Amplifier and Radio Fre-quency Amplification Before the First De-tector. By Leon L. Adelman Chlorine Gas for Treating Colds. By Joseph H. Kraus. Science of Athletics. By R. Leon Hall. Magic for Everybody—Don't Miss These En-tertaining Articles. By Prof. Joseph Dunninger.

By Prof. Joseph Dunninger.

FREE INFORMATION

If you want additional information concerning any of the subjects illustrated and described in this number of SCIENCE AND INVENTION we shall be glad to give you other data we have at our command. To make this work as easy as possible for our editors, please be brief. Write only on one side of the paper and state exactly in a few words just what it is you desire further information on. We have the original manuscripts and drawings of many of these articles in our files and can furnish much additional data in most cases. Please do not fail to send stamped and self-addressed envelope. Make all questions concise and specific. Address all inquiries of this nature to INFORMATION EDITOR c/o Science and Invention, 53 Park Place, New York City.

(1715) W. G. Pilkivlow, New Orleans, La., asks the Oracle: Q. 1. What is the advantage of spark gaps or so called transformers on the spark plugs of gasoline engines? Do they increase the spark and do they injure the magneto, distributor or any other part of the electrical system; A. 1. The intensifiers or auxiliary spark gaps used on the spark plugs of gasoline engines allow



the potential of the ignition system to build up to a higher degree, similar to condenser action, before discharging across the gap inside the plugs and therefore, a hotter spark will be produced when they are used. They may save gas to a certain extent by giving more power to the en-gines, said power being developed by a complete combustion of the compressed gas. They do not injure any part of the engine although they do not always work very well when magneto ignition is used. They work much better on standard battery ignition.

SPARKLERS

W. Hutchinson, Oakland, Calif., (1716)S

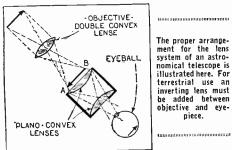
(1716) S. W. Hutchinson, Oakland, Calif., wants to know: Q. 1. Can you supply me with a formula for the making of sparklers such as are used in Fourth of July celebrations? A. 1. It will require some experimentation on your part to produce satisfactory sparklers. How-ever, you should adhere to the following formula somewhat. Potassium Chlorate 2 parts

omewhat. Potassium Chlorate, 2 parts. Strontium Chlorate, 2 parts. Copper, 1 part. Alcohol, 5 parts. Water, 10 parts. Steel Filings, 5 parts. Steir all these ingredients together slowly.

Transformer of the second s

(1714) F. L. Ferdurman, Los Angeles, Calif., wants to know: Q. 1. How can artificial wood be made, using saw dust? A. 1. Boil together equal quantities of glue and saw dust with water, and then add macerated tissue or newspaper. Just before forming or molding the mass, add a small quantity of formaldehyde, to make it waterproof.

TELESCOPE QUERY (1717) A. D. White, Denver, Colo., says he has built a telescope following the instructions given in our magazine and fails to get results with the same. He asks: Q. 1. How can you account for this? A. 1. You state in your letter that your object lens has a focal length of 44 inches and that you use a tube only 40 inches long. If you cannot lengthen your tube at least six inches, you must get an object lens with a focal length of no more than 38 inches. Thirty inches is recommended.



FINGER PRINT DETECTION

(1718) D. T. Desmavais, Hackensack, N. J.,

asks: Q. 1. What chemicals or materials are used in the detection of finger prints on paper or other

the detection of finger prints on pre-surfaces? A. 1. Where finger prints are to be brought out on a white paper, finely powdered graphite is used. Where the prints are on dark surfaces, finely powdered minc oxide is employed. In either case, the surface on which the prints have been placed is covered with the fine powder and the excess is then shaken off. A sufficient quantity of the pow-der adheres to the lines of the finger print to en-able it to be seen clearly.

RELATIONSHIP OF ETHER TO RELATIVITY

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THEORY OF THE MOTORCYCLE (1720) Angelo Costel, New York City, asks: O. I. Since centrifugal force enters into the problem of a motorcycle turning a corner, will not the weight of the driver of a certain sized motor-cycle have to be taken into consideration? That is, would not it he harder for a heavyweight driver to keep his balance on a curve than for a light driver under the same conditions and with the same weight machine? A. 1. Theoretically, the weight of a motorcycle driver will have something to do with the ease

with which the motorcycle can be made to turn a corner. Practically, however, the heavier rider will cause his machine to lean at a slightly greater angle from the perpendicular and, therefore, the results will be evened up between himself and the lighter rider.

WATER-PROOFING GLUE

(1721) William Myers, Chicago, Ill., wants to

Now: Q. 1. How can 1 make ordinary glue water-proof?

prooff A. 1. A solution of potassium bichromate added to glue will render it water-proof after exposure to light. Formaldehyde is also used. This will not in any way affect its sticking qualities. to not.

DIMMING HEADLIGHTS

DIMMING HEADLIGHTS (1722) Roger C. Redd, Knohnoster, Mo., asks: Q. 1. Why do the headlights of a car equipped with a storage battery become dim when the speed of the engine is lessened, and brighter as the speed is increased? A. 1. The reason for the headlights of a car becoming dim when the speed of the engine is decreased is that your battery is weak and the lights are supplied in part from the generator whose voltage is regulated by the speed of the engine. This might also mean that the overload relay is sticking and that the battery has noth-ing to do with the lighting except when the car is standing still. ing to do with this standing still.

LOCKING NUTS (1723) James K. Doley, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.,

Q. 1. Can you show several methods of se-curely fastening nuts on machinery where exces-

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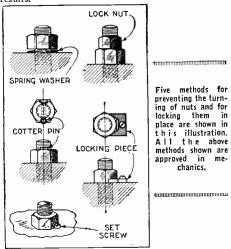
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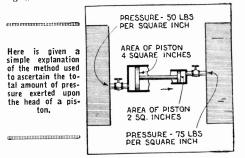
sive vibration is present? I desire several usages so that one type may be used in a place where another type might not be advisable. A. 1. The illustration herewith shows five meth-ods of locking nuts securely. The first one uses a spring or lock washer; the next, a second nut which securely locks the bottom nut; the third, a split pin or cotter pin which is passed through a hole in the bolt; the fourth makes use of a set screw which prevents the hexagonal nut from turn-ing, and in the fifth, a piece of sheet steel screwed securely to the surface upon which the nut is drawn up prevents the latter from turning. Any one of these methods may be used with very good results.



AIR PRESSURE

(1724) Howard Boyce, Syracuse, New York, asks: Q. 1.

(1)24) Thousing Deper, proceeding the motion of a piston head in a cylinder? A. 1. To find the total pressure on the head of the piston in the air chamber, you multiply the surface area of the piston in square inches by the pounds pressure per square inch. In your case, we have 50 pounds by four square inches, giving a total pressure of 200 pounds on the left and 75 pounds by two square inches or 150 pounds on the right, in which case of course you will see that the 200 pound force is larger and naturally, the piston head will move towards the right. right.



CONDENSER CAPACITY FORMULA

C =

in which C is the capacity in microfarads; K is the dielectric constant of the insulating material; N is the number of plates; S is the area in square centimeters of one plate, and R, the thickness of the dielectric in millimeters. O. 2. Is it necessary to get a patent and trade mark for such and what is the approximate cost of the same? A. 2. It is advisable to get a patent on the condensers which you wish to manufacture. A trade mark can be obtained and will be advan-tageous. The approximate cost of a patent is \$125,00. tageous. \$125.00.

Q. 3. Can you give me a formula for a good liquid cement for impregnating coils?
 A. 3. Use solution of shellac in alcohol.

EXISTENCE OF ETHER

(1726) Frederick A. C. Strubel, Ridgefield, N.

(1726) Frederick A. C. Strubel, Ridgefield, N. J., asks: Q. 1. If there was no ether, would we have daylight? A. 1. Light is theoretically transmitted by vi-brations in the ether which is supposed to exist. It may be well to recall to your mind that an ordinary electric light bubb has its filament in a vacuum (ether exists there, however) so as to prevent its oxidization or burning up. Of course, we know that light is emitted when the current flows through the filament. Presumably, without ether, there would be no light. Q. 2. If a scarchlight was placed in a large glass tank, and the air exhausted, would there be a beam of light emitted? A. 2. This would have no bearing or effect on the light emitted from the searchlight. However, what you may have in mind is that sound will not be transmitted without the medium of air or some material substance.

PLATING WITH CHROME

(1727) A. C. Foder, New York City, wants to

(1727) A. C. Foder, New York City, wants to know: Q. 1. Is it possible to plate iron with chrome? If so, please give a formula for solution and other necessary details. A. 1. As regards plating iron with chrome, we have no definite information on the subject. It will be of course necessary to thoroughly clean the iron and use a pure chromium anode with a solution of double salt of chronium for the elec-trolyte. A voltage of about two to four is required with a relatively heavy current of about 10 to 20 ampcres per square foot of cathode.

HEATING HOUSE WITH ELECTRICITY (1728) A. Wallace, South Bend, Ind., asks the

(1728) A. Wallace, South Bend, Ind., asks the Oracle:
Q. 1. What horse-power would be required to drive a dynamo of sufficient capacity to heat a four room house electrically?
A. 1. It is not very feasible to heat a house with electricity as the expense entailed is too high. An ordinary four room apartment would contain approximately 6,000 cubic feet. Assuming the expenditure of one watt to heat every cubic foot, six kilowatts would be required to heat the four rooms or about 8 horse-power. At the rate of 10c per kilowatt hour, one would soon go hroke paying the electric hill.
Q. 2. How can I copper plate a model of bees wax?
A. 2. To plate on beeswax, it is necessary to

wax? A. 2. To plate on beeswax, it is necessary to coat it with a thin layer of graphite and immerse it in the plating solution of copper sulphate and it can be plated to any thickness desired. Use a pure copper anode. Sprinkle with iron dust.

