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## verified by Miraco Users

 NOTE! Do not judgo 3iracoseta by their makes them cont lens. They are built-i Honeer set thatiers-oi hlis heat graie paris. fetureat umed in the mort costly sette. Every in racouser is an enthusiastic tooster-theeseMaryland Hears Europe Durlng Internatloval Ridit Week If reeffred European stations several times ution results like thls?-Jos. E. Cook. Owings

California Hears East Coast Miraco wirks fine. Last night trot Cuba on huar sjeaker. 1 also plek un East Coan procramis in spite of local interrerence. Illinois Hears London Miraem operates wonderfully. Thurode Labt I lieard the progrran from the inte


Bermuda Hears Californin On my Miraco I
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With niy Miraco as well as Iavana. Cuba and Merieo City. Also all Canacilan sta. Res same Had Havana Imud ennugh to hroad


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Pennsylvania Hears Calif.
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never had nny experlence with Have kotten Harana, Cuthe and Honolut H. Kitle, Shaw, Mliss. Nebraska Hears Cuhn Miraco is a wizard. I have handled radios Inder szan Bheren seen Its equat Saturray nikht despite that their lann
suance is hard to diseern on a raill



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8


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## IN OUR NEXT ISSUE

## Did You Ever See a Battle of Colors?

The story will be told of how colors are made to appear on a screen, swirl around each other, push each other from side to side, and finally form a whirling mass of beautiful colors. Other effects, including the introduction of human figures in shadow and complete flower gardens, are possible with the new chemical optic device perfected by Max Teuber,

## Is Another Ice Age <br> Possible?

If the saying that history repeats itself is true, the United States should soon be visited by an ice sheet similar to those of prehistoric times. A prominent scientific authority on geographical subjects will discuss this subject clearly. In this article you will see an imaginative drawing, depicting the appearance of New York City buried under a mile thick sheet of ice.

## How the Outdoors Is Brought Into the Studio

Motion picture directors and producers have always been noted for theit ability to make the audience see something that was not actually photographed. This article will deal with effects that seemingly were taken in the open, but in reality were reproduced in the studio.

## Aerial Taxicab at $20 c$

## a Mile

In the near future you may be able to call a taxicab, be transported to a flying field and there board an aerial taxicab which will transport you to or near your destination at the figure mentioned above. The new planes that make this possible will be described in detail.

Due to the lack of available space, the article dealing with Sun Dials which wa. mentioned in this column in our last issue must be held over until a future date.
The above are just a fere of the treats in store for our readers in the next isste.

Mcmber Audit Bureals of Circulations
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(F. Gernsback, Pres.; S. Gernsback. Treus.; IR. W. DeMott, Sec'y). Publishers ol SCIENCE \& INVENTION. RADIO NEWS. THE EXPERIMENTER

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A FEW TITLES OF THE RADIO ARTICLES IN
PREVIOUS ISSUES OF THE EXPERIMENTER ARE SHOWN ON THIS PAGE.

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"Those Who Refuse to Go Beyond Fact Rarely Get As Far As Fact" . . - HUXLEY

## Boys as Hinemors

## By MUGO GERNSBACI

THERE are indications that at last Youth will be coming into its own. No longer, it appears, will experienced, middle-aged. trained workers be used exclusively by our large corporations, but it seems that the young boy will have a chance to show what is in him.

Edward H. Jewett. it would appear. is now using his mil-lion-dollar radio factory, near Inetroit, to show to the world that Youth can invent and can perfect devices, if given a chance.

In a recent interview to a Inertoit paper, Mr. Jewett said as follows:

## I believe THAT:

No invention was ever perfected without enthusiasm.
"Give the boy a chance. I want any youngster who thinks he has an idea or an invention to come right up to my office and tell me about it."
"The next day the place was stormed by several hundred boys ranging from ten to nineteen years old. 'The police were called to keep the lads in line, and Mr. Jewett told them that because the response was so unexpectedly large all would have to submit their propositions in writing. 'They did, with the result that three of the most promising boys were turned loose in a room.
"This is your room," Mr. Jewett told them. "Do what you want. Come when you please. go when you please. All the apparatus you require is at your service. When you get an ideal work it out. If you think it successful, take it to the chief engineer and let him try it. If it passes the scientific test I'll buy it."

The three boys in this room worked out the device which, with minor perfections by the plant's technical staff, has come to be the principal product of the Jewett factory. The company is erecting a ten-acre plant at Pontiac. Mich., not far from Detroit, and there one whole floor of one of the buildings will be available to young inventors who may put their ideas to the test.
"It has long been a fixed idea of mine that in any such inventive field as radio. the viewpoint, the enthusiasm, particularly the fresh vision of youth, is valuable," said Mr. Jewett, explaining his innovation. "Of course the idea is not original with me. I remember reading years ago how Marconi sought suggestions from the young,
"But somehow, manufacturers seldom will be bothered with youth. So many of their young ideas are already old to experienced men; the majority are so futile that they simply will not bother with them. The result is that the occa-

## THE GOLDEN AGE OF SCIENCE

is now symbolized by the golden cover of SCIENCE \& INVENTION, LOOK FOR THE GOLD COVER every month!
sional brand new, probabiy resolutionary idea is lost or delayed by years. Moreover, a joung fellow's most valuable quality-enthusiasm-is quenched or dimmed.
"In our p'ant we value experience highly; we must. But, on the other hand. we keep a wide-open eye and ear for anything youth may send to u:s. It has been a good thing for both our business and the !rungsters. I am glad to give credit for much of what we have done and are doing to youth, and it is not far from the actual fact when you say that the inventive genius of young lads is in large part responsible for the new plant at Pontiac.
"Radio naturally appeals to the youngsters more than other scientific fields. It has been said that every home where there is a radio is a sort of amateur laboratory: In the home laboratory an inquisitive, ambitious lad may hit upon something that will

## believe THAT:

Life's greatest thrill comes with an inspiration. greatly improve existing methods. Our plant offers him full technical opportunities to test it out. We do not condemn beforehand. We check youth with experience, but we never discourage it.
"I was lucky in my own boyhood by being generally understood. But I did have a few experiences where some man threw cold water on mus suggestions just because

## I BELIEUE THAT:

Inventors being ploneers, they should be treated as such. he was much older and because he sat behind a desk marked 'Manager.' Those experiences taught me a lesson I have never forgotten, and ever since I have been in business I have sought to encourage the boys.
"If all employers would do this the world would be greatly changed. It costs nothing to listen to a young person's ideas. A manager does not have to commit himself to a suggestion. But an attentive, sympathetic ear may be just the thing required to develop a boy or girl, to start him or her on the path to full development.
" My experience has been that the young people are grateful for sympathy and understanding, and this gratitude becomes a loyalty which never can be measured in dollars.
"In scientific and technical fields such as the automobile and radio, immediate results are frequently seen. But ordinary business or commercial life profits equally, if not perceptibly, by encouraging and stimulating the fertile mind and buoyant spirit of youth. I began this policy because I remembered my own small beginning. I hope that is the real reason I am continuing it. But the fact remains that it has meant thousands and thousands of dollars to me."



T HE rising waters had flooded cellars and inn prisoned many people therein. The released logs flozted down the river and again jammed against a railroad bridge. As the train bearing the woman and her husband crossed the bridge, piers gave way and wrecked the train. Tornado rides down the river on a $\log$ and rescues the girl, although the husband drowns.
The close-ups of Tornado breaking the jan were taken in a tank as shown in 6, raill pipes as shown in 4 supplying the effect, while a wind machine blew the water as if lashed by a storm. Many of the scenic effects in this picture were taken in miniature as in 5. The wreck of the miniature train is shown in detail in Figs. 11 and 12. The entire action was photographed in a tank, and as the train reached the desired spot, the underpinnings were pulled out and the wreck occurred. The last car in which the woman and her husband were riding was partially above water as shown in 14 . This scene was prepared in the tank as shown in 13. The hero comes to the rescue as in 14, treading over rafts made as in 15 for safety and saves the girl. Tornado returns to rescue the girl's husband after removing her, and just before he reaches the car the props are pulled out as in 16 and the remainder of the car log jam were cut into the film at various points give the effect that he hero is warking on a geluwine gam se efe that the hero is working on a genuine (A). The section of firm at the right illustrates this. (A) shows the genuine log jam and (B) the hero at
work. (C) indicates the sides of the tank in which the imitation jam took place.


BLAGK
VELVET

STEAM

Below: Preducing the effect of ollapsing house.


Left: A di lapidated "prop" house was pushed partially into the camera lines as shown and then given final shove 10 collapse it rain machines furnished the rest of the effect:
on the men ready to D pull out the piers.


All the scencs of the rescue were taken in
a tank as illustrated in 16. Here as in other scenes of a similar nature, the of logs instead of separate would have been the case in a genuine jam.



## New Yorli 100

A GREAT metropolitan city like New York will of course grow to an unbelievable proportion in a century, or even half that time, and the pictures herewith will help to convey some idea as to how experts believe the foremost city of America will expand in the future At the left we have an interesting perspective picture of "little old New York" at the dawn of the nineteenth century, when the population comprised about 60,000 people, a city about one-half the size of Paterson, or Trenton, N. J., today. New York in that day, 1800, ex tended northward about a mile from the Battery or southernmost point of Manhattan Island, as shown in the picture The rest of Manhattan Island was occupied by farms, while ships from Europe and other parts of the world were begimning to find this a thriving sea-port The positions of the principal bridges of today, as well as Central Park, are indicated by the dotted dines.

## Years Hence

 SECORACOMMUTER of fifty to one hundred A years hence will live in a different atmosphere than does the commuter of the present day. Twenty-five miles is about the average distance the commuter of today travels, but fifty years from now the commuting zone for New York business men will have reached out to a fifty-mile radius, predict such able experts as Thomas N McCarter, President of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey. This great metropolitan area of half a century hence will reach out as far as Trenton. N. J., and Stamford, Conn., while high-speed stbways and aerial express routes will carry the commuter to and from his work. Air "flivvers" for the fifty-mite commuter will be common. Looking at the illustration at the right again we see, according to such experts as Mr. McCarter, that the vast New York of one hundred years hence may easily reacl out to a radius of one hundred miles, and have the tremendous population of seventy



## Motion Myth in Primes

H. RRRAUS


The automatic aerial railroad depicted above was patented in the U. S. This would-be perpetual motion device never worked.-G. Miller.
$\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{HE}}$ reason that SCIENCE AND INVENTION MAGAZINE is offering an award of $\$ 5,000.00$ for a working model of a perpetual motion max country we see advertisements, placards, and postal cards advising the public to invest in means of devel. oping perpetual power. Some of thesc advertiseruents are reproduced on these pages. Always the inventor clains to be the proud possessor of the one and only working perpetual motion macline. Invariably the inventor claims to be looking out for the investor's individual welfare. He does not want to give the system to the "crooked politicians" who are anxiously waiting to give him several hundred thousand dollars for his rights to the invention. He glibly paints a wonderful picture of the earning capacities of such an invention and zealously and covetously guards his secret. If he gets your ten cents or a hundred dollars for a share in the invention, he gloats over his success. The. next time one of these inventors call to sec you, show him a copy of this publication, tell Him there are no strings tied to the offer. Tell him SCIENCE AND INVENTION does not want the rights to his invention. They morely suant to see if trerking, and if it does so, they will praise it from the housetops and give it not $\$ 100.00$, but $\$ 5,000.00$. Shon!d two or more contestants tie for this award, a duplicate prize will be paid to those so tying.

The device at the right is a typical fallacy The in fallacy. The inventor believes that the weights at the right of the wheel being further from the center than those at the left, the wheel should continue to run. The only difficulty is that it will not do that it will not do there Note that weights at the left.

The two perpetual motion systems illustrated above should work if all conditions are applied. First the surface of the plate will have to be perfectly plane and the ball perfectly spherical. There must be no air resistance nor friction between the ball and plate. When started the ball will oscillate back and forth. A ball dropped through the center of the earth would do likewise if there were no friction. Centrifugal force is not Oldroyd.

The railway at the left rolled down-hil When it gath ered momen turn the trolley at the top lifted the entire car to the top of the next incline. The mechan. ism at the right is sup posed to operate by buoyancy and gravity. Balls floating on the surface of the water rise up the column of water, $n$ d descend or the endless belt. The cover rises ánd falls and the valves work automatically.

Left, a typical advertisement clipped from a news paper proclaiming discevery of perpetual motion We wonder how many fell for this?

## More Frauds

(Continued from preceding page)


The bicycle above was described in a London paper, the "Westminster Gazette." As the rider bounced along on it, air was compressed in a storage tank which operated the air turbine, and in turn the wheel (?)-result-more


A patent has actually been taken out on the device above illustrated. The inventor does not state that the device is perpetual motion but this seems to be the claim. The mechanism is equipped with a brake to prevent it from going too fast, and in patent claims is provided with a motor to start it. WITHOUT A MOTOR IT CANNOT WORK.

IN those devices where the weights are further from the center on one side of the wheel than on the other, there is always a preponderance of weight on the ascending side. The most that a device of this nature could do is to reach a state of stable equilibrium where of course it will not work. In the device at the right, one has of course friction in the bearings of the axle of the wheel $B$, power is required to bend and unbend the rope, and there is friction in passing it through the water, but the most serious of all is the friction at the point $D$. If the water is to be prevented from flowing out through D, then the joint must be so tight as to prevent movement of the rope or other buoyant body through the water. If this is not quite tight enough, the water will pour out of D until it reaches a state of equilibrium. Connecting the motor and gencrator together as indicated above, has never worked and never will operate, because the efficiency of two pieces of electrical apparatus of this nature can never be one hundred per cent. There are losses in transmission, in wiring, and in the generation of currents as well as in their transformation. We do not brand all seekers of perpetual motion as charlatans. We do brand those as charlatans who claim to have produced perpetual motion and who are unwilling to lay their proofs before the scientific world. This article will not close the discussion, and we realize that we shall receive many letters as a resule of this exposé.

The weights further from the center on one side are supposed to cause the wheel to turn.


Above $A$ is a column of water. $C$ is a buoyant rope. One side is thought lighter than the other, but friction at the point $D$ prevents it from operating.

## CहFISS- ()

-Self Motive Power-
 A small Auby giving packern
the leakage. Automatic Pump takes care of If Ret IEEVEL
machine tuen towavement will be ob turns in either direction LOW Jos. E. Rissell

Tony Trank.

The mechanism above illustrated and the postcard describing it is another self-motive power machine. Mercury is supposedly held on one side of the machine by packing strips, and the other side is buoyant. The inventor does not consider the friction resulting from the packing strips which are to hold the mercury in place. The device is inoperative.

## Improving the Heating System



A decorative casing to be placed around radiators and to contain water
for humidifying the air has recently been placed on the market. It
is illustrated in perspective and cross-section. A decorative casing to be placed around radiators and to contain water
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is illustrated in perspective and cross-section. A decorative casing to be placed around radiators and to contain water
for humidifying the air has recently been placed on the market. It
is illustrated in perspective and crosss-section.

Lower keft: New evapurator for humidifying air from hot air furnace. Below: Same device electrically operated.

4
A wet and dry thermometer aids in computing humidity. Kight:
Cans of water placed as shown will assist greatly in humidify-
ing the air when heated by the radiator. ing the air when heated by the radiator.

## natina cost <br> INITIAL COST OF MEATING PLAN




One of the greatest drawbacks to most of our modern heating systems is the fac that the air is not properly humidified and therefore is not conducive to good health. Some of the ideas herewith show how to rectify this. Above: Compari sons of initial cost, operating cost. coal consumption and humidity with various types of present day Jurnaces.-H. W. Secor.

Higin lewer Portable x-Ray



T HE writer presents a novel der-water illumination. There aie of course, outdoor skating rinks now in existence, on which light ing is provided by means of overhead electric lamps. The writer produces a novel and weird effect by lighting the ice by means of electric lamps suspended in the water in the manner shown in the small illustration. Each lamp has a glass protector, and the lamp is kept in place by means of an anchor. The glass protector also acts as a sort of heat insulation between the lamp and the ice, to keep it from melting. The lamps are about two inches below the surface of the water before the latter freezes. Once the water freezes it surrounds the electric lamp and, when turned on, it provides a weird and fascinating spectacle.

IN this view we see how a large steamer is guided by means of an under-water system of the same class as the one used for the ice illumination explained above. Channels, inlets, and other dangerously shallow bodies of water, can be shal.ow bodies of water, can be
marked by means of such electric lighting systems. which will guide the large steamer so that groundirg the latter will become almost an impossibility.


HERE we have a similar scheme to the ones described above, with the exception that here a small lake is partly illuminated at night. It should be noted that by means of an iflumination of this kind it is not only the spot directly above the lamp that is illuminated, but also the surrounding water becomes faintly luminous. due to diffusion of the light through the water. Colored lights can, of course, be used to colored lights can, if such should be wanted. The cost of lighting systems of this kind is rather moderate. the only necessity being good insulation which is easily available to-day. The above form the subject of a patent application.

# Navigation Instrumerts on "Los Angeles" 

By DR. ALFRED GRADENWITZ


The instrument for determining air speed and cound speed from the readings of the course Ead angle zauges. Captions by Ernest Bren necise.

The llatest in Melicoprers

A LTHOUGH helicopters have $A_{\text {been considered to be rather }}$ out of the question in the field of practical aeronautics up to the present time there have been many experimental models of such devices built. The most notable and one of the latest of these is the Perry helicopter designed by Thomas O. Perry, backed by Chicago Helicopters, Ltd., for entry in the British
World-Wide Helicopter Competition and illustrated here. In essence, the device may be described as follows: A one hundred and ten horse-power rotary engine drives two sets of wing panels or aerofoils, each four feet wide by eighteen feet long. The ship is sixteen feet high and weighs about 2,200 pounds with out fuel, oil or crew. Controls are so arranged and designed that be controlled equally or when desired each wing can be controlled individually. Automatic arrangements allow the blades, "when it is necessary, to be "feathered" as illustrated.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


Left: 1 photegraph of one of the the Perry heliconter. Below: The method of feather method of reathering the blades for rising and descending.

THIS BLADE PUSHING THIS BLACK -


## Animals Which Become Invisible

By DR. ERNEST BADE

insect known as the walking stick and which may be either green or brown is shown in No. 4. When feasting on the limbs of trees it resembles a twig so closely that it is thereby protected from enemies.


Above in No. 5 we show the hiding place of the spittle insect. The tiny animal is concealed beneath the froth which it has produced upon the grass and which protects the insec from enemies. A similar hiding place is shown in No. 7. He:e is shown the white, waxey and hairlike substance with which the woolly apple louse covers itself for protection.

The caddis worm, which lives in the water, builds a home from small pebbles and grasses and after this building operation is completed, it carries its house around on its back as illustrated in No. 8. It is obvious that when such a creature is exploring the bed of a stream, this house or coating of hard substances will be inconspicuous as the materials from which the coating is made are the same as those found in the locality being traversed. The hard coating also protects the delicate creature from unforeseen accidents

Among the fish of all the waters of the world we often find weaker creatures Among the fer ferious relations in a physical way and which must therefore resort to subterfuge. Thie flounder illustrated in No. 9 is an excellent example of this. Not only has the flourder the habit of changing its color to approximate that of the bottom of the sea where it happens to be, but ir may further protect itsell by digging into the sand as shown, until only the eyes and the mouth are visible.

## The Artificiallarymu



The above photo shows two patients using the artificial larynx and conversing with each other. The mode of action is as follows: By opening the air intake, air is inhaled into the lungs and on being forced out, it must pass into the mouth. In doing so it vibrates a small rubber diaphragm, producing a grunt-like sound. This sound is conveyed into the mouth by a sort of pipe stem where the shape of the mouth and the movements of the
tongue and lips modulate the sound, producing clear audible speech. Many victims of cancer of the throat need no longer worry about losing their speech and will not wait until the last minute before they decide upon an operation. The instrument taken apart is illustrated in the photo at the left. Science is slowly but surely developing substitutes for diseased or exhausted human organs.
-J. Kay London

## Deadly Carloon Monoxicle



[^0]The automobile worker in a small garage is most frequently the victim. It, therefore, behooves every person who intends running his engine in a small garage for even three minutes, to see

What Happens In the X-Raz Tulbe

tween visible light and X-rays. Fig. 3 shows an ordinary X-ray tube, while Fig. 6 illustrates the penetrability of X-rays. The vibrations are so swift and small, as shown in Fig. 4, that they are enabled to pass between the atoms of ordinary substances. The analogy is that a marble will not go through a screen, while pin goes through without difficulty,-Howard Deem,

## WYonders of Our Bods



Above is shown the interior of the nose. The mountaniods appearing elevations are nose muscles. The interlaced veins through the agency of which the breath is heated before it is taken into the lungs. may be plainly seen at the right. The volcano-like affair is evaporating tear water. The opening of the nostril is seen at the Teft, as well as the heavy mat of hairs which acts as a screen to keep out the dist.-Kosmos,

At the right is shown the interior of a flesh wound. At the left are shown the drops of venal blood pouring into the wound. The flower-like affairs in the lower right corner are new cells knitting together to cover the surface, and heal the wound. Just above them is seen the flow of arterial blood into the wound, and just above the blood may be seen the broken ends of muscle fibres. The blood engages in a fight with bacteria.


## To End Air Crashes

T HE French military aviation service has been conducting experiments with Captain Lipente's inventions. As indicated in diagram 1, on either side of the


In amateur theatricals, there is always a prompter behind the scenes who helps the speaker in time of need. A more suitable system is the mechanical prompter illustrated herewith, in that there is no whisper heard by the audience. The device consists of a celluloid drum containing a lamp. The speech is printed upon a roll of paper and passes over the drum, while a long magnifying glass is mounted under the stage floor. All that the performer has to do is to glance down to get his next line. A button switch in the floor connected with a miniature lamp beneath the stage stimulases the operator here located and signals him to
-James McEvoy, Reporter No. 8096.

## Bringing Down a Zeppelin



During the World War, Zeppelin raids on England were a nightly affair. The illustration above was made by an eje witness to the bringing down of a Zeppelin at Potter's Bar mear London. The Zeppelin was at a great height. English pursuit planes were sent up. The ground guns ceased firing and a
pilot named Robertson dropped a bromb on the huge ship. With a roar, the Zeppelin burst into flames and fell. The force of the explosion turned Robert on's plane complectly over but he rifhted it and descended in safety. The entire German crew was killed.-F. Fissi, illustrated by the author,


Back came the "Multnomah" on her roll to starboard. And up rose the great back of the whale. I thought that the monster was going to come crashing through the bulwarks and upon the deck.

