Alilillevili


# HIGHFIDELITY TRANSFORMERS FROM STOCK 

$=14 x+2 y$



娄 $(x /=4$ 1 L


 1) Hav ch $h=0.4$


## HIPERMALLOY series

This series provides virtually all the characteristics of the Linear Standard group in a more compact and lighter structure. The frequency response is within 1 db . from 30 to 20,000 cycles. Hipermalloy nickel iron cores and hum balanced core structures provide minimum distortion and low hum pickup. Input transformers, maximum level +10 db . Circular terminal layout and top and bottom mounting.

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## WRITE FOR

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Multiple line (50, 200, 250, 500/600, etc.) to 50,000 ohms . . . multipie shielded.

IS-19 Plate to Two Grids
Primary 15,000 ohms.
Secondary 95,000 ohms c.T.
LS. 50 Plate to Line
15,000 ohms to multiple line $\ldots+15 \mathrm{db}$. level.
LS.63 P.P. Plates to Voice Coil
Primary 10,000 C.T. and 6.000 C.T. suited to Williamson, MLF, ul. linear circuits. Secondary $1.2,2.5,5.7 .5,10,15,20$
30 ohms. 20 watts.

## HA-100X Shielded Input

Mulyble IINe $10,60,000 \mathrm{ohm}$ stid, , int alloy shle iding for low bum pickup.

## HA-10G Plate to Twe Grids

35,000 ofins to 135,000 ohms in two sec. tions. +12 db . level

## HA-113 Plate to line <br> 15,000 ohms ta ruitigle line.,+12 db

 revel. .10 DC in primary.HA-133 plate ( $D \mathrm{D}$ ) to LIne
15.000 ohms to multuple llne $s+15 \mathrm{db}$.
levet.$\frac{8}{2}$ Ma. DC In primary.

A-10 Line to Grid
Multiple line to $\mathbf{5 0 , 0 0 0}$ ohm grid.

A-18 Plate to Two Grids
15,000 ohms to 80,000 ohms, primary and secondary both split.

A-20 Mixing Transformer
Multiple line to multiple line for mixing mikes, lines, etc.

A-26 P.P. Plates to Line
30,000 ohms plate to plate, to multiple line.


CASE LS-1 LS.2 LS. Length $31 / \mathrm{s}^{*}$ 4-7/16" $5-13$ Width..... 25/8" $31 / 2^{\prime \prime} 5^{\prime \prime}$ Height.... $3^{1 / 4^{\prime \prime}} 4-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} 4-1$ Unit Wt. 3 lbs. 7.5 lbs. 15 lb





0.1 Hine to Gird

Srimary $50,20,1250,500 / 500$, Ohms 18
50,000 ohm prio 50,000 ohm Firla.
0.6 plate to Two trids

15,000 ohms $80.95,000$ ohms C.T.
0.9 plate (DC) : 1 Line

Primary 15,000 ohms, secondary 50 . 200/250, 500\%600.

### 0.14 50: 1 Line ta Grid

Primary 200 ohms, Secondary 5 merohm for mike or line to gridd.


OUNCER CASE
Diameter Dlameter
Height
$\qquad$ Unit Weight $\qquad$ $7 \mathrm{~m}^{4 \prime}$
Unit Weight

A CASE
length , , U. . . . . 1
Width
Height
Unit Weight $\qquad$

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It is an incorporated association without capital stock, chartered under the laws of Connecticut. Its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors, elected every two years by the general membership. The officers are elected or appointed by the Directors. The League is noncommercial and no one commercially engaged in the manufacture, sale or rental of radio apparatus is eligible to membership on its board.
"Of, by and for the amateur," it numbers within its ranks practically every worth-while amateur in the nation and has a history of glorious achievement as the standard-bearer in amateur affairs.

Inquiries regarding membership are solicited. A bona fide interest in amateur radio is the only essential qualification; ownership of a transmitting station and knowledge of the code are not prerequisite, although full voting membership is granted only to licensed amateurs.

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## SELF-POLICING

THe early regulation of radio communication was a responsibility of the Department of Commerce. In 1923 Secretary of Commerce Herbert Hoover called a conference of U.S. radio interests to discuss various regulatory aspects including frequency :allocations. The short waves had not yet been developed, and the limited spectrum was even then becoming crowded, with interference a considerable problem. Representatives of the Jeague asked for the assignment of a certain wave band for :mateurs.
"But," inquired Mr. Hoover, "how will you prevent interference?"
"Leave that to us," the League replied.
"And," Mr. Hoover recently stated, "the League has done the job."
This incident was, perhaps, the start of at tradition of :mateur self-policing unique in the history of radio regulation. It is a record of which we may all he proud. It was also a necessary measure, for the growth of amateur radio was such that the Government agency could probably not justify sufficient enforcement personnel to do the policing job itself for the amateur service. Indeed, one of numerous reasons why amateur radio was not encouraged in wher countries, especially in the early days, was that the monitoring and enforcement task was too monumental. Even recently, one country restricted its amateurs to voice operation, because there are not enough government monitoring personnel who know the code to keep track of any c.w. activities!
The heart of the effective accomplishment of our self-policing is the ARRL Cooperative Monitoring Service manned by Official Observers. It was inaugurated in 1926, and thousuands of dedicated amateurs have volunteered their time, which would normally be spent in pleasurable operating, instead to comb the bands seeking out a bad note, or overmolulation, or cliaks, or harmonics, and then dropping the offender a postcurd so that he might correct the condition and avoid a "pink ticket" from FCC. There were more than 20,000 such notifications mailed by volunteer observers in 1960) - twenty thousaind instances where technical discrepancies, mostly minor, were promptly caught before coming to official attention. The triple result is cleaner ham bands, much less work for FCC, and a much
smaller number of amateur violations coming to official attention.

$\mathrm{A}^{\mathrm{re}}$re we today failing to live up to our tradition of competent self-policing? Are operators less courteous than they used to be? Do more amateurs today unknowingly - or openly violate FCC regulations than ever before? Do we have a new breed of ham who has unly his uwn pleasure in mind, who does not know enough about radio theory and practice to keep his rig within sound technical limits as to broadness, splatter, clicks, chirps and a.c. hum?

We think not - in general. But with the continuing increase in the number of amateurs, and with no increase in the number of available kilocycles, it becomes of even greater importance that we amateurs recognize our responsibility to our Government in the strict observance of rules, and our responsibility to ourselves in intelligent and courteous operating practices. The alternative is chaos.

A few amateurs feel that we are already approaching chaos, that our self-policing system is inadequate, that FCC fails to do the monitoring job it should and is lax in disciplinary measures. Let us right now assure them - and you-- that the FCC monitors are right on the job. Each of numerous monitoring installations spends a certain portion of its time each day in one or more amateur bands. The personnel are capable and experienced. Many are hams themselves; thus they can use their time efficiently in checking a band or subband looking for discrepancies. FCC has been issuing amateur citations averaging more than 5500 annually for the past three years. When a citation is issued, you can be pretty sure there is a good reason for it; the motto is "if there is any doubt, don't issue the citation."

When a rules infraction is sufficiently serious, a suspension order is issued, invalidating the operator license for a certain number of months or perhaps the remainder of its term. Citations and suspension orders are part of an amateur's official record and can have a bearing on whether a license will be renewed upon expiration. Ind suspension orders are not as infrequent as you might suspect. They might involve operation of $75-$ meter phone with only a Novice or Technician

[^0]Class license; repeated instances of splatter outside an amateur band; failure to keep a log; wilful and malicious interference to other amateurs; use of more power than the legal limit; and even the shameful act of an anateur taking an examination for license in the name of an incompetent friend. Most of these instances are reported in QST, as a warning to all amateurs that the Commission most certainly does discharge its responsibilities in monitoring amateur activities.

You should keep in mind, however, that FCC does not suspend or revoke an amateur license immediately upon noting a violation. Under law, the amateur has a right to defend himself against the charge as, for example, asking for a hearing on a suspension order. This has occurred several times recently in more serious cases, with the procedure often
requiring many months. This may help explain the erroncous feeling of some amateurs that "FCC is not on the job" when at cited amatcur continues operation; but the Commission must follow procedural rules, in protection of individual rights, and this often takes considerable time.

What is the League doing about it all? Well, remember the League is you and all your fellow hams who are members - not just the crew at West Hartford. It is our common responsibility to maintain a high standard of compliance with regulations, both in our own stations and in others, by friendly cooperation and helpful advice when another's signal is noted not up to the state of the art. There is still a great need for qualified, mature (Continucd on the facing page)

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

## WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

## January 24,1961

I have been desirous of writing the League for a long time by way of expressing my sincere appreciation in behalf of our staff at the district offices and monitoring stations for the very excellent cooperation we have had from practically the entire body of radio amateurs.

I should like to quote from a recent Commission annual report, "As with any large group the problems involved in the regulation of the amateur service are numerous.' They range from international considerations, such as frequeucy alloc:ation and regulations on permissible communications with foreign amateur statious, to domestic problems concerned with rules promulgation and licensing. The year by year increase in the number of amateur stations and the accelcrating rate at which applications are received poses a continuing administrative problem of maintaining adequate regulation and efficient application processing. Fortunately, serious violations of the rules are few in number. This stems generally from the fact that amateurs take pride in policing their own service."

1 feel sure you will be as interested as I was in an item in the Commission's Annual Report for Fiscal Year 1960 and particularly in its implications. This item reads in part as follows: "in January of 1960 the number of licensed amateur operators passed the 200,000 mark rising to some 2016,000 at the year end. The number of amateur stations at that time exceeded 217,000 ." Thus it appears to me that it is self-evident that this very worthy program of policing their own service, which the amateurs have been pursuing diligently
for the past 25 ycars, must continue to keep pare with the growth of their service. While the Commission is continuing its effiorts to achieve more efficient usage of the : emateur bands so as to accommodate all who wish to participate in amateur radio, the amateurs must in turn take note of the increasing number of stations crowding the available amateur frequencies and utilize to the fullest the facilities which they have available, particulariy through their support of and the continued participation in the ARRL Cooperative Monitoring Service manned by its very effective and devoted Official Observers.

Our men at our district offices and monitoring stations who have the task of regulating through our euforcement effiorts all radio services know the time and effort that your Official Observers must devote in providing this "self-service" not only in behalf of the amateur fraternity but more particularly to the brother ham in trouble. While in general the anateurs as a whole have many claims to fame and have more than justified their rightful place in the spectrum through their many acts of publie service, it is this selfless and conselientious work of the Ufficial Observers which justifies the reague's claim that the amateurs are a sedf-regulating body.

It would please me immensely if, in behalf of our field organization, you could in some way or other express to these very faithful and trusted servants our sincere appreciation for their very valuable and worthy assistance.

Sincerely yours,
Geo. S. Turner
Chicf, Field Enyinecring and Monitoring Bureau
amateurs with at least three years experience to serve as Official Observers．Appointments are made by the Section Communications Manager（SCM）in each of the League＇s 73 sections．The name and address of your SCM can be found on page 6 of this，and every，issue of QST．

Perhaps the most important function we amateurs can fulfil is to make rertain that newcomers are imbued with the need to olserve regulations and courteous procedures． Years ago，a prospective ham either studied independently from League literature（there was little or no other）or was trained by an－ other ham or a local radio club．Either way， newcomers were introduced early in their studies to the Amateur＇s Code，to the amateur tradition of self－policing，to the amateur practice of intelligent and courteous use of the spectrum．Now，a beginner may buy any one of numerous booklets by various publishers， some of which literature teaches only the
minimum necessary to pass the test and avoids taking space to discuss operating principles and practices，and one＇s responsibility as an FCC licensee．
So all of us－and especially those called upon to be instructors in club code classes， and who are asked to serve as corle examiners and witnesses to FCC tests－should make sure that newcomers realize that along with the privileges of amateur radio they also have responsibilities ．．．that every one with an amateur licensee has an equal right to the air， but that there are no＂reserved frequencies＂ ．．．that there are so many amateurs tolay， and so many other users of radio，FCC a manot police all bands $100 \%$ of the time，and there－ fore we hams must look after much of our own policing ．．．that，nevertheless，FCC still does apprehend and punish consistent viola－ tors ．．．that if you and I operate selfishly others will too－and the end result will be bedlam．

## COMING A．R．R．L．CONVENTIONS

March 21－25－Michigan State．Bay City． April 7－9－Delta Division．Chattanooga， Tenn．
April 8－9－New England Division， Swampscolt，Mass．
April 8－9－Southeastern Division．Or－ lando．Florida．
May 26－29－Southwestern Division， Phoenix，Ariz．
August 26－27－Central Division，Spring－ field．III．
September 15－17－New York State，Ni－ agara Falls．
October 13－11－Great Lakes Division， Cleveland．Ohio．
October 13－15－West Gulf Division． Kerrville，Texas．

## MICHIGAN STATE CONVENTION

Bay City，Michigan－March 24－25
As the first ARRL convention of the conven－ tion seasun，the Michigan State Cunvention at Bay（ity offers a splendid program of talks， contests and entertainment．Sponsored by the Tri－C＇ounty Amateur Radio Association，the atfiair is being held at the Wenonah Hotel， 100 Center Avenue．

Melville E．Simpson，W8EIVE，is General Chairman，with Donald D．Bigelow，sr．，as secretary．

Highlights include a mobile contest，special YL activities，an ARRL forum and a Royal Order of the Wouff Hong Initiation．Lester E．Ander－ sun，W8TXS，is chairman for the ROWII eremonies．

Convention registration（ $\$ 1.75$ ）and informa－ tion is available by writing to Michigan state Convention，P．U．Box＋11，Bay City，Michigan．

New York－The SSB Amateur Radio Association will sponsor the Tenth Annual Sideband Dinner and Hamfest on Tuesday，March 21，at the Hotel Statler－Hilton，3i3rd st． and 7 th Avenue．N．Y．C．All amateurs and their friends are invited．Held during the week of the 1 KE Convention， this dinner attracts many outstanding radio amateurs and communications men from all parts of the world．Emphasis will he plared on a large social gathering featuring good food，yood fellowship and professional entertainment． There will be no formal speeches．Equipment displays upen at 10 A．m．and the dinner starts at $7: 30$ p．m．William B． Williams，noted radio nersonality，will be master of sere－ uonius．Tickets purchased in advance are $\$ 10$ each，or $\$ 11$ at the door．Send checks for reservations to SNBARA，\％ Mike l．e Vine，IVA2BLH， $3: i$ Allen Road．Rockville Centre， L．I．，N．Y．

## OUR COVER

Turn the page and you will get the low－ down on this excellent little rig，which was built by W2YM and photographed by Frauk Beaudin．

＂I THINK I＇LL LEAVE THIS SOLDERNNG IRON PLUGGED IN WHILE I GO TO THE STORE．I DON＇T WANT TO WAIT FOR IT TO WARM US AGAIN＂


The transmitter and power supply are separate units assembled in a frame formed from $3 / 4$-inch aluminum angle, with a single panel for the assembly. Over-all dimensions are $141 / 2$ inches high, $12 \frac{1}{4}$ inches wide and $83 / 8$ inches deep.

## A "Basic" Transmitter-Exciter

With Band Switching and Power Supply

## Compact Packaging for the 6146 Transmitter


#### Abstract

Ham construction tends to be forced into somewhat standardized molds whose shapes and dimensions are dictated by the cabinets available. Oftentimes this sacrifices what was the principal advantage of the old rack-type construction -utilization of vertical space with a corresponding saving in "floor" area. The transmitter described here is a compact two-decker with its largest dimension vertical, and takes up very little operating-table space. Input runs 70 to 90 watts on five bands.


Iv the Uctober issue of Qs'T I described a v.f.o., ${ }^{1}$ and since then have had many refuests to describe the companion transmitter. In my particular lncation I happen to have the fortune (or misiortune, depending upun how you look at it!!) of being the neighbor of K2UAS. Because our antennas are not more than 75 feet apart, : tramsmitter capable of generating the eleanest possible signal is necessary in order for us both to be active at the same time. To be sure, it is impussible for us to uperate on the same buand at the same time, but it is possible to operate different hands without undue interierence. However, the transmitter must have good shielding, the best in

[^1]harmonic suppression, and high-quality keying characteristies. In addition, it is desirable that the transmitter be capable of plate nuodulation and that its cost be kept at a minimum. The transmitter designed to meet these requirements has been the joint effort of K2UAS and the author. At the present time one transmitter has been completed and the other is in the process of completion.

## Circuit Considerations

The schematic of the transmitter is shown in Fig. 1. The tube complement was determined ufter considerable experimentation.

The 6 FFB B is a dual tube containing a hightransconductance pentode and a general-purpose triode. The pentode unit of this tube is used as a crystal uscillator and or multiplier: the triode unit is used only as a doubler from 7 to 14 Mc . when the transmitter is operated on 28 Me. The major advantage of the 6 EB 8 is that the pentode unit requires very little drive even when operating as a multiplier. A 10 -volt signal on its control grid is more than adequate for any mode of operation.

The 12B $\mathrm{r}^{r} 7$-A driver is operated as a frequency multiplier for all bands except 3.5 Mc . The screen-grid voltage for both the $12 \mathrm{BY} 7-\mathrm{A}$ and the 6 EB 8 is controlled by a potentiometer, $\mu_{1}$, to permit adjustment of the drive to the final amplifier.

The final amplifier is the old favorite 6146 with a pi-ouiput tank circuit. The tank capacitor consists of two Hammarlund type MC-100-sX units, one of which, $C_{5}$, is used as a fixed padding

Rear view of the assembly showing the r．f．section，in its utility－box cabinet，supported by angle brackets between the fore and aft uprights of the frame．The top of the r．f． box is covered with perforated aluminum as an aid to ventila－ tion while maintaining shielding． The wires in the power cable for the r．f．section are soldered to the feed－through capacitors of the harmonic filters（shown in Fig．2）．These terminals are covered by the bent aluminum piece at the left．A similar but smaller cover，at the right，is over the high－voltage termi－ nal，a feed－through type in－ sulator．

The power－supply chassis at the bottom is bolted directly to the uprights．The terminal strip on this chassis provides the connections shown in Fig． 3 for the auxiliary relay contacts and remote switch．

apacitor．For operation on the $3.5-\mathrm{Mc}$ ．band $\mathrm{C}_{s}$ is automatically switched into the circuit by means of the $F$ section of the hand switch，$S_{2}$ ． Output loading is accomplished by use of a $140-$ $\mu \mu f$ ．variable capacitor，$Q_{6}$ ，and nine $120-\mu \mu f$ ． fixed mica capacitors．$S_{4}$ ，the coarse loading switch，is a Centralab 10－position progressively opening switch，type PA－2052．In the 3．5－Mc． position an extra $330-\mu \mu \mathrm{F}$ ．mica eapacitor is audded in parallel with the loading capacitors by section $E$ of the band switch．

A 3－milliampere meter is used for measurement of the various eurrents of the transmitter and is switched into the proper circuit by $S_{3}$ ．Pro－ gressing clockwise，the meter measures the 6ER8 triode－unit grid current（full scale 3 ma．），the 12BY\％－A grid current（full scale 3 ma ．），the $61+6$ eontrol－grid current（full scale 6 ma ．），the 6146 screen－grid current（full scale $: 30 \mathrm{ma}$ ．），and the 6146 plate current（full scale 300 ma．.

A single－pole，double－throw toggle switch（ $S_{5}$ ） grounds the 6146 screen grid for protection of this tube during tunc－up．A double－pole，double－ throw toggle switch $\left(S_{6}\right)$ permits a choice of either amplifier eathode keving（used for opera－ tion with crystal control）or blocked－grid keying of the 6DT6，as previously rescribed in the v．f．o．article．${ }^{1}$

## Mechanical Construction

The r．f．section of the transmitter is emmpletely assembled in a $12 \times 7 \times 6$－inch aluminum utility box，fitted with an aluminum subchassis which is
a simple sheet of aluminum fitting snugly inside the hox．As may be seen in the bottom view，two slots are cut in the bottom flanges of the utility box so that this subchassis may be inserted．The subchassis is supported by 1－inch angle brackets bolted on inside near the front and rear of the utility box，two at each end．The band switch， $S_{2}$ ，was assembled from Centralab＇s ti（）－degree steatite wafers and spacers．The band－switch bracket，also visible in the bottom view，serves a double function：it supports the rather long band switch，and it tends to shield the grid coil wafer from all other wafers．As can be sec⿻二丨冂刂灬 in the photo－ graph，there is also a Z－shaped shield mounted with the switch，to provide additional shielding between the low－level stages and the output circuits．This shield is formed from a scrap piece of aluminum．

Care must be exercised in the assembly of the hand switch because the ceramic wafers are quite fragile．The wafer nearest to the shaft or front，end of the switch，section $h^{\prime}$ ，is assiembled with its stator contacts toward the rear and its rotor contact nearest the subchassis．Section $E$ ， the next wafer，is oriented in the same manner as $F$ ．The $Z$－shaped shield should be assembled next，and then section A．＇This waier has its stator contacts toward the front，or panel，and its rotor contacts closest to the 6 EB 8 socket．sec－ tions $B$ and（＇are assembled and oriented in the sume manner as section $A$ ．The support shield is next，and then section $D$ with its stator contacts toward the rear and its rotor contact closest to


Fig. 1-Circuit diagram of the r.f. section. Except as indicated, resistors are $1 / 2$-watt composition; fixed capacitors are 1000-volt disk ceramic; $M=$ mica.
the grid bypass feed-through capacitor. The final small spacers, fiber washers, lock washers, and nuts may then be assembled. Before the switch is tightened, it should be aligned by placing it on a flat surface and then tightening the nuts. (Carrtion: Hollow the manufacturer's instructions and use the fiber washers where indicated.) When making the support shield and Z shicld, drill the holes for the long switch assembly screws "sloppy." A No. 25 drill is recommended. The holes in the chassis for bolting the support bracket may be spotted by temporarily assembling the switch in position. A high-quality grease on the detent will aid in smoother switch action.

The grid coil, $L_{3}$, is made from a full length of B \& W 3008 coil stock and is constructed as follows: First the coil is unwound so that there is a total of 61 turns. The taps are made by cutting the coil stock a half turn beyond the desired tap point, unwinding the cut ends a half turn, and twisting them together. The twisted leads are soldered to make them as stiff as possible, and are then covered with spaghetti insulating tubing. This procedure is repeated for each tap; care should be taken to make sure that the removed turns are not counted as part of the coil. $L_{3}$ is
supported on a ceramic pillar, 1 inch in diameter and $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inches long, which is mounted on the rear wall of the utility box.

The grid tuning capacitor, $C_{3}$, is mounted at right angles to its drive shaft. so that it can be physically close to its associated coil. A rightangle drive is made by using two brass beveled gears manufactured by the Boston Gear Works. These kears (stock itens No. (; +62 Y) have a 3 16-inch shaft hole which must be enlarged to accommodate 1 -inch shafts. The easiest way to enlarge the hole in the gear is to do it on a lathe. If, as in my case, a lathe is not available, a very respectable iob can be done by successive drilling. First the 316 -inch hole was conlarged by drilling with a No. 11 drill, and then by successively redrilling with Nos. 9, 7, 5, 3, 1, and finally with a t-inch drill. Each gear is sceured on its shaft with two 6 -32 Allen set serews spaced 90 degrees apart. In order to obtain bridge neutralization, $C_{3}$ must be insulated from ground; small pieces of lucite were used for this purpose and the shaft was then coupled with au insulating coupling. In the 3.5 -Mc. position, an additional $56-\mu \mu$. catpacitor is automatically switched in parallel with r: by section $D$ of the band switch.

$\mathrm{C}_{1}, \mathrm{C}_{2}, \mathrm{C}_{3}-50-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. midget variable (Hammarlund HF-50).
$\mathrm{C}_{4}, \mathrm{C}_{5}-100-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. variable, 0.07 -inch plate spacing. (Hammarlund MC-100-SX). C5 used as fixed 100- $\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. air capacitor.
$\mathrm{C}_{5}-140-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. midget variable (Hammarlund HF-140).
$\mathrm{C}_{7}-1-7.5-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. ceramic tubular trimmer (Centralab 829-7).
$\mathrm{C}_{8}-500-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. feed-through, 500 volts (Centralab FT-500). $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{y}}-0.003-\mu \mathrm{f}$. ceramic, 1600 volts (Centralab DD16-302). $\mathrm{FL}_{1}, \mathrm{FL}_{2}, \mathrm{FL}_{3}$-See Fig. 2.
$\mathrm{J}_{1}, \mathrm{~J}_{2}$-Coaxial connector, chassis mounting.
$L_{1}-28$ turns No. 24, $5 / 8$-inch diam., 32 turns per inch (B \& W 3008).
$\mathrm{L}_{2}$-14 turns No. 20, 5/8-inch diam., 16 turns per inch (B \& W 3007).
$\mathrm{L}_{3}-57$ turns No. 24, $5 / 8$-inch diam., 32 turns per inch (B \& W 3008), tapped $51 / 2,81 / 4,111 / 2$ and 28 turns from grid end.
L4-7 turns No. 16 enam., wound on 100-ohm 1-watt
Because of the desire to have a highly stable trausmitter the 6146 is bridge-neutralized, using a tubular trimmer. This trimmer is rated for tion volts d.c., 1200 volts test, when the core is fully meshed. The 6146 neutralizes with the core approximately $\frac{2}{}$ meshed. In several transmitters constructed by the author, no failures have occurred even though during modulation the potential across these capacitors is somewhat. beyond the manufacturer's working-voltage rating. This neutralizing capacitor is mounted on a small aluminum bracket affixed to the end of the pillar stand-off insulator on which the plate choke is wound. The pigtail is connected to the $500-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. feed-through eapacitor, $C_{x}$, used as the grid hypass.

All leads entering or leaving the utility box are filtered and shielded. Feed-through capacitors double as terminals for the interconnecting cable and are covered with a simple aluminum hood to eliminate any possibility of a shock hazard. A perforated aluminum top cover is used to provide the necessary ventilation. Auy material can be used for this cover, provided the holes are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in diameter.
composition resistor.
$L_{5}$ - 10 turns No. 10 enam., inside diam. 1 inch, length 2 inches; tapped $41 / 2$ and $71 / 2$ turns from plate end.
Ln-203/4 turns No. 18, 11/4-inch diam., 16 turns per inch (B \& W 3019), tapped 11 turns from plate end.
$\mathrm{P}_{1}$-Octal plug, cable mounting (Amphenol 86-PM8).
R1-50,000 ohms, 4 watts, wire-wound (Clarostat Al050K or Mallory M50MPK).
$\mathrm{RFC}_{1}$ - 1 mh., 500 ma . (Johnson 102-752).
$\mathrm{S}_{1}$-Ceramic rotary, 3 poles, $2-5$ positions, 1 section (Centralab PA-2006).
$\mathrm{S}_{2}$-Ceramic rotary, 6 poles, 5 positions, 6 sections (Centralab PA-17 wafers and PA- 305 index assembly).
$S_{s}$-Ceramic rotary, 2 poles, $2-6$ positions, 1 section, nonshorting (Centralab PA-2003).
$S_{4}$-Ceramic rotary, 1 pole, $2-10$ positions, 1 section, progressive opening (Centralab PA-2052).
$S_{5}$-S.p.d.t. toggle.
$S_{5}$-D.p.d.t. toggle.

## Pouer Supply

The high and low B voltages are obtained from a bridge rectifier circuit (Fig. 3) constructed on an $8 \times 12 \times 3$-inch aluminum chassis. A used TV power transformer was utilized to minimize the cost. Any transiormer supplying approximately 350 volts on each side of the center tap at about 200 milliamperes is satisfactory. Because the 5Rt-(iYB employs a $\overline{\mathrm{j}}$-volt 2 -ampere filament and all TV transformers contain a 5 -volt :3-ur-more-ampere winding, the bias transformer (a 6.3 -volt, 1.2 -ampere unit operated in reverse) is connected to this 5 -volt winding. The bias voltase obtained from this supply is approximately 45 volts, just about the correct value for holding the 61.46 plate current to a low value in the key-up position.

Two series-connected VR tubes regulate the 180 volts for the 6146 sereen grid and the v.f.o. eathode follower. The 75 volts needed for the v.f.o. oscillator is obtained from a connection between the two VR tubes. The series resistor ( $R_{2}$ ) is adjusted so that a current of 35 milliamperes flows through these tubes when the transmitter is in the v.f.o. and key-up condition.


Looking inside the r.f. section. A shield partition separates the final amplifier, at the left, from the driver section. The harmonic filters are at the rear right. The $3.5-\mathrm{Mc}$. tank fixed padding capacitor, $C_{s,}$ is mounted on the subchassis below the tank tuning capacitor, which is just to the left of the partition; $C_{5}$ is set at maximum capacitance and no control is brought out for it. The upper row of controls, left to right, includes the final loading switch, $S_{4}$, final tank tuning, $\mathrm{C}_{4}$, tuneoperate switch, $S_{i,}$, excitation control, $R_{1}$, and meter switch, $S_{\text {s. }}$.

A t-pole, double-throw relay is used to eontrol the high and low voltages as well as to provide estra contacts for operating an external antenna relay and muting the station receiver.

## Issembly

The utility box containing the r.f. section of the transmitter and the power-supply chassis - are mounted one above the other in a frame made from 3 -inch aluminum angle available from local hardware stores. 1 false panel of 1/8-


Fig. 2-Harmonic filters for power leads. Capacitors not listed below are disk ceramic.
$C_{111}, C_{11}-0.0015-\mu \mathrm{f}$. feed-through (Centralab FT-1500). $L_{7}-25$ turns No. 16 enam., close-wound on $3 / 8$-inch diam. plastic rod.
$\mathrm{RFC}_{2}, \mathrm{RFC}_{3}-7 \mu \mathrm{~h}$. (Ohmite Z-50).
inch aluminum is affixed to the front of the aluminum frame to dress up the transmitter and give it that "commercial" look. In the unit desirribed, the panel was sent out to a local paint shop that does industrial finishing and given a black crackle finish, after which white decalcomanias were added.

## Adjustment of Transmitter

After the wiring is emmpleted but before the r.f.-box top and bottom rovers are assembled, some basic checks and adjustments should be made.

Conncet the r.f. box to the power supply, but leave the $\mathbf{b l 4 t}$ high-voltage lead lisconnected. Set $S_{5}$ to the fune position, $S_{6}$ in the grid-keying position, and $S_{1}$ in the v.f.o. pusition. Turn on the filaments and check to see if all tubes light properly. The fixed grid bias should be approximately -45 volts. Now remove the 1 ' K tubes and turn on the plate supply. The luw voltage should be about 300 volts. The high voltage can be moasured at the power supply and should be around 600 volts. With a high-impedance or vacolumtube voltmeter, check to see that there is no instability in either the 6 EB 8 or the 12B 17. A stages. This check is most readily made by measuring the grid voltage of each tube, which should, of course, be very close to zero. In the trathsmitter shown it was necessary to shield the grid lead to the $6 \mathrm{~EB} B 8$ pentode before complete stability could be realized.

Plug an 80 -meter erystal into the transmitter and set the crystal-v.f.o. switch to eorrespond. With the batud switch set to 80 meters, check the 6EB8 for oscillation. Again this check ean be most easily made hy measuring the grid voltage, which should be from 1 to + volts depending upon the pusition of the drive montrol, $f_{1}$.

In this bottom view of the r.f. section the panel side is at the top. Output loading capacitor $C_{6}$ is in the upper left corner. The band-switch sections, counting from the panel, are $S_{2 F}, E, A, B, C$, and $D$. The $E$ and $A$ sections are separated by the shield with bent ends, and the $C$ and $D$ sections have a straight shield between them. $C_{3:}$ is at bottom center, mounted on a plastic plate on the Lshaped bracket, to insulate it from chassis. This capacitor is turned through the right-angle drive (the shaft for this is also insulated from the bracket) described in the text. $C_{1}$ and $C_{2}$ with their associated coils, $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$, are at the upper right.


The v.f.o. should now be conuected, the YR tubes replaced, and $R_{2}$ in the power supply adjusted so that a current of 35 milliamperes is Howing through the $0 C 3$ regulator tube with the transmitter in the key-up position. Close the key and check the drive on the 6EB8; it should be approximately 1 volt. The 6146 grid tuning cau now be resonated for maximum grid current, and the $R_{1}$ drive control set to develop a current of 3 milliamperes. With a wavemeter, or a grid-dip meter in the diode position, check to see that the grid circuit is on 80 meters. Next, turn the plate power off and advance the hand
switch to the +0 -meter position and repeat the tuning procedure. Again, turn the power switch off and advance the band switch to the 20 -meter position. On this band, the buffer tuned circuit is automatically switched into the eircuit: therefore, it will be necessary to adjust $C_{1} L_{1}$ to 7 Mc . before procededing. This adjustment is made by setting the meter switch to the buffer (second) position and adjusting for maximum grid current. $L_{1} C_{1}$ should be checked to be sure the circuit is tuned to 7 Mc. The meter switch may then be advanced to the 6146 grid (third) position and the grid tuning adjusted for maximum grid cur-


Power-supply chassis. Any layout that will fit the components into the available chassis space may be used. Here the power transformer and high-voltage choke are at the left, the highvoltage filter capacitors are at the rear center, and the lowvoltage choke and capacitor are at the rear right. Rectifier and voltage-regulator tubes are grouped in the center foreground. The two octal sockets are power outlets to the transmitter and v.f.o. The feedthrough in the near right corner is the high-voltage terminal, and should be covered with an insulating sleeve after the lead that goes to the transmitter is attached. The bias-supply components are underneath the chassis.


Fig. 3-Power-supply circuit. See article on v.f.o. (QST, October, 1960) for explanation of terminal marked X. Capacitances are in $\mu \mathrm{f}$., capacitors are electrolytic.
$C R_{1}$-65-ma., 130 -volt selenium.
$\mathrm{h}_{1}, \mathrm{I}_{2}-6.3$-volt pilot lamps.
$\mathrm{J}_{3}$-Closed-circuit phone jack.
$J_{4}$-4-prong socket.
$J_{5}, J_{6}$-Octal socket.
$\mathrm{K}_{1}-4$ poles, double throw, 6 -volt a.c. coil (Potter \& Brumfield GA-17A).
Ls-4 henrys at 175 ma. d.c. (Stancor C-1410).
rent. Check to be sure the grid circuit is at 1.4 Mc . The same procedure is repeated for 21 Mc .
The transmitter may now be checked for 10 meter operation, where the triode section of the (GEB8 is called into play. Set the meter switch to read multiplier grid current (first position) and adjust $C_{1} L_{1}$ for maximum grid current. Advance the meter switch to read buffer grid current and adjust $C_{2}^{2} L_{2}$ for maximum current. At this point $C_{2} L_{2}$ should be checked to see that it is operating on 14 Mc. Now advance the meter switch to read 6146 grid current and adjust the grid tuning for maximum grid current. A check should be made to be sure the grid circuit is at 28 Mc .
The neutralizing of the $61+6$ is performed at 28 Mc. Adjust the drive to the 6146 to 3 milliamperes, and set the output loading capacitor, $C_{6}$, at about mid-position and the loading switch to position "G." Temporarily couple a wavemeter or grid-dip meter to the output of the transmitter. This coupling can be best accomplished by utilizing a short length of coax cable and a temporary one-turn link. Adjust the amplifier tuning capacitor, $C_{4}$, and the wavemeter to obtain a reading. If the wavemeter goes off scale, reduce the drive to the 6146. Now adjust the neutralizing capacitor, $C_{7}$, for minimum out-

L9-4.5 henrys at 200 ma. d.c. (Stancor C-1411).
$\mathrm{M}_{1}-0-3$ d.c. milliammeter.
$\mathrm{P}_{2}-4$-prong male plug (Amphenol 86-CP4).
$\mathrm{R}_{2}-5000$ ohms, 25 watts, with slider.
$\mathrm{S}_{7}, \mathrm{~S}_{8}-\mathrm{S}$.p.s.t. toggle.
$T_{1}$-Power transformer; approx. 700 volts c.t., 200 ma. min.; 5 volts, 3 amp ; 6.3 volts, 7.5 amp . min. (salvaged from old TV receiver).
$\mathrm{T}_{2}$-Filament, 6.3 volts, 1.2 amp . (Stancor P-6134).

| Tube |  | Key Up | Key Down |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Low Voltage High Voltage Bias | 300 volts 600 volts -45 volts | 300 volts 540 volts -4.5 volts |
| tiEB8 <br> (Pentode) | Plate current <br> Scrcen-grid voltage Girid drive Cathode voltage | 5.0 to 8.0 ma . <br> 30 to 50 volts <br> 0 <br> 0.7 to 1.1 volts | 4.0 to 9.0 ma . <br> 30 to 50 volts 1 to 2 volts 0.6 to 1.3 volts |
| tEB8 <br> (Triode) | Plate current Grid drive Cathode voltage | $\begin{aligned} & 4.8 \mathrm{ma} . \\ & 0 \\ & 2.2 \text { volts } \end{aligned}$ | 4.0 ma . 0.8 ma . 2.2 volts |
| 12BY7-A | Plate current <br> Screen-grid voltage Grid drive Cathode voltage | 10 to $1+\mathrm{ma}$. <br> 48 to 90 volts <br> i) <br> 1.3 to 1.6 .5 volts | 8 to 11 ma . <br> th to 90 volts 0.15 to 1.1 ma . 1.0 to 1.5 volts |
| $61+6$ | Plate current <br> Screen-grid current Grid drive Sicreen-grid voltage | 15 to 20 ma . $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ 180 \text { volts } \end{gathered}$ | 125 ma . <br> - to 10 ma . $\delta \mathrm{ma}$. <br> 180 volts |

put as read on the wavemeter. This adjustment completes the neutralizing procedure, and the setting of $C_{7}$ should not have to be touched unless the 6146 is replaced. The temporary connections to the wavemeter may now be removed.

To test the final amplifier, a 50 - to 75 -ohm dummy load will be needed. A suitable load can be constructed from twenty 2 -watt, 1000 -ohm composition resistors connected in parallel. Connect the high voltage to the 6146 and turn the plate power on. With $S_{5}$ in the tune position, approximately 15 to 20 milliamperes of plate current will be evident. Rotate the plate tuning capacitor until there is a noticeable dip in this eurrent. $s_{5}$ may now be switched to the operate position and the loading successively increased or
decreased until the plate current is 125 milliamperes. This process should be repeated for each band and the approximate dial settings of all controls noted.

The top and bottom plates can now be bolted into place and the transmitter assembled in its frame. However, before the top and bottom plates are put on it would be well to set each variable rapacitor to half scale since it will be impossible to determine the positions of the capacitor rotors after the top and bottom plates are in position.

The transmitter may be coupled into any antenna system that presents a $\overline{50}$. to $\bar{\sigma} \overline{0}$-ohm load for the trunsmitter. An antenna tuner similar to the ones described in the ARRL Handbool: is used by the author.

प57

## - New Apparatus Cesco Mobile Products

Tune photograph shows a series of mobile accessories manufactured by the Continental Electronics d Sound Co., Dayton, Ohio. It includes from left to right, a generator noise filter, dummy antenna, and two antenna connector adiapters.


The generator noise filter comes in two models, one for the frequency range of 30 to 60 Mc., and the other for 3 to 30 Mc. The lowfrequency unit is rated at 25 amperes and the high-frequency model, 20 :mperes. A mica trimmer eapacitor is wired across the heavy conductor coil and, after the filter is installed, is tuned for minimum generator interference. A cast-aluminum bracket mounts the filter to the generator. Electrical connections to the filter are made to threaded studs at each end of the coil.

The dummy antenna, called a CB Phantom Load, is a 52 -ohm noninductive load for use with any transmitter with an input not exceeding 5 watts. An 83-1SP u.h.f. series connector is at one end of the load for attaching directly to the transmitter's output connector.

A series of two connector adapters is available - it type SC, at the far right in the photograph, and a type CS. The SC plugs into the u.h.f. series chassis-type connector (S()-2:39) and will take a Motorola-type automobile antenna plug. The model CX combines a Motorola jack with a PL-259-coax plug.-E. I. C.

## Strays

## CALLING ALL .. .

K8PMM wants to get in touch with any other amateur who is also employed by a sanitation department. He lives at 3242 Aerial Ave., Kettering, 29 , Ohio.

W8YHO (1368 Roslyn Ave., Akron 20, Ohio) wants to get in touch with U.S. or Canadian amateurs who originally hailed from the British Isles. Send him your present call and QTH, your ex-G call (if any), and your ex-(r QTH.

W7ETK (4222 South 17\%nd St., Seattle 88 , Wash.) wants to hear from all amateurs who are also aeroplane pilots. Send him your name, QTH, and call, what class ham ticket you have, and class of pilot's license.


VE3DSG (1141 St. Clair Ave. W., Toronto 10, Ontario) wants to hear from hams who not only Hy their own planes but are also funeral directors.

K4VPU is attempting to compile a directory of active and inactive AACS personnel. Send the dope on call letters, time and place of service, etc., to C. E. Mason, RFD 1, Box 658, Warner Robins, Georgia.

WA2MHY (16 Coolidge Stt., Larchmont, N.Y.) wants to get in touch with others who are interested in experimenting with mental telepathy. (What's the matter, OM? Can't you work anybody? - Ed.)
—...-

If you're an airline ham, W7PZ and W7AhX want you to tune up 61 kc . inside the low end of any phone or c.w. band and call "CQ JET," at noon or midnight, EST. This would be 0500 or 1700 GMT. Why 61 kc.? This is 1961!

$$
-\ldots-
$$

W3UIU wonders if he is the only ORS who is a pharmacist. Others please contact him at 131 Race St., Sunbury, Pa.


Those of you who know Lew McCoy personally realize that he is a man of many talents. High on the list is his ability as a sleight-of-hand artist-he can make cards and coins appear and disappear with the greatest of ease. He certainly displayed some of his skill as a magician when he took the broken down old TV set pictured at the left and after suitable manipulations came up with the very handsome little transmitter shown on the next page. In this article Mac shows you how you can perform this same magic and come up with a nifty transmitter of modern design and low cost.

# - Beginner and Navice 65 Watts at Low Cost 

Discarded TV Set as a Component Source

BY LEWIS G. McCOY,* WIICP

BUILding a 65 -watt multiband transmitter for about twenty dollars sounds a little ridiculous in these days of high prices. However, with a little judicious serounging it is no problem at all. The transmitter described in this article was built for the most part from a junked TV set. TV sets from the 1948 to 1955 era have been "wearing out" and accumulating in TV repair shops. Investigation proved that these sets can usually be obtained for the asking or for a very wight charge. The TV shops are usually glad to get rid of them.

For our purposes the TV set doesn't have to be in working order as long as it has a usable power transformer (some models didn't use transformers). When acquiring the TV set, make sure the power transformer isn't burned out. All you have to do is smell the transformer - if it's bad you will be able to tell by the odor of hurnt insulation. Also, if the set has the tubes in it, check to see if it has a 6K6 and a 6BG6; these are the tubes you'll need for the rig. Or you might ask the TV man if he has some "old" 6K6s and 6BG6s. You'll probably find he has a collection of them taken from old sets and will be glad to let you have a few cheap (this was true in our case ). You might as well take advantage of a good thing and also try to promote a tuning capacitor from an old a.c.-d.c. table radio.

[^2]$G_{5}$ in Fig. 1, the tank capacitor of the final amplifier, is such a capacitor. Also, some of the old TV sets didn't have power-supply chokes, using the speaker field winding instead, and this won't serve our purposes. Therefore, try to get a set with a choke in it. Practically any TV set with a transformer power supply will do, but if you can, try for an RCA chassis. The transformers in these sets give slightly more voltage than some of the other types.

## Circuit Details of the Transmitter

The transmitter can be operated on any band from 3.5 Mc. through 28 Mc. at inputs up to 70 watts, depending on the plate voltage of the amplifier. A 6 K 6 crystal-controlled oscillator is used. The input side of the tube operates at the crvstal frequency, while the output side rat be tuned either to the erystal frequency or multiples of it. In other words, the 656 operates as a combination oscillator and frequency multiplier. $L_{1} L_{2}$, with $C_{3}$, serves as the oscillator tank circuit.

Either 80- or 40 -meter crystals can be used, depending on the band. For 80-meter work, a $3.5-\mathrm{Mc}$. crystal is used. For $80, L_{1}$ is the tank coil and $L_{2}$ is not required for this band. The same erystal will furnish adequate drive on 40 , with the oscillator doubling, and on 20 with the oscillator quadrupling. Alternatively, a fo-meter erystal can be used for 7 Mc ., or for 1t Mc. with

This is a view of the completed transmitter, the one that McCoy created by waving a magic wand (soldering iron, that is) over the broken-down old relic shown on the opposite page. (Oh, sure-he had to buy a few extra parts.) At the far left on the chas is front is the crystal and to its right are $S_{1}, C_{3}$, and $S_{2}$ in that order. The amplifier tank and loading capacitor controls are to the right of the meter.
the narillator doubling. A 40 -meter erystal is used for 21 Mc. with the oscillator tripling, and for 28 Me. with the oscillator doubling to 14 Mc. and the amplifier doubling to 28 . I.c.

The amplifier tank rircuit is a pi network designed to work into 50 - or 70 -ohm loads. The tank rapacitor, ('5, is a two-section superhet, variable. One section has a maximum capari-
tance of approximately $170 \mu \mu i$. , and the other section $430 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. Both of these sections are conneeted in parallel when the 80-meter eoil is plugged into the coil socket. For 40 meters, only the $430-\mu \mu$ f. sertion is used, and on 20,15 , and 10, just the $170-\mu \mu i$. section. A threesection t.r.f.-type variable capacitor, $C_{i}$, with all three sertions connected in parallel, is used for the pi


Fig. 1-Circuit diagram of the transmitter. Unless otherwise indicated, capacitances are in $\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$., resistances are in ohms, resistors are $1 / 2$ watt. Fixed capacitors marked $M$ are mica; others are disk ceramic.
$C_{1}, C_{4}-3-30-\mu \mu$ f. mica trimmer.
$\mathrm{C}_{2}-220-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica.
$\mathrm{C}_{3}-100-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. variable (Hammarlund $\mathrm{HF}-100$ ).
$\mathrm{C}_{5}$-Two-section receiving variable, approx. $170 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. and $430 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. (Allied Radio $61-\mathrm{H}-065$ or Philmore 9045).
$C_{i}-1500-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica.
$\mathrm{C}_{\boldsymbol{i}}$-Three-section receiving variable, approx. $400-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. per section (Allied Radio 60-H-726 or Philmore 9047).
$\mathrm{J}_{1}$-Open-circuit phone jack.
$\mathrm{J}_{2}$ —Coax chassis receptacle, SO-239 or phono jack.
$L_{1}-25-\mu$ h. r.f. choke (Millen 34300-25).
$\mathrm{L}_{3}, \mathrm{~L}_{4}-3$ turns No. 14 wound on a 68 -ohm 1-watt resistor. These are parasitic suppressors, and they are both connected as shown at $L_{3}$. The 68 -ohm resistor was omitted at $L_{4}$ in the drawing to save space.
$M_{1}-0-25$ milliammeter (Shurite Model 950 or 550 ).
$\mathrm{P}_{1}$-Four-prong plug, cable mounting (Amphenol 86PM4).
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{t}}-50,000$ ohms, 3 watts (three 150,000 -ohm 1 -watt resistors in parallell.
$\mathrm{RFC}_{1}, \mathrm{RFC}_{2}, \mathrm{RFC}_{3}-1$-mh. r.f. choke (Millen 34300-1000).
$\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{t}}$-S.p.d.t. toggle.
$\mathrm{S}_{2}$-D.p.d.t. toggle.
$\mathrm{Y}_{1}-3.5$ - or $7.0-\mathrm{Mc}$. crystal, as required.

$J_{3}$ Fig. 2-Circuit diagram of typical power supply. See text for values.
$J_{3}$-Four-prong socket. $S_{3}, S_{4}-$ S.p.s.t. toggle.
loading control. In addition, a fixed $1500-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. mica, $C_{5}$, is connected into the circuit when the 80 -meter coil is plugged into the coil socket.
The amplifier is neutralized to prevent selfoscillation. A capacitive-divider neutralizing system consisting of $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ and the $150-\mu \mu \mathrm{i}$. mica capacitor is the neutralizing circuit. $R P C_{3}$ serves as a safety precaution in the event that the plate blocking capacitor should break down, in which case the d.c. +B would be on the antenna system if the r.f. choke were not there to shortcircuit it.

Cathode keying is used in the transmitter. Both stages can be keved or just the amplifier. Better keying results if the uscillator is left, running and the amplifier alone is keyed. This is taken care of hy grounding the cathode of the oscillator with $S_{1}$. (If amplifier keying is used. the orcillator must be turned off with $S_{1}$ when receiving, otherwise the oscillator signal will be heard in the receiver.) $S_{1}$ can also be used as a spotiting switch to turn on the oscillator without turning on the amplifier.

A 0-25 milliammeter is used to measure either the grid current or cathode current of the amplifier. In the grid position, the full-scale reading is 25 ma . In the cathode position, a multiplier of 10 is used, giving full-scale deflection of 250 ma .

## Power Supply

If you'll look at the photographs you'll see that there is no power supply shown for the rig. The answer is simply that you don't have to build a supply - the TV set already has one in it!

If you don't mind having the supply on the TV chassis, it is quite simple to make use of the already-constructed supply. All the tubes except the rentifier should be removed from the TV set and three leads are brought from the set to the transmitter. A ground lead is required, a lead from the 6.3 -volt heater line, and the +B lead. The easiest method for getting the $+B$ lead is to ask the TV serviceman to show you where the $+B$ comes out of the power-supply filter. Otherwise you'll have to trace out the wiring to find the point where the +B leaves the last electrolytic filter capacitor.

If you want to strip the TV set down, you can get another chassis and build yourself a supply. Fig. 2 shows the circuit of a supply that will do the job. This is a capacitor-input sitpply of the same type used in the TV set. Upon examining the TV set, you'll find several electrolytic capacitors, usually in metal cans. The values will probably range from $8 \mu$ f. to $40 \mu$ f. or more at 450 volts, depending on the set. Any of these values can be used for $C_{8}$ and $C_{9}$, but if two different values are available, use the larger for $\mathrm{C}_{9}$. However, be sure you use capacitors with the 450 -volt rating. You'll find some values with much lower working-voltage ratings; these capacitors are usually used in audio circuits where a high working voltage isn't required. $L_{6}$, the power-supply choke, may range in value from 2 to 10 henrys, depending on the set. The bleeder resistor, $R_{2}$, should be about 50,000 ohms at 10 watts. Incidentally, the metal can of the electrolytic capacitor is the negative side of the capaci-


Here is a shot of the rig with the top screen removed. $L_{2}$ is visible between the oscillator tube (at the right) and the amplifier tubes. The amplifier coil is at the left. Along the back of the chassis from the left are the output jack, power cable, and key jack.