Awards in \$1000 Monthly Contest

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A Game of Skill'?" (Author, please send address) 2	71
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Courtesy Signal, by F. C. Fish	72
Tripod Truck," by Leslie H. Phinney	72
	74
"Photographer's Ruby Light," by L. B. Robbins	75
	75
	75
	76
	76
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"Radio Hook-up," by Wm. J. Smith, Reporter No. 4976 38	83
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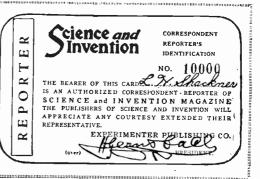
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The closing date for all prize contributions is the 15th of the month preceding date of issue, *i.e.*, the 15th of Aug. for the Oct. issue, the 15th of Sept. for the Nov. issue, etc.

WILL YOU BE OUR REPORTER?

N connection with our \$12,000 prize contest announced herewith, it goes without saying that you will have to do a little work in order to win a prize. The Editors do not wish to make it hard for you, quite the contrary. We want pictures and ideas and we cannot have too many of them. Herewith is reproduced our reporter's card. Up to now we have issued over 12,000 of these. Note in our awards how our reporters are winning prizes right along. We shall be glad to send the reporter's card free to anyone who makes an application for it. By means of this card you will be able to secure entry into industrial plants, business houses, motion picture studios, steamships, dock, public buildings, etc. This reporter's card will prove an open sesame to you in many instances. Every card is numbered and only one is given to a correspondent. A postal card from you and a request for this reporter's card is all that is necessary to obtain one. It will be sent to you by return mail. With it we will send you a pamphlet giving rules of the contest and how to proceed in oget photographs, to send in sectices, but it will train you to become a news gatherer, and will be the means of helping you to earn a good deal of money during your spare hours.

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N EVER before were there such wonderful opportunities for inven-tors. New inventions are wanted by the hundreds. So urgent is this need that an amazing offer has just been made to stimu-late the inventive instincts of Americans. \$112,600 in prizes will be given within one year for useful, wanted inventions! More will be offered. What are your chances to win one of these prizes? Will you be fortunate enough to carry off some of the big prizes—one of them for \$10,000!

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What Some Inventors Have Made

Have lylade It isn't necessary to invent anything big wake real money. Little things have brought their inventors wealth and luxury. King C. Gillette is said to get as much as TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR! The man who invented the President Suspend-ers is now worth FIVE MILLION dollars Waterman is a millionaire many times over. The inventor of the tiny snap-fastener re-cently paid an income tax of \$29,000! The inventor of the autographic camera sold his patent rights for \$300,000. The metal-tip shoelace, the paper clip, the pheril eraser, have brought fortunes to their inventors. These inventions are sim-ple—so simple in fact that no doubt hun-dreds of people thought about them. The inventors DID something with their ideas!

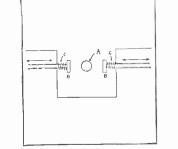
This Test Proves You Can Invent

Perhaps even now you have ideas which can be turned into wonderful inventions that will make you famous and wealthy, that will bring you everything you dreamed of. The only reason you haven't developed your ideas yet is because you doubt your own ability. Here is a simple test which proves that you can learn to invent. Even so successful an inventor as Thomas A. Edison says that you actually must learn invention. Read what he says: "Invention is a science and should be taught as a profession." Now look at the test here. You can easily solve the problem in a few minutes if you think inventively. And yet this same simple idea is the basis of the electric light switch which brought its inventor tens of thousands of dollars!

dollars! This test, simple as it is, illustrates exactly how every invention has been produced. First you see a problem— something to be "fixed." Then you think of some me-chanical, physical or natural principle which solves the problem—in other words, which "fixes it." That is all—and everything—to invention. Every time you "fix" a leaky faucet, a wabbly table, a rattling window, you are

using the same scientific processes of invention, which Edison, Arm-strong, De Forest, and every great inventor uses. Fifteen Famous Inventors Now Teach

This Simple Test Proves That You Can Invent



Here is an interesting little problem and its solution will be found very simple, if we reafly think.

"A" is the end of a shaft. The two members "B B" "A" is the end of a shaft. The two members "It It" are free to move in either direction indicated by the ar-rows. If they are pushed back, the springs "C C" will immediately pull them forward again. Our problem is to put some kind of an attachment on the revolving shaft "A" so that the members "B B" will be pushed back both at the same instant every time the shaft "A" makes a single revolution. The device on shaft "A" must also allow the two members "B B" to come forward once in every revolution. What would you suggest putting on the abet" "A": every revolution. the shaft "A"?

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The Man On the Meteor

By RAY CUMMINGS

(Continued from page 347)

As I began giving orders, the things I nust do multiplied in my mind. A score of the fastest swimmers in the city I bade come to me at once in the throne-room of the palace. I wished to send them to the en-trance of the Water of Wild Things to bring us news of the enemy's advance; to send them throughout the forests and the mudbanks-to order everyone living there to come into Rax.

There were three other Marinoid cities besides Rax and Gahna-small, unimportant cities. My couriers would order them to prepare as Rax was preparing-and send their fighting men at once to the roof of Rax

Other things I thought of. Gahna, we must abandon. Its Marinoid population was massacred; the half-breeds held it in full possession. I did not mention this now to the crowd. But I told them that every halfbreed encountered in Rax was to be killed.

"The refugees coming here from the nud-banks," Atar whispered, to remind me.

All refugees into Rax I ordered to divide into two groups, the fighting men to come to the roof of the city; the others, women, old men and children, to seek quarters in the homes of Rax. Any household would take them in.

The people were dispersing, following my orders. Nona, with her girls, was waiting on the palace roof. I signed her to swim

down to me. "Select a girl to command them, under you," I said swiftly. "And my Nona, you were wonderful."

Her caress answered me.

"Give Boy to Caan's woman, Nona-to take home. Kiss him for me-our Boy." Even in the haste of that moment, I re-

member how thankful I was that Boy was too young to fight. Yet Nona wished to fight, you exclaim! True—but can you guess how cold my heart was within me at the thought of it?

"Then, Nona, join me in the throne-room. We must go to the Cavern."

I dispatched my couriers. And those I sent to spy upon the enemy carried with them my unspoken prayer that they would bring back word we had at least a few hours A few hours! This Marinoid to prepare. was a very little nation, as you would reckon it. Yet warfare cannot be planned upon I cursed the pacifist stupidity that had brought such a tragedy upon us.

III-TO THE ARSENAL

My duties at the palace for the moment With Atar, Caan and Nona, I the Cavern. Atar led us—none were over. hurried to the Cavern. of us others had ever been there.

It was not far from Rax-a broad entrance cunningly disguised with removable A tunnel, short and steeply downfoliage. ward, led us under the sea-bottom. It was dark. Lights at intervals illumined the water-dim, wavering lights, lending to everything a ghostly unreality.

Several times we were stopped; but at sight of Atar the guards let us pass. Ahead of us presently we could see more open water—a broad shallow amphitheatre, arti-ficially lighted. Figures were moving about in it, busy at various tasks. Human figures -most of them, but not all. Some were dolphins. And then I saw a great cage within which two or three hundred of the graceful creatures were swimming idly about

With Atar to show us the way, we swam

slowly the length and breadth of the cavern. Here, he said, were the weapons being made. I looked them over. A thousand of them possibly. Small, dagger-like things; swords; others long as a lance; still others very thin, but heavy in front to be thrown through the water like javelins.

The sight of the weapons standing in racks inspired me. With them, I could equip a thousand fighting men. More perhaps.

Further along we came upon a side cave. In it I saw a dozen sleighs to be drawn through the water by dolphins. They were not unlike the King's sleigh in which I had already ridden upon two memorable occasions, save that these were smaller-to carry one man culy. And slimmer, with stream-lines, so that they might offer a minimum of resistance in passing through the water.

I examined them more closely. Each had along its sides, banks of lights-small, torpedo-shaped pods filled with extraordinarily luminous organisms. The lights were shrouded; but Atar uncovered those of one sleigh. A blinding glare, pointing only forward, shot like a search-light beam through the water.

LIGHT-SLEIGHS TO BLIND THE ENEMY

These "light-sleighs," Atar explained, were designed to precede an advancing army. They would blind the enemy, throw him into clear light. And in the comparative darkness behind them, our Marinoid forces could advance.

We passed along—quickly, for we had little time for these explanations. Atar was giving orders; the workmen were preparing

everything for immediate action. There were other sleighs—"sleighs of darkness." These were in shape like the darkness." These were in shape like the others—but larger, for two men. Around them were ink-bags. I remembered the squid which had attacked us in the Water of Wild Things. These bags, when squeezed, emitted an inky fluid—a screen of darkness that could be thrown over the scene of battle at any critical moment of disaster or retreat.

I was enumerating in my mind the forces at my command. I had men famed for their power of giving the electric shock. would use them in a separate division-to combat the black fishes of the Maagogs.

The black fishes! My heart sank as I thought of them. Fearless! Suicidal little brutes whose only instinct was to fight until death. How many of them would Og have to hurl against us?

But we had dolphins. I demanded of Atar what the dolphins were for. There were several hundred of them, and a score or so were all that could be needed to draw the sleighs.

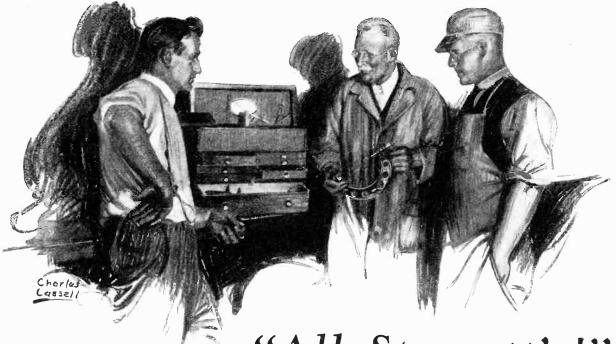
"Our men will ride them," said Atar. "Small, slim, very skillful men will have to be chosen. Men without the electric power. It would be useless on a dolphin. We can arm these men with the long, thin spears. They can go swiftly, anywhere."

Such words on the very eve of battle! How would we have time to select such men, train them? And where were the men? There were no small, slim skillful men except among the younger group whose electric power would be more valuable to us.

Again had I reckoned without Nona. Her eyes were shining, her beautiful face flushed with excitement.

