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varIable test VOLTAGE MEGOHMMETER


- Vorioble DC feot voltage: 50101000 volis - Rosistonce range: il meg.

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Multigun, Versatile Storage Tube Writes PPI, TV Raster At Same Time
Storatron, a multigun 10 -inch storage tube with electrostatic focus and deflection, writes radial PPI scans and horizontal TV scans simultaneously, Storage time can be measured in hours.

Oscilloscope Trace Recording With Polaroid Land Photography
Here, in the first of a three-part series, an expert on film joins an expert on oscillography to present an authoritative review of films and cameras for capturing scope traces on Land film.

Design of Transistorized
DC-to-DC Converters . . . . . . 40
Here is all the information needed and a straightforward procedure for designing ringing-choke type dc-tode converters.

Use Current-Mode Flip-Flops For Really High-Speed Switching
For many applications, conven. tional transistorized switches just aren't fast enough. Author William Sick gives circuits to take full advantage of the switching speeds available with new high-speed mesa transistors.

## NEWS

Products, Parts Share Honors At WESCON editorial

The Difference That May Not Be Worthwhile

## FEATURES

Oscilloscope Trace Recording With Polaroid Land Photography

A survey of Land films and cameras for oscilloscope trace photog-
raphy ........................... K. P. Taschioglou, H. P. Mansberg
Transistorized Phantastron Circuit
Improved stability and smaller size compared to the vacuum tube equivalent .................................................. R. W. Cope

Helpful Tips On Liquid Cooling
When and how to use liquid cooling ................ A. G. Eades
Design Of Transistorized DC-to-DC Converters
Full design procedures and data for ringing-choke dc-to-dc con-
verters ................................................. C. R. Turner
How The Inertia Damper Improves Servo Performance A simple presentation of the advantages and disadvantages of the inertia damper, and how it works ..................... F. E. Hagen

A Transistorized Zero-Crossing Detector
Transistorized zero-crossing detector generates a negative mile Transistorized zero-crossing detector generates a negative pulse
each time a sinusiodal input signal crosses zero .. J. S. Denelsbeck

Use Current-Mode Flip-Flops For Really High-Speed
Switching
Current-mode switching circuits take full advantage of mesa tran-
sistors .............................................. W. N. Sick, Jr.
Ten-Inch Storage Tube Writes PPI and TV Raster at Same Time Versatile storage tube opens many opportunities

Simple Test Jig Converts Curve Tracer For Use With
Tetrode Transistors Ideas For Design
Calculation Of Errors When Using Lissajous Figures
Frequency Comparison
Translation describes simple, quick Soviet method
Applications Of Switching Transistors German Abstracts
Lessening Of Diode Confusion Seen By Industry Leaders ${ }^{2} 190$ Report on suggestions and action to standardize diodes ,

## DEPARTMENTS

| Washington Reports | 22 | Engineering Data | 73 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Meetings | 24 | Books | 76 |
| Ideas for Design | 56 | New Literature | 78 |
| Patents | 60 | New Products | 100 |
| Russian Translations | 62 | Production Products | 160 |
| German Abstracts | 64 | Careers | 170 |
| Report Briefs | 68 | Career Brochures | 174 |

## For Portable Communication...

## NEW RAYTHEON CK7246

1.25 VOLT SUBMIN TRIODE

## OPERATES TO 500 MC.

This Raytheon filamentary subminiature triode was developed under U. S. Signal Corps contract, and is now commercially available for use in battery-operated communications equipment. Circuit applications include:

- Superregenerative detector
- High frequency oscillator
- Class C amplifier
- Frequency multiplier
- Mixer


## TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

 Class A Amplifier| Filament voltage (dc) | 1.25 v |
| :---: | :---: |
| Filament current | 150 ma . |
| Plate voltage | 105 v . |
| Plate current | 4.5 ma |
| Grid voltage | -2.5 v. |
| Transconductance | 2700 m mhos |
| Amplification factor |  |

Class C Oscillator ( 465 mc .) Filament voltage (dc) Filament current Plate voltage Plate current Grid current Power output
1.25 v

150 ma . 105 v .
6 ma.
0.9 ma

60 mw .


Typical CK7246 Circuit 465 mc. Class C Oscillator
$L_{1}: 1$ turn No. 12 copper,
$3 / 4$ inch O.D.
RFC: bifilar wound
8 turns \#26 En.
1/8"I.D., $1^{\prime \prime}$ long
$C_{1}, C_{2}, C_{3}: 250_{\mu \mu}$ feed-thru button type
$\mathrm{R}_{1}$ : $4.7 \mathrm{~K} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{w}$.
$\mathrm{R}_{2}$ : 10K 2 w pot.

## INDUSTRIAL TUBE DIVISION

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## Products, Papers Share Honors at WESCON

Products for tomorrow's circuits and papers presaging systems for the "day after tomorrow" evenly split the attention of designers at WESCON 1959, held last month in San Francisco's Cow Palace.

## The Products

$C^{\circ}$OMPONENTS and equipment at the almost 1000 exhibits reflected the demands of the space age. Visitors heard manufacturers tell designers about new levels of ruggedness, reliability, miniaturization, and extreme-environment tolerance. Some of the highlighted products:

- Binary computer modules by the Walkirt Co. that are built to a density of somewhat more than a million parts per cubic


WESCON 1959, held beneath model of earth circled by satellite, was rated most successful ever.
foot, yet use standard parts. The units are 0.37 inches in diameter, 0.4 inches long and contain 23 standard parts. These newly announced modules added fuel to the continuing question of who is packaging parts to the greatest density.

- Biax magnetic computer components, shown by Ford's Aeronutronic Division, use interfering orthogonal fields to allow "multimegacycle" memory and logic operations. Signal-to-noise frequency of the device is about 100 to 1 in AND-gate use.
(continued on p. 4)

WESCON Show Stoppers : A Sampling of Highlights


Sputtered thin-film resistors made from tantalum or titanium can be formed in lines as narrow as 1 mil spaced 1 mil apart, make possible order of size reduction in printed circuit board shown by Bell Labs developer D. A. McLean.


Dr. Smoot Horsley, holding compensated avalanche diode he developed, discusses component's operation with Dr. William Shockley. The new diode is said to have an average voltage change of 0.043 per cent per degree $\mathbf{C}$.


Micromin transmitter, pointed to at right, is powered by cells, left. Voice enters input at center. Varo Mfg. makes the $700 \mathrm{kc}, 0.001$-cu-in. unit using deposited circuitry equalling density of 10 million parts per cubic foot.


Lumatron instrument that permits viewing of repetitive millimicrosecond pulses on conven. tional scopes has rise time of better than 0.6 millimicrosec, sensitivity of 30 mv per cm . Calibrated sweep speeds reach $0.5 \times 10.9 \mathrm{sec}$.

H. Leslie Hoffiman, of Hoffman Electronics, received first annual WEMA medal of achievement from J. E. Chartz, WEMA president, and made a noteworthy speech pointing up need for better marketing techniques.


Japanese Parametrons make up Paramistor magnetic logical computing and memory modules that drew much attention at TDK Electronics Co. booth. Bistable ferrite Parametrons are capable of self limiting amplification.


Same high-speed switching capabilities with which Fairchild startled the industry are now available in PNP - 80 milli-micro-second rise time, 2 watts dissipation, $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. survival. Fairchild Silicon Transistors are multiple solidstate diffused. Their mesa construction affords excellent heat dissipation and extraordinary ruggedness.
Complementary symmetry within computer circuit designs now affords another technique for reducing number of components and increasing reliability. The advantages of complementary symmetry have been well known, but the high performance silicon transistors that could take advantage of the technique have not been available.

| Symbol | Specification | Rating | Characteristics | Test Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {che }}$ | Collector to Emitter voltage ( $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.) | 30 v |  |  |
| ${ }^{P} \mathrm{C}$ | Total dissipation at 25 C Case temp | 2 watts |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {f fe }}$ | D. C. current gain |  | 2N1131-15 to 45 | ${ }^{\prime} C^{-150 m a}$ |
|  |  |  | 2N1132--30 to 90 | $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{c}}-10 \mathrm{v}$ |
| ${ }^{\mathrm{R}} \mathrm{CS}$ | Collector saturation |  | $6 \boldsymbol{n}$ typical | $I_{C}^{C}=150 \mathrm{ma}$ |
|  | resistance |  | 108 max. | $!\mathrm{B}=15 \mathrm{ma}$ |
| ${ }^{7}$ le | Small signal current |  | 2.5 typical | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{C}^{-50 \mathrm{a}} \end{aligned}$ |

545 WHISMAN ROAD • MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA YORKSHIRE 8-8161

Direct replacement of germanium by silicon is feasible now that high performance silicon PNP mesa transistors are readily available. In silicon transistor circuits, you need no longer hesitate to make use of the particular advantages of PNP polarity. Availability is firmly assured. COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES FOR YOUR DESIGNS either in terms of price or functional efficiency are a likelihood that you should investigate. PNP silicon transistors with these speed-power characteristics have not been generally available, hence until now it has not been possible to design circuits using the complementary symmetry concept. Special attention will be given to Inquiries received on company letterhead.

| NPN - 2N696, 2 N697 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Symbol | Specification | Rating | Characteristics | Test Conditions |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\text {CE }}$ | Collector to Emitter voltage $\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$.) | 40 V |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {P }}$ c | Total idssiotion at | 2 watts |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {n }}$ FE | D.C. curient gain |  | 2N696-20 to 60 | $\mathrm{I}^{\prime} \mathrm{c}=150 \mathrm{ma}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{cs}}$ | Collector saturation |  |  | , ${ }^{c}=10 \mathrm{l}$ |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{CS}$ | centin |  | 10n max. | ${ }_{1} \mathrm{C}^{\mathrm{C}=15 \mathrm{ma}}$ |
| $\mathrm{h}_{\text {fe }}$ | Small signal current |  | 5 typical | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{C}$-50ma |
|  | gain at $\mathrm{t}=20 \mathrm{Mc}$ |  | , | $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{C}}=10 \mathrm{v}$ |

A truck strike during the San Francisco show made the delivery of product displays touch and go for many exhibitors, but after efforts approaching the heroic, all but a few booths opened on time at the Cow Palace.

An elaborate opening ceremony, organized around a signal relayed from Explorer VI to Jodrell Bank in Great Britain to Los Angeles to the Cow Palace, was fouled when the signal couldn't make the last few miles from downtown San Francisco to the ceremony. The wrong teletype plug was pulled.

Every morning during WESCON early-bird TV viewers could watch a panel show carried by a network station and offering electronic newsmakers, such as Dr. William Shockley of the Shockley Transistor Corp., Edward E. Grazda, editor of Electronic Design, and others. The program, sponsored by International Resistance Co., was so popular that the company is considering a similar show during the New York IRE Convention.

- An advanced telemetry system developed by Lockheed showed how 40,000 bits per second could be multiplexed over a single channel. The system is called PAM-FM (for pulse amplitude modulated-frequency modulated system).
- An attention-hogging, noise-generating tube for jamming systems, unveiled by Litton Industries. Called the Barratron and available in hydraulically tunable and fixed-frequency versions, the tube is a self-modulating device interchangeable with tunable magnetrons. Litton says that white noise coming from the Barratron is at least 10 times as effective for jamming as the power from a magnetron.


## The Papers

Though semiconductors, microwaves, and circuit theory accounted for most of the papers delivered and developments reported, outstanding advances were described in many other fields. Some highlight papers:

- B. M. Sifford of the Stanford Research Institute, discussing air-ground, meteor-burst military communications systems, pointed to design considerations for a low-power, vhf system. A reliable vhf system has been built with a range of 1300 miles, he said.


## 1ed <br> t WESCON

The Future Engineers Show, popular last year when first made a part of WESCON, was even more popular this year and will be continued.

The Industrial Design Competition, a new WESCON feature, was very well-received, drawing heavy traffic to a colorful exhibit of awardwinning products.

The "new look" technical sessions, though not always heavily attended, moved fast because of the three-paper limit. They were reported more generally informative because of the panels of experts and will probably be continued next year, say WESCON officials.

Quotable quotes: "Interconnection is the main bottleneck in solid-circuit development"-N. J. Doctor, Diamond Ordnance Fuze Labs. . . . "Sonar is going to higher power, lower frequencies to catch up with submarine capability"-D. R. Church, Acoustica Associates. . . . "The selfadapting computer could be with us in a dec-ade"-J. H. Brick, W. L. Maxson Corp.

- R. O. Stone of the National Bureau of Standards told a session on reliability that design trends in miniaturization, printed circuitry, encapsulation and modular construction all pointed toward disposal-at-failure maintenance. Cost comparisons from a Navy aviation standard maintenance program and from a system based on expendable modules were cited to show that it is time for engineers to think about disposal-at-failure.
- N. L. Kruder of Burroughs, in another reliability paper, proposed a method of blending two design philosophies, each of which has successfully produced equipment. He proposed a method of finding the optimum compromise between two design philosophies: (1) By using parts conservatively, even though the parts count inight be high, and (2) Keeping the part count down, even though parts might be worked hard.
- In a vacuum tube paper, two Hughes researchers, E. G. Todd and G. R. Brewer, reported that magnetron-type electron guns could produce : high-density hollow beam and offered advantages over other hollow-beam guns. They felt the disadvantage of the relatively strong magnetic field needed with magnetron-type guns could be compensated for by simplicity of design and construction of magnetic-field-system designs.


The new Burnell \& Co. MT 34 and MT 35 microminiature Kernel toroidal inductors are made to order for the engineer who isn't content with outer husk solutions but gets right to the core of second generation missile communication problems.
MT 34 microminiature Kernels can be supplied with in ductances up to 500 mhys and the Kernel MT 35 is available in inductances up to 200 mhys. MT 34 Kernels are recom mended for frequencies to 30 kcs and the MT 35 is applicable to frequencies up to 200 kcs depending on inductance values. Q for the MT 34 is greater than 55 at 25 kc and for the MT 35 more than 60 at 100 kcs .
Size of the MT 34 is $.437^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$, spacing between leads $.3^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{L}$ with a weight of .06 ounces.
The new microminiature Burnell MT 34 and MT 35 Kernel provide maximum reliability as well as considerable economy in printed circuit use. Completely encapsulated, the Kernels will withstand unusually high acceleration, shock and vibration environments.


Write for special filter bulletin MTF to help solve your circuit problems.
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A) Rubber base for standard drafting and tracing paper
B) Resin base to prevent leaching for papers that contain oils.

But whatever the application may be, there's a STANPAT product for your specific needs. For further information and technical assistance, complete the coupon below and mail.


# Reflectivity Tests to Affect 

## Design of Future Radars

T- HE NAVY is sponsoring studies of the reflectivity characteristics of various types of terrain to develop better radars and better radar mapping techniques.
The photo above, taken from a radar strip film made by Goodyear Aircraft for the Navy's Airborne Terrain Measurement Project, shows the types of radar returns that are being analyzed.
Goodyear Aircraft, which devel-
oped the ANTRAN and Pinpoint map-matching and guidance systems, is prevented by security restrictions from discussing the complete scope of the terrain measurement program-even such obvious goals as the generation of synthetic maps by prediction of radar returns from known types of terrain, and calibration of guidance systems

The company hopes to develop radar mapping to the point where


Data readout and analysis portion of the terrain measurement project is installed on the ground. Analysis starts with a line-by-line readout of the radar return. This is eventually transformed into a statistical description of the return by the computers.
it proves a suitable substitute for we ial photography. Goodyear has re caled some of its procedures and an. lysis techniques, made mostly

|  |  |  |
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| $\cdots$ | mansmina |  |
|  | - nctura | -. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Stactooncis |

Data-gathering system is built around a calibrated strip-mapping radar, several radar recorders and a conventional aerial-mapping camera. The radar system transmits and receives hrough a three-axis stabilized antenna. Before each run, the automatic caliprator is programmed to inject signals into the waveguide system. The video ${ }^{5}$ recorded on both recorders. Aerial photos are taken to establish the true pircaft ground track and thus the terain covered by the radar.

art of metropolitan New York apped by radar carried in low-speed ane.

## anOTHER FIRST FROM PHILCO

# 10uc COUNIER does everything without plug-ins 



$$
\text { ? } \begin{aligned}
& \text { Berkeley Division } \\
& \text { 2200 Wright Avenue, Richmond 3, California } \\
& \text { a division of Beckman Instruments, Inc. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## NEWS

with standard sensing, guidance, recording, anc data-handling equipment instrumented to provid. exceptional performance.
All data-gathering flights for the terrain-return progran are made over carefully deterninec paths, so that terrain of specific characteristice comes within recording range. The radar strip map is recorded on film synchronized with the aircraft speed, and video recordings are made with a high-speed, line-to-line video recorder and a strip-map recorder for terrain identification.
Calibration signals of the same strength as re turn signals are generated in the microwave portion of the system and registered on each end of the video recordings. These are automatically in serted before and after each run.
The position of the aircraft during data runs is known at all times through films taken by an aerial mapping camera and through identifying pulses registered on the video recorders. Because the radar return is synchronized with the photographic strip, a radar mosaic that matches the aerial camera's photo mosaic is available for analysis. All data thus can be correlated in the laboratory by simply matching the identifying pulses as they appear on the video record with the corresponding aerial photos.
Data analysis is performed on copies of the original mapping film. Aerial photographs are plotted on large-scale topographical maps. Patches of terrain of similar nature are selected for analysis.
The first step in reducing the data in the laboratory is to read out the recorded video film line by line with a transmission-measuring device that incorporates a flying-spot scanner feeding a photomultiplier from a cathode-ray-tube light source.
The cathode-ray tube, sweep circuits, and film drive of the flying spot scanner are very similar to those used in the aerial recording system.
The video signal is range gated, corresponding to the particular depression angle desired. This circuit stores the amplitude of each pulse until the next arrives, resulting in a large bandwidth compression.
The output from the boxcar circuit is still the pulse-to-pulse variation of the radar return from a specific depression angle, but it now can be re corded on a conventional chart recorder.
The data gathered by the airborne equipment, which is converted to a video output signal in the laboratory readout system, represents the ratio of power received from the terrain to transmitted power. It now becomes possible to compare the power ratio of a specific patch of terrain to the calculated power ratio recorded on the data film. In this manner an accurate power ratio for the patch is obtained

Two Goodyear GEDA computers are proyrammed to calculate the statistical description of the radar return. Information is fed directly to the computers from the video-sampling equipment.
Information developed by these techniques, according to Goodyear, will be added to information gained from other research and development programs to achieve the immediate goals of the terrain ineasurement project, which should lead to better mapping radars. - =

## 5-Kilowatt British Fuel Cell Now in Production

An 800-pound array of Hydrox fuel cells stacked to provide a $5-\mathrm{kw}$, $24-\mathrm{v}$ source of power is now in production in Great Britain.
The basic cell uses porous sintered nickel electrodes separated by a potassium hydroxide electrolyte to convert gas combustion directly to electricity. Charge gases are oxygen and hydrogen, fed in at a rate of 20 cubic feet per kilowatt hour for oxygen and half that rate for hydrogen.
The Cambridge University researcher who de-


Highly efficient, powerful British fuel cell is about 30 inches long. Bulky control equipment is not shown.
veloped the cell, Prof. F. T. Bacon, reports that ( fficiencies range to 65 per cent at outputs that equal from 7 to 20 hp . Operating temperature and bressure are 390 F and 400 pounds per square inch.
The Bacon cell, licensed to the Patterson Moos Division of Universal Winding Co., New York, for U.S. development, is being considered as an infight fuel source for the first manned U.S. space iehicle.


## PROKAR' 'D' Molded Capacitors

--with improved moisture resistance and a new dual dielectric for 125 C operation without voltage derating

Sprague's new and improved PROKAR 'D' Molded Tubular Capacitors meet the need for ever smaller molded capacitors capable of withstanding 125 C operation in military, commercial, and industrial electronics.
Key to the new design is an improved processing technique which greatly increases moisture resistance. The new dual dielectric used in Type 150P Capacitors combines the dielectric strength of the highest grade capacitor tissue with the effective moisture resistance of plastic film, giving these miniature units high insulation resistance plus extended life at 125 C . The impregnant used is still the same exclusive high temperature organic material which marked a milestone in molded capacitor development for the original Prokar series.
The improved performance of PROKAR 'D' Capacitors is worth investigating - greater resistance to humidity, high insulation resistance (minimum of 10 megohm-microfarads at 125 C ), moderate capacitance change with temperature, longer life, and improved reliability.

For complete specifications on Type 150P PROKAR 'D' Molded Tubular Capacitors, write for Engineering Bulletin 2300 to Technical Literature Section, Sprague Electric Company, 34/ Marshall St., North Adams, Mass.

## SPRAGUE

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ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

## NEWS

## Longitudinal Baffling Improves Microwave Anechoic Chamber

An anechoic chamber designed primarily for testing uhf-absorbing materials has been built with its baffle edges parallel to its longitudinal center line. This design contrasts with more conventional darkrooms, in which the diffracting edges of transverse baffles lie in planes normal to the long axis of the room.
This design, according to the builders, Emerson \& Cuming, Inc., of Canton, Mass., provides two major electrical advantages.


Anechoic chamber is about 120 feet long, 45 feet wide and 25 feet high. The room's frequency range is 900 mc through 50 kmc .

First, baffle-edge-diffraction effects are minimized, because the edges are parallel to the axial field components, which are relatively small in most instances. Unless a conventional transversely baffled room is excessively large in cross-section, several of the baffle edges are invariably illuminated by parallel fields comparable in amplitude to those illuminating the target area. The company reports that recent theoretical and experimental work indicates that under typical chamber illumination conditions the very existence of baffle edges parallel to radiation fields imposes a severe limitation upon the "darkness" of a darkroom. The quality of the absorbing material covering these edges is theoretically of little consequence. The longitudinal-baffle design significantly minimizes these limitations by making the baffle edges parallel to the weak axial field components.

Secondly, the residual and unavoidable reflections from longitudinal baffles impose no limitation on the distance between transmitter and target. A uniformly "quiet" volume, having dimensions subject to design control, surrounds the long axis of the chamber and extends to within a few

## Direct, automatic power readings



## SPECIFICATIONS

Power Range: 5 ranges, front panel selector. Full scale readings of $.1, .3,1,3$ and 10 mw . Also continuous readings from -20 to +10 dbm . ( $0 \mathrm{dbm}=.001$ watt). Power range may be extended with attenuators or directional couplers in microwave system.
External Bolometer: Frequency range depends on bolometer mount. Bolometers can operate at resistance levels of 100 or 200 ohms and can have positive or negative temperature coefficients. Any dc bias current up to 16 ma is available for biasing positive or negatinuously adjustable and independent of bolometer resistance and inuously adjustable
power level range.
Instrument fuses: -bp. G-28A and G-28B 1/100 amp fuse.
Instrument fuses: -hp. G-28A and G-28B 1/100 amp fuse.
Barretters: Sperry 821, Narda N821B or N610B, PRD 610A, 614, 617 or 631 C .
Thermistors: Western Electric D166382, Victory Engineering Co. 32A3, 32A5, Narda 333, 334. Accuracy: $\pm 5 \%$ of full scale reading.
Power: $115 / 230 \mathrm{v} \pm 10 \%, 50 / 1,000 \mathrm{cps}, 75$ watts.
Dimensions: Cabinet Mount: $73 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $111 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, $14^{\prime \prime}$ deep. Rack Mount. 19" wide, $7^{\prime \prime}$ high, $121 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep.
Weight: Net 14 lbs . Shipping 32 lbs . (cabinet mount).
Price: $\$ 250.00$.
Data subject to change without notice.

## CW or pulsed power

 Wide frequency range No calculations
## Assured accuracy

## Operates with wide variety of bolometer

-hp- 430C

Microwave Power Meter

Here is the finest, most dependable source of ins taneous microwave power readings available tor The -hp-430C gives you power readings direct in or mw and completely eliminates tedious comp tions or troublesome adjustment during operat The instrument measures either pulsed or $\mathrm{CW} p d$ on either waveguide or coaxial systems. Operatio entirely automatic, stability is extremely high, and meter may be used with a wide variety of bolom mounts having either positive or negative tempera coefficients. The broad nominal measuring range be extended to higher powers by means of directif couplers and attenuators.
For measurements of CW or pulsed power, -hp-4 uses either an instrument fuse, barretter or therm as a bolometer element. Operation may be at ei 100 or 200 ohms. Power is read direct in milliw from 0.02 to 10 mw , or in dbm from -20 to +10 c

## Use these precision -hp- instruments with -hp- 430C for greater coverage, convenience

-hp- 752 Multi-Hole Couplers-For measuring average power 1 watt to 1 kw (with attenuator) in waveguide systems. Models cover all frequencies 2.6 to 40 KMC . Coupling factors of 3,10 and 20 db available most bands. Directivity better than 40 db full range; accuracy of mean coupling $\pm 0.4$ to 0.7 db . full range. Primary guide SWR less than 1.10. $\$ 375.00$ to $\$ 100.00$.
-hp- 764-767D Dual Directional CouplersFor wide band coax reflectometer and power measurements. Four models cover frequencies 216 to 4000 MC .20 db attenuation, coupling accuracy 1 db . max. primary SWR 1.1 to 1.25; max. secondary SWR 1.2 to 1.5. Minimum directivity ( 216 to 940 MC) 30 db ; 26 db at higher frequencies. 50 watts CW capacity, 10 kw peak. Low insertion loss. $\$ 160.00$ to $\$ 150.00$
-hp- 382A Precision Attenuators-For measurements up to 5,10 and 15 watts, this revolutionary new broad band instrument may be employed. -hp-382A attenuates from 0
to 50 db , full range, independent of frequency. Phase shift constant with attenuation. Accuracy within $\pm 2 \%$ of db reading. Models cover frequencies 3.95 to 40.0 KMC , maximum dissipation 5 to 15 watts. SWR less than 1.15. $\$ 500.00$ to $\$ 275.00$.
-hp- 370 Waveguide Atfenuafors - Waveguide sections providing fixed amounts of attenuation. Used to extend power range of $-h p$ - 430C. Models for frequencies 2.6 to 18.0 KMC , power dissipation 1.0 watts ( 1 kw peak), SWR $1.15 ; 3,6,10$ or 20 db attenuation. $\$ 75.00$ to $\$ 55.00$.
-hp- 487B Thermistor Mounts-Simplify setups, save time and insure maximum accuracy in waveguide power measurements. Models cover frequencies 3.95 to 40.0 KMC with full range SWR of less than 1.5 (except K,R band, 2,0). Permanently installed negative temperature coefficient thermistors. No tuning, large overload factor makes burnout virtually impossible. $\$ 225.00$ to $\$ 75.00$.

-hp. 4878 Thermistor Mounts

-hp-382A Precision Aptenvators
-hp. 477B Coaxial Mount - Thermistor mount providing full frequency coverage 10 MC to 10 KMC with SWR less than 1.5. Requires no tuning, uses long time constant elements for accuracy even on low duty cycle pulses. For use with 430 C or other bolometer bridges providing negative temperature coefficient operation at 200 ohms. Requires 13 ma bias. Power range 0.02 to 10 mw . Uses Type N rf connector. \$75.00.
-hp- 485 Defecfor Mounts - Single tuning control accurately matches waveguide section to bolometer element; instrument also detects rf energy with crystal substituted for
bolometer element. Models for frequencies 2.6 to 12.4 KMC , SWR 1.25 to 1.5 . All models employ crystal or barretter except P485 (thermistor only) and S485 (crystal only ). $\$ 170.00$ to $\$ 75.00$.
-hp- 476A Bolometer Mount-Universal bolometer mount requiring no tuning, no adjustment. Frequencies 10 to $1,000 \mathrm{MC}$, instantaneous, automatic power readings 0.02 to 10 mw . SWR less than $1.15,20$ to 500 MC; less than $1.25,10$ to $1,000 \mathrm{MC}$. Uses four $1 / 100 \mathrm{amp}$ fuses. Uses Type N rf connectors. $\$ 85.00$.

Prices f.o.b. factory. Data subject to change without notice.
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-hp- 764/7D Dual Directional Couplers


## COMPLETE COVERAGE, HIGHEST QUALITY



Ray pattern in anechoic chamber shows that energy originating on or near the room's long axis does not return to a central six-foot-diameter cylinder except after being bounced three times from microwave absorbing material.
feet of either end. In a transversely baffled room, an axially short quiet volume exists close to one end, and very elaborate baffling is required to permit a range of transmitter-to-target distances. Additional elaboration of shape and number of transverse baffles is necessary if the room is to be used for transmission in either direction, and still further design complications result if the room is used for both reflectivity and pattern work. In sharp contrast, the much simpler longitudinalbaffle chamber is equally good for transmission in either direction, and it is inherently satisfactory for both reflectivity measurement and pattern recording.

## NSF Translating Back Issues Of Soviet Technical Journals

The National Science Foundation has arranged with the Program for Scientific Translations, an Isracli group, for the translation of back issues of Soviet publications.
Acting as a consultant for NSF in Israel is J. George Adhashko, a contributing editor of Eirectronic Design and editor and translator of the $E D$ Russian translations department.

## Magnesium Fluoride Material Improves Infrared Sensing

A new material being developed for lenses and windows in infrared systems promised to pass up to 90 per cent of the energy directed at it.

The magnesium-fluoride material, called Irtran by its developer, Eastman Kodak, is translucent and is said to have such low surface-reflection losses that coating is unnecessary.

Kodak also reports that Irtran retains infrared transparency to 1200 F and should eliminate "hot window effect," which occurs when optical parts pass through atmosphere at high speed.

## NEWS

## Calibration Lag Shown by AF-Sponsored Survey

United States industry-electronics included-is being hindered by a "measurement pinch," a new survey has revealed.

The Industry Calibration Survey points to specific areas-microwave measurement techniques, rf interference standards, electrical stand-ards-where calibration methods trail both the state of the electronics art and the needs of the military services.

Sperry Gyroscope made the study for the quality control committee of the Aerospace Industries Association, under the sponsorship of the Air Force Materiel Command and with the cooperation of the National Bureau of Standards.

Some suggestions made in the survey:

- Nationally uniform calibration methods should be adopted.
- NBS calibration services should be expanded.
- Better communications and education in measurements and standards should be established.


## C-Band Radar Beacon Designed for Lightness

A 400-watt, C-band beacon for airborne tracking and identification applications has been designed into a 9.8 -pound package that occupies only one-seventh of a cubic foot.

Except for a tunable magnetron and local oscillator, all stages in the device are transistorized, including a tunable duplexer, crystal mixer, if amplifier and detector, video decoder, modulator and power supply.

The beacon transmits a single rf pulse when it recognizes the correct radar-originated, coded interrogation signal. The unit ignores both off-frequency and incorrectly coded signals.


## DIP IN SOLDER...

## Anaconda'sA

## ready to solder magnet wire ...is saving time and ost

A superior product is known by the companies that keep it. And many companies-from coast to coast-are doing just that with Anaconda Analac.
Here's why: Analac* film-insulated, solderable magnet wire can be used similarly to Formvar or Plain Enamelexcept that it is solderable without stripping!
Soldering by dipping, iron or gun produces a perfect joint-in just one second in finer sizes-without removing the insulation. Analac reduces labor, saves time and money wherever many soldered connections are made, or where insulation removal is hazardous.

Not only this, Analac has the excellent abrasion resistance and other good mechanical properties of the
enamel wire you're now using. It handles readily, performs well in high-speed winding.
Analac is colored a bright red with stable dye used many years for identical applications-making it highly visible even in finest sizes. This helps operators feel more secure, results in higher quality work. Distinctive color simplifies its identification, too, from nonsolderable wires.
Analac is available in an exceptionally large range of sizes. The Man from Anaconda will be glad to give you more information and help with a production run in your plant. See "Anaconda" in your phone book-in most principal cities-or write: Anaconda Wire \& Cable Company, Magnet Wire Headquarters, Muskegon, Michigan.

ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959


IINT IS COMPLETED WITHOUT TRIPPING WIRE with Analac wire dipped in $0-50$ tin-lead solder at $360^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(680^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. The insulation is oved at the temperature of molten solder.

## sAnalac <br> osts for many industries

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EXCELLENT ABRASION RESISTANCE of Analat is shown in this test. It has the same high windability normally associated with Formvar, Plain Enamel.

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MOLDED-PLASTIC CASES - designed and developed by Anaconda-protect spools of Analac from damage during shipping. Result: no breaks due to bent
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Please send me catalog C-95A on Analac ready-to-solder magnet wire.

$\qquad$ ADORESS.

## Micromodule Program Expanded by Army

The Signal Corps has awarded the Radio Corporation of America a $\$ 2,388.939$ contract to expand the company's miniaturization program by extending the range of element values and widening the variety of micro-elements.

Tunnel diodes and unipolar transistors are included in the expanded miniaturization program, which is based on RCA's micromodule concept.

## Navy Reissues Tips For Equipment Design

A revised check list for electronic designers is being offered by the Navy Electronics Lab. Handy tips on common design faults, the human factor and common causes of equipment failure are given in the 195960 edition of "Suggestions for Designers of Electronic Equipment."

Copies of the new edition, little changed from last year's but listing the latest documents for specifications and standards, may be obtained from the Commanding Officer and Director (Code 2460), U.S.N.E.L., San Diego 52, Calif.


Bank of 1024 styluses (at tip of pencil) is key to fast operation of Lockheed digital plotter that graphs performance data at rate of 4000 points per second. Unit is fed by magnetic tape from IBM 709.
\& Circle 11 on Reader-Service Card

## A "CIRCUIT EQUIVALENT" COMPONENT with flip-flop characteristics

## THE SILICON TRIGISTOR

Advanced diffusion techniques at SSPI have produced the Silicon Trigistor-the first commercially available "Circuit Equivalent" semiconductor component, with characteristics comparable to the flip-flop or bistable multivibrator.
The Trigistor is a silicon PNPN device with triggered turn off as well as triggered turn on control at its base. A low level positive trigger pulse applied to the base turns it on, and it remains on without sustaining base current. A negative trigger pulse on the base turns it off. The 3C Series is designed for bistable switching in the range of 1 to 8 mA collector current with collector voltage ratings to 60 y .
Usually the Trigistor will perform the same function as two transistors plus several associated capacitors and resistors. Thus through circuit simplification both smaller size and higher reliability can be achieved.
Available now through your local SSPI representative or by contacting the factory direct.

## NEWS

## British Transmitter Has Wideband Amplification Over Entire HF Band

A radical hf transmitter has been designed around a distributed ant. plifier that provides wideband ant plification over a whole hf band and permits two or more simultaneou transmissions from one transmitter.
Solved by the design is the problem of stage-by-stage retuning of the hf amplifier to change frequencies - operational tuning is elimi nated.
The design breakthrough was

## Wideband Amplification and Distributed Amplifiers

Wideband amplification is not in itself new. For many years amplifiers have been built having bandwidths of several hundred megacycles. But these normally represent only a small proportion of the mean frequency of operation. At the lower frequencies, television baseband signal amplifiers cover bandwidths from very low frequencies up to 5 or even 10 megacycles, at fairly high power levels.
To cover the hf band from 2 to 24 megacycles is not so easy, and when powers of the order of 1 kilo watt are required, sufficient freedom from spurious radiation is not easy to obtain. Such an amplifier will, for the lower frequencies of operation amplify all harmonics generated at any point in the transmitter up to and including the twelfth harmonic -with no significant attenuation. Exceptional linearity is therefore required, since an harmonic content of - 40 db corresponds to a distortion of one per cent, which is considered exceptionally good.
Though distributed amplifiers are common in iow-voltage applications, (oscilloscopes, for instance), their use in wideband hf transmission is unusual. According to Marconi, the principle of distributed amplification has never before been successfully used in this type of application.


## Daven precision

 wire wound resistor...Type 1282 actual size

## makes other miniatures

## Jook like siants!

DOWN, DOWN, DOWN go the dimensions of Daven precision wire wound resistors. The latest: a microminiature resistor that is the smallest ever made! Developed for a major missile program to meet stringent space requirements without sacrificing reliability, this Type 1282 meets all specifications of MIL-R-93B, Amendment 3, except physical size.

Specify Type 1282, or other units in the Daven micro-
miniature family, for all of your small-size, high-reliability wire wound resistor requirements. Available in all tolerances and temperature coafficents.

| Type | Diam | Length | Max Watts | Max Ohms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1250 | $1 / 4$ | $1 / 2$ | .33 | 1 megohm |
| 1273 | $1 / 4$ | $5 / 16$ | .25 | 400 K |
| 1274 | $3 / 16$ | $3 / 8$ | .25 | 250 K |
| 1282 | $1 / 8$ | $1 / 5$ | .05 | 100 K |
| 1284 | $1 / 4$ | $27 / 64$ | .25 | 1 megohm |

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## NEWS

to the artificial line; half the anoc e current of each tube contributes 10 the output load, the other half tra* els to a terminating resistor ( $\mathrm{Rt}_{\mathrm{a}}$ in the schematic) where it is dissipated.
The number of tubes and the anode voltage used are adjusted to permit optimum operation at the low-frequency end of the band


Simplified version of distributed ampli that makes possible unusual performance new transmitter. Amplifier uses low-imp ance tubes in parallel to handle considera current swing with low-anode capacitoa Successful application of distributive am fication is why
where half the developed power is dissipated in the terminating resistor.

Two stages of distributive amplification are used in the HS113 transmitter; the next to last operates Class A with a $26-\mathrm{db}$ gain, the final stage operates Class $A B$ with a $25-\mathrm{db}$ gain.

In each stage two distributed amplifiers operate in push-pull to offset development of even harmonics and to improve over-all efficiency. The push-pull operation is gained by
\& Cirele 14 on Reader-Service Card
feeding two single-ended amplifiers fom an unbalanced-to-balanced tuansformer. Special matching techniques eliminate out-of-step operation.
According to the manufacturer, the unit's multiple transmission capability permits transmission on a new frequency before the old one is cut off. Frequency is changed by switch; aerial commutation in the transmitter automatically selects the proper array.

## Back Scatter Radar Tracks Missiles Anywhere

The Navy has tracked Soviet missiles from the United States and detected nuclear blasts at ranges of thousands of miles by applying ionospheric back scatter techniques to radar tracking.
The experimental long-range tracking technique, developed by the Office of Naval Research, may make possible detection of 95 per cent of missile launchings and nuclear blasts occurring anywhere in the world.
Key to the research achievement is the fact that ionized exhaust gases in rocket trails reflect radar signals. High-frequency pulses bounced off hot exhaust gases can be picked up after scattering back between the earth and the ionosphere to a monitoring receiver. Main difficulties are signal identification and determination of accuracy.
Nuclear explosions, which also generate reflecting clouds of ionized particles, can be detected in the same way.
The Navy reports that detection stations with outputs as low as 15 to 50 kilowatts have given excellent results. However, more power gives better resolution and detail, and stations more than twice as powerful as the largest in operation are under construction or planned.
First successful trackings were made in 1957. But a complete tracking system based on the radar backs satter technique is at least a year a way-and then only if research noves as fast as it has been moving.

## HOW RCA S-311 PLATE MATERIAL

IMPROVES
TUBE PERFORMANCE


## here's why:

- S-311 is pure carbonyl-nickel having very low gas and contaminant levels.
- S-311 plate material has virtual dull-black-body characteristics and makes possible the design of plate structures having extremely efficient heat dissipation.

Give your designs the benefit of this combination of plate qualities. Get full information about the RCA tubes utilizing S-311 plate material from your local RCA Field Representative today.

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## The growing family of instrument servo components

1.5.A. Conference and Exhibit Booth 673 International Amphitheator Chicago, III. Sept. 21-25, 1959

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Tmadomarl of dichl manutacturing company


60-foot DEW-line radar antenna undergoing trials at test range of ITE Circuit Breaker Co. near Philadelphia. Dish is mounted on ro alable frame

## Design News in Photos



How detection range of various airborne systems will be extended over the next 10 years, according to Aerospace Industries Associates. Systems reaching 200,000 miles are predicted for 1970, provided progress is made in determining effects on signals of gases, aurorae, and cosmic interference.


ITT infrared tracker for satellites uses 19 -inch collecting mirror focusing on a detector cell chilled to -300 F . Cell is mounted halfway up tube, which oscillates until tracking mechanism locks onto satellite.

Polaris-launching switchboard, designed by Burroughs and being installed aboard nuclear submarine George Washington, will switch data and power to and from fire-control panel.


8-foot dish at the University of Texas las picked up moon-bounce signals originating in Great Britain.



Creative Imagination was for James (lerk Maxwell the catalyst that united a profound physical intuition and a formidable mathematical capacity in a brilliant formulization of electromagnetics - the basis of all today's practical electromagnetic applications.
At National ( © o. creative imagination is transmuting observed physical phenomena and mathematically formulated theory in such applications as long range microwave transmission - extending further our practical control of physical phenomena.

The implications of these new means of communications are manifold and the applications multitudinous.

National Co. is a community of minds and talents that enjoys the challenge and the prestige of success in such advanced fields as multipath transmission. noise reduction, correlation techniques for signal processing. Tropospheric scatter systems, Ionospheric scatter systems, molecular beam techniques, long range microwave transmission and missile checkout equipment using microwave and digital techniques.
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## NEWS

## New Navy-Civilian Board Mapping Air Standards

A new advisory board composed of civilian engineers and Navy offcers is helping the Navy set up standards for reliable aeronautical equipment.
The unit, sponsored by the Navy Bureau of Aeronautics, is called BuAer-Industry Advisory Board on Reliability and Operational Design Requirements of Aeronautical Material. Rear Admiral L. D. Coates, assistant chief for research and development, is chairman of the board.
Standing committees were formed recently, and the group has begun full-scale operations. Among its goals are the mapping of:
』 Requirements for maximum operational efficiency.

- Procedures for analyzing, testing, demonstrating and maintaining equipment.
- Interchange of technical infor-

End alternate chills and hot blasts. Shown in front of the thermistor wall unit and the fur nace modulator valve are the tube type and transistorized amplifiers for the new Selectra home gas furnace control now in production at Maxitrol Company, Detroit, Michigan.

## Tung-Sol tubes and transistors help MAXXITRUL provide non-cycling home heating

Maxitrol Company's new Selectra electronic gas furnace control does away with fluctuations in room temperature. It continually adjusts the burner flame to exactly compensate for the heat loss in the home and it responds to temperature changes as low as $1 / 10$ degrec F. Selectra controls are available with either tube type or transistorized amplifiers which boost the signal from a thermistor in the wall unit to selectively energize a solenoid in the furnace modulator valve.

Depending on their design some gas burners must be ignited at maximum flame. On such burners the tube type amplifier using a TungSol 2D21 thyratron is recommended. The tube warm-up period provides a $10-15$ second delay during which time the solenoid cannot be energized, insuring ignition at maximum flame.

Transistorized Selectra amplifiers are recommended for burners which can be successfully ignited at less than maximum flame. Since there is no warm-up delay with the Since there is no warm-up delay with the
transistorized circuit, ignition may occur as low as $1 / 3$ of full firc. For this unit, Tung-Sol supplies TS757, a high power transistor selectively inspected to provide extremely tight characteristics. The high reliability of these Tung-Sol transistors, say Selectra's designers. was largely responsible for this type of control being in production.

Do you have an umusually demanding tube or transistor requirement? Tung-Sol applications engineers stand ready to help you. You'll get utmost henefit from their experience by consulting them while your equipment is in the planning stage. Just call or write: Tung-Sol Electric Inc., Newark 4, N. J. Twx: NK 193
(5) TUNG-SOL
iig a hemisphere. Describing its anticipated operation, DuMont siys:
"If the elements in the field of view are examined sequentially in time, the frame time required, due t) the finite velocity of propagation. is approximately one second. Geometric distortion in the radar information will be introduced by translation and rotation of the aircraft during a single frame time, which distortion can be reduced through using information about the aircraft's motion to correct the data or by using a partially simultaneous scan to increase the frame rate."
The system would use a new type of radar display called ranged perspective. In such a display, intensity is varied as a function of the range to the object, so that depth perception is achieved.
Ordinarily helicopters encounter greater ground hazards than fixedwing aircraft because of their low flights and landings in tight spots away from airports. Noting that planes other than helicopters might require sensors of different capability, the study recommends investigation of a building-block approach to instrumentation. This would provide a basic obstacle sensor for aircraft of limited performance, with supplemental components for the basic system in craft of higher performance.

## American Paper Wins British IRE Award

Two American scientists have made the "outstanding contribution on an engineering subject" published in the British IRE Journal during 1958.
For their paper, "New Developments in Silicon Photo-Voltaic Devices," Dr. Morton Prince and Martin Wolf will receive the Marconi l'remium.

Dr. Prince is vice-president of research in the semiconductor division of Hoffman Electronics, and Mr. 'Volf is the company's design head lor solar cell products.

Circle 19 on Reader-Service Card $>$

## Precision Is The Standard At Coors



## Tube Envelopes

Coors makes high strength ceramic envelopes to extremely close dimensional tolerances and in a wide range of sizes for use in modern electron tubes. Certain of the Coors ceramic compositions were developed specifically to meet the rigorous operating conditions and reliability requirements to which high power, high frequency tubes are subjected.

Illustrated here is one of the miniature ceramic envelopes in regular production. Coors regularly produces many other sizes up to $10^{\prime \prime}$ O.D. Larger sizes can be manufactured.

Coors ceramics have outstanding electrical and physical characteristics. These properties are not affected by high outgassing or high operating temperatures.
LOWER COSTS for Precision Ceramic Parts Through Quantity Production - Coors has been able to make substantial reductions in manufacturing costs by stepping up production of high precision parts through automation.

All this adds up to these advantages for you: 1. Faster delivery on large quantity orders. 2. Precision parts-uniform and interchangeable, permitting you to use them on a production basis. 3. Prices that are correspondingly low.

For further information about Coors Space Age Ceramics and for a complete description of physical prop- erties, write for Bulletin 858.

## Micro-Module Wafers

The hottest news in extreme miniaturization of electronic equipment is the micro-module-an amazingly small combination of sub-miniature electronic circuit components. The fundamental unit of a micromodule is the high alumina ceramic base plate-a tiny ceramic wafer, approximately $0.300^{\prime \prime}$ square $\times 0.010^{\prime \prime}$ thick. Upon this is deposited or metalized a component of a circuit-a resistor, capacitor, transistor, diode, etc. The micro-module is a combination of several of these elements in a small space to serve a specific circuit function-amplifier, oscillator, etc.

Coors is manufacturing these precision wafers in large quantity production runs for several manufacturers working on the same project. Coors holds all dimensions of the tiny ceramic wafer to extremely close tolerances so that the micro-elements produced from them are entirely interchangeable from manufacturer to manufacturer


## Standard Terminal Insulators

Coors furnishes standard terminal insulatorsavailable from stock-in various ratings and, also, can manufacture custom made insulators to meet your specific requirements. In the range of standard sizes, metal parts are bonded to the ceramic by Coors High Temperature Metalizing Techniques, thus producing strong hermetic ceramic-to-metal seals. The result is standard terminal insulators available for a wide range of requirements-insulators that have superior electrical and mechanical characteristics. Production is on a large quantity basis - you do not pay a premium for high quality, precision terminals.

## COORS PORCELAIN COMPANY

600 Ninth Street, Golden. Colorado

## WASHINGTON REPORT

Ephraim Kahn

## Still Another Review Procedure for Procurement Programs

New communications programs proposed by the Armed Services are to be reviewed more intensively before being given a green light. The new review procedure will apply to all programs slated to cost $\$ 100,000$ or more, but research, development, test and evaluation projects are exempt, as are communications programs designed to serve tactical units, an aircraft, or a ship. Exemption in these cases appears to be based on the notion that the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Supply and Logistics), who has over-all charge of the review, should not have to concern himself with things that can properly be decided by lower-level executives.

New communications reviewers are "all interested elements" in the Office of the Secretary of Defense. If more than one Service is to be involved in the program, the Office of the Joint Chiefs of Staff will also participate, doubtless though its Communications-Electronics Directorate.

Rigorous screening by the individual Services can be expected before new communications programs are passed upward for high-level approval or disapproval. The reason for this is that the Service which makes the proposal must also undertake to commit funds to bring it into being.

## Emergencies Provide a Loophole

In an emergency, the Services can still jump the gun and undertake communications programs prior to final action by the Assistant Secretary. "Emergency conditions" are not to include "budgetary deadlines, inadequate advance planning, or normal expansions," declares the Defense Department Directive (No. 4630.1) that sets up the more elaborate review procedure.
When a new proposal is turned in to the Assistant Secretary, information will have to be given concerning its relationship to the communications facilities either planned by the Department or in existence. Time required for each phase of multi-phase programs must be stated, and the estimated cost of completing the program must be given.
Review in the Office of the Secretary will


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## for detection

and measurement of oxygen or hydrogen impurities in other gases

MINOXO INDICATOR . . . measures traces of molecular oxygen in other gases-from 1 to 10 parts per million, and from 1 to 100 PPM. High sensitivity and rapid speed of response enable it o be used for laboratory investigation and production quality control.
SUPER-SENSITIVE DEOXO INDICATOR
measures oxygen or hydrogen present as impurities in other gases-from 2 to 200 parts per million oxygen and 4 to 400 parts per million hydrogen. Dual range permits measurement up to $.25 \%$ oxygen or $.50 \%$ hydrogen. Send for literature.

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"determine conformance with policies, feasibility, efficiency, and economy." If referral to the Joint Chiefs is necessary, they will concentrate on these points: (1) Does the proposal conform to strategic military needs? (2) Can an existing or planned Defense Department communications system do the job intended for the proposed program? (3) Should the program be revised, modified, or expanded so that it will meet needs of other organizations within the Defense Department? (4) Does the program fit in with the objectives of a joint communications network? (5) What economic and military factors must be considered in an assessment of the proposal?

## More Lead Time Coming to Permit Qualifying for Approved Lists

Makers of standard components and other items that are bought off the shelf or out of a manufacturers' stock should benefit from a change in the Armed Services Procurement Regulation that is supposed to help broaden participation by interested manufacturers in purchases from qualified product lists. Basic to this is provision for more publicity prior to issuance of invitations to bid. This is intended to enable suppliers to arrange to have their lines qualified, through tests, if they are not already listed.

## Aircraft Companies Still Getting Largest Share of Missile Money

Funds for missiles are flowing heavily into the coffers of the aircraft manufacturers, according to the Defense Department. In each of the past two fiscal years, about 50 per cent of each missile dollar has gone to an airplane company. In fiscal 1958, the Pentagon committed $\$ 2,621.1$ million for missiles; aircraft companies got $\$ 1,234.8$ million. In fiscal 1959, the proportion of funds received by aircraft makers held just about steady, but the dollar figure zoomed. The Defense Department's funding commitments for missiles came to $\$ 3,477.7$ million and aircraft firms shared $\$ 1$,788.2 million.

In the current year, a still greater increase is being made in missile funds. In fiscal 1960 , missile defense, for example, will get twice as much as it did last year. Actual appropriation for procurement of missiles in fiscal 1960 is $\$ 3.6$ billion (about $\$ 500$ million less than last year). This money will be split among fewer programs, since some "which no longer appear technologically promising or which have been overtaken by events, will require less funding or no funds at all." Note, too, that missiles will get almost $\$ 1.5$ billion-or 40 per cent-of the total appropriation of $\$ 3.8$ billion for research, development, test, and evaluation.

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## MEETINGS

Calendar of Events
October
6－9 High Temperature Symposium，Stanford Re search Institute，Asilomar Conference Grounds， Calif．
7．9 Sixth National Symposium on Vacuum Tect nology，American Vacuum Society Inc．，Shera ton Hotel，Philadelphia，Pa．
7．9 IRE Canadian Convention on Electronice anc Nucleonics，Exhibition Park，Toronto，Canada．
12－14 Fifteenth National Electronics Conference AIEE，Illinols Institute of Technology，IRE， Northwestern University，and University of IIlinois，Hotel Sherman，Chicago，III．＊
13－14 National Technical Conference，Society of Plas tics Engineers，Ambassador Hotel，Los Angeles， Calif．
22－23 Fifteen Annual National Conference on In dustrial Hydraulics，Illinois Institute of Tech． nology and Armour Research Foundation，Hote Sherman，Chicago，III．
26－28 Sixth Annual East Coast Conference，IRE Pro fessional Group on Aeronautical and Naviga－ tional Electronics，Baltimore，Md．
28－29 Michigan Industrial Electronics Exposition， Electronic Representatives，Inc．，Detroit Artil lery Armory，Oak Park，Michigan．＊
28－30 Annual Industry Display，Aircraft Electrical So ciety，Pan Pacific Auditorium，Los Angeles， Calif．
29－30 Fifth Annual Electron Devices，IRE Professiona Group on Electron Devices，Shoreham Hotel， Washington，D．C．
＊Includes meetings described herewith
5th National Communications Symposium，Octo－ ber 5－7

The requirements，progress，and challenge of communications will be stressed at the 1959 symposium．Sponsored by the IRE PGCS，the sessions will cover two major areas：（1）com munications systems and（2）communications equipment and related techniques．Approximately 50 engineering and manufacturing concerns from the communications field will exhibit their prod ucts during the three－day meeting．The symposium will be held at the Hotel Utica Utica，N．Y．Tech－ nical program chairman is Ralph L．Marks， Griffiss Air Force Base，Rome，N．Y．

Value Engineering Symposium，October 6－7
The Electronic Industries Assoc．will sponsor this symposium at the University of Pennsylvania Participating will be those industry members and military personnel acquainted with the successful use of value engineering tools．R．S．Mandelkorn of Lansdale Tube Co．，a subsidiary of Philco Corp．，is general chairman of the symposium．

4th IRE Canadian Convention，October 7－9
The Automotive Building at Exhibition Park， Toronto，Canada，will be the site of this conven－ tion．Over 100 papers covering the latest develop－

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ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16， 1959
ments and techniques in electronics and nucleonics will be presented. Among the branches of the industry to be represented will be audio, components, computers, industrial electronics, tran,istors, and tubes. The Canadian Sections of the IRE are sponsoring the show. Eric L. Palin at Exhibition Park is general chairman.

## 15th National Electronics Conference, October 12-14

Virgil H. Disncy, president, reports that the NEC will hold its sessions at the Hotel Sherman in Chicago, Ill. Sponsored by the AIEE, Illinois Institute of Technology, IRE, Northwestern Univ., and Univ. of Illinois, the conference will include discussions on circuit theory, communications systems, microminiaturization, servo mechanisms, value engineering, and other topics.

Michigan Industrial Electronics Exposition, October 28-29
Electronic Representatives, Inc. will sponsor this show at the Detroit Artillery Armory, Oak Park, Mich. Exhibitors will include manufacturers of industrial electronic equipment and components as well as Michigan electronics representatives. Technical papers will be presented at sessions scheduled to run concurrently with the exhibitions. Show manager is R. G. Wood, 830 IV. Vernor, Detroit 1, Mich.

## 6th Annual East Coast IRE Aero-Electronics Con-

 ference, October 26-28The classified sessions of the IRE PGANE confrence, sponsored by the Air Research and Development Command, will cover: "Correlation Techniques of Data Processing," "Advanced Radar Techniques." and "Phased-Array Radars." Correspondence concerning clearance may be addressed to T. M. O'Connor, Security Coordinator, IRE ECCANE, Bendix Radio, Baltimore 4, IId. Unclassified sessions will be held concurrent with the classified presentations. The location of all sessions will be the Lord Baltimore Hotel, Baltimore, Md. Dr. R. C. Spencer of the Glenn 1.. Martin Co., Baltimore 3, Md. is Papers Chairman.

5th Electron Devices Meeting, October 29-30
To be held at the Shoreham Hotel, Washington, ID.C. The conference, sponsored by the IRE IGED, will present papers dealing with material of an applied or developmental nature in the field of electron devices. This should include electron tubes, semiconductor devices, masers, parametric amplifiers, and other solid state device configuraions. John A. Hornbeck of Bell Telephone Labs, :Iurray Hill, N.J., is technical program chairman lor the meeting.

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NEW PRODUCT
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As a result of wide customer acceptance of BURNDY Omaton Division's YD-2, a new version of this semi-automatic, portable, pocumatic crimping tool has been developed. The new edition, the YD-2-3 is a bench-mounted, foot-operated tool with a magazine holding almost eight times (533 contacts) as many contacts as the original version (70) comtacts).
The YI) was originally designed as a magazine-fed, hand-operated tool for work in and near electronic cab. inets. The new version will produce a higher rate of contact installation, making it especially useful in harness wiring.
The bench-mounted, fool-activated increased-magazine-capacity features will allow the contact installation rate of the YD-2 to be greatly increased. The YD-2-3 retains the features of automatic pre-positioning, feeding, and crimping of BURNDY's HYFEN®, STAPIN®, and CRAB$1 . O K^{\text {® }}$ MODULOK ${ }^{\text {® }}$ lines of contacts. It also features color cooled dic sets matched with the color of con-tact-carrying strips. The plastic carry strips are automatically ejected froin the tool after the contacts have been used.

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## EDITORIAL

## The Difference That May Not Be Worthwhile

We live in an age of superlatives. Every new thing, it seems, including the latest electronic device, is the world's smallest fastest, most accurate, and most reliable. It is hardly enough to get there first with the mostest; today only the mostest mostest is accepted.
If anyone can see through such smokescreens and get to the substantial, it should be the engineer. By nature and training, he is a discriminating person. It is alarming, therefore, to see engineers caught in a race to design something just to claim a world's record.
We need top performance, yes, but the cost of winning by a nose may be wrecking our orderly processes for achieving progress. An example is provided by Mr. Harper O. North, president of Pacific Semiconductors, Inc. In telling why it might be difficult to standardize diodes ( see p. 92 of this issue), Mr. North notes:
"Circuit designers these days are called upon to produce circuits which will out-perform their predecessors, and they call upon diode manufacturers for faster recovery time, increased power handling capacity, higher maximum temperature ratings and the like. Small improvements are gratefully received, and a new number is frequently generated as a result of improvement in any one of the areas specified."
Mr. North may or may not agree, but this editor thinks "small improvements" should not, as a rule, "be gratefully received."
We need significant or substantial improvements-preferably gains by an order of magnitude. A new circuit should show a quantum-like jump in performance, not an improvement discernible only with finely calibrated instruments.

Although engineers are not to blame for competing in design races that require photo finishes (they only follow orders), they should question their validity. The likely benefits of rumning the race at all should be questioned. Sponsors of such contests ( mainly the military-most commercial product managers know what engineering isn't profitable) should be apprised in advance of the probable significance of the improvement, especially if the odds are against large gains being made. If special components and hairline adjustments are needed to produce the difference, the benefits are certainly suspect.

Engineers should constantly ask whether the difference is worthwhile.


