

LIGHT TRIGGERS OUR ADD-ON TREMOLO—see page 72

Science and Electronics

JUNE-JULY
75c

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RADIO
LOG**

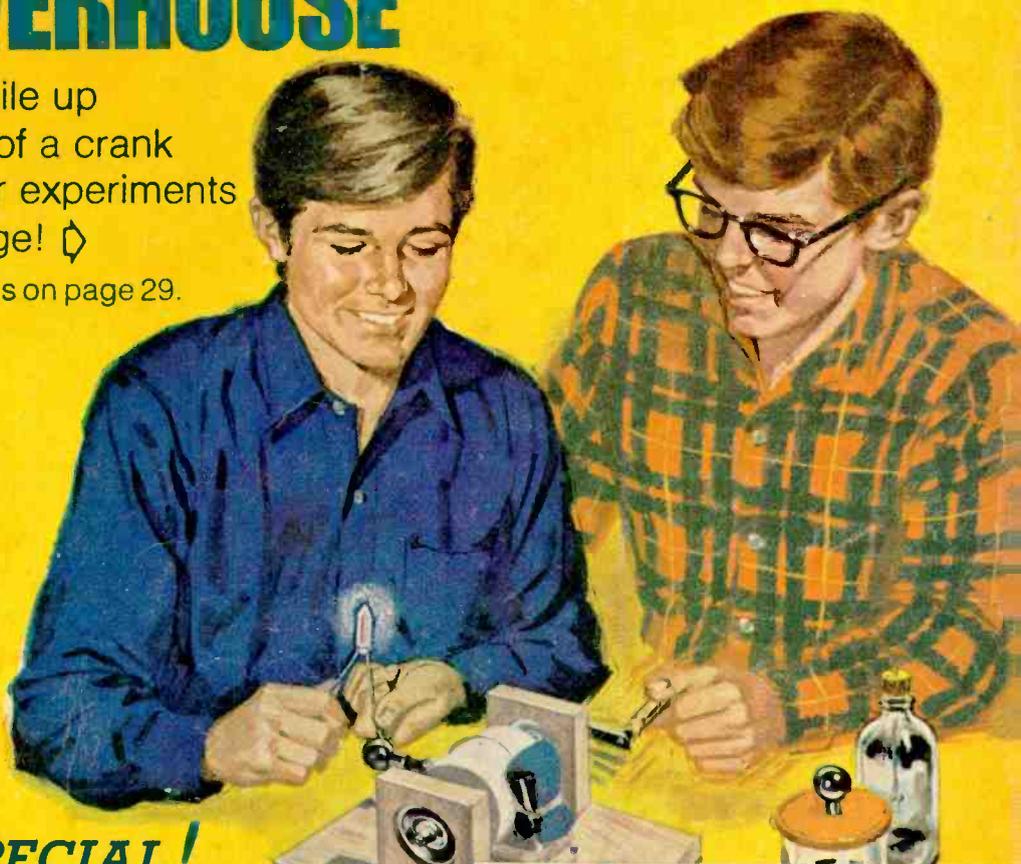
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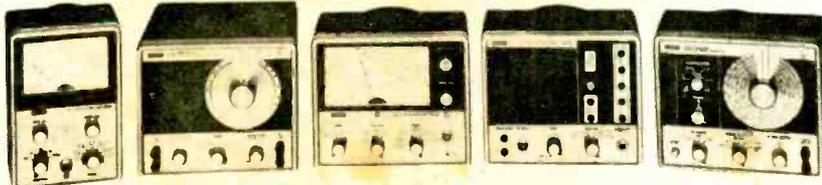
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Science and Electronics

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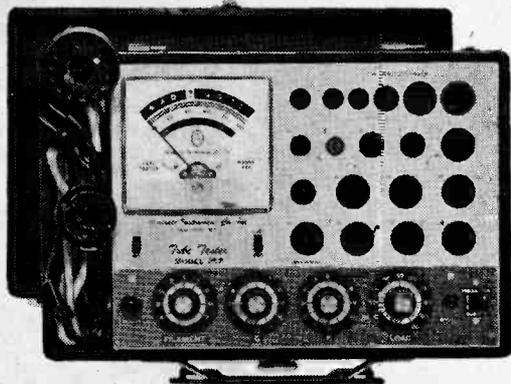
Emergency Radio Services—Detroit Area—page 97

Cover illustration by Len Goldberg

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Cover
Highlights



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Number 3

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POSITIVE FEEDBACK

Julian M. Sienkiewicz
EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

The great mail strike of 1970 is now ancient history to most people (unless they'll have pulled another one on us ere now), but not to you, my dear readers. While you are thumbing through this issue of **SCIENCE AND ELECTRONICS**, you will find that one of our regular columns, "Famous Patents," is not present. Alas, it was in a mail bag somewhere in the vastness of the New York General Post Office as we were setting type for this here issue. But don't fret. Our Famous Patent columnist, Arthur Cookfair, has conspired with us to employ the services of that "Leave the driving to us" hound, so that we'll be able to catch up with patent history by the next issue.

Hot Stuff! The Seventies will see the introduction of electronics to milady's kitchen. It's been a long time coming, but it's here—and there is no stopping it. Radar (microwave) ovens, formerly relegated to short-order restaurants in the past, will be standard items in over 100,000 homes this year. What will happen to the sales of these home ovens in 1971 will probably make the air-conditioning marketplace look like five-and-dime store stuff.

To discover how they cook with "cool" heat, I suggest you read our article beginning on page 55 of this issue.

I would like to hear from our readers who own microwave ovens and are using them. What I would like to know is "exactly how good they really are, is improvement needed with the model presently in use, what cooks good and what does not?" We prefer not to believe makers' claims. Too many "blue sky" statements are made by 100 many appliance manufacturers lately. There is nothing as good as the final consumer test performed by the consumer in the home.

And say, fellahs, if you want to get your wife's name in print, why not send in your better half's favorite recipe for cooking or baking in a microwave oven. This is not a contest, but the best recipes will be judged by the salvation of this editor and published. Let's hear from you!

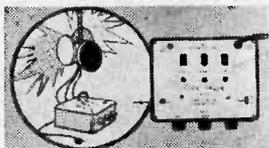
KEEP PACE WITH SPACE AGE! SEE MOON SHOTS—LANDINGS, SPACE FLIGHTS, CLOUT UP! -AMAZING SCIENCE BUYS for FUN, STUDY or PROFIT

VISUAL EFFECTS PROJECTOR SET



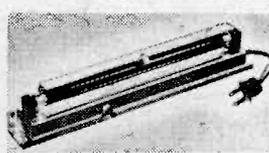
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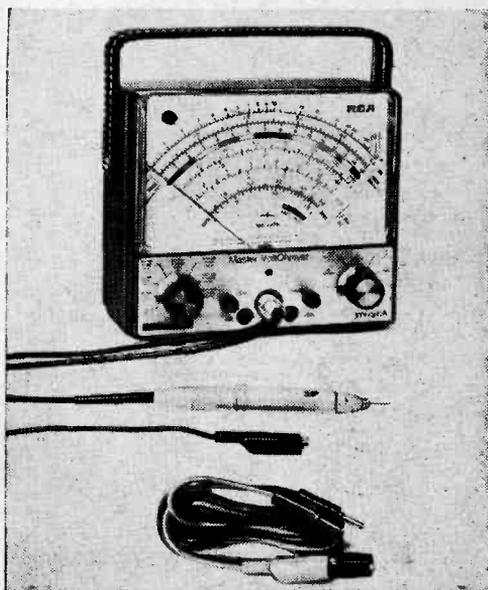
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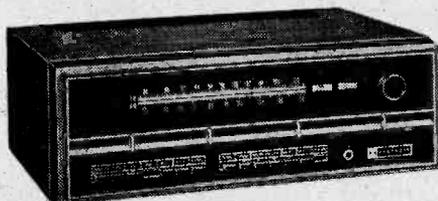


RCA WV-510A Master VoltOhmyst

plex waveforms from 0.5 to 4200 volts, resistance values from 0.2 ohms to 1000 megohms. Seven overlapping ranges are provided for AC, resistance, and current measurements, and eight ranges are provided for DC voltage measurement. Accuracy for all voltage and current functions is $\pm 3\%$ of full-scale reading. Dimensions of the WV-510A, less handle are $6\frac{7}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4} \times 3\frac{3}{8}$ in.; weight is $3\frac{1}{2}$ lb. Price is \$128.00 and you can get further technical information from Commercial Engineering, RCA Electronic Components, Harrison, N.J. 07029, or from RCA test equipment distributors.

Put Together 60 Watts of Stereo

Last time out, we reported on the Heathkit AR-29 AM/FM/FM-stereo receiver, which puts out 100 watts. Now for those of you who don't need all those watts, here's the AR-19, a 60-watt job, and naturally it's more moderately priced. The AR-19 features the same advanced FET, IC design as the AR-29. There are five integrated circuits for a total of 57 transistors and 35 diodes. Frequency response is from 6 to 35,000 Hz with less than 0.25% harmonic distortion at any power level (Heath says this is the lowest distortion of any receiver in this power class). For the ease and comfort

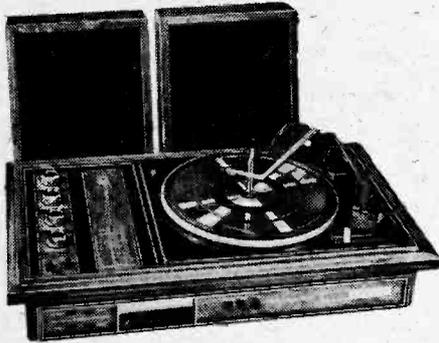


Heathkit AR-19 AM/FM/FM-Stereo Receiver

of the kit builder, all eight circuit boards snap in and out in seconds. This also means that later checking of circuits can be done with a minimum of dismantling. The factory-assembled FM tuner has a $2.0\text{-}\mu\text{V}$ sensitivity. Unit has necessary output terminals to connect a second pair of stereo speakers for use in another room, or you can connect three speaker systems—right, center (mixed), and left. With Heath's Black Magic panel lighting no dial or scale markings show til the set is turned on. Price of the AR-19 is \$225.00. For more dope, write the Heath Co., Benton Harbor, Mich. 49022.

Ambidextrous System

Lafayette's new LSC-888 combines a solid-state stereo modular phono with an 8-track tape system—a happy combo! The LSC-888 brings together a Garrard 4-speed automatic record changer, an 8-track tape system, a 20-watt solid-state amplifier, and a pair of acoustically matched speaker systems. The record changer has tubular tonearm with stereo turnover car-

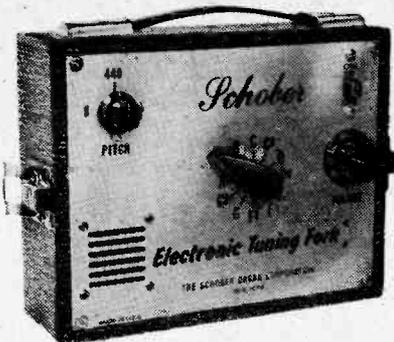


Lafayette LSC-888 Stereo Phono and Tape System

tridge and diamond needle, plus cueing control. The amplifier controls include balance, bass, treble, volume, selector; there's also an automatic shut-off switch, a front panel stereo headphone jack, and an auxiliary input jack for tuner or tape recorder. Speakers are 8 in. There's a tinted plastic dust cover and a 45 rpm spindle. Control unit measures 23½ x 4 x 14 in.; speakers, 15 x 10 x 4¾ in. Price of the LSC-888 is \$149.95, and for more specs write to Lafayette Radio Electronics, 111 Jericho Tpke., Syosset, N.Y. 11791.

Tuning Fork with Electronic Brain

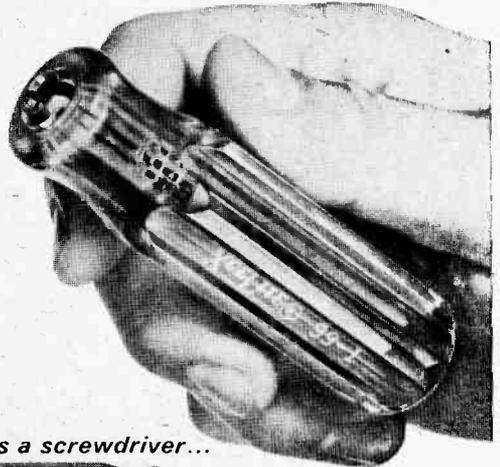
With the new Schober Electronic Tuning Fork you can tune any musical instrument, except a piano, which requires a process known as "stretching." Fork provides 12 steady tones, middle C through the B above it. Pitch accuracy is within 5 cents (5% of a semitone). A special knob sets the scale a A=440 but permits resetting to anything between about 435 and 445. The tones have harmonics, making the zero-beat tuning technique easier and permitting the fork to be used directly to tune in-



Schober Electronic Tuning Fork

struments in higher and lower octaves. Housed in a strong wooden case, 5½ x 7 x 3 in., it operates on two 9-volt transistor radio batteries and has its own built-in speaker. A voltage regulator maintains pitch accuracy during the entire life of the batteries—about 18 hours

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continuous operation and several times that in normal use. The fork is factory-calibrated for pitch accuracy; price is \$49.95. For detailed descriptive sheet write The Schober Organ Corp., 43 W. 61st St., New York, N.Y. 10023.

8-Track or 4? Be Adaptable!

Panasonic adds another item to its line of car stereo accessories by introducing a cassette adaptor pack which allows you to play a 4-track stereo cassette in any Panasonic 8-track tape player. Designed specifically for the car, it fits into an 8-track tape player like an ordinary stereo cartridge and plays cassette tapes

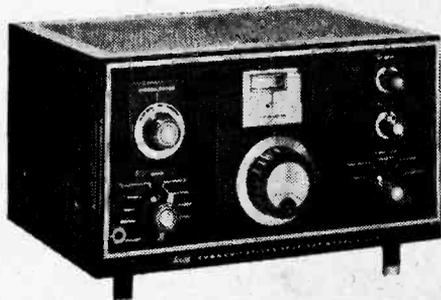


Panasonic CJ-980 Cassette Adaptor Pack

instantly. A panel light automatically switches on to signal the end of a tape. The cassette adaptor pack, Model CJ-980, comes with a leatherette carrying case and polishing cloth, and is priced at \$39.95. For more details write Panasonic, 200 Park Ave., New York, N.Y. 10017.

Slam-Bang Ham Band Box

Allied has a new, moderately-priced 80- to 10-Meter ham band receiver that, they say, not only has highly satisfactory performance, but, also, clean, attractive styling that will please your XYL. Model A-2516 features a deluxe filter for highly selective AM, CW, and SSB reception on all ham bands between 3.5 and 29.7 MHz. This includes 80, 40, 20, 15, and 10 Meters, as well as the WWV signal on 10 MHz. Unit has a crystal-controlled first local

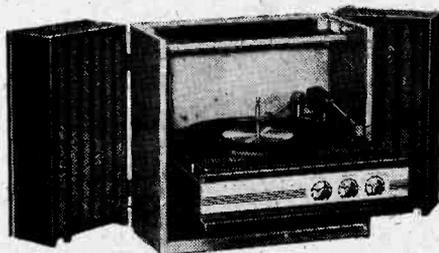


Allied A-2516 Ham Receiver

oscillator and a solid-state VFO-type second oscillator with negligible frequency drift. The VFO circuit has output terminals for use as a transmitter VFO. The mechanical IF filter provides a 1.5-kHz bandwidth at 6 dB down, 6 kHz at 60 dB down. Sensitivity is 1.5 μ V for 10 dB signal-to-noise ratio at 14 MHz. Image ratio and IF rejection are better than 40 dB at 14 MHz. Price is \$169.95 and for more specs you can write to Allied Radio Corp., 100 N. Western Ave., Chicago, Ill. 60680.

Carry-O the Stere-O

Heathkit has a new portable stereo phonograph, the GD-109. It has 18 watts output, a deluxe record changer, and full-range speakers. Each 4½-in. speaker can be lifted off the changer cabinet and placed up to 5 ft away. The 9-watt per channel solid-state amplifier is combined with a preassembled, 4-speed automatic record changer—a Maestro—which tilts



Heathkit GD-109 Portable Stereo Phonograph

up and locks for portability. The GD-109 features a ceramic stereo cartridge having 30 dB separation; diamond stylus pressure is a low 3½ grams. Controls include volume, tone, and balance, and there's a 45-rpm adapter. Cabinet is wood with plastic-coated covering and the price is \$74.95. For additional information, write the Heath Co., Benton Harbor, Mich. 49022.

Vehicular Vane

Avanti has three new tunable antennas for vehicular applications, featuring base-loaded and ruggedized construction. Model numbers apply as follows: SS-27, 27 to 33 MHz; SS-34, 34 to 40 MHz; SS-45, 40 to 50 MHz. All three have taper ground stainless steel whips and can be tuned to exact frequency. Loading coil is finned to aid heat dissipation and potted in epoxy for water proofing. Nominal impedance is



Avanti SS Series Mobile Antenna

50 ohms; power handling, 100+ watts. The antennas come with their own integral mounts, 20 ft of RG-58/U cable, and PL259 connectors,

and are guaranteed for one year. Components are heavy chrome-plated brass and are compatible with the new Avanti no-hole trunk lip base. Price of any of the models is \$21.25. For more information write to Avanti Research & Development, Inc., 33-35 W. Fullerton Ave., Addison, Ill. 60101.

Two Can Listen as Cheaply*as One

This new device from Robins Industries, called Twinfone, lets two persons in on a phone call. It has no moving parts and requires no electricity. One end of Twinfone slips over the earpiece, while a length of tubing carries the sound to another earpiece. What you have is the convenience of an extension phone without the expense of a second telephone instrument. A



Robins Twinfone

business associate can join in a call, a secretary can listen to take notes, or, both parents can chat simultaneously with a child away from home. Twinfone also helps the hard-of-hearing by amplifying the sound when the extra earpiece is held to the other ear. Twinfone is priced at \$4.98, and you can get more dope from Robins Industries Corp., 15-58 127th St., College Point, N.Y. 11356. ■



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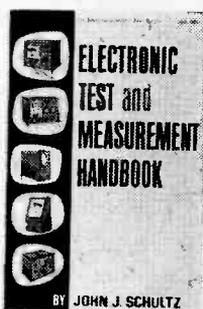
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One for the Test Bench. Here's a "one-stop" source of practical electronic troubleshooting procedures, based on tried-and-tested measurement techniques. It's John J. Schultz's new text entitled *Electronic Test and Measurement Handbook*.

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equipment, this is one handbook that clearly shows how to apply factual and crystal-clear information to testbench problems. Based on years of practical experience, the author tells how to measure even critical performance, using moderately-priced test equipment. Encompasses many tests that heretofore required the use of lab-type gear to equal the accuracy attainable with the methods outlined in this work. In each case there's a complete, detailed procedure and setup diagram to show how to conduct each test or measurement with ease. With the help of a thorough index the reader can find a specific test in seconds and be on his way to accurate, dependable measurements. Available directly from the publisher—Tab Books, Blue Ridge Summit, Pa. 17214.

The Answer Men. Since the early 1950's, the manufacture and sales of high fidelity equipment has become a multi-million dollar industry. And it seems that with each dollar, a question was asked. Authors Leo G. Sands and Fred Shunaman combined forces to answer 101 of the most asked questions. You guessed it, the title of this book is *101 Questions and Answers about Hi-Fi and Stereo*.

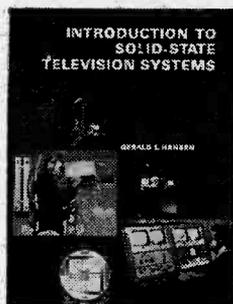
The question and answer format is the quickest way to inform an audio neophyte. The text is divided into six sections to aid the reader in finding the information he desires. The first section deals with hi-fi/stereo systems,



Soft cover
128 pages
\$3.50

while the second and third sections discuss amplifiers and tuners respectively. Record and tape players are covered in the next two sections. Maintenance and troubleshooting procedures are given in the last section. Interested? Then write to the publisher—Howard W. Sams & Co., Inc., 4300 W. 62nd Street, Indianapolis, Ind. 46268.

Solid TV. Here's a text—*Introduction to Solid-State Television Systems* by Gerald L. Hansen—that's unique. It is devoted entirely to TV today! Its up-to-date information and broad, detailed coverage make it a "must" with anyone concerned with the vital, changing field of television today. No exceptional knowledge is necessary to understand the clear, readable text. The author has bypassed complex mathe-



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tical formulas, so that readers with a basic grasp of electronic and transistor theory will find the text readily comprehensible.

Several photographs and detailed diagrams of the latest transistorized circuits accompany the text, making it an excellent introduction to solid-state TV systems. That's how it got its title! For your copy, order directly from your local bookstore or direct from the publisher—Prentice-Hall, Inc. Englewood Cliffs, N. J. 07632.

You Can Do It! Here's just the book you've been looking for—*TV Troubleshooter's Handbook* by the Editors of Electronic Technician/Dealer. It's completely updated, quick-reference source for scores of tried-and-tested solutions to "tough-dog" TV troubles.

This detailed compilation of practical help
(Continued on page 102)

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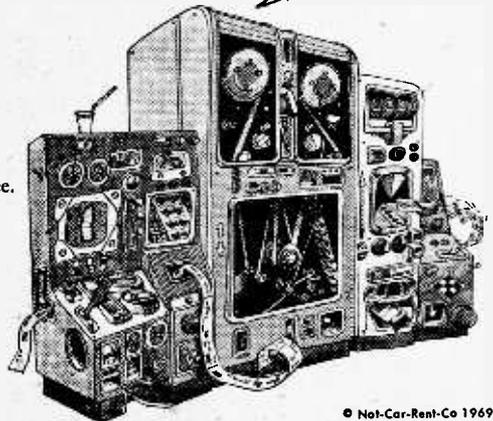
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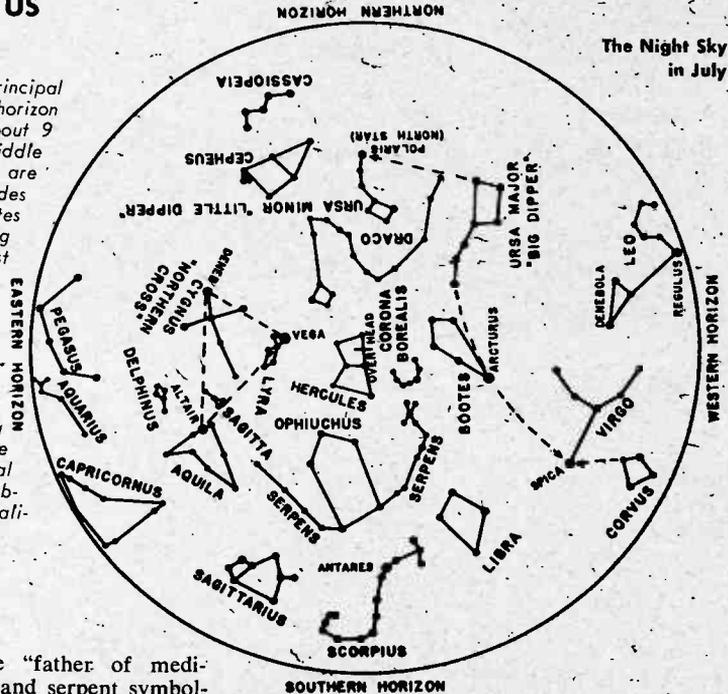
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THE SKIES ABOVE US

☆☆☆ The maps show the principal stars which are above the horizon at latitude 34° North at about 9 p.m. standard time at the middle of the month. These maps are practical star location guides anywhere in the United States throughout the month showing the sky at 10 p.m. on the first and at 8 p.m. on the last of the month. To look at the night sky in June and July, select the proper map and hold it vertically. Then turn the map so that the point of the compass toward which you are facing shows at the bottom of the map. ☆☆☆ Our special thanks go to the Griffith Observatory in Los Angeles, California. ☆☆☆



represent Aesculapius, the "father of medicine," whose walking staff and serpent symbolize medical men and societies today. Because snakes shed their skins, ancient people thought that they renewed their lives.

☆ If your sky is not too flooded with the glow from lights, and you have binoculars or a small telescope, look carefully at the "overhead" marker in Hercules. There you may spot a fuzzy glow that is a magnificent globular star cluster, when photographed. And the Milky Way now arches halfway up in the eastern sky, through Sagittarius, Cygnus and Cassiopeia.

☆☆ If you can recall, in the last issue I was talking about how the calendar came about. Unfortunately, I ran out of space and will finish the discussion in this issue.

☆ It is the fourteenth day of Nisan, either the first or second full moon after March 21, that is a very solemn holy day in the Hebrew calendar, commemorating the exodus of the children of Israel from their travail in Egypt. It is the Passover which, in 1970, is celebrated on April 21 because, while a full moon occurs on March 22, it falls in the embolismic month Veadar.

☆ Historians believe that it was probably Seti I who was the Pharaoh who welcomed the Hebrews to Egypt during a time of famine. They made their homes in the land called Goshen, just to the east and northeast of modern Cairo. They were well treated and they prospered, as had Abraham and his family in Egypt, some 500 years earlier. But Seti died in 1290 B.C. and was succeeded by Rameses II who saw the Hebrews as possible future enemies. He made life miserable for them and

reduced them almost to the conditions of slavery. Many times he promised to let them leave, but just as often he had broken his promise. Finally, Jehovah visited a dreadful calamity upon the Egyptians—the death of the firstborn child of every family, on the night of the full moon in the month of Nisan (then called Abib). But he had told the Jews to put lamb's blood on the side-posts, and lintels of the doors of their homes as a sign, and these houses he "passed over." In the confusion, the Jews took their belongings and escaped from Goshen by crossing the salt marshes, then existing, called the Reed Sea (and not, as usually stated, "Red Sea," which was quite far away), where the pursuing chariots of Rameses bogged down.

☆ It is in remembrance of this event that the Jewish people celebrate the Passover, each year, as they have since the exodus, on the fourteenth day of the month Nisan, in the evening of the full moon. The proper date is set, as we have seen, by the lunar calendar.

☆ Jesus and his disciples were Jews and, as such, would not fail to observe the Passover. In the closing days of his life on earth, he sent Peter and John into Jerusalem to prepare the room where they would celebrate it. The Christians know this as the Last Supper and, because it was the Passover, we can date it and other events.

☆ We read that on the following day Jesus was arrested, tried and crucified. His body lay in a borrowed tomb over the Sabbath (Saturday) and the Resurrection occurred on the

(Continued on page 101)

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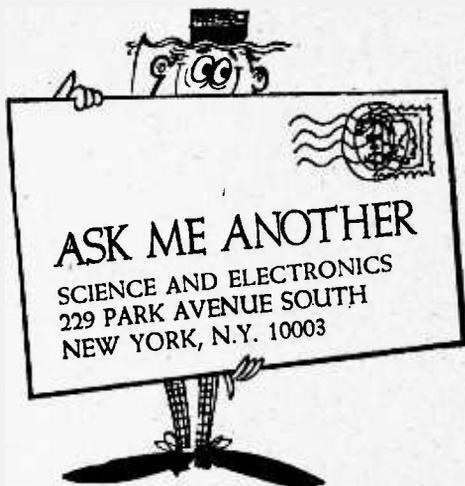
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EX-38



What's to Squelch?

I have a \$59.95 8-band receiver that covers from 26 MHz to 174 MHz. What kind of antenna do I need for greater distance? I connected a piece of rubber-coated wire to an old car aerial, but aside from hearing the local police and taxis and two FM stations, I get nothing more. What can I possibly receive up here?

—R. D'V., Bangor, Maine

If the Bangor & Aroostock Railroad up there even installed the radio system they talked



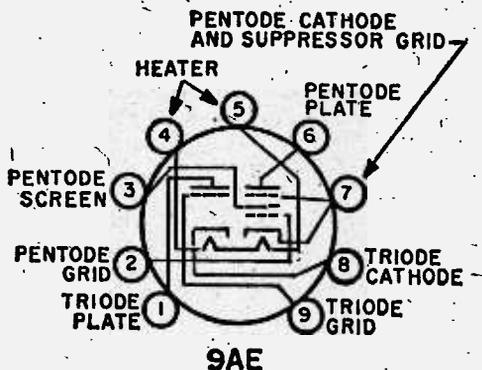
about in 1954, you might hear the crews trying to get the potato trains rolling on around 161 MHz. Otherwise there's not much DX to hear up there except CB and amateur stations. For better results, you need a CB antenna for 25-50 MHz reception, and a 148-174 MHz antenna. Be sure to mount them securely and as high as possible.

Tube Tester Up-Dated

The tube table for setting my tube tester for various tubes doesn't list all of the tubes used in my TV set, such as a 6GH8A. How do I test them? The manufacturer of the tube tester is no longer in business.

—H. K., Newport, R. I.

Get a General Electric tube manual and look up the tubes you want to test. For example, you will find that the 6GH8A is a medium-mu triode/sharp-cut off pentode and its basing diagram is 9AE as illustrated here. Then look



9AE

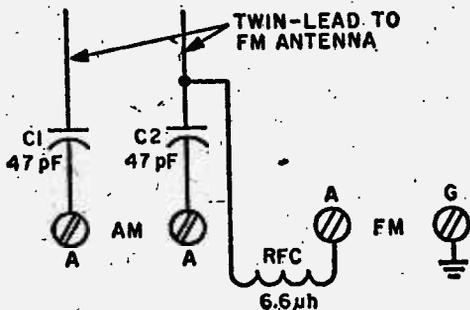
through the short form tube type listings in the manual and find another tube with the same basing diagram. You will find it to be a 6U8. It is the same basic tube with slightly different operating characteristics. Setting your tube tester for a 6U8 and plugging in a 6GH8A won't damage the tube nor the tester. The short test won't be affected, but the merit test might be a little higher. Apply the same technique to other tubes. Another good reference is a tube substitution manual.

AM Antenna Gimmick

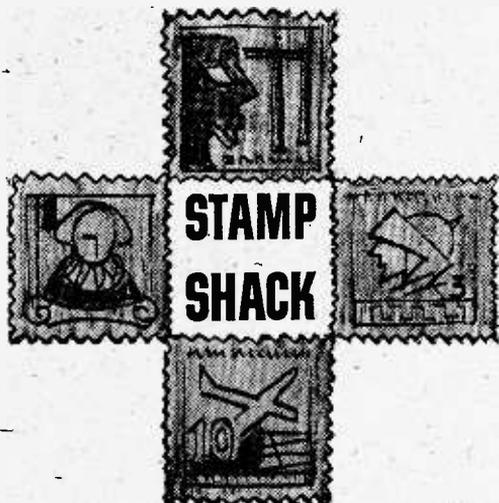
My FM reception is great, but on AM I can pick up local stations only. I have an AM/FM stereo receiver which has a built-in loop antenna for AM and terminals for external AM and FM antennas. I have installed an outdoor FM antenna. How can I use it for AM, too?

—H.S., Menlo Park, Calif.

Connect a 6.6 mH RF choke from one of the FM antenna terminals to the AM antenna terminal. This forms a low-pass filter, allowing BCB signals to pass while attenuating vhf (FM band) signals. If the FM band antenna coil inside the receiver has a grounded



center tap, you will need to connect the AM antenna terminal as shown in the diagram. Capacitors C1 and C2 prevent grounding of the antenna system at BCB frequencies. Although the choke causes some FM antenna lead-in unbalance, it should be negligible. On FM, the antenna functions as intended. On AM, the twinlead plus the FM antenna pick up BCB signals.



● ● Ever since July 20, 1969, when Astronauts Armstrong and Aldrin took their first moon walk, postal administrations all over the Earth produced special commemoratives to mark the epochal event. Many of them were genuinely spontaneous tributes of nations who wished to postally honor the United States' triumph. This is proven by the fact that designing, printing and release were decided upon only after Apollo 11's success.

● Belgium, for example, did not issue its tribute until Sept. 20, and then kept the face value down to six francs (12¢) which is the normal rate on normal letters mailed to domestic and European destinations:

● The stamp portrays the Apollo 11 team against a background of the moon (the Tranquility landing site is marked) and the exact landing time. So many Belgians used it on their mail post office stocks were exhausted in a few weeks. Korea issued five special stamps, all of a modest 20 won (6¢) denomination and showing progress pictures of the mission. India, too, issued a single, low-value stamp for the occasion.

● ● Other postal administrations were not quite so conservative. Their "tributes" comprised long sets with needlessly high-face values. Few of them, of course, did any real postal service but were intensively merchandised to the philatelic market.

● Some of the Iron Curtain satellites, who long used Space conquest subjects for designs since 1957, were ready for Apollo 11. Stamps were prepared long in advance and ready for the market within days after the landing—two months before the United States issued the 10-center, the die of which was actually aboard "Columbia" on the half-million-mile flight.

● Romania's comprises a souvenir sheet, imprinted with four 3.30-lei designs showing "The Eagle" and Col. Armstrong taking the first Lunar steps. These are flanked by stamp-shaped

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STAMP SHACK

labels portraying the individual Astronauts and an inscription giving the dates of the entire mission against an outline of the LM.

● Hungary's includes an entire set, but only one of which is for Apollo 11; the others show pictures of previous flights, including some made by Soviets to outer Space.

● What probably is the most striking of all was released by the African nation of Burundi (See page 10, April/May 1970). It is a super-size, 100-franc stamp printed singly on a sheet in such a way that the entire picture spills over into the margins. It shows Neil Aldrin, with camera in hand, walking in front of "The Eagle" and the United States flag as "The Columbia" speeds away for its orbits before picking up the Astronauts later on that memorable July 20.

● The whole is inscribed, "The First Man on the Moon," in French, and date, 21-7-1969 (although the landing was actually made the previous day!)

● And was to be expected, there were those other administrations whose "stamps" are produced by profit-minded promoters, which capitalized on the universally popularity of the event. It made little difference to them that domestic mail service is minimal; their aim was the exploitation of collectors who spend their dollars on the basis of alluring eye- or topical appeal than philatelic sophistication or knowledge.

● In the past they turned out tonnages of stickers honoring every and all American events such as the assassinations of John F. and Robert Kennedy, the death of Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, earlier Space flights, etc., so the Apollo 11 flight was right down their alley.

● Togo, Ghana, Dahomey, the Maldives, Panama, Paraguay and Ecuador all had theirs—



Hungary



Republic of Korea



India

with pictures as fancy as the asking prices. So did the sand-dune sheikhdoms of Arabia, which for years have turning out "stamps" through New York, London and Beirut operators even though they don't have their own postal service but depend upon neighboring administrations to handle the few pieces of mail dispatched by petroleum-exploration company employees.

● Ajman, for example, issued seven stickers and a souvenir sheet, each showing "progress pictures" of the Apollo program from #1 through 12. Later it released huge round adhesives made in similitude of silver coins so they could be foisted on the numismatic market as well as the philatelic.

● Panama's eight labels recall as many flights made by both Soviet and U.S. astronauts since the first Space walk.

● Umm al Qaiwain first took existing label stocks and overprinted them for immediate sale while the presses were busy producing a dozen new ones, each showing a photo reproduction (in gaudy colors) of various phases of the mission from lift-off at Cape Kennedy to landing at Tranquility and the lunar walk.

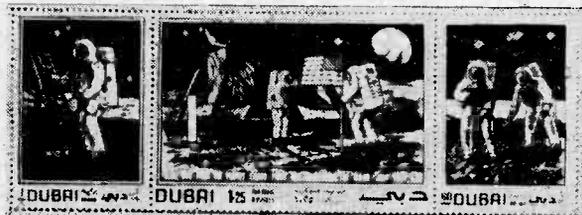
● They're all pretty and enticing souvenirs of an historic event, but buyers will do well to realize that spending dollars with hopes of future resale profits may not be the wisest decision: catalog editors spurn them; knowledgeable philatelists blacklist them. ■



Ajman



Belgium



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7. Before you build from scratch, check the Fair Radio Sales latest catalog for surplus gear.
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48. Hy-Gain's new CB antenna catalog is packed full of useful information. Get a copy.
74. Get two free books—"How to Get a Commercial FCC License" and "How to Succeed in Electronics"—from Cleveland Institute of Electronics.
78. Discover how to drive nuts and screws, ream, scribe, pierce holes with Xcelite's Series 99 handles and interchangeable blades.
96. Get your copy of E. F. Johnson's new booklet, "Can Johnson 2-way Radio Help Me?"
100. You can get increased CB range and clarity using B&K's hot "Cobra" transceivers.
107. Want a deluxe CB base station? Then get the specs on Tram's super CB rigs.
111. Get the scoop on Versa-Tronics' Versa-Tenna with instant magnetic mounting.
114. Prepare for tomorrow by studying at home with Technical Training International. Get the facts on how you can step up in your present job.
116. Pep-up your CB rig's performance with Turner's M+2 mobile microphone.
127. National Schools will help you learn all about color TV as you assemble their 25-in. color TV kit.
130. Bone up on CB with the latest Sams books. Titles range from "ABC's of CB Radio" to "99 Ways to Improve your CB Radio."
135. RCA Experimenter's Kits for hobbyists, hams, technicians and students are the answer for successful and enjoyable projects.
136. You can become an electrical engineer only if you take the first step. Let ICS send you their free illustrated catalog describing 17 special programs.
137. For success in communications, broadcasting and electronics get First Class FCC license. Grantham School of Electronics will show you how.
140. Take a gander at Cornell Electronics' latest catalog. It's packed with bargains like 6W4, 12AX7, 5U4, etc., tubes for only 33¢.
141. CB antenna catalog by Antenna Specialists makes the pickin' easy.
145. Alco Electronic Products has 28 circuit ideas using their remote control relay.
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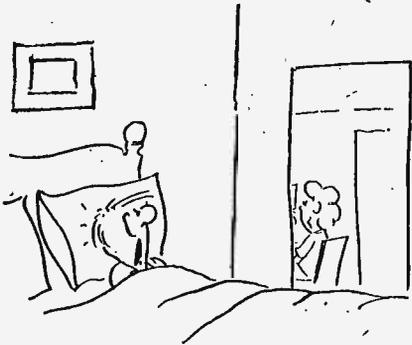
by Buz Holland



"Hold it half a second, Winifred, while I fix Frank's dinner!"



"Now listen, Rhona, I wish you'd stop referring to me as your QRM-OM!"



"Will you please QRT and come to B-E-D!"



"Do you realize that you're giving the best years of our life to 40 Meters!"

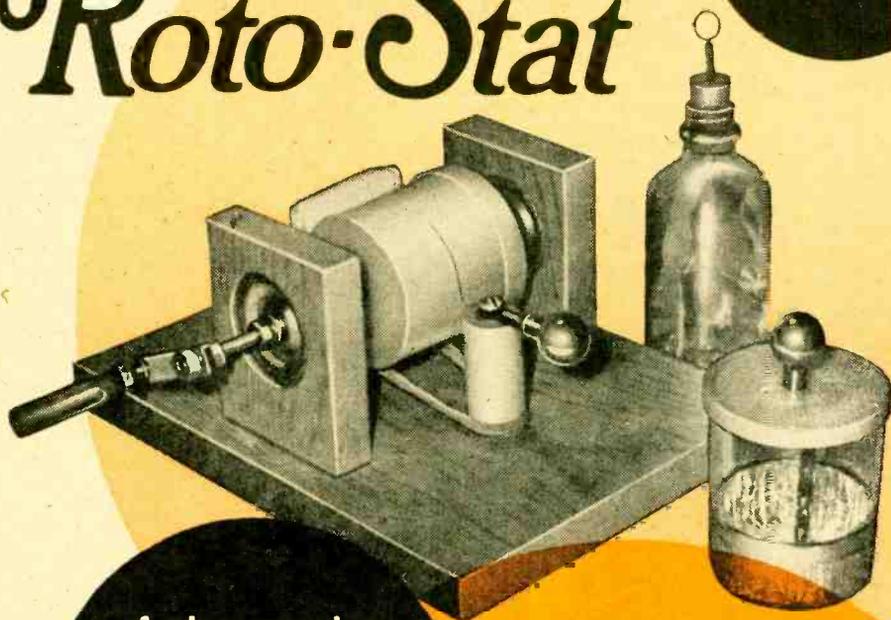


"What we need is more intelligent communication between people in this country!"



"You got as far away as Australia, eh! Too bad you had to come back."

Roto-Stat



An inexpensive
efficient
hand-powered
electrostatic
generator

From the earliest days of experimenting with electrostatic electricity—say in the 4th Century B.C., when Plato mentioned the wonderful attracting power of amber—electrostatic electricity was produced by laboriously rubbing glass rods or other electrostatic producing objects with dry fur or cloth. In 1663, in Germany, Otto von Guericke used a large ball of sulphur to generate electrostatic electricity by rotating the sulphur ball and rubbing it with his fingers. In 1706, in England, Francis Hauksbee employed rotating glass globes and cylinders to generate static

by Charles Green
W6FFQ

Roto-Stat

electricity, and he used a metallic conductor to collect the generated static electricity from the generator.

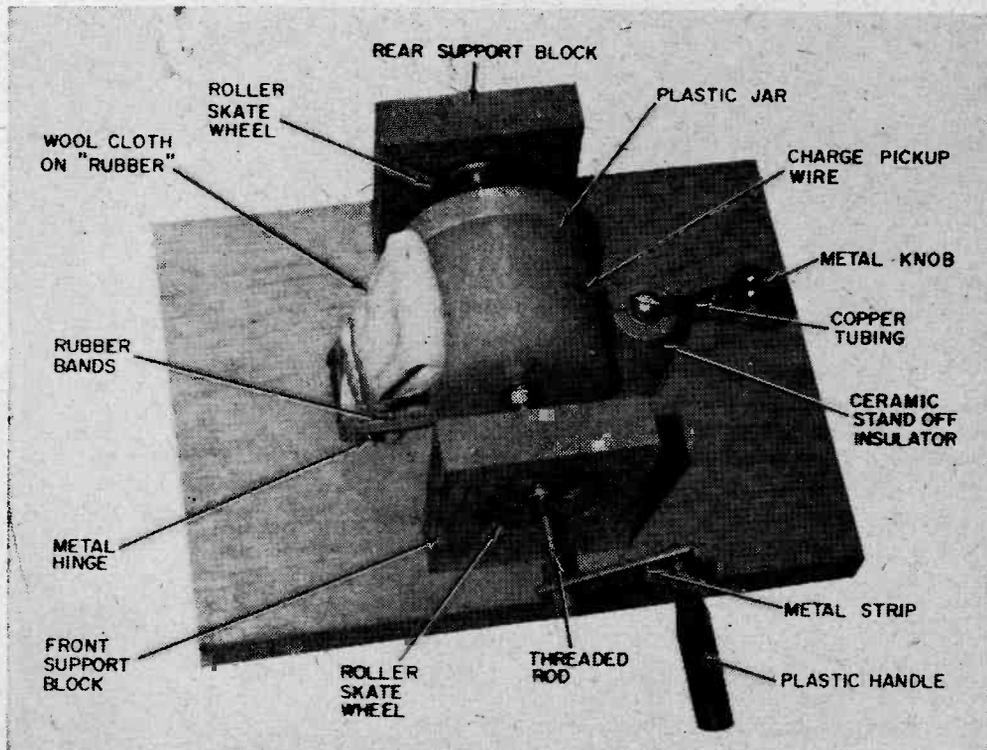
In 1744, in Germany, J.H. Winkler invented a mechanical rubbing device to use in place of rubbing the glass cylinder with the fingers. His *rubber* used a leather-covered cushion pressed against the rotating globe. In America, in 1747, Ben Franklin used an electrostatic generator in some of his electrical experiments; it contained a rotating glass cylinder with a mechanical *rubber*.

