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## "It Seems to Us...

## FIELD DAY

One Saturday in mid-June of last year, from their homes in Canada, the U.S. and possessions, eight thousand three hundred and eighty persons, ${ }^{1}$ who otherwise appeared perfectly normal, disappeared into woodlands, mountains and open fields carrying a little fond and clothing and a lot of radio apparatus. There they set up two thousand and twentysix ${ }^{1}$ separate transmitter-receiver combinations operating independently of commercial power mains and for a solid twenty-four hours of the ARRL Field Day had themselves a time etching the Kennelly-Heaviside layer indelibly with "CQ FD."

The simple process of subtraction indicates that there were 114,907 holders of amateur lirenses who did not take part in Field Day fun. We think they made a great mistake as any participant in the 1954 event will confirm. But it is a mistake which can easily be corrected - the opportunity will come again this June, on the 25 th-26th. And with balmy days here again for most of us, now is the time.

Time to find out if Old Man Smith's apple orchard will again be available for an operating site. We've got to try out the generator, to make sure the needle valve isn't gummed up again, and that the gas line isn't about to expire from old age. The tent will have more leaks than last year, but we'll try the paraff.n again and keep our fingers crossed. We take our local public relations serinusly, but that ne:v reporter on the Daily Blast may not think a night on a canvas cot contributes :anything to the public knowledge. Shall we use an antenna changeover relay this year, or just toss a wire out the window for receiving? We've got to decide whether we'll have a multistation set-up so everyone can operate Sunday afternoon, or stick to one station and keep it busy all night. Bill Jones' XYL will say she doesn't think she wants to provide the grub this year, and then change her mind, as she always does, and put on a magnificent spread. : .
So we'd better devote the next meeting to Field Day. And you'd better, too. First thing you know it will he time to put up the antemmas, and then you'll suddenly remember

[^0]that one of the masts got broken when somebody let go of a guy wire last year. And that table leg needs fixing again. So, you see, if you don't get busy you're liable to miss all the fun - and have only yourself to blame.

We think FD is the top event of the amateur year. Where else, in one week end, can you combine the good-fellowship of a hamfest, the underlying motive of preparation for public service, the fresh air and fun of a picnic, the teamwork of coöperative effort, and the excitement of an operating contest? If you haven't tried it before, make it this year. BCNU/1!

## MOBILE SAFETY

For some time now we've been on the verge of reminding amateurs of the importance of careful driving during mobile operations, a responsibility accented by the growing number of states which issue call-letter license plates. "Lighthouse Larry" in $G$-E Ham News last summer stated the case so nicely, however, that we can't do better than commend to your serious attention the following excerpts from his editorial:
. . . The license plate program has met with considerable success throughout the nation - and has given us a great boost in publicity. In many cases we are thus put on a level with doctors and other public servants.

However, as we attain this stature we also have to remember that it, behooves us to live up to our new standing - by added care and courtesy on the road. Need more be said than to comment that every traffic ticket a ham with call-letter license plates gets is a black eye for ham radio? And suppose through our carelessness it should be something worse than just a "ticket"? Suppose it's a broken, twisted body of a child on the highway? We see such pictures in the newspaper once in a while. And I fervently hope I never see one which includes a "murder car" bearing ham callletter license plates.
You think this is a painful and unpleasant subject? Sure is, but not half as painful and unpleasant as the real thing. We bring it up in the hopes that a few thoughts now, beforehand, may prevent the real thing from ever happening.

## A.R.R.L. PACIFIC DIVISION CONVENTION

## Fresno, Calif. - May 21-22, 1955

The 1955 ARRL Pacific Division Convention will be held in Fresno, Calif., on Saturday, May 21st, and Sunday, May 22nd, and will be sponsored by the Fresno Amateur Radio Club, Inc. There will be two days of excellent entertainment consisting of a variety comedy program, many outside activities, electronic exhibits, technical discussions, and mobile hunts, mobile judging, and ladies' luncheon and activities, topped off with a barbecued steak banquet. The price for each ticket is $\$ 6.75$. For further details address inquiries to: 1955 ARRL Pacific Division Convention, \% Grant Storey, W6NTK, 908 West Pico St., Fresno 5, Calif. Preregistration ends May 16th, 12:01 A.m. If you desire to register early, make out your checks to the Fresno Amateur Radio Club, Inc.


## May 1930

. . . New records set . . . all continents active . . . excellent reception . . . foreign stations craving more U. S. activity! These ure the highlights of "International Communications on 28 Mc.," by Clark C. Rodimon, W1SZ.
$\dot{D} \mathrm{~S} T$ announces the appointment of George Grammer, W1DF, as Assistant Technical Editor. Mr. Girammer, formerly W3AIH of Audubon, N. J., joined the Headquarters staff last fall to take charge of the ARRL Technical Information Service.
. . . Pioneering in the field of air-to-ground communications is still continuing with recent 'phone experiments. A summary of the latest is presented by C. H. Vincent, W8XB-W8RD, in "Airplane Radiophone Communications Experiments."
. . . In keeping with Mother's Day, the "Old Man" pays a fine tribute to moms (especially those of hams!).
. . . W4GV is described as a station featuring effectiveness, cunvenience, and low cost. Operator Cornelius W. Zimmerman poumds the ether with two transmitters putting out healthy signals on 7 and 14 Mc . The receiver is a simple, but nevertheless effective, two-stage " hlooper."

In "Our Regulations Are Revised," K. B. Warner tells of latest FCC changes in amateur regulations. Among them are the solidification of the amateur's position, better plate supplies required, the 10 -meter band made exclusively amateur, and compulsory logkeeping.
. . A light, compact, and completcly shiclded "inhaler" that covers a wide frequency range as well as being selfcontained is described by Howard A. Chinn in "In AllService Portable Receiver.'
. . ."ARRL Coöperates with the 'Arctic Patrol' in Mid-winter Maneuvers," by F. E. Handy, gives a vivid description of the role played by amateur radio in assisting the Army Air Force.
"The All-Section Sweepstakes Contest," by E. L. Battey, recounts the results of this highly successful "ratrace." Top honors go to W 1 ADW who tallied 13,158 !
. . A new system of uniform tube designation is being adonted by QST'. Under the new plan, a UX-210 becomes Type '10, a DeForest 422 becomes Type ' 22 , etc.

## COMING R.R.R.L. CONVENTIONS

May 7th-8th - Oregon State, Portland, Ore.
May 2lst-22nd-Pacific Divisinn. Fresno, Calif.
June 10th-12th-West Gulf Division, Fort Worth, Texas
June 11th-12th - North Dakota State, Bismarck, N. D.
Junc 1lth-12th-Southeastern Division, St. Petersburg, Fla.
July 30th-31st-Canadian Division, St. John, New Brunswick
August 12th-14th - Roanoke Division, Old Point, Va.
October 15th-16th - Central Division, South Bend, Ind.
October 2ind-23rd - Midwest Division, Omaha, Neb.

## . Strays ${ }^{2}$.

" 2 Meter Men Held in Thefts" was a headline recently appearing in The Evening Bulletin, a Philadelphia newspaper. Further reading revealed that they were not v.h.f. men, but parkingmeter collectors!-- WSYKT

During his first few weeks on the air, KN2SSP worked Huntington Woods, Mich., Huntington, L. I., N. Y., and Huntington Station, N. Y.

When the Hartford County Amateur Radio Association scheduled WøEDX as guest speaker at one of their get-togethers, the meeting notices to members read "Al Pichitino, WEDX, Chief Engineer of the E. F. Johnson Company. . . ." Calling the mailing service to complain about the error, HCARA prexy, WIULY, got the folloming indignant reply: "You had a zero in there, but it was crossed out!"

In Portland, Ore., Sharon La Baugh, a youngster stricken with leukemia, asked if she might have a watermelon. None being available in that city, her wish was hrought to the attention of Portland amateurs who originated an emergency request for a melon. After much relaying, in which many hams participated, the plea was received at Miami, Fla. From there, two melons were sent by air to the afficted child.

W8NSX heard W9NSX in contact with W9PCY. Breaking in, W8NSX was followed by none other than W8PCY. This shrinking world!

## OUR COVER

Sweepstaker Dick Baldwin, WIIKE, is shown tuning the transmitter he describes in "Easy Shielding for Ninety Watts." The article begins on page 25 of this issue. (Photo by W $1 U P X$ )

# The "Z-Match" Antenna Coupler 

Impedance Matching the Easy Way

BY ALLEN W. KING,* WICJL

"WHEN it takes more time to make frequency changes in an antenna-coupler circuit than it does in a 500-watt rig, it's high time something should be done about it." The quotation is from a 1954 QST that appeared at just about the time the " Z -match" was finished and in operation. Having been a user


Panel view of the "Z-match" antenna coupler. Incorporating a built-in bridge for forward and reflected power and a dummy autenna. it uses a multiband tank in a new circuit arrangement for matching the usual run of transmission-line loads to a coaxial link.
of all-band tank circuits for the past few years, the writer had decided to attempt to use one in reverse, and some interesting results were obtained.

The "Z-match" antenna coupler is designed for use with transmitters having up to 250 watts input, and will match a 50 -ohm coaxial line to both reactive and nonreactive loads ranging from

[^1] Southbridge, Mass.


#### Abstract

- This comes close to being the ultimate in multiband antenna couplers, from the standpoint of convenience and case of operation. Using a multiband tank in an ingenious circuit arrangement, it offers switchless 3.5-30-Mc. operation plus quick and certain adjustment to optimum coupling by means of a luilt-in bridge.


10 to 2500 ohms. It covers the frequency range of 3.5 to 30 Mc . without switching coils. One of the most important features of the unit is the fact that all matching is done visually, with a Micromatch type s.w.r. bridge.

Additional features incorporated in the " $Z_{-}$match" besides the all-band tank circuit are a 50 -ohm dummy load and a power-indicating device that is left in the line at all times, reading either forward or reflected power as selected by a front-panel switch. Two output links are provided, for either low-frequency ( 3.5 to 7.3 Mc .) output or high-frequency ( 14 to 30 Mc .) output. A second front-panel control is provided for the selection of various functions. The noninductive 50 -ohm dummy load is connected in circuit in Position 1, while the second position switches the transmitter to the coupler proper. Position 3 switches the transmitter to a 50 -ohm output connection which is independent of the coupler but allows the use of the power-measuring device when feeding directly into a matched 50 -ohm line.

The complete schematic is shown in Fig. 1. Like most homebuilt projects, other parts can be substituted. However, care should be taken in

The multiband tank circuit consists of the iplit-stator capacitor at the left and the two inductors, with links, in the center. Coupling is controlled by the tank and the capacitor at the right. The two-terminal assemblies connect to the two link coils.

following the layout of the unit, especially the forward- and reflected-power indicating device.

## Construction

The " $/ /$-match" shown in the photographs is built on an $113 / 4 \times 91 / 4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2}$-inch chassis, and the panel is $121 / 4$ by $63 / 4$ inches. These were used because they were on hand, but any number of commercially-available ehassis and dust-cover combinations could be used with good results.

The chassis itself is used to separate the lowimpedance input circuits from the comparatively high- $Z$ output circuits, and no matter what size chassis is used this constructional practice should be followed. The coupling capacitor $C_{10}$ is electrically above ground and is mounted on two fecd-through insulators (Johnson type 135-55), one of which is used to bring the electrical connection through the chassis to the rotor of $C_{10}$. This capacitor is set back from the panel and coupled to the dial by an insulated shaft, thus eliminating body capacity. $C_{11}$ is mounted at the other end of the chassis and the control is brought out through the panel with symmetry in mind. Inductors $L_{2}$ and $L_{4}$ are mounted near the rear output terminal panel, mainly because this is the high-frequency section ( 14 to 30 Mc .) and over-all lead length should be kept to a minimum. Coils $L_{1}$ and $L_{3}$ are mounted at right
angles to $L_{2}$ and $L_{4}$ to reduce mutual coupling.
The output terminal panel on the rear of the chassis has two National type FWH connectors and a wing-nutted ground terminal, allowing the operator to connect either balanced or unbalanced antennas. The two output terminals (high and low frequency) could very well be one, if an intenna changeover relay was used. although separate connectors are convenient when separate intennas are used.

The two rotary switches $S_{1}$ and $S_{2}$ are placed in a position to maintain panel symmetry, and also to keep lead lengths to a minimum for the commections to $S_{2}$. As can be seen from the photographs, the 50 -ohm dummy load is mounted on standard fuse clips and the "hot" end is kept as close to the ceramic switch $S_{2}$ as possible. The dummy load has been insulated from the chassis at the hot end by a 1/4-inch-thick phenolic block: however, the same feed-through that was used on $C_{10}$ could be used instead. The grounded end is raised up from the chassis merely in keeping with good constructional practice. This can be done with a metal spacer having the same height as either the phenolic block or the feed-through type insulator, whichever is used.

The rear-view photograph shows the output terminals marked as "parallel" and "series." These, however, could be called "low-frequency"


Fig. 1 - Circuit diagram of the "\%-match."
C. $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ - Eric button type or equivalent.
$\mathrm{Ca}, \mathrm{C}_{6}$ - Tubular-type variable, $0.5-5 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. (Erie type 532-(18).
$\mathrm{Ci}_{4}, \mathrm{C}_{4}$ - Mica or ceramic.
Ci- $\mathrm{C}_{8}, \mathrm{C}_{9}$ - Disk erramic.
Gin-340- $\mu \mathrm{f}$. variable (Bind 1529).
$\mathrm{C}_{11}$ - 250- $\mu \mathrm{f}$ - - per-seeticin variable (Bud 1556).
$R_{1}-0.625$ ohm, 8 wattz sixteen 10 -ohim- liatt composition resistors in parallel).
$\mathrm{R}_{2}$ - 2500 -ohm carbon potentivmeter.
$\mathrm{R}_{3}-25,000$-ohm carbon potentiometer.
$\mathrm{R}_{4}-50,000$-ohm carbon potentiometer.
$R_{s}-50$ ohms, 50 watts (GE Globar type CX).


114 inches long.
$1.2-1.7$ رh.: $5 \frac{1}{2}$ turns No. 11, $21 / 16$-inch diam.. $15 \%$ inches long.
1،-2.35 $\mu$ h.; $6 \frac{1 / 2}{2}$ turns No. 11, 25/x-inch diam., inch long.
 long.
$\mathrm{J}_{1} \mathrm{~J}_{2}$ - Coraxial ennnectors.
$\mathrm{J}_{3 .} \mathrm{J}_{4}$ - Binding-post assemblics (National type lill II).
$S_{1}$ - Rotary switch, 2 poles, 6 , positions (hakelite wafer).
$\mathrm{S}_{2}$ - Rotary switch, 1 pole, 3 positions, shorting (eeramic wafer).


The bridge assembly. The circuit arrangement is made symmetrical for the purpose of reducing the effects of stray capacitance and inductance. The resistors in the center ( $R_{1}$ ) are assembled in the form of a cylinder supported by soldering their leads to circular pieces of wire. This riduces inductance and tends to assure uniform current distribution throughout the assembly.
and "high-frequency" outputs. The thought in marking them "parallel" and "series" was that the low-frequency tank coil is parallel connected, while the high-frequency tank coil is the series circuit.

## S.W.R. Bridge

The s.w.r. bridge consists of two bridges connected back to back so that incident and refleeted power may be determined. The theory and operation have been ably presented elsewhere and will not be dealt with here. ${ }^{1}$
'The incident-power bridge consists of $R_{1}, C_{5}$, $C_{5}$ and the transmitter output impedance: the reflected-power bridge consists of $K_{1}, C_{1}, C_{2}$ and the load. The output of the bridge is rectified by

[^2]the crystal diodes. A d.c. path is provided by the r.f. choke. The rest of the components are used for r.f. filtering.
$R_{1}$ consists of sixteen 10 -ohm $1 / 2$-watt composition resistors in parallel. Since the bridge is designed to operate from 3 to 30 Mc. it is important that noninductive resistors be used. For best results, $C_{1}$ and $C_{5}$ should be of the button type. They proved to be decidedly better than silver micas. Needless to say, all lead lengths should be kept as short as possible to reduce the effects of lead inductance. The layout shown in the photograph should be followed, and since this shows the placement of parts quite clearly, constructional details will be omitted.

In the initial set-up of the bridge, set $S_{2}$ to the dummy load position, apply r.f. power to the input terminal, and adjust $C_{2}$ for zero deflection. Next, temporarily reverse the bridge and adjust $C_{6}$ for zero deflection. Then return to the original input-output connections and the bridge is ready for calibration. A good calibration will require comparison with an already-calibrated power meter, or by calculation from the r.f. current in the dummy load as measured by an r.f. ammeter connected in series with the load. The full-scale power values (three ranges are provided for) may be set by adjusting $R_{2}, R_{3}$ and $R_{4}$. However, an actual power calibration is not at all necessary to the operation of the "Z-match," since the bridge will serve quite well both for adjustment of coupling and for relative power indications without calibration.

The meter used in the bridge has a basic movement of $1-200$ microamperes, and in this case : hand-calibrated scale was made by taking the original meter plate off and reversing it. The three scales were then hand-painted on, as the photograph shows.

## Operation

The bridge provides a visual way of adjusting the coupler, while the 50 -ohm noninductive load (Continued on page 116)

Switches, input circuit, bridge and dummy antenna are belowchassix. The three variable resintors at the upper left in this view are adjusted for proper power calibration of the bridge and thereafter left set. The Cinbar resintor used an a dumms antenna is along the right-hand edge.


# Automatic Mobile Antenna Tuning 

A Self-Resonating System for 40 and 75

BY JOHN A. HARGRAVE,* WøIGP

I$T$ is obvious that mobile operation of the amateur station has increased many times during the past several years. While the 10-, 15and 20 -meter bands offer a general efficiency and convenience of operation from a mobile station comparable to that of the home station, 40 and 75 meters present a more difficult prohlem. This may be attributed primarily both to practical power limitations and poor radiationsystem efficiencies. It has been generally proven that, except for increased physical length, the greatest single factor contributing to the efficiency of a loaded antenna system is loadinginductor efficiency or $Q$. The greater the r.f. resistance of a given loading inductance, the greater will be the r.f. loss resulting from its operation. It becomes apparent that for a practical figure o." efficiency, maximum practical load-ing-inductor $Q$ must be maintained, and general transmitter and coupling efficiency must be kept at a reasonably high figure.

The expression "high $Q$ " is a relative quantity and strictly dependent on the peculiar interpretation of the user. High $Q$ is generally synonomous with the presence of a sharply resonant rircuit with a narrow bandpass characteristic. Generally speaking, a high-Q 5- to 8-foot mobile whip antenna, loaded for the 75 -meter band, will be sharply resonant, and will begin to appear seriously reactive at a deviation from the carrier frequency of about 5 kc . Any effiort to broaden the response by loading-inductor construction will, in the majority of cases, be merely a compromise

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#### Abstract

- Most mobile operators, expecially those working 40 and 75, understand the inconvenience of having to stop and retune the antenna for every few kilocycles changes in frequency. The system deseribed here does away with all this by automatically reresonating the antenna whenever frequeney is shifted. It also compensates automatically for detuning caused by antenna lay-back, or opening the trunk.


in efficiency and a most dear one. Much has been written conceruing high-efficiency loading inductors, and any basic theories conscientiously applied will in all probability result in an appreciable increase in $Q$ and radiation efficiency.

An increasingly large number of the mobile transmitters being built are for multiband and VFO operation. The majority of these are being mounted beneath the automobile instrument dash, within easy reach of the driver-operator. Mobile VFO seems like a marvelous convenience until it is realized that the carefully designed ant.enna system is restricted to a bandwidth of a few kilocycles. It is mechanically practical to provide an adjustable whip length or to atford a manually adjustable inductor to enable multifrequency operation, although their location by necessity must be remote from that of the under-dash-mounted VFO transmitter.

WøIGP's under-dash mohile installation. The automatic antenna-tuner control box is at the right. The shafts of the two potentiometers extend from the bottom.


Within this article is described a system for use over the 40 - and 75 -meter bands providing automatic adjustment of antenna resonance in response to the output frequency of the mobile transmitter. It permits maximum use of VFO control and convenient use of maximum- $Q$ antenna systems. This system was installed in the author's 1953 Buick and has proven very successful and a great convenience. The present mobile transmitter runs 40 watts input, but the system has been used successfully with input powers of from 15 to 300 watts. Although the system was designed for mobile operation, it has been used experimentally on a fixed-station vertical and has proven very satisfactory.

## Circuits and Theory

This system ${ }^{1}$ consists of a device for detecting antenna resonance, and provides control of a reversible motor which is coupled to a variable antenna-tuning inductance located at the base of the antenna. An inductive lond, as observed by the detector, will cause the motor to rotate in one direction, while a capacitive load will cause it to operate in the other direction, such rotation reëstablishing antenna resonance.

It is generally understood that an r.f. transmission line terminated in a pure resistance equal to its characteristic impedance will be flat. This means that there will be no reflections from the loaded end of the line, and that at any point along that line the voltage and current will be in phase. A high- $Q$ antenna may be matched to a given type of transmission line but, should the resonant frequency of the load shift to a slightly higher or lower frequency, or should the exciting frequency change to a lower or higher frequency, the antenna system will no longer present a purely resistive load to the transmission line and a complex load will reflect a standing wave back along the transmission line. Under such a condition a shift in voltage/current phase and amplitude relationship will result. These factors produce an increase in load impedance and a significant drop in transmitter loading. The detecting system operates as a result of these variables reëstablishing a resistive termination.

The phase detector used in this system is quite similar to the Foster-Seeley f.m. discriminator. Operation of the conventional discriminator results from the phase relationships existing in a transformer having a tuned primary and secondary, both capacitively and inductively coupled. The phase detector shown here in Fig. 1 operates from a low- $Q$ impedance, both capacitively and inductively coupled to the r.f. antenna transmission line. This impedance, represented by $L_{2}$ and its distributed circuit capacitances, provides sufficient impedance for satisfactory circuit operation and avoids the inconvenience of a tuned tank. As was previously stated, providing a proper match exists between the r.f. load and its trans-

[^3]mission line, r.f. current and voltage on such :a line will be in phase. The voltage on the line is used as a reference, and a small amount of this voltage is coupled into the detector circuit through the distributed capacitance existing bet.ween $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$. The relative amount of this


Fis. 1 - Phase-detector circuit used to produce con. trol voltage for the automatic mobile-antenna resonator. $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ - Voltage across transmission line.
$\mathrm{E}_{2}$ - Portion of $E_{1}$ determined by the voltage-divider ratio of $C_{1}$ and distributed capacitance, $C_{x}$.
$E_{3}$. $\mathrm{E}_{4}$ - Voltage induced by $L_{1}-L_{2}$ mutual.
$\mathrm{E}_{2}-3$. $\mathrm{E}_{2}-4$ - Vector sums of applied voltakes. $L_{2}$ is selfresonant at a frequency considerally above normal frequencies of operation. $L_{1}$ is a $3 / 4$-turn link in series with the antenna and transmission line. $C_{2}$ and $C_{3}$ provide very low impedance to r.f. currents.
voltage applied to the detector circuit is determined by the capacitive voltage-divider ratio of the distributed capacitance between $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$, $C_{x}$, and the value of capacitor $C_{1}$. A second voltage, necessary to provide a medium of phase comparison, is introduced as a result of line current flowing through $L_{1}$. Such a current will create a magnetic field about $L_{1}$ and, because of mutual inductance, will produce a current and resultant voltage in the secondary coil $L_{2}$. The resulting voltage across $L_{2}$ will lag the inducing current through $L_{1}$ by 90 degrees.
The two voltages described above appear in series between the plate of each diode and the center tap of $R_{1}$. Voltages $E_{3}$ and $E_{4}$ are separated in phase by 180 degrees, with reference to the center tap of $L_{2}$, and are in quadrature with voltage $E_{2}$ when a condition of resunance is observed on the transmission line under examination. Under these conditious the effective voltage on the plate of each diode will be of similar amplitude, and will produce a rectified voltage of equal and opposite sign across each half of the load resistor $R_{1}$. The resultant sum of zero volts across $R_{1}$ indicates a resonant and balanced condition, as indicated in Fig. 2A.


Fig. 2 --. Voltage vector relationships for conditions (A) - when the antenna is resonant, (B) - when the antenna is above resonance, and (C) - when the antenna is below resonance. Voltages refer to Fig. 1.


Fig. 3 - Circuit of the automatic mobile antenna tuncr.

Ci-... Mica; all other capacitors are disk ceramic.
$\mathbf{R}_{1}$ - IRC type Q.
$R_{3}$ - Ohmite type AB.
$R_{4}-$ Wire-wound.
All other resistors 10 per cent carbon, $1 / 2$ watt, unless otherwise specificd.

In the event of antenna detuning or a change in transmitter frequency, a change in the current and voltage phase relationship along the transmission line will result, and a balanced output from $V_{1 A}$ and $V_{1 B}$ will no longer exist. It may again be said that the reference voltage introduced by the capacitive coupling is in phase with the voltage along the line, but there is no longer a 90-degree phase relationship between this voltage and that developed across $L_{2}$ as a result of line current through $L_{1}$ and $L_{1}-L_{2}$ mutual inductance. Under such conditions, phase relationships similar to the vectors indicated in Figs. 2B and 2C will result. From this it may be seen that a phase shift in one direction, as a result of a change in the exciting frequency, or a change in the frequency of antenna resonance, will cause the detector to produce a negative output voltage, while the opposite change in frequency or antenna resonance will cause the detector to produce a positive output voltage. Potentiometer $R_{1}$ is a balancing control, the proper adjustment of which will overcome circuit unbalances and will provide balanced output.

The complete control circuit is shown in Fig. 3. The 6AL.5 phase detector provides a d.c. output voltage of either positive or negative polarity dependent upon the resonant frequency of the antenna system in reference to the transmitter operating frequency. This output voltage is applied to the grid of: a d.c. amplifier, $V_{2 A}$, Fig. 3. $\Gamma_{2 A}$ is cathode-coupled, by way of cathode resistor $R_{2}$, to $V_{2 B}$, and the plate circuits of both sections of $V_{2}$ are directly coupled to the grids of
$\mathrm{L}_{1}$ - Approx. 3/4 turn No. 16 wire, over center of 1.3 .
$\mathrm{L}_{2}-20$ turns No. 18 enameled wire close-wound, center-tapped on $\%$-inch bakelite rod.
$I_{1}, I_{2}$-Green and amber $/ 2$-inch indicator lamps.
$\mathrm{K}_{1}, \mathrm{~K}_{2}-$ S.p.d.t. plate-circuit relay, 10,000 ohme (Potter-Brumfield LB5).
$\mathrm{S}_{1}$ - 3 -pole 4 -position rotary switch (Mallory 323:-J).
the control tube, $V_{3}$. In order to provide d.c. voltage amplification, direct interstage coupling is necessary. This arrangement places the entire plate potential of $V_{2 A}$ and $V_{2 B}$ on the respective control grids of $\Gamma_{3}$. Under conditions of antenna resonance, the phase detector provides approximately zero volts output, and sensitivity control $R_{3}$ is adjusted to the point where the static plate current of $V_{3 A}$ and $V_{3 B}$ will not hold relays $K_{1}$ and $K_{2}$ in the energized position. This adjustment places the cathodes of $V_{3}$ at a more positive potential than their respective control grids, this hias being of such magnitude as to approach plate-current cut-off.

Following adjustments of halance and sensitivity, any slight change in phase detector output will cause cither $K_{1}$ or $K_{2}$ to operate, causing the tuning motor to rotate in one direction or the other.

## Matching Antenna to Line

It is necessary that the transmission line from the transmitter to the loaded antenna be made relatively flat if smooth indication and operation is desired from one band edge to the other. This may sound like a difficult task, but the adjustment may be made with very little equipment or effort. It essentially requires that the loaded antenna at resonance present the same load to the transmission line as a noninductive resistor equal in resistance to the characteristic impedance of the transmission line. Providing no more than 20 watts of power is made available at the base of the loaded whip, ten 500 -ohm 2 -watt
carbon resistors may be placed in parallel to act as a dummy load for $\mathrm{RG}-8 / \mathrm{U}$ cable. The imped-ance-mutching system utilized with this antenna consists of a plug-in coil, $L_{2}$, Fig. 4, mounted on the remote tuning unit, and connected from the input side of the variable loading inductor, $L_{1}$, to the automobile body. A satisfactory adjustment may be made by establishing normal transmitter loading with the dummy load, then switching to the antenna system and, while maintaining antenna resonance, adjusting the matching inductance for identical load conditions. It will be found that a difference of as much as one quarter turn will have considerable effect on loading and the proper impedance match. A 6 -turn coil $11 / 2$ inches in diameter, 2 inches long, was found satisfactory for this particular installation when operating in the 75meter band. The circuit for the remote tuning unit is shown in Fig. 4 and a photograph of the unit is also included.

## General Design

This system contains two basic units:

1) The control unit consisting of a $4 x+x$ 2 -inch box mounted bencath the instrument dash. and containing all detecting and control circuits and components other than the motor, the motor-reversing relay and the impedancematching and variable inductors. All components associated with the control unit are mounted within the box with the exception of the three vacuum tubes. These are mounted on the rear lip of the unit to afford adequate circulation of air.
2) The remote tuning unit is located in the automobile trunk, adjacent to the base of the loaded whip. It contains the variable series in-


Fig. 4-Wiring diagram of the motor-driven tuning section. $L_{1}$ is the variable portion of the whip Inading coil. A variable inductor from a military Command transmitter is used. $L_{2}$ is a matching inductor. $K_{1}$ is a 6 -volt d.c. d.p.d.t. relay (Guardian 200-5). The motor is a 6 -volt defroster motor. The antenna terminal should be connected to the base of the whip with the shortest possible lead. $L_{2}$ should have a solid connection to the frame of the car. See text for further details.
ductor, impedance-matching inductor, tuning motor and motor-reversing relay.

The front panel of the control unit contains a three-pole four-position rotary switch, $S_{1}$, Fig. 3 . and two pilot-light assemblies, $I_{1}$ and $I_{2}$. The switch selects the mode of operation, and the two pilot lights indicate the resonant condition of the antenna. When the right-hand lamp, $I_{2}$, is lighted, it indicates an inductive antenna, and when the left-hand lamp, $I_{1}$, is lighted, a capacitive antenna is indicated. Providing the system is properly adjusted, a resistive antenna will be

Motor-driven antenna-tuning unit. The plug-in inductor is the matching inductor shown in Fig. 4. This unit is placed in the trunk of the car, as close to the base of the antenna as possible.



The control unit is askembled in a $4 \times 4 \times 2$-inch box. The tubes are mounted at the rear, the antenna and transmitter coax connectors on the side, and the switch and indicator lamps on the front.
indicated by both lamps being extinguished.
The three-pole four-position switch utilizes the four positions as follows: (1) off, (2) automatic tuning, (3) manual increase inductance, and (4) manual decrease inductance. During normal operation, the switch will be left in Position 2 except on 10, 15, and 20 meters, where the antenna baudwidth is sufficiently broad that automatic tuning is not necessary. In this case, the switch may be left in the off position. When QSYing from one end of a band to the other, it is not necessary to keep the transmitter on the air while waiting for the antenna to be tuncd to resonance. While on automatic position the VFO may be adjusted to the desired frequency, the transmitter output tank adjusted to resonance and note made whether the antenna is inductive or capacitive as indicated by the two pilot lights. The transmitter may then be taken off the air and the control switch placed in one of the two manual positions for an approximate adjustment of the series inductance. The switch may then be returned to the automatic position for an exact antenna adjustment.

## Construction

Inductor $L_{2}$, Fig. 3, consists of 20 turns of No. 18 enameled wire close-wound and centertapped on a $3 / 8$-inch bakelite rod. $L_{1}$ is formed of No. 16 wire and consists of a $3 / 4$-turn loop about $L_{2}$. This provides an optimum value of coupling for $25-50$-watt transmitters. Although the coupling between $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ is not critical, it should be reduced as higher transmitter power is employed. A slight change of coupling may be found necessary with different installations.

To facilitate construction procedures, the control unit was assembled and wired with both $4 \times 4$-inch covers removed. This simplifies the task of assembling and wiring considerably. As an aid to simplification it is recommended that wires he cabled together where practical, even though it may require greater lead length. Where no
critical circuits are involved, cabling will greatly limit the congestion which is unavoidable with a unit of this size. Of course, the leads to $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ should be kept short and direct.

The tuning motor was originally an automobile defroster motor purchased at a used auto-supply store for $\$ 1.00$. It was disassembled and leads brought out for connection to the d.p.d.t. reversing relay. Six- and 12 -volt d.c. motors may be wired in a number of ways. Frequently, the armature is connected between the two fields, and the combination placed in series across the automobile battery. In this case the most simple way to provide a reversal of rotation is by reversing the armature connections in respect to the field windings. In other cases a field reversal may be more simply accomplished.
The gear reduction unit was taken from a PE-101 dynamotor where it was originally used to operate an automatic keyer. The variable inductor, $L_{1}$, Fig. 4, was taken from a military Command transmitter. All other components are of standard manufacture and readily available at most radio supply houses. A simple replacement for the entire antenna tuning unit would be a motor-driven variable inductor which is available commercially.

Power for the automatic mobile tuner is taken directly from the mobile transmitter. The filameuts are not switched on or off within the unit itself, but are taken directly from the transmitter filament switch. The unit requires 0.9 amp . at 6 volts and $200-400$ volts at approximately 15 ma. Satisfactory sensitivity may be realized with voltages as low as 200, although an increase in $L_{1}-L_{2}$ coupling may be found necessary. Voltages over 400 should be avoided because of possible cathode-to-heater break-down in $V_{3}$.

## Adjustment

Provided the antenna system has been properly matched to the transmission line in use, the
(Conlinued on page 118)

# Vertical Multiband Antennas 

Two Practical Systems with Coax Feed

BY L. L. TAYLOR,* W8LVK

> - The radiation angle from a vertical antenna will be satisfactory for longdistance work over about a 3-to- frequency range if the proper antenna length is used. This article offers a solution to the more difficult problem of feeding such an antenna with coax, without excessive loss in the feeder.

ALTHOUGH there is no simple multiband antenna that provides optimum performance with respect to matching a transmission line. systems can be devised which are compromises and can be made to perform fairly well on several bands. This article describes two such vertical antennas, one of which performs quite well on the $10-, 11-, 15$-, and 20 -meter hands, the other on the 15-, 20-, and 40 -meter bands.

It is pointed out in The ARRL Antenna Book ${ }^{1}$ that vertical antennas do not make satisfactory


Fig. 1-Vertical-plane field patterns of vertical antennas for several values of antenna height. The field intensity is expressed in millivolts per meter at a distance of one mile for one kilowatt input. Perfectly conducting ground and zoro loss resistance are asmumed. From Kraus. ${ }^{2}$
multiband antennas because their angle of radiation increases with frequency. 'This is true except for the region where the vertical antenna is less than 0.64 wavelength long. Between 0.2 aud 0.64 wavelength long the radiation angle decreases as frequency increases. This is shown in Fig. 1, which is a field-intensity plot in the vertical plane of a vertical antenna for three different frequencies. These curves assume zero loss resistance in the antenna and a perfectly conducting ground plane. The actual value of resistive loss in the antenna will merely shrink

[^4]

Fig. $\mathbf{2}$ - Input resistance $\boldsymbol{v s}$. length in wavelengths for vertical antennas of three different length-to-diametre ratios. From Jordan. ${ }^{3}$
the curves slightly but not distort them. A lossy ground plane such as earth will affect the curves at extremely low elevation angles, which will shorten distances for ground-wave propagation,


Fig. 3-Input reactance rs. length in wavelengths for vertical antennas of three different diameter-tolength ratios. From Jordan. ${ }^{3}$

but will not affect the shape of the curves at angles used by amateurs for sky-wave propagation.
'The main objection to an antenna which is operated at different points in this $0.64-$ to 0.20 wavelength region is the radical change in input impedances between the bauds where the antennid is current fed and the band where the antenna is voltage fed. By using a simple construction technique the amateur can approximate a eylindrical antenna of low enough length-to-diameter ratio to reduce materially these variations in impedance. Figs. 2 and 3 show the manner in which input resistance and reartance of a vertical erlindrical antenna vary with frequency in the region where the antenna is less than 0.65 wavelength long, and for antenna length-todiameter ratios of $60: 1,100: 1$, and 5620:1. A length-to-diameter ratio of $56220: 1$ is equivalent to 30 feet of No. 14 wire.

## Practical Antennas

If the vertical antenna can be erected close enough to the rig to minimize transmission-line losses, the two antennas described here can be made to operate very satisfactorily. Fig. 4 shows
a 29.9-foot anteuna with a 60:1 effective length-to-diameter ratio that operates very well on 40 , 20 , and 15 meters. The current distribution along the autenna $a t$, the center of each band is represented by the dotted lines. The values of input impedance, optional series inductance which may be used to cancel out the capacitive eomponent of the input impedance, and the voltage standing-wave ratio with and without the series inductance, are all given for the center of each band. The v.s.w.r. values are for the case where the antenna is fed with 52 -ohm coaxial cable. With this antenna the series inductance makes very little difference in cable loss: for example, at 7.15 Mc . the loss in 100 feet of RG-8/U cable without the inductance would be 0.62 db . and with the inductance it would be 0.55 db . At 21.225 Mc . the loss without the inductance is 1.9 db . and with the inductance it is 0.83 db . If this antenna is to be used extensively on 20 meters, the length of the feed line is of special importance. With the 9 -to- 1 v.s.w.r. which exists on 20 meters; the loss in 100 feet of cable will be 2.3 db . This will have the same effect as reducing a 100 -watt rig to about (ii) watts. With 50 feet of cable the loss will be

lig. 5 - Vertical antenna for 11. 21,27 and 28 Mc .
1.3 db ., and with 25 feet of cable it is 0.7 db .

A vertical :antenna for the 20 -, 15-, 11-, and $10-\mathrm{meter}$ bands is shown in Fig. 5. This antema is 22.16 feet long with a $100: 1$ effective length-todiameter ratio. The series condenser for use on 20 meters is relatively unimportant and may be omitted as it only reduces the loss in 100 feet of RG-8/U from 1.2 db , to 0.75 db .; however, on 11 and 10 meters the series inductance should be used unless a very short run of cable is used between the rig and the antenna. The loss on 11 and 10 meters is 3.7 and 3.6 db .. respectively, for 100 feet of cable without inductance. and that loss is reduced to 1.2 and 1.0 db ., respectively, when the series inductance is used.

## Construction Notes

The construction of the antema is fairly simple, as shown in Fig. 6. The box coustruction with length $D$ on a side approximates a cylindrical antenna of diameter $D$. The diameter of the four vertical wires is not eritical, but should be


Fig. 6 - Physical construction of antennas.
as large as possible to reduce resistive loss. No. 14 wire is satisfactory and was used by the author, but a larger size would probably be an improvement. Either solid or stranded may be used.

The separators are not critical and may be plastic or treated wood. The spacing of the separators is dependent upon the tension used on the antenna: the more tension used the fewer separators needed. The author used ten separators for each antenna. The spring used at the top to provide the tension was an over-sized screen door spring obtained at the local hardware store.

The series inductances can be wound on any convenient low-loss form, and the size of wire. number of turns, spacing, and coil diameter may be picked to fit the sperific installation.

The Radio A mateur's IIandbook, pave 545 , 30th edition: page 543 , 31st edition.

The ARRL Lightning Calculator or any available coil table such as the one in The Radio Amateur's Handbook ${ }^{4}$ may be used to wind the inductance required. The author found that No. 12 wire on a 1 -inch synthane tube will work satisfactorily. The coils, if used, must be placed in a waterproof box and at stepping relay used to select the correct enil for each band, or to short out the coil(s) where none are required. The author strongly suggests keeping the coaxial wable short, connecting it directly to the antenna and not using any series reactance.
The use of ground radials is important, as with any vertical antenna.. It is recommended that 4 or more buried radials be used and that they be more than $1 / 4$ wavelength long at the lowest frequency to be used. The author has found that four 50 -foot sections of aluminum clothesline running at right angles from the base of the antenna work very satisfactorily. One of these radials runs in one window of the basement of the house, aloug the basement ceiling and out the opposite window. In addition to the radials, a long ( 6 feet or longer) ground rod should be driven into the ground at the base of the antenna and counected to the junction of the radials and the outer conductor of the coax.

The anterna may be held up by any suitable means, but the most convenient, in most cases. will probably be a clothesline running between two suitable supports such as two trees, a tree and the house, etc.

It must be remembered that, as shown in Fig. 1. the vertical antenna has a low radiation angle; therefore, don't expect it to perform well at short ranges where a high angle of radiation is needed. The author has a horizontal dipole 35 feet above the ground for use on 40 meters. This antenna outperforms the $40-20-15$ vertical when working nearby stations (30 to 200 miles) but when the hand is open the vertical puts the dipole to shame.

## Silent 炎eys

IT is with decp regret that we record the passing of these amateurs:
W1AHY, ex-1FX, Stephan A. Griflin, Livermore Falls, Me.
W2.JBN, Audrew H. Kuhn. Orange, N. J.
W4AQN, Harry C. Jones, sr., Harriman, Tenn.
W4CZZ. Hubert Sceds, St. Petersburg, Fla. W5FGP, Kaoul S. Dossman, San Antonio, Texas W5KOP, Annie L. Porter, Kenedy, Texas W5TCI, Joreph E. Watson, Vicksburg, Miss. K6EQD, Paul Farmer, Gardena. C'alif. W6KOV, Louis C. Lamberson. Antioch, Calif. WhKTY, Roy Whearon. South Gate, Cylif. W6V.JQ, John L. Fredenburgh, Alpine, Calif. W6YIL, Walter 1. Brown, jr., Venice. Calif. W'6Y'II, Josephine N. V'redenburgh, Alpine, Culif. W7VKE, Marcus M. Durham, Rigby, Idaho W8LWG, Ross E. Dixon, Alliance. Ohio
WrKOX, George sangrik, jr., Cleveland, Whio VElEA, Clarence E. Roach, Halifax
DLIND. Cicory Kohigruber, Gummershach D L3PO, Anton Plahst, Einfang SM5WL, Ians F. Eliaeson, Stockholm VP9F, Richard Fox, Saint Davids Island, Bermuda

# Six Meters for the Beginner 

Part I The Nature of the Band

BY EDWARD P. TILTON, WIHDQ

Experience on the 2 -meter band since Novices appeared on the scene has shown us what makes the wheels go around in amateur radio. Today we find Novices and former Novices almost everywhere, enjoying what the baud has to offer. Hundreds started on 2 as WNs or KNs and, liking what they found, have stayed there after graduating to General Class status. This has been fine for 2 -meter activity, but in :attracting the lion's share of all v.h.f.-minded beginners, the 2 -meter band has left its nextlower neighbor, the 50-Mc. band, with very little new blood.

The drive of the newcomer is vital to the growth of our hobby. Wherever he congregates, things happen; there is no substitute for his

houndless enthusiasm. It was with this thought in mind that the ARRL Board of Directors endorsed the proposal to open the 50-Mc. band to Technician licensees. Let's look over the eharacteristics of this recently somewhat-neglected band, and see what it has to offer the fellow who is just breaking into the game, at either the Technician or General Class level.

## Why Start on 6?

In v.h.f. circles, activity begets activity. Nothing discourages a potential v.h.f. operator more than to listen in and hear no signals. "There's nobody here," he concludes, "why should I go on?" But if he tunes across the bund and hears people talking together he concludes that something interesting is going on, and he feels the urge to join in.

What the casual tuner-iuner may misunderstand about the $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. band, if he finds it unorcupied at the moment, is that it is not always. quiet: There are 6-meter men scattered all across the country who wouldn't give up the band for anything else in ham radio. 'They watch the band constantly. Perhaps you don't hear them for -weeks at a time, but they're around. Just let a sign of DX show up and they'll be in there soon enough. Others crawl out from under
their rocks for every v.h.f. contest, and disappear promptly again when the party is over.

These are the old-time v.h.f. men, mostly. They have a wonderful time on 6 , but their kind of operating is by no means enough to make things interesting for the beginner, or even the casual old-timer. Most hams want merely to talk with someone - and 6 is fine for that too, or it could be if more stations used it for that purnose. In fact, there is probably no better band in all the spectrum for friendly rag-chewing over distances up to 50 miles or more. It may not provide the strongest signals, or the best DX, but it certainly does afford the most consistent communication, within its reliable range, of any band we have.

The 50-Mc. band is in-between territory. It has the reliable coverage of higher v.h.f. bands and, like them, it is almost entircly free of serious interference problems. Yet it is low enough in frequency so that the ionosphere gets into the act now and then, opening the band up for DX that may be international or even world-wide in scope. Essentially, though, it is a local or extended-local band, for the D. available only a small percentage of the total time each year. DX on 6, then, should be regarded as a spice, added occasionally to a satisfying daily fare, and not as an end in itself.

Even if we ignore DX entirely, the 50-Mc. bund has much to interest the beginner. You don't need high power, or a tremendous antenna. You'll never have to peel the signals off in layers to get at the fellow you're trying to work. Equipment is simple to build, and easy to get going. Plenty of operators have enjoyed working on 6 with as little as 5 watts input, and the national average is probably well under 100 watts. Transmitters running more than 300 watts are a distinct rarity on 50 NI . You may want to build a converter, to get the best possible reception, but a first-class job can be made with as few as two tubes. Circuitry and adjustment procedure are of elementary simplicity, as future articles of this series will show.

## Propagation at 50 Mc .

You'll have more fun and work more stuff on 6 if you acquire at least a nodding acquaintance with the ionospheric and atmospheric factors that affect your coverage. Knowing something of what to expect, and when, is at least half the battle.

One thing you'll notice right away is that signal strength from stations other than locals varies with the weather, and with the time of day. Stronger-than-normal signals, att 50 to

200 miles, and nccasional reception up to 300 miles or more, result from bending of the transmitted wave as it passes through a boundary between air masses of differing temperature and humidity characteristics. If warm moist air overruns cold dry air we have the right condition for this kind of bending. It happens fairly often; daily, in fact, in warm weather, especially in areas adjacent to large bodics of water. Air-mass movement on a continental scale (the sort of thing you see recorded on the weather maps) can produce this sort of "inversion" over very large areas.

Goud v.h.f. conditions lying along large-scale air-mass boundarics can develop at any scason. This helps keep life interesting for the v.h.f. man during the winter months. A likely sign that favorable factors are present is the increasing high cloudiness that follows a period of fair calm weather. The barometer will be fairly high and steady preceding the good period, and it is probable that there will be a slow-moving "low" somewhere a few hundred miles to the west. Signals are usually strongest in the early daylight hours, and around sundown, though varying weather conditions may upset this schedule. Watch the weather maps presented daily on many television stations, or check those appearing in the newspapers, and you'll soon develop the knack of telling when things are going to bc better than average on the v.h.f. bands.
Ionospheric DX is less predictable, at the present state of the art, but we know in a general way when it is most likely to show up. The most frequent form results from the reflection of the wave by scattered areas in the $E$ region of the ionosphere, some 50 miles above the earth. It can happen any time, but it is most frequent in the early summer months. There is a less-pronounced period in late Decemher and early January.

Sporadic- $E$ skip, as it is most commonly known, is one of the 6 -meter operator's real thrills. Signals appear suddenly, out of nowhere, and frequently rise to amazing strength. They may stay in for only a few minutes at a time, or the band may remain open for hours. Occasionally in June or July there may be DX signals around the clock. Signals are commonly heard over distances of 500 to 1200 miles, though dense ionization may bring the minimum skip distance down to 300 miles, or even less. Multiple reflections also extend the range to as much as 2500 miles, on occasion. It is thus possible for an alert $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. operator to work all states, and at least ten have qualified for the special certificate award that ARRL issues in recognition of this accomplishment.

Reflections from the auroral region offer another means of working beyond the normal range on 50 Mc . If you see "Northern Lights" on a clear night, aim your 6 -meter array in that direction and you're likely to hear the weirdestsounding signals you ever imagined. Voice or any other form of modulation is sure to be badly distorted, and may be completely unreadable,
making c.w. the only usable means of communication. Auroral conditions develop most of ten in the carly evening, but they may show before sundown, so you have to watch radio conditions to catch all the opportunities. The distances over which auroral effects are noted extend from a few miles to as much as 800 .

Around the peak of the sunspot eycle there is a chance of $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. DX of world-wide proportions. Between 1946 and 1950 many transatlantic and transpacific contacts were made, and North American stations worked several South American countries on 6. It may seem hard to believe, in these days when 28 Mc . is dead most of the time, and 21 Mc. only partially open, but working international DX was quite a sport on 50 Mc . in the apring and fall months of those years. Distances of 2500 to 5000 miles were common, and contacts were made with as little as 3 watts input! An almost unbeatable record of 10,500 miles was set in 1947.

So you see that just about all the factors that affect lower frequencies influence $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. communication at times, and in addition, it responds to weather variations. As propagation seldom remains stable for more than a few hours at a time, it is hard to say just what "normal" conditions really are. Perhaps it is better to talk in terms of minimum distances, rather than average, if we want to establish what the potential 6-meter operator may be able to work. Suppose you're going to run 50 to 100 watts input. You don't have room for a big tower, so you're planning to put up a 2 - or 3-element rotary that won't stand out among the TV antennas. It will be no more than 50 feet above ground - perhaps less. What can you expect to do on 6 ?

Unless you're completely surrounded by nearby hills much higher than your antenna, you should be able to work at least 50 miles consistently, with stations similarly equipped. If you have a reasonably open location (not necessarily a high one), so that your antenna "sees" a horizon several miles away, your reliable operating radius should be at least 100 miles, and you should get in some contacts up to perhaps 200 miles when weather is favorable. If you have a hilltop site, and plenty of hams seem to manage it, you will find it possible to keep reliable schedules with well-equipped stations out to 200 miles or more, and $30(1)$-mile stuff will not be uncommon.


These very rough figures apply to tropospheric conditions ouly. Results in aurora or sporadic- $E$ work are affected far less by the characteristics
of your location. In either department, the sharp operator in a "poor" v.h.f. location may do just about as well as his more fortunately-situated fellows.

## Equipment

The 50-Mc. transmitter need not be greatly different from gear used on lower bands. Most currently-used tubes work well on 50 Mc ., and only a little attention to layout is needed to make an efficient r.f. section for 6. Any recent edition of The Radio Amateur's Handbook will give you practical ideas, or there are units you can duplicate, part for part, if you like.

Receiving may be more of a problem. As most hams buy, rather than build, when it comes to receivers, the lack of suitable ready-made gear has kept yuite a few hams from enjoying 6 in recent years. Several commercial receivers have a " 50 -Mc. band" but few of them do a passable job. There are present indications of a change for the better, but you may have to build your own "front end" if you want to receive as far as you can transmit. If your receiver is the singleconversion varicty, and nearly all more than two years old are, it prohably won't "have it" for $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. work, without a converter. A few doubleconversion jobs on the market show fair $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. performance, but all are in the higher-priced brackets. If your receiver is low- or mediumpriced you're sure to need a converter, even though the receiver dial does indicate 50-Mc. coverage.

Fortunately, construction and adjustment of a $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. converter need frighten nobody. And if your receiver is in good working condition it doesn't make too much difference if it happens to be 15 years old, or one of the low-budget jobs. The Handbook can be your guide as to converter designs, and we have some new units in the works here in the ARRL lab. They will be tailored to the beginner's needs, and you'll be seeing them soon in QST.

The antenna is probably the most important part of the $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. station. Investment in the antenna system will yield greater returns than time and money spent elsewhere in the f -meter station. You can work a radius of 25 miles or su with :an indoor folded dipole, but you'll never know how much fun the band can be until you pui up something better. In these days of inexpensive TV rotators and arrays on every roof, a 6 -meter beam is within the reach of almost everyone. Whatever you put up for an antenna, make it rotatable. There is nothing more unsatisfactory, in most locations, than a fixed antenna. It will always be aimed in the wrong direction when your friends on 6 are working something good!

Even if you plan only a single element, arrange to be able to turn it. A dipole works surprisingly

[^5]well if it can be kept broadside to the desired incoming signal. But if you can put up a good dipole, with provision for rotation, you can add

at least one parasitic element. That first one really pays off, too, and even a 2 -element beam will do a real job for you, if it is fed properly. Additional elements are worth the effort, too, if you can manage them. Make the antenna as big and as high as you can. Your Handbook gives you all the necessary design details.

## Problems - If Any

With our band at 50 to $5+\mathrm{Mc}$., and TV Channel 2 at 54 to 60 Mc ., it is rough on the 6 -meter man when his community gets a Channel 2 TV station. It may be rougher in a Channel 2 fringe area. TV receivers are just not capable of slicing it that thin. But there are many areas that do not have Channel 2 service, and for these the $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. band is relatively free of TVI problems. If moderate power is used and the rig is designed so as to prevent harmonic radiation ${ }^{1}$ there is a very good chance of avoiding TVI entirely.

If some is encountered it is easy to cure. The writer has operated on 50 Mc . consistently since long before television, much of the time with high power, without running into any TVI problems that could not be solved readily. If you live in a 40 -family apartment house you may not want to try it, but if you can manage 100 feet clearance from your neighbors' TV antennas, operating on 6 should pose no threat to neighborhood peace. You may have to put a 300 -ohm stub on here and there, but unless you're blessed with Channel 2 you'll need nothing more pretentious in the way of TVI-preventive measures than a few scraps of Twin-Lead. Eveu in Channel 2 areas, the problem is by no means hopeless, as W'2IDZ showed recently in (2ST. ${ }^{2}$

Here, then, is the 50 -Mc. picture, presented in the frankest possible terms. As one of the hand's long-time regulars, the irriter feels --. with several hundred other die-hards - that anyone who has not given 6 a real try has missed one of the great experiences that ham radio has to offer. We hope that in years to come many neweomers will share this opinion. To help them along the way, we've been working for some time on several transmitters and receivers designed especially for the beginner. You'll be seeing them in forthcoming issues of QST.

The transmitter covers 160 through 10 meters, and uses standard chassis and hottom plates to provide complete shielding for TVI. The panel is 7 by 19 inches.

# Easy Shielding for Ninety Watts 

The "Bandbox'" and a 6146 Pi-Network Amplifier

BY RICHARD L. BALDWIN,* WIIKE

- This is a neat little package combining Don Mix's "Bandbox" frequency-multiplying unit with a 6146 amplifier using a continuously-variable inductor in a pi-network tank. The construction is wuch that the unit is self-shielding for TVI - with only one very simple metal picce requiring fabrication.

T${ }^{1}$ His rig has two virtues which should recommend it to those who like to build their own gear. First, it is completely and rapidly bandswitched from 160 through 10 meters, without plug-in coils; and second, it is of a mechanical design that allows a maximum of TVI reduction with a minimum of sheet-metal work.

[^6]
## Circuit

An inspection of the circuit diagram, Fig. 1 , will show you that there is nothing new and tricky here. The front end of the transmitter consists of Don Mix's "Bandbox,"] slightly modified electrically by the addition of another switch section so that if a VFO with 160-meter output is available, that VFO output an be applied to the grid of the final tube. It was also modified mechanically to fit this particular layout. The final tube is the popular 6146, with it variable inductor and pi network so that no coils have to be changed when shifting bands.

TVI has been reduced to a minimum by complete shielding, by the use of shielded wire for all d.c. leads, and by appropriate by-passing of all leads leaving the chassis. A coil shield covers the meter, and the only possible "hole" is the socket on the rear panel for the power plug. But all leads there are by-passed and no r.f. can be detected leaking out.


May 1955

## Layout

Looking at the transmitter from the front, the exciter portion occupies the left half of the chassis, while the final occupies the right half. The panel controls, reading from left to right, are the bandswitch controlling the exciter, exciter tuning, the meter switch, plate capacitor for the 6146 , variable inductor for the 6146 , and the switch for the loading capacitors. The meter is in the upper center, while a chart in the upper left attempts to balance the extra counter dial on the variable inductor.

Along the rear of the chassis are the coax connector for VFO input, the power socket, and the coax connector for r.f. output.

Looking at the top of the transmitter, we see the tubes for the exciter standing at attention at the left, with the shield can for the meter front and center. The final is set in a "dish." with the variable inductor right in the eenter, the tube left rear, variable capucitor left front, and loading capacitor switch at the right. In order to obtuin better operation at 10 meters and in order to cover 160 meters at all, inductance $L_{6}$ is broken up into three sections. $L_{1 ; \mathrm{A}}$


AMPLIFIER


Fig. 1 - Wiring diagram of the transmitter. The section above the dashed line is the "Bandbox" frequencymultiplier unit. All resistors $1 / 2$ watt unless otherwise specified. Capacitor values below $0.001 \mu \mathrm{f}$. are in $\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. ill $0.001-\mu$ f. capacitors except $C_{7}$ are 500 -volt disk ceramic; others are mica.


Fig. $\mathbf{z}$ - - Power-supply and clamp-tube circuit.
$\mathrm{L}_{1}-$ Suinging choke, $5-25$ henrys, 20-200 ma. (Triad C-31A).
$\mathrm{L}_{2}$ - Smoothing choke, 10 henrys, 200 ma. (Triad C-16A).
$\mathrm{S}_{3}-3$-pole 2 -position ceramic switch, nonshorting (Centralab 2507).
$\mathrm{I}_{1}, \mathrm{I}_{2}-115$-voit pilot lamp.
$\mathrm{T}_{1}$ - Plate transformer; for 750 v . d.c., 225 ma . (Merit P-3159).
$\mathrm{T}_{2}-$ Filament transformer; $5 \mathrm{v} ., 3 \mathrm{amp}$. and 6.3 v ., 6 amp . (Stancor P-5009).
consists of four turns of B \& W Miniductor No. 3009 , and resonates in the 10 -meter band when $L_{6 \mathrm{~B}}$ is shorted out by running the contactor all the way down to the end. Operation on 15 meters through 80 meters is accomplished with $L_{6 \mathrm{~A}}$ working in series with $L_{6 B}$, with $L_{6 \mathrm{~B}}$ heing adjusted for more and more inductance as we progress from 15 to 80 meters. $L_{6 \mathrm{C}}$ consists of $13 / 4$ inches of $B \& W$ No. 3907 , which, in conjunction with $L_{6 \mathrm{~A}}$ and $L_{6 \mathrm{~B}}$, will resonate on 160 meters. It was removed for the photographs because it hid too many of the other components. It is customarily supported between the rear terminal on $L_{6 B}$ and the pillar insulator (National (SS-3) located at the right rear of $L_{6 \mathrm{~B}}$. On bands other than 160 meters it is shorted out by an extra wafer section ( $S_{2 B}$ ) of the loading-capacitor switch.
" "Improved Break-In Keying," QST", March 1948.
'The circuit of the power supply used in conjunction with the transmitter is shown in Fig. 2. A pair of $816 s$ was used originally, but they gencrated a hash on 80 meters which would not clear up with any of the combinations of filter tricd. and so they were replaced with the single 5 RtGY . The clamp circuit is one that has been described several times in recent issues of QST.

The VFO that has been used with this rig has a couple of $6 \mathrm{~A}(97 \mathrm{~s}$ in a Clapp oscillator and butfer, and is keyed with a Millisec relay aceording to Goodman. ${ }^{2}$

## Construction

In order to obtain complete shielding, two $3 \times 8 \times 17$-inch chassis were bolted together back to back, or top to top, depending upon how you look at it. The Bandbox exciter is then built in the left-hand portion of the resulting
$\mathrm{C}_{1}$ - $65-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. variable in parallel with $100 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. кilver mica.
$\mathrm{C}_{2}-35-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. variable in parallel with $3-30-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica trimmer and $47-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. silver mica.
C. $\mathrm{C}_{4}-25-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. variable in parallel with $3-30-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica trimmer.
$\mathrm{C}_{5}, \mathrm{C}_{6}-3-30-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica trimmer.
$\mathrm{C} 7-$ Mica.
$\mathrm{C}_{8}-300-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. variable, $0.026^{\prime \prime}$ spacing (National T'MS300).
C. $\mathrm{C}_{10}-100-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica
$\mathrm{C}_{11}, \mathrm{C}_{12}, \mathrm{C}_{13}-200-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica
Ci4-500- $\mu \mu$ f. mica
Cis -- $100-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica (see text).
$\mathrm{C}_{16}$ - Mica.
$\mathbf{R}_{1}-$ Two 4700 -ohm 1-watt resistors in parallel.
$\mathrm{R}_{2}$ - 4700 -ohm 1-watt in parallel with 3300 -ohm l-watt.
$\mathrm{R}_{3}, \mathrm{R}_{4}$ - Meter shunts: see text.
$\mathrm{l}_{1}-12 \mu \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{F} 24$ turns No. 22 d.c.c., 1 -inch diam., close-wound.
$\mathrm{I}_{2}-4.2 \mu \mathrm{~h} . ; 17$ turns, $3 / 4$-inch diam.. $17 / 32$ inch long (B \& W Miniductor No. 3012).
$\mathrm{L}_{3}-1.8{ }_{\mu} \mathrm{h} . ; 12$ turns, $3_{4}$-inch diam., 3: inch long tapped $61 / 2$ turns from ground end ( $B$ \& W Miniductor No. 3011).
$\mathrm{L}_{4}$ - $0.4 \mu \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{F}^{7}$ turns, $/ 2$-inch diam., Z/6 inch long (B \& W Miniductor No. 3003).
$\mathrm{L}_{5}-8$ turns No. $18, \frac{1}{4}$-inch diam., $5 / 8$ inch long.
$L_{\text {fA }}-0.3 \mu$ h.: 4 turns, 3 -inch diam., 1 inch long (B \& W Miniductor No. 3009).
$L_{6 R}-10-\mu \mathrm{h}$. variable (Johnson 229-201).
Lefe - $11 \mu$ h.; 18 turns No. 16.2-inch diam., 134 inches long (B \& W No. 3907).
$L_{17}$-- See text (forms 'TV harmonic trap with $\mathrm{C}_{15}$ ).
$\mathrm{J}_{1}, \mathrm{~J}_{2}$ - Coax connectors
$\mathrm{S}_{1}$ - Ceramic switch; 5 sections, 6 positions.
$\mathrm{S}_{2}$ - Ceramic switeh; 2 sections, 6 positions; Centralab PIS section (for $\mathrm{C}_{8}-\mathrm{C}_{14}$, inc.) and type X section (for Lbc).
$\mathrm{S}_{3}$ - Bakelite wafer switch; 2 poles, 3 positions.
Note: $\mathrm{C}_{1}, \mathrm{C}_{2}, \mathrm{C}_{3}$, and $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ are ganged. Sec Reference 1 or The Radin Amateur"s Handbook, 1953 or 1954 edition, for method of adjusting tuned circuits for proper tracking.



#### Abstract

'lise exater section extendo along one end of the chassix, an shown in this hottom view. The bottom of the amplificr dish is at the left. The switeh at lower center is the meter switch.


enclosure, exactly as previously described by Mix, except for the extra switch section and except for a mechanical rearrangement so that the dials would line up symmetrically along the panel. The cut-out for the final is 7 inches wide and 8 inches long, and a shelf to support the components for the final hangs down 23/4 inches below the cut-out. Fig. 3 shows the


F'ig. 3-The "dish" for the final atoplilier. It is bent from aluminum sheet.
dimensions of this shelf, as its configuration is not clearly shown in the photos.

The 61.46 is mounted on a small bracket at the left rear of the shelf. Capacitor $C_{8}$ is in front of the tube. mounted on a couple of small aluminum spacers so that its dial will be in line with the others. Between $C_{8}$ and the tube are $K F C_{1}$ and $C_{7}$. Parasitic choke $L_{5}$ is supported between the junction of $C_{7}-R F^{\prime} C_{1}$ and the tube plate cap. $C_{16}$ is connected to the high-voltage lead at the power plug where the lead leaves the rhassis. Coil $L_{6 A}$ shows up pourly in the photos, hut is supported by a National GS-3 pillar insulator (mounted to the left, and in front of the variable inductor) and the terminal of the variable inductor. It is at right angles to $L_{\text {iB }}$, the roller coil.