## SYNOPSIS

Captain Livingstone, an Antarctic explorer, ralls into conference a famous scientist, Darwin Frontenac, who has distinguished himself in research work involving methods of inducing hibernation in mammals. In the presence of stome recounts a weird tale of exploration and discoveries in the Antarctic. He tclls hown and aiscoveries in the Antarctic. He tells how, with sturted for the South Pole and how, for south of the Autarctic circle land was discozered Learving part of the crew at this point and travding overland, the explorers found the air to become warmer and to their great astonishment they discovered a land. surrounded by high mountains, the temperature of the region being for above the frecsing point and there palm trees and luxurious flowers flourished. During part of their exploration trip, a "Thing" um . krovem to them killed all of the explorers with the exception of Captain Livingstone and a man by the name of Hampden. Leaving this Garden of Paradise, as this spot had been named at first, the two men traveled owward. Some distance further on they discovered a cave, the foor of which was covered with a thick coating of ice and encased in that ice they found the body of a beautifnl young woman, clothed as only inhabitants of a tropscal country uowld be. The Captain formed the opinion that this girl was not dead, but other uords, ncither living nor dead.
other uords, meither living nor dead.
Captain upproshed ind the Captain approached Darwin Frontenac. His his enowl toe toward bringing this beautiful young girl back so life After the facts stated young girl back bove had been recounted to Frontenar and Mr. MeQuestion, ther agrced to go to the Antarctic repions and attempt to revive the girl After reccizing this assurarce the Captain con. tinued with his story. He told how he and Hampden procecded further into the cave and there found a huge stone doorvay gwarded by o tremendous carted figure of a harpy. Unable to open the door. the pwo men retraced their steps to the mouth of the rave and started back toward their depot. On the way, Hampden, with his sled and dogs, fell into a crequsse and was lost. The sled carried all photographic records and left the Captain without any substantiation of his stary. Reaching the depot, the Captain Feturned to the Unired States, where he met
Frontentac with the vesult described above.
Preparations got underzersy for the long trip to the Antaretic. One hundred and treo dogs are to be carried, and to saie their strength and at the same time to conserve food. Frontenac derides to arrificially kill all of the dogs, place them in a refrigerutor on board ship and Then he will revive thein and they wrill be used for huling sleds The silling of the dossed for hauling sleds. The killing of the dogs is fessor Archimedes Bukink. the party leaves for the Antarctic on board the ship Multnomah.

## SIXTH INSTALLMENT

## CHAPTER XVIII

THE KILLERS

WE were running through the great Strait of Juan de Fuca, that inlet once so mysterious and fabledand completely missed, by the way, by the celebrated Captain Cook. To the north, stretched the dark wooded hills of Vancouver Island; to the south, lay the Washington shore, its hills, too, dark and wooded, the mountains striking in their somber beauty, with the summit of Olympus (the Santa Rosalia of the Spanish captains) rising above all, eight thousand feet aloft.
It was one of those days of blue sky and cloud, of bright, crispy sunshine and sudden shadow. There seemed to be something threatening in the air. One moment the sea would be a dark, wondrous blue in the sunlight; the next moment everything would be involved in shadows somber and awfu?
Shorter and shorter grew those intervals

of sunlight, denser the clouds and deeper the gloom.

And, when at length we had Tatoosh on our lee beam, the dark masses closed in over the last spot of blue, the hue of the sea, under the gloom cast by the unbroken canopy of cloud, turning leaden and sinister.
This I thought no auspicious omen; but neither the captain nor any of the watch seemed to pay any particular attention to this change, in which, so it seemed to me, there was something ominous.
There had been no change, however, in the wind, which was still blowing from the north in what seamen term a fresh breezein other words, twenty-eight or thirty miles per hour.

The patent $\log$ had been over for some time now, the reading having been noted (and recorded) on the Multnomah's passing that point directly north of Tatoosh light. This the captain called taking the departure, and it was then that the dead reckoning began.

The ship's course (true) was south-southwest. But one other vessel was visible, a bark, hull-down, in the southern board, close hauled on the starboard tack.

The day was drawing to a close. Suddenly the cloud-curtain lifted far in the west. A dull streak of light appeared along the horizon. It became brighter and brighter -a vivid yellow. The yellow turned to orange, and, in that streak of garish light, suddenly appeared the upper limb of the sun-its color the dark, terrible red of blood. Slowly it sank into the black waters, and I likened it to some monstrous evil eye slowly concealed by a lid even more evil and monstrous.
The light lingered for a few moments, dull and wrathful then the cloud curtain settled down again.
The gloom rapidly deepened, and then of a sudden a dense

He dropped to his knees, hugged the dog to him and rocked him back and forth, murmuring endearing
obscurity settled on the sea, as the rain which the dark sky had long threatened began to descend with great violence. A few moments, and one could not see more than fifty fathoms.

## A NEAR COLLISION

Immediately the Multnomah's fog-horn began its melancholy sounding-three blasts in succession.

Came at length the sound of another horn, that of the bark. And thereafter we heard it at pretty regular intervals-one blast being sounded.

Then, after a longer interval, two blasts came.
"On the other tack 1 " exclaimed Captain Livingstone. "The damned fool, is he going to lay across our forefoot?"

And then suddenly we saw her, nearly dead ahead and almost upon us-a shadowy, uncertain mass, her port light gleaming angrily through the driving rain, the starboard one shining as though with ghostly fire.

The Multnomah's helm was put up, bringing the wind almost dead astern. As for the stranger (who had the right of way) he put his helm down, bringing the ship's head into the wind until, for a moment, I thought that she would be taken aback. But she fell off again, and in a moment the ships were driving past, so close that some of the spray thrown up from the other's bows fell upon our decks.
"You blink-blanked fool l" cried Captain Livingstone, shaking his fist at the receding vessel.

It had been a close call.
"Muist be full of hop or hootchl" the captain ejaculated.

The stranger had disappeared into the gloom. Came again the melancholy sounding of his fog-horn.
"Snort away," said the captain, "an! see if old Flattery will heed your warning."
"He'll have to go some," Ben Rainier remarked, "to weather the cape on that tack."

Morning found a clear sky and the Multnomah, her course still south-southwest, logging six knots, the wind from the northwest.

As soon as the sun had risen a dozen de-
grees or so above the horizon (for below that the correction for refraction is uncertain) Captain Livingstone took a time sight and azimuth. Of course, dead reckoning gave him the ship's position with a high degree of exactitude. For instance, when he made his observation, about half-past seven, the Multnomah had, since taking her departure, sailed ninety-five knots. Her course being south-southwest, she had made good eighty-eight miles of southing and thirtysix miles (nautical) of westing. With these data it were a simple matter to mark the ship's position upon the chart and say
"There she is !"
But Stanley Livingstone did not do things that way.

This morning observation gave him his longitude. At midday, he took another sight -the meridian altitude of the sun. From this he obtained his latitude. It was an easy matter to obtain the noon longitude from the longitude given by the morning sight, and so he had the Multnomah's precise position at noon. At this point a new departure was taken. Another observation was made in the afternoon.

And so it went, day after day, none of this work ever being omitted when it was possible to take an observation.
And, as I watched this poor doomed man carrying on his work thus, I would think what a strange thing a human being is, after all, and often a lump would rise in my throat. He might at any moment drop to the deck a corpse. He knew it. But he would go on with his work to the last. It would be no weakling that would fall when Death smote him in the breast; it would be Stanley Livingstone, master to the end of the good ship Mulinomah.

But, if I could have peered into the future. visioned the killers, seen the awful end that fate had inf store for this man already donmed-well, it had been a mercifu! stroke had Death burst the captain's aneurism and stretched him dead at our feet.

What. with the possibility that Captain Tivingstone might drop dead at any moment. I would often wonder how we should find things when Mr. Ben Rainier. the first mate (his place in turn taken by the second mate). became captain. Of course, Frontenac was


a curious phenomenon and one that I had never seen mentioned in a single scientific book: the moon (and, indeed, every other celestial object) had turned upside down!
commander of the expedition, but Mr. Ben Rainier would be master of the Multnomah -and would things go on as smoothly then? Near the thirteenth parallel of north latitude, we lost the anti-trades and entered the calms of Cancer. Then came the great northeast trade, and at length the belt of the equatorial calms or the doldrums.

This region of equatorial calms, however, is not so tranquil a place as the name implies. We had frequent squalls, some of them accompanied by deluges of rain, and once we found ourselves in a storm in which the wind seemed to be doing its level best to blow from three directions at the same time.
Just north of the equator, we fell in with the southeast trade.

It was on the 21st of October, at three $o^{\circ}$ clock in the afternoon, and in longitude $127^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$., that the Multnomah crossed the line.
We lost the southeast trades about the thirtieth parallel of south latitude, passed through the calms of Capricorn and caught the "brave west winds," which sent us along through the roaring forties toward the wild and tempestuous.seas of Cape Horn.

## WE SEE OUR FIRST ICEBERG

We saw our first iceberg near the fiftysecond parallel. It was eight or nine hundred feet long and much worn-sculptured into fantastic towers and pinnacles.

The sight brought strange, sad thoughts of Sleeping Beauty-far away in the midst of that unutterable desolation and silence. Poor little kid!

The days were long, the sun rising about four c'clock. Indeed-the sun's declination now being about $20^{\circ}$-t wilight, when the weather was fair, lingered throughout the night.

It was now that I noticed it for the first time-a curious phenomenon and one that I had never seen mentioned in a single scientific book: the moon (and, indeed, every other celestial object) had turned upside down!
(Continued on page 1126)

## Roman Perfume Lamps

By CHARLES BEECHER BUNNELL
lllustrations by the euthor,




Accordingly, sharp at midnight, the skeleton appeared again. This time, however, it was mounted on a
skeleton horse with wings.

# Doctor Hackensaw's Secrets 

## by clement fezandié

No. 37. The Mystery of the Walking Skeleton.

DOCTOR 1. HACKENSAW was, first of ali, an inventor; and an inventor is a man who, when absorbed in some great idea, is utterly oblivious to the external world. It is related that Sir Isaac Newton once started to boil an egg, but boiled his watch instead, holding the egg in his hand for a timepiece. Doctor Hackensaw, however, could piece. biven Sir Isaac a double discount. One day that he had cooked himself an omelet in his laboratory, he was seen to throw the omelet into the stove nistaking it for a shovelful of coal. On another occasion his newspaper not having come one morning, he hastily dressed and went to the corner newsstand for a copy. He noticed that people stared at him, but it was not until lie was safely home again that he discovered that he had forgotten a somewhat necessary article of his wearing apparel-namely, his trousers. As this was in New York City, the omission might have led to unpleasant consequences had a policeman chanced to see him.

Doctor Hackensaw was wealthy, for, while not a business man, he had made so many inventions of world-wide application and had increased the wealth of the country by so many billions of dollars, that a few millions couldn't help clinging to him. The consequence was that the doctor had a number of laboratories for his research work, and employed several hundred assistants.

Among these assistants was an eighteen-year-old young lady called Pepita Perkins, or more familiarly "Pep" Perkins. Doctor" Hackensaw looked upon her as an adoptell daughter, and she reciprocated by calling 13im "Pop."
It was one night when Miss Pepita Perkins was returning home at midnight from
a fancy-dress ball, that she first saw the zualking skeleton.
Now, Pep was a brave girl-on many a previous occasion she had showed that she by no means lacked courage, but the sight of a ghostly form walking the earth at miclnight is enough to strike terror in the bravest heart, and Pep might well be excused for losing her head.
The trouble all began with a stalled automobile. The gentleman who was taking $P$ ep home in his car chanced to stall when within a few rods of Doctor Hackensaw's summer cottage in New Jersey. Pep, too impatient to wait, left her escort tinkering with his machine, while she took a short cut home through the country graveyard.

Not the slightest fear did she experience, and it was without a tremor that she passed through the churchyard without even deigning to cast a look behind her. Doctor Hackensaw's grounds lay just beyond, and were surrounded by a long, high stonc wall, for the worthy doctor had always many inventions in hand that he was not yet ready to make known to the general public. Bitter experience had taught him the inadvisability of taking the public into his confidence until an invention was completed and thoroughly tested.

Pep Perkins reached the massive gates that gave entrance to the grounds, was admitted by the lodge keeper, and was walking briskly toward the house when, at a sudden! turn in the road, she saw it! It appeared suddenly, apparently coming out of nowherel It appeared first as a greenish light, without any definite form, but as she gazed at it, startled, it slowly assumed the figure of the skeleton of a man, every bone glowing with a strange fire. Nor was the skele-
ton standing still-it was slowly walking directly toward her.
Pep's heart jumped into her throat, and when the skeleton opened its bony jaws, and with chattering teeth gave vent to a sepulchral laugh, and then in mournful tones droned out the words, "Hollow 1 Hollow! Hollow l" the poor girl almost fainted from terror.

With one wild shriek, however, she tore past the ghostly vision and rushed for the house, where with fumbling hands she had difficulty in opening the door with her latch key. To her relief the light was still burning in Doctor Hackensaw's library, showing that he had not yet gone to bed, so she rushed in, wild-eyed and breathless.
"Pop!" she cried, "do you believe in ghosts?"


Pep's heart jumped into her throat when the skeleton opened its bony jaws.
"Scarcely, Pep," though I must humbly confess that as in all men; however mucls advanced, there lingers something in the back of my mind, some hereditary influence from our remote ancestors, that produces a slight nervousness occasionally in the dark, but I am always ready, and even anxious to investigate any ghostly phenomena that come to my notice:"
"Then your wish is granted!" retorted Pep. "If you will go to the gate you will find a walking șkeleton that chased me home because I was foolish enough to pass through the graveyard at midnight !"

Doctor Hackensaw leaned back in his chair and laughed heartily. "I'm afraid I'm the guilty one, Pep," said be, "and I must ask your pardon if I frightened you. I wasn't expecting you home so soon, as you usually don't return from a dance unti! the wee small hours of the morning. It was really my skeleton you saw!"
"Your skeleton?"
"Well, the words are ambiguous. I know. but you will understand the whole affair if you will listen to me.
"All right, start your explanation! As I won't get a wink of sleep to-night, I'11 'keep you up as long as I can talking to me and reassuring me. I was never so upset in my life! I've got the "creeps' in the very marrow of my bones."
"To begin with," said Doctor Hackensaw, I must inform you that the existence of this walking skeleton is a profound secret. You are not to speak of it to anyone. I cannot even tell you the purpose for which it is intended, as I have promised absolute secrecy. But I will tell you all that I can. To begin with. do you know anything about radium?"
"Yes, I know that a pinch of it costs a fortune and that it is continually shooting off particles and changing into lead."
"Precisely. The half period of radium, that is to say, the time required for half a given weight of radium to disintegrate, has been calculated as about 1690 years. In other words, unless new radium is forming, there must have been twice as much radium on earth 169 years ago as there is at present, four times as much 3380 years ago and so on. By making the calculation we find that one hundred thousand years ago or less the whole earth must have been one solid mass of radium! This, of course, is an impossibility for our geologists have proved that one hundred thousand years ago the earth was pretty much as it is now. Consequently, the inference is that new radium must be produced continually to replace the old one that is used up. Scientists argued that if radium was being produced at present, the substance from which it was produced must be found close to the radium in every locality where radinm was found, and always in the same proportion. Such a substance is Uraniuns. Uranium is much more conmon than radium and always exists with it, and the proportion present is constant. In all radium ores there is about three million times as much Uranium as radium. Hence, it is evident that Uranium is disintegrating into lead, though no direct proof of the fact has yet been had. The fact is that the half period of Uranium is five billion years and consequently many years must elapse before a perceptible amount of product can be obtained. Professor Soddy tried the experiment some years ago. The Uranium itself is soon decomposed. It throws off helium gas-one atom of helium being given off by each atom of Uranium. The product is called Uranium X, and although Doctor Soddy started the experiment in 1912, seven years later in 1919 he was unable to detect the formation of any radium. Just think of it! Seven years of experimenting! Yet the experiment continues and the triumph of science will be great on the day that the presence of radium
in his tube shows that the actual transformation of Uranium into radium shall be made manifest. Doctor Soddy calculated that if he continues the experiment sixty thousand years he will produce about one cent's worth of radium-not a very satisfactory financial resuh, but scientists are seldom good financiers!"

Pep Perkins yawned and wished that she had remained at the ball. This lecture on radium was as bad in its way as the sight of the phosphorescemt walking skeleton, and she determined to make a diversion.
"Pop," said she, "it's too late to-night for all that josh about radium. All I want to know is what that skeleton was that I saw near the park gate."
"Well, that was just what I was explaining to you." returned Doctor Hackensaw patienty. Uranium is the heaviest metal known, having an atomic weight of 238. It is continually disintegrating very slowly into nther substances, finally producing Uranium $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ with an atomic weigbe of 234. This is really Uranium with a helium atom (atomic weight 4) thrown off. This Uranium $X_{3}$ dcestr't live two minutes, but also disintegrates, finally producing ionium, and this in turn produces radium whose atomic weight is 226, thus showing that radium is nothing but Uranium with three atoms of helium expelled from each atom of radium. Now the radium itself disintegrates. It begins by
"Good night!" cried Pep, stamping her foot impatiently. "Do ycu think I'm going to stand here at one oclock in the morning listening to a lecture. I'm going to bed I"
"All right, Pep," assented the doctor, mildly. "And by the bye if you want more particulars about the walking skeleton, you can get them if you come with me tomorrow. I am starting to-morrow for a month's trip to Africa, and Sam, which is the name I have given the skeleton, comes along with me.

## CHAPTER II

"Isn't this glorious!" cried Doctor Hackensaw, as his express airplane, The Arrow. skimmed gracefully through the azure sky while the deeper blue billowing waves of the Atlantic played below them.
"Yes, it's dandy 1 " echoed Pep, "and now that we're on our way perhaps you will condescend to give me some explanation as to where we are going and what we are going to do, and what "Skeleton Sam," as you call him, has to do in the matter."
"All right. Pep; there is no reason why I should keep the matter secret any longer. Did you ever hear of Robert Houdin?"
"Yes. He was a famous conjurer, wasn't he?
"Precisely. Well, though he has been dead many years, he is responsible for the (Continued on page 1140)


## Jelly Fish Destroy Fish



Jellyfish, those useless, flabby denizens of the sea, have developed an appetite for herring and haddock and threaten to soom banish these fish from the North Sea where the jellyfish have appeared in large numbers.

Jellyfish one to six feet in size are now common in the wheters of the North Sea Swimmers stung by them have been known to go temporanily insane. Illustrations above show jellyfish in action.

Above: A type of jellyfish found in the waters about Jamaica Bay, L. I. This type of jellyfish has not as yet seriously interfered with the supply of food fish for which the shallow waters of this bay have been celebrated-H. J. Shannon.

## Flyimg Boar

${ }^{7}$ HE very latest development in the line of vehicles Ior water travel is the newly completed Rohrbach Alying boat illustrated directly below. The device resembles a cross between a common sail boat and an airplane. The hull is built along lines similar to the fuselage of an aerial hydroplane, which gives the boat a very small draft and reduces its resistance to the water. To further aid in cuitting down this hindrance in speed, airplane wings are mounted on the sides and the tail is equipped with a horizontal rudder. The vertical rudder is for steering. The boat oblains its motive power from a pair of sails and two airplane engines equipped with air screws. This velicle is reported to have broken many speed


## Simkimg Povie Ship

A MONG the many tricks used in motion picture photography today, those employing miniature scenes are probably the most effective. The illustration directly above shows operators in the act of photographing a sinking ship scene. When the finished film is thrown on the screen, the effect is one of a storm at sea wherein the ship, apparently full size, is damaged and sinks. The entire illusion is accomplished with miniature scenery.



Magic ior Euersyloodly
By PROF. JOSEPH DUNNINGER


Scientific Problems by ernest k. chabin


Directly above we show an illustration in which there are scientific discrepancies. Note the position of the man in reference to the mirror, the position of the reflection, the refraction through the prism, and the position of the mirror in the boy's hand. What is wrong?


The illustration directly above shows a well-known type of storm that is often illustrated and called a cyclone. Is this the name of this type of storm?


11 SGREM

## 8



We all know that when blue and yellow paints are mixed, the resu'ting mixture appears green. However, can you account for the fact that these two colors when
projected on a white screen produce a grayish tint?

## How Amateur Actors Make•Up

By L. B. ROBBINS


In the figure above the actor is ready to put on his make-up. To the right he is seen with the daubs of ground color spread out over his face. The next figure to the right illustrates how the distinguished facial ex pressions are applied. The wig is then pulled down over the head after the nose has been built up with putty and the buit up pripar As illus mustache applise As illus trated below, the semblance o missing teeth can be produced by using tlack wax which is molded over the teeth.

ANY amateur theatricals fall flat in one essential namely that of stage make-up. When one considers the art as a whole, he will find that making up for the play is very simple. In order to simplify the process still more, the illustrations on this page are made in such a way that each process is clearly brought forth. The colors and paints are scientifically prepared and are available in handy containers ready for instant use. All that the actor really has to do is to visualize the character in his mind and then prepare his own features with color and line to form that character. The process in general is as follows: The actor seats himself before a well lighted mirror with the powders and grease paints spread cut in front of him on the table. A towel or cloth is wrapped around the neck for protection, and then cocoa butter or cold cream is rubbed thinly into the skin to fill the pores and prepare a suitable surface to work on. Making wrinkles successfully is an art in itself. They are first drawn in the required place with a sharp lining stick, then just above each line or between two adjacent ones, a line of lighter color than the flesh is filled in. This is the high light; the dark line is shadow. These two lines are then softly blended with the finger to tone them down. The other features of the make-up are shown on this page.


The use of tooth wax is shown above. indicate the final touches in the amateur make-up. To heighten the eyes and enlarge them, the eyebrows are darkened with paint and the lashes touched up paint and the lashes touched up ren a dark line is drawn above and below the cdges of the lids the eye. Features may be al tered with nose putty as illus trated on this pagc, and a plump hand is made to appear aged and scrawny, by giving them neutral shade and then coloring as illustrated below left.


HANDS AGED BY SHADING SIDES OF FINGERS \& ACCENTING VEINS AND WRINKLES


NATURAL EYE


How a plump hand looks when aged.

-o-Speciall Prizes Pemopencils iolite Giver


## THE CONETRIVCTOR

## Making Your Own Antiques



Above: When a cavity is to be in the finished object, it is formed in the still plastic clay with a round


Above: Some of the decorative objects made by the pocess described herewith C present.

ALTHOUGH clay is most frequently used - fo. molding, still it can be carved if care is used and ducorative articles of an antique appearance made from it. Select clay that is as soit as ta.cum and feels oi.y o: swapy to the touch. Be sure it contains no grit or sand. This may be had in many colers and often two or th.ee co:ors may be usad in oate article effectively. Mix the clay to the consistency of thick dough and mold rough.y to the desired shape. Always make the rough mold slightly larger than the finished object is to be, in order to provide sufficient material for carving. Be sure no air pockets are


Above: Accomplishing the carving with a small pen knife. The design may be lightly traced on the clay and the surrounding parts cut out so that the design stands in elief. This wo-k is done after the inside cavity has been smoothed. The walls shou'd cavity has been smoothed. The walls shoutd be $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ to $1^{\prime \prime}$ thick, although for smaller objects $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ will be sufficient. To preserve these objects, two or more coats of hard drying varnish should be applicd. Collo. dion may also be used.-Dr. Ernest Badc.


## Improved String Telephone

By C. A. OLDROYD



## Testing Mink



## Current-Producing Selenium Cells <br> Their Dependence On Moisture.

By W. S. GRIPENBERG, Selenium Cell Specialist


## Celestial Camera



A camera attachment for taking photographs of the heavenly bodies may readily be made as shown above. A tube with a focusing arrangement is first provided and fitted at one end with a convex lens. A double concave
lens is placed in the other end in the manner shown. By setting the camera on a rigid tripod, focusing and experimenting with the length of exposure, excellent results can be obtained. Left-moon.



