

**RCA TUBE
HANDBOOK
HB-3**



**RECEIVING
TUBE
SECTION — Part 2**

This Section contains data for those tubes used primarily in broadcast and home-television receivers.

*For further Technical Information, write to
Commercial Engineering, Tube Division,
Radio Corporation of America, Harrison, N. J.*

High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Center Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.720	amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage

(Each unit):

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	2.7	μf
Grid to all other elements except plate	4.0	μf
Plate to all other elements except grid	2.3	μf
Grid to heater	0.1 max.	μf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.1 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to all other elements except plate	9.0	μf
Plate to all other elements except grid No.1	4.5	μf
Grid No.1 to heater	0.1 max.	μf
Triode plate to pentode grid No.1	0.01 max.	μf
Triode grid to pentode grid No.1	0.01 max.	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit		Pentode Unit			
Plate Voltage	200	170	200	220		volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-	170	200	220		volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-1.7	-2.1	-2.9	-3.4		volts
Amplification Factor	65	-	-	-		
Mu Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1	-	36	36	36		
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	0.1	0.13	0.15		megohm
Transconductance	4000	11000	10400	10000		μmhos
Plate Current†	3	18	18	18		ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	3	3	3		ma

Mechanical:

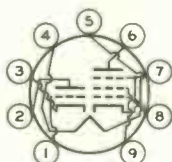
Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"



6DX8

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . . . 2" \pm 3/32"
 Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb T6-1/2
 Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9HX

Pin 1 - Triode
 Grid
 Pin 2 - Triode
 Plate
 Pin 3 - Triode
 Cathode
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater
 Pin 6 - Pentode
 Plate



Pin 7 - Pentode
 Grid No.3,
 Pentode
 Cathode,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 8 - Pentode
 Grid No.1
 Pin 9 - Pentode
 Grid No.2

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE	550 max.	550 max.	volts
PEAK PLATE VOLTAGE with maximum plate ma. = 0.1 ^b	600 max.	-	volts
PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	550 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	300 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	12 max.	40 max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	-	1.7 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1 max.	4 max.	watts

Typical Operation (Pentode Unit):

As video-output tube

Plate Supply Voltage	170	200	220	volts
Series Plate Resistor	3000	3000	3000	ohms
Grid-No.2 Voltage	170	200	220	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2	-2.8	-3.3	volts
Transconductance	10400	10000	9700	μ mhos
Plate Current	18	18	18	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.2	3.1	3.1	ma

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: For fixed-bias operation	1 max.	1 max.	megohms
For cathode-bias operation	3 max.	2 max.	megohms

^a without external shield.

^b with duty factor = 0.18 maximum and pulse duration = 18 microseconds maximum.



Medium-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For UHF-Oscillator Service in TV Receivers

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 \pm 0.6 volts

Current at heater volts = 6.3 0.225 amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 50 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 50^a max. voltsDirect Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx):^b

Grid to plate 1.8 pf

Grid to cathode and heater 2.2 pf

Plate to cathode and heater 1.3 pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage 80 volts

Plate Resistor 2700 ohms

Amplification Factor 14

Plate Resistance (Approx) 2000 ohms

Transconductance 6700 μ hos

Plate Current 15 ma

Grid Voltage (Approx) for plate μ a = 20 -11 volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential

Maximum Overall Length 1-3/4"

Maximum Seated Length 1-1/2"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 1-1/8" \pm 3/32"

Diameter 0.650" to 0.750"

Dimensional Outline See *General Section*

Bulb T5-1/2

Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 7DK

Pin 1 - Plate
 Pin 2 - Grid
 Pin 3 - Heater
 Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Cathode
 Pin 6 - Grid
 Pin 7 - Plate

6DZ4

UHF OSCILLATOR

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	135 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value	50 max.	volts
GRID CURRENT	2 max.	ma
CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.3 max.	watts

Typical Operation:^c

At frequency of 1000 Mc

Plate Supply Voltage	135	volts
Plate-Circuit Resistance	2700	ohms
Grid Resistor	10000	ohms
Plate Current	15.5	ma
Grid Current (Approx)	800	μ a

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	Not recommended
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max. megohm

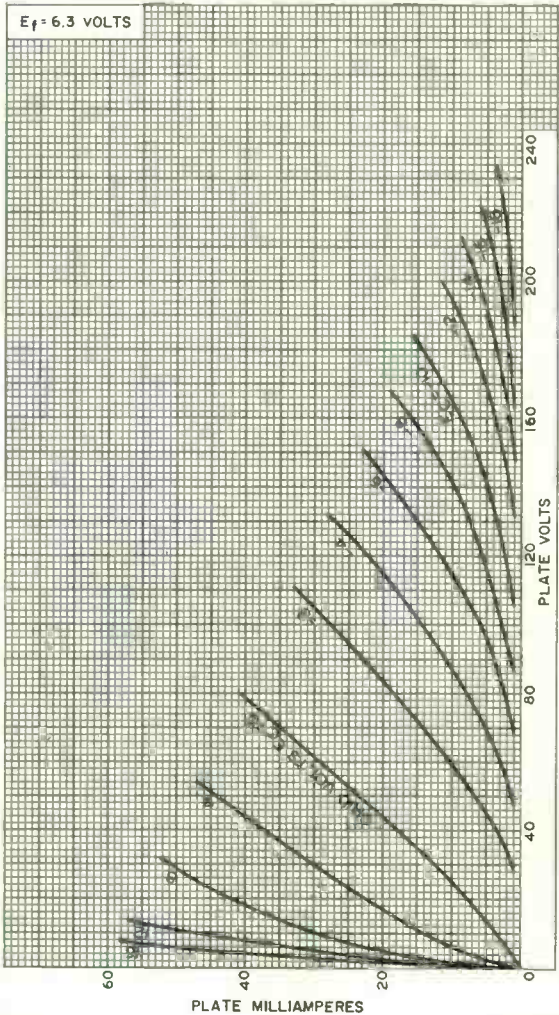
^a The dc component must not exceed 25 volts.

^b with external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.

^c Measured in JEDEC STANDARD OSCILLATION TEST SET No.400 with external, added resistance in plate circuit.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

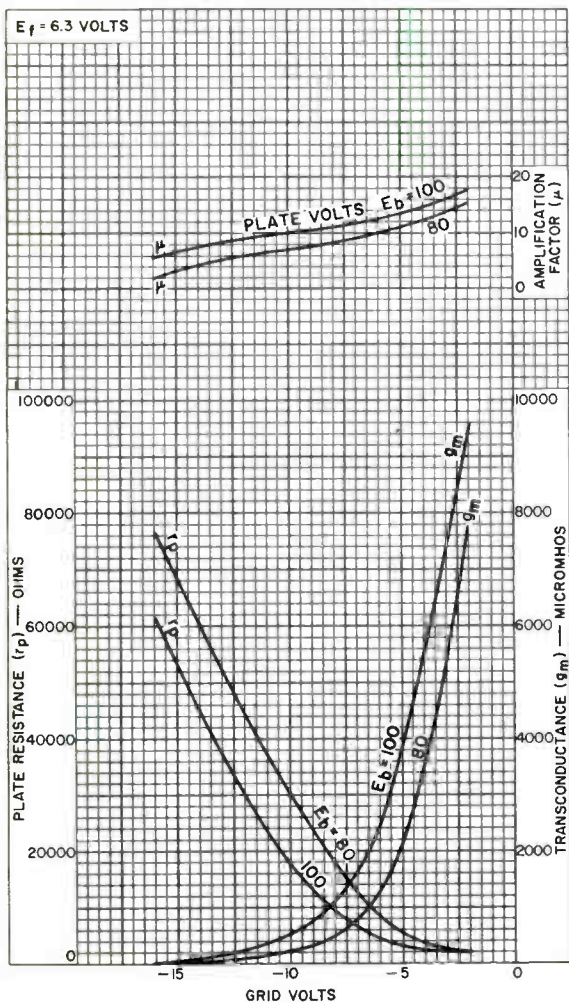


92CM-7756



6DZ4

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM - 7758RI





6E5

6E5

ELECTRON-RAY TUBE

INDICATOR TYPE WITH TRIODE UNIT

Heater	Coated Unipotential Cathode	
Voltage	6.3	a-c or d-c volts
Current	0.3	amp.
Overall Length		4" ± 3/16" ←
Seated Height		3-3/8" ± 3/16" ←
Maximum Diameter		1-3/16" ←
Bulb		T-9
Base		Small 6-Pin
Pin 1 - Heater		Pin 4 - Target
Pin 2 - Plate		Pin 5 - Cathode
Pin 3 - Grid		Pin 6 - Heater
Mounting Position	BOTTOM VIEW (6R)	Any* ←



Maximum and Minimum Ratings Are Design-Center Values

INDICATOR SERVICE

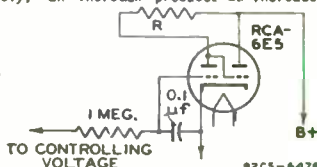
Plate-Supply Voltage		250 max. volts
Target Voltage		{ 250 max. volts ← 125 min. volts ←
D-C Heater-Cathode Potential		90 max. volts ←
Typical Operation:		
Plate and Target Supply	125	250
Series Triode-Plate Resistor**	1	1
Target Current*** †	0.8	2
Triode-Plate Current***	0.1	0.2
Triode-Grid Voltage (Approx.):		
For shadow angle of 0°	-4.0	-7.5
For shadow angle of 90°	0	0

* The plane of the ray-control electrode passes through pins No. 2 and No. 5.

** Designated as R in circuit diagram. † Subject to wide variations.

*** For zero triode-grid voltage. ← Indicates a change.

The 6E5 is a high-vacuum type of tube designed to indicate visually the effect of change in the controlling voltage. For different controlling voltages, the shaded pattern produced on the fluorescent target varies through an angle from 90° to approximately 0°. The extent of the shaded area is controlled by the voltage on the ray-control electrode which is an extension of the triode plate between cathode and target. The voltage on the ray-control electrode is determined by the voltage applied to the grid of the triode connected as a d-c amplifier as shown in the circuit. A decrease in triode-grid bias decreases the voltage on the ray-control electrode; conversely, an increase produces an increased voltage on the ray-control electrode. In the practical use of the 6E5 as a tuning indicator, controlling voltage applied to the triode-grid is obtained from a suitable point in the a.v.c. circuit.



92C5-6476V

The license extended to the purchaser of tubes appears in the License Notice accompanying them. Information contained herein is furnished without assuming any obligations. ← Indicates a change.

DEC. 15, 1944

RCA VICTOR DIVISION

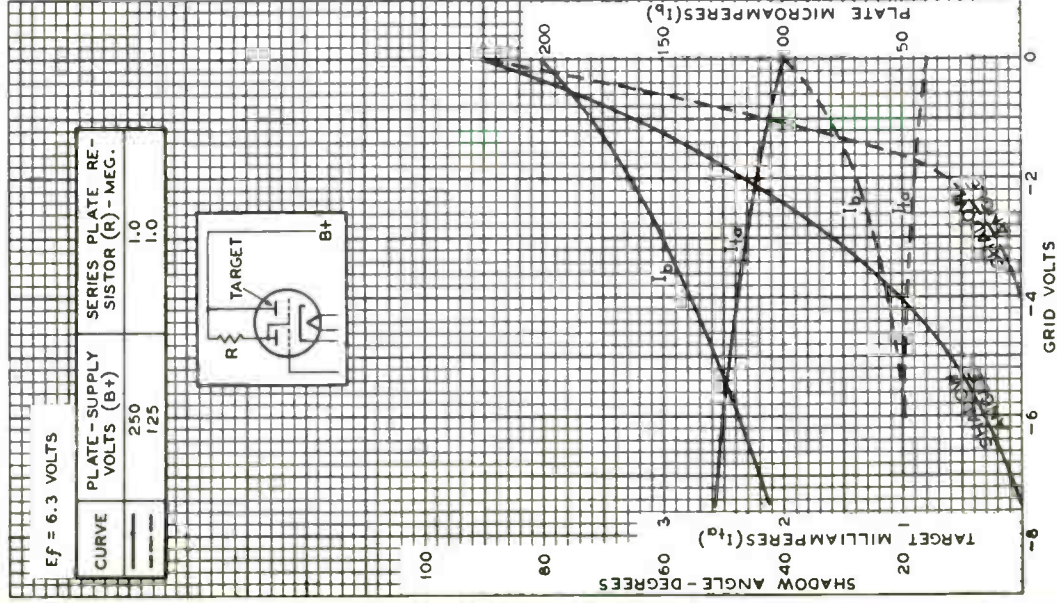
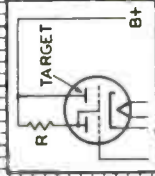
DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

AVERAGE CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS

 $E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

CURVE	PLATE-SUPPLY VOLTS (B+)	SERIES PLATE RESISTOR (R) - MEG.
—	250	1.0
- - -	125	1.0



Sharp-Cutoff Tetrode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.2	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
Grid No. 1 to plate.	0.06 max.	0.05 max.	μf
Grid No. 1 to cathode & internal shield, grid No. 2, and heater.	3.8	4.5	μf
Plate to cathode & internal shield, grid No. 2, and heater.	2.3	3	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	140	volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-1	volt
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.15	megohm
Transconductance.	8000	μmhos
Plate Current	10	ma
Grid-No. 2 Current	0.95	ma
Grid-No. 1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 100 or less	-6	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7EW

Pin 1 - Grid No. 1
Pin 2 - Cathode,
Internal
Shield
Pin 3 - Heater
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Grid No. 2
Pin 7 - Cathode,
Internal
Shield



6EA5

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	250	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	150	max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	20	max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	0.5	max.	watt
PLATE DISSIPATION	3.25	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200 ^b	max.	volts

^a With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.

^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	1.05	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances
(Approx.):^a

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	4	8	μf
Grid to cathode and heater. . .	2.2	6	μf
Plate to cathode and heater . .	0.6	1.3	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Plate Voltage	250	60 175	volts
Grid Voltage.	-3	0 -25	volts
Amplification Factor.	66	- 5.5	
Plate Resistance (Approx.). . . .	30000	- 920	ohms
Transconductance.	2200	- 6000	μmhos
Plate Current	2	100 ^b 40	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 20	-5.3	- -	volts
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 200.	-	- -45	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	3"
Maximum Seated Length	2-7/16"
Maximum Diameter.	1-9/32"
Bulb.	T9
Base.	Intermediate-Shell Octal 8-Pin (JEDEC Group 1, B8-6)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 8B0

- Pin 1 - Grid of Unit No. 2
- Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No. 2
- Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No. 2
- Pin 4 - Grid of Unit No. 1



- Pin 5 - Plate of Unit No. 1
- Pin 6 - Cathode of Unit No. 1
- Pin 7 - Heater
- Pin 8 - Heater



VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Unit No. 1

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	350	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	400	max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1	max.	watt
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^d	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	1	max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	2.2	max.	megohms

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Unit No. 2

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	550	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^e	1500	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	250	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	175	max.	ma
Average	50	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	10	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^d	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	1	max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	2.2	max.	megohms

^a without external shield.

^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^c As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^d The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^e This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.45 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	1.7	1.7	μf ←
Grid to cathode, pentode cathode & pentode grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater.	3	3.2	μf
Plate to cathode, pentode cathode & pentode grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater.	1.4	1.9	μf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate.	0.02 max.	0.01 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid-No.2, and heater.	5	5	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater . . .	2.6	3.4	μf
Heater to cathode (Each unit) .	3	3 ^b	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate-Supply Voltage.	150	125	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-	-1	volt
Cathode Resistor.	56	-	ohms
Amplification Factor.	40	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5000	20000	ohms ←
Transconductance.	8500	6400	μmhos
Plate Current	18	12	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 10	-12	-9	volts

← Indicates a change.



6EA8

Mechanical:

Operating Position. Any
 Maximum Overall Length. 2-3/16"
 Maximum Seated Length 1-15/16"
 Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip). . . 1-9/16" ± 3/32"
 Diameter. 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb. T6-1/2
 Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9AE

Pin 1 - Triode Plate
 Pin 2 - Pentode
 Grid No. 1
 Pin 3 - Pentode
 Grid No. 2
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater
 Pin 6 - Pentode Plate



Pin 7 - Pentode
 Cathode,
 Pentode
 Grid No. 3,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 8 - Triode Cathode
 Pin 9 - Triode Grid

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>	
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 VOLTAGE	-	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input</i>	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 INPUT:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 165 volts	-	0.55 max.	watt
For grid-No. 2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	-	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input</i>	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

→ PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	3.1 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200° max.	200° max.	volts

^a With external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to cathode of unit under test except as noted.

^b With external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to ground.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

→ Indicates a change.

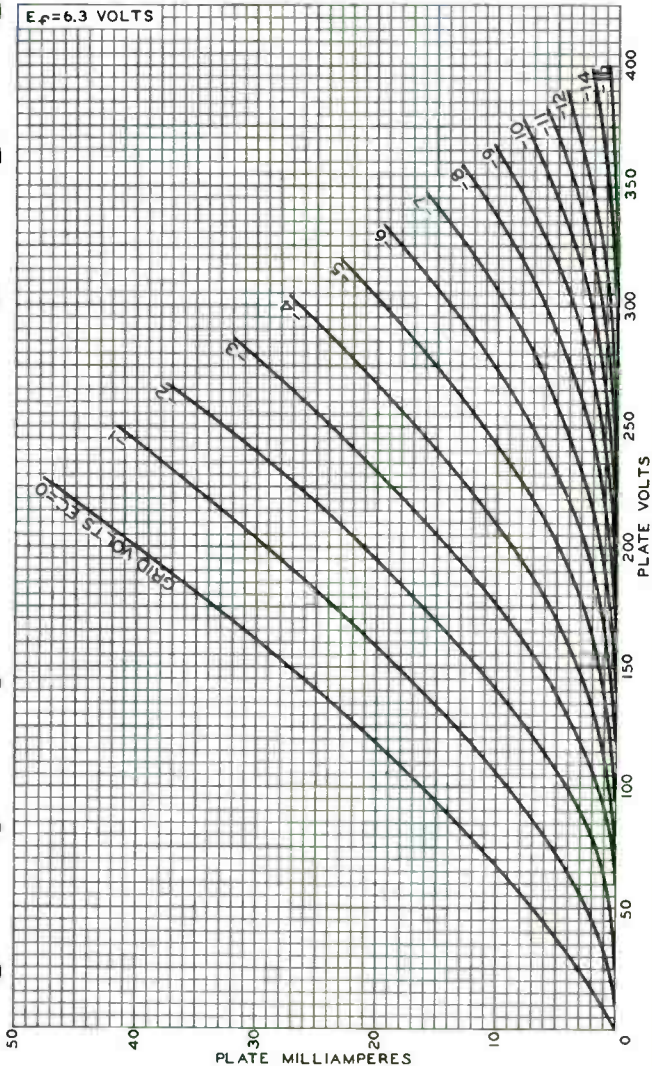




6EA8

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT

6EA8

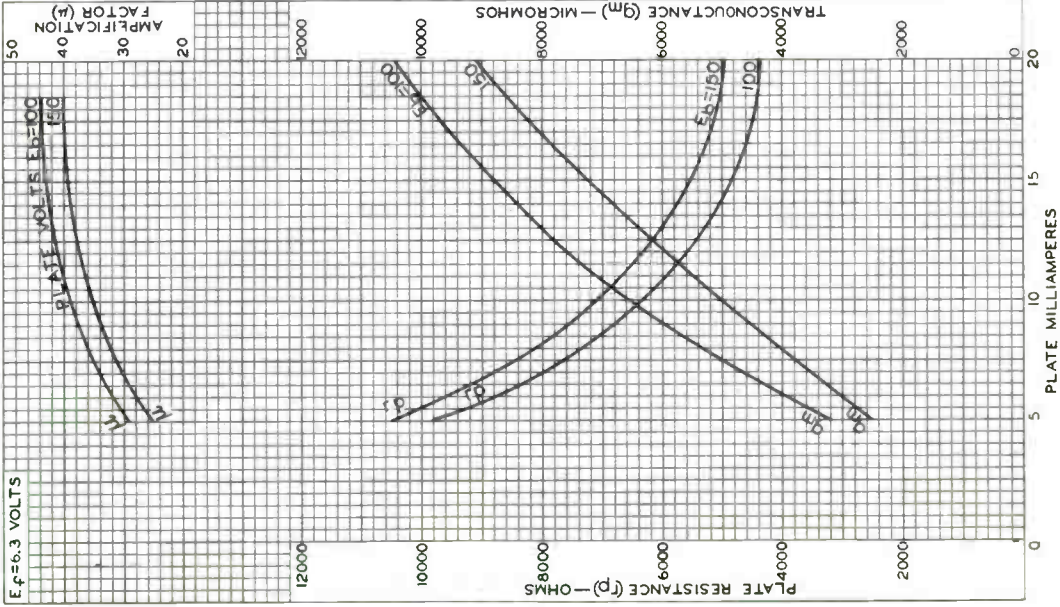


6EA8



6EA8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT



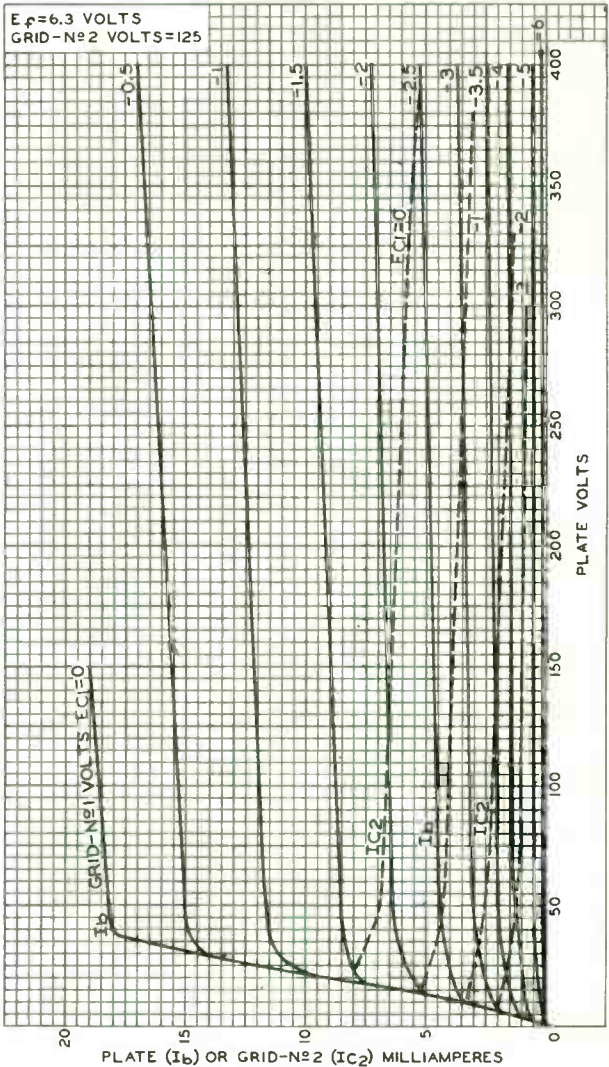


6EA8

6EA8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N \approx 2 VOLTS = 125



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-986.7

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

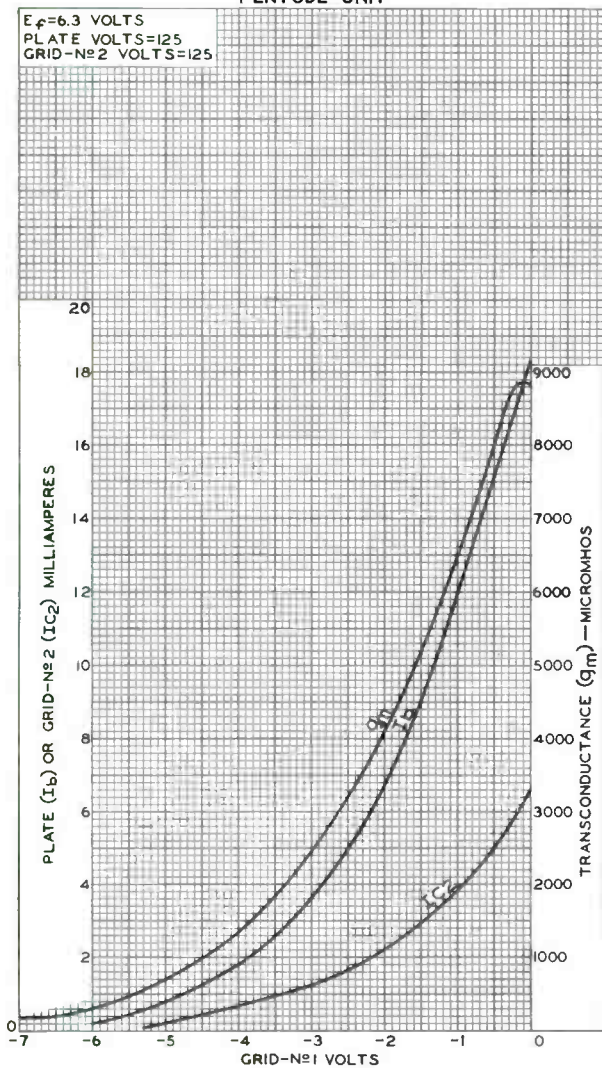
6EA8



6EA8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 125
 GRID-№2 VOLTS = 125





6EB8

6EB8

HIGH-MU TRIODE— SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage 6.3 ± 10% ac or dc volts
Current 0.75 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:⁰

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate 4.4 μ f
Grid to cathode and heater 2.4 μ f
Plate to cathode and heater 0.36 μ f

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate 0.1 max. μ f
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater 11 μ f
Plate to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater 4.2 μ f
Triode grid to pentode plate 0.018 max. μ f
Pentode grid No.1 to triode plate 0.005 max. μ f
Pentode plate to triode plate 0.17 max. μ f

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit		
Plate-Supply Voltage	350	45	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	-	125	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2	0	-	volts
Cathode Resistor	-	-	68	ohms
Amplification Factor	100	-	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	37000	-	75000	ohms
Transconductance	2700	-	12500	μ mhos
Plate Current	2	40*	25	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	15*	7	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 100	-	-	-9	volts
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 20	-5	-	-	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any
Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length 2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 2" ± 3/32"
Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline See General Section
Bulb T6-1/2

6EB8



6EB8

HIGH-MU TRIODE-- SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9DX

Pin 1-Triode
 Cathode
 Pin 2-Triode
 Grid
 Pin 3-Triode
 Plate
 Pin 4-Heater
 Pin 5-Heater



Pin 6 - Pentode
 Cathode,
 Grid No.3,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 7 - Pentode
 Grid No.1
 Pin 8 - Pentode
 Grid No.2
 Pin 9 - Pentode
 Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	See Grid-No.2 Input	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1 max.	5 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts	-	1.1 max.	watts
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	-	See Grid-No.2 Input	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 [▲] max.	200 [▲] max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation.	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	1 max.	megohm



6EB8

6EB8

HIGH-MU TRIODE— SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

○ Without external shield.

* This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

▲ The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

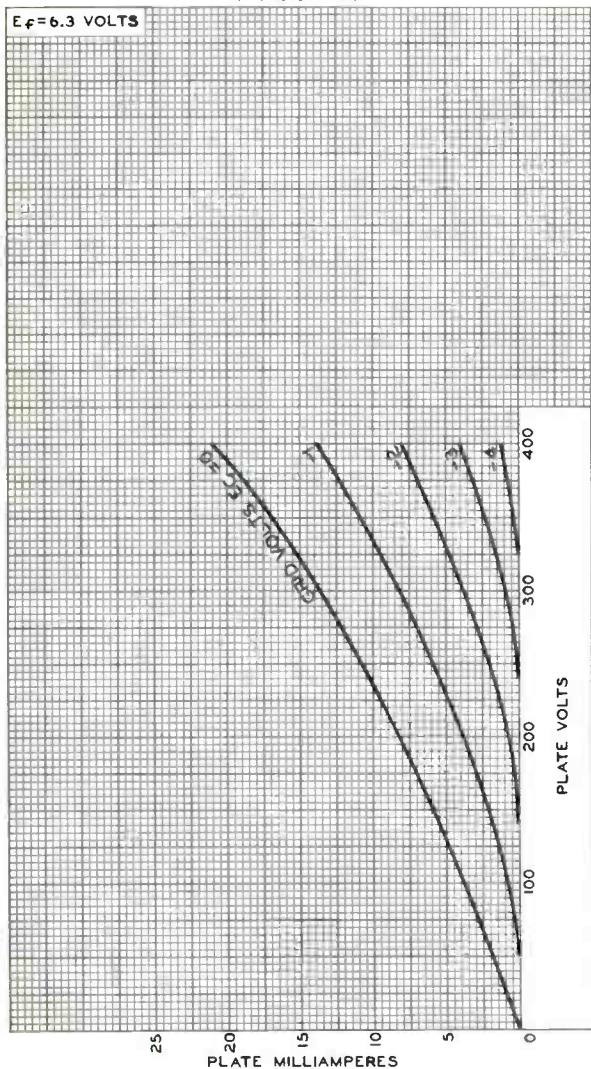
6EB8



6EB8

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS





6EB8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

AMPLIFICATION FACTOR (μ)

120
110
100
90
80
70
60
50

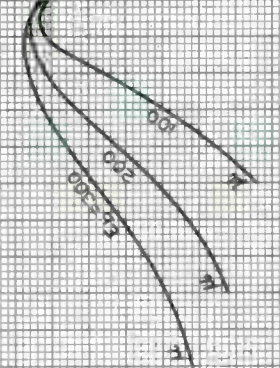


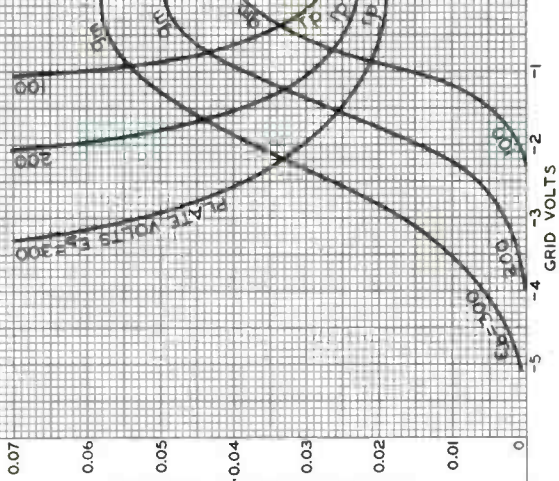
PLATE RESISTANCE (r_p)—MEG OHMS

0.07
0.06
0.05
0.04
0.03
0.02
0.01
0

PLATE VOLTS $E_p = 300$

TRANSCONDUCTANCE (g_m)—MICROMHMS

7000
6000
5000
4000
3000
2000
1000



6EB8

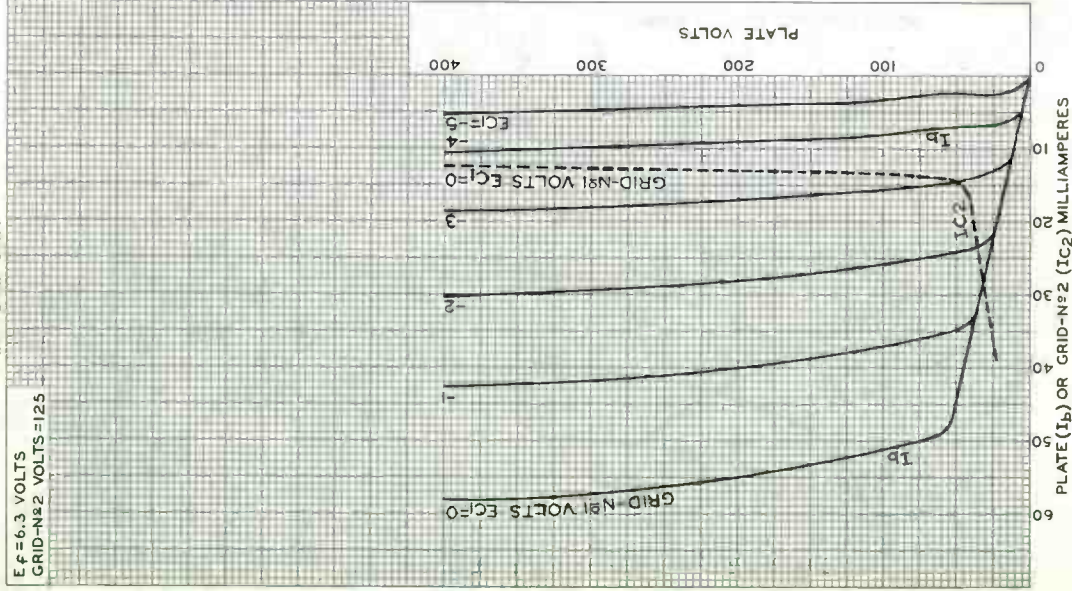
6EB8



6EB8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N $\&2$ VOLTS = 125



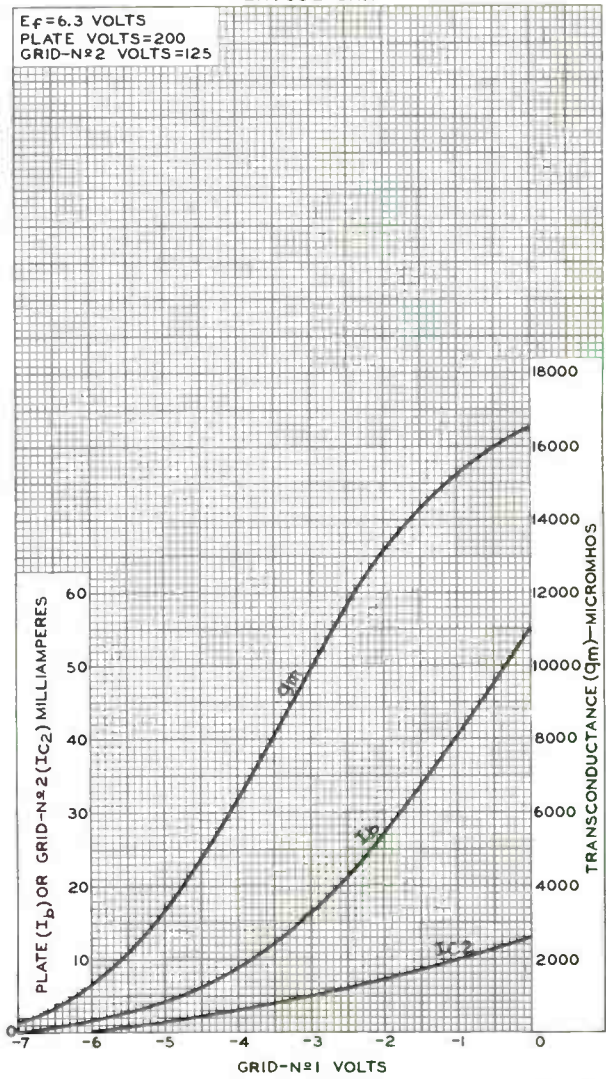


6EB8

6EB8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 200
GRID-N^o2 VOLTS = 125



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-9905

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

Semiremote-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Center Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.300	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	150 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	150 max.	volts
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a		
Grid No.1 to plate	0.005 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater	9	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater	3	μf

Characteristics. Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	200	volts
Grid No.3	<i>Connected to cathode at socket</i>	
Grid-No.2 Voltage	90	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.5	megohm
Transconductance	12500	μmhos
Plate Current	12	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	4.5	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-13/32"
Maximum Seated Length	2-5/32"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-25/32" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9A0

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid No. 1
Pin 3 - Cathode
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Internal Shield
Pin 7 - Plate
Pin 8 - Grid No. 2
Pin 9 - Grid No. 3



6EH7

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	550 max.	volts
PLATE VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID)	Connect to cathode at socket	
GRID No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	550 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	0.65 max.	watt
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	watts

Typical Operation:

Plate Voltage	200	200	200	200	volts
Grid No.3	Connected to cathode at socket				
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	200	200	200	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Series Resistor	22000	22000	22000	22000	ohms
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-19.5	-9.5	-6.5	-2	volts
Transconductance.	125	625	1250	12500	μ mhos
RMS Grid-No.1 Voltage for cross-modulation factor = 0.01.	450	160	100	-	mv

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance.	1 max.	megohm
---------------------------------------	--------	--------

^a without external shield.



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Center Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.300	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	150 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	150 max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Grid No.1 to plate	0.005 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater	10	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater	3	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	190	200	volts
Grid No.3	<i>Connected to cathode at socket</i>		
Grid-No.2 Voltage	190	200	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2.35	-2.5	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.35	0.35	megohm
Transconductance	15000	15000	μmhos
Plate Current	10	10	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	4.1	4.1	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-13/32"
Maximum Seated Length	2-5/32"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-25/32" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Naval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9AQ

Pin 1 - Cathode
 Pin 2 - Grid No.1
 Pin 3 - Cathode
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Internal
 Shield
 Pin 7 - Plate
 Pin 8 - Grid No.2
 Pin 9 - Grid No.3



6EJ7

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE	550 max.	volts
PLATE VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID)	<i>Connect to cathode at socket</i>	
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	550 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	25 max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	0.9 max.	watt
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance.	1 max.	megohm
---------------------------------------	--------	--------

^a without external shield.



Beam Power Tube

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.8	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.7 max.	μ f
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	10	μ f
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	5.1	μ f

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	60	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	-18	volts
Mu Factor, Grid No.1 to Grid No.2	-	6.7	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	0.05	megohm
Transconductance	-	5:00	μ hos
Plate Current	180 ^b	40	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	30 ^b	3	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma. = 0.2	-	-37	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-13/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2-7/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.850"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9HN

- Pin 1 - Grid No.2
- Pin 2 - No Connection
- Pin 3 - Grid No.1
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Grid No.1



- Pin 7 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
- Pin 8 - Internal
Connection—
Do Not Use
- Pin 9 - Plate

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	315 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE (Absolute maximum) ^d	2200 ^e max.	volts

← Indicates a change.



6EM5

DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	285	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE.	250	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	210	max.	ma
Average	60	max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.5	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	10	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^f	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	250	max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	2.2	max.	megohms
For cathode-bias operation.	2.2	max.	megohms

^a without external shield.

^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^c As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

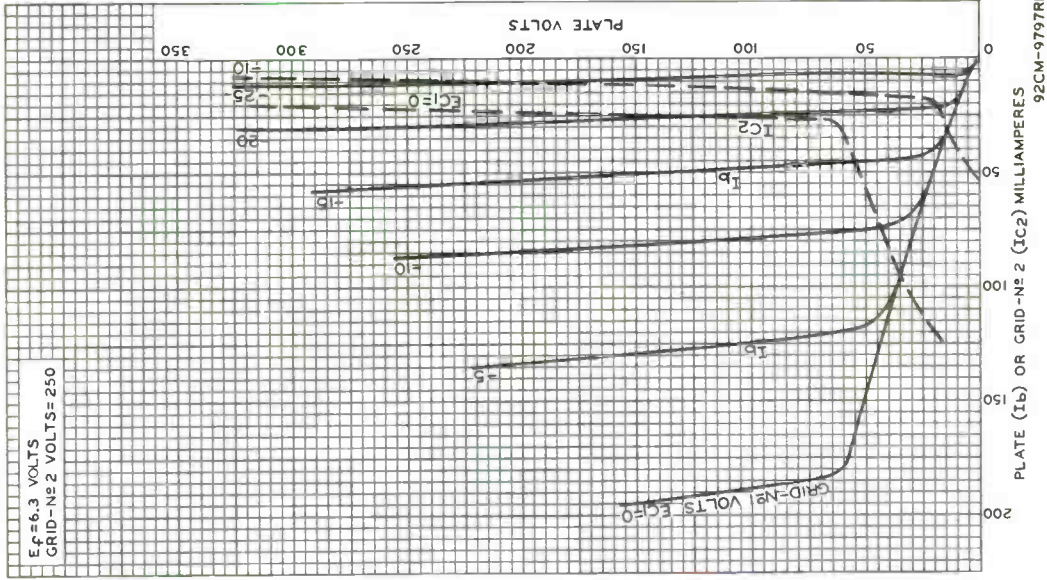
^d This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

^e under no circumstances should this absolute-maximum value be exceeded.

^f The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

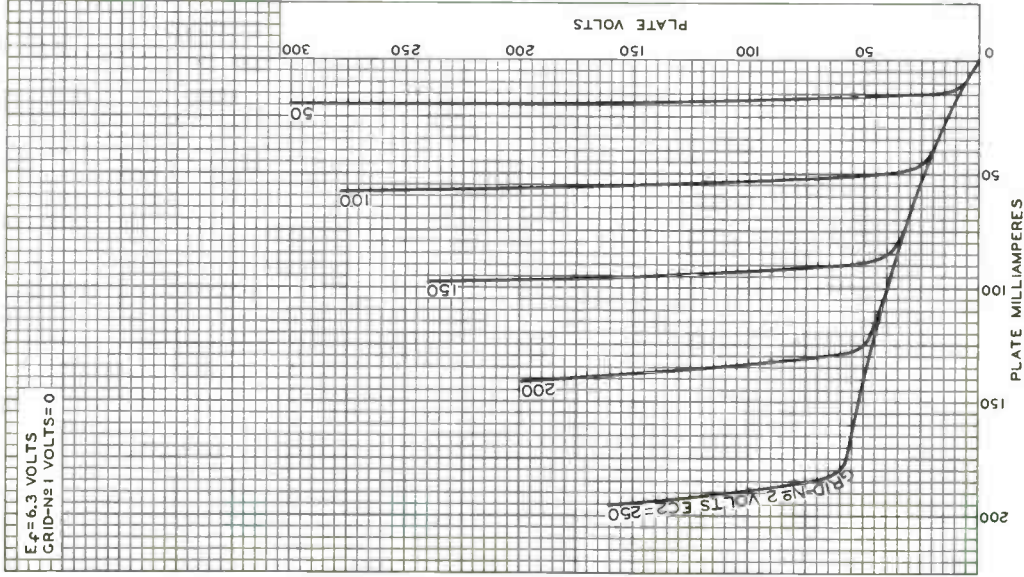


AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



6EM5

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



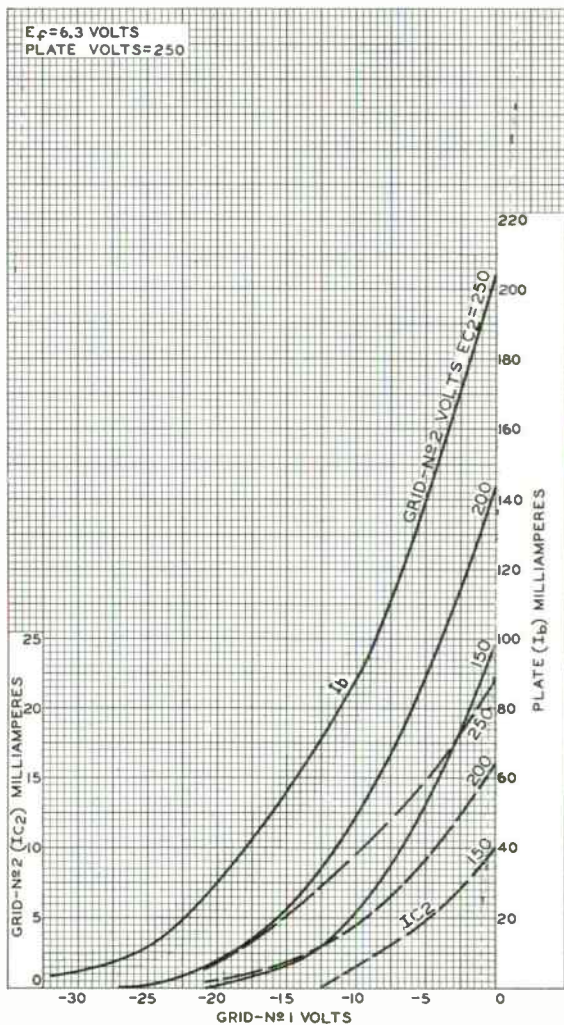
92CM-9672

PLATE MILLIAMPERES

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-9673RI



Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts	0.925	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^a

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	4.8	10	μf
Grid to cathode and heater.	2.2	7	μf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.6	1.8	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Plate Voltage	250	150	volts
Grid Voltage	-3	-20	volts
Amplification Factor	68	5.4	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	40000	750	ohms
Transconductance	1600	7200	μmhos
Plate Current	1.4	50	ma
Plate Current for plate volts =			
60 and grid volts = 0	-	95	ma
Plate Current for grid volts = -28	-	10	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate			
μa = 10	-5.5	-	volts
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate			
μa = 100	-	-45	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-7/8" ←
Maximum Seated Length	2-5/16" ←
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Bulb . . . . .	.T9
Base	Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 8-Pin

with External Barriers (JEDEC Group 1, B8-58)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 8BD

Pin 1 - Grid of Unit No. 2	Pin 5 - Plate of Unit No. 1
Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No. 2	Pin 6 - Cathode of Unit No. 1
Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No. 2	Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 4 - Grid of Unit No. 1	Pin 8 - Heater



← Indicates a change.



VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Unit No.1

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^b

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	400	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	77	max.	ma
Average	22	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^c	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias or cathode-bias operation. 2.2 max. megohms

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Unit No.2

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^b

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^d	1500	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	250	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	175	max.	ma
Average	50	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	10	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^c	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias or cathode-bias operation. 2.2 max. megohms

^a Without external shield.

^b As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

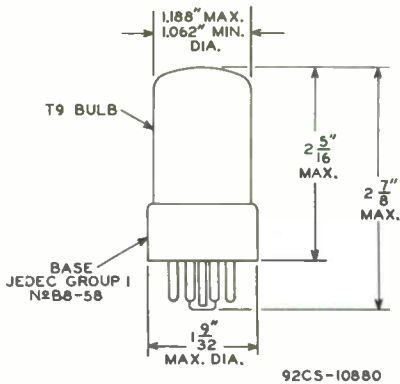
^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^d This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

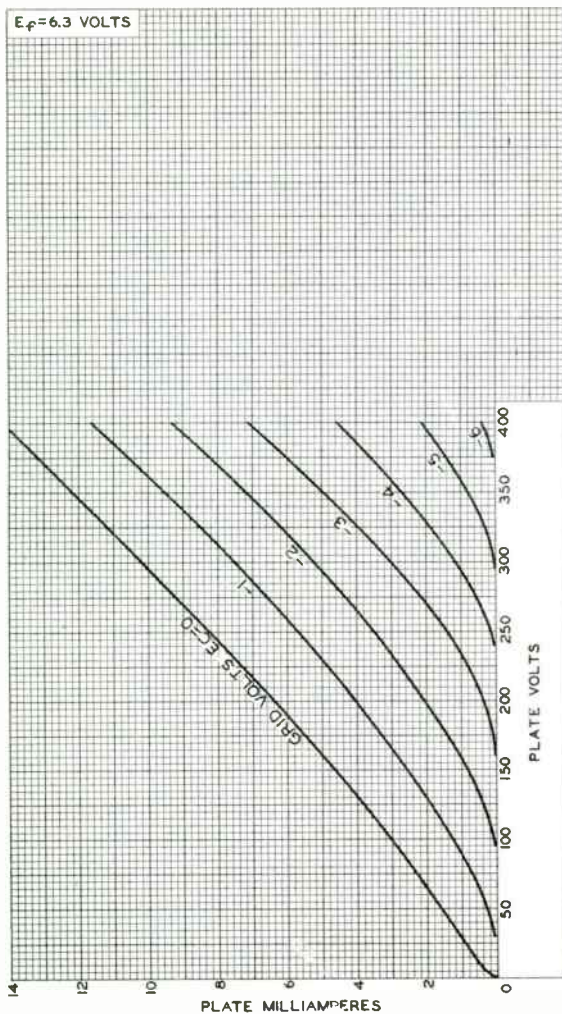
The bulb becomes hot during operation. To insure adequate cooling, therefore, it is essential that free circulation of air be provided.





6EM7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Unit No.1



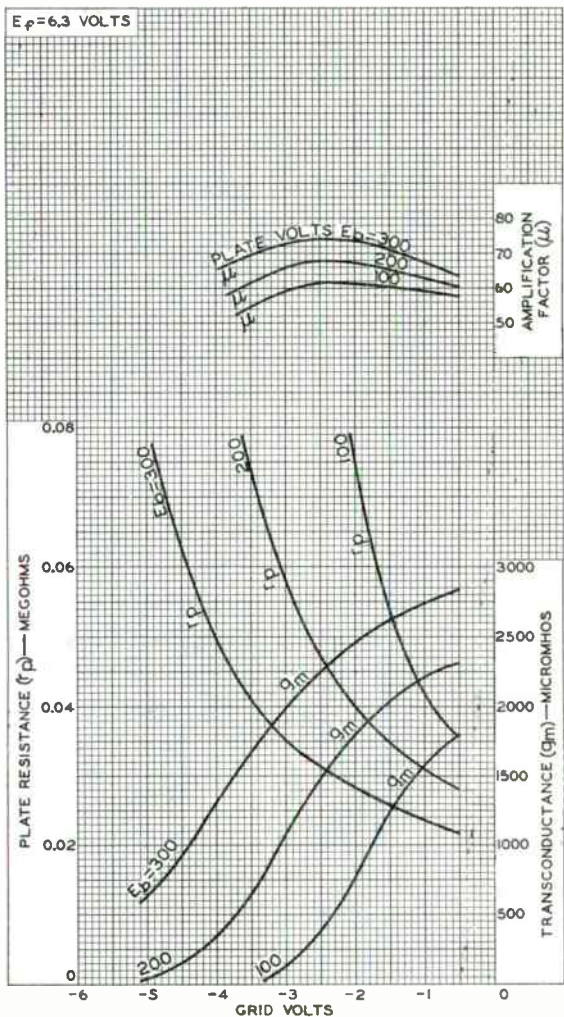
92CM-9912

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Unit No.1

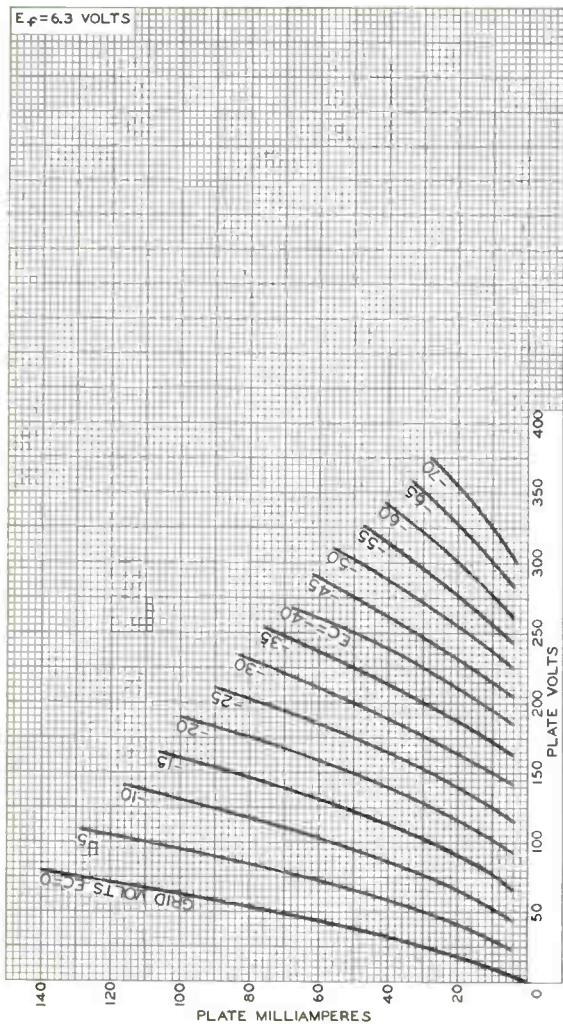


92CM-9915R1



6EM7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Unit No.2



92CM-10466



Diode—Remote-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:▲

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.002 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater.	5.5	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater.	5	μf
Pentode grid No.1 to diode plate.	0.0015 max.	μf
Pentode plate to diode plate.	0.095	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Pentode Unit):

Plate Voltage	100	volts
Grid No.3	Connected to cathode at socket	
Internal Shield	Connected to cathode at socket	
Grid-No.2 Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage.	0	volts
Grid-No.1 Resistor (Bypassed)	2.2	megohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.25	megohm
Transconductance.	3800	μmhos
Plate Current	9	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 40	-20	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9LQ

Pin 1 - Pentode
Grid No.3
Pin 2 - Pentode
Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Cathode
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Pentode
Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Pentode
Plate
Pin 8 - Diode Plate
Pin 9 - internal
Shield



6EQ7

PENTODE UNIT — AMPLIFIER — CLASS A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300	max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (SUPPRESSOR-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive value	300	max.	volts
Negative value	300	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE. . .	300	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	<i>See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>		
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0	max.	volts
Negative-bias value	50	max.	volts
GRID-No.3 INPUT	0.2	max.	watt
GRID-No.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to			
150 volts	0.6	max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 150			
and 300 volts	<i>See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>		
PLATE DISSIPATION	3	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on			
bulb surface)	150	max.	°C

DIODE UNIT

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE CURRENT	1	max.	ma
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Characteristics, Instantaneous Test Condition:

Plate Current for plate volts = 10.	2	ma
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▲ without external shield.

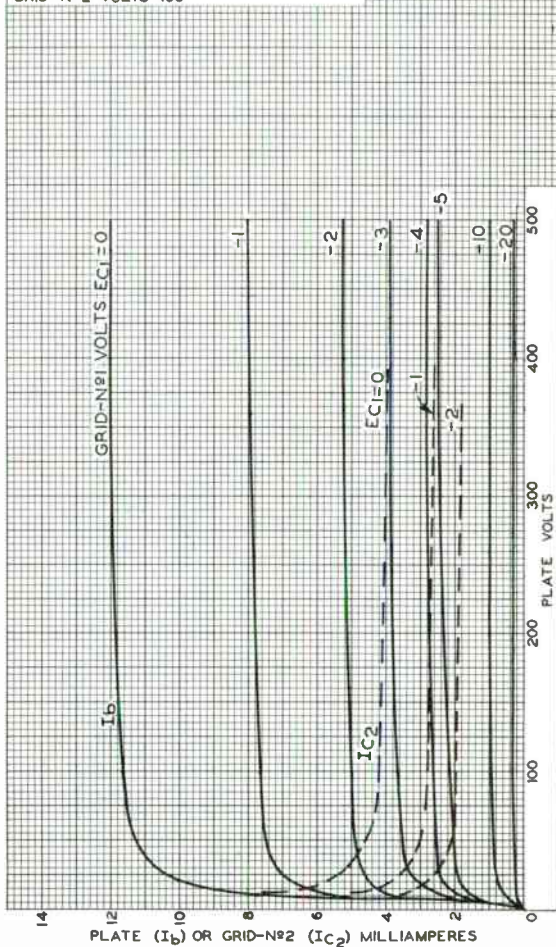
● The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Pentode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 GRID N^o 3 AND INTERNAL SHIELD
 CONNECTED TO CATHODE AT SOCKET.
 GRID-N^o 2 VOLTS=100



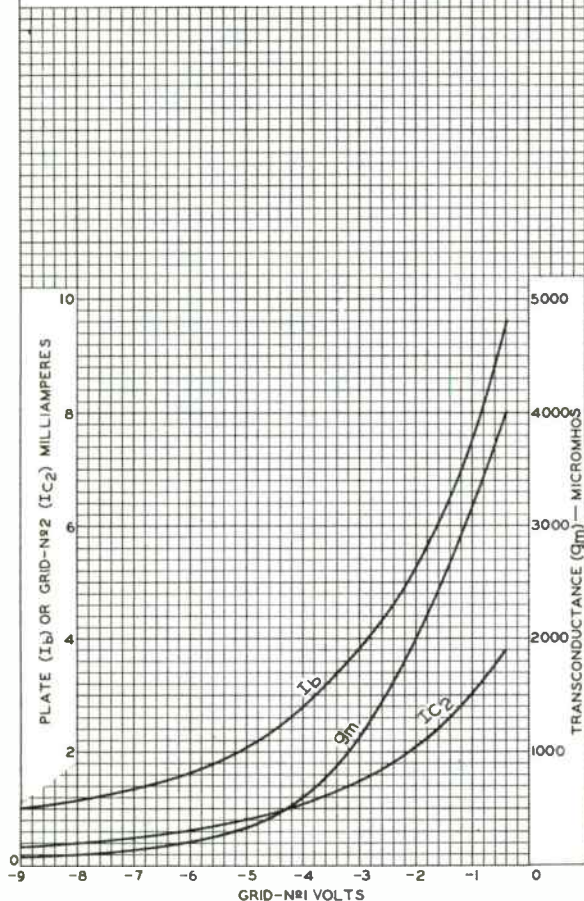
92CM-10680



6EQ7

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 100
GRID N^o3 AND INTERNAL SHIELD
CONNECTED TO CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-N^o2 VOLTS = 100



92CM-10674

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



High-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.18	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ⁰	
Grid to plate	0.38	0.36	μf
Grid to cathode, internal shield, and heater.	4.4	4.4	μf
Plate to cathode, internal shield, and heater.	3	4	μf
Grid to heater.	0.28 max.	0.28 max.	μf
Plate to cathode.	0.24	0.2 [•]	μf
Cathode to grid	3.1	3.1 [•]	μf
Heater to cathode	2.5	2.5 [•]	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	200	volts
Grid Voltage	-1.2	volts
Amplification Factor	80	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	8000	ohms
Transconductance	10500	μmhos
Plate Current	10	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 500.	-3.8	volts
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 100.	-5.6	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7FP [←]

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid
Pin 3 - Heater
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Internal
Shield
Pin 7 - Cathode

← Indicates a change.



6ER5

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value	50 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.2 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	100 max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance 1 max. megohm

- With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode except as noted.
- With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to ground.

→ Indicates a change.



High-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.2	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
Grid to plate	0.5 max.	0.5 max.	μf
Grid to cathode, internal shield, and heater.	3.2	3.2	μf
Plate to cathode, internal shield, and heater.	3.2	4	μf

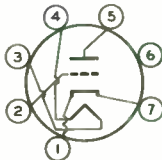
Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	200	volts
Grid Voltage.	-1	volt
Amplification Factor.	75	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	8000	ohms
Transconductance.	9000	μmhos
Plate Current	10	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu_a = 100$	-6	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7FP

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid
Pin 3 - Heater
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Internal
Shield
Pin 7 - Cathode

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts



6ES5

CATHODE CURRENT 22 max. ma
PLATE DISSIPATION 2.2 max. watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
Heater negative with respect to cathode . . 100 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode . . 100 max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance 1 max. megohm

* With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.



Variable-Mu Twin Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.365	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
Grid to plate (Each unit)	1.9	1.9	μmf
Plate to cathode (Each unit).	0.18	0.17	μmf
Heater to cathode (Each unit).	3	3 ^b	μmf
Plate of unit No.2 to plate of unit No.1.	0.04 max.	0.015 max.	μmf
Plate of unit No.2 to grid of unit No.1.	0.003 max.	0.003 max.	μmf
Grid of unit No.1 to cathode of unit No.2.	0.002 max.	0.002 max.	μmf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	90	90	90	volts
Grid Voltage.	-1.2	-5	-9	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	2500	-	-	ohms
Transconductance.	12500	625	125	μmhos
Plate Current	15	-	-	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9AJ

Pin 1 - Plate of
Unit No.2
Pin 2 - Grid of
Unit No.2
Pin 3 - Cathode of
Unit No.2
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Plate of
Unit No.1
Pin 7 - Grid of
Unit No.1
Pin 8 - Cathode of
Unit No.1
Pin 9 - Internal
Shield



6ES8

AMPLIFIER — Cascode Type

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE			
with plate current = 0.	550 max.	volts	
PLATE VOLTAGE (Each Unit)	130 max.	volts	
GRID VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value (Each Unit)	50 max.	volts	
CATHODE CURRENT (Each Unit)	22 max.	ma	
PLATE DISSIPATION (Each Unit)	1.8 max.	watts	
HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Unit No. 1: ^c			
RMS voltage between cathode			
and heater.	50 max.	volts	
Unit No. 2: ^d			
RMS voltage between cathode			
and heater ^e	50 max.	volts	
DC voltage between cathode			
and heater ^e	130 max.	volts	

Typical Operation:

In a cascode-type circuit with the grid of the output unit connected to a voltage divider^f

Supply Voltage.	180	volts
Plate Current	15	ma
Transconductance.	12500	μ mhos
Noise Figure ^g	6.5	db
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for		
transconductance (μ mhos) = 125.	-9	volts
Input Voltage for cross-modulation		
factor = 0.01 and transconductance		
(μ mhos) = 125	500	millivolts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance (Each Unit)	1 max.	megohm
---	--------	--------

^a With external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to cathode of unit under test except as noted.

^b With external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to ground.

^c Grounded-cathode input unit—pins 6, 7, and 8.

^d Grounded-grid output unit—pins 1, 2, and 3.

^e Cathode positive with respect to heater.

^f In order not to exceed the maximum-rated plate voltage when the cascode-type amplifier is controlled, it is necessary to use a voltage divider for the grid of the grounded-grid output unit.

^g Measured with tube operating in a television tuner.



High-Mu Twin Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For High-Fidelity Audio-Amplifier Applications Critical as to Noise and Hum

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

(Each Unit, Approx.):

Grid to plate	1.5	μf
Grid to cathode and heater.	1.6	μf
Plate to cathode and heater.	0.2	μf

Equivalent Noise and Hum Voltage

(Referenced to Grid, Each Unit):

Average Value (RMS)	1.8	μvolts
Measured in "true rms" units under the following conditions: Heater volts (AC)= 6.3; center-tap of heater transformer connected to ground; plate supply volts (DC)= 250; plate load resistor (megohms)= 0.1; cathode resistor (ohms)= 2700; cathode bypass capacitor (μf)= 100; grid resistor (ohms)= 0; amplifier frequency range 25 to 10000 cps.		

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	100	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-1	-2	volts
Amplification Factor.	100	100	
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	80000	62500	ohms
Transconductance.	1250	1600	μmhos
Plate Current	0.5	1.2	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9LS

Pin 1-Heater

Pin 2-Heater

Pin 3-No Connection

Pin 4-Cathode of Unit No. 2

Pin 5-Grid of Unit No. 2

Pin 6-Plate of Unit No. 2

Pin 7-Plate of Unit No. 1

Pin 8-Grid of Unit No. 1

Pin 9-Cathode of Unit No. 1



6EU7

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value.	55	max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0	max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1.2	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	200 [▲]	max.	volts

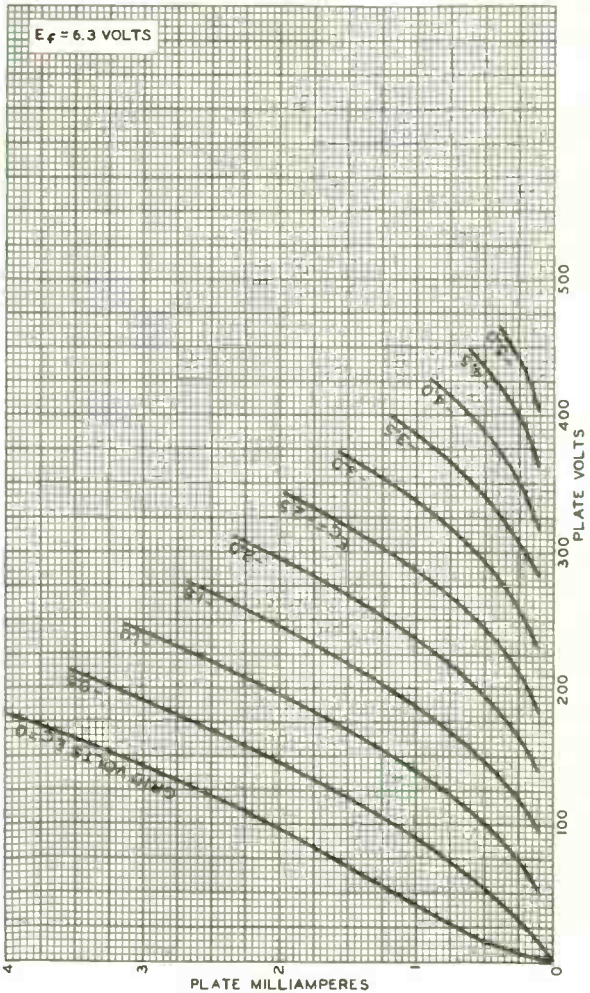
Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

*See RESISTANCE-COUPLED-AMPLIFIER CHART No.25
at front of this Section*

[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



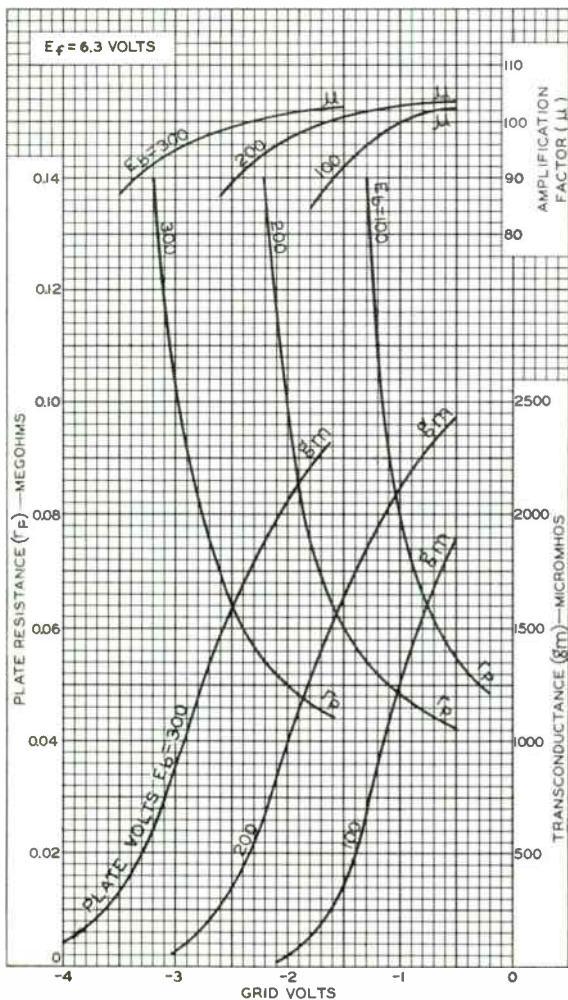
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-10470



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-10471



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.45 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	1.7	1.7	μf
Grid to cathode and heater.	3	3.2	μf
Plate to cathode and heater.	1.6	1.1	μf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate.	0.02 max.	0.1 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	5	5	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	2.6	3.4	μf
Heater to cathode (Each unit)	3.6	3.6 ^b	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Supply Voltage.	150	125	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	—	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	—	-1	volt
Cathode Resistor.	56	—	ohms
Amplification Factor.	40	—	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5000	80000	ohms
Transconductance.	8500	6400	μmhos
Plate Current	18	12	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	—	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 10$	-12	-9	volts
Cathode Warm-Up Time ^c	35	—	sec

Mechanical:

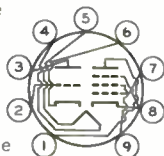
Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"



6EU8

Diameter. 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb. T6-1/2
 Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9JF

Pin 1 - Pentode Plate
 Pin 2 - Triode
 Grid
 Pin 3 - Triode
 Plate
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater
 Pin 6 - Triode Cathode



Pin 7 - Pentode
 Grid No.1
 Pin 8 - Pentode
 Cathode,
 Grid No.3,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 9 - Pentode
 Grid No.2

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>
PLATE VOLTAGE.	330 max.	330 max. volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	330 max. volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE.	-	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	0 max. volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts.	-	0.55 max. watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts.	-	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section
PLATE DISSIPATION.	3 max.	3.1 max. watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	200 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^d max.	200 ^d max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance . .	0.1 max.	0.1 max. megohm

^a With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to cathode of unit under test except as noted.

^b With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to ground.

^c The time required for the transconductance to reach 6500 μ hos when the tube is operated from a cold start with dc plate volts = 100, grid volts = 0, and heater volts = 5.5.

^d The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



Sharp-Cutoff Tetrode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.2	amp

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances:^a

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.035 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	4.50	μf
Plate to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	2.90	μf

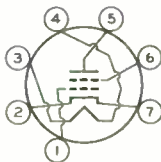
Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	80	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-1	volt
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.15	megohm
Transconductance.	8800	μmhos
Plate Current	11.5	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	0.9	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 100.	-4.5	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7EW

Pin 1 - Grid No.1
Pin 2 - Cathode,
Internal
Shield
Pin 3 - Heater
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Cathode,
Internal
Shield

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	275	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	180	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE.	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		



6EV5

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts

CATHODE CURRENT. 20 max. ma

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to 90 volts. . . 0.2 max. watt

For grid-No.2 voltages between 90 and
180 volts. See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION. 3.25 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 100 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 100^b max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance 0.5 max. megohm

^a With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.

^b The dc component must not exceed 50 volts.





6EW6

6EW6

SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current	0.4	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	<i>Without External Shield</i>	<i>With External Shield^o</i>	
Grid No.1 to plate	0.04 max.	0.03 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	10	10	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	2.4	3.4	μf

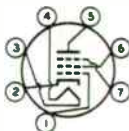
Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage.	125	volts
Grid No.3	<i>Connected to cathode at socket</i>	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	125	volts
Cathode Resistor.	56	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.2	megohm
Transconductance.	14000	μmhos
Plate Current	11	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.2	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ _a = 20	-3.5	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	<i>See General Section</i>
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7CM

- Pin 1- Grid No.1
- Pin 2- Cathode
- Pin 3- Heater
- Pin 4- Heater
- Pin 5- Plate



- Pin 6- Grid No.2
- Pin 7- Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield

6EW6



6EW6

SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (SUPPRESSOR-GRID) VOLTAGE.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE.	<i>See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>	
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts	0.65 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts.	<i>See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>	
PLATE DISSIPATION.	3.1 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲] max.	volts

[○] With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.

[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



6EW6

6EW6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID N#3 CONNECTED TO
CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-N#2 VOLTS = 125

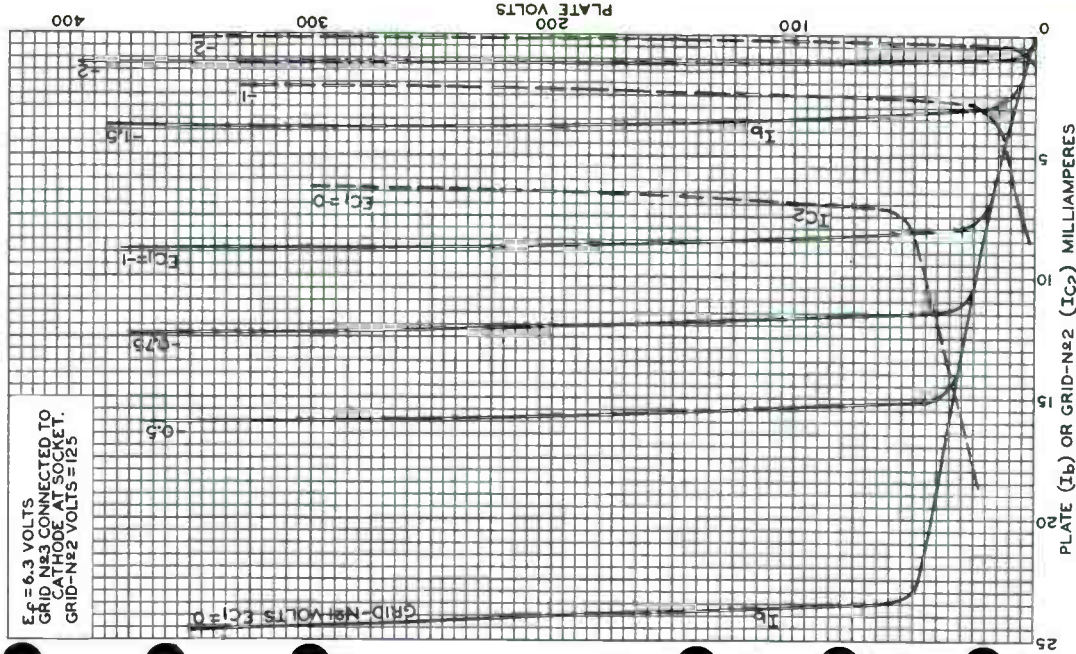


PLATE (I_p) OR GRID-N#2 (I_{c2}) MILLIAMPERES

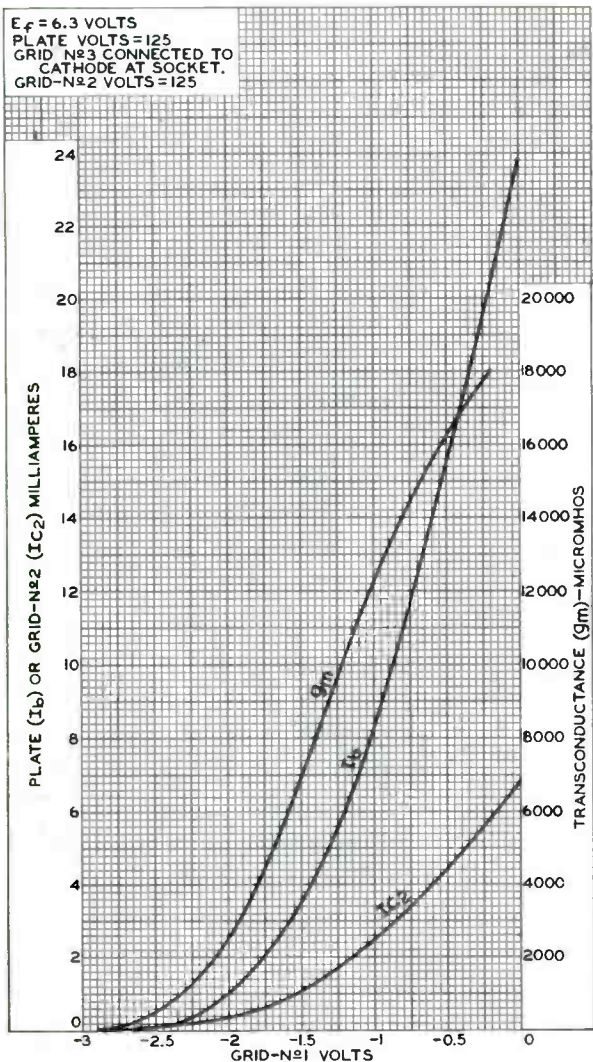
6EW6



6EW6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 125
 GRID N^o3 CONNECTED TO
 CATHODE AT SOCKET.
 GRID-N^o2 VOLTS = 125



High-Mu Triple Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts	0.45	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances
(Approx.):

	<i>Without External Shield</i>	<i>With External Shield^a</i>	
Grid to plate (Each Unit)	1.5	1.5	μf
Grid of unit No.1 to cathode of unit No.1 & cathode of unit No.2, and heater	2.4	2.6	μf
Grid of unit No.2 to cathode of unit No.2 & cathode of unit No.1, and heater	2.4	2.6	μf
Grid of unit No.3 to cathode of unit No.3 and heater	2.4	2.6	μf
Plate of unit No.1 to cathode of unit No.1 & cathode of unit No.2, and heater	0.21	1.4	μf
Plate of unit No.2 to cathode of unit No.2 & cathode of unit No.1, and heater	0.4	1.2	μf
Plate of unit No.3 to cathode of unit No.3 and heater	0.36	1.2	μf
Heater of unit No.3 to cathode of unit No.3	0.17	0.15 ^b	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	125	volts
Grid Voltage	-1	volt
Amplification Factor	57	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	13600	ohms
Transconductance	4200	μmhos
Plate Current	4.2	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu_a = 20$	-4	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Novel 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)



6E78

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9KA

Pin 1 - Cathode of
Unit No.3

Pin 2 - Grid of
Unit No.3

Pin 3 - Plate of
Unit No.3

Pin 4 - Cathode of
Unit No.2,

Cathode of Unit
No.1, Heater



Pin 5 - Heater

Pin 6 - Plate of
Unit No.2

Pin 7 - Grid of
Unit No.2

Pin 8 - Plate of
Unit No.1

Pin 9 - Grid of
Unit No.1

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Unless Otherwise Specified, Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 330 max. volts

GRID VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value 50 max. volts

Positive-bias value 0 max. volts

PLATE DISSIPATION 2 max. watts

TOTAL PLATE DISSIPATION (ALL PLATES). 5 max. watts

HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE (Unit No.3):

Heater negative with respect to cathode . . 100 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode . . 100 max. volts

^a With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to cathode of unit under test except as noted.

^b With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to ground.



Diode—Sharp-Cutoff Twin-Plate Tetrode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Frequency-Divider and Complex-Wave-Generator
Circuits of Electronic Musical Instruments

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^A

Tetrode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate A	0.04	μf
Grid No.1 to plate B	0.03 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater . . .	5.5	μf
Plate A to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater . . .	1.8	μf
Plate B to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater . . .	1.8	μf
Tetrode grid No.1 to diode plate . . .	0.022	μf
Tetrode plate A to diode plate	0.02 max.	μf
Tetrode plate B to diode plate	0.055	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Tetrode Unit):

Plates A and B connected together

Plate Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Grid-No.1 Resistor (Bypassed)	2.2	megohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	90000	ohms
Transconductance	3200	μmhos
Plate Current	3.8	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	1.7	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu_a = 20$	-4	volts

Using either Plate A or B, with plate not in use connected to ground

Plate Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Grid-No.1 Resistor (Bypassed)	2.2	megohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	130000	ohms
Transconductance	1900	μmhos
Plate Current	2.2	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"



6FA7

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . . . 2" \pm 3/32"
 Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb T6-1/2
 Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9MR

Pin 1 - Tetrode

Plate B
 Pin 2 - No Connection

Pin 3 - Diode Plate

Pin 4 - Heater

Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Cathode,
 Internal
 Shield

Pin 7 - Tetrode
 Grid No.1

Pin 8 - Tetrode
 Grid No.2

Pin 9 - Tetrode
 Plate A

FREQUENCY-DIVIDER & COMPLEX-WAVE-GENERATOR SERVICE

TETRODE UNIT

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE A VOLTAGE 330 max. volts

PLATE B VOLTAGE 330 max. volts

GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)

SUPPLY VOLTAGE 330 max. volts

GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value 50 max. volts

Positive-bias value 0 max. volts

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages

up to 165 volts 0.65 max. watt

For grid-No.2 voltages

between 165 and 330 volts . See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE A DISSIPATION 1.5 max. watts

PLATE B DISSIPATION 1.5 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode . 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode . 200 max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-No.1-resistor-bias operation . 2.2 max. megohms

DIODE UNIT

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE CURRENT 1 max. ma

Characteristics, Instantaneous Test Condition:

Plate Current for plate volts = 10. 2 ma

▲ without external shield.

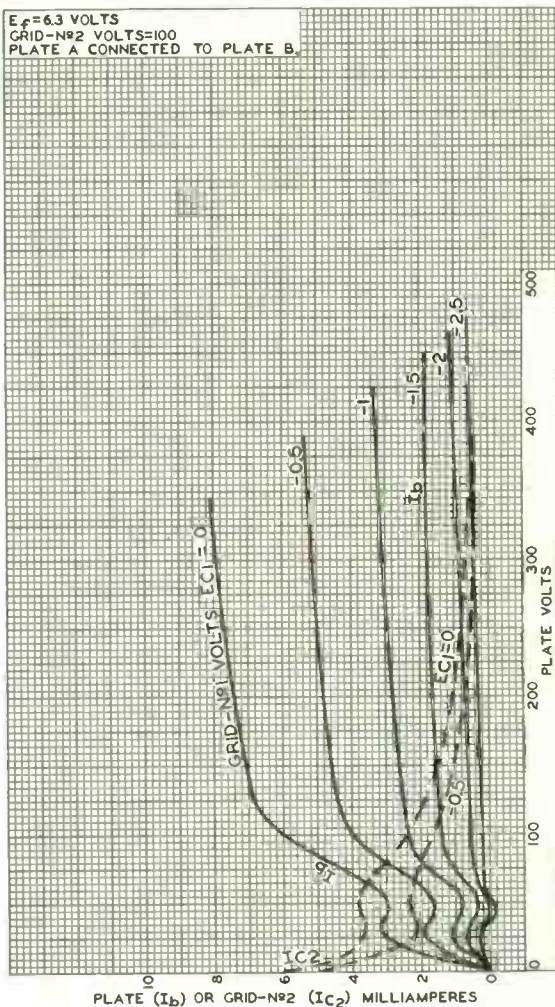
● The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Tetrode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 GRID-Nº2 VOLTS=100
 PLATE A CONNECTED TO PLATE B.



92CM-10693



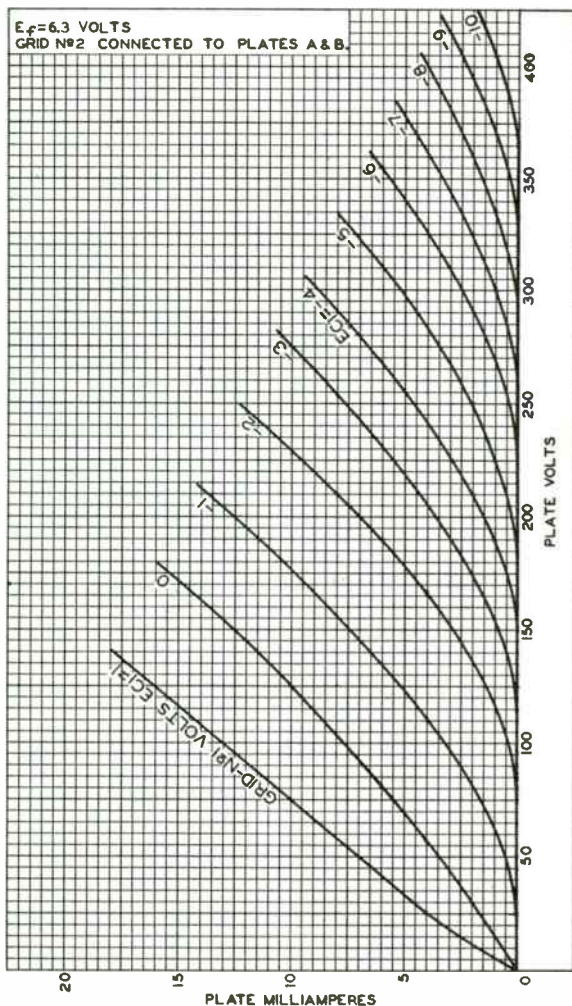
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
 Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
 8-60

6FA7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Tetrode Unit—Triode Connection



92CM-10695

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



World Radio History

Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (<i>Design-Maximum Values</i>):			
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts	
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.925	amp	
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts	
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.): ^b			

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	4.5	10	μmf
Grid to cathode and heater	2.2	6.5	μmf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.4	1.2	μmf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Plate Voltage	250	60 150	volts
Grid Voltage	-3	0 -17.5	volts
Amplification Factor	64	- 6	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	40000	- 800	ohms
Transconductance	1600	- 7500	μmhos
Plate Current	1.4	95 ^c 40	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa =			
10	-5.5	-	volts
100	-	- -40	volts
Transconductance for plate ma. = 1			
	-	- 500	μmhos
Plate Current for grid volts = -25			
	-	- 6	ma

Mechanical:

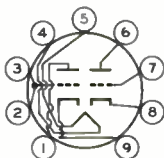
Operating Position		Any
Type of Cathodes		Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length		2.900"
Maximum Seated Length		2.620"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2.070" to 2.310"	
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"	
Bulb		T9
Base		JEDEC No. E9-82



6FD7

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9HF

Pin 1 - Plate of Unit No.2
 Pin 2 - Grid of Unit No.2
 Pin 3 - Grid of Unit No.2
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No.1
 Pin 7 - Grid of Unit No.1
 Pin 8 - Cathode of Unit No.1
 Pin 9 - Cathode of Unit No.2

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Unit No.1

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^d

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	400 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak.	70 max.	ma
Average	20 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.5 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias or cathode-bias operation. 2.2 max. megohms

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Unit No.2

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^d

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^e	1500 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	250 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak.	175 max.	ma
Average	50 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	10 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias or cathode-bias operation. 2.2 max. megohms

^a The d. component must not exceed 100 volts.

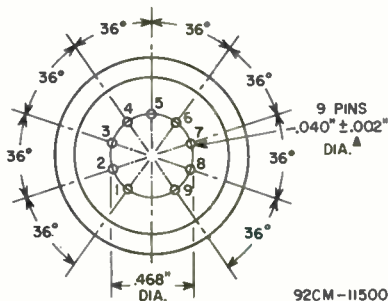
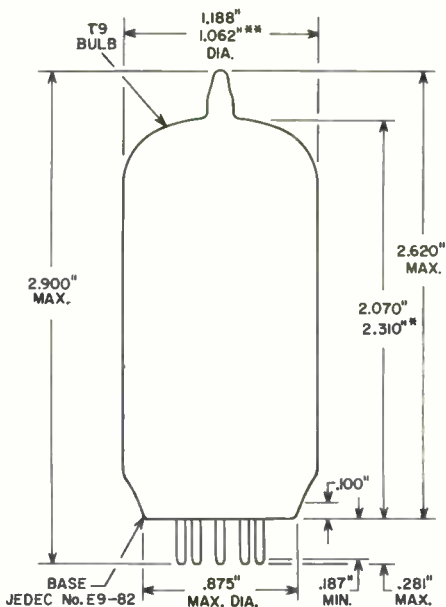
^b without external shield.

^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded

^d As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^e This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.





** APPLIES IN ZONE STARTING 0.625" FROM BASE SEAT.

* MEASURED FROM BASE SEAT TO BULB-TOP LINE AS DETERMINED BY A RING GAUGE OF 0.600" INSIDE DIAMETER.

▲ BASE-PIN CONTOUR AND GAUGE (JEDEC No. GE9-4) INFORMATION FOR THIS BASE IS THE SAME AS THAT SHOWN IN GENERAL SECTION FOR BASE JEDEC No. E9-68 (LARGE-BUTTON NEONOVAL 9-PIN).



80790



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (<i>Design-Maximum Values</i>):			
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c	max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^d	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	1.8	1.8	μf
Grid to cathode & pentode grid No.3, and heater	3	3	μf
Plate to cathode & pentode grid No.3, and heater	1.3	1.9	μf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate	0.02 max.	0.01 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	5	5	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	2.4	3.4	μf
Heater to cathode & pentode grid No.3	6	6 ^e	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	125	100 125	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-	100 125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-1	0 -1	volts
Amplification Factor	43	- -	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5700	- 180000	ohms
Transconductance	7500	7400 6000	μmhos
Plate Current	13	- 11	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	- 4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 30$	-6.5	- -7.5	volts



6FG7

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9GF

- Pin 1 - Triode Grid
- Pin 2 - Triode Plate
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate



- Pin 7 - Pentode
 Grid No. 2
- Pin 8 - Cathode,
 Pentode
 Grid No. 3
- Pin 9 - Pentode
 Grid No. 1

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>	
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 VOLTAGE	-	<i>See Grid-No. 2 Input</i>	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 INPUT:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 165 volts	-	0.55 max.	watt
For grid-No. 2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	-	<i>See Grid-No. 2 Input</i>	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	3 max.	watts

^a At heater amperes = 0.450.

^b At heater volts = 6.3.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^d With external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to cathode except as noted.

^e With external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to ground.



High-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE
For VHF Tuner and Amplifier Applications

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts	0.2	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^o	
Grid to plate.	0.6 max.	0.6 max.	μf
Grid to cathode, internal shield, and heater	3.2	3.2	μf
Plate to cathode, internal shield, and heater	3.2	4	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage.	135	volts
Grid Voltage	-1	volt
Amplification Factor	50	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5600	ohms
Transconductance	9000	μmhos
Plate Current.	11	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 100$	-5.5	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length.	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline.	See General Section
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . .	.7FP

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid
Pin 3 - Heater
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Internal
Shield
Pin 7 - Cathode



6FH5

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	150 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT.	22 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION.	2.2 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	100 max.	volts

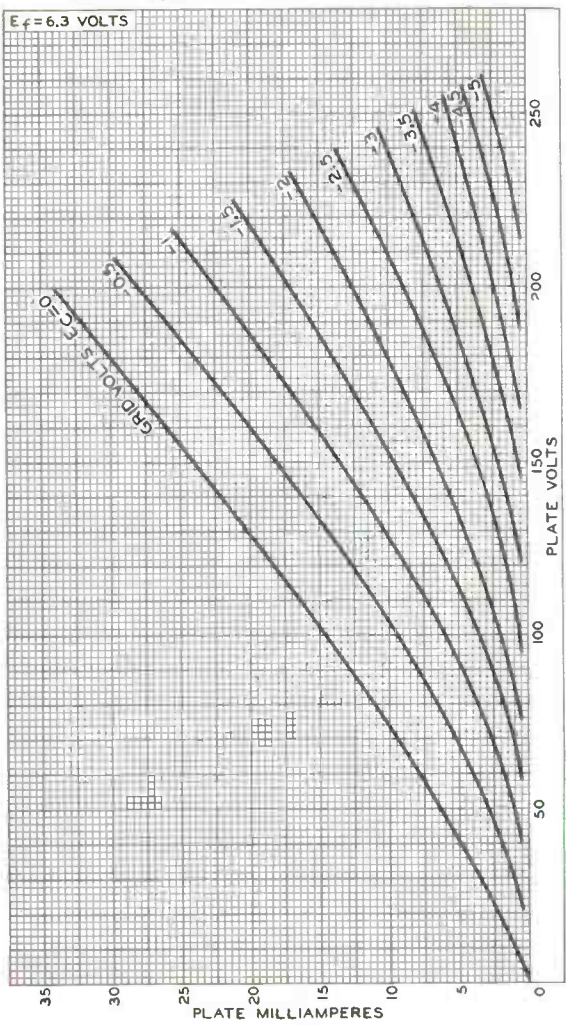
Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:		
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	megohm

○ With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.



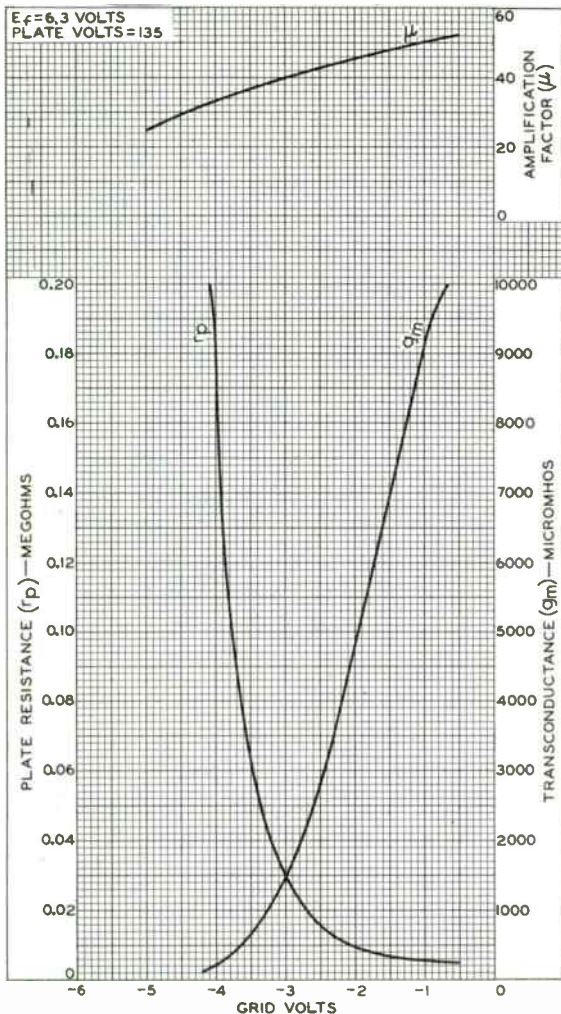
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-10355RI



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-10354R1



6FH8

6FH8

MEDIUM-MU TRIODE— THREE-PLATE TETRODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For harmonic-generator applications

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current	0.45	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:⁰

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	1.4	μμf
Grid to cathode & heater.	2.6	μμf
Plate to cathode & heater	1	μμf

Tetrode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate No.1	0.06 max.	μμf
Grid No.1 to cathode & heater, plate No.3, plate No.2, and grid No.2	4.5	μμf
Plate No.1 to cathode & heater, plate No.3, plate No.2, and grid No.2	1.4	μμf
Tetrode grid No.1 to triode plate . . .	0.35 max.	μμf
Tetrode plate No.1 to triode plate. . .	0.008 max.	μμf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Triode Unit

Plate Voltage	100	volts
Grid Voltage.	-1	volt
Amplification Factor.	40	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	7400	ohms
Transconductance.	5400	μmhos
Plate Current	7.9	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 100.	-7	volts

Tetrode Unit with plates No.2 and No.3 connected to cathode

Plate-No.1 Voltage.	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2	volts
Plate-No.1 Resistance (Approx.)	0.75	megohm
Transconductance, Grid No.1 to Plate No.1	4400	μmhos
Plate-No.1 Current.	7.3	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	1.4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate-No.1 μa = 100	-7	volts

⁰ With external shield JEDEC NO.315 connected to cathode.

6FH8



6FH8

MEDIUM-MU TRIODE— THREE-PLATE TETRODE

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9KP

Pin 1 - Tetrode
Plate No. 3
Pin 2 - Triode Grid
Pin 3 - Triode Plate
Pin 4 - Heater,
Cathode
Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Tetrode
Grid No. 1
Pin 7 - Tetrode
Grid No. 2
Pin 8 - Tetrode
Plate No. 2
Pin 9 - Tetrode
Plate No. 1

HARMONIC-GENERATOR SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Tetrode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE.	275 max.	-	volts
PLATE-No. 1 VOLTAGE	-	275 max.	volts
PLATE-No. 2 VOLTAGE	-	200 max.	volts
PLATE-No. 3 VOLTAGE	-	200 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	275 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 VOLTAGE.	-	See Grid-No. 2 Input	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL- GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value.	40 max.	40 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 INPUT:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 137.5 volts.	-	0.45 max.	watt
For grid-No. 2 voltages between 137.5 and 275 volts.	-	See Grid-No. 2 Input	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1.7 max.	-	watts
PLATE-No. 1 DISSIPATION	-	2.3 max.	watts
PLATE-No. 2 DISSIPATION	-	0.3 max.	watt
PLATE-No. 3 DISSIPATION	-	0.3 max.	watt



6FH8

6FH8

MEDIUM-MU TRIODE— THREE-PLATE TETRODE

Typical Operations:

Tetrode Unit with separate plate operation

Plates—No.1, No.2, and No.3 Voltage	100	volts
Grid—No.2 Voltage	50	volts
Grid—No.1 Voltage	-1	volt
Plate—No.1 Current	1.6	ma
Plate—No.2 Current	0.04	ma
Plate—No.3 Current	0.04	ma
Grid—No.2 Current	0.3	ma
Transconductance (Approx.):		
Grid No.1 to plate No.1	2500	μ hos
Grid No.1 to plate No.2	70	μ hos
Grid No.1 to plate No.3	70	μ hos

Maximum Circuit Values:

Triode Unit Tetrode Unit

Grid—No.1—Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	0.5 max.	megohm

6FH8



6FH8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

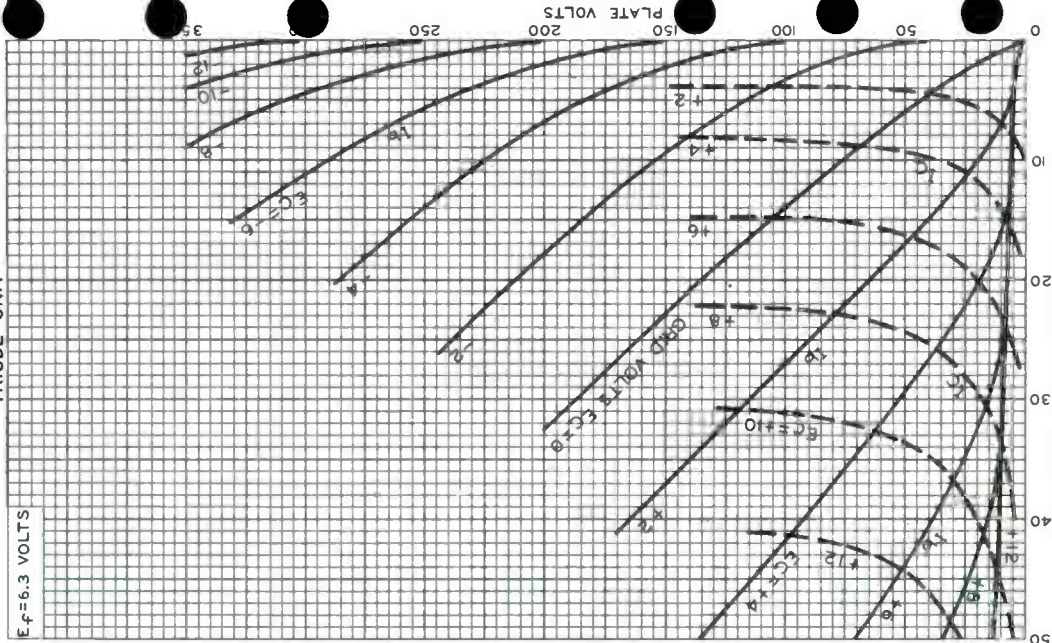


PLATE (I_b) OR GRID (I_c) MILLIAMPERES

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-10220



6FH8

6FH8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TETRODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATES N^o 2 AND N^o 3 CONN-
 ECTED TO CATHODE.
 GRID-N^o 2 VOLTS=150

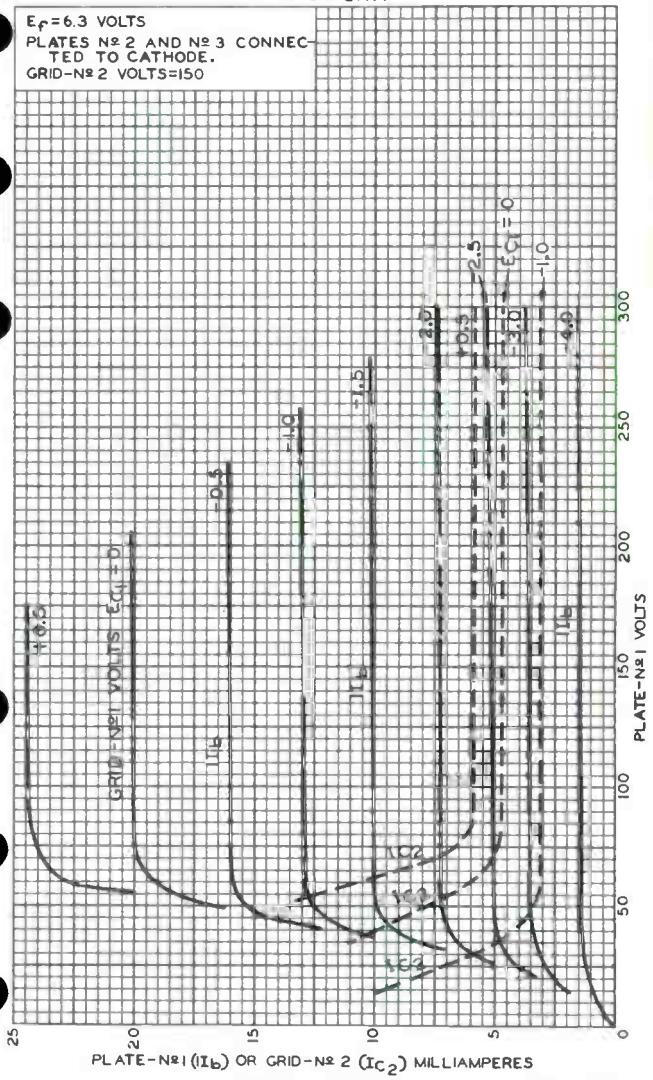


PLATE-N^o 1 (I_b) OR GRID-N^o 2 (I_{c2}) MILLIAMPERES

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-10221

Medium-Mu Dual Triode

DUODECAR TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):
 Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ± 0.6 volts
 Current at heater volts = 6.3 0.900 amp
 Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):
 heater negative with respect to cathode 200 max. volts
 heater positive with respect to cathode 200^a max. volts
 Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	3.8	5.0	pf
Grid to cathode and heater	2.2	4.0	pf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.48	0.54	pf

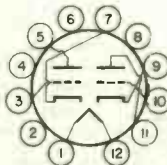
Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Plate Voltage	250	150 250	volts
Grid Voltage	-8	0 -9.5	volts
Amplification Factor	22.5	- 15.4	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	9000	- 2000	ohms
Transconductance	2500	- 7700	μmhos
Plate Current	8	68 ^c 41	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 10	-18	- -	volts
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 50	-	- -23	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any
 Type of Cathodes Coated Unipotential
 Maximum Overall Length 2.375"
 Seated Length 1.750^e to 2.000"
 Diameter 1.062" to 1.188"
 Bulb T9
 Base Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC No. E12-70)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 12BM

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Pin 1-Heater | Pin 8-Same as Pin 2 |
| Pin 2-No Internal Connection | Pin 9-Cathode of Unit No. 1 |
| Pin 3-Grid of Unit No. 2 | Pin 10-Grid of Unit No. 1 |
| Pin 4-Same as Pin 2 | Pin 11-Plate of Unit No. 1 |
| Pin 5-Plate of Unit No. 2 | Pin 12-Heater |
| Pin 6-Do Not Use | |
| Pin 7-Cathode of Unit No. 2 | |



6FJ7

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Unit No. 1

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	350	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	400	max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1	max.	watt

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias or cathode-bias operation.	2.2	max.	megohms
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VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Unit No. 2

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^d

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	550	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^e	2500	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	250	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	150	max.	ma
Average	50	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	10	max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	2.2	max.	megohms
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^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

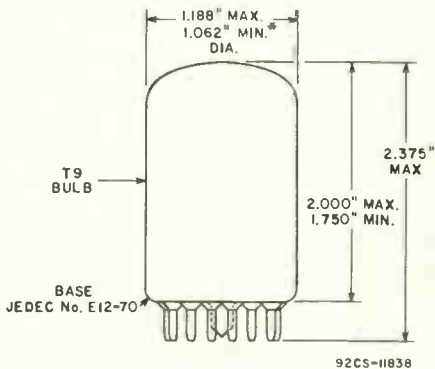
^b without external shield.

^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^d As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^e This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.





* APPLIES TO MINIMUM DIAMETER EXCEPT IN AREA OF SEAL.



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Dual Triode With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

Electrical:

DUODECAR TYPE

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6 volts
Current at 6.3 volts	1.050 amp
Maximum heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):	
Heater negative with respect to cathode:	
Peak	200 volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode:	
Peak	200 volts
DC component	100 volts

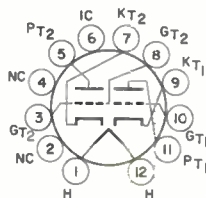
Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances (Approx.):^a

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	4.0	7.0	pf
Input: G to (K, H)	2.4	7.0	pf
Output: P to (K, H)	0.4	1.1	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.375"
Seated Length	1.750" to 2.000"
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 9-58)	See General Section
Bulb	T9
Base	Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC No. E12-70)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	12EJ

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 3 - Grid of Unit No. 2
- Pin 4 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 5 - Plate of Unit No. 2
- Pin 6 - Do Not Use
- Pin 7 - Cathode of Unit No. 2
- Pin 8 - Grid of Unit No. 2
- Pin 9 - Cathode of Unit No. 1
- Pin 10 - Grid of Unit No. 1
- Pin 11 - Plate of Unit No. 1
- Pin 12 - Heater



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Plate Voltage	250	60	175 volts
Grid Voltage	-3	0 ^b	-25 volts
Amplification Factor	66	-	5.5
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	30000	-	920 ohms
Transconductance	2200	-	6000 μmhos
Plate Current	2	95	40 ma
Grid-Voltage (Approx.) for plate:			
μa = 20	-5.3	-	- volts
μa = 200	-	-	-45 volts



VERTICAL DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR AND AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system

	Unit No.1 (Oscillator)	Unit No.2 (Amplifier)	
DC Plate Voltage	350	550	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage.	-	1500 ^c	volts
Peak Negative Pulse-Grid Voltage.	400	250	volts
Cathode Current:			
Peak	-	175	ma
Average.	-	50	ma
Plate Dissipation.	1	10 ^d	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation .	1	1	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	2.2	2.2	megohms

^a Without external shield.^b Applied for short interval (2 seconds maximum) so as not to damage tube.^c This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.^d An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

Twin Diode—High-Mu Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.45	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances
(Approx.):^a

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	1.8	μf
Grid to cathode and heater.	1.5	μf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.16	μf

Diode Units:

Diode-No.1 plate to triode grid	0.05	μf
Diode-No.2 plate to triode grid	0.04	μf
Diode-No.1 cathode to all other tube electrodes	4.6	μf
Diode-No.2 cathode to all other tube electrodes	4.8	μf
Diode-No.1 plate to cathode and heater.	2.4	μf
Diode-No.2 plate to cathode and heater.	2.2	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Triode Unit):

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid Voltage.	-3	volts
Amplification Factor.	70	
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	58000	ohms
Transconductance.	1200	μmhos
Plate Current	1	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9KR

Pin 1—Diode-No. 2
Cathode
Pin 2—Diode-No. 1
Plate
Pin 3—Diode-No. 1
Cathode
Pin 4—Heater



Pin 5—Heater
Pin 6—Diode-No. 2
Plate
Pin 7—Triode
Cathode
Pin 8—Triode Grid
Pin 9—Triode Plate



6FM8

TRIODE UNIT — AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	330	max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0	max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.1	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200 ^b	max.	volts

DIODE UNITS — Two

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE CURRENT	5	max.	ma
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200 ^b	max.	volts

Characteristics, Instantaneous Test Condition:

Plate Current for plate volts = 5	20	ma
---	----	----

^a without external shield.

^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



High-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.180	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	100 max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^a

Grid to plate	0.52	μf
Grid to cathode, internal shield, and heater.	5.0	μf
Plate to cathode, internal shield, and heater.	3.5	μf
Heater to cathode	2.5 ^b	μf

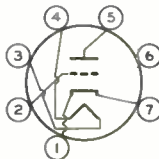
Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	135	volts
Grid Voltage.	-1.2	volts
Amplification Factor.	74	
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	6300	ohms
Transconductance.	12000	μmhos
Plate Current	8.9	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu_a = 100$	-4.5	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7FP

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid
Pin 3 - heater
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Internal Shield
Pin 7 - Cathode



6FQ5A

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	200 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value.	50 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT.	22 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION.	2.5 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation 1 max. megohm

^a with external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode except as noted.

^b with external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to ground.

CURVES

shown under Type 6GK5 also apply to the 6FQ5A



Medium-Mu Twin Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances (Approx.):^a

	Unit No.1	Unit No.2	
Grid to plate	3.6	3.8	μμf
Grid to cathode and heater.	2.4	2.4	μμf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.34	0.26	μμf
Plate of unit No.1 to plate of unit No.2		1	μμf

Characteristics, Class A, Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	90	250	volts
Grid Voltage	0	-8	volts
Amplification Factor	20	20	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5700	7700	ohms
Transconductance	3000	2600	μmhos
Plate Current	10	9	ma
Plate Current for grid volts = -12.5.	-	1.3	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 10	-7	-18	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9LP

- Pin 1 - Plate of Unit No.2
- Pin 2 - Grid of Unit No.2
- Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No.2
- Pin 4 - heater
- Pin 5 - Heater



- Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No.1
- Pin 7 - Grid of Unit No.1
- Pin 8 - Cathode of Unit No.1
- Pin 9 - No Connection



6FQ7

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value.	0	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT.	22	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION:			
Either plate	4	max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating) . . .	5.7	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	200 ^b	max.	volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

See *RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No. 29*
at front of this Section

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	1	max.	megohm

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	660	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	330	max.	ma
Average	22	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION:			
Either plate.	4	max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating). . .	5.7	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200 ^b	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance	2.2	max.	megohms
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VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	440	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	77	max.	ma
Average	22	max.	ma



PLATE DISSIPATION:

Either plate. 4 max. watts
 Both plates (Both units operating). . . 5.7 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with
 respect to cathode. 200 max. volts
 Heater positive with
 respect to cathode. 200^b max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance 2.2 max. megohms

^a Without external shield.

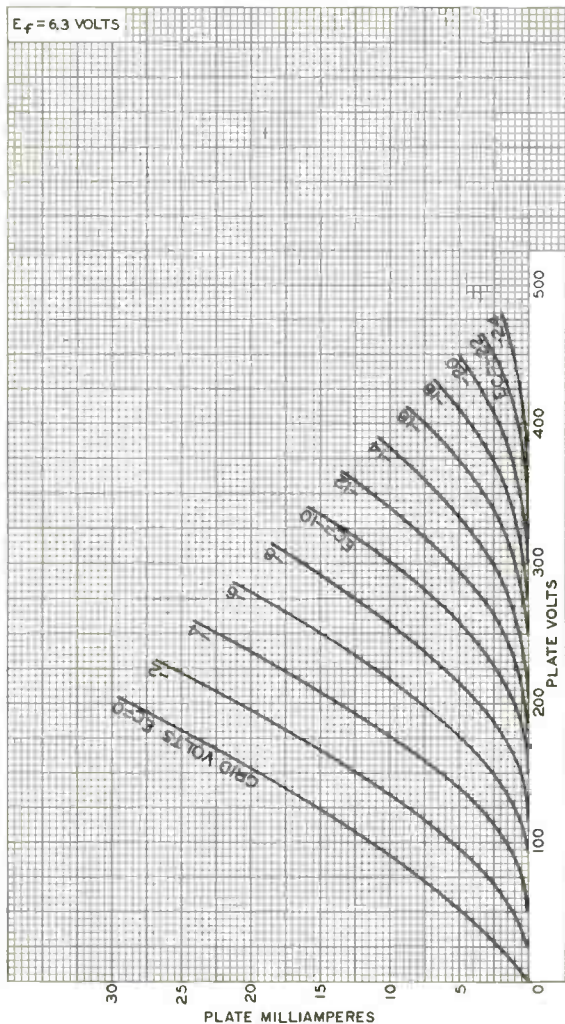
^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^c As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.



6FQ7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



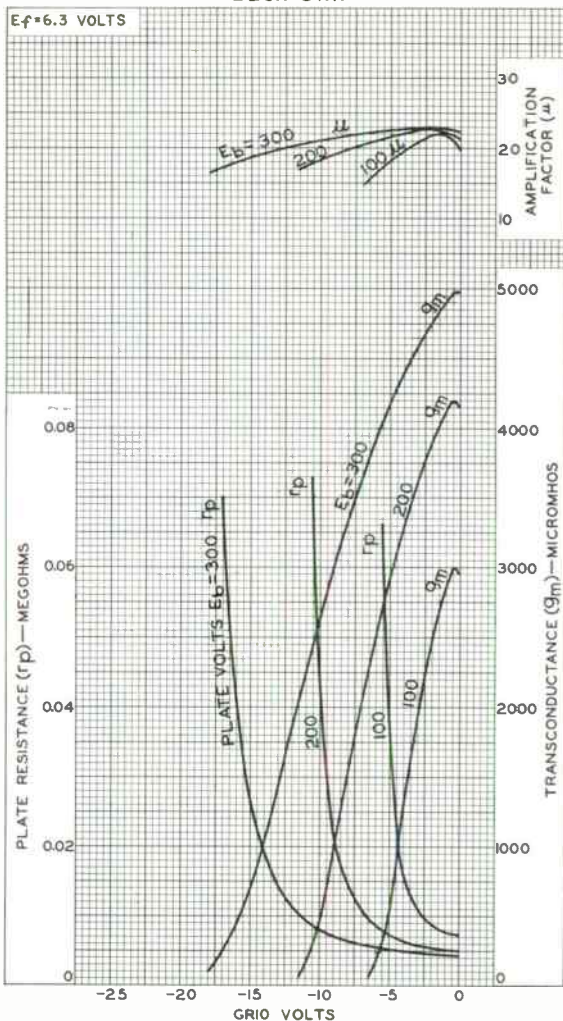
92CM-8442

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-8441RI



Beam Hexode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ± 0.6 volts

Current at heater volts = 6.3 0.200 amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 200 ax. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 200^a max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^b	
Grid No.1 to plate	0.03	0.016	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.4 & grid No.2, grid No.3, and heater	4.8	4.8	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.4 & grid No.2, grid No.3, and heater	2	2.8	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage 275 volts

Grid-No.3 Voltage 135 volts

Grid-No.1 Voltage -0.2 volt

Plate Resistance (Approx.) 0.24 megohm

Transconductance 10000 μmhos

Plate Current 9 ma

Grid-No.3 Current 0.17 ma

Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for
transconductance (μmhos) = 100 -5 volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential

Maximum Overall Length 2-1/8"

Maximum Seated Length 1-7/8"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . 1-1/2" \pm 3/32"

Diameter 0.650" to 0.750"

Dimensional Outline See *General Section*

Bulb T5-1/2

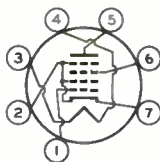
Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)



6FS5

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7GA

Pin 1—Grid No.1
Pin 2—Cathode,
Grid No.2,
Grid No.4
Pin 3—Heater
Pin 4—Heater



Pin 5—Plate
Pin 6—Grid No.3
Pin 7—Cathode,
Grid No.2,
Grid No.4

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	ma
GRID-No.3 INPUT	0.15 max.	watt
PLATE DISSIPATION	3.25 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1—Circuit Resistance:
For fixed-bias operation. 0.5 max. megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to pin 7.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

This type has four grids—grid No.1 (Control grid), grid No.2 (Focusing grid), grid No.3 (Screen grid), and grid No.4 (Suppressor grid). Grid No.2 is (1) internally connected to cathode and grid No.4, (2) aligned with grid No.3, and (3) located between grids No.1 and No.3. The addition of grid No.2 results in an increase in the plate-current-to-screen-current ratio with subsequent noise reduction.





6FV6

6FV6

SHARP-CUTOFF TETRODE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3 ± 10%	. . . . . ac or dc volts
Current	0.2	. . . . . amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:⁰

Grid No.1 to plate	0.03 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater.	4.5	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater.	3	μf
Cathode to heater.	2.7*	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	125	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-grid) Voltage	80	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-grid) Voltage	-1	volt
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.1	megohm
Transconductance	8000	μmhos
Plate Current	10	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	1.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 20.	-6	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position . . . . .	. . . . . Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7FQ

Pin 1-Grid No.1
Pin 2-Internal
Shield
Pin 3-Heater



Pin 4-Heater
Pin 5-Plate
Pin 6-Grid No.2
Pin 7-Cathode

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	275 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	180 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart	at front of Receiving Tube Section

6FV6



6FV6

SHARP-CUTOFF TETRODE

GRID-NO.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts

CATHODE CURRENT. 20 max. ma

GRID-NO.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to
90 volts 0.5 max. wattFor grid-No.2 voltages between
90 and 180 volts See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart
at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION. 2 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 200* max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance 0.5 max. megohm

○ With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode except as noted.

● With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to ground.

* The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

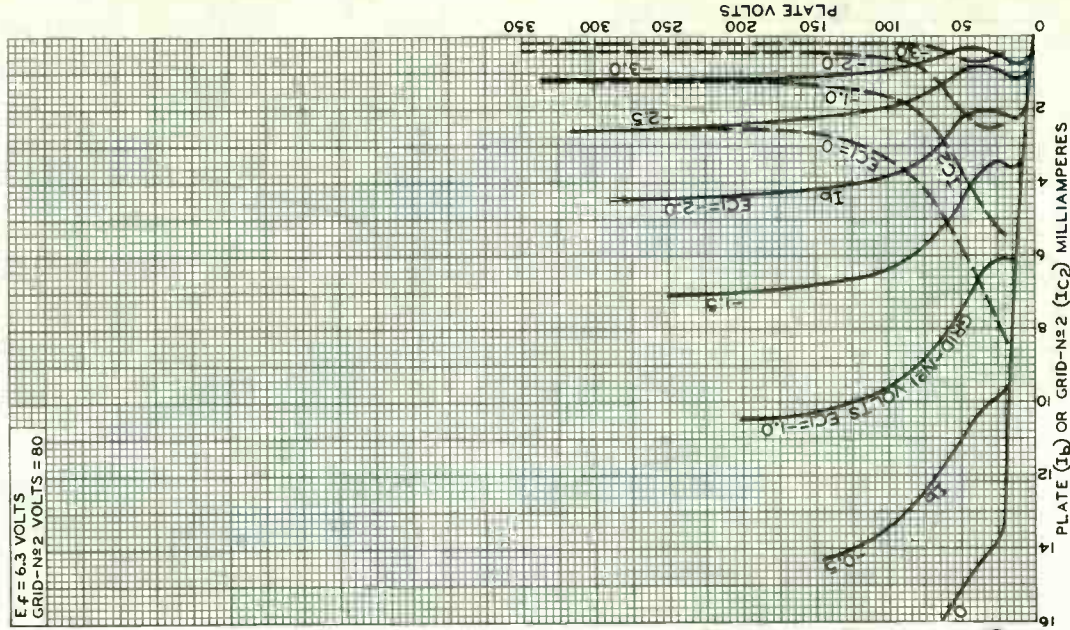


6FV6

6FV6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N₂ VOLTS = 80



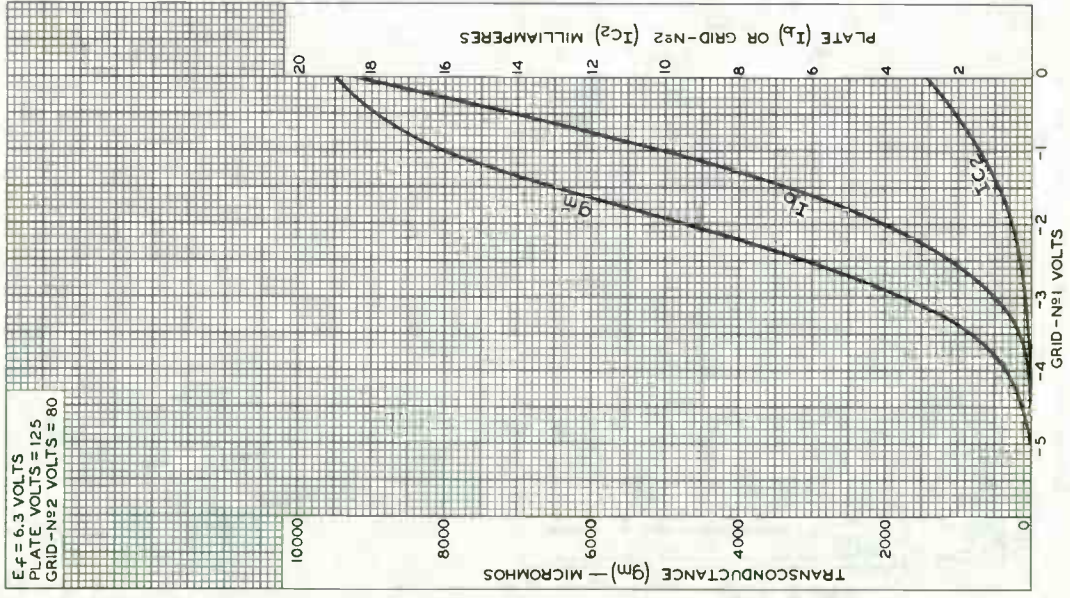
6FV6



6FV6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 125
GRID-N^o2 VOLTS = 80



6FV8A

Medium-Mu Triode-Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.2	volts
Current	0.430 ± 0.030	0.430 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):			
Heater negative with respect to cathode		100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode		200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^d	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	1.8	1.8	pf
Grid to cathode, pentode cathode & pentode No. 3 & internal shield, and heater	2.8	2.8	pf
Plate to cathode, pentode cathode & pentode grid No. 3 & internal shield, and heater	1.5	2	pf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No. 1 to plate	0.02 max.	0.01 max.	pf
Grid No. 1 to cathode & grid No. 3 & internal shield, grid No. 2, and heater	5	5	pf
Plate to cathode & grid No. 3 & internal shield, grid No. 2, and heater	2	2	pf
Pentode plate to triode plate	0.15 max.	0.07 max.	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	125	125	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	-	-125	volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-1	-1	volt
Amplification Factor	45	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5000	20000	ohms
Transconductance	9000	6000	μmhos
Plate Current	12	12	ma
Grid-No. 2 Current	-	4	ma
Grid-No. 1 voltage (Approx.) for plate μA = 20	-7.5	-9	volts

Mechanical:

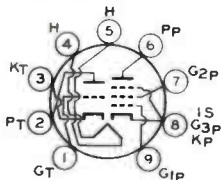
Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Sealed Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.250" to 0.275"



6FV8A

Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb. T6-1/2
 Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9FA

- Pin 1-Triode Grid
- Pin 2-Triode Plate
- Pin 3-Triode Cathode
- Pin 4-Heater
- Pin 5-Heater
- Pin 6-Pentode Plate
- Pin 7-Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 8-Pentode Cathode, Grid No.3,
Internal Shield
- Pin 9-Pentode Grid No.1



AMPLIFIER — Class A₁ (Pentode Unit)

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Plate Voltage 330 max. volts
 Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage. . . 330 max. volts
 Grid-No.2 Voltage See *Grid-No.2 Input*

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:

Positive-bias value 0 max. volts

Grid-No.2 Input:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts. . . 0.55 max. watt

For grid-No.2 voltages between

165 and 330 volts See *Grid-No.2 Input*

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

Plate Dissipation 2.3 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation. 0.25 max. megohm

For cathode-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR (Triode Unit)

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^e

DC Plate Voltage. 330 max. volts

Peak Negative-Pulse Grid Voltage. 250 max. volts

Cathode Current:

Peak 70 max. ma

Average 20 max. ma

Plate Dissipation 2 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation. 3 max. megohms

^a At heater amperes = 0.450.

^b At heater volts = 6.3.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^d with external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pin 4.

^e As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations." Federal Communications Commission.



Beam Power Tube

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3 . . .	1.200	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

Grid No.1 to plate	0.5	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	15.0	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	7.0	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	60	150	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	150	150	150	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	-22.5	-22.5	volts
Amplification Factor	-	4.4	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	-	18000	ohms
Transconductance	-	-	7300	μmhos
Plate Current	345 ^c	-	65	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	27 ^c	-	1.8	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma. = 1	-	-	-42	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for peak positive-pulse plate volts = 5000, grid-No.2 volts = 150, and plate ma. = 1	-	-	-100	volts

Mechanical:

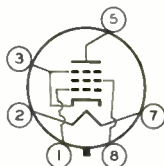
Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3-7/8"
Maximum Seated Length	3-5/16"
Diameter	1.438" to 1.562"
Bulb	T12
Base	Short Medium-Shell Octal 6-Pin with External Barriers, Arrangement 1, Style A, (JEDEC Group 1. No. B6-112)



6FW5

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 6CK

Pin 1 - Grid No.1
 Pin 2 - Heater
 Pin 3 - Cathode,
 Grid No.3



Pin 5 - Plate
 Pin 7 - Heater
 Pin 8 - Grid No.2

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^d

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	770 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^a . . .	6500 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE. . .	220 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE . .	330 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE . .	-55 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak.	610 max.	ma
Average	175 max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	3.6 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION ^f	18 max.	watts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220 max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance. 1 max. megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b Without external shield.

^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^d As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^e This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

^f An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

DUDDECAR TYPE

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6 volts
Current at 6.3 volts	1.050 amp
Maximum heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):	
Heater negative with respect to cathode:	
Peak	200 volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode:	
Peak	200 volts
DC component	100 volts

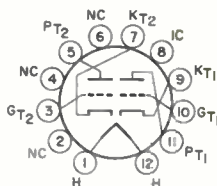
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^a

	Unit No.1	Unit No.2	
Grid to plate	4.4	9.5	pf
Input: G to (K, H)	2.2	6.5	pf
Output: P to (K, H)	0.4	1.2	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.875"
Seated Length	2.250" to 2.500"
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 9-60)	See General Section
Bulb	T9
Base	Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC No. E12-70)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	12E0

- Pin 1-Heater
- Pin 2-No Internal Connection
- Pin 3-Grid of Unit No.2
- Pin 4-No Internal Connection
- Pin 5-Plate of Unit No.2
- Pin 6-No Internal Connection
- Pin 7-Cathode of Unit No.2
- Pin 8-Do Not Use
- Pin 9-Cathode of Unit No.1
- Pin 10-Grid of Unit No.1
- Pin 11-Plate of Unit No.1
- Pin 12-Heater

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit No.1	Unit No.2	
Plate Voltage	250	60, 150	volts
Grid Voltage	-3	0 ^b , -17.5	volts
Amplification Factor	65	-	5
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	40500	-	920 ohms
Transconductance	1600	-	6500 μmhos
Plate Current	1.4	95	35 ma
Plate Current for grid volts = -25	-	-	5 ma
Grid-Voltage for plate μa = 30	-5.5	-	volts
Grid-Voltage for plate μa = 50	-	-	-36 volts



VERTICAL DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR AND AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, *Design-Maximum Values:**For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c*

	Unit No.1 (Oscillator)	Unit No.2 (Amplifier)	
DC Plate Voltage	330	275	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage	-	2000	volts
Peak Negative Pulse-Grid Voltage	400	250	volts
Cathode Current:			
Peak	70	175	ma
Average	20	50	ma
Plate Dissipation	1	7 ^d	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance. . . .	2.2	2.2	megohms
--------------------------------	-----	-----	---------

^a without external shield.^b Applied for short interval (2 seconds maximum) so as not to damage tube.^c This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.^d An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

Beam Power Tube— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

DUODECAR TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.200	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

Beam Power Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.26	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater	12.0	pf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, internal shield, and heater	12.0	pf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.034	pf
Grid No.3 to plate	2.8	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.2, grid No.3, internal shield, and heater	6.5	pf
Grid No.3 to cathode, grid No.1, grid No.2, plate, internal shield, and heater	7.5	pf
Grid No.1 to grid No.3	0.24	pf
Plate of beam power unit to plate of pentode unit	0.12	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Pentode Unit):

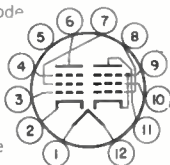
Plate Supply Voltage	150	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage	Connect'd to cathode at socket	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	100	volts
Cathode Resistor	560	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.15	megohm
Transconductance, Grid No.1 to Plate	1000	μmhos
Transconductance, Grid No.3 to Plate	400	μmhos
Plate Current	1.3	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	2	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu_a = 10$	-4.5	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu_a = 10$	-4.5	volts



Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathodes.	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2.375"
Seated Length	1.750" to 2.000"
Diameter.	1.062" to 1.188"
Bulb.	T9
Base.	Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC No.E12-70)
Easing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	12BU

Pin 1 - Heater	Pin 8 - Beam Power
Pin 2 - Pentode Cathode	Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Pentode	Pin 9 - Beam Power
Grid No.1	Cathode,
Pin 4 - Pentode	Beam Power
Grid No.3	Plate
Pin 5 - Internal	Pin 10 - Beam Power
Shield	Grid No.2
Pin 6 - Pentode Plate	Pin 11 - Beam Power
Pin 7 - Pentode	Plate
Grid No.2	Pin 12 - Heater



PENTODE UNIT — FM SOUND DETECTOR

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (SUPPRESSOR-GRID) VOLTAGE	28 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section	
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.7 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
For grid-No.2 voltages		
up to 165 volts	1.1 max.	watts
For grid-No.2 voltages between		
165 and 330 volts	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section	

BEAM POWER UNIT — AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	150 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	135 max.	volts
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT.	65 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION.	6.5 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT.	1.8 max.	watts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

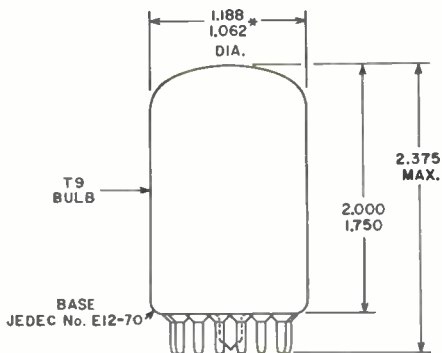
Plate Voltage.	120	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	110	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-8	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	8	volts



Zero-Signal Plate Current.	49	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	50	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	4	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	8.5	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	10000	ohms
Transconductance	7500	μ hos
Load Resistance.	2500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	10	per cent
Max.-Signal Power Output	2.3	watts

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.



92CS-11838RI

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

* APPLIES TO MINIMUM DIAMETER EXCEPT IN AREA OF SEAL.



Beam Power Tube

MAGNOVAL TYPE

ELECTRICAL

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

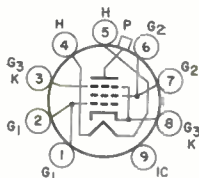
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	V
Current at 6.3 V	1.380	A
Maximum heater-cathode voltage		
Heater negative with respect to cathode:		
Peak	250	V
DC component	125	V
Heater positive with respect to cathode:		
Peak	250	V
DC component	125	V

MECHANICAL

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	4.125 in
Maximum Seated Length	3.750 in
Diameter	1.062 to 1.188 in
Envelope	JEDEC T9
Cap.	Skirted Miniature (JEDEC No. C1-2)
Base	Small-Button Magnoval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-23) ←

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Grid-No.1
- Pin 2 - Grid-No.1
- Pin 3 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Grid No.2
- Pin 7 - Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
- Pin 9 - Do Not Use
Cap - Plate



9NH

CHARACTERISTICS, INSTANTANEOUS VALUES^a

Plate Voltage	75	V
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	200	V
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-10	V
Plate Current	440	mA
Grid-No.2 Current	37	mA

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate-Supply Voltage	275	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^b	7700	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	275	V

← Indicates a change.



6GB5

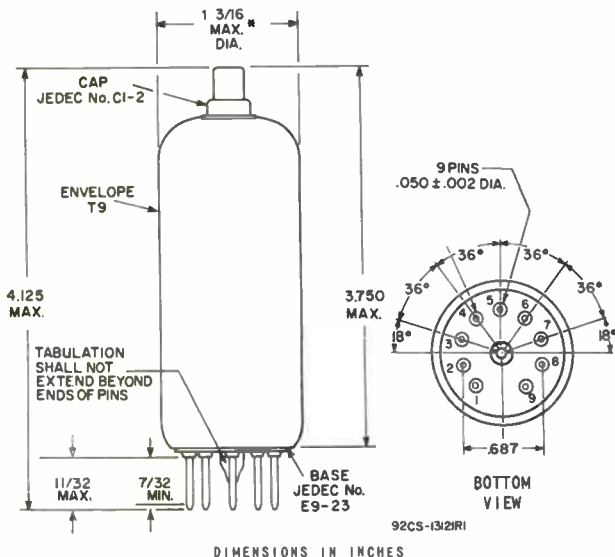
Average Cathode Current	275	mA
Grid-No.2 Input ^c	5	W
Plate Dissipation ^d	17	W

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance		
Without grid current	0.5	MΩ
With grid current (Horizontal output service only).	2.2	MΩ

- ^a Not to be tested under DC conditions.
- ^b This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.
- ^c Grid-No.2 input may reach 6 watts for plate-dissipation values below 11 watts.
- ^d An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE



92CS-1312R1

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

For pin alignment use gauge No. GE9-2.