At the right rear edge of the variable inductor is the GS-3 insulator which normally supports $L_{i c}$, and directly behind that is the safety choke $R F C \cdot$. Switch $S_{2}$ is at the far right: one section switches the loading capacitors which are rlustered to the rear of the switch and the other
section shorts out $L_{60}$ on all bauds other than 160 meters, as mentioned earlier. Just barely visible in the photograph is the coil portion of the harmonic trap $L_{7} \mathrm{C}_{14}$.

Top and bottom plates are 8 by 17 inches, and are secured by $1 / 4$-inch 6 - 32 screws spaced every 2 inches around the edges of the rhassis. The chassis material is rather light, but if care is used it may be drilled and tapped with good results. Just don't tighten up on the $6-32 \mathrm{~s}$ ton strenuously. The 7 -inch panel is held to the chassis by the various tuning controls and panel bearings, and by the bolts which hold the meter and meter shield in place. 'The meter shield is an ICA No. 1540 eoil shield, cut down so that it is only 2 inches high.

The only other piece of mechanical work that is at all unusual is the counter for the variable inductor. At the time this transmitter was conceived the only counters obtainable took up more room on the panel and behind it than was available, and so a homemade counter was contrived using Boston gears Nos. G142 and G148, some G29 pinion wire, two panel bcarings, a couple of aluminum brackets, and a surplus dial. Fig. 4 shows the method of assembly. The


Fig. 4-Sketch of drive and indicator for the finaltank variable inductor. The gears are standard items.

Miscellancous rmall parts in the power supply are mounted below chassis, as shown in this photograph.

(ounter dial on the panel was taken from a surplus tuning unit, and was mounted by drilling and tapping the shaft on which the G148 spur gear was mounted. Incidentally, the spur gears come with hubs which have to be drilled and tapped in order to allow fastening to the shafts.

Now for a few miscellancous notes on the construction and wiring. You should do :all necessary by-passing and wther wiring at the 6146 tube socket before mounting it and its bracket in position. There is not enough room to get down between it and the edge of the shelf with any ordinary soldering iron. A series of $1 / 4$-inch holes is drilled below the tube in the shelf, in line again in the bottom plate and in the top plate, to provide ventilation for the 6146 . The now-standard practice of using shielded wiring on the d.c. leads is followed in this rig, with plenty of bonds to the chassis at convenient points. The meter shunts were wound by trial and error, using a rheostat, battery, and fullrange milliammeters to determine the shunts needed. The shunt for measuring exciter current extends the $10-\mathrm{ma}$. range of the meter to 100 ma., while the shunt for the 6146 plate current extends the range to 200 ma . No shunt is needed for the 6146 grid current. The panel markings are Tekni-Cals.

## Operation

Adjustment of the exciter has been fully covered by Mix, and so need not be detailed further. It might be mentioned, however, that the exciter worked right from the moment plate voltage was first applied, and the process of aligning it was very simple. Thus, if the speci-
fications in the original article are followed you will have no difficulty with that part of the cireuit.

In the final the harmonic trap is adjusted by resonating the $L_{\tau}$ Clis combination to your local TV chammel. Do this by shorting the coaxconnector terminals and coupling $L_{7}$ to a griddip meter. In my case $L_{7}$ consists of three turns of No. 18 wire wound to a 1 -inch diameter. while $C_{15}$ is $100 \mu \mu \mathrm{f} . L_{7}$ was then adjusted until the circuit hit Chaunel 6.
The values of the loading condensers were picked by going back to the early articles on the pi network. I had to make no further adjustment, and so in this case blind luck triumphed over science.

The 80-meter band is tuned with all of $L_{6 B}$ in the circuit, 40 is tuned with about 12 turns of $L_{A B \mathrm{~B}}$ in the circuit, 20 meters with about 7 turns, and 15 meters with about 5 turns. For 10 meters. $L_{6 \mathrm{~B}}$ is shorted out altogether by running the contactor all the way to the end of the coil. These adjustments could vary depending upon what kind of load your transmitter has to feed.

A word of caution about the 6146 is in order. It appears that this tube is particularly susceptible to overloads, and so you should exercise care not to allow it to operate off-resonance; otherwise, you will soon end up with a tube exhibiting grid emission.

This rig has been used by itself, with an antenna coupler, as a very nifty low-power transmitter. It was used with success during the 1953 and 1954 SS contests, and the TV receiver in the next room never knew it was on the air. It has also been used to drive a pair of triodes running a kilowatt input.

Major components of the poner supply, which is built on an $8 \times 17 \times 2$-inch chassis. The voltage regulator tuhes, clamp tube and bias battery are at the right-hand end in this view. The "plate switch" soeket beside the 115-volt connector on the chassis lip is wired in parallel with the front-panel plate switch and is for remote control of the plate voltage.

May 1955


# A One-Tube Receiver for the Beginner 

The 6U8 in a Regenerative Receiver

BY LEWIS G. MCCOY, WlICP


#### Abstract

- The easiest way to break into the re-ceiver-construction game is to build a regenerative receiver. Here is a "onetube" regenerative recciver that is casy to put together and has performance equal to any in its class. And, after all these years, it has an honest-to-goodness antenna coupling circuit.


J[Jdging from the mail here at Headquarters, it would appear that one of the many questions facing the newcomer is whether to buy or build his first receiver and transmitter. "The answer to that depends on whether one is interested in just operating or in learning about radio. If you want to understand radio, the only real way to acquire experience is by building your own equipment. At least at the beginning.

This article describes the construction of a simple one-tube regenerative receiver that will fulfill the basic requirements for communications work. The title of the article states that the receiver is a one-tube job. Actually, it, uses two tubes in one euvelope - envelope meaning the glass enclosure. The 6 VB is a triode-pentode, and in this recciver the pentode section is used as a regenerative detector and the triode portion as an audio amplifier.

With this receiver it is possible to hear amateur and commercial stations in the 2 - to $20-\mathrm{Mc}$. range. This tuning range will enable the builder to listen to the two low-frequency Novice bands. Also, if one is intercsted in obtaining code practice, W1AW, the ARRL Hq. station, can be tuned in for its nightly code-practice sessions.

## The Circuit

The circuit used in this receiver differs in a few places from the usual regencrative-receiver cireuit. For example, instead of the usual small antenna-coupling capacitor or inductor, provision
was included here for either a series- or paralleltuned antenna circuit. This allows a wide range of coupling adjustments to be obtained, as is often necessary with regenerative receivers.

Referring to Fig. 1, the antenna coil, $L_{1}$, couples the signal to the detector tuned circuit $L_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{3}$. The capacitor, $\mathrm{C}_{3}$, is larger than $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ and is used as the "bandset" capacitor --- once $C_{2}$ is set for a particular frequency range, $C_{3}$ is used as the "bandspread" tuning control. To facilitate using manufactured coils, the coil $L_{2}$ is tapped to obtain a feed-back or "tickler" winding. Regeneration in the detector is controlled by changing the screen voltage obtained at the potentiometer $R_{1}$. An r.f. filter, using two capacitors and an r.f. choke, is placed in the plate circuit of the pentode detector to reduce r.f. appearing at the grid of the triode audio amplifier. Still further attenuation of r.f. at the grid is obtained through the use of a scrics resistor and a shunt capacitor right at the grid of the audio stage. To save a little money, the audio coupling choke, $L_{3}$, is made from an interstage audio transformer with the two windings connected in serics. A high-inductance choke could be used here, but the series-connected transformer does a good job and is less expensive.

The headphones are connected directly in the plate circuit of the audio stage, and consequently the plate voltage appears at the terminals you can get au electrical shock here if you aren't carcful. Some receivers eliminate this hazard by feeding the plate through an audio choke and coupling to the headphones through a capacitor, but again in the interest of saving a few dollars this protective feature was not included. In any event, be sure to use "high-impedance" headphones with this receiver - the low-impedance headphones that have been available in surplus will not work well in this particular circuit.

## Construction

'The receiver is built on a $\overline{7} \times 7 \times 2$-inch aluminum chassis, with the power supply mounted on


Front view of the receicer and power supply. The control at the upner left is the general-coverage tuning, center is bandspread, lower left the regencration control, and the bottom center the antenna trimmer.

Rear vicw of receiver and power supply showing the placement of parts. The variable capacitor on the left is for bandspread and the one on the right for general coverage. The leads from the two capacitors are run through rubber grommets to avoid shorting to the chassis top.

a separate chassis. In order to minimize hum pickup and vibration from the power transformer, it is not advisable to mount the power supply on the same chassis as the receiver. It is not neressary to use aluminum chassis for the two units, but it does tend to make a neater job. The aluminum is casy to work - a $1 / 8$ and 1/4inch drill, plus a small rattail file and hack-saw blade being all the tools that are needed for the job, although two socket punches can be used to advantage and will save you some work.

The first step is to mount the coil and tube sockets. They are spaced 2 inches from the sides at the center of the chassis. Cround lugs should be mounted under the nuts that hold the tube socket and also under the rear nut holding the coil socket. Next, the panel holes are drilled.

Looking at the photograph showing the panel front, the knob at the lower left is the regeneration control, lower center is the autenna trimmer.
and the headphone tips are at the lower right. The knob at the upper left is for the generalcoverage capacitor, and the one at the right the handspread tuning. The dial shown in the photograph is the National type K. This has a rim drive and gives a desirable slow tuning rate.

After the holes are drilled in the panel, it is held in place against the chassis and the four holes along the bottom are used as a template for the chassis holes. A small right-angle bracket to hold the antenna-trimmer capacitor is made from a piece of aluminum. The hole in the bracket should be large enough to clear the rutor of the capacitor, since both the rotor and stator are insulated from the chassis. The trimmer is mounted to the bracket by screws and the insulated nuts on the rapacitor frame. The bracket, tie points, and audio choke $L_{3}$ can now be mounted in place.

The two capacitors, $C_{3}$ and $C_{3}$, should then be


Fig. I - Circuit diagram of the one-tube regenerative receiver. See page 138 for parts list.


Bottom vicw of the two units. At the lower left in the recciver is the interstage transformer $L_{3}$. I' the right of $L_{3}$ is the antenna-trimmer eapacitor mounted on a right angle bracket. Immediately in front of the bracket is the insulated shaft coupler which ennnects the throughshaft bushing to the antenna trimmer.
'I'he selenium rectifier in the power supply is visible between the two electrolytic capacitors.
installed on the pancl. If the Type K dial is used, a template is furnished with the dial assembly to give the correct placement points for the dial and rim drive. When the potentiometer $R_{1}$ and the pin jacks are mounted in place, they will hold the panel to the chassis. Be sure to insulate the pin jacks from the panel and chassis with fiber washers. The through-shaft bushing is measured and cut to size, making allowance for the insulated coupler. The receiver is now ready for wiring.

## Wiring

If this is your first construction project, there are a few tips about wiring and soldering that will help you do a good job. First, be sure the end of the wire to be soldered is completely clean of insulation or enamel. Solder should not be depended on to hold the connection. Whenever pussible, wrap the wire around the conncction before applying solder. Hold the tip of the iron against the work until the work is hot enough to melt the solder. Where most beginners make a mistake is in holding the solder to the iron tip and not getting the connection hot enough for the solder to melt and hold. Don't use any more solder than necessary to make the connection. After a connection is soldered, dispose of the loose bits of solder and wire to avoid short circuits to other connections.

Although it is not shown in the diagram, it is important that a separate ground lead be connected to the rotors of $C_{2}$ and $C_{3}$ and the lead hrought helow the chassis to a common grounding point at the tube socket. This will help make the receiver stable and reduce hand capacity.

There are five leads coming from the interstage transformer: red, blue, black, and two green. The red lead and green lead that are directly opposite each other are connected together. After the leads are soldered and taped. the end of the black lead is also taped. Thes? leads are then rolled up and tucked in the corner of the chassis. The remaining blue and green leads then become those used for wiring the series-
connected transformer into the rircuit. One is connected to the junction of the $0.01-\mu \mathrm{f}$. disk capacitor and the 1-millihenry r.f. choke and the other lead is connected to the $B+$ voltage terminal.

The Barker \& Williamson coils are mounted on five-prong plugs, although only four of the contacts are used. The link mounted at one end of the coil is $L_{1}$ and the coil proper is $L$. To make the tickler tap, a short piece of hook-up wire approximately 3 inches long is soldered to the fifth prong on the plug. The piece of wire is then run through the middle turns of the eoil and soldered to the tap point. For the 811 -meter coil, the tap is connected to the 8th turn in from the link end. To get the tap wire through the middle turns of the coil, it will be necessary to bend two or three turns of the coil in towards the center of the coil. This will provide sufficient clearance for the tap lead. It is also necessary to bend in the 8 th turn to make the tap connection. Be sure that none of the bent turns touches adjacent turns.

For maximum bandspread on 40 meters, it is necessary to remove nine turns from the f0meter coil. The turns are taken from the end opposite the link end of the coil. The tickler tap is made on the 4 th turn end from the link end.

To bandspread the 20 -meter coil, two turns are removed from the end opposite the link end. The tap is placed on the thi turn from the link end. In all three coils, the tap lead should be insulated where it passes through the coil turns.

## Power Supply

The power-supply eomponents can now he wired. There are two important points that beginners should keep in mind when wiring the supply. The first is that the electrolytic capacitors should be wired with the leads marked with a minus sign, or negative, connected to the chassis. The plus sign, or positive, connects to the choke leads. Likerise, the selenium rectifier is marked with a plus sign, and this lead is connected to the
(Continued on maye lisk)

# A Compact Two-Tone Test Generator 

## Dual A.F. Phase-Shift Oscillators for Modulation Checking

BY ROBERT F. TSCHANNEN,* W9LUO

- This unit provides two audio frequencies of your choice for checking the performance of a linear amplifier. In case you use any of the various two-tone techniques that require only one audio frequency, or want a low-distortion tone for a.m. testing, just use one-half of the circuit diagram.

THE true performance of a single-sideband exciter and linear amplifier is difficult to predict without a few pieces of test equipment. Probably the most important item of test equipment for this purpose is the oscillograph; however, a most useful and helpful companion unit is a low-distortion audio source - better still, a pair of audio sources.

The "Two-Tone Test Generator" described below is designed to provide two independent low-distortion audio test signals. The unit is small and compact and uses only two tubes. No special components are used in the construction of the unit. If the generator is carefully made and adjusted, the total harmonic distortion cean be as low as 0.1 per cent.

## The Basic Circuit

The hasic circuit of a phase-shift oscillator is shown in Fig. 1. Operation depends upon producing 180-degree phase shift in the RC network consisting of three capacitors and three resistors; sufficient gain must be produced by the oscillator tube to make up for the loss in the network. For

[^7]the circuit shown, a gain of 29 times is required to sustain oscillation (Reference 1, bibliography). The frequency of oscillation is determined by the equation
$$
j=\frac{10^{\prime 2}}{2 \pi \sqrt{6 R C}}=\frac{10^{12}}{15.4 R C}
$$
where $R$ is in ohms and $C$ is in micromicrofarads. If the oscillator tube has a gain less than 29 , osuillation will not hegin; if excessive gain is obtained, appreciable distortion may be produced.


Fig. 1 - The basic phase-shift oscillator circuit.
The phase shift through the network at harmonic frequencies is always less than 180 degrees and in some cases approaches zero. This gives rise to negative feed-back which reduces the gain at harmonic frequencies; therefore, essentially a pure sine wave results. Maximum harmonic reduction oceurs at the point where the system is just able to sustain oscillation.

## General Circuit Description

A single 6AN8 tube is used as oscillator and output section for each channel of the generator. The pentode section functions as the oscillator

The two-tone test generator in a compact and inexprensive unit and provides two audio signals of different frequencies and equal amplitudes for testing any type of s.s.b. generator. Distortion is extremely low if proper care is used in adjustment.



Arrangement of parts below chassis. The two oscilla-tor-buffer circuits are identical in circuit but not in component valucs. The three electrolytic condeusers in the power supply are contained in a single can-type unit (Mallory 311.9) thus conserving space underneath.
proper; the triode section operates as a cathode follower output. A half-wave selenium rectifier followed by considerable filtering provides good d.c. for the oscilliators. The complete schematic is shown in Fig. 2.

The 1000 -ohen controls in the cathode circuits of the pentode stages are used for controlling distortion. The controls permit adjustment of the ascillator tube gain to the point where oscillation will just be sustained. This also corresponds to the point where minimum distortion occurs. Two additional 1000 -ohm controls in the cathodes of the triode cathode followers provide control of sutputs from either channel.

The $R$ and $C$ component values for the networks shown in the sehematic of Fig. 2 are approximately correct for the generation of $400-$ and 1000 -eycle tones. Other values are given in Table I.

It is important that the linearity of the cathode follower be good since otherwise distortion may be added by this stage. The use of a low- $\mu$ triode tube such as the triode portion of the bAN8 permits the haudling of higher grid swings without distortion. Since the signal handled is small, the possibility of distortion becomes negligible. The effective output impedance of the cathode follower is approximately equal to


$$
\frac{10^{0}}{y_{\mathrm{m}}}
$$

in shunt with the cathode resistauce to ground (where $y_{\mathrm{m}}$ is the transconductance in micromhos). The output impedance is therefore of the order of only several hundred ohms. This is desirable since output signals may readily be coupled into a combining network without appreciable interaction. The tapped-down take-olf point from the plate of each ossillator tube reduces external loading on the oscillator and

Fig. 2 - Circuit of the dual a.f. test wipillator. Resistors are $1 / 8$ watt. 10 per cent tolerance, unless otherwise specified. Capacitauce values below $0.001 \mu \mathrm{f}$. are in $\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. Potentiometers are lincar-taper 1 -watt eomposition.
$\mathrm{C}_{1}-\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{B}}$, ine. - Silver mica, 5 per cent tolerance.
$\mathrm{C}_{11}, \mathrm{C}_{12}-120-\mu \mathrm{f}$. 250 -volt elcetrolstic.
G13-10- 10 f. 250 -volt rlentrolytic.
$\mathrm{L}_{1}-\mathrm{H}^{2} 5$ henrys, 50 ma . (Stancor C-1325).
$\mathrm{CR}_{1}$ - 75 -ma. selenium rectifier.
$T_{1}-125$ volts, 50 ma.; 6.3 volts, 2 amp. (Stancor PA-8121).
also reduces the output level to the point where the cathode-follower grid cireuit can handle the signal without distortion.

When used for lowest distortion, the output of sither channel is of the order of 1 to 1.5 volts r.m.s. Output levels of $8-10$ volts r.m.s. are ob tainable if a few per cent distortion is t.olerable. The increased output capability is obtained by readjusting the oscillator cathode resistance.

The total "B" current drain of both oscillators and output stages is about 16 ma . Linevoltage variations do not greatly influenee the


Fig. 3 - Improper operating conditions are shown by iscope traces. A-Excersive oscillator tube gain. B - Excessive oscillator tube sain, but not as much as in A. C - Same as B except with change in scope sweep speed to facilitate estimating second-harmonic distortion by the degree of asymmetry (A greater than (1). D) Optimum symmetry $(\overline{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{Y})$, minimum even-order harmonics, low distortion in output.

| TABLE I |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freq. |  | C |
| (c.p.s.) | $1:$ | $\mu \mu$. |
| 250 | 1 mmg . | 2fin |
| 801 | " | 216 |
| 350 | " | 186 |
| 100 | " | 163 |
| 500 | 680 K | 191 |
| ${ }^{100}$ | '6 | 159 |
| 800 | -* | 119 |
| 1000 | 390 K | 166 |
| 1250 | '. | 133 |
| 1500 | - | 111 |
| 2000 | 270 K | 120 |

place of the selenium rectifier; in this case the 330 -ohm 1 -watt current-limiting resistor in series with the rectifier may be removed.

Miniature silver mica capacitors were used in the phase-shift networks for compactness; however, conventional micas may be used successfully if space is available. The coupling capacitors $\mathrm{C}_{7}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{8}$ may be Hi-K disk ceramic or paper types. Components for the phase-shift network are mounted on terminal strips or boards for rigidity and neatness. The capacitors $C_{1}$ through $C_{6}$ are not visible in the bottom view since they are beneath the terminal strips which are located on each side of the chassis. The controls $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ are located on earh side of the electrolytic filter capacitor. The output controls, a.ce switch, and output tip jacks are on the front flange of the chassis. The layout shown will provide good accessibility to nearly all components.

## Adjustment \& Checking

After the wiring has been completed and checked the unit may be turned on and each output observed on a 'scope. If no output appears, adjust the cathode resistor of the oscillator to just slightly beyond the point where oscillation starts.

With the values of cathode resistances shown on the schematic. it should normally be possible to stop nscillation near une end of the control and produce high (but slightly distorted) output near the other end of the control. At the point where the distortion becomes noticcable, the wave will usually have an appearance similar to that shown in Fig. 3A or 3B, which indicates even-harmonic distortion (principally second). If a distortion meter or wave analyzer is available it will be simple to adjust each cathode control to the point where lowest distortion is oltained. Since such equipment is seldom available to the ham or experimenter, a reasonable means of minimizing the distortion is to apply the signal under test to the vertical plates of : t 'seope and adjust the horizontal sweep speed until a pattern similar to Fig. 3C is obtained. The distortion control can now be rotated until dimensions $X$ and $Y$ are as nearly equal as possible (see Fig. BD). In other words, if $X$ and $Y$ are made equal, any asymmetry due to second harmonic distortion is negligible.
(Continued on page 120)

# The All-Electronic "Ultimatic" Keyer 

Part II — How It Works

BY JOHN KAYE,* W6SRY


#### Abstract

- Part I (OST, April, 1955) of this article deserihed what the key does and how it can be built. Here is the explanation of the circuits and pertinent lest data. Part I is required, since it carries the circuit diagram.


TIhe electronic Ultimatic is best considered as two separate units, a code generator and a selector-memory-sequencor (SMS). The generator is composed of a time base, two charac-ter-generating triggers, and a relav-control tube or an optional d.c.-output tube for direct control of vacuum-tube keyers. The SMS comprises a twin-lever key, two memories, two interlockedsequencor circuits, two multiple-character holding circuits, and two sequence-seizure circuits. This SMS structure is completely symmetrical. One side only will be discussed. Each paragraph concerning it can also serve to describe the other side by substituting "dot" for "dash" and vice versa and cousidering the corresponding circuit components. Refer to Part I for the circuit diagram. To extend the stability range, grideurrent loading is used in several places. For this reason, some of the voltages to be cited will differ from those calculated from straight voltagedivider action of resistor strings.

## Time Base

The multivibrator, $V_{1} \Gamma_{2}$, generates a suffi-ciently-square wave at its cathodes from which $\mathrm{C}_{2} R_{4}$ differentiates alternate positive and negative pulses for operation of the generator triggers. The "mark/space" ratio of this type of oscillator has been found to be substantially independent of plate voltage over a wide range, and consequently, no voltage regulation is required. The elevated grid return of $V_{1}$ provides a mark/space ratio of $45 / 55$ with $R_{3}$ at ground, increasing to $90 / 10$ before failure as the arm is moved toward the eathodes. 1 capacity of $0.05 \mu \mathrm{f}$. at $C_{1}$ gives a minimum speed below 5 w.p.m. and a maximum above 100 . Heaven forbid anyoue turning it loose on me!

## Relay Output

During spacing, the relay is energized because the grid of $V_{3}^{r_{3}}$ is held at ground potential at the junction of $R_{12}$ and $R_{13}$. The normal "hack" contact is used to key the external circuit. On "mark" the junction of $R_{1.2}$ and $R_{13}$ drops to - 15 volts, cutting off $V_{3}$. Relatively heavy spring tension on the relay minimizes armature travel
\$2296 West Nicolet, Banning, Calif.
time. When the grid of $V_{3}$ returns to ground potential for spacing, the current through $\mathrm{T}_{3}$ is sufficient to open the contact promptly. Slower armature travel at this time, caused by the stiff spring, is of no eonsequence. With 0.00 -inch armature travel, this method of relay operation results in practically zero variation in the mark/ space ratio to, fantastic as it may sound, well above $100 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

## Idle Code Generator

$V_{5} V_{6}$ and $V_{7} V_{8}$ are cathode-coupled triggers. with $V_{6}$ and $V_{7}$ conducting in the idle condition. Voltages of +15 and +12 stand on $R_{7}$ and $R_{15}$, respectively. When the output is to remain spacing, both sequencors, $V_{10}$ and $\Gamma_{11}$, are cut off, with cathodes held at +1.7 and +.9 by $R_{22}$ and $R_{23}$, to compensate for the negative contact potentials in the control clampers $D_{1}, D_{2}$ and $V_{4}$. Positive pulses from $\mathrm{C}_{2} R_{4}$ are clamped at +.9 to the grid of $V_{8}$ by $D_{2}$ and $R_{16}$. The junction of $R_{10}$ and $R_{11}$ holds the grid of $V_{4}$ at its cathode potential of +1.7 , clamping positive pulses to the grid of $V_{5}$ at +2.2 volts. These pulse amplitudes are too low to affect the triggers. Negative pulses are not affected by the dot control $V_{4} R_{6}$, but are grounded out by $D_{1} R_{16}$.

## Dot Generation

When the output is to be a dot, $V_{10}$ is made conductive by SMS action, establishing +10 volts at $R_{24}$. This effectively cuts off $r_{4}$, whose grid docs not rise above +8 volts at $R_{10} R_{11}$. The first succeeding positive pulse from $\mathrm{C}_{2} R_{4}$ rises to +10 volts at the grid of $V_{5}$ to transfer conduction to that tube. The resultant drop across $R_{8}$ transmits a 60 -volt negative pulse toward the grid of $V_{7}$ via $C_{4}$ and $R_{9}$. This cuts off $V_{i}$ and transfers conduction to $\Gamma_{8}$. The junction $R_{12} R_{13}$ stabilizes at -15 volts to cut off $V_{3}$, releasing the relay for marking output.

The following negative pulse cuts off $V_{5}$ and returns conduction to $V_{6}$. As $V_{5}$ cuts otf, a positive pulse is transmitted via $C_{4}$ to the grid of $V_{7}$, to return conduction to that tube. The junction of $R_{12}$ and $R_{13}$ returns to ground potential, and $V_{3}$ pulls up the relay for spacing output.

Even if the key is held closed, with a constant +10 volts standing on $R_{24}$, the output cannot again go to marking until the next positive timing pulse, ensuring a full half cycle of spacing output to complete the dot.

## Dash Generation

When the output is to be a dash, $V_{11}$ is made conductive by SMS action, and +10 volts
stands on $R_{25}$. The first positive pulse from $C_{2} R_{4}$ rises to +10 volts at the grid of $\mathrm{V}_{8}$, transferring conduction from $V_{7}$ to $V_{8}$ and the output to marking. The following negative pulse toward the grid of $V_{8}$ is grounded by $D_{1}$, and $I_{8}$ remains conductive.

Conduction in $V_{8}$ reduces the potential at $R_{15}$ to +2.2 volts. The voltage at the junction of $R_{10}$ and $R_{11}$ drops to - 0.5 to cut off $V_{4}$, whose cathode now stands at +0.9 volts. ('The cut-off voltage is low because the plate voltage is unly about 10 volts.) $C_{5} R_{14}$ delays this drop until well after the first positive pulse has decayed at the grid of $V_{5}$. The second positive pulse can now trip $V_{5} V_{6}$ to $V_{5}$ conduction. $V_{8}$ continues to conduct, of course. The second negative pulse cuts off $V_{5}$, which returns conduction to $V_{7}$ and the output to spacing. The output caunot again go to marking until the next positive pulse, ensuring the half cycle of spacing to complete the dash after $1 / 1 / 2$ cycles of marking output.

When conduction is first transferred from $V_{7}$ to $V_{8}$, a 19-volt negative pulse is transmitted from the grid of $V_{7}$ toward the plate of $V_{5}$ via $C_{4}$, but $R_{9}$ limits it to insufficient amplitude to upset stable conduction in $V_{6}$. If SMS action has transferred sequencor conduction to $V_{11}$ by the time of the second positive pulse in the dash, the elevation of the cathode of $V_{4}$ is only incidental, since the drop at $R_{10} R_{11}$ has already cut off $V_{4}$.

## Automatic Spacing Characters

As in the relay model, iuterletter and interword spacing characters are obtained by allowing one or two positive pulses to go by. Closure of a key at any time following a passed-up positive pulse produces marking output beginning at the next positive pulse.

## Memory Actuation

The dot-memory trigger $V_{13} V_{14}$ idles with $V_{13}$ conducting. This is the opposite tube of the pair from that in the code gencrators, facilitating the use of readily-derived positive memoryclearance pulses and a simple sequencing structure. While idle, $C_{12}$ discharges and $C_{13}$ charges through $R_{31}$. Closure of the dot key lifts the grid of $V_{14}$ on charging current to $C_{12}$ to the +10 -volt value standing at $R_{37} R_{38}$. $Q_{13}$ discharges immediately and ensures $C_{12}$ action despite a possibly scratchy contact at the key. The comparatively slow ( 2 millisecond) charge rate of $C_{13}$ through $R_{31}$ prevents unwanted memory actuation from contact scratch as the key is released. The grid of $V_{14}$ rises from -13 volts and stablizes at +10 volts with $V_{14}$ conducting. The key may be immediately opened and the dot selection will be stored in the actuated trigger until cleared by appearance of the dot at the output.

## Memory Clearance

The dot memory is cleared under control of $D_{5} R_{34}$ by a positive pulse to the grid of $V_{13}$,
generated by $C_{11} K_{36}$ from the $V_{3}$ plate swing as the output goes to marking. To prevent spurious memory retrip, $D_{7}$ grounds the negative pulse generated as the output goes to spacing.
Only one sequencor tube can conduct at a time. If the output character following the time of dot storage is to be a previously-selected dash, $V_{11}$ conducts and only +1.7 volts stands at $R_{24}$. The clearance pulse toward the dot memory is clamped to that amplitude by $D_{5} R_{34}$, insufficient to clear the memory. When $V_{10}$ is conductive for dot output, the pulse is allowed to rise to +10 volts at the grid of $V_{13}$ and return conduction to $V_{13}$ to clear the memory. The dash memory $V_{15} V_{16}$ behaves identically, with clearance under the control of $V_{11} D_{6} R_{35}$.

## Sequence Interlock

When the dot memory is idle and the dot key is open, the junction of $R_{30}$ and $R_{32}$ applies -13 volts to the grid of $V_{10}$, via $R_{21}$ and $R_{31}$, to cut off the tube. Tripping of the dot memory applies +10 volts from $R_{30} R_{32}$ toward the grid of $V_{10}$. If $V_{11}$ is being held conductive by a positive selection potential from the dash memory or key, its plate current through $R_{18}$ lowers the potential at $R_{19} R_{20}$ to -7 volts. The positive potential directed toward the grid of $V_{10}$ by a dot selected under this condition is clamped by $D_{3} R_{21}$, and the grid of $V_{10}$ is held below cut-off. This guarantees prior transmission of an earlier solected dash. $\mathrm{C}_{7}$ stabilizes the negative interlock voltage against spurious releases by plate voltage fluctuations caused by line-voltage changes and distributed capacitive couplings. This is necessary at very low line voltages, where the interlock potential drops to around --3 volts.
With the dash memory clear and the dash key open, $V_{11}$ is cut off by -13 volts at $R_{39} R_{40}$, and $R_{19} R_{20}$ stands at +12 volts. This adlows the +10 -volt dot selection potential to reach the grid of $V_{10}$ via $R_{21}$. The cathode of $V_{10}$ rises to +10 volts to start a dot on the next positive time-base pulse, and permits the memory clearance pulse to reach the grid of $V_{13}$. Conduction through $V_{10}$ and $R_{27}$ lowers $R_{28} R_{29}$ to -7 volts, to clamp at $D_{4} R_{25}$ any subsequently selected dash until after the dot starts. Additionally, by thus locking out $V_{11}$ and holding $R_{25}$ and the cathode of $D_{6}$ at +0.9 volts, clearance of the dash memory (when actuated after dot storage but before that dot starts) is prevented.
For a serics of dots, the key is held closed and +10 volts from $R_{37} R_{38}$ holds $V_{10}$ conductive via $R_{21}$ (and $V_{11}$ locked-out) after the dot memory clears at the start of the first dot, until the key is released or the sequencor is "seized" by subsequent actuation of the dash memory. The similar structure of the dash sequencor behaves identically under interlock control of the dot sequencor, to provide single or multiple dashes.

## Sequence Transfer

Assume a dot and a dash, selected in that order before any output starts, and the keys (Continued on page 12t)

## - Recent Equipment The Sonar CD-2 Transmitter-Receiver

Aits name implies, the Sonar (CD-2 was designed especially for aivil defense radio stervice. As one of the few v.h.f. amateurhand pieces of year presently approved by the Federal Civil Defense Administration for matching funds, it is of more than ordinary interest. To qualify for FCDA approval, v.h.f. equipment must comply with fairly stiff specifications as to frequency stability and selectivity.

Achieving the required stability in the transmitter was probably no great problem; crystal eontrol and reasonable care in mechanical and electrical design take care of that. But adequate selectivity in a 2 -meter receiver runs to some appreciable complication, and when selectivity is achieved, oscillator instability is likely to be sumething of a headache. A glance at the block diagram, Fig. 1, will show how these matters are handled in the CDD-2.

The receiver uses ten tubes. The front end has a 6 BK7 series cascode, for low noise figure, followed by a 6 AK5 pentode. Self-tuned coupled rircuits are used between the second half of the rascode and the GAK5 grid, and between the GAK5 plate and the first mixer. Coupling between these circuits is adjusted to give the desired that response across the band, and the series of circuits gives reasonably high attenuation of siguals outside that baud. Oscillator stability is assured through the use of a voltage-regulated oscillator-doubler arrangement, with a self-tumed rircuit in the doubler plate lead, and very light coupling between the oscillator and doubler.

Output from the first mixer is at 1.0 .7 Mc ., and there is one stage of i.f. amplification at this frequency. Then follows a 6U8 mixer-oscillator,


The Sonar CD-2 transmitter-receiver case is designed especially for civil defense station needs. The drop front has a plywood insert to make a writing surface. Space for $\log$, message blanks, microphone rables and other accessories is provided, and the cover and front lock together to prevent unauthorized use.
the latter erystal-controlled, converting to 455 ke. Two stages of i.f. at 455 kc . Work into a conventional diode-triode combination that performs the functions of detection, a.v.c., noise limiting and audio amplification. The recciver ends up in a $6 A Q 5$ power audio stage, where a choice of speaker, 'phones-withspeaker, or 'phones alone is afforded.

The transmitter line-up consists of a 12BY7 crystal oscillator-tripler, using 8Mc. crystals, a 6AK6 doubler, a pair of $6 J$ bs in push-pull-parallel tripling, and a 6252 as a straight-through smplifier on 144 Mrc. In-ductively-coupled doubletuned eircuits are used in the last three stages to provide essentially flat respouse across the band and grood attenuation of unwanted oscillator-multiplier frequencies. The rated

Interior of the CD-2. Transmitter components are at the left; receiver and power supply on the right.
output of 17 watts serems quite eonservative and is readily developed.

Modulation is supplied by a pair of 6 AQ 5 s , driven by a $12 \mathrm{AT7}$. A Type F1 carbon button microphone is used, and there is provision for either push-to-talk or toggle-switch control of the sindreceive operation. A small amount of r.f. output is coupled off at the antenna conneetion to an r.f. voltmeter to provide for tuning up. Indication of transmitter tuning is shown on a meter, which doubles as a tuning meter for reception, and in addition there is a red jewel light that indicates both output and modulation. The circuit used for these purposes is reproduced in Fig. 2.

## Tuning \& Adjustment

In keeping with its intended CD-2 is designed so that? a minimum of adjustment is reçuired in normal operation. Alignment adjustments of both transmitter and receiver are preset, and should not require adjustment except in case of parts failure or other damage. In the case of the receiver,

Bottom view of the Sonar transmitter-recciver. Receiver and power supply occupy the large section.
service, the
the operator merely turns the calibrated dial, and adjusts the audio level to suit conditions. Maximum downward swing of the meter indicates proper tuning of a signal.

The transmitter has provision for cight erystalcontrolled channels, selection being made with a single front-pancl switch. The only tuning adjustments are the final plate tank and the antenna serics-tuning capacitors. A front-panel "calibrate" switch applies screen voltage to the erystal oscillator, when the station is in the

"receive" position, to permit checking the operating frequencies and the receiver calibration against each other. The harmonic from the crystal oscillator in the $144-\mathrm{Mc}$. band is strong enough to make an appreciable dip show on the tuning meter as the receiver is tuned across the operating frequency.

The CD-2 housing and accessories are designed for its rôle as a civil defense control station.


Fig. 2 -- Tuning indicator circuit used for checking transmitter adjustments in the CD-2. In the complete circuit, the meter is also switched to indicate strength of the received signal.

The drop front and hinged top lock together with a cut key, so that unauthorized use can be prevented. The bottom portion of the case has ample space for log, message blanks, spare cables and other small accessories. The front cover has a large plywood insert, to provide a writing surface for field use. The cover can also be removed readily, to save space in a permanent installation. Carrying handles are provided on the sides of the casc. The shelf on which the
chassis rests is copper plated, to provide good contact with the chassis, and it is made of expunded metal for full ventilation. The front panel has a shaded desk light that can be turned on or off by a toggle switch.

The power supply works on either 6-volt d.c. or 115 -volt a.c. input, separate cables being plugged into a single receptacle on the rear wall of the chassis. The socket is reached through a hinged door in the back of the cabinet. Selenium rectifiers are used, this being the first instance we've seen where they have been applied to amatcur gear of this power rating. The result should be superior regulation, and an appreciable suving in drain when the rig is run from a 6 -volt source. An operating check of the unit showed the total drain from a 6-volt storage battery to be 20 amperes on recciving and 33 on transmitting. Extended use with storage-battery power should not be attempted unless a satisfactory means of charging is at hand, as output drops rapidly after the first 5 minutes of use from a fully-charged battery.

The manufacturer supplies the CD-series gear for any 4.5 -megacycle segment of the spectrum from 50 to 180 Mc ., so a CD-6 is also available for use in the anateur 50-Mc. band. Both amateur band units may be expected to find considerable acceptance in areas where e.d. planning is well organized, and supported by local or state-wide governmental agencies. - E. P.T.

## The Gonset 6-Meter Communicator

IF lack of suitable ready-made gear has been a factor in the present rather low state of activity on the 6 -meter band, here's a complete package that should go a long way toward injecting new life into what could be one of our most interesting slices of the r.f. spectrum. Certainly the 2-Meter Communicator has become une of the most familiar features of the v.h.f. scene. This has come about because it combines in one small convenient unit many features that make for pleasant and effective 2 -meter work.

The new 6-meter model is physically an almost
exact duplicate of the popular 2 -meter job. It is built, insofar as possible, around the same components and subassemblies that are used in the 2 -meter rig, and it has the same useful gadgets. These include a tuning eye that works on both transmitter and receiver; a erystal spotter, for checking transmitter frequency and receiver calibration; an adjustable squelch, for quicting the recciver during stand-by periods; universal power supply, for hoth mobile and home-station use; the option of cither carbon or crystal microphone input; provision for use of the audio system

'The double-conversion recciver unit, left, and combined transmitter and audio system, right, are little more than good-sized handfuls.


The 6-Meter Communicator by Gonset is physically an exact duplicate of its 2 -meter counterpart. Individual adjustment of all transmitter stages is made through holes in upper left side of the front panel, proper setting being indicated by closure of the tuning eyc. Receiver has squelch-level, volume and noise limiter controls, lower left.
for public-address work; and many other features.
In addition, there are innovations that help the 6 -Meter Communicator cope with conditions different in several respects from those enicountered in 2 -meter operation. The receiver is a double-conversion job, providing considerably better selectivity than the single-conversion 6 -Mc. i.f. in the 2 -meter receiver. The tuning range is extended one megacycle below the edge of the band, permitting monitoring of the mobile services in the 49-Mc. region for sigus of band openings. Enough use of these frequencies is made in most parts of the country so that something will be heard almost any time that sporadic$E$ or $F_{2}$-layer skip is present. There is a built-in low-pass filter, connceled permanently in the antenna lead, to reduce harmonics from the transmitter and spurious responses in the receiver.

For obvious manufacturing reasons, the transmitter has the same tube line-up as the 2 -meter one, but there is one less multiplier stage. A 6CL6 crystal oscillator-multiplier, with either 8- or 12 -Mc. erystals, drives a 12AV7 parallel doubler to 50 Mc. The final stage is a 2 E 26 , delivering an output of about 6 watts. (We measured better than 6 watts with a Micromatch into a matched load.) The modulator has a 12AX7 amplifier working into a 6 V 6 GT . This also serves as the receiver audio system.
The receiver front end has a 6 BQ7A cascode r.f. : mmplifier and a 12AT7 mixer-oscillator, with 11-Mc. outpui. The receiver oscillator is on the high side, so there is no problem with 28 Mc. images. Mixer output is 11 Mc., and there is one stage of i.f. amplification, a 6 BH 6 , at this frequency. Then follows a 6BE6 converter to 1500 kc ., and a 6 BJ 6 i.f. amplifier. The functions of detector, noise limiter, a.v.c. rectifier and first audio amplifier are combined in a 6 T 8 , which feeds the audio system. A subminiature 6BG7 dual triode handles the squelch. Our noise generator shows that the noise figure of the 6Meter Communicator is hetter than is required for good weak-sigual reception.
The power supply is identical to the 2 -meter unit, having two 6 X 4 rectifiers, and provision for either 6 -volt d.c. or 115 -volt a.c. input. Connections for these two types of operation are made by separate cables supplied with the unit.
A variation from the 2 -Meter Communicator is seen in the antema furnished. The 19 -inch whip is replaced by a polyethylene-insulated half-wave Zepp that can be rolled up and carried in a pocket. The quarter-wave whip idea is less effective with the 6 -meter rig, as there is insufficient metallic mass in the cabinet to serve as a ground-plane at this lower frequency. The manufacturer also offers 6 -Meter yagi antennas that cau be used individually or in stacked pairs.
Cabinet appearance, power supply and audio system are identical to the 2 -Meter Communicator. The 6 -meter model is supplied for either 6- or 12 -volt operation. - E. E. P. T.

Bottom views of the receiver and transmitter used in the 6-Meter Com. municator. Outboard unit on back of receiver is cascode r.f. amplifier. Receiver and transmitter use common audio system.


## Happenings of the Month

## BOARD MEETING

In May the Board of Directors of the American Radio Relay League will meet to examine the record for 1954 , and to come to decisions charting a continuing course for the future. The director of your division is your voice in League affairs. Communicate to him your views on matters of the day so that he may be informed, as is required of him in the By-Laws, "as to conditions and activities in his territorial division and as to the needs and desires of the members therein in order that he may faithfully and intelligently represent the true interests of such members."

## TECHNICIANS GET 50 MC.

In mid-March FCC released its decision in Docket No. 11157, dealing with Technician Class privileges: the $50-54 \mathrm{Mc}$. band is opened to that class of license effective April 12th; FCC dismissed its proposal to open also the $1+4-\mathrm{Mc}$. hand to Terhnicians. The text of the order follows:

1. As a result of its consideration of petitions for ruie making filed by James M. Price and Tom A. Walker, the ('ommission adopted the Notice of Proposed Rule Making in this proceeding. and it was published in the Federal Register on September 11, 1954, 19 FR 5917. The Notice proposed amendment of oiection 12.2:3(d) to permit operstion by Technician Class amateur operators in all amateur frequency bands above 50 Mc . which would have the effect of adding the $50-54 \mathrm{Mc}$. and the 144-148 Mc. bands to the privileges presently available to the Tuchnician Class licensee. The petitions of Messrs. Price and Walker proposed addition only of the $50-54 \mathrm{Mc}$. band to the existing privileges for the Technician Class operator.

2 . Comment on the proposed amendment was submitted by some 18 amateur organizations and over 125 amateurs individually. In regard to the 50-Mc. band, there appears to be substantial expression of approval of provision for Technician Class operator privileges therein.
3. As evidenced by the comment received, there appears to be considerable controversy ats to whether technicians
should be allowed to noerate in the 144 Mc. band. Because of the opposition expressed by the American Kadio Relay league, and because it does not find the arguments expressed in the cumments otherwise decisive, the Commission is hereby diamissing that portion of the proposed gmendment having to do with technician privileges in the 144 Mc. amateur frequency band.
4. 'This amendment is issued pursuant to authority contained in Sections 4 (i) and 303(f), (g), and ( r ) of the Cummunications Act of 1934 , as amended. IT IS OROERED, That effective 3:00 a.m., ES'T. April 12, 1955, Section 12.23(d) of Yart 12, Rules (foverning Amateur Kadio Service, IS AMENDED as set forth in the attarthed Appendix.

Federal Communicationa Commiseion Mary Jane Morris Secretary

Idopted: March 9, 1955
Released: March 10, 1955

## APPENDIX

SECTION $12.23(\mathrm{~d})$ OF PART 12, RULES GOVERNING AMATEUR RADIO SERVICE, IS AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:
(d) Technician Class. All authorized amateur privileges in the amateur frequency band 50-toit Mc. and in the amateur frequency bands above 220 Mc .

## QST ARTICLE AWARDS

The Executive Committee has announced its selection of three outstanding articles which appeared in QST during 1954, and awarded the authors eash prizes of $\$ 300, \$ 200$ and $\$ 100$. single-sideband, as might be expected from its rapid development in 1954, was the subject for the No. 1 spot - the judges were unanimous in making the first award to Warren B. Bruene, WøTTK, for his November article, "Distortion in Single-Sideband Linear Amplifiers." A special, and hitherto untreated, phase of TYI ran a close second - the next atward was to F. E. Ladd, W2IDZ, for his two-part article in June and July,
()n March 19th, 200 VEs representing all of Canada met in Montreal to honor Canadian Dircetor Alex Reid, VE2BE, who on December 31, 1954, became the first director to complete 25 years of continuons service on the ARRL Board of Directors. Amateurs from all parts of Canada joined to present Alex with a single-sideband exciter nnit and accessory gear, as a token of uppreciation. Here (l. to r.) are: ARRL General Manager Budlong, W'1BUD; Mrs. Gordon Lynn: Dircetor Reid: Mrs. Reid: ARRL President Dosland, WØISN.

" 50 Mc . TVI - Its Causes and Cures." Antennas, as last year, provided the third subject the award going to William B. Wrigley, W4UCW, for his February article "Impedance Characteristics of Harmonic Antennas."

## CHAMBERS' 25TH

On March 6th, C. Vernon Chambers, (QST Technical Assistant, became the seventh member of the present ARRL H4. staff to reach the 25year mark.
"Vern" came to Hq. as an office boy, but the inevitable happened- the bug bit, and he shortly became W1JEQ. His interest and developing ability made him a logical candidate for


W1JEQ
lab work, and he turned out a number of pieces of gear for QST, with special attention to lowpower equipment for the beginner. He was associated with Ross Hull in the development of u.h.f. gear for the Handbook: and carried that work to completion after Hull's untimely death. Vern then took over the ARRL Teclinical Information Service until World War II interrupted with both Army and eivilian service in the field of guided missiles.
('hambers' postwar projects for both QST and the Handbook have included a goodly number of items at beginner level, but have ranged into many other fields as well - mobile gear, development of high-power r.f. chokes, and all sorts of gencral transmitting designs. His bandswitching rig in January 1954 QST brought more response from amateurs than perhaps any other article postwar.

When we use on Vern the old saw. "The second 25 years are the hardest," it isn't really funny: he has that much longer to go before reaching retirement age!

## OPERATION IN GREENLAND

For some months negotiations have bern in process for the authorization of amateur operation in Greenland by U. S. citizens. Permission has now been granted, under an agreement with the Danish government, and the U.S. military
is to issue detailed rules and regulations as well as issue call signs from the block KG1AA through KGiLZ.

## NOVICE TALKING BOOK

The Division for the Blind, Library of Congress, through the facilitics of the American Foundation for the Blind, has produced a now Talking Book, "The Radio Amateur's Novice Examination, Questions and Answers." Excerpted from ARRL publications, and with code practice material especially writteu and taped by Hq. , the package consists of eight 12 -inch record sides. It is available to qualified blind readers through the 28 regional libraries in the usual manner (sce list page 30, January 1953 (SST). Thomas B. Hedges, W3QQS, assistant chicf of the Division, contemplates expanding the Talking Book program to higher grades of amateur license if interest warrants.

## A.R.R.L. QSL BUREAU

The function of the ARRL QSL Bureau system is to facilitate delivery to amateurs in the United States, its possessions, and Canada of those QSL cards which arrive from amateur stations in other parts of the world. All you have to do is send your QSL manager (sce list below) a stamped selfaddressed envelope about $41 / 2$ by $91 \frac{1}{2}$ inches in size, with your name and address in the usual place on the front of the envelope and your call printed in capital letters in the upper left-hand corner. (Bold-face type indicates change since last QST' listing.)
W1, K1 - J. R. Baker, jr., W1JOJ. Box 232, Ipswich, Mass. W', K2 -... H. W. Yalnel, W2SN, Lake Ave., Helmetta, N. J.

W3. K3 - Jesse Bicherman, W3KT, Box 34, Yhiladelphia 5. Penna.

W4, K4 - Thomas M. Moss, W4 HY'W, Box ti44, Municipal Airport Branch, Atlanta, (ia.
W5, K5-Oren B. Gambill, W5WI, 2514 N . Garrison. Tulsa 6. Ohla.
W6. K6-. Horace R. Greer, W6TI, 414 Fairmont st., Oakland, Calif.
W7, K7 - Mary Ann Tatro, W7FWR, 513 N. Central, Olympia, Wash.
W8. K8 - Walter E. Musgrave, W8NGW. 1294 E. 188th St., Cleveland 10, Ohio.
W9. K9 - John F. Schneider. W9CFT, 311 W. Ross Ave., Wausau, Wisc.
Wg. Kø-Alva A. Smith, WgDMA, 238 Hast Main St., Caledonia. Minn.
VE1 - L. J. Fader, VE1FQ, 125 Henry St., Halifax. N. S.
VE2 - Harry J. Mabson, VE2APH, 122 Regent Ave., Beaconsfield West. Que.
VE3 - W. Bert Knowles. VEBQB, Lanark, Ont.
V'E4 - Len Cuff, VE4LC, 286 Rutland St.. St. James, Man.
VE5 - Fred Ward, VE5OP, 899 Connaught Ave., Moose Jaw, Sask.
VE6 - W. R. Savage, VE6EO, 329 15th Sit., North Lethbridge. Alta.
VE7-H. R. Houph, VETHR, 2316 Trent St., Victoria, B. C.

VE8-W. L. Cieary VE8AW. Box 534, Whitchorse, Y. T.
VO - Ernest Ash, VOIA, 1 . O. Box 8, St. John's, Newfoundland.
KP4 - F. W. Mayer, KP4KD, Box 1061, San Juan. P. K.
KH6 - Andy H. Fuchikami, KIIGBA, 25+3 Namauu Dr., Honolulu, 1. II.
KL7-Box 73. Douglas, Alaska.
KZ5 - Gilbert C. Foster, KZ5GF, Box 407, Balboa, (:. Z.

# 21st ARRL Sweepstakes Results 

Part I-C.W.

BY PHIL SIMMONS, WIZDP

SYays W5VNW: "Thanks for 40 hours of solid enjoyment. As the operator of a fixed, lowpower station, the Sweepstakes is my choice of all the contests." Says W1UTA: "I like the SS because it offers good practice in operating procedure, the thrill of raising new sections, an opportunity to learn how the rig really performs, but best of all, the chance to study the personality of a good cross-section of Hamdom. I have observed with a grin the leisurely fellow whose clock is five minutes slow, the hurry-hurry boy who doesn't wait for a 'roger,' and the operator who CQs 15 times before you find you've already worked him." Says WØBUR: "I like the absence of the cut-throat dog-eat-dog competition that marks some other contests." Says W 4 CVM : "Conditions were about as near perfect as I can remember them. There seemed to be more of the 'old ham spirit' this year, and all of the regulars were on hand: W3BES, W4IA, W9IOP, W1HTX, W4KFG, W4CIU and many others." Says W8APC: "Judging from the serial numbers

being sent the second week end, the entire population of the state of Connecticut will be needed to check the logs!"
The foregoing colorful contestimonials show why 1796 entrants ( 1394 c.w.) enjoyed themselves immensely (and why contest-ehecker WlCUT, ex-W5TQD, almost went back to Texas). (They indicate, too, why the 1954 SS



Jack Bryant, W5TFB, was stricken by SS-itis at an early age. Now 17, Jack already has stacked three conne:utive North Texas wins, was tenth high nationally and top $W^{\prime} 5$ in the ${ }^{\prime} 54$ doings.
moves into the record books as the biggest ever held, dwarfing previous highs registered in 1939 and 1953. Griping about contest rules and poor conditions was all but nonexistent as scores rocketed to adding-machine proportions and 84 hard-working section and Novice winners carned eertificates for brasspounding.

We're pleased to revive a popular prewar SS feature which listed, among other items, the equipment and bands of the section leaders. Aided by some fast slip-stick fumbling, one finds that there is real thought-food here; e.g.:

1) About 85 per cent of the 72 section winners utilized the trusted $20-40-80$-meter band combination (although five of them scooped up extra credits on 15 meters).
2) Seventy-seven per cent fell in the 100-watts-or-less category, while the rest ran high power.
3) The average winner racked up 590 contacts in 66.6 sections for 97,450 points, was active 35 hours with 175 watts input.
4) Low-power champ was 25 -watt Oklahomau W5WZV.
5) One-lyand champ was South Texan W5W(QN with $70+\mathrm{QLSO}_{8}$ on 7 Mic .
The set-ups in the tabulation typify the "new look" in SS circles, as compared with the May. 19.10 Q S'T version, which recorded such bottles as
Md.-Del.-D.C. leader W3JTK netted for 180,510 points, ranked fifth amonget the 139.1 c.w. entrants with a 100 per cent home-brew rig. 'The gadget at the upper right, a photoelectric-keyed CO SS wheel, gave a kood account of itself, Jack reports.
$860 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{~T}-40 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{HK}-2548$ and 211 s in vogue in those days. (And you just can't hardly get them no more!) Rifitic through your old-time QSTs and see for yourself what the previous generation of SS enthusiasts worked with.

Now here's a foursome that knows the business
hy heart! Each sends code reminiscent of a W1AW Qualifying Run and sports a clean, etherwrenching signal. Each salted away over 1100 contacts and attained, for the first time in SS amnals, a final score in excess of 200,000 points. Congratulations are in order, then, to W4KVX
C.W. WINNERS, 21st A.R.R.L. SWEEPSTAKES CONTEST

| Section | Call | Scare | Transmitter | Watts Input | Receiver | Bands Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E. Penna. | W3GHM | 147,502 | 6BA6-6AQ5-2E26-813. | 95 | HQ129X | *0, 40, 20 |
| Md.-Del.-D. C. | W3JTK | 180,540 | VF()-807-813s. | 100 | Super Pro (modified) | 80, 40, 20 |
| S. N.J. | W2GND | 85,313 | 32 V 3 | 100 | HRO60 | 80, 40, 20 |
| W. N. Y. | W2SSC | 133,175 | Sig. Shifter-809 | 99 | 75A3 | *(0, 40, 20 |
| W. P'enna. | W3LMM | 104.512 | BC610E. | 700 | NC240D | K(J), 40, 20 |
| Illinois | W9ERU | 157,230 | 32 V 1. | 100 | 75A1, SX43 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Indiana | W9IOP | 208,506 | VF()-6AQ5-4-65A | 100 | 75A3. DB23 | S0, 40, 20 |
| Wisconsin | W9R(2M | 143,080 | VFO-813 | 90 | HRO50T | 80, 40, 20 |
| No. Daknta | WOARB | 103.599 | HAG78-2E26-814 | 100 | KX71 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Sio. Dakota | WøSMV | 19,936 | 6AG7s-2E26-813 | 350 | HQ129X | 50, 20 |
| Minnesota | WøYCR | 139.650 | VFO-807s. | 95 | Super Pro | 80. 40, 20 |
| Arkansas | W5MSH | 92.400 | 6V6-6L6-812A | 100 | NC240D | S0, 40, 20 |
| Louisiana | W5KC | 141,468 | 32V3. | 100 | HRO 7 | 80. 40. 20 |
| Mississippi | W9APY/5 | 72,371 | 6AG7s-6AQ25-807-4-250A | 100 | BC348, BC453, SOJ | 80, 40, 20 |
| Teunessee | W4TJI | 91,803 | Sig. Shifter-1625s-814s. | 450-480 | S76, DB22A | 80, 40, 20 |
| Kentucky | W4KVX | 209,353 | Sig. Shifter-813 | 80-100 | Super Pro (BC453 2ndi.f.) | 80, 40, 20 |
| Michigan | W8DUS | 113.971 | 32 V 2. | 100 | 75A3, DB23 | 80. 40, 20 |
| Ohio | W8LQA | 148,213 | VFO-417-35'T | 100 | HQ129X | < $\times 1.40 .20$ |
| E. N. Y. | W2IFP | (1). 010 | 6AG75-807-813s | 95 | BC312, ©5er, RME10-20 | *1, 40, 20 |
| N. Y. C.-L. I. | W'2IVS | 117.775 | 12AU7-5AU6-5763s-6146 | 95 | NC240D | s0. 40, 20 |
| N. N. J. | W2TPJ | 80.404 | PTO-6AQ5s-807s. | 100 | $\mathrm{HC}^{2} 24$ | 80, 40, 20 |
| lowa | Wonw | 131,850 | Lysco 600-HT20. | 99 | SX88 | 80. 40, 20 |
| Kansas | WGBCT | 109.784 | 32V3 | 95 | SX28 | mi, 40, 20 |
| Missouri | WOLLU | 64.103 | 6А D6-6A(77-807 | 30 | SX71 | 80, 40, 20, 15 |
| Nebraska | WGURB | 109,395 | VFO-Viking II. | 95 | SX71, FL8A | KII, 40, 20 |
| Connecticut | W1BIH | 101,250 | VF()-Bandbox-6146. | 80 | HQ129X, Q5er, FL8A | 80, 40, 20 |
| Maine | WIIKE | 81,453 | VFO-Bandbox-6146. | 90 | 75A3 | 80, 40, 20 |
| E. Mass. | WIIAP | 106,225 | 310B (exciter-amp.) | 100 | 75A2 | X $1,40,20$ |
| W. Mass. | W1JYH | 119,340 | 310B-4-125A | 100 | HRO5 | 80, 40, 20 |
| N. H. | W1ARR/1 | 102,935 | 32 V 2. | 95 | 75A2 | 80. 40, 20 |
| K. I. | WICJH | 64,431 | VFO-813. | 90 | 75A1 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Vermont | W1RWP | 58.476 | BC457A-6L6s-814s. | 150-250 | BC3+2J, Q5er | (0), 40, 20 |
| Alaska | KL7EVR | 43,330 | 6S.57-6AC7-6AG7-4E27 | 95 | BC348Q | 40, 20 |
| Idaho | W7TYG | 14,006 | VFO-6A(17-1625s. | 100 | Homebuilt super | \$1, 40 |
| Montana | W7EVU | 202.210 | 5100. | 100 | T5A3, DB23 | 80, 40, 20, 15 |
| Oregon | W7GEB | 116,253 | $310 \mathrm{~B}-813$ | 100 | 75A2 | 80. 40, 20 |
| Washington | W7NLI | 126,114 | $\mathrm{VF}($ - 4 E 27.$$ | 100 | NC200 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Hawaii | KH6IJ | 32,670 | t-250As p.a. | 1000 | HQ129X | 40, 20 |
| Nevada | W7KEV | 168,448 | VFO-807-4-65A | 100 | HQ129X | 10. 20 |
| Santa Clara V. | W6HOC | 127.294 | 6AK6s-bAG7-6AQ5s-4D32 | 45 | Super Pro | 80, 40, 20 |
| East Bay | W6TT | 78,768 | +-250As p.a. | $(100$ | 75A3 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Sian Francisco | W6BIP | 72,781 | 6K7-6SK7-6L6-6AG7s-6L6-813-VT127As | 500 | SX28, Q5er | 80, 40, 20, 15 |
| Sacramento $V$. | W6MYT | 27.775 | ARC5-807-4-125As; ARC5-807-T40s | 125; 650 | SX28A | 30, 40, 20 |
| Stan Joaquin V. | W6MPG | 47,439 | Sig. Shifter-1625s-30+TL. | 750 | SX25 | 40, 20 |
| No. Carolina | W'4VHH | 69,370 | 6V6-6L6-809. | 100 | H(2129X | 80, 40, 20 |
| Sin. Carolina | W4TL | 6¢, 741 | HT18-6146s. | 100 | HRO5 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Virginia | W+KFC | 203.850 |  | 100 | 75A2 | *), 40, 20 |
| W. Virginia | W'8PQQ | 52,488 | VFO-30tTLs. | 700 | 75A2 | 81, 40, 20 |
| Colorado | WØEWH | 79,275 | 6AG7s-6L6-2E22 -8268 | 1010 | SXi] | 80. 40. 20 |
| IJtah | W7QDM | 85,844 | 6.AG7s-8078. | 90-95 | BC348 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Wyoming | W7HRM | 54, 438 | VFO-807-813. | 300 | NC200. DB2\% | 80, 40, 20 |
| Alabama | W +RAL | 64,654 | VFO-12A6-12SL7-12A6-1625s | 95 | $\therefore \mathrm{X} 28$ | x(), 40, 20 |
| E. Florida | W4LVV | 101,756 | $310 \mathrm{~B}-813$ | 45 | HRO | 30, 40, 20 |
| W. Florifa | W+WKQ | 109,743 | VFO-813 | 95 | HROTA | 80, +1, 20 |
| Georgia | W4ICB | 62,712 | Viking II | 150 | HQ129X | (x), 40, 20, 15 |
| W'est Indies | KP4AAC | 31.625 | V13s p.a.. | 90 | HRO50, BC453, Q5cr | 40. 20 |
| Canal Zone | KZ5NB | $4!00$ | 6AG7-6V6-817s | 35 | Homebuilt 8 -tube super | 20 |
| Los Angeles | K6CEF | 130.123 | 5814-6A U6-5753s-614h | 100 | 75A3 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Arizona | W4KMF/7 | \$2.800 | BC459-6L.6s-814 | 100 | HQ129X, Panalaptor | 40. 20 |
| San Diego | W6EPZ | 142.076 | f-250As p.a. | 100 | 75A1 | 40, 20 |
| Santa Barbara | W6ULS | 119,653 | 32 V 2. | 4.5 | 75A 1, preamp. | 80, 40, 20, 15 |
| No. Texas | W5TFB | 152.479 | HT18-HT20. | 100 | S76. Hetrofil | 80, 40, 20 |
| Ohlahnma | W5WZV | +1,120 | TBS50. | 25 | SX28 | 80, 40, 20 |
| So. Texas | W5WQN | 121.440 | fА K5s-5763-2E26-4-65As. | 100 | SX25, BC348, Q5er | 40 |
| New Mexico | W5QNZ | 126,936 | VFO-824-30+TL | 1000 | HRO60 (plus i.f. strip) | 81, 40.20 |
| Maritime | VEIAR | 103.850 | VFO-6A ${ }^{\text {a }} 7-81+-810 \mathrm{~s}$. | 910 | HQ129. Q5er, sOJ | 80.40. 20 |
| Queher: | VE2BX | 56,560 | 5763-6C.4-6A(37-2Fi26-807 W | 75 | SX25 | 80, 40, 20 |
| Untario | VE3AUU | 62,235 | tiC.4-6AQ5-807s; 6C:+-6AG7-2E26-813 | 95 | Hel2y | 80, 40, 20 |
| Manitoba | VE4MX | +5,900 | 6AG7-6L6-2E26-812A. | 100 | HQ140X | <1), 40, 20 |
| Saskatchewan | VE5CW | 44,756 | VFO-Viking II | 115 | HQ129X, DB22A | *1, 40, 20 |
| Alberta | VE6ZR | +2,776 | BC'221-6AC7s-807 | 70 | SX28 | 80, 40, 20 |
| R. C. | VE7ZK | 62.245 | 6C4-6AQ5s-6146.. | 75 | NC240D | 80, 40, 20 |

for his all-time record-smashing 209,353-point tally, and to W9IOP, W4KFC and W7KVU for their totals of $208,506,203,850$ and 202,210, respectively.