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# Oscilloscope <br> Trace Recording With Polaroid <br> Land Photography 

This is the first of a three-part series on oscilloscope trace recording. This series should answer almost any question on scope trace photography.

Kemon P. Taschioglou<br>Polaroid Corp.<br>Cambridge, Mass.

Hy P. Mansberg
Airborne Instruments Lab.
Mineola, L.I., N.Y.


Kemon Taschioglou just could not help writing this article. An MIT electrical engineer studying techni. cal and industrial applications of Land photography. he was overwhelmed with inquiries about photographing cro traces. He got together with Hy Mansberg more than a year ago to make a complete study of the field. He's been practically living with cameras and with oscilloscopes ever since.


Hy Mansberg, during hls 13 years at Allen B. DuMont Labs., combined his interests in optics, photography, and electronics. His work with crt phosphors, film emulsions, camera lenses, and processing techniques helped him write many articles on scope trace photography. At AlL, his present work in medical electronics allows him to use many of the techniques which he contributed to the art of photo recording.

Table 1. Land Films and Their Characteristics for Oscilloscope Trace Photography.

| Film Type* | Picture Size (Inches) | Base Stock | Description ${ }^{\text { }}$ | Trace Recording Applications | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 | $3-1 / 4 \times 4-1 / 4$ | Paper print | Wide range ASA 200. | Stationary traces. | Most economical, but recommended only for steady state traces. |
| 46 | $2-1 / 4 \times 2-1 / 4$ | Positive trons porency | Wide range ASA 600. | Slidos for projection, recording fine detail in complex waveforms. Simultane ous recording of slow and fost moving trace portions. | Originals for diazotype reproduction. Can be onlarged easily by conventional photography. Camera mirror inversion -asily correctod by turning transparency over. |
| 46-L | $\begin{aligned} & 3.1 / 4 \times 4 \\ & \text { (lantern } \\ & \text { slides) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | $3-1 / 4 \times 41 / 4$ | Popor print | ASA 3000 | High speed transients and stationary traces. | Fastost photographic moterial for cro trace recording. |

[^0]
## Part 1. Films and Cameras

T${ }^{H E}$ POLAROID ${ }^{\circ}$ LAND photographic process is the most commonly used for oscilloscope trace recording for three important reasons: First, the finished picture comes right out of the back of the camera-no darkroom or processing facilities are needed. Second, the results are available in one minute. Third, it is easy to learn how to take the pictures.

At one time, the most common use of the Land Photographic process was in recording low frequency steady-state patterns as an aid to circuit development. Today, cameras and film are available for capturing millimicrosecond transients.

## Films

Table 1 lists all available Land films and their characteristics which are important for trace recording. There are two base materials used: (1) paper, which produces opaque positive pictures, and (2) transparent film, which produces slides for projection.
The paper prints are developed in the Land camera back in 60 seconds. After development for permanent protection, they require a plastic coating with a print coater enclosed in each package.

Transparencies require two minutes' development time in the back of the camera and require a 20 -second bath in a hardening solution contained in a "Dippit," which is sold with the film. The transparencies are placed in plastic mounts for projection.

Positive prints are the most suitable materials for publication, although some journals will accept transparencies. For slides at lectures or seminars, the transparency film is ideal. However, for general work, positive prints have shorter development time, are easier to handle, and are more economical

## Sensitivity vs. Writing Rate

Notice in Table 1 that all the films are panchromatic, so they can be used with all phosphors emitting light in the visible light range. The ASA exposure index is only an approximate indication of the relative sensitivity of each film for cro trace recording. "Maximum writing rate" is a more useful concept. It describes a film's ability to

[^1] ration.

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Fig．1．（above）Multiple traces recorded on a single frame． Camera back is mounted with film＇s long dimension parallel to the horizontal axis of the display．Camera：Hewlett－Pack－ ard Model 196A．


Fig．2．（above）Multiple traces on a single frame．Camera back mounted with film＇s short dimension parallel to horizontal axis of the display．Camera：DuMont Model 302.
record the fastest possible transients，and is dis－ cussed in more detail in Part 2 of this article．

Type 42 is the most economical of all the Land films and it has the lowest maximum writing rate． It is largely used for recording stationary traces． With its high resolution，it can produce sharp records of complex waveforms or intensity modu－ lated traces．

Type 47，ASA exposure index 3000 ，is the most versatile of all Land films in trace recording be－ cause its extra high speed permits shorter expos－ ures，lower intensity cro settings，and smaller lens apertures．The results are sharper pictures con－ taining more information．

## Oscilloscope Record Cameras

Seven major manufacturers produce specialized cameras using Land camera backs for cro work． Table 2 lists these manufacturers，the model num－ bers，and general features of the various cameras． Each manufacturer distributes cameras through his own distribution channels．

The cameras mount directly onto the standard five inch cro．They are designed to solve the problems of low light level and close－up photog－ raphy．They provide accurate centering，maintain focus，and control stray light．

## Camera Backs and Viewing Systems

Basic considerations in choosing oscilloscope record cameras are the positions of the camera back and the viewing system．Three systems are commonly used．

1．Film plane parallel to the tube face with viewing at slight angle to the tube face．The major advantage of this system is that the picture is correctly oriented with no image reversal．On the other hand，viewing at an angle causes visual parallax and slight difficulty in seeing the edges of the crt screen．This system is found on DuMont＇s Model 353 and the cameras of Hewlett－Packard， Fairchild Camera and Instrument，Electronic Tube，Telechrome，and the Beattie－Coleman 12365.

2．Film plane perpendicular to the tube face with a beam splitter mirror permitting direct head－on view．This system is found on DuMont＇s Model 302 and Beattie－Coleman＇s Model 12445. Both cameras have comfortable binocular view－ ing．The mirror，however，reverses the image on the film．
3．Film plane parallel to the tube face with a swinging assembly so the camera back can be swung away from the crt face．The Edgerton， Germeshausen，and Grier cro－camera system using this technique employs a traveling wave crt．It is designed to display transients and repetitive phe－ nomena in the millimicrosecond region．The trace is displayed on a $0.4 \times 0.6 \mathrm{in}$ ．area and is viewed through a built－in 5 X viewing lens when the cam－ era back is swung out of the way．
The other camera using this system，Beattie－ Coleman＇s Model 12365，has binocular angle viewing with the camera back swung into place， and direct head－on viewing when the camera and lens are swung away from the crt．

Camera backs are mounted with the long film dimension parallel，either to the horizontal axis of the crt，or to the vertical axis．The former mounting permits recording full width images，as with the picture in Fig．1，made on Hewlett－ Packard＇s Model 196－A．The latter mounting is combined with optical reduction，producing a format as shown in Fig．2，which was made on DuMont＇s Model 302.

The beam splitter mirror found on some cam－ eras separates the highly actinic blue from the yellow portions of light energy emitted by the crt．Only a negligible amount of actinic light is lost by sending some energy through the beam splitter to the observer．

## Image Reduction and Moving Backs

Some cameras have optical systems which re－ duce the image size on the film．Image reduction has two primary advantages：First，film usage is more economical，for more images can be re－ corded per frame．And second，there is a gain in the trace image illumination reaching the film for a given exposure and a favorable lowering of the effective writing speed on the film．

On the other hand，those cameras with no re－ duction（ $1: 1$ reduction ratio）make calibration on the picture much easier．

To take full advantage of the picture area avail－ able on each frame，Beattie－Coleman，DuMont． Fairchild，and Hewlett－Packard have designed cameras which permit multiple exposures．The first three manufacturers provide movable cam－
era backs. The Hewlett-Packard camera provides the same effect with a movable lens mount, recording multiple exposures as shown in Fig. 1.

## Mounting and Focusing

All the cameras listed either mount securely to a flange provided on standard five-inch scopes or to a standard bezel which can be easily attached to the scope panel. Although the cro cameras are basically fixed focus types, adjustments are provided for positioning parts of the camera to compensate for variation in the exact position of the crt face. Such requirements arise from different crt face configurations, different crt positions in the cro, and the position of filters and graticules.
Precise focusing is important for recording detail in a complex trace or for recording highest possible writing speeds.
A sheet of ground glass in the back of an empty camera provides means for focusing. However, judgment must be used. The trace itself, lacking sharpness, is difficult to focus on, and the graticule scale is not precisely in the same plane as the trace. Hence, the engineer must decide whether to focus on the trace or the graticule, or he must compromise.
For focusing on the trace, a convenient trick calls for scribing fine pencil lines on the ground glass, then illuminating the ground glass from behind with a lamp or sunlight. This projects the image of the scribed line right onto the crt phosphor and provides an excellent image on which to focus.

## Camera Settings

Settings for aperture and shutter speed are performed at the lens of the cameras, usually through trap doors, which must be closed during exposure. The camera of Electronic Tube Corp. is an exception. It provides a system for making settings outside of the camera. Some cameras require removal of the entire camera from the cro to make changes.
In this way, the camera lens is used in reverse; it projects the film plane onto the crt screen. Of course, any filter in front of the crt must first be removed.

## Lenses

All the cameras, except for the specialized Edgerton, Germeshausen, and Grier camera, employ a lens-shutter combination with 75 mm Wollensak lenses. The low light levels of high speed transients usually require wide open apertures of $f / 1.9$ and $f / 2.8$. The Hewlett-Packard camera uses a Wollensak lens with additional field correction and edge resolution. - -
(Sec following page for tabulation of cameras.)

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Beattic-Coleman Model 1245


Beattic-Coleman Model 12365


DuMont Model 302


DuMont Model 353

E. G. \& G. Madel 710

| Manufacturer | Model | Lens | Shutter | Comera Back Position | Orientation of Film's Long Dimension |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beattic-Coleman, Ince 1000 North Olive St. Anaheim, Calif. | 12445 | Wollonsak Raptar 75 mm، f/1.9 | Alphax \#3, 1 sec. to $1 / 100$ sec., Time and Bulb. | Above line of view, perpendicular to crt | Parallel to crt horizontal axis |
|  | 12365 | Wollonsak Raptar 75 mm, f/1.9 | Alphax \#3, 1 sec. to 1/100 sec., Time and Bulb. | Parallel to crt, with swing-away assombly. | Parallel to cht horizontal axis |
| Allen B. Du Mont Laboratories, Inc. 760 Bloomfield Ave. Clifton, N.J. | $\begin{gathered} 302 \\ (f / 2.8) \end{gathered}$ | Wollensak Raptar 75 mm, f/2.8 | Alphax \#2, 1/25 to 1/100 sec. and Bulb | Above line of view, perpendicular to ert | Parallel to crt vertical axis |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 302 \\ (f / 2.8) \end{gathered}$ | Wollensak Raptar 75 mm, f/1.9 | Alphax \#3, 1 sec. to $1 / 100$ sec., Time and Bulb. |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 353 \\ (f / 2.8) \end{gathered}$ | Wollensak Raptar $75 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{f} / 2.8$ | Alphax \#2, $1 / 25$ to $1 / 100$ soc. and Bulb. | Parallel to crt | Camera can be rotated 90 deg. for recording |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 353 \\ (\mathbf{8} / 1.9) \end{gathered}$ | Wollonsak Raptar $75 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{f} / 1.9$ | Alphax \#3, 1 sec. to $1 / 100$ sec., time and Bulb. |  | on both axes. |
| Edgerton, Germeshausen \& Grier, Inc. 160 Brookline Ave. Boston 15, Mass. | 710 with Type CA-3 Polaroid Adaptor | Effective $\mathrm{f} / 0.7$ | Manual movement of dark slide | Parallel to crt, with swing-oway assemby | Parallel to crt vertical axis |
| Electronic Tube Corp. 1200 E. Mermaid Lane Philadolphia, Pa. | SM-200 | Wollensak Raptar 75 mm, f/ 1.9 | Alphox \#3, 1 sec. to 1/100 sec., Time and Bulb. | Parallel to crt | Parallel to crt vertical axis |
| Falrchild Camera and Instrument Corp. <br> 5 Aerial Way Syosset, L.I., N.Y. | F-296 | Wollensak Raptar $75 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{f} / 1.9$ | Alphax \#3, 1 sec. to $1 / 100$ sec., Time and Bulb. | Parallel to ctt | Parallel to crt vertical axis |
|  | F-286 |  |  |  |  |
| Hewlert-Packard Co. 275 Page Mill Road Palo Alto, Calif. | 196-A | Wollonsak OscilloRaptar 75 mm , f/1.9 | Alphax \#3, 1 sec. to $1 / 100$ sec., Time and Bulb. | Parallel to crt | Parallel to crt horizontal axis |
| Telechrome Manufacturing Corp. <br> 28 Ranick Drive Amityvillo, N.Y. | 1521-A | Wollonsak Oscillo- <br> Anastigmat <br> 75 mm。f/1.9 | Alphax \#3, 1 sec. to $1 / 100$ sec., Time and Bulb. | Parallel to crt | Parallel to crt vertical axis |

(1)
meras with Land Camera Backs.

## Transistorized Phantastron Circuit

Compact size and low weight can be achieved with a transistorized version of the phantastron circuit.

IN ADDITION to the obvious savings in size and weight, transistorized phanastron circuits offer better cycle to cycle time stability than conventional tube circuits. Less than one musec time jitter can be achieved, over a half-hour period, for a $2(0) \mu$ sec gate an improvement in stability over the vacuum tube equivalent.

## Circuit Operation

When a negative pulse is applied to the trigger input, terminal $A$, (Fig. 1), the voltage at terminal $C$ becomes a linear, positive-going waveform and the output at terminal $B$ a negative gate. The durations of the positive going waveform and the gate are the same and are a function of the voltage $V_{1}$. The relationship between the gate length

## R. W. Cope

Bendix Aviation Corp., Radio Div.<br>Baltimore 4, Md.

and voltage $V_{1}$ is fairly linear for the circuit in Fig. 1. Improved linearity is achieved by using the Darlington connection, illustrated in Fig. 2. Graphs of these characteristics are illustrated in Figs. 4 and 5.

During the time just preceding the trigger pulse, for the circuit in Fig. 1, there is zero current flowing through $R_{2}$, except for the $I_{\text {co }}$ current of $T_{1}$. The positive bias $(+3 \mathrm{v})$ is necessary to prevent the $I R$ drop, caused by the $I_{c o}$ of $T_{1}$ flowing through $R_{6}$ and $R_{3}$, from exceeding the cut off level and turning on $T_{1}$. There exists a base current in $T_{2}$ which is approximately equal to $E_{b} / R t$; however, the collector current of $T_{2}$ is zero except for the reverse emitter current of $T_{1}$. During this time interval, just preceding the trigger pulse, the voltage at terminal $B$ will be close to ground


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potential since $T_{3}$ is collector saturated. The voltage at terminal $C$ will be $V_{1}$ minus the $I_{c o} R_{2}$ drop of $T_{1}$.

Upon the application of a negative trigger to A, $T_{1}$ begins to conduct; however, the conduction level is governed by the feedback to the base of $T_{2}$ through $C_{1}$. The feedback is typical Miller feedback which is set to produce a linear increase in current through $R_{2}$, similar to that of the vacuum tube circuit. The waveform of terminal $C$ is differentiated by $C_{2}$ and $R_{4}$ to produce a positive-gate voltage which turns off $T_{3} . T_{3}$ being gated off produces a negative voltage at terminal $B$. This negative voltage, in addition to furnishing an output gate, is used to maintain $T_{1}$ in the "turned on" state after the triggering voltage is removed.
When the combination of $T_{1}$ and $T_{2}$ both reach collector saturation, which is approximately


Fig. 1. Basic transistorized phantastron circuit.


Fig. 2. "Darlington connection" circuit modification.
ground potential, $T_{\text {: }}$ turns back on; this removes the negative gate at terminal $B$ and returns the circuit to its original state.

## Test Results

The circuit illustrated in Fig. 2 was tested for variations of $V_{1}$ vs gate length. The data is illustrated in Fig. 4. The sweep voltage produced of terminal $C$ was estimated to have a linearity of approximately I per cent.
Fig. 5 illustrates the effect of variations in $E_{b}$ on gate length with $V_{1}$ and $E_{b}$ tied together.
The simplified circuit illustrated in Fig. 3 provides a linear sweep in the case where a gate voltage is available; the length of the sweep is controlled by the gate length. - -


Fig. 4. Gate length vs. supply voltage $V$, for circuit of Fig. 2.

Fig. 5. Gate length and change of gate length vs. supply voltage for circuit shown in Fig. 3.


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END USE of electronic equipment stipulates many of the cooling system's requirements. Components for aircraft or missiles will differ from ground support equipment. Operational time must be known-whether continuous or intermittent operation is required. Service life required is important. Heat from other related or nonrelated components could aggravate the heat dissipation problem so location of other components must be considered.
The design engineer will want to know:

- Atmospheric and climatic conditions
- Temperature extremes for both storage and operation.
- Maximum altitudes the equipment will reach.
A radar station in the desert may require different equipment design than one operating in the arctic.


## Initial System Evaluation

During initial evaluation, standards established for electronic operation should be correlated with those for the cooling system.

The most important consideration is the temperature profile for equipment operation, because from these profiles, the heat transfer required can be calculated. By specifying highest and lowest
temperatures the equipment can tolerate, the engineer will know what is required of the cooling system to maintain safe operating temperatures.
Possibility of "hot spot" areas should not be overlooked, because heat transfer efficiency in these areas can determine the success or failure of the over-all cooling system. Weight and space allowance should be definitely established before the cooling method is selected. Since they will be considered along with the calculated heat load, weight and space requirements bear heavily on the ultimate selection of cooling methods.

## Static Cooling

Static cooling is the dissipation of heat generated in an electronic component by normal convection flow. The fluid picks up heat from the component and transfers it to the outside case of the unit. Finally, the heat is conducted through the case into the main chassis or air frame and eventually to the surrounding air.
In a static cooling design, the object is to dissipate efficiently the heat from hot spots. If the fluid surrounds all the components, the heat from hot spot areas can be transferred immediately and uniformly to the fluid to give an efficient control of hot spot temperature. Static cooling will suffice,
however, only if the heat transfer requirements are not too high.
Certain synthetic fluids do not remain liquid at temperatures much above 200 F , and enter what is called the "vapor phase." These liquids accomplish heat transfer through boiling and require sufficient space within the container for vapor condensation and heat transfer to the calse. The condensate then runs back down the sides and goes through the reflux phase again. This design usually requires more space and weight than a "liquid-phase" system.
Changing flight attitudes will affect the selection of liquid coolants in static applications. In static cooling, the liquid phase of the coolant must surround the heat source at all times. If the component tilts to an angle or enters a horizontal or upside-down position, the liquid falls to the bottom of the container and leaves the vital areas exposed. As a result, the component may overheat or even burn out. To use a liquid-vapor phase coolant in this mamner requires more sophisticated design so that the unit remains in ant upright position.

Straight liquid-phatse coolants are generally used as a complete fill in static systems so that Hight attitudes present no problems.

## Designing for Static Cooling

 jleat-load and heat-transfer calculations. The first step in the design of any cooling system is the calculation of heat load and a determination of rate of the heat transfer required to dissipate it. In static systems, this is not as critical as in dy${ }^{1}$ amic systems. Hot spot areas deserve special consideration. Sometimes the parts that produce the most heat can be spaced within the container 10 avoid an unnecessary heat build-up in any given area. When the heat load and desired temperature of operation are known, the container dimensions and a fluid volume can be specified. Container design. A good container takes into account the volume of fluid needed to dissipate the heat load and how that volume will change with temperature or pressure. The container obviously must withstand the maximum temperatures and pressures that the system will develop. The ambient temperatures and pressures also must not be overlooked. Simple bellows, diaphragins, or a relief valve can be used to compensate for volume changes.In systems containing relief valves or in those vented to the air, special care must be taken to prevent water or other contanninants from entering the system. To control moisture, a dessicant may be used as part of the relief system. Rather than a vented relief system which complicates the container design, internal bellows or diaphraghms gencrally are used to compensate for changes in fluid volume. A blow-out plug in the container is a good safety precaution should electronic failure cause extreme heat generation.
Heat Sinks. The metal chassis itself is the basic heat sink for the container. Additional heat transfer may be obtained by placing fins on the exterior of the container. Some containers may have channels designed into the case exterior for forced air "cold plate" cooling.
Prototype Production and TEating. Heat transfer efficiency should be tested over the entire operating temperature range and under all anticipated conditions. If adequate heat transfer is lacking the container dimensions and fluid volume may need modification. Minor design changes often are required before a static cooling unit is proven satisfactory. In this respect, static cooling is less advantageous than a dynamic system in which the ffect of many variables can be predicted more accourately.

## Dynamic Cooling

In a dynamic system. the fluid is pumped in and around components through a sealed system f jackets and tubes. The fluid picks up heat from the components and carries it to the heat exhanger for dissipation. The precise temperature control makes dynamic cooling the most reliable sistem and, thus, the one to be used when the



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Typical cooling fluid reservoir design for a large system.
heat load is high or critical. When severe hot spots exist, dynamic fluid flow through the sensitive areas is especially effective in controlling temperatures.

In a dynamic system, the heat load in each area can be calculated and the system mechanically designed to dissipate the heat as required. Through mechanical design, all of the system's hot spot temperatures cam be more reliably controlled -a significant improvement over static or forced air cooling. When constant temperature operation is required, or the equipment is large, or consists of a number of units, dynamic cooling is the most practical method.

A dynamic system can have two types of flowturbulent or laminar. Turbulent flow imparts the best heat transfer efficiency and is used particularly for temperature control in hot spot areas. Vanes and fins designed into the equipment help give turbulence to the fluid in order to minimize contact time and temperature build-up in the Huid.

## Designing for Dynamic Cooling

As with static cooling, the first step is an accurate definition of heat load and the heat transfer requirements for each section of the component. Hot spot determinations should be exact, for, with this system, the'y can be precisely controlled.
Three factors-fluid film coefficient, temperature driving force, and surface area-are important to aln evaluation of total heat transfer capacity as shown by the gencral heat transfer equation:

## $Q=\lceil\Delta \Delta T$ <br> $$
=\mathrm{WCDT}
$$

where: $Q=$ total heat dissipation (Btu/hr)
$\mathrm{h}=$ Hluid film coefficient
$\mathbf{A}=$ surface area
$\Delta T=$ temperature driving force
$\mathrm{W}=$ flow rate of coolant (lb hr) $\mathrm{C}=$ specific heat of coolant (Btu/ll $/ \mathrm{l}$ ') $\Delta t=$ temperature rise of coolant $(F)$
Fluid Film Coefficient. The fluid film coefficient determines the heat transfer that takes place in a given area. With other factors constant, the higher a fluid film coefficient, the better the heat transfer of the system. Fluid properties, fluid temperature, flow rates and mechanical design all affect the film coefficient.
Temperature Driving Force. The temperature driving force is the mean temperature difference between the average skin temperature of the heat transfer area and the fluid temperatures at inlet and outlet. This can be measured for a whole system or for segments of the system.
Surface Area. The design engineer may have less leeway with surface area than with the fluid film coofficient and the temperature driving force. Though he usually cannot increase the system dimensions after the specifications have been drawn, he can use fins or grooves to increase the amount of area that the fluid will contact. In the heat transfer region, increasing the surface area will keep hot spot temperatures to a minimum and lower the amount of heat per unit area.
When calculations revcal that the three factors are properly balanced to dissipate the heat load. the cooling system characteristics (e.g., flow rat's. pressure drops, necessary heat exchanger capacity) and the accessory system requirements will be defined. The design engineer can now integrate the unit into a complete cooling system.
Selecting Accessories. The complete system will contain the electronics to be cooled, a heat exchanger, reservoir, pump, motor and such other accessories ats relief mechanisms, interlock systems and filters, for airborne applications the entire cooling systenn can be produced as a complete package, casily removed for servicing or replate-
n nt by quick-disconnect couplings. Synthetic linuids lend themselves especially to this "packase concept" of electronic design, making possible much smaller, lighter units which, at the same tine, are three to five times more efficient than forced air cooling systems.
In selecting the heat exchanger, it is important to be certain that it can accommodate the maximum heat load. The flow rate and pressure drop calculated for the system are the primary influences in pump selection. There must be adequate power available for the pump at all operating temperatures.
In reservoir design, it is important to avoid unnecessary foaming or air entrainment in the synthetic coolant since these cause inefficient heat transfer and ultimate system failure. Fig. 1 illustrates principles of a reservoir system design that apply to large systems as well as small packaged systems.
In Fig. 1, the dry nitrogen blanket at one or two psi above atmospheric pressure controls water contamination and entrainment of oxygen in the fluid-two main causes of trouble. Entrained air
in :
the
heat
fluid
sn all supplies an oxygen source to cause oxidation of metals; and at high temperatures, the metals are especially vulnerable. Nitrogen gas prevents any oxidation build-up of scale that could clog the system "or slow down heat transfer. The dry nitrogen purge also keeps out water which might cause fluid degradation.
Fluid volume in the reservoir should be approximately three times the volume flow per minute. The return line should be well below the fluid level to keep foaming at a minimum. A line with a long scarfed end controls the fluid's entry into the reservoir and prevents unnecessary fluid turbulence.
Perforated baffle plates provide a "residence time" for a given unit of fluid volume which allows the fluid to reject entrained air or foam before returning to the pump line.
The pump feed line should be near the bottom edge of the reservoir and so placed that there is no direct fluid channel to the suction line from the return line.

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## e the

Component Positioning. There are no standard arrangements for components; each complete system is laid out according to its own requirements. When the reservoir design in finished, the design engineer positions all components and specifies the connecting tube arrangement for all parts of the system.
The package concept might be applied to the large system just discussed, but it is more often used for miniaturized components. In applying the package concept, the design layout is basically the same. The only additional requirement is the irtegration of all the components into a single unit. • =

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> (14.) pioneered the world-famous resistance-capacity oscillator circuit

# Design of Transistorized DC-to-DC Converters 

Part I—Ringing-Choke Circuit

A presentation of all necessary data and procedures required for the design of transistorized ringing-choke dc-to-dc converters. Typical values of magnetic parameters are tabulated and a step-by-step design example is covered. Also included is a section devoted to all necessary equations with their derivations. Part II will include design information for Transformer Coupled Converters.


Fig. 1. (above) Basic circuit of ringing-choketype dc-to-dc converter.

Fig. 2. (right) Typical operating vaveforms in the ring-ing-choke-type converter circuit: (A) primary voltage; (B) primary current; (C) base-to-emitter voltage; (D) secondary current; (E) flux in transformer core.



Carl Turner is presently engaged in circuit and device development of industrial power transistors with special emphasis on silicon types. He also serves as RCA's representative on the JEDEC Committee on Power Transistors.

He believes the information presented will enable the circuit engineer, with a minimum of experience in dc-to-dc converters, to achieve a good design in a minimum of time.

Carl R. Turner
Semiconductor and Materials Division Radio Corporation of America Somerville, N. J.

ALL NECESSARY design tools, plus a logica sequence of design steps, are presented to enable a circuit engineer to successfully complete a transistorized ringing-choke dc-to-dc converter project. Transistor requirements, suggested oper ating frequencies, transformer-core parameters and predicted circuit efficiencies are tabulated for a wide range of input and output conditions

## Operation of Ringing-Choke Converter

Fig. 1 shows the basic circuit of a ringing choke-type converter using a transistor and Fig 2 illustrates waveforms obtained during an oper ating cycle.
Energy is drawn from the battery and stored in the inductance of the transformer during the conduction period ( $t_{o n}$ ); this energy is delivered to the load during the "of" period $\left(t_{o f f}\right)$. At the start of $t_{o n}$ the transistor is driven into saturation (bottomed) and a substantially constant voltage (Fig. 2A) is impressed across the primary by the battery. This primary voltage produces a linearl increasing current (Fig. 2B) in the collector-pri mary circuit. This current induces substantially constant voltages in the base winding (Fig. 2C and secondary winding.
The resulting base current, like the primary current, increases linearly and has a maximum
vilue determined by the base-winding voltage, the external base resistance $R_{b}$, and the dc input cunductance of the transistor. Because the polarit/ of the secondary voltage does not permit the rictifier diode to conduct, the secondary is open circuited. During $t_{u n}$, therefore, the load is suppiied only by energy stored in capacitor Cour.
The collector-primary current increases until it reaches a maximum value $I_{p}$ which is limited by the maximum base current and base voltage supplied to the transistor. At this instant, the transistor starts to move out of its saturated condition with the result that the collector-primary current and the voltage across the transformer windings rapidly decrease, and switch-off occurs.
At switch-off the circuit starts to "ring"-i.e., the energy stored in the transformer inductance starts to discharge into the stray capacitance of the cir-cuit-with the result that the voltages across the primary, base and secondary windings reverse polarity. These reverse voltages rapidly increase until the voltage across the secondary winding exceeds the voltage across the output capacitor C. At this instant the diode rectifier starts to conduct and to transfer the energy stored in the inductance of the transformer to the output capacitor and load. Because the output capacitor tends to hold the secondary voltage substantially constant, the secondary current decreases at a substantially constant rate (see Fig. 2D). When this current reaches zero the transistor switches on again, and the cycle of operation repeats. ${ }^{1,2}$

## Design Procedure

Following is a step-by-step procedure for the design of practical dc-to-dc converters of the ringing-choke type. The equations referred to are given in the Derivation section.

1. From the data given in Table I for the desired dc output voltage $V_{\text {ort }}$, output power $P_{\text {ort }}$, and dc input voltage $V_{I N}$, select a transistor type having the required maximum saturation resistance $R_{S . t}$, and the required minimum ratings for collector-to-base breakdown voltage $V_{C B \max }$, peak collector current $I_{C}$, and dissipation $P_{T}$. Also select a material, cross-sectional area $A$, and mag-netic-path length $l_{i}$ for the transformer core, and a suitable operating frequency $f$, and note the expected circuit-efficiency factor, $\eta$.
2. Determine the required secondary-to-primary turns ratio $N_{S} / N_{P}$ (Eq. A16).
3. Determine the required primary inductance
$L_{p}$ (Eq. A9).
4. Determine the required number of turns for he primary $N_{P}$ (Eq. All).
5. Determine the ratio of conduction time $t_{\text {on }}$ o total period of oscillation $T$ (Eq. A7).
6. Determine the peak primary current $\hat{I}_{p}$ (Eq.
(Continued on p. 44)

# DELCO RADIO 

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $V_{\text {d }}$ max. | 50 | 60 | 80 | 80 | ${ }_{\text {volu }} 80$ |
| $I_{\text {e max }}$. | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 7 |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{co}}$ ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{oc}} \mathbf{2}$ volits) Typical $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | ${ }_{4}^{65}$ |
| HFE (3 amp.) | - | 60-150 | 30-75 | 30-75 | - |
| HFE ( 5 amp.) | - | - | - | - | 20-50 |
| AC Power Gain $\left(I_{\mathrm{c}}=0.6 \mathrm{amp} .\right)$ | 37 DB | - | - | - | - |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cos }}\left(\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{c}}=1 \mathrm{mp}.\right)$ | $40$ Iypical | $\underset{\text { repkel }}{50}$ | $60$ | $60$ | $\begin{gathered} 60 \\ \text { volum min. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Thermal Gradient max. | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2^{\circ} \\ & c / w \end{aligned}$ |

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## DICDIC

All references to transformer windings, circuit components, voltages and currents are for the circuit shown in Fig. 1. All references to time periods and waveforms are to those shown in Fig. 2.
The average value of the current in the transformer primary is:

$$
\begin{equation*}
I_{P A V}=I_{O U T}\left(\frac{V_{O U} T}{\eta V_{I N}}\right) \tag{A1}
\end{equation*}
$$

Where $I_{\text {OUT }}$ is the load current in amp

## $V_{\text {OUT }}$ is the dc output voltage in volts

$\eta$ is the circuit-efficiency factor as given in Table 1
$V_{I N}$ is the de input voltage in volts.
Because of the triangular waveform of the primary current (see Fig. 2), the peak value of the primary current is:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\hat{I}_{P}=2 I_{P, A V}\binom{T}{t_{o v}} \tag{A2}
\end{equation*}
$$

or

$$
\hat{I_{P}}=\begin{gather*}
2 T  \tag{A3}\\
\eta \text { toN }
\end{gather*}\left(\frac{V_{O L T}}{V_{I N}}\right) I_{O C T}
$$

where $T=t_{o n}+t_{0 / f}$ are expressed in seconds.
If the saturation resistance of the transistor $\left(R_{s_{A T}}\right)$ and the resistance of the primary winding ( $R_{p \text { winding }}$ ) are sufficiently small to permit the assumption that the full dc input voltage $V_{1,}$ is impressed across the primary during $t_{i n}$, the required primary inductance in henries may be determined from:

$$
L_{P}\left(\frac{d l_{P}}{d t}\right)=V_{I . V}
$$

For the triangular current waveform shown in Fig. 2b:

$$
\frac{d l_{p}}{d f^{2}}=\begin{gathered}
\hat{l}_{p} \\
t_{o v}
\end{gathered}
$$

Therefore,

$$
\begin{equation*}
L_{p}=\binom{V_{I N}}{\hat{\boldsymbol{I}}_{p}}\left(t_{o N}\right) \tag{A5}
\end{equation*}
$$

or, in terms of Eqs. A3 and A5:

## CONVERTER EQUATIONS

$$
\begin{equation*}
=\left(\frac{\eta V_{I N}}{2 P_{\text {OUT }}}\right)^{2}\left(\frac{t_{O V^{2}}}{T^{2}}\right)\left(\frac{1}{f}\right) \tag{AB}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $f$ is the operating frequency in cycles per second, and is equal to $1 / T$
To evaluate Eq. A6, it is necessary to determine the ratio $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{on}} / T$. From Eq. A5:

$$
\boldsymbol{t}_{O, \mathrm{~V}}=\frac{\boldsymbol{\iota}_{P} \hat{\boldsymbol{I}}_{P}}{\boldsymbol{V}_{I N}}
$$

During the "off" period $t_{\text {olf }}$

$$
L_{P}\left(\frac{d t_{s}^{\prime}}{d t}\right)=V_{o x r^{\prime}}
$$

where $I_{s^{\prime}}$ is the secondary current referred to the pri mary $I_{s}\left(N_{s} / N_{P}\right)$
$V_{\text {OUT }}$ is the secondary voltage referred to primary $V_{\text {ot }}\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)$
$N_{P}$ is the number of turns on the primary
$N_{s}$ is the number of furns on the secondary from Eq A4a:

$$
\frac{d l_{S}^{\prime}}{d t}=\frac{\hat{I}_{P}}{t_{O F F}}
$$

Therefore

$$
\left.\begin{array}{c}
t_{O F P}=\iota_{P}\left(\frac{\hat{I_{P}}}{\boldsymbol{V}_{\text {OUT }}^{\prime}}\right.
\end{array}\right)
$$

and

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{t_{O N}}{T}=\frac{\iota_{P} \hat{I_{P}}\left(\frac{1}{V_{I N}}\right)}{\iota_{P} \hat{I_{P}}\left(\frac{1}{V_{I S}}+\frac{1}{V_{O C T}}\right)} & =\frac{V_{O U T^{\prime}}}{V_{I N}+V_{O U T}} \\
& =\frac{V_{O U T}\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)}{V_{I N}+V_{O U T}\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)}
\end{aligned}
$$

By combining Eqs. A6 and A8 we obtain:
$\boldsymbol{\iota}_{P}=\left[\frac{\eta V_{I N^{2}}}{2 \mathrm{P}_{O U T} \boldsymbol{f}}\right]$
$\left[\begin{array}{c}\left(\mathbf{N}_{P} / N_{S}\right)^{2} V_{O U T T^{2}} \\ V_{I S}{ }^{2}+\left(\mathbf{N}_{P} / N_{S}\right)^{2} V_{O I} T^{2}+V_{I S} V_{(M T}\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)\end{array}\right]$

The required primary inductance $L_{P}$ can also be expressed in terms of the maximum permissible flux. density swing in the transformer core and other core parameters. The maximum permissible flux-density swing is given by:

$$
\frac{\Delta \phi}{A}=\hat{I}_{P}\left[\frac{4 \pi N_{P}}{10}\right]\left[\frac{1}{I_{i} / \mu_{i}+I_{a} / \mu_{a}}\right]
$$

where $A$ is the cross-sectional area of the core in square centimeters
$I_{i}$ is the length of the magnetic path in centimeters
$I_{a}$ is the length of the air gap in centimeters
$\mu_{6}$ is the permeability of the core material
$\mu_{a}$ is the permeability of air (1).
The maximum-permissible flux-density swing may also be expressed as;

$$
\frac{\Delta \phi}{A}=\frac{\phi_{M A X}}{A}-\frac{\phi_{R E S}}{\mathrm{~A}}
$$

where $\varphi_{\text {max }}$ is the saturation flux density for the core material $\varphi_{\text {KES }}$ is the residual flux density in the core. Inductance can be defined in terms of $\Delta \varphi$, where

$$
\Delta_{\phi}=\frac{\hat{1}}{N} \times 10^{8}
$$

Therefore,

$$
L=\frac{N \Delta \phi}{\hat{\jmath}} 10^{-x}
$$

Eq. A10 and All can be combined to provide the following expression for the required primary inductance:

$$
L_{P}=\left[\frac{4 \pi N_{P}^{2}}{10^{9}}\right]\left[\frac{1}{I_{i} / \mu_{1} A+I_{a} / \mu_{a A}}\right]
$$

The length of the air gap $I_{a}$ should be adjusted to assure operation of the core near but not in the saturation region-i.e., at a maximum flux density slightly less than the saturation value for the core material used. The value of the flux density can be checked by means of Eq. All.
The induced voltage in the base winding must provide a base-to-emitter voltage sufficiently large to supply the required peak primary current for any transistor of the type to be used in the circuit. The primary voltage at the end of $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{on}}$ is:
 The required number of furns for the base winding is:

$$
V_{1}=\frac{N_{P} V_{B}}{V_{I N}-I_{P}\left(R_{S A T}+R_{P W^{W} I N D}+R_{S U P P L Y}\right)}
$$

The required number of furns for the secondary $N_{s}$ determined from the input voltage $V_{I N}$ output voltage $V_{\text {aUt, }}$ number of turns on the primary $N_{P}$, and maximum allowable collector-to-base voltage $V_{C B m a x}$ (the value during forf) for the transistor:

$$
\begin{gather*}
\boldsymbol{V}_{C B \max }=V_{I N}+\left(\mathrm{N}_{P} / N_{S}\right) V_{o r T} \\
\frac{N_{S}}{N_{P}}=\frac{N_{P} V_{o u T}}{V_{C B \max }-V_{I N}}
\end{gather*}
$$

$$
(A 15)
$$

The required number of turns for the secondary is, therefore:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{N}_{S}=\frac{\mathbf{N}_{P} \boldsymbol{V}_{O U T}}{\boldsymbol{V}_{C B \max }-\boldsymbol{V}_{I . N}} \tag{A|7}
\end{equation*}
$$

The external base resistance $R_{B}$ is necessary to compensate for differences in base-to-emitter voltage $V_{B E}$ among individual transistors of the type used. The required value for this resistance is:

$$
\begin{equation*}
R_{B}=\frac{V_{B E \max }-V_{B E}}{I_{B}} \tag{A18}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $V_{B E}$ is the typical value of the base-to-emilter voltage required to provide the peak primary current $I_{p}$ at a base current $I_{B}$ for the transistor type used.
$V_{B E}$ is the typical value of the base-to-emitter voltage required to provide the peak primay current $\hat{I}_{P}$ at a base current $I_{B}$ for the transistor type used,
$V_{B E m a x}$ is the maximum of $V_{B E}$ for the transistor type, $I_{B}$ is the typical value of base current required to provide the peak primary current $\hat{l}_{P}$ at a base-to-emitter voltage $V_{B E}$.
To minimize transient losses during switch-off due to hole storage effects, $R_{B}$ should be kept as small as possible.
The peak secondary current is given by:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\hat{i_{S}}=\hat{I_{P}}\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right) \tag{A19}
\end{equation*}
$$

The peak secondary voltage is given by:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\hat{v_{S}}=V_{O U T}+V_{I N}\left(N_{S} / N_{P}\right) \tag{A2O}
\end{equation*}
$$

To assure a substantially constant output voltage $V_{\text {out }}$, the output capacitor $C_{\text {OUT }}$ should have a capacitance such that the time constant $C_{\text {out }} R_{L}$ is at least 10 times larger than ton.

$$
\begin{align*}
& \mathbf{R}_{L}=\boldsymbol{V}_{\text {OUT }}{ }^{2} / \boldsymbol{P}_{\text {OUT }} \\
& \mathbf{C}_{\text {OUT }} \boldsymbol{R}_{L}=10 \boldsymbol{t}_{\text {ON }} \\
& \mathbf{C}_{\text {OUT }} \geqq \frac{10 \boldsymbol{t}_{\text {OV }} \boldsymbol{P}_{\text {OUT }}}{\boldsymbol{V}_{\text {OUT }}{ }^{2}} \tag{A21}
\end{align*}
$$

The optimum ratio of primary-to-secondary winding space $K$ for the transformer, is: ${ }^{2}$

$$
K=\frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(N_{S} / N_{P}\right)\left(V_{I N} / V_{\text {oUT }}\right)+1}}
$$



Thesesynchronously-drivenchop pers handle d-c signals as small as $10^{-8}$ volt. SPDT switching action. Sensitive, stable performance. Ideal for computers, servomechanisms, balancing circuits. Available with special features such as fungus proofing, grounded housing, mica-filled base, various contact percentages. Weight: 10 ounces. Prices from $\$ 36$.

Driving coils in 60-50, 40 and 25cycle converters are energized by 6.3 volt a-c. 400-cycle converters use 18 volts. Other specifications on chart at right.

Minneapolis-Honeywell, Wayne and Windrim Avenues, Philadelphia 44, Pa.

| ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parl No. | 354210-2 | 354210.3 | 354210-1 | 354210.4 | 355081 |
| Modulation Frequency | 20.30 cycles | 40-45 cycles | 50.65 cycles | 50.65 cycles | 360.440 cycles |
| Switching Action (SPDT) | (Make-before-break) <br> Each contact closed $55 \%$ of each cycle ( $\pm 2 \%$ ) Other actions, as specified |  |  | (Break-before make). Each contact closed $47 \%$ of each cycle | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Each contact } \\ & \text { closed } 57 \% \text { of } \\ & \text { each crvel. } \\ & ( \pm 7 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| Driving Coil Requirements | $6.3 \mathrm{v}, 60 \mathrm{ma}$ at rated frequency |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 18 \text { v. } 94 \text { mas } \\ \text { at rated } \\ \text { frequency } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Contact Rating | 100 microwatts at 6 v max.; 1.0 ma max. |  |  |  |  |
| Electrostatic Stray Pickup | $2 \times 10^{-}$volts per ohm of input circuit impedance |  |  |  | $2 \times 10^{-10}$ |
| Electromagnetic Stray Pickup | Less than $2 \times 10^{-8}$ volts. constant to within $2 \times 10^{-7}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2 \times 10^{-6} \text { volts } \\ \text { constant to } \\ 2 \times 10^{-8} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Phase Shift | Output voltage lags driving phase by $17^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ |  |  |  | Lags driving phase by ${ }^{45}$ to $50^{\circ}$ |
| Symmetry | Within 2\% |  |  |  | Within 7\% |
| Shielding | Frame and coil shield. grounded through pin No. 2 |  |  |  | Shell and coil shield, grounded through pin No. 2 |
| Load Characteristics | Resistive or Inductive |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration Resistance | Output voltage varies less than $2 \%$ with rates of vibration from 0 to 108 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 1002. |  |  |  | 8.50 z . |
| Special Features | Specily SS-8816-A for anti-fungus treated, vibration resistant wiring, hermetically sealed case. Also available with side plug for exciter coil connection. |  |  |  | All 400 -cycle converters are treated as shown at lef |

## Honeywell



CIRCLE 34 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## DC:DIC

(continued from page 41)
7. Determine the maximum flux density in the transformer core $B_{\text {max }}$ (Eq. A10). This flux density should not exceed the saturation value for the core material used. (See Table 2.)
8. From the published data for the transistor manufacturer, determine the maximum values of required to supply the peak primary current $\hat{I}_{b}$ base-to-emitter voltage $V_{B E}$ and base current $I_{B}$ required to supply the peak primary current $\hat{I}_{P}$ determined in Step 6.
9. Determine the required number of turns for the base winding $N_{B}$ (Eq. A14).
10. Determine the value of the external base resistance $R_{B}$ (Eq. A18).
11. Determine the required number of turns for the secondary winding $N_{s}$ (Eq. A17).
12. Determine the peak secondary current $\hat{I_{s}}$ (Eq. A19) and peak secondary voltage $\hat{V}_{S}$ (Eq. A20).
13. Select a rectifier-diode type capable of handling the peak secondary current $\hat{I_{S}}$ determined in Step 12 and a peak inverse voltage rating greater than the peak secondary voltage $\hat{V}_{s}$ determined in Step 12.
14. Determine a suitahle minimum value for the output capacitor $C_{\text {ort }}$ (Eq. A21).
15. Select a transformer core having the mag-netic-circuit parameters determined in Step 1, and adequate winding space. Determine the proper wire size for each winding from the peak current, the minimum transformer winding space, and the number of turns on each winding.
16. Determine the optimum ratio of primary-to-secondary winding space (Eq. A으) .

## Typical Design Example

To illustrate the use of the design procedure given above, the design of a ringing-choke-type dc-to-dc converter having a power output of one watt and an output voltage of 150 volts, for use with a 12 -volt dc source, is worked out below:

1. From the parameters shown in Table 1 for $P_{\text {oit }}=I w, V_{\text {oit }}=150$, and $V_{I S}=12$, a suitable transformer core would be a ferrite core having a cross-sectional area $A$ of $1.3 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$, and a magnetic-path length $l_{i}$ of 8.1 cm , such as Ferroxcube Part No. 9F5:0 ("E" type core, type 3C material). A suitable operating frequency $f$ would be eight kc and the expected circuit efficiency would be 75 per cent.

The transistor used should have a saturation resistance $R_{s, 4 T}$ of not less than two ohms, a col-lector-to-base breakdown voltage $V_{\text {cbmax }}$ of at least 35 v , at peak collector-current rating $I_{C}$ of at least 400 ma, and a dissipation rating $P_{T}$ at 55 C of at least 80 mw . A transistor meeting these requirements is the RCA 2 N 586 . This transistor has a peak collector-current rating of 500 ma , a maximum saturation resistance of 2 ohms , a maximum collector-to-base voltage rating of 45 and a maximum dissipation at a case temperature of 55 C of 125 mw . The peak collector-current rating is not given in the published data for the RCA2N586, and was obtained from the manufacturer. The maximum saturation resistance is not given specifically in the published data, but is easily determined from the maximum ratings for collec-tor-to-emitter saturation voltage $V_{C E}(-0.5)$ and collector current $I_{C}$ (-250 ma.).
2. From Eq. Al6 the required secondary-toprimary turns ratio for the transformer is:

$$
\frac{V_{S}}{N_{P}}=\frac{V_{\text {OUT }}}{V_{C B \max }-V_{I S}}=\frac{150}{45-12}=4.5
$$

(Use of the $45-\mathrm{v}$ rating of the RCA-2N586 for $V_{\text {cbman. }}$, instead of the 35 v specified in Table I, reduces the required step-up ratio).
3. From Eq. A9, the required primary inductance is
$\mathrm{L}_{P}=\left[\frac{\eta \Gamma_{I \mathrm{~N}^{2}}}{2 P_{O U 2} f}\right] \times$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& {\left[\begin{array}{c}
\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)^{2} V_{\text {OUT }}{ }^{2} \\
V_{I S^{2}}+\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)^{2} V_{\text {OUT }}{ }^{2} \\
+\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right) V_{I N} V_{\text {OUT }}
\end{array}\right]} \\
& =\left[\begin{array}{c}
(0.7)(1: 3)^{2} \\
(2)(1)(8) 10^{3}
\end{array}\right] \\
& {\left[\frac{(150 / 4.5)^{2}}{(1.2)^{2}+(150 / 4.5)^{2}+(12)(150 / 4.5)}\right]} \\
& =38.5 \mathrm{mh}
\end{aligned}
$$

4. From Eq. A12, the required number of turns for the primary is:

$$
N_{P}=\sqrt{\frac{L_{P}}{4 \pi}\left(\frac{l_{i}}{\mu_{i} A}+\frac{l_{a}}{\mu_{a} A}\right)\left(10^{9}\right)}
$$

For all air-gap length $l_{a}$ of 0.01 cm
$N_{P}=\sqrt{\frac{38.5 \times 10^{-3}}{4 \pi}\left(\frac{8.1}{1.3 \times 10^{-3}}+\frac{0.01}{1.3}\right)}$
$=207$ turns
2. From Eq. A8, the ratio of conduction time to total period of oscillation is:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\frac{t_{0 . N}}{T}=\frac{V_{\text {out }}\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)}{V_{t N}+V_{\text {out }}\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)}=\frac{1.50 / 4.5}{12+150 / 4.5} \\
=0.73 .
\end{array}
$$

6. From Eq. A1 and A2, the peak primary carrent is:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\hat{I_{P}}=\left(\frac{2 P_{o l T}}{\eta V_{I N}}\right)\left(\frac{T}{t_{O N}}\right)=\frac{(2)(1)}{(0.7)(12)(0.735)} \\
=0.327 \mathrm{amp}
\end{array}
$$

7. From Eq. A11, the maximum flux density in the transformer core is:

$$
\begin{aligned}
B_{M}=\phi / A & =\left(\frac{L_{P} \hat{I_{P}}}{N_{P} A}\right)\left(10^{8}\right) \\
& =\frac{(38.5)\left(10^{-3}\right)(0.327)}{(207)(1.3)}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
=4600 \text { gausses }
$$

this density does not exceed the saturation value of 4600 gausses for the type 3C ferrite used in the Ferroxcube 9F520 core.
8. From information provided for RCA transistor type 2N586, the typical values of $V_{b e}$ and $I_{i}$ required peak primary current $\hat{I}_{p}$ of 0.327 amp are, respectively, 0.9 v and 6.2 ma . The maximum values for these parameters are 1.3 v and 11 ma respectively, and are well within the maximum ratings for the 2 N 586 .
9. From Eq. A14, the required number of turns for the base winding is:

$$
N_{B}=\hat{N_{P} V_{B E \max }}
$$

$$
V_{I V}-\hat{I_{P}}\left(R_{S A T}+R_{P W I N D}+R_{S U P P L Y}\right)
$$

Assuming that $R_{P W I N D}+R_{S U P P L Y}=R_{S A T}$, which is generally the case, the maximum value of $\boldsymbol{R}_{\text {SAT }}$ would be four ohms. Consequently,
$N_{B}=\frac{(207)(1.3)}{12-(0.3)(4)}=25.2$ turns (use 26 turns)
10. From Eq. A18, the required value of the external base resistance is:
$R_{B}=\frac{V_{B E \max }-V_{B E}^{\prime}}{I_{B}}=\frac{1.3-0.8}{62 \times 10^{-3}}=80.6$ ohms
11. From Eq. A17, the required number of turns for the secondary winding is:

$$
V_{S}=\frac{N_{P} V_{\text {oUT }}}{V_{C B \max }-V_{I N}}=\frac{(207)(150)}{45-12}=940.5
$$

12. From Eq. A19, the peak secondary voltage is:
$\hat{I_{S}}=\hat{I_{P}}\left(N_{P} / N_{S}\right)=0.327 / 4.5=0.0727 \mathrm{amp}$ and from Eq. A20, the peak secondary voltage is $\hat{V}_{S}=V_{\text {OUT }}+V_{T S}\left(N_{S} / N_{P}\right)=150$

$$
+12(4.5)=204
$$

13. A diode rectifier capable of handling peak secondary current of 0.0727 amp and a peak inverse voltage rating of more than 204 v is the RCA IN1763 silicon rectifier. The IN1763 has a maximum peak inverse voltage rating of 400 v and a maximum dc forward current rating of 0.5 amp

14. From Eq. A21, an output capacitor $C_{\text {ulr }}$ capable of storing the energy required by the load and delivering this energy to the load during the conduction period $t_{o n}$ at a substantially constant voltage would be one having a capacitance

From Step 5
$t_{1, n}=0.735 \mathrm{~T}=\frac{735 \times 10^{-3}}{8 \times 10^{3}}=92 \times 10^{-6}$ ser:
From the initial conditions
$P_{O T}=1 \mathrm{w} \quad V_{\text {OUT }}=150 \mathrm{n}$
$C_{\text {our }} \geqq \frac{10\left(92 \times 10^{-6}\right)(1)}{22.5 \times 10^{3}}=+\times 10^{-\times}=0.04 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
A RETMA standard value of $0.047 \mu \mathrm{f}$ would bc siitable.
15. From the peak currents in the primary, condary, and base windings, (the peak base (urrent $I_{B}$ is the maximum $I_{B}$ required to produce the necessary value of $I_{p}$, the wire sizes based on the conservative rating of 700 circular mils per
ampere are:

| Primary-No. 26 | $I_{D}=0.327 \mathrm{amp}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Secondary - No. 32 | $I_{t}=0.0727 \mathrm{amp}$ |
| Base - No. 36 | $I_{B}=0.011 \mathrm{amp}$ |

Base - No. $36 \quad I_{B}=0.011 \mathrm{amp}$
16. From Eq. A22, the optimum ratio of pri-mary-to-secondary winding space would be:
$K=\frac{1}{\sqrt{\left(N_{S} / N_{P}\right)\left(\boldsymbol{V}_{\text {IN }} / \boldsymbol{V}_{\text {OUT }}\right)+1}}$

$$
=\frac{1}{\sqrt{(4.5)(12 / 150)+1}}=0.8 i
$$

Table 2. Typical values of magnetic
parameters for commercial trans-former-core materials.

|  | Max. Permea- <br> bility <br> $\left(\mu_{\mathrm{m}}\right)$ | Maximum <br> Flux Density <br> $\left(B_{\mathrm{m}}\right)$-Gausses |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Material | 1000 | $2000-5000$ |
| Ferrite <br> Silicon Iron <br> Grain-Oriented | 8500 | $10,000-15,000$ |
| Silicon Steel <br> HiMu"-Type <br> Nickel-Iron Alloy | 30,000 | $15,000-20,000$ |

To achieve the best coupling, the winding order with respect to the core should be: primary, base, secondary.
The foregoing design could have been improved by the use of a transformer core having a cross-sectional area greater than $1.3 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$. Because such a core would have permitted the use of fewer turns on the primary, base, and secondary windings, and a larger window area or winding space, it would have been possible to use wires of larger sizes, and thus achieve a substantial reduction in copper loss with only a slight increase in core losses due to the larger core. - Note: Part Two of the series will be devoted to the design of push-pull transformer-coupled dc-todc converters.

1. L. H. Light and Prudence M. Hooker-"Transistor DC Converters", The Institution of Electrical Engineers Paper \#1862R, April 1955.
2. L. H. Light-"The Design and Operation of Transistor DC Converters", Mullard Technical Communications, Vol. 2, \#17, Feb. 1958.
C. R. Eshelman-RCA Semiconductor Division, Sommerville, N.J. Private Communication.

# How the Inertia Damper Improves Servo Performance 

Frank E. Hagen<br>Daystrom Transicoil Corp.<br>Worcester, Montgomery County, Pa.

The inertia damper, so often used, so little understood, is the subject of Frank Hagen's third article in the servo series he is preparing for ELECTRONIC DESIGN. These articles are reprinted in Daystrom Transicoil Corp.'s "Servo Slants." Interested readers may write to the company for copies.

I
NERTIA DAMPERS can increase the frequency response of servomotors without some of the drawbacks of dragcup type viscous dampers. The inertially damped motor has the great advantage of circuit simplicity; it requires no special network to insure high frequency stability.

But inertia dampers are not unmixed blessings. They have their disadvantages. To see them in full light, one must first understand the role of damping in a servo system.

Fig. 1 is a simplified block diagram of an instrument servo. Here, $\alpha$ is the sensitivity of the error detector, $A$ is the amplifier gain, $N$ is the gear ratio, and $K_{T} /\left(J s^{2}+f s\right)$ is the transfer function of the control motor.

With a given set of performance specifications, the systems engineer would select a group of these building blocks to
perform as required. If the required small signal frequency response is not too high, stability is no problem.
However, in a more sophisticated system, where very rapid response is necessary, mechanical oscillation may result. The limiting parameters establishing the frequency response ceiling with stable operation are the motor rotor inertia $J$, and its inherent viscous damping $f$.
The ratio $J$ f represents the time constant of the motor. Any decrease in its value allows the system frequency response to be increased.

## Viscous Damper Adds Friction

A method used to improve the frequency characteristics of a given motor is the application of a viscous damper. This usually involves coupling a drag cup to the rotor and placing it in the field of a permament magnet. It establishes a fric-
tion term, proportional to speed, whic adds directly to the inherent viscou; damping of the motor.

Unfortunately, extending the frequenc: realm of the control motor by this metho 1 also introduces some negative results. The viscous damper takes mechanical power from the motor. This loss in power re sults in greater heat rise in the motor along with reduced free speed. Motor stall torque, of course, is not affected.

