

Tickets Chicago

CLEAR CHANNEL BROADCASTING SERVICE
SHOREHAM BUILDING
WASHINGTON 5, D. C.

March 15, 1962

Mr. James M. Glasgow
Assistant General Counsel
National Life and Accident Insurance Co.
National Building
Nashville 3, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Glasgow:

Thank you very much for sending me the prospectus relative to a possible investment retirement plan to be worked out with CCBS.

I have been tied up solidly working on the Clear Channel legislation and have not had a chance to dig into this as of this date. On the other hand, I will want to settle it by the time that we have our Clear Channel annual meeting in Chicago. In fact, perhaps we can settle it at that time.

Thanks again. You will be hearing from me sometime in the not too distant future.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Roy Battles

RB/bh
cc: Mr. DeWitt

Write our congressman pointing up losses
statement in regard
get Harold Stearns to get info of long John
James O'Connell (full committee member)

February 19, 1962
Dictated 2/15/62

Mr. Roy Battles, Director
Clear Channel Broadcasting Service
Shoreham Building
Washington 5, D.C.

Dear Roy:

After several conversations with J.D. Bloom at WWL, I am convinced that Bob Marmet is really "managing" the station by "remote control".

When I called J.D. about the new farm director, he seemed to be absolutely lacking in knowledge on same. He also mentioned that no matter what the new "management" would do on clear channels would be entirely up to Mr. Marmet in Washington. He then suggested that I visit with the new officials of the clergy recently placed in charge of the station and other business activities of Loyola by the Board. I am fearful that we will never get the cooperation out of the new personnel that was true with Father Hugh Shields and the recent President, Father Donnelly.

If time permits, at an early date I will visit the new church officials in New Orleans in conjunction with a brief southern trip I will be making.

Best wishes, Roy.

Sincerely,

Ward L. Quaal

WLQ:ek

cc: Messrs. Chas. Gates ✓
Jack DeWitt ✓
R. Russell Egan, Esquire

Take to Chicago

March 16, 1962

Mr. Donald H. McGannon, President
Westinghouse Broadcasting Company, Inc.
Chanin Building
122 East 42nd Street
New York 17, New York

Dear Don:

Thank you for your note of March 13, and upon your arrival at the NAB convention Jack, Roy and I will be in touch with you regarding a meeting Wednesday of that week.

Best regards and many thanks.

Sincerely,


Ward L. Quaal

WLQ:ek

cc: Messrs. J.H. DeWitt
Roy Battles ✓

Westinghouse Broadcasting Company, Inc.

Chunin Building • 122 East 42nd Street • New York 17, N. Y. • MUrray Hill 7-0808

DONALD H. MCGANNON
President

March 13, 1962

*Mr De Witt
Mr Battle
I wish you
ugh*

Mr. Ward L. Quaal
Vice President, WGN-TV
2501 Bradley Place
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Ward:

I just returned from my trip and saw your letter. As I believe you know, I'll be away the remainder of the week and all of the next, but I do expect to be in Chicago for the NAB Convention.

Because of the time situation involved, I'd be happy to meet with you and Messrs. Battles and DeWitt while I'm there, and perhaps you could set it up for some time Wednesday if that is suitable.

Kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Don

/nb

3



Mr. Carl J. Meyers

We asked Lang to report CCBS at this meeting
W.C.M.
G. William Lang
March 8, 1962

RE: National Industry Advisory Committee Meeting, Washington, February 27, 1962

NIAC meeting was called to order at 10:15 AM in Room 7134, Post Office Building, Washington, D.C., on February 27 by Chairman Newton Minow, FCC. After all persons present had introduced themselves, Minow proceeded to the agenda, calling up Item #1 which called for a report on the status of recommendation of NIAC (dated February 13, 1961) requesting Department of Defense "re-evaluation and restatement of requirements for Conelrad". The DOD spokesman was Col. Kennel. He stated that Conelrad had been under scrutiny for some time and that many ideas had been presented and considered. He was evasive and stated that because of restrictions, and the fact that the subject was now being considered by the many agencies concerned, he would not be permitted to make any statements as to what the new system would be. He did say, however, that in spite of news to the contrary, particularly a story in the Washington Post, Conelrad was not going to be abolished. He hinted that the changes would be considerable, however. The Colonel, as well as Commissioner Barley and Ken Miller, also of FCC, all indicated that the word would come through very soon, in fact they were somewhat apologetic for the thing being as late as it is.

Chairman Minow then called for Item #2 on the agenda which was a report by Tom' Phelan of NBC on Presidential Requirements for Communications with general public. At the outset, he indicated that the discussion was semi-classified and that we were not to discuss the subject outside the meeting room. He then went on to say that SIAC would get a watered-down report on emergency communications very shortly. He referred to a change in the system under consideration by DOD and FCC. He also made reference to special high powered nongovernment radio stations for emergency communication. He said that EBS, with the assistance of other agencies including the AT&T, of course, would come into being within 5 minutes from any of five points within any state. He stated that any use by the president of the EBS would be a "seized key operation". The "seized key" type of operation came in for some discussion but nothing definite was stated by either Phelan, AT&T or FCC.

Next on the agenda was Item #3 (in two parts) with reference to credentials and travel authorizations for certain broadcast station personnel to permit the access to duty stations during an emergency. A Commander Butts, a White House aide, got up at this time and referred to work of the DOD in connection with Phelan's report and asked a Mr. Crane to elaborate on the Conelrad-OCD. Between said Mr. Crane and Commander Butts there seemed to be a lot of vague talk and nothing very specific. At this point, Commissioner Minow started talking about widening the base of NIAC, inferring that much more work was necessary and it may be possible that FCC might supply some help. Then Dave Driscoll of CBS talked about credentials and said that the NIAC committee recommended that the subject be turned over to NAB, feeling that that organization which directly represented the broadcasters could come up with a workable recommendation of credentials for broadcast station personnel who need access to their duty stations. He mentioned that Salinger, White House secretary, reported that the subject is being worked on at the White House level.

Next Mr. Pothan of AT&T spoke on Item #4 of the agenda which refers to an amendment of Section 3.980. This relates to ordering connections between certain radio stations to network tie points. This section is now being used in order to set up connections to stations not normally affiliated with networks but only for use during Conelrad tests or drills. AT&T wanted an amendment that would make it easier for the circuits to come into being probably upon requisition from an authorized person in SIAC rather than through some person in New York as it is now. This whole thing brings up the question of how all this is supposed to take place if this country is supposed to be set up so that it would take a maximum of five minutes to activate the EBS. During the discussion, it was amusing to note that Conelrad, Civil Defense and Emergency Broadcasting System were used rather loosely and showed, even among this enlightened group, what confusion there is in the thinking. I gathered from some of the discussion the word "Conelrad" might not be used in any messages and that the words "Emergency Broadcasting System" would become the dominant designation.

Item #5 was handled by Shoeffler of AT&T. He pointed out that regardless of where the President may be, that is at any one of five places within any state, his message would have to go to some specific point to be fed into the overall Emergency Broadcasting System. He also pointed out that the WASA agency is still the key to the material to be used by the President over the EBS. During a discussion of the EBS, a Mr. Gray of AT&T and Tom Phelan of NBC also got into the discussion and it was quite apparent that there was wide division of thought of a plan to be used for this five minute set-up for Presidential use of EBS. Shoeffler did point out one thing that is helpful now, is that the networks are all a one way deal and not necessarily roundrobin or reversible.

In Item #6, Sam Sharkey of NBC said that the standby script for the broadcast stations will be changed. He spoke briefly on the number of ideas that had come up with respect to the wording and also the idea of complete omission of a standard script and leaving it entirely up to the broadcast station to make its own script. This latter idea, however, was ruled out by the committee and a standard script will be coming through pretty soon.