And for their savvy and downright stick-to-it-iveness, plaudits and salaums to these others who broke 125,000: W3JTh 180,540, W7KEV 168,448 , W3EIS 165,638, W9ERU 157,230, W9YFV 154,030, W5TFB 152,470 , W3 3 GHM 147,502 , W8LQA 146,213 , W3FRY ${ }^{1} 1+5,726$, W8BTI $14+540$, W9RQM $1+3,080$, W'GEPZ 142,076, W5KC 141.468, W3AEL 140,875. WgYCR 139.650, W3JBC 134,502 , К6BT, ${ }^{1}$ 133.590, IV2SSC 133.175, W0TKX 133,043, W3CTJ 132,313, W0NWX 131,850, W9NPC 1:31.823, W3BES 130,488, W3GRF 1:30,315, K6CEF 130,123, W4PNK 120,634, W9PNE 129,330 , W3.JTC 128,845, WGIIOC 127,294, W5QNZ 126,936. W7NLI 126,114, W8EV 125,925.
Section-humting remains the favorite pastime of a goodly share of the gang, and it's quite an art. Here is the sharp-eared crew that bagged all 73 ARRL sections in ' 54 : 11 '1s EOB JTD ZDP, W2FEB, K2BZT, H'3s ADZ ALB BES OTJ FRY JBC JNQ JTC KT, I'As KVX YFA, W5TFB, 1 '6's BIP EPZ HOC MUR PYH ULS UTV YK. K6\% BLL CEF. H'\%s GLB KEV KVU PQE, II'ss DUS EV, IF9s TOP RQM YFV, WøTKX. Note that all U. S. licensing areas made the grade. Saskatchewan, Yukon/N.IV.T. and Idaho would seem to be the toughies; 17 of the 37 experts named one of the three as the last section snagged. But 52 BZT, who made the "clean sweep" in just 257 contacts, and exW1AW op W1JTD, who did it in 310, are the two who worked the mostest with the leastest. Choosy WØQDF likewise merits honorable mention for getting 72 out of a mere $7 \pm$ QSOs.

Heartening indeed are the many friendly new faces that crop up yearly in the special Novice competition which the Sweepstakes affords. When three or more KN/WN people enter logs from a given section, the leader nabs an appropriatelyendorsed Novice certificate. The following yearlings earn a burst of applause, and the certificate as well, for graduating magna cum laude from their first venture into contest capers: WN 1 s BLD CDD, KN2HXR, WN3ZKH, WN5HIS. KNGEVR, ITN8s SRK TGB, WN9s GBC IIAH IGV, WNOSQE. Sce you in the '55 SS minus the " $\mathrm{V}_{\text {, " }}$ fellows!
'Multioperator station.

## Sidelights

L.avish antenna svstems were brought into play by the 200 -grand quartet. W 4 KVX relied on 280 - and 405 -fout zepps, a 7-Mc. ground plane, and a 14-Nic. bean: all four were suspended from or mounted on telephone poles. W9IOP found an end-fed 136 -foot wire, a 40 -meter ground plane, and a $2(0$-meter rotary to his liking; and so did W4 KFC, who utilized an identical bunch of skyhouks. Out West. W7KVU made that huge signal even huger with such paraphernalia as (1) for 80 meters, a wire 12 wavelengths long and a half-wave zepp; (2) a 7-MIc. ground plane and zupp; (3) 3-element wide-spaced rotaries for 15 und 20 . .
lament from multiops W.3s WIE WIF at close of festivities:
"Brother, are we tired." (Boys, you weren't alone!)
W8CUP suys his FL8A filter sabed the day. . . . W2BRC sut 43,935 and W2CJMI 13,069 points with attic antennas. . W'z.M UlI pounded brass for the Order of BO (Boiled Owis). . . Overheard on 20 the last Sunday: W1JYH


Hudding contester Dick Brandt, KN2HXR, E. N. Y. Novice winner, got the most markers registered by a $\mathrm{KN} / \mathrm{W} \mathrm{N}$ in SS competition - over 10,000 . For further news of Dick's operating sojourns, see the Novice Round-up results on page 50 .
explaining the rules to W1GGII/VE8. After Kog had paved the way, the mob descended. . . . KiENO broke in a new SX-24 and got 7 additional states. . . . Anchor man for Ohio Valley Amateur Radio Assuciation was 4 -watt W8BAE.

Those who swapped messages with Iowan WGNWX unwittingly nailed FO8AJ/Wg. Bob was using the trans-mitter-inhaler combo of the famous (lipperton DXpedition (July, 1954, US'T') . . . WGFVI) is positive his code speed improved as a result of struggling with weak sigs in the QRMI. . . In '53 WNIYMA made 34 GNOs, in 5 WIYMA gut 741! How's that for improvement!... W4LVV found conditions good except for one weird 40 minute spell on 20 meters when it was impossible to raise anyone although incoming signals were strong. W6OAY is confident casts will come through from several new states worked. . . . W3BQUis landed 23,490 points with a 24 -watt transformerless rig. A roltage doubler juiced the p.p. 117 L 7 s in the erystal oseillator circuit. Dimensions: a pocket-sized 4-by-4 inches. . . . KV4BK, ex-7CO (1912), $6 R X$ (1920), and W5RX (1947), enjoyed the "wther side of the fence" despite fierce QRN. QRT for 20 vears, Charles

## NOVICE C.W. WINNERS, 2IST A.R.R.L. SWEEPSTAKES CONTEST

| Section | Call | Score | 'Transmitter | Walts Input | hecreiter | Rands Ured |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Md.-Del.-D. C. | W N3ZKU | 5003 | Viking Il. | 75 | HRO5 | 30, 40, 15 |
| Illinois | WN9GBC | 3250 | \$078 p.a. | 70 | SX42 | 81 |
| Indiana | WNOICV | 6695 |  | to | NC125 | 30 |
| Wisconsin | WN9HAH | 2640 | AT1. | 35 | 876 | 40 |
| Michigan | W N8SRK | 468 | AT1. | 15 | SXi1 | 81) |
| Ohio | WN8TCB | 3313 | AT1. | 30 | NC98 | 80, 40 |
| E. N. Y. | KN2HXR | 10,036 | AT1. | 35 | SHOH | 80 |
| lowa | W N SSQF: | $3+13$ | Ranger | 6.5 | 376 | (1), 40 |
| Connecticut | WNICDD | 3803 | Globe stout. | 51) | Stol3 | 80. 40, 15 |
| E. Mass. | WNIBLD | 5740 | TBS50. | 50 | HQ129X | 80 |
| Los Angeles | KN6EVR | 8229 | Viking 11. | 75 | $\mathrm{NCl}_{17}$ | 80, 40 |
| No. Texas | WN5HIS | 2719 | Lysco 600. | 50 | $\therefore \mathrm{X} 28 \mathrm{~A}$ | 80, 40, 15 |

returned to ton e.w. form rapidly in the SS. . . Alaskan pace-setter KL7EVR apologizes for his difficult-to-read log transeribed at 16,000 feet during a KL7-to-W7 flight.
A 2 -tube regen job performed the receiving chores for W6FAR. . . W4KFC's 1183 Rtations worked in ' 53 is still tops. . . With the rame 30 -watter he had last yrar us a Novice, W9YOS was tickled to multiply his score by 3.

W4KVX employed a card logging system complete with automatic time stamp and numbering machine to assist in avoiding or nullifying repeat $\mathrm{QSOs}^{2}$ as they occurred. W80TK thauks the boys for QRSing for him his first time out.

W7PQE got ten KL78 but had to cajole VE5 and KH6 non-SSers into swapping preambles.
Complete break-in system (March, 1951, (US'T)-using tubes for antenna-switching and receiver-quieting - worked great at. W7GEB. . . . We can thank WIRWP for increased Vermont activity. Stan has been carrying on a feverish une-man campaign to get better representation from that elusive section. . . . W 4 KMF/7 avows the competition in Arizona is cousiderably less rugged than it was in Virginia. . . . W5WZV cantured his first SS scalp since 'way back in ' 36 and " 37 when he earned Philippine honors as KAlUS. $\qquad$ W1WAI snared his 48th state, learned much about wheu to work which bands. Whap used a receiver-controlled VFO on 7 Mc . . . . W9RQM's XIL presented him with a new jumor op during the sis. . . . The last 25 -cycle power areas were being converted to $(60$ eycles near VE3ACB and intermittent power leaks held down his xcore. . . . W4KFC tolls a little tale about a newlyrecruited Potomac Valley member. W4NQM. Sparkie was calling a Vermonter when his key actually fell apart, whereupon he scooped up a serewdriver, finished the call with the blade, and landed the Vermont station! $\qquad$ " My first ss in 19 years. The last time I entered, as W2BMX, I won for E.N.Y. with two erystals, 152 contacts. Needless to shy. I was feeling my way in this one. Just wait 'til next year!" - W'4CXA. . . . "What a wonderful time! The sis seems to get better every year. Conditions were the best that I ran remember, and operating proficiency and signal quality were better than ever before, Chirus, youps and clicks were at a low ebb, making operating a distinct pleasure. Some surt of award should be given to the XYLs who are the backbone of a good score. Where would we be without the hot coffee, special meals at off-hours, and plentiful supply of sharp pencils and log sheets. Yes, they deserve a big hand for their help!"- - W $7 \mathrm{KJ} \mathrm{V} U$. . . "Surprised to end up with the same number of contacts (499) in 21st as in 20 th SS. Also was lucky enough to have Vermont and VE8 reply to my CQ machine." -- I'6BIP. . . . "Wonderful contest! Found 21 Mc . wide open but nobody there: 14 Mc . hest band out here." - WrGEB. . . "The 20-watt transmitter that gets RST 5991000 miles away on $3.5-\mathrm{Mc}$. SS eve, when the customary handful of stations are tuning up for the event, is fairly ineffective in the melce starting at 1800 EST the next day, but 75 to 100 watts does the jub FB. You can get the contacts with lower power but you have to work hard and be discouragingly patient. Every year, though, I'm back with more determination than ever.' - Wr $8 D M$. . . . "First contest and it was a barrel of fun." - W8IRO. . . "My object each year has been to work all sections. Thought I had it this time when a V'E8 answered but discovered too late that I had missed Sacramento Valley. Oh well, maybe nest year!" - W87J.M.
"Wow, what a battle! Heard the W6s working W1QMM (Vt.) on 20 but couldn't find him. My family is beginning to speak to me again!" - WRSLMM. . . . "Gained valuable operating experience and learned how to tune up the rig in a hurry." --..- IFのTID. . . . "Conditions excellent the first session and almost as good the second. Sections I usually have trouble logging were in abundance, but there seemed to be a dearth of KZ5, VE5 and VE8 participants. This was my twelfth SS."--W' $\emptyset Y C R$. . . "Bettered

With this npiffy layout, John Ryan, W7KVU, brought home a blistering 202,210 points and the Montana wallpaper. When he feels like creating additional db. for DX chasing, John uses the B $\& W 5100$ to excite p.p. f-400As at one kw.
previons reores made as W3UVB and W8YJF and finally went over 100.000 points. No repeat contacts thanks to my first use of ARRL Operating Aid No. $6 .{ }^{\prime \prime}$. $-\ldots-I^{\prime} \nmid \angle C V^{\prime} I$.
"My second SS and pleared to better last year's scure considerably. A fonlprooi break-in rystem is a must!"l'E2CB.

Next month - be the good Lord willing! we'll bring you a symposimm of club and 'phone highlights, including an A3 equipment tabulation and such photographs as we can muster. Di-dah-di-di-dit!

## C. W. SCORES

## Twenty-First Sweepstakes Contest

Scores are grouped by Divisiuns and Sections. . . . The operator of the station first-listed in each Section is award winner for that section unless otherwise indicated. Likewise the "nower factor" used in computing points in each score is indicated by the letter A or B. . . . A indicates power up to and including 100 watts (multiplier of 1.25, c.w.), B over 100 watts (multiplier of 11 . . . . The total operating time to the nearest hour, when given for each station, is the last figure following the score. . Example of listings: W3GHM 147,502-831-71-A-39, or, final score 147.502, number of stations 831, number of sections 71 , power factor of 1.25 , total onerating time 39 hours. . . . In asterisk denotes Novice certificate winners in sections where at least 3 Novice logs were submitted. Multionerator stations are grouped in order of score following single-operator station listings in each section tabulation, with calls of participants in parentheses.


|  |
| :---: |
| 217-43-H-27 |
| W3UOF 17.588-201-35-A-11 |
| W3VXQ. . 17,588- 202-35-A-26 |
| 155-45-A-21 |
| W3D Y L. . . 15,502- 164-46-B-14 |
| 15,080-210-29-A-21 |
| W3KFQ. . 14.880- 155-48-R-10 |
| W3ZJG... . 12.480 (1) 156-32-A-24 |
| W3OC.15. . .12,000-120-40 |
| W3HTR . . 11,750- 111 |
| W3G81), . 11.550-14 |
| 13 |
| 133 |
| 101-40-B-8 |
| W3DWR . . .6900- 120 (1)-23-A-10 |
| W3'T1F : . . 5606- 100-23-A-14 |
| 5394- 93-2 |
| W3UUA . . . 528 ()- 38 |
| W3FXX....451\%-70 |
| WN3ZTB..4420-72-26-A-25 |
| W3OY ....3750-60-25 |
| W3GAG2...3575-85- |
| W3TMN....3341- 52- |
| W3UXX....3150-70 |
| W3JLB . . . . 2940 - 56 |
| W3YIIX...2y4n- 62-2 |
| W3YWU . . . 2678- 61-18- |
| W3ANZ... ${ }^{\text {W600-5020 }}$ |
| W3HOO. . . 2250- $80-15-\mathrm{A}-17$ |
| W3Y1, . . . 1381- 33-17-A-14 |
| W3WWD. . . 245 |
| W3PNL.... . 175 |
| W3Z |
| W3 |
| W3FRY (W3s HES L,VF) <br> 145.726- K01-73-A-33 <br> W3OVV (W38 KT OVV) <br> 54.060- 318-68-A-18 <br> W3KHJ (W3s KHJ YEK. <br> K2 (iVV) 23,449-242-39-A-35 <br> (W3FAN (W3s FAN ZBN) <br> 22,000-250-44-B-11 |
|  |  |
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Md.-Del.-D.C.

W3JTK . . 180,540-1003-72-A-39 W3EIS. . . 185,638- 947-7(1)-A-40 W3AEL.. 140,R75- 805-70-A-40 W3JTC. W3NGB. W3KDP W3IKN . . 111 ,325- 744-70-A-40 W3DVO.. 111,176 - 730-61-A-40 W3FIV . . 104,363- 645-69-A-40 W3QQO W3MCG W3DRD. W3MFJ W3UE
W3IYE W3KLA. W3HVM W3WV. W3TMZ W3TMZ. W3CIQ W3MPR W3HTK. W3VAN. W3FDJ. W3YTV. W3CDZ W3JZY W3VJV.

W3NHA W3HXN W3RV W3YAG W3UZ8. W3MSK W3VEB. W3VEB. W3RYX. W3VBO W3RRT' W3WBI. WN3ZKHi. W3ROU. ... W3WBJ...4290-74-24-A-5 | WN3YBA....2138- | $40-29-A-18$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| WN3ZAQ. | $665-$ |
| $18-145$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { WN3ZAQ....665- } & 21-14-A-22 \\ \text { W3CDG }\end{array}$

 WNBGE WN3YVR


VARY. W3s RJA 8ZP W3TCO (W3TCO. WRKFZ) W3TN (W3s TN URV) W3WIE (W3s WIE WIF) ${ }^{11,160-294-56-A 7}$ 26,686-293-37-A-40

## Suuthern New Jersev

W2GND . .85.313- 528-f5-A-40 K2ERC. . 80,798- 513-63-A-39 K.2CPR... 74,130-511-60-A-40 W2CAG...74,200-424-70-A-34 W2OXA...56,160- 352-64-A-26 W2HDW . .52,138- 489-43-A-39 W2PAU . . 52.096- 407-64-B-23 W2DAJ . . 43.036- 371-58-B-27 WV. W . . $27,88(-268-64-A-17$ W.2SDB…27,965-238-47-A-13 W2SYPQ . . 20 (00世 - 151-53-A-W2PNA...16,720-176-38-A- W2QDY 16.050 - $214-30$-A-27 W2CKJ. . . 14,070- $134-42-A--$ W2IJAP $\cdot 14,000-140-40-A-15$ W2RWW . $12.240-13636-3-A-26$ W2HAZ.... 6460-76-34-A-7 $\begin{array}{lrr}\text { K2EWWR. . . 5130- } & \text { 108-19-A-18 } \\ \text { W2EBW }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { W2EBWU....4.4030- } & 62-26-A-13\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { W2LTI } . . .2380- & 56-17-A-9 \\ \text { W2VM } & . . .1040- \\ 33-16-B-5\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { W2VMX.... 1040- } & 33-16-B-5 \\ \text { K2WAO }\end{array}$ W2HBE $(\dot{W} 2 \dot{8} J B, \mathrm{~K} 2 \mathrm{HHQ}$ ) KN2IJC (KN28 HX゙D IJC)


40

| W2QBB . . . . 8586- | 80-54-B-22 |
| :---: | :---: |
| W2OVP.....6683- | 100-27-A-14 |
| K2BDI . . . .6355- | 82-31-A- 9 |
| W2KKT. . . 4928- | 73-27-A-14 |
| K2GWN. . . .4318- | $80-22-A-15$ |
| W2CTA.... 3100- | 50-31-B-6 |
| K2GVN . . . . .2600- | 50-26-B-11 |
| W2MTA . . . 2580 - | 44-24-A-29 |
| W2KF,L. . . . 2496- | 52-24-B-7 |
| W2RSV .... 1845 - | 42-18-A- |
| W2ZRC.... 1680 | 42-20-B- 4 |
| KN2GKk... 1509 | $41-17-\mathrm{A}-38$ |
| W2DRN. . . .1120- | 29-16-A-8 |
| K2GRE. . . . . 938 - | 25-15-A-15 |
| K2IGG. . . . . .578- | 21-11-A- |
| W2PFI. . . . . . 158 | 9-7-A- |
| W2DKS...... ${ }^{\text {W2 }}$ | 1.0-8-B- |

## W"estern Pennsytranta

 W3LMM. 104,512- 736-71-B-40 W3PWN , 103,185- 598-69-A-36 W3VIW .. 82.209- 625-67-B-38 W3NRE. . 73,220-523-56-A-39 W3NKM. 30,063-241-5(1-A-29 W3GEG. . 25,480-260-49-B-11 W3WTG, $24,785-200-52-A-28$WKUD, $23,010-177-52-A-20$ W3UNV...15,157-129-47-A-17 W3NUG.. $13,760-172-40-B-17$ W3ZLW ... 12,840- 161-32-A-32 W3UHN . . $10.563-163-26-A-1$

W3IDO. $10.200-102-40-A-23$ W3VEJ. 10,000-100-40-A-24 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { WN3ZDA. . 7608- } & \text { 97-34-A-27 } \\ \text { W3CK8. . } & \text { 5355- } \\ 102-28-A-9\end{array}$ | W3CK8.... $5355-102-28-A-9$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| W3AKG. | 10. | $455-$ |
| $14-13-A-3$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { W3LOD......378- } & 21-9-B-4 \\ \text { W3VKD........18- } & 3-3-\mathrm{B}-1\end{array}$

## CENTRAL DIVISION

Illinois
W9ERU. $157,230-875-72-A-40$
W9YFV. $154,030-844-73-A-40$
W9NPC. $131,823-787-67-A-38$
W9PNE. $129,330-720-72-A-40$
W9AMUU. $114,488-649-71-A-39$
W9ZAB. . $113,580-631-72-A-39$
W9WAB. . 106,650-598-72-A-2
WYKLD . $106,380-597-72-A-38$
W9WJV . $105,471-618-69-A-39$
W9TKR. $101-228-62()-66-A-38$
W9TKR $.101-228-62(0-66-A-38$
W9WBL $.90 .450-503-72-A-37$ W9MEM. $8 \cup, 850-627-66-B-34$
W9QQG $67875-462-60-A-40$ W9QQG ...67.875- 462-60-A-40
W9LU( W9WHF W9WQE: W9WIO. W9MR
W9O1J. W9YLB. W9EFTT. W9YPV W9KMN W9CLH.
W9ZJ8 W9ZJ8 W90IN.. W9NJZ W9TZN. W9ZRQ. W9BRQ. W
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$W$ WN9GBC
W9REV. W9REV. W9ZQG. * W9AA W W W W9TVN.. W9FGJ... W W
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { WgGC:P......200- } & 10-8-A-3 \\ \text { W9BAJ. } . . .180-10-8-A-5\end{array}$


John Driscoll, W2SSC, heard 761 stations repls during a 39-hour operating stint, consequently latched onto the W'estern New York certificate with no strain. He was W2 leader, too.



## Results-1955 Novice Round-up

BY ELLEN WHITE, WIYYM

Mork participants, more operating savvy, and more fun for all personified the Novice Round-up, '55 style. With over 200 WN/KN competing Novices available to QSO, high tallies proved the rule, not the exeeption. After all, ". . . There is certainly no lack of operating ability on the part of the WNs. In most cases, excellent technique and a knowledge of operating procedure equal to that of the higher classes were exhibited." - - $\|^{2} 5 V N W$

After a quick look-sce at how you placed in your section, you may wish to compare your seore with the following call-area leaders. In this summary, only contact and section totals are given; full details may be found in the complete tabulation.

| WN1CKA | $180-45$ | KN6EVR | $110-43$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| KN2HXR | $219-42$ | WN7YAQ | $126-50$ |
| WN3ZKF | $245-47$ | WN8SYZ | $140-40$ |
| WN4FRO | $139-47$ | WN9GWS | $185-44$ |
| WN5FJN | $173-61$ | WNGVKI $295-55$ |  |

Two of the tougher states to acquire while working for WAS are Utah and Rhode Island. Not so in the NR! On our left, representing Rhode Island, WN1BIS supplied a multiplier for 134, while WN7WSS from the Beehive State (Jtah) was a choice one for 115. In the words of KN6HAN, "The contest brought out a lot of the rarer ones!"

## Sidelights

From down Virginia way. W.YYZC reports some of the best signals emanating from WN1ACD. KN2HXR, WN3ZKN, KN4ASU/4, WN8SWB, WN9(iWS and WN9(iBC. From the West Coast, San Joaquin Valley leader KN6HFA reports outstanding signals from W1MI. WNOVKI, KN4ANW, WN5FJN, W4VRT and WIWPO.

Giving testimony to sharp ears for faraway sections, the following licensees racked up 45 or more of those juicy multipliers. In descending order are eight star performers: WN5FJN, WNØVKI, WN7YAQ, WN9GBC, WN7WSS. WN3ZKH, WN4FRO and WN1CKA. Not only
'W1QIS, W1WPR. WIYYM oprs. ${ }^{2}$ W1YFMI, W4YHD, W5ZID oprs. WGHAW, opr.

thist, but "during the contest I worked my tirst ZL and an XE" reports WNICKA.
"Aiter having taken part in two iS contests, I believe that the NR is about four times as difficult a test of operating ability."'- $\|^{\prime} 1 S S Z$. Yet, in spite of QRM, QRP, QSB and homework, twelve of the boys rame through with 150 or more QSOs. Well-earned plaudits to IFN1CKA. KN2HXR, KN2ICU, KN2JKC, WN3AML, WN3ZKH, WN4GFT, WN5FJN, WN9GWS, WN9HFB, WN9ICE and WNØVKI.

## Round-up Remarks

" My copying has improved: the NR helped me recognize numbers at faster speeds." -$K N 2 J G L{ }^{F}$. . . . "Between the kitchen, the store, the 'phone and the neighbors I managed to get in 35 hours of operating time. Hard good technical

"I'D LIKE TO CATCH UP WITH THE GUY THAT GAVE ME THE FLU ON THE NEXT TO THE LAST NIGHT OF THE CONTEST.
advice from OM W7HMQ. Bring on the Field Day."- IFNYTHTr. . . ."My ears are still red after being broken in hy a brand-new set of headphones." - IINOILE. . . . "Found some snappy operators for future FD and SS contests." - W'SOMK. . . ."That WNIAND-… what a beautiful fist!" … W1 ${ }^{r} N X$. . . "FB 60 © QSL percentage." - $\mathbb{V}^{\prime} 1 / W^{\prime}$. . . Our nomince for the neatest $\log$ keeper (indicating 35-w.p.m. certification): KN4ASU/4.

## Non-Novice High Scorers

Again this year, many non-Novice stations supplied a helping hand. Calls shown in bold-face are those of last years participating WN/KN operators, returning in '55 to help the new licensees. The following scores are shown in alphabetical order. W1AW $3321,{ }^{1}$ W1BDI 720. W'1CDD 1218, W1GKJ 900, W1JYH 3132,

[^8]WIMX 11,328," WIRFC 1392, W1SAD 1520, W1SSZ 1580, W1VNX 1817, W1WPO 7600, W2LS 1344, W2MTA 736, K2AFQ 186, K2DEM 21, K2DNW 45, K2EDH 4192, K2EIU 4480, K2EPP 352, K2GDE 3240, К2GMII 1281, K2HVN 5285, W3FY 3480, IV3NRE 13300 , W3RRI 1173, W3WAF 819, W3YHU 1:06, W4BXV 3382, W4BZE 8600, W4IA 798, W4OMW 924, WHWRM 247 , W4YZC 930, W4ZYV/2 6, W5VNI 1100 , W5WUR 2400 , W6PCA 360, K6AUZ 616, K6BBD 128, K6CUX

$238{ }^{3}{ }^{3}$ W7PQJ 63, IV7VIU 1152, W7VNWS 63, W8.JDN 5510, W8MSK 704, W8NGU/5 3255, W8NMK 3848, W8NWH 1026, W8OMK 2320 , W8OTI 4012, W8QXQ 5586, W9CLH 3232, W9KLD 2263, W9SZR/9 3696, W9WAN 6300, W9WJV 62ヶ0, WøJFG 525, VE3BSW 440 .

## ATLANTIC DIVISION

Eastern Pennsylvania
WN3AML . . . . $7995-205-39-36$ W N3YTM... . .5850-135-39-3: WN3ZTB...... 5313-151-33-34 WN3ZRQ. . . . .4860-152-30-37

> Md,-IVel,-I). r.

WN3ZKH....11.515-245-47-31 WN3ZSR. . . . . 2398-109-22 20 WN3ZGN . . . . . 1007- 38-19-7 WN3ZFY...... . 270-20-9-2к

## Southern New Jersey

ǨN2JKC. . . . . .8040-186-40-35 KN2KDO . . . . 2068- 94-22 36 KN2JGU. . . . . 1596- 74-19-17 KN2ITW . . . . . . 1520- 65-19-25 KN2JWZ....... 120-10-8-11

Western New York
KN2JVN...... 1260-48-20-26 KN2JAD........768-38-16-14 KNN2IDP.......459- 27-17-12 KN2IWG.......360-34-15-7 KN2J2T . . . .....114-6-6-1 KN2JVH.........28- 7-4-5

Western Pennsyloania W N3ZHQ. . . . 5705-143-35-29 WN3ZQW.....5168-127-34-27 WN3ZGI.......1416-59 2t-15

## CENTRAL DIVISION

 IllinoixWN9HFR . . . . 7421-161-41-10 WN9ICE. . . . . . $2224-153-43-37$ W N9GiBC . . . . 6550-131-50-34 WN9JDJ. . . . . . 5796-123-42-NN91.BZ. ..... 2100-75-2x-28 WN9GCY . .... 644-26-14-16
WN9MAK.... 207-13-9-13 WN9KMK.... 140-10-7-10 WN9.FFE..... 42-4-3- 2 [ndinna
WN9HHN . . . . 5499-126-39-37 W N9HNJ. . . . .3367-91-37-35 WN9ICL. . . . . .2100-60-28-11

## Wisconsin

| WN9GWS. | (180-185-39 |
| :---: | :---: |
| WN9DUG. | 2673-81-33-24 |
| WN9KHW | 2268- $84-27-36$ |
| WN9HAH. | 2044-73-28-24 |
| WN9GYE. | 60-12-5-2 |
| WN9JDO | 56-8-7-14 |
| N9KUW | 16- K-2- |

## DAKOTA DIVISION <br> Minnesota

WNのUKY..... -68-33-16-25 DELTA DIVISION

## Arkensas

WN5IED.......2201-71-31-10

During the first week of the contest. W'NOVKI paused to rebuild his $5763-11032$ rig. Kesult? Seventyfive watts and fine operating ability (plus an IIRO-60) garnered 295 (OSOs for Diek! This contest leader from Omaha worked 4.7 of the 48 states in his first 1 months on the air. Vermont is still the rlusive 48th.


Leading the Ninth call-area listings is reason enough for the pleased look of W NOGFS! This Milwaukee Radio Amateur Club member sports an 5X-71 and 6A(:-807 rig. Antennas are coax-fed half waves on 80 and 10 . Ron's fine seore summed up 185 contacts in It different ARRL sections. (Photo br IV9MOT)

| linuixinna |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| WN5GAI. | .3990-100-38-24 |
| WN5FSN | 1200-35-2t-10 |
| Missisxippi |  |
| WN5DRP | . 3536-89-34-27 |
| WN5FPI. | 912-38-24-3 |
| Ternessee |  |
| WN+FRO | . . $7473-139-4 i-25$ |
| KN4ACG | . . 5031-110-39-23 |
| kN4.4OJ. | 2910-82-30-23 |
| KN4ACF. | ... 640-25-16-14 |
| WN4(GFV | 368-23-16-10 |

WN8RSK. . . . 2610-80-29-35 WN8SAQ.......2511- 81-31-27 WNRSWB . . . . 1650- $50-22-16$ WN8RMF..... 1632-68-2t-35 WN8TDL . . . . . 1564- $4 \times-23-25$ WN8TJF . . . . . . 15501- $622-25-23$ WN8QIZ . . . . . 1430-55-26-36 WN WSRG . . . . . 931- 39-19-10 WN8UPH . . . . . 882- +2-21-19 WN8SUW.... 714-27-17- K WN8TTO . ... 558- 31-18- WN8T.J.J. . . . . 27:9- |i- ب-1|

## HUDSON DIVISION

Eastern Neu York
KN2HXR . . . .961א-219-42-32 WN8RGF/2 . . 3906-106-31-23 KN2HOU . . . . .3074-93-29-19 KN2IQI. . . . . . . 1850- $74-25-30$ KN2KET . . . . 1302- 93-14-21 KN2JQZ . . . . . . 1080- 54-20-22 KN2GZB...... 147-21-7-4
N. Y. Є.-L. $I$.

KN2ICU . . . . . 721-166- 1 1-23 KN2IBH . . . . . 3683-1 12-29-21 KN2HMG.... 1654- $54-21-15$

WN8SYZ......6200-140-40-39 KN2HMG.
(Cortinued on page 140)


## HAMFEST CALENDAR

ALABAMA - The Rirmingham Amateur Radio Club will hold its annual Hamfest at the State Fair Grounds, Birmingham, Sunday, May 15th. For further information and tickets write P. O. Box b03. Birmingham, Ala.

GEORGIA - The Atlanta Radio Club hanufest will be hild Mry 2sth-2yth. The place for the Saturday night Dutch supper is Joe's steak House on the four-lane highway near Marietta. (Huests will be accommodated at the Marietta Motel and other motels nearby. The Sunday hamfest will be at Robertson's Tropical Gardens on West Paces Ferry Road at the Chattahoochee River. Barbecue chicken will be served, and refreshments will be available. Tickets are $\$ 3.00$. Tickets and motel accommodations may be handled through Jack Farr, W4T.IS, 572 Wells Ave., Hapeville, Ga., or Tom Moss. W4HYW, 1009 Connally Drive, East Point, Ga.

INDIANA - (lifty Falls picnic, sponsored by the Madison Amateur Radio Cluh, will he held at Poplar Cirove, Clifty Falls State Park, Madison, on Sunday, May 15th. III A.M. to 4 f.m. No registration fee; the noly cost is a 10 eent charge for admission to the state park. This is a fumily affair, so load up the lunch basket, Xl l aud the kids for a big time. Only a short drive from Cincinnati, Luuistille or Tndianapolis. Plenty of shelter, so come rain or shine. For further information contact. WOQOT, R.F.D. No. 6, Madison. Ind.

ILLLNOIS - Sunday, May 2end, Fourth Anmual Alississippi Vallev llamfest at Rock Island County Conservation Grounds on Big Island, Milan. There is a new road along the Canal fellows so the going will be smooth. There will be plenty of good fond and fun for all. Advanee registration tickets are $\$ 1.25$ or $\$ 1.75$ at the gate. For advance registrations write Harry situder, W9RTU, R.R. No. 1, Milan, III.

ILLINOIS - Starved Rock Radio Club Mamfest. June 5th, at a beautiful new and larger site, overlooking the Illinois River at the South edge of Ottawa, Ill. Follow Rt. 23 south through Ottawa, cross Illinois River bridge. go up hill, and turn left at Center Street cight hocks to OIO pienic area. Site features large dining hall and kitchen. new auditorium, meeting rooms and space for display of equipment. For the ladies and children, special attractions, all modern facilities, lots of pienic tables, playground equipment, swimming pool, etc. The usual good program and features of previous hamfests. Registration $\$ 1.04$ if post marked before May 28th. $\$ 1.50$ at hamfest. Listen on 3940,3920 and 3515 kc . for late news or write W9MKS, Utica, Ill., for details and advance registrations.

KANSAS - The Hi Plains Amateur Radio Club sixth annual Hamfest will be held at Plains, May 2ind. Registration will be $\$ 1.00$. A cuvered-dish luncheon wall be served at noon, and everyone is invited to attend. Please hring a covered dish and service for vour own groun.

KANSAS - The Central Kansas Radio Clıb, Salina, ith annual Hamfest will be held June 5th. Starting at (1) o'clock till (?); all inquiries should be addressed to Howard Baker, 404 Woodlawn, Salına, Kíans.
MISSOURI - The Greater St. Louis Radio Amateur's annual Hamfest will take place May 2ind. Games, enter tainment for adults and children. Refreshments obtaiuable on grounds. Admission, adults $\$ 1.00$, children free. Creve Coeur Farmer's Club.

NEW MEXICO - The Amateur Radio Caravan C'lub of New Mexico, Albuquerque chapter. will sponsor the 5ith yunual New Mexico State Hamfest on Saturday and Sunday. June th and 5th. in Alhuquerque. Stations will be on 24.6 Mc . and 3838 kc . to direct mobiles into Albuquerque. Kegistration will begin Saturday. June 4 th; $\$ 2.50$ in advance and $\$ 3.00$ at the gate. All amatemrs and their families, both in and out of the sitate of New Mexico, are meited to attend. For further information contact the elnb at 107 Washington sit.. S.E.. Albuquerque, N. M.

NEW YORK - The Rochester Amateur Riulio Association will hold its anmual Western New York Hamfest siaturiday May 2 lst in the Doud American Lerion Post at $8!8$ Butfalo Road (Rt. 33) near the western city limits of Rochester. The tops in speakers and honored guests as usual. Whether your sunecial interest is mobile. I)X, traffic, v.h.f./u.h.f., e.d., hi-fi, or renewing old açuaintances, don't miss this one! Kegistration from 1 p.s. to is p.m.

Banquet at 7 p.m., $\$ 3.75$ per person as always. For advance registration write to RARA, P. O. Box 1388, Rochester 3, N. Y.

NEW YORK -... The New Yurk Radio Club is holding its third annual Pienic and Transmitter Hunt at Bethpage State Park, Lung Island, N. Y., on Sunday, May $2: 2 n d$, starting at 11 A.m. Women and children free; all OMs $\$ 1.00$. All hams are welcome and a good time is assured.

OKLAHOMA - The North Fork Amateur Radio Club of Western Oklahoma will hold its Third Annual Hamfest and Picnic at the Quartz Mountain State Park and Lugert l.ake on May 21st and 22nd. Registration fees will be $\$ 2.50$. For further information contact Jay Thompson, W5ZZP, Sayre, Okla.

PENNSYLVANIA - The Breezeshooter's Tri-State Hamfest will be held on Sunday. May 22nd, at the Lodge, North Park, Pittaburgh. Penna. Registration free, Come one, come all!

RHODE ISLAND - The Providence Radio Assuciation will again hold the largest Khode lsland gathering of amateurs, its annual Dinner Dance at Johnson's Hummorks on Nay L4th at 8 p.m. Entertainment for all.

TEXAS - The South Texas Emergency Network will have its tenth anmual Convention in Kerrville on May 27 th29th. There will be a harbreue, two dances, two water carnivals, three transmitter hunts, a owap session, and the usual hanquet and busimess sessions. There will be many entertainment and educational features.

## FEED-BACK

In Hadlock, "Improved Audio Cireuit for the $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. C.D. Unit," paye 36 of the March issue, Fig. 2 should show a 0.1 -megohm sereen dropping resistor for the left-hand section of the 6U8.

In Fig. 2 of Thomason, "Mobile S.S.B. Receiver for 80 and 40 ," in March (QST, a connection should have been shown between the cathode of the 6507 and junction of the $0.15-\mathrm{meg}$ ghm and $2 \pi 00-$ ohm resistors and $15-\mu$ f. capacitor.

A not-too-seriouserror got past us in "A 5-Band Antenna Coupler," by McCoy, in April QST'. In Fig. 2, a jumper should be shown between Pins 2 and 4 in "D." If the jumper isn't used, only half of the total capacitance is available.

## Serstrays 等



It the request of the local government, VP2DI, Windward Iriands. B. W.I.. hroadcast a debate put on by native officials. The program was transmitted on a non-ham frequency and met with much enthusiasm. I., to r.: His Honor, Mr. Josse, Inst. Idministrator: Government Secy. Hugh Grell, VP:2DIF; Missionary Merritt Hoath, VP2DL; and Mr. William Surbronk, VP2DA.

## LUCITE REPLACEMENT FOR WINDOW GLASS

ASheet of $1 / 8$-inch lucite, cut to size and used as the replacement for a cellar windowpane. provides an easily worked surface for mounting feed-line feed-through insulators, etc. Mount the lucite in place with regular glazier's tacks and putty. Save the window glass for the day when it, becomes desirable to return it to the frame.
--E. M. Fry, K2CIW

## FULL RANGE SPEED CONTROL FOR SEMIAUTOMATIC KEYS

Ahighly successful method of eontrolling the speed of a bug or semiautomatic key is shown in Fig. 1. With this system, it is possible to slow down the dot frequency instantancously to any desired rate.

The drawiug is more or less self-explanatory. The only parts added to the original key are a hairpin-shaped piece of iron wire and one or more small cylindrical Alnico magnets such as those used in speaker manufacture. The hairpin is held in place under the thumbscrew which normally holds the sliding weight in position and the magnet or magnets hold themselves in the cradle formed by the hairpin.

The hairpin can be made from a section removed from an iron coat hanger. Before mounting the hairpin, move the regular weight up to


Fig. 1-Detail drawing of the speed-control for bugs or semiautomatic keys.
the maximum speed position. When the crudle is locked in position, orientate it with the open end facing toward the rear of the key. Thus, by merely removing the magnet or magnets, top speed is available without need for lonsening any serews. To come down to a slower speed, put a magnet or two on the cradle (preferable sizes are those having a diameter measuring between " 4 and 11/4 inches) and slide same to the most. effective position. Even with the heaviest comhination of weights on my bug, and while keying at the rate of less than six dots per second, I can
get over 50 cleanly formed dots before the bug comes to rest.

For a few weeks after this idea was first put to work, I had the extra magnets lying around on the desk where they were easily misplaced. When I finally remembered the basic properties of magnets, I simply placed them against the front, panel of my receiver where they stay put until wanted.
-Cyrus T. Read, एפAA

## PROTECTION OF TETRODE SCREEN GRIDS

ONE of the disadvantages of using a fixed screen supply is the excessive sercen dissipation that occurs when plate voltage is unintentionally removed from the tube. This drawback of the fixed-supply system can be overcome by feeding the screen through the eontacts of a normally open s.p.s.t. relay as shown in Fig. 2. Voltage for the relay is obtained from the


Fig. 2 - Protective circuit for fixed screen-supply operation.
high-voltage plate supply through the dropping resistor, $R_{1}$. The value of resistance and the wattage rating of $K_{1}$ will be determined, using Ohm's Law, by the resistance of the relay winding and by the output voltage of the h.v. supply.
The most desirable feature of the system is that it is automatic. If the plate voltage is removed from the tube because of a blown fuse, defective component or the unintentional opening of a control switch, the relay opens and breaks the screen voltage lead.
--I. Don Pricbe, ITSMQQ
[Editor's Notr: 'This circuit is quite similar to the one described by WGNCV in Q.ST for December, 1952. However, in the event of an opening in the relay winding. W8MQQ's arrangement does not affect operation of the nower-supply bleeder as would be the case with the pre-viously-deseribed installation.]

## HOMEMADE RUBBER STAMPS

I"Hints and Kinks." QSTV, November, 1951. there appeared a brief :rticle on homemade QSL cards printed with a rubber stamp. This prompts me to call attention to an article entitled. "You Cim Niake Your Own Rubber Stamps," presented in the September, 195t, issuc of Yopular Scicnce.

- Herbert Sinofsky, W2GKS


# Correspondence From Members- 

The publishers of OST assume no renponsibility for statements made herein by correspondents.

## PIRATE G

44 Itawkhurst Roar Coldean, Brighton Sussex, England

Editor, QST:
I am being inundated with CSL cards, mostly from $W$ hams. purporting to be confirmation of $3.5-\mathrm{Mc}$. contacts ic.w.) over the past few months and nearly all during the hours 0100-0400 (AMT. All report high signal strength which gives me an impression that the station making these contacts may be un the Americall continent. At any rate, they are all "pirate" contacts as I do not work 3.5 NIc. and never work during the "little hours'! . . .
. . Their cards sent to me reporting the "contacts" with my station are being held for evidence for the G.P.O. hera! Incidentally, my name is Ovril and nearly all the :ards sent address me as Carl so 1 guess my "pirate" is using that name on the air.
--. C?. T. Fairchild, GSY゙I

## THIRD-PARTY TRAFFIC

MARS/Amateur Station K3WBJ Walter Reed Army Med. Ceuter Washington 12. D. C.
Editor, QST:
If one listens on 20 meters he is certain to hear stateside stations handling traffic with the l)L4s, Gs, CSs. Fis and others. Most stateside amateurs do not realize that FCC prohibits third-party tratic with foreign countries, excepting Liberia. Cuba, Canada. Chile, Peru. Ecuador, and those stations operating beyond the continental U.S. A., such as $K Z, K P, K G . K L, K A$, te., who are licensed by FCC.

The unly way traffic can be passed to the U. S. A. from Germany is on MARS frequencies where the German station hecomes a U. $\bar{\delta}$. military station using military calls issued hy chicf Army or Air Force MARS, Pentagon, Washington. 1). C.

It is possible that the Stateside amateur does not know this or is too kind-hearted to reply "Sorry OM. but we are not supposed to handle traftic with DL4 stations."
To those who are accepting 'phone-patch traffic and written messages from DL4 amateurs, 1 say let's do our duty and follow the rules of FCC - no traffic from Germany on the tmateur bands.
.... Hfc. Merie WV, Wrunn, WidLO [Ediror's Note - Message traffic for U. S. military personnel overseas is permitted only with amateur stations identified by properly authorized call signs having a one- or two-letter prefix beginning with W or $\mathrm{K} . l$

## NOT THIS WAY

1595 N. Virginia St. St. Paul 3, Minn.
Hiditor QST:
In tuning across 14 Mc. I hear a weak ET3 in Ethiopia. When he finishes his $\mathbb{C Q}$ I call him, but he comes back to a W1. After giving the W1 his report and expressing - lelight in working the W'1 again, he turns it back to the W1. This W1 immediately opens the formalities with the words "Say. I worked you two months ago and I still haven't got your QSL - how cume? Also, if you run across that E'T2 in "Eritrea, tell him 1 haven't got his, either."

If I had beev the ETT3, I would have thercupon turned off the rig and slunk away, but the ET3 gamely comes back and says. "Sav, OM, mail delivery in this country is really very poor compared to the U.S.A. We consider if we get a letter from your couutry in two months that that would be
normai delivery time. I also been off the air since last workithg you as my 837 oscillator failed and I just managed to hum a substitute from a passing camel caravan." Ife then turns it, back to Soft-hearted John, the W 1 station, whose first words of sorrow. condolence, and understanding co like this:
" Well, if mail delivery in your country is so lousy as to take 2 months, you'll probibly be netting my card any duy. so how's about mailing me your card airmail today?" I never did hear the ET3 come back to that bit of qenius so maybe even he forgot he was a gentleman.

T'a my mind a suitable cartoon to illustrate how bad this QSL mania has become would be une like "Gil" made up veats ago of a bik bandit with a blackjack in his hand hovering over a small eringing citizen and overhead the words " (rimme vour handle'; but in this case substitute the words "Gimme vour QLSL."
... I wonder bow many U.S. hams understand the value to a foreign ham of postage. Eight eents is plenty but even to me 25 cents for airma'l is pretty strong between paydays. [ looked up the ET3 and he was listed as an Air Force man sol I would presume even he ate off crockery and not gold plate. (Ethiopian Air Force man, that iss)
Every time a DX station calls CQ, hordes of U.S.stations call him and tlood him with wisLs. He no doubt already has humdreds of U.S. cards, but being a centleman, he is obliged to mail his in return and postage can become an important item. Include return postage coupons to defray the return postage and to help remind him to QSL. If he happens to he wealthy, he can turn the postage money over to his favorite eharity.

Don't lose your head if a foreign ham doesn't QSL. Who knows - maybe he is having labor trouble with the fellows that turn his tread-mill-powered generator like the $O Q 2.5$ in the Belgian Congo I read of years ago. After all, it's not quite as bud as having a doctor tell you that you have cancer.
-- Cliff Proctz, THPDN

## 'PHONE-BAND C.W.

133 Cherry Ridge Rd. Peoria, Ill.
Editor, QST:
I read the letters sent in by W5UWQ and W4UWA (March 1955, p. 4B) and I agree with both of them, to a certain extent.

Cuntrary to what most 'phone aldicts seem to think, c.w. is not " $a$ thing of the past"; it plays just as large a role in ham radio as 'phone does. I will admit, however, that some c.w. operators are inconsiderate enough to work in the whone bands, and 1 agree that these bands should be set aside for 'phone only.

As for s.s.b., the letter from W8FFE (right below the other two letters) hits the nail on the head. I hope most of the anti-s.s.b. men read it carefully.

Let's face it; all thrce are here to stay. Instead of arkuing ethout which one to climinate we should try to get 'phone and c.w. separated, and convince those d.s.b. guys that s.s.b. is doing more good than harm.

> - Bill Wildfong, W9I एC
ix Throop Ave.
Auburn, New York
Editor, QSTT:
In reply to WSUWW's letter griping about c.w. on the phone bands - I rgree with him completely. IIowever, I frel that something should be done about the overlapping of the VE 'phone band and the American Novice band on 80
(C'ontinued on page 144)


## BY ELEANOR WILSON,* W1QON

## Additional YL Clubs

The following augments information on $Y^{\prime} \mathrm{L}$ clubs given in this department last month:

Cianal Zoone GRMarys - YIRL unit; organized 1952; seven members (all of the Canal Zone I'Ls); meets bimonthly at members' homes; no dues; president kZ5DG. Grace Dınlan. Box 28, Balhoa Heights. ©. Z.; issues the Cunal Zone QRMary-Go-Round C'ertificate.

San Diego Younu Ladies Radio Lcaque - ITTRL unit; organized 1947; seven members; meets secund Friday of the month at the Amprican Red Crose Building. 3650 5th Ave.. San Diego. C'alif.; no dues; president. W6OLI', Alice McCleary, 1524 Missouri St., San Diego 9.
$x^{x} Y L C l u b-$ Composed of wives and feminine relatives (licensed and nonlicensed) of members of the Black Hills AKC. Kapid Citv, S. Dak.; organized 1948; meets monthly in members' homes; dues $\$ 1.25$ a year; purpose is to assist the Black Hills ARC with its annual hobby show and to aid in its recreational program.

## Sentiments on C.W.

What is c.w. to me? It is at matie key that opens inany mysterious doors - an ethereal bridge forged of countless dits and dahs, borne aloft on the wings of light, space, and divine mystery . . . a sparkling want that spans great distances or hons hackyard fences to afford its disciples a brief glimnse into the lives of others. . . . It is a lilting language which c:ommands either detached respect or frank and warm love, depending upon whose mind it touches.
C.w. is a subtle tourding axeut that delicately uelds two strangers into an intimate oneness for a fleeting moment . . . a delightful, tantalizing and yet thoroughly sutisfying mistress to all her lovers.

These thoughtful words were copied by OM W6KMJ, Dan Peterson, of Long Beach, during a recent 40 -meter QSO with WGOQY, Betty Entner, of Coronado. Dan, impressed by Bet.ty's "heautiful bug fist" and devotion to e.w., shares her sentiments with us with the hope that they may strike a spark in the hearts of many struggling YL Novices and inspire them toward the mastery of the necessary $1: 3$ w.p.m. for their General Class license.

* YL Editor, QSTT. Please send all contributiors to WIQON's home address: 318 Fisher St., Walpole, Mass.


## COMING YL GET-TOGETHERS

May 20th-22nd-LILRK Convention, W9 YI, Allerton Holel, Chicago. Write W9MIC.
Junc 2ith-27th - First YLRL InternaLional Convention, Hotel Miramar, Santa Monica. C.alif. W6LHA, цeneral chairman.

## YLs You May Have Worked

I.enore Kingston Comn, $W 6 \mathrm{NAZ}$, has been a familiar face and voice to countlest amateurs and to the seneral public as well for some 15 rears. Licensed in 1939 (as W 9CHD, later $W$ VNAZ , she has combined her multiple radio activities with years of free-lancing as a radio actress and a commereial announcer for radio and T'V.


Considered "a sort of "pionecr"" in TV, she started worh in that medium in 19.41. Lenore is a member of the los Angeles VLRC and a charter member of the IT.RL (Vice-Pres., 1947). She is currently editing a second cdition of the IIRL Directory, which will contain information on more than 500 Y LRL members. She also edited the first edition in 1948. Married to W6MSC, technical director for NBC-TV, Lenore divides her hobby time at her Sherman llaks OTII between e:w. and 'phone, primarily on twenty. Lenore's friends testify that she is a conscientious worker aud deserves the success she has enjoyed in her vocation and avocation.

## Keeping $U_{p}$ with the Girls

The annual luncheon and installation of oflicers of the N.Y.C. YLRL took plare Feb. 19th at a downtown restaurant. ILs who attended were new officers W2IQP, Pres.; W2IGA, V.P.; W2MVV, Sec.v.; Helen Zuparn. Treas.; and members If Os $_{8}$ ENO, EUL, JZX. OWL. P'ZA. QGK, QWL, TBU, K2AFR, and KN2DPN. . . . Three KZ ILs plan Stateside vacations this summer: KZ5KA, Kay (W9RIH), KZ5PL, Pat; and KZ5DG, Grace (WØDLU). KZ5DG worked all but six of her 240 contacts in the YL-OM contest on 15 'phone. . . . W8HWX. Lillian, hasn't missed a session of the 40 -meter YLRL net since its inception in 1953. . . W4YYJ, Lois Anne, has her 25 w , p.m. Code Proficiency Certificate. . . . VE3DEA, Denny, attended a ham gathering in scotland and enjoyed mecting 150 OMs, some of whom she has (2SOd on 20 'phone since returning home to Toronto. . . . During the Mothers' March of Dimes for nolio. W4UDI and W4UDQ relaved to mobiles who picked up money at various collection points in Memphis, Tenn. Lenette and D. B. also assisted with relays in a welcomehome reception for the National March of Dimes poster child. $\qquad$ W1ZOL. Leta, of Bangor, Me., has ussembled a Johnson Ranger and is enjoving 40 meters. . . . W1LYR continues to handle considerable trafic for Presque Isle and vicinity. Along with W1UZR, Rita, and W1YTE, Isabel, Hazel checks into the Sea Gull Net daily. . . . WlYYMI, Ellen, of Hq., reports that about 6 per cent of participating Novices in the 1955 Novice Round-up were I Ls - by call: WN1COL, KN\&s INQ, KER, WN3YTM, WN4HYV, KN6s EIG, HTC, HWH, WN7WHV, WN8UAP, IFNgs UZM, VGE, VVY. . . . W4RLG, Frances, YLRL chairman of the Fourth District, is home after almost a vear in a hospital. . . . 'lwo new harmonics announcements: a boy in February to W3RXV, Peg, editor of YLRL Harmonics, and OMI W3RXW; a girl in January to W4HHI, Joanne. (Continued on page 148)

## Armed Forces Day Program - May 21st

THe Army, Navy and Air Force invite all U. S. amateur radio operators to participate in the Armed Forces Day Program for 1955. The amateur activities are jointly sponsored by the Army Signal Corps, Air Force Directorate of Communication, and the Naval Communications Division.
A receiving contest will be open to anyone who call copy International Morse Code at 25 w.p.m. listeners who submit a perfect copy of the transmission will receive a Certificate of Merit, attesting to their code-copying proficiency, from the Secretary of Defense.

A military-to-amateur transmitting and receiving test will be conducted for all holders of valid U. S. amateur radio licenses. Headquarters stations of the Army, Navy and Air Force will establish radio contact with amateur stations and will acknowledge these contacts with special QSL cards. Each service headquarters station will QSL separately so amateurs will have an opportunity to qualify for three different QSLs.

In addition, a radioteletype transmission will be sent from MARS Headquarters and from official Navy stations. Any amateur station capable of recciving radioteletype transmissions is invited to copy the special message. A special letter of acknowledgment, will be awarded to each :amateur who participates.

MARS directors and Naval Reserve organizations are being urged to feature radio activities at their military installations as part of this year's plan for inviting the public to visit the Armed Forces "it home" in 1955.

## C. W. Receiving Competition

The c.w. receiving competition will feature a message from the Secretary of Defense. All individuals, amateur operators and others, are eligible to participate. A Certificate of Merit will be issued to each participant who makes perfect copy.

Transmissions will be at 25 w.p.m. on the following schedules:

| Mayztst | Station | F'requencies (Kc.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900 (EST) | WAR | 14,405; 20,994 |
| 1900 (EST) | NS's | $\begin{aligned} & 121.95: 4390 ; 9425 ; \\ & 12,804 ; 17.050 .4 ; 22,491 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1900 (EST) | A IR | 3347; 6997.5:143,460 |
| 0600 (GCT) (0100 EST May 22, 2200 PST May 21) | WAR | 14.405:20.994 |
| 2200 (PST) | NPG (Navy Radio, San Francisco) | $\begin{aligned} & 114.95 ; 6428.5 ; 9277.5 ; \\ & 12.966 ; 17.055 .2 \end{aligned}$ |
| 0100 (EST) (May 22) | AIk | 3347; 6997.5; 143,460 |
| 1100 (GCT) (2000 Item May 21) | NDT (Navy Radio, Yokosuka) | $\begin{aligned} & 2287.5 ; 45+5 ; 9427.5 ; \\ & 13,471.5 ; 16.445 ; 23,010 \end{aligned}$ |

Each transmission will commence with a fiveminute CQ call. It is not necessary to copy more than one station, and no extra credit will be given for doing so. Transmissions should be submitted
"as received": do not correct possible transmission errors. Punctuation will be spelled out and should be copied as sent. Copies should be mailed to Armed Forces Day Contest, Raom BE-1000, The Pentagon, Washington 25, D. C. Time, frequency, and call letters of the station copied should also be included.

## Military-to-Amateur Test

Military stations WAR, NSS and AIR will be on the air between 1800 and 2400 EST on 21 May 1955, to contact and test with amateur radio stations. The military stations will operate on spot frequencies outside the amateur bands as follows:

Frequencies (Kc.)
WAR (Army Radio Washington)
NSS (Navy Radio Washington)

AIR (Air Force Radio Washington)
4025 (A-3)
6997.5 (A-1)

4010 (A-1)
7375 (A-1)
14,385 (A-1)
3347 (A-1)
7635 (A-3)
14,405 (A-3)
Contacts will consist of a brief exchange of location and signal report. The military station will not be permitted to handle traffic nor exchange messages.

## Radioteletypewriter Receiving Competition

The radioteletypewriter receiving competition will feature a special joint message from the Chief Signal Officer, USA; the Director, Naval Communications, USN; and the Air Force Director of Communications. A letter of acknowledgment will be sent to each amateur participant who submits a copy made from the radioteletype transmission of this message. Transmission will be at 60 w.p.m. on the following schedules:

| May 218t | Station | Frequency (Kc.) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1300 (EST) | NDC (Norfolk, Va.) | 7375 |
|  | AIR (Washington, D. C.) | 7915 |
| 1300 (CST) | NDS (Great Lakes, Ill.) | 7375 |
|  | A4USA (Atlanta, Ga.) | 5760 |
| 1300 (MST) | NDF (New Orleans, La.) | 7375 |
|  | or NDW2 (Salt Lake City, |  |
|  | Utah) |  |
|  | A.5USA (Fort Sam Houston, | 14,405 |
|  | Texas) |  |
|  | NDW (Treasure Island, | $\% 375$ |
|  | Calif.) |  |
|  | AF6AIR (Hamilton AFB, | 14,405 |
|  | (Palif.) |  |

Each transmission will commence with a period of ten minutes of test and station identification to permit amateurs to adjust their equipment. At the end of the test period, the message will be transmitted. Copy should be submitted "as received" to Armed Forces Day Contest, Room BE-1000, The Pentagon, Washington 25, D. C. Time and call of station copied and name and call of amateur receiving the transmission should be included.

# The Worldeneove 50 Mc . <br>  

CONDUCTED BY EDWARD P. TILTON, WIHDQ

THE best $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. season in years could be about to begin. Interest in the baud, lagging for some time, shows every sign of coming back strong. How well it comes back will depend on how well we respond to the opportunity that is inherent in the opening of the band to Technician Licensees, effective April 12th. Conditions are almost sure to be better than for several years, and for the first time we have a real incentive that will attract new hams. Now it's up to $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. enthusiasts the country over to make the most of this chance to sell the band, and keep it sold.

Why has 50-Mc. interest lagged? We have to go back to the resumption of activity following World War II for all the factors. One certainly was war-surplus gear, or the lack of it. Right at the most opportune time for the good of the 2 -meter band, just as we were changing over from 112 to 144 Mc., thousands of SCR-522s and other surplus gear for the new band were dumped on the market. You could get on 2 for next to nothing, and v.h.f. men by the thousiands snapped up the chance.

But the 6 -meter band enjoyed no such bonanza. During the first months on the air, we had to make the shift from 56 to 50 Mc., at a time when there was no gear, surplus or new, for the new frequency. What we had we made ourselves, and it is a credit to amateur radio that we managed to show several hundred active stations on 50 Mc . almost at once. The 6 -meter band was intriguing territory, and it attracted quite a few operators who were interested in more than just routine QSOs, though it was good for that kind of hamming, too.

Then came TVI. First in the New York area, then elsewhere as new TV stations appeared on Channel 2, 50-Mc. men found the going too rough for many of them. Since the lifting of the TV allocations "freeze" and the resultant open-

This antenna system could be the means of achieving the long-sought goal of 144-Mc. DX up the Pacific Coast. A 30 -foot parabola mounted on a dolly, so that it can be rolled around on the flat roof, it is erected on a 1200-font elevation directly above Hollywood. 'The lights of the Los Angeles area stretch out for 20 miles toward Long Beach in this night shot by K N6GLG. K6EGP is seated at the left, W'6COHI climbs the framework on the rear of the reflector, and K 6 BXW is at the right. W6MJ, who sent the picture in, says that a kilowatt rig will be feeding the array this spring.
ing of many new Chanmel 2 stations around the country, the number of active $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. stations has dropped off from its already none-toohealthy level.

TVI in Channel 2, from 50-Mc. transmitters, is undoubtedly one of the more difficult problems hams have had to face, but there are redeeming factors, even here. Not the least of these is the less avid interest in TV on the part of the general public. Televiewing is more general than ever, of course, but with more than one channel available in nearly all localities, interference in one of them is not the life-and-death matter it once was. Remember, too, that it is usually a receiver fault; if your rig is "clean" you can stay on the air. And we are learning that the Channel 2 problem is not insurmountable. W2IDZ showed the way in a two part article in June and July, 1954, QST; an effort that won him second place in the "Outstanding QST Article of the Year" contest for 1954, incidentally.