## Inertia Damper Is Selective

These shortcomings in viscous damper performance led to the inertia damper. If the permanent magnet itself is allowed to rotate on bearings, and is designed to have a high moment of inertia with respect to the motor rotor, it introduces a more selective type of damping.
To rapidly changing signals, or step functions, the high inertia magnet appears fixed, introducing a large viscous drag. However, with a fixed velocity input, the cup has sufficient time to drag the magnet around with it, removing the viscous term and allowing the motor to operate at higher free speed. In other words, viscous damping is introduced only when it is required.
This description of inertia damper operation is an oversimplification. To be of value to the servomechanism enginecr, it must be analyzed mathematically.
Referring to Fig. 1, the motor transfer function is an outgrowth of the torque equation,

$$
\begin{equation*}
K_{T} e_{c}=J \frac{d^{z_{\theta}}}{d t^{2}}+\int_{d t}^{d \theta} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $c_{c}$ is the servomotor control winding voltage and $\theta$ is the position of its rotor. If the inertia damper is added to the motor with drag cup damping coefflcient $D$ and magnet inertia $I$, Eq. (1) becomes:


Fig. 1. Basic block diagram of an instrument servo.
 (solid line) and without (dotted line).
c. nt $D$ and magnet inertial $l$ Eq. (1) be (c) mes:
$K_{\Gamma} e_{c}=J \frac{d^{2} \theta}{d t^{2}}+f \frac{d \theta}{d t}+D\left(\frac{d \theta}{d t}-\frac{d \theta_{M}}{d t}\right) \quad(2$
"here $d \theta_{\mu} / d t$ represents the instantaneous speed of the magnet. In operational form, Eq. (2) becomes:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\left.\left.K_{T} e_{c}=J s^{2} \theta+f s \theta+1\right)_{s \theta}-1\right)_{s \theta_{M}} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

Viewing the magnetic linkage between the drag cup and the magnet and equating torques:

$$
\begin{equation*}
D\left(\frac{d \theta}{d t}-\frac{d \theta_{M}}{d t}\right)=I \frac{d^{2} \theta_{M}}{d t^{2}} \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

or in operational form:

$$
\begin{gather*}
D_{s *}-D_{: ~}: \theta_{u}=I x^{2} \theta_{u} \\
0_{u}=\frac{D_{s} \theta}{D_{s}+I s^{2}} \tag{5}
\end{gather*}
$$

The gencral form of the equation be:comes:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\theta}{e_{c}}=\frac{\left(1+T_{2^{s}}\right)}{\left(1+T_{1^{*}}\right)\left(1+T_{3^{*}}\right)} \kappa_{T / \rho} \tag{ij}
\end{equation*}
$$

For the systems engineer to evaluate this approach, it is helpful to present the open loop frequency response curves of a servomotor before and after inertia damping.
In Fig. 2, the dotted line represents the frequency response of the servomotor without the inertia damper. The motor comer frequency approximates the maximum stable response of a system incorporating this motor. The solid line is the frequency response of the motor with the inertia damper.
Corner frequency $1 / T_{3}$ represents an approximation of the maximum response attainable with an inertia damper under stable conditions. By proper design, this approach makes it possible to double the limiting frequency realm of a system.
Unfortunately, the inertia damper has several disadvantages. Its response to a position step function is characterized by one overshoot. This is caused by the inetia wheel dragging the rotor through its final agreement position before damping becomes effective.
What may be considered a second disa lvantage is its lack of flexibility. The three corner frequencies are established in the design of the unit and cannot be c.ternally varied. ■ -

## FIRST DIGITAL VOLTMETER "'"'FaCTUAL FIFTH FIGURE <br> 

## RESOLUTION

ERROR
Millivolts


MEASURED VOLTAGE
This chart shows the significant resolution error that results in other five-digit meters as compared to the NLS V-35 with the factual fifth figure.


Compact, plug-in design of the NLS V-35

## The All-Transistorized NLS V-35

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Other five-digit digital voltmeters require "desensitizing" to prevent oscillation of the least significant digit. This results in a resolution error of three to nine digits in the upper portions of each range as graphically displayed in the chart to the left. This comparison clearly shows the increased accuracy of the NLS V-35, made possible by full five-digit resolution.

In new logic . . . in all-transistorized circuitry, including logic . . in new simplified design with plug-in circuit boards, plug-in oil-bathed stepping switches, and snap-in readout . . . the NLS V-35 leads its field. Write today for complete information.

## NLS V-35 Specifications

Measures Voltage from $\pm 0.0001$ to $\pm 999.99$, Ratio from $\pm .00001$ to $\pm .99999 \ldots 10$ Megohm Input Impedance . . . 0.01 k Accuracy . . . Automatic Selection of Range and Polarity . . . And Measures Three Times Faster Than Any Other Stepping Switch Instrument.


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NLS - The Digital Voltmeter That Works . . . And Works . . . And Worksl

# Zero-Crossing Detector Generates Pulses Every 180 Degrees 

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#### Abstract

Combination of two transistors can produce a pulse whenever the input waveform passes through zero. Called a zero-crossing detector, the circuit can be used as an encoder, a pulse generator or a frequency doubler.


UNIQUELY combining a center-tapped transformer and a logical transistor OR gate, a zeriocrossing detector can generate two pulses, acci1rately spaced 180 deg apart, for cach cycle of at sinusoidal input signal. The device is called a zero-crossing detector because it generates a pulse whenever the input waveform passes through zero. The detector utilizes a combination of two grounded-emitter amplifiers which are fed by input signals of opposite phase relationship. It was oriyinally designed for use in a synchro shaft position encoder. However, the detector also has application as a composite pulse generator and ats a frequency doubler.

## Generating Negative Pulses

A transistor zero-crossing detector, which will generate a negative pulse at each zero crossing of a sinusoidal input signal, is shown in Fig. 1. Negative pulses are obtained with pnp transistors and a negative power supply, while positive pulses may be obtained with npn transistors and a positive power supply.

The input signal is applied to the primary winding of transformer $\boldsymbol{T}_{1}$. The center-tapped secondary winding provides two output signals 180 deg out of phase. The instantaneous voltages of these signals are therefore always opposite in sign, the negative excursion alternately providing base drive to either $Q_{1}$ or $Q_{2 .}$. The transistors are connected in the grounded emitter configuration and will conduct when the base is more negative than the emitter. This permits each transistor to conduct for slightly less than one-half cycle.

Current flows constantly in the common-load resistor, $R_{3}$, alternately fed by transistors $Q_{1}$ and $Q_{2}$, except when the signals pass through zero. During this short interval, one transistor will cease conducting immediately before zero is reached while the other will commence immediately after.
Transistors $Q_{1}$ and $Q_{2}$ are connected in the grounded emitter configuration with the baseemitter junctions comnected in series with the respective transformer output windings. See Fig. 1. Connected in this manner, $Q_{1}$ and $Q_{2}$ act as diodes if only the base-emitter junction is considered. Performing the diode function, they provide the secondary windings of the transformer with a lowimpedance path to ground during the time that the base is biased negative with respect to the emitter. Therefore, each output winding will be returned to ground through the series path of a load-resistor and base-emitter junction during its respective negative half-cycles of operation. The resistors $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ provide constant load for the transformer output windings and also serve to limit the base current in the transistors. During the positive half-cycles, the reverse diode characteristics of the base emitter junctions block the flow of current in the output windings. Diodes $D_{1}$ and $D_{2}$ are connected opposite in polarity to the base-emitter junction to limit the reverse diode requirement of this junction, and to provide a more uniform loading of the transformer by permitting constant current flow in each output winding during the positive and negative half-cycles of operation.
In the circuit shown in Fig. 1, transistors $Q_{1}$ and
(). are operated in a saturated condition. Saturaltion. in this case, is defined in terms of the $I_{c} \cdot R_{3}$ drop relative to the collector supply voltage. $V_{\text {w }}$ When either $Q_{1}$ or $Q_{2}$ is supplying sufficient collector current so that the $I_{c} R_{3}$ drop is approximately equal to the $V_{c r}$, and when any additional increase in base current, $I_{b}$, has no effect on the $I_{c} R_{3}$ drop, then the transistor is operating in saturated condition. Fig. 2 illustrates the saturation characteristics of the transistor zero-crossing detector of Fig. 1. Transistors $Q_{1}$ and $Q_{2}$ are connected to form a logical OR gate and due to the nature of the inputs, $Q_{1}$ and $Q_{2}$ are alternately operated in the saturated condition for a halfcycle except for a small interval about the zerocrossing. The negative pulse is generated in this interval.

## Zero Crossing

A small portion of a sinusoidal input to the base of transistor $Q_{1}$ is illustrated in Fig. 3. The varying input to $Q_{1}$ is defined by $K_{10}, K_{11}, K_{12}$, and Z. Transistor $Q_{1}$ is in the saturated condition during the $K_{10}$ to $K_{11}$ interval. The output of the circuit during this interval is represented by $K_{10}$ to $K_{11} . K_{11}$ represents the minimum amplitudc of base-emitter voltage required to saturate transistor $Q_{1}$. This minimum voltage ( 0.3 v ) is a function of the supply voltage, the load resistance, and the transistor characteristics. Transistor $Q_{1}$ is conducting but not saturated during the $K_{11}$ to $K_{12}$ interval. This defines the rise time of the output pulse $K_{11}$ to $K_{12} . K_{12}$ defines the cutoff point of the transistor; that is, collector current will not


Fig. 1. Transistor zero-crossing detector.
flow for any voltage below $K_{12}$. Neither transistor will conduct during the $K_{12}$ to $K_{13}$ interval, during which the output pulse amplitude will be approximately at the supply, represented by $K_{12}$ to $K_{13}$ in Fig. 3. Transistor $Q_{1}$ will then remain cut off for approximately one-half cycle. At point $K_{13}$, transistor $Q_{2}$ will begin to conduct and will do sr until it reaches saturation at point $K_{14}$. This interval defines the fall time of the pulse $K_{13}$ to $K_{14}$. Transistor $Q_{2}$ will be in a saturated condition for approximately one-half cycle. The operation will repeat, with $Q_{2}$ cutting off and $Q_{1}$ turning on. Hence, two pulses are generated for each cycle of a sinusoidal input.

## Hole Storage Effect

It can be seen from Fig. 3 and the previous explanation that the center of the output pulse represents the position of the zero-crossing, and the width of the output pulse is inversely proportional to the slope of the input. If the amplitude of the input sinusoid is increased as defined by $K_{21}, K_{22}$, $\mathrm{Z}, K_{23}$, and $K_{24}$ of Fig. 3, it is reasonable to assume that a narrower pulse (see $K_{21}, K_{22}, K_{23}$, and $K_{24}$ of Fig. 3) with the same amplitude would be generated. As the amplitude of the input signal is increased, it would also be expected that the rise and fall times of the output pulse would approach the zero-crossing as a limit. Actually, however, as the amplitude of the input sinusoid is increased, the resultant output pulse does become narrower, but at the same time, it decreases in amplitude. This phenomena can be explained by the hole torage effect in transistors. The hole storage effect s. in short, the ability of a transistor to conduct collector current for a short interval of time after the removal of the base drive.
Consider that the input to $Q_{1}$ is defined by $K_{20}, K_{21}, K_{22}$ and $Z$ in Fig. 3a. $Q_{1}$ is in a saturated condition in the $K_{20}$ to $K_{21}$ interval. At $K_{21}$, the input to transistor $Q_{1}$ goes below the voltage


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necessary to keep the transistor in saturation. Because of the hole storage effect, $Q_{1}$ remains in saturation for a period of time illustrated in Fig. 3 b by $K_{21}$ to $T_{1}$. The rise time of the output pulse, $T_{1}$ to $T_{2}$, is illustrated on Fig. 3b. It can therefore be seen that the cutoff point of transistor $Q_{1}$ is obscured in the output pulse and that the fall time, $T_{2}$ to $K_{24}$, is realized at a lower amplitude because transistor $Q_{2}$ is conducting $K_{23}$ and reaches saturation at $K_{24}$. At higher amplitude input signals, the zero-crossing will not be in the exact center of the output pulse because of hole storage, but will be located closer to the rise time of the output pulse. This holds true until the slope of the input voltages becomes greater than the turnoff time of the transistors and the second transistor starts conducting before the first has been cut off. If the turnoff time equals the turn-on time of the transistor, the delays would cancel and the result would be that the center of the pulse would be the zero-crossing plus the delay in turnoff. The majority of transistors have a larger turnoff time than turn-on because of the storage of minority carriers in the base region or hole storage.

With high-frequency transistors, the errors introduced correspond to approximately 0.2 micro-
sec or 0.03 deg . It is expected that the error intro duced by hole storage will not be appreciable since zero-crossing will always occur within the rise time of the output pulse. The initiation of the logical function performed by the output pulse will relate to threshold voltage level on the rise time. The error in defining zero-crossing is the difference between this threshold voltage point and actual zero.

## Phase Shift

The circuit as described detects the zero-crossing of the transformer secondary or output windings. This would also represent the zero-crossing of the input signal if no phase shift existed between the transformer input and output windings. A phase shift is caused by reflected impedance presented by the nonlinear impedances presented by the diodes and the transistor base-emitter junctions and the inductive reactance of the output windings. The nonlinearity of the diodes and the transistor base-emitter junctions exists primarily during the time that the pulse is being generated. At all other times the nonlinearity approaches a constant and provides a pure resistive load for the output windings. If the input frequency is
constant, the inductive reactance of the output windings remains constant. Therefore, the phas 3 angle between the input and output windings is a constant for identical transformers. This constant phase angle may be reduced to zero by addin series capacitors $C_{1}$ and $C_{2}$, as indicated in Fig. 1 to each output winding where the capacitive It actance is made equal to the inductive reactanc thus the reflected impedance is resistive.

## Selecting the Transformer and Diodes

The transformer for this circuit is selected to match the required input impedances. The only requirement on the transformer output winding is to supply the base current necessary to saturate the transistors. The original circuit contained a transformer with a low-impedance input and a 3:1 turn ratio. An identical transformer and a typical filament transformer were tested in this circuit and the output pulses were essentially the same.
Diodes $D_{1}$ and $D_{2}$ in Fig. 1 should have opti mum forward characteristics. The original circui contained zener-type silicon diodes. Zener diodes provide a constant loading for the output wind ings, and the zener breakdown voltage in the re verse direction serves to limit the transistor base


Fig. 3. Transformer output at zero crossing (e); output pulse (b) corresponding to transformer output; nominal 1 v pulse (c).

The smallest pulse capable of being generated at a 400 -cycle repetition rate without any transistor hole storage effects was 3 v in amplitude and 8 microsec wide at the baseline. As the pulse is made narrower, the amplitude of the pulse decreases proportionately because of hole storage. Since hole storage only affects the rise time of the pulse in this application, the zero-crossing will be located in the center of the 8 -microsecond pulse. As the pulse is made narrower, the zero-crossing will be located within the rise time of the pulse. Knowing the input voltage, $V_{b}, F i g .1$ and the minimum saturation point of the transistor $K_{11}$, Fig. 3, the hole storage time, $T_{s}$, and the position of the zero-crossing with respect to pulse rise time may be approximated from the following equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\theta & =\arcsin K_{11} / V_{b} \\
W_{c} & =2 \theta k \\
T_{s} & =W_{c}-W_{m}
\end{aligned}
$$

where $\theta=$ starting point of pulse with respect to sinusoidal signal
$k=$ conversion factor (degrees to microsec)
$W_{c}=$ computed baseline pulse with (microsec)
$W_{m}=$ measured baseline pulse width (microsec)
A nominal 1-volt pulse obtained from this circuit is shown in Fig. 3c. The initial point on the rise time leads zero-crossing by approximately 0.8 microsec. Since the threshold voltage level occurs on the rise time, zero-crossing is defined with an error of less than 0.8 microsec. Using a 400 -cycle excitation frequency, the 0.8 microsec figure corresponds to an error less than 7 minutes of arc between zero-crossing and baseline rise-time point. Interchanging randomly selected transistors had little or no effect on the output pulse.

## Extending The Frequency Range

A tape-wound toroidal core was constructed in an attempt to extend the frequency range of the detector. With this configuration, no attempt was rade to cancel phase shift or determine true zerocrossing. Preliminary investigations indicate that the circuit will operate in the 500 kc range. The u per-frequency-range investigation was made p imarily in terms of frequency multiplication, since the pulse repetition rate is equivalent to tovice the input frequency. $\quad=$

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# Use Current-Mode Flip-Flops For Really High-Speed Switching 

## William N. Sick, Jr.

 Texas Instruments Inc.Semiconductor Components Div.
Dallas, Texas


William Sick needed fastvery fast transistor switching circuits. He tried some of the fastest switching transistors available but found that, in conventional circuits, they just weren't fast enough. His solution, current-mode switching, is presented here.


Fig. I. Simplified current-mode switch (a), and the corresponding voltage waveforms (b).

$C$ONVENTIONAL transistorized switching circuits just aren't fast enough. Present requirements for high-speed transistor switching circuits demand new techniques in switching circuit design.
The speed of conventional saturated transistor witching circuits is limited by:

- Carrier storage times in the transistor,
- Transistor output and input capacitance and stray circuit capacitance,
- Recovery time of diodes in the circuit,
- Alpha cutoff frequency of the transistor.

The switching speed of saturated circuits with new high-speed mesa switching transistors is almost always limited by a combination of the first three factors; so the full potential speed of these units is realized only in a different type circuit.

## Current-Mode Switching

Fig. 1 shows a simplified current-mode switching circuit with its waveforms. Before time $t=t_{1}$ transistor $Q 2$ conducts $10 \mathrm{ma}, V_{E}$ is approximately +0.2 v (assuming $0.2 \mathrm{v} V_{B E}$ for germanium), and Q1 is biased off.
At $t=t_{1}, V_{\text {in }}$ falls from +0.5 v to -0.5 v . The base-emitter junction of Q1 becomes forward biased, and Q1 starts conducting. The emitter of Q1 (point $E$ ) follows B1 down to about -0.3 v . This action cuts $Q 2$ off, causing the full 10 ma current to suddenly switch from Q2 to Q1.
Current-mode switching circuits use the full potential speed of switching transistors. The collector voltage of the transistor remains high enough to prevent saturation; thus minority carner storage time is eliminated. The operating collector voltage can be chosen to give minimum output capacitance and maximum alpha cutoff frequency for the transistor.
No fast-recovery diodes are necessary. The input and output voltage swings are small, so the effects of transistor and stray circuit capacitances are minimized.
Since the transient response of the transistor is approximately the same as for common-base operation with a current step into the emitter, the full common-base frequency response of the transistor is realized. In addition, the current-mode circuits are highly immune to noise voltages and are insensitive to transistor parameter spreads and variations.
The current-mode technique can be applied to flip-flop design. If the bases of Q1 and Q2 in Fig. 1A are coupled to the opposite collectors, the resulting circuit will be a bistable flip-flop. Pull-over transistors can be added in parallel with Q1 and Q2 for inputs. Two current-mode flipflops are described here.

50 Mc Current-Mode Flip-Flop With 2N705's
Fig. 2A shows a 50 mc current-mode flip-flop

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Fig. 2. 50 mc current-mode flip-flop using germanium $2 \mathrm{~N} 705^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$. (a) Schematic of the 50 mc flip-flop. (b) Equivalent circuit of the 50 mc flip-flop. (c) Waveforms for 2 mc operations at a temperature of 25 C . Reading from top to bottom, waveforms are at Output 2, Output 1, Input 2, and Input 1. Scope is a Tektronix 545 with 100 $\mathrm{m} \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ on the time scale and $2 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$ on the vertical scale. (d) Waveforms for 50 mc operation at a temperature of 25 C . Reading from top to bottom, waveforms are at Output 1, Output 2, Input 1, and Input 2. Scope is a Tektronix 517A with $10 \mathrm{~m} \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ and $1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$.

Fig. 3. (right) 25 mc current-mode fiip-flop using silicon 2 N 702 s . (a) Schematic of the 25 mc flip-flop. (b) 10 mc operation at 25 C showing, top to bottom, waveforms at Input 1, Input 2, Output 1, and Output 2. Scope is Tektronix 517 A with H scale set at $25 \mathrm{~m} \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{V}$ scale of $1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$. (c) 25 mc operation at 25 C showing, top to bottom, Input 1, Input 2, Output 1, and Output 2. Scope is 517A with $H=10 \mathrm{~m} \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{V}=1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$.


sing four 2N705 germanium high-speed switchE transistors. An equivalent circuit is given in if. 2 B and photographs of the input and output a eforms in Fig. 2C.
Both the input and output voltages swing symetrically, one volt about zero, so the output of no stage can be coupled directly to the input of ic next stage. This is accomplished by using ference diodes as a voltage source to couple the Ilectors to their respective loads and by using vo 5 ma current sources to provide a negative ias for the output of the off transistor.
The diodes are chosen to give the optimum perating collector voltage. The waveforms in ig. 2C show operation of the circuit at 2 mc 500 musec separation of input pulses) and at 50 mc ( 20 musec separation of input pulses). The nput pulses are about $10 \mathrm{~m} \mu \mathrm{sec}$ wide and have ise and fall times of one to two musec. The witching time of the circuit is somewhat better han shown in the photographs due to the 7 musec se time limitation of the Tektronix 517A.

25 Mc Current-Mode Flip-Flop With 2N702's
The schematic for a 25 mc current-mode fliplop using four 2 N 702 silicon transistors is given n Fig. 3A. The operation of the circuit is essenially the same as that of the 50 mc flip-flop. The oad resistors have been increased slightly from he values used in the 50 mc flip-flop to give the arger output voltage necessary to accommodate he larger $V_{B E}$ spread in silicon units.
The input and output voltages swing 1.3 v hoout a zero volt center. Two $1.2 \mu \mathrm{~h}$ peaking oils have been added to give sharp switching vaveforms. Waveforms for operation at 10 mc and 25 mc ( 100 and 40 musec separations of input pulses) are shown in Fig. 3B and Fig. 3C respecively. Input pulses are about 30 m msec wide with ise time of one to two musec.
The circuit operated reliably at room temperaure with a distribution of 2 N 702 standard production units. If operation over a wide temperaure range is desired, the collector load resistors hould be increased to give slightly more output oltage; this will allow for variations in $V_{B E}$ over he temperature range.
These circuits were tested at no load, but their lesign allows for the input of an additional fliplop to be connected to each output node.
If larger fan-out, operation over a wide tem prature range, or appreciable variation in supply oltages is required, the load resistors should be creased and the maximum frequency reduced.
The two circuits described illustrate the very igh-speed switching performance that can be obained from current-mode circuits. These techniques have become a necessity to realize the bull speed of diffused-base mesa transistors. - =

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## IDEAS FOR DESIGN



Fig. 1. Typical triode and tetrode transistor, showing the current path.


Fig. 2. Tetrode transistor gain and maximum frequency are af fected by $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R} 2}$.

TETRODE TRANSISTORS are becoming increasingly popular because they allow increase of $f_{\text {max }}$ by application of a bias current through the base.
A method of converting a type 575 Tektronix transistor curve tracer to enable its use with tetrodes is described here.
A typical transistor is shown in Fig. 1. Transistor action is obtained by biasing the emitter-base junction in the forward direction.
The $n$ type emitter injects into the $p$ type base minority carriers or electrons which do not combine with holes in the $p$ type base. These electrons cross into the collector, supplying the carriers needed for the reverse biased base-collector junction. The dotted lines in the figure show the electron path distribution in a typical triode transistor.
In an npn tetrode, Fig. 1, a second base terminal, $B_{2}$, is on the opposite side of the base from the normal first base terminal, $B_{1}$. Transistor action is identical with that of a triode connected transistor.
However, by applying a voltage across termi-

## Simple Test Jig <br> Converts Curve Tracer For Use With Tetrode Transistors

nals $B_{1}-B_{2}$, an auxiliary current, $I_{B 2}$, flows through the base, setting up a transverse voltage drop. This concentrates the base activity at base terminal 1 , causing the electron path to be displaced as shown in Fig. 1.
In a tetrode transistor, as $I_{B 2}$ increases, both $r_{b}$, the ohmic base resistance, and $C_{c}$, the collector diode barrier capacity, decrease. The output time constant $r_{c} C_{c}$ is decreased, thereby increasing $f_{\text {max }}$ and producing better high frequency performance. However, the low frequency beta decreases. The overall effect is to shift the gain versus frequency curve to the right as shown in Fig. 2.

## Simple Test Jig for Tektronix 575

The test jig shown in Figs. 3 and 4 can be used with the Tektronix 575 curve tracer to measure a tetrode's beta, and to observe its change as $I_{B 2}$ is varied. .
A 3313 Elc̣o 5-pin transistor socket was used in the test jig. Four of the pins are distributed equally on a circle, and the fifth is located next to one of the evenly distributed pins. As shown in


Fig. 3. Schematic of tetrode adaptor for Tektronix 575 transistor curve tracer. In this circuit $I_{B}=I_{B 1}+I_{B 2 ;} I_{E}=I_{B 1}+I_{C}$; and $B I_{B 1}$.


Fig. 4. Tetrode transistor test jig.


Fig. 5. Enlarged botto view of transistor socke of the telrode jig.

Fig. 5, the inner pin and the pin directly opposite are bent 90 deg flat against the face of the bake lite form.
The base 1 connection is made up of the ben pin and the one adjoining it. The base 2 connec tion is the other bent pin. The three remaining upright pins are filed down to fit into the curve tracer's transistor socket.
The external circuit supplies a variable bian current and provides monitoring of $I_{B 2}$. The bypass capacitors are valued at $1000 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. Use of short leads in the external circuit is imperative to reduce 60 -cycle pickup which may show up o the curve tracer.

The change in beta is easily observed on the curve tracer as $R_{a}$ is varied. Beta is readily obtained by dividing collector current by base current for a specified operating point and value of $I_{B 2}$.

The circuit can be applied to any type of curve tracer with slight modifications in mechanical construction of the jig.
A. J. Laconti, Engineer, Philco Corp., Government and Industrial Div., Philadelphia, Pa.

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2N306 | 20 | 50 | $16^{*}$ | 1 | 1 | Audio Driver |
| 2N312 | 15 | 75 | 25 | 10 | 2 | Switching |
| 2N356 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 100 | 3 | Core Driver |
| 2N357 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 200 | 6 | Core Driver |
| 2N358 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 300 | 9 | Core Driver |
| 2N377 | 25 | 150 | 20 | 200 | 5 | Core Driver |
| 2N385 | 25 | 150 | 20 | 200 | 6 | Core Driver |
| 2N388 | 25 | 150 | 30 | 200 | 8 | Core Driver |
| 2N438 | 30 | 100 | $\stackrel{20}{ }$ | 50 | 4 | Logic Circuit |
| 2N438A | 30 | 150 | 20 | 50 | 4 | Logic Circuit |
| 2N439 | 30 | 100 | 30 | 50 | 8 | Logic Circuit |
| 2N439A | 30 | 150 | 30 | 50 | 8 | Logic Circuit |
| 2N440 | 30 | 100 | 40 | 50 | 12 | Logic Circuit |
| 2N440A | 30 | 150 | 40 | 50 | 12 | Logic Circuit |
| 2N444 | 15 | 100 | 10* | 1 | 1 | Switching |
| 2N445 | 15 | 100 | $20^{*}$ | 1 | 3 | Switching |
| 2N446 | 15 | 100 | 30* | 1 | 8 | Switching |
| 2N447 | 15 | 100 | 50* | 1 | 10 | Switching |
| 2N556 | 25 | 100 | 15 | 10 | 1 | Core Driver |
| 2N558 | 15 | 100 | 20 | 10 | 3 | Core Driver |
| 2N634 | 20 | 150 | 15 | 200 |  | Switching |
| 2N635 | 20 | 150 | 25 | 200 | 12 | Switching |
| 2N636 | 20 | 150 | 35 | 200 | 17 | Switching |
| 2N1000 | 40 | 150 | 25 | 100 | 9 | Core Driver |
| 2N1012 | 40 | 150 | 40 | 100 | 5 | Core Driver |
| * $\mathrm{hfe}_{\text {fe }}$ (a.c. B | gain) |  |  |  |  |  |



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## IDEAS FOR DESIGN

Frequency Stabilized Oscillator Features Wide Range Tuning

Electronic oscillators can be stabilized by ra chanical standards, such as quartz or tuning fork But these standards have the disadvantage being adjustable in frequency, only over ver narrow limits. For many engineering application it would be desirable to have a frequency stabi ized oscillator which can be continuously tune over a very wide range.

Such an oscillator is feasible if the mechanic standard is a continuously variable magnetostri tive delay line. The block diagram illustrates thi The sine wave oscillator, whose frequency is be stabilized, generates a narrow pulse whic feeds the input coil of the delay line.
The main tuning control of the oscillator ganged to a mechanism which can vary the tin delay of the line by varying the spacing betwe the coils. At any position of the tuning contr the time delay of the line is equal to the peria of the oscillator. For example, at a frequency 10 kc , the time delay is $100 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ and the spacir between coils is about 20 in .


Frequency stabilized oscillator can be continuous tuned over a wide range.

The received pulse at the output coil of t delay line is amplified. It is then fed to a pha detector together with the sine wave signal fro the oscillator. If the oscillator period is not exact equal to the time delay of the line, a correcti voltage is obtained from the phase detector. Th is fed to a reactance tube which can control an stabilize the oscillator frequency.
Arthur Rothbart, Senior Project Enginca Stephen J. Meyers, Junior Engineer, ITT Labon tories, Nutlcy, N. J.

## Monostable Multi With Near-Zero Recovery Time

Usually, the minimum recovery time for a inonostable multivibrator is equal to the generated pulse width. The recovery time of the circuit shown here will be practically zero. It will also be independent of the generated pulse width.
This monstable multi consists of four major parts: two conventional type monostable multivibrators, a bistable multivibrator, and an "OR" circuit.
The circuit is based on the principle of alter nate operation of $B 1$ and $B 3$. After each operation, $B 2$, a bistable multivibrator, alternates the power from $B 1$ to $B 3$ and vice versa. The starting trigger is applied to $B 1$ and $B 3$. Assuming the initial condition is as shown in the figure, B1 will generate the pulse, which will be applied to the "OR" circuit and the differentiator.


Bistable multivibrator, $B 2$, helps monostable multis, $B 1$ and $B 3$, recover in tenths of a microsecond.

The negative pulse from the differentiator will "Alp" $B 2$, the bistable multivibrator. This action will remove power from $B 1$ and apply it to $B 3$. The next pulse, generated by $B 3$, will operate $B 2$ in the same manner as $B 1$ did. Both outputs will be added in the "OR" circuit.
The recovery time of such a circuit is practically zero. It depends solely upon the switching of $B 2$, which usually is only a few tenths of a microsecond.
Gleb Demianenko, Electronic Design Engineer, Bell Aircraft, Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.


The kin tel Model 5014 -digit, over-ranging digital voltmeter measures DC from $\pm 0.0001$ to $\pm 1000.0$ volts with $0.01 \% \pm 1$ digit (of reading) accuracy. An extra fifth digit in the left decade indicates " 0 " or " 1 " to provide ten times greater resolution at decade $(1,10,100)$ voltage points than standard 4 -digit voltmeters. Ranging and polarity indication are entirely automatic. The measured voltage. decimal point and polarity symbol are displayed on an in-line readout in a single plane-no superimposed outlines of "off" digits.
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## PATENTS

## Semiconductive Switch

Patent No. 2,885,524. William Shockley. (Assigned to Bell Telephone Laboratories, Inc.)

The switch is essentially a back-biased diode element of monocrystalline silicon with four zones; adjacent zones have opposite conductivities. A pulse from the control source or light incident upon the middle junction causes the element to break down and the impedance changes to that of a pn junction in the forward direction.

The figure shows the pnpn element in series with battery 12A and the utilization circuit 13. The intermediate zones


15 and 16 are floating and have inherent alphas which are low at low current density. One zone has an inherent alpha which increases with current density. Junction 19 breaks down when control source $12 B$ delivers a signal pulse or when light is incident upon junction 19. The current density increases until the effective alpha of the element becomes unity. Low impedance is maintained until the applied voltage is decreased below breakdown. At this point the switch opens.

## Audio Frequency Amplifier

Patent No. 2,887,532. Richard E. Werner. (Assigned to Radio Corporation of America)
Distortion in an amplifier driving a direct radiator loudspeaker is reduced when the amplifier output impedance is the complement of the blocked voice-coil impedance. The blocked voice-coil im-


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pedance is cancelled and, with proper mechanical loading, the speaker velocity s faithful reproduction of the applied signal. The cancellation is achieved by means of positive current and negative roltage feedback.
A bridge circuit is placed across the econdary of the output transformer. The lements of the bridge are resistors 88 , 50 and 92 and the impedance of voice soil 84 . With the bridge balanced against
the voice coil impedance, the voice coil impedance is cancelled. Mechanical motion of the speaker may be properly damped and the overall frequency response improved by capacitor 98 and resistor 100 connected in series as a single loop feedback across the phase inverter stage. The combination of capacitor 94 and resistor 96 in the overall feedback loop also improves the overall frequency response.


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28 volts

$$
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$$

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Other solid state devices, $D C$ to $D C$ converters, $D C-A C$ sine wave inverters, programmers, time delays, static switches, timers, etc.

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# Calculation of Errors When Using Lissajous Figures for Frequency Comparison 

M. I. Shatalov

L'ISSAJOUS figures are used extensively for comparison of frequencies in electronic measurements. The two principal uses of Lissajous figures are:

- To tune a generator to a frequency that is in a fixed ratio to another frequency used as a comparison standard. ${ }^{1}$
" To determine the frequency deviation from standard frequency, when the ratio of the compared frequencies is not equal to an integer.
The former case is the best known. In the second case, absolute accuracy is attainable only at the simplest frequency ratio, 1:1. For this ratio, the error is the number of total cycles ( $k$ ) of the variation of the figure divided by the time $(t)$ in seconds during which the number of cycles is counted.

$$
\Delta f=\frac{k}{t} \mathrm{cps}
$$

At more complicated frequency ratios, difficulties frequently arise and errors are introduced in the calculation of the frequency error. One of the causes of these errors is that the chapters devoted to the use of Lissajous figures in several texts on radio measurements ${ }^{2,3}$ contain inaccuracies.
The thle shows the Lissajous figures for the most freguently employed frequency ratios. The instantancous values of the lower frequency voltages are measured along the abscissa, and those of the higher frequency along the ordinate. All the figures are plotted for the case when the second oscillation leads the first. The phase shift corresponding to those figures, expressed in fractions of a cycle (degrees) of the higher frequency, is indicated for each group of figures. Under each group of figures is indicated the absolute phase shift, expressed in fractions of a period (degrees) of the lower frequency.
From this point on, the frequency ratio will be expressed in the form of a fraction $m / n$, where $m$ and $n$ are integers greater than 1. A ratio in the form $1 / 1$ will be the particular case for which $m=n=1$.

The Lissajous figures go through a complete frequency ratio, when the phase ( $\phi$ ) of the frequency proportional to $m$ is changed by an angle

$$
\phi_{m}=\frac{360^{\circ}}{n}
$$

For the second oscillations we have

$$
\phi_{n}=\frac{\overline{3} 60^{\circ}}{m}
$$

Consequently, a 360 deg change in the phase of the frequency proportional to $m$ corresponds to $n$ cycles of change in the shape of the figure, while a 360 deg change in the phase of the second fre quency (proportional to $n$ ) corresponds to $n$ cycles of variation of the shape of the figure.
This makes it possible to find the general ex pression for the frequency error for any ratio $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{n}$ If the frequency proportional to $n$ is standard then the number of cycles of variation of the fig ure divided by the time should also be divided by $n$. Eq. 1 becomes

$$
\Delta f_{m}=\frac{k}{t n} \mathrm{cps}
$$

For the case where the frequency proportiona to $m$ is the standard, Eq. 1 becomes

$$
\Delta f_{n}=\frac{k}{l m} \mathrm{cps}
$$

For example, let us consider the use of Lissa jous figures corresponding to a frequency rati $2 / 3$, and determine the error in a frequency 66 cps , measured against a standard frequency 100 cps . If $k / t=1$ change per second, $\Delta f_{G R}$ 0.33 cps .

If this frequency ratio is used to determine th errors in a frequency of approximately 150 cp against a standard frequency of 100 cps , the errd for the same ratio $k / t=I$ becomes $\Delta f_{150}=0$ cps.
The cycle of the figure is usually timed fror
mplete
he fre-


Lissajous figures for the most often used frequency ratios.
the simplest characteristic configuration for the given frequency ratio. These figures correspond to a phase shift (with regard to the higher frequency) of $0^{\circ}$ or $360^{\circ} / 2 m$, if $m$ and $n$ are odd numbers, and $360^{\circ} / 4 m$ or $3 \times 360^{\circ} / 4 m$ if $m$ and $n$ are even numbers.
This article was taken from the Soviet journal Measurement Engineering, No. 3, March 1959.

## References

1. G. A. Remez, Textbook of Basic Radio Measurements, 1955.
2. Terman and Pettit, Radio Measurements (Russian translation), 1955.
3. A. Hund, High Frequency Measurements, 1951.


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## GERMAN ABSTRACTS

## E. Brenner

## Applications of Switching Transistors

THREE regions of operation may be defined for the thyratron-like characteristics of a switching transistor (Fig. 1). The high resistance portion of the characteristics is independent of external elements while the slope and the peak of the "active" portion (negative differential resistance) can be controlled with an external base resistance $R_{b a}$. The low resistance region can be controlled by the collector voltage $V_{c}$ and the external collector circuit resistance $R_{c a}$.
The three fundamental pulse operations correspond to the three types of load lines sketched on Fig. lb. Bistable operation at $A_{1}-A_{2}$ occurs for line I. Lines IIa and IIb result in monostable operation to $A_{1}$ and $A_{2}$ respectively. When the load line intersects the characteristics in the negative slope region, a stable operation results (Line III).

For bistable operation, the emitter circuit resistance $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{e}}$ must be less than the differential resistance in the "active" region and a load line


Fig. 1. Switching modes of the storing switching transistor.
a) Basic circuir.
b) Input characteristics with load lines corresponding to the three basic modes of operation.

[^2]

Fig. 3. Monostable switching circuit.
similar to $I$ is chosen. Transitions from the high to the low resistance region are effected by using short (approx $10^{-\pi} \mathrm{sec}$ ) negative pulses, emitter to base; with opposite polarity required to produce the reverse transition. Particularly high sensitivity is achieved if a diode circuit is connected on the emitter side as shown in Fig. 2.

In a typical monostable circuit, (Fig. 3), negative pulses produce the output gate since the load line intersection is in the high resistance region. The transistor moves in the $V_{e b}-I_{e}$ plane along the path 1-2-3-4-1 in sequence as indicated. When the external collector resistance $\boldsymbol{R}_{c a}$ is much larger than the transistor resistance in the low resistance region but much smaller than $R_{e}$, the gate duration is approximated by

$$
t_{2}=R_{c a} C_{e} \ln \left(I_{2} / I_{3}\right)
$$

In the original paper a variety of applications are cited. These include triangular and square wave generators, a temperature sensitive relay, a counter, a shift register and other pulse circuits. Abstracted from an article by W. V. Muench and H. Salow, Nachrichtentechnische Zeitschrift, Vol. 12, No. 6, June 1959, pp 301-310.


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## Intensity Discrimination For Narrow Noise Bandwidths

Upon the assumption that the auditory system acts as an envelope detector, a series of hypotheses was stated predicting how intensity discrimination would be influenced by the variations in the stimulus envelope. The results indicate that discrimination was the same for stimuli whose envelopes are smoothed by the auditory system despite differences in frequency spectrum. For stimuli whose envelope fluctuations occur at a rate less than the integrating time of the auditory system, discrimination is degraded, increasingly so as bandwidth is reduced. However, differences in discrimination among bandwidths were eliminated when pulse duration was reduced sufficiently to preclude envelope variations. The results, in general, indicate that the envelope detects or model is a reasonable description of auditory discrimination. Intensity Discrimination For Narrow Bandwidths of Noise, R. M. Michaels, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, D. C., Oct. 1958, 31 pp, Microfilm \$3.00, Photocopy \$6.30. Order PB 134206 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D. C.

## RF Cable Power Ratings

An analysis is made of various methods of measuring power input to coaxial cables. A substitution calorimetric method was selected as the most suitable for determining the power rating of coaxial cables. Experimental power rating data is presented for selected polyethylene and particularly for Teflon coaxial cables. Curves of power handling capacity versus frequency over the range of 100 to $10,000 \mathrm{mc}$ are given at standard conditions of ambient temperature of 104 F , sea level and unity standing wave ratio. These power ratings were established at a center conductor temperature of 175 F for polyethylene cables and 482 F for Teflon cables. This power rating data for standard conditions is further extended through charts and formulae to conditions of ambient temperature from -85 to 175 F for polyethylene and 482 F for Tefon, to conditions of altitude from sea level to 70,000 feet, and to conditions of vswr from 1:1 to 2:1. Cable, Radio Frequency: Study of Power Ratings, G. J. Mares, American Phenolic Corp., Chicago, Ill., Nov. 1955, 75 pp, Microfim $\$ 4.50$, Photocopy $\$ 12.30$. Order PB 139924 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.


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## D odes in Switching Circuits-I

This report is concerned with the study of negati e resistance devices. A comparison is made of the few negative resistance diodes that are availalle at present. An attempt is made to search dseply into the various characteristics and to sim$u$ ate negative resistance devices using transistor combinations. Investigation of the Applications of Negative Resistance Diodes for Switching Circuits, Transistor Applications, Inc., Boston, Mass., June 1958, 58 pp, Microfilm $\$ 3.60$, Photocopy $\$ 9.30$. Order PB 137830 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.

## Diodes in Switching Circuits-ll

This report is concerned with the study and investigation of negative resistance devices and the following subjects have been covered. Measurements of switching time as a function of load resistance and of carrier storage time are presented. Some of the capabilities of negative resistance multivibrators are investigated. Modification of a negative resistance diode characteristic with a transistor is discussed. Determination of the $V_{E}-I_{E}$ and $V_{C}-I_{B}$ characteristic of a transistor having a negative resistance in the base circuit is explained. Measurements of actual $V-\mathbf{l}$ characteristics are presented. A four-layer diode flipflop, having a great deal of tolerance to diode parameter and supply voltage variation, is described. Investigation of the Applications of Negative Resistance Diodes for Switching Circuits, Transistor Applications, Inc., Boston, Mass., Dec. 1.958, 38 pp, Microfilm \$3.00, Photocopy \$6.30. Order PB 139220 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.

## Use of Physical Phenomena in <br> Communications

The extensive development of radio communication has overcrowded existing facilities. This paper proposes a solution to relieve this condition through the use of phenomena other than present day radio for communications. The paper investigates communication through natural ducts by the use of low frequency radio, sound, light, heat and gamma rays. Areas in which experimental work is required are summarized. Estimates are made of the probable speed rates with which information may be transmitted by use of the (ited phenomena. Exploitation of Physical Phenomena for Communications, Joseph L. Ryerson, liome Air Development Center, Griffiss AFB, N.Y., Oct. 1958, 19 pp, Microfilm \$2.40, Photocopy \$3.30. Order PB 138493 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.


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## Tropospheric Scatter

A primary task of the project has been the recording of the signal strengths received at Syracuse, N. Y., from a transmitter at Lexington, Mass., 248.9 miles away. The transmitter operated at a carrier frequency of 915 mc . A study was made of the correlation between propagation data and meteorological conditions in the transmission path. The relative behavior of certain antennas for scattered signals and line-of sight signals was compared. The Lexington-Syracuse Tropospheric Scatter Propagation Link, J. Dienst, L. A. Mullin and others, Syracuse University Research Institute, N.Y., Nov. 1957, 89 pp, Microfim \$4.80, Photocopy $\$ 13.80$. Order PB 136470 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D. C.

## Mefeor Scafter

This report is divided into three main parts. The first is a review, extension and discussion of the mechanism of radio scattering from meteor ionization trails under all combinations of low and high electron line density, long and short radio wavelength, and back and forward scattering. The second part consists of a review and discussion of the number distributions of echo amplitudes and durations, and a discussion of the diurnal and seasonal variations in the number and directions of arrival of meteor particles. In the final part the information on echo characteristics and meteor rate and radiant variations is used to obtain a description of the total fluctuating signal propagated over various paths by means of scattering from numerous meteor ionization trails. Meteor Scatter, V. R. Eshleman, Stanford Elec'ronics Laboratories, Stanford University, Calif., Aug. 1958, 48 pp, Microfilm $\$ 3.30$, Photocopy 37.80. Order PB 136878 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.


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## REPORT BRIEFS

## Tachistoscope

A multi-field electronic tachistoscope is described which has variable duration, sequence. and intensity controls. In addition, the device may be cycled automatically, or be made to run through a single cycle manually. Each viewing field can be illuminated for durations ranging from 1 msec to 3 sec during automatic operation. The upper limit of the exposure duration may be increased to any desired value greater than 3 sec by means of a manually operated switch. Other provisions are described which control intensity of the illuminated or trans-illuminated stimulus materials. A Multi-Field Electronic Tachistoscope, Paul A. Kolers, Aero Medical Lab., Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio, Dec. 1958, 11 pp, \$.50. Order PB 151689 from OTS, Washington 25, D.C.

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## Transistor Test Set

A small versatile transistor test set was designed to measure collector cutoff current ( $I_{c o}$ ), emitter cutoff current ( $I_{E O}$ ), and the dc large-signal com-mon-emitter current gain ( $H_{F E}$ ). A wafer polarity switch is included to accommodate both pnp and npn transistors. $I_{C O}$ and $I_{E O}$ are measured at 2.68 v which are supplied by 2 mercury cells, the only power source of the instrument. In measuring $H_{F E}$, the 2.68 v are included in the collector-toemitter circuit as the collector supply voltage. A 134 K resistor, in series with the 2.68 v , supplies a $20-\mu \mathrm{a}$ constant base current. A $20-\mu \mathrm{a}$ meter is used in measuring $I_{C O}$ and $I_{E O}$. A shunt resistor, used when $H_{F E}$ is being measured, converts $20 \mu \mathrm{a}$ to 2 ma. A Simple Transistor Test Set, Harry V. Wood, Army Signal Engineering Laboratories, Fort Monmouth, N.J., Aug. 1957, 9 pp, \$.50. Order PB 151300 from OTS, Washington 25, D.C.


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## Properties of Semiconductors, I

The temperature dependences of lifetime, injection ratio, and resistivity in p-type silicon crystals were measured by the use of the pulse decay method. At high temperatures the dependence of lifetime and injection ratio on emitter current and sweeping field is identical with that which one observes at room temperature. Electronic Properties of Semiconductor Materials, J. Maczuk, B. P. Fabricand, Moore School of Electrical Engineering, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., June 1957, 31 pp, Microfilm \$3.00, Photocopy $\$ 6.30$. Order PB 136089 from Library of Congress, Washington $25, D$.

## Properties of Semiconductors, II

Results are obtained which show the dependence of surface state energy levels under a point contact on temperature, injecting voltage, and sweeping field in a p-type 250 ohm-cm crystal. Time constants for the filling and emptying of surface states for different voltages are also found. These results are obtained by observing the carrier disturbances under a point contact by a pulse method previously described. A theory of the behavior observed is presented. Electronic Properties of Semiconductor Materials, J. Maczuk, B. P. Fabricand, Moore School of Electrical Engineering, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 1957, 23 pp, Microfilm \$2.70, Photocopy $\$ 4.80$. Order PB 136088 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.

## Properties of Semiconductors, III

The contact resistance of rhodium-silicon metallic contacts varies asymmetrically with cooling of the crystal below room temperature. Electronic Properties of Semiconductor Materials, J. Maczuk, B. P. Fabricand, Moore School of Electrical Engineering, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 1957, 27 pp, Microfilm \$2.70, Photocopy \$4.80. Order PB 136087 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.

## Transistor Measurements

A method is shown whereby four measurements made directly on commercial bridges may be used to find the admittance parameters of a transistor in any orientation, common-base, com-mon-emitter, or common collector, merely by taking appropriate sums of the measured quantities. Transistor Measurements Using the Indefinite Admittance Matrix, J. P. Paddock, Stanford Electronics Laboratories, Stanford University, Calif., Aug. 1957, 31 pp, Microfilm \$3.00, Photocopy $\$ 6.30$. Order PB 136434 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.

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## REPORT BRIEFS

## Meteor-Scattering Communication

This report is divided into two sections. The first describes a type of antenna mount which ensures that both the transmitting and the receiving antennas have the optimum polarization for radio transmission via radio waves scattered from a small region of ionization, such as a meteor trail. The mount is an equatorial form with the polar axis along the line joining the two stations, and the antenna should be polarized parallel to the declination axis. The second section of the report describes a mechanical analog for predicting the optimum directions for pointing the antennas used in meteor scatter communication, subject to the assumption that there is some ecliptic concentration of meteor radiants. Research In Meteor-Scattering Communication, W. E. Decds, Tennessee University, Engineering Experiment Station, Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 1957, 16 pp, Microfilm \$2.40, Photocopy \$3.30. Order PB 13.5889 from Library of Congress, Washington 2.5, D. C.

## Trough Waveguide Radiators

In a trough waveguide loaded by equi-spaced posts on its center fin, the phase velocity of the dominant mode can have a phase velocity greater or less than that in freespace. The radiation from this periodic structure can be controlled by lowering the sidewall of the trough waveguide until the tops of the posts protrude above it. At any phase velocity close to that of freespace, radiation patterns are endfire, with polarization parallel to the center fin. Under conditions of large post spacing, the phase velocity in the postloaded trough waveguide can be predicted to a good approximation on the basis of the analysis presented. Measurements show that the phase velocity is essentially independent of the height of the sidewalls and that the attenuation constant (not evaluated in the theory) is a function of both the wall height and the number of posts per unit length of guide. Measured patterns of a post-loaded trough waveguide show the expected endfire characteristics over a wide frequency range. The combination of two trough waveguide radiators and a stripline hybrid junction produce a monopulse antenna with endfire sum and difference patterns. Trough Waveguide Radiators with Periodic Posts, Walter Rotman and Nicholas Karas, Air Force Cambridge Research Center, Bedford, Mass., Dec. 1958, 32 pp, Microfilm \$3.00, Photocopy \$6.30. Order PB 140158 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C.


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For +5 , the number of turns has a ratio of approximately 3.1 as shown by the nomograph. Therefore the new number of turns shall be $700 \times 3.1=2170$ turns. If the original wire area, diameter, or resistance per unit length is known, and the new values are required, these also can be obtained by noting where the respective lines cross +5 . $=$


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## REPORT BRIEFS

Single Sideband Carrier Telephone Channels
Polyphase modulation is shown to be a technique suitable for producing single sideband telephone channels. This technique is capable of providing superior channel bandpass and envelope distortion characteristics. In this report the main limitations of polyphase modulation are analyzed, and the characteristics obtained from an experimental channel are discussed. The generation of Single Sideband Carrier Telephone Channels by Polyphase Modulation, Joseph Mensch, Rome Air Development Center, Griffiss AFB, N.Y., June 1958, 17 pp , Microfilm $\$ 2.40$, Photocopy $\$ 3.30$. Order PB 137673 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C

## Transistor High-Frequency Equivalent

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Single Sideband Generation: 1.5 to $\mathbf{3 0}$ Mc
This manuscript is the fourth and final report covering an engineering research stucly of highlevel single sideband generation and the construction of two experimental models of a radio transmitter providing single sideband operation over the frequency range of 1.5 to 30 mc and having a peak power capability of 500 w . The report consists, in the main, of an instruction manual. The operation of the high-level transmitter is described, and a detailed description of its component parts, including all circuit diagrams, is given. Instructions are outlined for installation and for initial and frequency-change tune-up. The results of various tests, together with test techniques, are presented. Methods and Equipment for High Level Single Sideband Generation in the Frequency Range of 1.5 to 30 Mc , Stanford Research Institute, Colif., Mar. 19.50, 134 pp , Microfilm $\$ 6.90$, Photocopy $\$ 21.30$. Order PB 13928.5 from Library of Congress, Washington 25, D.C

## Transverse-Field Klystron

The need for improved low-noise beam amplificrs makes desirable the investigation of new types of beam devices. The work reported here concerns the noise characteristics of a transversefield klystron. A theory of operation is developed which includes expressions for tube transconductance, beam loading, and noise figure. Three low-frequency experimental klystrons were built to test the theory. Investigation of the TransuerseField Klystron, B. Frank, Stanford Electronics Laboratories, Stanford University, Calif., Ma!! 19.58, 84 pp . Microfilm \$4.80, Photocopy $\$ 1.3 .80$ Order PB 1:38.514 from Lilırary of Congress, Washington 2.5, D.C

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There's a lot more you should know about the 440-A . . . and about the other Krohn-Hite oscillators, tunable electronic filters, power supplies and amplifiers. In all of them, you'll find the same far-ahead engineering, design and construction. Because K-H instruments are good enough even for tomorrow's most critical work, they are increasingly chosen today where reliability and precision are needed.

Write for your free copy of the new Krohn-Hite Catalog.

## Krohn-Hite corporation

580 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge 39, Mass. CIRCLE 68 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Advances in Semiconductor Science

H. Brooks, Editor, Pergamon Press Inc. 122 E. 55th St., New York 22, N.Y., 553 $p p, \$ 15.00$.
Papers presented at the Third International Conference on Semiconductors held at the University of Rochester, Aug. 18-22, 1958, have been logically arranged according to sessions in this book.
The opening session deals with trends in semiconductor research and properties of various semiconductors. A discussion of band theory, recombination and impurity centers, and surfaces follows. Dislocations, excitons, and transport are then considered.
A section entitled "Gencral" covers the
effect of pressure on the properties of germanium and silicon and the magnetic susceptibility of semiconductors. The sections that follow discuss optical properties, ionic crystals, thermal conduction and thermomagnetic effects, semiconducting compounds, and large band gap semiconductors.

## Technology of Printed Circuits

Paul Eisler, Academic Press Inc., 111 Fifth Ave., New York 3, N.Y., 405 pp, $\$ 12.00$.
Special emphasis is given to the production of electronic circuits by the foil

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## PROVIDE VIBRATION-PROOF HOLDING AND QUICK, FOOL-PROOF RELEASE!

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Three sizes available for different load requirements. Large and medium sizes are made of corrosion-resistant stainless sfeel. Small size is made of nickel-plated brass. Stock parts fit various thicknesses of flanges and mounting plates . . . special parts can also be supplied.


ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959
whnique, while other techniques of pref. brication are covered briefly.

The book opens with an account of the iivention and development of printed circuit techniques and the principles of ruethod selection. A detailed explanation of printed circuit production follows with a description of a typical production line. Suitable printing methods, plating and the foil technique, protective coatings, flow- and dip-soldering and potting are discussed. Chapters are also devoted to laboratory routine and the design of printed circuits. The completion of the circuit by the insertion of conventional components is followed by details of the detection and tracing of faults and an account of automatic assembly in the electronics industry.
Miniaturization, an outline of printed components, a survey of microwave printed circuits and an assessment of the place of printed circuits in the electronics industry complete the main text.

Mathematics Dictionary
Glenn James, Robert C. James, Editors,
D. Van Nostrand Co., Inc., 257 Fourth Ave., New York 10, N.Y., 546 pp, \$15.00.
This revised and enlarged edition is essentially two books in one-explicit definitions entirely in English of more than 7000 mathematical terms, concepts and relationships, and multilingual indexes giving their Russian, German, French and Spanish equivalents. You can find the English meaning of a term in another language in these indexes and then its definition in the body of the book.
The coverage of terms is broad, ranging from elementary terms in arithmetic through calculus, basic terms in differential geometry, theory of functions of real and complex variables, advanced calculus, differential equations, to the theory of groups and matrices, theory of summability, point-set topology, integral equations, calculus of variations, analytic mechanics, theory of potential and statistics.
Tables and an extensive list of mathematical symbols appear in the appendix, while formulas of many kinds are given in the context.

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THE JAMES KNIGHTS COMPANY, Sandwich, Illinois


PUBLISHED BY ROME CABLE CORPORATION, ROME, N. Y. pIoneers in instrumentation catble engineering

ELECTRONIC AUTO MECHANIC. The toughest of all automotive problems servicing-is close to being solved! Ordnance control engineers are conducting a study of automatic checkout equipment that will inspect the engine, transmission and other vital parts of Army tanks. That means that some day you may be able to take your car to a neighborhood garage for a check-up and get a reading from an electronic computer which indicates what should be replaced. The computer will interrogate the vehicle with a number of stimuli and use logic and computer circuitry to isolate specific faults.

FIFTH LARGEST INDUSTRY. Still the fifth largest manufacturing group in the U. S. during 1958, the electronics industry totaled $\$ 7.9$ billion in aggregate sales for the year, $\$ 13.3$ billion when distribution, servicing and broadcasting are included. Some 1500 manufacturers are major equipment assemblers, 2400 are component manufacturers and 700 are producers of switches, wire and other electronic hardware. Military electronic equipment accounted for $\$ 4.1$ billion of the $\$ 7.9$ billion total-an increase of $\$ 200$ million over 1957 Industrial users bought $\$ 80$ million more than in 1957 for a total of $\$ 1.6$ billion. The industry as a whole now employs 700,000 persons, 100,000 of billion. The industr
whom are engineers.

MIGHTIER MITES NEEDED. Miniaturization alone is not enough, engineers were told at a recent conference. Micromodules must be made more reliable than present construction permits - "to achieve an average part failure rate of 0.1 percent per 1000 hours," as it was stated. Now it's reported that a push will be made toward greater use of molecular electronics, which might accomplish this. Molecular electronics ideas center around construction of electronic systems by building homogeneities in various materials into discrete electronic functions. Work is already in progress on growing germanium crystals as flat ribbon-type units and doing the same with silicon.
193 CONDUCTORS IN ONE JACKET! That's just one of the cables Rome lists among its "typical" multi-conductor cable constructions, now available to answer "special" needs. A wide range of cable constructions, from 2-conductor to 193 -conductor, is charted in the new Rome Cable Bulletin on Instrumentation Cables, RCD-400. You'll want to check this list before placing special orders. Get your copy by writing IMPULSE, c/o Rome Cable Corp., Dept. 11-9, Rome, New York.
MEASURING THE MOON. Researchers at one large university have blueprinted their version of a radar space observatory for measuring the surface of the moon. The vehicle would be 150 feet long, six feet in diameter, weigh less than two tons, and orbit about 100 miles above the moon's surface. A nuclear power source would supply three to five kilowatts of power. Radar would transmit ten signals of varying frequencies to probe depth of moon's top layer, determine firmness of second layer and compose an electronic picture of the contour of the moon.
CABLEMAN'S CORNER. The words "They said it couldn't be done" are as applicable to the wire and cable industry as they are to other fields. Each day we find ourselves confronted with new, and in most cases more complex, problems. As new materials and manufacturing techniques are developed, we find that the complex problems of today are solved and in production tomorrow. As an example, for years it was stated that the application of an extruded, tight-fitting, lead-cured neoprene jacket over a cable assembly extruded, tight-fitting, lead-cured neoprene jacket over a cable assembly
composed of polyethylene-insulated conductors was an impossibility. The curing temperatures for neoprene were far above the melting point of polyethylene. Yet today many thousands of feet of this type of cable construction are in actual use, performing under all types of environmental conditions. Keep in touch with your Rome Cable Specialist for new developments. Our number is Rome 3000.

These news items represent a digest of information found in many of the publica ions and periodicals of the electronics induatry or related induatries. They appear in brief here for eay and concentrated reading. Further information on each can
be found in the original souree material. Sources will be forwarded on request.

CIRCLE 71 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## A RADICALLY NEW LAMINATE

## UNIQUE COMBINATION of PROPERTIES

## NEW LITERATURE:

## Ferrite Devices

These two catalog sheets summarize electric: and physical data on coaxial ferrite isolators an l ferrite circulators. One of the sheets describes 23 types of coaxial ferrite isolators covering frequercies from 1 to 11 kmc . Sylvania Electric Product, Inc., Central Advertising Distribution Dept., 11() Main St., Buffalo, N.Y.

## Potentiometer Catalog

74
This is a catalog of single turn, wire-wound precision potentiometers from $1 / 2$ to 3 in. diam. Complete specifications such as size and dimensions, mechanical and electrical properties, are given. Maurey Instrument Corp., 7924 S. Exchange Ave., Chicago 17, Ill.