Item #7 of the agenda concerned fallout protection for broadcast stations that would be in the Emergency Broadcast System. The Kentucky SIAC made a recommendation and there was one from NIAC to the Department of Defense. NIAC also wanted the DOD to make a selection of broadcast stations to serve as prototypes for fallout shelter construction. Tom Phelan of NBC made the report on this subject and said that five stations in the 50 KW category and five in the 10 KW, another five in the 5 KW and finally another five more in the 250 KW category were to be picked for study on fallout shelter design. The five 50 KW stations that were picked were WCCO, WSB, WTOP, WHAS and KFI. Phelan said that NIAC did not want to pick the stations and at that point Bartley got up and said that neither did the FCC want to pick the stations and finally it was turned over to a committee of NAB. From the discussion it appeared that the first 50 KW station to get the treatment was WSB. However, I believe that it was just in the planning stage and that no actual work has begun at WSB in Atlanta.

Clure Owen of ABC spoke on Item #8 of the agenda. He referred to a recommendation submitted by the Illinois SIAC for changes in Part 4 so as to provide certain specified stations within the state to request all of the frequencies in the remote broadcast station category for use by that station in emergencies, particularly for use in EBS and by the military. The Illinois SIAC presented an eight page recommendation for this change. Their recommendation called for a frequency pool administrator to advise the technical committee of the local industry advisory committee what frequencies should be used in connection with the development of a peacetime and emergency program relay and intercommunication network. Basically, it calls for a blank authorization to each licensee to operate on any remote pickup broadcast channel provided for this purpose under the table of frequency allocations of Part 2 of R & R and that the day-to-day administration of the frequency pool would be by a responsible qualified employee of a broadcast licensee in each community and designated as the frequency pool administrator by SIAC or by the State Association of Radio and Television Broadcasters.

The next item on the agenda, Item #9, refers to recommendations that the FCC appoint a subcommittee of NIAC to serve as a national coordinating committee for local emergency planning and for program control. This was handled by Sam Sharkey of NBC and appeared to stem from various SIAC recommendations such as mentioned in the previous paragraphs and agenda Item #8.

Item #10 was handled by Bob Linx and covered somewhat the same state network ideas but in a little different form. Bob Linx talked about Restore I and Restore III as a backup system for wire facilities for use in emergencies. He talked about the Florida network at length and then went into discuss a more recent network setup in California. However, he wants to use only the FM and the aural channel of TV stations in this sort of thing as opposed to the broadcast relay frequencies as mentioned by several of the SIACs.

Item #11 which was handled by Tom Phelan just gave a report of Kentucky's FM and TV state network which I believe is in the planning stage. There appeared to be too many open spaces that must be filled by some other means.

The foregoing represents the subjects that were set up on the agenda. There were some other questions that came up, particularly with respect to Opal 1962. NIAC said that they had not made any requests for it and it appears that neither DOD nor the FCC are making any plans for an Opal during this coming year. The discussion then went into when should they have next NIAC meeting and it was thought that it should be tied in with the release by DOD of the new Conelrad Emergency Broadcasting System setup. However, it was pointed out that this release was expected last fall and then right after the first of this year and then again about a month ago and since it still has not been forthcoming, they didn't see how they could set any definite date for it. They are going to try to call a meeting on a date three weeks after the official release of the new Conelrad EBS plan. The date was tentatively set for May 3, in Washington, D.C.

I would like to comment with respect to the work done by NIAC which is charged primarily with developing the Emergency Broadcasting System. I believe it is no further ahead now than it was three years ago. It appears that the AT&T engineers are at odds among themselves and this, of course, has been no help to NIAC. This apparently has caused some of the more energetic SIACs to plan on state networks independent of wire circuits. That is probably why plans such as California, Florida, Kentucky, Illinois and Massachusetts have been forthcoming. In the meantime, apparently the FCC, through men like Bob Linx, is working on another phase of this state network. Incidentally, Bob Linx set up a test which apparently was very successful and carried the name of SEACOM. There is very definitely an increase in activity using FM networks for EBS and for military purposes. The main advantage appears to be in the multiplexing abilities of the FM stations which could make it possible to carry several voice channels and several teletype channels simultaneously with broadcasts.



GWL:DB

cc: Mr. Jack DeWitt
WSM, Inc.
Nashville, Tennessee



Take to N.O.

from JACK DEWITT

1959

\$2000⁰⁰

Resigned

May 31 - 59

WSM

4680⁰⁰/yr

quantity

1170⁰⁰

assessment

2000⁰⁰

Current highest bill \$1000

No member pays over 7000⁰⁰

WWL

40⁰⁰

WSM

55⁰⁰



WWL from JACK DEWITT

Robert Merritt

Merritt & Schneider

Bill Dean is mgr.

Falter Donnelly mngt

" Frank Schmidt
Pres.

" Godsped ex head.

Roosevelt Hotel

OM

WSM NASH

THIS IS CCBS WASH DC

MESSAGE FOR MR JACK DEWITT FROM ROY BATTLES

THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH TAKEN FROM QUAALS DECEMBER 12 1961 LETTER TO KSL WILL GIVE YOU A DISCUSSION BASIS FOR YOUR CCBS COST ESTIMATE FOR WWL. WE DO NOT HAVE HERE FULL DATA NEEDED TO COMPUTE THE ACTUAL WWL COST OF CCBS MEMBERSHIP. QUAAL COULD PROVIDE THIS.

QUOTE TWO YEARS AGO THE MEMBER STATIONS OF CCBS WERE PLACED UPON A FAR MORE SOUND DUES STRUCTURE THAN HAD BEEN THE CAUSE THERETOFORE. OUR STATIONS CONTRIBUTE TO THE ORGANIZATION BASED UPON THEIR RESPECTIVE RATE STRUCTURES WITH THE KEY RATE WISE BEING THE HIGHEST ONE TIME NATIONAL SPOT RATE ON EACH STATION. IN VIEW OF OUR ESTIMATE ON A BASIC OPERATING EXPENSE OF 60 THOUSAND DOLLARS PER ANNUM WE THEREFORE EQUATE THE RATE POSITION OF THE PRESENT 12 MEMBER STATION WITH EACH PAYING THE PROPER PERCENTAGE OF THE 60

THOUSAND FIGURE. IN EACH 60 THOUSAND BUDGET NO MEMBER STATION IS PERMITTED TO PAY MORE THAN 7 THOUSAND. THE STATIONS WITH THE HIGHEST RATES NAMELY WGN KFI AND WJR EACH CONTRIBUTE 7 THOUSAND TO EVERY 60

THOUSAND BUDGET PERIOD. IN THE CASE OF KSL USING THE 40 DOLLAR RATE YOUR DUES WOULD BE 5 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL BUDGET OR 3 THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR THE TYPICAL OPERATING PERIOD. NEEDLESS TO SAY IT IS CONCEIVABLE THAT THERE WILL BE CONSIDERABLE ADDED EXPENSE IN 1962 IN VIEW OF HEARINGS ON BOTH THE SENATE AND HOUSE SIDE AS WELL AS ACTIVITY AT THE FCC. IN THE EVENT ADDITIONAL ASSESSMENTS ARE NECESSARY THE SAME ARRANGEMENT PERCENTAGE WISE WOULD MANIFEST ITSELF UNQUOTE.

REAGARDS ROY BATTLES

END OR GA T

WILL DELIVER TO MR

DEWITT

THANK U AND END WSM TV PP END



LOYOLA UNIVERSITY

STUDIOS IN
ROOSEVELT HOTEL

AFFILIATED WITH
COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM

April 16, 1962

AIRMAIL

Mr. John H. DeWitt, Jr.
WSM-TV, INC.
Nashville 3, Tennessee

Dear Jack:

I have your letter of April 12th and am very glad to learn you will be in New Orleans on Tuesday, April 17, to discuss, among other things, the Clear Channel situation.

I am leaving town on Tuesday afternoon, but am hopeful you will be able to get with J.D. and me on Tuesday morning to discuss the current status of the Clear Channel situation. If we are not able to get together on Tuesday morning, I will be very certain to have J. D. brief me on your discussion here on Tuesday.

Kindest personal regards.

Yours very sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads 'Bill Dean'.