The oscillator components are grouped around the 6K6 socket visible at the upper left. Just below the toggle switch next to the meter is the coil socket for $L_{2}$. The two 6BG6 sockets are at the center of the chassis. The two section variable capacitor at the upper right is $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ and $C_{F}$ is to its right. Just below the two variables is the coil socket for $L_{5}$. To the right of the socket are $C_{6}$ and $R F C_{3}$.

tor. Be sure you observe correct polarity when installing the capacitors in the supply. The B plus can be turned on and off with $S_{4}$.

## Construction Details

A $3 \times 8 \times 12$-inch aluminum chassis is used for the transmitter. Follow the general arrangement shown in the top and bottom views when mounting the components in place. $C_{3}$ must be insulated from the chassis and fiber washers are used for this purpose. Be sure to allow sufficient room between $C_{5}$ and $C_{7}$. (The writer goofed on this score and had the two rotors striking each other when they were tuned near minimum capacitance!)

If you live in an area where TVI is a problem, you'll have to shield the rig. The top shield in the unit shown was made from a section of Reynolds' "do-it-yourself" perforated aluminum stock. Incidentally, we found this was the most expensive item in the transmitter, costing about three dollars!

The "fence" that runs around the top of the chassis is made from two sections of perforated stock, 2 inches wide and 21 inches long. The perforated stock comes in a $36 \times 36$-inch piece, so it is impossible to get a single length long enough to go around the entire chassis. The completed fence is $13 / 4$ inches high with a $1 / 4$-inch lip which is secured to the chassis top with machine screws and nuts. The two sections are each formed into an $L$ shape measuring $8 \times 12$ inches, the remaining inch heing used at two of the corners for an overlap to fasten the two sections together with screws and nuts.

The sides of the shield are made from two pieces of perforated stock measuring $61 / 2 \times 201 / 2$ inches before folding. The side dimensions of the two pieces after folding are $73 / 4$ and $113 / 4$ inches; the extra inch is used for the overiap to connect the two pieees together. A one-inch
flange is folded in around the top so that the overall height is 51,2 inches. The top is made from a piece of stock $73 / 4$ by $113 / 4$ inches and is stecured to the sides with machine screws and nuts. When the completed cover is slid down inside the fence and flush with chassis, the overlap is sufficient to prevent harmonic leakage, provided care has been used in folding the stock to insure a snug fit. No screws are needed to hold the cover down. This makes coil changing a simple chore because the cover can be removed and replaced quite easily.

The cable used to connect the transmitter to the power supply can be made any length, depending where you install the power supply.

## Making the Coils

Table I gives all the necessary information on the plug-in coils. The coils are made from commercially wound coil stock, so making the coils is a fairly simple job. The oseillator enils are mounted inside the plug-in coil forms and the amplifier coils are on the outsides of the forms. The dir Dux coil stock specified in Table I has exactly the right diameter to fit over the forms.

When cutting the oscillator coils from the original stock, allow three extra turns on the $20-15$-meter coil and tive extra turns for the $40-$ meter unit. When these extra turns are unwound from the coil stock you'll have sufficient lead length to reach through the prongs on the plug-in coil forms. Before soldering the prongs, take a file and file oft the nickel plating from the ends of the prongs, so that the solder will take more readily. Also, hold the prong being soldered with a pair of pliers to prevent too much heat from reaching the base of the coil form and loosening the prong. Be sure to clean off any resin that may stick to the prongs after soldering. Use fourprong coils for the oscillator coils and five prongs

| TABLE I |
| :---: |
| Plug-In Coil Data |
| $\mathrm{I}_{2}-7 \mathrm{Mc}$. -2932 turns No. 20,16 turns per inch, $8 / 4$-inch diam. <br> 14-21 Mc. - $71 / 2$ turns same ( $\mathrm{B} \& W$ Miniductor 3011 or [llumitronic Air Dux ( 16 T ). |
| L5 - $3.5 \mathrm{Mc} .-13$ turns No. 14, 6 turns per inch, 184-inch diam. <br> 7 Me. - 8 turns same. <br> 14 Mc. - is turns same. <br> 21 Mc. - 31 亿名 turns same. <br> 28 Mc. - 2! 2 turns same. <br> (Illumitronic Air Dinx 140BT). |
| Notc: A single length of Illumitronic $616^{\prime} \mathrm{T}$ or $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{~W}$ 3011 will sulfice for the 7 - and 14-21-Mc. ascillator eoils. One length of Air Wux 1406T is sufficient for all the amplifier coils. The $L .2$ coils are mounted in four-prong plug-in coil forms, 2 required (Amphenol $24-4 \mathrm{P}$ or Allied Kadio 71-H-713), and the L.5 coils in fiveprong forms, 5 required (Amphenol 24-5H or Allied Radio 71-H-7 14). |

for the amplifier.
When making the amplifier coils, jumper the prongs as shown in Fig. 1.

## Tuning $U_{p}$ the Rig

The first step in testing is to neutralize the final amplifier. The lead that feeds the plates and screeus of the 6BG6s should be disconnected at point $X$ in Fig. 1 so that the only voltage on these tubes is the heater voltage. Plug in a 40 -meter crystal and the 40 -meter grid and plate coils. Turn on the power and let the uscillator tube warm up. Switch $S_{2}$ to read grid current. Next, close the key and adjust $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ for a grid-current reading of + to 5 ma . Set $\mathrm{C}_{7}$ at maximum capacitance (plates fully meshed) and then tune $C_{5}$ through its range. At one point you should notice a dip in the meter reading. Next, carefully adjust the neutralizing capacitor $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ so that the least amount of change occurs in the meter reading when $C_{5}$ is tuned. When you find this point, the amplifier should be neutralized. In the rig shown here, this point was near the maximumcapacitance setting of $C_{4}$. The plate and sereen leads may now be reconnected - remembering to turn off the power first.

A dummy load should be used for testing the amplifier, and a good one for this purpose is a (60-watt lamp bulb. Connect a lead from , 2 to the center contact on the base of the bulb and another lead from chassis ground to the threaded portion of the lamp base.

Plug in an 80-meter crystal and the 80-meter coil, turn on the power, and let the transmitter warm up. Set both $C_{5}$ and $C_{7}$ at maximum capacitance, plates fully meshed. Switch $S_{2}$ to read grid current and close the key. Tune $C_{3}$ for a grid-current reading of 2 to 4 ma . Don't hold the key down any longer than it takes to tune up for grid current, as the final will be out of resonance and will draw excessive plate current. This could cause permanent damage to the tubes. Next,
switch $S_{2}$ to read cathode eurrent and close the Key again. Tune $C_{5}$ for a dip in the meter reading; this will indicate that the final is tuned to resonance. Start decreasing the capacitance of $C_{7}$ while keeping the amplifier in resonance (at the dip in the meter reading) by adjusting $C_{5}$. The light bulb should start to light up and get brighter as you adjust $C_{5}$ and $C_{7}$. The $6 B G 6 s$ are good for 100 ma. per tube, so you can load the amplifier to ahout 200 ma . Our TV set gave a plate voltage of 320 under a load of 200 ma ., which amounts to 64 watts input.

The same tunc-up procedure shonld be followed for the other bands. When tuning up on 20 and 15 there are two settings of 6 , which will give you grid drive to the final, depending on which band you want. The setting nearest maximum capacitance is 20 meters and the one near minimum is 15 . One way to check the correct tuning points is with an absorption wavemeter. In fact, an absorption-type wavemeter is almost a "must" in any ham shack, particularly a Novice's. The wavemeter will show you what band your transmitter is tuned to. Details for simple wavemeters can be found in the Measurements chapter of I'he Radio Amateur's Handbook.

The feedback capacitor, ${ }_{1}$, in the oscillator circuit should be adjusted with the rig tuned up for 15 meters. Adjust $C_{1}$ for a grid-meter reading of no more than 4 ma. on this band. This adjustment need not be changed for other bands with arystals of ordinary aetivity.

With the TV. set we used, the plate voltage on the 6 K 6 was 320 volts, the sereen, 250 . Screen voltage of the 6 BG 6 s was 300 volts. In order to get the $100-\mathrm{ma}$. plate current per 6BG6 the screen voltage should be approximately 300 volts.

After you've checked the rig out with a dummy load you are ready to put the transmitter on the air. If you don't already have an autenna and untenna coupler, the Handbook will give you information on different types of both.

Any antenna system, or antenna-plus-coupler combination, that can be adjusted to offer a load of about 50-75 ohms can be used with this transmitter.

QST-

## 

WGSYA has received the Distinguished Civilian Service Award from the Navy Department for his work in developing and operating an iceberg-detector sonar used on board an atomic submarine. He is a civilian emplovee of the U.S. Navy Electronics Laboratory at San Diego.

Congratulations to two hams recently named Fellows of the Instituta of the Radio Engincers WØTTK who was chosen for his work in advancing single sideband radio communications, and W2DOG for contributions to experimental wave propagation research.

Dr. Lloyd V. Berkner, president of Associated Universities and ex-9AWM, has been elected president of IRE for 1961.

# New Methods for Checking V.H.F.-U.H.F. <br> Receiver Performance 

Top rear view of the signal generator. Output jacks $J_{1}$ and $J_{2}$ and the built-in attenuator are mounted on the panel in the upper left corner. From them, a short length of coax runs to the coaxial tank, $L_{5}$. On a line with it from left to right are the 6AK5, the 12AT7s, and the crystal. The test point is just visible to the left of the middle tube. On a line behind the tubes are the funing screws for $C_{2}, L_{4}$, $L_{3}, L_{2}$ and $L_{1}$. Toward the rear of the chassis are the power transformer, the 6X5 rectifier tube and filter capacitors $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ and $C_{5}$. The inset shows the external attenuator with $P_{1}$ on the right and $P_{2}$ on the left.


# A Pulsed, Crystal-Controlled Signal Generator 

BY ROBERT L. MCFARLAND,*


#### Abstract

With this generator and an oscilloscope you can adjust your receiver and actually watch what happens to its gain and signal-to-noise ratio. Though described for 436 Mc., the method can be used at any other frequency.


IN connection with a radio-telescope project on which the writer has heen working for several months, it became necessary to devise a simple means of checking antennas and receivers at 436 Mc. After struggling for some time with an expensive commercial signal generator which drifted in frequency, it was decided to build a erystal-controlled generator. Further thought established that if the generator were pulsed, an oscilloscope could be used to view the output of the receiver, and the scope display would look very much like a type " $A$ " radar presentation. This display (see Fig. 1) shows the effect of any adjustment which changes the signal amplitude or atfects the signal-to-noise ratio.

The generator described here was sketched out and built in less than a day, and it was intended to use as few parts and be as inexpensive

[^3]as possible. Although this unit was designed for output at 436 Mc ., the pulsing method could be used with an r.f. system for any other band. A perfectly satisfactory crystal turned out to be one of the radio control crystals for use at 27.25 Mc. and selling for less than $\$ 3.00$. As shown in Fig. 2, four doublers bring the frequency up to 436 Mc. , with sufficient power to make antenna pattern measurements. One 12AT7 serves as oscillator and first doubler. The capacitor across $L_{1}$, the oscillator plate coil, is required to raise the tank $Q$ enough for third overtone operation of the crystal on its marked frequency. Another 12 AT 7 provides two more frequency doublers. These are followed by a 6AK5 doubler with a coaxial output tank. The latter gave better efficiency than any of the coil-capacitor arrange-


Fig. 1-Receiver output as seen on an oscilloscope. Height of signal pulses above the noise "grass' indicates the signal-to-noise ratio.


Fig. 2-Circuit diagram of the signal generator. Unless indicated otherwise, resistors are $1 / 2 \mathrm{watt} .0 .01-\mu \mathrm{f}$. capacitors are disk ceramic; others are tubular ceramic, except as specified below.
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{I}}-2-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. fubular ceramic.
$\mathrm{C}_{\text {: }}-1-5-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. plastic trimmer (similar to Erie 532-A).
$\mathrm{C}_{3}-0.1-\mu \mathrm{f}$. paper, 600 volts.
$\mathrm{C}_{4}, \mathrm{C}_{5}-30-\mu \mathrm{f}$. electrolytic, 450 volts.
$\mathrm{I}_{1}-6.3$-volt pilot bulb.
$\mathrm{J}_{1}, \mathrm{~J}_{2}$-Coaxial chassis receptacle (Amphenol 31-102).
$L_{1}-15$ turns No. 28 enamel close-wound on $1 / 4$-inch iron slug-tuned form (National XR-83). (North Hills $1300-\mathrm{C}$ or Miller 20A106RB1 coils also usable.)
$L_{2}-6$ turns No. 22 enamel close-wound on ${ }^{2} /$-inch iron slug-tuned form (National XR-93). (North Hills 1300-B or Miller 20A107RB1 coils also usable.)
$L_{3}-6$ turns No. 16 tinned, $1 / 2$-inch long, on $3 / 8$-inch brass slug-tuned form (National XR-92).
$L_{4}-2$ turns No. 16 tinned, $1 / 2$-inch long, on $3 / 8$-inch brass slug-tuned form (National XR-92), center tapped.
$L_{\text {s-Coaxial tank, see text. }}$
$\mathrm{P}_{1}$-Coaxial plug (Amphenol 31-212).
ments tried and is simple to make.
The power transformer used has nomewhat higher voltage thau actually ueeded. This surplus is put to good use, however, when pulsed output is used. Figure 3 A shows the waveform at the junction of $R_{3}$ and $R_{4}$, this being simply a train of 120 -cyele pulses from the rectifier. The differentiating circuit composed of $K_{5}$ and $C_{3}$ modifies this waveform to that shown in Fig. 3B. This voltage is applied to the cathodes of both sections of $V_{2}$ when the mode switch $S_{2}$ is in the "pulse" position. These two doubler stages are normally near cut-ofi, but the sharp, negative-going pulses drive them into conduction for a few milliseconds once every $1 / 120$ th second.

While the unit was primarily intended as a pulse generator, $S_{2}$ does provide for other modes
$\mathrm{P}_{2}$-Coaxial receptacle (Amphenol 31-206).
$\mathrm{R}_{1}$-0.1-megohm, $1 / 2$ watt.
$\mathrm{R}_{3}-5000$-ohm 4-watt wire-wound potentiometer.
$\mathrm{R}_{3}-3000$ ohms, 5 watts.
$\mathrm{R}_{4}-820$ ohms, 2 watts.
$\mathrm{R}_{5}-20,000$ ohms, 1 watt.
$R_{f}, R_{7}, R_{9}, R_{10}-41$ ohms, $1 / 2$ watt.
$R_{x}, R_{11}-10$ ohms, $1 / 2$ watt.
$\mathrm{RFC}_{1}-25$ turns No. 26 enamel spaced wire diameter on $1 / 4$-inch-diameter form.
$\mathrm{S}_{1}-$ S.p.s.t. toggle switch.
$\mathrm{S}_{2}$ - 1-section, 3 -pole, 4-position rotary switch (Centralab PA- 5 switch section and PA-300 index).
$\mathrm{T}_{1}$-Power transformer, approximately 600 volts c.t. at 50 ma., 6.3 volts at 1.375 amp . (Triad R-5A suitable).
$\mathrm{Y}_{1}-27.25-\mathrm{Mc}$. radio control crystal.
of operation. In the "c.w." position, it grounds the cathodes of doublers $V_{2 A}$ and $V_{2 B}$, these stages operate normally, and continuous output is obtained. These cathodes are also grounded when $S^{\prime}$ : is switched to "mod.," but here sine-wave modulation is accomplished by applying about 2 volts a.c. to the cathode of the 6AIV5 final stage. The 60 -cycle modulation envelope may not be a perfect sine wave for all possible adjustments of the tuned circuit, but it is perfectly satisfactory for test purposes. For all three output conditions, $h_{2}$ controls the output signal level by varying the bias on $\Gamma_{2 A}$ and $V_{2 B}$. In "standby" position, $S_{2}$ removes high voltage from the whole r.f. section by ungrounding the high-voltuge center tap of $\Gamma_{1}$.

A built-in 50 -ohm-to-50-ohm pad hetween $J_{1}$ and $J_{2}$ reduces the output at the latter terminal

Boftom view. From left to right along the top (front) are mode switch $S_{2}$, excitation control $R_{2}$, the pilot light, and power switch $S_{1}$. The open end of the coaxial tank can be seen between the pilot light and $S_{1}$. The tube sockets are on a line to the left of the tank, and slug-tuned coils $L_{1}, L_{2}$, $L_{3}$ and $L_{4}$ and the tubular trimmer $\mathrm{C}_{\mathbf{2}}$ form another line immediately below them. Powersupply components are arranged along the rear apron.

by 20 db . and also isolates a load connected there from the generator. A separate 20-db. attenuator can be plugged into $J_{2}$ to cut the output still further, or into $J_{1}$ to provide two identical but isolated outputs.

## Construction and Adjustment

The generator is built on a $5 \times 91 / 2 \times 3$-inch aluminum chassis. In the original version, the chassis top was sawed out, and the components were assembled on a $5 \times 91 / 2$-inch plate which then replaced the original top. Wiring up the parts was easier on an open plate than down in the depths of a chassis. As an alternative arrangement, one might build the generator on a plate, get it working, and then fasten the plate to the open side of an inverted chassis of the sume size. The panel is simply a $7 \times 101 / 2$-inch piece of aluminum.
R.f. components are lined up along the front of the unit as shown in the photos while the power supply is located to the rear. $S_{2}, R_{2}$, the pilot lamp and $S_{1}$ are mounted on the front apron. Aside from keeping all leads as short as possible in the r.f. section, about the only construction feature requiring special note is the coaxial tank circuit. The outer conductor is a $2 \%$-inch length of 1 -inch diameter brass pipe with a suug-fitting brass washer soldered into the top end. A larger washer soldered to the outside of the pipe at the opposite end serves to fasten the tank to the chassis. The inner conductor is a $21 / 2$-inch length of $1 / 4$-inch brass rod threaded at one end for a distance of about $3 / 8$ inch. The threaded end of the rod goes through the washer at the top of the tank and is secured by two nuts. The rod can be drilled and tapped at the opposite end to take a $6-32$ screw, and a lug placed under this screw will serve for connection to $C_{1}$ and $C_{2}$.
R.f. output is taken from a tap on the inner conductor of the coax tank about $3 / 4$ inch from the shorted end. Several methods of making the tap are satisfactory. A simple one is to solder an insulated wire to the $1 / 4$-inch brass rod and bring it out through a hole in the l-inch brass pipe.

Another way is to drill and tap the rod for a 6-32 screw which can project out through a clearance hole in the pipe. The special fitting shown in the photographs was made up so that the output tap could be shifted. This is unnecessary since a fixed tap point has proved perfectly satisfactory.

From the tap, a short length of coax goes to $J_{1}$ on the panel. Resistors $R_{6}, R_{7}$ and $R_{8}$, which make up the built-in attenuator, run along a strip of Hashing copper or brass shim stock bent into an $L$ shape. This is held to the panel by the nuts used to mount $I_{1}$ and $J_{2}$. The coax shield braid and the grounded end of $R_{8}$ are soldered to this strip. The external attenuator, shown partially disassembled, is made with fittings $P_{1}$ and $P_{2}$ and a $11 / 8$-inch length of $7 / 16$-inch diameter brass pipe. This pipe is threaded at both ends with 32 threads per inch so that it will screw into the two fittings. $R_{9}$ is soldered to the removable center contact of $P_{1}$. $R_{10}$ runs from the other end of $R_{9}$ to the center contact of $P_{2}$. One end of $R_{11}$ goes to the junction of $R_{9}$ and $R_{10}$, and the other end is soldered through a hole in the outer portion of $P_{2}$. A couple of turns of tape around the resistors will insure against shorts when the assembly is screwed together.
(A)

(B)


Fig. 3-Waveforms present $(A)$ at the junction of $R_{3}$ and $R_{4}$, and ( $B$ ) after passing through differentiator $\mathrm{C}_{3}-\mathrm{R}_{5}$.

Tuning, up to and including the 218-Mc. circuit, can be checked with a grid-dip meter used as an absorption wavemeter. If you are as lucky as we were, everything will tune up using only a v.t.v.m. plugged into the test jack to indicate alignment of the first four tuned circuits. With the function switch in the c.w. position and the out-
put level control near maximum, the negative voltage at this point should be about 2.5 to 3 volts. Even if you have to do a little coil pruning or squeczing, this is quite simple with a grid-dip meter. The S meter on a $436-\mathrm{Mc}$. receiver can then be used to indicate maximum output of the 6.4 h 5 stage when tuning the coaxial tank.

Each of the 12.407 stages draws about 3 -ma. plate current with 175 volts applicd to the $470-$ ohm decoupling resistors. Combined plate and screen current for the 6AK5 will be about 4 ma. There is probably no real need to measure these currents, however, if the specified voltage is obtained at the test point and there is output at 436 Mc.

## Application

The generator has proven to be quite useful in comparing the gains and signal-to-noise ratios of various r.f. preamplifiers. Two methods of making comparative receiver shecks have been used. One involves the use of 40 db . of attenuation (both the built-in and external pads in series) between signal gencrator and receiver to tic down the source impedance seen by the load. The second method makes use of a test antenna erected some distance from and in front of the regular receiving antenna. The signal generator feeds the test antenna through $\Gamma_{1}$ without the attenuator in the line. Different receivers can
then be compared by comecting them to the regular receiving antenna. It might be emphiasized that the pulse technique aids greatly in getting parametric amplifiers going for the first time. The generator ontput can be run fairly high, and some signal will feed through the paramp even when it is not working properly. The effect of each odjustment can be seen clearly.

The most satisfactory way of tying the oscilloscope to the receiver is to connect it directly across the detector load resistor. The average audio stages are not good enough to pass narrow pulses: hence the need to connect ahead of them. In one receiver, the high end of the detector load resistor was connected through a $47,000-\mathrm{ohm}$ resistor to a coaxial connector on the rear apron. Shielded wire must be used to prevent feedback at the i.f. and preserve the receiver's stability.

Other instruments have been used for actual quantitative measurements, although it should be possible to calibrate the output control, $R_{2}$. Another possibility would be the inclusion of an r.f. v.t.v.m. ealibrated in microvolts or millivolts at the output circuit. A further refinement would be voltage stabilization of the arvstal oscillator plate voltage. A VR105 and suitable dropping resistor should prove satisfactory.

Q5F

## 2 Strayst

## STOLEN

W5TCF reports that on or about Dec. 10 his vacation cottage near Pickwick Dam, 'Tenn., was broken into, and the following equipment stolen: (a) a Hammarlund HQ-110-C receiver. serial number 393, and (b) a Gonset 6-meter Communicator model 3049, serial number 5536 .

K2EVE reports that on January 4 his auto was broken into and the following equipment stolen: (a) is ( $\begin{gathered}\text { onset } \\ \text { (i-meter Communicator }\end{gathered}$ model 3136 , serial number 2759, and (b) a Shure 102 C mike.

KgAXU (the Northwest st. Louis ARC) reports that the following equipment was stolen from its club rooms sometime between Dec. 13 and Dec. 30: (a) a Johnson Viking Ranger transmitter serial number (00501, (b) a BC-614D specech amplifier serial number 1732, (c) six tuning units
for a $\mathrm{BC}-610$, (d) a BC-611E walkie-talkie, serial number 4764-CGG, with "Civil Defense" stenciled on the side, (e) two BC-611C walkictalkies, serial numbers 11267 and $1: 3627$, with "Civil Defense" stenciled on the side, and (f) an Onau $31 / 2$ kva gasoline-driven 110-v. generator, serial number $4 ; 3115$. Any information relating to this equipment should be forwarded to Jim Goddard, WYPUV, 1122 Darr Drive, St. Louis 37, Mo.

According to an article by KH6IJ in the Honolulu Štar-Bulletin, pioneer amateur WGEA, who made a lot of history in the earliest days of ham radio, is regularly on $7010-\mathrm{kc}$. c.w. His receiver is a regenerative job using 201s, which be built in 1924. His transmitter is somewhat newer, dating from 1937 and being still in its original open breadboard form.


[^4]
# Wide-Band F.M. Gear for 220 Mc . 

BY CALVIN F. HADLOCK,* WICTW-WIIQD

MUCH progress has been made by amateurs on the v.h.f. and u.h.f. bands. Greater distances are being rovered and new modes of propagation and operation are being exploited; all this bringing well-deserved credit to the amateur fraternity. The writer certainly does not wish to detract from this credit, but there are other aspects of the picture that deserve consideration.

The quest for improved performance has resulted in ever higher stability requirements and consequent complexity. Narrow bandwidth, for improved signal-to-noise ratio on very weak signals, costs money, and the higher the frequency the more it costs. A crystal-controlled transmitter delivering only a few watts at 1296 Mc. may entail an expenditure of $\$ 100$ or more for tubes alone.

Of course, the builder who is a professional engineer will not have to pay that price, but Joe the druggist or George the garage mechanic will. Their attitude is likely to be, "Why should I lay out a hundred bucks for tubes to do a job I can do for little or nothing on a lower frequency? And anyway, 1 probably couldn't build the thing, let alone make it work!" We want Joe and George in the game, but we have to admit that they have a strong argument.

Because of the universal use of narrow-band techniques, the operating trend on the v.h.f. and u.h.f. bands is to spot-frequency work, in one small segment of the band concerned. The 220Mc. band is 5 megacycles wide. To make the best possible use of all of it, the space above the first 500 kc . or so might well be used for exploitation of various wide-band techniques, such as the f.m. system about to be described. This approach is already employed to sume extent

* 41 Bellington St., Arlington, Mass.
in the $420-\mathrm{Mc}$. band, where wide-band modes are used in the upper and lower segments of the band, leaving 432 to 436 Mc. for c.w. and narrowband voice work. Similarly, in the 1215-Mc. band we find APX-6s and other simple gear spread over most of the band, except for 1296 to $1: 300$ Mc., which is reserved for moon-bounce and other highly developed narrow-band operations.

Often the DX-happy ham will ignore local stations. Nothing makes a newcomer more disgusted than to fire up, full of enthusiasm, only to be snubbed by operators who will not talk to anyone unless he is "DX." This emphasis on DX and funcy gear may have discouraged many a budding v.h.f. enthusiast. I feel that if these fellows are given information that will enable them to build reasonably effective equipment at moderate cost, they would come on 220 Mc . and higher bands in relatively large numbers. I have heard many new hams say, in effect, "Cive me something I can build myself and make it work, without getting lost in the parasitics, or going hankrupt!" This article is an attempt to provide such a project.

## The Case for Wide-Band F.M.

Our effort will be to see how simple we can make the equipment and still get effective performance. Instead of increasing the stability requirements, we will relax them, by going intentionally wide-band. The gear to be described is not "the last word." It is merely an attempt to demonstrate a concept; others are encouraged to try and improve it.

Our simple approach, via wide-band f.m., yields another honus: the complete elimination of BCI and TVI of any kind you can be blamed for. In my experience when a.m. is used, 220 is the worst band of all for audio TVI and BCI. At this frequency a.m. signals just love to get into the grid

Everything used in the $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. wideband f.m. station, except the antenna, is in this photograph of the setup at WICTW. Receiver, left, is a revamped f.m. broadcast job. The transmitter rack has the 50 -watt r.f. section at the top, with power supply and speech equipment occupying the two lower panels.



Rear view of the $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. transmitter rack. The amplifier stage is visible in the top deck. Oscillator circuitry is under the chassis out of sight.
circuit of an audio amplifier, and the more you try to get rid of the interference by turning down the volume control, the worse it gets. A.c-d.c. sets are the worst offenders, but all kinds of audio amplifiers are prone to "audio rectification" troubles. BCI is eliminated by the use of f.m. in our simple transmitter. TVI is virtually eliminated by using only frequencies above the v.h.f. TV channels. No harmonics are generated that can land in any TY channel below 660 Mc ., and should a harmonic fall in a loc:al u.h.f. channel it can be moved out by shifting the transmitter frequency.

## F.M. the Easy IFay

Though the oscillator in our transmitter is amplitude modulated, the rig should not he confused with the modulated-oseillator type of trans-
mitter of odious reputition. The signal radiated is true wide-band f.m. Low-level amplitude modulation of the oscillator is employed as a convenient and inexpensive way to produce the desired f.m. deviation. The incidental a.m. is wiped off by the final amplifier grid acting as a limiter. Frequency swing could have been produced with a reactance modulator, but the method shown ofiers greater simplicity, and no circuit elements are hung across the oscillator r.f. circuit, to cause changes in oscillator frequency because of heating.

Variation of the oscillator plate voltage at an audio rate (amplitude modulation) produces very satisfactory frequency modulation if not, carried to far. A eurve of oscillator frequency plotted against plate voltage will be a straight line for voltages up to 40 per cent or so above and below the nominal voltage. This means that the f.m. so produced will be distortion-free. In the transmitter described, a modulation level of only 8 to 10 per cent is needed, so good-quality f.m. is easily obtained.

In using f.m. effectively, the deviation of the transmitter and the bandwidth of the receiver must match. There are thousands of f.m. broadcast receivers in use today, sume selling at very low prices. With a bandwidth of about 150 kc ., for use with f.m. broadcast signals, they make fine i.f. systems for v.h.f. converters, in the same way that most v.h.f. stations now employ communications receivers with converters for a.m. and c.w. reception. If we design our f.m. transmitter for $75-k e$. deviation we are all set.

The complete f.m. station layout at W1CTW is shown in the first photograph. On the right is the transmitter assembly, all prettied up with panels and mounted in a table rack. At the top is the $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. r.f. unit. The center unit is a dual power supply, only part of which is used to give 500 volts at 100 ma . for the final stage, and 255 volts, regulated, for the oncillator, amplifier sereen, and modulator. The bottom section is the speech amplifier, clipper and modulator.

The receiver at the left is an old National NC-108 f.m. broadcast receiver, with its front end modified for 220 Mc. The i.f. and audio sections are unchanged. This is not the easiest way to provide for 220-Mc. wide-band f.m., but it makes a convenient package and its sensitivity is excellent. It is also free of spurious signals, as it is a


The 220-Mc. r.f. assembly without its panel. The oscillator tube is at the right.
single-conversion superheterodyne with its oscillator running on the high side of the signal frequency, to avoid picking up high-band TV signals as images. This and other receiving methods will be treated in more detail later.

In the rear view of the transmitter the finalamplifier tube is in the center of the top deck. The final plate current meter is on the right, and the meter at the left is a 3 -volt a.c. job ( 25 \& at a radio club auction) to indicate oscillator heater voltage. Just below it can be seen the top of the oscillator tube, and on the rear wall the modulation choke. The modulator, with its own power supply, was built for another purpose about 12 years ago, and was used "as is" for convenience. It and the main supply, above, could easily have been built into one unit otherwise. Only about 20 milliwatts of andio power is needed, so the modulator could be transistorized, but we leave such obvious details to the builder to work out for himself.

## Transmitter Design

Photos of the r.f. unit, and its circuit diagram, Fig. 1, show how simple the transmitter really is. Old-timers may he horrified to see the uld familiar WE 316A "doorknob" used as the oscitlator, but this tube has been greatly under-
estimated. I could not think of a better choice for the job, especially since I was able to ubtain 27 of them by sending a five-dollar bill (minimum order) to a surplus house in Philadelphia. Though its filament is rather fragile, only one tube of the 27 arrived with an open filament. Net cost per tube was therefore 19 cents; real cheap for a tube with a 30 -watt plate dissipation and full input up to 500 Mc .

Its chief drawback is its odd-ball filament rating: 2.0 volts at 3.65 amperes. This was taken care of easily by using an 866 filament transformer, with a variable resistor in the primary to drop the output voltage to 2.0. It is also necessary to center-tiap the filament to minimize $60-$ cycle frequency modulation of the oscillator. This hum sounds terrible on a narrow-bandwidth receiver, but it is inaudible when using the 150-ke. bandwidth for which the transmitter was designed. sticklers can try a "humdinger" or a d.c. supply.

Philosophy behind use of the 316A was that, it, is hetter to use a large tube running lightly than a smaller tube heavily loaded. If the tube tilament is turned on 10 or 15 minutes before going on the air, its heating effect is nearly stabilized before the transmitter is used. Plate input runs around 4 watts, about half the filament power


Fig. 1-Schematic diagram and parts information for the wide-band f.m. transmitter. Capacitor values are in $\mu \mu$ f., resistor values in ohms, $1 / 2$ watt if not otherwise specified.
$C_{1}, C_{2}$-Midget double-spaced split-stator, about $6 \mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. per section. Do not ground rotor. See text.
$\mathrm{C}_{3}-25-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. variable, single-spaced.
$\mathrm{J}_{1}$-Coaxial fitting, SO-239.
$L_{1}$-Parallel lines of $1 / 4$-inch copper fubing, approx. linch c. to c., 14 inches long.
$L_{2}-21 / 2$-inch length No. 10 wire, bent into $U$ shape. See bottom view and text. Adjust size to resonate at 260 Mc .
$L_{3}$-6-inch length $1 / 4$-inch copper tubing, bent into $U$ shape

Flexible leads of braid or strip each 3 inches long. See photo.
$L_{4}$-U-shaped loop made from a $21 / 2$-inch length No. 16 wire, coupled to $L_{3}$.
$L_{5}-10-\mathrm{hy} .50-\mathrm{ma}$. filter choke.
$R_{1}-10,000$ ohms, 2 watts. See text.
$\mathrm{RFC}_{1}, \mathrm{RFC}_{2}-10$ turns No. 20 wire, $1 / 4$-inch diam., selfsupporting. See text.
$\mathrm{RFC}_{3}, \mathrm{RFC}_{4}-15$ turns No. 20 enam., $11 / 4$ inch long, on $1 / 4$-inch diam. rod or resistor.
$S_{1}, S_{2}-S . p . s . t$ t toggle switch.
of a tube having a 30 -watt plate dissipation rating. The slight drift in each transmission can be reduced by mounting a fan to hlow air ou the tube. This should come on only when plate power is applied, and go off each time the plate power is removed. Judicious placement of the fan may completely compensate for drift due to plate heating. I have not used a fan thus far, us drift without it is not bothersome with a receiver of appropriate bandwidth.

The oscillator is extremely simple. It has parallel half-wave rods in the plate and grid circuits, tuned at the far end from the tube by a small splitstator capucitor. Bias and plate-voltage connections are made to the rods near the middle of the line. The rods are 1 -inch copper tubing. Optimum spacing for highest $Q$ would be about the rod diameter. Those who remember line oscillators of early v.h.f. work may think that better circuit $Q$ could be ohtained with larger rods. Not so! This idea was based ou the assumption that radiation from the rods was negligible. Later work taking radiation loss into consideration showed that, for a given frequency and maintaining a spacing of one rod diameter, there was a definite diameter which produced maximum $Q$. At 220 Mc. this is about $3 / 16$ inch. The oseillator deseribed uses 1 -inch cor per tubing at somewhat more than optimum spacing, in order to keep the tank circuit short enough to fit inside a 17 -inch chassis.

The filament chokes visible below the tube in the bottom view are bare wire wound $1 / 4$ inch in diameter. The turn spacing is adjusted to give maximum output at the middle of the band, with minimum input. 'This is not critical. At the far end of the chokes from the tubes are the two 10ohm resistors for center-tapping the filament circuit. These are hypassed with two small disk capacitors. Short leads are important here.

The grid resistor and plate choke are soldered to the parallel rods at the point of lowest r.f. voltage. Connect them at the middle of the rods and then run a pencil or insulated screwdriver along the rods to find the points of least reaction on the plate current or output. Reconnect the resistor and choke at these points.
'The rods are supported at one end by soldering
to the tuning capacitor lugs and at the other end by the tube. You might say that the rods help support the tube, for the action is mutual. Chief support for the tube is furnished by ia crystal socket mounted on a cross-strip visible in the bottom view. The filament pins of the $: 316 \mathrm{~A}$ fit tightly into the type of socket used for FT-243 rerystals (pin diameter 0.095 inch, spaced 0.486 inch; National Type (CS-6). Tight connection to the rods is made by drilling them near the tube end about the pin size, and then slotting the rod back through the bole to a depth of about one inch. Squeeze the end slightly until the pin slides in with a tight fit.

The split-stator tuning capacitors were picked up some years ago on the surplus market. 'They have two stator and two rotor plates per section, double-spaced, and are just right for the job. I have not found a current listing for this type of capacitor, though suitable substitutes can be made up from several available types. ${ }^{1}$ The rotor is not grounded to the chassis.

The one item for the transwitter that can be expensive is the final amplifier tube. An 832A cun be used with good efficiency, and at low cost if the tube is picked up on the surplus market. Input must be held to 25 watts or less, however. An 829 B will work, but at rather low efficiency on 220 Mc., and its higher capacitance and lead inductance may require use of half-wave-line plate and grid circuits. The 316A oscillator will drive an Amperex 5894/9903 easily, with up to 120 watts input. The tube shown here is an Amperex 6252 , used chiefly because it was on hand. It is an excellent tube, though the input must be held to around 50 watts. It should perform beautifully on 420 Mc., when we get to that project.

The amplifier runs without neutralization. Purists may ncutralize, if they wish, but it is not necessary for stable operation. An amplifier plate circuit must resonate higher in frequency

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The speech amplifier, clipper and modulator for the f.m. station, with its own built-in power supply. Note grounding clip on the first speech amplifier tube, left front. An r.f. shield, shown here removed, covers all three audio tubes.


Fig. 2-Circuit of the speech amplifier, clipper and modulator used with the $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. f.m. transmitter. Capacitor values are in $\mu \mathrm{f}$., resistors $1 / 2$ watt, unless specified. Those with polarity marked are electrolytic. Value of two resistors shown in parallel should be adjusted to give 200 volts at the first clipper plate.
$\mathrm{T}_{1}$ —Plate-filament transformer: 5 v ., 2.5 amp .; 6.3 v ., 1.8 amp . or more; 500 to 600 v c. c.t., 50 ma .
than the grid tank for the stage to oscillate. In this amplifier the grid circuit is resonated with the input capacitance of the tube to about 260 Mc., and then coupled inductively to the oscillator plate circuit sulficiently to give the required grid drive. The sereen is bypassed with a mica capacitor, with minimum lead length.

The platiorm around the tube completes the interual shielding of the 6252 tube, and isolates the plate from the uscillator tube. It also provides a mounting for the amplifier plate tank, and is grounded to the main chassis through metal spacers. The plate connectors for the amplifier are made by drilling and tapping 1/4-inch brass rod. Plate leads are flattened shield braid, though thin copper or brass strip might be better. The plate tank is 1 -iuch copper tubing.

## Operation

No antenna coupling is shown in one of the photographs. In preliminary use the feeder to a Twin-Lead dipole was clipped onto the plate tank through blocking capacitors. For coux-fed antennas a coupling loop and series capacitor should be used, as shown in the schematic diagram. The coaxial fitting is visible in the rear view of the rack-mounted transmitter, but the series capacitor does not show. It is adjusted through a hole in the front panel, near the plate apacitor knob at the center of the panel. One may use an untuned coupling loop and a balanced feeder to a balun, to convert to coaxial line in order to make use of a coaxial relay. Another balun can then convert back to balanced line for the main run, if desired.

When tuning up, determine the approximate
band-edge settings for the oscillator tuning capacitor, and then stay well inside them. The position of the grid loop on the amplifier should be adjusted with respect to the oscillator plate tine so that a grid current of around 2 ma . will be obtained near the middle of the band, and no less than 1.5 ma. at any frequency to be used. Less drive will result in lowered amplifier efficiencr, and less effective a.m. limiting action. It maty be found that minimum plate current and maximum output do not quite coincide. I field-strength meter, or a power-indicating s.w.r. bridge eonnected in the transmission line, will give a good indication of plate tuning for maximum output. The value of the screen resistor, $R_{1}$, should be set to give maximum output at full-load plate current. This will be about 10 per cent less than the maximum off-resonance plate current.

The toggle switch visible on the bark wall of the transmitter chassis is used to connect a $100,000-$ ohm resistor in series with the 62.52 sereen, to reduce plate current to a safe value for tuniug up. When the plate circuit has been resonated, closing the switch restores normal screen voltage, allowing full input. In use the amplifier plate voltage is left applied continuously, and the screen and oscillator voltages are applied for transmission.

## Modulation

Since we modulate only 8 to 10 per cent, Heising (choke) modulation is entirely satisfactory. This dispenses with a modulation transformer, and an inexpensive $50-\mathrm{ma}$. filter choke is adequate. Modulating 4 watts input at 10 per cent requires no more than about 20 milliwatts of
audio power. This can be supplied by any small triode, with power to spare. The modulator shown uses one half of a 6SN7, the equivalent of a 655 . It was built about 12 years ago, but is well suited to the job. Note the grounding clip on the 6SJ7 metal tube at the left. This was needed to ground the shell adequately, and keep r.f. out of the first stage. The r.f. shield is also necessary, as r.f. and hum pickup must be kept down for good quality with f.m. The other tubes are 6SN7s. Half of one is the second stage of speech amplifiration, and the other half is the modulator. In hetween these is the double-ended clipper, adjusted to the clip both sides of the audio at equal levels. It also gives extra speech gain.

There are two gain controls, one before and one after the clipper. The first affects only the over-all gain of the circuit; the second is the deviation control. It is set to provide no more than $75-\mathrm{kc}$. deviation, by listening to the signal on a $150-\mathrm{kc}$. bandwidth receiver and adjusting the control so that the signal is clear. It is followed by a 2 -stage 3 -kc. low-pass filter, which is excellent for n.f.m., but is more elaborate than needed for wide-band work. A simple RC filter would be adequate for present purposes.

Do not leave out the clipper. It makes all the difference in the world in f.m. quality and effectiveness. Excessive deviation causes severe distortion very quickly in f.m. systems. Performance of the clipper can be checked with an oscilloscope at the grid of the modulator.

The second half of the first 6SN7 mentioned is the modulator. The $R C C^{\gamma}$ filter at its plate (to keep r.f. from getting into the modulator circuitry) is connected to the modulation choke through coax. The power supply is conventional, but the clipper balance can be upset by changing the B-plus supply to the clipper tube. The dropping resistors should be adjusted to provide about 200 volts on the first clipper plate. The
microphone shown is a high-impedance dynamic, though erystal microphones of similar output level work equally well.

## Reception

Probably the simplest solution to the f.m. receiver problem is the purchase of an AN/TRC-8 receiver in the surplus market. This is a singleconversion wide-band f.m. job covering 230 to $2: 38$ Mc. Resetting the three front-end trimmers will move its range down to include the $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. band.

The i.f. is 28.5 Mc . As measured by the writer it is 900 kc . wide at 6 db . down, spreading to 6650 kc . at 60 db . Removing the $4700-\mathrm{ohm}$ resistors in parallel with all i.f. tuned circuits except the discriminator resulted in a bandwidth of 100 kc . at 6 db . and 1720 kc . at 60 db . The i.f. also oscillated like mad! To correct this, the negative bias on all grids except the first r.f. was removed from the fixed bias resistor and connected to the arm of the squelch bias potentiometer. The gain was then backed down to just below the oscillation point.

The r.f. amplifier stage should be left at full gain (fixed bias) for best signal-to-noise ratio. Loading resistors were put back in the i.f., but with a value of 33,000 ohms. This gives about the right bandwidth, and the receiver is stable. Cross-band contacts have been made with W1QA and W1HOH, who were using AN/TRC-8s unrevised, except for tuning range. The chief weakness of this receiver is that considerable secondharmonic distortion is evident on weak signals. It is built like the proverbial battleship, and for wide-band f.m. it is a good buy.

Excellent $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. wide-band f.m. reception is obtained with a 220-Mc. converter ahead of an f.m. broadcast receiver. The writer built a receiver covering the prewar f.m. band at 42 to 50 Mc. many years ago. The circuits in this were padded until it tuned 30 to 35 Mc ., and it was


Fig. 3-Power supply for the f.m. transmitter.
$\mathrm{S}_{1}$-Send-receive switch, d.p.d.t. toggle.
$\mathrm{S}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{3}-$ S.p.s.t. toggle.
$\mathrm{T}_{1}-2.5$ volts, 5 amp .
$T_{2}$-Plate and filament transformer; $5 \mathrm{v.}$,3 amp .; $6.3 \mathrm{v.}$, 2 amp. or more; 900 to 1000 v. c.t., 150 ma .


Bottom view of the $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. r.f. unit, showing the oscillator plate line. The amplifier grid circuit is a small $U$-shaped loop, inductively coupled to the oscillator plate circuit, near the point of lowest r.f. voltage.
then used with a National NC-303 220-Mc. converter. There are also several communications receivers that have wide-band f.m. coverage from about 27 to 110 Mc ., and any of these will serve nicely with various 220-Mc. crystal-controlled converters. An advantage in this approach is that the converter can be switched to a regular communications receiver for a.m., ew. or n.f.m. reception on 220 Mc.

A tunable i.f. system covering 30 to 35 Mc ., or whatever frequency range your nonverter requires, is fairly simple to build and adjust. The f.m. detection system can even be a super-regenerative detector, for the ultimate in simplicity, though this method sacrifices the fine audio quality and noise-silencing characteristics of the true f.m. system.

The receiver shown in the complete station photograph was made from a National NC-108 f.m. broadcasi receiver. The front end and dial assembly were removed and a $220-\mathrm{Mc}$. front end substituted. This uses a dual triode r.f. stage (cascode), a 6AK5 mixer and a 6AF4 oscillator, tuning 10.7 Mc. above the signal trequency. Running the oscillator on the high side is desirable with a 10.7 -Mc. i.f., particularly if you have high-band TV stations within receiving range. They can cause a lot of image trouble with the oscillator on the low side.

Still another approach is to build or remodel a 220-Mc. converter so that it will work into f.m. tuners covering the present f.m. band at 88 to 108 Mc . This was done with a National 220Mc. converter of the ervstal-controlled type. The erystal oscillator and multiplier circuits were removed and a tunable oscillator covering 133 to 138 Mc . substituted. The 6 U 8 mixer-multiplier was removed and a 6 AK 5 mixer substituted. The tunable oscillator tube is a 9002 or 6 AF 4 A . The mixer can be coupled into the antenna input of the f.m. tuner in a manner similar to that used with ronverters working into communications receivers. The i.f. is on a fixed frequency, so local f.m. stations are not a problem. Select a frequency that is clear of interference locally, and you'll be all set. We used 87 Mc., just outside the f.m. band, to be safe.

Some Final Thoughts
Don't expect extensive coverage with a dipole. An antenna two feet long does not intercept much
signal energy. This takes something big, but a high-gain array can be built for 220 Me. without its being excessively cumbersome. The Cusheraft 32 -element array now in use at WICTW has a gain of around 17 db ., yet it is only 8 by 6 feet in size, and can he erected easily by one man. The Yagi-collinear controversy is resolved easily with wide-band f.m. Our philosophy, stated earlier, was to promote full use of the band. This is a job for the collinear type of array. Sharply tuned l'agi systems are out.

The equipment described is a fine project for a club group, and the objective is to get more stations on the band. Good coverage can he obtained with simple equipment, but if you are the DN type you will do better with narrowband techniques - at higher cost and much greater complexity.

The writer would rather see a large group of hams working regularly over a 50 -mile radius or so than a pair of hams working occasionally over 300 miles or more. In this way you may find that the fellow whom you have eussed for clobbering your contacts on 14 Mc . is really quite a nice guy when you talk with him on 220 and you won't get into trouble with your neighbors while doing it.

No claim for originality is made for any of the ideas used in this equipment. Most of it is real old stuff, but lashed up together in such a way as to get the most possible for the least expense and effort. It is presented to offer a way lor many hams, especially new ones, to get started, and find out how interesting and enjoyable our higher bunds cun be. The most encouraging comment I have heard, in showing this kear at hamfests, club meetings and conventions, is "There is something even I could build!" पद⿸丆

## 2nStrayscy

Juring a recent meeting of the East River Kadio Club (Bluefield, IV. Va.) vne of the newer club members, also a newcomer to ham radio, was looking over the items on the auction table. He picked up a huge high-voltage neutralizing capacitor, and after inspecting it said that he once had one of these but thought that it was a hot-patch machine. IV8SSA says this brought the house down!

# All-Metal Quad for 15 Meters 

| $?$ |
| :---: |
| ? |
|  |This quad design will be attractive to many because it does not require a welded "spider," bamboo poles, or other fittings ihat are sometimes hard to gel. Standard TV hardware has been put to good use. He 15-meter quad antenna shown in the photographs came into being chietly because of the tropical climate that the Canal Zone enjoys (?). which is sometimes not too kind to some conventional beam-antenna designs. It has proved to be one of the simplest to make and easiest to put up of the several types that the author has constructed for the 21-Mc. band.

## Elements

A study of the photographs will leave little to the imagination. The horizontal top and bottom sides of the two quad loops are of aluminum tubing, while the vertical sides are of No. 12 or 14 wire. The top side of the driven element and the bottom side of the reflector are lengths of 5 -inch aluminum tubing split at the eenter, respectively, for the feed line and tubing stub. The two halves in earh case are mounted on 2inch standoff insulators supported by 30 -inch lengths of $1 \times 1 \times 1 \times$-inch aluminum angle. The other two horizontal members are not split, and consist of a 30 -inch center section of 1 -inch tubing with extensions of $5 / 8$-inch tubing, shimmed as neressary to fit sulgly into the center section.


Single-Band Array of<br>Simple Construction

BY EDWIN FEHRENBACH,* KZ5EG

Both ends of each horizontal member are flat tened and drilled to take a No. 8 machine serew for attaching the vertical wires forming the sides of the quad loops.

## Mast and Booms

The two booms are lengths of 11/4-inch tubing. An element spacing of $51 / 2$ fect is approximately 0.12 wavelength. TV U bolts and saddles are used to fasten the elements to the ends of the hooms. The booms are fustened to the mast. which is :t 15 -foot length of $1 \frac{1}{4}$-inch tubing, in the same manner. The mast fits into the socket of a standard rotator.

## Feed Line

The RG-i $9 / \mathrm{U}$ coax feed line is fed through one end of the upper boom to a hole near the center where it emerges and then enters a bole near the top of the mast, where it is fed down through the mast to the tower. The exposed part of the coux and the feed-line connection to the driven element should be given a heavy coating of elear lacquer.

The reflector stub is made of two lengths of No. 12 or 14 wirc, each about 212 feet long, and the two wires are spaced 3 or $t$ inches. The stub terminates in an insulating spreader which is guyed to the bottom of the mast so that it turns with the beam. A piece of wire is used as an adjustable shorting bar.