"We women will ride your dolphins." Small, slim, skillful—without the electric power—we are the ones you need."

It was then I protested. Indeed, I tried (Continued on page 396)



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The Man On the Meteor (Continued from page 394)

my best to get her to stay with Boy, at home. I failed. And now I realize that in spite of my fears for her, I was more proud of her then than I had ever been before. Fighting for the virtue of the Marinoid girls! My Nona!

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NONA LEARNS TO RIDE DOLPHIN

A single dolphin out of its cage, swam past us-sleek, graceful creature longer than my body, its every line denoting speed. Atar called to it. Like a dog it came and fawned upon us. With her arm about its neck, Nona caressed it.

"This one will I ride," she exclaimed. "Let me try now. Atar, make him let me try

Atar summoned a young Marinoid—one who had helped train the dolphins. He showed Nona how to mount it. She had on an outer garment at the moment, and at the lad's direction she discarded it. Then he brought thongs of grass, and

bound her hair tightly around her head. She was ready. Lying flat on the dol-

phin's back, her slender body seemed welded to it. A collar was about the dolphin's head; and into it she thrust an arm to hold herself. The young Marinoid told her bow the creature was guided. A kick of the heel, pressure of an arm against its heador even a whispering word. She was away! Back and forth through

the water before us the dolphin sped; and Nona's body flat against it caused hardly a ripple. Then they gave her one of the long, lance-like spears. She carried it; held it poised; flashed it above her, below--lunging at imaginary enemies, as the dolphin darted out under her commands. The grace and skill of it! I was amazed.

The grace and skill of it: 1 was amazed. Woman, with such a thing, learns faster than man. Soon she was twisting her body down to use the dolphin as a shield, hunging with the lance over its back. Then she dashed over to where we were maining and clipped to the cave floor stand-

waiting, and slipped to the cave floor, standing there panting and triumphant-a little

jockey, flushed with victory. "You see, my Nemo? We women can do it! We will ride your dolphins!"

An hour or more had gone by. For another, we talked and planned, Atar, Caan and I. Nona had taken the dolphins with their four trainers—taken them to the palace roof to organize the girls. Soon our mes-sengers would return from the Water of Wild Things with the news of the enemy's progress.

I went up to the palace to join Nona. The men from the cavern under Caan's direction were on the roof of the city, dis-tributing weapons to our forces gathered there. I had no sooner reached the palace than one of my couriers came in. Good news! Good news indeed! The

Maagog forces were not coming at once to Rax. Gahna was in the hands of their halfbreed allies. It was closer to them than Rax. They were heading for Gahna, occupying it—massing there; and from there, doubtless, would presently attack us.

It was the breathing space we wanted— needed so badly. Now we could organize. Nona with her dolphin was with me as the courier poured out his news. Quick-witted, fertile-minded woman! Never will I cease to marvel at her. She whispered to me a plan-daring-yet almost certain of success. A plan that she and I alone could execute. A plan. . . . But presently execute. A plan. . . . But presently you shall hear it in detail, for we lost no time in attempting it.

(Continued on page 398)



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The Man on the Meteor

(Continued from page 396)

IV-NONA AND NEMO START ON MYS-TERIOUS JOURNEY

Nona and I started, each on a dolphin, and each bearing a short- broad-bladed sword. Only Λ tar knew where we were going, or what we were about to try and do.

Riding the dolphins, we started slowly at first, for I was inexperienced. The crea-ture's sleek body was beneath me and I clung to it, stretching myself out along its back, my fingers gripping its woven-grass collar. Nona rode ahead on a dolphin slightly smaller, but, I soon was to learn, equally as fast as my own. "Nemo, are you all right?" Her sober,

earnest little face was turned back toward

me. "All right," I said. "Yes, of course." Would you let a woman know when you were perturbed? Not I.

At once Nona increased the pace, and my own mount followed hers. We were leaving the city, passing out along one of its hori-zontal streets. It was nearly deserted. The fighters had gone to the city roof; the others were barred in their darkened houses. Occasionally a face would show at a window. A courier came along—returning from one of the other cities. We stopped him. My orders were being obeyed, he reported; the fighters from the other cities were swimming in to join our own men on the roof of Rax.

I sent the courier on to the palace to receive further orders from Atar. We wished to spread the news that the enemy was not attacking at once. And while Nona and I were away on this enterprise, Atar and Caan were to organize the army; and the girl whom Nona had appointed, was to drill the other girls in riding the dolphins.

We passed on, out of Rax. As we left the city—heading for our first objective, the entrance to the Water of Wild Things—I caught a glimpse of the roof of Rax. The open spaces up there were thronged with our men.

Nona increased our pace and very soon Rax with its activities was left out of sight in the dimness behind us. The open water was almost deserted. Refugees were strag-gling in; occasionally we came upon parties of them—families who had fled from their isolated homes. They all halted and gazed after us curiously as we dashed past them. "All right, Nemo?"

"Yes. Of course."

We went faster. The water pressed against me, roared in my ears, blurred my vision. I clung tighter, and bent my head in the crook of my arm.

Then, after a time that seemed ages but was doubtless very brief, we slackened. Nona signalled to me, and I rode my dol-phin close alongside of hers.

"See," she whispered. "We are here." Ahead of us in the dim water, moving lights showed. We were almost at the entrance to the Water of Wild Things. The last of the Maagog forces were coming through. We did not dare go close enough to see much. Moving lights disclosed dou-ble lines of swimming figures. They were coming out through the construction had coming out through the passageway they had cut in the coral, and swimming off toward Gahna. The line of their lights extended Gahna. out of sight in that direction.

We were just in time to see the last of them come through. Og and his black fishes! We assumed it was Og; we had gone closer, but not close enough to dis-tinguish features. A lone male figure carrying a light and surrounded by that swarming pack.

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Published by the THE CONSRAD CO., Inc. 233 FULTON ST. NEW YORK CITY The figure closed the passageway gate at this end carefully. Like ourselves, Og wanted no unruly monsters to get through into Marinoid waters. We waited until his single light was well

on its way to Gahna. "We can follow now," I said. "Nona— we will succeed. We can do it, my girl and it is you who have planned it.

and it is you who have planned it. She did not answer me; she had already started her dolphin. Like shadows in the gloom, silently, without a ripple of the water as we slipped through it, we followed close after the Maagog invading army.

-IN THE REALM OF THE UNKNOWN

To Gahna. It took us a long while to get there, for the Maagog army advanced slowly. Following the lights we found ourselves descending at once to the sea-bottom. These Maagogs, lumbering and ungainly, were poor swimmers; the line of them was

walking along the bottom. It made my heart leap to realize that. What match would they be for us Marinoids in battle-our men so active in the waterour alert girls on the dolphins. We would

our alert girls on the dolplins. We would cut them to pieces . . . would rout . . . I whispered my thoughts to Nona. "Be not too sure, my Nemo," she said soberly. "It may be so, but first we must do what we are now planning." We went on, through the forest road where the Maagogs had tramped aside the till transported to followe.

where the Maagogs had tramped aside the tall, tenuous growth of foliage. It was much dimmer in here. Beside us the trees and ferns spread as a dark lacework of green and brown. They met overhead, wavering, tenuous, but impenetrable to our sight. What a spot for ambush! A thousand hiding-places all about us. An army could lark here in ambush unseen.

It is very easy to look backwards upon life and say what should have been done. We Marinoids-how stupidly we had done things! Our army-if it had been organized and ready—could have lurked here in this dark forest ... leaped upon the Maagogs ... defeated them at once in . leaped upon the one great surprise attack . .

"What?" I whispered.

Nona, from her dolphin beside mine, had reached out and gripped my arm. I fol-lowed her gaze, caught a glimpse of a figure

lowed her gaze, caught a gimps of a light hovering amid the air-pods overhead and just in advance of us. A man, coming down now toward us, swimning cautiously. My heart leaped; my grip on my sword tightened. Then I saw it was a Marinoid— one of my own couriers stationed here to watch the energy page watch the enemy pass.

He joined us. "Og," he said, "and his black fishes were last to pass. I would have given my own life to the fishes could I have killed him. But it did not seem possible."

I sent the courier back to Rax and we went on as before. Out of the forest now, across an open stretch, with the lights of the, Maagogs still before us.

Then-Gahna. There it stood, leaning sidewise in the press of current. Traveling so slowly, we could feel the sweep of the moving water. A gentle current here; but just beyond Gahna, I knew there was an opening in the side wall of rock which bordered in the Marinoid domain. It was a large opening leading diagonally downward —an opening larger than the city itself— and into it the water rushed swiftly.

"Wait!" whispered Nona.

We halted our mounts, and waited while the last of the occupying Maagogs dispersed themselves about the city. From this dis-ance we could see their lights but hear no sounds. Evidences of the recent half-breed massacre of the Marinoid population, were about us. Broken, inert bodies lying here and there on the sea-bottom; and the smell of blood in the water.

I shuddered to remember it. Galma bloody from end to end-a city of death



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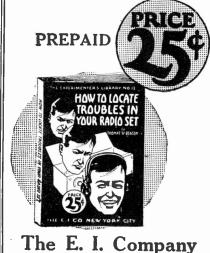
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68 CHICAGO Dear Sir: Send me your FREE Radio Book and your limited plan without cost or obligation. now; and these triumphant Maagogs occupying it, making it a base from which to attack Rax.

At last they were all in. Cautiously, we advanced further. Moving lights on the city's outer surface—a murmur of sounds. Nothing more.

A few moments and we were under the city! In its cellar, let me say. No one lived down here; sand under our feet; woven vegetation twenty feet overhead—a cellar ceiling which formed the lowest tier of the city.

It was black in here; and almost sound-less, just the murmur of the city above us. We stood motionless, listening. Were we alone? Dared we light our lights? I knew that if they caught us in here we could not escape. Yet we could see nothing without

lights. We unshrouded them finally—little pods which threw tiny wavering green beams. With them, we poked around, cautiously, with our swiftly beating hearts seeming. about to smother us.

DESTROYING A CITY

Gahna was a small city. Four thick stalks of vegetation—each about twice the thickness of my body—formed its main stems. I stood beside one of them, dug my sword into it.