How bad is the problem, anyway? It's rough, if you live in a weak-signal Channel 2 area, with a forest of TV antennas around you, but there are several tricks that can be employed advantageously, in addition to the filters described by W2IDZ. It's a local problem, mainly, so you can help things a lot by using a high autenna, to keep the main radiation pattern from warming up neighboring TV arrays. Low power works

wonders，and fortunately，operating on 6 with no more than a few watts can be real fun．

If you don＇t have Chaunel 2 to worry about， 6 is likely to be one of the most TVI－free bands we have．What interference you do encounter is easily cured，in almost all cases except where Channel 2 is involved．In many areas，the ex－ tensive shielding and tiltering，now so commonly practiced in low－frequency cirelcs，may be wholly unnecessary．Thousands of U．S．hams could operate around the clock on 50 Mc ．without the slightest worry about TVI．The main thing is to get them to try it！

A serics of QST articles for the 50－Mc．new－ comer begins in this issue．Technician licensees in all parts of the country will be building 6－ meter gear in the coming months．One of them may be your neighbor，or a member of your radio club．Like any other beginner，he may need help．When he gets ready to go on the air he＇ll need somcone to talk to．It＇s some time since we＇ve had an opportunity to develop new activity on 6 ．Let＇s not muff this one！

## Here and There on the V．H．F．Bands

The best West Const 2 meter I） X in several years is re－ ported this month by LiUCAL，San Diego．Her 146．5－MIc． signals were heard hy W＇ $6 \mathrm{SXK} / \mathrm{mm}$ at a distance of more than 600 miles out in the Pacific，at 2037 PST．Jan．B8th． The report was delayed until the completion of a round trip by the：Havaiian Runcher，the ship on which W＇6SXK makes the run to Kif6－land regularly．（liff has also heard the Bay Area repeater station，K6GWE，at distances of more than 300 miles．
Such reports point up the fact that couditions along the Pacific Coast may be very favorahle for long－distance v．h．f． propagation．＇The K6GWE antenna is a simple nondirec－ tinnal affair．aud the 16 －element beam at K6CAL／W6IBS was aimed at Los Angeles during the 600－mile reception，su the signal was heard off its side．How long will it be before home stations in Dan Diego or Los Angeles work into the Bay Area，or farther：We feel that such an event still awaits only the use of high power，big autennas．e．w．techniques． and selective low－noise reveivers on regular schedules．

A likely prospect for such DX is the set－up shown in the udjoining photograph．This 30 －foot parabola should provide the antenna gain（though we feel that the dipole is in the wrong position！）and the members of the＇Two Meter and Jown Club who are in back of project say that there will he a high－nowered rig feeding the big array this spring．This would seem to have what it takes to work K6GWE．W6AJF， or any of the other good set－ups in the Bay area．and it shouldn＇t stop there．With W6．1P．W70hV and others around Portland using high porrer，and W7LHL reported to be nearly ready to go with a kilowatt rig in Seattle，why stop at the Bay arear

It＇s less than 1000 miles from Los Angeles to Seattle． Portland is about 850 miles．San Diego to San Francisco is less than 500 miles．Are these impossible distances on 144 Mc．in 1955 ？Having had a good look at the terraiu along these paths last fall，we still feel that the best possible equip－ ment and techniques will turn the trick within a month of the first time they＇re tried．We hope that there is provision in that Hollywood array for going to horizontal polarization． and that there will be a keving jack in that high－powered rig！

An attractive prospect for 2 meter 1） X off the Atlantic Coast is Bermuda．W3YHI sends word that VP9BMI is to be on 2 regularly with 100 watts，a low－noise converter and a rhombic centered on Philadelphia．Address：M／Sgt．J．W． Wenglare， 19334 AACS Sqdn，APO 856，Postmaster，N．Y．

Another buddy of W3YHI（when they were IDLACK and jld XS on 144 Mc ．）is getting set to make a name for him－ self on 144 Mc ．in North Africa．Jo visited us during the winter，full of plans for high power，rhombics，hot converters and other 2 －meter DX necessities．Then he was about to hop oft for Gasablanca．and we＇re standing by to hear from him

| 2－METER STRNDINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { states call } \\ & \text { ireas Miles } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Call } \\ \text { States Areas } \end{array}$ |  | Miles |
| WIRFU．．．． 19 | ， | 1150 | W6BAZ．．．． 3 | 2 | 320 |
| W1HDQ．．． 19 | ${ }_{5}^{B}$ | 1020 | W6NLZ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 360 |
| WICCH ．．． 17 | 5 | 670 | W6MAU．．${ }^{\text {W }}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{4}$ | 240 |
| W1I7Y．．．．．${ }^{16}$ | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 750 475 | W6GCG ．．．． | $\frac{2}{2}$ | 210 |
| WItIZ．．．．． 15 | 6 | $6 \times 0$ | W6ENH．．．． 2 | \％ | 193 |
| W1KCS．．．．． 15 | 5 | 500 |  |  |  |
| W1AZK．．． 14 | 5 | ${ }^{650}$ | W7VMP．．．． 4 | 3 | 417 |
| W1MNF．．． 14 | 5 | 600 650 | W7JU ${ }^{\text {W7LEE }}$ ．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2 | －247 |
| W1DJK．．．． 13 | 5 | 620 | W7YZU．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | \％ | 240 |
| WIMMN．．． 10 | 5 | 520 | W7JUC．．．．${ }^{\text {W7RAP }}$ | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & 165 \end{aligned}$ |
| W2ORI．．．．．23 | 8 | 1000 |  |  |  |
| W2UK．．．． 3 | 7 | 1075 | W8BFQ，．．．29 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 850 |
| W2NLY．．．．23 | $\frac{7}{6}$ | 11050 | W8WXV．．．28 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | ${ }^{1200} 775$ |
| W2QED．．．．21 | 7 | 1020 |  | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 690 |
| W2BLV．．．．． 19 | 7 | 910 | W81）X．．．． 22 | 7 | 675 |
| W2OPQ．．．．． 19 | 6 |  | W8SVI ．．．．21 | 7 | 725 |
| W2DWJ．．．． 17 | 5 | 632 600 | W88RRW．．． 20 | $\stackrel{8}{7}$ | 850 |
| W2UTH．．．．16 | 7 | ¢ $\times 0$ | WXWRN．．．． 20 | 8 | 670 |
| W2PAU．．．． 16 | 6 | 740 | W8BAX．．．． 20 | $\times$ | 685 |
| W2PCQ ．．．． 16 | 5 | 650 | W8JWV．．． $1 \times$ | $\underset{\sim}{*}$ | 650 |
| W2LHI．．．． 16 | 5 | 350 | W8FPP | 7 | 800 |
| W2CFT．．．． 15 | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | 525 | W88ZCV ${ }^{\text {Wr }}$（．． 17 | 7 | 970 830 |
| W2AMJ．．．．is | S | 550 | WrWSE．．．．16 | 7 | 830 |
| W2QNZ．．．． 14 | 5 | 400 |  |  |  |
| W2BRV．．． 14 | 5 | 590 | W9EHK．．． 23 | 7 | 725 |
| W3RTE．．． 23 | 8 | 950 | W9EQS，．．． 22 | － | － |
| W3NKMI．．．． 19 | $\frac{8}{7}$ | 660 | W9KLR．．．．${ }^{1}$ | 7 | 690 |
| W3IBH ${ }^{\text {W }}$ ，$\cdot . .19$ | 7 | 650 | W90CH | 7 | 750 |
| W3BNC．．．．18 | $\frac{7}{7}$ | 750 | W9ZRPL．．．． 21 | 7 | 1000 |
| W3TDF．．．． 17 | ${ }^{6}$ | 720 | W9kPs．．．．．． 19 | 7 | 660 |
| W3kWL．．．． 16 | 7 | 720 | W9MIUD．．．． 19 | 7 | 640 |
| W3LNA．．． 16 | T | 720 | W9REM．．．． 19 | 6 |  |
| W3＇TDF．．． 16 | 5 | 570 800 |  | 7 | 80\％ |
|  |  |  | W9JGA ．．．．．ix | 6 | 720 |
| W4FHK．．． 26 | $\stackrel{\otimes}{8}$ | 1020 | WYWOK．．．． 17 | 6 | 600 |
| W4AO．．．．23 | 8 | 951 | W9MBI．．．．． 16 | 7 | 660 |
| W4PCT．．．．${ }^{\text {W4J }}$ | $\stackrel{8}{7}$ | 830 | W9CiAB．．．． 16 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 750 |
| W4MKJ．．．． 16 | $\frac{7}{7}$ | 86.5 | W980V ．．．．． 15 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 780 |
| W4UMF．．．． 15 | 6 | 600 | W9nSP：．．． 15 | 8 | 760 |
| W40XC．．． 14 | 7 | 500 | W9JNZ．．．． 15 | \％ | 560 |
| W4JHC．．．． 14 | 5 | 720 | W9DDG．．． 14 | ${ }^{6}$ | 700 |
| W4TCR．．．． 14 | 5 | 720 | W9FAN．．．．14 | $\stackrel{i}{8}$ | 680 620 |
| W4TJBY．．．． 14 | 5 | 43.5 | W9tila．．．．． 12 | 7 | 540 |
| W4IKZ．．．．． 13 | 5 | 720 | W9ZAD．．．． 11 | 5 | 700 |
| W4JFU．．．．${ }^{13}$ | 5 | 720 | W9GTA．．． 11 | ${ }_{5}$ | 540 |
| W4ZBIT．．．．．10 | 5 | 800 | W9JBF．．．．． 10 | 5 | 760 |
| W4UDQ ．．． 10 | 5 | 850 |  |  |  |
| W4VWU．．．．${ }_{\text {W4 }}^{\text {W }}$ | 6 4 | 625 850 | W¢EMS．．．．${ }^{26}$ | $\stackrel{N}{4}$ | 1175 $\times 70$ |
|  |  |  | W6GUD．．．． 22 | 7 | 1065 |
| W5RCI．．．．． 21 | T | 925 | W0ONQ ．．．． 17 | 6 | 1090 |
| W5JTI．．．．．．19 | 7 | 1005 | WørNI ．．． 14 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | $\times 3.3$ |
| TVSQNL．．．． 10 | 5 | 1400 | WøOAC．．． 14 | 5 | 725 |
| W5CVW．．． 10 | 5 | 1180 | WhTJF ．．．${ }^{13}$ | 4 |  |
| W5AJG $W$ WWW ．． 10 | 4 | 1280 | WaZJB ${ }_{\text {WaWGz }}$ | 5 | 1097 |
| W5ML．．．．． 9 | ＋ | 700 |  |  |  |
| W5ABN．．．． 9 | 3 | 780 | V E3AIB ．．． 20 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 890 |
| WSERD．．．． | 3 | 570 | VE3DIR ．．．．18 | 7 | 790 |
| W5VX．．．．． 7 | 3 |  | VE3BQN．．． 14 | 7 | 790 |
| W5FEK | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | 1200 | VE3DER，．．${ }^{\text {VF3RPB }}$ | ${ }_{6}$ | x10 715 |
| W5ONS．．．．． 7 | 2 | 950 | VF2Aいだ．．． 12 | 5 | 550 |
|  |  |  | VEBAQG．．．．11 | 7 | 800 |
| WGZL ${ }_{\text {WGSQ．．．．}}{ }_{3}$ | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 1400 \\ & 1390 \end{aligned}$ | VE1QY．．．．．11 | 4 | 900 |

any day that he is ready to take un all comers for a shot at the 2 －meter DX record．

In the spring，the young man＇s fancy lightly turns to thoughts of expeditions to choice v．h．f．locations．Here are two trips that are well along in the planning stages．W8JWV and W8GUZ have been dreawing this one up all winter． They will operate W8JWV／4 from the summit of Mt． Mitchell，in North Carolina，the night before and during the June V．H．F．Party，the 7th，8th and 9th．A 16－element array will be used on a 75 －watt 2 －meter rig with an 829 B final．Operation will start around 1900 EST，June 7th． Mimcographed notices have already been sent out to a considerab！e mailing list，and final details will be sent just prior to the Farty．

And here＇s one to delight the hearts of searchers after $50-\mathrm{Mc}$ ．WAS．W2QCY has decided that sumething has to be done about the lack of 6－meter stations in certain Western States．Roy is planning to load his panel truck with 6－meter gear and take off for Nevada．Utah and possibly other states that are keeping scores of 50－Mc．men from achieving WAS． This expedition will be well equipped as to gear，autennas
and emergency power, and operation is scheduled for the height of the DX season. in the latter part of June and early July. There should be a batch of new candidates for the coveted $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. WAS award hefore W2QCY/7 finishes his rounds. Right now, Roy is looking for two stalwart and experienced (i-meter WX men to aroompany him. Any takers?

If you prefer picnics to expeditions. here are a cuuple of talk-eat parties scheduled for the same date, July 31st. The Annual Turkey Kun V.H.J. Pienic, a fixture in Midwestern v.h.f. circles, will be held, as always at the state Park of that name, just north of Terre Haute. Ind. W9\%HL. Terre Haute, is the man to see for more information. And W8NOH. Grand Rapids, Mich., tells us that the v.h.f. fraternity of Western Michigan will congregate for the same purposes at Allegan County Park on the shores of Lake Michigan. also on July 31 st.

W8NOII also writes of an interesting comparison of 2 and 75 in ehecks made with W9RXS, Milwaukee, Wise. This path of about 120 miles across Lake Michigan shows very satisfactory signals with 100 watts on 144 Mc . On 3.9 Mc., a $4(10$-watt rig has rough going, what with skip effects and heavy QRM.

A 175-mile sked has been kept reliably on 144 Mc . by W9ZHL and WØYRX, near St. Louis, since last October. On only three occasions since that time has communication been difficult on voice, and many other stations in the St. Louis area and Western Illinois have called in also.

Last month we mentioned the appearance of WIDEO, Cape Elizabeth, Maine, on 144 Mc. Herb has been on regularly since, working W1OOP, Needham. Mass., nightly. He is also on 50 Mc ., and is working down into Connecticut on that band also, though signals are stronger on the higher band, when conditions are above normal. W1DEO is presently working on 144.12 and 50.7 Mc .
If you were waiting for a shot at Florida, following our recent report that W5VWU was moving there, don't wait any longer. W5AJG writes that he worked W5VWU/mobile, en route bark to New Mexico. Leroy reports that the tropospheric season began early this year, in the Gulf States, with W4UUF. Pensacola, Fla., wurking into Texas on the night of March llth. The following morning signals were excellent from W5RCI, Marks, and W5JTI, Jackson, Miss., so W5RCI and W5AJG went to 20, for their first contact on that band. The distance is about 370 miles. W5AJG has heen running daily skeds on 144 Me. with W5HXK, Watonga. Okla., 230 miles, for the past three wecks without a miss.
The $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. band is very much alive in Swarthmore, Ridley Park, Springtield and other towns west of Philadelphia, according to W3TEE. Several stations are on nightly between 2100 and 2200 . some having been at it for several years. W3UGA holds the local record with more than 1000 QSOs on 220, and W'3KPK is not far behind. All sorts of equipment is in use. including simple modulated uscillators and dipole antennas. Anyone needing help in getting started may get in tonch with any of the gang, the tuore active members heing W'3s AHL KPK KWH QMQ QTT TEE UGA UKG IQS.

The Philadelphia area is good round-table territory. A 6-meter group has held forth each Monday night for years. and they frequently join in a similar session held in the Washington area on Sunday mornings. The over-the-air friendships thus formed were brought to a more personal status on March 20th, when a delegation consisting of W2ORA and W'3s CGV CUB MXW RQT GGR and W8NRM/3 visited the Washington stations in a body. First stop was W3OJU, District Hts., Md.. where 1138 YHI JES UJG WOD and W4UMF joined the party. Next they converged on W3OTC, Silver Spring, where Rob played them some recordings to show how their signals sound at the southern end of the circuit. The final shack stop was W3KMV. C'hevy C'hase, where a main attraction was a :5-over-5 array for 50 Mc ., soon to be described in QST . The party wound up with dinner at O' Donnell's Restaurant. A return visit to the City of Brotherly Love is now planned.

More Philadelphia area v.h.f. activity: The York Road Radio Club has about 40 crystals on 146.25 Mc . An informal net is conducted each sunday at 0930 on this frequency, with the club station, W3RDM, as control. A club project recently completed the construction of 14 tunable converters, with BBQ7 front ends. A companion transmitter is next. on the program. Chief engineer for this project is W3NKD. The club is pushing for polarization standardization, to end
the confusion now prevalent within a 100-mile radius, and they want ARRL to assist in this.

For a long time we've been pushing as hard as we know how for horizontal molarization. Conversion to horizontal is well along throughout New England, New York, and Northern New dersey. In view of the improvement in working range that has resulted, and the excellent results in working the vertirally-polarized mobile stations that have shown eross polarization to be no prohlem in that eonnection. we feel that there is little reason to continue vertical polarization at any home station. The way to get standardization on horizontal is simply to change over. If any appreciable number do it, the rest will follow.

## OES Notes

$K \approx B A H$. Richmond Hill. N. Y. .-... Would like to heur from near-by operators interested in 220 Mc .
$K \approx D Y C$, Phelps, $N . Y^{\prime}$ - Made several crossband contacts $220-144 \mathrm{Mc}$. with W2QS, but no activity heard on 220 as yet.

IT3UQJ, York, Penna. - New 50-Mr. rig with 41)32 in tinal, and 3-element array nearing completion. New 2:20-Mc. station, W3AJD. Nightly skeds kept with W3LZD on 220.05 Mc . at $2: 200$, and Sundays at 0900 and 1230 .

I' $4 H H K$, Collierville, T'enn. - Joint 50-Mc. receiver project with W4BAQ. Has crystal-controlled front end that can be switched to either communications receiver tuning 7 to 11 Mc ., or to fixed-tuned i.f. for reception of local CD net frequencies. Meteor ekeds on 144 Mc . continue with W2UK and W1HDQ, as do scatter skeds with W4PCT and W9WOK. Statewide Tennessee net on 50.5 Mc . in prospert.

W4CrIT, Miami, Fla. - New b-meter converter completed. Made duplex rossband contacts. 2 to 6 , with W4KQG, and with W4ZDR on 11 and 6.

II:SFPB, Albuquerque, N. Mcx. - Recention of unidentified DX signals from the west on 144 and 432 Mc.. Feb. 18th, reported by W5UNK and W5FAG.
$W^{\circ}$ r.JRG, Billings. . Mont. -.... New 6-meter rig and beam ready for the spring $D X$ season.

H'sITRN. C'olumbux, (Hive - Work well along on 432-Mc. tripler-amplifier using 6524 tubes. Converter for 432 Mc . modified to tune 8 to $12 \mathrm{Mc} .$, replacing the former tripleconversion arrangement to sol Mc. Lots of local activity ohserved on 144 Mc.

HOMOX. Lawrence. Kansas - 2-Meter band checked daily on hour and half howr, 0630 to 0800, and evenings heginning at 1930 CST. New 125-watt rig for 50 and 144 Me. completed. WøKEC and WøZDB working on 420 Mc.

## W7VMP 144-Mc. May-June Schedule

Experience has shown again and again that 144-Mc. signals can be heard over paths of up to 500 miles consistently, if optimum equipment and techniques are emnloyed at both ends. What lies in hetween, in the way of mountains, may have very little to do with it., except that when the mountains are at the right point along the path the signal is hetter than would be the case over flat terrain.

Most of our inability to work over mountains on the r.h.f. bands in the plast has been the result of insutficient. power, ineffective antennas or poor receivers. With these factors taken care of, v.h.f. men in many locations that once scemed "impossible" are finding that 2 -meter I)X can be worked. The only real problem, when equipment is taken care of, is the lack of stations to work.

We would have once considered it ridiculous to try 144 Mc. between Phoenix, Ariz., and Los Angeles, for instance, but W7VMP has done it often. Results have also been ohtained on schedules with Albuquerque, a monntainous path of about the same length in the onposite direction.

After a rebuilding operation on the exciter, in the interest of improved c.w. stability. The Three Fenwicks are ready for more 144-Mc. DX schedules. Here is what W7VMP will be up to in May and June. All times are in MST. Transmissions will be on c.w., with 1 kilowatt input. Frequency: 144.0165 Mc. Antenna: 32 element horizontal array, 72 feet up. 2000 - transmit east. 2005 - listen east. 2010 - transmit northeast. 2015 - listen northeast. 2020 $\cdots-$ transmit north. 2025 - listen north. Other skeds will be made, and kept, upon request.

# TI9MHB 

## Or Why a DXer Leaves Home

BY JOHN R. BECK, * W6MHB

0fr the west coast of Costa Rica lies fiabulous Cocos Island, subject of many legends concerning hidden pirate treasure. While eavesdropping on a QSO between KV.4AA and W6VBY, I learned that an expedition had been organized to journey to that tiny dot in hope of finding legendary pirate loot. Morcover, the adventurers needed someone to keep them in touch with their families via amateur radio. Being a DX'-minded ham, this was a wonderful opportunity to set up as a rare DX station and be part of what promised to be a highly exciting adventure.

Arrangements were made for me to hecome a member of the expedition and it looked as though I was all set. My XYL, Margaret, said that I would kick myself for the rest of my life if I didn't go, and my employers - the Navy Department - in effect said the same thing.

Oin January 8th our party sailed from Los Angeles for Costa Rica on the Isle of Capri. Operating as W6MHB/mm on 21 Mc., preliminary traffic handling was commenced along with a few eonventional QSOs. Many contacts were made despite an $\$ 9$ noise level from numerous generators, fans, blowers and the like. During our voyage, the ocean was generally smooth except for two storms that lasted five days out of the thirteen we were at sea. Nevertheless, I was unable to operute for only one day; it was just too rough to sit on my camp stool in the radio shack. Also, I had wheel watches from twelve to four - both morning and afternoon causing operation to be limited to the morning hours during which 21 Mc . was open.

On the second day out of Los Angeles, we received news that Costa Rica was in a state of revolution. Naturally, there was much worry over this, both among the expedition members and stations worked. Roy Colwell, W6LW, undertook to relay news concerning the rebellion. Broadcast reception was anything but dependable.

We arrived at the Costa Rican port of Pun-

* 1.587 Terrace Road, Walnut Creek, Calif.
tarenas on the 21st of January - a very hot and steamy spot. Upon clearance with the Port Captain, we took a jeep to San José, capital of Costa Rica, to have our contract to hunt treasure signed and seek permission for amateur operation while on Cocos. The fact that our treasure-hunting contract with the Costa Rican government clearly stated that there was to be no radio communication, except with government stations on the mainland, definitely complicated matters. Conferences with Tommy Gabbert, TI2TG/ K6INI, brought out information that the Radio Club of Costa Rica was greatly interested in having Cocos represented on the DX bands. He said that David L. Maduro, TI2DLM, the guiding light of that organization, would be the man to sce for assistance in securing government approval. David was contacted and he and I made trips to sce the radio inspector. It was agreed that if no mention was made of the purpose of the expedition, it might be possible to operate as TI9MHB. With the signing of the expedition contracts to hunt treasure on the island, permission was granted.

I was really in high spirits!
We departed for Cocos with a full crew and all of our equipment. The voyage again was smooth, and at four on the morning of February 7 th, we dropped anchor in Chatham Bay. There was work aplenty to be done. Rafts had to be constructed and camping gear and food had to be moved ashore, not to mention setting up ham radio gear. Landings were difficult in the surf and could only be made at low tide as places to beach the small boats often became nonexistent. Furthermore, many jagged rocks protrude from the water, making the shore boatwork dangerous as well as difficult.

By sundown on February 9th all of the radio equipment had been unloaded and set up. The generators were serviced and tested and all was ready with the exception of an antenna system. A clear spot extending across the sandy beach looked like an ideal place for installing a long-wire. Don Wallace, W6AM, had previously presented me with

Operating as T'T9MHB from Cocos Island, John R. Beck, WGMHB, spent many hours at his operating position to provide a large number of stations with a rare DX contact. Working 15 to 160 meters, 2024 contacts were logged at his remote location.
at good-sized spool of wire which was strung 900 feet to a tree trunk on the far side of the beach. Height: about ten feet above high tide!

The transmitter was tuned to 7003 ke . and seemed to perk. Two receivers were in operation, one to monitor my own transmissions and the other to listen to the frequency speeified for stations calling.

To test the long ears of the WN fraternity, first transmissions consisted of "DE TI9MHB," sent once and at intervals. Nothing happened for several minutes. The hoys were supposed to be waiting on pins and needles and for a time it was thought that the super long-wire was not so super after all. Finally W1DDF answered; then he of the calloused cars, KV4AA. While a five-minute QSO with Dick was in progress, the boys caught on and the pile-ups were beginning to form.

Our camp's location was excellent for working the United States and Europe. Since most of the island terrain is very steep, the only direction in the clear extended from approximately the Rocky Mountains eastward to North Africa. The effect of the hills was borne out by the fact that all Pacific island signals were quite weak. EL2X was worked, but his fine signal was all but inaudible most of the time.

The reports received while using the long-wire were not too favorable. To correct the situation, a ground plane for $f(1)$ meters was put up on the heach area when the tide was low. Rocks weighing up to one hundred pounds were piled to a height of six feet around the base of the supporting poles. The ground wires were tied to some of the larger rocks surrounding it, but the first time the waves roared in they were scattered over the surrounding area. However, the antenna remained erect and it was left that way for the entire period of operation. Later an antenna of the same type was put up for 14 Mc . When the tide was in, water came to within eight inches of the bottom of the radiator and the ground planes were submerged.

Fifteen meters was good while it was "in." Calling stations apparently did not hear each other too well as there was quite a bit of calling out of turn. For 'phone operation, it proved to be the best band because of the lack of commercial QRM and the amount of space available.

Twenty, of course, was the stand-by in the daytime. Usual conditions prevailed except that W6s required openings for loud signals. These occurred in the early morning and just before the band closed for W's in the late afternoon. During the openings, W6 signals were tremendous

and equaled those from other districts. Normally, most stations heard from W7-land eastward were 59 during the entire daylight period.

Operation on 14 Mc. 'phone was slow because of the large number of strong stations calling simultancously. Nevertheless, many contacts were made in spite of the QRM.

For the first few evenings Forty was very good but when the pile-ups got down to the weaker stations commercial interference became troublesome.

Eighty provided a big surprise. It seemed to be the best band for all-around contacts and many stations reported our signals strongest on that band. It was found that the long-wire did not function too well on Eighty. Something better had to be crected. Two trees, one in our camp, were found situated about 150 feet apart. A bow and arrow, used by one of the expedition members for hunting, was used to get a piece of light twine over one of the trees. The twine was fastened to an insulator at one end of a 3.5-Mc. doublet and then raised. One of the Costa Rican boys climbed, "Tarzan style," up the vines that hung from the other tree and secured the far end. This new antenna was forty fect high and seemed to perform very effectively.

The Isle of Capri being made ready for the voyage to Cocos Island.

Many European contacts were made on all hands and I was greatly surprised at the solid signals that were booming in from that part of the world. Many U.S.S.R. stations were heard working each other. In fact, several times during our schedules with WGLW, these stations were much louder than Roy.

A few contacts were also made on 75 'phone, but broadcast harmonics from the Mainland proved troublesome on that band.

I had promised several of the 160 -meter gang that I would make an attempt to operate on the "top." So the old long-wire was loaded up and several CQs were sent. Just about the time it was thought that 160 was for the birds. WGNWX, "ye olde Clippertonian," heard my peanut whistle and the first 160 -meter (QSO) with Cocos was in the books. Twenty-one contacts on that band followed. Subsequent reports from England indicated that TI9MHB was heard in Europe by at least one listener. The morning aiter the $160-$ meter operation, seaweed was hanging from the long-wire. How the thing worked is beyond me!

An attempt was made to improve the contact format used by previous expedition and contest ops. One gimmick was to end a transmission with the call of the station being worked, the idea


The whore at Chatham Bay is littered with rocks. The larger ones are carved with the names of ships and seafarers who have visited Cocos. Some inscriptions date back over 100 years: almost to the time pirates were active in the area. The expedition alio left its share of autographs.

Chief inhabitants of toens are hermit crabs, wild pigs, deer, and small lizards; there are also many tropical birds. Fishing is excellent but sharks up to six feet in length infest the waters surrounding the island.

Rising above the rocks on the shore of Chatham Bay stands the ground plane antenna used by TI9MHB for 10 -meter operation. The antenna remained erect despite merciless pounding by waves.
being that everyone calling should know the characteristics of my signal. Also, if there was interference during the first part of my transmission, it might be gone before the end. The fact that very few repeats were requested indicated that the practice paid off.

Another richeme, although mot new, was to specify the calling frequency. I had my VFO running at all times so I was unable to listen in on my own frequency. Calls were always requested to be from ten to twenty kc. higher.
On twenty 'phone, especially, the calling frequency system was abandoned because the resulting heterodynes were so fierce that it was impossible to read anyone. The practice of not specifying a listening frequency and continuously tuning over the entire 'phone band was the only logical solution. This jammed up the band fairly effectively for everyone but seemed to be the unly way that stations could be copied. Some of the sharper (?) operators would make nice long calls after cvery transmission from me. Naturally, this did nothing to alleviate QRM.
Several hundred messages were handled and the expedition crew and their families were quite pleased with TI9MHB's efforts to maintain efficient communications between them. The DX gang stood by in a most commendable manner during the traffic-handling periods. All traffic for the expedition was handled by WGDFY, W6LW, WOCO and WØELA.
Who provided the best signals? W4KFC was one of the better from the East Coast; even on 160 he peaked to 50 . The Midwest provided the most consistently strong signals. W'8DUS was always thundering. From the West Coast, W'6YMD stood head and shoulders above all others.
Finally, on February 22nd, the expedition had completed its task. The equipment was loaded aboard the Isle of Capri and we sailed for Puntarenas on the evening of the same day. Upon my return to San Jusé, Ted Westlake, TI2BX, and his wife, Virginia, invited me to their beautiful enuntry home. It was there that the process of returning flesh to my bones began (I had lost some fifty pounds during the expedition).
Later, W6LW, W6TT and TI2RU arranged for me to fly home. Arriving at the Oakland airport, I ${ }^{\text {en was }}$ greeted hy W6DIP, W6LT, and Margaret, my ever-faithful wife.

In conclusion, thanks to :all who helped make TI9MHB a reality: The Northern California D. Club: the Radio Club of Costa Rica: WGTT and W6DUB of Fimar Electronics who supplied a good portion of the equipment: W6DIP who loaned me a receiver and a generator; and WGKEK who supplied another generator.
The TI hams are certaiuly a wonderful group and their hospitality and generosity are not casily exceeded. They treated our group royally and we are more than grateful for their help and consideration.

And so now - the end of a wonderful journey. Did I hear someone say, "Where next?" ?


## CONDUCTED BY ROD NEWKIRK,* W9BRD

## How:

When the hounds of spring arc on winter's traces . . . goes the first stanza of the Wouff Hong Sing, the hallowed club authem of our beloved DXHPDS (DX Hoggery and Poetry Depreciation Society). We swiped that from Swinburne because we know he referred to DX hounds in particular and because we, too, congregate annually around this time. Yes, indeed, a goodly crowd was there!

It was put up to Great Circles Root to get the show on the road after the first round of Old Haywire began radiating. This he did with a lilting lament to the late QSL file of one bright boy who didn't believe in DXCC's "DX' insurance":

> "Two-fifty confirmed," elaimed O'Squire Who dared them to call him a liar.
> "Send in, men? What for?
> r'll wait thll I've more!"
> You guessed it: O'Squire had a fire.

Slickrig Toppenbottom followed Circles to the rostrum with a blast directed at schizophrenic DX stations who advocate operating procedures they themselves negate:

> This rare one bleats out in great heat: "Spread out! Spread out or ['ll quect!"
> So we move for the jerk
> And who does he work?
> The lid who remains \%ero-beat.

Then Owlbait Ostrowski limned in rhyme the impressive ingenuity of $100,000 \mathrm{McScrec}$ a bird who tallies his DA score in terms of kilocountries:

> "The rules are all wrong!" cried Mescree Whose Slobovian card was n.g.
> so he made his own list
> And there's nothing he missed -
> All stations are cuuntries, you set:

The next ration of ridicule. delivered by Feeders N. 'Twining, was dedicated to that small pack of watt-mad megacyclic megalomaniacs who erroncously visualize themselves as ham-band Voices of America:

> When Two-Gallon Mossbrain dropped dead We found nary a tear being shed.
> For Hamdom. no loss-
> Such input made Moss
> Just a bootleg commercial, instead.

W6MUR, the sole gut-of-towner to brave the vicissitudes of this year's DXHPDS powwow, then rose to the occasion with a tongue-in-check salute to all purveyors of seuttlebut DXpeditionary sensationalisms:

One rare catch popped up "in Albania,"
And another "in West Transylvania";
The grapevine went mad
But the outcome was sad

* Vew Mailing Address: Effective immediately, please inail all reports of DX activity to DX. Editor Newhirk's new address: 4128 North Tripp Ave., Chicago 41. Illinois.

You'll have to fiwish that last one yourselves, gang, for Bill's punch line was drowned out by commotion in the rear of the hall. A flying squad of our sworn adversaries from the Euphemistic Order of DXpurgators barged in and broke up our gathering with tear gas, cherry bombs, and a shower of leaflets labeled, "It's Only a Hobby, Fellows."

## What:

And what a hobby! ('They laughed and laughed when little Elmer said he was going up into his attic to chat with the TT. S. Undersecretary of State and the King of Nepal. They didn't know that Elmer was a ham.) But that is neither here nor there. Before we tackle our monthly "How's" Bandwagon we shot:ld remind you that

In the text to follon, frequenctes iptven in number of $k \mathrm{c}$, abore the
 ition, uring the paraysaph deals with zo-meler work. Timer oys are
 once per band.
20 c.w. дets us off to a Hying start. 'The swing from winter to summer conditions gives 14 Mc a capticipus turn but W9HUZ swapped salutations with CRs 5JB (95), 7CN (68) 14, EAs 9DF (88) 21, 日AB (65) 22, FB8BR (68) 18-19, FG7XB (78) 17-18, KT1UX (4U) 22, Jan Mayen's LB1LF' (21) 14. LZ1FSA (1) 15, я VQ8 and 3V8AB (46) $21 .-.-$ An FB8, KM6AX and VQ5EK (67) 19 worked W8'IN .... ... WHAUL met up with ET3GB (8) 20-21, FA8CR (10) 19, FY7IE (48-67) 18-20. HKøAI (55-112 t8) 20-21. SV1SP (19) $18-20$ and a Kio de Oro W.A9. Some time back John retired from the OX racket after reaching 107 contirmed but, "By chance one day I happened to tune over 20 and. bruther, that did it $-\cdots$. I'm gone, but gone, again!'. .....- W4'TFB made away with CR6CJ 20. EA6AF (52) $13-18$ of the Balearics, an FY7, GD3UB 12, HA5KBA (75) 16-19, an SV1, 4X4BX (90) 17. $0.34 A B 18$ and W4DGW/ZD4 22 in Takoradi harbor K2BZT caught ET3S (62-75) 14-2:, FUQV/FC (50) 15. GD3s HPN IBQ (50) 19-20. HAs 5 KBZ (62) 18. 7 KLD (70) 18 , HE9LAA (62) 19, I1BLF/Trieste (49) 13 , JAs 3AB 3AF 1HB 6HK, KAs 2USA 7DN, SPS 3KAU

(30) 15, 5AA (10) 17, 8KAF (62) 16, 9KAS (68) 16. ST2AR TA3US (50) 13-21, VQ2HR, YO3RF, 4X4BT (82) 19 and 9S4AX (1) 17. Nice haul!.-...- CR5AF, FO8AB (64), MP4QAL (65) 15 , OY7ML (5), PJ2BA of Bonaire Isle. PZ1QM (20) 23-0. ZDs 6BX (80) 14 and 8AA (3-60) 18-23 of Ascension chatted with $W 4 \mathrm{QCW}$ of KC 4 AB fame .... -. - W5UUK put his hooks into CE0AD (20) 2-3 of Haster Isle, CR7AD, an EAg, EA8BF (42) 0, an ET3, HH5SS (25) 0 , SPs 3AN 9KAD (60) 14, a VK1 and ZB2A (15-31) 12-20.......-CS3AC (55), GC2FZC (35), LZ1KAB (80) and VQ2JN (50) came back to W9IHN W3UXX cornered FP8AP (74) 18, FM7WP. EA6AU, EL5B, IlYCG/Trieste, IT1TAI, KG4AO. SP5AA, VP3VN, 5 A 2 TZ and one 3A2AF (10-30) 12-15 who is re ported by many other contributors. . . . - ET3LF (38) 2O, MP4QAH 17, VSs 6CU 12 and 9(iV 17 contacted DL4ZC. - .-. A rundown of results at random shacks, W2GVZ: ZD8, long-path KC6HX (40) of Mays Island, (arolines. H2OLU: ZB1JRK (35) 20. W2QBB: CR7AN ( 26 ) 21. K2EUN: many Europeans, an FA9 and FP8AP with a 15 -watt 6L6 c.c.o. IFSAXT: ET3, FF8AQ, FG7, LUESA of rare Ta Rioja. IFsTYTT: FA8RJ, TF3NA, YV5s BJ DE. W4PVD: CR7IZ 13, OY2Z 9. VQ6LQ 14. IT 60 W' $/ 1$ : IlBNU/Trieste, SP6WF. TF3KG (70) 20. YUs IGC (70) 16, 1GH (10) 18. W6UED: DU7SV (89) 1, JA1CR. KA2OJ. VP8BD of Grahamland. W' $K$ A $K$ : EA9AP (2-52) 18-19, FY7. KR6LJ for 1st Asian. HUV OX3PW 17, VQ4FM 21, St. Martin's PJ2MA. KL7BBV: CE7Z.J near his antipode, a DU, ship SM8CWC in midPacific ........ ZD3A (6) 21-22 is a new Gambian reported at W5ASG down Arkansas way.-. - - So. Calif. DX Club's Bulletin specifies c.w. 14-megacyclers CE7AA (50) 3. FE8AE, FL8AI (150) 16-17, FR7ZA (19) 16-17, HI8EW (65). MP4QAJ (60) 15, SV6WL (53) 15, one VQ1RY (20) 0 YA2AA (17). YS1O (30) 14-15 and many others. West Gulf DX Club's DX Bulletin fills us in on CE7s BS (35) $1, \mathrm{ZT}$ (82) $40, \mathrm{CN} 2 \mathrm{AD}$ (55) 20 . CRs 4 AL (20) $11,6 \mathrm{AI}$ (62) 20. 6AR (30) 20. 6BP (110) 22, 6CZ (38) 20. СT3AB (10) 18, EAgAC (8) 5, EL2L (69) 17, F9YP/FC (40) 17. FD8AA (10) 15-18, FF8s AJ (100) 21, AP (50) 13, BB (60) 18, MM (81) 18. FQ8s AK (59-95) 22, AU (89) 20 , HB1MX/HE (70) $0-1$, HH3DL (13) 22, one HV1ZZ (167) 14, HZ1HZ (15) 16, KR6s KS (8) 1, LF (90) 14, LUs $1 Z V$ (78) 1, 5ZF (20) $2-3$, MB9BJ ( $30-50$ ) 13-19, MP4BBS (30) 15, OD5LX, SVblVT (90) 13 . TF3s AB (17) $0, \mathrm{MB}$ (45) 22, UA3KP (73) 12, UR2KAA (86) 13 , VK90K, VQs 2 GW (25) $20,3 \mathrm{FN}$ (89) 21, VR3A (75) 21-0, VS9AS (7) 20 , VU2CP (52) 13, ZBs 1 LU (34) 18, 2I (12) 21, ZDs 2DCP (30) $20,4 \mathrm{BM}$ ( 63 ) 19 , 6 EF ( 90 ) $19-21$. ZE 3 JL ( 14 ) 19 . ZP5AY (100) 23, ZS3P (64) 18-19. 5As 3'TR (57) 15, 4'TK (12) 15. 4TO (67) 15 and Netherlands New Guinea's JZøAG (70) $14-15$.

20 'phone brooks booming business of late. W4QCW is quite satistied with the likes of F9 Y P FC, GD3IBQ. HT6EC (175), HKøAI (130) 22, KS44W (180) 22, KTIUX,

CN8ML cmits a fat Casablanca signal on 14- aud $21-M c$. 'phone with Panda and Bendix gear, uses a Collins receiver and a pair of rotary beams. Operator Richard Keel comes from a NX family: a brother and cousin are $H B 9_{\star} \mathrm{PU}$ and P , respectively. When you've worked all three stations you are eligible for the WFK certificate issued by CN8ML - Worked All Keels.


PJ2MA, SVøWO, VPs 1OJS 5AE (148) 9, ZB1AJX, 2D3BFC (138) 15 and 3V8BP.....-CR6BX (99-113) 23, EL2X (112) 22, GD3ENK (190), ZD4BR (115), ZE2KR ( (0)5-120) 0 and 5A1TA (185) set well with W9HUZ - OD5AB and VP8AO got away from W2GBC but CROCK, CT2AG, CT3AE, EAS 8AI 8AX 9AR (140), FP8AP, HC8GI (110) 18-19, HH2LR, KA3RR, KT1s LU WX, M1B (100) U, OE13USA, PJ2AF. TG9MB. VPs 1AB (157) 0. 2DA 2DN 2 KM 7 NX . VQs 2DT (130) $22-23,4 \mathrm{FQ}$ YN4CB (120) 14-15, YS1MS, YU1GM, ZBs 1S 2A (105130) and 5A2CL didn't. . . . . W4CBQ puts his hard-toremember school french to yood use in running down French Colonial A3ers. ET2XX (182), FQ8AD, an FP8, OD5 and SV 0 boost Bob to Rung No. 112...-.- Radiotelephone doings here and there, at $K 2 B Z T: V Q 4 R F(120)$ 20-21. HSAXT: FG7XB. F5UUK: FM7WN (120), HK0. VQ2. TT6 (IED: HC1ER. TG9.-. - - CS3AC (190) 14, EAs 8BA (130), 9DF (116) 17, FD8AA (172) 18, FM78 WF (120) 23, WQ (110-150) 23, FO8AB (160) 12, FY7YE (115) 13 . GC6FQ (128) 20, HB1MX/HE (103) 13. HR1CB (150) 14. KC6s A1 (202), CG (245), LB1LF (21) of Jan Mayen Isle, VP8AQ (106) 1, VQs 4FK (125) 20, 5EK (150), VR3A (122) 14. VSIFS (142) 14, XZ2ST 14, YI2AM (163) 15, YO3RF (135) 16. ZDs 1 DK (135) 20.4 BF (120) $23,0 \mathrm{AH}$ (130) $16,3 \mathrm{~V} 8 \mathrm{BL}(150-172) 21$ and 4 X 4 DX (290) 18 are stalked by WGDXC sleuths $\qquad$ . SCDXC headhunters are after KPoAK (218) 2 , OKIMB (185), VK9s RII (143), KM (145), VPs 2DA (130), 2GiW (156) 23. VQs 5BVF (183) $22,8 \mathrm{CB}$ (113) 21. VR6AC (352) 1, ZC3AC (293) 0, ZP5CF (130) 16, Marion Island's ZS2MII (105) and 9S4BS (110) -.-.- Newark News Radio Club monitors picked up 14-Me. radiotelephones CN2AD, CN8s EMI IE MA TY 17. CRs 5AC 21 . 5NC 6AT 6CB 6C.J. CTs 2AF 3AB, EAs 8BQ 9BC. EL9A, ET2US, FAs 3GZ 8CC (195), FB8XX, FF8BB FL8BC, FQ8s AC AK 22, HK 3 PC 4 BD (165), IIBNU/ Trieste (215), JA4BB, KAs 2NA 3RR 7BG 7GM 8RK, KC6AB, KGs 4AO 4AP 6FAA, KR6AZ, KV4BB, LXIBU, OQn 5 EI $22,5 \mathrm{FM}$ (157) $20,5 \mathrm{GH} 0 \mathrm{DZ}$, OH9OC of Lapland, PJ2s CE CH (140). ST28 GB $20, \mathrm{NW}, \mathrm{SV} \mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{WK} 20$, WS TA3US. TF3MB. TG9AI, VPs $1 G G 2 V A 7 N G 7 N N, V Q 8$ 2 FJ 3 EZ 4AA 4AQ 21, 8AR 20, VSs 4HK 9GV. YA1ZT 20 , YI2DIQ, YNs 1LB (135), 4DP (135), YU1AD, ZC4AA, ZD2FHW, ZEs $3.5 Y$ 5.JI, ZM6AT 0, ZSs 3E 8I, 3V8AS, 4X4RR, 5As 2'TS 2 TZ and 3TE (195) 20.
40
c.w. now is more sciective because of roving thunderstorms. For instance, a patch of QRN over New Yurk City may be a big break for Connecticut and southern New Jersey DXers - less competition. Anyway, here's W4TFB's 7-Mc. has: CR7s CI (5) 5. CN (8) 5. EL2X 7. FAs 8DA 6. 8RJ 7. 9RW 7, KC6CG (10) 11. LU9ZE 8, OQ5RU (12) 5 and YU2HG 6 - it's $118 / 89$ for Don and DXCC won't be long now.-...- EA9AP (2.5), Biak's JZ0DN (34), LU4ZI (10). OX3AY (3) and a VR1 fattened the swar at W9HIUZ CE3DZ, DU7SV, HK ts BD (25) 7. DP (45) 0, JAs IOR IVE 1VX 4BB 6BO, a JZø

SM5RM of stochholm can kive linguistically-in - lined 1)Xers workouts in fluent English, (German, Prench, Spanish, Italian and three Scandinavian languages. Olif runs 150 watts on several DX bands, is building a 500 -watt final amplifier, owns a printing business and has been hamming for 30 years. (Photo via (I' 9 TRD)

$V$ K9RM recently moved from Lae to $W$ au, New Guinea, and here he is getting aequainted with his new neighbors. (rain*aying last month's Jeeves episode, Peter ruports these local dandies as quite hail fellows well met.
and KC6 contacted W6UED $\qquad$ W5UUK does okay on 40 : CR6AI (8) 4, EAs 8BF 9DF (15) 6, FR7ZA, OQ5s CP (6) 4, GU (5) 6 , a T19 and ZS3K were worked...... CR7CO, CX6AD, LU9UH of Province Eva Peron (a rare one for RCA's awards) and ZS3HX (22) 5 grace W3AXT's ledger. CN8EB, GC3KAV, HH3DL (48) 6, KG4s $A O$ and AV made the grade with W $3 W P G$ who finds 40 hottest between 4 and 6 on the GMT chronometer. W1ORP picked of ZC4XP (37) 22, ZE5JA, 3V8AB and 4X4BR without much difficulty. .. - - An EA9, KG4AJ. KV4AA and YU2AE swapped c.w. with W1APA who finds 7-MI. c.w. a ciuch compared with his usual 40-'phone DX pastime...-. W4CAY eaptured JAs 1 KM 7 BO @CQ (not 1wo). a JZø, KC'6 and long-haul VK6SA . . . . . . Now, samples of 40 -meter code luck around the circuit, at
 (32) U. K\&BZT: IlBNU/Trieste. K $E E T J N:$ with 15 watts, KH6IJ, CO8AQ. FA8, OK1AEH, YU1FC 22 answered KZGZN. K\&JSA: HC4MK. HH3. H'sTYW: L1BLF/
 W5ZAK: OX3BE. K6EBH: DU7, JA6AD. K6EYT: JAs
 OX3AY, TF3ZM. WOVFM: ZSs, VPs 6AM 7NM 10. DL4ZC: HK5DM.-...-40-c.w. candidates DUISCS (21) 13-14, EAs 0 AF (30) 3, 9AP (50) 6, FM7WD (23) 5, FY8AA (0) 5, HA5KBA (5) 7, JA0WH (12) 13, KD6AT (17) 12, KR6OY (18) 12, KT1UX (40) 2, LU8ZC (10) 5 , PJ2s AA (13) 3 , AN (6) 3 . UA0KKB (21) $13-14$, VP8s AU (40) $5, \mathrm{BH}(8) 2, \mathrm{VQs} 4 \mathrm{AQ}$ (4) $5,5 \mathrm{EL}$ (2) $3-4,8 \mathrm{CB}$ (20) 13 , VR2CG (27) 7. YS1O (17) 12-13, YV1EV (5) 3 and YO3CB (7) 3 are xpecified by WGDXC........sCDXC adds CN8MG (12), FG7XB (10) 3-4, FF8JC (18) and VQ2HR (15) to this prefix pudding. -. .- - Novice doings on the 40 -meter DX tangent are unheralded but not uncommon. WN3ZKH hooked CO2GU, VP6KL, W4FHI/VO6 and WP4AAQ. plus 45 slates. KN2JKC knocked off CM7JA, CO2BL and DL1FF on 7188 kc . W8RGF/2 heard ZL3GQ calling W N5FQR and other unsuspecting W Ns around 7178 kc. at 0830 GMT. Other DX stations appear to get a bang from thrilling the WN/KN 7-Mc. gang so you Novices had better pass up no weak signals!

40
'phone DX work attracts but a hardy few. W1APA has what it takes, and it takes plenty. Gil collected CM2ZZ (193) 13, COs 2 NT (186) 12, 3LS (210) 14, HH2s JL (194) 12. RM (120) 11, KG4s AG (255) 12, AJ (208) 6. AV (267) 2. KH6s AGB (215) 11, AUB (210) 11, KV4BK (210) 11, PJ2AF (223) 11, PY7AGR (265) 3, TI2GC (194250) 12-13, TG9VS (206) 11, VPs 1OJF (300) 4, 2GW (200). $2 \mathrm{~L} \dot{\mathrm{~N}}$ (120) $12,4 \mathrm{TI}$ (193) $12,6 \mathrm{JR}(220) 11$, 6 KL (192) 12 , 9 BO (120) 12, 9BL (175) 12 and VK3ATN (100) 12
NNRC ears twitched over $7-\mathrm{Mc}$. voicers CTs 1 CL 3 AE , DU7SV, EAs 8AX 8BQ 9AS, EL2X (65), HH2s LA PL, HI6EC, HKøAI, HP3s I'L OJ, HR1JB, JA2CT, KG6GX. KL7BBK, LUs a-plenty, PYs likewise, KJ6FAA, TG9BG (190). VPs 2DN 6FO 6WR 9L, Tasmanian VK7WA, YN4CB (70), ZLs galore and ZSIPM.

80
c.w. has forty's atmospherics-selectivity in no-trump and times ten. Stronghearts hold fast on 3.5 Mc ., however, and doubtless there will be considerable DX worked by the $\mathrm{W} / \mathrm{K}$ gang right through the hot months. DU7SV (20) 13, EL2X (12) 5-6, GD3UB (6) 0-1. HA5KBA (12) 1, HB1MX/HE (2) 5 and ZD2DCP (6) 6-7 contacted w9HUZ. $\qquad$ EAgAE and HI8EW (9) carricd W4BRB to the 80 -meter 117 -country mark W5ITUK gassed with an EL2, HK4DP, KL7PI. KM6AX, TI28 BX and PZ W3AXT concentrated on CTs $1 \mathrm{UX} 2 \mathrm{BO} 2,3 \mathrm{AB}$ (18), EA8BF 2, FA3s RW RZ (10) 7, FP8AP, LU2GB, LZ1KAA. OE5JK. PY6FI, VP7NG and ZS2A Eighty good DX fortune at this shack and that, at WIFIS: VP7NX (5) 5, ZB1BF. I'2LPV: F'A9, KV4AA, OK2DG. KZBZT: FP8, KTIUX, OE2JG. KйHZR: HZ1HZ,


SP9KAD, YU1AD, 9S4AX. W4TFB: FA8DA. T6 NJU: KR6LJ, XE2OK. IV8YIN: KM6 VP7 ZS 9S4. W'9UDK: XE1OE, ZLs 1BY 3GQ. I $\emptyset V F M$ : KH4 KH6 KV4. DL4ZC: Ws 2HFP 4CDC $\qquad$ WGDXC and SCDXC list 3.5Mc. radiotelegraphers FF8AR (13), GD3IBQ 0, HK4BD (17) 7, HA5KK 4, JAs 1CJ (5), 8AH (18), LA8RB 8, LZ1KDP 6, OE3SE 4, PJ2AA 4, PY5EK 3. UA9DH, UB5CF, VK7KM 12, VP8BD 2, YU2AEF and ZB2A 4.
15 'phone is the preferred playground of numerous DX chasers these days and W6ZZ confirms the reason why: CEs 3II 6AB, HC1s FK FS, HP3FL, KAs 2 KC 8 KK , KG4AR, KL7s AN BFW BGG CC, KM6AX, KV4BD, VP5AE of Turks, VQ2s DT FU, YV5FL, ZL1s BY MQ, ZS6s CV ZO and ZP5IB. Miles also collected ten more MMs on 21-Mc. A3 $\qquad$ - HK3DP and PJ2AR were new 15meter countries for W6NJU ...... - W4DOU now has 80 countries on 21 Mc . thanks to CT3AE, FA3OA, HI6EC, OQ5RU, YS1RA and others. .... Still searching for an Asian, W4UWC reached the $\mathbf{7 2}$-country mark on fifteen by way of TG9CR, VP3YC, a VQ2, VP8AQ of the So. Orkneys and ZB1AJ; six weeks on 21-Mc. 'phone furnished 67 countries for 10 -meter specialist W4NQM. . . . . . Fifteen-A3 desiderata here and there, at W1HDQ: VP1GG. WSTYW: HC1PL. KH6s. W6UED: HC1, KG6GX, OA5G. W6 NJU: DU7SV, KA2KC, VKs, ZLs and VR2CG $\qquad$ - 21-Mc. 'phones repurted by NNRC: CN8CS, CP5EP (220), EAøAC, EL2X, GDs 3ENK 6IA, KV4BI, OA5E, OQ5VP 20, PJ2AO, VP8AZ, VQ4AR, YV5BV, ZE2KR 21, sundry ZLs, $3 V 8 B P$ and 4 X 4 DK .
15 c.w. got a play. too, and even the Novice gang bestirred their 1.)X bones. WN3ZKH scored with FA8s OA RJ, Gs 210 3DCU, GM3GJB and KZ5DM while WN7WSS provided Utah for TI9MHB's Novice-band WAS effort...... EA6AF (75), I1BLF/Trieste (67), KT1UX (10), ZB2A (15) and ZS3K (100) waggled keys with W9IIUZ W3TYW assembled a pile of Europeans while W7VWS consorted with several KH6s, KL7CGA, XE2OK and ZL1BY....... ZEs 3.IP and 5.J.J came back to W5JULK. ..... - LL4ZC worked OA4ED, HZ1HZ and a Zs5 without fuss or bother....... WGDXC gut the tifteen-A1 goods on AP2K, CE3AG (1) 18, CR6AI (33) 18, FAs 8CR (20) 16 , YRW (20) 17 , FF8AJ (30) 16 , FR7ZA (180), FY7YC (75) 20. HK4DP (2) 18. VP7NX (40) 17, VQ2GW (30) 16, ZDs 6BX (50) 17, 9AC, ZS3K (100) 19, 3 V88 AP AX BL and BP.

'phone and c.w. received narcotic shots in their ionospheric arms or else the ARRL DX Test deserves the credit. Anyhoo, a few mailbag missives have favorable comments concerning the $28-\mathrm{Mc}$. range. W6NJU worked A3 with LUs 7 BQ 7 QB 8FAO, KH6AFS and TI2BX ...... ZS3E was a welcomed 10 -meter customer at W8YIN around $28,320 \mathrm{kc}$. $\qquad$ - WIWXC recommends present-day 10-meter work for DXers who like to dig for 'em and reports W1s HJB LSZ ONK QNC UQW and YWU enjoying this strenuous sport. WIWXC ran down CR6BX, CXs 3AA 7BA, HC1MB, KZ5s, KV4BI, LUs 4 AAR 4DZI 8AM, TI3LA, VPs $1 G G$ and 2 KM on voice.
160 c.w. activities may be in the post-mortem stage for most participants in the past season's doings but you'd better keep an ear on this band. It's a tricky one!

The North American path fizzled out somewhat to make European pickings slim but several South American folk turned up to enliven recent 1.8 -MIc. soirees. YV5s DE FH and HK4DP worked a flock of W'/K brethren; W'1s BB and ZL, in that order, were among the first to nab the Colombian. YV5FH's performance was topped with a smooth WaNWX 'phone QSO._.... W1BB understands that W2SKE was the only North American to put a consistent


The pile-ups inspired by Burma's $X 720 \mathrm{M}$ are all ont of proportion to the mere 25 watts Nike runs to a 3 stage 807 rig on $7-.14$ - and $21-\mathrm{Mc}$. 'phone and c.w. Dipoles radiate on 40 and 20, a ground-plane on 15, and an AR-88 receives. XZ2OM was in there pitching during this year's ARRL DX Test although his reception was hampered by unusually severe KA, KR6 and KG6 interference.
signal into Europe on 160 during the ARRL Test. A3 section...-. W' WKIP/6, strongly abetted by W8GDQ, continues his efforts to work VS6CQ on one-sixty and results to date feature a W6KIP/6-VS6CQ crossband contact on 160-40 meters. The perseverence of W6KIP/6 deserves plaudits inasmuch as he persists in the face of Elast Coast success with European and African DX, listening to people working stuff he can't quite pull through out his way. It eertainly would be some form of poetic justice if W6KIP/6 succeeded in making the grade with ViscCQ. This will be a very fancy 160 -meter QSOI...... TISMIHB's $1.8-\mathrm{Mc}$. activity boosted the top-band countries totals of Ws SEIS 9FIM 9PNE and many others. KH6IJ and KL7TM appeared on the band; KG4AB and XE2OK showed up during the Test to swell the list of near-but-rare 160 )meter countries available ......- We close the Bandwagon on a sad note this munth with word of the passing of outstanding 160 -meter DX specialist VE1EA. Clarry, along with G5BY and W1BB, pioncered the annual Trausrtlantic Tests in the years before WW-II. VE1EA, you will recall, scored the first recorded North America-Asia QSO (with HZ1KE) in January of 1951.

## Where:

X720M confirms that all XZ2-bound QSLs can be sent via Box 611 or Box 367, Rangoon, Burma. Mike adds, "I will do my best to [help] any station needing an XZ2 QSL. Full QSO information is required, together with IRCs, and cards will arrive direct." .....-W2GT emphasizes that FG7XB does not receive QSLs via Box 11. Pointe-a-Pitre. Use this address only: 44 Chemin des Petites Abymes, same town. Antoine, who started out QSLing upon QSO, rapidly is becoming disillusioned with that approach; we have on hand his list of prominent DXers who as yet haven't bothered to answer his cards . . . .. - As previously noted, a new slate of VKls is active from Australian outposts on Macquarie and at Mawson Base, Antarctica. In lieu of other addresses they can be QSLd via WIA. W1OJR reports fast response from VK4FJ on behalf of VK1EG if IRCs are sent. Along this same line, when you seek to do business with other good Samaritans helping out rare DX stations with

QSL problems, by all means coüperate fully by sending selfaddressed envelopes plus postage or IRCs where necessary. It's more than enough that such agents contribute time and effort without incurring monetary expense as well. U. S. QSLs for QSOs (over 300) with PJ2MIA (PJ2AA) on Sit. Martin Island can be shipped via W1PST, but all non-U. S. amateurs should QSL direct to P.12.AA
[)on't look now but seattered U.S.S.R. QSLs are sliding through CSSL bureaus once more. $\qquad$ - Periodically we eaution newcomer DXers to QSL DX stations tia foreign radio-society bureaus only when instructed to do su by stations worked, or when so noted in this column. Unlike your ARRL QSL Bureau, which handles eards for ARRI. members and nonmembers alike, many overseas societies make their burean facilities available for members only. QSLs they receive for nonmembers may be returned. pigeonholed or destroved. So, when you work a Hock of stations in Outer Baldonia don'l just drop your QSLs into an envelope and ship the lot to the Outer Baldonian Kadio Society QSL Bureau. That could be an excellent way to guarantee yourself a rockbottom QSL-returns percentage! Another thing: Unless exception is noted in this column, do not mail foreignbound QSLs to the ARRL QSL Bureau. Your League bureau is chartered only for the distribution of QSLsincoming from overseas and forrign sources...... The accuracy of the individual items to follow is by no means guaranteed, nor are they in any cast necessarily "ifficial." Garnered mainly from third-party sources, they are published here in the hope that they may assist someone to a fast GSL or two. W1s APA RDV UEI) WYO, W2s BBK (iT OLU, K2JCS, W'ts AUL CHQ QCW TFB, W5IJUK, W6ZZ, W8s KAK YIN, W9s OFT EU TRD, WGVFM, F7ER, EDR, OVSV, NNRC, NCDXC, SCDXC, WCDXC and WIA deserve your gratitude for these:

CM2ZZ, A. Noble, Calle 14. 727 Almendares, Mavana, Cuba - ... COIAF, A. F. Gonzales, Apartado :38, Artemisa, Cuba - ...... CR6AT, P. O. Box 1454, Luanda. Angola -...- DU9WX, Box 12, Higan City, P. I......-ET2TV, e, o Kaynew Station. Asmara. Eritrea $\ldots=$ FB8BC, Box 587. Tananarive, Madagascar .... FB8BP, J. de st. Amand, 143 Avenue Foch, Tananarive, Madagascar FY7YE (QSL via W'4ML) _... . HI5EC (QSL via CM9AA) HK1GO, Box 342, Baranquilla, Culumbia . . . . ex-HR1FV, F. H. Vogel. ZP5IB, U. S. Embassy. Asuncion, Paraguay -. . . KG4AG, C. Hodges, Navy 115, Bux 41 . FPO, New lurk, N. I. ..... KP4ZW, Box 120, Kamey AFB, Puerto Rico ...... KPGAK (QSL via KHGOR) KV4BK, P. O. Box 618, C'hristiansted, V'. 1.
LU2RD, F. Medina, B. Belgrano 553, Catamarca, Argentina
_LU3TB, P. F. Altamirano, Ave. 17 de Grtubre. 319 I. O. A., San Salvador de Jujuy. Argentina .... LU6JF (QSL via RCA) - ...-LU9SA, A. Nomicarios, Dest. Aeronautico. Chamical (La Rioja), Argentina LU9ZE (QSL via LU8FP) $\qquad$ ex-MD5SX, R. H. Taylor. (G3kAP, 45 Albert Rd., Deal, Kent, England .... exMF2AG, G3KEI, 1 Hq. Sig. Troon, Wilton 1'k., Heaconsfield. Bucks., Encland _.... MP4QAL, F. Walshe, Decca Navigator, Shell Oil Co.. Dohah, Qatar, Persian Gulf ex-OX3BA, A. Barsted, Boulevarden 23, Aalborg, Denmark_... - OX3PW (QSL via EDR) _.... -exOX3RD, V. Hansen, Baggesens Alle 91, Esbjerg. Denmark OZ6OJ (QSL via EDR) _....PJ2BA, P. O. Box 383, Unracao, N.W.I. . . . . PJ $2 M A$ (QSL to PJ2AA) .....- PZ1QM P. O. Box 631, Paramaribo, Surinam _ SU1AS, Ahmed S. El Gawaherki, Box 2034, Cairo, Egypt _... - SU1IC, Ibrahim M. (harmy, 1 Mohamet Pasha Shukri St., El Aguza, Ciza, Egypt - . . - - SVøWU, Hq. JUSMAGG. APO 206, New York, N. I. TG9VS, P. O. Box 115, Guatemala City, Guatemala ex-VK9GW, G. A. Warner, cio OTC. Bringelly, N. S. WAustralia ....-VK9RM, P. Mongries, Wau, T. N. Gi. VK9VG, cio Dept. of Posts and Telegraphs, Lae, T.N.G. ..... VK9VW, G. Stobie, c/oP.O., Port Moresby, P. 'I'. . . . . - VK9WK, c/o RTC, Madang, 'T. N. G.

VK9XK (QSL via VK3XK) … VP2KF, P. O. Rox 182 , St. Kitts, Leewards, B. W. I. _ . . . ... VP2VA, I. Humphries. Tortola, British Virgin Islands, B. W. I. ..... - VP3VN, 9 Howes St., Georgetown. British Guiana … ....ex-VP8AO, J. Lenton, 34 Lynwood Ave., Luton, Bucks., England - VQ4FT, Box 61, Nairobi, Kenya -... . VSIGN, 1925864 SAC Stone, Simmapore Signals C'enter, K.AF Changi, Singapore 17, Malaya_... YU1GM R. W. Thompson, Philco Techrep, c/o U. S. Embassy, Belgrade, Yukoslavia -...- ex-ZBIDM (QSL to WIRFZ) _...-ZB1 JRK (QSL via $Z B 1 E$ ) _...-ex-ZC4FB (QSL via (BATTU) .....

ZC6UN J, Box 490, Jerusalem via Israel _ . . . . ZD3A, Box 285. Bathurst, Gambia ….... ZD9AC (QSL via SARL) ex-ZL1AIO, B. Bellinger, Ci3JYF, 14 Gireen Lane, Redruth, Cornwall. England .....ex-ZSIRG (QSL to (G6UT) _...-3V8BL, Box 747, Tunis, Tunisia ..... 4S7YL (QSL via W5EFC).

## Whence:

Asia - From the pen of Asian airman XZ2OM: "Regarding W DX, W6s frequently are heard, but very few Wis and Wos. VE/VOs are so rare I wonder if they are on the ais!" Mike lists XZ2s EM KN ST und SY as other currently active Burmese arnateurs . ..... HZ1AB reports a surprising lack of W5 W6 and W7 signals during the ARRL UX Test but other U. S. call areas were breaking through consistently. Ron has trouble loading some of the various antennae he rigs up, for the $\mathrm{HZ1AB}$ stock of antennacoupler components is quite limited...... Japan's International DX League lost its headquarters by fire but pluckily plugs on. IDXL issues several DX certificate awards that may be of interest to wallpaper hunters. For information on same write the organization at Box 56, Central P. O., kyoto . .. .. . An intriguing tidbit from the pages of ZeroBeat, organ of the Hampden County (Conn.) Radio Association: "W1YCG hopes to operate from Afghanistan if permission can be obtained. Will be using a Viking Adventurer for both c.w. and 'phone. Start listening aruund July 1st.".-.-. WGDXC Asiatic gleanings: G3FQX heads for a ZC4 session. . . . VS9XZ has been operated by exSU5XZ. . . MP4RBS (G8RP) does shipboard hamming off Bahrein island with a BC-610.

Africa - After six months at the key of ZSIRG, G6UT linds 100-plus ARRL DXCC I.ist countries in his log. OT St. Johnston now is back in the U. K. picking up where he left off on the G6UT DX trail . . . . . . WTPCZ was EL2X's $\ddagger$ th state after a year of WAS effort. EL2X now has a DX tally close to the 200 -country mark...... EL5R (exDL3WH) finds the fishin' easier with his present call sign, ulthough he did all right in Germany, too . . . . - There are gratifying signs that Eigypt is taking a more tolerant tiew toward amateur radio. Several official licenses now appear to exist......- CN8ML, a Swiss in Morocco. especially likes to rag-chew with VV4s hecause he spent considerable time in Floridian invironments...... Club African comments, SCDXC: One ZD3ES soon should be available. . . FLRAI often is heard by EL2X but no answers result. IFGDACC: FE8AE's inactivity is the result of illness but Marcel still had hopes of doing 100-watt business on several DX bands before leaving the 'Roons.