Torches
END BRAZED SHUT $\rightarrow$ AND 64 MOLE DRILLED


BEADS
TO HO
TO
LOW PRESSURE
TORCH FOR.
HIGH PRESSURE
TORCH FOR BATTERY WORK ETC. BRAZING ETC.

Torches for high and low pressure use may be made as shown above at the right and left respectively with brass or copper tubing. Rubber tubes lead to the tanks. -K. B. Thompson.

Tipce Pustap


SECTIONAL VIEW


CONNECTIONS TO SPARK
PLUG SHELL

The simple tire pump illustrated above is attached to a spark plug shell. The shell is screwed into one cylinder in place of the plug and the engine operated when a tire is to be inflated.
-G. A. Luers.

Mhosphorescema Hight


Two interesting chemical experiments in the production of phesphorescence are illustrated above Sulphur, when heated by any of the two methods illustrated, produces a very weird luminous effect. For all experiments in phosphorescence the room should be quite dark.
-C. A. Oldroyd.

Train Speced


When traveling on a railroad irain, one often wishes to know just how fast he is traveling Here is a method that is much quicker than timing the distance between mile posts and which is of use during day or night. Merely count the number of clicks heard as the wheels of the train pass from one rail to the next in 20.4 seconds. This number will be the speed of the train in miles per hour.
-Elliot R. Weyer.


Fire-Provis Paper


Paper which will not burn when held in a flame is often desired for various purposes. Ordinary paper may be used in this way by saturating it three times in a strong solution of alum in water, drying it after each saturation. -F.S. Yamamoto.

Cleaming Papero


Soiled wall paper may be quickly and easily cleaned by stroking lightly and in one direction only with a mass of dough made up of bread flour and water to a consistency that will not stick. Never go over the same place twice. -Mrs. Jean Wagar.

Metal Fechang


Coat the metal to be etched with soap and scratch the marking through the soap to the metal with a pencil. Apply blue vitriol solution. In about five minutes. wash it off.
-E. C. Timlick.

Gracturate Repaiti


When the base of a graduate breaks, a sturdy repair may be made as illustrated above. The plaster will hold the graduate rigidly. -Joe Windle.
Husmixacss Swiitcc


5 grm OF CALCIUM SULPHIDE WITH 5OME GASOLINE AND VARNISH

A mixture as described above makes luminous paint for application as shown.
-Claude G. Minnich.

## Blure Primes



White lines may be drawn on blue prints with the solution shown above-A. A. Blumenfeld.

Removing Cork


Get the cork to the mouth of the bottle as shown. Applying hot water will usually force it out.

## Microscope



The power of a microscope may be improved by placing a drop of oil or water on the objec. tive as shown above. -L. M. Brooks.

Treansparemi Papme


Transparent paper for various uses may be made by immersing cotton or linen paper in the solution indicated above. -F. R. Moore.

## Readers Forum

## READING BACKWARDS

lidilor. Science and Invintins: When I read Mr. Ringutond idea of begiming explanation for a reader starting the book in this way. A right handed nersin naturally begins to turn the pages "ith hin right hand. The pages
slin over eavier with the paln of the hand toward
 one by onte. Tline places the right thumbt at the hack of the book. When turning in this manner, the advertising is read for pawed over) firit. This buts me all right. Better have a han begiming and in some "ads" with inn more hope turtil the next month. I do not thimh. Mr. Kinsetrom's plan would lie popular because it would be hard to heeome accuntomed to luok to the left for the niext bage when we are used to looking to the
right. It wonld also be awkward reading to the right. It would also be awkward reading to the left and reading to the left would be worse. "os kniht uny t'noD (Look. a little queer, eh?) Enward (. Jonsinton l'itt-burgh. l'a (1) are right in assuming that a righthanded
person naturally heuns to turn the puges of a person naturall begins to thrn the puges of a
book oicr zeith his right hand, and it is much casier to hold the entire book in' the left hand and turn the pages zeith the right but begin turning the back of the book; at least that scims to be the case acith the majority of riuht handed indiridnals, and if yun carc to obscrici the readers of netusand if you carc to obscrit the readers of metuspapers, vorn zeth find that this is their aeneral prothat a great many of the newspapers hate their comic and magazine sections near the cnd of the paper. i. e., on the last, nest to the last, or third
from the last shects. Bnstucst men and anonen ensoy comics, some of them to a greater eritens han they do the heusy ncu's, and it may be" that they unconscionsly turn toscard the end of a book die to force of habit in handling nezespapers. Of coursc, printing a book backward would not be a yood system, and as woll say, radina ty

## BENDING LIGHT RAYS

Editor, Sciesce and Inventios: It seems that if the new quartz lens which will
make a beatn of light eurn a hundred and eiphty degree angle he mounted in a telescone, one could are objects miles away in the samc plane as that of the eyc. This would be of great benefit to the
police department hecause the escaping bandit could police department hecause the escaping bandit coulrl the bandit is around the cormer several hlocks the bandit is arotnd the corner several whocks from the bandit's automobite over the high buildcycle cops could trap the bandits. Instead of looking at distant planets with a telescope. ships coulh be watched across the ocean, even though they could not be seen with ant ordinary lens leecause of the curvature of the earth. If a common lens can gather light rays from a planet millions of miles away in a vacumu. Why could ton a ship
be seen a few thousand mile, in this denser air he seen a few thous
with a quartz lens?

Therrer. J. Smider, St. Johns, Mich.
(Your impression concerming the operation of a luartz dens is distortcd. Although a hight bean cans he made to follow a curic by minans of a quarts tion, bus by internal reffection. In othier zeords, if we desire to bend the beam of light throught 180 degress of a semi-circular are we haze to haze a quartz bar or cylinder curaced through such are,
l'he light is bent along ilhe inferior of this solid quartiz plass rod and seill take the cirrature of the rod. The instant the beam reaches the end of the rod. it emerges and goes thrangh the atmosphere tia the ether in a straight line Consequently, in
order to make a telescope ahich will "look around order to make a telescope which well "look around
the corner", the telescope zeould liate to haic a long glass rod bent throngh an arc of 90 dearecs thd it zeonld haic to he so sifnated that the bend inn it zeoth be located at the corner around zehich the bserzer desires to sce. Ind in order to obserze a hie lens be tong enomgh ro muke such an obscra tion practical. Such a telescope would haze to be approsimately thece milles long to sce the ship zehen It is hill-doz'n for an abserier at sia lezel.1:DITOR.)

## INTELLIGENCE OF FISH

liditor, Sctfnce and Intration:
The September issue of Science and Invention contains a drawing of an eel in a bath tuh. The eet has its tail around the water antlet on the tub and is looting the water in. The picture is enis the following: "Kosmos, a German scientific jnurnal, tuntes an observation made by one of their reaters which would ceen to point to a more than usual degree of intelligence found in an eel. Than thend degree of intelligence found in an eel. living was removed he took care in preserve his life br using his tail as a dain as slown."
ite wising his tail as a dain as slown,
I wish to take exception to the statement that
be eet shows intelligence and that he intention.

SCIENCE AND INVENTION desires to hear from its eaders. It solicits com-
ments of general scientific interest, and will ments of general scientific interest, and will appreciate opinions on Jcience suirects. This page. This magazine also relishes criticto if you hata anything to say, this is the place to say it anything to say, this is the place to say
in. Please limit your letters to 500 words and address your letters to Editor-The Magazine, 53 Park Place, New York City.
ally dammed up the water. In the tirst place. when the stopler is removed from a bathtub full of water, the water runs out. While running out it outlet. I believe that the eel', tail was drawn outlet. I believe that the eeln tail was drawn was not put there by the eel. Perhaps we can was not put there by the eed, tail loy saying that explath whe position of the to the unusual alegree of intelligence found in the water in the barll tub while it was runsing out. I have never fouml anything but bone in fislies, and 1 think the eel is no exce, tion. If the eel had any intelligerce, would it be in the hath tul)? No, it would be in sonte creek where there was no danger of the water leaking out. liven at that. the cel showed more intelli gence than the man who put it into the bath tub Germans? But he eolls intellizence is stipntion Germans? But the eel's intelligence is nothing to the mitelligence of a ject snake I once had. I once found a small garter sulake and put it into a bottle. the cork and knotted it on the inside of the botile. I then lung the bottle up by the string. The smake became restless and then stopped its crawl. ing aromnd inside of the bot ${ }^{\circ}$ e and was motion head, take a look at the knot, then look at the floor. It then got hold of the knot with its moutl and pulded. The knot came unfactened and the bottle fell to the floor and broke. The snake then crawled away and disappeared into a rat lole
before 1 could eateh it again before 1 could eateh is aghan.

Grevaville, Ohio.


## The Experimenter

has come backi If you are one of the
one hundred thousand reader of the old Elfctrical. Experimentrr. you will no doubt be glad to hear that the ExperiMPNTPR is coming back BIGGER AND trics has been chanded into an entirely new kind of magazine entitled

## The Experimenter

In thio metazine micich has been ,urataly enlarged in point of contents. illustra.
tions and circulation, sou will find the following new departments:

Experimental Radio
Experimental Chemistry Thers is an entirely new treatment of
radio containing experiments only. $90 \%$ radio containing experiment only, $90 \%$ ments written by the foremost authoritien
in their respective fields, also a monthly in their respective fields,
editorial by the writer. A fine roto-dravure bection is now added to bridhten up the magazine. If
ymu want experiments, this is your magaynin want experiments, this is your masa
sine. sure to reserve a copy from your
Be news-dealer helore the issue is sold our.
THE EXPERIMENTER will be on sule at all newsstands beginnind February

## Hugo Gernsback Editor

## 

(The suction created be zeater flowing out of a bath the is certainly not strong cuowgh to canse an ecl to curl around the ontlet of a bath thb. as indicated in the article aboie alluded to. The muscular structure of an cel is e ery powerful and
could casily oicrcone phe "suction "in question could casily oicrcoms" phe "suction" in question.
There is considerably more than "just bones" in an eel As a matier of fact. the siructurc of an cel is highly organized, its ligespia c organs being complete. A brain is fonnd, and neries, spinal It zeould take too long to describe the structure. of an animal of this nature, bul a good book on biologr zeould not be a bad suggestion. The zeriter of the aboz'c communication ezidently gires ariater credit to a garter snake than to ant cel. ff'e cer.
*ninf Enowd qurstion the anthenticity of the shake cpisude or the ability of an unimal to untie knots.

 auc cant.
hoisknot.-Ebitor.)

## THE SPIRIT QUESTION

Editor. Science. Ans invisimas back number, of four makazne (December. 192.3, 1 noticed zon spiritualiom, and to avcertain the source and cance of the so-called plemomena. I an very much interested in knowing the revilts of the tevts conl
ducted by your staff of insentigators, ats I hats ducted by your staff of insentigators. ats I hatsu
been troubled at night hy strange phenomena in been troubled at might hy stange phenomena ${ }^{\text {min }}$ such occasions many tines when $I$ attempted th quickly turn on a light, I found to my disgust and terror that the bull, had been wonerewed from the sochet and wan, ats near as i coulll tell, dangling kindly have one of your staff furninh me with : repolt? G. W. diexasiok, Chicase Ill
(7he phenomena of athid vou zerite are ce
 pryelticul phencmina zohich zeere not frandwhen?. H'e are still lowkng for them, and our $\$ 11,0$ minnil
 psyincal performe's as bi'ing zeillingly frauduliut The fact that no so-called "spiritualists" haic com, foraurd to demonstrate their capabilities tends t, purchase a flushlioht, scal it and sughest that now purchase a flachlight, seal is and make use of thi ing tibies ur fier are orsis in ehe room me ordmorily cull not briak scals.- Fimtor.)

## PLAGIARISM

edilor, Science and Jniention:
A- one of your reporters i an writing thi who are sendning you in soold stuff, the fellon ing goen, and brassing it off on Joul as original matter and getting away with it tuo and juat think of the money prizes you are paying out t", popular and interesting of magazines. I hate to see this sort of thing being pulted off while at lot of the rest of us are striving to send yout eally new athed interevting materials.
Take, for example, the prize of $\$ 10.00$ you pid to Fred Ayres and anvilier to (Gus ()line fon the articles you publi,hed in this Octoler issu.*
on page 586 . I know both of these to be old and not oniginal. I knew the idtea of converting one of the long coppereowered can openers int. ceen it published there was old, and that I hat aloo the idea of paiving a small machine screw through a pilce of patier to hohl it while settime the screw within some difticult place, so I took thit troulile to look them up to place, so 1 trook thince currect in my statement. I could not locate the article about the screw, but was able to find the one about the can opener, which I inclose for sour guidance. It was publinhed in March, 19ㅇ. i thank such correspondents as these shoulel ho druphed from sour rolls and requested to return
the firize mones they have accepted, unless the? the prize mones they have accepted, unless the: are entirely in some matner or other that thes ing original matter. I have hrat occasion to in Whe the attention of the publishers of another magazine to some of the wame class of contributor jrimuply dropped by the editor who wrote werd himmindy dropped by the ellitor whe wrote and nethexla. I think it is only right to endeavor th proteet ihose of us who are imhiving to send tor interesting new material. While on the other hamd sou are publishing and paying out money for oled material such as I have minted out.
deblinton l'ow elit., San Francisco. Calif.
CAs aill be noticed, dr. Gus Oline reconed
 Welreze that $1 / r$. Fred Alres did not attempt to copy the article which yon found originally in another publication. If Mr. Ayres has done that mtentionally or purposcly, we zill make it our
dilt no not to accept furtlicr manuscripts from him. dity not to accept further manusiripts from him.
II's bclicse, hozuescr, Phat Mr. Ayres is absu Whe belicic, hozuescr, phat Mr. Ayres is absu
lutely sincere in the belief that the article actar lutely sincere in the belicf that the article aca,
original. IIc haine so tise for plagiarism and al weavs fight against it when we can do so. Ot plagiarize another article and zill mintentionally pagiariae another article, and particularly if it
is short, one cannot quite hold him materially is short, one cannot quite hold him materially
responsible for doing so. If the cditors knote that as arlicle of a certain thpe has beem pub. ished before in another periodical, a rejection slip is immediately clipped to the article, and the cason for its rejection is marked on the slip. Neierthcless, we thank you wery much for call. ing this matter to our affention, and wee zuill be indebted to any of onr other readers zho bring procf of plagiarized articles to our attention at any time.-Enitor.)
(Continurd on facte 1143)


Apartment House Radio

AN enterprising and enthusiastic landlord-yes, there are still a few left-has equipped his Riverside Drive apartment house with a magnificent radio installation. Contained within a specially built radio room on the roof, are four loop receivers. Three of these are for the reception of local stations, while the fourth is used for DX. The receiving sets are connected to an amplifier system which furnishes sufficient energy to operate a loud speaker placed in every apartment suite. When Madam decides that she wants an operatic selection, a lecture on home economics or a snappy jazz orchestration, or perhaps listen to what Mrs. Smith-de-Puyster has to say on birth control, she naturally uses her best judgment and simply "plugs in." If she wants a particular selection which she noted in the newspaper, slie phones the radio operator who willingly obliges to his best ability. How much better than the average situation: that of the sight of numerous and fantastic and grotesque looking antenna systems dangling on the housctops of many of our beautiful buildings. Don't you well remember the day when you first asked your landlord, then begged him, and implored and beseeched, and, in fact, did everything but convince him that the erection of your antenna would not disfigure nor injure nor harm his property? And with a sigh you now wish he were your tenant!
Many other apartment owners are following suit and are likewise installing similar outfits for the benefit and enjoyment of their lessecs. As can be readily seen from the photo-diagram, the wiring of the system is relatively simple. A four-plug baseboard faceplate facilitates ready connection, tapping the secrets of the ether and bringing joy and happiness to everyone.
"If I allow the owner to wire my rooms for radio reception, I'm afraid he'll raise my rent," you may think. However, this service will, and should, be entirely free. In this way, it will stimulate greater interest in the wonderful programs now being daily broadcast entirely free of charge to us, by a young and rapidly growing American in-stitution-our Broadcasting Stations.

## Policemen or the Ether



WEW radio fans know that the Federal Government employs radio - inspectors to keep a vigilant watch on all broadcast and amateur of the in the country. To attest for it, the above photo shows one of the officers of the law, carefully checking up to see whether there are any errant transmitters on the air. Whenever he does come across one. a note of warning is sent to the offender. A second offense may mean the confiscation of the entire radio apparatue It is up to the radio inspector to preserve absolute tranquility in the air a duty which ity in the air, a duty which is indeed a difficult task with so many transmifters working. To the right is shown the Bureau of Standards' Radio Traffic Officer who keeps tabs on all those he is able to kear. It may be safely stated that there are verv few statons there are verv few statons
in the country whiwh he is in the country whwh be is
not able to record. Measurements are taken with precision wavemeters.
 ne



The Government's Valuable Work ,


Not only do the duties of the Radio Inspector require him to listen in, but he must visit the transmitting stations regula:ly. When on a tour of inspection, it falls to his lot to correct any incursion on the law. Above shows a district radio office: readjusting the transmitter of a broad asttransmition whose emitied ing station whose emitted slightly from that allotted by the government. The discrepancy was not much. but nevertheless it was there. It's the little things that count.


The beginner is somewhat confused as to the real meaning of wave-length, and its relation with the velocity and frequency of radio waves. This point has been fully clarified in the above diagram Radio waves travel with the speed of light, 186,000 miles per second. By definition, wave-length is the distance between particles in the same phase. Hence, the velocity is equal to the frequency times tne wave-length. Broadcasting stations are assigned between 220 and 575 meters. This mean: a frequency range of from approximately $1,400,000$ to 500.000 cycles per second.

## Chelmsiord, G5XX

Powerful Broadcast Station at Chelmsford, England.
 work of guy wires, antenna system and counterpoise standing towering up into space. It will be noted that the construction differs from those in this country in that the masts are not self-supporting. Thus, the most powerful station in the world, located at Rocky Point, WQK, uses self-supporting masts which extend to the dizzy height of 600 feet. Below can be seen some of the special high tension transmitting apparatus whose design also vastly differs from ours. This assemblage represents a step towards super broers casting, a condition which does not meet with favor in the eyes of


In comparison with the most powerful broadcast stations in the United States, which use but a meager 1500 -watt input. Chelmsford is more than 15 times as powerful and should be heard with ease by the average five-tube set. Note the special rectifying tubes in the above photo. Due to the extremely high voltage employed, special insulation must be used.
One of the most powerful radio broadcast stations in the world was opened recently at Chelmsford, England, and is now known as G5XX. Operating on the high wave of 1600 meters with a 25 -kilowatt input (sufficient to light nearly 4,200 sixty-watt lamps), the station has already been brought to the fore and into prominence through its repeated trans-oceanic transmissions. For the first time in the history of broadcasting, special programs will be sent to America daily and it will be but a matter of a few months before an exchange of programs will take place.


## What Causes Radio Interference

Parasites Which Take The Joy Out of Radio


Your neighbor's violet ray outfit may be the unsuspected cause of the uncarthly noises you are hearing.


TELEPHONE RINGERS
Reasonable assurance that you are wanted on the telephone-but most of the time it's your neighbor's.


MOTORS
If you are in the vicinity of a factory in which many motors are in


## ENGINES

Gas engines, farm lighting plants, and even nearby automobiles are responsible in a great measure for causing you unwarranted exasperation. The sources of such disturb. ances can easily be traced by the regularity of their ocurrence.
tROLLEY CARS
Did you ever notice an increasing amount of "static" when the street car passed down the block? This source of trouble is difficult to remedy. although by the judicious placing of the antennà or by using a loop, it is possible to overcome it successfully.


ELEVATORS
If you live in an elevator apart ment-not getting too persona now-you might put your radio

H. F. APPARATUS

When little Willie next door starts his new high frequency apparatus going, shut off the set and go out for a walk. This is a situation which you cannot cope with, unless the house current for your section is shut off.


Witness now the last word in loud speaker design. Decidedly different in every respect from the ordinary horn type of speakers, this one employs a large paper cone specially treated. Note its original features and its radical departure from the average loud speaker. It was found to be able to reproduce the lower musical notes very beautiinlly.


## New Paper Come

 SpeatherAn Exceptionally Fine Reproducer



The speaker is of the adjustable type having a small thumb screw which is used to tighten the cone. This is necessary to compensate for the expansion or contraction caused by at mospheric conditions. Note pleasing appearance.
Due to its excellent mechan. ical construction and electrical efficiency, it was found to give musical programs an air of realism. Orchestra music is exceptionally good.


The above diagrams show how the speaker operates. Suspended between the pole pieces of a powerful permanent magnet is a pivoted armature. Two magnet coils are so arranged as to give maximum movement of the armature to which is attached a small rod which in turn connects to a long pin. This pin actuates the paper cone.-Photos courtesy of the Western Electric Co.

High Power Tramsmitting Tubes



Here we show stages in the construction of the powerful transmitting tubes used for trans-oceanic communication. The tubes are designed for operation on 10,000 volts and D. C. and in order to withstand the strong current, are equipped with a water cooling jacket. Much of the work has to be done by hand. the photo above showing a step in the sealing of the terminal connections. At left: operator watching the action of the elements under a test of 15,000 volts. At this dangerous voltage, the slightest mechanical jar means disaster to the tube.

## Are You Busing Good Tubes? <br> Dependable Tube Testers <br> by Leon l. Adelman, A.m.,I.R.E.

Audio Frequency Oscillator


When you enter a radio store, to buy new tubes fo- your receiv er, do you ask the salesman to test them f~r you? Ase you satis fied when he merely shows you that the flament lights and concludes that the tube must be a good one? Ycu may be misied and are making a mistake. You are entirely within ycur rights to demand a more thorough test, the instruments shown here, being


The tube tester shown above allows tubes to be tested for their audio frequency oscillations, it bcing unde stood that if a ube will oscillate audibly, it will also do so at radio frequencies. Four different sockets are prowided for their respective tubes, and are cornected through specific resistances. thus allowing filament operation from one " $A$ " battery source.


The most important tests in the radio field at the present time are those on vacuum tubes. There is now available a great variety of tubes which have widely varying characteristics. Be careful when buying them and do not take the criterion of low p-ice and exaggerated pe:formance. These standard meters are designed to protect you


The circuit shown above allows any of the standard tubes to be checked. Ask to see the readings on the meters before purchasing.

## Direct Current

 CharacteristicsThe "static" or dizect cur-ent charThe "static or direct cur-ent characteristics of a vacuum tube. if proper:y checked, are a direct means of ascertaining whether a tube will act at highest efficicncy either as a detector, an oscil.ator, or an amplifier The instrument shown he-ewith is readily adaptable for measuring the mutual conductance, the arrp:ification constant and output irrpedance. Contrary to general opinien, the amp:ification constant is not the main considezat on in a ture, but the mutual conductance shou!d be noted carefully when purchasing them.