Even in this day and age, electrostatic experiments still fascinate the avid experimenter. You can perform electrostatic electricity experiments by building and using our Roto-Stat electrostatic generator, instead of generating the electrostatic charges by hand-rubbed glass or plastic rods. Our Roto-Stat, designed for easy construction, uses a plastic cosmetic or similar jar in place of a glass

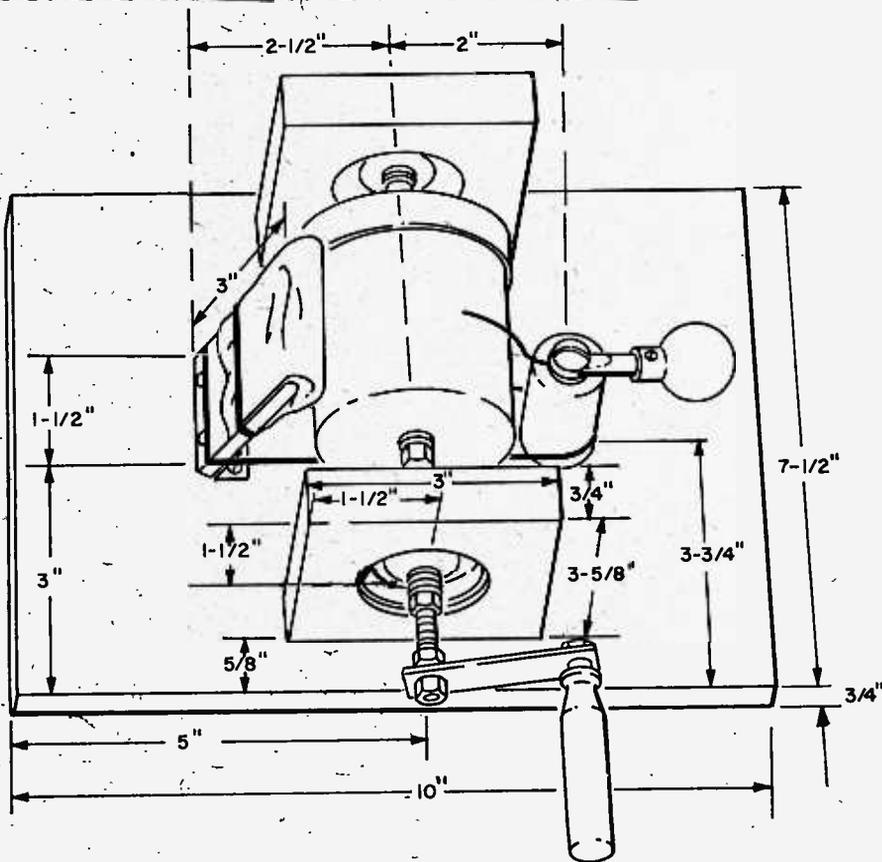
ball or cylinder. The generator is built on a 3/4-in. white pine base and uses a wool cloth *rubber* and a copper wire electrostatic collector that's formed round the jar.

How It Works. Turning the generator handle rapidly in a clockwise direction causes the wool cloth to rub against the plastic jar's surface. The friction of this rubbing releases electrons which electrostatically charge the jar's surface. As the jar is rotated, the pickup wire mounted on the ceramic standoff collects electrostatic charges from its surface and conducts them to the metal ball output electrode. A Leyden jar can be charged by contacting its terminals to the metal ball output electrode and ground. (For complete construction details for a Leyden jar and an electroscope see *Ben Franklin's Leyden Jars*, Dec./Jan. 1970 SCIENCE AND ELECTRONICS.)

Plastic Power. We used a plastic jar 2 3/4-in. high x 2 3/4 in. diameter with plastic screw top for the rotating element of our Roto-Stat. If another size plastic jar is used, scale the dimensions of your unit proportionately. Since different types of plastic vary in their ability to generate electrostatic electricity,



Our Roto-Stat electrostatic generator, though not as huge as original ones built in early 18th Century, is quite efficient. From details in photo and drawing you can build it.



MATERIALS LIST FOR ROTO-STAT

- 1—Ceramic (L5 glazed) standoff insulator, threaded at both ends, 2-in. high x 1-in. dia. (JAN type N55WO416, E.F. Johnson 135-503, or equiv.)
- 1—Hard rubber or plastic handle, 2-in. long x 1/2-in. dia. (we used handle from radio aligning tool)
- 1—1 1/2 x 1/2-in. metal hinge
- 1—Plastic jar, with screw-on or snap-on plastic lid, 2 3/4-in. high x 2 3/4-in. dia; (you may also want to use this size for Leyden jar and electroscopes—see text)
- 2—Metal knobs, approx. 7/8-in. dia. (available as automobile dash control or seat control knobs at auto parts stores)
- 1—2 1/4 x 1/2 x 1/8-in. metal strip for mounting handle
- 1—NE2 neon lamp
- 2—Roller skate wheels, ball bearing (available as replacement wheels at toy stores and toy counters in department stores)
- 1—Threaded metal rod, 8-in. long x 1/4-in. dia.
- Misc.—1 1/2 x 4-in. wool cloth strips, wood screws, nuts and washers for threaded rod, screws to fit ceramic insulator, cement, rubber bands, #18 to #22 bare copper wire, 3/4-in. thick pine for base, etc.

test the jar—you've selected by rubbing it with a wool cloth and noting whether the jar attracts small pieces of paper when the jar is moved over them. If it doesn't, try a jar made of different plastic material.

Any type of soft wood can be used for the base. Just make sure that the wood is clean and dry. The dimensions given in our drawing are approximate, to serve as a guide. Any size generator unit can be built, but for best results it's suggested you follow

the general layout of our unit.

Begin construction by cutting a 7 1/2 x 10-in. base of 3/4-in. thick pine or other soft wood, then cut two 3 5/8 x 3 x 3/4-in. wood blocks. Roller skate wheels, available as replacements at most hardware or bicycle shops, are used as driveshaft bearings. Cut a hole in each wood block to fit roller skate wheel used for this purpose. The hole in each block of our unit is made just large enough to force-fit the wheel into the hole in the

Roto-Stat

block. Duco cement or Elmer's Glue is used to hold the wheel securely in place. You may prefer to use long sheet metal screws through the sides of the mounting blocks to hold the wheel.

Cone Or Cylinder. Drill holes in the center of the bottom of the plastic jar, and also its lid, to fit the $\frac{3}{8}$ -in. threaded metal rod. Cut and drill a conical wood section to fit inside the plastic jar if the jar isn't straight-sided (if it is, then you'll need a wooden cylinder), extending from the jar bottom to the jar lid for internal support. A clearance hole for the metal rod, which serves as the axle for the jar, is drilled through the center of this wooden block.

Mount front supporting block on the base as shown in our drawing. We used two wood screws through the base to hold the block to the base. Insert threaded metal rod through jar and skate wheel bearing and hold them in position on the rod with a nut and washer top and bottom of the jar and on either side of the bearing mounted in the

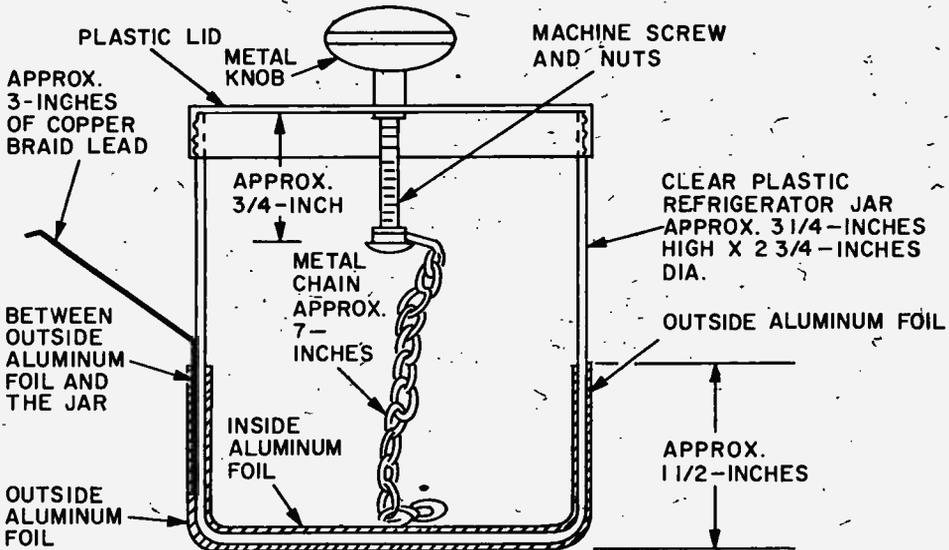
wood block. Don't tighten the nuts now, you'll probably re-position the jar.

Position the rear block-mounted bearing on threaded metal rod with a nut and washer on both sides of the bearing. Adjust spacing of nuts on the metal rod so that the jar is in the center of the base as shown in photos and drawing. Position the rear wood block so that metal rod and jar can turn freely without binding, and fasten this block in position to the base with wood screws. Make sure that about $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. of metal rod projects out from the front bearing for attaching the metal strip that holds the handle, then tighten nuts against the jar and bearings.

Plastic Handle. We made the plastic handle from an alignment tool and bolted it to a $2\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{8}$ -in. metal strip with washers to allow the handle to rotate freely. Fasten a $3 \times 1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$ -in. piece of plywood to a hinge, and mount the hinged plywood section to the wood base adjacent to one side of the jar. Mount a 2-in. high \times 1-in. diameter ceramic standoff to the base on the opposite side of the jar as shown in our drawing and photos.

Mount a small unpainted metal knob onto a piece of copper tubing, flatten the free end of the copper tubing, and mount it on

About Leyden Jars and Electroscopes



Even though we used materials found either in kitchen or bathroom this Leyden jar can store electrostatic charge generated by our Roto-Stat, so be sure it's discharged when stored.

the ceramic standoff. Also fasten a length of #22 or larger copper wire to the ceramic standoff and bend it so that it curves around the jar for a length of about 1½ in. but doesn't touch it. Position the wire approximately 1/16 in. away from the jar's surface and cut off the excess length of wire. Small rubber bumpers are fastened to each of the corners on the bottom of the base.

Fold a piece of clean, dry wool cloth over the top end of the hinged plywood piece, holding the cloth in place by means of a rubber band. Clean the surface of the jar carefully. Place several rubber bands around the base of the ceramic standoff and stretch them round the bottom of the hinged plywood section so that the wool cloth that is folded over its free end will be seated firmly against the side of the jar.

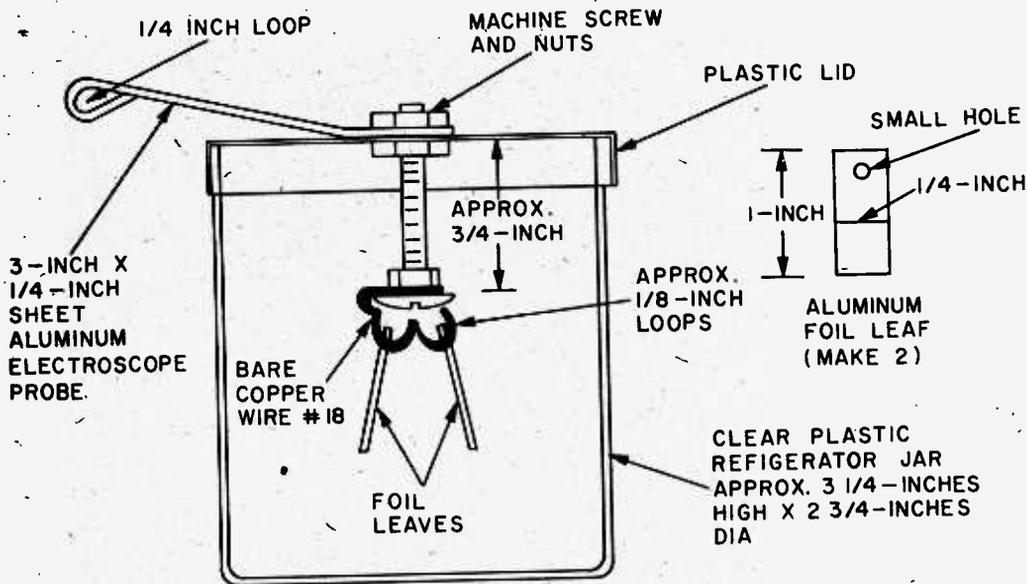
Rotate the jar by turning the handle, making sure that the jar turns freely, but with a slight resistance from the wool cloth rubber, and that the pickup wire does not touch the surface of the jar. Do not touch the surface of the jar or the wool cloth after the jar has been cleaned, because of the possibility of transferring moisture on your hands to either or both.

Experiment 1. Before performing any ex-

periment, make sure that both the cloth on the rubber and the jar's surface are clean and dry. If necessary, expose both cloth and jar to the rays of a heat lamp to dry up any moisture. These experiments may not work as well, or may not work at all in a humid area, since a dry environment is necessary for best results. We suggest you perform them in an air-conditioned room if at all possible for driest atmosphere.

Rotate generator handle rapidly in a clockwise direction, and hold the electroscope so that its electrode makes contact with generator's metal ball. Observe that the electroscope leaves deflect away from each other. This indicates that the electrostatic generator is operating and producing an electrostatic output voltage.

Experiment 2. Connect the outer foil of a Leyden jar to ground or a large metal object, and bring the Leyden jar top electrode in contact with the generator metal ball. Rotate generator handle rapidly in a clockwise direction for a few minutes, then move the Leyden jar away from the generator. Make sure you do not touch Leyden jar top electrode with your fingers. Carefully disconnect the Leyden jar outer foil lead from the ground. Then move the outer foil lead very



You'll want an electroscope to reassure you that your Roto-Stat is actually generating current before you start each experiment. It's easy to build and well worth the effort.

Roto-Stat

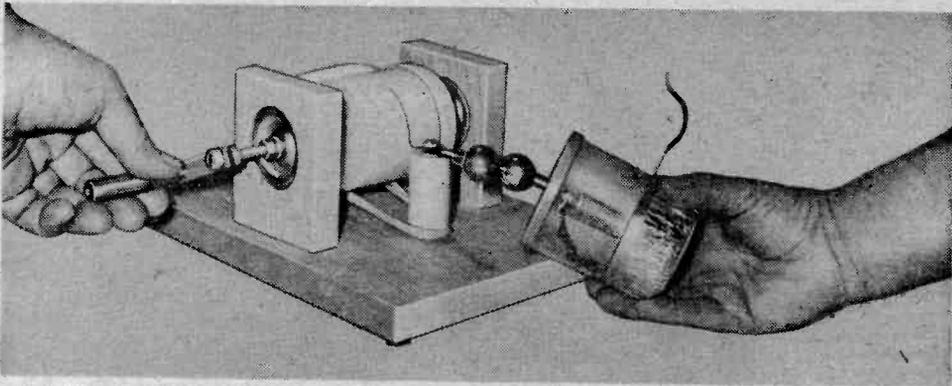
close to the top electrode. Note that a small spark will jump between the top electrode and the outer foil lead of the Leyden jar. This indicates that the Leyden jar was charged with the electrostatic output voltage from the generator.

Repeat the experiment, except connect a VTVM (preferably with a high voltage

clockwise direction, and momentarily bring one lead of an NE-2 neon lamp in contact with the generator metal ball while you hold the other lamp lead. The neon lamp should flash momentarily, indicating that the generator is operating.

Move one of the neon lamp leads around the surface of the rotating plastic jar. Note that the neon lamp flashes, indicating the electrostatically charged areas.

Remove the neon lamp lead from the jar, rotate generator handle rapidly for a minute, and then stop. Now move neon lamp lead



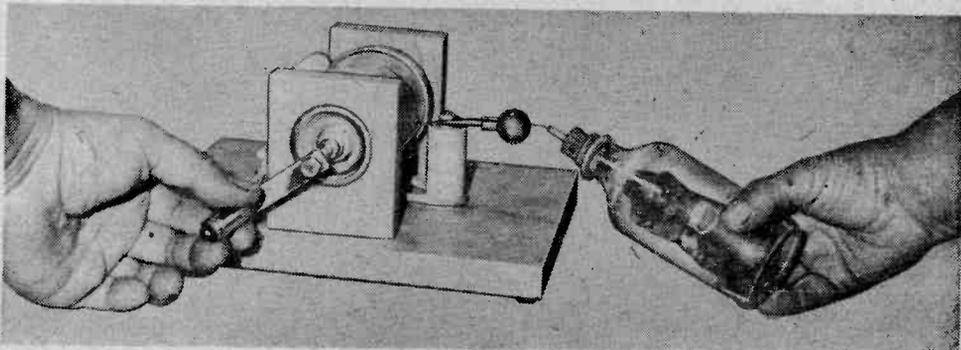
Here's how to hold your Leyden jar when you charge it from your Roto-Stat. Keep two metal balls in constant contact while turning handle to generate charge.

probe) between the Leyden jar outside foil and its top electrode, after Leyden jar has been charged. Fasten one lead to ground strap and touch top electrode with the other lead of the VTVM. Observe that the VTVM momentarily indicates a large negative voltage. This shows that the generator has a negative electrostatic output voltage.

Experiment 3. This experiment requires a dimly lit area in order to best see the neon lamp. Rotate generator handle rapidly in a

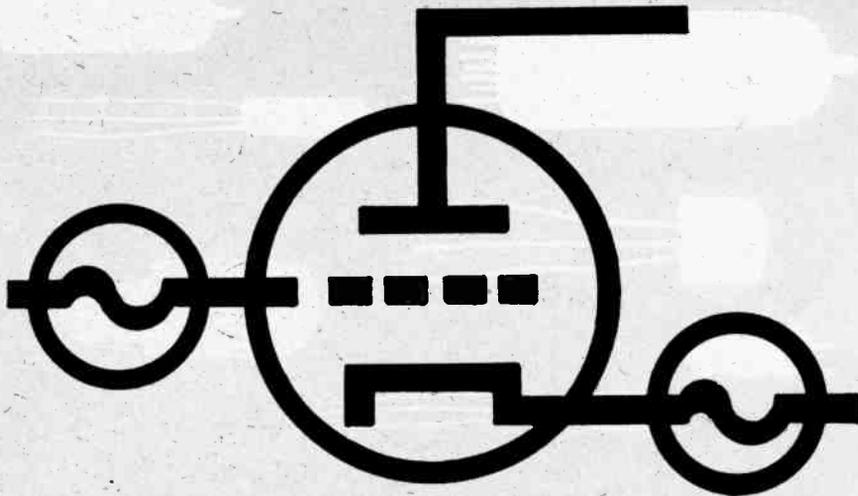
around on the surface, noting that the neon lamp still flashes, indicating that the electrostatically charged areas on the plastic jar will remain active for a period of time after the surface of the jar is excited by rubbing.

Try different types of cloths for the rubber in place of the wool cloth and compare their operation with that of a wool cloth. Note rotation speed affects size of charge. You can also try different configurations of the wire collector. ■



If there's a doubting Thomas amongst those you're showing your Roto-Stat, prove it's generating by placing Electrostat's collector against Roto-Stat's output ball.

the riddle of the **FOLLOWER FAMILY**



Or, who in his right mind would stick by a circuit that provides no voltage gain whatever?

by Norman Crawford

Everybody knows that in electronics, the name of the game is *gain*, or *amplification*. That's why all electronic equipment is filled with vacuum tubes and transistors, which give the amplification needed to make the various circuits work. Hooked up properly, each of these devices can turn microvolts into millivolts, or millivolts into volts. Result is that a tiny signal from a microphone or stereo cartridge can drive a loudspeaker with room-filling sound.

Yet, tucked away in the corner of a great many electronic circuits, we find transistors and tubes hooked up so as to give no voltage gain at all. In fact, they give a loss! A volt of signal applied to the input of such a circuit gives less than a volt out! What are these devices? What is their excuse for being? In short, why bother with something that costs money and takes up chassis space, yet gives no voltage gain in return?

C, E, Or S. The general name for these devices is *voltage follower*. This is because the signal voltage coming out of such a device *follows*

FOLLOWER FAMILY

(in other words, moves in step with) the input voltage.

If built with a vacuum tube, the device is called a *cathode follower*, because the cathode voltage follows any signal impressed on the grid. A very similar circuit using an ordinary junction transistor is called an *emitter follower*. In this circuit, the emitter voltage follows the signal on the base. And, in the new circuitry using field-effect transistors, we are seeing more and more *source followers*, where . . . you guessed it . . . the source voltage follows a signal impressed on the gate.

These three circuits, which are all basically very much alike, are diagrammed as shown in Fig. 1 below:

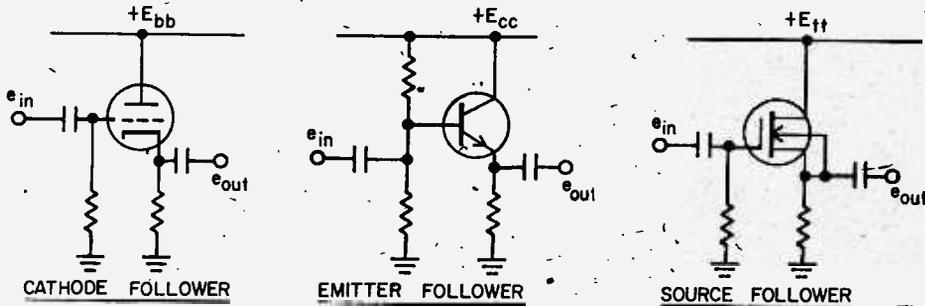


Fig. 1

In each of the above circuits, a 1-volt signal at the input gives less than 1 volt out. At first glance, then, it would seem that the designer would be wiser to replace the whole circuit with a piece of wire! What motivates people to go to all this trouble just to lose signal voltage?

Hidden Ts. One of the standard answers to this question is that the Follower Family, like a transformer, gives *impedance matching*. A transformer, as you probably know, can act as an impedance magnifier. For example; if you have an amplifier designed to drive an 800-ohm load, and you want to

drive an 8-ohm load instead (a speaker, say), you can use a transformer with a 10-to-1 turns ratio to magnify the 8-ohm load to look like 800 ohms. The amplifier, looking at the speaker through the transformer, sees the 800-ohm impedance it was designed to drive (see Fig. 2).

Can an emitter follower do this? Certainly, if you use a transistor with a beta (current gain) of exactly 99. The impedance magnification of an emitter follower is found by adding 1 to the current gain. This means that a transistor with a beta of 99 will provide a 100-to-1 impedance magnification—see Fig. 3. (Don't rush out and build this circuit; we're talking about concepts, not design. This explanation ignores a few essential items, such as the need for bias networks and for keeping DC out of the speaker.)

One practical problem is immediately visible. You can't buy a transistor with a

beta guaranteed to be 99. The best guarantee you can usually get is that beta is ". . . more than 25 . . ." (how much more?); or ". . . between 60 and 350 . . ." In other words, you can't impedance match *accurately* with an emitter follower. Could there be some other reasons for its widespread use?

The Es' And Is. You guessed it—there are. And you can see one of these reasons when you examine the current relationships in the above circuit. When we say that a transistor has a current gain of 99, we mean that for 1 mA flowing into its base, it will draw 99 mA into its collector (see Fig. 4).

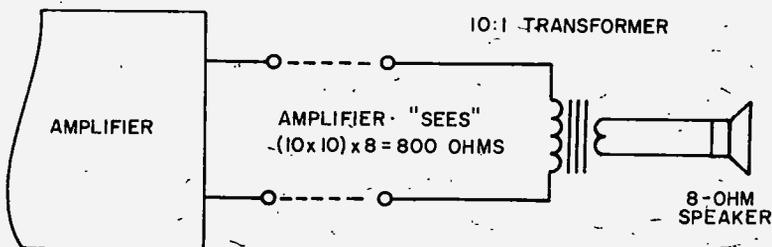


Fig. 2

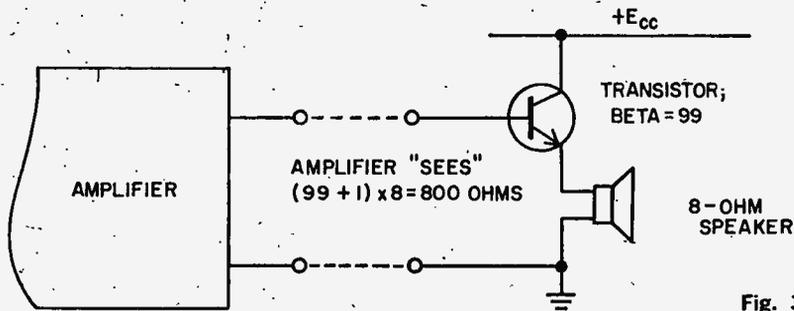


Fig. 3

From our sketch, it's apparent that the load resistor has 100 times more current flowing in it than flows into the base. An emitter follower doesn't give voltage gain, but it's pretty clever when it comes to *current* gain! Any transistor worthy of the name can rack up a sizable current gain when connected as an emitter follower.

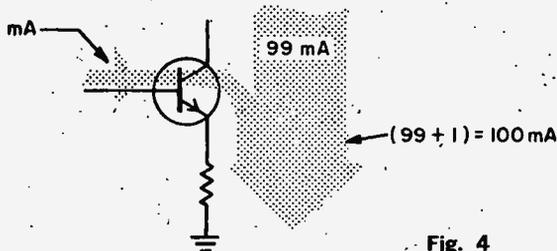


Fig. 4

Another reason for using emitter followers is revealed if we examine the power relationships of both transformers and emitter followers. Power, after all, is the product of *voltage* and *current*. In a transformer which steps voltage *down* 10 to 1, the current is stepped *up* 10 to 1. The voltages and currents of a transformer are on a see-saw; as one is stepped up, the other goes down in proportion. Therefore, the transformer's output power is the same as its input power (assuming no power is lost inside the transformer)—see Fig. 5.

Power Gain! In an emitter follower, how-

ever, the output current is made larger than the input current—stepped up, in transformer language—*without* a corresponding step down in voltage. (Remember, the output voltage follows the input voltage, and is nearly identical to it). Therefore, the power output of an emitter follower is considerably greater than its power input. In brief, it has *power gain*, something no transformer can boast of. (See Fig. 6).

To judge a member of the Follower Family solely on its voltage-gain capabilities is like judging a submarine on its ability to fly. Voltage gain is the one ability a follower does *not* have; where it really shines is in its ability to provide *current gain* and *power gain*.

The Follower Family—cathode-followers, emitter-followers, and source-followers—represent a basic way of hooking up a gain-

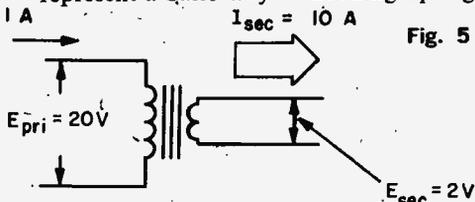


Fig. 5

$$P_{pri} = E \times I = 20 \times 1 = 20W$$

$$P_{sec} = E \times I = 2 \times 10 = 20W$$

giving device to give current gain without voltage gain. There is another family, called grounded-grid, grounded-base, and grounded-gate, which gives voltage gain without current gain. However, that's a story for another day. ■

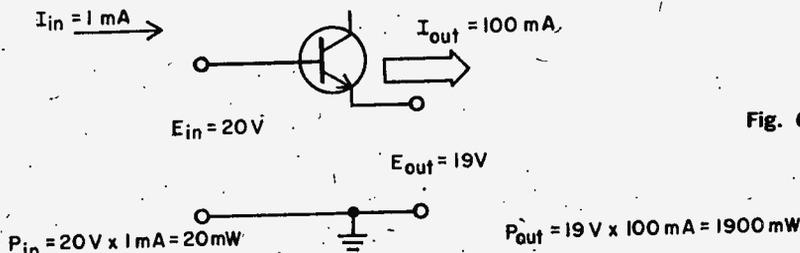


Fig. 6

H. C. Oersted—the man who linked electricity and magnetism

GREAT MEN OF SCIENCE

by Webb Garrison



THE 1819-20 academic year got off to a very bad start. All over Europe, educators shuddered when they heard that German universities had been placed under State supervision and that freedom of the press had been abolished.

Fortunately, things were better in Denmark. A man was still free to teach and publish without interference.

Standing before a handful of advanced students who were being introduced to the mysteries of electricity, Prof. Hans Christian Oersted brushed his long hair out of his eyes. He peered over his big nose and promised: "Now, young gentlemen, you shall see something remarkable!"

To the best of his knowledge, no member of the class suspected that electricity can cause a wire to glow. Oersted had attached a fine length of platinum to the terminals of a battery; within seconds, it should begin to heat.

As the wire became pink and then white-hot, students made appropriate noises to express their amazement. Their professor reached to move a small compass away from his apparatus and in the process drew the instrument under the glowing wire.

He stared, stuttered, and forgot the rest of his lecture. Hastily dismissing the class, he repeated the movements made earlier—and saw that the needle of the compass really did

waver toward the Mediterranean Sea when drawn underneath the electrically-heated wire.

Here was something new under the sun—a clear demonstration of a long-suspected but never discovered relationship between electricity and magnetism. A more powerful battery should cause greater deflection; tested, it showed just that effect. Eight different conductors of electricity were tried; in each case a flow of current through a wire caused a magnetized needle to change its position.

Though he didn't yet know what to call it, the Danish scientist had stumbled upon the phenomenon of electromagnetism. By July 21, 1820, he had completed a sonorous Latin tract describing his findings. Ambiguous language of the report makes it impossible to be absolutely sure of circumstances surrounding his discovery. Weight of evidence, however, favors chance—chance fed by 13 years of ceaseless inquiry into the riddles of electricity.

Oersted's little pamphlet *Experimenta Circa Effectum Conflictus Electrici in Acum Magneticam*, was drab and unprepossessing in appearance. But when circulated among the scientists of Europe it created a sensation. He was made a knight of the order of Dannebrog, received the Copley medal from

(Continued on page 102)

Cal-Trace



by Homer L. Davidson

**Disciplining
the signal injector
makes it
an inexpensive
signal generator**

No, it's not a miniature, radio-controlled rocket launcher, though at first glance a non-technical person may misconstrue it to be one.

Heart of our *Cal-Trace* is the EICO model PS1 Signal Injector probe. It's a pocket-sized, self-powered generator that's extremely handy for locating the faulted portion of an electronic circuit, be it a transistor radio, a hi-fi system, a tape recorder, a TV set, a CB rig, etc. The signal the PS1 generates is so rich in harmonics that it covers RF, IF, and audio ranges.

There's only one problem: as you move from stage-to-stage, starting from the speakers and working back towards the input, the build-up in signal level in your progression from stage-to-stage may be such that before arriving at the antenna or the input, a point is reached where this relatively large signal blocks the device. This creates a false impression as to where the trouble really lies.

An easy way to solve this problem is to use an attenuator to control the output level of the signal injector. We've gone one step further by providing a calibrated scale on the attenuator. This is a big help in determining first if a particular stage actually has gain and then in giving a relative value to the

Cal-Trace

measure of the amount of gain in the stage. The combination of PS1 with an attenuator is an easy way to make an inexpensive signal generator.

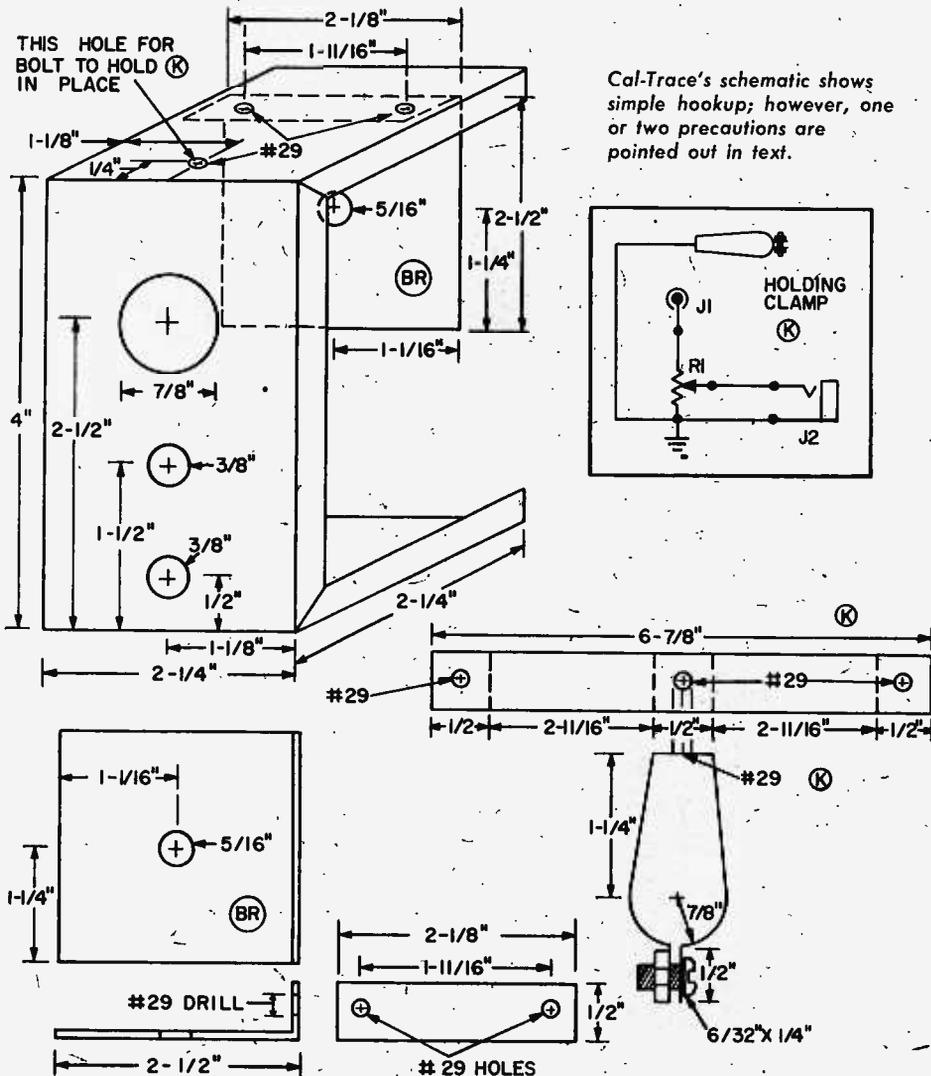
How To Make It. *Cal-Trace* is such a simple device that you should be able to build

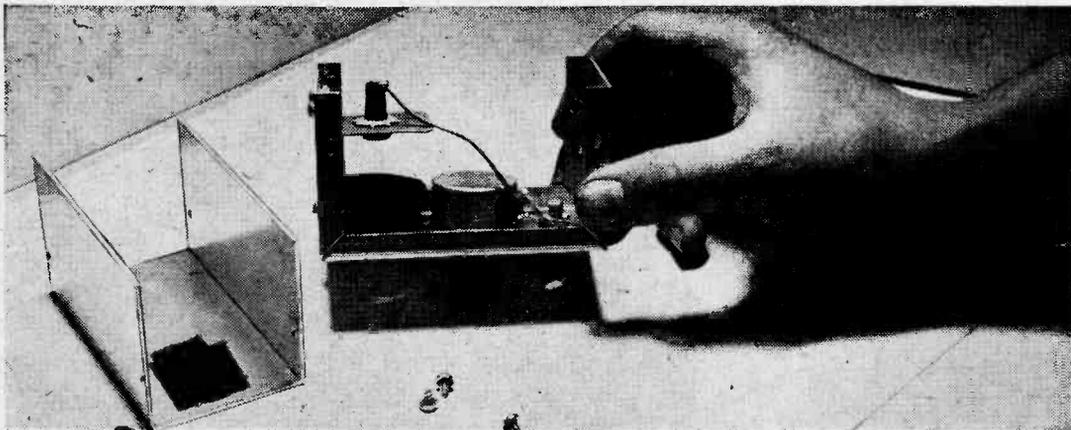
PARTS LIST FOR CAL-TRACE

- J1—Tip jack (Lafayette 32E65113 or equiv.)
- J2—Open circuit phone jack (Lafayette 99E62135 or equiv.)
- P1—2-conductor phone plug to fit J2 (Lafayette 99E62218 or equiv.)
- P2—Phono needle test prod (Lafayette 32E65089 or equiv.)
- R1—1000-ohm, linear taper potentiometer (La-

- fayette 33E11149 or equiv.)
- 1—Dial plate (Lafayette 30E40953 or equiv.)
- 1—2¼ x 2¼ x 4-in. minibox (Lafayette 12E83704, 12E83878 or equiv.)

Misc.—Scrap aluminum strip ½ x 6¾ in; for clamp K (could be brass or phosphor bronze), hookup wire, solder, screws, nuts, etc.





This innards view easily locates all parts needed to make Cal-Trace. You can see how tip jack is centered over spring clamp that holds signal injector.

it in little more than an hour. It's housed in a 2¼ x 2¼ x 4-in. minibox. Mark centers of holes on the front panel and top of box, then, being careful not to mar the finish of the minibox, drill and de-burr all the holes. Mount the potentiometer and its knob and calibration scale as well as the phone jack J2 on the front panel.

Make a bracket (Br) to fit inside the box on which tip jack J1 is centered. The tip jack makes contact with the output probe of the signal injector and also helps to hold it in position, centered in the hole in the front panel. Make spring clip (K) from an aluminum strip; a scrap of about the same thickness as the minibox will do nicely. Form it as shown in our drawing so that it grips the signal injector body snugly yet permits its free insertion and extraction when required. Mount the clip on front panel as shown in the assembly drawing.

Output test lead is made from two lengths of hookup wire approximately 3 ft. long. A phone plug to fit the J2 jack is connected to one end of these leads. On the opposite end of the lead connected to the sleeve of the plug, fasten an alligator clip. Fasten a standard test lead prod to the free end of the other lead, connected to the tip of the phone plug.

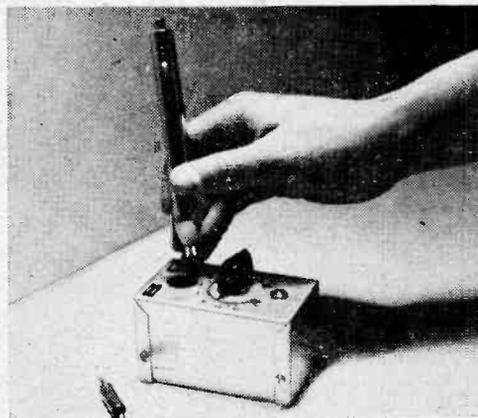
Wire the unit as shown in the schematic, taking care to connect the arm of the potentiometer (center lead) to J2 and the high side of the potentiometer (lead to the left when looking at the rear) is connected to J1. When mounting the spring clip to the panel be sure to remove any paint that may prevent metal-to-metal contact. This point is the ground return for the signal injector.

Now that you have completed this easy wiring and assembly you're ready to use *Cal-Trace*.

How To Use It. We'll just give the basics. Certainly you'll be able to go on from these and devise many ways to use this very handy service instrument.

Place the PC1 signal injector in its holder through the panel of *Cal-Trace*, being sure that its probe is firmly seated in J1, and plug in the test leads. Connect the alligator clip to the ground (in most instances the chassis) of the device you want to test and turn the probe on by locking its battery switch in the *on* position. Set the calibration control on its highest point for maximum signal.

Starting at the speaker, touch the probe of the test leads first to the speaker and then to the input of each stage from the speaker



It's easier than threading a needle—just put the signal tracer in place and you're ready to check gains, trace circuits, etc.

Cal-Trace

until you reach the antenna or input. It might be wise to try the unit out first on a set that is working so you get the hang of it and get some idea as to how much, approximately, to reduce the control as you proceed back to the input. Now try a defective receiver. When you reach a faulted stage you will no longer hear the signal. Remember, you need maximum signal at the speaker for the gain of that stage. Bear one thing in mind: the lower the signal from the injector, the easier it's going to be to determine whether or not a particular stage is functioning properly.

You can measure the relative gain of a stage by comparing the setting of the control under test with the setting to give constant output for the preceding stage. If you require more attenuation to maintain constancy

of output it is obvious that the stage under test is functioning and that it is increasing the signal level in proportion to the amount of attenuation you have inserted to maintain constancy of output. This will be true for all amplifier stages.

If you cannot tune in a station on a receiver but can get the injector signal through from the antenna, then, most probably, the oscillator of the receiver is not working.

Defective transistors can be checked by injecting the signal first to the base and then to the collector. If no signal is heard from the base but is heard from the collector, the transistor is defective.

The same procedure can be followed in checking coupling capacitors, especially the tiny electrolytic types in transistor circuits. If the signal is weak or non-existent on the input side but normal on the output side of the coupling capacitor it should be replaced. These are just a few tips on how to use *Cal-Trace*. As you gain experience with it you will devise your own methods to use it to best advantage. ■

A TREAT FOR TIRED TICKERS



A mechanical "heart helper" that can be completely implanted within a patient's chest to ease the load on his natural heart has been successfully tested in animals. Batteries for the device were specially adapted for the purpose by the General Electric Research and Development Center and the company's Battery Business Section.

In the system under development, electric power for the pump would normally be supplied from external sources. The batteries would automatically take over whenever the patient needed to be disconnected temporarily from the external source—when moving from one room to another, for example.

Unlike earlier systems, the battery-equipped device has no tubes or wires penetrating the patient's skin. Electricity from the external source is supplied through a flat metal plate placed over the patient's chest and located opposite a similar plate implanted beneath the skin—in effect, a transformer. ■

AN XYL'S HANDBOOK, OR



How I Learned To Live With a DXer and Love It!

by Arlene Jensen

WOMEN'S magazines regularly shed sympathetic tears for the poor "golf widow," who must mow the lawn while hubby is out digging divots on the Country Club back nine. Psychiatrists study the "Saturday Syndrome," the mental plight of wives banished to the kitchen while their men, sofa-sprawled, watch the Game of the Week on TV.

But what about the forgotten legion of lonely women married to America's short-wave addicts? Not a word has been written about the care and feeding of a DXer. Nobody ever tells you how to amuse yourself while sitting in the dark because your hus-

band thinks the fluorescent light causes QRM. How does one keep her sanity when the OM has obviously lost his to the magic box he calls his receiver?