Oceania - No U. S. amateur yet has collected the NZART (New Zealand) WAZL award. G6BS turned the trick, though, su it is nussible. WhIIUB stands ruady to provide information on WAZL and all interested North American DXers are invited to apply . .. . . . The scarcity of VK2s in the 1955 ARRL DX Test was caused by serious New South Wales flood conditions, the worst in recent years. Most VK2s on the air at that time were GRL pushing ermergency traffic on WIA's emergency nets. VK2WI was NCS on 3525 and 7050 kc . Favorable newspaper publicity resulted from a communications task well done. Pago Pago's KS6AB is being coaxed back to 20 from his 80 -meter hideout by WGDXC cohorts.

Europe - Yank-in-Yugosla via YU1GM reports bagging his 100th country. "Am not faring so well in the contirmations department but have caught up on my own QSLing now and am keeping it current. Those who have nut received cards will eventually get them as most weut through bureaus. I have worked nearly 2000 W stations and shall be switching to 15 and 10 meters as conditions improve." The IU1GM address appearing in this month's "Where" promises faster results than Bob's old via-APO listing. .....ZB1JRK, slated to remain in Malta until August. punches ont a big 25 -watt signal by virtue of a 650 -foot long-wire, as noted by W2OLU. ZB1DM closed station for return to New England......-Albanian aud Vatican State continue to be the object of Dxpeditionary intentions by several well-known DXers, but so far not sn good . . . . . - Another trophy for diploma-hunters; WAYUR (Worked All Yugoslav Republics). W1UED, who sputted it, suggests those interested write the sponsoring organization, Savez Radioamatera Jugoslavije, Trg. Republike 3;IV, Belgrade, Yukoslavia. . . . . . W4CRQ has it that SV0WU shortly will be heard from Rhodes . . . . . . European club diggings,

NCDXC: Never lose heart - W'6TT just received a QSL for a 1930 QSO with SM6SB. TT was CAZ in those days. FGDXC: Over 1500 QSLA, 1000 from W/Ks, have be:n received by Monaco authorities as a result of phoney 3A2 activity. . . . Write UBA (Belgium). Yost Box 634, Brussels, for information on their new WABP (Worked All Belgian Provinces) DX award. . . . ZB2s I M and O are current (iibraltar actives.

South America - When you burn up your only plate transformer in British Guiana you go off the air for a while until you (1) ket it rewound, or (2) scrounge another. WøVFM reports such a revolting development at VP3VN who normally runs 40 watts to an 807 on several bands. receiving with an HQ-120. No surplus counters or nupsly houses down Georgetown way. $\qquad$ FY7YE closed in on the $3000-\mathrm{Ws}$ milestone and has developed quite a QSL backlog. But thanks to W4ML and others, Mariv's pasteboard problem rapidly nears solution..... WGDXC sources find that HC 8 GI of the Calapagos, a retired Chicagoan, settled in the islands with an 18-watt Harvey-Wells exhaler, a couple of dipoles and an XYL.

Hereabouts - YPlGG, due for QRT shortly, hopes to appear next from VR2 environs. W1HDC hears he'll be taking a ham-band vacation until around November ......- VP2VA, host to W2BBK's recent FP8AK/VP2 DXeursion, is a retired British engincer down British Virgin Islands way. Tvan knows no c.w. but gets great kicks from 20) and 75-meter 'phone operation. VP2VA's home is powered by a battery Windcharger set-un while his ham gear runs off a $1.5-\mathrm{kw}$. 110-volt generator........ W@BAF contributes a brilliant color shot of his 100 hard-earned DXCC QSLs which causes Jeeves to wonder: What is more colorfully impressive than a large display of DX pasteboards?

ADXC (Alaskan DX Certificate) is a new one issued by the Anchorage Amateur Radio Club, P. O. Box

"Hungarian headquarters station" HA5KBA has logged about 3000 OSOs since activating in October of $^{\text {O }}$ last year. Its staff of several operators is hunting for the last fewstates nceded for W'AS and has worked well over 100 ARRL DXCC Countries List items. Chief op "Bandi," HA5BM, put this home-built equipment through fast paces during the 2lst ARRL DX Competition recently concluded. QSLs for IIA5KBA go via W'3AXT who provided this photograph.

211, Anchorage, Alaska. Ten KL7 confirmations, including at least one from each of the following Alaska ureas, will do the job: southeastern Alaska (the area bounded by British Columbia), northern Alaska (the area north of the Arctic Circle), Aleutian Alaska (the Islands plus Kodiak), and central Alaska (what's left). Write AARC for complete rules......- OT DXer W4MR felt the nip of the DX Bug once more and reports similar awakenings in the shacks of local W4s AIT CS and ZH. McSwindle and W2GVZ were right!. ....- W1APA observes that K(i4AG is operated
(Continued on page 150)
F. E. HANDY, WIBDI, Communications Mgr. R. L. WHITE, WIWPO, Asst. Comm. Mgr., C.W PHIL SIMMONS, WIZDP, Communications Asst.

GEORGE HART, WINJM, NatL Emerg. Coördinator ellen white, wlyYM, Asst. Comm. Mgr., 'Phone LILLIAN M. SALTER, WIZJE, Administrative Aide

QST if you wish to try this. Experienced amateurs concede it is much easier to copy at high speed than it is to send manually and well even at moderate speceds. Interspersed periods of sending practice are worth while, since they buck up the ability on the receiving side too.

Smoothness in sending requires good spacing and rhythm. Newcomers: to avoid having your sending fall into the category where TEST becomes "NST" and CQ becomes "NNQ" bear in mind that by copying tape (automatic) transmissions regularly with some time spent sending in step with the tape, such defects can be overcome. Code then becomes most enjoyable and effective for two-way communications.

Country Considerations. What makes a country in the ARRL Countries List? Not many DXers think much about this since the standard list for reference is reprinted up-to-date in each January $Q S T$, and put out in folder form. You can mark your coumtrics as you work them, while collecting your 100 cards to submit for DXCC. Watch DXCC Notes headings in QST for any possible list changes; such are usually additions. "How's DX?" may give you additional facts about the presence or absence of signals or countries, also "where to find" the DX reported, documenting your kind assistance. The ARRL Countries List is a yardstick for DX, the standard for use in conncction with the ARRL DX Competition and the DX Century Club. But we started to tell you what's behind the list in terms of country policy.

The League Communications Department is assigned the honor and responsibility for making operator certifications and awards. A standard published list assures uniformity, and one goal for all concerned to work toward, either contestwise or for countries credits. A group of experienced staff-member licensed amateurs assist the Communications Manager in arriving at decisions through discussion and analysis of operating problems requiring administrative review. On countries the "approarch to the problem" may, we think, interest you.

There are three criteria on which facts are determined in approaching any countries problem: (1) Does the area have political independence? (2) Does it have adequate geographical separation from a parent nation? (3) Does it have foreign lands in between? Of course, whatever the list permits, it is the same for all working to the goal. But the reason respect for our list is general is, we think, because it is progressively kept up to date as governments change: also that
any modifications only follow League inquiry and precedents and consultation with authorities such as our U. S. Department of State, Webster's Geographical Dictionary, and Rand McNally.

The ARRL Countries List is the guide in determining what to send us in order to qualify for the ARRL DX Century Club award. It is available to members of the League on request; ask for Operating Aid No. 7.

$$
-F . E . H .
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## CODE-PRACTICE STATIONS

The following is an up-to-date list of all stations participating in the ARRL Code-Practice Program:

W1ACT, Fall River ARC, 57 Richmond St., Fall River. Mass.; 3545 ke.; Mon., Wed., Thurs. and Fri., 1900 Es'l'; 5-7 w.p.m.

IWIQZO, Harry Warner, 11 Berlin St., Wollaston, Masy.; 146.8 Mc.; Tues. through Sun., 1000 EST'; 6-14 w.p.m.

W1SRB, Al Vesce, 84 N. Main St., Thompsonville, Conn.; $29.6 \mathrm{Mc} . ;$ Mon., Wed. and F'ri., 1930 EST; beginner's speeds.

W2HEI, William Teso, Mountain Ave., Hillburn, N. 亡.; 3950 ke.: Sat. and Sun., 1400 EST; 5-18 w.p.m.

K2IBC, Avenel Radio Club by W2FSL. Adolph F. Elster, 53 Commercial Ave., Avencl, N. J.; 3675 ke.; Sat., Sun. and holidays, 0730 EST: beginner's specds.

W2NRM, Howard B. Jack, 12 Bcech St., Ramsey, N. J.; 29.118 Mc . and 1880 kc .; Mon. through l'ri., 0715 EST; 29.118 Nic.; Mon. and Thurs., 2200 EST; 3-8-15 w.p.m.

W3KWH, Steel City Amateur Radio Club, R.1. 5, McMichael Kd., Pittsburgh 5, Pa.; 29.108 Mc.; Wed., 2000 EST; 5-13-25 w.p.m.

W3UVD, Walter C. Downes, R.D. 2, Box 328, Jeannette. Pa.; 3585 ke.; Sun. 0930 EST, Wed. 1830 EST; 5-15 w.p.m. W3VEJ, James M. Alcorn, $2071 / 2$ Longfellow St., Vandergrift, Y'a.: 7150 ke.; Mon. and Wed., 1900 EsT; 5-15 w.p.m.

W4RUR, for St. Petersburg Amateur Kadio Club, E. J Blatt, 538 16th Ave. So.. St. Y'etersburg, Fla.; 28.05 Mc.; Mon. and Wed., 1900 EST; 6-22 w.p.m.

W4ZRH, Carlton K. C'ommander, 17 Jnyce St., Mt. Pleasant. S. C.; 3700 kc.; Mon, through Fri., 1830 EST; 5-13 w.p.m.

W5JRV, for Galveston County Amateur Radio Club, Blanchard Boldman, 4802 Ave. Q $\frac{1}{2}$, Gulveston, Tex.; 1852 ke.; Mon. and Fri., 1900 CST; 3-15 w.p.m.

IV5USN, Dan Haird, W5SPZ, chief-in-charge, 8th Hdqtrs. USNR Radio Station, Marconi Drive and Robert E. Lee Blvd., Route 3, New Orleaus 24, La.; 7100 ke.; Mon. through Fri., 1230 CST, 15 w.p.m., 7100 and 3750 ke.; Fri. through Mon., 1930 CST, 15 w.p.m.

W6JZ, Ray Cornell, 909 Curtis St., Albany 6, Calif.; 3590 kc.; Mon. Wed. and Fri., 1830 PST, 5-25 w.p.m.. 1920 PST, 3:-45 w.p.m. (When needed, schedule maintained by W6EFD.) K6USN, Cmdr. J. M. MeCloy, 12th Naval District Reserve Electronics Stn., Bldg. 7. Treasure Tsland, San Francisco, Culif.; 3590 kc.; Tues. and Thurs., 1830 PST; 5-25 w.p.m.

K7FCV, Lyle B. Clemans, CWO USAF, MARS Base Dir., Davis-Monthan AFB, Tucsun, Ariz.; 3825 kc.; Tues., 1830 MST; 8-20 w.p.m.

W7FWD, O. U. Tatro, 513 N. Central, Olympia, Wasì.; 3646 kc .; Mon. through Fri., 1700 PST; 4-25 w.p.m.

W8MAI, Blossomland Amateur Radio Assn., c/o W8FGB, Dean Manley, R.F.D. 1, Box 147F, St. Joseph, Mich.; 1890 kc.: Mon. through Fri., 2000 EST; 5-20 w.p.m.

W9KLD, for Kankakee County Kadio Club, Don Rockwell, 685 Rutledge Ave., Kankakee, Ill.; 1895 kc.; Mon. through Sun., 1900 CST; beginner's speeds.

IV9NPC, for Fox River Radio League, Lewis R. Hill, 212 N. Evanslawn Ave., Aurora, 1ll.; $1810 \mathrm{kc} . ;$ Mon. through Sat., 1900 CST; 5-20 w.p.m.

W9UIN, Joseph H. Kadlec, 1148 Ashland Ave., Evanston, III.; 7240 kc . Sat. and Sun., 0800 CST; 5-71/2 w.p.m.

WgEGQ, Bob McMIullin, Route 1, Lehigh, Nebr.; 3755 kc.; Mon. through Sun., 1800 CST; 5-13 w.p.m. with text from The Braille Technical Press. Same schedule alternated with WøLGG, Bertha V. Willits, 108 N. 19th St., Marshalltown, Iow, with text from QST.

W0LQC, F. Bion McCurry, 1234 Stanford, Springtield, Mo.: 29.18 Mc.; 'Tues., 2130 C'ST; beginner's speeds.

WOONF, for Se Kan Kadio Club, Kenneth M. Parker, Box 141. Howard, Kansas; 3805.5 kr.; Mon., Wed. and Sat., 1730 CST; 31/2-15 w.p.m.

WCQDF, W. H. DuBord, 10247 Midland, Overland, Mo.; 29.6 Mc.; Mon. and Wed., 2000 CST; Mon. 5-13 w.p.m., Wed. beginner's speeds.

WGSQE. Bill Heitritter, 11141/2 Virginia St., Sioux City, owa; 3750 kc.; Mon. through Fri., 1600 CST; 5-13 w.p.m.

## FIELD DAY STATISTICS

By Roy T. Harmon, WøIUB

Field Day is the most important event of the year in amateur radio. It started in 1933 and has continued to the present day (except for the war years), and Field Day records should interest many hams. Americans scem to like records as incentives. The four-minute-mile hope kept track fans enthused for many years even though there were no milers around who could come close to it. Following this line of thought, I sat down with my QST' back issues and figured out the postwar records for Field Day. I used numbers of contacts to determine winuers, since multipliers and point systems have changed from time to time.

Some of the feats look almost impossible, while others seem like they could be beaten easily by concerted effort. One fact that surprised me was that so many of the records were set in 1949, 1950 and 1951. One would think that since Field Day popularity has ulways grown from year to year, all of the records would have been set in 1953 and 1954, but not so! The W6MBA mobile rig sure must be a corker, and W3JTK's outstanding work as single operator at home has stood unchallenged since 1949. And in 1951 eighty-seven ons participated at one club set-up; what a circus that must have been!

Here are the figures. Hope the hams around the country enjoy them.

| Simultaneous <br> Transmitters | Most Coritacts |  | Call Used By Club | Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 594 |  | W8Bl)A/8 | 1951 |
| 2 | 983 |  | W3BES/3 | 1954 |
| 3 | 1151 |  | W4 KFC/4 | 1951 |
| 4 | 1425 |  | W6PD/6 | 1954 |
| : | 1198 |  | W4FU/4 | 1949 |
| 6 | 1434 |  | W4FU/8 | 1953 |
| 7 | 1570 |  | W4FU/8 | 1954 |
| 8 | 1593 |  | W2GSA/2 | 1951 |
| 9 | 1911 |  | W2GSA/2 | 1953 |
| 10 | 2665 |  | W3FRY/3 | 19.53 |
| 11 | 1255 |  | W5SC/5 | 1954 |
| 12 | 1.626 |  | $\mathrm{W} 10 \mathrm{C} / 1$ | 1953 |
| Class of Comprtition |  | Most <br> Contacts | Call | Year |
| One transmitter (unit individual), 1 op | $t \text { or }$ | 304 | W6EYH/6 | 1949 |
| One transmitter (unit individual), 2 ops | or | 520 | W'fTSW/6 | 1953 |
| 'Two transmitters (unit or individual), 2 ops | unit | 535 | W6AOA/6 | 1951 |
| Mobile, 1 up |  | 277 | W6MBA/6 | 1950 |
| Mobile, multi-op |  | 274 | W6MBA/6 | 1951 |
| Home rig on emergenc power, 1 op | ncy | 2.40 | W1TIA | 1952 |
| Home rig on emergenc power, multi-op | ncy | 248 | IF2SZ | 1953 |
| Home rig on commercia mains, 1 op | cial | 406 | W'3JTK | 1949 |
| Home rig on commercia mains, multi-op | cial | 833 | TF4KFC/4 | 1895 |


| mains, multi-op | Number of <br> Participants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 1936 | Number of <br> Log Entries |
| 1946 | 2702 | 187 |
| 1947 | 4660 | 288 |
| 1948 | 4942 | 305 |
| 1949 | 5935 | 495 |
| 1950 | 6118 | 609 |
| 1951 | 6451 | 644 |
| 1952 | 7007 | 522 |
| 1953 | 8380 | 692 |
| 1954 |  | 819 |

Saryest Number of Participants:
87, Northern N. J. Radio Assn. (1951)

## A.R.R.L. ACTIVITIES CALENDAR

May 7th: CP Oualifying Run - W6OWP May 12th: CiP Qualifying Run - WIAW
June 3rd: CP Qualifying Run -. W6OWP June 11th-12th: V.H.F. QSO Party
June 17th: CP Qualifying Run - W'AW
June 25th-26th: ARRL Field Day
July 2nd: CP Qualifying Run - W6OWP
July Ith: CP Qualifying Run - WIAW
July 16th-17th: CD QSO Party (c.w.)
July 23rd-2th: CD OSO Party ('phone)
tug. 5th: CP Qualifying Run - W'6OWP
Aug. l6th: Cl' Qualifying Ifun - W'AW
Sept. 3rd: CP Qualifying Run - WGOWP
Sept.14h: CP Qualifying Run - WiAW

## CODE-PROFICIENCY PROGRAM

Twice each month special transmissions are made to euable you to qualify for the ARRI. Code Proficiency Certificate. The next qualifying run from W1AW will be made on May 12th at 2130 EDST. Identical texts will be sent simultancously by automatic transmitters on 1885, 3555 $7125,14,100,21,010,52.000$ and $145,600 \mathrm{kc}$. The next qualifying run from W'GOWP only will be transmitted on May 7 th at 2100 PDST on 3590 and 7138 kc .

Any person may apply; neither ARRL membership nor an amateur license is required. Send copies of all qualifying runs to ARRL for grading, stating the call of the station you copied. If you qualify at one of the six speeds transmitted 10 through 35 w.p.m., you will receive a certificate. If your initial qualification is for a speed below $35 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. . you may try later for endorsement stickers.

Code-practice transmissions will be made from W1AW each evening at 2130 EDST. Speeds are 15, 20, 25, 30 and 35 w.p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and 5, 71/2. 10 and 13 w.p.m. on Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Approximately 10 minutes' practice is given at each speed. References to texts used on several of the transmissions are kiven below. These make it possible to check your copy. For practice purposes the order of words in each line of QST' text sometimes is reversed.

Date Subject of Practice Text from March QS'T May 3rd: A Compact Dual Beam . . .. p. 11 May Bth: Frequeney Marker with 50-Kc. Intervals, p. 14 May 9th: Overtone Crystals . . ., p. 16
May 11th: Flexibitity in the Antenna Coupler, p. 18
Mav 16th: Low-Noise Rerpiwer Design, p. 20
May 19th: The Multimaich Antenna S'иstem, p. 22
May 24th: The "Hidden Gem," p. 24
May 26th: Transmitter Hunting - Sattle Stule, p. 25

## BRIEF

An amateur recently wrote the ARRL Communications l.epartment as follows: " ls it possible to ubtain a duplicate d-1 Operator Olub certificatel Some time ngo my nife pitched mine in the alley in a fit of pique. Now my new wife might like to see how important the old boy is!" (P. S.: He got the certificate.)

## WIAW SUMMER SCHEDULE

(Effective June 1, 1955)
(All times given are Eastern Daylight Saving Time) Operating-Visitina Hours:

Monday through Firiday: 1300-0100 (following day)
Saturday: 1900-0230 (Sunday). Sunday: 1500-2230.
A mimengraphed local map showing how to get from main highways (or from HQ . office) to W1AW will be sent to amateurs advising their intention to visit the station.
Offucial ARRL Bulletin Schedule: Bulletins containing latest information on matters of general amateur interest are transmitted on regular schedules. F'requencies:
@.w.: 1885 ; $3555,7125,14,100,21,010,52,000,145,600 \mathrm{kc}$.
'Phone: 1885, 3945. 7255, 14,280, 21,350 kc.; 52, 145.6 Mc.

Times:
Sunday through Friday, 2000 by c.w., 2100 by 'phone.
Monday through Saturday, 2330 by 'phone, 2400 by c.w.
General Opcration: Use the chart below for determining times and frequencies for W1AW general contact with any amateur. Note that since the schedule is organized in EDST, the operation between 0000 and 0100 each day will fall in the eveuing of the previous day in western time zones.

Code-Profirienry Program: Practice transmissions at 15, 20, 25. 30 and 35 w.p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and at $5,71 / x, 10$ and $13 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday are made on the above-listed frequencies. Code practice starts at 2130 each day. Approximately 10 minutes' practice is given at each speed. On June 17th instead of the regular code practice. W1AW will transmit a certificate qualifying run.

## WlAW OPERATING NOTE

Until June 1st, when the complete W'IAW Summer Schedule detailed elsewhere on these pages goes into effect. W1AW will conduct general operation as shown on the chart on page 70. Scpt. 1954 QS'T, except that EDS'T instead of E'S'T will be used. Uther operation will follow the pattern set down on page 71, March 1955 QST, also in EDST instead of ESTC. Exceptions: (1) On May 12th, W1AW will transmit a Code-Proficiency Qualifying Run instead of the regular code practice. (2) On May 20th, W1A W will make a special transmission for frequency measurement instead of the regular code practice. (3) W1AW will be closed from 2230 EDST May 29th, until 1500 EDST May 31st, in observance of Memorial Day.

## W1AW GENERAL-CONTACT SCHEDULE

(In Eiffect June 1, 1955)
W1AW welcomes calls from any amateur station. Starting June 1st, W1AW will listen for calls in accordance with the following time-frequency chart.

| Time (EDST) | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0000-0100 ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | $3555{ }^{3}$ |  | 3945 | $7125{ }^{3}$ |  |
| 1300-1400 ${ }^{2}$ |  | $21 / 28 \mathrm{Mc}$. | 21/28 Mc. | $21 / 28 \mathrm{Mc}$. | 21/28 Mc. | 21,28 Mc. |  |
| 1500-1600 |  | $\bigcirc 125$ | 1.4,100 | 7255 | 14,100 | 7125 |  |
| 1600-1700 |  | 14.280 | 7125 | 14,100 | 14,280 | 14,100 |  |
| 1800-1900 |  | 14,280 | 14,280 | 14.280 | 14,100 | 7255 |  |
| 1900-1930 |  | 7255 |  | $\because 1.010$ |  | 14,280 |  |
| 1930-2000 |  | 14,100 |  | 3555 |  | 14,280 |  |
| 2000-2030 ${ }^{1}$ | 14,280 | $355.5{ }^{3}$ | 14,100 | 14,100 | -125 ${ }^{3}$ | 14,100 |  |
| 203n-2100 | 14,280 | 3555 | 14,100 | 1.4,100 | 7125 |  |  |
| 2100-2130 ${ }^{1}$ | 145.6 Mc . | 21,350 | 14.5.6 Mc. | 52 Ne. | $\because 1.350$ |  |  |
| 2230-2300 |  |  | 1885 |  | 1885 |  |  |
| 2300-2330 |  |  | 35.55 |  | 39.4 |  |  |
| 23330-2400 ${ }^{1}$ |  | 3945 | 7255 | 3945 | 7255 | 3 3445 |  |

[^9]

Having just inished compiling some figures based on 169 EC annual reports received ( 10 ner cent of all ECs), we thought you might be interested in some of the statistics and estimates derived therefrom. W'ell present these in expository fashion, so you won't have to try to interpret from tables.
First of all, let us note the percentage of EC annual reports received - 10 per cent. Not too good, is it? Yes, we know that being an EC has a lot of work connected with it, and to a person not too fond of paper work (and whe is?) it scems as though Headquarters or the SEC or someone is constantly badgering ECs for reports. Actually, all we ask is a Fiorm 5 (post-card size) once a month to the SEC and a one-page group of figures once a year. Firom these, we can gleun some well-educated national estimates, since 100 per cent response is unthinkable.

Yousec, we use these data; we're not just trying to make you work for nothing. Once each month we summarize SEC reports (which are hased on your monthly form $j$ reports to the SFIC), and once each year we summarize EIC annual reports and make estimates of national totals hased on this. Naturally, the larger the percentage of reports received, the more accurate bur estimates will be. However, based on the 10 ner cunt received this vear, here's about what the AREC looks like nationally.
We have about 40,000 AREC members, of which 75 per cent are full members. Almost 13,000 of these are "sigued up in RACES," by which they probably mean they are enrolled in local, rexional or state civil defense communications with RACES in mind, whether or not they are RACES-authorized. There are about 780 existing RACES plans within the AREO structure, not all approved by FCDA and FCC as yet. Most AREC members continue to operate on the 28 -Mic. band (over 20,000 ), but $3.5-\mathrm{Mc}$. r.w.. 3.8-Mc. 'phone and 7 Mc . also have strong followings -- and of course most of them operate rugularly on more than one band. Six and two meters have shown great increase in nopularity, however.

The AREC has an estimated 17,000 mobile units in operation. Ten meters is still the most popular band for mobile emergency communication, followed by 80:75 meters, 2 meters and "other" bands, in that order. However, since the 1953 year end, the sreatest percentage increase in mobile emergency operation has been on two meters. The increase on ten meters has been slight.

Nearly all estimates are up from last year, an indication that amateur interest in emergency work is still on the increase, probably a rasult of the impact of civil defense. Our estimates show a decline in the number of fixed stations having emergency power availahle, and declines in the number of AREC members using $80 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{w} .$, , 75 'phone and two meters ialthough mobile nperation on $\because$ shows a large increase).

Interesting? We thought so, and encouraging, too. How arcurate are these testimates? Just exactlv as accurate us a 10 per cent response in reporting will allow.
-...

Fellows, how about putting dates on the emergencies, drills and tests you tell us about? We had reports on four different emergencies lined up this month that had to be

This is the Queens County RACES Control Center in New York, in action during the RACES-AREC drill held on February 14. On the left, standing, is Hob Link, W2VKF, RACES Radio Supervisor for the city, and ARRL Emergency Coördinator, explaining the setup to Ben IIamilton, W6VFT, visiting $12 O$ and FC. from San Diego, Calif.
shelved because there was no hint as to when the emergency occurred. The date of a blizzard, tornado. fire or other memorable local occurrence might be well known to you hut chances are we never heard about it - so date your emergencies, will ya, huh?

W57U calls our attention to an emergency operation which occurred last year that never got written up, except in his SCM column. We think it should be recourded in this column. It seems that last Oetoher fith, 7 th, 8th they had quite a flond in the Roswell-hexter-Hagerman-Artesia Carlsbad region of New Mexico when seven inches of ruinfall within 48 hours sent the Iondo and Pecos Rivers on a
 WPA YFN YUM YWU ZM $Z U$ gathered on 3838 kc while mobiles IF5s BZA BZB WPA YUM visited the Hood area and relayed reports. Once the situation was "cased," a jew stations stayed on hand all night while the rest got sume sleep. During the night. W5WP'A participated in the rescue of a truck and wurkers at the Hondo Dam, west of Koswell. At 0630 on the 7 th, W5TTI fired up as control station with $\Gamma 5$ s ARD CXC EFT PSP UTE QKA RNG YAS ZGG AHQ FAB PGJ RZS TDB UP in the net. in addition to those on the previous night. Emer gency work conducted included: (1) Assistance to Eouthern Union Gas Company in coördinating work on an eight-inch gas main crossing the Jelix River north of Uagerman (mobiles W5s (XXC: BZA, BZB WPA, and tixed ztations II5s AK YAS PSP). (2) An emergency call for houts to be furnished by the National (inard was coürdinated by $1{ }^{\circ} \cdot 5$ BZA CXC and AK, and later rescue of a man on an over turned boat was coördinated by 1158 AK ARD CXC. (3) Communications for radio station KSV'P, which had to leave the air; CAA was notified that tower lights were sff (W5PSP and W5ZU). (4) Reports on flood conditions wer relayed un and down the valley. (5) W5UP stood by at National Guard Headquarters in Roswell to link units in Dexter and Hagerman areas. (6) W5BZA; BZR mobile encountered extremely high water between Jexter and Roswell; as a result, the road was closed to tratic. (7) Railroad tracks were washed out near Dexter, W5BZB reporting same to the Santa Fe Railroad office. (8) Because of the loss of life and number of missing persons, many welfare messages were handled in the $3838-\mathrm{kc}$. network - W5ZU, SCM New Mexico -...-
On January 14th, an Air Force C-45 ran out of fuel 20 miles northwest of Austin, Texas. Upon hearing the engines quit as the plane passed overhead, W5YYM contacted W5TFY in Austin and set the Austin Emergency Net in uperation on 29.2 Mc . A few 'phone calls indicated the authorities knew the plane was down, but had no idea where. W5YYM soon located the airplane un a ranch about

a mile from the uearest road. Doctors and ambulances were ordered and the CAA, Texas Department of Public Safety and Sheriff's department were notified. Mobiles IT 5 s KNM PRO QZJ left immediately for Lake Travis to aid in the seareh for a crew member who bailed out and was missing. For the tirst 30 minutes XYM/m was the sole means of communications between the seene of the crash and the state molice and other authorities. Much traffic was handled concerning directions to the sceue of the crash, medical aid, etc. The missing crewturan was found by a ranch hand so all mubile units except YYM returned to Austin by 2030. The net closed down at 2115 . Mobile units narticipating wer W:5x FXN EIID QZJ PRO. W5TFY was NC'S. - W'5T'ry.

Amateurs in Paterson, N. J., assister police in solving some mysterious crimes during 1954. EC W2ESW was contacted by the rivil defense director, at the request of porice, and 21 amateurs set up a net on two meters, with a


Three amateurs who assisted the Illinois Central Railroad during the ice storm last December received citations from the railroad on March 2nd. Shown holding their medals are, left to right, $159 \mathrm{PQS}, 179 \mathrm{~K} . \mathrm{NN}$ and W9PEK. W9KRH was also cited.
control station at police headquarters in charge of KN2CYZ. Each car was assigned a "beat" in the neighborhood where the assailant was known to be uperating. The patrol started at 0100 and continued until 0530 . This continued for four months, but no further attacks were made. However, on October 14th at 4347 one of the cars (W2ZOE with KN2JCR) reported a suspicious character on one of the streets in the area, and he was picked up by nolice. His retention resulted in eveutual arrest and the solving of a number of previously-unsolved robberics. This continuing patrol in coöperation with Paterson police was conducted by the following amateurs: $\mathbb{Z} z_{8}$ ESW GQD ZOE NEZ GLO MIU NPT ESC KXR FLQ WBY EHM, $K z s$ CMB GYH CVR EIZ, KNzs JCR IPF IEY IDH CYZ. Thanks to Mr. Arthur Donnelly, a Paterson Morning Call police reporter, for this report.

Members of the American Legion Amateur Radio Net and the lancaster, Calif., AREC and Civil Defense collaborated in assisting search operations for a crashed jet plane on January 13th. Search was conducted from 1900 to 0500 the next day using the 10 meter c.d. frequency, but distances proved too great and the search was reorganized using 75 meters. Here the situation was just the unposite, with long skip making multiple relays necessary. W6EJU's portable emergency trailer was set up as control station. with one relay via W6OLG. W6EJU, K6ARY and K6FC7 operated the coutrol station. Amateurs were responsible for finding the pilot's body and unopened parachute, first reports of this coming from W6PIQ. W6WJF says that training in traffic handling showed up clearly in all onerations. Other amateurs reported to have participated in this emergency include $k$ Kis HWB DBH GZZ AJN BNS and wGgRO.

Reportwise, we started the new year with a bang, as 17 SECs submitted monthly reports, represeuting 3878

AREC members. This beats January of 1954 and 1953 both in reports and coverage, and also ties lunuary of 1953 in reports, so we're off to a Hying start. Let's keep those reports coming in! Initial reporting sections: Minn., W'ash.. Maritime, Tenn., W. N. Y., W. Fla., N. Y. C.-L. I., (ia., Ky., L. Fla., Ala., Jiast Ray, San Joaquin Valley, La., Wis., Colo., Ont. Thanks, fellows, fur your support. Now how about you other 56 SECsi

## RACES News

A good many RACLS organizers have written us for "the latest dope on RA(SE," or information on how to organize RACES. These are pretty general requests, and they usually get pretty general answers. Just in case you are contemplating asking us the same sort of questions, here are some answers:

1) There is a brief boildown on how to organize RACES in our booklet "Emergency Communications," distributed free of charge to all AREC nembers. If you d like a copy, just ask for it.
2) The complete RACES regulations are included in any recent edition of I'he Radio Amateur's License Manual. available from ARRL for fifty cents. Or, if you're interested unly in the RACES regulations, your best bet is to write to the Superintendent of Documents, Governinent Printing Office, Washington. and ask for Part 12, FCC Regulations, Rules Governing the Amateur Service. It'll cost you twenty cents a copy.
3) Three articles on the subject of RACFS were written in 1953, and most of the information therein still applics. In any event, it's good background. Read "The Radio Amateur Civil Emergency Service" in three parts, in March, April and May 1953 QST'. Other articles on RACES have appeared in 1953 QS'Ts for Jan., Fieb., July, Sept., and 1954 QSTs for F'eb., Apr., July, Aug., Sent., Nov., and Dec.
4) If you have any specilic questions or problems, write and tell us about them. We'll try to help you.

FCDA now will approve for matching funds civil defense equipment installed in private cars provided title remains with the state or political subdivision. So if you've been held up in getting that mobile rig installed for civil defense because you think you can't get matching funds for installation in private cars, now you can go to it. Reference is FCDA Memorandum COMM-2.

Speaking of matching funds, there still scems to be some confusion regarding the term "F(VDA approval" as it applies to RACES equipment. Such approval has to do only with matching funds, and admittedly the FCDA specs are high. If your civil defense people want to pay the whole price (and this is invariably considerably less than you would have to pay for gear that dons meet PCDA specs), any type of amateur equipment is permissible. provided it complies with $F^{\prime} C C$ regulations.

What's new in your RACES outfit? Got any hot ideas you'd like to share with the rest of the amateur world? How about gimmicks for recruiting, training, getting results in drills, building gear, etc.? Come on, you RACES enthusiasts, give!

## NATIONAL CALLING RND EMERGENCY FREQUENCIES (kc.)

## C. $W$.

'PHONE

| 3550 | 14,050 | 3875 | 14,225 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7100 | 21,050 | 7250 | 21,400 |
| 28,100 | 29,640 |  |  |

During periods of communications emergency these channels will be monitored tor emergency tratic. At other times, these frequenctes can be used as gener:al calling frequencles to expedite general trittic movement between amateur stations. Emergency traffic has precedence. After contact has been made the frequency whould be oncated immedrately to accommodate other callers.

The following are the National Calling and Emeryency Frequencles for Canada: $E, 10$, 3535,7050 14,060; 'phone - $3765,14,160,28.250 \mathrm{kc}$.

## TRAFFIC TOPICS

Someone reminded us that we have never printed a picture of our BPL Traffic Medallion, authorized by the Board of Directors at its 1954 meeting. Most of vou traffic men (and gals) who have been working so hard to get this award don't even know what it looks like. So here it is, about twice artual size. Purty, ain't it?


How do you get it? Well, it's easy - all you have to do is to make BPL three times since June 1, 1954. After your third BPI, is printed in QST', we send you a little card that says you handled all that traffic by yourself, at your own station, on amateur frequencies, in standard ARRL form. Yousign this curd, send it back to us, and we send you the medallion.

You only get ane medallion, so take care of it. We're not, going to send you one for each three times you make the BPL. Wear it on your watch chain, or as a necklace ornament, and wear it proudly at club meetings, conventions, or other amateur gatherings. It's a mark of distinction, like a Phi Beta Kappa key.

Miscellaneous net reports: (1) The Early Bird Net tratlic count for February was 782. (2) The Transcontinental Relay Net had 28 sessions, traffic total of 1230, participation by seven stations. (3) The North Texas-Oklahoma Section Net had 28 sessions, 923 check-ins. 333 messages handled. (4) The First Call Area of the 'Transcontinental 'Phone Net registered 674 message counts with 14 stations participating. (5) The Cullege Net met 8 times, was attended by 56 different stations, handled 13 messages.

National Traffic siystrm. We have just completed compulation of some NTS 1954 statistics, which might be of interest. NTS nets reported 9642 sessions in 1954, handled 106,904 messages. We received 285 reports altogether, about half of them reports of section nets, the rest regional und area. About 25 per cent of the reported NTS traffic total for the year was reported by section nets. Kudos to the managers of $1 \mathrm{RN}, 4 \mathrm{RN}, 8 \mathrm{RN}, \mathrm{EAN}$ and CAN for a 100 per cent reporting job during 1954. RN6, 9RN, TEN, 'TRN and PAN also reported every month. but data on the report were incomplete or not properly executed through misunderstanding. This makes ten of the 14 NTS nets at regional and area level turning in reports every month during 1954. A very wonderful reporting record, gang. We dream of 1955 and a perfect record. Yes, we said "dream."

The Tenth Kegional Net handled by far the greatest amount of traffic ( 21,972 ) during the year, with 9 RN second with less than half as much (7822). Much of this traffic, in both cases, was "through" traffic not ordinarily handled at regional level, althnugh $Y R N$ returned to a strictly regional function with its senaration from TL.J in April. Among the remaining regional nets, RN6 was high with 4501 , followed closely by RN5 with 3874 and 4 RN with 3765 . The three area ncts were very close, with PAN tops at 9506, followed by EAN with 8109 and CAN at 7715.

All in all, a very good NTS year, showing a continued increase in interest and activity. Of course we can't show an increase forever, but we think still more progress can be made before we reach a peak. Let each NTS net endeavor to do its share to account for an even better showing in the year 1955.


* Section nets reported: NLI (N.Y.C.-L.I.):QKN, QKS \& QKS-SS (Kans.); NEB (Nebr.): (NN NICN (Conn.); TLCN (Iowa); AENB \& AENP (Ala.) ; MON (Mo.); WVN (W.Va.); Tenn. Regular \& Tenn. Early; N'TX (No. Tex.); KYN (Ky.); Minn. Sect. \& Minn. lhone: WSN (Wash.); QMN (Mich.).

At the time this copy was being written, reports were missing from $3 R N$, KNE, 9RN, TEN and two TCC direetors - just after we got through bragging above about the reporting record for 1954. No doubt some of them will be coming through late, and whether or not we can get them into the copy remains to be seen. NCSs can help their net managers to report on time by reporting their session figures to him promptly. Depend on your report not making QS'T unless received here by the fifteenth of the month, even though we can sometimes squeeze it in late; because sometimes we can't.

W1BVR is proud of the fine work heing done by his IRN gang. All section nets reported 100 per cent in 2RN. Nerotiations are about completed for a new 3 RN manager. Represeutation on 4 RN is needed from (. \%. and West Indies; any help from down there? RN5 net eertificates have been issued to W5GVS and W4UHA. RN7 still needs


A few of the Minn. Section Net gang got together in W'GKJZ's shack for the above snapshot. That's Lydia, W $\emptyset K J Z$, in front, while gathered about her from left to right are WODOL (TEN Manager), WQCGK, WGOMC and WOTKX. Lydia is manager of the Minn. Junior Net.
representation from Saskatchewan and Alaska, both zero for February; several other sections have been spotty, mostly represented by only one or two stations. W8DSX has designated W8JWX assistant 8 KN manager for West Virginia. We should be able to announce new managers for $3 R N, \mathrm{KN} 6$ and PAN in the near future.

TCC news: W6QPY got himself married and has dropped out of TCC temporarily. W6PKL: and VE7QC have combined to take over his many functions. WoBDR, W曰SCA and WOJUJ are performing all the functions in Central Area 'I'CC. Sorue "night owls" are needed for a Iate-hour ( 0030 EST) function in Elastern Area TCC, on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday; contact W8UPB.

## SECOND ANNIVERSARY RADIOTELETYPE SS

The RTTY Society of southern California announces final results of the RTTY SS, held the week end of February 20th. Ninety-four stations in thirty-two ARRL sections were reported active, with W/2BDI (S.N.J.), W87M (Mich.) and W3PYW (Md.-Del.-D. (.) turning in the top scures. The following tabulation lists call, score and number of sections worked:

| 2BDI | 2800-24 | W.5HZF | 520-13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W8ZA | 2000-20 | W9ZBK | 515-12 |
| W3PYT. | 2520-24 | W60WP. | 56 |
| W8RI. | 2318-19 | W7CO | 405-15 |
| W6CO | 2180-20 | W8IJV. | 39\%-11 |
| W6AEE. | $2000-20$ | W1RBF | 370-10 |
| W9BP | 1840-23 | W3ÖWM | 360-12 |
| W7LPM | 1780-20 | W1AW | 341-11 |
| W9TCJ | 1760-20) | KL7CK | -270-9 |
| W3MHD | 1722-21 | W6JUE | 270-8 |
| W6MTH. | 1566-18 | W6ZBY | 145- |
| W8GRL | .1134-14 | W5MYI | 144- |
| W6IZ.J | 1030-15 | W9LDH. | b4- |
| W6L, ${ }^{\text {We }}$ | 1062-18 | W6OGG. | (1)-4 |
| W2TKO | 1020-15 | YE3Cil. | 32-4 |
| W7PQJ | 800-16 | W47PT. | 18- |
| W6ZNU | 728-14 | W7CGA. | 16-2 |
| W1FGL | 720-12 | W60LC: | 16-2 |
| W3KYR | 715-13 | W9QM | 3- |
| W3LMC. | 636-12 | WOQBH. | 6- 2 |
| W1BGW | 546-13 | W'5ENH. | $2 \cdots 1$ |
| W1BDI | 633-13 | W'2SİK | $2-$ |
| V7NVY | 531-9 |  |  |

Besides the the stations whuse scures are reported above, the following are known to have taken part: W2z JAV PAT PAU PTW, W3CRO, W5RFX. W68 BNB CMQ ЊÖ! EGZ EV FLW KMT MZO NCO NPB NWM PNW
 IIP KFA LLL, Hrgs AKNI BGC DRW DW GRW GVN JBH LLX NRC APT UAU VOK, I'ELATC.

## SUPPLEMENT TO NET DIRECTORY

The following list of nets will supplement and correct the listings on page 78, Nov. 1954 QST'; page 74, January QST; and page 75, March CSTT. This list brings the record up to date as of March 18. 1955. and may be used to correct the cross-indexed master multilithed wet dircetory.
An asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) indicates correction from previnns listing in November. January or March QST'. This is the final (SST net supplement prior to fall reregistration of all nets.

| Name of Net | Freq. | Time | Days |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ma. Emerg. Net ('Phone) | 3955 | 1800 CST | Daily |
| (AENP)* |  | 0900 CST | Sun. |
| Birmingham Emerg. Net | 29,560 | 1300 C'ST | Siun. |
| (AENR) |  | 1900 CST | Thu. |
| Chattahoochee Valley Emerg. |  |  |  |
| Nint | 3910 | 1330) (אT | sun. |
| Frie Co, (N. Y.) (ivil Delense | 50.600 | 1930 Est | 1/3 Thu. |
| Amateur Radio Net | 53,580 |  |  |
|  | 145.200 |  |  |
|  | 145,320 |  |  |
|  | 145.440 |  |  |
|  | 147,000 |  |  |
|  | 147,120 |  |  |
| Gadsden (Ala.) Emerr. Net | 29,560 | 1900 Cs" | Wed. |
| GAs Emerg. Net (Fla.) | 29,000 | 1930 EST | 1/15 ea mo. |
| Huutsville (Ala.) Emerg. Net | $3 \times 25$ | 140) CST | Sun. |
| Kalamazon Amateur Kadio C'lub Fimera. Ten-Meter Net | 2!,600 | 2100 EST | W'ed. |
| Kankakee Co. (III.) C.D. Net | 145,800 | 1900 CST | Tue., Thu. |
| Kanses Novice Net (LKN) | 3735 | 1400 CSTT | sun. |
| Key West Eimerg. 'Phone Net | 29.080 | 1930 EST | Wed. |
| Mobile Amateur Radio Club Net (Ind.)* | 29.493 | 11930 CST | Mon.. Wed.. Firi. |
| Mohawk Hudson Training Net | 3716 | 1300 E'ST | Sat. |
| N. Y. Blow-Sipeed Tratfic Net (NYSS)* | 3595 | 1730 EST | Mon. diat. |
| Newfoundland Net | 3750 | 1900 NST | Daily |
| North East 'Texas Emerg. 'Phone Net | 3970 | 0800 Cst | Sun. |
| Northland Net (Que.i* | 3675 | 1000 EST | Mon. |
|  | 3755 | 1915 EST | W'ed. |

Nutley (N. J.) Radin Cluh 29,400 1230 EST Sun. 'Phone Net
Palmetto $\operatorname{Net}(\mathrm{FN})(\mathrm{Fla})^{*}$
The Prep. School Net*
Slow-speed Nat (SSN) South La. Emerg. AREC Net South Texas Emerg. Net (c.w.)
Teenage Net ('TAN)*
Teen-Ager's Net (TAN)
Texas Novice Traffic Net
'Tropical'Phone Tfr Net*(TPTN)
Upper Peninsula Net (Mich.) Wash. Amateur Radio 'Tratfic System (W'AKTS)

| 3675 | 1830 EST | Mon.-itat. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 \times 95$ | 1400 EST | Wed. |
| 3695 | $0!30$ EST | Sun. |
| $3 \times 30$ | 0 O 00 CST | Sun. |
| 3780 | 1930 CST | Mnn. |
| 3630 | 1815 EST | Daily |
| $3 \times 15$ | 1600 PST | Mon.-l'ri. |
| 7191 | 1900 CST | Tue. |
| 3945 | 1730 EST | Daily |
| 3930 | 1000 EST | Sun. |
| 3970 | IKU0 PST | Mnn.-ベat. |

On June 3. 4 and 5. K2ITC/2 plans operation from the Adirondack Council Camporee, Meacham Lake, N. Y. Command equipment will be operated from a gas-powered supply using 75 meters and other bands.

－All operating amateurs are invited to report to the SCM on the first of each month，covering station activities for the preceding month．Radio Club news is also desired by SCMs for inclusion in these columns．The addresses of all SCMs will be found on page 6.

## ATLANTIC DIVISION

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA－SCM，W．H．Wiand， W3RIP－－SEC：IGW．RM：AXA．PAM：PYF゙ E．Pa Nets： 3610.3850 kc ．The West Philadelphia RA held its annual Dinner Party Feb． 2 ind．The club wishes to thank DVB，OWK，and WN3ZIA for rery fine banquet．The York Road RC，now 105 members strong，meets on the 1st and 3rd Tue．of each month in Elkins Park at 8：15 P．m． Visitors are invited．The club station，RDM，is net control for its 2 －meter net in session every Sun．evening at $9: 30$ p．m． on 146.25 Mc．All hams in the Philadelphia Area are invited to cherk in．VMJ reports the club is all set for Field Day． INQ．NNV，and VOI are newly－appointed OOs，while TSH is now OES．TYW has a new ground plane working on 15 meters and ZFL is building a beam for the same band． AZZ．ex－KGGHL，now on his way back to Germany，is looking forward to a DL4 call．KAG is burk on the air moving to a new QTH．VVV／WUE，an XYL／OM combi－ nation，currently active on the PFN．is sporting a new Viking KW．We＇re pleased to report QGI is back on the air after six weeks in the hospital．OZV is looking for more traffic．UOE is up to 4.3 countries on 80 meters using his 807s but still needs Asia to make WAC on that hand．DUI raises a good question．Are we going to have another pienic this yearl Let＇s plan for it now and announce the date and place in this column．NNV reports his two sons．WNs $3 A Q 1$ aud AQMI，are soon to be transferred to Kelly AFB． EAN keeps in tnuch with his Dad in Miami Hearh on 210 and 40 meters．ZBD is u uewcomer to the traflic business and the only c．w．outlet for Reading in many a year．The FiPA Net welromes vour presence．OM．ABT reports better luck in hearing LX since tuning the receiving antenna． The inost recent Novice station to report is WN3BFM． The inost recent Novice station to report is WN3BFM． TElcome，WME Traffic：（Feb．）WUI 65，VVV 58 ．GES 56 ，OZV 55. TEJ 91，WUE 6if，DUI 65，VVV 58，GES 56，OZV 5. PVY 7，VPY 7，ZBI）6，JNQ 5，ANE：＇2．（Jan．）W3MW＇ 39．ABT 2.
MARYLAND－DELAWARE－DISTRICT OF COLUM－ BIA－SCM，Arthur W．Plummer，W3EQK－On a recent Sat．at 6 ：3i P．M．approximately 150 members of the Amal－ gamated Association of Ozone Sniffers kathered at the famous Olnev Inn between Washington and Baltimore where they were nobly entertained with masterful demon－ strations of metaphysics and mendacity by DWD．A very interesting informal talk was given by Grorge Sterling， $3 \mathrm{DF} / 1 \mathrm{AE}$ ，who also presented Haraden Pratt，ex－SKH， with the unly certificate of its kind for being the oldest ham in or out of captivity．It seems that he started his hobby of sjark－gapping the nzone way back in Sept．1905．Informa－ tion from several W4s present is to the effect that the Roanoke Division Convention will be held Aug．12－13－14 at the Chamberlain Hotel at Old Point Comfort，Va．For information contact 4HV or 4NV．RVL reports the Ra－ diation Lab．Radio Club，ZIB，had two transmitters in diation Lab．Radio CMub，ZIB，had two transmitters in The Club also sponsored a transmitter hunt Jan．2uth which was won by QLF，with VIL right on his heels． Eighteen stations out of 59 checking into the MEPN for January received the rating as toppers．NNX is now Deputy Chief of RACES in Baltimore under SKK，who is Chief RACES Officer．HTB is the new listrict Radio Officer．Northeast District．replacing NNX．NKX is the new Southern District RACES Coördinator and QER takes his place as new Southern गistrict RACES Offirer．Other new appointments are YंB Northern District Deputy Radin Officer，KWX as Northwestern District Deputy KƠ． and UOJ for the Southwestern．CVS and Y．JB are active in the net at Northern．ZAR has received an appointment to the Air Academy．EMZ has been appointed RO for North－ western Dist．ZNH has his Cieneral Class ticket．MAZ＇s XYL．Nina，is studying for her ham ticket．RKK has left． Northern and is now attached to Main Control．John Bagliani，owner of Radio Electric Supply Co．in Baltimore，
and well known to everyone in electronies，was operated on during the latter part of lebruary in Alerey Hospital but is coming along very uicely．EQK has a now Hammer－ lund $H Q-140 X$ ．（EBB is moving from Baltimore City to Anne Arundel County．The Delaware Amateur Radio Club of Wilmington now treets the Ind Wed．of each month in the meeting roum of the Crace Mlethodist Church． At the February meeting the DARC heard a talk on tran－ sistors by a Bell Telephone Coupany representative．TCxF is rearranging his station and expects to be murh mure active．EQK received a TPA certificate from the Kadio Club of Argentina for having worked the 21 Yan－American Countries and Canada．He needs only a QSO with a British Colony station in Asia to get the WBE certificate．MZK has completed a cubical quad for 20 －meter c．w．Kon also is sporting his OTC rertıficate．CDQ is teaching code like mad these days and is very artive on 40 meters． 11 KS hopes to be on soon with a new rig．QCB reports he recently made a killing on some nice erfuipment．LAIC recently was guest speaker at the Aero Amatcur Radio Club．KLA was uumed chairman of the Club TVI comnittce．WN3YZJ has completed ten－element＂Brownie＂beam for＂2 meters and is on nightly with a Gonset Communicator．YQD skeds U．JG regularly on 220 Mc．along with $4 U M F$ and signals are from S 4 to S 9 with seldom a miss．YQD is using an 832A into 1 ti horizontal elements．Traffic：（F＇eb．）W3WV 539，K3WB．J 376，W3UE 274．PKC 171 ．KV 135，（）NB 121．PQ 107．HC 26．EQK 9．（Jan．）W3COK 90，MCG 76， ONB6．
SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY－SCMI，Herbert $C$ Brooks，K2BG－PAM ：ZI．New appointments：K2EDL as $O O$ and YRW as OBS．EGP and EWN has reactivated the South Jersey $\because=$－meter Net at 1900 Tues．on 145.4 Mc． the South Jersey－meter Net at＂chief＂aboard the SS． North America on the Lakes this summer．Look for Bill on all bands 20 meters and helow．We are indebted to KこCEF，Pleasant ville，for the Bouthern Counties Amateur Radio Society news．The SCARA mrets the 2nd Mon．of earh month at the Pleasmntville City Hall．C＇GP is actuve on 20 meters with a new three－element beam．Art has worked 109 countries．AQP is on 2 and 75 meters．K2KAA， K 2 SIO ，and K2EQC are piving 160 meters a Hing．HIB has just returned from a 6 －month trip in and a．round the Mediterranean．The SCARA runs two nets．Sun．at $10: 30$ A．m．on 3975 kr ．aud Mon．at 8 P．m．on 181.5 ke ．J he club is planning more artivities in r．d．The DVRA WAS Contest is going strong with many participants．LSE and K2BDK， buth on $10-$ meter c．w．，ure working good DX．IA is heard regularly on 40 meters．ZNO has moved to a new QTH sn uperation is temporarily suspended．K2INQ has dropped the＂N．＂FB，Pegey．The Burlington County Kadio Club is hoiding weekly drills Fri ．nights on 2 and 10 meters． KN2JW\％，Lanrenceville，is intercsted in starting a Novice net．Drop him a line for particulars．ADA is on the mend after a recent operation．LILL has a new rig on 10 meters． Again we urge that emergency gear he kept in goud repair and he siven periodic cherks．Trattic：W2RG 127，ZI 30 ASG 16，K2BG 10，W2SUG 10，YRW 8.
WESTERN NEW YORK－SCM，Edward C．Graf， W2NJV－Asst．SCM：Je：ane Walker，こBTB．SEC： ITH／FRL．RM：RUF．PAMs：GSS and NAI．NYS meets on 3615 kc ．at 6：30 P．m．and 3925 kc ．at 7 P．m．；N YSS on 3595 kc ．at 8 P．M．：NYS C．D．on 3509.5 and 3993 kc ．at on A．M．Sun．${ }^{2}$ TCPM． 2 nd Call Area on 3970 kc ．at 7 P．m．： SRPN on 3970 kc ．at 10 A．M．：ISN on 3980 kc ．at 3 P．M． M ． New officers of Lockport ARC are K2EGD，pres．；TPE， vice－pres．；A．Retzloft，secy．JFN．treas．The meeting topic was Show and＇rell．＇Those bringing gadgets and telling about them were FEB，ZOC，RXMI，YLT，JFN，RUI， ALR．CWB，aud K2s GKM．ALZ，and ELS．DVD＇s XYL＇ is KとGIIF，Niagara RC officers are LCPP，pres．：CMV， vice－pres．；VE3IM，secy．：RVJ．treas．Net certificates have been issued to COB．ZŻG，BKC．MZ．PKG．and K2B APV and CIG．A new tlub has been formed in Watertown with ZYD，pres．：K2DUO，viee－pres．；KCGWN，secy．；and EN2JDE，treas．，which meets the Ind／4th Thurs．at P．m．in Jefferson County c．d．rooms in Thompson Park． FE．M．and QQ are active OOs．BLO．EZP，and PZF are on FE and QQ are active OOs．BLO．EZP，and PZF are on
2 meters．K2HXC received General Class lirense．KZGVF dropped the＂N．＂VMW is on with an 813．HJN runs 150 watts into a Zepp on 75 meters．K2HLY now is leneral Class on all bunds running 35 watts． KN 2 HJC and his 10－year－oid son．KN2HJD，are honing up for the（ieneral Class exam．QWA，on 75 meters，purchased a surplus Collins 30－J and is modifying it fnr ham use．TQ finds 15－ meter DX good．UXC has 813 finul running 300 ，watts． FTW is on with a B\＆W．DH7 is on 20－meter＇phone． iSX uses an Eimac for fixed and mobile．OZY has been appointed RO for Clinton County．Corning QRM states
the first group of walkie-talkies has been completed. The Club conducts code classes. KEL is catching up on DX on 20 meters after OBS work. CXM is running propagation tests with SZ, IYU, AEE, and others on 160, 80, 75, and 2 meters. F'DI had help putting up a 20 -meter beam. K 2 GWN is coürdinator of the Tri-State Net on 3687 kc . rt 0700 daily, with $1 Z H 0$ and K2LQP assisting. OPD has resigned as mathager of NYSS and K2DYB has taken over. PANW is running 200 watts to an 813. All arnateurs interested in forming a club in Clinton County, please contart K2H.IC. KN2LBL is a new Novice in Morrisonville. C 2 BB rereived his WAS certificate and is on 20 -meter c.w. since swapping his BC-312 for an HQ-129X. The KBT held an auction. New oificers of Elmira ARA are K2DNN, pres.
 putting ced. modifications to a Viking [I. K21)OZ and PPR haye new HQ-140 receivers. KZGOK, of Olean, now in the Air Force with the call KR6PR, would like to hook up with Stateside pals on '20 meters, 'phone or c.w. K2DYC reports that KขDXE worked France in the Novice hand. K2s DOL and DAO, are on $2=0 \mathrm{Mc}$. KN2s KIR, KTE. KTF, aud LAD are graduates of Auburn ARA code classes. KOGVS is chairman of AARA Field Day. KIGVJ has : B\&W. RARA has passed the 200 mark in membership. OWF has an $8 \div 9 B$ on 6 meters. The RARA v.h.f. group met at the home of ZS. The RARA is compiling a club directory for members. PUN and UTH reported some new countries in the DX Contest. UTH and SJV were guests of KB'I president UHI. 1HDQ and THI have g. sked on $14 t$ Mlc. Sat. at 8 A.M. and would like some artivity after 144 Nc. Sat. at A.M. and would like sume artivity after
the sked. AIC is back from Korea and in rollege in Wisthe sked. AIC is back from Korea and in eollege in Wis-
cousin. Tralfic: ifeh.) W?RUF 6fs. OE 126 . FiV 102 . HKA 90, ZRC 89, K $38, \mathrm{~K} 2 \mathrm{O} \mathrm{C}$ 13, CUQ 11, W2FEB 10, RQF 10, K2AHII 4. (Jan.) W2CXM 62, K2AMZ 16, W2WS 8.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA - SCMI, R. M. Heck W3NCD - SEC: GEL. RAIs: NUG, UHN, GEG, and NRE. PAMs: AliR and LXE. The $W$. Pa. Tratlic Net, which meets on 3585 kc . at 7 P.m. Mon. through liri. reports 248 attendance and 144 messages handled during Hebruary. TMA has taken a job with CBS-Hytron and will be moving to Danvers, Mass., so has resigned as president of the Bucktail Amateur Radio Club of Emporium K.VS is palnning a c.d. net for Cameron County on 24.4130 $\mathrm{kc} ., 146.820 \mathrm{kc}$. and 6 meters if necessary. TYC is working the YLRL nets. IIX, RMX. R.JMI, and NGZ are building equipment. RLH occasionally joins the 29.080 kc . Cornmuters Net. LELT and ZHM1 are working $2: 00 \mathrm{Mc}$. WII is n.f.m. on 40 meters. VEE is husy with school activities VEF is working the club station. PTU is on 80, 75, 40, and 10 meters. OLB has moved to Elinira. N. Y. OGN is back working part time. ZKY passed the General Class exam NMJ is working i)X and traffic. The south Hills Brass Pounders and Modulators Monitor editorial statf, LDB VKS. QOQ, ZSP, und TFU, eet out the SHBPM news. ZDK received his new ticket on his birthday. OKU is trying s.s.b. NYG is operating from a new QTH. KPO is mobile on 10 meters. New calls are WN3AWU and WN3AYB. The Radio Assn. of Eirie reports aains in the membership. STK 18 giving weekly code classes. 「NM has joined the Lake Erie Emergency Net. MS is working DX. NXK is putting on a shortwave demonstration at Vernondale High School. New ralls are WNs BHJ, BBO, BFB $\triangle Q U$, and ZQS. From Steel City ARC, NKM is giving s.s.b. a try-out along with MTP. J\&S is reported trans ferred to Boston. WN3ANX is on 40 meters. TZW donated the Club a 300 -watt c.w. rig. CUM, who has drawn the job of reporting the news from the Butler County Amateur Radio Assn., deseribes the huild-up of an active Butler Radio Assn., dessribes the huild-up of an active Butler Thurs. at $7 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{m}$. on 29.6 Mc . LXQ is reported doing a fine job working as liaison between W.Pr. C.W. Net and the Pa . Phone Net (PF'N 3850 kc. 1830 EST Mon. through Fri., PYF manager). LMM is proud of his new A-1 Operators Club rertificate. Traffic: W3W1Q 1766, LMM 158, OPQ 126. LXQ 120 , NRE 90 KUN 60, UHN 57 . NUG 47 SIJ 34, OEZ 25, KNQ 15, UTX 11, NCD 7, PWN 3, NMJ 1.

## CENTRAL DIVISION

ILIINOIS - SCM, George T. Schreiber, W9YIX-. Section Nets: ILN ( 3515 kc .) IEN ( 3940 kc .) RMs: BUK and MRQ. PAM: JQT. SEC: HOA. Asst. SEC: VTL. Cook County EC: HPG. It has been announced that the rnnual Starved Rock Radio Club's now justly famous hamfest will be held June 5 th, same place. Of renewals the month: KA, ICF, JMG, aud PHE. ORS: WFS, BPU UVM, UIN, MRQ. JMG, and KJ. OPS: ACU, PHE, and CF. Making BPL this month are AA, who now becomes elipible for the traffic medallion, DO, and K9FCA. A new Novice is OIH, 11 years old, who has adopted the slogan "Nold Intelligent Ham." BUJK revived the Illinois O.W. Net paper, Illinois $N U Z$, and got out an interesting issue. CZB lost four power transformers in a dainn basement but stays on the air through RGU, the e.d. station at Rockford. HUX says he has moved so many times he can reassemble his transmitter blindfolded. He likes his new VFO. The Society of Radio Operators provided a demonstration of amateur radio for the linns Club, with ZNY
ou the air from the meting place. UVM/ now is chicf
operator of KARL, the student-owned broadcast station at Carleton College. CSW had plenty of rig trouble, but has the 30 K running again and is sparking the NorthCentral 'Phone Net as NCS four mornings a week. PNK and K9FCA spell him two days. The Net meets at (100 CST with 15 states checking in. D() made the public prints, as did MRW, with laudatory newspaper stories. New kw. rips are sported by KJ and BUK. JMG built a modulator for his 31-watt job. When someone calls for Ruth, at (iVO, he might be asking for the OMI, whose last name is Kuth, or the XYL, whose first name is spelled that way. ING has returned from Mexico, where he operated XEIXE. INF travels so much he is tickled when he :an pet hack to Chicago to attend the Hamiesters Club. AA is playing with a new trick keying relay and prevents BC'I and TVI; maybe he'll write about it. Organizers of the Kankake RACES 2-meter Net are KLD, HKA, NKR. and QDK. Again I'AL warned of interference to Loran by 1(i0-meter stations off-frequency and PBI checked 15 Novice harmomics near 7500 kr . Watrh out, fellows! Congrats to WVR and his XYL on their new daughter. NBB has moved to Champaign, and PK to Michigan. SKR spends his spare time dreaming up antenna couplers and building low-pass filters. Freeport amateurs have organized a club, as yet unnamed. but with the following otficers: ECS, HAF. CHU, GUY, and KQY. PPM and AMIJ are on the air with new portable 6-meter rigs. They also run a code class and araduated Novices OEZ, OOG, MPN, OFP, and OOC. ZSN's new QTH is Washington, III. HPJ and EVA bought Russian code teletypewriters and are husy converting them to send English characters. AVJ gets good results with a pair of phased verticals on 80 meters. SEF writes he is almost blind now, but has a good chance of recovering. TQL took two days of vacation for the DX Contest and broke down the first hour. NN visited a ham club and heard himself roasted for stealing the rare ones before he identified himself. JCX rereived General Class license and manages to get on the air daily. HYK celebrated his 8uth hirthday and still keens a regular sked with his sun, DPY. Traffic: W91)O 1070 , K9FCA 682, W9IDA 411, AA 281. SME 153, C2QG 106, IIX 54, MXF 53 , BUK 52, MRQ 45. VHD 40, BRD 26. STZ 25, LXJ 20, FRP 15, WVR 7, KLD 5, PIIE 5, CNF 4.
INDIANA - SCM, George II. Graue, WaBKJ -- The LCARC concluded its year of activity by holding its serond annual banquet with more than 200 in attendance. The NERC has new club headquarters in the City Hali Building. The FWRC held its annual auction. The mobule kroup demonstrated at a father-son church banquet on how amateur radio can serve civil defense. The MARC (Madison) is planning its 3rd annual hamfest in May, the exact date to be announced later. The TARS reports 35 members certified to RACES. DGA, UIIC, AIN, and FJI mobiled to Princeton to visit URQ, TKK, ZTR , and N9JFP. I)QI has a new Gonset Communicator. SWN and ZPP are f.m. on 147.3 Mc . UMS is out for $D \mathrm{X}$ with a kw., likewise BBC. ZHJ has a new Viking Ranger. SVL had a nice write-ur in the Perfect Circle Corp. news organ. Wheel Static held a transmitter hunt with NAR the winner and MYI a close second. URJ became a proud grandpappy recently. QZC: wants a sked for test on $220 \mathrm{Mc} . \mathrm{J}$ anuary total traflic on QIN was 612, lebruary total was 476. as reported by OLX net manager. YIP, net manager for IFN, reports a total of 233 . WWT, net manager for RFN, reports 125 . FIIIZ reports 113 for CAEN. Those making RPL in February were JUJ, NZZ, and TT. JUJ is keeping 11 schedules dailv. NZZ received the coveted A-1 Operator certificate. TT has a new signal Generator. WWT has applied for OBS appointment. New NCs on QIN are WRO and SKP. IMO is building $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. rig for 64 -element beam. KPL has a new Collins transmitter and receiver. CRP is convalescing after a long illness. EAU has a three-element beam on 14 Mc. AQB expects to be an OPS soon. SVL has a new HT-9, also new mobile rig. CC is recovering from a hernia operation. PPS is operating at YB. NH has worked 20 countries and has been heard in 5 others on 160 -meter c.w. NTR received a $1-k w$. rig as a kift. Traific: W9JU.J 1404, NZZ 746, 'TT 521. WWT 365, WRO 227, TG 182, STC 160, OZQ 156, EHZ 150, TQC 136, UQP 132, BKJ 88. QYQ 88, ZYK 69, CTF 63, WUH 48, FGX 46, VNV 40,
 OR 17, EQO 12, SKP 11, DZC 8, KDV 8, GDL 7. BDP 5, ZIB 4, FSA 3. NH 3, PPS 3, YVS 2. DKR 1, GDL 1.