William A. Dean
General Manager

WAD:mn

April 13, 1962

Mr. G. F. Leydorf
211 Savings & Loan Building
Birmingham, Michigan

Dear Fritz:

I owe you a very sincere apology in regard to your letter of March 25th. For some reason the letter lay on my desk unanswered. I am only now sending your statement on to Harold Hough for payment.

I met with Lloyd Sigmon and Clair Stout for breakfast while at the Convention and had a very full discussion regarding Sigalert. I told Lloyd we were interested in experimenting with the DART further and since that time we have been contacted by Mr. Bill Thomas of Beta Instruments who will come by here next week and leave us a couple for test purposes. I sent the DART literature to Ken Miller at the FCC who became quite violent on the subject and sent me back the enclosed note. Subsequently, I have talked with Miller and assured him that we were not interested in having the police control our station or were we interested in using low frequency signalling since it could easily interfere with BRECOM, especially in the rapid fading zone or otherwise. Actually, I am sorry that Lloyd is involved with Beta for I do not see how his system has any connection with the 1,000 cycle signalling system which is of interest to us in alerting the populace. This system is far more attractive than the NEAR system which everyone seems to be against except the Civil Defense people.

Again, please accept my apology for delaying your statement payment.

Sincerely yours,

John H. DeWitt, Jr.

JHD:am

G. F. LEYDORF, P. E.
CONSULTING ENGINEER

211 Savings & Loan Building
Birmingham, Michigan

25 March 1962

Mr John H. DeWitt, Jr., President
W S M Inc.,
Nashville 3, Tennessee

Dear Jack:

Thank you very much for sending the booklet "Astronomy at Vanderbilt". Besides the main subject which always fascinates me, there is a fine photograph of Carl Seyfert which I am glad to have.

When I was in Nashville I had your copy of my note to Donn Choum regarding the New Horizons Sloop. I hope my failure to hand it to you has not detracted from what Donn had to say.

On our western trip, which ended about ten days ago, we visited WOAI, KFI and KMPC. While at KMPC I spent an hour or two with Lloyd Sigmon and found him all wound up over SIGALERT. Beta Instruments Corp. have taken an interest in the alerting idea and have developed the so-called DART system described in the enclosed

folders. (On two of these folders I have placed the names of the men Loyd mentioned). Beta is an offshoot of Texas Instruments and they are interested in the SIGALERT idea generally.

Also enclosed is a newspaper clipping which Loyd gave me. I am passing these things along at this time since you may feel, as I do, that some discussion with Loyd may head off possible working at cross purposes. Loyd feels that the Sigalert idea may go nation-wide in application in spite of current opposition at the FCC. I have not discussed BRECOM with Loyd, but told him CCBS was experimenting with FSK. I believe he would cooperate with equipment if compatibility tests seem desirable. Loyd is coming to the NAB convention, and will be staying at the Blackstone.

I am enclosing time and expense records and invoices for December and January.

I expect to attend the CCBS meeting on the first and circulate around the exhibits on the second.

Very truly yours
Fitz

P.S. I told Loyd I would discuss this with you. 7

JOHN H. DEWITT, JR.
PRESIDENT

WSM
INCORPORATED

WSM-TV
CHANNEL 4

April 12, 1962

Mr. William F. Earthman
Commerce Union Bank
Fourth Avenue and Union Street
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Bill:

We are delighted to furnish you with the names of any new employees. It is always a pleasure to cooperate with you in any way and if you need any assistance from us at any time, please do not hesitate to let us know.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,



John H. DeWitt, Jr.

JHD:am

CROSLY BROADCASTING CORP.

26 March 1962

C
O
P
Y

Mr. Reed T. Rollo
Kirkland, Ellis, Hodson, Chaffetz & Masters
World Center Building
Sixteenth & "K" Streets, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Reed,

Your letter of 22 March 1962 to Jack DeWitt, with the proposed changes of H. R. 8210 comes closer to our position. There are still two areas which we would like to see altered.

In Paragraph 2, we note the language was changed back to "... power in excess of 50 kw." This, we feel, should read "... minimum power of 500 kw." You are aware of the fact that a 10 to 1 power increase results in a field intensity increase of only 3.16 to 1. This is the smallest increase we should consider. This conforms to the basic power increments the Commission has used for stations in this class in going from 50 watts to 500 watts to 5,000 watts then to 50,000 watts. During the five year period when we operated at 500 kw, numerous field tests were made of the power shift from 50 kw to 500 kw and 500 kw to 50 kw. It was very difficult to locate a measuring site with proper background noise to detect the 10 to 1 power change, even with the relatively poor AVC circuits in the receivers in those days. Today, with modern receivers and excellent AVC circuitry, a 10 to 1 power change could be detected only when a relatively steady state background noise was present. In addition, commercial transmitters are available in 10 to 1 power increments which would probably be a dictating factor in the stations choice.

CROSLEY BROADCASTING CORP.

Reed 1. Rollo, 26 March 1962, Page 2

**C
O
P
Y**

In Paragraph 3 of the proposed amendment, it is stated that additional stations shall protect the secondary nighttime service area. It is not clear if this is to be protected to the 0.5 mv/m 50% contour, or to the Type E or F service based on Exhibit 109. It is also not clear what power level should be considered for the Class I-A stations. It is possible in our case, that we might reactivate the old transmitter and operate at 500 kw for an interim period before going to a megawatt. We feel the Class I-A stations should be protected as if they were operating at 1 megawatt.

Kindest personal regards,



Clyde G. Haehle
Senior Engineer

CGH/cf

cc: J. D. Shouse, R. Eagan, W. Guaal, J. DeWitt, R. Battles



Clear Channel Broadcasting Service

Shoreham Building
Washington 5, D. C.

March 15, 1962

Roy Battles
Director

Mr. John H. DeWitt, Jr.
President and Station Manager
WSM, Inc.
301 - 7th Avenue North
Nashville 3, Tennessee

Dear Jack:

Enclosed we are sending to you the maps and the printed explanation thereof that Chairman Harris of the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee requested the FCC to produce in connection with the February 13, 1962 Clear Channel hearing.

These maps were provided to us on a confidential basis by a friend. As soon as the FCC gets clearance from the Bureau of the Budget the maps will be delivered to the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce office for the use of the Committee. At that time we would have official access to them.

In the meantime, could your people take a look at these maps and provide us as quickly as conveniently possible with whatever advice you may have relative to them. Are the maps reasonably accurate? Do they present any problems for us? If there are problems, what should we do or say through Congressman Dingell to minimize or offset the damage -- in short, to set the record straight?

Congressman Dingell has asked for our advice.

I am also sending a copy of these maps to Clyde Haehnle since he has expressed a personal interest in them. I have not asked Clyde however for advice.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Roy Battles

RB/bh
Encl.
cc: Mr. Eagan



Sponsored by Independently Owned
Clear Channel Radio Stations

June 1 1960
CCBS reply comments
A-2
refers to memo paper.

April 24 1962

Mr. Roy Battles
Clear Channel Broadcasting Service
532 Shoreham Building
Washington D. C

Dear Roy:

Over the weekend George Reynolds and I have conferred with Fritz Leydorf by telephone in regard to the protection limits which we would like to have on high powered stations. In addition, Johnie Campbell has studied the problem.