Take the word of one XYL, it's tough! But it can be done. Here are a few tips on how to live with a radio nut.

First and foremost in this crash course is learning the jargon. Calling his receiver a radio is something akin to asking an admiral about his boat. Do make an attempt to learn the meaning of words like veries and propagational disturbances. If you can keep a civil tongue in your head when he talks about a triple-conversion, solid-state superhet, score an A on this one.

Refrain from comments like, "How can you hear anything with all that noise?" Or, "Why don't we go anywhere anymore?"

When he makes wistful sounds about a new \$500.00 receiver, smile. You've got to admire a guy who can be so picky about the money you spend on clothes, then become a financial genius when he



XYL'S HANDBOOK

wants to find room in the budget for a Ham-mascratcher SPX-3000A.

Get acquainted with other DX widows. They're the only people who can *really* understand your problem. The slogan of one such group I know is, "We also serve who only sit and complain." Honest!

Here are a few more handy tips:

- When the neighbors demand to know the reason for the strange-looking wires on the roof, tell them it's a clever device to trip bats.

- Never—but never—accompany him to a DXers convention. I mean, can you imagine a roomful of them sitting around talking about transpolar auroral flutter?

- Learn to ignore the suspicious glances you get from the postman when he delivers a QSL from Peking. After seeing all the



strange mail you get, he's sure you belong to a subversive group.

- Never touch his gear, even if the dust is an inch thick. One XYL suggested slip-covering the monster, and she hasn't been heard from since.

An SWL's nocturnal habits deserve a word, too. Never sneak up behind when he has his headphones on. If you want his attention, just stomp on the floor until his receiver vibrates. This is most effective after midnight.

Buy an electric blanket. This is an absolute must on cold nights when you wake up to find he's deserted his half of the bed in favor of a pre-dawn newscast from Ulan Bator or a rare Panamanian sign-on.

Try to get the baby's night feeding to coincide with your DXer's night patrol of the



shortwave bands. After all, he needs only his ears to listen and he might as well be doing something constructive—like warming a bottle—with his hands.

And practice looking impressed. This will come in handy when he wakes you up at 4 a.m. to tell you he's just logged Radio Bougainville.

A little T.L.C. (that's Tender Loving Care, as if you didn't know) goes a long way. If you really want to turn him on, lift his right earphone and tenderly whisper, "Dinner will be served at 2330 GMT, dear."

DXers are lovable weirdos, so let's be fair. Anyone who can name the capitals of 142 different countries, understand a smattering of Swahili and

Serbian, identify the national anthem of Lesotho, and fix the TV set when it gets a bad case of flip-flops, can't be all bad.

So, grin and bear it. And when he signs your anniversary card, "73" . . . you expected maybe 88, squared? ■



THE EMPEROR'S COMPUTER



IBM's system/
360 Model 44,
linked to a giant Van de
Graaff accelerator, enables
scientists at Yale University to
monitor experiments in real time!

At Yale University, in an earth-shielded concrete building that resembles a Mayan pyramid, physicists bombard a variety of materials with high-speed ions. Their goal: to understand more fully the structure and behavior of the atomic nucleus.

Part of Yale's A. W. Wright Nuclear Structure Laboratory, which is directed by Dr. D. Allan Bromley, the building houses a giant tandem Van de Graaf accelerator. Called, the Emperor, this Van de Graaf produces the most energetic particles yet obtained with an electrostatic accelerator.

The main part of the accelerator is an 81-ft.-long tank with a bulge in the middle that makes the tank look much like a submarine. Within the bulge is a cylinder-shaped positive electrode that can be given a maximum potential of 12 million volts. Outside one end of the tank is an ion source, which projects a beam of negative ions into the tank and along its axis, where the ions are accelerated toward the positively charged cylinder.

As the ions move through the cylinder, they pass through a gas-filled stripping canal, where electrons are removed by collision with gas molecules. Removal of the electrons gives the ions a positive charge, so that upon leaving the cylinder they are repelled from the positive electrode and accelerated again, on toward the other end

EMPEROR'S COMPUTER

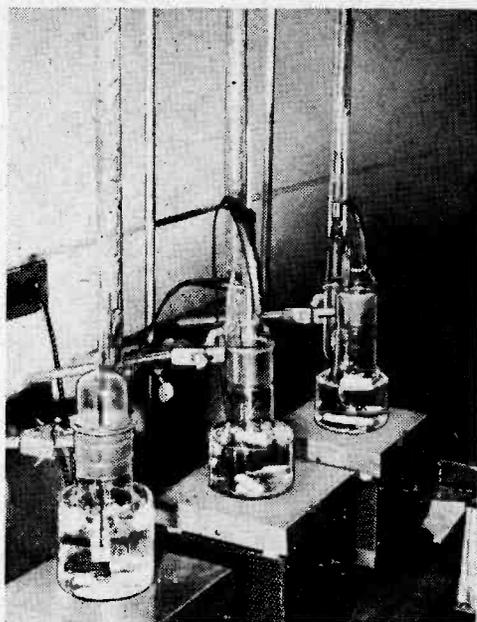
of the tank—hence the designation “tandem Van de Graaff.”

Focused by Magnets. When the ions leave the far end of the tank, the energy of each ion is proportional to twice the voltage of the central electrode in the case of protons, and higher in the case of ions from which several electrons have been removed. Focused by magnetic lenses, the ion beam can be directed to targets in any of three experiment rooms in the Nuclear Structure Laboratory.

A target is composed of whatever substance a physicist wants to study. The ion beam scatters upon striking the target—or, more precisely, upon striking the nuclei of atoms within the target. By measuring the directions taken by the scattered ions, and their momentums, the physicist can tell much about the structure and behavior of the target nuclei.

Accurate results from an experiment depend on the precision of the energy of the ion beam, its geometric localization, and accurate knowledge of the target's composition.

The scattered particles strike detectors in the target area, which feed a Niagara of



Radiation detectors are made by drifting lithium ions through silicon and germanium crystals in drifting ovens. Detectors measure charged particles and gamma radiation.

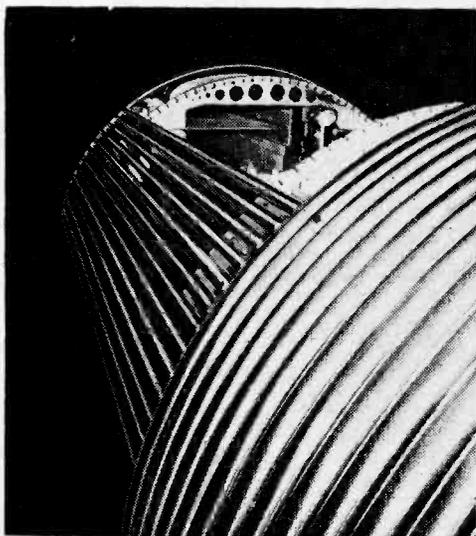
signals into banks of electronic equipment in the accelerator control room. The signals indicate both the number of hits and the nature of the reactions.

Control by Computer. To enable physicists to make real-time decisions during experiments, the staff of the Nuclear Structure Laboratory and the Research Division of IBM are collaborating in the development of an advanced, computer-based data acquisition and control system. Headed by Dr. Martin W. Sachs of Yale and Dr. Joel Birnbaum of IBM, the project is designed to make the computer accessible to the experimenter in a flexible and natural way, so that it can serve as an extension of his analytic abilities and scientific judgment.

The project is keyed to the philosophy that the physicist need not be a computer expert. With an hour's training, he should be able, in the words of one project worker, to “plug his experiment into the system.”

From the mass of signals entered into it, the computer analyzes only those that the experimenter has defined, through his program, as being of interest. As a filter, the computer readily fits into the lightning-fast world of the accelerator.

The system's real-time operation is a distinct advantage over other methods of weigh-



Rings and bars protect central terminal of Van de Graaff from electrostatic breakdown.

ing an experiment, in which several days might be required to find out whether the experiment had proceeded correctly. The high-speed cathode-ray-tube display enables the physicist to view plots of his experiment while it is in progress. If he finds it going astray, he can change its course accordingly.

A multiprogramming system developed for the project provides for program preparation and data analysis as well as on-line data acquisition. As one feature of the system, a physicist can connect any FORTRAN or Assembler-language program to any of the buttons on the function keyboard by a control card. When a button is pressed, the system responds by locating and executing the associated program.

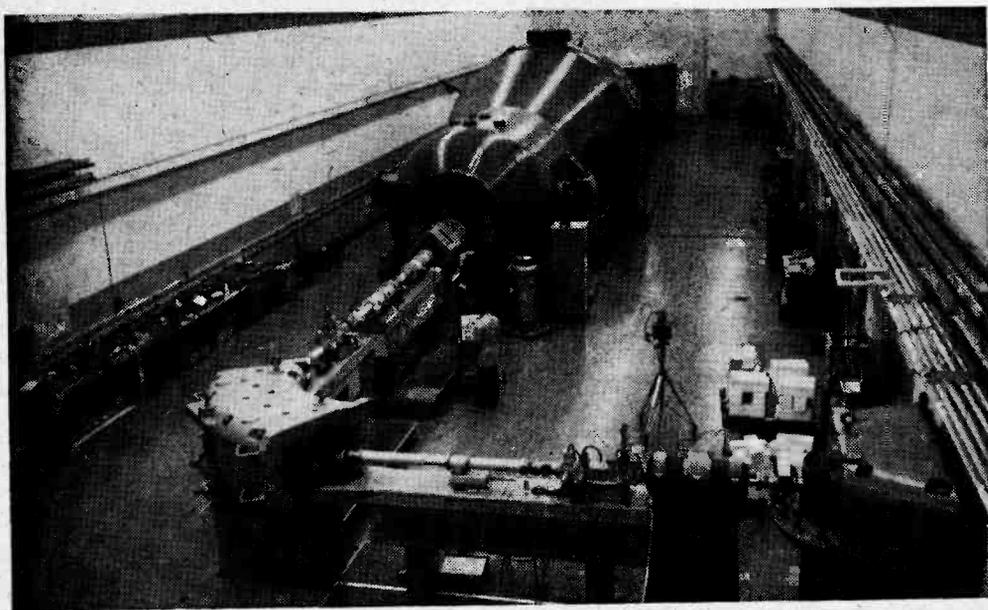
Moreover, the acquisition, display, and control of experimental data are readily changeable through the function keyboard or the graphic terminal and typewriter. All data-acquisition statements are programmed as two-part instructions. An action statement performs a particular function, such as pulse-height analysis, and a specification statement determines the operation's parameters, such as the number of channels in the pulse-height analysis.

Checking the Experiment. "Computer data reduction," explains Dr. Sachs, "enables a physicist to determine whether an unusual

reading is a true result of the experiment or a flaw in the equipment. Without the computer, it might take weeks to find out." The ability to alter the course of an experiment while it is under way may save repeating the experiment—an expensive proposition when working with an accelerator.

Possibly the most striking achievement of the system, however, is that it can, under certain circumstances, enable the physicist to use his measurements to make an immediate test of physical theory, again while the experiment is in progress. In most cases, a test of theory can be made only after several stages of data reduction and analysis—hence the importance to the physicist of real-time processing.

The Control Interface. The heart of the system is a control interface that links the computer directly to the digital output instruments that carry information from the experiment. On one side of the control unit are scaler-timers, which keep track of experimental-data monitor registers, and analog-to-digital converters. This equipment was developed as part of the Yale project by IBM's Systems Development Division in Kingston, New York. On the other side of the control unit is a diode pinboard, half the size of a chess board, that determines which instruments will read data into the



Emperor accelerator is housed in 200 x 40 ft. vault in Yale's Nuclear Structure Laboratory. Ion source is at far end of accelerator tank; magnets (foreground) focus and direct ion beam.

EMPEROR'S COMPUTER

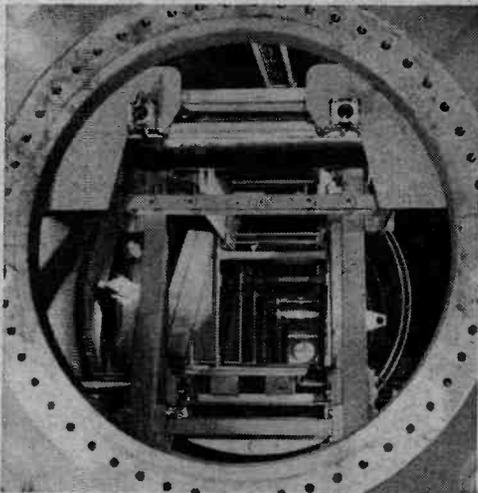
computer and permits the instruments to be multiplexed among the experiments—all completely under electronic control.

When a physicist sets up his experiment, he prepares a pinboard by inserting tiny diodes into holes in the board. The diodes, in effect, order the information that will flow into the computer.

The Yale group is now engaged in a

broad study of nuclear behavior. As Dr. Birnbaum puts it, "Nuclear physicists are searching for a unified mathematical model for all nuclear behavior—a mathematical statement of the conditions under which any nuclear reaction takes place."

In this search, the introduction of on-line computer facilities is providing more data than ever before—but far more important is an increase in the *quality* of data. The Emperor's computer provides a basis for solving physical problems that cannot be handled in other ways, and it is helping to make the physicist's choice of experimental alternatives both simpler and more meaningful. ■



View of accelerating structure inside pressure vessel during installation. Large cylinder at top is 100-hp motor driving belt which transports charge to high-voltage terminal. Glass and stainless-steel beams supporting high-voltage structure are clearly visible in foreground.

Overall view of Laboratory, looking north toward East Rock. Heavy Ion and Electron Linear Accelerator Laboratories appear at left; three entry doorways lead to storage space, offices and laboratories, and accelerator vault, respectively. Truncated pyramids on roof contain cooling towers for closed loop water supply in Lab.



ADD A FLASHING LIGHT TO YOUR TELEPHONE BELL

by Robert S. Kelland

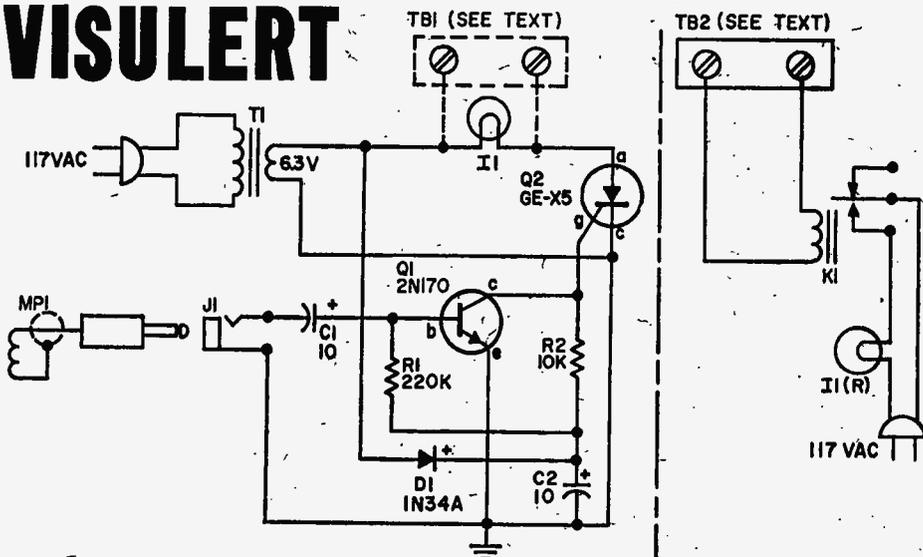


ARE there times when you'd like to turn down the telephone bell so that baby or grandma can nap, and yet you need to know when that important call comes in? Because high platform noise overrides the normal telephone bell, and you're skeptical of the effectiveness of so-called loud ringers, do you have need for another means of alerting the shipping clerk to take a telephone call? Or, perhaps you know a deaf person who can't hear the phone bell at all.

Our Visulert, a small, self-contained, easily constructed telephone accessory, solves all these problems. And the beauty of it is that you don't have to connect it directly to the telephone lines, a no-no rule of most telephone companies.

An inductive pickup coil ordinarily used for recording phone messages, placed on or under a telephone, picks up just the ringing pulses by magnetic induction and feeds them to an am-

VISULERT



PARTS LIST FOR VISULERT

C1, C2—10- μ F, 35-VDC miniature electrolytic capacitor (Radio Shack 272-1025 or equiv.)

D1—75-PIV, 50-mA silicon diode, type 1N34A

I1—Panel-mounting pilot lamp assembly with clear plastic dome lens (Lafayette 99E63406 for miniature bayonet base lamp 32E66194 or equiv.) (note: our model was adorned with the addition of a large plastic lens salvaged from a toy fire engine)

J1—Miniature phone jack (Lafayette 99E63147 or equiv.—includes matching plug)

MPI—Inductive pickup coil assembly (Radio Shack 44-533 or equiv.)

Q1—GE 2N170 npn germanium transistor

Q2—GE X5 silicon-controlled rectifier

R1—220,000-ohm, 1/2-watt resistor

R2—10,000-ohm, 1/2-watt resistor

T1—Filament transformer; primary 117 V, 50-60 Hz; secondary 6.3 V at 1.2 A (Radio Shack 273-050 or equiv.)

1—4 x 2 1/4 x 2 1/4-in. aluminum minibox (Lafayette 12E83704 or equiv.)

1—AC power cord (Lafayette 12E39011 or equiv.)

1—2 point + ground lug tie strip (Lafayette 32E12073 or equiv.)

1—5 point + ground lug tie strip (Lafayette 32E12131 or equiv.)

Misc.—Hookup wire, solder, hardware, spray paint or pressure-sensitive vinyl sheet (Contac or equiv.), grommets, etc.

If remote lamp is used add following:

I1(R)—50 to 250W, 117V lamp bulb in porcelain Edison base lamp socket, 3/4-in. diameter base (Lafayette 13E1359 or equiv.—mount on outer surface of junction box or cover panel of suitable box used)

K1—Spdt miniature ruggedized remote control relay (Lafayette 99E60915 or equiv.—mount on inner surface of box cover panel)

1—Pane for box (Lafayette 19E37010 or equiv.)

1—6 1/4 x 5 1/4 x 2 1/4-in. Bakelite Box (Lafayette 19E20016 or equiv.)

2—2-contact screw terminal strip (Lafayette 32E644488 or equiv.) (TB1, TB2)

plifier in the Visulert. This amplifier triggers an SCR that switches a lamp on and off in step with the pulsing of the ringing signal.

How It Works. Provided magnetic pickup MP1 is properly located within the ringer's magnetic field an electrical voltage is induced in the coil of MP1 whenever the ringer of a telephone is energized. This voltage is fed via jack J1 to the base of transistor Q1. The resulting amplified signal output on the collector of Q1 is coupled to the gate of silicon controlled rectifier Q2, and triggers it on whenever the signal appears on its gate. Lamp I1 is turned on

each time Q2 is triggered on and remains on until Q2 is triggered off by a drop in the induced signal level. Since the ringer voltage is pulsating, the Visulert will flash its lamp on and off, following the ringer pulses.

Building Visulert. Our model is housed in a standard 4 x 2 1/4 x 2 1/4-in. aluminum minibox. Though the layout isn't critical, you will speed up your construction time by following our layout as shown in our photos.

All of the components are mounted either directly on the minibox or to tie strips, which
(Continued on page 100)



by Art Fettig

CHARLIE Spaulding's mind was bugged. His dreams suffered from excessive roll over. He looked at the world and saw snow, venetian blinds, ghosts; and the world rolled and rolled over again. Mouth-watering steaks had begun to look like TV tubes to Charlie. Twice in the past two days he had caught himself trying to use the cigar lighter as a knob to adjust the picture on the windshield of his automobile. Friendly, lovable Charlie Spaulding had repaired so many TV sets in the past two weeks that it was changing his entire personality. Charlie's hang-ups were hung-up.

He'd been carefree and happy all summer when the usual lull overtook the TV repair business. He'd made a point of resting up sufficiently so that he'd be ready for the boom when it struck in the fall. Few customers bothered with their TV problems during the warm summer months. They were content to swim and boat and sweat it out at the friendly drive-ins and most of them couldn't care less if their screens looked like Modern Art.

Then it exploded like it always did when the new shows had their premieres. Charlie's list of calls for repair work looked like a Chinese laundry slip. To compound the problem, Frank Fenner, Charlie's number-one repairman, picked that time to go on a three-week honeymoon. Big-hearted Charlie told them to have a good time and resigned himself to his fate. He rolled up his

sleeves and started in.

Charlie knew his trade. He could smell out a faulty tube from five feet away. He was honest, too. Charlie believed that he could make the most money by doing fast repair work and charging honestly for it. None of this have-to-take-it-to-the-shop talk for Charlie. He made most repairs in the customers' homes. Charlie gave his customers their money's worth and that is why so many people called Charlie with their problems. "Why did they all have to pick the same week to call?" Charlie asked himself, but remembering the saying about people who answered themselves he gave no reply.

Charlie had survived two seven-day weeks. He'd put in mostly 14-hour days and maybe that was why it happened. Anyway, Charlie's mind just hopped off the track. He was just starting work on one of those big Admavox wall combinations. You know, the three thousand dollar job with the color TV, stereo recorder, multi-band radio, and you name it?

Charlie was standing there in the Harris' den with the set pulled away from the wall when suddenly he felt an overpowering impulse to give in to that maddening impulse to become an electronic experimenter. Why did he always have to put in the right tube? Why did he have to submit to those printed circuit boards. Why, just once couldn't he reach into his parts bag and go just *wheel!*?

how Charlie flipped

Conformity was just great for a while but after two weeks of 14-hour days Charlie needed a small rebellion and this was it.

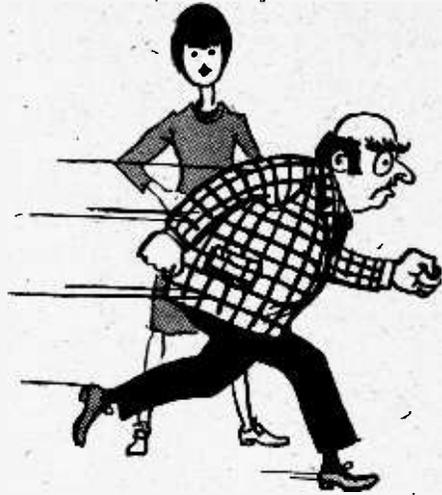
And what a beautiful outfit to set out with. Charlie got the most fiendish look in his eye and he set to work with a passion. His sensitive hands flew wildly at the electronic components. It was not simply a wild spree. It was as if all of the creative energy that had existed in Charlie before had suddenly sprung forth. After a full two hours of intense work Charlie pushed the set back against the wall, wrote out his usually modest bill, and laid it on the set. Wearing the widest smile he had worn in months, he left without waiting for Mrs. Harris to make her usual inspection.

When wild-eyed Sam Harris returned from a maddening day at the TV studio, he was exhausted. All life had become a catastrophe. Actor problems. Union problems. Electrical worker problems. The writers wouldn't write. Even the cigarette machine wouldn't work. It was one of those days that would make a grown man cry, but Sam Harris didn't cry. He held it all inside him and brought it home with him. Every night he brought it home to his den. Specifically, to his Admavox wall combination.

Silently Sam rushed passed his wife as he headed for the den. "Your TV is fixed, dear," she called as he passed. Sam offered a grunt for a reply.

Sam locked the door and began his nightly unwinding ritual. It was crazy, certainly, but Sam was a TV producer and they deserve a little understanding. He poured himself five fingers of Scotch and then with a childish grin on his face he snapped on the television and turned up the volume. Next he switched on the stereo player and cranked up the volume on it. In a final glorious gesture he snapped on the radio and turned up the volume full blast.

Now he went to his luxurious leather couch and lay prone, sipping the Scotch and unrelaxing. He listened for the usual roar of the three instruments, but instead of the deafening roar an eerie sound of floating waves came forth, softly at first, and then gradually building. Now the screen came alive with a fiery psychedelic glow and Sam Harris sat upright and stared right into the center of the bright eerie ball of light.



The troubled, worried look that had been on Sam's face began to leave, and after but a moment he wore a look of angelic serenity. He smiled now. A broad, excited smile. The kind he wore years before, when producing was not such a burden. He sprang lightly from the couch and danced, yes, glided across the room and snapped the set off.

Sam Harris grabbed the telephone and rapidly dialed Charlie Spaulding. Charlie had just walked through the door and exhaustion was about to claim him. "Yes, Mr. Harris?" he answered patiently.

"Charlie," Harris roared, "get over here right away. And bring your lawyer."

Charlie's spirits dropped that final foot to total despair. "So sue me," he said. "I'm sorry about what I did but I had to do it."

"Sorry?" Harris asked. "You should be sorry. You've just come up with the greatest invention since the wheel and you're sorry?"

"Invention?" Charlie asked.

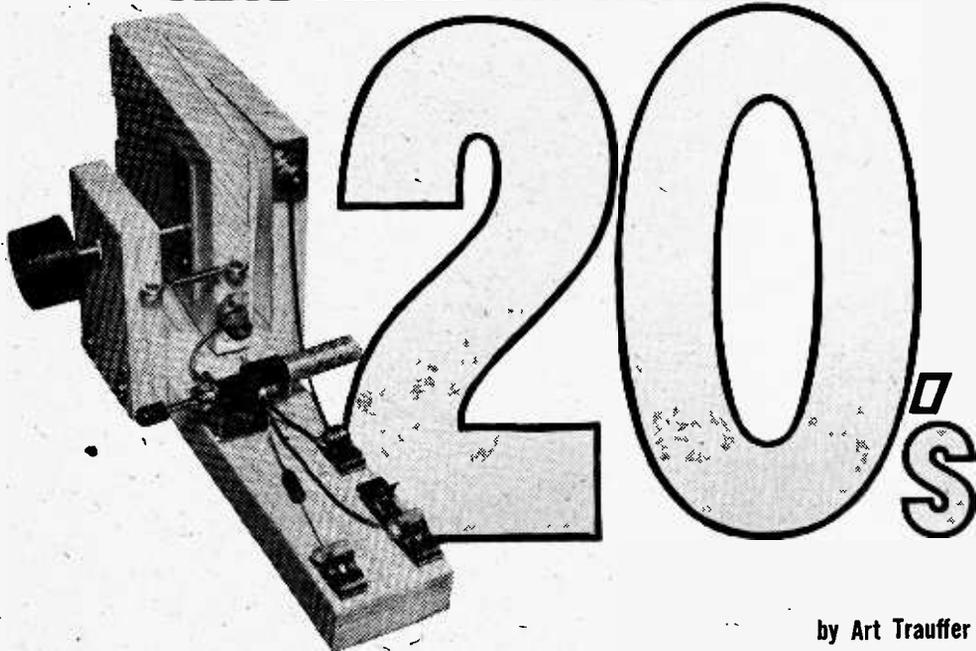
"Yes, invention." Harris said. "You've made a Garden of Eden from the Vast Wasteland. That's why you should bring your lawyer. I want to sign a contract with you, Charlie. We'll make millions. I predict we'll put the TV industry right out of business. We'll wipe out mental illness. Charlie, it's just beautiful. All life is beautiful after looking at your invention."

"I'll be right over," Charlie said.

"Then you'll sign a contract with me?" Harris asked.

"Later for the contract." Charlie said. "I'm coming over to marvel at what I have wrought." ■

RADIO FROM THE ROARING



by Art Trauffer

Build an authentic Book Condenser Crystal Set

HERE'S a radio construction project that's just the reverse of what you'd expect. In this one, instead of making the coil and buying the variable tuning capacitor, we'll show you how to make a variable capacitor for use with a commercially made coil. You've got to admit that this is a project with a twist!

The variable capacitor we're going to show you how to build is called a book condenser. Its plates are hinged like the pages in a book, and capacitance is varied by increasing or decreasing pressure on the supports of the plates, which, in turn, increase or decrease spacing between the insulated plates—thus varying the capacity. Though this is a unique approach to varying capacity of a tuning capacitor, unfortunately we can't claim to be its innovator. Way back in the early 1920s, Crosley Radio Corporation (now a division of AVCO Corp. and renamed AVCO Electronics Div.) patented a design for and manufactured book condensers. These were used in the then famous Crosley Model 50, better known as the *Crosley Pup*, a one-tube broadcast band radio receiver.

Our *Book Condenser* is quite similar in basic design to the Crosley condenser. It's

also easy to build, since it uses hardwood blocks, aluminum foil, tissue paper, etc., all materials normally found around the house.

The coil, a major component of the radio you'll wind up building upon completion of the condenser, is a standard ferrite cored variable loopstick used in many commercial radio sets, and therefore easily procured as a replacement part.

The How of It. Either the coil or the tuning capacitor shunted across it must be capable of having its parameters varied in order to tune across the band for which the combination has been designed. In this project the capacitance of the tuning condenser is varied by moving the plates closer together without shorting them, for maximum and moving them further apart for minimum capacitance. As the plates are brought closer together capacitance increases; as they are separated it decreases. That's all there is to it. The mechanical construction we've adopted is quite simple and therefore it's easy to make our variable book capacitor.

Making the Book Condenser. Two plates, one fixed in position and the other hinged so that it can be moved closer or farther

RADIO FROM THE ROARING 20's

away from the fixed one, is how we achieve variation in capacity. The plates for the condenser are made by carefully cementing aluminum foil to one side of each of two wooden blocks. The two blocks are mounted so that the foil sides face one another. A piece of unused airmail stationery, placed between the foil, insulates them.

The thickness of the paper determines maximum capacity—the thinner the paper the higher the capacity. That's why we've specified airmail stationery. This is just about the correct thickness for the plate sizes used to give our *Book Condenser* the capacity required to tune the loopstick coil over the broadcast band. The sizes of the blocks and mechanical details are shown in our photo and in the materials list.

Plate Connections. Be sure to leave a tab of aluminum that can be folded over the edge of the wooden block to make connections to the plates. After the cement has dried, fasten a soldering lug to the tab with

a wood screw, making certain that the eyelet of the solder lug is held tightly against the foil by the head of the screw.

The foil must be as flat as possible, so be sure all air bubbles are pressed out before the cement dries and be careful not to tear the foil. A good cement to use is Pliobond. Since wood is more porous than the metal foil, spread the cement on the foil first and then on the wood. Press the foil to the wood immediately after spreading the cement on the wood.

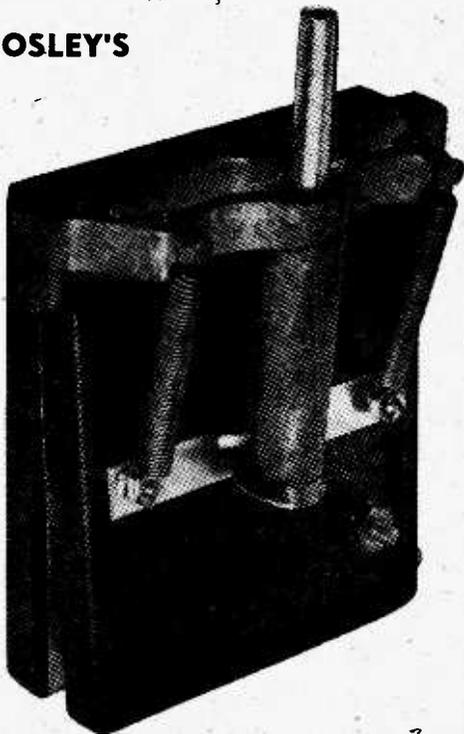
A good way to ensure that the foil will be cemented smoothly is to first place the foil on a table top or other hard, smooth surface, facing up the side on which the cement has been spread, and then pressing down the cemented side of the wood block to the cemented side of the foil. After the cement has dried, trim excess foil to the size of the wood blocks. Cement the paper insulator, which has been cut slightly larger than the foil, to the hinged end of the large wooden block that is fixed in position.

When mounting the hinges hold the two wooden blocks together in a vise, or clamp, to ensure correct movement of the small wooden block.

IN THE BEGINNING WAS CROSLLEY'S BOOK CONDENSER

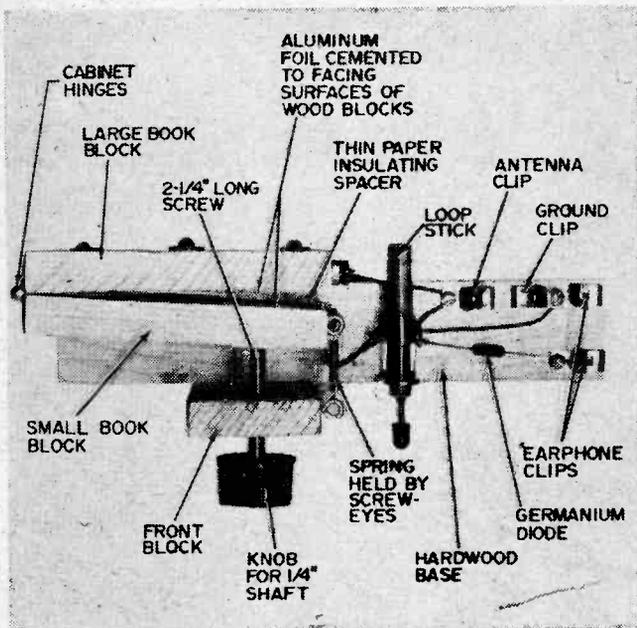
The Crosley book-type variable condenser consists of two molded insulating plates coated with metallic foil and hinged together at one edge so that they can be swung toward or away from each other like the leaves of a book. A cam, mounted on a shaft passing through a bearing in the condenser frame, and provided with a knob and dial, offers the mechanical means of adjusting this condenser. A thin sheet of mica is mounted between the plates in order that the capacity may be sufficiently high without making the plates excessively large, and so there will be no danger of short-circuiting no matter how close together the plates are pressed.

—Crosley Radio Corp., 1923



In this case innovation is the mother of invention. On the previous page we showed how one manufacturer, Crosley, made their commercial Book Condenser from metal and molded insulation. We've duplicated it with wood and aluminum foil.

This top view of a complete radio shows its construction as well as location of all major components.



A screw or threaded rod, approximately 2 1/4 in. long and having fairly heavy threads, is threaded through the Front Block to exert pressure on the metal strip fastened to the small wooden block. Turning the knob clockwise causes the screw to change the length of the screw that projects beyond this Front Block. This in turn moves the Small Book Block closer to the Large Book Block.

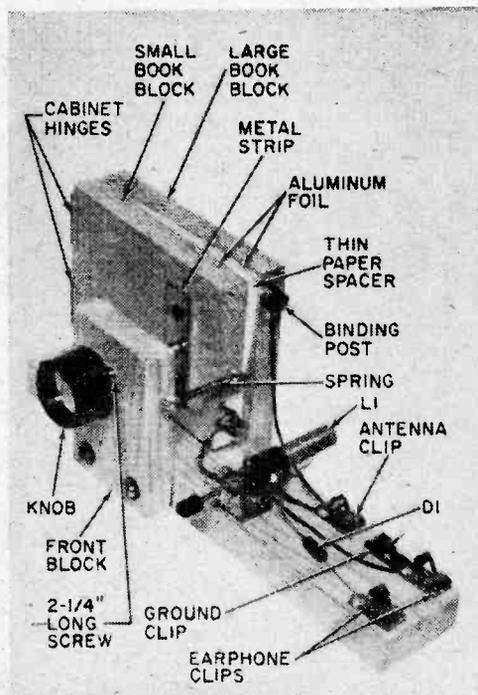
When the screw is turned counterclockwise, the part of the screw that moves the Small Book Block is shortened. The Small Book Block is pulled away from the Large Book Block by the spring stretched between the Front Block and the Small Book Block. Small screw eyes, one in the free end of the Small Book Block and one in the end of the Front Block that is adjacent to the free end of the Small Book Block, hold this spring in position.

Now the Coil. Remove all but 80 turns of wire from the loopstick coil to adjust its inductance to permit tuning the broadcast band with the capacitance of our Book Condenser. Mount this coil assembly on a 1 x 1 x 1/2-in. metal bracket with the ferrite core adjusting screw facing the front of the radio and fasten a small knob on the adjusting screw. You may find slight changes in the position of the core will improve the performance of the receiver.

Connect the Book Condenser, coil, and crystal diode as shown in the schematic.

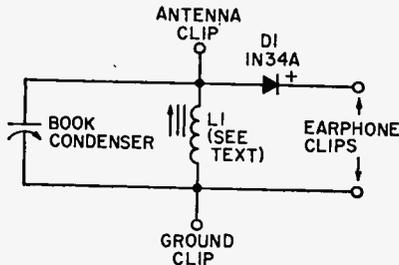
Enjoying Book Condenser Radio. Since there are no amplifier stages in this radio,

Just in case top view may not reveal all intimate details of construction of our Book Condenser we've included this oblique view. It's really a very crude approach by comparison with commercially produced ones even though they were made way back when radio was in its infancy.



RADIO FROM THE ROARING 20's

BILL OF MATERIALS FOR BOOK CONDENSER RADIO



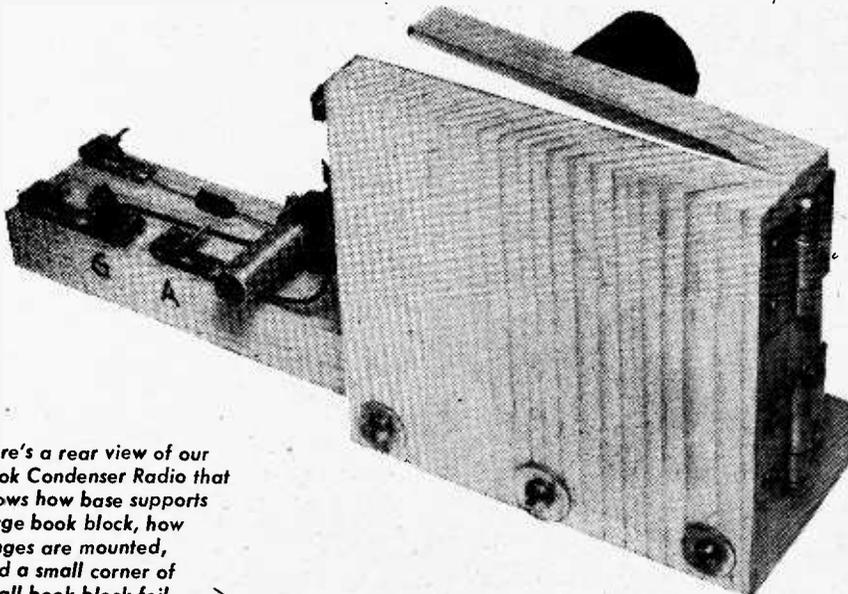
Back in the beginning we had solid-state radios but then they were called crystal sets. Note simplicity of circuitry.

- D1—Germanium diode, type IN34AS, IN60, IN82A, or IN295
- L1—Variable loopstick (Lafayette 32E41064 or equiv.)
- 4—Fahnestock clips, medium size (Lafayette 32E71028 or equiv.)
- 1—Base, hardwood, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{4}$ in.
- 1—Block, hardwood, $3 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{2}$ in.
- 1—Small book block, plywood or hardwood, $4 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{2}$ in.
- 1—Large book block, plywood or hardwood, $4 \times 3\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}$ in.
- 2—Brass cabinet hinges, 1 x 1 in. (usually available with required brass flathead screws)
- 1—Long screw, $\frac{1}{4}$ -28NF x $2\frac{1}{4}$ or equiv.
- 1—Brass or polished steel metal strip, $2 \times \frac{1}{2}$ in.
- 1—Spring, 1 in. long x $\frac{3}{16}$ in. diameter
- 1—Knob for $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. shaft
- 2—Screw eyes, $\frac{1}{2}$ -in.
- Misc.—Aluminum foil, paper spacer, $\frac{1}{2}$ -in. round head brass wood screws, $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. round head brass wood screws, washers, wire, glue, solder etc.

it's important to use a long antenna and good water-pipe ground in order to collect as much signal as possible for the set. Since the output is high impedance, you must use either high-impedance magnetic or crystal headphones on the output.

Because the Book Condenser Radio has a simple single tuned circuit, it will not tune

sharply, and therefore will receive only those stations whose signal strength is high and that are widely separated from other nearby stations. Strong local signals will be received best. If you are located near several powerful stations, this simple, broad-tuning receiver will make an ideal AM tuner for your hi-fi system. ■



Here's a rear view of our Book Condenser Radio that shows how base supports large book block, how hinges are mounted, and a small corner of small book block foil.

they
cook
with



COLD HEAT!

by Jorma Hyypia

It all started with a gooey candy bar. One day twenty some odd years ago, Dr. Percy Spencer was puttering with a radar set at Raytheon's New England laboratories. Reaching into the pocket of his white lab coat for a candy bar, he found only a warm, soggy mess. That was when Dr. Spencer discovered that microwaves generated by a radar power tube can cook food.

Since then, microwave cooking has come a long way. On an industrial scale it is used to fast-cook many kinds of food products—for example, 20,000 or more pounds of chicken parts per day. Have you noticed that those crunchy

COLD HEAT

potato chips no longer have a dark, half-burned look? It's because microwaves remove just the right amounts of residual water without scorching the outer surfaces of the chips.

Microwave ovens are also used extensively wherever large quantities of food must be prepared speedily, as in restaurants, hotels, medical and other institutions. Now microwave ovens are on the verge of revolutionizing home cooking. Tens of thousands of small microwave ovens are already used in private homes. But this is only a beginning—especially if the prices of the ovens can be cut substantially from the \$500.00 and more that they cost now.

Cold Heat. Microwaves constitute that range of electromagnetic energy that lies between radio waves and infrared radiation. Though the exact limits of the microwave spectrum are a bit vague, they are generally put at about 1000 MHz on the low end, and at 300,000 MHz at the top.

Under the right conditions, these high-frequency energy radiations can produce considerable amounts of heat, though not in any conventional way. In the cooking of food, for example, the heat is produced within the food by induced agitation of the molecules that make up the food.

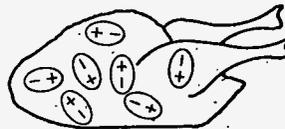
Unlike any other means of cooking food, microwaves generate no heat as such. Theory is that they cause food's polar molecules first to align with electromagnetic field, then alternately reverse because of field reversal. Resulting molecular friction causes heat, which quickly cooks food.

As our diagrams show, the molecules in any substance—chicken meat, for example—are ordinarily randomly oriented with respect to one another. When a microwave pulse passes through the chicken, it tends to align the polar food molecules parallel to the direction of wave propagation; all positive ends then point in one direction, all negative ends in the other. Within a fraction of a millionth of a second, the pulse reverses and the food molecules also try to reverse themselves accordingly. This flip-flopping occurs thousands of millions of times every second and results in considerable molecular friction. As anyone knows, friction produces heat. And heat cooks.

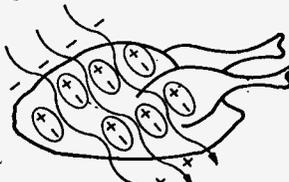
You might think of this as a kind of cold heat. The meat or other food becomes hot, of course, but the oven and the dishes holding the food remain cool to the touch. This is because the heat isn't generated by some external element, such as an electrical coil or gas flame, and then transmitted to the food through the air in the oven. Only cool microwave energy is transmitted through the oven, and the heat is produced only when it starts bouncing the food molecules about.