Within five minutes, I had hacked through the stem. Nona held the light. "Quietly," she whispered. "If they should hear use

hear us-

The stalk was severed. A tremor seemed run over the upper part, and it moved slightly sidewise.

Trembling ourselves, we attacked another. Severed it; then the third. The city over us was shifting, toppling. The fourth stalk was twisted and bent by the strain. I severed it with a few blows.

'Swim! Nona! Quickly!"

The ceiling overhead was lifting-shifting. Smaller stalks and vines which had taken root in the sand were tearing away.

Above us came a cry—shouts—confusion. . . . We swam to extricate ourselves. Tearing vines seemed to leap at us, but we avoided them

Back to our dolphins. They were waiting; we mounted them—turned to look at the city. It was turning over in the water, and floating away. Slowly, then faster, down toward that black opening into which the current would sweep it. The city of death! But every living thing

in it was pouring out. Lights-dark blobs of figures-shouts-commands.

The Maagogs were escaping! In a tur-moil; and they would lose whatever appa-ratus they had for war; but they were es-caping nevertheless. We had hoped the catastrophe would come more quickly. But it did not. The city toppled slowly over, while those terrified figures leaped from it. Slowly it floated away-then plunged into the torrent.

It was gone with its murdered Marinoid dead; but on the sand, and in the water ahead of us, the Maagogs and the half-breeds remained. Some had gone to their death, no

pled them, but .

"We must get back," I exclaimed. "It is we who must attack at once-finish them up -now, before they can recover-

VI

In Rax, we found Atar with his work ell done. We Marinoids were ready. And well done. We Marinoids were ready. And within an hour or very little more, we set forth to meet the advancing Maagogs. The battle? Patience-in good time you

shall hear.

(To be continued)



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Answers to Scientific Puzzles (Continued from page 368)

HOW WOULD YOU BREAK THE THREAD? HE thread could be broken by giving the bottle and contents a quick upward

jerk, because in accelerating the bottle upward the resistance of its inertia upon the block is thereby increased. A downward jerk would have the opposite effect, for then the water would pass to the upper part of the bottle and its buoyant force would be reversed so that the block would be forced toward the bottom instead of toward the top.

PUSHING OR PULLING A TRAIN

When an engine is attached to the rear of a train the cars tend to bind against the tracks as the train is pushed forward. When, however, the engine is attached to the front and is pulling the cars it keeps the train straightened out so as to diminish the binding effect to a minimum.

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To manage this trick the operators shortcircuit the armature of the dynamo and connect the field magnets by means of a hidden switch to the power lines. When a man attempts to turn the crank the switch is closed and the field magnets act as a brake on the revolving armature. When, however, a lady steps up the switch controlling the field magnets is obligingly left open.

THE PULLEY PROBLEM

In this problem the two movable pulleys balance each other and so their weight need not be considered. The sixty pound load is supported by three cords in each of which there will be a tension of twenty pounds. Then since the tension must be the same all along any one cord it is evident that the tension on the last rope A must be twenty pounds also and hence this is the force required.

THE TENSION ON THE BOLT

Before the 1,000 lb. load is added to the bolt it is apparent from the conditions of the problem that the lower nut presses with a force of 1,000 lbs. upward against the lower 'surface of the supporting beam. When, therefore, the load is added to the bolt the effect must be to remove this pressure from the lower surface and thus leave the net force on the bolt unchanged.

THE PLATFORM BALANCE

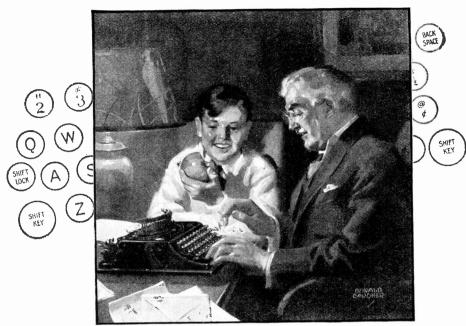
Platform balances will balance, if properly constructed, even when equal loads are placed at different distances from the pivot. From the drawing illustrating the construction of such a balance it can be seen that since pivot A is always above A^1 pivot B will be above B^1 and C above C¹.

THE CARTESIAN DIVER

The diver is first adjusted so that it barely floats. To make it sink a slight pressure is applied to the tube until enough water is forced into the diver to make it heavier than the surrounding liquid. On releasing the pressure from the tube the air within the diver expands and expels the water that had been previously forced in, thus restoring the diver to its original condition.

ASCENDING OR DESCENDINC

From the drawing of the device it will be seen that the tension that is applied to the cord will have a greater tendency to turn the lower drum than the upper one because the former is the larger of the two. If, then the lower drum unwinds, the upper one must wind up. But, since the lower drum unwinds more cord than the upper one winds up it is clear that the device will ascend as a constant pull is applied to the upper handle.



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Science and Invention for August, 1924



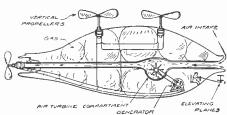


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Should advice be desired by mail a nominal charge of \$1.00 is made for each question. Sketches and descriptions must be clear and explicit. Only one side of sheet should be written on. NOTE :- Before mailing your letter to this department, see to it that your name and address are upon the letter and envelope as well. Many letters are returned to us because either the name of the inquirer or his address is incorrectly given.

SELF-DRIVEN AIRSHIP

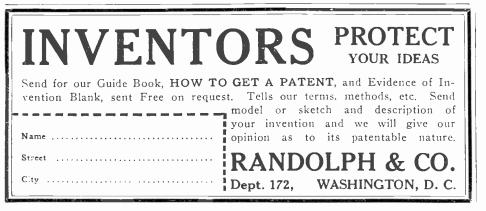
(813) J. B. Jaquish. Corning, N. Y., asks whether he should patent a lighter-than-air ma-chine made as shown. The air enters the tube at the front, drives a turbine which in turn drives a generator. The generator supplies current to the motors which propel the ship. A. Your device would under no circumstances operate. It is practically the same as drilling a hole from one end of a boat to the other, inter-posing a turbine in the tube and expecting the boat to be driven forward by a motor operated by the turbine driven generator. In other words, the de-vice is a very crude attempt at perpetual motion. We would suggest that you forget the idea en-tirely.



A Proposed Self-Driven Airship on Which the Querist Requests Our Advice.

ALARM GONG.

ALARM GONG. (814) C. Rye, Winnipeg. Man., Canada, sub-mits an idea for the improvement in alarm bells, in which the gong has a long central slot, so that the bell can be shifted to come in contact to a greater or lesser extent with the hammer. A. The idea which you have advanced is very old indeed, and we doubt if you could possibly patent the same. As a matter of fact, placing the post of a bell off its direct center is a means employed by many companies. It is not as effi-cient as shifting the position of the bell in its entirety, which could be done by locking the bell post into an elongated slot. In this way the center of the bell remains central, and the entire position of the bell is changed. The device in our opinion is not patentable.



LATHE

LATHE (815) Ed. J. Rediski, Mayville, Wis., requests information regarding patenting a lathe having ... hardwood frame instead of steel. A. Choice of materials does not constitute a claim for a patent. We doubt if you can secure a patent on a lathe having a hardwood frame instead of a steel or other metal frame. Inas-much as you have not forwarded a design of this lathe we cannot answer more fully. If the design differs from anything published, in use or pat ented, a patent would undoubtedly be allowed.

(1) The set of the

DIRECTION OF WIND

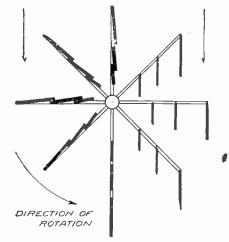
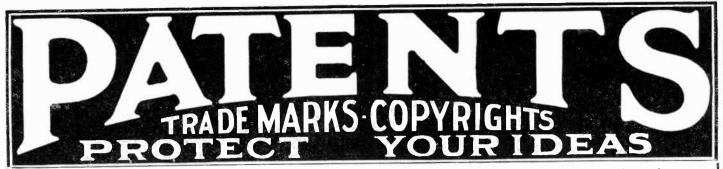


FIG. I - TOP VIEW Top View of Wind Mill with Feathering Vanes.



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MUSIC OVERCOMES WEIGHT?

 MUSIC OVERCOMES WEIGHT?

 (\$17) Mrs. Venus G. Booth, Chickasha, Okla, visualizes an instrument to fill a ship with sound waves and overcome weight. The nature of the other questions are made clear in the answers.

 A. Pardon us for saying that your article "Weight Overcome by Music" is wrong to out way of thinking. Weight can never be overcome by music either on this earth, or on any other planet, as the vibrations of music are of such slight consequence that they have no effect on real material weight.

 If soldiers were traveling across a bridge all in step, it would not be the music of their feet as they go marching across the bridge, that would cause the bridge to vibrate, which would be detrimental.

 The vibrations are so few per second that they cannot be confused with music. If weight were overcome by music, then an immense band playing would be able to cause a single individual listening to them to be raised bodily upward into the air. No such thing takes place. The effect is purely physiological.

 A grid dancing to music does not mind the fatigue produced, primarily because of the extreme pleasure which dancing creates; an individual under a hypnotic trance can be made to dance for hours and hours without music, and without any feeling of fatigue. It is merely the fact that a conscious mind makes no note of the spheres. There can be none, inasmuch as the planetary bedies are traveling through an immense space scientifically though to contain ether, not the ether of space. Consequently, it is not and cannot be music which maintains the worlds in their orbits.

PERPETUAL MOTION

(818) S. V. Boatman, Carlinville, Ill., sub-mits a suggestion for a machine using air to drive it which air is to be supplied by the machine.

drive it which air is to be supplied by the ma-chine. A. Your device certainly will not work. The compressed air power plant which you have sub-mitted a design of will be less than 3% efficient, and the result is that you will constantly have to supply it with 97% of energy. Your system is purely a perpetual motion device, nothing more than that, and although you do not claim per-petual motion for it, it is simple enough to see that is what is intended. We are confident that you cannot obtain a patent on the system, unless you build a working model, and are sure that you can never construct any longer than the original driving force oper-ates, which original driving force may either be an electric motor, steam engine or some other prime mover. SCIENCE & INVENTOR will pay \$1.000.00 to anyone merely demonstrating a work-ing model of this device which will operate in these offices.