For a given rated " $A$ ", " $B$ " and "C" battery woltage, the larger the reading shown by the plate milliammeter, the better the tube. Remember, good tubes mean good results.
 Every dealer should have one of these indispensable outfits for the protection of his customers.

Where these meters are not used by a radio store, persist in having the tubes tested in a receiving set, under normal operating conditions.

## A Page for the Novice

## PART II



The diagram in the upper left shows the use of a series-paratlel switch in a crys-
tal set hook-up. Its function is to place the antenna conden-
ser in series or in shunt with the primary inductance. shorter wave-lengths $c$ an $b e$ obtained. when in parallel. longer wave-lengths are reccived. The variometer-iuned sets in the upper right and diagram to the left are simple sets to const:uct, which give results. The principle of the variometer is readily understood. When the rotor and stator windings are in the same direction, the inductance is a maximum; when oppos-


The diode or two element qube, since its inception by Pleming, has been used with success in many simple circuits. Its action depends upon the well-known "Edison effect." Edison found that electrons we:e emitted from a heated filainent and were attracted to a cold metal plate posilive a cold metal plate positive ly charged. This at once led to the discovery of the rectifying action of the diode tube. Two circuil: are given herewith showing how the tube is used with and without a "B" battery and in both conductively and inductively coupled cir. cuits. A single dry cell is all that is required to operate the filament. Louder signals can be had than with a crystal detector. The tube has what is known as an amplification factor which increases the signal strength.


It is well to keep in mind when purchasing variable condensers that a .001 has 43 plates; a .0005, 23 plates; a .0003, 15 plates. a 00025 11 plates. Fixed condensers are rated, not according to are rated, not according to the number of plates they contain, but to their capacity in microfarads. When buying them, specify whether you want a grid condenser, . 00025 to . 0005 ; a phone by-pass, . 001 to . 006 ; "B" battery by-pass, . 002 to 2 mf ., or antenna serics, from . 00025 to .006 . It is best to use heavy wire, well insulated, when wiring a set. A very minimum of solde ing paste or resin should be used when making connections. All leads should preferably be short. but the instruments should not be crowded together. Remember not to connect the "B" battery before testing the " $A$ " battery circuit.

## 合 ITMO Ituroe Resex <br> A Circuit Which Gives Excellent Results

By Alfred R. MARCY, A.M., I.R.E.


THE reflex circuit is well known for its simplicity of control, cla.ity of seproduction and volume. Using but two 201A tuives, such stations as KDKA. WDAP, WGY, WBZ, WSAI, WTAM and many of the other large broadcasting stations within a radius of 1000 miles are heard regula ly with oud speaker volume. Distant stations such as WDAF, WOAW, KFKX and WFAA come in ve:y
nicely on the headphones. To secure such good resu! :s nicely in the headphones. construction. Mounicd on a panel $7 \times 14$ a e two n:ut:oformers, a giass enclosed sensitive cystal detector and a six-ohm rheostat. A single circuit jack is also inco:po-atcd as well as four binding posts. Behind the panel are placed two audio frequency transforme-s and two standard sockets.

Looking down upon the set showing how the neutroformers are mounted at the proper angle of $54.7^{\circ}$. The neutroformers are composed of a variable condense: of 13 plates and two inductances. one the primary of 15 turns, and the other the secondary of 65 turns of No. 26 D . S. C. wire.


Berides the rest of the apparatus mentioned. a . 0005, a . 00025 and two . 006 mfd. fixed condensers are requisite. These values should not be deviat.d from since the successful operation of the set is controlled in a great measure by them. It must be remembered, however, that the enti,e operation of the set depends apon the sensitiveness of the crystal detecte:-


## Shore wave Condemsers

By 2DK
With the incentive of the short waves appealing to both amateur and broadcast stations, it becomes necessary in o:der to follow them. to meet the condit.ons, by changing both capacitative and inductive apparatus. It is by far easicr to remove some tu-ns on an inductance, but as that capacity is used to an indure wavelength the absolute ne used to change he wase-leng, the absolute iscessary minute adjustment, is obtainable. This
is due to the fact that with shot waves a small is due to the fact that with shot waves a small change in dial reading very greatly affects the wave-length. Hence it is necessary to alter our condensers.


Three simple and effective ways in which to change the maximum capacity value of a conoense: a:e depicted herewith. One is to cut the stator piates as shown at the left. A better way perhaps is that of cutting the roto: plates so that a given change in dial reading corresponds to a very small change in capacity. Those already having a short wave condenser and desiring a vernier ac tion will do well to follow the suggestion shown in the photograph. Here, each successive plate is cut sho-ter than the one adjacent to it. Bu-rs should be filed off. ROTOR


## Radio Oracle

In this Department we publish questions and answers which we flel are of interest to the novice and amateur. Letters addressed to this Department cannot be answered free. A charge of 25 c . is made for all questions where a personal answer is desired.


A iransformer for the purpose of charging both the "A" and "B" batteries is detailed clearly above. It is well worth the trouble to construct. It is
designed for operation on 110 vols, 60 cycle alternating current, and if carc fully built will last indefinitely.

## BATTERY CHARGER

(334) B. Steinnsetz. W'est New York, N. J., asks for:
Q. 1. Constructional details of a transformer to be used in conjunction with a 5 -ampere-hour capacity Tungar rectifier tube.
A. 1. The time has come when the recharging of storage batteries, buth " $A$ " and "B" types, necessitates a much mare convenient way than the carrying them several blucks to the nearest battery station, with, perthaps, the dire results accruing from spilling the acid wer one's clothes. The best means of overeming this difficulty is to charge them at twme. A transformer for that purpose has been designed along the lines given in the ahove diagram and will meet all requirements. It is of the autotransformer type, having three different windings on it. The core is made of laminated silicon stect, "I $L$ " slaped, in two sectimen, which are butted together and securely fixed after the erils have been put in place.
One hundred and twenty-five laminations are placed in a pile $13 / \mathbf{y}^{\text {incles }}$ high and cunstitute one leg of the corc. Tivo or three layers of tape are woumd tightly over it, after the laminations have been squeezed together as tightly as possible. On this are wound 197 thrns of No. 14 B. \& S. I.C.C. wire, tans being taken off at the 161 st. 173rd and 185 th turns. The winding must be con-
fincel within a space $21 / 2$ inches wide. This is shown as coil " $B$ " in the diagram.
After having prepared the second leg of the transformer as outlined above, six turns of No. 6 B. \& S. D.C.C. wire are wound on and serve as the filament winding. Directly over this are wound 73 turns of No . 10 B . \& S. 1).C.C. wire, which furnishes the current for charging the " $A$ " battery. It will be moted that the two coils are ennnected in series with the winding on leg " $B$ ".
Having finished the windings, they are caretully taperd and shellacked. The legs are then butted together and securely held theether with wonden cleats. The variable resistance shown is a bank of five 40 -watt lamps which is used to regulate the charging current. A 10 -ampere fuse is comected in series with the battery and prevents overcharging. The transformer should be mounted om a slate or aslocstos base.

## STANDARD FREQUENCIES

(335) Milton Sills, Staten Island, N. Y., refuires information concerning the time of the transmission of standard frequencics from WWV, the station of the Burcau of Standards, located at Washington, D. C.
A. 1. The Bureau of Standards transmits, twice a month, radio signals of definitely announced frequencies, for use by the public in standardizing wavemeters and
transmitting and receiving apparatus. The siguals are transmitted from the Bureau's station, W'WV, at Washington, D. C., and from Station 6XBM, Stanford University, Calioornia.
The transmissions are by unmodulated continuous-wave telegraphy. A complete frequency transmission includes a "general call," a "standard frequency signal", and "announcements.". The "general call" is given at the beginning of the eight-minute periorl and continues for absut two minutes. This includes a statement of the frequency. The "standard frequency signal" is a series of very long dashes with the call letters (W'WV or GX13.M) intervening. This sig"al continues for about four minutes. The "announcements" are on the same freftrency as the "standard frequency sigual" just transmitted and contain a statement of the measured frequency An announcement of the next frequency to be transmitted is then given. There is then a four-mimete interval while the transmitting set is adjusted for the next frequency.
The signals can be heard and utilized by stations eyluipped for continuous wave reception at distances within 500 to 1,000 miles from the transmitting stations. Information on how to receive and utilize the signals is given in Bureau of Standards Letter Circular No. 92, which may be obtained on application from the Bureau of Standlard.

## WANTED!!! RADIO ARTICLES

W E want dessriptions of new radio ideas which you have worked out in practice. Take photographs of the important parts and make pencil or pen and ink sketches of the hook-ups or mechanical details, et cetera. We are particularly
desirous of obtaining new hook-ups and descriptions of single tube sets, reflex and other types which have proven satisfactory. We like articles on new single tube receptors. We will 三 pay good prices for your ideas.
-Editor.


A simple loop "C.W." transmitter. When properly built this set will give excellent service. Its low first cost and up-keep should make it very popular with the beginner. It can readily be equipped for phone transmission.

## LOOP TRANSMITTER

(3.36) Rubert T. Morris, New York City, ark:
Q. 1. Will you please publish a diagram using a 5 -watt transmitting tube in conjunctinn with a loop antenna and the other necessary materials to be used in a set capable of chering a range of approximately 25 miles?
A. 1. As a foreword, your attention is called to the fact that unless one has an operator', license from the Government, he cannot lawfully operate a radio transmitting set.
Tine circuit shown in the diagram lias been found to be a very efficient one and under ordinary conditions has easily covered the 25 -mile rance. This set should be tumed, for best results. to 100 meters or thereabouts. By turning the loop, directional effects can be obtained very micely. The indicating meters can be dispensed with if s.) devired, but for maximm efficiency: thould be included. The kop is wonnt with three turn of No. 12 enameled copper wire spaced two inches apart and has a tap at its cxact center. The 00025 variable condenser is of the double spaced type so that it can withetand high voltages. Anwwere from 90 tu 350 vilts of " $R$ " battery can be emmoved, tise higher the woltage the more prwer radiated. If desired, a grid leak and srid cmalenere can be comected in the circhit, in which case it is possible to control the tube', oncillations more readily.
For plone transmissions, a 3 -to-1 ratio dudio iremuency transformer is comnected uith it; weundary in series with the grid ond loop. A microplume and a 6 -wolt battery are connected in series with the primary of the transiormer, which completes the mondulation ontem. Of course, the transmitting key fo clowed when transmission of the woice io de-ired.
Care slould be taken th prevent onerkading the tube by allowing too mucle filament
current $t$ o operate it. A slight increase of filament current is far more dangerous to the longevity of a tube than a rather large increase of plate potential.

## BODY CAPACITY

(337) Richard Larson, Kansas City, Mo., wants to know:
Q. 1. What is the bocly capacity and how can I overcome it? It causes me a great deal of annoyance and I would like to know whether there is anything wrong with my circuit.
A. 1. Body capacity, or land capacity, is the term applied to the property of the human brody which makes it act as a member of an electric condenser. Your body is not a goot condenser. Compared to the variable condensers in a receiving set it has an extremely small capacity. The trouble is that coon an extremely small variation in either the capacity or inductance of a set can throw fine tuning out of adjustment.
Fach time the operator's hand takes hold or lets go of a knob in the process of tuning, the capacity of the set varies by a small amount, because some of the body capacity is communicated to the set while the hand is in contact with it. Then you know too well what happens.

A very fine adjustment of the total capacity of a set can be obtained with modern vernier knobs rotating the parts of the condensers, which supply practically all of the capacity of the circuit. In the same way a very fine adjustment of the total inductance is obtained by rotating the parts of the coils which st:pply nearly all of the inductance in the circuit. Thus these two elements in the set itself can be very closely controlled.

Some radio enthusiasts who can build anything from a pocket crystal set to a Super-Hetcrodyne do not know just why this adjustment of capacity and inductance
values is so important in its effect on receptiom. As the voltage supplied to the ret by batteries or lighting circuit is constant, minimum resistance means maximum cur--ent. With the maximum current flowing fhrough the set, you have reached the point of resonance-the point at which signals are strongest.
Attempts have been made to eliminate body capacity by various methods, but the most effective has been the protection of the Danel, or in some cases of individual parts ,f the set, with a metallic shield. The shield, until recently, had to be applied either by the user or by the dealer, but an "anti-capacity" panel of hard rubber is now being made with a shield vuleanized in place. Shielding, while decreasing the effects of body capacity, does not detract in any way from She quality or volume of the tone.
In order to make shielding thoronglily effective, care must be used in making connections in the circuit. The grid and plate fermmals are most semsitive to body capacity effects. Keep the parts of the coil or apparatus to which the grid or plate is connected as far as possible from the panel The filament circuit must be properly grounded. When variable condensers are mounted on the pathel, commect the rotor flates to the gromed or filament side. There are variable condensers on the market with end rotor plates, which can therefore be termed self-shielding. With a series condenser in the antenna, the rotor plates should be comected to the antenna: with the conslenser in the ground circhit, the rotor plates shonld be commeted to the grounded side. A combenser across the secondary should have the stationary plates connected to the grid.
Puly capacity manifests itself more reatily when the receiving tubes are werloaded, either be tox much filament current or tow high plate voltage.

## DeForest and Fessenden-Read Their Biographies <br> In the nctober issue of Radio Nczes. there started a bingraphy <br> and Invention readers will read this important work by the

nf Dr. Lee DeForest, inventor of the Audion. This biography will rum for 12 months in Radio Nezers and we hone all Science
famous inventor. Prof. Reginald A. F'ensenfen's bingraply star:ed, in the January number.

## Marconi's Radio Beam Transmitter <br> Bv Lt.-Col. Chetwood Crawley. M.I.E.E The Navy's World-Wide Radio Net

 By G. K. Spencer, U.S.N.R.P. Is Radio Earthbound?An Ultra Short Wave Receiver
By the Staff of Radio News

The First Annual Radio Set Directory
By n. C. Wilkerson
When Buying Vacuum Tubes By Vernon C. Mcnabb
Notes on the Super-Heterodvne
The Radio Uni-Set
Bv H. M. Towne, 1 ADG


1810氏ter Holder


1．0．1．514．920 issued to Tsuta Miyaski concerns a little device that should interest every business executive．bookkeeper or clerk who has fiequent recours to the use of a b＇otter．The device consists of a U shaped member，composed of a strip of spring material．Two clips on either end hold a st－ip of blotting paper in place for use as shown．

POUsing spous


No． $1 ; 515,219$ issued to Joseph H．Lambert covers a new type of pour－ ing spout designed to be attached so standard gallon cans of oil．The hole in the spout is so designed that the flanged edges fit within the opening on the can．This is designed to be attached when the can is opening on the can．This is dssigned to be attached when the can is
manufactured．The spout provides an easier method of pouring the oil as shown．

Smok近的施 Pipe


No．1，517，448 issued to Albert Ulysses Mont－ gomery relates to an improvement in the con－ struction of pipes for use with smoking struction of pipes for use with smoking
tobaco．As will be seen from the above tobacco．As will be seen from the above
drawing，smoke issues from the bottom of the inserted bowl，rises and follows the spirally cut groove to the horizontally extending por－ tions of the pipe where it in turn enters the tube and thence goes to the mouth．A very ccol smoke results from the long passage．

Safeus Meadingint


No． $1,510,699$ issued to T．Parker relates to a new and simplified type of automobile head－ light which is capable of being tilted down－ ward so as to avoid throwing a glare of light in the eyes of approaching drivers．The mechanism and effect is shown above．

## WANTED

A RTICLES pertaining to auto－ mobiles such as handy kinks， roadside repairs and anything of interest to the man who drives a car．$\$ 50.00$ in prizes every month are offered by MOTOR CAMPER AND TOURIST for such articles． Get a copy at your newsstand and see what is wanted．If your news－ dealer cannot supply you send for free sample copy to：

MOTOR CAMPER \＆TOURIST 53 Park Place，
New York City．
ToOt Broush Malder


No．1，517，575 issued to Marie Nordstrom and Elliot R．Brown covers a device that should Elliot R．Brown covers a device that should
be used in every home．It is a tooth brush holder that at the same time contains an ac tive disinfectant，the fumes of which circu－ late through the bristles of the brush．effec tively preventing the propagation of germs． The disinfectant holder which is situated at the back of the tooth brush container，is re－ movable therefrom so that the disinfectant may be renewed．The brush holder is also equipped with a cover which excludes dust and other foreign matter．

## Wamity Cose



No．1．518，103 issued to Salvatore Piciotio was granted on a novel type of vanity case which is illustrated above．Essentially，the case is shaped in the same manner as an automatic pistol．Hinged in the center，the sections open and disclose various necessities for the female toilet．Placed where the muzzle of the gun would be is a vial of perfume with a plunger inserted．Pulling the trigger cjects the liquid．

Fusced Socket


No． $1,516,520$ issued to Louis Cross pertains to an improvement in multiple electric－light plugs．In the circuit of each of the sockets of the plugs is placed a fuse socket in which fuses are to be placed，said fuses being cap－ able of protecting the main fuses and the wiring of the house．Low amperage fuses are used at the socket and since they are always in sight are very easy to replace．

## Scientinc Humor

THEN HE GETS BOILED
boc：＂What precautions de you take gainst microbes
I＇st：＂Irirst I boil the water－＂
Doc：＂Y＇es，and then？＂
l＇at：＂Then I sterilize it－＂
boc：＂That：right．and then？＂
Pat：＂I drink mothing but beer．＂－Chas． （irill．Reporter N゙口．15，542．

WARDEN，THROW THE SWITCH


ROFFE
Honor Stu－ dent：＂A tissue is a collection of similar cells．＂
Professur： －Illustrate！＂
Ho．Nor Stu－
OENT：＂S ing Sink！＂－Lomis Koscnfold．Reporter No． 4.358 ．
－AND FLAPPERS IF THEY SMOKE， COMBUSTION ENGINEERS
If barbern are to be called chirotunsirs． then ege deaters of uld be called embryolo－ tists，and strect cleaners，sanitary engineers， and fish dealers shound be called ichthwolo－ gists．－Louis Roselfild，Reporter No．4．358．

## APPLE SAUCE

fonsers Tenchar（in an English Ciram－ mar School）：＂And can anyone tell me what thought patsed through Sir I－aac Newton＇s head when the apple fell on it
Voter rkom Cass：－Jully glad it wasn＇t ＂brick．＂－－Jack／／．（irant．

## MARS WAS DOUTBLESSLY OUT WITH VENUS

Astronnomer，lowking at Mars see green．＂
That＇s nothing．I do the satme thing ＂very time I spy my rival with my girl．＂－ I es lon Eacry．


SPECIFIC HEAT
The freezing pint may be 3？ degrees pahren－ lexit，but I met a flapper last am－ mer who froze me up when it was 90 degree in the shade．－Sol Kはな．

## A WEAK RETORT

SIPEAKMORE：＂Wlat is the ollest and most pupular weckly in America？＂ Sayimes：＂The bath，uf contre，＂－Peter $P$ ．lidre．

SOMETHING ABOUT THE POLES
Professor：＂Why is it su cold near the worth and sonth poles？＂
Stu＇nent：＂To keep the earth＇s bearings coml．＂－R．R．Lamardie．

## SOS

These are radio days．In indignant larly said to a gang on her block：＂Ind what did the poor little dog do when you brutal boys tied a can to lus tatl？

Oh，he just went broarleasting down the sirect，＂was the reply－Merli Molmes．

HE DIDN＇T USE HIS EMERGENCY
Kini I．anv：＂How did you luse your qeeth，somy ：＂
Sonvy：＂Shifting gears on a lollypop．＂－ Iohn Gray Moxey，Jr．

Firse Prime \＄3．00
REVENGE AT LAST！
Barber（in
radio sture）：
＂Gimme a fila－
ment switch．
R．ano Leal
ER：＂How about
a＂IB＂battery＂
Barblek：＂No
just a filament
switch tude＇$y^{\prime \prime}$＂
R．nio L！．．n．

some very fine dry cell batteries．some new tubes，and ols，yes，some excellent head phones．＇

Barber：＂No！No！Gimme my switch， will ya？
Rann Di：nler：＂All right，but remem－ ber when I come in in get a shave，dun＇t try to talk me into a laircut，shampoo， massage and all the other trimmings．＂－ Ilyman Bushlozviza．

THE FLIVVER IS NOT AN AUTO．
H．バに：＂What are yon writug
FRANK：＂İme writug a bibgraphy of Henry Ford．
HANk：＂thafn＇t you better make that an auto－hiograpily ：＂－．i．Juansen．

W IE reccite daily from one to tzed humbed contributions to
thas department．Of these wily anc or faco are available．We desire to puhlish onty scientific humor and ail contributions should be origi－ nal if possible．Do mot copy jokes from old books or other publications as they hase littl：or ho chates here． By＇s scientific hemor zee mean only such joki－s as $\because$ mbin sume himu of a scion－ tific nature．Nole our prize winners． Write cach joke on a separate sheet and simm yont mami and addross to it． Write mily on one side of sheet．I＇ H cannot riturn unaccepted jokes．Please do mof curlose refurn postage．
All jokes published here are prid fow at the rate of one dollar cach，he－ side the first prize of three dollars for the las inker sulmitted inth month．In the even！that two people send in the same jotic so as to tie far the prize．thin the stum of thro dollars in cash will be paid to each one．

## BUT THE STUDENT＇S HEAD WOOD

Prof．：＂Suppose yout had a tomato can full of dymanite and you shotsld drop it． Would it explode？

Studest：＂ $\mathcal{S}$ o，but the dynamite．
Prof：＂Sir，dynamite can＇t be exploded by dropping．can it？＂
Strodent：＂No，but a tomato can．＂－$C$ ． E．Wimhland．
IT WAS A LECTURE ON SOUND
 ya feeling
Vic：＂Rutten．＂ Hixey：＂Whas－ samatter：
V＇：C：＂（int in－ somnia．＂ HiNEY：＂How come ？＂＂•lVoke up twice in Phy－ sics this morn－

## PUTS A FULL STOP TO THE

## MAN＇S CAREER

This month＇s cyande sandwich goes to the prison warden whe maintains that the elec－ tric chair is a piece of period furniture－ because it endo a sentence．－C．E．Il cimlant

## PAGE THE BEES

C－Stomitr：＂Dust this sct usc honeycomb coils

Cestomir：＂I suppose that＇s where gets it：－weet tonc．＂－Cliffon dsk．

## PROFIT IF HE GETS IT

 represents capi

## tal．＇but when J <br> try to get it back it is

 catoc oi＇lahur．＇＂—l：Killer．
## HE NEEDED A FLOW OF BLOOD

## TO HIS BRAIN

Tr．an her（to her phy，iology class）：＂What sa－contrul and balances the flow of blewe in the hol？
Jonsiv＇（after much thought）：＂The Jun－ pler vein．naam！＇＂－（i．Foshom，Reportor Sor 10020．

## THE ENGLISH PROFESSOR TAKES

 UP SLANG
## 1－Cicase manticating the fabric．

？－Torrid canine．
3－It in the feline ：facial hirstite admon－ mellt．

+ Atta yonng male wi the neecier＂homu $\stackrel{\text { apen }}{5}$ will announce to the third planctar！ satellite of the sum．
6－It is the－mall．ancentent bruit．
WHAT DID HIS WIFE SAY THEN？
1 HYーが：l＇rif．
＂Can anyone in the clats tell me NI at Bealjanim Franklin got when he went unt in a thunderstorm at 11 f flew his kite＂


## FI：－！



K heumat $i$ sm．＂
K．Robustos Comptom．
GENIUS，LIKE MURDER，WILL OUT
Rive：＂What have you invented this time＂ 1）（＂）：＂A cigar humiolor to fit the insifle uf a puliceman＇s cap．＂－l＇anl S．Ponors．

## IS THIS HIGHER EDUCATION？

 who lats stumbled over a stone）：＂Lid ！om fall：＂

ProfEscor：＂How utterly imbecilic！（）i contrse not！My budy puseessing motion profluced an impact with a stationary solirl subvance．which by the law of inertia re． sisted the force applied to it and destroved mex entuibibrium．So not being able to dels or break the haw of gravitation，I suc cumbed to the inevitable and asmmed this horizantal position＂－l＇ladimir Babikaff．

The "Oracle" is for the sole benefit of all scientific students. Questions will be answered here for the benefit of all but only matter of sufficient interest will be published. Rules under which questions will be an1.
. Only three questions can be submitted to be answered.
else written in ink, no penciled matter considered must be typewritten or else written in ink, no penciled matter considered.
3. Sketches, diagrams, etc., must be on separate sheets, Questions addressed to this department cannot be answered by mail free of charge
4. If a quick answer is desired by mail, a nominal charge of 25 cents is made for each question. If the questions entail considerable research work or intricate calculations a special rate will be charged. Correspondents will be informed as to the fee before such questions are answered.