This still doesn't explain why the metal walls of the oven remain cool. The answer is that metals reflect rather than absorb microwaves. This is why metal cookware cannot be used in microwave ovens; the food must be contained in plastic, glass, or paper containers.

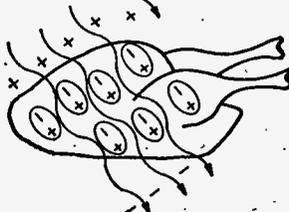
HOW MICROWAVES COOK FOOD



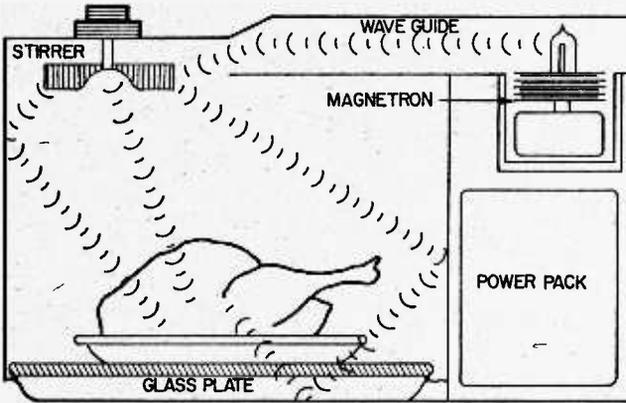
POLAR MOLECULES IN FOOD ARE NORMALLY RANDOM ORIENTED.



A MICROWAVE PULSE ALIGNS THE POLAR MOLECULES PARALLEL WITH THE ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD, WITH LIKE CHARGES IN THE SAME DIRECTION.



ALTERNATE PULSES TEND TO REVERSE THE MOLECULES BECAUSE OF FIELD REVERSAL. THE MOLECULAR FLIP-FLOPS OCCUR MILLIONS OF TIMES EACH SECOND, CREATE HEAT BECAUSE OF MOLECULAR FRICTION.



Artist's conception of interior of microwave oven, using magnetron as its source of microwaves. Stirrer at upper left is nothing more than bladed fan, positioned so it can direct microwaves through-out entire interior of oven.

Oven Construction. There are four basic parts to a microwave oven: the microwave generator and its associated power pack; a wave guide that carries the microwaves to the oven; the oven itself which serves as a resonant cavity; and a stirrer.

In most ovens now on the market, the microwaves are generated by a *magnetron*, though klystrons and amplifiers can also be used. Some experts foresee eventual replacement of magnetrons by power grid tubes which operate at lower voltages provided by simpler power packs.

The magnetron converts DC energy, obtained from a power supply, to high-frequency energy of about 2450 MHz. This microwave energy is conducted to the oven by means of a hollow tube called a *wave guide*. The oven is a multi-mode resonant cavity designed so that the microwaves will bounce from wall to wall, passing through the food in their travels.

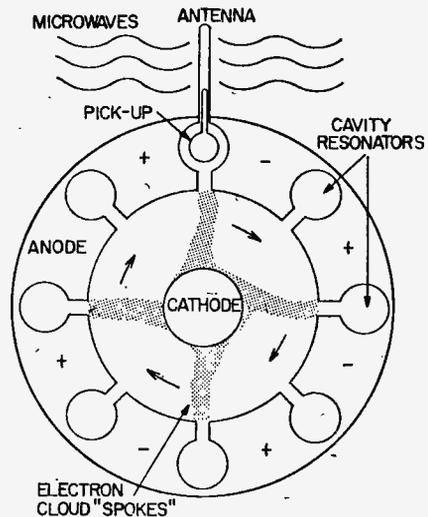
To resonate properly, the shape and size of the oven must be designed with considerable care. One of the trickiest problems was to create a uniform energy density within the oven cavity so that the food would cook evenly. In an ordinary oven the heat tends to distribute itself evenly regardless of the oven shape. Not so microwaves, even if the oven cavity is dimensioned to provide the largest number of resonant modes possible within the frequency limits imposed by the magnetron.

The ingenious solution was to add a microwave *stirrer*. This is nothing more than a bladed fan operated by a motor. It is positioned so that microwaves emerging from the wave guide strike the blades. As the blades rotate, they reflect the microwaves in different directions in the oven. The stirrer also constantly alters the effective dimen-

sions of the oven cavity, as is demonstrable by measuring microwave frequency changes in the oven when the stirrer is operating.

Magnetrons Favored. Magnetrons are currently the most popular microwave generators for heating applications, largely because they cost less than other devices and have high energy conversion characteristics—80% as compared to 65-70% for amplifiers and 50% for klystrons. The magnetron's main drawback has been its relatively short life; but recent improvements have extended the magnetron's useful life to over 10 years in home cooking applications.

Considering the energy wallop delivered by a magnetron, it is a remarkably simple



Simplified sketch of magnetron reveals how device produces microwaves. Electron "spokes" revolve around its cathode, generate microwaves in resonant cavities of anode.

COLD HEAT

though ingenious device. Heart of the magnetron is a small cylinder having a cathode rod in the central opening, and a series of resonant cavities in the outer anode body of the cylinder (see our diagram).

When pulsating DC current is applied to the cathode, it emits electrons just like any ordinary electron tube. But here the resemblance ends. Instead of traveling directly to the anode, the electrons tend to bunch, and these clusters spin rapidly around the central cathode hub like the spokes of a wheel.

As each electron "spoke" passes the mouth of a resonant cavity in the anode, it induces a surge of current around the anode walls, thereby transferring energy to the resonant cavity.

One cavity has a wire loop that serves as a pickup for the high-frequency pulses thus generated. The pulses are carried to an antenna atop the magnetron, from which they are beamed into the wave guide, and along it to the oven cavity.

Home-type microwave ovens operate off regular 117-V lines (grounded, and fused for 20 A), draw 13 to 18 A, and generate over 5000 VDC to operate the magnetron. A typical magnetron draws a current of about 250 mA.

Cooking With Microwaves. Microwave ovens are not intended to replace standard ovens, only supplement them. Many food items can be cooked faster and better with microwaves than with conventional ovens—but not everything.

When it works, it's fast! For example, it takes a couple of hours to properly barbecue a chicken by conventional means, only 45 minutes with microwaves. Want a quick

hamburger? It will be ready in 60 seconds instead of the usual 12 minutes. You can start dribbling a poached egg onto your tie in one minute, instead of the usual five. Right down the line—meats, vegetables, cereals, soups, beverages—just about anything you eat or drink can be prepared with considerable savings in time.

Many foods also gain in nutritional value. MIT scientists have discovered that microwave-cooked foods retain from 4% to 17% more of such vital nutrients as vitamin C, riboflavin, and thiamin.

One thing may bother you. Microwaves do not produce a browned pie crust, or a properly seared surface on meat. Such foods don't look "done," though they are fully cooked. The solution: stick them into your regular oven for a quick browning. Prolonged cooking in the microwave oven will not work; all you will get is a dried-out cake or chop.

Microwaves are best for thawing (frozen foods), quick warming, reheating (leftovers), and for preparing simple foods. Oven makers urge that you use conventional cooking methods for expensive roasts of beef, pork, hams, and lamb. They deserve that extra loving care that only a conventional oven can provide. But when it comes to reheating these for the next meal, you can't beat microwave.

Metal utensils can't be used in microwave ovens because they create high-standing-wave reflections that may arc and damage the magnetron. Moreover, they prevent the microwaves from entering the food from all sides.

Glass, plastic, ceramic, and paper containers all are satisfactory. But remember to remove foods from aluminum-foil containers they may be packaged in. Many foods can be portioned onto serving plates and carried directly to the table after cook-

Utilizing space-age technology, this Tappan electronic oven generates no external heat, yet cooks hamburger in 1 minute, fries strip of bacon in 2½, bakes potato in 4.



Single-oven Versatronic range by General Electric cooks food electronically in minutes, or conventionally, or both ways at once. Only 30 in. wide, Model JE 856E (shown here with JV 31 hood) features infinite controls on surface units and self-cleaning microwave oven.



ing because the plates don't become hot.

And here's a real plus. Since the oven walls don't become hot, splashed-on foods don't bake into the usual tough scales. To clean a microwave oven you need only wipe with a damp cloth.

Safety. It should be obvious that if microwaves can cook chicken, they can also cook a two-legged chick. These ovens must be used exactly as manufacturers direct. Government agencies are now watch-dogging microwave ovens to make sure they are safe, though there have been no reports of injuries despite their wide institutional usage.

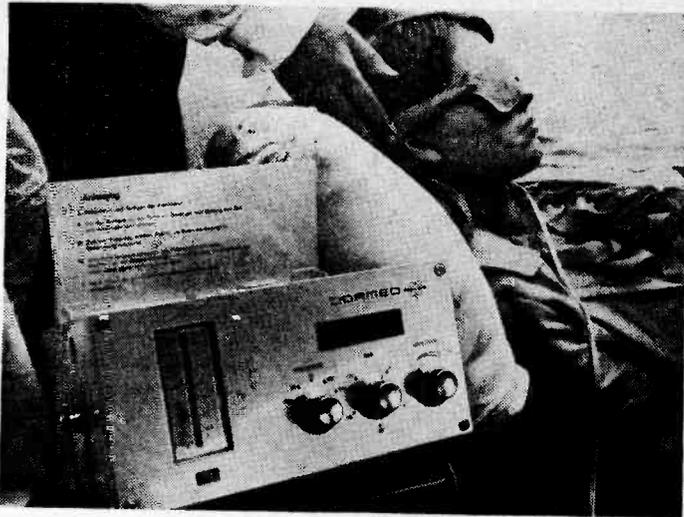
Doors of microwave ovens have double interlocks which turn off all cooking power

when opened. Nonetheless, to play it safe, stay at least an arm's length away from the oven when it's in operation. And don't let children watch the cooking process.

In a few years, microwave ovens may be as commonplace as rotisseries have become in the past few years. They are a housewife's dream. And if you live alone and cook your own meals, a microwave oven could change your whole way of life. Just think. You slide a TV dinner into the oven, and minutes later it's ready to eat. Afterwards you just throw away the paper plate; no pots, pans, or dishes to wash. Why, it could give you a whole extra hour with your CB rig every night! ■

Perhaps this century's most significant cooking advancement, microwave oven promises to save housewife countless hours in her kitchen. Eye-level oven on this GE Versatronic range cooks conventionally, boasts automatic rotisserie. Lower oven is microwave unit, which, like oven in stove above, is self-cleaning. This is GE's Model JE 896E.





With patient resting comfortably on back, operator adjusts spectacles containing sleep-inducing electrodes so they rest over eyes and just behind and below ears. Generator in foreground delivers pulsating current to patient's central nervous system.

Switched-on Flake-out

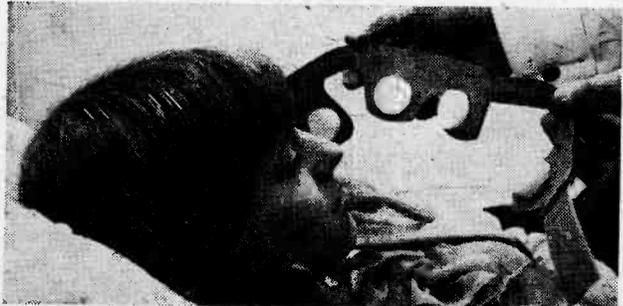


FIRST impression the patient gets is a flickering sensation in the eyes—not unpleasant, and vaguely soothing. This dies down after a few minutes, and a feeling of warmth, gentle and restful, seems to flood the whole system. Muscles relax, tension disappears. The time necessary to bring sleep varies from patient to patient, but strength, frequency, and rate of the dosage are all under the control of the physician or operator giving the treatment.

Where are we? In London, no less, where over 3,000,000 sleeping pills pass through British throats nightly—or at least they used to. Now, a new German invention called "Dormed" promises to put an end to pills of the sleep-inducing variety, perhaps forever. Basically, it consists of a set of electrodes in the form of a pair of spectacles. Fitted on a patient's head, they cause a pair of electrodes to rest lightly on the eyelids, another to rest just behind the ears. Pump in a signal from a small pulse generator resting on the bedside table, and—you guessed it—pill-less, pillow-talkless sleep.

Ah, sandman! It is you? ■

"Nothing to be afraid of," purrs operator, as she prepares to fit electrodes to patient's head. Four electrodes are covered with foam plastic and slightly moistened with salt solution to make better contact. Two go over eyelids, two just behind ears. Powered by six flashlight cells, generator produces square waves between 12 and 200 Hz.



a DXer's OPEN SESAME to **Old Mexico**

by Don Jensen



YOU'RE tooling along Route 39 in your fastback. The weather's clear, the track fast. There's a blonde in the bucket seat beside you, and an overripe melon of a moon hangs just above the horizon.

You turn the radio dial, looking for some groovy music to set the mood. Music—a gaggle of guitars, trumpets chording in thirds, a madly-malleted marimba—blares from the speaker. It's Mighty 1040, Wonderful WAMMO Radio, right?

Wrong, you discover a few moments later when the announcer cuts in with a quick burst of Spanish. Forgetting the chick at your elbow, you concentrate on the lingo. Nope, it's not your favorite rock-jock, old buddy. You've just DXed your first Mexican station!

Many DXers get started this way, accidentally tuning in Mexico on their standard broadcast-band radios. And, it's a good starting point for hobby newcomers. No special receiver is necessary. Distances, by shortwave standards, aren't great. There are plenty of easy-to-log stations, some of them more powerful than anything in the U.S.

Callous-eared veterans, too, will find all the challenge they could want in tuning mini-watt Mexicans on the crowded graveyard frequencies. To be sure, virtually all programming is in Spanish, but don't let that scare you off. You don't have to be a linguist to score. Careful listening and some experience is all you need to pick out the station identifications. *(Turn page)*

a DXer's OPEN SESAME to Old Mexico

MEXICAN STATES

Ags. —Aguascalientes	Gto. —Guanajuato	Oro. —Queretaro
* B.C. —Baja California	Hgo. —Hidalgo	Sin. —Sinaloa
Cam. —Campeche	Jal. —Jalisco	S.L.P. —San Luis Potosi
Chih. —Chihuahua	Mich. —Michoacan	Son. —Sonora
Chis. —Chiapas	Mor. —Morelos	Tab. —Tabasco
Coah. —Coahuila	Nay. —Nayarit	Tams. —Tamaulipas
Col. —Colima	N.L. —Nuevo Leon	Tax. —Tlaxcala
** D.F. —Distrito Federal	Oax. —Oaxaca	Ver. —Veracruz
Dgo. —Durango	Pue. —Puebla	Yuc. —Yucatan
Gro. —Guerrero	* Q.R. —Quintana Roo	Zac. —Zacatecas

*Territory or territories

**Federal District

On The XE Beat. Mexican stations have call letters beginning with XE, (a few FM and TV outlets use XH prefixes) followed by one, two, or three additional letters. Study the phonetic Spanish alphabet (see our box) and you'll soon be identifying, "EH-keess, eh, ah, beh, seh," as "XEABC."

As in other Latin American countries, some broadcasters in Mexico use identifying slogans, e.g., *Radio Acapulco*, *La Voz de la America Latina* (Voice of Latin America), etc. Some handy words to know are *cadena* (network), *emisora* (broadcasting station), *sistema* (system), and *ondas* (radio waves).

Probably the easiest medium-wave Mexican to hear, regardless of where you live, is the huckster's friend, XERF, 1570 kHz. Located near Ciudad Acuña, across the Rio Grande from Del Rio, Texas, this potent 250 kWer, for years, has been a boon to mailorder tombstone peddlers and Bible-thumping fundamentalist preachers, who use its facilities to reach rural America. More recently, fans of far-out California disc jockey Wolfman Jack have been able to hear his taped programs over XERF. Aimed at U.S. audiences, its programs are in English and hardly typical of Mexican radio.

Slightly more interesting to DXers is another 250-kW AM outlet, XEW, 900 kHz, in Mexico City. It may be one of the first

Mexican stations you log and before long, you may consider it little more than a pest when its solid signal blocks out other, weaker DX stations.

Among the high-powered transmitters in our neighbor to the south are XEUN, 860 kHz; XEQ, 940 kHz; XEDP, 1060 kHz; XERCN, 1110 kHz; and XEB, 1220 kHz; all in Mexico City. Another in the capital city is XEX on 730 kHz, which has repeater outlets at Leon and Veracruz on the same frequency. XETRA, 690 kHz, at Tijuana, directs its programs at the Southern California audience. Another strong border station is XELO, Ciudad Juarez, on 800 kHz. And, at Monterrey, XEG on 1050 kHz, runs 100 kW. See our listing for several hundred more to shoot for.

On The Short Side. Turning to shortwave, you'll find fewer Mexican stations, but plenty of challenge. Easy? Some of them are, but a scattered few on the very low frequencies are as difficult to log as any station in the world. A number of Mexican SWers merely relay medium-wave programming; others originate their own broadcasts. Ranchero music is typical fare, but the university-run stations, of which there are several, tend to offer more educational and talk shows in Spanish and a higher class of music, often symphonic.

Currently, the hottest Mexican on short-

PHONETIC SPANISH ALPHABET

a = ah	g = geh	m = EH-meh	t = teh
b = beh	h = AH-cheh	n = EH-neh	u = oo
c = seh	i = ee	o = oh	v = veh
d = deh	j = HOH-tah	p = peh	w = DOH-bleh veh
e = eh	k = kah	q = koo	x = EH-keess
f = EH-feh	l = EH-leh	r = EH-reh	y = ee-gree-EH-gah
	ll = EH-yah	s = EH-seh	z = SEH-tah

MEXICAN MEDIUM-WAVE BROADCAST STATIONS

kH.z.	Call	Location	kH.z.	Call	Location
540	XEWA	Monterrey, N.L.		XETQ	Orizaba, Ver.
	XEWA	San Luis Potosi, S.L.P.		XEZR	Zaragoza, Coah.
550	XEAF	Guadalajara, Jal.	860	XENW	Culiacan, Sin.
	XEKL	Jalapa, Ver.		XEDU	Durango, Dgo.
	XEQW	Merida, Yuc.		XEUN	Mexico City, D.F.
	XEUC	Tehuantepec, Oax.		XENL	Monterrey, N.L.
560	XEOC	Mexico City, D.F.		XEXZ	Tenosique de Pino Suarez, Tab.
570	XEVX	Comalcalco, Tab.		XERK	Tepic, Nay.
	XENZ	Culiacan, Sin.		XEMO	Tijuana, B.C.
	XEBJB	Monterrey, N.L.	880	XEEM	Rio Verde, S.L.P.
	XELO	Morelia, Mich.		XETZ	Tequila, Jal.
	XEOA	Oaxaca, Oax.	900	XEW	Mexico City, D.F.
	XETJ	Torreón, Coah.		XEWB	Veracruz, Ver.
580	XEFI	Chihuahua, Chih.	910	XEHO	Ciudad Obregon, Son.
	XEHP	Ciudad Victoria, Tams.	920	XEQD	Chihuahua, Chih.
	XEDZ	Cordoba, Ver.		XELT	Guadalajara, Jal.
	XEAV	Guadalajara, Jal.		XEBH	Hermosillo, Son.
	XEMU	Piedras Negras, Coah.		XEOK	Monterrey, N.L.
	XEUE	Tuxtla Gutierrez, Chis.		XEMJ	Piedras Negras, Coah.
590	XEE	Durango, Dgo.		XEBM	San Luis Potosi, S.L.P.
	XEPH	Mexico City, D.F.	940	XEWV	Mexicali, B.C.
	XEFD	Rio Bravo, Tams.		XEQ	Mexico City, D.F.
600	XEBB	Acapulco, Gro.		XERKS	Reynosa, Tams.
	XEZ	Merida, Yuc.	950	XERN	Montemorelos, N.L.
	XEDN	Torreón, Coah.		XEYJ	Nueva Rosita, Coah.
610	XECW	Ciudad Valles, S.L.P.	950	XEGM	Tijuana, B.C.
	XEEL	Fresnillo, Zac.	960	XERGO	Chetumal, Q.R.
	XEGS	Guasave, Sin.		XEGB	Coatzacoalcos, Ver.
	XEJA	Jalapa, Ver.		XEIQ	Ciudad Obregon, Son.
610	XEJB	Sabinas, Coah.		XEHK	Guadalajara, Jal.
	XEKZ	Tehuantepec, Oax.		XEOZ	Jalapa, Ver.
	XEUF	Uruapan, Mich.		XECS	Manzanillo, Col.
620	XEBU	Chihuahua, Chih.		XEMM	Morelia, Mich.
	XECK	Durango, Dgo.		XEK	Nuevo Laredo, Tams.
	XENK	Mexico City, D.F.		XEUQ	Zihuatanejo, Gro.
	XEOO	Tepic, Nay.	970	APZCJ	Apatzingan, Mich.
	XEACM	Villahermosa, Tab.		XEJ	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.
630	XEACA	Acapulco, Gro.		XEO	Matamoros, Tams.
	XEFU	Cosmalaopan, Ver.		XEOW	Mazatlan, Sin.
	XERPS	Mazatlan, Sin.		XEMH	Merida, Yuc.
	XEFB	Monterrey, N.L.		XEDF	Mexico City, D.F.
	XETS	Tapachula, Chis.		XEVT	Villahermosa, Tab.
650	XETNT	Los Mochis, Sin.	980	XELC	La Piedad, Mich.
	XEZM	Zamora, Mich.		XEKE	Navojua, Son.
660	XERPM	Mexico City, D.F.		XENR	Nueva Rosita, Coah.
670	XETOR	Torreón, Coah.		XEQG	Queretaro, Qro.
680	XEFO	Chihuahua, Chih.		XETU	Tampico, Tams.
	XEORO	Guasave, Sin.		XEXT	Tepic, Nay.
	XELG	Leon, Gto.	990	XEBC	Ciudad Guzman, Jal.
	XEKQ	Tapachula, Chis.		XEHZ	La Paz, B.C.
	XEFJ	Teziutlan, Pue.		XECL	Mexicali, B.C.
690	XEN	Mexico City		XET	Monterrey, N.L.
	XETRA	Tijuana, B.C.	1000	XEFV	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.
700	XEAR	Zapopan, Jal.		XEOY	Mexico City, D.F.
710	XEKU	Acapulco, Gro.	1010	XEWS	Culiacan, Sin.
	XERL	Colima, Col.		XEDX	Ensenada, B.C.
	XEBL	Culiacan, Sin.		XEHL	Guadalajara, Jal.
	XEMP	Mexico City, D.F.		XETX	Nuevo Casas Grandes, Chih.
710	XEON	Tuxtla Gutierrez, Chis.		XEVK	Torreón, Coah.
730	XEX	Leon, Gto.		XEFM	Veracruz, Ver.
	XEX	Mexico City, D.F.	1020	XEXL	Patzcuaro, Mich.
	XEX	Veracruz, Ver.	1030	XEQR	Mexico City, D.F.
760	XEDGO	Durango, Dgo.	1050	XED	Mexicali, B.C.
	XEABC	Los Reyes, D.F.		XEG	Monterrey, N.L.
	XEZZ	Tonala, Jal.	1060	XEDP	Mexico City, D.F.
790	XEBI	Aguascalientes, Ags.	1070	XEIT	Ciudad del Carmen, Cam.
	XERPC	Chihuahua, Chih.		XESP	San Pedro Tlaquepaque, Jal.
	XEGZ	Ciudad Lerdo, Dgo.		XEGY	Tehuacan, Pue.
	XENT	La Paz, B.C.	1090	XEWL	Nuevo Laredo, Tams.
	XESU	Mexicali, B.C.		XERB	Tijuana, B.C.
	XERC	Mexico City, D.F.		XEQD	Veracruz, Ver.
	XEFE	Nuevo Laredo, Tams.	1110	XELEO	Leon, Gto.
	XEVA	Villahermosa, Tab.		XERCN	Mexico City, D.F.
800	XELO	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.		XEOQ	Rio Bravo, Tams.
	XEAN	Ocotlan, Jal.	1120	XEUONO	Guadalajara, Jal.
	XEMMM	Tijuana, B.C.	1130	XEZL	Jalapa, Ver.
810	XEFW	Tampico, Tams.	1140	XEXF	Leon, Gto.
	XEOE	Tapachula, Chis.		XEMR	Monterrey, N.L.
	XEUX	Tuxpan, Nay.	1150	XEAD	Guadalajara, Jal.
820	XKEG	Fortin de las Flores, Ver.		XEJS	Hidalgo del Parral, Chih.
	XEBA	Guadalajara, Jal.		XERTM	Macuspana, Tab.
	XESB	Santa Barbara, Chih.		XERM	Mexicali, B.C.
830	XELA	Mexico City, D.F.		XEJP	Mexico City, D.F.
	XENSM	Navolato, Sin.	1150	XEBF	S. Pedro de las Colonias, Coah.
840	XEFG	Celaya, Gto.		XEXZ	Zacatecas, Zac.
850	XEMIA	Chapala, Jal.	1160	XEVW	Acambaro, Gto.
850	XEM	Chihuahua, Chih.		XEJW	Uruapan, Mich.
	XEUS	Hermosillo, Son.	1170	XERT	Reynosa, Tams.
	XEAL	Manzanillo, Col.	1180	XEFR	Mexico City, D.F.

a DXer's OPEN SESAME to Old Mexico

MEXICAN MEDIUM-WAVE BROADCAST STATIONS

kHHz.	Call	Location	kHHz.	Call	Location
1190	XEPZ	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.	1380	XEGW	Ciudad Victoria, Tams.
	XEDO	Jojutla, Mor.	1380	XECO	Mexico City, D.F.
	XEMBC	Mexicali, B.C.	1390	XEOR	Reynosa, Tams.
1200	XEZI	Zacapu, Mich.		XETY	Tecoman, Col.
1220	XEB	Mexico City, D.F.		XETL	Tuxpan, Ver.
1240	XELD	Autlan de Navarro, Jal.	1400	XELH	Acaponeta, Nay.
	XEBN	Ciudad Delicias, Chih.		XEKJ	Acapulco, Gro.
	XEBQ	Guaymas, Son.		XEAC	Aguascalientes, Ags.
	XENG	Huauchinango, Pue.		XEPS	Empalme, Son.
	XERZ	Leon, Gto.		XEPB	Hermosillo, Son.
	XES	Tampico, Tams.		XEGD	Hidalgo del Parral, Chih.
1250	XELM	Tuxtla Gutierrez, Chis.		XEI	Morelia, Mich.
	XEDK	Guadalajara, Jal.		XEDE	Saltillo, Coah.
	XEDL	Hermosillo, Son.		XEAB	Santa Ana, Son.
	XEJX	Queretaro, Qro.		XETO	Tampico, Tams.
	XESJ	Saltillo, Coah.		XEVV	Tuxtla Gutierrez, Chis.
	XEPI	Tixtla, Gro.	1410	XEKB	Atemajac, Jal.
1260	XER	Linares, N.L.		XECF	Los Mochis, Sin.
	XEL	Mexico City, D.F.		XEBS	Mexico City, D.F.
	XEMF	Monclova, Coah.		XEAS	Nuevo Laredo, Tams.
	XEOG	Ojinaga, Chih.		XETAB	Villahermosa, Tab.
1270	XERPL	Leon, Gto.	1420	XEF	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.
	XENX	Mazatlan, Sin.		XEWE	Irapauto, Gro.
1270	XEGL	Navojoa, Son.		XEEW	Matamoros, Tams.
	XENY	Nogales, Son.		XEH	Monterrey, N.L.
	XEAX	Oaxaca, Oax.		XEWJ	Tehuacan, Pue.
	XEPV	Papantla de Clarte, Ver.		XEXX	Tijuana, B.C.
	XEMW	San Luis Rio Colorado, Son.	1430	XERAC	Campeche, Cam.
1280	XECAM	Campeche, Cam.		XEMO	Ciudad Miguel Aleman, Tams.
	XEBW	Chihuahua, Chih.		XEQX	Ciudad Obregon, Son.
	XEZS	Coatzacoalcos, Ver.		XEIG	Iguala, Gro.
	XEAG	Guadalajara, Jal.	1430	XELY	Morelia, Mich.
	XEQP	Cordoba, Ver.		XELL	Veracruz, Ver.
	XEAW	Monterrey, N.L.	1440	XELZ	Mexico City, D.F.
1290	XEAP	Ciudad Obregon, Son.	1450	XECM	Ciudad Mante, Tams.
	XEIX	Jiquilpan, Mich.		XEDJ	Magdalena, Son.
	XEDA	Mexico City, D.F.		XEJM	Monterrey, N.L.
1300	XEP	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.		XEPP	Orizaba, Ver.
	XESW	Ciudad Madera, Chih.		XEJD	Poza Rica, Ver.
	XEJL	Guamuchil, Sin.		XENA	Queretaro, Qro.
	XEHU	Martinez de la Torre, Ver.		XEVH	Valle Hermoso, Tams.
	XEKV	Morelia, Mich.	1460	XEHE	Atotonilco El Alto, Jal.
	XELE	Tampico, Tams.		XEYC	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.
1310	XEFH	Agua Prieta, Son.		XEHX	Ciudad Obregon, Son.
	XERU	Chihuahua, Chih.		XEJT	Tampico, Tams.
	XETIA	Guadalajara, Jal.		XELX	Zitacuaro, Mich.
	XEAM	Matamoros, Tams.	1470	XEHI	Ciudad Miguel Aleman, Tams.
	XEVI	San Juan del Rio, Qro.		XEDS	Colima, Col.
	XEPO	San Luis Potosi, S.L.P.		XEND	Durango, Dgo.
	XEBP	Torreón, Coah.		XEYA	Irapauto, Gro.
	XEHV	Veracruz, Ver.		XESM	Mexico City, D.F.
	XEIZ	Villa de Guadalupe, N.L.		XEBBC	Tijuana, B.C.
1320	XEUI	Comitan, Chris.	1480	XEHM	Ciudad Delicias, Chih.
	XERJ	Mazatlan, Sin.		XENS	Navojoa, Son.
	XEAI	Mexico City, D.F.		XEPR	Poza Rica, Ver.
	XENI	Nueva Italia, Mich.		XETKR	Villa de Guadalupe, N.L.
	XEIH	Tuxtepec, Oax.	1490	XEVZ	Arayucan, Ver.
1330	XEBO	Irapauto, Gro.		XEED	Amea, Jal.
	XELZ	Martinez de la Torre, Ver.		XEDR	Guaymas, Son.
	XEFC	Merida, Yuc.		XEMK	Huixtla, Chis.
	XEWQ	Monclova, Coah.	1490	XEMS	Matamoros, Tams.
1340	XEJK	Ciudad Delicias, Chih.		XEFF	Matehuala, S.L.P.
	XEBJ	Ciudad Victoria, Tams.		XEXE	Queretaro, Qro.
	XEGR	Coatepec, Ver.		XEGT	Zamora, Mich.
	XEOM	Coatzacoalcos, Ver.	1500	XERH	Mexico City
	XEMA	Fresnillo, Zac.	1530	XEUR	Mexico City
	XEDKT	Guadalajara, Jal.		XESD	Silao, Gto.
	XECW	Los Mochis, Sin.	1540	XENC	Celaya, Gto.
	XENV	Monterrey, N.L.	1550	XENU	Nuevo Laredo, Tams.
	XESL	San Luis Potosi, S.L.P.		XEBG	Tijuana, B.C.
1350	XEQK	Mexico City, D.F.	1560	XEVIP	Mexico City, D.F.
	XETM	Naco, Son.	1570	XERF	Ciudad Acuna, Coah.
	XEJF	Tierra Blanca, Ver.	1580	KELI	Chilpancingo, Gro.
	XETB	Torreón, Coah.		XEDM	Hermosillo, Son.
1360	XEY	Celaya, Gto.		XENQ	Tulancingo, Hgo.
	XESA	Culliacan, Sin.		XEQL	Zamora, Mich.
	XEKF	Iguata, Gro.	1590	XENH	Escuinapa, Sin.
	XEDQ	San Andres Tuxtla, Ver.		XEVOZ	Mexico City, D.F.
1370	XEA	Campeche, Cam.		XEBZ	Villa de Meoqui, Chih.
	XEHF	Nogales, Son.	1600	XEAE	Ciudad Acuna, Coah.
	XEPA	Puebla, Pue.			

MEXICAN TV STATIONS

Channel	Call	Location
2	XHIA-TV	Torreon, Coah.
	XEPM-TV	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.
	XHCH-TV	Chihuahua, Chih.
	XEW-TV	Mexico City
	XEWO-TV	Guadalajara, Jal.
	XHI-TV	Ciudad Obregon, Son.
	XHFA-TV	Nogales, Son.
	XEFE-TV	Nuevo Laredo, Tams.
	XHFM-TV	Vera Cruz, Ver.
3	XHBC-TV	Mexicali, B.C.
	XHJMA-TV	Hgo. del Parral, Chih.
	XEZ-TV	El Zamorano, Gto.
	XEFB-TV	Monterrey, N.L.
	XHP-TV	Puebla, Pue.
	XHQ-TV	Culiacan, Sin.
	XHCV-TV	Coatzacoalcos, Ver.
	XHY-TV	Merida, Yuc.
4	XELN-TV	Torreon, Coah.
	XHTV	Mexico City
	XEG-TV	Guadalajara, Jal.
5	XHCC-TV	Colima, Col.
	XEJ-TV	Ciudad Juarez, Chih.
	XHFI-TV	Chihuahua, Chih.
	XHAI-TV	Las Lajas, Ver.
	XHGC-TV	Mexico City
6	XETV	Tijuana, B.C.
	XHZ-TV	El Zamorano, Gto.
	XEHL-TV	Guadalajara, Jal.
	XET-TV	Monterrey, N.L.
	XEWH-TV	Hermosillo, Son.
7	XEX-TV	Paso de Cortes, Mex.
	XHMZ-TV	Mazatlan, Sin.
	XHGO-TV	Ciudad Madero, Tams.
8	XHAS-TV	Las Lajas, Ver.
9	XEQ-TV	Paso de Cortes, Mex.
10	XHPT-TV	Merida, Yuc.
	XHK-TV	La Paz, B.C.
	XHA-TV	Durango, Dgo.
	XHL-TV	Leon, Gto.
	XHKW-TV	Morelia, Mich.
	XHX-TV	Monterrey, N.L.
	XHAI-TV	Las Lajas, Ver.
11	XEIP-TV	Mexico City
	XEUS-TV	Hermosillo, Son
12	XEWT-TV	Tijuana, B.C.
	XHAW-TV	Monterrey, N.L.
	XHCG-TV	Los Mochis, Sin.
	XHOW-TV	Mazatlan, Sin.
13	XEW-TV	Aguaascalientes, Ag.
	XHII-TV	Mexico City

MEXICAN FM STATIONS

kHz.	Call	Location
86.0	XHCM-FM	Cuernavaca, Mor.
90.5	XEDA-FM	Mexico, D.F.
92.1	XHFO-FM	Mexico, D.F.
92.5	XHSRO-FM	Monterrey, N.L.
93.3	XEH-FM	Monterrey, N.L.
93.7	XHNOE-FM	Nuevo Laredo, Tams.
95.3	XHSH-FM	Mexico, D.F.
97.1	XEBA-FM	Guadalajara, Jal.
97.9	XETIA-FM	Guadalajara, Jal.
98.1	XHMLS-FM	Matamoros, Tams.
98.5	XELA-FM	Mexico, D.F.
99.3	XHMS-FM	Monclova, Coah.
99.3	XEN-FM	Mexico, D.F.
100.1	XHMM-FM	Mexico, D.F.
100.3	XEAV-FM	Guadalajara, Jal.
100.9	XEOY-FM	Mexico, D.F.
101.9	XEAD-FM	Guadalajara, Jal.
103.3	XERPM-FM	Mexico, D.F.
104.9	XHRPE-FM	Mexico, D.F.
106.5	XHMR	Mexico, D.F.

wave is XERM, R. Mexico, which first came on the air last year on 9534 and 11,718 kHz. A government venture, R. Mexico seems conscious of its foreign listeners and occasionally announces in English, French, German.

Listeners reporting reception to Box 20100, Mexico City, have been receiving LP recordings of speeches by Mexico's president, but few QSLs, in return.

Also frequently heard on shortwave are XEQM, R. Yucatan, 6105 kHz, from Me-XEFT, La Voz de Veracruz, 9545 kHz; and XEWW, 9515 kHz, and XERR, 15,110 kHz, both from Mexico City. As with Mexico's medium-wave stations, shortwave reception is best during the evening hours, after 0000 GMT (7:00 p.m. EST).

Rough But Ready. A more exotic, but distinctly harder, way to log Mexico is on the TV and FM bands. On these very high fre-

(Continued on page 106)

MEXICAN SHORTWAVE STATIONS

kHz.	Call	Station Name	Location
2160	XEVJ	Radifusora XEVJ	Chilpancingo, Gro.
2380	XESE	Sta. de Educacion Publica	Samachique, Chih.
4820	XEJG	Gobierno del Est. de Jalisco	Guadalajara, Jal.
6010	XEOI	Radio Mil	Mexico, D.F.
6020	XEUW	El Eco de Sotavento	Veracruz, Ver.
6045	XEXO	Radio Universidad	San Luis Potosi, S.L.P.
6065	XEXG	Radiodifusora Mexico	Leon, Gto.
6090*	XECMT	Radio Mante	Ciudad Mante, Tams.
6105	XEOM	Radio Yucatan	Merida, Yuc.
6115	XEUDS	Radio Universidae de Sonora	Hermosillo, Son.
6120	XETS	Radio Tapachula	Tapachula, Chis.
6185	XEWW	La Voz de la America Latina	Mexico, D.F.
6185	XEICM	La Voz del Maestro	Mexico, D.F.
9515	XEWW	La Voz de la America Latina	Mexico, D.F.
9534*	XERM	Radio Mexico	Mexico, D.F.
9545	XECT	La Voz de Veracruz	Veracruz, Ver.
9555	XEQK	La Hora Exacta	Mexico, D.F.
9600	XEYU	Radio Universidad	Mexico, D.F.
11,718*	XERM	Radio Mexico	Mexico, D.F.
11,740	XEMP	La Charrita del Cuadrante	Mexico, D.F.
11,820	XEBR	El Heraldito de Sonora	Hermosillo, Son.
11,880	XEHH	Radiodifusora Comerciales	Mexico, D.F.
15,110	XERR	Radiodifusora Comerciales	Mexico, D.F.

*Frequency varies



QSL from Mexico City's XEB.



HAM TRAFFIC DE W7DQS

by MARSHALL LINCOLN

Why DXCC Is Only The Beginning

LOOKING for a new award? Some hams, after making WAS, DXCC, and a bushel of county awards, seem to think they've conquered the world. They sort of slack off, as if there's nothing more worthy of their efforts. Actually, they're just beginning but haven't realized it.

For a new challenge, have you ever tried to get into the "A-1 Operator Club?" This is not something you apply for, or something you automatically obtain just by racking up a big score in a contest, or accumulating a tall stack of QSL cards. To become a member of the A-1 Operator Club, you just do one thing—*become an A-1 operator!*

Recognition that you have reached this level of competence will come when you are observed by other members of the Club and been nominated by at least two of them. They base their judgment on four basic items: 1) general keying and voice considerations, 2) correct use of operation procedures, 3) copying ability, and 4) judgment and courtesy.

Becoming a member isn't easy. But the honor is to be highly valued since it shows that the member has been recognized by other highly-qualified hams on the basis of his ability and on-the-air behavior and respect for his fellow hams. It's a goal for all of us to strive for. With each new member, ham radio is elevated another notch.

Let's Go To The Movies. *The movie* in this instance is called "Ham's Wide World," and it's a fascinating, well-organized 30-minute color film all about ham radio. You just might see it on your local TV station, or at a meeting of a civic group in your home town. And if it hasn't been shown there, you can help see to it that it is.

This film was produced by a professional film company hired by the ARRL as a public relations effort on behalf of ham radio. The folks involved did a really fine job. It's intended for showing to the general public—to people who have heard of ham radio, but never understood what it's all about.

All the actors are ordinary hams, going about all the things that hams across the country do. Narration is by two active hams who are well known to the general public: Barry Goldwater, K7UGA, and Arthur Godfrey, K4LIB.

Ham activities shown in the film include Field Day, DX rag chewing, technical experimenting, mobile operating, disaster communications, GI phone patches, and others. Each is explained in easily understandable, accurate terms. The narrative style should hold the attention of most anyone, regardless of his interest in the technical aspects of hamming.

If you want to help promote the advantages and value of ham radio among the general public, contact ARRL headquarters at Newington, Conn. 06111, or your own district ARRL director. A little effort on your part, and you should be able to arrange for a showing to a public-meeting or on your local TV station.

Never Too Old. A letter from W9DIW comments on a previous Ham Traffic column in which I pointed out how ham radio benefits from those hams who make an extra effort to help their fellow hams. He says he knows firsthand what a wonderful thing that is. At the age of 67, W9DIW has obtained his Advanced Class license, thanks to W9SFU, who assisted a small group of fel-

(Continued on page 101)



PHONE-FEEDING GOLDIE

What to do when a vacation beckons and you can't find a living soul who's willing to feed your pet goldfish? O Problem, thy name is Pitilessness! Or is it? For if Rube Goldberg were around . . .

One answer, as shown in our photos, is the creation of England's Stan Lewis (above). What Stan did was to fix a supply of fish food to the top of a flexible bar at-

tached to the side of the tank. This done, he ran a string from the bar to the hammer of his telephone bell and adjusted it so that ringing phone caused bar to shake and shaking bar caused fish food to fall.

When last heard from Stan was still on holiday. And Goldie, meanwhile, was munching merrily away. O Problem, thou art Powerless!—*Joe Gronk* ■



Under ever-present spell of gravity, fish food falls ever downward, unencumbered by resistance of air. Actuator is clapper of phone, which electrons cause to ring.

With bottom of phone removed, string can be seen running between clapper and bar. Not known is effect of Stan's friends' calls on gorgeous Goldie's gorging.



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If you served since January 31, 1955, or are in service, check GI line in postage-free card.



*Earn \$5 or more an hour
spare or full time in*

TV-RADIO SERVICING

Color Television has arrived. Sales are soaring, along with the continuing popularity of other home entertainment equipment like portable radios, tape recorders, hi-fi sets, phonographs and auto radios. TV-Radio servicing is one of your best routes to spare-time earnings, a good paying job or a business of your own. NRI not only trains you quickly and expertly, but also shows you how to get started in Servicing soon after you enroll, earning as you learn. NRI trains you in today's methods of installing and repairing all Electronic equipment for the home—including booming Color TV. You even build, experiment with and keep to enjoy your own solid-state radio and your choice of black-and-white or Color TV receiver. Like thousands of others, you can be earning \$5 or more an hour extra in spare time starting soon.