## Transformer Brackets

Hypersil core brackets of extruded aircraft aluminum are described in this two-page data sheet. Included are complete sizes and combinations available from stock, and a quantity price list. The brackets fit all standard hypersil core transformers and have hole sizes ranging from 0.157 to 0.213 in . Olympic Products Co., Inc., Alpha, N.J.

## Mercury Switches

76
Newly revised Catalog 90b describes the standard line of mercury switches. Included are photographs, dimensions, electrical ratings, drawings, application information and complete technical data. Data is given in tabular form. Micro Switch, Div. of Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co., Freeport, III.

## Pulse Generator

77
One-page bulletin 3022-9 describes a 256 -step precision pulse generator model PPG-256. Included are specifications and performance data, principle of operation, suggested uses, and features of this instrument. Victoreen Instrument Co., 5806 Hough Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio.

## Shock and Vibration Isolators

78
Bulletin 59-04, four pages, discusses the factors involved in choosing shock and vibration isolators. Pictures of the various types, graphs, and a table of load ratings are included. Barry Controls, Inc., 700 Pleasant St., Watertown 72, Mass.

Transistor, TV, and Radio Coils
79
Catalog 60, 44 pages, offers specifications and pricing information on 1300 standard transistor, IV, and radio coils, plus an expanded listing of is, dustrial coils and chokes. Fully illustrated, it includes a separate part-number index and price list, a cross-reference of original parts to the firm's cquivalents, and 117 if and rf schematic diagrams. I istings on color TV items also appear. J. W. Milh.r Co., 5917 S. Main St., Los Angeles 3, Calif.

## Transformer

A small 50 w transformer that meets military environmental specs is described in this data shect. Technical specifications and dimensional drawings are included. Arnold Magnetics Corp., 4613 W. Jefferson Blvd., Los Angeles 16, Calif.

## Power Inverter

Two-page data sheet gives specifications for the firm's transistorized regulated power inverter which is used to drive ac gyros and other ac devices from a battery source. A unique circuit which creates an anti-hunting effect is described. Dimensional diagrams and a picture of the model also appear. Arnold Magnetics Corp., 4613 W. Jefferson Blvd., Los Angeles 16, Calif.

## Microwave Equipment

A 320-page, hard-cover book, this catalog discusses microwave measurements. It provides comprehensive theory, plus practical help on applications. Drawings of test setups are supplied, together with instructions on test procedures using units in the firm's line of precision test equipment. The catalog contains an expanded handbook section giving the latest tabulations on available microwave tubes and their characteristics, on conversion factors and other pertinent data. Write on company letterhead to DeMornayBonardi, Dept. ED, 780 S. Arroyo Parkway, Pasadena, Calif.

## Marking Equipment

83
This 12-page catalog describes methods and equipment for marking all types of electrical and electronic products. A product index, ranging from wire lead components to panels and chassis, yuides the manufacturer to the best marking 'nethod. Equipment described in this illustrated ratalog ranges from high production machines with marking speeds up to 8000 units per hr to a ompact, economical, hand-operated marker. Iarkem Machine Co., Keene 45, N.H.


From the aluminum extrusions, to the stainless steel balls, the patented "ball retainer" the exclusive "Shok-Loks" and the precision assembling and fitting, Grant Slides are constructed with an absolute maximum of strength and serviceability. Pilot windows on the Sikorsky helicopters are mounted on Grant Slides - which operate continuously well under the most severe vibratory conditions.
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grant pulley and hardware corporation/21 High Street, West Nyack, New York 944 Long Beach Avenue, Los Angeles 21, Cal.


## GOLD-CLAD STAINLESS TUBING CURBS CORROSION IN REACTOR

Photo pictures insertion of gold-clad stainless steel heat exchanger into gold-clad power reactor at AEC's Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory. Completely successful in recent operational tests, the unique reactor is designed to produce superheated steam in a single pass. This is the second experimental reactor using uranyl phosphate fuel-the first unit failed because of excessive corrosion in the heat exchanger. Goldcladding now protects all structural parts in contact with the extremely corrosive solution.
Will clad metals solve your corrosion problems? Investigate the Bishop line of clad metals. Bishop was the first company to successfully produce gold-clad stainless tubing
coupon brings data. Use it.
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NEW BISHOP TUBE MILL OPENS


Sketch shows new Bishop facilities adjacent to the present tube mill in East Whiteland Township, west of Paoli, Penna.-completing the first stage in Bishop's long range expansion program. This two-story structure will contain over 165,000 square feet of floor space. Bishop platinum mechanical manufacturing operations also move to the East Whiteland plant.

## CIRCLE 726 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## BISHOP NOW DRAWING

 .002" WALL TANTALUM TUBINGTantalum tubing with paper-thin wall thicknesses is now being supplied by Bishop on special order. Sizes range from .062 in . OD $\times .002 \mathrm{in}$. wall to 1.5 in . OD $\times .125 \mathrm{in}$. wall. Columbium (niobium) tubing down to 002 in . wall has been produced and is also available. Can tubing of these "exotic" metals be the answer to any of your design problems? Check with Bishor . . . use the coupon.

CIRCLE 727 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## FOR HELPFUL DATA USE THIS HANDY COUPON

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## NIagara 4-3100

THIS IS THE BISHOP LINE: Products of all the Platinum Metals.. Small diameter Stainless Steel, nickel and special alloy tubing

## NEW LITERATURE

## Diodes

Four-page article "Two Terminal PN 1 " Switches" describes a pnpn semiconductor diod which functions as a regenerative switch that can be either reverse or forward biased with the saine direction of current flow. This device has apyl cation as a talking path in an electronic telephone switching system, or in pulse generators, logic ele ments, and photosensitive devices. Bell Telephon Laboratories, Inc., 463 W. Street, New York, N. $Y$

## Numerical Positioning Control

Bulletin 1531, six pages, describes the firm line of pre-engineered point-to-point numerica positioning control packages. Specifications, per formance, and auxiliary functions are given, and dimensions and internal structure are illustrated by drawings and photographs. General Electric Co., Schenectady 5, N.Y.

## Printed Circuit Connectors

This double-fold catalog SF156UPCC describes a series of two-unit connectors for use in printed circuitry. It contains electrical and mechanica specifications, dimensional drawings, and basic de sign features on draw-pull type and screwlocking type connectors. U. S. Components, Inc., 45 E. 148 St., New York 55, N.Y.

## Synchro Differential

Two-page data sheet 801-D4 describes a siz 8 synchro differential line. Information includes dimensioned and schematic drawings, photos, and tables of electrical and mechanical specifications These synchro differentials weigh less than hal an ounce. Daystrom, Inc., Daystrom Transicoi Div., Worcester, Montgomery County, Pa.

## Crucibles

89
Four-page illustrated brochure KTM-9 present information on tungsten and molybdenum cruci bles. These crucibles are designed for high temperature research where a high melting point metallic container is required. Kulite Tungsten Co., 1040 Hoyt Ave., Ridgefield, N.J.

## Thyratrons

 etin PA-223 explains how thy trons differ from conventional amplifier types. The mechanism of ionization, the critical characteristic curve, and the effects of temperature on ionization time and tube life are discussed. Installation precautions are also given. CBS-Electronics Advertising Service, Parker St., Newburyport, Mass.
## Electric Motors

Four-page brochure SB 186 describes the firm's lrip-proof, weather-proof integral horsepower lectric motors. Included are ratings, dimensions, construction features of the motors, and motor breakdown illustrations. Write on company letterhead to Marathon Electric Mfg. Corp., Dept. ED, Randolph and Cherry Sts., P.O. Box 630, Wausau, Wisconsin.

## Coil Winding Machines

This two-page illustrated catalog sheet describes four coil winding machines. Included are a high production multiple deflection yoke winder, a multiple flyback winder, a gearless multiple transformer winder, and an electrically controlled precision high speed bobbin winder. Geo. Stevens Mfg. Co., Inc., Pulaski Rd. at Peterson, Chicago 46, IIl.

## Time Savers

This 34-page illustrated booklet lists 59 ideas to increase drafting and engineering efficiency. "Time Saving Tips for the Draftsman and the Engineer" contains drafting shortcuts, engineering data tips, board timesavers and calculating ideas. Frederick Post Co., Reader-Service Div., 3650 N. Avondale Ave., Chicago 18, III.

## Count Rate Meters

Four-page bulletin 3025-9 describes the firm's line of count rate meters. Electrical and physical specifications are given for linear, log, and differential count rate meters. Included are suggested uses and applications, and circuit descriptions. Write on company letterhead to Victoreen Instrument Co., Dept. ED, 5806 Hough Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio.

## Selenium Rectifiers

This illustrated eight-page catalog, "Selenium Slims," contains descriptions, data, and electrical and physical specifications for the firm's line of glass or phenolic tube cartridge rectifiers. Included are dimensional outlines and circuit diagrams. Syntron Co., 283 Lexington Ave., Homer City, Pa.

## Potting Compounds

Two-page data sheet $110-\mathrm{B}$ describes the uses of the company's line of epoxy resin potting compounds. Also included is information on typical physical properties of five P-series compounds. Bason Industries, Inc., 192 Pleasant St., WaterLown 72, Mass.


## SMALL A. C. MOTORS

Consider the many advantages of using precision miniature a.c. motors. Output performance equals that of larger conventional motors - so you can offer smaller, lighter, more compact designs than your competitor. And you can offer superb reliability. When you design around precision miniature motors, their price in quantity is competitive with larger ordinary motors. Globe is the largest precision miniature motor specialist and is working with people like you right now to gain these benefits.
Get in touch with Globe early in the design stage. Very probably Globe has already made a motor close to your requirements. You'll receive a recommendation for your specific job, and get custom prototypes promptly.

Globe's induction and hysteresis-synchronous a.c. motors provide up to 4.5 oz . in. of torque-up to 200 in . Ibs. with a planetary gear reducer! Sizes start at one inch in diameter, and can include such special features as integral brakes, clutches, speed reducers, etc. Please request Bulletin ACM. GLOBE INDUSTRIES, INC., 1784 Stanley Avenue. Dayton 4, Ohio. BAldwin 2-3741.

GLOBE INDUSTRIES, INC. GLOBE meston miniature a.c. ob.c. motobs. actuators timers. Gymos. steppers, blowers motorized devices


## Synchronous and Induction Capacitor Type Motors



R-24. Typical applications for this revers ible, 4 -pole induction motor are in servo mechanisms, as a balancing motur in recording instruments or as a control motor for voltage regulators. It has low rotor inertia for fast response applications. When operated 2 phase, it can be controlled electronically; or operated single phase as apermanent split capacitor motor.
n-25. Typical uses are for recording instruments, dictating and adding machines. Approximately $21 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ " in diameter, it is available in either induction or synchronous construction with reversible rotation.

Both the R-24 and R-25 are available with gear case speeds from $1 / 2$ to 3600 RPM, torque ratings up to 75 oz . inches or higher, and single phase, 2 or 3 phase.


CIRCLE 98 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## The Second Annual <br> INSTRUMENT MOTOR SYMPOSIUM sponsored by Holtzer-Cabot Motor Division

National Pneumatic Co., Inc. will be held in Chicago during the week of the ISA InstrumentAutomation Conference and Exhibit.

Theme: "Today's Trends Tomorrow's Motors"

Speakers: Nationally - known instrument and motor design specialists. Open discussion will follow the prepared remarks.

When: 8:00-10:00 p.m., Tuesday, September 22.

Where: Palmer House,Chicago
How to Register: Members and guests of the ISA may register at Holtzer-Cabot's exhibit (\#368) at the International Amphitheatre on Monday or Tuesday or by writing earlier to the Symposium Chairman: R. H. Matthews, Chief Engineer, Holtzer-Cabot Motor Division, National Pneumatic Co., Inc., 125 Amory Street, Boston, Massachusetts.

## NEW LITERATURE

## Low Temperature Field

This 44 -page book discusses developments in low temperature chemistry, solid state physics, superconductivity, metallurgical research, maser research, and microwave spectrometry. Included in this illustrated book are engineering drawings and performance curves of a line of dewars and containers. Technical datta on liquid helium, hydrogen, and nitrogen are also presented. Hofman Laboratories, Inc., 5 Evans Terminal, Hillside, N.J.

## Electrodes

707
These data sheets describe a line of electrodes, including mild steel, low. hydrogen, and iron powder types. Information is given on welding characteristics, current, welding procedures, physical properties and chemical analysis of deposited metal, and typical applications for each electrode. Chemetron Corp., National Cylinder Gas Div., 840 N . Michigan Ave., Chicago 11, Ill.

## Computer

708
The Univac solid-state computer is fully explained and described in this 12 page booklet, U1770. This system pro vides high-speed processing, compactness accuracy, and reliability. It can be oper ated in an area of 575 sq ft . Remingtor Rand, Div. of Sperry Rand Corp., 315 Park Ave. S., New York 10, N.Y.

## Pofentiometer

102
Performance characteristics and elec trical and mechanical specifications of a precision ac potentiometer are given in this two-page illustrated data sheet. A schematic of a computing circuit is also given as an example of the application of this unit. Perkin-Elmer Corp., Vernistat Div., Norwalk, Conn.

## Cryogenerators

103
This six-page illustrated folder describes four types of cryogenerators. Included are dimensional information, operating principles, refrigeration capacity vs condensing temperature curves, and applications. North American Philips Co., Inc., Cryogenics Div., 100 Stevens Ave., Mount Vernon, N.Y.


A circular adjustable waveguide chart ir dicates RETMA and JAN standards for rectangular waveguides and flanges. One side of the chart indicates all RETMA specifications for the frequency range of 960 mc to 110 kmc . The other side shows IAN specifications for 1.12 to 90 kmc . Information such as waveguide type, fange number, and type of material is witomatically shown in an indicator window. Polytechnic Research \& Developwent Co., Inc., 202 Tillary St., Brooklyn 1, N.Y.

## Void-Free Encapsulation

 106Technical bulletin 101 discusses improved casting techniques for void-free encapsulation of electrical components. This six-page booklet describes problems encountered in evacuation systems, problems caused by improper mold design, and problems arising from poorly selected esin systems. Solutions treated are: postdegassing of atmospherically filled units, pre-degassing vacuum casting, and pressure stalling. Automatic Process Control, 170 Morris Ave., Union, N.J.

## Electroplating

"Selective Plating with the Dalic Process" is a four-page illustrated brochure which describes a process of electroplating selected areas without using immersion tanks. Applications are included. Sifco Metachemical, Inc., 935 E. 63 St., Cleveland 3, Ohio.

## Multi-Channel Amplifier

 108A six-chamel amplifier for use in vibration analysis systems is described in this two-page bulletin. Complete operating specifications, a plot of response vs. frequency, and a discussion of special applications are included. Columbia Research Laboratories, MacDade Blvd. and Bullens Lane, Woodlyn, Pa.

## Potentiometers

109
This catalog describes single turn, wirewound precision potentiometers from 0.5 to 3 in. diameter. Size, mechanical requirements and electrical properties are covered. The units are useful for high reliability applications in aircraft, missile and ground support equipment. Maurey Instrument Corp., 7924 S. Exchange Ave., Chicago 17, Ill.


## cavVari-Sweep

MODEL 400
10-BAND, 15-470 MC SWEEPING OSCILLATOR SPECIFICATIONS
 15.470 cW , Signal Source): Fund. Vrea.. overlopping bands. Direct-reading freq. dial. Swoop Width: $60 \%$ of center frea. to $50 \mathrm{mc}_{\text {; }}$
of least 30 mc max, $50-400 \mathrm{mc}$; opprox. 20
mc max obove 400 me . Swoep Rote: Cont. variable, 10.40 cps ; locks 10 Output: 10 V
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ohms ( 50 on request) to $220 \mathrm{mc}: 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ rms to
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Dim. \& Weight: $9 \%^{\prime \prime} \times 191_{2^{\prime \prime}} \times 13^{\prime \prime}, 34 \mathrm{lbs}$
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DIGITAL
$1-119 \mathrm{db}$ Attenuation in 1-db Steps SPECIFICATIONS

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Impodance In & Out: Choice of 50, 70, or 90
Ds Swirchod: 119 dbecial order.
DE Switchod: }119\textrm{db}\mathrm{ in 1-db sleps.
Attenuation Steps: 10 db & 1 db.
Insortion Loss: Zero of low frea; approx. 0.1
Max. Polal Error lincl. aboval: 1.0 db at 250
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SWR: $1.2: 1$ to $250 \mathrm{mc} ; 1.4: 1$ max, 250.500 mc
Max. Power: $1 / 2$ watf.
switches: Silver contacts set in tefion
Resistors: $1 \%$ Carbon Film.
Dim. $\&$ Weight: $5^{\prime \prime}$ dia. $\times 21 / 4^{\prime \prime \prime}, 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}$
Price: $\$ 195.00$, f.o.b factory

## Dependable...longlived...rechargeable

This child holds a voice in her hand... the Kett Electro-Larynx. A push of a button sets a column of air vibrating in her throat, gives sound to words formed with mute lips.

The Electro-Larynx will prove a boon to thousands of people who cannot speak for one reason or another To give it a reliable, long lasting, sealed rechargeable source of power, Kett Engineering Corp. chose a Gulton "VO" series sealed nickel cadmium button cell battery.

## How Can You Use These Batteries?

Here is a partial list of the many ways imaginative engineers are employing Gulton button cell batteries: transistorized radios, prosthetic devices, missiles, flashlights, photoflash power packs-wherever small size, large capacity, light weight, long life, no maintenance, complete reliability, and easy recharging are desired.

## Most Complete Line Avallable

"VO" cells are available in capacities of $100,180,250$, 500 and 1750 mah ; have a nominal 1.2 voltage; can be packaged in any combination to meet your voltage specs. Patented sintered plate construction provides exceptional cycling characteristics; highest capacity per unit size. Like more information? Write us for Bulletin No. VO-110.

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92-15 172nd Street, Jamaica, New York
Write for
$\begin{gathered}\text { 1959-A Cotalog } \\ \text { Dept. ED-9 }\end{gathered}$ Maple Ave * Pine Brook, M. J.

CIRCLE 110 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
Gulton Industries, Inc.
Alkaline Battery Division, Metuchen, New Jersey CIRCLE III ON READER-SERVICE CARD


Effective component protection is hard to supply under conditions of violent acceleration, high ambient temperature, and vicious vibration. But in military electronic gear, transistors mus get unfailing protection against these threats to reliable operation
They get it, most fully, with atlee mounting clips.
atlee clips are provably better in three ways:
HOLDING POWER. Under severe shock and vibration, these clips actually mold themselves tighter to the transistors. There's no visible shifting or twisting, no lead-breaking resonance, and the dislodging force actually increases.
coolng efficiency. With atlee clips, this approaches to within $10 \%$ of "infinity" - the ideal derating curve for a transistor with an infinite heat sink which keeps the case temperature from rising above the ambient level.
electrical insulation. When required, these clips can be coated with Dalcoat B - an exclusive high-dielectric enamel that has twice the dielectric strength of Teflon but conducts heat as well as mica.
There are still more reasons why engineers who seek perfection choose atlee transistor clips. They know that Atlas E-E is the pioneering company in the development of component holders of all types, with unequalled years of specialized experience, and a complete line of clips for all case sizes and mounting requirements. They have learned it costs no more to get the best . . . and that Atlas F-E makes these "little things" as though they were the biggest things in the circuit.
DESIGN FOR RELIABILITY WITH atlee - a completc line of superior heat-dissipating holders and shields, plus the experience and skill to help you solve unusual problems of holding and cooling electronic components.

CIRCLE 112 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## NEW LITERATURE

## Magnetic Recording

Methods of reducing signal dropouts in magnetic tape are discussed in bulletin No. 37. The four-page bulletin is called Sound Talk, illustrated with photo-micrographs of common types of coated-in tape flaws and photographs showing the effect of small dust specks on recorded data tracks. Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co., 900 Bush Ave., St. Paul 6, Minn.

## Electric Eyes

114
Applications for electric eyes in the process industries are given in bulletin No. 522. Using the problem and solution technique, the bulletin covers usual and unusual installations that have been made for instant and accurate monitoring of process flows. Descriptions of standard and special instruments, and drawings of sample tanks and look boxes are included. Photomation, Inc., 96 S. Washington Ave., Bergenfield, N.J.

## Tape Vault

Illustrated data sheet 147 provid complete technical specifications on wal in Netic Co-Netic magnetically shielded recording tape storage vault. This vault prevents stray magnetic fields from darıaging magnetic tape recordings. Perfe tion Mica Co., Magnetic Shield Div, 1322 N. Elston Ave., Chicago 22, Ill.

## Encoders

Illustrated bulletin No. 319 fully ds. scribes the C-100 and C-200 series shaft position encoders. Mechanical, physical, and electrical specifications are given, as well as installation and adjustment instructions. Dimensional diagrams are also provided. Datex Corp., 1307 S Myrtle Ave., Monrovia, Calif.

## Circuit Board

117
Catalog sheet 901-B, 2 pages, describes a circuit board for circuit analysis and electronic training. Physical and dimensional specifications are given, as well as instructions on assembly and applica tions. Plastic Associates, 185 Mountain Rd., Laguna Beach, Calif.

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## - built with top quality materials, impregnated with moisture-resistant varnish, and $100 \%$ tested to exacting specifications.

## SUB-MINIATURE RANGE:

-15 items, with inductances from .17 to 300 - microhenries. Form dimensions: $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ diameter $\times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ long. Mounting hole: $11 / 64^{\prime \prime}$

## MINIATURE RANGE:

-15 items, from. 4 to 800 microhenries. Form dimensions: $1 / 4^{\prime \prime \prime}$ diameter $\times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ long. Mounting hole: $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.
STANDARD RANGE:
-13 items, from . 9 to 2100 microhenries. Form dimensions: $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diameter $\times 1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ long. Mounting hole: $1 / 4$


Immediate deliveries on larger quantities from the factory. Over 400,000 catalog items carried regularly in stock. Smaller quantities from any leading parts distributor. Miller R.F. coils are competitively priced.
Specials - send us your requirements for a prompt quotation. We also build to Military Specifications. Write for the Miller industrial catalog.

J. W. MILLER COMPANY<br>5917 S. Main St., Los Angeles 3, Calif

This 12 -page booklet illustrates and describes a line of millimeter wave compone nts and instruments which generate, detect and measure microwave frequencies up to 140 kmc . Performance characteristics, precision construction features, and dimensional drawings are supplied for trinsmission line components, detectors, power absorbing units, phase shifters, and accessories. DeMornay-Bonardi, 780 S. Arroyo Parkway, Pasadena, Calif.

## Amplifiers

Five two-page bulletins describe a complete line of miniature, lightweight amplifiers and power supply for magnetic tape recording. Electrical, environmental, dimensional, and mechanical specifications are given on: a miniature analog record amplifier, bulletin 1592; an analog record amplifier with microphone preamplifier, bulletin 1593A; a pdm record amplifier, bulletin 1594A; an fm record amplifier, bulletin 1595; and a power supply, bulletin 1597. Consolidated Electrodynamics Corp., 360 Sierra Madre Villa, Pasadena, Calif.

## Iron Tubing

Ingot iron tubing is described in twopage bulletin No. 18. Tables are provided which list the nominal chemical analysis, mechanical and physical properties, standard production limits and standard tubing tolerances. Applications for this tubing include magnetrons and other power tubes, cold cathodes, pencil-type thermocouple protection tubes and low temperature muffle tubes for strand annealing wire. Superior Tube Co., 1521 Germantown Ave., Norristown, Pal

## Wire Markers

122
This four-page brochure describes a line of self-adhering markers for all size wire, cable and harness identification. Included are descriptions of a variety of stock and special markers for use in high temperature applications, or markers which are resistant to water, oils, solvents, and fungus. Descriptions are also given of preprinted insulation sleeving and tubing. Western Lithograph Co., Westline Products Div., 600 E. Second St., P.O. Box 2980, Term. Annex, Los Angeles 54, Calif.

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General purpose nylon, Iligh Melting Point, Good Machinability.
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The garlock packing company, Palmyra, N. Y.

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Contacts used in world-famous Cannon Plugs must be capable of withstanding corroeffects of repeated engagement and dusengage
ment. The photographs, taken by Cannon in ment. The photographs, taken by Cannon in 24 K gold plate failed to meet the requirements of this application.

Both samples were plated with 60 -millionths of gold over silver, plate, and were photographed after an hor 's exposiure to an
atmosphere of moist hydrogen sulfide. The atmosphere of moist hydrogen sulfide. The contacts plated with 24 K gold tarnished and
roughened-those plated with Sel-Rex Bright
Gold Alloy $\mathrm{S}-42$ retained their original mir-
ror-bright finish. "At Cannon Electric, SelRex Bripht Gold Alloy S-42 has been instru-
mental in solving wear and tamish problems mental in solving wear and tamish problems
encountered in connectors used in aircraft. encountered in connectors used in aircraft,
and intricate missile and electronic components."
The foregoing is just another of our many case histories which prove that: "From Mis-
siles and Rockets to Misses and Locketsthere's a Sel-Rex Precious Metal Plating Process to help you make your product better, For other case histories, technical infor-
mation and application data, ask for ML-1.

## NEW LITERATURE

## Welded Assemblies

Eight-page brochure "Welded Assemblies" describes the firm's welded assembly technique for high density packaging of electronic components. The packaged assemblies, miniaturized into modular sticks, are encapsulated with plug-in terminals. Illustrations of various types are provided. Raytheon Co., Industrial Tube Div., 55 Chapel St., Newton 58, Mass.

## Thermocouples

This three-page reprint, "Thermocouples Made Practical," describes the origin of common mode voltages and the errors these signals introduce into typical measuring systems. A method of reducing common mode voltage by increasing the rejection ratio via a low impedance bus bar is discussed. Cohu Electronics, Inc., Kin Tel Div., 5725 Kearny Villa Rd., San Diego 11, Calif.

## Wire and Cable Terms

A pocket-sized booklet, "Glossary Wire and Cable Terms," lists alphabeti cally common terms, expressions, a ad units used in the electrical wire and calle industry. Write on company letterhead to Standard Wire and Cable Co., Dept. ED 3440 Overland Ave., Los Angeles 34 Calif.

## Random Signal Meter

Bulletin No. 55 describes morle TBM-2 random signal meter, a true rin voltmeter with long averaging time, high peak factor, and extended frequency re sponse. This meter is used for high accu racy random signal power measurement filtered or broadband. Flow Corp., 8 Mystic St., Arlington 74, Mass

## Knob Catalog

Four-page bulletin 59-3 illustrates and describes a line of knobs for military and commercial applications. Complete spec fications are given on five sizes, six styles three shaft diameters and two finishes National Radio Co., Inc., Melrose 76 Mass.


CIRCLE 132 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

## Magnetic Clutches

A line of magnetic clutches and clutch brakes is described in this four-page catalog. Environmental, electrical, and mechanical specifications are given, along with short descriptions of each model. Dimensional diagrams and illustrations are also provided. Dynamic Instrument Corp., 59 New York Ave., Westbury, N.Y.

## Control Systems

"Instrumentation and Control," eight pages, describes and illustrates instruments for five process variables: pressure, How, temperature, level, and gas analysis. A universal electronic recorder and allelectric combustion control systems are also described. The Hays Corp., Michigan City, Ind.

## Transistor Mounting Kits

This one-page data sheet describes transistor mounting kits. Dimensional diagrams and exploded-view drawings are provided. Kits are available with anodized aluminum or Teflon-coated fiberglass insulators. Bendix Aviation Corp., Semiconductor Products, Red Bank Div. Long Branch, N.J.

## Test Systems

Automatic testing, microwave and antenna test instrumentation, radome testing systems, and fight simulation equipment are covered in this 12-page illustrated catalog. Electrical and physical specifications are provided for a variety of testers, including tape-programmed cir cuit, card-programmed component, and cable testers. California Technical Industries, 1421 Old County Rd., Belmont, Calif.

## Packaged Circuits for Hi-Fi

Bulletin 42-739, four pages, describes 29 packaged circuits that the firm has designed and produced specifically for stereo and monophonic high-fidelity applications. Included are rumble and scratch filters, phono equalizers, compensation and tone circuits, as well as amplifiers and output stage circuits. The schematic drawing of each packaged circuit shows the values and tolerances of the components in it. Performance curves are shown where applicable. GlobeUnion, Inc., Centralab Div., 900 E. Keefe Ave., Milwankee 1, Wis.


CIRCLE 138 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


MASU is no match for our MOCN

Proving one man's maximum is another man's minimum
Coy modesty may be a becoming trait, but not if you want to sell rectifiers-so we boldly take aim with a few revealing contrasts . . . Brand "U" boasts their 1.5 amp rectifier leaks only $2000 \mu \mathrm{mps}$ at 400 volts, whereas we scrap any 6 amp diode that leaks $500 \mu \mathrm{mps}$ at 600 volts ( $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). It will pay you to look closely at the typical comparisons sampled below, especially since you can buy such superior Bradlcy rectifiers at lower prices than the also-rans. Why not get the extra Bradley margin of reliability?

| Write us your diode requirements: We will send you applicable dasa sheets. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{6}{\sqrt{5} 11}$ | - Bradley 8 amp: $1.0 \mu \mathrm{a}$ @ $600 \mathrm{v}\left(25^{\circ}\right)$ <br> Brand W 1.5 amp: $20 \mu \mathrm{a} @ 400 \mathrm{v}$ <br> Brand W 3 amp: $50 \mu \mathrm{\mu}$ @ 400v <br> Brand X 3 amp: $10 \mu \mathrm{a} @ 200-600 \mathrm{v}$ <br> Brand Y 1 amp: $2 \mu \mathrm{a} @ 500 \mathrm{v}$ |
|  | SWITCHING TIME (Recovery Time) <br> - Bradley - 6 amp (not $\mu \mathrm{a}$ ): $2 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ Brand X - $1200 \mu \mathrm{a}: 2 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ |

## BRADLEY SEMICOMDUCTOR CORPORATION

Formerly Bredley Laboratories Inc.


275 Welton street, new haven 11. CONNECTICUT circle 139 on reader-service card


## Now - Quick, Reliable Remote Coaxial Switching

Jennings vacuum coaxial relays were specially designed to solve the problem of remote switching of $31 / 8$ inch coaxial lines for television, communications, and radar transmitters at high frequencies and high power levels. Aided by their vacuum dielectric these coaxial relays offer:
Low contact resistance that remains permanently low.
Consistent and reliable low loss operation without maintenance problems.
Unprecedented safety factor-Contacts are not damaged if the relay is accidentally switched hot, because there is very little arcing during current interruption.

## SPECIFICATIONS

SPDT RC21F (above) Impedance-50 ohms Frequency range-0 to 600 me . VSWR-1. 03 at 200 me . and 1.09 al 600 mc . Power rating- 3 megawall peak 20 kw average at 500 mc . Insertion loss -0.05 db max.


Simple fittings are available for use with the RC10 coaxial relay that permit assembling multiple units switches and assoclated fittings which allows 3 transmitters to be switched to any of 4 antennas or to trunking output left and right, and to dummy load termination.

SPST RCIO Impedance-50 ohms Power rating-50 kw average to 60 mc . Frequency range -0 to 100 mc . VSWR-1. 02 max. at 30 mc .1 .05 max. af 60 mc .

## NEW LITERATURE

## Step-Servo Motors

This data sheet provides mechanical and electrical specifications for ten different step-servo motors. Sizes 5, 8, 11, 15 and 23 are included. These motors are designed for digital-to-analog conversion in 45 deg reversible increments up to 120 pulses per sec. Induction Motors of California, 60.58 Walker Ave., Maywood, Calif.

## Frequency Converfer

Four-page bulletin 2024 describes a broad range frequency converter for 15 to $40,000 \mathrm{cps}$ inputs. Complete electrical and dimensional specifications are given, including frequency ranges and linearities at various output ratios, output current at various linearities, accuracies, filtering, time constants, and power requirements. George L. Nankervis Co., 15300 Fullerton, Detroit 27, Mich.

## Reciangular Conneciors

143
Specifications, outline dimensions and general information on miniature rectangular connectors for heavy duty power applications are given in this series 200 four-page brochure. Contact arrangements include coaxial, No. 16 and No. 18 awg wires. DeJur-Amsco Corp., Electronic Sales Div., 45-01 Northern Blvd., Long Island City 1, N.Y.

## Power Amplifier

 144This two-page illustrated bulletin describes the firm's model 1012 power amplifier. Electrical and physical specifications are given, including a graph of output voltage vs. load impedance. The frequency range of the amplifier is from 0 to 12.5 meg , with a drop-off of 6 db at the upper limit. Technitrol Engineering Co., 1952 E. Allegheny Ave., Philadelphia 34, Pa.

## Masking

145
Four-page illustrated catalog M-24 describes a line of masking aids for painting or plating operations. Included are illustrations and specifications for masking tape discs in sizes from $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. in diam, discs for anodized surfaces, taper and selfthreading plugs, and narrow masking tape. By-Buk Co., 4314 W. Pico Blvd., Los Angeles 19, Calif.

## Toggle Switches

 146Data sheet 160 describes a series of precision pull-to-unlock toggle switches. Included are photographs, dimensional drawings, electrical ratings, and performance characteristics. These switches have a positive locking device which holds the toggle lever in a set position. Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co., Micro Switch Div., Freeport, Ill.

## Phofoelectric Control Catalog 147

Bulletin GEA-6822, 16 pages, describes the firm's line of photoelectric controls used for counting, sorting, signaling, detecting, or limiting. Included are descriptins, specifications, and pricing data on the self-contained relay, transistorized relay, high-speed relay, long-distance relay and electronic timer. General Electric Co., Schenectady 5, N.Y.

## Magnetic Clutch

148
This two-page data sheet describes the C-18 magnetic clutch. General specifications, average characteristics, and special requirements of this unit are given. The clutch has as much as 400 per cent more output torque than conventional clutches of comparable size. Guidance Controls Corp., 110 Duffy Ave., Hicksville, N.Y.

## Power Supply

149
Detailed electrical and physical specifications on a transistorized power supply are offered in two-page bulletin No. S-2-19. The unit is designed to develop from 26 to 2000 v dc at 100 w output power from an input of 28 v dc. Included are dimensional drawings and ordering information. Arnold Magnetics Corp., 4613 W. Jefferson Blvd., Los Angeles 16, Calif.

## Soldering Guide

150
"A Guide to Preform Soldering," 8 pages, provides information on solder preforms and their use. Included are data on the range of preform shapes, the alloys from which they are made, and their use in automated production processes. Also described are heating methods, flux selection, metals characteristics and alloy selection. Alloys Unlimited, Inc., 21-01 43 Ave., Long Island City 1, N.Y.

## Plastic Resins

736
Eight-page catalog presents basic information oл Cycolac plastic resins. Mechanical, electrical, tl ermal and impact strength properties for types T H, L, and C are given. Borg-Warner Corp., Marbon Chemical Dis., Box 68, Washington, W. V..

## Power Supplies

737
Bulletin HVVC-9.5, two pages, describes constint current and constant voltage switch-over regulated power supplies. Electrical and mechanical data are provided. Matthew Labs, 3344 Fort Independence St.. New York 63, N.Y.

## Film Capacifors

738
Six-page bulletin 2036A provides electrical and dimensional characteristics of miniature capacitors which use a polyester film dielectric. Included are capacitance change and dissipation factor vs temperature graphs. Sprague Electric Co., North Adams. Mass.

## Conversion Factors

This wall chart of conversion factors includes common conversions as well as some that are difficult to locate in manuals. Examples are atmospheres to $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$ to $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{hr}$, and quintals to pounds. Precision Equipment Co., 4411E Ravenswood Ave., Chicago 40, Ill.

## Fasteners

740
Technical file folder describes aircraft, missile, and electronic fasteners. It provides data on the precision, accuracy, and dependable service of screws, bolts, and stop-nuts. Century Fasteners Corp., 88 Sanford St., Brooklyn 5, N.Y.

## Transistor Choppers

Transistor chopper applications are discussed in this two-page bulletin. An equivalent switching circuit and two coupling circuits are given, as well as circuits showing the use of choppers in a stable dc amplifier and a fast response position servo s!stem. Solid State Electronics Co., 8158 Orion Aive., Van Nuys, Calif.

## Transistor Chopper

This two-page data sheet describes model 70 silicon transistor electronic chopper for high temperature applications. Mechanical and electrical in ormation and typical applications are provided. Sclid State Electronics Co., 8158 Orion Ave., Van Nuys, Calif.

## ELECTRONIC ENGINEERNG DATA

> Nomogram for Fractional Horsepower Motors and Transmissions

Merkle-Korff Gear Co. 213 N. Morgan Chicago 7, ll.

T
HE RELATIONSHIP between torque, rpm, and hp for motors is given by:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{hp}=\frac{\mathrm{rpm} \times \text { torque (lb-ft) }}{5252} \\
& =\frac{\mathrm{rpm} \times \text { torque (lb-in.) }}{63,025}
\end{aligned}
$$

The accompanying nomogram is useful as a time-saver during design work involving fractional horsepower motors and transmissions.
For additional copies, turn to the Reader-Service Card and circle 716.


The AEL " 138 ". . . A TRULY UNIVERSAL PULSER

- SINGLE OR RECURRENT PULSES
- PULSE PAIRS OR PULSE TRAINS
- PULSE WIDTHS FROM $1 \mu$ SEC. TO I SEC.
- PULSE WIDTHS FROM
- REVERSIBLE POLARITY
- 35 VOLTS into a 50 OHM LOAD
- REPETITION RATES FROM $1 / 2$ CYCLE PER SEC.


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## Lessening of Diode Confusion Seen By Industry Leaders

Industry executives expect Electronic Industries Association to get cooperation so that new diode type numbers are not issued indiscriminately. EIA has established a new Standards Lab to comparison-test diodes.

Industry leaders were quick to praise Electronic Dfisign's recent diode report as accurately describing the imbroglio over too many types ("IDiodes-Choice Performance, but Difficult Choice," June 10, 1959). They were equally quick to express confidence that the industry's associations, the Electronic Industries Association (EIA) and the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), would tighten requirements in registering new diodes. And the user is certainly not blameless for encouraging too many diode types, according to manufacturers.

In describing the situation that has led to the present mammoth list of diode types for designers, Electronic Design editors found the problem too complex technically and too fraught with economic and political ramifications to be solved readily. But an analysis of the problem has made it clear that industry will have to take forthright steps to unscramble the diode classification or the military may move in.

## The Problem Again In Brief .

Here is the problem, as originally reported in Electronic Design:

- The introduction of over 1500 new diodes last year brings the total to an unwieldy 4000.
- Of the $\mathbf{4 0 0 0}$ types, many are too much like previously announced units to warrant a new number.
- Of those that are different, the degree of difference of many is still too slight to justify their existence as separate types.
- Published characteristics are unreliable guides to diode selection, since manufacturers do not measure characteristics alike.
- Industry's progress in standardizing test procedures has béen lagging.
- Spokesmen for leading companies admit they have not been submitting data to EIA in the recommended form that would permit comparison.

Top executives in the diode industry and top civilian authorities in the Department of Defens were asked by the magazine what they thought could be done. Their replies are presented here in summary form; detailed letters follow in full.
The problem was posed to executives in the diode industry in the following manner:
"In the enclosed issue we recommend that in dustry move forward with more deliberate speed in establishing standard test conditions and parameter definitions. This will mean that one diode can be compared to another and a realistic interchangeability list can be compiled. It will also mean that fewer new type numbers need be assigned. We also recommend that EIA be given the power to refuse to list new types if they do not differ significantly from older registered types, and that the standardization of common types be encouraged. We would like to know how you feel about our description of the problem and what solutions you recommend."

## Suggestions and Answers ...

- The new EIA Standards Lab and curren activity of the Joint Electron Device Engineering Council (JEDEC) may lead to elimination of many types. Government may have to take the initiative and standardize some diodes and rectifiers.
- Standard formats for reserving and register ing types will clear up confusion. The JS com mittees of JEDEC are working on this. Formats are in existence for some types. EIA reports "good cooperation" from manufacturers.
- EIA should tighten registration procedure sufficiently to preclude attempts by less repu table diode manufacturers to use EIA numbers as sales gimmicks.
- Periodic reviews of diode lists by member companies might result in agreement to drop certain types.
- Military practice of updating preferred lists
is a step in the right direction.
- Registration rules should be revised, so that minor product variations use existing numbers. Differences can be noted by letter suffixes.
- Users will have to accept JEDEC's standardized formats and recommended test procedures in writing specifications for diodes.
- Users should work with manufacturers in using types suggested by manufacturers as standards."
- Users should specify EIA registered types and not demand specials that require separate "house" numbers.
- Small quantity users should follow the lead of large companies and accept their standard types.


## Recent Activity

last month the nation's two major trade assoiations with an interest in the semiconductor industry, EIA and NEMA, announced an integrated program to tackle the areas of technical standards. The cooperative standardization program will be conducted through JEDEC.
The Armed Services Electro Standards Agency (ASESA) sends representatives to JEDEC committee meetings. ASESA guides and assists industrial efforts to develop semiconductor devices for military applications.

Since May, EIA has been operating a Standards Lab under the direction of G. F. Hohn. The Standards Lab is concerned with coding systems, comparisons of different diode types, and standardized test measurements. Mr. Hohn reports that manufacturers are now following the standard formats for submitting data and that standardized test methods may soon evolve.
Civilian spokesman for the Department of Defense told Electronic Design, in a meeting :alled by the Office of the Director of Defense Research and Engineering, that they are now working up a list of standardized semiconductors, which include diodes. To keep abreast of rapid developments in the field they will also publish lists of latest types which show promise of replacing earlier types.
Faced with the problem of evaluating new levices while also reducing the total number of parts being used in military equipment, the military is looking into the problem of revising its mis thod of managing the preparation of specifications. Of great concern to it is the problem of rellucing the cost of getting reliable data, and new p. cifications call for standard test methods.

Jespite signs of progress to make the diode


## Low Cost Transistorized 

NJE answers the engineers' quest for a low cost transistorized power supply that is fully capable of remote sensing and remote programming-a power supply impervious to overloads or short circuits.
These compact, flexible NJE power supplies are designed in a new "half rack" modular
concept suitable for laboratory bench use or in rack installations* as a component part of your equipment. They are also capable of series or parallel operation. Component derating and construction conform to the highest commercial practices.

| Cheche these specs! | modEL TR-18-2 | modEL TR-36-1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 0.18 VDC | 0.36 VDC |
| Current Range | 0.2 amps | 0.1 amp |
| Load Regulation $(0-100 \%)$ | $\pm 0.05 \%$ or $\pm 2 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 0.05 \%$ or $\pm 2 \mathrm{mv}$ |
| Line Regulation $( \pm 10 \%)$ | $\pm 0.1 \%$ or $\pm 3 \mathrm{mv}$ | $\pm 0.1 \% \mathrm{or} \pm 3 \mathrm{mv}$ |
| RMS Ripple | 1 millivolt | 1 millivolt |
| Internal Impedance (DC-20KC) | 0.1 ohm max. | 0.2 ohm max. |

## WRITE TODAY FOR COMPLETE TECHNICAL DATA

Models in stock subject to prior sale - $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 0}$ each net; quantity discounts available - "Suitable front panels for rack mountings are available on order (single supply panel, Model RP1 $\$ 15$ each net; dual supply panel, Model RP2 $\$ 15$ each net)

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## AS DIGITAL VOLTMETERS

with SYSTRON'S NEW MODEL 1230 VOLTAGE to TIME CONVERTER FEATURES: PROVIDES:

The development of Systron's new Model 1230 now makes it possible to convert any existing period or time counter into a precision high speed digital voltmeter. Connects directly to Systron Models 1010, 1040, 1043 and 1031 to provide an IN-LINE readout ( $\pm 10,000$ ) of DC voltages.
Systron manufactures IN-LINE Counters for laboratory, military and industrial applications, as well as complete Data Processing and Control Systems tailored to meet individual specifications.

Write today for complere specifications of Model 1230 and your free copy of our new Short form Catalog...



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# BENDIX SR RACK and panel connector 

## with outstanding resistance to vibration

The Bendix type SR rack and panel electrical connector provides exceptional resistance to vibration. The low engagement force gives it a decided advantage over existing connectors of this type.
Adding to the efficiency of this rack and panel connector is the performance-proven Bendix "clip-type" closed entry socket. Insert patterns are available to mate with existing equipment in the field.
Available in general duty, pressurized or potted types, each with temperature range of $-67^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+257^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

Here, indeed, is another outstanding Bendix product that should be your first choice in rack and panel connectors.


## SCINTILLA DIVISION

SIDNEY, NEW YORK


 CIRCLE 186 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
user's job easier, real improvement may be slnn in coming for two basic reasons. The military not interested in forcing standardization on in dustry because it does not want to interfere $w$ th technical progress in the field. Industry associa. tions must operate on the basis of getting voliontary cooperation from the industry, as any attermp to pressure the industry into conformance could be construed as action in violation of anti-trust laws. This risk is being avoided at the expense of standardization.
Hope therefore lies mainly in the volunt:ry adoption of recommendations that will be for 1 . coming from JS Committees.

## Letters Recelved

## Standard Needed Says NEMA

Dear Sir:
I am writing this letter to discuss the problem of diode selection which you described in the June 10, 1959 issue of Electronic Design.
In the 4000 available types there are thre separate devices: diodes, rectifiers, and Zener diodes. Before going further it is necessary to dis tinguish between a semiconductor diode and semiconductor rectifier. While it could be argued that any two terminal asymmetrical semiconductor is a diode, in defining the scopes of the JEDEC (Joint Electron Device Engineering Council Committees, the JEDEC Semiconductor Counci found it necessary to write two pragmatic defini tions which would distinguish between the two Essentially, a diode is used to handle information: a rectifier is used to convert ac to dc. While some devices can be used for both purposes, over 90 per cent of all types fall into one or the other category.

Twenty four per cent of all JEDEC registered devices are diodes; 37 per cent are rectifiers; 39 per cent are Zener diodes. The basic cause of confusion is the lack of standardization. The semi conductor industry recognizes this and is taking steps to solve it through JEDEC. The National Electrical Manufacturers Assoc. (NEMA) and Electronic Industries Assoc. (EIA) Semiconductor Sections have asked the JS Committees to develop standard registration formats for all semiconduc tor devices. At present, a manufacturer can regis ter a device by submitting his own commercial data sheets to the EIA Engineering Office which administers JEDEC for EIA and NEMA. It is anticipated that in the future, all devices will be registered on standard formats using the same definitions and basis of ratings.
To clarify the confusion that exists concerning rectifiers, three things are needed: (1) standard format, (2) standard voltage and current ratings, (3) mechanical standardization. The JS-1 Commit-
ee on Power Rectifiers is working on a standard ormat. By using a standard current and voltage ating the entire industry could use the same eries of ratings of current and voltage. For eximple, all devices might be rated at $5,10,25,50$, $5,100 \mathrm{v}$, etc. The manufacturer could specify his levices in one of these voltages and the designer ould use the devices in accordance with his requirements. This is also on the agenda of JS-1. The JS-10 Committee on Mechanical Rectifiers las started a mechanical standardization program on rectifiers. These programs are being co-ordinated with ASESA (Armed Services Electro Standards Agency) and the Industrial Control, Industrial Automatic Systems, and Power Rectifier Equipment Sections of NEMA. In this way, user and manufacturer are working together to develop realistic standards satisfactory to all.
Another reason why there are so many type numbers is because of the large number of regulating devices (mistakenly called Zener Diodes), which are on the market. Standardized formats and packages will minimize JEDEC registrations, but the problem with regulating devices is that the voltage rating of a number of devices with nearly the same avalanche voltage cannot be grouped together. For example, any rectifier with a peak inverse voltage over 0 v may be rated at 10 v . However, a given Zener diode has a unique avalanche voltage and can be used at only one voltage. A manufacturer must have a code for identifying his product. It requires 38 voltage ratings and 38 numbers to market a line of regulating diodes in a given package to cover the range from 5 to 200 v in 10 per cent steps.
The basic problem with diodes is again lack of standardized formats and method of specification, but it is further complicated by the lack of standardization among the users. Most large users of diodes have their own internal standards department, and each one has his own definitions and symbols. The JS-2 Committee on Signal Diodes has also been asked to prepare a standard format. Here, however, unless the users use this format also, the number of types and overlapping specifications will continue to increase because no diode manufacturer will turn down business because a customer hasn't written the specification on a standard format.
The only way the number and type of diodes and rectifiers will be minimized is through joint co-operation between the manufacturers and users. Standardization of definitions, ratings, and I ackages will benefit the entire industry and is the only solution to the confusion described in your article.

> Philip D. Goodman, Chairman NEMA
> Power Semiconductor Components Section (Continued on p. 94)



## New Electra Precision Metal Film Resistor

Here is an entirely new achievement in electronic components; one of the biggost steps forward in years. This precision metal film resistor offers you precision and stability that formerly was available only in a wire wound resistor, yet it is much smalier in sale much lower in cost, also has far superior high frequency characteristics. Avaifable in fivis-sizes from $1 / 8$ to 2 watts, the new Electra Precision Metal Film Resistor meets or excuegs Mil-R-10509C, Characteristic C, and can be supplfed in any of eight standard tomporeture coefficient tolerances. Why not let us supply you fuil details by returir man Write todayl

## CHECK THESE OUTSTANDING TEST RESUCTS



## No Clear Cut Solution

Dear Sir:
As a member of the diode and transistor manu facturing fraternity, I have read with considerable interest the article in the June 10, 1959 issue of Electronic Design entitled, "DiodesChoice Performance . . . But Difficult Choice." would say that you have described the problen well but intentionally more from the point of the user than from that of the supplier. A reputable and more responsible diode manufacturer de pends more upon technological advancement in the registration of new types than upon sales gimmicks designed to deceive, to confuse, and to represent his product as something different. He, too deplores the existence of the array of diode types from the standpoint of inventory and the high cost of testing diodes to unusual specifications, to say nothing of the wide variety of equipment required and the investment it represents.

Aside from lacking the time required to push vigorously for standardization, however, a diode manufacturer sees several basic facts which work against such standardization. They are the follow ing:

1. Semiconductor device technology is still in the growth stage, and today's premium diode is tomorrow's reject. The rate of growth of the technology is decreasing perceptibly, but new materials and techniques can set it climbing once more. Really new devices require new numbers. The problem lies in how to get rid of the old ones.
2. Premium diodes cannot yet be made with high yield to difficult specifications. In some cases, to meet the specifications of the user, the diode manufacturer must be satisfied with yields as low as ten per cent. Those units failing to meet the tight specification must then either be charged to the premium spec customer or sold under another number. This procedure is perfectly legitimate inasmuch as the majority of the "rejects" may be highly reliable and comparable with diodes which are "premium" by other standards. In short, the analogy to 6 v 6 tubes is a poor one, at least for the foreseeable future.
3. At the request of major customers, even reputable diode manufacturers will register units only slightly different from existing types if a major customer requires large numbers of units and wishes to establish a second source for the identical type.
4. Circuit designers these days are called upon to produce circuits which will out-perform their predecessors, and they call upon diode manufacturers for faster recovery time, increased power handling capacity, higher maximum temperature ratings, and the like. Small improvements are gratefully received, and a new number is frequently generated as a result of improvement in
ny one of the areas specified.
5. A retention of old types on procurement li ts of the military poses a problem, but the ligistics and supply problem of the military is a) even greater one, and spares have a habit of prpetuating themselves.
I can offer no dramatic solution to the problem. Having been on past EIA standardization committees for diodes, I am aware of the difficulties "hich that organization faces in attempting to citablish consistency among manufacturers without creating very serious and costly problems for certain member companies. The industry is experiencing growth pains, and cleaning house completely seems out of the question. EIA has tightened and should tighten registration procedures sufficiently to preclude attempts by the less reputable diode manufacturers to employ EIA numbers as sales gimmicks. Perhaps periodic reviews of diode lists by member companies would result in agreement to drop certain types. Without a change in EIA rules, however, the vote must be unanimous. The military practice of updating JAN and preferred lists is certainly a step in the right direction.

Harper Q. North, President
Pacific Semiconductors, Inc

## The User is Responsible Too

## Dear Sir:

The diode problem covered in your June 10th issue of Electronic Design has been one of increasing concern to me for quite some time. The rapid advance of the "state of the art" in semiconductors coupled with increased reliability, conductance, speed, and subminiaturization demands from industry have necessitated a rapid successive introduction of many new diode types. I am confident that these necessary types could be capably dealt with by the user through industry standardization of test procedures and parameters.
Through JEDEC, the industry has recently tiken two steps that I am certain will be of assistance in this matter:

1. It has evolved a standard registration format for diodes, and EIA will have the authority to refuse registration unless registration is requested in accordance with this format. Accordingly, all diodes registered in the future will be more easily cross-referenced because of their being categorized to the same format and test procedures.
2. It will require that EIA charge both memliers and nonmembers for the service of registration. The amount of the charge has not yet been decided upon, but it is their desire to make it sulficient to deter manufacturers from indiscriminate registration of devices that are actually not unique.
The problem that we have been incapable of (Continued on p. 96)
fixed composition RESISTORS
Today's slickest looking resistors . . . and every bit as good as they look! Unmatched for load life and moisture resistance. They're approved resistorsdirect from a MIL-R-II approved manufacturer. And now, for the first time, you can get such resistors in a full line of RC-42 (2-watt); RC-32 (1-watt) and RC-20 ( $1 / 2$-wat) types IMMEDIATELY from distributors' stocks at rock-boHom prices!

## Now! PICK 'EM OFF DISTRIBUTORS' SHELVES!

. . . for military prototypes, small runs, production emergencies or "hurry-up" projects

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. . . at lowest prices in lots up to 1,000 resistors of a value
Complete stocks - and we mean fully proved and accepted for criti-complete-in the hands of the 28 cal applications. Equally important, selected Stackpole distributors you actually get them at less than listed below help you handle every job with highest quality resistors, of a value!

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. . . and G C/STACKPOLE, TOO!
Altractivaly packaged by G.C Eloctronics for service replace. mont uses. Coldite $70+$ Resis. tors ore also ovailable through


# Kleinschmidt teletypewriters move up with the U. S. Army, operating without interruption under combat conditions 

Constant contact, in print, between combat headquarters and widely-dispersed field units! Developed in cooperation with the U. S. Army Signal Corps, Kleinschmidt teletypewriters in this mobile communications center are capable of sending and receiving thousands of teleprinted messages a day. Operation is fast, accurate, dependable, simple. In
recognition of proved performance, Kleinschmidt equipment for the U. S. Army is manufactured under the Reduced Inspection Quality Assurance Plan. Now Kleinschmidt experience points toward new accomplishments in electronic communications for business and industry. The new concepts, new applications are virtually unlimited.

## kielischmore <br> DIVISION OF SMITH-CORONA MARCHANT INC., DEERFIELD, ILLINOIS

Pioneer in teleprinted communications systems and equipment since 1911 CIRCLE 190 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
handling is that of the usage of non-EIA or "House Numbers", and the blame here may w $\in \|$ lie more with the user than with the diode man $\%$ facturer. In order to do business, the supplier conforms to the demands of his customers and a multiplicity of specific "House Number" devic"s are born.
Texas Instruments has consistently urged usałe of standard products.

True standardization, therefore, will not cone from the supplier alone but can only come fro:n the user. We have consistently striven for standardization by introducing such types as the fivedevice IN645 series, that effectively replaces over five hundred earlier types of glass diodes. In this instance, we have widely circulated information on this series' replacement capability and stressed to our customers the advantages of standardization on as few types as possible. I feel it is now clearly up to the component users to take positive action: to build strong component standards groups, approve only EIA registered types, and demand conformance within their organizations.

This, coupled with efforts of the industry through JEDEC as previously outlined, can bring the situation under control. It would immediately reduce the choice to EIA registered types, eliminating over half of the presently available type numbers, and standards could concentrate upon the selection of the most versatile of EIA types for standardization. As this "large user" standardization progressed, their heavy demands for only the few most versatile types would force manufacturing obsolescence of the remaining noncompetitive devices by the industry. The small user who cannot afford a large standards group would then find that only those types standardized upon by the large companies would be available for his use, and his present dilemma would cease to exist.

Standardization is certainly in the best interest of our company and our entire industry.

Clyde Rockland,
Head of Marketing, Texas Instruments, Dallas, Texas

## No New Number For Variations

 Dear Sir:We would like you to know that your issue of June 10 has received considerable attention in our Engineering and Marketing Departments. The problem of diode standardization is acknowledged as a most important problem in our industry, and we are among those seeking a satisfactory solution. We might add that publicizing the problem, as you have done, may be one of the most important contributions to greater standardization.

Your recommendations in paragraph two of your letter ${ }^{\circ}$ of June 11 are appropriate and their acceptance would undoubtedly contribute to
s slution of the problem.
In line with your recommendation on EIA regi: trations, we are of the opinion that EIA registation rules need revision to encourage use of a given number for minor product variations, to permit judicious use of letter suffixes, etc.
We do not concur with one statement regarding EIA registration of new types. The statement is: "When questioned on this, (deliberately aim at rigistering new types), marketing and sales executives have asserted that late type numbers signified advances and better products. To list old types in the new brochure would be poor practice, they argued."
Upon release of new CBS types we do use existing numbers where possible in recognition of the standardization problem, of customer acceptance of types where more than one source exists, and general concurrence with EIA policy. We do not agree that new numbers alone will sell a product. It is our additional experience, however, that the customer often requests modifications to existing types, perhaps tightening some parameter. Some of this is state of the art development, as you indicated, and is a healthy condition. In some cases, however, the sales engineer should urge further consideration on the part of the customer, selling the standardization, manufacturing experience, and proven reliability.
We feel your issue of June 10 has been of service to the industry, and we hope that our comments will be of assistance to you in your future efforts. Robert G. Marclusio CBS Electronics
(Letter previously published ED, July ${ }^{22 \text { ) }}$
Dear Sir:
I certainly agree with the comments you have made in your letter of June 1lth, relating to the problem of nonstandardization of diode types. The staff report on diodes in the June 10th issue of Electronic Design has certainly emphasized the complexity of the problem.
The EIA Standards Laboratory and the JEDEC activity are both turning their attention to the matter of standardizing test characteristics and tightening requirements for registering diode types. I hope that this activity will result in the elimination of many of the diodes currently on the market. Because of the nature of the support that EIA enjoys, it may be difficult for EIA to exercise direct veto power in this activity. It may be necessary for the Government to take the initiative of standardizing a very small number of diodes and rectifiers.
The need for standardization is obvious, and we h.ve seen it done in many other component fields. Yisu are to be commended for this initiative. I hipe these efforts prove to be fruitful.