## Adjustment

The elements were originally cut following the ratio of $251 / f_{\mathrm{Me}}$. found in the ARRL Handiono, which indicated a leugth of 11 feet. $81 / 2$ inches for each side of the the loops for a design frequency of 21.4 Mc. The antenna was erected, with the bottom about, 4 feet above ground, and the resonaut frequency was checked with a grid-dip oscillator eoupled to a small coil of two turns connected at the feed point in place of the coas line. The g.d.o. showed a resonant frequency of 21.6 Mc . To lower the frequeney to the design figure, the lengths of the wire in the vertical sides of both the driven element and the reflector were inareased by the same amount. It was found that it. was necessary to increase the lengths of these sides to 13 feet 9 inches to bring the resonant frequency down to 2l.t Mc.! Apparently, the
An all-metal quad. The horizontal top and bottom sides are of aluminum tubing. Copper wire is
used for the vertical sides.


The booms are attached to the mast by means of TV $U$ bolts and saddles. This view shows the coax line emerging from the upper boom and entering the top end of the mast. This and other detail views were taken with the crank-over tower in lowered position.


The reflector stub wires terminate in an insulating strip guyed to the revolving part of the rotator.

Handtook formula does nut hold for a quad of this type. ${ }^{1}$

Ater the correctil Iength had been determined.

[^6]

This photo shows the mounting of the driven element on standoff insulators fastened to a length of aluminum angle. The tuning-stub side of the parasitic element is mounted in a similar manner. The RG-59/U coaxial line is fed through the boom to the mast.
the euds of the vertical wires were fitted with large soldering lugs for fastening to the No. 8 screws in the ends of the horizontal members. The junctions were treated with heavy clear lacquer. Then the top boom was slid upward on the mast until the tension of the vertical wires put slight bows in the horizontal tubing members. ('The author has a tilt-over tower which makes it convenient to adjust the top boom. Under other circumstances, it may be more feasible to fix the position of the upper boom as high up on the mist as possible, and take up any slack in the vertical wires by adjustment of the lower hoom.) Adjustment was completed by the reflector stub for minimum backward radiation as indicated on a field-strength meter.

Practical results with this antenna have been excellent. The electrical performance has come up to all expectations and the low wind resistance has contributed a great deal to the mechaniond stability.
[DET-

## Strays "ey

## KUDOS

W2ZK has developed a method of measuring the depth of polar ice eaps by using radio waves. In the course of his work with the Army he has made something like right trips to the south polar regions.

Leuming that the grundson of hlDJM was in need of blood donors before open-heart surgery could be performed in a San Giabriel, Calif., hospital. W"6MLLZ rounded up 20 donors in a matter of hours.


From the top, the K6AXN 1296-Mc. converter looks much like conventional designs for the v.h.f. bands. Across the upper portion of the chassis from right to left are the cascode i.f. amplifier stage and its output jack below it, the power connections shielded by means of an aluminum film can, the voltage regulator tube, and the $12 \mathrm{AT7}$ crystal oscillator. At the left are the 6CY5 and 6AK5 frequency multipliers. The black nuts, center, are used for tension on the adjusting screws for the u.h.f. circuits.

## a 1296 Mc . Converter Without Camplications

## High Performance

 without Surplus Parts or PlumbingBY G. M. KRIVOHLAVEK,* K6AXN

TTur converter described is the result of an rffort to simplify circuits and construction of a converter for 1206 Mc. to a point where it could be duplicated with a minimum of effort, and a limited amount of equipment. It has heen in use for about three sears with good results. and a number of similar converters are in use in this area.

Only five tubes are used, and one of these is a voltage regulator for the crystal oscillator. One half of a 12AT7, $V_{1 A}$, is an overtone oscillator at :approximately 53.4 Mc. The seend half, $V_{18}$, doubles to 106.8 Mc . A $6 \mathrm{CY} 5, V_{2}^{\prime}$, doubles to 213.6 Mc . and drives a 6 Ah 5 doubler to 427 Mc. The output of $\mathrm{I}_{3}$ drives a DR303 diode, $C R_{1}$, multiplier to 1282 Mc . The 1282-Mc. energy is coupled to the mixer crystal, $C R_{2}$, along with the input signal, and the $1+$-Mc. difference frequency
*3014 Gir.om Drive, Richmond, California.

is amplified by a 6D.J8 cascode i.f. stage, $V_{4}$, and coupled with : link to the output jack.

## The Injection System

The crystal oscillator is operated at low voltage and with a regulated plate supply to improve stability, a critical factor in operation at 1206 Mc. Variations in oscillator frequency that would go unnoticed at lower frequencies become disturbing at 1296 Mc., for even though the oscillator frequency is high to start with, it is heing multiplied twenty-four times. Oscillator stability is improved if the crystal is not subjected to large and sudden changes in temperature. It was found that mounting the erystal inside the chassis, where it is protected from drafts, resulted in much better stability than mounting above the chassis. The three multiplier stages are quite conventional and need very little comment,


Fig. 1-Circuit diagram and parts information for the 1296-Mc. converter. Decimal values of capacitors are in $\mu$ f.
$C_{1}, C_{2}, C_{2}-0.5$ - to $5-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. plastic trimmer (Erie 532-08OR5).
$\mathrm{C}_{4}, \mathrm{C}_{5}$-Cavity tuning screws; see text.
$\mathrm{C}_{6}$-U.h.f. bypass: $i^{3 / 4} \times 3 / 4$-inch brass plate, insulated from end of r.f. assembly with .005 -inch plastic film. See Fig. 2 and photograph.
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}, \mathrm{C}_{8}-0.001-\mu \mathrm{f}$. feed-through bypass (Centralab FT1000).
$\mathrm{CR}_{1}$-Multiplier diode, DR 303 or IN82.
$\mathrm{CR}_{2}$-Mixer diode, IN21B, C, D, E, or MA 421B.
$J_{1}, J_{2}$-Coaxial fitting, BNC type.
with one possible exception: Pins 2 and 7 of the 6AK5 should be grounded as directly as possible. Any stray inductance in the eathode lead seems to have a large effect on the output power of this stage.

Crystal diode multipliers may be new to some, hut they provide a very simple way to get small amounts of r.f. at this frequency. When the converter was first constructed, various types of erystal diodes were tried, and the 1N82 gave the best performance. Recently, a DR303 was tricel, and it gave about twice the output.

## U.H.F. Circuitry

The tuned circuits at 1282 and 1296 Mc . are half-wave coaxial lines, shorted at each end and tuned capacitively at their centers. The outer conductors are formied of thin brass sheet, soldered at the joints. Dimensions are not critical, except for length, and the circuit will probably work if the length is within plus or minus $1 / 8$ inch. The center conductors are 4 -inch brass rod, drilled and tapped at each end. The lines are tuned by $8-32$ screws which provide a small variable capacitance to ground at the center of each line. A nut is soldered on the inside of each trough to provide threads, and a nylon nut (or
$J_{3}$-Closed-circuit jack.
$L_{1}-11$ turns $N o .22$ enam. close-wound on $1 / 4$-inch ironslug form.
$L_{2}-4$ turns like $L_{1}$.
$L_{3}-6$ turns No. 22 tinned, $1 / 4$-inch diam., $5 / 8$ inch long, center-tapped.
$L_{4}-3$ turns like $L_{3}, 5 / 6$ inch long.
$L_{5}-1$ turn insulated hookup wire at center of $L_{4}$. $L_{6,} L_{7}-25$ turns like $L_{1}$.
$L_{8}-4$ turns insulated hookup wire around $B$-plus end of $L_{7}$.
short length of nylon rod tapped $8-32$ ) is used on top of the chassis as a jam nut. This provides tension on the serew to give smooth tuning. The mixer erystal holder is made by soldering a $1 / 4$-inch length of $1 / 4$-inch i.d., ${ }^{5} 16$-inch o.d. brass tubing in the 5 佔-inch hole in the mixer bypass plate, then making two saw cuts across the end of the tubing at 90 -degrec angles to form fingers. These are bent in until they grip the large end of the crystal firmly. The mixer bypass plate is insulated by covering the side away from the crystal holder with cellophanc or Tefion tape, and is mounted on the and of the trough lines with $t-40$ screws and insulating shouider washers. The holder for the small end of the crystal is a contact removed from an octal tube sooket.

The antenna input connector is a $\mathrm{UG}-109+\mathrm{U}$ BNC litting. It must be spaced up with a few $3 / 8$-inch i.d. washers so that the threads will just reach through the chassis and the trough line with enough length for the nut. The center conneetion of the fitting should be cut down so that it clears the $1 / 4$-inch rod that is the trough line center conductor. If desired, a type N fitting could be used by drilling out the hole for the larger fitting. The input loop is soldered to the end of the trough line about 3,16 inch up from the


Bottom view of the 1296-Mc. converter. Oscillator-multiplier components are at the right. Note the diode multiplier in the lower right comer of the 1282-Mc. tank circuit. The mixer crystal is at the left end of the tank circuits.
botiom, and runs straight over to the input fitting. The coupling loop to the mixer erystal is soldered to the end of the trough line between the mixer crystal and the center conductor. The entire u.h.f. portion of the converter can be silver plated, if means are available, hut this is not mandatory.

## Filtering

The power to the converter should be filtered to prevent signals in the i.f. range from getting into the converter and back into the receiver. This is accomplished by bringing in $\mathrm{B}+$ through a 47 -ohm resistor and a feed-through bypass capacitor. The filament power comes through a choke wound on a 1 -watt resistor and through a feed-through bypass. To cover the exposed terminals on top of the converter, an aluminum can that $35-\mathrm{mm}$. film is packaged in was used. The top was flattened by placing the top over a large dowel and hammering out the bulge. The top is then drilled for the feed-through capacitors and the terminal strip mounting screw. The top is held in place on the top of the chassis with these components. The power cable is brought in through a grommet in the bottom of the film can. The paint can be removed from the film can with lacuuer thinner.

## Adjustment

The oscillator and multiplier stages can be checked out as in any converter, using a grid-dip meter to tune circuits, up to the 213-Mc. stage. The output of the 427-Mc. stage can be checked by temporarily disconnecting the multiplier diode where it connects io the side of the trough line and putting a meter in series with the diode to ground. Current here should be 6 ma . or more. The diode should then be reconnected and a 0-1-ma. meter connected to the mixer current jack, $J_{3}$. The tuning screw in the 1282-Mc. trough line should be adjusted until crystal current is obtained. If the erystal current is less than 0.2 ma., solder a $1 / 2$-inch long piece of wire to the contact at the small end of the mixer crystal and bend the other end near the center conductor of the $128^{\circ}-\mathrm{Mc}$. line, and readjust the timing.

Next, adjust the tuning of the $1296-\mathrm{Mc}$. line until the crystal current dips. This indicates that the input circuit is tuned to 1282 Mc. Back the screw out slightly, and you nill be near 1296 Mc . Connect the converter to a receiver tuned to 14 Mc. and adjust the i.f. amplifier coils for maxiinum noise in the receiver. At this point you can listen for the harmonic of a 144 - or 432-Mc. transmitter and peak up the input on that signal.

Fig. 2-Details of the sheet-metal parts of the trough-line tank circuits. The small plate at the left is insulated from the end of the trough assembly with a thin sheet of Teflon. The slot in the partition, upper portion of drawing, provides space for the mixer crystal, as shown in the photograph above.


Close-up view of the u.h.f. circuits. These are half-wave lines, tuned at their midpoints. The mixer crystal is held in place by a slotted brass sleeve, soldered to a capacifor plate on the outside of the trough. Though it is not visible in the picture, the capacitor plate is insulated from the trough end with a thin film of plastic. Screws that hold the inner conductors in position are insulated from the capacitor plate by fiber washers.


For further improvement you will need a crystal diode noise generator. ${ }^{1}$

With a noise generator, experiment with size and shape of input coupling and mixer coupling loops, and local oscillator injection. It may be worthwhile, also, to try different taps on the i.f. input coil. When changing mixer ervstals, do not decide which is best until you have optimized these adjustments for the particular erystal in question. A 1 N 21 E may seem no better than the 1 N 21 B you started with, until things are peaked up for the new erystal. Then there is a difference.

It is important that the shortest possible feed-

[^7]line be used at this frequency. $R G-8$, $U$ is commonly used, but has about 9-dh. loss per 100 feet. The converter has a BNC input connector as RG-55 U cable is used between the eonverter and the antenna relay, a distance of three feet. From the relay to the antenna, $\mathrm{RG}-8^{\prime} \mathrm{U}$ is used. I also recommend that double-shielded cables such as RG-71 U 93 -ohm or $\mathrm{RG}-55$ 'U 53 -ohm cable be used hetween converters and the receiver to keep signals at the intermediate frequency from leaking to the receiver. $\square 5 F$

K6AXN provided a drawing of the converter top wate which can be used as a template for drilling. Copies of this template will be sent free of eharge upon receipt of a stamped self-addressed envelope. Address ARRL Technical Dept., West Martford 7, Conn. --. Ed.

## Rostrayss

W4NJF set up the hidden transmitter for a hunt recently staged in Norfolk, ${ }^{r}$ a., hiding his car under a bunch of branches on a road that was in considerable disrepair. Within an hour four hams and the police had found him. The hams had done it. legitimately, using direction finders and such, but the police got an assist from a citizen who was alarmed by the sudden intlux of traffic along the narrow road. W4N.JF was able to convince the law that he was a solid citizen!

We once had an English teacher who was fond of pointing out that there are no "new" plots in literature. $W 2 \mathrm{PF}$ subscribes to this, saying that
he used the idea described by K1IOX in Deeemher (SST (KllOX solved the space problem by mounting his gear on :t tool stand which he pushes off into a corner out of the way when not in use) way back in 19:36. W'2PF used a teawagon, though, instead of the less-glamorous but more-sturdy tool stand.

## -... -

WAGNNN called $C Q$ on ten phone and then had some difficulty in figuring out who he was working - he was answered by both k9PIL and K9PYI, and it was several minutes before he discovered that he was actually working two different stations!

## Transistar Cade-Practice Oscillatar and Keqing Manitor

## Build a Monilator

BY RICHARD A. EASTON,* K9OMO

Idoes not matter if your ticket reads "Novice," "General," or "Extra-Class" if you do much e.w. operating, then you need a good monitor. As its name suggests, the Monilator is a combination monitor and code-practice oscillator. Although a beginner can build it without difficulty, this unit will not become obsolete. What is more, this handy little gadget will put you out less than ten dollars even without resorting to your junk box! This is less than you would expect to pay for most oscillators alone.

## Circuit

Referring to Fig. 1. the Monilator is a transistorized Colpitts audio oscillator ( $Q_{1}$ ) followed by a one-stage audio amplifier $\left(Q_{2}\right)$ driving a loudspeaker. The use of transistors reduces the size, weight, and power requirements of the Monilator. Components $C_{1}, C_{2}$ and $L_{1}$ form the oscillator tuned circuit and $C_{3}$ provides the necessary leedback. Coil $L_{1}$ is the winding from a high-impedance headphone. If you don't have one of these lying around, you can get two of them from a $\$ 2.00$ Allied heudset.

When switch $S_{1}$ is in the oscillator position, power is provided by two pen cells, $B^{\prime} T_{1}$, and a key is rlugged into $J_{1}$, the jack provided for that purpose. In the monitor position, diode $\left(1 R_{1}\right.$ rectifies part of the r.f. energy radiated by your transmitter and the resulting d.c. is used to power the oscillator and amplifier circuits. A short length of wire serves as a pickup antenna

[^8]The Monilator was designed and constructed at the Burris Amateur Radio Society to fill the need for a monitor and to provide a practical first project for some of the members. Using two transistors plus one diode, this economical monitor/code oscillator provides plenty of loudspeaker volume and will require no direct connection to either your transmitter or receiver.
and no external connections of any kind are required. ${ }^{1}$

The oscillator-amplifier circuit works well over a range of about one to ten volts and therefore will work properly with all normal transmitter power levels. It draws about 800 microamperes.

## Construction

The Monilator is assembled in a $3 \times 4 \times$ 5 -inch Minibox. Most of the details are evident in the photographs. A 3 -inch speaker, the toggle switch and key jack are mounted in the flanged hall of the box. A pattern of $1 / 4$-inch holes is drilled over the speaker area.

Most of the other components are mounted

[^9]

The Monilator in use at K9LYH. Holes in the front of the box form the speaker grille.

Fig. 1-Circuit diagram of the Monilator. Capacitances are in $\mu \mathrm{f}$. and capacitors are paper or ceramic. Resistances are in ohms and resistors are $1 / 2$ watt.
$B T_{1}-$ Two 1.5 -volt pen-light cells in series.
$C_{1}, C_{2}, C_{3}, R_{1}$-See text.
$\mathrm{CR}_{1}$-Germanium diode (1N34, IN60, 1N69 or similar).
$\mathrm{J}_{1}$-Open-circuit jack.
$L_{1}-$ Headphone winding (see text).
$\mathrm{LS}_{1}-3$-inch p.m. speaker.
$Q_{1}, Q_{2}-P-n-p$ transistor (G.E. or Philco 2NI07, Raytheon CK722, or similar).
$\mathrm{R}_{1}$-See text.
$\mathrm{S}_{1}$-S.p.d.t. toggle switch.
$T_{1}$-Output transformer: 2000 ohms to voice coil (Stancor A3332 or similar).

in the other half of the box. A pair of insulating terminal strips is convenient in anchoring the small parts. To avoid as much unnecessary heating from the soldering iron as possible, the transistore and dinde should be mounted last. In soldering these units in place, hold the transistor terminal lead being scldered with a pair of pliers so as to reduce the heat transmitted to the transistor. Insulating slecving (spaghetti) should be used over leads where there is danger of contact with other wiring or components.

A :3-foot piece of hookup wire serves as the r.f. pickup. It passes through a hole in the box to the outside.

The two pen cells are mounted in clips. Before placing the cells in their clips, check the wiring very carefully to make sure that there are no mistakes or shorts. It doesn't take very much to destroy a transistor.

## Testing and Operation

There are at least three factors affecting the Monilator's output volume and, to some extent, its operating frequency. First, the value of the r.f. or battery voltage; second, the characteristics of the individual transistors; and third, the value of $K_{1}$. This resistor may have a value of anywhere from 100 K to 500 K , depending upon the individual oscillator transistor.

Plug a key into the jack and place the mode switch in the oseillator position. A tone should be heard when the key is pressed. Any experimentation with the value of $R_{1}$ should be done now.

Next, set $s_{1}$ in the monitor position and place the Monilator near your rig. While keying the transmitter, try different locations of the pickup lead until you find the pusition that gives the best tone. If you find that you have too much
(Continued on page 134)


Interior view. The speaker, toggle switch, key jack, diode rectifier and r.f. choke are mounted in the section to the left. The transistor immediately below the upper pair of stacked capacitors is the oscillator. The amplifier transistor is mounted on the terminal strip at the left. The headphone winding used as the oscillator inductor is to
the right, between the pen-light cells and the output transformer.

## High- and Low-Voltage Supplies for the 50-Watt Mobile

# De Luxe Transistor Power Converters 

BY ROBERT L. KARL, * W8QFH

Tpue dual mobile power supply shown here is a further development of one described by the author in QST for Junc, $1958 .{ }^{1}$ We wanted to power a fully modulated 50 -watt a.m. signal under actual mobile conditions. In our case, this meaut an input voltage (at the car trunk which ranged from 11.5 to 12.25 volts at full load and varying engine speeds. The original supply was efficient and reliable, but it did not quite reach our target. In addition, the output voltatge dropped under modulation, affecting the v.f.o. stability and varying the drive to the final.

To cope with this, two new power supplies were developed. Une takes care of the low-level stages, and the other is for the final amplifier and the Class $\mathrm{AB}_{2}$ modulator. The low-level section delivers between 240 and 250 volts at 125 ma . The output of the high-voltage section is 590 volts at 120 ma . and drops to 570 volts during voice peaks when the drain is 225 ma.

## About the Circuit

Like the original supply, both new ones are of the separately excited variety; that is, they use high-permeability toroids, $T_{1}$ and $T_{3}$ in Fig. 1, for feedback and separate Hypersil step-up transformers, $T_{2}$ and $T_{4}{ }^{2}$. With these core materials,
*22060 Charter, Southfield, Michigan.
"Karl, " loo-Watt Transistor Mobile Power Supply," QS'T', June. 1958.

2 The transformers spevificd in the parts list can be obtained from the Oshorne Transformer ( $0_{0}, 38: 34$ Mitchell. Detroit 7. Mich. Prices (F.O.B. Detroit) are as follows: No. 2709, $\$ 8.00$; No. $18553-12, \$ 16.70$; No. 716, $\$ 6.50$; No. 14572.A-12, $\$ 9.90$.

## |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| <br> 司|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||

no waveform despiking is required.
The high-voltage section uses two pairs of paralleled 2N278 transistors. The 0.1-ohm emitter resistors force the transistors to divide the current evenly. Higher-value resistors would do even better in this respect bit would also increase the losses. Pairs of matched transistors are available at somewhat higher cost; if these are used, the matched units should he paralleled, and the 0.1ohm resistors can be omitted. In our particular supply the transistors used are all different, but the emitter resistors keep the currents within 12 per cent of each other.
$C R_{1}$ and $C R 2$ are clamping diodes operating with $K_{5}$ and $C_{1}$ to protect the transistors from transient voltage peaks coming from the car circuits (not to be confused with spikes). I' has taps for using Zener diodes to accomplish the same thing more efficiently, but the method shown is less expensive. The $L_{1} \mathrm{C}_{3}$ filter in the battery lead also helps isolate the supply from disturbances in the car's electrical system and keeps


The high- (left) and low-voltage supplies pulled out for inspection in the trunk of W8QFH's car. The fransistors are mounted on aluminum plates which are fastened to the chassis sides.


Fig. 1-Circuit of the dual power supply. The high- and low-level sections are diagrammed above and below the common filtering and control circuitry. The hookup shown is for a negative-ground car electrical system; the changes necessary when the positive side of the battery is grounded are covered in the text. Resistances are in ohms, and capacitances are in $\mu$. Capacitors marked with polarity are electrolytic; others can be paper or ceramic.
$\mathrm{C}_{1}$-50-volt electrolytic.
$\mathrm{C}_{2}$-200-volt paper.
$\mathrm{C}_{3}-25$-volt electrolytic.
$\mathrm{CR}_{1}, \mathrm{CR}_{2}, \mathrm{CR}_{15}, C R_{16}-70$-volt, 625 -ma. silicon diode (Sarkes Tarzian 10M).
$\mathrm{CR}_{3}-\mathrm{CR}_{14}$ inc., $\mathrm{CR}_{17}$-CR $R_{20}$ inc.--400-volt peak inverse silicon diode (Texas Instrument IN2070).
$\mathrm{K}_{1}$-S.p.s.t. relay, 12 -volt coil, 30 -amp. contacts (Potter and Brumfield MB3D suitable).
$L_{1}-20$ turns No. 10 enamel close-wound on $1 / 2$-inch diameter hardwood dowel.
transistor hash from getting into the receiver.
Since the power supply is completely shut off during standby periods it. must start under full load. The $220-$ and 3 -ohm resistors bias the transistor bases so as to encourage oscillation, and $R_{6} C_{2}$ is a kick-starting circuit used to ensure good starting characteristics. When the supply is turned on, this network feeds a positive voltage pulse to the bases of $Q_{3}$ and $Q_{4}$ so that they will not conduct and $Q_{1}$ and $Q_{2}$ will. If the supply is heavily overloaded, the circuit will not cscillate in spite of the kick-start arrangement and the separate excitation. As a sufety precamtion, however, both input and output circuits should be fused as shown.

Silicon diodes are used in the bridge rectifier
$R_{1}-R_{4}$ inc.- 0.1 ohm (see text).
$R_{5} R_{7}-R_{9}$ inc.-10-waft wire-wound.
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}-1$-watt carbon.
$\mathrm{S}_{1}$ —Push-to-talk or other control switch.
$\mathrm{T}_{1}$ —Toroid feedback transformer (Osborne No. 2709).
$\mathrm{T}_{2}$-Power transformer with Hypersil core; secondary tapped for $700,650,550$ or 350 volts, 325 volt-amp. (Osborne No. 16553-12).
$\mathrm{T}_{3}$-Toroid feedback transformer (Osborne No. 716).
$\mathrm{T}_{4}$-Power transformer with Hypersil core; secondary 550 volts c.t., 129 volt-amp. (Osborne No. 14572A-12).
since they require no filament power and have a lower voltage drop than vacuum-tube rectifiers. $R_{7}$ limits the current drawn through the diodes by the filter capacitance. $R_{8}$ and $R_{9}$ divide the output voltage across the $8-\mu$ f. electrolytics and serve as a bleeder resistance in case the load is accidentally removed or the fuse blows.

## Positive or Negative Ground

In these power-supply circuits the collectors (which are connected to the outer shells of the 2 N 278 s ) are connected to the negative side of the battery. When the negative side is grounded as in Fig. 1, the transistors can be mounted directly on a grounded metal surface. With a (Continued on page 13q)

# - Recent Equipment - 

Eico Model 723 60-Watt<br>Transmitter



EICo, once again employing a modern motif in decoration as used on their Model 720, ${ }^{1}$ has now brought out a lower-power transmitter with a simpler circuit. This unit, the Model 723, is capable of 60 watts c.w. input on the amateur bands 80 through 10 meters and, when used with an external modulator, nearly 50 watts on a.m. The transmitter is available in either wired or kit form.

The general color scheme is two-tone brown with silver lettering. Light brown or tan outlines a dark brown panel in the form of a die-cast bezel frame which makes a tight-fitting joint between panel and chassis. The knobs are also light brown but with a white trim. The dark brown wraparound cubinet is designed to provide shielding against harmonic leakage. The transmitter components are mounted on a copper-plated chassis.

The equipment comes very carefully packed as a kit. Our particular unit was found to be complete except for a few minor parts, which in the writer's case were junk-box items, and was casily assembled with a few tools and a soldering iron. The assembly booklet is clear and easy to follow, with the pictures and text fuirly well correlated. Roughly, 15 hours of leisurely work were required for assembly.

There are only two tubes in the r.f. section, a 6CL6 electron-coupled grid-plate-type erystal oscillator driving a 6 DQ 6 B final amplifier. The oseillator plate-tank circuit is simultancously bund-switched with the final amplifier pi network. The oseillator plate tank circuit resonates at the output frequency on all bands except ten meters, where it tunes to $1+$ Mc. and the final amplifier doubles to 28 Mc . In the $80-$ and $40-$ meter positions the grid circuit is loaded down with an 8200 -ohm resistor for broad-banding. This feature is useful when an external v.f.o. is used to replace the crystal. The v.f.o. may be plugged directly into the erystal sorket, but the instruction manual does not say how much power is needed from it. The five amateur bands are covered with the usual combinations of $80-$ and 40-meter crystals.

The 6DQ6B final amplifier is a power pentode operated as a straight-through Class C amplifier on all bands except ten meters, as previously explained. A capacitive-bridge neutralizing circuit is incorporated to insure stable operation. Stability is further insured by a 22 -ohm resistor at the grid of the 6DQ6B. The pi-network tank circuit

[^10]can match the final amplifier to loads between 50 and 1000 ohms. If additional loading capacitance becomes necessary, there is a $1000-\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$. capacitor which can be paralleled with the normal loading capacitance by means of a slide switch on the rear apron of the chassis.

The power supply is a full-wave, choke-input type providing 500 volts through a ( $\mathrm{x} Z-34$ indirectly heated rectifier. This tube is the European version of the 5 U 4 GB . The choke is a 5 -to25 -henry swinging type and is used in conjunction with two $40-\mu \mathrm{f}$. electroletics in series. All sockets and jacks are bypassed to attenuate any harmonics that might be radiated by connecting cables.

The B-plus line for the final plate and screen supply is connected to two terminals on a rearmounted octal accessory socket so that plate modulation may be applied simply by introduc-


The general component layout of the Eico 723 transmitter is compact but not crowded. The oscillator and rectifier tubes are to the right of the partition in this photograph while the 6DQ6B amplifier and its associated circuits are to the left. The oscillator tube is directly behind the meter. The power transformer is at the right foreground and the filter choke is to its left. The neutralizing capacitor for the final amplifier is mounted on the partition with its adjustment screw extending out between the power transformer and the rectifier tube. Connections along the rear apron from left to right are: r.f. output connector, auxiliary loading capacitance slide switch, grounding stud, key jack, octal accessory socket, fuse, and line cord.


Bottom view of the Eico 723 transmitter. The oscillator and function control circuits are located in the upper left hand corner of the photograph. The amplifier grid coils are attached to the band-switch wafers at the upper right. Immediately below the grid coils is the amplifier tube socket and its related components. The amplifier socket is recessed into the chassis to allow the top of 6DQ6B amplifier tube to clear the cabinet.
ing suitable modulation power through the terminals. These terminals are shorted by a jumper in an octal plug which is kept in the socket when there are no accessories in use. Fifteen milliamperes at 500 volts and 600 ma . a.c. at 6.3 volts is available at this socket to power accessories such as a v.f.o. The terminals also afford a convenient place for applying emergency power from an external source. When using such
an emergency supply, the 6.3-volt winding on the power transformer is disconnected from the tube heaters, the counection normally being made through a jumper in the octal plug mentioned ahove. Connections for 117 volts a.c., energized only in the "transmit" position of the function switch, are available at the socket for operating an antenna change-over relay.

Keying is done through a normally closed key jack (located on the chassis rear) which controls the cathodes of both the oscillator and amplifier. This, of course, allows full break-in operation. One drawback, however, is that even though care has been used in stabilizing and isolating the oscillator, a slight chirp is noticeable on 20 meters and there is rather pronounced chirping on 15 and 10 meters.

A tune position on the function switch grounds the screen of the 6DQ6B to prevent excessive plate current flow when the grid circuit (oscillator plate tank) is being tuned. 1 twoposition meter switch allows measurement of final amplifier cathode current.
A.c. line-power consumption for the transmitter is about 140 watts under key-down conditions. A 5 -ampere fuse is mounted on the rear appon for protection of the equipment. The assembly manual includes a trouble-shooting chart, voltage and resistance charts, and operating instructions. - A. (r. D.

## Model 723 Transmitter

## Height: 6 inches

Width: $81 / 2$ inches
Depth: 9 inches
Weight: 15 pounds
Power requirements: 140 watts, 117 volts, 60 cycles.
Price class: $\$ 50.00$ (kit), $\$ 80.00$ (wired).
Manufacturer: Eico Electronic Instrument Co., Inc., 33-n0 Northern Blvd., Long Island City 1, New York.

## Gonset G-76 Multiband

 Transceiver Model 3338

TTHE ( $\mathrm{a}-76$ transceiver is a compact transmitterreceiver about one foot long and one-half foot high, designed for either tixed or mobile operation with both an a.c. or d.c. power supply available. It covers the six amateur bands from 80 through 6 meters. Athough called a transceiver because it does have some andio stages common to both the transmitter and receiver, the $0-76$ contains a separate transmitter and
receiver which may be operated independently and on separate frequencies. There is no provision for automatic transmitter-receiver tracking. The transmitter is either v.f.o. or erystal controlled, except on 6 meters, where it is strictly crystal controlled. It operates with a power input of 120 watts on c.w. and 100 watts on a.m. The receiver is dual conversion, and contains a stable b.f.o. for c.w. or s.s.b. reception.


Fig. 1-Block diagram of the G-76 transceiver.

The block lliagram in Fig. I shows the tube line-up and functions. The receiver portion of the transceiver is to the right of the antenna in Fig. 1. It is strictly a ham-band receiver and tunes the six amateur bands between 80 and 6 meters. Starting off with a 6BZ6 r.f. amplifier. $V_{4}$, it uses the transmitter's plate tank circuits for its input tuned eircuits. ${ }^{1}$ With this arrangement, the receiver's front end is always peaked at the same frequency as the transmitter operating frequency. The setting of the transmitter's final plate tuning and antenna loading controls is actually quite broad for receiving and, when set for proper transmitter operation on a particular frequency, do not need to be readjusted to tune the receiver over the cutire hand. The input voltage to the receiver's r.f. stage is stepped down to a sufe level when transmitting by means of a capacitive voltage divider composed of $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ in Fig. 1 and the input capacitance of $V_{4}$.

To change bands for both transmitting and receiving, it is necessary to turn two panel band switches. The transmitter output circuit (and thus the receiver r.f. amplifier tuned circuit) is switched from band to band by one switch having tive positions, with the 15 - and 10 -meter bands combined in une. A second six-position main band switch coutrols the transmitter's oscillator and multiplier tuned circuits, as well as the receiver's mixer-oscillator circuits. It is impossible to transmit accidentally on one band while receiving on another, but by the same token, cross-band work is ruled out.

Following the r.f. amplitier is the pentode section of a $6 \mathrm{U} 8 \mathrm{~A}, V_{5 A}$, which functions as a mixer to convert the incoming amatcur-frequency signal to the first i.f. of 2065 kc . The proper injection is furnished by the triode section of the same 648A, $V_{5 B}$. The oscillator frequency is controlled by a variable capacitor which, along with another capacitor in the plate circuit of the mixer, is operated by the tuning control on the front panel. This main receive tuning dial is a calibrated rotating disk stepped down in an 8-to-1 ratio by a planetary vernier on the tuning coutrol. Temperature compensation, along with regulated

[^11]plate voltage, contributes to the electrical stability of the local oscillator. A panel dial set knob allows for minor corrections of dial calibrations by adding or subtracting capacitance from the oscillator's tuned circuit.

The 2065-ke. signals are converted to the second i.f. of 262 kc . in the 6BE6 converter, $\mathrm{F}_{6}$. Its regulated sereen voltage is supplied by the same line that supplies the oscillator plate voltage. The combined stability of the oseillators is such that plate or filament voltage excursions of


This view of the G-76 shows the compact arrangement of the various components. The audio stages are grouped along the bottom right of the photograph with the two 6DQ6B modulator tubes mounted horizontally on a bracket. Final-amplifier circuits are at the top left. The 6DQ5 final amplifier is also mounted horizontally. Just to the right of the tapped coil in the final amplifier tuned circuit is the receiver's r.f. amplifier, a 6BZ6, mounted on a bracket at an angle of about 45 degrees. The large transformer at the bottom of the picture is the modulation transformer, and the empty socket just above it is for a crystal calibrator, an accessory which is not furnished with the equipment. Connections and controls along the rear apron, from left to right, are the coaxial antenna connector, key jack, final amplifier grid current test point, crystal/v.f.o. switch, crystal socket, power connector, microphone jack, microphone gain control, speaker jack, and S-meter zero-set control.


Getting six bands, both transmitting and receiving, in a small package requires crowding under the chassis, as is evident in this view of the G-76. The postage-stampshaped object at the upper left of the photograph is a printed-circuit noise limiter.

30 per cent decrease or 50 per cent increase can be tolerated even when in the s.s.b ic.w. mode.

Two stages of 262 -ke. i.f. amplification are used in the receiver. Included in the first i.f. amplifier circuit are the S meter and a portion of the volume control circuit. Selectivity is rated at 3 kc . at 6 db . down, and 14 kc . at 60 db . Image rejection of the receiver is stated to range from 70 db . on 80 meters to 30 db . on six meters.

A section of a $12 \mathrm{AL} 5, \Gamma^{r}{ }_{9 A}$, functions as a detector and develops a.g.c. voltage. 'The other diode section, Fyb, is used as an automatic noise limiter and can be turned on and off from the front panel by a push-pull switch which is ganged to the volume control shalt. For s.s.b. c.w. reeeption, a h.f.o., $V_{1 m \wedge, ~ i s ~ p r o v i d e d ~ a n d ~ i t s ~ f r e-~}^{\text {f }}$ quency can be tuned from the front panel by the b.f.o. Pitch control. The pitce control is marked "L" and " $U$ " to indicate the approximate settings for lower- and upper-sideband reception.

Low-level audio from the detector is amplified in the a.f. amplifiers $V_{10 B}, \Gamma_{12 B}$ and $V_{13}$. In the receive position, audio is fed to the speaker jack at the rear of the cabinet. Audio output is rated at $2 \sqrt{2}$ watts.

A receiver control not mentioned previously is the function switch with four positions: cal (for a erystal-controlled calibrator not furnished with the $(-76)$, a.m. s.s.b. ew. and cal. In the first eal position (adjacent, to the a.m. position), the calibrator is turned on, the b.f.o. is switched off, the a.v.c. is operating and the volume-control circuit consists of a gain control in the a.i. amplifier circuit. In the A.m. position, the same conditions exist, except that the calibrator is off. In the s.s.b. e.w. position, the b.i.o. is turned on, the a.v.c. line is grounded and the volime-control rircuit includes the audio gain control and also a sensitivity control which is granged to the volume-control shaft. The selsitivity control is in the cathodes of the r.f. amplifier and first i.f.
amplifier. The remaining cal position repeats the s.s.b./c.w. conditions with the calibrating oscillator on.

## The Transmitter

The transmitter portion of the $\mathrm{C}-76$ can be either crystal- or v.f.o.-controlled on bands 80 through 10 meters. The v.f.o. does not operate on 6 meters, however, so erystal control must be used. A slide switch at the rear of the chassis allows for switching from v.i.o. to crystal. Also on the rear apron is a dual crystal socket. One lowfrequency crystal and one crystal for six-meter operation can be placed in the socket and the proper one will automatically be selected when bands are switched from the front pancl. However, erystals for six-meter operation may be inserted in the crystal socket and selected by the rear v.f.o. crystal switch. For six-meter operation, 8334-9000-kc. crystals are required. Crystals usable on the low frequencies are as follows: 80 meters, 1.75 or 3.5 Mc : 40 meters, $1.75,3.5$ or 7 Mc.; 20 meters, 3.5 or 7 Mc.; 15 meters, 7 Mc.; 10 meters, 7 Mc.

For r.f.o. control, the 12B Y'7A Colpitts oscillator, $F_{1}$, operates on one of two ranges. Un 80 and 40 meters, the range is 1.75 to $2.0 \mathrm{Mc} c$. and on 20 , 15 and 10 meters, 7.0 to 7.425 Mc. is used. The v.f.o. is tuned by a planetary vernier control on the front panel. The oscillator tube has regulated screen voltage to insure good stability.

Output from the v.f.o. is multiplied to the desired final frequency by the $12 \mathrm{BY} 7, \mathrm{~F}_{3}$. Output from this stage is controlled by a front-panel grid drive switch which varies the screen voltage on $\mathrm{F}_{2}$. The plate circuit of the multiplier is tuned by the front panel grid control.

There is a test point at the chassis rear for monitoring tinal-amplifier grid current. Grid current can be metered with the panel meter, but not. when the final amplifier is actually operating. This is because of the way in which the meter is controlled, along with other circuits, by the panel transmitter function switch. The switch has five positions: In the fil off position the transmitter filaments are turned off to reduce heater drain when receiving. The tune position applies voltage ouly to the oseillator, $V_{1}$, and multiplier, $\mathrm{F}_{2}$; in this position the pand meter (which also doubles as the $s$ meter on receive) indicates final-amplifier grid current. Position three of the function switch is Low power. In this position the sereen voltage on the final r.f. amplifier, $\Gamma_{3}$, is reduced so that plate tuning and loading may be adjusted sately. The meter indicates final-amplifier cathode rurrent. In the sow position, the transmitter can be operated at about, 20 watts input (which gives extra points on Field Day!!). The next position is High power, where full voltage is applied to the final amplifier and modulator. The panel meter reads finalamplifier cathode current. In the last position, e.w., voltage is removed from the modulators and the modulation transformer secondary is shorted out. Here again the meter indicates finalamplifier cathode rurrent.

A $6 \mathrm{DQ} 5, V_{3}$, is used in the $G-70$ as the final r.f. amplifier. It can be operated with inputs up to 120 watts on c.w. and 100 watts on a.m. The pi-network output eircuit has the usual plate and loading panel controls. Measurements on the unit we tested showed outputs ranging from 54 watts on 4 Mc . to 38 watts on 28.6 Mc . and 30 watts on 52 Mc ., with about 100 watts input. In the c.w. mode, the cathode of the r.f. amplifier is keyed. The key jack is located at the rear of the chassis.

On a.m., Class B 6DQ6Bs, $V_{14}$ and $V_{15}$, modulate the plates and screen of the r.f. amplifier. The tubes are operated in a way that resembles the old "space charge" tetrode circuit, with the control grid tied to cathode, and the signal applied to the screen grid. This arrangement gives less distortion than the conventional tetrode circuit but requires some driving power. A rearapron mic gain control compensates for different microphone output levels. 'The microphone jack is also located at the rear of the chassis. Preamplification for a high-impedance microphone is provided by $V_{12 A}$. Stages also common to the receiver audio, $V_{1 \geq B}$ and $V_{13}$, give additional amplification for the microphone. 'The audio stages common to both transmitter and receiver are shifted from one mode to the other by the send-receive switching system.

Other controls include the spot toggle switch, which turns on the v.f.o. for zero beating. The transmitter will not operate when the SPot switch is turned on; this protects the final amplifier in case the v.f.o. frequency is moved sume distance from where the final amplifier is tuned. The main supply toggle switch turns on the external power supply. The transmit-receive toggle switch controls a multicontact relay which switches the various send-receive circuits. Transmitter high voltage from the power supply is not present in the transceiver when the relay is in "receive." being disconnected by another relay, in the power supply itself, controlled by
the send-receive relay. A microphone push-totalk switch, which is in parallel with the panel t.r. switch, can also be used for going from transmit to receive.

With such a compact unit as the G-76, Gonset has tried to arrange the panel controls for maximum operating convenience. Except for the receiver band switch, all of the receiver controls (and the send-receive switch) are grouped to the left of the panel. If the equipment is mounted in the usual spot in the center of the automobile, this panel layout would put the receiver controls within easy reach of the driver.
The lip of the wrap-around cabinet of the ( $\mathrm{G}-76$ extends out of the front panel by about 1 inch and, unless the operator is directly in front of and level with the transceiver's front panel, the overhang hides some of the control labels and receiver dial calibrations. However, most amateurs who drive while operating become accustomed to the various controls and don't find it necessary to move their eyes from the road while they are tuning.
The 34-page instruction manual furnished with the $\mathrm{G}-76$ includes a schematic diagram, voltage charts, parts list, and operating and alignment instructions. However, the manual contains no information on theory of operation or circuit analysis.

- E. L. C.


## G-76 Transceiver

Height: $51 / 8$ inches. Width: $125 / 8$ inches. Depth: 11 1/2 inches. Weight: 16 lb., 4 oz.
Power requirements: 12.6 volts a.c. or d.c. at 4.7 amperes, $225-275$ volts d.c. at 90 ma., and $500-625$ volts d.c. at about 250 ma.
Price class: ${ }^{\text {P375.00. }}$
Manufacturer: Gonset Division, Young Spring \& Wire Corp., Burbank, California.

## G-76 A.C. Power Supply (Model 3349) and D.C. Power Supply (Model 3350)

Two separate power supplies, an a.c. and a d.c. model, are available for furnishing operating power to the $G-76$. The a.c. model uses both semi-conductor and vacuum-tube rectifiers and includes a speaker and phone jack on its cabinet pancl. When phones are inserted in the phone jack, the speaker is automatically disconnected. The cabinet matches the G-76 and can sit side-by-side with the transceiver without looking out of place. In addition to furnishing the two necessary high voltages, this supply also furnishes 12.6 volts a.c. for filament power. It is protected by two fuses in the a.c. plug and by a $750-\mathrm{ma}$. fuse wired in series with the center tap of the power transformer. This fuse is conveniently mounted on the rear apron of the chassis for easy access.

The d.c. power supply (see photograph) is a

Model 3349 A.C. Power Supply<br>Height : $51 / 8$ inches.<br>Width: 12 5/8 inches.<br>Depth: $111 / 2$ inches.<br>Power requirements: (Transmit) 117<br>volts a.c., at 3 anmperes; (Receive) 117<br>volts a.c. at 1.5 amperes.<br>Price class: $\$ 150.00$.

Model 3350 D.C. Power Supply
Height: $31 / 2$ inches.
Width: 8 inches.
Depth: $61 / 2$ inches.
Weight: $5 \mathrm{lb} ., 2 \mathrm{~L}$ oz.
Power requirements: (Transmit) 13.4 volts d.e. at 22.5 amperes; (Receive)
13.4 volts at 10 amperes.

Price class: $\$ 150.00$.


View of the G-76 d.c. power supply. The four power transistors are mounted on the side of the aluminum case, at the right in this view. The toroid power transformer is at the bottom right. The cover plate has been removed in this photograph.
transistor power eonverter which uses four power transistors in push-pull parallel. Semiconductor rectifiers are used throughout. The supply is small (compare its dimensions with those of the a.c. unit) and is designed for easy mounting in the mobile vehicle. A 30 -amp. fuse and holder is furnished with the supply and proterts the vehicle and equipment. There's plenty' of filtering in the power-supply rircuit and it's impossible to detect any whine in the transceiver's audio circuits. However, the supply does give off the characteristic acoustical singing of a transistor power supply. One unfortunate feature of the d.c. supply is that it can only be used with a negative ground system.

- E. L. C.


## Technical Topics A.G.C. for Sideband and C.W.

A"'Pechnical Correspondence" letter ${ }^{1}$ by Mr. (ranfield prompted a review of the Woods article ${ }^{2}$ and that triggered off a letter to George Luicl, WØBFL. Reason for all the action was a "hang a.g.c." circuit for sideband ${ }^{3}$ hased on rectified i.f. that George improved ${ }^{4}$ by using rectified audio instead of i.f. The letter inquired of WØBFL if he had run into any of the troubles recounted hy Woods, since they hadn't shown up in the rectified-i.f. version. Here is the reply:
"I have received numerous letters from fellows who have tried out the audio-hang a.g.c. and have 'improved' on it. (One even went so far as to say he improved his by putting a 100 K resistor from the a.g.c. bus to ground. ()f course, he missed the whole point of the circuit. Woods' circuit looks to me like it would operate exactly like the conventional a.g.c. in commercial rereivers, except that it is audio driven.
"I have been using mine for over three years now, and I have not experienced a single tube in the controlled stages that exhibited any leakage to ground from the grid. I have found several 12AU7s and 12AT7s that have too much leakage to be used as discharge triodes. However, it is easy to find a good one, and the $S$ meter shows absolutely no fade from peak reading. It is entirely possible that with no signal and the an-

[^12]tenna disconnected there will be a slight positive potential on the a.g.c. line, from contact potential, but that voltage is to ground and can never be positive to cathode, since increased plate current will automatically increase the bias developed by the cathode bias resistor. Thus the effect cannot possibly he harmful.
"Just received my third Christmas card from VK6HC, who used our circuit and is very pleased with it. Shortly after the article, heard G2MA describing his homemade reseeiver with an audio hang-a.g.c. circuit that he described as 'fantastic;' called in and he said he had it installed within four days after receiving his QST .
"l built the a.g.c. circuit in a small Minibos, to fit into a 75A-4 right behind the PTO, with a cable that runs through a hole in the chassis to connect on the audio-output tube socket for voltages. Some models have a 330 K resistor from a.g.c. bus to ground that must be diseonnected. Used it on two A4s and it worked fine except that the attack time was too long, and a really strong signal would cause 'over-throw' and pop when the signal started. These were not my receivers so could not modify them, but I figured it was caused by the time constant being too long in the isolating filters in the grid returns of each controlled stage. In my own receiver I long ago substituted small r.f. chokes for the 10 K isolating resistors, and I have absolutely no over-throw or pop. That is the only improvement I have been able to make in three years."

The diode suggested in Mr. Cranfield's letter was used for bias application by WØBFL, as pointed out in the original article. $\quad-\quad-\quad B$.

## FLY-WHEEL TUNING

Ihave incorporated Hy-wheel tuning in my Knight R100 receiver without even removing the cabinet. The idea could probably be adapted for almost any receiver. Remove the large main tuning knob. Fill this hollow (cup shaped) knob with lead shot, slue the shot in place and add a plastic bark. With this arrangement, the "feel" of the tuning is much improved.

> - Henry L. I' yatt, K4YCR

## BLACK CRACKLE BRIGHTENER

Dscoloration and mars on black crackle finish cau be covered up by painting the finish with black shoc dye. The dye does not fill in the crackle regardless of the number of times it is applied. The dye does not rub off, however, so be careful to keep it clear of surfaces that you do not want covered!
--Don Hutchin, K3DMZ, $\square$

## USING VOX FOR <br> AUTOMATIC CHANGE-OVER ON C.W.

F
Iq. IA shows a simple way to add automatic change-over on c.w. to almost any transmitter equipped with VOX. When the keving relay $R L_{1}$ is closed it keys the transmitter and at the same time ungrounds the evil, $L_{1}$, which is a few turns of wire wrapped around the a.c. line cord. The coil. $L_{1}$, picks up some a.e. voltage from the line cord and this voltage is connected to the transmitter's microphone input where the "bum" triggers the normal VOX system. With key up, the relay opens, and coil, $L_{1}$, is shorted to ground. This turns off the VOX and returns the station to receive. By adjusting the transmitter's VOX controls, the desired amount of delay between change-aver can be set.

To simplify the phone-c.w. switching, the arrangement in Fig. IB is used. This scheme automatically removes the c.w. change-over system and grounds the key terminal of the transmitter when in the phone mode.

- Harry J. Gensler, jr., K80CO


## ONE-CRYSTAL MULTIBAND CONVERTER-OSCILLATOR

The oscillator cirenit by Murray in "Technical Correspondence," QS'T, May 1960, page 51, reminded me of one I used in a crystal-controlled converter which tuned all the amateur bands 80 through 10 meters and used only one erystal. A suggested oscillator circuit is shown in Fig. 2.


Fig. 2-Single-crystal oscillator for multiband converter Capacitances are in $\mu \mu \mathrm{f}$.
$L_{1}-9 \mu$ h. slug-tuned coil (Miller 40A826CBI). L . $-4 \mu \mathrm{~h}$. slug-tuned coil (Miller 40A336CBI). $\mathrm{L}_{3}-2 \mu \mathrm{~h}$. slug-tuned coil (Miller 40A226CBI). $\mathrm{RFC}_{1}-2.5 \mathrm{mh}$. r.f. choke.