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The experience you gain from intensely practical NRI training in Complete Communications equals as much as two years of training on the job. With NRI, you can train for a choice of careers ranging from mobile, marine and aviation radio to TV broadcasting and space communications. You learn how to install, maintain and operate today's remarkable transmitting and receiving equipment by actually *doing* it. You build and experiment with test equipment, like a VTVM you keep. You build and operate amplifier circuits, transmission line and antenna systems, even build and use a phone-cw transmitter suitable for transmission on the 80-meter amateur band. Whichever of five NRI Communications courses you choose, you prepare for your FCC License exams, and you must pass your FCC exams or NRI refunds your tuition in full.

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YOU GET MORE FOR YOUR MONEY FROM NRI— Build, test, explore, discover. Everything you see here is included in one NRI course—including Color TV. Other courses equally complete. And you'll be surprised at the low tuition costs. Text for text, kit for kit, dollar for dollar—you get more for your money from NRI.



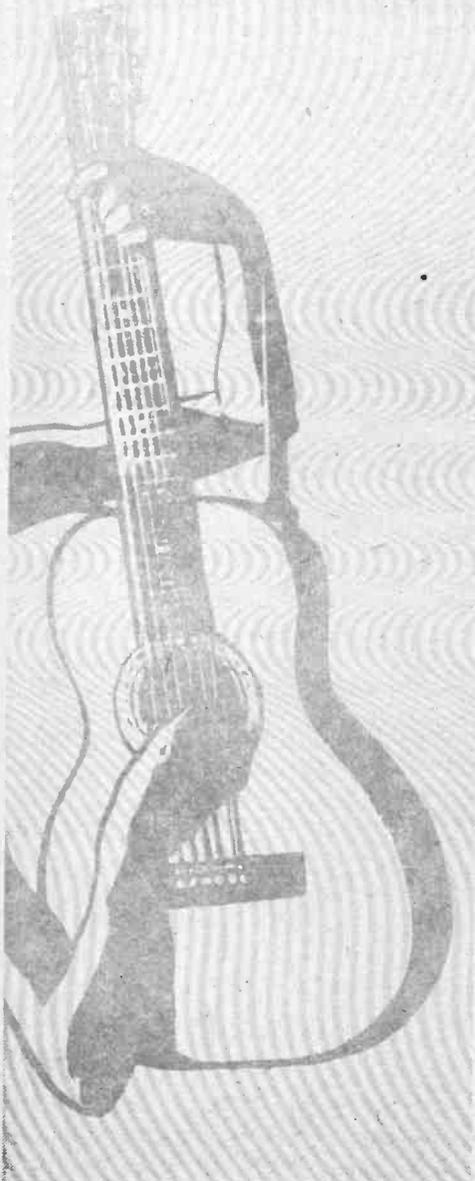
UNIUNCTION tremolo

Adds Rock Beat to Your Guitar

by Steve Daniels, WB2GIF

THE mournful throbbing and fast go-go effects that can be produced by an electronic tremolo make it a favorite instrument of rock groups to add interest to the sound of a guitar or organ. Unfortunately, many of these devices now commercially available produce a thumpy or choppy effect because the sound is modulated by heavy or sharp pulses. Most amps, especially bass amps, don't have a built-in tremolo circuit: therefore, our Unijunction Tremolo adds this refinement to help make your group an outstanding one.

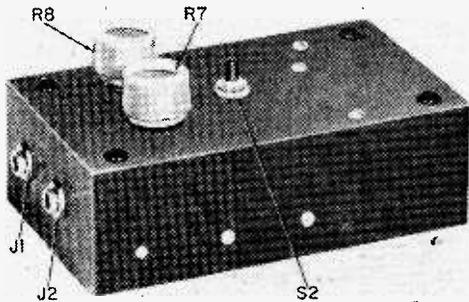
How It Works. The basic unit of our Tremolo is a low-speed relaxation oscillator built around Q1, a unijunction transistor. Resistors R1 and R2 limit the fast and slow rates. Positive pulses, appearing on b1 of the UJT are coupled to the base of Q2, a common emitter amplifier, via C2 and R7. Lamp I1 is connected to the collector of Q2, which is slightly forward biased by R5. The lamp flashes on and off, following the pulses created by Q1. The thermal lag, inherent in incandescent lamps, reduces the thumping effect. Lamp I1 excites photocell PC1, charging capacitor C3. PC1 and C3 are connected to the output of the musical instrument (guitar, organ, etc.) and the input of the amplifier. As C3 is discharged across the input



UNIUNCTION tremolo

to the amplifier it momentarily bypasses the musical instrument output to ground. Each flash of the lamp recharges the capacitor, thus producing the smooth tremolo effect.

Although total current drain of the Tremolo is quite small (it actually could be operated from a 9-volt transistor radio battery with relatively long battery life) we have included a self-contained power supply to permit operation directly from the AC



Here's operating panel of our Uniunction Tremolo. Switch S2 lets you turn off tremolo effect anytime you want just plain old music without benefit of trembling tremolo.

power line. In the schematic we show where the battery is connected in the event you may prefer operating your Tremolo from a battery. Initial cost for the battery-operated version is less than for the power line operated one.

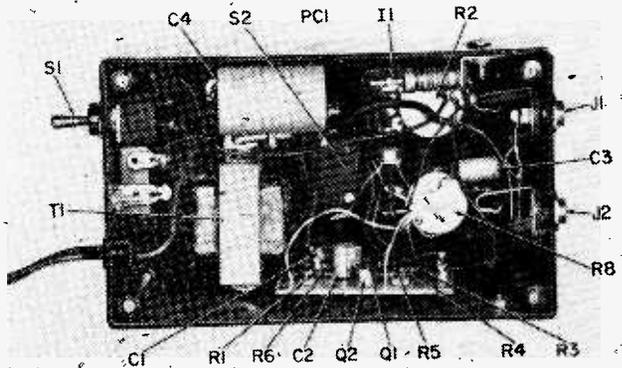
You must admit there's lots of parts crammed inside our box. After all, we do need a power supply as well as the UJT circuitry and photocell control unit. Photocell is suspended in space about an inch from lamp I1. Connection leads of photocell are stiff enough to hold it in position.

Let's Make It. In spite of the fact that we built a 117-V, 50-60 Hz power supply into the unit, we were able to house the Tremolo in a small (3¼ x 6¼ x 2-in.) plastic instrument case. The power supply is assembled in one third of the plastic box, leaving the balance of the space available for the electronic portion. Transistors, coupling capacitors, and resistors are mounted on a 1¼ x 2½-in. piece of perfboard, which is fastened to one of the side walls inside the case. Flea clips or push pins are used to mount these components and make connections to them.

Exciter lamp I1 is fastened to the opposite side wall and jacks J1 and J2 are mounted on one end. Photocell PC1 is self-supporting on its pigtailed and is positioned about an inch or inch-and-a-half away from its exciter lamp I1. For best results, you may have to push it around and/or vary the distance from the lamp by bending the leads. Mount power switch S1 on the end opposite to that holding the jacks and also drill a hole in this end for the power cord.

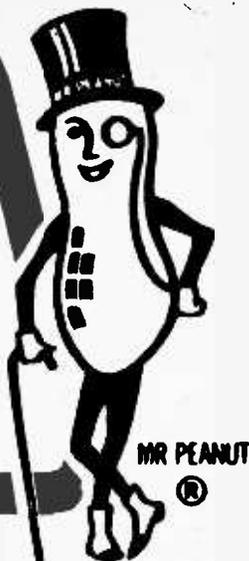
Potentiometers R2 and R7, as well as switch S2, are mounted on the base (which thereby converts it to be the front panel) of the plastic box, conveniently grouped nearer the end of the box holding the jacks. Power transformer T1 is mounted on the base of the plastic box as far as possible away from the input jacks, as are tie strips for holding rectifier diode D1, R9, C4, and power cord.

Preliminary check. Before tightening down the perfboard you will want to check out the flashing rate of exciter lamp I1. As stated earlier, the upper and lower limits of speed of oscillation (frequency) of the relaxation oscillator can be changed by varying the value of R1 for high rate, and R6



NutZee

A taste treat
for your ears!



by Capt. James E. Lockridge

Now you can install speakers everywhere in your home for less than a buck each—providing that you can be talked into eating a certain brand of peanuts. NutZee, our super-cheap speaker, goes together in 10 to 15 minutes and provides outstanding fidelity and volume considering its size and cost. NutZees can be hooked into your stereo system or used as simple auxiliary speakers for your personal radio or transistor portable. The author happily uses his with a Roberts 770X tape recorder and also with a table radio.

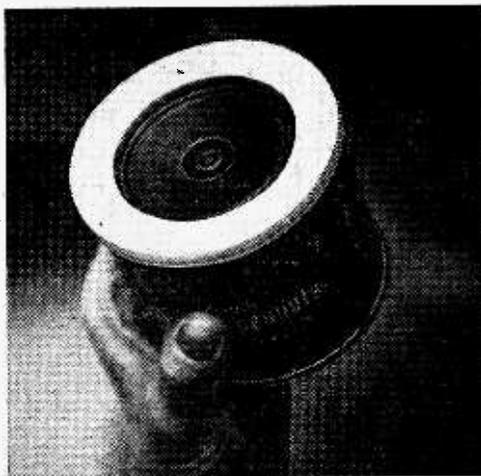
What It Is. Heart of our NutZee is a 2½-in. dia. transistor radio replacement speaker. This is cleverly mounted inside a Planters peanut can, serving the dual role of an effective baffle and enclosure for the speaker. The entire assembly is fitted with a subminiature phone jack; NutZee goes anywhere in your home. And finally, it needs only a length of zip cord to your music system before you lean back and enjoy it.

How to Make It. First step is to solder a 10-in. length of zip cord to the speaker lugs. Then, place the speaker face down on the middle of the plastic cover top (supplied with every can of Planters) and trace the circumference of the speaker on the plastic with a ballpoint pen. Next, remove the speaker and carefully draw another circle ⅛-in. smaller inside the first one.

Using the point of a pair of scissors, punch a hole in the center of the plastic. Carefully cut your way to the inner circle;

cut it out, and what you're left with is a ⅛-in. lip for mounting the speaker. Use a good brand of epoxy cement—the kind where you have to mix tubes A and B—and cement the speaker to the plastic top. Put the plastic top-speaker assembly aside to dry. While the epoxy compound is curing is a good time to mount the jack in the can.

(The plastic-top/speaker assembly will later be snapped into place on the peanut can so make sure that in mounting the speaker to the plastic you join them on the correct side. This is the one where the out-



Here's NutZee before finishing touches are applied. For effect, try painting plastic top matte black. Your friends will search high-and-low trying to find camouflaged NutZee!

NutZee

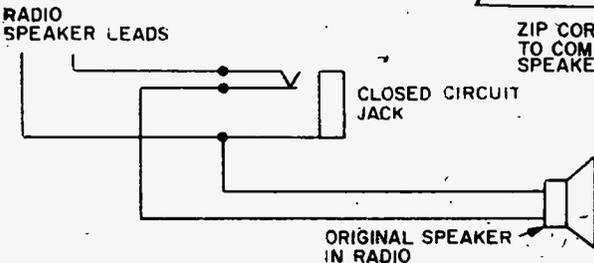


NutZee's major ingredients. Cloth covers speaker/plastic top assembly on author's NutZee; this pretties up NutZee and protects speaker cone from dust and prying fingers.

side flange of the plastic is facing towards the speaker.)

Drill a clearance hole $\frac{1}{2}$ -in. from the can bottom. Next, deburr the edge of the hole with a round file so the jack will mount cleanly. After the jack has been installed, you're ready to solder the speaker leads to it. Snap the plastic-top/speaker assembly into place and you're all set to finish NutZee.

NutZee can either be spray painted or covered with vinyl contact paper. Whichever you use, there are many colors and patterns to choose from to suit the decor of your home.



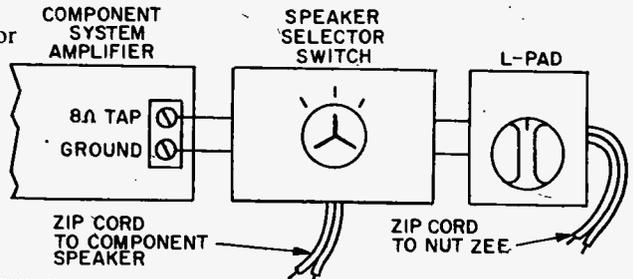
PARTS LIST FOR NUTZEE

- 1—2½-in. dia., 8-ohm loudspeaker (Lafayette 99E60386 or equiv.)
- 1—6¼-oz. size Planters peanuts can with plastic snap top
- 1—Subminiature open circuit phone jack (Lafayette 99E62119 or equiv.)
- 1—Subminiature phone plug (Lafayette 99E62101 as required, or equiv.)
- 1—8-ohm L-pad (Lafayette 99T6134 or equiv.)
- 1—Remote speaker switch (see text)
- Misc.—Zip cord, paint or vinyl, epoxy, solder, etc.

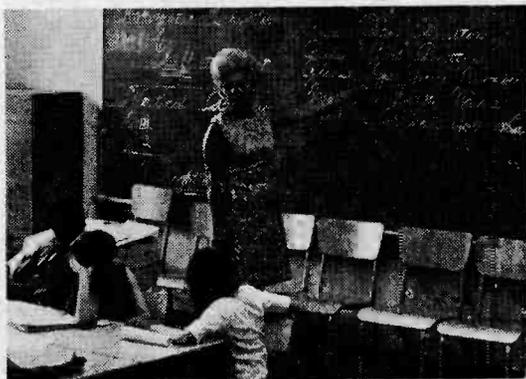
Broadening Your Music. You'll want to use your NutZees as auxiliary speakers for your table radios, or your stereo system. But first a word of caution. Do *not* use your NutZees with an AC/DC radio; a shock hazard may be present and could prove lethal. Some stereo systems have a couple of jacks marked *aux. speakers*. These jacks, when used with mating phone connectors, will disconnect the manufacturer's speakers from the set and give you the freedom to connect other external speakers.

After you've found a good place to put NutZee, solder the appropriate phone plugs to suitable lengths of zip cord. Make sure that the power is *off* when plugging or unplugging any speaker, since the transients caused may damage the output tubes or transistors in the set.

To use your NutZees with a personal radio (*not* an AC/DC set) or a portable, follow the same procedure and again make sure that the radio is turned off when NutZee is plugged in or out. If your radio has no jack for an external or auxiliary speaker connection, then you'll have to wire
(Continued on page 102)

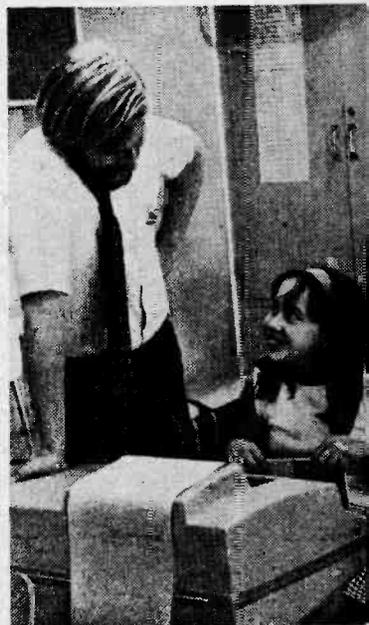


Two ways to hook up NutZee. Above, those with component systems need two-way speaker selector switch and L-pad. Left, playing NutZee through personal radio requires closed-circuit jack. Wire as shown.

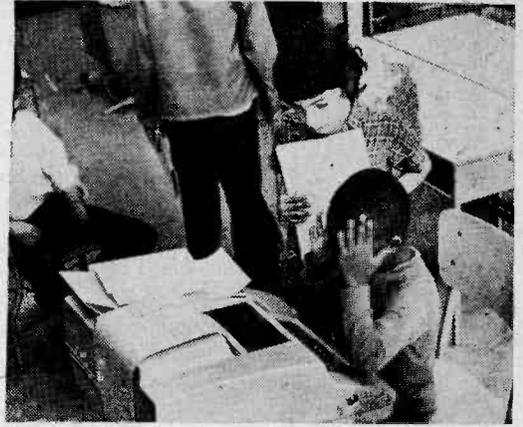
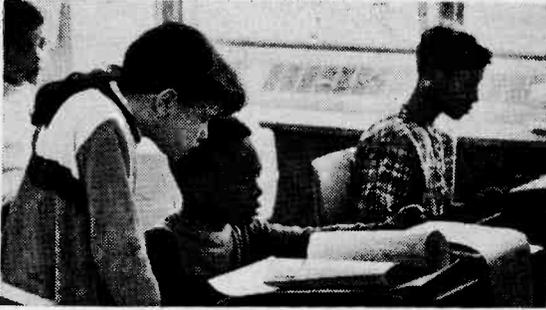


COMPUTERS VS. TEACHERS

Originally intended as another tool to aid the teacher, the computer now threatens to replace him as well. Item: over 3000 pupils now find themselves mug-to-readout panel with a computer in New York City's elementary schools. Called Computer Assisted Instruction (CAI), the system brings modern technology to the aid of the teacher. It consists of 192 student terminals (i.e., teletype machines) connected by special lines to an RCA Spectra 70/45 computer located in midtown



COMPUTERS vs. TEACHERS



Manhattan. Currently programmed only for teaching arithmetic, the computer sends out drill problems, judges the pupils' answers, and records their scores, all in a split second. In essence the computer is the brains—teacher, if you will—of the system.

According to the Central Computer Facility, installers of the CAI machines, they are designed "to ask the student a question hard enough to make him work, but not too hard for him to answer, and based on the student's previous performance. The computer selects the appropriate level of difficulty for each student and guides him on an individual path of learning. Each student receives daily lessons geared to his own progress and learning ability."

Way in which a student takes a lesson is described by the company, "When a student's turn comes to run the system he goes to a convenient terminal and pecks out a number and his first name on the terminal keyboard. The system then identifies the student and confirms it by typing out his family name. In a split second the computer checks its memory stores, determines from the student's previous performance what

lesson he is to study, and begins the day's lesson. As the student answers the problems or questions given him, the system helps him correct his errors, giving him a second chance, and ends the lesson by telling him how well he did. Each lesson lasts for 8 to 12 minutes and the student tears off the graded lesson, or printout, to keep."

How do the pupils take to this new teacher? Some flip over it like flipping were going out of style, others remain stolidly unmoved. According to Cornelius Butler, director of the CAI program, "It's silly to think that there's any sort of alienation between pupil and machine. The kids know they are working with a machine and they're enthusiastic about it. One reason is that they seem to know intuitively that this is a fair system, that there is no possibility of partiality or favoritism."

He concludes by saying that "In 25 years every urban community will have at least one computer project where kids can have access to files of information on any subject, and will use satellites to convey this information. But no matter how far we go, we'll always need teachers." ■



WHITE'S RADIO LOG

An up-to-date Directory of North American AM, FM, and TV Stations, including special sections on World-Wide Shortwave Stations and Emergency Stations for Selected Areas

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WHITE'S RADIO LOG

U. S. AM Stations by Location

Listing Indicates stations on the air up to February 14, 1970

Location	C.L.	kHz	Location	C.L.	kHz	Location	C.L.	kHz
Abbeville, Ala.	WARI	1480	Ambridge, Pa.	KRAY	1360	Bath, Maine	WJTD	730
Abbeville, La.	KROF	960	Americus, Ga.	WMBM	1660	Bath, N.Y.	WFSR	1580
Abbeville, S.C.	WABY	1590		WDEC	1290	Baton Rouge, La.	WAIL	1260
Aberdeen, Md.	WAMD	970	Ames, Iowa	WISK	1390		WLUX	1550
Aberdeen, Miss.	WMPA	1240		KASI	1430		WYNK	1380
Aberdeen, S. Dak.	KSDN	950	Amherst, Mass.	WTTT	1430		WYBK	1300
	KABR	1420	Amherst, N.S.	CKDN	1400		WJBO	1150
	KXRO	1320	Amherst, N.Y.	WUFO	1080		WLCS	910
	KXRD	1450	Amite, La.	WABL	1570		WXOK	1460
	KXRU	1350	Amory, Miss.	WAMY	1580		WBCK	930
	KXRV	1420	Amsterdam, N.Y.	WKOL	1570		WKFR	1400
	KXRW	1370	Anaconda, Mont.	WCSS	1490		WYOV	1500
	KXRX	1470	Anacortes, Wash.	KAGT	1340		WUFE	1260
	KXRY	1320	Anaheim, Calif.	KEZY	1190		KNFT	950
	KXZZ	1450	Anchorage, Alaska	KBYP	1270		WBCM	1440
	KYAB	1340		KQFD	750		WXOK	1260
	KYAC	1340		KENI	550		WJCT	1270
	KYAD	1340		KAR	580		WBCA	1110
	KYAE	1340		KYAK	650		WLuz	1600
	KYAF	1340		WCTA	920		WRSJ	1560
	KYAG	1340		WAAO	1530		WKBA	1360
	KYAH	1340		KMRE	1580		WBNR	1260
	KYAI	1340		WHUT	1470		WVBS	790
	KYAJ	1340		WHU	1240		KBWE	790
	KYAK	1340		WAIM	1230		WBMA	1400
	KYAL	1340		WANS	1280		WBUE	960
	KYAM	1340		WACS	1280		WSIB	1480
	KYAN	1340		WAGT	1190		KLVI	560
	KYAO	1340		WYRE	810		KVTV	1450
	KYAP	1340		WNAE	180		KJKT	1380
	KYAQ	1340		WNAI	180		KTRM	990
	KYAR	1340		WNAJ	180		WBVE	1430
	KYAS	1340		WNAK	180		WBVP	1230
	KYAT	1340		WNAI	180		WJLS	560
	KYAU	1340		WNAJ	180		WVCR	990
	KYAV	1340		WNAK	180		WVNR	820
	KYAW	1340		WNAI	180		WBFW	1340
	KYAX	1340		WNAJ	180		WBFD	1310
	KYAY	1340		WNAK	180		WBFL	1350
	KYAZ	1340		WNAI	180		KIBL	1490
	KYBA	1340		WNAJ	180		WVSR	520
	KYBB	1340		WNAK	180		KBMS	860
	KYBC	1340		WNAI	180		WBFE	1230
	KYBD	1340		WNAJ	180		KBVW	630
	KYBE	1340		WNAK	180		WQMP	1290
	KYBF	1340		WNAI	180		WVOT	1390
	KYBG	1340		WNAJ	180		WBFL	970
	KYBH	1340		WNAK	180		KBFS	1450
	KYBI	1340		WNAI	180		WSWN	900
	KYBJ	1340		WNAJ	180		CBJQ	900
	KYBK	1340		WNAK	180		WBVB	1260
	KYBL	1340		WNAI	180		KBVU	1540
	KYBM	1340		WNAJ	180		KPUG	1700
	KYBN	1340		WNAK	180		KGMI	790
	KYBO	1340		WNAI	180		KBQT	1550
	KYBP	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFW	930
	KYBQ	1340		WNAK	180		WCBC	1270
	KYBR	1340		WNAI	180		WGEZ	1490
	KYBS	1340		WNAJ	180		WBFB	1380
	KYBT	1340		WNAK	180		WHFB	390
	KYBU	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	1460
	KYBV	1340		WNAJ	180		KBUN	1450
	KYBW	1340		WNAK	180		KBND	1110
	KYBX	1340		WNAI	180		KBRL	940
	KYBY	1340		WNAJ	180		WBSC	1550
	KYBZ	1340		WNAK	180		WBTN	1370
	KYCA	1340		WNAI	180		KBMO	1290
	KYCB	1340		WNAJ	180		KBWB	1130
	KYCC	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYCD	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYCE	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYCF	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYCG	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYCH	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYCI	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYCK	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYCL	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYCM	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYCN	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYCO	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYCP	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYCQ	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYCR	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYCS	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYCT	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYCU	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYCV	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYCW	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYCX	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYCY	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYDZ	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYEA	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYEB	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYEC	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYED	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYEE	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYEF	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KYEG	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KYEH	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KYEI	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY EJ	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY EK	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY EL	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY EM	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY EN	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY EO	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY EP	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY EQ	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY ER	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY ES	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY ET	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY EU	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY EV	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY EW	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY EX	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY EY	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY EZ	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FA	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FB	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY FC	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FD	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FE	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY FF	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FG	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FH	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY FI	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FJ	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FK	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY FL	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FM	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FN	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY FO	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FP	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FQ	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY FR	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FS	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FT	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY FU	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FV	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FW	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY FX	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY FY	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY FZ	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY GA	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY GB	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY GC	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY GD	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY GE	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY GF	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY GH	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY GI	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY GJ	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY GK	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY GL	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY GM	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY GN	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890
	KY GO	1340		WNAI	180		KBFB	890
	KY GP	1340		WNAJ	180		KBFB	890
	KY GQ	1340		WNAK	180		KBFB	890

Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz																																												
Birmingham, Ala.	WAPI 1070 WBRC 960 WCRT 1260 WAQY 1220 WENN 1320 WATV 900 WSGN 610 WYDE 850 WVOK 690 KSUN 1230 KSNL 1230 WAGS 1380 KFYR 550 KBMR 1350.	Bristol, Tenn.	WOPI 1490 WYB 1550 WCYB 690 WFGH 980 WADD 1560 WBET 1460 WOKW 1410 CFJR 1450 KCNJ 1280 KBHM 1220 WINE 940 WCHJ 1470 WJMB 1340 KBYI 910 KBRK 1430 WUNR 1600 WODI 1230 WVJB 1450 KKUB 1300 WAGP 1310 WBHT 1520 KBOR 1600 KBWD 1380 KEAN 1240 WGIA 1440 WVGG 1480 WYNR 790 WCME 900 WTRI 1520 WBNO 1520 KORA 1240 WBHN 1590 WBCU 1460 WBYU 1460 WBYN 930 WYSL 1400 WEBR 970 WGR 550 WKBW 1520 WHD 1220 KBBS 1450 WDYZ 1460 KBBO 1500 WPGF 1470 KJWE 800 KBAR 1230 KNBA 1140 KBUR 1490 KYND 1120 WBBB 950 WBAJ 1150.	Bristol, Va.	WOPJ 1490 WYB 1550 WCYB 690 WFGH 980 WADD 1560 WBET 1460 WOKW 1410 CFJR 1450 KCNJ 1280 KBHM 1220 WINE 940 WCHJ 1470 WJMB 1340 KBYI 910 KBRK 1430 WUNR 1600 WODI 1230 WVJB 1450 KKUB 1300 WAGP 1310 WBHT 1520 KBOR 1600 KBWD 1380 KEAN 1240 WGIA 1440 WVGG 1480 WYNR 790 WCME 900 WTRI 1520 WBNO 1520 KORA 1240 WBHN 1590 WBCU 1460 WBYU 1460 WBYN 930 WYSL 1400 WEBR 970 WGR 550 WKBW 1520 WHD 1220 KBBS 1450 WDYZ 1460 KBBO 1500 WPGF 1470 KJWE 800 KBAR 1230 KNBA 1140 KBUR 1490 KYND 1120 WBBB 950 WBAJ 1150.	Carbondale, Ill.	KZYM 1220 KGM0 1550 WCIL 1020 WCOL 1440 WFST 600 WHL 960 WV 1000 KAVE 1240 KBAD 740 KCCC 930 KRML 1410 WROY 1460 Carnegie, Pa. Caro, Mich. Carolina, P.R. Carrington, N.Dak. Carrizo Springs, Tex.	Cheektowaga, N.Y.	WNIA 1230 KITI 1420 KOTI 1250 WRE 1420 WCBL 1590 KCHE 1440 WCPK 1600 KSGM 980 WEZJ 1950 WRE 740 WCGD 1490 WIKI 1410 WCTR 1530 KFBC 1240 KCGO 1590 KRAE 1480 KWYO 1370 WAIT 820 WBBM 770 WCFL 1000 WEDC 1240 KGN 720 WGRF 950 WIND 560 WJJD 1160 WLS 890 WMAQ 670 WMB 1060 WUS 1390 WABC 2420 WMPF 1470 WCGO 1600 KWGO 1560 KHSJ 1290 WBOB 740 WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chicago, Ill.	WBMS 1350 WFGW 1010 WUIS 1260 KBLL 690 WKEK 1430 WBSG 1350 WKLW 1440 KLOR 1580 KARI 550 WBBK 1260 KUTA 730 KTN 1200 WTTT 1370 WCNR 930 WHLM 550 WKMK 1000 KBWE 1560 WHIS 1440 WKAT 1240 KYOB 1450 KLCN 910 WBSA 1300 WSBR 740 WIKC 920 KATN 950 KBOI 670 KEST 790 KGEEM 1140 KIDJ 630 WKEZ 740 KBLR 1130 WBOL 1560 KFYN 1420 KWBG 1590 WATA 1450 WBNI 1540 WBIP 1400 KWRT 1370 WBRV 900 KHUZ 1490 KBBS 1030 WCOP 1150 WOLD 1090 WEZE 1260 WEEI 590 WHDH 850 WIO 1410 WRKO 680 WRYT 500 KBOL 1490 KBAN 1410 WKRT 1330 WBGH 1340 WLBJ 1410 KPCR 1530 WMGS 730 KXL 1450 KBMN 1230 WPCG 1580 WLOA 1550 WMHI 1370 WTRL 1490 WBRD 1420 WESB 1480 KNE 1490 KLIZ 1380 KVBR 1340 WVRN 970 KBHM 1220 KPCG 1380 WTSA 1450 WKVT 1490 KROP 1390 WVCM 1380 KBMW 1450 KSTB 1430 WVCC 1440 KBRO 1490 KWHI 1280 WPNF 1240 WFUT 1510 WBJ 2400 WBTS 1480 WICC 600 WDJZ 1530 WNAH 1450 WSNJ 1240 KUB 800 KBRN 800 KBRI 1570 WBIS 1470.	Chicago Hgts., Ill.	WMPF 1470 WCGO 1600 KWGO 1560 KHSJ 1290 WBOB 740 WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickasha, Okla.	KWGO 1560 KHSJ 1290 WBOB 740 WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chico, Calif.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX 1490 WBHT 1248 WBGC 1248 WJJJ 1260 WSTX 979 WMOG 1268 WCKY 1530 WCIN 1480 WKRC 550 WLW 706 WSA 1305 WBE 830 WZIP 1050 WKFL 980 WCRN 990 WTSV 1230 WKR 1270 WVCH 1300 WBOY 1400 WHAR 1340 WPDX 750 WROX 1450 WV 1600 KLYR 1360 WJZM 1400 WDXN 540 KCAR 1350 WCLA 1470 WV 1570 KXLW 1400 KFUO 850 KLMX 1450 WCPA 900 WTAN 1340 WAZE 860 WCLE 1128 WCCP 1560 WRWH 1350 WCLD 1490 WDSK 1410 WKY 1170 WIXY 1260 WERE 1300 WGAR 1220 WHK 1420 WBAQ 1500 WV 858	Chickopee, Mass.	WACE 930 WLGH 940 KCTX 1510 KCHJ 1018 WBEX

WHITE'S RADIO LOG

Location	C.L.	kHz
Cochran, Ga.	WVMG	1440
Cocoa, Fla.	WKGO	860
	WEZY	1510
	WBCB	1510
Cocoa Beach, Fla.	WRKT	1300
Cody, Wyo.	KODI	1400
Coeur d'Alene, Ida.	KVNI	1240
Coffeyville, Kans.	KGGF	690
Colby, Kans.	KKXG	790
Coldwater, Mich.	WTYB	1590
Coleman, Tex.	KSTA	1000
Colefax, Wash.	KCLX	1450
College Park, Ga.	WSSA	1570
College Station, Tex.	WTAW	1150
Collinsville, Tenn.	WPFB	1590
Collinsville, Va.	WFIC	1530
Colonial Heights, Va.	WPVA	1290
Colorado City, Tex.	KVMC	1320
Colo. Sprngs., Colo.	KRPD	1240
	KPKK	580
	KVOR	1300
	KSSS	740
	KYSN	1480
	KRYT	1530
	WAIN	1270
Columbia, Ky.	KCTO	1540
Columbia, La.	WCJU	1450
Columbia, Miss.	WFFF	1360
	KFRU	1400
	KTRG	1580
	WTVY	1580
Columbia, Pa.	WCOS	1490
Columbia, S.C.	WIS	560
	WOIC	1320
	WNOK	1230
	WXKL	1470
	WYVJ	1280
Columbia, Tenn.	WKRM	1340
	WDAK	540
	WRBL	1420
	WHYB	1270
	WCL	1580
	WKKS	340
	WPXN	1460
Columbus, Ind.	WCST	1010
Columbus, Miss.	WACR	1050
	WCBI	550
	KJSK	1510
Columbus, Nebr.	WBNS	1460
	WCOL	1230
	WMNI	920
	WOSU	820
	WTVN	610
	WYKO	1580
Colville, Wash.	KCVL	1270
Comanche, Tex.	KCOM	1550
Commerce, Ga.	WJJC	1270
Comond, Calif.	KWUN	1480
Comond, N.H.	WKX	1450
Comond, N.C.	WEGO	1410
Concordia, Kans.	KNCK	1390
Conneaut, Ohio	WWOW	1360
Connellsville, Pa.	WCVI	1340
Connersville, Ind.	WCNB	1580
Conroe, Tex.	KMCO	900
Conway, Ark.	KCON	1230
	KVEE	1330
Conway, N.H.	WBNC	1050
Conway, S.C.	WLAT	1330
Cookeville, Tenn.	WVW	1400
	WPTN	1550
Coolidge, Ariz.	KCKY	1150
Coos Bay, Ore.	KOOS	1230
	KYNG	1420
Copper Hill, Tenn.	WLSB	1400
Couville, Ore.	WVW	630
Coral Gables, Fla.	WRIZ	1550
	WVCG	1080
Corbin, Ky.	WCTT	680
	WYGO	1330
Cordova, Alaska	WMIN	1450
Corinth, Miss.	WCMA	1230
	WKCU	1350
Cornelia, Ga.	WCOC	1450
Corning, Ark.	KCCB	1260
Corning, N.Y.	WCBA	1350
	WCJJ	1450
Corning, N.Y.	WWLE	1170
Corona, Cal.	KREL	1370
Corpus Christi, Tex.	KCTA	1030
	KCCT	1150
	KEYS	1440
	KRYS	1360
	KSIX	1230
	KUNO	1400
Corry, Pa.	WOTR	1370

Location	C.L.	kHz
Corvallis, Ore.	KAND	1340
	KVFC	740
Cortez, Colo.	WKRT	920
Cortland, N.Y.	KLOO	1340
Corvallis, Ore.	KFLY	1240
	KOAA	550
Corydon, Ind.	WPDF	1550
Coshocton, Ohio	WTNS	1560
Cottage Grove, Ore.	KNND	1400
Cottonwood, Ariz.	KVRD	1240
	KVIO	1600
Coudersport, Pa.	WFRM	600
Council Bluffs, Iowa	KRCB	1560
Courtenay, B.C.	CFCP	1440
Covington, Ga.	WGFS	1430
Covington, Ky.	WCLU	1320
Covington, La.	WABR	730
Covington, Tenn.	WKBL	1250
Covington, Va.	WKEY	1340
Cowan, Tenn.	WZYX	1440
Cozad, Neb.	KAMI	1580
Craig, Colo.	KRAI	550
Crane, Tex.	KCRB	1380
	KBSN	970
Crawfordsville, Ind.	WCVL	1550
Crescent City, Calif.	KPLY	1240
	KPOD	1310
Creston, Iowa	KSIB	1250
Crestview, Fla.	WCNU	1010
	WJSB	1050
	WSVS	800
Crockett, Tex.	KIVY	1290
Crookston, Minn.	KROX	1260
Crookston, Ark.	KCAH	800
Crossville, Tenn.	WAEW	1330
	WCSY	1520
	KSIG	1450
Crowley, La.	WPED	810
Crozet, Va.	WVFS	650
Crystal Lake, Ill.	KCFH	1600
Cullman, Ala.	WFMH	1460
	WKUL	1340
Culpeper, Va.	WCVA	1490
Cumberland, Ky.	WCMP	1280
Cumberland, Md.	WCUM	1230
	WUOG	1270
	WTGO	1450
Cummings, Ga.	WSNE	1410
Cushing, Okla.	KUSH	1660
Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio	WCUE	1150
Cypress Gardens, Fla.	WGTO	540
	WGCN	1400
Cynthiana, Ky.	WDCE	1350
Dade City, Fla.	WDVC	1350
Dadeville, Ala.	WDVC	910
Daisenberg, Tex.	KJH	1560
Dalhart, Tex.	KXIT	1400
Dallas, N.C.	WAAK	960
Dallas, Ore.	KROW	1460
Dallas, Tex.	KRLD	1080
	KIXL	1040
	KSKY	960
	KLIF	1190
	WFAA	570
	WFAA	820
	KBOB	1480
	WRR	1510
	WBJJ	1230
	WRCD	1480
	WTTI	1530
Danbury, Conn.	WLAD	800
Danville, Ill.	WDAN	1490
	WTHR	1230
Danville, Ky.	WPGM	1570
Danville, Pa.	WBTM	1330
	WYPR	970
	WDVA	1250
	WLA	1580
Dardanelle, Ark.	KCAB	980
Darlington, S.C.	WDAB	1350
Davenport, Iowa	WOC	1420
	KWNT	1580
	KSTT	1170
Dawson, Ga.	WDWJ	990
Dayton, Ohio	WHIO	1290
	WING	1410
	WONE	980
	WAVI	1210
	WDNT	1280
Dayton, Tenn.	WDBB	1150
Daytona Beach, Fla.	WVWF	1450
	WBOD	1340
Deadwood, S.Dak.	KDSJ	980
Dearborn, Mich.	WKNR	1310
Deatur, Ala.	WHOS	800
	WAFJ	1490
	WMSL	1400
Deatur-Atlanta, Ga.	KGUN	1010
	WOMR	1310
	WDZ	1050
Deatur, Ill.	WSOY	1340
Deatur, Ind.	WADM	1540
	KWLC	1240
Deer Lodge, Mont.	KORG	1400
Deerfield, Va.	WABR	1250
Defiance, Ohio	WONW	1280
De Funiak Springs, Fla.	WGTX	1280

Location	C.L.	kHz
De Kalb, Ill.	WZEP	1460
De Land, Fla.	WLBC	1360
	WJBS	1490
	W000	1310
Delano, Calif.	KCHJ	1010
Delaware, Ohio	WDE	1550
Delray, Fla.	WBL	1400
Del Rio, Tex.	KDLK	1230
	KWDR	810
	KWMC	1490
Delta, Colo.	KDTA	1430
Deming, N.M.	KDOT	1200
Demopolis, Ala.	WXAL	1400
Denham Sprngs., La.	WLBI	1220
Denison, La.	KDSN	1530
Denison-Sherman, Tex.	KDSX	950
Denmark-Bamberg, S.C.	WWBD	790
Denton, Tex.	KDNT	1440
Denver, Colo.	KDEN	1340
	KFML	1390
	KHOW	630
	KIMN	950
	KLIF	980
	KLZ	560
	KBTR	710
	KOA	850
	KPOF	910
	KFSK	1220
Denver City, Tex.	KKAL	1590
De Queen, Ark.	KDQN	1390
De Ridder, La.	KDLA	1010
DeSoto, Mo.	KHAD	1390
Des Moines, Iowa	KCBC	1380
	KWTK	1260
	KRNT	1350
	KSO	1460
	KWKY	1140
	WHD	1050
	WISB	1180
	WDEE	1500
	WJLB	1400
	WJR	760
	WJW	950
	WYXZ	1270
Detroit Lakes, Minn.	KDLM	1340
Devils Lake, N.Dak.	KDLR	1240
DeWitt, Ark.	KDEW	1470
Dexter, Mo.	KDEK	1590
Diboll, Tex.	KTX	1260
Dickinson, N.Dak.	KDIX	1230
Dickson, Tenn.	WDBN	1260
Dillon, Mont.	KDBM	1490
Dillon, S.C.	WDSC	800
Dimit, Tex.	KDHN	1470
Dinuba, Calif.	WJX	1340
Dixon, Ill.	WIXN	1460
Dodge City, Kans.	KGNO	1370
	KEDD	1550
Dodgeville, Wis.	WDMP	810
Doylestown, Ga.	WDM	1500
Donaldsonville, La.	WDBL	1090
Donaldsonville, La.	WSLG	1090
Donelson, Tenn.	WAMS	1190
Doniphan, Mo.	KDFN	1500
Dothan, Ala.	WAGF	1320
	WDL	1450
	WDFD	580
Douglas, Ariz.	KAWT	1450
	KAPR	930
Douglas, Ga.	WDMG	860
	WOKA	1310
Douglas, Wyo.	KDAL	1470
Douglasville, Ga.	WDGL	1520
Dover, Del.	WDVY	1410
	WKEN	1590
Dover-Foxcroft, Me.	WDME	1340
Dover, N.H.	WTSN	1270
Dover, N.J.	WRAN	1510
Dover-New Philadelphia, O.	WJER	1450
Dowagiac, Mich.	WDWG	1440
Duncan, Pa.	WDS	1570
Dublin, Ga.	WDLT	1330
	WLTJ	1230
Du Bois, Pa.	WDCE	1420
Dubuque, Iowa	KDTH	1370
Duluth, Minn.	WDQB	1490
	WBCB	560
	KAOH	1890
Dumas, Ark.	KDDA	1560
Dumas, Tex.	KDDD	800
Dunedin, Fla.	KRHD	1350
Dundee, N.Y.	WFLR	1570
Dunkirk, N.Y.	WDOE	1470
Dunn, N.C.	WCKB	780
Du Quoin, Ill.	WDQN	1580
Durand, Wis.	WRDN	1430
Durango, Colo.	KIPU	830
	KDGO	1240
Durant, Okla.	KSFO	750
Durham, N.C.	WDNC	620
	WSRC	1410
	WSSR	1490
	WTKI	1310
Dyersburg, Tenn.	WDG	1450
	WTR0	1330