WINDOW DISPLAY
(1808) J. K. Mitchell, Beaver Falls, Penna.

Wants to Know: give me details for an attractive window display
A. 1. While the question you ask is indeed a very broad one, we are giving you herewith one of the thousand and one methods of attracting attention. It is based on the principle of total reflection and if three or four of these devices are arranged in a semi-circle, each employing a different color screen, the result has a very pleasing and startling effect. A wooden or metal


A window attraction which is beyond par is clearly depicted above. By interposing colored screens in the path of the light rays, a beautiful effect is obtained. The phenomena is due to total refection.
placed within it and is fitted with two condensing lenses. A rather large galvanized iron tank is connected to the water sup continuously, it being the bottom there is a hole about one inch in the bottom there is a hole about one inch in shown in the accompanying diagram, and turning oin the water supply, the light from the lamp is carried completely down with the water, thus giving a startling attraction. Of course, it is necessary to hide the unsightly feature of the apparatus, by the necessary signs and other display paraphernalia. A wonderful fountain effect is gained when several of these devices are pliteed in a circle, each using a diferent color.

## KESISTANCE WIRE

(1809) Gieorge Heins, Luana. Iowa, asks:
A. 1. Kindly give me a lint of resistance wires.

| Adrance | Calido |
| :--- | :--- |
| FerroNickel | German silver |
| Krupp metal | Manganin |
| Nicke1 | Superior |
| Climax | Excello |
| Ia, Ia. | Ideal |
| Mionel metal | Nichrome, II |
| Therlo. | Yankee silver |

Calido and Nichrome II will stand
Calido and Nichrome II will stand the greatest heat, both incidentally having the highest specific resistance, while nickel has ahout $1 / 10$ th the resistance, but will stand a temperature of $1 / 2$
that of the other two.

## TEMPERATURE OF MARS

(1810) John K. Dudley, Hollywood, Calff, asks: 1. What are the approximate temperature conditions on Mars?
A. 1. Recently, measurements made by Mr. Coblentz of the Bureau of Standards point to the fact that the surface temperatures on Mars are well above the freezing point in the daytime and may compare favorably with those found on earth. In fact, it was found that the sir face of the planet was warmer than the thermo pile with which the measurements were taken and that the morning side is much cooler than the evening side; that the polar caps are icy cold and that the dark areas are hotter than the bright areas. The temperature, estimated
under a high sun, would be equal to that of a under a high sun, would be equal to that of
good warm summer day. good warm summer day.

## Interesting Articles to Appear In March Issue of "The Experimenter"

High Frequency Experiments at the University of California,

By Lester Reukema
The Klydonograph; Electric Surge Re corder.

Experiments in Spontaneous Combustion, By Earle R. Caley.

Making and Using a Capiltary Electrometer, By Raymond B. Wailes.

How Much Does Your Amplifier Amplify? By William Grunstein. E.E.

## Lessons in Elementary Glass Working.

The measurements were made at the Lowel Observatory using a very sensitive thermopile to ineasure the heat recetved from the planets smr. face. In some of these measurements the thermopile was exposed directly in the telescope, while others were inade with various kinds of screens interposed to cut off light- and heat-rays of certain ranges of wave-lengths.
existing on Venus? the temperatures found to be existing on Venus?
A. 2. Further work by Dr. Coblentz at the Flagstaff Observatory reveals that the dark side of the planet. Venus, is very warm, while the southern hemisphere is warmer than the north. ern, the middle portion of the dark being warmer
than either. On account of the great density of clouds surrounding Venus, the great density of clouds surrounding Venus, the planet's axis believes that provided the heat distribution turns out to be seasonal as it is on the earth and Mars, astronomers will be enabled to determine the exact position of its axis. Instead of a sensitive thermopile, a sensitive vacuum thermocouple invented hy the doctor and used in his stellar measurements ten years ago was employed. Measnirements of the heat received from the Moon, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn and Uranus have been made with it. In conjunction with this, color screens and a water cell were used to cut out
certain ranges of wave-lengths of light and radiant heat, thus affording a comparison of the readings with and without these gcreens to ascer tain the correct temperature of the surface. The period of rotation of Venus has long been matter of dispute among astronomers, some befieving that the planet always keeps the same ace towards the sun. Even the spectroscope has failed to give any evidence of its rotation Astionomers believe that it would do so if the period of rotation were less than twenty days chus receives ahout twice as much light and heat from the sun as does the earth, but less than onethird as much as Mercury.


The direct current watthour meter is in reality a simple compound-wound motor. Both increases of current and potential cause it to rotate faster.

## WATT-HOUR METER

(1811) James l.undy, Springtield, Mavs.. ashs Q. Kindly give me some information cons rent measuring meter usually found in every home using electricity? A. 1. Perhaps the Thomson supply meter is the most generally used meter for measuring electrical power. Its operation is described is follows. If a current passes through the armat ture of a small motor. which has a constant field and has its speed controlled purely by eddy between magnet poles, its speed will be at every instant proportional to the current. Heme. it is readily seen that such a motor when athached to a suitable counting train of wheels, will serve as a meter, the total number of revolution being proportional to the ampere-hours. Elihu Thom sons motor meter which records watt-hours has a revolving armature wound with fine wire and obvotsly having a high resistance, connected as a shuth, white the fixed field coils serve to pass
the whole current being used. The torque pro duced by the revolving urmature is proportiona to the watts and at the same time an aluminum disk revolving between the permanent magnet poles acts as a brake and keeps the speed pro portional to the torque. A small auxiliary field coil is connected into the shumt circuit and compensates for the inevitable losses by friction in the pivots and gearing. As little as 1 per cent. or less of the nermal load should be required to operate a good meter.

## FREE INFORMATION

IF you want additional information concerning any of the subjects illustrated and described in this number of SCIENCE AND INVENTION we shall be glad to give you other data we have at our command. To make this work as easy as possible for our cditors. please be brief. Write only drawings of many of these articles in our files and can furnish much additional data in most cases. Please do not fail to send stamped and selfoaddressed drawings of many of these articles in our files and
envelope. Make all questions concise and apecific.

Address all inquiries of this nature to INFORMATION EDITOR c/o Science and Invention, 53 Park Place, New York City.

## FREQUENCY METERS

(1812) 1.eon 13radley, Xew Orleans, I.a., asks: 3. 1. Kinlly give me information concerning meters for recording accurately the freguencies used in clectrical work?
A. 1. In consirlering the transmission of eleciric current we encounter frequencies ranging
from 25 ryctes to 1.33 cycles per second.


One type of frequency recording me:er. These instruments are indispensable in checking up the alternations of electric currents. Note simple design.
There are thise types of inseruments in soticral nee fur recording ithe frequency if mower lincs inminhing atternaing eurrent. Theere are clasi-
ned as follow : 'the bibrating-reed ty be ; the clifier-contial-robmeier tspe and the iron-needle type. The Frathm fregucticy meter which is of the whating tyle in hased upon the primeiple of me. chanieal rwonance. the property by viritte of which a borly", "hont vulijected to rhathmic impulses of the same fremuenty as the natural pertorl of vilor tion of the body itwelf, will vibrate vigorousiy
A number of -pecial string teel reeols carefully tempered amb of sligh ty differcont lemgths are piacerl in fromt of at amal electrontagate. Whent the meter is combetrd acrong the sou ce of alter*

 device having no pisoted parts or jewel bearings is of wery sturily construction and has the advantage that it is imblepewlent of the voltage or fact that its energy connmuntion is very smanl and that it is not affecterl by external magmetic dielis. The differensia!-vol-meter type of frequency meter is a combination of two induction vo't. meters, in essence. Two spit-phase electro-mag-
nets act in opposite directions on an aluminum livk, the whole constituting a differential-voltumeter. The winding of one of the electromagnets is womected in scries with an induetance, while the winling of the other is ennmeted with a re-
sistance. lhis allows the weter to record changes sistance. This allows the lueter to record changes in freguency, the current in the circuit containing the frequency, while that through the circuit of the fregterney, white that through the circtit gtiency increases. Thus, the electro-magnet in ditency increases. Thas, the electromagnet in the resistance circuit cansere the pivoich athomio in one direceion at a rate proportional to the alternations of the current.
The ironthredle frequency meter employs two -oils, perpunlicular to rach other. Buiwect then is pivoted an iron needle, free to rotate. In with the other, a resistance. Shunted aromme the first combination is a revistance, while around the seomed is anmher reactance. The apporatus is then contmesed in series with a reactance. across the source of supply. When the frepuency is low, a relatively large current flows through coil 1 and a s:maller amount through coil 2. There is thus a -tronger magnetic field resulting in coil No. I so thit the iron needle takes a corresponding position which is indicative of the freguency. At a higher frequency the field. due to eoil No. 2, is stronger ant thus within limits, there is a definite position of the irmi needle fur every frequency. The reactance in series, serves to cut down the higher harmentics in the supply vol:age, and ly proper decign. the instruliment has been mate prat
hlisetuations in the supply.
As we reach the higher frequencies, we run into the Anwer radio frequencies. The best means for meaniring these is what is hnown as a wave meter Whath
capacity.

## RADIATION DETECTORS

(1813) Irving Rossoff, Broux, New York, asks. .1. What are the different inctruments cm A. 1. The heating effect of radiation is detected usually by the thermopile, the radio micro-
meter, the bolometer and the raliometer. A
sensitice thenmopile is one made ot line copper
wires in conjunction with constantan, a nickel allos. The nass to be heated is made very small so that it warms quickly then exposed to radiation. The wires from the instrument conncet to a sensitive galvanometer and the radiatinn is read directly from the degree of deflection of the needle. The thermopile is usually mounted in a metal case so that only one of ith ends is exposed to the source of lieat to be in. restigated. The ratio micrometer is an instrunent in whicl: a simple circuit of bismuth and antimony is suspended by a fine quartz fibre thetwen the joles of a powerful magnet. One of the junctions langs in an opening so that the radiation may be directed upon it, while the other is protected by the surrounding instrument, The slightest cifference of temperatire catises an chectro-motive force to be produced and since the resistance of so short a ciretit es very small, a comparatively large current is produced which, on reacting with the magnctic held, causes the or mounted on the suspended systent turns with it se that the angular dellection may be read hy it iclescope and scale.
The bolonieter has a thin strip of platinum, perhape 0.01 mni, thick and 0.5 mm, wide, one surface of which is blackened. This is used in connection with a Wheatstone bridge and galranometer so that its resintance may be balanced. When radiation falls on tl.c strip, it is heated and ir conserfuence it- clectrical resistance rises slightly, thus dioturbing the balance of the bridge and causing a curtent to pass though the galvanometer. The flatinum strip is so sniall that the change in its temperature takes place al nost instatanembsly when radiation

## IMPORTANT

TO NEWSSTAND READERS
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Name
Address
falls upan it. and an! instrument of this nature can be matle so sonsitive that a change in tem perature as shall as one milionth of a degre C. in the its p can be detected

In the radiometer, a ligit cross arm of wirc carries on each end a stmall mica disk blackened on one site and having a small mirror lung from it. The whole is suspended by a fine quartz fibre in a chamber from which the air can be com pletely exhaysted. These mica disks are placed vertically with their edges towards the axis of suspension and the blackenced sides of each face thwarels the same directinn. finm a high le gree filling on the blackened side of one of th tion falling on the blackened side of one of the disks callees it to be repefled, thuts tending to reflects a tiny beam of light ard radiation reftect a finy beam of measured by means of a tolescope and seale it must be remembered that radiant energy passes with perfect facility through a complete vacurn and must br distinguished from the other nodes of transmision of lieat, namely, by conduction and lyy consection.

SOURCES OF HEAT
(1814) Tohw MrCarthy, Bridgewort, Comm, asks: O. 1. Wilhat are all the sources from which heat may be ohtained
tion of the molecule underatinil it iodity is a vibra un and molecules of matter. Its sources are the the earth, from electricity and from combuction or villation, atnl from radio-activity
Heat is readily manifest by its effects on various substances, suth as causing them to expand as it the case of solids, gases and liquids. There are three moles by which heat is tramferred-by conduction, lyy convection and by radiation. Thes give rise to what is known as tenmerature change and may result in, denending of course upon the relative temperature of the body, -whether sublima.
tion, Evanuration or contensation, melthy or freczing will take place.
the most practical menns of producing heat is that -esulting from combustion, In this large field, monusinal furmaces, heat engines, wood ant coa range. ha ratiges, steam heat systems, hot air ant soutent find the oremtest use of course by far the lea the greatest use. Of course by the it yuatrity and it is thic heat alone that keeps mat from terishing in what otherwisc would be a frigit clintate. Event the ice lox, the fireless cooker, the thermos bottle, and the ammonia freczing plant ate all direcily connected as having to do with theat.

The very narure of hea and lo non ffire Thus agoin when fire-exinguishers and ire. Thus again, whe thes should be closely tire-ajparatus ar
allied with heat.
Through our sense of touch, by means of air water, keronene, alcohol and mercurial thernometers, and the hor heat hootertors mentioned elscwlere this page as well as wet and dry bulb thermometers, the inanifestation of heat is at once veribied
When we speak of heat, we must also remember that ventilation is closely andied with it lroper ventation in the home means a liealthy and resmon sive attitule of our body towarils everyone allid evervthing.
a furce mil bring out many hen facts regaty ing deat. its wes ant its protuction. Who knows but what heat will be hised to cure most of our deat - ceaser, since it alreaty binds a ready appleat tion in mann cases. As natures vast store-yarts of humdred sears at the present rate of consumplint other meanc at the present rate of consumplin sorted to athe it is out prediction that electricits will be natily reapon-ilife for the heat which wilf gis warmith to thin panct of ours.

## EXPLOSIONS BY LIGHT

(1515) Jelin Dennison, Bronx, New Vork asks in "1. 1 ITas light been foumal to ive instrumental in Essinting or acting as atalytic agent in chesaicoll reaction?
ohotogratuy flenene is familiar with the fact that photography depends upun light reflected from the object to be photographed. Vnter the intlu emifted by burning magnesine slo the powerful electric arc aml the calcium light elements are nectric arc anti the calcium light, are decomposed into their clentents or broken down into the simple and more stable com. pounds. Other chenical elements are converted into allotropic moditications. If a mixtire of purt chlorine and hydrogen is sealed up in glass bulb. and exposed to diffused daylight. the gats gratially combinc and form hydrochloric acid. This combination does mor take place the dark. If the mixture is exposed to dirce suntglit. and explosion takes place instantaneous and the bull) is shatt(cret. Thas is anl example of chentinal synthesis brought ahout by the action of light. becomposition resuling from the effer of lext is more pronoumced by the greater mum ber in čacco taking place. Thus, mercurous oxitle and lulrugul peroxile and healrogen peroxide. When exposed to liglit are mercuroms oxite forms nercuric oxide and into viser and lurlrogen An interestiug finct is ol Naicr and mindogen Anteresting fir to glue or gelatin, thus renelering it insoluble and teatinery when evosed to light This propert is made use of in renduring glue joints wate tigl $t$.

## STOP SIGNAL

(IS16) Belljamin B. Hecht desires data which filf ellable hatt to eqtitp his eat with an automatic sos sigish to be operated hy the foot-brake
. . Jhe accompanying diagram shows thit with a few odd- aml emis you can make a practica warming sizmal deviex A singe pole, sing'e throw With is itcol with a special bate im conjumction


## Awards in $\$ 1000$ Monthly Contest

## The Regular Departments Pay Prizes of Their Own. Authors on Contract Receive Their Own Rates; this, With Other Special Payments Makes the Total Paid for Articles in Excess of $\$ 1500.00$ Monthly.

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SECOND PRIZE $\$ 75.00$
1074,1075 SECOND PRIZE $\$ 75.00$
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Navigation Instruments on "Los Angeles," by Dr. Alfre
TWO PRIZES OF $\$ 50.00$ EACH
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Animals Which Become Invisible, by Dr. Ernest Bate
Roman Perfume Lamps, by Charles Beecher Bumnell.
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1mproved String Teiephone, by C. A. Oidroyd, Rep. Xo. $4+33 . .$.

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Phosphorescent Light, by (. A. Oldroyd, Rep. No. 4433
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Train Speed, by Elliot R. Weye
l'encil Rheostat, hy Ross J. Drew, Mep. No. 16663.
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Transparent Paper, by F. K. Mo. More
Chone Connectors, by C. F. Motsch Rep. No. 12.926 .
Coil Taps, by Richard Anderson, Rep. No. 10,509..
Phone Switch, by Wm. J. Cummings, 1 ABP .
Yeep Hole Mirror, ly B. G. Switzer
Tuned Loop, by Thomas E. I'erdue. Kep. No. 5376
Combination'Switch, by George Vatcher, Rep. No. 9608
Grid Control, by B G. Switzer1154
Flexible Shie.d, by C. F. Feistead 6 CU
Compass Detector, by Lloyd Mallett.
Fire-proof laper, by TEN PRIZES OF $\$ 5.00$ EACH
Fire-proof Paper, by F. S. Yunamoto
Fire-proof raper, by
Cleaning
Metaper

Metal Etching by E. C. Tım.ick................................................................... 1108
Luminous Switch, by C. G. Minnich......................................................... 1108
Blue l'rints, by A. A. Blumenfe.d................................................. 1108

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10,625
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7198

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Inner Tube Contest, Suggestion No. 36, by Kontest, Suggestion No. 30, by Kenneth Harbison, Rep. No.



## $\$ 13,320.00$ in Prizes Paid Last Year

WITH the December issue our $\$ 12,000$ a year prize contest came to a happy conclusion. Not only did we pay out $\$ 12,000$ in prizes as announced in our November, 1923 issue, but we did actually pay out in prizes alone, not less than $\$ 13,320.00$ to 1,112 winners. These prizes every month ranged from the first prize of $\$ 100.00$ down to the smallest prize winner of $\$ 1.00$ each.
Up to the t:me of going to press, Science \& Invention had no less than 19,000 reporters scattered over every section of the globe. These reporter-contributors have sent in an avalanche of material, and their efforts have been fruitful in that they have won prizes.
Science \& Invention aims to print the news first, if it is inter-
esting and to otherwise excel in the reporting of science and invention. Small wonder then that with the enthusiastic co-operation of our thousands of Reporter-Correspondents, Science \& InventTION today occupies an enviable position in the scientific press.

The $\$ 12,000.00$ prize arrangement has worked out so satisfactorily during the year just closed that we have decided to extend it for another year and we hope that our correspondents will be as successful in winning prizes for the coming year as they have been during the past one. We wish to thank all of our friends for their co-operation and wish them the best of luck for the coming year. Note New Prize Schedule.

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On the 12 th of December we passed Cape Horn. The weather was beautiful, the wind from the west-northwest, and the Multnomah sailed in close to this weather-beaten and dreaded promontory.
Frontenac had got the cinematographcamera ready, and some truly wonderful views were obtained of this gloomy and terrible place-gloomy even with the sunshine flooding sea and land.
Banks of cumuli gathering in the southwest told us that our beautiful weather was not going to last long.

The Mu'momah bore away to the eastward. A number of icebergs were in sight, enhancing the somber aspect of the desolate scene.
And, sure enough, morning found a gale from the southwest howling through our tigging, a tremendous sea running and the air so thick with rain, mist and sleet that often our horizon was within the radius of a hundred yards. Bergs were known to be about us in various directions, and this knowledge, what with our circumscribed horizon, was one by no means conducive to rosy thoughts and speculations.

The wind hauled round to the west and finally to the northwest; by midnight the gale had blown itself out.

When the sun came up, which he did about three o'clock, the Multmomah was standing on her course, with everything set save her topsails.
Squ:lls were of frequent occurrence during the day. Many birds were about the ship-albatrosses, cape pigeons, Antarctic and snowy petrels. Several bergs were seen, and in the afternoon two big rorquals passed within a quarter of a mile of us. The ror qual, by the way, is said to be the largest mammal that has ever existed. The sight of these enormous creatures was a stirring one. It threw Professor Archimedes Bukink into a scientific ecstasy. Out came notebook and pencil, and Bukink proceeded to slap down his observations in whirlwind fashion. He got so excited, however, tha he made notes that neither himself nor any one else could make head or tail of. They were about as decipherable as so many Maya hieroglyphics.
"Oh, well," said the professor, "I must fall back upon my visual impressions and imbibe comfort from the certitude that my cacography will be caligraphy on the next occasion when I am favored with the opportunity of making observations upon Balaenoptera Sibbaldi.'
Some days passed and brought us near that meridian on which Captain Livingstone planned to enter the pack

## ISLANDS OF ICE

It was seldom that we did not have at least one berg in sight, and sometimes there were dozens. Some bergs were of great size, were, in fact, ice-islands. One measured three miles and a half in length, its height three hundred and eighty feet. It was greatly worn, sculptured into obelisks pinnacles. towers and great castles, the fantastic forms giving the mass the andearance of a ghost city adrift upon the waters.

Captain Livingstone had seen bergs more than five hundred feet in height. Neports of masses much higher than this, however, are on record.
"One of our most celebrated and talented naval surveyers," says Findlay, "info,med me that he had seen icchergs in southern regions 800 feet high. The General âon

Gcen, August 6th, 1840, passed an iceberg 1,000 feet high."