Charles Weyl, President
International Resistance Co.


All of the Cambion Shielded Coil Forms shown above are available unwound, or wound precisely to your specifications.

## New fields to conquer?

Running into increasingly severe requirements for electrostatic and electromagnetic shielding of coils? You can meet them precisely and save space at the same time with Cambion phet these rugged unitized com pact, these rugged unitized components provide complete protection against interference in miniature cir cuits. They're particularly effective where interaction of adjacent fields must be prevented.
Cambion Shielded Coil Forms are available from stock to cover a broad range of fixed and variable types for both conventional and printed circuits. Variable types have advanced-design locking arrangement for positive pro tection against detuning. Chassis mounted and flange-mounted types with choice of paper base phenolic Polypenco, or Kel-F forms. Single and double-tuned types. "Top-hat" typ forms have rugged, lightweight alodized aluminum housings for flange mount ing. Other types have nickel-plated
brass housings; the completely dependable shielded coil forms for today's rigorous service conditions.

For further details, contact your ocal Cambion Distributor or write 457 Cambridge Thermionic Corporation, 457 Concord Avenue, Cambridge 38, Mass. On the West Coast: E. V. Roberts and Associates, Inc., 5068 West Washington Blvd., Los Angeles, Thermionic of Canada, Limited, Montreal, P. Q.

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Ininsulated Bolls Type TWK $\qquad$ Insulated Hody Type TWKP equivalent to MIL CPVor)

CAPACITANCE: $\quad 101 \mathrm{mfl}$ to 1.8 mra TEMPERATURE RANGE: $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

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 meet performance expectations for new environments and new complex military and industrial electronic equipment. These capacitors meet or surpass the exacting requirements of MIL-C-14157A and MIL-C-26244 (USAF). Each production lot is furnished with certified test data covering the stringent test program detailed in the specification.When designing electronic equipment where failure can't be tolerated specify Cornell-Dubilier High-Reliability Capacitors. Write on your company letterhead for High-Reliability Bulletins 188A-1 and 188A-2 to Dept.ED-1, Cornell-Dubilier Electric Corporation, South Plainfield, New Jersey.

## Storage Tube Writes

## PPI and TV Raster at Same Time

Tubeface of Storatron has 42 -inch radius of curvature. Neck can be thickened to house up to 15 writing guns.

This 10 -inch storage tube, incorporating tw guns that write simultaneously, a PPI scan and a TV raster, can store signals for as long : several hours and can be adjusted for highliglt brilliance exceeding 500 foot lamberts.

Designed originally for missile-tracking and air-tralffic operations, the Storatron can be engineered into a wide variety of circuits to record non-recurring events or to assemble either se quential or random data on a programed basis.
For instance, one gun of the Storatron may be used to integrate the echoes from a radar and to display them as high-intensity images on the face of the tube with a marked improvement in signal-to-noise ratio.
This improvement would result from the tube's ability to display a wide range of half-tones. The noise would be random and would be displayed in an rms fashion. The echoes proper would always appear at the same place and would build up with each scan of the target. The half-tone capability would improve an essentially all-black and all-white picture.


Two guns of charge-loss storage tube are deflected in parallel.

The second gun could write in information from other sources, such as another radar, a firecintrol computer, written instructions locally is serted for target identification; or past history, slich as flight path of the target under surveillance.
From time to time additional information might be written in by one or both guns in tabular form to indicate linear or angular velocity, momentum. or acceleration of particular targets. Developed by the Electronic Tube Division of tllen B. DuMont Labs, Inc., of Clifton, N.J., the K1878 tube has electrostatic focus and deflection, 5() -line resolution, and a half-tone range of six discernible shades.
The Storatron operates as a charged-loss, elec-trical-in, optical-out tube, using a flood gun to charge its grid. Electrostatic focus and deflection are used to provide the flexibility to display waveforms of any type or shape. For other applications, magnetic versions are available.
Two examples show how the Storatron might be used to solve radiation problems in medical electronics:
A short burst of high-intensity X-rays could be picked up by an X-ray-sensitive, photo-conductive camera mounted on an aluminum window. The resulting image could then be written into storage on the tube for long-time review without exposing the patient to extensive X-rays.
A second method of studying radioactivity could be used with a patient who had been given a tracer material, such as radio-iodine. All parts of the patient's body could be scanned mechanically with a scintillation scanner. The output of the scanner's multiplier could be written into the Storatron to display a complete picture of the patient's radioactivity:

## Applications Are Many

Other applications suggested by DuMont engineers include:
Study of frequency response of quadripoles, characteristics of vacium tubes and semiconductor devices, transient behavior of regulated power supplies, voltage variations across relay coils and switching contacts. relay operating times, and load variations in power lines.
In computer work the Storatron could be used to study pulse distortion in binary storage registers, to plot data on analog computers, and to compare various solutions directly.
The tube is available now in 10 -inch versions, "ith a tube face radius of curvature of 42 inches. It is being developed in a 21 -inch version, with a radius of curvature of 32 inches.
Through present models include only two guns, the company reports that as many as 15 could $b$ : incorporated in thicker-necked tubes.
For more information on this device, turn to the Reader-Service Card and circle $\mathbf{1 0 0}$.


MB Electronics, manufacturer of complete complex motion testing systems, uses modern analog computor techniques to reproduce actual vibrational environments met in the operation of aircraft and missiles.

The MB Model T88 Complex Motion Console, which puts all the system controls
within easy reach of a single operator, utilizes 10 Prak \& Notch Equalizers

- each containing $8 \mathrm{~K} 2-\mathrm{W}$ analog DC: amplifiers by

Philbrick. The equalizers are the key to test system accuracy. They adjust to the exact inverse electrical
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PHILBRICK ${ }_{\text {nsenenemes . . me }}$ cquivalence of the mechanical system resonance, and

205 columbus ave., 由oston 16. mass. tel. comnowmealtw 6-S319 automatically provide the mass offset required for any table loading
condition by assuring a flat frequency response identical to that of the input voltage.
This is a special application, true. But it may provide the spark of an idea as to how you can use analog techniques - and efficient Philbrick plug-ins - to your advantage. Write for freely given opinions on your particular problem.

## The analog way is the model way.


mODEL K2-WJ - If the rigors of your
application deserve a JAN-ized form of K2-W, the K2.WJ is now available. 5751 K2.W, the K2.W is now availabie. Sts
tubes and MIL standard components are used throughout at no increase in size. \$58.0̄̃

ALL K2 PLUG-INS RUN ON PLUS AND MINUS 300 VDC AND 6.3 VAC. SOCKET WIRING IS SIMPLE AND STANDARDIZED.

## NEW PRODUCTS



## Secondary-Emission Pulse Tube Has 5 musec Rise Time

A rise time of less than 5 musec with a 1 -amp pulse is obtained with this secondary emission pulse tube. Currents as high as 1 amp and rep rates up to 300 kc are possible as a result of its high dissipation capabilities. Designated 7548, this 9 -pin miniature tube has a transconductance of $25,000 \mu \mathrm{mhos}$ at 18 ma , and a gain-bandwidth product of 350. A maximum plate voltage in pulse service of 1000 v dc is possible. This tube has a life expectancy of 5000 hr .

CBS Electronics, Dept. ED, 100 Endicott St., Danvers, Mass.

CIRCLE 194 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Motion Sensing Device Measures $10^{-7}$ in.

The Metrisite motion sensing device al-lows measurements as small as $10^{-\bar{c}} \mathrm{in}$. Reactive force of the instrument is a fraction of a milligram; linearity from zero to full range is $0.1 \%$. Outputs as high as 100 v are available; full-scale operation of a rectified-type meter is possible without use of an amplifier. Units are produced which measure directly either angular or linear movement, eliminating complex mechanical linkages. These devices meet military environmental shock and vibration tests, and may be adapted to a variety of configurations from subminiature to sizes capable of measuring over 4 in . of linear motion.

Brush Instruments, Dept. ED, 37 and Perkins, Cleveland 14, Ohio.
CIRCLE 195 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

Covering all new products that might generally be specified by an electronics engineer engaged in the design of original equipment.


Metal Film Mica Attenuator Elements
Metal film mica attenuator elements have electrical and environ. mental characteristics that compare favorably with metallized glass elements. They are made of thin mica, upon which is deposited a pure metal film 6 millionths of an inch thick. The elements are used in variable attenuators above 18 kmc . They minimize slot width, reducing rf leakage. Standard mica sheets are available from 0.001 to 0.005 in . thick, with resistivities from 24 to 400 ohms per square. Elements can be hand cut to customer requirements.

Filmohm Corp., Dept. ED, 48 W. 25th St., New York 10, N.Y. CIRCLE 196 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959


Fifty-Cent Germanium Transistors
Germanium alloy junction transistors are available for as low as $\$ 0.50$. These general-purpose units have a direct glass-to-metal seal between the case and the header. Pnp types 2N1372 through 2 N 1381 dissipate 250 mw , have a 200 ma collector current, and operate to 100 C . The 2N1380 and the 2 N 1381 have a typical dc beta of 100; 2N1372 through 2 N1379 have dc betas ranging from 30 to 300 . The transistors are available with collector-to-base voltage ratings of 12 , 25 , or 45 v . Six pnp entertainment types include 2N1273 and 2N1274 with collector dissipation of 150 mw , collector current of 150 ma , and a typical beta of 50 ; the $25-\mathrm{v} 2 \mathrm{~N} 1370$ and the $45-\mathrm{v} 2 \mathrm{~N} 1371$ with betas of 80 ; and 2 N 1382 and 2 N 1383 with collector dissipation of 200 mw and 200 ma collector current. The entertainment types have a maximum junction temperature rating of 85 C .
Texas Instruments, Inc., Semiconductor Components Div., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 312, Dallas, Tex.

CIRCLE 197 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Tape Recorder Occupies 14 cu in.

This airborne tape recorder weighs $10-1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$, and occupies 14 cu in. It will register information on 1 to 16 channels on a continuous tape. Able to withstand over 2000 g of shock, it consumes 1-1/2 w . This unit may be used to record space flight data and transmit it back to earth receivers. Electronic accessories, including transistor timing oscillators, bias oscillators, dc amplifiers, and battery packs are available.
Leach Corp., Dept. ED, Los Angeles, Calif. CIRCLE 198 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
$0.1 \%$ regulation

| MODEL | DC <br> OUTPUT <br> VOLTS | DCC <br> OUTPUT <br> AMPS. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SC-18-0.5 | $0-18$ | $0-0.5$ |
| SC-18-1 | $0-18$ | 0.1 |
| SC-18-2 | 0.18 | 0.2 |
| SC-18-4 | 0.18 | 0.4 |
| SC-36-0.5 | 0.36 | 0.0 .5 |
| SC-36-1 | 0.36 | $0-1$ |
| SC-36-2 | $0-36$ | 0.2 |
| SC-3672-0.5 | 36.72 | $0-0.5$ |
| SC-3672-1 | $36-72$ | $0-1$ |

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## SC:MP

 SystemD-C, A-C, and Carrier Amplifiers can be combined in this miniature airborne system
The Signal Conditioning AMPlifier (SCAMP) System is completely transistorized, operates from any unregulated 28 -volt d-c supply, produces $0-5$ volts from millivolt inputs. Performance is unmatched by any other equipment


Each D-C. A-C, or Carrier Amplifier measures only $11 / 4$ " wide, 3.9 " high, and $49^{9}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ long.
WRITE for full information... including the complete line of amplifiers and power supplies for ground and airborne use.


## instrument

## corporation

2211 E. Foothill Blval., Pasadena, Calif.

THE SMALLEST LINEAR accelerometer on the market certainly has a clain to fame. But this unit, Fairchild's TA-400, boasts more than size alone. Even in its most sensitive range of $1 / 4 \mathrm{~g}$, it can withstand 100 g shock, and vibration of 20 g from 50 to 2000 cps .
Only $7 / 8$ inch long and $15 / 16$ inch in diameter, the hermetically-sealed TA- 400 weighs less than 2.5 ounces. A product of Fairchild Controls Corp., 225 Park Ave., Hicksville, N.Y., it claims high sensitivity, low null, low friction levels, and very small cross talk, in addition to its other
important features.

## 'Don'r Rock the Boat'

Perhaps most unusual is its self-torquing feature. Additional taps on the pickoff windings allow a small external voltage to be superimposed on the pickoff. This voltage allows one to check the operation and calibration of the accelerometer easily and quickly.
Previously, to check accelerometers and gyros mounted in planes and missiles, it was necessary to actually rock or tilt the entire vehicle.


Linear accelerometer (shown almost twice actual size) has unusual resistance to shock and vibration.

The accelerometer's unusual shock and vibration resistance is due to several factors. Most important is the fact that the gimbal axis is supported by two pivots and jewel bearings rather than one.
The pivots and jewels absorb all but the compression and tension forces, which the torsion bar can well handle. (Most accelerometers use only one bearing and the torsion bar for supporting the mass.)
Cross talk, which depends on the $g$ range and the percent of full range used, is never more than 4.5 per cent of full scale. This low level is due to the design which limits the maximum displacement of the mass to a mere 2-1/2 degrees.
A null as low as 15 mv , a friction level no more than 0.3 per cent of full scale. and a husky output of 6 $v$ into a 10 K load help round out the unusual features of this accelerometer.
Leaving nothing undone, Fairchild engineers have turned the pickoff inside out. In essence, it is a variable transformer with the "indings static, and thus, easier and cheaper to manufacture. The iron thass rotates around the windings. For more information on this unI sual component. turn to the lieader-Service Card and circle 101.


THIS VOLTAGE STABILITY PROBLEM HAD TO BE SOLVED

## FOR CIRCUIT RELIABILITY IN A JET ENGINE TEMPERATURE INDICATOR


fotiman zener Yofage Reterence Elements wore the solution


If you noed a job in electronics done quicker and bettor, contact
Engineers of the B \& H Instrument Company, Fort Worth. Texas, required an extremely reli. able voltage reference device for their $\mathrm{BH}^{2} 183$ Autovemp jet engine temperature indicator, used in the Lockheed Electra. .. They chose a Hoimman 1 IJSOA zener Reference Element be cause its sile raring enviros ental con subjected to widely varying environmental conditions.
The low 8.4 volt, zener operating voltage of Hoffman IN430 and 1 N1530 Zener Reference Elements, makes them uniquely suited for use in circuits which are operating at a low D.C. voltage level (from 10 to 30 volts). The units have a voltage stability of $\pm 0.1 \%$, or less, over a temperature range from $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, at 10 mA .
There are over 180 Hoffman Zener Devices avail. able . . . now in the widest possible range of voltage and power dissipation ratings. Write us $\ldots$. tell us your problem ... the Hoffman semiconductor sales engineer in your area will provide the solutions.


Tunable Barratron tube supplies broad-band white noise.

WHITE NOISE generated by the Barratron tube is at least ten times as effective as that produced by the inagnetron.

Barratron tubes are high-power transmitting tubes capable of supplying broad-band white noise. Available in either tunable or fixed frequency models, their main application is in enemy counter-measure (ECM) jammers. Produced by Litton Industries of Beverly Hills, Calif., these tubes have many advantages over tubes presently available for this application.

The majority of systems now operational use tunable cw magnetrons. Although the magnetron itself is an efficient, compact device, the required associated circuitry and


Artist's rendition of crt displays of Barratron tube spectrum and cw magnetron tube spectrum.

SAVE $\$ 10$ on kit over individual part prices. Contains Alden Universal Stak ing Tool and assortment of prepunched terminal cards, terminals, tube sockets, brackets and eyelets to get started immediately. Order Kit \#42 849.95 complete.

ALDEN PRODUCTS CO., 9139 N. Main Streef, Brockton, Mass. CIRCLE 203 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
( uipment to control it, produce an $i$ :efficient and complex jammer. The $t$ inable Barratron requires no modlator or noise generator chassis and the fixed frequency tube requires 10 tuning circuitry or modulator. Since the Barratron tube efficiency is comparable to that of the magnetron, the elimination of the associated equipment results in a compact and reliable jammer. The most important advantage over the magnetron is in the quality of the jamming signal-the white noise is ten times as effective as that produced by the magnetron.
Although other tube types are heing developed that will be more effective as jamming tubes, they are less efficient than the magnetron or the Barratron. They also require several power supplies and external modulating circuitry. Some of these tubes are difficult to manufacture. The Barratron, however, is very similar to the cw magnetrons now in production, so that tested techniques, trained personnel and available tools can be used. This should result in a unit cost less than that of the magnetron and considerably less than that of the other tubes.
The tunable Barratrons are designed so that they are physically and electrically interchangeable with the tunable magnetrons now in use. They may be used in jammers now in use with a minimum of adjustment and/or modification. Units can be supplied to cover from uhf to well into the microwave frequencies.
The fixed frequency tubes are intended for applications in new equipment. For the first time, barrage jamming power may be developed in useful amounts from a small unit.
The Barratron tubes may be used in jammers that can be automatically or operator-controlled, depending on the nature of the mis: ion or the space allowed for equipment. Both versions of the lube can be used in either spot or l,arrage jammers.
For more information on this tube, turn to the Reader-Service ard and circle 717.

CIRCLE 204 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


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## 플

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essex delay lines are NON-RAMMABLE!


Essex modular Delay Lines provide greater freedom, versatility, and latitude because these compact units can be mounted both horizontally and vertically - stacked in series on common mounting screws for higher delays.

Essex provides lines from a fraction of a microsecond to several thousand microseconds delay . . . impedances from 50 to several thousand ohms ... bandwidths up to 25 MC .

## E

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A
TENTH THE SIZE and weight of conventional microwave circulators, a new line of $Y$, T and Cross type circulators give 0.5 db insertion loss and 20 db isola-tion-with 60 db isolation often achievable

While conventional circulators

$Y$-Type Circulator
Fig. 1. Three-fold symmetry of $Y$ type circulator is designed to make the structure appear the same when looking into any one port. But energy entering one port comes out the adjacent port.
operating at X band may weigh at much as five pounds and occupy volume of 40 cu in., the Cascade Y model weighs one pound and takes up about four cu in.
The configuration of these circulators is simpler-no transitions are needed-and leads to lower costs and greater reliability. No precision cast folded hỵbrid Ts are required.
Circulators now available on the shelves of Cascade Research Div, of Monogram Precision Industries, 5245 San Fernando Road. Los Angeles 39, Calif., cover X and S bands. Custom designs are available at all frequencies from 1000 to 75.000 mc . The field displacement units can handle power peaks of 100 kw and average powers of 100 w over a frequency band of five per cent or more. Maximum vswr is 1.2 .

Particularly suited to parametric amplifier and maser applications because of their small size and weight, the circulators are useful in other areas: airborne attenuators. directional couplers for antennas
ast nonreciprocal switches and a lar duplexers. They can be used a place of high power cw isolators, ince one port can be terminated in matched load.

## Design is New

Former circulators depended on Faraday rotation or the nonreciprocal propagation obtainable in waveguides partially loaded with ferrite. Disadvantages of the first type are that they require transitions from circular to rectangular waveguide, a longitudinal magnetic field and are very lossy at high peak power levels. Bandwidths are compara tively narrow. In the second case two hybrids and a large transverse magnet are required-making the circulator large and heavy, particularly at the lower frequencies.
Herman Chait of Cascade Research and Thornton Curry, both working at the Naval Research Laboratory, recently discovered the principles used to build the new circulators. Called the field displacement method to distinguish it from Faraday rotation or differential phase shift, it is used to design symmetrical Y or Cross, or asymmetrical T circulators. See Fig. 1.
The Y type consists of an H plane junction-three identical waveguides joined to form a symmetrical Y-shaped figure. The Cross type is similar to the $Y$, except the angle of intersection of the guide is 90 deg instead of 120 deg.
The junction region contains a symmetrical distribution of transversely magnetized ferrite. Since the magnetized ferrite is an anisotropic medium, the junction is not symmetrical electrically. The asymmetrical field distribution occurs because the rf magnetic field is clliptically polarized in planes parallel to the broad faces of the suide and in opposite sense to ither side. Since the effective rf jermeability of the magnetized lerrite depends on the strength of plarization, the two sides of the l aded waveguide are electrically dissimilar.
For further information on these nicrowave circulators, turn to the leader-Service card and circle 715. CIRCLE 206 ON READER-SERVICE CARD $\rightarrow$

## friend or foe?

The way to know - An ominous shadow over ocean or wasteland....an unidentified "blip" on a radar scope! A challenge from an airborne AN/APX-7 interrogating unit spurts into the ether. In microseconds a reply identifies the potential marauder as friendly. The absence of such a reply alerts the protective and retaliatory might of the nation.

ENGINEERING BEYOND THE EXPECTED Packard Bell's reputation as a leading designer and foremost producer of IFF (identification, friend or foe) equipment is indicated by the fact that both the AN/APX-7 and the AN/APX-6, which returns the reply, are products of our Technical Products Division. Advanced development, company-sponsored, has recently produced miniaturized IFF modules which operate



## Convection Ovens

Temperature range is 150 to 1200 F

These mechanical convection ovens have a temperature range of 150 to 1200 F and maintain an actual control point of $\pm 2$ deg $F$. Interiors are stainless steel construction. Four standard sizes, from 1 to 11 cu ft , are available. The requirements of MIL-H-6088A are met.
Blue M Electric Co., Dept. ED, 138th and Chatham St., Blue Island, Ill.

CIRCLE 746 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Terminal Blocks

Available in six- and ten-terminal sizes


Designed for connection between printed circuits and external wiring, type 399 six- and tenterminal blocks are made of glass-fiber-filled diallyl phtalate as specified in MIL-L-19833. The insulation resistance is $5 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{meg}, 2 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{meg}$ after 3 hr at 280 F , or $2 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{meg}$ after 30 days at 80 F . Working voltage is 1550 v dc.
Kulka Electric Corp., Dept. ED, 633-643 S. Fulton Ave., Mt. Vernon, N.Y.

CIRCLE 747 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## DC Motor

Has 1-3/4 hp

Designed for actuator service, model 49 ECl , a 26 v dc motor, has $1-3 / 4 \mathrm{hp}$ and is compound wound, reversible type. Its speed is $10,500 \mathrm{rpm}$ and the brake has a static torque of 500 oz -in. It conforms to MIL-M-H609A. Dimensions are 7 in . length and 4 in . diam.
Western Gear Corp., Dept. ED, 132 W. Colorado Blvd., Pasadena, Calif.
circle 748 on reader-service card


ESC was the first to provide complete laboratory reports with each delay line prototypecontaining submitted electrical requirements, photo-oscillograms (which indicate input and output pulse shape and output rise time), the test equipment used, and an evaluation of the electrical characteristics of the prototype. ESC
was also the first company devoted exclusively to the design and manufacture of custom-built and stock delay lines...for all military and industrial applications.
Whatever the application, ESC can design and build precisely the delay line you need-easily, efficiently and exactly as specified.

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registers. Pulse translormers. Medium and low-power translormers. Fillers of all trpes. Pulse-forming networks. Minialure plug in antapsulaled circuit assemblies CIRCLE 749 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## CoNHECTIONS



Eyelets give you unlimited opportunities for saving as connectors, fasteners, terminals, bushings, contacts for switches and hundreds of similar applications. Only with United Eyelets do you have such a wide choice of standardized sizes, special designs for cutting costs on unusual production problems. combined with a comprehensive line of the most versatile eyelet setting machines available.

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boards, miniofure equipment. Designed for high speed automatie feeding wi
United Machines. Copper or brass. CUT COSTS WITK SHEARED EYEany as 3000 terminals per hour.

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NEW FUNNEL FLANGE eyelets designed especially as connectors for PW boards. Solves two-sided circuitry and solder problems. Speed


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## NEW PRODUCTS

## Printed Networks

Ceramic base



Bulplate printed ceramic-base networks are used in radio and TV receivers, and hi-fi; networks for special applications are also available. Included are detector-pentode coupling, diode filter. fm discriminator, automatic gain control, phase comparator, vertical integrator, tone control compensation, audio multivibrator, and photo-multiplier tube divider networks. They operate at temperatures up to 85 C ; units rated to 105 and 125 C are also available.
Sprague Electric Co., Dept. ED, N. Adams, Mass.

CIRCLE 751 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


Spectrum Analyzer
Narrow band

Model 123 narrow band, rf spectrum analyzer may be used to determine the spectra of spurious am and fm modulations at frequencies close to carrier. Applications include analytical work on the performance of oscillators and systems developed for continuous wave doppler radar. The instrument can be supplied for frequency ranges of 5.4 to 14.1 kmc ; a single unit may be used with several rf heads to cover more than one band. The spectrum analyzer range is 500 cps to 90 kc . The resolution is 70 cps and the am sideband power can be measured down to $-135 \pm 2 \mathrm{db}$ with respect to total signal power level.
Ferranti Electric Inc., Dept. ED, 95 Madison Ave., Hempstead, L.I.I., N.Y. CIRCLE 752 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Resistance Comparator

Has an accuracy of $\pm=0.2 \%$
The resistance comparator checks the values of resistors for sorting or matching purposes. It has an operating range of 50 ohms to 2 meg and an accuracy of $\pm 0.2 \%$ or better. The types of measurements possible with this unit include reading the per-cent deviation from a standard ialue, checking unknowns against upper and lower limits, and trimming series resistors to a standard value.

Technitrol Engineering Co., Dept. E.D, 1952 E. Alleghany Ave., Philadelphia 34, Pa.

CIRCIE 753 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Digital Indicator and Printer

Records liquid fuel weights


Model 177 digital indicator and printer records liquid fuel weights in missiles. The instrument gives continuous monitoring and permanent periodic recording at rates up to two readings per sec. Controls are provided for run and calibration selection. Accuracy is better than $0.1 \%$ of reading.

Gilmore Industries, Inc., Dept. IED, 13015 Woodland Ave., Cleveland 20, Ohio.
CIRCLE 754 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Correction Notice

It was erroneously reported in the lugust 19 issue, p. 121, that the three-range analog frequency meter, inodel T-4, had an accuracy of $\pm 17 \%$. This instrument, manufacured by Jones-Porter Instrument Co., Inc., of Milburn, N.J., has, in fact, an exceptional $\pm 0.25 \%$ accuacy.

CIRCLE 755 ON READER-SERVICE CARD $\rightarrow$

## THE AMCO MODULAR INSTRUMENT ENCLOSURESYSTEM


two completely new lines added in steel and aluminum to cive 3 COMPLETE MODULAR FRAME LINES IN ONE OVER-ALL SYSTEM

A Amee Cusfom Line. Removable multi panels and cowlings based on $19^{*}$ incre pearance for frames mounted in series ideally suited for complex console ar rangements. The $191_{15}$ width of frame saves space in series mounting of frames. Constructed of double-channel 16 gauge mounting standards.
Amse Somi-Cusfom Line. Removable multi-width cowlings provide a semi custom, single-unit appearance for frames mounted in scries. Extra rugged wide box-type channel frames provid greater internal mounting area. $19^{\circ}$ wide
panels of any thickness can be recessed panels of any thickness can be recessed desired depth. Box type channel con struction of 14 gauge cold-rolled steel. Conforms to EIA mounting standards.
C Amee Aluminum Line. This system of aluminum box extrusions and cast corners allows easy assembly of cabinets width or depth. Corners and extrusions
lock toget her by hand with built-in lock ing device. All sizes are standard. Idea for stocking and odd-ball sizes. Cast num as described in Federal Spec QQ-A-596a. Extrusions of 6061-T6 aluminum as described in Federal Spec. QQ-A-270a.
D Amco Accessories. A full line of Amco integrated accessories such as blowers, chassis slides and mounts, lighting, doors drawers, dollies and many more avail ble for $A, B$ and $C$ shown
Cosp sovings. All the above-or any part thereof-may be ordered under one ermined by order dollar value. Orders eceived at one time with one delivery date may also be combined. Free preassembly by Amco provides additional savings in time and installation.
3 week delivery on all standard parts. We welcome inspection of our plant and facilities. Send for your free literatur facilit

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Pressure Transducers

Ratings are 0 to 100 through 0 to 5000 psig


Used to measure full system differential pressures at each port, models SP2-399 and SP2-517 pressure transducers have ratings from 0 to 100 through 0 to 5000 psig. The sensitivity is 2 to 4 mv per volt. The temperature range is -28 to +275 F and compensation can hold the thermal zero shift to less than $\pm 0.01 \%$ of full scale per deg F. Model SP2-399 has a four-conductor pigtail and model SP2-517 is furnished with a pigmy connector. The units use two half-bridge elements connected in a full bridge with all active legs. Errors from non-linearity and hysteresis combined are less than $1 \%$. Nominal bridge impedances are 350 to 900 ohms.

Standard Controls, Inc., Dept. ED, 1130 Poplar Place, Seattle 44, Wash.

CIRCLE 756 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Linear Motion Potentiometer

Operates at -65 to +500 F

Model 113 linear motion potentiometer operates at temperatures of -65 to +500 F . It gives precise electrical indication of mechanical position when used with hydraulic actuators, pneumatic valves, and linkage components. The unit operates with a high level ac or dc signal, requiring no amplification for use in recording, control, and telemetering circuits. The resistance element termination, designated Silverweld, is a metal-tometal bond. Resistances available are: 1000,2000 , $5000,10,000$, and 20,000 ohms. Resolution is from 0.0013 to 0.00 .35 in ., travel range is to 1.31 in ., and power rating is 4 w at 40 C . Dimensions are $1 / 2 \mathrm{x}$ $5 / 8 \times 2-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.
Bourns, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 2112 , Riverside, Calif.

CIRCLE 757 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

$125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operation standard $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance

SRM capacitors meeting the most exacting reliability standards are now yours through advanced TI processing techniques and
testing of pre-aged units.
134 ratings from 1-330 $\mu \mathrm{f}, 6$ 6-35 v Exceeding all existing MIL specs over a full range of industrystandard ratings and case sizes, the subminiature SRM series features . . . new low dc leakage limits and long operating and storage life . . . standard $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance $.5^{\circ}$ operation from $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots$ ruggedized construction . . . reverse voltage capabilities . nominal voltage derating required at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
For your highest reliability requirements, specify Texas Instruments premium performance solid tantalum capacitors.
TI semiconductors and components are available off-the-shelf at factory prices in the following quantities:
1-999
silicon transistors germanium transistors silicon diodes and rectifiers carbon film resistors. sensistor silicon resistors: 1-499 tan-TI-cap tantalum capacitors: 1-99.

## Lafayette Radio

Department TI-D BOSTON 10, Mass. 10 Federal St. HU 2-7850
JAMAICA 33, N. Y. AX 1-7000
PLAINFIELD. New Jersey 139 W. 2nd St PL 6-4718
NEWARK 2, New Jersey 24 Central Ave MA 2-1661
NEW YORK 13, N.Y.
100 6th Ave. WO 6-5300

## Pressure Switch <br> Weighs 4 oz

The 1580 pressure switch weighs oz max, and is 3 in . long by 1.5 in. at its widest diameter. Ambient operating temperature range is -65 to +300 F . It is factory-set to actuate at any desired pressure level within the range of 0.5 to 4000 psi . The unit is environmentally sealed by O-rings at each end of the aluminum housing.
Haydon Switch, Inc., Dept. ED, Waterbury 20, Conn.

CIRCLE 334 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Servo Amplifier and Power Supply

Control wide range of ac servo motors
These servo amplifier and power supply units control a wide range of acc servo motors with mechanical power outp.its up to 10 w . The amplifier accepts low level ac signals from transducers and from an ac feedback tachometer. Output power is available at various impedance levels through a combined matching and isolation transformer. Pilot lights indicate input and output voltage, and separate fuses protect the ac supply line from filament and de voltage circuit overloads.
Seneca Falls Machine Co., Electronics Div., Dept. ED, 19 Fyfe Bldg., Seneca Falls, N.Y.
CIRCLE 335 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Epoxy Resin Kit

Requires no refrigeration
Model PPC kit contains TC-459 flexible epoxy resin in preproportioned cartridges for use in potting junctions and connectors. Requiring no refrigeration, the resin is mixed in the cartridge prior to use in either standard Semco or Pyle sealant guns. The resin is non-toxic and practically odorless. Cartridge resin capacity is 175 g . The kit weighs 8 oz.
Electronic Production \& Developnient, Inc., Chemical Div., Dept. ED, 205 S. Beverly Drive, Beverly Hills, Calif.
CIRCLE 336 ON READER-SERVICE CARD CIRCLE 337 ON READER-SERVICE CARD $>$


## Engineers tuning EIMAC klystron amplifier at WESCON find it non-critical, rellable

For one of the few times outside field applications and test installations, engineers had an opportunity to tune an Eimac Klystron amplifier on the air during WESCON in San Francisco in August.

The klystron amplifier was operated at 800 megacycles with output power of one kilowatt. Engineers tuning this equipment were impressed with the sim. plicity of its non-critical operation. Participants found Eimac's external cavity klystrons as easy to tune as a lower frequency negative-grid amplifier.

This dramatic demonstration featured
the same type of Eimac Klystron already famous for outstanding long-life, reliability and performance in such troposcatter systems as Dew Line, White Alice and Texas Towers.
An animated display depicting the effect of velocity modulation on electron flow illustrated the circuit isolation and thermal safety factors that make klystrons ideal for UHF microwave applications.

A wide selection of Eimac klystrons, reflex klystrons, traveling wave tubes and negative grid tubes were displayed. Exhibits of Eimac's advanced work in
traveling wave tubes were of particular interest to engineers confronted with rugged environmental applications.
For detailed information on latest Eimac developments, write to our Amateur Service Department for your copy of "What's New With The Electron... 1959."

EITEL-MCCULLOUGH, INC.


SAN CARLOS, CALIFORNIA


GET DUAL POSITION OPERATION FOR QUALITY CONTROL TESTING OF FAST RECOVERY DIODES WITH THE EG\&G MILLI-MIKE OSCILLOSCOPE

Now two operators can use the same EG\&G Type 2236A Milli-Mike Oscilloscope at the same time. It's like getting two oscilloscopes-(EG\&G Oscilloscopes)-for the price of one!

TYPE 2236A PERFORMANCE DATA
Sensibility
Nominal Spot Size (trace width)
Deflection
Frequency Response

Frequency Response

## Input Impedance <br> Writing Speed

Vertical (TW)
.054 v trace width 0.002 inch

27 v inch (nominal) DC to greater than 3.000 mc $(-3 \mathrm{db}$ at approx. $2,000 \mathrm{mc}$ ) 50 or 100 ohms $3 \times 10^{\prime \prime}$ trace widths sec .

The EGGG Milli-Mike Oscilloscope-one of a family of millimicrosecond instrumentsis now being used to solve problems in measurement of high speed semiconductors, decay times of scintillators, discontinuities in transmission lines and as a synchroscope in high resolution radar systems. For information on this and other millimicrosecond pulse techniques, write to Application Engineering Group.

## millimike EDGERTON, GERMESHAUSEN \& GRIER, INC.

160 BROOKLINE AVENUE, BOSTON 15, MASS. 1622 SOUTH "A" STREET, LAS VEGAS, NEV. CIRCLE 338 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

Horizontal 0.30 v /trace width $150 v$ inch

Model RM-24 oscilloscope uses a 17 in . persistent cathode ray tube to display up to 24 channels simultaneously. Applications for the unit are studies in time and motion, stress, strain, vibration, pressures, and analog functions. All input circuits are dc with 10 mv per in. sensitivity. Response is from de to 3500 cps . Time is calibrated from $100 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ per cm to 1 sec per cm ; the time base features both recurrent and triggered sweep. An external power supply with regulated dc sources is provided either for external mounting with rack model or internal mounting with console model.
Rycom Instruments, Div. of Railway Communications, Inc., Dept. ED, 9351 E. 59th St., Raytown, Mo.

CIRCLE 340 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## D D D <br> (BOOTH 817 - ISA SHOW) DIGITAL

READ-OUT COUNTERS

for MISSILE TRACKING,
RADAR CONTROLS, COMPUTERS, NAVIGATION INSTRUMENTS, GAUGING INSTRUMENTS, and ANY other indicator applications.

- Meets military specifications.
- High speeds, lower torque, lower moment of inertia for long life.
- Nylon wheels with legible figures, nylatron pinions.
- Single, $11 / 2$, or double width wheels.
- One-piece aluminum die cast frame.
- Base mounting. Threaded mounting holes may be in frame top or ends.
- Right or left hand drive, clockwise or anti-clockwise rotation.
- "Y" Series, single or dual bank types.
- Component parts can be purchased separately to meet design requirements.

Your answer 10 an infinite number of variable demands for PRECISION CONTROLS

Send for Catalog No. 400


Nanvfacturing compant

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ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959


## Photovoltaic Readout Matrices

Response time is about $10 \mu \mathrm{sec}$

These silicon photovoltaic readout matrices have a response time of about $10 \mu \mathrm{sec}$. Typical current generated is $300 \mu \mathrm{a}$ for 0.01 sq in. of at tive cell area at 1000 ft -c illumination. The units can be supplied in single cell or multiple cell assemblies. They are made for use in computer and data processing equipment.
International Rectifier Corp., Dept. ED, 15?1 E. Grand Ave., El Segundo, Calif.

CIRCIE 342 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Repeat Cycle Dial Timers <br> Explosionproof

Miniature series 306A Duo-Set dial timers control two independently adjustable load circuits, eliminating the need for two timers. They are contained in explosionproof cases that meet NEMA specifications of Class I, Group D and Class I, Groups E, F, and G. Repeat accuracy is $0.33 \%$ and load ratings are 10 amp at 115 v ac, 5 amp at 230 vac , or 0.25 amp at 115 v dc. A knob sets time intervals from $1 / 2$ sec to 4 hr in a wide selection of dial ranges, and timing ranges may be altered in $2 \min$ by changing the timer motor and dial.
Automatic Timing \& Controls, Inc., Dept. ED, King of Prussia, Pa.

CIRCLE 343 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


Switches<br>Toggle-actuated

CIRCLE 344 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## PUTTING MAGNETICS TO WORK



## Vive la dlfférence in Hy Mu 80!

For greater sensitivity-Magnetics, Inc. makes Round Hy Mu 80 for more output at low flux densities For.greater gain-Magnetics, Inc. makes Square Hy Mu 80 for more voltage amplification

There's an important difference in the two basic kinds of Hy Mu 80, Round Loop and Square Loop. By taking advantage of $\mathbf{1 t}$, you design magnetic amplifiers with better performance and efficiency characteristics. We stock standard tape wound cores made of both, to be sold at non-premium prices. We want you to order the right kind.
Round Hy Mu 80 is demanded when flux densities are down around the 10 to 50 -gauss level. Its high initial permeability results in great sensitivity. It also means fewer windings, thus smaller sizes. Combine higher inductance, great sensitivity and small size, and if you are a designer of devices like low level transformers or thermocouple amplifiers, then you want Round Hy Mu 80 tape cores.

On the other hand, if you design sensitive high gain magnetic amplifiers you need Square Hy Mu 80. The transfer curve is so
linear and so nearly vertical that a minute change in input produces an extremely sharp response. When only a small bias supply is available, you get a lot more amplifier per dollar. Preamplifier designers are among our best customers.
So vive la difference! Order the right Hy Mu 80 for your needs. We'll supply either, and what's more, we'll supply them quickly. Want the full story? Write Magnetics, Inc., Dept. ED-71, Butler, Pennsylvania.

## MAEMETICS inc.

## NEW PRODUCTS



Model UHR-211 power supply has an output voltage of 130 to 500 v dc at 0 to 1000 ma at any voltage setting and at any line voltage over the operating range. Regulation is less than $0.004 \%$ plus 0.004 v . Ripple is less than 0.2 mv rms .

Krohn-Hite Corp., Dept. ED, 580 Massachusetts Ave., Cambridge 39, Mass.

CIRCLE 346 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Inverter Test Console

## Checks out missile and aircraft equipment

Built on a movable dolly relay rack with two 19 in . rack panels 53 in . high, the model W-1400 inverter test console monitors dc input, current, voltage, and ripple and ac current, voltage, power, distortion, and phase rotation. Its nominal 28 v dc output, which can be varied from 0 to 36 v , will operate any piece of aircraft or missile equipment up to 50 amp . The unit contains a load bank section that can load inverters up to 750 va , threephase at 400 cps or 375 va , single-phase at 800 cps.
Electrosolids Corp., Dept. ED, 13745 Saticoy St., Panorama City, Calif.

CIRCLE 347 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## Amplifiers

Ac transistor type

Available in four models, these germanium transistor plug-in ac amplifiers have gains of 300 or 1000 . Frequency response is flat from 60 cps to 10 kc or 1 to 30 kc . Input impedance is greater than 50 K , temperature range is 32 to 140 F , and gain is adjustable externally over a $\pm 20 \%$ range. Model S-10001-P, pictured here, is typical of this series. Other models are available with frequency response flat from 60 cps to 200 kc .
Plug-in Instruments, Inc., Dept. ED, 1416 Lebanon Rd., Nashville, Tenn.

CIRCLE 348 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Design around Mallory

 on the go to dictate wherever they travel. Six long-lasting RM-12R Mallory mercury batteries provide portable power, in compact space, for as much as 24 hours of continuous dictation.

OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE STABILITY FOR MALLORY MERCURY REFERENCE CELLS


For Steady Oufpuf-Highly constant output voltage of mercury batteries makes them valuable as reference sources in instrument circuits. The curve shows how open circuit voltage keeps within $1 \%$ of original value during 36 months storage. Exceptionally high accuracy can be obtained for short run service under load, as in missile telemetering, by calibration prior to use in the intended circuit.

## Mercury Batteries

 miniaturization, stability, dependabilityYou can put extra performance in your batterypowered products by applying the unique performance of Mallory mercury batteries in your new designs. Pioneered and perfected by Mallory, mercury batteries give you features unequalled by any commercial dry cell.

Want smaller size? Mercury batteries have high energy-to-volume ratio, can be miniaturized without loss of performance.

Want greater convenience? Long lasting mercury batteries greatly reduce frequency of battery change.
Want dependability? Mallory mercury bat-


In Canada, Mallory Battery Company of Canada, Ltd., Toronto 4, Ontario


For Dependability - "Atronic Pacer/Monitor"-pocket-size electronic heart stimulator, made by Atronic Products, Inc., supplies pulses that prevent heart slowdown in cardiac patients . . . lets them live useful lives away from a hospital bed. Life-saving impulses are powered by Mallory mercury batteries, which deliver constant power for months in this critical service.
teries last up to four times longer in service than conventional types . . . can be stored for up to six years without appreciable loss of capacity. They operate over wide temperature ranges.
Want stability? Output stays so constant that they can be used as reference voltage standards. Constant voltage discharge is ideal for transistor circuitry.
The applications pictured here are typical of the ways that Mallory mercury batteries are adding new values to self-powered products. Let's get together on how we may help you, too . . . either by applying our line of standard batteries or by developing custom-made packs for you.

This sub-miniature rate gyro, embodying eddy current damping, withstands a range of temperature ambients from -65 to +400 F . This single degree of freedom instrument has an output governed by the rate range and the natural frequency. Rate ranges of 10 to 200 deg per sec are available. Power requirement for the three phase hysteresis motor and the single phase microsyn is 26 v . Frequency range is 400 to 1000 cps . The unit is 2 in . long and $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. in diam, and is hermetically sealed.
Telecomputing Corp., Whittaker Gyro Div., Dept. ED, 16217 Lindbergh St., Van Nuys, Calif. CIRCLE $35 I$ ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Power Supplies

## Stepping type

These power supplies provide 115 v or line voltage automatically stepped in plus and minus steps. The time cycle is adjustable from 1 to $\mathbf{6 0}$ min ; the step voltage is adjustable from 1 to $20 \%$. Operation is on 50 to 60 cps power. The output is metered for continuous voltage readings. Three models are available with the following capacities: model $250,500 \mathrm{w}$; model $251,1500 \mathrm{w}$; and model 252, 2500 w.
Research Industrial Laboratory of Electronics, Dept. ED, Roslyn, Pa.
circie 352 ON reader-service card

For Long Life-Mallory mercury batteries have been used as a primary power source for the telemetering transmitters in the U.S. satellite program. In the Pioneer IV space probe, they powered radio transmission up to 407,000 miles, the greatest distance over which a radio signal has ever been received... and they far exceeded life expectations in Explorer and Vanguard flights.


## Synchronous Motors <br> Permanent magnet type

Series 500 permanent magnet type synchronous motors are available in speeds from $1 / 60$ to 10 rpm and in clockwise or counterclockwise models. They are offered with two different lubricating systems. In the standard type, the pinion rotates on a fixed shaft and is lubricated by an oil reservoir in the pinion. In the instrument type, a reservoir lubricating system in the core of the motor continuously bathes the rotor shaft in oil. The units are designed for $115 \mathrm{v}, 60 \mathrm{cps}$ operation.

Controls Company of America, Industrial and Commercial Controls Div., Dept. ED, 9555 Soreng Ave., Schiller Park, Ill.
circle 350 on reader-service card

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Rate Gyro } \\
& \text { Withstands temperatures } \\
& \text { from }-50 \text { to }+400 \mathrm{~F}
\end{aligned}
$$



# ELECTRO TEC 

## GIANT PRECISION SLIP RING ASSEMBLY

for the David Taylor Model Basin

What it does - At the David Taylor Model Basin, where "Scale models of today are ships and aircraft of tomorrow," a new addition to the Hydromechanics Laboratory is under construction. Highly specialized and radical hull designs are to be tested in a 260 foot diameter tank. A pylon in the center of the tank supports a 135 foot arm. Below a traveling carriage suspended from the underside of this arm, hull designs are subjected to intricate maneuvers. All stress, torque and other measurements go through the pylon for transmission to computers on the shore. Means was required for the uninterrupted transmission of electrical information through a rotating joint. The slip ring provided by Electro Tec meets the high standards of precision required. Weighing roughly 5,000 lbs., the 16 foot high slip ring assembly consists of 137 circuits for signal, control and power. One power section for operation above 600 V . will conduct 3,000 amperes.
Many other unique problems have been solved with Electro Tec slip rings." In contrast to the David Taylor giant are units as small as 039 inches in diameter containing 6 circuits. Write for information on individual components or complete assemblies to precise electrical, mechanical and environmental specifications.
-Par. No. 2.696,570 ond other patents pending

Write Electro Tec Corporation on all your slip ring requirements.

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Swinging Inductors <br> 172 different models

Each of 172 different models of swinging inductors is available in these three basic forms: open construction, encapsulated and cantype. Encapsulated and can-type are designed to meet or exceed MIL-T-27A.
Magnetic Circuit Elements, Inc., Dept. ED, 3722 Park Place, Montrose, Calif.

CIRCLE 354 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Switch

Has under 0.2 cu in. static volume
Model 6208 switch has a static volume of less than 0.2 cu in . Factory preset range of the unit is 0.4 to 1 mach; other models are available with up to 3 mach. Electrical contact rating is 2 amp at 30 v dc and 3 amp at 115 v ac. The switch
operates on 28 v dc at 35 ma . It is hermetically sealed, weighs 0.75 lb , and measures 2 in . in diam and 3 in . in length.

Aero Mechanism, Inc., Dept. ED, 13918 Saticoy St., Van Nuys, Calif. CIRCLE 355 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## C-Band Transmitter System

## Has 2 kw min rf power output

Combined with various klystrons, the model 208T self-contained power amplifier covers an extensive frequency range. With the company's VA804 klystron, it covers 4400 to 5875 mc ; with the VA805, 5875 to 6425 mc ; and with the VA806, 7125 to 8500 mc . In standard units, rf power output is 2 kw cw $\min$ and rf power input is 10 to 100 mw . Modifications can be produced to give higher output powers. The amplifier is housed in a compact, three-door cubicle.
Levinthal Electronic Products, Dept. ED, Stanford Industrial Park, Palo Alto, Calif.

CIRCLE 712 ON READER-SERVICE CARD



How to put wings on a warehouse


Put wings on your future, too.

## DOUGLAS AIRCRAFT COMPANY

 mISSILES AND SPACE SYSTEMShas immediate openings
in the following fields-

## Electrical and Electronics:

Control System Analysis \& Design
Antenna \& Radome Design
Radar System Analysis and Design Instrumentation
Equipment Installation
Test Procedures
Logic Design
Power System Design

## Mechanical Engineering -

Analysis and Design of the following:
Servo Units
Hydraulic Power Systems
Air Conditioning Systems
Missile Launcher Systems
Propulsion Units and Systems
Auxiliary Power Supplies

## Aeronautical Engineering:

Aerodynamic Design
Advanced Aerodynamic Study
Aerodynamic Heating
Structural Analysis
Strength Testing
Dynamic Analysis of Flutter and Vibration
Aeroelasticity
Design of Complex Structure
Trajectory Analysis
Space Mechanics
Welding
Metallurgy

## Physics and Mathematics:

Experimental Thermodynamics
General Advanced Analysis in all fields
Computer Application Analysis
Computer Programming and
Analysis
Mathematical Analysis
For full information
write to:
Mr. C. C. LaVene
Box 601-E
Douglas Aircraft Company, Inc.
Santa Monica, Calif.

Giving overseas air bases what amounts to local warehouse service on important parts is an Air Force objective. Its present system has slashed delivery schedules up to 20 times ...saved taxpayers several billion dollars over the past decade. To improve it further, Douglas has been selected to develop specifications for a comprehensive Material Handling Support System involving better communications, control, cargo handling and loading, packaging and air terminal design. Douglas is well qualified for this program by its more than 20 years in all phases of cargo transport. Air logistics is only one area of extensive Douglas operations in aircraft, missile and space fields in which outstanding openings exist for qualified engineers.
Schuyler Kleinhans and Charles Glasgow, Chief Engineers of the Santa Monica and Long Beach Divisions, go over air transport needs relating to advanced cargo loading techniques with DOUGLAS

IETLINERS MILITARY AIRCRAFT CARGO TRANSPORTS MISSILE SYSTEMS SPACE SYSTEMS AIRCOMB GROUND.HANDLING EQUIPMENT CIRCLE 902 ON CAREER INQUIRY FORM PAGE 173

DATICO "digital automatic tape intolligence check out" is made by the Nortronics Div. of Northrop corporation for the U.S. Air Force and U. S. Army Rocket \& Guided Misslio Agency. This money and man saving tool provides rapid weapon system ovalu. atlon. Note Camloc Chassis Latches.

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Thermal Circuit Breaker

## Reacts to ambient temperature only

Designed to eliminate the danger of open circulating due to current generated heat, the FilTherm protector interrupts line current to an equipment when the ambient temperature at the installation point reaches a preselected level. Unaffected by the current passing through it, the 0.15 oz unit senses the ambient cutoff temperature from its mounting structure or by convection. Its nonmetallic, nonconductive sensing element has operation sensitivities up to $\pm 3 \%$ of the rated temperature. The unit is available in a range from 100 to 2500 F and is good for ac or dc circuitry of any voltage or frequency. It meets MIL-E 5272 A and can carry continuous currents to 10 amp, surge currents to 25 amp .
Filtron Co., Inc., Dept. ED, 131-15 Fowler Ave., Flushing 55, N.Y.

CIRCLE 358 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

Ceramic Receiving Tubes
Four types available


These ceramic receiving tubes are available in four types. For use as detector, mixer, or instrument probe, type 7266 high frequency diode has 600 v peak inverse voltage rating and 10 ma steady-state peak plate current. Output is 1 v dc min. Type 7486 triode, for uhf oscillator and class C power amplifier, has the following maximum ratings: 1 w plate dissipation, 250 plate v , 2 ma dc grid current, and 10 ma dc cathode current. Type 7462, a print board version of the 7707 high amplification uhf triode, has these maximum ratings: 250 plate volts, 50 v negative dc grid, 1 w plate dissipation, and 10 ma dc cathode current. Type 7296 high amplification triode is for vhf and low uhf oscillator, mixer or amplifier service and has these maximum ratings: 3.3 w plate dissipation, 330 v plate voltage, 100 v peak negative grid voltage, and 5 ma dc grid current.
General Electric, Receiving Tube Dept., Dept. ED, Owensboro, Ky.
circle 359 on reader-service card

are self-contained null-balancing measurement systems designed to indicate or monitor virtually any quantity that can be expressed as a voltage. Their high accuracy (to $0.05 \%$ ) and fast response (as little as 0.2 second full scale) meet the most critical ground support requirements.
Ratio indication is unaffected by changes in transducer excitation. Compact, single-package design permits remote dolly, console, or rack mounting, maximum application flexibility.
Available, to specifications, for part icular function, range or input signal, with dial, counter or dual pointer dis play, auxiliary output for repeating signaling or control. For full data write for bulletin.


NORTH ATIANTIC industries, inc.
603 Main Stroet, Westbury, N. Y. EDgowood 4-1122

CIRCLE 360 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

These three-terminal capacitance standards are available in both fixed and variable types. The fixed units, types 1403 standard air capacitors, are rated at $0.01,0.1,1,10,100$, or $1000 \mu \mu$. The following models of variable capacitors are also available: type $722-\mathrm{CB}$, rated at 50 to $1100 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$; $722-\mathrm{CC}$, rated at 5 to $100 \mu \mu$ f; and $722-\mathrm{CD}$, rated at 0.5 to $11 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$ and 0.05 to $1.1 \mu \mu$. The capacitors are equipped with coaxial connectors and mating connectors.
General Radio Co., Dept. ED, W. Concord, Mass.

CIRCLE 361 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Epoxy Laminating Resin

Suited for potting and encapsulating
Used with Hardener 9012, Epocast 28 forms a structural resin for laminating glass fibers or a casting resin suited for potting and encapsulating electrical components. The resin and hardener mixture has a pot life of three days at 75 to 80 F . It displays good thermal stability and uniform dielectric properties over a broad range of temperatures.
Furane Plastics, Inc., Dept. ED, 4516 Brazil St., Los Angeles 39, Calif.

CIRCLE 362 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## Precision Potentiometer

Wirewound

Designed for operation to 165 C , this precision ivirewound potentiometer measures $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. and is for standard servo mounting. Its features include: power rating of 3 w at 65 C , standard linearity of $0.3 \%$ to $0.25 \%$, completely welded construction, flush glass sealed terminals, and stainless steel front and rear ball bearings.
Ace Electronics Association, Inc., Dept. ED, 19 Dover St., Somerville, Mass.

CIRCLE 363 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Microwave Component News nur from SYLVANIA mil

# New line of X-band magnetrons, servo-tunable over 1100 mc 

M4164, M4193, M4163

cool without special ducts
These three rugged new magnetrons, like the familiar 6874 and 7006, feature the same size, accessible mounting points, and high reliability of the fixed-frequency 4J50. The unique tapered-pin tuner, already proven highly successful in severe applications of the 6874 and 7006, has been incorporated in this line. Servo-tuning without a special oversized gear box and no change in outline is available in all five types on request. Easy tuner-dial readability and ruggedness, flexibility of tuner location, and standard through-bolt lug mounting from the top are regular benetfis featured by Sylvania. 1.5 mismatch at full power and atmospheric pressure is made possible by a new window design. Fin placement permits cooling without special ducting.



Still at it? Trying to improve potentiometer reliability by building em yourself? Well, you're on the right track about one thing welding's a sure way to eliminate a lot of operational headaches - like gassing contamination of contact metals at high temperature, from organic solder flux. No chance of "cold joints", either, to increase circuit resistance. No soldered connections to come loose . under vibration and shock. Welding is the way to reliability!
But why set the wife's drapes afire to get a reliable, all-welded pot? Utilizing welding techniques, Ace produces reliable potentiometers operable at temperatures exceeding $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. and able to withstand 50 G s at 2000 cycles. All this, plus extremely low contact resistance and long. er rated life. All taps, end connections, resistance elements, contact assemblies and terminal leads are specially prepared beforehand - then welded with pure nickel or palladium silver. So. for built-in reliability through sounder construction
 techniques, see your ACErep!
This 2" AIA Acepot ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ (shown $1 / 2$-scale) incorporates all these exclusive uelding construction features. for superior reliability.

ACE ELECTRONICS ASSOCIATES, INC. - $\infty$ Dover Stroet, Somerville 44, Mass. somariel e-S130 tmx smvi iel Wort. Union Wux

## NEW PRODUCTS



## Discriminator

 FilterWeighs 11 oz

Type MR 3.1-100-10 pulse width discriminator filter weighs 11 oz and measures $1-5 / 8 \times 1-7 / 8 \mathrm{x}$ $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. The unit is designed for use as an antijamming component for pulse sensory radar and beacon type systems, and in systems requiring pulse width encoding, decoding, and pulse go/nogo operation. An input pulse which lasts for a specified time produces an output of maximum amplitude. For example, for a pulse length of $3.1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ the output is 3.1 v and the input is 1.5 v . Pulses shorter than $2.5 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ and longer than 3.7 usec are attenuated by a minimum of 15 db . Solid state components are incorporated in the unit.
Mini-Rad, Inc., Dept. ED, 7416 E. Varna St., N. Hollywood, Calif.

CIRCLE 366 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Delay Lines

 Epoxy encapsulated

Designed for missile and airborne applications as well as for commercial use, these tapped delay lines are epoxy encapsulated. Series C has a rise time of $1 / 30$ of delay time; series $\mathrm{K}, 1 / 14$ of delay time. For the two types, delay tolerance is $\pm 2 \%$ (ir $\pm 0.01 \mu \mathrm{sec}$, thermal coefficient of delay is $(1.005 \%$ per deg C, working voltage is 300 v dc, and temperature range is -65 to +125 C . Standard units have 10 taps equally spaced, but the taps 'may be arranged as required. These units reeet the requirements of MIL-STD-202A.

The Artronic Instrument Co., Dept. ED, 11232 Triangle Lane, Silver Spring, Md.

CIRCLE 367 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

TEST
INSTRUMENTS for LABORATORY/PRODUCTION


## PRECISION

 TEST
## RECEIVER

The AIL Type 130 Precision Test Receiver ( 30 and 60 Mc standard units available) is a versatile instrument combining a high gain, low-noise figure receiver and a secondary standard of attenuation. It can be used wherever accurate measurements of the differences of r-f and i-f power levels are required. A few typical applications are: noise-figure measurement, measuring characteristics of directional couplers, calibration of r-f attenuators and measurement of selectivity characteristics.

Detailed literature is available on request.