Location	C.L.	kHz
Eagle Pass, Tex.	KEPS	1270
Eagle River, Wis.	WERL	950
Easley, S.C.	WELP	1360
E. Grand Forks, Minn.	KRAD	1590
Eastland, Tex.	KECR	1390
E. Lansing, Mich.	WKAR	970
	WTHJ	730
E. Liverpool, Ohio	WOHI	1490
East Longmeadow, Mass.	WTYM	1600
Eastman, Ga.	WUFF	710
E. Woline, Ill.	WDM	560
E. Point, Ga.	WTHJ	1250
East Prairie, Mo.	KYMO	1080
E. Syracuse, N.Y.	WPWA	1540
Easton, Md.	WEMO	1460
Easton, Pa.	WEEK	1230
	WEST	1400
Eastontown, Ga.	WKXP	1520
Eastontown, N.J.	WHTG	1410
Eau Claire, Wis.	WEAQ	790
	WBIZ	1400
	WOKL	1050
	WMEG	1560
Eau Gallie, Fla.	WEND	1580
	WREZ	1250
Ebensburg, Pa.	WCDJ	1260
Edenton, N.C.	KURV	710
Edinburg, Tex.	KGDN	630
Edmond, Wash.	KWYB	1130
Edua, Tex.	WCRG	1490
Emmham, Ill.	WELB	1350
Elba, Ala.	WSSG	1400
Elberton, Ga.	KOED	810
El Cajon, Calif.	KULP	1390
El Campo, Tex.	WTD	940
El Centro, Calif.	KAMP	1330
El Dorado, Ark.	KDMS	1290
	KELD	1400
Eldorado, Kans.	KBTO	1390
Eldorado Springs, Mo.	WESM	1580
Eleele, Kanai, Hawaii	KUAI	720
Elgin, Ill.	WRMN	1410
Elizabeth, N.J.	WELA	1530
Elizabeth City, N.C.	WCNC	1240
	WGAI	560
Elizabethton, Tenn.	WBEJ	1240
	WIDD	1520
Elizabethtown, Ky.	WIEL	1400
Elizabethtown, N.C.	WBIA	1440
Elizabethtown, Pa.	WEPN	1600
Elk City, Okla.	KBEK	1240
	WCMR	1270
Elkins, N.C.	WIFM	1540
Elkins, W.Va.	WVW	1240
Elko, Nev.	KELK	1420
Elkton, Md.	WSER	1550
Elleensburg, Wash.	KXLE	1240
Ellenville, N.Y.	WELV	1350
Ellsworth, Me.	WDEA	1370
Elmira, N.Y.	WENY	1230
Elmira Heights-Horseheads, N.Y.	WEHH	1690
El Paso, Tex.	KROD	600
	KEL	820
	KHEY	690
	KINT	1590
	KIZZ	1150
	KSET	1340
	KTSM	1390
	KMB	1460
El Reno, Okla.	WELY	1450
Ely, Minn.	KELY	1230
Ely, Nev.	WEOL	930
Elyria, Ohio	WSTL	1600
Emporia, Ky.	KVEE	1400
Emporia, Kans.	WEVA	860
Emporium, Pa.	WLEM	1250
Endicott, N.Y.	WENE	1440
Englewood, Colo.	KCMC	1150
Englewood, Fla.	WENG	1530
Englewood, Tenn.	KELF	1460
Enid, Okla.	KCRC	1390
	KGWA	960
Enterprise, Ala.	WIRB	600
Enterprise, Ore.	KWVR	1340
Ephrata, Pa.	WGBA	1310
Ephrata, Wash.	KLF	730
Erie, Pa.	WWTN	1260
	WIET	1400
	WRIE	1330
	WWGO	1450
Erwin, Tenn.	WDR	1470
Escanaba, Mich.	WDBC	580
	WLST	600
Escondido, Calif.	KOWN	1450
Espanola, N.M.	KDCE	970
Estes Park, Colo.	KKEP	1470
Esterville, Ia.	KIUP	830
Etowah, Tenn.	WCPH	1220
Eufaula, Ala.	WULA	1240
Eugene, Ore.	KEED	1450
	KASH	1800
	KATR	1320
	KERN	1280
	KPWG	1120

Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz
Eunice, La.	KUGN 590	Ft. Madison, Iowa	WSRF 1580	Gardiner, Me.	WABK 1280	Greenville, Ala.	WGYV 1380
Eureka, Calif.	KZEL 1540	Ft. Morgan, Colo.	WAVS 1190	Gardner, Mass.	WGAW 1340	Greenville, Mich.	WPLB 1380
Eustis, Fla.	KEUN 1490	Ft. Myers, Fla.	KXGI 1360	Garner, N.C.	WKBQ 1000	Greenville, Miss.	WJPR 1380
Evanson, Ill.	KINS 980	Ft. Myers, Fla.	KFTM 4000	Gary, Ind.	WWCA 1270		WBT 800
Evanson, Wyo.	KRED 1480	Ft. Payne, Ala.	WINK 1240	Gastonia, N.C.	WGH 1370	Greenville, N.C.	WGVN 1260
Evansville, Ind.	WLCO 1240		WMYR 400	Gate City, Va.	WGAS 1450		WNCJ 1070
Everett, Pa.	WAW 1330		WCAL 1350	Gaylord, Mich.	WLTC 1370		WPOY 1340
Everett, Wash.	WNMP 1590		WFA 1400	Geneese, Ill.	WGAT 1050	Greenville, Pa.	WDDY 1550
Excelsior Springs, Mo.	KEVA 1240		WZOB 1250	Geneva, Ala.	WATC 900	Greenville, S.C.	WESP 940
Exeter, N.H.	WRZO 1400		WIRA 4000	Geneva, Ill.	WGEN 1500		WGR 1330
Fairbanks, Alaska	WGBF 1280		KMWD 600	Geneva, N.Y.	WGSB 1480		WHYC 1070
Fairbault, Minn.	WKY 820		KFPW 1230	Georgetown, Del.	WQVA 1240		WYR 1490
Fair Bluff, N.C.	WUPS 1330		KFSA 950	Georgetown, Ky.	WJWL 900		WMU 1260
Fairbury, Nebr.	WSKE 1050		KTCS 1410	Georgetown, S.C.	WAXU 1580		WQOK 1440
Fairfax, Va.	KRKO 1380		KWNN 1320	Georgetown, Tex.	WGTN 1400		WGVH 1440
Fairfield, Ill.	KWYZ 1230		WFPM 1150	Georgetown, Tex.	WVIN 1470		WGH 1490
Fairfield, Iowa	WBLO 1470		WUE 1400	Georgetown, Tex.	WGCT 1320		WBG 960
Fairfield, O.	KEXS 1090		WFTW 1280	Georgetown, Tex.	KIML 1270		WGRM 1240
Fairhope, Ala.	WKXR 1540		WGL 1250	Georgetown, Tex.	KAZA 1290		WLF 540
Fairmont, Minn.	KFRB 900		WFWR 1090	Georgetown, Tex.	KEES 1430		WCRS 1540
Fairmont, N.C.	KDHL 920		WOWO 1190	Georgetown, Tex.	WKAY 1490		WGSV 1350
Fairmont, W.Va.	WKUD 1380		WLYV 1450	Georgetown, Tex.	KTLZ 1440		WCB 800
Falcons, Kan.	WMD 480		WJG 1380	Georgetown, Tex.	WTD 1245		WCI 1300
Fajardo, P.R.	KPSO 1260		KJIM 870	Georgetown, Tex.	WISZ 1590		WNAO 1460
Fall River, Mass.	KVJ 980		KBUY 1540	Georgetown, Tex.	KRUX 1360		KROR 1230
Falls Church, Va.	WALE 1490		KFJZ 1270	Georgetown, Tex.	KXEV 870		KLGA 1540
Falls City, Nebr.	WSAR 1480		KNOP 970	Georgetown, Tex.	KIEN 870		WMNA 730
Fargo, N.Dak.	WFAX 1220		WBAF 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	KGNE 590		WMNA 730
Farmersville, La.	KFGO 990		WBP 920	Georgetown, Tex.	KGL 790		WVH 1450
Farmington, Me.	KFNW 900		KXOL 1360	Georgetown, Tex.	WBSA 1410		WHIE 1320
Farmington, Mo.	KQWB 1550		KNCR 1090	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WGR 1410
Farmington, N.M.	KDHL 920		KEHG 1480	Georgetown, Tex.	WKIG 1580		KGRN 1410
Farmville, N.C.	KTDL 1470		WFBO 1430	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WSUB 980
Farwell, Tex.	KWKT 1380		WFOS 1600	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WSA 1340
Fayette, Ala.	KENN 1390		WFOS 1600	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fayetteville, Ark.	KRZE 1280		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fayetteville, N.C.	KHOG 1440		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fayetteville, Tenn.	KFAF 1250		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fergus Falls, Minn.	WFAL 1230		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fernandina Beach, Fla.	WFNC 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ferriday, La.	WFLB 1490		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Festus, Mo.	WIDU 1800		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Festus-St. Louis, Mo.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Findlay, Ohio	KBRF 1250		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fisher, W.Va.	WFBF 1570		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fitchburg, Mass.	KFNW 1600		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fitzgerald, Ga.	KJCF 1400		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Flagstaff, Ariz.	KXEN 1010		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Flat River, Mo.	WFIN 1330		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Flint, Mich.	WELD 890		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Florence, Ala.	WEIM 1280		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Florence, S.C.	WFLG 960		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Floydada, Tex.	WFHB 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Foley, Ala.	WFLB 1490		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fond du Lac, Wis.	WIDU 1800		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Forde, Ark.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Forest City, N.C.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Forrest City, Ark.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Atkinson, Wis.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Bragg, Calif.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Campbell, Ky.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Collins, Colo.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Dodge, Iowa	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Knox, Ky.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.	WEKR 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Madison, Iowa	WSRF 1580		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Morgan, Colo.	WAVS 1190		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Myers, Fla.	KXGI 1360		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Payne, Ala.	KFTM 4000		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Pierce, Fla.	WINK 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Scott, Kans.	WMYR 400		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Smith, Ark.	WCAL 1350		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Stockton, Tex.	WFA 1400		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Valley, Ga.	WZOB 1250		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Walton Beach, Fla.	WIRA 4000		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Wayne, Ind.	KMWD 600		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Ft. Worth, Tex.	KFPW 1230		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fortuna, Cal.	KFSA 950		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fosston, Minn.	KTCS 1410		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fostoria, Ohio	KWNN 1320		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fountain Inn, S.C.	WFST 860		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fowler, Calif.	WFPM 1150		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Framingham, Mass.	WUE 1400		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Frankfort, Ind.	WFTW 1280		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Frankfort, Ky.	WGL 1250		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, Ky.	WFWR 1090		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, La.	WOWO 1190		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, N.C.	WLYV 1450		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, N.H.	WJG 1380		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, Pa.	KJIM 870		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, Tenn.	KBUY 1540		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, Va.	KFJZ 1270		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklinton, La.	KNOP 970		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklinton, La.	WBAF 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, N.C.	WBP 920		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, N.H.	KXOL 1360		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, Pa.	KNCR 1090		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, Tenn.	KEHG 1480		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklin, Va.	WFBO 1430		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Franklington, La.	WFOS 1600		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Frederick, Md.	WFOS 1600		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Frederick, Okla.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fredericksburg, Tex.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fredericksburg, Va.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fredericktown, Mo.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fredonia, N.Y.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Freeport, N.Y.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Freeport, Tex.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Freeport, Mich.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Freeport, Nebr.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Freeport, Ohio	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Fresno, Calif.	WFOU 1220		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gadsden, Ala.	WAKS 1460		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gaffney, S.C.	WAD 1350		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gainesville, Fla.	WJBY 930		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gainesville, Ga.	WAAX 570		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gainesville, Tex.	WFCN 1570		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gaithersburg, Md.	WEAC 1500		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Galax, Va.	WDH 980		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Galesburg, Ill.	WGGG 1230		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gallatin, Tenn.	WRUF 850		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gallipolis, Ohio	WUWU 1390		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gallup, N. Mex.	WGA 550		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Galveston, Tex.	WDUN 1240		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gander, Nfld.	WNRJ 1580		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Garden City, Ga.	WHMC 1150		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Garden City, Kan.	WBOB 1360		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Garden City, Mich.	WGIL 1400		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gardner, Mass.	WAK 1590		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gardner, N.C.	WVH 1010		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gary, Ind.	WVH 1010		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gastonia, N.C.	WVH 1010		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.	WVSC 1950		WVSC 1950
Gate City, Va.	WVH 1010		WFOU 1220	Georgetown, Tex.</			

WHITE'S RADIO LOG

Location C.L. kHz

Hazelhurst, Miss. WMDC 1220
Hazelton, Pa. WAZL 1490
WZHN 1300
Heber Springs, Ark. KAWW 1370
Helena, Ark. KFFA 1360
Helena, Mont. KCAP 1340
KBLL 1240
Hemet, Calif. KHSJ 1320
Hemphill, S.C. WKYB 1000
Hemstead, N.Y. WHLI 1100
Henderson, Ky. WSON 860
Henderson, Nev. KBMI 1400
KTCO 1280
Henderson, N.C. WHNC 890
WIZS 1450
Henderson, Tenn. WHHM 1580
Henderson, Tex. KGRI 1000-
KWRD 1470
Hendersonville, N.C. WHKP 1450
WHVL 1600
Henryetta, Okla. KHEN 1590
Nerford, Tex. KPAN 860
Nerkimer, N.Y. WALY 1420
Nerminston, Oreg. KOHU 1570
Nerndon, Va. WRPA 1440
Nerrin, Ill. WJPF 1340
Nettinger, N.Dak. KNDC 1490
Nighting, Minn. WMFG 1240
Nickory, N.C. WHKY 1290
WIRC 630
Nighland, Ill. WINU 1510
Nighland Park, Ill. WEEF 1430
Nighland Park, Tex. KVLV 1150
Nighland Springs, Va. WENZ 1430
Nigh Point, N.C. WMFR 1250
WNDS 1590
WHPE 1070
Nilesboro, Ohio WSRW 1590
Nillsboro, Oreg. KUIK 1360
Nillsboro, Tex. KHBR 1560
Nillsdale, Mich. WCSR 1340
Nillsville, Va. WHHV 1400
Nilo, Hawaii KPUA 970
KIPA 1210
Nindman, Ky. WKCB 1540
Ninesville, Ga. KGML 990
Ninton, W.Va. WMTD 1380
Niohis, N.Mex. KWWE 1480
Niohenwald, Tenn. WMR 1540
Niohrook, Ariz. KND 1270
Niohville, Okla. KVVY 1370
Niohredge, Nebr. KUVR 1380
Niohland, Mich. WHTC 1450
WJBL 1260
Niohllister, Cal. KMPP 1540
Niohly Springs, Miss. WGMA 1320
Niohlywood, Fla. WKRA 1110
Niohoyoke, Mass. WREB 930
Niohral, La. KHAL 1320
Niohstead, Fla. WIII 1430
Niohwood, Ala. WJLD 1400
Niohdo, Tex. KRME 1460
Niohonulu, Hawaii KAIM 870
Niohonulu, Hawaii KCCN 1420
KGBM 590
Niohwek, N.Y. WEGK 1210
Niohrai, Ohio KHAI 1090
KPOI 1380
Niohiki, N.Y. KIKI 830
KGU 760
Niohiv, Ohio KHVV 1040
Niohiva, Ohio KXUA 890
Niohndi, N.Y. KNDI 1270
Niohoh, N.Y. KOHO 1170
KORL 650
Niohtrig, Oreg. KTRG 990
Niohomer, La. WHUD 1500
Niohpe, Ark. KXAR 1490
Niohpowell, Va. WHAP 1340
Niohpsville, Ky. WHOP 1330
Niohwoa, Okla. KWKA 1480
Niohquim, N.Y. KGHO 1560
Niohroell, N.Y. WHHO 1320
Niohwea, Okla. WLEA 1480
Niohseheads, N.Y. WIQT 1000
Nioh Springs, Ark. KBHS 590
KXOW 420
KZNG 1340
Nioh Springs, S.Dak. KOBH 580
Niohughton, Mich. WHDF 1400
Niohughton Lake, Mich. WHGR 1290
Niohoulton, Maine WHOU 1340
Niohouma, La. KJIN 1490

Location C.L. kHz
Houston, Miss. WBPC 940
Houston, Mo. KCBC 1290
Houston, Tex. KCOH 1430
KENR 1070
KILT 610
KNUZ 1230
KODA 1010
KPRC 950
KTHT 790
KTRH 740
KXYZ 1320
KYOK 1590
Howell, Mich. WHMI 1350
Hugo, Okla. KHIN 1340
Hudson, N.Y. WHUD 1230
Humacao, P.R. WALO 1240
Humboldt, Tenn. WIBJ 740
Huntingdon, Pa. WHUN 1150
Huntington, Ind. WHLT 1300
Huntington, N.Y. WGSW 740
Huntington, W. Va. WKEE 800
WSAZ 930
Huntsville, Ala. WHYH 1470
WBHP 1230
WJUP 1600
WFKX 4560
WAAV 1550
WVOV 1000
Huntsville, Tex. KSAM 1490
Huron, S.Dak. KIJV 1340
Hutchinson, Kans. KWBW 1450
KWHK 1260
Hutchinson, Minn. KDUZ 1260
Hyde Park, N.Y. WHVW 950
Idabel, Okla. KBEL 1240
Idaho Falls, Idaho KTEL 590
KTEE 1280
KUIB 994
Immokalee, Fla. WCOF 1490
Independence, Ia. KOUR 1220
Independence, Kans. KIND 1010
KCCV 1510
Independence, Mo. WDDD 1480
Indiana, Pa. WATI 810
Indianapolis, Ind. WFBM 1500
WFBM 1260
WGEI 1590
WIBC 1370
WIFE 1310
WIRE 1430
WXLW 950
Indianola, Iowa KBAB 1490
Indianola, Miss. WKLA 1380
Indian Rocks Beach, Fla. WGNP 1520
Indio, Calif. KREO 1400
Ingleswood, Calif. KTYM 1460
Inkster, Mich. WCHB 1440
International Falls, Minn. KGHS 1230
Inverness, Fla. WYSE 1560
Iola, Kansas KALN 1370
Iola, Mich. WION 1430
Iowa City, Iowa KKIC 800
WLSU 1100
Iowa Falls, Ia. KIFG 1510
Irondale, Ala. WLPH 1480
Iron Mtn., Mich. WMIQ 1450
Iron River, Mich. WKKB 1230
Ironton, Ohio WIRW 1230
Ironwood, Mich. WMS 1500
Irvine, Ky. WIRV 1550
Isabella, P.R. WISA 1390
Ishpeming, Mich. WJPO 1240
WCKD 970
Islip, N.Y. WLIC 540
Ithaca, N.Y. WTKO 1470
WVOM 1270
Iuka, Miss. WHOD 1290
Jackson, Ala. WJBA 1540
Jackson, Ga. WEGK 810
Jackson, Ky. WDX 1210
Jackson, Mich. WKHM 970
WJCO 1510
Jackson, Miss. WJDX 620
WJEG 1400
WJES 1450
WOKJ 1550
WVUN 1590
WRBC 1300
WVSLI 930
Jackson, Ohio WLMJ 1280
Jackson, Tenn. WWS 1210
WJAK 1450
WJTS 1390
WYLO 540
Jackson, Wis. KSGT 1340
Jackson, Wyo. WMBR 1460
Jacksonville, Ark. KGMR 1500
Jacksonville, Fla. WJAS 930
WAPE 690
WBOM 970
WVOJ 1320
WIVY 1050
WMBR 1460
WROB 1360
WPDQ 600
WQIK 1090
WRRH 1400
WJII 1550
WJDS 1160
Jacksonville, N.C. WJNC 1240

Location C.L. kHz
WBBS 1290
WLAS 910
WKBE 1010
WBIX 1010
WJKY 1060
Jamestown, N.Oak. WKEY 1400
WKSJ 600
WRF 1240
Jamestown, N.Y. WKSX 1340
WCLC 1260
Jamestown, Tenn. WDEB 1500
WCLO 1230
WVWB 1360
WAFB 1240
Jasper, Ind. WITZ 990
Jasper, Tex. WTKJ 1350
Jefferson City, Mo. KLIK 950
KWOS 1240
Jefferson City, Tenn. WJFC 1480
WVXV 1450
Jena, La. KCKW 1480
Jenkins, Ky. WREN 1000
Jennings, La. KJEF 1290
Jerome, Idaho KART 1400
Jesseville, Ill. WJBM 1500
Jesup, Ga. WJBT 1370
John Day, Ore. KJDY 1400
Johnson City, Tenn. WJCV 910
WETB 790
WLEI 930
Johnstown, N.Y. WJAC 850
WARD 1490
WCRD 1230
WJOL 1340
WJRC 1510
CILA 1140
Joliet, Ill. KBTM 1230
KNEA 970
KTCO 920
Jonesboro, Tenn. WJSD 1590
Jonesville, La. KANV 1480
WJEB 1450
Joplin, Mo. KGXY 1560
KFSS 1310
KODE 1230
KJST 1470
KMG 1450
June City, Kans. KICK 1420
Juneau, Alaska KINY 800
KJNO 630
Jupiter, Fla. WJST 1000
Kahalui, Hawaii KNUT 1310
Kailua, Hawaii KJL 420
Kalamazoo, Mich. WKPR 1400
WZKO 590
WKMI 1360
WYYY 1470
KEEZ 890
KIC 1180
Kane, Pa. WKZA 960
Kankakee, Ill. WKAN 1320
Kannapolis, N.C. WGTL 870
WRKB 1460
Kans. City, Kans. KCM 310
Kans. City, Mo. KMBZ 980
KPRS 1590
WOAF 610
WNB 710
KGFW 1050
Kenedy-Karnes City, Texas KAML 990
Kealakekua, Hawaii KONA 790
KKON 740
KGFV 1340
KRN 1460
WKNE 1290
WBBK 1220
KLOG 1490
KMER 950
Kendallville, Ind. WKD 1040
Kendy, Tex. KAML 990
Kennett, Mo. KBOA 830
KBXM 1340
Kennewick, Wash. KNGA 1340
Kennewick-Pasco-Rainier Wash. WEPR 610
Kenosha, Wis. WLIP 1050
Kent, O. WKNT 1520
Keokuk, Iowa KOKX 1310
Kermitt, Tex. KERB 600
Kerrville, Tex. WJES 1230
Kershaw, S.C. WKSC 1300
Ketchikan, Alaska KTKN 930
Kewanee, Ill. WKEI 1450
Keyser, W.Va. WKLF 1300
Key West, Fla. WKWP 1690
WJIA 1200
KCOA 1240
KILEN, Tex. KLEN 1050
Kimball, Nebr. KIMB 1260
King, N.C. KWTE 1090
King City, Calif. KRKC 1490
Kingman, Ariz. KCAA 1230
Kings Mountain, N.C. WKMT 1220
WKIN 1320
WKPT 1400
WVAB 1550
Kingston, N.Y. WBAZ 1550

Location C.L. kHz
WGHO 920
WKNY 1490
WKEB 1310
WKSP 1090
KINE 1390
WFSP 1560
WELS 1010
WFTC 960
WISJ 1230
KYAC 1460
KBLE 1050
KIRX 1450
WFIW 1080
WACY 1220
WACB 1380
KAGO 1150
KFLW 1450
KNIA 1340
WBIR 1240
WVX 830
WJIE 1430
WATE 620
WKNJ 1340
WKKV 900
WNQX 990
WRRO 960
WSTT 1580
WIOU 1350
WKOZ 1340
WLNH 1350
WEMJ 1490
WDSR 1340
WLXG 1490
WLDY 580
WKTY 1340
WLFA 1590
WASK 1450
WLSK 1450
WBAA 920
KPEL 1420
KVOL 1330
KXKW 1520
WEEN 1460
WLAN 1480
KLBW 1340
WLAG 1240
WTRP 620
WTAQ 1300
KMG 1570
Lajunta, Colo. KLF 1570
Lake Charles, La. KLOU 1580
KPLC 1470
KAOK 1400
WDSR 1340
WDR 1340
WGRD 960
Lake City, S.C. WJOT 1260
Lake Geneva, Wis. WMIR 1550
WLAK 1430
WLMK 1230
WNAS 1380
Lake Placid, N.Y. WIRD 920
Lakeport, Cal. KBLC 1270
Lake Providence, La. KPLP 1050
Lake Tahoe, Calif. KOWL 1490
Lakewood, Oreg. KOLF 1230
Lake Wales, Fla. WIPC 1460
Lakewood, Colo. KLAB 1600
Lakewood Center, Wash. KODD 1480
WLIZ 1380
Lafayette, Colo. KPLP 850
Lamesa, Tex. KLET 890
Lampasa, Tex. KCYL 1450
Lancaster, Calif. KAVL 610
KBVM 1380
Lancaster, Ky. WIXI 1280
Lancaster, N.Y. WMI 1300
Lancaster, Ohio WHOK 1320
Lancaster, Pa. WGal 1490
WLAN 1390
Lancaster, S.C. WLCM 1360
WAGL 1560
Lander, Wyo. WLD 1330
Lanett, Ala. WRLD 1490
Langdon, N.D. KNDX 1080
Lansdale, Pa. WJPS 1440
Lansford, Pa. WLSH 1410
Lansing, Mich. WLM 1240
WITL 1010
WPMC 1230
Lapeer, Mich. WTHM 1530
WLMH 1560
Lafayette, Ind. WLO 1540
Laramie, Wyo. KLME 1490
KOWB 1290
KLAR 1300
KVQZ 1490
Larned, Kans. KANS 1510
LaSalle, Ill. WLS 1220
LasCruces, N.Mex. KDBE 1450
KERT 570
KENO 1460
KLAV 1230
KRAM 1340
KLUU 1140
KOKK 820
KVEG 970
KFUN 1230
Lafayette, Pa. WPKV 1570
WQW 1570
WTRA 1480

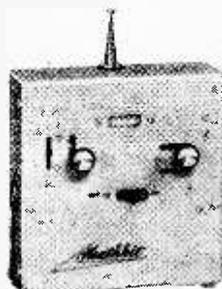
Location	C.L.	kHHz	Location	C.L.	kHHz	Location	C.L.	kHHz	Location	C.L.	kHHz
Laurel, Md.	WLMD	900	London, Ky.	WFTG	1400	Manning, S.C.	WYMB	1410	Menomonee, Wis.	WMNE	1360
Laurel, Miss.	WLAU	1340	Long Beach, Calif.	KFOX	1280	Mansfield, La.	KDXI	1360	Merced, Calif.	KYOS	1480
	WLAU	1430		KGER	1390	Mansfield, Ohio	WMAN	1400		KWIP	1580
	WNSL	1460	Longmont, Colo.	KLMO	1060	Maplewood, Minn.	WJSW	1020	Meriden, Conn.	MMMW	1470
Laurens, S.C.	WLBG	860	Long Prairie, Minn.	KEYL	1400	Maquoketa, Iowa	KMAQ	1310	Meridian, Miss.	WCOC	910
Laurinburg, N.C.	WLNC	1300	Longview, Tex.	KFRD	1370	Marathon, Fla.	WFFG	1300		WDAL	1330
	WLCN	1300		KLUE	1280	Marianna, Ark.	KZOT	1460		WMOX	1050
Lawrence, Kans.	KFKU	1250		KEDO	1400	Marianna, Fla.	WYTS	1340		WDRK	1410
	KLWN	1320		KBAM	1270	Marietta, Ga.	WF1	1070		WQIC	1390
Lawrence, Mass.	WCCM	800	Lookout Mtn., Tenn.	WFL	1070	Marietta, Ga.	WFOM	1230	Merle, Tex.	KWFA	1500
Lawrenceburg, Tenn.	WDXE	1370	Lorain, O.	WRO	1230	Marietta, Ohio	WBIE	1080	Merrill, Wis.	WXMT	730
	WLAW	1360	Loretto, Pa.	WWSF	1400		WMOA	1490	Mesa, Ariz.	KBUZ	1310
Lawrenceville, Ill.	WAKO	910	Loris, S.C.	WLSG	1570		WBRR	910	Metropolis, Ill.	WMOK	920
Lawrenceville, Va.	WLES	580	Los Alamos, N.Mex.	KRNS	1490	Marine City, Mich.	WSMA	1590	Metrop., Ga.	WWSG	1360
Lawton, Okla.	KSWO	1380	Los Angeles, Calif.	KFJ	790	Marionette, Wis.	WMAN	570	Mexico, Mo.	KXEO	1340
	KCCO	1050		KFJ	640		WL0T	1300	Mexico, Pa.	WJUN	1220
	KCCO	1050		KFJ	980	Marion, Ala.	WJAM	1310	Miami, Ariz.	KIKO	340
Leadville, Colo.	WLBP	1230		KGJF	1230	Marion, Ill.	WGGH	1150	Miami, Fla.	WGBS	710
Leavenworth, Kans.	KCLO	1410		KFCF	1330	Marion, Ind.	WBAI	1400		WLS	610
Lebanon, Ky.	WLBN	1590		KLAC	570		WBAT	1400		WFBG	990
Lebanon, Mo.	KLWT	1230		KMPC	1070		WJIL	1010		WFUN	790
Lebanon, Oreg.	KGAL	920		KKX	1070	Marion, Ky.	WBRM	1250		WWOK	1260
Lebanon, Pa.	WLBW	1070		KPOL	1540	Marion, N.C.	WWRN	1490		WQAM	560
Lebanon, Tenn.	WCOR	900		KGBS	1020	Marion, Ohio	WATP	1430		WQMA	1148
Leesburg, Fla.	WLBE	790		KRDK	1150	Marion, S.C.	WMEV	1030		WOCN	1580
	WZST	1410	Los Banos, Calif.	KLBS	1330	Marion, Va.	WMEV	1030		WINZ	940
Leesburg, Va.	WAGE	1290	Louisburg, N.C.	WYRN	1480	Marked Tree, Ark.	WPC	1580	Miami, Okla.	KGLC	910
Leesville, La.	KLLA	1570	Louisville, Ga.	WYRN	1480	Marshall, Miss.	WQMA	1520	Miami Beach, Fla.	WMBM	1490
Lehigh Acres, Fla.	WYAK	1440	Louisville, Ky.	WAVE	970	Marshallville, La.	KAPB	1370		WKAT	1360
Leighton, Pa.	WYAK	1440		WAKY	790	Marshallburg, Mass.	WSRO	1470	Michigan City, Ind.	WFB	1490
Litchfield, Ky.	WNTL	1580		WHAS	840	Marquette, Mich.	WDMJ	1320	Middlebury, Vt.	WFD	1450
Leland, Miss.	WESY	1580		WKLO	1080	Marshalltown, Iowa	KXDB	1410	Middleport-Pomeroy, Ohio	WMPO	1390
LeMars, Iowa	KLEM	1410		WINN	1240	Marshalltown, Iowa	KFJB	1230	Middlesboro, Ky.	WMIK	560
Lemmon, S.D.	KBJM	1400		WYRN	1480	Marshalltown, Iowa	KEMN	1510	Middlesboro, Conn.	WAFI	1560
Lemoore, Calif.	KLAN	1320		WYRN	1480	Marshalltown, Iowa	WDLG	1450	Middletown, N.Y.	WCN	1150
	KKOD	1400		WYRN	1480	Marshalltown, Iowa	WDLG	1450	Middletown, Ohio	WFNB	910
	WJRI	1340		WYRN	1480	Martinsville, Ind.	WCBW	1540	Midland, Mich.	WMDN	1490
Lenoir, N.C.	WKGX	1080		WYRN	1480	Martinsville, Pa.	WJSM	1110	Midland, Tex.	KCRS	550
Lenoir City, Tenn.	WBLC	1360		WYRN	1480	Martinsville, Va.	WPEM	1340		KJBC	1150
	WLIL	730		WYRN	1480	Martinsville, Va.	WHEE	1370		KWEL	1600
Leominster, Mass.	WLMS	1000		WYRN	1480	Marysville, Mo.	WMVA	1450	Milan, Tenn.	WKBJ	1600
Leonardtown, Md.	WKIK	1370		WYRN	1480	Marysville, Calif.	KNYC	1410	Miles City, Mont.	KATL	1340
Lewelland, Tex.	WBCB	1490		WYRN	1480	Marysville, Kans.	KNDY	1570	Milford, Conn.	WFF1	1500
Lewittown, Pa.	WUD0	1010		WYRN	1480	Marysville, Tenn.	WCAP	1400	Milford, Del.	WTHD	930
Lewisburg, Pa.	WJIM	1490		WYRN	1480	Mason, Mich.	WUNN	1110	Milford, Mass.	WMRC	1490
Lewisburg, Tenn.	KRLC	1350		WYRN	1480	Mason City, Iowa	KGLO	1300	Milledgeville, Ga.	WMB	1340
Lewiston, Idaho	KOZE	1500		WYRN	1480	Massena, N.Y.	KSMN	1310	Millen, Ga.	WGRS	1570
	WZC0	1440		WYRN	1480		WMSA	1340	Millington, Tenn.	WTNN	1380
Lewiston, Maine	WLAM	1470		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050	Millinocket, Me.	WMKR	1240
Lewistown, Mont.	KXLO	1230		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050	Millville, N.J.	WMJR	1490
Lewistown, Pa.	WKVA	920		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050	Milwaukee, Wis.	WERA	1480
	WMRF	1490		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WSTP	1500
	WLAJ	830		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WMLP	1380
	WBLG	1390		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WRA	1490
	WVTK	590		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WARC	1380
Lexington, Miss.	WXTN	1000		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WEMP	1250
Lexington, Mo.	KREX	1570		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WFO	1340
Lexington, Neb.	KRVN	880		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WISN	1390
Lexington, N.C.	WRVN	1440		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WMIL	1290
Lexington, Tenn.	WDXL	1490		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WNOV	860
Lexington, Va.	WREL	1450		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WOKY	920
Lexington Pk., Md.	WPTX	920		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WTMJ	920
Libby, Mont.	KLCB	1230		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WAS	1240
Liberal, Kans.	KSCB	1270		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WTHS	1520
	WQSD	1560		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WKMO	1510
Liberty, Ky.	WLKO	1560		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WRCR	1410
Liberty, Mo.	KBIL	1140		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WCCO	830
Liberty, N.Y.	WYOS	1240		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WL30	1330
Liberty, Tex.	KPKX	1050		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WV40	1400
Lihue, Hawaii	KTOH	1350		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WDGJ	1130
Lima, Ohio	KMPZ	1480		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WV28	1280
	WCIT	940		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KTRC	690
Lincoln, Ill.	WPRC	1370		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KTIS	900
Lincoln, Me.	WLKN	1450		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KUOM	1770
Lincoln, Nebr.	KFOR	1240		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KLPM	1390
	KLIN	1400		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KHRT	1320
	KECK	1530		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KCBJ	910
	WLOD	1050		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KTYN	1430
Lincolnton, N.C.	WANL	1540		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KBEA	1480
Linton, Ind.	WBTO	1600		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KGVO	1290
Litchfield, Ill.	WSMI	1540		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KGMV	1450
Litchfield, Minn.	WLFH	1230		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KYLT	1340
Little Falls, Minn.	KLTF	960		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KYSS	930
Little Falls, N.Y.	WLFH	1230		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KORN	1490
Littletield, Tex.	KZZN	1490		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KRA	1140
Little Rock, Ark.	KARK	920		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KWIX	1230
	KALO	1250		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WUN1	1410
	KLR0	1010		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WABD	1480
	KOKY	1440		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WDGK	900
	KAAY	1090		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WHD0	1550
	KMYO	1050		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WDB0	840
Littleton, Colo.	KDKO	1510		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WKRG	710
Littleton, N.H.	WLTO	1400		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WL1Q	1360
Live Oak, Fla.	WLER	250		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WMOZ	960
Livingston, Mont.	KPRK	1340		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KOLY	1390
Livingston, Tenn.	WLIV	920		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WLS2	1520
Livingston, Tex.	KETX	1440		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KTBE	860
Lockhart, Tex.	KHFB	1060		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KBEE	970
Lock Haven, Pa.	WBZP	1230		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KFV1	1360
Lockport, N.Y.	WUSJ	1340		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KDOL	1540
Lodi, Calif.	KCVR	1570		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WQUA	1240
Logan, O.	KBLW	1390		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		KVKM	1330
Logan, Utah	KSTU	1300		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WBR0	950
	KVNB	610		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050		WRBO	990
Logan, W.Va.	WLOG	1230		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050			
	WYOW	1290		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050			
Logansport, Ind.	WSAL	1230		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050			
Lompoc, Calif.	KKOK	1410		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050			
	KLOM	1330		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050			
	KNEZ	960		WYRN	1480		WYBG	1050			

4 New Action-Packed Kits from Heath



Heathkit GD-101
\$49.95*

Heathkit GD-57
\$129.95*



Transmitter



Receiver



Battery Pack



Servos

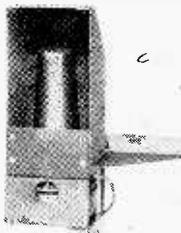
Heathkit Siren & Speaker
\$99.95*



Amplifier & Controls



Exterior Horn



Concealed Horn

Heathkit MI-29
\$84.95*



NEW Heathkit "Spectre" 1/8 Scale R/C Car

Join The Most Exciting New Hobby In America . . .

building and racing radio-controlled Grand Prix cars up to scale speeds of 200 mph. The Heathkit "Spectre" R/C car reaches that speed and has already proven itself a winner. And no wonder; its design is unique. It has a chrome plated steel chassis, adjustable caster and toe-in, specially formulated rubber tires that lock onto the cast nylon wheels, independent front suspension for excellent cornering and a 5.5:1 gear ratio for maximum torque at all speeds. The snap on, 1/8 scale car body (length: 19 1/2") is of high impact plastic — almost indestructible. Suspension is by real coil springs. The radio equipment compartment is dirt and oil proof. The Heathkit "Spectre" is the only complete car kit available. You get the body, chassis, wheels & tires, 4 oz. fuel tank & tubing, equipment case & protective foam, centrifugal clutch & gears, axles, servo linkages & mounting tape, all hardware, decals, numbers and a comprehensive manual. The "Spectre" accepts any .15 to .23 cubic inch R/C engine and any proportional R/C electronics system. It requires only two servos to operate the steering, brake and throttle. Get in on all the thrills of R/C car racing at the lowest possible price . . . order a Heathkit "Spectre".

Kit GD-101, R/C car only, 8 lbs. \$49.95*
Assembled GDA-101-1, Veco .19 R/C engine, 1 lb. \$19.95*

NEW Heathkit 3-Channel Digital Proportional R/C System For Planes, Gliders, Cars And Boats

Ideal for use with the new Heathkit "Spectre" R/C car to give you total control . . . ease of handling. Here's what the Heathkit GD-57 R/C system includes: Transmitter with assembled, factory aligned RF circuitry; new 2 oz. miniature receiver that needs no IF alignment, in a tough nylon case; you also get two servos; all plugs; connectors; cables; charging cord; new flat-pack rechargeable nickel-cadmium transmitter and receiver batteries . . . and a special soldering iron. You can have your choice of five operating frequencies in each of three bands . . . 27, 53 or 72 MHz. This is the most value ever offered in a 3-channel rig.

Kit GD-57, transmitter, receiver, 2 servos, batteries, charging cord, switches and soldering iron, (Specify freq. desired), 11 lbs. \$129.95*
Kit GDA-57-1, transmitter, battery, charging cord, (Specify freq. desired), 5 lbs. \$54.95*
Kit GDA-57-2, receiver only, (Specify freq.), 1 lb. \$34.95*

NEW Heathkit Siren/PA For Licensed Emergency Vehicle Only

Hey Chief! Save up to 60% on a new electronic siren/PA system by ordering the low cost Heathkit GD-18. The siren gives both "wail" and "yelp" warnings at 50 watts output power, and you can adjust the pitch. As a public address it will amplify your voice with a full 20 watts of power, and it's practically immune to acoustical feedback. (Either PA or siren can be interrupted to use the other.) Incoming radio calls can be channeled through the GD-18 so you can hear them when away from your vehicle. Use it on any 12-volt auto electrical system with either positive or negative frame ground. It will operate from -20° to 150° F conditions. Control panel is lighted. Comes with gimbal bracket mounting. Take your choice of speakers . . . concealed or exposed.

Kit GD-18, Siren/PA Amplifier, 7 lbs. \$54.95*
Assembled GDA-18-1, Exterior Horn, 9 lbs. \$49.95*
Assembled GDA-18-2, Concealed Horn, 4 1/2 x 4 1/2 x 13", 9 lbs. \$49.95*
System GD-18A, (includes GD-18 plus exterior horn), 16 lbs. \$99.95*
System GD-18B, (includes GD-18 plus concealed horn), 16 lbs. \$99.95*

NEW Heathkit Solid-State Portable Fish Spotter

Costs half as much as comparable performers. Probes to 200 ft. Doubles as depth sounder. Transducer mounts anywhere on suction cup bracket. Adjustable Sensitivity Control. Exclusive Noise-Rejection Control stops ignition noise. Runs for 80 hrs. on two 6 VDC lantern batteries (not included). Manual explains typical dial readings. Get set for next season; order your Heathkit MI-29 today.

Kit MI-29, 9 lbs. \$84.95*

NEW IMPROVED 1970 HEATHKIT® COLOR TV

New Lower-Than-Ever Prices



Here's How The Color TV That Thousands Call Best Became Even Better and Lower In Price

Since the very first model was introduced, thousands of owners, electronic experts, and testing labs have praised the superior color picture quality and extra features of Heathkit ColorTV. Now Heath has made improvements that make the 1970 models even better.



Sharper, More Detailed Pictures. Latest design improvement in the circuitry of Heathkit Color TV video amplifiers has increased their bandpass capabilities. The result is an increase in the number of lines of resolution . . . greater than in any other brand of color TV we have tested. This improvement means you get sharper, more detailed pictures as shown by test pattern measurements. You not only get the superior color pictures Heathkit Color TV has always been noted for, but you also get sharper pictures.

New Brighter Tube. Now all Heathkit Color TV models include the new brighter picture tube you've read so much about. These new tubes produce noticeably brighter pictures with more life-like, natural colors and better contrast. (We also offer the RCA Hi-Lite Matrix tube as an extra-cost option for the Heath GR-681 and GR-295 kits.)

New Safety Features. As an added safety precaution, AC interlocks have been added to all Heathkit Color TV cabinets.

Now The Best Costs Less. How can Heath make improvements in its Color TV Models and still reduce the prices? We have passed on to you the savings which have accrued due to reduced picture tube prices. The result is your 1970 Heathkit Color TV will cost you \$20 to \$55 less depending upon which model you choose . . . proof that Heathkit Color TV is a better buy than ever.

All Heathkit Color TV's Have These Superior Features

- New brighter American brand rectangular color tube with bonded-face, etched anti-glare safety glass • Exclusive built-in self-servicing aids so you can adjust and maintain the set for best performance always • Automatic degaussing plus mobile degaussing coil • New broader video bandwidth for better resolution • 3-stage video IF • Improved retrace blanking • Gated automatic gain control for steady pictures • Automatic color control • Exclusive Magna-Shield surrounds picture tube for better color purity • Deluxe VHF tuner with "memory" fine tuning and precious metal contacts (models with automatic fine tuning also are available in all 3 picture tube sizes) • 2-speed UHF solid-state tuner • Completely shielded hi-voltage supply • Extra B+ boost for better definition • 2 hi-fi sound outputs for built-in speaker or your hi-fi system • 300 ohm & 75 ohm antenna inputs • Circuit breaker protection • Optional wireless remote control can be added anytime • Factory assembled and adjusted tuners, IF section, and hi-voltage supply • Exclusive 3-way installation capability — in a wall, custom cabinet or Heath cabinets

Choose Your Heathkit Color TV Now . . .