We feel that the Commission is not likely to buy a complicated statement or method of protection. It has been traditional with the Commission Engineering Department to use simple methods which can be easily calculated. For these reasons we feel that it would be impossible to get the Commission to adopt a standard which would propose to protect the F type contour. If we adopt the latitude curves, then the stations in northern latitudes would not be protected to anything like the distances to which the southern latitude stations would be protected. All of this leads to the following conclusions:

- (1) We should use the skywave curves which the Commission now has in effect and known as Figure 1-A in their rules
- (2) That the 1-A clear channel station be protected on the assumption that it will be operated at a power of 1,000 kilowatts and that the field at 1 mile will be 9.5 volts per meter.
- (3) Protection should be afforded to the .5 millivolt per meter 50% of the time contour on a 20-1 basis against the 10% interfering field. (This .5 millivolt contour will fall about 1400 miles from the 1-A station)
- (4) In designing directional antennas for the Class II stations which may be placed on the channels it should be assumed that 10-1 suppression ratio is all that can be achieved; that is, in the protected directions the radiated field at 1 mile should not be assumed to be less than 10% of the r.m.s. field of the station (this would place a 1 kw station at a distance of about 2200 miles on the 1-A station and would require it to have a complicated

Mr. Roy Battles

-2-

April 24 1962

directional antenna which would protect the service area of the 1-A station over a wide angle as viewed from the Class II station)

It is felt that the above requirements are quite realistic and are not asking too much. The requirement under No. 4 for example may appear severe on the surface but it can be amply justified through the work of one of the committees which was set up by the Commission to study this problem in connection with the 1950 NARBA preparation studies.

Best regards.

Sincerely yours

John H. DeWitt Jr.

JHD:am

April 27, 1962

Mr. W. T. Bradley
Southern Bell Telephone Company
Green Hills Office Building
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Bill:

You will remember that sometime ago we asked for help in connection with a frequency shift teletype project in which WSM and other clear channel stations are engaged with the Defense Department. We now have operating experimentally a circuit from Fort Ritchie, Maryland to the Strategic Air Command at Omaha. Teletype techniques are out of range of experience in the broadcasting business and it was necessary for us to call on someone with the training and background needed for this undertaking.

Your Mr. Melvin Harrell has been most helpful in this regard. He is of course an expert in the teletype field having worked in your company for many years but in addition has shown a spirit and willingness to cooperate with us which is far beyond anything which we might have asked of him. He has transferred to us a very useful part of his vast knowledge in this field and in addition has worked on his own time in modifying and adjusting machines which we use in this defense effort. To us he typifies the spirit of service which is the hallmark of the Bell System.

Sincerely yours,

John H. DeWitt, Jr.

JHD:am

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

April 17, 1962

IN REPLY REFER TO:

6019

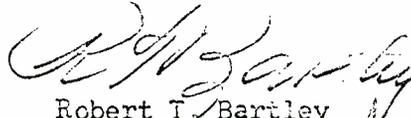
TO: All National Industry Advisory Committee Members;
All State Industry Advisory Committee Chairmen and
Vice-Chairmen, and the National Capitol Industry
Advisory Committee Chairman and Vice-Chairman.

FROM: Robert T. Bartley, Defense Commissioner

SUBJECT: National Industry Advisory Committee Meeting

The next scheduled meeting of the National Industry Advisory Committee, upon the advice of the Chairman Pro-Tem, is hereby postponed from May 3, 1962 to May 24, 1962.

The agenda will be distributed at the earliest practical date.


Robert T. Bartley
Defense Commissioner

CLEAR CHANNEL BROADCASTING SERVICE
SHOREHAM BUILDING
WASHINGTON 5, D. C.

May 2, 1962

TO: CCBS Executive Committee
Edwin W. Craig
Victor A. Sholis
Harold Hough
James D. Shouse
Ward L. Quaal

FROM: Roy Battles

Re: CCBS Membership

KEL's Arch Madson, in town for the 50th Annual Meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States just telephoned to say that he feels that he has the way cleared for KEL to take membership in CCBS starting June 1, 1962.

Jack DeWitt will soon meet with Father Goodspeed of WML relative to membership and, as you know, Ward Quaal is pursuing the membership potential of WCCO and the Westinghouse organization. Ward has also done considerable work with respect to KEL.

William Rust who will become the station manager for WML as soon as the FCC approves the sale of this station seems much interested in maintaining his membership. It would seem advisable, however, that each of us individually cultivate Mr. Rust whenever this can be done comfortably.


Roy Battles

cc: Messrs. DeWitt & Egan

LAW OFFICES OF

KIRKLAND, ELLIS, HODSON, CHAFFETZ & MASTERS

WORLD CENTER BUILDING - 16TH AND K STREETS, N. W.

WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

TELEPHONE STERLING 3-3200

CHICAGO OFFICE
PRUDENTIAL PLAZA
CHICAGO 1, ILLINOIS

LOUIS G. CALDWELL
(1891-1951)
HAMMOND E. CHAFFETZ
REED T. ROLLO
DONALD C. BEELAR
PERCY H. RUSSELL
KELLEY E. GRIFFITH
PERRY S. PATTERSON
R. RUSSELL EAGAN
CHARLES R. CUTLER
FREDERICK M. ROWE
ALOYSIUS B. M'CABE

January 19, 1962

JOSEPH DUCOEUR
RAYMOND G. LARROCA
JOHN P. MANWELL

**Mr. James G. Hanlon, Manager
Promotion and Research Department
WGN, Inc.
2501 West Bradley Place
Chicago, Illinois**

Re: Clear Channel Brochure

Dear Jim:

This is to acknowledge receipt of my copy of the memo you sent out on January 15 together with the first draft (January 12) of a Clear Channel brochure. Enclosed is my suggested revised draft.

I prepared the enclosed draft strictly with the thought that it might provide some ideas. I certainly do not offer it as a suggested final document.

It is somewhat difficult to prepare a draft without some general notion of the art work which will accompany it. If possible, it would seem to me that some of the maps could be reproduced on the back of the page which precedes the descriptive text, so that the reader could see the text and the map at the same time.

The statistics I have used with respect to the number of authorized U. S. stations are based on a Commission list as of May 3, 1961. I believe Bernice Hase has prepared an updated list which can be used in the final draft.

I hope the brochure can be completed in time for use in connection with the forthcoming hearings on the Hill respecting the pending clear channel legislation. In any event, I believe some of the material which appears in my attached draft can be used in preparing a statement for Roy Battles.

Mr. James G. Hanlon
Chicago, Illinois

January 19, 1962

When you reach the final draft stage, I will be happy to come to Chicago for a final review if this in any way will speed up the finalizing of the brochure. I am enclosing for your information a copy of the Petition for Rehearing filed October 16 with the F. C. C. in Docket No. 6741. You may find some useful quotations in the material starting on Page 23.

Cordially,



R. Russell Eagan

RRE/fp
Enclosures

cc: Messers Battles, De Witt, and Quaal

P. S. I suppose the phrase I used on page 15b of my draft will have to go!

M E M O R A N D U M

April 12, 1962

TO: MR. E. W. CRAIG

FROM: JOHN H. DEWITT, JR.

J. D. Bloom of WWL has asked that I talk with Father Goodspeed about their coming back into the clear channel group which I plan to do next week on a trip to New Orleans.

In talking with Abe Herman about the amount of dues that WWL would be required to pay, I found that he is still having trouble with Harold about paying the \$20,000 legal fee. Abe wanted to send out an assessment of \$1666.60 to each station and get the matter settled. Harold has demurred and said to Abe that they will send out a regular assessment which amounts to only about \$500 and the firm can wait awhile. Abe felt that the only way we can get this matter finally settled is for you to send Harold a note that the resolution at the Chicago meeting directed the Treasurer to pay the legal bill forthwith.

JHD:am



CLEAR CHANNEL BROADCASTING SERVICE

Your Attention Please!

MINUTES OF ANNUAL MEETING OF CLEAR CHANNEL BROADCASTING SERVICE SUNDAY, APRIL 1, 1962

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

Pursuant to notice, the Annual Meeting of the Clear Channel Broadcasting Service was held in the Bel Air Room of the Conrad Hilton Hotel in Chicago, Illinois, on Sunday, April 1, 1962, commencing at 4:00 p.m. Chairman Edwin W. Craig presided and R. Russell Eagan served as Acting Secretary.

The following representatives of member stations, arranged by frequency, were present:

KFI George A. Wagner
Charles E. Hamilton
Curtis Mason
A. W. Oster

WSM Edwin W. Craig
John H. DeWitt, Jr.