AUTOMATIC GRID LEAK

AUTOMATIC GRID LEAK (819) Benjamin Bartzoff, Ruffalo, N. Y., says he has designed a grid leak which regulates the grid bias on a tube automatically. He requests our advice. A. If the grid leak which you claim to have designed does what you say it will do, the idea is surely worth patenting and placing upon the market at utmost speed. Remember, however, that this grid leak must be automatic and when the filament current controlled by a special bal-last is likewise automatic, the grid leak must assume the correct value for the respective tube. Have you ever tried to place a potentiometer in the circuit so that you could control the negative charge on the grid, and then inserted your auto-matic ballast into the same circuit to determine whether or not there is any effect in varying the potentiometer? The potentiometer should produce no effect whatever. We can assure you that if your claims and statements are correct, your idea if properly handled, will practically eliminate all potentiometers.

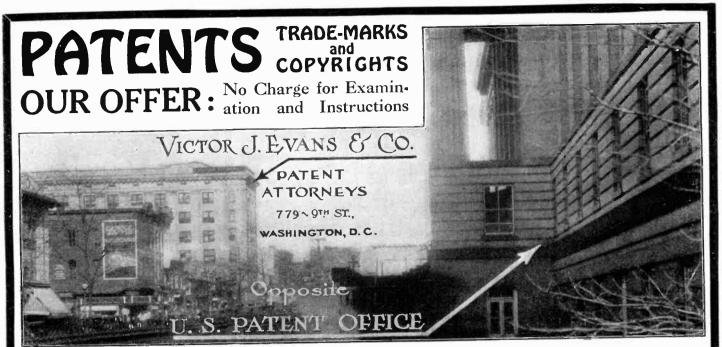
It properly handled, will practically eliminate all potentiometers. We trust that you will send us further infor-mation, when you see fit, regarding said super-leak and ballast, and wish you the best of suc-cess in your venture.

NON-COUNTERFEITING MONEY

(820) Gottlieb Bessemer, Chicago, Ill., sug-gests a way of preventing counterfeiting by super-imposing one wavy line upon another slightly wider and similarly waved. A. We do not understand where you got the idea that your form of money would be of value. Certainly this is not the case. Whatever one engraver can do another can duplicate, and there-fore, your suggestion falls down on its very first point.

point. Regardless of whether you super-impose, one line upon the other, or whether you use any other method of trying to make your design complicated, a counterfeiter could duplicate the system. The more lines an engraving has, the more difficult it is to detect the fraud, yet incidentally the more difficult is it to duplicate the engraving.







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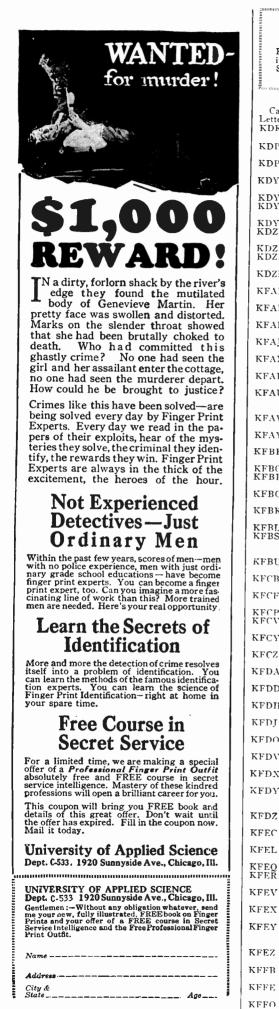
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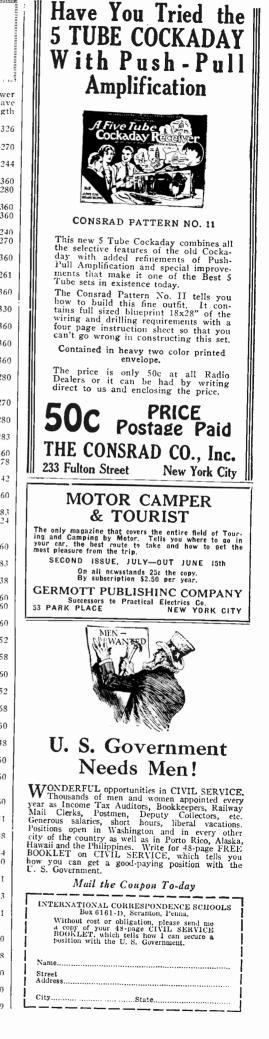
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KDPM	Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., Cleveland, Ohio 500-27 Southern Electrical Co., San
KDPT	Southern Electrical Co., San Diego, Calif
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KDYM KDYQ	Oregon Institute of Technology
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KDZR	
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KFAE	Phoenix, Ariz
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KFAU	K. Olsen), Hollywood, Calif., 200–280 Independent School District of Boise City, Boise High School,
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FEV	Felix-Thompson Radio Shop
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	lis, Minn. 100-261 Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining and Concentrating Co., Kel- logg, Idaho
FEZ	Assoc, Engineering Societies of
FFB	Jenkins Furniture Co., Boise,
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dleton, Ore. Dr. E. H. Smith, Hillsboro,

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KFGD	
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KFHB	rado, Gunnison, Colo
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KFHJ	Shreveport, La
KFIIR	Star Electric & Radio Co., Seat-
KFHX	Robert W. Nelson, Hutchinson,
KFI	Kan
KFID	Ross Arbuckle's Garage, Iola, Kau
KFIF	Benson Polytechnic Institute, .
KFIL	Windisch Electric Farm Equip-
KFIO	Nouth Control High School
KFIQ	Spokane, Wash
KFIU KFIX	Juneau, Alaska
141 174	Christ of Latter Day Saints.
KFIZ	Independence, Mo
KFJB	Marshall Electric Co., Mar-
KFJC	Seattle Post Intelligencer, Seat-
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KFJI	Liberty Theatre (E. E. Marsh), Astoria, Ore
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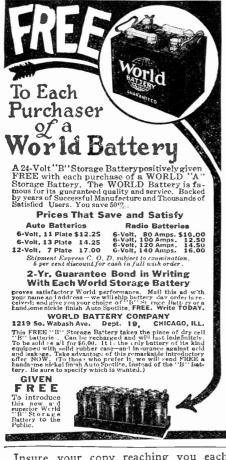
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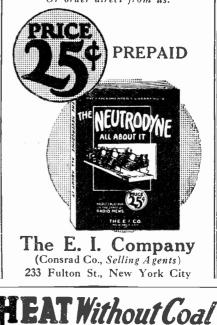
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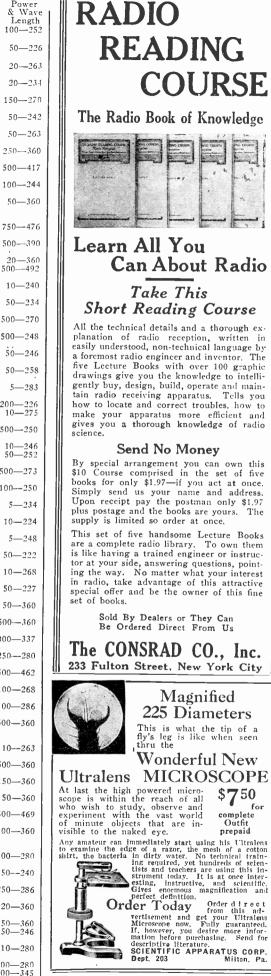
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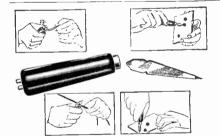
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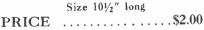
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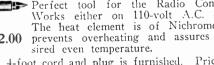


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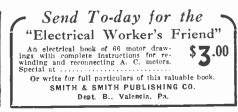
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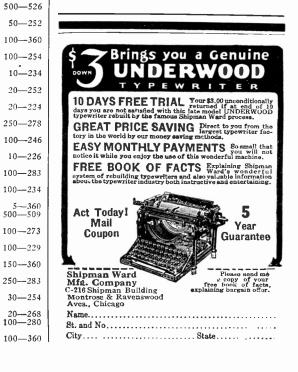
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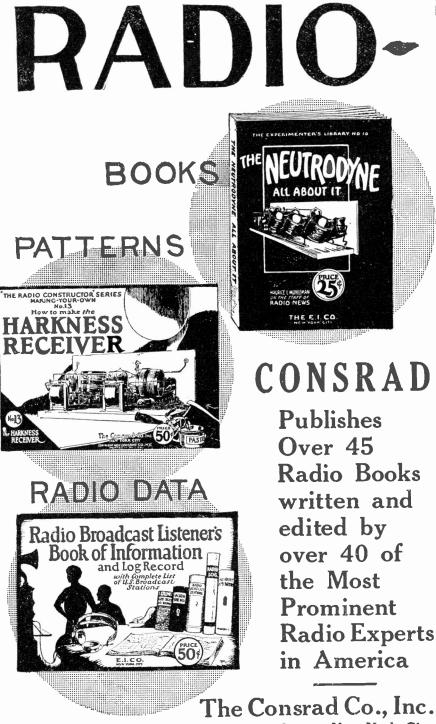
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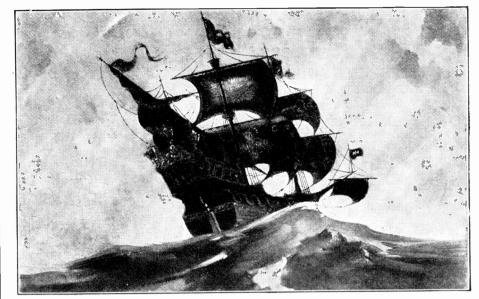
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8DW	Pedro C. Anduz, Santiago de	
	Cuba	275
8 EV	Cuba Edurado Mateos, Santiago de	5.5
	Cuba	180
8GT	Cuba Juan F. Chibas, Santiago de	100
	Cuba	260
		200

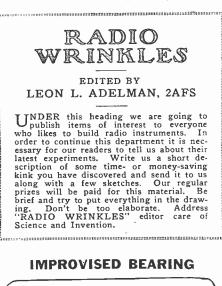
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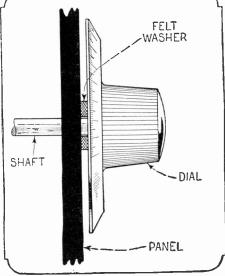
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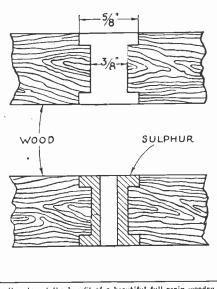






The bearings of radio instruments often become hopelessly loosened so that it is impossible to set the dial at any desired point. This may be overcome by inserting a small felt washer on the shaft between the dial and the panel. The dial is tightened on the shaft with a slight tension on the washer. This will also prevent the dial from scratching the panel. —B, G. Switzer.