It's Better Than Ever in Performance . . . and A Better Buy Than Ever

New Lower-Than-Ever Prices On All Models

- Heathkit GR-681 (295"-AFT) save \$30
Now only **\$4695***
- Heathkit GR-681MX (with Matrix tube) save \$55
Now only **\$4795***
- Heathkit GR-295 (295") save \$30
Now only **\$4195***
- Heathkit GR-295MX (with Matrix tube) save \$55
Now only **\$4295***
cabinets from \$65*
- Heathkit GR-681 (227"-AFT) save \$20
Now only **\$3995***
- Heathkit GR-227 (227") save \$20
Now only **\$3595***
cabinets from \$39.95*
- Heathkit GR-481 (180"-AFT) save \$30
Now only **\$3295***
- Heathkit GR-180 (180") save \$30
Now only **\$2995***
cabinets from \$27.50*



NEW FREE 1970 CATALOG!

Now with more kits, more color. Fully describes these along with over 300 kits for stereo/hi-fi, color TV, electronic organs, guitar amplifiers, amateur radio, marine, educational, CB, home & hobby. Mail coupon or write: Heath Company, Benton Harbor, Michigan 49022.

HEATH COMPANY, Dept. 19-6
Benton Harbor, Michigan 49022

Enclosed is \$_____ plus shipping.

Please send model(s) _____

Please send FREE Heathkit Catalog. Please send Credit Application.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

*Mail order prices; F.O.B. factory. Prices & specifications subject to change without notice.



WHITE'S RADIO LOG

Location	C.L.	kHz
Monette, Ark.	KBIB	1560
Monmouth, Ill.	WRAM	1330
Monroe, Ga.	WRMR	1400
Monroe, La.	KMLB	1440
	KLIC	1230
	KNOE	540
Monroe, Mich.	WQTE	580
	WMAF	1060
Monroe, N.C.	WJLH	1190
Monroe, Wis.	WEKZ	1260
Monroeville, Ala.	WMFC	1360
Monterey, Calif.	KIDD	630
	KMBY	1240
Montevideo, Minn.	KDMA	1460
Monte Vista, Colo.	KSLY	1240
Montezuma, Ga.	WMTA	1050
Montgomery, Ala.	WBAM	740
	WAPX	1600
	WCOV	1170
	WHYH	1440
	WHGY	800
	WHM	950
	WQTY	1500
Montgomery, W. Va.	WMON	1340
Monticello, Ark.	KHBM	1430
Monticello, Fla.	WMSD	1090
Monticello, Ky.	WTW	1260
Monticello, Miss.	WMLC	1270
Montpelier, Ia.	KVSI	1450
Montpelier-Barre, Vt.	WSKI	1240
	KUBC	580
Montrose, Colo.	WTFE	1250
Montross, Pa.	WMLC	1270
Moorhead, N.C.	WHIP	1350
Moorhead, Minn.	KVOX	1280
Moorhead, Ky.	WMOR	1330
Moorhead City, N.C.	WMBL	740
Morgan City, La.	KHBM	1430
Morganfield, Ky.	WMSK	1550
Morgantown, N.C.	WMNC	1430
Morgantown, W. Va.	WJAJ	1440
	WCLG	1300
Morrilton, Ark.	KPYM	800
Morris, Ill.	WPCJ	1550
Morris, Minn.	KMRS	1230
Morristown, N.J.	WMTR	1250
Morristown, Tenn.	WCRK	1150
	WMTN	1300
Morton, Tex.	KRAN	1280
Moscow, Idaho	WJLH	1470
Moses Lake, Wash.	KSEM	1470
	KWJQ	1460
Moss Point, Miss.	WCIS	1260
Moulton, Ala.	WLCB	1530
Moultrie, Ga.	WMTM	1130
Moundsville, W. Va.	WEIF	1370
Mountain City, Tenn.	WPAQ	1400
	WMCT	1390
Mountain Grove, Mo.	KLRS	1360
Mountain Home, Ark.	KTLO	1240
Mountain Home, Ida.	KFLI	1240
Mountainlake Terrace, Wash.	KURB	1510
Mt. Airy, N.C.	WSY	1300
	WSPY	1400
Mt. Carmel, Ill.	WYMC	1360
Mt. Carmel, Pa.	WMIM	1590
Mt. Clemens, Mich.	WBRB	1430
	WJG	1580
	WJLZ	1460
Mt. Dora, Fla.	WISG	790
Mt. Holly, N.J.	WVIP	1310
Mt. Jackson, Va.	WDJS	1430
Mt. Kisco, N.Y.	WVJ	1310
Mt. Olive, N.C.	WVJ	1310
Mt. Pleasant, Mich.	WCEN	1150
Mt. Pleasant, Tex.	KIM	960
Mt. Shasta, Calif.	KWSD	620
Mt. Sterling, Ky.	WMST	1150
Mt. Vernon, Ill.	WMIX	940
Mt. Vernon, Ind.	WPCO	1590
Mt. Vernon, Ky.	WRVK	1460
Mt. Vernon, Ohio	WVVO	1300
Mt. Vernon, Wash.	KBCR	1430
Mulshoe, Tex.	KMUL	1380
Mullins, S.C.	WJAY	1280
Muncie, Ind.	WLBC	1340
	WERA	990
Munfordville, Ky.	WLCC	1150
Munising, Mich.	WGON	1400
Murfreesboro, N. C.	WDR	1080
Murfreesboro, Tenn.	WGNS	1450
	WMTS	810
Murphy, N.C.	WCVF	600
	WKRK	1320

Location	C.L.	kHz
Murphysboro, Ill.	WINI	1420
Murray, Ky.	WNBS	1340
Murray, Utah	KMOR	1230
Muscatele, Iowa	KWPC	860
Muscle Shoals City, Ala.	WLAY	1450
	WKBJ	850
Muskegon, Mich.	WKJR	1520
	WTRU	1600
	WMUS	1090
Muskegee, Okla.	KBIX	1490
	KMUS	1380
Myrtle Beach, S.C.	WVYB	1500
Nacogdoches, Tex.	WTGR	1520
	KEEE	1230
	KSFA	860
Nampa, Idaho	KFXD	580
	KAIN	1340
Nanticoke, Pa.	WNAK	1290
Napa, Calif.	KYON	1440
Naples, Fla.	WNOG	1270
Narrows-Pearlsburg, Va.	WNRV	990
Nashua, N.H.	WOTW	900
	KBNC	1590
Nashville, Ark.	WNGA	1600
Nashville, Ga.	WKDA	1240
Nashville, Tenn.	WLAC	1510
	WMAK	1300
	WNAH	1360
	WSIX	980
	WSM	650
	WVGM	1560
Nassau, Bahamas	ZNS-2	1240
Natchez, Miss.	WMIS	1240
	WNAT	1450
Natchitoches, La.	WNAH	1360
Natick, Mass.	WGR	1060
Naugatuck, Conn.	WOWW	1380
Navasota, Tex.	KWBC	1550
Nebraska City, Nebr.	KNCY	1600
Needles, Calif.	KSFE	1340
Neenah, Wis.	WNAM	1280
Nellisville, Wis.	WCCN	1370
Nelsonville, O.	WNAL	940
Neon, Ky.	WNKY	1480
Neosho, Mo.	KBTN	1420
Neovada, Mo.	KNEW	1240
New Albany, Ind.	WHEL	1570
	WREY	1290
New Albany, Miss.	WNAU	1470
Newark, Del.	WNRK	1260
Newark, N.J.	WNJ	620
Newark, N.Y.	WCAL	1410
Newark, Ohio	WCLT	1430
New Bedford, Mass.	WBSM	1420
	WNBH	1340
New Bern, N.C.	WHIT	1450
	WRNB	1490
Newberry, Mich.	WBEY	1450
Newberry, S.C.	WKDK	1240
	WKMG	1520
New Boston, Ohio	WIOI	1010
New Boston, Tex.	KNBO	1530
New Braunfels, Tex.	KGNB	1420
New Britain, Conn.	WRCH	910
	WRYM	840
New Brunswick, N.J.	WCTC	1450
Newburgh, N.Y.	WGNV	1220
Newburyport, Mass.	WNB	1470
New Castle, Ind.	WCTW	1550
New Castle, Pa.	WBZ	1140
	WKST	1280
Newcastle, Wyo.	KASL	1240
New City, N.Y.	WRKL	910
New Haven, Conn.	WVJZ	1300
	WELI	960
	WNHC	1340
New Iberia, La.	KANE	1240
	KNIR	1360
New Kensington, Pa.	WKPA	1150
New London, Conn.	WNLC	1510
New Martinsville, W. Va.	WVETZ	1330
Newman, Ga.	WCOR	1400
	WNEA	1500
New Orleans, La.	WDSU	1280
	WJMR	990
	WBOK	800
	WNOE	1060
	WSMB	1350
	WVJZ	1450
	WSHO	800
	WTIX	690
	WVL	870
	WVOW	950
	WYLD	940
Newport, Ark.	KND	1260
Newport, Ky.	WNOP	740
Newport, N.H.	WCNL	1010
Newport, Oreg.	KNPT	1310
Newport, R.I.	WADK	1540
Newport, Tenn.	WLK	1270
Newport, Vt.	WVJZ	1450
Newport News, Va.	WGH	1310
	WTID	1270
Newport Richey, Fla.	WGUL	1500
New Prague, Minn.	KTMF	1350

Location	C.L.	kHz
New Richmond, Wis.	WIXK	1590
New Roads, La.	KWRG	1500
New Rochelle, N.Y.	WVOX	1460
New Smyrna Beach, Fla.	WSSB	1230
	WQIG	1550
	WCOB	1280
Newton, Iowa	KJRG	950
Newton, Kans.	WNTN	1550
Newton, Mass.	WBKN	1410
Newton, Miss.	WNNJ	1360
Newton, N.J.	WNS	1250
Newton, N.C.	KNOJ	860
New Ulm, Minn.	WABC	770
New York, N.Y.	WDD	1280
	WBX	1380
	WCBS	880
	WEVD	1330
	WHN	1050
	WHOM	1480
	WINS	1010
	WLBI	1190
	WMCA	570
	WNBC	680
	WHD	1130
	WNYC	830
	WOR	710
	WPO	1330
	WQXR	1500
	WRL	1600
	WTL	1270
	WJL	1440
	WNJ	1250
	WNIL	1290
	WNIO	1540
	WOP	1360
	WVAB	850
	WJAG	780
	WTAR	790
	WCMS	1050
	WNOR	1230
	WRAP	850
	WOK	1440
Normal, Ill.	WNAD	640
Norman, Okla.	KNOR	1400
	WNAR	1110
Norristown, Pa.	WMNB	1230
N. Adams, Mass.	WRNS	1860
N. Atlanta, Ga.	WVJZ	1380
N. Augusta, S.C.	WFNL	1660
N. Bend, Ore.	KBBR	1340
North Charleston, S.C.	WNCG	910
Northampton, Mass.	WHMP	1400
North East, Pa.	WHYP	1530
Northfield, Minn.	WCAL	770
	KYMN	1080
N. Little Rock, Ark.	KDXE	1380
	KLRL	1150
North Platte, Nebr.	KNOP	1410
	KODY	1240
North Pole, Alaska	KJND	1170
No. Syracuse, N.Y.	WSOQ	1220
No. Vernon, Ind.	WCH	1460
No. Wilkesboro, N.C.	WKBC	810
	KNBI	1350
Norton, Kans.	WNVA	1350
Norton, Va.	WNLK	1350
Norwalk, Conn.	WLR	1510
Norwalk, O.	WVJZ	1310
Norwich, Conn.	WCHN	970
Norwich, N.Y.	WCHN	970
Oakdale, La.	KREH	900
Oakes, N. Dak.	KEYD	1220
Oak Grove, La.	KWCL	1280
Oak Hill, W. Va.	WOAY	860
Oakland, Cal.	KEW	910
	KABL	660
	KDIA	1310
Oakland, Md.	WMSS	1050
Oakland Park, Fla.	WIXX	1520
Oak Park, Ill.	WVJZ	1450
Oak Ridge, Tenn.	WATO	900
Ocala, Fla.	WMOT	900
	WTMS	1290
	WWKE	1370
Ocean City, Md.	WETT	1590
Ocean City, Somers	WNL	1520
Oceanlake, Oreg.	KBCH	1380
Oceanside, Calif.	KUDE	1320
Oella, Ga.	WSIZ	1380
Oconto, Wis.	WOCO	1260
Odesa, Tex.	WBOB	920
	KOZA	1230
	KOYL	1310
	KRIG	1410
	KOEL	950
Delweine, Iowa	KOGA	930
Delfalia, Nebr.	KND	1450
Odgen, Utah	KANN	1060
	KSVN	730
	KVGO	1490
	WVSL	1400
Ogdensburg, N.Y.	WKRZ	1340
Oil City, Pa.	WOK	1570
Okachobee, Fla.	KBE	800
Oklahoma City, Okla.	KLPR	1140
	KOCY	1340
	KOMA	1520
	KTKO	1110

Location	C.L.	kHz
Okmulgee, Okla.	KJEM	800
Old Saybrook, Conn.	KOKL	930
Olean, N.Y.	WLIS	1420
	WMNS	1360
	WHDL	1450
	WLLN	740
Olney, Ill.	KGY	1240
Olympia, Wash.	WOW	530
	KBON	1490
	KFAB	1110
	KOIL	1290
	KOOO	1420
	KOZN	660
	WGW	530
Omaha, Nebr.	KOMW	680
	WMCR	1600
	WBNT	1310
O'Neill, Nebr.	KBRX	1350
Ontonagon, Ala.	WFR	1570
Ontsenta, N.Y.	WDS	730
Ontario, Cal.	KSON	1510
Ontario, Oreg.	KSRV	1380
Opelika, Ala.	WAOA	1520
	WPHO	1400
Opelousas, La.	KSLA	1230
Opt. Ala.	WOW	860
Opportunity, Wash.	KZUN	1390
Orange, Mass.	WCAT	1950
Orange, Tex.	KOGT	1600
Orange, Va.	WJMA	1340
Orangeburg, S.C.	WDIX	1150
	WVJZ	1580
	WTND	820
Orange Park, Fla.	WAYR	550
Ord, Neb.	KNLV	1060
Oregon City, Oreg.	KYXI	1520
Orlando, Fla.	WDBO	580
	WDO	950
	WDF	1270
	WLOF	950
	WKIS	740
Orleans, Mass.	WVLC	1170
Ormond Beach, Fla.	WOAT	1380
Orono, Me.	WVJZ	1310
Orville, Calif.	KADR	1340
Ortonville, Minn.	KDIO	1350
Osage Beh., Mo.	KRMS	1150
Oseola, Ark.	KOSE	860
Oshkosh, Wis.	WAGO	890
	WVJZ	1460
Oskaloosa, Iowa	KBOE	740
North Charleston, S.C.	WSGO	1440
Othello, Wash.	KRSC	1400
Otsego, Mich.	WAOE	980
Ottawa, Ill.	WCMY	1430
Ottawa, Kans.	WVJZ	1420
Ottumwa, Iowa	KBIZ	1240
	KLEE	1480
Owatonna, Minn.	KRFQ	1380
Owego, N.Y.	WBOB	1330
Owensboro, Ky.	WOMI	1490
	WVJZ	1420
Owosso, Mich.	WOAP	1080
Oxford, Miss.	WSUH	1420
Oxford, N.C.	WOXF	1340
Oxnard, Calif.	KOXR	910
Ozark, Ala.	WOZK	900
	WVJZ	1190
Ozark, Ark.	KZRK	1540
Paducah, Ky.	WDXR	1560
	WKKY	570
	WPAD	1450
Page, Ariz.	KPGE	1460
Painesville, Ohio	WVJZ	1460
Paintsville, Ky.	WSP	1490
Palatka, Fla.	WWPF	1260
	WSUZ	800
Palestine, Tex.	KNET	450
Palm Beh., Fla.	WQXT	1340
Palm Sprgs., Cal.	KCMJ	1010
	KDES	920
	KPAL	1450
Palmdate, Calif.	KUTY	1470
Palm Desert, Cal.	KGOL	1270
Palo Alto, Calif.	KBE	1220
Pamona, Cal.	KWOW	800
Pampa, Tex.	KPDN	1340
	KGRD	1230
Panama City Beh. Fla.	WGNE	1480
	WSV	1290
Panama City, Fla.	WDLF	1490
	WPFC	1430
Paoli, Ind.	WYAK	1560
Paradise, Cal.	KEWQ	930
Paragould, Ark.	KDRS	1490
Paris, A.	KOJA	1460
Paris, Ill.	WPRS	1460
Paris, Ky.	WPDE	1440
Paris, Tenn.	WTPR	710
Paris, Tex.	KPLT	1490
	KPRE	1250
Parkersburg, W. Va.	WVJZ	1050
	WPAR	1450
	WTAP	1230
	WNBI	980
Park Falls, Wis.	WVJZ	1420
Park Rapids, Minn.	KPRM	1210
Parsippany-Troy Hills, N.J.	WPRC	1340
Parsons, Kans.	KLKC	1540
Pasadena, Cal.	KPPC	1540
	KRLA	1110

Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz	Location	C.L. kHz
Pasadena, Tex.	KWKW 1300 KLVL 1480 KIKK 650	Pleasanton, Tex.	WKDR 1070 KBOP 1380 WOND 1400	Prineville, Oreg.	KRCO 690 KARY 1310 WEAN 790	Richwood, W.Va.	WRVA 1140 WXGI 950 WRGM 1540
Pascagoula-Moss Point, Miss.	WPMP 1580	Plymouth, Ind.	WTCA 1050	Providence, R.I.	WHIM 1110 WICE 1290 WJAR 920	Ridgecrest, Cal.	WVAR 608 KLOA 1240 WBUG 1438
Pasco, Wash.	KORD 910	Plymouth, Mass.	WPLM 1390		WLKW 930 WPRO 630 WRIB 1220	Rifle, Colo.	KWSR 810 WUNO 1320 WSCA 1260
Paso Robles, Calif.	KPRL 1230	Plymouth, N.C.	WPNC 1470	Provo, Utah	KIXX 1400 KEYY 1450 KQVO 950	Ripley, Miss.	WTRB 1570 WCSB 1600 WEXR 1590
Pastillo, P.R.	WCGB 1050	Plymouth, N.H.	WPNH 1300	Pryor, Okla.	KOLS 1570	Ripon, Wis.	WWRV 1240 WRIV 1390 WHRF 1570
Patchogue, L.I., N.Y.	WALK 1370 WPAC 1580 KVLH 1470	Pocahontas, Ark.	KPOC 1420 KSEI 930 KWKI 1240	Pueblo, Colo.	KDZI 1230 KAPI 690 KCSJ 590	River Falls, Wis.	WVXI 1600 WELR 1360 WFR 960
Paterson, N.J.	WPAT 930	Pocatelto, Idaho	KSMN 1290 KSMV 540 KKAR 1220		KFCF 970 KKAM 1350 KPUB 1420	Riverside, Calif.	KACE 1570 KQVW 1450 WXRW 1600
Pauls Valley, Okla.	KOSB 1500	Pocomoke City, Md.	KWOW 1600 KKAR 1220	Pueblo, Colo.	KPUB 1420 KPUR 1480 KPSU 1580	Riverton, Wyo.	WXRW 1600 WELR 1360 WFR 960
Pawhuska, Okla.	WXTR 550	Pomona, Calif.	KWOW 1600 KKAR 1220	Pulaski, Tenn.	KPUB 1420 WPUV 1580 WPSU 1250	Roanoke, Ala.	WELR 1360 WFR 960 WRIS 1410
Pawtucket, R.I.	KYET 1450 KVBG 1280	Pompton, Lakes, N.J.	WKER 1500	Pullman, Wash.	KPSU 1580 KPUL 1150 WPCO 1580	Roanoke, Va.	WFR 960 WRIS 1410 WTOY 910
Peaslee, Tex.	KIUN 1400	Pompano Beach, Fla.	WLDD 980 WRBD 1470 WBBZ 1230	Punta Gorda, Fla.	WPUL 1580 WFMF 1450 WINY 1350	River Falls, Wis.	WXRW 1600 WELR 1360 WFR 960
Peos, Tex.	WVLA 1420	Ponca, City, Okla.	WBBZ 1230 WPRP 910 WEUC 1420	Punxsutawney, Pa.	WFMF 1450 WINY 1350 KAYE 1450	River Falls, Wis.	WXRW 1600 WELR 1360 WFR 960
Peekskill, N.Y.	WVLA 1420	Ponce, P.R.	WPRP 910 WEUC 1420 WLEO 170	Putnam, Conn.	WINY 1350 KAYE 1450 KOLJ 1150	Roanoke Rapids, N.C.	WCBT 1230
Pekin, Ill.	WFHK 1430	Pontiac, Ill.	WIPD 1470 WSEI 1440 WVAK 1550	Quannah, Tex.	KOLJ 1150 WQVA 1580 KPCO 1370	Roanoke Rapids, N.C.	WCBT 1230
Pell City, Ala.	KTIX 1240 KUMA 1290	Pontotoc, Miss.	WVAK 1550 KQVO 950 KLID 1340	Quantic, Va.	WQVA 1580 KPCO 1370 WFGM 1420	Roberson, Que.	CRRL 1370 WTOY 1570 WTRB 1570
Pennington Gap, Va.	WSWV 1570	Pooli, Ind.	WVAK 1550 KQVO 950 KLID 1340	Quincy, Cal.	WFGM 1420 WFGM 1420 WTAD 930	Robstown, Tex.	KROB 500 WRHL 1060 KROC 1340
Pensacola, Fla.	WBOP 980 WBSR 1450 WMEL 610	Poplar Bluff, Mo.	KLID 1340 WRPM 1530 WTPS 1560	Quincy, Ill.	WTAD 930 WJDA 1300 KPOR 1370	Rochelle, Ill.	WRHL 1060 KROC 1340 KWEB 1270
	WNVY 1230 WCOA 1370 WPCA 790	Portage, Mich.	WTPS 1560 WVWL 1470 WPDR 1350	Quincy, Wash.	KPOR 1370 WFSB 1490 WVH 1500	Rochester, Minn.	KROC 1340 KWEB 1270 KOLM 1520
	WXCX 1350 WMBD 1470 WIRL 1290	Portage, Wis.	WPDR 1350 KNMS 1058 KENS 150	Quintan, Ga.	WFSB 1490 WVH 1500 WRAC 1460	Rochester, N.H.	KOLM 1520 WBBF 950 WHAM 1180
	WPEO 1020 WPRY 1410 WGKR 1310	Port Angeles, Wash.	KAPY 1000 KONP 1450 KOLE 1340	Racine, Wis.	WRAC 1460 WRJN 1400 WRAD 1460	Rochester, N.Y.	WBBF 950 WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460
Perry, Fla.	WGRK 1310 WPCA 980	Port Arthur, Tex.	KOLE 1340 KPAC 1250 KCAK 1510	Radford, Va.	WRAD 1460 WSHB 1400 WSWM 1500	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Perry, Ga.	WDLS 1310	Port Hueneme, Calif.	KACV 1520 WHLH 1450 WPHM 1380	Raeford, N.C.	WSHB 1400 WSWM 1500 KCAK 1510	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Perryton, Tex.	KYEA 1400	Port Jervis, N.Y.	WDLG 1490 KGUL 1580 KPGW 1400	Raeford, N.C.	WSHB 1400 WSWM 1500 WYNA 1550	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Peru, Ind.	WARU 1600	Port Lavaca, Tex.	KGUL 1580 KPGW 1400 WCSH 970	Raleigh, N.C.	WYNA 1550 WLTE 680 WTFE 570	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Petaluma, Calif.	KTOB 1490	Portland, Ind.	WCSH 970 WGAN 560 WLOB 1310		WRNC 1240 KCLR 1530 WTK 1460	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Peterborough, N.H.	WSCV 1050	Portland, Maine	WGAN 560 WLOB 1310 WPDOR 1490	Ralls, Tex.	KCLR 1530 WTK 1460 WCVR 1330	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Petersburg, Va.	WSSV 1240	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Randolph, Ill.	WTK 1460 WCVR 1330 KOTA 1340	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Petoski, Mo.	KYRO 1280	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Rapid City, S.Dak.	KOTA 1340 KIMM 1150 KRSD 1340	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Petoskey, Mich.	WMBN 1340 WJML 1110	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290		KIMM 1150 KRSD 1340 KEZU 920	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Philadelphia, Miss.	WHOC 1490	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Raton, N.Mex.	KEZU 920 WMOV 1360 KRAL 1240	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Philadelphia, Pa.	WCAU 1210 WDAS 1480 WFIL 560	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Ravenswood, W.Va.	WMOV 1360 KRAL 1240 KAPA 1340	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WFLN 900 WHAT 1340 WBG 390	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Rawlins, Wyo.	KRAL 1240 KAPA 1340 KSOX 1240	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WIP 610 WPEN 950 WRCP 1540	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Raymond, Wash.	KAPA 1340 KSOX 1240 WYRU 1080	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WTEL 860 WPCB 980 KKAN 1490	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Raymondville, Tex.	KSOX 1240 WYRU 1080 WEEU 850	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Phillipsburg, Pa.	KIFN 860	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Rayville, La.	WEEU 850 WHUM 1240 WRAW 1340	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Phillipsburg, Kans.	KASA 1540	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Reading, Pa.	WHUM 1240 WRAW 1340 WRMG 1430	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Phoenix, Ariz.	KCAC 1010 KHAT 1480 KOTN 1490	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Red Bay, Ala.	WRMG 1430 KRDG 1230 WQMS 1350	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	KMEQ 740 KOY 550 KOOL 960	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redding, Calif.	KRDG 1230 WQMS 1350 KQMS 1400	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	KPHO 910 KRIZ 1230 KAR 620	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290		KQMS 1400 KQVC 600 KVLP 540	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	KXIV 1400 WKKR 1540 WPID 1280	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Red Bluff, Calif.	KVLP 540 KBFL 1490 KFCC 1380	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Pickens, S.C.	WKKR 1540	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redfield, S.Dak.	KBFL 1490 KFCC 1380 WVH 1410	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Piedmont, Ala.	WPID 1280	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redlands, Calif.	WVH 1410 WVCB 1440 KRBN 1450	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Piedmont, Mo.	KPWB 1140	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Red Lion, Pa.	WVCB 1440 KRBN 1450 KPRB 1240	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Pierre, S.D.	KPKX 1060 KCCR 1240 WLSI 900	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Red Lodge, Mont.	KRBN 1450 KPRB 1240 KOAK 1080	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Pikeville, Ky.	WLSI 900	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redmond, Oreg.	KPRB 1240 KOAK 1080 WYRU 1080	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
Pine Bluff, Ark.	WPKE 1240 KCLA 1400 KADL 1270	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Red Oak, Id.	KOAK 1080 WYRU 1080 KCUE 1250	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	KOTN 1490 KCAT 1530 KPBA 1590	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Red Springs, N.C.	WYRU 1080 KCUE 1250 KLRG 1490	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WPCB 1590 WCMP 1350 WFSO 570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Red Wing, Minn.	KLRG 1490 WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WFNO 1230 WPK 1340 WVVO 970	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
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	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
	WVVO 970 KLOH 1050 WPTW 1570	Portland, Ore.	WPDOR 1490 KBPS 1450 KLIQ 1290	Redwood Falls, Minn.	WRDB 1400 RDUN 1470 WFRB 1600	Rockford, Ill.	WHAM 1180 WHEC 1460 WNYR 680
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WHITE'S RADIO LOG

Location C.L. kHz

Saginaw, Mich.	WKNX 1210
	WSAM 1210
	WSGW 790
St. Albans, Vt.	WWSR 1420
St. Albans, W.Va.	WKLC 1300
St. Anthony, Ida.	KIGO 1400
St. Augustine, Fla.	WFOY 1240
	WETH 1420
St. Charles, Mo.	WIRL 1480
St. Cloud, Minn.	KFAM 1450
	WJON 1240
St. George, S.C.	WQIZ 810
St. George, Utah	KDXU 1430
St. Helon, Mich.	WHIC 1590
St. Helens, Oreg.	KDH 1600
St. Ignace, Mich.	WDIG 940
St. Johns, Mich.	WRBJ 1580
St. Johnsbury, Vt.	WTWN 1340
St. Joseph, Mich.	WSJM 1400
St. Joseph-Benton Harbor, Mich.	WHFB 1060
St. Joseph, Mo.	KFEQ 680
	KKJO 1550
	KUSN 1270
St. Louis, Mo.	KAZZ 1600
	KMOT 1120
	KSD 550
	KTSL 690
	KWK 1380
	KXOK 630
	WEW 770
	WIL 1380
	KXEN 1010
St. Louis Park, Minn.	KRSI 950
St. Maries, Idaho	KOFE 1480
St. Mary's, Pa.	WKBI 1400
St. Paul, Minn.	KSTP 1500
	DKWB 630
	WMIN 1400
	WMKT 1370
	WCGO 830
St. Pauls, N.C.	WBYB 1060
St. Peter, Minn.	KRBI 1310
St. Petersburg, Fla.	WBBA 680
	WSUN 620
	WLCY 1380
St. Petersburg Beach, Fla.	WGB 1590
	WGO 1590
Salamance, N.Y.	WJBD 1350
Salem, Ill.	WSLM 1220
Salem, Mass.	WESX 1230
Salem, Mo.	KSMO 1340
Salem, N.J.	WHIC 1510
Salem, O.	WSOM 600
Salem, Oreg.	KSLM 1390
	KAPT 1220
	KBZY 1490
	KGAY 1480
Salem, Va.	WBLU 1480
Salida, Colo.	KVRL 1340
Salina, Kans.	KSAL 1150
	KFRM 550
	KLSI 910
Salinas, Calif.	KDON 1460
	KTOM 1380
	KRBI 1310
Salinas, P.R.	KCTY 980-1000
Saline, Mich.	WHOY 1210
Salisbury, Md.	WOIB 1290
	WBDC 960
	WIC3 1320
	WHY 1470
Salisbury, N.C.	WSTP 1490
	WSAT 1280
Sallisaw, Okla.	KBJS 1510
Salmen, Idaho	KSRA 960
Salt Lake City, Utah	KALL 910
	KCPX 1320
	KLUB 570
	KNAK 1280
	KRGP 1550
	KRPO 1060
	KSL 1160
	KSPD 1370
	KSXK 630
	KWHO 860
San Angelo, Tex.	KTEO 1340
	KGKL 960
	KRFP 1420
	KWFR 1260
San Antonio, Tex.	KAPE 1480
	KBAT 680
	KBER 1150
	KBUC 1310
	KCOR 1350
	KDA 1540
	KUKA 1250
	KMAC 630
	KONO 860

Location C.L. kHz

San Bernardino, Calif.	KTSA 550
	WOAI 1200
	KCKC 1350
	KFXM 590
	KRNO 1240
	KMEN 1290
Sandersville, Ga.	WSNT 1400
San Diego, Calif.	KCBQ 1170
	KFMB 760
	KOGO 600
	KGB 1360
	KSON 1240
	KSDO 1130
	KSPT 1400
Sandpoint, Idaho	KTOW 1340
Sand Spring, Okla.	KTOW 1340
Sandusky, Mich.	WMIC 1560
Sandusky, Ohio	WLEC 1450
San Fernando, Calif.	KGIL 1260
Sanford, Fla.	WTRR 1400
	KING 1090
Sanford, Me.	WSME 1220
Sanford, N.C.	WEYE 1290
	WWGP 1050
San Francisco, Calif.	KFRC 610
	KCBS 740
	KFXA 1100
	KGO 810
	KNBR 680
	KKHI 1550
	KSAV 1010
	KSF 560
	KSOL 1450
	KYA 1280
San Gabriel, Cal.	KALI 1430
San German, P.R.	WFRS 1060
Sanitobia, Miss.	WSAO 1550
San Jose, Calif.	KLOK 1170
	KLIV 1590
	KEEN 1370
	KXRX 1500
San Juan, P.R.	WAP 680
	WBMJ 1100
	WHDA 870
	WIAC 740
	WIPR 940
	WITA 1140
	WKAQ 580
	WKYM 810
	WQBS 650
	WRAI 1520
San Luis Obispo, Calif.	KATY 1340
	KSAY 1400
	KVEC 1400
San Marcos, Tex.	KCNV 1470
San Mateo, Calif.	KOFY 1050
San Rafael, Calif.	KTIM 1510
San Saba, Tex.	KBAL 1410
San Sebastian, P.R.	WFB 1460
	KWIZ 1480
Santa Ana, Calif.	KDB 1490
Santa Barbara, Calif.	KGUD 990
	KIST 1340
	KTMS 1250
Santa Clara, Cal.	KACL 290
Santa Cruz, Calif.	KEGL 1430
Sante Fe, N.Mex.	KTRC 1400
	KAFE 810
	KVGF 1260
Santa Maria, Cal.	KUM 1440
	KSMA 1240
	KSEE 1480
	KZON 1600
Santa Monica, Cal.	KDAY 1580
Santa Paula, Cal.	KQIQ 1490
Santa Rosa, Calif.	KSRO 1350
	KVRE 1480
	KJAX 1150
Santa Rosa, N.Mex.	KSXY 1420
Sapulpa, Okla.	KREK 1550
Saranac Lake, N.Y.	WBYZ 1240
Sarasota, Fla.	WKXY 930
	WSAF 1220
	WSPB 1450
	WYND 1280
Saratoga, N.Y.	WSPN 900
Saratoga Springs, N.Y.	WKAJ 900
Sauk Rapids, Minn.	WVAL 800
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.	WVAL 800
Savannah, Ga.	WSOO 1230
	WBYG 1450
	WFLS 900
	WSAV 630
	WSGA 1400
	WTOC 1290
	WSOK 1230
Savannah, Tenn.	WORM 1010
Sayre, Pa.	WATS 960
Scheffield, Ala.	WSHF 1260
Shenectady, N.Y.	WGY 810
	WSNY 1240
Seotland Neck, N.C.	WYAL 1280
Scott City, Kans.	KFLA 1310
Scottsbluff, Nebr.	KNEB 960
Scottsboro, Ala.	KOL 1220
	WCRI 1050
	WROS 1330
Scottsdale, Ariz.	KDOT 1440

Location C.L. kHz

Scottsville, Ky.	WLCK 1250
Scranton, Pa.	WLRM 590
	WEJL 630
	WGBI 910
	WICK 14-0
	WSCR 1320
Seaford, Del.	WSUX 1280
Searcy, Ark.	KTCB 1300
Seaside, Oreg.	KSWB 930
Seattle, Wash.	KAYO 1150
	KIXI 910
	KING 1090
	KIRO 710
	KJR 950
	KOL 1330
	KOMO 1000
	KNSD 1590
	KTW 1250
	KVI 570
	KXA 770
	KELE 1050
Sebring, Fla.	WAW 1340
	WSEB 1340
	KDRD 1490
Sedalia, Mo.	KSIS 1050
Seguin, Tex.	KWED 1580
Seinsgrove, Pa.	WSEW 1240
Seima, Ala.	WAM 1340
	WHBB 1490
	WTQX 1570
	WBZB 1090
Seima, N.C.	WDTM 1130
Selmer, Tenn.	KIKZ 1250
Seminoe, Tex.	WSAD 1550
Senecobia, Miss.	WSAD 1550
Seneca Falls, N.Y.	WSFW 1110
Seneca Township, S.C.	WSNW 1150
Sevierville, Tenn.	WSEV 930
Seymour, Ind.	WJCD 1390
Seymour, Tex.	WJCD 1390
Shakopee, Minn.	KSMN 1400
Shallotte, N.C.	WYCB 1410
Shamokin, Pa.	WISL 1480
Shamrock, Tex.	KBYP 1580
Sharon, Pa.	WPIC 790
Shawnee, Wis.	WGW 960
Shawnee, Okla.	KGFF 1450
Sheboygan, Wis.	WHBL 1330
	WKTS 950
Sheffield, Ala.	WSHF 1290
Shelby, Mont.	KSEN 1150
Shelby, N.C.	WHS 730
	WDA 1390
Shelbyville, Ind.	WWSL 1520
Shelbyville, Ky.	WCND 940
Shelbyville, Tenn.	WHAL 1400
	WLJ 1580
Sheldon, Iowa	KIWA 1550
Shell Lake, Wis.	WOW 940
Shelton, Wash.	KMAS 280
Shenandoah, Iowa	KMA 960
Shenandoah, Pa.	WMBT 1430
Sheridan, Wyo.	WKYO 1510
	KROE 930
Sherman, Tex.	KRR 910
	KFTO 1500
Shippensburg, Pa.	WSHP 1480
Show Low, Ariz.	KVSL 1590
Shreveport, La.	KVMM 970
	KBCL 1220
	KEEL 710
	KEL 1650
	KJOE 1480
	KCIJ 980
	KRMD 1340
	KWKH 1130
Sidney, Mont.	KGX 1480
Sidney, Nebr.	KSID 1340
Sidney, O.	WVVR 1080
Sierra Vista, Ariz.	KHFH 1420
Sikeston, Mo.	KSIM 1400
	KMPL 1520
Siler City, N.C.	WNCA 1520
Siloam Sprgs., Ark.	KYD 1290
Silvbee, Tex.	KMAS 300
Silver City, N.Mex.	KSIL 1340
Silver Sprgs., Md.	WQMR 1050
Simcoe, Ont.	CFRS 1560
Sinton, Tex.	KYOD 1590
Sioux Center, Iowa	KYDB 1090
Sioux City, Iowa	KNS 1350
	KMNS 920
	KTRI 1470
	KISD 1230
	KELO 1320
	KNWC 1270
	KSO 1140
	KXRB 1520
Sitka, Alaska	KIFW 1230
	KSEW 1400
Skowhegan, Maine	WGMM 1150
Slaton, Tex.	KGAS 1050
Sidell, La.	WBS 1560
Smithfield, N.C.	WJL 1270
Smithville, Tenn.	WJLE 1480
Smyrna, Ga.	WYNN 1550
Snyder, Tex.	KSNY 1450
Socorro, N.Mex.	KSRC 1290
Soda Springs, Idaho	KBRV 790
Soldatna, Alaska	KSRM 920
Somersot, Ky.	WTL 1440
	WTLO 1480
Somersot, Pa.	WVSC 990

Location C.L. kHz

Soddy, Tenn.	WEDG 1240
Sonoma, Calif.	KYML 1450
So. Beloit, Ill.	WVND 1480
So. Bend, Ind.	WNUO 1580
	WJVA 1580
	WSBT 960
Southbridge, Mass.	WESO 970
So. Boston, Va.	WHLF 1400
So. Burlington, N.C.	WEEB 990
South Charleston, W.	WRDS 1410
S. Daytona, Fla.	WELE 1590
So. Gastonia, N.C.	WGAS 1420
So. Haven, Mich.	WJOR 940
South Hill, Va.	KJWS 1370
Southington, Conn.	WNTY 990
So. Knoxville, Tenn.	WSKT 1580
South Lake Tahoe, Cal.	KOWL 1490
	KTHO 590
S. Miami, Fla.	WFUN 790
So. Paris, Me.	WVW 1460
So. Pittsburg, Tenn.	WEPG 910
So. St. Paul, Minn.	KDWB 630
	PMKT 1370
So. Williamsport, Pa.	WMPT 1450
Spanish Fork, Utah	KONI 1480
Sparks, Nev.	KBUB 1270
Sparta, Ill.	WHCO 1230
Sparta, N.C.	WCOK 1060
Sparta, Tenn.	WSMT 1050
Sparta, Wis.	WCWD 1290
Spartanburg, S.C.	WHCO 910
	WORD 910
	WSPA 1950
	WASC 1530
	WVBC 1240
Spencer, Iowa	WVRC 1400
Spencer, W.Va.	WVRC 1400
Spokane, Wash.	KGA 1510
	KDNC 1440
	KSPD 1230
	KPEG 1380
	WKJL 980
	KJRB 790
	KREM 970
	KXLY 920
	KGFA 1330
	KUDY 1280
	KRBS 1480
	KSPR 1590
Springdale, Ark.	WVAX 1240
Springfield, Ill.	WCVS 1450
	WMAY 970
	WTAX 1240
Springfield, Mass.	WHYN 580
	WRS 1450
	WSPR 1270
Springfield, Mo.	KGBX 1260
	KICK 1340
	KTTS 1400
	KWTO 560
Springfield, Ohio	WIE 140
	WBI 1600
Springfield, Ore.	KCNW 1120
Springfield-Eugene, Ore.	KEED 1450
	KORE 1050
Springfield, Tenn.	WDFL 1580
Springfield, Vt.	WCR 480
Springhill, La.	KBFS 1480
Spring Lake, N.C.	WFBS 1450
Spring Valley, N.Y.	WKQW 1300
Spruce Pine, N.C.	WTQE 1470
Stamford, Conn.	WSTC 1400
Stamford, Tex.	KDWT 1400
Stamford, Ky.	WRSL 1520
Starke, Fla.	WPXE 1490
Starkville, Miss.	WSSO 1230
State College, Pa.	WMAJ 1450
	WRSC 1390
Statesboro, Ga.	WVNS 1240
Statesville, N.C.	WSIC 1400
	WDM 550
Stauton, Va.	WTO 1240
	WAF 900
Stephenville, Tex.	KSTV 1510
Sterling, Colo.	KGEK 1230
Sterling, Ill.	WSDR 1240
Steubenville, Ohio	WSTV 1340
Stevens Point, Wis.	WSP 1010
Stillwater, Minn.	WAVN 1220
Stillwater, Okla.	KSPI 780
Stockton, Calif.	KJOY 1280
	KSTN 1420
	KWG 1230
Storm Lake, Iowa	KAYL 1300
Streator, Ill.	WIZZ 1250
Stroudsburg, Pa.	WVPO 840
Stuart, Fla.	WSTU 1450
Stuart, Va.	WDEO 1270
Sturgeon Bay, Wis.	WDR 910
Sturgis, Mich.	WST 1230
Sturgis, S.D.	KBHB 810
Stuttgart, Ark.	KWAK 1240
Suffolk, Va.	WLPM 1450
Sullivan, Ind.	WKQV 1550
Sullivan, Mo.	KTU 1560
Sulphur, La.	KLS 1300
Sulphur Sprgs., Tex.	KSST 1230

WHITE'S RADIO LOG

Location	C.L.	kHhz
Williamsport, Pa.	WLYC	1050
	WRAC	1400
	WWPA	1340
Williamston, N.C.	WIAM	900
Williamstont, Conn.	WILI	1400
Williston, N.D.	KEYZ	1360
Willmar, Minn.	KWLM	1340
Willoughby, Ohio	WELW	1330
Willow Springs, Mo.	KUKU	1330
Willows, Calif.	KIGS	1560
Wilmington, Del.	WAMS	1280
	WDEL	1150
	WILM	1450
	WTUX	1290
Wilmington, N.C.	WMFD	630
	WHSL	1490
	WKLM	980
	WGNI	1340

Wilmington, O.	WMWM	1090
Wilson, N.C.	WGTM	590
	WLLY	1350
	WVOT	1420
Winchester, Ky.	WKYK	1380
Winchester, Tenn.	WCDD	1340
Winchester, Va.	WINC	1400
	WHPL	610
Windber, Pa.	WWBR	1350
Winder, Ga.	WIMO	1300
Windermere, Fla.	WVCF	1480
Windom, Minn.	KDDM	1380
Window Rock, Ariz.	KHAC	1300
Windsor, Colo.	KUAD	1170
Windsor, Conn.	WKND	1480
Windsor, N.C.	WBTE	990
Winnemucca, Nev.	KWNA	1400
Winfield, Ala.	WEZQ	1300
Winfield, Kan.	KNIC	1550
Winfield, La.	KVCL	1270
Winnier, S.Dak.	KWYR	1260
Winnboro, La.	KMAR	1570
Winnboro, S.C.	WKCM	1250
Winona, Minn.	KWNO	1230
	KAGE	1380
Winona, Miss.	WONA	1570
Winslow, Ariz.	KVNC	1010
	KINO	1230
Winston-Salem, N.C.	WAAA	980
	WAIR	1340
	WCFM	1850
	WSJS	600

	WTOB	1380
	WKBX	1500
Winter Garden, Fla.	WOKB	1600
Winter Haven, Fla.	WSIR	1490
	WABR	1440
Winter Park, Fla.	WABR	1440
Wisconsin, Delis. Wis.	WWDA	990
Wisconsin Rapids, Wis.	WFHR	1320
	WTMB	1460
	WSR	1420
Wolfboro, N.H.	WVCF	1480
Wolf Pt., Mont.	KVCK	1450
Woodburn, Ore.	KWRC	940
Woodbury, Tenn.	WBFB	1540
Wood River, Ill.	WRTH	590
Woodruff, S.C.	WSJW	1510
Woodville, Tex.	KVLL	1220
Woodward, Okla.	KSJW	1450
Woonsocket, R.I.	WNRI	1380
	WWON	1240
Wooster, Ohio	WWST	960
Worcester, Mass.	WAAB	1440
	WEB	1230
	WOCR	1310
	WTAG	580
Worland, Wyo.	KWOR	1340
Worthington, Minn.	KWOA	730
Worthington, Ohio	WRFD	880
Wynne, Ark.	KWYN	1400
Wyoming, Mich.	WERX	1530
Wytheville, Va.	WYVE	1280
Xenia, O.	WELX	1110

Yadkinville, N.C.	WGIC	1500
Yakima, Wash.	WYDK	1480
	KIT	1280
	KMWX	1460
	KBBB	1390
	KBOT	930
	KUTI	980
	KYAK	1390
Yankton, S.D.	KYNT	1450
	WNAX	570
Yaouo, P.R.	WKFE	1550
Yaouo City, Miss.	WAZF	1230
York, Nebr.	KAWT	1370
York, Pa.	WNOW	1250
	WSBA	910
York, S.C.	WYCL	980
Youngstown, Ohio	WBBW	1240
	WFMJ	1390
	WKBN	570
Ypsilanti, Mich.	WSDS	1480
	WYNZ	1520
Yreka, Calif.	KSYC	1490
Yuba City, Calif.	KUBA	1600
	KOBO	1450
Yuma, Ariz.	WYUM	1320
	KVOY	1400
	KYUM	560
Zanesville, Ohio	WHIZ	1240
Zarephath, N.J.	WAWZ	1380
Zebulon-Wendell, N.C.	WETC	540
Zephyrhills, Fla.	WPAS	1400
Zion, Ill.	WZBN	1500

White's World-Wide Shortwave Stations

Prepared by Don Jensen

I heard a country die!