It uses a 6-Mc. erystal, is used in conjunction with : conventional bandswitching eonverter, and is fed into a $\mathrm{BC}-45+$ Command set receiver. The frequency relationship of the crystal-controlled oscillator and the receiver tuning range is as follows:

| BAND | OM'ILLATOR OUTPUT | RECEIVER TUNING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (meters) | FREQ. (Mc.) | RANGE (Mc.) |
| 40 | 12 | $5.0-5.3$ |
| 20 | 18 | $4.0-4.35$ |
| 15 | 18 | $3.0-3.45$ |
| 10 | 24 | $4.0-5.70$ |

Inductors $L_{1}, L_{2}$ and $L_{3}$ along with $C_{1}$ should be resouant at the indicated frequencies.
-. Jackson L. Cox, II $\emptyset \mathrm{KMV}$

Fig. 1-System for using VOX as an automatic change-over system for c.w.
$L_{1}-2$ or 3 turns of wire around the a.c. line cord.
$\mathrm{RL}_{1}$-S.p.d.t. keying relay. $S_{1}$-D.p.d.t. switch.

(B)

## CAPACITOR CHECKER

Twe capacitor checker shown in Fig. 3 can be constructed in a few minutes and requires only a few parts. Good capacitors will show a single flash from the neon indicator. Small-value units will give a less brilliant flash than large-value ones. If the lamp glows steadily, the capacitor is shorted. If there is no indication at all from the lamp, the capacitor is open.


Fig. 3-Simple capacitor checker.
$C R_{1}-50$-ma. semiconductor diode.
$\mathrm{S}_{1}$-S.p.s.t. switch.
$\mathrm{T}_{1}$-Power transformer, 125 volts, 15 ma.; 6.3 volts, 0.6 amps. (Stancor PS-8415).

With electrolytic capacitors, the lamp will glow brightly at first and then, as the capacitor charges, will grow dimmer until finally the lamp will go out. If the indicator Hashes more than once per second, the electrolytic is too leaky. Flashes at the rate of about one per second or longer are normal. Be sure to observe polarity when checking electrolytic capacitors. Caution: do not use this checker to test capacitors rated at less thau 150 volts working. The isolation transformer $\Gamma_{1}$ may be left out of the circuit, but care should be taken when checking capacitors connected to other equipment that may be grounded or connected indirectly to power lines.

## SHIM-STOCK HOLE CUTTER

IN the course of coustructing v.h.f. and other amateur equipment, I have always had difficulty in drilling holes in thin copper ribbon or braid used for grid and plate leads. It is practically impossible to use a conventional drill and it is difficult to grind a special tip for the job. I recently solved the problem by purchasing a $49-c e n t$ hand punch. such as those used by conductors to punch railroad tickets. This tool makes a nier, elcan hole even in the thinnest stock.

- Edward ('. Schacfer, M'SSQU


## CRYSTAL SOCKETS

$\mathrm{M}^{-}$Ost amateurs are familiar with the idea of using octal tube sockets as holders for .094 inch crystals, such as the popular FT2 43 series, but some may be interested to learn that the new . 050 -inch thin pin erystals can be mounted in Loktal tube sockets.

- Arnold Reinhold, K2PNK


## EMERGENCY SOLDER

Before setting out on Field Day or a long trip in the mobile station, prepare a few pieces of emergency solder. Melt some solder on a soldering iron and then Hick the iron to throw the solder off. Cateh the melted solder on a flat surface, such as a sheet of aluminum, and then peel it off. The resulting solder is extremely thin and will easily How under the flame of a match. To solder a joint in an emergency where no iron is available, apply Hux, wrap the thin solder around the joint and then heat with a match or lighter. The result is a good electrical connection made without benefit of a soldering iron.

- Bill Phillips, K゙8EJL


## MODULATION MONITOR

Tune circuit shown in Fig. $f$ is an inexpensive modulation-percentage indicator consisting of four neon bulbs and eight resistors. The monitor is wired across the modulation transformer (or choke) secondary. When the modulation percentage reaches the predetermined value, the neon indicator will Hash. Of course, the neon

| B + Voltage | $R_{1}$ | $R_{2}$ | $R_{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250 | 270 K | open | 270K |
| 400 | 390К | s20k | 560k |
| 500 | 470 K | 510 K | 760K |
| 600 | 560\% | +3015 | 1 meg |
| 750 | 760K | 390 C | 1.3 meg |
| 1000 | 1 meg | 350 K | 1.8 meg |

bulbs and associated circuitry should be well insulated against the high voltages encountered. When the B-plus voltage is higher than 500, it is a good idea to place several resistors in series for $R_{1}, R_{3}, R_{5}$ and $R_{7}$, in order to decrease the chance of arc-over.

- Neil Iverson, IF 7 PVF

| $R_{4}$ | $R_{5}$ | $R_{6}$ | $R_{7}$ | $R_{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $270 K$ | 560 K | 270 K | 820 K | 270 K |
| 270 K | 1 meg | 270 K | 1.4 meg | 270 K |
| 270 K | 1.3 meg | 270 K | 1.8 meg | 270 K |
| 270 K | 1.6 meg | 270 K | 2.2 meg | 270 K |
| 270 K | 2 meg | 270 K | 2.8 meg | 270 K |
| 270 K | 2.8 meg | 270 K | 3.9 meg | 270 K |
| TO CLASS с AMP. |  |  |  |  |

Fig. 4-Modulation-percentage indicator. Resistors are $1 / 2$ watt. $I_{1}$ indicates 25 per cent, $l_{2} 50$ per cent, $l_{3} 75$ per cent and $1_{4} 100$ per cent modulation.
$\mathbf{I}_{1}-4-\mathrm{NE}-2$ neon lamps.


## FCC DENIES RENEWAL OF LICENSE .

In an action stretching over more than five years, FCC has denied renewal of the amatcur station and amateur operator licenses of Alfred Newell Johnson, WGAQY, of Berkeley, California. The Commission had asked certain questions of Johnson in connection with the renewal of his commercial licenses, and, failing to get answers, early in 1955 had denied renewal of the commercial tickets. In 1958, the questions arose again in connection with Johnson's application for renewal of his amateur station and operator licenses. ()nce more failing to get answers, the FCC then ordered a hearing to determine whether Johnson had failed to answer lawful questions with respect to his qualifications to be a licensee, and whether, in the light of the evidence, his commercial and amateur liceuses should be renewed. In 1959 the hearing was held, and in 1960 the Commission issucd a final decision, denying renewal of all the licenses. (Sections 303 (1) and 308 (b), Communications Act, 1934, us amended.)

## . . . AND SUSPENDS THREE OTHERS

The General Class licenses of Leon M. Blahnik, K9THI, and Larry Thomas Klibowitz, W9LHR, both of Milwaukec. Wisconsin, were both suspended for the remainder of the license terms (to May 9, 1965 and October 19, 1964, respectively , for taking part in a fraudulent examination. The FCC charged that klibowitz had actually taken the General Class examination in Blahnik's name at the Commission's Chicago office on April 8, 1960. 'The suspensions, not contested by either man, became effective July 24 , 1960. (Section $308(\mathrm{~m}) 1\left(F^{\prime}\right)$ of the tet and section 0.292 ( $f$ ) and 1\%.152 of $F(C C$ regulations.)

In a separate action, the General Class license of William L. Bradford, jr., K6YDQ, of Los Angeles, was suspended for three months for transmitting false and deceptive signals on 159.09 Mc. Bradford requested a hearing, but later withdrew the request, and the FCC ordered the suspension into effect on October 27,1960 . (Section 325 (a), of the act and Sections 1\%.2 (c), $1 \approx 2.2{ }^{2}, 1 \approx .111$ and 12.113 of the $F C C$ requlations.)

## STAFF NOTES

With the retirement of W'1BUD (January QST, page 11), John Ifuntoon, W1LVQ, on January 1 became Secretary and General Manager of ARRL, Sceretary of the LARU, and Editor of QST.

An amateur for nearly thirty years, "JH" is a veteran of 22 years on the League staff. In 1923 he built a erystal set (with the usual Quaker Oats box and slide tuner arrangement) for the broadcast band, but then interest lapsed until he was exposed to ham radio as a Clen Ellyn, Illinois,


John Huntoon, WILVQ Secretary \& General Manager, ARRL
high school student; he promptly converted the school science club into a radio club and soon was active as W9KJ ${ }^{\prime}$, with particular attention to League tield organization and traffic nets. He became RMI, Corps Area NCS for the old Army Amateur Radio System, and was elected Illinois SCM in 19:36. "JH" also served several terms as Secretary of the Chicago Area Radio Club Council and was a key figure in the management of the 1936 ('entral Division and 1938 National Conventions in the Windy City, taking time out during the latter to cop the code speed trophy.

It was his outstanding organizational job in connection with the 1938 National Convention which made him a marked man for League Hq. material; he joined the ARRL staff in 1939 as assistant secretary. Besides routine duties, he wrote the basic material for our Learning the Radintelegraph Coule and, when Ed Handy went into wartime service, acted also as communications manager, having respousibility for the development of regulations goveruing the War Fmergency Radio Service of amateur civildefense communication. With a decimated staff during early wartime, extra duties were many, and we believe he is the only QST author to have three separate by-lined articles in a single issue. In 19+2, he thok a leave of absence from Learue duties to become Chicf Radioman, USCG, first as an instructor at radio school and later in communications intelligence work. Postwar he returned to the League, becoming assistant general manager in 1956. John was initiated into international conference work by W1BUD at Atlantic City in 1947, and with him was a member of the U.S. delegations to the 1949 Fourth Inter-American Radio Conference in Washington, D.C., and the Geneva Radio Conference in 1959.

His travels for the League have taken him to 48 of the 50 United States, representing ARRL at conventions and affiliated club visits. Feeling, as did his predecessor, that the position of Secretary requires an appreciable amount of member-
ship-contact travel, he plans to continue. So perhaps you'll be seeing him in person soon.

Byron Goodman, now licensed as W1DX and formerly holder of W6QV, W6CAI, and W1.JPE, was congratulated by fellow members of the ARRLL Ten-lear Club in December, upon completion of 25 years of service to the League as a staff member. A native of San Francisco, where he was first licensed in 1930, By graduated as an electrical engineer from the I'niversity of California. By was one of the real pioneers on the ten-meter band: W6CAL enjoyed the first confirmed North America to Asia QSO, working J2HJ early in 19:35. He came to headquarters in 1935 as an assistant secretary. In 1936, as a sideline, he originated the "How's D.N?" column of QST, and was its conductor until 1947. In 1939 By moved down the hall to become an assistant technical editor of QST. In this capacity he is especially well-known for his many articles on keying, modulation, single sideband, and receivers. His other colmmn, "On the Air With Single Sideband," recorded the growing pains of a new mode from 1948 until it was well established in 1953. While on leave of absence during World War II, By helped design radar receivers at Raytheon in Waltham, Mass. His by-line (sic!) appears less frequently in QST these days, for he now has primary responsibility for the annual revision of the Radio Amateur's Handbook.

Mason Southworth, W'IVLI, whose T-year career at ARRI, has been among our most varied, left the stalf in December to join Control Engineering, a Mc(Traw-Hill magazine. Starting out as a part-time lab assistant while a sophomore at Hartford's 'Trinity College, Mason soon became well-known to QST readers for his neat v.h.f. gear. In 1956, Mason organized the ARRLIGY project, which he directed for nearly three years. After a year at Stanford Iniversity as a research assistant and graduate student, Mason returned to QST in Jine, 1960 as an assistant technical editor. We'll miss his quiet efficiency here, but we wish him well for the future.

A new addition to our staff, as an assistant secretary, is Raymond T. Higgs, W6OGI, of Los Angeles (joining, in that post, another Californian, K6S.NA KILVW). Ray has been licensed since 1952 , and likes 6 -meter phone and 40 -meter c.w. in particular. He holds a B. A. in Education and Social sicience from Humboldt State College (Arcata, California), and served as a sergeant in the Army Sccurity Agency during and after the Korean emergency. He's been secretary-treasurer of the E'cho Park Radio Club, and a member of both the Two Meter and Down Club and the Clendale Zero Beaters Radio Club. Ray, a 30-w.p.m. op, has also served as code instructor in classes conducted by the Belmont, High School Kadio Club, and the Humboldt College club.
[5F]


## March 1936

. . . The editorial discussed the inability of some hams to carry on sparkling conversutions on the air.
. . . (ieorge Grammer had more dope on how to get the most out of noise-silencing circuit..
. . . WgTVZ (who is now known on sideband as $W 4 \mathrm{CF}$ ) had some interesting dope on "fists" he had seen, using an ink recorder of his own manufacture.
... The ubiquitous Mr. (irammer surveyed practical eircnit arrangements for transmitter band-switching systems.
. . . Keith Williams, WBDTY, was in the issue with one of his excellent efforts - this otte fiction(?) based on the inX contest.
. . . Besides the usual hintw and kinks there were technical articles on transmission-line loading for short antennas, the application and treatment of crackle enamel, pentodes as Class AB amplifiers, an improved speech preamp, and high voltage from 32 volts d.c.
. . . From the operating standpoint, this issue of 25 years ayo carried the results of the $3.5-\mathrm{Mc}$. transoceanic tests, a reminder of the 8th International IJX Competition, the results of the 3rd VE-W contest, and about a page of DX notes.
. . . The fellow who now (in 1961) holds the call WIDX loves to ncedle the Managing Editor about sume of the coincidence stravs that are printed. But let us quote from page 70 of QS'T' 25 years ago. "Another coincidence: WGCAL, moving to the East Coast, was assigued the call W1.IPE. His first $W$ contact, made on a 'CQ SF,' was with a Sian Francisen station, WGJPE!"

## Strays

WA2IMG and W2JKI now claim the record for the longest QSO. Last July they maintained contact over a $651 / 2$-hour period, during which time some 60 other stations checked in and out. This madness took place on 2-meter phone.


Because K5VGY couldn't seem to tear himself away from his ham rig and get his lawn mowed, some of his friends (K5LEZ and K5LWG) went to some lengths to rig up a radio-equipped mower. As you can see, this thing is obviously not self-propelled!

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CONDUCTED BY SAM HARRIS,* WIFZJ

Dbisprte the average amatcur's proclivity to resist changes in the status quo, amateur radio progresses. I good case in point is the use of single-sideband techuiques. The past few years have seen a tremendous increase in the use of s.s.b. on lower frequencies. The v.h.f. fraternity has, however, remained somewhat cold to this method of communication. Prime ohjections have been that the equipment required is relatively complex and the crroneous belief that the prime advantage is spectrum saving (and who needs to save spectrum on the v.h.f.?).

Now in truth there are some good things to be said for sideband techniques. However, one must not be misled into thinking that sideband techniques mean anything less than a complete revolution in your receiving and transmitting departments. Nost knowiedgeable proponents of sideband have long pointed out that the prime advantages of the techniques are in the receiving system. It is true, for instance, that all a.m. phone: stations transmit not just a single sideband, but two sidebands and a carrier. It is ohvious that the single-sideband station is deficient by one earrier or one sideband. Now if the sideband transmitter has been properly designed, it will be sending out on one sideband all of the information contained in both sidebauds of the a.m. station, and in addition it will be sending the single sideband with at least twice the amplitude of either of the sidebands of the a.m. rig. The pilot signal emitted by the a.m. transmitter (sometimes termed by the sidebanders as the whistle) is convering little or no intelligence and can obviously be eliminated at considerable saving in power. (Note! The carrier may be considered to be

* P. O. Box 3.34, Medficld. Mass.

$1215-\mathrm{Mc}$. Parabola in use at WA6GHW.
conveying information when during QRM conditions its disappearance signifies the fact that the transmitting station has stood by.)

The important fact is that the sideband station has, in a space of $2+k c$., managed to transmit all the useful intelligence required. The doublesideband a.m. station must, of course, use twice the bandwidth to convey the same information. Now it is easy to say "who needs the extra space" and it's just as easy to answer that your receiver does. It is obvious to the initiate that a receiver with a bandwidth of 5 kc . has a $: 3 \mathrm{db}$. poorer signal-to-noise ratio than at receiver with a bandwidth of 2.5 kc . If the same information can be received in the $21 / \frac{\mathrm{kc} \text {. bandwidth, then }}{}$ an improvement in receiver signal-to-noise ratio of 3 db . can be obtained.

This same improvement can be obtained in the receiver whether or not the transmitter is sending one sideband or two. However, it is obvious that if the transmitting station is sending two sidebands and you are receiving only one of them, you will have lost 3 db . worth of signal by eliminating one of the two available sidebands. The net gain in your communication circuit will be zero unless the transmitting station puts all of its information into one $21 / 2 \mathrm{kc}$. spectrum. Under these circumstances you will have gained 3 db . in signal-to-noise ratio. At the same time, becallse of the elimination of the carrier, the transmitter input power will have been reduced to approximately $1 / 3$ its previous input. So a transmitter which was running 100 watts input and was 100 per cent amplitude modulated would now be able to run approximately $1 /$ as much input and, if the receiver is operated with a 2 迫 kc . passhand, produce a 3 db . better signal-to-nuise ratio.

There are many other benefits to be obtained from sideband. For instance, the operation of your final amplifier in a linear condition tends to decrease the amount of spurious signals generated. The generation of a sideband signal requires the use of heterodyne techniques to inerease frequency and as a result frequency instabilities are transferred rather than multiplied. The type of receiver required for adequate sideband reception is of necessity considerably superior in both resetability and selectivity than the average receiver.

We have on numerous occasions heard claim to the effect that sideband was equal to c.w. in the transmission of information under weak signal conditions. How much truth is contained in this statement is entirely dependent upon the particular conditions under which the task is performed. If, for instance, receiver bandwidth is

Fig. 1-Primary frequency control, 1296 Mc. moon-bounce project.

held constant, then the sideband transmission is capable of transmitting more information in less time than the e.w. transmissions. However, the single-sideband transmission requires a receiver bandwidth of at least 2 kc., whereas the informafion contained in the e.w. signal can be eisily accommodated in a $200-\mathrm{cycle}$ bandwidth.

Now, sharpeuing the receiver from 2 kc . to 200 cycles will give an improvement in signal-tonoise on the c.w. signal of ten decibels. Thus a sideband signal which is even with the noise is, in fact, 10 db . weaker than the equivalent c.w. signal could be if advantage was taken of the narrower permissible bandwidths. Now obviously the c.w signal can be copied through a considerably narrower passband than 200 cycles and in fact bandwidths on the order of 20 to 30 cycles could be employed giving an additional improvement of 10 db . Of course, this 20 db . superiority of the rew. over sideband is not all gravy. Considerably more stability is required on both the receiver and transmitter in order to employ the narrower bandwidths, and furthermore some mechanical or electronic aid to the ear will be required in order to copy the e.w. in narrower bandwidths. The fact remains, however, that c.w. is anywhere from 10 to 20 db . or more superior to sideband under ideal conditions for both. The point in argument is that preparing your equipment for sideband use on the v.h.f. is the first step in preparing it for narrow bandwidth c.w.

Not all of the benefits of sideband are in the equipment. The more businesslike and practical operating techniques employed by sideband operators are eonducive to better (2SOs. The practice of operating the same frequency and using voice-controlled transmission is conducive to inviting others into the (QSU. Furthermore, when you hear a sidebander calling CQ, you know that he is listening on the frequency he is calling on.

One of the prime requirements of v.h.f. sideband is to have a stable primary frequency source. The circuit shown in Fig. 1 (designed by HB9MS) is the one employed at the Rhododendron swamp VHF Society to provide the primary frequency control for our 1296-Mc. sidebund transmitter. Obviously, this is only one of many methods of obtaining a stable frequency source. However, it was designed with reliability and stability as a primary concern, and in its eight months of opera-
tion it has indeed proved both reliable and stable. (Incidentally, we are still operating with the same 6 -volt battery.) The output frequency of this control is 9 Mc. and in our case it is driving a 6AK5 Class A amplifier which in turn drives a string of three more tubes coming out on 36-Mc. This may seem like quite a complicated arrangement to provide stable frequency control aud, in fact, it is. There is, however, a certain amount of satisfaction gained from the knowledge that your transmitter is on the exact frequency that you think it is. The choice of erystal frequency should be dictated by the available s.s.b. generator. Naturally, the same frequency control is used for both the transmitter and the receiver.

## 50 Mc .

Most information concerning the Ganadian Northwest Territory which is printed in this column is received from Pete Radeliffe, VE8BY: and thanks to his faithful reporting we do get a glimpse of things happening in VE8 land. Pete has very iew contacts so it's to the advantage of all of us if we turn the beams in his direction more frequently than "occasionally", as every one of his contacts is a skip or DX eontact.

At the present time the rig in VE8 land consists of a 6AG7, 5763, 4-65A running 1.50 watts plate modulated. On December 16 at 052.5 GMIT', K2KCI was heard calling CQ and after Pete finally got him to turn his heam to the northwest, reports were exchanged. K 2 KCI receiving $5-7-9$, $V E 8 B Y$ receiving 4-3-9. Desember 22 was one of the better days for Pete when Winnipeg, Manitoba, came through with phone signals as high as 40 over S9. Stations worked on that da, were VE4CV, VE4FY. VE4TL, and VE4RE, all on phone.

Word received from another of our Canadian friends leads us to hope that we'll have continued $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. work in VE7 land. VE7ALV writes, that he is trying to get a rig on the air before the end of February. Dennis is building his receiver but because oi the mrrent shortages in time, schematics, money, etc., is not too sure he'll he on when he hopes to he. At present he is using a regen jub on six, and agrees with all of us that it is much too noisy for $50-\mathrm{Mc}$. work. Sez he hears buckets of signals on six but cannot read 'em because of the regen hiss. Dennis is living at Bull Harbor, B.C., situated at 50.55 North, $1: 27.57$ West, Hope fsland, 4 miles off Vrncouver Island in the northeastern part of the Pacific. Closest six-meter men are in Vancouver, B.C., which is three hundred miles to the sontheast, (in the tropics, eh, Dennis!), closest civilization is thirty miles, and all transportation is hy aircraft with supplies and mail brought in once a week by boat.

If we all heard the same skip and aurora signals as Geoff, VE2AIO, I'm sure that once again 50 Mc . would be booming from dawn 'til dissk. On Dec. 1, 1320Z, VE8BY was heard brietly after eastern U. S. A. aurora signals went out. IJec. 5, 1320Z, WgPME. Jefferson City, Mo., worked for a new state for Geoff, also the first $E_{a}$ opening of the winterin VE2 land. Dec. 6, 0000Z, 0148Z, $E_{4}$ opening to southwestern Ohio, Kentucky, Minnesota. All contacts were made un s.s.b. in VE2-land. Dec. 7,0038Z. Short opening into Florida
when W4RMU was worked. At 0101Z, heard a Spanish speaking phone station calling CQ at 50.193 but was unable to get the call due to rapid QSB. Beam due south at the time. Dec. 8, aurora between ( $) 30$ and $0115 Z$, worked K3AXW in Nelaware for another new state. December 1U, a weak $E_{\text {s }}$ opeaing to Florida between 1600 and 1700 Z, signals very spotty and apparently in local QSOs. The $E_{s}$ opening of December 18 was the best vet in the Province of Quebee, according to Geoff. He got on the uir at 2020Z and the last signal was heard around 223307 . Three W6/56 stations were heard but he was unable to record them because of low modulation or too rapid siguing of the calls. Other than the west coast stations, the opening favored W4-land. Final opening for the munth of December and for (icoff was on Dec. 29, a short auroral opening during which he worked VE3CJN.

The old familiar cull of WTWLV will once again be heard emanating from Nevada. Jay Farnsworth, ex-W7WLV, ex-h6BNR, once again W7WLV', is back ou s0 Mc. from Empire. Nevada.

1)uncanville, 'rexas, and Ray (larik, h5ZMS, sends a report of band openings he's heard beginning with Ort. x. Other openings were heard or worked on Nov. 15, Nov. 25. Dec. 1, Dec. 2. Dec. 6, Dec. 18, Dec. 21, Jan. 2, Jan. 3. Jan. 7, 8, 9. Might compare these with your own log and see what you were hearing on those days; your old lngs frequently make very interesting reading on a dull day. Ray uses a Communicator III and a 5 -lement beam up about 300 fcet. He also malies the popular recuest that youse guys tune above 50.2 . although he admits that more of the gang are doing it right alone.
Keports coming from about a dozen states indicate openings on December 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 18, 20, 22, 23, 26; auroral openings on December 7 and 15. W6IEY reports hearing 5's on December 1 and also XEE1OE working 6's in the L. A. area. Dick heard the 5s ayain on December 4 and 6, the latter date he also worked into Utah. Best opening in a long time, he says, was the December 6 one during which he heard six states and a wide area of northern California. H6SIX reports the December 2 opening also ituto 5 -land and Mexico City, and an opening into Colorado on Der. 7. New Jerses had onenings on the 5th and 18th of December according to Ken, WA2BDP; into Missouri on the 5th and on the 18 th into Ohio, Illinois, Nebraska, Wiscunsin, Missouri,

Texas, Louisiana, Alabuma. Kentucky, Tennessee. Kansisas, Oblahoma and Arkansas. Thirteen states during one evening is pretty good listening. K1PNI, Tony, mentions the "terrific hand opening" on December 5 when he heard all call areas except the 7's. He tried hard but sez his little 1.5 watta just couldn't quite make it. K1CXX in Maine also heard an opening that night but he heard only Michigan and Indiana; while W IEXZ worked into Indiana. Ohio. Illinois, Kentucky and Tennessee from Vermont. WIEXZ also worked VE1WL on December 6, first time he's heard the VEI's. KyRRS worked L2EFA, W2SRO and W2MEA, all s.s.b., on the opening of the sth. Michigan also came through with news of the opening on the 6 th when W8NOH started hearing east coast stations; the band then changed to Montana and North Dakota. During that period Lou also heard VE8BY on 50.070 Mc ., c.w. He was in for about 20 minutes in Michigan. One of the better pieces of news from W8NOH is that on January 2, 1961 he worked KIT7DEF and KL7CED. We're all very happy to know that the kiL7 axtivity is continuing on 50 Mc . Short but sweet from Reno, Nevada, and W7MAII: "Six meters open to W4, 5, 6, 7, 0 on bith of Decernber. Open W5, 7 on the 18 th. W5, W7 and W6 on 22 nd. Texas in on 23 rd." With at least two active 50 Mc . stations (W7MAII, W7WLV) operating regularly, there's bound to be high activity. K甘LCB observes that the December 18 opening was ont of the best December openings in the past two years. Band was open to New Jersey, New York, Mass., Conn., North Carolina, Maryland, Pennsylvania. Delaware, Ohio, Ind., Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. Does sound like a good day in Missouri. Band way also upen for Dave on New lear's Day to New York, Mass., Conn., PennsyIvania. The opeuing on Derember 6 brought state number 44 to Dave. K8BGZ, when he worked WgGNS in North Dakota. Band was alsu open for him to the east, swinging around through the south. then into Colorado, Montana and Wyoming on that date. On the 18th of December Dave worked KP4AIS at 2125 GMT at which time the hand was also open for him to Florida. Not Hall, KøGIC, caught the opening of the 18th in Kansas when the band was open for her to Florida and Alabama for about 30 minutes. She also caught a 15 -minute opening to Texas on Uecember 20 . In Pennsylvania, Jule, W3RTV, heard the following states during the opening of January 2 : Louisiana. Alabama, Nississippi. The skip stations were working stations in eastern and western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio.

Reports on aurora came in from three stations, W1EXZ, K1CXX and W8NOH. Bob, W1EXZ, repurts good aurora on December 7 as far south as Wilmington, Delaware and K3AXW. K1CXX. Dick, sez there were fair auroras on December 7 and 15, when he worked W1. W2 and W3 stations. Phone signals very rough copy for Dick on those uights. Lou, W8NOH, worked LigNOL, North Dakota, and WOLK.J during the Derember 15 aurora.

## Clubs and Nets

On January 11 a groun of r.h.f. men met in Long Beach, California, and from this meeting came forth the Mricrowave Society of Long Beach. Twenty charter members enrolled and four more members have joined the roll since the original meeting. The group will mett every second Wednesday of the month at the Bayshore Public Library, and Street and Bayshore Ave., Long Beach, at y:UO ram. Plans have been made to have experienced radio amateurs in the v.h.f. and microwave field lecture on subjects of interext. Club building projects are also on the akenda.

The kiansas City VHF Club has 113 memhers as of the first of the vear.

A new six-meter net for the area north of Lake Pontchartrain, Louisiana, met initially on January 1 at 2000 on 50.4 Mc. Stations checking in were W5UQR, K5RFC, W5EWW and K5MhH , and W5IVI. This net will meet each Sunday night at 2000 on 50.4 Mc . At present a static nembership at 15 stations is seen.

## 144 Mc .

Final reports on the Geminids meteor shower would seem to indicate that this was probably one of the best meteor showers of the year. John, WgBFB, picked up two new states and gave a new state to both of them when he worked Jess, W4.A1B and Allen, W4RMU for states number 36 and 37. Incidentally, this brings Allen up to 21 states from Florida and Jess up to 25 states from South Carolina. Pretty good oXing when you're hemmed in by an orean on two sides.

Tom, WøIUF, whose Geminids exploits were recounted last month, is looking forward to some m.s. schedules during the coming summer showers. Anyone interested in setting up schedules should write as soon as possible, be sure to include frequency and a rundown on your equipment. Tom is running 2.50 watts to a 4X150 and has an 8 -element long john up 500 feet. Primary operating frequency is 144.200. Tom is attempting to father a 40 -meter scheduling frequency. He would like to see a nightly get-together on 7210 kc . sideband for the purpose of disseminating information. If no openings were imminent it would serve as a good time to exchange ideas on equipment, techniques, etc. Such skeds set up at about 0000 GMIT daily might help advance the art and certainly would prove interesting. What say? I would certainly go along with this type of schedule although I believe the time is a little on the early side. In any event, we'll be looking on $\mathbf{7 2 1 0}$ for any interested parties. If you don't find me there, look on 3805. Speaking of metnor showers, we rereived a letter from Don, WA6MLX (144.120) in which he outlined the results of his meteor-scatter schedules with any number of people, such as W5FYZ, h5TQP, WøENC, K7IDD, etc. So far his results have been a few pings, a few call letters and just enough information to tease him along and keep up his interest. Interesting, to me, part of the letter started on page 2 with the information on his new 1-Mc. precision crystal owillator. This device is transistorized with as varicap frequency control, sealed in a thermos liner ready to bury at his new QTH. Output goes through a multiplier chain to 24 Mc . and into his rig. Don figures short-term stability should be good to a few parts in 10 to the 10th. He is also constructing a 30 -cycle audio tilter at 1 kc . using toroid coils. Sounds like he's really getting ready for some weaksignal work and looks like he's a good shot for some information ou high-stability oscillators. Anyone interested I sugyest you drop Don : line at 444 North Florence, Burbank, California. Also received a card from Jose, CT3AE. Very short card, I quote "I am very interested in 144-Mc. work. Is it possible to QSO from Madeira to U. S. A.?" Anybody interested? It's hard to believe that 1 did receive a note from Harold, K7HKD, stating that there are six stations active in the Cheyenne area on 144 Mc . And to make matters worse, Harold tells me that he and W7YJG are couverting a pair of APXG's for 1215 Mc . Looks like the wild West is going v.h.f.

## 220 Mc . and $U_{p}$.

Bob, K2GGA, North Nyracuse, New York, is looking for sehedules on 220 ) and 432 Mc. with anyone, preferably in the easterly direction. As a matter of fact, he sent me a whole letter full of questions but he forgot to mention what frequency he operates on. If you're interested I'd suigest dropping him a line outlining what you think is good equipment and what frequency you operate on. He would like to see a listing of the 432 Mc . stations with frequencies. So would I, but they are hard to come by unless you send them in. Old Dick, K4DU, spent the month of December in the hospital and is recuperating by working all over the state of Florida on 220 Mic. Dick also operates 144 and 50 Mc., but his primary interest is in 220 . He's still looking for schedules from any interested parties. Glen, WA6GIIW, leaves no doubt in anyone's mind as to the activity on 1296 in the California end of the country. The last contest netted 12 contacts in 2 sections on 1215 Mc . Glen reports W6PUZ, W6LDF, W6VZI, WA6EWV, WA6NIH, W'6PCQ, WA6HJV, WA6HIT, W6U1D, W6MMIU and W6NLZ, all active on 1215 with APX6s. Incidentally a picture of Cllen's parabolic antenna is shown un page $56 . \mathrm{K} 3 \mathrm{AKK}$ reports his APX6 modifications well under way and K3CXC reports equipment in operation for 3300 and $10,000 \mathrm{Mc}$. with ERPs of 300 and 1000 watts respectively; he is looking for week-end skeds with any interested parties. Many requests have been received for information on where to obtain APX6s. Because the surplus market is constantly changing, the best bet is to keep an eagle eye on the various surplus ads in some of the magazines and the surplus bulletins that are published.

## OES Notes

W4CIN - 100 watts s.s.b. on 50 Mc.
K1JMLL - Finished constructing new 50-Mc. converter, schematics available, drop him a card.

W3RTV -... Caught 6-meter band opening on January 2.
K0RWC - Getting Field Day equipment ready for next year.

| 2-METER STANDINGS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W1REZ. . . . 32 | 8 | 1300 | W6WSQ. . . . . 15 | 5 | 1390 |
| W1AZE.....28 | 8 | 1205 | W6NLZ . . . . 12 | 5 | 2540 |
| W1KCS. . . . 24 | 7 | 1150 | W6DNG . . . . . 9 | 5 | 1040 |
| W1RFU.... 21 | 7 | 1120 | W6AJF..... 6 | 3 | 800 |
| W1AJR.... . 23 | 7 | 1130 | W6ZL... . . . . 5 | 3 | 1400 |
| W1MMN...21 | 7 | 1090 | K6GTG..... 4 | 2 | 8(1) |
| W1HDQ....22 | 6 | 1020 | W6MMU.. . . 3 | 2 | 950 |
| W1IZY. . . . 20 | 7 | 1180 |  |  |  |
| K1CRQ. . . . 19 | ${ }^{8}$ | 800 | W7JRG . . . . . 13 | 4 | 1040 |
| W1AFG..... 17 | 6 | 920 | K7HKD.....11 | 5 | 1950 |
| K1AFR. . . . 17 | 5 | 450 | W7CJM. . . . . . 5 | 8 | 670 |
| W2NLY.. . . 37 | 8 | 1390 | W7LHHL......t | 2 | 1050 |
| W2CXY....337 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 1360 | VV7J1P . . . . . 4 | 2 | 900 |
| W2OKI....37 | $\times$ | 13320 | W7 | 2 | 253 |
| K2GQ1. . . . 33 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |
| W2AZL....i9 | 8 | 1050 | W8KAY... 38 | 8 | 1020 |
| K21EJ.....27 | 8 | 1060 | W8SUJ. . . . 37 | S | 1220 |
| W2BLV....30 | $\times$ | 1020 | W8PT. . . . 37 | $\underline{y}$ | 1260 |
| W2AMJJ. . . . 25 | 6 | 950 | WXIFS . . . . 35 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | $9 \times 0$ |
| W2DWJ. . . 3 | 8 | 860 | W8LOF.... 33 | 8 | 1060 |
| FizHOD.... 23 | 7 | 950 | W8SFG . . . 34 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 1040 |
| W2PAU.... 23 | 6 | 753 | WXRMH... 32 | 8 | 910 |
| W2ALR.... 23 | 7 | 960 | W88GGH . . . 32 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 1180 |
| W2RXG...23 | 8 | 1200 | W88VI.... . 30 | \% | 1080 |
| W2SMXX....23 | 7 | 1090 | WXESHW . . . 30 | 8 | 860 850 |
| К2CFH.....22 | 6 | 940 | W8LPD... . 29 | 8 | ¢50 |
| K2LMG. . . .24 | 8 | 1160 | W8WRN. . . 28 | $\stackrel{\checkmark}{8}$ | 680 |
| W2LVII.....21 | 8 | 700 | W8BAX... . 32 | 8 | 960 |
| K2K1B....21 | 5 | 900 | KXAXU. . . . 29 | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | 1050 |
| W2FisX | 3 | 750 | W8NOH . . . . 6 | $\stackrel{\times}{8}$ | 975 |
| W2 WZR. . . . 19 | 3 | 1040 | W88DX.... . | 8 | 720 |
| W2U1H....19 | 7 | \$80 | W8ILC. . . .25 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 800 |
| W2RGV.... 19 | 6 | 720 | W8JWV.... 25 | 8 | 940 |
| K2RLG.... . 17 | 6 | $9 \times 0$ | W8VNA... . 25 | 8 | 900 |
| K2RLG..... 7 |  |  | WYGFN. . . . 23 | 8 | 540 |
| W3RUE. . . . 33 | 8 | 1100 | W8LCY.....22 | 7 | $6 \times 0$ |
| W3GKP.....31 | $x$ | 1180 | WHBLN. . . . 21 | 7 | 610 |
| W3SGA.... 31 | 8 | 1070 | W8GTK... 17 | 7 | 550 |
| W3 IDF.....30 | 8 | 1125 | W8NRM.... 17 | 7 | 550 |
| W3KCA......28 | S | 1110 |  |  |  |
| W3sGA.... 31 | 7 | 700 | W9KLR. . . . . 41 | 9 | 1160 |
| W3EPH.... 22 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | 1000 | W9WOK....40 | 9 | 1170 |
| W3BY゙F.....28 | 8 | 1070 | W9GAB.... 34 | $\underline{H}$ | 1075 |
| W3LNA....21 | 7 | 720 | W9AAG.... ${ }^{\text {W }} 3$ | ¢ | 1050 |
| W3NKNI....20 | 7 | 730 | W9KEMI...31 | 5 | 850 |
| W3LZD. . . . 20 | 7 | 650 | \$V9ZIH....33) | 8 | $\times 830$ |
|  |  |  | k9AAJ.....29 | 8 | 1070 |
| W4FJQ. . . . $3 \mathbf{7}$ | $\stackrel{y}{6}$ | 1150 | W9LVC..... 27 | S | 950 |
| W4HHE. . . 37 | 9 | 1230 | W9EQC.... 27 | 8 | -820 |
| W4ZNI....34 | 8 | 950 | W9PBP.... 27 | 8 | 820 |
| W4LTU.... 34 | 8 | 1160 | W9OJI. . . . . 26 | 8 | 910 |
| W+AO.... 30 | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | 1120 | W9ZHL..... 25 | 8 | 700 |
| W4MkJ....33 | 8 | 1149 | W9BPV....25 | 7 | 1030 |
| W4UMF....28 | 8 | 1110 | KYAQF.... 44 | 7 | 900 |
| W4VLA.....26 | 8 | 1000 | IVR1.F......i2 | 7 | 825 |
| W4A1B....25 | - | 1320 | W9kpis. . . . 22 | 7 | 690 |
| W4EQMI. . . 25 | 8 | 1040 | W9CUX. . . 1 | 7 | 800 |
| W4WNH. . . 24 | 8 | 850 | W9PMN....ig | 6 | S00 |
| K4EJS. . . 44 | 6 | 765 | WgaI, U. . . . 1 M | 7 | 80 |
| W4JCJ.... 23 | 6 | 725 | WbBFB..... 37 | $\underline{9}$ | 1350 |
| W4RMU. . . 21 | 7 | 1180 | WØSMJ. . . . . 29 | 9 | 1075 |
| W4VVE.... 21 | 6 | 720 | Wv1HD.....is | \% | 1030 |
| W4TLV.....20 | 7 | 1000 | WGLFE. . . . . .28 | 7 | 1050 |
| W4IKZ....20 | 6 | 720 | WøQDH.... 27 | 9 | 1300 |
| W4OLK.... 20 | 6 | 720 | WVRUF.... 23 | $\stackrel{7}{7}$ | ! 00 |
| W4CPZ.... 18 | 6 | 650 |  | $B$ | \$30 |
| W4RFR.....18 | 7 | 820 | WyTGC......21 | 7 | $\bigcirc$ |
| W4MDA...17 | 6 | 750 | WGRYG. . . . 20 | - | 925 |
| K4YUX....18 | 8 | 830 | W6IC..... 19 | 7 | 1245 |
| W4LNG.... ${ }^{18}$ | 7 | 1080 |  | B | 1150 |
|  |  |  | WØJAS.... 18 | 6 | 1130 |
| W5RCI. . . . 35 | 9 | 1215 | W勺AZT.... 17 | 6 | 1100 |
| W5AJG. . . . 30 | 9 | 1360 | Kø. QJ. . . . 16 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1120 |
| W5DFU.....28 | 9 | 1300 | WgIFb. . . . . . 16 | 6 | 1100 |
| W5LPG.....25 | 7 | 1000 | W01Fb...... 16 |  | 1 |
| W5PZ...... 27 | 8 | 1300 |  |  |  |
| W5FYZ.... 26 | 9 | 1150 | VE3DIR . . 30 | $\stackrel{\times}{*}$ | 1330 |
| W5KTD. . . 23 | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | 1200 | VE3A1B . . . 28 | $\stackrel{8}{6}$ | 1340 790 |
| W5JVL.....29 | 7 | 1150 | VE3PQEN.... 19 | ¢ | 790 1340 |
| W5ML.....16 | 5 | 700 | VE3DER... 17 | S | 1340 1300 |
| W5FSC. . . . 12 | 5 | 1390 | re3Hev. . . 15 | 7 | 1300 |
| W5HEZ.... 12 | 5 | 1250 | VE3HW.... 15 | 7 | 1350 |
| W5CVW....11 | 5 | 1180 | YE2AOK.... 14 | 5 | 550 |
| W5NDE. . . 11 | S | 625 | VE3BPB.... 14 | 6 | 51.5 |
| W5VY.... 10 | 3 | 1200 | VE:2ABE | 4 | 580 |
| W5SWV..... 10 | 3 | 600 | $V E 7 F J$ | 1 | 365 |
| W5UNH.... 6 | 3 | 1200 |  |  |  |
| W5YYO..... 4 | :3 | 1330 | KH6UK. . . . . 1 | 2 | 2540 |

KøLCB - Looking for 50-Mc. m.s. schedules on phone. Ohserved east skip openings to New England on first Thursday of 1961.

W4FWH - Working on $2: 0 \mathrm{Mc}$. final using 4X150A. Contacted VE3DIR on meteor scatter on 144 Mc.

WgIUF - Made states number 8 and 9 on 144 with meteor scatter. December 13 made state number 10 . Holding weekly skeds with WgENC on 50 Mc. Working on APX6 for 1215 .

W6IEY - Completed 220-Mr. s.w.r. bridge. Nine-element 220 Mc . beam is completed but not up. Working on conversion of second APX6. Active on 50 Mc .

KIMVN-Active on " King Plillip Amateur Radio Society," Tuesday, 2000, 147.2 Mc.
(Continued on page 140)

## Home-Built Stations



This is KN3KPW, 13 years old, who worked along with his dad, W3KDR, to build this complete station. The transmitter is a 6AG7-6146 combination, the receiver a crystal-controlled converter feeding into a BC-454, and (at the right) a Little Oskey keying monitor. A 2 -meter transceiver is perched atop the receiver. W3KDR, besides being a Washington attorney, is one of the eight vice-presidents of the South Lyme Beer, Chowder, and Propagation Society.


Here's a neat one! W5RKS used some surplus units in his triple-conversion receiver, but everything else is right from scratch. From left to right are his power supply, the receiver, and the 150 -watt transmitter. He keeps the tube manufacturers happy by using 17 in the receiver and 18 in the transmitter. He also sent us some photos of the insides of the gear, and it's just as pretty behind the panel. His mobile rig is also a home-brew job.


As we've pointed out in previous issues, Ws aren't the only ones who build their own gear, and may be in the minority, percentagewise. Here is VQ3HD (ex-ZD6BX, ex-VSIBX, ex-etc.) from Tanganyika. At the right in the photo above is his transmitter, which is completely band switched 40 through 10 meters, running 90 watts input, c.w. only. The receiver is double-conversion, with the first r.f. oscillator crystal-controlled. The first i.f. is tuned from 2.0 to 2.5 Mc., giving uniform bandspread on each band.

Here's an interesting pair of home-built stations, both by the same fellow. At the left is W8TYE in Michigan in 1939, using a regenerative receiver and a 50 -watt transmitter with a pair of 6L6s. At the right is the 1961 station of the same Hale Blakely, only now he is W9CBE in Wisconsin. Today's station uses a double-conversion superhet tuning 80 and 40, with crystal-controlled converters for 20, 15, and 10 meters. The transmitter has a completely rebuilt BC-457 as a v.f.o., with sequential keying, and an 812A final amplifier modulated with 807 s in Class $A B_{2}$. Out of sight in the 1961 picture is his conelrad monitor and the many ARRL awards he has earned.


# DX and Single Sideband 

BY BILL LEONARD,* W2SKE

> Increased use of the Lower Sideband is proposed to help solve increasing problems of working s.s.b. DX

Iwas a little too young to be on the air at the time of the Oklahoma Land Rush in 1893, but I was in full saddle on March 1, 1960, when the territory north of 14,300 was opened up to another group of adventurers. That 50 kc . had formerly been occupied entirely by roving bands of DLs, VEs, (Gs and others, all geneologically related to the so-called DX tribe. Trading between these happy nomads and the far more numerous Ws was conducted at a high rate, but the border at 14.300 was almost inviolate. No $W$ dared penetrate beyond it into DX territory upon penalty of action hy Federal troops. DX men were free to wander at will in W land but when they did so they found they were suddenly very small frogs in a pond full of larger frogs and their voice was more often than not drowned out completely.

But, then, as I say, came March 1, 1960. At the appointed hour I swished my v.f.o. higher than it had ever been before and oceupied a choice hit of real estate around 14,325 .

Although I had hoped that my neighbor in this new land might be a UQ2, or at the very least HZ1AB, I found I was fighting it out with W2KR, down the street a couple of miles.
Since that day - leaving the Indians now, and getting down strictly to ham radio - the Ws have, spread out and there is somewhat less phone GRM than previously on 20 meters. But the DS seems to have gone thataway!

A look at my log book confirms what I knew was happening. In the last 6 months of 1960 I worked about half as many DX stations on 20 sideband as in the corresponding six months in 1959. And if you think I'm complaining, take a listen and hear the others literally wailing. DX stations themselves find they can work W's only when conditions are optimum - that is, when their signals rise right up to the level of the average W. They point out their handicap of less power, less gaudy antenna farms, and, more often than not, just give up trying to work W's! What's more, they tell me, they've been having quite a time just trying to work each other. A lot of the W stations aren't happy, either. (Gone are the days when a simple listen at the high end would tip off band conditions. Now it's spade work and digging to find out whether, indecd, that DXPedition to Mauretania is or is not calling CQ under a trampling herd of Ws on 14,300 .

Now, if the truth be known aud all the facts laid bare, we shouldn't really blame expansion of

* c/o CBS, 485 Madison Ave., New York 2:2. N. Y.
the W band for all our current DX problems. Conditions have changed. The whole world is no longer the 20 -meter DNer's oyster, not 20 hours a day every day, anyway. Openings are shorter and signal strengths down as the sunspots retreat. They will get worse, much worse, before they get better.

The question is: how to get the most out of what we have. Various proposals have been put forth to give DXer a break. One plan - there are variations of it- - is to channclize the ham bands. That may come in time, but it's a long way hence and will require FCC action not at present contemplated. A DX group has suggested reserving the five or ten kc. around 14,300 just for DXpeditions. This is not a bad idea, in principle. Certainly it would help us all find the DXepedition if you knew it was bound to be around that frequency. But what if two or more DX stations attracted the wolf pack at the same time. Imagine the clatter if they're working within a shade of each other.

As a practical matter s.s.b. DX stations working Ws in large numbers have lately been doing the worst thing possible, in my opinion-…e., calling for stations to answer away from their own frequency. "Spread out!" you hear them cry. So we spread out. Perhaps now the DI station can make out a call a little sooner. But what had been 5 kc . of bedlam becomes 20 kc . of devastating QRM. In fairness to the rest of the band, DXpeditions who do nut wish to he clobbered on their own frequency should call for answers on another specific frequency and reduce the number of ealls by specifying the area they wish to work. E.g. "W2s only call 6 ke. below this frequency" . . . nut "spread out, fellows."

But it seems to me that s.s.b. enthusiasts have overlooked one important tool in their struggle to work DI where there are fewer sunspots and no nearby special DX band.

Namely . . . the other sideband.
A trick many veteran s.s.b. operators know is that a quick switch to the other sideband is almost always more effective in clearing up QRM than trying to find an open frequency.
(Continued on paye 188)


#  

CONDUCTED BY ELEANOR WILSON,* WIQON

## ANNIVERSARY PARTY RESULTS

Thef final results of the twenty-first Anniversary Party of the YLRL conducted Oct. 19 and 20 and Nov. 2 and 3, 1960, have been received from 1960 YLRL vice president Lillian Beebe, KisNLU. Lillian reports that 132 YLs gave ew. conticts with 59 e.w. logs submitted. 367 YLs gave phone contacts, with 107 phone logs sulmitted.

This year the AP was scheduled earlier than usual, with a two-week separation between the c.w. and phone section. The usual 36-hour contest. period was reduced to 30 hours, the e.w. section was held first, and $A R R L$ sections were again used in scoring. With the usual good time enjoyed hy all who participated, here are a few comments received from around the country:

WSHWK - The use of the ARRL sections as multipliers rather than just limiting the multipliers to the California sections is, in my opinion, a progressive step for APs. It is the only equitable method.

KDHEU - 1 think it is a good idea to have the party in the midulle of the week - fewer OMIs ou the bands.
$\mathscr{L} z \int^{\circ} Z$ - It is especially nice to have the two weeks between montests.
$k^{-7} H S B$ - It had been advised that the e.w. gals should listen carefully for phone gals who might attempt slow c.w. I work almost rompletely c.w.. so the phone for me was quite a hassle. (That's a switch! - Eid.)

I'8 IT C $T$ - I didn't have a big score but I sure did have a lot of fun, with my biggest thrill working Fumi, JA1AEQ/ J.Aの.

KRMZT - Mav I suggest that somehow we thank those I) X gals who were so active in the contest?

Now for the wimners. Recipient of the Corcoran award for the highest combined c.w. and phone soore is Harriett Wonhst, K5BJU. Mildred Wright, K5LIU 5, placed first in the e.w. contest. First place phone honors weat to the President of the ILRL, Doris Anderson, K5BNQ. (Doris won the Corcoran award last year.) Gold



With a total AP score of 17,220 points, Harriett Woehst, K5BJU, is this year's winner of the YLRL Corcoran award. Harriett used her HT-37 barefoot, running only 17-25 watts output on phone. S.s.b. operators will recognize K5BJU as editor of "The Sideband Sorority" in The Sidebander each month. (photo by W5VHR)
cups have been awarded to K5LIIU and K5BNQ. Second and third place c.w. winners were Joyce Polley, FgIKL, and Evelyn Ewing, K5TXQ, respectively. Sccond and third place phone winners were Barbara Houston, K5YIB, and Harriett Woehst. K5BJU. Certificates have beeu issued to these winners, and certiticates were also issued to the top seorer in each U. S. district and to the top D.S YT scorer.