^a Applies in zone starting 0.375 inch from base seat.

DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices
Harrison, N. J.



Power Pentode

NEONOVAL TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ± 0.6 volts

Current at heater volts = 6.3 1.200 amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 200^a max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

(Approx.):^bGrid No.1 to plate 0.9 μ fGrid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater 18.0 μ fPlate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2 and heater 7.0 μ f

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential

Maximum Overall Length 3.230"

Maximum Seated Length 2.920"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 2.370" to 2.610"

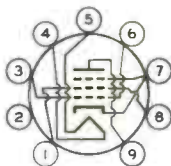
Diameter 1.062" to 1.188"

Bulb T9

Base Large-Button Neonovai 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-68)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9EU

Pin 1-Grid No.2
 Pin 2-No Internal
 Connection
 Pin 3-Grid No.1
 Pin 4-Heater
 Pin 5-Heater



Pin 6-Grid No.1
 Pin 7-Cathode,
 Grid No.3
 Pin 8-Grid No.2
 Pin 9-Plate

AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁Maximum Ratings, *Design-Maximum Values*:

PLATE VOLTAGE 220 max. volts
 GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE 140 max. volts
 GRID-No.2 INPUT 1.4 max. watts
 PLATE DISSIPATION 12 max. watts



6GC5

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

	<i>Fixed Bias</i>	<i>Cathode Bias</i>	
Plate Supply Voltage.	110	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	110	125	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage. .	-7.5	-	volts
Cathode Resistor.	-	180	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	7.5	8.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	49	46	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	50	47	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	4	2.2	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	10	8.5	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	13000	28000	ohms
Transconductance.	8000	8000	μ hos
Load Resistance	2000	4000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	10	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output.	2.1	3.8	watts

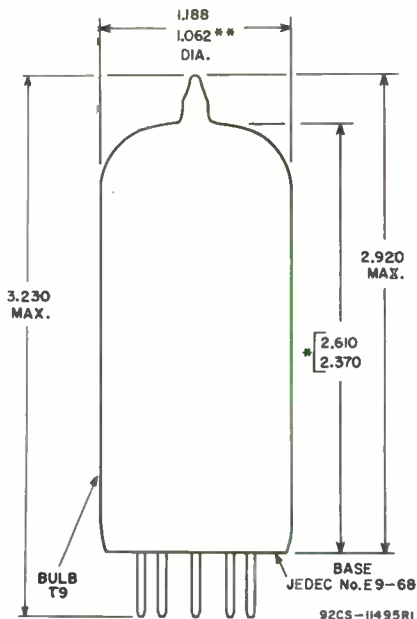
Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.5 max.	megohm

- ^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
^b Without external shield.





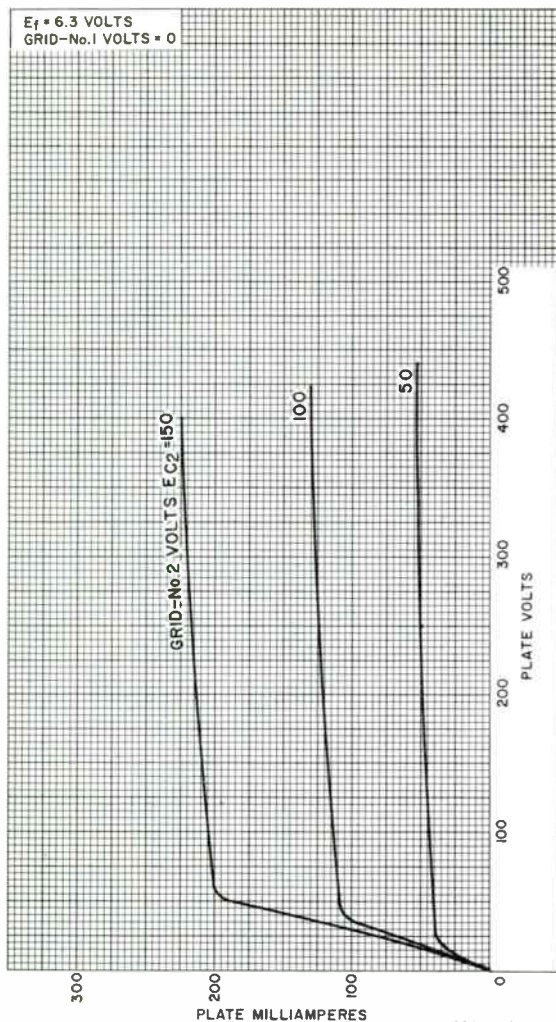
ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

- ** APPLIES IN ZONE STARTING 0.375" FROM BASE SEAT.
- * MEASURED FROM BASE SEAT TO BULB-TOP LINE AS DETERMINED BY A RING GAUGE OF 0.600" INSIDE DIAMETER.



6GC5

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

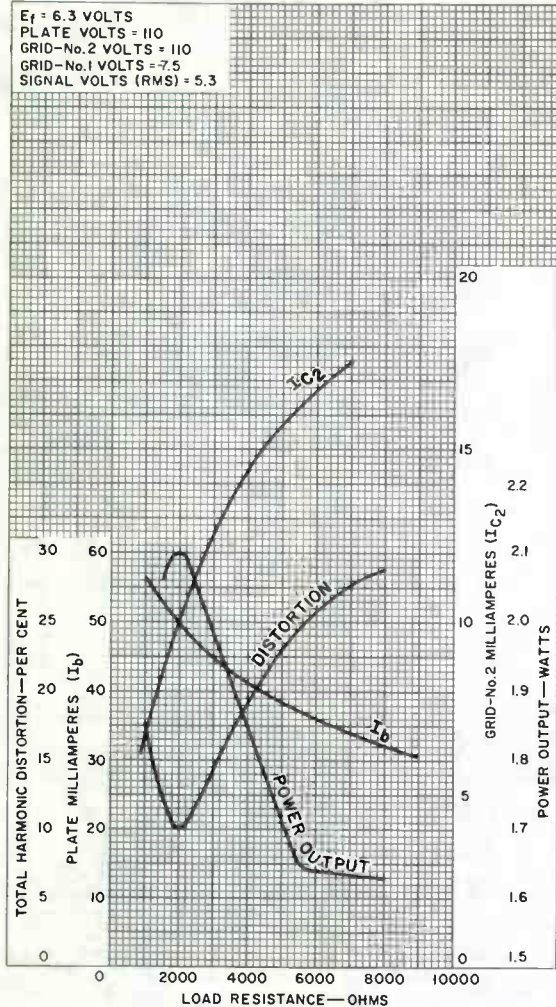


92CM-11824



6GC5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-11828



Beam Power Tube

DUODECAR TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ± 0.6 volts
 Current at heater volts = 6.3 1.200 amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 200^a max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Aprox.):^b

Grid No. 1 to plate 0.34 pf

Grid No. 1 to cathode & grid No. 3, grid No. 2, and heater 16.0 pf

Plate to cathode & grid No. 3, grid No. 2, and heater 7.0 pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage 60 150 250 5000 volts

Grid-No. 2 Voltage 150 150 150 150 volts

Grid-No. 1 Voltage 0 -22.5 -22.5 - volts

Mu-Factor, Grid No. 2 to

Grid No. 1 - 4.4 - -

Plate Resistance (Approx.) - - 18000 - ohms

Transconductance - - 7300 - μ mhos

Plate Current 345^c - 65 - ma

Grid-No. 2 Current 27^c - 1.8 - ma

Grid-No. 1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma. = 1 - - -42 -100 volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential

Maximum Overall Length 2.875"

Seated Length 2.250" to 2.500"

Diameter 1.437" to 1.563"

Bulb T12

Base Large-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC No. E12-74)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 12BJ

Pin 1-Heater

Pin 2-Grid No. 2

Pin 3-Grid No. 1

Pin 4-Cathode,
Grid No. 3

Pin 5-Do Not Use^d

Pin 6-Do Not Use^d



Pin 7-Plate

Pin 8-Do Not Use^d

Pin 9-Do Not Use^d

Pin 10-Cathode,
Grid No. 3

Pin 11-Grid No. 1

Pin 12-Heater



6GE5

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^e

DC PLATE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE	770 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^f	6500 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1500 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	220 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE	-55 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak.	550 max.	ma
Average	175 max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	3.5 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION ^g	17.5 max.	watts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220 max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid resistor-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.

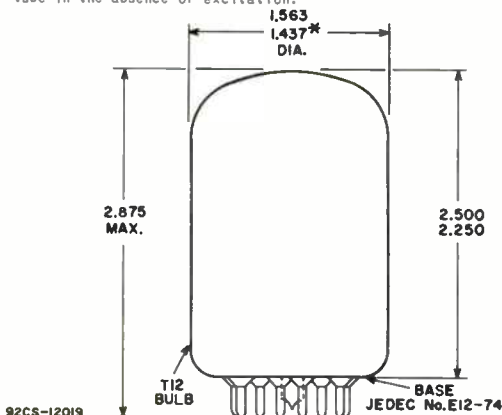
^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^d Socket terminals 5,6,8, and 9 should not be used as tie points.

^e As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^f This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

^g An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

* APPLIES TO MINIMUM DIAMETER EXCEPT IN THE AREA OF THE SEAL.

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division Harrison, N. J.



Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

NOVAR TYPE

For Combined Vertical-Deflection-Oscillator
and-Amplifier Service in TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

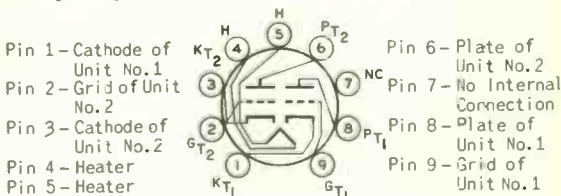
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.985	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances (Approx.):

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate.	4.6	9.0	pf
G to (K,H)	2.4	6.5	pf
P to (K,H)	0.26	1.4	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Types of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.380"
Seated Length	1.750" to 2.000"
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T9
Base	Small-Button Novar, 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No. E9-89)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9QD



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Plate Voltage	250	60 150 250	volts
Grid Voltage	-3	0 -20 -28	volts
Amplification Factor	64	- 5.4 -	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	40000	- 750 -	ohms
Plate Current	1.4	95 50 10	ma
Grid-Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 10	-5.5	- - -	volts
100	-	- -45 -	volts



6GF7A

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Unit No. 1

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^b

DC Plate Voltage	330	max.	volts
Peak Negative Pulse-Grid Voltage	400	max.	volts
Cathode Current:			
Peak	77	max.	ma
Average.	22	max.	ma
Plate Dissipation.	1.5	max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias or cathode-bias operation	2.2	max.	megohms
---	-----	------	---------

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Unit No. 2

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^b

DC Plate Voltage	330	max.	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage (Absolute-maximum value) ^c	1500 ^d	max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid Voltage	250	max.	volts
Cathode Current:			
Peak	175	max.	ma
Average.	50	max.	ma
Plate Dissipation.	11	max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias operation	2.2	max.	megohms
For cathode-bias operation	2.2	max.	megohms

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

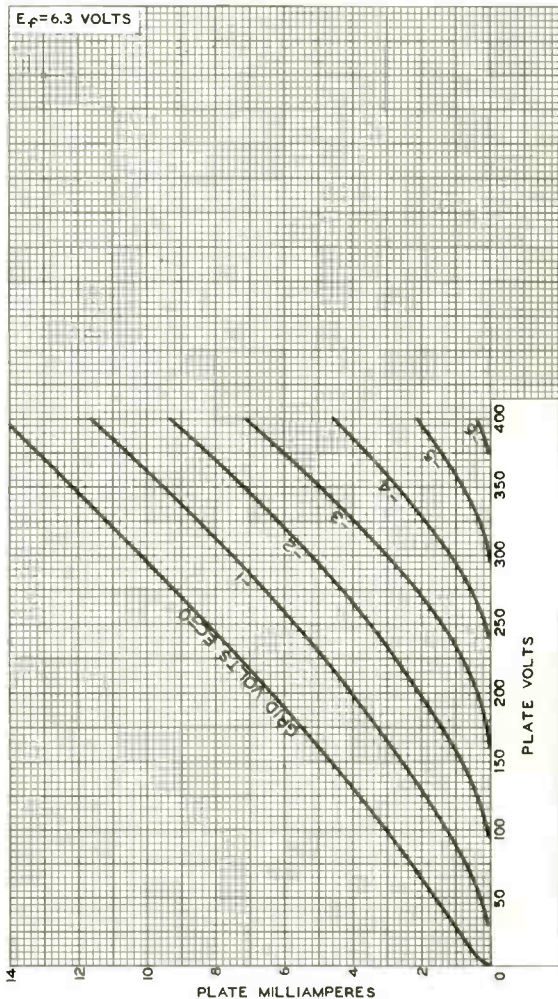
^b As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations" Federal Communications Commission.

^c This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

^d Under no circumstances should this absolute-maximum value be exceeded.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Unit No.1



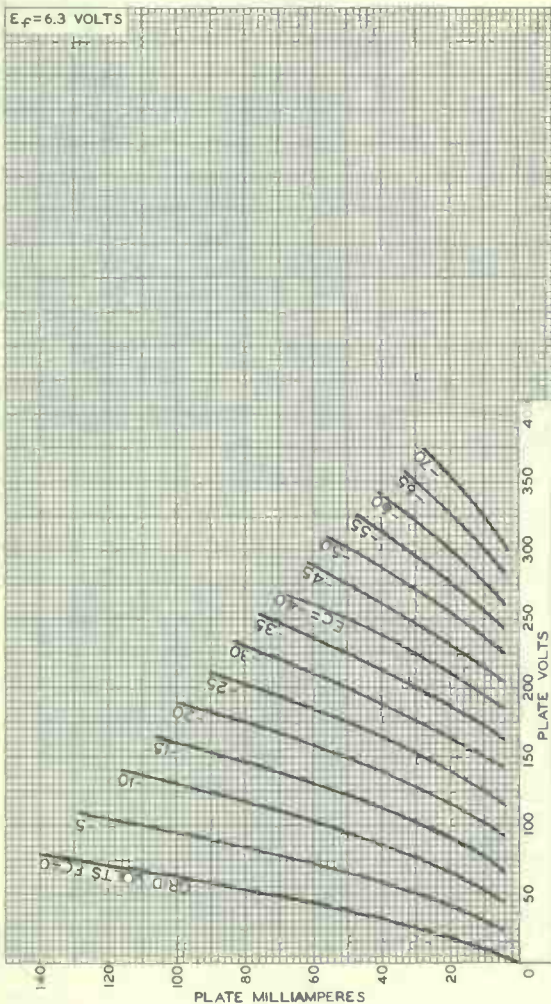
92CM-9912



6GF7A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Unit No.2

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS



92CM-10466

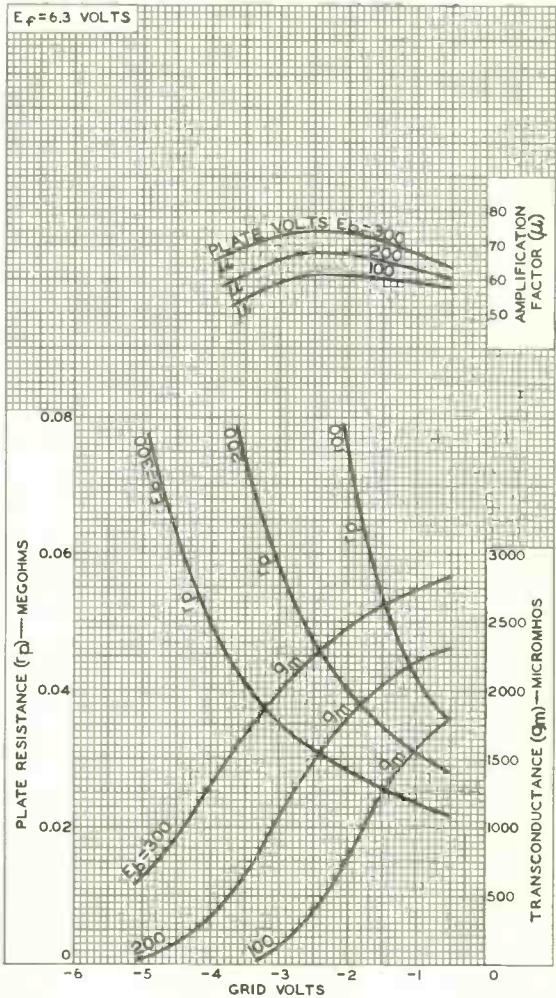
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World Radio History

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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Unit No.1

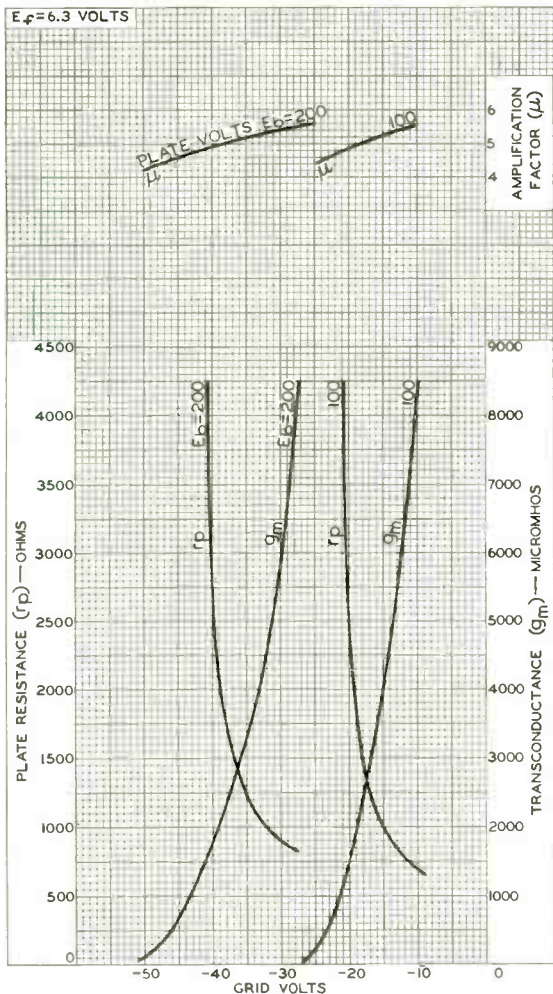


92CM-9915RI



6GF7A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Unit No.2



92CM-10467



6GH8A

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Multivibrator-Type Horizontal-Deflection Oscillator, AGC Amplifier, and Sync-Separator Applications

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	—	sec

Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^d	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	1.7	1.7	pf
Grid to cathode, pentode grid No.3 & pentode cathode & internal shield, and heater.	3.0	3.2	pf
Plate to cathode, pentode grid No.3 & pentode cathode & internal shield, and heater.	1.4	1.9	pf
Heater to cathode	3.0	3.0 ^e	pf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate	0.02 max.	0.01 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	5.0	5.0	pf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	2.6	3.4	pf
Heater to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield	3.0	3.0 ^e	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	125	125	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	—	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-1	-1	volt
Amplification Factor	46	—	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5400	20000	ohms
Transconductance	8500	7500	μmhos



6GH8A

Plate Current	13.5	12	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu = 10$	-8	-8	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathodes.	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length.	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9AE

- Pin 1 - Triode Plate
- Pin 2 - Pentode
Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Pentode
Grid No.2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate



- Pin 7 - Pentode
Cathode,
Pentode
Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield
- Pin 8 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 9 - Triode Grid

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^f

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	350 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
Peak-negative value	-	175 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	2.5 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	-	0.55 max.	watts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	-	300 max.	ma
Average	-	20 max.	ma

Maximum Circuit Values (Each Unit):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: For fixed-bias or cathode-bias operation.	2.2 max.	megohms
---	----------	---------

- ^a At heater amperes = 0.450.
- ^b At heater volts = 6.3.
- ^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- ^d With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to cathode of unit under test except as noted.
- ^e With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to ground.
- ^f As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.



INTERELECTRODE LEAKAGE

Leakage Resistance between Plate of Each Unit and All Other Electrodes of both units tied together 100 min. megohms

This test is performed under the following conditions: heater volts = 6.3; and plate 300 volts negative with respect to all other electrodes tied together.

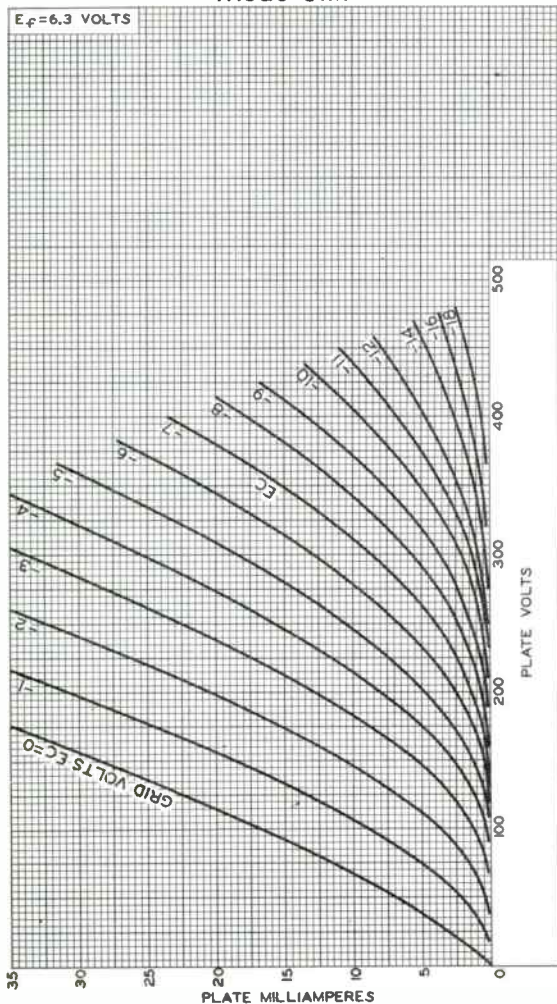
Leakage Resistance between Grid No.1 of Each Unit and All Other Electrodes of both units tied together 100 min. megohms

This test is performed under the following conditions: heater volts = 6.3; and grid 100 volts negative with respect to all other electrodes tied together.



6GH8A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-1042IR1

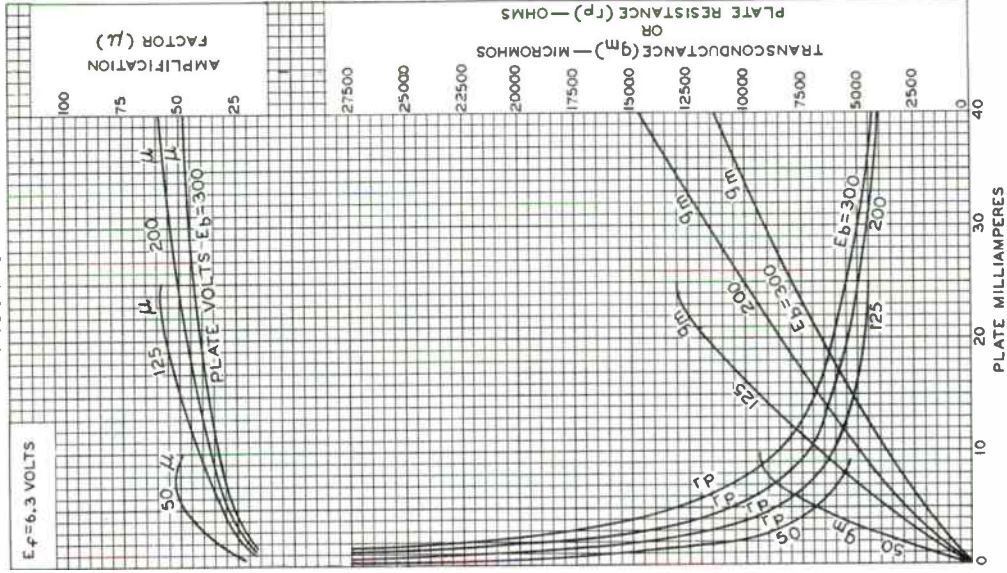
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
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6GH8A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-10428

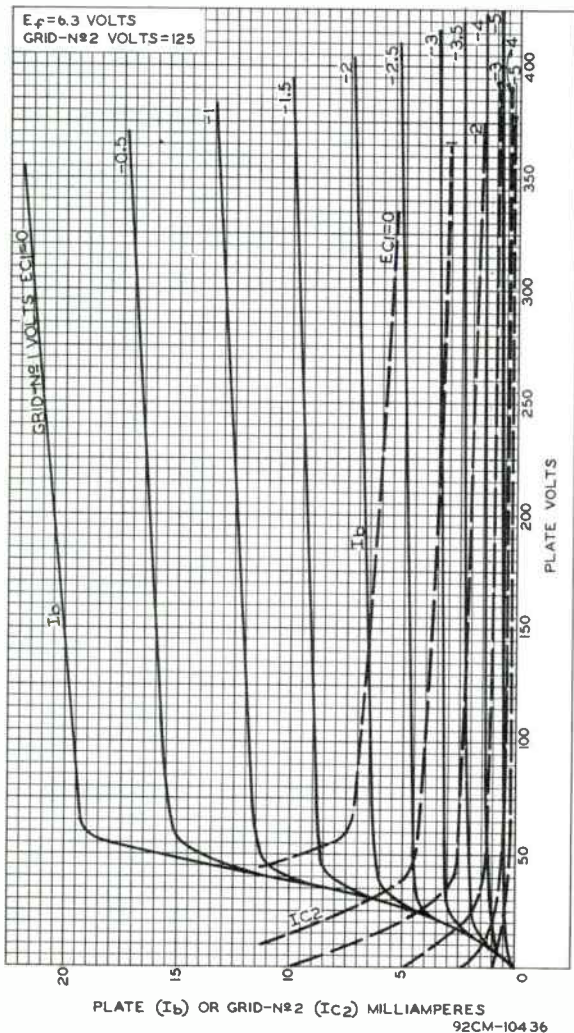


RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
4-63

6GH8A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-104 36

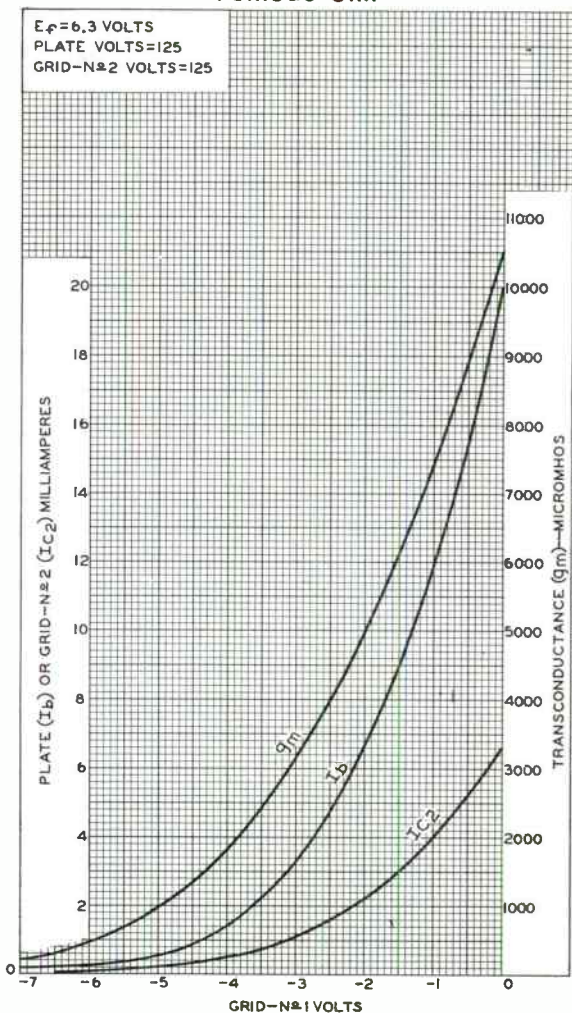
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Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



6GH8A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-10417





Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier
Service in Black-and-White TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Ratings and Characteristics:

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ± 0.6 volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3 1.200 amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 200 max.^a volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

Grid No. 1 to plate 0.26 pf

Input: G1 to (K, G3, G2, H) 15.0 pf

Output: P to (K, G3, G2, H) 6.5 pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential

Maximum Overall Length 3.505"

Seated Length 2.875" to 3.125"

Diameter 1.438" to 1.562"

Dimensional Outline See *General Section*

Bulb T12

Cap Skirted Miniature (JEDEC C1-2 or C1-3)

Base Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip
(JEDEC No. E9-88)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 90K

Pin 1-Grid No. 2

Pin 2-Grid No. 1

Pin 3-Cathode,
Grid No. 3

Pin 4-Heater

Pin 5-Heater

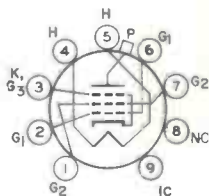
Pin 6-Grid No. 1

Pin 7-Grid No. 2

Pin 8-No Internal
Connection

Pin 9-Do Not Use

Cap-Plate



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Connection	Pentode Connection	
Plate Voltage	150	60 250	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	150	150 150	volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-22.5	0 -22.5	volts
Mu-factor, Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1	4.4	- -	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	- 15000	ohms
Transconductance	-	- 7100	μmhos



6GJ5A

	Triode Connection	Pentode Connection		
Plate Current	-	390 ^c	70	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	32 ^c	2.1	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma = 1	-	-	-42	volts

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^d

DC Plate-Supply Voltage	770	max.	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^e	6500	max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage	1500	max.	volts
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage.	220	max.	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-55	max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 Voltage	330	max.	volts
Cathode Current:			
Peak	550	max.	ma
Average	175	max.	ma
Grid-No.2 Input	3.5	max.	watts
Plate Dissipation ^f	17.5	max.	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface).	240	max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

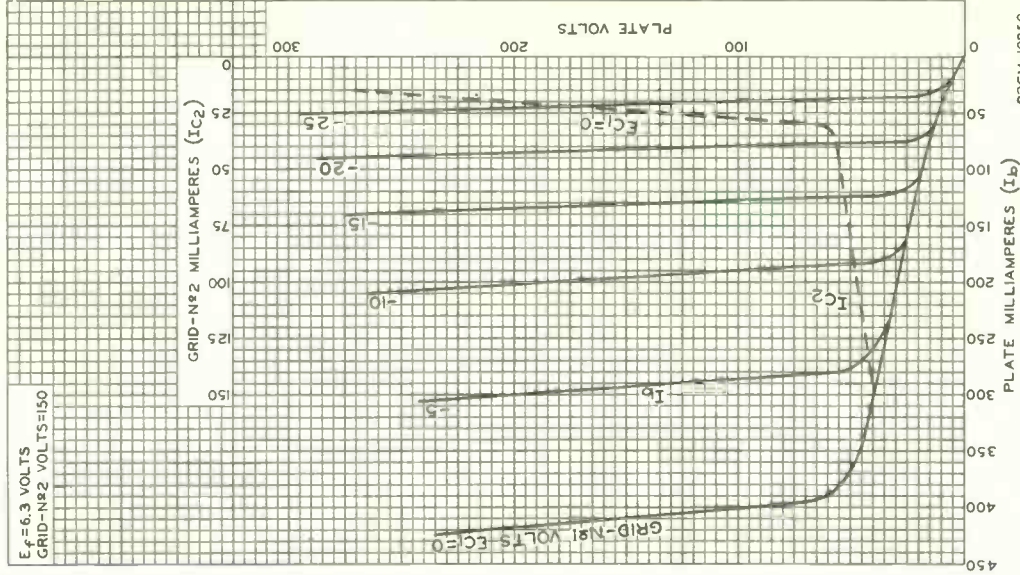
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: for grid resistor-bias operation.	1	max.	megohm
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- ^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- ^b without external shield.
- ^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- ^d As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.
- ^e This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.
- ^f An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



6GJ5A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-10659



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
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DATA 2
10-64

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

ELECTRICAL

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	V
Current at 6.3 V	0.410	A
Heater-cathode voltage ^a	110 max	V

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)

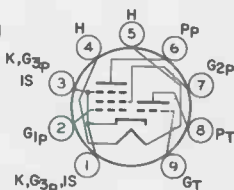
<i>Triode Unit</i>		
P _T to G _T	1.8	pF
G _T to K, H	3.3	pF
P _T to all except G _{1p}	1.7	pF
<i>Pentode Unit (With external shield)</i>		
Input	6.2	pF
Output	3.5	pF
P _p to G _{1p}	0.009	pF
G _{1p} to G _{2p}	1.5	pF
<i>Between Triode and Pentode Units</i>		
P _T to P _p	0.025 max	pF
P _p to G _T	0.01 max	pF
P _T to G _{1p}	0.01 max	pF
G _T to G _{1p}	0.01 max	pF

MECHANICAL

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2 in
Maximum Seated Length	1-3/4 in
Diameter	0.750 to 0.875 in
Envelope	JEDEC T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1—Cathode, Pentode
Grid No. 3, Internal Shield
- Pin 2—Pentode Grid No. 1
- Pin 3—Same as Pin 1
- Pin 4—Heater
- Pin 5—Heater
- Pin 6—Pentode Plate
- Pin 7—Pentode Grid No. 2
- Pin 8—Triode Plate
- Pin 9—Triode Grid



9QA

CHARACTERISTICS

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	100	170	V
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	-	120	V
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-3	-1.2	V
Amplification Factor	20	55 ^b	



	Triode	Pentode	
	Unit	Unit	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	0.35	M Ω
Transconductance	9000	11000	μ mhos
Plate Current.	15	10	mA
Grid No.2 Current.	-	3	mA

DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Triode	Pentode	
	Unit	Unit	
Plate-Supply Voltage	600	600	V
DC Plate Voltage	140	275	V
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	-	600	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage . .	-	275	V
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage. .	-	-50	V
Cathode Current.	22	20	mA
Plate Dissipation.	1.8	2.4	W
Grid-No.2 Input ^c	-	0.55	V

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance

For fixed-bias operation	0.5	1	M Ω
For cathode-bias operation	0.5	2.2	M Ω

^a The hum should be minimized in intercarrier receiver applications by limiting the heater-cathode voltage to 100 volts rms, and in AM receivers to 50 volts rms.

^b Grid No.2 to grid No.1; approximate value.

^c When control grid bias is between -1.5 and -2 volts, screen dissipation is limited to 0.50 watt. When this bias is greater than -2 volts, maximum screen dissipation is 0.36 watt.



High-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE
For VHF-Amplifier Applications

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Jnipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 \pm 10% volts
Current at 6.3 volts. 0.18 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^aGrid to plate 0.52 μ fGrid to cathode, internal shield, and heater. 5 μ fPlate to cathode, internal shield, and heater. 3.5 μ fHeater to cathode 2.5^b μ fCharacteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage 135 volts

Grid Voltage. -1 volt

Amplification Factor. 78

Plate Resistance (Approx.). 5400 ohms

Transconductance. 15000 μ hos

Plate Current 11.5 ma

Grid Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μ hos) =

150 -4.2 volts

1500. -2.5 volts

Input Resistance^c. 275 ohmsInput Capacitance^c. 11.2 μ fNoise Figure^d. 4.7 db

Mechanical:

Operating Position. Any

Maximum Overall Length. 2-1/8"

Maximum Seated Length 1-7/8"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 1-1/2" \pm 3/32"

Diameter. 0.650" to 0.750"

Dimensional Outline See *General Section*

Bulb. T5-1/2

Base. Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7FP

Pin 1 - Cathode

Pin 2 - Grid

Pin 3 - Heater

Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate

Pin 6 - Internal

Shield

Pin 7 - Cathode



AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	200 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value.	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
AVERAGE CATHODE CURRENT.	22 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION.	2.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

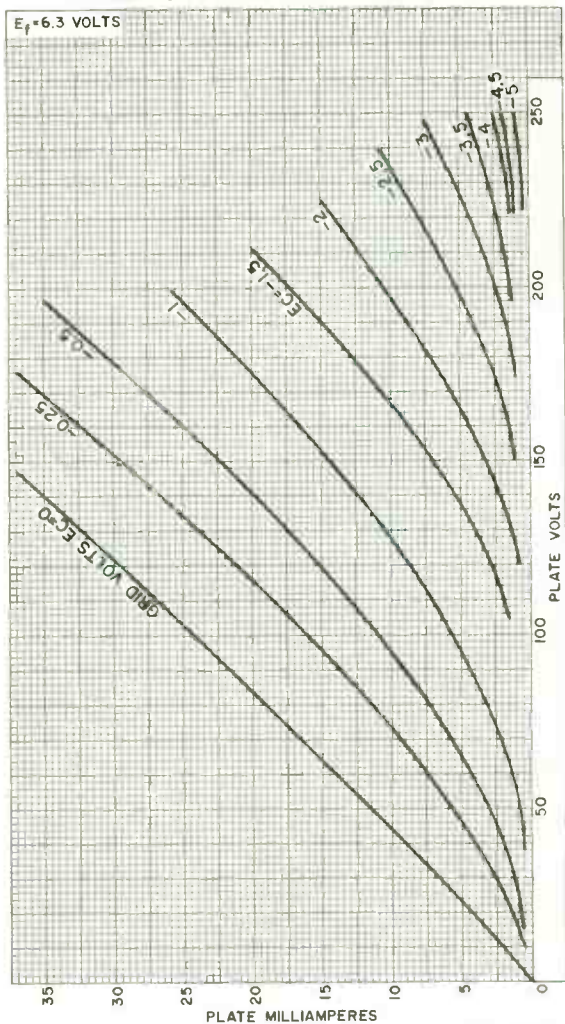
Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation 1 max. megohm

- ^a With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode except as noted.
- ^b With external shield JEDEC No.316 and internal shield connected to ground.
- ^c Measured at 200 Mc with heater volts = 6.3 and plate effectively grounded for rf voltages.
- ^d For a neutralized triode amplifier at a frequency of 200 Mc with signal-source impedance adjusted for minimum noise output.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

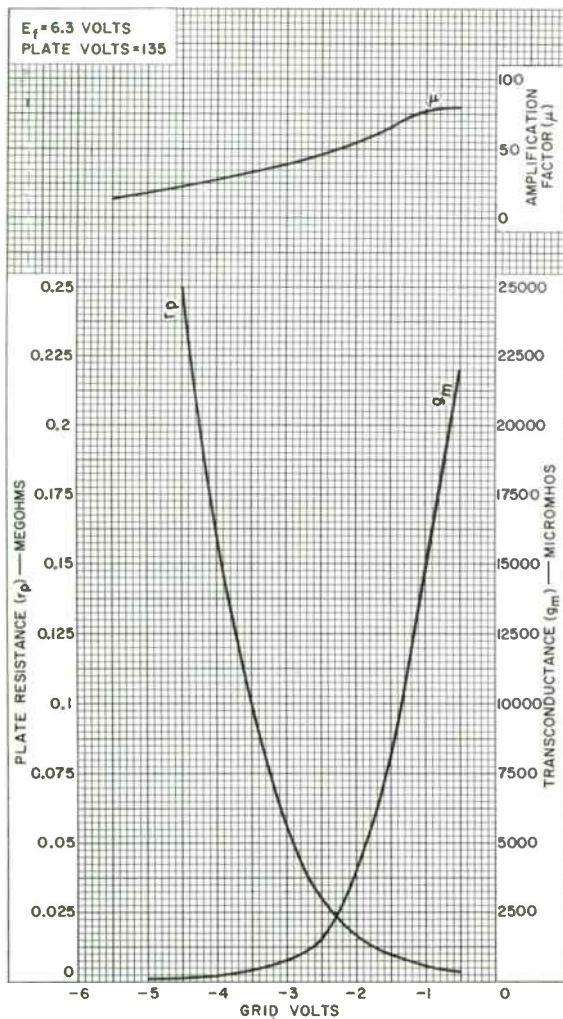


92CM-11024



6GK5

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-11023

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



Power Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.76	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.14 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	10	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	7	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage.	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	250	volts
Cathode Resistor.	135	ohms
Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1	19	
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	38000	ohms
Transconductance.	11300	μmhos
Plate Current	48	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	5.5	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-13/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2-7/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9GK

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - heater



Pin 6 - No Con-
nection
Pin 7 - Plate
Pin 8 - Grid No.2
Pin 9 - Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield

AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	600 max.	volts
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	600 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts



6GK6

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value	100 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	65 max.	ma

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

Peak	4 max.	watts
Average	2 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	13.2 max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

Plate Supply Voltage.	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	250	volts
Cathode Resistor.	135	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	7.3	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	48	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	50.6	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	5.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	10	ma
Effective Load Resistance	5200	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output.	5.7	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	0.3 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	1 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	600 max.	volts
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	600 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value	100 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	65 max.	ma

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

Peak	4 max.	watts
Average	2 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	13.2 max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

Plate Supply Voltage.	250	300	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	250	300	volts
Cathode Resistor.	130	130	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage. . .	22.4	28	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	62	72	ma



Max.-Signal Plate Current	75	92	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	7	8	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	15	22	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	8000	8000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	3	4	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	11	17	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.3 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class B**Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:**

PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE	600 max.	volts
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 SUPPLY VOLTAGE	600 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value	100 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	65 max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
Peak	4 max.	watts
Average	2 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	13.2 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation:*Values are for 2 tubes*

Plate Voltage	250	300	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	300	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-11.6	-14.7	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage. .	22.4	28	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	20	15	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	75	92	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	2.2	1.6	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	15	22	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	8000	8000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	3	4	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	11	17	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

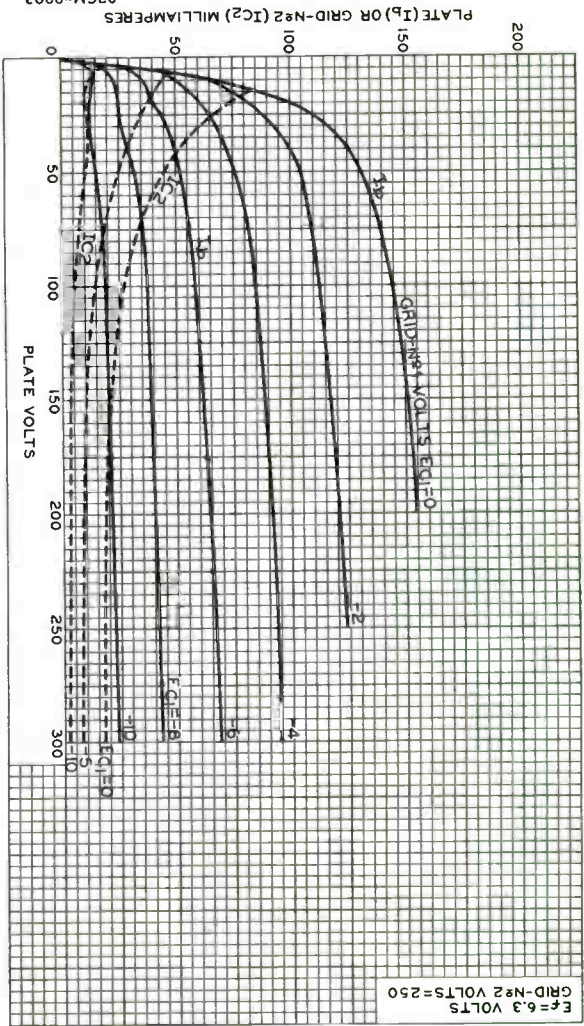
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.3 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	megohm

* Without external shield.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

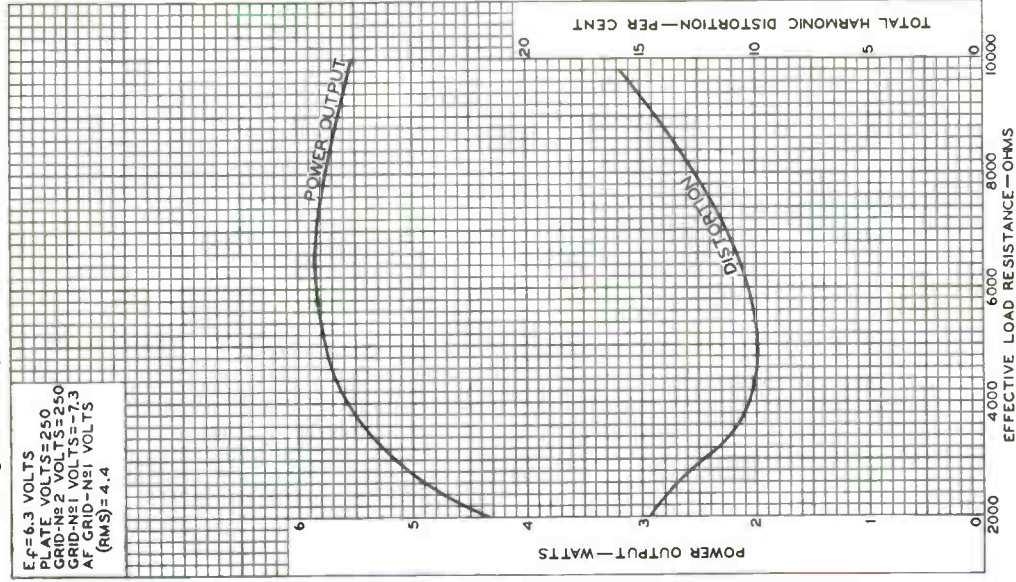


92CM-9903



OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 250
 GRID-No 2 VOLTS = 250
 GRID-No 1 VOLTS = -7.3
 AF GRID-No 1 VOLTS
 (RMS) = 4.4



92CM-9902



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
 Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
 7-61

Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.05	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	4.0	8.0	pf
Grid to cathode and heater	2.2	6.0	pf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.6	1.3	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

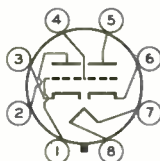
	Unit No. 1		Unit No. 2		
Plate Voltage	250	275	60	175	volts
Grid Voltage	-3	^c	0 ^d	-25	volts
Amplification Factor	66	-	-	5	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	30000	-	-	780	ohms
Transconductance	2200	1600	-	6400	μmhos
Plate Current	2	13	100	46	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa =					
20	-5.3	-	-	-	volts
200	-	-	-	-60	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3"
Maximum Seated Length	2-7/16"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Bulb	T9
Base	Intermediate-Shell Octal 8-Pin, (JEDEC Group 1, No. 88-6)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 8BD

Pin 1 - Grid of Unit No. 2
 Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No. 2
 Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No. 2
 Pin 4 - Grid of Unit No. 1



Pin 5 - Plate of Unit No. 1
 Pin 6 - Cathode of Unit No. 1
 Pin 7 - Heater
 Pin 8 - Heater



6GL7

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Unit No. 1

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^e

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	350 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	400 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1 max.	watt

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	2.2 max.	megohms

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Unit No. 2

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^e

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	550 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^f	1500 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	250 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak.	175 max.	ma
Average	50 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	10 ^g max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	2.2 max.	megohms

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b Without external shield.

^c Adjusted for plate ma.=13.

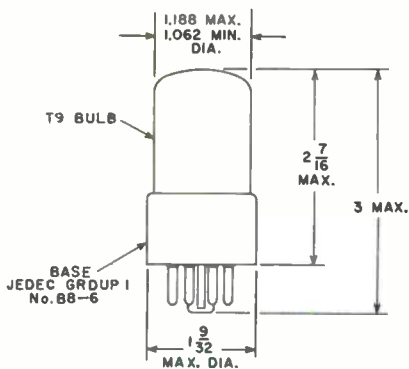
^d Applied for short interval (two seconds maximum) so as not to damage tube.

^e As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^f This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

^g In stages operating with grid-leak bias, an adequate cathode-bias resistor or other suitable means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.





ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES



Semiremote-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Gain-Controlled, 40-Mc, Picture-IF Stages of TV Receivers

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.4	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
Grid No.1 to plate.	0.036 max.	0.026 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	10	10	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	2.4	3.4	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage.	125	volts
Grid No.3 and Internal Shield.	<i>Connected to cathode at socket</i>	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	125	volts
Cathode Resistor.	56	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	0.2	megohm
Transconductance.	13000	μmhos
Plate Current	14	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 60.	-15	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3-32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7CM

Pin 1-Grid No.1
Pin 2-Cathode
Pin 3-Heater
Pin 4-Heater
Pin 5-Plate



Pin 6-Grid No.2
Pin 7-Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield



6GM6

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE. 330 max. volts

GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID). . . *Connect to cathode at socket*

GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE . . . 330 max. volts

GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE. *See Grid-No.2 Input*

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages up

to 165 volts 0.65 max. watt

For grid-No.2 voltages be-

tween 165 and 330 volts. *See Grid-No.2 Input*

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION. 3.1 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 200 max. volts

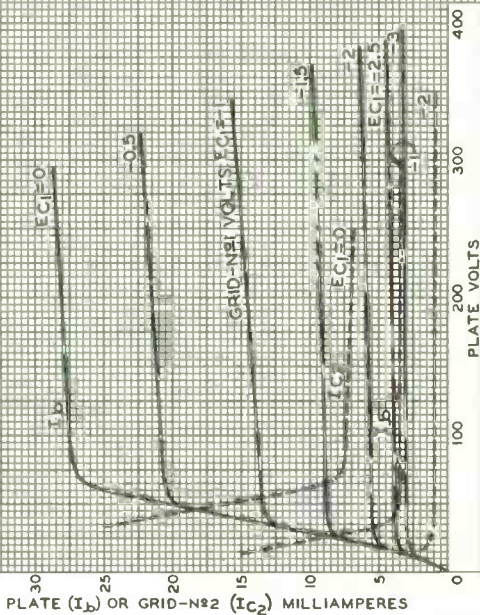
Heater positive with respect to cathode. 200[•] max. volts

[▲] With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.

[•] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

 $E_f = 6.3$ VOLTSGRID N₂3 AND INTERNAL SHIELD CONNECTED
TO CATHODE AT SOCKET.GRID-N₂2 VOLTS = 125

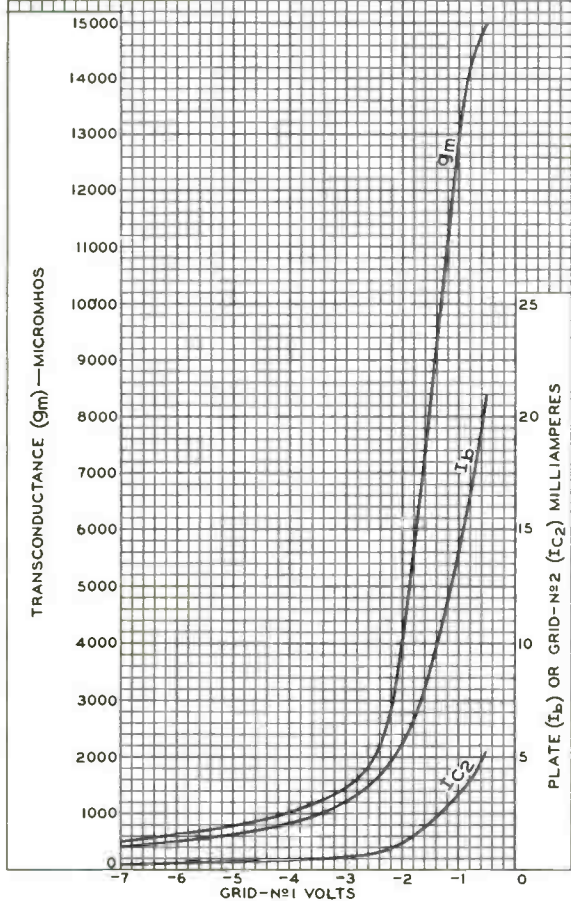
92CM-10390R1



6GM6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 125
GRID-N^o3 AND INTERNAL SHIELD CONNECTED
TO CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-N^o2 VOLTS = 125



92CM-10391R1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts	0.75	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	4.4	μf
Grid to cathode and heater	2.4	μμf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.36	μμf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.1 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	11	μμf
Plate to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	4.2	μμf
Triode grid to pentode plate	0.018 max.	μμf
Pentode grid No.1 to triode plate	0.005 max.	μμf
Pentode plate to triode plate	0.17 max.	μμf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit		
Plate Supply Voltage	250	60	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	-	150	150	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2	0	-	volts
Cathode Resistor	-	-	100	ohms
Amplification Factor	100	-	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	37000	-	60000	ohms
Transconductance	2700	-	11500	μmhos
Plate Current	2	55 ^b	25	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	18 ^b	5.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 100	-	-	-10	volts
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 20	-5	-	-	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2



6GN8

Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9DX

Pin 1-Triode
Cathode

Pin 2-Triode
Grid

Pin 3-Triode
Plate

Pin 4-Heater

Pin 5-Heater

Pin 6-Pentode
Cathode,
Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield

Pin 7-Pentode
Grid No.1

Pin 8-Pentode
Grid No.2

Pin 9-Pentode
Plate



AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 VOLTAGE	-	See Grid-No.2 Input	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-NO.1 (CONTROL-GRID)
VOLTAGE:

Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1 max.	5 max.	watts

GRID-NO.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages

up to 165 volts	-	1.1 max.	watts
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For grid-No.2 voltages

between 165 and 330 volts		See Grid-No.2 Input	
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Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with

respect to cathode.	200 max.	200 max.	volts
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Heater positive with

respect to cathode.	200 ^c max.	200 ^c max.	volts
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Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation.	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

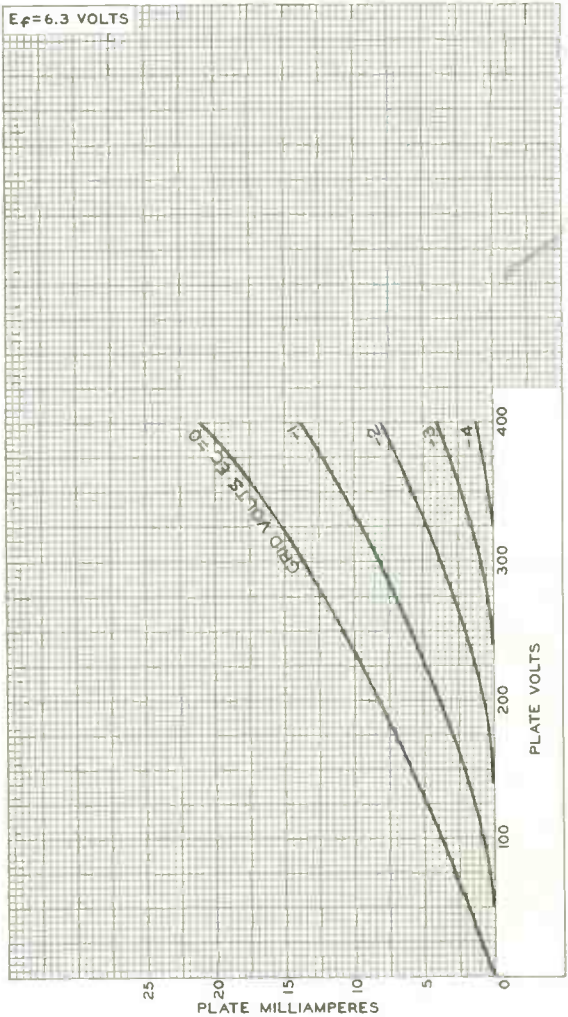
^a without external shield.

^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

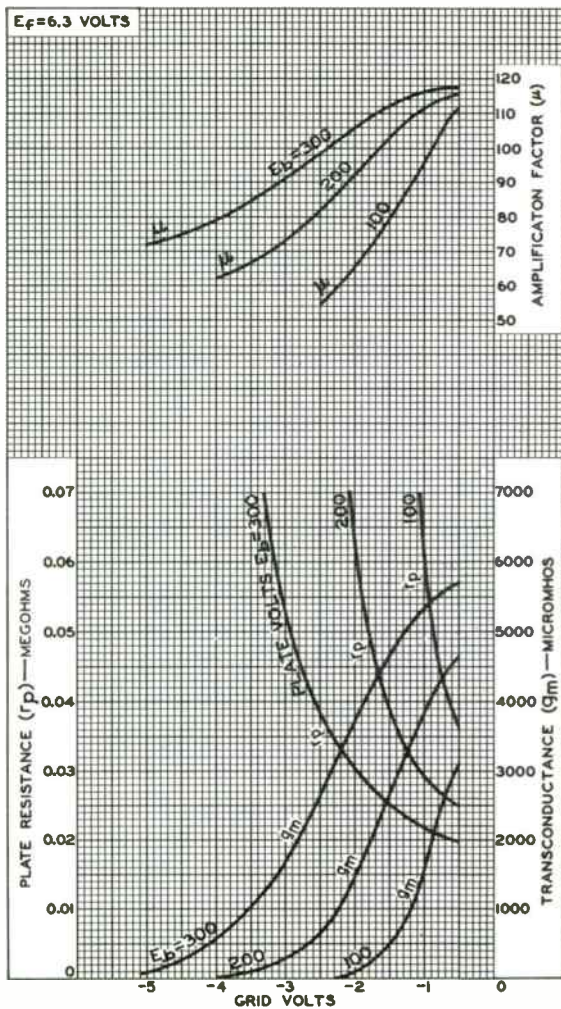


92CM-9907R1



6GN8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



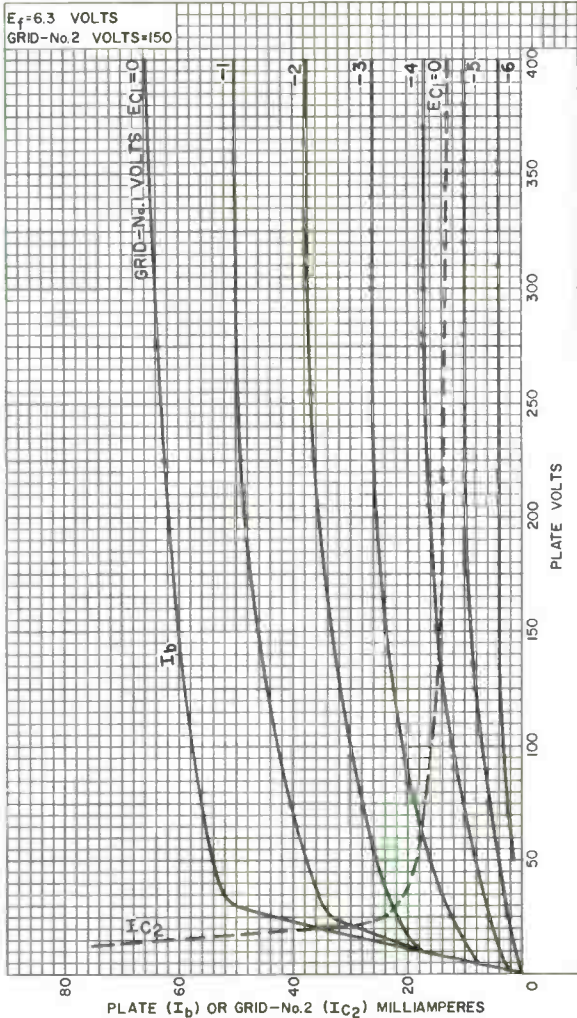
92CM-11025

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Pentode Unit

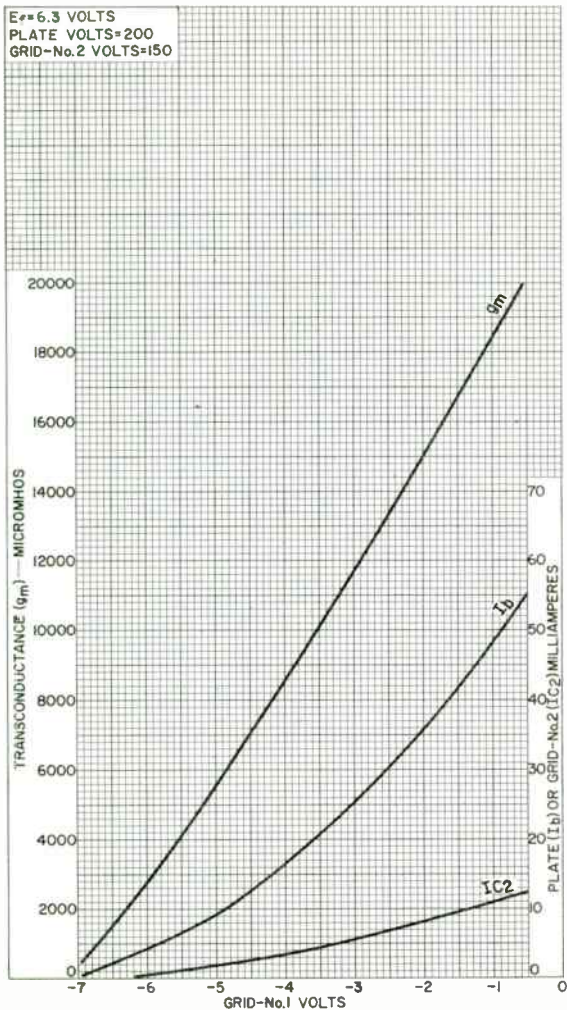


92CM-11021



6GN8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-11022

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Applications

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.200	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

Grid No.1 to plate	0.26	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	15.0	pf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	6.5	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

		Triode Connection ^c		
Plate Voltage	60	250	150	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	150	150	150	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	-22.5	-22.5	volts
Amplification Factor	-	-	4.4	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	15000	-	ohms
Transconductance	-	7100	-	μmhos
Plate Current	390 ^d	70	-	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	32 ^d	2.1	-	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma. = 0.1	-	-42	-	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3.410"
Maximum Seated Length	3.030"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2.510" to 2.690"
Diameter	1.438" to 1.562"
Bulb	T12
Socket	Cinch Mfg. Co. No. 149 19 00 033, Industrial Electronic Hardware Co. No. S0-0968-SL1, or equivalent
Base	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-76)

→ Indicates a change.



6GT5

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9NZ

Pin 1-Grid No.2
 Pin 2-Grid No.1
 Pin 3-Cathode,
 Grid No.3
 Pin 4-Heater



Pin 5-Heater
 Pin 6-Grid No.1
 Pin 7-Grid No.2
 Pin 8-Do Not Use
 Pin 9-Plate

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^a

DC PLATE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE	770 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^f	6500 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1500 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	220 max.	volts
DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE	-55 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak.	550 max.	ma
Average	175 max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	3.5 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION ^g	17.5 max.	watts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	240 max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.

^c with grid no.2 connected to plate.

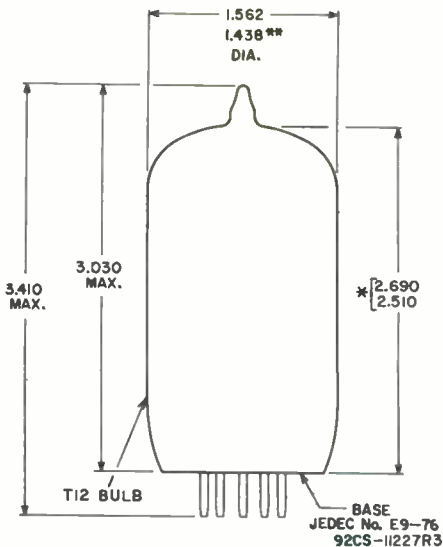
^d This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^e As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.

^f This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

^g An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.





ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

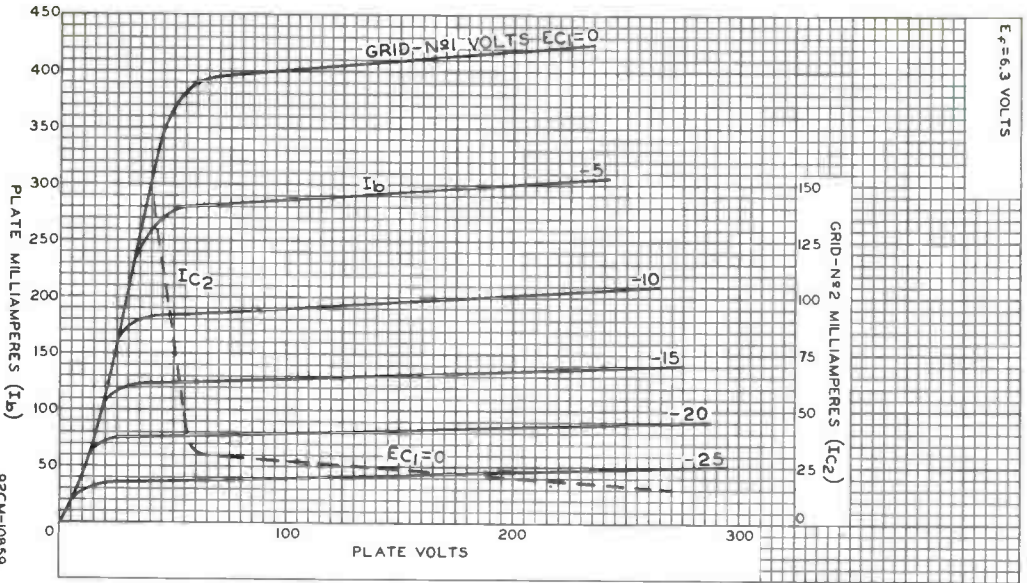
- ** APPLIES IN ZONE STARTING 0.375" FROM BASE SEAT.
- * MEASURED FROM BASE SEAT TO BULB-TOP LINE AS DETERMINED BY A RING GAUGE OF 0.600" INSIDE DIAMETER.



6GT5

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_p = 6.3$ VOLTS



92CM-10859

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.



6GT5A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier
Service in Black-and-White TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.20C	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^a max.	volts

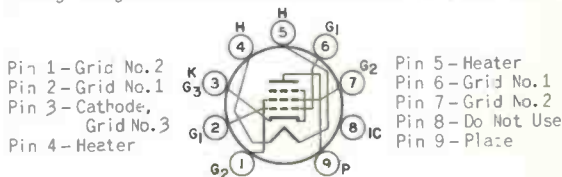
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx):^b

Grid No.1 to Plate	0.26	pf
Input: G1 to (K+G3, G2, H).	15.0	pf
Output: P to (K+G3, G2, H).	6.5	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.880"
Seated Length.	2.250" to 2.500"
Diameter	1.438" to 1.562"
Dimensional Outline.	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T12
Base	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No. E9-88)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9NZ



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Connection ^c	Pentode Connection	
Plate Voltage.	150	60	250 volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	150	150	150 volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-22.5	0	-22.5 volts
Amplification Factor	4.4	-	-
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	-	15000 ohms
Transconductance	-	-	7100 μmhos
Plate Current.	-	390 ^d	70 ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	-	32 ^d	2.1 ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma = 0.1	-	-	-42 volts



6GT5A

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^e

DC Plate-Supply Voltage.	770 max.	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^f	6500 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage.	1500 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	220 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage.	-55 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 Voltage.	330 max.	volts
Cathode Current:		
Peak	550 max.	ma
Average.	175 max.	ma
Grid-No.2 Input.	3.5 max.	watts
Plate Dissipation ^g	17.5 max.	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface)	240 max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias operation 1 max. megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.

^c with grid No.2 connected to plate.

^d This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^e As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.

^f This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

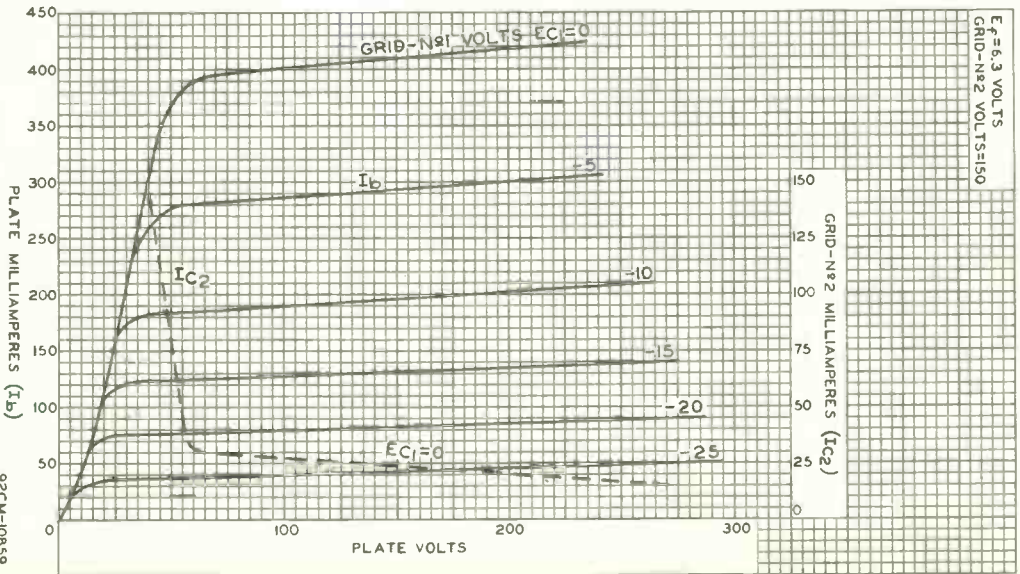
^g An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



6GT5A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N#2 VOLTS=150



92CM-10859



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
10-64

Beam Hexode

ELECTRICAL

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	V
Current at 6.3 V	0.220	A
Maximum heater-cathode voltage		
Heater negative with respect to cathode		
Peak	200	V
Heater positive with respect to cathode		
Peak	200	V
DC component	100	V

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)

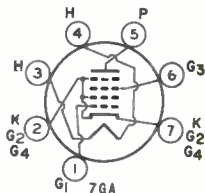
Without external shield		
Grid No.1 to plate	0.018	pF
Input: G1 to (K + G4 + G2, G3, H)	7.0	pF
Output: P to (K + G4 + G2, G3, H)	3.2	pF

MECHANICAL

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8 in
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8 in
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2 ± 3/32 in
Diameter	0.650 to 0.750 in
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC No.5-2)	See General Section
Envelope	JEDEC T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Grid No.1
- Pin 2 - Cathode, Grid No.2, Grid No.4
- Pin 3 - Heater
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Plate
- Pin 6 - Grid No.3
- Pin 7 - Same as Pin 2



CHARACTERISTICS

Plate Voltage	135	275	V
Grid-No.3 Voltage	135	135	V
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-0.4	-0.4	V
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.67	0.165	MΩ
Transconductance	15000	15500	μmhos
Plate Current	9	10	mA
Grid-No.3 Current	0.25	0.17	mA
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.)	-6.2	-6.5	V
For transconductance = 100 μmhos			
Noise Figure	5.9	5.7	dB
At 200 Mc/s			



6GU5

DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS

Plate Voltage.	300	V
Grid-No.3 (Screen-Grid) Voltage.	150	V
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage		
Negative-bias value.	50	V
Positive-bias value.	0	V
Cathode Current.	20	mA
Grid-No.3 Input.	0.15	W
Plate Dissipation.	3	W

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance		
For fixed-bias operation	0.5	MΩ



Medium-Mu Twin Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Use in the Matrixing Circuits of Color TV Receivers.
Also Useful in Phase-Inverter and Multivibrator Circuits, and as a General-Purpose Amplifier Tube.

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.600 ^b	ma
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):			

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^d

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	3.0	3.0	pf
Grid to cathode and heater	3.4	3.6	pf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.44	0.34	pf
Plate of unit No. 1 to plate of unit No. 2	1.0	1.0	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each unit):

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-10.5	volts
Amplification Factor	17	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5500	ohms
Transconductance	3100	μmhos
Plate Current	11.5	ma
Plate Current for grid volts = -14	4	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 50	-23	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)



6GU7

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9LP

Pin 1 -Plate of
Triode No.2
Pin 2 -Grid of
Triode No.2
Pin 3 -Cathode of
Triode No.2
Pin 4 -Heater
Pin 5 -Heater



Pin 6 -Plate of
Triode No.1
Pin 7 -Grid of
Triode No.1
Pin 8 -Cathode of
Triode No.1
Pin 9 -No Internal
Connection

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE. 330 max. volts
GRID VOLTAGE:
Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts
PLATE DISSIPATION. 3 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

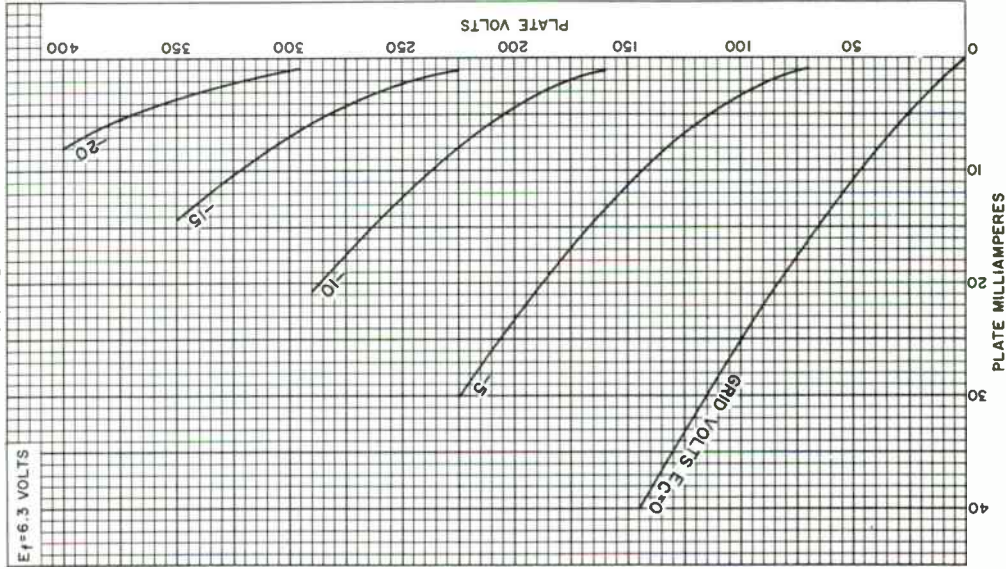
Grid-Circuit Resistance:
For fixed-bias operation 1 max. megohm

- ^a At heater amperes = 0.600.
- ^b At heater volts = 6.3.
- ^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- ^d without external shield.



6GU7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-11966



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Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
4-63



Beam Power Tube

DUODECAR TYPE

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3.	1.200	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^a max.	volts

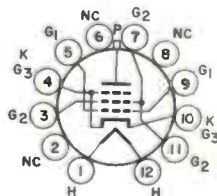
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx):^b

G1 to P.	0.6	pf
Input: G1 to (K+G3, G2, H).	16	pf
Output: P to (K+G3, G2, H)	7.0	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode.	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3.625"
Seated Length.	2.000" to 2.250"
Diameter	1.437" to 1.563"
Dimensional Outline.	See General Section
Bulb	T12
Cap.	Skirted Miniature (JEDEC No. C1-3)
Base	Large-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC No. E12-74)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	12DR

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 3 - Grid No. 2
- Pin 4 - Cathode, Grid No. 3
- Pin 5 - Grid No. 1
- Pin 6 - Same as Pin 2
- Pin 7 - Grid No. 2
- Pin 8 - Same as Pin 2
- Pin 9 - Grid No. 1
- Pin 10 - Same as Pin 4
- Pin 11 - Grid No. 2
- Pin 12 - Heater
- Cap - Plate



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Connection ^c				
Plate Voltage.	5000	60	250	150	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage.	150	150	150	150	volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage.	-	0	-22.5	-22.5	volts
Amplification Factor	-	-	-	4.4	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	-	18000	-	ohms
Transconductance	-	-	7300	-	μmhos
Plate Current.	-	345 ^d	65	-	ma
Grid-No. 2 Current.	-	27 ^d	1.8	-	ma
Grid-No. 1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma. = 1	-100	-	-42	-	volts



6GV5

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^e

DC Plate-Supply Voltage	770 max.	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^f	6500 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage	1500 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	220 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-55 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 Voltage	330 max.	volts
Cathode Current:		
Peak	550 max.	ma
Average	175 max.	ma
Grid-No.2 Input	3.5 max.	watts
Plate Dissipation ^g	17.5 max.	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface)	220 max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias operation 1 max. megohm

- ^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- ^b without external shield.
- ^c with grid No.2 connected to plate.
- ^d This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- ^e As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.
- ^f This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.
- ^g An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



Beam Power Tube

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ± 10% volts

Current at 6.3 volts. 1.2 amp

Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1

for plate volts = 150, grid-No.2

volts = 150, grid-No.1 volts =

-22.5 4.4

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

(Approx.):^a

Grid No.1 to plate. 0.5 μf

Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3,
grid No.2, and heater 17 μf

Plate to cathode & grid No.3,
grid No.2, and heater 7 .μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage 60 250 volts

Grid-No.2 Voltage 150 150 volts

Grid-No.1 Voltage 0 -22.5 volts

Plate Resistance (Approx.) - 15000 ohms

Transconductance. - 7100 μmhos

Plate Current 390^b 70 ma

Grid-No.2 Current 32^b 2.1 ma

Grid-No.1 Voltage (Aprox.) for
plate ma. = 1 - -42 volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position. Any

Maximum Overall Length. 4-1/4"

Seated Length 3-1/2" ± 3/16"

Diameter. 1.438" to 1.562"

Bulb. T12

Cap Skirted Miniature (JEDEC No.C1-3)

Base. Short Medium-Shell Octal 6-Pin

with External Barriers, Style B, Arrangement 2

(JEDEC No.B6-122)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 6AM

Pin 2 - Heater

Pin 3 - No Connection

Pin 4 - Grid No.2

Pin 5 - Grid No.1



Pin 7 - Heater

Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

Cap - Plate



6GW6

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE	770	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^d	6500	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1500	max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	220	max.	volts
DC GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE	-55	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	330	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak	550	max.	ma
Average	175	max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	3.5	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION ^e	17.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^f	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).			
	240	max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid resistor-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

^a Without external shield.

^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^c As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

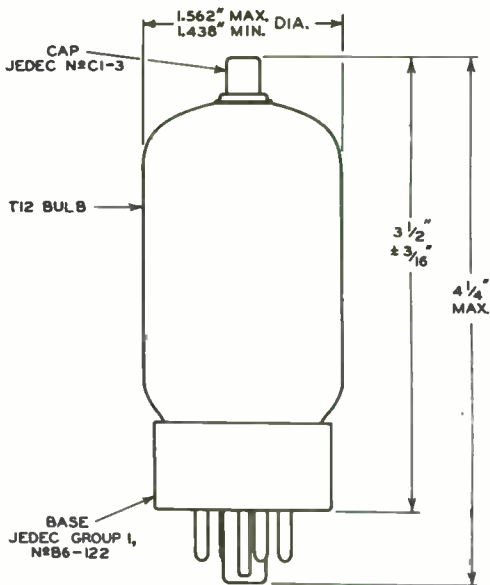
^d This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

^e An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

^f The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



6GW6

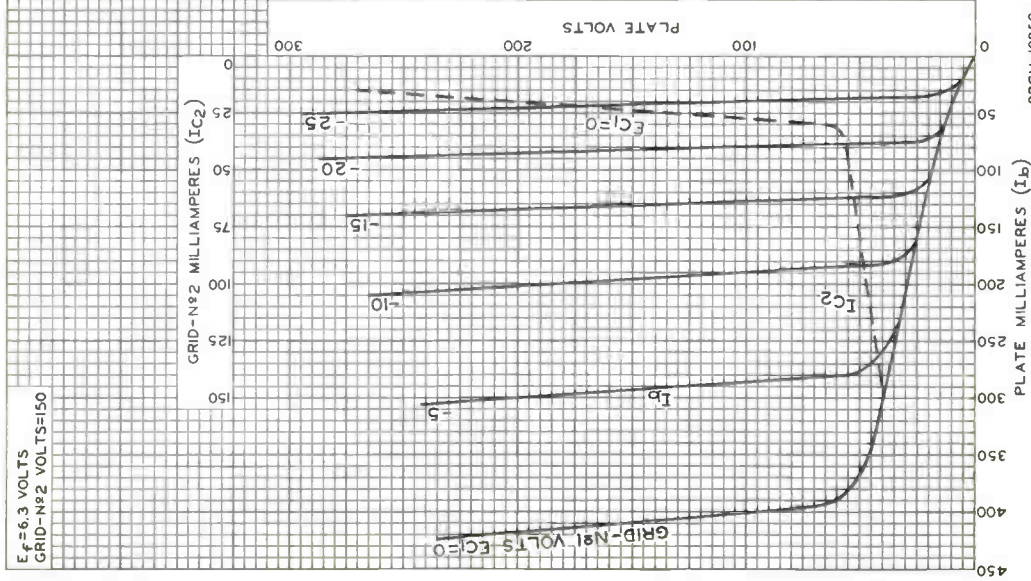


92CS-10820R1



6GW6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



6GW8/ECL86

High-Mu Triode-Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.660	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage	100	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	1.4	pf
Input: G_T to (K_T , H)	2.3	pf
Output: P_T to (K_T , H)	2.5	pf
Grid to heater	0.006 max.	pf

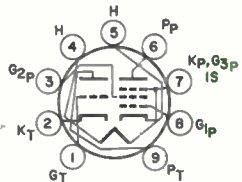
Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.4 max.	pf
Input: G_{1P} to ($K_P+G_{3P}+IS, G_{2P}, H$)	10.0	pf
Grid No.1 to heater	0.24 max.	pf
Triode plate to pentode grid No.1	0.2 max.	pf
Triode grid to pentode plate	0.006 max.	pf
Triode grid to pentode grid No.1	0.02 max.	pf
Triode plate to pentode plate	0.15 max.	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overal Length	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-13/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding Tip)	2-7/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC No.6-4)	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9LZ

- Pin 1 - Triode Grid
- Pin 2 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 3 - Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate
- Pin 7 - Pentode Cathode, Grid No.3,
Internal Shield
- Pin 8 - Pentode Grid No.1
- Pin 9 - Triode Plate



6GW8/ECL86

CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

Characteristics:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage.	250	250	volts
Grid No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage.	-	250	volts
Grid No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage.	-1.9	-7	volts
Amplification Factor	100	21 ^a	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	48000	ohms
Transconductance	1600	10000	μhos
Plate Current.	1.2	36	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	-	6	ma

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

Plate Supply Voltage	550	550	volts
Plate Voltage.	300	300	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	-	550	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	-	300	volts
Average Cathode Current.	4	55	ma
Grid-No.2 Input.	-	1.8	watts
Plate Dissipation.	0.5	9	watts
Grid-No.1 Voltage at grid No.1 $\mu a = 0.3$	-1.3	-1.3	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1 Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	1	0.5	megohm

^a Grid No.1 to Grid No.2



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

With Two Independent Control Grids

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE
For FM Sound-Detector Service

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.45 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

(Approx.):^a

Grid No.1 to plate	0.022	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	8	μf
Grid No.3 to plate	1.6	μf
Grid No.1 to grid No.3	0.11	μf
Grid No.3 to cathode & internal shield, plate, grid No.2, grid No.1, and heater	7.5	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	150	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Cathode Resistor	180	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.14	megohm
Transconductance, Grid No.1 to Plate	3700	μmhos
Transconductance, Grid No.3 to Plate	750	μmhos
Plate Current	3.7	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3	ma
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 20	-4.5	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 20	-7	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)



6GX6

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7EN

Pin 1—Grid No.1
Pin 2—Cathode,
Internal
Shield
Pin 3—Heater



Pin 4—Heater
Pin 5—Plate
Pin 6—Grid No.2
Pin 7—Grid No.3

FM SOUND-DETECTOR SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300	max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Negative value (DC and Peak AC)	100	max.	volts
Positive value (DC and Peak AC)	25	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	300	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value	50	max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 150 volts.	1	max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 150 and 300 volts	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		
GRID-No.3 INPUT	0.1	max.	watt
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.7	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^b	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.3—Circuit Resistance.	0.68	max.	megohm
Grid-No.1—Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation.	0.22	max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.47	max.	megohm

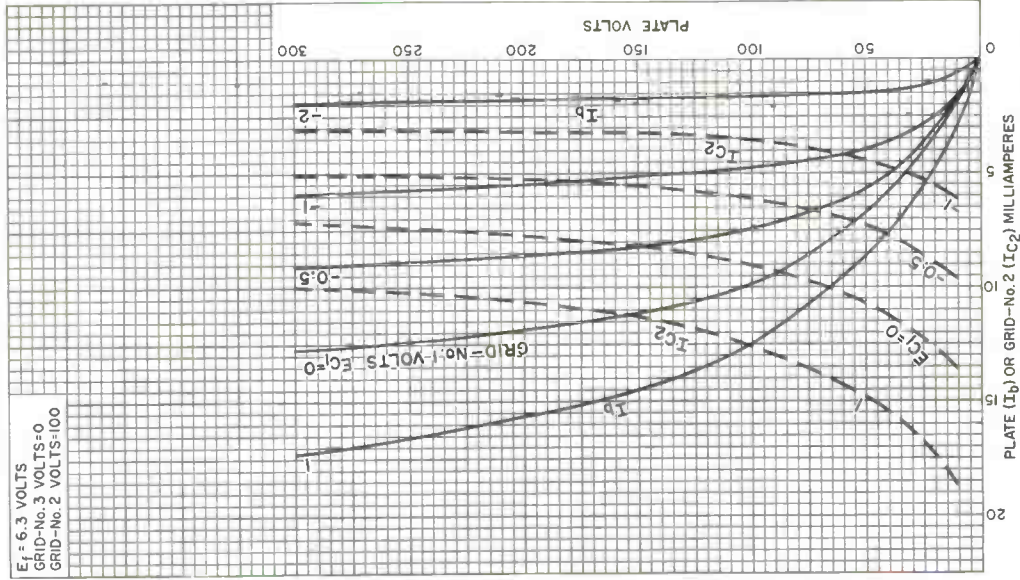
^a Without external shield.

^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 GRID-No. 3 VOLTS=0
 GRID-No. 2 VOLTS=100



92CM-11002

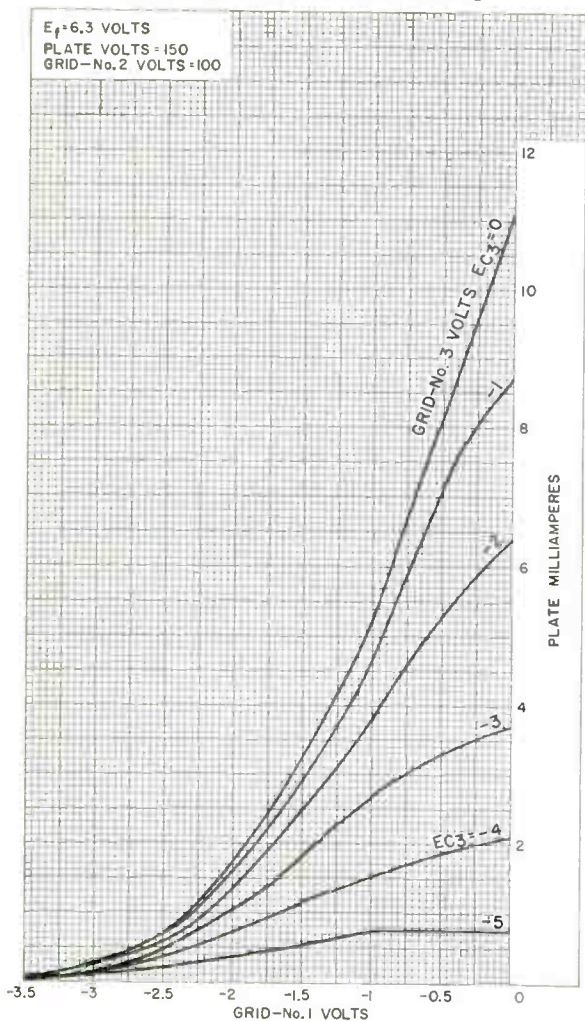


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6GX6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



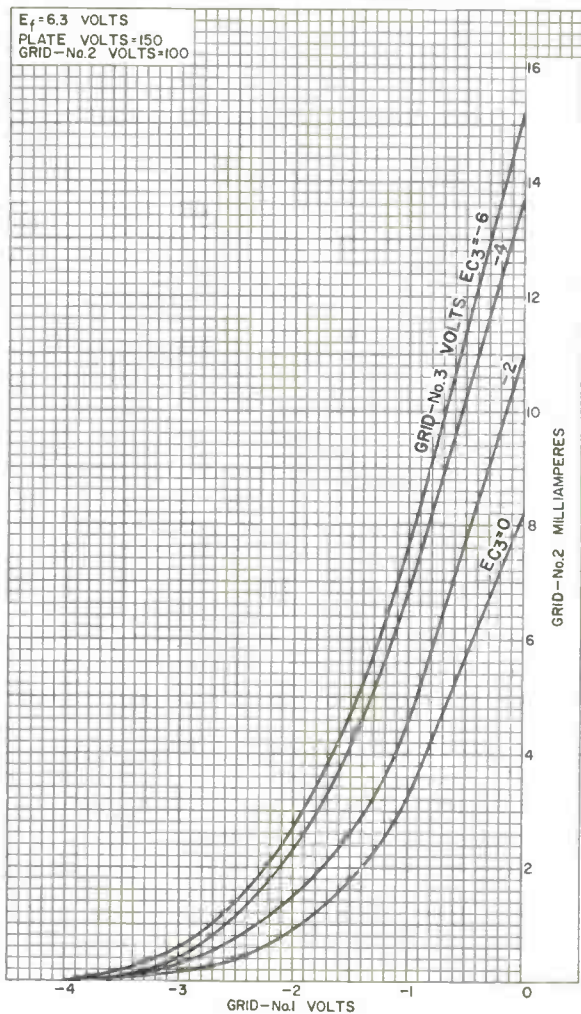
92CM-11005

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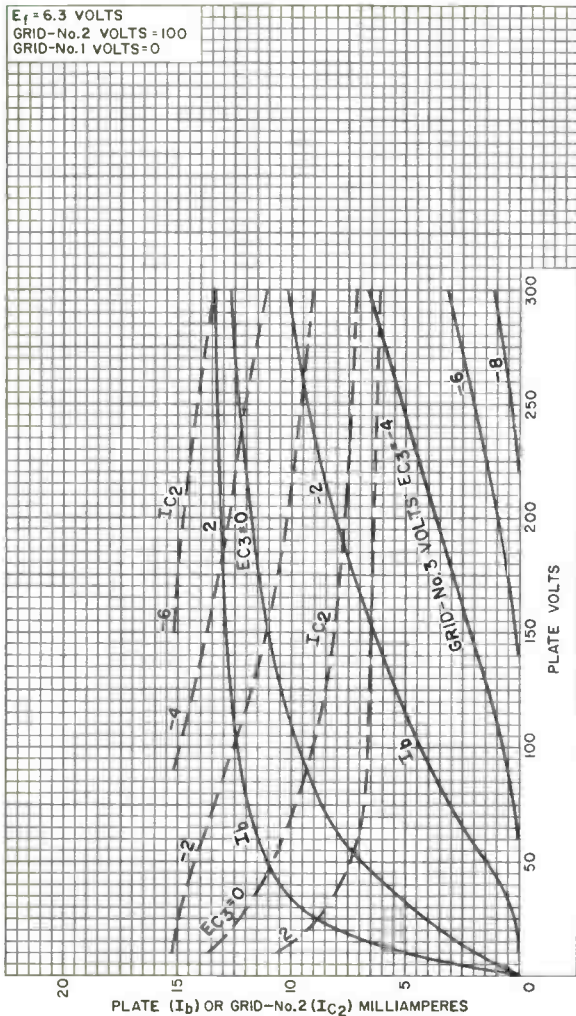


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6GX6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-11003

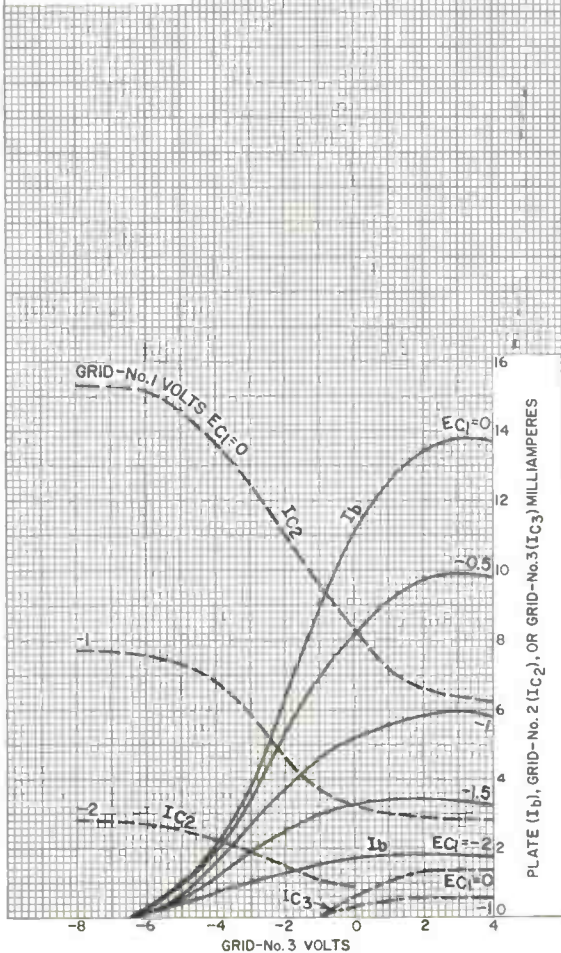
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS=150
 GRID-No.2 VOLTS=100



92CM-11006

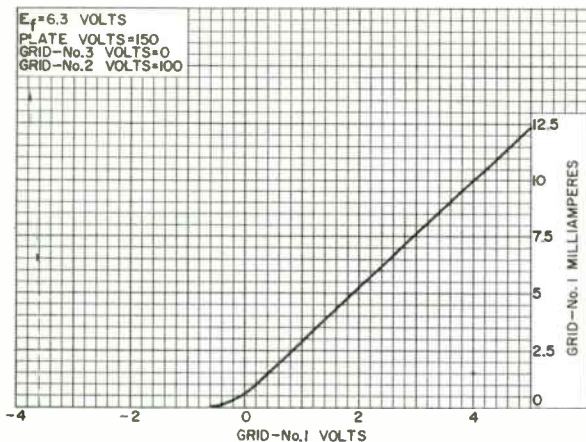


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6GX6

AVERAGE GRID-No.1 OPERATION CHARACTERISTIC



92CS-11004



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

With Two Independent Control Grids

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.45 ± 5%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

(Approx.):^a

Grid No.1 to plate	0.026	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	8	μf
Grid No.3 to plate	1.6	μf
Grid No.1 to grid No.3	0.12	μf
Grid No.3 to cathode & internal shield, plate, grid No.2, grid No.1, and heater	6.5	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	150	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Cathode Resistor	180	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.14	megohm
Transconductance, Grid No.1 to Plate	3700	μmhos
Transconductance, Grid No.3 to Plate	750	μmhos
Plate Current	3.7	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3	ma
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu_a = 20$	-4.5	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu_a = 20$	-7	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)



6GY6

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7EN

Pin 1-Grid No.1
Pin 2-Cathode,
Internal
Shield
Pin 3-Heater



Pin 4-Heater
Pin 5-Plate
Pin 6-Grid No.2
Pin 7-Grid No.3

GATED AGC AMPLIFIER & NOISE INVERTER

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^b

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	300	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^c	600	max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value.	100	max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	300	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE.	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section		
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value.	50	max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0	max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 150 volts.	1	max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 150 and 300 volts.	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section		
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1.7	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^d	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.3-Circuit Resistance.	0.68	max.	megohm
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation.	0.22	max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.47	max.	megohm

^a Without external shield.

^b As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

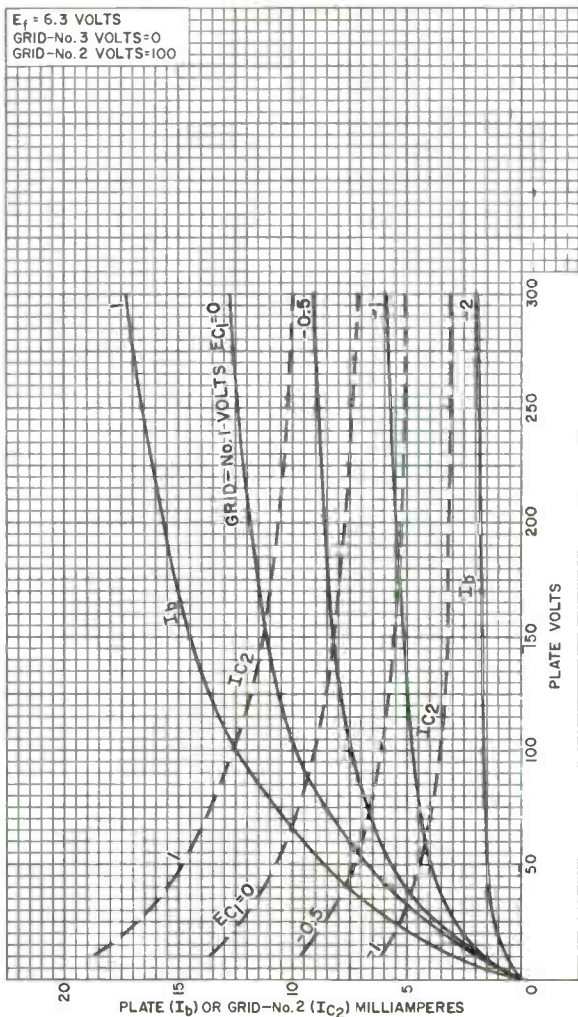
^c This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

^d The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 GRID-No. 3 VOLTS=0
 GRID-No. 2 VOLTS=100



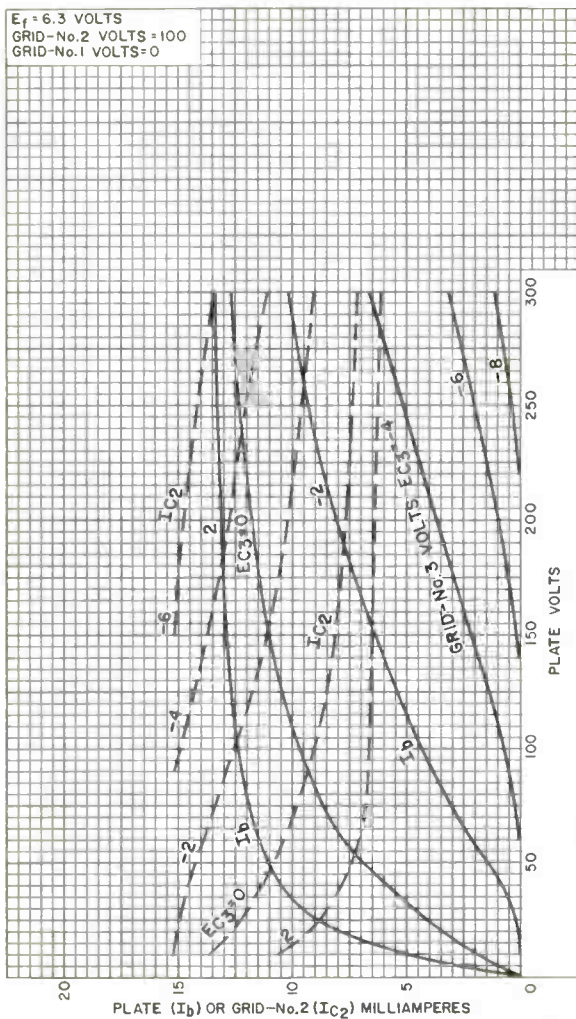
92CM-11002



6GY6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-NO.2 VOLTS = 100
GRID-NO.1 VOLTS = 0



92CM-11003

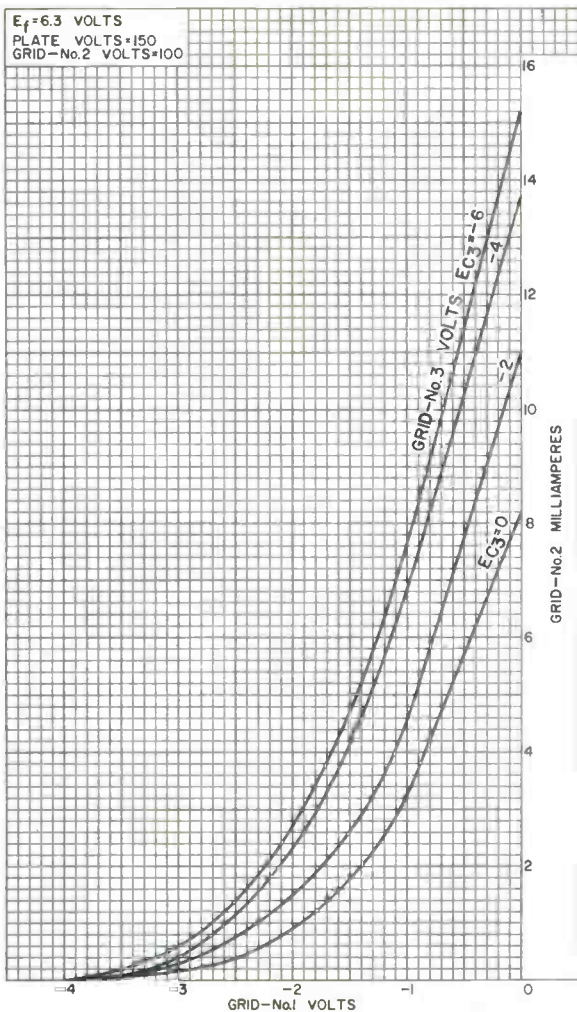
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 150
 GRID-No.2 VOLTS = 100



92CM-11007

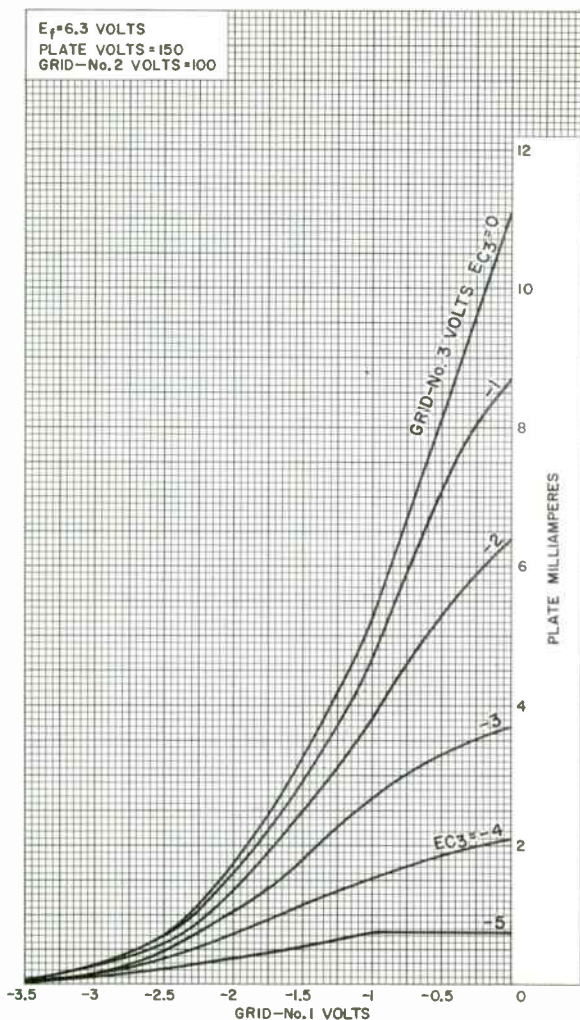


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6GY6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-11005

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6H6, 6H6-GT/G

6H6
6H6-GT/G

TWIN DIODE

Heater	Coated Unipotential Cathodes	
Voltage	6.3	a-c or d-c volts
Current	0.3	amp.

	6H6	6H6-GT/G
Direct Interelectrode Cap. ^o		
Plate #1 to Cathode #1	3.0	3.0 μf
Plate #2 to Cathode #2	3.4	4.0 μf
Plate #1 to Plate #2	0.10 max.	0.10 max. μf
Maximum Overall Length	1-3/4"	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Height	1-3/16"	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"	1-5/16"

Bulb	Metal Shell MT-8	T-9
Base	{ Small Wafer { Octal 7-Pin	{ Intermed. Shell { Octal 7-Pin
Basing Designation	70	G-7Q
Pin 1 { 6H6, Shell { 6H6-GT/G, Internal shield		Pin 4 - Cathode #2
Pin 2 - Heater		Pin 5 - Plate #1
Pin 3 - Plate #2		Pin 7 - Heater
RCA Socket		Pin 8 - Cathode #1



Stock No. 9924
Mounting Position: Any

Maximum Ratings Are Design-Center Values

RECTIFIER OR DOUBLER

Peak Inverse Voltage		420 max. volts
Peak Plate Current per Plate		48 max. ma.
D-C Heater-Cathode Potential		330 max. volts
<i>As Half-Wave Rectifier:</i>		
A-C Plate Voltage per Plate (RMS)	117	150 max. volts
Total Effect. Plate-Supply Impedance per Plate [▲]	15 min.	40 min. ohms
D-C Output Current per Plate	8 max.	8 max. ma.

<i>As Voltage Doubler:</i>		
	<i>Half-Wave</i>	<i>Full-Wave</i>
A-C Plate Voltage per Plate (RMS)	117	117 volts
Total Effect. Plate-Supply Impedance per Plate [▲]	30 min.	15 min. ohms
D-C Output Current	8 max.	8 max. ma.

^o with shell or external and internal shields connected to cathodes.
^{*} In half-wave service, the two units may be used separately or in parallel.
[▲] When a filter-input condenser larger than 40 μf is used, it may be necessary to use more plate-supply impedance than the minimum value shown to limit the peak plate current to the rated value.

Circuits for the 6H6 and 6H6-GT/G are the same as those shown under Type 25Z5.

← Indicates a change.

6H6

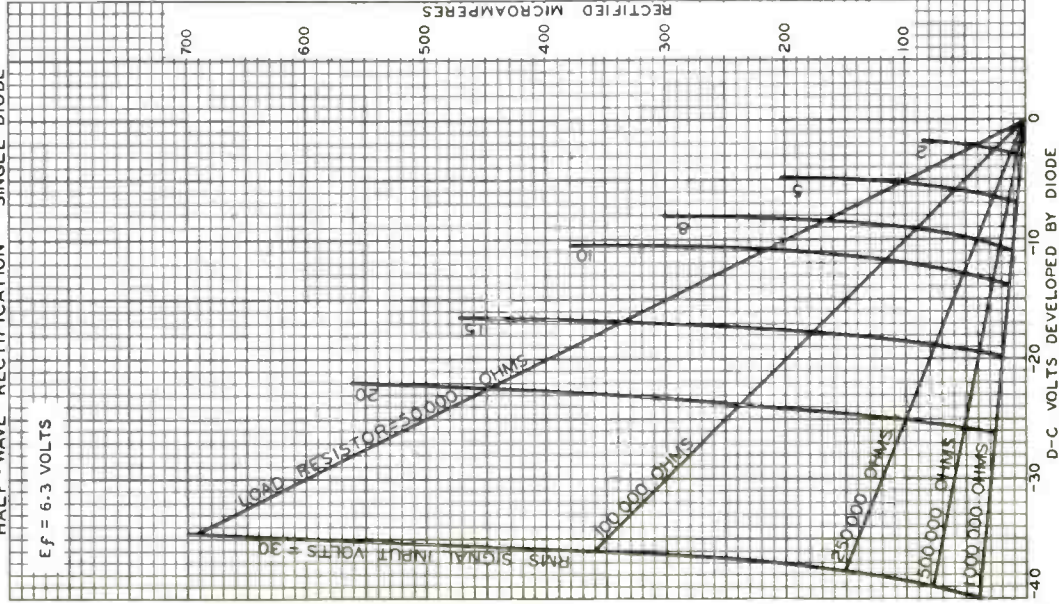


6H6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

HALF-WAVE RECTIFICATION - SINGLE DIODE

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS



JULY 26, 1935

RCA RADIONTRON DIVISION
RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.

92C-4446

Power Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.760	amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
---	----------	-------

Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts
---	-----------------------	-------

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

(Approx.):^b

Grid No.1 to plate	0.18	μf
------------------------------	------	----

Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	13.0	μf
--	------	----

Plate to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	8.0	μf
--	-----	----

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	60	250	250	volts
--------------------------------	----	-----	-----	-------

Grid No.3	Connected to cathode at socket			
---------------------	--------------------------------	--	--	--

Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	250	125	250	volts
------------------------------------	-----	-----	-----	-------

Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	-	-	volts
-----------------------------	---	---	---	-------

Cathode Resistor	-	33	100	ohms
----------------------------	---	----	-----	------

Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1	-	-	33	
---	---	---	----	--

Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	28000	24000	ohms
--------------------------------------	---	-------	-------	------

Transconductance	-	24000	20000	μmhos
----------------------------	---	-------	-------	-------

Plate Current	150 ^c	40	40	ma
-------------------------	------------------	----	----	----

Grid-No.2 Current	37 ^c	4.2	6.2	ma
-----------------------------	-----------------	-----	-----	----

Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 100$	-	-6.4	-13	volts
---	---	------	-----	-------

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
------------------------------	-----

Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
---------------------------	---------------------

Maximum Overall Length	3-1/16"
----------------------------------	---------

Maximum Seated Length	2-13/16"
---------------------------------	----------

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2-7/16" ± 3/32"
---	-----------------

Diameter	0.750" to 0.850"
--------------------	------------------

Dimensional Outline	See General Section
-------------------------------	---------------------

Bulb	T6-1/2
----------------	--------

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9PU
--	-----

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Grid No.3
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Plate
Pin 8 - Grid No.2
Pin 9 - Grid No.3



6HB6

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^d

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	350 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^a . . .	2500 max.	volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID) . . .	.Connect to cathode at socket	
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE. . .	300 max.	volts
GRID No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE. . . .	-100 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	10 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	2.2 max.	megohms

- ^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- ^b without external shield.
- ^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- ^d As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.
- ^e This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For VHF Oscillator-Mixer Service in TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6 ^a	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances:^d

Triode Unit:

G _T to P _T	1.9	pf
Input: G _T to (K+G _{3P} +I _S ,H)	3.0	pf
Output: P _T to (K+G _{3P} +I _S ,H)	1.9	pf

Pentode Unit:

G _{1P} to P _P	0.010 max.	pf
Input: G _{1P} to (K+G _{3P} +I _S ,G _{2P} ,H)	5.0	pf
Output: G _{1P} to (K+G _{3P} +I _S ,G _{2P} ,H)	3.4	pf
H to K ^e	3.8	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Supply Voltage	150	125	volts
Grid-No. 2 Supply Voltage	-	125	volts
Grid-No. 1 Supply Voltage	0	-1	volts
Cathode Resistor	56	-	ohms
Amplification Factor	40	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5000	20000	ohms
Transconductance	8500	6400	μmhos
Plate Current	18	12	ma
Grid-No. 2 Current	-	4	ma
Grid-No. 1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μA = 10	-12	-9	volts

Mechanical:

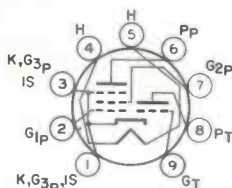
Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding Tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2



6HB7

Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Shell Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 90A

- Pin 1 - Cathode, Pentode
 Grid No. 3,
 Internal Shield
- Pin 2 - Pentode Grid No. 1
- Pin 3 - Same as Pin 1
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate
- Pin 7 - Pentode Grid No. 2
- Pin 8 - Triode Plate
- Pin 9 - Triode Grid



AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	330 max.	330 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage	-	330 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	See Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Grid-No. 1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
Grid-No. 1 Input:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 165 volts	-	0.55 max.	watt
For grid-No. 2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	See Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Plate Dissipation	2.5 max.	3.1 max.	watts

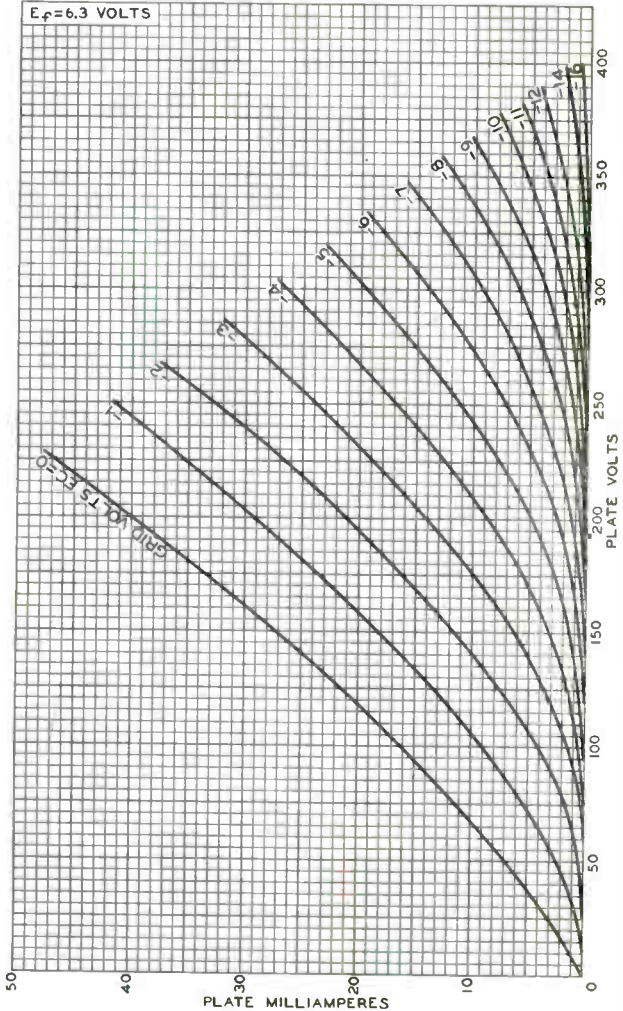
Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No. 1 Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation . . .	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation . .	1.0 max.	0.5 max.	megohm

- a For parallel heater operation.
- b For series heater operation current must be limited to 0.450 ± 0.030 amperes.
- c The dc component must not exceed 180 volts.
- d with external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to cathode except as noted.
- e with external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to ground.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

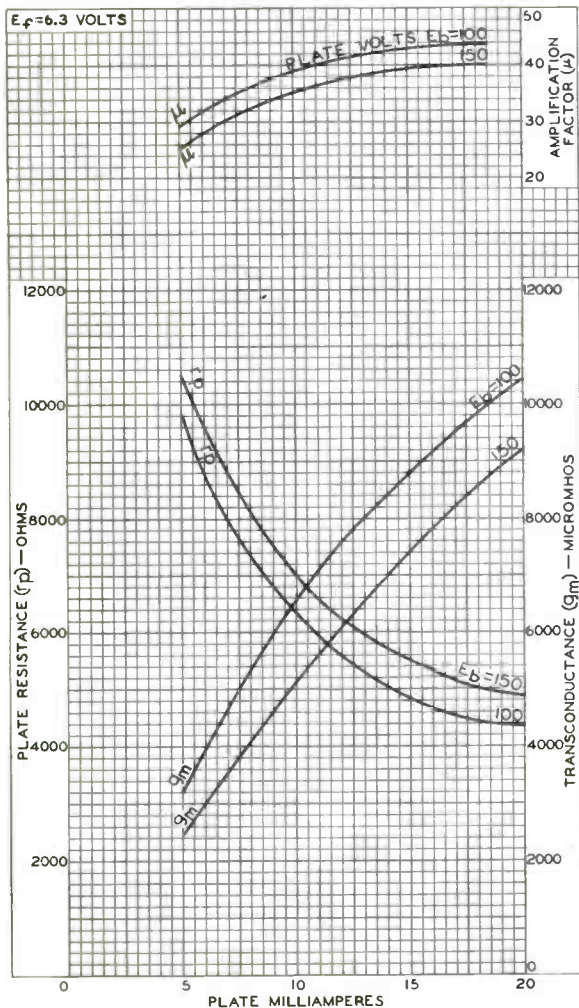


92CM-9866



6HB7

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

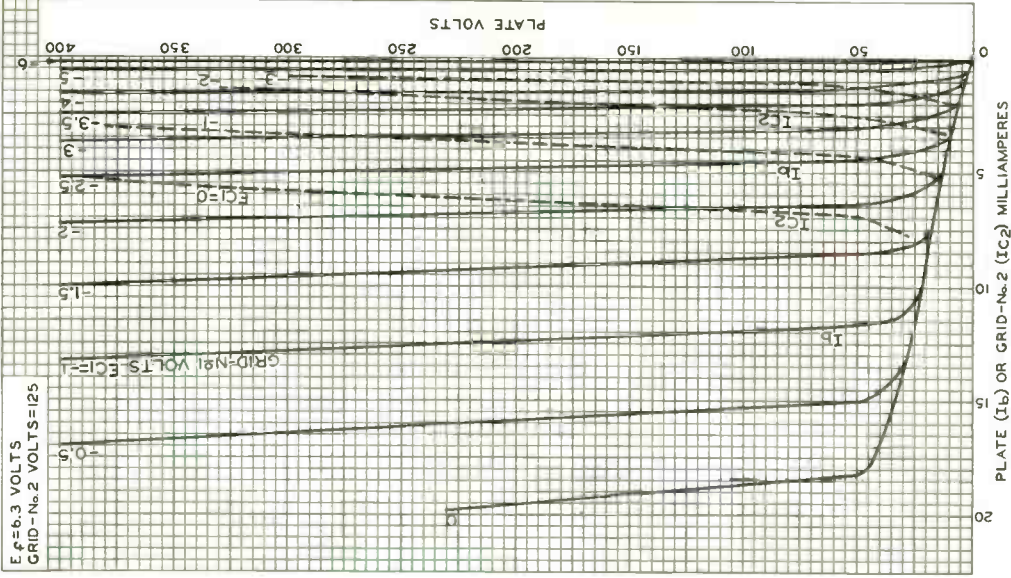


92CM-9882R1



6HB7

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-9867RI



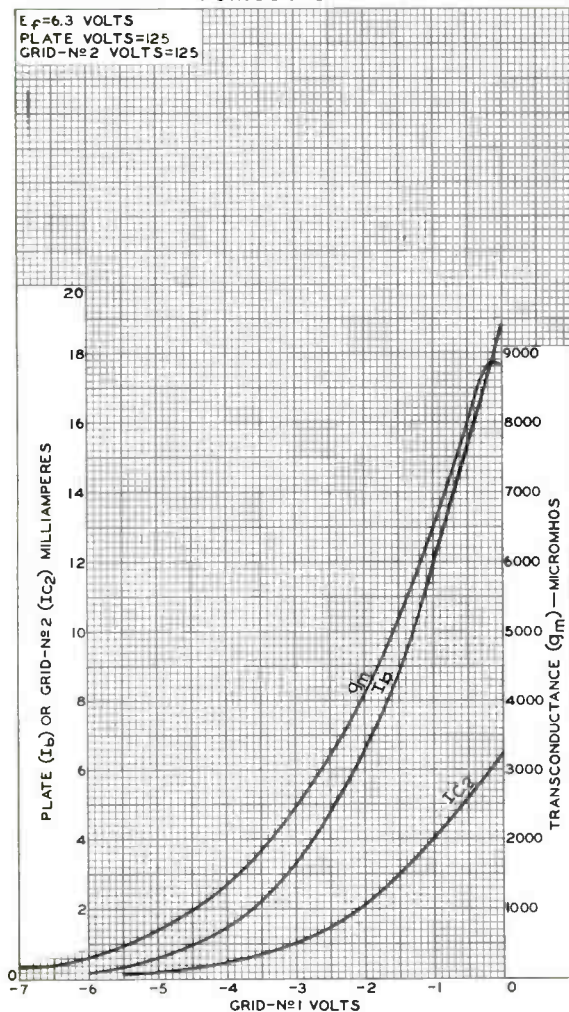
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
3-64

6HB7

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 125
GRID-N°2 VOLTS = 125



92CM-9868RI



Beam Power Tube

Duodecar Type

For Vertical-Deflection-Amplifier

Circuits in TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Bogey Values

Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	0.8	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a			
Grid No.1 to plate	c_{g1-p}	0.54	pF
Input: G1 to (K,G3,G2,H)	c_i	9.5	pF
Output: P to (K,G3,G2,H)	c_o	7.0	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:

Plate Resistance (approx.)	r_p	-	50000	Ω
Transconductance	g_m	-	4100	μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	180 ^b	43	mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	20 ^b	3.5	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage for $I_b = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$E_{c1(\text{co})}$	-	-50	V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	6.3	6.3	V
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	60	250	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	250	250	V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	E_{c1}	0 ^c	-20	V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Overall Length	2.875in (73.02 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	2.500in (63.5 mm)
Maximum Diameter	1.188in (30.1 mm)
Dimensional Outline	JEDEC 9-60
Envelope	JEDEC T9
Base	Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC E12-70)
Terminal Diagram	JEDEC 12EY
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Operating Position	Any

MAXIMUM RATINGS - Design-Maximum Values^dFor operation as a Vertical-Deflection-Amplifier Tube
in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	350	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^e	e_{bm}	2500	V

6HE5

DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage .	E_{c2}	300	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage:			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
Average	E_{hk}	100	V
Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current:			
Peak	i_{km}	260	mA
Average	$I_{k(av)}$	75	mA
Grid-No.2 Input	P_{g2}	2.75	W
Plate Dissipation ^f	P_b	12	W
Envelope Temperature (at hottest point on envelope surface.)	T_E	200	°C

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

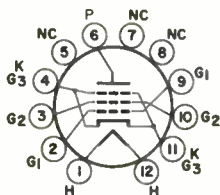
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance

With fixed bias	R_{g1}	1.0	MΩ
With cathode bias	R_{g1}	2.2	MΩ

- ^a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.
- ^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- ^c Applied for two seconds maximum so as not to damage tube.
- ^d Unless otherwise specified, as defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239.
- ^e This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 ms.
- ^f An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

TERMINAL DIAGRAM - Bottom View

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Grid No.2
- Pin 4 - Grid No.3, Cathode
- Pin 5 - No Connection
- Pin 6 - Plate
- Pin 7 - No Connection
- Pin 8 - No Connection
- Pin 9 - Grid No.1
- Pin 10 - Grid No.2
- Pin 11 - Grid No.3, Cathode
- Pin 12 - Heater



JEDEC 12EY

High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.75	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^A

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	3.5	μf
Grid to cathode, pentode cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater.	2.8	μf
Plate to cathode, pentode cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater.	2.6	μf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.1 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	10	μf
Plate to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	4.2	μf
Triode grid to pentode plate.	0.015 max.	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit		
Plate Supply Voltage.	200	45	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	—	125	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2	0	—	volts
Cathode Resistor.	—	—	68	ohms
Amplification Factor.	70	—	—	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	17500	—	75000	ohms
Transconductance.	4000	—	12500	μmhos
Plate Current	4	40 [•]	25	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	—	15 [•]	7	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 100$	—	—	-9	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 20$	-6	—	—	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"



6HF8

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . . . 2" \pm 3/32"
 Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline. See *General Section*
 Bulb T6-1/2
 Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9DX

Pin 1 - Triode
 Cathode
 Pin 2 - Triode
 Grid
 Pin 3 - Triode
 Plate
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Pentode
 Cathode,
 Grid No. 3,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 7 - Pentode
 Grid No. 1
 Pin 8 - Pentode
 Grid No. 2
 Pin 9 - Pentode
 Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>	
PLATE VOLTAGE.	330 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 VOLTAGE.	-	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input</i>	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 INPUT:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 165 volts.	-	1.1 max.	watts
For grid-No. 2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts.	-	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input</i>	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION.	1 max.	5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200* max.	200* max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>	
Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

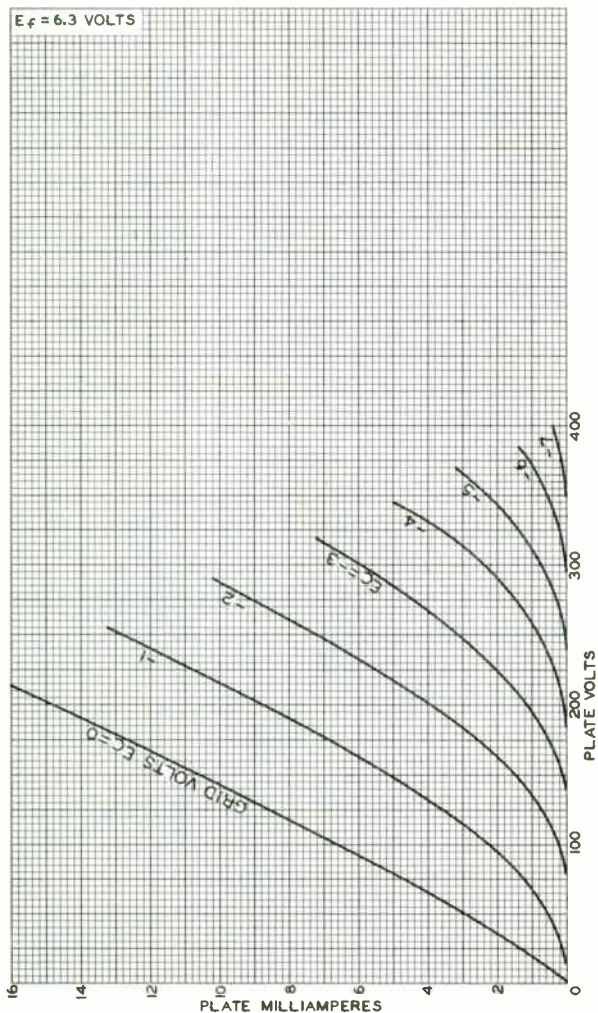


- ▲ Without external shield.
- This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- ★ The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



6HF8

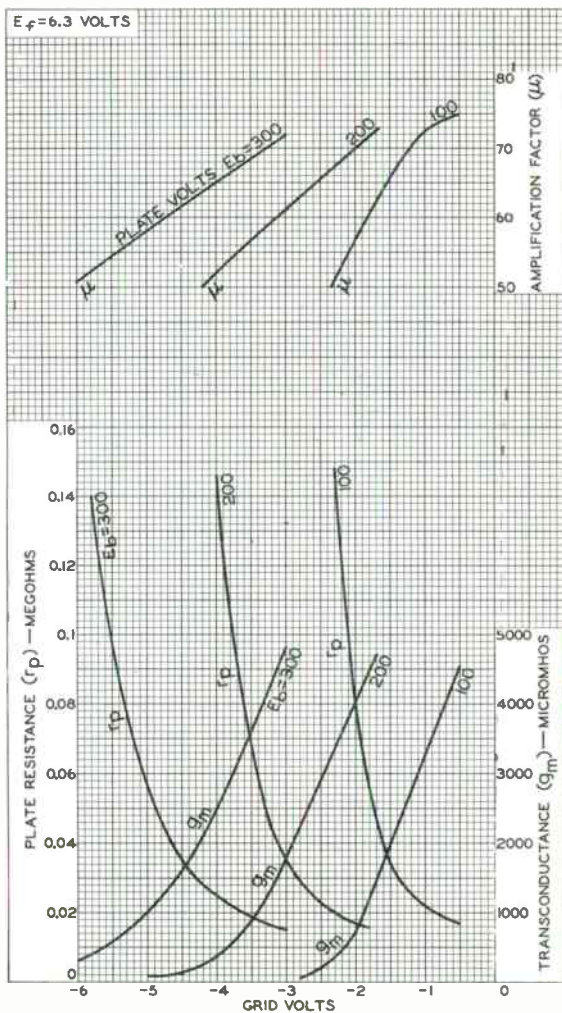
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-8644



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

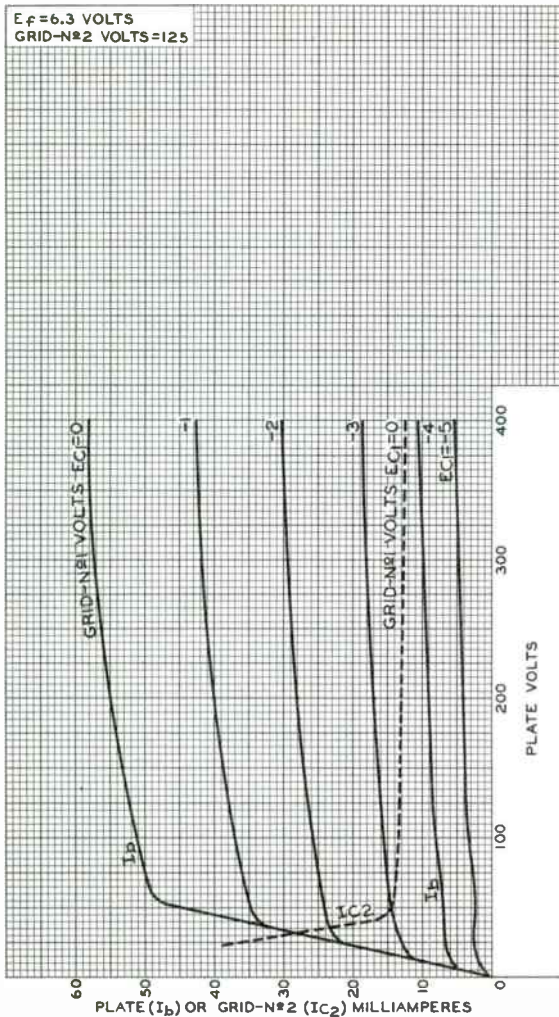


92CM-10874



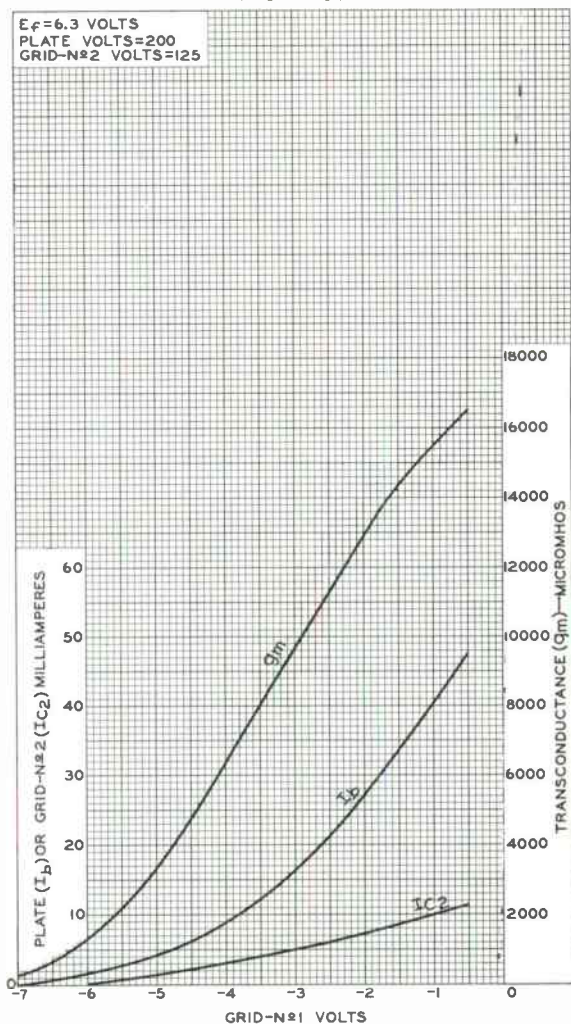
6HF8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-9906

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-9905RI



Beam Power Tube

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE
 CONTROLLED CATHODE WARM-UP TIME MINIMIZES
 EXTRANEIOUS SOUND DURING RECEIVER WARM UP.