WLW James D. Shouse
R. J. Rockwell
T. A. Bland
Clyde G. Haehnle
Corwin R. Lockwood
Edgar W. Holtz

WGN Ward L. Quaal
Carl J. Meyers
Charles E. Gates
Daniel Calibraro
James G. Hanlon
Daniel T. Pecaro

WSB
Atlanta

Frank Gaither
R. A. Holbrook
Clair Stout

WHAS
Louisville

Victor A. Sholis
Orrin W. Towner
John Fouts

WJR
Detroit

John F. Patt
Worth Kramer
James H. Quello
George F. Leydorf
A. Friedenthal
Clarence W. Jones

WHO
Des Moines

Dr. D. D. Palmer
Paul Loyet
William D. Wagner
Roy W. Pratt
Harold Heath
Clair Stout

WBAP
Ft Worth

Harold Hough
Roy Bacus
A. M. Herman
J. Lee Johnson, III
Rupert Bogan

WHAM
Roanoke

Irvin Gross
William Rust

WFAA
Dallas

James M. Moroney, Jr.
James W. Cooper

WOAI
San Antonio

Charles Jeffers

In addition to the above, Roy Battles, Washington Director of CCBS was present as were CCBS Counsel, Messrs. Rollo, Russell, Eagan and McCabe. In addition, the following representatives of other Clear Channel stations were present: KSL, Messrs. Arch Madsen, Vince M. Clayton, J. A. Kjar and Glen A. Wilkinson; WCCO, Mr. John M. Sherman; and WWL, Messrs. William A. Dean and J. D. Bloom.

The reading of the minutes of the Annual Meeting held in Washington on Sunday, May 7, 1961, and the minutes of the special meeting held in Nashville on September 14, 1961 was dispensed with, and the minutes of both meetings were approved.

Mr. Craig expressed personal gratification for the opportunity which brings members of the group together and expressed his regret that during the recent years his contact with radio and television has not been as extensive as in former years. He also stated his personal appreciation for the friendships he has formed over the years in connection with the Clear Channels and reminisced briefly concerning the various storm clouds which have arisen during the past twenty-seven years since the historic meeting in Colorado Springs in 1935. But for the willing, vigorous and intelligent work of the group over the years, the Clear Channels would have been duplicated long, long ago. He expressed the belief that we were under brighter skies today than at the special meeting in Nashville. He welcomed the representatives of stations KSL, WWL and WCCO, who were present at the meeting.

Mr. Rollo reported on the various legal activities which had occurred since the last Annual Meeting and highlighted the following subjects: the efforts to secure favorable Clear Channel legislation; the preparation and filing of petitions for reconsideration and stay of the Commission's September, 1961 decision which would duplicate some half of the Clear Channels and would leave in abeyance the question of higher power for the remaining Clear Channels; the CCBS testimony in opposition to the legislation which would authorize

operation of daytime stations from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. regardless of the time of local sunrise and local sunset -- Mr. DeWitt presented the CCBS testimony in July of 1961 before the House Commerce Committee; the preparation of the quarterly lobbying reports and the registration report for Mr. Battles; the interviewing of applicants for the CCBS directorship, which was so admirably filled by the selection of Mr. Roy Battles; the slight problem which arose in connection with the lease of Washington office space; the work involved in updating the nighttime groundwave map; and miscellaneous tax questions. In closing his report, Mr. Rollo expressed the opinion that he could see no substantial lessening of the Washington legal requirements for the coming year and asked Mr. Eagan to report in greater detail on the year's activities with respect to efforts to obtain favorable Clear Channel legislation.

Mr. Eagan reviewed briefly the early history and basic principles of the group and summarized the activities and reasons which led up to the introduction of H. R. 8210 and similar bills in the House and in the Senate which would prohibit any further duplication, other than that authorized as of July, 1961, on any of the existing 25 (I-A) Clear Channels and would also direct the Commission to authorize higher power where it could be demonstrated that this would result in substantial improvement in service to "white areas". Mr. Eagan also summarized the House hearings which were held on the bill in

February of 1962 and the events that have transpired since that time. He distributed and explained a proposed amended H. R. 8210, a copy of which is attached hereto as Appendix A and recommended that the group support the proposed amendment.

Upon motion duly made and seconded, it was unanimously agreed that CCBS support the proposed amendment to H. R. 8210 with the provision that the last phrase of subparagraph (2) read as follows: "Authority to operate with power substantially in excess of 50 kilowatts".

After complimenting him for the outstanding way in which he has carried on as Director of CCBS since he assumed office in October of 1961, Mr. Craig called upon Mr. Battles for his report.

Mr. Battles summarized his activities since assuming the office of Director which included informational and educational work on the Hill, meetings with various farm groups and organizations, mobilizing and coordinating with member stations, other Clear Channel stations, and farm groups and grass root support needed to gain Congressional approval of H. R. 8210 and the carrying on of the other normal functions of the Clear Channel office, including the necessary arrangements for programs for member stations from various agricultural sources and reports from Senators and Congressmen. Mr. Battles explained the various procedures which must be accomplished in order

to secure passage of H. R. 8210, such as the necessity for favorable subcommittee and committee reports in the House, the obtaining of approval of the House Rules Committee so that the bill may reach the House floor, passage by the House, passage by the Senate, agreement reached in the conference committee and passage by both the House and the Senate of an identical bill and signature by the President. He stressed the importance of pressing forward to a successful conclusion as early as possible in this session of Congress. He concluded by expressing the opinion that we will win or lose the fight depending upon the amount of effort each individual member station expends in connection with this legislative endeavor.

Mr. Craig then called upon Mr. Hough to give the annual Treasurer's report. Mr. Hough reported a cash balance on hand of some \$10,000 and recited certain outstanding statements which have not as yet been paid, which substantially exceed the amount of cash on hand, especially when the normal operating expenses of the Washington office are considered. Upon motion duly made and seconded, it was unanimously agreed that the Treasurer call for an assessment in an amount adequate to pay all outstanding statements and to carry on the normal operation of the CCBS office.

Upon motion duly made, it was unanimously moved that the Chairman (Edwin W. Craig) and Treasurer (Harold Hough) be

re-elected for the forthcoming year. It was likewise unanimously moved that the existing Executive Committee (Messrs. Edwin W. Craig, Harold Hough, Victor A. Sholis, James D. Shouse and Ward L. Quaal) be elected to serve during the forthcoming year.

Mr. Craig then inquired if there was any new business to bring before the meeting. Mr. Battles explained the Clear Channel brochure which was being prepared by Jim Hanlon of WGN. This brochure is being prepared with the idea of having a succinct explanation of the Clear Channel issues which should be understood by persons without a technical, engineering background. Mr. Hanlon stated that he would soon have in the hands of each station a final draft of the brochure. It was agreed that before the brochure is published in final form, it would be submitted to the Executive Committee for approval. Mr. Battles also announced that a meeting of the Clear Channel programming directors would be held on Tuesday, April 3, at Room 552, 441 North Michigan Avenue beginning at 2:30 p. m.

The meeting was adjourned at approximately 5:10 p. m.

Respectfully submitted,

R. Russell Eagan
Acting Secretary

Proposed Amendment to H. R. 8210

A BILL

To amend the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Section 303(c) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, is amended by inserting before the semi-colon at the end thereof a colon and the following:

"Provided, in order to carry out the mandate of Section 1 of this Act,

"(1) that the Commission shall not authorize the construction or operation of any stations, other than those regularly licensed as of July 1, 1961, to operate on any of the 25 Class I-A clear channel frequencies for a period of one year from the date of enactment hereof;

"(2) that, during the one year following the date of enactment hereof, the Commission shall accept for filing applications from the 25 Class I-A clear channel stations for authority to operate with power in excess of 50 kw;

"(3) that, after one year from the date of enactment hereof, the Commission may authorize one additional fulltime station on each of the 25 Class I-A clear channels, provided such additional stations shall protect the secondary nighttime service areas which would be produced by the Class I-A stations operating with power authorized pursuant to Section 303(c)(2); and,

"(4) that, after one year from the date of enactment hereof, the Commission shall have authority to issue orders to any of the Class I-A stations that may have failed to apply for power increases in excess of 50 kw to show cause why they should not file applications for such power increases, provided that the Commission shall protect the secondary nighttime service areas of any station required to increase power pursuant to the terms of this subsection"

File CCBS

LOUIS G. CALDWELL
(189-1951)
HAMMOND E. CHAFFETZ
REED T. ROLLO
DONALD C. BEELAR
PERCY H. RUSSELL
KELLEY E. GRIFFITH
PERRY S. PATTERSON
R. RUSSELL EAGAN
CHARLES R. CUTLER
FREDERICK M. ROWE
ALOYSIUS B. MESCABE

LAW OFFICES OF
KIRKLAND, ELLIS, HODSON, CHAFFETZ & MASTERS

WORLD CENTER BUILDING - 16TH AND K STREETS, N. W.

WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

TELEPHONE STERLING 3-3200

CHICAGO OFFICE
PRUDENTIAL PLAZA
CHICAGO 1, ILLINOIS

March 2, 1962

*Reviewed by [Signature]
& letter*

JOSEPH DUCOEUR
RAYMOND G. LARROCA
JOHN P. MANWELL
RONALD J. WILSON

Mr. John H. DeWitt, Jr.
President
WSM, Inc.
Nashville 3, Tennessee

Re: H. R. 8210

Dear Jack:

In his testimony before the Subcommittee on February 13, Fred Ford argued that higher power on the 12 channels concerning which the Commission has reserved decision would provide a minimum of four acceptable type E (?) nighttime skywave signals to all of the United States except for small portions of the states of Washington and Florida -- which would receive three rather than four such signals.

*3 in Florida
imp F 1/2 CA 50 NC*

I don't know the basis for Ford's statement, but I presume it must be based on some engineering study.

What do you think constitute our best arguments to show that all 24 channels, not just the 12, are needed?

One obvious thing is that one of the 12 channels Ford is relying upon is already duplicated and in fact is not a likely candidate for higher power (770 kc).

Cordially,



R. Russell Eagan

RRE:bw

cc: Messrs. Quaal and Battles

LOUIS G. CALDWELL
(1891-1951)
HAMMOND E. CHAFFETZ
REED T. ROLLO
DONALD C. BEELAR
PERCY H. RUSSELL
KELLEY E. GRIFFITH
PERRY S. PATTERSON
R. RUSSELL EAGAN
CHARLES R. CUTLER
FREDERICK M. ROWE
ALOYSIUS B. McCABE

LAW OFFICES OF
KIRKLAND, ELLIS, HODSON, CHAFFETZ & MASTERS
WORLD CENTER BUILDING - 16TH AND K STREETS, N. W.
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

TELEPHONE STERLING 3-3200

CHICAGO OFFICE
PRUDENTIAL PLAZA
CHICAGO 1, ILLINOIS

March 13, 1962

JOSEPH DuCOEUR
RAYMOND G. LARROCA
JOHN P. MANWELL
RONALD J. WILSON

Mr. John H. DeWitt, Jr.
President
WSM, Inc.
Nashville 3, Tennessee

Re: H. R. 8210

Dear Jack:

As I have written previously, I believe it imperative that we come up with some general language to achieve the same objectives of the specific language used in the original draft of the above-noted bill. I believe this is necessary in order to get away from the charge that we are trying to put Congress in the allocation business.

I think it is a mistake to characterize such attempts as "compromises", as I do not believe we should either compromise or give the appearance of being willing to compromise. I feel this way because I believe the soundness of our case is based on the need to bring adequate service to all Americans. Certainly, the remaining Clear Channels are too few in number, and we should not willingly sacrifice any of them if we are to be consistent.

As you know, CBS has submitted a suggested resolution, and the Commission has sent language to Congressman Dingell which would carry out the viewpoints of Commissioners Lee and Ford. I do not believe the Commission's suggested language is satisfactory, and I would like to see the language go beyond the CBS resolution -- which I think is excellent as far as it goes.

We have promised Congressman Dingell that we would submit our suggested language some time this week.

Enclosed for your comment is my latest suggested language, which is to some extent a combination of drafts I sent to Roy under date of February 20.

Please let me have your reactions as soon as possible, preferably by telephone.

Cordially,



R. Russell Eagan

RRE:bw
Encl.

cc: Messrs. Quaal, Battles
and Haehnle

P. S. I am sending a copy of the attachment to Bill Green of CBS for his comments.

H. R. 8210
(as amended)

To amend the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled,

That subsection (c) of section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934,
as amended, is amended by inserting before the semicolon at the end
thereof a colon and the following:

"Provided, That in order to carry out the mandate of Section 1 of this Act,
the Commission shall authorize each Class I-A Clear Channel standard
broadcast (AM) station to operate with power in excess of 50 kw where
such authorization would otherwise serve the public interest, convenience
and necessity and would improve significantly the technical quality of
service afforded to populations and areas receiving less than four adequate
nighttime primary signals; And provided further, That no fulltime stations,
other than those regularly licensed as of July 1, 1961, shall be authorized
to operate on any of the 25 Class I-A Clear Channel frequencies unless such
authorization would (1) improve significantly the service afforded to
populations and areas receiving less than four adequate ~~nighttime~~ primary
signals, (2) protect the nighttime skywave service which would be produced
by the co-channel Class I-A station operating at 1000 kw, and (3) otherwise
serve the public interest, convenience and necessity.

File CCBS

AGENDA - ANNUAL MEETING

CLEAR CHANNEL BROADCASTING SERVICE

Bel Air Room - Conrad Hilton

Chicago

4:00 to 6:00 p.m. Sunday
April 1, 1962

- 1. Presiding - Chairman Edwin W. Craig
- 2. Reading of Minutes - 1961 Annual Meeting Russell Eagan
- 3. Report of CCBS Legal Counsel Reed Rollo & Eagan
- 4. Report of CCBS Director Roy Battles
- 5. Treasurer's Report Harold Hough
- 6. Re-election of Officers and Executive Committee*
- 7. New Business
 - Brochure Idea
 - Announcement - Time and Location, CCBS Programming Meeting
April 3, 1962

* Present Officers and Executive Committee Members are:

Chairman: Edwin W. Craig, Nashville
Treasurer: Harold Hough, Fort Worth
Executive Committee: Edwin W. Craig
Harold Hough
Victor A. Sholis
James D. Shouse
Ward L. Quaal



Proposed Amendment to H. R. 8210

A BILL

To amend the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Section 303(c) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, is amended by inserting before the semi-colon at the end thereof a colon and the following:

"Provided, in order to carry out the mandate of Section 1 of this Act,

"(1) that the Commission shall not authorize the construction or operation of any stations, other than those regularly licensed as of July 1, 1961, to operate on any of the 25 Class I-A clear channel frequencies for a period of one year from the date of enactment hereof;

"(2) that, during the one year following the date of enactment hereof, the Commission shall accept for filing applications from the 25 Class I-A clear channel stations for authority to operate with power in excess of 50 kw;

"(3) that, after one year from the date of enactment hereof, the Commission may authorize one additional fulltime station on each of the 25 Class I-A clear channels, provided such additional stations shall protect the secondary nighttime service areas which would be produced by the Class I-A stations operating with power authorized pursuant to Section 303(c)(2); and,

Clure Owen of ABC spoke on Item #8 of the agenda. He referred to a recommendation submitted by the Illinois SIAC for changes in Part 4 so as to provide certain specified stations within the state to request all of the frequencies in the remote broadcast station category for use by that station in emergencies, particularly for use in EBS and by the military. The Illinois SIAC presented an eight page recommendation for this change. Their recommendation called for a frequency pool administrator to advise the technical committee of the local industry advisory committee what frequencies should be used in connection with the development of a peacetime and emergency program relay and intercommunication network. Basically, it calls for a blank authorization to each licensee to operate on any remote pickup broadcast channel provided for this purpose under the table of frequency allocations of Part 2 of R & R and that the day-to-day administration of the frequency pool would be by a responsible qualified employee of a broadcast licensee in each community and designated as the frequency pool administrator by SIAC or by the State Association of Radio and Television Broadcasters.