## TOP SCORERS <br> C. $W$.

| First - K5LIU/5. | 4860 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Second - KilkL | +125 |
| Third-E5TXXQ. | 3601 |
| PHONE |  |
| First - K5BNQ | 14,300 |
| Sierond - K'sYib | 13.920 |
| 'Third - K5R.TU | 13.735 |

[^13]Only the station and the total score is given below. Complete score information, including number of contacts made, sections worked, and power multiplier, if used, will appear in $Y L R L H A R M O N I C S$. The scores are listed by state this year, as received from the YLRL vice president.


## YL VHF CONTEST

A neur contest conducted by the YLRL! All licensed YL operators are invited to participate in the first Y゙L v.h.f. contest, to be held April 12 and 13, using frequencies from 50 Mc . up.

I'LRL vice president Onie Woodward, W1ZEN, invites comments from participants after the contest. (Sce W1ZEN's sddress on the next page.) A special award by the Women Kadio Operators of New England YL club will be given to the highest scoring YLRL member. Contacts with OMIs wil not count in this contest. Kead on for the details.

Eligibility: Alllicensed YL and XYL operators are invited to participate. l'LRL members only are elipible for the WRONE award. A non-member will receive a certificate. Contacts with OMs will not count. A spesial certificate wil be given to the highest scoring novice.

Operation: Bands: 50 Mc. and above are to be used, phone und/or c.w. Crossband operation is not permitted. Only one

Start: Wednesdav, . Mril 12, 1961, at 12 noon EST
Find: Thursday, April 13, 1961, at 12 midnight HST
contact with each station will he counted. A section may be counted only once toward multipliers.

Procedure: Call "CQ YL"'
Exchanye: Station worked, QSO number, RST report, ARRL section, U. S. possession, VE district or country Fintries in log should also show band worked at time of contact, whether A1 or A3, time of contact, date, transmitter, and power.

Sooring: Multiply number of contacts by the total number of ARRT, sections, U. S. possessions, VE districts or countries worked. Contestants running 50 watts input or less at
all times may multiply the result hy $1.25-$ low power multiplier.

Awards: Highest score -... WRONE award (to a ILRL number oniv). Toy three soores will receive certificates. Highest scorer in each ARRL section, U. S. possession, V'E district and comatry will receive a certificate. The highest novice scorer will reseive a certificate.

Lous: Copics of all logs must show claimed score, he signed by the operator and be poxtmarked no later than April 28, 1961, and received no later than May 12, 1961. Send copies of logs to Onie Woodward, W1ZEN, 14 Emmett st., Marlboro. Mass. No logs will be returned -i. he sure it is a copy of your log that you send for confirmation.

## COMING EVENTS

f゙I-()Ull Cnniest - sponsored by the YLRL. Phone section Feh. 25-26; ('.w. section March 11-12. Rules in January colimmn.
(Continued on page 132)


A fast trip by 707 jet from Broken Arrow, Okla., to Santa Monica, Calif., enabled 1961 YLRL President Doris Anderson, K5BNQ, to receive the club files in person from outgoing President Gladys Eastman, W6DXI. On New Year's Day W6DXI (left) and K5BNQ (center) met at the home of YLRL Historian Vada Letcher, W6CEE (right) for the exchange of the files. YLRLers will note too that K5BNQ is the top phone scorer in the 1960 AP.
(photo by W5IWL)


Several times one of the top AP or YL-OM contest winners, Barbie Houston, K5YIB, copped second place phone honors in the 1960 AP. Barbie, who is custodian of the WAC-YL certificate, calls attention to her correct address
-Box 652, Richardson, Texas (not Garland
as previously given here).


Third place c.w. winner in the AP was Lovisiana YL Evelyn Ewing, K5TXQ. Licensed as a Novice in Jan. 1959, then as Conditional Class six months later, Evelyn already has worked 111 countries on 20 c.w.!


Nine-year-old Linda-Jean Pfeil of Tamaqua, Penna., has been on the air as KN3NEI since last September. A fifthgrade student, Linda-Jean has aspirations of getting her General Class license before her Novice year is up. KN3NEI's proud dad is W3KJ.


Irma Weber, K6KCl, wonders if you have your Lads ' N ' Lassies Certificate too. Work 10 members of the Los Angeles YLRC and send log extract with return postage to custodian K6KCl at 762 Juanita Ave., Santa Barbara, California. Since 1952, 279 certificates have been issued. (photo by W6USE)

# Find Hows Dx:] 

## CONDUCTED BY ROD NEWKIRK.* W9BRD

## Who?

> Once a lid, alvays a lid. $-K 6 Y A R$

Thus in pure jest spake the son of K6CJF, amazed at his OM's uncanny ability to work DX rarities more by accident than by design. K6YAR's proposition is rather topical now, at the halfway pause in ARRL's 27th DX Contest, for contests are as fine a vehicle for unmitigated lidmanship as for laudable wireless work.

Just what is a lid? That's an interesting study in definition, and we think we know what K6CJF's offspring has in mind. The ARRL Radio Amateur's Handbook ${ }^{1}$ defines the term as "a poor operator." True, but there's divergent opinion as to what constitutes a poor operator. Some would apply the label indiscriminately to any slow and inexperienced communicator. This, we think, is gross error. Status as a poor operator need not necessarily tiuge on any one or all of such factors as code speed, phone know-how, technical ability and ham experience. We've encountered atrocious lids demonstrably wealthy in all these departments, and we've observed consistently commendable operation by amateurs somewhat deficient in all.

So we should search beyond mere dexterity for a common lid denominator. Let's try this one: A poor operator is one who operates improperly. Seems to fill the bill - slow operators need not necessarily be lids, and fast clever chaps can be the very worst kind. Improper operating is a matter of degree; so is lidmanship. One may operate improperly only on occasion, as in hysterical pursuit of a new country; there are parttime lids who bear this out.
Persistent improper operation - being a poor operator, a lid-thus appears to derive in essence from sources of attitude and ethics. And these are components basic to that all-inclusive human aura called personality. Can one fundamentally change one's personality? Rarely in maturity, unless key underlying physical or mental causatives are operable. Even the chronic lid who repents with superhuman effort and goes on the wagon has two strikes against him. This was once put to verse:

> No scruples had Sloppy O'Squer While rolling up, two-twenty-three.

> Now he vows he's reformed
> But a rep so deformed
> Remains that way permunent-ly.

In other words, and generalizing: Once a jerk, always a jerk. We're inclined to go along with K6YAR until we find enough exceptions to disprove the rule.

[^14]
## What:

The concluding March week ends of ARRL's annual DX stomp should be peppier than last month's sessions. There's the vernal equinox coming along, for one reason, a period when dormant propagation paths spring back to life if only erratically and temporarily. Nothing dormant about friendly 40 c.w., a range now fully restored to prominence as a prime DK source. Our mailbag is swelled by repurts from W1GDB, K3s BVV KHK, K4ZRA, KN5ERQ, K6s CJF LAE, WA6s IVM JVD NNJ (ex-WA2BLP) WV6BLP. W7s DJU LZF POU, K7KXG. K8s MFJ JCB QEX: KN8VIX, W9JJN, h9UCR, KgVXU ( $27 / 7$ worked): contirmed countries), KH6DVG, listener A. Rugg, ISWL and VERON concerning 7-Mc. success with CEs 1DC $2 D 7$ ( 7005 kc .) 0700 GMT, 3 FK 4 EC (10) 4, CMs 2UZ (15) 3 2WS 5HF, CNs 2BK (15) 18, 8JR 8MB 8MZ, COs 2CT (15) 5, 2MB 4, 2PY (10) 6-7, 5RV (5) 4, 8EM (15) 4, CT1HX (21) 7-8, CX1OP, DU7̇SV, EL4A (8) 5-6. FA9UO GE8XX (21) 7-8, CX1OP, DU7SV, ELAA (8) 5-6, FA9UO FB8XX ( 25 ) HK-21, FG7XF, HA7KPF, HCB 1LE 2 HC 23. HZ1AB 22, ISIMM (10) 7, IT1AGA (7) 3, two dozen JA1s, JAs 2BP 2UJ 2XE 2XW 3AIS 3BDO 3CCQ 4NV 5 FQ 5 HD 5 MZ 5 VX BACZ 6BLX 7AKV 7LK JVJ 7 XA 7WB 8AI 8BI 8HO 8LN 6VZ all around sun-up, KG4AP KR6QW, KV4CI (1) $2 \%$ LAs ING/p and $2 N G / p$ of Sval bard. LZ1s KSP KSV (1) 4-5, MP4s BCV OAR (3) 23 , TAK (15) 2?, OD5s CT LX (2) 23, OE6KZ (1) 6-7, OK8 galore, OY7ML (10) 23, ST2AR, SV $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{s}}$ WI WE' WQ TF5TP, UAs 9KAJ 6AG GEH 6KAE GKAR 6KCA 15 GKID 14-16, UB5s a-plenty, UA2KAA, UC2KAB, UF6AA. UG6KAA, UH8BI (35) 22, UM8KAB (15) 22 , UO5s AS KAA ZN, UR2s BUT KAE, UW3TB, VE8ME, VOIFB, VPs 2DQ' 2FQ 2LD 2LL 2SC 2VA 2VIH (10) 4, 4BO 4LE (1) 3-4. 4RL 6AF 6AG 7BP 9EP 9EU, VO4s DT GQ (14) $20, \mathrm{HT}$ (18) 20 , VSs 1 AP (10) 15 , 1 FS (20) $23-0$. 1 FW (10) 15 , 9GA 9OA (20) 21 , VR2DK VU2s NR XG (13) 20 , XE2s IE KH, YNs 1KA 3, 4AB (32) 1, a mass of secthing YO-YUs, YV4s AZ (2) 2-3, BE, a pack of YV5s, ZBIFN, ZC4AK., ZE5JT, ZP9AY, ioade of ZEs and YRs 3V8CA, 4X48 DH DR JO JU QM, 5AlVA (12) 7, 5N2s GUP JKO, 7G1A ( 9 ) 3, 9M2s FK and FS (10) 15
Phone followers of 40 are reticent, but we see w̄ikT W5CFJ, WA6NNJ and ISWL consorting with such items as HC1KA*, UB5FT, UR2KAF, VP7BP* (203) 0-1. VS9OC, ZB2AD and 4X4GB. asterisks indicating s.s.b. Are you phone men losing juicy 7-Mc. DX by sheer default? 80 c.w., still somewhat reluctant on the long haul, sees K5CDA $/ \mathrm{mm}$. W7LZF, ISWL and VERON static eaters making the grade with JA1HQ 14, LX3AH, KV4CI (1) 2 , SPs 5ZA 8ADF 8CK (1) 5, SVøWI (7) 18, UAs 3CA 3GM 3LI 3PZ 6MK 9CM 9DN, UB5s AS KAA, VK2WH


（5）10．VS9DU（18）6，YV5BJ（32）7－8，ZB1FA，ZLs 2FT $3 \mathrm{~S}^{\prime}$（5）10， 4 IE and 4X4FS．－T．The samn team notes 75－meter phones CN9CD，CT1KD，FA2ZY，LX 18 DE（272） and S．J（20）doing brisk trade upband．
$20 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{w}$ ．loses sume of its faithful to bountiful 7 Mc ． but the day shift stands pat．including W 18 GDB WDD，K1s IMID JFF $(87 / 75)$ ，K2s TDI UYG．WA 28 EFN KMY（ $110 / 88$ ），K3KHK（ $72 / 62$ ），K 48 KYB MZU （121／93），ᄃEP（110），ZRA（ $04 / 35$ ），W5EHY，K5s VTA YAA．W6s JQB RCV，K6s CJF（124／112），LAE（184／174）， QPG ROU，WA6JVD，W7s DJU POU（77／56），K7KBN， W8s KML KX（201／193），YCiR，K8s JCB（143／124）， QEX，K9s QNJ UCG UCR UIY，K0s OSV OSW QHF RNE UTX．tuner KN8VIX，KH6DVG（ $5: / 12$ ）．EL4A， G8PL，ZS2U and OMI Rukg．Here＇s why：BV1s US 14， LISC．CEs IRD $2 G N$ OAD（62） $2-3$ ，CNs $\because A Y$ 8MB 9CF， CM8RN，COs in quantity，CRs 601 7CI $14015,9 \mathrm{AH}$ ， EAs 8 BW 8Cの 21，8CP 9AD 9AP（14）2：2，ELtA（12）6－7， FPR 1AD（ $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{t}) 15-14,5 \mathrm{X}$, ET2US， $1: 90 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{FC}$（70） 15 ， FABGT，FB8s（E：（15）4－5．8XX 8YY 8ZZ 14，FE8AI， FF8s C＇W（70）U，CY，FG7XF（2）2：，FO8s AJ（20）6－1×， HO．FR7ZD．HC8 1．JU ？CS 5CN，HISIJCII，a larke assort－ ment of HHS and 1 KKs led by HKOAI of San Andres．HL9－ KT（15）$\because 3$ ，HPISB，IT1s AGA TAI ©9，slews of JAB， JT1 KAC，JY1XY（35）＋－5，K7NDH／VE8，KA5NIC， KG1s BB CT FI，KJ6BV，KM6s BI BQ CB，KR6s（iP LU（74）1，KV4s AA（81） $20-22$, BK CI．KW6s LF DCi （11），LA1NG／p，LJ3G of Norway，far－southern LUB 1ZI 12 C 1 ZO （24） $4,62 \mathrm{~L}$（75）8． $7 Z \mathrm{I}$ ，LU＠s AC AW，LZ1 KSZ， MP4s BCV OAQ TAI（53）t．TAK．OD5AI，OR4s TX 11 ， TZ（30） 5 of Antarctica，OX3s NK UD，OY3GA，PJ3AK 0．PZ1s AY（7）23，BX（10）23，SLiss ZB and Z．l of Sweden． SMs 2BC＇S 5BUG／9Q5（38）5．5KV／905，ST2AR，TF3AB （20）0，TI2s DN PZ，UA9s AP I）T KAC KDL KOG UM， UAøs BF 3，BP（18）3，EH KAE KCA KHMI KID KKB KKD $\check{2}, \mathrm{KQB}$ KZB，many UB5s，UC2AG，UD6KAF，UF6s HB（55） 6 ，KAB，UG6KAA，UJ8sAI KAA，UL7s KAA LE． UM8s UQ KAB 15，KAC．UO5PK 17，UP2s AC KAB KNP（80）17，UQ2AS，UR2KAA．UW9KCA，VES $1 A F /-$ VO8 8RW 8RX XYT VMIC（55），עNK，VK8 1．JE OJMI 5， VOIDX（18），VPs 1SE 2LD 3，3ER 4TR 6RG 21，7NA 7NQ 81）（；（50）23，8EZ（ 20,80 ）23－1，8FG（50）0，9EP 9EU， VOs 2F＇J 4GQ 19，4GT 5GJ 5IG 19，5LD 8BC（45）13－18， VKs 2DK（70）7，3L，VSs 1AP 1FZ 9AAC 15．9AC 9OA 19 VU2s AK BGi JG MID NK XG，Ws $4 G E F / V O 180 L J / P K$ 14．XEs 1 AX 4， 1 B 1 H 2 LA ，XZ2TH（10） 17 ．YNs 1AC $2:$
 5 BJ ．ZBs 1A 2AD 2J，Z＇C4s AK（33），WT 17 ，ZDs 1CM 19， $2 \mathrm{KHK} / \mathrm{nc} 9 \mathrm{AMI}$ ZE8JO（32），ZKs 1AK（35）7，1BS 2AL）（85）8，ZL3VII／3（78）\＆of Chatham，ZP5O（i，ZSs 3HX（6：）23．3IS 4NG 7MI 7R，4X4MB，5N28（ex－Z̈D2s） IMP（35）7，GUP JM P．J（90）6，6O1MT 4，7G1A（16） 0 ． 905SF and 9 U 5 MIC ．
20 phone is a cup of DX tea for K2TDI＊，K3CUI， K9QMJ，KのQHF，KH6DY＇G：ZS2 K K5YAA＊K8JCB． K9QMJ，KgQHF，KH6DVG＊，ZS2U，s．w．l．s KN8VIX，D． Eidger，E．Hammill and A．Hovey．The invigorating brew： APシMI 16，BV1USC＊CEDCC＊，CRs 6BX 6CA＊（348） 1 ， 7FV，CTs 2AH＊3AA＊3AV＊，EA8s BA＊CT＊，EL4E， FPUAC＊，FF8s CU CW＊．FR7ZD，HC1s IF RB＊，HHs
 KFCQV／KS6＊（320）6，KC4s USB＊USH＊USZ＊（285） 2 ，
 （L＊（310）6，KX6s BU＊DA，MP48 OAQ＊OAR＊TAI＊ TAQ＊，OAs 54＊7Q＊，OD5AU 19，PJ3AJ，TIs शAZ $2 \mathrm{E}^{\circ} \mathrm{EH}$ （319）$t_{1} 2 \mathrm{WR}^{*}(330) 22$ ， $5 \mathrm{C}^{\circ} \mathrm{J}$（201）7．UAs 3CR＊3DR＊ 1FE＊，UL7JA＊（310）16－19，UR2s AK＊AC＊，VKO．JC 11 ， VPs bWD＊8FI＊9DC＊（123）3，9FR＊，VQ8AR，V＇S4．JT， VU2s PS NR＊，VS4JT，XE1JP，YN1s MIW TAT＊（340） 4 YV1EE（190）5，ZS7P＊，9G18BQ＊CN＊，9K2AN＊，9M2s 13B＊GA，9N1s CJ＊MD＊MM and SML＊，all asterisk＇s desig－ nating s．s．b．effort．
15 phone takes the propagational cake this month， with K1IMD，ḰこTDI＊，WAこCLQ，W＋8 I，JV UWC＊

ZB2AD is mighty popular these days on phone and c．w． with a Geloso receiver，British－type DX－40，dipoles for 14,21 and $28 \mathrm{M}=$ ．，and a $W$ indom wire for 40 and 80 meters．（Photo by MP4QAO via K2UYG）

K＋MPE，K5s QPC：VTA，K6LAF，WA6JVD．K゙ss JCR T．JW，K9s ORC QMJ，KøRNK．ELHA，KH6DVG，＇E3PV＇ FS2U，s．w．l．s．Edger，Hammill，Hovey and R．Kemplogeing things like CEs 3RC＊ 3 ＇TN（ 245 ） $23,5 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{LQ}$ ，CN8s FV 19 JO，CO8s JK RA．CPs 1 BW 5EA（ 275 ）23，SEL＊，CRs 4AX
 EA8CD，ELs $1 C^{*} 1 \mathrm{D} \geq \mathrm{R} \geq \mathrm{V} 41, *$ ，FQ8HZ $\left.\because 35\right)$ l9，GD3 HNK＊，a hatful of HE－HC－HK gents，HKOAI，HIBI）（AC．
 HV1CN＊HZ1AB＊，hs t（：DA／VER on Kesolution与KWII／VF，8＊（4：38），KC4s USB＊USN＊（ 416 ） 23 ，USV （396）（0．KAㄹMA＊KGs 4AO 4AV 6FA1；＊．KM6s BI＊ BV＊，KW6DG．KX6BQ＊OA＋GP，OD5CT＊OX3DI
 TI2s AB MEQ RMA，UA＋FE＊＊，VOシs（O）（ 433 ）KN，VPs 2FMI 2SL 2VA 3EFG（ 230 ）2：3，3RW 5ENl 5RA（ 38 ） $2: 3$ ， 5WF 6WR 6ZF 7BM 7BN＊8LW（259） $23,8 \mathrm{~F}^{\circ} \mathrm{W}^{\circ} 9 \mathrm{DC}^{*}$ （40f） 0.9 WB ．VQs $2 \mathrm{AB}^{*} 4 \mathrm{RF} *$ ，VRs 2BC 2I）F 1，3L，VSs $5 \mathrm{iS} 14,9 \mathrm{MB} 9$ of the Maldives，XEs 2FFX $2 \mathrm{O}^{\circ}$（315） 1 ． $2 R \mathrm{E}$（300） $2: 3 \mathrm{BP}(27 x)$（ 1 ．Y Ns and YVs en mass，ZDGD＇I ZEs 4N 5．JJ，ZPGRB＊ZSs 3HT（ $2001 \because 2,4 \mathrm{LT}$ ．3V8CA＊
 $77 Z$ and 9U5P1）10．Sure，asterisks inean single sidehand．

15
 WRAs CLQ EFN KMY，K3KIIK，Its MPE（119i－
 K8s JCB QEX T．JW（＋2／9），KYs ORG QMA，Køs OSV OSW UTX P（QW（33／28），ELAA，KHGL）VG，VE3PV， auditors A．Rugg and KN8VIX because of CEs 1AD 3I Y AD，CN8CS．CO $2 P Y$ ，CR5AR（47） 21 ，CT 18 II K KD QN CXTCO，DM3KMIL，EAB 8INL（108）17，9AP HAs 5 FFR
 SB，JAs IAAW 1 BQZ 3SV 4．AQF，GM\％ИAQ，KA？JL，KGB IFD 6．AII 6．JJT，KM6s BI BQ BV，KR6JM，KW6s IF DG，roving lUgiAC，LZ18 BZ（40）．Kis（i t＇SZ（37）14， OABD，OEIRT，PJ： 8 AD（＇J．PY7LJ of Fernando de： Noronha，SV日VI，TG9BK，TİB CNE DL L，A WrA． UAOs EH（35）．GF KIA KKB，UB5s AQ KDS UG（38）15， WI，UO2AN，VK9XK，VPs 1．JH 4 BO （10） 18 ．7NT 8EH． VOs 2HD（50）21，3IIZ（80）19，WP4AXN（175），XEs $1 \times \bar{y}$ gNHD，YN18 CAA（30）22，KH（55）17，YOGAW，YJ1AA， YVs 1 EH 1FM 5AEZ（5U） $2=$ ，possible \％ $11 A A, ~ Z C 4 S C$, ZD．f．JS，ZK1BS（76）1，ZP9AY，ZS7s L MI．4X4FU（35） 17. 5N2s AMS ATU GUP，5A3TN and 9Q5US．These central Africa entries are really getting the works whonever they show：FF8s AC CW RF（54）20，FO8BAX HD（75） 21 and HP．
15 Novice holdouts KN5s ERQ ETA FLA，K゙N8s UKII Gova
 16，WLTs DMIO and DNK ．．．．．－Over in England WAGCYT hears potent r．f．from KN1s NEI OGO OXB PTM，WY2NXS，KN3s LWP NMK，KN＋s NOZ W．JB YFG，WVfs LSX MCI，KN7IUT，KN8UHB，KN9s BYC WRQ，KNøs BMC DFH and LNE on 21 Mc ．

10phone mav be tinching from ionospheric vicissi－ tudes but hiIMD，K2TDI＊，W4LaIV．Kits MZU ZRA，W5CFJ，K5s VTA YA．A＊，W6s JCQB RCV，KGCJF WAGIVM，W8s KML YGR，K8s IC＇B QEX．K9QM．J，Køs PQW RNK UTX VXU，ZSZU，Messrs．Edger，Hammill Hovey and Kemn get along great with CE5EQ 16, CO8J （490） $16, \mathrm{CRs} 6 \mathrm{AT} 6 \mathrm{LA}(460)$ 18，7BC 7CI 1t，7EA，CT1s HY JP SX，CX8 2BG 3AM（5（3））O，HCS，EA8s BF（350） 17. CMI，ELs $1 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~F}(245) 17,4 \mathrm{~A}+\mathrm{B} 81$ ）（440）17，FF8CK 18. GBESM（ 471 ） 16 of England．GC：AAO（305）17，HCs $1 A M I$ 1 DL 4RC（470）233，HE9LAA（490）15，HH？s RV V．HI8s DGH 20，DGC JSAI，HKgAI，MPIAC，HR1HP．JAs IANA 1 CEY $0-23,2 K X(4 \geqslant 0) 23,2 Y^{\prime} L 2 M$ BCE $7 \mathrm{JU}(4(00) 0$ K4SDC／CN8＊18，KG6．AJT＊KJ6BV（504），KM6BU （（i80）0，KW6CL＊（670）0，KX68 BQ＊BU＊，OD5CV． OE2WR，PZ1AY（360）21，TG5IC（813）O）Tİ 20E 16 ， 6RV 17，UAOLBQ 0，UB5CZ，UP：Ks KAU NCH（470） 15 UR2BU，VOこWW，VPs 2IJA 4MM 5BB 6AM 6FO 6．5 6TR 6WR 7BM 8．7NF＊7NT＊7NY 17，9III，9DV 16， $9 F R 16, V Q_{s} 2 P Z(415)$ 18．3PBD（43is）19，VR2BC WøALL，VO1，XEs 1HBP 1CQ（400）20．1．JP 3CP（1138） 20 ．YNs $1 \mathrm{LC} 1 \mathrm{WW} 4 \mathrm{CB}, \mathrm{YV} 1 \mathrm{DH} 30 \mathrm{~B}(475) 20.6 \mathrm{CN}$ ， YS1LA，ZEs 1JN 3JU 6JI，7JV，ZLs 1AWG IRI \％UD 19， ZSs 3HX $+\mathrm{IM}(3+2) 18$ ， $4 \mathrm{JO}(3+5) 18,7 \mathrm{~L}, 9 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{DP}$ ． 9 O 5 s IVQ CE（478） 20 of Katanea，9U5s DMI and PI）．
10 c．w．still is guod for WA？s EHN KMIY，Kis DWU「EP，W5s C＇JJEHY，K5s RPG VTA，WGRCV， KGCJF，WAGIVM，K7 KBN，W8YGR，KSJCB，W9CLH， WØINT，Kgs PQW RNK UTX and scanner Rugg，pro－ ducing ship from CN8DJ 9，CR4AX，CX8 $\because \mathrm{AZ} 17,2 \mathrm{BG}$ 2BT 7CO，EL4A 10，GD3UB 17，GC8DO 12，HK7ŻT 16. IIER（ 23 ） 16 ，JAs 1 AEC（ $6+$ ）0，1AHS（90） 23 ， 1 ALK 1 BEH （ $60^{\circ}$ ） $23,1 \mathrm{CNB} 1 \mathrm{CON} 1 \mathrm{CSP}$（84） 1 ，IEM $1 \mathrm{GV} 17,2 Z N X$
 SAAC (60), YCQ 18. KGs 4AD (100) 4.4T 17, 6AJG 6A, TT (314) K2, KW6s DF (65) 0, D) (49) 17, LU UAC, PY7LJ
 ti is H PJ 10, YN1RH, YV1RH, YV4CI, ZKIBS, ZL9AUM. ZS7M (90) $19.5 A$ s 3TR and 5TA 16.
760 c.w.'s winter season BXploded with Christmastime transatlantics and a W'1BB-HHV QSO for Sew's 55th 1.8-Me. eonntry. W1BR and KH6DV゙G tipus off on the low-hand activitics of DI, IJF 3(iZ. Gs $\ln A$

 -say, if you think 160 -meter bi need be particu:urly circumscript, s.w.l. Tyndall of Vermont, a member of the Newark News Radio Club, claims 1 $\because 3$ countries heard and rerified on the broadcast band. Listener Stanbury of Ontario has 86. Meanwhile, a Marylander hamed Holbrook has confirmed reception of 35 countrics on frequencies below min kc. Dig, men!

## Where:

Asia - From K7C.IX: "I've noticed comments in QS'T over the last few years about a ceriain HZOAEH who operated at Taif, Saudi Arabia, in 1955 and ' 56 , so I figure it's time to crawil out of the hushes and present myself. As you know, it's next to impossible for an American to get permission to activate an amateur station in Saudi Arabia. After six wonths of trying, I was able to get sperial furmission to operate for the months of Derember, 1955, and January, "5f. Two days before I was to commence operation I was issued the call HZ2AEH. (This should have been HZZ1AEH but there was no time to get it changed. I still have my log books. If anyone did not get his deserved QSL he can write me at ithe address to follow. I would like it stressed that no one else is authorized to QSL for ITZi2AEHF. Self-addressed stamped envelopes will be much appreciated from W/his. International Renly Coupons from overseas applicants." Bill just returned from a two-vear D L 4 IJ hitch and so will accommodate inquiries on his Germany activity as well.-.-"I expect to be QSL manazer for HM1AP," writes YL KißQPG, "W"/Ks only. I want it understood that s.a.s.e. are required, and QSO data must be in GMT." ...... In addition to the EP:AF address in the roster to follow, OM Sanderson suggests "U.S. Em"assy, Tehran. Iran," for non-W/K applicants
"Transferred back to Washington," notifies ex-9NiGW. "You might pass the word along that I have my logs with the and, if anyone failed to rective his rightfint card, he ran drop me a line [to the address that follows]. I still have yuite a stack of QSLs and would like to make sure that nobody. was missed.". ..-. "September's column mentioned OT rx-APON being back in the DX swim as VIVRRG," writes YE2BY. "This rank a hell. I cheched my index, found AP 2 N in the log, and noted that no QSL had beet received from Norm. I dropped him another card to his new VU address, explained the situation, and back came an APIN contirmation. I don't suppose gettiny a QSL eleven years late is any world's record but it's certainly gratifying to me." . .-..- "Been getting so many s.w.l. cards," says FP1AD, "that I can answre only those that include postage defraval. Most, by far, come from Europe.".--- Via ISWL: G3MRC, back at VSIFW (address followsi, is willing to attend to any incomplete QSL business concerning past (i3MRC. VSIFW and VS2FW operation.

Africa - "I will be QSL manager for EABBAA in the Canaries," advises W4MXL. "He's there in connection with Project Mercury and will probably operate until . June." Nick intended to start dissemination by early February, s.a.s.e. required from W/Ks from ex-SU1MS in Germany where Mahmud studies at old Heidelberk U. Ex-SU1MS welcomes QSL correspondence at the address to follow ....-WGDXC reports that WQVCZ's QSL task in behalf of FF8CW (fybov DL9KR) got well under way in mid-Tanuary -- "Mail is very slow here now"," mutters FIL4A. "We get delisery about every ten days since our last company plane expired and scattered itself all over Monrovia's air field." c......- "Ex-CN8JE's address has chstnged many times," ubserves Wracilx. "He now says any QSLs still outstanding can be obtained from the address to followl." ....Not so, learns KivPD, running down a rumor that W5INL handles QSLs for ZS7P. The pair are good friends but there's no QSL arrangement should be getting around by the time this appears in print. Lambert's QSL chores were held up by frequent travels on company business.'

Oceania - "We've worked IWXCC and nearly ti000 QsOs since August yoth," writes the h'W6DF-KW61)G rombo to W8KX. The latter figures that this QSL task should take quite a while but these Wake pasteboards already are getting around $\dot{V}^{-\cdots}-\cdot$ KMGCB injects a plea for a.a.s.c. in lines to W6RCV.-.- WGDXC's DN Bulletin has it that WGZVQ assists nith $\%$ K2AS QSL matters for QSOs prior to 19ff0, and W9GFF is QSL agent for ZK2AD's repeat QSL from VRGAS for a 1951 QSO. Floyd eridently ieels that his tirst bateh of cards was inferior in quality, but

WGEAY assures him that a serap of naper is sutficient so lons as it bears the proper information.

Europe - In response to inquiries by keTDl and others. the address for the International sifiort Wave Leagne's GSL bureau is 12 Gladwell Rd.. London N.8, England "It surms that LXIMIS, who works no cin: has never talked to the States," observes R. Taylor, "Yot he receives many QSLs from the U.S.A. forc. W. QSOs." W3KIOO joins to say theat LX1s CX and XX also are dremed ungood hy LXIDC. Luxembourg's QSL chief . .-. - "I'm handling the QSL situation for SP4.fF" save WAOEFN. "Any station still awaiting his card should notify me and I'll take
 cent," insists WVVYY. The address in the listing to follow "lay heln any whose F7HC cards have strayed
WIA's Amateur Radio points out that the letter following the numeral in calls for DMI3 club stations designates the operator on duty. DM3DA. for example, becomes lNM3ZDA, DNTAYDA, etc., dependine on who's at the switch. Where more than 215 operators are involved, the roster starts over, using the DMIt prefix.

South America - "I'm handling QSLs for ex-VP4WD," communicates WA6CYT from his post in England (address followsi. "If anyone who worked VPYWI) rid not get a card I will issue une on receipt of a QSL bearing full QSO details." GMIT, please.-...-W1BAN aids (P5s E.A and EL with QSL details. "Contacts with both Cochahamba stations can be confirmed on wy recciving gSLs bearing proper information. Cards not accompanied hy s.a.s.e. must be answered via bureau." Charlie gets his log transcript by $21-\mathrm{Mc}$. s.s.b. schedules........ I believe thks are the hest South American QSLers," cheers K $6 P Q W$; "Almost all respond immediately direct. many by air." - .... - "OR4TZ, at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$ and $21^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$, will QSL via UBA's bureau," learns W8KX. Summer delivery can he expected. for the Belgian hase changed antarctic personncl last month.

Hereabouts - "I'm now CLSL manager for VP9EP," enlightens W3INH. S.a.s.e., of course.-. . - Effective the first of this year I am QSL manager for VP6WI), at present the only Barhados station on s.s.b.," alerts W4OPM. "Lor transcript will be received weekly by radio. S.a.s.c. or 1RCs, whichever appropriate, will speed receipt of Mar's QSLs." as --- FBMIJV/VO2 promises to vancel all QSL arrears as soon as blanks arrive. With conditions as spotty as they have been this winter, even VO 2 s rate pile-uns From K $\because G Z N: ~ " H H 2 O T$ mails me copies of his log each week or so, but delivery of air mail is sometimes quite slow from this area; hence any delay on my end in answering QSLs. His cards do so out oll the day the proper log is received.
"Those who worked me un to June 10, 1960, and who have not vet received QSLs will do so in the near future," assures V'E8TG, ready to fire up back home as VE2YQ...-. W8KX salutes exceptional short-wave listeners whose reports often are more acenrate and complete than that from the station bring worked at the time. One thing a DX man usually likes to know is how he coupares in signal strength with other IJ X hounds iu his immediate area. (He usually has a pretty good iden, fellows. so don't put it on too thick.) W8KX also applauds the QSLagency efforts of W's 2CTN 3KVQ 4CKB 4TO 8EWS, Ks iEC and 0DQI for prompt and efficient service. "Stateside QSL managers are doing a great job and expressions of thanks are in order whenever applying for the cards they are handling. They surely deserve to know that their time and energies are appreciated." By the way, the quarterly D.:QSL Newsletter of K6BX nears the 2000 -listings mark in its pinpointing of Stateside and other IIX-QSL routings. The serious country-chaser can hardly afford to pass it up "W'e will QSL 100 per cent." assure W'6s FiM and

CR7CI manages logfuls of 20 -meter $\mathrm{W} / \mathrm{K} / \mathrm{VE} / \mathrm{VO}$ contacts between flying assignments on the CR7-VQ2-ZE-ZS run. Antonio regularly schedules c.w. and phone sessions around 0300 GMT. (Photo via W9NLJ)



CT2BO（left）is probably the best known Azores DXer on our side of the ditch．Gil radiates consistently， 3.5 through 28 Mc．，while neighbor CT2AK favors phone action on the higher frequencies．Line－voltage fluctuations and equip－ ment scarcity hinder the hamming of most CT2s．（Photos via K8IXZ）

IfF coneerning the impending gala Nevada production of Fimar Kadio i＇lub＇s W＇6AY＇7．．．．．．．＂I nill（）SL all contacts as suon as stock is received from the wrinter，＂ zilarantecs，VE8RX，who ran himself out of blanks with a Hurry of W＇K QSOs．．．．．－V＇P7NA cstimates that some fol per cent of all QSIs sent his way have sone astray be－ cause of error concerning his address coorrect virsion fol－ lows）．＂Another thing，＂he writes，＂American amateurs do not we：m to understand that U．S．nostage is not good in the Bahamus．IRCs are okay，however．＂．．．．－．．Help！W1－ MGP seech a tracer on the KG1EE he worked in early 1958， W＇2OS＇T needs a hint re LZ1kNB（＇57）．WA？EFN is eagel for a line anent．XZZBH（＇59），and KYZRA hungers for any word monrerthing OX3MIT who is unrecuxnized by the EINR （l）enmark！burean！．－．－．－WA2GKX otiers to assist a deserving rare－1）X operator with Qsil，chores from the Stateside end ．．．．Huzzahs and a tiger for Wls DCL
 WAKMI K3s BVV KHK，Kts KYB MZU YEP K5－ LXた，WGKCV，KGs ROUSTZ，W7s DJUUVR，K7 W＇8s KML KX，K४QEX，W9C＇IH，K9s ORC＇TIY，KøPQW， VE3PV，LIGOWC．（i8PL，ZSNU，s．w．l．Edger．Interna－ tional Short Wave League，Jaban 1i入 Radio（＂lub，Newark News Radio Cluh，Universal Radio DX Club，VERON News Radio Cuh，
of Holland，West Gulf DX Club and the Wireless Institute of Anstralia for their contribution of this registry of ready reierence：
ex－CN8JE，II．Orr， 172 N．E．Logan Pkwy．，Minneauselis 21， Minn．
CN8JO，M．Ramsay．APO 113，New York，N．Y．
CO8JK，Dr．F．Magran，P．O．Box 857，Santiago．Cuba （CP5s EA EL（via W1BAN）
（iR4AX（to（TIRR）
CR5AR，P，O．Box $21 / 2$ a，Dao Thome，Portnguese W．Afr
CT2AK，cio L．Lyman（K81NZ），19：3tith AACS Aiqdn．，Box 4.5 A PO toti，New Y゙ork，N．Y．

F．A8BA（ Fia W＇4XL）
EP2AF，R．Sanderson，U．B．Embassy，APO 205，New Kurk， N．Y．
FP2A்G，G．Buchanan．APO 205 ，New York，N．Y．
IVP2AP，J．Heay，ex－KLiTTI，USOM／CAAG，APO：205，New lork．N．Y．
lT3RS．Box 3001 ．Addis Ababa．Ethiopia
F7AW（to K5LXた）
F7HC，eio H．Hodge， 146 Naubuck Ave．，E．Hartford， C＇iomn．
FB8CO，f＇t．Dauphine，Madagascar
FF8AK，R．Chatonnet，P．（）．Box 7，Rufisque，Senegal
FF8CU，P．Gariot．Nosoco．Zuichincho，Sienegal
FL8AD，Sgt．Morin，BAISil，Djibouti，Fr．Somaliland FP8DC（to WrilsD）
FO8AC．P．O．Box 2253，Brazzaville，Congo
FOXAF（via REF＇）
FO8AT，F．©．Box 12，Ati．Chad
FO8IID，R．Robinson，$P$ ．U．Box 894 ，Brazzaville，Congo
FO8HI，P．Stamm，P．O．Box 235 ．Ft．Lamy，Chad
FO8HK，P．（）．Box 9i9，Brazzaville，Consu
FO8HT，P．O．Box 785，Bangui，C．A．R．
FQ8FW，：Eserna，laya Largeau．（＇had
HB9WY，P．Indergand．Erstfeld／Tri．Switzerland
HC1IF，G．Diez，P．O．Rox ti9，Quito，Ecuador
HC8JU－HC9JU（to HClJU）
HK3RO（via LCRA）
IMIIAP（via KGQPG）
HPIIE（via LPRA）
ex－HZ2AEH－DL4IJ，W．Brister， 11435 Parific Hwy．， Tacoma．Washington
1L1SMO，cio Kradepohl，Deutzer Strasse 91；Dusseldorf－ filler，Liermany

K3MJV／VO2，T／Sgt．E．Roberts，Box 73，59th FIS，APO 1i77．New York，N．Y．
K5CDA／mm，M．Stout．SS Frnn Shipper，Penn Shipping （＇o．． 105 Park AYe．，New York 2．：N．Y＇．
K6CÖV／KS6，P．Modges，P．O．Box 307 ，1ago Pago，Ameri－ can Samoa
K゙7NDH／VE8，C＇．Grall，USCC Loran Stn．．Cave Christian， Ballin Island，via APO 223，New York，N．Y．
ex－KA2AA，Lt．L．Laine，KiOMIT，Opns．Dept．，USS Han－ rork．CVA 19，rio FPO，San Francisco．Calif．
KA2RT，S＇Sgt．K．Temple，Stith Woa．Recon．Sqdn．，Box $\dot{3} 8$ ．APO 328 ，San francisco．Calif．
KH6ACU，D．Earhart，ex－W6UNP， 21.59 st．Louis Ur．， Honolulu，Hawaii
KL7KG ito W＇fKCi
KM6（：B，Navy 3080），Box 23，FPO，San Francisco，Calif．
LA5AD／p，F．Hegre，Isfjord Radio．Spitzhergen，Norway
LA8FG／p，B Skillingstad．Isfjord．Snitzhergen．Norway
I．U6MI，P．O．Box 50，Lujan，Mendoza，Argentina
I UOAC（via W $\mathrm{H}^{2} \pm \mathrm{EBS}$ ）
L，Z1KSF，T．Todoroff，LZiHA，P．O．Box 205，Sofia，Bul－ garia
MP4s BDD OAD QAO TAI（to OD5CT）
MP48 OAR TAK（via W＋TO）
OD5riS，c／o lebanese Trlevision Co．，Beirut，Lehanon
OD5CT，L．Kundlett（W3ZA），P．O．Box 3t1，Beirut，Leb－ anton
OK7HZ／YI／etc．，I．Hanzelka，c／o Czechoslovakian Em－ hassy，New Delhi，India
PX1AI，Box ：$: 2: 7$ ，Andorra
PY7LJ，A．Pimentel，C1A Guardas．Fernando de Noronha， Brazil
SP4JF（ria WA？EFN）
ex－SUiMS，M．Salam，Heidelherg－Rohrbach，Lucas Ciranach Str．13，Bei Wagner，W．Germany
SVOWR，L．Mennitt，USCGC Courier，WPAGR－410，FPO， New York，N．Y．

OK7HZ，shown here at his Baghdad OK7HZ／YI location， now has assignment in India where he finds it impossible to obtain VU transmitting authorization at this time．Jiri gads about through association with a well－traveled Czech scientific expedition．（Photo via K2UYG）


TF2WEZ, J. (.asper, 1400th Air Base Sqdn., Box 86, APO 81, New York, N.Y
TF2WFF (via W3
UA3CR, Box 82, Moscow, U.S.S.R.
VE5MK/SU, J, McPherson, 56th Canadian ©ig. Sqdn., UNAF Base P. O., Beirut, Lebanon
VE8RW, Naval Radio Stn., Aklavik, N.W.T., C'anada
VE8RX, G. Kondo, Dept. of Transport, P. O. Box ${ }^{6} 5$, Fort Smith, N.W.T., Canada
VE8TG, P. MacDougall, VE2YQ, 7025 Fielding Ave., Apt. 202 , Montreal 29, P.Q., Canada
VE8YD, A. Conner, Federal Electric, Dorval Airport. Montreal, P.Q., Canada
VK9GP, R. Baty, Norfolk Island via Sydney, N.S.W. Australia
VP2LY, R. Rojas, Govt. Bdestg. Stn., Castrics, St. Lucia, West Indies
ex-VP4WD, c/o K. Lamonica (WAGCYT), 7500th ABRON, APO 125. New York, N.Y.
VP6WD (via W40PM)
VP7BP, P. O. Box 4187, Patrick AFB, Cocoa, Fla.
VP7NA, H. North, P. O. Box 5197, Nassau, Bahamas
VP8FE (via RSGB)
VP9EP (via W3INH)
VO2WM, Box 12, Mufulira, No. Rhodesia
VO5IG, Box 59, Entebbe, Uganda
VSIFW, B. Poole ( $(33 M R C$ ), 10th Submarine Sqdn., e/o FMO, Singapore
ex-VS2FW (to VS1FW)
ex-VS6EE, D. Phillips, 289 Mundon Rd., Maldon, Essex, Fingland
W6AY/7, Eimac Radio Slub. 301 Industrial Way, San Carlos. California
W6VHN/KH6, J. Houlihan. Box 8036, Honolulu, Hawaii
YN1AC (via K5GPE)
YN1RH, P. O. Box 1171, Managua, Nicaragua
YV5AEZ, A. Partidas, P. O. Box 4719 , Caracas, Venezuela YV5AMJ (ria RC:V)
YV6AV, c/o Mobiloil Co., Anaco, Venezuela
ZA1BC, Box 185, Tirana. Albania
ZC4WD (ex-VR3W) e/o Barrett, P. O. Box 219, Limassol, Cyprus
ZD2KHK/nc (ria RSGB)
ZD9AM (via SARL)
ZE4JN (via W5RHW)
ZK2AD (sce preceding text)
ZS5KB, 801 Umgeni Rd., Uurban, S. Africa
ZS6AQI (via AARL)
ex-4S7FJ-VSIFJ, F'Sgt. F. Johnston, c/o Signals, RAF Linton-on-Ouse, nr. York, Yorks., England
5A2CV, RAF Club Stn., El Adem. Libya
5A2CW, B. Stone, P. O. Box 48, Tobruk. Libya (or to (i3JFC)
5A5TA, J. Garrett (W5LAK), Box 638, Tripoli, Libya
5N2ESH, E. Sherlock, c/o John Holt (Nigeria) Ltd., P. O. Box 157, Lagos, Nigeria
5N2GUP (to ZD2GUP)
5N2PJ (via W7VFU)
9G1DH, Box 1177, Acera, Ghana
ex-9N1GW, G. Ward, W2CBD, 6844 Kerby Dr., Washingtan 2:2. D.C.
9(2)AA, Bakwanga. South Kasai, Africa
9Q5CK, P. O. Box 699, Jadotville, Ḱatanga Republic, Africa
$9 \mathrm{~S} 5 \mathrm{BH}, \mathrm{Fr}$. Florin, Astrida. Ruanda-Urundi
Note: Nothing necessarily accurate or "official" ubout
the preceding addresses. Good luck!

## Whence:

Asia - EP1AD (K 40 RQ) writes ARRL Assistant Secretary WIUED of much DX: ado in the Teluran rezion. In uid-December K 4 HOH , K5ODC, KL7TI, KL 7 BOF and CN8FN were licensed as EP: $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{s}}$ AF AG AP AQ and AJ, respectivelv, effectively doubling the Iran representation on I) X bands. "Amateurs here (ave just organized a radio ciub to encourage hamming, to keep standards high, and to help monitor ourselves," informs EP1AJ. "I'll suon have a G4ZU-type beam going on 40, 20 and 10 meters. Lately the suuth polar path to the States has been the only consistent route home." EPDAF adds, " 1 'm usually on $14-\mathrm{Mc}$. c.w. daily between 0230 and 0330 GMT, also 1400-1830. I'll try: 10 and 15 meters as soon as I get a heam together.
Items from and about Japan: JA1DM spells.JA IAG as editor of the lively Japan DX Radio Club organ which recently celebrated its 200th issue. ... K6CJF reports spotty conditions holding JA 7-Mc. signal strengths far below peak. Hill now has worked 3.53 JAr, has contirmed 212 , in 38 prefectures and 95 citics. .. firom W8Ki: ".iAこJW. with 190 countries wrified, has never heard a VP!. PZ1s are almost unknown over there, too. JA2.JW monitors $14.000-14.025 \mathrm{kc}$. daily from 2300 to 0100 (iATT in search of Caribbean-area stations." . . "I closed KA2AA in January after two wonderful years of DX operation," documents K $40 N T$. "Had a 105/90 countries total, worked WAC, WBE and all fifty States inot confirmed). Watch for K4OMTT/6!' .... . . - K3CUI learns that Kazakhstan's first and only s.s.b. entry, UL7JA, likes $14,310 \mathrm{kc}$. around $1 \$ 30-1800$ (iMT, UA3CR continues as the foremost Russian single-sideband DXer with a $1 \because 8 / 100$ tally .......

Interesting missive from HMIAP (formerly HMIAO) to KGQPG: "I am on 7,14 and 21 Mc., mainly c.w. near 14,020 or $14,050 \mathrm{kc}$., 0830 to 1530 GMT. I use an 807 at 15 watts. a two-tube receiver and doublet antennas. I am the second c.w. HM station active and hope to have higher power, perhaps 30 or 50 watts, by spring. HM1s AA to AQ now are licensed here, also HMs 2AO and 4AQ. I was one of the operators at HM9A last November." Byong Joo Cho is with Korean National Airlines in Seoul. K2TDI reports that पM2DB's s.s.b. activation doubled Malaya's carrierless contingent $-\cdots-$ - WGDX understands that AC4AX may do some ACBing, and VERON keeps AP $2 C R$ 's East Pakistan possibilitics under close surveillance.

Africa - "ZD9AM," comments K2QXG, "expects to be on Gough for a few more months and is available Tuesdays and Thursdays between 1900 and 2000 GMT, usually near $14,018 \mathrm{kc}$." ZD9AM tolerates little nonsense from DX hogs, and YL ZSIRM often is on hand to expedite pile-up procedures
 K.2TDI finds the new s.s.b. outfit of CT3AV quite workable around $14,280 \mathrm{kc}$., 2000 GMT VQ8BC anticipates a 30 -month Mauritius sojourn, according to K2UYG. He's (i3JKI when home (CR4AX becomes CT1RX once more, and K9VRV/4 feels his fluent Einglish will be sorcly missed by Cape Verde hunters.-- -:-"ZS6IF says a lot of DXpeditions hy central and north Africa amateurs are in the works to coincide with the ARRL Test." relays W8KX . - . .... .... W4MXL's friend EABBA expects to be active for several months with 100 watts of s.s.b. on 14 Mc. . - .-. - "Loosks as though I won't make that $24,000-\mathrm{QSO}$ total I set out for when I came to Liberia in 1959," calculates LL4A (W7VCB). "Equipment


UAØFG often finds his way into our monthly activity listings from vast far-off Siberia. (Phofo via W7DJU)
breakdowns and poor conditions make things rough. A few of usare trying a local evening net on 3.7 Mc . Plenty of band space not in use in this part of the world, for most Africa stations are not designer to include 40 and 80 meters." Ken has s.s.b. inclinations nearing the planning stage k81XZ reports 5.A4TR QRT and Stateside Africa ondments courtesy VERON and WCDXC: VL9KR's favorite tF8CW spots are 14,070 and $21,070 \mathrm{kc}$ for c.w.; 14.290 and 21.405 kc ., phone. He may try his DX for c.w.: 14.290 and $21,405 \mathrm{kc}$.. phone. He may try his D. (ZF4,IN) joins VQ9TED's Sevchelles-based campaign, and VQ9FIB may be Chagos-bound come May. . . . Ex-HB9RS intends an emphatic ET3R.S carcer.