For Use in the Audio Output Stages of Television Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6 volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.450 amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:	
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max. volts

Minimum Cathode Warm-up Time:^b

Heater volts = 6.3, plate and grid-No.2 volts = 250, and cathode resistor (ohms) = 680.	14	sec
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Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

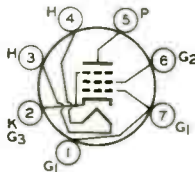
(Approx.):

G1 to P	0.4	pf
Input: G1 to (K+G3, G2, H)	8.0	pf
Output: P to (K+G3, G2, H)	8.5	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Uripotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding Tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7BZ

Pin 1 - Grid No. 1
 Pin 2 - Cathode,
 Grid No. 3
 Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Plate
 Pin 6 - Grid No. 2
 Pin 7 - Grid No. 1

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Plate Voltage	275 max. volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	275 max. volts
Grid-No.2 Input	2 max. watts



6HG5

Plate Dissipation.	12 max.	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface).	250 max.	°C

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage.	180	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	180	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-8.5	-12.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	8.5	12.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	29	45	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	30	47	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	3	4.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	4	7	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	58000	52000	ohms
Transconductance	3700	4100	μmhos
Load Resistance.	5500	5000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	8	8	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	2	4.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

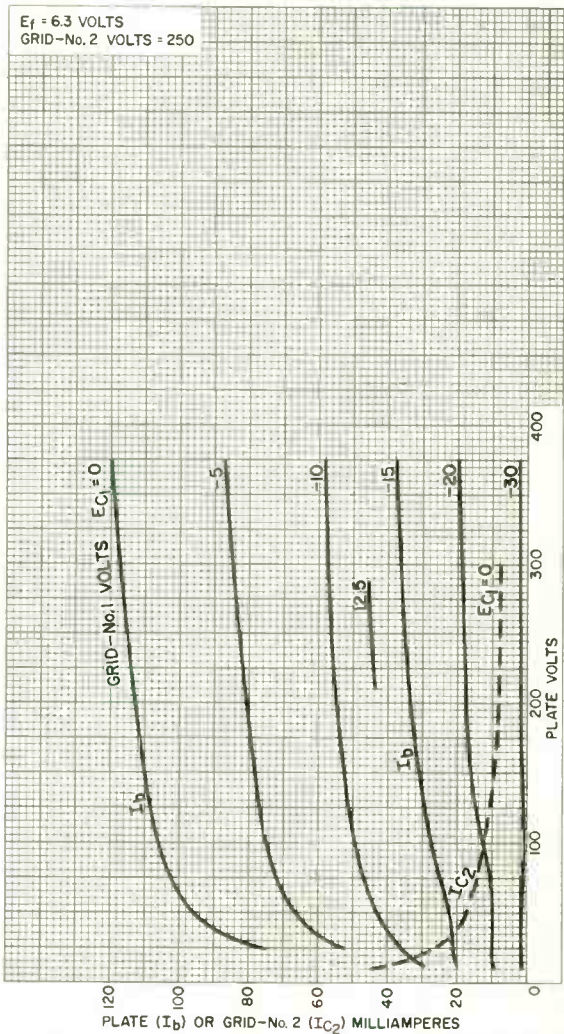
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

- ^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- ^b The time interval between the instant all electrode voltages are applied and the instant a current of one milliamperes flows in the plate circuit of the 6HG5.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



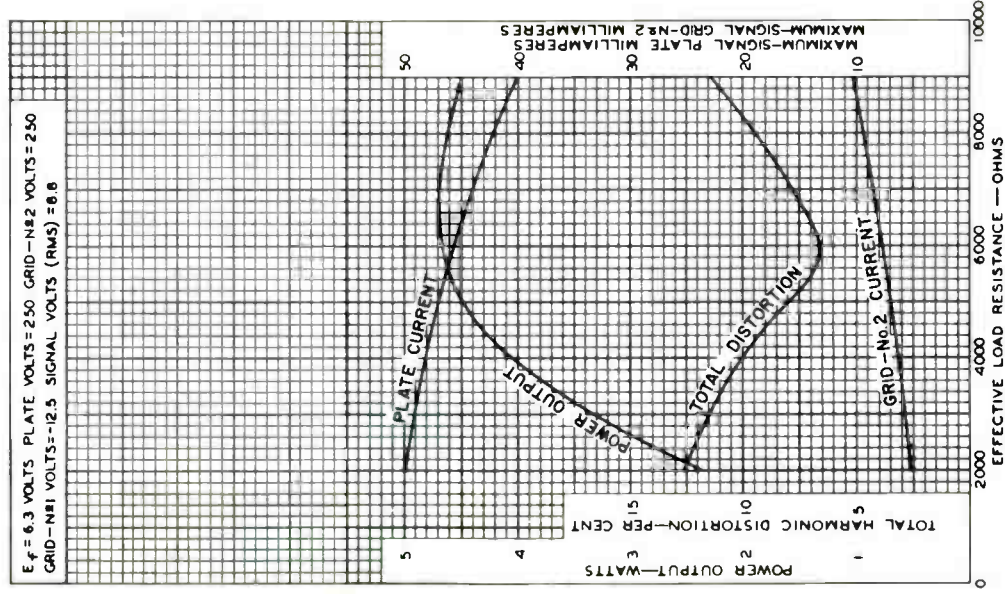
92CM-12368



6HG5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = 250 GRID-№2 VOLTS = 250
GRID-№1 VOLTS = -12.5 SIGNAL VOLTS (RMS) = 0.6



92CM-6339R2

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices

Harrison, N. J.



Diode—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (<i>Design-Maximum Values</i>):			
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	240	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c	max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^d

Diode Unit:

Plate to cathode and heater	2.4	μf
Cathode to plate and heater	3.0	μf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.015	max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	7.0		μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	3.2		μf
Diode plate to pentode grid No.1	0.005	max.	μf
Diode cathode to pentode plate	0.15	max.	μf
Diode plate to pentode plate	0.035	max.	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	125	volts
Grid No.3	Connected to cathode at socket	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	125	volts
Cathode Resistor	56	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.2	megohm
Transconductance	9300	μmhos
Plate Current	11.5	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.6	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 20	-6	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma = 2, and cathode resistor (ohms) = 0	-3	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"



6HJ8

Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
Butt. T6-1/2
Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9CY

- Pin 1 - Pentode Cathode
- Pin 2 - Pentode Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate



- Pin 7 - Diode Cathode
- Pin 8 - Diode Plate
- Pin 9 - Pentode Grid No.3, Internal Shield

PENTODE UNIT - Class A₁ Amplifier

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

- PLATE VOLTAGE 330 max. volts
- GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID) *Connect to cathode at socket*
- GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE. . . 330 max. volts
- GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart* at front of Receiving Tube Section
- GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:
Positive-bias value 0 max. volts
- GRID-No.2 INPUT:
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts. . . 0.55 max. watt
- For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart* at front of Receiving Tube Section
- PLATE DISSIPATION 3.2 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

- Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:
For fixed-bias operation. 0.25 max. megohm
- For cathode-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

DIODE UNIT

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

DC PLATE CURRENT. 5 max. ma

Characteristics, Instantaneous Value:

Plate Current for plate volts = 10. 50 ma

^a At heater amperes = 0.450.
^b At heater volts = 6.3.
^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
^d without external shield.



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Video and Bandpass Amplifier Applications in TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6 ^a	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.600 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^d	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
G _T to P _T	2.8	2.8	pf
Input: G _T to (K _T , K _p +G _{3p} +IS, H)	2.8	3.0	pf
Output: P _T to (K _T , K _p +G _{3p} +IS, H)	1.6	2.4	pf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
G _{1p} to P _p	0.030 max.	0.026 max.	pf
Input: G _{1p} to (K _p +G _{3p} +IS, G _{2p} , H)	7.5	7.5	pf
Output: P _p to (K _p +G _{3p} +IS, G _{2p} , H)	2.4	3.0	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Uripotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9AE

- Pin 1 - Triode Plate
- Pin 2 - Pentode Grid No. 1
- Pin 3 - Pentode Grid No. 2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate
- Pin 7 - Pentode Cathode,
Grid No. 3,
Internal Shield
- Pin 8 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 9 - Triode Grid



6HL8

Characteristics:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage.	125	125	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	-	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-1	-1	volt
Amplification Factor	40	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5000	150000	ohms
Transconductance	7000	10000	μ mhos
Plate Current.	12.5	12	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	-	4.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 20.	-	-7	volts

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage.	330 max.	330 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage	-	330 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	0 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 Input:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts.	-	0.55 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts.	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Plate Dissipation.	2.5 max.	2.5 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	1 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For self-bias operation.	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

^a For parallel heater operation.

^b For series heater operation current must be limited to 0.600 ± 0.040 amperes.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^d With external shield, JEDEC No.315, connected to cathode of unit under test.



6HM5/6HA5

High-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

Useful as Grounded-Cathode RF-Amplifier Tube in VHF Tuners

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.180	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	110 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	110 max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Grid to plate	0.36	pf
Grid to cathode, internal shield, external shield, and heater	4.3	pf
Plate to cathode, internal shield, external shield, and heater	2.9	pf
Cathode to plate	0.080	pf
Cathode to grid, internal shield, external shield, and heater	3.1	pf
Heater to cathode	2.3	pf
Heater to grid	0.070 max.	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	135	volts
Grid Voltage	-1	volt
Amplification Factor	72	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5000	ohms
Transconductance	14500	μmhos
Plate Current	11.5	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for Transconductance (μmhos) = 150	-5.7	volts

Mechanical:

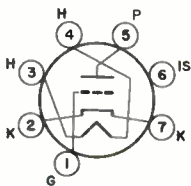
Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seatec Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)



6HM5/6HA5

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7GM

Pin 1 - Grid
 Pin 2 - Cathode
 Pin 3 - Heater
 Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
 Pin 6 - Internal Shield
 Pin 7 - Cathode

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Plate Supply Voltage.	600 max.	volts
Plate Voltage	220 max.	volts
Grid Voltage:		
Negative-bias value	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
Cathode Current	22 max.	ma
Plate Dissipation	2.6 max.	watts

Typical Operation:

Plate Voltage	135	volts
Grid Voltage. Adjusted for grid $\mu a = 10$		
Plate Load Resistance	1000	ohms
Amplification Factor.	80	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	4000	ohms
Transconductance.	20000	$\mu mhos$
Plate Current	19	ma

Maximum Circuit Values:

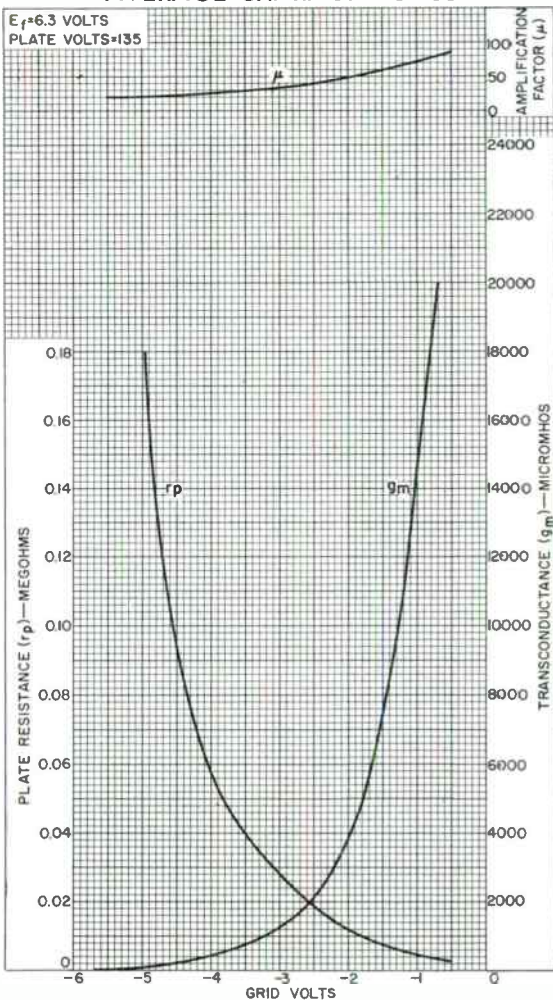
Grid-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation.	1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	1 max.	megohm

^a With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.



6HM5/6HA5

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-12224



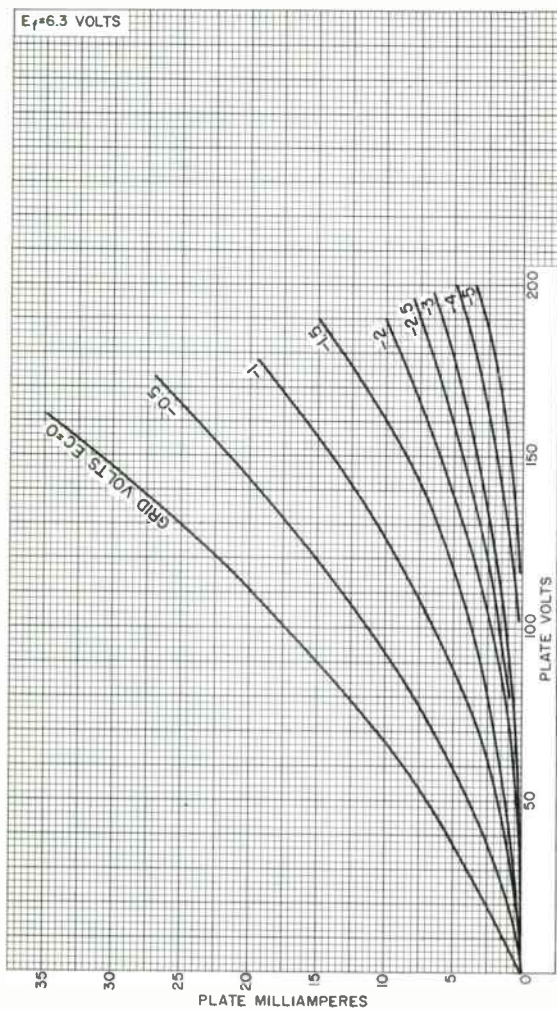
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Electronic Components and Devices
Harrison, N. J.

World Radio History

DATA 2
10-53

6HM5/6HA5

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-12223



Semiremote-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Intermediate-Frequency-Amplifier Applications in FM, AM, and AM/FM Receivers
With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec

Peak heater-cathode

voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 200^c max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^d

Grid No.1 to plate 0.006 max. μf

Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater 8.8 μf

Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater 5.2 μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	200	volts
Grid No.3	Connected to cathode at socket	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	115	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Cathode Resistor	68	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.5	megohm
Transconductance	8500	μmhos
Plate Current	13.2	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	4.3	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 60	-15	volts

Mechanical:

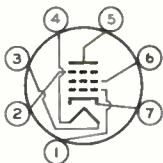
Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)



6HR6

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7BK

Pin 1 - Grid No.1
Pin 2 - Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Cathode

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 300 max. volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID) . . .Connect to cathode at socket
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE. . . 300 max. volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGESee *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:
Negative-bias value 50 max. volts
Positive-bias value 0 max. volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:
For grid-No.2 voltages
up to 150 volts 1 max. watt
For grid-No.2 voltages be-
tween 150 and 300 volts .See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section
PLATE DISSIPATION 3 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:
For fixed-bias operation. 0.5 max. megohm
For cathode-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

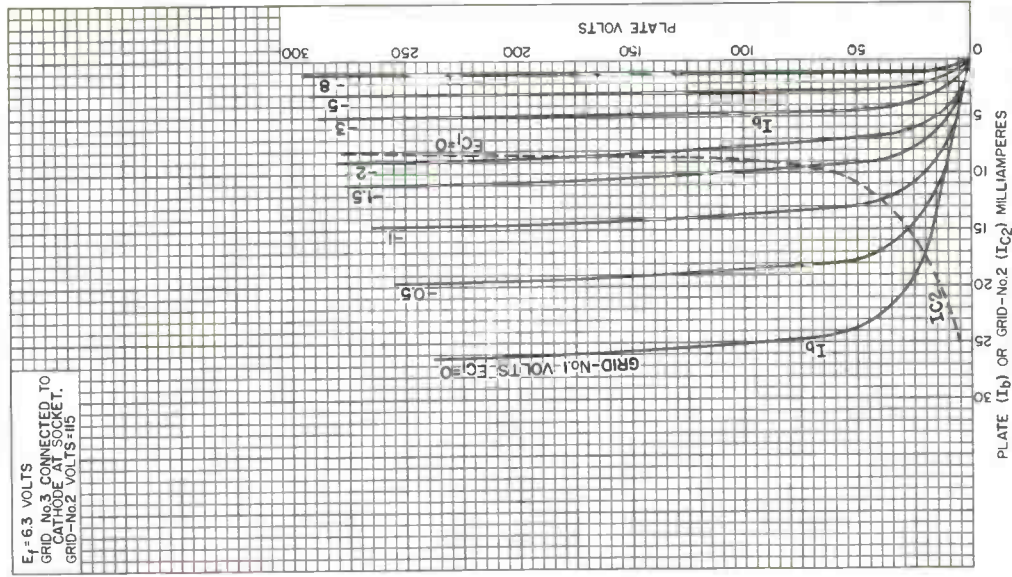
- a At heater amperes = 0.450.
- b At heater volts = 6.3.
- c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- d Without external shield.



6HR6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID No.3 CONNECTED TO
CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-No.2 VOLTS = 115



92CM-11530



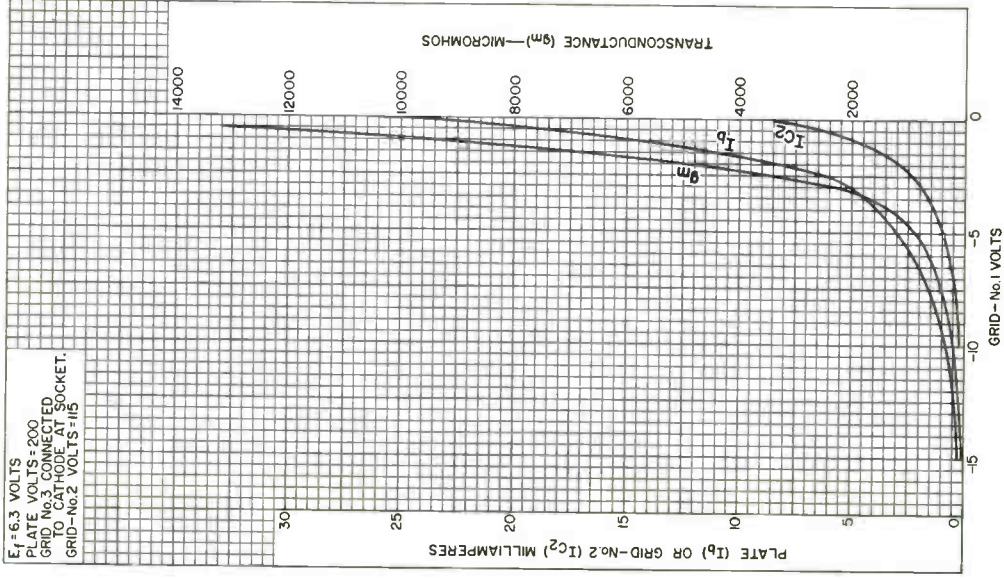
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Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
5-62

6HR6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 200
GRID No.3 CONNECTED
TO CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-No.2 VOLTS = 115



92CM-11533

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c	max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^d

Grid No.1 to plate	0.006	max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	8.8		μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	5.2		μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	75	150	volts
Grid No.3 . . . . .	.Connected to cathode at socket		
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	75	75	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	0	volts
Cathode Resistor	68	68	ohms
Amplification Factor ^e	50	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	0.5	megohm
Transconductance	-	9500	μmhos
Plate Current	-	8.8	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	2.8	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 20	-	-4	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)



6HS6

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7BK

Pin 1 - Grid No.1
Pin 2 - Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Cathode

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE. 300 max. volts

GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID). Connect to cathode at socket

GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)

SUPPLY VOLTAGE. 300 max. volts

GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE. See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart* at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value. 50 max. volts

Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to 150 volts 1 max. watt

For grid-No.2 voltages between 150 and 300 volts. See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart* at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION. 3 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation 0.5 max. megohm

For cathode-bias operation 1 max. megohm

^a At heater amperes = 0.450.

^b At heater volts = 6.3.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^d without external shield.

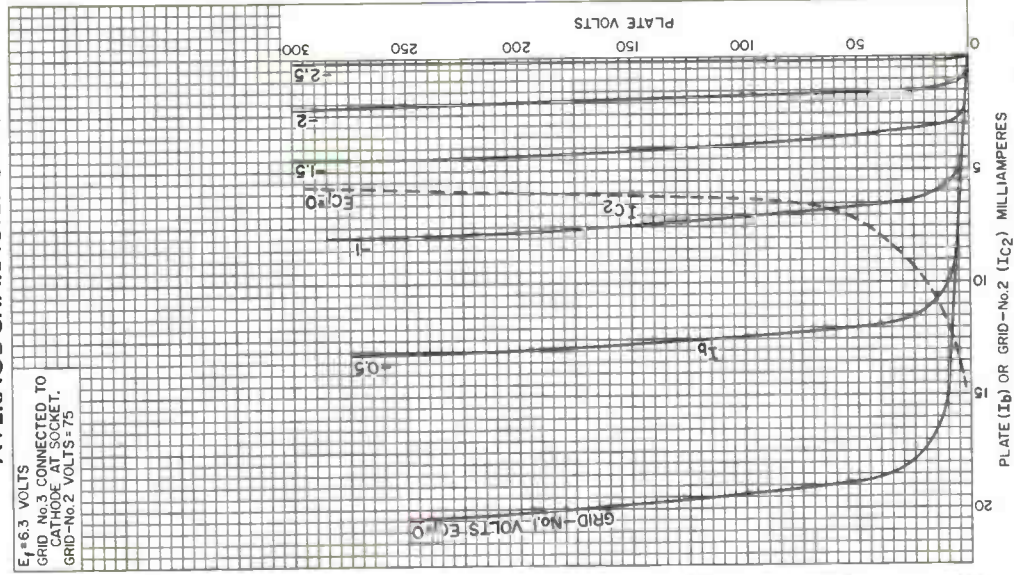
^e Triode connection (Grid No.2 connected to plate).



6HS6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_1 = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID No.3 CONNECTED TO
CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-No.2 VOLTS = 75



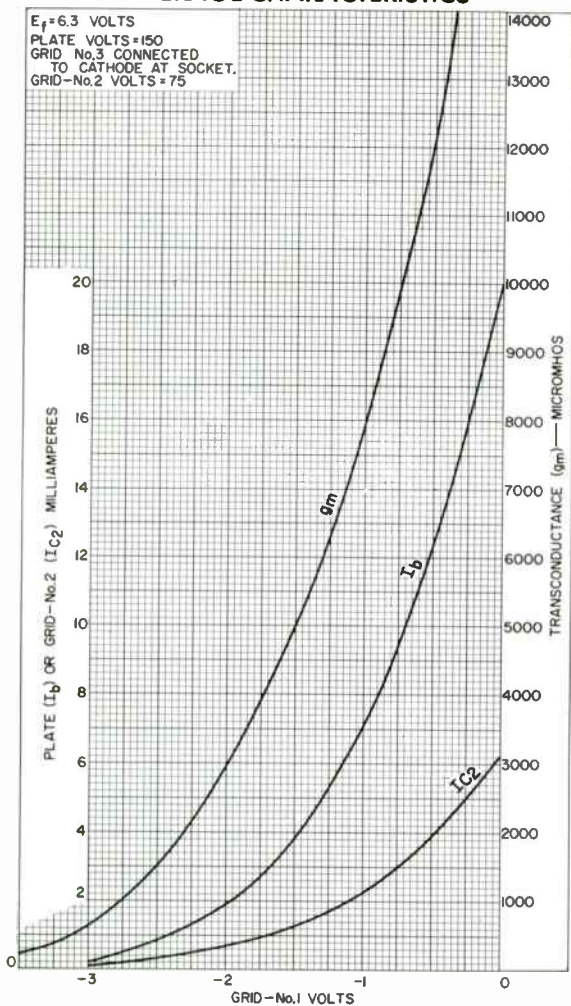
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DATA 2
5-62

6HS6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-11484

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Harrison, N. J.



Sharp-Cutoff Twin Pentode

With Common Cathode, Grid No.1, & Grid No.2

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 ± 0.6 volts

Current at heater volts = 6.3 0.300 amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 200^a max. voltsDirect Interelectrode Capacitances:^b

Grid No.3 to plate (Each unit) 2.0 pf

Grid No.1 to all other electrodes 6.0 pf

Grid No.3 (Each unit) to all other electrodes. 3.6 pf

Plate (Each unit) to all other electrodes. 3.0 pf

Grid No.3 (Unit No.1) to grid No.3 (Unit No.2) 0.015 max. pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:*With one unit operating and plate and grid No.3 of other unit connected to ground*

Plate Voltage 100 100 volts

Grid-No.3 Voltage 0 0 volts

Grid-No.2 Voltage 67.5 67.5 volts

Grid-No.1 Voltage 0 ^c volts

Grid-No.3-to-Plate Transconductance - 450 μhos

Grid-No.1-to-Plate Transconductance 1100 - μhos

Plate Current - 2 ma

Grid-No.3 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu\text{a} = 100$ - -3.5 volts ←Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu\text{a} = 100$ - -2.3 volts*With both units operating*

Plate Voltage (Each unit) 100 100 volts

Grid-No.3 Voltage (Each unit) -10 0 volts

Grid-No.2 Voltage 67.5 67.5 volts

Grid-No.1 Voltage ^c volts

Plate Current (Each unit) - 2 ma

Grid-No.2 Current 7 4.4 ma

Cathode Current 7.1 8.5 ma

← Indicates a change.



6HS8

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)

→ Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW, 9FG

- Pin 1 - Cathode
- Pin 2 - Grid No. 2,
Internal
Shield
- Pin 3 - Plate of
Unit No. 2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater



- Pin 6 - Grid No. 3 of
Unit No. 2
- Pin 7 - Grid No. 1
- Pin 8 - Plate of
Unit No. 1
- Pin 9 - Grid No. 3 of
Unit No. 1

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE (Each unit)	300 max.	volts
GRID-No. 3 (SUPPRESSOR-GRID) VOLTAGE (Each unit):		
Peak positive value	50 max.	volts
DC negative value	50 max.	volts
DC positive value	3 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value	50 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	12 max.	ma
GRID-No. 2 INPUT	0.75 max.	watt
PLATE DISSIPATION (Each unit)	1.1 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No. 3 - Circuit Resistance (Each unit).	0.5 max.	megohm
Grid-No. 1 - Circuit Resistance.	0.5 max.	megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.

^c Adjusted to give a dc grid-No. 1 current of 100 microamperes.

→ Indicates a change.



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

With Two Independent Control Grids

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
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Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c	max.	volts
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Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx):^d

Grid No.1 to plate	0.023	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield, grid No.3, grid No.2 & internal shield, and heater	8.2	pf
Grid No.1 to grid No.3	0.09	pf
Grid No.3 to plate	1.6	pf
Grid No.3 to cathode & internal shield, plate, grid No.2 & internal shield, grid No.1, and heater	7.2	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	150	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Cathode Resistor	180	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.11	megohm
Transconductance, Grid No.1 to Plate	3400	μmhos
Transconductance, Grid No.3 to Plate	600	μmhos
Plate Current	3.2	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.2	ma
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 20$	-4.5	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 20$	-7	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"



6HZ6

Bulb. T5-1/2
 Base. Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)
 Basing Designation For BOTTOM VIEW. 7EN

Pin 1 - Grid No.1
 Pin 2 - Cathode,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Plate
 Pin 6 - Grid No.2,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 7 - Grid No.3

FM SOUND-DETECTOR SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative value (DC and peak)	100 max.	volts
Positive value (DC and peak)	25 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE . . . . .	. See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.3 INPUT	0.1 max.	watt
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 150 volts	1 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 150 volts and 300 volts . . . . .	. See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.7 max.	watts

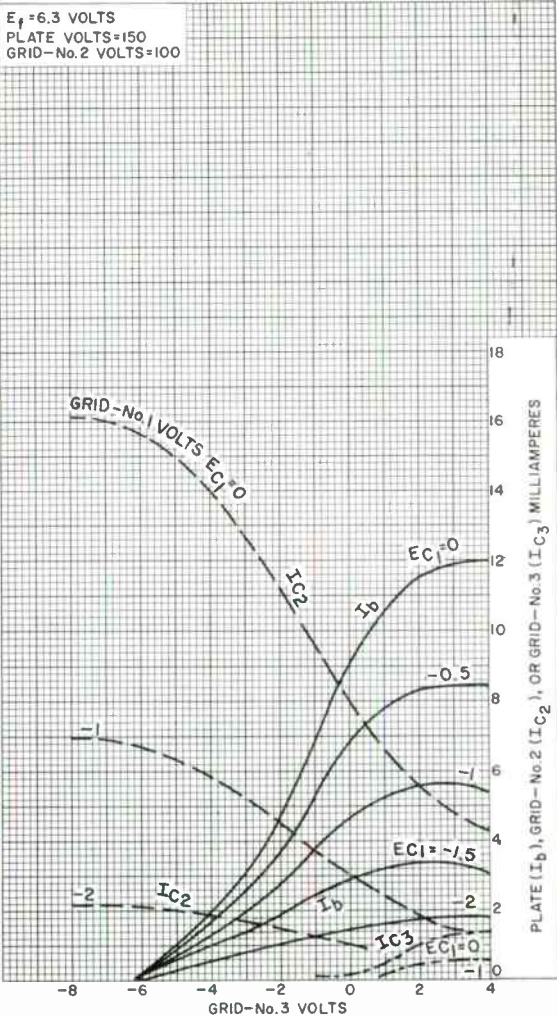
Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.3-Circuit Resistance.	0.68 max.	megohm
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation.	0.22 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.47 max.	megohm

- ^a At heater amperes = 0.850.
- ^b At heater volts = 6.3.
- ^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- ^d without external shield.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

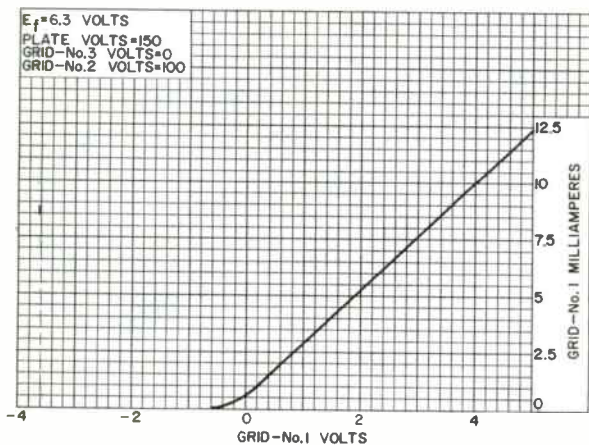


92CM-11789



6HZ6

AVERAGE GRID-No.1 CHARACTERISTIC



92CS-11004

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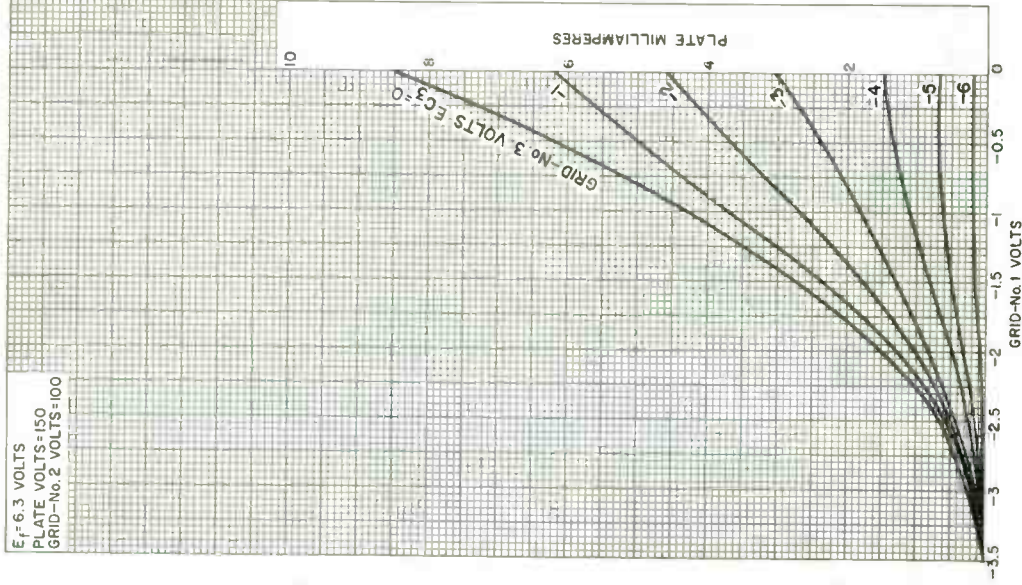
Harrison, N. J.



6HZ6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 150
GRID-NO. 2 VOLTS = 100



92CM-11788

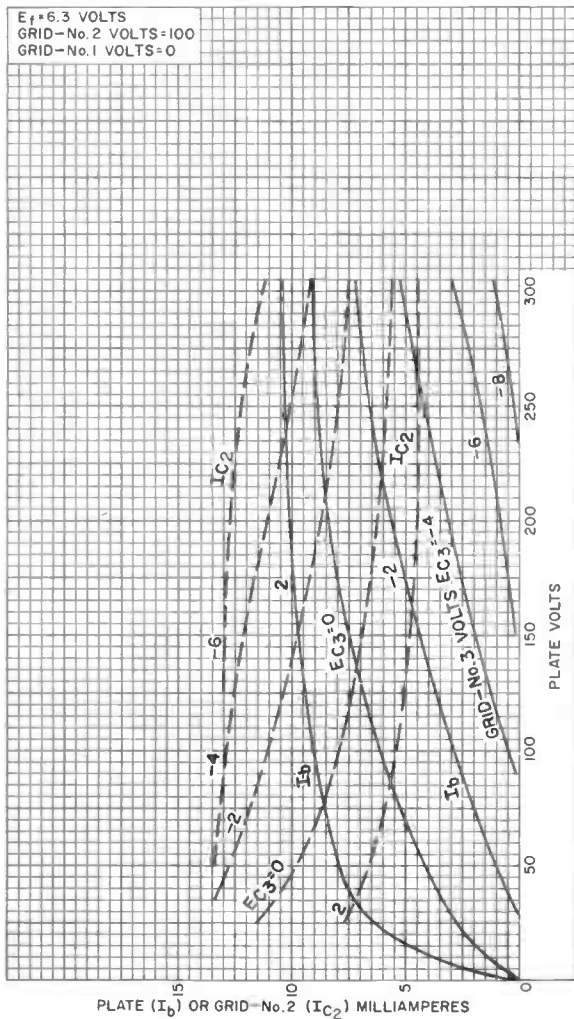


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Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
1-63

6HZ6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



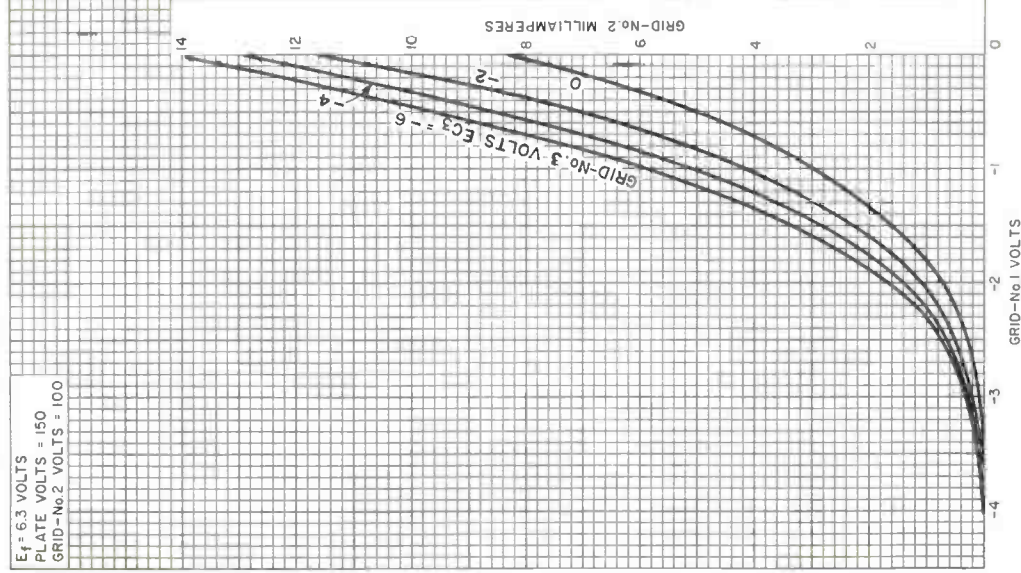
92CM-11793



6HZ6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 150
GRID-No.2 VOLTS = 100



92CM-11791



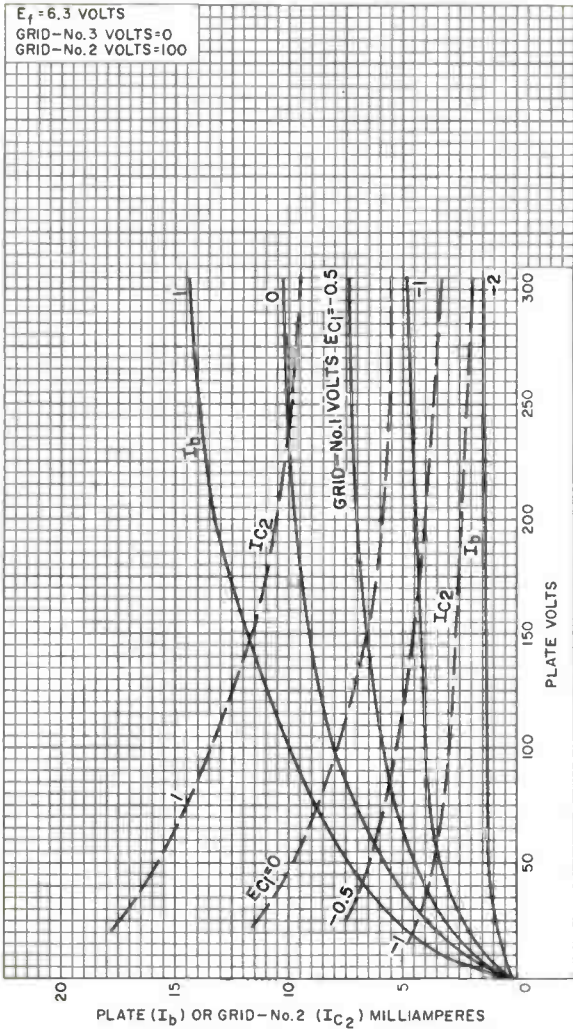
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 4
1-63

6HZ6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-NO.3 VOLTS=0
GRID-NO.2 VOLTS=100



92CM-11792



Medium-Mu Twin Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.45 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
<i>Unit No. 1</i>			
Grid to plate	1.6	1.5	μf
Grid to cathode and heater . . .	2.2	2.6	μf
Plate to cathode and heater . . .	0.4	1.6	μf
<i>Unit No. 2</i>			
Grid to plate	1.6	1.5	μf
Grid to cathode and heater . . .	2.2	2.6	μf
Plate to cathode and heater . . .	0.4	1	μf

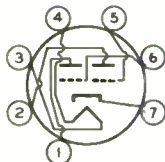
Characteristics, Class A, Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Supply Voltage	100	volts
Cathode Resistor ^b	50 ^c	ohms
Amplification Factor	38	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	7100	ohms
Transconductance	5300	μmhos
Plate Current	8.5	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . .	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . .	.7BF

Pin 1 - Plate of
Unit No. 2
Pin 2 - Plate of
Unit No. 1
Pin 3 - Heater
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Grid of
Unit No. 1
Pin 6 - Grid of
Unit No. 2
Pin 7 - Cathode



6J6A

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	300 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	100 max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:		
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

RF POWER AMPLIFIER & OSCILLATOR — Class C Telegraphy

Key-down conditions per tube without modulation

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
DC GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value.	40 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
DC PLATE CURRENT	15 max.	ma
DC GRID CURRENT.	8 max.	ma
DC PLATE INPUT	4.5 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	100 max.	volts

Typical Push-Pull Operation at Frequencies up to 50 Mc:^d

Values are for Both Units

DC Plate Voltage.	150	volts
DC Grid Voltage:		
From a fixed supply of.	-10	volts
From a grid resistor of	625	ohms
From a cathode resistor of.	220	ohms
DC Plate Current.	30	ma
DC Grid Current (Approx.) ^e	16	ma
Driving Power (Approx.) ^e	0.35	watt
Useful Power Output (Approx.)	3.5	watts

^a With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.

^b Fixed-bias operation is not recommended.

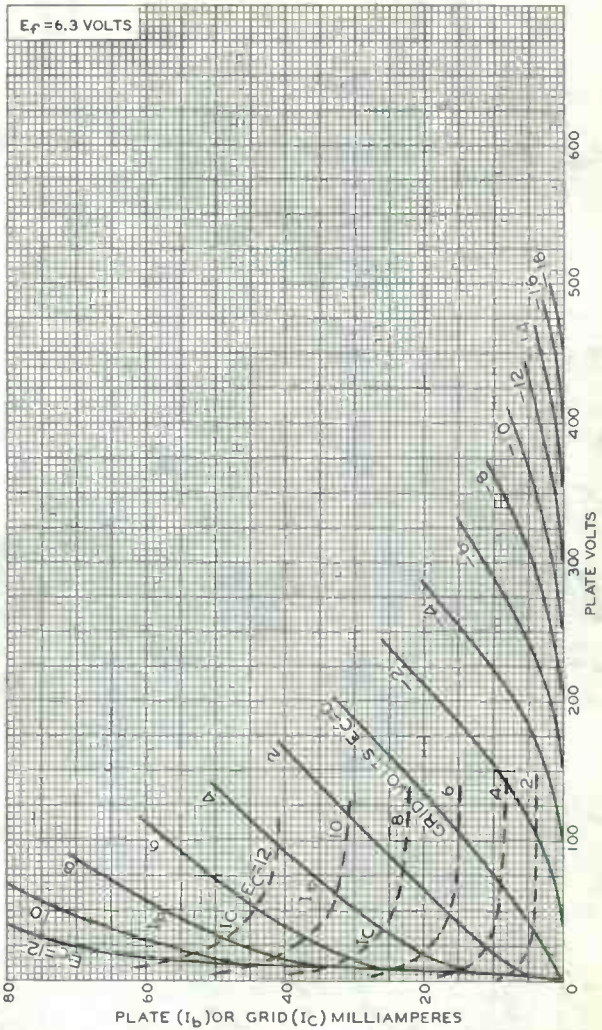
^c Value is for both units operating at the specified conditions.

^d Approximately 1 watt can be obtained when the 6J6A is used at 250 Mc as a push-pull oscillator with a plate voltage of 150 volts, with maximum-rated plate dissipation, and with a grid resistor of 2000 ohms common to both units

^e For effect of load resistance on grid current and driving power, refer to **TUBE RATINGS—Grid Current and Driving Power** in the General Section.

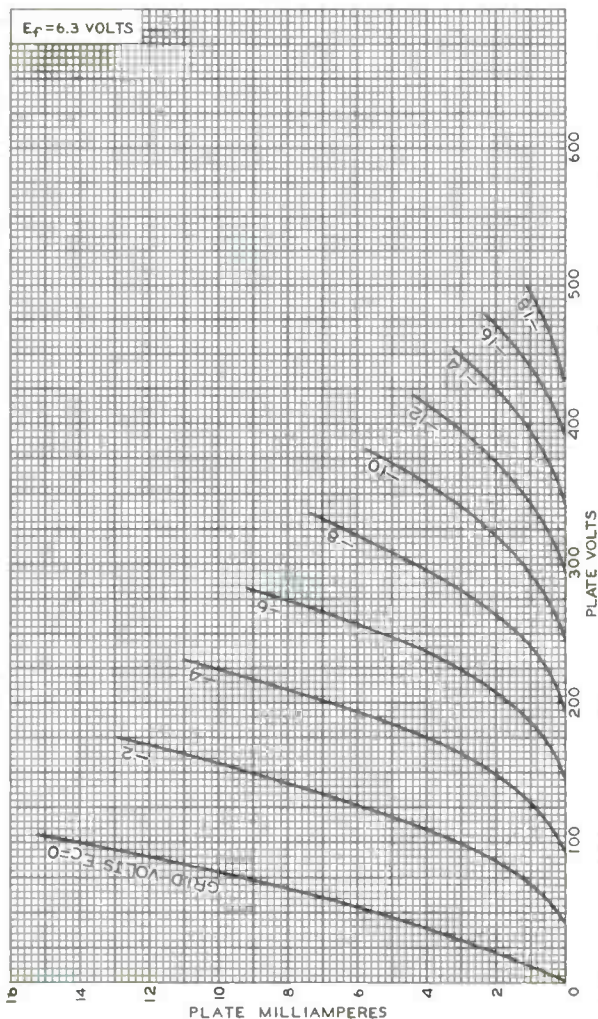


AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



6J6A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



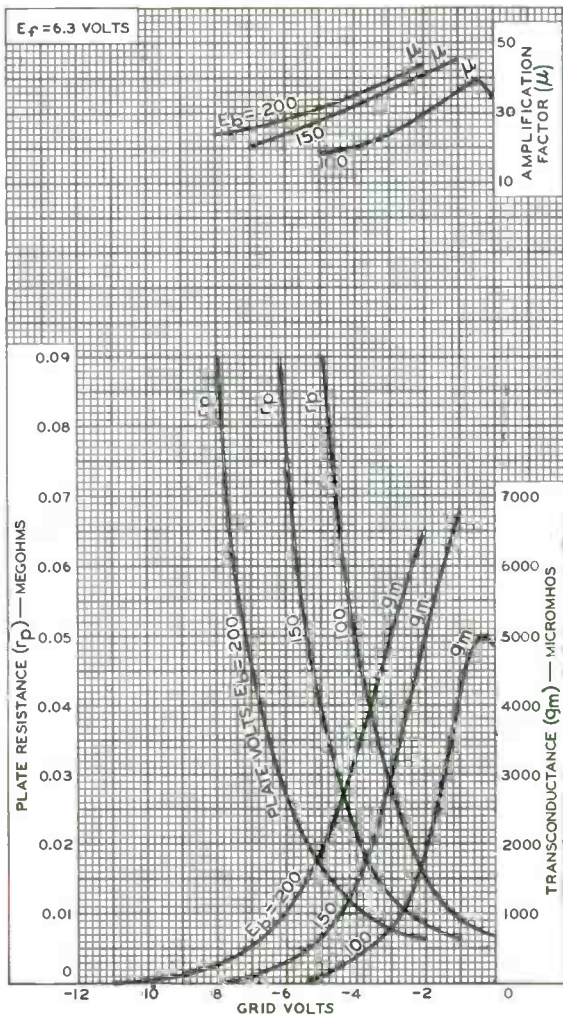
92CM-6402R1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-7672R6



Pentode— Beam Power Tube

For Combined Limiter, Quadrature-Grid Discriminator, and Audio Power Output Applications in FM and TV Receivers

DUODECAR TYPE

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 = 0.6 volts	
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.950	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b

Beam Power Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.2	pf
Input: G_{1B} to ($K_B + G_{3B}, G_{2B}, H$)	11	pf
Output: P_B to ($K_B + G_{3B}, G_{2B}, H$)	7.0	pf

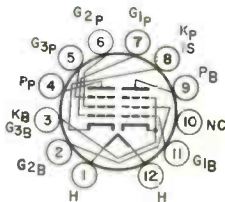
Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.01	pf
G_{1P} to ($K_P + I_S, P_P, G_{3P}, G_{2P}, H$)	4.0	pf
G_{3P} to ($K_P + I_S, P_P, G_{2P}, G_{1P}, H$)	3.2	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Types of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.375"
Seated Length	1.750" to 2.000"
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 9-58)	See General Section
Bulb	T9
Base	Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC E12-70)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	12BT

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - Beam Power Grid No.2
- Pin 3 - Beam Power Cathode,
Beam Power Grid No.3
- Pin 4 - Pentode Plate
- Pin 5 - Pentode Grid No.3
- Pin 6 - Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 7 - Pentode Grid No.1
- Pin 8 - Pentode Cathode,
Internal Shields
- Pin 9 - Beam Power Plate
- Pin 10 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 11 - Beam Power Grid No.1
- Pin 12 - Heater



PENTODE UNIT — LIMITER & DISCRIMINATOR SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Plate Supply Voltage	330	volts
Grid-No.3 (Quadrature-Grid) Voltage	c	volts
Grid-No.2 (Accelerator-Grid) Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.1 (Limiter-Grid) Voltage:		
Positive-peak value	60	volts
Cathode Current	13	ma

Typical Operation:

Input-Signal

Center Frequency	4.5	10.7	10.7	Mc
Plate Supply Voltage	270	85	285	volts
Plate Voltage	62	121	122	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage	c	c	c	c
Grid-No.2 Voltage	100	55	100	volts
Cathode-Circuit Resistance ^d	200-400	200-400	200-400	ohms
Peak AF Output Voltage	16.8	6	16.6	volts
Minimum Grid-No.1 Signal Voltage (RMS) for AM rejection ^d	2	1.25	2	volts
Minimum Grid-No.1 Signal Voltage (RMS) for limiting action ^e	1.25	1.25	1.25	volts
Plate Current	0.44	0.25	0.49	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	10	4.1	9.8	ma
Plate Load Resistor	0.33	0.085	0.33	megohm
Linearity Resistor	1000	470	1500	ohms
Integrating Capacitor	0.001	0.002	0.001	μ f
Coupling Capacitor	0.25	0.25	0.01	μ f
Frequency Deviation	± 25	± 75	± 75	kc
AM Rejection:				
For grid-No.1 signal volts (RMS) = 2	25	31	20	db
For grid-No.1 signal volts (RMS) = 3	30	30	29	db
Total Harmonic Distortion	1.8	2	1.6	%

BEAM POWER UNIT — AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Plate Voltage	275	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	275	volts
Plate Dissipation	10	watts
Grid-No.2 Input	2	watts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-8	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	8	volts

Zero-Signal Plate Current.	35	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	39	ma
Zero-Signal Grid No.2 Current.	2.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid No.2 Current.	7	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.1	megohm
Transconductance	6500	μ mhos
Load Resistance.	5000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	4.2	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:**Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:**

For fixed-bias operation	0.25	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5	megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.

^c For proper operation of the pentode unit of the type shown in the accompanying Typical Quadrature-Grid-FM Detector Circuit, the ω of the tuned circuit (L_1, C_5) should be sufficiently high to develop a 1-volt rms signal at the quadrature grid when a 2-volt rms signal at the center frequency is applied to grid No.1.

It is recommended that L_1 be shunted by a capacitance of at least 10 μ mf. This capacitance may be composed of tube capacitance, stray capacitance, the distributed capacitance of L_1 , and a fixed capacitor.

^d The cathode-circuit resistance should be adjusted for maximum AM rejection at the AF output of the circuit at the specified grid-No.1 signal voltage. AM rejection is measured with an applied signal containing 30 per cent amplitude modulation and 30 per cent frequency modulation.

^e At signal levels above specified value, limiting is within ± 3 decibels.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS FOR PENTODE UNIT

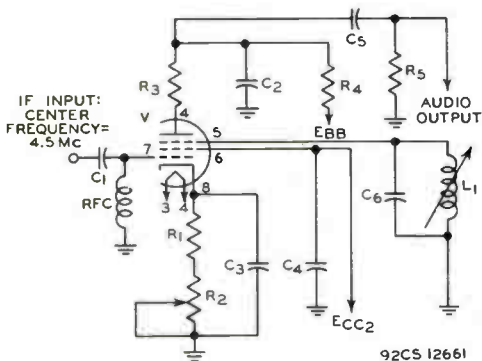
To insure proper phasing of the signal voltage developed at the quadrature grid, the components of the quadrature-grid circuit should be shielded from those of the control-grid circuit.

To obtain a symmetrical discriminator-response curve, the plate currents for no input signal and for unmodulated input signal should be equal. To assure this equality, it is necessary that the plate voltage and grid-No.2 voltage have the proper values.

The proper plate voltage for any grid-No.2 voltage may be determined from the accompanying *Operating Characteristics, Pentode Unit* curve. This curve may also be used to determine the average dynamic plate current for any combination of grid-No.2 voltage and plate voltage.



TYPICAL QUADRATURE-GRID- FM-DETECTOR CIRCUIT



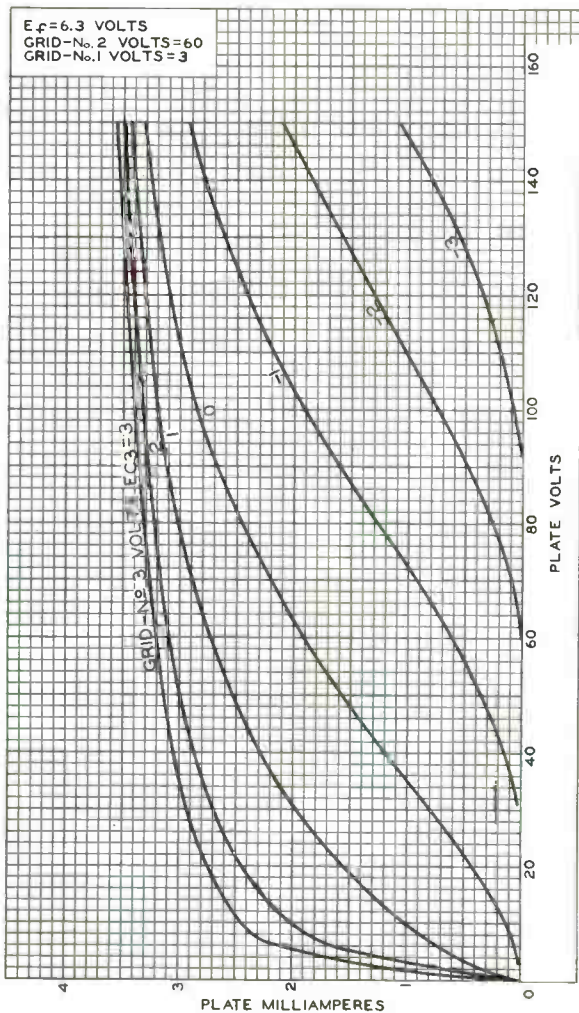
C_1 :	100 μf	R_3 :	Linearity resistor, 1000 ohms
C_2 :	Integrating capacitor, 0.001 μf	R_4 :	Plate-load resistor, 0.33 megohm
C_3, C_4 :	0.01 μf	R_5 :	0.47 megohm
C_5 :	0.25 μf	V:	Pentode Unit of Electron-tube-type 6J10
C_6 :	10 μf^c		
L_1 :	c		
R_1 :	200 ohms		
R_2 :	Cathode-bias potentiometer, 200 ohms		

^c For footnote see end of data.

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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

Pentode Unit



92CM-10319



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Electronic Components and Devices

World Radio History

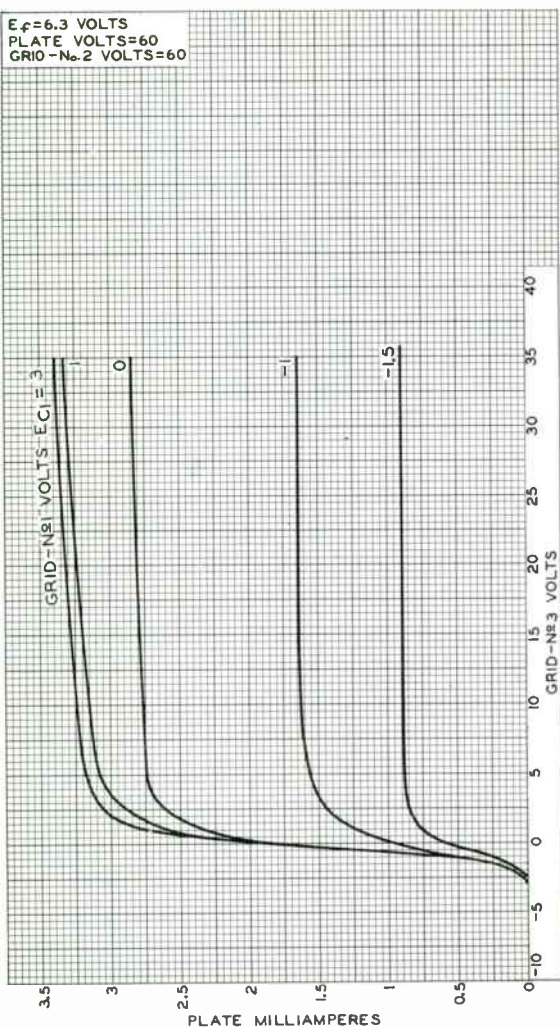
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3

2-65

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

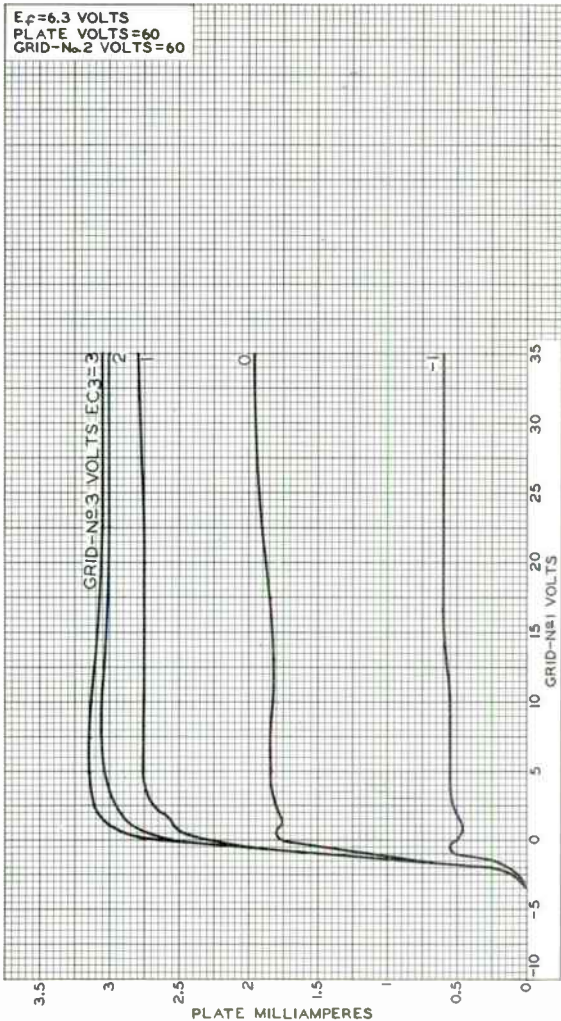
$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 60
 GRID-NO. 2 VOLTS = 60



92CM-10320



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



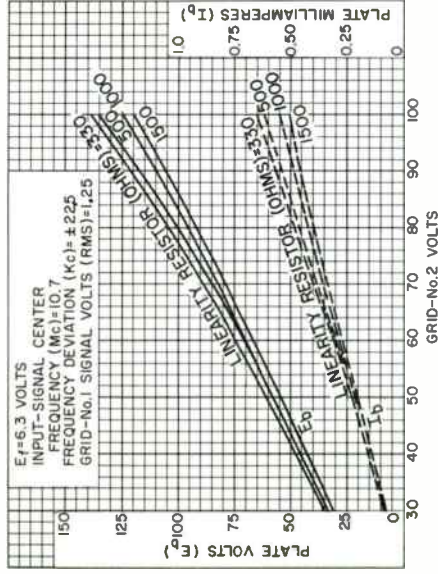
92CM-10322



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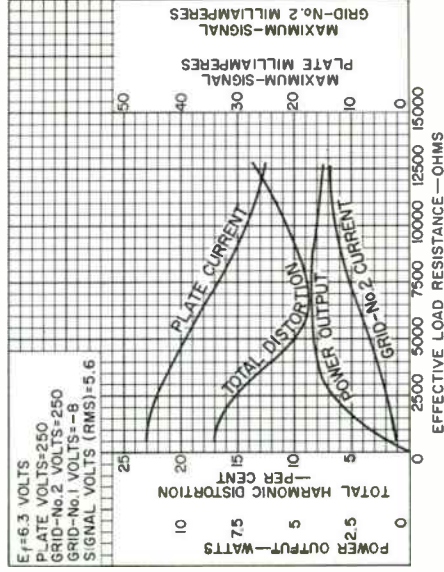
DATA 4
 2-65

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CS-12662

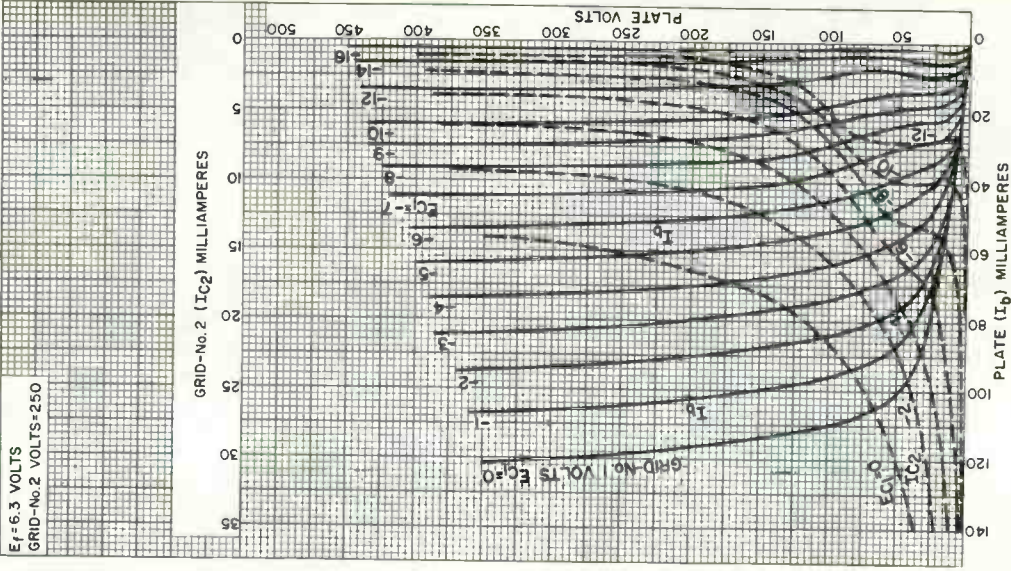
OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS Beam Power Unit



92CS-12663

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Beam Power Unit





6JB6A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

SEPARATE GRID-NO.3 BASE-PIN TERMINAL FOR "SNIVETS" CONTROL^a

For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier
Service in Black-and-White TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.200	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^b	max. volts

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances (Approx.):^c

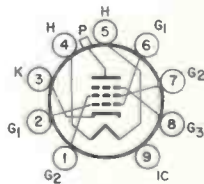
Grid No. 1 to plate.	0.2	pf
Input: G1 to (K+G3, G2, H)	15.0	pf
Output: P to (K+G3, G2, H)	6.0	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	3.505"
Seated Length	2.875" ± 3.125"
Diameter.	1.438" ± 1.562"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T12
Cap	Skirted Miniature (JEDEC No. C1-2 or C1-3)
Base.	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No. E9-88)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9QL

- Pin 1-Grid No. 2
- Pin 2-Grid No. 1
- Pin 3-Cathode
- Pin 4-Heater
- Pin 5-Heater
- Pin 6-Grid No. 1
- Pin 7-Grid No. 2
- Pin 8-Grid No. 3
- Pin 9-Do Not Use
- Cap-Plate



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Connection	Pentode Connection	
Plate Voltage	150	60	250 volts
Grid No. 3	-	Connected to cathode at socket	
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	150	150	150 volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-22.5	0	-22.5 volts
Amplification Factor.	4.4	-	-
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	-	-	15000 ohms



6JB6A

	Triode Connection	Pentode Connection	
Transconductance	-	-	7100 μ mhos
Plate Current	-	390 ^d	70 ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	32 ^d	2.1 ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate current = 1 ma.	-	-	-42 volts

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^e

DC Plate-Supply Voltage	770 max.	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^f	6500 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage	1500 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage ^a	70 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	220 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-55 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 Voltage	330 max.	volts
Cathode Current:		
Peak	550 max.	ma
Average	175 max.	ma
Grid-No.2 Input	3.5 max.	watts
Plate Dissipation ^g	17.5 max.	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface).	240 max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor bias operation^f 1 max. megohm

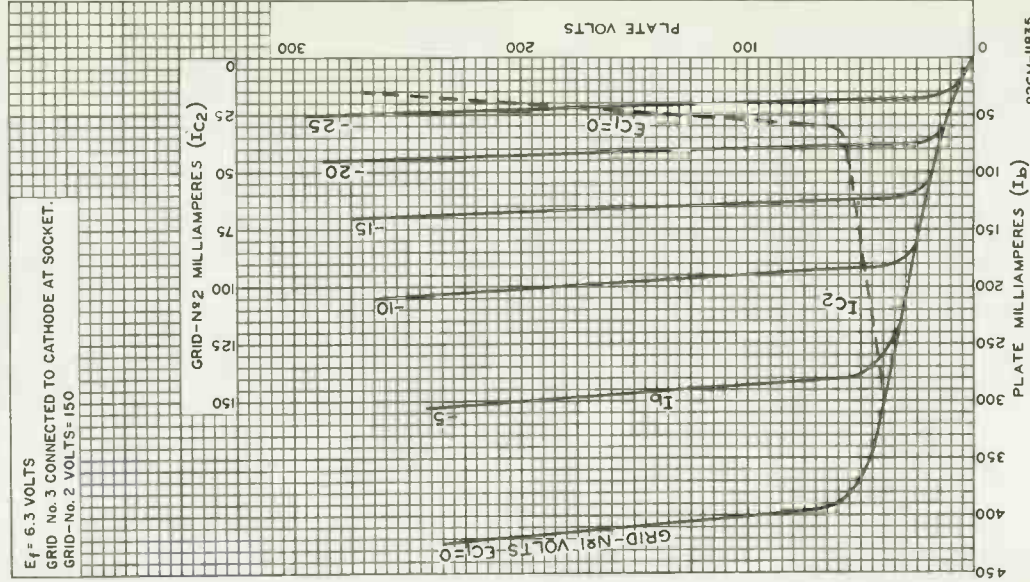
- ^a A positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "snivets" which may occur in television receivers. A typical value for this voltage is 30 volts.
- ^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- ^c without external shield.
- ^d This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the plate dissipation, grid-No.2 input, and cathode current will be kept within ratings in order to prevent damage to the tube.
- ^e As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.
- ^f This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525 line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.
- ^g It is essential that the plate dissipation be limited in the event of loss of grid signal. For this purpose, some protective means such as a cathode resistor of suitable value should be employed.



6JB6A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID No. 3 CONNECTED TO CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-No. 2 VOLTS = 150



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Electronic Components and Devices

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DATA 2
10-64

Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE
FRAME-GRID CONSTRUCTIONFor Use as an IF-Amplifier Tube in TV
Receivers. No External Shield Required.

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.300	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with		
respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with		
respect to cathode.	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.019 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	8.2	pf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater.	3.0	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage.	125	volts
Grid No.3	<i>Connected to cathode at socket</i>	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	125	volts
Cathode Resistor.	56	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	0.18	megohm
Transconductance.	15000	μmhos
Plate Current	13	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.2	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 100$	-3	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb. . . . .	.T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)



6JC6

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9PM

- Pin 1 - Cathode
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - No Internal Connection



- Pin 7 - Plate
- Pin 8 - Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield

AMPLIFIER — CLASS A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

- PLATE VOLTAGE 330 max. volts
- GRID-No.3 (SUPPRESSOR-GRID) VOLTAGE:
 - Positive value. 0 max. volts
- GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE. 330 max. volts
- GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section
- GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:
 - Positive-bias value 0 max. volts
- GRID-No.2 INPUT:
 - For grid-No.2 voltages up to
165 volts 0.6 max. watt
 - For grid-No.2 voltages between
165 and 330 volts See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section
- PLATE DISSIPATION 2.5 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

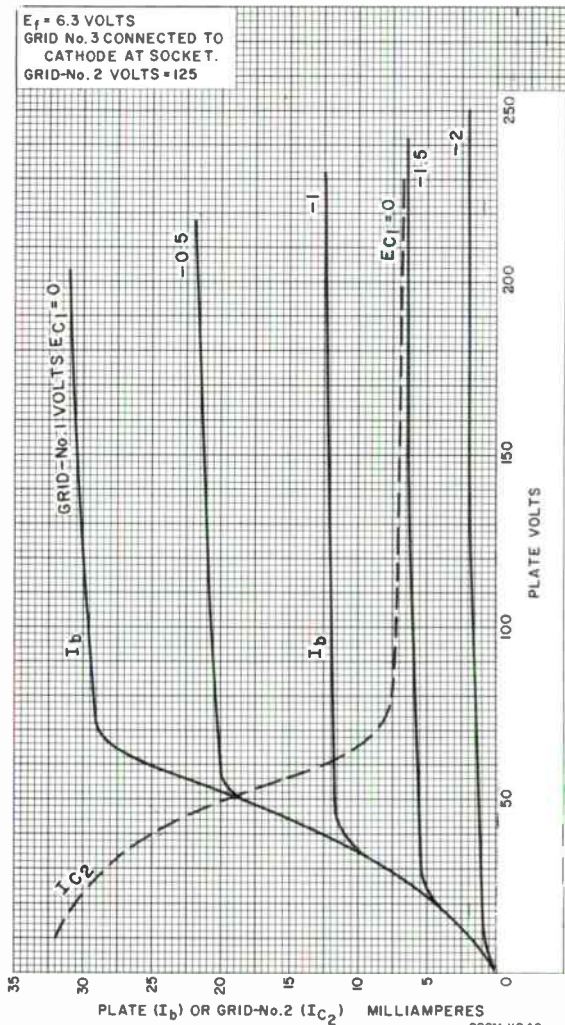
- Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:
 - For fixed-bias operation. 0.25 max. megohm
 - For cathode-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
^b without external shield.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 GRID No. 3 CONNECTED TO
 CATHODE AT SOCKET.
 GRID-No. 2 VOLTS = 125

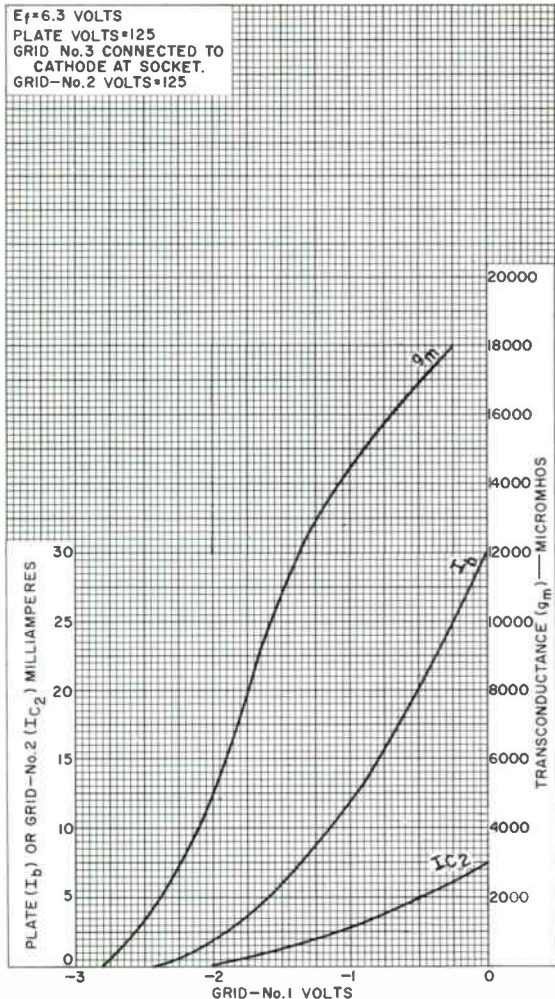


92CM-11948



6JC6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-11949

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	—	sec

Peak heater-cathode
voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c	max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^d	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	1.3	1.2	μf
Grid to cathode and heater	2.8	3.2	μf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.44	0.9	μf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate	0.038 max.	0.018 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	4.8	5.0	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	0.9	1.6	μf
Pentode grid No.1 to triode plate	0.05 max.	0.036 max.	μf
Pentode plate to triode plate	0.075 max.	0.012 max.	μf
Heater to cathode	6.5	6.5 ^e	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	125	100	125 volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	—	70	125 volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-1	0	-1 volt
Amplification Factor	40	—	—
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	6000	—	300000 ohms
Transconductance	6500	5700	5500 μmhos



6JC8

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Current	12	- 9	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	- 2.2	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 20	-7	- 6.5	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position . . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	Any
Type of Cathode . . . . .	. . . . .	Coated Unipotential	
Maximum Overall Length . . . . .	. . . . .	2-3/16"	
Maximum Seated Length . . . . .	. . . . .	1-15/16"	
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . . . . .	. . . . .	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"	
Diameter . . . . .	. . . . .	0.750" to 0.875"	
Dimensional Outline . . . . .	. . . . .	See General Section	
Bulb . . . . .	. . . . .	T6-1/2	
Base	Small-Button Noval	9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)	
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . .	. . . . .	.9PA	

- Pin 1 - Pentode
Grid No.3,
Cathode,
Internal
Shield
- Pin 2 - Pentode
Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Pentode
Grid No.2
- Pin 4 - Heater



- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode
Plate
- Pin 7 - Pentode
Grid No.3,
Cathode,
Internal
Shield
- Pin 8 - Triode Grid
- Pin 9 - Triode Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	275 max.	275 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	275 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section	

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.7 max.	2.3 max.	watts

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to 137.5 volts	-	0.45 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 137.5 and 275 volts	-	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section	

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: For fixed-bias operation	-	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	-	0.5 max.	megohm



- a At heater amperes = 0.450.
- b At heater volts = 6.3.
- c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- d With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pin 3 except as noted.
- e With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pin 6.



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE
FRAME-GRID CONSTRUCTION

For Use as High-Gain Intermediate-Frequency-Amplifier Tube in Television Receivers. No External Shield Required. Cutoff Characteristic Approaching Semiremote.

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.300	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b

Grid No.1 to plate	0.019 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	8.2	pf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	3.0	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	125	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage	0	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Cathode Resistor	56	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	160000	ohms
Transconductance	14000	μmhos
Plate Current	15	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 600	-4.5	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)



6JD6

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9PM

- Pin 1 -Cathode
- Pin 2 -Grid No.1
- Pin 3 -Cathode
- Pin 4 -Heater
- Pin 5 -Heater
- Pin 6 -No Internal Connection



- Pin 7 -Plate
- Pin 8 -Grid No.2
- Pin 9 -Grid No.3
Internal
Shield

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

- PLATE VOLTAGE 330 max. volts
- GRID-NO.3 (SUPPRESSOR-GRID) VOLTAGE:
 - Positive value. 0 max. volts
- GRID-NO.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE. 330 max. volts
- GRID-NO.2 VOLTAGE See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section
- GRID-NO.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:
 - Positive-bias value 0 max. volts
- GRID-NO.2 INPUT:
 - For grid-No.2 voltages
up to 165 volts 0.6 max. watt
 - For grid-No.2 voltages
between 165 and 330 volts . See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section
- PLATE DISSIPATION 2.5 max. watts

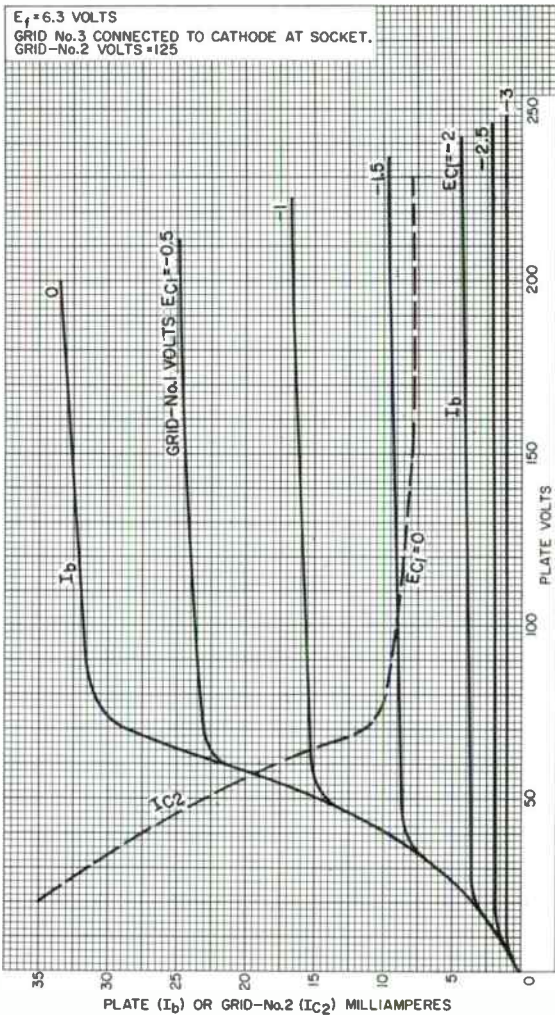
Maximum Circuit Values:

- Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:
 - For fixed-bias operation. 0.25 max. megohm
 - For cathode-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
^b without external shield.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



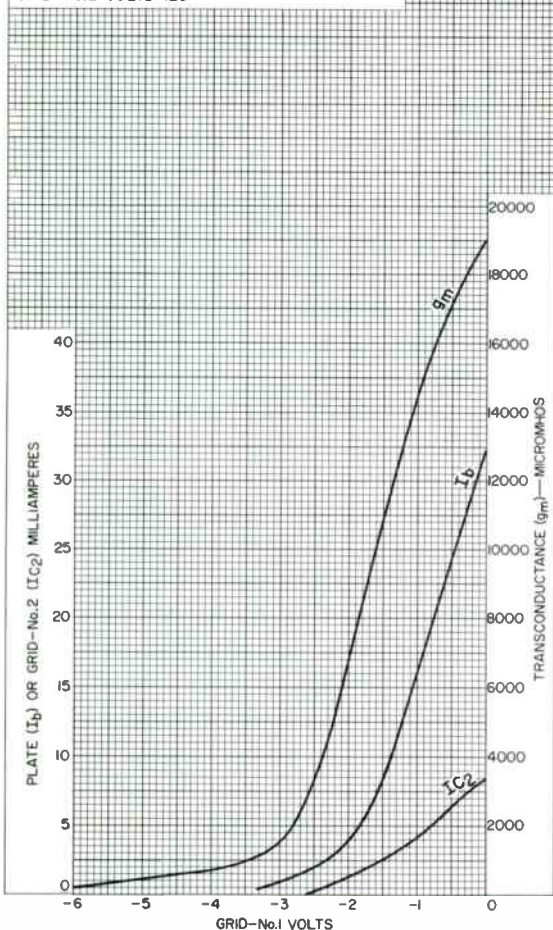
92CM-11951



6JD6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 125
GRID No. 3 CONNECTED TO CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-No. 2 VOLTS = 125



92CM-11952R1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Service
in Low-B+, Black-and-White TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Voltage (AC or DC):	6.3 ± 0.6	V
Current at 6.3 V:	1.600	A
Maximum heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode:		
Peak:	200	V
Heater positive with respect to cathode:		
Peak:	200	V
DC component:	100	V

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)^a

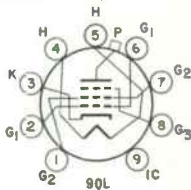
Grid No.1 to plate:	1.2	pF
Input: G1 to (K, G3, G2, H)	22.0	pF
Output: P to (K, G3, G2, H)	9.0	pF

MECHANICAL

Operating Position:	Any
Type of Cathode:	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length:	3.550 in
Seated Length:	2.910 to 3.170 in
Diameter:	1.438 to 1.562 in
Dimensional Outline:	See General Section
Bulb:	T12
Cap:	Skirted Miniature (JEDEC No. C1-2 or C1-3)
Base:	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No. E9-88)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

Pin 1 - Grid No.2
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Cathode
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater
Pin 6 - Grid No.1
Pin 7 - Grid No.2
Pin 8 - Grid No.3
Pin 9 - Do Not Use
Cap - Plate



CHARACTERISTICS

Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^b :	6500	-	-	V
Plate Voltage:	-	50	130	V
Grid No.3:	Connected to cathode at socket			
Grid-No.2 Voltage:	125	125	125	V
Grid-No.1 Voltage:	-	0	-20	V
Plate Resistance (Approx.):	-	-	12000	Ω



6JF6

Transconductance	-	-	10000	μ mho
Plate Current	-	525 ^c	80	mA
Grid-No.2 Current		32 ^c	2.5	mA
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.)	-125	-	-40	V

For plate mA = 1

Triode Amplification Factor (Triode connection: grid No.2 connected to plate at socket. Plate volts = grid-No.2 volts = 125; grid-No.1 volts = -20) 4.1

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Supply Voltage		770	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^d		6500	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage		1500	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage ^e		100	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage		220	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage		330	V
Cathode Current			
Peak		950	mA
Average		275	mA
Grid-No.2 Input		3.5	W
Plate Dissipation ^f		17	W
Bulb Temperature		240	°C

At hottest point on bulb surface

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance

For grid-resistor-bias operation ^f	0.47	M Ω
For plate-pulsed operation	10	M Ω

(Horizontal-deflection circuits only)

^a Without external shield.

^b Under conditions shown in footnote^d.

^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

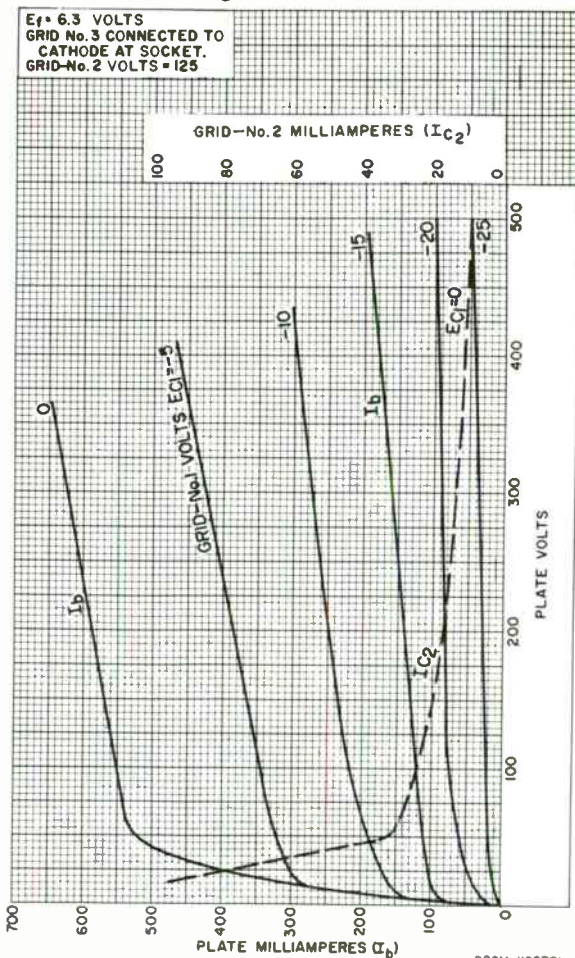
^d This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

^e In horizontal-deflection-amplifier service, a positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "snivets" which may occur in both vhf and uhf television receivers. A typical value for this voltage is 50 volts.

^f An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

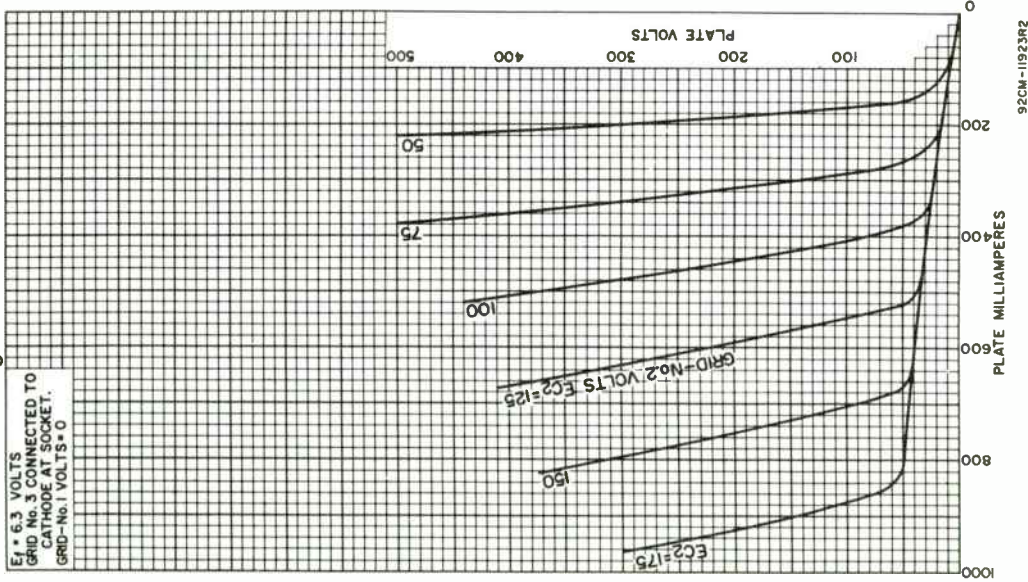


Average Characteristics



6JF6

Average Characteristics



Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

SEPARATE GRID-NO.3 BASE-PIN TERMINAL FOR "SNIVETS" CONTROL^a

For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Service
in Low-B+ Black-and-White TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.600	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^b max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)^c

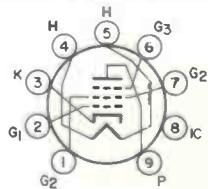
Grid No.1 to plate	0.7	pf
Input: G1 to (K, G3, G2, H)	22.0	pf
Output: P to (K, G3, G2, H)	9.0	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3.130"
Seated Length	2.500" to 2.750"
Diameter	1.438" to 1.562"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T12
Base	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No. E9-88)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9QU

- Pin 1 - Grid No.2
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Grid No.3
- Pin 7 - Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - Do Not Use
- Pin 9 - Plate



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Connection ^d	Pentode Connection	
Plate Voltage	125	50	130 volts
Grid No.3	Connected to cathode at socket		
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-	125	125 volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-20	0	-20 volts
Amplification Factor	4.1	-	-
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	-	12000 ohms
Transconductance	-	-	10000 μmhos
Plate Current	-	525 ^e	80 ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	32 ^e	2.5 ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma = 1	-	-	-40 volts



6JG6A

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^f

DC Plate Supply Voltage.	770 max.	volts
Peak-Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^g	6500 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage.	1500 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.3 (Suppressor-Grid) Voltage ^a	75 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	220 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage: Negative-bias value.	55 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 Voltage.	330 max.	volts
Cathode Current: Peak	950 max.	ma
Average.	275 max.	ma
Grid-No.2 Input.	3.5 max.	watts
Plate Dissipation ^h	17 max.	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface)	220 max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-No.1-resistor-bias

operation. 2.2 max. megohms

^a A positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "snivets" which may occur in television receivers. A typical value for this voltage is 30 volts.

^b The ac component must not exceed 100 volts.

^c without external shield.

^d with grid No.2 connected to plate at socket.

^e This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

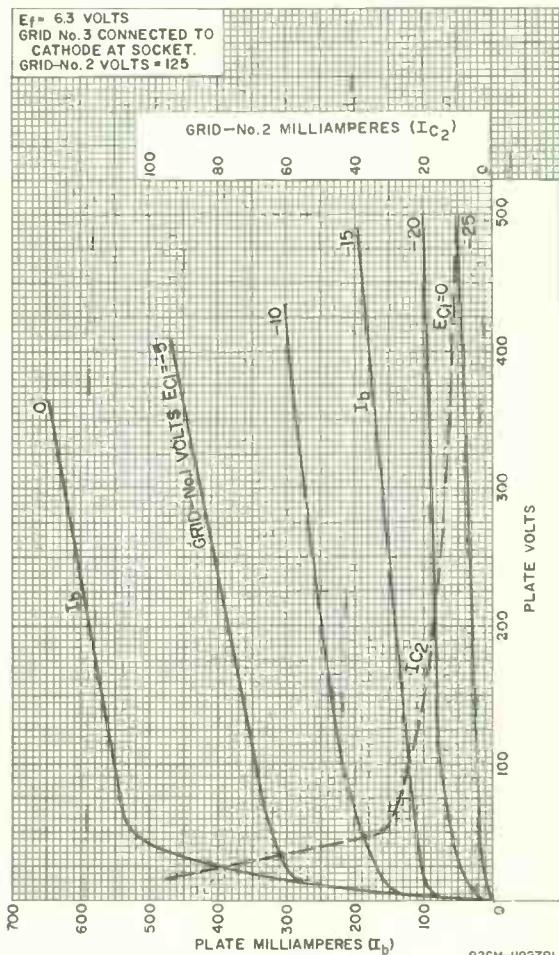
^f As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^g This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

^h An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



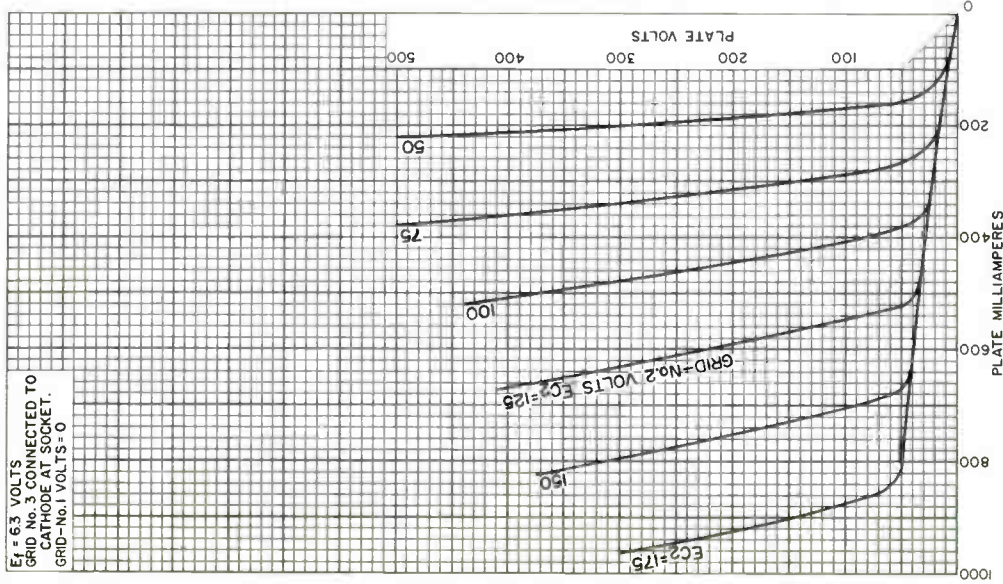
92CM-11927R1



6JG6A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 63$ VOLTS
GRID No. 3 CONNECTED TO
CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-No. 1 VOLTS = 0



92CM-11923RI

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices

Harrison, N. J.



Semiremote-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Use in Gain-Controlled Picture-IF
Amplifier Stages of Color TV Receivers

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.300	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^b	
Grid No.1 to plate	0.025 max.	0.015 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	7	7	pf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	2	3	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	125	volts
Grid No.3	<i>Connected to cathode at socket</i>	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	125	volts
Cathode Resistor	56	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.26	megohm
Transconductance	8000	μmhos
Plate Current	14	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.6	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 50 and cathode resistor (ohms) = 0	-19	volts
Transconductance Range for grid- No.1 volts = -4.5 and cathode resistor of 56 ohms	400-900	μmhos

Mechanical:

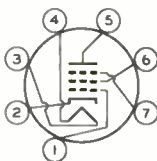
Mounting Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"



6JH6

Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb T5-1/2
 Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 7CM

Pin 1 - Grid No. 1
 Pin 2 - Cathode
 Pin 3 - Heater
 Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
 Pin 6 - Grid No. 2
 Pin 7 - Grid No. 3,
 Internal
 Shield

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 300 max. volts
 GRID-No. 3 (SUPPRESSOR-GRID) VOLTAGE 0 max. volts
 GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE 300 max. volts
 GRID-No. 2 VOLTAGE See *Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart*
 at front of Receiving Tube Section
 GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:
 Positive-bias value 0 max. volts
 GRID-No. 2 INPUT:
 For grid-No. 2 voltages
 up to 150 volts 0.55 max. watt
 For grid-No. 2 voltages
 between 150 and 300 volts . See *Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart*
 at front of Receiving Tube Section
 PLATE DISSIPATION 2.3 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

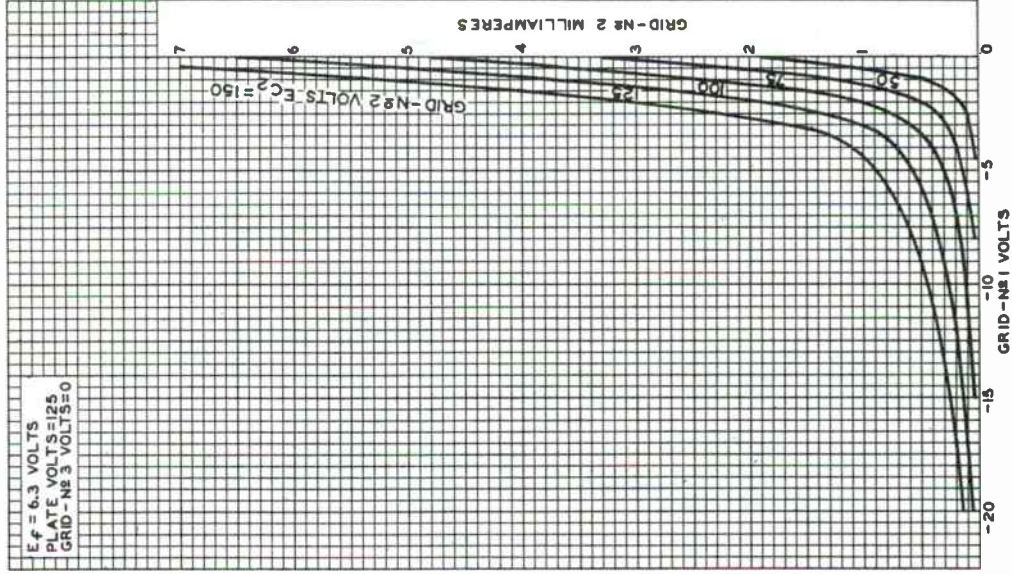
Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance:
 For fixed-bias operation 0.25 max. megohm
 For cathode-bias operation 1 max. megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
^b with external shield JEDEC No. 316 connected to cathode.



6JH6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-9465RI

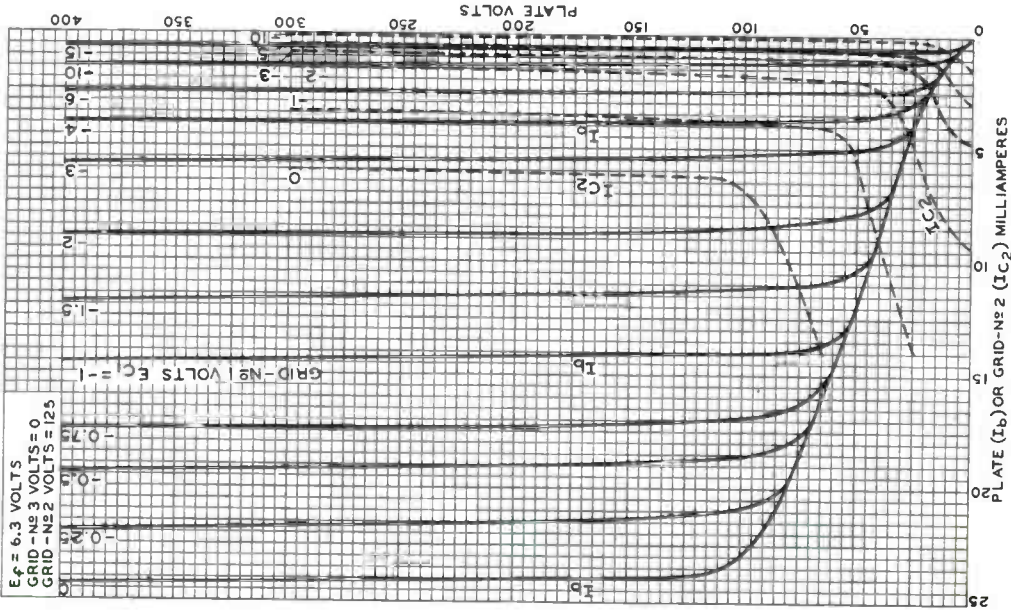


RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
4-63

6JH6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



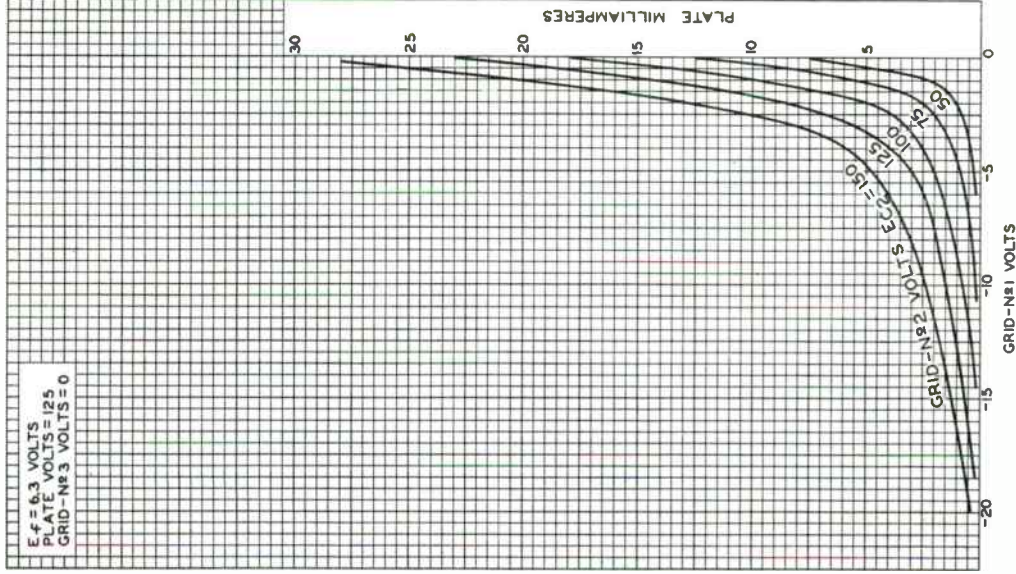
92CM-8508R2

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.



6JH6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-948IRI

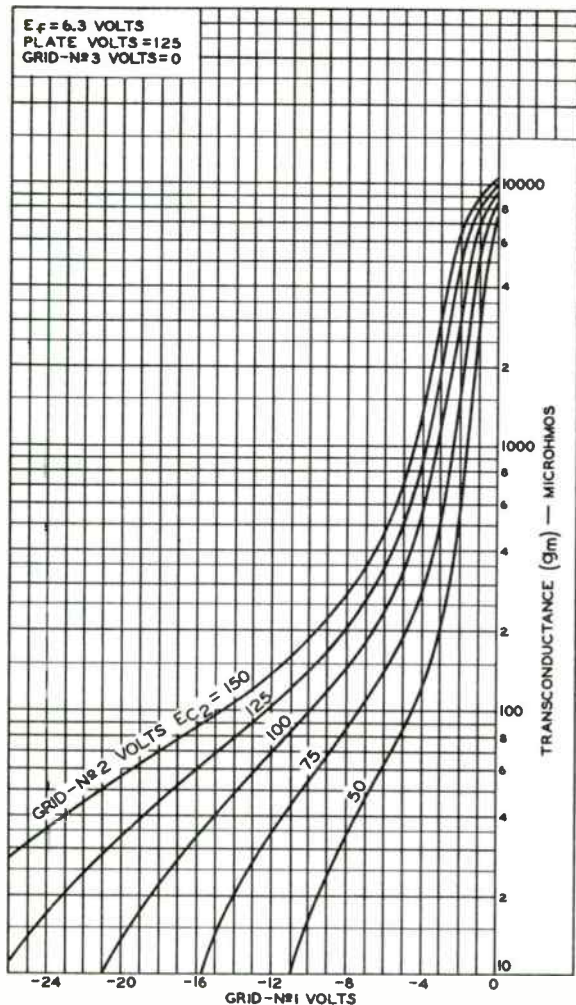


RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
4-63

6JH6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-8509R1



Beam-Deflection Tube

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3 . . .	0.300	amp
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a		
Grid No.1 to all other electrodes except both plates.	7.5	μf
Grid No.1 to deflecting electrode No.1.	0.04 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to deflecting electrode No.2.	0.07 max.	μf
Plate No.1 to all other electrodes.	5.0	μf
Plate No.2 to all other electrodes.	5.0	μf
Plate No.1 to plate No.2.	0.4	μf
Deflecting electrode No.1 to all other electrodes	4.8	μf
Deflecting electrode No.2 to all other electrodes	4.8	μf
Deflecting electrode No.1 to deflecting electrode No.2. . .	0.38	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

*With both plates connected together and with both
deflecting electrodes connected to cathode at socket*

Plate-No.1 Supply Voltage	250	volts
Plate-No.2 Supply Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage	250	volts
Cathode Resistor.	220	ohms
Total Plate Current	14	ma
Grid-No.3 Current	1.5	ma
Transconductance.	4400	μmhos
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for total plate μ i = 10	-13	volts

Mechanical:

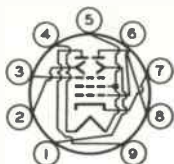
Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . .	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Naval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)



6JH8

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9DP

- Pin 1 - Deflecting Electrode No. 2
- Pin 2 - Deflecting Electrode No. 1
- Pin 3 - Grid No. 3
- Pin 4 - Heater



- Pin 5^b - Heater, Internal Shield, Grid No. 2
- Pin 6 - Grid No. 1
- Pin 7 - Cathode
- Pin 8 - Plate No. 2
- Pin 9 - Plate No. 1

COLOR-TV DEMODULATOR

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE (Each plate)	330 max.	volts
PEAK DEFLECTING-ELECTRODE VOLTAGE (Each electrode):		
Negative value	165 max.	volts
Positive value	165 max.	volts
GRID-No. 3 (ACCELERATING-GRID) VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 (FOCUSING-GRID) VOLTAGE	<i>.Connect to cathode at socket</i>	
GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
GRID-No. 3 INPUT	1 max.	watt
CATHODE CURRENT	33 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION (Each plate)	3 max.	watts

Typical Operation:

Plate Supply Voltage (Each plate)	250	volts
Grid-No. 3 Voltage	250	volts
Grid No. 2	<i>.Connected to cathode at socket</i>	
Cathode Resistor	220	ohms
Maximum Deflecting-Electrode Switching Voltage ^c	20	volts
Deflecting-Electrode Voltage for minimum deflecting-electrode switching voltage ^c	-14	volts
Voltage Difference Between Deflecting Electrodes for plate-No. 1 current and plate-No. 2 current to be equal.	0	volts
Maximum Plate-No. 1 Current for deflecting-electrode-No. 1 volts = -15, and deflecting-electrode-No. 2 volts = +15.	0.7	ma
Maximum Plate-No. 2 Current for deflecting-electrode-No. 1 volts = +15, and deflecting-electrode-No. 2 volts = -15.	0.7	ma



Maximum Deflecting-Electrode-No.1

Current for deflecting- electrode-No.1 volts = +25, and deflecting-electrode-No.2 volts = -25	0.1	ma
--	-----	----

Maximum Deflecting-Electrode-No.2

Current for deflecting- electrode-No.1 volts = -25, and deflecting-electrode-No.2 volts = +25	0.1	ma
--	-----	----

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation. . . .	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation. . .	0.25 max.	megohm

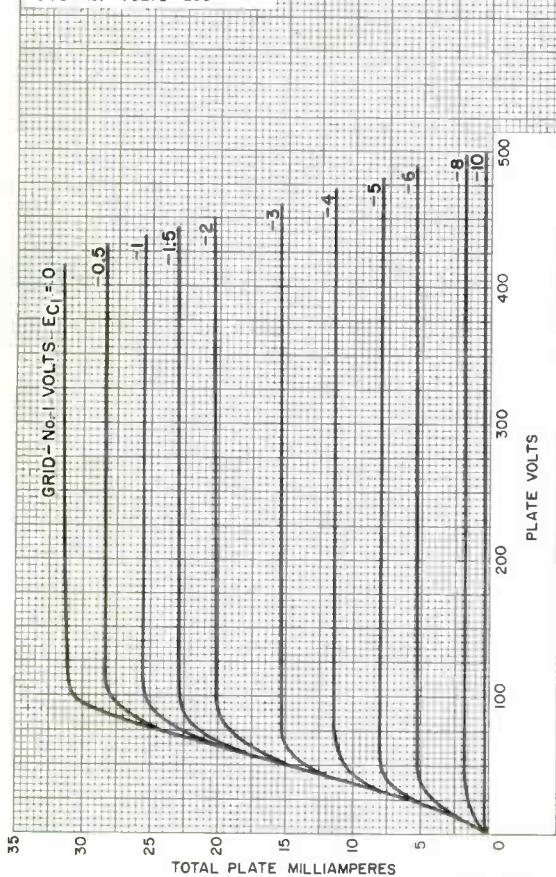
^a Without external shield.^b Pin 5 should be connected directly to cathode at socket.^c The Deflecting-Electrode Switching Voltage is the total voltage change on either deflecting electrode with an equal and opposite voltage change on the other deflecting electrode required to switch the plate current from one plate to the other plate.**OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS**

This type should be located in equipment so that it is not subjected to stray magnetic fields which may affect the intrinsic operating plate-current balance.



Average Plate Characteristics

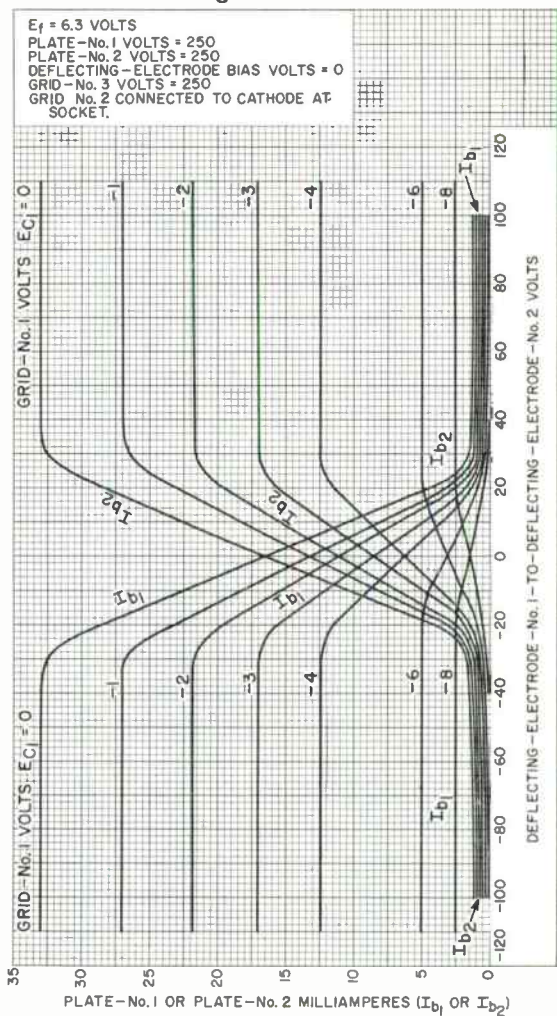
$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE No. 2 CONNECTED
 TO PLATE No. 1 AT SOCKET.
 DEFLECTING ELECTRODES
 No. 1 AND No. 2 AND GRID No. 2
 CONNECTED TO CATHODE AT
 SOCKET.
 GRID-No. 3 VOLTS = 250



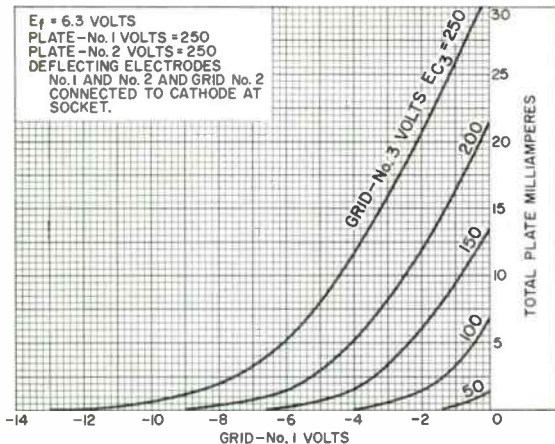
92CM-12938



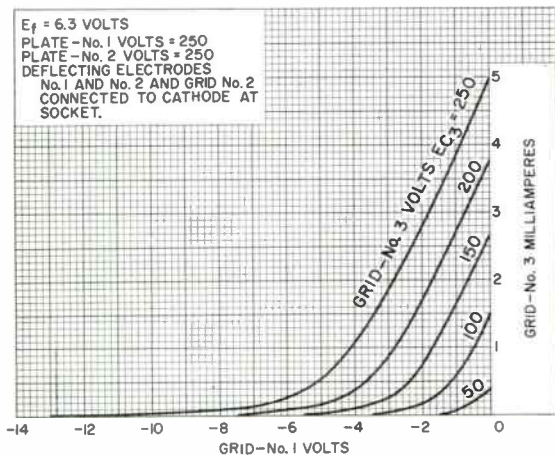
Average Characteristics



Average Characteristics



92CS-12936



92CS-12937



Beam Power Tube

with an Integral Diode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

PLATE DISSIPATION = 10 WATTS

DARK HEATER

*For Feedback-Stabilized Vertical Deflection
Amplifier Applications in Black-and-White and Color TV Receivers*

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Bogey Values

Heater Voltage (AC or DC)	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	1.2	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances			
Without external shield			
Grid No. 1 to plate	e_{g1-p}	0.32	pF
Input: G1 to (K, G3 + P _D , G2, H)	c_i	13.0	pF
Output: P to (K, G3 + P _D , G2, H)	c_o	6.0	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions

Amplification Factor			
(Triode Connection) ^a	μ	6.5	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	10.5	k Ω
Transconductance	g_m	4200	μ mho
DC Plate Current	I_b	150 ^b	35 mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	20 ^b	2.5 mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	$E_{c1}(co)$		-37 V
Plate mA = 1			
Instantaneous Diode-Plate-to-Cathode-Voltage Drop for instantaneous diode-plate current (rb(d)) = 2 mA			
	$e_{b(d)}$	5	V

Conditions

Heater	E_h	6.3	6.3	V
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	40	140	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage	E_{c3}	0	0	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	120	140	V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	E_{c1}	0	-18	V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

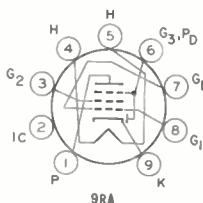
Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 6-4)	See General Section
Maximum Overall Length	3.062 in (77.77 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	2.812 in (71.42 mm)
Maximum Diameter	0.875 in (22.22 mm)
Envelope	JEDEC Designation T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC Designation E9-1)
Terminal Diagram	9RA



6JQ6

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Plate
- Pin 2 - Do Not Use
- Pin 3 - Grid No. 2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Grid No. 3,
Diode Plate
- Pin 7 - Grid No. 1
- Pin 8 - Grid No. 1
- Pin 9 - Cathode



DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS^c

For operation as a Feedback-Stabilized Vertical-Deflection-Amplifier Tube in Black-&White & Color Television Receivers in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Voltage	E_b	425	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage (Absolute-Maximum Value) ^d	e_{bm}	2000	V
DC Grid-No. 3 & Diode-Plate Voltage.	$E_{c3}, E_b(d)$	+10	V
		-150	V
DC Grid-No. 2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage.	E_{c2}	330	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No. 1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	e_{c1m}	150	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
Average ^e	$E_{hk(av)}$	100	V
Heater Voltage (AC or DC).	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current			
Peak	i_{km}	250	mA
Average ^e	$I_{k(av)}$	70	mA
Average Diode-Plate (& Grid-No. 3) Current ^e	$I_b(av) (d)$	1	mA
Grid-No. 2 Input	P_{g2}	2	W
Plate Dissipation	P_b	10	W
Envelope Temperature (At hottest point on envelope surface).	T_E	240	°C

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance	$R_{g1(ckt)}$		
For grid-No. 1-resistor-bias operation.	-	2.2	MΩ
For cathode-bias operation	-	2.2	MΩ

^a With grid No. 3 and diode plate connected to cathode and with grid No. 2 connected to plate at socket.

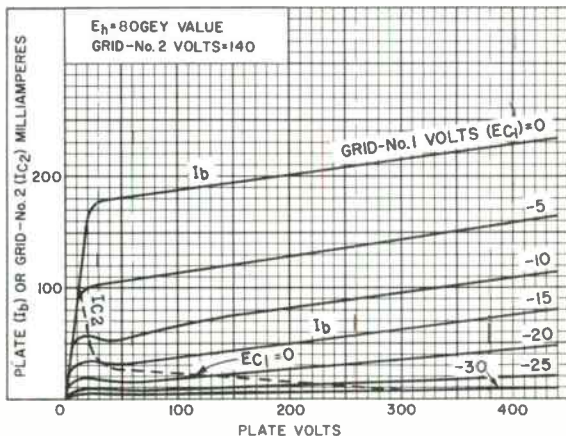
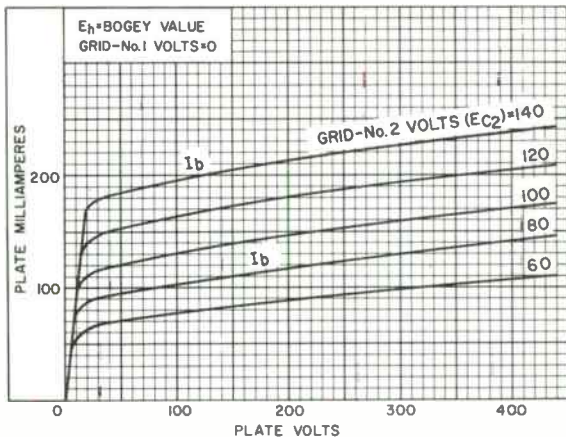
^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^c Unless otherwise specified.

^d This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 ms.

^e Measured with a dc meter.

Typical Characteristics





Beam Power Tube

Novar Type

For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Service in
Low-B+, Black-and-White TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Bogey Values

Heater Voltage, ac or dc.	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	1.6	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a			
Grid No.1 to plate	c_{g1-p}	0.7	pF
Input: G1 to (K,G3,G2,H)	c_i	22.0	pF
Output: P to (K,G3,G2,H)	c_o	9.0	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:

Amplification Factor (Triode Connection) ^b	μ	-	-	4.7	-
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	-	-	-	18 $k\Omega$
Transconductance	g_m	-	-	-	7000 μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	-	470 ^c	-	45 mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	-	32 ^c	-	1.5 mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage for $I_b = 1 \text{ mA}$	$E_{c1(co)}$	-75	-	-	-32 V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	Bogey value			V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^d	e_{bm}	6500	-	-	- V
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	-	50	125	130 V
Grid No.3	-	Connected to cathode at socket			
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	125	125	125	125 V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	E_{c1}	-	0	-20	-20 V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Overall Length	3.130 in (79.50 mm)				
Maximum Seated Length	2.750 in (69.85 mm)				
Maximum Diameter	1.562 in (39.67 mm)				
Envelope	JEDEC Designation T12				
Dimensional Outline	JEDEC Designation 12-96				
Base ^e	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC Designation E9-88)				
Terminal Connections (See TERMINAL DIAGRAM)	JEDEC Designation 9QU				
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential				
Operating Position	Any				

6JR6

MAXIMUM RATINGS - Design Maximum Values^f

*For operation as a Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier
Tube in a 525-line, 30-frame system*

DC Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	770	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^g	e_{bm}	6500	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage	$-e_{bm}$	1500	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage ^h	E_{c3}	75	V
DC Grid-No.2(Screen-Grid) Voltage	E_{c2}	220	V
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
Negative-bias value	$-E_{c1}$	55	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid No.1 Voltage	$-e_{clm}$	330	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage:			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
Average	$E_{hk(av)}$	100	V
Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current:			
Peak	i_{km}	950	V
Average	$I_{k(av)}$	275	V
Grid-No.2 Input	P_{g2}	3.5	V
Plate Dissipation ^k	P_b	17	V
Envelope Temperature (at hottest point on envelope surface)	T_E	240	°C

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: $R_{g1(ckt)}$		
For grid-No.1-resistor-bias operation	0.47	$M\Omega$
For plate-pulsed operation (horizontal-deflection circuits only)	10	$M\Omega$

^a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.

^b With Grid No.2 connected to plate at socket.

^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^d Under pulse-duration condition specified in Footnote ^g.

^e Designed to mate with "Novar 9-contact" Socket generally available from your local RCA Distributor.

^f As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239.

^g This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 μ s.

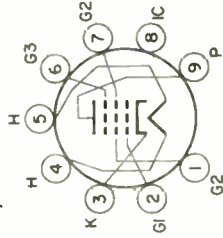
^h In horizontal-deflection-amplifier service, a positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference

6JR6

from "snivets" which may occur in both vhf and uhf television receivers. A typical operating value for this voltage is 30 V.

- k An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

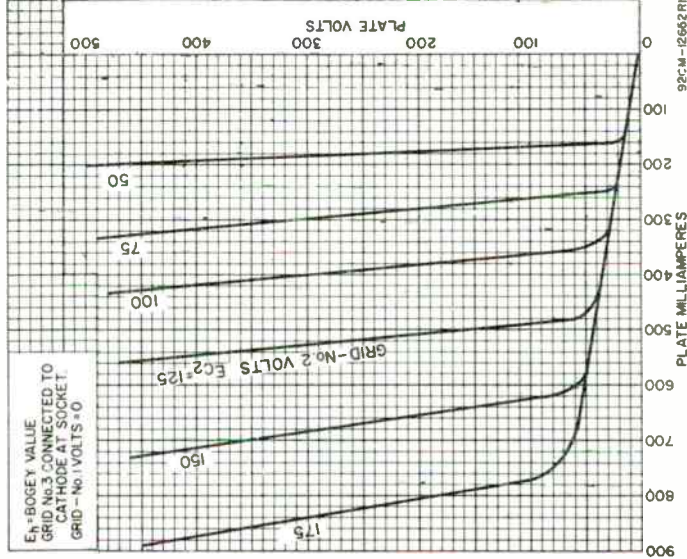
TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)



- Pin 1 - Grid No.2
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Grid No.3
- Pin 7 - Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - Do Not Use
- Pin 9 - Plate

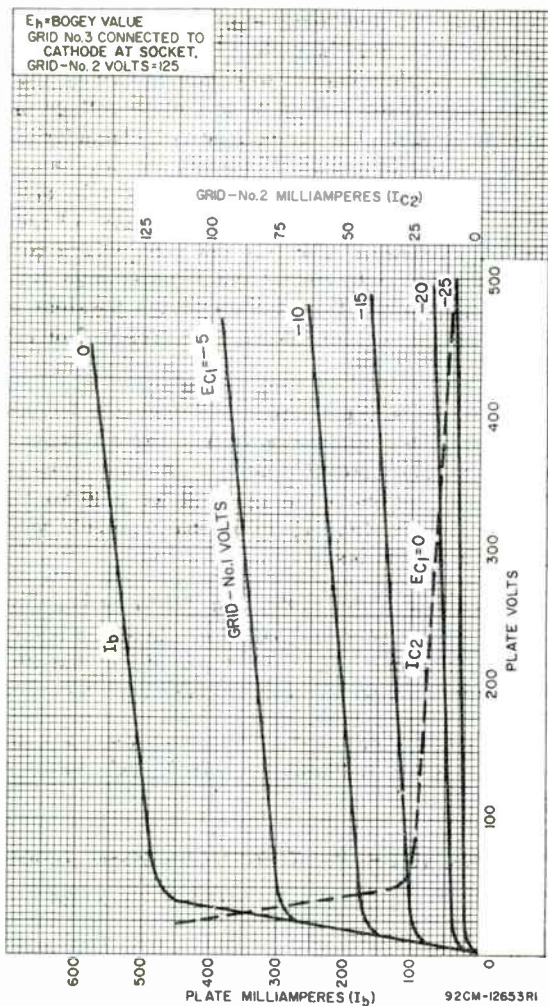
JEDEC 90U

TYPICAL PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



6JR6

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



6JT6A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

SEPARATE GRID-No 3 BASE-PIN TERMINAL FOR "SNIVETS" CONTROL^a

For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier

Service in Black-and-White TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Ratings and Characteristics:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.200	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^b max.	volts

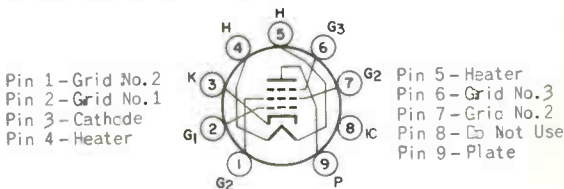
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^c

Grid No.1 to plate	0.26	pf
Input: G1 to (K,G3,G2,H)	15.0	pf
Output: P to (K,G3,G2,H)	6.5	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.880"
Seated Length	2.250" to 2.500"
Diameter	1.438" to 1.562"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T12
Base	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No. E9-88)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9QU



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Connection ^d	Pentode Connection	
Plate Voltage	150	60 250	volts
Grid No. 3	-	Connected to Cathode at socket	
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	150	150 150	volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-22.5	0 -22.5	volts
Amplification Factor	4.4	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	15000	ohms
Transconductance	-	7100	μmhos



6JT6A

	Triode Connection ^d	Pentode Connection	
Plate Current.	-	390 ^e	70 ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	-	32 ^g	2.1 ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma = 1	-	-	-42 volts

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^f

DC Plate Supply Voltage.	770 max.	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^g	6500 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage.	1500 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.3 (Suppressor-Grid) Voltage ^a	70 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid)-Voltage	220 max.	volts
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage: Negative-bias value.	55 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 Voltage.	330 max.	volts
Cathode Current: Peak	550 max.	ma
Average.	175 max.	ma
Grid-No.2 Input.	3.5 max.	watts
Plate Dissipation ^h	17.5 max.	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface)	240 max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias operation 1 max. megohm

^a A positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "snivets" which may occur in television receivers. A typical value for this voltage is 30 volts.

^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^c without external shield.

^d with grid No.2 connected to plate at socket.

^e This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^f As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.

^g This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

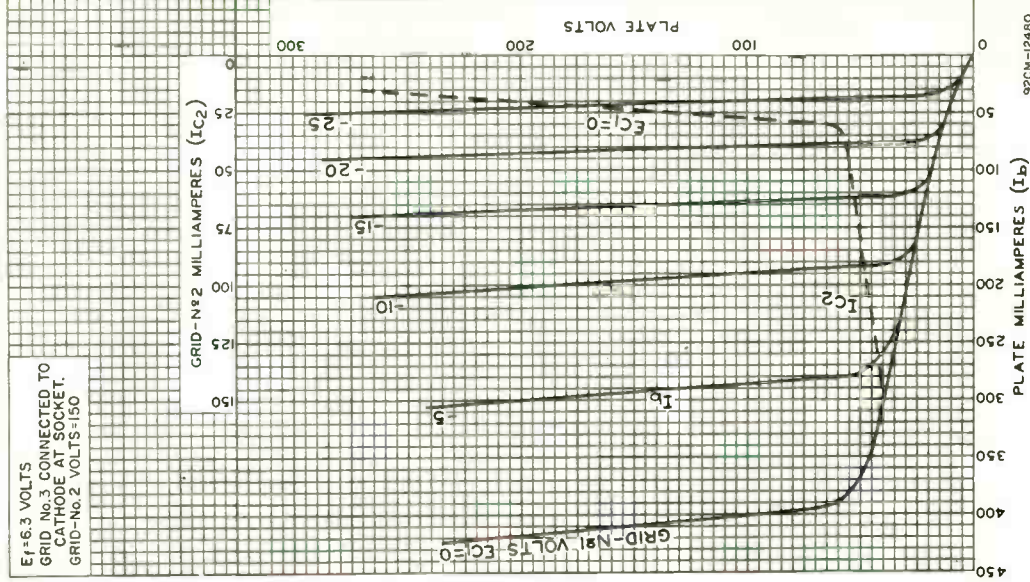
^h An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



6JT6A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID No. 3 CONNECTED TO
CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-No. 2 VOLTS = 150



92CM-12480



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
10-64



Quadruple Diode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Phase-Detector and Noise-Immune Color-Killer Circuits in Color-Television Receivers, and for FM-Stereo-Multiplex Equipment

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.600	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	300 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	300 max.	volts

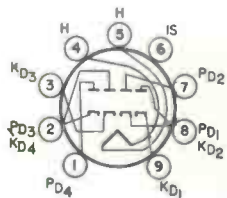
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^a

P _{D1} +K _{D2} to K _{D1}	1.8	pf
P _{D1} +K _{D2} to P _{D2}	2.2	pf
P _{D2} to (IS,H)	0.6	pf
P _{D3} +K _{D4} to K _{D3}	1.9	pf
P _{D3} +K _{D4} to P _{D4}	2.2	pf
P _{D4} to (IS,H)	0.94	pf
K _{D1} to (IS,H)	1.8	pf
K _{D3} to (IS,H)	1.9	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9PQ

- Pin 1 - Plate of Unit No. 4
- Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No. 3,
Cathode of Unit No. 4
- Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No. 3
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Internal Shield
- Pin 7 - Plate of Unit No. 2
- Pin 8 - Plate of Unit No. 1,
Cathode of Unit No. 2
- Pin 9 - Cathode of Unit No. 1



6JU8A

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Values are for Each Unit

Peak Inverse Plate Voltage.	300 max.	volts
Peak Plate Current.	54 max.	ma
DC Output Current	9 max.	ma

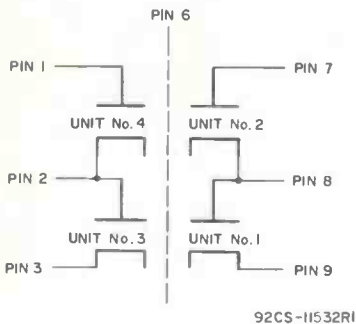
Characteristics, Instantaneous Value:

Values are for Each Unit

Plate Current for plate volts = 10	60	ma
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^a without external shield.

ARRANGEMENT OF DIODE UNITS



High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Sound-IF, Keyed-AGC, Sync-Separator, Sync-Amplifier,
Noise-Suppression Circuits, and Video Amplifier Service

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.600 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec

Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^d

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	2.2	pf
Grid to cathode and heater	3.0	pf
Plate to cathode and heater	2.0	pf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.08 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2 and heater	8.0	pf
Pentode plate to pentode cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2 and heater	3.2	pf
Pentode grid No.1 to triode plate	0.012 max.	pf
Pentode plate to triode plate	0.24 max.	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Triode Unit

Plate Voltage	200	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2	volts
Amplification Factor	70	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	17500	ohms
Transconductance	4000	μmhos
Plate Current	4	ma



6JV8

Triode Unit

Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.)
for plate $\mu = 20$ -5 volts

Pentode Unit

Plate Voltage	40	60	125	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	125	200	125	200	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	0	-1	-2.9	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	-	100000	150000	ohms
Transconductance	-	-	11500	10700	μ mhos
Plate Current	28*	51*	22	22	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	9*	14*	4	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu = 20$	-	-	-5.5	-9	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any
 Type of Cathodes Coated Unipotential
 Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"
 Maximum Seated Length 2-3/8"
 Length from Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 2" \pm 3/32"
 Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb T6-1/2
 Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9DX

- Pin 1 -Triode Cathode
- Pin 2 -Triode Grid
- Pin 3 -Triode Plate
- Pin 4 -Heater
- Pin 5 -Heater
- Pin 6 -Pentode Cathode, Grid No.3, Internal Shield



- Pin 7 -Pentode Grid No.1
- Pin 8 -Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 9 -Pentode Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-NO.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value	50 max.	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.1 max.	4 max.	watts
GRID-NO.2 INPUT	-	1.7 max.	watts



Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1 Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation. . .	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

^a At heater amperes = 0.640.

^b At heater volts = 6.3.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

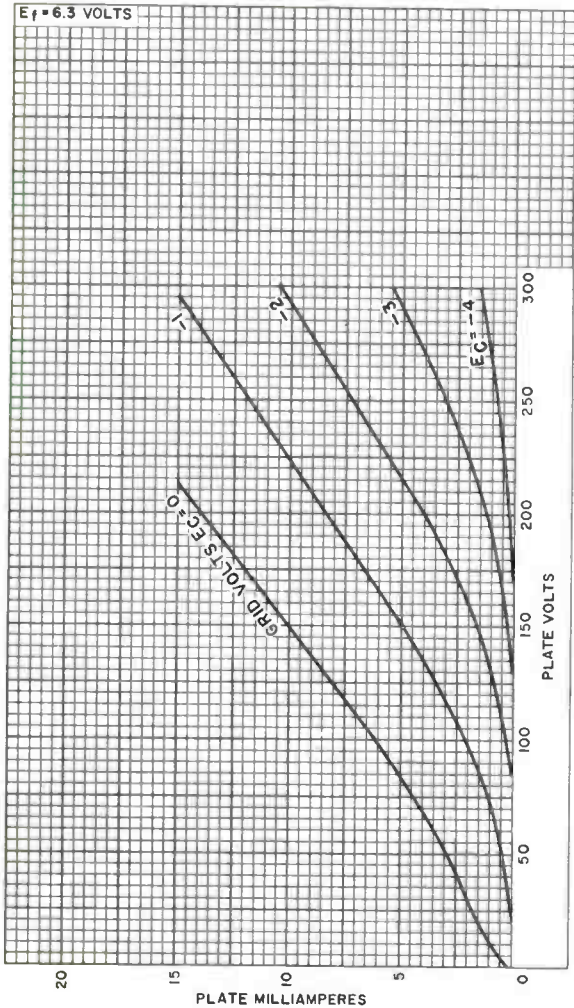
^d Without external shield.

^e This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.