The next item on the agenda, Item #9, refers to recommendations that the FCC appoint a subcommittee of NIAC to serve as a national coordinating committee for local emergency planning and for program control. This was handled by Sam Sharkey of NBC and appeared to stem from various SIAC recommendations such as mentioned in the previous paragraphs and agenda Item #8.

Item #10 was handled by Bob Linx and covered somewhat the same state network ideas but in a little different form. Bob Linx talked about Restore I and Restore III as a backup system for wire facilities for use in emergencies. He talked about the Florida network at length and then went into discuss a more recent network setup in California. However, he wants to use only the FM and the aural channel of TV stations in this sort of thing as opposed to the broadcast relay frequencies as mentioned by several of the SIACs.

Item #11 which was handled by Tom Phelan just gave a report of Kentucky's FM and TV state network which I believe is in the planning stage. There appeared to be too many open spaces that must be filled by some other means.

The foregoing represents the subjects that were set up on the agenda. There were some other questions that came up, particularly with respect to Opal 1962. NIAC said that they had not made any requests for it and it appears that neither DOD nor the FCC are making any plans for an Opal during this coming year. The discussion then went into when should they have next NIAC meeting and it was thought that it should be tied in with the release by DOD of the new Conelrad Emergency Broadcasting System setup. However, it was pointed out that this release was expected last fall and then right after the first of this year and then again about a month ago and since it still has not been forthcoming, they didn't see how they could set any definite date for it. They are going to try to call a meeting on a date three weeks after the official release of the new Conelrad EBS plan. The date was tentatively set for May 3, in Washington, D.C.

"(4) that, after one year from the date of enactment hereof, the Commission shall have authority to issue orders to any of the Class I-A stations that may have failed to apply for power increases in excess of 50 kw to show cause why they should not file applications for such power increases, provided that the Commission shall protect the secondary nighttime service areas of any station required to increase power pursuant to the terms of this subsection"

April 9, 1962

Mr. James D. Shouse
Crosley Broadcasting Corporation
Crosley Square
Cincinnati, Ohio

Dear Jimmy:

The enclosed letter from Roy Battles is self-explanatory. I have not taken this up with Mr. Craig because he was present when these matters were discussed before the clear channel meeting in Chicago recently and I believe he assented to the proposal to give Bernice a raise and buy an electric typewriter for her. If you would give me your feeling on this matter, I will then report the result to Mr. Craig and I feel sure that he would report the decision of the Executive Committee to Mr. Hough.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

John H. DeWitt, Jr.

JHD:am

Enclosure

cc: Mr. Ward Quaal

April 9, 1962

Mr. Victor Sholis
Station WHAS
Louisville, Kentucky

Dear Vic:

The enclosed letter from Roy Battles is self-explanatory. I have not taken this up with Mr. Craig because he was present when these matters were discussed before the clear channel meeting in Chicago recently and I believe he assented to the proposal to give Bernice a raise and buy an electric typewriter for her. If you would give me your feeling on this matter, I will then report the result to Mr. Craig and I feel sure that he would report the decision of the Executive Committee to Mr. Hough.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

John H. DeWitt, Jr.

JHD:am



Clear Channel Broadcasting Service

Roy Battles
Director

Shoreham Building
Washington 5, D. C.

April 5, 1962

Mr. John H. DeWitt, Jr.
President & Station Manager
WSM, Inc.
301 - 7th Avenue North
Nashville 3, Tennessee

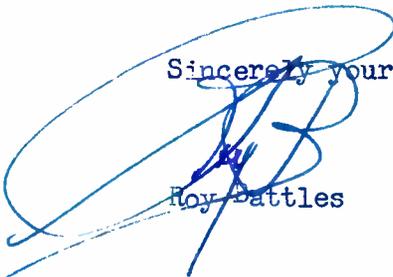
Dear Jack:

We have a letter here from Mrs. C. S. Vincent, 938 Evans Road, Nashville 4, Tennessee. Mrs. Vincent has asked us to send her a list of the clear channel stations and their locations including their frequency.

Should we answer this letter?

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,


Roy Battles

RB/bh

I took care of this sometime ago - am



Sponsored by Independently Owned
Clear Channel Radio Stations



Clear Channel Broadcasting Service

Shoreham Building
Washington 5, D. C.

April 5, 1962

Roy Battles
Director

NOTE TO: Messrs. DeWitt and Quaal

FROM: Roy Battles

Dear Jack and Ward:

Here are two details left in the category of unfinished business following our annual meeting in Chicago on Sunday, April 1, 1962.

They have to do with the operation of your Washington CCBS office.

(a) The question of a salary raise for Bernice Hase.

Bernice, as you know, left the FCC in 1955 coming to work here on February 10, 1955, at \$75.00 a week. About two years later (1957) she received a raise to \$85.00 per week.

Then on January 1, 1959 she was raised to \$95.00 a week which has been her salary for the past three and one-fourth years.

As you know, Bernice deserves a raise for her capable, efficient, loyal and beyond the call of duty contribution to the organization.

(b) Electric typewriter for Washington CCBS office. The present manual typewriter is five years old. It has seen better days. The office, as you know, currently is involved in a very heavy volume of work which will unquestionably continue.

All of this raises the question as to how this should be handled. Here are a couple possibilities:

1. Mr. DeWitt for Mr. Craig and in the name of Mr. Craig might survey the Executive Committee, namely, Messrs. Hough, Sholis, Shouse and Quaal to ascertain approval of the above two problems.

2. If this is too small an item to bother the Executive Committee with, then perhaps one or both of you could initiate a suggestion to Mr. Hough concerning the above basing your suggestion



Sponsored by Independently Owned
Clear Channel Radio Stations

April 5, 1962

on the observations you have made while you were recently in Washington working on the CCBS legislative problem and out of this office.

Maybe you have a better idea but at least the above represents a starting point.

(c) You will recall that the proposed brochure that Jim Hanlon is working on was left in the hands of the Executive Committee. I will have recommendations for you about this after I have had a chance to discuss the matter thoroughly with Jim Hanlon of WGN.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,



Roy Battles

LOUIS G. CALDWELL
(1891-1951)
HAMMOND E. CHAFFETZ
REED T. ROLLO
DONALD C. BEELAR
PERCY H. RUSSELL
KELLEY E. GRIFFITH
PERRY S. PATTERSON
R. RUSSELL EAGAN
CHARLES R. CUTLER
FREDERICK M. ROWE
ALOYSIUS B. MEECABE

LAW OFFICES OF
KIRKLAND, ELLIS, HODSON, CHAFFETZ & MASTERS

WORLD CENTER BUILDING - 16TH AND K STREETS, N. W.

WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

TELEPHONE STERLING 3-3200

CHICAGO OFFICE
PRUDENTIAL PL.
CHICAGO 1, ILLIN.

January 23, 1962

JOSEPH DUROEUR
RAYMOND G. LARROCA
JOHN P. MANWELL
RONALD J. WILSON

**Mr. James G. Hanlon, Manager
Promotion and Research Department
WGN, Inc.
2501 West Bradley Place
Chicago 18, Illinois**

Re: Clear Channel Brochure

Dear Jim:

I just want to pass along to you the following suggested changes to my January 18, 1962 draft which I received from Jack DeWitt:

1. On page 11, 5th full paragraph, 4th line, change "chemical" to "physical".
2. On page 14, 3rd full paragraph 2nd line, insert the word "nighttime" just prior to the words "radio service".
3. On page 14, delete the last line of the 4th full paragraph or use a word different than "notorious".
4. On page 14, change part of the last phrase of the 6th paragraph (lines 4 and 5) to read as follows: "none of this 'white' area population now receives satisfactory", etc.
5. On page 18a, change the first sentence of the 2nd paragraph to read as follows: "America has allowed much of its Clear Channel resources to lapse into", etc.