Oceania - ZL2BX, a familiar log entry with the old DX school, will visit our shores in May. W5NZE, whose GTH is on Bob's itinerary, says ZL2BX will hit California first, then Texas, New Orleans. Miami, New Fork, and finally Europe before return to Wellington. He writes W5NZE: "This is something for which I have waited all my life. Now it becomes possible, for I have been granted leave of absence for six months from the organization that has supported me for almost forty years." ........ - KZUYG linds FU8AC readying for a 14 - and 21-Mc. phone and e.w. kirk, and learns that somebody crassly appropriated FU8AA's call for $14-\mathrm{Mc}$. c.w. nonsense a year ago. FU8AE is expected back in the condominiurn but soon
If a VR5 shows up from Tonga, K2U YC feels ex- $\bar{Y} \dot{L} \overline{5} \dot{A} \bar{E}$ may be at the bottom of it ....... KX6BQ, through W6KPC, promises to have his new triband beam beaming on 14, 21 and 28 Mc. regularly 'taixt 2100 and 1200 (iMTT. s.s.b. . ... K5CDA/mm has a Pacitic 1) X hall ahoard ss Penn Shipper. One interesting DX piece: W6MJF/mobile, tooling along at it m.p.h. on 7019 kc . Any looppler, MIax?...-. KRGKF offers revised rules for the okinawa Amatcur Radio Club Award, a certification based on five, ten, or twenty-five confirmed KR6 QSOs ..........."New record last week!" explodes VR2BC. "One W'A6 phone called me 49 times without pause, then signed his own call twelve times. Naturally I didn't even consider coming back to him.

Thrre's wothing like a snappy 3-by-3 to get results." (ireg and WGUYE list VR2s AP BJ and DK now on single sidehand with VR2DO about to give a mode a whirl Pacifigrams via VERON and WGDXC: VK8TB (WMUPF) is making CR1ø overtures. . . VR6AD, $21,045 \mathrm{kc}$., is said to be former ZLIJ'T. ...VE7ZM feels fit for his British Phoenix fling this month.
Europe - U.S.A. call-area c.w. leaders in the 1960 Firench Contest are W1WY. WAㄹDGG, W3YHR, W4HQN, V5LCF. W6BIL, W7PQE, W8AYS, K9GVE and W6MCX. with VE1FK leading the Canadian contingent. No W/K/$V E$ phones applied. This vear's REF affair has its phone week end on the 15 th and ifth of next month, commencing 1400 GMT and closing 2200 the following day. Exchanges will be the nsual RS001, RS00\%, etc.; one point is earned for each l'station (F FA FB FC, etc.) contact per band, this total to be multiplied by the sum of French departments per hand, plus DUF List countries per band (H's will indicate these in QSOs) and logs go to REFF. B.P. +1-01, Paris

DARC (Germany) holds its biemmial convention st. Dortmund on May lyth-2ind. DL4BS states that this affair has bloomed into quite an international blowout. So. if you plan to be on the Continent in mid-Nay, by all means drop around. And buzz RSGB's ( $\because \because B V N$ when passing through London town.......-Via kifBX: KgGHK is orranizing a group Amateur 'Tour of Europe to run from the 2 ind of April through May 10th. If you have the time, a spare kilobuck and a yen to give western Europe a thorough going-over with the spotlight on ham radio, this is for you Pursuers of USKA's elnsive Helvetia N'III certification may be interester in M8PL's research to the effiect that $H B Y_{s} B Q$ and $Y D$ hail from Unterwalden canton, HB9WY from Uri :-. - LZ1 KSF staffman I.Z1HA is DX editor of Bulgarias Jadio and T's periodical. Thanks to K9.AMC, Todor will have a WeEWL s.s.b. exciter and H()110 receiver ready for IJX action soun ......- $\mathrm{I}^{\prime} \mathrm{E} / \mathrm{VOs}_{\mathrm{s}}$, ucky rascals, are invited to participate in RSGB's British Empire Radio Union Contest on the 11th and 1こth of this month beginning 0001 ( MMT, Saturday, and ending 2354 on Sunday. This c.w.-only affair has the customary RSTOO1, RST002, etc.. serial exchanges and there's an interesting Ris-watts-and-less class set aside for QRP sportsmen. Cheek with RSGB immediately for details on filing your results before the April 1st deadline. W' Ks need not apply, darn it. and let's not badger the Commonwealth folk during their unnual farflung "SS" varty ..... KtPll writes from Had fissengen where he hoves to be signing a DL call before long. Meanwhile Charles keeps his code speed shiny by duties as an Army c.w. operator using R-288 receivers and BC-610 senders....- (iI3KVQ welcomes inquiries about the WAGI certitication, a sheepskin available to North Americans who confirm single contacts with Countics Antrim, Armagh, Derry and Down, plus a QSO with either Co. Tyrone or Co. Fermanagh, all communication dating after $1958 . .$. - Some sections of the Azores are swapping mains from 110 to $2 \because 0$ volts. K8IXZ, on the scene, says TT: AC AK and BO must modify their gear accordingly, no easy stunt in view of the longstanding CT: electronic parts shortage . ......- -F 7 s AW and HC have a whopping 100-ft.-high terminated rhombic at their disposal, something they'll surely miss when they respectively return to K 5 LXK and W5VY'. teletype suciety whereof $\dot{G} \overline{2} \dot{U} \vec{K}$ is secretary, claims a menbership of 66 . A recent club newsletter lists RTTX activity by FOLQ. G 28 FGD UK, about twenty (i3s, GM8FMI, TG9AD, VK3KF, ZL311.J and ZS1FD -.... European addenda thanks to VERON and WCiDXC: UA1s ZEA and 7.EC are heginners said to be licensed but inactive in Franz bosef Land. . . . Kaliningrad is available through UAs $A C$ and KAW on 40 c.w., KAK on $\because 0$ c.w., and AO on 14Mc. c.w. and sideband.

New OHŋs NE and NF disport QRP on to and 15 meters.

South America - looks like a lively lixpeditionary scason upcoming on the north-sunth path. W9EVI \& Co. are meshing gears for their Malpelo thrust, and W8KX mentions a (dalapayus sallon by HC'IJU and colleagues as HC8JUTHC9JU. The Ecuadorians hope to better the $1200-$ GSL batch dispatched after their similar undertahing a year
ayo .-. .... CPSEA s (j0-ft.-high triband rutary sprays fock of a.m. and s.s.b. signals statesward ou 15 and $\because 0$ 10-B, BC-458 and 814 linear start tilings off . . . . . - The HKøHCA team - 3200 contacts with 75 colintries on sideband and c.w. in late November - consisted of HKøAI, Y'N1s CAA CK SK TAT, V8NWO and K8NZD ...... VERON declares that LU1ZC ( $20 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{w} ., 1930$ GMT) serves a decidedly delicious South Sand wich with relish.

Hereabouts - 'The W9-1)XCC aggregation, whose ate-summer banquet meetings in Chicago have gained wide fame, now is headed up by president W9.JUV and committeemen W'9s ABA EVI FJB FKC GRV and WYB. Gee - hamdom, the world of DX especially, and "How's DX?" in particular lose two fine gentlemen with the passing of W2GVZ and KP4KD .-....-W3s AEM ITW. Kys (iZN and CiZO join forces on a tour of the Curibbean for visits with HH:OOT and other DXers down that way ....- W6KG's late-1960 1)X cruption as KL 7 KC netted four kilocontacts. Lloyd has a challenging certification available for sheepskin-chasers. It's based on confirmed QSOs with one operator (or family) under different assigned calls. Consult WhKG for the tine points
$V P \equiv V B / m m$ nearly lost another Yasme to the watery elements aftor his recent FO8AN QSO binge. Daniel put into San Diego for repairs before continuing westward ......-"When I tinish reading, QSTV I ship it to friends in the eastern Europe region," writes s.w.1. E. Harnmill. W8KX seconds the motion, puinting out that postage is no more than fifteen cents. for printed matter to any part of the world
W8KX also fecls there shuuld be more phone data in the column. "Lots of stuff on phone that I haven't worked," says Walt. "so here gues an old c.w. hound over to 15 - and 20-meter voice." On the other hand. K:'TDI has just discovered c.w.'s DX efticacy after racking up a hundred-odd countries on phone. -. - - "May be moving to Belgium," states ǩfLAE. No use. Dick - those Sixes will still clobber you like lucals, Pike! The very first DX QSO for K9UCG was EPiÃ..... From 0700 (iNT, April $\because=\mathrm{nd}$, to $0: 200$ the 2.4 th, Eimac Radio Club will pass out Nevada contacts to the urerseas gang. Watch for Wisily 7 on (c.w.) $7005,14,065,21,065$ and $28,065 \mathrm{kc}$.; (s.s.b.) 7215 $1+315,1,+15$ and 28 , 665 kc . Separate kilowatts and a skyful of skyhooks are planned. 'A.m. phones are invited to zero our single-sideband frequencies and we will be happy to give them Nevada," suggest W6is FYM and UF .
K3MIJV/VO2 warns, "Our new Cioose Bay Amateur Radio Club house is nearly finished. Stand by for the grand r.f opening!'...... K?U'TC, K5.IWH, W7UVR and others independently tile pleas for improved W/K deportment on UX bands. Local cruss-town QSOs in prime lid regions of the higher-frequency phone bands, disregard of directional CQs, and generally boorish behavior are cited

Tis suil that if 4 B BPD and TO are considering further DNeditionary doings, and VP7BT (W6MHB) has his DX eve on st. Helena.

Ten Years Ago in "How's DX ?" - ARRL's 17th International 1) Competition has Jecves really hopnin in vour March, 1951 , column keynote - . . - On ifj meter WiBB's startling QSO with HCiJW is a prime first. EK1AO and OD3UB also are crussing the waters to the W/K/VE gank - ..... Eighty-meter men deal with HZ1 KE, KSts ACAI, VP5BM, VN1AA, ZD6R1) and YS $+A X-\ldots$. The mob un to goes after OEIBGI, TA3s FAS GVU, W1FXA/ KWG and $Z D+A B-\ldots$ - Twenty c.w. is juinmed by $A G D A G, A R 8 s$ AB AR, C9AA, EK18 AQ MD, E'TAX, FKS8AA, LX1s AS IOC JW MIBs AB VG, MP4AMO' PJ5OK, PK8 +OO SAA, ST 2 RD , VKis MD PG RF YG, Vis ?CP 7 NG, YI3s BZL ECU and Marion Island's ZS2MII .... Phone on $1+\mathrm{Mc}$. is the mode for FADAC EQ3FM, HZ1AB. VQGBFQ and IR1C_...... 'l'he top pres on 28-Mc. voice are MD $2 P J$, VR1E, W5OEU/KW's, ZSs TC and YH-...."Tidbits", liseloses that AC4RF is under political arrest. Also that plans are afoot to accelerate DX activity in Andorra, Guadeloupe, Monaco, seychelles, svalbard and Z:nzibar -.... Jeeves enthusias tically confuses TVI effects with causes, and there are purtraits of prominent British DX men (is 2MI 5F.A 5LI and $6 \%$ as contributed by roving cameraman W'2.AS.


A crowd-pleasing exhibit at famed Waseda University, Tokyo, was the amateur station set up and operated by JAls CMN CON CDY (left to right) and others during the school's annual festival in November. Ex-KN3IJP, on the scene to make this picture, commends the

JA gang's effusive hospitality.


## Correspondence From Members-

The publishers of OST assume no responsilility for statements made herein by correspondents.

## THANK YOU, BUD!

I It is with deep regret that I see the ARRL must end 1960 with the loss of A. L. Budlong. W1BUD, from its staff. Although I have never worked Bud on the air, nor do I know him personally, evidence of his labors are evident in prartically every day of my hamming, and activities as an Official Observer.

I want to make this my personal letter of thanks to Bud for his devotion to the greatest hobby in the world. There may be a man who can fill his chair on the ARRL staff, but he can never be replaced. Let us hope that Bud can fill his hours of retirement enjoying the fruits of his work on the air.
My best wishes to "Onehellofaswellguy," Bud, W1BUD. -...inry B. Huff, K'9.AUR, C'arlinville, Illinois.
(Editor's Note: The sentiments expressed in OM Huff's note are typical of several hundred letters received at $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{q}}$. which were bound into a book and presented to W1RUD.)

## PLAY IT SAFE

(1. This letter is to tell of an aecident. Christmas night. which came very close to being fatal. I had received a new transmitter to replare my old one. When I got home it was ahout 9:15 p.n. I was very anxious to get on the air, as can be expected. I turned on my equipment and reached up to turn on the lamp above my equipment. As I was doing this [ grasped the microphone with my other hand. The lamp had a short in it due to some of my fanlty wiring and 1 reeeived a 110 -volt shock. Luckily, the lamp was sitting on a ledge and due to the weight of my hand the lamp fell breaking the short . . . . Bruce $F^{\prime}$. Calkin, WAZKT'G. W'yckolf. $N . J$.

II is after near-calamity that I write this letter. The other dav, after coming home from bowling, I returned to a burning operating desk, and a smoke-filled room. The cause, - one electronic keyer, made by a very reputable manufacturer. It seems that a capacitor exploded, taking the rectifiers and power supply transformer with it. The kryer was not fused. Thinking about this for some time, and realizing how close disaster had come to my home and my parents, I was shocked to realize how many receivers and other electronic gear, not in the transmitter class, are not fused. Remember! A receiver may be only drawing a sinall amount of current while it is running properly, but a receiver malfunctioning can and will draw more current than a transmitter.

Don't rely on house fuses. A house fuse will usually take fifteen anperes; the malfunctioning apparatus may be only drawing ten amperes, but that is inore than enough to start a blaze, as I have sadly learned. Any equipment, no matter how small, which relies on an a.c. power supply, should be fused! - Gary M. Levin. 氏゙lC'CA, Śpringdale, Conn.
> "RESPOS"
> (1. A group of exceptionally courageous neople, victims of respiratory polio, and in many cases hopelessly incapacitated, call themselves "Respos," and have banded together through their own efforts as well as the efforts of a few unselfish and wonderful people who are unafflicted.

> A few of them are interested in amateur radio, and actually are operating at the present time. They would like to orkanize a group of "Kespo" hams; perhaps if enough interest could be developed a "Respo Net" could be started.
> 'I'o help to get this project started. I suggest that all interested ham "Respos" send me as much detail about their stations as possible. This could include:

> Name, address and call lette:s.
> l'ype of equipment used, and whether c.w., a.m. or s.s.b. Bands or frequencies which can be worked.
> Time available for working ham radio - that is, what
days and what times of the day can be used.
I shall correlate this information and then contact each one by mail, telling them how they can contact me on the air . . . Joel C. Carpenter, TYRYR. 32 Walnut St., Chagrin Falls, Ohio.

## STRONG SUPPORTER

II On the occasion of the 45 th year of QST, and my umpteenth renewal of my League membershin and subscription to QST, I wish to pass along mv felicitations for the good work yoll are doing in Weat Hartford. I am not the most active ham in Cumberland County, Maine, but I sure am among the most ardent. I feel very strongly that the ARRL is doing excellent work, and I strongly urge you to continue your forward motion.

Tremendous strides have been made over the span of my own ham activity. and the place of amateur radio in our scheme of things seems ever more secure. Yet, some of the things I hear on the bands distress me, and I feel that now, more than ever, is a time for strong leadership and good planning if this activity is to continue to keep its values. -- Arthur Ouens, W'1ECM. S'carónrough, Maine.

## CW/M

( I think c.w. is tops and it has its place but mobile e.w. (Dec. QS'T') is carrying it a bit far. You have heard people arguing how dangerous "one arm driving" is. but c. $\mathrm{rr} . / \mathrm{m}$ well! is an 18-year-old student 1 can't really speak from experience, but can you fellows honestly say that you do not need both hands on the wheel and complete thought in your driving: With Katashi doing 70 m.p.h., mobile c.w., you can bet I will stay out of the road! - K'eith Lamonica, WAGCYT, APO, New York, New York.

## SELECTIVE CQ'S

© Since I received my General license in October I have operated mostly $75-$ meter phone. T'o my amazement I very irequently hear a particular amateur calling " $C Q$, no WAs, no s.s.b., Class-A operators unly, no phonetics," etc.
This same amateur has another side hobby of seeing how many amateur licenses he can help to have suspended with his cute way of taping every minor mistake his fellow amateurs make on the air. In my opinion this person should not even be allowed the privilege to operate a station. - Chuck Hummel, WARLTX, Binghamton, New York.

## IN A RUT?

(1) After operating c.w. and a.m. phone and mobile c.w. and a.m. phone for twenty-six years. I have come to a conclusion: a rather large percentage of all my QSOs have been of a sterentyped and routine nature.

As a $95 \%$ c.w. man, I am forced to admit that this conclusion was reached after having a few QSOs on s.s.b. phone, where I found that because of the VOX provision built into the equipment used by a very high percentage of the s.s.b. stations, the QSiOs were definitely non-routine. It anpeared to me, in fact, that a sort of compulsory break-in operation prevailed and that once the operator became accustomed to it, he used the system quite efficiently.

Tell me that I'm wrong, that our c.w. and a.m. QSOs are not routine, and that you, as an operator, really know something about the fellow with whom you have had a QSO or two! In short, pat me un the head and tell me 1 shouldn't have these negative thoughts. - S. T. McNeal, W'GLDJ, Santa Ana, California.

## SOLD!

(1) Thought you might be interested in knowing how I made out with my Kam-ad, which was in Dec. QST'.
(Continucd on page 132)

# 12 <br> Operating <br> News 

F. E. HANDY, WIBDI, Communications Mgr. GEORGE HART, WINJM, Natl. Emerg. Coordinator JOHN F. LINDHOLM, WIDGL, Asa't. Comm. Mgr., C.W.

ROBERT L. WHITE, WIWPO, DXCC Nwarde

ELLEN WHITE, WIYYM, Ras't. Comm. Mgr., Phone

## LILLIAN M. BALTER, WIZJE, Adminiatrative Xide

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A year ago in this column we noted the steady gains in popularity in keeping FCC logs in 24hour time ( 0000 to 2400 ). We concluded a discussion on Voluntary Use of GMT: "In DXing everybody who gets any place uses Greenwich Time . . To be understood internationally, reference to a single time meridian is the ultimate in good sense."

We hardly foresaw that our League's Board of Directors would at the May meeting unanimously recommend Greenwich Mean Time -- or that it would be acclaimed by officials and appointees, or get well nigh unanimous use in the popular November Sweepstakes. For those amateurs just getting in the swing of using GMT we have a major article coming up next month. Operating News of August ' 60 QST devoted some space especially to discussion of GMT and why we should use it. This was followed up in November QST by explaining the letter system for designating Greenwich and other time zones. The subject in our January ' 61 issue was confined to a reminder about dates in GMT logging. Enough has been said so that anyone interested should find it easy to start radio use of Greenwich Time. Our question posed this month is "Can we now help further?"

Putting one's station clock on GMT is one of the most convenient ways to get the shack in step with the times and make direct logging a cinch. We've been thinking of those that might be helped by a conversion chart showing Greenwich and each of our major time zones, patterned somewhat after the chart we gave in August $Q S T$ in these pages. If you think an ARRL Operating Aid card would be useful, send us an amateur radiogram or a postal card saying so, and we'll see what can be done in that direction.

On Improving Operating Practices. The SCM of Oregon, W7JDX, reports that a number of operators have the bad habit of leaving off the W when giving their calls on the air. This is especially true on v.h.f., he says. FCC cites amateurs frequently for this one. There is no substitute for the full call as required at the beginning and end
of communications. In the course of a QSO, references to nicknames or parts of a call may be admissible but not for the official signing of your station. See that your FCC-required identifying call including prefix and numeral is given correctly and completely. Almost weekly this and other examples of poor operating appear in our mail. We'll therefore make the New Year an excuse for selecting one or two points to mention in each of several operating fields. Probably we're all guilty at times of general faults such as careless transmitting without first checking a frequency to see that it is clear. Other difficulties apply just to certain groups.

In the DX field there's nothing quite so futile as "transmitting blind." Have you heard amaters calling a DX station, when this station is already calling CQ or a specific station? We guess such calls have to be from wishful or neophyte DXers of the type that have heard someone else call a station but not located the station itself! The chances of success are negligible. Let's have none of it. Also according to our correspondence, superposing calls on somebody else's transmission is not universally the popular thing to do. Operators in DX countries can discourage this by selecting stations that show proper courtesy and behavior to call and work. $\overline{\mathrm{KN}}$, "Go ahead specific station, others keep out," is a positive ARRL recommendation that, we think, should be more universally used. At the end of any transmission it indicates that calls from stations other than indicated in the call are not desired and will not be answered. Strict observance of the injunction by all other than the station addressed will do much to permit 100 per cent contacts to be completed so there will be more time for other stations (including yourself) to be worked. For this and other DX points, ask for ARRL Operating Aid No. 5, the DX Operating Code.

Spread out can be excellent operating advice to improve the chance of making contact, both for h.f. DXers and the v.h.f. worker. We appeal to DXers across the sea to make greater use of $U$ and D, such as "19U" to mean "call ten kc. up from my frequency." One must follow through,
and never violate the instruction he has given by answering calls that are close to one's own frequency. The meaning only works as well as your faithful living up to your statements!

Novice Goals. In an issue of its Club Bulletin the Bayonne Amateur Radio Club sets forth some possible reasons why some Novices (or TN's too) fail to make their General Class. It is indeed to be deplored when newcomers fall short of goals and thus never come to realize the full measure of DI and traffic work and country-wide hamming that is within reach. Here's what the BARC has to say on the subject.
"An amateur's goal should be a General Class license. The Novice must have some ham interest or he would not have studied at all. He invests in a station. If he fails his equipment is of no value. Most learn enough theory to pass. Some fail because unable to reach the required $13 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. As soon as many Novices get tickets they grab a mike . . . imbued with the idea that a year is a long time to get the code speed up there. But the longer one waits the less chance he has to become a General Class licensee.
". . . When a Novice joins a club he should not be permitted to operate any phone equipment in the Novice bands. Every organization that encourages this operation on voice is doing the Novice an injustice, contributing to his possible failure. A Novice should build his code speed to at least $15 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. to insure a little leeway when taking the exam, limiting the man's chance to be a real and full amateur . . . FCC might well require Novices to operate on c.w. - only for the one year license and then every Novice would probably become General Class. At any rate, Novices would do well to take heed and stay on c.w. for one year, or at least until code speed permits passing the General Class exam. Each Novice should work c.w. only, if really out for that ticket. He should have one thought in mind constantly: GET GENERAL CLASS BEFORE ALL ELSE." -.... W2GKE.
DX Test (2nd Period): Phone Mar. 3-5, C.W.
Mar. 17-19.
How did you find the DX in the February sessions of the 27 th ARRL International DX Com-
petition? We hope it was never better! Both to give you a chance to pick up some missing countries and multipliers, and to help surmount or circumvent any unfavorable propagation conditions, this '61 DX Contest in the usual pattern provides second phone and c.w. periods in March. Full DX Test rules appeared in January QST', if you need to review them or are starting new at this time. In case you had an equipment disaster. or got sent away on a business trip or had other complications and couldn't make it in February, here is another chance. Try to work some new DX. or renew contacts with some of the DXers you have worked in past years in this current fray. It's a test of what your station can do with DX, and if you're well up the list you can listen a lot and wait out the rare ones. We hope you find new fun, new stations, and can roll up a good score for your ARRL, Section -- or your country, in case you are the DN! Send in your score to ARRL, please, as soon as the fracas is over. We'll need it to give you the credit due you, and small scores as well as large are needed to make complete crosschecking possible. Once again, luck and DX.
$-F . E . H$.

## BRIEFS

Concerning the September VHF QSO Party, as reported in December QST, K9LBQ was incorrectly listed under the Illinois Section. His 424 points leads the Wisconsin section for the contest, gaining him the Section Award.

Regarding the Field Day results as reported in December QS'T, the top four-transmitter class score was submitted by W2OYH/2, the Morris Radio club. Their corrected score should read 1551-A-30-14,283, FB!


RACES has a decal. So has MARS. It's about time the AREC has one too, so here it is. A black-and-white portrayal dnesn't really do it justice, but it does give you an idea of the design. The design is hy W1JMY, assistant circulation manager of QST who also had a hand in designing the RACES emblem.


The AREC decal is in traditional ARRL colors, gold on black background, similar to the ARRL emblem itself. In hlack-and-white portrayal, of course, this comes ont white on black. It is intended for use on AREC equipment and mobiles, and although there is no charge for it, you don't get it just for the asking. You get it from your EC only, for signing up in the AREC and/or being active therein. ECs have strict orders not to take these decals to club mectings. hamfest or conventions and leave them where all can help themselves. They are given out only when they'll be used and when their use means something.

We visualize the AREC decal and the ARRL decal (10c) appearing together, maybe along with a RACES decal, on cars equipped with mobile amateur radio equipment.
The design of this decal is now the official AREC emblem. Some time back, members of the Cuyahoga County (Uhio) AREC group got us started on this by submitting a number of suggestions and drawings. We don't recall what got them started on it, but in passing their suggestions around and discussing the matter among a number of staff members, we eventually devised a set of maxims for such an emblem: (1) It should contain the letters AKEC prominently. (2) It should include the words for which AREC stands. (3) It should indicate ARRL's sponsorship. And (4) it should symbolize communication - if possible, emergency communication in the public service. All of the Cleveland group's suggestions met one or two of these maxims, but none of them covered all. So we started doodling. By the time the above was adopted, we had dozens of ideas, something wrong with each one. Well, to make a long story short (you can't please everyone), the design finally adopted had the biggest majority approval. We hope you like it.

## -••-

Fellows, do the surrounding pages seem to you strikingly devoid of illustrative material" They do? Well, then, how the dagnab about sending in sonething we can use to decorate them with? Pictures are always welcome. Anybody have any good cartoon ideas? If so, let us have them and we'll see about having Gil draw them up.

In the list of amateurs participating in the South Dakota storm emergency (Feh. QST, p. 77), we note that after the list of $K \emptyset$ s, we start off with more $K \emptyset$ s. This is an error; the

## NEW NET DIRECTORY AVAILABLE

The anuual cruss－indexed net directory is late this year，but it will certainly lie available long before this appears in print．If it isn＇t，we＇ll eitt copy． stencils and all．By now，the requests on fand will have been tilled and well be ready for additional requests．

There is no automatic mailing of the net direc－ tory．It＇s too bulky and expensive to throw copies away．Copies are sent upon request only．The di－ rectory is arranged alphabetically by name of net， alphabetically by name of nets within states or VE provinces，and by frequency from low to high．In－ formation on each net includes operating frequency． davs，time（both local and GMIT），call of net man－ ager，purposc，approximate duration，net designa－ tion and coverage－where this information is sup－ plied by the registrant，of rourse．

If you want a euny，yoll may have it for the ask－ ing from the ARRL Communications Department．
second series of calls are WOs．Also，IVGSCT owns un to two errors in the list：the first call listed should be K0．AIE，not KOQIE，and in the second gromp of calls $\operatorname{DFC}$ should be K $\mathrm{F}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ．

Then，along comes WA2DAC to tell us that he left W3BWF／2 out of the list of annateurs participating in the B－52 crash search（same page，next column）．
so who＇s perfect？
On Nov． 11 two men were overcome by gas at a resurt cabin in Newberry，Mich．K8PNA，the wife of the resort owner，euntacted Ki8KIT．Who notified state police and aid was immediately summoned．No other means of communi－ eation was available．Cooperation on 3920 kc ．was something to be proud of．＂－K＇\＆KIT．

On Nov． 21 a serious Hood condition in Southern Oregon disrupted telephone communication at the Medford airport． EC $k 7 J Q S$ was asked to supply communications for the Weather Bureau to outside points．A group of amateurs were alerted and for three days performed the necessary service，until telephone communication was restored．Other m mateurs who served：$\kappa 77_{s} \mathrm{HOZ}$ HBA IQS， $\mathrm{H}^{r} 7_{s}$ VIL IGW OLL QFK VOR WHY MCY．－－WYJDX，SC．M Oregon．

On Dec． 3 a group of AREC members in the Portland， Ore．，area．provided communication in a search for the body of a murdered woman．Net control was W7PXX，others including K7s BKS CSI IMIH（iJQ，if7s TIB WHN．．．．． W7．JDL゙，SCM Oregon．

On the evening of Dec． 8 ，freezing rain started descending in the are：s aronnd Koswell，N．M．After the ice coating had taken care of most communications facilities，from 12 to 18 inches of snow were dumped，snarling up tramsportation as well．On the morning of Dec．9．K5IQL was asked to try to get weather repurts for a local broadcast station．By 0700 the repular liriday session of the Breakfast Club Net was in action，with W5WPA as NCS．He remained on the air the entire day while more than 100 stations checked in to handle emergency traflic．W5VX took over at night，while powerfil stations in Oklahoma and Louisiana protected the frequency（ 3838 kc ．）．All sorts of emergency，welfare and routine trallic was handled for the state highway depart－ ment，news services and Western Union．The town of Tatum was completely without power，and consequently without water；K＇5QCP，in nearby Lovington，arranged for the dispatch of emergency pumping equipment．The team of KinCDL and K5CDAI represented Truth or Consequences from their chilly basement，where marooned truck drivers were able to get word to their headquarters and relatives． El Pass and Albuquerque were the destination points for much of the traffic，and these cities were well represented， with K5ZPS in El Paso doing a lion＇s share of the work． Others mentioned for outstanding work are W5MIYM and K57WWI．Most of the intra－state tratfic was handled on 3838 kc. ，while traffic to and from out－of－state points went ton the higher bands．A creditable performance by New Mexico and Texas amateurs in a real emergency．－$\dot{K} \delta I Q L$ ． SCM New Merico and Ḱs I＇LII，EC Sierra County，N．M．

You probably remember reading about the CC － X that erashed in Brooklyn，N．Y．on Wec．16，after colliding in mid－air with a T＇WA Constallation．RACES units were ordered to man their stations and wait for orders，and at 1130 W2VYE arrived with his radio－cquipped car at the edge of the disaster and waited for an opportunity to be of service．At noon，Kinges C＇ounty KC K2OVN arrived at borough control and activated the two and ten meter nets． Ked Cross Station 52 QQDB requested communication with the field workers at the scene of the disuster，so W2VYE moved in and provided this service in a highly elficient manner．

Operators at the control station were 反2s DBNI OVN SIIF，WA2s FMIF IMIM．Active on the two meter net were K゙Zs QQH／2 OHH／2 UAG DNY，WンLDC（2－meter EC）and WA2GAB．Operating the Red C＇ross station LizQDB were $K z *$ Q．AI JFL．W2BN．By 1600 telephone lines had been installed and all units were released．－KZO V＇N，EC Kinus Conniy，N．Y．

On Dec．11，AREC members of the Huntsville（Ala．） Amateur Kadio Club participated in a Christmas charity drive．Base stations were established on 75 and 6 meters at the local c．d．office and mobile units were dispatched to all sections of the city from this location．In the after－ noon the lucal TV station donated a spot to the anateurs during which the public was given an idea of what was guing on，W4NIQ／mobile was shown receiving a dispatch－ ing call from the c．d．othce and $\mathcal{H} 4 G T Q$ made an appeal to the public to＂keep donating．＂Sixteen amateurs took part．


Michigan SCM W8FX sends us a copy of the vear－end report submitted to him by EC W8ELR of Oakland County． In turn，we thought you might like to see what a good EC does during the year to keep his group on its toes．Howard lists twelve succial activities，in addition to regular sehed－ uled weekly nets on 10,6 and 2 meters．Total amateur par－ ticipation in the 147 activities during the year was 1744 ＂sorties＂（we assume a＂sortie．＂in this case，is one amateur participating in one activity）．Some of the special activitics included a motoreycle race，a banquet，election night news coverage，AREC－sponsored programs to county clubs and high schools，an AREC county directory，preparation and distribution of four major articles for newspupers，broad－ cast station publicity，technical advice and assistance to AREC members，distribution of several hundred copies of the booklet＂Noise Reduction for Mobiles，＂continued work on production of an AREC movic，building and instul－ lation of AREC R．TTY stations，and building of a portable ＂demonstrator＂RTTY station along with a film strip and synchronized tape for demonstrating both to amateur groups and the generul public．We take off our hats to you，Ifoward． That＇s quite a program！

November reports were received from 31 SEC 8 ，repre－ senting 12,538 AREC members，a substantial increase in both respecte over the same month in 1959．SECR reporting： Ont．，Mich．，Maritime，Santa Clara Valley，É．Pa．，N．N．J．， Md．－Del．－D．C．，Wis．，Okla．，La．，Minn．，Iowa，S．Dak．， N．＇Texas，E．Fla．，Colo．，Utah，Nevada，Ore．，Wash．，San ．Ioaquin Valley，E．Bay，Kans．，Maine，$N$ Y C－I，I，Ohio， E．Mass．，S．Texas，Gu．，San Diego，Indiana．Incidentally， San Dicgo adds another to the total sertions heard from in 1959，making it now 42！

## RACES News

Amateurs of the Champlain Valley AREC and Clinton Comnty，N．Y．，RACES combined for partiripation in civil defense Operation＂Go Home＂at Peru，N．Y．．on leec．7．Champlain Valley AREC and
 Clinton County RACES are identical units under two different names．＇Ihis time they operated as RACES．The alert sounded at 1425 ，and within five minutes all schools in the area had been contacted through R．ACES farilities． ＇ l ＇wenty anateurs took part using their RACES identification（units of W2OZY） and relayed information on the progress of the evacuation back to the control station．Twenty－ three messages were passed in regular c．d．form．－－．． IF．AZD．AC，Asst．RO，Clinton County，N．Y．


Some of us traltic men take quite a lot upon ourselves. Recently, we received a letter telling us that a traflic man notified an originator of cancellation of a message because he "failed to see any reason why he should mail a message of such content."

Well, we cau think of one very good reason - that he accepted the message and receipted for it and thereby assumed responsibility for its delivery or relay. The fact that he at least informed the originating station that he was cancelling it is in his favor: but the fact that he did cancel it after having accepted it, thereby making it impossible for anyone to deliver it (could be others aren't quite so fussy, you know) indicated that this traffic man not only refused to deliver it himself, but by cancelling it took it upon himself to judge that it should not be handled at all.

We have been over this before, but let's have another go at it. First of all, we have scant sympathy for operators, stations or nets which read the texts of messages received (which are none of their business) and pass judgment on whether they are important enough to handle. Our job is to ropy the message, not read it and interpret it. However, this is still a free country and no amateur has to handle a message he doesn't want for whatever screwy reason even personal dislike for the originator. It's kind of a dirty trick, though, to let another station send you the whole thing, then tell him you won't accept it; almost as dirtyas peremptorily cancelling the message because in your judgment it's not important enough. If you're going to be choosy, better make sure the message suits your fastidious taste before you agree to handle it - that is, make sure it's not too long, too unimportant, too old, too commercialsounding, too garbled, that it has a complete address, and that it doesn't say anything you disagree with or don't understand.
Secondly, we'll admit that sometimes a lot of "junk" traffic is thrown on our nets and we don't like it any better than you do, personally. We all like to think we're doing something that's worth doing, and the perpetrators of such outrages are not doing the amateur tratfic-handling game any good. We can remonstrate with them, but onre the traffic has been originated we're stuck with it. Besider, it's usually less trouble to relay it, or even spend three cents to mail it, than to write the originating station a nasty letter or send him a nasty message.
Thirdly, statistics show that the amount of traffic being handled is showing a slight decline year by year, although the number of traflic men is on the increase. Thus, we all have a responsibility to originate traffic; but let's make it good traffic, not the kind of stuff that makes us feel that we are being played for a bunch of suckers.

Net reports (Dccember):

| $N e t$ | Sessions | Check-ins | Traffic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dixie Early Bird. | 29 | 579 | 329 |
| 75 Meter Interstate |  |  |  |
| Sideband. | 31 | 1265 | 1575 |
| 7290 Traftic. | 4.5 | 1851 | 1146 |
| N. E. Area Barnyard. . | 27 | 757 | 19 |
| Eastern Area Slow. | 31 | 234 | 143 |
| Early Bird Transcon. . | 30 | ... | 1284 |
| Teenage Fone. | 10 | ... | 37 |

National Traffic System. Warningl Bad conditions ahear. NTS nets in December, when the traffic was heavy, got their first real taste of operating under unfavorable propa-

Incoming SCM K2MFF (left) gets some information on what he's in for from outgoing SCM W2ZVW at the Annual Confab of the New Jersey net on Nov. 5.
gation conditions. We're glad to note that most of them rose to the challenge and, generally speaking, NTS nets did well. Of course, this is only the beginning. Conditions will vary from day to day. but the general trend will be downward. Skip will be long at night, comparatively short during the daylight hours. Twenty meters and below will do a complete fadeout after dark. Forty meters may do likewise at times. Early section nets on 80 may operate successfully, but late ones will surely be washed out (unless they shift to 160 meters), and region and area nets will have their troubles and many QNB's will be necessitated.

The solution? Well, there is none, really, unless we shift to 160 meters. Many faint-of-heart will fall by the wayside. We'll try the same things we tricd in the last "low cycle," such as try to organize on 6 meters for some of the smaller sections, start a morning section net. juggle times and schedules. But, all in all, conditions like the ones moming on are as ineritable as the winter snows (quiet, you guvs down sonth!). All we can do is our best, and that we will do, just is we did the last time.
December reports:
Representation

${ }^{1}$ Region net representation based on one session per night. Others are based on two or more.
${ }^{2}$ Section nets reporting: AENP, AENP Morn, AENO, AENB \& AENT (Ala.); QFS (Kans.); W. Fla. Phone; QMN (2 Mich. nets); WVN (W. Va.) ; BEN, WSSN, WIN (Wis.); FMITN, Gator, FP'TN (Fla.); Tenn. Phone \& Tenn. CW; S. Dak. C.W, NJQ \& S. Dak, 75 Meter Phonc; NEB (Nebr.); SCN (Calif.); MDDS (Md.-Del.-D. (.); NJN (N. J.); KYN (Ky.); SCN (S. C.); ILN (Ill.); SASK (Sask.) ; RISPN (R.I.) ; NHN (N. H.) ; CPN \& CN (Conn.); MISN, MJN, MSPN Eve \& MSPN Noon (Minn.).

3 TCC functions reported, not counted as net sessions.
Only one record broken this month: CAN crashes through with a new record rate for December. Considering the conditions we had to contend with, the nets did very well.
The IRN CW sessions reported 61 sessions, 1623 traffic total, 836 rate, 26.6 average, $77.77 \%$ representation1RN phone sessions reported 51 sessions, 243 traffic, . 175 rate, 4.7 averuge and $63.72 \%$ representation. A "good show" on 2 RN , which exceeded totals for last December. W3UE reports slightly less traffic but much stronger organization on 3 KN compared with last year. Tennessee was the only section with $100 \%$ representation on 4 KN . RN5 certificates have been issucd to K5s JFP MVI USE DU.J and W5LR; W5CEZ is assistant net manager and

esprit de corps is of the highest．Many net reports were missing on RN6．A new Saskatchewan CW Net is now re－ porting into RN7；W7QLH says that bad conditions ac－ counted for tive washed－out sexsions．W8DAE reports that．8RN shows steady improvement，with increased rttendance and higher traffic totals．W9DO reported the $9 R N$ data in the ahsence of W9\％YK on mid－winter vaca－ tion．TEN certificates have been awarded to 1108 MRS QFF UKU MAU IVQ DVW，I＇Os ISJ PET DUA BYV； lowa and Minn．are the topnotchers，but Manager WBLCX is making an effort to step up represputation of other ste：tions．With longer skip，ECN is getting hetter represen－ tation from the Maritimes，but more QRM from other nets．K $6 E D I I$ is bowing out of the TWN managership after a very successful term；the Piacific Area Staff will recommend a new manager．W9DYG has done an excellent job keeping things soing according to plan on CAN，under somewhat difficult circumstances；he even turned down a chance to hecome Wisconsin SCM．It＇s no pienic running an area net spread out like PAN，but ligEDİ reports things going well with an excellent stati．

Transcontincntal Corps．Station B（Eastern to Pacific） is having a high percentage of failures as twenty meters goes to hed early．Nost of the＇ICC stations makie extra schedules when traffic is heavy and cannot be handled in time availahle．
l）erember reports：

| Arca | Functions Siuecessful |  | Trattic | Out-nf-N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eastern． | 102 | 88.2 | 2174 | 1：383 |
| Central． | 93 | 02.5 | 5292 | 2511 |
| Pacific． | $1 \because 1$ | 81.0 | 3499 | 1760 |
| Summar | 316 | 86.7 | 10895 | inist |

The TCC roster：Eastern Area（WisMU，Mgr．）－IV 18 AW EMG N．JM OBR SMU WEF，IV．AZs APY COO， K゙シュ SSX UFT UYW，W3WG，if $4 s$, DV゙T PNM，W8UPH， VE2AZI，VE3CWA．Central Irea（WøBDR，Mgr．）－．．． KitAKP，W．9s（XY DO DX゙G KYK．WOs LCX BDR SCA．Pacitic Area（W6EOT，Mgr．）－W5ZHN，Kós ZY\％ GID DYX，I＇6s EOT ELQ HC WPF QMIO，$H^{\circ} .468$ OAQ ATB IIZM GFK，K7NWP，Irys GMC ZB HII DZX， IVøs WME KQD FEO，Køs EDH EDE゙ CLS／6．

| BRESS POTNDERS LERGEE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Winners of BPL Certlicate for December Trailic： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ciall Orig． | rect． | hel． | mel. | Total | Call irtg． | Recrd． | Riel． | rib． | Total |
| W3CUL ．．．． 501 | 5944 | 4822 | 1034 | 12301 | K2RHW ．．．． 369 | 1：31 | 110 | 9 | 619 |
| W0LGG．．．． 556 | 1470 | 1432 1647 | 54 | 3512 | IVA6CDD ．．．170 | 20：3 | 203 | 18 | 614 |
| W7BLVR．．．．．22 | 1775 | 1697 | $\checkmark$ | \％3502 | ぶ607J．．．．．．． 5 | 301 | 291 | 111 | 607 |
| WGLCX．．．．．． 76 | 14256 | 1114 | 149 | ＋928 | K7H1L．．．．．．． 5 | 292 | 274 | 18 | $5 \times 8$ |
| WOSCA．．．．． 26 | $12+2$ | $12: 37$ | \％ | ¢508 | W1EMIG．．．${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 291 | 264 | 43 | EX6 |
| WUBDR．．．． 1194 | 1157 | 1112 | $\ddot{\sim}$ | $\because 275$ | K6ZCR ．．．．55 |  | 175 | 99 | $5 \times 1$ |
|  | 11062 | $9 \times 7$ | 70 | \％ | K＋KWO．．．．． | 295 | 152 | 90 | ${ }^{2} 75$ |
| WYIDA．．．． 69 | 989 | 88 | 3 | 2043 | WOWME．．．．${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 275 | 269 | 5 | 572 |
| Kb（RK．．．． 70 | $9 \times 9$ | $\times 8$ | 84 | $20+1$ | W9IMN ．．．． 20 | 280 | 72 | 199 | 571 |
| htyJH．．．．． 196 | 969 | 767 | 61 | 2013 | K5SPD／1．．．． 7 | 276 | $2 \times 4$ | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 569 |
| Ktible $\cdot . .121$ | 9333 | \％15 | 218 | 1987 | K1AQE $\ldots . .34$ | 265 | $1 \times 2$ | $\times 3$ | 564 |
| W91）YG ．．． 173 | 776 | 675 | 43 | 1637 | WA2FBC．．．． 13 | $\because 74$ | 25 | $2 \%$ | 581 |
| W281jヶH．${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 612 797 | 6769 | $1: 34$ | 1649 | W9VAY ．．．．． 7 | 264 | 211 | 6 | 5\％x |
| V以2，LZI／W1． 16 | 797 | 762 | \％4 | 1599 | W．12GQ7．．．． 21 | 388 | $2 \times 9$ | 26 | 5.54 |
| K2brv．．．．120 | 720 | 600 | $11 \%$ | 15.58 | K＋URR，．． 155 | 193 | 1.60 | 43 | 8.51 |
| W3VR ．．．． 71 | 769 | 697 | 15 | 15.52 | W5ZHN．．．．．5 5 | 257 | 131 | 105 | 501 |
| W7DZX．．．． $1:$ | 735 | 670 | 62 | 1479 | W2APF．．．．ios | $\because 20$ | 11 | 20 | 545 |
| W6OHJ．．．．． 24 | 711 | 711 | 11 | 14.57 | K2UYW ．．．．． 20 | \％65 | 242 | \％ | 932 |
| W＇3EMIL．．．．．25 | 678 | 62：3 | 54 | 1380 | K9（VJ／4．．．．．32 | 2：34 | 19.5 | 71 | 5132 |
| WUTITR．．． 26 | 27 | 708 | 73 | 1334 | W＇6NRX．．．．．． 16 | 294 | 136 | 83 | 929 |
| K0ONK ：．． 115 | 566 | 6114 | 18 | 1303 | W0P70．．．．．． 14 | 259 | 204 | 52 | 529 |
| H2UAT．．．35：3 | 488 | 363 | 8 | 1292 | K9UGY．．．． | 240 | 229 | 25 | 527 |
| WRDAE．．．．． $5 \mathcal{L}$ | 6：3y | 425 | 145 | 1261 | K7NWP．．．．．．．．1 | －263 | 2.50 | －9 | 523 |
| WBIV8．．．．．${ }^{10}$ | 337 | $\times 70$ | 42 | 1259 | K61Yx．．．．．．． | 247 | 269 | 3 | $5: 1$ |
| 10HGI．．．．184 | 528 | 325 | 203 | 1240 | W3MFB．．．．．． 5 is | \％\％9 | 126 | 103 | 519 |
| W7PGY．．．．． 27 | 6013 | 55：3 | 46 | 1229 | K2dCY | 247 | 2：31 | 16 | S1\％ |
| 179DG ．．．${ }^{\text {L }}$ | 587 | $\bigcirc 73$ | 36 | 1218 | K7KBK．．．．．．10 | $25 ; 3$ | 245 | 9 | 517 |
| W6GYH．．．． 266 | 474 | 45.5 | $2 \%$ | 1217 | W6IsJ．．．．．${ }^{\text {be }}$ | 2 C | $1 \times 2$ | 16 | 515 |
| W4PL．．．．． 14 | 577 | 5124 | 13 | 1128 | WA2（！iç．．．．${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 256 | 2：36 | 20 | S13 |
| K1CIF，．．．． 8 \％ | 228 | 14.3 | 52 | 1110 | K4CNY．．．．．94 | 207 | 189 | 18 | 506 |
| K¢FiPT ．．．． 10 | 639 | $2 \times 4$ | 255 | 1088 | W0FFO．．．．． 42 | 242 | 1.51 | 71 | 506 |
| W6WPF．．．． 160 | 460 | 432 | 2 S | 1080 | W1TXL．．．．．． 4 | $\stackrel{13}{ }$ | 158 | 55 | 500 |
| W9．J（\％）．．．．．．． 8 | 522 | 529 | 1 | 1060 | W1TXL．．．．．．4t | 213 | 158 | 5. | suo |
| $\mathrm{K} 1 \mathrm{TTS} . . . . .15$ | 521 | 507 | 0 | 1043 |  |  |  |  |  |
| K28TRG ．．．53］ | 272 | 114 | 110 | 1027 | More－Than | －One－Op | rato | ation |  |
| W18MII ．．．．67 | 496 | 433 | 21 | 1007 | W6YDK．．．． 3276 | 1.18 | ：373 | 491 | 42.58 |
| K5OEA／1．．． 17 | 192 | 478 | 14 | 1091 | W6IAB．．．．． 70 | 9030 | 1988 | 12 | ＋130 |
| Kiscisu ．．．．． | 777 | 190 | 14. | $9 \times 2$ | K6MCA．．．． 135 | 1033 | 995 | 19 | 2182 |
| W40¢（3）．．．．9 ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 472 | 450 | 188 | 949 $\times 91$ | W6ZJB．．．． 379 | 626 | 576 | 26 | 1607 |
| K5WIC，．．．${ }_{\text {W9 }}$ | 406 $4: 3: 3$ | 368 414 | 38 | $\times 91$ $\times 73$ | BPL for 100 or | more orlol | ation | 43－delf | 1607 |
| WA6OAQ ．．．．27 | 409 | 404 | 11 | $8 \times 1$ | W4JSJ／4 268 | W1］WG | 135 | INR |  |
| K9RTE ．．．． 29 | $+11$ | $+10$ | 1 | 851 | K4COO 256 | W1FHP | 133 | YF |  |
| K4EHY．．．． 35 | 409 | 379 | 26 | $\times 49$ | K7BhH | W3KUN | 1333 | JW |  |
| Ki3HWX．．．．44 | 400 | 3 HO | 40 | $\bigcirc 44$ | $\mathrm{K4}$（1MC 234 | K3JYZ | 127 | DIL |  |
| kIGNR．．．．． 36 | 402 | 361 | ＋1 | 840 | WYDGA ご5 | VE2W T | 126 | QD |  |
| だ3HWP $\ldots . .48$ | 3！ 0 | 3.50 | 40 | 89：3 | WYGJs 207 | W1HJG | 124 | FFF |  |
| KıHVVL．．． 304 | 2.51 | 236 | 15 | 808 | W4MYA 202 | К3KP7 | 123 | RL |  |
| WV6SYQ．．．．．．x | 395 | 393 | 2 | 798 | K4DOR／VDU 200 | KILNA | 122 | NR |  |
| K0WWU．．．．26 | $2 \times 4$ | $1 \times 1$ | 103 | 794 | K3GMV 196 | K9CIL | 122 | DF |  |
| K5MIVI．．．． 103 | ：348 | 314 | 24 | 789 | ふ2．）EI 175 | W4FAT | 122 | AOD |  |
| W7ZB．．．．．．． 6 | 389 | 359 | 26 | 780 | K．3HRN ITI | KのRXF | 121 | VL |  |
| W7HUT．．．．．． | 353 | 372 | 11 | 768 | IV．A2CCF 164 | W6BHC： | 120 | CX |  |
| W2MTA／9．．．．61 | ：355 | 318 | 27 | 761 | K×KMQ 15.5 | WA2BNF | 117 | KD |  |
| W9TT．．．．．． 92 | 356 | $\because 15$ | 146 | 739 | KiWW3 151 | W4BAZ | 117 | R．V |  |
| W2EWV．．．．． 195 | 278 | 112 | 151 | 736 | W8EUU 144 | K4FSS | 117 | PK |  |
| バ2 UVFT．．．．．17 | 369 | 31.5 | 26 | 727 | WA2EJZ 143 | W8BZX | 117 | YU |  |
| W2RUF．．．．．．30 | ：375 | 189 | 126 | 7：0 | ḰbDCW 141 | W8RTN | 114 | UU |  |
| WhSCT．．．． 34 | 351 | 3225 | 10 | 720 | K1PFS 1：36 | K3CHH | 11.3 | te Rr |  |
| Ǩ9CA E．．．． 33 | 344 | 274 | 66 | 717 | K9IVG 133 | K3KDP | 110 | RP | ） 202 |
| W2 WZ B ．．．． W $_{7}$ | ：342 | $2 \times 7$ | 76 | 712 |  |  |  |  | ．） 202 |
| WAZGPT ．．．． 27 | 334 | ${ }^{67}$ | 258 | $6 \times 6$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| KUEISH．．．． 19 | 321 | 318 | 9 | 6i65 | More－Tha | One－ | arat | ation |  |
| VF3CIVA．．．． 166 | 264 | 191 | 34 | t．5．5 | KZ5JW 194 |  |  | W |  |
| WUZWWL．．．．．．33 | 4.51 | 10 $2 \times 9$ | 190 | 6.54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kも心DK．．．． 20 | 332 | 289 | 5 | 646 | BPL medallions | ee Aug． 19 | teurs | ．64） | been |
| K゙4PGH | 230 | 294 312 312 | 2 | 644 | listing：K2UAT，K | YGE, W | －urs | e las | nth＇s |
| KıITX， | \＄319 | ：311 | $\stackrel{3}{8}$ | 6.39 | The BPL is open | O all amat | ［rs |  |  |
| W6DTA．．．．．．ix | 303 | 314 | 2 | 637 | Canada，Cuba and | J．8．Posse | sions | repor | their |
| W3WRE．．． 51 | 292 | $9 \times 4$ | $\dot{8}$ | 83.5 | scMi a message tota | of 500 or | more or | 0 or |  |
| W2OF：．．．．122 | 269 | 186 | 53 | 630 | nations plus deliv | ries for a | $y$ ca | $a r$ m | 1．III |
| K゙\＆CIn／6．．．．．2y | ：316 | 276 | 4 | 6：30 | messages must be | handled | on ar | ur fr | encles |
| K5CAY．．．．． 17 | ：305 | 285 | 14 | 821 | within $4 \times$ hours of recer | ceipt，in s | andar | RKL |  |

## NATIONAL RTTY CALLING AND WORKING FREQUENCY

$3620 \mathrm{ke} . \quad 7140 \mathrm{kc}$.