6JV8

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



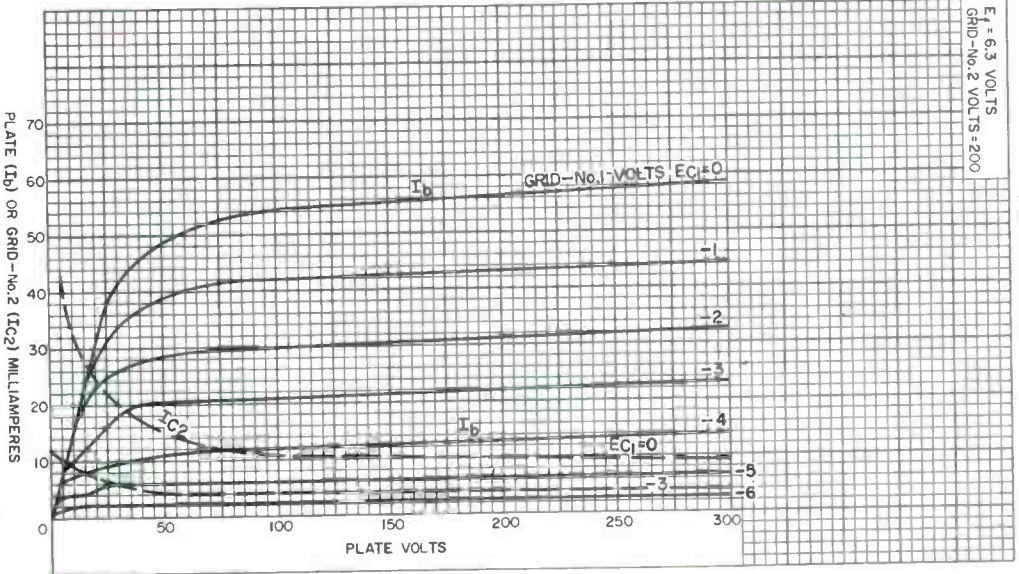
92CM-11960



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Pentode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 GRID-NO. 2 VOLTS = 200



92CM-11961

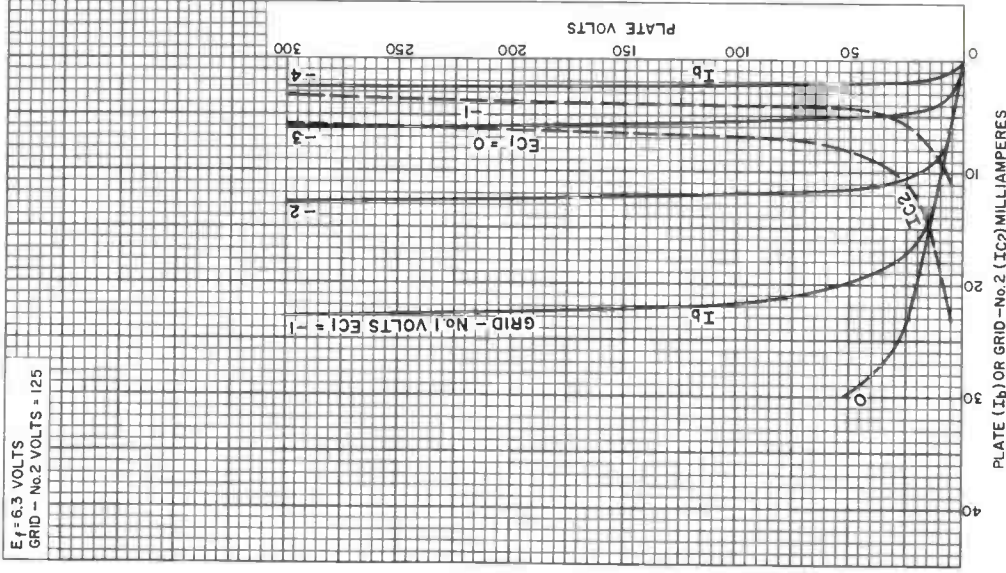


RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
 Electron Tube Division
 Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
 6-63

6JV8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM - 11962



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

Medium-Mu Triode— Beam Power Tube

DUODECAR TYPE

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.200	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200*	max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

Triode Unit:

G _T to P _T	3.6	pf
Input: G _T to (K _T , H)	2.2	pf
Output: P _T to (K _T , H)	0.7	pf

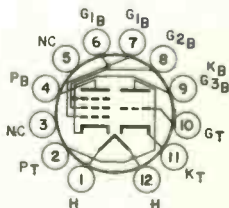
Beam Power Unit:

G _{1B} to P _B	0.34	pf
Input: G _{1B} to (K _B +G _{3B} , G _{2B} , H)	11.0	pf
Output: P _B to (K _B +G _{3B} , G _{2B} , H)	7.0	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Types of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.375"
Seated Length	1.750" to 2.000"
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T9
Base	Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC No. E12-70)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	12DZ

- Pin 1—Heater
- Pin 2—Triode Plate
- Pin 3—No Internal Connection
- Pin 4—Beam Power Plate
- Pin 5—Same as Pin 3
- Pin 6—Beam Power Grid No.1
- Pin 7—Beam Power Grid No.1
- Pin 8—Beam Power Grid No.2
- Pin 9—Beam Power Cathode,
Beam Power Grid No.3
- Pin 10—Triode Grid
- Pin 11—Triode Cathode
- Pin 12—Heater



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Beam Power Tube	
Plate Voltage	150	45	120
Grid-No.2 Voltage	—	110	110
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-5	0	-8
Amplification Factor	20	—	—



6JZ8

	Triode		Beam		
	Unit		Power	Tube	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	8500	-	1700		ohms
Transconductance	2350	-	1400		μ hos
Plate Current	5.5	122	46		ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	16.5	3.5		ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.)					
for plate $\mu=10$	-11	-	-		volts
100	-	-	-25		volts

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Triode Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC Plate Voltage	250 max.	volts
Peak Negative Pulse-Grid Voltage	400 max.	volts
Cathode Current:		
Peak	70 max.	ma
Average	20 max.	ma
Plate Dissipation	1 max.	watt

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	2.2 max.	megohms

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Beam Power Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC Plate Voltage	250 max.	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage	2000 max.	volts
Grid No.2 Voltage	200 max.	volts
Cathode Current:		
Peak	245 max.	ma
Average	70 max.	ma
Plate Dissipation ^d	7 max.	watts
Grid-No.2 Input	1.8 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	2.2 max.	megohms

^a The cc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.

^c This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

^d In stages operating with grid-leak bias, an adequate cathode-bias resistor or other suitable means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.





6K6-GT

6K6-GT

POWER PENTODE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3	. . . . .	ac or dc volts
Current	0.4	. . . . .	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):⁰

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.5	μ f
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	5.5	μ f
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	6	μ f

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter.	1-9/32"

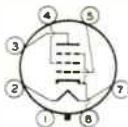
Dimensional Outline See General Section

Eulb. T-9

Base. Intermediate-Shell Octal 7-Pin (JETEC No.E7-7),
Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 7-Pin
with External Barriers (JETEC No.E7-59),
Intermediate-Shell Octal 6-Pin (JETEC No.E6-81),
or Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 6-Pin
with External Barriers (JETEC No.B6-84)

Easing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 7S

Pin 1 \blacklozenge - No Connection
Pin 2 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate
Pin 4 - Grid No.2



Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	315 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	285 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive bias value	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2.8 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	8.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200 [▲] max.	volts

⁰ without external shield.

\blacklozenge Pin 1 as well as pin 6 is omitted on the 5-Pin bases.

[▲]: See next page.

← Indicates a change.

6K6-GT



6K6-GT

POWER PENTODE

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	100	250	315	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	100	250	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-7	-18	-21	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage . .	7	18	21	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current . .	9	32	25.5	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current . .	9.5	33	28	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	1.6	5.5	4	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	3	10	9	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . .	104000	90000	110000	ohms
Transconductance	1500	2300	2100	μmhos
Load Resistance	12000	7600	9000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion . .	11	11	15	%
Max.-Signal Power Output . .	0.35	3.4	4.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	315 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	285 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive bias value	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2.8 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	8.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200▲max.	volts

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

	Fixed Bias	Cathode Bias	
Plate Voltage	285	285	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	285	285	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-25.5	-	volts
Cathode Resistor	-	400	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-			
Grid-No.1 Voltage	51	51	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current . .	55	55	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current . .	72	61	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	9	9	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	17	13	ma

▲: See next page.

→ Indicates a change.



6K6-GT

6K6-GT

POWER PENTODE

	Fixed Bias	Cathode Bias	
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	12000	12000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion . .	6	4	%
Max.-Signal Power Output . . .	10.5	9.8	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Triode Connection - Grid No.2 Connected to Plate

Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	25C	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-18	volts
Amplification Factor	6.8	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	250C	ohms
Transconductance	270C	μmhos
Plate Current	37.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 0.5 ma	-48	volts

VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Triode Connection - Grid No.2 Connected to Plate

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	315 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE (Absolute maximum) [#]	1200 [■] max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-NO.1 VOLTAGE . .	-250 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak	75 max.	ma
Average	25 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	7 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 [▲] max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation	2.2 max.	megohms
--------------------------------------	----------	---------

[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

[□] As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning
Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.

[#] This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does
not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line,
30-frame system, 15 percent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5
milliseconds.

[■] Under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.

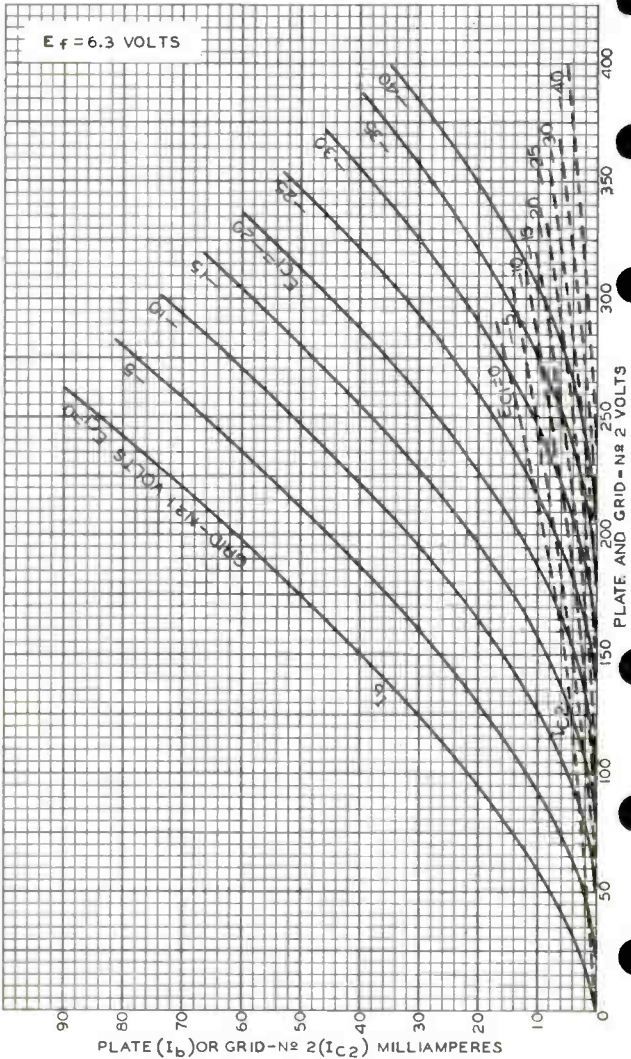
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6K6-GT



6K6-GT

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-Nº 2 (I_{c2}) MILLIAMPERES

PLATE AND GRID - Nº 2 VOLTS

TUBE DIVISION

92CM-5209R2

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

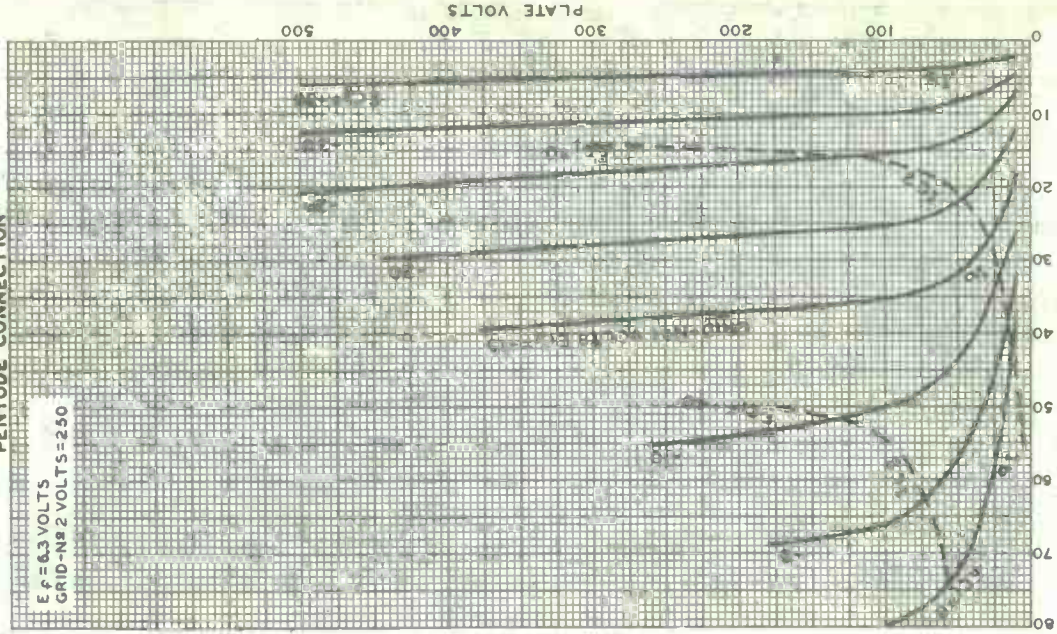
6K6-GT



6K6-GT

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N₂ 2 VOLTS = 250



FEB. 13, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARTFORD, CONN. 06105

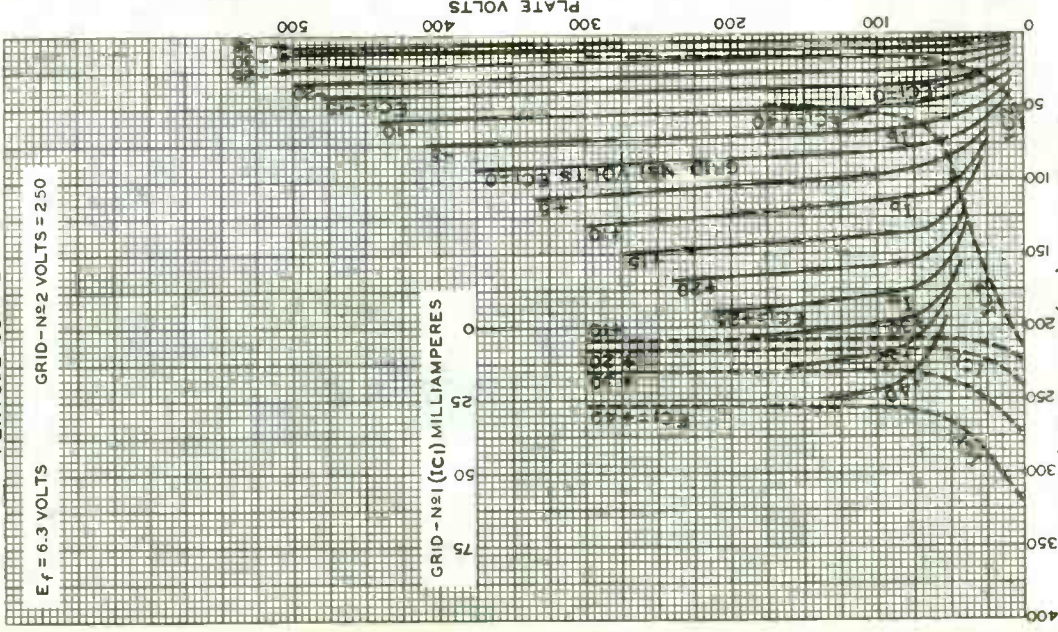
92CM-4001R2

6K6-GT



6K6-GT

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION



FEB. 13, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-N22 (IC2) MILLIAMPERES

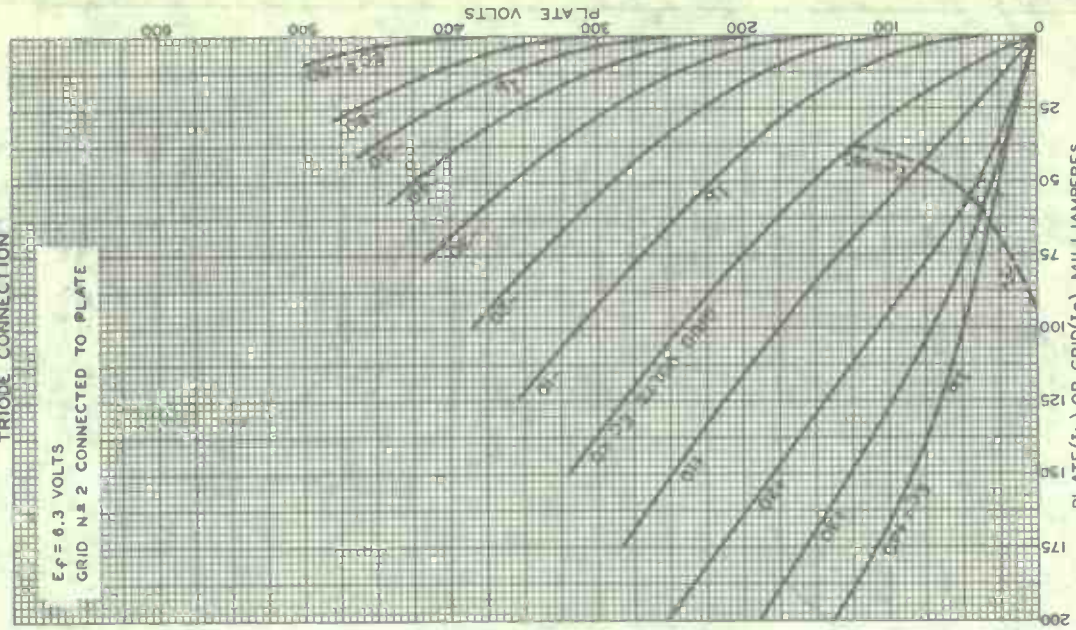
92CM-6311R1



6K6-GT

6K6-GT AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID N₂ 2 CONNECTED TO PLATE



AUG. 18, 1941

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RAID CORPORATION OF AMERICA, RADIOMOR, NEW JERSEY

PLATE (I_b) OR GRID (I_c) MILLIAMPERES

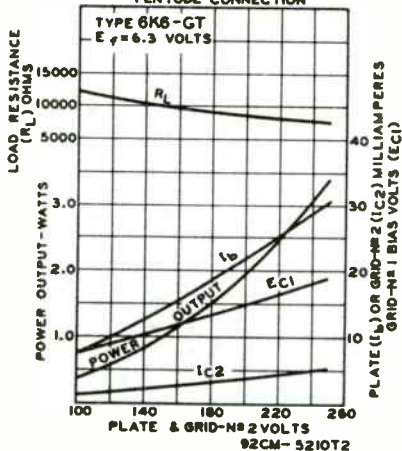
92CM-6313

6K6-GT

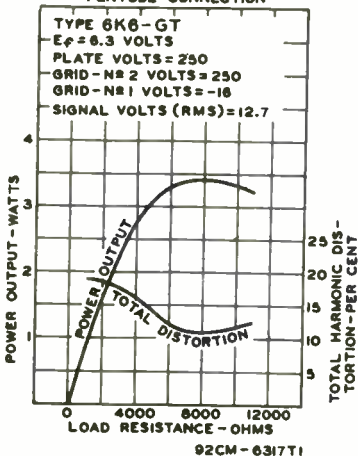


6K6-GT POWER PENTODE

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS
PENTODE CONNECTION



OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS
PENTODE CONNECTION



Three-Unit Triode

With Medium-Mu Unit and Two High-Mu Units

DUODECAR TYPE

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.600 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec

Peak heater-cathode voltage
(Each unit):

Heater negative with respect to cathode 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 200^c max. volts

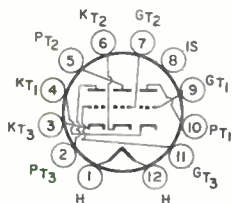
Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances (Approx.):^d

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	Unit No. 3	
Grid to plate	1.3	1.3	1.3	pf
Input: G to (K, IS, H)	1.9	1.8	1.8	pf
Output: P to (K, IS, H)	1.8	0.7	1.8	pf

Mechanical:

- Operating Position Any
- Type of Cathodes Coated Unipotential
- Maximum Overall Length 1.875"
- Seated Length 1.250" to 1.500"
- Diameter 1.062" to 1.188"
- Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 9-56) See *General Section*
- Bulb T9
- Base Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC No. E12-70)
- Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 12BY

- Pin 1-Heater
- Pin 2-Plate of Unit No. 3
- Pin 3-Cathode of Unit No. 3
- Pin 4-Cathode of Unit No. 1
- Pin 5-Plate of Unit No. 2
- Pin 6-Cathode of Unit No. 2
- Pin 7-Grid of Unit No. 2
- Pin 8-Internal Shield
- Pin 9-Grid of Unit No. 1
- Pin 10-Plate of Unit No. 1
- Pin 11-Grid of Unit No. 3
- Pin 12-Heater



AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2 or 3
------------	-----------------

Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	250	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-8.5	-2	volts



6K11/6Q11

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2 or 3	
Amplification Factor	17	100	
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . . .	7700	62500	ohms
Transconductance	2200	1600	μ hos
Plate Current	10.5	1.2	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 10	-24	-	volts
Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:			
Plate Voltage	330	330	volts
Grid Voltage:			
Negative-bias value	50	50	volts
Positive-bias value	0	0	volts
Cathode Current	20		ma
Plate Dissipation	2.75	0.3	watts

- a At heater amperes = 0.600.
- b At heater volts = 6.3
- c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- d without external shield.



High-Mu Triode—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

Pentode Unit Has Two Independent Control Grids

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.600 ^b	amp

Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec
-------------------------------------	----	---	-----

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
---	-----	------	-------

Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c	max.	volts
---	------------------	------	-------

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^d

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	2.2	μf
-------------------------	-----	----

Grid to cathode & internal shield, and heater	2.8	μf
---	-----	----

Plate to cathode & internal shield, and heater	2.2	μf
--	-----	----

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.1 max.	μf
------------------------------	----------	----

Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	9.5	μf
--	-----	----

Grid No.1 to grid No.3	0.5	μf
----------------------------------	-----	----

Grid No.3 to plate	2.2	μf
------------------------------	-----	----

Grid No.3 to cathode & internal shield, plate, grid No.2, grid No.1, and heater	7.0	μf
---	-----	----

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Supply Voltage	200	150	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage	-	0	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	-	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	-2	0	volts
Cathode Resistor	-	180	ohms
Amplification Factor	70	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	17500	100000	ohms
Transconductance, Grid No.1 to Plate	4000	4400	μmhos
Transconductance, Grid No.3 to Plate	-	600	μmhos



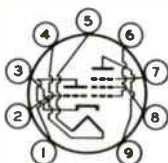
6KA8

Plate Current.	4	4	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	-	2.8	ma
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a =$			
10	-5	-	volts
20	-	-4	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 20$	-	-7	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode.	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length.	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	2" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline.	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . .	.9PV

- Pin 1 - Triode Plate
- Pin 2 - Triode Grid
- Pin 3 - Cathode, Internal Shield
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater



- Pin 6 - Pentode Grid No.1
- Pin 7 - Pentode Grid No.3
- Pin 8 - Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Pentode Plate

GATED AGC AMPLIFIER & NOISE INVERTER

Pentode Unit

*For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system**

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	300 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^f	600 max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value.	100 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)		
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE.	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart	at front of Receiving Tube Section
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value.	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 150 volts.	1.1 max.	watts



For grid-No.2 voltages
between 150 volts and
300 volts. See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION. 2 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.3-Circuit Resistance 0.68 max. megohm

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation 0.5 max. megohm

For cathode-bias operation 1 max. megohm

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Triode Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE. 300 max. volts

GRID VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value. 50 max. volts

Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts

PLATE DISSIPATION. 1.1 max. watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation 0.25 max. megohm

For cathode-bias operation 1 max. megohm

^a At heater amperes = 0.600.

^b At heater volts = 6.3.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^d Without external shield.

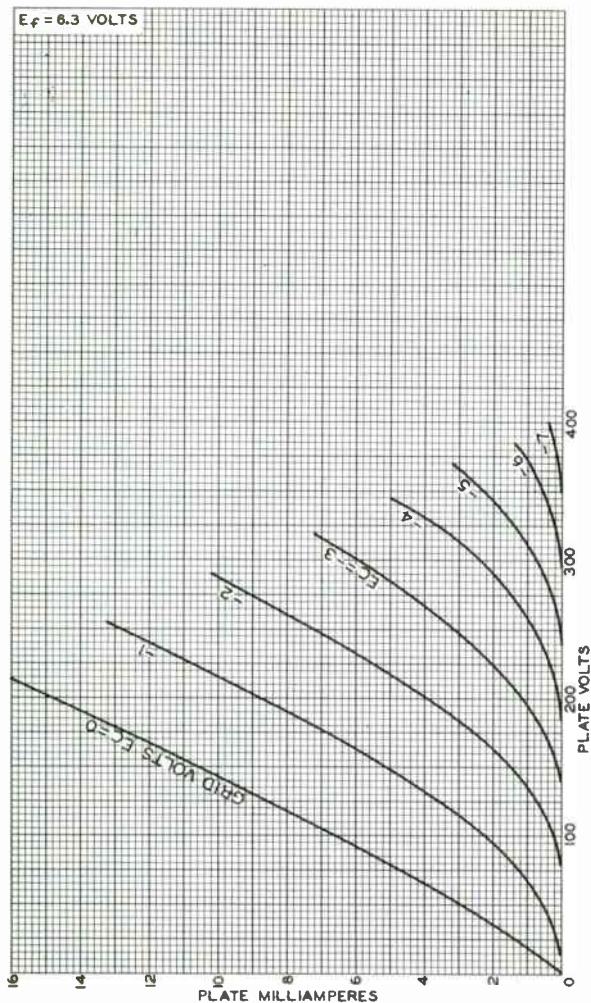
^e As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^f This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.



6KA8

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-8644

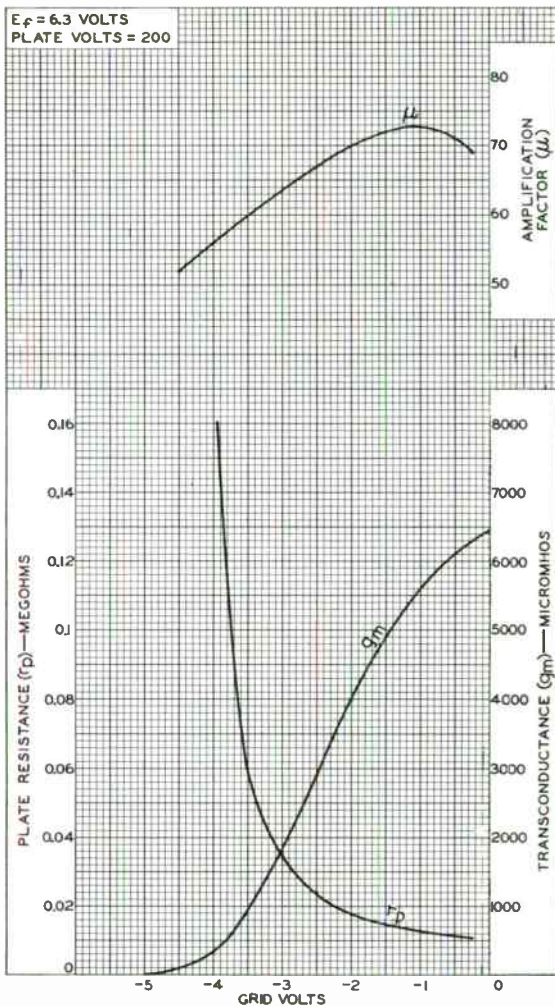
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



World Radio History

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

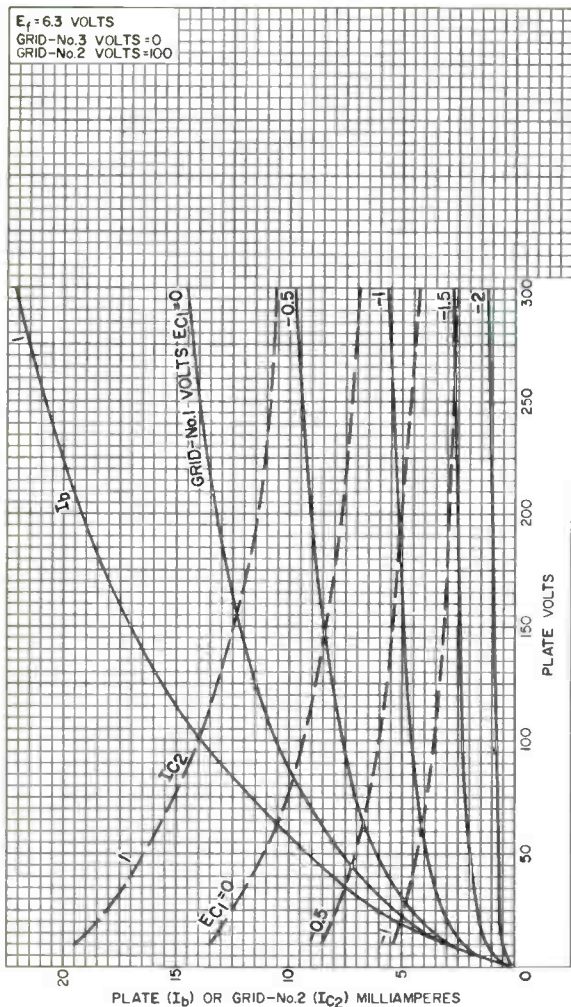


92CM-8647



6KA8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-11594

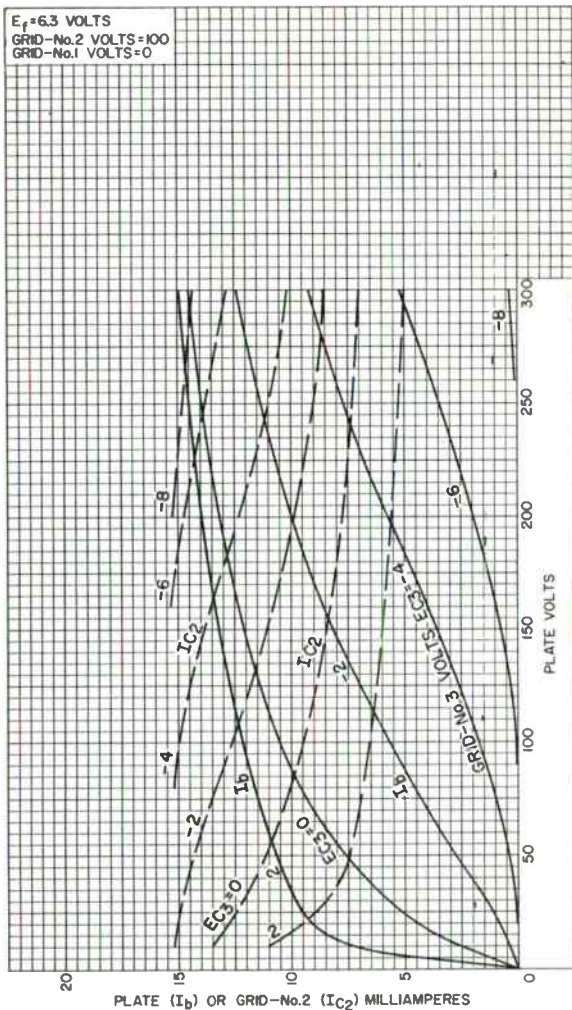
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World Radio History

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

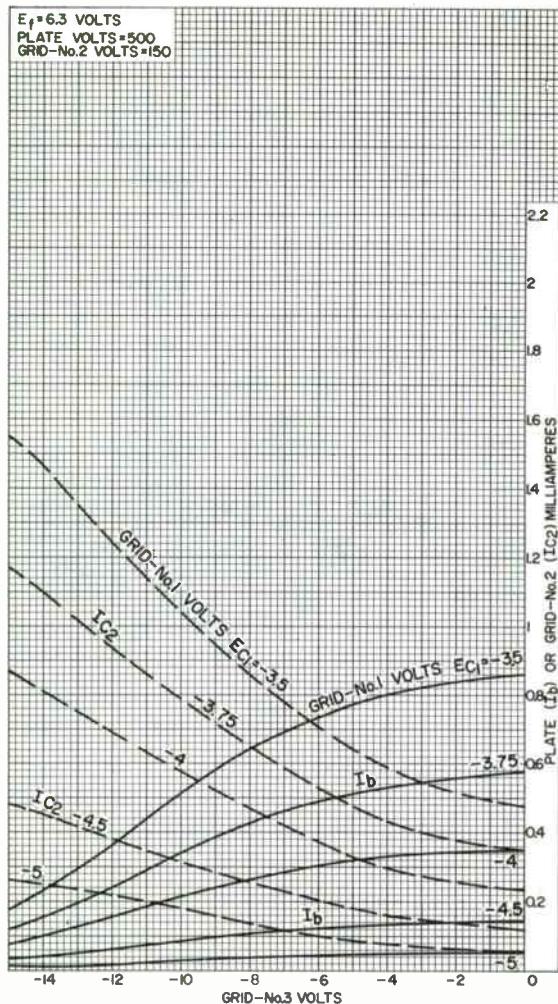


92CM-11606



6KA8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-11600

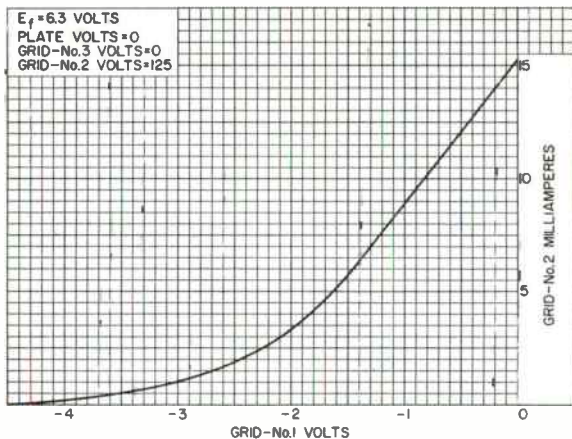
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
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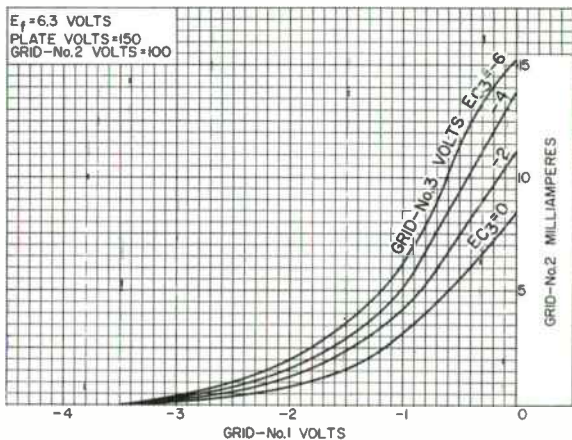


World Radio History

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CS-11603

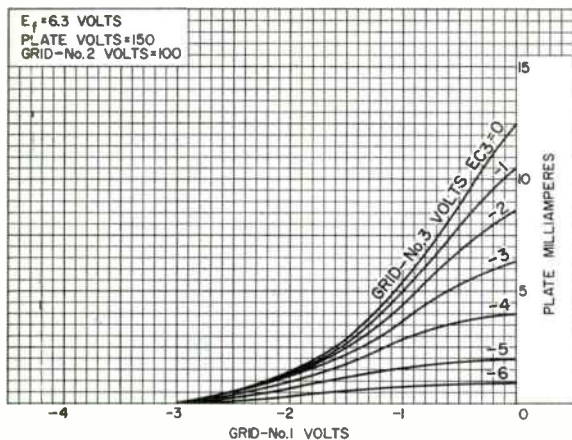


92CS-11596



6KA8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CS-11614



Beam Power Tube

Duodecar Type

For Low B+ Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier
Circuits of Color-TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Bogey Values

Heater Voltage, ac or dc.	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	2.85	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (approx.): ^a			
Grid No.1 to plate	c_{g1-p}	0.8	pF
Input: G1 to (K,G3,G2,H).	c_i	40	pF
Output: P to (K,G3,G2,H).	c_o	16	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:

Amplification Factor

(Triode Connection) ^b	μ	-	-	-	4 ^c
Plate Resistance (approx.)	r_p	-	-	-	6000 Ω
Transconductance	g_m	-	-	-	14000 μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	- 1100 ^d	780 ^d	100	mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	- 110 ^d	44 ^d	2	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage for $I_b = 1$ mA	$E_{c1(co)}$	-125	-	-	-40 V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	← 6.3 →				V
Peak Positive-Pulse						
Plate Voltage ^e	e_{bm}	5000	-	-	-	V
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	-	45	60	150	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage	Connected to cathode at socket					
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	110	160	110	110	V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	E_{c1}	-	0	0	-22.5	V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Overall Length	4.625 in (117.47 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	4.250 in (107.95 mm)
Maximum Diameter	1.563 in (39.7 mm)
Dimensional Outline	JEDEC 12-118
Envelope	JEDEC T12
Top Cap ^f	Small (JEDEC C1-1)
Base	Large-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC E12-74)

6KD6

Terminal Diagram JEDEC 12GW
 Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential
 Operating Position Any
MAXIMUM RATINGS – Design-Maximum Values⁹

*For operation as a Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Tube
 in a 525-line, 30-frame system*

DC Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	990	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^h	e_{bm}	7000 ^k	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage ^m	E_{c3}	20	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	E_{c2}	200	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	$-e_{c1m}$	250	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage:			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
Average ⁿ	E_{hk}	100	V
Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current:			
Peak	i_{km}	1400	mA
Average ⁿ	$I_{k(av)}$	400	mA
Grid-No.2 Input	P_{g2}	5.0	W
Plate Dissipation ^p	P_b	33	W
Envelope Temperature	T_E	225 ^q	°C

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	R_{g1}	2.2	MΩ
Grid-No.3-Circuit Resistance	R_{g3}	0.01	MΩ

^a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.

^b With grid No.3 and grid No.2 connected, respectively, to cathode and plate at socket.

^c Conditions: $E_b = E_{c2} = 150$ V, $E_{c1} = -22.5$ V.

^d This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^e Under pulse-duration condition specified in Footnote h.

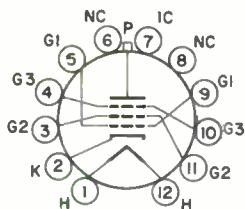
^f Designed to mate with connector of 0.250-inch cap, generally available from your local RCA distributor.

⁹ As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239, unless otherwise specified.

- h** This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 μ s.
- k** Absolute-Maximum Value.
- m** In horizontal-deflection-amplifier service, a positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "snivets," which may occur in both vhf and uhf television receivers. A typical value for this voltage is 20 volts.
- n** Measured with a DC meter.
- p** An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.
- q** This rating is applicable when measurement is made using a thermocouple attached to a 0.1-inch wide phosphor-bronze ring placed at the hottest location on the envelope. A maximum rating of 240°C is applicable to direct thermocouple measurements taken at the hottest point on the envelope surface.

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

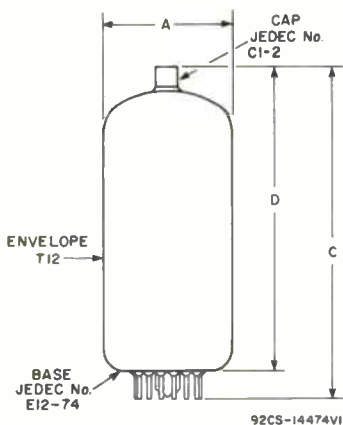
- Pin 1 - Heater
 Pin 2 - Cathode
 Pin 3 - Grid No.2
 Pin 4 - Grid No.3
 Pin 5 - Grid No.1
 Pin 6 - No Connection
 Pin 7 - Do Not Use
 Pin 8 - No Connection
 Pin 9 - Grid No.1
 Pin 10 - Grid No.3
 Pin 11 - Grid No.2
 Pin 12 - Heater
 Cap - Plate



JEDEC 12GW

6KD6

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE (JEDEC No.12-118)



DIMENSION	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	1.437*	1.563	36.5*	39.7
C	—	4.625	—	117.47
D	—	4.250	—	107.95
MILLIMETER DIMENSION DERIVED FROM INCH DIMENSION				
* Applies to the minimum diameter except in the area of the seal.				

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

FRAME-GRID PENTODE

For Combined Oscillator-Mixer Applications
in TV Receivers Having an IF of 40 Mc

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.400	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b*Triode Unit:*

Grid to plate	1.3	pf
Grid to cathode, pentode cathode & pentode grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater	2.4	pf
Plate to cathode, pentode cathode & pentode grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater	2.0	pf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.015 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	5.0	pf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	3.4	pf
Heater to triode cathode and pentode cathode	5.5 ^c	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>	
Plate Supply Voltage	125	125	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	—	125	volts
Cathode Resistor	68	33	ohms
Amplification Factor	40	—	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5000	125000	ohms
Transconductance	8000	12000	μmhos
Plate Current	13	10	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	—	2.8	ma



6KE8

Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.)

for plate $\mu a =$

100	-5	-	volts
50	-	-3	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9DC

Pin 1 - Triode Plate

Pin 2 - Pentode

Grid No.1

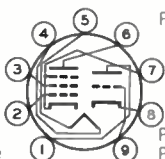
Pin 3 - Pentode

Grid No.2

Pin 4 - Heater

Pin 5 - Heater

Pin 6 - Pentode Plate



Pin 7 - Pentode

Cathode,

Pentode

Grid No.3,

Internal

Shield

Pin 8 - Triode Cathode

Pin 9 - Triode Grid

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	280 max.	280 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	280 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input</i>	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	20 max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages			
up to 140 volts	-	0.5 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages			
between 140 and 280 volts	-	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input</i>	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
PLATE DISSIPATION	2 max.	2 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	0.5 max.	megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

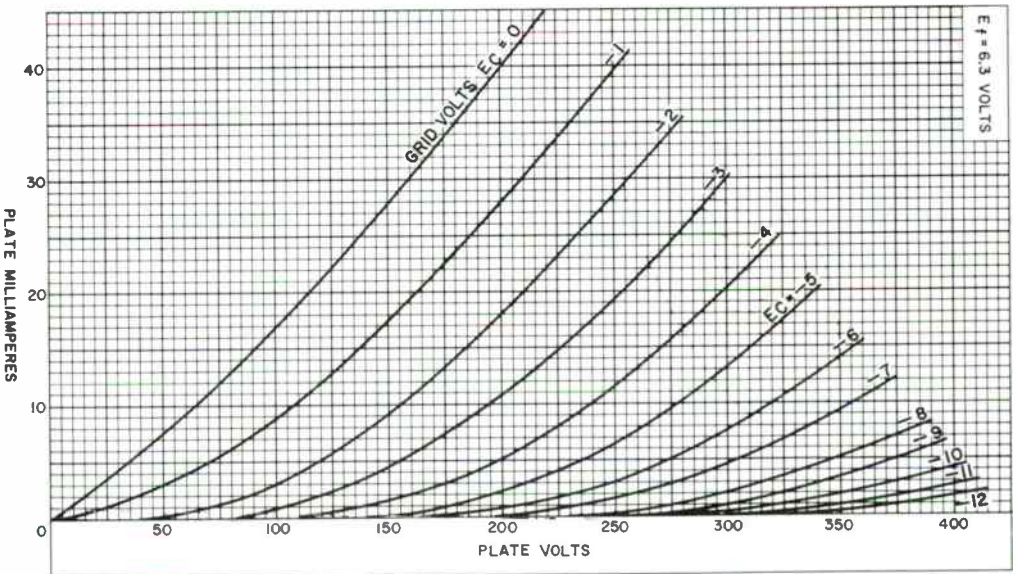
^b with external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to cathode of unit under test except as noted.

^c with external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to ground.



6KE8

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-11897

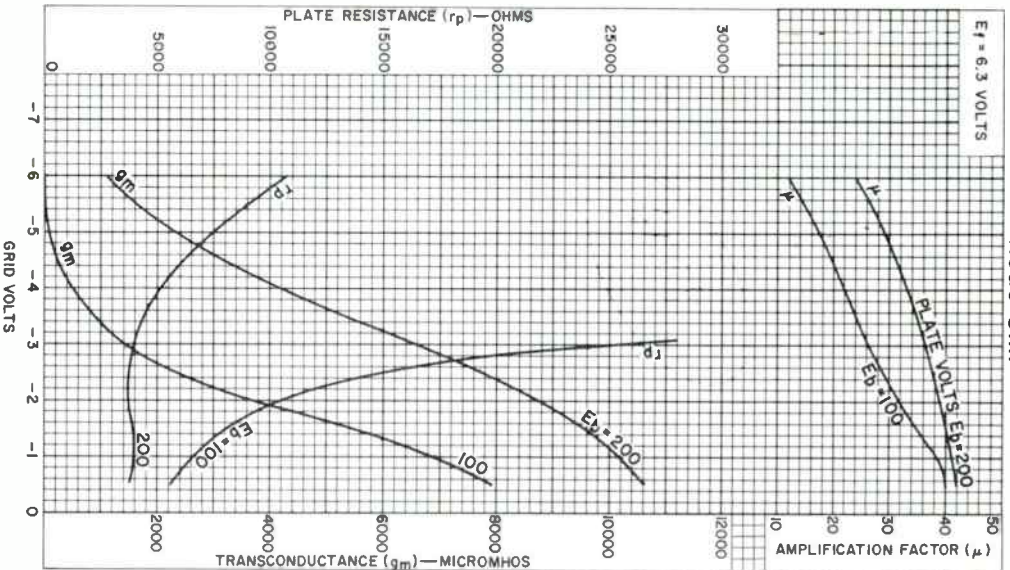


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Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
4-63

6KE8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-11901

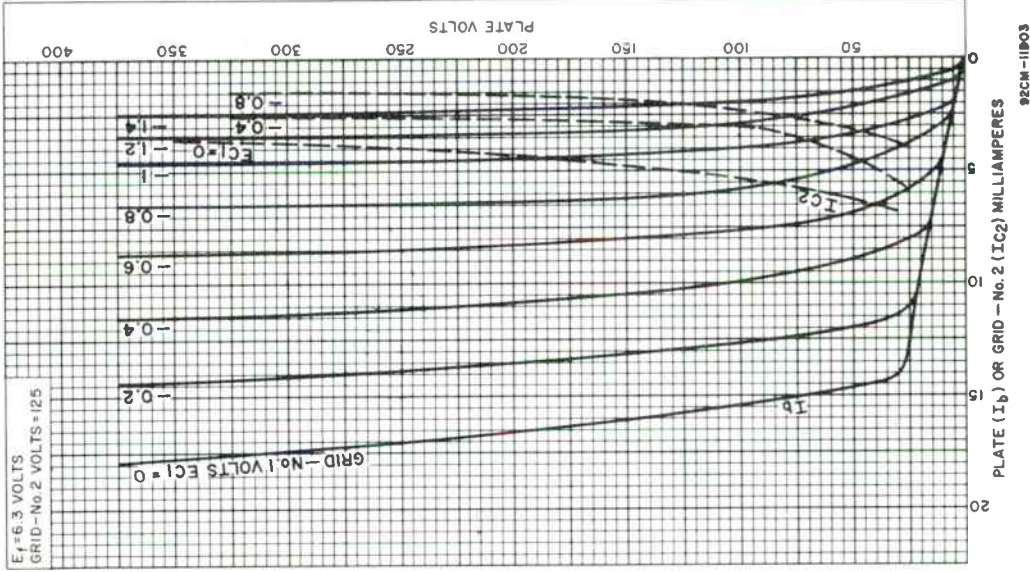
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



6KE8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

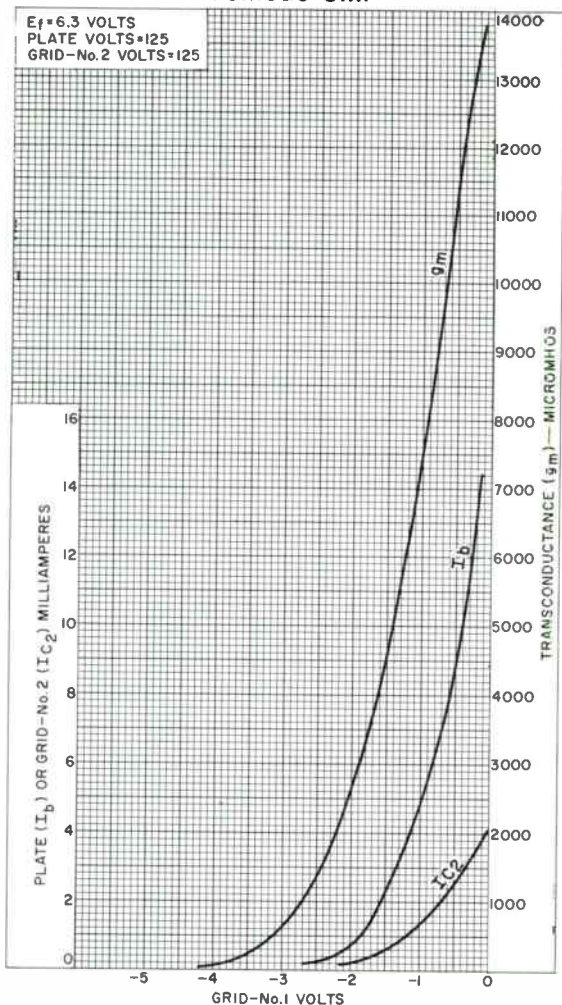


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DATA 3
4-63

6KE8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-11902

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

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Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

SPECIAL MULTIPLE-FIN PLATE STRUCTURE^a
SPECIALLY FORMULATED ENVELOPE GLASS^b

For Color-TV Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Applications

ELECTRICAL

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	V
Current at 6.3 V.	1.600	A
Maximum heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode:		
Peak.	200	V
Heater positive with respect to cathode:		
Peak.	200	V
DC component.	100	V

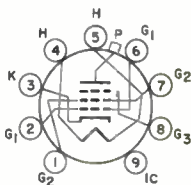
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)

Without external shield		
Grid No.1 to plate.	1.2	pF
Input: G1 to (K, G3, G2, H).	22	pF
Output: P to (K, G3, G2, H).	9.0	pF

MECHANICAL

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathode.	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length. . . . .	.3.550 in
Seated Length	2.910 to 3.170 in
Diameter.	1.438 to 1.562 in
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	TI2
Cap.	Skirted Miniature (JEDEC No. C1-2 or C1-3)
Base.	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC E9-88)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9QL

- Pin 1-Grid No.2
- Pin 2-Grid No.1
- Pin 3-Cathode
- Pin 4-Heater
- Pin 5-Heater
- Pin 6-Grid No.1
- Pin 7-Grid No.2
- Pin 8-Grid No.3
- Pin 9-Do Not Use
- Cap-Plate



CHARACTERISTICS

For the following characteristics, see Conditions

Amplification Factor.	-	-	4	-
Trioae Connection ^c				
Plate Resistance.	-	-	6000	Ω
Transconductance.	-	-	9500	μmho
DC Plate Current.	-	560 ^d	80	mA



6KM6

DC Grid-No.2 Current	-	31 ^d	-	2.4	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	-110	-	-	-42	V
Plate mA = 1					

Conditions

Heater Voltage	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^a	6500	-	-	-	V
DC Plate Voltage	-	60	140	140	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage	30	30	0	30	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	140	140	140	140	V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	-	0	-24.5	-24.5	V

MAXIMUM RATINGS, DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Supply Voltage	770	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^a	6500	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage	1500	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage ^f	75	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	220	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	330	V
Cathode Current		
Peak	950	mA
Average	275	mA
Grid-No.2 Input	3.5	W
Plate Dissipation ^g	20	W
Envelope Temperature	240	°C
At hottest point on bulb surface		

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

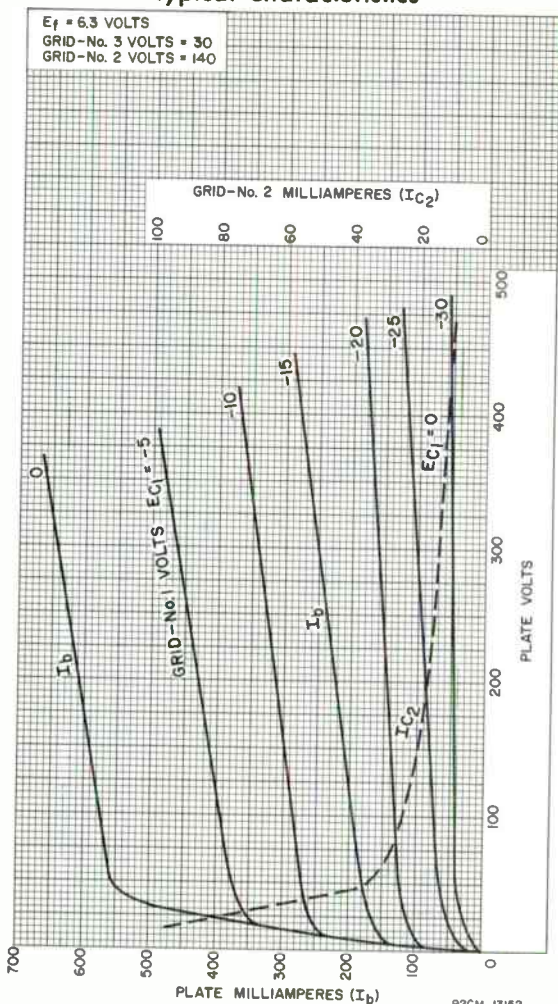
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance

For grid-No.1-resistor-bias operation	0.47	MΩ
For plate-pulsed operation	10	MΩ

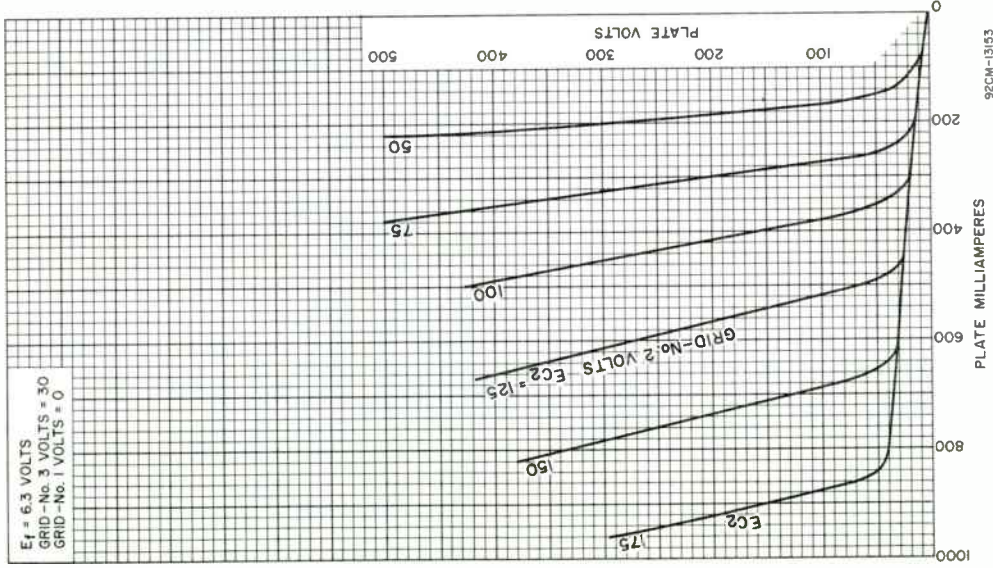
- ^a Designed to minimize secondary-electron emission from plate and eliminate "knee" discontinuities in zero-bias region.
- ^b Designed to reduce glass problems after long periods of high-voltage and elevated temperature operation.
- ^c With grid No.3 and grid No.2 connected, respectively, to cathode and plate at socket.
- ^d This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- ^e This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.
- ^f In horizontal-deflection-amplifier service, a positive voltage may be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "sniveta" which may occur in both vhf and uhf television receivers. A typical operating value for this voltage is 30 volts.
- ^g An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.



Typical Characteristics



Typical Plate Characteristics



Diode— Sharp-Cutoff Three-Plate Tetrode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Frequency-Divider and Complex-Wave-Generator Circuits of Electronic Musical Instruments

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.300	amp

Peak heater-cathode voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a	max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b

Tetrode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate 1A	0.02	max.	pf
Grid No.1 to plate 1B	0.02	max.	pf
Grid No.1 to plate 2	0.06	max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater . . .	5.5		pf
Plate 1A to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater . . .	1.2		pf
Plate 1B to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater . . .	1.3		pf
Plate 2 to cathode & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater . . .	1.8		pf
Tetrode grid No.1 to diode plate . . .	0.024	max.	pf
Tetrode plate 1A to diode plate . . .	0.18		pf
Tetrode plate 1B to diode plate . . .	0.024		pf
Tetrode plate 2 to diode plate . . .	0.013		pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Tetrode Unit):

Plates 1A, 1B, and 2 connected together at socket

Plate Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts
Grid-No.1 Resistor (Bypassed)	2.2	megohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	30000	ohms
Transconductance	3400	μmhos
Plate Current	4.2	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	1.7	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 20$	-4	volts

Triode Connection—

Grid No.2 connected to plates 1A, 1B, and 2 at socket

Plate Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	0	volts



6KM8

Grid-No.1 Resistor (Bypassed)	2.2	megohms
Transconductance.	4500	μ hos
Amplification Factor.	45	
Plate Current	5.5	ma

Separate plate operation, plates not under test grounded

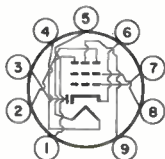
Plate Voltage:		
Plate 1A.	100	volts
Plate 1B.	100	volts
Plate 2	100	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage.	0	volts
Grid-No.1 Resistor (Bypassed)	2.2	megohms
Transconductance:		
Grid No.1 to plate 1A	2000	μ hos
Grid No.1 to plate 1B	2000	μ hos
Grid No.1 to plate 2.	1800	μ hos
Plate Resistance (Approx.):		
Plate 1A.	0.1	megohm
Plate 1B.	0.1	megohm
Plate 2	0.12	megohm
Plate Current:		
Plate 1A.	2.3	ma
Plate 1B.	2.3	ma
Plate 2	2.1	ma
Grid-No.2 Current:		
For plate 1A volts = 100.	3.8	ma
For plate 1B volts = 100.	3.8	ma
For plate 2 volts = 100	3.3	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/3"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	2" \pm 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9G

- Pin 1 - Tetrode
Plate 1B
- Pin 2 - Tetrode
Plate 1A
- Pin 3 - Diode
Plate
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater



- Pin 6 - Cathode,
Internal
Shield
- Pin 7 - Tetrode
Grid No.1
- Pin 8 - Tetrode
Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Tetrode
Plate 2



FREQUENCY-DIVIDER & COMPLEX-WAVE-GENERATOR SERVICE

TETRODE UNIT

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE:

PLATE 1A.	330 max.	volts
PLATE 1B.	330 max.	volts
PLATE 2	330 max.	volts

GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)

SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	330 max.	volts
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GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts	0.65 max.	watt
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For grid-No.2 voltages
between 165 and 330
volts See *Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart*
at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE 1A DISSIPATION.	1 max.	watt
-------------------------------	--------	------

PLATE 1B DISSIPATION.	1 max.	watt
-------------------------------	--------	------

PLATE 2 DISSIPATION	1 max.	watt
-------------------------------	--------	------

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-No.1-resistor- bias operation.	2.2 max.	megohms
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DIODE UNIT

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE CURRENT	1 max.	ma
-------------------------	--------	----

Characteristics, Instantaneous Test Condition:

Plate Current for plate volts = 10. . .	2	ma
---	---	----

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

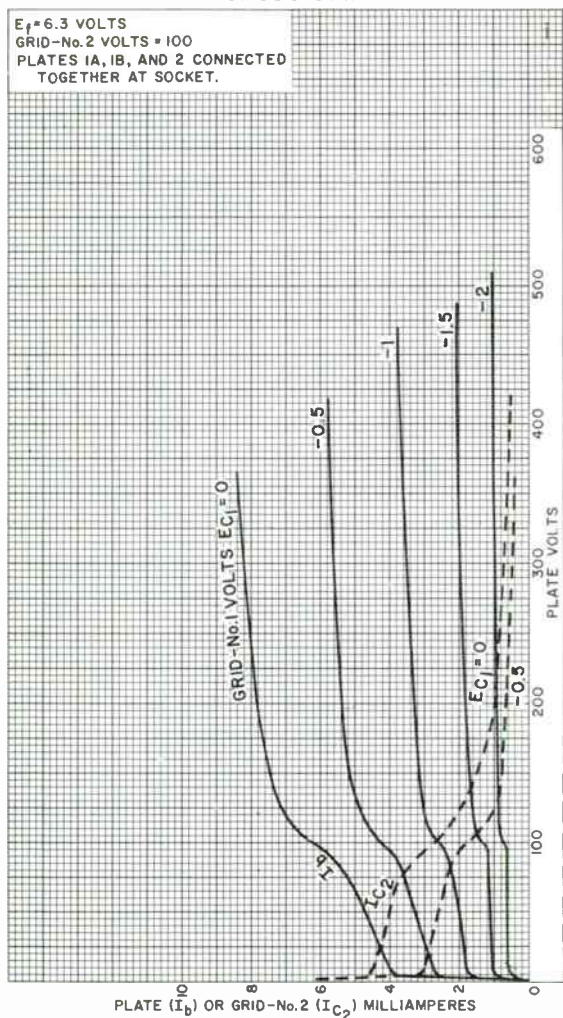
^b Without external shield.



6KM8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Tetrode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-No.2 VOLTS = 100
PLATES 1A, 1B, AND 2 CONNECTED
TOGETHER AT SOCKET.



92CM-11713R1

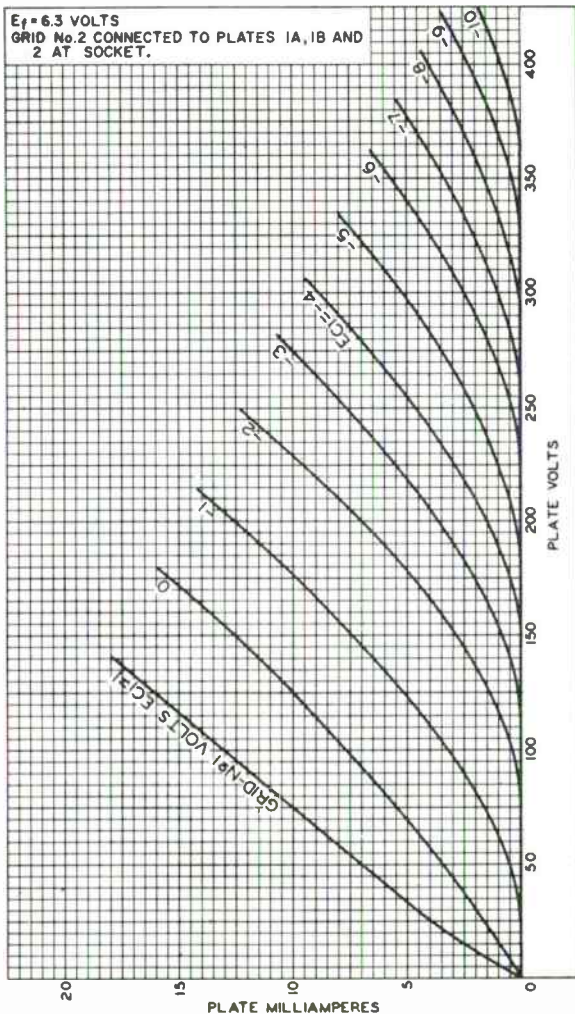
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



World Radio History

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Tetrode Unit—Triode Connection



92CM-11748





High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Color-Killer, Sound IF Amplifier, and Band-pass-Amplifier Applications in TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.600	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		

	Unit:	Triode	Pentode ^a	
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	20	max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^b	max.	20	max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^c	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
G _T to P _T	3.0	3.0	pf
Input: G _T to (H+G _{3P} +I _S , K _T)	3.2	3.2	pf
Output: P _T to (H+G _{3P} +I _S , K _T)	1.6	2.4	pf

Pentode Unit:

G _{1P} to P _P	0.046	max.	0.030	max.	pf
Input: G _{1P} to (H+G _{3P} +I _S , G _{2P} , K _P)	7.5		7.5		pf
Output: P _P to (H+G _{3P} +I _S , G _{2P} , K _P)	2.2		2.8		pf
G _T to P _P	0.018	max.	0.003	max.	pf
G _{1P} to P _T	0.006	max.	0.002	max.	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit:	Triode	Pentode	
Plate Voltage	250		125	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-		125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-2		-1	volts
Amplification Factor	100		-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	31500		150000	ohms
Transconductance	3200		10000	μmhos
Plate Current	1.8		12	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-		4.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ _a = 20	-3.5		-7	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"

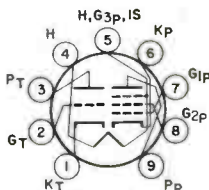


6KT8

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top
 (Excluding Tip) 1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
 Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline. See *General Section*
 Bulb T6-1/2
 Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9QP

- Pin 1 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 2 - Triode Grid
- Pin 3 - Triode Plate
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - See Footnote a
 (Heater, Pentode
 Grid No.3,
 Internal Shield)
- Pin 6 - Pentode Cathode
- Pin 7 - Pentode Grid No.1
- Pin 8 - Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Pentode Plate



AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Unit: Triode Pentode		
Plate Voltage.	330 max.	330 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	-	330 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Grid-No.1 Voltage:			
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	0 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 Input:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts.	-	0.55 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts.	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Plate Dissipation.	1 max.	2.5 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

^a Pin No.5 (Pentode Grid No.3, Internal Shield, and Heater) should be operated at or near ground potential. If the peak cathode-to-grid-No.3 voltage exceeds +20 volts, undesirable changes in the tube characteristics may result.

^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^c With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pins 4 and 5.



Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

DARK HEATER

*For High-Voltage-Pulse Shunt-Regulator
Applications in Color-TV Receivers*

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Bogey Values

Heater Voltage	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	1.600	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances			
Without external shield			
Grid No.1 to plate	C_{g1-p}	1.2	pF
Input: G1 to (K,G3,G2,H)	C_i	22	pF
Output: P to (K,G3,G2,H)	C_o	9.0	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions

Amplification Factor

(Triode Connection) ^a	μ	-	4	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	-	-	6000	Ω
Transconductance	g_m	-	-	9500	μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	580 ^b	-	80	mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	24 ^b	-	2.4	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	$E_{c1(c0)}$	-	-	-42	V

Plate mA = 2

Conditions

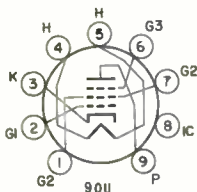
Heater Voltage	E_b	Bogey Value	V
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	100 140	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage	E_{c3}	0 0	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	140 140	V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	E_{c1}	0 -24.5	V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 12-96)	See General Section
Maximum Overall Length	3.130 in
Maximum Seated Length	2.750 in
Maximum Diameter	1.562 in
Envelope	JEDEC Designation T12
Base ^c	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC Designation E9-88)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Grid No.2
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - heater
- Pin 6 - Grid No.3
- Pin 7 - Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - C_o Not Use
- Pin 9 - Plate



6KV6

DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS

For operation as a High-Voltage-Pulse Shunt-Regulator Tube in Color-Television Receivers in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Supply Voltage ($I_b = 0$ mA)	Ebb	770	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^c	ebm	6500	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage.	-ebm	1500	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage	Ec3	75	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	Ec2	220	V
Grid No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage			
Peak negative-pulse value.	-ec1m	330	V
Negative dc value (bias)	-Ec1	75	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage			
Peak	e _{hkm}	{ +200 -500	V
Average ^d	E _{hk(av)}	100	V
Heater Voltage (AC or DC).	E _h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current			
Peak	i _{km}	950	mA
Average ^d	i _{k(av)}	275	mA
Grid-No.2 Input.	P _{g2}	3.5	W
Plate Dissipation ^e	P _b	20 ^f	W
Envelope Temperature (at hottest point on envelope surface).	T _E	240	°C

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUE

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	R _{g1(ckt)}		
For grid-No.1-resistor-bias operation.	-	1	MΩ

^a With grid No.3 and grid No.2 connected, respectively, to cathode and plate at socket.

^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^c This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 μs.

^d Measured with a dc meter.

^e Adequate circuit precautions must be taken to protect the tube in the absence of grid-No.1 bias.

^f Plate dissipations up to 24 W maximum are permissible for short periods of time (up to 10 s maximum) provided the maximum envelope-temperature rating is not exceeded.



Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

For High-Voltage-Pulse Shunt-Regulator
Applications in Color-TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Bogey Values

Heater Voltage, ac or dc. E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current I_h	1.6	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a		
Grid No.1 to plate c_{g1-p}	0.6	pF
Input: G1 to (K,G3,G2,H) . . . c_i	22	pF
Output: P to (K,G3,G2,H) . . . c_o	9.0	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below.

Amplification Factor (Triode Connection) ^b μ	-	4	-
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . . . r_p	-	-	10000 Ω
Transconductance g_m	-	-	6000 μ mho
DC Plate Current I_b	440 ^c	-	40 mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current I_{c2}	30 ^c	-	2.4 mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage for $I_b = 1$ mA $E_{c1(co)}$	-	-	-42 V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage E_h	Bogey Value			V
DC Plate Voltage E_b	100	140	140	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage E_{c3}	0	0	0	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage E_{c2}	140	140	140	V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage E_{c1}	0	-24.5	-24.5	V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Dimensional Outline	JEDEC No.12-07
Maximum Overall Length	3.380in. (85.85 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	3.000in. (76.2 mm)
Maximum Diameter	1.562in. (39.6 mm)
Envelope	JEDEC Designation T12
Base ^d	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC Designation E9-88)

6KV6A

Terminal-Connections Designation JEDEC 9QU
 Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential
 Operating Position Any

MAXIMUM RATINGS – Design-Maximum Values^o

For operation as a High-Voltage-Pulse Shunt-Regulator Tube in Color Television Receivers in a 525-line, 30-frame system.

DC Plate Supply Voltage ($I_b = 0$ mA)	E_{bb}	900	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage . . .	e_{bm}	6500	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage . . .	$-e_{bm}$	1500	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage	E_{c3}	75	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage . . .	E_{c2}	220	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Grid-No.2 Voltage .	e_{c2m}	600	V
Grid No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
Peak negative-pulse value	$-e_{c1m}$	330	V
Negative dc value (bias).	$-E_{c1}$	250	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage:			
Peak	e_{hkm}	} +200 -500	V
Average ^g	$E_{hk(av)}$			100	V
Heater Voltage	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current:			
Peak	i_{km}	950	mA
Average ^g	$i_{k(av)}$	275	mA
Grid-No.2 Input	P_{g2}	2.0	W
Plate Dissipation ^h	P_b	28 ^k	W
Envelope Temperature (at hottest point on envelope surface)	T_E	240	°C

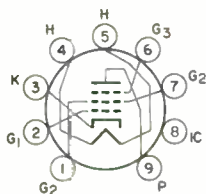
MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUE

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: $R_{g1(ckt)}$
 For grid-No.1-resistor-bias
 operation 1 M Ω

- ^a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.
- ^b With grid No.3 and grid No.2 connected, respectively, to cathode and plate at socket.
- ^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- ^d Designed to mate with "Novar 9-Contact" Socket generally available from your local RCA Distributor.
- ^e As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239.
- ^f This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle is $10\mu\text{s}$.
- ^g Measured with a dc meter.
- ^h Adequate circuit precautions must be taken to protect the tube in the absence of grid-No.1 bias.
- ^k Plate dissipations up to 32W maximum are permissible for short periods of time provided the maximum envelope-temperature rating is not exceeded. This condition may exist under high-line voltage, zero picture tube beam current.

TERMINAL DIAGRAM -- Bottom View

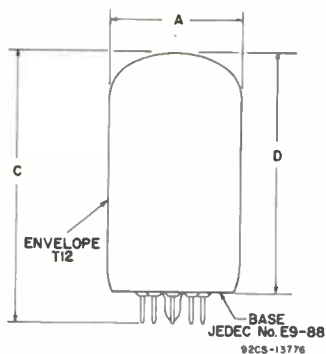
- Pin 1 - Grid No.2
 Pin 2 - Grid No.1
 Pin 3 - Cathode
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater
 Pin 6 - Grid No.3
 Pin 7 - Grid No.2
 Pin 8 - Do Not Use
 Pin 9 - Plate



JEDEC 9QU

6KV6A

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE — JEDEC No. 12-97



DIMENSION	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	1.438*	1.562	36.6*	39.6
C	—	3.380	—	85.85
D	2.750	3.000	69.9	76.2
MILLIMETER DIMENSION DERIVED FROM INCH DIMENSION				
* Applies to the minimum diameter except in the area of the seal.				

High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

FRAME-GRID CONSTRUCTION

For Use as a Combined Voltage Amplifier
and Video Output Tube in TV Receivers

Electrical:**Heater Characteristics and Ratings:**

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.775	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b*Triode Unit:*

Grid to plate	3.7	pf
Grid to cathode, pentode cathode, pentode grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater	2.5	pf
Plate to cathode, pentode cathode, pentode grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater	2.4	pf
Triode grid to pentode plate	0.015 max.	pf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.09 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	13.0	pf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	4:8	pf
Pentode plate to triode plate	0.17 max.	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>		
Plate Supply Voltage	—	125	200	volts
Plate Voltage	200	—	—	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	—	125	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	-2	—	—	volts
Cathode Resistor	—	82	58	ohms
Amplification Factor	70	—	—	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	17500	5500	7500	ohms
Transconductance	4000	21000	23000	μmhos
Plate Current	4	19	22	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	—	3.8	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate current = 100 μa	-4.5	-4.2	-4.2	volts

← Indicates a change.

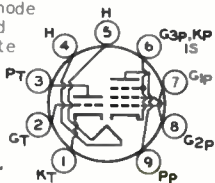


6KV8

Mechanical:

Operating Position. Any
 Maximum Overall Length. 2-5/8"
 Maximum Seated Length. 2-3/8"
 Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . . . 2" ± 3/32"
 Diameter. 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb. T6-1/2
 Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9DX

Pin 1 - Triode Cathode	Pin 7 - Pentode
Pin 2 - Triode Grid	Grid No. 1
Pin 3 - Triode Plate	Pin 8 - Pentode
Pin 4 - Heater	Grid No. 2
Pin 5 - Heater	Pin 9 - Pentode
Pin 6 - Pentode	Plate



AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	300	300 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage.	-	300 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	-	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input</i>	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
Grid-No. 1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
Positive-bias value	0	0 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 Input:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 150 volts	-	1 max.	watt
For grid-No. 2 voltages between 150 and 300 volts	-	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input</i>	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
Plate Dissipation	1	5 max.	watts

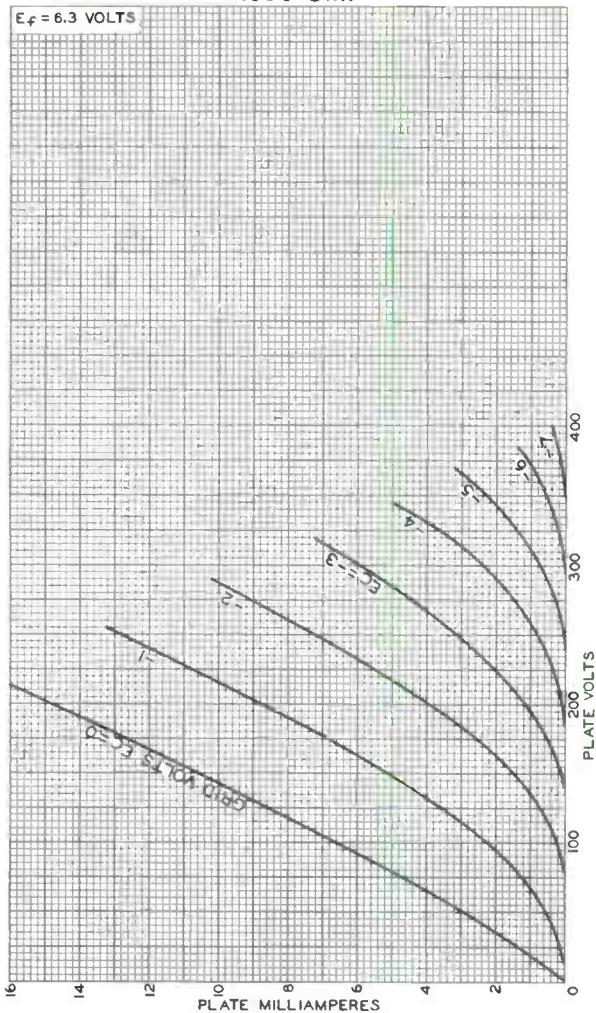
Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation.	0.5	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	1	0.25 max.	megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
^b Without external shield.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

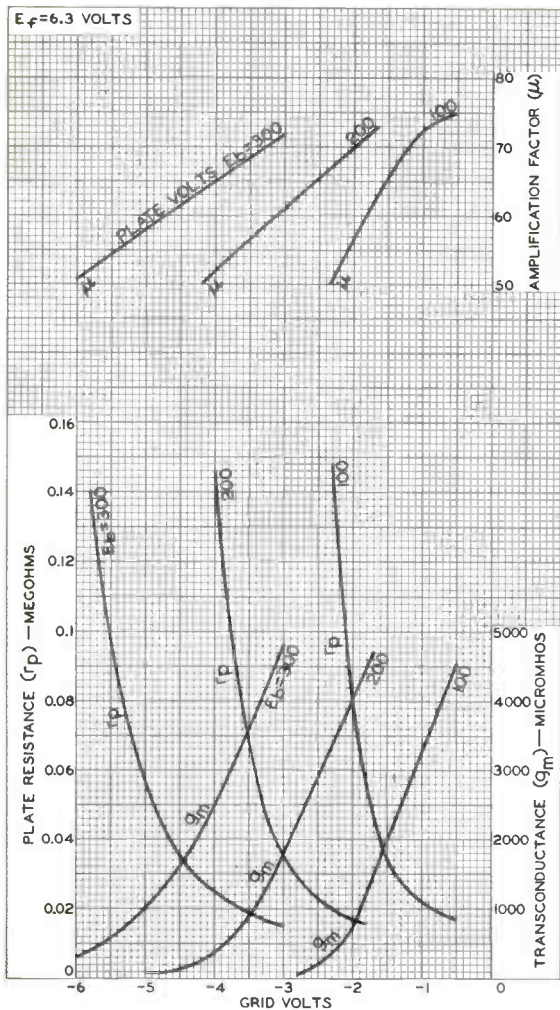


92CM-8644



6KV8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-10874

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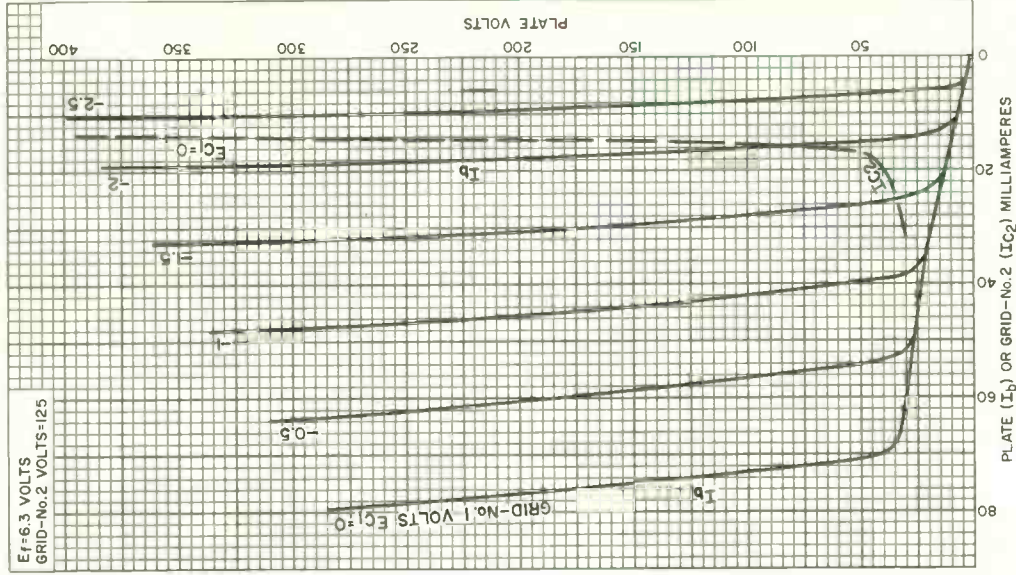
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6KV8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-11946RI



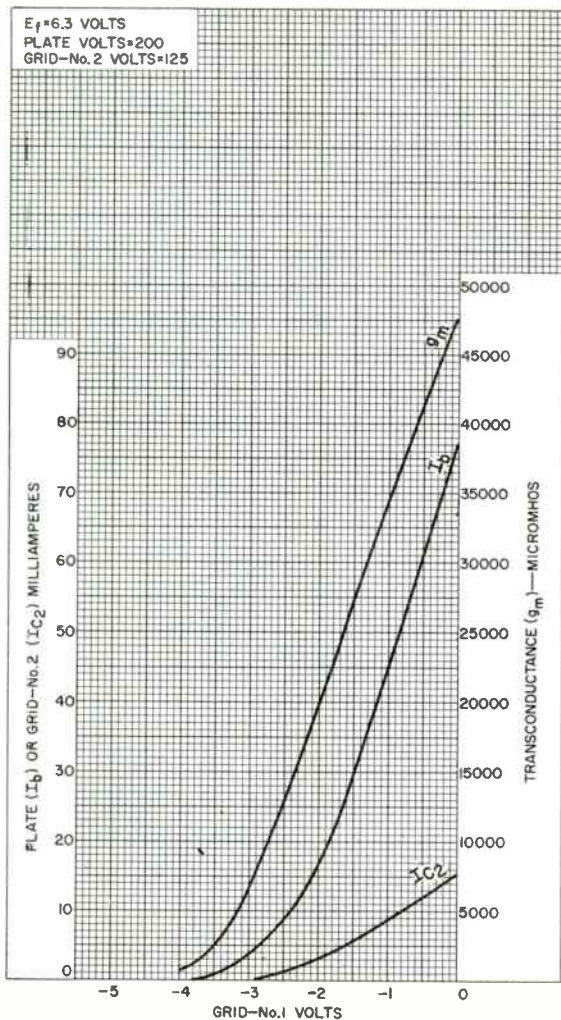
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DATA 3
2-64

6KV8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 200
GRID—No. 2 VOLTS = 125



92CM-11947R1

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World Radio History

Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

FRAME-GRID CONSTRUCTION

DARK HEATER

For Video-Output-Amplifier Service in Color-TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Bogey Values^a

Heater Voltage (AC or DC)	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	0.520	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances Without external shield			
Grid No.1 to plate	C_{g1-p}	0.16 max	pF
Input: G1 to (K, G ³ + IS, G2, H)	C_{ci}	14	pF
Output: P to (K, G ³ + IS, G2, H).	C_o	6.0	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions

Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	40	k Ω
Transconductance	g_m	30000	μ mho
DC Plate Current	I_b	30	mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	5.2	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	$E_{c1}(co)$	-4.5	V

Plate $\mu A = 100$

Conditions

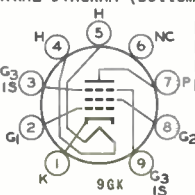
Heater Voltage	E_h	Bogey Value	V
Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	200	V
Grid-No.3		connected to cathode at socket	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	E_{cc2}	135	V
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	E_{cc1}	0	V
Cathode Resistor	R_k	47	Ω

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.625 in
Maximum Seated Length	2.375 in
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top Excluding tip	1.906 to 2.094 in
Maximum Diameter	0.875 in
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 6-3)	See General Section
Envelope	JEDEC T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC E9-1)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

Pin 1 - Cathode		Pin 6 - No Connection
Pin 2 - Grid No.1		Pin 7 - Plate
Pin 3 - Grid No.3		Pin 8 - Grid No.2
Internal Shield		Pin 9 - Grid No.3, Internal Shield
Pin 4 - Heater		
Pin 5 - Heater		



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA

Electronic Components and Devices

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World Radio History

DATA 1

4-67

6KY6

DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS

For operation as a Class A₁ Amplifier

Plate Voltage.	E_b	330	V
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage.	E_{cc2}	330	V
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	E_{c2}		See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage			
Positive-bias value.	E_{c1}	0	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
DC	E_{hk}	100	V
Heater Voltage (AC or DC)	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Grid-No.2 Input	P_{g2}		
For $E_{c2} \leq 165$ V.		1	W
For $E_{c2} > 165$ V and ≤ 330 V	-		See Grid-No.2-Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section
Plate Dissipation.	P_b	9	W

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

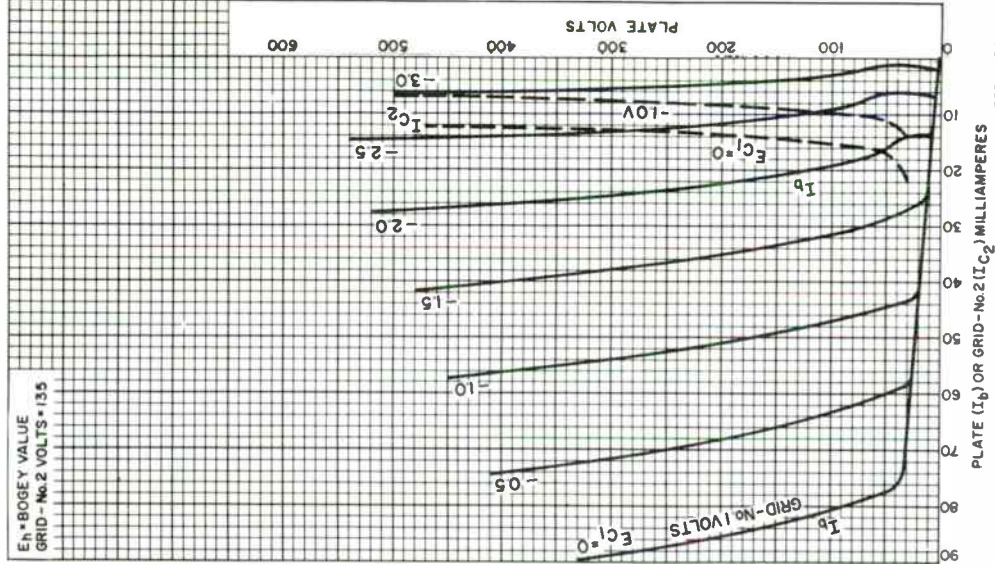
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	$R_{g1(ckt)}$		
For fixed-bias operation.		0.1	MΩ
For cathode-bias operation.	-	0.25	MΩ

^a Unless otherwise specified.



6KY6

Typical Characteristics

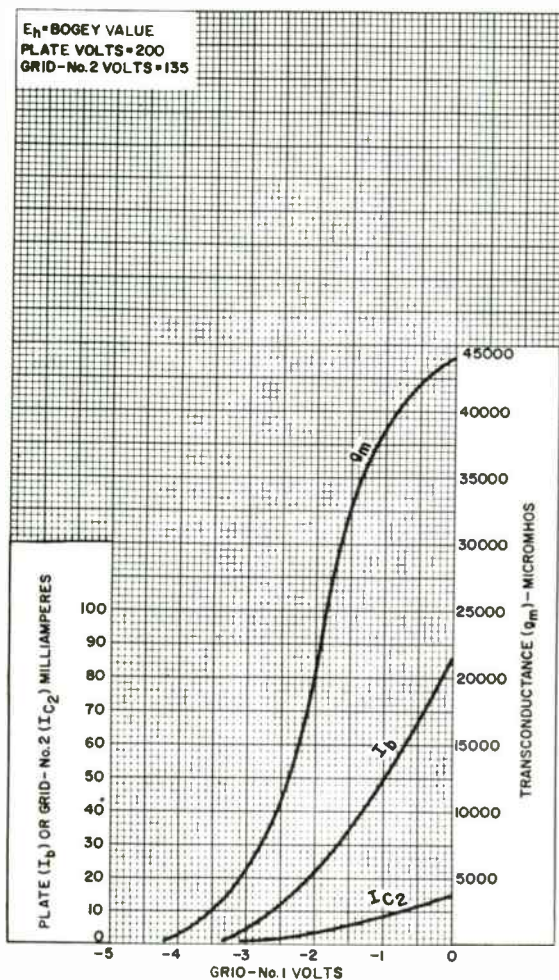


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DATA 2
4-67

6KY6

Typical Characteristics



92CM-13832R1



High-Mu Triode—Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

For Combined Vertical-Deflection Oscillator
and Amplifier Service in TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	1.100	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	0.44	pf
G _T to (K _T , H)	15.0	pf
P _T to (K _T , H)	7.0	pf

Beam Power Unit:

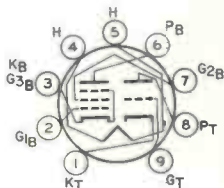
Grid No.1 to plate	0.048	pf
G _{1B} to (K _B +G _{3B} , G _{2B} , H)	2.6	pf
P _B to (K _B +G _{3B} , G _{2B} , H)	0.28	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.380"
Seated Length	1.750" to 2.000"
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T9
Base	Small Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No. E9-89)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9QT

- Pin 1 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 2 - Beam Power Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Beam Power Cathode & Grid No.3
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Beam Power Plate
- Pin 7 - Beam Power Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - Triode Plate
- Pin 9 - Triode Grid



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Beam Power Unit			
Plate Voltage	250	50	135	120	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-	120	120	Connected to plate at socket	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-3	0	-10	-10	volts
Amplification Factor	64	-	-	7	



6KY8A

	Triode Unit	Beam Power Unit	
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	40000	-	18000 - ohms
Transconductance.	1600	-	8400 - μ hos
Plate Current	1.4	170 ^c	39 - ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	20 ^c	3 - ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma = 1	-	-	-24 - volts

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR (Triode Unit)

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^d

DC Plate Voltage.	330 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid Voltage.	400 max.	volts
Peak Cathode Current.	77 max.	ma
Average Cathode Current	22 max.	ma
Plate Dissipation	1.5 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias operation. . . . 2.2 max. megohms

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER (Beam Power Unit)

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^d

DC Plate Voltage.	300 max.	volts
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^e	2000 abs.max.	volts
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage.	150 max.	volts
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage.	250 max.	volts
Peak Cathode Current.	200 max.	ma
Average Cathode Current	70 max.	ma
Plate Dissipation	12 max.	watts
Grid-No.2 Input	1.9 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For grid-resistor-bias operation. . . . 2.2 max. megohms

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.

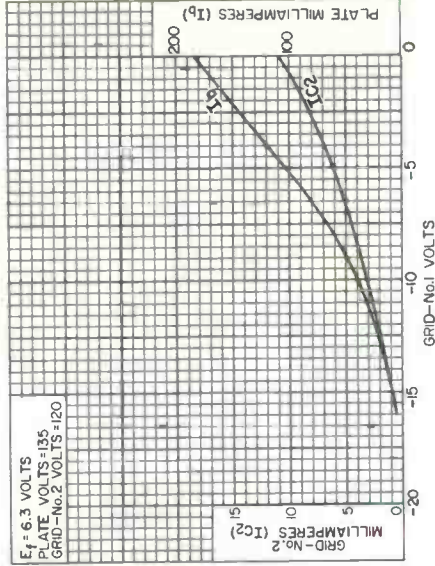
^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the plate dissipation and grid-No.2 input will be kept within ratings in order to prevent damage to the tube.

^d As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.

^e This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

6KY8A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Beam Power Unit



World Radio History

92CS-11929

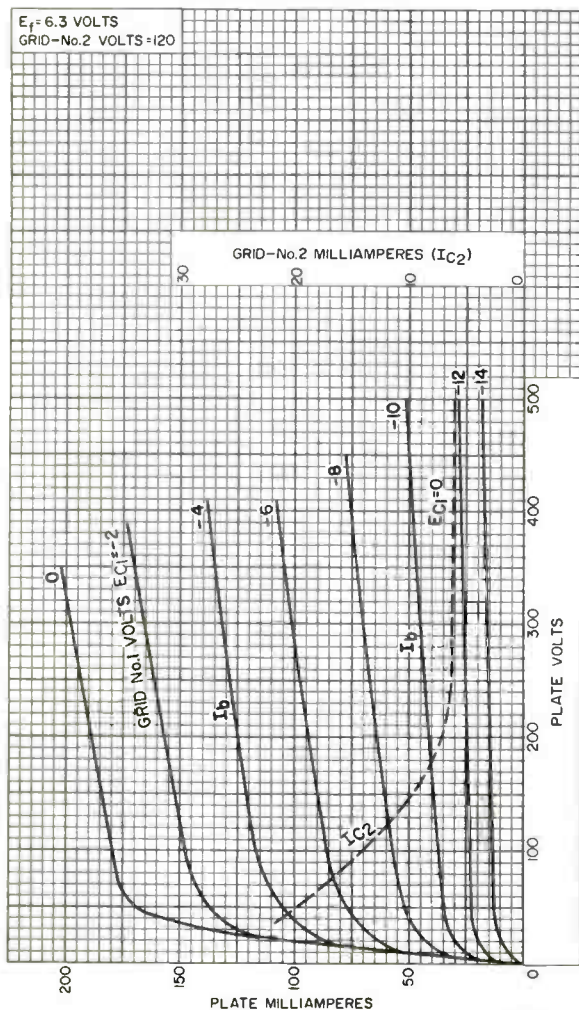


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Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
10-64

6KY8A

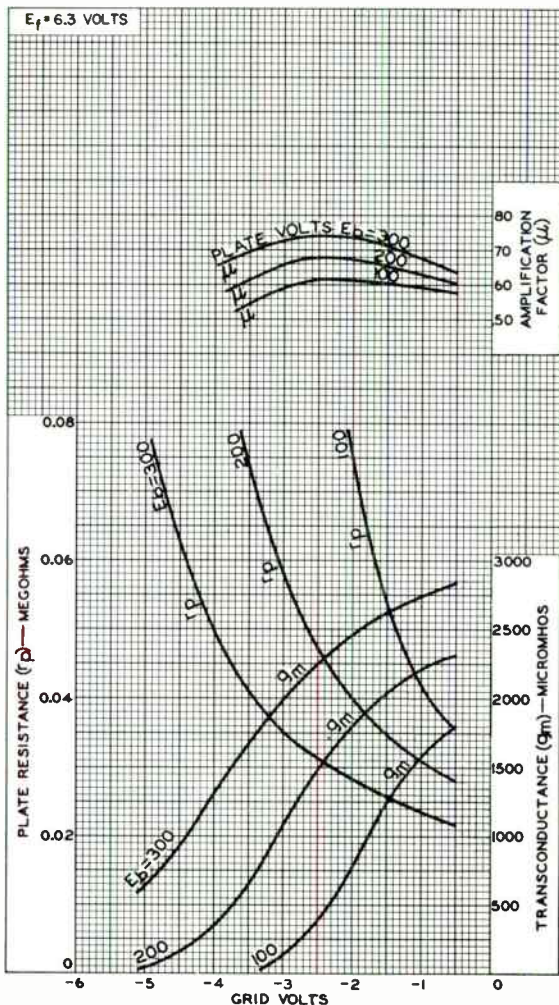
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Beam Power Unit



92CM-11942



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

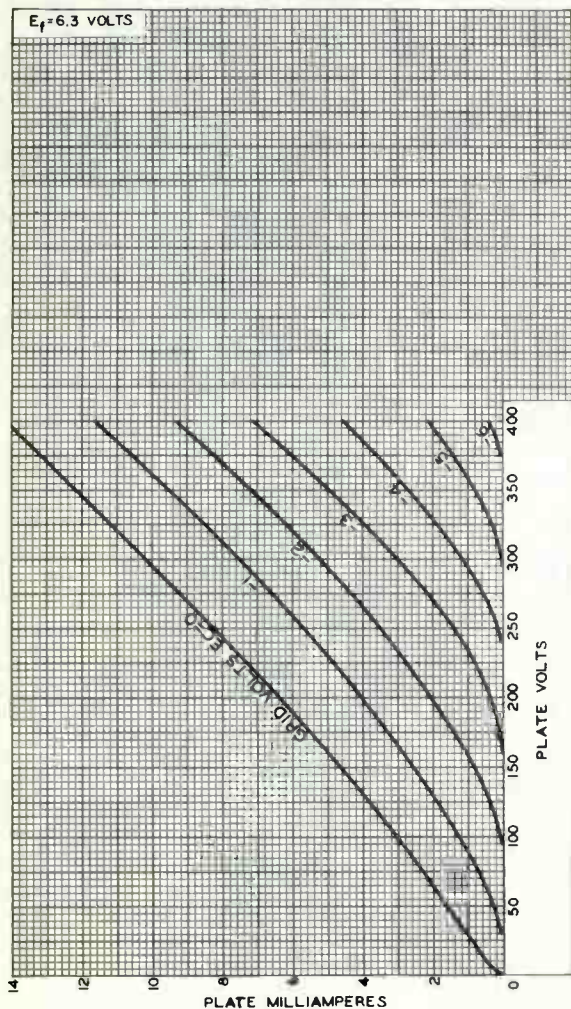


92CM-11945



6KY8A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-11944



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Oscillator-Mixer Service in VHF TV-Tuner Applications

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6 volts	
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	—	sec

Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each Unit):

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^d

Triode Unit:

G _T to P _T	1.6	pf
Input: G _T to (K _T , G _{3P} + K _P + I _S , H)	3.2	pf
Output: P _T to (K _T , G _{3P} + K _P + I _S , H)	1.8	pf

Pentode Unit:

G _{1P} to P _P	0.01 max.	pf
Input: G _{1P} to (K _P + G _{3P} + I _S , G _{2P} , H)	5.5	pf
Output: P _P to (K _P + G _{3P} + I _S , G _{2P} , H)	3.4	pf
Heater to cathode (Each Unit)	3.2	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	125	125	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage	—	125	volts
Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-1	-1	volt
Amplification Factor	46	—	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5400	20000	ohms
Transconductance	8500	7500	μmhos
Plate Current	13.5	12	ma
Grid-No. 2 Current	—	4	ma
Grid-No. 1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 10	-8	-8	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)



6KZ8

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9FZ

Pin 1 - Triode Plate

Pin 2 - Pentode
Grid No. 1

Pin 3 - Pentode
Cathode,
Pentode
Grid No. 3,
Internal
Shield

Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Heater

Pin 6 - Pentode
Plate

Pin 7 - Pentode
Grid No. 2

Pin 8 - Triode
Cathode

Pin 9 - Triode
Grid

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage.	330 max.	330 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage	-	330 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage.	See Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Grid-No. 1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	0 max.	volts
Plate Dissipation.	2.5 max.	2.5 max.	watts
Grid-No. 2 Input:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 165 volts.	-	0.55 max.	watt
For grid-No. 2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts.	See Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section		

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance:

 For fixed-bias
 operation. 0.25 max. 0.25 max. megohm

 For cathode-bias
 operation. 0.5 max. 0.5 max. megohm

^a At heater amperes = 0.450.

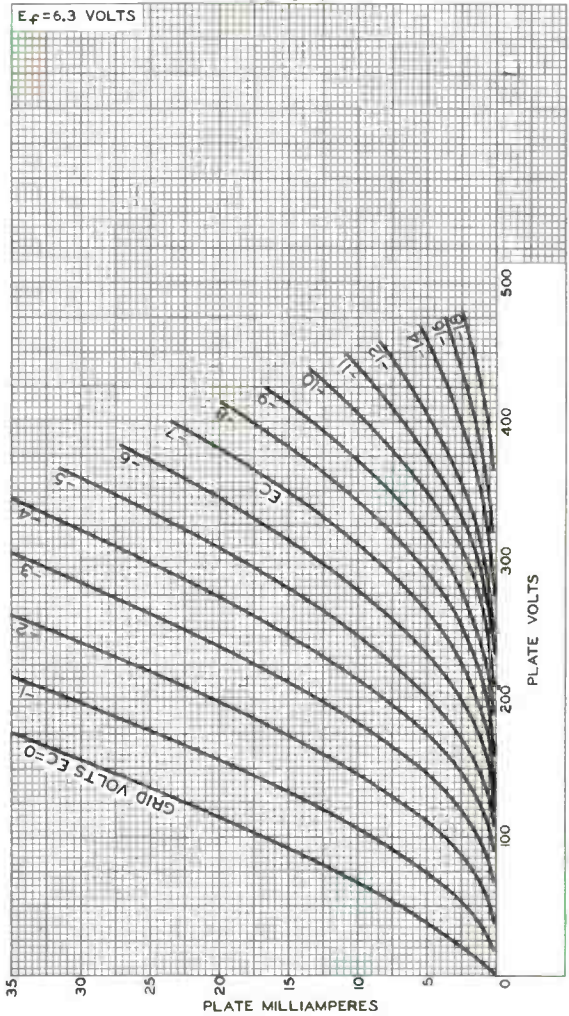
^b At heater volts = 6.3.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^d with external shield JEDEC No. 315 connected to cathode of unit under test.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

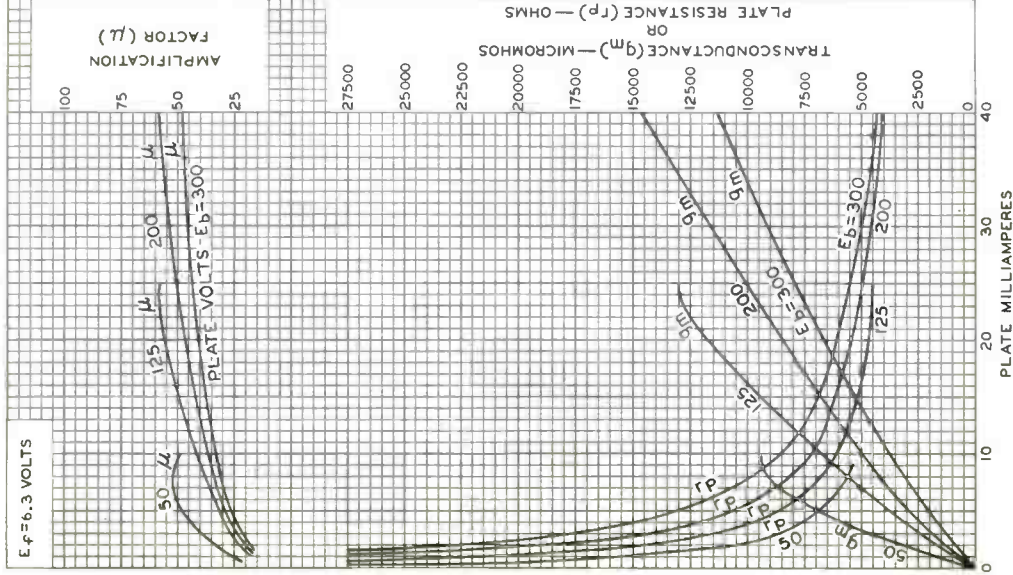


92CM-10421R1



6KZ8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, N. J.

92CM-10428

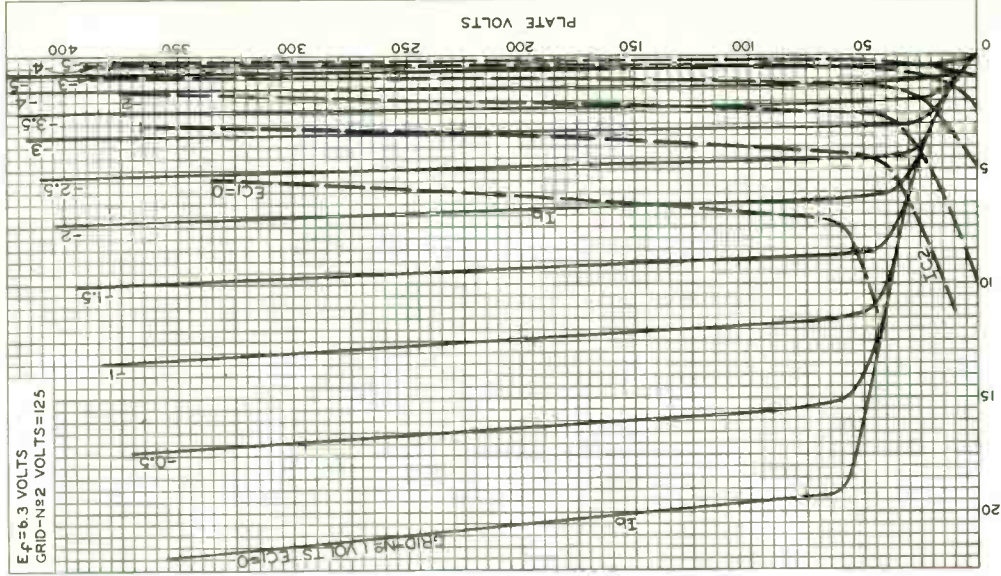
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Electronic Components and Devices



Harrison, N. J.

6KZ8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-10436



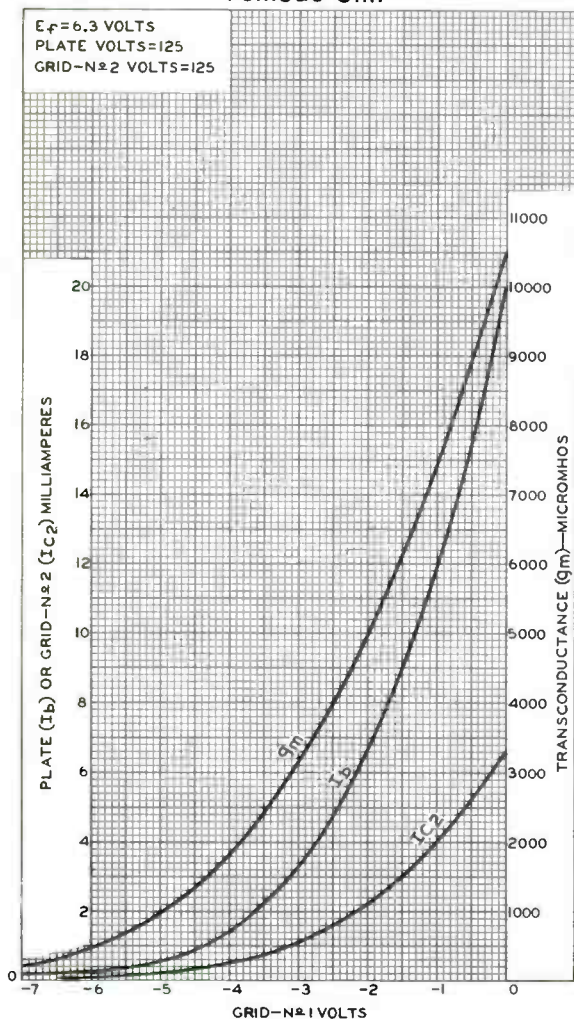
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
3-64

6KZ8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 125
GRID-N \approx 2 VOLTS = 125



92CM-10417

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices
Harrison, N. J.



World Radio History



6L6
6L6-G

6L6, 6L6-G BEAM POWER TUBE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.9	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

	6L6 ^o	6L6-G ^{oo}	
Grid No.1 to plate . .	0.4	0.9	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	10	11.5	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	12	9.5	μf

Mechanical:

	6L6	6L6-G
Mounting Position	Any	Any
Maximum Overall Length .	4-5/16"	5-5/16"
Maximum Seated Length .	3-3/4"	4-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/8"	2-1/16"
Bulb	Metal Shell MT-10	ST-16
Base	{ Small-Wafer Octal 7-Pin (JETEC No. B7-22)	{ Medium-Shell Octal 7-Pin (JETEC No. B7-12)
Basing Designation	7AC	G-7AC

Pin 1 { 6L6, Shell
6L6-G, No Conn.
Pin 2 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate



Pin 4 - Grid No.2
Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁†

Triode Connection - Grid No.2 Connected to Plate

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	275 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	19 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	180 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	180 max.	volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

	Fixed Bias	Cathode Bias	
Plate Voltage	250	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-20	-	volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor	-	490	ohms

0.00 †; see next page.

← indicates a change.

6L6
6L6-G



6L6, 6L6-G BEAM POWER TUBE

	Fixed Bias	Cathode Bias	
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	20	20	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	40	40	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	44	42	ma
Amplification Factor	8	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	1700	-	ohms
Transconductance	4700	-	μmhos
Load Resistance	5000	6000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	5	6	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	1.4	1.3	watts

→ **Maximum Circuit Values (For maximum rated conditions):**

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohms
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohms

AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁†

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	360 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	270 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	19 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	180 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	180 max.	volts

→ **Typical Operation and Characteristics:**

Fixed-Bias Operation

Plate Voltage	200	250	300	350	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	200	250	200	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-11.5	-14	-12.5	-18	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	11.5	14	12.5	18	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	52	72	48	54	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	57	79	55	66	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	3.5	5.0	2.5	2.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	5.7	7.3	4.7	7.0	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	35000	22500	35000	33000	ohms
Transconductance	5300	6000	5300	5200	μmhos
Load Resistance	3000	2500	4500	4200	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	9	10	11	15	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	4	6.5	6.5	10.8	watts

Cathode-Bias Operation

Plate Voltage	200	250	300	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	200	250	200	volts

o with shell connected to cathode.

oo with no external shield.

†: See next page.

→ indicates a change.

6L6
6L6-G

6L6, 6L6-G

BEAM POWER TUBE

Cathode-Bias Resistor	186	167	218	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	11.5	14	12.7	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	55	75	51	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	56	78	54.5	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	4.2	5.4	3.0	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	5.6	7.2	4.6	ma
Load Resistance	3000	2500	4500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	9	10	11	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	4	6.5	6.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (For maximum rated conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁†**Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:**

PLATE VOLTAGE	360 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	270 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	19 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	180 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	180 max.	volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:*Unless otherwise specified, values are for 2 tubes*

	Fixed Bias		Cathode Bias		
Plate Voltage	250	270	250	270	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	270	250	270	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-16	-17.5	-	-	volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor	-	-	124	124	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-					
Grid-No.1 Voltage	32	35	35.6	28.2	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	120	134	120	134	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	140	155	130	145	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2					
Current	10	11	10	11	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2					
Current	16	17	15	17	ma
Plate Resistance (Per tube)					
(Approx.)	24500	23500	-	-	ohms
Transconductance (Per tube)	5500	5700	-	-	μmhos
Effective Load Resistance					
(Plate to plate)	5000	5000	5000	5000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	2	2	2	2	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	14.5	17.5	13.8	18.5	watts

†: See next page.

←Indicates a change

6L6
6L6-G



6L6, 6L6-G

BEAM POWER TUBE

Maximum Circuit Values (For maximum rated conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class AB₁†

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	360 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	270 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	19 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2.5 max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode .	180 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	180 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

	Fixed Bias	Cathode Bias	
Plate Voltage	360	360	360 volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	270	270	270 volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-22.5	-22.5	- volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor	-	-	248 ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-			
Grid-No.1 Voltage	45	45	40.6 volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	88	88	88 ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	132	140	100 ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2			
Current	5	5	5 ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2			
Current	15	11	17 ma
Effective Load Resistance			
(Plate to plate)	6600	3800	9000 ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	2	2	4 %
Max.-Signal Power Output	26.5	18	24.5 watts

Maximum Circuit Values (For maximum rated conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:▲

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class AB₂♦

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	360 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	270 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	19 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2.5 max.	watts

▲, †, ♦: See next page.

→ indicates a change.



6L6
6L6-G

6L6, 6L6-G BEAM POWER TUBE

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. . . 180 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . . 180 max. volts

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

	Fixed Bias		
Plate Voltage.	360	360	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	225	270	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-18	-22.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to Grid-No.1 Voltage	52	72	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	78	88	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	142	205	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	3.5	5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	11	16	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	6000	3800	ohms
Peak Grid-Input Power.	140	270	mw
Total Harmonic Distortion.	2	2	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	31	47	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (For maximum rated conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance†:

For fixed-bias operation 0.1 max. megohm
For cathode-bias operation Not recommended

† Subscript 1 indicates that grid-no.1 current does not flow during any part of input cycle.

‡ Subscript 2 indicates that grid-no.1 current flows during some part of input cycle.

‡ Driver stage should be capable of supplying the specified driving power at low distortion to the No.1 grids of the AB₂ stage. To minimize distortion, the effective resistance per grid-no.1 circuit of the AB₂ stage should be held at a low value. For this purpose, the use of transformer coupling is recommended.

* The type of input coupling used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid-no.1 circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended.

←Indicates a change.

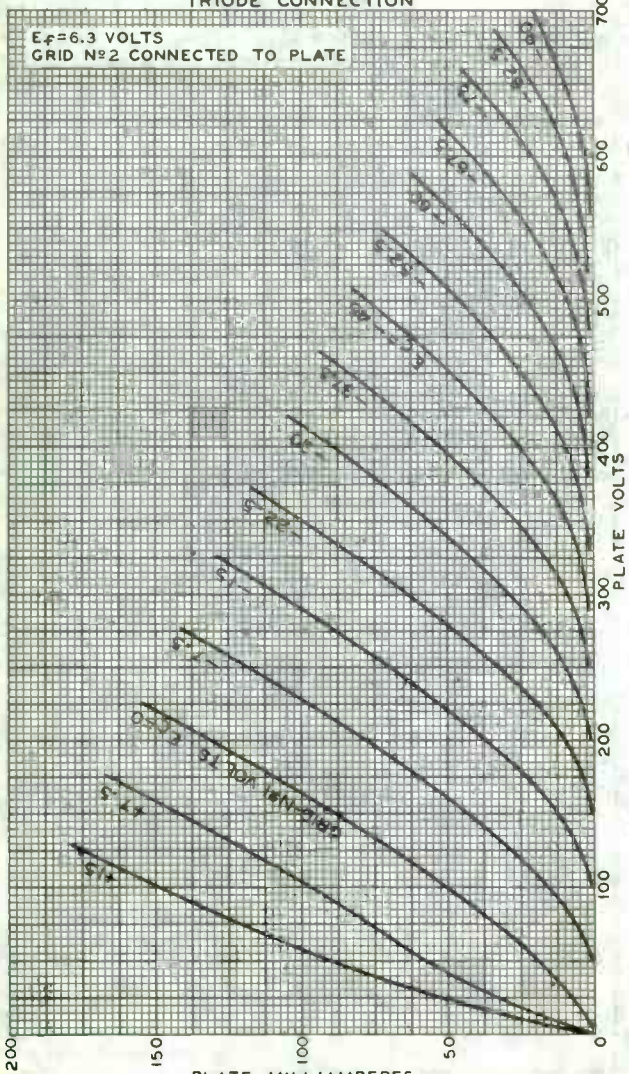
6L6



6L6

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID N^o2 CONNECTED TO PLATE



SEPT. 6 1938

PLATE MILLIAMPERES
TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-4966RI

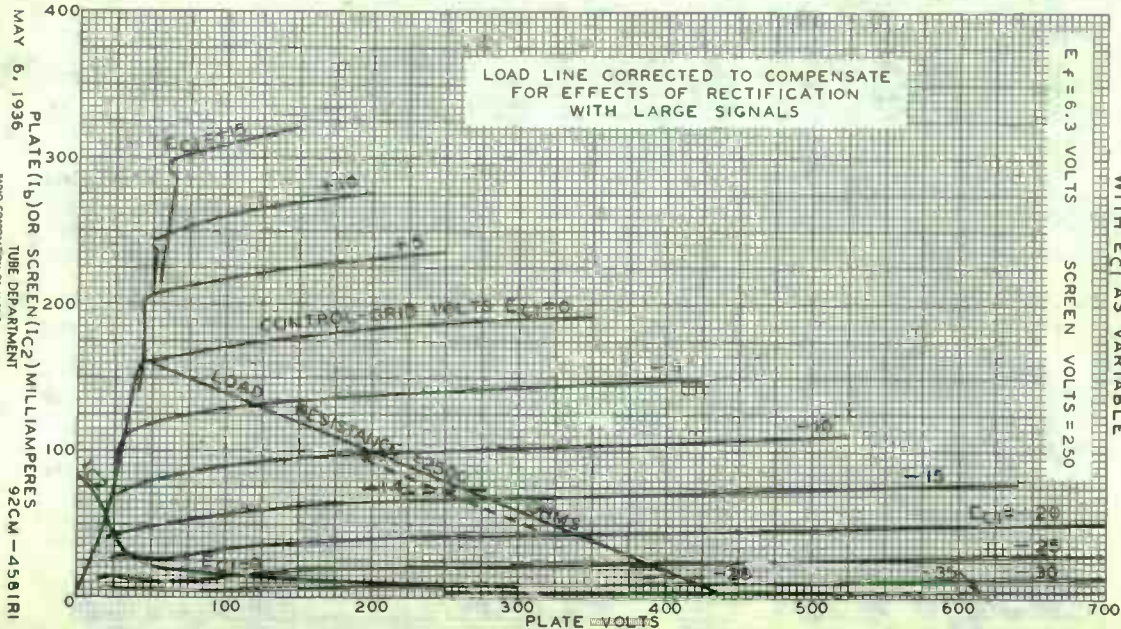


6L6

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS WITH E_{C1} AS VARIABLE

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS SCREEN VOLTS = 250

LOAD LINE CORRECTED TO COMPENSATE
FOR EFFECTS OF RECTIFICATION
WITH LARGE SIGNALS



MAY 6, 1936

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

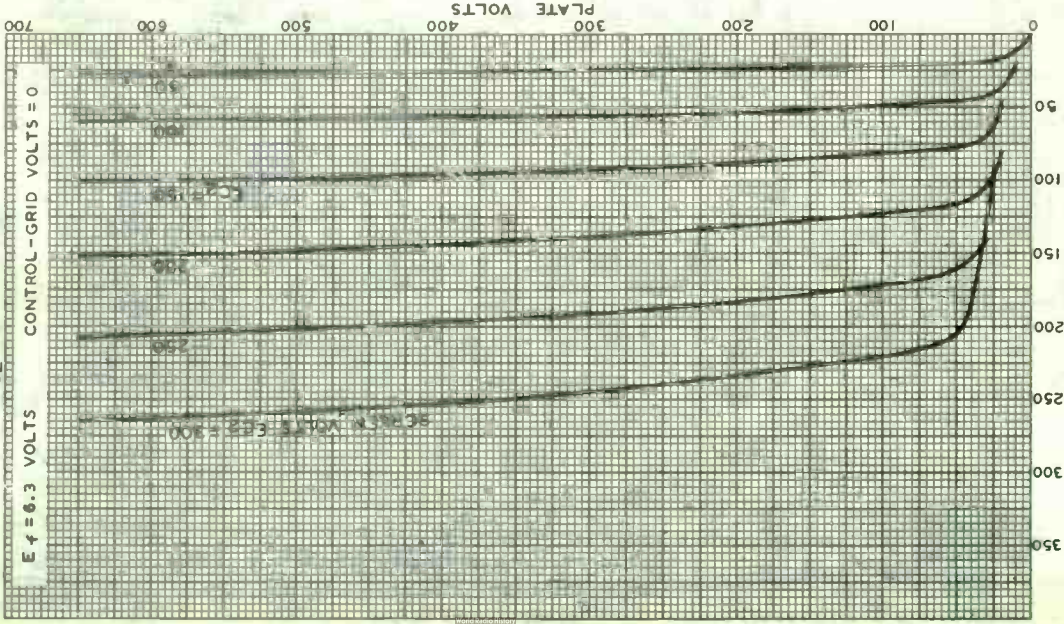
TUBE DEPARTMENT 92CM-4581R1

6L6



6L6

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS WITH EC2 AS VARIABLE



$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS CONTROL - GRID VOLTS = 0

PLATE VOLTS - EC2 = 300

MAY 8, 1936

PLATE MILLIAMPERES
RCA RADIIOTRON DIVISION
RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY INC

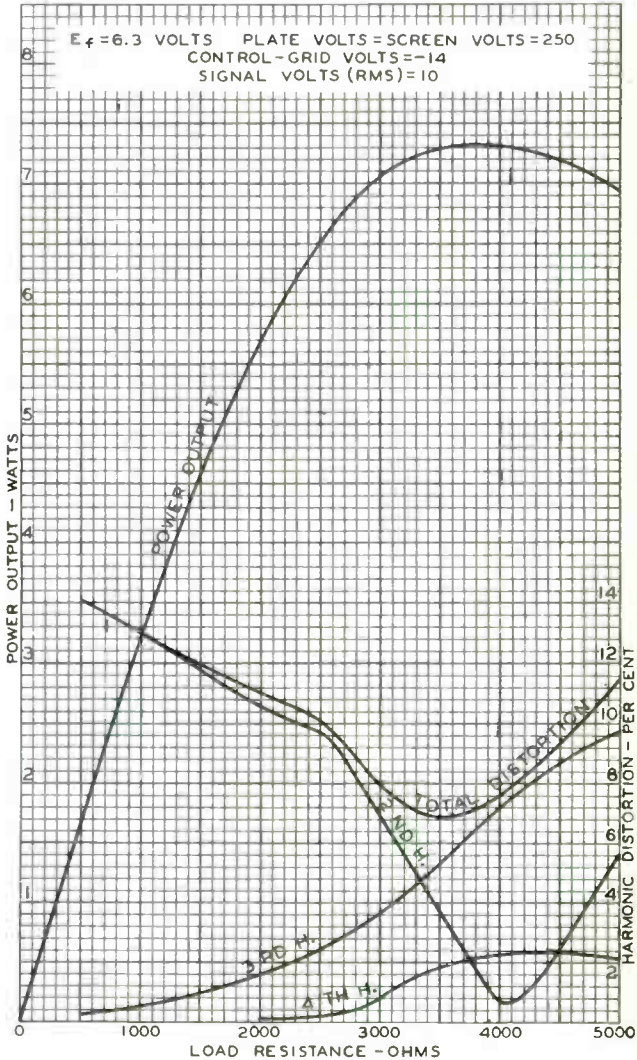
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6L6

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OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



MAY 7, 1936

RCA RADIOTRON DIVISION
RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.

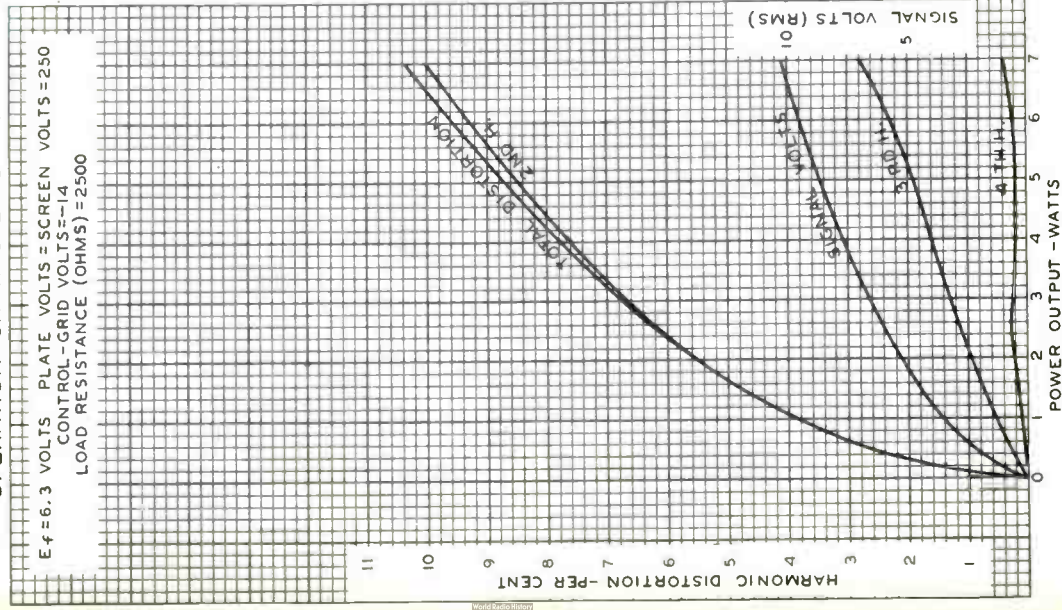
92C-4608



6L6

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = SCREEN VOLTS = 250
 CONTROL-GRID VOLTS = -14
 LOAD RESISTANCE (OHMS) = 2500



Beam Power Tube

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.9	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

(Approx.):[▲]

Grid-No.1 to plate.	0.6	μf
Grid-No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	10	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	6.5	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-14	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	22500	ohms
Transconductance.	6000	μmhos
Plate Current	72	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	5	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	4-1/4"
Maximum Seated Length	3-11/16"
Diameter.	1.438" to 1.562"
Bulb.	T-12
Base.	Medium-Shell Octal 7-Pin (JEDEC Group 1, No. B7-12), Short Medium-Shell Octal 7-Pin with External Barriers Style A (JEDEC Group 1, No. B7-111) or Style B (JEDEC Group 1, No. B7-119), or Short Medium-Shell Octal 6-Pin with External Barriers Style A (JEDEC Group 1, No. B6-148) or Style B (JEDEC Group 1, No. B6-122)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7AC

- Pin 1 • - No Connection
Pin 2 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate
Pin 4 - Grid No.2



- Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	500	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 {SCREEN-GRID} VOLTAGE.	450	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT.	5	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	30	max.	watts



6L6-GC

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. . 200 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . 200* max. volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Fixed-Bias Operation

Plate Voltage.	200	250	300	350	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	200	250	200	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage.	-11.5	-14	-12.5	-18	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	11.5	14	12.5	18	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	52	72	48	54	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	57	79	55	66	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	3.5	5	2.5	2.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	5.7	7.3	4.7	7	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	35000	22500	35000	33000	ohms
Transconductance	5300	6000	5300	5200	μmhos
Load Resistance.	3000	2500	4500	4200	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	9	10	11	15	%
Max.-Signal Power Output .	4	6.5	6.5	10.8	watts

Cathode-Bias Operation

Plate Supply Voltage	200	250	300	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	200	250	200	volts
Cathode Resistor	186	167	218	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	11.5	14	12.7	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	55	75	51	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	56	78	54.5	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	4.2	5.4	3	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	5.6	7.2	4.6	ma
Load Resistance.	3000	2500	4500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	9	10	11	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	4	6.5	6.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation 0.1 max. megohm
For cathode-bias operation 0.5 max. megohm

AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Triode Connection — Grid No.2 Connected to Plate

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	450	max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	30	max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
Heater negative with respect to cathode. . 200 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . 200* max. volts



Typical Operation and Characteristics:

	Fixed Bias	Cathode Bias	
Plate Supply Voltage	250	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage . . .	-20	-	volts
Cathode Resistor	-	490	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	20	20	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	40	40	ma
Maximum-Signal Plate Current	44	42	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	1700	-	ohms
Amplification Factor	8	-	
Transconductance	4700	-	μmhos
Load Resistance	5000	6000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	5	6	%
Maximum-Signal Power Output	1.4	1.3	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	500	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	450	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	5	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	30	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode . .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode . .	200*	max.	volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Unless otherwise specified, values are for 2 tubes

	Fixed Bias		Cathode Bias		
Plate Supply Voltage	250	270	250	270	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	250	270	250	270	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-16	-17.5	-	-	volts
Cathode Resistor	-	-	124	124	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-					
Grid-No.1 Voltage	32	35	35.6	28.2	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	120	134	120	134	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	140	155	130	145	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2					
Current	10	11	10	11	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2					
Current	16	17	15	17	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx., per tube)	24500	23500	-	-	ohms
Transconductance (Per tube)	5500	5700	-	-	μmhos
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	5000	5000	5000	5000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	2	2	2	2	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	14.5	17.5	13.8	18.5	watts



6L6-GC

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation. 0.1 max. megohm
 For cathode-bias operation. 0.5 max. megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 500 max. volts
 GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 450♦ max. volts
 GRID-No.2 INPUT 5 max. watts
 PLATE DISSIPATION 30 max. watts
 PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
 Heater negative with respect to cathode . 200 max. volts
 Heater positive with respect to cathode . 200* max. volts

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

	Fixed Bias			Cathode Bias	
Plate Supply Voltage. . . .	360	450	450	360	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage. .	270	350	400	270	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage♦.	-22.5	-30	-37	-	volts
Cathode Resistor.	-	-	-	248	ohms
Peak Af Grid-No.1-to- Grid-No.1 Voltage	45	60	70	40.6	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current. .	88	95	116	88	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current .	132	194	210	100	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	5	3.4	5.6	5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	15	19.2	22	17	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	6600	6000	5600	9000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion .	2	1.5	1.8	4	%
Max.-Signal Power Output. .	26.5	50	55	24.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:♦

For fixed-bias operation. 0.1 max. megohm
 For cathode-bias operation. 0.5 max. megohm

PUSH-PULL AF AMPLIFIER — Class AB₂

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE. 500 max. volts
 GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE. 450♦ max. volts
 GRID-No.2 INPUT. 5 max. watts
 PLATE DISSIPATION. 30 max. watts
 PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
 Heater negative with respect to cathode. . 200 max. volts
 Heater positive with respect to cathode. . 200* max. volts



Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

	Fixed Bias		
Plate Voltage.	360	360	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	225	270	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage [♠]	-18	-22.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 to Grid-No.1 Voltage.	52	72	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	78	88	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	142	205	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	3.5	5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	11	16	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	6000	3800	ohms
Peak Grid-Input Power [♠]	140	270	mw
Total Harmonic Distortion.	2	2	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	31	47	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: [♠]	
For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max. megohm
For cathode-bias operation	Not recommended

[♠] Without external shield.

• On the 6-pin bases, pin 1 as well as pin 6 is omitted.

★ The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

♠ In push-pull circuits where grid No.2 of each tube is connected to a tap on the plate winding of the output transformer, it is permissible for this voltage to be as high as 500 volts.

♠ The type of input coupling used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid-No.1 circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended.

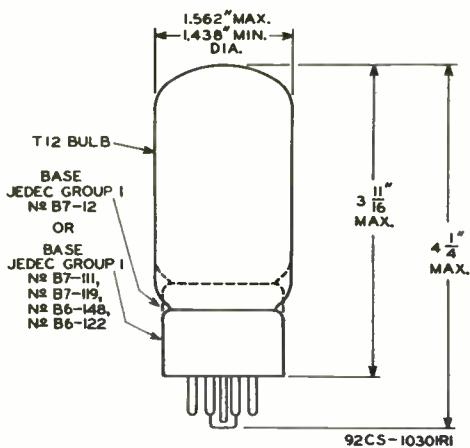
♠ Driver stage should be capable of supplying the specified driving power at low distortion to the No.1 grids of the AB₂ stage. To minimize distortion, the effective resistance per grid-No.1 circuit of the AB₂ stage should be held at a low value. For this purpose, the use of transformer coupling is recommended.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The *bulb* becomes hot during operation. To insure adequate cooling, therefore, it is essential that free circulation of air be provided.