With respect to the statistics shown throughout the draft as to number of stations, they all relate to stations authorized to operate within the continental United States as of May 3, 1961. I have asked Miss Hase of the CCBS office to mail you the most recent tabulation she has made with respect to stations authorized to operate on the various classes of channels within the continental United States.

Cordially,

RRE:bw

R. Russell Eagan

cc: Messrs. Battles, DeWitt and Quaal



Clear Channel Broadcasting Service

Shoreham Building
Washington 5, D. C.

March 22, 1962

Roy Battles
Director

Mr. John H. DeWitt, Jr.
President & Station Manager
WSM, Inc.
301 - 7th Avenue North
Nashville 3, Tennessee

Dear Jack:

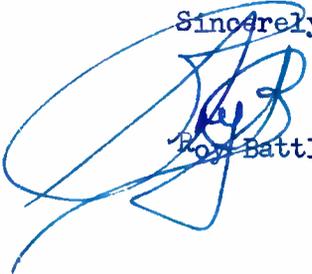
Thanks very much for your comments on the FCC maps which are now before the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Your comments concerning the maps have been placed in the hands of Congressman Dingell and we have attempted to bring to the Congressman an understanding of the problems that you raised.

We have also suggested to Mr. Dingell that if possible he insist that Mr. James Barr represent the Commission in explaining the maps to the Committee. Mr. Dingell has certain questions ready for Mr. Barr which will help clarify the picture.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,


Roy Battles

RB/bh

cc: Mr. Eagan



Sponsored by Independently Owned
Clear Channel Radio Stations

CLEAR CHANNEL BROADCASTING SERVICE
SHOREHAM BUILDING
WASHINGTON 5, D. C.

March 21, 1962

Mr. James Patton
President
National Farmers Union
1517 Sherman Street
Denver 1, Colorado

Dear Jim:

It was generous and thoughtful of you to invite me to have lunch with your Board and Executive Committee at Denver last Friday.

I am especially grateful to you for providing me with an opportunity to bring to this group the factual summary of the problem we face with respect to nighttime radio listening on the part of over 25 million rural Americans living in something like 60% of our land area.

You should know that Valma Good and her Committee were equally hospitable.

Until you are better repaid, I remain

Sincerely yours,

Roy Battles

RB/bh

bc: Messrs. Quaal, DeWitt & Eagan

File CCBS

EXecutive 3-0255



Clear Channel Broadcasting Service

Shoreham Building
Washington 5, D. C.

Roy Battles
Director

CONFIDENTIAL

March 22, 1962

Mr. John H. DeWitt, Jr.
President & Station Manager
WSM, Inc.
301 - 7th Avenue North
Nashville 3, Tennessee

Dear Jack:

I am reliably informed that Mr. Hamilton Moses of Arkansas Electrical Power interests has a deep-seated interest also in clear channel stations being granted authority to use higher than 50 kw power.

Mr. Moses has also, allegedly, been much interested in the political success of Congressman Oren Harris over a period of many years.

It is reported also by the reliable source indicated above that Mr. Moses has recently contacted Congressman Harris about the possibility of higher power authorization and that Mr. Harris has said that he is for it.

I do not know what Mr. Moses' interest in higher power for clear channel stations may be unless it would possibly be ownership of stock in a company manufacturing higher power transmitters and equipment.

Anyway, I thought you should know on a confidential basis of this rather delicate development.

I have told Ward Quaal about it by telephone.

Sincerely yours,

Roy Battles

RB/bh
cc: Mr. Eagan



Sponsored by Independently Owned
Clear Channel Radio Stations

CROSLEY BROADCASTING CORP.

19 March 1962

Mr. Roy Battles, Director
Clear Channel Broadcasting Service
532 Shoreham Building
Washington 5, D. C.

Dear Roy,

We have reviewed the set of maps and explanatory statement the FCC plans to furnish to the House Committee. In general, I believe the Commission Staff has done an excellent job in their introductory remarks in an attempt to clarify the fact that field intensity contours should not be interpreted as representing physical barriers.

The statement contains a few minor points which warrant comment on our part and these are as follows.

Page 4, Paragraph 2. Since this presentation is confined entirely to night-time conditions, the statement "...while a map of 'C' service would show less", is not quite correct since Type C rural service does not exist at night because the B contour is limited by the distortion zone and the next adjacent service is Grade F.

Page 6, Line 4. The statement that "service is generally better than shown Fall and Winter and more restricted Spring and Summer" is subject to question because in our study of seasonal variation, the service is poorer for three of the four seasons of the year. In addition, the maps included in the FCC study for WCCO also show that the service is poorer than the annual average for three of the four seasons of the year.

C
O
P
Y

CROSLEY BROADCASTING CORP.

Roy Battles, 19 March 1962, Page 2

Page 8, Line 2 states ". . . . that there is essentially no effect on the Grade E service now provided." I believe this statement would be true for annual average conditions but would not be true for Winter conditions.

Page 9, Paragraph 1. The map F showing area that would be covered by twelve I-A stations not duplicated if these stations were to operate with 750 kw power, is subject to question. This map shows the coverage of the Clear Channel stations, except KSL, utilizing directional antennas. I have not been able to confirm what directional antenna patterns have been used or what criteria was used in selecting the particular patterns. The Grade E contour for WLW appears in error since it is very similar to our calculated Grade D contour. I do not think this is a fair representation of the facts and I believe the map should have been prepared for non-directional operation. This map is, of course, based on annual atmospheric noise and will probably show poorer coverage three of the four seasons of the year.

Page 9, Paragraph 2. The statement that, "although gains in primary Grade B service would also accrue. . . ." is subject to question, since in our case, the Grade B contour is limited by the distortion zone and would not be affected by any power increase.

Enclosed I am returning the maps as per your request. You will note some of the maps contain some "art work" to show the areas receiving four or more services.

Kindest personal regards,

**Clyde G. Haehle
Senior Engineer**

**CGH/cf
Enclosures**

cc: J. D. Shouse, J. DeWitt, R. Eagan

**C
O
P
Y**

Mr. Louis Back

March 19, 1962

Mr. Thomas E. Young
c/o Honorable Kenneth Roberts
House of Representatives
Room 1322 New House Office Bldg.
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Young:

It was generous of you last Thursday to take time out to discuss with me the Clear Channel problem.

Here is the information that I promised to send you relative to H.R. 8210 and related bills now pending before the House Commerce Committee. These bills are designed to freeze the present 25 radio clear channels and to authorize the use of higher power thereon.

The enclosures include:

1. A one-page mimeographed summary of the clear channel case.
2. A Congressional Record reprint of a statement made by Congressman J. Carlton Loser of Tennessee relative to the problem. This statement contains two important aspects of the case for keeping all clear channels clear.
 - (a) The testimony of the Department of Defense which favored clear channels with higher power.
 - (b) Reasons why no other station can operate on a clear channel at night without impairing or destroying the nighttime service of the clear channel station.
3. A map showing every single radio station in the United States that operates at night with its nighttime coverage area. You will note that fully 90% of Alabama is in the white area. This means that this 90% of the state depends solely upon clear channels for its only possible nighttime AM radio listening either now or at any time in the future.

March 19, 1962

4. A list of the 25 clear channel stations. This list includes those that the Commission proposes to dissipate by duplication. You will note that WSB at Atlanta upon which much of Alabama must get its nighttime service is slated for duplication.

Your suggestion that the Congressman contact Mr. Moulder, Chairman of the Subcommittee, Mr. Harris, Chairman of the full Committee, and certain other members of the Committee either by letter or personally is a most helpful suggestion.

If the Congressman can be present when the Committee meets in Executive Session, this would also be most helpful. On the other hand, running at-large in a state as big as Alabama is a man size job. What I am trying to say is I understand the situation.

In summary, 12 clear channels with higher power is simply not enough clear channels to meet the national interest either in terms of the civil and military defense of the country or in terms of adequate nighttime listening on the part of people living in the far-flung wide open spaces.

Best wishes and thanks again.

Sincerely yours,

Roy Battles

RE/bh
Encls.

cc: Messrs. DeWitt, Eagan & Quaal