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The Heavens in August By ISABEL M. LEWIS, M.A. (Continued from page 369)

this takes us only to the center of the Milky Way. If Dr. Shapley's estimates are correct, and there are some excellent reasons for believing that they are, the diameter of the entire Milky Way system of stars, that

enormous equatorial belt of the heavens, is something like three hundred thousand light vears. In the little diamond-shaped constellation of Delphinus, popularly called Job's Coffin, which will now be seen in the eastern heav-ens, there is a small, faint object, shown by the great Mt. Wilson reflector to be a globu-lar star cluster a ball of brilling sums and a lar star cluster, a ball of brilliant suns and a small universe in itself. It is known merely by the catalogue number, N.G.C. 7006, but it is estimated that its distance from the earth is about 220,000 light years. It was the most distant object known until a few months ago when a still more distant cloud

months ago when a still more distant cloud of stars, which resembles a small detached portion of the Milky Way, was found by Dr. Shapley to be of the order of a million light years away. This object known as N.G.C. 6822 was discovered some years ago by the late Prof. E. E. Barnard of the Yerkes Observatory, but it was not exam-ined in detail and found to bear the marks of a universe of sums until recently. It lies of a universe of suns until recently. It lies in the direction of the constellation of Sagittarius but is far beyond the Milky Way system of stars,

Turning from a consideration of these in-comprehensible distances let us find on the chart the little star known as 61 Cygni in the constellation of Cygnus which is one of the very nearest objects in the heavens. less than nine light years away. It is of special interest because it was the first star to yield an estimate of star disances. Its distance from the earth was first measured by the astronomer Bessel about seventy-five years ago. Now, by one way or another, the astronomer is able to estimate the distances of thousands of stars and only two or three have been found to be nearer than the little sixth magnitude star 61 Cygni. Wonderful vistas have been opened up into space with the aid of powerful telescopes since those days, until in our present conception of the universe the entire solar system is like a single atom, in a sea of space.

In the neighborhood of the Northern Cross in Cygnus the possessor of a small telescope will find many treasures. Even the smallest telescope will reveal the exquisite beauty of that finest of all double stars, Albirco, at the foot of the Cross. The two stars of which it consists are of beautifully con-trasting shades of blue and gold.

Deneb, at the head of the Cross, is classed as one of the twenty brightest stars in the heavens, as is also the white star, Altair, in Aquila, to the southeast. Altair is one of the nearest stars, only sixteen light-years distant from the earth, but Deneb, in Cygnus, is one of the giants of the universe. If it were no farther away than Altair it would far outshine the planet Venus. It is probably several hundred light years distant from the earth, too far away for direct measure-ments of its parallax to give reliable esti-mates of its distance.

Among the planets this month Mars will for this is the year of its close opposition, the closest in over a century. It will sur-pass all stars and planets in brightness this month with the exception of Venus, which has now passed to the morning sky and is visible only before sunrise. Though not



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above the horizon at the time for which our chart is given Mars will appear shortly It is now in the constellation of after. Aquarius, which is just coming into view on the southeastern horizon. Mars is too far south to be seen to the best advantage in our latitudes, but observers in the tropics our latitudes, but observers in the fromes and in the southern hemisphere will obtain exceptionally fine views. On August 1st the distance of Mars from the earth will be 37,520,000 miles, on August 15th, 35,000,000 miles, on August 22nd, the date of its oppo-cition and userst inspreach to the earth sition and nearest approach to the earth, 34,639,000 miles and on August 31st, 35,114,-000 miles. It will increase in brightness from the first of August to the twenty-sec-ond and will then gradually become less rilliant. During the last two weeks in August it will be about one magnitude or two and a half times brighter than Jupiter. which is now also in fine position for observation, being a short distance to the northeast of Antares in Scorpio and a little to the southwest of the meridian at the time indicated on the chart. Saturn is now close to the southwestern horizon in Virgo and will soon disappear from view.

REGARDING CONTRA-PROPELLERS

With reference to article on the contra-Avith reference to article on the contra-propeller by Dr. Armin Demuth, which ap-peared in our February, 1924 number, we are requested by the TH. Goldschmidt Corpo-ration of New York City, to state that they have the exclusive sales and exploitation rights to this device in America. Canada and Mexico, a d are the only people authorized to make quotations, grant licenses, etc. Dr. Demuth is not connected with that organization.

Book Review

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FINDING ONESELF IN THE UNI-VERSE, By Jean Berry, Stiff cloth covers, 6" x 834", 210 pages. Published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York City.

by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York City. In this interesting little book Mrs. Berry teaches her readers to know themselves, to learn the tech-nique of living in order to make life more joy-tiul. The laws of life are well-known, and it is the purpose of the authoress to present them in a clear and concise way, so that a person with the average understanding will be able to see the points which she strives to bring forth in each of her lessons. The subject is taken from a common viewpoint, and the reader should find many an in-spiration therein. The authoress tells us to feel hatred, know its feeling, and then feel it less and less. She further tells us that we all suffer from disorders in the world, and in a measure we are all responsible for it. If each and everyone of us would try to put his own life in order, he would achieve happiness for himself and good for the world. We find out what a spirit is, and to know the spirit, is in her opinion, as important as to know your body and what to do with it. Know thyself to the extent of knowing that your desires sway your body feeling. Learn what health is, and attain health bodily and mental. In one of the chapters, however, Mrs. Berry asserts that every plant, every animal has a soul. To this ex-tent the reviewer does not agree with Mrs. Berry, but that does not mean that the book is not worthy of consideration, or that the reviewer's ideas will be held by others who may read the work.

PHENOMENA OF MATERIALISA-TION. By Baron Von Schrenck Notzing. Translated by E. E. Fournier d'Albe, D.Sc. Stiff cloth covers, 7" x 10", 340 pages, 225 illustrations. Published by E. P. Dutton & Co., New York City.

As an investigator into the spirit world. Baron Von Schrenck Notzing is very well-known. The author takes us into his confidence, and publishes in this remarkable work the results he has obtained with the medium "Eva C" and the Polish medium "Stanislava P." He does not seek to explain the phenomena or how they were produced, but care-fully recites the details of and precautions taken during the séance to orevent fraud. In his intro-duction he mentions the various investigators who have been completely fooled by various mediums



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Insure your copy reaching you each month. Subscribe to Science and Invention-\$2.50 a year. Experimenter Publishing Co., 53 Park Place, N. Y. C.

Science and Invention for August, 1924 We for years were thought to be absolutely psychic. Fusapia, although thought to be a medium of re-markable powers and declared free of fraud by some of America's foremost magicians, was caught in many a tight fix and found to be using me-chanical or other assistance in order to produce that fraud has been practised in many cases, but have entered into his investigations, because he possible. That the Baron was in earnest in these investigations, but failed in freeing all his records for eight month, detectives followed Mme. Bisson and Eva C, has been repeatedly asserted. Inves-tigations in telekinetic phenomena, that is, the action of some force upon inanimate objects, such are moving tables, levitation, auditory impressions, writing, etc., are not in evidence in this work, but released to be positions of the various individuals in the room, the position of the medium, and the precations taken against fraud, are also clear, shown. However, in looking through the work on fooled. Photographs themselves which may have divestigator to look more like paper cuts, guize structures, pieces of ribbon and other mis-gellaneous material. Some of these materializa as the fashlight photographs taken yhinself and his orking has dene a great deal of work in com-biased investigator to look more like paper cuts, settings be a great deal of work in com-biased investigator to hook more like paper cuts, settings be a great deal of work in com-biased investigator to hook more like paper cuts, settings be dene a great deal of work in com-biased investigator to hook more like paper cuts, settings be dene a great deal of work in com-biased investigator to hook more like paper cuts, settings be dene a great deal of work in com-biased investigator to hook more like paper cuts, settings be dene a great deal of work in com-biased investigator to hook more like paper cuts. Some of the phenomena which he de-seribe occurred over a great deal of work in fou-poing this volume, and he is impar

EINE MONDFAHRT. By Karl Meir-Lemgo. Hard covers, $5\frac{1}{4}$ " x $7\frac{3}{4}$ ", 94 pages, with many illustrations. Published

pages, with many illustrations. Published by Kosmos, Stuttgart, Germany. Our German contemporary Kosmos, at the head of its first page, shows a picture of a cat of sahle hue silhouetted against the rising moon, and this begins the story. It treats in quite a charming and fantastic way of two children who visited our satellite, the Moon, and tells of what they saw there, and of their experiences on a comet. Quite a quantity of nice little illustrations pictures all that happened them, and we are sure that those of our readers who read the German language will be greatly delighted if they peruse the story of the adventures of these little people. Seriously speaking, the illustrations are quite impressive, and the fact that the artist shows our little friends protected by an umbrella looking up at the moon's pinnacles, and the various features of the world of our satellite, does no harm, but makes the presentation more vivid.