6L6-GC

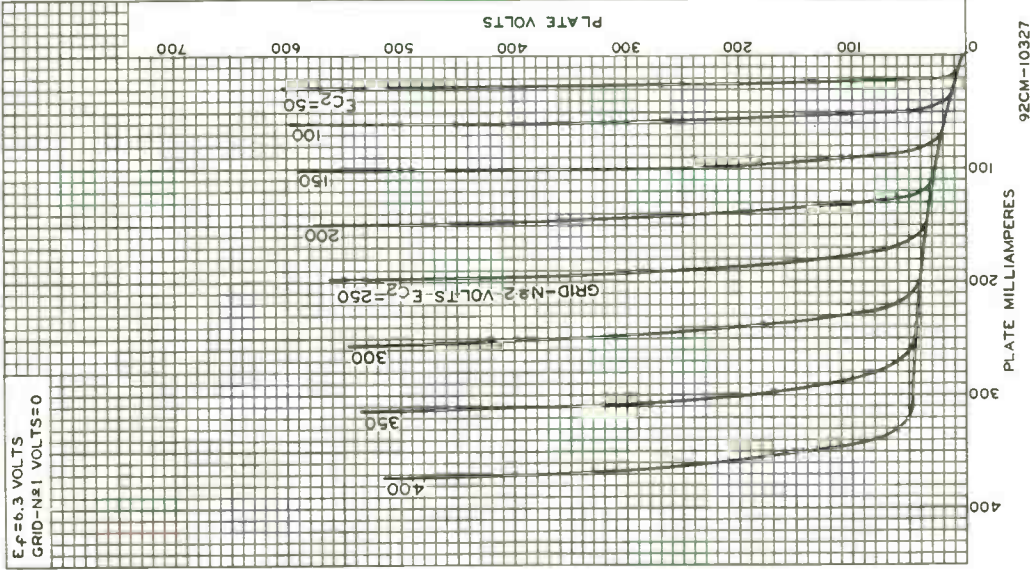


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Electron Tube Division

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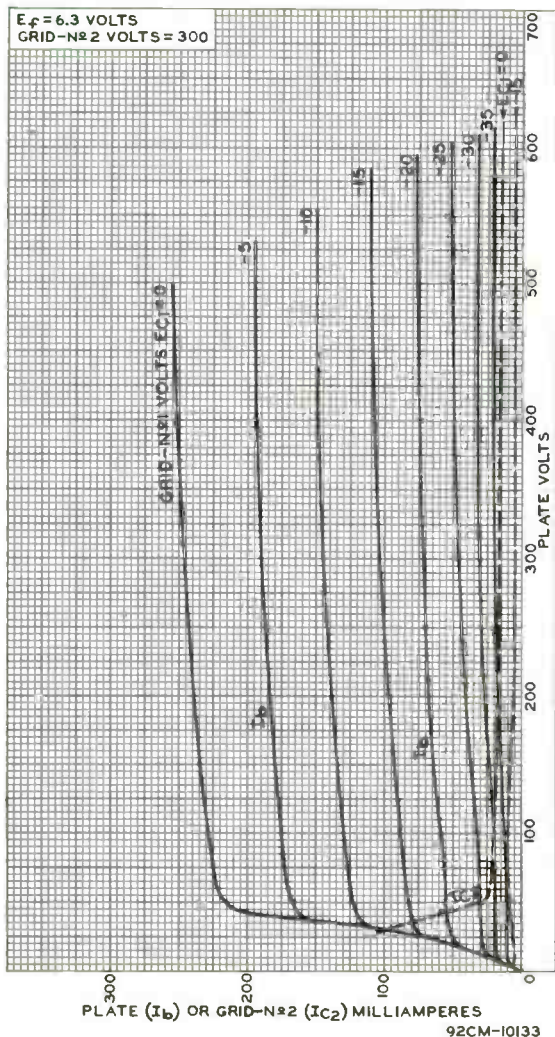


AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

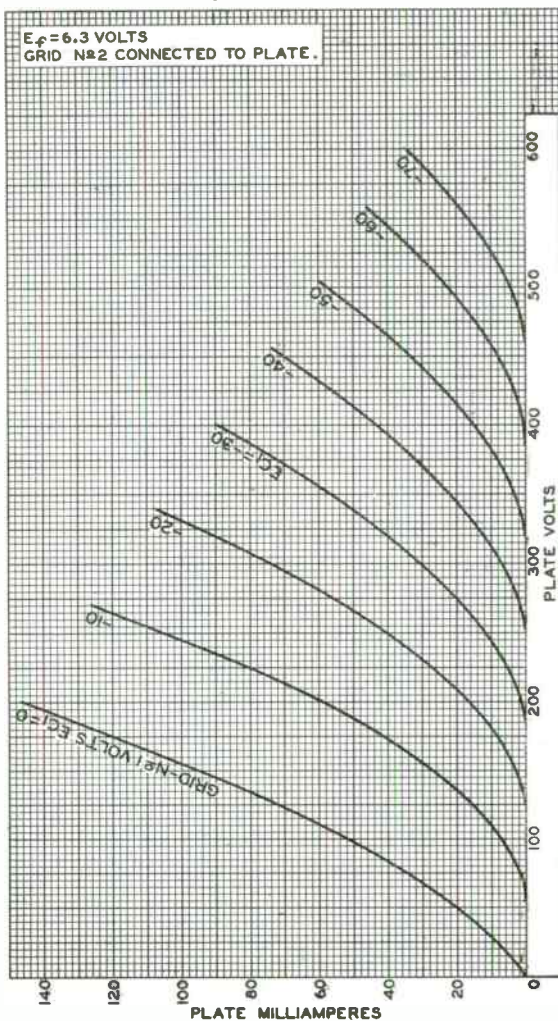


6L6-GC

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



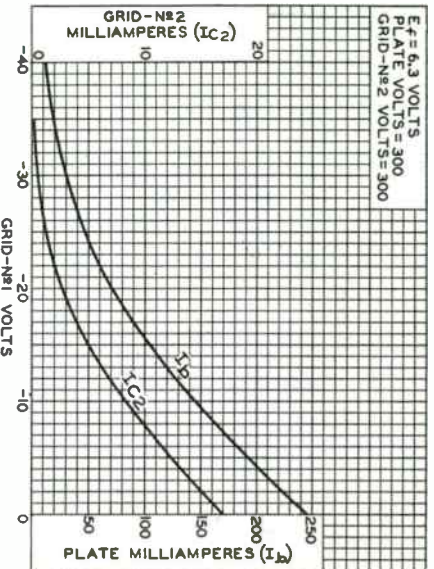
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Connection



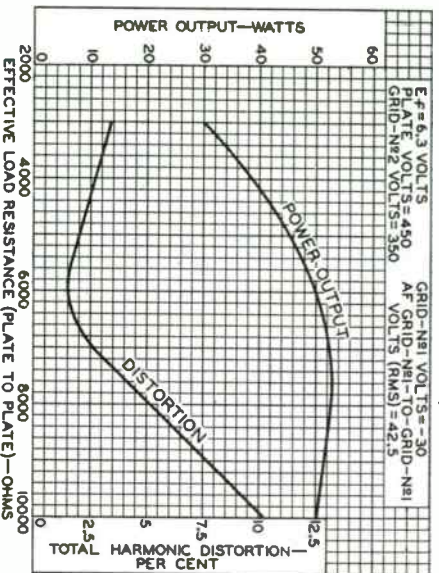
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS Push-Pull Class AB₁



Beam Power Tube

Duodecar Type

For Color-TV Horizontal-Deflection Amplifier
Circuits Using 240 V to over 400 V "B" Supplies

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Bogey Values

Heater Voltage, ac or dc . . .	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	2.25	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a			
Grid No.1 to plate	c_{g1-p}	0.44	pF
Input: G1 to (K, G3, G2, H) . . .	c_i	33	pF
Output: P to (K, G3, G2, H) . . .	c_o	18	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:

Amplification Factor

(Triode Connection) ^b . . .	μ	-	-	-	4 ^c
Plate Resistance (approx.) . . .	r_p	-	-	-	6600 Ω
Transconductance	g_m	-	-	-	13400 μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	-	900 ^d	560 ^d	105 mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	-	110 ^d	46 ^d	2.0 mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Volt- age for $I_b = 1$ mA	$E_{c1(c0)}$	-125	-	-	-40 V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	← 6.3 →			V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^e	e_{bm}	5000	-	-	V
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	-	45	50	150 V
Grid No.3		Connected to cathode at socket			
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	110	160	110	110 V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	E_{c1}	-	0	-	-20 V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Overall Length	4.375 in (111.12 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	4.000 in (101.6 mm)
Maximum Diameter	1.563 in (39.7 mm)
Dimensional Outline	JEDEC No.12-90
Envelope	JEDEC T12
Top Cap ^f	Small (JEDEC C1-1 or C1-34)

6LB6

Base Large-Button Duodecar 12-Pin (JEDEC E12-74)
 Terminal Diagram JEDEC 12GJ
 Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential
 Operating Position Any

MAXIMUM RATINGS – Design-Maximum Values^g

*For operation as a Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Tube
 in a 525-line, 30-frame system*

DC Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	990	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^h	e_{bm}	7000 ^k	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage	$-e_{bm}$	100	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage	E_{c3}	0	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	E_{c2}	200	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	$-e_{c1m}$	300	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage:			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
Average ^m	E_{hk}	100	V
Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current:			
Peak	i_{km}	1100	mA
Average ^m	$I_{k(av)}$	315	mA
Grid-No.2 Input	P_{g2}	5.0	W
Plate Dissipation ⁿ	P_b	30	W
Envelope Temperature	T_E	200 ^p	°C

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	R_{g1}	1.2	MΩ
With Feedback-Type High Voltage Regulation			
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	R_{g1}	10	MΩ
With Shunt-Type High Voltage Regulation			
Grid-No.3-Circuit Resistance	R_{g3}	0	Ω

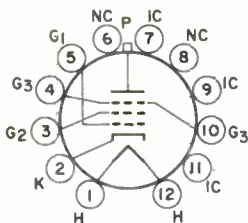
^a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.

^b With grid No.3 and grid No.2 connected, respectively, to cathode and plate at socket.

- ^c Conditions: $E_b = E_{c2} = 125 \text{ V}$, $E_{c1} = -25 \text{ V}$.
- ^d This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- ^e Under pulse-duration condition specified in Footnote h.
- ^f Designed to mate with connector of 0.250-inch cap, generally available from your local RCA distributor.
- ^g As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239, unless otherwise specified.
- ^h This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle is $10 \mu\text{s}$.
- ^k Absolute-Maximum Value.
- ^m Measured with a DC meter.
- ⁿ An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.
- ^p This rating is applicable when measurement is made using a thermocouple attached to a 0.1-inch wide phosphor-bronze ring placed at the hottest location on the envelope. A maximum rating of 220°C is applicable to direct thermocouple measurements taken at the hottest point on the envelope surface.

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

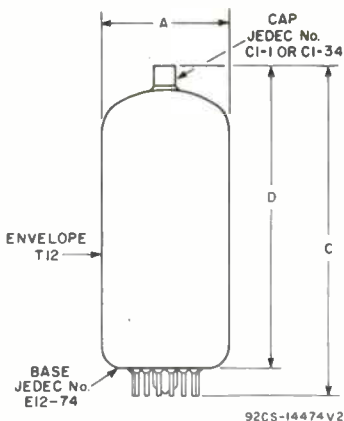
- Pin 1 – Heater
 Pin 2 – Cathode
 Pin 3 – Grid No.2
 Pin 4 – Grid No.3
 Pin 5 – Grid No.1
 Pin 6 – No Internal Connection
 Pin 7 – Do Not Use
 Pin 8 – No Internal Connection
 Pin 9 – Do Not Use
 Pin 10 – Grid No.3
 Pin 11 – Do Not Use
 Pin 12 – Heater
 Cap – Plate



JEDEC 12GJ

6LB6

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE (JEDEC No. 12-90)



DIMENSION	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	1.437*	1.563	36.5*	39.7
C	—	4.375	—	111.12
D	3.750	4.000	95.3	101.6
MILLIMETER DIMENSION DERIVED FROM INCH DIMENSION				
* Applies to the minimum diameter except in the area of the seal.				

High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Sync-Separator and Noise-Immune
Gated-AGC-Amplifier Applications in
Color and Black-and White TV Receivers

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.600 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec

Peak heater-cathode voltage

(Each unit):

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode

Capacitances:^d

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	2.2	pf
Grid to cathode & pentode grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater	2.8	pf
Plate to cathode & pentode grid No.3 & internal shield, and heater	2.2	pf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.1 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode, triode cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	10.0	pf
Grid No.3 & triode cathode & internal shield to plate	3.4	pf
Grid No.1 to grid No.3 & triode cathode & internal shield	0.36	pf
Grid No.3 & triode cathode & internal shield to plate, cathode, grid No.2, grid No.1, and heater	12.5	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Supply Voltage	200	15C	volts
Grid No.3	-	e	



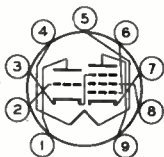
6LC8

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	-	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-2	-	volts
Grid No.1.	-	e	
Cathode Resistor	-	180	ohms
Amplification Factor	70	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	17500	100000	ohms
Transconductance, Grid No.1 to Plate	4000	4400	μ mhos
Transconductance, Grid No.3 to Plate ^f	-	600	μ mhos
Plate Current.	4	4	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	-	2.8	ma
Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a =			
10	-5	-	volts
20	-	-4	volts
Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 20 ^f	-	-7	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length.	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	2" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline.	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9QY

- Pin 1 - Triode Plate
- Pin 2 - Triode Grid
- Pin 3 - Triode
Cathode,
Pentode Grid
No.3, Inter-
nal Shield
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater



- Pin 6 - Pentode
Grid No.1
- Pin 7 - Pentode
Cathode
- Pin 8 - Pentode
Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Pentode
Plate

GATED AGC AMPLIFIER & NOISE INVERTER

Pentode Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system⁹

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^h	600 max.	volts



GRID-No.3 (CONTPOL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value.	100 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE.	See <i>Grid-No.2-Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value.	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 150 volts.	1.1 max.	watts
For grid-No.2 voltages between 150 and 300 volts.	See <i>Grid-No.2-Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
PLATE DISSIPATION.	2 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	megohm

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Triode Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	300 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value.	50 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1.1 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

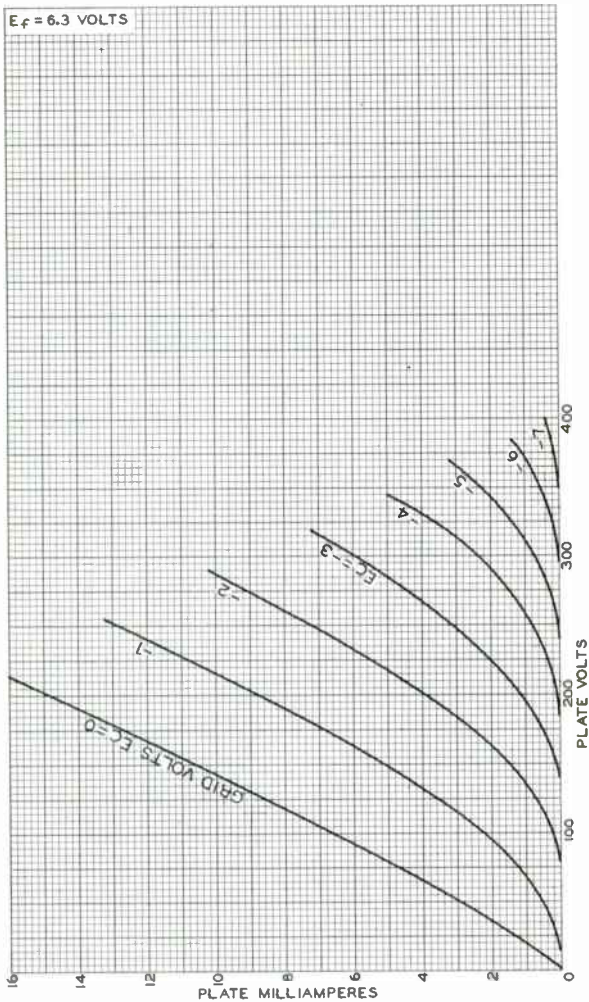
Grid-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	megohm

- a At heater amperes = 0.600.
- b At heater volts = 6.3.
- c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- d Without external shield.
- e Connected to negative end of cathode resistor.
- f With no external connection to triode plate and triode grid.
- g As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.
- h This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.



6LC8

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



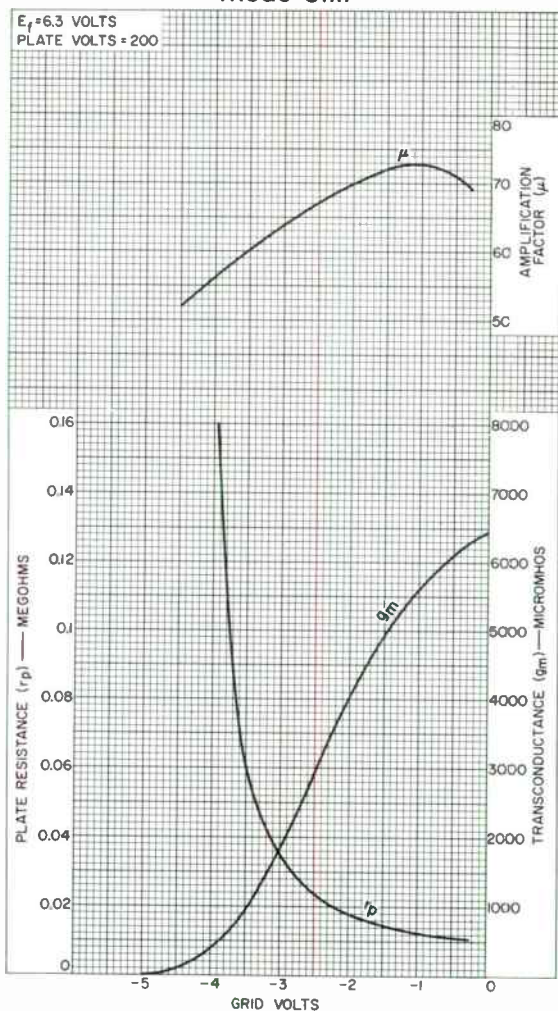
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

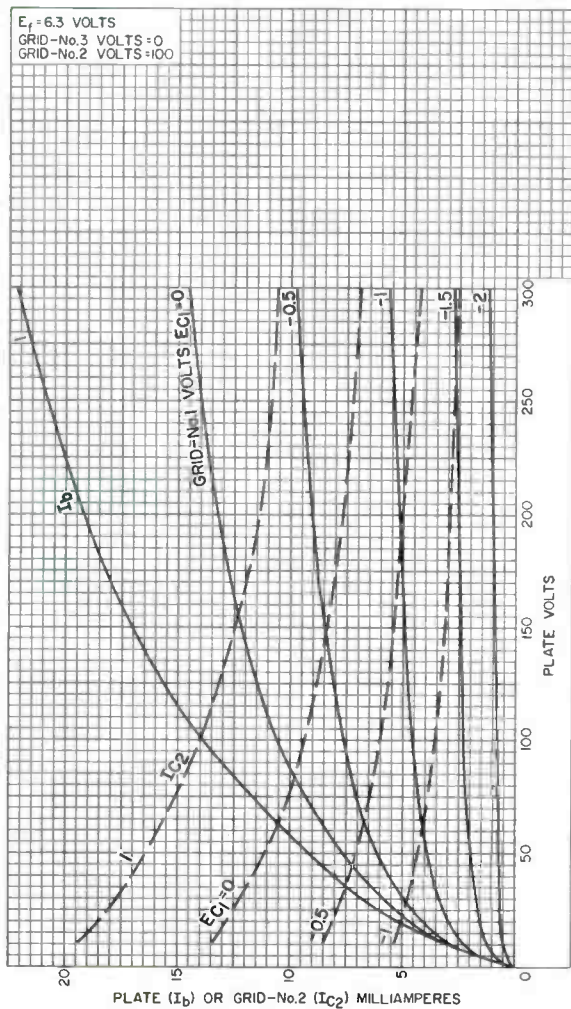


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6LC8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-11594

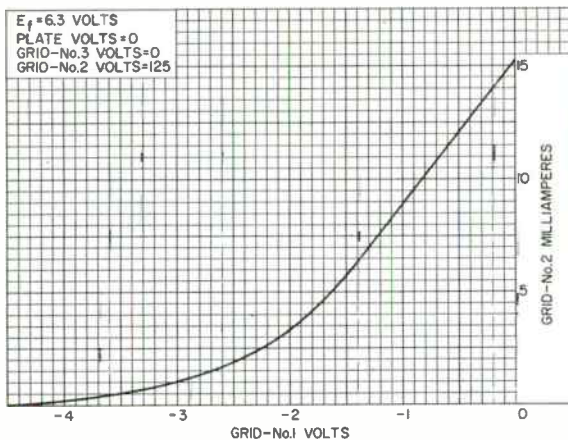
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CS-11603



Twin Dual-Control Pentodes

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

COMMON-CATHODE, GRID No.1 & GRID No.2.

DARK HEATER

*For Combined Color Demodulator and Matrix
Amplifier Applications in Color TV Receivers
Having High-Level Demodulation Systems*

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Bogey Values

Heater Voltage, AC or DC.	E_f	6.3	V
Heater Current.	I_f	760	mA

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

Without external shield

G3 to P (each unit, with other unit connected to ground)	C_{g3-p}	2.7	pF
G1 to (K, Pp2, Pp1, G3p2, G3p1, G2, H).	C_{g1-all}	15.5	pF
G3p1 to (K, Pp2, Pp1, G3p2, G2, G1, H) } G3p2 to (K, Pp2, Pp1, G3p1, G2, G1, H) }	C_{g3-all}	6.0	pF
Pp1 to (K, Pp2, G3p2, G3p1, G2, G1, H) } Pp2 to (K, Pp1, G3p2, G3p1, G2, G1, H) }	C_{p-all}	3.7	pF
G3p1 to G3p2	C_{g3-g3}	0.10	pF

*For the following characteristics, with both units operating,
see Conditions*

Plate Resistance.	r_p	50000	Ω
Approx., each unit			
Grid-No.1-to-Plate Transconductance	$g_m(g_{1p})$	5800	μmhos
Each unit			
Grid-No.3-to-Plate Transconductance	$g_m(g_{3p})$	350	μmhos
Each unit			
DC Plate Current.	I_b	7.6	mA
Each unit			
DC Grid-No.2 Current ^a	I_{c2}	14.5	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage			
Approx., each unit			
For $I_b = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$E_{c1}(co)$	-6.3	V
Cutoff DC Grid-No.3 Voltage ^b			
Approx., each unit			
For $I_b = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$E_{c3}(co)$	-16.5	V

Conditions

Heater Voltage.	E_f	6.3	V
DC Plate Voltage.	E_b	100	V
Each unit			
DC Grid-No.3 (Control-Grid) Voltage	E_{c3}	0	V
Each unit			
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage.	E_{c2}	100	V
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	E_{c1}	-2.5	V

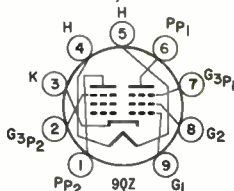


MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3-1/16 in
Maximum Seated Length	3-13/16 in
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top	2-7/16 ± 3/32 in
Excluding tip	
Diameter	0.750 to 0.875 in
Envelope	JEDEC T6-1/2
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 6-4)	See <i>General Section</i>
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC E9-1)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Plate of Unit No.2
 Pin 2 - Grid No.3 of Unit No.2
 Pin 3 - Cathode
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater
 Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No.1
 Pin 7 - Grid No.3 of Unit No.1
 Pin 8 - Grid No.2
 Pin 9 - Grid No.1



DESIGN MAXIMUM RATINGS

DC Plate Voltage (Each unit)	E_b	300	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	150	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage			
Peak	e_{hkm}	{ +200 -300	{ V V
Average ^c	$E_{hk(av)}$	100	V
Heater Voltage, AC or DC	E_f	5.7 to 6.9	V
Grid-No.2 Input	P_{g2}	2	W
Plate Dissipation (Each unit)	P_b	2	W

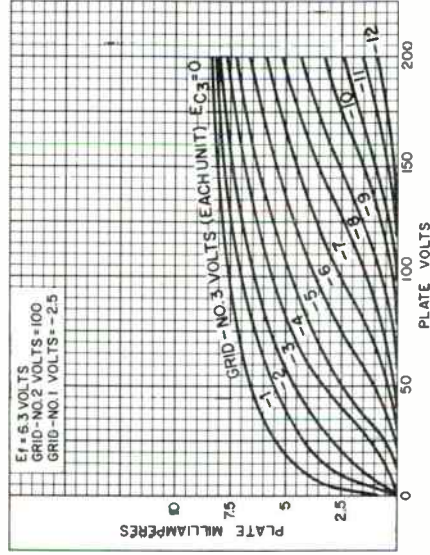
^a Units in parallel (PP_1 connected to PP_2 ; $G3P_1$ connected to $G3P_2$).

^b For this test, $E_{c1} = -3$ V so that the Grid-No.2 Input rating will not be exceeded.

^c Measured with a dc meter.

Typical Plate Characteristics

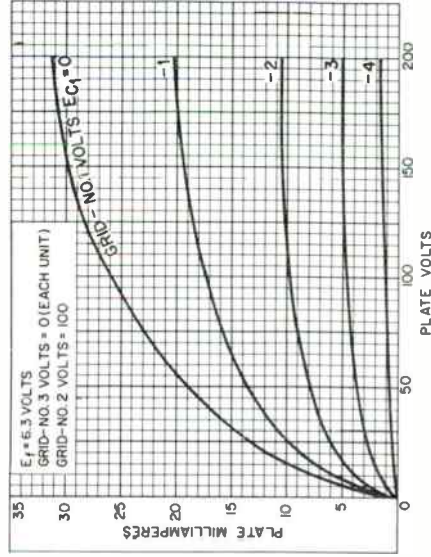
Each Unit, with Both Units Operating



92CS-3459

Typical Plate Characteristics

Each Unit, with Both Units Operating



92CS-13460



High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Video-Amplifier Service in Color-TV Receivers and
Other Applications Using Positive Triode-Grid Operation

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6 ^a	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.60C ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^c max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^d

Triode Unit:

G _T to P _T	2.2	pf
Input: G _T to (K _T , K _P +G _{3P} +I _S , H)	3.2	pf
Output: P _T to (K _T , K _P +G _{3P} +I _S , H)	1.8	pf

Pentode Unit:

G _{1P} to P _P	0.060 max.	pf
Input: G _{1P} to (K _P +G _{3P} +I _S , G _{2P} , H)	10	pf
Output: P _P to (K _P +G _{3P} +I _S , G _{2P} , H)	3.6	pf
G _{1P} to P _T	0.008 max.	pf
P _P to P _T	0.15 max.	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9DX

Pin 1—Triode Cathode

Pin 2—Triode Grid

Pin 3—Triode Plate

Pin 4—Heater

Pin 5—Heater

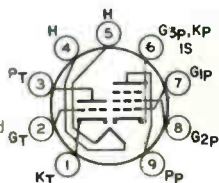
Pin 6—Pentode Cathode,

Grid No. 3, Internal Shield

Pin 7—Pentode Grid No. 1

Pin 8—Pentode Grid No. 2

Pin 9—Pentode Plate



6LF8

Characteristics, Class A Amplifier:

	Triode Unit		Pentode Unit		
Plate Voltage.	200	40	75	100	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	-	-	150	150	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-2	+3	0	-2.5	volts
Amplification Factor	70	40	-	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	17500	10000	-	200000	ohms
Transconductance	4000	4000	-	11000	μ mhos
Plate Current.	4	11	50 ^e	20	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	-	-	12 ^e	5	ma
Grid-No.1 Current.	0	2.7	0	0	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 20.	-5	-	-	-8	volts

AMPLIFIER - Class A^f

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit as Class A ₁ or A ₂ Amplifier	Pentode Unit as Class A ₁ Amplifier	
Plate Voltage.	330 max.	330 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage	-	330 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	-	See Grid-No.2-Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section	

Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid)

Voltage:

Negative-bias value.	55 max.	55 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	4 max.	0 max.	volts
Grid-No.1 Current.	8 max.	0 max.	ma

Grid-No.2 Input:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts	-	1.1 max.	watts
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For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	-	See Grid-No.2-Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section	
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Plate Dissipation.	1.1 max.	3.75 max.	watts
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Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

^a For parallel heater operation.

^b For series heater operation current must be limited to 0.600 ± 0.040 amperes.

^c The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

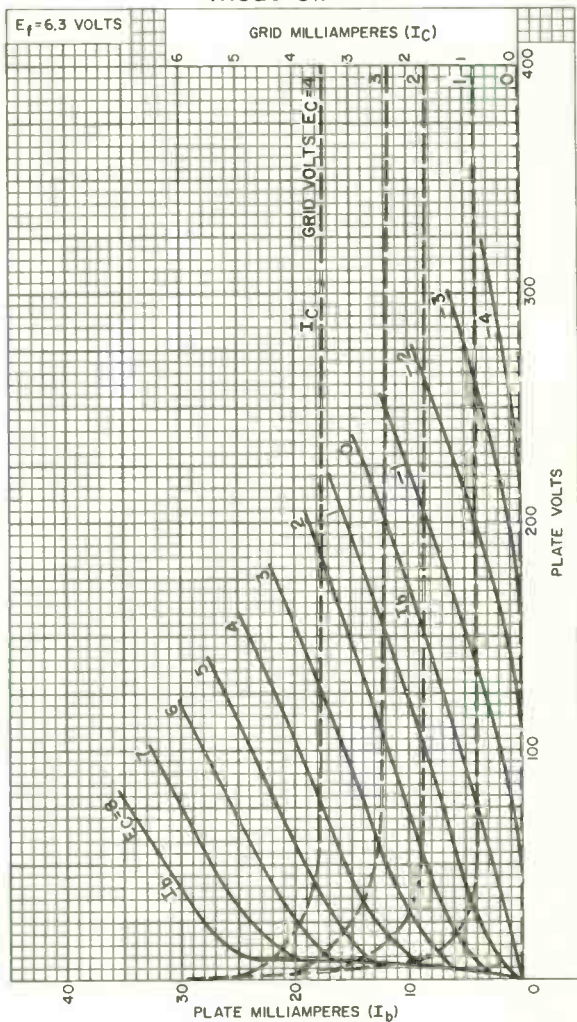
^d Without external shield.

^e This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^f A Class A Amplifier is an amplifier in which the grid bias and varying grid voltages are such that plate current flows at all times. The subscript 1 added to the class letter denotes that grid current does not flow during any part of the input cycle. The subscript 2 denotes that grid current flows during some part of the cycle.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

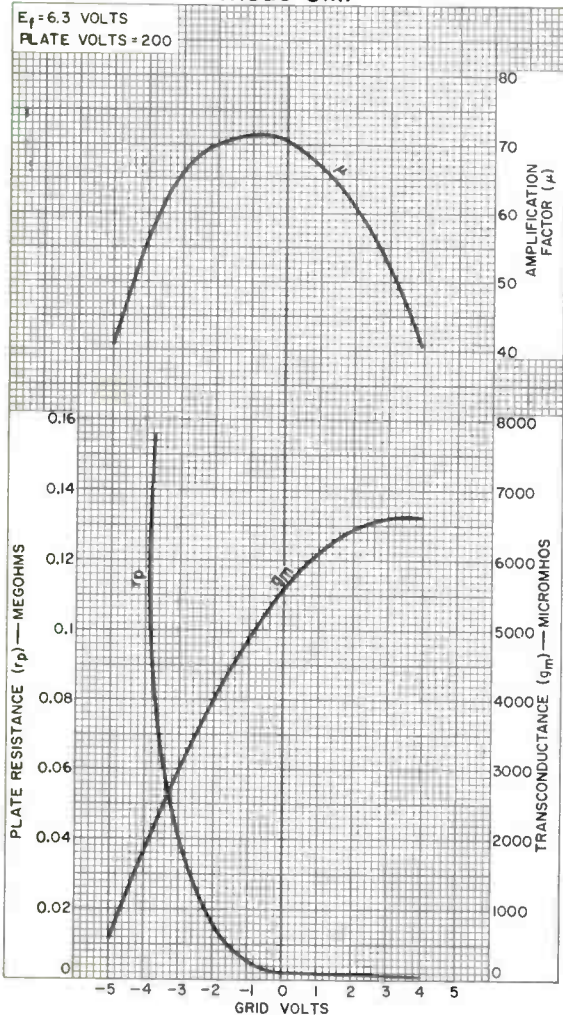


92CM-12384



6LF8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-12388

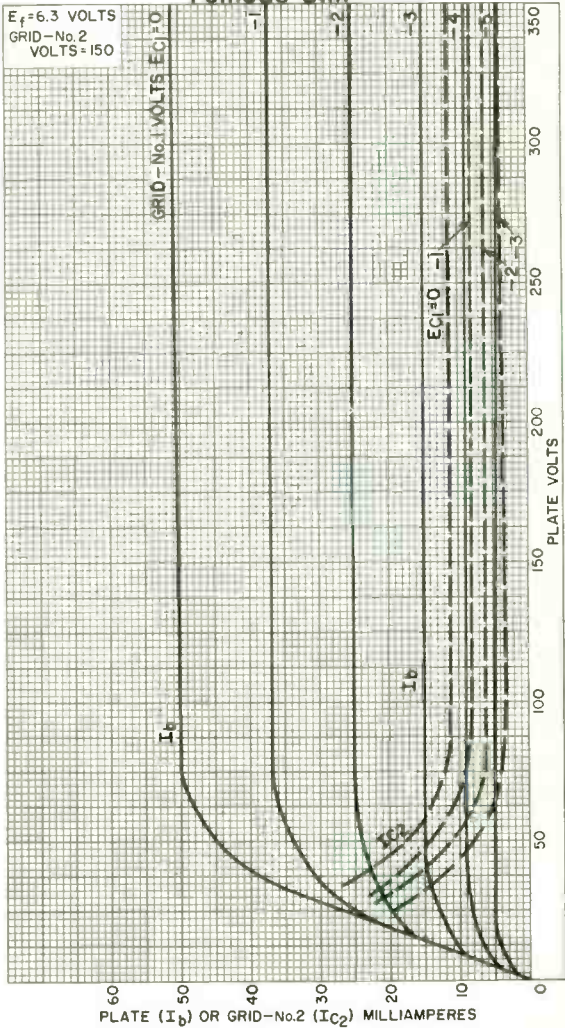
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



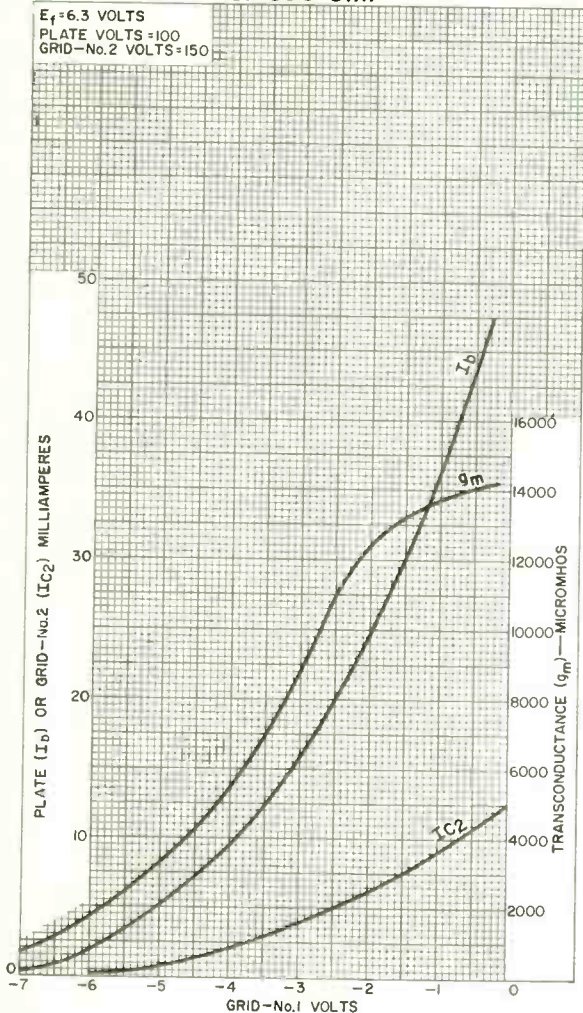
92CM-12398



6LF8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 100
GRID-NO.2 VOLTS = 150



92CM-12403

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Medium-Mu Triode— Semiremote-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

SEPARATE CATHODE BASE-PIN CONNECTIONS

For Color and Black-and-White TV Receivers. Pentode Unit is Particularly Suited for Burst-Amplifier Circuit in Color TV. Triode Unit is Useful as a General-Purpose Amplifier.

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.450	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances:^b

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	1.8	pf
Input: G_1 to $(K_T, K_P + G_2 + IS, H)$	3.2	pf
Output: P_T to $(K_T, K_P + G_2 + IS, H)$	1.9	pf

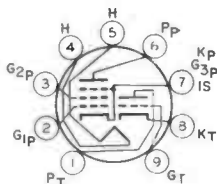
Pentode Unit:

Grid No. 1 to plate	0.015 max.	pf
Input: G_1 to $(K_P + G_2 + IS, G_2 + P, H)$	5.5	pf
Output: P_P to $(K_P + G_2 + IS, G_2 + P, H)$	3.2	pf
Heater to cathode (Each unit)	3.2	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Sealed Length	1-15/16"
Length from Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding Tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensions Outline	See General Section
Mult.	15-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9AE

- Pin 1 - Triode Plate
- Pin 2 - Pentode Grid No. 1
- Pin 3 - Pentode Grid No. 2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate
- Pin 7 - Pentode Cathode,
Pentode Grid No. 3,
and Internal Shield
- Pin 8 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 9 - Triode Grid



6LM8

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Characteristics:			
Plate Voltage.	125	125	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	-	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-1	-2	volts
Amplification Factor	46	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5400	15000	ohms
Transconductance	8500	6000	μmhos
Plate Current.	13.5	12	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	-	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 10.	-8	-14	volts

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Plate Voltage.	330 max.	350 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage	-	330 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	0 max.	volts
Grid-No.2 Input:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts.	-	0.55 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts.	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Plate Dissipation.	2.5 max.	2.5 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

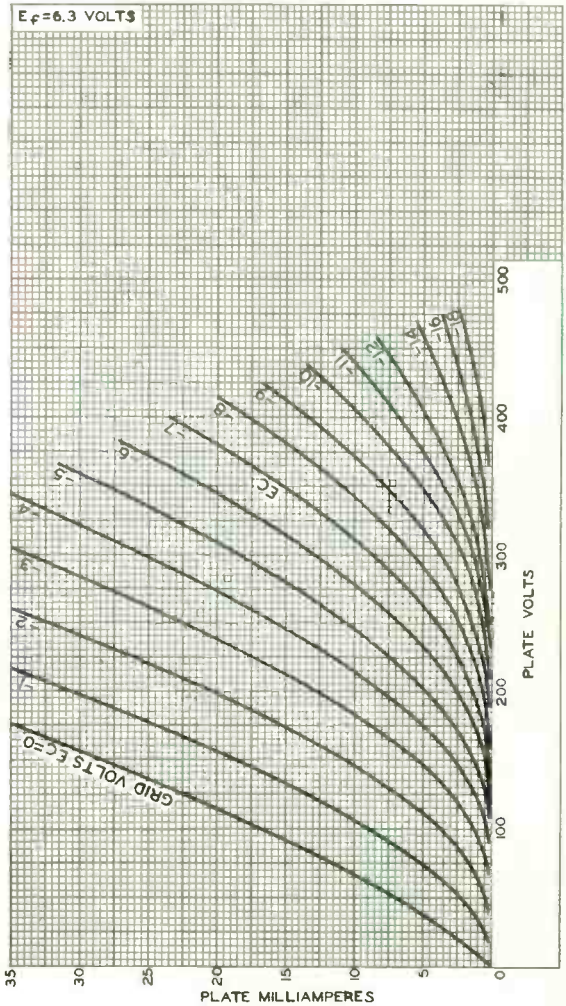
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	0.5 max.	megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b with external shield JEDEC No. 315 measured in accordance with EIA Standard S-191-A.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

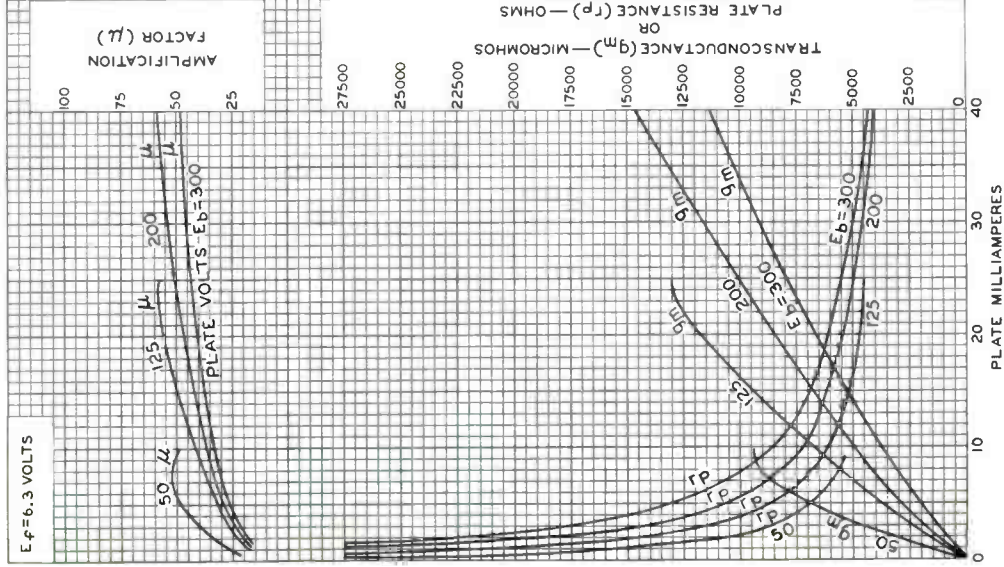


92CM-1042IRI



6LM8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

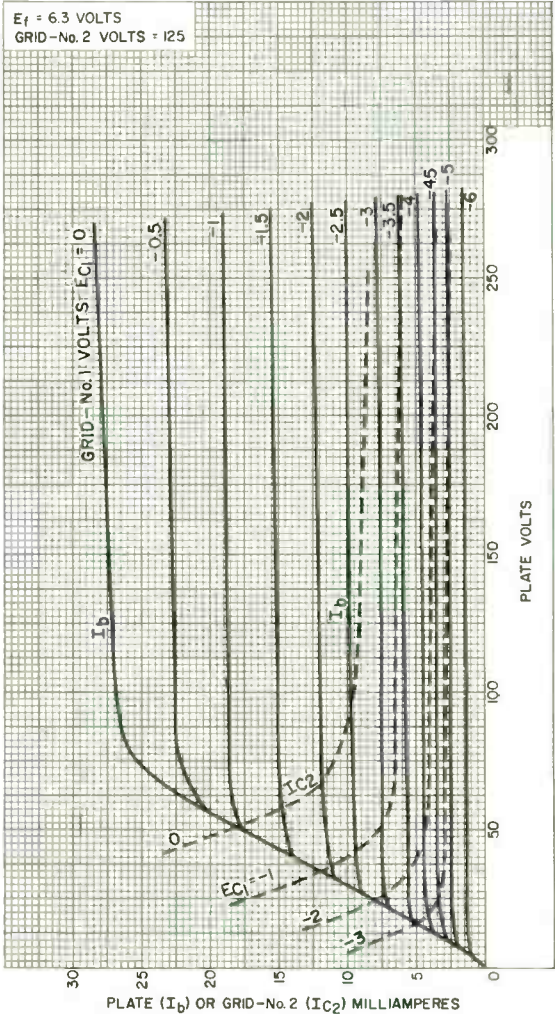


92CM-10426



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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-12560



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA

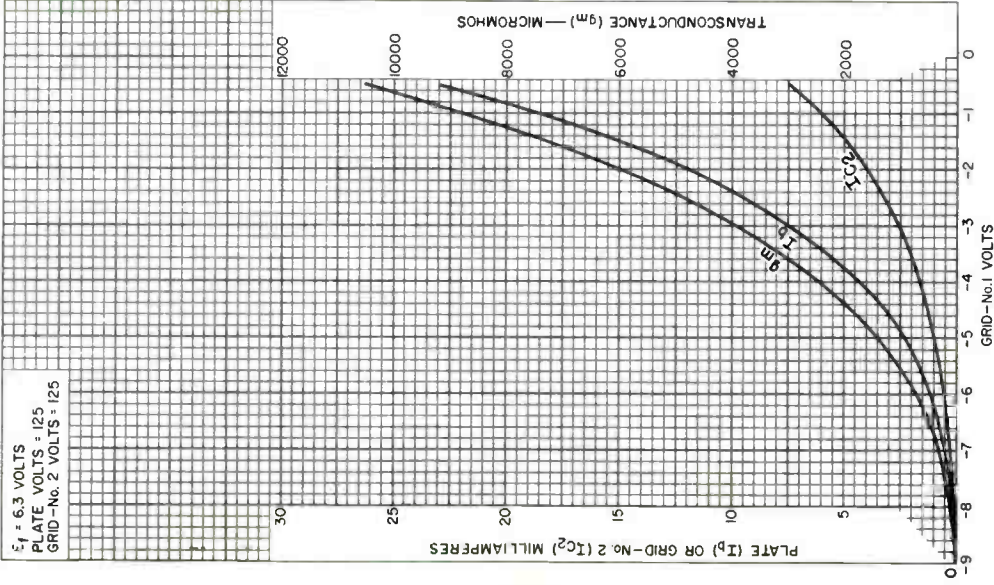
Electronic Components [Worldwide History](#)

Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
6-56

6LM8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-12558

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Electronic Components and Devices

Harrison, N. J.



Beam Power Tube

$P_b = 30$ W Novar Type Overload $P_b = 200$ W
 For Color-TV Horizontal-Deflection Amplifier Circuits
 Using 270 V to over 400 V "B" Supplies

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Bogey Values

Heater Voltage, ac or dc.	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	2.5	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a			
Grid No.1 to plate.	c_{g1-p}	0.56	pF
Input: G1 to (K,G3,G2,H)	c_i	22	pF
Output: P to (K,G3,G2,H)	c_o	11	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:

Amplification Factor (Triode Connection) ^b . μ	-	-	3 ^c	-	-	2.8 ^d	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	-	5800	-	-	7000	Ω
Transconductance	g_m	-	9600	-	-	7500	μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	-	580 ^e	130	-	710 ^e	95 mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	-	40 ^e	2.8	-	55 ^e	2.4 mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage for $I_b = 1$ mA	$E_{c1(co)}$	-120	-	-54	-125	-	-60 V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	←————— 6.3 —————→				V		
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^f	e_{bm}	5000	-	-	5000	-	-	V
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	-	55	175	-	60	175	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage	E_{c3}	30	30	30	30	30	30	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	125	125	125	145	145	145	V
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	E_{c1}	-	0	-25	-	0	-35	V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Dimensional Outline	JEDEC No.12-117
Envelope.	JEDEC Designation T12
Top Cap ^g	Small (JEDEC Designation C1-1)
Base ^h	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC Designation E9-88)

6LQ6

Terminal Connections
 (See *TERMINAL DIAGRAM*) JEDEC Designation 9QL
 Type of Cathode Coated Unipotential

MAXIMUM RATINGS—Design-Maximum Values^k

For operation as a Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Tube in a 525-line, 30-frame system

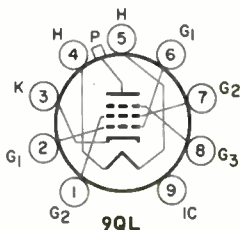
DC Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	990	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^m	e_{bm}	7500	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage	$-e_{bm}$	1100	V
DC Grid-No.3 Voltage ⁿ	E_{c3}	75	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	E_{c2}	220	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	$-e_{c1m}$	330	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage:			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
Average	E_{hk}	100	V
Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current:			
Peak	i_{km}	1200	mA
Average	$I_{k(av)}$	350	mA
Grid-No.2 Input	P_{g2}	5	W
Plate Dissipation ^p	P_b	30	W
Temporary Overload Plate Dissipation ^q	P_b	200	W
Envelope Temperature (at hottest point on envelope surface)	T_E	250	°C

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

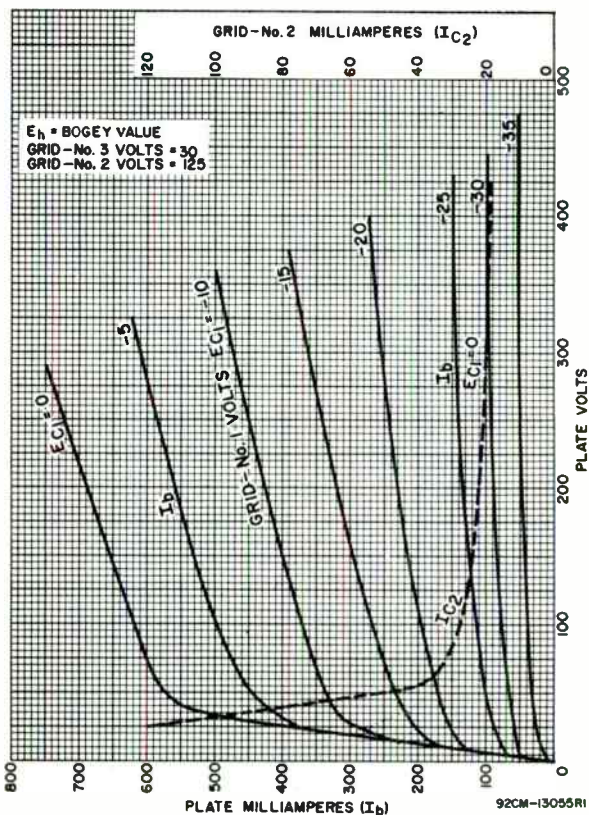
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:	$R_{g1(ckt)}$		
For grid-No.1-resistor-bias operation	-	0.47	$M\Omega$
For plate-pulsed operation (horizontal-deflection circuits only)	-	10	$M\Omega$

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Grid No.2
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Grid No.1
- Pin 7 - Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - Grid No.3
- Pin 9 - Do Not Use
- Top Cap - Plate



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

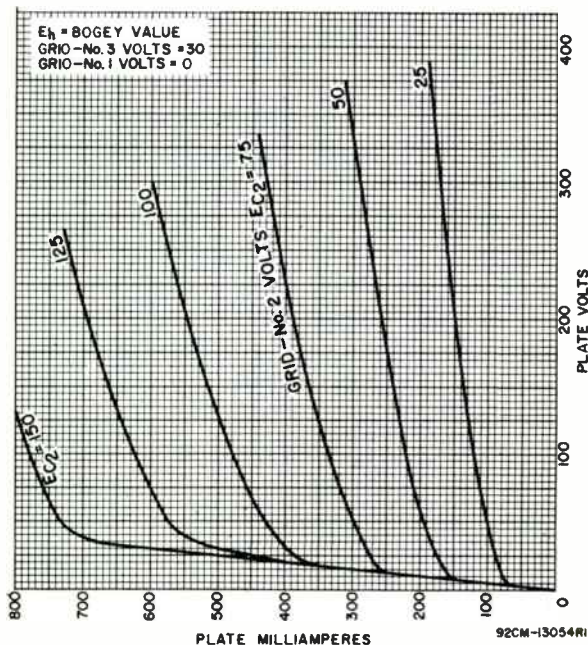


- a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.
- b With grid No.3 and grid No.2 connected, respectively, to cathode and plate at socket.
- c Conditions: $E_b = E_{c2} = 125$ V, $E_{c1} = -25$ V.
- d Conditions: $E_b = E_{c2} = 145$ V, $E_{c1} = -35$ V.
- e This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- f Under pulse-duration condition specified in Footnote m.

6LQ6

- g Designed to mate with connector of 0.360-inch cap, generally available from your local RCA Distributor.
- h Designed to mate with "Novar 9-Contact" Socket generally available from your local RCA Distributor.
- k As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239.
- m This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one scanning cycle is 10 μ s.
- n In horizontal-deflection-amplifier service, a positive voltage should be applied to grid No.3 to reduce interference from "snivets", which may occur in both vhf and uhf television receivers, and to increase power output. A typical value is 30 V.
- p An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.
- q Total continuous or accumulated time not to exceed 40 seconds.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Use in Low-B+ Black-and-White TV Receivers
Having Low-Voltage Power Supplies

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Bogey Values^a

Heater Voltage (AC or DC)	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	0.775	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances			
Without external shield			
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	C_{g-p}	2.8	pF
Input: G_T to (K_T , $K_p + G_{3P} + IS$, H_T) .	C_i	4.2	pF
Output: P_T to (K_T , $K_p + G_{3P} + IS$, H) .	C_o	2.4	pF
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate	C_{g1-p}	0.12 max	pF
Input: G_{1P} to ($K_p + G_{3P} + IS$, G_{2P} , H) .	C_i	14	pF
Output: P_p to ($K_p + G_{3P} + IS$, G_{2P} , H) .	C_o	4.8	pF
Triode grid to pentode plate	-	0.015 max	pF
Pentode plate to triode plate	-	0.17 max	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions

		Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Amplification Factor	μ	46	-	-
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	4400	55000	75000 Ω
Transconductance	g_m	10400	21000	23000 μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	15	16.5	20 mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	-	3.1	3.5 mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	$E_{c1}(C_o)$	-6	-4.2	-4.2 V
Plate $\mu\text{A} = 100$				

Conditions

Heater Voltage	E_h	Bogey value		V
DC Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	125	125	200 V
DC Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	E_{cc2}	-	125	125 V
Grid No.1	-	Connected to negative end of R_k		
Cathode Resistor	R_k	68	82	68 Ω

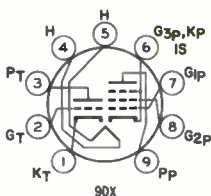
MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Position	Any		
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential		
Maximum Overall Length	2.625 in		
Maximum Seated Length	2.375 in		
Maximum Diameter	0.875 in		
Dimensional Outline	See General Section		
Envelope	JEDEC T6-1/2		
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC E9-1)		



TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 2 - Triode Grid
- Pin 3 - Triode Plate
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Grid No. 3,
Pentode Cathode,
Internal Shield
- Pin 7 - Pentode Grid No. 1
- Pin 8 - Pentode Grid No. 2
- Pin 9 - Pentode Plate



DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS

For operation as a Class A₁ Amplifier Tube

		Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	300	300	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid)				
Supply Voltage	E_{cc2}	-	300	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	-	See Grid-No.2	

Input Rating Chart
at front of Receiving Tube Section

DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage

Positive-bias value	E_{c1}	0	0	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage				
Peak	e_{hkm}		±200	V
Average ^b	$E_{hk(av)}$		100	V
Heater Voltage (AC or DC)	E_h	5.7 to 6.9		V
Grid-No.2 Input				
For $E_{c2} \leq 150$ V	P_{g2}	-	1	W
For $E_{c2} \geq 150$ V and ≤ 300 V	-	-	See Grid-No.2	

Input Rating Chart
at front of Receiving Tube Section

Plate Dissipation	P_b	2	5	W
-----------------------------	-------	---	---	---

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

		Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1 Circuit Resistance $R_{g1(ckt)}$				
For fixed-bias operation	-	0.5	0.1	MΩ
For cathode-bias operation	-	1	0.25	MΩ

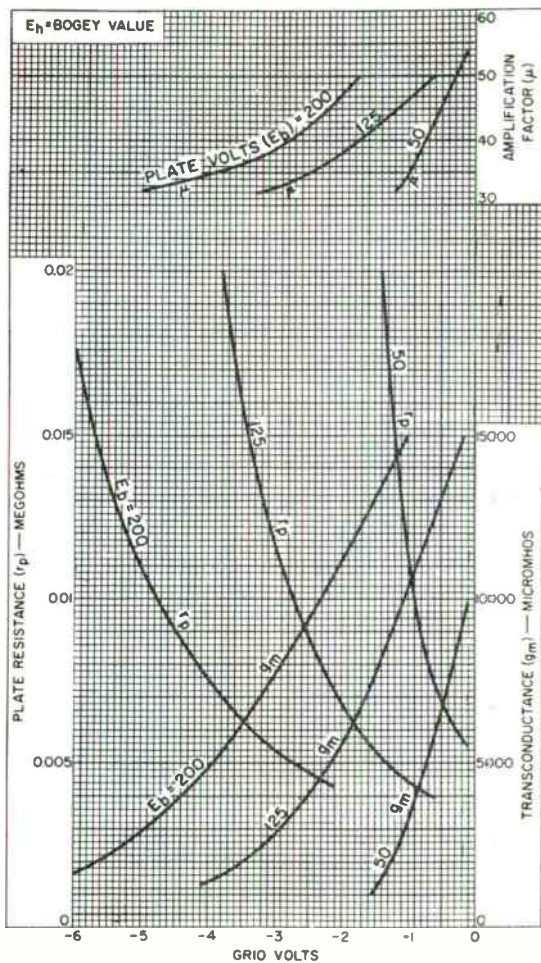
^a Unless otherwise specified.

^b Measured with a dc meter.



Typical Characteristics

Triode Unit



92CM-2623R1

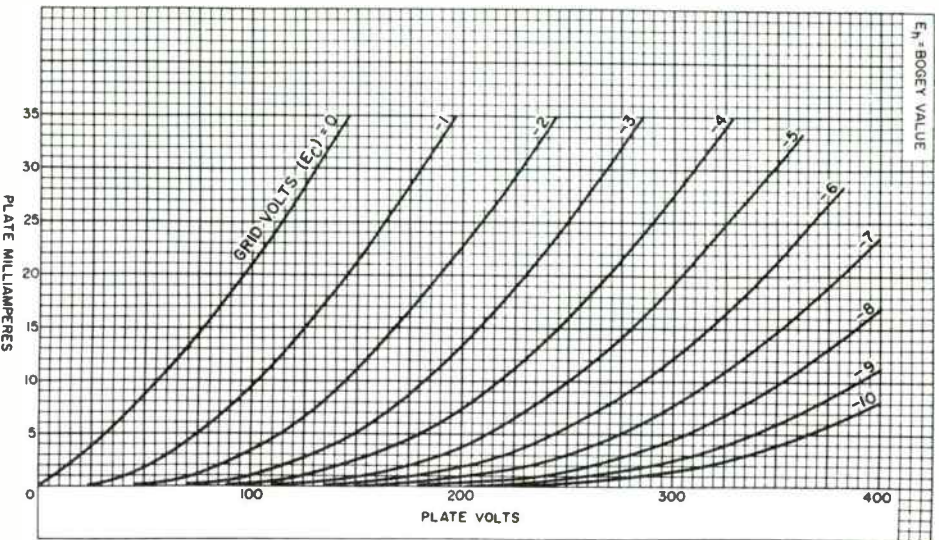


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DATA 2
2-66

Typical Plate Characteristics

Triode Unit



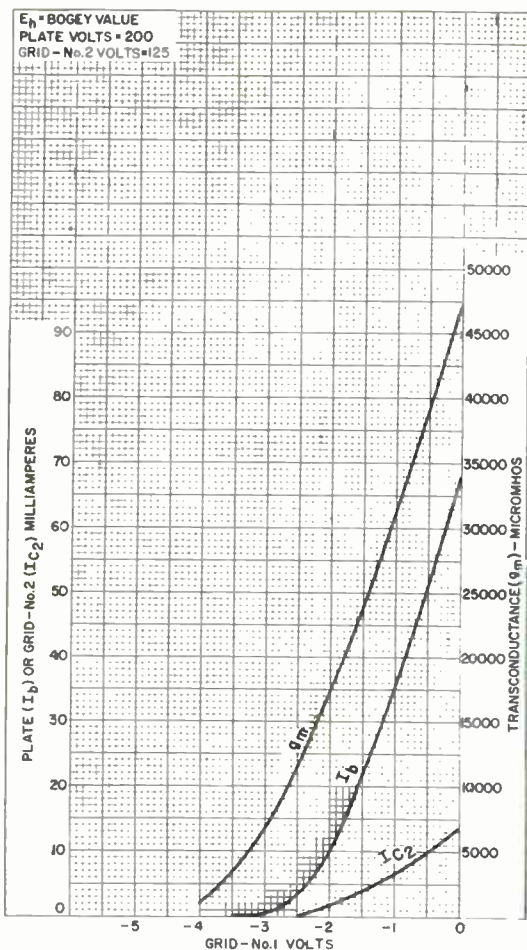
DATA 2

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Typical Characteristics

Pentode Unit



92CM-13750



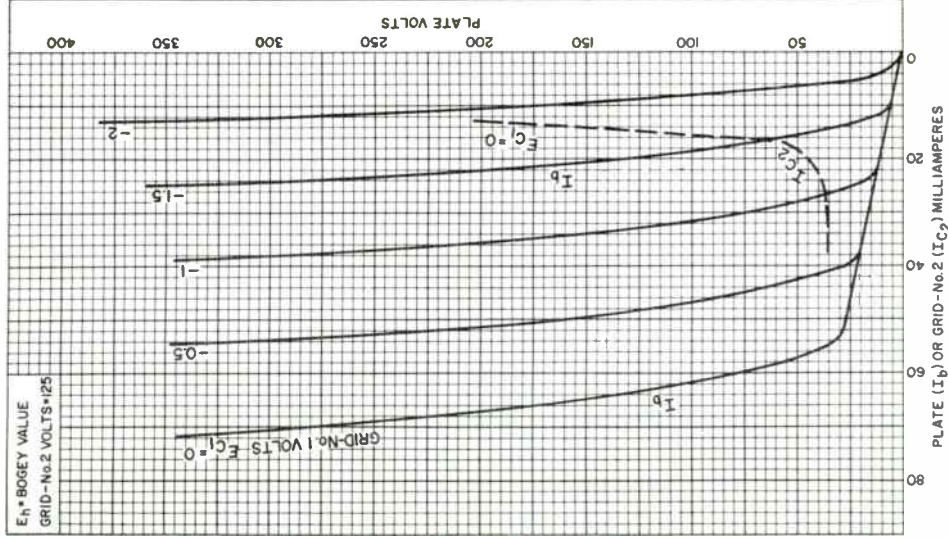
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DATA 3
 2-66

6LQ8

Typical Plate Characteristics

Pentode Unit



Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — Bogey Values

Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	2.3	A

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Grid No. 1 to plate	c_{g1-p}	0.6	pF
Input: G1 to (K, G3, G2, H) c_i		22	pF
Output: P to (K, G3, G2, H) c_o		11	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:

Amplification Factor (Triode Connection) ^b	μ	—	—	3 ^c
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	—	—	6000 Ω
Transconductance	g_m	—	—	11000 μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	—	800 ^d	140 mA
DC Grid-No. 2 Current	I_{c2}	—	56 ^d	2.0 mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No. 1 Voltage for $I_b = 1 \text{ mA}$	$E_{c1(c0)}$	-125	—	-50 V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	← Bogey Value →	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^e	e_{bm}	5000	— V
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	—	55 175 V
DC Grid-No. 3 Voltage	E_{c3}	30	30 30 V
DC Grid-No. 2 Voltage	E_{c2}	130	125 125 V
DC Grid No. 1 Voltage	E_{c1}	—	0 -25 V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Dimensional Outline	JEDEC No. 12-117
Envelope	JEDECT12
Top Cap	Small (JEDEC C1-1)
Base	Large-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC E9-88)

Terminal Connections

(See <i>TERMINAL DIAGRAM</i>)	JEDEC 9QL
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Operating Position	Any

6LZ6

MAXIMUM RATINGS — Design-Maximum Values ^f

For operation as a Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Tube in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	990	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^g	e_{bm}	7500	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Plate Voltage	$-e_{bm}$	1100	V
DC Grid-No. 3 Voltage ^h	E_{c3}	75	V
DC Grid-No. 2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	E_{c2}	220	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No. 1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	$-e_{clm}$	330	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage:			
Peak	e_{hkm}	+200	V
Average	E_{hk}	100	V
Heater Voltage:	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V
Cathode Current:			
Peak	i_{km}	1200	mA
Average	$I_{k(av)}$	350	mA
Grid-No. 2 Input	P_{g2}	5	W
Plate Dissipation ⁱ	P_b	30	W
Temporary Overload Plate Dissipation ^k :	P_b	200	W
Envelope Temperature (at hottest point on envelope surface)	T_E	250	°C

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

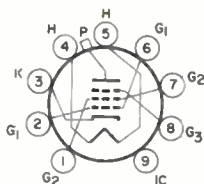
Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance:	$R_{g(ckt)}$		
Cathode bias (with min. $R_K = 100 \Omega$)		1.0	megohm
Grid-leak bias (with signal peak clamped to zero bias)		10.0	megohms
Fixed bias (where positive grid current is not drawn)		0.47	megohm

- a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191B.
- b With grid No. 3 and grid No. 2 connected, respectively, to cathode and plate at socket.
- c Conditions: $E_b = E_{c2} = 125V$, $E_{c1} = -25V$.
- d This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the Maximum Ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.
- e Under pulse-duration condition specified in *Footnote g*.
- f As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239A.

- g This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one scanning cycle is 10 μ s.
- h In horizontal-deflection-amplifier service, a positive voltage should be applied to grid No. 3 to reduce interference from "snivets", which may occur in both vhf and uhf television receivers, and to increase power output. A typical value is 30V.
- j An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.
- k Total continuous or accumulated time not to exceed 40 seconds.

TERMINAL DIAGRAM – JEDEC 9QL (Bottom View)

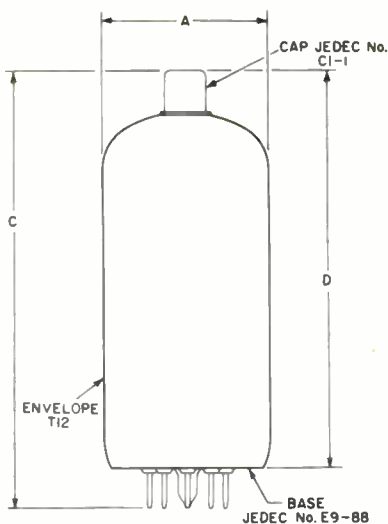
Pin 1 - Grid No. 2
 Pin 2 - Grid No. 1
 Pin 3 - Cathode
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Grid No. 1
 Pin 7 - Grid No. 2
 Pin 8 - Grid No. 3
 Pin 9 - Do Not Use
 Top Cap - Plate

6LZ6

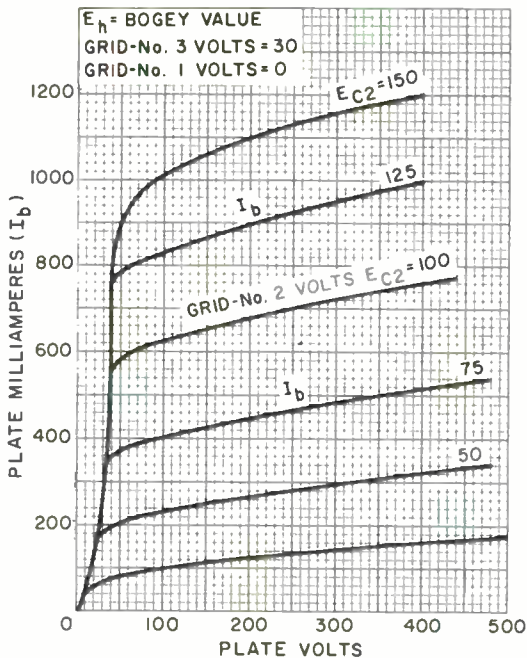
DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE – JEDEC No. 12-117



92CS-17689

DIMENSION	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	1.438*	1.562	36.6*	39.6
C		4.380	95.3	111.25
D	3.750	4.000	95.3	101.6
MILLIMETER DIMENSION DERIVED FROM INCH DIMENSION				
*Applies to the minimum diameter except in the area of the seal.				

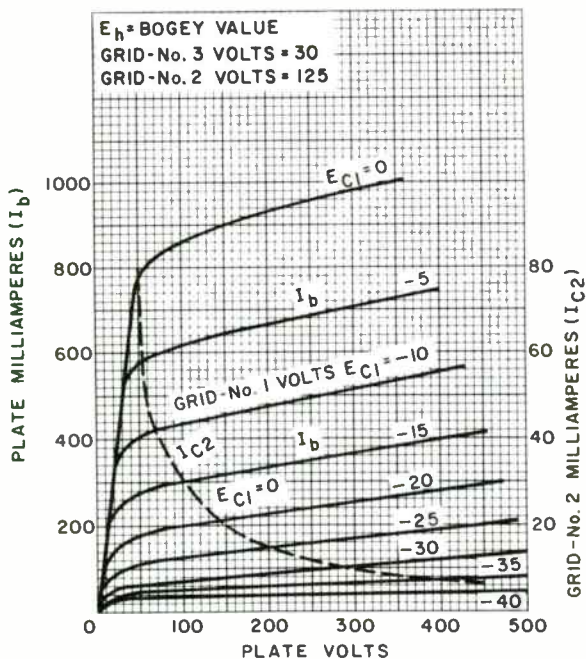
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



92CS-17681

6LZ6

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



92CS-17682

Medium-Mu Triple Triode

NOVAR TYPE

For Matrix-Amplifier Applications in Color-TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	V
Current at 6.3 V	0.900	A
Maximum heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode:		
Peak	200	V
Heater positive with respect to cathode:		
Peak	200	V
DC Component	100	V

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)^a

	Unit No.1	Unit No.2	Unit No.3	
Grid to plate.	3.0	3.0	3.0	pF
Input: G to (K, H)	3.6	3.6	3.4	pF
Output: P to (K, H).	0.48	0.48	0.36	pF

MECHANICAL

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode.	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.960 in
Maximum Seated Length.	2.580 in
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2.060 to 2.240 in
Diameter	1.062 to 1.188 in
Bulb	T9

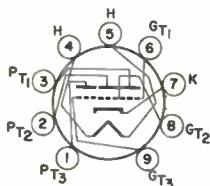
Bases (Alternates)

Small-Button Novar 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-75)

Small-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-89)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9RQ

- Pin 1 - Plate of Unit No.3
- Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No.2
- Pin 3 - Plate of Unit No.1
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Grid of Unit No.1
- Pin 7 - Cathode
- Pin 8 - Grid of Unit No.2
- Pin 9 - Grid of Unit No.3



CHARACTERISTICS, CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

Values are for Each Unit

Plate Voltage.	250	V
Grid Voltage	-10.5	V
Amplification Factor	17	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5500	Ω
Transconductance	3100	μmho



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Harrison, N. J.

DATA 1
9-65

6MD8

Plate Current.	11.5	mA
Plate Current for grid volts = -14	4	mA
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu\text{A} = 50$	-23	V

AMPLIFIER — CLASS A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values

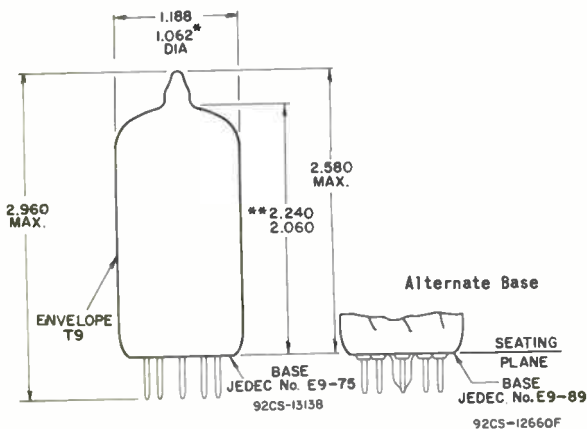
Plate Voltage.	330	V
Grid Voltage		
Positive-bias value.	0	V
Plate Dissipation.	3	W

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUE

Grid-Circuit Resistance		
For fixed-bias operation	1	MΩ

* Without external shield.

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE

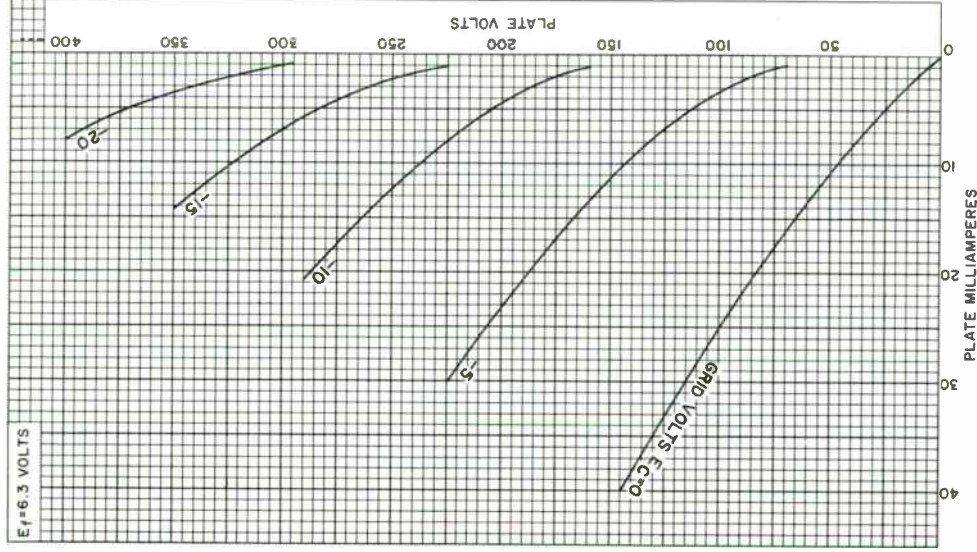


DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

Bottom-exhaust version has the same dimensions for maximum overall length and seated length as the top-exhaust outline shown.

- * Applies to the minimum diameter except in the area of the seal.
- ** Measured from the base seat to bulb-top line as determined by arcing gauge of 0.600" I.D.



Average Plate Characteristics
EACH UNIT

92CM-1B66



Two-Plate Beam-Deflection Tube

BALANCED OUTPUT 9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE DARK HEATER

*For Color-Demodulator Applications in Color-TV Receivers
and a Variety of Other Switching and Gating Applications*

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Bogey Values^a

Heater Voltage (AC or DC)	E_h	6.3	V
Heater Current at E_h = bogey value	I_h	0.300	A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances			
Without external shield			
Grid No.1 to all except plates.		7.5	pF
Either plate to all.	C_{p-all}	6.0	pF
Either deflecting electrodes to all other electrodes.	C_{dj-all}	6.0	pF
Plate No.1 to Plate No.2	C_{p1-p2}	0.4	pF
Deflecting-electrode No.1 to deflecting-electrode No.2	$C_{dj1-dj2}$	0.4	pF
Grid No.1 to deflecting- electrode No.1.	C_{g1-dj1}	0.07 max	pF
Grid No.1 to deflecting- electrode No.2.	C_{g1-dj2}	0.1 max	pF

For the following characteristics see Conditions "A"

Transconductance, grid No.1 to both plates	g_m	4400	μ mho
Total DC Plate Current (plate-No.1 - plate-No.2 current)	$I_b(tot)$	14.5	mA
DC Grid-No.3 Current	I_{c3}	0.7	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage for $I_b(tot) = 10 \mu A$	$E_{c1(co)}$	-16	V

Conditions "A"

Heater Voltage	E_h	Bogey Value	V
DC Plate-No.1 Supply Voltage	E_{bb1}	250	V
Plate No.2	-	Connected to plate No.1	
DC Deflecting-Electrode-No.1			
Supply Voltage.	-	75	V
DC Deflecting-Electrode-No.2			
Supply Voltage.	-	75	V
DC Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage.	E_{cc3}	350	V
DC Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage.	E_{c1}	0	V
Cathode Resistor	R_k	390	Ω

*For the following deflecting-electrode characteristics,
see Conditions "B"*

Deflecting-Electrode Switching Voltage ^b	$E_{dj}(switching)$	30 max	V
Voltage Difference between Deflecting Electrodes for equal plate currents ($I_{b1} = I_{b2}$)	-	0	V



6ME8

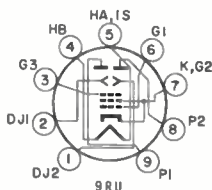
Plate-No.1 Current with deflecting electrode-No.1 voltage (E_{d1}) = 55 V and deflecting-electrode-No.2 voltage (E_{d2}) = 95 V	I_{b1}	1.3 max	mA
Plate-No.2 Current with (E_{d1}) = 95 V and (E_{d2}) = 55 V	I_{b2}	1.3 max	mA
Deflecting-Electrode-No.1 Current with E_{d1} = 125 V and E_{d2} = 25 V	I_{d1}	0.04 max	mA
Deflecting-Electrode-No.2 Current with E_{d1} = 25 V and E_{d2} = 125 V	I_{d2}	0.04 max	mA
Conditions "B"			
Heater Voltage.	E_h	6.3	V
DC Plate-No.1 Supply Voltage.	E_{bb1}	250	V
DC Plate-No.2 Supply Voltage.	E_{bb2}	250	V
DC Grid-No.3 Supply Voltage	E_{cc3}	350	V
DC Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	E_{cc1}	0	V
Cathode Resistor.	R_k	390	Ω

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2.625 in
Maximum Seated Length	2.375 in
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top Excluding tip	1.906 to 2.094 in
Maximum Diameter.	0.875 in
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 6-3)	See <i>General Section</i>
Envelope.	JEDEC T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC E9-1)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Deflecting Electrode No.2
- Pin 2 - Deflecting Electrode No.1
- Pin 3 - Grid No.3
- Pin 4 - Heater End B
- Pin 5 - Heater End A, Internal Shield[▲]
- Pin 6 - Grid No.1
- Pin 7 - Grid No.2, Cathode
- Pin 8 - Plate No.2
- Pin 9 - Plate No.1



[▲] Pin No.5 should be connected directly to ground.

DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS

DC Plate Voltage, each plate.	E_b	400	V
DC Deflecting-Electrode Voltage, each electrode.	E_{dj}	100	V
Peak Deflecting-Electrode Voltage, each electrode.	e_{djm}	± 200	V
DC Grid-No.3 (Accelerating-Grid) Voltage	E_{c3}	400	V
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage Positive-bias value	E_{c1}	0	V
Heater Voltage (AC or DC)	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V



DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS (Cont'd)

Average Cathode Current.	$I_{k(av)}$	30	mA
Grid-No.3 Input.	P_{g3}	2	W
Plate Dissipation, each plate.	P_b	2	W

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	$R_{g1(ckt)}$		
For fixed-bias operation		0.1	MΩ
For cathode-bias operation		0.25	MΩ

^a Unless otherwise specified.

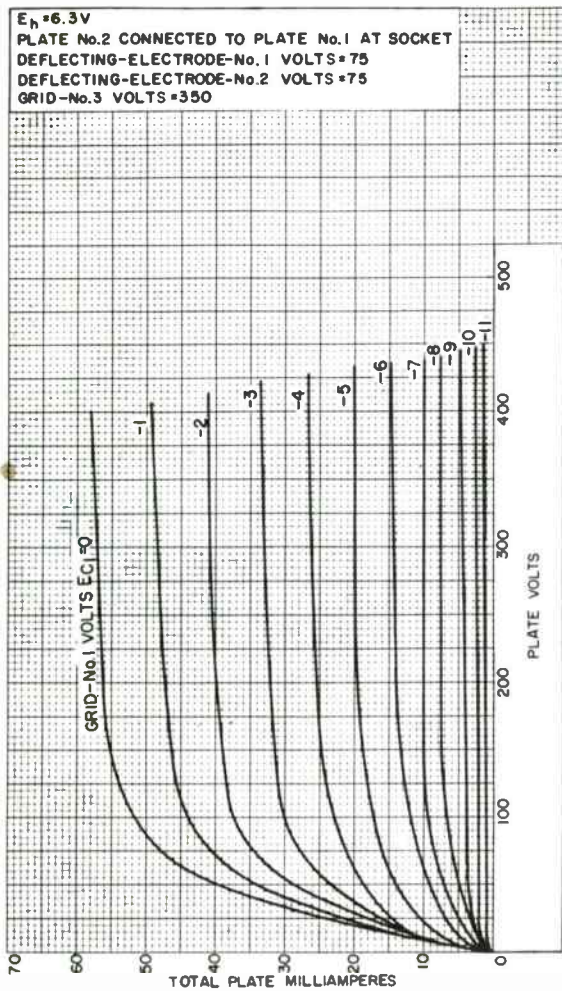
^b Defined as the total voltage change from 75 volts on either deflecting electrode with an equal and opposite change on the other deflecting electrode required to switch the plate current from one plate to the other.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

Magnetic fields adversely affect the intrinsic operating plate-current balance of the 6ME8. To minimize this effect, the tube should be mounted as far as possible from all devices producing extraneous magnetic fields such as transformers, chokes, or similar components. It is recommended that an external shield be used in those applications critical for plate-current balance.

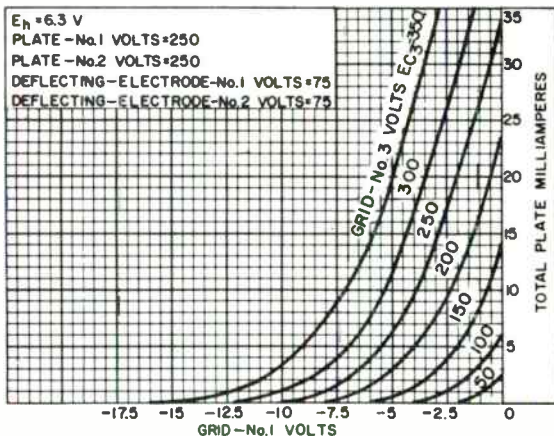


Typical Plate Characteristics

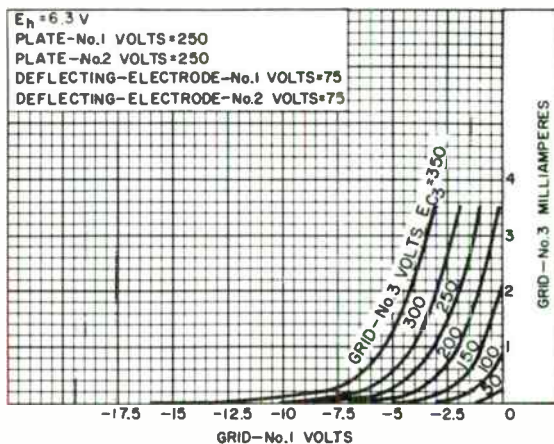


92CM-14470

Transfer Characteristics



92CS-14468



92CS-14469



Transfer Characteristics

 $E_h = 6.3 \text{ V}$

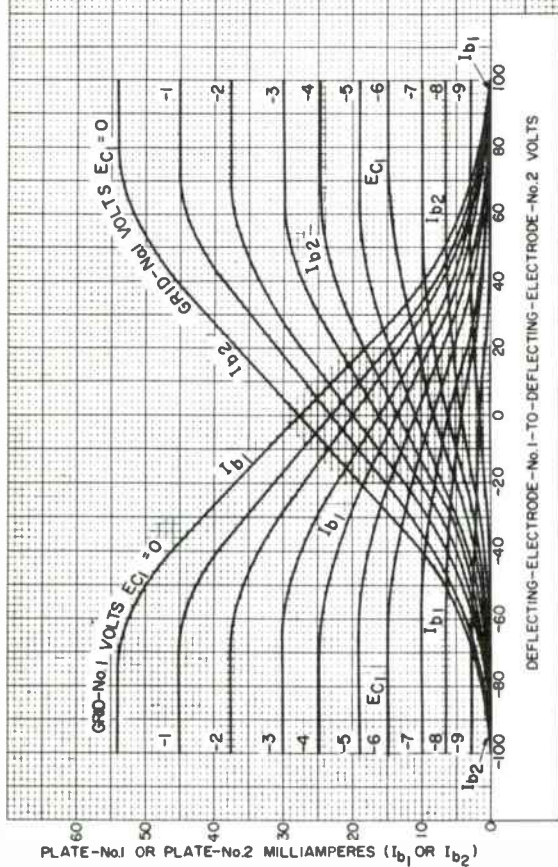
PLATE-NO.1 VOLTS=250

PLATE-NO.2 VOLTS=250

DEFLECTING-ELECTRODE No.1 VOLTS=75

DEFLECTING-ELECTRODE No.2 VOLTS=75

GRID-NO.3 VOLTS=350



Medium-Mu Triple Triode

For Matrix-Amplifier Applications in Color-TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Heater Voltage (ac or dc)	E_h	6.3		V	
Heater Current	I_h	0.900		A	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a		<i>Unit</i>	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Unit</i>	
		<i>No.1</i>	<i>No.2</i>	<i>No.3</i>	
Grid to plate	C_{gp}	2.8	2.8	2.8	pF
Input: G to (K, H)	C_{in}	2.9	2.9	3.0	pF
Output: P to (K, H)	C_{out}	0.36	0.60	0.70	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:
Values are for each unit.

Amplification Factor	μ	17		
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	5600		Ω
Transconductance	G_m	3000		μmho
Plate Current	I_b	10		mA
Plate Current for grid volts = -14		4		mA
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for $I_b = 50\mu\text{A}$		-23		V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	6.3		V
Plate Voltage	E_b	250		V
Grid Voltage	E_c	-10.5		V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Overall Length	2.875 in (73.02 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	2.50 in (63.5 mm)
Maximum Diameter	1.188 in (30.1 mm)
Dimensional Outline	JEDEC E9-60
Envelope	T9
Base	Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No.E12-70)
Terminal Diagram	JEDEC 12HG
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Operating Position	Any

6MJ8

MAXIMUM RATINGS - Design-Maximum Values^b

Values are for Each Unit

Plate Voltage	E_{bb}	330	V
Grid Voltage:			
Positive-bias value	E_{cc}	0	V
Plate Dissipation	P_b	3	W
Heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
Average ^c	$E_{hk(av)}$	100	V
Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUE

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	R_{g1}	1	MΩ
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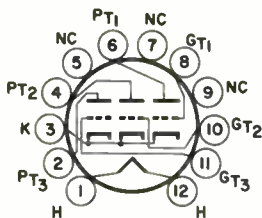
^a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.

^b As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239.

^c Measured with a dc meter.

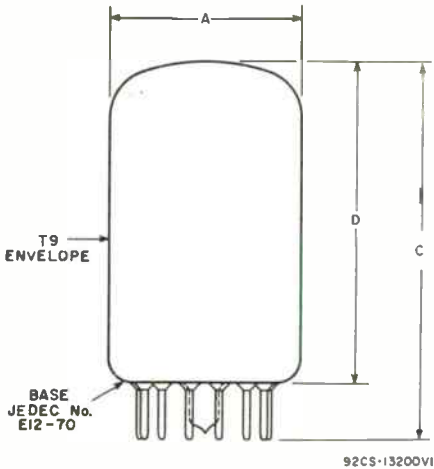
TERMINAL DIAGRAM - Bottom View

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No.3
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Plate of Unit No.2
- Pin 5 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No.1
- Pin 7 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 8 - Grid of Unit No.1
- Pin 9 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 10 - Grid of Unit No.2
- Pin 11 - Grid of Unit No.3
- Pin 12 - Heater



JEDEC 12HG

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE - JEDEC E9-60

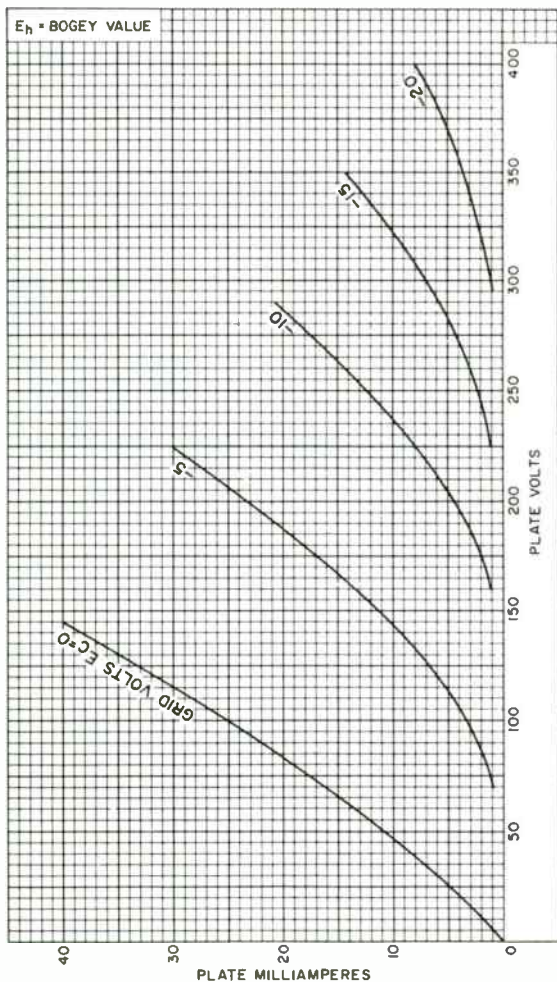


DIMENSION	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	1.062*	1.188	27.0*	30.1
C	—	2.875	—	73.02
D	2.250	2.500	57.2	63.5
MILLIMETER DIMENSION DERIVED FROM INCH DIMENSION				
* Applies to the minimum diameter except in the area of the seal.				

6MJ8

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

Each Unit



92CM-11966R1

High-Mu Triple Triode

Duodecar Type

For Matrix-Amplifier Applications
in Color-TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Bogy Values

Heater Voltage (ac or dc)	E_h	6.3			V
Heater Current	I_h	0.9			A
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a			Unit No.1	Unit No.2	Unit No.3
Grid to plate	C_{gp}	2.6	2.6	2.6	pF
Input: G to (K, H)	C_{in}	4.6	4.6	4.6	pF
Output: P to (K, H)	C_{out}	0.33	0.57	0.65	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:
Values are for each unit.

Amplification Factor	μ	47	40		
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	6250	10,000		Ω
Transconductance	G_m	7500	4000		μmho
Plate Current	I_b	11	4.8		mA
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for $I_b = 50\mu\text{A}$		-5	-11		V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	6.3	6.3		V
Plate Voltage	E_b	125	200		V
Grid Voltage	E_c	-1	-4		V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Overall Length	2.875 in (73.02 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	2.50 in (63.5 mm)
Maximum Diameter	1.188 in (30.1 mm)
Dimensional Outline	JEDEC E9-60 See Outlines, Glass Tubes in General Section
Envelope	T9
Base	Small-Button Duodecar 12-Pin with Exhaust Tip (JEDEC No. E12-70)
Terminal Diagram	JEDEC 12HU
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Operating Position	Any

6MN8

MAXIMUM RATINGS - Design-Maximum Values^b

Values are for Each Unit

Plate Voltage	E_{bb}	330	V
Grid Voltage:			
Positive-bias value	E_{cc}	0	V
Plate Dissipation	P_b	3	W
Heater-cathode voltage (Each unit):			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
Average ^c	$E_{hk(av)}$	100	V
Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	5.7 to 6.9	V

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUE

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	R_g	1	MΩ
----------------------------------	-------	---	----

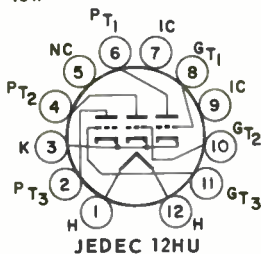
^a Measured without external shield in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.

^b As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239.

^c Measured with a dc meter.

TERMINAL DIAGRAM - Bottom View

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No.3
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Plate of Unit No.2
- Pin 5 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No.1
- Pin 7 - Do Not Use
- Pin 8 - Grid of Unit No.1
- Pin 9 - Do Not Use
- Pin 10 - Grid of Unit No.2
- Pin 11 - Grid of Unit No.3
- Pin 12 - Heater



6MQ8

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-Pin Miniature Type

For Use as a General-Purpose-Amplifier

Tube in Color- and Black-and-White TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — Bogy Values^a

Heater Voltage, ac or dc	E_h	$6.3 \pm 10\%$	V
Heater Current	I_h	535	mA

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b (Without External Shield)

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	c_{g-p}	1.7	pF
-------------------------	-----------	-----	----

Input: G_T to (K_T , G_{3P} + K_P + IS, H)	c_i	3.0	pF
---	-------	-----	----

Output: P_T to (K_T , G_{3P} + K_P + IS, H)	c_o	1.4	pF
--	-------	-----	----

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	c_{g1-p}	0.045	pF
------------------------------	------------	-------	----

Input: G_{1P} to (K_P + G_{3P} + IS, G_{2P} , H)	c_i	7.5	pF
---	-------	-----	----

Output: P_P to (K_P + G_{3P} + IS, G_{2P} , H)	c_o	2.2	pF
---	-------	-----	----

For the following characteristics, see Conditions below:

		Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Amplification Factor	μ	40	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	5	150	$k\Omega$
Transconductance	g_m	8500	10000	μmho
DC Plate Current	I_b	18	12	mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	-	4.5	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage for $I_b = 20 \mu A$	$E_{c1(c0)}$	-12	-7	V

Conditions:

Heater Voltage	E_h	6.3	6.3	V
--------------------------	-------	-----	-----	---

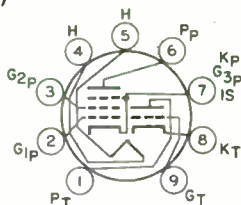
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	150	125	V
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DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_{c2}	-	125	V
--------------------------------	----------	---	-----	---

Cathode Resistance	R_k	56	62	Ω
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TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Triode Plate
- Pin 2 - Pentode Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate
- Pin 7 - Pentode Cathode, Grid No.3 and Internal Shield
- Pin 8 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 9 - Triode Grid



JEDEC 9AE

6MQ8

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Overall Length	2.187 in (55.54 mm)
Maximum Seated Length	1.937 in (49.19 mm)
Maximum Diameter	0.875 in (22.12 mm)
Envelope	JEDEC T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC E9-1)
Dimensional Outline	JEDEC 6-2
Terminal Diagram	JEDEC 9AE
Type of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Operating Position	Any

MAXIMUM RATINGS - Design-Maximum Values^c

		Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
DC Plate Voltage	E_b	330	330	V
DC Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	E_{c2}	-	330	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage	See ² Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section.			
DC Grid-No.1 Voltage: Positive-bias value	E_{c1}	0	0	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage: Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	±200	V
DC	E_{hk}	100	100	V
Heater Current	I_h	500 to 570		mA
Grid-No.2 Input: For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts	P_{g2}	-	0.55	W
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	See ² Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section.			
Plate Dissipation	P_b	2.7	2.5	W

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1 Circuit Resistance:				
For fixed-bias operation	$R_{g1(ckt)}$	0.5	0.25	$M\Omega$
For cathode-bias operation	$R_{g1(ckt)}$	0.5	0.5	$M\Omega$

INTERELECTRODE LEAKAGE

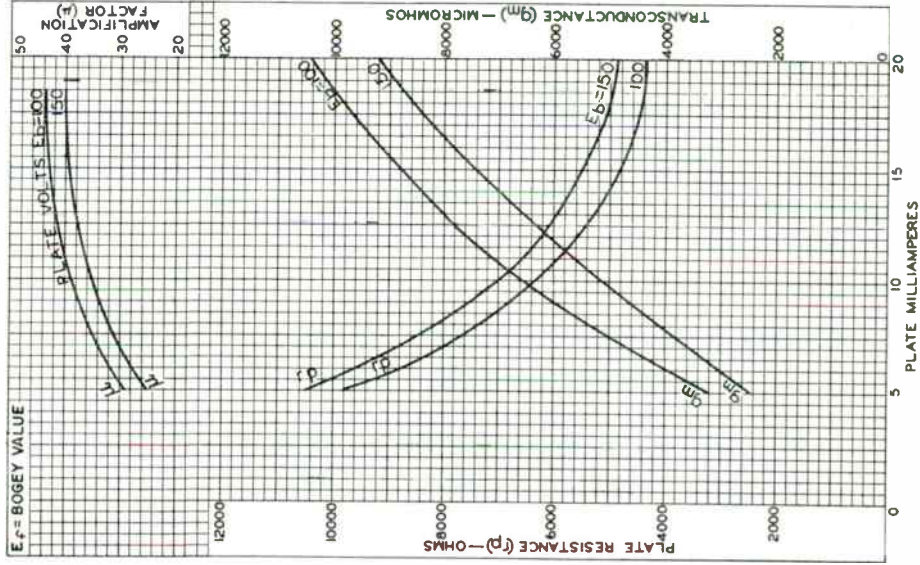
Minimum Leakage Resistance between grid No.1 of each unit and all other electrodes of both units tied together	R_{g1-all}	100	$M\Omega$
--	--------------	-----	-----------

Conditions:

E_h = bogey value, E_{c1} = -100 V with respect to all other electrodes tied together.

- a Unless otherwise specified.
 b Measured in accordance with the current issue of EIA Standard RS-191.
 c As defined in the current issue of EIA Standard RS-239.

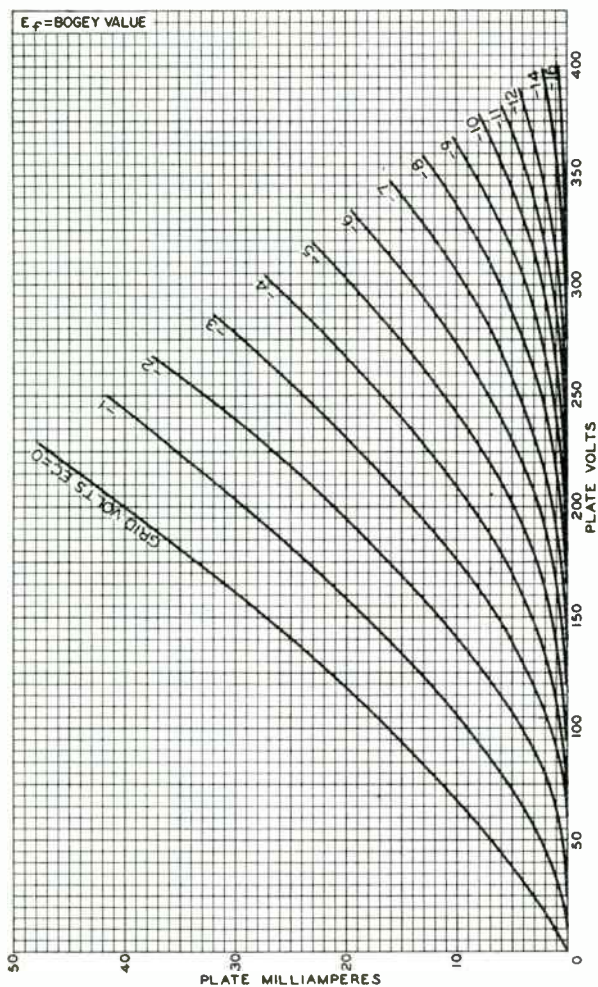
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Triode Unit



92CM-9862RI

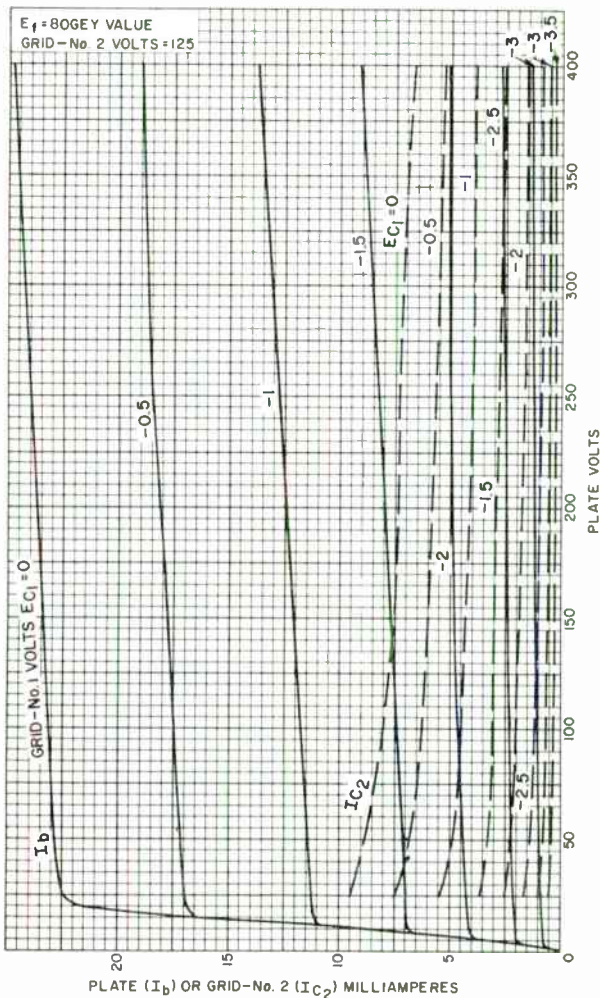
6MQ8

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Triode Unit



92CM-9866RI

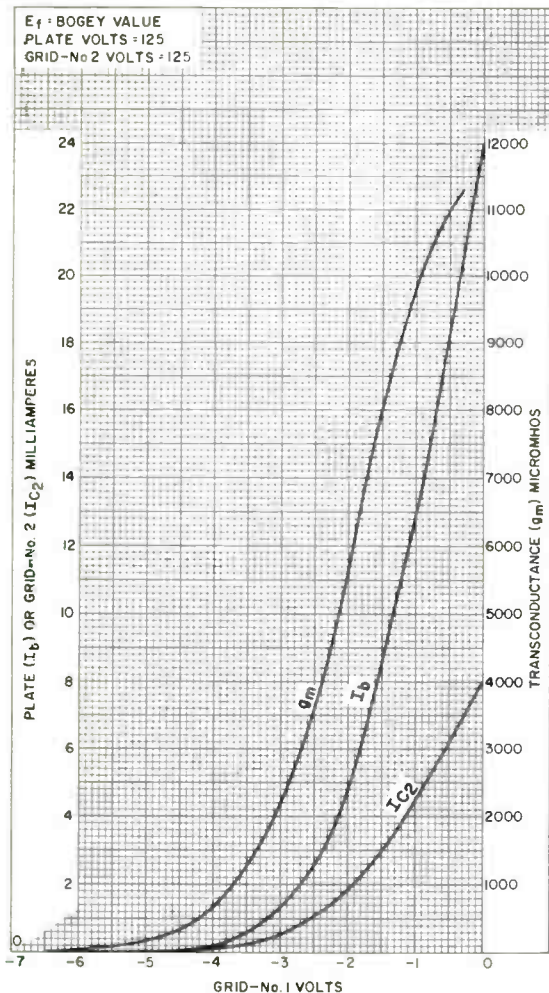
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Pentode Unit



92CM-15102

6MQ8

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS - Pentode Unit



92CM-15107



6S4-A

6S4-A

MEDIUM-MU TRIODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

Intended for use in equipment having
series heater-string arrangement

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.6	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

Grid to plate	2.6	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Grid to cathode and heater	4.2	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate to cathode and heater	0.9	$\mu\mu\text{f}$

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-8	volts
Amplification Factor	16	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	3600	ohms
Transconductance	4500	μmhos
Plate Current	26	ma
Plate Current for grid voltage of -15 volts	4.5	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 50 μamp	-23	volts

Mechanical:

Mounting Position . . . . .	.Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	7/8"
Bulb	T-6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . .	.9AC

Pin 1 - Internal
Connection-
Do Not Use
Pin 2 - Cathode
Pin 3 - Grid
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Heater
Pin 6 - Grid
Pin 7 - Same as Pin 1
Pin 8 - Same as Pin 1
Pin 9 - Plate

^o Without external shield.

MAR. 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

6S4-A



6S4-A

MEDIUM-MU TRIODE

VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE 500 max. volts

PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE#
(Absolute maximum) 2200[■] max. volts

PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE 250 max. volts

CATHODE CURRENT:

Peak 105 max. ma

Average 30 max. ma

PLATE DISSIPATION 7.5 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 200[▲] max. volts**Maximum Circuit Values:**

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation 2.2 max. megohms

[□] As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.[#] This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.[■] Under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

MAR. 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

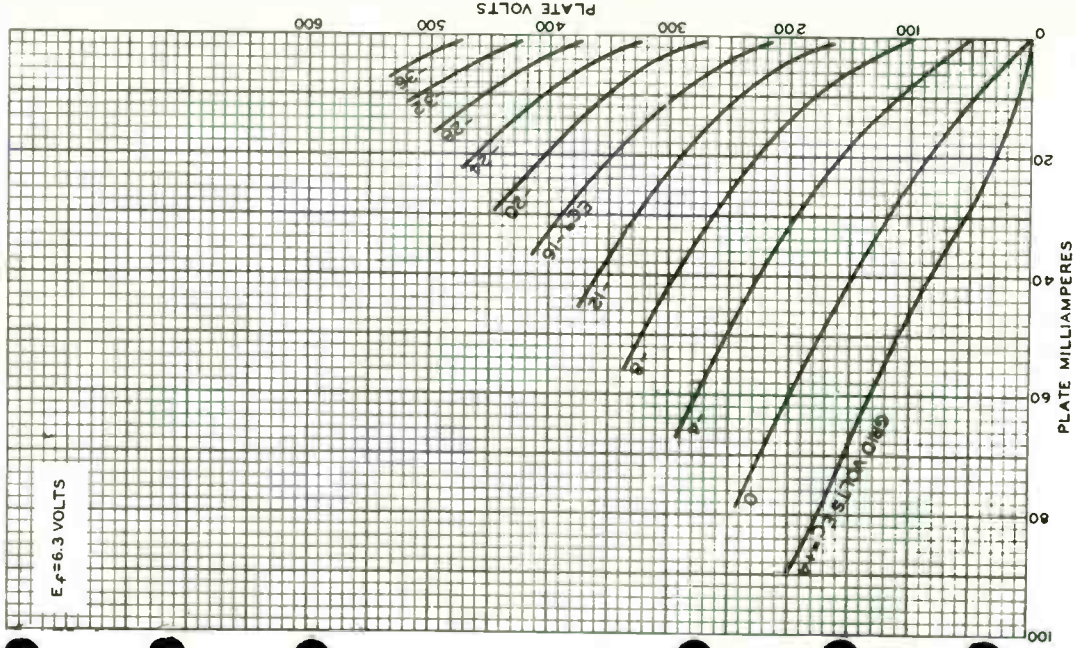
World Radio History



6S4 - A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS



6S4-A





6SA7
6SA7-GT/G

6SA7, 6SA7-GT/G

PENTAGRID CONVERTER

Heater		Coated Unipotential Cathode	
Voltage	6.3	a-c or d-c volts	
Current	0.3	amp.	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:			
	6SA7	6SA7-GT/G	
Grid #3 to All Other Electrodes (R-F Input)	9.5 [▲]	11 ^{▲▲}	μf
Plate to All Other Electrodes (Mixer Output)	12 [▲]	11 ^{▲▲}	μf
Grid #1 to All Other Electrodes (Osc. Input)	7 [▲]	8 ^{▲▲}	μf
Grid #3 to Plate	0.13 max. [▲]	0.5 max. ^{▲▲}	μf
Grid #3 to Grid #1	0.15 max. [▲]	0.4 max. ^{▲▲}	μf
Grid #1 to Plate	0.06 max. [▲]	0.2 max. ^{▲▲}	μf
Grid #1 to Shell, Grid #5, and All Other Electrodes except Cathode	4.4	-	μf
Grid #1 to All Other Electrodes except Cathode & Grid #5	-	5	μf
Grid #1 to Cathode	2.6	-	μf
Grid #1 to Cathode & Grid #5	-	3	μf
Cathode to Shell, Grid #5, and All Other Electrodes except Grid #1	5	-	μf
Cathode and Grid #5 to All Other Electrodes except Grid #1	-	14	μf
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"	3-5/16"	
Maximum Seated Height	2-1/16"	2-3/4"	
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"	1-5/16"	
Bulb	Metal Shell MT-8	T-9	
Base	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Small Wafer Octal 8-Pin 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intermed. Sh. Octal 8-Pin 	
Pin 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6SA7, Shell, Grid #5 6SA7-GT/G, No Conn. 		
Pin 2	Heater		
Pin 3	Plate		
Pin 4	Grids #2 & #4		
Pin 5	Grid #1		
Pin 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6SA7, Cathode 6SA7-GT/G, Cathode & Grid #5 		
Pin 7	Heater		
Pin 8	Grid #3		
Mounting Position			Any



Maximum And Minimum Ratings Are Design-Center Values

CONVERTER SERVICE

Plate Voltage	300 max. volts
Grids #2 & #4 Voltage	100 max. volts
Grids #2 & #4 Supply Voltage	300 max. volts
Grid #3 Voltage	0 min. volts
Plate Dissipation	1.0 max. watt
Screen Dissipation	1.0 max. watt
Total Cathode Current	14 max. ma.

▲ In circuits where the cathode is not directly connected to the heater, the potential difference between heater and cathode should be kept as low as possible.

▲ with shell connected to cathode.

▲▲ with external shield connected to cathode.

* For self-excited oscillator.

← Indicates a change.

Jan. 1, 1943

RCA VICTOR DIVISION

DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

6SA7
6SA7-GT/G



6SA7, 6SA7-GT/G PENTAGRID CONVERTER

(continued from preceding page)

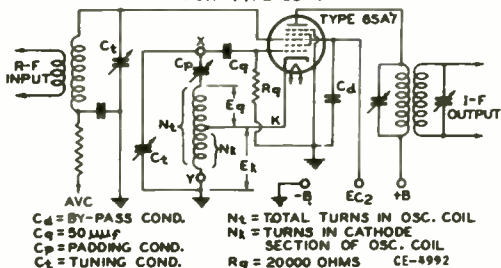
Characteristics:	Self-excitation*		Separate Excitation		
Plate Voltage	100	250	100	250	volts
Grids #2 & #4 Volt.	100	100	100	100	volts
Grid #3 (Control) Volt.	0	0	-2	-2	volts
Grid #1 Resistor	20000	20000	20000	20000	ohms
Plate Res. (Approx.)	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0	megohm
Conversion Transcond.	425	450	425	450	μ mhos
Conversion Transcond. (Approx.) †	2	2	2	2	μ mhos
Plate Current	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.5	ma.
Grids #2 & #4 Current	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	ma.
Grid #1 Current	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	ma.
Total Cathode Current	12.3	12.5	12.3	12.5	ma.

NOTE: The transconductance between Grid #1 and Grids #2 & #4 connected to plate (not oscillating) is approximately 4500 μ mhos under the following conditions: Grids #1, #3, and shell at 0 volts; Grids #2 & #4 and plate at 100 volts.

* Characteristics are approximate only and are shown for a Hartley circuit with a feedback of approximately 2 volts peak in the cathode circuit.

† With Grid #3 bias of -35 volts.

TYPICAL SELF-EXCITED CONVERTER CIRCUIT
FOR TYPE 6SA7



The license extended to the purchaser of tubes appears in the License Notice accompanying them. Information contained herein is furnished without assuming any obligations.

Jan. 1, 1943

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RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

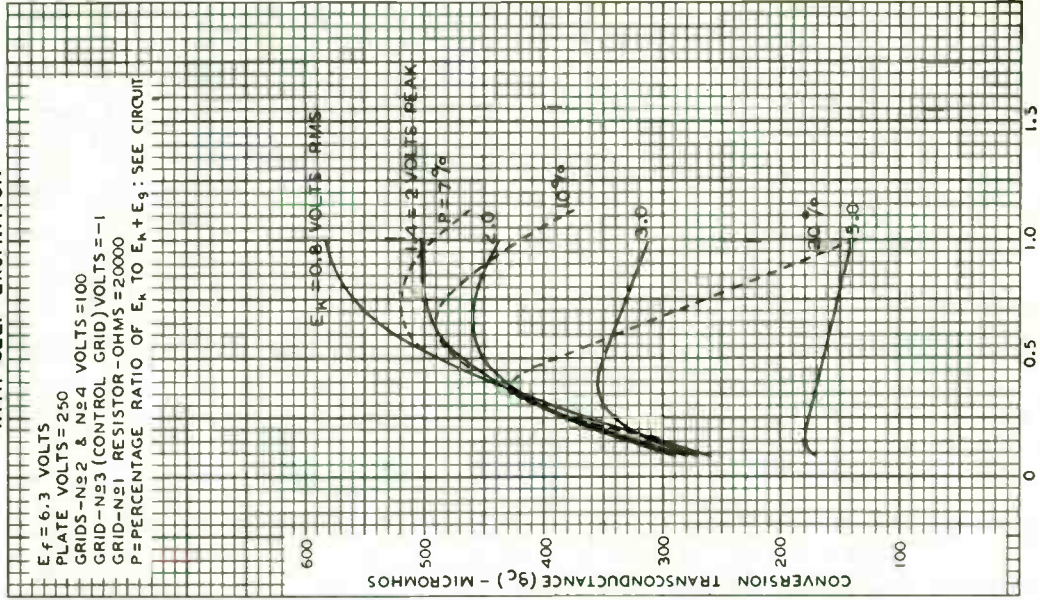


6SA7

6SA7

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS WITH SELF-EXCITATION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 250
 GRIDS - N₂ & N₂₄ VOLTS = 100
 GRID - N₂₃ (CONTROL GRID) VOLTS = -1
 GRID - N₂₁ RESISTOR - OHMS = 20000
 P = PERCENTAGE RATIO OF E_k TO $E_k + E_g$; SEE CIRCUIT



NOV. 2, 1938

GRID-N₂₁ MILLIAMPERES (I_{c1})

RCA RADIOTRON DIVISION
RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.

92C-4993

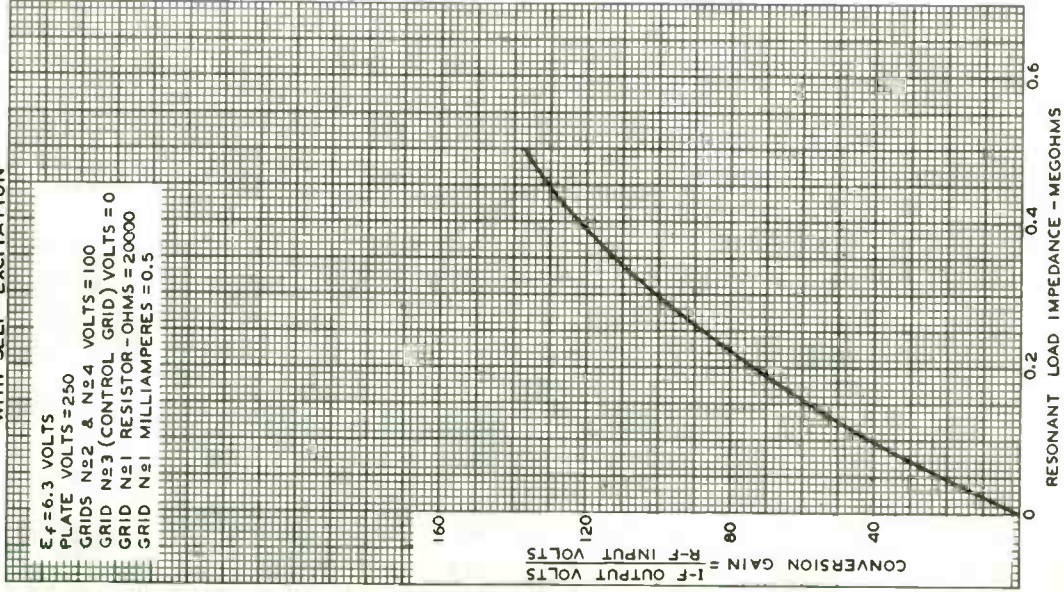
65A7



65A7

OPERATION CHARACTERISTIC WITH SELF-EXCITATION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 250
 GRIDS N₂2 & N₂4 VOLTS = 100
 GRID N₂3 (CONTROL GRID) VOLTS = 0
 GRID N₂1 RESISTOR - OHMS = 20000
 GRID N₂1 MILLIAMPERES = 0.5



APR. 25, 1941

RESONANT LOAD IMPEDANCE - MEGOHMS

 RCA RADIOTRON DIVISION
 RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.

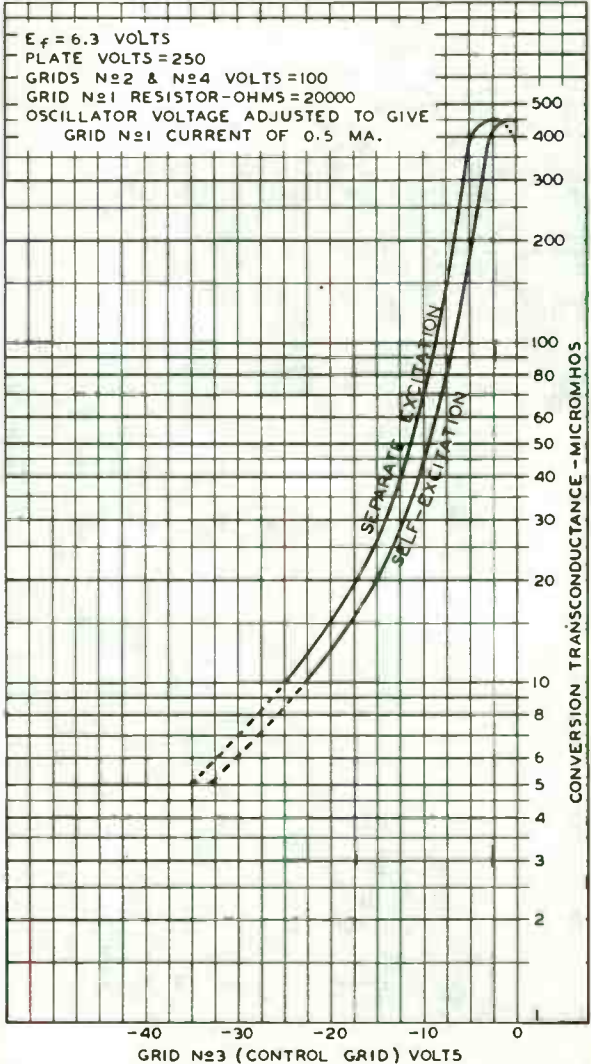
CE-4994



6SA7

6SA7

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



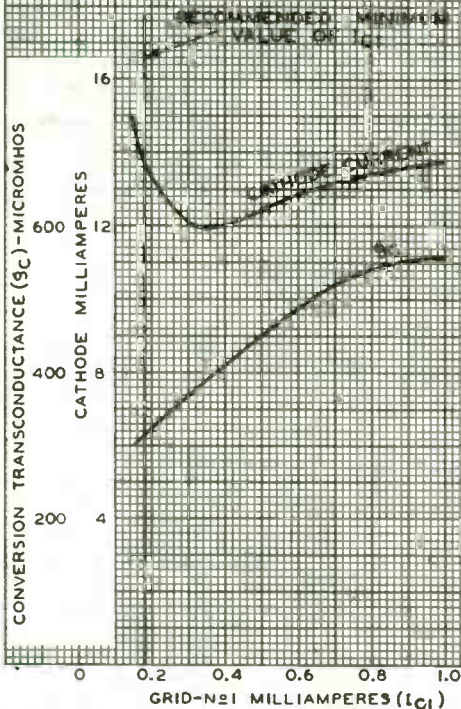
6SA7



6SA7

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS WITH SEPARATE OSCILLATOR EXCITATION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 250
 GRIDS-№2 & №4 VOLTS = 100
 GRID-№3 (CONTROL GRID) VOLTS = -2
 GRID-№1 RESISTOR-OHMS = 20000
 GRID-№1 CURRENT VARIED BY ADJUSTMENT
 OF OSCILLATOR VOLTAGE



APR. 24, 1941

 RCA RADIOTRON DIVISION
 RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.

92C-4990R1



6SJ7, 6SJ7-GT SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

6SJ7
6SJ7-GT

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

Pentode Connection:	6SJ7 ^o	6SJ7-GT ^{oo}	
Grid No.1 to Plate	0.005 max.	0.005 max.	μf ←
Input	6	7	μf ←
Output	7	7	μf ←
Triode Connection:			
Grid No.1 to Plate	2.8	2.8	μf
Grid No.1 to Cathode	3.4	3.4	μf
Plate to Cathode	11	11	μf

- ^o with shell connected to cathode.
- ^{oo} with external shield connected to cathode.
- * with grid No.2 and grid No.3 connected to plate.

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-1/16"	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"	1-5/16"
Bulb	Metal Shell, MT8G	T-9
Base	{ Small-Wafer Octal 8-Pin	Sm.-Wafer Octal 8-Pin, Sleeve
Basing Designation	8N	GT-8N

BOTTOM VIEW

- Pin 1 { 6SJ7, Shell
6SJ7-GT,
Base Sleeve
- Pin 2 - Heater
- Pin 3 - Grid No.3



- Pin 4 - Grid No.1
- Pin 5 - Cathode
- Pin 6 - Grid No.2
- Pin 7 - Heater
- Pin 8 - Plate

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁ Pentode Connection

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	125 max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 SUPPLY VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	watts
GRID-NO.2 DISSIPATION	0.7 max.	watt ←
GRID-NO.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive bias value	0 max.	volts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts ←
Heater positive with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts

← Indicates a change.

6SJ7
6SJ7-GT



6SJ7, 6SJ7-GT SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate voltage.	100	250	. . .	volts
Grid-No.3 (Suppressor)	Connected to cathode at socket			
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	100	100	. . .	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-3	-3	. . .	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.7	#	. . .	megohm
Transconductance	1575	1650	. . .	μhos
Grid-No.1 Bias (Approx.) for plate current of 10 μamp	-8	-8	. . .	volts
Plate Current.	2.9	3.0	. . .	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	0.9	0.8	. . .	ma

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance 1 max. megohm

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Triode Connection - Grids No.2 and No.3 Connected to Plate

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	250 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION (Total).	2.5 max.	watts
GRID-NO.1 VOLTAGE:		

Positive bias value. 0 max. volts

→ PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 90 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. 90 max. volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage.	180	250	. . .	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-6	-8.5	. . .	volts
Amplification Factor	19	19		
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	8250	7600	. . .	ohms
Transconductance	2300	2500	. . .	μhos
Plate Current.	6.0	9.2	. . .	ma

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance 1 max. megohm

Greater than 1 megohm.

*For additional data, see RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART
at the front of this Section*

→ Indicates a change.

JUNE 15, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA



6SJ7

6SJ7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N#2 VOLTS = 100
GRID-N#3 VOLTS = 0

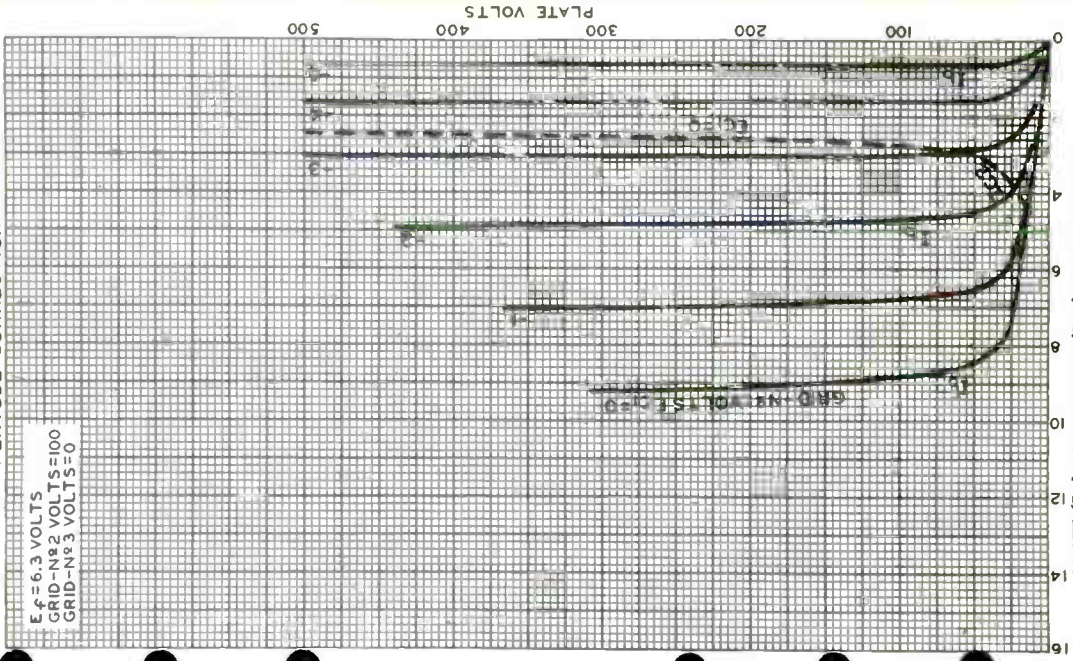


PLATE (1b) OR GRID-N#2 (IC2) MILLIAMPERES

OCT. 16, 1947

92CM-4939RI

TUBE DEPARTMENT
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6SJ7



6SJ7

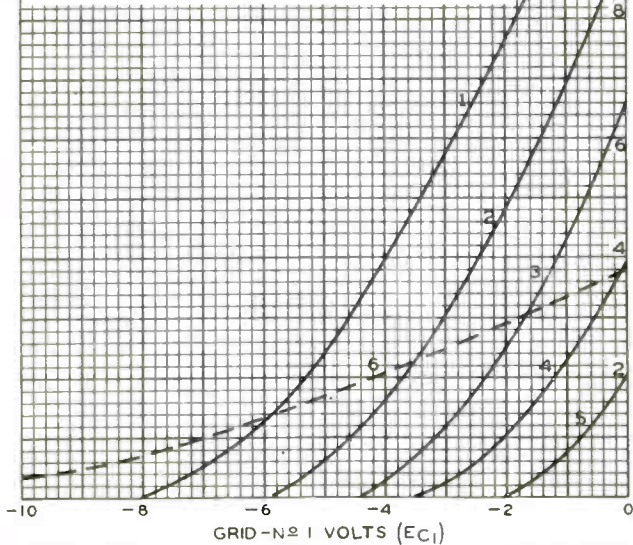
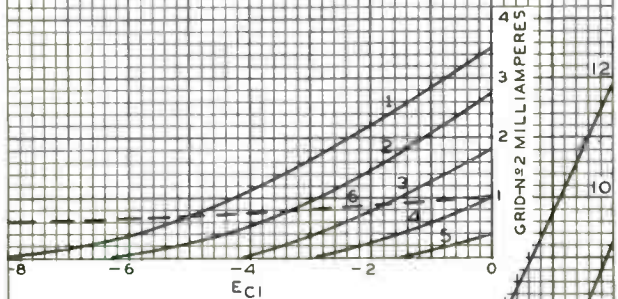
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
PENTODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

PLATE VOLTS = 300

GRID-N^o 3 VOLTS = 0

CURVE	GRID-N ^o 2 SUPPLY VOLTS	SERIES GRID-N ^o 2 RESISTOR-OHMS
1	125	—
2	100	—
3	75	—
4	50	—
5	25	—
6	300	250000



MARCH 5, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM-64 4 3 RI

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA HARRISON, NEW JERSEY



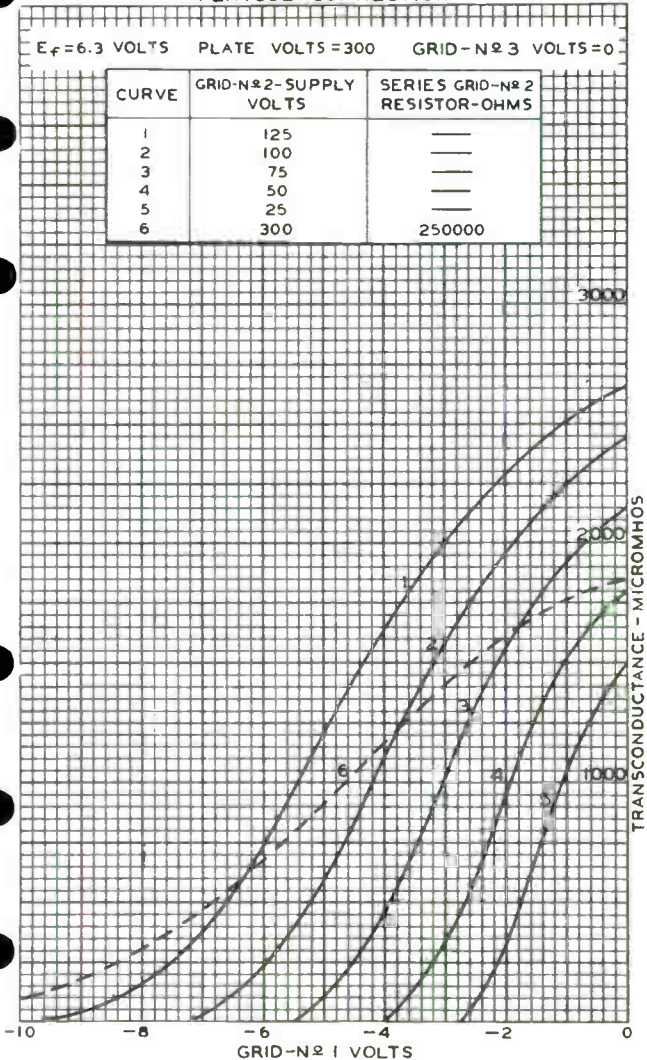
6SJ7

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION

6SJ7

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = 300 GRID-N^o 3 VOLTS = 0

CURVE	GRID-N ^o 2-SUPPLY VOLTS	SERIES GRID-N ^o 2 RESISTOR-OHMS
1	125	—
2	100	—
3	75	—
4	50	—
5	25	—
6	300	250000



MARCH 5, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY
World Radio History

92CM-6444R1

6SJ7

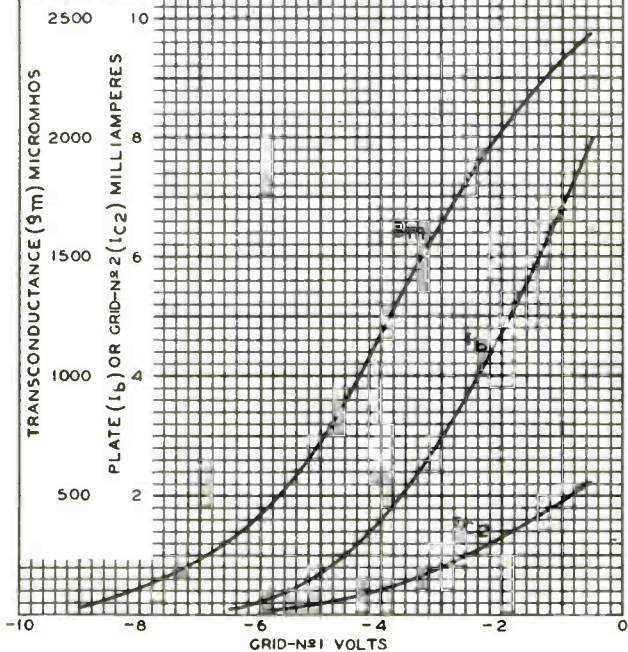


6SJ7

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION

 $E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

PLATE VOLTS = 250

GRID-N₃ VOLTS = 0GRID-N₂ VOLTS = 100

MARCH 5, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM-4937R1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

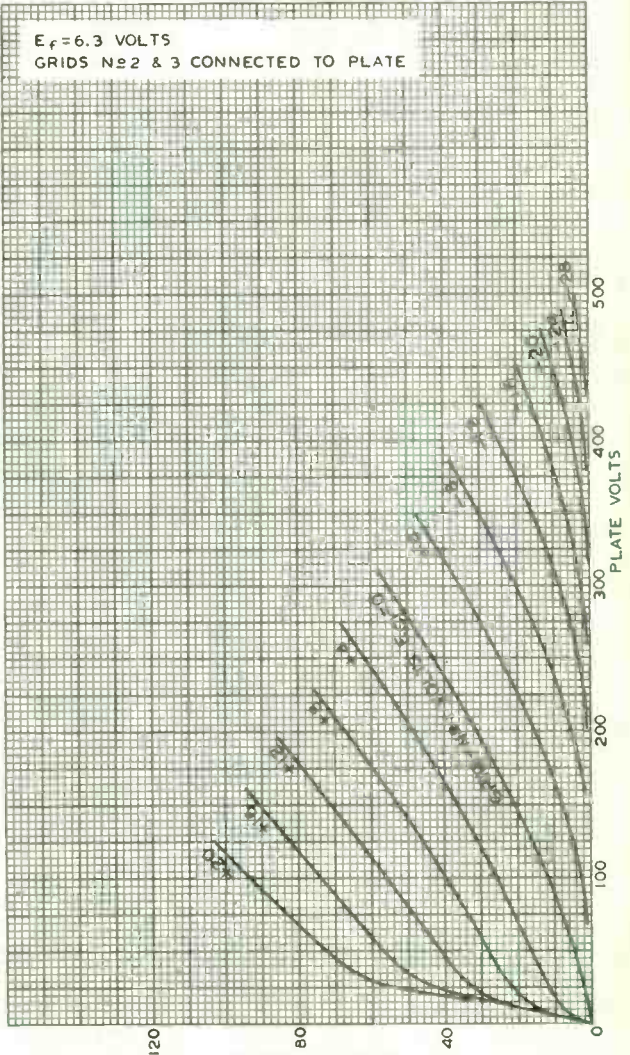


6SJ7

6SJ7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRIDS No 2 & 3 CONNECTED TO PLATE



MAY 12, 1948

PLATE MILLIAMPERES
TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM-6409RI





6SL7-GT

6SL7-GT HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage 6.3 ac or dc volts
Current 0.3 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):⁰

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	2.8	2.8	μf
Grid to cathode and heater	3.0	3.4	μf
Plate to cathode and heater	3.8	3.2	μf

Mechanical:

Mounting Position Any
Maximum Overall Length 3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Length 2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter 1-9/32"

Bulb T-9

Base Intermediate-Shell Octal 8-Pin (JETEC No. 88-6)
or Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 8-Pin (JETEC No. 88-46)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 8B0

- Pin 1 - Grid of Unit No. 2
- Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No. 2
- Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No. 2
- Pin 4 - Grid of Unit No. 1
- Pin 5 - Plate of Unit No. 1
- Pin 6 - Cathode of Unit No. 1
- Pin 7 - Heater
- Pin 8 - Heater



AMPLIFIER—Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 300 max. volts

GRID VOLTAGE:

Positive bias value 0 max. volts

PLATE DISSIPATION 1 max. watt

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 90 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 90 max. volts

Characteristics:

Plate Voltage 250 volts

⁰ With close-fitting shield (JETEC No. 308) connected to cathode.