And this in latitude $37^{\circ} 32^{\prime} \mathrm{S}$
It was on the afternoon of the 22 nd of December (corresponding, of course, to the 21 st of June in northern latitudes) and in latitude $60^{\circ} 15^{\prime} \mathrm{S}$. that we entered the ice.
A fine breeze was blowing from the northwest at the time, and the Mu/tnomah thrust the brash aside as though it were so much thistledown. But this was too good to last long. An hour, and we were in the pack itself. The engine was going now, the ship pushing her way through toward a lead running to the southeastward. It was a tussle, but we got there, and the Multhomah went gliding down that lane like a sea bird.
There was hardly any swell here; an eerie silence had fallen, broken only by the soft rustle of the ice. There was an indescribable, ghostly something in that sound.
After about an hour's rum, the lead closed. The Multnonah, however, drove straight ahead into the ice. Twice she was brought to a complete standstill; but each time her powerful engine drove her on, the third time clean through into open water again.
The sun disapneared about nine o'clock, down in the southwest. A dead calm had fallen. It was a strange, weird scene, and one beautiful beyond description in the wonderful colors of stunset.
Ten o'clock found us hemmed in by great floes-the Miultnomah at last incleed at a standstill. There was nothing to do but wait for an opening. One might occur in an hour, in five minutes, in twenty-four hours, or a week. For these movements of the ice are as uncertain and unaccountable as the proverbial operations of the feminine mind. The phenomenon, it seems to me, must, in a large measure, be due to the action of wind or current, or more frequently of both. Unduubtedly, too, the tides piay an important part. In this instance, the wind could have had nothing whatever to do with it: the ice opened up about one o'clock, and at that time there wasn't a breath of wind, nor had there been for hours.

Rainier was officer of the watch, and he at once sent the Multnomah into the open-ing-comning the ship from the crow's-nest. Though so near the noon of night, it really was not night; rather, it was ghostly day. The sun was less than ten degrees below the lorizon, the sky clear, and so a strong twilight flooded the pack.

Yes, that was what it was-not night. but a day, meet for the wanderings of disembodied souls. And yet here were we making ontr way through this ghostly scene, to wrest from the Unknown some of those grim secrets over which she had held vigil from age tunto age-secrets strange and wondrous; weird, horrible things.
When I came on cleck at four o'clock, the end of the middle and the begimning of the morning watch, the Miu!tnomah was ploughing her way through mushy drift. Floes were all about, however; a number of hergs in sight, two of these monstrous things ; while the strong blink to the southward showed us that we should, in all likelihoon, ere long have a dense pack to contend with.
The stin was, of course, risen-a bloodred ball of fire low to the horizon down in the southeast-by-east. A wind was springing up from ine southwest, and the sky had a chill and angry look.
At seven o'clock, Captain Livingstone tools a sight, the sun then being on the (Continued on paye 1128)

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## The Livingo Death

(Continued from page 1126)
prime vertical or exactly cast of us, his altitude twenty-seven or twenty-eight degrees.

The pruspect by this time was not a rosy" one. The Multnomah was threading her way through a sinuous lead. A mile or two, though, and we would be at the end, the way then barred by floes jammed together. Open water was visible to the south but could we get through?

Well, the ship did get through, after much ramming and jamming.

And scarcely had she glided out into the open water when a great mass broke the surface within a hundred feet of our starboard bow.
"There she blows!"
It was a rorqual. A short distance off, another object appeared, an object from which projected a long fin-like dagger.
"Killer!" said Captain Livingstone.
"And there's another!" said Frontenac, pointing.
"And another," I said.
"By Heaven," the captain exclaimed, "they're after him!"
A BATTLE BETWEEN TWO GYANTS OF THE SEA
Of these vicious creatures I had both heard and read some strange and terrible things. Here is one from the great Cuvier himself: we are told that the killer "is a cruel enemy to the whale, which it attacks in troops, tormenting it till it opens its mouth, when they devour the tongue."
What a heartless, soulless, horrible thing Nature is, after all!
The rorgual had taken the alarm, but it was too late. There was a rush, a great disturbance by his head, and a killer had got him by the lower jaw. The whale lashed himself about, turning the sea into a caldron of blood-streaked foam. He threw his head twenty feet into the air, but the killer kept his hold like a bulldog.

Came another rush, another and another: the killers were on him now! Of what followed I can give no adequate description. Fierce as had been the struggle of the whale, it was as nothing to that which followed. It was a horrible and yet a wonderful thing to see. And matters suddenly assumed a rather unpleasant aspect: the combatants were drawing in toward the Multnomah, and we could not swing away from them, because already, on the port side, we had the ice close aboard.
The rorgual was a giant even for a rorqual ; our estimates placed lis length at over one hundred feet. And it was anl amazing and awful sight to see the luge creature throw himself-the three killers clinging to his jaws-clean out of the water. But he could not shake them off, and, as he fell, two more of his enemies threw thenselves upon him and gripped and slashed with their terrible teeth.

The Balacnopler was doomed. Already his struggles were growing weaker; the sea for yards was red with his blood.

At length he lay rolling sluggishly, like a monstrous log.
Came a sudden outburst. The huge beast threw himsclf half out of the water. Foam and bloody spray showered upon our deck. Then came a slook-a shock under which the Mi!linomali shivered from stem to stern and heeled over until the water came bubbling in through the port scuppers.

It was a breathless, appalling moment ; but the most vivid memory of that wild scene is not the terrible things that flashed into my
mind or the great laboring body of the whate alongside, but of Professor Archimedes Bukink in pursuit of his notebook!

I honestly believe that he was not in the least alarmed, that he was so engrossed in the scientific aspect of the business (whatever that was) as to be utterly anconscions of the dire possibilities it presented.
For my part, I expected to see whale and killers land on top of us or that monstrous tail sweep the deck.

Back came the Multnomah on her roll to starboard. And up rose the great back of the whale. I thought that the monster was going to come crashing through the bulwarks and onto the deck. But, at the very instant that this horror seemed inevitalle, a frightful convulsion flung the boly away from us. A few moments, and the Mulfnomah, to my profound relief, had got clear. And it was well that she had. For the whale flung himself back again. Up into the air he rose, his mouth wide open, foam and blood flying in all directions. Down he came smashing against the floe, slattering and cracking the ice as though it were glass, crushing one of his enemies against the sharp edge and killing him almost instantly.
"Hooray, old fellow!" shouted Frontenac. "Do it again!"

But that was the last great effort that the Balachopter made to free himself from those clinging horrors. It was patent that his strength was ebbing swiftly now. Already the tragedy had entered upon its final phase.

The Multnomali was standing steadily on through the lead, much to the surprise and chagrin of Archimedes Bukink, who wanted the ship to return to the scene of the com-bat-or at least stand by so he could witness the end.
"What for?" the captain roared.
"For science," quoth the professor, nothing daunted by the vehemence that the other had displayed.

Whereupon Captain Livingstone said that science could go to the perioci of Paradise.

And that (so we thought) was the last of the killers.

One of them, by the way-the second to appear-had his great dorsal fin cut off to a mere stump. We could tell that fellow if we saw him again. At the time, though, I never thought of that.
I hasten now to the awful end.

## CHAPTER XIX

## SUB-FIN

There were times when the Multnomah made but very little headway during the whole of the twenty-four hours. Indced, once we did not gain a single foot; we lost. We encountered heavy hummocked pack that day; there was nothing to do but wait for the ice to open; and, while we waited, the current carried us back for some miles.

At other times, though, we made sixty or seventy miles of southing during the twenty-four hours; and once-that was on the 2nd of January, and we were in open pack-the ship made a run of a little over one hundred miles.
On the 8th of January, about nine o'clock in the morning, the Multnomalt crossed the Antarctic circle. We made a fairly good run that day and had the sun at midnight.

Each day now found the sun at the noon of night a little higher above the horizon and a little lower in the northern sky at midday. Had we been at the Pole itself, we should, of course, have had the sun--save
(Continsed on page 1130)
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Cducation

The Living Death
(Continued from page 1128)
for his change in declination, and that would have been imperceptible without an instru-ment-riding as high in the heavens at midnight as at noon.
But we weren't at the Pole, and we were not bound for the Pole. Instead, we were bound for things-but, there, did we really, after all, know what we were bound for?
We had seen numbers of penguins-emperors and adelies. As yet, but a single skua gull had been sighted. Seals had at times been rather plentiful-most of them crab-caters, the others Wedtells, Once Frontenac had spotted a Ross seal. This we had been anxions to secure as a specimen, for this animal is now becoming pretty scarce; but the creature had got away, much to the chagrin of Archimedes Bukink. Some sea-leoparts had appeared-creatures graceful in a certain sinister: snaky fashion. Numbers of whales, too, had been in sighta few of them lumpbacks. The lumpback, it is to be feared, is doomed to carly extinction. There had been very few killers-no more than three or four.
As we drew near the seventieth parallel, a strong water sky appeared in the south. The open pack becime very open pack; finally the Multnomah was moving through drift ice, and, hooray! at last she was in ope: sea!
To the southward, and to the east and the west, not a single cake of ice was to be seen anywhere. It had a curious magical guality-this sudden change. There was a pacid swell in this open water, and there was positively something exhilirating in the gentle rise and fall of the Multnomat's deck. A finc breeze was blowing, and so off went the engine, and away the ship went gliding on the wind.

The sky was almost cloudless, the sea a deep, wonderful blue. Many snowy petrels were about us. In all directions, whales were blowing. The scene was animateit, a beautiful one. It made a man breathe (leeply, for the very joy of it, and tell himself:
"It is a wonderful thing, after all, this hard old world of ours, and life is good!"

And I wondered what this scene, at the moment so beautiful, but at other times so gloomy and dreary and terrible, had been like when S!eeping Beauty lived and perhaps loved-if, indeed, there had been any sea at all here then!
But all things must end ; after a run of a lundred and lify miles through this won-de-ful open sea, came the pack again.
In latitude $74^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$, the Multuomah enconitered close pack, some of it hummocky, extending as far as the eye could reach. Until the ice opened, progress was simply out of the questim. So the ship was moored to a floe, and the game of watchful waiting was on.
Thirty or forty bergs were in sight. One uf them, a mile or so on our starboard beam, hat a height of over four hundred feet. It was much worn and towered up out of the waste of ice like a great ruined castle.
A day passed, but there was no change in the ice that barred our way to the south, though smme of the leads behind us had ciosed, others had opened up and even new ones had appeared. The only living things in s:ght were some penguins, emperors, sevcral of which were shot.
Then, in the afternoon of the second day, came the horror.

About threc n'clock a seal was disonvered off to the westward, a mile or so distant, and Frontenac and I started off in hopes of
getting the creature, he carrying the rifle. I had no weapon of any kind.

A boisterous game of football, on the floc to which the Mmtmomad was moored, was in progress at the time. Shortly after quit ting the ship, we passed Captain Livingstone.
He was sitting, probably fifty feet from the edge of the floe his chin was resting on lis left hand, and he was gazing away to the southward with a strange and abstracted look.

Of what was he thinking? In all likelihood, I told myself, of that poor girl he had found down there in her bed of crystal.

He neither saw our approach nor heard it, and we, for our part, did not choose to disturb his reveric.
We passed within twenty feet of the man, but he never knew it. That picture often rises before my eyes-the dark seated figure, immovable, sitting in the very shadow of sadness and from, gazing away to the south.
"Poor chap!" said Darwin Frontenac. "[ wish I knew his thoughts.'
"I am glad," I told him, "that mine aren't of the same cast."
"'Tis no pleasant thing truly," he returned, "to know that you are carrying an aortic anleurism in your breast; but there are worse fates."

At this point I find a hiatus in my recollection; I 100 had fallen into a profound reverie.
"Perhaps you-both of you-will love her, too.'
These words were being murmured in my brain when I was sucklenly brought back to my immediate surroundings by the voice of Darwin Frontenac.

What was that?" I queried.
He regarded me for a moment in quizzical fashion.
"Somnambulating, Bond?" le smiled.
"I was thinking. But what was it that you said?"
"I said that our crab-eater is gone."
I looked; there was certainly no seal in sight.
"So it seems."
"Yes," he smiled, "it seems so. He may, however, he hidden by one of these hummocks. We might as well go forward and make sure."

We went forward, to the edge of the lead, but our seal had vanished. A few moments, and we began to retrace our steps.
Again I fell into a reverie-out of which I was jerked by a sharp exclamation from Frontenac.
"Look there!" he cried, pointing.
We were within a hundred yards of the captain, who sat in the very same posture as when we had passed him. Within a few yards of the edge of the floe, a big fin, shaped like a curved dagger, was sinking from sight.
"Killers!" I exclaimed.
There were threc of those terrible creatures.
"And look at that!" I cried. "See that stub of a fin! That fellow was one of those that attacked the whale!"
"I recognized the brute!" muttered Datrwin Frontenac.
"And see," said I, "they're sounding, too. They are going under the ice, heading in the direction of -"
"Good God!" burst from Frontenac. "They're after the captain!"
(Continucd on payc 1135)
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RADIATOR DECORATION
(874) James V. Steinman. Wint, Okla., sub. mits a sketel of a device which sketch is reproduced herewith, which is to be attached to the radiator cap of an automobile. As the car pro.


A moving figure such as illustrated above would, when used as a radiator cap decora-
tion, distract the attention of the driver.
ceeds, the breeze created causes the propeller to revolve and through a crank, causes comical novements of the figures. He asks our opinion on a device of this nature.

Devices of this nature have been proposed before; they are usually merely passing novelties and do not enjoy a wide sale. In order to sell at all, they have to be very cheaply made and, therefore, their construction will be very flimsy. They will not last long and will soon be discarded. The writer drives a good deal and is sure that he would not want a flapping device such as the one suggested by you in front of him all the time. We would not suggest that you invest any money in this device either toward ratenting it or commercializing is

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PERPETUAL MOTION
(875) V. W. Puryear, Rochester, New York, asks what prize this magazine is offering for a will publish a description of the machine in this magazinc.
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## ROADSIDE SIGN

(876) Walter M. Price, Easton, Pa, submits a design of a proposed improvement on road. side sign post, which is supposed to make the the proposed sign is illustrated herewith. He asks our opinion on this subject. A. 1. We do not think much of your idea for roadside sign posts. The main objection is that the total ad would only be visible from one particular point of the road. Also it would only those going the other way would not be ahle to see the sign until they had passed. Ordinary flat roadside signs which are worded properly and painted with contrasting colors are not hard to read. and when they are placed properly can be read by passengers in vehicles going in either direction.
patent on your sign because of you apply for a above (
(Continued on page 1134)


A roadside sign such as illustrated above would be visible from one point only.


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trated herewith. He wants to know if such detrated herewith. He wants to know if such de vice could be patented.
A. There is nothing new in your system of colored lens attacliments for eycglasses. We doubt very much that you could patent at il. of this nature.


Colored lenses to be clipped over eye glasses as illustrated above are not new and do not constitute patentable material.

## TOOTH BRUSH

(xis). Humer Ramblull, Rasenacroft, Femm, hat designeal at turelh brush that is to be maniont. lated by hamd and which profluces at rotary mution of the brust unit, thereloy enabling the weer tor brush his tecth with both an up and down
inn a side motion. He asks wh innd a side motion. He asks whether or not we A. 1. The tooth brush worthy of a patent. tuot new. The tooth hrush yon have designed is mot new. As a matter of fact seseral patente have becn taken out on a tooth brush of a simicouht secure at patent on your idea. There is great dificulty in placing a system of this nature on the market. ind it certainly wortel not be an advisable procedure unless you are in
a position to market the same yourself. Causing a tooth brush of this nature tu whirl around while held upon the tooth will likewise prombluce a movement of the bruelh, inasmuch as it cannot be held steadily and is liathe to greatls irritate
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## QUARTZ SIGN

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 ghartz can conduct light around corners. The man desires our advice on the sane. Ar. FreeA. 1. The light delivered from a sign of the we woukl the advise youl to patent the indea for this and one other reason. That is, that quartz is very expencive and the aving in electricity will be so smath thy it with not lne compersated for hy


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[^1]
## The Lisimg (Death (Continued from page 1130)

He gave a loud cry. That seated figure slowly turned its liead
"Look out!" yelled Frontenac, starting forward. "Killers!"
I followed.
Captain Livingstone came to his fect. The movement, lowever, was a slow one; it was clear that he had not caught the dire import of Frontenac's warning.
"Killersl" Darwin yelled. "They're after you!"
the end of captain livingstone
The captain started from the spot instanter, heading in our direction. He had taken but three or four steps, however, when the first killer struck.
The ice cracked and heaved, and the man went down flat. In a moment he was up atgain, but at that very moment the second killer came crashing up, breaking clean through.

The captain disappeared. In a moment, though, as the ice settled, we saw him once more. For the third time he arose. Then it was that the third killer struck.
We were now close, and-how I shudder to think of it, let alone to write it downwe saw that hicleous stub fin appear, then we saw the great jaws close on Stanley Livingstone's body.
That scream the man gave-oll, if I coukl only forget that sound 1 The killer rearell his head high in the air, holding his victim in his mouth as a cat holds a mouse; then he began to sink from sight.
With a cry of horror, Frontenac threw the rifie to his shoulder. The next instant, the sharp report rang out. If the bullet struck the killer, it did so imnocuously. It is my belief that it went wild.
The next instant, a second head came up and seized upon the man.
Then the killers were gone with their victim.
Remained only the smashed ice and those horrid stains of scarlet.

## CHAPTER XX

SUMMER HAVEN AND A NEW CAPTAIN It was on the 20th of January that we sighted land. We were running through open pack that day and through a thin fog (lifting now and then) that rendered our surroundings dim and ghostly. But, along in the afternoon-it was about four o'clock -the fog suddenly vanished, when was heard the welcome and thrilling cry:
"Land hol"
Captain Ben Rainier, from his dead reckoning, had placed the ship's noon position at forty miles from land. Since then, keeping a sharp lookout, we had made twentyfour miles of southing, and there lay the land right where it was supposed to be, distant some fifteen miles.
I say land, but not a spot of land itself was to be seen anywhere. There, however, was the snow that covered it, rising in ligh rounded masses, and in the background two mighty, majestic peaks towered. 1up, inclistinct of outline, lovely as some Turnerian vision and yet grim as terrible sentinels, ton. "Mounts Theodore Roosevelt and Woodrow Wilson," said Captain Ben Rainier.
By seven o'clock we were off the entrance to Multnomah Pass, but here we were held up by pack ice, and it was not until eight in the morning that we got through.
A few minutes then, and we were standing into the entrance. Dark volcanic rock was now visible in places. Then came the first turn and that remarkable mass of rock which Captain Livingstone had named Multnomah Castle.
nomah Castle. "Seems like coming home again!" said Ben Rainier. "Poor Captain Livingstone,

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how he wanted to see this place again before he died!'

Came the second turn, the third, and a few minutes later the Multhomah was gliding out into the placid waters of Summer Haven.

And there of a sudden rose the column of boiling water from IIero's l'ountain, the steam from it ascending to a leight of a half mile or more.

At length I went forward and stood be side Nunatak, who was gazing upon the strange scene with a curious, wistful eager ness and in utter silence.
"Well," I queried, "what do you thimk of
"Think of it! I was just tellin" myseli what a queer place this old world of omrs really is."
Ile wated a hand to the sonthward ant said in a lowered voice:
"And this is nothin' to what is down there somewheres,
"'Tis my idec," Nimatak added, "flat of all livin men none but yourself and Frontenac there knows what Cap Living stone found in that place."
"None," I told him.
"And a fine pickle this we are in now!" tie "cjactilated.

How so?
"How so: Why, here we are with this long mush before tus, and the Iord only knows what at the end of it, and all our dogi dead in that cursed freezer-dead as so many dried herrin's."

## I langhed.

"You wait and see."
"I don't have to wait. I've already seen ain't I? Yout tell me this, McQuestion: did you ever sec Frontenac bring a dog in that fix back to life again?"
"I never have. But I saw him resuscitate a fish-a fish incased in solid ice."
"A fish! If 'twas some humans, now, that I could name, I could entertain some hopes in the matter; but a dog ain't a fish. No, McQucstion, they're dead, them dogs is they're dead as sardines. The boss is a fine gink, and all that, and a regular hyas trie when it comes to brains; but I'll never be able to forgive him for what he done to them poor diogs."
"So you believe that, if we are to get south, we'll have to tug the sleds ourselves?'
"That's just what we will have to do, tuless-
"Unless what?"
Numatak leaned closer, and his manner be came gravely esoteric.
"Shoot!" I told him.
"Unless," le whispered, "we can harness up a team of these here scals."
"It won't be long," I retirned, "before you see all those dogs scampering around the lanclscape as peppy as they ever were at their peppiest."
"I'll see a canned oyster playin' a tambourine first! I know. When a dog's memaloose, McQuestion. he'll never do any more scamperin' around any landscape mor snowscape-unless, that is, it's in them happy huntin'-grounds.
"But look at them geysers. See them spout-like a school of whales. The Valley of Ten Thousand Smokes is a sight for a man to see; but this Summer Haven, I have to admit, sure has got it beat.
"And now, speakin' of our mush after them same palm-trees, and the goorl Lord only knows what else, I sure do hope, McQuestion, that this here Cap Ramier don't have charge of the provision-supply."
"Why so?"
"Why so? So's we won't have no dearth of muchymuck, that's why. Close! Wliy, that feller is so parsimonious with supplies that, if he owned the air, he wouldn't let a catbird whistle!"


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The ship stood steadily on, drawing in slowly towards the western shore. At length we opened the Multhomalis little cove; not far away was the hut, a strange sight and one melancholy too in this deserted and desolate spot. There was but very little snow on these hills, which rose in long gentle swells like waves. And, towering above all, there in the south, were those mighty peaks-twin Ramiers, each rising fifteen thousand feet into the sky, the beauty of them wonderful, grim and awful.

WE DROP ANCHOR
The Multnomah turned into the cove. The engine stopped, an anchor was let go, and the ship swoug round to her cable and became stationary.

Here we were at last, and the long, long voyage was encled! But the adventure was not en-iled. Indeed, this was, after a manner of speaking, only the beginning. What awated us there in the south? What tales wou'd we have to tell on our return-the terrible Crardens of Paradise explored. Sleepirg Beataly, in her block of ice, on one of the sleds? If, indeed, we did not leave rur bones down there!

But what was the use of addressing questions 1 , late? Did she ever give answers? Never any at all. We must wait. Time only vould tell-slow, cruel, inexorable Time. Patience was our only consolation. And in the meantime work-work conducive to strpigth of body; and thoughts-thoughts conducive to strength of heart and strength of soirl.
For surely we should need it all.

## CHAPTER XXI

"I WISH THAT HE HAD!"
A boat was at once lowered, and Frontenac. Rainier, Nunatak and myself were rowed ashore and went up to the hut.
"Just as we left her," said Ben Rainier.
"I shouldn't think," Numatak remarked, "that visitors would be very frequent in these here parts."
"All the same," Rainior answered. "it wouldn't have surprised me at all if we had found somebody liere. I thought some fellow would come-well, to see if our descriptions were exaggerated. Nothing, you know, in all Antarctic history, surprised people more than the discovery of this Summer Haven.
"How about the palm-trees?" queried Frontenac

Captain Ben Rainier had taken a key from a nail above the entrance to the hut: this he had been on the point of inserting in the padlock. But now he turned and looked at Darwin Frontenace earnestly.
"That was different," he said. "We had proof of this discovery. Do you, after all, actually believe that Captain Livingstone actually did find palm-trees down there?"
"Why not?
"Palm-trees within the Antarctic circle. I'm afraid that I can't believe that."
"Here's Summer Haven."
"Summer Haven," returned Ben Rainier, "isn't palm-trees."
"How," |「rontenac asked, "do you explain the severed heads of Wilkie, Thompson and Bogardus?"
"I don't believe that their heads were cut roff at all. I don't believe that Captain Livingstone knew any more about what became of those men than I know. In short, it is my belief that those severed heads, the palmtrees and all the rest of it, no matter what the rest of it was-all that, delirium!" said Ben Rainier
"We shall see!" said Darwin Frontenac.
Busy were the days that now succeeded. the novelty of our surroundings rendering those days very interesting ones.