WISCONSIN - SCM, Reno W. Goetsch. W9RQM SEC: UVO. PAMs: ESJ and GMY. RMs: IXA. RTP, and UNJ. Nets: BEN, 3950 kc ., 6 P.M. daily; WIN, 3685 kc., $b_{\text {P.M. daily; }}$ WPN, 3950 kc., 1215 Mon.-Sat., 0930 Sun. Wisconsin mobile and c.d. frequency: 29.620 kc . New calls in Waukesha are WN9MMA, MOP, and ONH. DIK has a new Matchbox antenna coupler. IIU is planning on the Ficld Day use of the new 750-watt gas generator. SDK picked up 3 new countries during the first week end of the C.W. DX Test. RKP has 15 countries on 8.5 Mc. Because of the proximity of RTTY and the resultant QRM. WIN shifted its frequency from 3625 to 3685 kc ., effective March 15th. WPN had 30 sessions in January with 801 QNI and 138 messages handled, according to SAA. KXK is the proud owner of a new Johnson Viking II (C'ontinued on nage 82)

$\mathscr{L}$
$\mathcal{L}_{\text {IStening on }}$ almost any amateur band one is likely to get the impression that a new type of r.f. amplifying system has recently been developed. This "new" system eliminates all T.V.I., all spurious and harmonic radiations, has high efliciency, has low efficiency, uses only special tubes, can use any tubes, etc., etc. Thus, it is evident that some degree of confusion exists and it seems appropriate to again review some of the clear-cut facts about linear amplificrs.

$\mathscr{T}$HEY are not new at radio frequencies as they have been used for years by commercial services. All amplifiers have some degree of distortion thus developing harmonics and inter-modulation products. A linear by its nature will have less of these unwanted products, but good operating and engineering practice make mandatory a carefully designed, tuned tank circuit or pi-network output to reduce spurious radiations to a minimum level.

$\mathscr{G}^{\prime}$HE efficiency of a linear amplifier is lower than a Class Ci stage when rated on a plate power input basis, but when used for S.S.B. and properly rated and measured can provide about $65 \%$ plate efficiency.
$\mathcal{F}_{\text {Lmost any tubes can be used as linear amplifiers. sume, however, }}$ will have higher internal losses than others, but would also exhibit these same characteristics when used in Class C applications.

$\mathcal{A}$convenient measure for evaluating linear amplifiers on a cost basis, for a given plate input, is to compare the combined replacement cost of the r.f. and rectifier tubes. For 500 watts input and Class B operation the most economical combination is a pair of 811-A's and 866-A's for a total cost of slightly more than $\$ 14.00$. The associated circuit simplicity for this combination also assures increased reliability and further economies. The dollars thus conserved can be spent for the most efficient r.f. input and output circuits to reduce drive requirements and obtain the maximum suppression of spurious signals.
$\mathcal{F}_{\mathrm{LL}}$ of these features, and more, are in the new HT-31 amplifier soon to be announced.
Fritz Franke
Raielfallyain.gr.
W. J. Hally jau WIAC

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## NEW MULTIPHASE "Q" MULTIPLIER AVAILABLE THREE WAYS

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## MODEL 20A

- 20 Watis Peak Envelope Output SSB, AM, PM and CW
- Complefely Bandswitched

160 ihru 10 Merers

- Magic Eye Carrier Null
and Poak Modulation Indicator
Choice of grey table model, grey or black wrinkle finish rack model.
Wired and tested.
$\$ 249.50$
Complete kit. . . ................. $\$ 199.50$


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NEW - FOR 10 METERS
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" $Q$ " MULTIPLIER for installation in Model A Slicer. Includes new front panel. Power-IF cable plugs into accessory socket.
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## MODEL DQ

Desk Model "Q" MULTIPLIER for use with any receiver having 450 to 500 KC IF. In aftractive case $51 / 2^{\circ} \mathrm{W}, 4^{\circ} \mathrm{H}$, $5^{\circ} \mathrm{D}$, with connecting power-IF cable. Power requirements, 225 to 300 VDC at $12 \mathrm{ma}$.6.3 V at .6 amps , can be secured from receiver. Can provide added selectivity and BFO for mobile SSB or CW reception.
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Sideband Slicer, same as Model A Slicer but includes built-in " $Q$ " MULTIPLIER. AP-1 not needed.
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- Perfected Voice-Controlled Break-in on SSB. AM, PM.
- Upper or Lower Sideband at the flip of a switch.
- New Carrier Level Control. Insert ony amount of carrier with. out disturbing carrier suppression adiustments.
- New Calibrate Circuil. Simply talk yourself exactly on frequency as you set your VFO. Calibrate signal leval adiustable from zero to full output.
- New AF Inpui Jack. For oscil. lator or phone patch.
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Choice of grey lable model, grey or black wrinkle finish rack model. With coils for one band.
Wired and tested. . . . . . . . . . \$179.50
Complete kit. ..................... $\$ 129.50$


## QT-1 ANTI-TRIP UNIT

Perfected Voice Operated Break-in with loudspeaker. Prevents loud signals, heterodynes and static from tripping the voice break-in circuit. All electronic no relavs. Plugs into socket inside 20A or $10 B$ Exciter.
Wired and tested, with tube.. . . \$12.50




MODELDX-100
Shpg. Wt. 120 lbs.
$\$ 18950$
Shipped mutor freivit unless othervise specified. 8.50 .00 deposit with C.O.D. orders.

- R.F. output 100 watts Phone, 125 watts CW.
- Builtin VFO, modulator, power supplies. Kit includes all components, tubes, cabinet and detailed construction manual.
- Crystal or VFO operation (crystals not included with kit).
- Pi network output, matches $50-600$ ohms non-reactive load. Reduces harmonic output.
- Treated for TVI suppression by extensive shielding and filtering.
- Single knob bandswitching, 160 meters through 10 meters.
- Pre-punched chassis, well illustrated construction manual, high quality components used throughout-sturdy mechanical assembly.


## Heathkit

## GRID DIP METER KIT



MODEL GD-IB

## \$1 150 ship. Wt.

The invaluable instrument for all Hams. Numerous applications such as pretuning, neutralization, locating parasitics, correcting TVI, adjusting antennas, design procedures, etc. Recelver appilcations include measuring $C$. $L$ and $Q$ of cuit resonant frequencles
Covers $80,40,20,11,10,6,2$, and $11 / 4$ meter Ham bands. Complete frequency coverage from 2-250 Mc, using ready-wound plug-in colls provided with the kit. Accessory coll kit. Part $341-\mathrm{A}$ at $\$ 3.00$ extends low frequency range to 350 Kc . Dial correlation curves furnished.
Compact construction, one hand operation. AC transformer operated, variable sensitivity control,
thumb wheeldrive, and direct reading callbrations. Precallbrated dial with additional blank dials for individual callbration. You'll like the ready convenience and smart appearance of this kit with its baked enamel panel and crackle finish cabinet.

## HELTH COMPITY <br> A SUBSIDIARY OF DAYSTROM, INC. BENTON HARBOR 9, MICHIGAN

This modern-design 'Transmitter has its own VFO and plate-modulator built in to provide CW or phone operation from 160 meters through 10 meters. It is TVI suppressed, with all incoming and out-going circuits filtered, plenty of shielding, and strong metal cabinet with interlocking seams. Uses pi network interstage and output coupling. R.F. output 100 watts phone, . . . . . . 125 watts C W. Switch-selection of VFO or 4 crystals (crystals not included).
Incorporates high quality features not expected at this price level. Copper plated chassis-wide-spaced tuning capacitors ...- excellent quality components throughout-illuminated VFO dial and meter faceremote socket for connection of external switch or control of an external antenna relay. Preformed wiring harness-concentric control shafts. Plenty of step-bystep instructions and pictorial diagrams.

All power supplies built-in. Covers 160, 80, 40, 20, 15, 11 and 10 meters with single-knob bandswitching. Panel meter reads Driver Ip Final $I_{G}, I_{P}$, and $E_{P}$, and Modulator $I_{p}$. Uses 6AU6 VFO, 12BY7 Xtal osc.-buffer, 5763 driver, and parallel 6146 final. 12AX7 speech amp., 12BY7 driver, push-pull 1625 modulators. Power supplies use 5V4 low voltage rect., 6AL5 bias rect., 0A2 VFO voltage reg., (2) 5 R 4 GY hi voltage rect., und 6AQ5 clamp tube. R.F. output to coax. connector. Overall dimensions $207 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} x$ $133 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{D}$.

## \#eathkit ANTENNA COUPLER KIT

Poor matching allows valuable communications energy to be lost. The Model AC-1 will properly match your low power transmitter to an end-fed long wire antenna. Also attenuates signals above 36 Mc , reducing TVI. 52 ohm coax. input-power up to 75 watts- 10 through 80 meters-tapped inductor and variable condenser-


MODEL AC-1


Shpg. Wt. 4 lbs. and variable condenserneon RF indicator-copper plated chassis and high quality components.

## Heathkit Antrana impeance METER KIT


$\$ 1450$

Shpg. Wi 2 lbs.

Use the Model AM-1 in conjunction with a signal source for measuring antenna impedance, line matching purposes, adjustment of beam and mobile antennas, und to insure proper impedance match for optimum overall system operation. Will double, also, as a phone monitor or relative field strength indicator.

100 ua. meter employed. Covers the range from 0 to to 600 ohms. Cabinet is only $7^{\prime \prime}$ long, 23/2" wide, and 31/4" deep. An instrument of many uses for the amateur.


## Ideal trimmer for VHF range

To keep pace with the continuing efforts of the electronic industry toward miniaturization of components, Hammarlund has introduced a tiny variable capacitor, type "MAC". This component provides the low minimum capacity essential for use as a trimmer in the VHF range.
The silicone-treated base is only $3 / 4 \times 5 / 8$ inches. Its rotor and stator are soldered assemblies of brass, nickel-plated for low losses, while the wiper rotor contact is nickel-plated beryllium-copper. Rotor and stator terminals are positioned to permit short leads. A threaded bearing is provided with flat sides to permit single-hole mounting without turning.
The new units are available to fulfill capacity requirements between 1.4 and 19.6 mmf . Try one in your next piece of gear.


If you haven's received your eopy of the Capacitor Catalog, write to The Hammarlund Mfg. Co., Inc., 460 W. 34th St., New York I, N. Y. Ask for Bulletin C5


Fred J. Rescorl is both a science teacher and a ham, and as such can appreciate both the practical and theoretical sides of radio. Fred has been a satisfied Hammarlund customer for years, using Hammarlund capacitors and other components in home-built equipment, and now has a Hammarlund HQ-140-X receiver in his ham station.

Fred is enthusiastic about Hammarlund products. In his latest letter, he says, "My HQ-140-X is the best buy I ever made. It's the receiver I recommend to my friends. It has performed the way you said it would - outstanding sensitivity
and selectivity, with almost no frequency drift."

Fred J. Rescorl's happy experience with Hammarlund products is no accident. Rather, it is the result of careful engineering exemplified in the professional characteristics of the HQ-140-X.

Be completely safisfied with your next receiver. Get an HQ-140-X! It's available either as a cabinet model or for rackmounting. For complete details, write to The Hammarlund Manufacturing Co., Inc., 460 W. 34th Street, New York 1, N. Y. Ask for Bulletin R5


## ENGINEERING OPPORTUNITIES

## AT JOHNSON

We invite QST readers to consider technical employment in the following categories made necessary by an expanding products development program.

## COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERS ... With EE DEGREES

. . . or equivalent professional experience in the communications field.

## MECHANICAL ENGINEERS

... with design experience on small mechanical and electrical parts similar to those used in electronics equipment, or with methods and production experience in this field.

## DESIGNER-DRAFTSMEN

... for diversified work on equipment and components.

## ELECTRONIC TECHNICIANS

...for laboratory or production test work.

These openings result from steady growth of our company over a period of 30 years. The excellent reputation and wide acceptance of Johnson products have been the result of sound engineering, close control of manufacturing, conservative but progressive management and adequate financial strengith. These factors, plus widely diversified lines, lead to job security that is unsurpassed in the industry.
Waseca cffers an altractive small city envircnment, ideal for family life, close to work, to good schools and recreational opportunities in the Land of Ten Thousand Lakes.

If you feel you are qualified and interested in working with a compatible and highly respected group on projects ranging from component items to broadcast and amateur equipment and without the disadvantages of over-specialization and resultant boredom, write to A. M. Pichitino, Chief Engineer. We would appreciate a resume of your education and experience in your first lefter together with a recent photo. All responses will, of course, be held in strict confidence.

## E. F. JOHNSON COMPANY

210 2nd Avenue, SW
Waseca, Minn.
job on 3790 kc . at 7: P.M. and we welcome more. HEE is our new PAM. Let us all help him get the Ozark 'Phone Net going on 3810 kc . CAM is a new Cieneral Class licensee in Pine Bluff. BITX reported on the e.w. net with a new rig and a nice signal. The Southwest Arkansas Amateur Radio Club at Pine Bluff plans a hamfest in early June. WN5HJO is a new ham in Siloam Springs. He paid us a visit. SXM is our new RM, taking the place of MSH, who was rather suddenly called to Europe on a radio joh. I would like to have the news from more radio clubs. Traffic: WSSXM 54, FMF 33, WUN 6, BUX 9 PX 1 .

LOUISIANA - SCNI, Thomas J. Morgavi, W5FMO - LJT is new EC for Lake Charles. IHR resigned because of illness. Officers of the Southwest La. ARC are FDC, pres.: BWZ, rice-pres.; ZAK, treas.; BMK, secy. The emergency net meets each Sun. at 1400 CST on 3850 ke . Istrouma ARC's new officers are WQX, pres. ISN, vicepres.; ONM. act. mgr.; URR, asst. tn ONM : UNQ. treas.; FMN, seey. On the morning of Feb. vith at 0300 Baton Rouge had a surecessful simulated emergency. The Istroumia ARC participated using its new emergency truck complete with gasoline-driven a.c. generator for emergency power. WQX is now VFO. DUS has completed a new rig with 813 in the final. The South La. Emerrency Net meets at (Continurd on page 86 )

E. F. JOHNSON COMPANY

# EXCLISNE! NEW! 

## VIKING RANGER with

 Timed Sequence Keying

- New Time Sequence Keying
- 75 Watts Input CW - 65 Watts Input Phone
- Buill-in VFO - TVI Suppressed
- Instant Bandswitching - 7 Amafeur Bands

Viking "Ranger" Transmitter/Exciter Kit complete with fubes and all necessary instructions, less crystals, key, and mike.
\$214.50 Amateur Net
Viking "Ranger" Transmitter/Exciter wired and tested including tubes, less crystals, key, and mike . . . . \$293.00 Amateur Net

For the complete stary on the Viking "Ranger" write for Booklet 724 containing detailed information, and schematic diagram.

Here it is! The new, improved Viking "Ranger" with the perfect keying system. No more clicks and chirps even when driving a full kilowatt! Timed sequence keying provides ideal "make" and "break" on your keyed signal, yet VFO is keyed for fast break-in. Press the key and the VFO turns on quickly (before the keyed amplifer), and it stays on a fraction of a second after the amplifier cuts off. Wave shaping is then applied to the keyed amplifier stages for a perfect waveform. Time delay sequence is adjustable and may be set to operate so fast that a "breaking" signal can be heard between transmitted dots! Entirely electronic in operation, the system utilizes a type of grid block keying without relays and provides clean and crisp electronic keying.

Buy your Viking "Ranger" today! Truly the finest low power rig available, it packs enough power for enjoyable contacts all over the world. Later using the "Ranger" as an exciter you can add a Viking Kilowatt Power Amplifier and enjoy the ultimate in high power performance and convenience.

0800 Sun. on 3830 kc . The Net is under the direction of DKU, the EC, with YDC, TDY, and BV, Asst. ECs. UJK is chairman of the planning committce. HEJ, our PAM, is in the hospital at this writing. We all wish him a speedy recovery. NG, our KM. reports that Baton Rouge is not suffering for lack of new blood. A large crop of Novices are coming up. SQI received a European QSL that completes his quota for WAC. EA has a new seone. CEW has two new rigs on, TVI-free, and worked three new countries on 'phone. SPZ has a new 20 -mpter heam, three clements 50 feet high. HUT is the new EC for New Orleans. UQK resigned as EC when his new job tonk him to Houston, Tex. FNIO recently put on a frequency measuring demonstration using secondary standard, cycle counter, uscillograph, audio oscillator, and a receiver at the Greater New Orleans Amateur Radio Club which was well received. Trattic: W5NG 89, MXQ74, NDV 47, EA 39, SQI 6. ONM 5.
MISSISSIPPI - SCM, Dr. A. R. Cortese, W5OTD Well. fellows, this will be my last report as SCM for Mississippi. I have enjoyed serving you for the last two years and appreciate all the help given me. Mr. Julian Blakely. your new SCM, is a fine fellow and deserves all the aid you can give him. R.Y has a short beam on 20 meters. WN5GDW is nn with a Heathkit and wants to work more Missixsinpi hams. ELWE has a new $1.5-$-meter beam. TIR knows where you can get a 1000 -v.d.c. generator. The lackson Hamfest will be held the last Sunday in August. The usual gond time will be had and I hone $i$ ll see all of you there. Trafic: W5VME 9*, EWE 71, TIR 3.4. OTD B, Ky .
TENNESSEE - SCM, Harry © Simpson, W4SCF SEC: RRV. PAM: PFP. KM: WQW. WQW was visited by GZ and a multitude, and visited LC, HEZ, VBA. BMI, KN4AOK, and BQG. Many Tennesses friends will miss LEEI, who moved to At lanta. WHiN now has ART-13 Mobile. GFV, new ©inneral Class, is building a VFO and modulator. ZJY is building a new kw . It find ly comes out
JT hasn't been on c.w. lately because the tree supporting his c.w. antenna died. IIB reports (hattanonga (C.I). Exercise Interim worked nicely on both phone and c.w. TDZ reports a mood attendance on the Chattanooga Area Radio Net. WQT has 3 new countries on 80 meters. The (larksville Club teaches code to local Boy Scouts, shows ARRL iilms at meetings, and welcomes new member GYKT. WHC, now is /KL7 and is looking for 'reunessee enntacts. The Memphis Club Station, EM, worked the Heart rund drive, assisted by mobiles ADMI, AFB. IBC SUK, ZGG, FYJ, STI, CV, GQQ, PKI, IQX, WTI, YMIB. LVAM, DIX, DCH, CKP, BDK, UDI, UDQ, ACK, RLU, RBL, BAO, ADY', WTJ, ATQ, B'TZ, HMJ, HHK, and WBK. New 2 -meter Memphis stations are PKI, WTI, AFB, FRB, and FRE. The Knoxville Club's new officers are TYU, pres.; 'IZJ, vice-pres.; SVE, secy.: J. P. Morgan. program chairman; aud PHW, publicity chairman. Oak Ridge Operators Club, Inc., nperated $\mathrm{SKH} / 4$ at the Hobby Show. Brother Luke. an operator at YN4CB, is visiting his many friends in Memphis. Traffic: W4PL 1196. OGG 551 , K4FET 265 , W4PFP $2: 31$, SCF 147 , WAX 118, WQW 109, SKH/4 101, CXY 91 . IIB 90 , TZD 90, PQP 87, BQG 78, K4FEU 72, W4ODR 52 , VJ 44 , 'MB 40 , $2 \mathrm{JY} 40, \mathrm{HIH} 33$, IV 32 . 4 FB 31 , RRV 27 , HEZ 19, TIE 19. SAR 15, UVS 15. 'TDZ 10, RMIJ fi. HAQ 5, FLW 5, HSX 5, HUT 5, UOA 5, UDI 4, GFV 3, YPG 2, NPS 1.

## GREAT LAKES DIVISION

KENTUCKY - SCM, Robert E. Fiplds; W4SBI NIZ is really carrying the ball for the new (KPN) Kentucky 'Phone Net. The first 14 days of the new Kentucky Net operation showed these figures: 236 stations called in, an average of 16.7 stations per net; 32 messames handled, an average of 2.28 per net. Net time is $1: 30$ p.m. CST'. Mon. through Sat. and 8:00 A.m. Sun. The frequency is 39fio kc. CDA, SEC for Kentucky, asks that all Kentucky ECs report to him the number of AREC members they have signed up. Every amateur in Kentucky should register station facilities and availability as an operator with station fachitier and availability as an operator with
AREC. Registration forms may be had by contacting your EC. SEC. or SCM. The Mic-Key Radio Club of Russellville has a Novice Emergency Net operating Sun. at 2:00 P.m. CST and Thurs. at 7:00 P.M. CST on 3735 kc . under the capable leadershin of JHU. The Novice Net has 15 active stations at the present time. Our hat is of to you, Marvin. Traflie: K4WBG 420 , W4 KKW 369 , K4FBW 92. W4NIZ 64 . RPF 54. HSI 49, CDA 47 . SBI 42, JCN 41 ©FG 19, HEA 12, 2 DB 12, ZDA 11, KRC 7 , URF/1 5, K4AXE 4. W4SUD 4.
MICHIGAN - Thomas G. Mitchell, W8RAE - Asst. SCMs: Joe Beljan. 88CW ; Bob Cooper, XAQA. SEC: GJH. With HKT retiring as our'SCM I am sure that you will join me in expressing our thanks to him for a job well done and extend to him best wishes for the future. In taking over the duties of this office I pledge you my very best effort to maintain the same calibre of service that you are accustomed to, Many thanks to all who supported me in the election. There is no misunderstanding on my part that this is a one-man job. Rather, it is one of coürdinating the coonerative efforts of all members in this section. Let's all keen striving to keep the fine reputation that we in Mich-
igan enjoy. Examination of the appointments file indicates laxity on the part of some appointes to have their ap pointment certificates endorsed. Please be reminded that ailure to keep your appointment current is basis for canellation. It is impossible to notify each appointee when to apply for endorsement - it is your responsibility. Word from our SEC rezarding anproval of the Michigan Communications Plan is encouraging. As soon ts it is ratified bv the FCC and the FCDA. our RACES Plan can blossom nto being. Many AREC registrations are being received. but many more will be needed to fill the ranks. GJII has spent nuch tine doing the ground work as let's show our appreciation by backing him and the rest of his AREC rganizution with a solid membership. Kemember, fellows. in the event of a disaster only those qualified as RACES stations will be allowed to help. Traffic: (Feh.) W8NUT 144 . 1 LP 137 . URM 75, NOH 73, SWG 68 . IUJ 66, 1)AP 60 QL 59, HKT 58 . PHA 54 . SRK 52 , WVL 49 , FX 40 IV $37,0 \mathrm{OH} 27$, WXO $25, \% \mathrm{HB} \approx 3$. KAE 22 , USG 21 AUD 17. LSE 17, TBP 12. PHM 10, NTC 9, QQK 7 EGI 5, FSZ 4, TQP 4. TIC 3. (Jan.) W8IKX 44, MLR 4. IV 41. TQP 4.
OHIO-SCM. John E. Siringer. W8A.JW-Aset. SCMIs: J. C. Erickson, 8DAE; W. B. Davis, 8JNF; E. F Bonnet, 80 VG. SEC: UPB. RMis: DAE and YTO. PAMs EQN and HUX. DAE and FYO madie BPL for Fehruary traffic. New appointments are GLAI us EC, WN8UJG as $O F S$, and MYV and OMIK as OBSs. ELi? $\mathrm{X}^{\prime}$ is looking for stations on 20 -meter 'phone in the Youngstown Area at about 2000 Z . DZO will remann indefinitely in Arizona Recently-elected Intercity Radio (lub officers are 11 TO. pres.; OZZ. vice--res,; and QXD, se:y. MIIF and NFO are the transmitter-hunting chamus in Cincy, whule IFX and HDA invariably tinish last. VPX is the assigned call of Patterson Co-up High in Dayton. ILC has been bitten by the 2 -meter hug. HHF is conducting code and theory lasses for his neighbors, This is one way to alleriate 'TVI romplaints. The Tifin gang was scheduled to join ranks with the SVARC in Fremont on Mar. 14th to honor our fabulous SKC. PBX's Boy Scout students are making great prouress, with WN8SA I attaining a nice score in the Novice Roundup. RCJ reports he now has 33 states worked. The ake and (ieauga club had 36 attending its annual dinner VN $\bar{\delta}$ VL's 25 watts gives the Cincy "Big Boys" some thing to worry about. According to DAE. the sat. and sun. 1100 BN sessions are bringing em out. The Net has procured 1000 messaye cards with a pool of 12 sharing the expense. This should afford excellent publicity for BN and the National Trattic 太ivstern. L'F has returned to Columbus aud has resumed his duties as NCS of the 2meter FM Net. QEF did a nice job as a:ting NCS during his absence. You can't beat the feminine tnuch! New officers of the Toledo Mobile Radio Assu. are VQP. pres.; MBE vice-pres.; MNR, secy.-treas.; and OFG, corr, secy. The Nelsonville Tribune gave the Hocking Valley Club a frontnage, spread with numerous references to Rita. HPP Ohio's "Miss Amateur Radio." PIZ is the new activities manager of the Van Wert Club, Hamilton's Feed line reports that V'IS has gone mobile and that the club mobile frequency is 29.1 Mc . Dayton's RF' Carrier informs us that ILC and RKJ are ronducting code practice sessions; QFA is ou 220 Mc .; Novices VGA and UVW are YLs: and the Hamvention program is shaping up beautifully. The "olumbus Caras:ope states that 2 Y U is running high powr with 80 watts; AER is operating mobile in Florifg; JDK and VHO are vacationing in Florida; and WN8VFI was the leading locel srorer in the Novice Roundup. The OVARA's Ether Waves has developed into a tirst-rate DX publication. New OVARA officers are 4EPA, ures; 8DQC, rire-pres.: 4 SBQ, treas.; 8SID, secy.; $40 M W$ editor: 4 KVX . DX editor: SD.I. v.h.f. editor: and PBU art. myr. The Hocking Valley Key Kliks and Feed Back the newest bulletin received here, tells us that l,Q11 has gotten ou 75 meters; LGR/M worked Connecticut on 75 meters: HPP has a new romantic interest; and membership is now up to 35 . Springfield's $Q$ - 5 features an article by OKB on how to work DX. The Toledo Shack Gossin relates that BIQ has 76 countries on 15 meters: YAE is making his home in Toledo; TLC's son is serving in the Far East: LICN has an 813 clicking on 20 and 75 meters; and OKO has deserted 160 for 80 meters. Eastern Ohio's Ham Flashes remorts that BZW has Youngstown's first TV transmitter: PWI has returned to 10 meters; JWC has ererted a 4 -foot vertical; OYQ is a city detective in the, Youngstown Police Dept.; the Tri-State Club meets at RZ's home every other Fri. night; and EX is nttending Fenn College in (Cleveland. Trafic: (Feb.) W8FYO $588^{\circ}$ UPB 293, DAE 248, LHV 186, ARO 175 , IFX 88, AQQ 66. 1 LC 75. HNP 73. AL 67, LZE 58, IJH 47, MVJ 46 KDY 35. ATW 27 . EQN 26, BEW 16, GZ 13. TLW 12
 QIF 6. HZJ 4: LGR 4, LZR 4, NQC 4, PIJ 4. FBZ 3 , TID 3. HPP 2, HUX 2. RO 2, SAQ ?, WYL $\%$. (Jan.) W8LHV 106. IFX 65, BEW 12, PBX 10.

## HUDSON DIVISION

EASTERN NEW YORK - SCMI. Stephen J. Neason, W2ILI - SEC: RTE. RM: TYC. PAMs: GDD and I.JG (Coniinued on page ४४)


Powerful all-band operation through 420 mc , top performance in double or single sideband service and more watthours per dollar make the Eimac 4X150A radial-beam power tetrode a tube for the deluxe mobile rig. The advantages offered by the versatility, power and reliability of the Eimac 4X150A make the necessary simple forced-air cooling well worth while-with an Eimac Air-System Socket an automobile defroster type blower is all that's needed to do the trick. With 1000 volts on the plate in typical plate modulated service, the Eimac 4X150A delivers 150 watts of useful plate power output with 200 watts of power input and only 2 watts driving power. The high power gain Eimac 4X150A is also ideal for increasingly popular Single Sideband mobile application. In typical $A B_{1}$ operation at 1000 plate volts, it delivers 150 watts of peak

| TYPICAL OPERATION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Class $\mathrm{AB}_{1}$ | Class C Phone |
| D.C Plate Voltage | 1000 volts | 1000 volts |
| D.C Screen Voltage | 400 volts | 250 volts |
| D.C Plate Current | 250 ma | 200 ma |
| D.C Screen Current | 30 ma | 20 ma |
| D.C Grid Current | 0 ma | 15 ma |
| Driving Power | 0 watts | 2 watts |
| Plate Power Input | 250 watts | 200 watts |
| Plate Power Output | 150 watts | 150 watts |
| The plate power output shown does not allow for circuit losses. The 4×150A may be operated a maximum ratings up to 500 mc . |  |  |

envelope power output with virtually no driving power requirement. Maximum ratings show a peak envelope power output of 350 watts with 2000 plate volts. This outstanding performance can be yours by taking incomparable Eimac quality on the road with you in the heart of a deluxe mobile transmitter.

For further information about Eimac fubes and applications write our Amateur Service Bureau.


The World's Largest Manufacturer of Transmitting Tubes

The SARA is conducting a WAS contest for its members. The contest started Feb. 7,1955 and will end on Feb. 7 1956, K2BE has replaced his old end-fed horizontal with a 44 -foot vertical ground plane on 3.5 Mc . It works FB . kzBSD is very proud of the certificate of merit he received from the 2nd Regional Phone Net. New ofticers of the HHRL are AAD, pres: K2DRN, secy.; K:AVZ, treas.: and OIT, act. mer. K2EHI has a new 1500 -watt portable nower plant and two rigs operating on all hands. $K N \angle J W M$, the sion of HM, is active on 7 and 3.5 Mic . with a Viking Ranger and a Windom autenna. Nike is interested in the traflic nets. Congrats to K2CIX and his new XYL. K2BOT gave an FB talk and demonstration with an electronic key at a recent meeting of the YARC. K 2 FDH received his well-earned Section Net certificate for activity on NYS. K2BJS, our acting RM for NYS, makes BPL again. RUF, mgr. of NYS, reports that outlets are badly needed for the area between Schenectady and Plattsburg, also in Sullivan and Delaware Counties. Attention ECs: If your appointment is due or past due for endorsement and you wish to continue, it is important that you notify the SCMI within the next thirty days. tailure to do so will result in immediate cancellation. KN2GZM has a $5=2$ on 144 Mc. K2LDRN has a box of narts he hopes to whin into a Viking Ranger. K2CQS completed his s.s.b. rig. K2AJN is on 3.9 MIc. KN2HXR is building a 150 -watt final designed hy K2CQS. WRI is uperating s.s.b. and is busy building a 300 -watt tinal for his 20A. Trafic: (Feb.) K2BJS 601. EDH 53. W2LRW 38, K2BSD 26. BE 15. EHI 13. W2BSH 6. (Jan.) W2LRW 40 . K2BSD 26. BE 15 . EHI
NEW YORK
CITY Carleton L . Coleman, W2YBT-Asst. SCM: Harry J, Dannals, "TUK. SEC: ZAI. PAM: JZX. RMs: VNJ and LPJ. ZAI renorts AREC/RACES activity is excellent in Brooklyn. Queens, Staten Island, Nassau, and Suffolk. Nassau 10 -meter AREC is planning monthly hidden transmitter hunts. ADO assisted in the Nassau-Suffolk 10 -meter relay during RACES drill. VNJ has started NLT (NLI Training Net) at 1530 FiST on 3710 kc . (Mon., Wed., Fri.). This is an excellent opnortunity for Novices and slow-speed operators to get started in traffic-handling. LPJ made BPL again and became the sixth NYC-LI medallion winner. KEB/KFV arain tops the tratic list. K2CQP made BPL and is DX-hunting on 80 meters. JOA needs Asia for WAC. OME has a new mobile antenna. Illness in the JZX family has kept Vi from being on the air regularly. K2AMP built an antennascopc. AEE is participating in propagation reliability tests requiring over 100 hours ner month of nperation. K2IWV berame General Class. K2ECN is the new Asst. EC in Bronklyn. The BAREC Net has PNR, K2DDE. and KN2IXP as new members. K2J YL is on the air with 5 watts. BO is remodeling the shack with a new console. IN has 20 -watt s.s.b. rig on 40 meters. PF would like to start an s.s.b. traffic net. Anyone interested? K2DVT is building a new c.w. and s.s.b. rig to replace the 20-watter. EEN has a new 40foot tower for the 20 -meter beam. DLO completed a $20-$ meter shortened beam in time for the DXX Contest. KLAMMM has finished the $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. converter. K2ESZ has a 6360 rig planned for 220 Mc . K2H YK plans 150 watts 'phone/c.w. IVU and IVS are competing for (CD Party section honors. JBQ anon will finish redecorating and will return to the NLI Net. NEG is finishing the tu-meter ground plane. LGK and KZCJP earned Net certiticates ior their activity in Queens AREC. KN2LIX is a new Novice at HJ. K2JPG dropped the "N." K2ANE is active from Fast Norwich on 40 and 80 meters. The Lake Success RC. YKQ, is heard on 144 MI . New members of the NYRC are E 2 s ERL, GOT HGP. 1 MD , and JFQ, and KN28 IAD, JVT, and LAG. K2LJM is the Fordham RC call, with AMR, NSH, RRR, K2s BTJ, IFO, IKZ, ISK, and KN2IBZ as new members. News from Suffolk County finally arrived! The Suffolk County RC otficers are MZB, pres.; JFU, vice-pres.: K2BTT, secy.; and OKK, treas.
 and a has a new TPZ became a grandpa. Ex-RTZ, now 8UFZ. is 8UKV's XYL. ©XG is with the USAF in Mississinpi. IYS is operating the s.s.b. rig on 75 meters. EAF, FTV' and MZB are getting started on 2 meters. AJF may join them. It looks like a new club may start, in Eastern Suffolk, with K2EC leading the way. AJR is chasing DX on 15 and 20 meters. YBT has moved to a new house. K2BAH is looking for 2200 Mc . activity in the Richmond Hill Area. New officers of the SIARA ure HFQ, chairman, CGJ, treas.; IPA, rec. secy.; and VKF, corr. sery. Ki2EUZ has 500 watts almost ready to go. IU'N has a new Terraft $2-$ meter converter. NEG is beginning a radio club at Seaford H.S. The New York Radio Club is holding its third annual picnic and transmitter hunt at Bethpake State Park, at Bethpage, Long Island, N. Y., on Sun. May 2 ind. starting
 hams are wellome and a good time is assured. Refer inquiries to ©YK. picnic chairman. Traffic: (Feb.) W 2 KEB 937. KFV 636. K2CQP 507. W2LPJ 502, VNJ 348. JOA 209. OME 157, K2ABW 114, W2JZX 110. MUM 108, K2AMP 81, W2AEE 72, DSC 64, GXC 38. K2CRH 32, W2OBU 29, BO 16, HJ 13, IN 11, K2AED 10, W2PF 10, K2DVT 1. (Jan.) K $2 \mathrm{CQP} 402, \mathrm{~W} 21 \mathrm{VU} 186$, HJ 20. , GXC 16. (Dec.) W2GXC 80.

NORTHERN NEW JERSEY - SCM, Lloyd H. Mana-
mon. W2VQR-SEC: IIN. PAM: CCS. RMs: EAS, CGG, and NKD. OGU has heen appointed Technical Advisor to the Raritan Bay Radio Amateurs Club. K2EQD has returned from a Florida vacation. Hal also is a new 00 . TTM is on the air with a new 829 in the final on 144 Me. K2DDM is husy getting settled in his new QTH in Sayerlille. Our thanks to K2BEV for keeping us informed of artivities of the RBRA. COT is working on an s.s.b. rig. New hams in the Livingston Area are NMIB and KN2LFD. The Teen-Age Kag-chewers Net meets Mon.-Fri uu 3525 kc . New members are inrited to call in any time. KN2HXP is building a new rig with 6146 in the final. CCS is back in the swing of things after a lull in activity. Henry has just finished his term as director of TCPN. The new second-callarea director is HTD, of Red Bank. Code and theory classes conducted by the Irvington Radio Amateur Club are very well attended. Average attendance ranges from 20 to 25 each session. KN2JCA and KN 2 IRM have passed their General Class exams. NIY received WPR-50 certificate. K2EQP is busy with a new VFO. K2GBP is putting his mobile rig in the new car. COG receives the symnathy of the gang on the death of his wother. AY'P is back in civilian life. AOC. is on 144 Mc. with 1.5 watts and six-element beam. K2H HG is working DX from his mobile rig while going to and from work. K2BIF prefers working DX to writing out tickets - he's a cop! NSG, the modern ham station at Upsala College, has installed a c.c. job for Norice members of the college radio club. GTF is a complete DX station at st. Peters College with K2AEK trustee and chicf of noprations. KN 2 KJP , a student in the senior term of TV school, has been assigned the station call to match the initials of his name, K. J. Pelletier. KN2IGH has a new jr. operator, a son. KFR reports the Penn-Jersey Radio Club meets the lat and 3rd Wed. of each month at County Court House, Belvidere. NKD is in a new QTH at Bcotch Plains. OO reports were received from seven anpointees this month. NIE is the proud owner of a new $20-\mathrm{A}$ s.s.b. exciter. Your SEC, IIN. is going through the EC appointments and weeding out the inactive members. If your appointment has lapsed and there is no report of activity for a period of six months or more, he is cancelling the anpointment. We notice that some of you still are mailing your reports to the office of the SCM at the old QTH. Please check page 6 of $Q S T$ for the new address. Word has been received from ZK , aboard the Atka, in the form of an official New Year's rreeting. The letter was received as a first-day cover from the ship's post office dated Jan. 1 th and now is framed and adorns the shark wall at YQR. Traflic: W2EAS 135, K2GFX 81, BWQ 14, W2CCS 12, CFB 8, BKC 7, NIY 3, CVW 1, HXP 1 .

## MIDWEST DIVISION

IOWA - SCM, William G. Davis, WGPP …The Waterloo Club has an activity caleudar out for the full year. Good idea! Twenty-seven reported this month. New otficers of the Minton Club are KGZ. pres.; JAD, vice-pres.; USF, secy.:97IP, treas. HMM has a father/son team in his classes i.e.. DST and WNøYZE. The club at Luther College is progressing nicely. QLU sends in the first report I've had from an OES. BDR apologizes because there wasn't more traffic to report and he's still No. 1. Hi! SCA gets his 50th BPL. We have three crowding for $\mathrm{BPL}-\mathrm{PZO}$, CZ and LJW. Hope they make it before my term runs out. New stations on TLCN are UCE, UIJ, and SQE. RJX represents TLCN ou TEN each Fri. night. LJW has a new $140-\mathrm{X}$. PP has a new SX-96. A new WN in Burlington is 13 -year-old KNOAAH. KP $4 W U / 6$ now is WGZOH. EHH now has a Clobe Scout 40-A and an HQ-140X. New Novires at Creston are ZUZ and ZAZ. Ben Fowler, Iowa c.d. director. spoke at the Ft . Dodze Club. PAN is hoping for a BPL. HVW reports that KWT, UTD, OPQ, and HWU put on a program demonstration for the Science Club of Independence High School Feb. 10th with 50 in attendance. New hams in Waterloo are OFV, WN®ZLL, und WN@ZHA. WNGTQI is hot after his Gencral Class Tirket. A new Novice in Des Moines is Z7M. Traffic: WGBDR 1459, SCA 1225, PZO 364 CZ 221, LJW 218 . QVA 79, EHH 62. KVJ 34, LFZ 33 . BIH 3i, NGS 2: PAN 22 . RNIG 21 , SFK 9 , HWU 6 . FDM 5, UTD 4. HXA 2. NYX 1. WNפ்TQI
KANSAS - SCM. Earl N. Johnston, VøICV --. SEC PAH. PAM: FNS. RM: KXL/NIY. The WARC held its unnual banquet and installation of officers Feb. 17th. New officers are BLX, pres.; WNN, vice-pres.; BVM, secV.; and I.IV. treas. The Lawrence ARC held a meeting in the new quarters at Police Headquarters Feb. 25 th to discuss plans for c.d. The ©KRC of Salina conducts code and theory ciasses every Tue. and Thurs. The ist class produced 6 Novice tirkets. Also the CKRC mobile group helped the Police collent more than $\$ 8,000$ for the "Mothers March for Po,lio.: ': PSL has a 20 A s.s.b. riq, making 4 for salina. MVG visited ARRL at West Hartford. WNGZQG, who has a Globe Scout and an NC-173, is a new station in Colby. LBJ received his RCC certificate. LQX is working for his WAS on $80-$ meter c.w. MOX reports ${ }^{2}$-meter contacts with FRK, OTN, and several KC boys. KEC and ZDB. of Lawrence, have made several 420 Mc . contacts. DIU, of KXXX fame, has acquired an XYL. ECF, of Topeka, is back on the air with a new Ranger. LIX is having success with his (Continued on prace 90)

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89

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new mobile. UML is active in the Nebraska Slow-speed Net. In case some of the Novices haven't heard of it the Kansas Novice Net which started Feb. 27 th is called " QKN " and merts on $\$ 735 \mathrm{kc}$. at 1400 Sun. Am sorry to report another silent key this month, WNGYPO, of Topeka.

 $42, E C D$ 33, LQX $24, \mathrm{LCQ} \geqslant 2$, FNS 21 , IFR 19, SQ X 18 , FIT 17. SAF 16.SVE 16. LOW 15, ONF 13, YFE 13, TNA
 DEL 3. UMLL 3. RNM 2, LIX 1. (Jan.) Kbli)L tus, Wonixg 50 .

MISSOURI - SCM, Clarence L. Arundale. WgGBT SEC: VRF. PAM: BVL. RMs:OUD and QNO The Rolla Amateur Kadio Assoriation has elected the following officers: NXG, pres.; MRV, vice-pres.; PXK, secy.: GCLL treas. LQC, has been awrorded the MIARS station-of-themonth award for the loth Air Force 16 -state area. E'BE's mother rerently nassed away. QMF installed a VFO in the 144 -Mc. rig. OMAI won for the W 6 section in the YL Anniversary Paity. © KQ received his CP - 25 and $A-1$ certilicates. versary Paity. ChQ rececived his CP-25 and A-1 certincates. an A-1 certificate. TCF added a $Q$-multiplier to the NC-88. PNA is rebuilding the transmitter. OIV has a new Viking II. $V^{\prime} \mathrm{PQ}$ is EC for Wayneswille Area. W NQYFV has a new SX 42, ESY au HT-9. and NV.J a new SX-99. FLN has joined the MARS organization. WAP is having excellent results with the Show-Me Net sincer newing to 3580 kc . 1 wish to thank the radio clubs and individual amateurs in our seetion for their splendid coujeration and assistance during my terms as SCM. It has hern a pleasure to have served you the past four years. I wish to urge your continued support of GEP, your new SCM, who is a very capable man with a great deal of experience in tratfic work. Tratiic: (Feb.)
 $\because 10$, OMAI 126, SAK 10, RTO 97 , CKQ 86, WiAP 69 . VPQ 64. RTW KA 45 , K1K 42 . HU1 31 , OMP 26 . PNA 26. SUV 35 , QMF 10, TSZ 9 . WIS 9 , ECE 8. MFB 8 . RCV 7 . BUL 4, WNEZOI 3. WघETW 2, TCF 2. (Jan.) WघETW 56, (2WB 8. WIS 4.

NEBRASKA - sCM, Filoyd B. Campbell, W'g'BII Asst. SCMI: Tom Boydston, 6VY X. SEC: JDJ. Total QNI for the C.W. Net was 411 QTC $4+1$. New members of the net are GEQ. GLDZ, RIN, DIDT, EZT, QMY, and FXH. 5DTA/5 has been reporting into the Net from Fort Worth bringing traffic from florida and Southern points. KFN, from Colorado, also has been a frequent reporter into the C.W. Net. DDT has u OP certiticate. KNII and KDW have received certiticates for TEN. RDN also has 5000 Traffickers Club certificate. PZH has rebuilt and now has 200-watt bhnne and c.w. all-band VFO with hot and cold water. AIN was notified by KOGA, at Ogallala. to get on the air during a recent blizzard when some nenpile were lost. ERM assisted and everything worked very smoothly. Stations helping out were LOD, ZAA, GEQ. UOB, and BEN. The SOO Radio Club of Sidncy is planning big things. GD7, has a new 75A-3, Viking II with VFO and all the trimmings. RHL is secretly eveing a better location for DX and better antennas. OED is bark on the air with 6.5 watts 'phone and c.w. AZC, RCH, VUO, and ADK are on $4(1$-minter phone. The Union Pacific Radio Club is being organized. Ans amatrur employed by U.P. is elikible. Drop a line to K. D. Burghart. WøWR, Box 501, Valley. Nebr. Be sure to kive your ocrupation and enclose your QSL. Traffic: (Feb.) KøAIR 385. W@RDN 302, ZJF 189. KNH 165 . RIN 135, KDW 6if, HTA 50. MAO 33 , VYX 33, FQB 30 . FNI 29 , AEN 24, ERA 20 , DDP 16, AGP 12, CBH 12, EGQ 12. HQN 12. OCU 12. ORW 12, F'TQ 11, BEA 10. FMIV 10. GVA 10, ZGE 8, IRW 7. PUT 7, CXA 7. AIN 6. IAY 5. NIK 5. HXH 4, RAM 4, UJI 4, BOQ 2. ©IH 2, FRF 2 . LEF 2.' NGZ 2, NHS 2. PD.J 2, PZH 2,' UOV 2', PPT 1 . (Jan.) WøRDN 166, KDW 32.

## NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CONNECTICUT - BCMI, Milton E. Chaffee, WIEIFW SEC: LKF. PAM: LWW' KA: KYQ. MCN and CN 3640, CPN 3880, CTN 3640 sun.. CEN 29.580 kr . CN moved 187 messiages in 24 sessions according to KYQ . the RM. KYQ, RCB, RFJ, and LV rated QNI honors, ©TN ments Sun, at 0900 on $36+10 \mathrm{kc}$. and is ideal for the new traflic men and those who want tol learn tratic-hundling at tratic men and those who want to darn trame-hunding at
slow sped. RFJ is net manarer and will welcome all comers
straikht keys only. MCN rolled wo 163 mpssnges in sessions with QNI leaders YYM. IBE. RGB, and RFJ. CPN arcounted for 114 messages listing KGT . LWW. VSH. VWL, YBH, and DAV topping their QNI list. UJG reports lack of time is holding up his v.h.f. developments. ICP put on his TVI talk and demonstration fin the Hamden Club Mar. 9th. FDA schedules $6 \mathrm{LQU}, 7 \mathrm{ZZZ}$, and 4 CSD and also
 CPN. APA is active on 7-Alc. 'phone and has worked 35 countries there. BT) is trving a (D-2 on 1+4 MIc. YNC reports his trattic artivity still is hampered by low puwer. WNH is bark in business on CN and other schedules. (IIN renewed OPS. OBS. and OO appointments while TD renewed ORS. AOS. FSH, and MHF renewed EC anyointwents and ANIJ berame a new EC in Waterbury. WHO has a new Ranger on 28.5 Me . and a new 14.4 Mc . final featuring (Continued on pape $9 z^{\text {) }}$

## 1955

 EDITION
## OF

## THE RADIO AMATEUR'S

 HANDBOOK
#### Abstract

$A_{\text {N invaluable refere }}$ referk and text for everyone-hams, engineers, lab men, technicians, experimenters, students, purchasing agents.


Distributors throughout the Nation have the 1955 Edition in stock. Beffer get your copy of this complete Handbook now. The demand is terrific!
$\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{n}}$ the pages of this latest edition will be found, in addition to accumulated knowledge since the first Handbook was issued in 1926, the latest proved findings and experiments invaluable to ham and engineer alike. Every field of ham radio is covered: transmitting, both c.w. and 'phone; receiving; propagation; antennas; construction; theory; charts; diagrams; circuits; miscellaneous data; procedures; station operation, etc.

## For instance, the 1955 Edition carries

- Chapters on Theory: Electrical Laws and Circuits, Vacuum Tube Principles, High Frequency Communication, Antennas, Modulation, V.H.F. and U.H.F.
- Chapters which include How-fo-make-it articles dealing with Receivers, Transmitters, Power Supplies, Radiotelephony, V.H.F., U.H.F., Antennas and Mobile Equipment, etc.
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- 67 pages of data on vacuum tubes and semiconductors, a great time-saver to both engineer and ham
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Single Knob Tuning-The only commercial amateur transmitter, gangtuned exciter through final.
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Most Powerful Audio-PP807's modulating a single 807! Terrific audio punch for cutting through QRM.
Bands witching -75, 40, 20, 15, 11 and 10 meters. Compact-measures only $6^{\prime \prime}$ high by $7^{\prime \prime}$ wide by $10^{\prime \prime}$ deep. Flexible-operates with 300 volt supply as well as with 600! Available for 6 or 12 volt operation. Dynamotor base kits for use with your dynamotor or complete dynamotor power supplies are available.
Viking Mobile Transmitter Kit, less tubes \$99.50 Amateur Net
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a pair of 6146 s . VLE wrecked his 829 B so retired temporarily from 144 Mc. ULY is a mobile member of DSDN. The HCARA meeting Mar. 18th featured a talk by AI Pichitino. chief engineer E. F. Johnson Co. BGP repurts new Novices DML, DOU, DXJ, and DZC in Stratford. New ofticers of the Meriden Club are STT, pres.; WEE, vice-pres.: ULL, secy.: and OOC, treas. MARC has resumed publication of its Key Klix. ZJY reports KNT is credited with a bia assist to new Novices AES, BSZ, and CLL and new (ieneral Calos to ZJY and ZJZ. BVB and VW came through with OO reports. / FF is ready for business with Technician Class ticket. Traflic: (Feb.) W1YBH 141, CUH 129, AW 118. EFW 100. KYQ 96. NJM 88, LV 86, RRE 80. YYM 80. LIG 54, HYF 51, RFJ 44, BDI 38, ZDX 35, APA 29, UED $26, Q J M 120$, EDA 18, KV 17. AYC 10 , BVB 7. J'TD 6 , WNH 6, FTM 5, GVJ 4, SJ 4, (Jan.) WiFTM 16.

MAINE - SCMI, Bernard Seamon, WIAFT-- SEC: BYK. PAM : WRZ. RM: OHT. The Pine Tree Net meets Mon., Wed., and Fri. on 3596 kc , at 1900 hours. The Sea Gull Net meets Mon. through Fri. on 3940 ke, at 1700 hours. The Barnvard Net meets Mon. through Sat, on 3960 kc . at 0700 hours. The OX Net meets daily at 2000 hours on 29.5 Mc. This is a true emergency net composed of enghteen RACES stations in Oxford County. The rudio club over there places posters in prominent spots in the County inviting the filing of traffic. A nice note was received from LDC. who works high atop Mt. Washington at MTW-TV. BOK has been eiected as assistant fire chief of Jexter. AWN, of Lincoln, is recovering from serious surgery at the Eastern Maine General in Bangor. The best to you from all the gang, A1. YDX is carrying on very much alone down in Kittery on 430 Mlc . He wuuld like some rontacts. WRZ is on with a fat 400 -watter. The Maine rmateurs arain have asked the Maine State Lepislature to issue them distinctive automobile liceuse plates in order that they may be of even greater public servire hy heing readily identitiable to police, fire, and c.d. officials. Your SCM has apnointed BPI chairman of the License Plate Committce. Al and about fifty Maine amateurs appeared before the Transportation Committee and gave a sood accounting of our aims and ambitions. Traffic: W1WTC 102, LKP 99, UDD 50, LYR 44, ZME 43, Y' Y 29, EFR 44 BX 20, B 'TY 17, YTE 12, AFT 8. WRZ 7, FKKH 4, TGW゙ 2 .

EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS - SCM, Frank L. Baker, jr., W1ALP - New arpointments: WUW Foxboro, TFJ Wilmington, ZLXZ Marshfield as ECs: TNK as OO. Appointments endorsed: LJT Brockton, RRA Winchester. AR Belmont. V'RK Swamnscott, AGX Peabody, TQP Area 1 Radio Comm., and IDC Aver as ECB; LJT as OES; QMJ, AGX, and WSN as ORSB; HIL, ND, and AR as OPSB; CTR and SPL as OBSs; and JO.J as OES/OBS. ZXZ is Satuit Radio Club president. BM MUY is visiting in Quincy. Heard on 2 meters: CEI, NBS. APW. UZT. WNI. CWR. (2/ZF, ZFD, ZQL, DPN, ZSD, ZXH, UWF, DRJ, CHN, and 4ZVK'1. KHH is on 10 meters. Heard on 20 meters: ARG, WHD, VMU, KVH, EGR, UWB, LR, and ALP. ALP has a Match Box for his Viking II. New General Class hams: AJG, BNZ. CSP. DIL, AJH, ZVS, BJX, and CPP. New Tech. Class: CAS, DDN. ZXC, WQH, YRI, CPW, and CQE. New Novires: DPC. DWH, and IWWG. ZEN/ KCJ visited CTR. UIR. VOU, KWD, and CTR are working on a Quad beam for 2 meters designed by MME. The Arlington C.D. Net had a checker game on the air. FWQ is Radio Officer and LLY is Alternate. The Lexington Net visited THO for Panadapter checks of mobile signals. AGX has a new QTH in West Peabody. Radio Amateur Open House had a talk by TCG on lndicating Instruments in the Ham Transmitter. Area 1 Radio Comm, held a metting with BL. KTG. ©Q. OTK. ZYK, and ALP. The South Shore Club held regular meetings. The Braintree Radio ©lub. DUO, held a meeting in its new quarters. WSN has a new rig for 20 metors. BGW still is on RTTY and has sked with VE2ATC on Sun. A.m. TUD and DWO are on 160 meters. UQF' has her rig in her kitchen. SSA is back on 10 meters. TYU is in Quincy Hospital. CF and PIG are now K2FM and WथPIG at Hixon, N.I. VTH moved to Wevmouth. DXQ now is in Quincy. TY has a new QTH. CLF has a new wide-spaced four-element heam for 20 meters. QLT has a Viking Adventurer and RME-69. BSY gare a talk at the Wellesley Amateur Radio Socicty on Using All-Band Antenna with Tuned Fieeders. The Buzzards Bay Cape and Islands Emergency Net meets on 145.2 tio Mc., at 1900 Mon. BCN is N.C and CMT, UUM, DPO, OF, PMC. CUY, DJK, TYZ, TJW, DUI, AQN, LNR, MYE. ZGO. LYV, IHQ, MFI, QWI, JNI, MNF, NKS, ZSJ, YAN, and MKW are on. KBN and UOZ, are members of the College Net. The Norwood c.d. group helped out with mobile rigs when 3 Boy Scouts were lost. SIX reports a c.d. demonstration of communications at Georgetown with AFJ, WTK, KT, CVG, YYL, and WCI helping out. Thev used 2-meter radin units in 5 cars with one in the Central Fire Station. TTY has a Kanger kit. UKA has a new job. PIW is on 10-meter r.w. PYMI will have high nower on 20 meters, QMU plans a long wire in Stoughton. SXD is hack at work again. UT has a new 2i-meter heam. LMU is trying low power on 10-15 meters. RM bas a new mast. Newiton c.d. members meet on 6 meters Sun. nights. EK has a Sonar rig at work. JOW is on 6-meter f.m. DGY has his General Class license. GGP has moved to Hialeah, Fla. The Winthrop c.d. group had the (continued on page 94)


## Further discussion of the "Robert Dollar' Oscillator

Last month we discussed use of the circuit shown in Fig. 1 for overtone use; and, as redrawn in Fig. 2, as a basic Pierce Oscillator. (QST, April, 1955).

Now, if capacitor C (Fig. 2) is funed to approach the third overtone resonant frequency, a point will be reached where the crystal ceases to oscillate on its fundamental and begins to oscillate on its overtone frequency. At this point a change in the oscillator frequency occurs, since the overtone frequency is not on even multiple of the fundamental. An increase in grid current and output on the third harmonic will be noted as capicator $C$ is tuned. This same circuit may be used on even harmonics, however the crystal continues to oscillate on its fundamental in this case. Thus it can be seen that the "Robert Dollar" circuit will oscillate under a wide variety of conditions and if the funed circuit L.C is not properiy adjusted, overtone operation will not be realized.

With plated overtone crystals the circuit shown in Fig. 3 provides equal or more output under similar conditions than does the circuit in Fig. 1. In this circuit the crystal will operate only on its overtone frequency and depends on the tuning of L.C.

## $=O N E-D A Y$ Procter

 $.01 \%$ TOLERANCE-Crystals are all of the plated, hermetically sealed type and calibrated to $.01 \%$ or better of the specified frequency. See specifications below:For closer tolerance and commercial applications use the F-6 series crystal. Write for full information.

## SPECIFICATIONS

Holders: Metal, hermetically sealed, available in .093 dia. pins (FA-9) or . 050 dia. pins (FA-5).
Calibration Tolerance: $\pm .01 \%$ of nominal at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Temperature Range: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Tolerance over temperature range from frequency at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm .01 \%$.

Circuit: Designed to operate into a load capacitance of 32 mmf on the fundamental between 2000 KC and 15 MC. Designed to operate at anti-resonance on overtone modes into a grid circuit without additional capacitance load. Write for recommended circuits).


Orders for less than five crystals will be processed and shipped in one working day.
HOW TO ORDER-In order to give the fastest possible services, crystals are sold direct. However, crystals are also available by special order through your local jobber. Where cash accompanies the order, International will prepay the Airmail postage; otherwise shipment will be made C.O.D.

## D D C 5 FA-9* (Pin Diameter .093)* FA-5 (Pin Diamerer .050)

Pin Spacing .486 (*FA-9 fifs same scokef as FT-243)

| RANGE | TOLERANCE | PRICE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fundamental Crystals |  |  |
| $1500-1799$ KC | $.01 \%$ | $\$ 4.50$ |
| $1800-1999$ KC | $.01 \%$ | $\$ 3.90$ |
| $2000-9999$ KC | $.01 \%$ | $\$ 2.80$ |
| $10000-15000 ~ K C$ | $.01 \%$ | $\$ 3.90$ |
| Overtone Crystals |  |  |
| (for 3rd overfone operafion) |  |  |
| $15 \mathrm{MC}-29.99$ MC | $.01 \%$ | $\$ 2.80$ |
| $30 \mathrm{MC}-54 \mathrm{MC}$ | $.01 \%$ | $\$ 3.90$ |

(for 5th overtone operation)
$55 \mathrm{MC}-75 \mathrm{MC} \quad .01 \% \quad \$ 4.50$


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© ELECTRONIC OHMMETER RANGES:
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PRDCISYON Apparatus co. Ine.
70.31 84th Street, Glendale 27, L. I., N. Y.

Exporf: 458 Broodway, New York 13, U. S. A.
Canoda: Allos Rodio Corp., LId., 560 Xing St. W. Toronto, 28
following on: UOC, BDU, DJ, OIR, MQB, NMX, VIS, DPN, DLY, DQF, DRP, HFJ,' BOX', DEL,'CMW, TTH, $\mathrm{BB}, \mathrm{BB} / 1, \mathrm{ZVO}$, and DUV. QUX now is in Winthrop. $4 \mathrm{VVU} / \mathrm{mm}$ was heard on 10 meters coming into Boston. CTP is as uew ham in Fall River on 40 and 80 meters. UE has a 522 on 2 meters. DiDC will be un 2 meters again and has been on 80 -meter c.w./'phone working DX, F7ER and FA8DA. SX spoke on s.s.b. at the Wellesley Amateur Radio Society meeting. YYE has a Viking Ranger. WNIDOMI Quincy, has an Adventurer transmitter. AAI is now Gencral Class. Trattic: (Feb.) W1EMG 287, UKO 202, IBE 183. EPE 112. WSN 90, LM 79, UE 49, TY 32, AVY 29. NUP 24 , BY 21, BB 7, WU 6, TYN 5, AHP 2, ATX 1, HIL 1.

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS $-E C M$, Osborne R. McKeraghan, W1HRV-SEC: RRX. RM: BVR. PAM: QWJ. The WM C.W. Net meets on 3560 kc. Mon. through Sat. at 1900 EST. New SEC is RRX, Holyoke. QWJ and JYH put on a fine demonstration of s.s.b. at the HCRA, Inc., February meeting. The HCRA v.h.f. gang lost to the Hartford boys in the January V.H.F. SS and the payofí dutch treat dinner was held at Tintis, Agawam, Mar. 4th. After the feed all went to the HCRA meeting for presentation of a gavel to the Hartford Club and enjoyed a fine v.h.f. talk and demonstration by Ed Tilton. The WM C.W. Net has been very active and efficient this winter but is badly in need of representation in Franklin County. Any c.w. men up there? RM BVR is working up a net bulletin, with DVW as associate editor. JYH, KFV, WEF, QWJ, and AJX took part in the New Hampshire QSO Party. AZW has a new NC-88. DQX has a new HRO-60). MNG is OBS on the following schedules: 3870 ke., Wed., 6:30 P.m.: 29.5 Mc .; Tues., 7:4.5 P.M.; and 145.2 Mc.; Thurs., 7:15 P.m. NLE has is Collins transmitter. JYH has built a set of three 813 finals for a contest rig. AOU passed Geu. Cl. New Novices are for a contest rik. AOSR, passed Geu. CGJ . DMT. DPZ, and DUP.
 Fitchburg, and has received WAS certificate and 2nd-class conmercial ticket. YXV has 26 countries confirmed. NPL is building all band pi-net 813 final and reports that ICW has a new Telrex short beam. LDE says the 15 -meter band acts like 10 "way back when." BH has a new 125A all-band tinal to follow his 10 B on s.8.b. AMI is doing a tine job representink Worcester County on the WM C.W. Net. Tratio: W1 UKR 199, HRV 109. BVR 106. SRM 60 . MNG 52. WEF 50. DVW 37. RRX 35. AMI 30, ABD 29. WCG 12, HRC 11 , WIJW 11, TAY 10, JYH 8. AJX 5, W4URF/1 5, WIYCU 4. JAH 2. VE2UKJ/W1 1 .