—Indicates a change.

6SL7-GT



6SL7-GT

HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

Grid Voltage	-2	volts
Amplification Factor	70	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	44000	ohms
Transconductance	1600	μ mhos
Plate Current	2.3	ma

→ Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

See RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No.7
at front of this Section

→ indicates a change.

NOV. 5, 1954

TUBE DIVISION

DATA

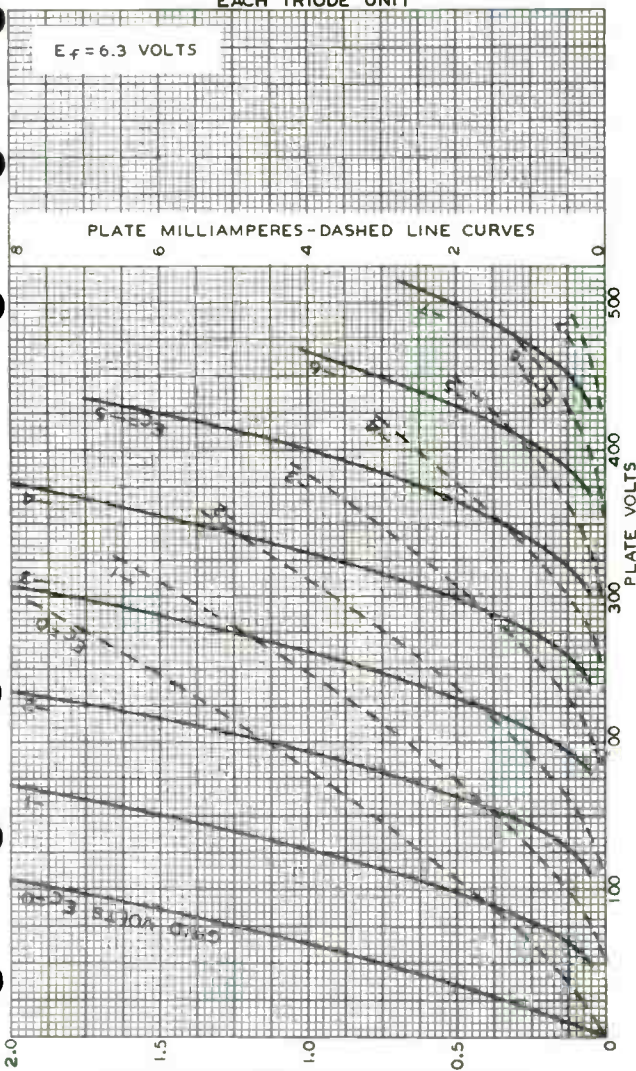
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History



6SL7-GT

6SL7-GT AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS EACH TRIODE UNIT



JUNE 16, 1941

TUBE DIVISION

92CM-6298

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

11

11

11

11



6SN7-GTA

6SN7-GTA

MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Uripotential Cathodes:

Voltage	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.6	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (With no external shield):

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	4	3.8	μ f
Grid to cathode and heater . .	2.2	2.6	μ f
Plate to cathode and heater . .	0.7	0.7	μ f

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	90	250	volts
Grid Voltage	0	-8	volts
Amplification Factor	20	20	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . . .	6700	7700	ohms
Transconductance	3000	2600	μ hos
Plate Current	10	9	ma
Plate Current for grid voltage of -12.5 volts	-	1.3	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 10 μ amp	-7	-18	volts

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Bulb	T-9
Base	Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 8-Pin with External Barriers (JETEC No. B8-58)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	8BD

- Pin 1 - Grid of Unit No. 2
- Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No. 2
- Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No. 2
- Pin 4 - Grid of Unit No. 1



- Pin 5 - Plate of Unit No. 1
- Pin 6 - Cathode of Unit No. 1
- Pin 7 - Heater
- Pin 8 - Heater

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	450 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	ma

6SN7-GTA



6SN7-GTA

MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

PLATE DISSIPATION:

Either plate	5	max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating) . . .	7.5	max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲]	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	1	max.	megohm

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

See RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No. 29
at front of this Section

HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	450	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE [▲]	600	max.	volts

CATHODE CURRENT:

Peak	300	max.	ma
Average	20	max.	ma

PLATE DISSIPATION:

Either plate	5	max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating) . . .	7.5	max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲]	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias, grid-resistor bias, or cathode-bias operation	2.2	max.	megohms

VERTICAL DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	450	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE [▲]	400	max.	volts

CATHODE CURRENT:

Peak	70	max.	ma
Average	20	max.	ma

[▲], [□], [♠], [#]: See next page.

JUNE 14, 1954

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA 1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History



6SN7-GTA

6SN7-GTA

MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

PLATE DISSIPATION:

Either plate	5 max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating) . . .	7.5 max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲] max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias, grid-resistor bias, or cathode-bias operation	2.2 max.	megohms
--	----------	---------

VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	450 max.	volts
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PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE [#] (Absolute Maximum) . . .	1500 [■] max.	volts
--	------------------------	-------

PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
--	----------	-------

CATHODE CURRENT:

Peak	70 max.	ma
Average	20 max.	ma

PLATE DISSIPATION:

Either plate	5 max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating) . . .	7.5 max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲] max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation	2.2 max.	megohms
--------------------------------------	----------	---------

- ▲ The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
- As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.
- ↓ This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.
- * This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.
- under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.

6SN7-GTA



6SN7-GTA

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS FOR EACH UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

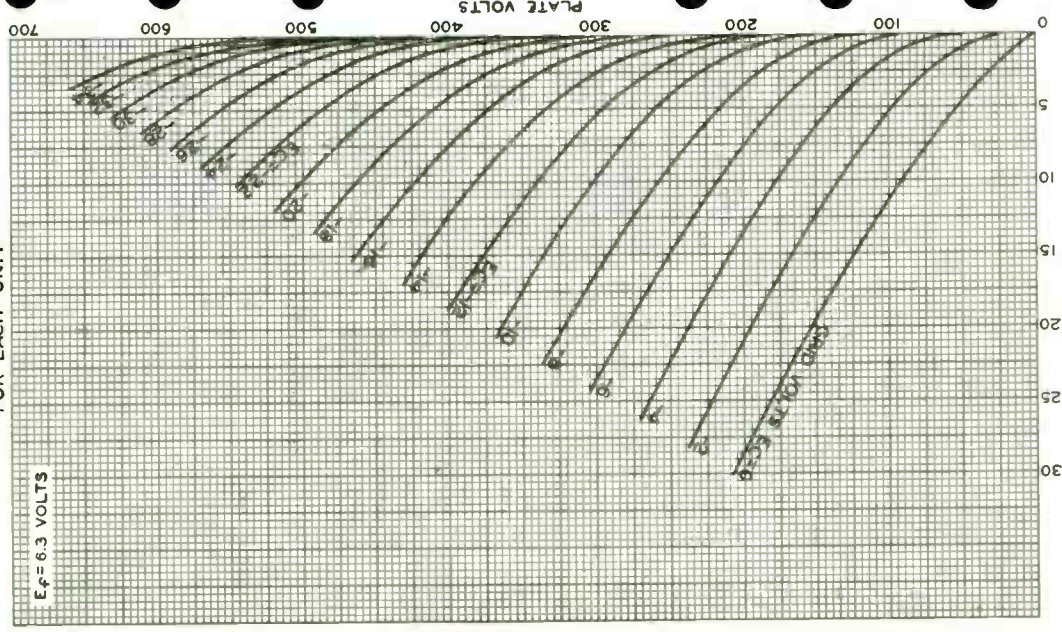


PLATE VOLTS

APRIL 28, 1954

PLATE MILLIAMPERES

TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

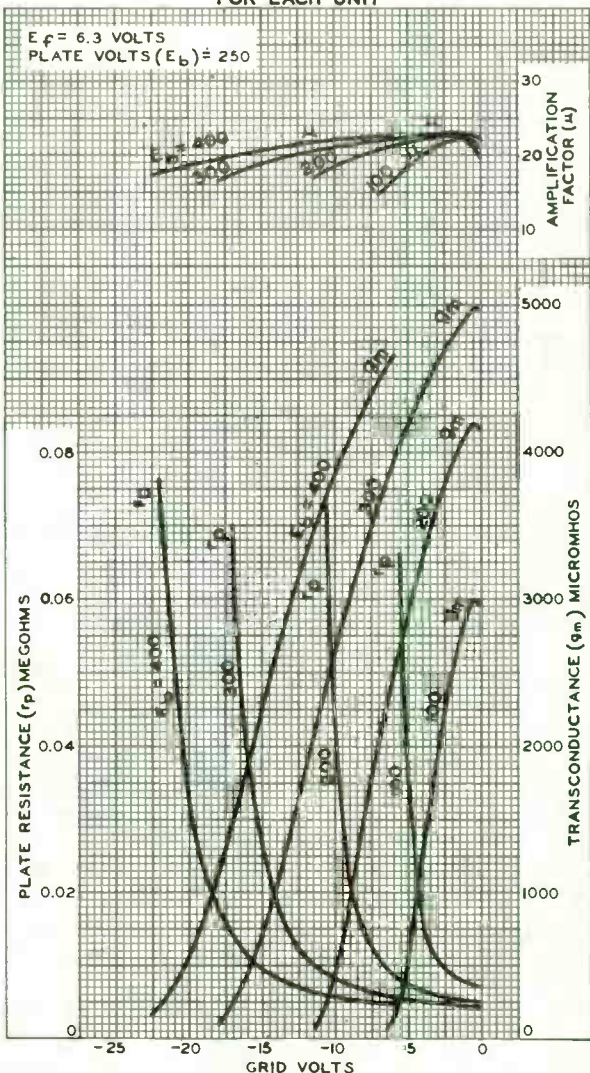
92CM-8322



6SN7-GTA

6SN7-GTA

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS FOR EACH UNIT



OCT. 14, 1953

TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY
World Radio History

92CM-8122





6SN7-GTB

6SN7-GTB

MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

Intended for use in equipment having series heater-string arrangement

The 6SN7-GTB is the same as the 6SN7-GTA except for the following item:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Warm-up time (Average) . 11sec


For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.



6SQ7
6SQ7-GT/G

6SQ7, 6SQ7-GT/G

DUPLEX-DIODE HIGH-MU TRIODE

	Coated Unipotential Cathode	
Heater Voltage	6.3	a-c or d-c volts
Current	0.3	amp.
Direct Interelectrode Cap.	6SQ7	6SQ7-GT/G
<i>Triode Unit:</i>		
Grid to Plate	1.6	1.8 μ f
Grid to Cathode	3.2	4.2 μ f
Plate to Cathode	3.0	3.4 μ f
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Height	2-1/16"	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"	1-5/16"
Bulb	Metal Shell, MT-8	T-9
Base	{ Small Wafer Octal 8-Pin 8Q	{ Small Wafer Octal 8-Pin, Sleeve GT-8Q
Basing Designation		Pin 4 - Diode Plate #2
Pin 1 { 6SQ7, Shell 6SQ7-GT/G, Base Sleeve		Pin 5 - Diode Plate #1
Pin 2 - Triode Grid		Pin 6 - Triode Plate
Pin 3 - Cathode		Pin 7 - Heater
Mounting Position		Pin 8 - Heater

BOTTOM VIEW

Any

Maximum Ratings Are Design-Center Values

TRIODE UNIT

Plate Voltage		300 max. volts
D-C Heater-Cathode Potential		100 max. volts
<i>Characteristics - Class A₁ Amplifier:</i>		
Heater	6.3	6.3 volts
Plate	100	250 volts
Grid	-1	-2 volts
Amp. Fact.	100	100
Plate Res.	110000	91000 ohms
Transcond.	900	1100 μ mhos
Plate Cur.	0.4	0.9 ma.

Typical Operation—Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

Same as Type 75 in RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART.

DIODE UNITS—Two

Consideration of these units is given under Type 85. Circuits will be similar to those shown for Type 55 with fixed bias. Diode biasing of the triode unit of the 6SQ7 or 6SQ7-GT/G is not suitable. Diode curves under Type 687 apply to the 6SQ7 and 6SQ7-GT/G.

- ▲ with shell connected to cathode. values are approximate.
- with no external shield. values are approximate.

The curve under Type 75 also applies to the 6SQ7 and the 6SQ7-GT/G.

← Indicates a change.

DEC. 1, 1943

RCA VICTOR DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

DATA

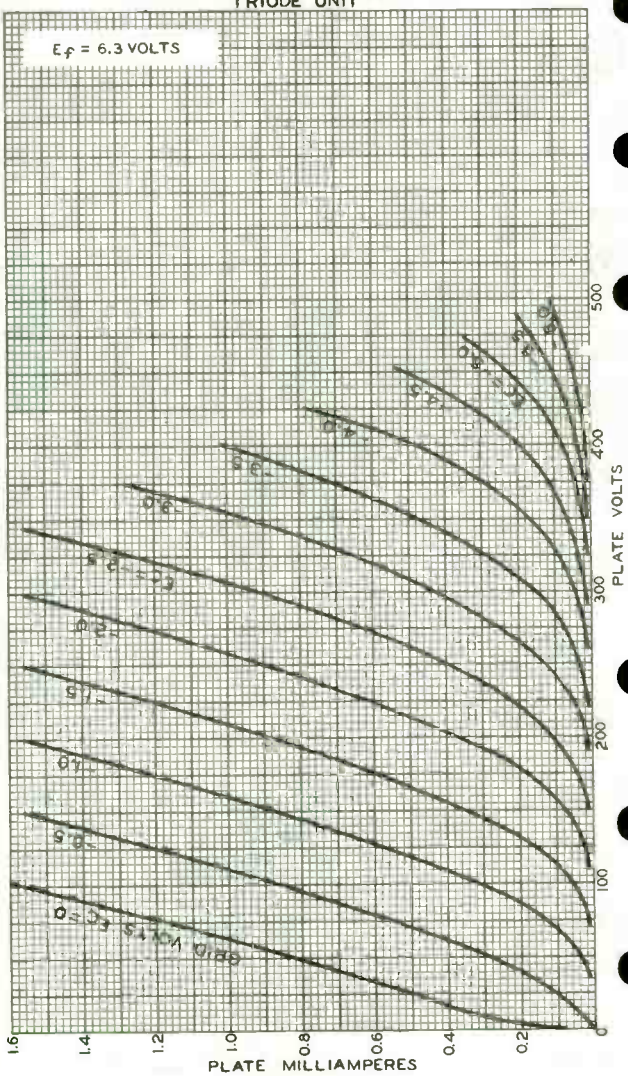
6SQ7



6SQ7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS



DEC. 14, 1943

RCA VICTOR DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-4975R2

World Radio History

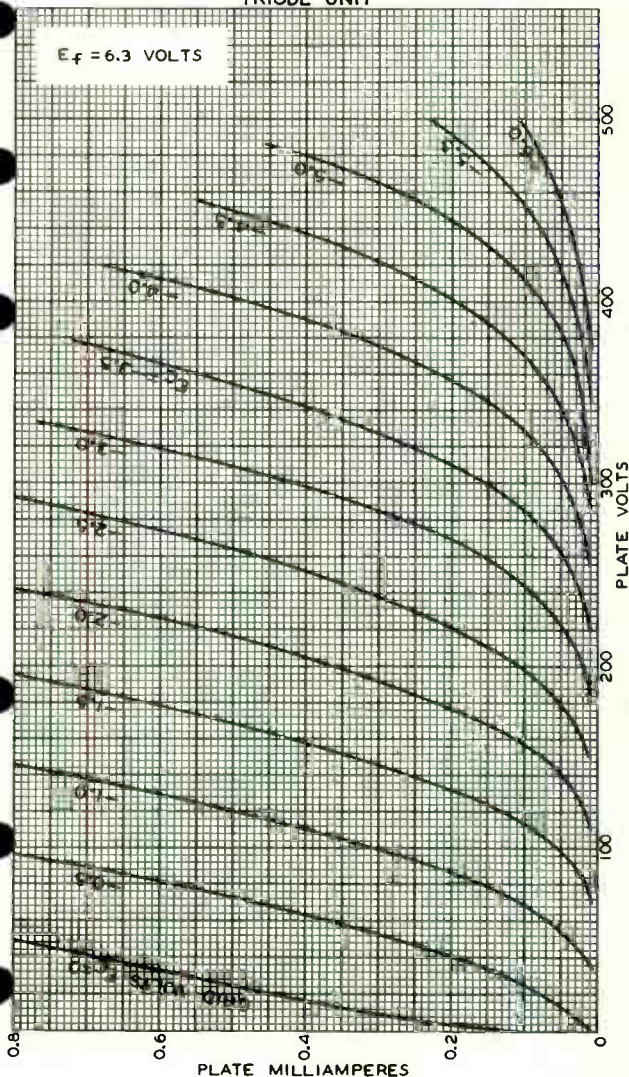


6SQ7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT

6SQ7

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS



AUG. 13, 1941

RCA RADOTRON DIVISION
RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.

92C-6310



6T8-A

6T8-A

TRIPLE DIODE-HIGH-MU TRIODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With heater having controlled warm-up time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage	6.3	. . . . .	ac or dc volts
Current	0.45 ± 6%	. . . . .	amp
Warm-up time (Average).	11	. . . . .	sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield*	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	1.7	1.7	μf
Grid to cathode & internal shield (pin 7), and heater.	1.6	1.7	μf
Plate to cathode & internal shield (pin 7), and heater.	1.2	2.4	μf
<i>Diode Units:</i>			
Diode-No.1 plate to cathode & internal shield (pin 7), and heater.	3.8	3.8	μf
Diode-No.2 plate to cathode & internal shield (pin 3), and heater.	3.8	3.8 [•]	μf
Diode-No.3 plate to cathode & internal shield (pin 7), and heater.	3.4	3.6	μf
Diode-No.2 cathode & internal shield (pin 3) to all other electrodes, and heater.	7.5	8.5 [■]	μf
Triode grid to any diode plate	0.034 max.	0.034 max.	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Triode Unit):

Plate Voltage	100	250	volts
Grid Voltage.	-1	-3	volts
Amplification Factor.	70	70	
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	54000	58000	ohms
Transconductance.	1300	1200	μmhos
Plate Current	0.8	1	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"

* , • , ■ : See next page.



6T8-A

TRIPLE DIODE—HIGH-MU TRIODE

Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9E
Pin 1—Diode—No. 3 Plate	Pin 6—Diode—No. 1 Plate
Pin 2—Diode—No. 2 Plate	Pin 7—Cathode of Triode &
Pin 3—Diode—No. 2 Cathode, Internal Shield	Diodes No. 1 & No. 3, Internal Shield
Pin 4—Heater	Pin 8—Triode Grid
Pin 5—Heater	Pin 9—Triode Plate

TRIODE UNIT — AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values.

PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.1 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

See RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No. 7
at front of this Section

DIODE UNITS — Three

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE CURRENT (For each diode)	5.5 max.	ma
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	100 max.	volts

Characteristics (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	5	volts
Plate Current	20	ma

Diode Considerations:

Diode No. 1, diode No. 3, and the triode have a common cathode, and diode No. 2 has a separate cathode. Diode No. 2 (pins 2 & 3) and diode No. 3 (pins 1 & 7) are recommended for use in FM detector applications, while diode No. 1 (pins 6 & 7) is recommended for use as an AM detector.



6T8-A

6T8-A

TRIPLE DIODE—HIGH-MU TRIODE

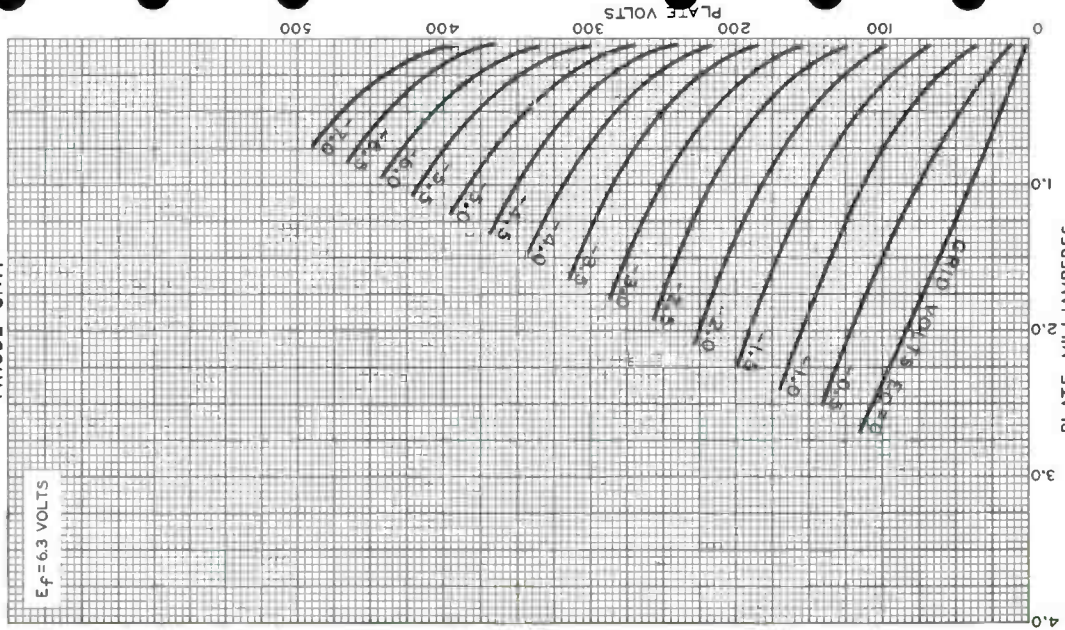
- * With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pin 7 except as noted.
- With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pin 3.
- With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pins 4 and 5.



6T8-A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS



6T8-A

PLATE MILLIAMPERES

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

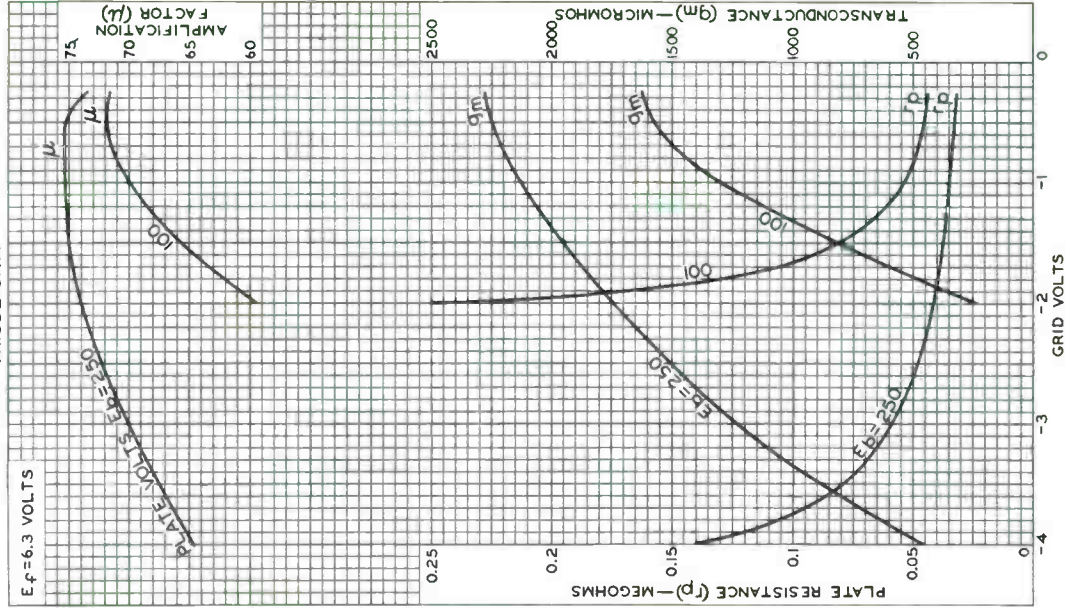
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6T8-A

6T8-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT

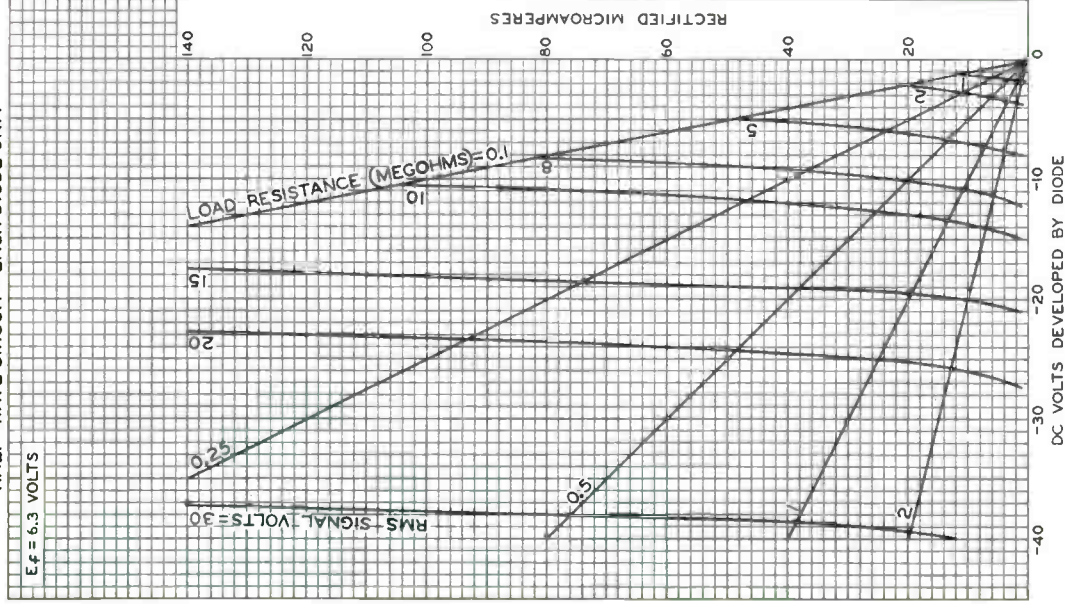


6T8-A



6T8-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS HALF-WAVE CIRCUIT—EACH DIODE UNIT



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.45 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^A	
Triode Unit:			
Grid to plate	1.8	1.8	μf
Grid to cathode and heater	2.8	2.8	μf
Plate to cathode and heater	1.5	2	μf
Pentode Unit:			
Grid No.2 to plate	0.015 max.	0.007 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	5	5	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	2.6	3.5	μf
Pentode grid No.1 to triode plate	0.2 max.	0.2 max.	μf
Pentode plate to triode plate	0.1 max.	0.02 max.	μf
Heater to cathode (Each unit)	3	3*	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage	125	100 125	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-	70 110	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-1	-	volt
Amplification Factor	40	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5400	- 20000	ohms
Transconductance	7500	5500 5000	μmhos
Plate Current	13.5	- 9.5	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	- 3.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ = 20	-9	-	-8 volts

← Indicates a change.



6U8-A

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
→ Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9AE

- Pin 1 - Triode Plate
- Pin 2 - Pentode
Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Pentode
Grid No.2
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Plate



- Pin 7 - Pentode
Cathode,
Pentode
Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield
- Pin 8 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 9 - Triode Grid

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	See Grid-No.2 Input	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts	-	0.55 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	-	See Grid-No.2 Input	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	3 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	200* max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 max.	200* max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	-	0.5 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	-	1 max.	megohm

▲ With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pin 4 except as noted.

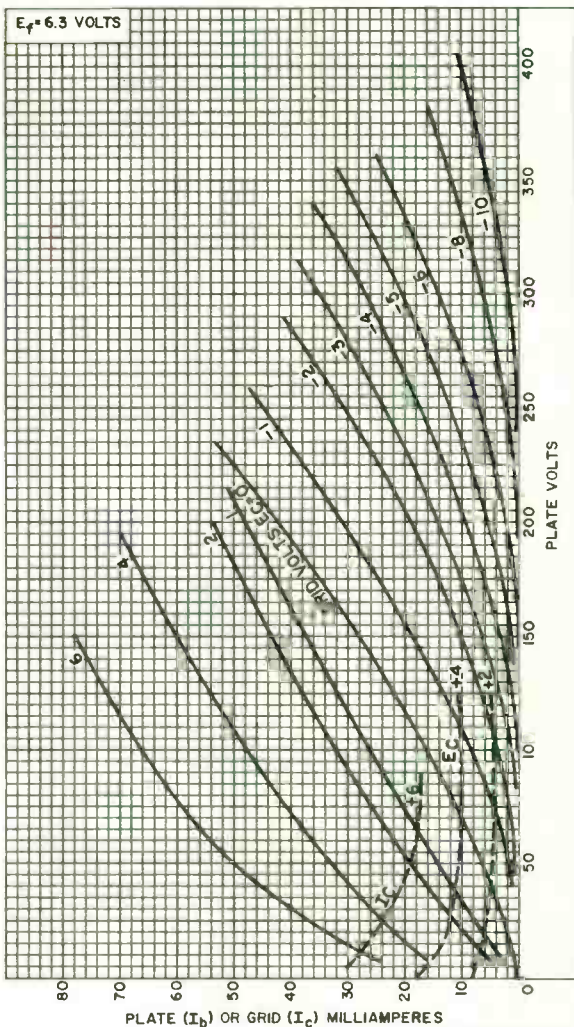
● With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pin 6.

* The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

→ Indicates a change.

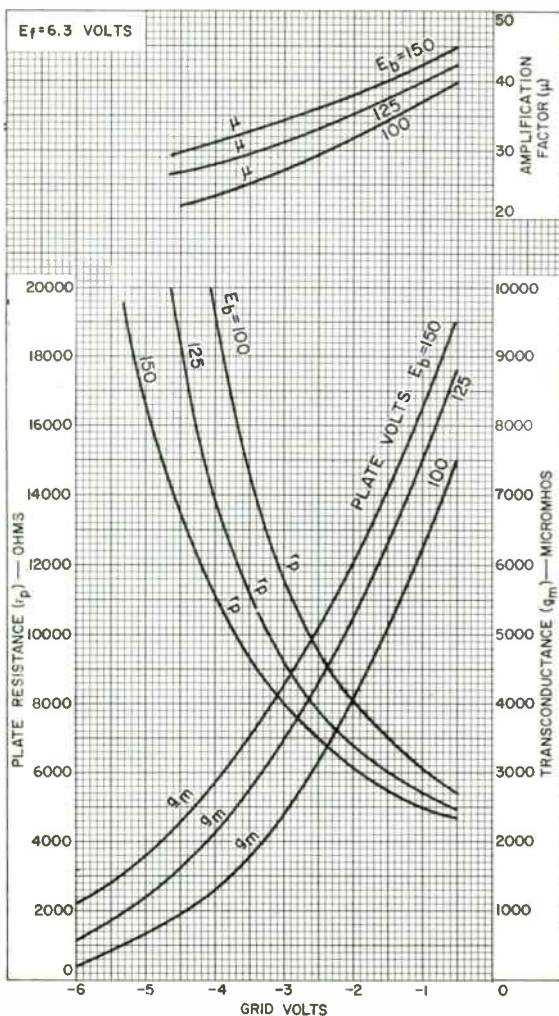


AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



6U8-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-10900

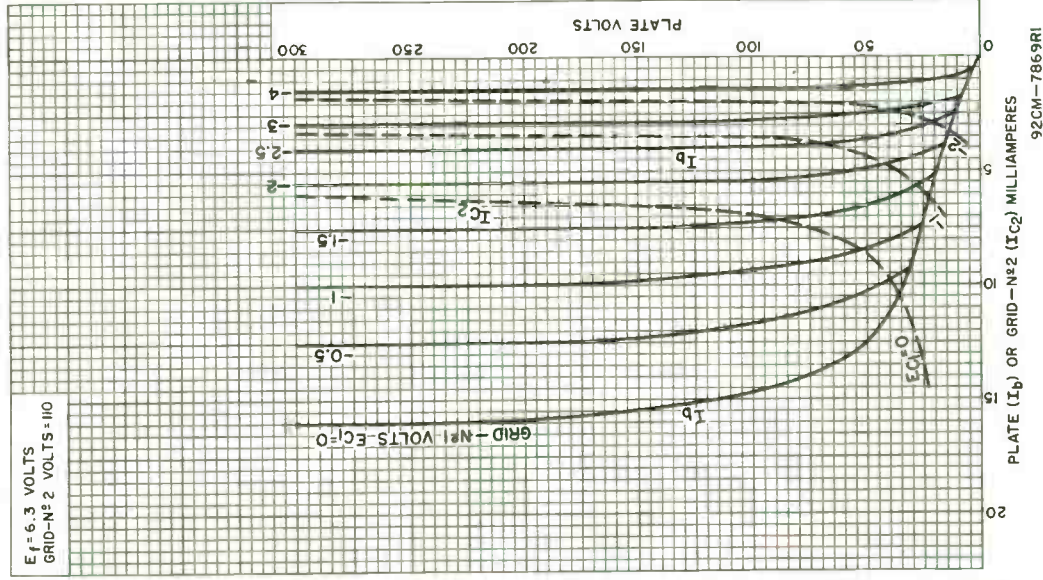
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



6U8-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



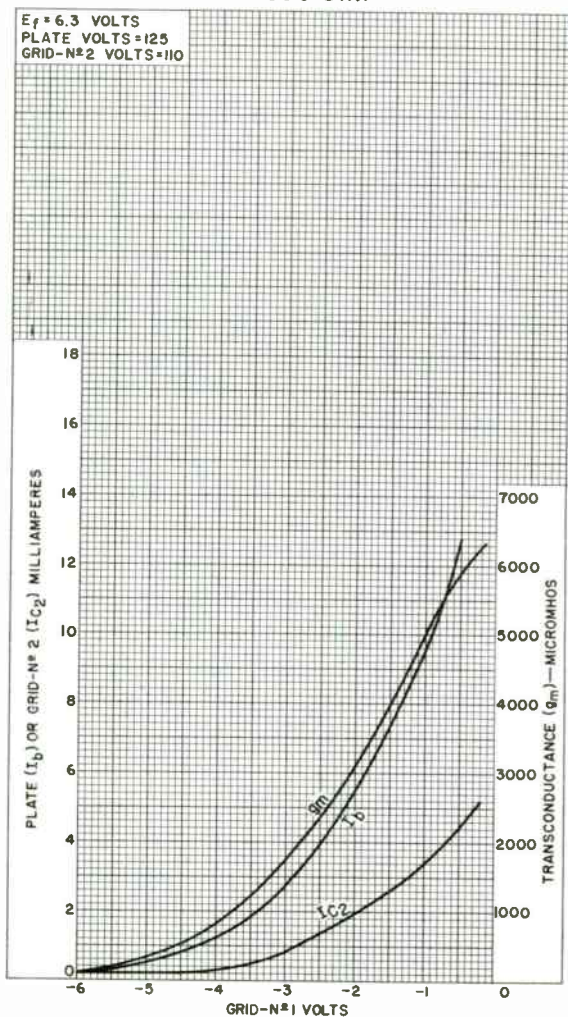
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
1-61

6U8-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-10902

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.





6V3-A

6V3-A

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Television Damper Service

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 6.3 ac or dc volts

Current 1.75 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^oHeater to cathode 1.5 μ fPlate to cathode and heater 8 μ fCathode to plate and heater 9 μ f

Mechanical:

Mounting Position Any

Maximum Overall Length 3-1/16"

Seated Length 2-21/32" \pm 1/8"

Maximum Diameter 7/8"

Bulb T-6-1/2

Cap Skirted Miniature (JETEC No. C1-2 or C1-33)

Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No. E9-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9B0

Pin 1 - No Connection

Pin 2 - Plate

Pin 3 - Same as Pin 1

Pin 4 - Heater

Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Same as Pin 1

Pin 7 - Plate

Pin 8 - Same as Pin 1

Pin 9 - Plate

Cap - Cathode

DAMPER SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^o

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE

(Absolute maximum)[#] 6000[■] max. volts

PEAK PLATE CURRENT 800 max. ma

DC PLATE CURRENT 135 max. ma

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode

(Absolute maximum)[#] 6750[■] max. voltsHeater positive with respect to cathode 300[●] max. volts^o without external shield.^o As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.[#] This rating is applicable where the duty cycle of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.[■] under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.[▲] The dc component must not exceed 750 volts.[●] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

MAY 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

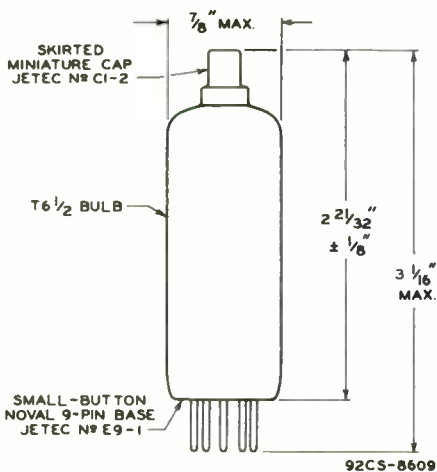
World Radio History

6V3-A



6V3-A

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER



MAY 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY
World Radio History

CE-8609



6V6
6V6-GT

6V6, 6V6-GT BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 6.3 ac or dc volts
Current 0.45 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

	6V6 ⁰	6V6-GT ⁰⁰	
Grid No.1 to Plate . . .	0.3	0.7	μmf
Input	10	9	μmf
Output	11	7.5	μmf

Mechanical:

	6V6	6V6-GT	
Mounting Position . . .	Any	Any	
Maximum Overall Length.	3-1/4"	3-5/16"	
Maximum Seated Length .	2-11/16"	2-3/4"	
Maximum Diameter . . .	1-5/16"	1-9/32"	
Bulb	Metal Shell, MT-8	T-9	

Base	{ Small-Wafer Octal 7-Pin (JETEC No. B7-22)	{ Intermed.-Shell Octal 7-Pin (JETEC No. B7-7) G-7AC
Basing Designation	7AC	

Pin 1 - { 6V6, Shell
6V6-GT, No
Connection

Pin 2 - Heater

Pin 3 - Plate



Pin 4 - Grid No.2

Pin 5 - Grid No.1

Pin 7 - Heater

Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

BOTTOM VIEW

AF POWER AMPLIFIER—Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	315 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	315 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	285 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	12 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	90 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	90 max.	volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	180	250	315	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	180	250	225	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-8.5	-12.5	-13	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage . .	8.5	12.5	13	volts

⁰ with shell connected to cathode.

⁰⁰ with no external shield.

← indicates a change

6V6
6V6-GT



6V6, 6V6-GT

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Zero-Signal Plate Current . . .	29	45	34	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current . . .	30	47	35	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.)	3	4.5	2.2	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.)	4	7	6	ma
→ Plate Resistance (Approx.) . .	50000	50000	80000	ohms
Transconductance	3700	4100	3750	μmhos
Load Resistance	5500	5000	8500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion . . .	8	8	12	per cent
Max.-Signal Power Output . . .	2	4.5	5.5	watts

AF POWER AMPLIFIER—Class AB₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	315 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) SUPPLY VOLTAGE .	315 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	285 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	12 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2 max.	watts

→ PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

Plate Voltage	250	285	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	285	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage [▲]	-15	-19	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to- Grid-No.1 Voltage	30	38	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	70	70	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	79	92	ma
Zero-Sig. Grid-No.2 Cur. (Approx.)	5	4	ma
Max.-Sig. Grid-No.2 Cur. (Approx.)	13	13.5	ma
→ Plate Resistance (Approx.)	60000	70000	ohms
Transconductance	3750	3600	μmhos
Effective Load Resistance	10000	8000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	5	3.5	per cent
Max.-Signal Power Output	10	14	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:[▲]

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

[▲] The type of input coupling used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid-No.1 circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended.

→ indicates a change

JAN. 1, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT

DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA—HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History



6V6

6V6

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

GRID-N \approx 2 VOLTS = 250

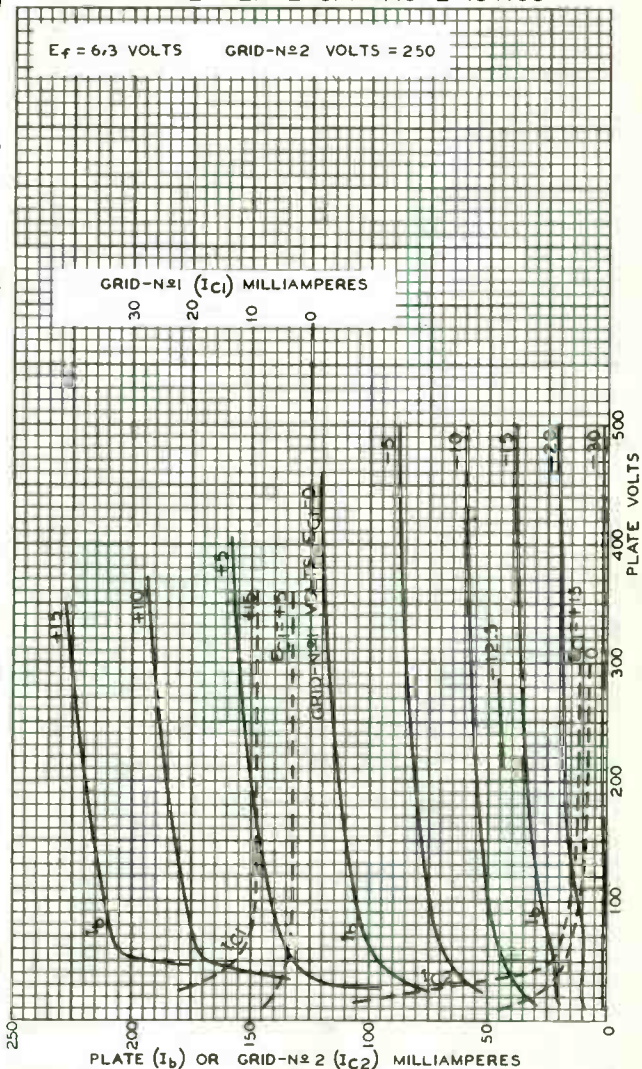
GRID-N \approx 1 (I_{C1}) MILLIAMPERES

30

20

10

0



DEC. 18, 1952

PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-N \approx 2 (I_{C2}) MILLIAMPERES

TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM-4207R2

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

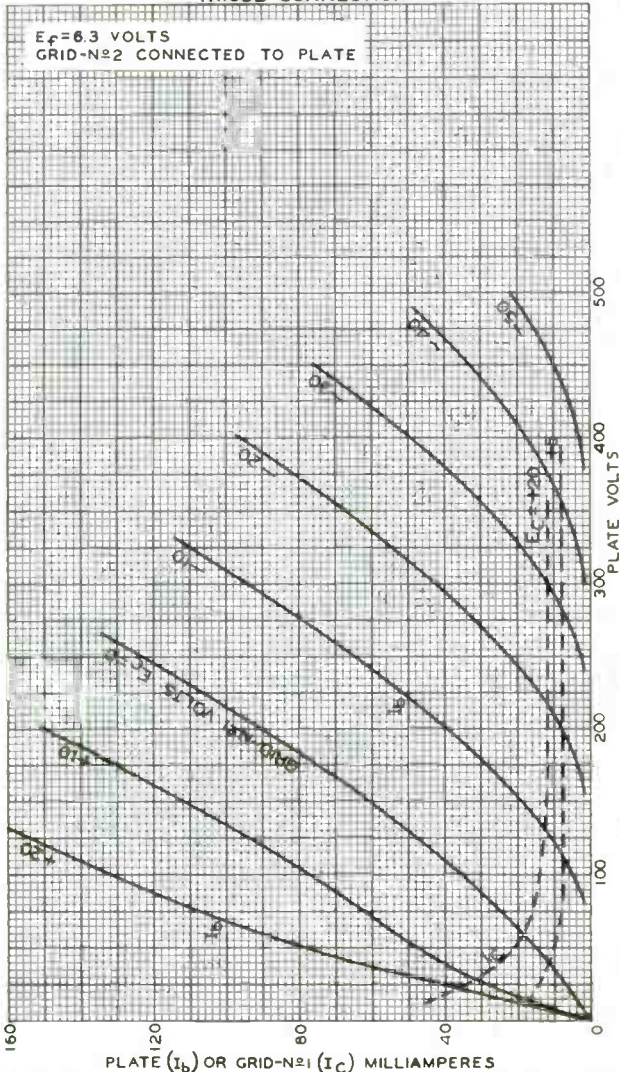
6V6



6V6

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N^o2 CONNECTED TO PLATE



DEC. 18, 1952

PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-N^o1 (I_c) MILLIAMPERES
TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM-6333R1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

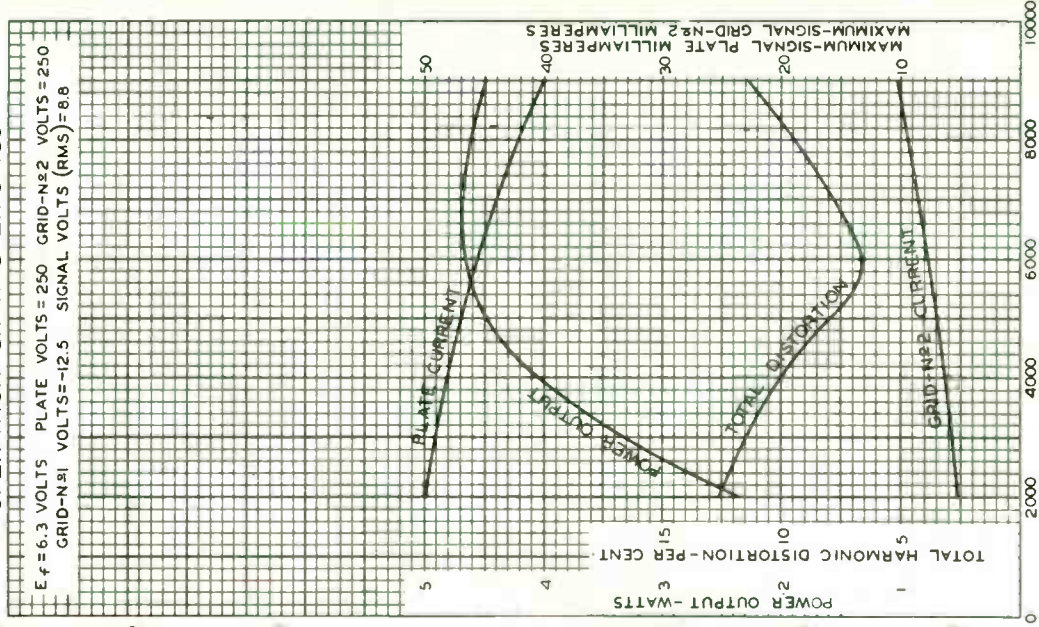


6V6

6V6

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = 250 GRID-N₂ VOLTS = 250
GRID-N₁ VOLTS = -12.5 SIGNAL VOLTS (RMS) = 8.8



DEC. 18, 1952

LOAD RESISTANCE - OHMS

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6339RI



6W4-GT

6W4-GT

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 6.3 ac volts

Current 1.2 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

Heater to Cathode 7.0 μ f

Plate to heater
and Cathode 5.3 μ f

Mechanical:

Mounting Position Any

Maximum Overall Length 3-5/16"

Maximum Seated Length 2-3/4"

Maximum Diameter 1-9/32"

Bulb T-9

Base Intermediate-Shell Octal 6-Pin

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 4CG

Pin 1 - No
Connection

Pin 2 - No
Connection



Pin 3 - Cathode

Pin 5 - Plate

Pin 7 - Heater

Pin 8 - Heater

DAMPER SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE 3500* max. volts ←

PEAK PLATE CURRENT 600 max. ma

DC PLATE CURRENT 125 max. ma

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 2100** max. volts ←

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 100 max. volts

RECTIFIER SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE 1250 max. volts

PEAK PLATE CURRENT 600 max. ma

HOT-SWITCHING TRANSIENT PLATE CURRENT

For duration of 0.2 second maximum . . . 3.5 max. amp

DC OUTPUT CURRENT 125 max. ma

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 450 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 100 max. volts

^o with no external shield.

* This rating is applicable where the duty cycle of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 percent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15% of one horizontal scanning cycle is 50 microseconds.

** The dc component must not exceed more than 450 volts.

← Indicates a change.

6W4-GT



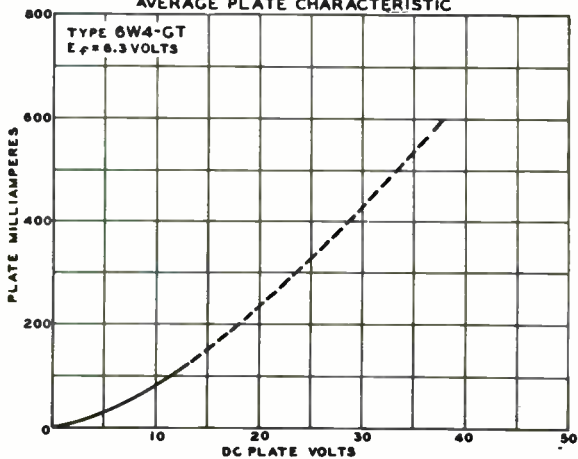
6W4-GT

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

Typical Operation:

	<i>Half-Wave Rectifier (One Tube)</i>	<i>Full-Wave Rectifier (Two Tubes)</i>	
AC Plate-Supply Voltage (RMS) . .	350	-	volts
AC Plate-to-Plate Supply Voltage (RMS)	-	700	volts
Filter-Input Capacitor	20	20	μ f
Minimum Total Effective Plate- Supply Impedance Per Plate .	145	145	ohms
DC Output Current	125	250	ma
DC Output Voltage at Input to Filter (Approx.):			
At half-load cur. of	{		
62.5 ma.	390	-	volts
125 ma.	-	395	volts
At full-load cur. of	{		
125 ma.	335	-	volts
250 ma.	-	350	volts
Voltage Regulation (Approx.):			
Half-load to full-load current	55	45	volts

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTIC



92CM-7069T

MARCH 1, 1951

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA



6W4-GT

6W4-GT

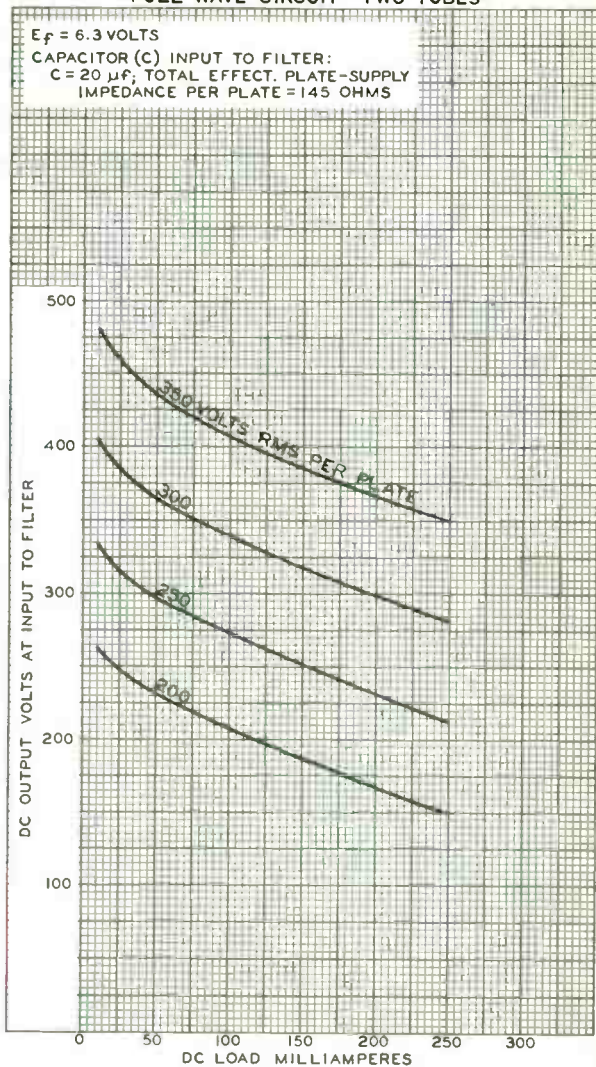
OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS FULL-WAVE CIRCUIT—TWO TUBES

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

CAPACITOR (C) INPUT TO FILTER:

$C = 20 \mu\text{f}$; TOTAL EFFECT. PLATE-SUPPLY

IMPEDANCE PER PLATE = 145 OHMS



OCT. 13, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA HARRISON, NEW JERSEY
World Radio History

92CM-7091



6W6-GT

6W6-GT

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	1.2	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

Grid No.1 to Plate	0.5 max.	μ f
Input	15	μ f
Output	9	μ f

Characteristics as Beam Power Amplifier:

See AMPLIFIER—Class A₁ below:

Characteristics as Triode-Connected Amplifier:

(Grid No.2 connected to plate)

Plate Voltage	225	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-30	volts
Amplification Factor	6.2	
Plate Resistance	1600	ohms
Transconductance	3800	μ mhos
Plate Current	22	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 0.5 ma	-42	volts ←

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Bulb	T-9 ←
Base	Intermediate-Shell Octal 6-Pin (JETEC No. B6-8) or Intermediate-Shell Octal 7-Pin (JETEC No. B7-7) or Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 6-Pin with Ex- ternal Barriers (JETEC No. B6-60) or Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 7-Pin with Ex- ternal Barriers (JETEC No. B7-59) ←

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW G-7AC

Pin 1 - No	4	Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Connection	3	Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 2 - Heater	2	Pin 8 - Cathode, Grid No.3
Pin 3 - Plate	1	
Pin 4 - Grid No.2	5	



AMPLIFIER--Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	10 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.25 max.	watts

← indicates a change.

OCT. 1, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY
World Radio History

TENTATIVE DATA

6W6-GT



6W6-GT

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲] max.	volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Supply Voltage	110	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	110	125	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-7.5	-	volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor	-	180	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	7.5	8.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	49	46	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	50	47	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	4	2.2	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	10	8.5	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	13000	28000	ohms
Transconductance	8000	8000	μmhos
Load Resistance	2000	4000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion (Approx.)	10	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	2.1	3.8	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Triode Connected--Grid No.2 Connected to Plate

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except As Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[⊙]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE [⊙]	1200 [▲] max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE	-250 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak	140 max.	ma
DC	40 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	7.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲] max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation	2.2 max.	megohms
--------------------------------------	----------	---------

[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

[●] As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice for Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.

[⊙] The duration of the voltage pulse must not exceed 15 per cent of one scanning cycle, in a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

[⊕] under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.

OCT. 1, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT

TENTATIVE DATA

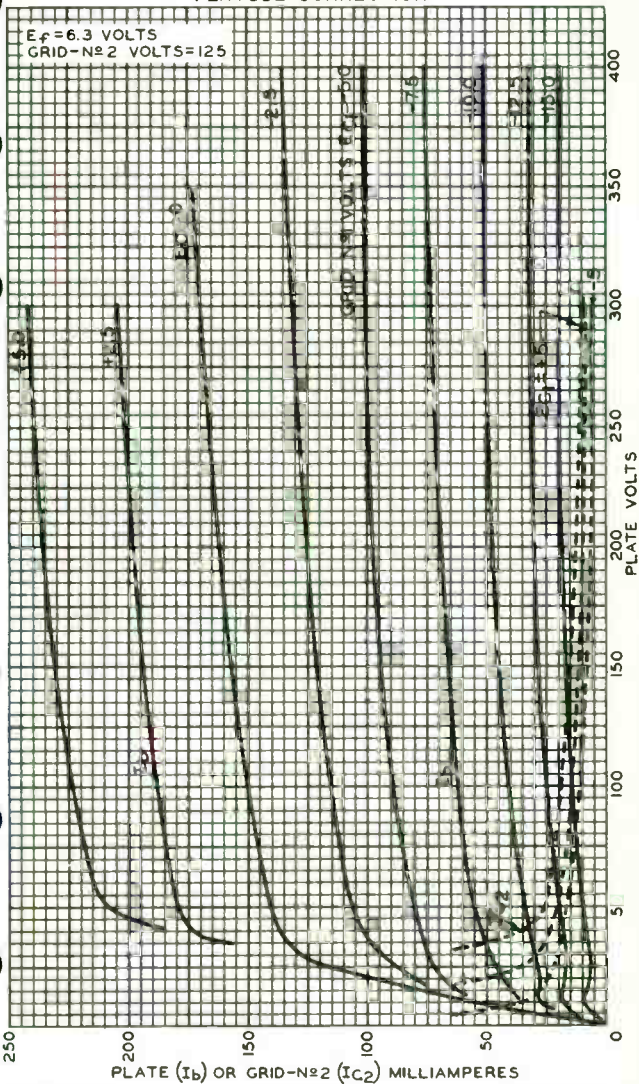
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY
World Radio History



6W6-GT

6W6-GT

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION



MAR. 20. 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM-7942

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

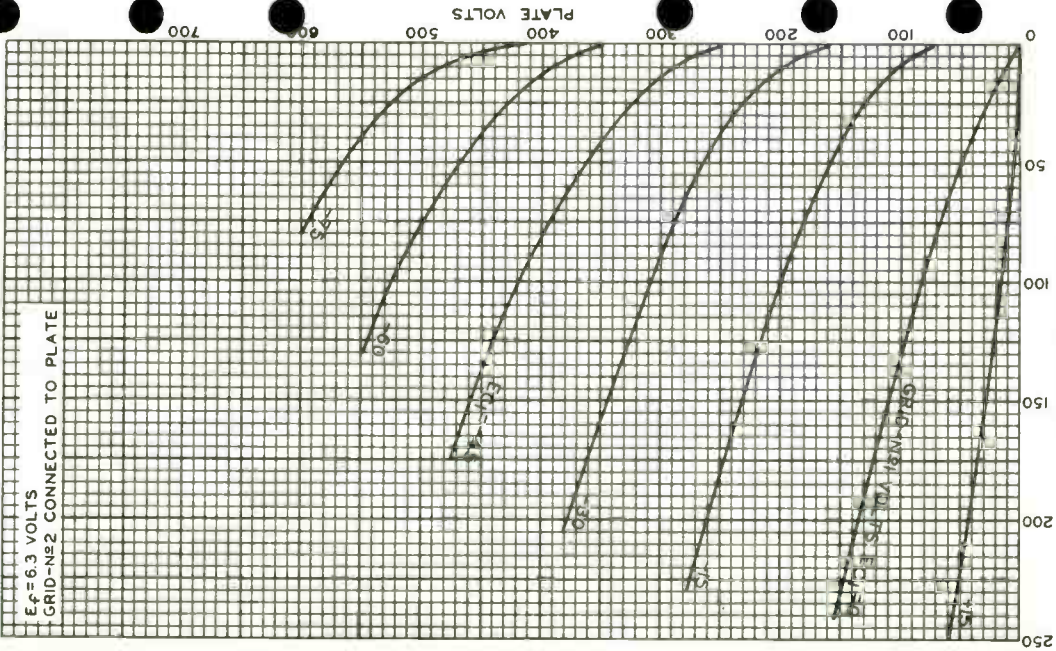
World Radio History

6W6-GT



6W6-GT

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION



MAR. 11, 1953

PLATE MILLIAMPERES

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-7943



6X4

6X4

FULL-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.6	amp

Mechanical:

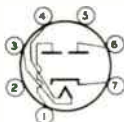
Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length from Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	3/4"
Bulb	T-5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JETEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7CF

Pin 1 - Plate No. 2

Pin 2 - No Connection

Pin 3 - Heater

Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - No

Connection

Pin 6 - Plate No. 1

Pin 7 - Cathode

RECTIFIER SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1250 max. volts
PEAK PLATE CURRENT PER PLATE	210 max. ma
AC PLATE SUPPLY VOLTAGE (RMS) PER PLATE	See Rating Chart I
DC OUTPUT CURRENT PER PLATE	See Rating Chart I

HOT-SWITCHING CURRENT:

If hot-switching is regularly required in operation, the use of choke-input circuits is recommended. Such circuits limit the hot-switching current to a value no higher than that of the peak plate current. When capacitor-input circuits are used, a maximum peak current value per plate of 1 ampere during the initial cycles of the hot-switching transient should not be exceeded.

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	450 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	450 max. volts

Typical Operation as Full-Wave Rectifier

with Capacitor-Input to Filter: ←

AC Plate-to-Plate Supply Voltage (RMS)	650	volts
Filter Input Capacitor	10	μf
Effective Plate-Supply Impedance per Plate*	520	ohms

* Higher values of capacitance than indicated may be used but the effective plate-supply impedance should be increased to prevent exceeding the maximum rating for peak plate current.

← Indicates a change

6X4



6X4

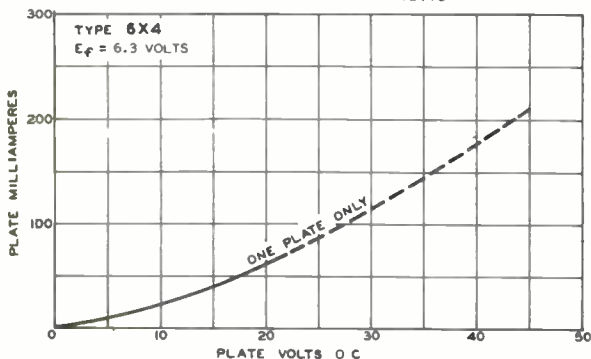
FULL-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

DC Output Voltage at Input to	Filter (Approx.):		
At half-load current of 35 ma.	360	volts	
At full-load current of 70 ma.	300	volts	
Voltage Regulation (Approx.):			
Half-load to full-load current	60	volts	

→ Typical Operation as Full-Wave Rectifier with Choke-Input to Filter:

AC Plate-to-Plate Supply Voltage (RMS) . . .	900	volts
Minimum Filter Input Choke	10	henries
DC Output Voltage at Input to	Filter (Approx.):	
At half-load current of 35 ma.	385	volts
At full-load current of 70 ma.	370	volts
Voltage Regulation (Approx.):		
Half-load to full-load current	15	volts

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTIC



92CM-6106TI

RATING CHARTS AND OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

Rating Chart I represents graphically the relationships between maximum ac voltage input and maximum dc output current derived from the fundamental ratings for conditions of capacitor-input and choke-input filters. This graphical presentation gives the equipment designer considerable latitude in choice of operating conditions.

Rating Chart II represents graphically the relationship between maximum rectification efficiency and maximum dc output current per plate for conditions of capacitor input to filter.

→ Indicates a change

OCT. 1, 1953

DATA 1

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History



6X4

6X4

FULL-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

Rating Chart III represents graphically the relationships between minimum plate-supply resistance per plate and maximum ac plate-supply voltage per plate under no-load conditions for conditions of capacitor input to filter when occasional hot-switching is employed.

The *Operation Characteristics for Full-Wave Circuit with Capacitor-Input Filter* show not only the typical operating curves for such a circuit, but also show by means of boundary-lines "DEA" the limiting current and voltage relationships presented on *Rating Chart I*.

The *Operation Characteristics for Full-Wave Circuit with Choke-Input Filter* show the typical operating curves for such a circuit. They not only show by means of boundary line "ABC" the limiting current and voltage relationships presented on *Rating Chart I*, but also give information as to the effect on regulation of various sizes of chokes. The solid-line curves show the dc voltage outputs which would be obtained if the filter chokes had infinite inductance. The long-dash lines radiating from the zero position are boundary lines for various sizes of chokes as indicated. The intersection of one of these lines with a solid-line curve indicates the point on the curve at which the choke no longer behaves as though it had infinite inductance. To the left of the choke boundary line, the regulation curves depart from the solid-line curves as shown by the representative short-dash regulation curves.

6X4



6X4

RATING CHART I

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

 CAPACITOR OR
 CHOKE INPUT
 CHOKE INPUT
 ONLY

FOR SUITABLE CHOKE VALUES
 SEE CURVE
 "OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS"
 WITH CHOKE INPUT TO FILTER

DC OUTPUT MILLIAMPERES PER PLATE

50
40
30
20
10
0

AC PLATE SUPPLY VOLTS (RMS) PER PLATE

0 100 200 300 400 500

MAX. OPERATING VALUES WITH CHOKE INPUT
 TO FILTER
 MAX. OPERATING VALUES WITH CAPACITOR
 INPUT TO FILTER

35
 22
 26

325

JUNE 29, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT
 RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-8025



6X4

6X4

RATING CHART II CAPACITOR INPUT TO FILTER

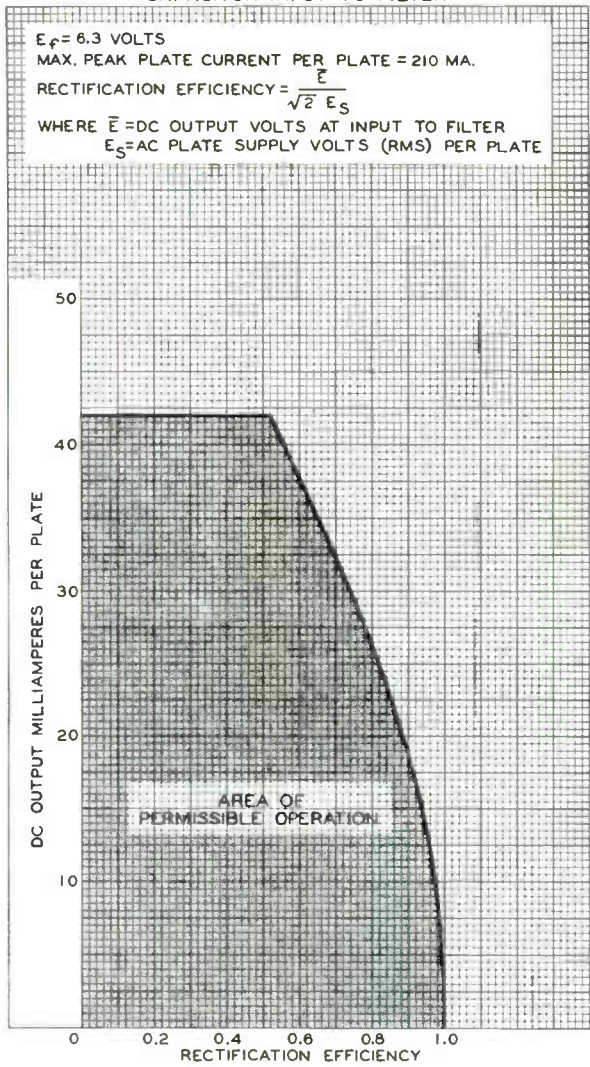
$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

MAX. PEAK PLATE CURRENT PER PLATE = 210 MA.

$$\text{RECTIFICATION EFFICIENCY} = \frac{\bar{E}}{\sqrt{2} E_S}$$

WHERE \bar{E} = DC OUTPUT VOLTS AT INPUT TO FILTER

E_S = AC PLATE SUPPLY VOLTS (RMS) PER PLATE



JUNE 26, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-8024

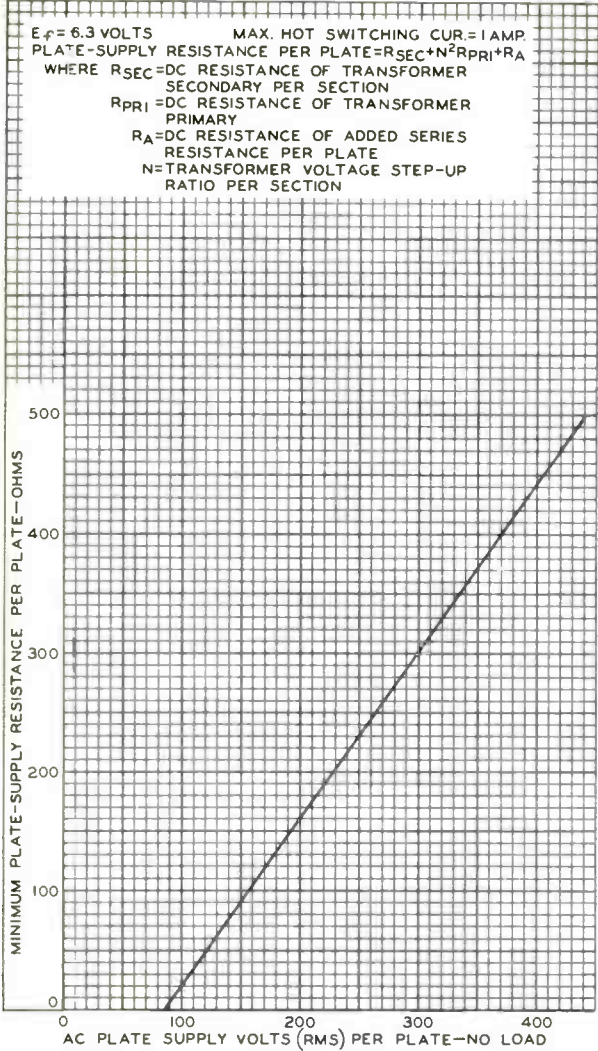
6X4



6X4

RATING CHART III CAPACITOR INPUT TO FILTER

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS MAX. HOT SWITCHING CUR. = 1 AMP.
 PLATE-SUPPLY RESISTANCE PER PLATE = $R_{SEC} + N^2 R_{PRI} + R_A$
 WHERE R_{SEC} = DC RESISTANCE OF TRANSFORMER
 SECONDARY PER SECTION
 R_{PRI} = DC RESISTANCE OF TRANSFORMER
 PRIMARY
 R_A = DC RESISTANCE OF ADDED SERIES
 RESISTANCE PER PLATE
 N = TRANSFORMER VOLTAGE STEP-UP
 RATIO PER SECTION



JUNE 29, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM-8026

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY



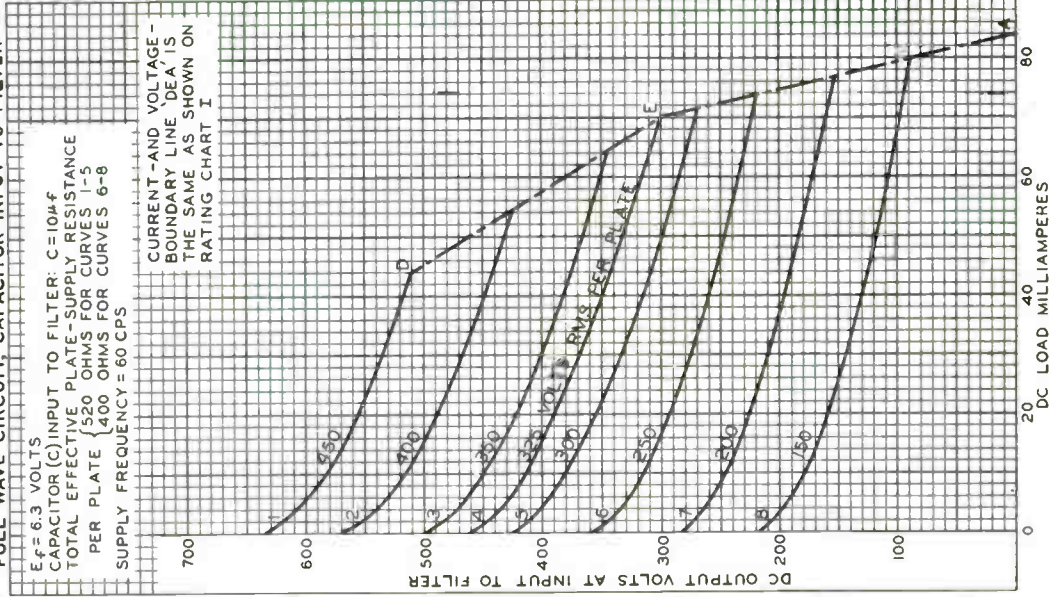
6X4

6X4.

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS FULL-WAVE CIRCUIT, CAPACITOR INPUT TO FILTER

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 CAPACITOR (C) INPUT TO FILTER: $C = 10\mu\text{f}$
 TOTAL EFFECTIVE PLATE-SUPPLY RESISTANCE
 PER PLATE { 520 OHMS FOR CURVES 1-5
 400 OHMS FOR CURVES 6-8
 SUPPLY FREQUENCY = 60 CPS

CURRENT-AND VOLTAGE-
 BOUNDARY LINE 'DE' IS
 THE SAME AS SHOWN ON
 RATING CHART I



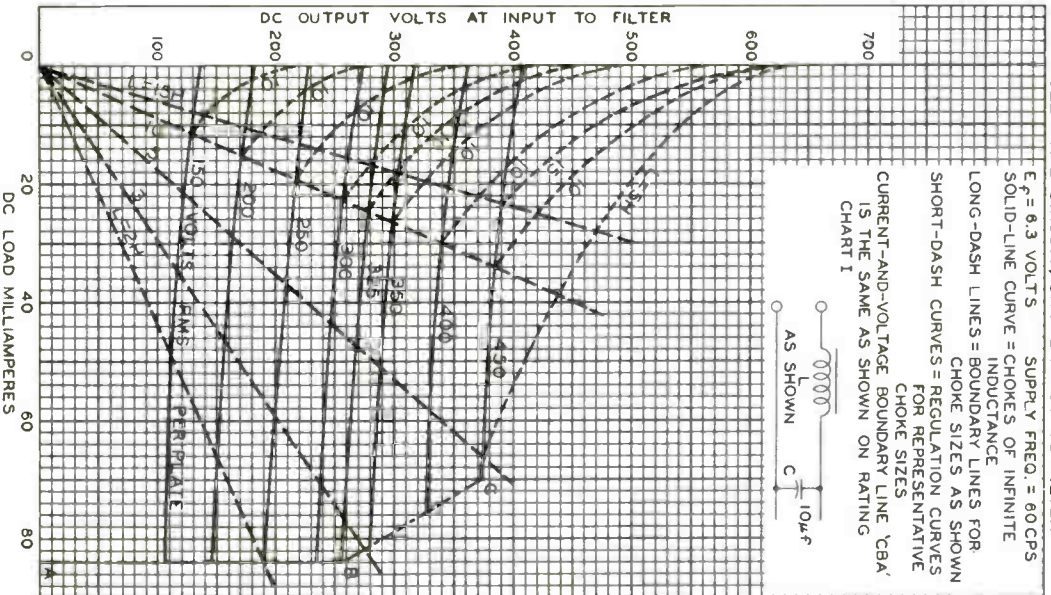
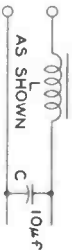
6X4



6X4

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS FULL-WAVE CIRCUIT, CHOKE INPUT TO FILTER

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS SUPPLY FREQ. = 60 CPS
 SOLID-LINE CURVE = CHOKE OF INFINITE INDUCTANCE
 LONG-DASH LINES = BOUNDARY LINES FOR CHOKE SIZES AS SHOWN
 SHORT-DASH CURVES = REGULATION CURVES FOR REPRESENTATIVE CHOKE SIZES
 CURRENT-AND-VOLTAGE BOUNDARY LINE 'CBA' IS THE SAME AS SHOWN ON RATING CHART I



JUNE 30, 1953

 TUBE DEPARTMENT
 RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6030

6X5
6X5-GT/G

6X5, 6X5-GT/G

FULL-WAVE HIGH-VACUUM RECTIFIER

Heater Coated Unipotential Cathode
 Voltage 6.3 a-c or d-c volts
 Current 0.6 amp.

	6X5	6X5-01/G
Maximum Overall Length	3-1/4"	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Height	2-11/16"	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"	1-5/16"
Bulb	Metal Shell, HT-8	1-9

Base { Intermed. Sh.
 Octal 6-Pin

Basing Designation G-6S
 Pin 5 - Plate #1
 Pin 7 - Heater
 Pin 8 - Cathode

Mounting Position { 6X5: Vertical
 6X5-GT/G: Any



BOTTOM VIEW

Maximum Ratings Are Design-Center Values

FULL-WAVE RECTIFIER

Peak Inverse Plate Voltage	1250 max. volts
Peak Plate Current per Plate	210 max. ma.
D-C Output Current:	
With condenser input to filter	70 max. ma.
With choke input to filter	70 [●] max. ma.
D-C Heater-Cathode Potential	450 max. volts

Typical Operation:

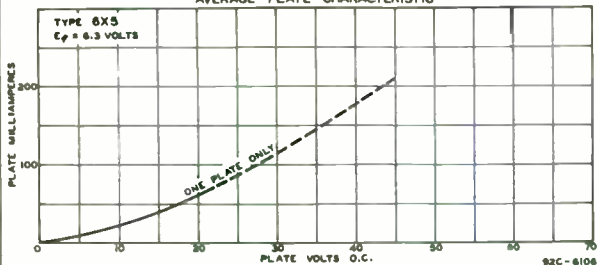
	Condenser- Input Filter	Choke- Input Filter
A-C Plate-to-Plate Supply Voltage (RMS)	650	900 volts
Filter Input Condenser	4	- μ f
Min. Total Effect. Plate- Supply Imped. per Plate	150	- ohms
Filter Input Choke	-	8 henries
D-C Output Current	70	70 ma.
D-C Voltage (At input to filter):*		
At half-load current (35 ma.)	405	385 volts
At full-load current (70 ma.)	370	380 volts
Difference (Voltage Regulation)	35	5 volts
Percentage Regulation	8.5	1.3 %

◇ Horizontal operation permitted if pins 3 & 5 are in a horizontal plane.

● For choke not less than 8 henries.

* Approximate values.

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTIC



Mar. 20, 1943

RCA VICTOR DIVISION
 RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

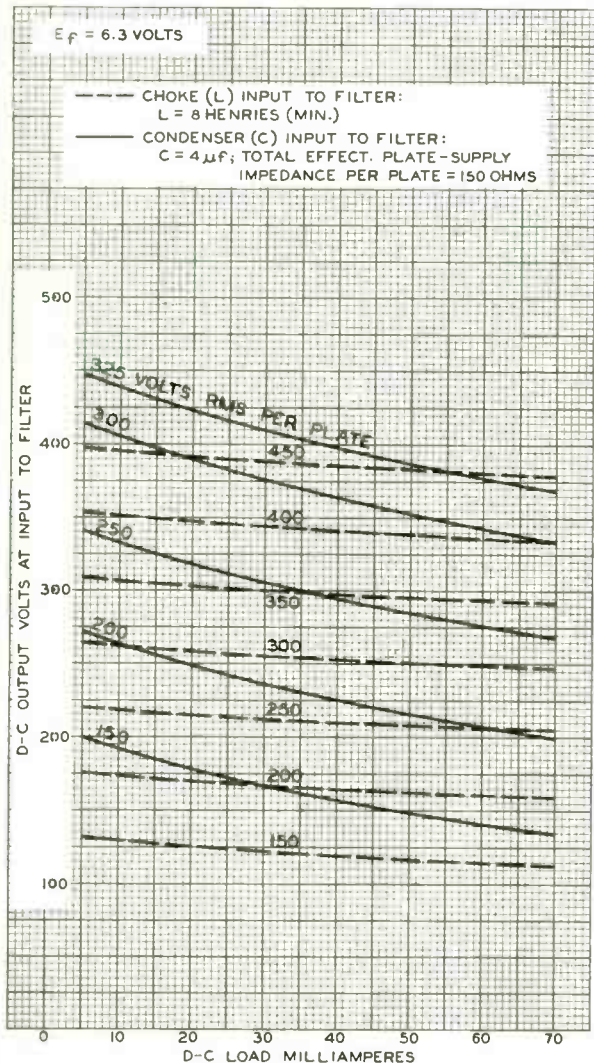
DATA

6X5



6X5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.45	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^A	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate	1.5	1.5	μf
Grid to cathode and heater.	2	2.4	μf
Plate to cathode and heater.	0.5	1	μf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate.	0.09 max.	0.06 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	4.6	4.8	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	0.9	1.6	μf
Pentode grid No.1 to triode plate.	0.05 max.	0.04 max.	μf
Pentode plate to triode plate.	0.05 max.	0.008 max.	μf
Heater to cathode	6.5	6.5 ^B	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit		
Plate Voltage	125	100	125	volts
Grid No.3	-	Connected to cathode at socket		
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-	70	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-1	-	-1	volt
Amplification Factor.	40	-	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . .	6000	-	300000	ohms
Transconductance.	6500	5700	5500	μmhos
Plate Current	12	-	9	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	-	2.2	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 20	-7	-	-6.5	volts

← Indicates a change.



6X8

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
← Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9AK

- Pin 1 - Pentode
Grid No.3
- Pin 2 - Triode Grid
- Pin 3 - Triode Plate
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater



- Pin 6 - Cathode
- Pin 7 - Pentode
Grid No.1
- Pin 8 - Pentode
Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Pentode Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit
PLATE VOLTAGE	275 max.	275 max. volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID)	-	Connect to cathode at socket
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)		
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	275 max. volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	See Grid-No.2 Input
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>		
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID)		
VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max. volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
For grid-No.2 voltages		
up to 137.5 volts	-	0.45 max. watt
For grid-No.2 voltages		
between 137.5 and 275 volts	-	See Grid-No.2 Input
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>		
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.7 max.	2.3 max. watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with		
respect to cathode	200 max.	200 max. volts
Heater positive with		
respect to cathode	200* max.	200* max. volts

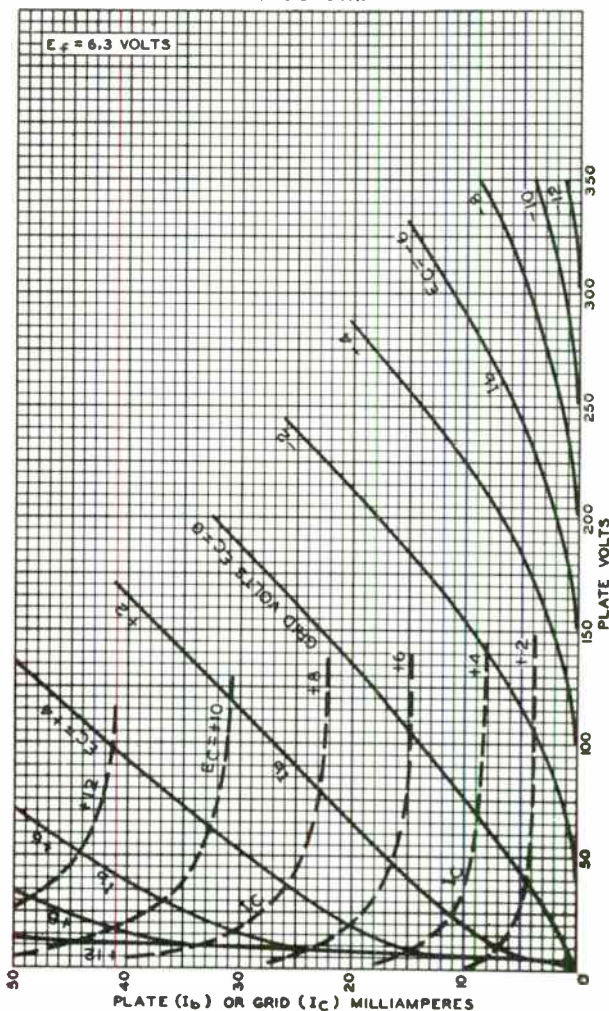
- ▲ With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to cathode except as noted.
- With external shield JEDEC No.315 connected to pentode plate.
- * The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

→ Indicates a change.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Triode Unit

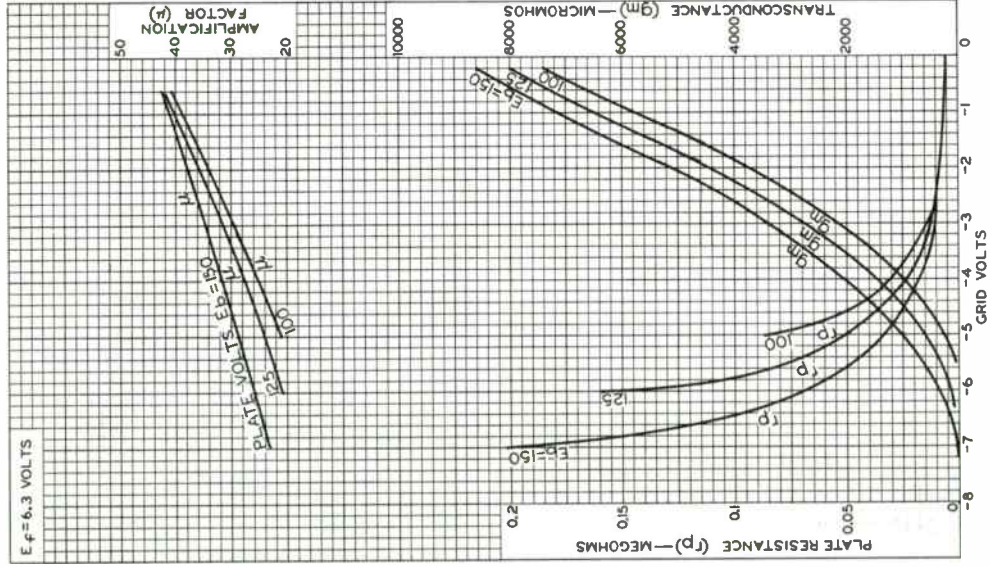


92CM-7531



6X8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-10809



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Harrison, N. J.
Electron Tube Division

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 GRID N \circ 3 CONNECTED TO
 CATHODE AT SOCKET.
 GRID-N \circ 2 VOLTS=150

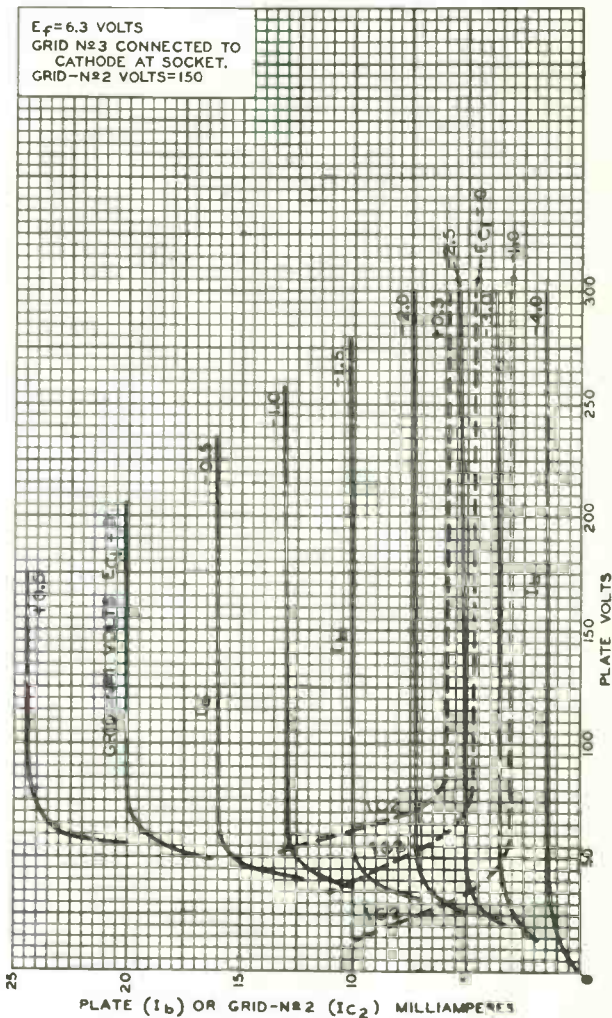


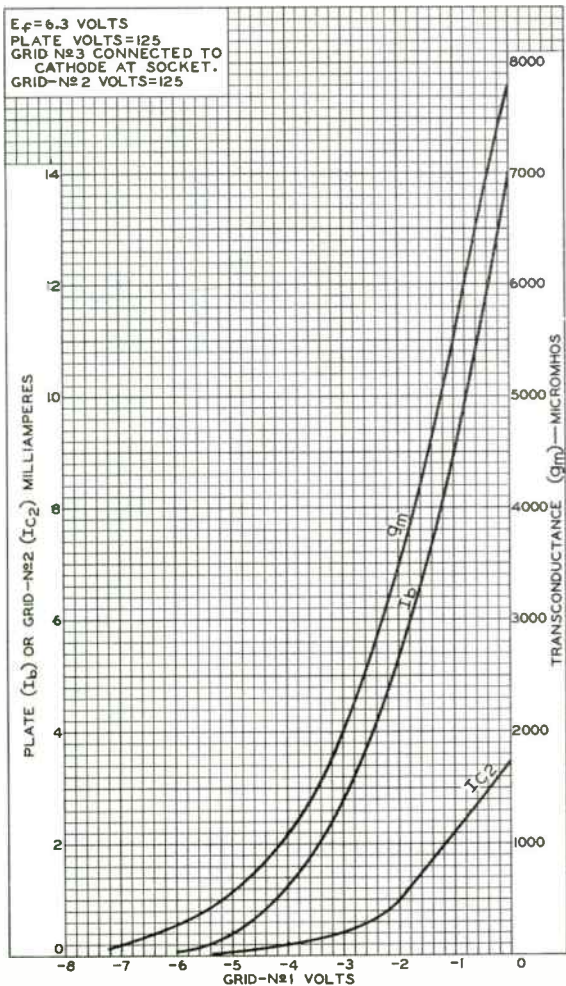
PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-N \circ 2 (I_{c2}) MILLIAMPERES

92 M-7532R1



6X8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CM-10810





6Y6-GA

6Y6-GA

BEAM POWER TUBE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 volts
Current 1.25 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

Grid No.1 to plate. 0.66 μ f
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid
No.2, and heater. 12 μ f
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid
No.2, and heater. 7.5 μ f

Mechanical:

Operating Position. Any
Maximum Overall Length. 3-7/8"
Maximum Seated Length 3-5/16"
Diameter. 1.438" to 1.562"
Bulb. T12
Base. Medium-Shell Octal 7-Pin (JEDEC Group 1, No. B7-12),
or Short Medium-Shell Octal 7-Pin with External Barriers,
Style B (JEDEC Group 1, No. B7-119)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7S

Pin 1 - No Connection
Pin 2 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate
Pin 4 - Grid No. 2



Pin 5 - Grid No. 1
Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No. 3

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE. 200 max. volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)
SUPPLY VOLTAGE 200 max. volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE. See Grid-No.2 Input
Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section
GRID-No.2 INPUT:
For grid-No.2 voltages
up to 100 volts. 1.75 max. watts
For grid-No.2 voltages
between 100 and 200 volts. See Grid-No.2 Input
Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section
PLATE DISSIPATION. 12.5 max. watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
Heater negative with respect to cathode. . . 180 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . . 180 max. volts

^o Without external shield.

6Y6-GA



6Y6-GA

BEAM POWER TUBE

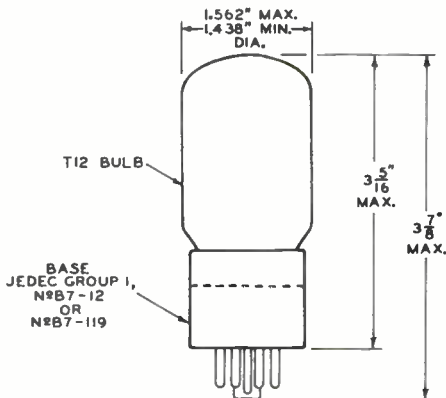
Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.5 max.	megohm

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	135	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	135	135	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-13.5	-14	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	13.5	14	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	58	61	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	60	66	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	3.5	2.2	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	11.5	9	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	9300	18300	ohms
Transconductance.	7000	7100	μ hos
Load Resistance	2000	2600	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	10	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output.	3.6	6	watts



92CS-10248

7AU7

Medium-Mu Twin Triode

The 7AU7 is the same as the 12AU7A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Heater-section arrangement	Parallel	Series
Voltage (AC or DC)	3.5 ^a	7.0 ± 0.7 V
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.300 ^b A
Warm-up time (Average)	11	- s

- ^a At 0.600 ampere.
- ^b At 7.0 volts.

7EY6

Beam Power Tube

The 7EY6 is the same as the 6EY6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A	7.2	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

7KY6

Sharp-Cutoff-Pentode

The 7KY6 is the same as the 6KY6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	7.3	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

FRAME-GRID CONSTRUCTION

DARK HEATER

For Video-Output Service in Color-TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Bogey Values^a

Heater Voltage (AC or DC)	E_h	7.3	V
Heater Current	I_h	0.450	A
Heater Warm-up Time		11	s
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances Without external shield			
Grid No.1 to plate	C_{g1-p}	0.16 max	pF
Input: G1 to (K, G3 + IS, G2, H)	C_i	13.0	pF
Output: P to (K, G3 + IS, G2, H)	C_o	6.0	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions

Plate Resistance (Approx.)	r_p	45	k Ω
Transconductance	g_m	24000	μ mho
DC Plate Current	I_b	25	mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_{c2}	3.6	mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage	$E_{c1}(co)$	-5.2	V

Conditions

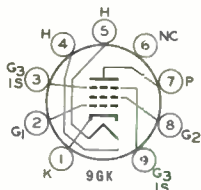
Heater Voltage	E_h	7.3	V
DC Plate Supply Voltage	E_{bb}	250	V
Grid No.3	-	Connected to cathode at socket	
DC Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	E_{cc2}	115	V
DC Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage	E_{cc1}	0	V
Cathode Resistor	R_k	75	Ω

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.625 in
Maximum Seated Length	2.375 in
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top	1.906 to 2.094 in
Excluding tip	
Maximum Diameter	0.875 in
Dimensional Outline (JEDEC 6-3)	See General Section
Envelope	JEDEC T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC E9-1)

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1 - Cathode
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Grid No.3 Internal Shield
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - No Internal Connection
- Pin 7 - Plate
- Pin 8 - Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Same as Pin 3



DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS

For operation as a Class A₁ Amplifier Tube

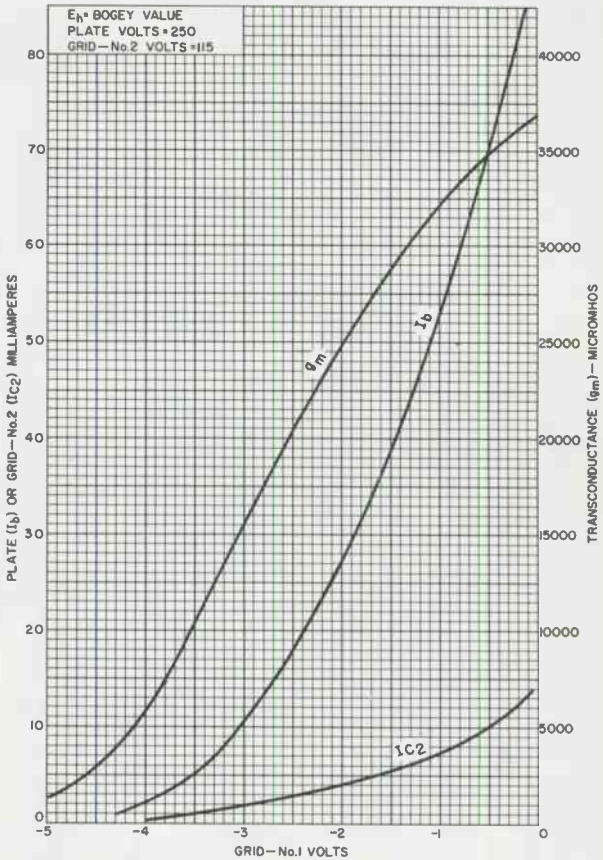
Plate Voltage.	E_b	330	V
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage	E_{c2}	330	V
Grid No.2 Voltage.	E_{c2}	See Grid-No.2	
		Input Rating Chart	
		at front of Receiving Tube Section	
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage			
Positive-bias value.	E_{c1}	0	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage			
Peak	e_{hkm}	±200	V
DC	E_{hk}	100	V
Heater Current	I_h	0.420 to 0.480	A
Grid-No.2 Input			
For $E_{c2} \leq 165$ V.	-	1	W
For $E_{c2} \geq 165$ and ≤ 330 V.	-	See Grid-No.2	
		Input Rating Chart	
		at front of Receiving Tube Section	
Plate Dissipation.	P_b	9	W

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-No.1 Circuit Resistance	$R_{g1}(\text{ckt})$		
For fixed-bias operation	-	0.1	MΩ
For cathode-bias operation	-	0.25	MΩ

^a Unless otherwise specified.

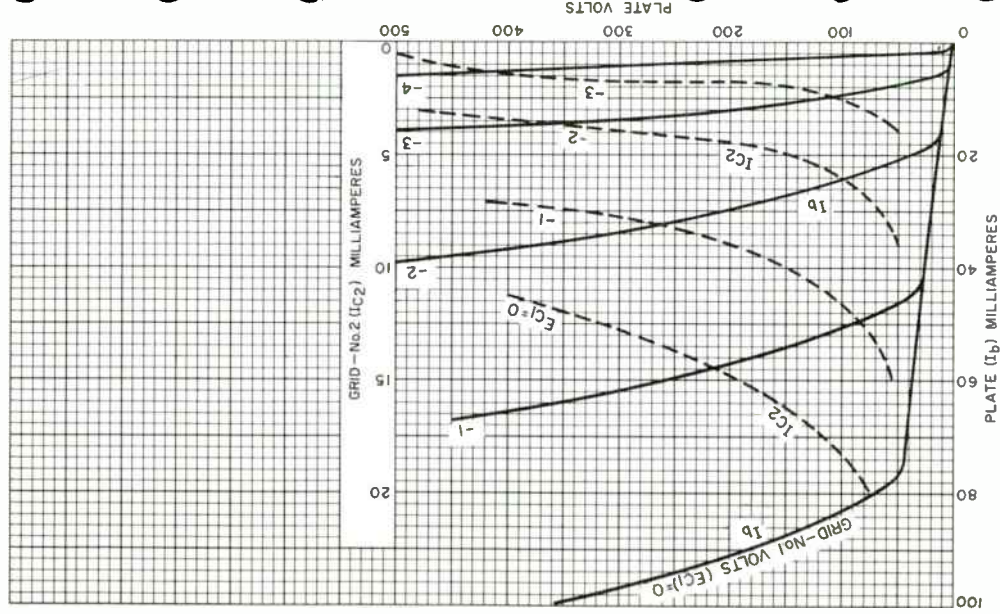
Typical Characteristics



92CM-14533



Typical Characteristics



92CM-14532

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	8.4	volts sec
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each Unit):		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	2.2	pf
Grid to cathode and heater.	2.6	pf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.34	pf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.044	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	7.5	pf
Plate to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	2.4	pf
Triode grid to pentode plate.	0.022 max.	pf
Pentode grid No.1 to triode plate	0.006 max.	pf
Pentode plate to triode plate	0.12 max.	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit.	
Plate Supply Voltage.	150	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	—	125	volts
Cathode Resistor.	150	82	ohms
Amplification Factor.	40	—	
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	8200	150000	ohms
Transconductance.	4900	7000	μmhos
Plate Current	9	15	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	—	3.4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ _a = 100.	-6.5	8	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathodes.	Coated Unipotential



8AU8

Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"
 Maximum Seated Length 2-3/8"
 Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . . . 2" ± 3/32"
 Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb T6-1/2
 Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9DX

Pin 1 - Triode
 Cathode
 Pin 2 - Triode
 Grid
 Pin 3 - Triode
 Plate
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Pentode
 Cathode,
 Grid No. 3,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 7 - Pentode
 Grid No. 1
 Pin 8 - Pentode
 Grid No. 2
 Pin 9 - Pentode
 Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	300 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	300 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 VOLTAGE	-	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input</i> <i>Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No. 2 INPUT:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 150 volts	-	1 max.	watt
For grid-No. 2 voltages be- tween 150 and 300 volts	-	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input</i> <i>Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	3 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

Because the *internal shield* is connected to the cathode and grid No. 3, the impedance in the cathode circuit should be kept as low as possible to minimize cross-coupling effects.

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b Without external shield.



8AW8A

High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 8AW8A is the same as the 6AW8A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	8.4	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec

8B10

Twin Diode— Medium-Mu-Twin Triode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 8B10 is the same as the 6B10 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	8.5	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec

8BA8A

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 8BA8A is the same as the 6BA8A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	8.4	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec



8BH8

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 8BH8 is the same as the 6BH8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	8.4	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec

8BN8

Twin Diode—High-Mu Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 8BN8 is the same as the 6BN8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	8.4	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec

8BQ5

Power Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 8BQ5 is the same as the 6BQ5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	8.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec



Medium-Mu Twin Triode

CONTROLLED HEATER WARM-UP TIME

The 8CG7 is the same as the 6CG7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	8.4	volts

8CM7

Medium-Mu Dual Triode

With Dissimilar Units

CONTROLLED HEATER WARM-UP TIME

The 8CM7 is the same as the 6CM7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	8.4	volts

8CN7

Twin Diode—High-Mu Triode

CONTROLLED HEATER WARM-UP TIME

The 8CN7 is the same as the 6CN7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Heater-section arrangement	Parallel	Series	Series	
Voltage (AC or DC).	4.2 ^a	8.4 ^b	8.4 ± 0.8	volts
Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	0.225 ± 0.010	0.225 ^c	amp

^a At 0.150 ampere.

^b At 0.225 ampere.

^c At 8.4 volts.



8CS7

Medium-Mu Dual Triode With Dissimilar Units

CONTROLLED HEATER WARM-UP TIME

The 8CS7 is the same as the 6CS7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	8.4	volts

8CW5

Beam Power Tube

The 8CW5 is the same as the 6CW5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 amp.	8.0	volts

8CX8

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 8CX8 is the same as the 6CX8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 amp.	8.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

8EB8

High-Mu Triode—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 8EB8 is the same as the 6EB8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 amp.	8.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



Beam Power Tube

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

The 8EM5 is the same as the 6EM5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Center Values*):

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	8.4	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec





Twin Diode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	8	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Diode Units:

Either plate to cathode & internal shield, pentode grid No.3 & pentode cathode & pentode internal shield, and heater.	1.5	μf
Cathode & internal shield to either plate, pentode grid No.3 & pentode cathode & pentode internal shield, and heater.	7.5	μf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.1 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, diode-units cathode & diode-units internal shield, and heater	10	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, diode-units cathode & diode-units internal shield, and heater	4.2	μf
Pentode grid No.1 to either diode plate	0.005 max.	μf
Pentode plate to either diode plate	0.02 max.	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Pentode Unit):

Plate Supply Voltage.	60	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	150	150	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	—	volts
Cathode Resistor.	—	100	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	—	60000	ohms
Transconductance.	—	11500	μmhos
Plate Current	55 ^b	25	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	18 ^b	5.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 100$	—	-10	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"



8ET7

Dimensional Outline. See *General Section*
 Bulb T6-1/2
 Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9LT

Pin 1 - Diode-Units
 Cathode,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 2 - Diode
 Plate No. 2
 Pin 3 - Diode
 Plate No. 1
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Pentode
 Grid No. 3,
 Cathode,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 7 - Pentode
 Grid No. 1
 Pin 8 - Pentode
 Grid No. 2
 Pin 9 - Pentode Plate

PENTODE — AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE. 330 max. volts
 GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE . . . 330 max. volts
 GRID-No. 2 VOLTAGE. See *Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart* at front of Receiving Tube Section
 GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:
 Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts
 GRID-No. 2 INPUT:
 For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 165 volts . . . 1.1 max. watts
 and 330 volts. See *Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart* at front of Receiving Tube Section
 PLATE DISSIPATION. 5 max. watts
 PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
 Heater negative with respect to cathode. 200 max. volts
 Heater positive with respect to cathode. 200^c max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance:
 For fixed-bias operation 0.1 max. megohm
 For cathode-bias operation 0.25 max. megohm

DIODE UNITS — Two

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

DC PLATE CURRENT 3 max. ma
 PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
 Heater negative with respect to cathode. 200 max. volts
 Heater positive with respect to cathode. 200^c max. volts

Characteristics, Instantaneous Test Condition:

Plate Current for plate volts = 10 1.5 ma

^a without external shield.

^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^c The ωc component must not exceed 100 volts.



8FQ7

Medium-Mu Twin Triode

The 8FQ7 is the same as the 6FQ7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or EC) at 0.450 A	8.4	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

8GJ7

Medium-Mu Triode—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 8GJ7 is the same as the 6GJ7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020	A
Voltage (AC or EC) at 0.300A	8.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

8GN8

High-Mu Triode—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 8GN8 is the same as the 6GN8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or EC) at 0.600 A	8.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

8GU7

Medium-Mu Twin Triode

The 8GU7 is the same as the 6GU7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or EC) at 0.450 A	8.4	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s



8JU8A

Quadruple Diode

The 8JU8A is the same as the 6JU8A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	8.4	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

8JV8

High-Mu Triode—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 8JV8 is the same as the 6JV8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	8.5	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

8KA8

High-Mu Triode—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

Pentode Unit Has Two Independent Control Grids

The 8KA8 is the same as the 6KA8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	8.4	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

8LC8

High-Mu Triode—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 8LC8 is the same as the 6LC8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	8.4	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s



9AU7

Medium-Mu Twin Triode

The 9AU7 is the same as the 12AU7A except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes

	Series	Parallel	
Heater arrangement			
Voltage (AC or DC)	9.4 ± 10%	4.7	V
Current	0.225	0.45 ± 6%	A
Warm-up time (Average)	-	11	s

10AL11

Beam Power Tube—Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 10AL11 is the same as the 6AL11 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A	9.8	V
Warm-up Time (Average)	11	s

10DE7

Dual Triode

With Medium-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

The 10DE7 is the same as the 6DE7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A	9.7	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s



10DR7

Dual Triode

With Medium-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

The 10DR7 is the same as the 6DR7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A	9.7	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

10DX8

High-Mu Triode — Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 10DX8 is the same as the 6DX8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	10.2	V



Dual Triode

With Medium-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

For Equipment Having Series Heater-String Arrangement

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Un potential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	9.7	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):[▲]

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	4.4	9.5	μf
Grid to cathode and heater. . .	2.2	7	μf
Plate to cathode and heater . .	0.6	1.6	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Plate Voltage	250	150	volts
Grid Voltage.	-11	-17.5	volts
Amplification Factor.	17.5	6	
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . . .	8750	800	ohms
Transconductance.	2000	7500	μmhos
Plate Current	5.5	45	ma
Plate Current for grid volts = -25.	-	8	ma
Plate Current for plate volts = 60 and grid volts = 0	-	95*	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 10	-20	-	volts
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 100.	-	-40	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	3"
Maximum Seated Length	2-7/16"
Maximum Diameter.	1-9/32"
Bulb.	T9
Base.	Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 8-Pin with External Barriers (JEDEC Group 1, No. B8-58)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 8B8

Pin 1 - Grid of Unit No. 2	Pin 5 - Plate of Unit No. 1
Pin 2 - Plate of Unit No. 2	Pin 6 - Cathode of Unit No. 1
Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No. 2	Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 4 - Grid of Unit No. 1	Pin 8 - Heater



10EG7

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Unit No. 1

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system*

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	400	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	77	max.	ma
Average	22	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation. 2.2 max. megohms

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Unit No. 2

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system*

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE [†]	1500	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	250	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	175	max.	ma
Average	50	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	10	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation. 2.2 max. megohms

[†] Without external shield.

• This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

* As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

♦ The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

• This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE

shown under Type 6EM7 also applies to the 10EG7



10EM7

Dual Triode With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

The 10EM7 is the same as the 6EM7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	9.7	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

10GF7

Dual Triode With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

NOVAR TYPE

The 10GF7 is the same as the 6GF7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	9.7	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

10GF7A

Dual Triode With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

NOVAR TYPE

The 10GF7A is the same as the 6GF7A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600.	9.7	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



10GN8

High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 10GN8 is the same as the 6GN8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	10.5	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

10HF8

High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 10HF8 is the same as the 6HF8 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	10.5	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



High-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Use in Sync-Separator, Sync-Clipper, Voltage Amplifier, Phase-Inverter, and Video Output Amplifier Circuits in TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	10.5	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each Unit): Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a	max. volts

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances:^b

Triode Unit:

G _T to P _T	4.0	pf
Input: G _T to (K _T , K _P +G _{3P} +I _S , H)	2.6	pf
Output: P _T to (K _T , K _P +G _{3P} +I _S , H)	2.6	pf

Pentode Unit:

G _{1P} to P _P	0.1 max.	pf
Input: G _{1P} to (K _P +G _{3P} +I _S , G _{2P} , H)	11	pf
Output: P _P to (K _P +G _{3P} +I _S , G _{2P} , H)	4.4	pf
G _{1P} to P _T	0.005 max.	pf
F _P to G _T	0.018 max.	pf
F _P to P _T	0.17 max.	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit		
Plate Voltage	135	200	volts
Grid Voltage	-2	-2	volts
Amplification Factor	60	70	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	39000	19000	ohms
Transconductance	1550	3700	μmhos
Plate Current	1	3.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ _a = 10	-4.8	-7	volts

	Pentode Unit			
Plate Voltage	30	135	200	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	135	135	135	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	-1.5	-1.5	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	66000	70000	ohms
Transconductance	-	12600	14000	μmhos
Plate Current	32 ^c	17	18	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	14 ^c	4.2	4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ _a = 10	-	-5	-5	volts

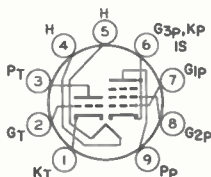


10JA8

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Types of Cathodes	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9DX

- Pin 1 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 2 - Triode Grid
- Pin 3 - Triode Plate
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Pentode Cathode,
Pentode Grid No. 3,
Internal Shield
- Pin 7 - Pentode Grid No. 1
- Pin 8 - Pentode Grid No. 2
- Pin 9 - Pentode Plate



AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Plate Voltage.	300 max.	330 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage	-	330 max.	volts
Grid-No. 2 Voltage.	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		
Grid-No. 1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:			
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	0 max.	volts
Plate Dissipation.	1 max.	5 max.	watts
Grid-No. 2 Input:			
For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 165 volts.	-	1.5 max.	watts
For grid-No. 2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts.	See <i>Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section		

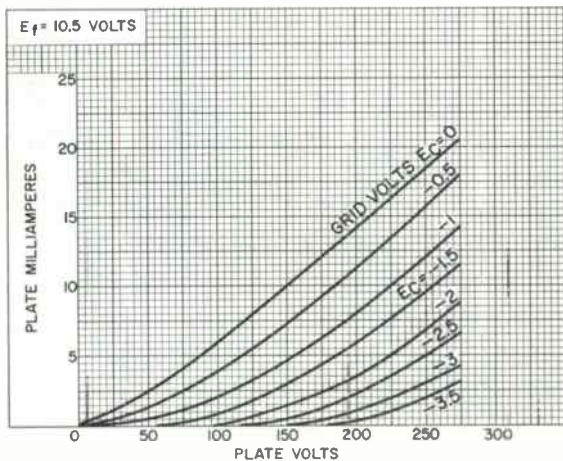
Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No. 1 Circuit Resistance:			
For cathode-bias operation.	1.0 max.	1.0 max.	megohm
For fixed-bias operation.	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm



- a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.
 b Without external shield.
 c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent waveform such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

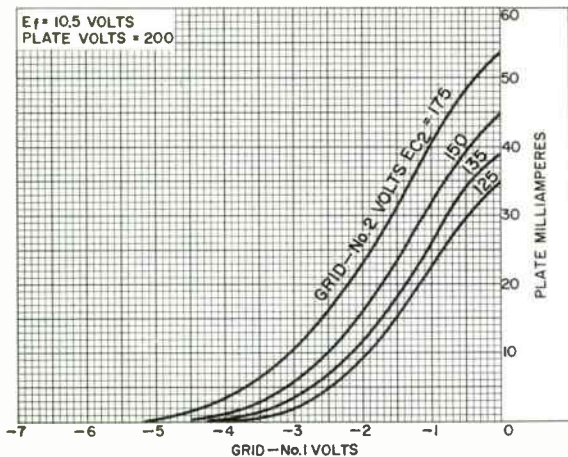
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



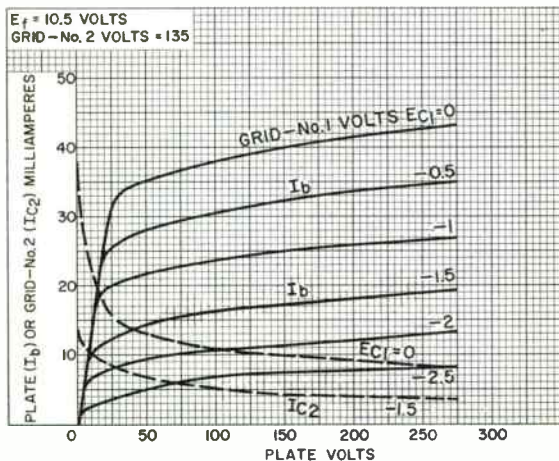
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Unit



92CS-12160



92CS-12159

10LE8

Twin Dual-Control Pentode

The 10LE8 is the same as the 6LE8 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	10	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

11AR11

Semiremote-Cutoff Twin Pentode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 11AR11 is the same as the 6AR11 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	11.2	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

11CY7

Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

The 11CY7 is the same as the 6CY7 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	11.0	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

11DS5

Beam Power Tube

The 11DS5 is the same as the 6DS5 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	11.2	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

Electronic
Components

DATA
8-69



12AB5

12AB5

BEAM POWER TUBE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For use in automobile radio receivers
operating from 12-volt storage batteries

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater*, for Jnipotential Cathode:

Voltage range. 10.0 to 15.9 dc volts

This voltage range is on an absolute basis. For longest life, it is recommended that the heater be operated within the voltage range of 11 to 14 volts.

Current (Approx.),
at 12.6 volts. 0.2 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^o

Grid No.1 to plate 0.7 max. μ f

Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3,
grid No.2, and heater. 8 μ f

Plate to cathode & grid No.3,
grid No.2, and heater. 8.5 μ f

Mechanical:

Mounting Position. Any

Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"

Maximum Seated Length. 2-3/8"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip). 2" \pm 3/32"

Maximum Diameter 7/8"

Dimensional Outline. See General Section

Bulb T-6-1/2

Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No. E9-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9EU

- Pin 1 - Grid No.2
- Pin 2 - No Connec-
tion
- Pin 3 - Grid No.1
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater



- Pin 6 - Grid No.1
- Pin 7 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
- Pin 8 - Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Plate

AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

For application of these design-center ratings to storage-battery operation, see Operating Considerations

PLATE VOLTAGE. 315 max. volts

GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE 285 max. volts

PLATE DISSIPATION. 12 max. watts

GRID-No.2 INPUT. 2 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 90 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 90 max. volts

BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point
on bulb surface) 250 max. °C

* °: see next page.

SEPT. 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA 1

12AB5



12AB5

BEAM POWER TUBE

Characteristics with 12.6 volts on heater:

Plate Voltage.	250	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	200	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage .	-	-12.5	volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor.	270	-	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	10.5	12.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	33.5	45	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	36	47	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.)	1.6	4.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.)	3.2	7	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	75000	50000	ohms
Transconductance	4000	4100	μ mhos
Load Resistance.	6000	5000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	8	8	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	3.3	4.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class AB₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

For application of these design-center ratings to storage-battery operation, see Operating Considerations

PLATE VOLTAGE.	315 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	285 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	12 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT.	2 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	90 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	90 max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)	250 max.	°C

Characteristics with 12.6 volts on heater:

Values are for 2 tubes

Plate Voltage.	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	-15	volts
Peak Af Grid-No.1-to- Grid-No.1 Voltage	30	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	70	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	79	ma

- operation of heater in series with other heaters is not recommended.
- without external shield.

SEPT. 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA 1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History



12AB5

12AB5

BEAM POWER TUBE

Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.) . .	5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.) . .	13	ma
Effective Load Resistance		
(Plate to plate)	10000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	5	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	10	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The maximum ratings in the tabulated data for the 12AB5 are working design-center maximums established according to the standard design-center system of rating electron tubes. Tubes so rated will give satisfactory performance in storage-battery-operated equipment provided the following stipulations are observed:

In the case of storage-battery-with-charger supply or similar supplies, the normal battery-voltage fluctuation may be as much as 35 per cent or more. This fluctuation imposes severe operating conditions on tubes. Under these conditions, the equipment should be designed so that 90 per cent of the design-center maximum values of plate voltage, grid-No.2 voltage, plate dissipation, and grid-No.2 input is never exceeded for a battery terminal potential of 13.2 volts. Although the operating voltages of the 12AB5 in this service will, at times, exceed the design-center maximum values, satisfactory performance with probable sacrifice in life will be obtained.

12AB5



12AB5

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS
GRID-Nº 2 VOLTS = 250

GRID-Nº 1 (I_{C1}) MILLIAMPERES

30 20 10 0

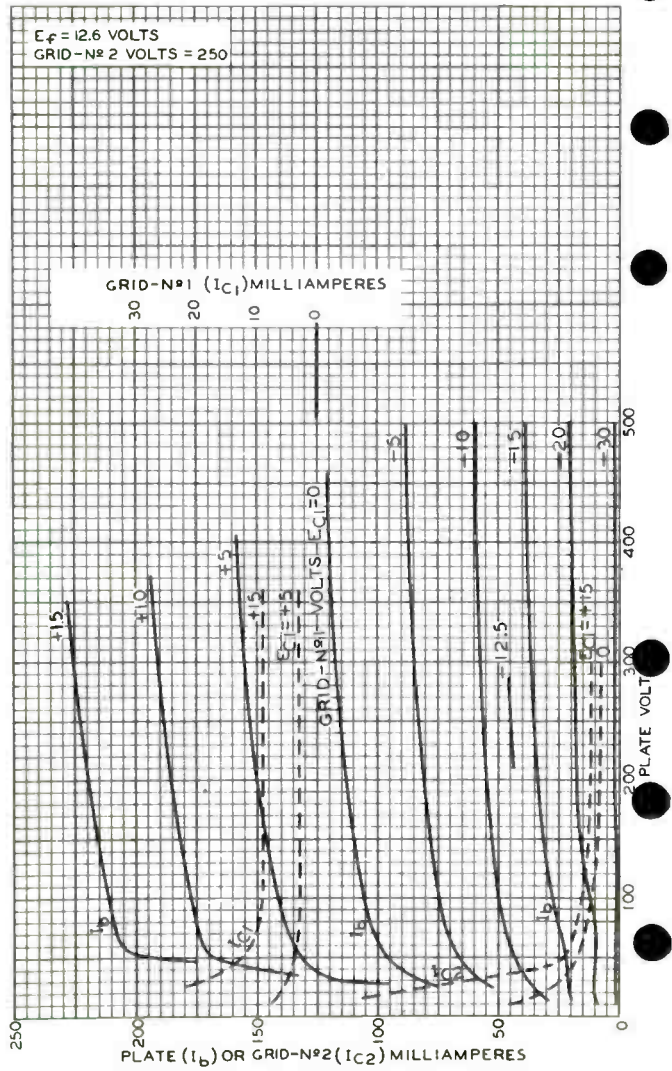


PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-Nº 2 (I_{C2}) MILLIAMPERES

PLATE VOLT

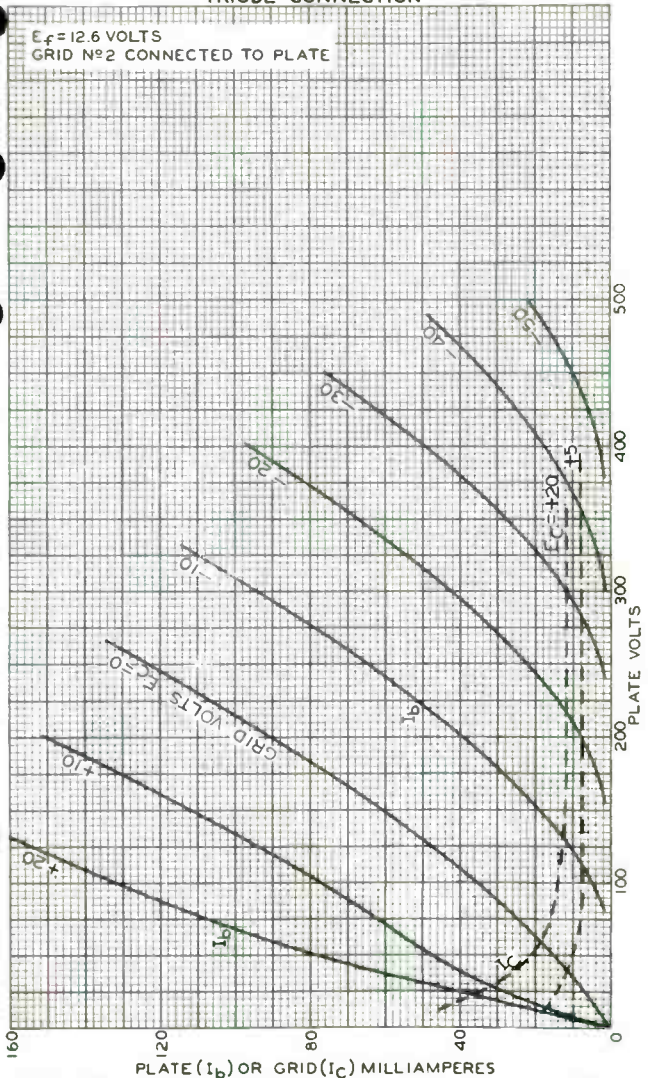


12AB5

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
TRIODE CONNECTION

12AB5

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS
GRID N°2 CONNECTED TO PLATE



AUG. 19, 1955

PLATE (I_b) OR GRID (I_c) MILLIAMPERES

TUBE DIVISION

92CM-8756

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

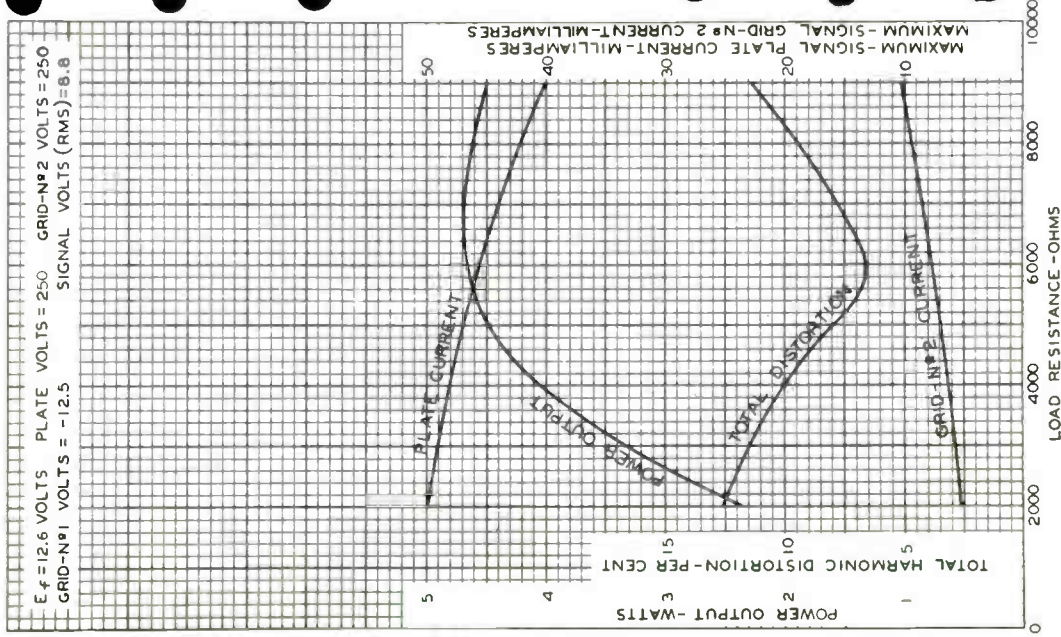
12AB5



12AB5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = 250 GRID-№2 VOLTS = 250
 GRID-№1 VOLTS = -12.5 SIGNAL VOLTS (RMS) = 8.8



AUGUST 18, 1955

 TUBE DIVISION
 RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-8755



12AD6

PENTAGRID CONVERTER

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For use in automobile radio receivers operating directly from 12-volt storage batteries

12AD6

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater*, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage range. . . . 10.0 to 15.9 dc volts

This voltage range is on an absolute basis. For longest life, it is recommended that the heater be operated within the voltage range of 11 to 14 volts.

Current (Approx.)

at 12.6 volts. 0.15 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^o	
Grid No.3 to all other electrodes (RF input). . .	8	8	μf
Plate to all other electrodes (Mixer input) . . .	8	13	μf
Grid No.1 to all other electrodes (Oscillator input). . .	5.5	5.5	μf
Grid No.3 to plate	0.30 max.	0.25 max.	μf
Grid No.3 to grid No.1	0.15 max.	0.15 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to plate	0.1 max.	0.05 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.5	3	3	μf
Cathode & grid No.5 to all other electrodes except grid No.1	15	20	μf

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Maximum Overall Length 2-1/8"

Maximum Seated Length. 1-7/8"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip). . . 1-1/2" \pm 3/32"

Maximum Diameter 3/4"

Dimensional Outline. See General Section

Bulb T5-1/2

Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JETEC No.E7-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 7CH

- Pin 1 - Grid No.1
- Pin 2 - Cathode, Grid No.5
- Pin 3 - Heater
- Pin 4 - Heater



- Pin 5 - Plate
- Pin 6 - Grid No.2, Grid No.4
- Pin 7 - Grid No.3

^o: See next page.

12AD6



12AD6

PENTAGRID CONVERTER

CONVERTER SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	30 max.	volts
GRID-No.3 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative bias value.	-30 max.	volts
Positive bias value.	0 max.	volts
GRIDS-No.2 & No.4 (SCREEN-GRIDS) VOLTAGE .	30 max.	volts
TOTAL CATHODE CURRENT.	20 max.	ma
PEAK-HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	30 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	30 max.	volts

Characteristics with 12.6 Volts on Heater:

Separate Excitation*

Plate Voltage.	12.6	volts
Grids-No.2 & No.4 Voltage.	12.6	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage.	0	volts
Grid-No.1 (Oscillator-Grid) Voltage (RMS).	1.6	volts
Grid-No.3 Resistor	2.2	megohms
Grid-No.1 Resistor	33000	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	1	megohm
Conversion Transconductance.	260	μ hos
Grid-No.3 Voltage (Approx.) for conversion transconductance of:		
5 μ hos.	-2.2	volts
20 μ hos	-1.8	volts
Plate Current.	450	μ a
Grids-No.2 & No.4 Current.	1.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Current.	50	μ a
Total Cathode Current.	2	ma

Self Excitation

Plate Voltage.	12.6	volts
Grids-No.2 & No.4 Voltage.	12.6	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage.	0	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	0	volts
Transconductance, Grid-No.1 to Plate and Grids-No.2 & No.4.	3800	μ hos
Amplification Factor, Grid-No.1 to Plate and Grids-No.2 & No.4.	9	
Cathode Current.	5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 10 μ a	-4	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.3-Circuit Resistance	10 max.	megohms
--	---------	---------

• Operation of heater in series with other heaters is not recommended.

○ with external shield JETEC No.316 connected to cathode.

* The characteristics shown with separate excitation correspond very closely with those obtained in a self-excited oscillator circuit operating with zero bias.



12AD6

12AD6

PENTAGRID CONVERTER

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The maximum ratings in the tabulated data for the 12AD6 are working design-center maximums established according to the standard design-center system of rating electron tubes. Tubes so rated will give satisfactory performance in storage-battery-operated equipment provided the following stipulations are observed:

In the case of storage-battery-with-charger supply or similar supplies, the normal battery-voltage fluctuation may be as much as 35 per cent or more. This fluctuation imposes severe operating conditions on tubes. Under these conditions, the equipment should be designed so that 90 per cent of the design-center maximum value of plate voltage and grid-No.2 voltage is never exceeded for a battery-terminal potential of 13.2 volts. Although the operating voltages of the 12AD6 in this service will, at times, exceed the design-center maximum values, satisfactory performance with probable sacrifice in life will be obtained.