AIRBORNE INSTRUMENTS LABORATORY 1345 New york avenue HUNTINGTON STATION, L. I., N. Y. A division of cutler-hammer, inc
CIRCLE 368 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

- SIGN - September 16, 1959


## Signal Conditioning System

Has plug-in etched circuits
The NE-10 signal conditioning and balance panel system has an eched plug-in for each transducer (Hannel. In addition to plug-ins for strain gage type transclucers, units an be supplied for signal conditioning other type; of transducer outputs including thermocouples and potentiometers, for entry into either oscillograph or tape recording systems. Unit measares 3-5/16 , $6 \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. and contains provisions for 10 channels.
Kauke and Co., Inc., Dept. ED 16:32 Euclid St., Santa Monica Calif.
CIRCLE 369 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Silicon Rectifiers

Have 2.5 and 12 amp ratings
These Redtop insulated base silicon rectifiers have 2.5 and 12 amp ratings. They meet military environmental specs and can with stand vibration of 20 g to 2000 cps and 50 g shock. The 12 amp rectifier has a surge rating of 240 amp and a leakage of $2 \mu \mathrm{a}$ at 25 C , and is 1-5 64 in . long.
Bradley Semiconductor Corp. Dept. ED, New Haven 11, Conn. CIRCLE 370 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## High Voltage Test Set

Provides 50 kr ac ot 2 kva
Model KB50-2AC high voltage test set provides 50 kv ac at 2 kva Used for dielectric testing, this twopiece set has low waveform distortion and direct metering at high voltage output for high accuracy regardless of regulation or type of load. The main unit weighs 140 lb and measures $14 \times 21 \times 23 \mathrm{in}$. The single high voltage bushing protrudes 9 in. to facilitate entrance into test cage. The control cabinet weighs 38 lb and measures $17 \times 9$ 12 in.
Peschel Electronics, Inc., Dept. liD, R.F.D. 1, Patterson, N.Y.
CIRCLE 371 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## GONSIDER...

## this rugged Video Telemetering System

THIS REMARKABLE NEW television system gives you the power of sight where human eyes cannot go. It can be directed outward for observation, or inward to "watch" internal operation from a range of 1,000 miles line-of-sight.
Capable of operation under extreme environmental conditions, and packaged
for use under conditions requiring limited space, weight, and power, the Model 701 includes such features as: transistorized circuitry, 525 line, 30 -frame fully inter laced picture, crystal controlled EIA synch, and high sensitivity.

Weight of the complete unit is under nine pounds. Total volume is less than

119 cubic inches. Its critical-design requirements are typical of all LEAD products. Each can be modified to meet many different requirements. Tell us what yours are. Contact our Marketing Branch, Lockheed Electronics \& Avionics Division, 6201 E. Randolph St., Los Angeles 22...OVerbrook 5-7070.

## NEW PRODUCTS



## Regulator Amplifier

For power supplies

Model S-20004-P plug-in germanium transistor regulator amplifier is used in power supplies with outputs of 11 to 15 v and with currents from 0 to 2 amp . Power supplies using this regulator amplifier have better than $0.1 \%$ line and load regulation and ripple is less than 2 mv peak-to-peak. The amplifier delivers 150 ma min and operates in a circuit with 15 to 35 dc unregulated. The basic current drain is less than 30 ma , the gain is greater than 2000, and the operating temperature is 32 to 135 C. Other models are available for use with 24 v power supplies.

Plug-In Instruments, Inc., Dept. ED, 1416 Lebanon Rd., Nashville, Tenn.
circle 373 on reader-service card

## Plugboards

Made of $1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. epoxy paper
These plugboards are made of $1 / 16 \mathrm{in}$. epoxy paper material with 0.062 in . holes on alternate intersections of A 0.1 in . grid. A 16 -pin connector attached to the leading edge mates with a contact receptacle. The plugboards may be hand wired to provide prototypes for final printed circuit cards.
Vector Electronic Co., Dept. ED, 1100 Flower St., Glendale 1, Calif.
circle 374 on reader-service card


## Variable Resistors

Have metal ceramic resistance element

Series 600 variable resistors employ a metal ceramic resistance element. These units offer a resistance range of 100 ohms to 5 meg , linear taper. Power ratings are $3 / 4 \mathrm{w}$ at $85 \mathrm{C}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$ at 125 C , and zero load at 175 C . Temperature range is -63 to +175 C ; temperature coefficient is 250 to 500 ppm per deg C. Load life is 1000 hr for $3 / 4 \mathrm{w}$ at 85 C or $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$ at $125 \mathrm{C}, 350 \mathrm{v}$ max. Rotational life, after 25,000 cycles is $7.5 \%$. The requirements of MIL-R-94B are exceeded.
Chicago Telephone Supply Corp., Dept. ED, 1142 W. Beardsley Ave., Elkhart, Ind.
circie 375 On reader-senvice card

## SENSING DEVICES



225 Park Ave., Hicksville, L. I., N. Y. - 6111 E. Washington Blvd., Los Angeles, Cal.
A Subsidiary of Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corporation :

High performance aircraft and missiles require thousands of separate components. As the tempo of technology increases, higher speeds, higher temperatures, higher stresses make it mandatory that each component have higher Reliability.
Fairchild Reliability is fast becoming an industry standard. Fairchild sensing devices are built with close dimensional and design control for reliability under shock and vibration. Fairchild quality control continuously samples production for compliance with engineering specified standards. In addition there is $100 \%$ incoming, line, and final inspection.

The Reliability, or in a phrase, predicted excellence, of Fairchild's sensors is documented and data can be furnished with each production lot covering the stringent test program detailed to the specs and beyond*
For more information write Dept. 27 ED.
Testing beyond the specs is Fairchild's Safety Factor for Reliability in performance.

TYPE 910 PRECISION POTENTIOMETERS
Tie linear motion type shown is one o many high reliability types available. Also si igle-turns, multi-turns and special de
si ns. Functional accuracy over life is guaranteed - Fairchilds "Safety Factor" tc- reliability.


TA-100 ACCELEROMETERS
Economical, pendulous accelerometer with torsion bar suspension and reliable pot pick-off. Accuracy values as low as $\pm \pm 1 / 2 \%$. from $4-40 \mathrm{cps}$.

CIRCLE 376 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
FLECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

## FAIRCHILD TP.300 PRESSURE TRANSDUCER

Senses altitude to compensate for the "tuck under effect"" during transonic flight of the F4D Skyray supersonic high altitude Navy and Marine Corps intercepter manufactured by the Douglas Aircraft Company, Inc.

THE PROBLEM: Douglas needed an accurate altitude transducer with both linear and nonlinear outputs, having the capability of field adjustment to vary altitude settings.

THE SOLUTION: Fairchild, drawing on the engineering skills that makes them the forcmost manufacturer of precision potentiometers, provided a 3 diameter pressure transducer having dual pot pick-offs with tap accuracies as low as $\pm 0.1^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Hg}$. and end point tolerances of $\pm 0.3^{\prime \prime}$ of Hg . The design permits convenient field adjustment by phasing of the windings. Vibration and acceleration errors are minimized by counterbal. anced construction -The "tuck under effect" is an aerodynamic
phenomena which causes the plane to pitch down phenomena which causes he plane to pater
while passing througt the sound barrier


## RG-100 SUB-MINIATURE RATE GYROS

15/16" dia. by $2^{\prime \prime}$ long. Has uniform constant damping within $\pm 15 \%$ from $-40^{\circ}$ to +200 F. Takes $100 \mathrm{~g}^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ of shock, at low
maximum rates.


## TP-100 NEW 1-INCH PRESSURE TRANSDUCER

Withstands $35 \mathrm{~g} 2,000 \mathrm{cps}$ vibration, 75 g acceleration, 50 g shock. $0-5$ to $0-350$ psia, 8 or d, with resolution as low as $.25 \%$. Also
available in $2^{\prime \prime}$ and $3^{\prime \prime}$ sizes with linearities as low as $0.5 \%$. Other types for pressures up to 10.000 psi.

## Environmental Test Chambers

Measure $18 \times 18 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$.
Model 3 environmental test chambers offer $18 \times 18 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$. clear specimen space. Temperature ranges are -100 to +240 or to +350 F and can be extended down to -120 and up to +500 F . Humidity can be included.
Tenney Engineering, Inc., Dept. ED, Union, N.J.

CIRCLE 377 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Power Supply

Transistorized


Model 62AR transistorized power supply has a stability of $\pm 0.1 \%$ regulation for six months, a reliability of better than 0.95 for one year when used 8 hr per day, and a life expectancy of ten years. Input is 115 v ac, 60 or $400 \mathrm{cps}, 1$ phase. Output is 26 v dc at 1 to 0.5 amp . Load regulation is 1 mv max for load changes of zero to full load and line regulation is $0.5 \max$ for $\pm 10 \%$ variations in line voltage or frequency. Ripple is less than 1 mv rms . The output is floating. Also available are dc to dc units and three phase input units.
The Daven Co., Dept. ED, Livingston, N.J.
CIRCLE 378 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Function Generator

## Provides over 37 waveforms

Model LF 51 function generator provides over 37 different waveforms for testing servomechanisms, vibration studies, and for programming automatic systems and analogue computation. Sine waves with frequencies from 500 to 0.0005 cps are generated with less than $1 \%$ harmonic distortion. Maximum voltages are 150 v peak to peak. Ramps, triangular waves, sawtooth, and trapezoidal functions are available singly or repetitively. One-half or one complete cycle may be obtained. A prepulse may be used to start recording equipment. The unit withstands 40 g in any direction. It includes 16 modules plus a power supply housed in a rack mounting cabinet.

Marconi Instruments, Dept. ED, 111 Cedar Lane, Englewood, N.J.

CIRCLE 379 ON READER-SERVICE CARD



## Servomechanism Repeaters

Have two speeds

This line of two-speed servomechanism repeat crs have size 15,11 , and 8 components. The overall servo pack!ge comprises three sections: the mechanism, the amplifier, and the chassis. The first section includes motor, feedback elements, output transducer, and gearing. The amplifier is selected from the basic types to suit size, weight, and performance requirements. The chassis contains all special purpose parts. Accuracies to 4 ft , temper.tures to 125 C , and damping and slew speeds to suit the application are typical performance characteristics. MIL-E-5272 environmental specs are met.
Superior Mfg. \& Instrument Corp., Dept. ED, 154-01 Barclay Ave., Flushing 55, N.Y.

CIRCLE 381 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## Circuit Modules

Resistive type

Types P-202 and P-201 resistive type circuit modules are designed for use in transformation ratio measurements, servo system alignment, synchro bridge nulling, and transducer calibration. For use in ac ratio measurements, the P-202 module is a self-contained resistance summing network. Resistances available are 10,000 ohms to 1 meg with ac match between arms from 0.01 to 0.002\%. Arms are matched at 400 cps for total or combined effects of both real and reactive components. Power rating is 0.25 w . The unit is a plug-in type, has four binding terminals, and measures $2-3 / 4 \times 1-7 / 8 \times 1-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. Type P-201 reference isolation module will accommodate signals from 1.25 to 150 v and has an input impedance of 100,000 ohms.
North Atlantic Industries, Inc., Instrument Div., Dept. ED, 603 Main St., Westbury, N. Y.


ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

## Limit Signalling Comparator

## Nine gage heads available

 imit signalling comparator model 765 is used for small lot inspiction or spot checking of production runs. Nine different gage heads are available permitting direct readings ranging from 0.00005 in per dimension with the A-1 to Q. 101 in . per dimension with the A-20. Full scale deflection of the meter is a direct 20 v change in the gage output, providing for greater accuracy and repeatability than cir cuits requiring signal amplification Radio Corp. of America, Indus trial and Automation Div., Dept ED, 12605 Arnold Ave., Detroit, Nich.CIRCLE 384 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Continuity and Leakage Tester

Uses audio signal
Audiotone continuity and leakage tester produces an audio tone, the frequency of which depends on the resistance of the element being tested. It has a range of from 0 to 100 meg ; maximum current is 300 na. Self contained, it has a shelflife battery, no vibrating contacts no adjustments.
Peschel Electronics, Inc., Dept ED, R.F.D. 1, Patterson, N.Y.
CIRCLE 385 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Analyzer

Has high resolution
Model TA-18 high resolution analyzer produces an instantaneous spectral display of all telemetering subcarrier channels at one time. A three point marker shows center frequency and end frequency on each channel. A separate camera mount can be slaved to any of the 18 channels for a permanent record. This unit has automatic optimum risolution on each channel and a 4!) db dynamic range. Resolution is 2 to 500 cycles.
Probescope Co., Inc., Dept. ED, S Sagamore Hill Drive, Port Washngton, N.Y.
CIRCLE 386 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## Test proves reliability of P\&B's LS telephone type relay

These 16 LS relays, wired into a self-cycling chain, each operated $213,149,873$ times before the test was discontinued. This test was made for a nationally prominent manufacturer and the certified results are available upon request.

Here is proof of the inherent reliability of $P \& B$ telephone type relays and of the kind of performance you can expect when you specify them. LS relays are available with up to 20 springs ( 10 per stack) and are adaptable for printed circuit mounting.

Whenever multiple switching of loads up to 4 amperes is required, the LS can usually meet space, weight and-importantly-price considerations. Get full information today by calling or writing Zeke R . Smith, vice president, Engineering, or contact your nearest $P_{\&} B$ representative.

LS ENGINEERING DATA
GENERAL:
Breakdown Voltage: 1,000 volts rms 60 cy min. belween all elements.

COIL:
Resistance: 55,000 ohms max
Power: 65 mw DC per movable standard ( 50 mw possible); 3.5 watts max. at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Ambient Temperature: $-55^{\circ}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Weight: 3 to $40 z$.
Dimensions: $13 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} . \times 21 / 3^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{L} . \times 11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}$
$(4$ Form C)
Enclesures: Seoled or dust cover (W can) Sealed or dust cover, up to 6 Form C, single contacts ( $D$ can)
Mountings: Four $\$ 6.32$ tapped holes $3 / 4 \times$ $3 / 6{ }^{\prime \prime}$ o.c. Other mountings available.

## CONTACTS:

Arrangements: 20 springs (10 per stack) max. Material: 1/t dio. twin palladium. Other materials available for specific applieations.
Load: 4 amps @ 115 volis 60 cy , resistive.


TS RELAY
Short coil relay is available Short coil relay is available
in AC and DC versions. Long life construction. Can be supplied (DC) with up to 20 prings (10 per atack).

## BS RELAY

Excellent sensitivity: 50 mw DC). Fovable arm minimum quiring many switching elements in amall space.
ss relay
long coil provides high sensitivity $(25 \mathrm{mw}$ per movable pull-in delays for aluge for seconds max.) or drop-out delays ( 600 milliseconds max.).


## Are you looking for neat, fast, economical fabrication?

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electronic equipment designed to allow in-operation chocks and adiustments when used with mating mounting frame.


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1416 Lebanon Road
Nashville, Tenn.

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Differential Amplifier <br> Completely solid state

Designed for use with strain gages, thermocouples, and other low signal level devices. Redcor model 261 differential amplifier is completely solid state. Noise from all sources is less than $10 \mu \mathrm{v}$ at a 200 kc bandwidth. Input impedance is as high as 100 meg and common mode rejection is 120 db . The unit has no moving parts.
Packard Bell Computing Corp., Dept. ED, 12333 W. Olympic Blvd., Los Angeles 64, Calif. CIRCLE 388 on reader-SERVICE CARD


## Delay Line

Lumped constant type

Designed for missile application, model 31-6 lumped constant delay line has a time delay of 3 $\mu \mathrm{sec}$. Its delay-to-rise time ratio is $15: 1$ and characteristic impedance is 1200 ohms. Operating temperature range is -55 to +125 C . The unit measures $3 \times 1 \times 1 \mathrm{in}$.
ESC Corp., Dept. ED, 534 Bergen Blvd., Palisades Park, N.J.

CIRCLE 389 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Pressure Pickup <br> Retains accuracy of $10,000 \mathrm{psi}$

A chamber type, unbonded strain gage pressure pickup, the model 4-326 retains its accuracy up to 10,000 psi absolute or sealed gage. It has provisions for adjustment of bridge balance, temperature compensation, and sensitivity in a chamber isolated from the sensing element. The unit operates from -320 to +300 F , withstands severe shock, and retains good output characteristics through acceleration, linear vibration, acoustical noise, and varying altitude. Transducers with nominal output sensitivity of 40 mv are obtainable for ranges between 0 to 100 psi and 0 to 10,000 psi.
Consolidated Electrodynamics Corp., Transducer Div., Dept. ED, 360 Sierra Madre Villa, Pasadena, Calif.

Get the Facts About These Cost Saving Terminals and Cable Clamps

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## Request details

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CIRCLE 710 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

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Request defails


WHITSO, INC
9326 Byron Stroes, Schiller Park, Illinois


## L\&N's 4232-B High Precision Guarded Wheatstone Bridge measures to 11,111 megohms

Already, standardizing laboratories are using this L\&N Wheatstone Bridge as their prime measuring instrument for all d-c resistance measurements. In the manufacture of high quality resistors, it is being used for making accurate meas urements on a semi-production basis.
Unique design features, never before obtainable in a bridge of this accuracy, include guarding to prevent errors resulting from leakage during adverse humidity conditions, and rheostat dial values direct-reading in digits.
List No.-4232-B High Precision Guarded Wheatstone Bridge.
Range-1 ohm to 11,111 megohms
Ratio Arms-Plug and block controlled. Values: 1, 10, 100, 1000, 1000', 10,000, $10,000^{\circ}$ and 100,000 ohms.
Rheostat-10(10,000 $+1000+100+$ $10+1+0.1$ ) ohms.
Certificate-L\&N Certificate, supplied with each bridge, gives following data: Ratio Resistors: measured values of Rach resistor given to $0.001 \%$ at 25 C . each resistor given to $0.001 \%$ at 25 C . to within $0.005 \%$, except 100,000 ohms and 1 ohm, which provide ratios correct to within $0.01 \%$. Rheostat Dials: measured values for each position of 10,000 , 11000, 100, 10, 1 and 0.1 ohm dials given at 25 C . Rheostat settings of 200 ohms or more are correct to within $0.005 \%$; below 200 ohms, correct to 0.01 ohm .
Limits of Error-Overall error at 25 C with minimum of 1000 ohms in rheostat $\mathrm{arm}: \pm(0.01 \%+0.001 \mathrm{ohm})$ up to 1.11 megohms. $\pm 0.02 \%$ above 1.11 meg ohm to 111 megohms. $\pm 0.2 \%$ above 111 megohms to 1111 megohms. $\pm 2 \%$ aloove 1111 megohms to 11,111 megohms. Case-Metal; 19" $x$ 10 $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 9^{1 / 2^{\prime \prime}}$ for 19" relay rack mounting. Wt. is $33^{1 / 2}$ lbs. Price-\$2100.00 f.o.b. Phila. or North Wales, Pa. (subject to change without notice). Order List No. 4232-B from L\&N $\ddagger 08$ Stenton Ave., Philadelphia 44, Pa.

## Solder Dispensing Tool

 For hard-to-reach wiring locationsDesigned for applications in deep chassis and in crowded, hard-to-reach wiring locations, this solder dispensing tool is operated by a fingertip, knurled control. The probe tip provides the backup for the solder at the point of application and provides for retraction of wire solder. Interchangeable probes in straight and angle-form are available; probes are interchangeable by a bayonet-type attachment. The main body of the unit contains a supply of wire solder for several hours plus all working parts. Entire assembly is put together with a single screw.

International Electronic Research Corp., Dept. ED, 145 W. Magnolia Blvd., Burbank, Calif. CIRCLE 393 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## Tape Reader

Uses a latch-interlocked cam system

The FR-2 tape reader uses a latch-interlocked cam system for read and feed, achieving long life whether character-by-character or continuous reading is employed. The unit will operate at -65 F , with shock and vibration forces up to 20 g. It operates at rates up to 60 codes per sec; slewing is possible at speeds up to 300 codes per sec . Reader contact closures of up to 240 deg of drive shaft rotation are provided for readers operated at speeds up to 30 codes per sec; up to 180 deg are provided for readers operated up to 60 codes per sec. The unit is caable of $5,6,7$, or 8 level operation.

Soroban Engineering, Inc., Dept. ED, Box 1717, Melbourne, Fla.

CIRCLE 394 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Tape Programmer

Has bidirectional drive
Made for use in military check-out systems, model 3277 tape programmer has bidirectional drive. Character reading rates are up to 200 per sec . Tapes are up to 1 in . wide; the 6 in . reels can hold 500 ft of Mylar tape or 300 ft of paper tape. Input power requirements are 28 v dc and 115 v 400 cps . The controls for data playback are self-contained in the unit. Its dimensions are $11 \times 17 \times 11 \mathrm{in}$. and its weight is about 50 lb . It meets the requirements of MIL-E-16400.

Potter Instrument Co., Inc., Dept. ED, Sunnyside Blvd., Plainview, N.Y.

CIRCLE 395 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## HOW TO KEEP POWER GAIN CONSTANT ON TRANSISTORIZED AMPLIFIERS

Maintaining constant powergain on transistorized amplifiers has always been a problem for computer design engineers. Recent work with Glennite Thermistors has provided a simple yet effective solution. Glennite Thermistors are temperature-sensitive resistors with high negutive coefficients of resistance. When a temperature increase in the amplifier circuit above causes increase in power gain, a wafer type thermistor in feedback circuit serves to maintain constant power gain.
The negative temperature coefficient of the thermistor results in decreased resistance as temperature increases. The resulting degenerative feedback compensates for power gain, maintains constant voltage output.
Transistor gain control in computers is only one of many interesting ways in which versatile Glennite Thermistors are used as economical solutions to problems of temperature control, time delay, measurements and analyses.
Glennite wafer, bead and rod thermistors are available in a variety of resistance values, temperature coefficients and sizes to help you evaluate circuit problems. They may be obtained from your local distributor, or from Gulton Industries in bulk quantities.


In Canada: Titania Electric Corp. of Canada Lid., Gananoque, Ont. CIRCLE 396 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

MATERIALS \& CERAMICS DIVISION Gulton Industries, Inc.

An inquiry on your company letterhead will make available to you a Glennite Experimenter's Kit for $\$ 14.95$. For those engineers who have had some experience with thermistors, comprehensive mation, write directly to Gulton Industries, Inc.

GI

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Connector

Non-reversing hermaphrodite
This non-reversing hermaphrodite connector acts as both plug and socket at either end. Any connector of this type can be plugged into another regardless of polarity or change in cond $c$ tor path. The unit is designed to handle up to 26 circuits. Of waterproof construction, it measures 2.5 in . in diam. and 7 in . long. All electrical cotacts are gold-plated.
Specialty Electronics Development Corp., Dept ED, Syosset, N.Y.

CIRCLE 397 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


Relays<br>Polarized, dpdt

Series 32 polarized, dpult relays measure $0.8 \times$ $0.4 \times 0.9$ in and weigh 18 g . These units employ magnetic latching and are hermetically sealed. The vibration rating is 30 g to 5000 cps and the temperature range is -65 to +125 C . Standard operating sensitivities are 50 mw for the single coil units and 100 wm for each coil of the dual coil units. Operating time is from 2 to 20 msec , depending on overdrive. Contact ratings are 2 amp for silver contacts and 0.5 amp for gold alloy contacts. Mounting styles include plain can, stud, flange or plate mounting. Connections can be J hook solder terminals, 8 pin plugs for single coil or 10 pin plugs for dual coil, or 3 in . connecting wires.
Sigma Instruments, Inc., Dept. ED, 170 Pcarl St., S. Braintree 85, Mass.

CIRCLE 398 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Relay Control Amplifier <br> Has go/no-go control system

Made for industrial process control and monitor systems, this relay control amplifier has a high accuracy go-no-go control system. Its sensitivity is $1 \mu \mathrm{v}$. Stability is $\pm 1 \mu \mathrm{v}$. It contains a circuit that offers protection against open input circuits or failure of any amplifier component. Operating power supply is $115 \pm 10 \mathrm{v}$, 50 to 60 cps . The unit weighs 6.5 lb and measures $4.5 \times 3.75 \times 6 \mathrm{in}$.

Thermo Electric Co., Inc., Dept. ED, Saddle Brook, N.J.

CIRCLE 399 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## USING FLUOROCHEMICALS, TRANSFORMER PI

Our age of miniaturization drops a challenge to the makers of electrical components-size and weight must go down. By using a 3M fluorochemical inert fluid, FC 75, as a dielectric coolant, the Raytheon Manufacturing Company has developed a transformer of improved electrical per-formance-reduced in volume by $75 \%$ and by $50 \%$ in weight. The miniaturized transformer is shown above, dwarfed by its old-fashioned counterpart. The reason? FC 75 permits the use of a much smaller transformer core and coils. And it reduces the space needed for insulation.

It has high dielectric strength, high heat transfer capability, is self-healing. It has wide liquid range with a pour point of $-148^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and low viscosity. It is thermally stable in excess of $800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. As an evaporative coolant it is all these: nonexplosive, nonflammable, nontoxic, odorless, noncorrosive. Check the other properties at the right-then investigate FC 75, as well as the other 3M Chemicals made for the electronics industry: KEL-F® Molding Powders KEL-F® Dispersions, KEL-F® Elastomers, Cardolite NC 513, KEL-F® Oils, Waxes and Greases, Acids and Alkanes.

## CHEMICAL DIVISION

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am fluorochemical fe 75 pours at $-148^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. It has a wide liquid range of $-148^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. It has a wide liquid range of $-148^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ at atmospheric presoffers these useful properties: high dielectric strength of 37 KV ; self-healing, maintaining dielectric strength after repeated high voltage arcing. Compatible with most materials used in high temperature equipment. Thermally stable in excess of $800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, it prevents development of hot spots in equipment. Prevents sludge formation due to hydrolysis or oxidation.

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DOUBLE BLOWER.-Model B3-32 is powered by a 115 v ac, single phase 60 cps motor. Its output is 100 cfm per blower at 3300 rpm . Overall length is 8 in ., greatest diameter is 5 in .
Electro Products Div., Westem Gear Corp., Dept. EI), 1.32 W. Colorado Blvd., Pasadena, Calif.

CIRCLE 401 ON READER-SERVICE CARO
VERTICAL FILE.-Combines the advantages of vertical filing with convenience of handling one sheet at a time. Each sheet is attached to an aluminum hanger and 150 sheets, up to 42 in . wide, can be filed in one lineal foot. It is available in a wall-mounted unit or steel cabinet.
Plan Hold Corp., Dept. ED, 5202 Chakemco St., South Gate, Calif.

CIRCLE 402 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
BACK CONNECTED POWER SWITCH.-No. 4201-V-12 series is rated at 15 amp plus at both 125 v ac at $3 / 4 \mathrm{hp}$ and 250 v ac at 1 hp . Switches are available in screw, solder, and spade quick disconnect terminals.
Sargent Electric Corp., Dept. ED, 630 Merrick Rd., Lynbrook, N.Y.

CIRCLE 403 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SILVER-CADMIUM BATTERIES.-Have 0.1 to 300 ampere-hour-capacity. The Silcad cell may be used for television receivers and transmitters, portable lighting, and missile and satellite electronic facilities.

Yardney Electric Corp., Dept. ED, 40-50 Leonard St., New York 13, N.Y.

Circle 404 on reader-service card
SPRING-LOADED CONTACT PLUG.-Series PL20 probe provides positive through-connection from practically zero to a maximum of 2.5 oz , necessary for its full travel of 0.187 in . Contact probe is of plunger type and is activated by axially applied pressure.

Sealectro Corp., Dept. ED, 610 Fayette Ave., Mamaroneck, N.Y.

CIRCLE 405 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SNAP SWITCH.-Cam-Flip switch operates under severe conditions of vibration as high as 20 g over a frequency range of 10 to 4000 cps . Mechanically, it can take over $3 \times 10^{7}$ actuations; for silver contacts passing 10 amp , it can take over $25 \times 10^{4}$ electrical actuations.

Torres Engineering Co., Inc., Dept. ED, South Hackensack, N.J.

CIRCLE 406 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SPEED REDUCERS. - Designed for torques up to 350 oz-in., in ratios from $1: 1$ to $360: 1$, they are equipped with precision ball bearings or oilless bronze bearings. Shaft sizes are $1 / 8,3 / 16$ and $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$.

PIC Design Corp., Dept. ED, 377 Atlantic Ave., East Rockaway, N.Y.

CIRCLE 407 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
AUTOMATIC VOLTAGE REGULATORS.-Series IET Stabiline regulators are completely transistorized and have no moving parts.

Superior Electric Co., Dept. ED,'Bristol, Conn. CIRCLE 408 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Two G-E Glow Lamps that give you a choice of CRITICAL OPERATING VOLTAGES



## Here are two pre-tested and stable components engineered by G.E. for your circuit requirements

G-E NE-68-This pre-aged glow lamp has an operating voltage range of from 52 to 65 volts d-c. Its leads are plated to insure easier soldering and its performance in darkened areas is improved by a ance in darkened areas is improved by a
mildly radioactive additive. The lamps are also treated by the G-E Dri-film process for high leakage resistance under humid conditions. Polarity is indicated by a blue dot adjacent to the anode lead.
G-E NE-80-(Similar to the G-E NE-68)

- Pre-aged, stabilized glow lamp with a
narrower operating voltage tolerance than the NE-68 (range: $50-58$ volts $\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{c}$ ). This glow lamp offers uniform operation within predetermined limits. It employs a mildly radioactive additive and has been treated by the G-E Dri-film process, providing a leakage resistance of 100 meg. ohms or greater under humid conditions. G-E NE-80 serves well in circuitry requiring a close tolerance on operating voltage, such as voltage regulators and voltage references. Polarity is indicated by a yellow dot next to the anode lead.

Ebb +


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The fine precision and certified testing permits the use of APPCO Gears in precision assemblies of all types-airborne, shipboard, missile or stationary. APPCO Gears are usable in the engineering prototypes or breadboard design . . . will qualify uniformly for use in actual model pre-production or production manufacturing areas. Each gear is completely sealed on a shipping tray with plastic cover . . . always "factory fresh" and free of dust, corrosion and scratches.
Put extra precision into your products. Write for APPCO catalog to Atlas Precision Products Co., Castor and Kensington Avenues, Philadelphia 24, Pennsylvania.


## NEW PRODUCTS

## Linear Accelerometer

Has range of $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~g}$ to $\pm 50 \mathrm{~g}$
Having a range of $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~g}$ to $\pm 50 \mathrm{~g}$, this linear accelerometer operates on ac power and provides an ac output proportional to the applied acceleration. The unit is gas damped with the nominal damping ratio between 0.1 and 2 ; the damping ratio changes less than $2 \%$ per 10 deg F. The operating temperature is -60 to +160 F . Output impedance is 500 ohms max. The total accuracy envelope is better than $\pm 2 \%$ of full scale output. The unit meets applicable requirements of MIL E-5272A. It measures 2.75 in . by 2 in . in diam and weighs less than 1 lb .
Genisco, Inc., Dept. ED, 2233 Federal Ave., Los Angeles 64, Calif.

CIRCLE 410 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Galvanometer

Electronic


For use as a dc null detector, linear deflection indicator, microvolt-ammeter or inverting dc amplifier, model 204A electronic galvanometer is capable of measuring voltages from $1 \mu \mathrm{v}$ to 10 v or currents from $100 \mu \mu$ a to 1 ma . Input impedance is 10 K on all ranges. Inverse feedback is 50 db . The unit includes a chopper stabilized amplifier. Transistors and printed circuits are used throughout. This portable unit measures 9.5 in . high, 6.5 in . long, and 12 in . in diam. Model 204 AR , for rack-mounting, measures 5.25 in . high, 19 in . wide, and 11 in . in diam.

Kin Tel, Div. of Cohu Electronics, Inc., Dept. ED, 5725 Kearny Villa Rd., San Diego 12, Calif. circle 411 on reader-service card

## Monitor Kinescope <br> Has aluminized screen

Type 8HP4 glass monitor kinescope has a 7-3/16 $\times 5-3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. aluminized screen and a filterglass faceplate. Employing 90 deg deflection, the unit has an over-all length of 10.25 in . and weighs about 2.5 lb . Made for TV monitor equipment, this unit has an electron gun which employs electrostatic focus and does not require an ion-trap magnet. The projected screen area is 35.5 sq in .
Radio Corp. of America. Electron Tube Div., Dept. ED, Hatrison, N.J.

CIRCLE 412 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

measure down to
$0.03 \mu \nu$
The Keithley 150 sets a new standard of sensitivity for dc voltmeters. Typical uses include output measurements from strain gages, thermopiles and ion chambers, as well as Hall effect studies, corrosion work and molecular weight analysis.

Functions and measurement spans of the 150 are: dc voltmeter, 1 microvolt to 1 volt full scale; ammeter, $10^{-3}$ to $10^{-10}$ ampere full scale; dc amplifier, gains of 10 to $10^{7}$; and null detector, with 0.5 to 2 second response. Features include:

- zero stabllity as a voltmeter within 0.1 microvolt per day; as an ammeter, within 2 $\times 10^{-11}$ ampere per day.
- zero suppression up to 100 times full scale.
- optional floating or grounded input.
- short term nolse within 0.03 microvolt peak to peak ( 0.006 microvolt RMS).
rugged conatruction. relative insensitivity to vibration, 60 -cycle fields, or thermal EMF's.

Write today for your copy of Keithley Engineering Notes, Vol. 7 No. 1 describing the Model 150.


INSTRUMENTS. INC.
12415 Euclid Ave., Cleveland 6, Ohio
CIRCLE 413 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
ELECTRONIC DESIGN•September 16, 1959

## Power Supply

## Regulated

This power supply converts 3 plase, $115 \mathrm{v} \pm 10 \%, 400 \pm 5 \% \mathrm{cps}$ to 28 vdc with $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{v}$ regulation, at any combination of loads with mag. netic amplifiers. Continuous full load capacity is 200 amp ; maximum ripple is 1.5 v peak-to-peak. It will sustain high overloads and complete short circuits for about 2 sec with a recovery response in 2 sec . The unit complies with Procedure 1 of MIL-E-5272A without shock mounts or vibration isolators. Its size is $12-7 / 8 \times 11-1 / 4 \times 8-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$., its weight, 51.5 lb
Aerotronics Controls Co., Dept. ED, 3424 W. 48th Place, Chicago 32, Ill.
CIRCLE 414 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Electrolytic Capacitors

Miniature, tubular
Designed for use in industrial equipment and limited space assemblies, type PTT electrolytic capacitors operate at a temperature range of -30 to +65 C. Ratings of 3,6 , $10,12,15,25$, and 50 wvdc are available. Protection against humidity is provided.
Aerovox Corp., Dept. ED, New Bedford, Mass.
CIRCLE 415 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Delay Line

## Magnetostrictive

Model MF-40 solid state, mag netostrictive delay line has a delay of $40 \mu \mathrm{sec}$. Other models in the same series have from 5 to 200 !sec delay. All models withstand vibration to 500 cps at 15 g and shock to 50 g . Operating temperature is -55 to +100 C with a coefficient of less than 200 ppm per deg C. Input-output impedances are from 5 to $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ ohms with carrier or pulse frequencies to 1 mc . Insertion loss is 54 db . Taps can be supplied and spaced as close as $3 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ with or without an adjustment feature.
Control Electronics Co., Inc., 1)ept. ED, 10 Stepar Place, Huntington Sta., L.I., N.Y.
CIRCLE 416 ON READER-SERVICE CARD (Ircle 901 on Career Inquiry Form page $173>$

## Engineers seeking stimulating careers set a course to Link... in Binghamton, New York

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The positions-Openings exist for engineers qualified in the following fields: analog and digital computer components and systems, radar simulation, advanced circuit development, ASW/AEW systems simulation, fire control computer design, optical systems development.

Hoist anchor now! Write to
Mr. A. J. Darrah, Link Aviation, Inc., Binghamton, N.Y.


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miniature CIRCUIT BREAKER SAFE-
overload and short circuit protection for transformers, solenoids, relays, motors and other electric and electronic applications.

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## NEW PRODUCTS

## Ultrasonic Cleaner <br> Operates at 400 kc

Model VT-700 ultrasonic cleaner operates at 400 kc with frequencies ranging down to 20 kc . Its applications include cleaning assembled teletype mechanisms, gear trains, valves, porous metal filters, blind holes, and potentiometer parts. The cleaning containers are 12 in . in diam and 12 in . deep with a 24 qt capacity. Barium titanate transclucers are alternately driven by a 700 w rf generator. The unit is made of stainless steel.

McKenna Laboratories, Dept. ED, 2503 Main St., Santa Monica, Calif.

CIRCLE 420 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Power Supply

Has 0 to 20 v output


Model 806A rack-mounted power supply has an adjustable output of 0 to 20 v at load currents to 2 amp . Input power is 105 to $120 \mathrm{v}, 50$ to 440 cps. Error sensing is possible from either front or rear terminals; remote error sensing is available on the rear terminal strip. Remote programming is provided. The unit employs a wideband transistorized feedback amplifier. The transient recovery time is $50 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ max for a $100 \%$ step change in load current. Protection against short circuits and overloads is included.

Harrison Laboratories, Inc., Dept. ED, 45 Industrial Rd., Berkeley Heights, N. J.

CIRCLE 421 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Fuse <br> Current-sensitive

This current-sensitive fuse withstands temperalures from -100 to +400 F , vibration of 10 to 500 cps at 15 g max, and shock of 50 g for 11 msec . Glass-enclosed and hermetically sealed, the fuse is humidity proof. Units are filled with nitrogen or other specified gases. Outside ends of the terminals are flexible copper alloy leads, vraight cut-offs, or flattened and pierced lugs. Fast, medium or slow ,blowing-operating time is provided.
Networks Electronic Corp., Dept. ED, Van Nuys, Calif.

CIRCLE 422 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## NEW FROM NARDA



## accepts over 40 magnetrons !

Here's the first of a series of new products from Narda's recently-established High Power Electronics Division! A high power Microwave Modulator that permits installation inside the unit of any of more than 40 magnetrons! Complete, compact and self-contained, it accepts magnetrons covering $3,200 \mathrm{mc}$ to $35,000 \mathrm{mc}$, with peak outputs from 6 KW to 120 KW . Model 10001 features a completely interlocked circuit, with all high voltage leads and connections internal, for maximum safety; solid state high voltage bridge rectifiers for longer life and reduced heat output (prolonging life of other components, too): and built-in meters and viewing connectors for all principal parameters.
Other features are shown below. For complete specs and a list of at least 40 magnetrons suitable for use with the 10001, write Narda's High Power Electronics Division (HPED) at Dept. ED-7.

## SPECIFICATIONS

High voltage supply: Continuously variable from 0 to 4 KV at 100 ma ; Magnetron filament supply: Cont. variable from 0 to 13 volts at 3 A; Rep. rate generator range: Cont. variable from 180 to 3000 pps ; Pulse width: 1 microsecond at $70 \%$ points. rise time 0.15 microseconds, max. slope $5 \%$ (other pulse widths available); Size: $38^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}, 22^{\prime \prime}$ w, 18" d. Weight: 150 lbs .

Complete 1959 catalog available on request.

## MnTon the narda $\begin{aligned} & \text { microwave } \\ & \text { corporation }\end{aligned}$

HIGH POWER ELECTRONICS DIVISION 118-160 herricks road, mineola, L. l., N. r. - pioneer 6.4650


Wide Range
KLYSTRON POWER SUPPLY-\$47500

## Operates more Klystrons than any comparable unit!

This new Narda Wide Range Klystron Power Supply operates virtually all medium and low voltage Klystrons, as well as some high voltage tubes (at reduced power output). It literally operates more Klystrons, including Sperry and Varian tubes, than any other unit in its price range!
What's more, all components, including tube sockets, are operated within manufacturers' rat ings. (Many other supplies exceed plate-cathode,

- 250-700 volt Beam Supply, 0-65 ma.
- $0-1000$ volt Reflector Supply
- Accurate Ten-Turn Dial Calibration
- 5 mv max. Reflector Ripple
- Diode Protection Circuit
cathode-filament or socket-ground voltage ratings.)

Want more information about this new Power Supply that gives you greater versatility and longer trouble-free service at lower cost? Then write us for complete spec sheets. Ask, too, for your free copy of our complete catalog. Address: Dept. ED-6.

## FEATURES

- Oil Filled Capacitors in High Voltage Filters
- Square Wave Modulation 0-150 Volts, 300 to 3000 cps.
- Saw Tooth Modulation 0-150 Volts, 30 to 180 cps.
- Sine Wave Modulation 0-150 Volts, 60 cps .


## Radio Interference Filter

Carries 150 amp continuously
Designed for use in missile systems, this 100 dc radio interference filter has a continu:o s current rating of 150 amp and will carry 300 amp for 1 hr at 125 C . Its mechanical and electrical characteristics fit MIL-M-8069 for dc aircrift, and its radio interference characteristics meet MIL-I-6181B. The unit will withstand 125 C continuously, 150 C for 24 hr , and 250 C for 15 min .

Genistron, Inc., Dept. ED, 2301 Federal Ale. Los Angeles 64, Calif.

CIRCLE 425 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## Power Supplies

Two types available

Designed for airborne use, these two typers of power supplies are transistorized. For type 150S003-2, input is 102 to 124 v ac at $400 \pm 20$ cps, output is 150 v dc, and ripple is 150 mv peak-to-peak. It measures $2.31 \times 2.06 \times 3.13 \mathrm{in}$. and weighs 13 oz . For type PS 272, input is 24 to 32 v dc , output is 180 v dc , and ripple is $0.5 \% \mathrm{rms}$. This unit measures $1.85 \times 1.85 \times 2.75 \mathrm{in}$. and weighs 16 oz . Both models meet MIL-E-5272A requirements.

Arnoux Corp., Dept. ED, 11924 W. Washington Blvd., Los Angeles 66, Calif.

CIRCLE 426 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Converter <br> Doubles plotting speeds

This converter permits the direct use of digital magnetic tape as input to automatic graph plotters and similar voltage devices. It eliminates the necessity of transferring data from tape to punched cards, and doubles plotting speeds. The unit has solid-state circuitry, a point density selector, parity check, automatic file and record run-up, and provision for omitting records which contain specified characters.

Benson-Lehner Corp., Dept. ED, 119:0 W. ©lympic Blvd., Los Angeles 64, Calif. CIRCLE 427 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
 with measurement applications limited only to the imagination.

Every phenomenon of science and nature that can be converted to a usable DC voltage level - pressure, temperature, depth, volume, salinity - every electronic and electrical phenomenon, countless weights and measures and elements of time and space provide realistic applications for Cubic instrumentation. For fast, accurate, dependable measurement, combined with superior versatility - you can rely on Cubic digital systems.

Incoming inspection, quality control, environmental performance testing, chemical and other process control monitoring, strain system measurement, production line testing, telemetering system calibration, electronic instrument calibration, research and development laboratory work are among the countless uses for a Cubic digital system.


CORPORATION
5575 Kearny Villa Road, San Diego 11, California
Electronic Engineering With a Dimension for the Future

DC Voltmeters, Control Units, DC Pre-Amplifers, AC Converters, Ohmmeters, Scanning Systems, Ratiometers, Printer Controls and Chronometers, all with Cubic's superior design and construction features, are available for easy insertion into "systems that design themselves."
Clear visual display, outputs for printed records of measurement, remote readouts and the new "voice" dimension of the Cubic Talking Meter combine for even greater versatility. And each Cubic unit is a fine instrument of superior design and construction with unique features that provide dependable operation, long life and easy routine maintenance.
The skill and experience responsible for the superiority of Cubic's Space Age electronic tracking systems are also important components of Cubic's digital instruments . . . yours for an easier job - done faster, better and with greater assurance.

MINIATURE BEAM POWER PENTODE.-Type 7189 has maximum plate voltage rating of 450 v , 9 -pin miniature base, and 6.3 v heater that draws -60 ma. Mounts in any position. Two units operating in push-pull with peak af input of 29 v provide 24 w with under $4 \%$ distortion.
CBS-Hytron, Dept. ED, Danvers, Mass.
CIRCLE 713 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
VINYL INSULATION SLEEVING.-Transparent Resinite EP-69C is fungus resistant, stays flexible to -75 F and stable to +185 F . Self-extinguishing in 6 sec.
Bordon Chemical Co., Resinite Dept., Dept. ED, Santa Barbara, Calif.

CIRCLE 432 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
MINIATURE TRANSISTOR TRANSFORMERS.About $1 / 2 \mathrm{cu}$. in., Veri-Miniatures weigh 0.16 to 0.25 oz. Available in molded, open frame, or plug-in tab mounted construction.
Microtran Co., Inc., Dept. ED, 145 E. Mineola Ave., Valley Stream, N.Y.

CIRCLE 433 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
MYLAR TUBES.-Thin-wall coil forms bonded with cement that holds when the Mylar shrinks at 400 F . Suitable for shrinking onto coils, heavy wires, bus bars, and capacitor cans. In 0.002 to 0.006 in . wall thicknesses and any ID, OD, or length
Precision Paper Tube Co., Dept. ED, 2035 W. Charleston St., Chicago 44, Ill.

CIRCLE 434 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
CABLE FAULT LOCATING SET.-Accurate to within $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. Available in several ranges for shielded multiconductor cables that normally require dielectric test of from 3 kv or less to 25 kv or higher.
Peschel Electronics, Inc., Dept. ED, Towners, Patterson, N.Y.

CIRCLE 435 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
MULTIMETER.-Model 102F has fused meter, five ac and dc ranges to $3000 \mathrm{v}, 3 \mathrm{ac}$ and dc current ranges, and 2 resistance ranges to 1 meg . A 4-1/2 in. version, model 103 F , is also available.
Electronic Measurements Corp., Dept. ED, 625 Broadway, New York 12, N.Y.
circle 436 on reader-service card
MOBILE INDUSTRIAL ULTRASONIC CLEAN-ERS.-Wheel mounted systems with 1 to 75 gal tank capacities and 50 to 2500 power ratings. Operate on 115 or 220 v ac.
Acoustica Associates, Inc., Dept. ED, 26 Windsor Ave., Mineola, N.Y

CIRCLE 437 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
POTENTIOMETER CHECKER AND CALIBRA. TOR.-Portable, self-contained Treasure Chest has $0.1 \%$ accuracy over range of 0 to 1.01 v as well as standard range of 0 to 101 mv .
Thwing-Albert Instrument Co., Dept. ED, Penn st. at Pulaski Ave., Philadelphia 44, Pa.
circle 438 on reader-service card

## Some tocas <br>  <br> for your file of practical information on drafting and reproduction from

A year of relentless testing has produced a small library of interesting facts about HERCULENE (T.M.) Drafting Film. What follows is a consensus of draftingroom experience with HERCULENE-by K\&E and its customers-with some up-todate recommendations for using it. Take date recomme

Bhiny Back ve. Pencll Back
A basic question is: do you need a doublesurfaced drafting film? We make HERCULENE Drafting Film both ways, of course -with a single surface (shiny back) and double surface (pencil back). It's our recommendation that you use pencil back HERCULENE only if it's your practice to make basic drawings on one side, changes on the other. For most other uses, shiny back is preferable. (At first the double-surface film was chosen by many drafting rooms because it lay flatter on the board than shiny back. This is no longer true. K\&E research labs have come up with at fully effective anti-curl treatment.) Especially in filing, shiny back HERCULENE presents fewer problems. The clean non-abrasive back won't smudge the face of the sheet underneath, even in a heavy stack of tracings. If you'd like to compare a few sheets, please let us know.


Note sharp clear lines made by Duralar pencil on HERCULENE Drafting Film.

## Plastic Ponclls and

## the HERCULENE Surtace

Not just a handy catch-phrase, when K\&E puts its exclusive "engineered surface" on a drafting material, the result is an exact, uniform tooth for sharp pencil drawing. inking and typing. With HERCULENE Drafting Film, however, an entirely new type of plastic (non-graphite) pencil yields especially good results. Quite a few of our especiamers have reported favorably on the well-known Staedtler "Duralar" brand. Duralar pencils come in five hardnesses, Duralar pencils come in five hardnesses,
are non-smudging and have generally good covering power, sharpness and erasability. After about 20 prints, the Duralar lines show up consistently better than those made by a regular pencil, since graphite lines tend to lose density.

## Wot That Eraserl

The erasing qualities of HERCULENE Drafting Film are excellent, but (as with the pencils) we've discovered it's a new type of vinyl eraser that gives the best results. Examples of these non-rubber typ erasers are the Richard Best "TAD" and the Eberhard Faber "RACE KLEEN" both available from your K\&E dealer With vinyl erasers, pencil lines whisk off Even stubborn ink and typing can be removed easily, with no damage to the surface. Here's a tip on how to do this:


Moisten the eraser slightly. It becomes no more abrasive, but a lot more "erasive." Moistening is a must when removing Duralar lines or typing after exposure to heat. (Incidentally, don't use electric erasing machines, steel erasers or typewriter erasers.) When erasing large areas, certain chemical eradicators work fine too. Our suggestion: use Vythene or a very ligh application of a denatured alcohol such as Solox, both of which can be applied with a cotton swab or clean cloth.

## The Cleaner the Bottor

HERCULENE Drafting Film was de signed for ink work, and its ink take is unexcelled. But like all films, its non-absorbency makes a few preparations ad visable. The surface should be cleaned thoroughly before inking. Quickest and most effective way to do this is with the ABC Draftsman's Dry-Clean pad, which will remove finger marks and "traffic film" simply by rubbing the pad over the surface. Pouncing will also work well. A damp cloth is all right for general cleaning, but does not do the best job of preparing the surface for ink.

Inking over graphite pencil lines comes out best when done over light lines, drawn with a harder grade of pencil. A good way to remove excess graphite is to go over the drawing with an ABC pad. Inks vary in their usefulness on HERCULENE. We've tested several, and you're welcome to these results as well, on request.


After Typlng, Please Pounce Typed impressions on HERCULENE Drafting Film are crisp and sharp, but may take a while to dry because the film's surface doesn't "swallow" ink readily. A light pouncing right after typing will dry the ink and fix the lines - giving you uniform permanent contrast.
A new typewriter ribbon will produce the best impressions. At K\&E we've tested a healthy variety of ribbons and we'd be pleased to send you the results on request.

## Outetanding Advantages

Proved In Teats
We're pleasantly amazed at the short time it took for HERCULENE Drafting Film to become an accepted "staple"- along with ALBANENE ${ }^{(8)}$ Tracing Paper and PHOENIX ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Tracing Cloth. Actually, it's a rare drafting room by now that has not tested HERCULENE during its first year on the market. The findings: All properties considered, HERCULENE stands up better than any other drafting film. It has great resistance to heat, aging and abuse. Its exclusive "engineered surface" plus its ough, durable Mylar base provide supeior pencil and ink take fine erasability, ror pal emarkable dimanal stabiliy...a com-

The K\&E dealer near you has HERCUI.ENE now. Stop in and see him.

## KEUPFEL E EAERCO., Dept, ED-9, Hobokon, N.J.

Please send further information about HERCULENE Drafting Film. I'd like samples too.

Name \& Title
Company \& Address $\square$

CIRCLE 439 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## LABORATORY ACCURACY • MILITARY RUGGEDNESS

 IMPEDANCE BRIDGE

The Model ZB－1 provides for measurement of $A C$ and DC resistance，inductance and storage factor，capaci－ tance and dissipation factor．It is a laboratory instrument in accuracy，range and versatility in addition to being compact， portable and ruggedly constructed．It meets all the require－ ments of the Military Impedance Bridge Model AN／URM－90．


For complete technical
specifications write
Industrial Insinuments：
89 COMmERCE ROAD，CEDAR GROVE，N．J．

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Primary Battery

Silver－zinc
Type 20xPA50 silver－zinc primary battery is capable of 31 w －hr per lb and 1.7 w －hr per cu in． It can be activated and readied to meet specifica－ tion voltage within three sec，and can be dis－ charged at rates ranging from less than 50 amp ， at 37 v for 90 min ，to 350 amp ，at 28 v for 11 min ． It weighs 72 lb and has a volume of 1290 cu in ． without external mountings．Its shelf life，in the dry condition，is about 5 yr ；in the activated con－ dition， 8 hr ．
Yardney Electric Corp．，Dept．ED，40－50 Leonard St．，New York，N．Y．
circle 441 on reader－service card


## Time Delay Relays

Have silicon transistors

These time delay relays with silicon transistors are available in seven different models．A preset time delay from 0.05 to 950 sec can be provided in each model．Types $50-064,50-068,50-069$ ，and $50-070$ operate at 28 v dc；type $50-079$ operates at 100 v ac，and type $50-081$ operates at 130 v dc． Type 50－075 offers independent triggering for such applications as photo timing and computer data input．Maximum current required for all units is 50 ma ．Life is 100,000 operations at rated contact load．Temperature limits cover -55 to +71 C ；units with limits to 150 C are available． Rated contact loads are 2，5 or 10 amp ．Insulation resistance is 1000 meg ．contacts to case．All models are hermetically sealed and encapsuled in rubber．
Hydro－Aire Co．，Dept．ED， 300 Winona Ave．， Burbank，Calif．

CIRCLE 442 ON READER－SERVICE CARD

## Backshells

## For cable connectors

These cable connector backshells reduce cable strain and provide for a 5 in ．maximum cable stripback with positive clamping action main－ tained．Of split－shell design，they are easily re－ moved for inspection and allow for installation after wiring of the connector．They may be used as potting enclosures．The units fit DPD and DPD－ 2 series 33 or 34 connectors and are avail－ able in $90 \mathrm{deg}, 45 \mathrm{deg}$ ，and straight－in configura－ tions．

Glenair，Inc．，Dept．ED， 1211 Airway，Glen－ dale，Calif．

CIRCLE 443 ON READER－SERVICE CARD


## MAGNETIC AMPLIFIERS

## Complete，from Design

 so Finished Product， by FORBES and WAGNEROur modern facilities comprise precision toroid winding，impregnating，assembling， oroid winding，impregnating，assembling， pletely matched units for use in magnetic amplifiers．
Illustration shows a miniaturized magnetic amplifier with matched cores．The larger amplifier with matched cores．The larger mplifll potted to show the Toroidal Coils． As in all Forbes and Wagner components， great emphasis is placed on quality． quality in design，materials and fabrica－ ion．Write for brochure giving the com－ plete F \＆W story．


These modern Toroidal Coil Winding Machines over a wide range of core and wire sizes．

Electrical Engineers，here is an opportunity to really grow．We offer，as a small company，
（with large resources）a happy friendly rela－ tionship．No high－hat ofticials that you seldom see，much less know，to decide your future．
Here the president is one of the boys - ali working together for growth of company and personal reward．You＇ll like it here．Replies
held in strict confidence．

䉼 orbes and wagner，inc． Sliver Creek，N．Y．• Phone FR－7202 CIRCLE 444 ON READER－SERVICE CARD ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16， 1959

SCOPE CART. - Model 20-4 provides cabinet space for auxiliary equipment and is hip-high with a 15 dey slanted top to bring scope screen and adjustmonts within easy reach. It is mounted on rubbertire casters.
Northeastern Engineering, Inc., Dept. ED, 25 S. Bcdford St., Manchester, N.H.

CIRCLE 445 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
HIGH TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE THER-MOMETERS.-Model MH 100, 200, and 400 Stikons measure up to 800 F , can be bonded to flat surfaces with $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. curvature radius. Up to 15 ma may be used before self-heating error reaches $1 \%$.
Arthur C. Ruge Associates, Inc., Dept. ED, Hudson, N.H.

CIRCLE 446 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
WELDING GUN.-Model WG-201 is hand-size and weighs 10 oz . It may be used to weld thermocouples and strain-gages to metal surfaces. It also may be used with stored energy or ac welding power supply systems. A welding tip. 0.25 in . diam, RWMA class 2 is provided.
Pacific Scientific Instruments Lab., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 25115, Los Angeles 25, Calif.

CIRCLE 447 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
PLASTIC TEMPERATURE INDICATORS.-TempPlate labels are backed with adhesive, register given surface temperature between 100 and 700 F with $\pm 1 \%$ accuracy. For detecting hot spots on radar panels, other critical points.
Pyrodyne, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 49972, Los Angeles 49, Calif.

CIRCLE 448 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
MINIATURE POWER PENTODES.-Types 6BQ5 and 8BQ5 are 9 -pin units for use in the audio output stage of radio and television receivers and in phonographs. They have a high power sensitivity, and a single unit can deliver a maximum signal power output of 5.7 w with a peak af grid no. 1 voltage of 6.2 v in class Al amplifier service. Respectively, they have $6.3 \mathrm{v}, 760 \mathrm{ma}$ and $8 \mathrm{v}, 600 \mathrm{ma}$ heaters.
Radio Corporation of America, Electron Tube Div., Dept. ED, Harrison, N.J.

CIRCLE 449 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
NONREPRODUCIBLE DIAZO TYPE PAPER.Easily readable phantom blue images on type 206 PBT prints simplify engineering drawing, do not reproduce.
Frederick Post Co., Dept. ED, 3650 N. Avondale Ave., Chicago 18, Ill.

CIRCLE 450 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
MOLDED NYLON MACHINE SCREWS.-Availalle with binding, round, fillister, flat, and washer heads. In sizes from No. 4-40 to 1/4-20 and all standand lengths to 1 in . Cheice of Phillips or slotted head. Richco Plastic Co., Dept. ED, 4445 W. Fullerton A/e., Chicago 39, Ill.

## WHEN YOU'RE REACHING FOR THE MOON

When you're designing a new missile gyroscope . . . a new computer . . . a new telemetering device . . . a new anything that calls for precision instrument ball bearings . . . you do well to turn to Fafnir. For no matter what your problem is . . . temperature extremes, low torque, load-life, low vibration or noise levels . . . Fafnir can help you solve it. Fafnir has the diversity - a wide variety of ball bearing types, designs, materials, and tolerances - and the uniformly high standards of quality to meet your needs precisely. The Fafnir Bearing Company, New Britain, Conn.


Three varieties of retainars avalable to you in Fafnle preci(for low torque) ball bearings. From left: ribbon-type steel silicon-bronze (for high-speed, high-temperature applications).


FAFNIR
BALL BEARINGS

eam
dual BEAM X Y CURVE TRACNG-rypicol
pooduction ress application display of E1 Qops ol Imo "onsformers monufoclured
under denticol condroms

## Type 502 Tektronix Oscilloscope



## TYPE 502 CHARACTERISTICS

 MIGH-GAIN AMPLIFIERS200. miciovolis/em deflection foctiors, both de.coupled and oc-coupled. 10 calibroted steps from $200 \mu \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$ io $20 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$.
Passbonds - de 10.100 kc ol $200 \mu \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{sm}$, increasing $10 \mathrm{dc} \cdot 10 \cdot 200 \mathrm{kc}$ ol $1 \mathrm{mv} / \mathrm{cm}$, de to -400 kc ot $50 \mathrm{mv} / \mathrm{cm}$, and $10 \mathrm{de} \cdot 1 \mathrm{c} \cdot 1 \mathrm{mc}$ al $02 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$. Vertical lows $0.5 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}-\mathrm{dc} \cdot 10.300 \mathrm{kc}, 1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}-\mathrm{dc} \cdot 10.500 \mathrm{kc}, 2 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}-\mathrm{dc} \cdot 10.1 \mathrm{mc}$; $5 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}-\mathrm{dc} \cdot 10300 \mathrm{kc}, 10 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}-\mathrm{dc} \cdot 10.500 \mathrm{hc}$; $20 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}-\mathrm{dc} \cdot 10.1 \mathrm{mc}$. D.ferential Input, Both Channels-Reection ratios: $1000 \cdot 10.1$ al 1 mvicm or
less, $100 \cdot 10.1$ ot $02 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}, 50 \cdot 10.1$ ot 5 to $20 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$.