NEW HAMPSHIRE - - SCM, Harold J. Preble, W1HS -- SEC: BXU. RM: CRW. PAM: AXL. The Nashua Mike and Key Club held its annual banquet Jan. 2nnd. Otticers elected for 1955 are UAB, pres.; YVJ, vice-pres.; YJD. serv.; QJH, treas.; NAZ, act. mgr. The 6th Annual New Hampshire QSO Party was a great success with more stations narticipating than any previous year. AOQ clains high score. TNO has been culled to active duty with the Air l'orces. PVF is now with the IT. S. Army in Korea. VZS has been appointed FiC for Cheshire County. CVB has received his Technician Class license. VGX is a freshman a.t Harvard and is working out of 1 AF on 20 meters. AIJ, TDJ, and LCD, all the same age with the same birthday, held their third annual party Feb. 24th at the QTH of AIJ. Welcome to Novices DDQ and DDR. The Concord Brasspounders meet the lat Thurs. of each month. All amateurs ure invited to attend. WBM is making some changes in his station and is oft the air temporarily. RCEN c.w. section meets at 1000 Sum. on 3685 kc .; the 'phone section meets at 1230) Sinn. on 3950 kc. All Rockingham County stations are invited to particinate in either net. Traffic: (Feb.) W1ARR 127, COC 91, IP 58, PFU 35, CCE 25. POK 14. FZ 13, VZS 12, AIJ 8, HS 8, CDX 6. (Jan.) WiGMH 81.
RHODE ISLAND - SCM, Walter B. Hanson, jr., W1KKR - SEC: TQW. RM: BTV. PAM: VXC. Activity scems to have slowed a little this month, but the regulars keep renorting. KCS is pouring 800 watts c.w. on 2 meters and maintaining regular skeds now with New Jersey and Maine. The State has plans for the purchase of ronsiderable new gear, and that will mean increasing activity in c.d. drills this summer. The PRA Dinner l)ance is to be held at Johnson's Ifummocks on May 14th. VXC is looking for OPS applications. TQW has lined up ten ECs and the framework of an honest-to-goodness emergency net is silready a reality. ODV has been the ouly Rhode Island link with the TCPN and he's looking for a successor when he leaves for duty. It's not too early to think about getting that mobile gear ready for the summer months and even more important for the fall hurricane season. Traffic: WIUTA 95, CDV 46, BXN 34, YKQ 34, VXC 16, ZXA 13.

VERMONT - SCM, Robert L. Scott, W1RNA - SEC: SIO. PAM: RPR. RM: OAK. At the time of writing this. there are two bills in the General Assembly of Vermont which are of interest to the hams. (1) $\mathrm{H}-181$. Subject: 'Television Interference. Information to date leads to the belief that if FCC regs are complied with the stations have nothing to worry about (I hope). (2) H-285. Subject: Special number plates. This was introduced by Mr. Niquette of Winooski and has been referred to the Committee on Highway I'ratic, where it still is at this writing. Several hams have requested the above committee to hold a public hear(Continued on page 36)

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## HOW TO IMPROVE YOUR MOBILE RIG



## By Bill Cummings WIRMG

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ing on $\mathrm{H}-285$ so that those interested may appear in its behalf. Trattic: W1OAK 148, AVP 74, RNA 53, IT 27 , ZEW 25, BJP 21, TAN 12, FPS 5 .

## NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

IDAFIO-SCM, Alan K. Rose, W7IWTJ - Caldwell: FSYR, the local FC, aided in the search for watermelons for two Portland leukemia patients. His antenna "farm" now consists of one $4 t-\mathrm{ft}$. vertical for 75. 40, and 20 meters, a vertical for 15 meters, and a 75 -meter folded dinole. Xewiston: II)Z is roing a little 1.5 -meter operation. WN7YBV is getting out of town OK on $80-m e t e r c . w$. with the rig horrowed from DTJ. NOG is starting a $2-m$ eter rig. GMC and $Y$ IO are rebuilding. Kielloge: RQG asks about the GEM Net and is willing to be NCS. Look on 31338 kc . for the Idaho gang. Gifford: VWS is going strong with DX and has 40 states worked. 30 conlirmed, all on 80-, 40-, 20-, and 15meter c.w. Boise: If we want call letter license plates for Idaho we must start to work on it now for the 1957 legislature. Everyone write to Dean Mayes. MKs, Box 486 , Meridian, İdaho, who will spearhead the drive

MONTANA - SCM, Leslic E. Crouter. W7CT - SFK has a new Globe king 500 and is working on plans for the Glacier Park Hamfest to be held at Apgar Camp Ground July 23rd and $9-1$ th. RIL has been transferred to Eilensburg. Wash. KUII is NCS for the Montana Weather Net sun. mornings. MN has a new 2(0-4 on s.s.b. Others un s.s.b. in the Cireat Falls Area arc (iCS, YPY, UWN, YLM, and DSS. KKI has moved to Butte and is with the C.A.A. ExFIN is now KAlOJ. FDH, with the help of JGG, put upa $30-\mathrm{ft}$. "Pop-can" vertical on the house of FDH on New Year's Day. SWE has a two-element 15 -meter beam. NPV needs Asia for WAC on 15 meters. OOY has been appointed chairman of the seventh district YLRL. New calls in (ireat Falls are YLA, YLC, YLD, and YLMI, also WN7YIO and YDY. Recent appointments or endorsements: FDII us OLS, BSU as OO, EWR, PAF, and VVT as ECs. The SCM is in the process of moving to llelena and inetioiency can he expected until he is settled in his new quarters. Traffic: (1eb.) W7SFK71, P(V, 28, EWR12. CJN 6. Jan.) Traffic: (leb.) W7SFK $71, \mathrm{PC} 28$, EW
OTSFK 8\%, TKB 21. EIN 8, EWR 8.
OREGON - SCNI, Edward F. Conyngham, W7ESJ SEC: WAT, RM: AJN. PAM: IRZ. ESJ has assumed the duties of SCM, with WAT taking over as SEC. THX is a new EC rppointee and has 12 stations lined up for AREC work around the mouth of the (olumbia Kiver. ADX is preparing for a bis test tiLis spring. A brief AREC test and drill was held in Oreifon the first Sun. in February to ancertain the coverage and signal strength. Those participating were AJN, BLU, BVH, ESJ, FIX, LT, LJC, PRA, RNY, SBX. USO, WAT, and WHE. The text will be repeated on the first Sun. of each month at 1100 PST on 3585 kc . The Oregon sitate Net (OSN), meeting on 3585 kc . at 1830 PST daily, has made rapid gains. Attendance was 202 in 23 sessions. EZR advises that the Rogue Valley Club is now meeting in UGE's school room until the new club house is finished. Steve at GPJ expresses thanks and appreciation for the help received from all amateurs and AIARS and ARS members whosent watermelons on his emergency request for two hemophilia victims in the hospital in Portland, Oregon. Traffic: W7APF 533, OKU 138, BLN 96. WAT 70, AJN 64, THX 33, HDN 23, PKA 23, ESJ 16

WASHINGTON - SCM, Victor S. Gish, Wra FIX The Valley Amateur Radio Club (Puyallup) reports its annual election and banquet was held Feb. 18th. New officers are MCU, pres.; CiWK. vice-pres.; UZE, secy.; VLC. treas.; SWA, trustec; W N7VVZ, skt. at arms. The Tiacoma Amateur Radio Club, lne., heard a talk on "The Role the Amateur Plays in C.D." given by "Tacoma ('. D. Director. Frank Evans. RGD reports further that MFG's $1 / 4$-wat handie-talkic was heard in Eatonville; GDW is off the air as mobile temporarily while getting a new Mercury hard-top convertible; OVW was on the air with a Ranger, but the big wind came and took the antenna and chimney down: A/II is NCS of the Tacoma AREC Net the 1st and 3rd Wed. at 8 P.m. on 29.6 Alc.: band practice was held at the Q'TH of IMB with KGD, RXT. RXS. OVW. KKN, SKR. AEA, and IG attending. The Skagit Amateur Radio Club reports 1955 officers are PQT, pres.; REC, vice-pres. : LVB, secy.treas. The Skagit AREC Net meets on 50.7 Mc. at 0800 Sat. BA really cut down on traffic by spending half the month in Hawaii. QYN is a new OBS in the Moses Lake Area. EVW reports he is on 40 R'TI' 20 'phone, 10 mobile and MARS Nets. TIQ reports AREC activity in Vancouver really is hot with the appointments of RAIL as EC and RCA as SEC. ETO is contemplating all-band vertical to replace off-ennter Hertz and keen the antenna in his own yard. F/B and the four jr. operators had chicken pox, which allowed the OM to try out his new Ranger. AVM reports working Olympia on 2 meters but has ncither heard nor worked any other 2 -meter station. TGO worked ( $80-$ meter c.w.) KMI6AX, VP9PL, SMIBCWC, several ZLs, and YV5BJ. VAZ reports going TDY (temporary duty) in Alabama in March. ZU reports QRAI on If-Mc. phone Sun. mornings on his sked with 7 PRZ/: chased them back to c.w. PHO is working Pacific trallic with a Kanger on 20 meters. AIB is assembling a Ranger. E 6 BL$) 1 \mathrm{l} / 7$ is all shook up over the lack of discipline on the local nets. All radio clubs Wash(Continued on page 88)



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received. The Oakland Radio Club heard EFT on RTTY and other Robert Dollar equipment. Prof. Lester Keukema, of the University of California, talked to the East Bay Radio (Jlub on atomic energy. VSV talked to the SARO on 2-meter antennas. JHV moved to Castro Valley. A new active member of the 2 -meter gang is NCL. ACN is hard at work at the license plate bill. Are vou supporting him? PCN is the new editor of the CCRC Calendar. Her QTH is San Francisco. Because I have moved out of the East Bay section, to 281 Loucks Ave., Los Altos. I have resigned as SCM. However, I will continue to serve as Acting SCMI until an election can be held, su for the time being send your reports to my Los Altos QTH. Traffic: K6WAY 858, FDG 522. W6IPW 152, K6GK 88, W6EFD 50, HBF 15, ITH 11. KGCCQ 4

SAN FRANCISCO - SCM, Walter A. Buckley. WGGGC - The Humboldt Radio Club members are helping 14 -year-old Linda Harvey (who is contined in a wheelchair because of polio) to obtain her ticket. They also are preparing the rig for her to go on the air. JSY won the Club's "California Counties Contest" (worked 43 counties). The Mt. Tamalpais Radio Club held its annual dinner at "Tommie's Place" in Novato. CDF gave a very informative talk on single sideband. IME, a technical director, will talk on the opposing side at the next meeting. K . D. Wilson rereived a certificate for working all (alifornia counties. HAMS still is on 2 meters but has 10 stations checking in on 6 meters each Sun. night. URA is NCS. The S.F. Naval Shipyard Club members have akreed to join HaMS on Field Day and also have invited the HAMS to join them in their annual dinner sometime in April. Membership in the SF Naval Shipyard has been onened to outsiders. Newcomers will not be rllowed into the shipyard proper for the meeting night but can attend the other meeting, which is held in Red Cross BIdg. LOU. of the Sonoma County Radio Club, reports that he is busily working on plans for the Mission Trail Rnundup which will be held in El Verano on June 18th. CBE, of the Larkspur Radio (Ylub, says he worked 31 counties on 'phone the first week end. The Cathay Radio Club acted as host to the SCM at the F'ebruary meeting and treated him royally in Chinatown after the meeting. The San Francisco Radio Club had John F. Honey, of the Stanford Rescarch Institute, as Ruest speaker in February. He spoke on single sideband. A'O has been doing a tine job on the speakers cummittce and has excellent features lined up for future meetings. The Club presented GGC with a beautiful plaque. Thanks again, gang. The Ladies Club SF combined a meeting night with a bahy shower for PIR. BIP was appointed chairman for the San Francisco Club Field Day activities. The 29 ers Club had 17 cars with about 50 passengers at its February hidden transmitter hunt. GCV and PCN are planning a new QTH soon. DEK is back on the our after receiver troubles. K 6 HEZ is mobile on 6 meters. MXV is playing around with an 813 . K6BJO. W6LL, JWF, GHI, KGGPX, EKF, and GGC all attended the Wasco Whing-ding Feb. ©6-27. Seventy-two aruateurs were there. The License Plate Committee reports that more than 300 dollars was spent on sending out literature on Senate Bill 4222 and Assembly Bill \$593. ACN was appointed by the Central California Radio (lubs to represent them as lobbyist at the leqislature. To date a clause has been added to the oripinal bill; that special plates are to be awarded to amateurs with mobile installations only. The California Motor Vehicle Dept, reports that the lists sent to law representatives in California cost $\$ 75$ per copy. If the bill is made permanent at this session there is hope of lowering the $\$ 3.00$ extra fee. Traffic: W6SWP 1111, GOL 234, QMO 160. GGC 26, YC 16, CBE 6, GQA 3.

SACRAMENTO VALLEY - SCM, Harold L. Lucero W6.JDN - The Dunamuir Amateur Radio Club elected new ofticers as follows: JDN, pres.; K6IVD, vice-pres, W6IOM. secv.-treas., $\mathrm{K}^{-1} 6 \mathrm{BJO}$, act. mgr. IVD also is EC. KTB is EC for the lieka Area. C.d. is taking form in Siskiyou County and all towns now have an EC. The siskiyou County AREC Net meets each Sun. at 0900. K6CFZ reports new hams in Colusa are KN6IRZ, GNJ, and IUT. K6BJV is in RACES. Colusa will be the relay point during the boat races. Stockton to Redding. K6ER is doing fine work as 00 FYK still is on 2, 6, and 440 Mc. K6BYS is EC for the Chico Area. There will be a ham get-together at Ruth, Calif. July 3-4. New officers of the Golden Empire Radio Societ are MWR, pres.; HNL, vice-pres.; K6BMU, secy.; K6BSY act. mgr. The Club has an Instructograph code machine to be loaned to radio aspirants. The Club's call is RHC, a memorial to Nola Dixon who joined the Silent Keys some time ago. MWR has reènlisted for another four-year bitch and volunteered for another year as NVRES station-keeper in Chico. The Sacramento Council of Amateur Radio Clubs would like to have representatives from all clubs attend its meetings. The license plate bill is up during this session of the state Legislation. We hope that it becomes a law All atnateurs should write their State Senator and thei Assemblyman and state their wishes. Traffic: W'6OPY 33 MWR 20, JDN 5.

SAN JOAOUIN VALLEY - SCM, Edward L. Bewley W6GIW-...SEC: FBL. RM: K6BGM. PAMs: ZRJ and WJF. The C'entral Valley Amateur Radio Council meeting was held in Merced, with representatives from Stockton Turlock, Merced, and Coalinga attending. Also present (Continued on page 102)

NOW the amateur who wishes to go on any combination of 10, 15, 20 and 40 meters can do so without employing large and expensive mass installations. This newest R. S. MULTIBAND SHORTBEAM assures you of high performance on any combination of
these bands. All coils enclosed in weather-proof bakelite containers and wound with \#12 Formvar wire. Will handle power up to 1 Kw , and operate with one T.V. rotator. All beams pre-tuned to band centers. SWR at resonant frequency below 1.1:1.

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were FYM, Central California Council president. and ACN, license plate committee. Major results of the meeting were planning unified action of TVI committers and the supgested endorsement of ACN as representative of the clubs for the lirense plate hill. ZNL has been arpointed temporary chairman of the Council. The Sonora group has ofticially formed a club and named it the Tuolumne Amateur Radio Society with EBL, pres. ; and P('B, secy-treas. The Bakerg tield Club has, as the communication reserve, uccfuired two Viking Rangers, an NC-183D, a BC-2:1, and four beams with rotators. KUEKX is in New York with the TBMI Co JLL is artive on 160 meters and is looking for CSOs. U1F is quite ill in St.. Joseph's Hospital, Stockton. FIP and RLC are hack on 2 meters. NQC wassed the 2nd-class commercia test. OVK was NCS of SJCEN for lebruary. KNGGTA was Maritime Nobile on 2 meters. New officers of the Fresno Club are WJU, pres.; QOS, vice-pres.; ONK, secy. The Fresno Club has received official approval of the Pacitic Division Convention to be held in Fresno May 21 st and 2ind. JPU is working on an ART-13 for RTTY. ZUI and BlfH are koing s.8.b. A group of Fresno v.h.f. men are huilding a 2 -mpter repeater station for the hills east of Fresno. Traflic: WfileA 141, KíEEVM 74, W6ADB 70, 8NF th EBL, 21. SJJ 10, WJF 8.

## ROANOKE DIVISION

NORTI CAROLINA - SCM, Clharles H. Brydges W4W'XZ 太EC:ZG. RM: VIIH. PAM:ONM. OO:SOD If you are interested in Section Net activities, join the Tarheel Emergency Net on 3865 kr . That is your ARRL Section Net and will be only as good as you make it. EIV has a new 75A-3 and a Globe King. It sure is unusual to hear Howard not mobile. The Raleigh gang sure has been doing some hard work on the license glate bill. Show your appreciation by giving your hearty thanks. Lots of -meter artivity is popping up everywhere. Let's hear from some of vour quys on OES appointments. New stations in Charlotte are KN4BVJ and K4BZI. BZI is ex-5EWQ and is sales manager for WWOF. ZQB is muving to a new place to get a little more room for his Jixie Half (yallon. GKG has thoughts of rehuilding his $30+$-TL final. All who are seriously interested in forming a North Carolina 'phone tratlic net on Saturday. please drop me a line. The Gastonia group has a monthy paper called G.AB (Gastonia Amateur Bulletin). It is backed full of excellent information on local happenings and may be a good idea for other clubs or krouns wer the state. i) F has a new 20 -meter bearn and has been working DX. Traffic: W4RRH 25, ONM 11, BUA + .

SOUTH GAROLINA - SCAI. T. Iunter Wond, WHANK - The Aiken Club has elected new officers: WSD. pres.; EQD, secy.-treas.; 7.Y , act. dir.; and $A Y D$, pub. ZVY demonstrated the antenna scope and GDO at the February mecting. FM is building an SS rig. LXX has a new trailer with more room ior a ham shack. FCXX is QSY to W2-Land. SMI reports good 10 -meter DX. AUL is working DX on 20 meters. TSU has a new beam on 20 meters. ULH is to be congratulated for his assistance to newcomers in Florence. WN 4 HOZ reports two new KNs in Grcenville: BWZ and BXA. WN4HOZ has worked +2 states with a 32 -foot vertical on 40 meters. TTG reports his XYL is now KN4BXH and is looking for South Carolina contacts on 3736 kc . We hear that SOF , of Dillon, is secy.treas. of the Lumberton Club. SOD is a member of the Lumberton Club, wheh boasts of $\because()$ rharter members. New Greenville (lub ollicers are ASD), pres.: VUU, vice-pres.; K4AIB, secy,-treas.; NJC, act. mgr.; F NS, trustec. The Greenville Club has secured the old control tower at the airport as a club house and the club station. NYK, will be in the air from this location soon. The Club boasts of 1.5 mobiles with 6 on 75 meters and 7 on other bands. Thanks to Virkinia for the nice report. //RH transmits code practo Virginia tor the nice report. ZRI transmits code brac-
tice at 1900 EST on 3700 nightly Mon. through Fri. The South Carolina (..W. Net mects Mon.-Fri. on 3525 ke . ut 1000 EST. Traific: W4HDR 265. AKC 198. ZIZ 158, FFII (it), RPV 5h, FML 36, ANK 25, Y'AA 10, FMI 3 ,

VIRGINIA - SCMI, John Carl Morgan. W $+\mathrm{KX}-\cdots$ SEC: RTV. By the time this appears, KX will have moved to Fredericksburg. See nage $t$ for new address. Others on the move include Y'S to DL4, YUF to North Carolina, CGE and YKB on a 3 -week Nayy cruise, LK abroad for 3 months. RTV holds a meeting of ECs cach Sun. at $U 8 U 0$ on 3835 kc . rud has appointed ZCL us his assistant in charge of r.w. AREC operations. New ORSs: AAD, WYC. New OPSs: RCAZ, CWB. New OO: EUM. Appointees are required to sugyest other likely candidates for appointments. Or if you want one, just ask. Don't be bashful. VPO and his XYL, HLF, are teaching a code class of ubout 20 in Orange. YE's il-vear-old son now is WN4CAX, making three hams in the fumily. Big brother is VZC. K. 10 has mobile working on all bands, while YVG says he's doing pretty wroll serounging parts for one. BY'Z has a new Clobe Srout. KWP reports an emergenry net in formation amons the C. \&. Ry. employces who are hams. KFC worked TI9MHB on 40,80 , and 160 meters for country No. 2. 5 Among the Virkinia kang at the banquet of "Ozone Sniffers" (old-timers) at Olney, MId. in February were AKN, KFC, KX, EBH, and NV. KN4ASU, radio instructor at Norfolk Naval Base, shucked the "N." TFZ is looking for volunteers (Continued on pape 104)


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10 M. BEAMS
 match, \$18.95. $1-8$ Rnom, ter Elements, Tubin; Alum. Tubing 0 - ${ }^{\prime}$ itsid Inserts, Alum. Tubing: 1 Inserts, Aratch Al4m . Polystyrene Tubing: 1 -. Beam Mount.
D103T- Deluxe 10 m 3-E.t. T match, \$25.95. 1 - $8^{\prime}$ Hoom, Elements, 1 Alum, Tubiner Tubing: End Inserts. © Alum.
 Mount.

## 15 M. BEAMS

S152T•Std. 15 m 2-F1. T match, $\$ 22.95$. 1 - $12^{\prime}$ Bnom. $1^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. Tubing; 2 12 ' Cen: ter Elements, ${ }^{8 / 7}$, Num. Iub, ing: $2-5^{\circ}$ End Inserts, ${ }^{\prime}$ Alum. $^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. Tubins: 2 - ${ }^{\prime}$, End Ini Match ( $0^{\prime}$ ), Polystyrene Tubing; 1-Beam Mount.
D153T • DeLuxe 15 m 3-E1. T match, $\$ .39 .95$. 1 - $12^{\prime}$ Boom. 1" Alum. Tubing; i- ${ }^{\prime} 2^{\prime}$ Center Elements. in Alum. , ubing:


 serts, ${ }^{\text {Match }}\left(0^{\circ}\right)$. Polystyrene Tubing; 1-Aeam Mount.

## 20 M. BEAMS

$\$ 202 \mathrm{~N} \cdot$ Std. $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2$-E1. (No T). \$21.95. 1-12' Boom. $1^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. I ubing: 2-12' Center Elements, ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ "Alum. Tubink: Tuhing; 1-Ream Miount. S202T•Std. 20)m 2.EI. I match, \$24.95. 1-12' Bnom $1^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. Tubing: 2-12' Cener Elements. Alum. Tuhing 4- $12^{\prime}$ End Inserts ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ " Aum
 Polystyr
Mount.
D202N - Deluxe 20 m 2-El. ( N T), $\$ 31.95 .2$.... $12^{\prime}$ Booms, $1^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. Tuhing: 2-12' Center Elements. $1^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. Tuhing 4-12, Find Inserts. ?द" Alum Tubing: 1 - Reatn Crosspices,
1" Alum. Tubing; 1-Beam $1^{\prime \prime \prime}$ Alum. Tubing; $1-$ Beam Mount.
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1 1" Alum. Tubing; $2-12^{\prime}$ Cen1" Alum, Tubing; 2 , $-12^{\prime}$ 'ren-
ter Finments, $1^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. Tubing: ter Fimments, $1^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. Tubing
$4-12^{\prime}$ End $\ln$ serts, ", Alum Tubing: $12^{\prime}$ End Inserts, $T$ Match is is Polystyrene Tubing; 1 - Heam Crosspiece, $1^{\prime \prime}$ Alum. Tubing: 1 - Beam Mount.
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107 E. 126 Street New York 35, N. Y.
for ODN NCS. When you read this, the summer slump will be imminent. But this is an excrellent time for the newer harns to get their hand in, in net operation, especially the c.w. nets. Get in touch with RMs TVO, PXA, or IZC if interested. We suggest you take a try at NCS - you'll find it's a lot of fun and quite easy when you qet the hang of it. Anyone capable of 20 w.p.im. or better is a natural. Finally we urge you to report any activity or trattic to the SCMI each month. Reqular reporting cards are available on request. Traffic: W4PFC 894, ऊLR 166, KX 73, YZC 71 , YVG 38, TFZ 36, (VFV 25, KFC 20, ASU 19, PPI 14. IA 12, AAD 11, JAU 10 . CWB 6, LK 5 , WYC $5, ~ R G Z 4, B Y Z 3$, LW 3, CGE 2, 'TFX 2.

WEST VIRGINIA - SCM, Albert H. Hix, W8PQQSEC: YPR. PAMs: FGL and (iCZ, KMs: UFC, GBF, HZA, and JWX. GBF has benn doing good frequencymeasuring work. CHP has a new (ilobe King. PRM is active in Bridgeport on s.s.b. and c.w. He is ex-onerator from DLTAIR. ORD is on s.s.b. with 300 watts and is building kw . linear amplifier. IWB had a yood article on mobile signal-strength meter in March $\omega s T$. LBT is on 15 -meter mobile. PQQ has a new kw. amplifier on 15 meters. (iEP informs the that Princeton Club is planning another pieniehamfest in June. UYR has a new vertical on 80 meters. TMII, in Nitro, is ex-4PHR. He is building a loo-watt linear. IXG has a new HQ-1:YX. (GBF and JWX sure did a bang-up job this month. The Tri-State Club in Huntington is very artive on 6 meters. VCT is back in Texas for a short spell. ZJS is planning s.s.b. gear. LSG is planning on retting a high-power rik soon. AVW is back on and is getting a new two-element 20 -meter heam. LS is doing a lot of mohile work, WO.I has the s.s.b. job tinished. Thanks to NLT, LS. W'SL, and NBG for their tremendous help in working on the license plate bill. The hams in this section responded very well in sending in letters and messages to the Delegates and Senators. Traffic: W8GBF $64 \%$, JWX 410 GEP 8t, HZA 61, IXG 19, DFC 11, LBT 7, PQQ 3 UYR 3.

## ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

COLORADO - Karl Brueggeman, WGCDX - SEC: MMT. KM: KQD. PAM: IUF. We now have about 1100 hams in Colorado with only $\because 20$ A.REC members. There is lots of room for improvement su let's all join and see how $\because$ lose we can come to 100 per e:ent. MMT or your SCNI will be very happly to send out applications, so just send Hither one of us a post card, and we mill answer promptly. Also remember the EC check-in around the tirst of the month. OMN has tinished this year's radio class and has three realy for Novice Class examinations. Ben will conluct a similar class next fall. WNGZZS and KNGAAI are two new Novices from Pueblo. IUF has a new final. TVI has 41 states toward W.AS. including W1AW'. The Cnlorado nets have been having a lot of trouble lately with QRM. Nost of it serms to rome from hams who do not check their froquency before transmitting. Net operation is very iuportant and can be done efficiently only if all of us cooperate. The news was quite sparse this month and as a result this column is short. Traffic: K KW'BB 8\%1. WgKQD 348, W6PKL/9 262. WoTVI 73, PGN 61, LNH' 47, IA 10 IUF 3.

UTAH - SCMI, Hoyd 1. Hinshaw, W7UTM - The Utah liennee call hill has passed the House. By the time you read this it is hoped the bill will have become law! TCC expects to be back in Utah to participate in the April CD Party. JPN still is busy with defense activities and is not on the air as much as he would like. Hal is sparking the $\cdots$-meter activity in this Area. Orden news: SAZ says that OCX has xained membershin in the r.d. net. RQT has toaster interference (TI?). Hi. VHS is looking for fi-meter openings. MWR made BPL on originations plus deliveries. Traftic: (Feb.) W7MWK $\because 2$, UTM 7. (Jan.) W'7JPN 6 WYOMING - SCN, Wallace $J$. Kitter, W7PKX Sorry to report the failure of the Wyoming License Plate Bill S-41 to pass the House Committee. The Casper Radio Club had a very successiul booth at the hobby show. The Sheridan Radio Clinb is starting on mobile z-metor c.d rigs and is getting started on RACES set-up. HLA, in a new home, should have an antenna up soon. WET is rebuilding the all-band rig. J.JO was elected seeretary of the Chesenne Club and is suorting a new Ranger. SQT would like to start a 7-AIc. Wyoming Net. Two new ones at Chey enne are WN7YWV and WN7YWW. POA, OZP, and BJS transferred out of Cheyenne. EUZ is very ionesome on " meters, all fired up with no one to (2NO. Wyoming now has a c.w. net, known as the "YO" Net, in operation on 3610 ke. Mon., Wed.. and Fri. at 1830 MST, with j)XV acting net control. PKX is going on vacation to $\mathrm{X} F-\mathrm{L}$ and. Traflie W7PKX 26U, DXV 65, HDS 36, MNW 20. PMII 6, VXV 2 .

## SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

ILABAMA - SCMI, Joe A. Shannon, W 4 MI - SEC: TKLL. RMI: KIX. PAMI: RNX. Seetinn tots: AENB, daily at 1900 on $3575 \mathrm{kc}:$ : d 5 NP daily at 1800 on 3955 kc ; IENB CW. operates at a speed of $15 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on sat. and sun. and welcomes newcomers. Hour stalwarts hit the BPL trail in February: K $4 F \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{Y}$. W4COU, HKK, and UHA. (Continued on pate 106)

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COU is experimenting with a Franklin Oscillator. ZSQ was voted the most eflicient NCS on AENP for February, and RTQ the outstanding net member for the month. WOG has moved to a new location and FAJ is now living in Coral Gables. Fla. ZWE is signing portable from York. After four tries at 'phone natches, ZSQQ says he can now olfer his services in Birmingham! Welrome to KN4ASG, Winficld, auti KN4CCI, Anniston. TKL has a new Chevvic and the job of converting mobile to 12 volts and reinstalling. CAH says he has worked VP5AE, Grand Turks Island, on 15 meters! RLC is back in the trallic column after a year's absence. Traflic: K1FDY 1158, W4COU GO2, HKK 516 ,
 K4ACO 27 . W4ZSH 26, OAÓ 24, TKL 24 , YAI 24. KNX 21. BFM 14, CEF 14, PWS 14, TXO 14. HYI 12, DXB 10, JKU 6. ©AH 4, OR 4, KLG 4, NLB 2, USM 2.

EASTERN FLORIDA - SCM, John W. Hollister, jr., W4FWZ -. Our SEC, IM, is planning on May 15th for JOCO. A nice report, was received from PJU on the L.JMI transmitter fund. The R\&W 5100 was delivered Feb. 27 th and set up by LYD, DDW, CPG, and VIE. Because TOJ was listening, a dying child in Oregon received her wish to taste some Florida watermelon via Eastern Air. The three foregoing disassociated ham activities certainly point up our belief in our hobhy and my belief in the amateur. Yc SCM got first-hand information on some good things in store for those heading for St. Petersburg in Jume for the ARRL Convention. An enjoyable evening was snent at the SPARC meeting. Ft. Lauderdale: The Flamingos are aiming to please the gals in their outings this year. Bird Sparks: VGT is building a new shack. TOJ uses an SX-88 with a Globe King and TOK uses the NC-183. WAQ uses B\&W 5100 and s.s.b. on 20 meters with Telrex two-element Mini. Thanks to SDI/MVR for the TOJ-Oregon story. KN4BXR is 15. WN4HRU is NCS for $3735-\mathrm{ke}$. Novice division of Rroward Emergency Net. Gainesville: 'TJU reports new GAS ofticers are K4AQR, IJU, WEM. WEM, the EC, has 7 mobiles in the GAS Net. TJU says the mang is getting polished up for Field Day (June 25-2h). Jacksonville: CNC reports NEK has tice skeds, so drop him a line. Key West: We are sorry DRT is moving on. ELS says club station K4NCN now has the beam up. Miami: Thanks to IYT and KBNCN now has the beam up. Mami Thanks to IT T and the DEN drill of Feb. 28th was a big success with 11 mobiles. Key men included PBS, YCL, UIW, CUR, and IYT. Renewed $144-\mathrm{Mc}$. activity brought in FLH with $60(1)$-watt duplex with KQG and ZDR. RNV also is on 114 Mc . CUR says AZO is on 144 Mc , with 500 watts and reports a new club, the Sinuth Miami Kadio Club. YJE uses B\&W 5100. Orlando: BMY is building a new shack and console. Tampa: 2J WJ swears by his rhombic. Norm suys KL7AWH died in Clearwater. 'Trallic: (F'eb.) W4TYE 679, IY' 585, PJU 526, LAP 340, DVR 2642 , WEO 190, WS I 23 . WHK 103. ELS 79, YJE 65, TJU 54 , FSS 40, LNTT 34, ZIR 32 , K4ANJ 27. W4RWM 27, FJE 20. IM 14, FWZ 12, NEK 12, YOX 12, UES 5, BWR 4, YNM 2, URT 1. (Nov.) W4PJU 524.

WESTERN FLORIDA - SCM. Edward J. Oollins, W4MS/RE-.. SEC: HLE. ECs: HIZ and MFY. CQX sends an $F B$ report on the Novice program. New Novices are KN4s BMQ, BNA, BKP, BRQ, BQY, BKU, and BKW. 9CPI now is K4BZX. CQX is cuming on with' a kW . NIUX has been burning up 75 meters. KWM rebuilt the kw . rig for 20 meters. RKH and PLE are cleaning up TVI in their rigs. ROM has a new $10-$ meter rig. SMM has the new mobile rig going. UXW is on 10 -meter mobile. WKQ is getting all set for Field Day. PLE is looking for ECs for the central and eastern parts of this section. HQG is a traific man on 75 meters. BGG has a car und is dreaming of mobile gear. MS has a new B\&W but KN4AGM claims it. $H$ i. QK has the 8138 booming on 75 meters. UCY is after higher mower. NJB is on again. JPD swears by the 40 -meter band. TTM is very active in the YLRL. KN4ADY is getting the rig set to come on the air. 6UQZ is in the area akain after 18 years. VR keeps 40 meters koing along with AXP. OOW is renewing his ticket. RZV is faithful to the Dagwond Net. UCYY is happy over the 10-meter openings. \&FF, YFG., and YFH have antenna problems. Traffic: K4AKP 341.

GEORGIA - BCMI. George W. Parker, W4NS - SEC: OPS. PAMs: ACH and LXE. RMs: MTS and OCG. Nets: Georgia Cracker Emergency Net meets on 3995 ke. Sun. at 0830, Tue. and Thurs. at 1830 EST. Georgia State Net ( (GSN) meets on 3590 kc . Mon., Wed., and Fri. at 1900 EST. CCM has a new 500-watter. It is a new YL at QDM. DJF is working on a kw . sideband rig. BVE is working on a modulator for his c.w. rig. KN4BXD is a new Novice in Jackson. YTO made WAS. CFJ sold his kw. sideband final and is building a new one. A new club has been organized at Quitman High School. KN4BBI is new in Bainbridge. New officers of the Thomasville Radio Club are NDX, pres. ZDP , secy.-treas. The South Georgia Rar-Chewers Net held its arinual picnic meeting in Thomasville. The Southeaster Sinkle Sideband dinner was held in Atlanta on Feb. 19th with more than 70 sidebanders in attendance. KN4s ADV, AYC, and BAI are active in Columbus. YUM has a new $35-\mathrm{ft}$. pole in his backyard and is active on 15 meters. MTS is building a sideband rig. DOC has a new $32 \mathrm{~V}-2$ and a $75 \mathrm{~A}-3$. RVH now is mobile. ZUF has a new (Continued on page 108)


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beam on a $35-\mathrm{ft}$. telephone pole and is after that rare DX on 20 ) meters. YUIGM (GMP) works the home town regularly from Belgrade. II N , in LaCirange, is back on the air on 75 meters. All appointees are requested to check appointment expiration dates and forward their certificates to the SCM for endorsement if over one year old. Traffic: K4WAR T06, W4CF, 320 , PIM 315, BVE 225. ZDP 64, BWD 30 , NS 22, ITS 20. ZD 14. K4BGB 10. W4YTO 2.

WEST INDIES - SCM, William Werner, LiP4DJKD renewed ORS appointment. The appointments of IIZ. QR, and $K G \pm A O$ have been cancelled because of inactivity. ZW is preparing to get on 75 meters to $Q \mathrm{Q}()$ Island stations. SK, one of our co-workers and an oid-time amatcur, has gone back to W2-Land. ABC has a new Viking Kanger working on all bands. WQADD visited WV at Aquadilla. W2TO visited AZ. MP, C.I). Radio (Oflicer, is active on 75 meters. RA has returned from a long visit to the states and promises early activity. WD made WAC- phone. IT has a new HRO-til). 1A is active on 7 Mc . IVV and ZW are working feverishly in the c.w. portion of the IW Contest. . CB , with the highest QTH in KP4 on top of a mountain near Castaner, applied for amateur weather ubserver appointment to report to the Antilles Net. 1BA has 40-meter vertical. US. ZC, AAA. ABA, ABD, and ACB visited the SCM. AAA is CAP Radio Otficer. K' has a new 80 -meter Zepp and reports working 64 countries on $3.5 \mathrm{Mc} . \mathrm{M}^{2} 8$ on 21 MLc., 18 countries and 4 continents on 1.8 Mc. US and ABA were subjects of a two-page write-up in a newspaper printed by the Dept. of Instruction with an $8 \times 10$ picture in color on the front page. $A Z$ has a new Lysco Transmaster. Praffic: (leb.) hP+WT 76, ZW 8, DJ シ. (Jan.) KPtWT 90

CANAL ZONE -... SCM, Roger M. Howe, KZ5RM $A U$ and FL moved into new homes in the new housing development on Ridge Road. They are practically actoss the strest from each other. but both claim this is not going to cause trouble because they are going to install a special switch which will automatically lock out the other's converter for a half hour. The ham gang surprised NIL and FL with a honse-warming party at their new QTH. New license application forms are in the making and shortly will be available at the Cristobal. Margarita. Balboa, and Balboa Heights Post Uffices. They also will be available at either of the two radio clubs. JW, CZARA club station, is in business with the interlaced 10-20 beam. SCM, RM, and his IYL, KA, will be on leave Stateside from the end of Mav to the end of August, during which time SEC. WA, will act as SCM. Tratlic: KZ5WA 118. DG 52, CF 30, KA 3. LB 11, GD 9, BD 8.

## SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

LOS ANGEIES - SCM, Howard C. Bellman, W'6YVJ - Fixplorer Post No. 177, SLW, worked PY4DK with its 500-watt Grayhound Mobile. These bovs are all physically handicapped. KN6ICI's best DX is WN7YHD, in Montana. All scouts are invited to take part in radio classes at the Lowman School, North Hollywood, 7:30 to 9:00 p.m. Fri. QJW reports that the ECs in the southern part of Los Angeles County are participating in the American Heart Campaign by providing mobile units to pirk up money from the volunteer workers. Two W6s were heard by iF'AG, Albuquerque, on F'cb. 18th, according to ORS, who norked FAG on the 21st on 75 meters. Apparently this was calsed by ionization from atom blasts. K6BAG, the M/t. Pacifico Radio Club, is scheduled for the mountain of the same name next Field Dav. K6JLY, publicity serretary of Hamilton High Kadio Club, indicates that the Club's constitution now includes words which provide for expulsion of any member known to be "bootlegging." The Osciilator. from Long Bearh, reminds us of the YRL Convention to be held at the Miramar Hotel in Santa Monica in June. Nrw calls for "Riohons" include K6JLS, TV technician at. Lovell's, a recent graduate of the code class. Russ is on the Novice r.w. bands. Tom Lovell, sr., father of KN6IPD. is now KN6JRH and has worked San Francisco with his Heathkit. Another father and son combination will be Pres. Beaird, who recently passed the Novice exam and is akaiting his call, and his son. Cil, now (General Class with the call K6IMIF. (iil is on 40 -meter 'phone with a Globe Scout. KN6IMG is bringing his dad around to code classes. The Jennings family, father and two suns, are making progress tuward 5 w.p.m. Thanks for the report from UkC, of the Riohon List'ning Post. FMIG has asked for cancellation of his ORS appointment as he expects to be very inactive in ham radio circles in the near future. Tratic: (Feb.) W6MBW 425, USY 234. GYH 21U, K6LQ.A 172, WGCAK 139, KN6HOV 104. W6MLZ 100. CMN 91 BHG 70, ORS 66, K6COP 32, BWD 31, W6CK 28 , HIF 12, CBO 5, FAI 3, K6BEQ 1. (Jan.) に6FCZ 945, WGFAI 6.

SAN DIEGO - SCM, Don Stansifer. WGILRU - Asst. ScMs: Tom Wrells, tiFiVU: Shelly Trotter, iBAM: Dick Huddleston, WDLN. NEC: VFT. ECA: BAO. BZC. DLN, HFQ. HIL. HRI, IBS, KSI, KUU, and WYA. RMi: ELQ. (Continued on puye 110 )


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The entire San Dicgo section mourns the recent passing of Johnnie and Neva Fredenburgh, VJQ and YXI, who were killed in an auto accident. K6JCF. ex-W4V7II, is now in Del Mar. KN6JGi is a new Novice in Vista. Officers of the Gillespie Club are K6ILO, pres.: W6KUU, vice-pres.; and K6DXZ, secy. The Rohr Club now has a Viking II on the air. SKB is recovering at home after a recent anto accident. The Convair Club has a Collins 32V-3 on all bands. KiCTQ worked 12 new countries in the WX Contest on c.w. BSD is now handling traffic on RTTY. The Grange County Club s conducting code and theory classes in coüperation with c.d. in the area. K6DNO now sports a BC,-342 while KN6HKY has an NC-183. LYF has a Ranger. FTH. our ex-SCMI, is now in Arcadia. All elubs continne to show activity preparing for Field Day. The club call for the new Gillespie group is K6JCC. SYA and his XYL recently varationed in Death Valley, but came home carly because of the intense cold. The meeting space for the Convair Club will be doubled in a new building soun to be completed VFT is back at his normal duties of teaching after an enjuvable trip East to receive the Edison Award. A 9- and an 1-year-old at Silvergate Elementary School nassed their Novice tests and are awaiting calls. All persons holding appointments in the section are asked to send cortificates to the SCMI when they expire so they can be endorsed and returned. This would help me to keen my records straight. Tratfic: WGIAB 3350, YUK 621, BSD 590, IZG 91 , K6DBG 32.
SANTA BARBARA - SCMI, Vineent J, Haggerty, WGIOX - K6NBI still is the trallic leader in this section. QIW savs ponr conditions make for hard work on the traflin nets lately. Activity at F'YW is limited to CARS and loca contacts presently. ACO skeds the East Coast on 3.5 Mc BRY's brother is now K6END. ITD is fuishing his s.s.b final amplifier and working on a 2 -meter rereiver. Member of the section are urged to give their support to CIW, your new SCM as of April 12th. Congratulations, Bill! Traffic (Feb.) K6NBI 93. W(iQ)IW 8, JYWW 4. (Jan.) WGQIW 26

## WEST GULF DIVISION

NORTHERN TEXAS - SCM. T. Bruce Craik. W5JQD SEC: RRM. PAMs: PAK and IWQ. KMs: PCN and QHI. SQX has returned to Lubbock and Reece AFB. BSX reports 15 members of the Cleburne Club have a project of -10-meter transmitter-converter to tie in with the Sheriff's Dept. WB has given more than 100 exams in the past 25 vears. New officers of the Snyder Club are FPH, pres. COU, vice-pres,: CRP, secy.-treas. ©DO has cubical quad on io meters. BXE has moved hack to onyder. New officers of the South Plains Amateur Radio Club at Lubbock are NGX, pres. ; TUW, vice-pres.; and HDX, sec:y-treas. OBS is in cermany. GLX is a new YI. ham in Tyler. AJ renewed his commercial license. IMQ worked Canal \%one on 35 -watt 15 -meter home-spun rig. The Blue Ridge Net on 160 meters, had an 88 per cent attendance on 1880 ke for February. UUR reports on the rnnual Boy Scout Hamoree held Feb. 20th, conducted by No. Tex. Emerg. Net. Code classes are being conducted by amateurs and Naval Reservists each Tues. at 7:30 P.M. in the Naval Armory Lubbock. TFP reports WN5HIHK's father is WN5KAS Dallas. YI, YKE worked YL, KZ.5DG in Canal Zone on 15 meters. BMR reports on the early morning ham breakfast held each 3rd Sun. at the Piccadilly Cafeteria in Fort Worth CF worked into the No. Tex. Liaison Net from mobile while en ronte to the Lawton Hamfest. ©(iR. Midland Club presi dent, reports the City deeded land to the hams for the new club house they are building. NRI is hack on mobile ufter being off when s.s.s.c. took his fancy. GVA is ull-hand mobile. ESR is back on NTEN after recent surgery. GQN has organized the TNT (Texas Novice Traffic Net), which meets at 1900 CST each Tue. on 7191 kc . Traffic: Ki5FFR 870. W5KPB 366. UTA/5 355, BAT 212, PAK 196, AHC
 IKE 27, ASA 26 , HKF 7.
OKLAHOMA - SCM. Dr. Will G. Crandall, W5RST Asst. SCM: Ewing Canady, OGIQ. SEC: KY. RM: LiVS PAMs: PML, SVR, and ROZ. The Lawton- $\mathrm{F}^{\circ} \mathrm{t}$. Sill Radio Club Hamfest and Dinner held at the Hotel Lawtonia was the highlight of the month with hoth the newly-elented Director, CF, and the Viee-lirector. MA, present and making short talks. PML was M.C. and allowed vour SCM and SEC, KY, to say a few words. A total of 94 attended the dinner with about 35 ARRL members present. KY is doing an excentional job iu lining up and training ECs for as many counties as possible and now has over tif) per cent of the countics covered. The usual tornado path from the S.E. to the N.W. across the State is almost completely cuvered. The tornado season has begun and the progress of the srfuall line is being followed by a storm-warning net with (:ZB as originator and NCS. A tie-in with the statc weather bureau is in the process. The Nurth Fork ARC has set the date of its annual hamfest and pienic at Quartz AIt Park as May 21st and 2end. Your SCM has been remiss in notifying ARRL appointees of expiration of their a!ppoint ments, but appointments will he made on the recommenda tion of the RM, PAM, or Net MLgr. if application is made for OPS, ORS, or OPEN certiticate. Traffic: W5GVS 143 MRK 83, FEC 69. ADC 56 , GXH 44 , TKI 44 , MGI 41 (Continuti on pape 11z)

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QAC 32, ('BY 20, ZKK 30, PML 28, PNG 27, MFX 26, SVR 25, RST 20, KY 18, FU 17, WTC 13, TC 12, GIQ 7, PAA 5, ITF 4 .
SOUTHERN TEXAS - SCMI, Dr. Charles Fermaglich, W5FIT -. ABQ, who has been in bed for a very long time is now up and around again and beginning a full kw . rim just for 8()-meter c.w. Good luck to you, Jerry, and we are all happy that you are recovering. URW is loing a lot of MARS and NTO operating and soon will he heari on STEN. The next Annual sTEN Meeting will be held in Gerrville May 28 -ig. From (futter Dope: FND and his XI'L kerrville May $28-29$. rom Gutter hope: NN and his A L $L$ N
are moving into a new home on the north side. VI is sporting a new mobile on 75 meters rud a new CTH out on liredericksburg Kd. E'PB is building a new Q multiplier. THU has just installed a new Elmac transmitter in his mobile. W'e wonder if JHF has his car painted yet, and how about the 2 -i-volt system". GKI is ready to fire up an ART-13 mobile. Emergency Net NCS, KQG, has recovered from Iaryngitis. EVT is having lots of fun operating his new Viking Ranger. LVE is mounting his put-put on a new trailer. OER reports 3855 kc. , the mobile frequency, is crowded in Houston. TSE says we should be seeing LFG soon. The Gralveston Connty ARC is doing an l'B job of publicizing amateur ralio. ULN presented a program on oscillators. The Club call is KMK and Campbell is trustee. The TCARC had an FB pienic in March. Elder, Judd and Bolles were the committee. New Novices in Gualveston and Rolles were the coinmittee. New Novicesin Galveston Wounty are Mr. and Mrs. WS. CU. Fulton and Jimmy Taylor. Jim's call' is W'NSGMX. UJG. a 13-vear-old YL, is thought to be the youngest in Texas. AE'T has moved to a new W'T'II in Pharr and is loading up the clothesline nending completion of an antenna. F'ZO is back on the air with his numerous transmitters but he still is having some trouble. The hams in Hidalgo County participated in the Red Cross simulated disaster Mar. 5th. WTJ is on 40-meter phone and c.w. with (i) watts for the iorst time since 1451 . It is his first 'phone rig since becoming a ham in 1933. At a recent meeting the HARC elected RPW. pres.: Sam Dixon, vice-pres.; ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Z} D$, treas.; URU, secy.: PBX. membership chairman; VWF, prok. ehairman. Tratlic: W5MN B31, FJF 4?, ABQ 16, URW 16.

NEW MEXICO - SCNI. G. Merton Sayre, W5ZUSEC: KCW. PAM : BIW. V.H.F. PAM : FPB. RAI: JZT The NMEPN meets on 3838 kc . Tue. and Thurs. at 1700 Sun. at 0730; the NMI Breakfast Club every morning except Sin. $4700-1) 830$ on $3838 \mathrm{kc} . ; \mathrm{NM}$ C.W. Net daily on 3633 ke. at 1900. Changes in NCS for the Breakfast Club: Mon 7GG. WKX; Tue. TBP, BZB; Wed. CEE, AK; Thurs. WBC, GYN; Fri. CEE, VLZ, Sat. PSP, CXC. WBC is NCS for Tue. and Thurs. NMEPN, with CXC alternate; GEM is NCS Sun., BXP is alternate. BIH and FPB are candidates for the SCMI post. Remember the State Ham Picuic at Albuquerque June $4-5$, the West Gulf Division Cicuic at Albuquerque June $4-5$, the west Gulf Dirision 1956 for the West Gulf Division Convention site. AQQ has left the State. NMIEPN stood by for three days when Albuquerque amatenrs provided communications in connection with the TWA plane search and rescue activities in the Sandia Mountains. Caravan Club members did a grand job. WIY and CGE moved to Mojave. DNK. ECS, FAG, FPB, HAG, NSJ, RES, UEO, UZL, WIY, YXM, and others were at the Feb. Albuquerque V.H.F. Club mecting. FAG and NSJ are trying to work DX after each Nevada test. SB is in Farmington as a TV engineer. (;UB attended Chicago schnol on microwave and teletype maintenance. PBV worts on u.h.f. gear for CAA. POI lost his whip and coil in a snow storm. AAU has a comununications service in F'armington. Traffic: K5WSP 268 . W5RFF 54, QR 48 , $17 \mathrm{~T} 43 . \mathrm{VLZ} 40$, HJF 39, WPA 39, AQU 38, CEE 31, HOE $16, Z U$ 15, ARD 12. BZB 9, B1H 5. BXP 5, WBC 5, DZB t.

## CANADIAN DIVISION

MARITIME - SCMI, Douglas C. Johnson, VE1OM Asst. SCM: Fritz A. Webb, 1DB. SEC: RR. RMs: VE1HJ und VOtiX. PAMs: VEIOC, VO2AW, and VOGN. ECs: VE1AAY. VE1DQ, VEIDW, VOZG, and VO6U. A new appointee is $P F^{\prime}$, PAM for N.B. We resret the passing of FA. Clary was particularly noted for his $160-$ meter transatlantic pioneer work, and had set a number of DX records on that aud other bands. The Ciape Breton C.D. Net meets Sun. at $1: 30$ P.M. on 3750 kc . Congrats to AV and his XYL on the new jr. operator. A movie interview of $F Q$ was shown on C'BIIT after Brit had informed the press that two missing Arctic travelers were found. BN is using new all-aluminum sky hook with 450 -ohm feerl. VOls M, U, V, and $广$ have migrated to 20 meters. VO1AB has a new mobile. VOIAE is active on all bands. VOIAM is back on after a few years layoff. VO3X and VO1D participated in the BERU Contest. W4BRP/VO2 has 5 watts on 3.5 MIe., and 500 on 14 Mc. Congrats to VOMAE and his XYL on the new jr. operator. J'O N is running 150 watts and has worked up to 77 countries. VOfAH is Acting NCS for the Labrador Net. The GBARC is conducting a training program in theory and code under the direction of VO6R. Traffic: VO6N 158, and code under the direction of VOR Vraific: VE1NJ. VOAAF 34, VE1QM 33, VE1UT 29, VE1OM 28, VEIME VOAAF 34, VE1QM 33, VE1UT 39 , VE1OM
20 , VE1OC 15, VOID 8, VE1DB 3 , VE1AV 2.
(Continued on page 114)


A Globe King transmitter was used in the Amateur Radio Booth at the recent State Fair of Texas. How did it operate? Here's what Mr. Edward F. Aymond, Jr. Amateur Day Committee Chairman, has to say:


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## THE 500 WATT <br> Completely Bandswitching GLOBE KING

Here's an advanced design, high power transmitter of 500 watts input on both CW and fone 100\% modulated. Is completely bandswitching 10 thru 160 M . bands. Consists of FR, Speech Modulator and Dual Power Supply Sections. Entire unit is specially screened for TVI. Pi Net: work output matches any antenna from $52-600$ ohms. Has provisions for VFO and Single sideband input. Forced air-cooled 4-250 tube, push-to-talk, special aluminum mesh screening of RF section - just a few of the many fine features. Enclosed in grey hammertone cabinet, $31^{\prime \prime} \times 213 / 4$ " $\times 15^{\prime \prime}$.


Edward F. Aymond, Jr. Dallas, Texas W5UHV
". . . was operated on 14.228 mc for 16 days continuous from 10:00 a.m. till 10:00 p.m. Some 200 different amateurs used this transmitter and not once .. did we have any trouble whatsoever.
". . . no interterence either on the video or the sound as a result of the Globe King being operated in this close proximity (3 feet) to (two) television sets. During the operation at the Fair, 41 states were contacted, 5 of the Canadian Districts, Alaska, Hawaiian Islands, Canal Zone, Cuba, Nicaraqua, Honduras, Peru, and Columbia. All operation was via phone.
". . . we were more than pleased with this operation and wish this transmitter had belonged to one of us personally"

## arad ••

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Dan Hoover (W9VEY) of Hillsboro, lllinois says, "it sure is a wonderful rig. QRM just melts and backs off to either side."
In the words of George $H$. Cooke (W2LOP) of 25 Cottler Ave., Springfield, N. J.: ". . . there is absolutely no intereference on our own TV set ... Needless to say I'm very well satisfied with my purchase."

And from Don Smith, La Junta, Colorado,: "I think you have topped the field... I congratulate World Radio Labs for really turning out a FB rig!!! : The modulation reports ! get are 'The best sounding rig on the band $O M$ what are you running?'

## 65 WATT GLOBE SCOUT

## Completely Bandswitching

This excellent Xmttr. offers 65 watts input on CW, 50 watts on fone. is completely bandswitching 10 thru 160M. Combination Pi Network antenna tuner. $100 \%$ modulation of Final. Housed in $8^{\prime \prime} \times 18^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ grey cabinet.

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# , 2uick QUIZ 

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$Q$. Who may operate an amateur radio station?
Q. What are the requirements for portable and mobile operation?
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## THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE

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ONTARIO - SCMI, G. Fric Farquhar, VE3IA - We record with deep regret two silent Keys, OW and AP. OW was well known as a member of the Air 'Transport Board and an active member of the Ottawa Amateur Radio C'lub. AP. a past secretary of the sume club, and a member of the Dept. of Transport, was very antive on 2\%, 10. and 80 meters. The Nortown Kadio Club of 'loronto is possessur of the Marconi 'Irophy for being top Canadian scorer in the ly54 ARRL Field Day operation. Un Simcoe way the Norfolk C'lub recently held a banquet, but lack of information has us guessing in to what tonk plare. The annual banquet of the Brantford ARC was a tremendous success. Some eighty hams who sttended, representing Windsor, Chatham, Gravenhurst, Elora, Toronto, Hamilton, Galt, Kitchener, and Belmont, heard some very interesting data on civil defense, ably presented by P. H. lox, Chief Traneport Officer for Cazadian Civil Defense. He described eivil defonse as "th pressing necessity toward safeguarding the lives and well-being of our noople and the preservation of that way of life which we hold so dearly and prize so deeply. within our hearts." 2BE, ARRL Canadian 1)ivision Director, who recently completed 25 years of service to Canadian Amateur Radio as its representative, outlined the benefits derived from being a League member. Touching ot the AREC, which forms communication networks across Canada, he said. "These are the boys who control and operate the civil defense networks. All other organizations get their reservoir of trained personnel from this organization." TM changes receivers and says "There's a difference." BUR and his XYL were seen vacationing down Tampa way. VZ, reports OSN activity keeps up. A newcomer in Belleville is BDT. VWI, in Kapuskasing, puts out a nice signal on 40 and 80 meters. BSW reports being the "first VF contart" to about 25 Novices. U.h.f. fellows are asked to be on the lookout on the $+20-\mathrm{Mc}$. band for BLT. CAB, BEE, and ASD. Traffic: VE3GI 172, BUR 168, $V$ 'Z 126, AJR 95 , AUU 74, TM 62, UQX 38, BJV 35, ©P 22, KM 22, NO 21 . AVS 17, 10 E 14, DP' 14, P 110 .

QUEBEC - SOM, Gordon A. Lynn, VE2GL -- PQN is taking a beating these days from poor conditions, particularly long skip making short hauls difficult. However, DR continues behind it with quite a few stations reporting in. The same difficulty is heing experienced on the Northland Net, as reported by FL. CA reports nothing new, just lots of traffic for the l'ar North. II has renewed ORS appointment after a lapse of a few years, this time from Sherbrooke. The St. Maurice Valley gang has one station or another covering 3675 kc . continuously throughout the diay, as well as on $37.10-\mathrm{kc}$. 'phone, on the lookout for traffic for that way. Reports from all parts of the VE2 district are solicited. Traffic: VE2C:A 101, BB 82, LM 35, GL 16, C'P 14, EC 14, ATQ 10, FT 10, LO 7.

ALBERTA - SCMI, sydney T. Jones, VE6MJ -... PAMI: OI). KN1: XG. AL has n.f.m. and a.m. ready to po as sonn as the Of has been received from the R.I. WC was away on a business trip to Houston. Tex. UB is artive from the new QTII at Cowley. KL is building new remote control VFO. MIJ is building a new antenna tuner. LQ has the new rig well under way. PS has a new TA12 rig. CE has plans for a vertical antenna. ZR has heen hobnobbing with the Eskimos and working from VE8-Land. Congratulations to WO and his XYL on the arrival of a Y jr. operator. C'P stays up nights chasing the elusive [')X. I E is active on the BC Net. Make plans now to attend the Alberta Hamfest which will be held this year in Lethbridge. It is with regret that the death of $I J$ is reported. A charter member of the Hat Ham Club, his advice and help were highly valued. Traffic: VE6HM 117, YE 28, OD 27, AL 25, WC 7, IZ 5, MJ4.

MANITOBA - SCM, John Polmark, VE4HL - OO: RB. New officers of the ARLM are NW, pres.; MO, treas.; PE, secy. The Noon Net now is registered with the ARRL. EF' is having tronble with his 20 -meter beam. ML, IF, and JW are sporting new mobiles all with very nice signals. QD is having TVI trouble. JW has a new antenna but still has TVI. It is curling time so we don't see much of (;B. XW wouldn't it be better to stay on the ground? We don't have too many active $\bar{y}$ Ls now. No reports were received from the 20 -meter gang. A fine time was had by all at the ARIM's unnual "Ham Do;" Mar. 5th. The ARIM had a bouth at the Sportsmen's Show and handled lots of traflic; a very nice showing for ham radio. Thanks to all relaying stations Traflic: VE4GE 98, LO 18, EF 14. HL 14, KL 12, IR 11, QD 7. JM 6, AI 4, RB 4 , AY 3, HS 2, OS 2.

SASKATCHEWAN - SCM, Harold R. Horn, VE5HR
QL's activities are curtailed while changing the QTH to Govan. RE is looking after PAM duties in the meantime. LT finally made the air with 807 s running 40 watts and puts out a nice signal. CM put in a busy week as communications station at civil defense, Fort Qu'Appelle. FG says his big traffic count is 1 delivered 1 received with a new addition to the family, a baby girl. Congratulations, Don. 'TV, at Swift Current, reports the formation of a club known us the Frontier City Radio Club with BC, !res.; TV, vicepres.; and JR., secy.-treas. Meetings are held Fri. at 7:30 P.M. und any visiting ham is welcome. LU has changed his OBS frequencies to $38: 27$ and 3798 kc . Tue. and Thurs. at 1830 hours. IN is a new ham at Nipawin and can be heard on 75 - and 40 -meter c.w. Trattic: VE5FG 31, HR 16, LU 12 VL 12, BF 10, DD 10, DS 10, CB 6, LJ 6, MX 6, CI 5, (iX 4, LE 4, IL 2, RG 2, RE 1.

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## Antenna Coupler <br> (Continued from pape 13)

(Globar) provides a convenient load for transmitter adjustments. Our requirements were for power inputs up to 250 watts with the transmitter terminated with 50 ohms; however, work is being done on a 70 -ohm version of the " $/$-match."

The transmitter used here has a pi-nctwork output circuit and this is adjusted for proper plate loading with $S_{8}$ in the first position, which connects the 50 -ohm dummy load. Power can be read in the forward position of the bridge on the proper scale. No reflected power will be evident with the resistive load. The proper forward reading scale on $M_{1}$ should be selected by means of $S_{1}$, depending on the power output of the transmitter. As can be seen from the schematic and photographs, $R_{2}, R_{3}$, and $R_{4}$ set the 0-10-, 0-100and 0-1000-watt full-scale levels. ReHected power calibrations are automatically taken care of by the settings of $R_{2}, R_{3}$ and $R_{4}$ when adjusted in the forward position.

It might be well to note here that transmitters having outputs in excess of 50 watts should be tuned up at lower power, because the dummy load in the " $Z$-match" is rated at 50 watts and excessive power could ruin the resistor. However. the "on-the-air" rating of the " Z -match" is much higher than 50 watts.

The antenna should be connected to the output terminals $J_{3}$ or $J_{4}$, depending on the frefuency. $S_{2}$ is then switched to the second position and $C_{10}$ and $C_{11}$ tuncd for minimum reflected power, as read on the meter. The two controls will interlock somewhat, but a few trials will readily lead to a good null. The system is then ready for use. In testing with a wide varicty of both antennas and resistive loads, the reflected power was below one watt in all cases. After this minimum or zero reflected-power reading has been obtained no readjustment of the transmitter is uecessary if it has previously been adjusted to work into the dummy load.

The tuning capacitor $C_{11}$ will be near maximum caparitance for hoth 3.5 and $1+$-Mc. operation, while the setting will be near midscale at 21 Mc . On 7 and 28 Mc ., the capacitance will be nearly at minimum. The setting of $C_{10}$ will vary with different loads. In the third position of $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ straight-through operation can be used, enabling the amateur with a matched 50 -ohm line to use the bridge. The bridge is an excellent instrument for adjusting element lengths on a beam for lowest reflected power.
(Continufed un potac 1 18)

## Ser Stravs"

As a service to visiting mobilecrs, the Amateur Radio Society of Eglin Air Force Base, Fort Walton, Fla., maintains a monitoring watch on $29,560 \mathrm{kc}$. Signs patterned after the ARRL diamond have been posted on main highways in the area to bring attention to the call-in frequency.