DER RADIO-AMATEUR. By Dr. Eugen

DER RADIO-AMATEUR. By Dr. Eugen Nesper. Hard covers, 6" x 9¼", 368 pages, profusely illustrated. Published by Julius Springer, Berlin, Germany. It is always a satisfaction and pleasure to take reaching the 400 page size, is a wonderfully com-reaching the 400 page size, is a wonderfully com-reaching the 400 page size, is a wonderfully com-version of the subject of radio work. As we turn over the pages very familiar objects and world is quite awake to the wonderful work being done hy Langmuir and his co-workers in this coun-try. While the book bears upon its title page and cover the word "Broadcasting," it really is de-ject of "Receiving." The author realized that he was writing for more than one country, for on his subject of "Receiving." The author realized that he was writing for more than one country, for on his subject of "Receiving." The author realized that he was writing for more than one country, for on his subject of subject advancing, it is fair to say, not only from year to year, but from month to month, and it seems a bold thing for an author and a publisher to produce so extensive a book on this subject, so that the amateur could realize how nuch has been done for him by Dr. Nesper. There are 337 illustrations outside of what the tile page res 337 illustrations outside of what the tile page papy mentioned in the list of publishers of radio papy mentioned in the list of publishers of radio subject of the English language. We are english notice, but are exceeded by the rete-sind.

Several new devices have recently been placed on the radio market. Of note among them are filament and plate current supply rectifiers to operate tubes directly from the 110 volt line was to get rid of the annoyance of batteries.



tries to market his inventions, is by no means all rose-color. In fact, I'll bet you a thousand dollars against one dollar that you won't succeed in having a single one of our modern improvements adopted !

"I'll take you up, doctor," cried the re-porter, gaily, and he extended himself on the couch and tried to compose himself to sleep, while Doctor Hackensaw prepared a suitable phonograph record.

Then the record was placed in the machine and as Silas dropped off to sleep he was conscious of these words buzzing slowly into

his ear: "1776"—"Benjamin Franklin"—"Steam en-gine"—"Railroad"—"Telephone"—"Electric Light"—"Automobile"—"Airplane."

CHAPTER 2

"How is thee feeling now, friend?"

Silas started up in a daze and found that he had been lying on the ground, while a pretty Quaker girl, in the conventional costume, was bathing his temples from a nearby spring.

"Where am I?" he cried, sitting up and gazing in astonishment at the rural land-

"Thee is here; in the town of Philadel-phia," answered the girl soothingly.

"Philadelphia !" echoed Silas, in surprise. "Why, where are the houses? There's not a single building in sight !" Then his brain cleared, and he asked :

"What year are we, pray?"

"We are in the year of our Lord, 1776. The Continental Congress has just met and signed the Declaration of Independence."

"Ah!" cried Silas, springing to his feet. "I haven't any time to lose. I must go to Washington at once, and speak to the con-gressmen." And he began fumbling in his

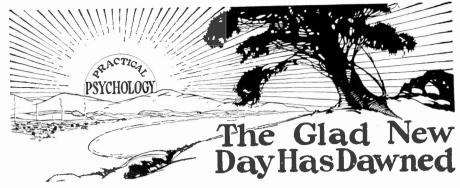
gressmen." And he began fumbring in his pockets, but his face fell. "Not a cent!" he cried. "I don't know what I'm going to do." He forgot that his morey would have been worthless, even if he had had any. The current coin consisted of pounds, shillings and pence, when it did out consist of the perce or some other Comnot consist of tobacco or some other commodity.

"Congress is in session here," replied the maiden, "but General Washington is not in Philadelphia at present. Yet if thee will follow me, I am sure my father will be glad to have thee as a guest."

Silas followed the young girl rather sheepishly. Here was he planning to revolution-ize the world of 1776; and yet, with all his knowledge, unable to secure a meal, but dependent on others to provide it for him. Still, he could make ample compensation

"What should he turn his hand to, first?" That was the question. Should it be the automobile? No, that was too complicated and required material not easy to obtain in this ancient civilization. And when he looked at the mud and ruts in the road and reflected that this was Philadelphia, he realized at once that even if he had an automobile with once that even it he had an automobile with him it would be absolutely useless. You can't run an auto in mud a foot deep. An airplane was evidently preferable. It was easier to build and required no roads. The great problem was to find petroleum to run it, but he knew there was plenty of oil in Pennsylvania waiting to be tapped. But to get the oil he would need capital.

(Continued on page 425)



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Dr. Hackensaw's Secrets

(Continued from page 423)

His first problem, then, was to make money. Surely, with his head full of the countless inventions made during the nineteenth century, he should have no trouble in becoming rich. Many simple inventions had made fortunes for their promoters. But as he questioned Ruth and her father, he found that his task was by no means easy. The main industries seemed to be the fur trade; the lumber trade-that is to say the shipping of masts and other lumber abroad (this trade, of course, now prevented by the war), and the growing of tobacco. How could his boasted knowledge help him with these? And his wealth, even when acquired, would consist mainly in bales of tobacco and packs of furs. Not a very handy capital with which to start a twentieth century factory.

Only two practical ideas occurred to Silas. The first was a percussion-cap, breech-loading magazine-rifle to replace the old flintlock, muzzle-loaders that missed fire half the time, and that left the owner helpless after each shot, until a new charge could be rammed home.

The second idea was the manufacture of matches, and these he determined to make at once, as they seemed the easiest thing to manufacture with his limited resources.

THE FIRST INVENTION

Accordingly after a dinner of venison and corn-bread at the house of his Quakeress, whose name, by the way, he learned was Ruth Friend, Silas hunted all through the town to find a chemist's shop-with great difficulty he was able to secure a small amount of sulphur and phosphorus and such other chemicals as he judged would be most Then useful, leaving his watch as a deposit. he started in to manufacture some matches. His success was not very great, but he finally produced a dozen large clumsy matches which would answer as samples. These he triumphantly exhibited to Ruth's father.

"There, Mr. Friend, what do you think of those?" he asked, when, after repeated ef-forts, he had succeeded in lighting one of his matches and starting a fire. "Friend Silas," answered the Quaker, "that

thing looks and smells like an invention of the devil. Moreover, of what use is it?" "Of what use?" echoed Silas. "Why, it

will take the place of your old flint and steel."

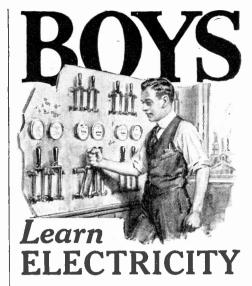
"Indeed? Well, friend, I would not trade my trusty flint and steel for many thousand of such 'matches' as thee calls them. I can light a fire more quickly with my flint and steel than thee can with thy matches. And it costs me nothing and requires no work; while to make matches such as thine requires chemicals and labor. They are worse than useless !

And so it was with all the other inven-tions with which Silas sought to amaze the good people of Philadelphia. He had a large circle of listeners evenings, for his stories appealed to them like fairy-tales, but when he insisted on being taken seriously, his listeners shook their heads and thought his mind was a trifle deranged.

It was when they talked among themselves about his wild tales that they gave free vent to their minds. "Just imagine!" said one.

"He said he would one day show us how he could catch a man's image on a piece of glass, and the image would not only remain there permanently, but could be printed off on paper many times. He called it 'photography'."

(Continued on page 427)



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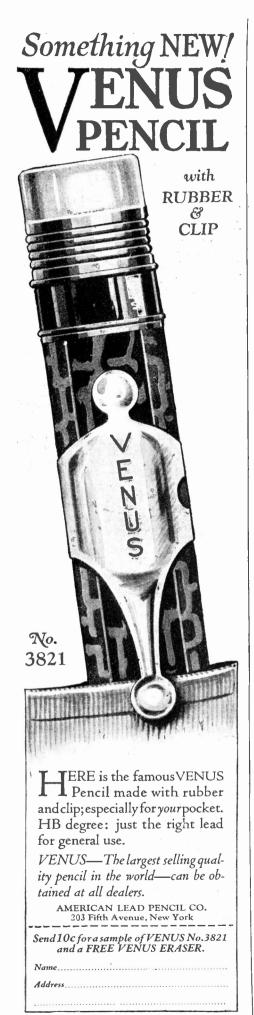
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Dr. Hackensaw's Secrets (Continued from page 425)

"He spoke to me of something even more extraordinary than that," chimed in another. "He said he would some day take a sheet of wax and let us talk and sing to it, and that the wax would remember every word, and would repeat the songs and speeches without a mistake; over and over again, and even weeks later if we wished. And he said this 'phonograph'—that's what he called it— would even imitate the very tones of each man's voice. Surely, the fellow must be a fool!"

"And to me," said a third, "he said that he knew how to make a machine that would enable him to look right into a man's body. He said it would be possible to see a bullet, even though hidden in a man's chest." "That's nothing!" interrupted a fourth,

"He told me he was going to try to get capital enough to make some stage-coaches and some boats that would run by steam. He said that, with steam, he could run a dozen heavily loaded wagons at a speed of sixty miles an hour or more! How is that for a wild dream? Not content with that, he said he knew how to build flying-machines that No would go two hundred miles an hour! bird can fly that fast, and it stands to reason that even if a flying machine is ever made, it will be so heavy and clumsy that it cannot fly even as fast as the slowest bird!

TALK ABOUT ELECTRICITY

"Then, too, you ought to hear him talk about electricity. Ben Franklin knows a lot about electricity, but you ought to hear this fellow talk. He says you can make electricity out of running water, and that it will do all our work for us. He must have forgotten that he had just said that steam would do it. He said electricity would run our stage-coaches, work our machinery, plough our fields, sweep the floors of our houses, and even furnish us a better light than a good wax candle would give. What do you think of that?"

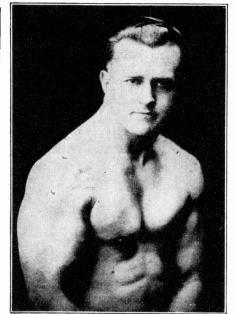
"He told me something else," spoke up a chemist who happened to be present—obvi-ously the best educated person among them. "He wanted me to trust him for some chemicals, and he told me he knew how to build a machine that would enable him to talk from here in Philadelphia to a man in England. But I tripped him up neatly. I happen to know that sound only travels 1,080 feet per second and as the distance to Engis some three thousand miles, it would land take the words spoken here over three hours to reach England and three hours to come back—six hours to get an answer to a ques-tion. He's such an ignoramus he thought you could get an answer right away!"

And so the conversation continued. Some thought that Silas might have sold himself to the devil, but the more advanced leaned to the belief that the reporter was crazy.