Constant Inpul Impedance, I megohm, $47 \mu \mathrm{I}$, both channel
WIDE-RANGE SWEEP CIRCUIT (Common to both beams)
single-knob control for selecting any of 22 accurately-calibroled sweep toles from $1 \mu \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$ to $5 \mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{cm}$.
Sweep Magnification-2, 5, 10, and 20 IImes, accurate within the maximum calibrated sweep rate.
Automatic Triggering-fully outomatic, or preset with amplitude level selec ion when desired. Sweep can also be operoted free.running

## $X \cdot Y$ CURVE TRACING OPERATION

Horizonial - input amplifiet permiss curve lrocing with both beams simulianeously at sensitivities $100.1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$. For curve.trocing of higher sensitivities lio $200 \mu v /(\mathrm{cm})$ with one beam, one of the vetical amplifiers con be switched other featuaes
Amplifude calibrotor. 1 mv to 100 vin decade sleps - square wave, fie-
3 kr occelecting
3 kv occelerating potential on new Tehrionia $5^{\text {" }}$ dual-beam $\mathrm{ct} .8 . \mathrm{cm}$ by 0.6 m linear.display oreo, each beam, $0 . \mathrm{cm}$ overlop.

Electronically-regulated power supplies..
Price... \$825 f.o.b. foctory

TWO-GUN CATHODE-RAY TUBE.
$200 \mu \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$ SENSITIVITY, BOTH BEAMS. DIFFERENTIAL INPUT, ALL SENSITIVITIES.

2, 5, 10, and 20 TIMES SWEEP MAGNIFICATION. $X-Y$ CURVE TRACING with TWO BEAMS-(horizontal input sensitivity to $0.1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$ ).

SINGLE-BEAM X-Y CURVE TRACING at $200 \mu \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{cm}$, BOTH AXES.

EXTRA FEATURE-Both amplifiers have transistorregulated parallel heater supply.

Here are a few uses for the Type 502: IN ELECTRONICS - Use the Type 502 as a general. purpose oscilloscope and also to show simultaneously the waveforms at any two points in a circuit, e.g. input and output, opposite sides of a push-pull circuit, trigger and triggered waveform, etc.

IN MECHANICS-Display, compare, and measure outputs of two transducers on the same time base; plot one transducer output against another - pressure against volume or temperature for instance; measure phase angles, frequency differences, etc.
IN MEDICINE-Display, compare, and measure stimulus and reaction, or the outputs of two probes, on the same time base; use differential input to cancel out common-mode signals, or to eliminate the need for a common terminal; use in routine investigations, etc.

IN ALL FIELDS-The Type 502 can save you more than its cost in time-in as little as one application!

## Tektronix, Inc.

PO. Box 831 - Portland 7, Oregon
Phone CYpress 2.2011 - TWX-PD 311 - Coble: TEKTRONIX
TEKTRONIX FIELD OFFICIS: Alberson, LI, N.Y - Albuquerque •Allanto, Go. - Bronnville,
 Ne utonville, Mass. Orlondo, Flo. - Polo Allo, Colif. Philodelphio Phoenis - San Diego
 TEKTRONIX ENGINEERING REPRESENTATIVES: Howthorne Electronics, Portlond, Oregon. Seatle, Wash.; Hytionic Measurements, Denver, Colo., Sall Lake Cily, Uloh.
Tektronia is represented in 20 overseos countries by qualified enginegring organizations.

THERMISTOR THERMOMETERS.-Have accura(ies up to $\pm 0.14 \mathrm{C}$ or $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{~F}$. Their response times are less than 1 sec in liquids and 2.2 sec on surfaces. Ranges covered are from -328 to +845 F. Thermophils operate on standard ac lines. Probes are available in lengths up to $5 \mathrm{ft}, 3 \mathrm{in}$.
Atkins Technical, Inc., Dept. ED, 1276 W. Third St., Cleveland 13, Ohio.

CIRCLE 457 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SELF-STICKING CIRCULAR MASKS.-Are used to mask off index holes, component mounting holes and areas on printed circuits where solder is unwanted. From $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$, to $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. OD, they are made from pressure-sensitive B-540 tape and can withstand a 700 F dip soldering temperature for 6 sec .
W. H. Brady Co., Dept. ED, 727 W. Glendale Ave., Milwaukee 9, Wis.

CIRCLE 458 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
DRAFTING MACHINE.-Neoglide is designed for use on any board at any angle without need of adjustment. It has an enclosed counterweight unit which provides positive counterbalancing at all angles. Major moving parts have nylon wheels.
Charles Bruning Co., Dept. ED, Mount Prospect, Ill.

CIRCLE 459 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
DIGITAL CHRONOMETERS.-Give real and relative time, direct time readout in 1 in . edge-lighted numerals, and output contact closures for systems control, printers and recorders or total systems programming. They are available in $12,24,100$ and 1000 hr models.
Cubic Corp., Dept. ED, 5575 Kearny Villa Rd. San Diego 11, Calif.

CIRCLE 460 ON READER-SERVICE CARD TEMPLATE COMPASS.-D-1 ball bearing action compass is used to make circles from $1 / 4$ to 2 in . There is a row of template holes from $1 / 16$ to $15 / 16$ n. diam.
F. \& H. Manufacturing Co., Dept. ED, 817 N.W 23rd Ave., Portland 10, Ore.

CIRCLE 461 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
VACUUM CABINETS.-Series 600 are used for storage of electronic sub-assemblies, where they are protected from dust or moisture. They are available in complete assemblies from two to eight with controls and single vacuum pump, and have racks for eight $12 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$. trays of parts.
General Vacuum Corp., Dept. ED, 400 Border St., East Boston 28, Mass.

CIRCLE 462 ON READER-SERVICE CARD HIGH VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLY.-N-413 provides 100 to 5000 v dc continuous, 10 ma Maximum It is standard cell referenced; combined noise and ripple is less than 50 mv peak to peak.
Hamner Electronics Co., Inc., Dept. ED, Prince(on, N.J.

CIRCLE 463 ON READER-SERVICE CARD LABORATORY STOP CLOCKS.-Models K15110 K15120 have timed outlets on front panel, permitting the automatic timing of any $115 \mathrm{v}, 60 \mathrm{cps}$ load up to 3 amp . K15120 has socket which permits remote, inanual, or automatic control. Both models have - $1 / 4 \times 4-9 / 32 \times 4-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. instrument cases.
A. W. Haydon Co., Dept. ED, Waterbury, Conn. CIRCLE 464 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## Other Oster Synchros For Hi Temp Applications

Distinctive Oster features such as stainless steel housing and temperature stabilization are available for hi temp units.

You are invited to consult Oster engineers on your synchro requirements.

## OTHER PRODUCTS INCLUDE: <br> Servos <br> Resolvers <br> Motor Tachs <br> DC Motors <br> Computers <br> Indicators <br> Servo Mechanisms <br> Servo Torque Units

$11.8 \pm .5 \mathrm{~V}$ max. stator output voltage.

- 35 + J145 rotor impedance
- Withstands 10 lbs. lead pull test.
- Aluminum housing.

A complete line of synchros in sizes $8,10,11$ and 15 is offered for your CX, CDX, CT, TX, TDX, TR and RS applications.

Type 4073-07.

EASTERN 310 Northern Blvd. - Great Neck, Long Island, New York $\mid$ WESTERN 5333 South Sepulveda Blvd. * Culver City, California OFFICE Phone: HUnter 7-9030 - TWX Great Neck N.Y. 2980 OFFICE Phone: EXmont 1-5742 - UPton 0-1194 • TWX S. Mon. 7671

Engineers For Advanced Projects:
Interesting, varied work on designing transistor circuits and servo mechanisms. Contact Mr. Robert Burns; Personnel Manager, in confidence.

## fransistorized power supplies



THE REFLECTONE CORP. - STAMFORD, CONN. CIRCLE 466 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## NEW PRODUCTS

## Programming Systems

Offer from 110 to 5500 contacts
These circuit programming systems have modular construction which permits expansion of the system in two directions, offering from 110 to 5500 contacts in a variety of contact configurations. Patchcord, permanent, or multiple contact patchcord programming is possible.
Virginia Electronics Co., Inc., Dept. ED, River Rd. and $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{O}$ Railroad, Washington 16, D.C. CIRCLE 468 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Silicon Power Rectifier

Has voltage ratings to 600 piv
This silicon power rectifier has voltage ratings up to 600 piv and current ratings to 18 amp dc at 100 C ambient with a forward voltage drop of less than 0.8 v . Hermetically sealed, it has a silver anode lead and solid copper base for high thermal and electrical conductivity
Semiconductor Corp. of America, Dept. ED, 16629 Gramercy Place, Gardena, Calif.

CIRCLE 469 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Breadboard Kit

## Contains 10 printed boards

Used to construct prototype circuitry, the Cirkit contains 10 basic printed boards which cover all circuit functions for analog and digital circuitry. It provides increased flexibility and permits rapid circuit tracing. The boards may be used in temperature testing.
Dyriex Inc., Dept. ED, 324 Langton Ave., Los Altos, Calif.

CIRCLE 470 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Heat Sink

For silicon rectifiers
This insulated heat sink provides heat dissipation in silicon rectifiers. It consists of an oxygenfree copper tab brazed to an alumina insulator which is, in turn, brazed to any oxygen-free copper stud. The rectifier is soft-soldered to the tab. The capability of the heat sink exceeds the maximum temperature requirements of -60 to +200 C . It can handle up to 2000 v

Advanced Vacuum Products, Inc., Dept. El). Stamford, Conn.

CIRCLE 471 on reader-service card

I EAM POWER TUBE.-Withstands shock, fatigue, I w-frequency vibration, and variable-frequency vibration tests. Designed for pulse-modulator applications, type 7358 delivers a peak plate current of 3 a np during a pulse length of 30 usec with a duty f.ctor of 0.003 and a plate-supply voltage of 2000 v .

Radio Corp. of America, Electron Tube Div. I ept. ED, Harrison, N.J.

CIRCLE 474 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
DOUBLE CIRCUIT SWITCH.-Is rated at 15 amp , 125 v ac; $10 \mathrm{amp}, 250 \mathrm{v}$ ac. This series 755 switch makes or breaks two circuits simultameously, and is not sensitive to vibration or shock. The case and plunger are molded phenolic, and the switch blades are brass.
Controls Co. of America, Industrial \& Commercial Controls Div., Dept. ED, 9555 Soreng Ave., Schiller Park, III.

CIRCLE 475 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
CAP NUTS.-Are available in steel, brass and alnminum in sizes No. 4 through $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.
Jacobson Nut Manufacturing Corp., Dept. EI), Kenilworth, N.J.

CIRCLE 476 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
VIBRATION INTERFEROMETER.-Is used for precision calibration of accelerometers. It consists of :III interferometer, multi-beam stroboscopic slit assembly with white light source, and a vibrator. Frequency range is 450 to $10,000 \mathrm{cps}$. Double amplitudes over a range of 1 to $1000 \mu \mathrm{in}$. can be determined to an accuracy of $10^{6} \mathrm{in}$. or $1 \%$
Gaertner Scientific Corp., Dept. ED, 1201 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago 14, Ill.

CIRCLE 477 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
PRESSURE SENSITIVE TAPE.-Is available in $0.002,0.003$, or 0.004 in . thick Teflon film with a 0.004 in . adhesive covering, in widths from $1 / 4$ to 12 in . Known as type LT, it is unaffected by temperatures up to 250 F .
Dilectrix Corp., Dept. ED, Allen Blvd., Farmingdale, N.Y.

CIRCLE 478 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
POTENTIOMETER.-Has a power rating of 1 w and a maximum operating temperature of 175 C . Wirewound, model 220 is available in resistances from 100 ohms to 20 K and measures $3 / 16 \times 5 / 16 \times 1 \mathrm{in}$.
Bourns, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 2112, Riverside, Calif.

CIRCLE 479 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SOLDER BALLS.-Can be loaded into jigs and rolled into place automatically. Available in diameters from 0.002 through 0.125 in . and dimensionally accurate to $\pm 0.001 \mathrm{in}$., these spheres assure a correct volume of solder.
Alloys Unlimited, Inc., Dept. ED, 21-01 4:3 Ave., Long Island City 1, N.Y.

CIRCLE 480 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR.-This electrolytic capacitor is a multi-section, common-positive type. It offers high-purity materials, all-welded construction, low leakage and power factor.
Syncro Corp., Electronic Div., Dept. ED, Hicksville, Ohio.

CIRCLE 481 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


The space/missile era has made it essential for today's components and systems to function precisely in environments that are literally out-of-this-world. Such stringent requirements can only be met by companies long experienced in component design and with proved records of imaginative enginecring. Kearfott, long the leader in servo component design and production, has consistently looked into the future to anticipate the increased performance characteristics missile components must supply. As a result, it has not only developed an entirely new generation of precision components but established the ability to create radically new concepts in sensors and control elements.

THE PROBLEM: HIGH ACCURACY
THE SOLUTION: Synchros with maximum error from elec. trical zero of 20 seconds. Tachometers with linearity $.05 \%$ orer the speed and temperature range.
THE PROBLEM: HIOH AND LOW TEMPERATURE THE SOLUTION: Servomotors, synchros and tachometers are now available for the temperature range of $-54^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with new developments soon to increase the range to $400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## the problem: RADIATION RESISTANCE

THE SOLUTION: Kearfott servomotors, synchros and tachometers operate at $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and can withstand radiation of $10^{4}$ through $10^{10}$ roentgens.
the problem: shock and vibration
THE SOLUTION: All Kearfolt components can be supplied to function as required during or after 20 g s shock or 2000 cps vibration.

## the problem: miniaturization

THE SOLUTION: Size 5 synchros and servomotors. Size 8 components are outstanding examples of Kearfoti's ability to combine miniaturization with precise performance.

## the problem: LONG LIFE

THE SOLUTION: Components are being developed which will operate continuously for 12 months in a total vacuum, the environment of outer space.

Representative of Kearfott's ability to look ahead are such current areas of development as Solid State Transducers and Control System Components. You can take advantage of Kearfotis longestablished know how in developing precision components for today - and tomorrow - by writing for details concerning your specific requirements.
Engineers: Kcarfott offers challenging opportunitics in advanced component and system development.


SIZE 25


## Black Nylon "NyGrip" cable clips Light-weight nonconducting support for wiring, tubing, etc In Stock $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ to 1/20io

$\frac{\text { Free samples • write WECKESSER CO. }}{5 \text { Nor-05 Northwest Highway Chicago 46, }}$
CIRCLE 483 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Now-20 TIMES BRIGHTRR <br> Neon Indicalor <br> Light Assemblies! <br> 

This DRAKE Assembly - No. $101 \mathrm{~N}-022$ - is ideal for use with the new G.E. NE-51H High Brightness Neon Glow with the new G.E. NE-51H High Brightness Neon Glow Lamp, for 125V AC operation. According to the manufacturer, the lamp gives 20 times more illumination than old style neons. Since useful life is 5000 hours, replacement is of time to change. Less than $1 / 4$ watt power required for operation.

No. $101 \mathrm{~N}-022$ has built in 22,000 ohm resistor - is available with plain or fluted glass or plastic domed lenses, solder or screw terminals. Also available for 250 V application (Unit No. 101N). Commercial units are UL listed. This style can be supplied to meet MIL specs. DATA SHEET, and QuickReference Catalog of other Assemblies and Lampholders in the big DRAKE line.

## DRAKK

MANUFACTURING COMPANY
4624 N . OLCOTt AVENUE - Chicago 31, ILINOIS
MINIATURE LIGHTING SPECIALISTS

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Strain Gage Preamplifier <br> Has $\mathbf{2 5}$ kc carrier frequency

Designed for use with strain gages and other transducers, type Q preamplifier has carrier frequency of 25 kc , frequency response of dc to 6 kc , and rise time of about $60 \mu \mathrm{sec}$. Strain sensitivity, with a gage factor of about 2 , is continuously variable from $10 \mu \mathrm{in}$. per in. per major graticule division to $10,000 \mu \mathrm{in}$. per in. per division. The maximum sensitivity with four active arms and a gage factor of 2 is $2.5 \mu \mathrm{in}$. per in. per division. One of four external bridge arms can be used with the unit. A total lead capacity unbalance of $300 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$ across any bridge-arm can be balanced out with a front panel control.

Tektronix, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 831, Portland 7, Ore.

CIRCLE 485 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Sweep Generators

## Four models available

These sweep generators are available with the following frequency ranges: model SP-99, 1400 to 1900 mc ; SP-100, 1000 to 1500 mc ; SP-101, 1500 to 2000 mc ; and SP-102, 1700 to 2300 mc . In each case, the sweep width may be varied from 100 to 0.25 mc . Sweep rate is 50 or 60 cps . The swept output is flat within $\pm 10 \%$ over the entire frequency range. Power output is approximately 1 v , peak to peak, into 50 ohms. A 0 to 10 db attenuator is provided.
Telonic Industries, Inc., Dept. ED, Beech Grove, Calif.

CIRCLE 486 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Tube and Transistor Tester

Has snap-in socket panels
The portable model 6000 tube and transistor tester has a snap-in master socket panel that accepts types normally encountered in electronic service work. An 11-pin socket that accommodates special tubes is located beneath the master plate, and alternate plates for foreign tubes can be provided. Tube quality evaluations are read directly on scales of 0 to 3000,0 to 6000 , and 0 to $15,000 \mu \mathrm{mhos}$, and tube reserve capacities can be determined by turning a selector control on the panel. Five neon lights automatically indicate shorts and leakage, while pushbuttons can be depressed to show gas content in microamperes and filament continuity. Line voltage is constantly indicated and quic̀kly adjusted.
Hickok Electrical Instrument Co., Dept. ED, 10525 Dupont Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. CIRCLE 487 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## new way to make products better, more efficient...

 ACF NYLON BALLSPrecision manufactured from DuPont Nylon Resin to close tolerance of $\pm .001$ on diameters and .001 on sphericity, Ace Nylon Balls give design flexibility and production economy, Light in weight... tough at low temperatures ...stable at high temperatures ...resistant to corroding chemicals such these mass-produced balls have hundreds of indus. trial applications. Come in 14 standard sizes from \%" to *".
Complete facilities for fabrication of plastic parts for all industries. Estimates submitted promplly on receipt of blueprints or specifications.

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One of a series

## Let's get clear onWHAT ENGINEERS DO

Simply stated, engineers apply the sciences to give people use of nature's materials, forces.
Scientists make it known. Engineers make it useful.
Scientists split the atom; engineers design and build the atomic power plants.

All science known would benefit nobody if not applied by engineers to manufacturing, construction, mining, agriculture or the generation of power.
These are the great engineered industriesall based on scientific knowledge.
Engineers plan, design, produce, maintain and operate. To repeat: Scientists make it known. Engineers make it useful.

Engineers Joint Council
29 West 39th St., N. Y. 18, N. Y.
For information call Pennsylvania 6.9220

INSULATING COMPOUNDS.-Are used for potting, encapsulating, and insulating electronic compunents. They can be cured at temperatures ranging from 250 to 300 F and require no catalyst. These compounds are available filled or unfilled, and have low viscosity.

Viking Resin Products, Inc., Dept. ED, 115 Broad St., Waverly, N.Y.
circle 489 on reader-service card
HEAT GENERATORS.-Model L4C induction generator provides $1 / 2 \mathrm{kw}$ to heat metals. Model C-63 dielectric generator provides $1 / 2 \mathrm{kw}$ to heat nonconductors. Both are available with control over power output and time cycles. They operate from 110 v ac , and weigh less than 80 lb each.
Reeve Electronics, Inc., Dept. ED, 609 W. Lake St., Chicago 6, Ill.

CIRCLE 490 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
CLAMP.-Is used to mount motors, potentiometers, synchros, and other servo-type components. Called No. 2014, it is available in two sizes, and meets MIL-E-5400 specs.
Precision Mechanisms Corp., 577 Newbridge Ave., East Meadow, N.Y.

Circle 491 on reader-service card
READOUT.-Displays word messages. Operating on a rear projection principle, it contains a condensing lens which has twelve messages, determined by the user, printed on it. The unit measures $3-1 / 4 \times 5-1 / 4$ $\times 11-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.
Industrial Electronic Engineers Inc., Dept. ED, 3973 Lankershim Blvd., N. Hollywood, Calif.

CIRCLE 492 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SILICON RUBBER COMPOUNDS.-Used for void filling, cushioning and vibration damping. Sponge compounds RTV-120 and RTV- 160 cure at room temperature and are resistant to temperature extremes, weather, ozone and sunlight.
General Electric Corp., Silicone Products Dept., Dept. ED, Waterford, N.Y.

CIRCLE 493 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
MINIATURE CLAMPS.-Used to secure or separate wire groups. Its components are a nylon cradle and a Neoprene clip. These cradleclip units will accommodate diameters of $5 / 32$ to $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$.
Electrovert Inc., Dept. ED, 124 E. 40 St., New York, N.Y.

CIRCLE 494 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
THREE-GEAR DIFFERENTIAL.-Has a backlash of 8 min of arc and breakaway torque of $0.3 \mathrm{oz}-\mathrm{in}$. Its tumbling circle is 1.380 in ., and maximum recommended load at 2500 rpm is $75 \mathrm{oz-in}$. Overall length is 1.888 in . and shaft diameter is 0.1847 in .
Dynamic Gear Co., Dept. ED, 20 Merrick Road, Amityville, N.Y.

## CIRCLE 495 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

AVC AMPLIFIER.-Maintains a constant output within $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ with input changes of 30 db . Its frequency response is $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ from 20 to $20,000 \mathrm{cps}$; overall gain is 35 to 38 db with a signal-to-noise ratio of 60 db . It measures $19 \times 7 \times 8-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$.
Amplifier Corp. of America, Dept. ED, 398 Broadway, New York 13, N.Y.
circle 496 ON reader-Service card


GENERAL PLATE TOPLAY MATERIAL ENABLES KING-SEELEY CORPORATION TO Increase Contact Assembly

Production 900\%


Recently King-Seeley Corporation, long a leading manufacturer of instrument panel gauges and other automotive equipment, redesigned the contact assembly in the constant voltage "CV" voltage regulator, a component of their constant voltage gauge systems. The old design called for blanking of a phosphor bronze spring, cleaning and finally staking of a General Plate rivet. By changing to General Plate toplay contact material the operation called for simply cutting off and cleaning. Expensive assembly operations were eliminated. The result . . an increase in production of contact assemblies by $900 \%$.
General Plate clad contact materials make it possible to manufacture complete contact assemblies to close tolerances by single blanking and forming operations. Compare this to other methods whereby the contacts and supporting members are fabricated separately and then assembled.
Let us make an electrical contact cost analysis on products you want to automate. Find out how General Plate clad electrical contact materials can be put to work for you. Write now.

## Metals \& Controls

709 FOREST STREET ATTLEBORO MASS., U.S.A. A DIVISION OF TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INCORPORATED


General Plate Clad Contact Materials ... Single and double inlay, overlay and toplay provide better elec. trical performance, longer operating life and lower fabrication costs.
 CIRCLE 497 ON READER-SERVICE CARD - 1 on reader-service caro 145

## BALDWIN ${ }^{\circ}$

 Shaft Angle Encodersfor extremely high accuracy digital angle data.


To process data from shaft angles into electrical digital form, Baldwin produces 13,16 and 18 digit encoders of highly advanced designs. These encoders employ photoelectric readout and give

Baldwin 16-digit, 9-1/16" dia. encoder having accuracy of $\pm 1$ part in 65,536. Data in Bulletin po. 1158 .
 complete information in one revolution of the input shaft,

146

## NEW PRODUCTS



Oven Transistorized

For crystals and components, type BPCO-1 transistorized proportional oven has a temperature stability of $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{C}$ over the ambient range of 10 to 50 C . The oven operates on a 26 v supply and can be furnished with operating temperatures of 70 to 85 C . The heat chamber measures 1-1/8 in. in diam and $\mathscr{2}$ in. long. Seated height is $\$ 34$ in. above octall base; the cross section is $2-18 x$ 2-1/8 in.

Bliley Electric Co., Dept. ED, Union Station Bldg., Erie, Pa.

CIRCLE 499 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
ADAPTERS.-Permit exact tube circuit current measurement in operating equipment without cutting leads. Available in 7, 8, and 9 pin types, they are inserted in the tube socket between chassis and tube. A test prod is provided.

Vector Electronic Co., Dept. ED, 1100 Flower St., Glendale 1, Calif.

CIRCLE 500 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
LEAD EXTRACTOR.-Removes insulated lead wirc from braided shields. Similar to a hypodermic needle, it ejects the wire from a breakout in the shield produced by the tube point. It is available in five sizes to process shielded wires from 30 to 14 AWG.

Technical Devices Co., Dept. ED, 2340 Centinela Ave., Los Angeles 64, Calif.

CIRCLE SOI ON READER-SERVICE CARD
FM TUNER.-Has an ave sensitivity of better than $2.5 \mu v$ for 20 db quieting. Completely shielded, model FA-331 BB has an amplification of 450, and a noise figure of 3 db . It features printed circuits and can be supplied with afc.

Sales Engineering Associates, Dept. ED, 46 N Second Ave., Mount Vernon, N.I.

CIRCLE 502 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
PICTURE TUBE.-For cathode-drive applications. Type 24BAP4, 24 in .110 deg , has an electron gun with improved cathode-drive sensitivity, and requires no ion-trap magnet. This directly viewed, rectangular glass tube has a spherical Filterglass faceplate, an aluminized screen, and a $1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. diam neck.
Radio Corp. of America, Electron Tube Div., Dept. ED, Harrison, N.J.

OF EVERYTHING YOU WANT IN A TUBE and TRANSISTOIR CHECKER

1. Electronamic ${ }^{\circledR}$ Tube Performance Checkss
2. Comprehensive Transistor Checker
3. Complete Crystal Diode Tester
4. CR Tube Beam Current Tester
5. Functional VR Tube Tester
6. Direct Reading Gas Tester
. plus Free Tube and Transitor
Test Data Subscription Service for one full yearl
... AT
A PRICE THAT MAKES SENSE the PRECISION MODEL 10-60
7. Positive, all-inclusive tube performance testing
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9. Widespread $\mathrm{I}_{\text {coo }}$ ranges cover all types of transistors - low, medium and high power $n-p-n$ and $p-n-p$ types.
10. Crystal diode tests: 22 selected $D C$ voltages
for forward and reverse current tests,

- Cor forward and reverse current tests.

5. Tests voltage regulater tubes for beam current
6. at manufacturer's speciffied current limits.
7. Special gas test circuit Indicates troublesome gas content directly on sensitive $51 / 2^{\prime \prime \prime}$ meter.
Model 10-60: Complete with 5 window hi-speed geared roller chart unit and
technical manual.... Net Price $\$ 195.00$ Model 10-40: Physically and electrically similar to the Model $10-60$ but without transistor and crystal diode testing
facilities..............Net Price $\$ 149.50$ Available and on display at leading electronic patt
distributors. Write for complete PKECISJON catalop - PMECISION Test Equipment carries a full year warranty!


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Expladal Atlas Radio Corp., Toronto 10

CIRCLE 504 ON READER-SERVICE CARD ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

NOW AVAILABLE FROM GENERAL ELECTRIC transistorized O-BAND BEAOON

## 1/7 cubic ft.-9.8 lbs.*

Here's how you can save design, development and production costs. G.E.'s transistorized CBand Beacon, originally designed and tested as a spaceborne tracking aid for ballistic missile applications, is now available for tracking and identification of all types of missiles, drones and aircraft. Extremely compact (9.8 lbs.. $9.63 \times 7.00 \times 3.88$ inches), G.E. s transistorized C-Band Beacon offers you such outstanding advantages as a guaranteed High Peak Power Output with extremely Low Power Consumption, Proven Reliability in a Single Package (Power Supply Included), and Single or Double Pulse Interrogation. And, this beacon is available within four months of your order. Get more information today about this unusual beacon package.
*59995.95 in quantities of 20; (Lower prices for Large Quantitios)

SEND FOR THIS FREE
DESCRIPTIVE BULLETIN

CIRCLE 505 ON READER-SERVICE CARD ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

MARKING PENCIL.-Writes on any surtace. Available in seven colors, it is the same size as a standard writing pencil, and may be used in laboratories, manufacturing and drafting.
J. S. Staedtler, Inc., Dept. EI), 340 DiCarolis Court, Hackensack, N.J.

CIRCLE 506 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SWITCHING JACK.-Has glass melamine insulation. Called type 317 G , this jack retains its rigidity and maintains spring tension under adverse humidity conditions.

National Tel-Tronics Corp., Dept. ED, 52 St. Casmir Ave., Yonkers, N.Y.

CIRCLE 507 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
STEPPING-TYPE PROGRAMMER.-Available on 35 mm film with photo-electric readout. More than 50,000 characters in eight channels are available on a 100 ft roll. No external tape punch is required.

Ameco Electronics Corp., Dept. ED, 37 E. 18 St. New York 3, N.Y.

CIRCLE 508 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
TIME DELAY SWITCH.-Is rated at $8 \mathrm{amp}, 125 \mathrm{v}$ ac; $4 \mathrm{amp}, 250 \mathrm{v}$ ac. Called type 700 , its time delay is pneumatically controlled and can be adjusted from 3 to 40 sec . Contacts are silver; the case is molded phenolic and the switch blades are beryllium copper. Controls Co. of America, Industrial \& Commercial Controls Div., Dept. ED, 955.5 Soreng Ave., Schiller Park, Ill.

## CIRCLE 509 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

CHASSIS SLIDE.-Has extended-position locking, a quick-disconnect mechanism, and 150 lb load rating. This three-section steel ball bearing slide, model 324 , meets military specs.

Grant Pulley \& Hardware Corp., Dept. ED, 944 Long Beach Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.
circle 510 on reader-service card
CONSOLE.-Provides convenient housing for servotest equipment, and working surface for use as a plotting desk. Among the items it can house are a decade oscillator, a components indicator, converters, and a mechanical reference generator.
Solartron, Inc., Western Div., Dept. ED, 10761 Burbank Blvd., N. Hollywood, Calif.

CIRCLE 511 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
BEAM POWER TUBE.-Has a 26.5 v heater, and is used in aircraft service as an of power amplifier and oscillator, af power amplifier, and modulator. Called the 7357, it has a maximum plate dissipation rating of 25 w , and can withstand severe shock and vibrations.
Radio Corp. of America, Electron Tube Div., Dept. ED, Harrison, N.J.

CIRCLE 512 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
OPEN AND SHORT CIRCUIT TERMINATIONS. -Known as TO and TS series, respectively, they present identical electrical lengths. Phase difference is less than 0.1 cm over the frequency range from dc to $13,000 \mathrm{mc}$. They are provided with male or female connectors of type N, BNC, TNC, C, or HN. Overall length is 1.2 in .; weight is 0.6 to 1.6 oz .
Microlab, Dept. ED, 71 Okner Pkwy., Livingston, N.J.

CIRCLE 513 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


Get complete information data sheets today. See how Kintronic wide range performance fits your individual needs.

## kintronic

division of Chicago Aorial Industries, Inc.

10134 PACIFIC AVENUE, FRANKLIN PARK, ILLINOIS CIRCLE 514 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## EVERYTHING

 UNDERCONTROL

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 coil values switching arrangements enclosures dimensional drawings contact capacities photos catalog of aircraft，missile，military and industrial controls．Completely detailed information contained in this catalog will guide your selection of highly reliable relays，contactor units，gun grips，multiple control switches，inter－ valometers，special electromagnetic devices and hermetically sealed controls．

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manufacturing company 1622－k w．wainut street，chicago 12，illinois CIRCLE 515 ON READER－SERVICE CARD

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Self－contained Recorders

## For high acceleration applications

Multiple recording accelerometer MRA－440 and triaxial recording accelerometer TRA－200 are made for such uses as tests of rocket motors，im－ pact sleds，and switch actuation．Having eight sensing elements，model MRA－440 directly senses and records data concerning the response spec－ trum of the motion．Its operating temperature is -50 to +300 F ．It measures $2-1 / 2 \times 7 / 16 \mathrm{in}$ ．and weighs 3 oz ．Model TRA－200，having three sensing elements，directly senses and records data con－ cerning the acceleration－time history of the mo－ tion along each of the mutually perpendicular axes．It has an operating temperature of -50 to +160 F ，measures $2-1 / 16 \times 1-11 / 16 \times 1-7 / 8 \mathrm{in}$ ．， and weighs 6 oz ．No connections to external de－ vices are required for either model，although model TRA－ 200 requires external power．

Leach Corp．，Dept．ED， 8435 Susana Rd．， Compton，Calif．

CIRCLE 516 ON READER－SERVICE CARD

## Terminal

## Four－in－one type

This multi－terminal has four separate terminals mounted in one base，cutting costs and installation time．It is 1 in ．long and $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}$ ．in diameter．Other pin types are available．

Taurus Corp．，Dept．ED， 8 Coryell St．，Lam－ bertville，N．J．


## Display Storage Tube <br> Has 3.8 in．display diam

Type 7448 direct view display storage tube has a 3.8 in ．display diam，a maximum diameter of 5.38 in ．，and an over－all length of 13.64 in ．The display has a brightness of about $2750 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{L}$ when the unit is operated with $10,000 \mathrm{v}$ on the screen． Writing speed is about $300,000 \mathrm{in}$ ．per sec．The writing gun employs electrostatic focus and deflec－ tion；the viewing gun produces an electron stream which is neither focused nor deflected．All con－ nections are made to the 14 pin base and to the four recessed caps on the envelope．Applications of the unit include fire－control radar，airplane－ cockpit radar display，airport surveillance，tran－ sient studies，data transmíssion，and visual com－ munications．
Radio Corp．of America，Electron Tube Div．， Dept．ED，Harrison，N．J．

CIRCLE 518 ON READER－SERVICE CARD


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CIRCLE 519 ON READER－SERVICE CARD


To two or three significant figures you can find：

## Reactance of a given

 inductance and capacitance at a given frequency．Resonant Frequency of a given inductance and capacitance

## Ranges：

1 cycle to $1,000,000 \mathrm{Mc}$ ．
． $1 \mu \mu$ fo $10,000 \mu \mathrm{f}$
$.1 \mu \mu \mathrm{~h}$ to $10,000 \mathrm{~h}$
． 1 ohm to 10 megohms

Single decade enlarged 7 times for accuracy
Two Sizes：Wall Chart 22＂$\times 17^{\prime \prime}$
Notebook Chart for standard 3 －ring binder
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## GENERAL RADIO COMPANY

Brond Avenue at Linden，Ridgefiold，M．J．MEW YORK AREA 1000 N．Seward St．LOS AmoEles 31 Boss 13 th St．，Silver Spring．Md．WASHINGTON，D．C． 1155 York Road．Abington，Pa．PHILADELPHIA 1182 Los Allos Ave．，Los Allos，Calit．SAN FRANCISCO 6605 w．North Ave．，Oak Park．III．Cincaco CAMADA： 99 Floral Parkway，Toronto is
CIRCLE 520 ON READER－SERVICE CARD
ELECTRONIC DESIGN • Sepiember 16， 1959

HIGH POWER SSB ADAPTER SYSTEM.-Permits st.ındard high frequency, high level am trasmitters to be converted to SSB operations without modificati 1 n . Model SSB-58-1A is designed for high frequency voice, facsimile and multi-channel FSK teletype operation from 10 kw to 1 megawatt.
Kahn Research Labs., Inc., Dept. ED, 22 Pine St., Fieeport, N.Y.

CIRCLE 521 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
AUDIO SWEEP GENERATOR.-Has precise logarithmic sweep, low noise, and negligible drift. Conventional markers are not used. The unit measures $14-1 / 2 \times 8-1 / 4 \times 8 \mathrm{in}$. and weighs 10 lb .
Star Valley Electronics, Inc., Dept. ED, 145 Social Hall Ave., Salt Lake City, Utah.

CIRCLE 522 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
BRUSH BLOCK ASSEMBLIES.-For digitalizers, encoders, switching commutators and slip ring assemblies. Brushes are grouped in tandem of three and six wires per track to assure electrical continuity. These molded, broom-type assemblies have spring temper gold alloy brush wires capable of carrying up to 100 ma per track.
Airflyte Electronics Co., Dept. ED, 535 Avenue A, Bayonne, N.J.

CIRCLE 523 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
INSTRUMENT TRANSLATOR.-Is used with linear variable differential transformers and other ac elec-tro-mechanical transducers. This single-channel, phase selective translator, model 83 F , operates from $115 \mathrm{v}, 60$ cps power, supplies a 3 kc carrier to the transducer, and presents a de signal which may be used with an external indicator.
Cresent Engineering and Research Co., Dept. ED, 5440L N. Peck Rd., El Monte, Calif. CIRCLE 524 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

PRINTING SYSTEMS.-Print numbers, letters or symbols at speeds up to 5000 lines per minute on preprinted forms. Called S-C 5200, these units use a shaped beam tube and a xerographic printing process in place of high speed mechanical parts.
General Dynamics Corp., Stromberg-Carlson Div. Dept. ED, San Diego 12, Calif.

CIRCLE 525 ON ReAder-service card
GEARS AND CLAMPS.-Are available in stainless steel and anodized aluminum in standard diametral pitches 48 through 120, with consecutive tooth selection range from 20 through 120 teeth. These clamp hub type precision gears are manufactured to AGMA precision class 1 and 2 tolerances in $1 / 8,3 / 16$ and 1/4 in. bore sizes.
U. S. Gear Corp., Dept. ED, 81 Bay State Road, Wakefield, Mass.

CIRCLE 526 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SHAFT LOCKING DEVICES. - For bushing mounted controls with No. 1/4-32 or 3/8-32 threaded bushings. Variations of shaftlocks, and tapered, acorn, and jam nuts are available.
Waters Manufacturing, Inc., Dept. ED, Wayland, Mass.

CIRCLE 527 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

New Lord BTR Mountings provide all the advantages of elastomeric mountings, plus . . .

- broad temperature operation from $-65^{\circ}$ to $+300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
- extreme environmental resistance
- excellent all-attitude characteristics
- efficient isolation of frequencies to 2000 c.p.s.
- high internal damping




## new BTR mountings* protect reliability of advanced aircraft components

Achieving the high component reliability specified for today's advanced aircraft often requires control of severe vibration, shock and noise. Special techniques, materials and systems must be employed to keep vital equipment within their fragility envelopes.
Typical of the advanced materials required in mounting systems for the high-performance aircraft shown here are Lord's new BTR Elastomeric Mountings. These broad temperature range isolators provide excellent shock and vibration protection under extreme environmental conditions. Incorporation of BTR mountings in the suspension system simplifies design providing maximum economy and assures better performance and higher reliability.
Aircraft and missiles of the future will introduce new vibration and shock problems. Lord has the engineering background plus the research and production facilities to meet these challenges in mounting system design.
For further information contact your nearest Lord field engineer or the Home Office, Erie, Pa.

- mat. amued for

LORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY - ERIE, PA.
CIRCLE 528 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


CIRCLE 529 ON READİR-S_RVICE CARD

## NOW...VTVM's for all applications

## . . . panel- <br> mounted <br> small-size <br> ELECTRONIC VOLTMETERS

SEND FOR CATALOG 10A which gives complete specifcations and prices on panelmounting, relay-rack and plug-in models.

Build accuracy into all your tions, they respond accurately over equipment, test and production a frequency range of 20 CPS to alike, with Metronix DC and AC Electronic Voltmeters.
These Metronix instruments are no larger than conventional voltmeters, cost little more. They offer higher accuracy because they don't load the circuit. In AC applica-

## Metronix inc

a subsiolary of
ASSEMBLY PRODUCTS, INC.
Chesterland 17, Ohlo
CIRCLE 530 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## NEW PRODUCTS

## IF Amplifier <br> Has a gain of 85 db

Model A-107 transistorized if video amplifier has a center frequency of 30 mc , a gain of 85 db , and a bandwidth of 4.5 mc . The sensitivity time control is adjustable from 0 to $400 \mu \mathrm{sec}$, and the instantaneous automatic gain control has 30 db compression and a $2 \mu$ sec time constant. The noise figure is 8 db , and a 40 db manual gain control is provided. The unit measures $2 \times 3 \times 6$ in.
Strand Engineering Co., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 76. Ann Arbor, Mich.

CIRCLE S3I ON READER-SERVIIE CARD

## Tape Perforator <br> Punches up to 300 coded characters per sec

The GP-2 super-speed tape perforator can punch up to 300 coded characters per sec in standard communication paper or Mylar tape. The basic recording cycle allots $1 / 3$ of a cycle to tape transport and $2 / 3$ to punch pin penetration of the tape. Models are available for perforating 5, 6, 7 , or 8 hole tapes. All internal parts of the punch are lubricated by a splash of oil bath system.
Soroban Engineering, Inc., Dept. ED, Box 1717, Melbourne, Fla.

CIRCLE 532 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Audio Line Amplifier <br> Handles up to 50 headsets

Adaptable to missile sites, rocket and ballistic firings sites, wind-tunnel experiments facilities, and environmental testing facilities, model CA-5 audio line amplifier handles up to 50 headsets in parallel. Audio impulses applied to any of the 50 microphones in parallel are transmitted to all connected headsets. A 20 db compression circuit provides for constant output in the headsets at all amplitude levels of speech.
Flite-Tronics, Inc., Dept. ED, 3314 Burton Ave., Burbank, Calif.

CIRCLE 533 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Magnetic Tape <br> Moisture-resistant

Designed for computer use, this moisture-resistant magnetic tape is available in two thicknesses of mylar backing. Type C-1 has a 1 mil backing; and a length of 3600 ft . Available in shorter lengths, type C-2 has a 1.5 mil backing. The tape is supplied on a precision reel.
Ampex Magnetic Tape, Dept. ED, 934 Charter St., Redwood City, Calif.

CIRCLE 534 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


Actually, this is a new kind of Standing Wave Detector, which completely makes obsolete the 8 -foot monsters, for impedance and VSWR measurements from 100 t $1000 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}$.
The PRD Type 219 is only 8 inches long and weighs a "pocketable" four and one half pounds.
As if these facts were not startling enough, the 219 also features:

- Direct reading of Vswr
- Direct reading of angle of reflection

Direct read

- Matched load for self-calibration supplied

Adaptability to most coaxial lines, including
the LT and new TNC series

- Low cost

Rugged construction
Listed below are a few of the important specifications.

Frequency Range: $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 1000 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s}\end{aligned}\right.$
Residual VSWR: Less than 1.03
Minimum Input Signal: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Approx. } 1 \mathrm{~V} \text { at } 100 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s} ; \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{l} \text { at } 1000 \mathrm{mc} / \mathrm{s} \text { foi }\end{aligned}$ measuring a matche
Characteristic
Impedance:
Detector:
RF Input Connector
RF Output Connector :
50 ohms Crystal included BNC jack Type $N$ jack supplied,
Connector Connector types available
include Include types C. BNC,
LT, TNC, $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ coax. Audio Output Connector: BNC jack

> BNC jack $8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{L} \times 5^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 53 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}$ $41 / 2$ pounds o.b. Brooklyn, New York

Note to owners of the new PRD Catalog, E-8: Don't bother reading this ad. All these details and more can be found on page B-13. If you are unfortunate enough not to own a copy of this designers' workbook. send your request on your company letterhead please.
If all you want are specifications on the 219, fill out the inquiry card in this magazine.

$\square^{2}$POLYTECHNIC RESEARCH \& DEVELOPMENT CO.,INC.

Factory \& General Office: 202 Tillary St., Brooklyn 1, N. Y.

## Western Sales Office:

2639 So. La Cienega Blvd., Los Angeles 34, Calif.
TExas 0-1940
CIRCLE 535 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## POLAR PATTERN RECORDING SYSTEM



## Measures Antenna Radiation Patterns

AIL's Type 116R Polar Pattern recording system precisely records directional characteristics of electromagnetic, acoustic, thermal, atomic, and light radiation patterns. It traces, in polar coordinates, a continuous inked plot of input voltage vs angular position.
Precision performance is assured by low internal noise, high sensitivity, accurate turntable drive and exact pen response.
Available accessories include a new automatic relative power computer and a square root amplifier.

Write for details.

CIRCLE 536 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

DUAL-CHANNEL BALANCE CONTROLS.-Type AD47, 15/16 in. in diam. $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$ carbon controls are for insertion on the input side of an amplifier, or between preamplifier and amplifier. Panel and rear units are of same resistance value and taper. Balance is achieved by turning a single knob.

Clarostat Manufacturing Co., Inc., Dept. EI), Dover, N.H.

CIRCLE 537 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
UHF COMMAND RECEIVER.-Model 2610 operates with 28 v dc input voltage at a preset frequency from 400 to 450 mc . Frequency modulation is $\pm 350 \mathrm{kc}$ at 50 cps to 1.5 kc . Sensitivity is $7.5 \mu \mathrm{v}$ for 6 db signal plus noise-to-noise ratio with 15 kc audio bandwidth. Output is 3 v rms into 1500 ohms and image rejection is 50 db . Size is $2 \times 7-3 / 4 \times 2-5 / 8$ in. Applications are in drone and missile guidance, range safety command, telemetering, and communications.

RS Electronics Corp., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 368 , Station A, Palo Alto, Calif.

CIRCLE 538 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
PLIERS.-Made for wiring electronic assemblies, four types are available. Type 219 is an oblique cutting plier. Type 325 is a spring adjusting plier for light work and type 326 is a spring adjusting plier for heavy work. Type 330 is a long nose plier for forming loops.

Mathias Klein \& Sons, 7200 McCormick Rd., Chicago 45 , Ill.

CIRCLE 539 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
TERMINAL BOARD.-Is used for high density packaging. It meets military vibration specs; its shock-absorbing characteristics reduce component failure. Solder or crimp components may be used.

Beam-Tronics, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 2335, Anaheim, Calif.

CIRCLE 540 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
TIME CYCLE CONTROLLER.-Model C1C50) has ten pilots which may be operated simultaneously or in any sequence. Each pilot performs up to 24 operations. Intervals between operations are 4 sec or more. Timing discs range from between 0 and 15 min to between 0 and 360 min .

The Bristol Co., Dept. ED, Waterbury 20, Comn CIRCLE 541 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

PAPER TAPE UNIT.-Allows model E101 computer to accept data from either one of two readers. Coupled with model A531 input unit, it provides the programmer with completely automatic control of two tapes.
Burroughs Corp., ElectroData Div., Dept. ED, 460 Sierra Madre Villa, Pasadena, Calif.
circle 542 on reader-service card
RELAY.-Series 5D1C has operating characteristics of series 51C. The unit is polystyrene enclosed; mounting is 8 pin . Operation is dc.
Kurman Electric Co., Dept. ED, 191 Newel St., Brooklyn 22, N.Y.

CIRCLE 543 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## EDDYSTONE TUNES 19-500 Mc.



EDDYSTONE Receivers have die-cast frames and turrets, condensers milled from solid, silky fly-wheel tuning with no backlash. Sensitivity. selectivity and image rejection are controlled and guaranteed. These precise laboratory instruments monitor telemetering, aircraft and mobile radio. They have been chosen for tracking "Explorer" and "Discoverer" Satellites.

* Continuous coverage in 6 bands
* Receive FM or AM

ڤ Continuous duty cycle
ڤ Accurate freq. cal. 34 foot vernier

* 2.5 and $600 \Omega$ outputs, with muting * Effective noise limiter
* IF and AF gain controls

Exclusive U. S. Sales \& Service

## MAROONI

INETRUMENTE
111 CEDAR LANE - ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY
CIRCLE 544 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


NEW! An
ELECTRONIC
ANALOG computer for ${ }^{5} 19995$


## FREE CATALOG describe

ovar 100 easy-fo-build Heothkit products including test equipment, ham radio gear, marine equipment and hi-fi compononts.

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- Simulates Mechanical Problems, Processes and Conditions
- Solves Mathematical Problems (Add, Subtract, Divide, Multiply, Integrate, Differentiate, get Transfer Functions)
- In a Class by liself, but Compares in Functions to Compufers Costing Over $\$ 1000.00$
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CIRCLE 545 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


A pretty dark situation, indeed-when a single electron tube failure can shut down an equipment or entire production line test facility! Use IERC's new set of $a, b, c$ 's to help you get improved electronic equipment reliability. \&. The practice of replacing tube failures in manner and attitude like that of replacing a light bulb is neither protection nor cure against a continuing high rate of electron tube failures! b. Downtime, labor replacement costs often add up to 10 times the tube cost! C. You can actually increase tube life up to 12 times by specifying and using IERC Heat-dissipating Electron Tube Shields! The full facts, in the form of $\boldsymbol{d}$. complete product literature, ©. test reports, f. engineering data and g.tube shield application guides, especially prepared to help you "see the light," are available on request - write today!

Patents 2807659, 2766020 or Patents Pending. Cross-licensed with North American Aviation, Inc.


International Electronic Research Corporation 145 West Magnolia Boulevard Burbank, California


Foreign Manufacturers: Europelec, Paris, France. Garrard Mfg. \& Eng. Co., Ltd., Swindon, England. CIRCLE 546 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Keyed Video Signal Generator

Covers 90 kc to 10 mc range
A keyed composite video signal generator, the model V-233A incorporates a phase-locked sine wave variable-frequency oscillator for all frequencies from 90 kc to 10 mc . The oscillator phase locks to horizontal blanking pulses and is followed by a keying amplifier which adds clean blanking and, if desired, sync pulses. The unit has an internal 15.75 kc square wave generator and may also be driven from external triggers. It has its own regulated power supply and a meter function switch that selects black-level to peak white or sync tip-to-peak white measurements.
Foto-Video Labs, Inc., Dept. ED, 36 Commerce Rd., Cedar Grove, N.J.

CIRCLE 547 ON READER-SERVICá CARD

## Power Amplifier

## Provides 10 w from dc to 1 mc

Power amplifier model DCA-10 delivers a continuous power output of 10 w from dc to 1 mc and has a frequency response that is flat within $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ over the full range. Voltage gain is continuously variable to a maximum of 10 ; harmonic distortion is less than $0.1 \%$; and output hum and noise are less than 10 mv . The unit has good dc level stability, low output impedance, and good output regulation.
Krohn-Hite Corp., Dept. ED, 580 Massachusetts Ave., Cambridge 39, Mass.

CIRCLE 548 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Power Transistors

## Rated to 100 v

These complementary pairs of npn-pnp germanium power transistors eliminate input and output transformers in push-pull circuits. They also simplify the application of negative feedback. Designed for audio, control, voltage regulation, servo, and computer use, they have ratings to 100 v and exceed MIL-T-19500A specifications. The pnp types 2N235, LT-5191, LT-5191L, LT5192, LT-5192L, LT-5193, and LT-5193L are, respectively, the counterparts of npn types 2N326, LT-5165, LT-5165L, LT-5163, LT-5163L, LT5164, and LT-5164L. All types have a maximum collector current of 3 amp , a minimum large-signal current gain of 30 , and a maximum thermal resistance of 3 C per w .
CBS Electronics, Dept. ED, 100 Endicott St., Danvers, Mass.

CIRCLE 549 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


If your printed circuit is vital to the fight of a guided missile it must not fail. It may even undergo a
$100 \%$ inspection at every stage of manufacture.

Bureau quality control is more than a method of inspection. It is than a method of check on the causes of rejects also a check on the causes of them out. Our production techniques eliminate even "acceptable" flaws because we are striving to produce perfect boards. This is why Bureau circuits, whether tested $100 \%$ or on a scientific sample basis, are consistently better than statistics predict. To put reliable circuits into your product, investigate the Industrial Division of the Bureau of Engraving, Inc.


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CIRCLE 550 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## NEME: from C.C.C.*

 1
## MINIATURIZED POWER SUPPLY

FOR D. C.


Hermetically sealed _ engineered far roliability - built for long life and smallest size in range. Oiloimpregnafed for stability-lightweight and compact. Solonium rectifiors - no fube replacemont. Pos or neg terminal can be grounded to case. Long-life capacifors. Standoff high voltage ferminals for safe operation.
Heavy steol cases plated and painted. Low ripple of $1 \%$. Inpur 117 V. AC, 60 cycles. Also for 400 eps .

| TPE | OUTPUT VOLTAGE | Ma | SI2E | WEIEKT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 251 Mn | 2 KVDC | 5 | 21/2 $83 \%$ : $31 /$ | 2.75\# |
| 551 Mn | 5 KVDC | 5 |  | 3.25\# |
| 1051 MR | 10 KVOC | 5 | $31 / 28$ 8 4 = $61 / 2$ | 8\# 10 |
| 1551 MR | 15 KVDC | 5 | $31 / 2 \times 4 \% 1481 / 2$ | 9\# 10 |

2TTPE PAS
CAPACITORS
BuIIt for rugge dutr


Heavy wall Pyrex glass with melal end caps. With the glass case sorving as in. sulator, this is allight waight and com. pact unll with high capacity per volume at high voliages. Standard and extended pemperature ranges.

Typical sizes: .25 mfd 1000 VDC length $21 / 4$, diam. $15 / 1 \mathrm{si} .01 \mathrm{mfd} 15000$ VDC: length $31 / 2$, diam. 1 \% WRITE FOR IITERATURE

PRECISION METERS.-Have bifilar-suspension movement. The following models are available: microammeters, milliammeters, ammeters, millivoltmeters, voltmeters, megommeters, multi-range meters to 23 ranges, and voltammeters for current and voltage in the same instrument.

Greibach Instruments Corp., Dept. ED, 315 North Ave., New Rochelle, N.Y.

CIRCLE 552 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
VERTICAL GYROSCOPE.-Type NV3203 is for use in target and surveillance drone aircraft. Available in ac or dc, it provides potentiometer pick-offs on both roll and pitch axes to indicate displacements from vertical.

Iron Fireman Mfg. Co., Electronics Div., Dept ED, 2838 S.E. Ninth Ave., Portland 2, Ore. circle 553 on reader-service card
FREQUENCY CALIBRATOR.-Has reference frequency accuracy of $\pm 0.01 \%$. Model 521 has input frequency range of 1 to 80 kc , IRIG channels 5 to $13, \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{C}$, and E inclusive. It measures $19 \times 12-1 / 4 \times$ 12 in .

Fenske, Fedrick \& Miller, Inc., Dept. ED, 12820 Panama St., Los Angeles 66, Calif.

CIRCLE 554 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
POWER TRANSISTOR SOCKETS.-Solderless, they are available in several plug-in configurations on small fiberglass-epoxy insulators. Solder connections may be made to the socket before handling the transistor.

Grinnell-Harris Electronics, Inc., Dept. ED, 4130 Temple City Blvd., Rosemead, Calif.

CIRCLE 555 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
ALPHANUMERIC TYPEWRITER.-Is used with the firm's model G-15 digital computer. Data entering and leaving the computer via the typewriter can be identified with alphabetic information and special symbols.

Bendix Aviation Corp., Computer Div., Dept. ED, 5630 Arbor Vitae St., Los Angeles 45, Calif.

CIRCLE 556 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
ADHESIVE FELT DOTS AND WASHERS.-Are available in brown, and are $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. thick and 1 in . in diam. Applications include cushioning, silencing, insulating, and dustproofing.
J. B. Dawn Products, Dept. ED, 3905 S. 64th Place, Chicago, Ill.

CIRCLE 557 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
THERMAL SWITCH.-Can be calibrated up to 1750 F ; minimum calibration temperature is -20 F . Hermetically sealed but field-adjustable, the SpecStat is a probe type unit with an A/N 10 SL4P connector head. It is rated at 1.5 amp at $28 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{dc}, 110 \mathrm{v}$ ac, resistive loading.
Control Products, Inc., Dept. ED, 306 Sussex St. Harrison, N.J.

CIRCLE 558 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
COAXIAL RF PLUGS.-Have vswr less than 1.1 up to 11 kmc . Series TNC plugs are available in aluminum and are $35 \%$ lighter than non-aluminum types. Cannon Electric Co., Dept. ED, 3208 Humboldt St., Los Angeles 31, Calif.

CIRCLE 559 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## TWO RELAYS IN ONE



## a time-delay relay and a load carrier, too

Kind of small, this Heinemann Type A Relay. Weighs only three ounces. Yet, it can do two jobs for you. In addition to providing a controlled time delay (anywhere from $1 / 4$ to 120 seconds), it can serve as a load carrier, itself. The relay may be energized continuously. This simplifies things nicely. You don't have to use auxiliary lock-in circuits or load relays-not unless you need more than three amps' contact capacity.
D.P.D.T. switching is clean and decisive, just as it should be for healthy operation. The timing element is hermetically sealed, and this, too, keeps the relay in top form throughout its long service life

Cost? Definitely calculated to win favor and influence your buying decision. Check on it, you'll see
for detailed specifications, request bulletin soos.

## FISNMMANN

## ELECTRIC COMPANY

156 Plum St., Trenton 2, N. J.

# Quick-Opening Fasteners Selecting Small Fastenings for Metal Closures 

"Use captive fasteners wherever feasible... Avoid the use of loose washers and loose nuts . . . Fasteners on equipment covers should be operable either with no tools or with standard hand tools"*<br>(Jobn D. Folley, Jr. E James W. Altman, Research Scientists, American Institute for Research)



Quarter-Turn Fastener
Lion Fasteners open and close with a $1 / 4$ turn, hold sheets tightly under the compression of a rugged spring. Quickly operated and fully retained in the outer panel, they are approved under U. S. Government military specifications. Stud and receptacle float for easy alignment and simplified hole preparation. Flush, oval, wing, knurled, ring, and key head styles available. Sizes-No. 2, No. 5, and High Strength for extra heavy duty.


Cabinet Latch
Just drill a hole, push the fastener stem through, and slide the special push-on
clip into place. No welds, screws, bolts or rivets: the fastener is permanently installed in seconds!
Adjustable to any grip length or panel thickness, the pawl is fixed in place by a single set screw. The fastener's brightly finished knob is set off by a plated washer. Also furnished with screwdriver operated flush head.


## Spring Tension Latch

For fastening slide-our drawers and hinged panels the Southco Arrowhead Latch is recommended. It locks or opens with a quarter turn yet occupies less than $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ inside space.
Doors are held under spring tensiona push against the arrowhead knob relaxes this tension, allows operation with fingertip ease. Drill a single hole for installation-no fastening to the door is necessary. No striker plate is needed.
Pawl stop is eliminated-arrowhead shows at a glance exact position of pawl.