Frontenac, Archimedes Bukink, Nunatak and miself moved into the hut forthwith; the others preferred the Afultuomah.

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On the third day a big killer whale-he must have been thirty feet in length-rose near the ship, which apparition clicited from Numatak some soliciturte on the seore of Mr. Orca Gladiator's health: the clange from the icy waters of the sea to this warmth oi Summer llaven might, quoth Numatak, "give the poor critter pucumony."

## THE DOGS BROUGHT TO LIFE

It was on this day, too, that Darwin Frontenac began the resuscitation of the dogs. I was the only witness of the actual restoration itself, which was by no mean; so simple and casy a matter as the suspendfing of the vital functions had been.

And never shall I forget that look on Nunatak's face when I brought the first doy up on deck. Skoknm by mane-the creature as bright-cyed and frisky as though he had just been aroused from a natural snooze.

The musler stared. rubbed lis blue eyc and stared again, rubbed his black eye and stared harder than ever.
"Can it really be!" he exclaimed. "Is it really you, Skookum-after bein' dead for so long?
He dropped to his knees. hugged the dog to him and rocked him back and forth, murmuring endearing swear words.
"And I thought that lie couldn't do it! Yes, Skookum, old tillictm (partner), I thought that Frontenac had murdered you and all the rest, that you wats all as dead as so many canned lobsters. IBut I'll never doubt the boss no more. Ife can do anything. He's goin' to find them same palmtrees, that everybody thought was so many pipe-dreams, and the good Lord noly knows what else besides. I'll head with him for hell itself-and maty be that's where we are goin', Skookum-and I'll never ask at single question but just mush along after."
The others were crowding aromud, gazing at the dog in wonder and perlaps in awc.

I left them and returned to Frontenac.
On being removed from the freezer-five were taken at a time, after the revivification of Skookum-the dogs were placed in another room, the temperature of which stood at thirty-two degrees Falirenheit. It was slowly increased. At the end of an liour it was fifty degrecs. Frontenac now used his antidete. This was a bright purple fluid. its appearance unpleasantly oily, and it was injected into, the neck. I tasted this stuff, at Frontenac's suggestion and assurance that it was perfectly inmocuous. It had an indescribable, sweetish taste-the strangest imaginable. There was in effect whatever that I was aware of, except a slight tingling (in the tongue.
"Weak stuff, after all," I remarked.
Darwin Frontenac smiled a little.
"That's because you are warm."
"Warm?"
"Just so. If your body was cold like these, the effect, I fancy; would be powerful enough-thongl, of course, you wouldn't be aware of that."
"Then the warmth ncutralizes it?"
"I suppose one could put it that way."
"Why, then, did you bring them here? They were colder there in the freczingroom."
"Because the action of the antidote alone will not raise the body to a blood temperature. And, besides, raising the temperature of the body is not its real function, tho 1 gh a very important one. I admit. It's real action-and withont that action recover: from a state of suspended animation would be impossible-is upon the blood."
"But," I saic, "the blood is not circulating. As far as any vital process is concerned, the animal is as dead as a doornail. How, then, can this antidote be absorbed, permeate the whole circulatory system?"

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"I think," lirontenac returned, a smile somewhat esoteric on his lean features, "that a little reflection will give you the answer to that."
For some time after the injection of the antidote-twenty or thirty minutes-there was no perceptible change whatever in the body. But, though not perceptible, a great change was taking place-a change that, at the expiration of the time mentioned, began to make itself manifest. The eyes began to lose that weird, horrihle glassiness, the limbs their terrible rigidity. And at length the heart-so long stilled-began to beat and the animal to breathe.

A few minutes, and the animal would yawn and stretch himself, then get up and move around as though nothing untoward had happened to him.

That first day fifteen of the dogs were restored to life, so to speak. The next twenty-five, the day following thirty-two, and the fourth day saw the last body taken from the freezing-room.

Then I would think of Sleeping Beauty. and strange, indeed, were the thoughts that came to me at such moments. Was she really in that strange state that men calle 1 one of suspended animation? Was her soul lo, cked up within her body there in her tomb of palencrystic ice. or was it a corpse that was imbedded there? Poor little kid!

For a time we were exploring around and recovering our land legs. which I was very glad, certainly, to get under me once more.
And for a time our plans were uncertain. Should we lay down depots, then go into winter quarters here at Summer Haven, or should we at once begin our march for the Gardens of Paradise and winter there?

There was much to be said on both sides, and much discussion did we have upon the subject. To pass the winter among the patm-trees-if, that is, we could keep our heads on our shoulders-would, from a scientific point of view, and, indeed, from any other, be an experience replete with extraordinary interest. But, on the other hand, there was our lack of experience to be considered and the uncertainty with regard to the supply of food. To take grub along sufficient to tide us through the winter was out of the question. Could we depend upon providirg the necessary food-supply after reaching that wonderful and terrible place? It was lirontenac's belief that we could. Such. too, was my own.
However, the decision which we reached was to get down depots as far to the south as we could, go into winter fuarters at Summer Haven and start for the Gardens of Paradise in the spring.

So now came the depont journeys. Three times we left Summer Haven, our faces to, the south. On the third journey-"mush" in the vernacular of Louis Louisiana-we got our depot twenty miles or so beyond Captain Livingstone's Depot Numher Three.
"Everything so far," said I, "is just as poor Livingstone described it."
"And so," said Darwin Frontenac. "will be everything else. The fate of the discoverer seems to be a hard one-Colimbus in chains, Galileo on his knees, our Captain Stanley Livingstone a man greviously, cruelly wronged."

Nunatak turned his face to the sonthward. and his gaze was a strange and wist ful one.
"Palm-trees!" he murmured. "I wisht, now, that I knowed everything that poor Cap Livingstone found down there."
"So do I," Frontenac said, a wan smile passing athwart his lean face. "Bond and I know what he saze."
"Well," the musher queried, giving the other a quizzical look. "didn't he see what he found?"
"Not in every instance," was Frontenac's answer. "I wish that he had!"
(To be contimusd)

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## Doctor Hackemsaw's Secrets

By CLEMENT FEZANDIE
(Continut from payc 1095)
fix in which I find myself to-day. You must know that Rubert Houdin in his memoirs tells about a trip lie made to Algeria on behalf of the French government. There was a plot on foot for an uprising of the natives and the lirench decided wisely that to send a prestidigitator like Rubert Hourlin to the affected provinces would impress them far more than the finest army they could orgamize. The cunrse of events slowed the wisclam of their act. Houdin's feats of magic conwinced the natives that the whites were powerful magicians and all iclea of revolt was nipped in the bud. To see Robert Houdin allow one of their chiefs to load a pistol with a marked bullet, and shoot at him, and then see Houdin catch the marked bullet in his teeth, convinced them that the Frenth were invuluerable:* And when Kobert Houdin shot the same bullet at a white wall and strew bhood from the wall (a wax bullet filled with bloond was used), their astonishment knew nu bounds.
"Then, to cap the climax. Hourdin asked that the strongest man in the audience shoulit come forth, and offered to take away all his strength and leave him weaker than a womian.
"The challenge was accepted by a husky fellow who had a well-earned reputation for strength. He came forward smiling, and when Robert Houdin asked him if he could lift a fifty-pound iron chest, the fellow scornfully put out his left hand and lifted the box with case.
"Yery well," said IIoudin, "now I'm going to take all your strength away from you: and leave yout weaker than a woman." Ite made a few passes with his hands before the man's face, and then sairl, "Now, try to lift that box!"

The fellow with still greater scorn than before put forth a hand. But the box resisted. Amazed, the man clasped the box with both hands, and bracing himself exerted every particle of strength of which le was capable. His muscles stond out from his body like sinewy cords, and the perspiration dripped in streams from his bolly. but he was unabie to budge the box an inclo. Then the poor fellow fell on his knees and begged Houdin to give him back his strength. And, of contse, the clever Frencluman did] $\mathrm{s} n$. A few reverse passes and the man was again able to lift the box with ease."
"That was clever." said Pep. "How was the trick managerl?"
"Simply enough. The iron casket rested on a powerfin electromagnet. When there was no current, the box was easy to lift. When the current was turned on, lmwever. the powerfal current caused the box to adhere to the floor so firmly that it was very difficult to move.
"Well, Miss Pep, you may perlaps know that there has been a recent uprising in the African possessions of one of the European powers. I chanced to meet the ambassador of this power. and remenbering Rohert Ioudin's success I thoughtlessly boasted that I could put down the revolt alone, and without any bloodshed.
"He took me up at once, and the result is that you and I, Pep, are now traveling
*Note-TO Merform this trick, Rohert Mondin used a special ramrod. In the gun was a loose tuhe into which the powder and marked bullet Were rammed. The ramronf fitted tightly into this
tuhe so when Hourlius nulled out the ramrod the bullet came with it and he was ahle to place it in his mouth, unperceived.

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together to Africa, and that we two are expected to nip in the bud this uprisitig of thousands of Arabs and negrocs."
"Gee!" exclaimed Pep. much impressed. "You didn't tell me I was going to war! You'll have to appoint me general-in-chief. Well, I'm ready now to hear about the radium. I suppose you are going to use that walking skeleton to frighten the natives."
"Precisely. The figure is really solidnot a skeleton at all, but the metal surface is so brightly polished that it is practically invisible except the ribs and other bones which are painted with a composition of my own invention. I could have used phosphorescent paint, but I concluded I coulk get better results with radium emanation, I suppose you know what radium emanation is?'
"Not exactly."
"If you dissolve some radium chloride in water, the radium will be found to have lost most of its radio-activity and will not regain it for a montl-the time required to produce a new stock of emanation. The emanation is really in the water and can be obtained in the form of a gats. It is this gas-this radium emanation and not the radium itself-that produces the principal effects attributed to radiam. The life of this emanation is short, however, for in four days it has lost half its activity.
"For my purpose, however, this shortness of life is of no consequence. My skeleton, as you have probably surmised, is an antomatic figure which I can control from a distance by radio. Different lentghs of waves will canse different portions of the figure to move. I can make it walk, dance. gesticulate and even talk by means of a plonosgraph inside. As you probably know, radium emanations to become phosplorescent must be thrown on a screen, Originally it was platino-cyanide of barium that was used for the fluorescent screen, but I use a special powder of my own which I mix with the gas-that is, the radium emanation, and I blow the two together through suitable openings in the body of the skelcton, utilizing the force of the compressed gas for the jet. This cnables me to make the skeleton liminous or dark at will, so that the skeleton seems to vanish and reappear. By using different powders with the emanation I ca:s produce fluorescence of different colors. But what is the use of explaining. To-morrow might you will get a practical demonstration."

## CHAPTER III

In the rebel camp there was great activity, for the morrow was to see the first real battle between the Arab and negro troops and the enemy's soldiery. (ieneral Blank, at the head of the govermment army, had received orders to try conciliation, and under no circumstances to commence or provoke hostilities, but he realized full well that the rebels were massing their forces and that the morrow would see the first real hostilities. He had only seorn for Doctor Hackensaw's project of frightening the natives, but he placed all facilities at the doctor's disposal.

And that might, about midnight, the walking skeleton made its first appearance in front of the rebel camp. The sentinels suddenly saw appear before them a giant skeleton with luminous bones shining with a baleful greenish fire! The skeleton uplifted its lands and came forward, its jaws working, as by means of an amplifying device it thundered forth the words: "Balek! Balek! Balck!" the Arabic equivalent of "Beware! Beware! Beware!" The sentinels shot at the figure and it suddenly vanished from their sight with a lond mocking langh, ant then reappeared some distance away aud repeated its cry again. The whole canip was now up in alarm, and thev all saw with terror the figure appear a third tinse. Then it ranished and was scen mon more that night.


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Following the war, when business and social life surged again into normal channels, there came the cry from homes, hospitals, schools, mills, offices-"Cive us telephones." No one in the telephone company will ever forget those days.

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"That was a clever performance of yours last night, Doctor Hackensaw," remarked General Blank next morning, "but as I told you it has had no effect. The rebels are continuing their preparations. My spies tell me, however, that there is some demoralization among the troops. The exhibition may have been of some use!"
"I'll give them a second dose to-night," said Doctor Hackensaw. . Accordingly, sharp at midnight, the skeleton appeared again. This time, however, it was mounted on a skeleton horse with wings. And this time the luminous emanation slot forth from all parts of the figure in jets of colored fire like the coronal streamers of the sun. And this time the phonograph sent forth peals c, i reverberating thunder, while lightning flashed at intervals from the figure. And $i s$ it circled over the rebel camp it discharged upon them gases with a fearful stench. A combination of asafoetida, skunk fluid and Limburger cheese would have been like Attar of Roses compared to the horrible - smell enitted by the figure, while the words: "Manut! Maout! Maout!" came from the skeleton's moving jaws-the Arabic equivaKout off, "Decth! Death! Death!"
The natives in terror all iell upon their knees, and at once sent messengers to Gencral Blank, tendering their submission. A, a result, the following night there appeared a flying cleruly over their camp and scattored fragrant jessamines among the natives -a flower of which the Arabs are very fond. The uprising was at an end. Ductor Hackensaw in two days, at a trifling expense, hat accomplished without bloodshed results such as a large army could not have accomplishen! in months and then only at the expense of many thousands of lives and millions upon millions of dollars!

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(Continusd from payc 1109)

## LIKES S AND I

Editor, Scicnce and Intention;
Allow ne, as a sincere reader of Science and INVENTION, to give niy personal estimation of your mblication. I was a reader of many scientific periodicals, expecting to gain some knowledge from them. Instead of learning something from them, Was only niore confused after readion on one nagazine. Naturally I had to look for the best scientific magazine published for my subscrip. tion. After a deep search 1 found that the nlaga. zine with the golden cover was to be my selecterl magazine. I have never regretted the day I sent in my subscriptron.
A nagazine like Science and Invention, comtaining no long, lengthy articles, but illustrations and explanations perfectly clear, written in good Fnglish, publishing only worthwhile important ar ticles, publishing no thick issues with nothing in hem, has no contemporary superior. for schoot, work, and my own laboratory experiments, it is a veritable storchotise of reference. its field. Let ing readrng it has none superionk and congratulatc me take this opportunity to tham all connected with the cdors, cor their earnest lahor in puhlish. this conljany for their earnest as Science And lnventuin. ing a magazine so fine as Science and nvantin.

Dittelourgh, 'a.
(Thanks, Mr. Kalson, it is zery nice of you to gitc credit to us for our cfforts in giriug you what von zuant, and we arc glad to know that in an. ofler case we hair succeeded.
The rapid strides in increased circulation fur ther indicatc our success in pleasing our readers. We hope ace shall continuc to merit your praise and if ace dont, just tell ws. - Editor.)

## THOUGHT WAVES

Eiditor, Scicnor and lne chtron: For a manther olways foumd it interesting and zine and have Now, i would not go without it. Ithmating. some jeople who appear to think that some of the "stuff," as they call it, in the magasome of the "stuff, as they call it, in the magathose articles that are dealing with what I may thorloans term scientific inagination. I belong to those who belicve that the dreans of the scientific thinker of today are the realities of tomorrow. I belicve that your magazine cannot fail to act as a powerful spur on the imagination and efforts enpecially of the young scientific reader ant inventor. That, I believe, is one of its greatest missions.

But now. I would like to have your opinion on some ideas that I have had in mind for some time. It is now believed by many that when a man thinks, some material changes are taking place in his brain. In thir nature these changes inay be molecular, atomic or electronic. If so, they may be considercd as energy in a material sense and in that case trey with produce wares in the ether. Now. is the thiverse, this energy, in nothing is of ether waves, must go on through space forever. Then, in this respect they are smalogouts to the waves of heat, light, electricity and for aught we know, gravitation. If this is correct then every thinking brain is a hroad. cast station in a real sense. Hence, we are receiving energy in the form of thought waves from all directions, not only from this planet, hut from every inhabited planct in space.
Would it not be reasonable to believe that an instrument could be constructed that could reg. ster these waves and amplify and even transfurm them? Some claim that the brain, under crinditions, can act as a receiving station. Our inctrument could, therefore, be constructer along line already laid out by nature in building up hee human brain. We have such the rowe being an the callera is one of them. optical instrument registers cortain kirain which "aves and transfers them to the of vision. ()ur instrurathsiates detail But it could well indicate the general detait. But it could whether they be good or treud of one's thoughts, whether they be good or cril. It would be useful to indicate the comhined thoughts of large groups of individuals, as
the tratsactions of a large company or the me tratsactions of a political party or, as hemanoeuverings of a political party or, as hetween nations, such inportant questions as a
choice hetween war and peace. The owner of such an instrunient would know instantly and accurately ahout many things that it would take others thousands and miltions of dollars to find nit. As for communication with other planets, almost infintte possibitities would be opened to the investigator. For example. that which is seen by a lorain on another planet is by that brain brnadcast through space in the form of waves. These waves are received by our mechanical
brain liere on earth, anmplified, transformed if


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The sseccessful intentor of such a system acill perpetwally inscribe his name in the thall and isi for making the most worthy sciculific confribufiou of the era. Medical science avill hikeraise make an important adrancement based on the demonstration of the principle of smik a mothod. -Editor.)

## NOT A QUITTER

## Editor, Science and Invention:

Your prize contest is positively unfair" So ound comeributors secm! to be so lacking in to crecy, into their to permits that meanny though package for the editors. I have the same reason to make the same assertion. Howecer, it is a imple fact that any and every contribution com't would he a disastrous waste far prenter than wand he suspected. Out of seven contributions I have no yet had an acceptance. but I am mot going to be a quitter, My moto is. "Once in the mande mever pointer to attaiment of perfoction at anserJonx M. Skeen, Lake ''reck, Texas. (1'ou are right, Mr. Skern. The judqes hat o
dificult and sometimes, were think, of thankloss joh infacum and sometwines, zere think a thankless job in azcardiny priz's. Thy try to do their fery best.
and all decisious are unanimoush, zoted. Of course. and all decisions are thamimousty toted. Of course
it's an absolute impossibility' to please creryone al the fime, but then those thas get the prizes ha: hit coch as much as rentered one simale complaint 3rar in addition to a stradily incresing pumber of
"fo are glad you intion to try again, and hope you zuill be succresfal to the critent of aiming o licalthy sized cherk.-l:ntur.)

## A SATISFIED READER

## Fidior. Science and Invention:

fur the been a reader of Sciencer iod Invertioy for many years and even though 1 may tracel al many months old. al ways get a cony even if it all over the world, but not one equal to Screne and sulbiciun since the elimination of many words in a while I read many complaints fromo our friend readers and 1 want to sily right here that thes hefor be better of if they would stop to think J. II. Kraus of thic Patent Arvica Depart Mr. becanse he gives them the right advice. Twice Mr . Kraus adviol me not to alply for patents on two certain inventions and on the third one I refused to listen and now I am short about $\$ 150$, 00 I read the "whys" of our friend readler from
Spokanc. Wash., Elsie Brierheath, and if she desires to have a longer answer than yoturs, she Can find same in the Coimopolita: Magazine of October, in an article by Rupert Hugines. Mr. H.
Germinack's atmonition. "Those who rernndacks atmonition, "Those who reftuse to go
heyond fact rarely get as far as fact," should be gold plated and placed in the bed-roons of every Science and Intention reader; Mitcheil. S. Sumner, San Diego, Calif. (Sorry you had such tronble with your inten -ises that a Tise
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## Book Review

THE YOUNG CHILD'S HEALTH, by Henry L. K. Shaw, M. D. FOOD FOR HEALTH'S SAKE-WHAT TO EAT, by Lucy H. Gillett, M. A. THE QUEST FOR HEALTH, by James A. Tobey, M. S. THE HUMAN MACHINEHOW YOUR BODY FUNCTIONS, by W. H. Howell, M. D. TAKING CARE OF YOUR HEART by T. Stuart Hart M. D. Flexible cloth covers, size 4 inches by 6 inches each, 50 to 75 pages each, published by Funk \& Wagnalls Co., New York City.
An association composed of various other societies for the improvement of the public health, named the National Health Council, is publishing a scries of most attractive little books on the
various subjects relating to health. The best vay to give our readers an idea of what is being waye, is to say that when completed there will done, iwenty of these little manuals, with about be twenty of these litte manuals, with about reated and har treard, health, the heart, cancer, man and the microbes, and there are more to come, is written by specialists, and it seems certain that the needs realized or not realized of almost everyone of us, The printing is effective, and the binding and general make-up is quite attractive and a good example of how to produce such a series.

FSSENTIALS OF PRINTING. By Frank S. Henry, 187 pages, cloth covers, illustrated. $73 / 4 \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, price $\$ 1.25$, published by John Wiley \& Sons, Inc.
Who has not looked at a printed page and wondered how the printer that set up the type could get the riglithand margins so even and not lave them staggered as it ordinary typewriting? The art of printillg is simole, yet to the layman it
seems rather complex. This work of Mr. Henry's puts forth the main points of printing in a sim. plifird manner. and describes type and type cases. The pages then go on to describe the process of setting up type by hand and the method of spacing the type so that the ends of the line are even and
the work is cjustified. "Thoughout the work the work is "justified." Throrghout the work, type sizes and fonts are described. The mazas. urements used in printing are detailed and their
various uses fully dealt with. From then on the various uses fully dealt with. From thell on the
heginner is led throing various stages such as the making and correcting of proofs and the use of various machinery which makes typesetting faster Page composition is then dealt with and various illistrations show how a set up page is to clapter deals with the paper used in printing and classifies it as to size and weight.
This book is valuable to anyone interested in learuing the printing trade as it is elementary and simple to understand. It deals entirely with hand type setting and does not describe linotype or monotype machines. However. as a text book
for the beginner it has an excellent place and can be heartily recommended as an authoritative work.

DETAILS OF TYPICAL MECHANISM. By C. M. Linley, 103 pages, cloth covers, illustrated. price $\$ 2.00$, published by the D. Van Nostrand Publishing Co., New York City.
The mechanic or inventor very frequently de sires to obtain the mechanism which wilt do a certain work in the simplest manner, but has no rolume is intended to do away with such difficulties as it explains in detail most of the common types of mechanism used in alt classes of modern machinery. Each and every device is completely illustrated and fully described in the text. As an aid to a student of mechanical engineering or in fact of any type of engineering or to the in
ventor, this book should prove a great help.