For those who think of SWL'ing mostly in terms of DX programs and QSL's, the tragedy of Biafra, as reflected by its last few broadcasts, should have been an eyeopener. Shortwave radio, as a medium of immediacy, indeed was demonstrated during those days of mid-January. For those DXers, like me, who heard Radio Biafra's death throes, it was an experience not soon forgotten.

I had felt a special closeness to the station since researching the article, "Biafra's Incredible Radio," (Science and Electronics, Dec./Jan. 1969-70). So, with the word that Nigerian forces finally had broken through Biafran defenses, I began carefully monitoring the station's two frequencies, 6,143 and 7,307 kHz.

Sunday, January 11, found the 41-meter Radio Biafra programming normally. Texas DXer Del Hirst noted the foreign service, Voice of Biafra, doing well on 49 meters around 0600 GMT.

But the next day, the town of Orlu, site of

the two transmitters, was overrun, and with it, apparently, the semi-permanent 6,143 kHz. unit, which has not been heard since. Radio Biafra's second station, a portable, truck-mounted rig, was moved to Uga, near the key airstrip at Uli. From there, Biafran General Philip Effiong broadcast his country's capitulation. Throughout the day, the station remained on the air, playing somber music.

When Nigerian planes and artillery blasted the air field to rubble, the station-on-wheels moved again, this time to the remote village of Obolo-Uku, 17 miles southeast of Orlu. While surrender details were being negotiated, Radio Biafra aired mostly music, with a few futile pleas to its people to "keep calm."

I heard a country die!

It was early on the morning of January 14. Tuned to 7,307 kHz., I strained to hear what may have been the last free Biafran broadcast audible in the U.S. Weak and distorted, the uninterrupted program of Negro spirituals was the saddest thing I've heard in over two decades of DXing. Then, as I listened, the faltering signal faded to nothingness.

A few hours later, a column of the Nigerian Third Marine Commandos entered the village and took over the transmitter. Quickly it was incorporated into the federal network. The station continued to operate, but Biafra's incredible radio was dead!

Since then, in an attempt to heal the wounds of war, the government has rehired some 20 ex-Radio Biafra broadcasters. Back in Enugu, they are rebuilding a new network in what now is called Nigeria's East Central State.

"Namba Wan Wailis!" That, in Pidgin English, means quality radio (literally, "number one wireless"). And, today, there's some first class radio listening coming out of the Australian Territory of Papua and New Guinea, thanks to

This Issue's Shortwave Contributors

Bill Berghammer (New York); Gregg Calkin (Ontario); George Schnabel (New York); Gerry Dexter (Wisconsin); Richard Duncan (Arkansas); David Williams (Oregon); Jeff Smith (Michigan); Sam Rowell (Washington); Dan Ferguson (Florida); Bob Hagerman (Michigan); Del Hirst (Texas); Alvin Sizer (Connecticut); Marvin Robbins (Nebraska); Ed Shaw (California); Al Niblack (Indiana); Art Poulis (Massachusetts); Bill Sparks (California); Jack Perolo (Brazil); Craig Koukol (Illinois); Carroll Patterson (Georgia); Bob Wilkner (Florida); Alan Jeeves (Pennsylvania); Bruce Haines (Colorado); Mauri McCoy (Tennessee); Newark News Radio Club (215 Market St., Newark, N.J.); North American Shortwave Association (Box 989, Altoona, Pa.); Gladys Sienkiewicz (Brooklyn, N.Y.).

Science and Electronics Propagation Forecast for June/July 1970

Prepared by C. M. Stanbury II

LISTENER'S STANDARD TIME	ASIA (except Near East)	EUROPE, NEAR EAST & AFRICA (N. of the Sahara)	AFRICA (S. of the Sahara)	SOUTH PACIFIC	LATIN AMERICA
0000-0300	25	31, 41	41, (49), (60e)	41, (49), (60w)	49, 60
0300-0600	31, 41, (49w)	31 (poor)	nil	49, 60, (75), 90	49, 60
0600-0900	25, (41w)	(16), 19	19	25, 31	31
0900-1200	19, 25	(16), 19	19, 25	25	(16), 25
1200-1500	19	(16), 19	19, 25	19	(16), 25
1500-1800	19, (31e)	25, 31	31, 60e	19, 25	(16), 25, 31
1800-2100	16, 19	25, 31	25, 31e, 60, 90w	16, 19	49, 60
2100-2400	16, 19, (31w)	31, 41, 49	60, 90	19, (31w)	49, 60

a governmental agency known as the Administration Broadcasting Service (A.B.S.).

Currently, the A.B.S. operates nine different shortwave stations in the eastern end of New Guinea and neighboring islands. Their job is to broadcast entertainment and educational features to the people of the world's largest island. They program in such exotic languages as Tolai, Toaripa, Medipa, Police Motu, and, of course, Pidgin English.

Quite widely heard in North America are the three 10 kW stations, Radio Rabaul, on New Britain Island, Radio Western District, at Daru, and Radio Wewak, on the north coast of New Guinea. Radio Bougainville (2000 watts), in the Australian-administered part of the Solomons chain, also is being reported fairly regularly.

A brand new outlet, VL8BM, in Port Moresby, came on the air last November. Reportedly the network's key station, it will relay A.B.S. newscasts to the more remote transmitters. The remaining four stations, Radios Kerema, Goroka, Mt. Hagen and Milne Bay, 250-watts each, are rarely heard in the U.S.

CALL, LOCATION	kHz	GMT
VL8BM, A.B.S. Port Moresby	11,880	0100-0200 0430-0530
VL9BR, Radio Rabaul	3,385	0600-1300
VL9CD, Radio Wewak	3,335	0615-1230
VL8BD, Radio Western District	3,305	0645-1200
VL8BK, Radio Kerema	3,245	0700-1200
VL9BA, Radio Bougainville	3,322.5	0700-1200
VL8AS, Radio Milne Bay	3,235	0700-1200
VL9CH, Radio Mt. Hagen	2,450	0730-1130
VL9CG, Radio Goroka	2,410	0700-1200

Here's a rundown on the A.B.S. stations. How many of them can you log?

Eight other A.B.S. stations are on the drawing board, reports DXer Richard Wood in Hawaii. They're planned for Lae, Madang, Kavieng, Popondetta, Mendi, Kundiawa, Vanimo and Kimbe.

And that ought to be enough "namba wan" DX for anyone!

Three Cheers! New Zealand's Mr. DX, Arthur Cushen, who has won more awards than Aunt Martha's apple pies, has chalked up yet another honor, this one from Queen Elizabeth, herself.

In the Queen's New Year Honors, the blind listener from Invercargill was awarded the M.B.E. for community service in broadcasting, journalism and assistance to the visually handicapped. The M.B.E. is the fifth class in the prestigious Order of the British Empire, conferred upon subjects who render outstanding service to the Crown.

A top-ranked listener, Cushen also broadcasts DX programs over Radio New Zealand, and authors hobby articles for "Down Under" radio magazines. He has been active in social work for the blind in his country and serves as V.P. of the Dominion Association of the Blind.

Perhaps his best known humanitarian work has been the establishment of the prisoner of war monitoring service. In various conflicts since World War II, he has monitored POW messages aired by enemy stations and relayed them to loved ones. Often, Arthur's listening provided U.S. families with the first word that their sons and husbands were alive and well in enemy prison camps.

His achievements are too lengthy to list here. His award is well deserved! (Turn page)

WHITE'S SHORTWAVE SECTION

kHz Call Station Name Location GMT

90-Meter Band—3200 to 3400 kHz

3230	VRH8	R. Fiji	Suva, Fiji	0815
3260	—	R-TV Niger	Niamey, Niger	2130
3264	—	R. Clube	Lorenzo Marques, Mozambique	0300
3265	ZFY	R. Demerara	Georgetown, Guyana	0200
3300	—	R. Belize	Belize, Br. Honduras	0300
3316	—	R. Sierra Leone	Freetown, Sierra Leone	0600
3335	VL9CD	R. Wewak	Wewak, New Guinea Territory	1100
3339	—	R. Tanzania	Zanzibar	0330
3346	—	R. Zambia	Lusaka, Zambia	0400
3375	CR6RZ	Emis. Oficial	Luanda, Angola	2150
3380	—	R. Malawi	Blantyre, Malawi	0330
3385	YVQI	R. Barcelona	Barcelona, Venezuela	0330
3385	—	O.R.T.F.	Coyenne, Fr. Guiana	0030
3395	—	R. Clube Conquista	Bahia, Brazil	0100
3885	CR4AA	R. Clube Cabo Verde	Praia, Cape Verde Is.	2200
3905	—	R. Vila	Port Vila, New Hebrides Is.	0700
3999	—	Gronlands R.	Godthab, Greenland	1030

60-Meter Band—4750 to 5060 kHz

4724	—	Burma Bc. Corp.	Rangoon, Burma	1300
4738	HCBK2	R. El Mundo	Guayaquil, Ecuador	0400
4770	ELWA	—	Monrovia, Liberia	0700
4775	—	R. Afghanistan	Kabul, Afghanistan	1300
4785	OAX3V	R. Horizonte	Huanuco, Peru	0445
4800	—	All India R.	Hyderabad, India	1200
4820	—	R. Angola	Luanda, Angola	0500
4825	—	R. Ashkabad	Ashkabad, USSR	0330
4828	—	Rhodesian Bc. Corp.	Gwelo, Rhodesia	0415
4830	YVOA	V. del Tachira	San Cristobal, Venezuela	0130
4872	—	R. Republik Indonesia	Sorong, Indonesia	1320
4885	—	V. of Kenya	Nairobi, Kenya	2045
4920	VLT4	Australian Bc. Corp.	Brisbane, Australia	1315
4932	—	R. Nigeria	Benin City, Nigeria	0500
4976	—	R. Uganda	Kampala, Uganda	2030
5026	—	R. Uganda	Kampala, Uganda	2030
5040	—	R. Valparaiso	Part de Paix, Haiti	0135
5040	—	R. Tblisi	Tblisi, USSR	0200
5040	YVQH	R. Maturin	Maturin, Venezuela	1100
5045	—	Emis. Guine	Bissou, Port. Guinea	2100

49-Meter Band—5950 to 6200 kHz

5980	YSS	R. Nac. El Salvador	San Salvador, El Salvador	0400
5990	—	R. Sweden	Stockholm, Sweden	0100
6005	CP58	R. Progreso	La Paz, Bolivia	0500
6025	—	R. Portugal	Lisbon, Portugal	0200
6040	—	R. Sharjah	Sharjah, Trucial Oman	1500
6050	HRLP	R. America	Tegucigalpa, Honduras	0200
6055	XERM	R. Mexico	Mexico City, Mexico	0300
6060	—	RAI	Caltanissetta, Sicily	0300
6064	—	R. Singapura	Singapore	1100
6070	CFRX	—	Toronto, Canada	1600
6071	—	Thai Nat. Bc. Svc.	Bangkok, Thailand	1100
6085	—	R. Tallinn	Tallinn, USSR	2120
6105	XEQM	R. Yucatan	Merida, Mexico	1200
6125	—	R-TV Belge	Brussels, Belgium	0050
6140	—	V. Revolution	Bujumbura, Burundi	0500

6145	—	Forces Bc. Svc.	Athens, Greece	0500
6150	VLR6	Australian Bc. Corp.	Melbourne, Australia	0830
6155	—	Far East Network	Tokyo, Japan	1100
6165	—	Swiss Bc. Corp.	Berne, Switzerland	0730
6170	—	Philippine Bc. Svc.	Manila, Philippines	1200
6175	—	Vatican R.	Vatican City	0050
6195	4VHW	R. Haiti	Port au Prince, Haiti	1050
6199	—	V. Pathet Lao	Unknown	1130
6252	—	R. Pyongyang	Pyeongyang, N. Korea	1045

41-Meter Band—7100 to 7300 kHz

7043	—	R. Iran	Teheran, Iran	0330
7066	—	R. Tirana	Tirana, Albania	2030
7125	—	R. Warsaw	Warsaw, Poland	1930
7135	—	R. Monte Carlo	Monte Carlo, Monaco	0600
7140	—	R. Republik Indonesia	Ambon, Indonesia	1000
7140	—	British Bc. Corp. Relay	Cyprus	0300
7150	—	R. Moscow	Moscow, USSR	0200
7205	CR7RB	R. Pax	Beira, Mozambique	0500
7215	—	American Forces Net.	Taipei, Taiwan	1200
7255	—	V. America Relay	Okinawa	1130
7275	—	V. Nigeria	Lagos, Nigeria	0600
7330	—	R. Moscow	Minsk, USSR	0400
7345	—	R. Prague	Prague, Czechoslovakia	0130

31-Meter Band—9500 to 9775 kHz

9515	XEWW	L.V. de la America Latina	Mexico City, Mexico	0400
9520	VLT9	Australian Bc. Corp.	Port Moresby, Papua Territory	0600
9545	—	Deutsche Welle Relay	Kigali, Rwanda	0330
9550	—	R-TV Belge	Brussels, Belgium	2200
9553	YSS	R. Nac. El Salvador	San Salvador, El Salvador	0230
9570	—	R. Kuwait	Kuwait	0400
9575	YSV	L.V. del Comercio	San Salvador, El Salvador	1300
9585	ZYR56	R. Excelsior	Sao Paulo, Brazil	0100
9600	—	R. Tashkent	Tashkent, USSR	1200
9605	—	Trans World R.	Bonaire, Neth. Antilles	0000
9610	V LX9	Australian Bc. Corp.	Perth, Australia	1130
9620	—	R. Belgrade	Belgrade, Yugoslavia	1600
9680	V LW9	Australian Bc. Corp.	Melbourne, Australia	1200
9700	—	R. Sofia	Sofia, Bulgaria	0030
9710	LRX2	R. El Mundo	Buenos Aires, Argentina	0330
9715	—	R. RSA	Johannesburg, South Africa	0345
9715	—	R. Nederland	Hilversum, Netherlands	2245
9720	—	Swiss Bc. Corp.	Berne, Switzerland	0430
9725	ETLF	R. V. of Gospel	Addis Ababa, Ethiopia	0430
9730	—	R. Berlin International	Berlin, E. Germany	0100
9770	—	Oesterreich R.	Vienna, Austria	0200
9833	—	R. Budapest	Budapest, Hungary	0100
9912	—	All India R.	Delhi, India	2230
9976	—	Yemeni Royalist R.	Unknown	0410
10225	—	V. of the N.L.F.	Unknown	1300

25-Meter Band—11700 to 11975 kHz

11700	—	R. Kiev	Kiev, USSR	0030
11700	—	Vatican R.	Vatican City	1700
11705	—	R. Japan	Tokyo, Japan	2300
11718	XERM	R. Mexico	Mexico City, Mexico	0215
11770	WNYW	R. New York Worldwide	New York, USA	0200
11780	ZL3	R. New Zealand	Wellington, New Zealand	0600
11780	—	R. Baghdad	Baghdad, Iraq	2045
11790	—	R. Lebanon	Beirut, Lebanon	0230

DETROIT AREA

Town	Police	Fire
Auburn Hts		KQC509 154.43
Augusta Twp		KQJ728 154.25
Bedford Twp		KQG247 154.43
Berkley	KQE771 155.01	
	KQE771 155.37	
Berlin Twp		KJS669 154.43
Birmingham	KQB232 155.655	KQC970 154.34
		KQE740 154.34
Blissfield	KQA278 42.58	KFB972 154.43
Bloomfield Hills	KQB325 155.655	KQJ733-4 154.43
Bloomfield Twp	KQD700 155.655	KCS992 154.43
		KQJ732 154.43
		KQD273 154.01
Brighton	KQA261 42.58	
Britton	KQH630 155.31	
Canton Twp		KQE971 154.37
Carleton		KCX388 154.43
Center Line	KCO352 39.78	KQG390 154.13
	KCO352 39.90	
Chelsea		KQJ520 154.25
Chesterfield Twp		KQG391 154.13
Clarkston		KQH448 154.43
Clawson	KQC428 155.595	KQG319 154.43
Clinton		KLP885 154.43
Clinton Twp		KQF484 154.13
Commerce Twp		KQF907 154.43
Comstock		KQD209 154.43
Davisburg		KCN662 154.43
Dearborn	KQA878 158.85	KAT353 154.16
Dearborn Hts	KLK482 155.37	KQF504 154.37
		KQG722 154.37
Deerfield Twp		KCI547 154.43
Dexter		KQJ831 154.25
Dundee	mobiles 37.02	KBG295 154.43
Durand	KBO754 155.37	
East Detroit	KQF238 155.91	KQD789 154.13
Ecorse	KQA480 155.49	KCI1473 154.22
Eloise	KQG781 155.37	
Erie Twp		KET204 154.43
		KQE213 154.43
		KJY710 154.43
		KQH268 154.37
Fair Haven		KDE251 154.43
Farmington	KQA549 155.37	KDJ576 154.43
	KQA549 155.415	
	KQA549 155.73	
Farmington Twp	KCX967 155.415	
Fenton	KQB515 154.80	
Ferndale	KQF367 154.74	KQF229-30 154.34
	KQF367 155.01	
	KET341 45.18	
Flat Rock		KQH289 154.43
Ft. Gratiot		KQD557 154.37
Franklin		KQG259 154.43
Fraser	KLE904 155.655	KQG867 154.13
Frenchtown Twp	KDQ290 39.90	KQD536 154.43
Gaines		KQD475 154.19
Garden City		KCN831 154.37
Gibraltar	KQH936 39.02	KQF474 154.43
Goodells	KQB272 39.10	
	KQF99 159.03	
Goodrich	KGJ709 155.37	KQJ557 154.19
	KJY903 155.37	
Grand Blanc Twp	KJ1586 155.61	KQF223 154.19
Grosse Isle	KQG740 32.02	KCY223 154.43
Grosse Pt Farms	KQA437 154.95	KDP974 154.445
Hamburg		KAY255 154.01
Hamtramck	KQA694 155.61	KCY634 153.89
	KQD705 155.61	
Harrison Twp		KBA633 154.13
		KQE537 154.13
Horsens Island		KQE718 154.37
Hazel Park	KQD400 155.01	KQE958 154.34
Highland Park	KQA329 155.25	KQP217 153.89
Hinmans Corners		KFD503 154.43
Holloway		KDG873 154.43
Holly	KQC671 155.73	KDQ235 154.43
Howell	KQG559 37.10	
Huntington Woods	KQD713 155.01	
Ida Twp		KQE481 154.43
Inkster	KJW486 154.815	KQE214 154.37
Keego Harbor	KCI608 155.73	KQD957 154.43
Kimboll Twp		KQH445 154.37
		KQE716 154.37
		KBC207 154.43
Lake Orion	KQD498 155.37	
	KQD498 155.73	
Lambertville		KQH986 154.43
LaSalle Twp		KQI245 154.43
Lathrup Village	KQG546 158.79	
Lincain Park	KQC632 155.49	KQE762 154.22
Linden		KQF585 154.19
Livonia		KFA452 154.37
	KGL477 155.875	KF9999 154.37
	KQB717 155.79	KFB999 154.205
		KQE262 154.37

Town	Police	Fire
Luna Pier		KQF616-7 154.37
Macomb Twp		KCU827 154.43
Madison Hts	KQD915 155.01	KQB864 154.13
Manchester Twp		KJP445 154.34
Marine City		KLJ242 154.25
Marysville		KQH269 154.37
Maybee		KQE350 154.37
Melvindale	KQB532 155.49	KQE538 154.43
Memphis	mobiles 39.10	KDN933 154.22
Milan	KL1261 37.10	KQE720 154.37
Milford	KQF485 155.73	KQH369 154.43
		KCI679 154.43
Monroe	KQA929 37.10	KQJ751 154.43
		KQB416 154.43
		KQF293 154.43
		KQD536 154.43
		KQG827 154.43
		KQD944 154.43
Mt Clemens	KQF238 155.91	KQB944 154.07
		KBA633 154.13
		KQB945 154.13
		KQE537 154.13
		KQF227 154.13
		KQF484 154.13
		KQF864 154.13
		KQG391 154.13
New Baltimore	KQB274 39.90	
New Boston	mobiles 42.58	
	mobiles 42.74	
	KGV354 39.90	KQF922 154.13
New Haven		KJS669 154.43
Newport		KQJ729 154.25
Northfield Twp		KET203 154.37
Northville	KDX470 155.13	KDK655 154.43
Novi	KQE809 155.73	
Oak Park	KQD361 158.79	
Orchard Lake	KQD806 155.37	KLS647 154.43
Orion Twp		KBC207 154.43
Ortonville		KQG353 154.43
Ottawa Lake		KQH295 154.43
		KJS555 154.43
Oxford	KQF800 155.73	KAP373 154.43
Petersburg		KQD717 154.43
Pickney		KGV244 154.01
Pittsfield Twp		KCW728 154.25
Pleasant Ridge	KQD711 155.01	KDA434 154.37
Plymouth	KQA379 155.13	KQE267 154.37
		KQK539 154.37
Pontiac	KQB233 155.37	KBX619-22 154.34
	KQB246 155.73	KDQ208 154.34
	KJH268 155.685	KQC472 154.43
		KQF909 154.43
		KLR459 154.34
Pontiac Twp		KQF709 154.34
		KQC509 154.43
		KQC427 154.43
		KQF909 154.43
Port Huron	KQB272 39.10	KQD557 154.37
	KQG20 155.07	KQD565 154.37
	KQF99 159.03	KQE721 154.37
		KGV244 154.01
Putnam Twp		KDG873 154.43
Raisin		KQF960 154.19
Rankin		KQE911 154.37
Redford		
Richmond	KQE285 155.37	
Ridgeway Twp	KQH630 155.31	
Riga Twp		KLL747 154.43
River Rouge	KQA970 155.49	KQF850 154.22
Riverview	KQH308 39.02	
Rochester	KQ8851 155.73	
Rockwood	KGN531 45.18	KQE407 154.43
Romeo	KQ8720 39.90	KSC990 154.13
Romulus		KBH353 154.43
Roseville	KQA465 155.91	KBE834 154.13
		KQD401 154.13
Royal Oak	KQA673 154.74	KQD233 154.34
	KQA673 155.01	KQE494-6 154.34
Royal Oak Twp	KQD916 155.01	
St Clair		KDK750 154.37
		KQD565 154.37
St Clair Shrs	KQF291 155.31	KQD450 154.13
	KQF291 155.91	KQE663 154.13
		KDN591 154.25
Salem		KQJ521 154.25
Saline	KDE702 37.10	KFD503 154.43
Sciofield		KQI288 154.13
Shelby Twp	KQF959 39.90	KQF445 154.37
Smiths Creek		KFD503 154.43
Southard		KCI474 154.22
Southgate	KQC815 155.49	
South Lyon	mobiles 42.74	
Sparlingville		KQE716 154.37
Sterling Hts		KQI251 154.13

Town	Police	Fire
Summerfield		KQD717 154.43
Superior Twp		KQE406 154.37
Sylvan Lake	KQG766 155.73	
Taylor Twp	KDX561 155.67	KDK371-3 154.37
	KQA897 155.67	
	KQB876 155.67	
	KOD712 155.67	
	KQE836 155.31	
Tecumseh		KBJ210 154.43
Temperance		KQE247 154.43
Trenton	KQA796 39.02	KCO337-8 154.22
Troy	KQD359 155.595	
Utica	KQW749 39.90	KQE449 154.13
	KQB865 39.90	KQF344 154.13
	KQF959 39.90	KQI251 154.13
		KQI288 154.13
		KBC657 154.43
Walled Lake	KJN633 155.73	
	KQF867 155.73	
Warren	KGB275 453.13	KQD459 154.13
		KQD459 453.45
		KQG471-2 154.13
		KQG689 154.13
		KQH451 154.13
		KHH33-7 458.45
Washington		KCO342 154.13
Waterford Twp	KQE246 155.73	KCX992 154.43
		KQC357 154.43
		KQC948 154.43
Wayne	KQE692 155.37	KQB747 154.37
W Bloomfield Twp	KGL582 155.415	KLS647 154.43
		KQD957 154.43
Westland	153.875	KCZ849 154.37
	KIZ656 154.815	KFG546-7 154.37
Whiteford Twp		KQH295 154.43
		KQJ555 154.43
White Lake Twp	KCX968 155.73	KQD499 154.43
Whitmore Lake		KQJ729 154.25
Whittaker		KQJ728 154.25
Wolverine Lake	KJN663 155.73	
Woodhaven		KJO207 154.43
Wyandotte	KQA971 155.49	KBD914 154.22
Ypsilanti	KDX474 37.10	KDL917 154.25
	KQA226 155.13	KQA976 154.37
		KQE406 154.37

COUNTY AGENCIES

Genesee County	Police	Fire
Flint	KQB863 155.61	KQF239 154.19
	KQB863 155.83	
Lapeer County		
Lapeer	KBH349 39.10	KBG529 46.42
	KBH349 39.14	
Lewanee County		
Adrian	KQA802 155.31	
Tecumseh		KQK352 154.43
Livingston County		
Howell	KQE758 37.10	KCF947 154.01
Macomb County		
Mt Clemens	KQA783 39.90	
	158.79	
Romeo	KFN552 39.90	

Town	Police	Fire
Monroe County		
Monroe	KQA929 37.10	KQG944 154.43
Oakland County		
Milford	KQC752 155.73	
Pontiac	KQF725 155.73	
St Clair County		
Port Huron	KDA721 39.10	KQD565 154.37
Shiawassee County		
Corunna	KDQ269 155.43	
Washtaw County		
Ann Arbor	KQH905 37.10	
Ypsilanti	KDX474 37.10	
Wayne County		
Detroit	KLE916 155.37	
	KQE653 155.70	
	KQE653 159.15	
	KQG781 155.37	
	KQE957 155.37	
	KFM343 155.58	
	KFM343 155.70	
	KFM343 159.15	
	KQE692 155.37	
	KQB611 155.70	
	KQB611 159.15	

STATE AGENCIES

State Fire Conservation networks: 44.64 44.72
 44.80 46.25 151.25 151.295 Repeaters: 171.425 171.575

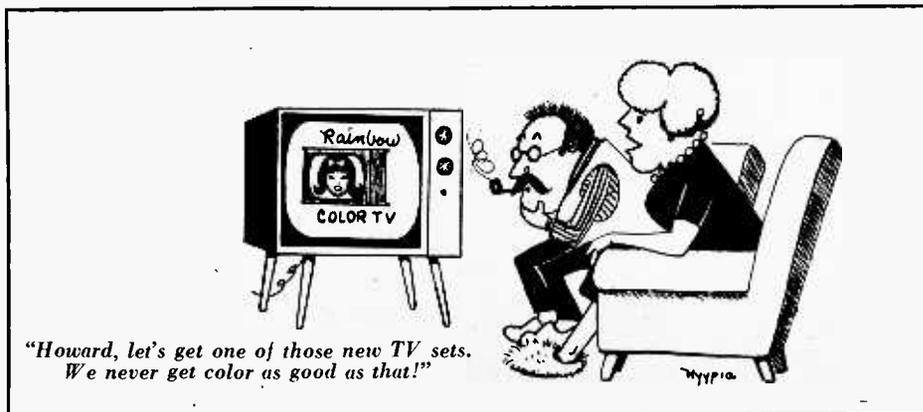
State Hospital Police

Ypsilanti 37.10

Michigan State Police (Detroit area)

Bad Axe KQA272 42.58 42.68
 Brighton KQA261 42.56 42.58
 Clinton KQA276 42.58 42.68
 Detroit KQA262 42.48 42.58 154.665
 KQA20 75.98
 Erie KQA277 42.48 42.58
 Flat Rock KQA266 42.48 42.58
 Inkster KJD940 154.935
 Pontiac KQA269 42.48 42.58
 Romeo KQA263 42.48 42.58
 St Clair KQA264 42.48 42.58
 Sterling Twp KOD796 42.58
 Warren KQA265 42.48 42.58
 Ypsilanti KQA267 42.48 42.58
 portable unit KQA931 42.48 42.56 42.58 42.68
 portable unit KQE228 37.10 39.10 39.42 39.58 39.82
 39.90 42.48 42.56 42.58 42.68
 155.01 155.07 155.19 155.25
 155.49 155.55 155.61 155.73
 155.79 156.21 158.85 159.09
 159.21

Mobile unit frequencies (Detroit area): 39.10 42.48 42.56
 42.58 42.68 154.92 154.935



"Howard, let's get one of those new TV sets.
 We never get color as good as that!"

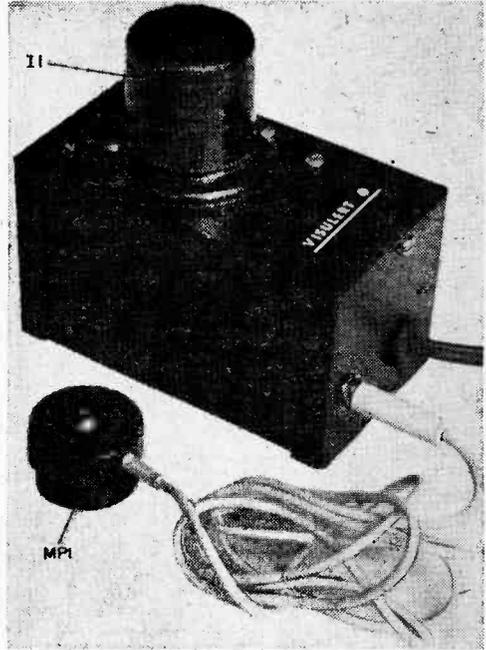
Visulert

Continued from page 48

support them away from the metal to prevent shorts. Before soldering electrolytic capacitors and diodes, check to be sure that you have them properly polarized. Also, doublecheck that connections to Q1 and Q2 are correct before soldering to avoid application of too much heat, if you must unsolder and resolder them, since excessive heat can damage solid-state devices. In fact, we recommend that you use an alligator clip as a heat sink by temporarily clipping it to each lead being soldered.

Remote Lamp. In the event you require a brighter lamp than the standard bulb listed, or want the lamp located on a wall or site outside the area of the telephone—where it can be universally observed—make the following modification. Remove the bulb and connect the leads to terminal strip TB1 for connecting the remote lamp control leads. Mount a 6.3-VAC relay, a standard 110-V lamp socket, and TB2 in a container suitable for the remote location. Wire it as shown in the schematic. By using low voltage (6.3 VAC) the interconnecting remote control leads can be small-sized insulated wire. The 6.3 V that is switched by the SCR (Q2) to turn the low voltage lamp *on* and *off* will now be used to operate the remote relay, which will, in turn, control 117 VAC to the larger lamp bulb.

Checking Out Visulert. After doublechecking your hookup for possible errors, shorts, or cold soldered connections, plug the power

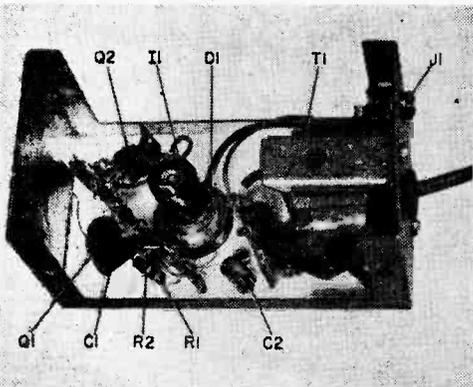


We used conventional round magnetic phone pickup. You may have a flat version available that can be conveniently placed under phone.

cord into an AC outlet, and plug magnetic pickup MPI into J1. Now bring the pickup near power transformer T1. If the unit is working correctly the radiated AC field around the transformer will produce a signal in the magnetic pickup device, triggering the SCR (Q2) to turn *on* lamp I1. Each time you move the pickup close to the transformer, the lamp will be lit; as you move MPI away from T1's magnetic field, the lamp will go out. When this checkup has been completed you can close up the mini-box and place Visulert in service.

Using Visulert. The suction cup on the pickup coil we used serves a dual purpose. It permits you to easily orient MPI into the magnetic field of the telephone ringer and also holds it in position once the ideal location is found. If the pickup you use is one of the flat types, place it under the phone near the exit of the handset cable.

Regardless of the type, you'll have to move the pickup around the base of the phone to locate the magnetic field of the ringer. Remember, of course, the only time you can locate the pickup is when the phone is ringing. Reason is that Visulert's operation is dependent upon the relatively high magnetic field of the ringer to develop a control signal to fire the SCR. ■



You can see how all of unit's parts are mounted either to tie strips or directly to mini-box in this opened up view of Visulert.

The Skies Above Us

Continued from page 16

following day, Sunday. This is the source of the solemn yet jubilant spring celebration of Christendom, Easter, as the Passover is solemn yet jubilant for Judaism, in the spring.

☆ Astronomers can date these events quite easily, by looking back to their records of the dates of full moons in those days. There is only one year during the later life of Jesus when the beginning of Passover fell on Thursday, and that was 30 A.D., in our present reckoning. The date was April 6. The Resurrection then, occurred on Sunday, April 9, 30 A.D.

☆ The early converts to Christianity were sharply divided between those of Jewish ancestry and the Gentiles. Those of the first group insisted that, inasmuch as the Resurrection had occurred three days after the Passover evening, the celebration of Easter should always be so dated. But the Gentiles insisted that it should always be on the day following the Sabbath after the Passover—that is, always on Sunday.

Finally, a compromise was adopted. Easter should be the first Sunday following the first full moon that falls on or after March 21. But this sometimes results in an Easter date before the Passover, as in 1970, when Easter is celebrated on March 29 and the Passover begins in the evening of April 20, which is the beginning of April 21, in the traditional Jewish daily

reckoning, sunset to sunset. Except for the tricky wording of the Easter rule, the date could have been even earlier in 1970, because there is a full moon on March 22. But that falls on a Sunday, and the rule states that Easter must be on the Sunday *after* that first full moon *on or after* March 21. So Easter had to be set on March 29.

☆ The dates of both the Passover and Easter (earliest on March 22, latest on April 25) can, as we have seen, wander through several weeks, yet the events they commemorate occurred on definite days. Because of its link with Passover during the life of Jesus, the dates of the Last Supper and the events that followed in the next few days have been definitely established. Perhaps scholarly archaeological and historical work will someday establish the exact date in the year of the seasons when the Israelites fled from Egypt. Is it too much to hope that we may settle on the full moon next after March 21 as the beginning of Passover and on the Sunday following that as the date of Easter, just as a beginning?

☆ Of one thing we can probably be sure. Our calendars, based upon primitive astronomy and the desire to preserve ancient traditions, have not completed their evolutions. As any other timekeeper, a calendar should appeal to the needs of the people, and irregularity and mystical jumping through the days of the year of the seasons is something that is distracting and sometimes even damaging in our tightly-gear'd modern world which would seem to thrive best on regularity. ■

DXers' Old Mexico

Continued from page 65

quencies (VHF), reception is ordinarily limited to line-of-sight range. TV and FM DXing is a whole story itself, but suffice it to say that during the early summer months, and to a lesser degree, during the post-Christmas period, long-haul logging is possible, via E-skip ionospheric propagation. With a single skip of up to about 1500 miles, the Mexican border FM-TV stations are possible catches for many in the States. At least two hops of the signals are needed to receive the Mexico City stations—and this is rare, indeed!

Another form of VHF propagation, tropospheric bending, can bring the border stations to American TV screens located up to 400-500 miles away. A word of caution, though. Don't be fooled into thinking that any FM-TV program you hear in Spanish

is from a Mexican station. It could be, but some U.S. stations have some Spanish-language programming, too. Moral: Don't jump to conclusions!

If you live in the southwest, your chances of logging Mexican TV or FM are pretty good. Elsewhere, you're up against the vagaries of ionospheric propagation. But, with luck, one day you may experience the thrill of seeing "XEFB-TV, Monterrey, canal 3," flash across your boob-toob! ■

Ham Traffic

Continued from page 66

lows in the Indianapolis area who wanted to obtain ham tickets, or to obtain higher class tickets than they already had.

Reports W9DIW: "It's much easier for a group to make progress than trying it by one's self. The credit must go to W9SFU for his patience and trouble." ■

Men of Science

continued from page 36

the Royal Society of London and a prize of 3000 francs from the Paris Institute—quite a bundle of honors for an apothecary's son.

Hans began working in his father's shop at 12, so had little formal schooling before he entered the University of Copenhagen in 1793. His father had hoped he would be a poet and found it hard to conceal his disappointment when the youth chose to study for a Doctor of Medicine degree.

He won his diploma but never established a practice. Instead he wandered about Europe for several years before returning home and accepting a post as Professor of Physics in the University of Copenhagen.

After his one shining hour, his life became rather drab. True, he instituted lectures to females in spite of community objections. And he managed to publish a few essays and a notably unsuccessful book on *The Soul in Nature*.

Oh, yes. In 1825 he claimed to have produced a new and rare metal by chemical process. Thing is, scientists discounted his report since they failed to get the same result when they went through the process briefly outlined in a published report.

Late in life he tried (without success) to measure the compressibility of water, reluctantly admitted to himself that his only significant achievement hinged on that classroom discovery made many years earlier.

When Oersted died, students honored him with a parade. As a special tribute, they laid a wreath of genuine silver on his coffin.

Had they been able to see into the future, however, they would have known that silver was totally inappropriate. For within months after his death, new techniques made it possible to actually produce a small quantity of the metal which Oersted had babbled about in 1825. The first object ever made of it was a rattle for Napoleon III's infant son; today, world production ranges above 6,000,000 tons annually.

With the light metal firmly established as a basic resource for modern technology, detailed notes by Oersted were rediscovered along about 1920. Repeating step by step the exact procedures he had followed nearly a century earlier, it was established that the father of electromagnetism was also the discoverer of aluminum. ■

NutZee

Continued from page 76

up a jack as shown in our drawing.

Suppose you have a component stereo system capable of driving low-efficiency speakers and you want to switch from them to your NutZees. In this case you would use a remote speaker switch and an L-pad. An L-pad is necessary because it cuts down the amount of watts delivered to NutZee. Without it, you stand a chance of burning out your NutZee the first time you switch from the component speaker system.

The L-pad, a Lafayette 99T6134 or equivalent, can be any wattage rating; just make sure that it will work with an 8-ohm speaker. You probably won't have to crack it open very far, owing to NutZee's ability to deliver bull-sized sound from flea-sized power.

When you're shopping for the remote speaker switch, pay particular attention to the switch's intended use. Some switches, like the Lafayette 99E01752, work with solid-state systems, but others, such as Lafayette's 99E00838, will mate only with tube-driven equipment. Here's the difference: transistorized amplifiers need a make-before-break switch but tubed amplifiers like to see a constant load at the output terminals. Our drawing explains the remote switch/L-pad arrangement.

You may wish to wall-mount your NutZees; the procedure is sheer simplicity. Merely locate another plastic top (from another peanut can) and thumbtack it to the wall. Now span NutZee's bottom in, and prepare yourself for a canned music treat. ■

Bookmark

Continued from page 12

is the answer to the need for a well-organized file of proven troubles and cures, field/factory changes, new and unusual circuits and descriptions of how they work, etc. This brand-new edition represents the only known up-to-date digest of specific TV troubles and cures, for both color and monochrome sets.

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