12AF3

12AF3 HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

*For damper service in TV receivers
having series heater-string arrangement*

The 12AF3 is the same as the 6AF3 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec





12AL5

12AL5

TWIN DIODE

MINIATURE TYPE

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage 12.6 ac or dc volts

Current 0.15 amp

The 12AL5 is the same as the 6AL5 except for heater rating.

Beam Power Tube— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 12AL11 is the same as the 6AL11 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450.	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec





12AQ5

12AQ5

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 12.6 ac or dc volts

Current 0.225 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances

(Approx., without external shield):

Grid No.1 to Plate 0.35 μf

Input 8.3 μf

Output 8.2 μf

Mechanical:

Mounting Position Any

Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"

Maximum Seated Length 2-3/8"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding Tip) 2" \pm 3/32"

Maximum Diameter 3/4"

Bulb T-5-1/2

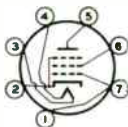
Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JETEC No.E7-1)

BOTTOM VIEW

Pin 1 - Grid No.1

Pin 2 - Grid No.3,
Cathode

Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater

Pin 5 - Plate

Pin 6 - Grid No.2

Pin 7 - Grid No.1

AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 250 max. volts

GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE 250 max. volts

PLATE DISSIPATION 12 max. watts

GRID-No.2 INPUT 2 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 90 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 90 max. volts

BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point
on bulb surface)* 250 max. °C

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage 180 250 volts

Grid-No.2 Voltage 180 250 volts

Grid-No.1 (Control-
Grid) Voltage -8.5 -12.5 volts

Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage 8.5 12.5 volts

Zero-Signal Plate Current 29 45 ma

Max.-Signal Plate Current 30 47 ma

* See next page.



12AQ5

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.)	3	4.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.)	4	7	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	58000	52000	ohms
Transconductance	3700	4100	μ mhos
Load Resistance	5500	5000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	8	8	per cent
Max.-Signal Power Output	2.0	4.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed bias	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode bias	0.5 max.	megohm

AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class AB₁**Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:**

PLATE VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	12 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)*	250 max.	°C

Typical Operation:*Unless otherwise indicated, values are for 2 tubes*

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage#	-15	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage	30	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	70	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	79	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.)	5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.)	13	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx. per tube)	60000	ohms
Transconductance (Per tube)	3750	μ mhos
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	10000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	5	per cent
Max.-Signal Power Output	10	watts

* High ambient temperature and shielding may necessitate a reduction in operating dissipation. When tube shields are used, it is advisable to paint the inside and outside surfaces of the tube shield a dull black and to provide ventilation slots to reduce operating temperature.

#: See next page.

AUG. 1, 1953

TUBE DEPARTMENT

TENTATIVE DATA 1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY



12AQ5

12AQ5

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Maximum Circuit Values Per Tube: [▲]

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: #

For fixed bias	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode bias	0.5 max.	megohm

* The type of input coupling used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid-No.1 circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended.

▲ If the grid-No.1-circuit resistance is common to two tubes, the indicated maximum values per tube should be halved.

Curves shown under Type 6V6 also apply to 12AQ5

12AT6



12AT6

TWIN DIODE—HIGH-MU TRIODE

MINIATURE TYPE

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 12.6 ac or dc volts

Current 0.15 amp

The 12AT6 is the same as the 6AT6 except for heater rating.



12AT7

12AT7 HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Heater Arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage	12.6	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.15	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)^o:


	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid-Drive Operation:			
Grid to Plate	1.5	1.5	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Grid to Cathode	2.2	2.2	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate to Cathode	0.5	0.4	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Heater to Cathode	2.4	2.4	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Cathode-Drive Operation:			
Plate to Cathode	0.2	0.2	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Grid & Heater to Cathode	4.6	4.6	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Grid & Heater to Plate	1.8	1.8	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Grid to Grid	0.005 max.		$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate to Plate	0.4 max.		$\mu\mu\text{f}$

^o with no external shield.

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	7/8"
Bulb	T-6-1/2"
Base	Small-Button Noval 9 Pin (JETEC No. E9-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9A

Pin 1 - Plate of Unit No. 2		Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No. 1
Pin 2 - Grid of Unit No. 2		Pin 7 - Grid of Unit No. 1
Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No. 2		Pin 8 - Cathode of Unit No. 1
Pin 4 - Heater		Pin 9 - Heater Center-Tap

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Values are for each unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative Bias Value	-50 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	watts

← Indicates a change

MARCH 1, 1954

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

TUBE DEPARTMENT

DATA

12AT7



12AT7

HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode . . . 90 max. volts
 Heater positive with respect to cathode . . . 90 max. volts

→ Characteristics:

Plate Supply Voltage	100	250	volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor	270	200	ohms
Amplification Factor	60	60	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	15000	10900	ohms
Transconductance	4000	5500	μ mhos
Grid Voltage (Approx.)			
for plate current of 10 μ amp . .	-5	-12	volts
Plate Current	3.7	10	ma

→ Indicates a change

MARCH 1, 1954

TUBE DEPARTMENT

DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History



12AT7

12AT7 AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS EACH UNIT

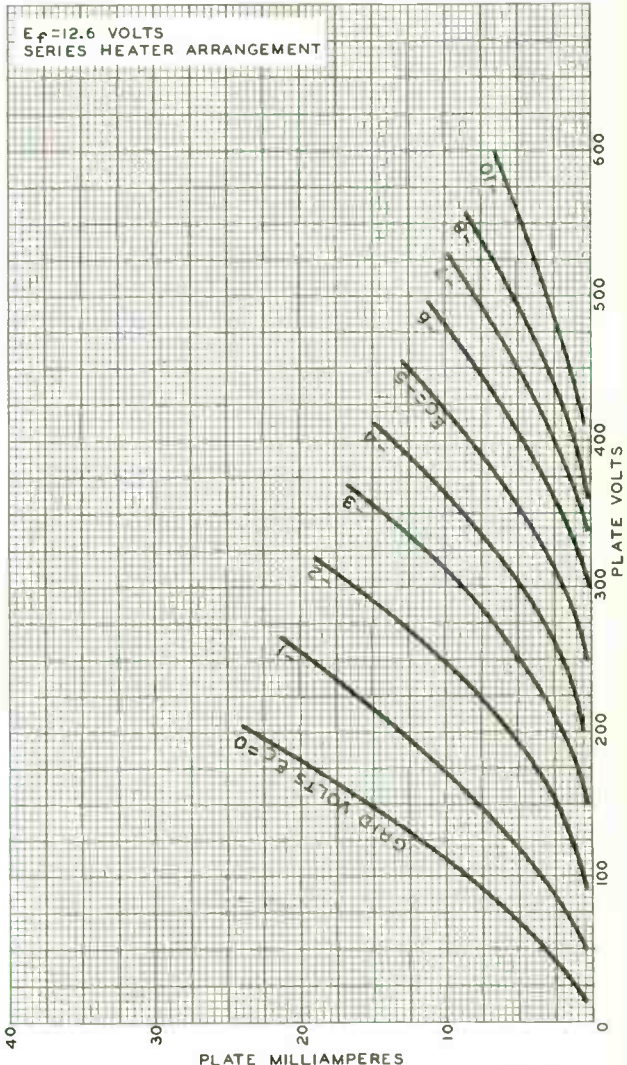


PLATE MILLIAMPERES

PLATE VOLTS

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

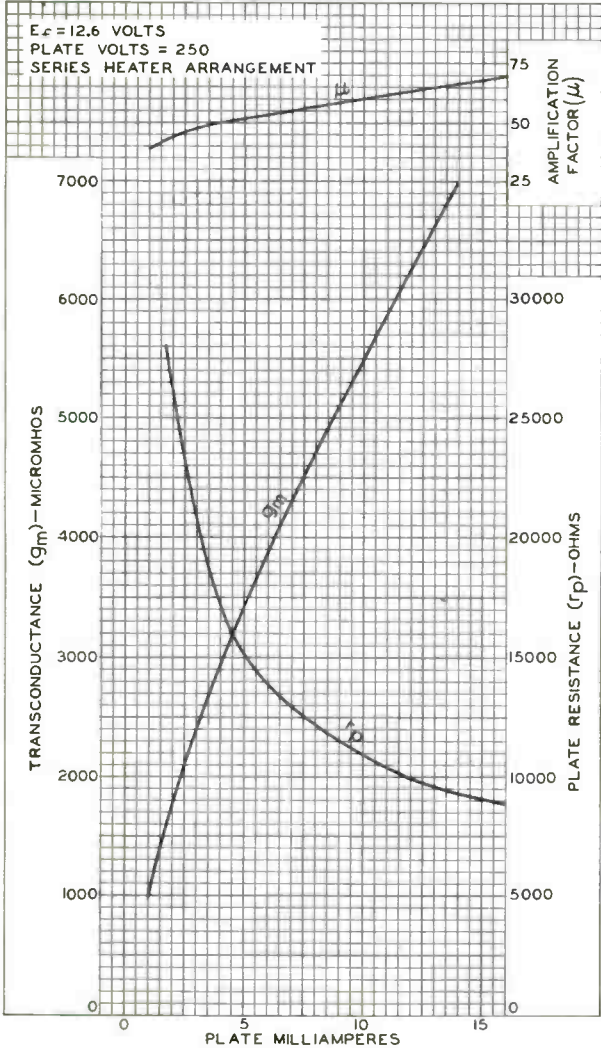
92CM-7056

12AT7



12AT7

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS EACH UNIT





12AU6

12AU6

SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12AU6 is the same as the 6AU6 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	12.6	. . . . .	ac or dc volts
Current	0.15	. . . . .	amp

Medium-Mu Twin Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Applications Critical as to Microphonics

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Heater arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current	0.15 ± 6%	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):*

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	1.5	1.5	μμf
Grid to cathode and heater. . .	1.6	1.6	μμf
Plate to cathode and heater . .	0.5	0.35	μμf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	100	250	volts
Grid Voltage.	0	-8.5	volts
Amplification Factor.	19.5	17	
Plate Resistance (Approx.). . . .	6250	7700	ohms
Transconductance.	3100	2200	μmhos
Plate Current	11.8	10.5	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 10$	-	-24	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip). . .	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9A

Pin 1-Plate of Unit No. 2

Pin 2-Grid of Unit No. 2

Pin 3-Cathode of Unit No. 2

Pins 4 & 9-Heater of Unit No. 2

Pins 5 & 9-Heater of Unit No. 1



Pin 6-Plate of Unit No. 1

Pin 7-Grid of Unit No. 1

Pin 8-Cathode of Unit No. 1

Pin 9-Heater Tap

← Indicates a change.



12AU7A

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

→ Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	330	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	22	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION:			
Either plate.	2.75	max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating). . .	5.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^b	max.	volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

See RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No. 10
at front of this Section

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation.	1	max.	megohm

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Each Unit

→ Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	660	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	330	max.	ma
Average	22	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION:			
Either plate.	2.75	max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating). . .	5.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^b	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance	2.2	max.	megohms
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VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Each Unit

→ Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	440	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	66	max.	ma
Average	22	max.	ma

→ Indicates a change.



PLATE DISSIPATION:

Either plate.	2.75	max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating). . .	5.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^b	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance	2.2	max.	megohms
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VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	300	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^d	1200	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE.	275	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	66	max.	ma
Average	22	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION:			
Either plate.	2.75	max.	watts
Both plates (Both units operating). . .	5.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^b	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:			
For cathode-bias operation.	2.2	max.	megohms

^a Without external shield.

^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^c As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^d This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

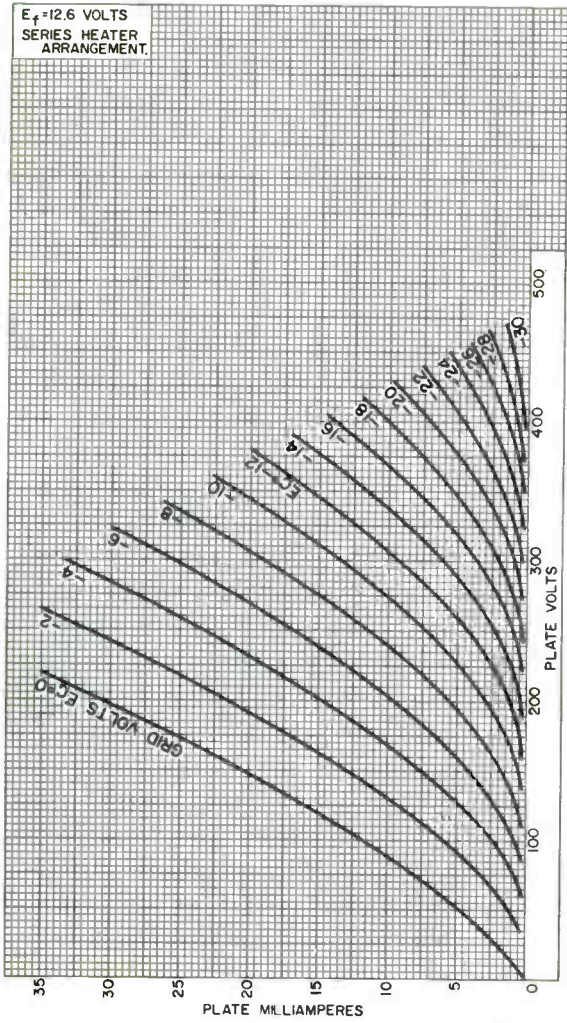
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12AU7A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit

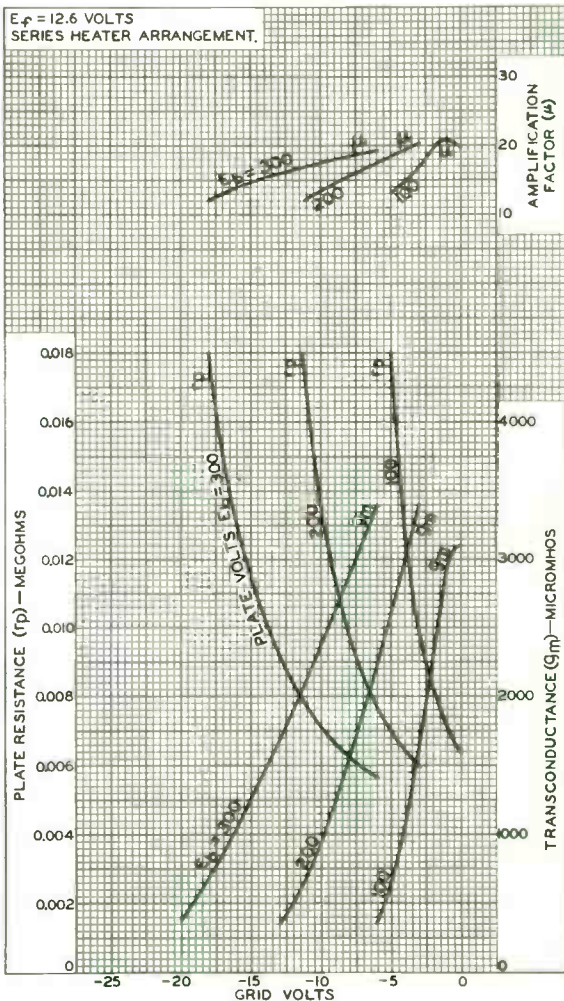
$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS
SERIES HEATER
ARRANGEMENT.



92CM-10548



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-8564R2





12AV5-GA
12AV6

12AV5-GA BEAM POWER TUBE

*Intended for use in equipment having
series heater-string arrangement*

The 12AV5-GA is the same as the 6AV5-GA except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	12.6	. . . . . ac or dc volts
Current	0.6	. . . . . amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	. . . . . sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.

12AV6 TWIN DIODE-HIGH-MU TRIODE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12AV6 is the same as the 6AV6 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	12.6	. . . . . ac or dc volts
Current	0.15	. . . . . amp

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

DUODECAR TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

The 12AX3 is the same as the 6AX3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (Design-Maximum Values):

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6 ^a	12.6 ± 1.2	volts
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.600 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average) . . .	11	-	sec

12AX4GTA

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

For Damper Service in TV Equipment With
Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

The 12AX4GTA is the same as the 6AX4GT except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (Design-Maximum Values):

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6 ^a	12.6 ± 1.2	volts
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.600 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average) . . .	11	-	sec

12AX4GTB

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

For Damper Service in TV Equipment With
Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

The 12AX4GTB is the same as the 6AX4GTB except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (Design-Maximum Values):

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6 ^a	12.6 ± 1.2	volts
Current	0.600 ± 0.040	0.600 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average) . . .	11	-	sec

^a At heater amperes = 0.600.

^b At heater volts = 12.6.





12AX7-A

High-Mu Twin Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For High-Fidelity Audio-Amplifier Applications Critical as to Noise and Hum

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Heater arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current	0.15 ± 6%	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^A

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	1.7	1.7	μμf
Grid to cathode and heater . .	1.6	1.6	μμf
Plate to cathode and heater . .	0.46	0.34	μμf

Equivalent Noise and Hum Voltage
(Referenced to Grid, Each Unit):

Average Value (RMS) 1.8 μvolts
 Measured in "true rms" units under the following conditions: Heater volts (AC) = 6.3; center-tap of heater transformer connected to ground; plate supply volts (DC) = 250; plate load resistor (megohms) = 0.1; cathode resistor (ohms) = 2700; cathode bypass capacitor (μf) = 100; grid resistor (ohms) = 0; amplifier frequency range 25 to 10000 cps.

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	100	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-1	-2	volts
Amplification Factor	100	100	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	80000	62500	ohms
Transconductance	1250	1600	μmhos
Plate Current	0.5	1.2	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any
 Maximum Overall Length 2-3/16"
 Maximum Seated Length 1-15/16"
 Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 1-9/16" ± 3/32"
 Diameter 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline See *General Section*
 Bulb T6-1/2
 Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)



12AX7-A

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9A

Pin 1 - Plate of
Unit No. 2

Pin 2 - Grid of
Unit No. 2

Pin 3 - Cathode of
Unit No. 2

Pins 4 & 9 - Heater of
Unit No. 2

Pins 5 & 9 - Heater of
Unit No. 1



Pin 6 - Plate of
Unit No. 1

Pin 7 - Grid of
Unit No. 1

Pin 8 - Cathode of
Unit No. 1

Pin 9 - Heater Tap

AMPLIFIER — CLASS A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value.	55	max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0	max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1.2	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 [•]	max.	volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

See *RESISTANCE-COUPLED-AMPLIFIER CHART No. 25*
at front of this Section

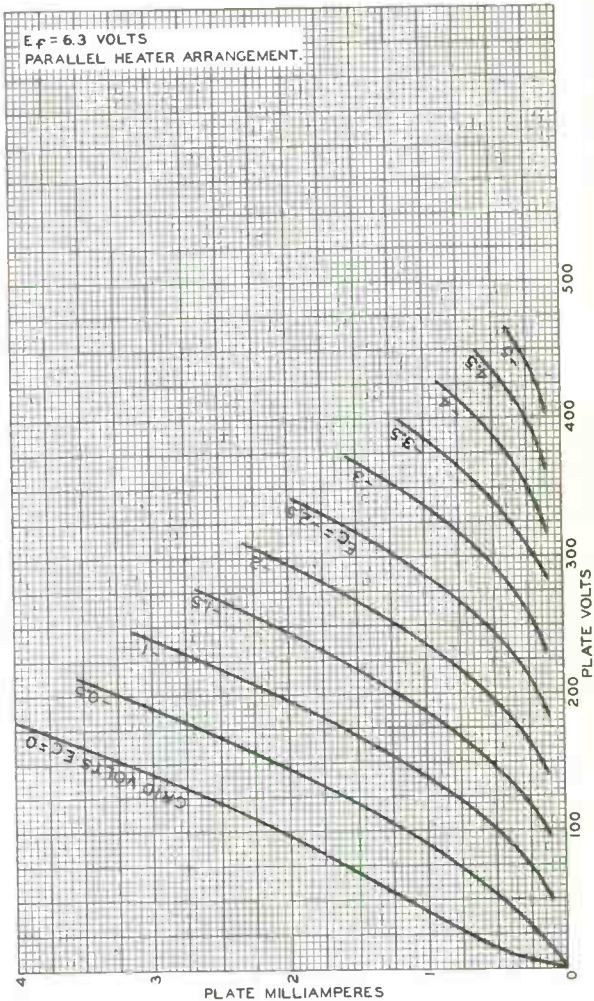
[▲] without external shield.

[•] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



12AX7-A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-6879

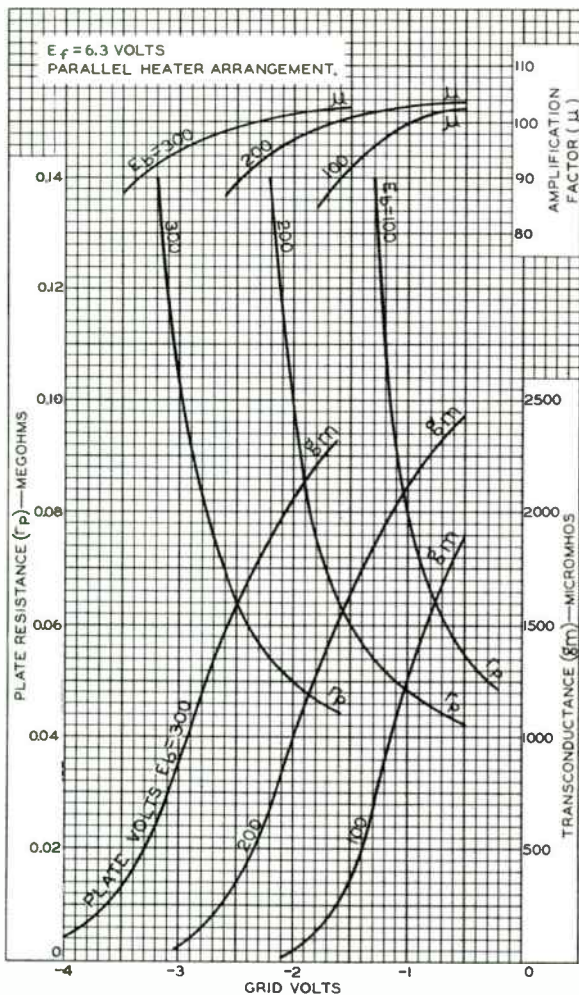


RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
10-60

12AX7-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-6880

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



World Radio History

12AY3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 12AY3 is the same as the 6AY3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12AY3A

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 12AY3A is the same as the 6AY3 B except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec





12AY7

MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

MINIATURE TYPE

12AY7

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Heater Arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage	12.6*	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.15	0.3	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Without External Shield)—Each Unit:

Grid to Plate	1.3	μf
Input	1.3	μf
Output	0.6	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-4	volts
Amplification Factor	40	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	22800	ohms
Transconductance	1750	μmhos
Plate Current	3	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 10 μamp	-11	volts

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	7/8"
Bulb	T-6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9A

Pin 1 - Plate of Unit No.2		Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No.1
Pin 2 - Grid of Unit No.2		Pin 7 - Grid of Unit No.1
Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No.2		Pin 8 - Cathode of Unit No.1
Pin 4 - Heater		Pin 9 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater		Mic-Tap

* Use of the 12.6-volt connection with an ac-heater supply is not recommended for applications involving low hum.

(continued on next page)

12AY7



12AY7

MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

AMPLIFIER—Class A₁

Values are for each unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Negative bias value	50 max.	volts
Positive bias value	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.5 max.	watts
CATHODE CURRENT	10 max.	ma
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

*See RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No. 28
at front of Receiving Tube Section*



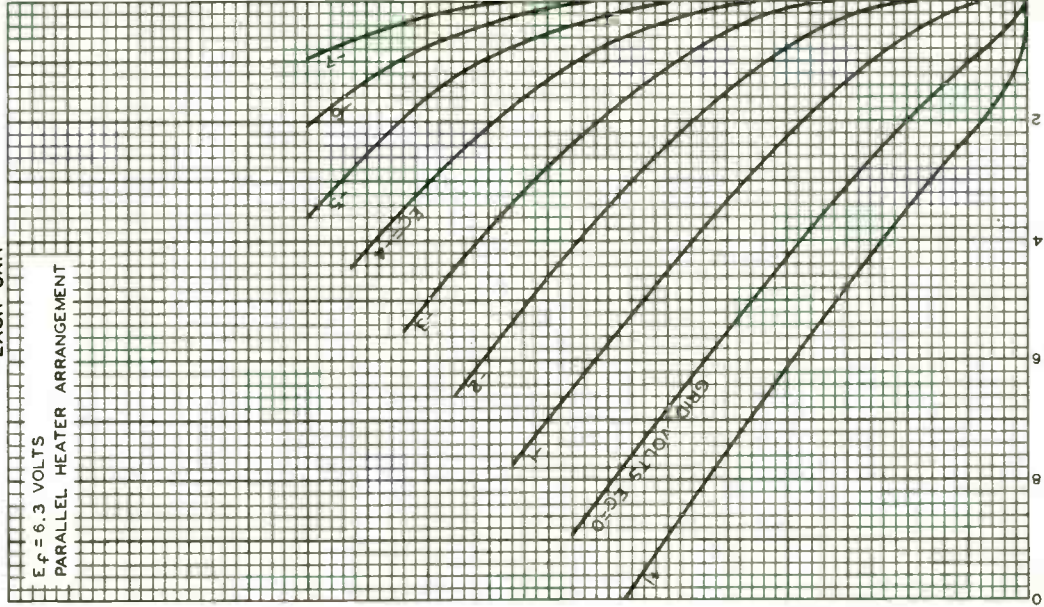
12AY7

12AY7

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS EACH UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

PARALLEL HEATER ARRANGEMENT



NOV. 5, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-7861



12B4-A

12B4-A LOW-MU TRIODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

Intended for use in equipment having
series heater-string arrangement

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Heater arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage	12.6	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.300	0.600	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	-	11	sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

Grid to plate	4.8	μf
Grid to cathode and heater	5	μf
Plate to cathode and heater	1.5	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	150	volts
Grid Voltage	-17.5	volts
Amplification Factor	6.5	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	1030	ohms
Transconductance	6300	μmhos
Plate Current	34	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 200 μamp	-32	volts
Plate Current for grid voltage of -23 volts	9.6	ma

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	7/8"
Bulb	T-6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No. E9-1)
Base Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9AG

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid
Pin 3 - Heater
Mid-Tap
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - No Connection
Pin 7 - Grid
Pin 8 - No Connection
Pin 9 - Plate

^o With external shield JETEC No. 315 connected to cathode.

MAY 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History



12B4-A

LOW-MU TRIODE

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	550	max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:			
Negative bias value.	50	max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	5.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲]	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation	0.47	max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	2.2	max.	megohms

VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	550	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE {Absolute maximum} [#]	1000 [■]	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE	250	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak	105	max.	ma
Average	30	max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION.	5.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 [▲]	max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:			
For cathode-bias operation	2.2	max.	megohms

[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

[□] As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.

[#] This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent. of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent. of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milliseconds.

[■] Under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.

12BA6

Remote-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12BA6 is the same as the 6BA6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp

12BA7

Pentagrid Converter

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12BA7 is the same as the 6BA7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp

12BD6

Remote-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12BD6 is the same as the 6BD6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp



12BE3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

DUODECAR TYPE

The 12BE3 is the same as the 6BE3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	11	sec

12BE6

Pentagrid Converter

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12BE6 is the same as the 6BE6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC).	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp

12BF6

Twin Diode— Medium-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12BF6 is the same as the 6BF6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC).	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp





12BH7-A

12BH7-A MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

*Intended for use in equipment having
series heater-string arrangement*

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Heater arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage	12.6	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.3	0.6	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	—	11	sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

	Unit No.1	Unit No.2	
Grid to plate	2.6	2.6	μf
Grid to cathode and heater.	3.2	3.2	μf
Plate to cathode and heater.	0.5	0.4	μf
Plate of unit No.1 to plate of unit No.2	0.8		μf

Mechanical:

- Mounting Position Any
- Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"
- Maximum Seated Length 2-3/8"
- Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 2" \pm 3/32"
- Maximum Diameter 7/8"
- Bulb T-6-1/2
- Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No.E9-1)

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| Base Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9A | |
| Pin 1 - Plate of Unit No.2 | Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No.1 |
| Pin 2 - Grid of Unit No.2 | Pin 7 - Grid of Unit No.1 |
| Pin 3 - Cathode of Unit No.2 | Pin 8 - Cathode of Unit No.1 |
| Pins 4 & 9 - Heater of Unit No.2 | Pin 9 - Heater Mid-Tap |
| Pins 5 & 9 - Heater of Unit No.1 | |



AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 300 max. volts

^o without external shield.

12BH7-A



12BH7-A

MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

GRID VOLTAGE:

Negative bias value	50 max.	volts
Positive bias value	0 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	20 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	3.5 max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200 [▲] max.	volts

Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-10.5	volts
Amplification Factor	16.5	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5300	ohms
Transconductance	3100	μmhos
Plate Current	11.5	ma
Plate Current for grid voltage of -14 volts	4	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 50 μamp	-23	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1.0 max.	megohm

HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	450 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE [♣]	600 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak	300 max.	ma
Average	20 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	3.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200 [▲] max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias, grid-resistor bias, or cathode-bias operation	2.2 max.	megohms
--	----------	---------

[♣] This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

[▲], [□]: See next page.

MAR. 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA 1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY



12BH7-A

12BH7-A

MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

VERTICAL DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^o

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	450 max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE	400 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak	70 max.	ma
Average	20 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	3.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 [▲] max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias, grid-resistor bias, or
cathode-bias operation 2.2 max. megohms

VERTICAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^o

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	450 max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE [#] (Absolute Maximum)	1500 [■] max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID VOLTAGE	250 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:		
Peak	70 max.	ma
Average	20 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	3.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 [▲] max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation 2.2 max. megohms

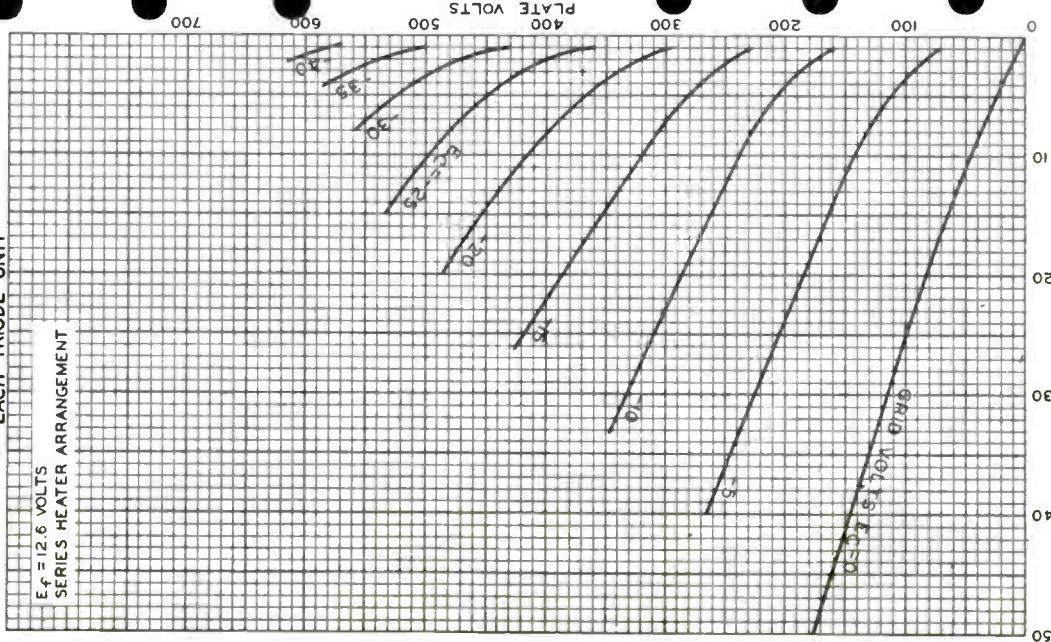
[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.^o As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.[#] This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle is 2.5 milli-seconds.[■] Under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.



12BH7-A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS EACH TRIODE UNIT

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS
SERIES HEATER ARRANGEMENT



12BH7-A

MAR. 1, 1955

PLATE MILLIAMPERES
TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-7742R1

12BQ6GTB/12CU6

Beam Power Tube

The 12BQ6GTB/12CU6 is the same as the 6BQ6GTB/6CU6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12BS3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 12BS3 is the same as the 6BS3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12BS3A

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 12BS3A is the same as the 6BS3A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Equipment Having Series Heater-String Arrangement

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Heater arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6 ± 10%	6.3	volts
Current	0.3	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	-	11	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Grid No.1 to plate	0.063	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	10.2	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater	3.5	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	250	volts
Grid No.3	Connected to cathode at socket	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	180	volts
Cathode Resistor	100	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	93000	ohms
Transconductance	11000	μmhos
Plate Current	26	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	5.75	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 20$	-11.6	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9BF

Pin 1 - Cathode
 Pin 2 - Grid No.1
 Pin 3 - Grid No.3,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 4 - Heater
 Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Heater Tap
 Pin 7 - Plate
 Pin 8 - Grid No.2
 Pin 9 - Grid No.3,
 Internal
 Shield

← Indicates a change.



12BY7-A

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID)	Connect to cathode at socket	
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	190 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Negative-bias value	55 max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.2 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	6.5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^b max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	1 max.	megohm

^a Without external shield.

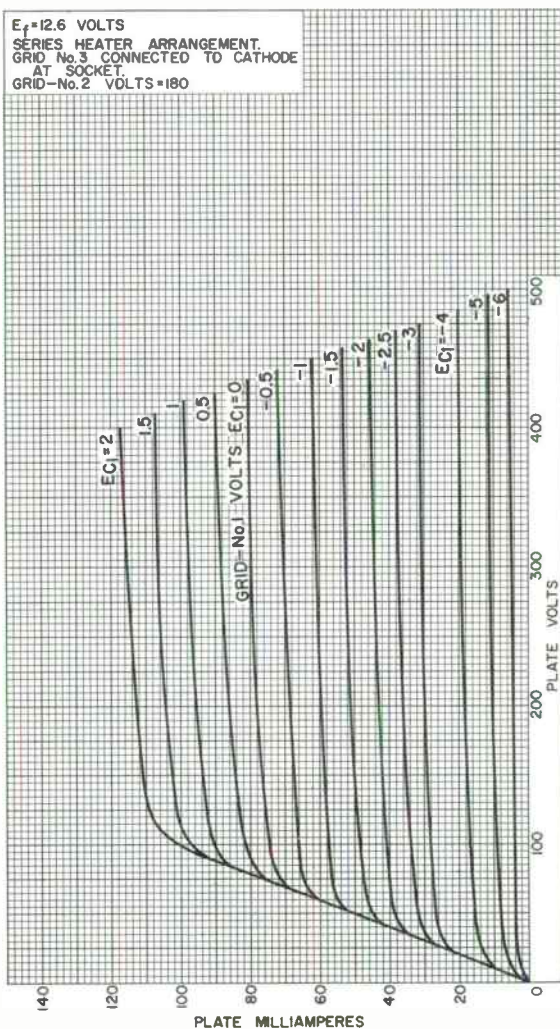
^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

→ Indicates a change.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS
 SERIES HEATER ARRANGEMENT.
 GRID No. 3 CONNECTED TO CATHODE
 AT SOCKET.
 GRID-No. 2 VOLTS = 180

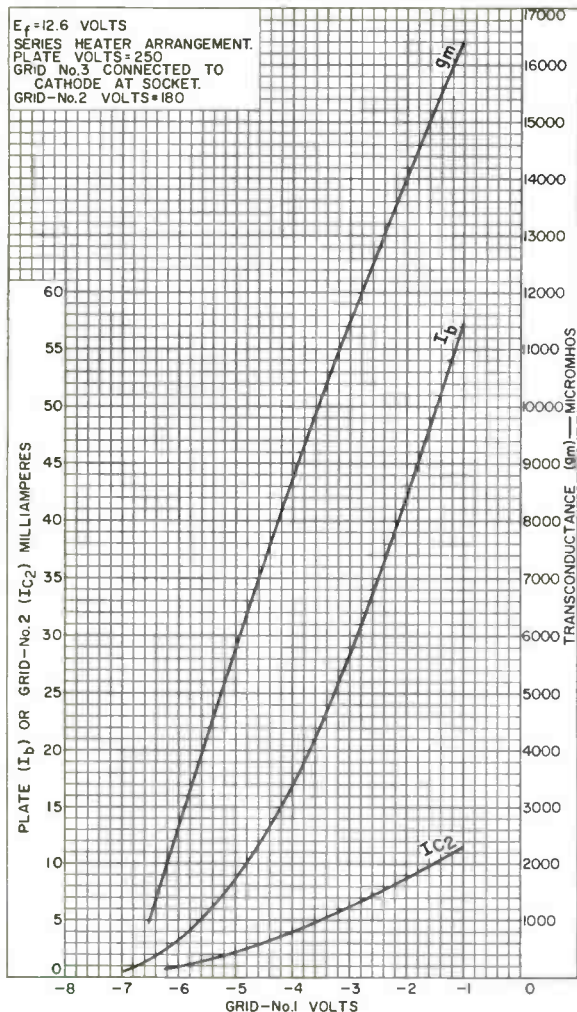


92CM-9234R2



12BY7-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-11051

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.



Semiremote-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12BZ6 is the same as the 6BZ6 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6 ± 10%	volts
Current	0.15	amp





12CA5

12CA5

BEAM POWER TUBE

MINIATURE TYPE

*Intended for use in equipment having
series heater-string arrangement***GENERAL DATA****Electrical:**

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage.	12.6	ac or dc volts
Current.	0.6	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

Grid No.1 to plate	0.5	μ f
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	15	μ f
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater.	9	μ f

Mechanical:

Mounting Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length.	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	2" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	3/4"
Bulb	T-5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JETEC No.E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . .	.7CV

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Plate

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁**Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:**

PLATE VOLTAGE.	130 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE	130 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive bias value.	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	5 max.	watts
GRID-No.2 INPUT.	1.4 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 [▲] max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)	180 max.	^o C

^o Without external shield.[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

MAR. 1, 1955

TUBE DIVISION

TENTATIVE DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

12CA5



12CA5

BEAM POWER TUBE

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage.	110	125	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	110	125	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-4	-4.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	4	4.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	32	37	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	31	36	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	3.5	4	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	7.5	11	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	16000	15000	ohms
Transconductance	8100	9200	μ mhos
Load Resistance.	3500	4500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	5	6	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	1.1	1.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

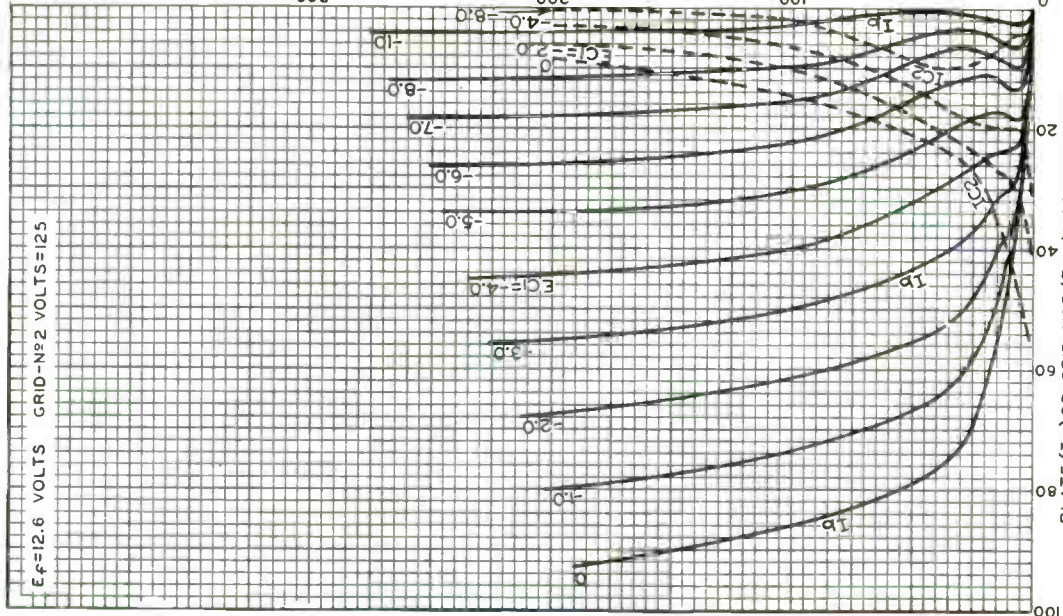
- For fixed-bias operation 0.1 max. megohm
- For cathode-bias operation 0.5 max. megohm



12CA5

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS GRID-N \circ 2 VOLTS = 125



JAN. 24, 1955

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY
TUBE DIVISION

92CM-8507

12CA5

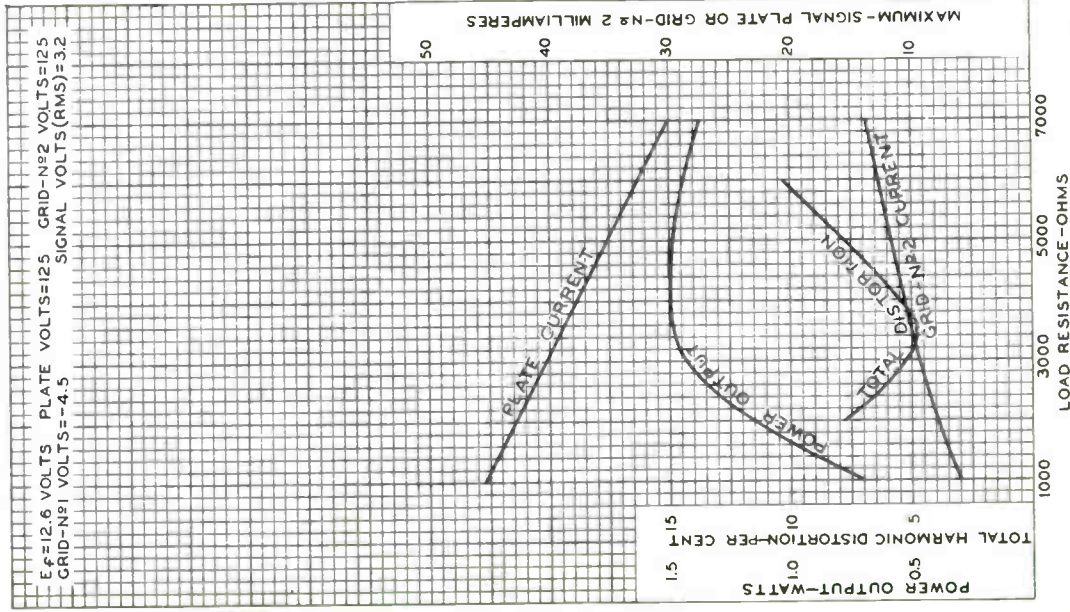
12CA5



12CA5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f=12.6$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS=125 GRID-N^o2 VOLTS=125
 GRID-N^o1 VOLTS=-4.5 SIGNAL VOLTS(RMS)=3.2



World Precision

JAN. 20, 1955

LOAD RESISTANCE - OHMS

TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-8506R1



12CR6

12CR6

DIODE-REMOTE-CUTOFF PENTODE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage.	12.6	. . . . .	ac or dc volts
Current.	0.15	. . . . .	amp

Mechanical:

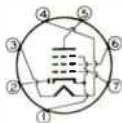
Mounting Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length.	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	3/4"
Dimensional Outline.	See General Section
Bulb	T-5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JETEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7EA

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Pentode
Grid No. 3

Pin 2 - Diode
Plate

Pin 3 - Heater

Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Pentode
Plate

Pin 6 - Pentode
Grid No. 2

Pin 7 - Pentode
Grid No. 1

PENTODE UNIT - Class A₁ Amplifier

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	300 max. volts
GRID-No. 2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	300 max. volts
GRID-No. 2 VOLTAGE.	See Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Positive bias value.	0 max. volts
------------------------------	--------------

PLATE DISSIPATION.	2.5 max. watts
----------------------------	----------------

GRID-No. 2 INPUT:

For grid-No. 2 voltages up to 150 volts.	0.3 max. watt
--	---------------

For grid-No. 2 voltages between 150 and 300 volts.	See Grid-No. 2 Input Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section
---	---

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode.	100 max. volts
--	----------------

Heater positive with respect to cathode.	100 max. volts
--	----------------

Characteristics:

Plate Voltage.	250	volts
------------------------	-----	-------

Grid-No. 2 Voltage.	100	volts
-----------------------------	-----	-------

Grid-No. 1 Voltage.	-2	volts
-----------------------------	----	-------

Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.8	megohm
--------------------------------------	-----	--------

Transconductance	2200	μmhos
----------------------------	------	-------

12CR6



12CR6

DIODE-REMOTE-CUTOFF PENTODE

Plate Current.	9.6	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	2.6	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance of 10 μ mhos	-32	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

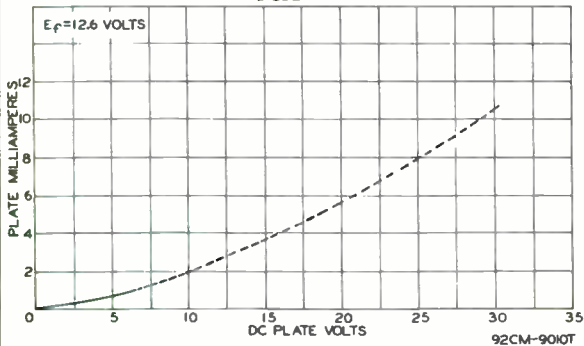
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:		
For cathode-bias operation	1.0 max.	megohm
For fixed-bias operation	0.25 max.	megohm

DIODE UNIT

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE CURRENT.	1.0 max.	ma
------------------------	----------	----

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTIC DIODE UNIT

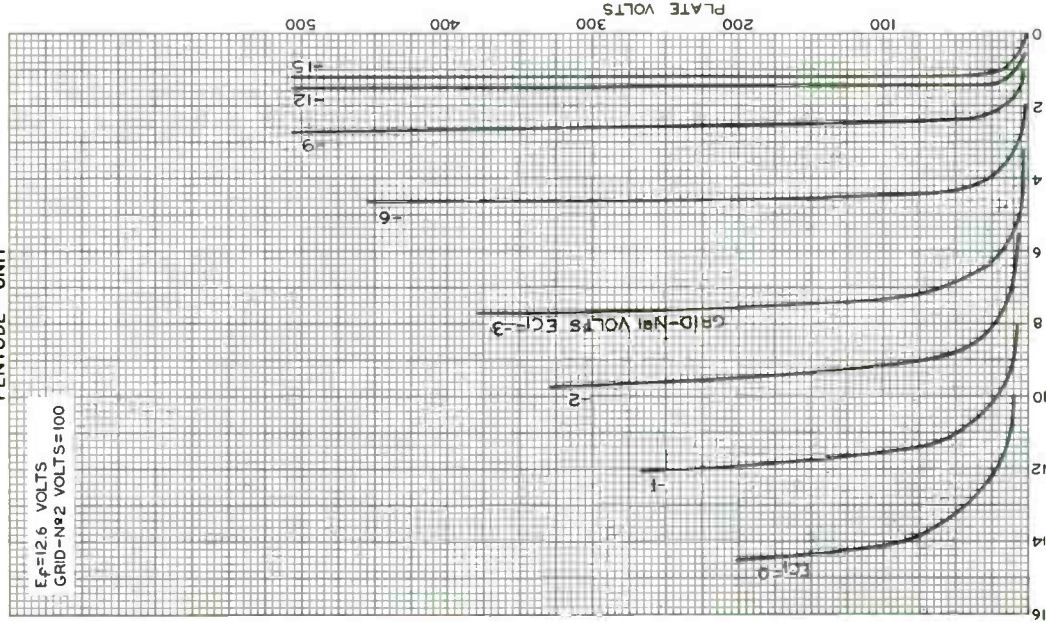




12CR6

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS
GRID-No 2 VOLTS = 100



12CR6

PLATE MILLIAMPERES

92CM-9006

TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

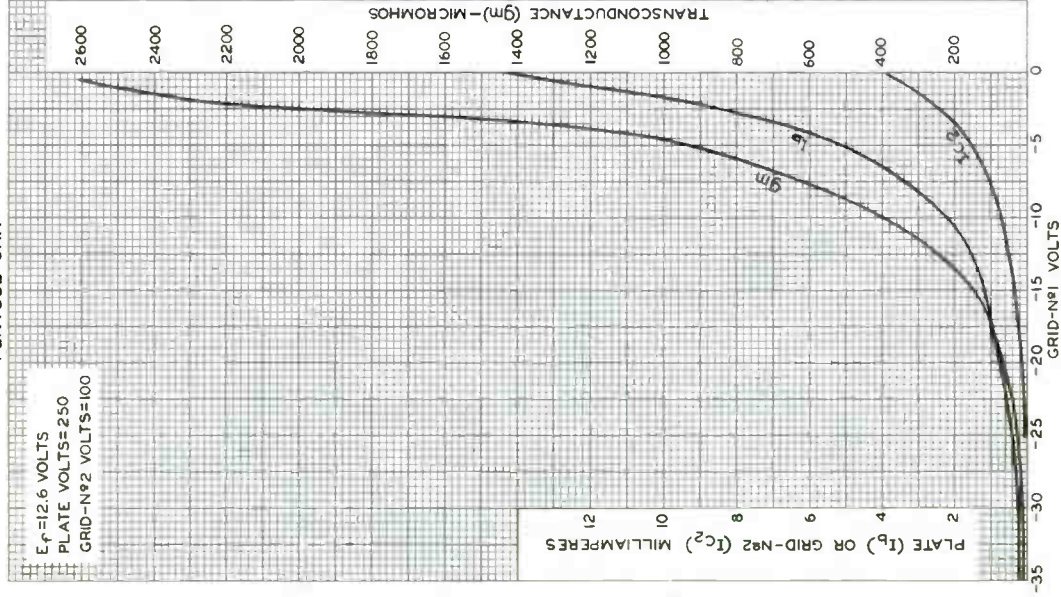
12CR6



12CR6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 250
 GRID-N ϕ 2 VOLTS = 100



12CT3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

9-Pin Miniature Type

The 12CT3 is the same as the 6CT3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	12.6 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

12CU5/12C5

Beam Power Tube

7-Pin Miniature Type

The 12CU5/12C5 is the same as the 6CU5 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	12.6 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s



12CU5

12CU5/12C5 BEAM POWER TUBE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

*Intended for use in equipment having
series heater-string arrangement*

The 12CU5/12C5 is the same as the 6CU5 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage.	12.6	. . . . .	ac or dc volts
Current.	0.6	. . . . .	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	. . . . .	sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.



12D4

12D4

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

Intended for TV damper service in equipment having series heater-string arrangement

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage.	12.6	. . . . . ac or dc volts
Current.	0.6	. . . . . amp
Warm-up time (Average).	11	. . . . . sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

Plate to cathode and heater.	6	μmf
Cathode to plate and heater.	8	μmf
Heater to cathode.	3	μmf

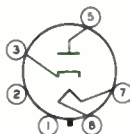
Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Length.	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Dimensional Outline.	See General Section

Bulb T9
 Base Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin,
 Arrangement 2 (JEDEC Group 1, No. B5-82),
 Intermediate-Shell Octal 6-Pin,
 Arrangement 1 (JEDEC Group 1, No. B6-8),
 Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin
 with External Barriers, Arrangement 2
 (JEDEC Group 1, No. B5-85), or
 Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 6-Pin
 with External Barriers, Arrangement 1
 (JEDEC Group 1, No. B6-60)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 4CG

Pin 1 ♦ - Same as Pin 2
 Pin 2 - Internal Connection - Do Not Use



Pin 3 - Cathode
 Pin 5 - Plate
 Pin 7 - Heater
 Pin 8 - Heater

DAMPER SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE*	4400 max.	volts
PEAK PLATE CURRENT.	900 max.	ma
DC PLATE CURRENT.	155 max.	ma

o, ♦, □, *: See next page.

12D4



12D4

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

PLATE DISSIPATION. 5.5 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 4400[▲] max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 300[#] max. volts

○ without external shield.

◆ on the 5-pin bases, pin 1 as well as pins 4 and 6 is omitted.

● Socket terminals 1, 2, 4 and 6 should not be used as tie points.

□ As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

* This rating is applicable when the duty cycle of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

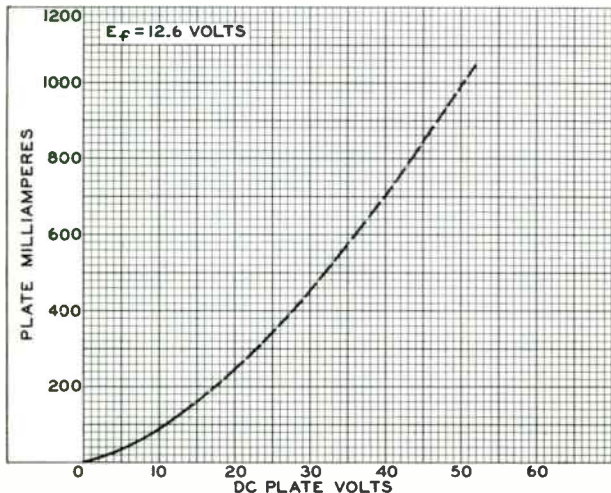
▲ The dc component must not exceed 900 volts.

The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

4-59

TENTATIVE DATA

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTIC



Beam Power Tube

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

The 12DB5 is the same as the 6DB5 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

For Damper Service in TV Equipment
Having Series Heater-String Arrangement

The 12DM4 is the same as the 6DM4 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12DQ6A

Beam Power Tube

For Equipment Having Series Heater-String Arrangement

The 12DQ6A is the same as the 6DQ6A except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12DQ6B

Beam Power Tube

For Equipment Having Series Heater-String Arrangement

The 12DQ6B is the same as the 6DQ6B except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec







12DT5
12DT8

12DT5 BEAM POWER TUBE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

*Intended for use in equipment having
series heater-string arrangement*

The 12DT5 is the same as the 6DT5 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12DT8 HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12DT8 is the same as the 6DT8 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.15	amp



12DZ6

12DZ6

REMOTE-CUTOFF PENTODE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For use in automobile radio receivers operating directly from 6-cell storage-battery systems

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage range (DC) 10 to 15.9 volts

For longest life, it is recommended that the heater be operated within the voltage range of 11 to 14 volts.

Current (Approx.) at 12.6 volts 0.19 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^o

Grid No.1 to plate 0.05 max. μ f

Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater. 9.5 μ f

Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater 4 μ f

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Heater Voltage 12.6 volts

Plate Voltage 12.6 volts

Grid No.3 and Internal Shield. *Connected to cathode at socket*

Grid-No.2 Voltage 12.6 volts

Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage 0 volts

Grid-No.1 Resistor (Bypassed) 10 megohms

Grid-No.3 Resistor (Bypassed) 10 megohms

Plate Resistance (Approx.) 25000 ohms

Transconductance 3800 μ mhos

Plate Current 4.5 ma

Grid-No.2 Current 2.2 ma

Grids No.1 and No.3 Supply Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance, grid

No.1 to plate (μ mhos) = 10. -10 volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Maximum Overall Length 2-1/8"

Maximum Seated Length 1-7/8"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 1-1/2" \pm 3/32"

Diameter 0.650" to 0.750"

Dimensional Outline See General Section

Bulb T5-1/2

Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 7BK

Pin 1-Grid No.1

Pin 2-Grid No.3,

Internal Shield

Pin 3-Heater



Pin 4-Heater

Pin 5-Plate

Pin 6-Grid No.2

Pin 7-Cathode

^o Without external shield.

12DZ6



12DZ6

REMOTE-CUTOFF PENTODE

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	16 max.	volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID). . .	<i>Connect to cathode at socket</i>	
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	16 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode. .	16 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. .	16 max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	10 max.	megohms
Grid-No.3-Circuit Resistance	10 max.	megohms



12DZ6

12DZ6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS

GRID N₂3 AND INTERNAL SHIELD
CONNECTED TO CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-N₂2 VOLTS = 12.6

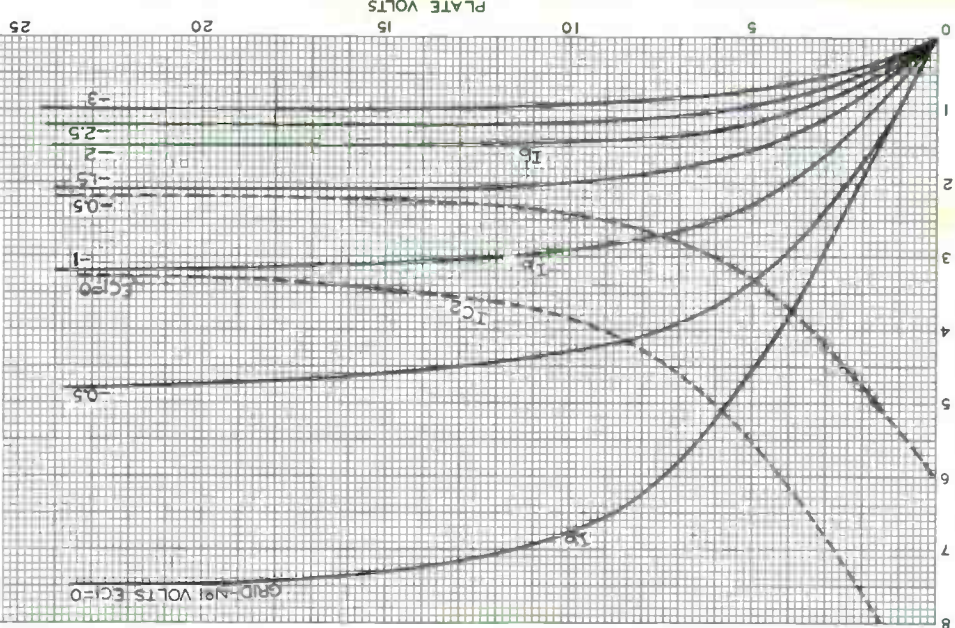


PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-N₂2 (I_{c2}) MILLIAMPERES

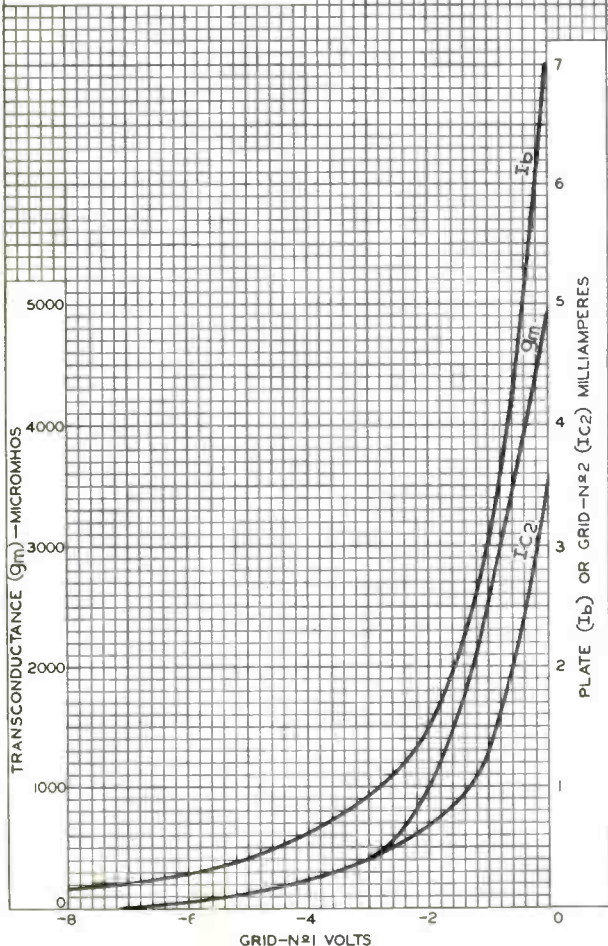
12DZ6



12DZ6

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 12.6
 GRID N^o 3 AND INTERNAL SHIELD
 CONNECTED TO CATHODE AT
 SOCKET.
 GRID-N^o 2 VOLTS = 12.6



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

92CM-10404

12FQ7

Medium-Mu Twin Triode

9-Pin Miniature Type

Controlled Heater Warm-up Time

The 12FQ7 is the same as the 6FQ7 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current 0.300 + 0.020 A

Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.300 A 12.6 V

High-Mu Twin Double-Plate Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Frequency-Divider and Complex-Wave-Generator
Circuits of Electronic Musical Instruments

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6 ± 10%	volts
Current at 12.6 volts	0.15	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):[▲]

Grid to either plate (Each unit)	0.9	μf
Grid to cathode and heater (Each Unit)	1.8	μf
Plate A of unit No.1 to cathode and heater	0.34	μf
Plate B of unit No.1 to cathode and heater	0.24	μf
Plate A of unit No.2 to cathode and heater	0.3	μf
Plate B of unit No.2 to cathode and heater	0.18	μf
Plate A to plate B (Each unit)	0.7	μf
Plate A of unit No.1 to plate A of unit No.2	0.4	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

*Using either plate A or plate B, with
plate not in use connected to ground*

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-1.5	volts
Amplification Factor	95	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	76000	ohms
Transconductance	1250	μmhos
Plate Current	1.5	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9KT

Pin 1 - Plate B of
Unit No.2
Pin 2 - Grid of
Unit No.2
Pin 3 - Plate A of
Unit No.2
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Plate B of
Unit No.1
Pin 7 - Grid of
Unit No.1
Pin 8 - Plate A of
Unit No.1
Pin 9 - Cathode



12FQ8

FREQUENCY-DIVIDER & COMPLEX-WAVE-GENERATOR SERVICE

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE A VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
PLATE B VOLTAGE.	330	max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value.	0	max.	volts
PLATE A DISSIPATION.	0.5	max.	watt
PLATE B DISSIPATION.	0.5	max.	watt
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode. . .	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . .	200	max.	volts

▲ Without external shield.

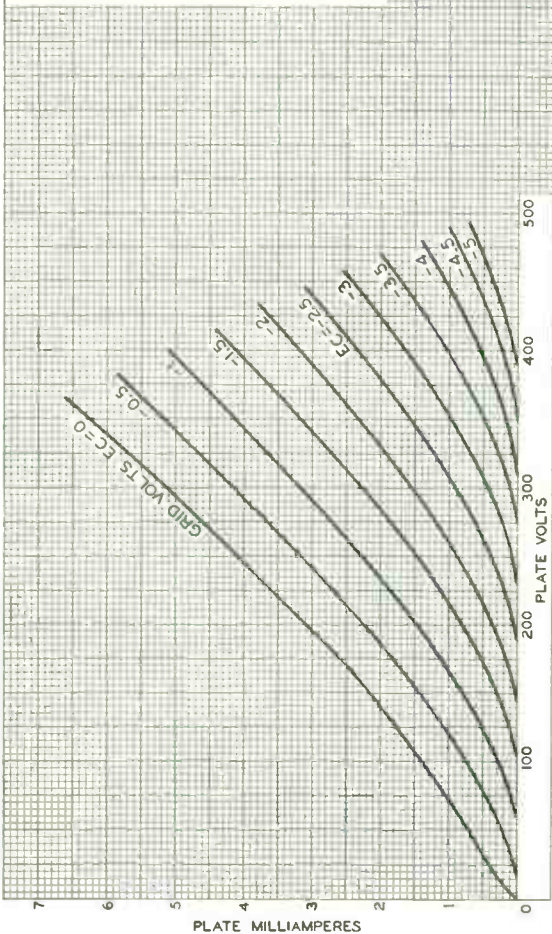
● The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit

$E_f = 12.6$ VOLTS

USING EITHER PLATE A OR PLATE B, WITH
PLATE NOT IN USE CONNECTED TO GROUND.

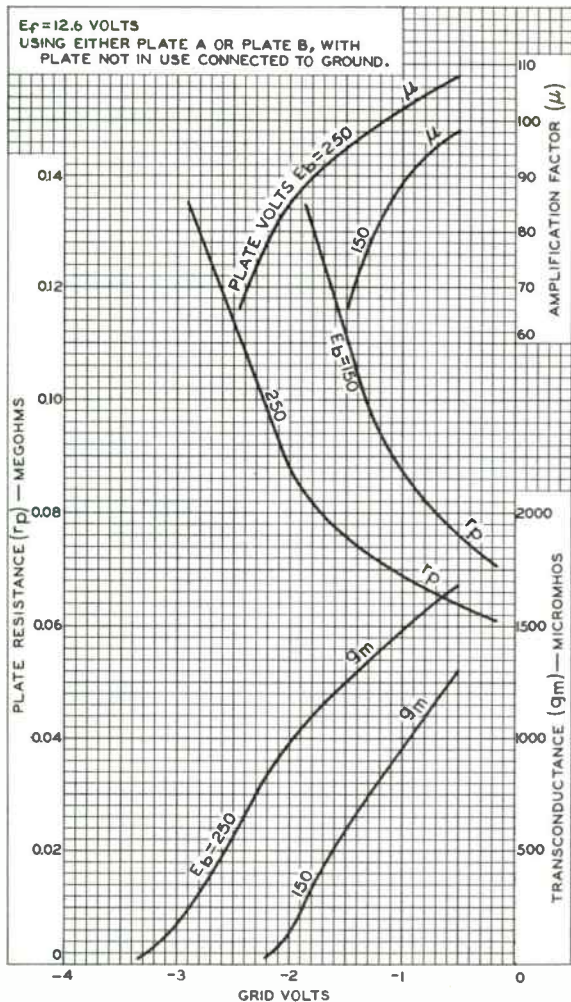


92CM-10755RI



12FQ8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-10754RI



Power Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 12FX5 is the same as the 60FX5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and

Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6 ^a	12.6 ± 1.3	volts
Current	0.450 ± 0.030	0.450 ^b	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	-	sec

^a At heater amperes = 0.450.

^b At heater volts = 12.6.



Beam Power Tube

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ^a		
Grid No.1 to plate	0.55	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	15	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	7	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	60	250	volts
Grid-No.2 voltage	150	150	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	0	-22.5	volts
Triode Amplification Factor for plate volts = grid-No.2 volts = 150	-	4.1	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	20000	ohms
Transconductance	-	6600	μmhos
Plate Current	345 ^b	75	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	30 ^b	2.4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate ma. = 1	-	-46	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for peak positive-pulse plate volts = 5000, grid- No.2 volts = 150, and plate ma. = 1	-	-100	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	4-1/4"
Seated Length	3-1/2" ± 3/16"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/16"
Bulb	T12
Cap	Skirted Miniature (JEDEC No. C1-3)
Base	Short Medium-Shell Octal 6-Pin with External Barriers, Arrangement 2, Style B, (JEDEC Group 1, No. B6-122)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	8JX

Pin 2-Heater
Pin 3-Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 4-Grid No.2



Pin 5-Grid No.1
Pin 7-Heater
Pin 8-Grid No.2
Cap-Plate



12GC6

HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

DC PLATE VOLTAGE.	770	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE ^d	6500	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1500	max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE.	220	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	330	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak.	550	max.	ma
Average	175	max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	4.5	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION ^e	17.5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^f	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220	max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance.	1	max.	megohm
---------------------------------------	---	------	--------

^a without external shield.

^b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.

^c As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.

^d This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

^e An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

^f The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



12GE5

Beam Power Tube

DUODECAR TYPE

The 12GE5 is the same as the 6GE5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12GJ5

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 12GJ5 is the same as the 6GJ5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



12GT5

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 12GT5 is the same as the 6GT5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12GT5A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 12GT5A is the same as the 6GT5A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

12GW6

Beam Power Tube

The 12GW6 is the same as the 6GW6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.600	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



12H6

Twin Diode

The 12H6 is the same as the 6H6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

FRAME-GRID CONSTRUCTION

T9 ENVELOPE

9-PIN LARGE-BUTTON NEONOVAL BASE

For Video Output Amplifier Service
in Color TV Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Heater-section arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6 ± 1.3 ^a	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current	0.260	0.520 ^b	amp
Maximum heater-cathode voltage:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode		200	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode:			
Peak		200	volts
DC component		100	volts

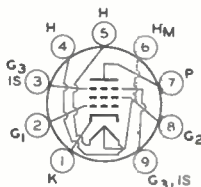
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^c

Grid No.1 to plate	0.15 max.	pf
Input: G1 to (K,G3 + IS,G2,H)	14.0	pf
Output: P to (K,G3 + IS,G2,H)	4.4	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2.930"
Maximum Seated Length	2.620"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2.070" to 2.310"
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"
Dimensional Outline	(JEDEC No.9-70)
Bulb	T9
Base	Large-Button Neonoval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-68)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9BF

- Pin 1 - Cathode
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Grid No.3,
Internal Shield
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Heater Tap
- Pin 7 - Plate
- Pin 8 - Grid No.2
- Pin 9 - Grid No.3,
Internal Shield



Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	300	volts
Grid No.3	Connected to cathode at socket	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	135	volts
Grid No.1	Connected to negative end of cathode resistor	
Cathode Resistor	47	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	60000	ohms
Transconductance	32000	μmhos
Plate Current	31	ma



Grid-No.2 Current	4.8	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu a = 100$	-4.5	volts

CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Plate Voltage	400	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage.	330	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage . . . . .	.See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage:		
Positive-bias value	0	volts
Grid-No.2 Input:		
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts.	1	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts . . . . .	.See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
Plate Dissipation	10	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation.	0.1	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.25	megohm

^a At heater amperes = 0.260.

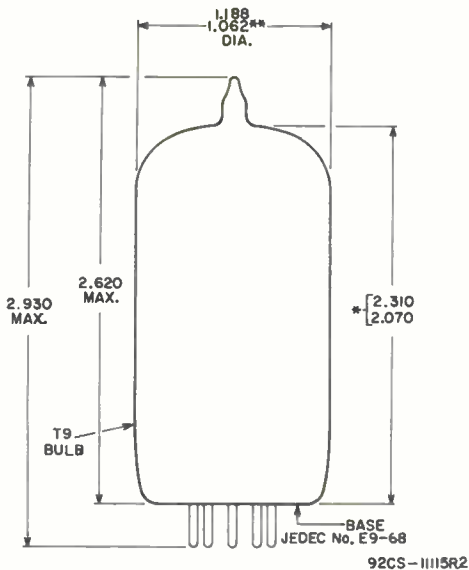
^b At heater volts = 6.3.

^c Without external shield.



DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE

JEDEC No. 9-70

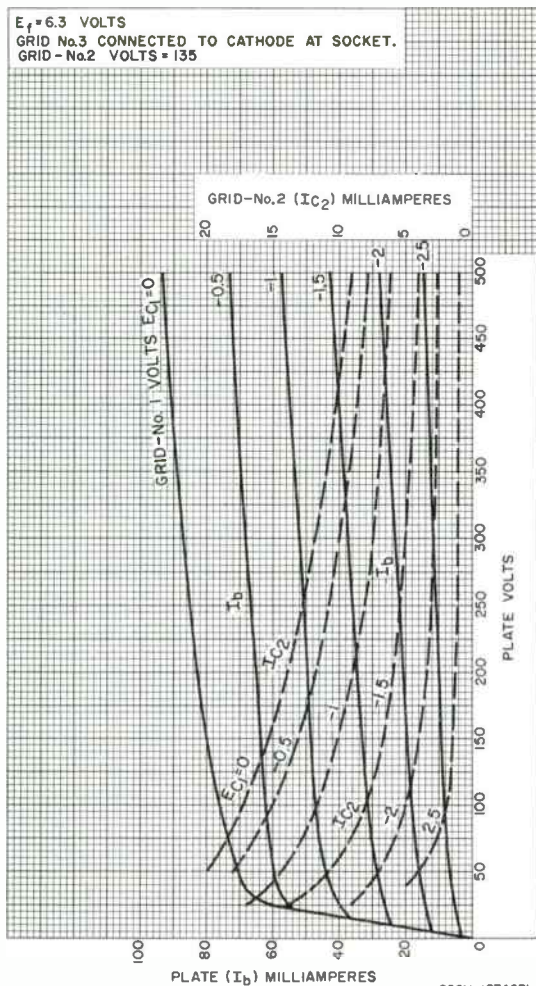


DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

- ** Applies in zone starting 0.375" from base seat.
- * Measured from base seat to bulb-top line as determined by a ring gauge of 0.600" inside diameter.



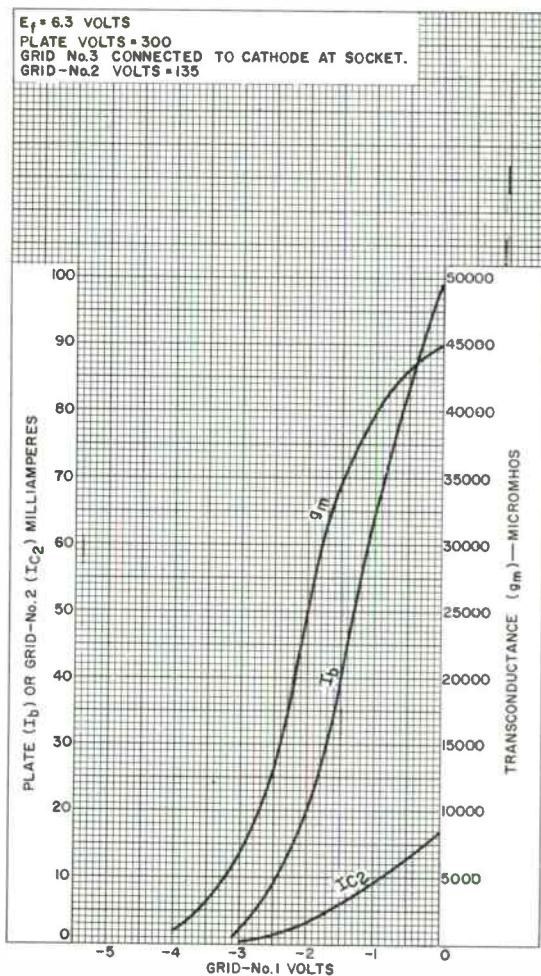
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-12746RI



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-12747R1



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
 Electronic Components and Devices
 Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
 4-65



12JB6A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 12JB6A is the same as the 6JB6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A . .	12.6	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

12JQ6

Beam Power Tube with an Integral Diode

The 12JQ6 is the same as the 6JQ6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A . .	12.6	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

12JT6A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 12JT6A is the same as the 6JT6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A . .	12.6	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

12MN8

High-Mu Triple Triode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 12MN8 is the same as the 6MN8 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A . .	12.6	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s

12SA7

Pentagrid Converter

The 12SA7 is the same as the 6SA7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp

12SJ7

Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 12SJ7 is the same as the 6SJ7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp

12SL7GT

High-Mu Twin Triode

The 12SL7GT is the same as the 6SL7GT except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp

12SN7GTA

Medium-Mu Twin Triode

The 12SN7GTA is the same as the 6SN7GTA except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.300	amp



12SQ7

Twin Diode-Medium-Mu Triode

The 12SQ7 is the same as the 6SQ7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.150	amp

12V6GT

Beam Power Tube

The 12V6GT is the same as the 6V6GT except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Current	0.225	amp

12W6GT

Beam Power Tube

The 12W6GT is the same as the 6W6GT except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.600	amp
Voltage (AC or DC)	12.6	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	300 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200* max.	volts

* The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



12X4

Full-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

The 12X4 is the same as the 6X4 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.300	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.300		12.6 volts

13CW4

High-Mu Triode

NUVISTOR TYPE

For Use as Grounded-Cathode, Neutralized RF-Amplifier
Tube in Tuners of VHF Television and FM Receivers

The 13CW4 is the same as the 6CW4 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.060	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.060		13.5 volts

13DE7

Dual Triode

With Medium-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 13DE7 is the same as the 6DE7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450		13.0 volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



13DR7

Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

The 13DR7 is the same as the 6DR7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	13.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

13EM7

Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

The 13EM7 is the same as the 6EM7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	13.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

13FD7

Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

The 13FD7 is the same as the 6FD7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	13.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



13FM7

Dual Triode With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

DUODECAR TYPE

The 13FM7 is the same as the 6FM7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	13.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

13GB5

Beam Power Tube

The 13GB5 is the same as the 6GB5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 amp.	13.3	volts

13GF7

Dual Triode With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

NOVAR TYPE

The 13GF7 is the same as the 6GF7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	13.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



13GF7A

Dual Triode

With High-Mu Unit and Low-Mu Unit

NOVAR TYPE

The 13GF7A is the same as the 6GF7A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	13.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

13J10

Pentode — Beam Power Tube

DUODECAR TYPE

The 13J10 is the same as the 6J10 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	13.2	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



Twin Diode—High-Mu Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	14 ± 10%	volts
Current at 14 volts	0.15	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:▲

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	1.8	μf
Grid to cathode and heater	1.6	μf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.24	μf

Diode Units:

Diode-No.1 plate to triode grid	0.09 max.	μf
Diode-No.2 plate to triode grid	0.07 max.	μf
Either diode cathode to all other tube electrodes	6.5	μf
Diode plate to cathode and heater (Each un.t)	2.4	μf

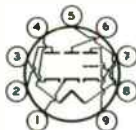
Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Triode Unit):

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-3	volts
Amplification Factor	72	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	72000	ohms
Transconductance	1000	μmhos
Plate Current	0.7	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9KR

- Pin 1—Diode-No.2 Cathode
- Pin 2—Diode-No.1 Plate
- Pin 3—Diode-No.1 Cathode
- Pin 4—Heater



- Pin 5—Heater
- Pin 6—Diode-No.2 Plate
- Pin 7—Triode Cathode
- Pin 8—Triode Grid
- Pin 9—Triode Plate

TRIODE UNIT — AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
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14GT8

GRID VOLTAGE:

Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts
PLATE DISSIPATION. 1.1 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. . 200 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . 200[•] max. volts

DIODE UNITS — Two

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE CURRENT. 5 max. ma

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. . 200 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . 200[•] max. volts

Characteristics, Instantaneous Test Condition:

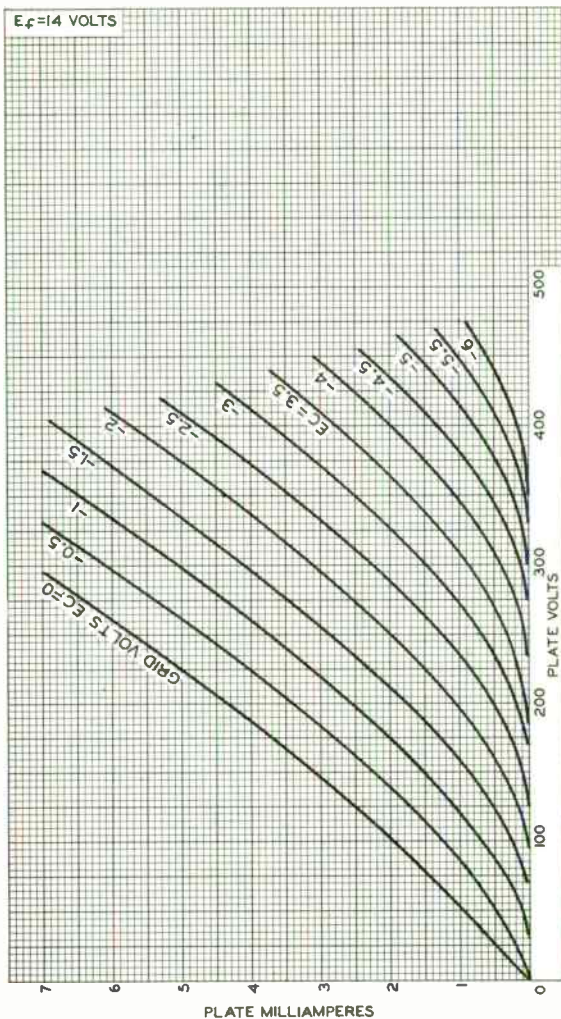
Plate Current for plate volts = 5. 18 ma

[▲] Without external shield.

[•] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit

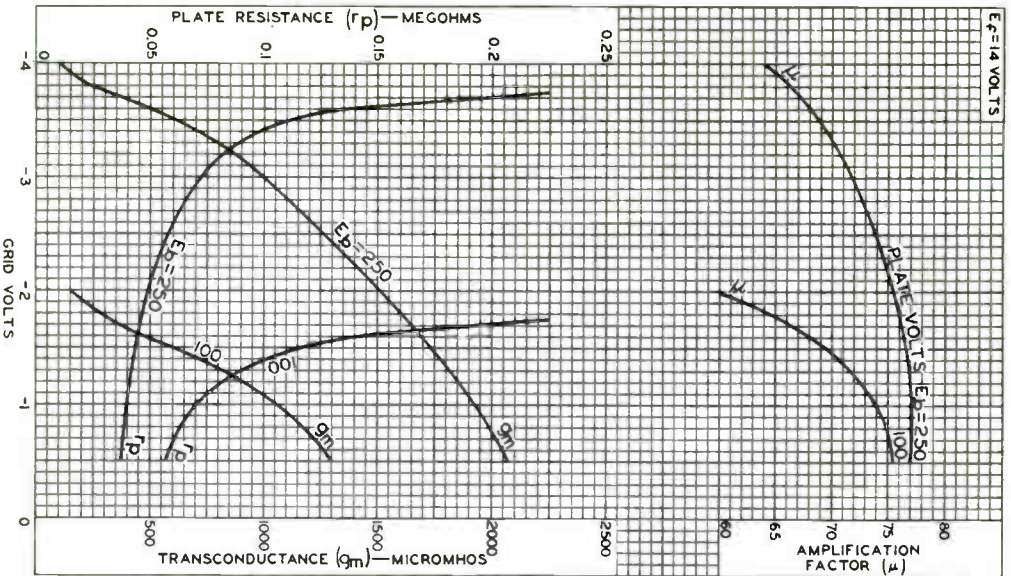


92CM-10835



14GT8

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-10838

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.



15AF11

Dual Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 15AF11 is the same as the 6AF11 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage {AC or DC} at 0.450 amp.	14.7	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

15BD11

Dual Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 15BD11 is the same as the 6BD11 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage {AC or DC} at 0.450 amp.	14.7	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

15CW5

Beam Power Tube

The 15CW5 is the same as the 6CW5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.300 ± 0.020	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.300 amp.	15.0	volts



15FM7

Dual Triode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 15FM7 is the same as the 6FM7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	14.8	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

15FY7

Dual Triode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 15FY7 is the same as the 6FY7 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 amp.	14.7	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

15HB6

Power Pentode

The 15HB6 is the same as the 6HB6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.300 ± 0.020	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.300 amp.	14.7	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



15KY8A

High-Mu Triode— Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

For Combined Vertical-Deflection Oscillator
and Amplifier Service in TV Receivers

The 15KY8A is the same as the 6KY8A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450.	15.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



16GK6

Power Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 16GK6 is the same as the 6GK6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.300 ± 0.020	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.300	16.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

17AX3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

DUODECAR TYPE

The 17AX3 is the same as the 6AX3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	16.8	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

17AX4GTA

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

For TV Damper Service

The 17AX4GTA is the same as the 6AX4GTB except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	16.8	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



17AY3, 17AY3A

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 17AY3 and 17AY3A are the same as the 6AY3 and 6AY3B, respectively, except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	16.8	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

17BE3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

DUODECAR TYPE

The 17BE3 is the same as the 6BE3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	16.8	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

17BF11

Beam Power Tube— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

DUODECAR TYPE

The 17BF11 is the same as the 6BF11 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	am
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	16.8	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



17BH3A

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 17BH3A is the same as the 6BH3A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A.	17	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17BS3A

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 17BS3A is the same as the 6BS3A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A.	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17CK3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 17CK3 is the same as the 6CK3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A.	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17CT3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE
For TV Damper Service

The 17CT3 is the same as the 6CT3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	

17CU5

Beam Power Tube

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 17CU5 is the same as the 6CU5 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17D4

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

For TV Damper Service

The 17D4 is the same as the 6DA4 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17DE4

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

For TV Damper Service

The 17DE4 is the same as the 6DE4 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A	17	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

For Television Damper Service

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.450	16.8	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec
Maximum heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode ^a		
Peak	5000	volts
DC component	900	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode		
Peak	300	volts
DC component	100	volts

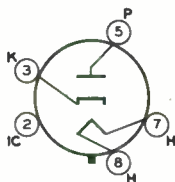
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

P to (K,H)	8.5	pf
K to (P,H)	11.5	pf
Heater to cathode	4.0	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3-13/16"
Maximum Seated Length	3-1/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Bulb	T9
Base	Short Intermediate-Shell Octal 5-Pin (JEDEC No. B5-85)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	4CG

- Pin 2 - Do Not Use^b
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 5 - Plate
- Pin 7 - Heater
- Pin 8 - Heater



DAMPER SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system^c

Peak Inverse Plate Voltage ^a	5000	volts
Peak Plate Current	1200	ma
DC Plate Current	200	ma
Plate Dissipation	6.5	watts

Characteristics, Instantaneous Value:

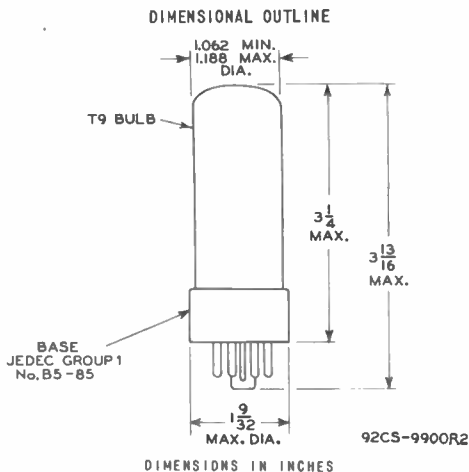
Tube Voltage Drop for plate ma = 400	35	volts
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^a This rating is applicable when the duty cycle of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30 frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.

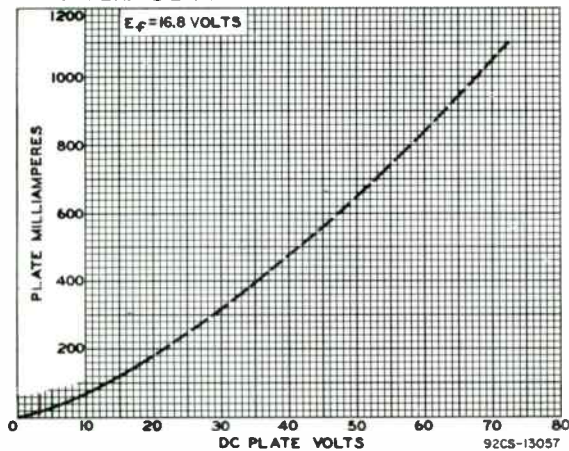


17DM4A

- b Socket terminals 1, 2, 4 and 6 should not be used as tie points.
 c As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTIC



DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
 Electronic Components and Devices

Harrison, N. J.



17GJ5A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17GJ5A is the same as the 6GJ5A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030 A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450A	16.8 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

17GW6/17DQ6B

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17GW6/17DQ6B is the same as the 6GW6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030 A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	16.8 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

17JB6A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17JB6A is the same as the 6JB6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030 A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	16.8 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

17JF6

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17JF6 is the same as the 6JF6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040 A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A	16.8 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

17JG6A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17JG6A is the same as the 6JG6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040 A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A	16.8 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

17DQ6B

Beam Power Tube

The 17DQ6B is the same as the 6DQ6B except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A.	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17GJ5, 17GJ5A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17GJ5 and 17GJ5A are the same as the 6GJ5 and 6GJ5A, respectively, except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A.	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17GT5A, 17GW6

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17GT5A and 17GW6 are the same as the 6GT5A and 6GW6, respectively except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A.	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17JB6, 17JB6A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17JB6 and 17JB6A are the same as the 6JB6 and 6JB6A, respectively except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A.	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s



17JG6, 17JG6A

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 17JG6 and 17JG6A are the same as the 6JG6 and 6JG6A, respectively, except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.600 A.	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s



17JQ6

Beam Power Tube With an Integral Diode

The 17JQ6 is the same as the 6JQ6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	17.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17JR6

Beam Power Tube Navar Type

The 17JR6 is the same as the 6JR6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17JT6A

Beam Power Tube Navar Type

The 17JT6A is the same as the 6JT6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17JZ8

Medium-Mu Triode— Beam Power Tube

Duodecar Type

The 17JZ8 is the same as the 6JZ8 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17KV6

Beam Power Tube

Novar Type

The 17KV6 is the same as the 6KV6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600A	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

17KV6A

Beam Power Tube

Novar Type

The 17KV6A is the same as the 6KV6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600A	16.8	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

Remote-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	18	volts
Current	0.1 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	20	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Grid No.1 to plate	0.0035 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	5.5	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	5	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	100	volts
Grid No.3	<i>Connected to cathode at socket</i>	
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	100	volts
Cathode Resistor	68	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.25	megohm
Transconductance	4400	μmhos
Plate Current	11	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	4.4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for transconductance (μmhos) = 25	-20	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7CC

Pin 1 - Grid No.1
Pin 2 - Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Cathode



18FW6A

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 150 max. volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID) Connected to cathode at socket
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE. . . 150 max. volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart
at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.2 INPUT:

For grid-No.2 voltages up to 75 volts . . 0.6 max. watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 75
and 150 volts See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart
at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION 2.5 max. watts

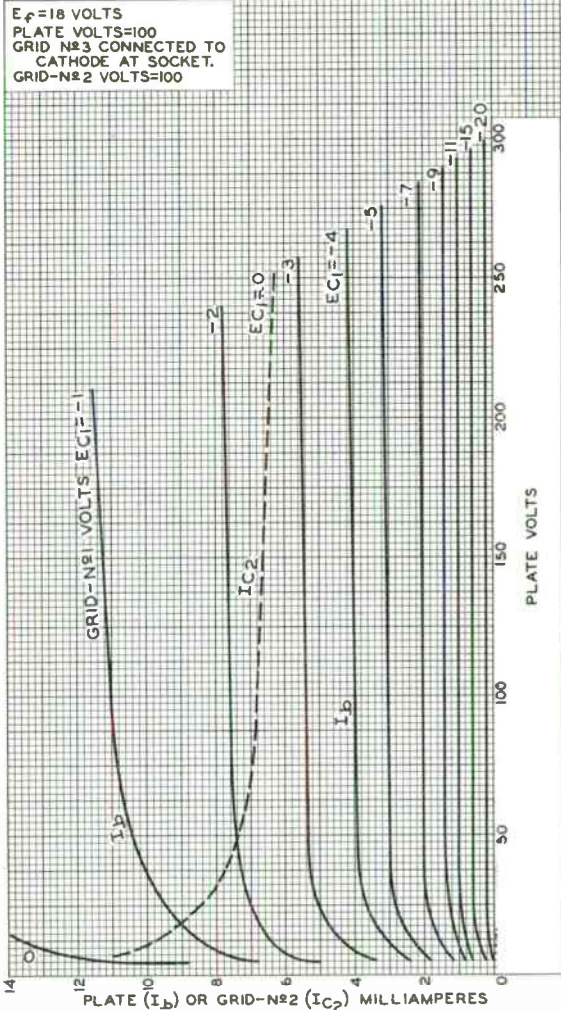
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode . 100 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode . 100 max. volts

■ With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



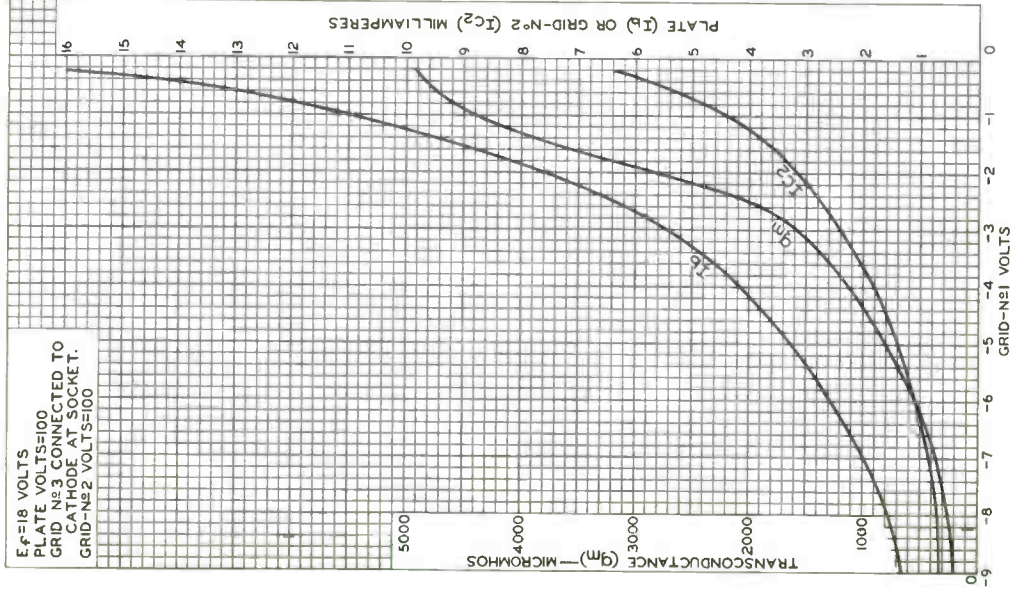
92CM-10778



18FW6A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f=18$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS=100
GRID No 3 CONNECTED TO
CATHODE AT SOCKET.
GRID-No 2 VOLTS=100



92CM-10776

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.



Pentagrid Converter

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	18	volts
Current	0.1 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	20	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
Grid No.3 to all other elec- trodes (RF input)	7	7	μf
Plate to all other electrodes (Mixer input)	8	13	μf
Grid No.1 to all other elec- trodes (Oscillator input)	5.5	5.5	μf
Grid No.3 to plate	0.3 max.	0.25 max.	μf
Grid No.3 to grid No.1	0.15 max.	0.15 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to plate	0.1	0.05	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.5	3	3	μf
Cathode & grid No.5 to all other electrodes except grid No.1	15	20	μf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7CH

Pin 1 - Grid No.1
Pin 2 - Cathode,
Grid No.5
Pin 3 - Heater
Pin 4 - Heater



Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Grid No.2,
Grid No.4
Pin 7 - Grid No.3

CONVERTER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
GRIDS—No. 2 & No. 4 (SCREEN-GRIDS) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts



18FX6A

GRIDS—No.2 & No.4 VOLTAGE.	110 max.	volts
GRIDS—No.2 & No.4 INPUT.	1.2 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION.	1 max.	watt
PEAK HEATER—CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	100 max.	volts

Characteristics:

With Separate Excitation^b

Plate Voltage.	100	volts
Grids—No.2 & No.4 Voltage.	100	volts
Grid—No.3 Voltage.	-1.5	volts
Grid—No.1 Resistor	20000	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.4	megohm
Conversion Transconductance.	480	μ mhos
Plate Current.	2.3	ma
Grids—No.2 & No.4 Current.	6.2	ma
Grid—No.1 Current.	0.5	ma
Total Cathode Current.	9	ma
Grid—No.3 Voltage (Approx.) for conversion transconductance (μ mhos) = 10	-21	volts

Oscillator Characteristics (Not Oscillating):^c

Plate & Grids—No.2 & No.4 Voltage.	100	volts
Grid—No.3 Voltage.	0	volts
Grid—No.1 Voltage.	0	volts
Amplification Factor ^d	22	
Oscillator Transconductance ^d	7000	μ mhos
Cathode Current.	24	ma
Grid—No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 20.	-9.2	volts

^a With external shield JEDEC No.316 connected to cathode.

^b The characteristics shown with separate excitation correspond very closely with those obtained in a self-excited-oscillator circuit operating with zero bias.

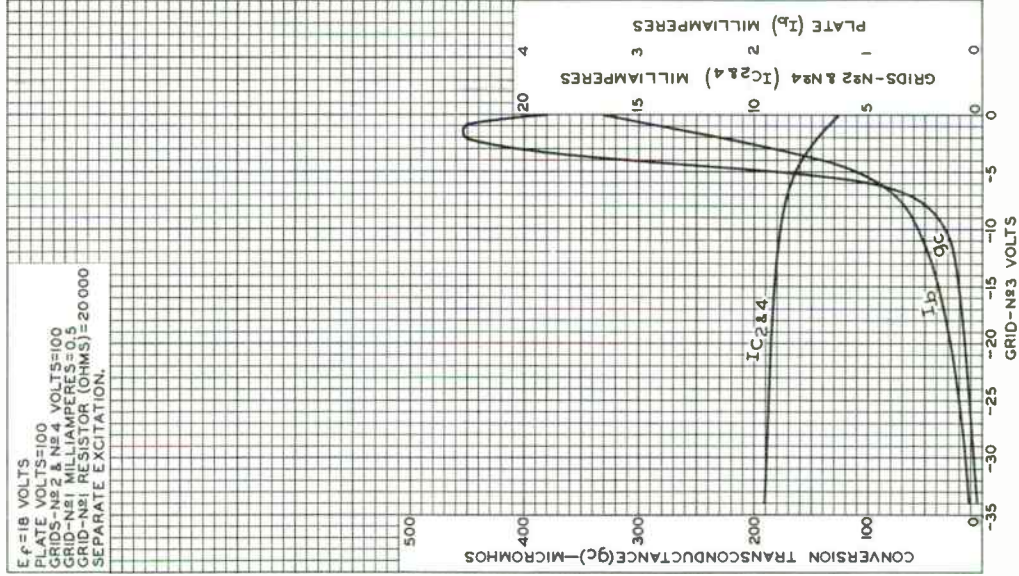
^c With grids No.2 & No.4 connected to plate.

^d Between grid No.1 and grids No.2 & No.4 connected to plate.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 18$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS=100
 GRIDS-N#2 & N#4 VOLTAGE=100
 GRID-N#1 MILLIAMPERES=0.5
 GRID-N#1 RESISTOR (OHMS)=20 000
 SEPARATE EXCITATION.



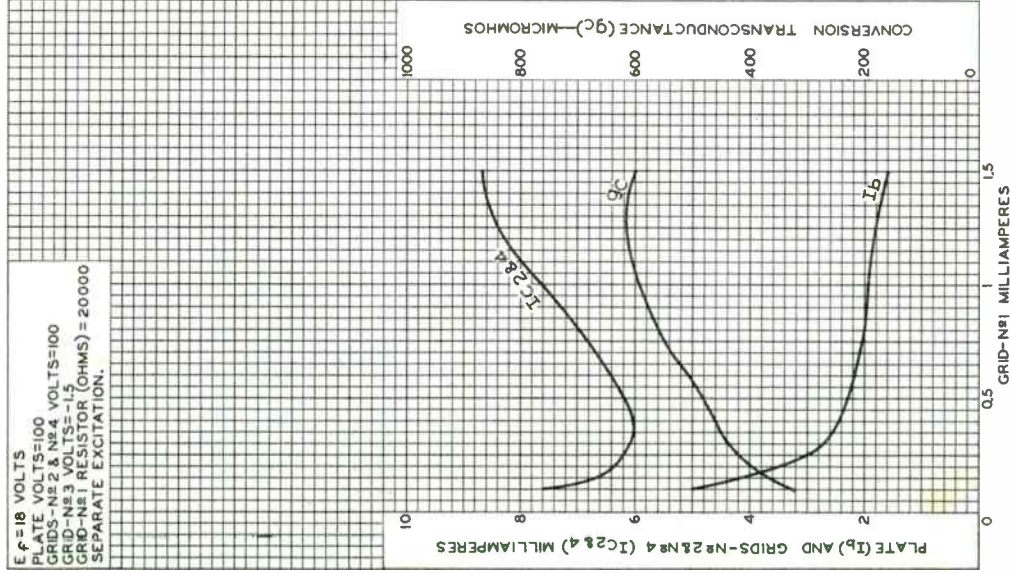
92CM-10777



18FX6A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 18$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 100
GRIDS - N₂ & N₄ VOLTS = 100
GRID - N₃ VOLTS = -1.5
GRID - N₁ RESISTOR (OHMS) = 20000
SEPARATE EXCITATION.



92CM-10782

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division



Harrison, N. J.

Twin Diode—High-Mu Triode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	18	volts
Current	0.1 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	20	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
Triode grid to triode plate	1.8	1.8	μf
Triode grid to cathode and heater.	2.4	2.4	μf
Triode plate to cathode and heater.	0.22	2	μf
Plate of diode unit No.2 to triode grid.	0.2 max.	0.2 max.	μf

Characteristics. Class A₁ Amplifier (Triode Unit):

Plate Voltage	100	volts
Grid Voltage.	-1	volt
Amplification Factor.	100	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	77000	ohms
Transconductance.	1300	μmhos
Plate Current	0.6	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip).	1-1/2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7BT

- | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Pin 1—Grid of Triode Unit | | Pin 5—Plate of Diode Unit No.2 |
| Pin 2—Cathode of Triode Unit and Diode Units No.1 and No.2 | | Pin 6—Plate of Diode Unit No.1 |
| Pin 3—Heater | | Pin 7—Plate of Triode Unit |
| Pin 4—Heater | | |



18FY6A

TRIODE UNIT — AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, *Design-Maximum Values:*

PLATE VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
GRID VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	0.5 max.	watt
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	100 max.	volts

DIODE UNITS — Two

Maximum Ratings, *Design-Maximum Values:*

Values are for Each Unit

PLATE CURRENT	1 max.	ma
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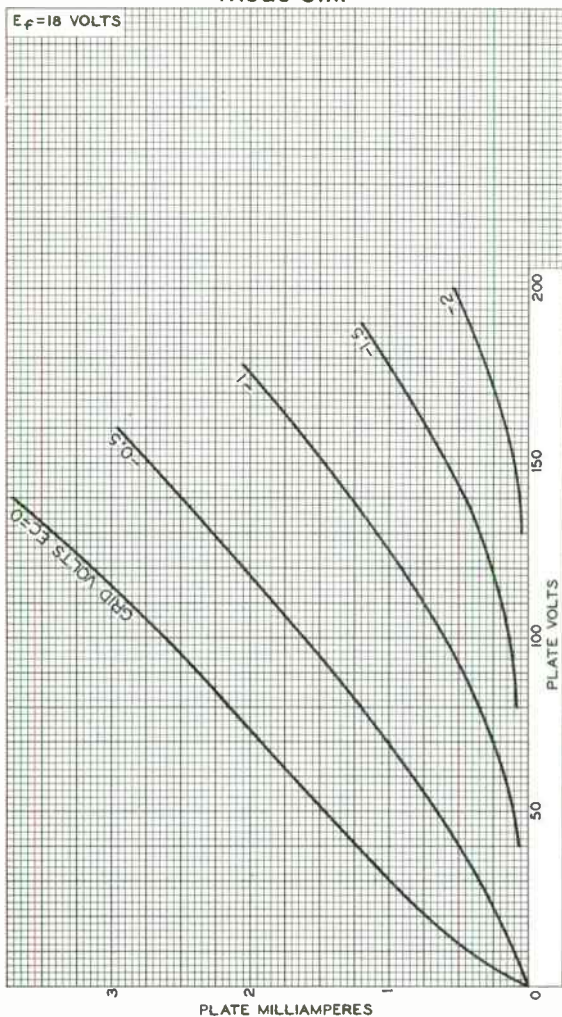
Characteristics, *Instantaneous Test Condition:*

Plate Current for plate volts = 10.	2	ma
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^a With external shield JEDEC No. 316 connected to cathode.



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-10775



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
7-61



19CG3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

Duodecar Type

The 19CG3 is the same as the 6CG3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	19.0 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

19CL8A

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Tetrode

9-Pin Miniature Type

Controlled Heater Warm-up Time

The 19CL8A is the same as the 6CL8A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.150 ± 0.010 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.150 A	18.9 V

19EA8

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-Pin Miniature Type

Controlled Heater Warm-up Time

The 19EA8 is the same as the 6EA8 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.150 ± 0.010 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.150 A	18.9 V

19FX5

Power Pentode

7-Pin Miniature Type

The 19FX5 is the same as the 60FX5 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.300 A	18.9 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

19HR6

Semiremote-Cutoff Pentode

7-Pin Miniature Type

The 19HR6 is the same as the 6HR6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.150 ± 0.010 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.150 A	18.9 V
Warm-up time (Average)	17 s

19HS6

Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

7-Pin Miniature Type

The 19HS6 is the same as the 6HS6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.150 ± 0.010 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.150 A	18.9 V
Warm-up time (Average)	17 s

19CG3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

Duodecar Type

The 19CG3 is the same as the 6CG3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	19.0 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

19CL8A

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Tetrode

Controlled Heater Warm-up Time

The 19CL8A is the same as the 6CL8A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.150 ± 0.010 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.150 A	18.9 V

19EA8

Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

Controlled Heater Warm-up Time

The 19EA8 is the same as the 6EA8 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.150 ± 0.010 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.150 A	18.9 V

19HR6

Semiremote-Cutoff Pentode

The 19HR6 is the same as the 6HR6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.150 ± 0.010 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.150 A	18.9 V
Warm-up time (Average).	17 s

19HS6

Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

The 19HS6 is the same as the 6HS6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.150 ± 0.010 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.150 A	18.9 V
Warm-up time (Average).	17 s

High-Mu Twin Triode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For High-Gain, Resistance-Coupled, Low-Level Audio-Amplifiers Operating at Low-Signal Levels, such as Preamplifiers for Low-Cost Stereophonic Phonographs

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage (AC or DC)	20	volts
Current	0.1 ± 6%	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^a

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	1.5	1.5	μf
Grid to cathode and heater. . .	1.6	1.6	μf
Plate to cathode and heater . .	0.2	0.3	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	100	250	volts
Grid Voltage.	-1	-2	volts
Amplification Factor.	100	100	
Plate Resistance (Approx.). . . .	80000	62500	ohms
Transconductance.	1250	1600	μhos
Plate Current	0.5	1.2	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip). . .	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9PG ←

Pin 1 - Heater

Pin 2 - Heater

Pin 3 - Internal Connection—Do Not Use

Pin 4 - Cathode of Unit No. 2

Pin 5 - Grid of Unit No. 2



Pin 6 - Plate of Unit No. 2

Pin 7 - Plate of Unit No. 1

Pin 8 - Grid of Unit No. 1

Pin 9 - Cathode of Unit No. 1

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE.	330 max.	volts
------------------------	----------	-------

← Indicates a change.



20EZ7

GRID VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value. 55 max. volts
Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts
PLATE DISSIPATION. 1.2 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. . 200 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . 200^b max. volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

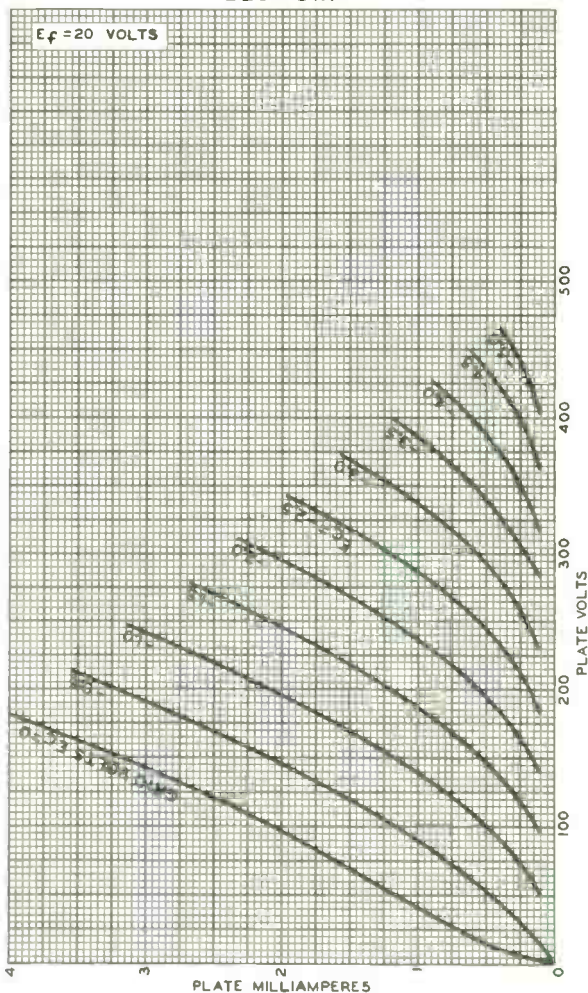
See *RESISTANCE-COUPLED-AMPLIFIER CHART No. 25*
at front of this Section

^a Without external shield.

^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



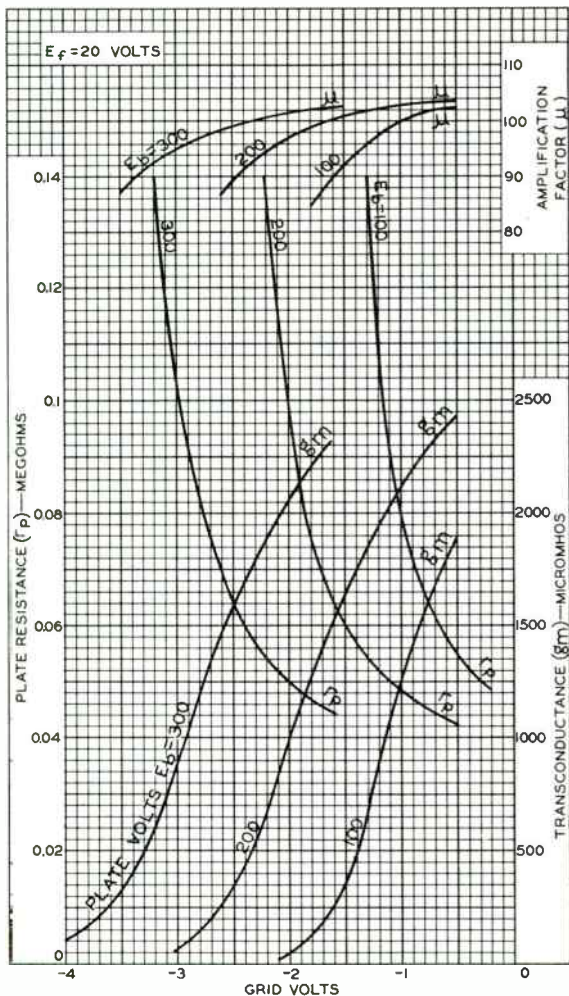
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-10804



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Each Unit



92CM-10805

Beam Power Tube

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

The 21EX6 is the same as the 6EX6 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	21.5	volts
Current	0.6 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec



High-Mu Triode-Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

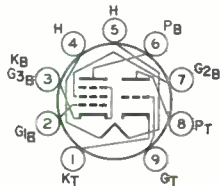
For Combined Vertical-Deflection Oscillator and Amplifier Service in Color TV Receivers

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Bogey Values

Heater Current	I_f	450	mA
Heater Voltage (AC or DC) at $I_f = 450$ mA	E_f	21.0	V
Heater Warm-up Time (Average).		11	s
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)			
Without external shield			
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate.	C_{gp}	6.0	pF
Input: G_T to (KT, H).	C_i	6.5	pF
Output: P_T to (KT, H).	C_o	1.6	pF
<i>Beam Power Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate	C_{gp}	0.7 max	pF
G_{1B} to (KB + G_{3B} , G_{2B} , H).	C_i	16.0	pF
P_B to (KB + G_{3B} , G_{2B} , H).	C_o	9.0	pF
G_{1B} to P_T		0.12 max	pF
P_B to P_T		0.32 max	pF
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW			9QT

- Pin 1 - Triode Cathode
- Pin 2 - Beam Power Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Beam Power Cathode & Grid No.3
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Beam Power Plate
- Pin 7 - Beam Power Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - Triode Plate
- Pin 9 - Triode Grid



CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

For the following characteristics, see Conditions

		<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Beam Power Unit</i>	
Amplification Factor	μ	58	-	6.5 ^a
Plate Resistance				
(Approx.)	r_p	16000	-	12000 -
Transconductance	g_m	3600	-	9300 -
				μ mhos
DC Plate Current	I_b	2.3	200 ^b	56 -
DC Grid-No.2 Current	I_g	-	20 ^b	3 -
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage				
$I_b = 10 \mu A$	$E_c(co)$	-6.6	-	-
$I_b = 1$ mA (Approx.)	$E_c(co)$	-	-	-26 -
$I_b = 100 \mu A$	$E_c(co)$	-	-	-30 -
				V



Conditions

		Triode Unit		Beam Power Unit	
Heater Voltage	E_f	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0 V
Plate Voltage	E_b	250	45	135	120 V
Grid-No.2 Voltage	E_c	-	125	120	120 V
Grid-No.1 Voltage	E_c	-4	0	-10	-10 V

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Position		Any
Type of Cathodes		Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length (l_m)		3.710 in
Maximum Seated Length (l_m)		3.330 in
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)		2.810 to 2.990 in
Diameter (d)		1.438 to 1.562 in
Envelope		T12
Bases (alternates)		
Small-Button Novar 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-76)		
Small-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-88)		

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION OSCILLATOR (Triode Unit)

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Voltage	E_b	400	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid Voltage	e_{cm}	400	V
Peak Cathode Current	i_{km}	105	mA
Average Cathode Current	$i_{k(av)}$	30	mA
Plate Dissipation	P_b	2.5	W
Peak Power Output	P_o	2.5	W

Maximum Circuit Values

Grid-Circuit Resistance	$R_g(ckt)$	
For grid-resistor-bias operation		2.2 M Ω

VERTICAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER (Beam Power Unit)

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system

DC Plate Voltage	E_b	400	V
Peak Positive-Pulse Plate Voltage ^c	e_{bm}	2500 ^d	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	E_c	300	V
Peak Negative-Pulse Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	e_{cm}	250	V
Peak Cathode Current	i_{km}	260	mA
Average Cathode Current	$i_{k(av)}$	75	mA
Plate Dissipation ^e	P_b	14	W
Grid-No.2 Input ^e	P_c	2.75	W
Envelope Temperature	T_E	210	$^{\circ}C$

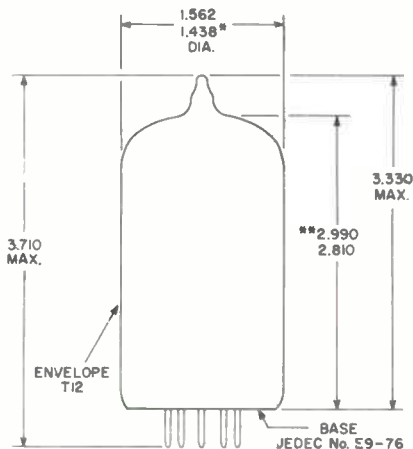
MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid-Circuit Resistance	$R_g(ckt)$	
For fixed-bias operation		1 M Ω
For grid-resistor-bias operation		2.2 M Ω

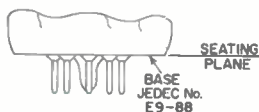


- a Triode connection.
- b This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the plate dissipation and grid-No.2 input will be kept within ratings in order to prevent damage to the tube.
- c This rating is applicable where the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one vertical scanning cycles is 2.5 milliseconds.
- d Absolute Maximum value.
- e An adequate bias resistor or other means is required to protect the tube in the absence of excitation.

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE
Top Exhaust (JEDEC No. 12-65)



92CS-13502A



92CS-11127R3B

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

Bottom-exhaust version has the same dimensions for maximum overall length and seated length as the top-exhaust outline shown.

- * Applies to the minimum diameter except in the area of the seal.
- ** Measured from the base seat to bulb-top line as determined by arcing gauge of 0.600" I.D.



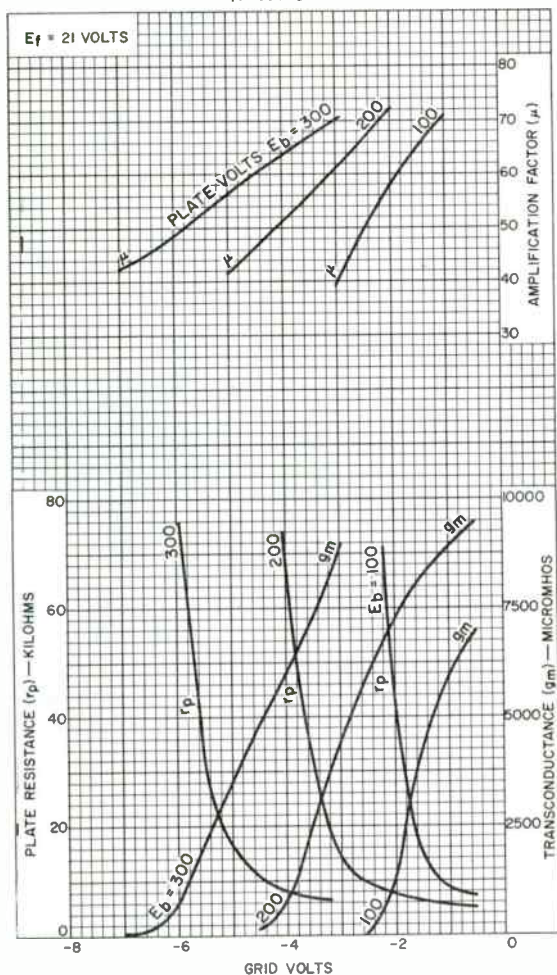
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices

Harrison, N. J.

DATA 2
10-65

Typical Characteristics

Triode Unit

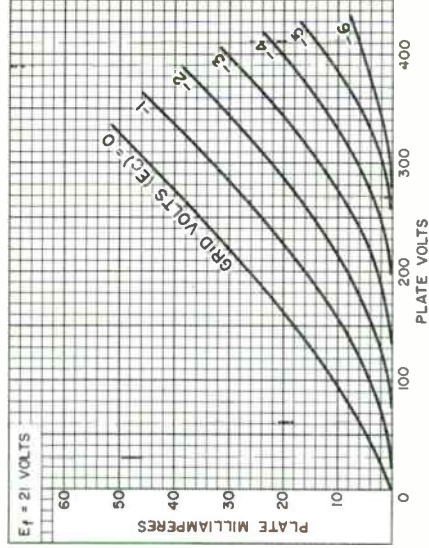


92CM-13506



Typical Plate Characteristics

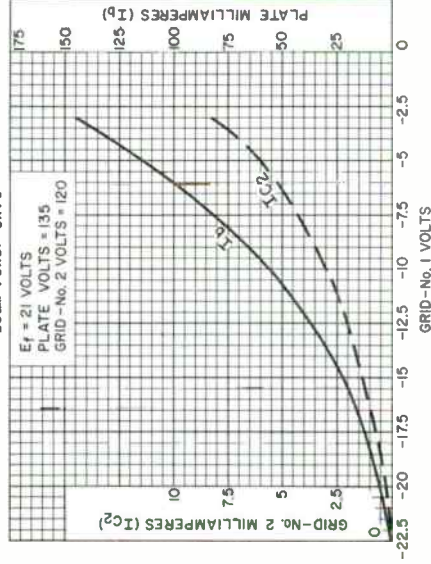
Triode Unit



92CS-13508

Typical Characteristics

Beam Power Unit



92CS-13509



22BH3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 22BH3 is the same as the 6BH3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	I_h	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450A	E_h	22.4	V
Warm-up time (Average)		11	s

22BH3A

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

NOVAR TYPE

For TV Damper Service

The 22BH3A is the same as the 6BH3A except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	I_h	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450A	E_h	22.4	V
Warm-up time (Average)		11	s

22DE4

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

For TV Damper Service

The 22DE4 is the same as the 6DE4 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	I_h	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450A	E_h	22.4	V
Warm-up time (Average)		11	s



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electronic Components and Devices
Harrison, N. J.

DATA
7-67

22JF6

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

For Horizontal-Deflection-Amplifier Service
in Low-B+, Black-and-White TV Receivers

The 22JF6 is the same as the 6JF6 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	I_h	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450A	E_h	22.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)		11	s



22JG6A

Beam Power Tube

Novar Type

The 22JG6A is the same as the 6JG6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	22.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

22JR6

Beam Power Tube

Novar Type

The 22JR6 is the same as the 6JR6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	22.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

22JU6

Beam Power Tube

Novar Type

The 22JU6 is the same as the 6JU6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	22.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

22KM6

Beam Power Tube

Novar Type

The 22KM6 is the same as the 6KM6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	22.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

22KV6A

Beam Power Tube

Novor Type

The 22KV6A is the same as the 6KV6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	22.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

24JE6A

Beam Power Tube

Novor Type

The 24JE6A is the same as the 6JE6A except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	24.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

24LQ6

Beam Power Tube

Novor Type

The 24LQ6 is the same as the 6LQ6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	24.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

24LZ6

Beam Power Tube

NOVAR TYPE

The 24LZ6 is the same as the 6LZ6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	24 V

25AV5GA

Beam Power Tube

The 25AV5GA is the same as the 6AV5GA except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.300 A	25 V

25AX4GT

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

FOR TV DAMPER SERVICE

The 25AX4GT is the same as the 6AX4GTB except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.300 A	25 V

25BK5

Beam Power Tube

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 25BK5 is the same as the 6BK5 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020	A
Voltage	25	V

25BQ6GTB/25CU6

The 25BQ6GTB/25CU6 is the same as the 6BQ6GTB/6CU6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020	A
Voltage	25	V



25C5

25C5

BEAM POWER TUBE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	25	. . . . .	ac or dc volts
Current	0.3	. . . . .	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.)⁰:

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.6	μ f
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2 and heater.	13	μ f
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2 and heater.	8.5	μ f

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length.	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" \pm 3/32"
Maximum Diameter.	3/4"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JETEC No.E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7CV

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	135	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	117	max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive bias value	0	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.25	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	6	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200*	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220	max.	°C

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	120	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-8	volts

⁰, *; see next page.

25C5



25C5

BEAM POWER TUBE

Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	8	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	49	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	50	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	4	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	8.5	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	10000	ohms
Transconductance	7500	μ mhos
Load Resistance.	2500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	2.3	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

° without external shield.

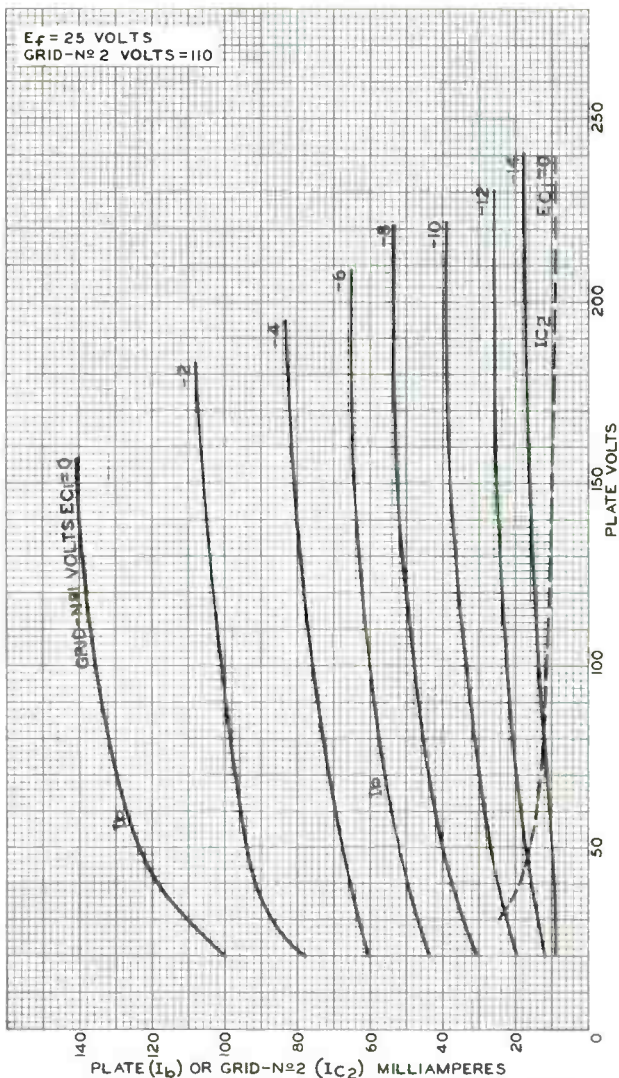
* The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



25C5

25C5

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-8908R2

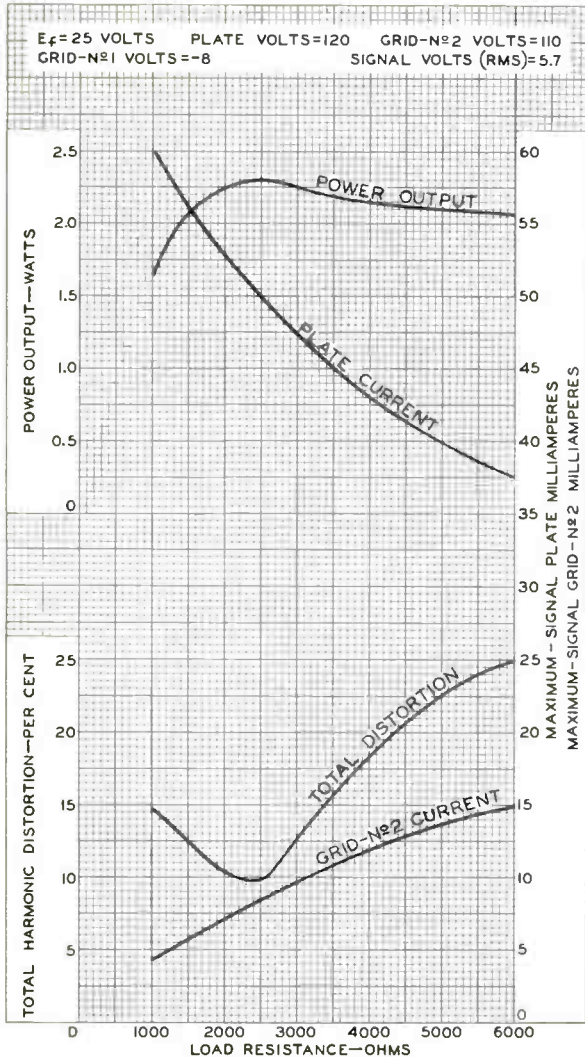
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

25C5



25C5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-8918RI

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

25CD6GB

Beam Power Tube

The 25CD6GB is the same as the 6CD6GA except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 A
Voltage (ac or dc)	25.0 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

25CG3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

Duodecar Type

The 25CG3 is the same as the 6CG3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	25.0 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

25CK3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

Novar Type

The 25CK3 is the same as the 6CK3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.300 A	25.2 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

25CM3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

Novar Type

The 25CM3 is the same as the 6CM3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ± 0.040 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	25.0 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

25CT3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

9-Pin Miniature Type

The 25CT3 is the same as the 6CT3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.300 A	25.2 V
Warm-up time (Average)	11 s

25CD6GB

Beam Power Tube

The 25CD6GB is the same as the 6CD6GA except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 A
Voltage (ac or dc)	25.0 V
Warm-up time (Average).	11 s

25CG3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

Duodecar Type

The 25CG3 is the same as the 6CG3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.450 A	25.0 V
Warm-up time (Average).	11 s

25CK3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

Novar Type

The 25CK3 is the same as the 6CK3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.300 ± 0.020 A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.300 A	25.2 V
Warm-up time (Average).	11 s

25CM3

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

The 25CM3 is the same as the 6CM3 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.600 ±0.040	A
Voltage (ac or dc) at 0.600 A	25.0	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s



25DN6

BEAM POWER TUBE

Intended for use in equipment having series heater-string arrangement

25DN6

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	25	ac or dc volts
Current	0.6	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of this Section.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):⁰

Grid No.1 to plate	0.8	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	22	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	11.5	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	50	125	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	100	125	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	0	-18	volts
Mu Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1	-	4.35	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	4000	ohms
Transconductance	-	9000	μmhos
Plate Current	240*	70	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	30*	6.3	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate current of 0.5 ma	-	-36	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Vertical, base up or down, or Horizontal with pins 1 and 3 in vertical plane
Maximum Overall Length	5"
Seated Length	4-1/4" ± 3/16"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/16"
Bulb	T12
Cap.	Small (JETEC No.C1-1)
Base	Short Medium-Shell Octal 8-Pin with External Barriers, Style B (JETEC No.38-118)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	5BT

- Pin 1 - No Connection
- Pin 2 - Heater
- Pin 3 - Cathode, Grid No.3
- Pin 4 - No Connection



- Pin 5 - Grid No.1
- Pin 6 - No Connection
- Pin 7 - Heater
- Pin 8 - Grid No.2
- Cap - Plate

⁰, * : See next page.