FLYING. By Major W. T. Blake, 221 pages, $71 / 2 \times 5^{\prime \prime}$, published by George Allen \& Unwir. Ltd., England. Price, six shillings (\$1.50)
To the general public, the science of aviation is somewhat of mystery and as such it receives little or no attention. Aviation is a subject which can be made extremely interesting if presented in The proper light and everyone at all interested in
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knowledge of mat., ematics and other subjects which enter into the design and construction of Major Blake in treating the subject considers
the future possbilities of aircraft. He next takes up the construction of airplanes both land, sea
planes and flying boats. One chapter is devoted to a discussion of the fundamental principles underlying sirplane construction, but no complicated form'ilas are given, as it is only intended to present the main points of the subject. Further on "A the volume, a short resume is given telling jast how a pilot operates an airplane under different condilions and gives the physical characteristics which a person must have in order to berome a successful pilot.
Oiter subjects touched upon
tion of aerodromes and air upon are the construc cial flying and the effect of atmospheric comer tions on the possibilities of flight. tions on the possibilities of flight.
The authors knowledge of flyin
o make many suggestions to fyang enables him ment of flying conditions as well as of airplane ment of fiying conditions as well as of airplane and concise manner the principles of the different ypes of airplane engines in use today. Aliding and in it the principles involved are dis. gliding and in it the principles involved are dis.
cussed and also the relation of gliding to flying cussed and also the relation of gliding to flying
with motordriven airplanes. He considers the science of gliding to be very valuable for the aviator, and he points out how gasoline can be saved by making use of air currents in the proper places and allowing the plane to glide with the
motor throttled very low. motor throttled very low.
Taken as a whole, th
reatisen as a whole, the book is an excellent in which it is written will make it a manner addition to the library of anyone interested in aviation.

FOIBLES AND FALLACIES OF SCIENCE. By Daniel W. Hering, C. F.. Plı. D. LL. D., illustrated, 294 pages, $81 / 4$ $\times 5 \frac{1}{2}$ ", price $\$ 2.50$ cloth covers, published by the D. Van Nostrand Publishing Co., New York City.
Although perpetual motion and kindred subjects are products of the medieval ages, still it is surprising to note the wide interest which they
command among present day inventors and me. command among present day inventors and me-
chanical workers. As the author of this work rather broadly states, it seems that practically every person you meet, who is at all interested time or has had an idea about perpetual motion which he fondly believes is workable. And perpetual motion is not the only fallacy that engages minds today, as there are still to be found many believers in such subjects as astrology and the divining rod.
In the book at hand, the author has touched on almost every one of the features indicated by the title in an authoritative and clear manner.
Perusing this volume would undoubtedly quench Perusing this volume would undoubtedly quench
the desire of hundreds of searchers for perpetual the desire of hundreds of searchers for perpetual
motion and the philosopher's stone. Explanations of many devices are given and reasons are
assigned to each one showing just why it will assigned to each one showing just why it will
not work. A giance through the table of contents reveals
the wide range of subjects covered in this interthe wide range of subjects covered in this inter.
esting volume. Some of them are astrology, esting volume. Some of them are astrotion of metals, perpetual motion, divination, hoaxes, prophecies, charlatanism, and ot
To review thoroughly the treatment of the subjects in this excellent work would require ton much
space. It is sufficient to say that the book is wonderfully interesting and it is well worth reading for the general information contained therein.
If more of our readers who are convinced that perpetual motion is a possibility would read this volume and consider it seriously, we are sure that they would change their ideas.

PIONEER INVENTIONS AND PIO NEER PATENTS. By Frank Keiper. 152 pages. Cloth Cover. $103 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 7{ }^{\prime \prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$ Published by Pioneer Publishing Co. Rochester, New York. Price, $\$ 3.00$ net. The book is written from the manuscript of sity. The author is a member of the patent bar and is a well known advocate. In this work, the subject of patent law, usually consideret as a dry abstract subject, is treated in such a author begins his book with a resumé of pioncer anthor begins his book with a resume of pioncer ing points that we of the present day do not is the alphabet in use today.
Following this are several pages devoted to the reprodnction of various basic patents on such well-known subjects as the telegraph and rubber vulcanizing. Many points in connection with radio vacuum tubes, which have received much notice of late, due to patent litigation, are brought forth. The second part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various problems confronting the inventor and tells how some of them may be overcome. Directions are given for the
recording of patents and for the selling of same.


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The book is very well written throughout, and should be of great assistance to the pros-
pective inventor as well as to anyone at all pective inventor as well
interested in patent law.

AUTOMOTIVE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATI(NN. By J. C. Wright and pired C. Smith. fto pages. Cloth cover. yy/4" $\times 6^{\prime \prime}$. Published by John Wiley \& Suns, Inc., New York. Price $\$ 3.00$ net.
The subject of automotive construction and operation is such a broad one, due to the many types and makes of antomobiles on the road todia, that it takes a very well planned book
to cover the subject intelligently and thorwhghly. This book toes just that. The subjects are so arrangel that, begimning at the front of the book. each and every one is treated in the profer sequence. A short historical survey is first given. and then the various types of automolibes are considered. The power plant and how it operates is treated in detail and each and every part of the engine is described. $A$ suryey of the fuet question is then given and The chapters following deal with the functions of the various parts of the car's plant, such as the carburetor. the ignition system, and cooling system. In one part of this hook witl be found and excellent treitise on automotive electricity, covering the principal systems used
and describing tach one. The lant dhapher of the book is one which will be found to be of great value to anyone "U all intercsted in this subject. $T$ nformation and contains data on vari. "Useful Information" and contains data on vario ous topics clasitiked in such a wiy that any
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looking for trouble with an engine. The book is written in such a way that it is of geat value not only th the layman who


HOUSEHOLD PHYSICS. By Jusepl ${ }^{2 \prime}$. Jameson. 437 pages. Cloth cover. $8^{\prime \prime}$ x $53 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Published by John Viley \& Sons. Inc., New Y'urk. Price $\$ 1.90$ net.
In the library of every person interested in science in gens ral or in any one science in parlicular, there must be at least one or more hooks devoted to the sulbject of physics. more wery science, there will be found one or more physics. A book of a type such as this one is very salualike. It contains much iuforination, but the technical points are so a wiressed that they can he undurstoot all the suljects are treated with their enough, all the sulyects, are treated wion however, household appications in riew. interesting as it tends to make the hook very interester theories connects up rarimus scientic sum subjects as heat
with our everyday life. Such with our everyday life. Such subjects ass heat
athl methods of heating limnes are discussed in athl methols of heating limnes are ascussed unt
tetail. Then what in a senie is the opporite subjeci. refrigeration. is discussed. Ahe hoxes thorrenglify illuntrated in detail.
 treated in at very simplified manner. The uses of treated in ar wery sumphined mamer. by houselohd appliances are given, and hints for the efficiont operation of various devices are de. scribed. The subject of color and its relation to artificial lighting is taken up, and discussed and treated in tetail.

Then such everyday subjects as water meters and various househohl measures and scales ar hescribed and their shortcomings pointed out.
Taken as a whole, the hook is one which merits
areful reading. As an assistance to the Higlt School student, its value can not be undereationated. Also for those who are through with intensive education. but who desire to keep certain facts available, this book will be fuund of great value.

[^3]
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and their component parts illustrated and de scribed in full. In this work one can find almost anytling he desires to know in connection with the manufacture, the care and the charging of storage batteries. The difference between various types of batteries is discussed and the kind of battery that is particularly suitable to any certain work is mentioned and the reason for the choice is given.
This book should be of very great value to anyone engaged in work where he has contin nal contact with storage batteries. Also the lay man, the student of electricity and the exper menter will undoubted!y want this book useful library. It contains page after page ond readily informatio
clsewhere.

LIGHT. By H. M. Reese. Hard cloth cover. $91 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime} .295$ pages. Published by the Missouri Book Company, Colnmbia, Missouri.
Although to the average layman light appears to be an exceedingly simple subject, still the student of plysics finds that it is very much more complicated than would at tirst be imagined. This book on light delves deeply into the sub ject instead of just skimming the surfiace as many books do. Furthermore, it is written in a rather simplified form. for as the author states, it was platned for students who have never had any training in caiculus. The book stars with tight usual introduction, covering the velocity of light and the metholls used in studying the light waves From there on. the text becomes more compir cated as rellection and the various types of mir rors are dealt with. Lenses, telescopes and projection lanterns arc discussca in detare outlined. principles upon which each depend art outned Throughout the volume, methors of studying construction and efreely illusirated The book is described and protusely inusiratedo all students of physics and to those who are particularly interested in astronomy.

THE POULSEN ARC GENERATOR. By C. F. Elwell, B.A., E.E. Hard cloth covers. $81 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 5 \frac{1}{2}$ " 192 pages. Published by the D. Van Nostrand Publishing Co., New York City. Price $\$ 4.00$.
Although the author of this book states in the preface that it is not intended to be a technical treatise on the Poulsen are generator, it does give the theory of that generator in a simplified and concise manner. The greater part history of the Poulsen machine.
Those radio experimenters who are familiar with or interested in the C.W. transmission as accom. plished by the use or canmi ubes, with the maof interest its pages. chine which enables of 25 kilowatts and higher, to employ uspally and economically ohtained with yacuum tubes. III the days before broadcasting. the whine of are stations was familiar to every receiving fan. Today but few of those interested in broadcasting ever listen to the stations that carry on the most important traffic in radio. These are the larger commercial and government stations which are continually transmitting press news and business messages across ocealis and continents. The Poulsen arc generator is the heart of many of these stations and as such is certainly deserving of a place in the history of radio. This volume attempts to place the are generator in that niche of fame and accomplishes the purpose quite well.

EVOLUTION. By Vernon Kellogg. Octavo, stiff cloth covers. 291 pages. Published by D. Appleton \& Co., New York. Price $\$ 1.75$
Ever since William Jennings Bryan began his crusade to put down evolution in the schools, here has been a veritable flock of ideas on the subject, some good, sone bad, The present volume more or luthor well known to followers of this by an author well kown to forme the lay reader column, is among the best for some time. His method of organization in the volume is particulatly adapted to the reader who lacks the time lo so in the subject in a profescional way The first cliapter is an explanation of evolution, some. thing which has long been lacking, that is as far as the lay reader is concerned. One finds that the developinent of man from the anthrop oid ape is not the primary thesis of this great oloctrine in spite of various Christian thougl unenlightened gentlemen. Then follows a number of chapters dealing with evolution in the several divisions of life. which includes a section on plants, vertebrates and invertebrates, and lastly homo sapiens, with conclusions on societal evolution and a prospect for the future.


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## RADIO WURINRIGES

$\mathrm{U}^{\text {NDER this heading we are going to }}$ publish items of interest to everyone who likes to build radio instruments. In order to continue this department it is necessary for our readers to tell us about their latest experiments. Write us a short description of some time- or money-saving kink you have discovered and send it to us along with a few sketches. Our regular prizes will be paid for this material. Be brief and try to put everything in the drawing. Don't be too elaborate. Address "RADIO WRINKLES" editor, care of Science and Invention.

## PHONE CONNECTORS



A very convenient method of connecting two pair of phones in parallel, is to utilize wornpair of phones in parallel, is to utilize wornequipped with small binding posts and mounted as shown above
-Carl F. Motsch, Reporter No. 12926.

## COIL TAPS



The process of taking taps off a coil is very easily accomplished by simply making a knot in the form of a loop. The wire should be scraped so that its insulation is removed where the knot occurs. In this way, making taps becomes a pleasure instead of the bug-bear it usually has been.
-Richard Anderson, Reporter No. 10509.

## PHONE SWITCH



[^4]

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PEEP-HOLE MIRROR


The filaments of the tubes such as UV199 and WD12s are very hard to see through the ordinary peep hole in the panel. By provid. ing them with a small mirror mounted as shown in the sketch, it becomes possible to overcome this at a very small expense. -B. G. Switzer.


By splitting the wooden barrel from an ordinary soft pencil it is possible to use it as an improvised filament control when the ordinary rheostat is not procurable. A flexible wite is soldered to one end of the pencil, while the other projects through the panel and allows of adjustment.
-Rcss J. Drew, Reporter No. 16663.
VARIABLE COUPLER


An efficient variocoupler whose design is commenable foom the standpoint of fexibility can be constructed by adhering to the outline given from the dctails in the above drawing. The degree of coupling between the primary and secondary is variable by means not only of a rotary secondary but by the adjustable primary. Litz wire is to be preferred in this type- of "low-loss" construction.
-Geo. V. Krabach.
(Contilued on page 1153)


## How This Man Won Success

## As an Electrical Expert

Weneral Manager of hits rombany at 28 years of arel
nis uw hos-inns his home-married and happy and

 the conpan
Mr. Itohrshluchter gat his stort toward his quick and
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## Circuit a Separate Color

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Consrad is again right up to the minute by publishing in its usual complete form a pattern on the authentic Tropadyne circuit. This pattern contains two extra large sized blueprints ( 19 by 22 inches). The blueprint of the wiring diagram is printed. in the latest Consrad method explained elsewhere on this page. With these blueprints comes a large 16 page booklet complete in every detail, fully illustrated and written in plain understandable English.
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A loop antenna whict is capable of being tuned by varying the area of enclosure by means of holes in the frame, allowing its lower portion to be raised or lowered, is readily constructed in the above manmer For the average broadcast wave-length 15 turns of No. 18 wire wound on a form $31 / 2$ feet square will do nicely.
-Thos. E. Perdue, Reporter No. 5376.

## COMBINATION SWITCH



When little Willie starts "monkeying," it is high time to provide the set with an arrangement which will render it difficult for him to burn out the qubes or run down the batteries. Here is how to do it. Caution-don't forget the combination!
-George Vatcher. Reporier No. 9608.
COLLAPSIBLE SPEAKER


A portable loud speaker is something which is often desired and harder to procure. By using a collapsible camera enlarged bellows, the problem is solved. Fitting a loud speaker unit to the end of the bellows completes the arrangement which gives very satisfactory results. -- W. J. Warringer.


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## When grandfather was a little boy

EVERY fall there would come a day when his mother would say to his father, "John, it's time to see about the children's shoes."
Shoes were matters to reckon with in great-grandfather's family. As in many other families of the countryside, calves had to be killed and skinned. The skins were taken to a tannery across the river, and in due time young John would set off with the leather to the cobbler to have his measure taken.

Old Sam, the cobbler, was a friend of the family. They knew him. They knew his work. They knew the quality of the leather they had furnished him. They could have estimated pretty accurately the time young John's shoes would wear him.
Those days are gone forever. No longer do you know personally the makers of your shoes. Your clothing, your food, your furniture, your household utilities are produced by men and women you will never see.
That element of confidence, however, which in former days came from personal contact of neighbor with neighbor and friend with friend is still present.

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[^6] Experimenter Publishing Co., 53 Park Place, N. Y. C.


Inasmuch as it is best to keep the grid connection as short as possible and away from the panel, the grid leak is provided with a long fibre extenaion rod which allows of minute adjustment, and "remote" control.
-Boyd G. Switzer
FILAMENT CONTROL


Another way in which the running down of batteries may be avoided is through the use of simple phone hook and filament control switch combined. Three pieces of spring brass are bent into the shapes as shown above and connections are made so that when the phones are placed on the hook, the storage battery is disconnected.
-Floyd W. Peters.
FLEXIBLE SHIELD


Flexible shields can be made in any size to suit specific needs. They are very helpful in shielding the different instruments of a set and are superior to the large metallic shields. They are made by pasting a sheet of tin foil between two sheets of Manila paper or cardboard, of the required size.
-Chas. F. Felstead, 6CU.

## COMPASS DETECTOR



[^7]
## Amswers to Sciemeife Problems <br> (continucd from payc 1100)

## PUZZLE PICTURE

The image of the man should face the same way that the man does. It should appear to be directly behine the mirror and of the sance size as the man. The figures on the diat of the clock shouk appear reversed.

The angle at which the ray leates the mirror should equal the angle at which i: strikes the mirror and a plane in which the incilent and reflected rays lie should appear to be perpendicular to the face of the mirron.

The passage of a ray of light through tha prism is incorrectly represented for a ral on strikinge at prian from the direction inrlicated will be keflected toward the thicker portion of the prism antl mot tuward the cornur as represented in the picture.

## SWATTING BUMBLE BEES

It is difficelt fu swat a bumble bee with an muperforated paddle because the mosematht ai the padille temuls to set air current. sweephig aromat the side of the paddle which carry Mr. liumble bee with them. If bole. are drilled in the paddle, some of the air at leat mover throngly the holes and thats car-rie- the bee against the patclle.

## DAY AND NIGHT

The day appears to average longer than the night becatise of the refraction of the atmosphere which makes the sum visible in the morning before it has actually cleared the horizan. Firr the same reasoll the day is lengthened in the evening, the tutal effect being to increase the day by from four to cight minutes.

THE BOXES OF BALL BEARINGS
If the bexce atre embally well packerl. they should contain the same weight of bearings. for if the radius uf a hearing is $r$ inches. one conkl pack $1 . / 2 r$ bearings ahong each dimension or $\mathrm{K}^{3} / 8 \mathrm{r}^{1}$ bearings in all ( L . being the length of one erlge of each box). Now the volume wi each bearing wentel be $4 / 3 \pi \mathrm{r}$ atul the botume oif all the bearinge in and the box worted be $1.3 / 8 r^{3} \times 4 / 3 \pi r^{3}$ ir $\pi / 6$ I ${ }^{*}$ cubic inches. But since $r$, the radius of a bearing dues mot appear in this expression for the tutal volume, it is evident that the whune of steel enchoed in each low must De the same regardles wi the size of the hearings. Hence, the weight of each hox shombld be the same.

## THE FALLING TANK

If the tank ant contents fell ireely, that withs the acceleration due to gravity (980) (om, per see. per sec.), the tamk, water, block ant all woukd cease to weigh anything. The water would mot exert any pressure on the furtom of the tank or anywhere else for that matter, and so it conld mot exert anly bunsant force on the cork. The e ork watal then remain submerged even after the cord was - evered.

CYCLONES AND TORNADOES
Ceclones and turnadues are terms often beded to mean the same thinge. Technically, however, they are quite different. The term "eyctone" sloukd be applied to a storm, perimelical in necurrence, of large area, about it thmsand miles or so in diameter. It is of common occurrence and not necessarily vinlent or destructive. A tornado, on the other hand, is a much smatler and more viulent storm oi bricf furation and causing only local disturbance. The picture represonts a turnado.


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## Answers to <br> Scientific Problems <br> (Contimucd from page 1155)

## COLOR MIXING VS. PIGMENT MIXING

White light as we understand it is a combination of all the colors of the rainbow in just the right proportion to affect our visual " sense with the impression of "whiteness." When such light falls upon various objects some of the light is absorbed and some of it reflected. The color of the light that escapes absorption we call the "color of the object." Thus, yellow paint appears yellow because it reflects mostly yellow light, while blue paint appears blue because it reflects principally blue light. Both yellow and blue paint, however, reflect some green light so that when mixed they absorb all colors but green.

When blue and yellow lights are cast upon the same white screen, they are both reflected equally well to the eye. There are processes induced by blue and yellow light affecting the eye in identical regions which seem to mutually inhibit each other, and neither process is effective in producing a sensation of color unless one or the other is particularly dominant. If pure colors are used and combined in just the right proportion, the screen will appear gray instead of either yellow or blue.

WHICH WOULD HURT THE MOST?
The energy of a moving body can be shown to be proportional to the mass of the body and to the square of its velocity. The kinetic energies of the two moving stones, then, would be in the ratio $2 \times 30^{2}$ to $3 \times 20^{1}$ or in the ratio 1800 to 1200 or three to two. Thus, the faster moving body would have half again as much energy as the slower moving one, and hence would inflict the most pain if it struck anyone.

## FIRE AND WATER

An instance is known in which a roundbodied flask filled with water set fire to a blotter upon which it stood by concentrating the rays of the sun upon it just as a "burning glass" may be used to concentrate light upon a piece of paper and set fire to it.

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know you might be hit on the head with a brick or bo pushed off the end of a dock. But barring acci dents, what then? If you take care of an automo bile it will last for years-abuse it and you might as well cash it in after the first year. This is just a true of your own body.

## IF YOU DO-YOU DIE

Go ahead with your careless living if you want. Eat and drink what you like. Abuse your bodyE's yours to do with as you please. You may think you're having a good time. But are you? drag yourself the morning feeling half dead. You your body is clogging up with poison? Don't you know your lungsare starving for oxygen? Don't you realize your inner cells are breaking down and You are not doing a thing to replenish them
You're dying, man-and you don't know it.

I ADD YEARS TO YOUR LIFE Tou need exercise. You must have it. Tis your arm
 organ is completely surrounded with muacles which make


 and dilease out
inmilhed body.

## YOU NEED A TEACHER

Juat any kind of execelese won't do. I have had mem come to me who wore Miterally broken down from wort in mactiory back to mitre My aytem that boen tiled and prowen, It nevers fille, Some clalm, efi Well, "t trise I don't care what youz oresent mendiflon ta. I'll knock thoto microbes hiphes
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brine deed lopd! of oxyren to your lunks, Durlitylnk your brine deed hods of oxyren to your lunks, Durifyink your 'Ill brikhten your osea and ciear your skin. $1^{\prime \prime \prime l}$ make sal sn pill of ped you whil fesl like shouting out to the worle And remember. fontow. Drove dit "t Just promise thene things-I T'nranieo hem. Do ynu do bit met Makn me


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FIG.I
One main bearing in every engine is flanged as shown above. Play between flanges and crank shaft web results in knock. Ncw bearings ray be inserted or repair made as in Fig. 2. This play should be the first thing taken care of.


FIG. 2
To repair flanged main bearing, drill series of holes in ends of bearing, tap and insert small brass pegs as shown. Pegs are then filed down until main bearing will give snug fit between crankshaft webs.
 F|G. 3
Before scraping bearings. to take up up-anddown play, be sure that there is sufficient play in the timing gears as shown above. If not, every one of the main bearings should be raised slightly by means of shims, being sure to raise each bearing the same amount.


FIG. 4
Fig. 4 shows how shim material is placed under the main bearing to effect the repair mentioned above. Use no more shim material than is absolutely necessary. (Continued on paye 1163)

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Tightening bearing caps. Place cha'k on caps and bolt in place. Rotate with handle fitted as shown. Scrape down high spots.


FIG. 9
Place quarter-inch wide strip of shim metal on bearing as above. If shaft can be easily turned, bearings are not tight enough. If slight drag is felt, bearings are fitted propearly. Do not forget to remove shim metal.

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    (Confinued onl page 1149)

[^4]:    In order to prevent the tubes from burning after one has retired for the night, a small after one has retired for the night, a small
    single pole switch in series with the "A" single pole switch in series with the battery supply serves the purpose admirably. The weight of the phones opens the circuit. -Wm.J. Cummings, I-ABP.

[^5]:    Insure your copy reaching you each month. Sub scribe to SCIENCE \& INVENTION- $\$ 2.50$ year. Experimenter Publishing Co., 53 Park Pl.

[^6]:    Insure your copy reaching you each month. Subscribe to Science \& Invention- $\$ 2.50$ a year.

[^7]:    Again, the much abused dividers or compass
    finds employment, this time, as a very fine adjustable detestor unit. One leg of the compass is cut off short and is fastened as shown. Adjustment is made by rotating the knurled knob.
    -Lloyd Mallett.