## RTTY NOTES

Results of the R'TTY Sweepstakes of November 5 and 6 have been received from WGAEE of the RTTY Soricty of southern Californin. A tetal of 1.17 loga were subnutted with the top twelve seo:es shown below:


Sorry to say we received the dates of the 8th Anniversary RTTY SS Contest (Feb. 24-26) too late for inclusion in February QST.

## CODE PROFICIENCY PROGRAM

Twice each month special transmissions are made to enable you to qualify for the ARRL Code Proficiency Certificate. The next qualifying run from WLAW will be made Mar. 20 at 2130 Eastern Standard Time ( 0230 ( $2 M T$, Mar. 21). Identical tests will be sent simultaneously by automatic transmitters on $35.55,7080,14,100,21,075$, $28,080,50,900$ and $145,800 \mathrm{kc}$. The next qualifying run from W6OWP only will be transmitted Mar. 2 at 2100 PST ( 0500 GMT, Mar. 3 on 3590 and 7129 kc .

Any person can apply. Neither ARRL membership nor an amateur license is required. Send copies of all qualifying runs to ARRL for grading, stating the call of the station you copied. If you qualify at one of the six sueeds transmitted, 10 through 35 w.p.m., you will receive a certificate. If your initial qualification is for a speed below $35 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. you may try later for endorsement stickers.

Code-practice transmissions are made from W1AW each evening at 2130 EST ( 0230 GMT). Approximately 10 minutes' practice is given at each speed. Reference to tests used on several of the transmissions are given below. These make it possible to check your copy. For practice purposes, the order of words in each line of QST text sometimes is reversed. To improve your fist, hook up your own key and audio oscillator and attempt to send in step with W1AW.

Date Subject of Practice 'lext from January Qs' 1 ' Mar. 3: A Parametric Amplificr for 1296 Mc., p. 13
Alar. 7: "Bud" Retires, p. 11
Mar. 10: Not Just a Noveltu, p. 22
Mar. 16: Timing . . . Change-Over Sustem, p. 40
Mar. 20: A 4-400A Amplifier . . . , p. 33
Mar. 23: That Professional T'ouch, p. 65
Mar. 30: A Dead Art?, p. 55

## HIGH SPEED CODE TEST

The regular semi-anuual high speed code test, sponsored by the Connecticut Wireless Assn., Inc., is scheduled for Monday, Mar. $\geq 0$. at 0130 GMT (Sunday, Mar. 19 in all U.S. and Canadian local time zones). W1NJM will transmit simultaneously on 3637 and 7120 kc ., W6EOT will transmit syachronously on 7005 kc ., and we are hoping to get one or two additional stations to join in. The text will consist of five minutes of plain language at specds of $40,45,50,55$ and $60 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. beginning at $0145,0155,0205,0215$ and 0225 respectively. All transmitting stations will hit the air at 0100 for a half-hour call-up. Instructions start at 0130. l'o qualify at any speed, you have to copy one minut. or more solid out of the five minute transmission. Cony goes to WINJM
Speeds will be as accurate as possible, within the limits of equipment available, but they may not be right on the nose. It is best, therefore, to copy all you can of each transmission, marking the part you think is a minute or more solid at your best speed.
Practice at speeds of 15 through 65 w.p.m. continues each Monday at 0130 GMT over W1NJM $3637 / 7120 \mathrm{kc}$. Ciet some practice, so you can be at your best on Mar. 20.

Thisis not a part of the ARRL Code Proficiency program.

## W1AW OPERATING SCHEDULE

(All times are in Greenwich Mean Time - GMTT)*
WlAW is now on its Fall-Winter operating schedule. General operation covers all amateur bands on which W1AW has equipment. Novica periods include operation on 3.5, 7 and 21 Mc . (see footnote 2 in box, page 88, Nov. QST). Printed master schedules showing complete W1AW operation will be sent to anyone on request.
Opernting-Visiting Hours:
Monday thru Friday: 2000-0800 (following day).
Sunday: 0000-0730 and 2000-0330 (Mon.).
Exception: W1AW will be closed from 0800 Mar. 31 to 2400 Apr. 1 in observance of (iood Friday.

A map showing how to get from main highways (or from Hq. office) to W1AW will be sent to amateurs advising their intention to visit the station.

Official ARRL Bulletin Schedule: Bialletins containing latest information on matters of general amateur interest are transmitted on regular schedules.

Frequencies (kc.):
C.w.: 1820, 3555, 7080, 14,100, 21,075, 28,080, 50,700, 145,800 .

Phone: 1820, 3915, 7255, 14,280,** 21,330, 29,000, 50,700, 145,800.

Frequencies may vary slightly from round figures given: they are to assist in finding the WIAW signal, not for exact calitration purposes.

Times:
Monday thru Saturday: 0100 by c.w.; 0200 by phone.
Tuesday thru Sunday: 0430 by phone; 0500 by c.w.
(ieneral Operation: Use the chart on p. 88, Nov. QST, for times and frequencies for W1AW general contact with any amateur.
Code Profisicncy Program: Practice transmissions at 15, $20,25,30$ and $35 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and at 5, $71 / 2,10$ and $13 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Sunday are made on the above-listed frequencies (except 1820 kc .). Code practice starts at 0230 each day. Approximately 10 minutes of practice is given at each speed. On Mar. 20 and Apr. 18, instead of the regular code practice, WIAW will transmit certificate qualifying runs.
*W1AW schedule is shown in GMT ner recommendation of ARRL Board of Directors that use of GMT for amateur communications be encouraged. For AsT subtract four hours; for EST subtract five hours; for CST subtract six hours; for MST subtract seven hours; for PST subtract eight hours; for Ilaska time (central part) and IIawaii subtract ten hours. Don't forget to change the day (to previous day) when subtracting takes you through 0000 .
**Single sidehand.

## BRIEF

The scores of W3DQG for the October 1960 CD Party must be disqualified due to his non-appointment status at the time of the party. The top r.w. score from Eastern Pennsylvania was that of W3GYP with 150,255 points, and the top phone score was that of W3EAN with 4410.

## NATIONAL CALLING AND EMERGENCY FREQUENCIES (Kc.)

| 3550 | 3875 | 7100 | 7250 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 14,050 | 14,225 | 21,050 | 21,400 |
| 28,100 | 29,610 | 50,550 | 145,350 |

Juring periods of communications emergency these channels will be monitored for emergency traffic. At other times, these frequencies can be used as general calling frequencies to expedite general traffic movement between amateur stations. Emerщency trallic has precedence. After contact has been made the frequency should be vacated immediately to accommodate other callers.

The following are the National Calling and Emergency Frequencies for Canada: c.w. - 3535, 7050, 14,060; phone - 3765, 14,160, 28,250 kc.

## SUPPLEMENT TO NET DIRECTORY

The following list of nets will supplement and correct the listings on page 89 , Nov. QS' 1 ' and page 46 , Jan. QST. Most of theselistings also represent corrections or additions in the printed net directory (see announcement elsewhere). 'Inis brings the recurd up to date as of Jan. 17, 1961. Nets registered subsequent to this date will be included in the fiual May UST installment.

The listing that follows is subject to the same provisions, notations and instructions as previous listings. Sce January ( $\mathrm{S}^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ ', pare 86 , for full information.

Name of Net
Adams County CD Net (Nebr.) (ADCD)
After-the-Net Net (ATNN)
Abron O. C-D \& Disaster Net ${ }^{1}$
Alabama Teen Age Net (AENT) ${ }^{2}$
American Red Cross N. Y. 'itate Amateur
Radio Affiliated Mutual Aid Net
Ark. Emerg. Phone Net
Barry Amateur 50 Mc Net (Mich.)
Boise Valley 2 Meter Emerg. Net (ldaho)
Broward Six Meter Emerg. Net ${ }^{1}$
Burlington County 6 Meter AREC Net (N.J.)

Burlington County 10 Meter AREC Net (N. J.)

1 'apital City Net (Ont.)
Car.on County (Pa.) RACES Net
Ceutral Area Net (CAN)?
(hampaign County C.D. Net (Ill.)
('hicaku FMIN-1 AREC Net
('hicago six Meter RACES Net?
(ivil Defense of N. J. Net'
Colo. Emerg. Phone Net (CEFN)
( onlo. Weather Net (CWXN)
Comn. Mobilcers Nict
Eastern Area Teen Phone Net (E.T.P.N.)
Eastern Mass. 2 Meter Netl (EMizM)
El Pasu Ten Meter Emerg. Net
Fiverett Emerg. C.D. Net (Mass.)
Horida CW Net (QFN) ${ }^{1,2}$
Fond du Lac 6 Mleter Emerg. Net (Wis.)
l'ort Myers, Fla. Amateur Radio Club
Net (FMARC)
Firemport Amateur Radio Club Assn. Net (FARA) (N. Y.)
Frisco Net (Mo.)
Galveston Co. RACES Net (Texas)
Ga. Cracker Emerg. Net (G.C.E.N.)
(ia. Single Side Band Net (LisSBN) Goose Kiver Net

Tnd. Side Band Net (ISN)
Inter Mount:in Amateur Radio Net IMMARN:
Inter-Mountain Eimerg. Net (IMN) (IV. Va.)
interstat: Single sideband Net
Kings County AKEC, C'D Emerg. \& 'Trattie Net (N. Y.)
Lake lirie Enirrg. Net
Lansitıg Sunday Net (INN) (Mich.)
l.evittorn N. J. AREC Net (LJN)
I.os Angeles Amatrur Radio Emerg.

Council Net
La. Traftic \& Emerg. Net (L.AN) ${ }^{1}$
Marion County AREC Net (Ind.)
Mass Mobileer Emerg. Vet (M.M.E.N.)
McDonough ('ounty b Meter Emerg. Net (MDN) (III.)
MePherson Amateur Kadio Club Net (Kans.)
Nich. City 2 Mfr Net
Middle Tenn. 6 Mfeter Net
Mid-Island 6 Meter N'et (MII) (N. Y.)
Minn. 160 Meter Net
Missoula Area Emerg. Net (Mont.)
Moultric ('ounty Emerg. Net (Ill.)

## Freq. GMT Days

$29,500 \quad 0200 \mathrm{~T}$
:3010 0100 Th 50,700 2400 M 3965 2.30 Dy $3875 \quad 1700 \quad 1 / \mathrm{sin}$ 50,280 3885 1200 M-S 50,550 1)1(K) T $1+5,4+0 \quad 1+300$ in $50,445 \quad 0100$ ' l ' $50,550 \quad 0030 \quad$ '
$29,580 \quad 0030$ F'

| 3510 | 1200 | M |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 145,380 | 0100 | TF |
| 3670 | 0230 | Dy |

$28.6 \mathrm{CO} \quad 1100$ is
50,400
147.500
$\begin{array}{rrr}1+7,500 & 0.300 & F \\ 50,540 & 11400 & F\end{array}$
350.5.5 1515 in
$3890 \quad 1500$ in
$39+6 \quad 1340$ M-S
$1+5,350$ 11100 Dy
$: 3810$ :2100 Dy
$1+5,800 \quad 0100$ Dy
$29,6+0$ 02?30 T
$1+6,300 \geq 200 \mathrm{M}$ 29,5601
:3650 2330 Dy
50,160 0.300 T
$29.000 \quad 0100 \mathrm{~T}$
$28,800 \quad 0300 \mathrm{Th}$

| 3810 | 1.500 | S |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3993 | $\therefore 100$ | Alt/T |
| 50.560 | 1100 | Alt/'Sn |
| 3995 | $1: 300$ | in |
|  | -230 | T-Th |
| 3970 | 0100 | T-S |
| 18\%) | 1500 | Sn |
| 1980 |  |  |
| 31920 | 100.30 | Dy |
| 28,900 | (1300) | Th |
| 29,100 | 0200 | Spec. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |

3985 0100 Dy
50,400 0130 Th
29.150 0100 Al

3885 lif00 inn
$3175 \quad 3100 \mathrm{M}$
$24,500 \quad 2015 \mathrm{M}$
3615 0100 'T-S
$50.700 \quad 0100 \mathrm{~W}$
$50.850 \because 200$ in
$50.350 \quad 0.3110$ T
$145.080 \quad 02330 \mathrm{~W}$

| 50,160 | 110:30 | Th |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50,600 | 0130 | 1 |
| i0,900 | (1)330 | W |
| 1810 | (x):5) | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{~F}$ |
| :880 | 1600 | sn |
| 28,700 | 03000 | $1 / 3 \mathrm{~F}$ |

R.R.R.L. ACTIVITIES CALENDAR

Mar. 2: CP Qualifying Run - W60WP
Mar. 3-5: D. Competition (phone)
Mar. 20: CP Qualifying Run - WlAW
Mar. 17-19: DX Competition (c.w.)
Apr. 5: CP Qualifying Run - WGOWP
Apr. 15-16: CD Party (c.w.)
Apr. 22-23: CD Party (phone)
Apr. 18: CP Qualifying Run - W1AW
May 1: CP Qualifying Run - W60WP
May 17: CP Qualifying Run - W1AW
Junc 7: CP Qualifying Run - W6OWP Junc 10-11: V.H.F. QSO Party
Junc 15: CP Gualifying Run - W1AW
June 21-25: Field Day

## OTHER ACTIVITIES

The following lists date, name, sponsor, and QST in which more details appear.

Feb. 25-26: YL_OM Phone Conlest, 'IIRI, (p. 75, last month).
Mar. 11-12: YL-OM C..W. Contest, YIRL (p. 7.), last month).

Mar. 20: W1N.JM High Speed Code 'Vest. Connecticut Wircless Assn. (p. 77. this issue).

Apr. 15-16: The French Contest (plione), REF (p. 70, this issuc.)

Apr. 29-30: N.HI. QSO Party (details nevt month.)

Nashville-Davidson Co. Civil Defense Net ('Tenn.)
Nebr. (.D. Net. Area No. 3 (NCD3)
Nebr. Section Nut (NEB) ${ }^{2}$
New Orleans Area C.D. Net
News Net Mass iN.E.W.S.)
Niuth Regional Net (9RN) ${ }^{2}$
N. D. CW Net ${ }^{2}$

North West Texas Emerg. Net
Ulak Ridge AREC Net
O'Brien County RACES Net (Iowa)
160 Mieter N. Dak. Screwball Net
Urbither's Net
Panhandle Weather Net (P.W.N.)
Passaic Valley Trallic Net
Penowva Phone Net
Potomac-Rappahannock Valley Net iPRVN)
Prince (Georges County AREC Net (PGAREC) (Md.)
Querns Amateur Radio Emerg. Corps
'Two Meter Net (N. Y.)
RaCES Region ()ne Net
Red Rocks Amateur Radio Club Net (RKARC)
Region 6. Otfice of Civil and Defense RACES Network
Sangamon County AREC 75M Net (Ill.)
Siangamon County A.R.E.C. 10M. Net (III.)
raskat:hewan CW Net (SASK) ${ }^{2}$
S'churkill County Brass Pounders Net (SCB):
s(RTs IXTTY Net (Calif.)
sious I'alls Emerg. Net
SKETO Nrt (Calif.)
So. Dak. Niet
Bouthern Tier 8 -Ball Net (ST8BN) (N. Y.)

Southtown AREC \& R.AC'ES Net (Chicazo)
'Teenage lone Net (TAFN)
Ten Mrter Wheat Belt Net
Tenn. Single side Band Net
Truth Kegion Net (TEN):
$50,700 \quad 0130 \mathrm{~F}$

| 1997 | 0230 | TTh |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 3525 | 0100 | Dy |
| 50.400 | 0200 | W |
| 50.850 | 06000 | Dy |
| 3640 | $2: 330$ | Dy |
|  | $0: 000$ |  |
| 3670 | 0030 | TThS |
| 3950 | $1+00$ | Sn |
| 50,500 | 6100 | Th |
| 3900 | $1+15$ | $1 / 3 S \mathrm{n}$ |
| 1992 | 1830 | $\mathrm{M}-8$ |
| 50,850 | 0130 | T |
| $39+0$ | 2330 | Dy |
| 146,898 | 0100 | T |
| 50,520 | 0100 | W |
| 145,350 | 0100 | Th |
| 3935 | 1400 | $1 / 3 \mathrm{Sn}$ |

$1+5,660 \quad 0100 \quad W$
$145,800 \quad 0030 \mathrm{~T}$
$3500.5 \quad 0130 \quad \mathrm{~F}$
3555 0.300 'T
3500.7 0230 W
$3877 \quad 1930 \quad$ in
29,000 0130 'Th
3685020 MWF'S
:708 00:30 TThS
$1+7,850 \quad 0400 \quad \mathrm{WI}^{\prime}$
$1+4,900$ 0300 MTh
3910 10400 TThS
3870 1+100 M-S
3900 1600 sn
$29,640 \quad 0130 \quad \mathrm{~T}$

| 3950 | $\because 030$ | Mi-F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28,450 | 0300 | I) |
| \%980 | $\because 400$ | MWF |
| $35+5$ | :300 | 1)y |
|  | 0145 |  |


| Topeka hansas 10 Meter Emerg. Phone Net | 29.600 | 1500 | Sn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Towaco-Montrille-Pinebrook AREC Net | 146.820 | 2400 | M |
| Tri-Cities Net | 29,000 | 0:00 | Dy |
| Trico Radio Net (Mo.) | 3885 | $1+30$ | sn |
| Two Meter Broward Emerg. Net (2BEN) (Fla.) | 145,320 | 0100 | W |
| Union County 6 Meter A.R.E.C. Net (N. J.) | 50,250 | 0030 | '「 |
| U. S. Coast Guard Auxiliary Net | 3970 | 0130 | $3 / \mathrm{F}$ |
|  | 7170 |  |  |
|  | 72\%0 |  |  |
|  | 29.640 |  |  |
| Vermont Net (ITN) ${ }^{2}$ | 3520 | 2330 | M-S |
| Water Wonderland N(t) WWN) (Mich.) | 7164 | 1900 | S |
| Westehester Phone Net | 21,300 | 0100 | M |
| Westmoreland Co. Sector Une Civiliau Defense Net (Pit.) | 29,360 | 0100 | W |
| Whittier CD \& Emerg. Communication Net (Calif.) | 3885 | $0+15$ | F |
| Winston-Saleın CD Two-meter Network (N. C.) | 147.600 | 0100 | $W \mathrm{~F}$ |
| WYO (DD Net | 3537.5 | 0200 | 'Th |

Zone 5 of the south Texas Emerseaty $\quad 3860$ 年 1015 T
Net $3 \times 1501011$ If
${ }^{1}$ ('orrertion to previous registration.
"Part of ARRL, National Tratfic S'vstem.
${ }^{8}$ Net meets on 10th, 20th and 30th of each month by local time. You figure it out.

## DXCC Notes

Announcement is hereby made of the addition to the ARRL Countries List of Bajo Nuevo. A territory elaimed by Colombia, Bajo Nuevo is situated in the Caribbean Sea approximately 400 miles NNW of Colombia and approximately 250 miles NNE of tie volombian island of Providencia. The I)XCC listing oi ..oncador Cay \& Serrana Bank separates Bajo Nuevo from the island of Providencia. This addition is in accordance with Point 2 and 3 of the Country Criteria as explained in the April, ' 60 issue of QST on pare 8U. L)XCC credit claims may be made for this addition starting May 1, 1961. Confirmations for contacts with Bajo Nuevo must be dated November 15, 1945 or later. DXCC claims for Bajo Nuevo eredit received before May 1,1961 will be returned without credit.

DX CENTURY CKUB FWRRDS


- All operating amateurs are invited to report to the SCM on the first of each month, covering station activitics for the preceding month. Radio Club news is also desired by SCMs for inclusion in these columns. The addresses of all SCMs will be found on page 6.


## ATLANTIC DIVISION

EASTERN PENNSYLVANLA-SCM, Allen R. Breiner, W3ZRQ-SEC: DUI. RM: AXA. PAM: IVS. New OES appointments go to K3s AVX, HIN and NCD. The Santa Claus, or New Gear Dept.: To GYP a new 813 final, to K3IXD a Heath-Sixer, to EAN a new SX-101A and first JT1 QSO, to K3GSU a Twoer, to EML a 24-hour clock. and to MFW a new daughter. K3ANU made WAC. K3MLP added a Knight v.f.o. to the shack. DZL has been reactivated and now is using an ART-13. K3KFD made 203 QSOs in 23 days, 100 of them on 6 meters. New Officer Dept.: Carbon ARCKisEXW, pres. ; GZI, vice-pres.; AIW, secy. F K3JLW, act. mgr. Frankford RC-HHK, pres.: KVQ, vicepres.; KDF, secy.: MQC, treas. Council of ARC of Delaware Valley-JFI, chairman; AYG, vice-chairman; IIO, secy.-treas. Elizabethtown ARC-MFW, pres. : ONS, vice-pres. ; KZX, secy.; UOU, treas. ZQP and K3KBN are now General Class licensees. OVU is and K3KBN are now General Class licensees. Operating as 9GI from Worawora, Ghana. He is looking for E. Pa. stations to keep in contact with his children Stateside. The award of BPL goes to ten section traffickers: CUL, VR. EML, IVS, K3s GSU, HWP, WHX, KDP, CRU and IPK. YLL was snowbound and couldn't get to his shack for more than a week. HNK's traffic count in the future will be around 300 hecause he has taken up bowling as a sideline. On Apr. 9 at 1:30 P.M. the Hilltop Transmitting Assn. will hold its 3rd Annual Ham Auction. Everyone is invited. GES will be chief auctioneer. K3BHU is starting her second year as secretary of the Professional Freeloaders Net. K3JFQ spent the holidays in South America, while K3MVO was in Kentucky. K3LEF's YL is now his XYL. K3HIE has a new rig on 3610 kc . He is the son-in-law of QV. EML handled 27 pieces of traffic for at girl in a Virginia hospital who has cancer. Your SCM tries to keep astride of the times but a number of communications have been received lately without any return address. HPW, WHX, KDP and CRU will receive BPL cards when I receive their addresses. Traffic: W3CUL 12301. Y'R 1552, EML 1380, IVS 1259, K3GSU 982, HWX 844. HWP 823. W3HNK 302, K3KDP 279, CRU 269, JLW 219, BHU 154. W3NNL 141. MFW 133, K3IPK 130 DZB 125, HEX 112, W3AXA 96, K3CAH 90, JSX 82 DCC 81, W3BFF 58, K3MVO 56, W3NF 55, K3HTZ 53 JHT 52. W3KMD 51, UIU 51, K3AOX 50. DEM 10 W3ITI 40, WHK 40, BUR 39, OY 37, BNR 35, FKE 19 ADE 12, K3LZL 11, W3ZRQ 10, K3KFD 9, W3EEN 8 EAN 6. K3IXD 5, W3ELI 4, GYP 3, HZZ 3, NQB 3 K3AKN 2, CNN 1, W3JSX 1, K3MLP'1, W3PVY 1.

MARYLAND-DELAWARE-DISTRICT OF CO-LUMBIA-SCM, Thomas B. Hedges, W3BKE-SEC : CVE MDD Traffic Net meets on 3650 kc. Mon.-Sat. at $0015 Z$. MEPN (phone) on 3820 kc . Mon. Wed. and Fri. ut $2300 Z$ and Sat. and Sun. at 1800Z, MDD AREC Nets every Wed. at 01002 on 3521 and 7042 kc . also 6 and 2 meters. New appointments: HQE and K3KPZ as ORSs; K3CWG as OES; HQE as OPS and OO. LDD is the new EC for Harford Co.. Md. AHQ is resting and rebuilding after a long spell as the section's most active OO. BUD reports his son is ready for the Novice Class exam. 2CBD has moved into MDDC and will be active here tor a while. CDG reports the passing of ZTY. CDQ looks forward to more activity in 1961. K3CRF is hus, with emergency work in Sussex County, Del. K3CWG reports much activity on 6 meters. K3CXC is operating on 432 Mc and is looking for skeds on either 3300 Mc. or $10,000 \mathrm{Mc}$., where he is equipped with automatic recording equipment. K3DCP reports renewed interest in the Baltimore ARC, which now meets the 3rd

Mon, of each month. EEB is moving into his new house. The Washington RC had an operator from marine WMH Baltimore as speaker at its Dec. 2 meeting. After many years in ham radio EFZ is petting a bang out of traffic and net operation. The FSARC had Director Crossley as a speaker at its Dec. 19 meeting. 1961 officers of the FSARC are ENU, pres. ; K2MAX, vice pres.: WV6LDD, secy.; W7RAK, treas. K3EJF reports in from Laurel. EOV says it's a problem to ret his mobile equipment in his new station wagon. EQK is busy with MEPN activity. K3GKF is iast hecoming the section's leading award contestant. The National Capitol V.H.F. Aociety presented K3Gaid with an electronic artificial larynx at his hospital room on Christmas Day! K3GMV reports 196 messages originated from the VA Hospital at Perry Point, Md., before Christmas and that the hospital's new amateur station soon will be in operation. K3GVE has a new vertical for 10 . 15 and 20 meters. K3GZK has a new HT-37 after selling his DX-100. The PVRC had its big Christmas Party at the Black Saddle. K3HJD is back on after repairs. HKS checks in from Wilmington. K3HPG says activity is increasing around Hagerstown. Let's have more reports from Western Md. stations. HQE is ready to go after having his teeth out. K3HRN reports in by radio. K3IZM says things are good on 50 IIc. JME has a new rertical and Tri-bander. JSK says school interferes with operating activity. K3JYZ says December was some month for traffic! JZY likes CD Parties. KHA checks in from Baltimore. K3KHK is near DXCC with his new vertical. KiKKHN has a new FCV-2 converter. KLA is home from the hospital. K3KPZ made the BPL. K3LFD needs more operating time. KN3LLR received his 15w.p.m. sticker. K3LUQ is trying s.s.b. on 30 Mc. $K 3 M D L$ likes his new DX-100. KN3NCM passed the Novice Class exam through the help of K3WBJ. KN3NFJ has a new converter. OSF keeps up OO activity. TN is hack on the air. UCR checks in by phone. UF finally has all 3RN appointments filled. K3WAG is NCS for MDD on Wed. K3WBJ made the BPL with hospital tratfic. YTW calls in from Eastern Shore. ZAQ is active as an 00 in Baltimore. ZNW is busy with the AREC. Traffic: K3KPZ 360, WBJ 262. W3UE 249, K3GMV 196. HRN 195, JYZ 179. MDL 76. W3TN 64, AHQ 52, K3LFD 45, WAG 45, W3BKE 38, EGV 32, K3GZK 28, W3HQE 28, EEB 25, EFZ 24, EQK 14 . KHA 14, ZNW 12, K3EJF 11, KN3NFJ 11, W3BUD 10, JZY 10, K3DCP' B, LUQ 6, W3CDG 4, K3KHK 4, KN3LLR 3, K3CW' 1, W3JSL 1. (Nov.)' W3UCR 1.

SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY-SCM, Herbert C. Brooks, K2BG-SEC:W2YRW. RMs: W2BZJ, W2HDW and W2ZI. W2UKS is operating MM aboard the MV Rose Knot out of Mayport, Fla. His home QTH is Ocean City. N.J. Emerg. Phone \& Traffic Net totals for December: 31 sessions, QNI 609. traffic 179. K2DEI, Maple Shade, added another BPL card to his collection. K2RXB, Margate, is giving s.s.b. a fling. Gloucester County ARC officers are W2LVW, pres.; W2GQK, vicepres.; K2YWR, rec. secy.; W2JOZ, treas.; W2AFZ corr. secy. With regret we report the passing of K2DFR/K2DHJ, Millville. WA2ARJ, Millville, reports that the Bridgeton Area Radio Klub c.w. class is doing very fine. K2VNL. Cranford, is the new NJN manager. Concratulations to W2RXL, who did a fine job in that spot. The Levittown (N.J.) ARC started a theory class in January. WA2KCR, club corr. secy., supplies us with the news. W2VX. Westville, has hien hospitalized. We wish him a speedy recovery. W2NSF was- top SJRA scorer in the \&ept. V.H.F. Party. The SJRA was tops in the six-transmitter class last Field Day. Gloucester Co. ARC is offering a certificate for contacting its club members. Ask W2AFZ for details. Also contact the Southern Counties Hadio Club about its rertificate. WA2IBG Marlton, K2MOV Delance. WA2ARJ Millville and WV2LCB Moorestown, are recent OBS appointees. Burlington Co. EC K2ECY has added a 2 -meter net to the County's AREC activities. WA2HJI is NCS. The newly-elected directors of the SJRA are K2HOD, $K 2 M K D, ~ K 2 D E I, ~ W 2 H B E, W 2 A D A, W 2 O S D$ and WA2HJI. K2DEI received the club's "Outstanding Amateur of the Year' award. Many fine reports were received this month from appointees and rlubs. Keep up the fine work. Traffic: K2DEI 279, W2RG 268, K2RXB 215, W2BZJ 126. W2ZI 69, K2JGU 54, WA2MEQ 35, W2BEI 22, K2SNK 21, W2IU 16, K2SOX'12.
(Continued on pape 90)

## PUTTING SATELLITES TO WORK IN AMATEUR RADIO

## Part 2: Propagation Loss as a Determinant in System Disign

9N Part 1 of this series, it was shown that reccived power levels of approximately $1.4 \times 10^{-16}$ watts for single-sideband transmission and of $0.7 \times 10^{-16}$ watts for CW transmissions are required. It was assumed that the effective noise temperature was $500^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ which corresponds to an effective noise figure $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{E}}$ of 2.7 where $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{E}}=\frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}}}{290}+1$. (In decibels the noise figure is approximately 4.3 db .) It was also assumed that the bandwidth was $2,000 \mathrm{cps}$ for SSB and 100 cps for CW, and that the required received power was 100 times the noise level. In this part of the series, the required received power levels will be used as a basis for the determination of the required receiving and transmitting antenna gains for operation in the 2300 - to $2450-\mathrm{Mc}$ amateur band. Echo and the Moon will be used as the scattering satellites. We first need some physical facts about each.

$\mathcal{E}$cho was launched in a circular orbit about the earth at a radius of approximately 5,000 miles. Echo has a diameter of about 100 feet and subtends an angle of the order of $1 / 1000$ th of a degree when viewed from the earth. It traveled at a speed of about 16,000 miles per hour and made a complete revolution in a little less than two hours. It was visible for periods of around 15 minutes per revolution. The high speed and small subtended angle make tracking of Echo quite difficult. The high speed also caused a maximum Doppler shift in large frequency of the order of 0.1 Mc for a $2400-\mathrm{Mc}$ carrier signal. The time required for a radio signal to make a round trip to Echo was approximately 10 milliseconds so that the time delay was negligible.

7HE MOON's ORBIT about the earth is also approximately circular and has a radius of around 240,000 miles. The Moon has a diameter of about 2,200 miles and subtends an angle of about $1 \cdot 2$ degree when viewed from the earth. The Moon travels at a speed of about 2,300 miles per hour and makes a complete revolution in around 27 days; it is visible for comparatively long periods. The slower speed and larger subtended angle make tracking easier for the Moon than for Echo. The slower speed also means that the Doppler frequency shift for the Moon is considerably smaller than for Echo - the maximum shift being of the order of a few hundred cycles for a carrier frequency of 2400 Mc . The time required for a radio signal to make a round trip to the Moon is about $21 / 2$ seconds - an excessive amount of delay for many communication purposes.

7he radar propagation formula, which expresses the received power $P_{r}$ in terms of the transmitter power $P_{T}$, will be used to estimate the required receiving and transmitting antenna gains $G_{T}$ and $G_{R}$ (relative to an isotropic radiator) for a given operating wavelength $\lambda$, a given scattering cross section As and for a given distance $r$ to the scattering object. When this formula is rearranged to separate the factors which can be controlled from those which cannot, one obtains the following in case you really are interested:

$$
\frac{P_{R}}{P_{r} G_{T} G_{R} \lambda^{2}}=\frac{A_{s}}{64 \pi^{3} r^{4}}
$$

When the scattering cross section is assumed equal to the area of a flat disc of the same radius as that of the sphere, the right-hand side of this equation yields approximately $1.4 \times 10^{-26}$ inverse square meters for the Moon and $5.55 \times 10^{-26}$ for Echo; hence the difference in favor of the Echo is less than 6 db . This result is based on the assumption that the reflection efficiency is the same for the Moon as for Echo. Actually the Moon has a lower efficiency. One can conclude that the system requirements are not too greatly different for Echo and Moon signal bouncing.

7
he radar formula shows that for a transmitter power output of 100 watts, an operating frequency of 2400 Mc and identical receiving and transmitting antennas, antenna gains or 45 db are required to receive CW signals when the receiver pass band is 100 cps . Parabolas 30 feet in diameter would provide the required gain. For single sideband, the received signal power must be about 20 times as large as for CW. This could be achieved if the diameter of the parabola were doubled. If a signal level equal to the noise level were acceptable, the parabolas could be reduced in diameter by almost one-third.

7n a later issue of $O S T$, other system considerations will be discussed.
--Dr. Robert E. Beam, W9BGZ

w. J. Hally au WAAC

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"Mobile" or "Fixed", the new "Shawnee" 6-meter or "Pawnee" 2-meter transceivers bring you unprecedented performance, for each is a complete AM \& CW Transmitter/Receiver combination with features unmatched at this price . . . just connect an antenna and you are in business! Transmitters feature a built-in VFO with all frequency determining components mounted on a "heat sink" plate for temperature stability and four switch-selected crystal positions for novice, CAP, MARS or net operation. VFO and all exciter stages are tracked for convenient single knob tuning over any 500 kc band segment (greater excursions require simple re-peaking of final). A VFO "spotting" switch is provided to "zero in" signals with transmitter off-the-air. The 6360 dual-tetrode final RF amplifier provides 10 watts of power output to the antenna and a built-in low pass filter is incorporated to suppress harmonics and other spurious radiation. The dual-purpose modulator provides a full 10 watts of audio for high level plate modulation of the final RF amplifier or 15 watts of audio for paging or public address use, selectable with pushpull switch. Superheterodyne receivers feature double conversion with first oscillator crystal-controlled. All oscillators are voltage regulated for stability. A large slide-ruie dial and vernier tuning provide more than ample bandspread for both receiver and VFO. RF gain, BFO, ANL, Squelch. AVC on/off and transmitter controls are front panel mounted. Tuning meter is automatically switched to read signal strength or relative power output. Units come complete with built-in speaker, heavy duty AC \& DC power cables, primary fused relay, adjustable mounting bracket and push-to-talk ceramic element microphone with coil cord \& mounting clip. $6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 12^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 10^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{D} .34$ lbs. each.
Model HW-20 (2 meters)... $\$ 20 \mathrm{dn} ., \$ 17 \mathrm{mo} . .$. . $\$ 199.95$ Expected Shipping Date Feb. 25.
Model HW-10 (6 meters) Coming Soon.

lowest cost transceivers on the air

- Operate from low-frequency crystals for greater stability
- Push-to-talk Transmit/Receive switch
- Variable receiver tuning
- Built-In AC power supply-easy conversion to mobile operation, using accessory vibrator power supply

Attn. HW-29 owners: Convert your "Sixer" to the new improved " $A$ " model with this easy-to-install conversion kit. Allows use of 8 mc crystal for maximum stability.
Model HWM-29-1 $1 \mathrm{lb} . \$ 4.95$

## 2, 6 \& 10 METER TRANSCEIVER KITS (HW-30, 29A, 19)

These three outstanding transceiver models bring you top performance at the lowest prices offered in complete amateur facilities. Each model has a crystal controlled transmitter and tunable, superregenerative receiver with KF preamplifier. Receivers pull in signals as low as $1 \psi v$ and the 5 watt transmitters are ideal for emergency work or "loeal" net operation. Features include push-to-talk transmit/receive switch, metering jack, ceramic element microphone, and two power cables. Less crystal. 10 lbs . each.
Model HW-19 (10 meter). . . $\$ 4$ dn., $\$ 5$ mo...................... . $\$ 39.95$
Model HW-29A ( 6 meter) . . $\$ 4.50$ dn., $\$ 5$ mo...................... $\$ 44.95$
Model HW-30 (2 meter). . $\$ 4.50$ dn., $\$ 5$ mo..................... $\$ 44.95$
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A product that is consistently advertised in (OST month after month, year dfeer year, has (1) be gered. Over 10,000 GOTHAM anternas have been purchased by QST readers. Even the "price-1s-no-obbect" customers choose GOTHAM antennas on the basts of performance and value. Select your need, from this list of 50 antennas

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## TWO BANDER EEAMS

A full half-wave element is used on each band. No coils, traps, baluns, or stubs are used. No calculations or machining required. Everything comes ready for easy assembly and use. Proven Ciuthan Value

| 6-10 TWO BANDER $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| :--- |
| 10-15 TWO BANDER $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| $10-20$ TWO BANDER $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| $15-20$ TWO BANDER $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |

## TRIBANDER

Do not confuse these full-size Tribander beams with socalled midgers. The Tribander has individually fed ( 52 or 72 ohm coax) elements and is broad banded. It does not have baluns, coils, traps, cr other devices intended to take the place of aluminum tubing. The way to work multiband and get gain is to use a Gutham Tribander Beam.
$\square 6$-10.15
$\$ 39.95$
$\square$ 10-15-20
$\$ 49.95$

## 2 METER BEAMS

Gutham makes only two different two meter beams, a six-element job and a twelve-element job. They are both Yagi beams, with all the elements in line on a twelve foot booim.
[] Deluxe 6-Element
9.95
12-EI
16.95

## 6 METER BEAMS

New records are beng made every day with Gotham six-meter beains. (iive your rig a chance to show what it can do, with a Gutham six-meter beam.
Std. 3-El Gamma match
12.95$T$ match 14.95
Deluxe 3-El Gamma match 21.95T match 24.95
Sid. 4-El Gamma match 16.95
$T$ match 19.95
Deluxe 4-El Gamma match 25.95T match 28.95

## 10 meter beams

Ten meter addicts claim that ten meters can't be beaten for all-around performance. Plenty of DX and skip contacts when the band is open, and $30-50$ miles consistent ground wave when the band is shut down. Thousands of Gutham ten meter beams have been perking for years, working wonders for their owners, and attesting to the superior design and value of a Giotham beam.
$\square$ Std. 2-El Gamma match $11.95 \quad \square$ T match 14.95Deluxe 2-EI Gamma match 18.95

- Std. 3-El Gamma matchT match 21.95

Deluxe 3-EI Gamma match 22.95
Std. 4-El Gamma match 21.95
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Deluxe 4-El Gamma match 27.95
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CITIZENS BAND ANTENNAS • Any of our ten meter beams or the V40 vertical is periect for the CB operator.


Name
Address
City. $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .State

## Nowl Ruggedixed 6, 10, 15 METER BHAMS

Each has a TVIN boom, extra heavy beam mount castings, extra hardware and everything needed. Guaranteed high gain, simple installation and all-weather resistant. For 52, 72 or 300 ohm transmission line. Specify which transmission line you will use.


Beam fir6 (6 Mefers, 4-El) . . . $\$ 38.95$Beam \#R1O (10 Meters, 4-El). . 40.95
Beam \#R15 (15 Meters, 3-EI). . 49.95


## 15 METER EEAMS

Fifteen meters is the "sleeper" band. Don't be surprised if you put out a quick, quiet $C Q$ and get a contact half-way around the world. Working the world with low power is a common occurrence on fifteen meters when you have a Gotham beam.
$\square$ Std. 2-El Gamma match $19.95 \square$ T match 22.95
$\square$ Deluxe 2-El Gamma match $29.95 \quad \square$ T match 32.95
[] Std. 3-El Gamma match $26.95 \quad \square]$ T match 29.95
$\square$ Deluxe 3-El Gamma match $36.95 \square$ Tmatch 39.95

## 20 METER BEAMS

A beam is a necessity on twenty meters, to battle the QRM and to give your signal the added punch it needs to over-ride the high power boys. Hundreds and hundreds of twenty meter beams, working year after year, prove that there is no better value than a Gotham twenty meter beam.

$$
\text { Std. 2-EI Gamma match } 21.95 \quad \square \text { T match } 24.95
$$


(Note: Gamma-match beams use 52 or $\mathbf{7 2}$ ohm coax.
T-match beams use 300 ohm line.)

## IS K6INI THE WORLD'S CHAMPION DX OPERATOR?

Judge for yourself! Read his letter and count the DX he has workedwith only 65 watts and a $\$ 16.95$ Gotham V-80 Vertical Antenna.

2405 Bowditch, Berkeley 4, California January 31, 1959
GOTHAM
1805 Purdy Avenue
Miami Beach 39, Florida

## Gentlemen:

I just thought I would drop you a line and let you know how pleased I am with your V-80 vertical antenna. I have been using it for almost two years now, and am positively amazed at its performance with my QRP 65 watts input! Let me show you what I mean:

I have worked over 100 countries and have received very fine reports from many DX stations, including 599 reports from every continent except Europe (589) ! I have also worked enough stations for my WAC, WAS, WAJAD and ADXC awards, and I am in the process of working for several other awards. And all this with your GOTHAM V-80 vertical antenna!

Frankly, I fail to see how anyone could ask for better performance with such low power, limited space and a limited budget. In my opinion, the V-80 beats them all in its class.

I am enclosing a list of DX countries I have worked to give you an idea of what I have been talking about.

Wishing you the best for 1959 , I am
Sincerely yours,
Thomas G. Gabbert, K6INI (Ex-TI2TG)

## FACTS

## ON THE GOTHAM

## V-80 VERTICAL ANTENNA

- If K6INI can do it, so can you.
- Absolutely no guying needed.
- Radials not required.
- Only a few square inches of space needed.
- Four metal mounting straps furnished.
- Special B \& W loading coil furnished.
- Every vertical is complete, ready for use.
- Mount it at any convenient height.
- No relays, traps, or gadgefs used.
- Accepfed design-in use for many years.
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- Will work with any receiver and xmitfer.
- Overall height 23 feef.
- Uses one 52 ohm coax line.
- An effective modern antenna, with amazing performance. Your best bet for a lifetime antenna at an economical price. ONLY \$16.95. 73,

YOU COULD
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GOTHAM Depl. ast 1805 PURDY AVE., MIAMI BEACH, FLA. Enclosed find check or money-order fors
$\square$ V40 VERTICAL ANTENNA FOR 40, 20, 15, 10 AND 6 METER BANDS. ESPECIALLY SUITED FOR THE NOVICE WHO OPERATES 40 AND 15 \$14.95


VSO VERTICAL ANTENNA FOR 80, 40, 20, 15, 10 AND 6 METER BANDS. MOST popular of the verticals. used by thousands of novices, technicians, AND GENERAL LICENSE HAMS... \$16.95
$\square$ VI60 VERTICAL ANTENNA FOR 160, 80, 40, 20, 15, 10 AND 6 METER BANDS. SAME AS the other vertical antennas, except that a larger load. ing Coil permits operation on the 160 METER BAND ALSO. $\$ 18.95$

HOW TO ORDER. Send check or money order directly to Gotham. Immediate shipment by Railway Express, charges collect. Foreign orders accepted.

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City . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Zone . . . . . . State.

## Station Activities

## (Continued from paye 80)

WESTERN NEW YORK-SCM, Charles $T$. Hansen. K2HUK-SEC: W2LXE. RMs: W2RUF and W2 ZRC. P.AMI: W2PYI. NYS C.W. meete on 3615 kc . at 1900. FiSs on 3590 ke . at 1801). NYSPTEN on 3425 kr . at 1800). NY'S C.D. on 3510.5 and 3993 ke. (s.s.b.) at 0900 Sum.. TCPN 2nd rall area in 3970 kc . at 1900 . IPN on 3980 ke. at 1600 . W2RUF. W2E7B. W2OE and W. 2 CIG were awarded BPL certificates for December trai fic. W2RUF reports that NYS C.W. handled 6471 messakes in 1960. W2 2 FEB was voted the most valuable nember and W.A2C1G wou QNI honors. 310 out of : ponsible 366 (leap vear). W2PGA has heen appointed OPS and 1 V 2 QCI OBS. W2YLMI has heetl endorsed as Bronme Co. EC. Sidney ARC's 1961 officers are $K 2$ MQ.A. pres. ${ }^{W} \mathrm{~A} 21 Z \mathrm{~F}$, vice-pres, and treas. $\mathbb{W} 42 \mathrm{KZC}$ sery. Greene ARC's officers are $W 2 J \backslash Z$. pres. $112 \square Z \mathrm{~K}$ sire-pres, and trens.: K2RUB, secy. The TARA elected W2NTD, pres.: K2liNY, vice-pres. and act. mar. K 2 ZWG, secy-treas. The Syracuse V.H.F. cluh mented W2RHQ, pres. ; K2TXG, vice-pres. K2「FY treas. ; K 2 ZRX . act. mgr.; K 2 TXX . secy. W 22 DAC reports traffic count of 39 during AREC artion after a B-52 rrash in North Country. The Champlain C'alley AREC relaved messages for CAP-33 stations partiripated in the hunt for the downed flyers. WA2GCH reports that 20 stations participated in civil defense exercise "Gin Home," which was a test of srhool evacuation in clinton County. The Auburn AKA secretary reports that most of the club members like "WNY" section even though they are in central N.Y. W2QHQ became an Easle Sicnut. WA2FEL. WA2EIX, H2INH and K2QVC are on 2en Mic. in the Auburn Area. I negiected to mention the liags Revicw in a recent column. IW2VSP is erlitor There are 14 stations active on 224 Mc . in the syracuse Area; they all use TRC-8 and TRA-19 murplus gear and are sif.o.-controlled. The mode is f.m. and the power is 12 watts, or 120 watts when TRA- 19 ampliliers are used. If anyone is interested in more information I'm sure 1 2lWRC would oblige. K2BWK has heen elected mgr, of NYSPTEN. WA2LFA passen the Generat Class exam and has a Viking I. W2ALR gave a tulk on 1296 Mic. at a recent LARA meeting. Plan now to attend the Pran-Yurk Hamfest in Jume. The Elmira ARA rontinues to sponsor theory and code classps in conjunction with adult pelucation. Last fall 15 registered and 12 got their Novice Class tickets. The Adirandack RC is sponsoring a club contest, the winner to he the memher whon submits the highest senre consisting of the product of contacts and cluh members worked during a specified nerind. Traftir: (Der. 1 W2RUF 720 W2EZB 712. W2OE 630. WA2CiG 513. K2RTN 251. K2QDT 210. WA2EYJ 176. W2FEB 163. W. 2 IV'B 141 , H2JBX 126. K2TPY 114. WA2CRH 110. K2OFY 76. K2RTQ н3, K2GQU 61. W2PVI 61, W2PGA 58 , h2TDG

 WA2FTM 21 . W2BLO 14. K2EE 10. W2OCI 10 . K2RTE 9. WV2LPI 5. WA2BEX 4, WA2HFC 3, WA2ETM 1. (Nov.) k2RTN 190.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA-SCM, Anthony ,T. Mrocza. W3UHN-NEC: OMA. RMs: KUN. NUG and GEG. The WPA Tratic Net meets Mon. through Fri. at 1900 EST on 3585 kc. New appuintees: JT. MBN and QVG as Official Ohservers. UGY now is operating on 144 Mc. K3CNP has ioined the Air Force. MFB has started a slow-speed traffic net on 3585 kc . at 1830 EST. For wore particulars, contact MFB at Brockway. Pa. The Conemangh Valley ARC held its Serenth Annual Sinper at Windber this pust Jamary. The Cumberiand Valipy ARC reports vias falley QRIV that ners ofticers are ESV'. pres.; K3HOS. vice-pres.: ACH. sece.-treas.: E3EIN, act. mgr. ACH was in KZु-Land for a werk. The Horseshoe RC reports via Hamatcur A'eurs: LIV. Blair County fic was very well pleasel with the support he received on the Dec. 7 Alert: ALD is in the hospital; the club is forming a Women's Auxiliary: new noticers of the H-CAR are WIV, pres.: K3AY' rice-pres. K3BPF, secy.; h3c(dUU, treas.: corle and thener classes are held every Thurs. in the Huntingdon Conity court House. The Coke Center RC remorts: K3HTG has a new B\&W rig; $5 \mathrm{SYS} / 3$ is hack home: a new YL Novice is KN3NOU; K3HHN is building a DN-100B. The steel City ARC (KWH) put on a spertacular Christmas Party. The Mon Valley ARC ( 7 HV ) plortall AOX. pres.; h3BWG. vice-pres.; HOB treas.: Ken Newman. secy.; PQR, trustee: and K3HJI. fundraising chairman. Up Erie way: K3BDQ and F3.NJH are playing chess on 6 meters: LOS has made DNCC: are pharing was named by Gov. Lawrence to serve on the Advisory Committee for the state office of the hlind. Etna RC reports via Oxcillator: TOC is home from the hosnital and cloing very well; the Etna Kadio Club now is fise years uld; (EO has been under the weather. The

Nittany AKC reports via QST de KBHKK: BDD is an 75 -meter phone with low power: MIN recently made his first poet-war 160 mntact; SLX is working on a six-kwr, rig: the club station (K3HKK) is back on the air at a new lucation. Compratulations to k3HWL WRE. MFB, KUN and K3GHH on making BPL for trafic-handling during leecember. My heatipet thanks tn mill the ractio clubs and their secretaries for keeping me informed oi their activities via their club bulletins. Trattic: K3HWL 806, W゙3WRE 835. MFB 519. KUN 303. K3GHH 197. W3LSS 51. K3KMO 14, W3YA 10, UHN 9. К3COT 5, HSE 4. KAP 2.