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You may have heard Bob Cheek on the DX bands during the recent DX contest. Bob is a ham of 23 years standing, and is recognized as an outstanding DX operator, both phone and CW. Like many hams, Bob finds that his "rig" is relaxing and educational . . . and as stimulating as his work on advanced development projects at the Westinghouse Electronics Division.

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lifetime goals while we are still young enough to enjoy them!" For the expansion of work on the interesting projects mentioned by Bob Cheek, Westinghouse needs still more experienced electronics engineers. If you have an engineering degree and would like more information on top-level openings to be filled in the near future ... drop us a line today! All replies will be treated with the strictest confidence!

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## Results

The "Z-match" has been in use at the writer's station for the past several months and the results have been excellent on all bands from 3.5 to 30 Mc. Two transmitters have been used. One is a Harvev-Wells T-90 Bandmaster running between 75 and 90 watts input on both c.w. and 'phone. The second, with a pair of 4 -65As in the final rumning inputs up to 300 watts, has been used with no apparent breakdown of capacitors, coils or the $Z$ bridge. The first transmitter utilizes a pi-network output tank, and after tuning this properly on any band into the $5(0)-o h m$ load, no retuning is necessary after the " $\eta_{1}$-match" is tuned for minimum reflected power. The second transmitter uses an all-band tank with seriestuned link output and the results were the sume with this output circuit. The fact that retuning the transmitter is not required after tuning the coupler for zero refleeted power indicates a definite impedance match.

Although the functions of the " $Z$-match" have been described in terms of matching the transmission line to a coax line to the transmitter, it is equally useful for coupling the line to a receiver. The same antenna is used for both transmitting and receiving at the writer's station, and received signals have been given a tremendous boost by the use of this coupler, mainly because the receiver has a nominal input impedance of 50 ohms and its antenna terminals are finally looking at the proper impedance. The send-receive switching is of course done in the coax link.

After operating conventional-type antenna complers with no visual means of obtaining a match, we wonder how many times a mismatch has been tolerated. Quite often, we think, at this station, because the percentage of contacts for stations called has gone up tremendously since the installation of the " $/$-match," and in the recent DX contest the speed of tuning helped in runwing up the best score we ever had, on both 'phone and c.w.

## Mobile Antenna Tuning

(Continued from page 18)
completed unit is ready for testing and adjustment. With all turns of the variable series antenna inductor removed (tap at top of $L_{1}$ in Fig. 4), the externally-mounted loading coil (center or base) should be adjusted for resonance at the extreme high end of the band in use. This adjustment will place the transmitter and the antenna system on precisely the same frequency. Temporarily disconnect the tuning motor from the control unit. Adjust balance control $R_{1}$ to its electrical center position, and adjust the sensitivity control to the point where both relays $K_{1}$ and $K_{2}$ (Fig. 3) are operated, as evidenced by illumination of both indicator lamps, $I_{1}$ and $I_{2}$. Then slowly back off the sensitivity control until either one or both relays deënergize. If both relays

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System consists of portable amplified electronic megaphone-operated by a trigger switch in the pistol-grip-handle-dynamic type microphone unit rated at 50 ohms at 1000 cps , and a reproducing unit, all contained in megaphone mouthpiece and housing.
A powerful 20 watt 6 tube amplifier, housed in a water-proof, two-piece, portable metal case cas illustrated, having compartment for and supplied with 3-cell 6.volt storage battery. Amplifier built with finest quality parts to rigid Navy specifications.
A UNIVERSAL BATTERY CHARGING RACK that operates from 110 volts AC 50.60 cycles, 110 volts DC, 12 volts DC, 24 volts DC, 48 volts DC, or 96 volts DC. The charging rack consists of a battery recharger with time switch and also provides a space for stowing the portable amplifier. Two pilot lights in the front panel of rack indicate a "Low" or "High". charging rate. Timing switch controls the rate of chárging. Has separate $0 \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{OH}$ switch.
Approximate Dimensions \& Weight : Megaphone 20" long, diameter $131^{\prime} \mathfrak{z}^{\prime \prime}$.
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Charging Rack $151 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}, 13^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}, 12^{\prime \prime}$ deep.
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drop out at the same positioning of the sensitivity control, no balance adjustment is necessary. If one relay drops out before the other, the balance control should be adjusted for simultaneous operation of $\kappa_{1}$ and $\kappa_{2}$. Following adjustment of the balances control, the sensitivity control may be adjusted for optimum sensitivity. This system may be made sufficiently sensitive to respond to carrier shift brought about by nonlinear modulation and slight overmodulation excursions and to antenna detuning caused by passing pedestrians, automobiles or any phenomena causing even the slightest antenna detuning effect. Normal sensitivity adjustment is a matter of choice and will vary with individual operating requirements. $R_{3}$ should not be adjusted to the point where $K_{1}$ and $K_{2}$ are energized simultancously. Such an adjustment renders the tuning motor inoperative.

Sensing of this system may be changed by reversal of the output and input coaxial connectors. Reversal of the tuning-unit operation may be obtained by reversal of the two control leads from the remote control unit. In normal operation, series inductance is automatically added with a capacitive antenna and inductance reduced with an inductive load.

A great deal of satisfaction in mobile operating has been brought about by the use of this system. It is a real pleasure to QSY about the 40 - and 75 -meter bands without the worry of antenna resonance, and to be confident that no matter what the position of the mobile whip - it is resonant.

## Two-Tone Generator <br> (C'nilinued from page 35)

## Using the Two-Tone Generator

If the generator is used to test an s.s.b. exciter equipped with a high-impedance microphone input circuit, it will be desirable to divide down the output signal by means of a circuit such as shown in Fig. 4. If an input terminal or jack for audio


Fig. 4-Method of connecting the two-tone generator to the microphone input-terminals of a speech amplifier. T'he 33 K resistors provide good isolation hetween the sources of the two output frequencies. C may be $0.01 \mu \mathrm{f}$. for the usual high-impedance microphone input circuit.
input at higher levels is provided on the unit, the output of the generator need not be divided down. Since a few volts of d.c. exists from the output of the generator to ground, a blocking capacitor should be used if one is not employed in the equipment under test.

Two-tone test procedures have been outlined in references (2), (3) and (4). (See p. 124.)

[^11]
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In the preceding paragraphs considerable emphasis has been placed on minimizing distortion. Luw-distortion test signals are especially important when testing phasing types of transmitters hecause distortion on the test signal produces sideband components in the region of desired sideband suppression.

Another point which is worthy of consideration when evaluating the performance of the phasingtype exciter is the absolute phase shift in the ?()-degree audio phasing network at the two test frequencies used. Reference (5), which discusses a typical phasing network, indicates a possible variation of about $\pm 1.3$ degrees phase shift over a frequency range of 225 to 2750 c.p.s. For best results it is therefore desirable to select two test frequencies such as to produce equal phase shift: this results in equal suppression at each frequency and minimizes any slight ripple modulation which would otherwise be superimposed on the two-tone envelope uutput. Slight variation in components of one of the two oscillators may be made in this case so as to obtain a pair of frequencies fulfilling the above requirement.

The two-tone test generator is simple and inexpeusive to construct and is believed to be a very worth-while addition to the test equipment used by the s.s.b. and a.m. man.

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## Keyer (Continued from page 37)

released. $V_{10}$ conducts and $R_{28} R_{29}$ is negative. The dash selection potential is clamped by $D_{4} R_{26}$. The dot memory clears as the dot starts. $V_{10}$ cuts off on -13 volts from $R_{30} R_{32}$. $R_{2 \times} R_{29}$ rises to +12 volts to pass the dash selection to $V_{11}$. Conduction in $V_{11}$ establishes +10 volts at $l_{25}$ for a dash on the next positive time-base pulse, and drops $R_{19} R_{20}$ to $-\frac{7}{6}$ volts to lock out any new dot selection made before the dash starts. The reverse transfer actions are obtained through circuit symmetry.

With their interlocks and activation circuits, $V_{10}$ and $V_{11}$ comprise effectually a tri-stahble system. Either one or the other tube may be conductive, but never both. However, both tubes may be nonconductive. The three conditions correspond to selection of dot, dash, and spacing characters. By itself, this structure guarantees that a given character will be held in storage if an opposite type character(s) has beeu priorly selected, and it, will not, he released until that prior character(s) has been transmitted.
$C_{s}$ and $C_{9}$ delay the rise of sequencor cathode voltages. When control is transferred from one

[^12]

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side to the other this delay guaranters that both memories are not cleared by the same clearance pulse and that both generating triggers are not tripped by the same time-base pulse. Without (apacitive delay this would occur, since generator trip, memory clearance athd sequenee transfier are virtually simultancous.

## Sequence Seizure

Thus far, a given sequencor tube cannot be artivated by its associated memory or key until the opposite sequencor is released by both its key and memory, because of the interlock function. $\Gamma_{y}$ and $\Gamma_{12}$ generate seizure pulses to override the interlocks in such a mauner that the output exactly follows the order of selection, regardless of subsequent kev manipulations or holdings. The eriss ross grid and cathode connection to the memories results in nonconduction in both tubes if both memories are clear or if both memorics are actuated, and conduction in one of the tubes when the memory associated with its grid is actuated and the other memory is clear. This obtains from the following potentials in the memories: artuated - cathodes +11 volts, junctions $R_{32} R_{33}$ and $R_{40} R_{41}+1$ volt; clear --c cathodes +1.3 volts, $R_{32} R_{33}$ and $R_{40} R_{41}$ - 17 volts. When both memories are actuated, $R_{32} R_{33}$ and $R_{40} R_{41}$ rise to +3 volts as the gridcurrent loading in $V_{9}$ and $V_{12}$ is removed.

Assume the dot and dash keys closed in that order before any output starts, with only the dot key held closed. Without seizure the closed dot key would hold the sequencor after the first dot on +10 volts from $R_{37} R_{38}$ for continuous dot output, and the stored dash would not appear in the order of selection. However, when the dot memory clears, its cathode (and that of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{g}}$ ) drops to +1.3 volts and $V_{9}$ conducts as a result of the +1 volt on its grid from the actuated dash memory. C6, slowly reverse charged by $R_{17}$, charges through $\Gamma_{9}$ and $R_{18}$. This momentarily reduces $R_{19} R_{20}$ from +12 to -7 volts, to cut off $V_{10}$ by pulling down the dot-holding potential at $D_{3} R_{21}$. Junction $R_{28} R_{29}$ momentarily rises to +12 volts while $V_{10}$ is cut off. The positive selection potential from the actuated dash memory scizes $V_{11}$ via $R_{26}$ while $R_{2 x} R_{29}$ is positive, and conduction in $V_{11}$ permanently holds $R_{19} R_{20}$ at negative interlock potential to isolate the closed dot key. Thus sequence control has been transferred to the dash side despite the closed dot key, and the next output character will be the dash. When the dash memory clears, the still-closed dot key will reëstablish $V_{10}$ conduction for dot output. If both keys have been held closed, the dash hold potential will retain control of the sequencor, siuce the dot memory is now clear and no pulse will be generated by $l_{12} C_{1 n}$ when the dash memory clears in the presence of an alreadycleared dot memory.

Assume that the dash key is not closed until after the first dot (or any dot of a series) has started. The dot memory will be clear at this time with $V_{10}$ conducting on the +10 volts from the closed dot key. The cathode of $V_{9}$ stands at
(Continued on page 126)


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+1.3 volts and that tube will conduct immediately when the dash memory is activated, seizing the sequencor as before.

In both cases, with both keys held closed, the subsequent output is a series of dashes until either the dash key is released or the dot key is released and reclosed. After clearance of the dash memory, release of the dash key applies -13 volts to the grid of $V_{11}$ and initiates a simple sequencor transier to the +10 volts from the closed dot key. Opening and reclosing the dot key with the dash key still closed actuates the dot memory for a $\Gamma_{12} C_{1.0}$ seizure, and the output switches to dots. The oppusites of these seizure actions obtain from symmetry.

## Summary of SMS Functions

1) Momentary closure of a key actuates the associated memory. The memory directs an activating potential toward the associated sequencor.
2) Continued closure of a key directs an independent holding voltage toward the associated sequencor. This hold potential is effective only after the assoriated memory has assumed or seized control of the sequencor.
3) Actuation of a memory with the opposite key and memory idle assumes eontrol of the sequencor, isolating the opposite memory and hold potentials.
4) Actuation of a memory seizes control of the sequencor over continuously closed opposite key hold potential, if the opposite memory is clear.
i) Actuation of a memory does not take control of the sequencor over an actuated opposite memory.
5) Clearance of a memory whose key is closed allows an actuated opposite memory to seize control of the sequencor over the hold potential from that closed key.
6) Clearance of a memory whose associated key is closed dos not relinquish control to an opposite closed key whose associated memory is not actuated.
7) In the absence of any actuated memories, release of one key after both keys have been held rlosed places the sequencor under control of the still-closed key.

## Summary of Actions of the Keys

1) A single character is generated by momentary or prolonged closure of a key. The character is held by the memory for a positive time-base pulse if the key is released prior to that pulse.
2) Successive like characters are generated by constant closure of a key.
3) When one memory is already arctuated, closure of the opposite key before generation of the first-stored character activates the opposite memory. The firstly actuated memory retains control of the sequencor until one character of its type is delivered at the output. The secondly actuated memory then assumes control of the sequencor (as the first key is open or still closed) and the next output character is of the second type.
(Continued on page 188)


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4) Continued closure of this second key maintains control of the sequencor after the transfer action, and the output is a series of the second type until that key is released. This obtains even with the first key still closed.
5) Release of the second key, with the first key still closed, causes the output to revert to the first character type.
6) Release and reclosure of the first key (just a flick!) reactuates the first memory and seizes control of the sequencor - the second key closed all the while - and the output reverts to the first character type until that first key is again released or until the opposite type character is flicked in by the second key. At least one character of the first type is guarantced by the memory.
7) In recapitulation, any closure of a key guarantees at least one character of that type, transmitted in correct relationship to the order of closure, regardless of intervening selective motions. Whenever a key makes contact, the output subsequent to the character in progress corresponds to that key until the other key makes contact or the first key is released.

With automatic spacing, perfect characters, and memory and seizure leeways, all the operator has to do is spell. With a few more tubes, the keyer might be tied in to a dictionary.

## D.C. Output

To eliminate the one relay, the circuit modifcation of Fig. 3 (Part 1) can be applied. With this circuit, $V_{3}$ conducts during spacing and its plate stands 120 volts negative with respect to ground. Cut-off voltage from -30 to -120 is available at the arm of $R_{2}$, for control of a vacuum-tube keyer. $R_{3}$ protects the memory clearance junction $R_{1} R_{2}$ from loading effects by connected equipment and also serves as the key-click filter resistance.
The plate of $V_{8}$ drops 60 volts on marking, transmitting a 60 -volt negative pulse via $C_{1}$ to the grid of $V_{3}$. The $C_{1} R_{4}$ time constant is sufficiently long to hold $V_{3}$ cut off for a 2 -w.p.m. dash. With $V_{3}$ cut off the output load stands at ground potential, marking condition for the standard vacuum-tube keyer.

Heavy line surges can produce as much as 10 volts negative swing across $R_{4}$. The 24 -volt positive grid return of $V_{3}$ to $R_{5} R_{6}$ ensures that these surges do not appear in the output. Since the generator and SMS trigger configurations are quite independent of source voltage, they are stable in the presence of auy surge short of complete outage. Use of this output circuit demands that $V_{3} V_{4}$ be at the absolute ground end of any heater strings. Even though the 12AU7 heatercathode insulation is rated at 180 volts, the maximum point is approached in $V_{3}$ when the line voltage exceeds 125.
(Scramble in Part I, April, 1955, QST: Page 14 , left-hand column, in last paragraph, the text should read: ". . . insulated from the chassis by 3 -inch Plexiglas. Netal pivot hlocks, tapped for $8-32$, are bolted to the $3 /$-inch Plexiglas levers and threaded on the $8-32$ pivot bolts. The pivot bolts are secured. . . .")
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（Continued from page 49）

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 WøNCK．．．．1305－ $\begin{array}{ll}34-18-A-2\end{array}$ WNGUML．．．680－ $12-16-\mathrm{A}-13$ WgSDT．．．．．375－27－10－A－13 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { WøRWMI．．．．330－} & \text { 12－11－A－} 4 \\ \text { WøLPA }\end{array}$ WøLPA $. . .250-12-10-A-2$
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 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { WGTGI } . .2828- & 44-26-A-12 \\ \text { WNGTDS．} & 1788-\quad 60-13-A-26\end{array}$

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W1B11DA．
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WIORS（W 18 ASO HSP GVK
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W78XN (Wं7s
263- $15-7-$
SXQ

11,054-121-37-A-24

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W'7EEV. . 168,448- 330-73-A-40 W7VDC...44,619- 310-59-A-36 W7TVV. . . 35 ,850- 2673-60-A-2. W7SXD..... 1748- 3 3 -23-B- 5

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W6HOC: . 127,294-700-73-A-37 W6UTV . 104,025- 570-73-A-38 W6EAE. .30,388-519-70-A-34 W6YHM . .68,272-503-68-B-33 W6GMF . . 35.588- $219-65-\mathrm{A}-26$ W6QPMI. . $31,560-263-60-\mathrm{H}-18$ K6FHR : . 30,740- 232-53-A-35 K6DIN...21,240-180-4R-A-27 W6DWJ.. 19,320-161-60-H-35 K6I) 1 . . . 14,248- 139-41-A-22 K6BH1)...4822- 68-29-A-1.0 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { WHMMG } . . .4530- & 76-24-A-X \\ \text { W6VJK }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { V6TJW10 } & . . .725- \\ 37-10-A-4\end{array}$ KN6HOIs $\quad .58 \mathrm{si}$ 25-10-4-16

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40U-659-72- $\mathrm{P}-39$

Wij) 15
WBPYH (W千iI), WGPYFI 10ถ̈,4×9-.5×7-73-.А-40 san Franctsco
W6BIP. . . . چ2.781- 499-73-R-3:3 W6YC....23,240- 209-56-13-23 W'ftPM...21.816- 202-54-B-22

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W6MPG.. 47.439- 386-83-R-40 W6ZTY . . 32.263- 225-58-A-30 W6TIPG....25,550-183-56-A-26 W6QXF...23.550-157-61-A-34 W6SQN.. W6EUH. WhPRA. $23.418-247-38-A-37$ N. . 17.919- 15月-47-A-13 K6AMW...4465-98-19-A-20 KN6HFA, 193- $12-7-A-5$ K6BLL (W6S ARI BRP BVM RYI EIV HT MYK WNX ZEK ZVP, K6tiLZ, KN6s FCB
 82, 100-450-6! 1 - 10

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W4CBB. Virginia
W 4 KFC. . $203,85(1-1137-72-\mathrm{A}-40$ W4PNK.129,634-753-69-A-40 W V RZF F . $115,005-698-66-A-34$ W4HJK. . 109,395- 646-68-A-40 W4CAS $105,68(0-666-64-A-40$
W4NH W4NH . $101,170-6(14-67-A-38$ W4JAT... . $92,880-516-72-A-35$ W4JIJC....91.84( $57.375-64-A-36$ W4TKR... $87,344-539-65-A-40$ W4TKC. . .87, 834 .985- 509-65-A-40 W4YCKO . 76,246 5 $569-67-\mathrm{B}-$ W4KNV...67,0Xt- 402-67-A-22 W4AMZ...60.288-371-65-A-40 W4A W4WBC.. K4ARTY. W4HQN. W4WRM W4JNN. W4NQM. W4VRT. W4FPS. W4JEIK. W4CTIT W4 FJ
W4 4 FZG
W3FKA 4 W4APM: W3LEZ:4 W3LER 4 W4DN13. . W4NAD.. W4JIJ.... W4BLR... W4DNG WGION/4 W4.JWL. K4ATD. W4CRG. WN4DNC W4A8J. W4RTV. W4BME. W4JLS. W4JLV
W4AGI/4
W4RNQ.
KN4ANF.
(Continued on prage 1.34 )

## We Have A Mobile Rig For ANY CAR!



－with 3／8－24 thd chrome－plated brass fittings Whips： $54^{\prime \prime}-\$ 5.75 \quad 90^{\prime \prime}-\$ 6.95$ Base Extensions：18＂$-\$ 3.95 \quad 36^{\prime \prime}-\$ 4.70$

11 your jobber can＇t supply you，write

Subsidiary of Shakespeare co．
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W4YE（W4s YE YZC） $82,960-611-68-R-$
W4YZC（W4s YF，YZC） 137．904－532－64－B－ W4ZYV（W48 A8J ZYV） 963－29－14－A－7

I＇est l＂trginta
W8PQQ ．．52，48א－365－72－13－30 WRUMR ．47，515－2 $\times(1-6 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{A}-35$ W8TDE $\cdot .41,976-318-66-B-27$ W8IVYR ． 33.060 － $244-57-\mathrm{B}-2 \times$ W8KlIQ．． $30,160-21 \because-5 x-A-16$ W8HZA．．．28，951－214－53－A－16

## ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION <br> Colorado

WGEWF ．79．275－453－70－A－30 WøCYT ．．65，835－4 18－ $144-\mathrm{A}-32$ WดSJi $\cdot$ ． 63,998 －372－630－A－23 WดA NW ．．40．975－304－55－A－36 WดJPI ．． $35.945-2 \times 5-52-A-27$ WøRDM ．21，675－172－51－A－29 WGRON．．．4896－70－36－E－10 WøPLN ．．．．4388－61－30－A－15 rtah
W7QDM ．． $85.844-523-67-A-40$ W7QDJ．．59．440－373－64－A－30 Win ．31160－242－64－A－20 WN7WLD．．．．184－ $13-74-A-20$ ばyoming
W7FRM ．69．438－490－71－B－27 W7UFB ．．．19．995－304－66－A－29 W7PMA．．．10，725－100－44－A－15 WTTPX．．．．B375－ $88-30-A-18$ W7RVO．．．．4200－56－30－A－9

## SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

Alabnma
W4RAL ．．64，654－413－63－A－32 W4CFH ． $56.935-404-59-A-38$ W5ONI，4 50．478－333－61－A－23 W4 WOC．． $31,655-245-65-B-24$ W4YRG．．18，213－156－47－A－26 W4FMW ．15，435－126－49－A－17 W41）（iP．．．14．663－178－34－A－
W4ZSH $\begin{array}{lll}\text { W4ZSH } . . .7942- & 107-38-B-18 \\ \text { W4DGY }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { W4DGY．．．．5425－} & 22-2 \times-A-31 \\ \text { W4TKL } . . .462- & 21-11-B-3\end{array}$ W4CIU．．．．．．．315－ $14-9.4-6$

Eiastern F＇lorida
W4LVV．．101．756－612－67－A－40 W4WHK．． $76,294-470-65-A-40$ W4LOM ．．57，525－361－65－A－21 W4RTX．．37，763－265－57－A－20
 W4IYT …429（）\＆5－33－R－4 W4DFI（W゙ 4s CKB OGI）
W4WEC（ ${ }^{+} 1,020-300-56-A-22$ W4AGK（W48 A75－2 $8512-1.15-38-A-32$ Western Florida
W4WKQ，109．743－672－66－A－40 W47，AE．．75，904－6110－84－B－35 W4CHZ．． $47,198-326-58-A-29$ W4BIJ ．．．．
W4 FCB ．．62．712－436－72－B－31 W4 BQF．．． $25.573-193-53-A-30$
 W4BXV ．．．．8168－101－33－A－ 9 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { W4GGD．．．．6825－} & 70-39-A-8 \\ \text { W4GSP }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { W4GSP } . . . .4538- & 67-30-A-28 \\ \text { W4WRY } & . . .1063- & 26-17-A-6\end{array}$ IV＇est Indies
KP4AAC．．31，625－232－55－A－33 KP4DJ．．．25．700－259－50－R－2 KP4ZW．．．23，459－19×－49－A－32 KV4BK．．．11．025－105－42－A－19

## Canal Zone

KZ5NB ．．．．4400－ $57-35-A-17$

## SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

Las Angeles
K6CFFF ．．130，123－714－73－A－38 W6SRB ，S9．010－663－69－B－38 W6［JI． W6AIUR．＇73，000－544－67－A－40 KBAUZi ${ }^{51450-244-70-18}$ K6GLS ．．．48，128－314－62－A－37 W6NKR．．．39，488－312－64－R－19

K6BWD．． $38,625-258-60-A-39$ K6ASL．．．．30．625－250－49－A－26 W6UFD．．．22．612－201－45－A－24 WBOAY．．．17，494－15K－45－A－21 W6ACL．．． $15.730-143-44-A-29$ W6MRW．． $15.566-181-43-13-19$ K6C8P．．．．11．583－125－37－A－23
 W6णUC；． $8514-$ 9Y－43－H－！ KGCUX 11 ．．22， $11+29-A-46$
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { K゙6RNV．．．．6743－} & 94-29-A-26 \\ \text { V6LVQ．} & .5280- \\ 66-32-A-10\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { K6LWQ．．．．} 5280- & 66-32-A-10 \\ 76-34-\mathrm{B}-19\end{array}$
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { K } 6 \text { KFK } \\ \text { K．．．．} 320() & 82-16-A-17\end{array}$ W6FER．．．．． K6DNH．．．．3105－55－23－A－13 W6RNA．．．．2 K6DGX．．．．2795－112－13－B－26 W6LIT．．．． $2475-\quad 56-18-A-X$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { K6CHQ．．．．} 2063- & 33-25-A-5 \\ \text { K6DKA } & 35-20-A-11\end{array}$
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { K6GUZ ．．．．} 1463- & 41-15-A-22 \\ \text { W6ZOL }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { WBZOL } ., .1188-25-19-A-3 \\ \text { KBCDW } & 25\end{array}$ KN6GPK ．．．260－ $15-8-A-8$ K6DDO ．．． $119-10-5-A-8$ K6CXF（K6CXF，KN61DB） 1rizona
W4KMF／782．80（）－4y9－69－A－35 W7RZQ．．．71．020－425－67－A－35 W7UYE．．．．9799－10ß－39－A－25 W2\％EP／7．．．3770－ $58-26-A-7$ W78X ．．．．3220－BiL2 W7PUV．．．259－12－9－A－3 W7VAP（W7s VMO VMP

VM（2）．．．74．621－532－71－13－40 Sun Jleg！
W6EPZ ．．142，076－779－73－A－36 KGAM．．．．59， 850 （）－401－60－A－ W6CRT •• 0.275 －273－60－A－40 W6LJC．．． $24,290-174-56-A-15$ W6GBG．．．．17，531－124－55－A－20 K6ALU．．．13，755－132－42－A－15 KBDNL．．．11，475－131－36－A－25 K6EQL．．．． $11.055-134-33-A-25$ F6EBH ．．．1620－ $3 x-18-A-8$ W6KXN（W3s 太LQ ViOU，
K 4 M M ．71．967－539－68－R－40 K6DGB（W6EDG，K6D（iB） 43，500－303－58－A－41） ふunta Barbara
W6ULS．．119．653－659－73－A－40 W6YK．．．．71．358－397－73－A－40 Kカ〇， W6BOK 18，741－160－47－A－22 WøRRK， $6.5063-160-47-A-22$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { W6OTO．．．．．．1725－} & 67-28-A-10\end{array}$ ज6CKO，．．．．3465－\％8－1K－A－17 W68NI ．．．．．1314－37－18－B－6

## WEST GULF DIVIBION

Vort／Lern Teras
W5TFB．．152，479－×36－73－A－4 W5BJA．．．IU1．948－593－69－A－40 W5C（）Y ．．．82，283－498－69－A－37 W5CAY ．．59．520－4（10－64－A－35 W5 $=: 55.025-355-62-A-27$ W5IHM ．．54．810－435－63－B－31 पУ 5 LOT ․ ． $42,780-36 \mathrm{~B}-60-\mathrm{A}-32$ W5VNV ．． $38,780-280-333-60-\mathrm{B}-37$ W5VNW ．．38，220－333－60－B－37 W5AEV．．．27，685－23（1）4y－A－2y W3BCU／5．23，490－177－54－A－27 W5AHC．．．26．434－205－53－A－25 W5EGK．．．．．．5616－ $511-36-13-10$ WN5HIS＊．．．2719－51－25－A－16 W5ZWR ．．．．2125－ $34-25-A-5$ W5ZOY．．．．1825－ $39-20-A-6$ WN5FTD．．1240－ $31-1 B-A-17$ WN5GNE．．．． $441(24-14-A-18$ W4TRY／5．．．349－16－9－A－4 ＂klahoma
W5WZV ．．11，120－257－64－A－27 W5ZZJ ．．．38．080－344－56－B－37 W5NQF ．． $11,250-100-45-A-19$ W5CRK．．．1U，591－115－37－A－2 W5LPL．．．．．．7645－ $83-38-A-14$ W5VED ．．．．．．160－ W5BCJ．．．．．． 50 ．$\quad$－$-4-A-4$ W5RDI（夭َ5s HD）（KT） B552－－8－42－13－15 southern Texas
W5WQN ．121，440－704－64－A－41 W5BT8．． 114,188 6it $680-4-40$ W5ZD．．．96，76！－5！ W5BLA．．18．448－15K－47－A－28 W5AKA．．．．4900－ $5965-35-A-15$ W5YXW．．．．2028－40－26－ $3-9$ W5AER ．．．． 2028 630 $21-12-A-9$ WN5GWN．．．．300－16－K－A－18

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$\star$ AC CIRCUIT SUPPLY!

* OUTPUT TRANSFORMER!
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* 8 NEW SYLVANIA TUBES!


EXCLUSIVE IN EASTERN U.S.A. AT RADIO SHACK, this brand new famous-make Sylvania chassis is the buy of ' 55 at a price less than a common garden variety ac/dc FM-AM radio! The straight AC circuit with transformer power supply allows conversion - if desired - to tuner with 71c-worth of parts (listed below) and our SIMPLE instructions which are INCLUDEI) with every set. To operate at once, attach ANY speaker having 3.2 ohm voice coil impedance.

SPECIFICATIONS INCLUDE: dual concentric controls: volume-power/tone, and FM-AM-Phono/Tuning. Tone control: flat center position and continuous from bass boost through treble droop - an important feature! Lab-checked excellent sensitivity of 7 microvolts for 30 db quieting - very fine figure.


Untuned RF stage on FM, shielded condenser gang, ratio detector circuit will operate with only a 4 ft . piece of hookup wire in local areas; provision for external antenna. Spare fuses AC receptacle on rear for phono motor. AC power transformer AND 3.2 ohm output transformer! AM loop. Includes instructions, schematic diagrams, conversion to tuner procedure for feeding external amplifier, lucite escutcheon which edge-lights by pilot lamp. IMPORTANT: circuit is AC - not AC-DC - and employs 8 tubes: two 6AU6, 6BE6, 6BA6, 6AL5, 6AT6. 6W6GT output, $7 Z^{\prime 2}$ rectifier tube. Overall size: $10^{1} / 4^{\prime \prime}$, wide, $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high less escutcheon, $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep ( $8^{\prime \prime}$ with knobs). Ship. wt. 15 lbs .

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> Amateur radio types . Guyed fowers for FM-TV antennas - Vertical Radiators Microwave towers - Commercial Communicafion towers - Transmission line supporis, etc.


SERIES 650 Height to 80' Width*-6.5" $10^{\prime}$ section22 lbs. Use-Mast for TV Amateur, Portable, and Wire type antennas


* Between CG of Tower Legs

W5ULN $\ldots$...200- 10- $8-A-3$ WNSEAO ...26W5YNH (W5s EGD $68.805-4.17-66-\mathrm{A}-46$ 68,805-4
vearico
W5QNZ . 126,938- 887-72-B-38 W5VRP.. $111,240-821-72-\mathrm{A}-38$ W5CA. ... $48,675-300-66-\mathrm{A}-20$ W5KW $\mathrm{P}, \ldots+1111$ 290-57-A-28 W50VZ. .23,484- 206-57-B-30 W5IJWA. 10̣,880- 1.36-40-B-17 W5AWN. ...4675- $56-34-A-13$ W5YKB.....8864- 27-16-B-3 WN5FHL.......10-20 2-2-A-2

## CANADIAN DIVISION

Marttime
VE1AR.. 103,850-678-62-A-39 VF1AAY $3,555-492-68-A-37$ W4KVM $/ V O B$
 V661 … 2444- 43-23-A- 6 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { VEICH } \\ \text { VOBAH........510- } & 3923-23-4-4 \\ 1-12-A-1.1\end{array}$ वиеbес
VE2BX. . $58,560-405-56-\mathrm{A}-36$ VE2PZ....20,746- 228-48-B-20 VE2ADD....8514- 100-43-B-14 VF2CB . . . . 53:303- 102-21-A-10 VE2CP …...3750-60-25-A-7 VE2OL. . . . ...2940- $56-21-A-4$ Ontario
VE3AUTU. .62,235- 474-54-A-38 $\mathrm{VE} 3 \mathrm{CE}, \ldots 81,596-522-59-\mathrm{B}-39$ VE3ACB . $5.5,770-338-66-A-33$ VE:3DRD. 50.540- 370-56-A-36 VE3DBP. . 44.451- 419-43-A-38 VE3FAM. $44,033-3(19-57-A-37$ VE3BXF. 26,069- 243-43-A-27 VETFAU. .250.470 178-48-20

VE3YV ... 18,408- 177-52-B-24 VE3BUR..15,170- 154-42-A-12 VF3BJV...14.153-170-34-A-26 VF3A VA...13.8B7-142-49-B-22 VE3DQK $\quad .4550-\quad 91-20-A-5$
 VE3DME. . $2703-\quad$ + 9 -23-A-12 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { VE3BSW...2520- } & \text { 51-21-A- } 9 \\ \text { VE:3AR. ....2125- } & 34-4-A-3\end{array}$

 VEBUOT (VEBS ACMO DAT) 21,244-227-47-B-20 Manttoba

## VF4MX. . $45,900-312-60-\mathrm{A}-30$

 VEtGB .....2610- 47-29-R-10
 VE4ER. . . . . .75- 6- 5-A- 1
saskatchewan
VE5CW. . 44.756- 337-67-B-25 $\checkmark$ E5DZ....25,315- 218-61-B-38 Alherta
VEBZR....42.776- 283-61-A-34
VEBNX...33,975- 231-60-A-22「E6CE....20,245-186-44-A-34 VE6AJ.... 14,800- 149-50-R-26 - 6 6OS. . . . $11.655-131-36-\mathrm{A}-21$ VEBBX. . . . . 8750- 105-35-A-31 VEFKM
VE6VG..... $1825-1781-\quad 37-20-A-11$
$4 \times-15-A-14$ VE6VG.....1781- $4 \times-15-14$ $\begin{array}{lll}\text { VEBTY.....1260- } & \text { 3.18-18-B- } \\ \text { VEBKW }\end{array}$ VEBAL.......260- $13-8$-A- 3

British Columbia
VE7ZK....62,245-422-59-A-32 VE7YR . . 45,988- 283-65-A-29 VE7MW...42,413- 306-58-A-30 VE7AC.....26.571- 190 -49-B-

I W3ULI, opr.; ${ }^{3}$ W3PST, opr.: ${ }^{3}$ K2IKS, opr.: ${ }^{4}$ W2BRRA,
 opr.: ${ }^{*}$ W3PZW, opr.: ${ }^{9} \mathrm{KL} 7 \mathrm{AKE}$, opr.: ${ }^{10} \mathrm{~K} 6 B B D$, upr.; WøHAW, opr.

## Beginner's Receiver

(Continued from page 32 )
choke lead. Four leads are brought out from the power supply to connect to the receiver: the two heater leads, the $\mathrm{B}+$ lead, and the $\mathrm{B}-$ lead.

When the power supply is wired and the leads connected to the receiver, the unit is ready for testing.

## Testing and Using the Receiver

If you already have an antenna strung up, connect the end of it to Terminal 2 - the one connected to the rotor of $C_{1}$. If you don't have an antenna, any wire, 20 to 40 feet long or longer, can be strung up. An outside antenna will perform better than one indoors, although you'll hear plenty of signals with a wire just strung around the room.

Connect your headphones to the tip jacks and plug in the 80 -meter coil. Plug the power cord into the 115 -volt a.c. line and watch the 6U88 to see if the heater lights up. If it doesn't, turn off the power and check your wiring from the power supply to the heater pins, 4 and 5 , on the 648 socket.

The receiver will only take a minute to warm up. Turn the regeneration control and, at one point, you should hear a change in the characteristic of the noise. This is the point where the receiver starts to oscillate. Tune the generalcoverage condenser slowly and you should hear signals. Leave the capacitor set at or near one
(Continued on paye 198)

## Take The Fuss Out of Switching Circuits

Now you can eliminate the fumbling and annoyance of screwing and unscrewing coax connections. With B\&W's new Model 550 coaxial switch, you can instantly select antennas, transmitters, exciters, receivers, and other r-f generating devices merely by turning a knob.

This new multi-position coaxial switch has six S0239 connectors for selecting any one of five 52 or 75 ohm lines. It will handle up to 1 kw of modulated power with a maximum crosstalk of -45 db at 80 mc . Housed in a $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diameter aluminum case, the unit is designed for single hole mounting.

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# BARKER \& WILLIAMSON, INC. 

 237 Fairfield Ave. - Upper Darby, Pa.

## Tecraft

## CASCODE CRYSTAL CONTROLLED CONVERTER

for 144 or 220 Mc .


## Provides:

- HIGH SENSITIVITV - Sensitivity better than 1;10 microvolt. Gain approx. 30 db . Noise approx. 4 db .
- COMPLETELY STABLE. C.W. on 144 mc . NO mechanical modulation. Pure D.C. note. No drift.
- RIIGGEDLY BUILT - Suitable for mobile application.
- YISE WITH ANY COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVER Availability with output at I.F. frequencies $6-10 \mathrm{mc} ., 8-12$ me., $10-14 \mathrm{mc}$. $12-1 \mathrm{~h} \mathrm{mc} ., 14-18 \mathrm{mc}$. We recommend use at 1.5 . output $14-18 \mathrm{mc}$.
(COMPLETELY SHIELDED -.. In heautifully finished nilver gray hammertone steel case.
Available (SHECIAL ORDER) for other CD or industrial irequencies. Also availahle for Collins receiver
- USES 6BZ7, 2 -… 6CB6, 2 - - .10 tubes. (OMPLETE with plugs, tubes and crystal. . . . . . . . . . . .................... $\$ 42.50$
Kit Form Complete . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 29.75$


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## PORT ARTHUR COLLEGE <br> ORT ARTHUR TEXAS

Approved for G. I. training

## Parts List for Regenerative Receiver

$2100-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. midget variable capacitors (Millen 20100) ( $C_{1}, C_{2}$ )
1 15- $\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. midget variable capacitor (Millen 20015 ) ( $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ )

1. $100-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica or ceramic capacitor
; 0.001- $\mu$ i. disk ceramic capacitors
10.01- $\mu$ f. disk ceramic capacitor
2. 0,01- $\mathrm{\mu}$. 250 -volt paper capacitor

1 $10-\mu$ f. 25 -volt electrolytic capacitor
2 16- 2 f . 250-volt electrolytic capacitors (or dual 16- $\mu \mathrm{f}$. )
1470 -ohm 3/2-watt carbon resistor
1 88,000-ohm 1-watt carbon resistor
10.1 -megohm 1/2-watt carbon resistor
10.5 -megohm $3 / 2$-watt carbon resistnr

1 1.0 -megohm $1 / 2$-watt carbon resistor
$150,000-\mathrm{ohm}$ potentiometer
2 1-mh. r.f. chokes (National R-50)
80-, 40-, and 20-meter Barker d Williamson Baby Inductors MEL ( $L_{1}, L_{2}$ )
1 interstage transformer (Stancor A-53-C) ( $L_{2}$ )
2 6-henry $40-\mathrm{ma}$. filter chokes (UTC R-55) ( $L_{4}, L_{5}$ )
1 power transformer, 120 -volt secondary at 50 ma ; 6.3 volt at 1 amp . iMerit P3045 or P3046, or equivalent)
1 selenium rectifier, 130 volts, 20 ma . (Federal 1159) $\left(C R_{1}\right)$
1 aluminum chassis, $7^{\prime \prime} \times 7^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime}$
1 aluminum panel. $7^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$

1. piece of aluminum for power-supnly chassis, $3^{\prime \prime}$ by $10^{\prime \prime}$ (the panel and this piece are obtainable at any sheet-metal shop)
19 -pin miniature tube socket, bakelite or mica filled 15 -pin socket for coils $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$, bakelite orisolantite 4 3-terminal tie points
$788^{\prime \prime}$ rubber grommets
1 Panel bearing assembly, over-all length $6^{\prime \prime}$
1 insulated shaft coupler
1 terminal strip, 5 terminals
2 pin jacks, insulated type
Miscellaneous 6-32 machine serews and nuts
6 ground lugs
25 feet of hook-up wire
4 knobs for controls (In the unit shown, a National type K dial was used for bandspreat.)
1608 tube
1 length of spaghetti wire covering
Line cord and plug
of the signals and then tune the bandspread capacitor. This capacitor gives a slower tuning rate, making it much easier to tune in signals.

With a signal tuned in. rotate the antennatrimmer control and the signal should get louder at one point. If it doesn't, change the antenna to terminal number 1 and short terminals 2 and 3 together with a short picce of wire. Try the antenna trimmer again, and you should find that the signal will peak up. The regeneration control setting may have to be changed to maintain oscillation.

Locating the amateur Novice bands is simple. Tune the receiver until you find an amateur 'phone station. The Novice band on both 80 and 40 meters is immediately below the 'phone bands. To tune lower in frequency than the 'phone bands, the bandspread eapacitor is turned so that the capacitance increases, or the plates mesh.

The beginner will find great satisfaction in completing the receiver and many happy hours of listening will be his for the asking.


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# Novice Round－up Results 

（Continued from page sol）

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## Correspondence

## (Continued from page 64)

meters. This is a problem for the Novices who are located ncur the Canadian border. Also, many Novices are not financially able to buy a super-selective receiver at the tirst chance. Each 'phone station takes up more room than a few c.w. stations. If the whone station is stronger than the ew. station, it will blank it out. Furthermore, since Novices are crystal-controlled, they are not able to change frequency so readily when phone or other QRM appears.

- George Hippisley, $K: N 2 K I R$

202 N. Migh St.
Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Fditor, OST:
I wish to take issue with the viewpoints taken by Messrs. Clark and Brogdon in March QST'. Both of these letters seem ton indicate sigus of the so-called "progressive" viewpoint prevalent in amateur circles.

1. agree with Mr. Clark in condemning the use of c.w. in the 'phone bands; it is definitely an ungentlemanly practice. But the reason is not that c.w. was here first. The same argument could be applied to argue that spark was here first so it should be ullowed. As has been pointed out before, c.w. is necessary in case of communications emergency or breakdown of speceh equipment, so it is necessary to have c.w. allowed everywhere (on the hambands that is). This does not give c.w. operators the right to use normallyassigned 'phone channcls, the reason being courtesy to the 'phone men.

Mr. Brogdon carries his "progressive" ideas a bit too far. Cranted that "sideband" is a more efticient form of communication. But huw many, in spite of the technical niceties. are on s.s.b. compared to those on double-sideband? For that matter, a kilowatt is technically superior to 50 watts for reliability and readability of communication but are 50watt rigs ontlawed? The factor that makes for outlawing something should be the will of the majority of hams, not how closely some new system approaches perfection
--- Ǩarl Felperin, II'RFSJ
R. D. No. 2, So. Side Oneonta, N. Y.
Editor, QST:
I too came up through the Novice ranks; I too am disgusted with the shenanigans to be heard on the 75 -meter 'phone band; but please, I say please, don't ask for five hundred kilocycles of unidentified carriers, sloppy splatterhand operators, etc. . . . Admitted, there are always a few c.w. signals to be found in the 'phone bands, also admitted that there are quite a few lids running "kilowatts." Nothing has sounded as jolly as the character from Ohio heard for several evenings calling "CQ eighty" on the socalled wide-open c.w. portion of the band!

As you have assumed, I am primarily a c.w. man, part Scotch, yes, with a full 25 watts on 80 meters. I wouldn't be caught dead in your end of the band, because I don't have the patience or the experience to make me feel eligible to work a band which I always recall as the Happy-Hunting Grounds for the old-timers of this business.
$\cdots$... W. Thompson. W2.MTA

## C.W.-BAND S.S.B.

2029 Hopkins Court Alameda, Culif.
Editor, QST:
After reading the pros and cons of a.m. 'phone ve. s.s.b. in the March issue from some of our (ugh) brothers. some of the heated arguments are rather nauseating.

I think both a.m. and s.s.b. definitely have their place in amateur communications if operated properly and I have heard some poor excuses for both. Some operators have the idea that s.s.b. operation eliminates the possibility of TVI, BCI, and even improper operation, but this to me is only an admission of ignorance. I have heard extremely wide signals complaining of the other, while operating close to each other.
The a.m. 'phone men complain naturally about s.s.b. and e.w. signals in the phone portions of bands, and I agree with them in many respects, but 1 think the fault lies with
(Continued on pape 146)

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P.O. BOX 312 - CONCORD, N. H.
the FCC in allocating such large portions of the bands to c.w. operation and small portions to the more useful means of communications, a.m. 'phone. If the c.w. and s.s.b. bnys continually pat themselves on the back for operating on such small segments then maybe they would like to have less and be forced to operate in what the a.m. bovs are using now.

It is my belief that if s.s.b. were forred to operate in separate portions of the band from a.m. they would have many more join them in true progress. The a.m. boys would leave the crowded 'phone segments to enjoy the merits of s.s.b. This may nut lay too well on the s.s.b. boys' stomachs ut first but think it nver hoys, it would be wonderiul to operate ss.s.b. in the c.w. bands. It is a nuisance to try to operate a.m. and have a s.s.b. close in frequency. Also, it must be tough for s.s.b. boys to be repeatedly referred to as " voice modulated key-clicks."
So it all boils down to this: we are not getting any place beating each other on the head, trying to convert a.m. to s.s.b..preaching lengt hy sermons over the air, and committing the very act of libel and slander. The only reasun for rivalry between s.s.b. and a.m. is because we are guilty as noor representatives and members of ARRL properly to govern ourselves and correctly allocate bands for proper operation. Instead of fighting each other we should exert all our force to allow s.s.b. to operate in the c.w. bands and let the a.m. boys have their segment in peace.

- Jack R. Perciful, 1 TH $4 P D C / 6$


## THEY CAME, TOO

119 Eustis Avenue Newport, R. I.
Editor, QST:
The second paragraph of your editorial in the March issue of QST might lead some to think that amateur affairs were handled by the Firderal Radio Commission between 1927 and 1934. However, some of $u s$ who originally obtained vur amateur and commercial tickets from the Radio Division of the Department of Commerce recall that it was not until Julv, 1932, that the responsibilities and duties of the old Radio IJivision were transferred to the FRC.
(Conlinued on page 148)

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| 374 | 395 | 416 | 483 | 504 | 52 |  |  |
|  | 396 | 418 | 484 | 505 | 527 | 4 |  |
| 376 | 397 | 419 | 485 | 506 | 529 | 44 |  |
|  | 398 | 420 |  | 507 | 53 | 44 |  |
| 379 | 401 | 422 | 487 | 508 | 531 | 4 |  |
|  | 402 | 423 | 析 | 509 |  | 44 |  |
|  | 403 | 424 | 49 | 511 | 53 | 44 |  |
|  | 404 | 425 | 仡 | 512 | 536 | 45 |  |
|  | 405 | 426 | 492 | 513 | 537 | 45 |  |
|  | 406 | 427 | 493 | 514 |  | 452 |  |
|  | 407 | 429 | 494 | 515 |  |  |  |
|  | 408 | 431 | 495 | 516 |  | 5 | 475 |
|  | 409 | 433 | 496 | 518 |  |  |  |
|  | 411 | 435 | 497 | 519 |  |  |  |
|  | 412 | 436 | 498 | 520 |  | 457 |  |
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|  | 7580 | 2105 | 2290 | 2442 | 3322 |  |
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I also recall that originally the FRC was created by Congress in 1927 to bring order nut of the chaos in the broadcast field. At that time its life was only going to be for one year, yet like many other Washington agencies that came along later, they imitated the "Man Who Came to Dinner" and picked up additional duties along the way. That is how they not amateur affairs in 1932. Then. in 1934. Congress straightened out the whole thing by creating the Federal Communications Commission.

It is refreshing to read an article that compares today's activities with earlier days.
-... Lester C. Harlow, $\mathrm{Tr}_{4} \mathrm{CrO/t}$
[Editor's Note - OM Harlow is correct. The story appeared in Sept. 1932 QST. 1

ONE SOLUTION
Rt. 1, Box 82.3
Tigard, Ore.
Editor, QST:
. . . True - there is a lot of QRM these days, but why not solve it nicely instead of trying to either change the rules or shove other amateurs around. Since one of the prides of being an American amateur is to be fexible and help with many new "firsts" in radio, wouldn't the best solution be to improve your own operating techniques first and then try to help the other fellow instead of drowning him out.

Many hams in this area have taken their rigs "upstairs" and are finding a new world in v.h.f.; c.w. for the on 80 and to, and 'phone on 2 - and you can't ask for better ham radio when you practice good operating principles.
$\cdots-\operatorname{Jim}$ Strickland, Wr'SEZ

## YL News \& Views

## (Continued from page $5 \%$ )

and OM W4HHH. . . . W5SYL. Iva, was one of some 100 YLs and OMs who assisted in the search for the body of W5DNI, pilot of a plane which crashed in Texas. . . . And in Lancaster, Calif., K6HWB, Vivian, stayed on the air for more than 20 hours monitoring, relaying, and keeping 3995 kc . clear during a search for a Douglas jet test pilot on
(Continuch on pune 150)


Devotees of amateur radio come vounger all the time. Here's one chap who was exposed to 75 -meter QRM at the innoeent age of several hours.

For five days following the birth of son Mark Eiric in January, Mildred Drummond, WGGXG, kept three schedules daily with $O M$ WGBWP, Rev. Wekley J. Drummond, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Flandreau, S. Dak. Mildred's transmitted instructions on household matters were dutifully carried out at home by her OM. Il-year-old son John, WNOTLR, and 9.year-old daughter, Darlene.

We note with womauly interent that it is becoming fairly common practice for mothers-to-be to pack a portable transmitter and receiver with a suitcase to take to the hospital for a maternity confinement. Seems upportune for a few days of leisurely (\%) QSUing.

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## with the BURNELL S-15000 single side band filter

Modest budgets no longer stand in the way of single side band advantages. Not with the new BURNELL S-15000 filter. This low cost filter can be adapted to commercial or ham receivers or transmitters!

Although the S-15000 is made with the same commercial quality toroids and condensers as employed in the regular BURNELL Commercial Grade Audio Filters,
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Also available: a new low cost upper single side band filter, S-16000.
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FROM A 100 KC. CRYSTAL
See pages 40 \& 41 of July, 1954, QST. Each EL- 100 crystal must work perfectly in our frequency standard (built just like the one in the
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NEW JERSEY


Take a teen-ager and her mother, both licensed amateurs, and you can virtually see the mutual pride that exists between them. Add a teen-age brother and a father with tickets, and you have a situation that any therapint would recommend for family happiness. In the case of the Mansen family of Cheney, W'ash., mother Rosella, WiULK, interested in radio for twenty years, got her license first, huilt a transmitter and started teaching her family. Daughter, son, and husband followed with the calls II N7s VW IG, V WZ, and WVA respectively. An ex-sehoolteacher, Rosella has heen coaching a number of teen-agers who anpire to herome hams. She recently worked her daughter for her 100th GSL and a YL Century Certificate.

Jan. 13th. Twenty-seven amateurs and 11 mobile units helped locate the pilot within 48 hours. . . . K6DEN. Evelyn, is on 20 and 75 phone resularly from Redwood (ity. . . . it a March meeting, committec rhairman for the first YLRL International Convention gave various progress reports. It was announced that a fastion show would be staged during the luncheon on June 25th. . . . We regretfully note the untimely passing of Neva Josephine Fredenburg, W6Y'XI, and her husband John, W'6VJQ. The couple perished when their automobile collided with another near Alpine, Calif. A charter member of the San Diego YLKL unit. Neva was past-president, vice-president, and secretary. Uwners of a radio and TV store iu San Diego. Neva and John were particularly active in AREC and c.d. artivities. They will he missed by their many friends.

## How's DX?

Continued from mave 6\%
by statesider W'3ZXD $\qquad$ - W6\%OL could use a tip on ex-KS4AQ's present whereabouts. $\qquad$ - A belated bow to- W'2l'TY for the idea behind last month's Jeevesie cartoon $\qquad$ toon -- - - - In very few mont with over 200 stations in 33 ARRL DXCC List countries. There is nothing like a call! - Club North American notes. IFGDAC: WgAIW. WGEIB and YN4CB have been straining at the leash to put INOYN'on the air from Corn Island. KSt and IKKo operation is a possibility on this jaunt, too. Meanwhile, KiStalV hones to keep Swan Island available for another month or su. NCDXC: VP7NX (W6RRG) subsequently way be heard as VP2NX, VP2RG and HI6NX . ...... SCDXC outfitted itself with four nifty trophies to be awarded to high club seorers in the ' 55 ARRL DX 'rest, plus another rotating plaque award to bo held by sutheru California s top all-around INX performer each year . ....... - Sparked by the news-gathering of W 4 KVX , Ohio Valley Amateur Radio Assuciation's Elher Wares burgeons into quite a juicy DX newsletter......- W9F'GX does DX-editing chores for Sparks, organ of the Tri-State Amateur Radio Society with headquarters in Evansville, Indiana.
(Conlinucd on page 152)

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## DXCC NOTES

Announcement is hereby made of the addition to the ARRL Postwar Countries List of two new countries. For purposes of identification these will appear on the list as Saint Martin and Sint Maarten. Saint Martin will encompass all French territory within the limits of 17 and 19 degrees north latitude and 62 and 64 degrees west longitude. Sint Maarten shall serve to designate Netherlands territory within these same boundaries.

DXCC credit will be given starting July 1 , 1955, for creditable confirmations dated on or after November 15, 1945. This will permit foreign amateurs to start receiving credits at the same time as those in U. S. A. Confirmations received prior to July 1, 1955, for these countrics will be returned without credit.

In future ARRL DS Competitions, those making contact with amateur stations located in either Saint Martin or Sint Maarten may claim credit for a separate country in accordance with DXCC rules.

## DX CENTURY CLUB AWARDS

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| NEW MEMBERS |  |  |
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| W0ANF. . . 139 | W6YRA... 103 | DL3NX.... 100 |
| Q3GFG. . . 110 | W2FCQ ... 102 | TL3RM... 100 |
| W3MNG. . . 106 | OH9NV.... 102 | C3IAD... . 100 |
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| W8JBI..... 122 | W4IQG... 110 | W4JGO ... 100 |
| 118SB . . . . 116 | W4DOV . . 102 | W7HXG... 100 |
| W3ECR... 116 | ZD1SW.... ${ }^{102}$ | W¢GEK. . 100 |
|  | W8QJR.... 101 |  |
| ENDORSEMENTS |  |  |
| W6D7Z | W4FPA ... 153 | W1NLM. . ${ }^{130}$ |
| W6ADP. . . 232 | WV9LI...... 153 | WYMQK... 130 |
| ZS6BW . . . . 230 | W3JNM. . . 150 | K2BZT... 125 |
| W8GFE. . 219 | W9VIN.... 150 | W8EV..... 125 |
| W2TQC. . . 200 | W8DFQ....147 | W55UX ${ }_{\text {W8L }}$ |
| PA¢LB.... 170 | OZ3Y | W9VP.....111 |
| ZL4GA..... 170 | W6YK..... 140 | W2WDP... 110 |
| W9BQE. . . . 168 | DLIYQ.... 139 | ZL4CK....110 |
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HEATH AC- 1 antenna coupler, wired $\$ 10$. Johnston, W3TDZ-809 Hampshire, Drexel Hill, Penna.
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SELLLING Klienschmidt tape perforator with case and rectifier: \$1se; GO-9 transmitter, 3 to 18 Mc., built-in temperature comsupply: \$125.00. Ernest Hufnakel, 11 Post Road, Pompton Ylains, N. J.

FFTL: Bud VFO-21 coils for $10,20.40,80$. Best offer over $\$ 20.00$. WUNYI, Orville Braaten, 406 E.' 9 th, Morris, Minn.
SELL all or part: make offer: two Bliley 500 ke. xtal type BC; two Westinghouse meters $0-10 \mathrm{amps}$, K.F.; Navy LM frequency meter with modulation; in gud condx, no book; BC453-B. A. Holzmiller. 423 McElroy Kd., Manstield, Ohio
METERS: Two 5 ampere, radio frequency ammeters, jewell make, $\$ 8.50$ each; one 0 to 500 DC milliammeter, jewel mike $\$ 7.50$. Ali are used, but in A-1 conilition. Nat G. Scott, Myrtle, Miss.
FOR Sale: Mobile rig. complete; Stancor xmittr, PE10.3. 2 BK conv.
mike, cables, whip. $8 \times 5.00$. Alexander Amato. W8SK, 5980 W . mike. cables, whip. 885.00
$1.30 t h$, Cleveland 30 , Ohio.
LYSCO 万ifo, excellent: $\$ 80.00$, lese shipping costs. W8O/L, Simmons, 338 W . Walnut, Ashland, Ohio.
HALLICRAFTERS S-36. in exc, condx: $\$ 70.00 ; 2000$ VCT 200 Ma . Chicago Transformer. \$10.00. Ben Logan, W8LUW, LeKoy, Uhio. WASHINGTON Area: High power phone ic.w. riz: $3000 \mathrm{~V} 650 \mathrm{Ma}$. . power supply: 4-250A final, completely protected with relays and surecial circuits. TVI suppressed; NC-173, HF $10-20$, frequency standard, 01 it . Vesto tower, rotator, synchros; big 20 -meter beam, many other components. All priced yor a quick sale. Cdr E. P' Bonner, USN, W4MXP. JE 3-7862, Falls Church, Va.

BUILDING UHF xmitting station. Desire second hand equipmen Flushing 55, L. I., N. Y.
WANTED: Heathkit Q meter, Millen grid dipper and 300 watt Multimatch modulation transformer. Larry kileber. Belvidere, II FREE List: Miscellaneous equipments, tubes, transformers. capaci tors, etc.; Seldman, W2GNZ. 1535 Longfellow Ave., Bronx, N. Hex BC Hashgun. 35 mm , adaptor. 0 Rolleiflex tilters. Kollei insen lens, sets 1 and 2 , and lenshood. Need: HKO-00 or i5A.3. W5LAK OMrs. J. L. Garrett, Logan ville, Ga.
FOR Sale: Teletype Model 26 and 12 . Some 15 parts. Navy FRA teletype terminal. W611I, 310 No. Rural Ir.. Monterey Park, Calif SELL Or trade: New unused Harvey-Wells VFO. Want G.D.O. 810 s or wha
FOR Sale: NC-18.3D with sueaker. Excellent condition: $\$ 275$. Wil Heliver within 40 miles. Harry E, Cudney, Ir. W W $2 \mathrm{KNQ}, \mathrm{R}$. D fewit. . . . -
WAN' to buy reasonably priced HO129X; KME-70, HO120X or similar receiver. Sell: Jackson CRU-2, "color 'TV"' oscilloscope brand new condx: $\$ 169$. WoZH, Kirkman, 2444 Dec, Lincoin, Nebr SEIL, $\mathrm{SX}-71$ with speaker, $\$ 100$ HT-18
Henke, W9FCF, 15037 th St., Wausau, Wis.
SELL: Collins PTO $70 \mathrm{E}-7$, WGVS all-band mobile antenna, GK secade box, beam rotator selsyns, teletype perforator. loug list to a 3 e stamp. W9ERU, 251 i Burrmont Kd., Kockford, ill.
SELL: Millen grid dipper. $\$ 40$; $\mathrm{BC}-221, \$ 75$; Heathkit audio sen-
 motor rcvr, sill Motorola fenn, Indianapolis, Ind.
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$\mathrm{SELL}: \mathrm{BC} 696$. $\$ 10$ Command 160 m VFO, $\$ 10.00 ; \mathrm{BC} 458$, $\$ 4.00$ 4-65A, $\$ 10.00$ Want: Kyer, Electronic bus. Wø゙UB, Harmon 5019 Giramar, Wichita, Kansas.
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## 7est your QRK*

THIS little quiz is based on articles appearing in QST for March. How much do you remember from the issue of two months ago?

1. What is the least noisy vacuum tube amplifier?
2. What benefit is gained by "fanning' elements of a beam antenna?
3. Multivibrators are usually used to divide the frequency of a crystal oscillator by a factor of not more than
4. What adjustments at the transmitter will affect the s.w.r. in the transmission line?
5. What bill of interest to amateurs is pending in Congress?

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ANSWERS: 1. The triode (Low-Noise Receiver Design, page 20) 2. Increasedbroadband characteristics (A Compact Dual Beam for 20 and 40 Meters, page 11) 3. Ten (Frequency Marker with 50 kc Interoals, page 14) 4. None (Meet the S.W.R. Bridge, page 30) 5. S. J. Res. 25, perlaining to A mateur Radio Week (Happenings of the Month, page 47)
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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ And probably many more not reported to Hq .

[^1]:    * Project Engineer, Harvey-Wells Electronics, Inc.,

[^2]:    1 Jones and Sonthemer. "The Micromatch," $Q S^{\prime T}$, April, 1947. See, also, "Recent Equipment." p. 43, QST, March. 195.5.

[^3]:    1 Knoop, "Automatic 'Tuning of the Antenna Coupler," August, 1952, QST; Mezger, "A Phase-Angle Detector for R. F. Transmission Lines," July, 1952, QST.

[^4]:    * 319 Summit St., Granville, Ohio.

    1 The ARRL Antenna Book, page 186, 5th edition.
    ${ }^{2}$ J. D. Kraus. Antennas, page 317; McGraw Ifill Book Co.
    ${ }^{3}$ Edward C. Jordan, Electromagnetic. Waves and Radiating Systcms, pages 482 and 483; Prentice-Hall, Inc.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Tilton, " TVI Hints for the V.H.F. Man," April, 1953, est'. Also 1954 and 1955 editions of The Radio Amateur's Handbook, Chapter 23.
    ${ }^{2}$ Ladd, "50-Me. TVI - Its Chuses and Cures," June and July, 1954, QST.

[^6]:    * K.F.D. 1, Cumberland Center, Maine.
    ${ }^{1}$ Mix, "The 'Bandbox' - A Single-Control Frequency Multiplier." QST', April, 1952. See also p. 52, QST', September, 1952.

[^7]:    * 412 E. Maple sit., Lombard, Ill.

[^8]:    Equipment of aid to NN7WHV (Puyallup, Wash.) in acquiring 162 QSOs in 41 sections consists of a Lysico 600 for 21 Mc. topped by a Communicator for monitoring the Pierce County c.d. frequency, a Ranger for 10 and 80 (beneath the KiMIE 23 preselector), and an IIRO. 50 with Selectoject. Alice collects elephants too!

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Starting time is approximate. General-contact period on stated frequency bepins immediately following transmission of Official Bulletin, un c.w. at 0000 and 2000 , on 'phone at 2100 and 2330 .
    $\because$ Operation will be on $21,010,21,350,28,060$ or $29,000 \mathrm{kc}$., depending on band and other conditions.
    ${ }^{3}$ W1AW willlisten for Novice Class licensees on the Novice portion of this band before looking for other contacts.

[^10]:    912E E. Keefe Avenue, Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin

[^11]:    (C'ontinued on page 1ZE)

[^12]:    (Continued on puge 124)

[^13]:    Relocation of applicant must not cause

[^14]:    ${ }^{1} \mathrm{KN}+\mathrm{ASI}$, opr.

[^15]:    Division
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