Adjustable Panel Latch
Small doors and panels can be fastened with greatest speed and lowest cose with the Southco Adjustable Latch.
The entire fastener is quickly installed through two holes punched in the door; no bolts or rivets are needed.

It operates with a quarter turn, requires no striker plate. An extra twist aftes the nylon pawl is engaged pulls up the door to form a seal and eliminate vibration.
Available with wing, knurled, or Phillips head.


Send for your free copy of Fastenes Handbook No. 9, just released. Gives complete engineering data on these and many other special fasteners. Forty-eight pages, in two colors.
Write on your letterhead to Southco Division, South Chester Corporation, 235 Industrial Highway, Lester, Pa .

[^3]

CIRCLE 561 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Infrared Transmitting Material

Retains high transparency at 800 C
Available in optically polished domes, prism and flats sealed to metal, Irtran type AB-1 is :n infrared transmitting material that offers enhanced transparency as far as 8 microns wave length. Designed to withstand re-entry heating effects, it transmits over $90 \%$ of impinging enery, from 3 to 6 microns and retains its high transpar ency at 800 C and beyond. It also withstands thermal shock, weathering, humidity, and abra sion. Refractive index is 1.301 at 6.7 micronis, while microwave characteristics are close to those of natural mica for insertion losses and reflection in the 9 and 10 kmc range.
Eastman Kodak Co., Apparatus \& Optical Div. Dept. ED, Rochester 4, N.Y.

CIRCLE 562 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Signal Tracer Generator

## For audio, if, or rf testing

A combination signal tracer and generator, the model 802 can generate its own signal for audio, if or rf testing. It also incorporates a noise locator circuit for checking noisy components, a magi eye tube for visual signal detection, and a speaker for aural signal detection. It uses separate high gain rf and low gain audio input channels an generates a 400 cps signal for audio and a 45 ke modulated signal for if testing. This signa can also be used for an rf modulated signal o 910 kc.
Electronic Measuring Corp., Dept. ED, 623 Broadway, New York 12, N.Y.

CIRCLE 563 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Silicon Transistors

## Two npn types

Types 2N699 and 2N1252 are both npn diffuse silicon mesa transistors. The 2 N 699 is a 2 w unit with a 120 v collector-to-base rating that permits wide voltage swings in amplifier and oscillato circuits. At 150 ma collector current, maximun base saturation voltage is 1.3 , collector saturation voltage is 2 v , and dc current gain ranges fron 40 to 120. A typical gain-bandwidth product o 120 mc gives good broadband video response The 2 N1252 is a low storage unit for use i high current saturated switching circuits. Storag plus fall times are $150 \mathrm{~m} \mu \mathrm{sec}$ at 150 ma collecto current and dc current gain range is 15 to 45 Five-megaphone operation is typical in dctl satu rated circuitry.

Fairchild Semiconductor Corp., Dept. ED, $545^{\circ}$ Whisman Rd., Mountain View, Calif.

CIRCLE 564 ON reader-service card
ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

ULL RANGE SPEAKER.-Model SK-128 consists : in 8 in . woofer and a 2 in . tweeter integrally ounted on dual axes. Frequency response is 40 to $6,100 \mathrm{cps}, \pm 3 \mathrm{db}$. Power rating is 20 w integrated ro gram material; impedance is 8 ohms; and cone essunance is 45 to 65 cps .
$\therefore$ afayette Radio, Dept. ED, 165-08 Liberty Ave., arnaica 33, New York, N.Y.

CIRCLE 565 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
ELECTRIC PUNCH PRESS.-This $15-\mathrm{lb}$ portable mit is designed to punch any shape hole, by using different punch and die. It can be used on stain(iss steel, brass, plastic, and laminated or welded heets not exceeding $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. thickness.
Modern Manufacturing Co., Inc., Dept. ED, 680 Davisville Rd., Willow Grove, Pa. CIRCLE 566 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

ENGRAVED DIALS.-Available in a variety of dimeters, engravings, and shaft sizes, with pinned or plit clamp type flubs, these M1 type dials are alumfhum black anodized. All engraving is filled with Mil seec white filler. Standard diameters are 1-1/2, 3, find 4 in .; bores are from 0.12 to 0.25 in .
Pic Design Corp., Dept. ED, 477 Atlantic Ave. C. Rockaway, L.I., N.Y.

## CIRCLE 567 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

RE-USEABLE CONNECTOR SEAL.-These onepiece seals provide metal-to-metal contact of faying furfaces. Low fastening torques are required. Disfortion beyond elastic limits is prevented by confrolled confinement of seal gland.
Parker Seal Co., Div. of Parker-Hannifin, Dept. ED, 10.567 Jefferson Blvd., Culver City, Calif. CIRCLE 568 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
LOOP CURRENT CONTROL.-These two models are for use as current normalizers in dc teleprinter signal loops. Type 2.38 model 1 is for use in loops requiring 60 ma , and model 2 , for loops requiring 20 ma . Both models have a calibration control. Input impedance changes to maintain constant current.
Northern Radio Co., Inc., Dept. ED, 147 W. 22nd t., New York 11, N.Y.

CIRCLE 569 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
METRIC CIRCLES TEMPLATE.-Type 240 has 37 circles from 2 to 30 mm in diam. Circles from 2 to 10 mm are in increments of 0.5 mm , and from 11 to 30 mm in increments of 1 mm . Size is $7 \times 4 \mathrm{in}$.
Rapidesign, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 429, Burbank, Calif.

CIRCLE 570 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SONIC ANALYZER AUXILIARY.-Designated unit C equips the LP-la analyzer with these factors: conin uously adjustable if bandwidth from 10 cps to 1 ke with 10 sec scan interval, adjustable if bandwidths in steps of $10,30,100,300$, and 1000 cps with continuously adjustable linear sweep width, ad ustable smoothing filter, and voltage calibration re ct.
Panoramic Radio Products, Inc., Dept. ED, 514 S. Fulton Ave., Mount Vernon, N.Y. CIRCLE 571 ON READER-SERVICE CARD


## Micro-Miniafure Latching Relays by Iron Fireman

## 5 MS PULSE AT 300 MW:

This very short burst of power and the shock and vibration immunities shown above are features of the newest addition to the Iron Fireman line of microminiature relays.
The model R650 relay was designed specifically to meet requirements when operating power is at a pre-
mium and ruggedness and dependability are essential. Conforming to and exceeding the test specifications of MIL-R-5757C, the performance and reliability of the R650 relay is assured by the use of high temperature materials and a unique permanent magnetic structure. Complete performance data available on request. Write to the address below.


## Now you can deep draw and bend molybdenum sheet at room temperature!

... with General Electric's new High-Ductility (HD) Molybdenum Sheet
 to any company using refractory metals. 21800 Tungsten Road, Cleveland 17, Ohio.
diodes, rectifiers and similar products. It has a high melting point ( $2622^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 4752^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ), low vapor pressure, and excellent strength at elevated temperatures. So it will be of great value

PLAN ON G-E "HD" SHEET Available in commercial quantities, so there's no better time than right now to get all the facts about this new kind of molybdenum. Write: General Electric Co., Lamp Metals and Components Dept. ED-9,

## NEW PRODUCTS

## TV Stabilizing Amplifier <br> For monochrome signals

For monochrome signals, the model V-43A sta bilizing and clamping amplifier mounts in $5-1 / 4$ in. of rack space and draws less than 200 mils regulated $\mathrm{B}+$. It provides two independent video signal outputs and a clipped sync output to drive a local genlock or sync slave. Input signal levels down to 0.25 v peak-to-peak can be used with the equipment. The stabilizing amplifier has a 10 mc bandwidth and flat frequency response to 8 mc . Differential gain is under 0.25 db and differential phase is less than 0.3 deg. A fast acting, noise im. mune keyed clamp maintains black level constant,
Foto-Video Labs., Inc., Dept. ED, 36 Com merce Rd., Cedar Grove, N.J.
circle 574 on reader-service card

## Tube Tester

Measures dynamic mutual conductance
Tube tester model 550 measures true dynamic mutual conductance under actual operating con ditions. Equipped with a wide variety of sockets it affords a quick check of most TV and radio tubes for shorts, grid emission, gas content, and leakage. It also shows tube condition in micromho and on a good-bad scale. The unit is $15-1 / 2 \times 15$ $6-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$., weighs 16 lb , and operates on 105 tc $125 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{ac}, 50$ to 60 cps . It has a $4-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. plastic meter, 7- and 9 -pin straighteners on the pane and a circuit for automatic line voltage compen sation.

B \& K Manufacturing Co., Dept. ED, 3726 N Southport Ave., Chicago 13, Ill.

CIRCLE 575 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Pressure Transducer Measure $1 \times 1 \times 1$ in.

Series 401 miniature pressure transducer meas ures $1 \times 1 \times 1 \mathrm{in}$. and weighs 2.25 oz . It with stands vibration of $\pm 35 \mathrm{~g}$ at frequencies to 5000 cps. It employs a diaphragm capsule which actu ates the wiper of a precision potentiometer. Bot the transducer and the potentiometer are avail able for absolute, differential, and gage pressures from 0 to 5 and 0 to 400 psi , and for differentia pressure from $\pm 3$ to $\pm 200$ psi. Standard nomina potentiometer resistances are 2000, 2500, 5000, 7500 , and 10,000 ohms. Electrical connection i made either by soldering terminals or a pigmy receptacle.
Colvin Laboratories, Inc., Dept. ED, 360 Glenwood Ave., E. Orange, N.J.
circle 576 on reader-service card at a $20^{\circ}$ bend (see photo at left). The G-E Ho sheet of same thickness shows G-E Moly Sheet is so ductile you can bend tup to $180^{\circ}$ without damage! it up to $180^{\circ}$ without damage!
bends without cracking EVEN WITH NO PREHEATING! EVN WITH NO PREHEATING Ordinary $0.060^{\prime \prime}$ thick molybdenum broke -

Progress/s Our Most Important Product


HEAT RADIATORS.-Reduce transistor temperatures by providing an increased radiating surface. The Transicool heat radiator is made of high conductivity copper for maximum conduction of heat; aluminum is also available. These units are available in sizes to fit all JEDEC- 30 packaged transistors.
Mark Company, Dept. ED, Taunton, Mass. CIRCLE 581 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

ZENER DIODE SUBSTITUTION BOX.-For use in breadboard circuitry, model B offers a selection of 11 basic 10 w silicon zener diodes covering 3.6 to 30 v range.
International Rectifier Corp., Dept. ED, 1521 E. Grand Ave., El Segundo, Calif.

Circle 582 on reader-service card
CONTROL CONNECTORS.-Are available for applications up to 600 v . Constructed of Neoprene, they may be obtained in three styles: oval, round, and dual round, with from 2 to 12 poles. They are crushproof, corrosionproof, waterproof and dirtproof.
Joy Manufacturing Co., Electrical Products Div., Dept. ED, 1201 Macklind Ave., St. Louis 10, Mo. circie 583 on reader-service card

TEMPERATURE INDICATOR.-Is available in nine ranges covering -30 to +350 F . Called model 116 it is portable and thermistor actuated. The thermis tor sensing probes are interchangeable and are accurate to 0.5 F under 100 F , and $0.5 \%$ of reading over 100 F . The indicator may be used with model 119 channel selector for readout of ten temperature points.
Fenwal Electronics, Inc., Dept. ED, Mellen St., Framingham, Mass.

CIRCLE 584 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
PRECISION POTENTIOMETER.-Has conductive plastic resistance element. It is environmentally protected against shock, vibration, acceleration, moisture and humidity. Models are available in standard sizes and configurations, linear and nonlinear.
Ace Electronics Association, Inc., Dept. ED, 99 Dover St., Somerville 44, Mass.

CIRCLE 585 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
SOLDER WASHER.-Rosin flux-filled, this solder washer eliminates the need for separate fluxing. The solder-flux-solder construction provides instantaneous fluxing around the entire periphery of the washer. They are available in all standard combinations of in, lead, cadmium, antimony, and silver.
Alpha Metals, Inc., Dept. ED, 56 Water St., Jerey City 4, N.J.

CIRCIE 586 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
PIEZOELECTRIC CERAMIC.-Type SS10 replaces SS9. Dielectric constant is 600; Curie temperature is $\pm 145$ C. Over temperature range of 13 to 45 C frequency changes less than $0.1 \%$.
Solar Manufacturing Corp., Dept. ED, 4553 Seville Ave., Los Angeles 58, Calif.
circle 587 on reader-service card

## A new division of

The Dow Chemical Company-

## THE DOW MEAL PROOUCTS COMPANY

Here's significant news for everyone who has an interest in metals and metal fabrication. The Dow Chemical Company, pioneer developers of Magnesium and Magnesium products, is now broadening its activities in metal working. A new division, the dow metal products COMPANY, has been formed to specialize in the semi-fabrication and fabrication of not only

Magnesium, but aluminum and other metals. This new division has excellent production facilities, plus knowledge gained through Dow's many years' experience in the metal working field. Facilities include plants for the manufacture of rolled and extruded products, sand and permanent mold castings, die castings, and fabricated assemblies.

## THE DOW METAL PRODUCTS COMPANY

DIVISION OF THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY
MIDLAND, MICHIGAN
CIRCLE 588 on reader-service card

## TERMINALS and CONNECTORS FOR HIGH PRODUCTION APPLICATIONS



\author{

- Save Wiring Time <br> - Speed Production <br> - Cut Assembly Costs
}


## MINIATURE TUBULAR

TERMINALS-Save time and labor in printed circuit assembly. Snap in iastantly and hold firmly until permanently soldered.

## RECEPTACLES AND

CONNECTORS-Fit quickly and firmly. For use with Malco Tubular Terminals and for similar quick connect and disconnect applications.

## WRAP-A-WIRE

TERMINALS-Quickly inserted. Exclusive staked clinch-type feature locks terminal firmly until permanently soldered.

## SOLDER LUGS AND

 INTERLOCK CONNECTORS Especially designed for production line assembly operations. Interlocks are ideal for interlocking printed circuits or flybacks, as speaker lead connectors or as transformer mounting lugs
## SPECIAL TERMINALS

AND CONTACTS-Malco Manufacturing Company has complete facilities to furnish practically any design or construction to fit individual requirements.
MALCOMATIC* MACHINES -Designed for high volume production, these machines automatically insert, crimp or stake. They pay for themselves in time and labor costs, greatly speed assembly.
Request Bulletin 581. Send b/p or specs and annual b/p or specs and annual
requirements for quote.

- Registered Trade Name


## NEW PRODUCTS

## Miniature Brakes

## Three types available

These miniature brakes are available in three types. Type BA-130-E has 110 oz-in. static torque, 3.5 w power consumption, and 1.439 in . OD. Type BA-100-E has $30 \mathrm{oz}-\mathrm{in}$. static torque, 2 w power consumption, and 1 in . OD. Type SAB-181-E as 1.5 lb -in. static torque, 4 w power consumption, and 1.812 in . OD. Speed is 4000 rpm for the three models. They can be supplied to brake either when energized or de-energized; coils are available for $6,12,28,48$, and 100 vdc . The units are made to be mounted directly to small motors and gear train housings.

Dial Products Co., Dept. ED, 19 Cottage St., Bayonne, N.J.

CIRCLE 590 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Silver-Zinc Batteries

## Have high environment resistance

Exceeding the environmental resistance requirements of MIL-E-5272A, P-Series silver-zinc primary batteries have temperature ranges from -85 to +225 F . Voltages range from 1.4 to 495 v , supplying currents from 100 ma to over 1000 amp. The units operate in any position and have a cell construction that virtually eliminates gassing. They are hermetically sealed and incorporate a fail-safe detection circuit to warn of premature activation. Double ignition circuits prevent failures due to shorts or open circuits. Rectangular, circular, sector, or special shapes can be supplied.

Cook Batteries, Dept. ED, 3850 Olive St., Denver 7, Colo.

CIRCLE 591 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Bench-model Oven

Temperatures to 1000 F
This bench-model oven provides temperatures from 125 to 1000 F . Electric resistance heaters are located in all six walls, including roof, floor, and door and are thermally weighted to produce temperature uniformity. Offering maximum work space of 4 cu ft and occupying minimum bench space of $34 \times 33 \mathrm{in}$., this oven has readily-accessible front panel-mounted temperature controls. Operating at 230 v at 11 amp max, the oven will heat from room temperature to 1000 F in 3.5 hr . Two wire shelves are included.

American Instrument Co., Inc., Dept. ED, 8030 Georgia Ave., Silver Spring, Md.
circle 592 on reader-service card

## Malco manufacturing company <br> 4027 WEST LAKE STREET



Inside this box you'll find doped silicon single crystal slices from Allegheny.

Who needs them? You do .
If you wish to increase production without tying up capithl in facilities for slicing, lapping, etching and such.

If you'd like to avoid being dependent on just one source of supply.

You solve either (or both) of these problems with Allegheny's new service because you get single crystal slices that are ready for use.

These slices from vertically pulled or float zoned crystals are doped to range with $99.999 \%$ group III and/or V elements. Standard thicknesses from $.005^{\prime \prime}$ to $.020^{\prime \prime}$ and diameters from $1 / 4$ to $11 / 2$ inches.

As for lapping, this we do to your specification. If you wish, we prepare one or both sides for diffusion. Otherwise slices are etched, cleaned and dried before being delivered to you.

Details? We'll provide answers to your questions, promptly.
NOTE : You'll find that Allegheny devotes its efforts exclusively to producing ultra-pure silefforts exclusively to producing ultra-pure sil-
icon in every form. You might also be intericon in every form. You might also be interdoping alloys, seeds or special forms.
If so, write, wire or phone:
Allegheny Electronic Chemicals Co. 207 Hooker-Fulton Bldg., Bradford, Pa 252 North Lemon St., Anaheim, Calif.

## ALLEGHENY

## ELECTRONIC CHEMICALS CO.

Producers of semiconducting materials for
the electronics industry.


amplifies low-level telemetering signals with high efficiency

Smallest size available-only $2 \frac{1}{2}$ " long $\times 11_{6}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ square. Weighs only 8 ounces. $\pm 10$ millivolts "in"... $\pm 5$ volts "out." Excellent linearity. From null to 5 VDC output, the linearity is $0.5 \%$. From null to 2.5 VDC , it's $0.25 \%$.
High stability $-1 \%$ of gain and null value in 5 minutes from a cold start. Unit is stable over the full environmental range, and over power input variations.

Sources floating - input, output and power sources are completely isolated from one another.
Meets MIL-E-5272A for humidity, vibration and shock. Designed with magnetic amplifier reliability.
Write for complete data.

## NETWORKS ELECTRONIC CORPORATION

14806 Oxnard Street, Van Nuys, Calif. Telephone: STate 2.3114
CIRCLE 594 ON READER.SERVICE CARD

ANALOG INTEGRATOR.-Eliminates graphic analysis by automatic summation of the area under a curve being electrically recorded. The integral value can be read on the instrument meter and an output is provided to allow direct recording of the information.
Massey: Dickinson Co., Dept. ED, 11 Coker St., Watertown, Mass.

CIRCLE 595 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
HIGH-VOLTAGE PROBE.-Is rated at 12 kv dc or rms, 250 kv peak. Designed for use with oscilloscopes, type P1000 has an attenuation ratio of 1000 to 1 , a risetime of $12 \mathrm{~m} \mu \mathrm{sec}$, and a frequency response from dc to 30 mc . Input impedance is $2.5 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$ paralleled by 100 meg . The probe is 12 in . long, and has a 12 ft cable.

Tektronix, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 831, Portland 7 , Ore.

Circle 596 on reader-service card
RECEPTACLES.-Used with $3 / 32$ and $1 / 8$ in. printed circuit boards, Reli-Acon card receptacles are available with threaded mounting inserts and with vibration resistant card locking clips. The units meet the environmental requirements of MIL-C. 21097.

Methode Manufacturing Corp., Dept. ED, 7447 W. Wilson Ave., Chicago 31, Ill.
circle 597 on reader-service card
EDGE-LIGHTED PLASTIC PANELS. - Meet MIL-P-7788 specs. A coating process is used which makes these panels scratch-resistant and results in maximum visibility by day or night. Sizes, shapes and markings are made to specifications.
National Radio Co., Inc., Dept. ED, 37 Washington St., Melrose 76, Mass.

CIRCLE 598 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
TEFLON FILM.-Is used in waveguides of radar systems. Called Railon, it does not bulge, distort under pressure, or leak. This 5 mil film is bondable with conventional adhesives, has a burst strength in excess of 30 psig , a tensile strength of up to 40,000 psi, and an elongation of under $200 \%$.

Radiation Applications, Inc., Dept. ED, 370 Lexington Ave., New York 17, N.Y.
circle 599 on reader-service card
RIGID COAXIAL LINES.-Are made of aluminum and meet the 3 megawatt MIL-I-26600 spec for radio interference. They may be obtained in various standard designs or custom units.

Telerad Mfg. Corp., Dept. ED, 1440 Broadway, New York 18, N.Y.
circle 600 on reader-service card
BRUSH COMMUTATOR.-Model 550A-1 has 30 shorting channels and a speed of 5 rps . It combines small size with ease of maintenance and simplicity of design.

General Devices, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 25.3, Princeton, N.J. CIRCLE 601 on meader-service caro

## PRECISION COMPONENTS

## TIME DELAY RELAYS



For military applications - " H " and "S" Series
You can meet the shock and vibration conditions specified by today's military applications with the " H " Series thermal time delay relay. They are small in size, of rigid construction and manufactured with thorough quality control and testing to assure conformity to the highest standards. The " S " Series has a single pole, double-throw contact arrangement with long life.
FEATURES:

Time delays from 3 to 180 seconds Temperature compensated
Miniature - Hermetically sealed

## New DIGITAL MOTORS

Stepping motors for high reliability applications. Meet the requirements of assured reliability and long life for aircraft, missile and automation systems.


## New ULTRASONIC DELAY LINES

Enables development engineers to employ new concepts in existing and projected applications. Low in cost, small in size and simple to operate.

Delay range.


WRITE FOR COMPLETE COMPONENTS CATALOG 159 ELECTRONICS DIVISION


CORPORATION • WEST CALDWELL. N.J.


## ....where it counts!

Best proof of Dunco Type FC-6 reliability is the fact that these sturdy little relays are specially designed to play important parts in all of the missile programs illustrated aboveand several more besides.
Type FC-6 Relays are spotlessly clean. They have a new and outstandingly dependable contact material, and include unique design features that provide positive protection against extreme vibration and shock.

Dunco Bulletin FC gladly sent on request
STRUTHERS-DUNN


Makers of the world's largest selection of relay types struthers-Dunn, Inc., Phtman, N. J.

 CIRCLE 603 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## NEW PRODUCTS

## Miniature Thermostat

Has I F sensitivity
Designed for cooling and high limit control, the model 32411 thermostat makes contact on temperature rise. It is $1 / 3$ the size of a common sugar cube and has exposure limits of -6.5 to +325 F with an inherent sensitivity to 1 F . The unit is hermetically sealed and withstands 500 eps vibration with 10 g acceleration. It is made of corrosion resistant stainless steel and has a current rating of $2.5 \mathrm{amp}, 115 \mathrm{v}$ ac or $2 \mathrm{amp}, 28$ $v$ dc.
Fenwal Inc., Dept. ED, Pleasant St., Ashland, Mass.

## CIRCLE 604 ON READER-SERVICE CARD <br> Pulse Power Calibrator

## Has $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{db}$ accuracy

The model PCX-1 pulse power calibrator is a precise instrument for calibrating pulse power measuring devices in the 925 to 1225 mc frequency range and for measuring power between
-10 and +63 dbm . It has an accuracy of $\pm 0.5$ db for power measurements and $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{db}$ per 30 db for attenuation measurement.

General Communication Co., Dept. ED, 677 Beacon St., Boston 15, Mass.

CIRCLE 605 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Radar Tubes

## Have fast sweep characteristics

Available in 10,12 , and 16 in . sizes, these fast sweep radar tubes provide high resolution, deflection uniformity, and reduced deflection defocusing. Their jump-sweep capabilities permit complete accurate surveillance of fast moving objects. The $16-\mathrm{in}$. unit, type K1754P, has a minimum useful screen diameter of 14-1/2 in. Typical operating conditions are: accelerator voltage, 10 kv ; focusing electrode, 3 to 3.5 kv ; grid No. 1, 150 to 260 v ; modulation, 40; and line width, 0.015 in .

Allen B. Du Mont Labs, Inc., Electronic Tube Div., Dept. ED, 750 Bloomfield Ave., Clifton, N.J. CIRCLE 606 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Relay <br> Mercury-wetted

Type HG6F mercury-wetted relay has a flat, rectangular design and measures $3.64 \times 3.125 \times$ 1.046 in . Six switches are mounted on a printed circuit panel. The unit is protected against dust, corrosive fumes, and explosive atmospheres. Contacts are rated at $5 \mathrm{amp}, 500 \mathrm{v}$ dc or mm .
C. P. Clare \& Co., Dept. ED, 3101 Pratt Blvd., Chicago 45, Ill. CIRCLE 607 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Using Thermistors

## Edited by

FENWAL ELECTRONICS, INC.

## STABLE THERMISTORS PERMIT

 HIGH CONTROL ACCURACY WITH SIMPLE CIRCUITRYCircuit shown for the Fenwal Electronics' Model 150 Temperature Controller is typical. It has a sensitivity of $0.001^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ throughout its working range!
New, extremely stable, probes per mit full exploitation of thermistors' inherently high sensitivity to temperature change.


Fenwal Model 150 Thermistor Controller
Operating characteristics of the new probes are precisely predictable and repeatable over the entire control range. Furthermore, the large change in resistivity of a probe in response to a small temperature change greatly simplifies circuit design. (Resistance can change as much as 4000 ohms - or more - for a change of only $1^{\circ}$ in temperature.) In most cases, a standard resistance bridge circuit is ample for measurement of signal output.

For full details on thermistors, send for Catalog EMC-2. Further details on Model 150 also available on request. Write Fenwal Elec tronics, Inc., 38 Mellen Street Framingham, Mass. And simplify your circuit design problems with G200 Experimental Kit of thermistors. Available from Fenwal Distrib utors or the Framingham plant.


Making Precision Thermistors to Make Your Design Ideas Come Tve circle 608 on reader-service card
ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

# COMPUTING <br> COMPONENTS FROM Librascope 

Shaft-to-digital encoders meet rigid requirements


Librascope shaft encoders meet and surpass rigid requirements of airborne analog-to-digital translation. Shock, vibration and temperature extremes do not affect their continuous, noise-free operation.
THEY'RE DIRECT: A simple one-step means of digitizing analog data. they're reliable: Multi-million turns at high speeds with constant contact resistance.
THEY'RE VERSATILE: 14 basic models in wide range of capacities; special function codes built-in to simplify

For full details on Librascope encoders urite for Catalog E11-1

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Output } \\ & \text { COOE } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Moo | CAPACITY | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { RESOLUTION } \\ \text { PER TURN } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 740 \\ & 743 \end{aligned}$ | 10 bits (1024) | 1024 128 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SERRAL } \\ & \text { ERNAR } \\ & \text { (LINARAR) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 707 \\ & 713 \\ & 711 \\ & 7119 \\ & 719 \end{aligned}$ | 7 bits (128) 13 bits (8192) 17 bits (131.072) <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 128 \\ & 128 \\ & 128 \\ & 128 \end{aligned}$ |
| SERIAL (SIN-COS) | 7574 7584 |  | 512 1024 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { BIMARY } \\ & \text { COOED } \\ & \text { DECMAL } \\ & (B 4 \cdot-2 \cdot 1) \end{aligned}$ | 723 <br> 723 <br> 733 <br> 734 <br> 735 <br> 7 | $\begin{gathered} 2,000 \\ \begin{array}{c} 20.000 \\ 3.0 .000 \\ 3.0 .000 \\ 36.0000 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 200 \\ & 200 \\ & 200 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ |
| Grar | 708 | 8 bits (236) | 256 |

@All models available with internally mounted ing applications.
tavailable in hermetically sealed servo-
driven pachare as Models 575 .s
and
75 .
driven pachaze as Models 757.5 and 758.5. - Including limit 1 and polarity information.
Sine and cosine functions generated simulSine and cosine functions generated simul.
taneously and Independenty. one turn of
shaft senerates 4 quadrants of information.

## $\bigodot_{\text {IBRASCOPE }}$

GENERAL PRECISION company

FLAT-HEAD SOCKET SCREWS.-Are available with either hex or spline sockets in alloy or stainless steel, in sizes from No. 0 through No. 3. Part of the Dyna-Mite line, they are recommended for precision applications.

Bristol Co., Dept. ED, Waterbury 20, Conn. CIRCIE 616 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

BUTTON-HEAD SOCKET SCREWS.-Are available with either standard hex or spline sockets in alloy or stainless steel, in sizes No. 0 through No. 3. Part of the Dyna-Mite line, they are recommended for resistance to shock and vibration.

Bristol Co., Dept. ED, Waterbury 20, Conn. CIRCLE 617 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

TRANSDUCERS.-Variable reluctance pressure types, they are made in seven pressure ranges from $0-50$ to $0-5000$ psi. Type PDH-4 has a sensitivity of 100 mv per v per $\mathrm{fs} ; \mathrm{PDH}-4 \mathrm{C}$ has a 50 mv per per fs sensitivity.
Crescent Engineering \& Research Co., Dept ED, 5440 N. Peck Rd., El Monte, Calif. cIRCLE 618 on reader-service caro

DELAY LINES.-Have improved temperature stability. Temperature coefficient of delay is 5 ppm per deg C for the fixed and some of the adjustable magnetostrictive delay models, and 25 ppm per deg C for other adjustable models.
Deltime, Inc., Dept. ED, 608 Fayette Ave., Mamaroneck, N.Y.

CIRCLE 619 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
RESETTABLE REVOLUTION COUNTER.-Forward shaft revolutions add 10 counts, reverse revolutions subtract 10 counts in this four-digit, knob reset counter. It is $1-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. wide, $2-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. long, 1-1/2 in. deep and can handle speeds up to 12,000 cpm.
General Controls Co., PIC Automation Controls Div., 8078D McCormick Blvd., Skokie, Ill. CIRCLE 620 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

MINIATURE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER.-P series, variable reluctance diaphragm type. They are rugged, have high sensitivity, fast response, and can be used for both dynamic and static pressure measurements.
Hidyne Instrument \& Engineering Co., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 257, Tullahoma, Tenn. circle 621 on reader-service card

SPEED CONTROLS.-Have infinitely variable speed drive with vernier dial for precision speed setting. Available with motors up to $1 / 4 \mathrm{hp}, 115$ $\mathrm{v}, 60 \mathrm{cps}$.
Humphrey, Inc., Humphrey Products Div., Dept. ED, 2805 Canon St., San Diego 6, Calif. CIRCLE 622 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

CRYSTAL-CONTROLLED TUNERS.-XT series, pre-set to 12 frequencies in the 20 to 200 mc range. Can be used in monitoring am or fm broadcasts, network relaying, and scatter propagation studies. Karg Laboratories, Inc., Dept. ED, 30 Meadow St., South Norwalk, Conn.
circle 623 on reader-service card

## general electric VOLTAGE REGULATION IDEA FILE

## FOR RADAR ENGINEERS

## General Electric Inductrol* regulators accurately control current to transmitter tube focus coils

Power input to transmitter tube focus coils on radar systems must be very closely regulated to assure proper opclosely regulated to assure proper op-
eration of the tubes. The circuit below eration of the tubes. The circuit below
illustrates a typical application with a illustrates a typical application with a
General Electric Inductrol voltage General Electric Inductrol voltage
regulator accurately controlling the input to the focus coils.


In low-voltage power supply circuits the Inductrol regulator functions to control voltage. In focus coil applications, however, the Inductrol regulator is now called upon to precisely control the $d-c$ current.

Here again, the ability of an induction voltage regulator to perform this regulation function can best be shown by the following example:

Maintain constant $d-c$ current at any level within range of 9.5 amps to 6.3 amps. Corresponding $d-c$ voltage levels for these current limits are age levels for these current limits are
as follows: (a 9.5 amps DC-200 volts DC; ( $6.3 \mathrm{amps} D C-98$ volts DC; max. load - 1.9 kw . Regulator must withstand 25 times normal current (for 2 sec .) and introduce no harmful waveform distortion.
Input line supply: three-phase, 60 cycles, 208 Y volts, with $\pm 10 \%$ voltage variation.

Rectifier: full wave, three-phase, silicon rectifier bridge, 'with system regulation of approximately $8 \%$.
TO COMPENSATE FOR SYSTEM REGULATION, the regulator must be capable of delivering a maximum of $200 \times$ of delivering a max
$1.08=216$ volts DC.
Using the proper conversion factors for a three-phase, bridge rectifier circuit, the corresponding $d-c$ current
and voltage values for the d-c counterparts will be as follows:
Voltage: $216 \times .74=160$ volts $A C$ line to line $98 \times .74=72.5$ volts $A C$ line to line
Current: $9.5 \times .82=7.8 \mathrm{amps}$ AC line
The range of regulation the Inductrol regulator must introduce into the circuit results in a requirement of plus and minus approximately $40 \%$ plus and minus approximately $40 \%$
voltage range from the mid-point level voltage range from the mid-point level
of the output voltage range required. of the output voltage range required.
This considers input line variations and system regulation. Since the range of voltage output of the regulator ( 72.5 to 160 volts AC) is below the input voltage of 208 volts, a unique design technique in winding construction must be used for best economy. The sketch shows the basic regulator schematic circuit.


Further calculation will show that the regulator rating required to meet this focus coil requirement will be approximately
$\frac{44 \text { volts } \times 7.8 \mathrm{amps} \times \sqrt{3}}{1000}=0.6 \mathrm{kva}$
With this unique winding arrangement for these very special loads, it becomes possible to perform the desired voltage regulation without need for a separate stage of voltage transformation. In addition the Inductrol regulator will withstand 25 times normal current and does not introduce mal current and does not int

For more information, write Section
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425-22, General Electric Co., Schenectady 5, N.Y.
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## PRODUCTION PRODUCTS

## Name, Numbering, and Lettering Head

## For hot stamping

Hot stamping head model 441 is a 25 to 3.5 wheel numbering head that also does trademark and nance stamping in any combination. It is supplied with a thermometer and a thermostatic heat control that provides proper stamping temperatures. The cartridge type heating element is mounted in the center shaft which is oversize to afford stamping strength under heat stress. This plugs into any ac line. An adjustable tape feed guide allows the use of roll leaf foil in any hot stamping press with automatic roll leaf feed. Overall size is $6 \times 8 \times 6$ in.

The Acromark Co., Dept. ED, 411 Morrell St., Elizabeth, N. J

CIRCLE 626 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Resolver Test Stand

 For precise shaft positioning

Designed for use in production tests of resolvers, synchros, potentiometers, and other such equipment, the model 7530 test stand is a precision shaft positioning device. It consists of an optical coincidence reading system with $\pm 2$ sec absolute accuracy, a rack and gear for precise shaft positioning, and an adaptor plate and coupling. In use, the test unit is mounted on the adaptor plate and its shaft is connected to the positioning shaft by a miniature flexible coupling. The shaft system is then quickly adjusted to any approximate angular position by means of the rapid drive disc. Accurate final positioning is accomplished with a slow motion drive. The true angular position of the shaft is read directly to the nearest second of arc.
W. \& L. E. Gurley, Dept. ED, 514 Fulton St., Troy, N.Y.

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160 feet of punched Mylar tape is accommodated in the new Beattie. Coleman MLPR-13 Programer, providing a completely random program of 252 minutes duration on 13 channels. Extremely accurate time control with no cumulative error. Available in five speeds: $x_{6}^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 3_{6}^{\prime \prime}, 1^{1 / 2^{\prime \prime}}$, and $3^{\prime \prime}$ per sec. Weighs less than 5 lbs., is easily removable for loading. Programs can be initiated or altered in a few minutes. Compatible with most missile guidance systems. Write for complete data on the MLPR-13 and other multi-channel Beattie-Coleman Programers for either repeat cycling or random operation.
 Nel: 437 FIrth Avenue, New York, N.Y CIRCLE 628 ON READER-SERVICE CARD ELECTRONIC DESIGN • September 16, 1959

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Core-type 50022-2A Magnetics, Inc.
Q1, Q2-2N514B 80 volt 25 amp each mounted on a minimum of 200 sq in. of $\%^{\text {o }}$ aluminum for operation up to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. D1-1N1124 mounted on a minimum of 1 sq in. of axposed aluminum $1 / 16^{\circ}$ thick. Operation to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Frequency about 1 kc .

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## PRODUCTION PRODUCTS

## -Component Inserting Machine <br> For printed circuit assemblies

The model C bench machine inserts and clinches axial lead components into printed wiring boards. It can handle resistors and diodes as small as $1 / 4 \mathrm{w}$ when the leads are taped and accommodates body lengths up to $1-1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. and diameters up to 0.375 in.
United Shoe Machinery Corp., Dept. ED, 140 Federal St., Boston 7, Mass.
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## Precision Furnaces

For semiconductor manufacture


Designed for the transistor and semiconductor industries, these precision furnaces are available with maximum temperature ranges of 1850,2200 , and 2600 F . Temperature uniformity is obtained through multiple zone heating and precise temperature selection can be provided with saturable reactor controls. The units may be supplied with controlled preheat and cooling zones.
Hevi-Duty Electric Co., Dept. ED, 2040 W. Wisconsin, Milwaukee 1, Wis.
circle bu3 on reader-service card

## Scrubbing Machine

## For printed circuit

In one operation, this machine scrubs, rinses, and dries printed circuits and laminates, preparing them for masking, etching, and soldering. At a rate of 5 to 15 ft per min , it removes all surface dirt and oxides, removes with a dip all photoresists after etching, prepares plates for effective soldering, and delivers the plates clean and dry. The unit circulates pumice slurry continually and evenly over the working area and brushes without harming fine printing. It handles laminates $1 / 16$ to $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. thick and up to 14 in . wide. It occupies a $3 \times 4 \mathrm{ft}$ area and comes in models that scrub one or both sides in one pass.
The Fuller Brush Co., Machine Div., Dept. ED, Hartford 15, Conn.
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SEALED FUSE
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## Dioxide Sealing Machine

## Has six stations

For making the final seal on glass diodes，the model 3130 semiautomatic sealing machine has a production capacity of 300 to 500 diodes per hr ． It measures $6 \times 5 \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$ and consists of six com－ plete individual sealing machines with pull－out sections for easy maintenance．A sensitive contact device indicates and stops the motion of the cat whisker．
Kahle Engineering Co．，Dept．ED， 3322 Hudson Ave．，Union City，N．J．

CIRCLE 637 ON READER－SERVICE CARD


Vacuum Oven
Dries printed circuits

Designed with ambient temperature ranges from 200 to 300 C ，this vacuum oven console can dry printed circuits，transistors and other elec－ tronic parts．Vacuum evacuation is as low as 1 micron．In less than 2 min it is down to 300 mi － crons．The equipment includes a heavy duty vacuum pump，a micron gage and an indicating． controlling thermostat．Chamber measures 15 in ． wide， 18 in．deep and 15 in ．high．
Electric Hotpack Co．，Inc．，Dept．ED， 5074 Cottman Ave．，Philadelphia 35，Pa．
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## Electric Oven

Sets Teflon insulated wire markings
The model HS electric oven permanently sets markings on Teflon insulated wires and cables． It incorporates a variable speed motor drive that draws the wires through the oven into a self－ coiling wire pan．This process permits safe low temperature marking with the company＇s dry Teflon foil．The heat setting operation subjects the wire to a minimum flash high temperature exposure above the gel and vaporization point of Teflon．The effective sintering action is confined to the outer skin of the insulation，thus protecting dielectric values．
Kingsley Machine Co．，Dept．ED， 852 Cahu－ enga，Hollywood，Calif．
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in the trap．Bulletin 4000.1

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Check your Sweet's Product Design File (Section $8 / \mathrm{Ti}$ ) for data on Tubular Speed Cuips and
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## PRODUCTION PRODUCTS

## Vibratory-Feed Staking Machin

Handles up to 115 solder terminals per mi
Designed for bench operation at 115 v ac, vibratory-feed machine positions and stakes $u$ 115 solder terminals per min in perforated pa It permits accurate lugging of flat panels throat lengths of 3 in . or less. The unit hu nonjamming feed mechanism that delivers to an exact predetermined location and an int velocity control knob that assures constant p ing.

Cambridge Thermionic Corp., Dept. ED Concord Ave., Cambridge 38, Mass.

CIRCLE 642 ON READER-SERVICE CARD
Portable Cyclic Tester
Weighs 22 lb


The Test-All, a packaged universal te weighs 22 lb . It is used to perform a variet test functions, including life testing, duty g tests, temperature rise, or load tests. It prov simple, reliable testing at any duty cycle f 0 to $100 \%$ on any time basis from second? hours. Nine standard dial timing ranges a vailable.

Automatic Timing \& Controls, Inc., Dept. King of Prussia, Pa.

CIRCLE 643 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Vacuum Coater

For short run production
The model 3142 vacuum coater is designed short run and small lot vacuum metallizing o ations on plastic, glass, and metal parts. It con of a horizontal coating chamber 24 in . in d and 30 in . long mounted on a cabinet which tains the electrical system, the controls, and external pumping system. The $10-\mathrm{in}$. dit 11 pump and the 30 cm rotary gas ballast pump vide high speeds so that cycle times are sho $t$.
NRC Equipment Corp., Dept. ED, 160 (ht mont St., Newton 61, Mass.

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Cannon is one of America's largest producers of dc solenoids...a pioneer in engineering a wide range of special types, including hermetically sealed and high-temperature models. Multiple-strip solenoids for keyboard operationlocking types requiring no holding current-and miniature and subminiatures as small as $1 / 2$ inch in diameter are now in standard production. If you have a problem involving de solenoids, Cannon offers a complete selection...for any application.


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## When Top Quality Capacitors Are Required Specify Pyramid Mylar' or Tantalum



Miniaturized to provide maximum space economy.
New Pyramid Tantalum slug capacitors have cylindrical cases and contain a non-corrosive electrolyte. Due to the special construction of materials used in the manufacture of Pyramid Tantalum slug capacitors, these units are both seep and vibration proof. In addition, this type of capacitor assures long service life and corrosion resistance-made to meet MIL-C-3965 Specitications.

Commercially available immediately, these new Pyramid Tantalum capacitor units have an operating sange between $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for most units without any de-rating at the higher temperature.


Pyramid new Mylar capacitors have extremely high insulation resistance, high dielectric strength and resistance to moisture penetration.

Commercially available immediately, Pyramid Mylar capacitors have an operating range between $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with voltage de-ratings above $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Pyramid wrapped Mylar capacitors-Series Nos.: 101, 103, 106 and 107 have the following characteristics:

Construction Styles:

| Basic No. | Iype Winding | Shape |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 101 | Insented Tabs | flat |
| 103 | Extended foil | Flat |
| 106 | Inserted Tabs | Round |

Tolwance: The standard capacitance tolerance is $\boldsymbol{- 2 0 \%}$. Closer tolerances can be specified.
Electrical Charactaristies: Operating range for Mylar capacitors-from $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with voltage de-rating:
Dissipation Factor: The dissipation factor is less than $1 \%$ when measured at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 1000 CPS or referred to 1000 CPS.
Insulation Resistance:

| Temperature | $1 \mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{mid}$ | Maximum IR Requirements |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 50,000 | 15,000 megohms |
| $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1,000 | 6,000 |
| $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 50 | 300 |

Pyramid Mylar capacitors are subject to the following tests:
Test Voltaz--Mylar capacitors shall withstand $200 \%$ of rated D.C. voltage for 1 minute at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Life Test-Mylar capacitors shall withstand an accelerated life test of 250 hours with $140 \%$ of the voltage rating for the test temperature. 1 failure out of 12 is permitted.
Humidity Test-Mylar capacitors shall meet the humidity requirements of MIL-C-91A specifications.
Complete engineering data and prices for Pyramid Mylar and Tantalum Capacitors may be obtained from Pyramid Research and Development Department.


## PRODUCTION PRODUCTS <br> Ultrasonic Cleaner

For small parts
Ultrasonic cleaner model 200 provides high energy density for small part cleaning. Driving elements cover $43 \%$ of the bottom in the 1 gal stainless steel tank, and actual radiating surface is 12 sq in . The 115 v ac, single-phase, 60 cps generator is designed for continuous operation and delivers an average power output of 60 w , peaks of 240 w . The unit includes a 0 to 60 min timer and provision for remote control of equipment.
National Ultrasonic Corp., Dept. ED, 111 Montgomery Ave., Irvington 11, N.J.

CIRCLE 648 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Etch-Cleaning Machine

For transistors, diodes, small parts
For etch-cleaning transistors, rectifiers, diodes, and other small parts, this machine will process 1200 to 2400 units per hr. It performs stream etching, quenching, and first rinse operations on the standard glass diode first-seal. The unit consists of a 12-station indexing wheel and an array of nine ball-socketed jet nozzles mounted in a tank with the manifolds and tubing connections all below the water level. The index mechanism is controlled by an adjustable timer so that the etching cycle can be varied at will. The unit requires $30 \times 22 \mathrm{in}$. of table top and 115 v ac.
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ Machines, Subsidiary of Carman Labs, Inc., Dept. ED, 10 Carman Rd., Bedford, Mass.

CIRCLE 649 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Printed Circuit Etcher

Etches two sides at once
For prototype printed circuit work, the model 200 etcher has a variable spray nozzle pattern and a 7 to 12 gal etchant sump capacity. With ferric chloride or chromic acid, it simultaneously etches both sides of boards up to 10-3/4 x $13-3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. Line widths are obtainable to 0.003 in . The unit is $29 \times 25 \times 26 \mathrm{in}$. and operates from $115 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{ac}, 60 \mathrm{cps}$ power. It is transparent so that work can be viewed in process. A quartz-cased immersion heater can be supplied as optional equipment.

Centre Circuits, Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 165, State College, Pa.

CIRCLE 650 ON reader-service card
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 RESEARCHDivision of Benson Manufacturing Co. Kansas City 1, Mo.

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## Wire Feeder <br> Handles 50 to 36 gage

With adjustable tensioning from 0.1 to 2.5 oz , the Kinetrol wire feeder speeds dereeling of 50 to 36 gage wire. Accurate tensioning is maintained despite winding speed variation, permitting irregular formers to be wound without breakage or strain.

Scopes Co., Inc., Dept. ED, P.O. Box 56, Monsey, N.Y.

CIRCLE 653 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Tubular Riveting Machine

## For small assemblies

An automatic, high-speed electric riveting machine, the model 500 feeds and sets all types of tubular rivets from the smallest sizes up to $5 / 16$ in. in diam and $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. in length. Interchangeable feeding tracks and dies convert it into an eyeletting machine. Designed for light essemblies, the unit may be used for fabricating and fastening printed circuits and electronic components.
Eyelet Tool Co., Inc., Dept. ED, 236 Broadway, Cambridge 39, Mass.

CIRCLE 654 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Insulated Wire Printer

Marks up to 300 ft per min
The model 482 plastic tube and insulated wire printer accurately prints in color at speeds up to 300 ft per min and repeats markings at 9 in . intervals. It incorporates an adjustment lever for varied cable sizes, tube diameters, and flattened thicknesses. Dies are easily interchanged and fine printing adjustment is made by set-screw positioning of a hand lever. Screw adjustments also supply the proper ink feed.

The Acromark Co., Dept. ED, 403 Morrell St., Elizabeth, N.J.

CIRCLE 655 ON READER-SERVICE CARD

## Circuit Board Power Drill

## Leaves no burrs

Leaving no burrs, the model $100-26$ circuit board drilling machine drills more than 24,000 holes a day. It allows holes with 0.004 in . walls, and each hole is within 0.001 in . of true position. Printed circuit boards can be drilled individually or in stacks of up to five. The unit has a 0.02 to 0.25 diam drill capacity, a $1-1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. spindle travel, and a 0 to 450 lb drill thrust. It measures $2 \times 3 \times$ 4 ft and operates on $60 \mathrm{cps}, 115 \mathrm{v}$ ac current.
Nationwide Engineering Service, Inc., Dept. ED, 6138 Washington Blvd., Culver City, Calif. circie 656 on reader-service card


## -a portable wattmeter for

 refined, low-power measurements of gyros, synchros and servomotors- Rugged Taut Band Suspension
- Full-Scale Range: 0-1.2 Watt
- Low Power Factor



## SPECIFICATIONS:

CONSTRUCTION Meter consists of d'Arsonval type D.C. milliammeter and one A.C. power to D.C. current transducer for each phase. Taut band suspension eliminates the static friction and the delicacy of conventional jewels and pivots. Solid state circuit components are used in the transducer.
infut voltage $26 / 115 \pm 10 \%$
wattage range 26 volt input - 1.2/3/12/30
115 volt input - 1.2/3/12/30/120
finequency range Flat from 50 to 2000 cycles
accuracy $1.0 \%$ of full scale watts
PHASE 1. 2, or 3 phase. The 3-phase meter is suitable for 3-phase, 3-wire, or 3 -phase 4 -wire measurements
POWER FACTOR 0.1 to 1.0 Lag or Lead.
WAVE FORM Calibrated for use with both sine and square wave. For distorted FACTOR waveforms, the error will be less than $2 \%$ for $5 \%$ harmonic distortion.
VOLTAGE CIRCUIT: 0\%


Voltage drop across current coil as low as $\mathbf{0 . 2 \%}$ of input voltage, permitting accurate measurements withoul the need for correction factor.

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## MICROELECTRONICS

ELECTRONIC DESIGN offers this important 12 page staff report from the April 29th issue to keep readers alerted to the newest techniques, processes and the current status of developments in microminiaturization. The growth is phenomenal - 2 years ago microelectronics was in the laboratory stage. Now it is causing a revolution in electronic packaging.
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## YOUR CAREER NEWS. NOTES, NOTIONs

Men competent to hire engineers are in short supply as are engineers, according to the the Cadillac Associates Inc., large recruiter technical personnel. Because of inexperience an antiquated techniques in hiring, Cadillac report the average cost of recruiting electronic enginee by company personnel is now in excess of $\$ 300$ per man and is steadily rising.
To make the task of company recruiting easie Cadillac is offering seminars for industry to im prove efficiency. One firm reports greatly im proved results.

Chief way of getting more engineers is not bring up the subject of salary early in the inter view.

According to Eugene B. Shea of Cadillac, salan is a secondary factor in an engineer's decision to accept or reject an offer. Shea puts it this way "Salary is the most misunderstood and controver sial subject in employment. Of the 17 factors i job satisfaction salary is eighth in importano among men happy with their jobs, but an en ploye who is unhappy with his job rates salary a first in importance. Of course all prospective em ployes have some dissatisfaction with their job or they would not be candidates."
Shea explains that salary is the most importan tangible factor in a man's job picture. A candidau can never be sure a new company will provid the more important intangibles so the salary be comes the only factor capable of quantitativ measurement.
For this reason Shea advises recruiters neve to discuss salary until a candidate is assured o the hiring firm's ability to give him the type d work he wants and the recognition he needs.
It is no surprise to find that recruitment cost are high. One reason is the long time it takes it fill vacancies. In general, recruitment officers at reconciled to a very long lead time (six months a more) for filling high level openings. Thirty to forty-five days are more typical lead times fa average engineering openings.

Complete study of U. S. Patent System being offered by the Government Printing Office Complete set, consisting of over 21 special ro ports prepared for the Congressional Job Comp mittee on Patents, Trademarks, and Copyright, available for $\$ 4.30$. Order Catalog No. Y4.J 89/:2:1 $27 / 3$ No. 1-21. Of special interest to inventors ard reports No. 1, Proposals for Improving the Patenf System( 30 pp 15 r ) and No. 15, An Economic Re view of the Patent System ( 89 pp 25 c ).

A regional employment office serving eight ortheastern states has been opened in Elizabeth, V.J., by Texas Instruments, Inc. Harry Laur, ormer personnel administrator of the company's emiconductor components division in Dallas, heads the office at 1141 E. Jersey St. Being ought for positions in Texas are electronic, mechanical and industrial engineers, physicists, chemists and experts in business administration, marketing and finance. The states covered are New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland, and the District of Columbia.
"Speaking and writing about creativity has almost become a national pastime during the last five years. You cannot pick up a magazine or a newspaper today without finding the word creativity mentioned somewhere . . . Books of all sorts have appeared which aim at fostering creativity. This is a new trend."
With this broad observation, seven Harvard students plunge into their own broad summary of American industrial efforts to foster creativity ("Individual Creativity and the Corporation," Manufacturing Group 25, Harvard Graduate School of Business Administration). Their report, described as "submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements in Prof. George F. Doriot's course in manufacturing," covers theory of creativity, popular creative devices and the roles of business and education.
In an age in which many businesses lean toward conformity and group orientation, the individual survives handsomely in this study as the fount of creative thought. Examples:

- Brainstorming is not a substitute for individual thinking but a supplementary method for coaxing new ideas from the individual.
- Taking a problem away from the individual who has conceived it is risky, because it removes a major asset: the enthusiasm of the person who thought of the idea. "In many cases, the enthusiasm and drive of the man who considers the problem as his baby is more important than knowledge in the subject."
- Mechanical aids for listing alternate approaches, such as morphological analysis (in which all possible attributes of a problem are set up in a table), only stimulate the imagination. The individual must still overcome all of the personal blocks to creativity.
The study lists tips for management to encourage creative output. Education comes in for its share of criticism, too.
The authors conclude that "action is possible within the [business] organization to increase creativity and that this can be done without breaking the organization apart." = =



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Prime examples of Federal projects are the DEW Line of radar stations across Canada and Alaska and the White Alice communication system in Alaska. In many parts of the world FEC has installed and tested TACAN and ILS systems for military and commercial use. Today Federal is also engaged in engineering operations connected with missile test ranges in Florida and California. From the Arctic Circle to Spain Federal Electric is keeping systems working.

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## CAREER OPPORTUNITIES BROCHURES



## Hazeltine Corporation

The Hazeltine Corporation presents a brief company history and states its position in the fields of electronics and electro-mechanical technology in this 16-page illustrated brochure. Hazeltine's various commercial products include radio, nomochrome and color television, medical, office equipment, photographic and transportation. Designing, developing and producing equipment and systems in defense electronics-including airbome early warning, combat surveillance, navigational, IFF, anti-submarine warfare, data processing and computer-are covered.

An organization chart depicting company facilities and a pamphlet announcing the establishment of a new center and laboratories are given.

Vice President, Government \& Commercial Dept., Hazeltine Electronics Div., Hazeltine Corp., Dept. ED, Little Neck 62, N.Y.
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The Avco Research Center at Wilmingtor, Mass., is the home of the Avco Research and Advanced Development Division. Its objective is to provide an integrated establishment, attractive to scientists and engineers. Facilities, present pro ects and future aims are illustrated and briefl discussed.

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## CAREER OPPORTUNITIES

General Electric<br>Company


"Career Counseling Guide For Engineers" provides some basic facts about the eight major engineering activities and about the people usually successful in each of them. Using this information as a guide, the engineer should be able to determine the area for which he is best suited.

An evaluation of personal attributes divided into four sections entitled Interest, Education, Experience, and Personal-Social Characteristics is included. At the close of each section the engineer is asked to evaluate his qualifications for each of the major engineering functions.

General Electric's aim in this brochure is to aid the engineering graduate in planning his career and to help the more experienced engineer to more thoroughly examine his present situation and possible future opportunities.
W. N. Mendell, Executive Placement Specialist, General Electric, Flight Propulsion Div., Bldg. 100, Dept. ED, Cincinnati 15, Ohio

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## GENERAL <br> ELECTRIC

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146
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## Page



## The Landing of the Puritans

On the banks of Gitchic Croomie, Lake the white men call Atlantic Heap big redskins going frantic, Radar got no Bomac tubes!*

See the Pilgrims land on rock there! See them cross the sky blue water! Redskins know they hadn't oughter, But radar got no Bomac tubes!

Beat the drum, call heap big powow Call the braves from heap big teepee, Get um chief to put on toupee Radar got no Bomac tubes!

Fixum Cavity, Bald Eagle! Get um faulty Klystron going! Heap big white men come a-rowin And radar got no Bomac tubes!

Storm Cloud, get those fingers fying! Mend with rawhide, patch with sticks Too late now to get um "fix"
Radar got no Bomac tubes!
Redskin radar rests in ashes, White men use urn wood for fire, now. Price of real estate is higher now. Radar had no Bomac tubes!

On the banks of Gitchic Coomie Different people now are living, Every year they give Thanksgiving Radar had no Bomac tubes!

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Mallory, P. R. Co. . .
M
Marconi Instrument Co. Mi.....
Marion Instrument, Div. Minne-
apolis-Honeywell
Martin Co., Activation Div .......... 182
Melpar, Inc. . . . . .
Methode Mrg. Co.
Metronix, Inc. a Subsidiary of
Metronix, Inc. ad Subsidiar
Assembly Products, Inc.
Missembly Products, Mnc. .......
Micro Switch,
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Miller Co., J. W
Milgray Electronics, Inc
Minitron Components
Minneapolis-Honeywell Co., Boston
Minneapolis-Honeywell Co., Industrial Di
Minnesota Mining \& Mifg. Co......
Chemical Products Div. ... 130, 131
Motorola
Motorola, Inc., Western Military
Electronics Center . . . . . . . . . .

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Narda Microwave Corp.
National Co., Inc
National Vulcanized Fibre Co.
Neff Instrument Corp.
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New York Air Brake Co.
Non-Linear Systems, Inc
Non-Linear Systems, Inc. I. .
North Atlantic Industries, Inc.

Oak Mfg. C
Oster, John Mfg. Co. .......................... 141

Packard-Bell Electronics Corp.
Phelps Dodge Copper Products Co... 1 , Philco Corp., Landsdale Tube Div. Philbrick, George A., Researches.

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[^0]:    *Type 44, with the same size as Type 42 and with ASA 400, is no longer manufactured. Type 32, which formerly had the same choracteristics os Type 42 , except for its $2-3 / 4 \times 3-1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. size, now has an ASA rating of 400 . Fow cameras are in use for this film size.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ All types: Medium contrast, panchromatic, eight exposures per roll. ASA rating is equivalent daylight exposure index.

[^1]:    ${ }^{\circ}$ Polaroid is a registered trademark of the Polaroid Corpo-

[^2]:    he

[^3]:    * Quotation from "Designing Electronic Equip ment for Maintainability'; Machine De. sign. July 12, 1956.