A VISIT TO FRANKLIN

All Silas's efforts to secure financial help for his schemes failed, and he saw that he must earn his first capital by making and marketing some simple invention. He thought of a toy-the handball with an elastic, which is said to have made its inventor a million-aire; but he had no rubber, and the children of 1776 had no money for toys. Then he thought of the safety-pin and the crimped hair-pin. With great difficulty he managed

*Note.—It may be well to state, for the benefit of some of my younger readers, that, in the tele-phone, it is not the sound that travels, but the elec-tric current. The speech is therefore transmitted thousands of miles in the fractional part of a Second.—C. Fezandić.



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WHO WILL HELP YOU? I know you think you know all about it. Most everyone you meet tries to tell you how, but they can teach an oyster how to sing quicker than they can show you anything about muscle building. If you are in legal trouble, you seek a lawyer. If you are wise, you get the best, for they are the cheapest in the long run. Now, how about that body of yours? Do you realize it is the choicest possession you have on earth? Don't be a plain dumb Dora! Use your head. This is vital with you. Muscle building is one of the trickiest studies on earth. I've worked at it ever since the day I left College, so I ought to know. I've seen many a poor chap literally ruined by the wrong kind of guidance. On the other hand, I've seen human wrecks transformed into human Hercules by being started in the right direction. I'VE GOT THE WORKS

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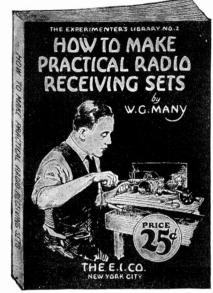
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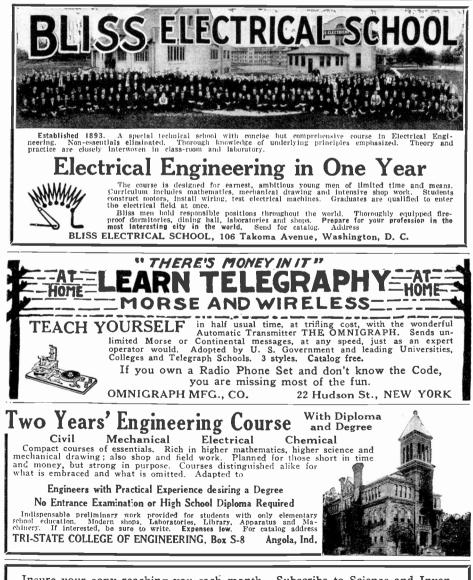
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His one hope now lay in seeing Benjamin Franklin. That great philosopher and statesman was a scientist and a man of advanced ideas. Franklin was in Philadelphia at the time and received the reporter genially. Silas with some copper sulphate, zinc and acid had managed to make a simple gravity cell, and as this was twenty-four years before Volta invented his famous voltaic cell. Franklin was delighted at thus finding that an electric "current" was a possibility. So far, all electricity was of the "static" kind produced by an electrical machine. By the use of his cell and a bit of wire. Silas soon demonstrated to the great philosopher the possibility of a simple telegraph with dots and dashes.

Franklin acknowledged the practicability of the invention, but looked upon it as a mere scientific toy.

"The device," said he, "is highly ingenious, but it would be of no real value. What need is there of this "telegraph," as you call it? If the news is good, it will keep, and if bad, we shall hear it soon enough!"

Silas tried to explain the advantage it would afford the Colonials by giving them advance information in regard to the movements of the British troops. "But," objected Franklin, "what would

"But," objected Franklin, "what would prevent the enemy from cutting the wires? Besides, think of the cost! And the British would soon learn to make the device themselves."

Then Silas tried to explain about "wireless," but here Franklin could not follow him. So Silas tried another tack and explained the principle of the dynamo. He insulated his wires by dipping them in beeswax and by coiling them to form simple electro-magnets, he showed how it was possible to change mechanical force into electricity. Here, too, Franklin was delighted with the idea, though he failed to see that the invention had any practical value.

"Just think what a waste of power there would be with such a machine," said he. "Just think what a waste of power there would be with such a machine," said he. "Here you are using a one-man power to produce a very small current. You say that we could use our water-wheels to produce the electricity; but this would be most wasteful. Why not have the water-wheels do the work directly, themselves, as they do now in our mills, grinding our flour and sawing our lumber?"

"Yes," admitted Silas, "but with electricity you could transport your power anywhere you wanted it, even into your houses, and make it spin your flax, weave your cloth or sweep your floors!"

Franklin's face grew stern. "As for the house-work," said he, "we want nothing that will tend to make our women lazy and shiftless. Work is good for everyone; and spinning and weaving is the women's share."

THE PHILOSOPHER IS SKEPTICAL

Then Silas tried to explain the advantages of the electric light. He explained how, by joining a number of voltaic cells together he could heat a wire red-hot and so produce a substitute for candles. But the great eightcenth century philosopher showed no enthusiasm.

"Of course, electricity will produce light," said he. "We all know that, because lightning is nothing but electricity. I will say nothing of the danger of using a flash of lightning instead of a candle to light up our homes. I will suppose it could be made perfectly safe and that the light would be brighter and cheaper than candles. Even so, I would oppose the innovation. Daylight is better than any artificial light, and the man who rises at dawn and does a good day's work is ready for bed at dusk. The people who want artificial light are the gad-abouts who lie in bed until noon and then turn night into day with their chandeliers that hold scores of candles!"

Silas returned home completely discour-aged, but his visit brought fruit. Franklin introduced him to several prominent people, and Silas at last found means of earning money by giving dancing lessons to some of the ladies and gentlemen of the well-to-do families. Poor Silas! After all his dreams of reigning as a king, to be obliged to teach the minute! He was now dressed in Colonial costume, for Franklin had advanced him sufficient credit to obtain the necessary wigs, etc.

"If I only had a good live newspaper," thought Silas, "I could make things hum! I could teach the people here something about advertising and wake them up.'

Silas had dabbled a little in prestidigitation when young, and resolved to give a few exhibitions to increase his income. Accord-ingly, with the first money he carned as a dancing teacher, he prepared a few simple conjuring tricks and secured a confederate to help him in giving Robert Houdini's sec-ond-sight trick. He hired a hall and advertised the performance by printed notices posted up at the principal cross-roads of what was then Philadelphia.

The hall was well filled, and though the receipts were not wonderful, they were sat-isfactory. The performance, though very mediocre, had a remarkable success!—too great, in fact. His audience were convinced that he had sold himself to the devil. Otherwise how could he perform such black magic, read what was written in sealed envelopes, or make luminous hands appear in the dark At the third performance, the hall was filled to overflowing, and there was a hooting crowd outside. In the very middle of the performance, at a given signal, the crowd forced its way to the stage, seized him and carried him off to the nearest horse-pond, where he was repeatedly ducked. In vain, he shricked for help and tried to break away from his captors. He was gasping for breath and thought his last moment had come, when his eyes opened and he awoke to find Doctor Hackensaw bending anxiously over him.

* * * * You seemed to be having a night-mare. Silas, observed the doctor, "so I thought it better to awaken you. I suppose you were having trouble. It must have made many people envious to see you as leading man in

the colonies!" Silas Rockett bit his lip. "I have learned a thing or two, doctor," said he. "I have especially learned that an inventor has no casy time of it, and his troubles only begin after his invention is made and perfected. There was I, master of thousands of valuable inventions such as no man had ever had at command before, and yet I was unable to have a single one adopted-not even the most trifling." And he proceeded to relate his experiences.

"I sympathize with you, Silas." said Doc-tor Hackensaw. "But don't imagine that an inventor finds it much easier, nowadays, to market a valuable improvement. If he lets another man exploit his invention, he gets practically nothing for it; while he rarely has capital enough to put it on the market himself; and if he does, his lack of business numselt; and it he does, his lack of business training is apt to result in his losing what l'ttle cash he had. Then another man comes in and profits by his failure." "Well, doctor, you've won the bet," said Silas, "and I owe you a dollar." "On the contrary, Silas, it is you who have won, and here are your thousand dollars. Didd't you tail me that you taught come of

Didn't you tell me that you taught some of the ladies the fox-trot? And that you got them to humming some of our latest jazz music? If you had remained a little longer you might have had the staid old Colonial dames doing the barefoot Oriental, or danc-ing the 'shimmy'!"



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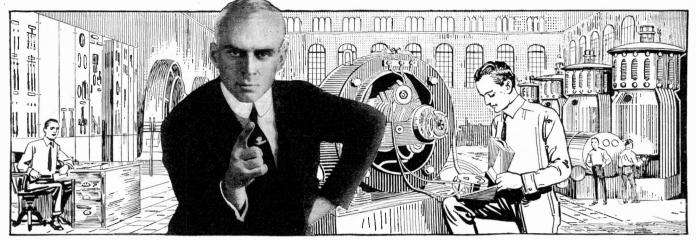
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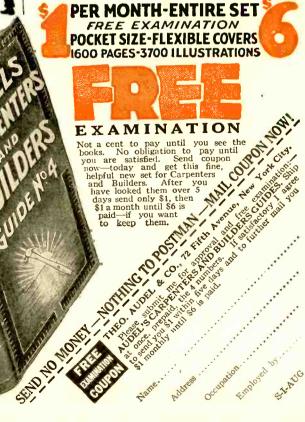
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with all the money you needed to spend, wearing the best clothes, living in the finest neighborhood, driving a good car and be-longing to the best clubs-but having to make good in a job that paid \$10,000 a year, would it scare you? There are men to whom \$10,000 a year is so much that the idea of earning it themselves 'never occurs to them. They will always be in routine jobs at low pay. Their dreams will never come true. But yours will if you will absorb what I am going to tell you. For my work in life is to take ordinary men from blindalley jobs and show them how they can quickly make more money than they ever dreamed possible. And if you will give me a chance I'm going to show you how it's done!

done! Now, in one quick step you can enter the field where opportunities in your favor are ten to one —the Selling field. You know that Salesmen top the list of money-makers—that the salesman is his own boss—that his work is fascinating, interesting and highly profitable? But the thing you doubt is your own ability. All right, but you can become a first-class, money-making salesman in an amaz-ingly easy way.

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