25DN6



25DN6

BEAM POWER TUBE

HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values Except as Noted:

For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame system[□]

DC PLATE VOLTAGE	700	max.	volts
PEAK POSITIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE (Absolute maximum) [⊙]	6600 [■]	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1500	max.	volts
DC GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	175	max.	volts
PEAK NEGATIVE-PULSE GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE	200	max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT:			
Peak	700	max.	ma
Average	200	max.	ma
GRID-No.2 INPUT	3	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION [†]	15	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲]	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	225	max.	°C

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

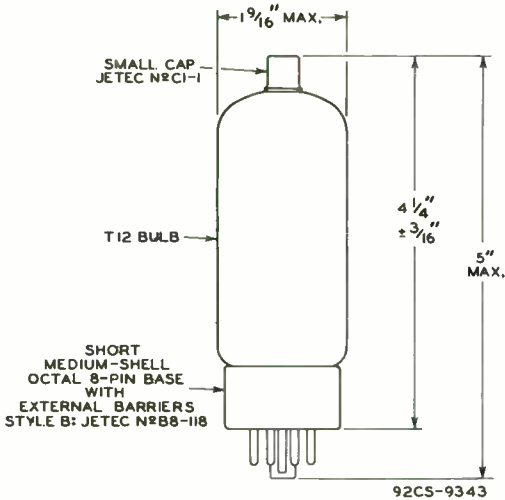
For grid-resistor-bias operation[‡] 0.47 max. megohm[⊙] without external shield.[■] These values can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.[□] As described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations", Federal Communications Commission.[⊙] This rating is applicable when the duration of the voltage pulse does not exceed 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle. In a 525-line, 30-frame system, 15 per cent of one horizontal scanning cycle is 10 microseconds.[■] Under no circumstances should this absolute value be exceeded.[†] It is essential that the plate dissipation be limited in the event of loss of grid-No.1 signal. For this purpose, some protective means such as a cathode resistor of suitable value should be employed.[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



25DN6

BEAM POWER TUBE

25DN6





25EH5

25EH5 POWER PENTODE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 25EH5 is the same as the 6EH5 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage.	25	. . . . .	ac or dc volts
Current.	0.3	. . . . .	amp



Beam Power Tube

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Current	0.150 ± 0.010	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.150	25.0	volts
Warm-up time (Average).	17	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage: Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 ^a	max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances
(Approx.):^b

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.44	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	12.0	pf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	8.0	pf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-7.5	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	13000	ohms
Transconductance.	6400	μmhos
Plate Current	43	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.8	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	7CV

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Plate



25F5A

AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	130 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.1 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	5.5 max.	watts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220 max.	°C

Typical Operation:

Plate Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-7.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	7.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	43	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	45	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	3.8	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	7.3	ma
Effective Load Resistance	2500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	7	%
Maximum-Signal Power Output	1.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation.	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.5 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	130 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.1 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	5.5 max.	watts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface).	220 max.	°C

Typical Operation:

Values are for two tubes

Plate Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-8	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage.	14.4	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	82	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	88	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	7.2	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	12.5	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate-to-plate).	4500	ohms



25F5A

Total Harmonic Distortion	2.6	%
Maximum-Signal Power Output	2.9	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.5 max.	megohm

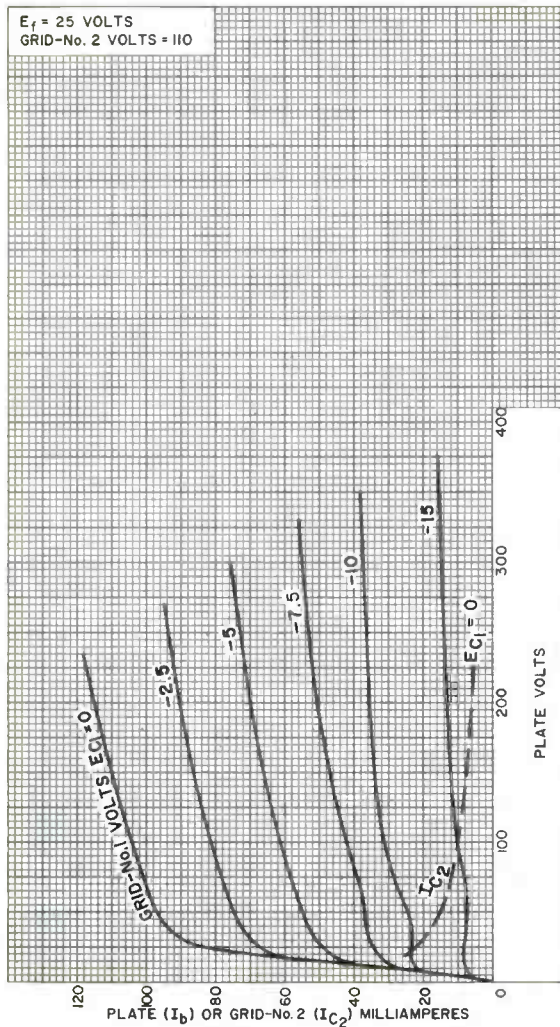
^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b without external shield.



25F5A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-11682

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division

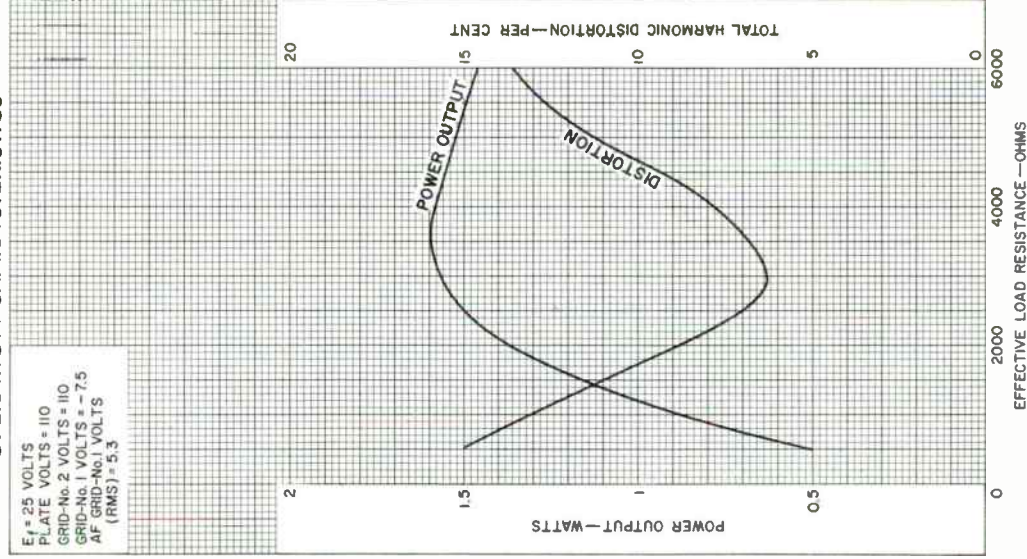
Harrison, N. J.



25F5A

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 25$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 110
GRID-No. 2 VOLTS = 110
GRID-No. 1 VOLTS = -7.5
AF GRID-No. 1 VOLTS
(RMS) = 5.3



92CM-11680



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
1-63



25JQ6

Beam Power Tube with an Integral Diode

The 25JQ6 is the same as the 6JQ6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.300 ± 0.020	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.300 A.	25.2	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

31LQ6

Beam Power Tube

Novar Type

The 31LQ6 is the same as the 6LQ6 except for:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current.	0.450 ± 0.020	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	31.0	V
Warm-up time (Average)	11	s

00121

Power Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Current	0.100 ± 0.006	amp
Voltage (AC or DC) at heater amperes = 0.100	32	volts
Warm-up time (Average)	20	sec
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances
(Approx.):^b

Grid No.1 to plate	0.6	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	12.0	pf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	6.0	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7CV

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, *Design-Maximum Values*:

PLATE VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	130 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.2 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	5.4 max.	watts



32ET5A

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-7.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	7.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	30	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	2.8	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	21500	ohms
Transconductance	5500	μ mhos
Load Resistance	2800	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	1.2	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1	max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5	max.	megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b Without external shield.



Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

The 34CM3 is the same as the 6CM3 except for the following items:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

Current	0.450 ± 0.030	A
Voltage (AC or DC) at 0.450 A	33.5	V
Warm-up time (Average).	11	s





34GD5A

Beam Power Tube

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	34	volts
Current	0.1 ± 6%	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	20	sec

Direct Inter-electrode Capacitances

(Approx.):^a

Grid No.1 to plate	0.6	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	12	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	6	μf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7CV

Pin 1-Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 2-Grid No.1
Pin 3-Heater



Pin 4-Heater
Pin 5-Grid No.1
Pin 6-Grid No.2
Pin 7-Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	150	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	130	max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value	50	max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.1	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	5	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^b	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)	250	max.	°C



34GD5A

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-7.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	7.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	35	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	3	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	13000	ohms
Transconductance	5700	μ mhos
Load Resistance	2500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	1.4	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

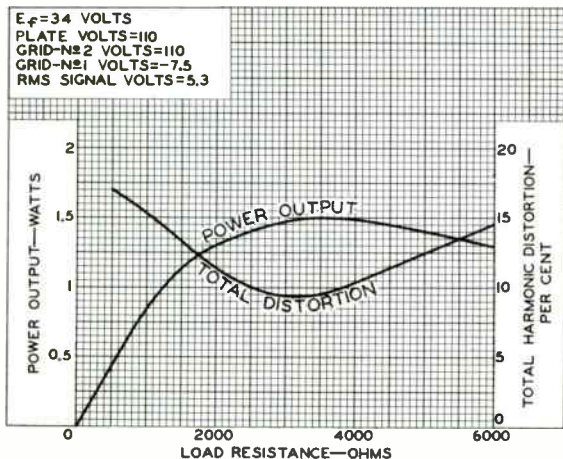
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

^a Without external shield.

^b The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

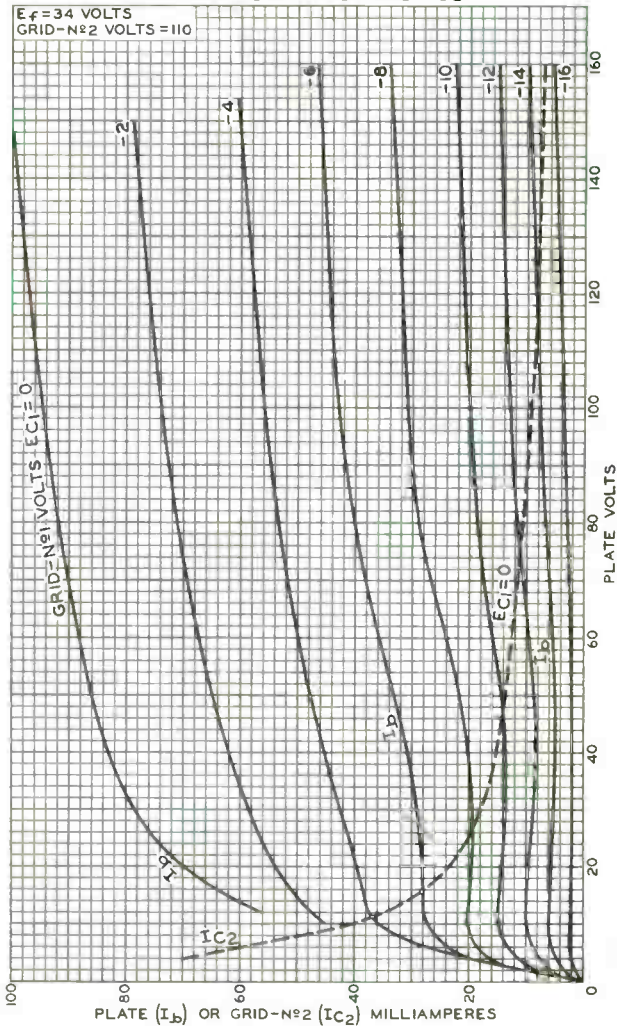
OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



92CS-10780



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



92CM-10779





35C5

35C5

BEAM POWER TUBE

MINIATURE TYPE

Except for a different basing arrangement, which simplifies the problem of meeting Underwriters' Laboratories requirements in the design of ac/dc receivers, the 35C5 is similar to the miniature type 35B5.

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 35 ac or dc volts

Current 0.15 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

Grid No.1 to plate 0.60 μf

Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3,
grid No.2, and heater. 12 μf

Plate to cathode & grid No.3,
grid No.2, and heater. 9 μf

Mechanical:

Mounting Position Any

Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"

Maximum Seated Length 2-3/8"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 2" \pm 3/32"

Maximum Diameter 3/4"

Bulb T-5-1/2

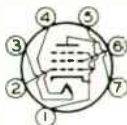
Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No.E7-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 7CV

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

Pin 2 - Grid No.1

Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - heater

Pin 5 - Grid No.1

Pin 6 - Grid No.2

Pin 7 - Plate

AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 135 max. volts

GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE 117 max. volts

PLATE DISSIPATION 4.5 max. watts

GRID-No.2 INPUT 1 max. watt

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 180 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 180 max. volts

BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point) \blacklozenge 250 max. $^{\circ}\text{C}$

^o without external shield.

\blacklozenge High ambient temperature and shielding may necessitate a reduction in operating dissipation. When tube shields are used it is advisable to paint both inside and outside surfaces of tube shield a dull black and to provide ventilation slots to reduce operating temperature.

\leftarrow Indicates a change.

35C5



35C5

BEAM POWER TUBE

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage.	110	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	110	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage.	-7.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	7.5	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	40	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current (Approx.).	41	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	3	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	7	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	13000	ohms
Transconductance	5800	μ mhos
Load Resistance	2500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	1.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (For maximum rated conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max. megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max. megohm

Curves shown under type 35B5 also apply to the 35C5

Power Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	35 ± 10%	volts
Current at 35 volts	0.15	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances
{Approx.}:^A

Grid No.1 to plate	0.65	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	17	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	9	μf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7CV

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Plate

AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	150 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	130 max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.75 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	5 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^o max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)	225 max.	°C



35EH5

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Supply Voltage.	110	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	115	volts
Cathode Resistor.	62	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	3	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	32	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	32	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	7.2	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	12	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	14000	ohms
Transconductance.	12000	μ mhos
Load Resistance	3000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	8	%
Max.-Signal Power Output.	1.2	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

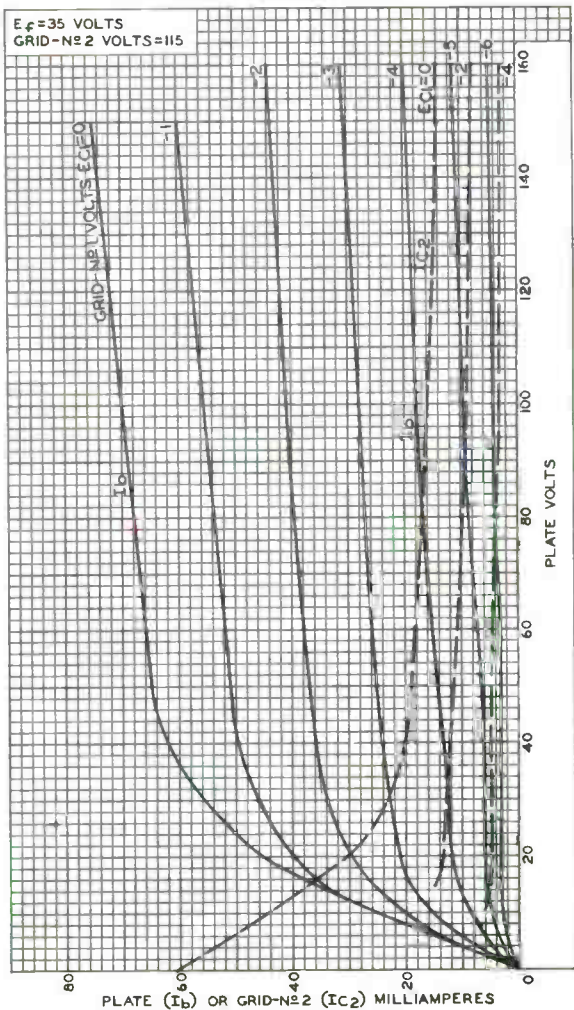
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation.	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.5 max.	megohm

▲ Without external shield.

● The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



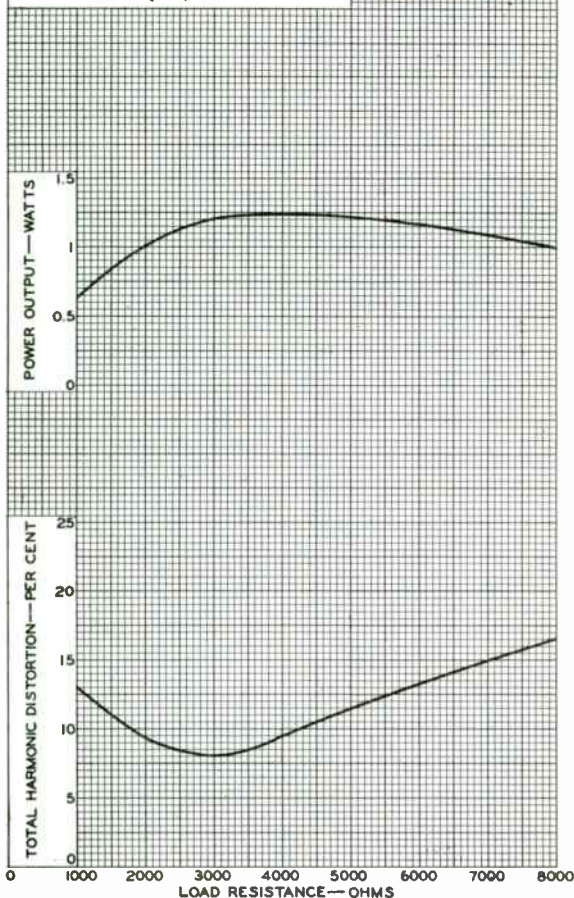
92CM-10551



35EH5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f=35$ VOLTS
PLATE SUPPLY VOLTS=110
GRID-N₂ SUPPLY VOLTS=115
CATHODE RESISTOR (OHMS)=62
CATHODE-BYPASS CAPACITOR (μf)=100
SIGNAL VOLTS (RMS)=2.1



92CM-10547





35L6-GT

35L6-GT

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 35 ac or dc volts
Current 0.15 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):⁰

Grid No.1 to Plate 0.8 μmf
Input 13 μmf
Output 9.5 μmf

⁰ with no external shield.

Mechanical:

Mounting Position Any
Maximum Overall Length 3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Length 2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter 1-5/16"
Bulb T-9
Base Intermediate-Shell Octal 7-Pin
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW G-7AC

Pin 1 - No
Connection
Pin 2 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate
Pin 4 - Grid No.2



Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

AF POWER AMPLIFIER - Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 200 max. volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE 117 max. volts
PLATE DISSIPATION 8.5 max. watts
GRID-No.2 DISSIPATION 1.0 max. watt
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
Heater negative with respect to cathode 90 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode 90 max. volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage 110 200 . . volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage 110 110 . . volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage -7.5 -8 . . volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage 7.5 8 . . volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current 40 41 . . ma.
Max.-Signal Plate Current 41 44 . . ma.
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current 3 2 . . ma.
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current 7 7 . . ma.
Plate Resistance (Approx.) 14000 40000 . . ohms
Transconductance 5800 5900 . . μmhos
Load Resistance 2500 4500 . . ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion 10 10 . . %
Max.-Sig. Power Output 1.5 3.3 . . watts

JUNE 20, 1947

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA

35L6-GT



35L6-GT BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Maximum Circuit Values (for maximum rated conditions):

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed bias	0.1 . . megohm
For cathode bias	0.5 . . megohm

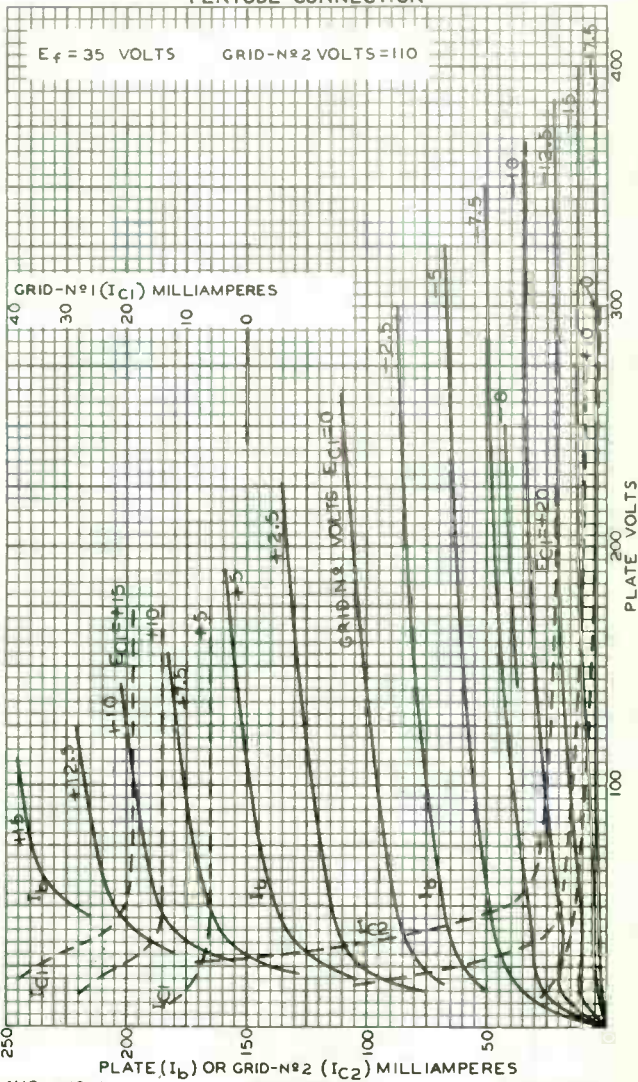
Curves shown under Type 35B5 are also applicable
to the 35L6-GT.



35L6-GT

35L6-GT

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION



AUG. 11, 1941

TUBE DEPARTMENT

92CM-6309

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

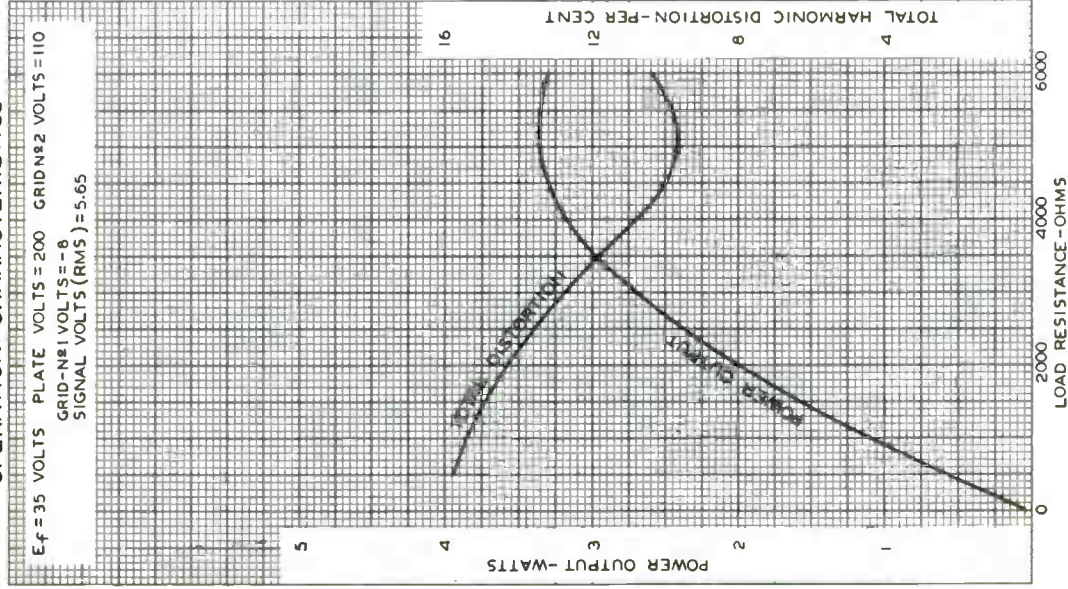
35L6-GT



35L6-GT

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 35$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = 200 GRID#2 VOLTS = 110
GRID-N#1 VOLTS = -8
SIGNAL VOLTS (RMS) = 5.65



AUG. 21, 1941

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

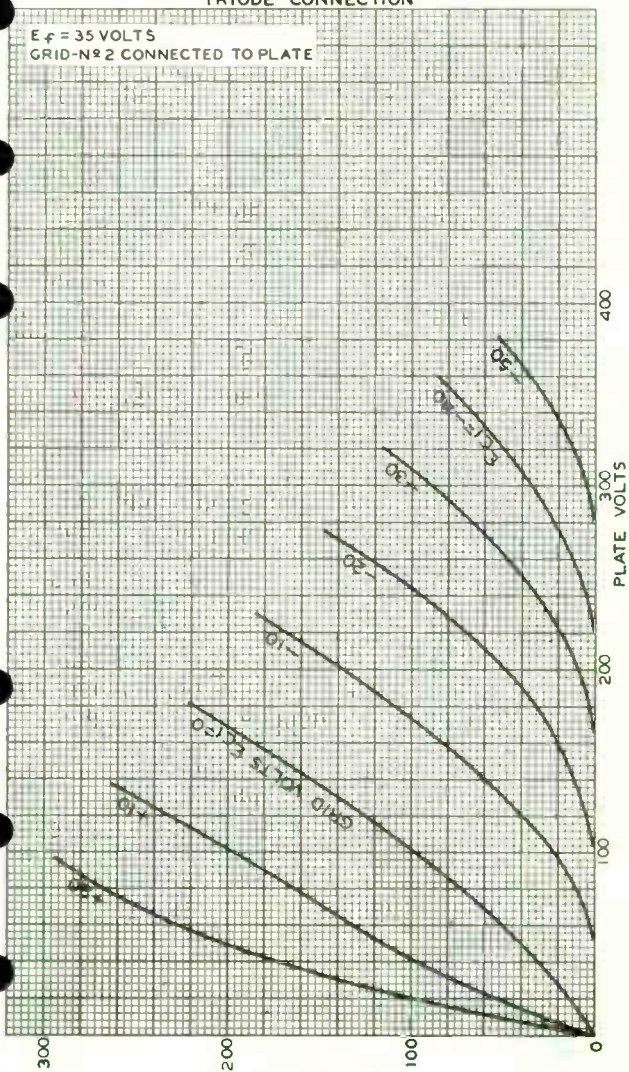
92CM - 6315



35L6-GT

35L6-GT AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 35$ VOLTS
GRID-N^o 2 CONNECTED TO PLATE



AUG. 6, 1941

PLATE MILLIAMPERES
TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM - 6307RI



35W4

35W4

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

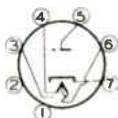
Electrical:		<i>Without</i>	<i>With No. 40</i>	
		<i>Panel</i>	<i>or No. 47</i>	
Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:		<i>Lamp</i>	<i>Panel Lamp</i>	
Voltage (AC or DC):				
Entire Heater (pins 3 & 4)	35		32	volts
Panel-Lamp Section (pins 4 & 6)	7.5		5.5	volts
Current { between pins 3 & 4	0.15		-	amp
{ between pins 3 & 6	-		0.15	amp

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length from Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	3/4"
Bulb	T-5-1/2

Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin 5BQ

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW | 5BQ |
| Pin 1 - No Connection | Pin 6 - Heater Tap |
| Pin 2 - No Connection | Pin 7 - Cathode |
| Pin 3 - Heater | Panel-Lamp Heater |
| Pin 4 - Heater | Section is between pins 4 & 6 |
| Pin 5 - Plate | |



HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts
PEAK PLATE CURRENT	600 max.	ma
DC OUTPUT CURRENT:		
With Panel Lamp & { No Shunting Resistor	60 max.	ma
{ Shunting Resistor	90 max.	ma
Without Panel Lamp	100 max.	ma
PANEL-LAMP-SECTION VOLTAGE (RMS):		
When panel lamp fails	15 max.	volts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	330 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	330 max.	volts

Typical Operation with No.40 or No.47 Panel Lamp in Accompanying Half-Wave Circuit with Capacitor-Input Filter:

AC Plate-Supply Volt. (RMS).	117	117	117	117	volts
Filter-Input Capacitor	40	40	40	40	µf
Min. Total Effective					
Plate-Supply Impedance	15	15	15	15	ohms
Panel-Lamp Shunting Res.	-	300	150	100	ohms
DC Output Current	60	70	80	90	ma

← Indicates a change.

35W4



35W4

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

Typical Operation without Panel Lamp in Conventional Half-Wave Circuit with Capacitor-Input Filter:

AC Plate-Supply Voltage (RMS)	117	volts
Filter-Input Capacitor	40	μ f
Min. Total Effective Plate-Supply Imped.	15	ohms
DC Output Current	100	ma
DC Output Voltage at Input to Filter (Approx.):		
→ At half-load current (50 ma.)	135	volts
→ At full-load current (100 ma.)	120	volts
Voltage Regulation (Approx.):		
→ Half-load to full-load current	15	volts

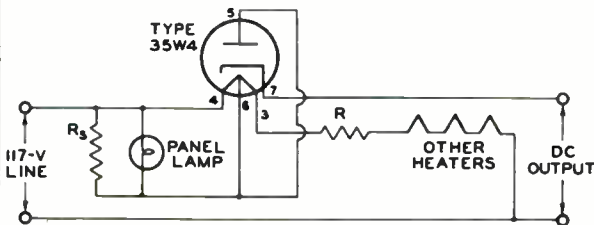
Maximum Circuit Values:

Panel-Lamp Shunting Resistor:^{*}

For dc output current of	{ 70 ma.	800 max.	ohms
	{ 80 ma.	400 max.	ohms
	{ 90 ma.	250 max.	ohms

^{*}Required when dc output current is greater than 60 ma.

HALF-WAVE CIRCUIT with No.45 or No.47 Panel Lamp



DROP ACROSS R AND ALL HEATERS (WITH PANEL LAMP) SHOULD EQUAL 117 VOLTS AT 0.15 AMPERE. R₃ = SHUNTING RESISTOR REQUIRED WHEN DC OUTPUT CURRENT EXCEEDS 60 MILLIAMPERES

92CS-6626

Devices and arrangements shown or described herein may use patents of RCA or others. Information contained herein is furnished without responsibility by RCA for its use and without prejudice to RCA's patent rights.

→ Indicates a change.

35W4



35W4

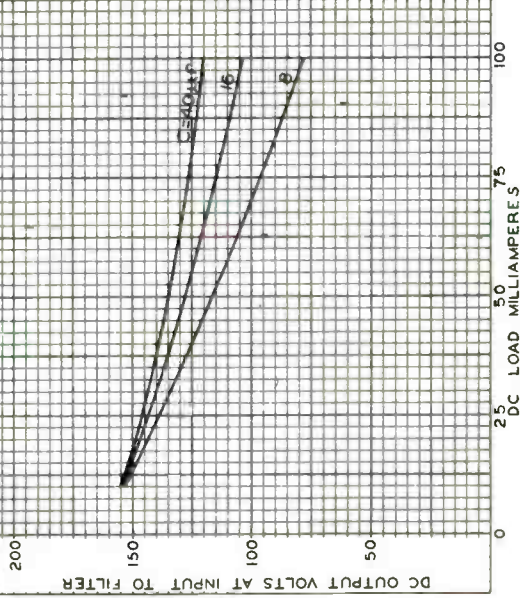
OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER

$E_f = 35$ VOLTS BETWEEN PINS N°3 & N°4
(NO TAP CONNECTION)

PLATE VOLTS = 117 RMS

TOTAL EFFECTIVE PLATE - SUPPLY
IMPEDANCE = 15 OHMS

C = CAPACITOR INPUT TO FILTER



MAY 19, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

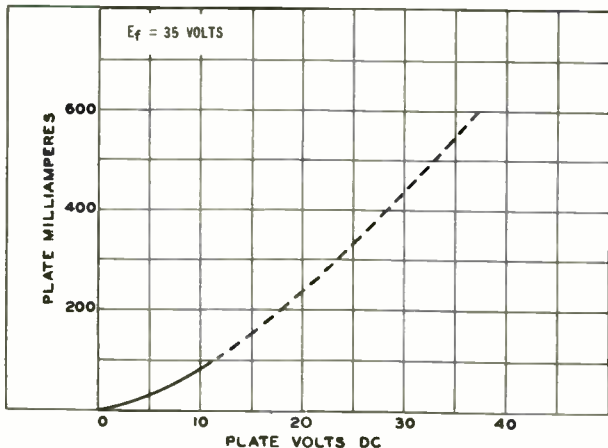
92CM-6615RI

35W4



35W4

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTIC



92CM-6305TV

Half-Wave Vacuum Rectifier

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

With Heater Having Controlled Warm-Up Time

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater^a, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC):

Entire heater (Pins 3 and 4) 36 volts

Tap-section (Pins 3 and 6) 32 volts

Current:

Tap-section (Pins 3 and 6) $0.1 \pm 6\%$ amp

Warm-up time (Average) 20 sec

Mechanical:

Operating Position Any

Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"

Maximum Seated Length 2-3/8"

Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) $2" \pm 3/32"$

Diameter 0.650" to 0.750"

Dimensional Outline See *General Section*

Bulb T5-1/2

Base Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 5BQ

Pin 1—No Connection

Pin 2—No Connection

Pin 3—Heater



Pin 4—Heater

Pin 5—Plate

Pin 6—Heater Tap

Pin 7—Cathode

HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE 365 max. volts

PEAK PLATE CURRENT 530 max. ma

DC OUTPUT CURRENT 82 max. ma

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode 350^b max. voltsHeater positive with respect to cathode 200^c max. volts

Typical Operation:

*In accompanying typical half-wave
circuit with capacitor-input filter*

AC Plate Supply Voltage (RMS) 120 volts

Filter-Input Capacitor 40 μ f

Total Effective Plate Supply Resistance a

DC Output Current 75 ma

DC Output Voltage at Input
to Filter (Approx.) 11B volts

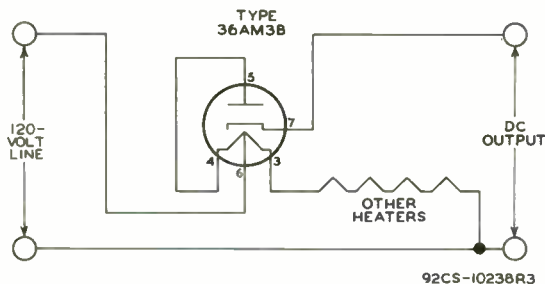
36AM3B

Characteristics:

Tube-Voltage Drop for plate ma. = 150 16 volts

- a The heater of the 36AM3B is designed so that the heater section between pins 4 and 6 is used as a limiting resistance in the rectifier plate circuit (See accompanying *Typical Half-Wave Circuit*). This type is not designed for use with a panel lamp where the heater section between pins 4 and 6 is used as a panel-lamp shunt.
- b The DC component must not exceed 350 volts.
- c The DC component must not exceed 100 volts.

TYPICAL HALF-WAVE CIRCUIT





50B5

50B5

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 50 ac or dc volts
Current 0.15 amp.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):⁰

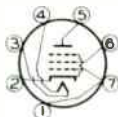
Grid-No.1 to Plate 0.5 μmf
Input 13 μmf
Output 6.5 μmf

Mechanical:

Mounting Position Any
Maximum Overall Length 2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length 2-3/8"
Length from Base Seat
to Bulb Top (excluding tip) 2" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter 3/4"
Bulb T-5-1/2
Base Miniature Button 7-Pin

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 7BZ

Pin 1 - Grid No.1
Pin 2 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 3 - Heater
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Plate
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Grid No.1



CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 117 max. volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN) VOLTAGE 117 max. volts
PLATE DISSIPATION 5.5 max. watts
GRID-No.2 DISSIPATION 1.25 max. watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
Heater negative with respect to cathode. 90 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. 90 max. volts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage 110 volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage 110 volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage -7.5 volts
Peak A-F Grid-No.1 Voltage 7.5 volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current 49 ma.
Max.-Signal Plate Current 50 ma.

⁰With no external shield.

50B5



50B5

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.) . .	4	. . .	ma.
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current (Approx.) . .	8.5	. . .	ma.
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	14000	. . .	ohms
Transconductance	7500	. . .	μmhos
Load Resistance.	2500	. . .	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	9	. . .	%
Max.-Sig. Power Output	1.9	. . .	watts

Maximum Circuit Values (for maximum rated conditions):

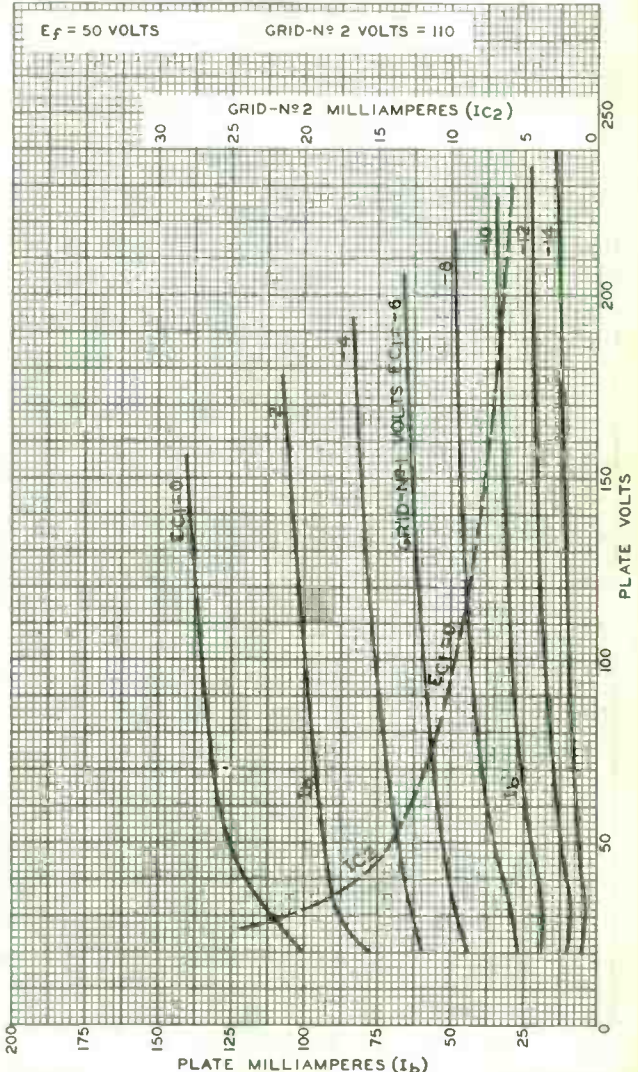
Grid-No.1-Circuit Res. . .	{	fixed bias	0.1	. . .	megohm
		cathode bias	0.5	. . .	megohm



50B5

50B5

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION



OCT. 8, 1945

RCA VICTOR DIVISION

92CM-6603

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

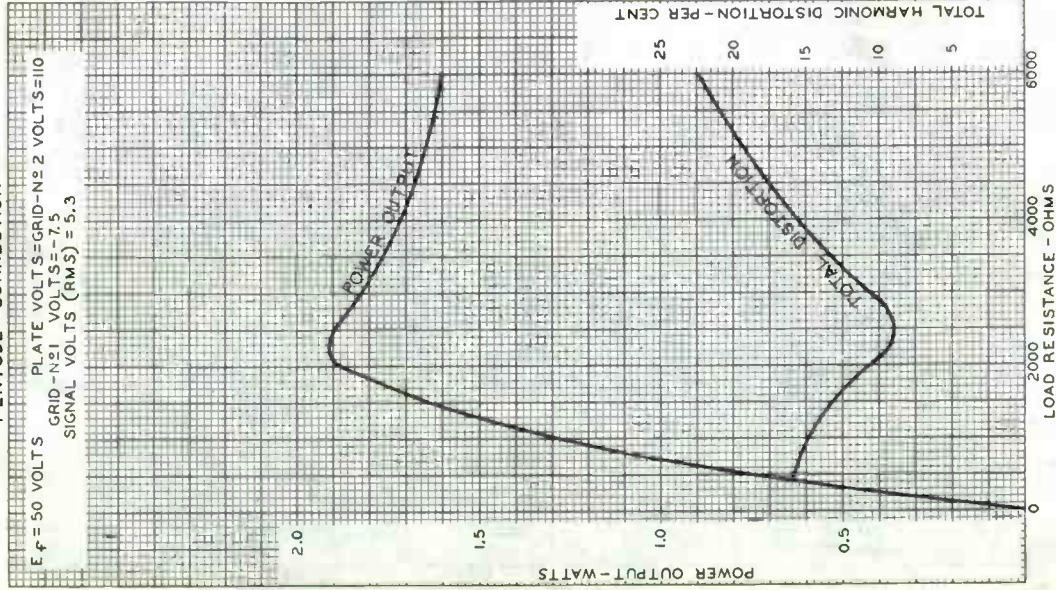
50B5



50B5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 50$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = GRID-N₂ VOLTS = 110
 GRID-N₁ VOLTS = -7.5
 SIGNAL VOLTS (R.M.S) = 5.3



OCT. 24, 1945

 RCA VICTOR DIVISION
 RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARTISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM - 6612



50C5

50C5

BEAM POWER TUBE

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	50 + 10%	volts
Current	0.15	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

Grid No.1 to plate	0.6	μ f
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	13	μ f
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	8.5	μ f

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7CV

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Plate

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	150	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	130	max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE	0	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.4	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPAT'ON	7	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲]	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)	220	max.	°C

← indicates a change.

50C5



50C5

BEAM POWER TUBE

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage.	120	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	110	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-8	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	8	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	49	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	50	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	4	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	8.5	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	10000	ohms
Transconductance	7500	μ hos
Load Resistance.	2500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	10	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	2.3	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

^o Without external shield.

[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

NOTE: Except for a different basing arrangement, which simplifies the problem of meeting Underwriters' Laboratories requirements in the design of ac/dc receivers, the 50C5 is similar to the miniature type 50B5.

→ Indicates a change.

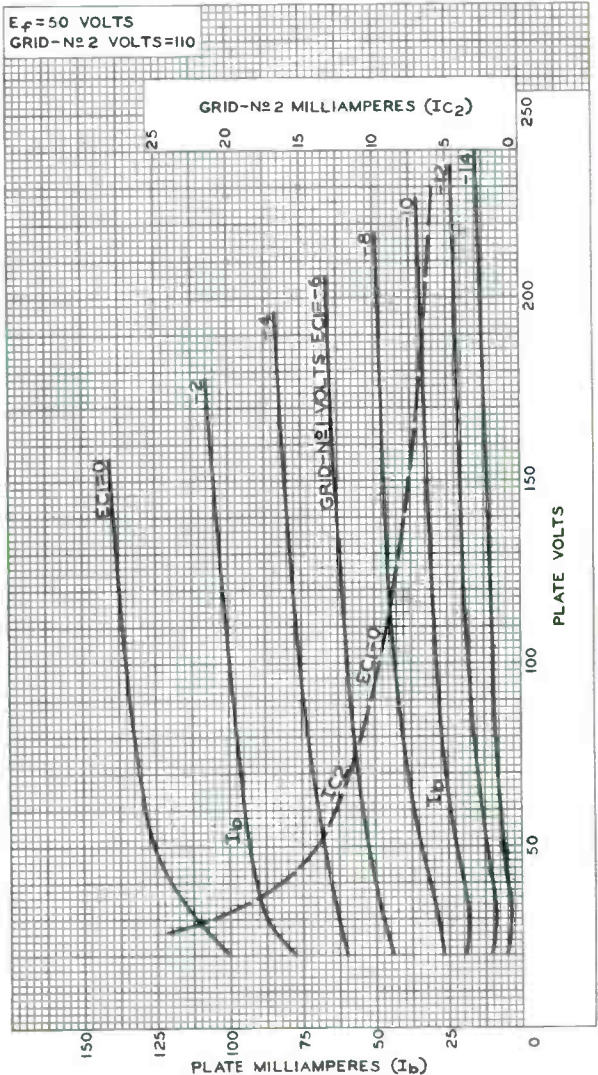


50C5

50C5

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_p = 50$ VOLTS
GRID-№2 VOLTS = 110



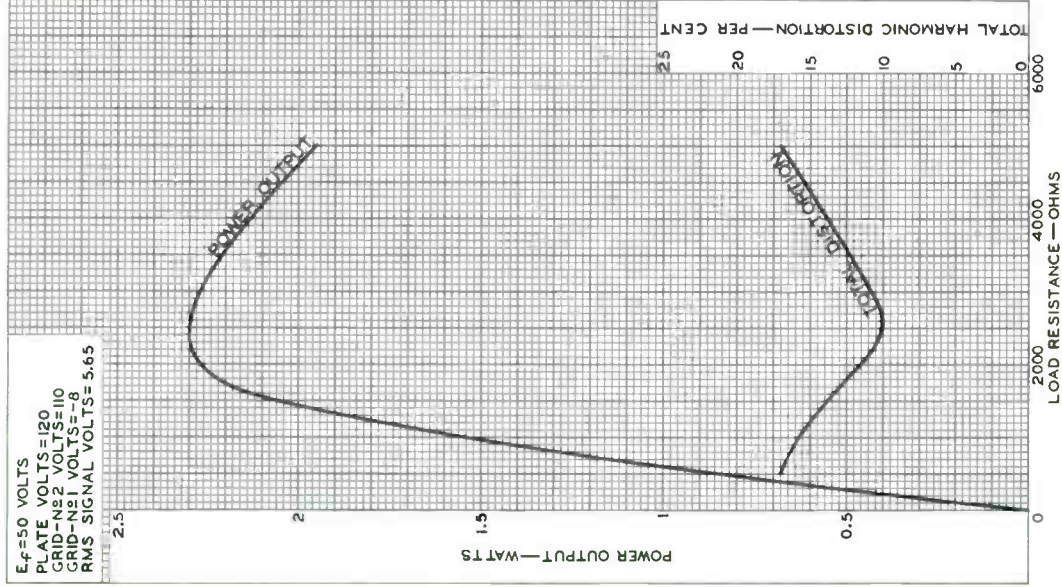
50C5



50C5

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 50$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 120
 GRID-№2 VOLTS = 110
 GRID-№1 VOLTS = -8
 RMS SIGNAL VOLTS = 5.65





50DC4

50DC4

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

	Without Panel Lamp	With No.40 or No.47 Panel Lamp	
Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:			
Voltage:			
Entire heater (Pins 3 and 4)	50 ± 10%	45 ± 10%	ac or dc volts
Panel-lamp section (Pins 4 and 6)	7.5	5.5	ac or dc volts
Current:			
Between pins 3 and 4.	0.15	-	amp
Between pins 3 and 6.	-	0.15	amp

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length.	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb.	T5-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	5BQ

- Pin 1 - No Connection
- Pin 2 - No Connection
- Pin 3 - Heater
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Plate



- Pin 6 - Heater Tap
 - Pin 7 - Cathode
- Panel-lamp heater section is between pins 4 and 6.

HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE.	330 max.	volts
PEAK PLATE CURRENT.	720 max.	ma
DC OUTPUT CURRENT:		
With panel lamp and no shunting resistor.	70 max.	ma
With panel lamp and shunting resistor.	110 max.	ma
Without panel lamp.	120 max.	ma
PANEL-LAMP-SECTION VOLTAGE (RMS):		
When panel lamp fails	16.5 max.	volts

† Required when the dc output current is greater than 70 milliamperes.



50DC4

HALF-WAVE VACUUM RECTIFIER

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode.	330 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	330 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

With panel lamp in accompanying half-wave circuit with capacitor input to filter

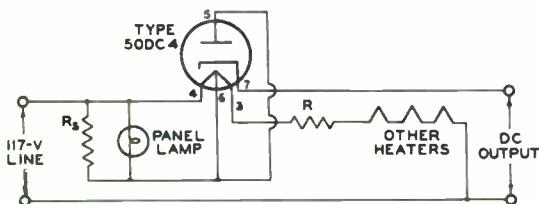
AC Plate-Supply Voltage (RMS)	117	117	117	117	volts
Filter-Input Capacitor	40	40	40	40	μ f
Minimum Total Effective					
Plate-Supply Impedance	15	15	15	15	ohms
Panel-Lamp Shunting Resistor	450	200	100	75	ohms
DC Output Current	70	80	90	100	ma

Without panel lamp in half-wave circuit with capacitor input to filter

AC Plate-Supply Voltage (RMS)	117	volts
Filter-Input Capacitor	40	μ f
Minimum Total Effective Plate-Supply Impedance	15	ohms
DC Output Current	110	ma
DC Output Voltage at Input to Filter (Approx.):		
At half-load current of 55 ma.	130	volts
At full-load current of 110 ma.	110	volts
Voltage Regulation (Approx.):		
Half-load to full-load current	20	volts

HALF-WAVE CIRCUIT

With panel lamp No. 40 or No. 47



DROP ACROSS R AND ALL HEATERS (WITH PANEL LAMP) SHOULD EQUAL 117 VOLTS AT 0.15 AMPERE. R_s = SHUNTING RESISTOR REQUIRED WHEN DC OUTPUT CURRENT EXCEEDS 70 MILLIAMPERES

92CS-9923

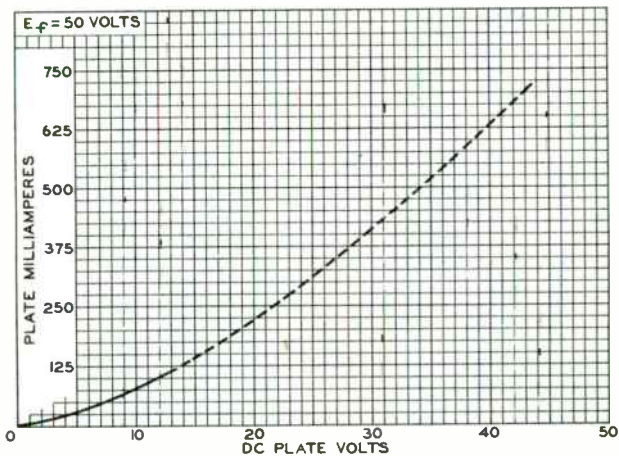
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50DC4

50DC4

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTIC



92CS-9893

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

50EH5

Power Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

The 50EH5 is the same as the 6EH5 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	50	volts
Current	0.15	amp

50FE5

Beam Power Tube

For Audio-Output Stages of Low-Cost,
Compact Stereophonic Equipment

The 50FE5 is the same as the 6FE5 except for the following items:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	50 ± 10%	volts
Current at 50 volts	0.15	amp

Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage:

Heater negative with respect to cathode .	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode .	200* max.	volts

* The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.





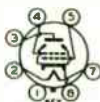
50L6-GT



50L6-GT

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Heater	Coated Unipotential Cathode	
Voltage	50	a-c or d-c volts
Current	0.15	amp.
Maximum Overall Length		3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Height		2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter		1-5/16"
Bulb		T-9
Base	Intermediate Shell Octal 7-Pin	
Pin 1 - No Connection		Pin 5 - Grid
Pin 2 - Heater		Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate		Pin 8 - Cathode
Pin 4 - Screen		
Mounting Position		Any



BOTTOM VIEW (G-7AC)
AMPLIFIER

Plate Voltage	200 max.	volts
Screen Voltage	117 max.	volts
Plate Dissipation	10 max.	watts
Screen Dissipation	1.25 max.	watts

Typical Operation and Characteristics - Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate	110	200	volts
Screen	110	110	volts
Grid*	-7.5	-8	volts
Peak A-F Grid Voltage	7.5	8	volts
Zero-Sig. Plate Cur.	49	50	ma.
Max.-Sig. Plate Cur.	50	55	ma.
Zero-Sig. Screen Cur.	4	2 approx.	ma.
Max.-Sig. Screen Cur.	11	7 approx.	ma.
Plate Resistance	13000	30000	approx. ohms
Transconductance	9000	9500	μmhos
Load Resistance	2000	3000	ohms
Total Harmonic Dist.	10	10	%
Power Output	2.1	4.3	watts

- * In circuits where the cathode is not directly connected to the heater, the potential difference between heater and cathode should be kept as low as possible.
- The type of input coupling should not introduce too much resistance in the grid circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended. When the grid circuit has a resistance not higher than 0.1 megohm, fixed bias may be used; for higher values, cathode bias is required. With cathode bias, the grid circuit may have a resistance not to exceed 0.5 megohm.

Curves under Type 25L6-07 also apply to the 50L6-07.

← Indicates a change.

Sept. 2, 1941

RCA RADIOTRON DIVISION
RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.

World Radio History

DATA

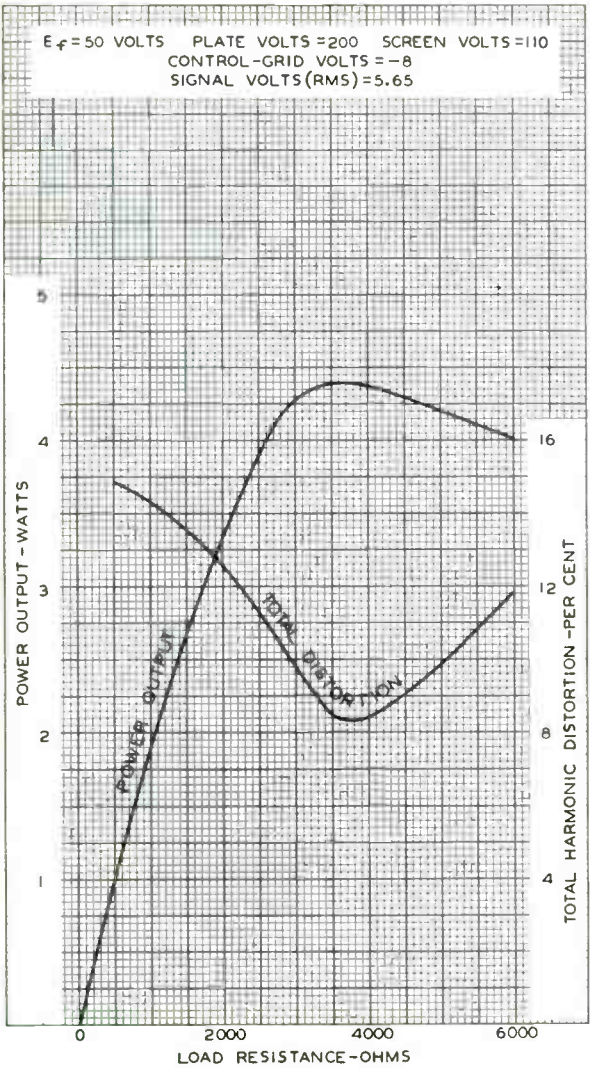
50L6-GT



50L6-GT

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 50$ VOLTS PLATE VOLTS = 200 SCREEN VOLTS = 110
CONTROL-GRID VOLTS = -8
SIGNAL VOLTS (RMS) = 5.65



AUG. 7, 1941

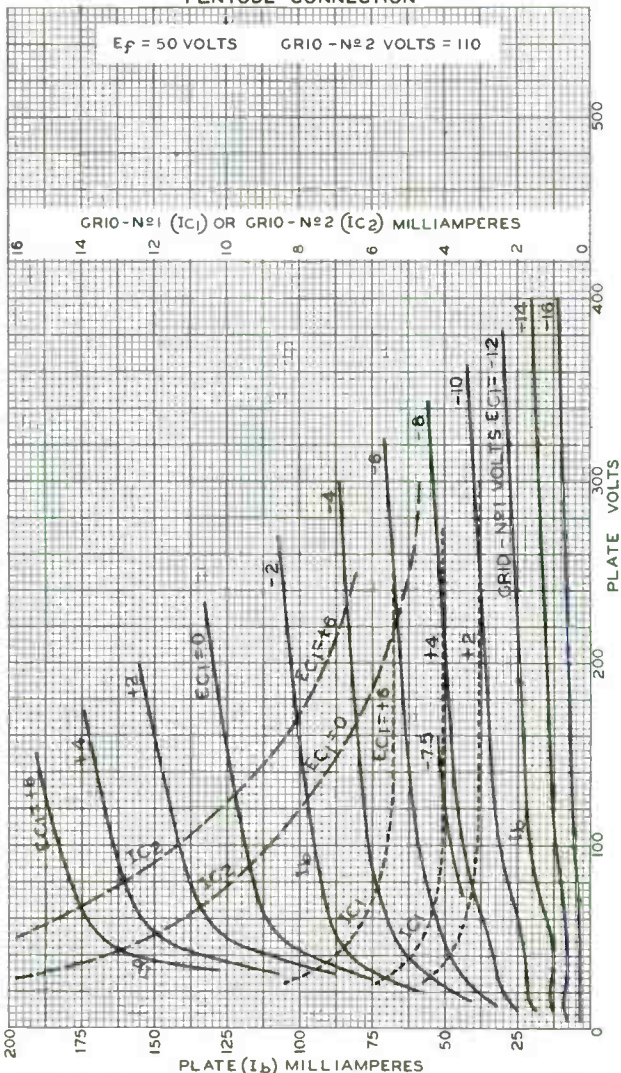
RCA RADOTRON DIVISION
RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.

92C-6308



50L6-GT

50L6-GT AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION



JAN. 27, 1950

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

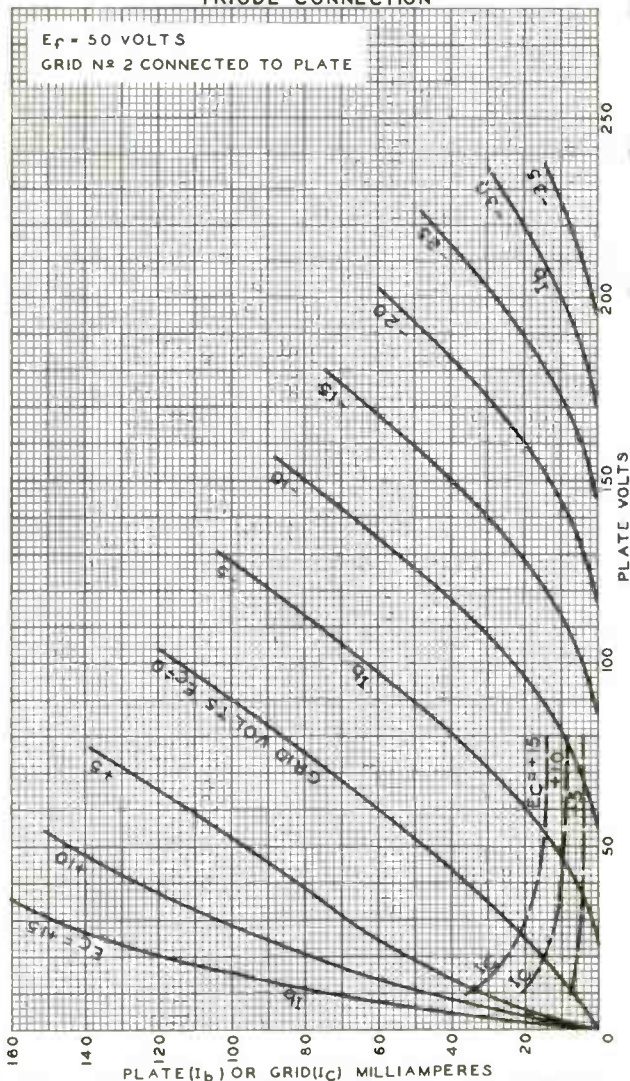
92CM-6314R1

50L6-GT



50L6-GT AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION

$E_f = 50$ VOLTS
GRID N^o 2 CONNECTED TO PLATE



APRIL 6, 1948

TUBE DEPARTMENT

92C M-6316R1

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

Power Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	60 ± 10%	volts
Current at 60 volts	0.1	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances
(Approx.):[▲]

Grid No.1 to plate	0.65	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	17	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	9	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Supply Voltage	110	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	115	volts
Cathode Resistor	62	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	17500	ohms
Transconductance	13500	μmhos
Plate Current	36	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	10	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-3/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2" ± 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7CV

Pin 1 - Cathode,
Grid No.3
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Heater



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 6 - Grid No.2
Pin 7 - Plate

AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	150	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	130	max.	volts
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	2	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	5.5	max.	watts



60FX5

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts

BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point

on bulb surface).	225	max.	°C
---------------------------	-----	------	----

Typical Operation:

Plate Supply Voltage.	110		volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	115		volts
Cathode Resistor.	62		ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	3		volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	36		ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	35		ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	10		ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	12		ma
Load Resistance	3000		ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	8		%
Max.-Signal Power Output.	1.3		watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

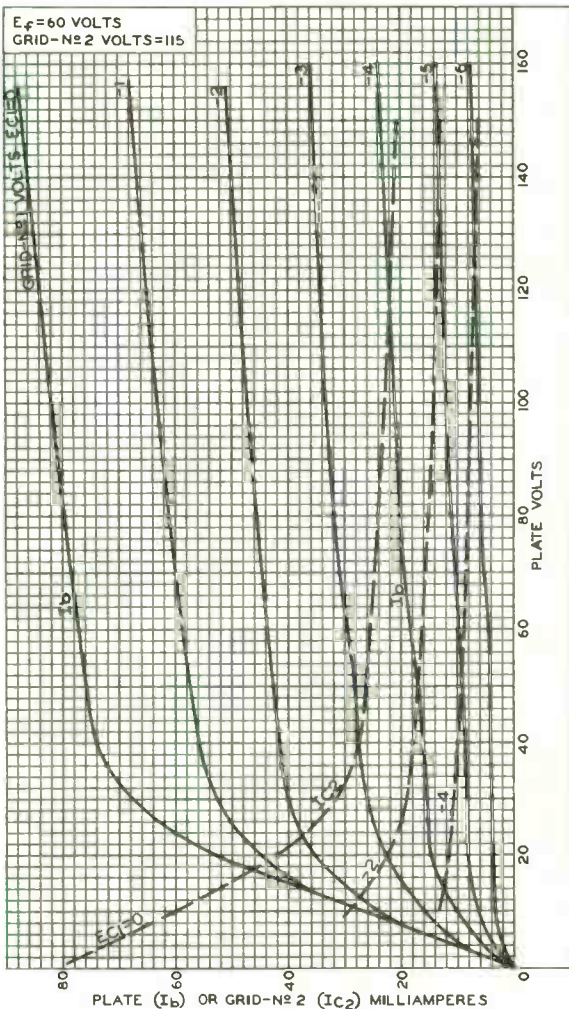
For fixed-bias operation.	0.1	max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	0.5	max.	megohm

▲ Without external shield.

● The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

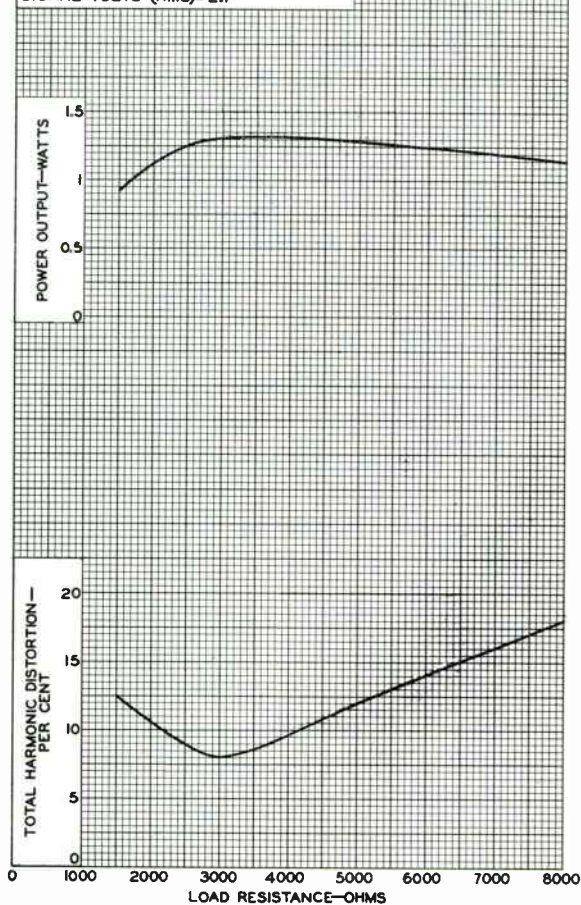


92CM-10546



OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 60$ VOLTS
 PLATE SUPPLY VOLTS = 110
 GRID-N₂ SUPPLY VOLTS = 115
 CATHODE RESISTOR (OHMS) = 62
 CATHODE-BYPASS CAPACITOR (μ F) = 100
 SIGNAL VOLTS (RMS) = 2.1



92CM-10545



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For Audio-Amplifier Applications Critical
as to Microphonism, Leakage Noise, and Hum

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts.	0.15	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^a

Pentode Connection:

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.11 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, heater, and pins 2 and 6.	2.7	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3, grid No.2, heater, and pins 2 and 6.	2.4	μf

Triode Connection:^b

Grid No.1 to plate.	1.4	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode.	1.4	μf
Plate to cathode.	0.85	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Connection ^b		Pentode Connection	
Plate Voltage	100	250	250	volts
Grid No.3	-	-	Connected to cathode at socket	
Grid-No.2 Voltage	-	-	100	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-3	-8	-3	volts
Amplification Factor.	21	21	-	
Plate Resistance {Approx.}	0.017	0.0137	2	megohms
Transconductance.	1240	1530	1000	μmhos
Plate Current	2.2	5.5	1.8	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	-	0.4	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage {Approx.} for plate				
μa = 10	-	-	-8	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length.	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" ± 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)

← Indicates a change.



Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9AD

- Pin 1 - Grid No.1
- Pin 2 - No Connection
- Pin 3 - Cathode
- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Heater



- Pin 6 - No Connection
- Pin 7 - Grid No.2
- Pin 8 - Plate
- Pin 9 - Grid No.3

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

→ Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Connection ^b	Pentode Connection	
PLATE VOLTAGE	275 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID)	-	Connect to cathode at socket	
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)			
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	See Grid-No.2 Input	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID)			
VOLTAGE:			
Negative-bias value	55 max.	55 max.	volts
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts	-	0.25 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	-	See Grid-No.2 Input	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
PLATE DISSIPATION	1.7 max.	1.25 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	100 max.	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	100 max.	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

See RESISTANCE-COUPLED-AMPLIFIER CHARTS No.26 & No.27 at front of this Section

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Connection ^b	Pentode Connection	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	2.2 max.	2.2 max.	megohms

^a Without external shield.

^b Grid No.3 and grid No.2 connected to plate.

→ Indicates a change.



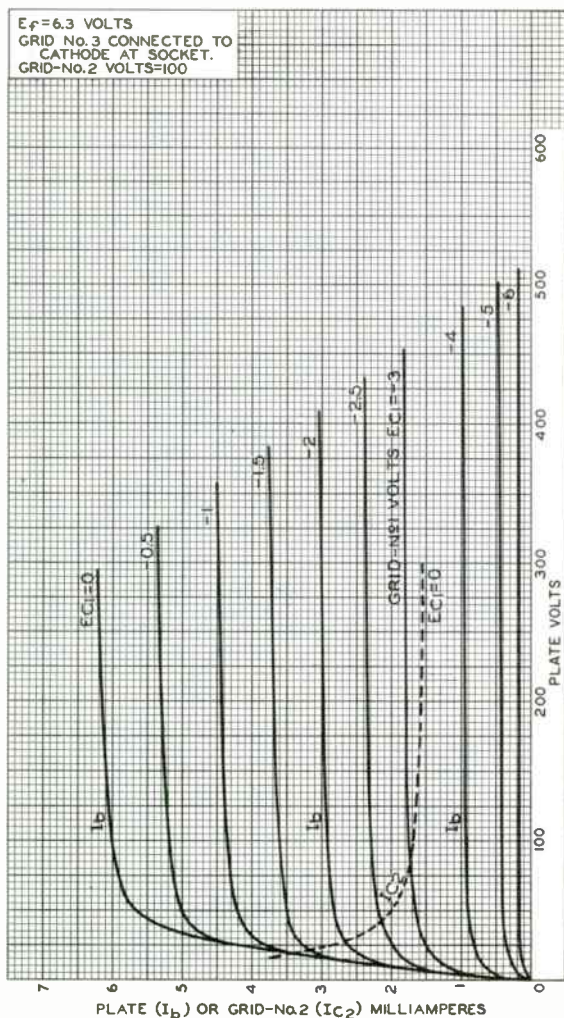
OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS ←

It is recommended that pins 2 and 6 be grounded in all applications. Grounding of these pins will effectively shield grid No. 1 and plate from heater and help to reduce hum level when an ac heater supply is used.

← Indicates a change.



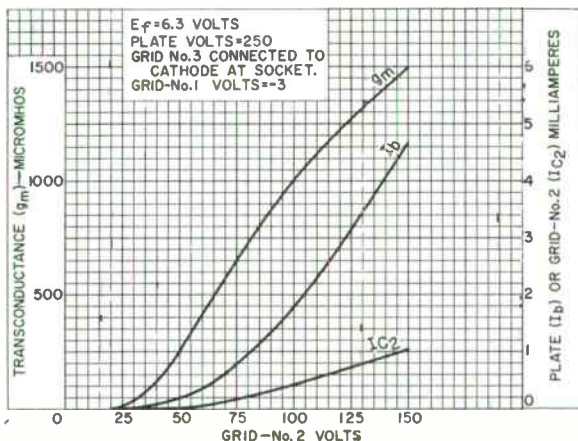
AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Connection



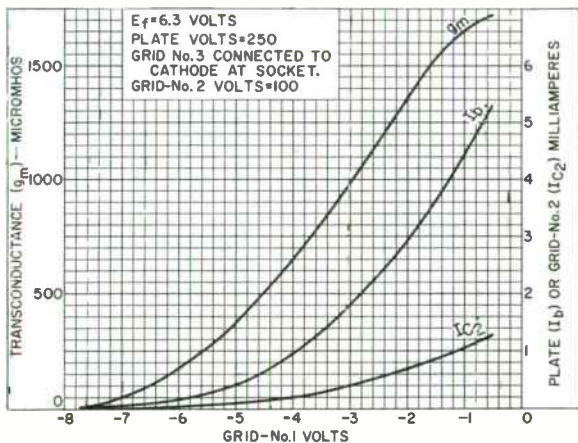
92CM - 74 39RI



AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS Pentode Connection



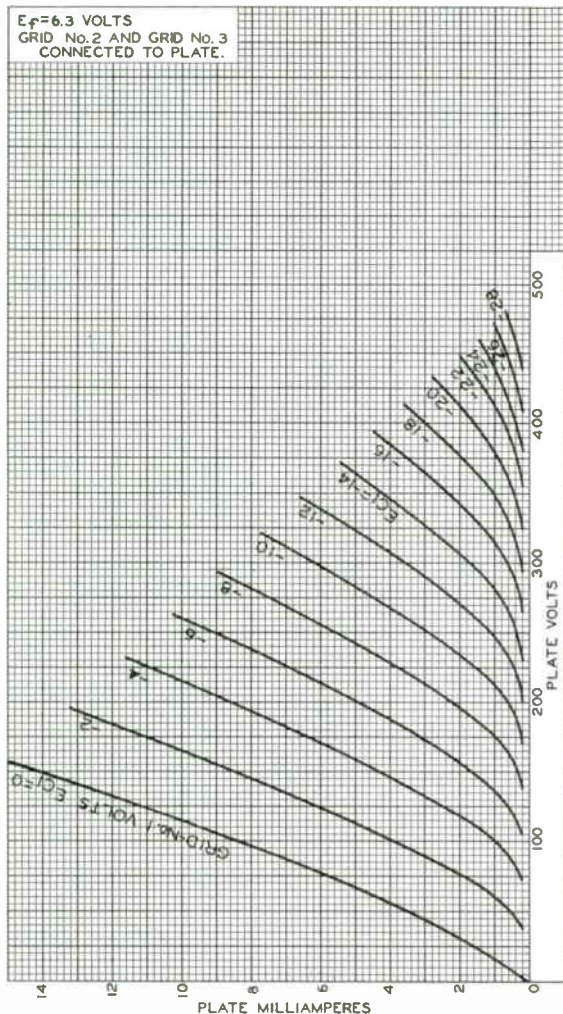
92CS-11053



92CS-11052



AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Connection



92CM-7446



Beam Power Tube

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE
For High-Fidelity Audio-
Amplifier Applications

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:			
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts	←
Current at 6.3 volts	0.45	amp	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: ⁰			
Grid No.1 to plate	0.4 max.	μf	←
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	9	μf	
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	6	μf	

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-15	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	73000	ohms
Transconductance	4800	μhos
Plate Current	46	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	3.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μa = 100.	-40	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-13/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2-7/16" ± 3/32"
Maximum Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2
Base	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9EU

Pin 1-Grid No.2
Pin 2-No Connection
Pin 3-Grid No.1
Pin 4-Heater
Pin 5-Heater



Pin 6-Grid No.1
Pin 7-Grid No.3,
Cathode
Pin 8-Grid No.2
Pin 9-Plate

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	440 max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	330 max.	volts

← indicates a change.



GRID-No.2 INPUT	2	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	12	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲]	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)			
	250	max.	°C

Typical Operation with Fixed Bias:

Values are for 2 tubes

Plate Voltage	250	350	400	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	280	290	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage [•]	-15	-22	-25	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage	30	44	50	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	92	58	50	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	105	106	107	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	7	3.5	2.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	16	14	13.7	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	8000	7500	8000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	2	1.5	2	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	12.5	20	24	watts

Typical Operation with Cathode Bias:

Values are for 2 tubes

Plate Supply Voltage	300	310	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	300	310	volts
Cathode Resistor	230	270	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage	48	55	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	80	77	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	96	92	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	6	5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	14	14	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	5500	6000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	2	4	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	15	17	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: [•]			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5	max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1	max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁

Grid No.2 of each tube connected to tap on plate winding of output transformer

→ Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE AND GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	410	max.	volts
--	-----	------	-------

→ Indicates a change.





6973

6973

BEAM POWER TUBE

GRID-No.2 INPUT	1.75	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	12	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 [▲]	max.	volts
BULB TEMPERATURE (At hottest point on bulb surface)	250	max.	°C

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

	Fixed Bias	Cathode Bias	
Plate-Supply Voltage	375	370	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	*	#	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage [•]	-33.5	-	volts
Cathode Resistor	-	355	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage	67	62	volts
Zero-Signal Cathode Current	62	74	ma
Max.-Signal Cathode Current	95	84	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	12500	13000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	1.5	1.2	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	18.5	15	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:•

For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohms
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	megohms

○ Without external shield.

▲ The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

• The type of input coupling network used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid-No.1 circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended.

* Obtained from taps on the primary winding of the output transformer. The taps are located on each side of the center tap (B+) so as to apply 50 per cent of the plate signal voltage to grid No.2 of each output tube.

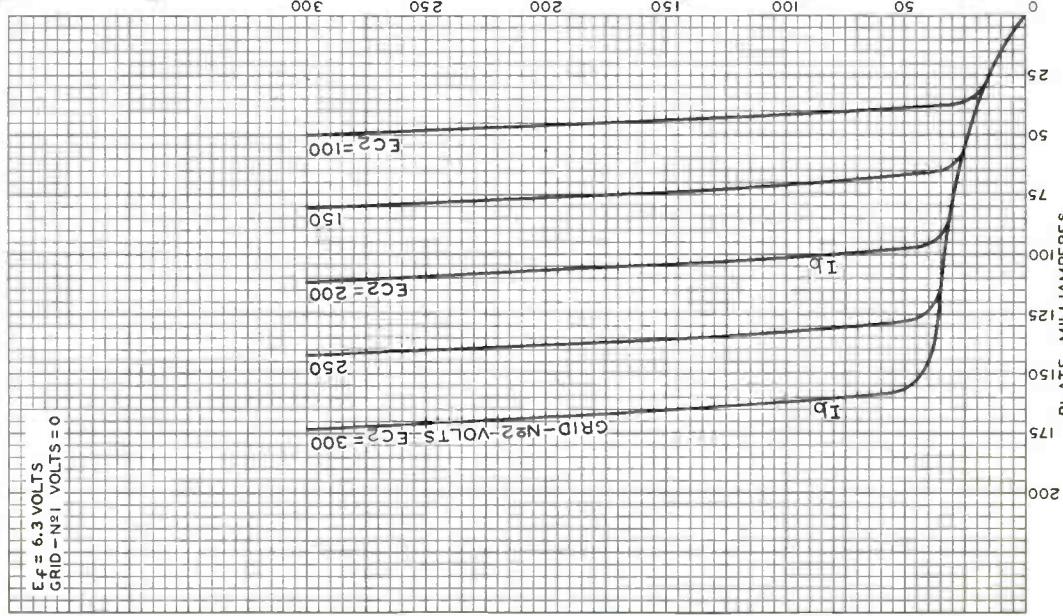
Obtained from taps on the primary winding of the output transformer. The taps are located on each side of the center tap (B+) so as to supply 43 per cent of the plate signal voltage to grid No.2 of each output tube.



6973

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID - N₂1 VOLTS = 0



92CM - 9380

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

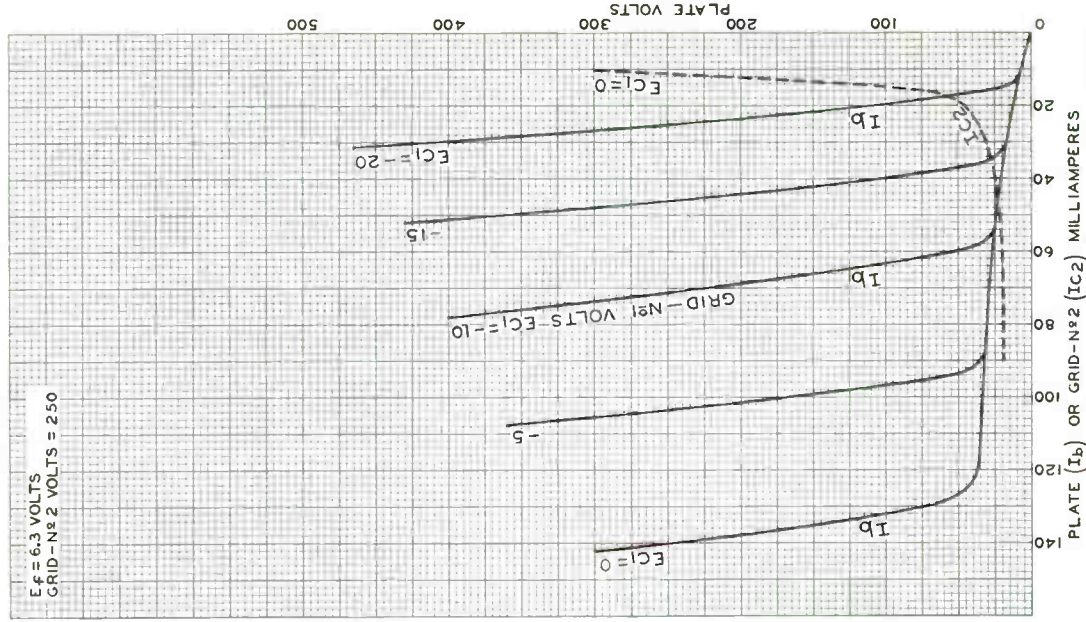
6973



6973

6973

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM - 9389

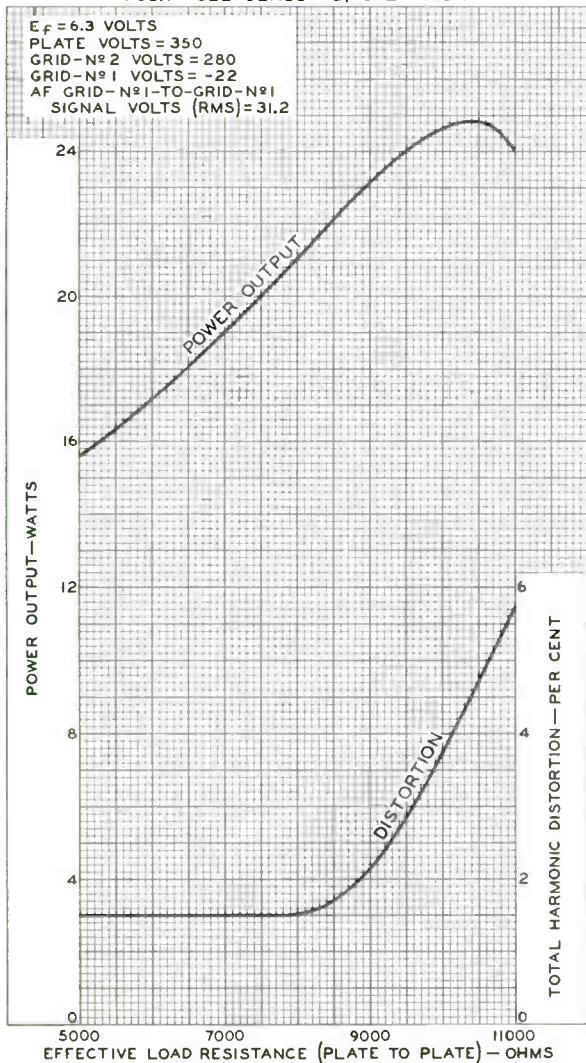
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

6973



6973

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS PUSH-PULL CLASS AB₁ OPERATION





7025

7025

HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For high-fidelity audio-amplifier applications critical as to noise and hum. In other respects, the 7025 is similar to the 12AX7.

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Heater arrangement	Series	Parallel	
Voltage	12.6	5.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.15	0.3	. . . . . amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^o

	Unit No. 1	Unit No. 2	
Grid to plate	1.7	1.7	. . . . . $\mu\mu\text{f}$
Grid to cathode and heater	1.6	1.6	. . . . . $\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate to cathode and heater	0.46	0.34	. . . . . $\mu\mu\text{f}$

Equivalent-Noise and Hum Voltage (Referenced to Grid):

Values are for Each Unit

Average Value (RMS) 1.8 microvolts
 Measured in "true rms" units under the following conditions:
 heater volts = 5.3 ac (parallel connection), center-tap of
 heater transformer connected to ground, dc plate-supply volts
 = 250, plate load resistor (megohms) = 0.1, cathode resistor
 (ohms) = 2700, cathode-bypass capacitor (μf) = 100, grid
 resistor (ohms) = 0, and amplifier covering frequency range
 between 25 and 10,000 cps.

Maximum Value (RMS) 7 microvolts
 Measured in "true rms" units under the same conditions as
 for "Average Value" except that the cathode resistor is
 unbypassed, and grid resistor (megohms) = 0.05.

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Plate Voltage	100	250	volts
Grid Voltage	-1	-2	volts
Amplification Factor	100	100	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	80000	62500	ohms
Transconductance	1250	1600	μmhos
Plate Current	0.5	1.2	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position . . . . .	. . . . .	Any
Maximum Overall Length . . . . .	. . . . .	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length . . . . .	. . . . .	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) . . . . .	. . . . .	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter . . . . .	. . . . .	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline . . . . .	. . . . .	See General Section
Bulb . . . . .	. . . . .	T6-1/2

^o: See next page.



7025

HIGH-MU TWIN TRIODE

Base Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 9A

Pin 1 - Plate of
 Unit No. 2

Pin 2 - Grid of
 Unit No. 2

Pin 3 - Cathode of
 Unit No. 2

Pins 4 & 9 - Heater of
 Unit No. 2

Pins 5 & 9 - Heater of
 Unit No. 1



Pin 6 - Plate of
 Unit No. 1

Pin 7 - Grid of
 Unit No. 1

Pin 8 - Cathode of
 Unit No. 1

Pin 9 - Heater
 Mid-Tap

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE. 330 max. volts

GRID VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value. 55 max. volts

Positive-bias value. 0 max. volts

PLATE DISSIPATION. 1.2 max. watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode. 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 200[▲] max. volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier (Each Unit):

See RESISTANCE-COUPLED AMPLIFIER CHART No. 25
 at front of Receiving Tube Section

[○] Without external shield.

[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

Parallel heater arrangement is recommended for use in high-gain, resistance-coupled-amplifier applications such as in the preamplifier stages of phonographs, microphones, and tape recorders. With closely paired, electrostatically shielded heater leads, a hum-balance control is unnecessary when the center-tap of the heater transformer is connected to ground. In applications where the heater-transformer winding does not have a center-tap, a 100-ohm hum-balancing potentiometer should be connected across the heater leads with the slider connected to ground.

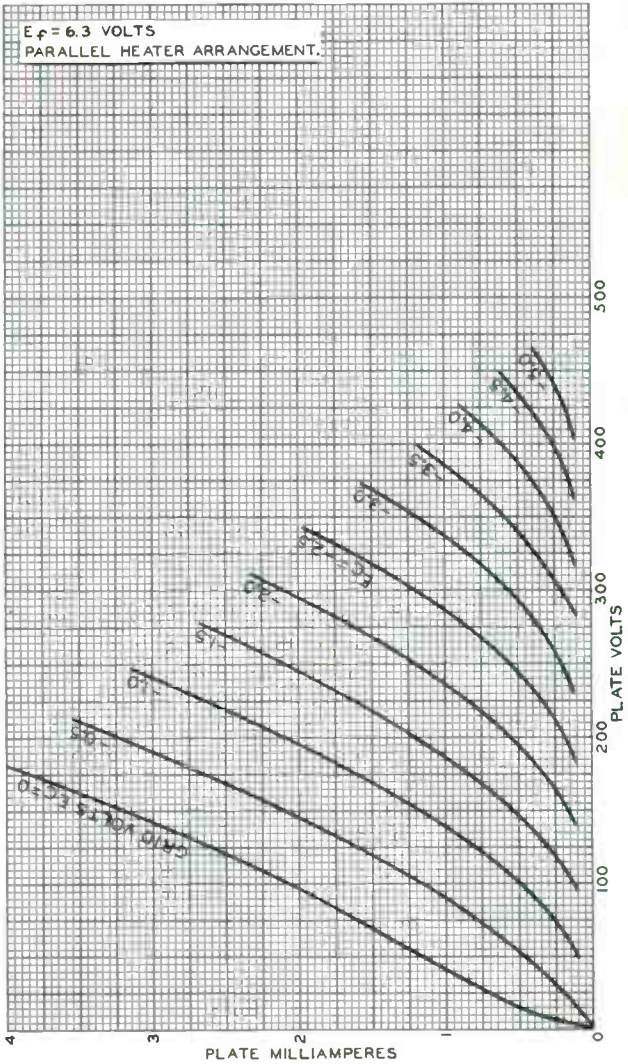


7025

7025

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS EACH UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PARALLEL HEATER ARRANGEMENT.



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-6879

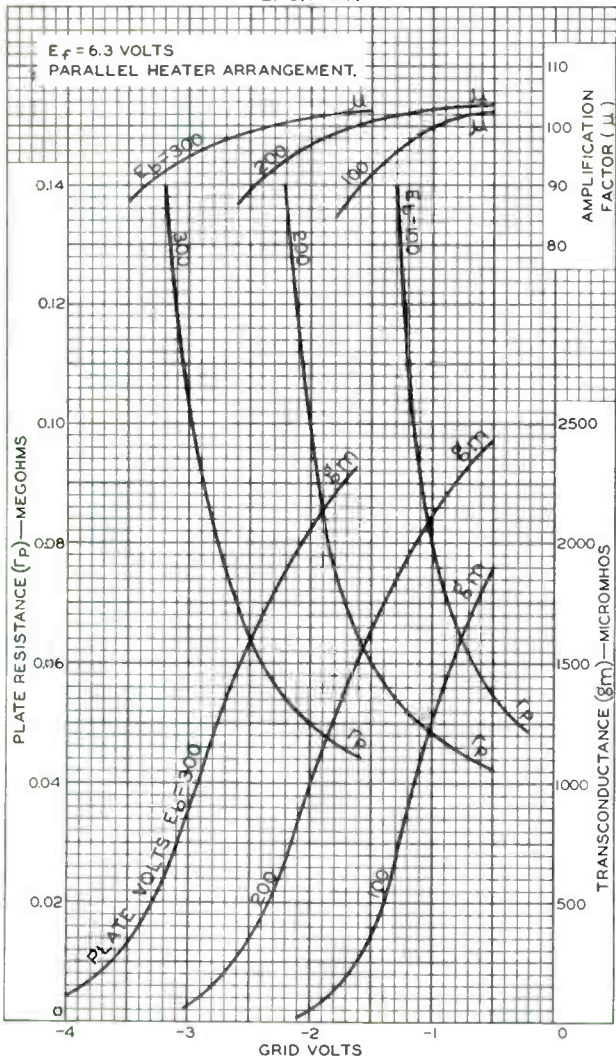
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

7025



7025

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS EACH UNIT



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6880



7027-A

7027-A

BEAM POWER TUBE

For high-fidelity audio-amplifier applications
Supersedes Type 7027

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.9	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:⁰

Grid No.1 to plate.	1.5	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	10	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	7.5	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-14	volts
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	22500	ohms
Transconductance	6000	μmhos
Plate Current	72	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	5	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	4.62"
Maximum Seated Length	4.06"
Maximum Diameter.	1.63"
Bulb.	T12
Base.	Small-Wafer Octal 8-Pin with "950" Sleeve (JEDEC Group 1, No.88-191)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 8HY

Pin 1 - Grid No.2
Pin 2 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate
Pin 4 - Grid No.2
Pin 5 - Grid No.1



Pin 6 - Grid No.1
Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	600	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	500	max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	5	max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	35	max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 [▲]	max.	volts



7027-A

BEAM POWER TUBE

Typical Operation with Fixed Bias:

Values are for 2 tubes

Plate Voltage	400	450	540	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	300	350	400	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage*	-25	-30	-38	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage	50	60	76	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	102	95	100	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	152	194	220	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	6	3.4	5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	17	19.2	21.4	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	6600	6000	6500	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	2	1.5	2	%
Max.-Signal Power Output.	34	50	76	watts

Typical Operation with Cathode Bias:

Values are for 2 tubes

Plate Supply Voltage.	400	380	425	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	300	380	425	volts
Cathode Resistor.	20C	180	200	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage	57	68.5	86	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	112	138	150	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	128	170	196	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	7	5.6	8	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	16	20	20	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	6600	4500	3800	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	2	3.5	4	%
Max.-Signal Power Output.	32	36	44	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:*

For fixed-bias operation.	0.1 max.	megohms
For cathode-bias operation.	0.5 max.	megohms

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁

Grid No.2 of each tube connected to tap on
plate winding of output transformer

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

PLATE AND GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)

SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	600 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT	4.5 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	35 max.	watts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	200 [▲] max.	volts



7027-A

7027-A

BEAM POWER TUBE

Typical Operation:

Values are for 2 tubes

Plate Supply Voltage.	410	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	*	volts
Cathode Resistor.	220	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage. .	68	volts
Zero-Signal Cathode Current	134	ma
Max.-Signal Cathode Current	155	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	8000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	1.6	%
Max.-Signal Power Output.	24	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:^o

For cathode-bias operation. 0.5 max. megohm

^o Without external shield.

[▲] The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

[●] The type of input coupling network used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid-No.1 circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended.

^{*} Obtained from taps on the primary winding of the output transformer. The taps are located on each side of the center-tap (B*) so as to apply 43 per cent of the plate signal voltage to grid-No.2 of each output tube.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

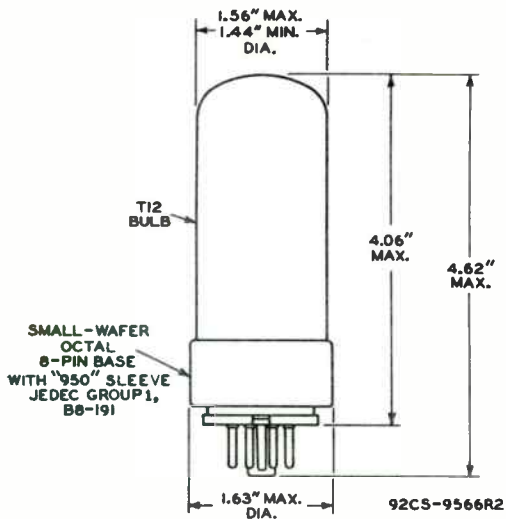
The *bulb* becomes hot during operation. To insure adequate cooling, therefore, it is essential that free circulation of air be provided around the 7027-A.

7027-A



7027-A

BEAM POWER TUBE



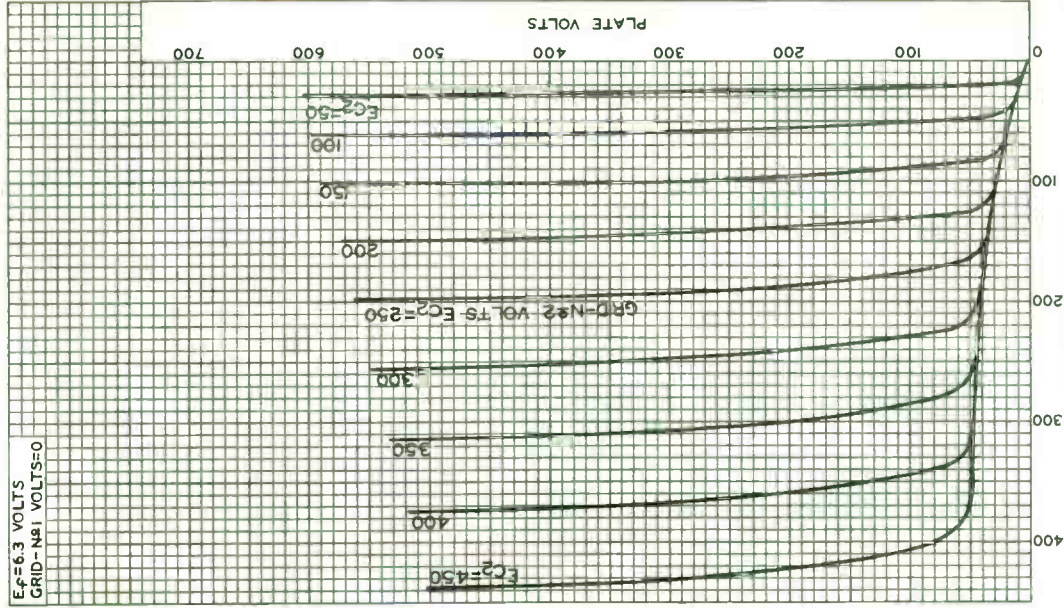


7027-A

7027-A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N#1 VOLTS=0



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-10132

7027-A



7027-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N^o2 VOLTS = 300

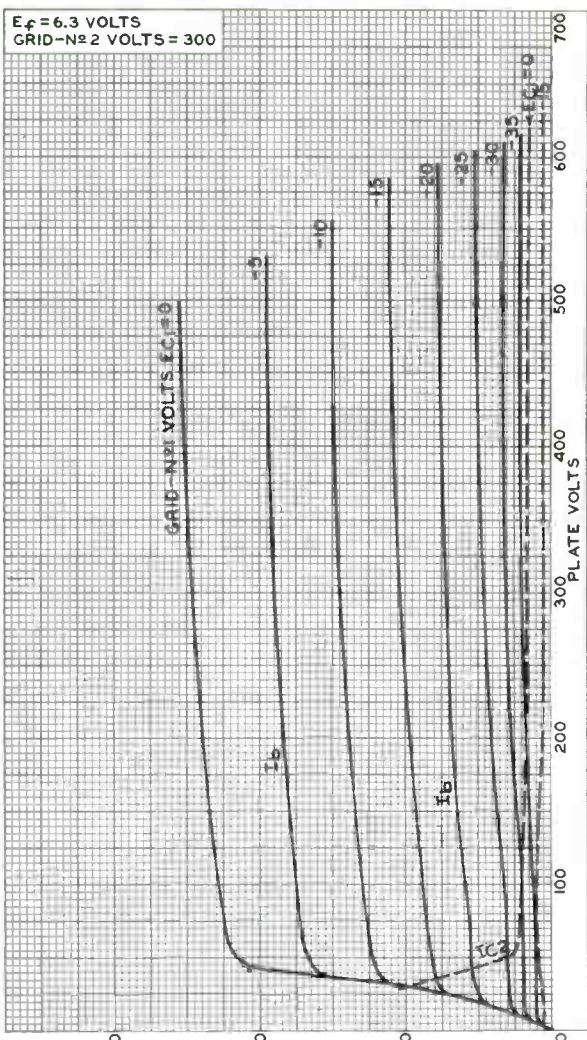


PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-N^o2 (I_{c2}) MILLIAMPERES

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-10133

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

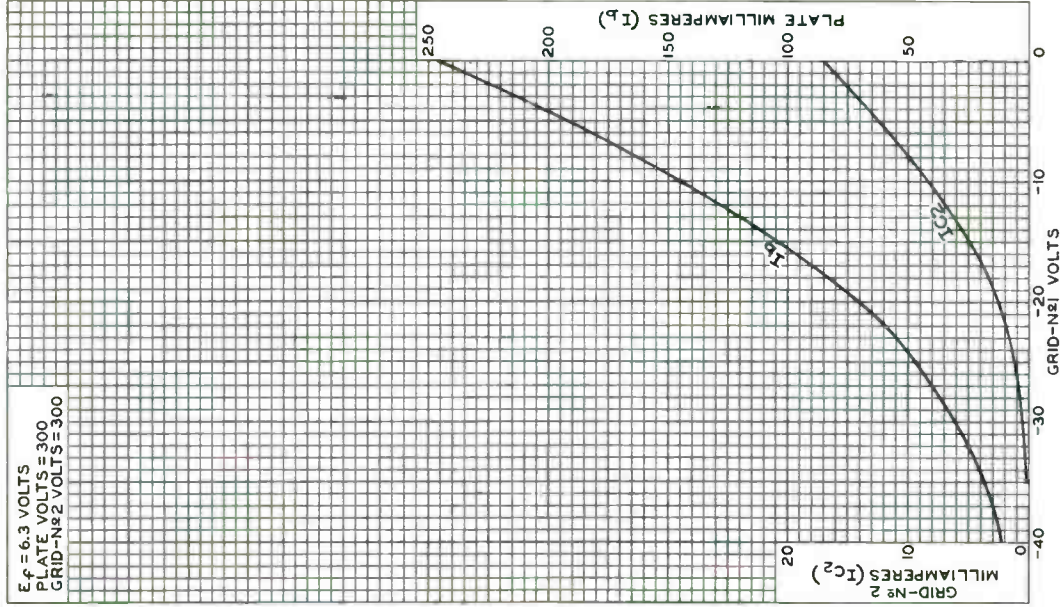


7027-A

7027-A

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
PLATE VOLTS = 300
GRID-No 2 VOLTS = 300



GRID-No 2
MILLIAMPERES (I_{c2})

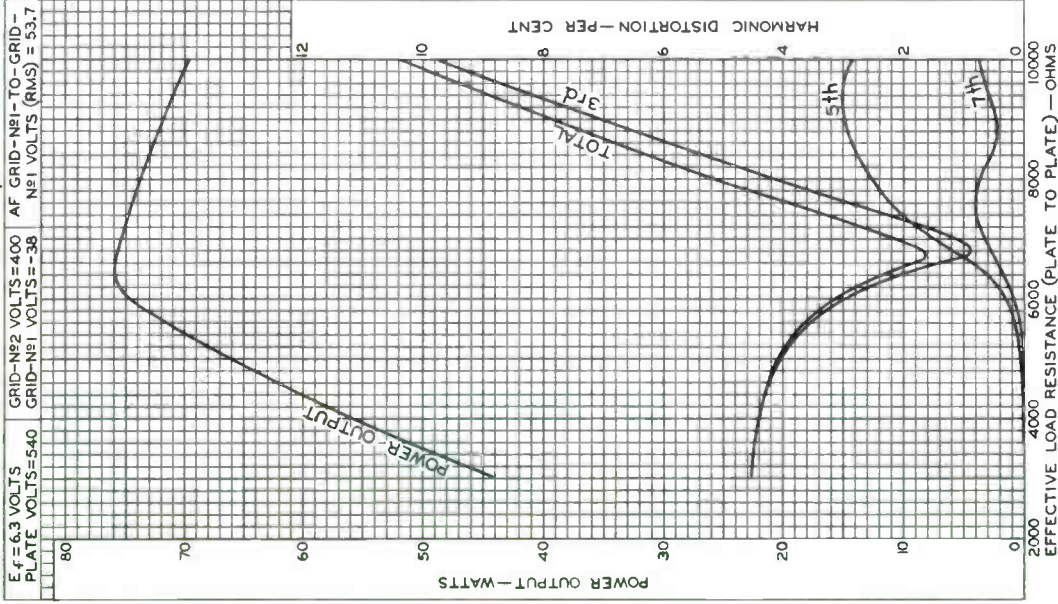
PLATE MILLIAMPERES (I_p)

7027-A



7027-A

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

PUSH-PULL CLASS AB₁



7027-A

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS
TRIODE CONNECTION

7027-A

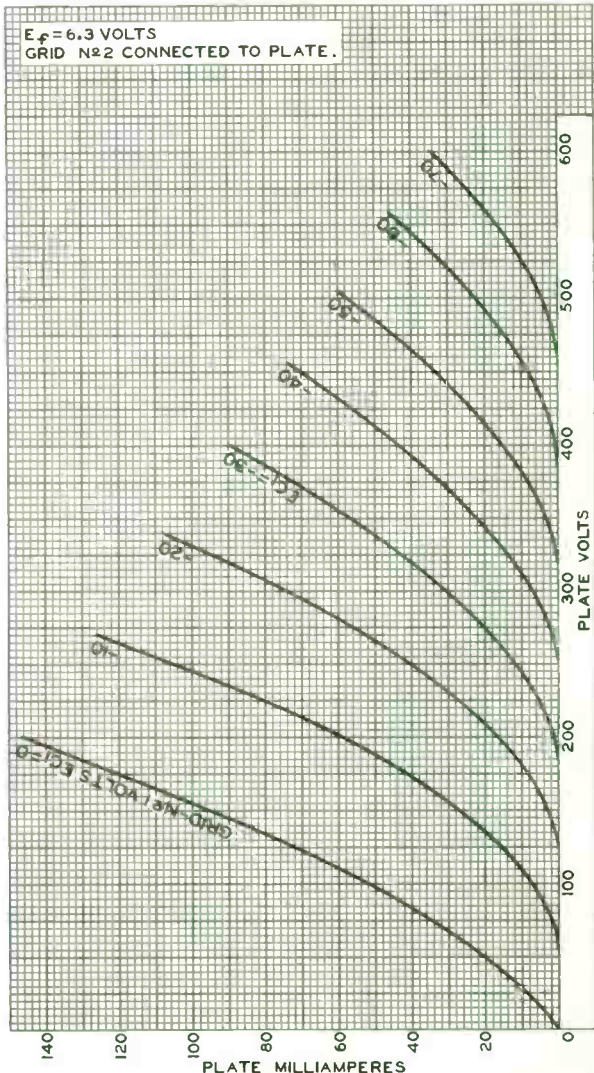


PLATE MILLIAMPERES

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

92CM-9568



Power Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3	volts
Current	0.76	amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):*

Grid No.1 to plate.	0.5	μ f
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	10.8	μ f
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	6.5	μ f
Grid No.1 to heater	0.25	μ f

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Plate Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-7.3	volts
Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1	19.5	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	40000	ohms
Transconductance.	11300	μ mhos
Plate Current	48	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	5.5	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position.	Any
Maximum Overall Length.	3-1/16"
Maximum Seated Length	2-13/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	2-7/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter.	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline	See General Section
Bulb.	T6-1/2
Base.	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No.E9-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW.	9CV

Pin 1 - Internal Connection—
Do Not Use
Pin 2 - Grid No.1
Pin 3 - Cathode,
Grid No.3



Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater
Pin 6 - Same as Pin 1
Pin 7 - Plate
Pin 8 - Same as Pin 1
Pin 9 - Grid No.2

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	400 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT	65 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION	12 max.	watts
ZERO-SIGNAL GRID-No.2 INPUT	2 max.	watts



MAX.-SIGNAL GRID-No.2 INPUT.	4 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode. . .	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . .	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation:*Values are for 2 tubes*

Plate Voltage.	400	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	300	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-15	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	14.8	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	15	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	105	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	1.6	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	25	ma
Effective Load Resistance		
(Plate to plate)	8000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	4	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	24	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation	0.3 max.	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁*Grid No.2 of each tube connected to tap on plate winding of output transformer***Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:**

→ PLATE AND GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID)		
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	375 max.	volts
CATHODE CURRENT.	65 max.	ma
PLATE DISSIPATION.	12 max.	watts
ZERO-SIGNAL GRID-No.2 INPUT.	2 max.	watts
MAX.-SIGNAL GRID-No.2 INPUT.	4 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode. . .	100 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode. . .	100 max.	volts

Typical Operation:*Values are for 2 tubes*

Plate Supply Voltage	375	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	300	volts
Cathode Resistor	220	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	17.7	volts
→ Zero-Signal Cathode Current.	70	ma
→ Max.-Signal Cathode Current.	81	ma
Effective Load Resistance		
(Plate to plate)	11000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	3	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	16.5	watts

→ Indicates a change.



Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For cathode-bias operation. 1 max. megohm

^a Without external shield.^b Obtained from taps on the primary winding of the output transformer. The taps are located on each side of the center-tap (B^+) so as to supply 43 per cent of the plate signal voltage to grid No.2 of each output tube.

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 GRID-N ϕ 2 VOLTS = 250

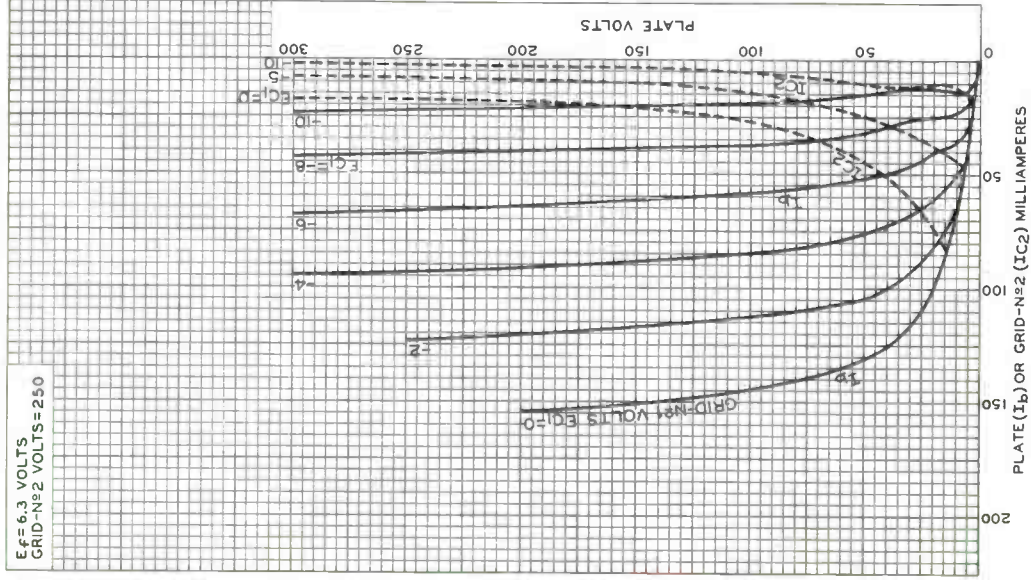
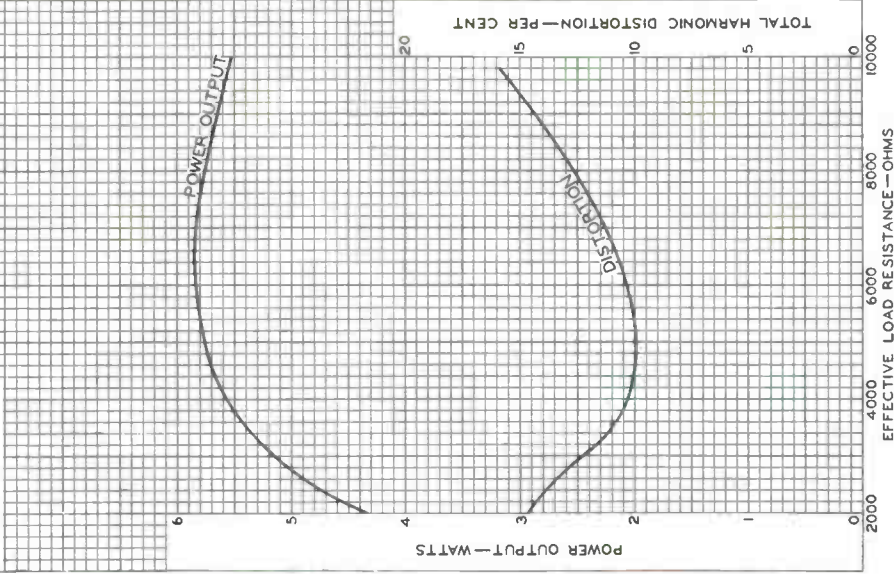


PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-N ϕ 2 (I_{c2}) MILLIAMPERES
 92CM-9903

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 250
 GRID-No 2 VOLTS = 250
 GRID-No 1 VOLTS = -7.3
 AF GRID-No 1 VOLTS
 (RMS) = 4.4



92CM-9902



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
 Electron Tube Division

Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
 3-61



Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For High-Fidelity Audio-Amplifier Applications Critical as to Noise and Hum

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.450	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage (Each Unit):		

Heater negative with respect to cathode 200 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode 200^a max. volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^b

Triode Unit:

Grid to plate	2	pf
Grid to cathode and heater	2.3	pf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.3	pf

Pentode Unit:

Grid No.1 to plate	0.06 max.	pf
Grid No.1 to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	5	pf
Plate to cathode & internal shield & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	2	pf

Equivalent-Hum and Noise Voltage (Referenced to Grid):

Triode Unit

Average Value (RMS)	10	microvolts
Maximum Value (RMS)	50	microvolts

Measured in "true rms" units under the following conditions: heater volts = 6.3 ac, center-tap of heater transformer connected to ground, plate-supply volts = 250, plate load resistor (megohms) = 0.1, cathode resistor (ohms) unbypassed = 1500, grid resistor (megohms) = 0.05, and amplifier covering frequency range between 25 and 10,000 cps.

Pentode Unit

Average Value (RMS)	15	microvolts
Maximum Value (RMS)	35	microvolts

Measured in "true rms" units under the following conditions: heater volts = 6.3 ac, center-tap of heater transformer connected to ground, plate-supply volts = 250, plate-load resistor (megohms) = 0.22, grid-No.2 supply volts = 250; grid No.2 voltage divider: resistor (megohm) from grid No.2 to 3⁺ = 0.68, resistor (megohm) from grid-No.2 to ground = 0.33; bypass ca-

← Indicates a change.



pacitor (μf) from grid No.2 to cathode = 0.1; cathode resistor (ohms unbypassed) = 680; grid No.1 resistor (megohm) = 0.27; and amplifier covering frequency range between 25 and 10,000 cps.

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit		
Plate-Supply Voltage.	215	100	220	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage.	-	50	130	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-8.5	-	-	volts
Cathode Resistor.	-	1000	62	ohms
Amplification Factor.	17	-	-	
Plate Resistance (Approx.).	0.0081	1	0.4	megohm
Transconductance.	2100	1500	7000	μmhos
Plate Current	9	1.1	12.5	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	-	0.35	3.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu\alpha = 10$	-40	-4	-	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position. Any
 Type of Cathodes. Coated Unipotential
 Maximum Overall Length. 2-3/16"
 Maximum Seated Length. 1-15/16"
 Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip) 1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
 Diameter. 0.750" to 0.875"
 Dimensional Outline. See *General Section*
 Bulb. T6-1/2
 Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9JT

Pin 1 - Triode

Plate

Pin 2 - Pentode

Plate

Pin 3 - Pentode

Grid No.2

Pin 4 - Heater

Pin 5 - Heater



Pin 6 - Pentode

Cathode,
Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield

Pin 7 - Pentode

Grid No.1

Pin 8 - Triode

Cathode

Pin 9 - Triode

Grid

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	330 max.	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	-	330 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input</i>	
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>			
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts



	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>	
GRID-NO.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 165 volts	-	0.6 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 165 and 330 volts	-	See <i>Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart</i> at front of Receiving Tube Section	
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.4 max.	3 max.	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	<i>Triode Unit</i>	<i>Pentode Unit</i>	
Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance: ^c			
For fixed-bias operation	0.5 max.	0.25 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

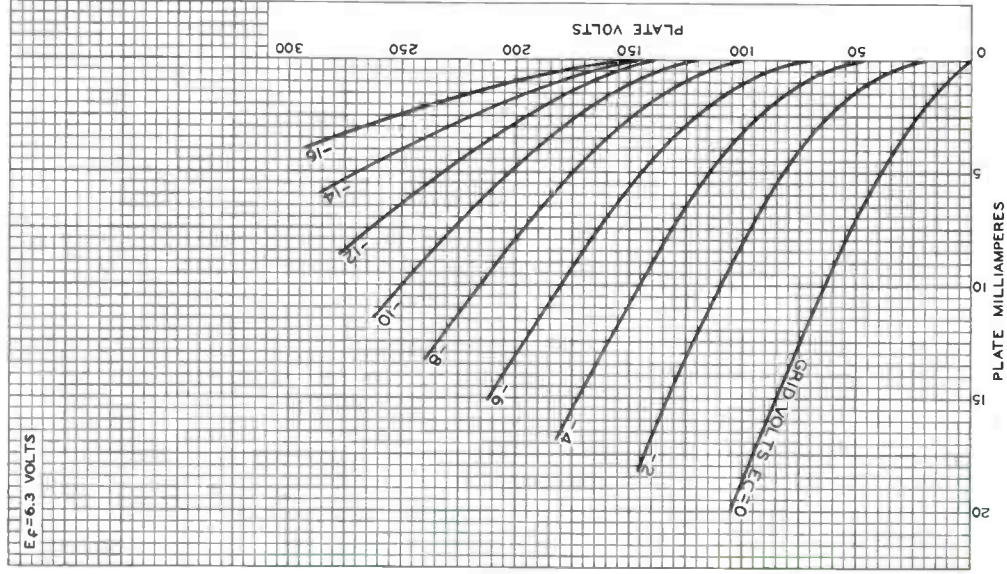
^b Without external shield.

^c If either unit is operated at maximum rated conditions, grid-No.1-circuit resistance; for both units should not exceed the stated values.



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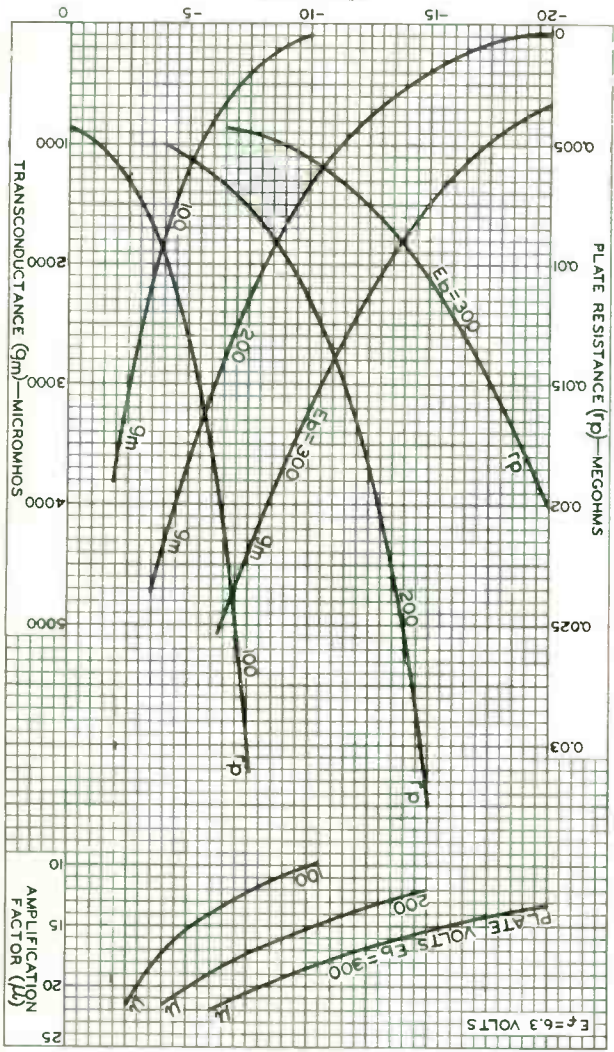
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS Triode Unit



92CM-9693

RCA
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
TRIODE UNIT



$E_b = 6.3$ VOLTS

7199



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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-N₂ VOLTS = 130

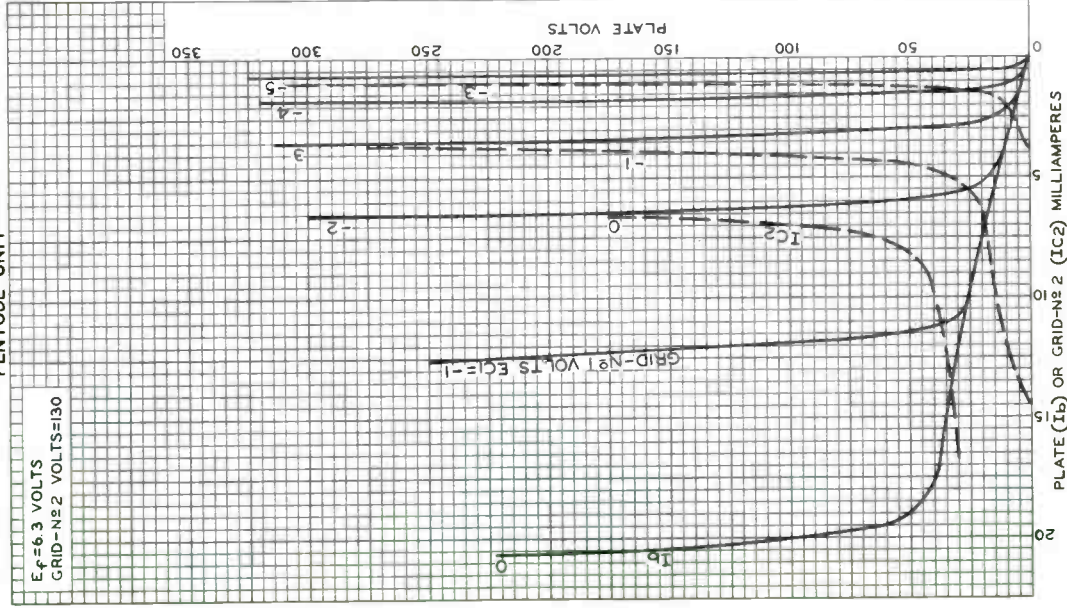


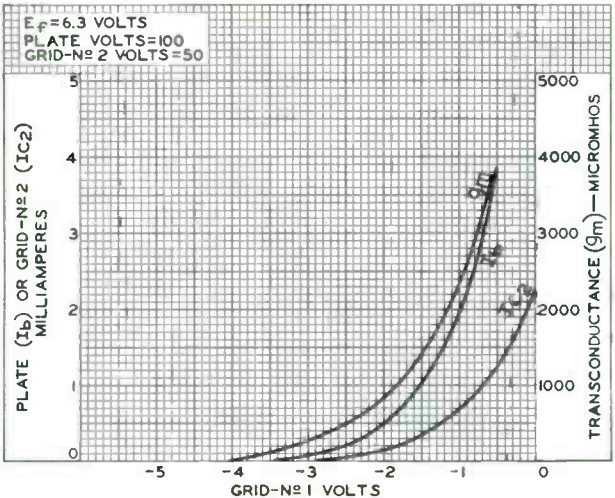
PLATE (I_b) OR GRID-N₂ (I_{c2}) MILLIAMPERES



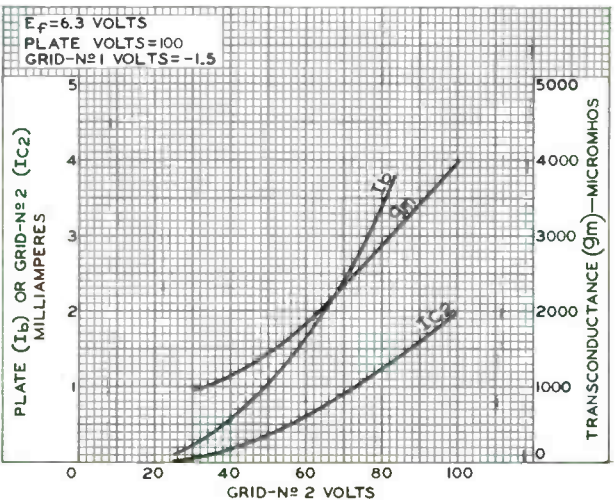
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE UNIT



92CS-9702



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

World Radio History

92CS-9703

Beam Power Tube

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings (*Design-Maximum Values*):

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.450	amp
Peak heater-cathode voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200 ^a max.	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^b

Grid No.1 to plate	0.7	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	9	μf
Plate to cathode & grid No.3, grid No.2, and heater	7.5	μf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3-5/16"
Maximum Seated length	2-3/4"
Maximum Diameter	1-9/32"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T9

Bases (Alternates):

Intermediate-Shell Octal:

7-Pin, Arrangement 1 (JEDEC Group 1, No.B7-7)

Short Intermediate-Shell Octal with External Barriers:

7-Pin, Arrangement 1 (JEDEC Group 1, No.B7-59)

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 7S

Pin 1 - No Internal
Connection
Pin 2 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate
Pin 4 - Grid No.2



Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 8 - Cathode,
Grid No.3

AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A₁Maximum Ratings, *Design-Maximum Values*:

PLATE VOLTAGE	350 max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 (SCREEN-GRID) VOLTAGE	315 max.	volts
GRID-NO.2 INPUT	2.2 max.	watts
PLATE DISSIPATION	14 max.	watts

Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage	60	250	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage	250	250	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage	0	-12.5	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage	-	12.5	volts



Zero-Signal Plate Current	100 ^c	45	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	-	47	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	22 ^c	4.5	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	-	7	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	-	50000	ohms
Transconductance,	-	4100	μ mhos
Load Resistance	-	5000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	-	7	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	-	4.5	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation	0.1 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	0.5 max.	megohm

^a The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

^b Without external shield.

^c This value can be measured by a method involving a recurrent wave form such that the maximum ratings of the tube will not be exceeded.



Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

7-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For High-Gain, Resistance-Coupled-Amplifier Applications Critical as to Hum and Microphonism

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 volts
Current 0.3 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^a	
<i>Pentode Connection:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate. . . .	0.0035 max.	0.0035 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater .	5.5	5.5	μf
Plate to cathode, grid No.3 & internal shield, grid No.2, and heater .	5	5	μf
<i>Triode Connection:</i> ^b			
Grid No.1 to plate, grid No.3 & internal shield, and grid No.2	2.6	2.6	μf
Grid No.1 to cathode and heater.	3.2	3.2	μf
Plate, grid No.3 & internal shield, and grid No.2 to cathode and heater.	1.2	8.5	μf

Hum Output Voltage:

Average Value (RMS, Cathode Bypassed) 1.2 millivolts

Measured in "true rms" units under the following conditions:
heater volts = 6.3; center-tap of heater transformer connected to ground; plate and grid-No.2 supply volts = 250; plate load resistor (megohms) = 0.27; grid No.3 and internal shield connected to cathode at socket; grid-No.2 resistor (megohms) = 0.68; grid-No.1 resistor (megohms) = 0.1; cathode resistor (ohms) = 1000; grid resistor of following stage (megohms) = 10; and stage gain of 340.

Average Value (RMS, Cathode Unbypassed) . . . 0.9 millivolt

Measured in "true rms" units under the same conditions as for "Average Value" except that the cathode resistor is unbypassed, and the stage gain is 110.

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

Pentode Connection

Plate Supply Voltage. 100 250 250 volts
Grid No.3 & Internal Shield Connected to cathode at socket



7543

Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	100	125	150	volts
Cathode Resistor	150	100	68	ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	0.5	1.5	1	megohms
Transconductance	3900	4500	5200	μ mhos
Plate Current	5	7.6	10.6	ma
Grid-No.2 Current	2.1	3	4.3	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate μ a = 10	-4.2	-5.5	-6.5	volts

Triode Connection*

Plate Supply Voltage	250	volts
Cathode Resistor	330	ohms
Amplification Factor	36	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	7500	ohms
Transconductance	4800	μ mhos
Plate Current	12.2	ma

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-1/8"
Maximum Seated Length	1-7/8"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/2" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.650" to 0.750"
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>
Bulb	T5-1/2
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	7BK

- Pin 1 - Grid No.1
- Pin 2 - Grid No.3,
Internal
Shield
- Pin 3 - Heater



- Pin 4 - Heater
- Pin 5 - Plate
- Pin 6 - Grid No.2
- Pin 7 - Cathode

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

	Triode Connection*	Pentode Connection
PLATE VOLTAGE	250 max.	300 max. volts
GRID No.3 (SUPPRESSOR GRID)	-	Connect to cathode at socket
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE	-	300 max. volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	-	See Grid-No.2 Input
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>		
GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:		
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max. volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:		
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 150 volts	-	0.65 max. watt
For grid-No.2 voltages be- tween 150 and 300 volts	-	See Grid-No.2 Input
<i>Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section</i>		



PLATE DISSIPATION	3.2 max.	3 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode	200 max.	200 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	200* max.	200* max.	volts

Typical Operation as Resistance-Coupled Amplifier:

*See RESISTANCE-COUPLED-AMPLIFIER CHART No. 8
at front of this Section*

- ▲ With external shield JEDEC No. 316 connected to cathode.
- Grid No. 3 & internal shield and grid No. 2 connected to plate.
- ★ The dc component must not exceed 100 volts.

CURVES

For the 7543, within its ratings, are the same
as those shown for Type 6AU6



Power Pentode

NOVAR TYPE

For Output Stages of High Fidelity
Audio-Amplifiers and Radio Receivers

Electrical:

Heater Characteristics and Ratings:

Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 0.6	volts
Current at heater volts = 6.3	0.800	amp
Maximum Heater-Cathode Voltage:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	200	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode		
Peak	200	volts
DC component	100	volts

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):^a

Grid No.1 to plate	0.15	pf
Input: G1 to (K + G3, G2, H).	11.0	pf
Output: P to (K + G3, G2, H)	4.4	pf

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Type of Cathode	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length	3.110"
Maximum Seatec Length	2.730"
Diameter	1.062" to 1.188"
Bulb	T9
Dimensional Outline	See <i>General Section</i>

Bases (Alternates):

Small-Button Novar 9-Pin	(JEDEC No. E9-75)
Small-Button Novar 9-Pin with Exhaust Tip	(JEDEC No. E9-89)
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	9NZ

- Pin 1-Grid No.2
- Pin 2-Grid No.1
- Pin 3-Cathode, Grid No.3
- Pin 4-Heater
- Pin 5-Heater
- Pin 6-Grid No.1
- Pin 7-Grid No.2
- Pin 8-Do Not Use
- Pin 9-Plate



AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class A1

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

Plate Voltage	550	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage	440	volts
Cathode Current	90	ma
Grid-No.2 Input	3.3 ^b	watts
Plate Dissipation	19	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface).	240	°C

← Indicates a change.



Typical Operation and Characteristics:

Plate Voltage.	300	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage.	300	volts
Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage.	-10	volts
Peak AF Grid-No.1 Voltage.	10	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	60	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	75	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	8	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current.	15	ma
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	29000	ohms
Transconductance	10200	μ mhos
Effective Load Resistance.	3000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion.	13	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	11	watts

Maximum-Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:		
For fixed-bias operation	0.3	megohm
For cathode-bias operation	1	megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁**Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:**

Plate Voltage.	550	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Voltage.	440	volts
Cathode Current.	90	ma
Grid-No.2 Input.	3.3 ^b	watts
Plate Dissipation.	19	watts
Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface)	240	°C

Typical Operation:*Values are for 2 tubes*

	Fixed Bias					Cathode	
						Bias	
Plate Supply							
Voltage.	300	350	400	450	450	450	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply							
Voltage.	300	350	350	350	400	400	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage.	-12.5	-15.5	-16	-16.5	-21	c	volts
Cathode Resistor (Common to both cathodes).	-	-	-	-	-	170	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1- to-Grid-No.1							
Voltage.	25	31	32	33	42	31	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current.	74	72	64	60	40	86	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current.	116	130	135	142	145	94	ma
Zero-Signal Grid- No.2 Current	10	9.5	8	7.2	5	10	ma
Max.-Signal Grid- No.2 Current	28	32	28	26	30	20	ma



	Fixed Bias					Cathode Bias
	6600	6500	6600	6600	6500	10000 ohms
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate)	6600	6500	6600	6600	6500	10000 ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	5	2.5	2	2.5	5	2
Max.-Signal Power Output	24	30	34	38	44	28 watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation 0.3 megohm

For cathode-bias operation 1 megohm

PUSH-PULL AF POWER AMPLIFIER — Class AB₁*Grid No.2 of each tube connected to tap on plate winding of output transformer***Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:**

Plate and Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid)

Supply Voltage 440 volts

DC Cathode Current 10 ma

Grid-No.2 Input 3.3^b watts

Plate Dissipation 19 watts

Bulb Temperature (At hottest point on bulb surface). 240 °C

Typical Operation:*Values are for 2 tubes*

	Fixed Bias	Cathode Bias	
Plate Supply Voltage	400	425	volts
Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage	d	d	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage	-20.5	c	volts
Cathode Resistor (Common to both cathodes).	-	185	ohms
Peak AF Grid-No.1-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage.	41	42	volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	60	88	ma
Max.-Signal Plate Current	115	100	ma
Zero-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	8	12	ma
Max.-Signal Grid-No.2 Current	18	16	ma
Effective Load Resistance (Plate to plate).	6600	6600	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	2.5	3.5	%
Max.-Signal Power Output	23	21	watts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance:

For fixed-bias operation 0.3 megohm

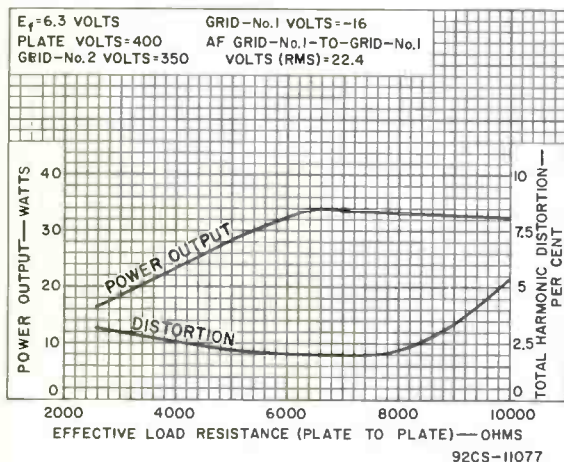
For cathode-bias operation 1 megohm



- a without external shield.
 b Grid-No. 2 input may reach 6 watts during peak levels of speech and music signals.
 c Connected to negative end of cathode resistor.
 d Obtained from tap on the primary winding of the output transformer. The taps are located on each side of the center-tap (B*) so as to supply 50 per cent of the plate signal voltage to the grid No. 2 of each output tube.

Operation Characteristics

Push-Pull Class AB₁



7868

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
GRID-No. 1 VOLTS = 0

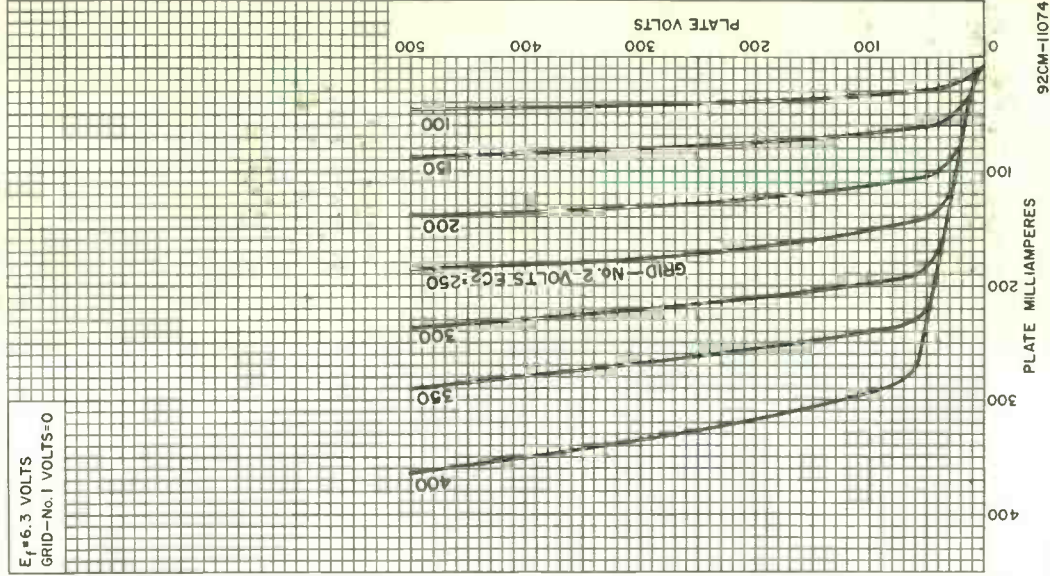


PLATE MILLIAMPERES

92CM-11074



RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Electron Tube Division
Harrison, N. J.

DATA 3
7-61

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