## CENTRAL DIVISION

ILLINOIS-SCM, Edmond A. Metzger. WOPRNAsst. SCA: Grace V. Ryden. 9GME. SEC: PSP. RAI: USR. PAM: RYU. EC of Cook County: HPG. Section net: IIN, 3515 kc. Mon. through Sat. at 1900 CST. The Central Division Convention, which will he heid in Springfield Aus. 26 and 27, will have many surprises in store for the gang who attend. Many manufacturers and their representatices will he there with the latest in equipment displayed in the greatest array of exhibits ever presment at a division convention. Make yonir plans now to attend. A new General heard is K9Sik K9YRO's shack has a new Hallicrafters HT-37 and K9ROL is sporting a new HT-32. Both report FR results in the DA band. NSA's new project is the building of a linear. Another silent bey in this area is OMIA. Our cundolences to his family and many friends. K2GAX was home risiting his father-in-law. HOA (former SEC of the Illinois sentinn). K9QP.J's new transmitter has a $4 \times 150$ and an 804 . New ufficets of the Joliet Imaterr Radio Society are K9QMO, K9TDQ, K9ATK and OAR. BQC and K9RUK are experimenting in kivstron equipment on the 3500 - Ale. frequencies. K9QMT is NCS for the newly-formed Quizlev Preparatory Chicago Area Net. KCR, K9QPJ, K9GTS and Ki9SEE mill rirect the RAMS luring the new var heing elected at a recent meeting. K9CNE can he liegri rom Germany daily at 1200 Z on 14.320 -kc. s.s.its. With the calls DL5BR and DL4USN. K9OZMI is working 10 meters with a new Heathkit Tener. K 9 QAI : md his SYL. K9QAJ, have a new TA-33 beum and antenna tower and hoth remit good IIX signals. Newly-electel officers of the sitarved Rock Radio Club are K9KHZ. NIIT. QLZ and PNY. K9QPA finally is on 2 meters. $K 9 \mathrm{POI}$ asks those interested in forming it trafic nat inr the Chicaro Area to nlease contact him for details UBI works as K9VLA during his college stay. BUB is working 2 -meter f.m. K9UUP recently was liospitalizel with is iractured leg. New offlicers of the Central Illinois Radio Cluh (Bloomington) are K9EGM. DHG and K9.MILO. SNL is erecting a $50-\mathrm{ft}$. 6 -meter heam. K9RJ, reports that the Penria Area Rarlin Cluh has a City of Peoria tward for those who work eight Peoria stations. Contact him for further information regarding this. J.JN OO, is cleating house. NCS USR tpoorts that the ILN handled 1.54 messages in 19 sessions. K9QYIT, of the North Central Phone Net., reports a net traffic rount of 326. The traffic reported this month by the various stations adds un to one of the highest for this section. and we are happy to award the RPL to IDA. DO. K9BTE K90.AE MAN, K91GYY K91VG and KOOKD. Traffic (Der.) W9IDA 2043. LO 1218 , K9BTE $\times 51$. OAE 717 Ir9iMN 571. K9UGY 527. W9alaK 424. K9IVG 277 W9FAW 166. K9CIL 160. OKD 102. SCP 92. W9SXL 92 K9KMH 85. QYW 74. UEW 62. PLF 60. OCU 53 W9nZB 51. Kg(ozat 48. LXG 37, CRT 36. OAD 31 $119 P R N$ 24. K9PFL 23. QGR 22. RAS 20. WFG 19 110 17, QFR 17. W9WPC 12. K91LA 11, QPJ 11 W9AKY 10. II9WEG 10 . BIV 4, IYY 4. QMJ 4, SKW 1 (Nor.) W9USR 191, IMN 183, K9OZM 70, GSR 33, PYD 2.

INDIANA—SCM, Clifford M. Singer, WOSWD-Asst. SCAI: Arthur G. Evans. $9^{\circ} T Q C$. SEC: SNQ. PAMIs K9AOM, BKJ. RVM and UKX. RMs: DGA. TT and VAY. Net skeds: IFN, 0900 rlaily and 1830 Mon.-Fri on 3910 ke.: ISN (s.s.h.) 1930 daily on 3920 ke.; (QIN (traiuing) 1800 Mon.-W'erl.-Fri. on 3745 kc : CAEN ( 160 meters) daily at 1900 on 1850 kc . QIN daily a 1900 and RFN 0700 sun. on 3656 kc . New appointments IFF as EC for White Countv, AOJ as OPS. K9RPZ as OBS on 6 meters, ZWN as OO Class II and IV, K9AEK as OO Class III and IV and JNC as OO Class III and 15. K9TFJ kerps a daily 2-meter sked with L9JLAA in Danville. III. New officers of the Duneland ARA are IGH. HVY. K9LTG and K9PZS. K9CRS received ISCC No. 1947 for 101 cuuntries on phone. The Tippecanoe Ald elected LOT, I9QVW, K9MAI, NSY and RGY as new oftheers. New officers of the Tri-state ARS (Continued on page 9Z)


# GO SSB GHT NOW... 

## in the stew as to what to do?

Join the fast-growing group of SSB-ers right now! No point in delaying because sooner or later you'll be one yourself. And the right way to get started is to get yourself some of that outstanding Hammarlund SSB gear. Transmitter and receivers are designed to make SSB easy...

## with HAMMARLUND all the way!



HX-500 TRANSMITTER
A superb SSB transmitter of super talk-power. Pumps out the clearest, sharpest, cleanest signal. The best in SSB, DSB, CW, FM, FSK for RTTY plus 40 cps identification keyed shift. Incorporates every operational feature and more than any transmitter in its price range. $\$ 695.00$


HQ-180 RECEIVER
Here's professional performance at amateur price. Provides outstanding SSB performance over a continuous tuning range of 540 kc to 30 mc . Tripleconversion 18 -tube superheterodyne receiver with bandspread calibration for $80,40,20,15$ and 10 meter amateur bands.
$\$ 429.00$

WRITE FOR COMPLETE DETAILS ON HAMMARLUND SSB EQUIPMENT...

are OVB，K9JSK，K9GBB，AIN and K9J（NN．New Tech． Class calls in Lafayette are K9MAL and K9AHV．The Western Electric AKC elected K9BSU，K9SVA，KN9YOR and K9OYK to serve in＇61．JFJ has a new Collins receiver．DGA is nuw pounding the green keys．The gibson ARC elected the following：K9UHQ．FJJ． K9SUH and URQ．The Wabash Valley ARC，under the leadership of KT，has taken over the publishing of the BISON．The editor is K9IXD．Indiana amateurs are invited to send their news for publication．（Same ad－ dress as the SCMI）．FJI has bren hit hy the 6 －meter hug．K9KIM is going RTTY，as is K9RFW．who is doing an FB job as OBS．I＇B and CLY keep the traffic Howing from Purdue．Amateur radin exists as a hobby because of the service it renders．December net reports： TFN 464，ISN 457．QIN 602．RFN 76．QIN（training） 62. RFN 7B and CAEN 6．Making BPL：JOZ．TT，ZYK． YAY，GJS and DGA．Traffic：（Dec．）IF9JOZ 1060．TT 739．ZYK 585 ．VAY 558，GJS 487．MM 395，DGA 304. K9RMQ 238．AOM 126．GBB 119，W9EEO 111．CC 108. K9DUV 105，W9SWD 89．K9TCG 75，IF9UQP 74． K9EOT 70，W9FWH B4，KVM 53．K9XXD 51 ，W9NZZ 51．KN9WET 43．WODOK 39，BUQ 36．K9LZN 35． W9QYQ 33，UQU 33．EJW 32．HUF 32．K9ILK 32， W9RTH 31，IYX 23．DZC 24，K9MAN 18．W9IAU 16， EGV 14．OCC 14，K9UEF 11．W9BDG 10．K9SSI 9． W9FJI 8．SNQ 7，K9JCE 6．LZJ 6．N9BDP 3．（Nov．） TF9EEO 104．BKJ 18．SNQ 18．K9LZJ 17．BUQ 12．OCC 10．K9CRS 9，SSI 9，GFQ 6，BPD 5．W9

WISCONSIN—SC：M，Grorge Woida，W9KQR－SEC： YRH．PAMs：NRP and NGT．RMs：VIK and VHP． K9UJJ removed the＂$N$＂from his call and has become active on the traffic nets．He reports that his mother received her Novice Class license with the call KN9BUR． Several pieces of test equipment have been purchased by the Mancorad Club for use by the members．K9CET hecame a member of the OTC，having received con－ firmation of his having held the call 9BGLi in 1922. REN certificates were received by K9DVA，TMM and CBE．K9SQV has hecome a MARS station and also a BEN NCS．ONI has raised his power for better MARS and NTS operations．KN9YIY now is operating a new Ranger．K9GDF mailed 78 OO）notices to bring his year＇s total to 637 ．He has 28 states ronfirmed by return betters．KKP mailed 39 notices for a year＇s total of 421. K9RRS，un OES，has a new Drake receiver and 6－meter s．s．h．mixer．Another OES，K9GSC，has a new ten－ element heam for 144 Mc ．A total of 190 Christmas trees sold by the Sun Prairie Club broucht them a new DX 100．Congrats to k9LMA and his wife on the arrival of new YL Dec．11．DYG．With a year＇s traflic total of 11.467 and 12 times BPL，became the section＇s Mr． Traftic tor 1960．A reported traflic total of 5013 for $D e-$ cember gave the Wisconsin section a year＇s total of 30,382 ．K9JXW now is operating all hands with a Va－ liant．an HQ－170 and separate dipoles for rach band The Milwaukee Club＇s Old Timers Nite was attended by 62．V＇D acted as master of ceremonies，showing films of early amateur gear．Applications for OBS．OES，OO OHS and OPS appointments ree sulicited．Traffic： IV9DIGG 1667，CKY 873．W2MTA／9 761．K9GDF 178 IN9SAA 460，KQB 301，K9HJS 76．W9「HP 71．KKM 66
 K゚9EQQ 61，W9FXA 53，K9GSC 51．W9MINQ 50，CBE 45，
HHX 41，K9SQF 32，円OT 29，W9OTL $27, \mathrm{~K} 9 \mathrm{JQA} 25$,
 W9YIK 12，APB 11，SIZ 10．ONI 8，KN9YTJ 8，YDY 7 W9YZG 3.

## DAKOTA DIVISION

NORTH DAKOTA—SCM，Harold A．Wengel，WOHVA －－sEC：KøKBV．PAM：KøliJR．RM：K＇TZ．A new eall in Williston is URN，ex－K5DBL．KJR rxpresced appreciation to all who cherked into the $70-\mathrm{Meter}$ Net and special thanks to NCSs BHF，BHT，GQD，IOQGRM and TYY．North Dakota 75 －Meter Phone Net report for December： 24 sessions，total check－ins 594，highest number check－ins 34，Inwest 8 ； 138 pieces formal traf tic． 60 informals． 37 relays．K OAZX is home from the houspital and taking it eacy．OMIA underment surgery The North Dakota Weather Net meets week diays on 3845 ke．ut 1330 Z ．Traffic：K $\mathrm{K} \mathrm{CIVQ}^{\circ} 400$ ．RLF 165 ， 1 TP 149．WOMQA 122，KOTYY 122，GRM 38．WØOBHT 34. KGPVH 29．MPH 28．WOGQD 25，KØTVI 25．WQPHC 23，KøDWX 13，KJR 13．KSA 13．WOAQR 10，KOGGL 10，GGI 8．TVH 8．TVMI 7．AZX＇6．WGDNJ 6，BHF 5 ， IHM 4，køUPQ 2，WOAY． 1.

SOUTH DAKOTA－SCMI，J．W．Sikorski，WØØRRN， SEC：NOT．Olticer of the EMCARC tor 1961 are KOLOW，pres．；KøVIZ，serv．：and KØVTP．treas． SNK．Alilbank，reports a new daughter，born on Elec－ fion Day．KORPh received the General Class license and KOALT the Terhnician．KOs YAA．AYW，ZKD and BRC，Brookings，lost heams during the ice storm att the end of November，Except for traffic riports，I＇m
receiving fewer items each month．Doesn＇t anyone ever do anything in South Dakota？SCT and ZWL made BPL in December．Traffic：IVOSCT 720．ZWL 654，DVB 234，KØBMQ 210，AIE 75．HSW 54，WØOFP 37，CTZ 35．KӨSEJ 24．＇YY 20．WJT 17，DUR 14，PDNV 13. DHA 12，TNM 12，ZMA 11，WØY＇F 6，NNX 4．KØVIZ 4．INZ 3，RQY 3，BQR 2，WØFJZ 2，KゆKOY 2， WØPAV 2, KøCXB＇ 1, LKF 1 ．

MINNESOTA－SCA，Mrs．Lydia S．Johnson．WOKJZ Asst．SCM：Rollie O．Hall，OLST．SEC：TUS． PAMs：OPX AND KøEPT．RMs：PET and K゙øIZD． New MJN member KøVTG is using a Valiant．RMi RIQ resigned because of heasy work schedule．PET is the new RM for MSN．AREC member KOAKC has an $H Q-170$ receiver，a Globe Hibnnder TX－50 with a Hy － Gain five－element 6 －meter beam．KNØAKM took his Gen．Class exam iu St．Paul．He and køUKU visited KJZ，and worked their first DX on 10 meters．Four De－ cember BPL certificate winners are ISJ（his first）．TUS QDL and liøORK，with a high of 2041 points．That． Thelieve，is a recurd total for any single operator stat－ tion in uur sestion．A new YL is KNØZED，a college student from Laverne．KOMAH resigned as EC． KøUKU received a Tenth Kegional cortificate atd is using an EZ－Keyer built hy KOOTH．KØPSE applied for OES appointment．MSN is holding two net sesxions， at． 0030 and 0345 （YMT，to speed up delivery of trattic． VEIEG／$\varnothing$ and KØIKL have a baby damghter．Joyce placed second in the $\dot{L} L$ Anniversary Party C．W．Con－ test：also has YLCC and YL WAS．＇The American Le－ gion Minneapolis Post Office Post donated the funds for a complete station for the Veterans Hospital．The station call is BIV．$U Q L$ is the tmstre，with three Gen－ eral Class and two Novice licensed operators on the staff．The equipment is s．s．h．HT－37 into a liking Thunderbolt full kw．，an SX－111 receiver，a $\mathbf{D K}-20$ and complete antennas for all bands．It present on liri．，BIV is holding skeds with ISJ of Duluth．These skeds are for the purpose of allowing patients to talk with their families．Those of you who want to partici－ pate in other cities in our State，please contact LOCI， OOs LST and FOJJCF listed eleven violations．PAMs OPX and KiØEPT accepted PAM appuintments for an－ other vear．Traffic（Dec．）KØORK 2041，WQTUS 1334 ISJ 515．PET 381．KJZ 250．（ 1 LL 159．KøQBI 138．SNC 136．QLA 117．UKU 108．W0HEN 103．KØEPT 73 WOOPX 70，RIQ 63，WMA 60，KLG 53，KYG 51 LØPML 49．WØVPO 49．LST 42，KØZKK 42，KCF 40 MGT 37，SBB 35．W゚ØBUO 31．FGP 30，UMX 30， KOIZD 24, WøQDP 26；KFN 25，KøSNC 24 KNGAKM 22，KOLWK 22，WONYM 20 ，KQOBP 20 WゆTHY 20，KOJYJ 17．IKU 14．VXW 9，WOWVT 9， KゆUKL 8．WY＇8，KYK 7．WØDYC 6．KøVPJ 5，GKI 4．WØHNV 4，SZJ 3，KøVTG 3．（Nov．）KøIZD 1．（Oct．） køIZD 31.

## DELTA DIVISION

ARKANSAS－SCM，Daniel B．Patterson．IV5SMN－ SEC：K5CIR．PAM：DYL．Our congratulations to K．5USE on having an RN5 certificate issued to him． Honorable mention should go to the Graveyard Net for its effort in trying to close the net at 0600，at which time the Arkansas Einergency Phone Net meets on the same frequency．The Arkansais Emergency Net members have tried to refrain from tuning up on the frequency before 0600．Activity in the C．W．Net is up to par and the usual holiday traffic found its why in and out of the net． Regular participation from OZK is maintained daily to RN5 hy SZJ，USE，GXR or TYW．Some Kussian DN has heen he：urd on the lower end of 75 meters hetween 0300 and 0600．ABE takes the hot seat when he hams These cold mornings he sits on a heat pad to keep warm！ Traffic：IV5SZJ 186，K5TYW 93，GXR 44，CIR 34， W5HC 16，K5UEK 14，W5SMN 10，K5．ABE 9，W5ZZY 4. FPF 3，l゙5MEB 2，VRB 2.

LOUISLANA－SCM，Thomas J．Morgavi，W5FMO Beams and towers，quads and uiscellaneous antennas were lost hy K5EFS，GFZ．K5USU，K5WSR．DP K5YAB，K5L゙LN，KKZ，KN5GGH，K5YMY and NIHH during the recent blow that passed through southeast Luuisiana．K゙5SGJ spent a busy werk repairing most of the above antennas．His XVL．K5SGK．guve him a bcope for Christmas．K5WSR is sporting at Dixie Early Bird Net．NUH held the juh until recently． Congrats to $k 5 Y C H$ on his General Class ticket．GITT， PAM and net control for the Delta 75 Net，logged 651 stations duting December．C＇EZ reports that new stn－ tions have been repurting in on the L．AN．Having ae－ quired a Model 15，he expects to he on RTTY soon． MXQ，our SEC．recently made itrip to the New Iberia Club．Ľ5USO and $M X Q$ have heen appointed hy the （Continued on pave $9_{7}$ ）
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Send for (or, at your distributor), PL 77 Technical Specifications and Performance Bulletin describing 106 Antennas from $3 / 4$ through 80 meters including "BALUN"-FED ROTATABLE DIPOLES, MONO, DUO, TRI, 4-BAND AND "SPIRALRAY" ANTENNAS, ROTATOR/INDICATOR SYSTEMS, TOWERS, BROAD-BAND "BALUNS," ACCESSORIES AND "NICE-TO-HAVE-AROUND.YOURSHACK" INFO.


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Designed to out-perform and outlast any other beam rotator in its class. Will hold and rotate beams in winds up to 110 mph . Control Housing is Telrex quality thru-out. Black japanned aluminum housing. Tri-colored azimuth rose and reciprocal readings. Has selsyn indication and limit of rotation circuitry.


Antenna features coaxial array with choke stub to isolate antenna from en－ vironment．Fiber－ glass envelope which supports the
 radiating structure reduces precipitation static caused by dust，sleet and snow． Supplied with RG－58／U coaxial cable and BNC or UHF plug．

## FOR 144－174 MC BAND

STYLE 85 －includes ball mount through which cable passes for protection．Available in 3 ranges： 144 thru 154， 155 thru 164 and 165 thru 174．Overall length $531 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ ；for cowl or bumper level mounting．

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
85-1 \text { for } 144-155 \mathrm{mc} \\
85-2 \text { for } 155-165 \mathrm{mc} \\
85-3 \text { for } 165-174 \mathrm{mc}
\end{array}\right\}
$$

25.50

STYLE 100 －Base Spring optional for use with Style 85 antenna．Design allows passage of coax through spring． 4.50

STYLE 56 －same antenna as above but furnished with $3 / 3$－24 threaded base ferrule．May be used with standard ball mount and spring．Overall length， 503／4＇．

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
56-1 \text { for } 144-155 \mathrm{mc} \\
56-2 \text { for } 155-165 \mathrm{mc} \\
56-3 \text { for } 165-174 \mathrm{mc}
\end{array}\right\}
$$

18.75

FOR 450 MC BAND
STYLE 45 －roof top antenna extends 19 inches above the surface．Mount furnished requires $7 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ hole．

45 for $\mathbf{4 4 0 - 4 7 0 ~ m c - 2 0 . 0 0 ~}$
Write for free literature．

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Greater N．O．ARC as members from that elub to the Area Olub Council．Other cinhs in the area will do like－ wise in preparation of a joint project inr holding a Delta Divixion Convention in 1962．K5PGV is now NCS for L．AN．The New Lheria Club is zoing strong aftes recent urganization．K5REN and K5SV＇N are new 75－ meter mohiles．Code classes are heing held and five new hams ane in the making．TL is on the air s．s．b．with an HT－32A and an HQ－170A．UQR has been very active on 6 meters．A new b－meter net for the area north of Lake Ponchatrain met initially on Jan． 1 at 2000 （＇ST on 50.4 Mc ．Those checking in were UQR，EWW．IVI． K 5 RFC and MHH ．The net will meet rach sun．at 2000 CST on 50.4 Mc． 6 －meter stations iu Slidel are K 5 SLW． K5KAT，ANA and K $5 Z Q U$ ．all Heath Sixer nsers． Traffie：W5CEZ 488．MXQ 260．W4LDM／4 188．K5UYL 89，W5GKT 32．H゙5MIVN 21，CZV 20．QXV 20.

MISSISSIPPI—SCM．Floved C．＇Tertion．W5MUG－ EN5FSP is on now with a Glohe Chief from Columbin． G5YTA is working B through so meters from Tupein． K．5AFP reports that he still is active in Greenwood S．MX has gotten back on with an HT－32 and an SX－111． Glad to hear you．Len．li（）O has been heard on s．s．h． recently．It seems that DEJ has switched to s．s．b．CKY reports that DX is following the sun－spot cyrle．Let me have reports from rou DX bugs on your activity in the DX Contert．NSQLS reports that he is refurning to this country．Welcome back，Bob．Just had a report from Director W4RRV on the past year．Keep it up De．The Magnolia Net handled 96 pieces of formal and $2 \times 3$ pieces of informal traflic in December．Truffic： K5RL＇O 182，SQS 46．W5RIAI 29.

TENNESSEE－SCM．R．W．Ingraham，W4UIO－ SEC ：KHOHK．KA1：FX．PAMS：PAH and UOT．Wel－ come to new traftic－reporters，Wis HSR．WXH．YRM， K4s RTA．CSY．FIR．Fire stations earned HPL cer－ tificates：W4s PL，OGG，K4s AKP．AMC，FNR．New club oflicers：Mid－Kouth．Memphis－DCH，FRB．K4－ TYH．FZ．J．Navy Cluh．Memphis－RHR，OPA，EN4－ OUF．Mċallie School，Chattanooga－K9UDV．IVU has amateur TY working on a closed circuit but hopes to get on the air soon．K4CSY is buidding a grounded－ grid 1625 amplifier．Y＇RM lists new equipment：A Globe Scout beluse and a b－2 V．F．O．Thanks for the follow－ ing reports：Net－FX，HAH，UOT．OFS－YRM．OO－ TDZ und K4RIN．New appointments：TDW as ORS ZJY＇ax OO：K4MIL as EC．Appointments renewed K4AMC as ORS：K4RIN as OO．Traffic：（Der． K4．AKP 2222，W4YL 1128 ．OGG 949， $7.5 \mathrm{~F} ~ 406 . \mathrm{K} 4 \mathrm{FNR}$ 381，AMC 258．BWS 240．W4FK 205，HSR 1．57．PQP 142 VJ 133．WXH 122，K4RTA 108．OUK 104，CSY 82．W4－ TZG 46，K4YFC 34．W4TIO 32，PFP 26．TZB 21，K4FJR 20．W4TYV 19．U＇L 17，YRM 14，PAH 12，RIRV 9，UVU 8．（Nov．）Li4BWS 30.

## GREAT LAKES DIVISION

KENTUCKY—SCM，Rohert $A$ ．Thomason．W4SUD－ Asst．ACM：W．C．Alcock，4CDA．SEC：BAZ．RM ： K4KWQ．PAMs：SZB and K゙4OZI．V．H．F．PAM： K4LO．A．Welcome to K4KTVQ as the new RM for Ken－ tucky．Fontaine has been assisting li4CSH for some time and doing an excellent job．Tour support to fiN and $K W Q$ is urged．Thanks to Al for his efforts．He will continue to be active on our section nets．ADH is working toward a new 50 －Mc receiver and an s．s．h，rig． K4DFO is sweating out college applications．New Gen－ eral Class licensees in Louisville are K4NJX and $\mathbf{F X N}$ ． BPL cards went to K4PGH．K4KWQ and BAZ for December trattic． $\mathrm{HA} \%$ reports the new Pacemaker is most gratifying on c．w．K4MZW has a new G－43 re－ reiver and a Johnston bug．The 6－Meter MARS Net is very active with good state eoverage．Owensboro has ten amateurs active on 6 meters．The Owensboro ARC has received a schnol bus contributed hy Daviess Coninty and conversion to an emergency rommunication center is well under wav．Equipment for $4 \mathrm{Mc} ., 50 \mathrm{Mc}$ ．，the Citizens Band and the local police have been obtained． There are two $2.5-\mathrm{kw}$ ．power units includerl．K4ZQR reports 6 meters in Tonisville is rapidly growing．Dan－ ville has a new elub with 17 members．K4QFF is presi－ dent．K4TVC is ready for the CD Parties with new 40－ and 20 －meter antennas．KYN＇s trafic was 503 for De－ cember．HAS．JBC，K4DFL，LMS and OZG are new on MKPN．L4CWF is new in lulton from Alabama．Father JDU，son K4QDD and XYL K4CDE seem to be the most amateur－minded family in Kentucky OO reports． were received from K4ZQR．LFFO and ZRA．Traffic： K4PGH 644．KWQ 575，QCQ 256，W4B．AZ 208，K4CSH 136．SFD 95．W4NTD 54．（＇DA．45．K4MZW 39．LOA 31，JLE 28．OLT 25．W＇4RNF 21．SZR 18．K゙4 V＇DO 17. ZRA 16，W4ADH 14，K4DFO 12．ZQR 12．W4KJP 9， K4ZBA 9，W4VJV 8，L4AMDS 7，W4WVU 4．K4VDN 3， TVC 2.

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G-63 gives you AM reception... and SSB . . . and CW. It's stablewell compensated for low drift. Easy to tune also with smoothly counterweighted tuning knob and adequate step-down ratio. A full vision drum dial exposes only band in use, lets you keep better track of just where DX and other stations are in the band. Each amateur band is fully spread across dial.

G-63 also opens up great possibilities for those who operate 2 and $11 / 4$ meters because the $50-54$ band covers a smooth-tuning 4 megacycle range, provides an excellent tunable I-F for home-built crystal controlled 2 meter front ends.


FEATURES 5 bands. bo thru 6 meters-s tubes plus rectifier and vrTWO DETECTORS, DIODE FOR AM. PRODUCT FOR SSB, CW-DOUBLE CONVERSION ---PEAKING TYPE Q MULTIPLIER FOR VARIABLE SELECTIVITY-BFO, ANL PRO. VISIONS FOR XTAL CALIBRATOR.

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Low VSWR：less than 1．15：1 from $U$ to 500 mc ．Low Losses：Pure silver contacts．Parts in crucial positions Losses：Pure silver contacts．Parts in crucial positions
plated with fine silver．Low Cross－Talk：（greater than 80 db）（in energized position）in DK60－G and DK60－G2C through use of patented＂isolated connector＂．High Power Rating：（a） 1 kw through straight connectors（b）to 10 w through＂isolated connector＂．．．．excellent for video switch－ ing．SPDT r．f．Contacts：r．f．leakage extremely low，below typical r．f．connectors．

## MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS：

High Contact Pressures：Long life expectancy greater than 1 million operations．Continuous Duty：Teflon feed－through terminals used on coil to provide connection ease．

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS：

Wide Variety of Coil Voltages：6，12，24．32，48，110．220 D．C． coils at 2.0 watts； $6,12,24,110,220$ A．C．volts at 6 volt－ amps， $50-60 \mathrm{cps}$ ．（Special voltage or resistance available on request．）Less Than $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Temperature Rise Above Am bient：Maximum operating temperature is $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ except on special order．Auxiliary contacts available for power control－DPDT at 5a． 110 v A．C．on DK60－2C and DK60－ G2C．

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FROM
RELAYS PRICED $\$ 12.45$

MICHIGAN－SCMI，Ralph $P$ ．Thetreau，W8FX． SEC．YAN RMs：SCW，OCC，QQO and FWQ．PAMs． AQd，K8CKD，K8JUG and ATB．V．H．F．PAMs．NOH and PT．FC appointments went to K\＆PVC，VCG and UOQ：ORS to ELF，QQO，SCW，SJF and WXO：OPS to AQA．ATB，FSZ＇，K8JED and K8KVM；OBS to FOQ；OES to K8．AEM and K8GIV．FSZ reminds us that the time for the Cosmo Calkins Award is here， the award likely to be made at the Bay City Conven－ tion Mar．24－25．The Grand Rapids Convention will be held at Pantlund，ADr．28－29．New club officers：Sagi－ naw Valley ARA－K8GOU，pres．；K8IIB，vice－pres．：－ EOS，secy．；LNE，treas．；CTY，trustee Copper coun－ try RAA－IQA，pres．；K8UYX，vice－pres．； hN 8 VDT ， secy：K8UKW，treas：GOW，act．Mason C．．RC－ K8P⿳亠口冋口，pres．；K8BNK，rice－pres．；K8JED．secy．； K8DIX；treas．；K8CKD，act．Grand Rapids ARA－ OIY，pres．；UBF，vice－pres．；K8KCD，：ecy．； K80EG，treas．－Tawas RC AMS－pres．；K8LPH，secy－ treas．The SEC．YAN，reports the following ECs did good reporting johs in 1960 ：ELR．$Q \mathrm{FQ}$ ，ALG，K 8 CIS， SLV，DTZ．UOQ，RHD，TOX，EMD，K8EXV and UTE． Congrats，those Form 5 reviorts are important．GZF sends in a swell write－up of OT AMS in the Tawas Herald of Dec．21．KN8W＇XW sends in a gond write－up wf K8ATS in the Adrian Daily T＇elegram of Dec． 21. JTQ put un two $60-\mathrm{ft}$ ．towers．BPLers：RTN．EU aud K8KMQ．Many just missed．NOH works KLIDEF and KL7CED on 50.01 Mc ．ZHB went to the VA Hospital for cataract operations．Luck！WXO finally reports． K8JED is chairman for the hams Michigan Week． KxKl＇got a＇rO keyer for Christmas．K8PSV has trouble with the 10 －meter beam．h8KCO finished a new console for his $2-\mathrm{kr}$ ．p．e．p．s．s．b．EMD moved hut new console with OO work．TIC is hack from Florida． K8HLR wants to start a teen－age traffic net on 40 me－ ters．OES reports were received from K8BGZ．K8NEY， $\mathrm{NOH}, \mathrm{K} 8 \mathrm{PBA}$ and PT．Bulletins also came from Lan－ sing and Port Huron．A nice U．P．report came from Asst．Director W8CQU．QQK got a 1940 QMN rock－from ol＇FX．Traffic：（Dec．）K80TJ 407，W8FDO 316．OCC 292，K8GWZ 257 ．NEY 245，W8BTN 244. FWQ 203．EU＇192，K8KMQ 182．LZF 180，W8NOH 155 ． K8MEG 154．EXE 109，NHC 88．W8QQO 85, JKX 62 ， AUD 81．FX 58，K8DJQ 48．W8ZHB 48，K8BZL 45． W8ILP 44．OQN＇ 42 ，K8HLR 41．W8YAN 41 ，CQU 39 ， TBP 34，亡8GJD 33，W8HKT 27，K8NAW 2b̆，DQJ 24 ， IUZ 23．W४IXJ 23，EGI 21．JTQ 18，WXO 18，SW＇F 15， K8JED 14，W8SCW 14．K8KVV 12．AEM 10．KIT 10＇ K8BEZ 9 ，K8PSV 9 ．CKD 8．W8THZ 7．QLX 5．K8TJH 5．BGZ 4．W8FL．W 2，K8KCO 2．（Nov．）W8JTR 45， ＇

OHIO－SCM，Wilson E．Weckel．W8AL－Asst．SCM ： J．C．Erickson．SDAE．SEC：HNP RMs：DAE and VTP．PAMI：HZJ．The 1961 officers elpeted by the West Park Radions Cluh of Cleveland are IDM，pres．；AJW， vice－pres．；GMK，secy．－treas．；BDZ and ZEUt，trus－ tees．The Columbus ARA＇s Carascone tells us the 1961 officers are K8LXR，pres． KRJ ，vice－pres．；K 8 8DMM． \＃cy．：Mr．Willis，treas．；and THX，JSU，K8s IXY and JSF，directors．The club held its Annual Christmas Party．K8MTI was promoted to the rauk of Eagie Srout．Massillon ARC＇s MIARC Neus informs us that JHD spoke on＂Inidentified Flying Ohiects＂at the cluh meeting．Lancaster and F＇airfield County ARC had a film on radio theory and also held its annual not－ lack family dinner．Toledo＇s Ham Shark Goxsin names K8BAT as its＂Ham of the Month＂．Oregon City RC received K8WNI as its station call．K8OTN is mobile on 6 meters．Toledo Mobile RA＇s 1961 officers are WIT， pres．HYE，vice－pres．；and E8OFW，becy．－treas． K8KDT is home from the hospital．K8ixivy is now married．K8LFG received his Grneral Class hieense． The writer was in the Crile V．A Hospital station， $\mathrm{K} 8 \mathrm{~L} Z \mathrm{ZW}$ ，when it participated in the opening of the Veterans Arlministration Hospital Net．which will meet on Tue．and Thurs．between 1300 and 1500 on the $40-$ and 20 －meter phone bands．We were given the nows hy Springfield ARC＇s Q－5 that K81FQE received his Gen－ eral Class license and the stork brought K8NV＇S a baly boy．Canton ARC＇s 1961 oflicers are YAB，pres：O．lW． vice－pres．；OXV secy．－treas．；and FSM，IKMI．LDR and K8ENIL，directors．Aore than a hundred amateurs toured the Timken Roller Bearing Plant＇s electronic department．The stork brought a haby girl to inJC and a bahy boy to K8MPV．OSY has a new 100 N ．K8JSQ has been appointed Radio Officer for the newly－formed Erie County（ivil I）efense unit．FTC has Heath mobile twins now．K8WLP is a new Technician．The Fincllay RS＇s The W8FT News tells us that FWL has joined Silent Keys．New memhers in the Knuckleheadix are TJC， K8PER，K8PXV and KØZWU．Parma RC＇s 1961 of－ ficers are CZAI，pres．：K81lC，rice－pres．：K8DHX． secy．：and K8BQY，treas．JIA is in F－Land with the Narv．K8DEH is in Florida waiting to eo to Naval Radio school．KibDV＇J is on the way to Cuam with the （C＇ontinued on page is）


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 by M [asley

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## ELECTRONIC

LABORATORY
ROUTE 2. JACKSON, MICHIGAN

Navy. K8ONQ ras a new Heath Sixpr for mobile. NOY moved to Pionida. V'YU and KixGZ' were home for Cliristmas. NEB has a new kever. The seueca RC showed the Ohio Bell film. "Hemo the Magnificent." The Ohin State $U$. KC meets at 1930 Thurs. im Building 26 . Kiver Roarl Dorms, and welcomes all O.S.U. am: teurs to attend metings. BZX, DAE. IPPH and ZY' $U$ made BPL in December. Appointments made in Decemher were BIF as OO HFK as OES and h8LMI as FCC Time are muy who are ending in their abthutment certiticates in yearly endorsement and I want to thank voul. Iny of you whose certificates need endorsement hould send them in at once. Traffic: (Dee.) W8UPM 1649. DAE 1261. ZYU 495, BZX 473, I58TZO 208, ONQ 196. WSSZL 160 . K8LUP 112. W8LZE 95. K8OTO 77. W8IBX 65. C'XM 61, K8AYG 57. W8YGR 57. OUU 29, K8BNL 11. W8LT 11. QCU 11, DG 8. WYS 8. K8MMO 7. W8WE 7. AL 6. K8KHH 6. MLN 6, EKG 4. HTM 4. W8EEQ 3. K8GSK 2. W8OS' 2. (Nov.) 118 R 7 X 196, YGR 48, LZE 30, K8MFY 27, W8CXM 22, OUU 8.

## HUDSON DIVISION

EASTERN NEW YORK-SCM, George W. Tracy, W2EFU-SEC: 122 KGC . RM: $W 2 \mathrm{PHX}$. PAMs: W2IJG and W2NOC. Section nets: NY'S en 3615 kc. at 1900: NYSPTEN on 3925 kc . ut 1800 : ESS on 3590 kc. at 1830 : IPN on 3980 ke. at 1600 ; ENY (emerg.) on 29.490 Mc . (Thurs.) and 145.35 (f'ri.) at 2100 ; MHT (Novice) on 3716 ke. Sat. tut 1300 . Appointment: W2ECT as OO. Congratulations to K20VV and $W_{2 A P F}$ on making BPL during the holiclav traffic weason. It was nice to hear K2DEM, K2UTV, K2YZI and WA2ALO home from mollege and $\cdot$ oh the nets. W'A2PDS is a new 2-meter station in Poughkeensin and W.A2OW'X is on 6 meters in Liebhardt. K2BGU reports a new Seneca and an Eico nivelulator with a D-104. A new 220 -Mc. converter is the next project. The lonkers and Alhany Clubs reported well-attended Christmas Parties. h 210 M appears to be in demand as an auctioneer, W2QAI and K2BFU were off the hir with receiver troubles but now are hack on. Yonkers is preparing for the Fall 1961 Hantest, according to K2BIG. Cub crystal banks for Novices and net nperations are becoming popular. Has your club tried it yet? W2SZ, the RPI Club. is moving to new quarters on the campus. WV2NRB received a Certificate of Merit from the American Ked Cross for saving at life during hurricane Donna. Congratulations. Other stations heard during the holidavs were K2YRC. K2TQJ, K2JWM, K2COI, K2ZDJ and K2CPF. Living in the watme dorm. K2JWM finally got an overdue card from 4 X .5 H , now sudying in this country. Those sporting new receivers ate WA2JZH and WA2UEK. Traffic: K2UTV 1558. W2APF 545 , K2MBU 250, W2THC 148. K2DEM 139, W2EFU 97, K2TMIC 20. W.2HCiB 17. W2LPP 9, K2HNW 8. W.22ALO bi, K2VCZ 5. W.A2FLA 3. W2GTB 2.

NEW YORK CITY AND LONG ISLAND-SCM, Harry J. Dannals. W2TUK—SEC: W2ADO. KM: W2GXC. PAM: W2UGF. V.H.F. PAM : W2EW. The holiday season traffic hoom was tremendous with eight of our section's traftic-handlers earning HPL rards, al the hard way with 500-plus pointe. Congratulations to L2UAT, K2UBG, W2EW, L2UFT. WA2GPT. L2RBW, WA2FBC and K2UYW. Both K2UAT and K2UBG topped 1000 for the first time while W2EW earned his ninth 1960 BPL, almost exclusively on the V'.H.F. Net. Several comments have heen receivell relative to QRM on nets-AREC, RACES and traffic. It would seem that these sroups which are actively engaged in :a form of public service operation should be afforded clear frequencies for their short periods of operation. Your couperation in this matter would be greatly appreciated by the busy montrol stations who are trying to maintain order. W2LDC. W2OKU and K2OVN iournesed to ARRL Ha. for a pleasant visit. New otticers of the Multihand Amateur Radıo Club (A1ARC) are K'TWM, pres. WA2GRA, fice-pres. K2RYI. orey.-treas, : W2NUY art. ming. The Mid-lsland Six Meter Net is now handling traffic. Ex-W.-2AFX now signs KIQIM from Maine New ofticers of the Staten Lsland ARA are W2EUY pres.: K2OEI, rec. secy.; W2 K KF, corr. secy.; and l2EFB, treas. K2RHG is working on $420-\mathrm{Mc}$. gear The Bavside ARC Net shifted from 10 - to 75 -meter phone. W2GGO. W2MY, W2SKX. W2TUK. WV2NZR, WV'NWJ, WV2ONR, WV2PQR and other Naval Reservists Hew to Washington, I). C., to visit NSS. Radio Washington. New officers of the Grummati ARC are WA2FWV, pres.: W2MVX, vice-pres.: WV2KST, secy.; and $火 火 2 \mathrm{KSP}$. treas. It is with deep reuret that 1 announce that W2ZPQ and W2FWK are now silent Keys The newly-formed North Bellerose IRC has rincted WA2KYF, pres: K2IVE, rixe-pres. : and W.\&2MPP, secy.-treas. L2EFB and K2OEI have converter ASB-5 rigs for $420-\mathrm{Mc}$. operation. K2[YYG received the first (Continueri on page (iot)


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Class Coperator＇s Club enrtificate．New officers of the Larkield ARC are K2HTX，pres．：and WA2GMB，secy． WA2GPT has added a new SX－101 MLIll to the sta－ tinn．W2GXC，RM，is looking for NLI assistance in New York Gity．Brooklyn and Queens．W．A2CZG has heen award－hunting．WA2KWZ is enjoving his newly－ acquired General Class license with his DX－100．HQ－170 and TA－33．JR．New officers of the Wid－Island RC are K2AZT，pres：W2SMQ，vice－pres．；W2WFL，sery．； and W2CLG．treas．W2OBU put up new antennas for
 received RCC．K2MEM builts Heath Jenner tor mobile work．New officers of the Lake Success KC are W2IDB． pres．；K2JTW，vice－pres．：and K2CMV，sety．－treas． A new rotator it W2UAL helps to improve $2-m e t e r$ uperation．K2IB．J has completed a handie－talkie inr 144 Mc．The New York Gontest Cluh has been formed with W2JGU，K2OFD and K 2 RHD as board of diree－ tors．K2UTN announces that he is offering a WAS Y．H．F．cup for the first applicant who works all 50 states on v．h．f．s．s．h．Rusty is now using 813 s in linear uperation with his S／Line．New wfficers of the Amateur W．H．F．club are W2MNX．pres．：WA2CXN，vice－pres．： K2UCU，rec．sery．；W2QPQ，corr．secy．；and K2BBO， treas．New officers of the levittown ARC are K2SDM， pres．：W2LPC，vice－pres．；k2IHQ．secy． treas．$K 2 l W X$, git，－gt－arms and W2RZH，truster． Traffic：（Dec．）K2UAT 1292．K2UBG 1027．W2EW 738， K2UFT 727．WA2GPT 686，ち2RBW 619，WA2FBC 561， K2UYW 532，W2GXC 293，W2GKZ 209，W2WFT，139， WA2EFN 78．WA2CZG 74，K2CM．J 72，E2BH 71．K2－ THY 63．K2DNY 53．VA2IDC 53．K2PHF 52，K2OFD 41．W2OKU 3x，W2DBQ 26．W2JBQ 20，WA2K WZ 16. K2OEI 15．W2PF 15．K2QBW 14，W2AEE 13，K2AZT 10．K2SJP 10．K2YQk 10．K2RHG＇，W2MDM 6．W2GP 5．WA2NWG 4，W2OBU 4，W2SEU 3．W2＇TK 2，K2－ MEM 1．（Nov．）W2UGF 29，H2UTN 12 ．

NORTHERN NEW JERSEY—SCM，J．Sparks Re－ meczky，L2MFF－SEC：WA2APY．RM：K2VNL．PAM
K2SLGG．V．H．F．PAMI：K2KVR．Sertinn nets：NJN K2NLG．V．H．F．PAM：K2KVR．Nertinn nets：NJN
daily at 0000 GMT on 3695 kc ．NJPN Mon．through Sat．at 2300 GMT and Sun．at 1400 GMT on 3900 kc ．， N．J． $6 \& 2$ at 0400 GMT Thurs．and Sun．on 51.15 Mc ． and at 0100 GMT Wed．and Sun．on 147.7 Mc．NJN reports 31 sessions，attendance 640 and traffic $\operatorname{bi} 99$ ．NJPN reports 31 sessions，attendance 609 and trattic 179 ．NJ reports 31 sessions，attendance 609 and traffic 179 ．NJ． 105 and trafic 101 ．
$6 \& 2$ reports 12 sessions．attendance 105
 K2V＇L earmed BPL cards in December．New appointees are WA2JGC as OLS．WA2JHQ as OPS gnd WA2KKH as ORS．K2CBG acquired a KWM－2．K2IKZ is now attending the Rochester Institute of Technology．K2－ FBC has such a long．long wire she needs a blinker on the far end to find it．H2VZJ received his WAS award． K2ULB＇s son pussed the Novice Class exum．W2VMX is looking for contacts with fellow stamp－collectors． K2SMV received an $\mathrm{HQ}-110$ for Christmas．W2CVTV honght a $75 \mathrm{~A}-4$ ．WA2EJZ received the WAYLARC certificate．WA21LB wants to play chess over the air． K2CEP visited W1AW．K2OQA is very close to DiCC． WA2BDP has a new Heath v．f．o．K2VVL added a KWM－2 and a 30 s－1 recent．ly．WV．12IDM has now worked 113 comtrips．WA2GQI and GQZ bought an $\mathrm{HQ}-110$ as a spare receiver．K2AGJ is giving code practice every day on 2 meters．WA2MNK has a new v．f．o．and a blig． W2BVE Lot his 2 －meter gear working and sent out 46 OO notices in his spare（？）time．WA2CCF raukht a bootlegger and received a commendation from the FCC． WA2OXT passed the General Class exam．Are you ac： tive on the bands ahove 50 Mc ．？Are you experiment－ ing or handling traffic on v．h．f．and u．h．f．？ire you willing to send monthly reports of your activities？If wo，you probably qualify for an Official Experimental Station appointment．Let me know if vou are interested， folks．Traftic：（Dec．）WA2GQZ 554．K2UCY 518．WA－ $2 A P \dot{Y} 367$ K2VNL 363 ．WA2EJZ 316，WA2CCF 311， W2RXL 243，WA2KKH 222，WA2COO 210．WA2EQO 158， K2VVL 142，WA2MNK 135．WA2BNF 130．W2QNL 116． WA2EDG 114．W2EBG 75，K2MFF 75．K2KDQ 68， WA2CNV 59，W2CVW 52，W2BVE 44．W2DRV 44， WA2，JHQ 39，WA2AKM 29 ，WA2GQI 19，K2AGJ 18， K2PQR 16．W2RSC 15，K2MFX 12，K2EQP 10，W2： CFB 8．W2ZVW 7．K2JRJ 6．WA2風PT 5．K2GIF 4， W2VMX 4，W2NIY 3，W2EWZ 2．（Nov．）K2CBG 26， WA2ILB 10．（Oet．）K2VVL 140.

## MIDWEST DIVISION

10WA－SCM，Russell R ，Marquis，WGBDR－Asst． SCM ：Walter G．Porter，めUJC．SEC：KOENN．PAM ： KøMFX．RM：PZO．The Iow：75－Mieter Phone Net repurts 27 sessions with 1354 QNi and 319 ATC．For the 160－Nreter Phone Net： 31 sessions with 687 QNX and 53 QTC．NWX checked into the TLCN from VP2－ VA．KøOFI was uppointed EC for Wehster County． （Continued on page 10\％）

# DYNEMII PUNCHY 

## ANNOUNCES

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## American Radio Relay

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NTI and HTP are vacationing in California．FMX js in Texas．DUA rereived \＆DXCC uertaticate．GVZ has reached 200 countries worked and confirmed on two－ way s．a．b．LJW and KøAUU1 made the BPI．on urigi－ nations and leliveries．KøCLS／6 visited several Inwa hams．KOSEW rnd OAH hate moved to Irizona COUEN reports a very satisfactory increase in AREC setivity．Ron has moved to spencer．KOSLY also is visiting in California．IC：II has his General Class tick－ et．SCA，LGG and BDR made BPL every month in 1960．UCE was home on leave irnm the Navy．NGS has moved into Davinn．KOVDY has a s－watt b－ meter mobile rig．Traffic：（l）ec．）HOLG 595，SCA 2508．BDR 2275，DUA 637，PZO 529，KOHBD 281 ，AUU 912，WQLJW 177．NTB 120，GVA 4B．BLH 33 ， 10 KAQ 32 ，WQIO 23 ，GQ 22．KOGOT 20，MFX 17．YLN 14．WOQVZ 13．IDV 13．KゆVSV 12．WOYOZ 12．KØIHC 11．WØUHO 10，PTL 9，KOVKT 9．WVK 9．WOPJI 6，KØBRE 5，EJN 5，WดEEG 2，KøGXP 2 iFK 2，WØNWX 1．（Nov．）WØJPJ 18，KØGXP 5 KBX 2 ．

## KANSAS－SCMI，Raymond F．Baker，WØFNS－SEC

 VZM．Asst．SEC：LOW．RM：QGG，PAM ：ONF．V．H．F PAM ：HAJ．Section nets：KPN． 3920 ke．Mon．，Wed． Fri．，at 0845．Sun．ut 0800，NCSs KOQKS．EFF．IZM and WØFHU．QKS， 3610 kc ．daily at 1830．NCSs WOSAF TOL，QGG and K＠BXF．Irea Net HBN． 7280 ke Non．through Fri．at 1200．KØHGI as mgr．The New－ ton ARC elented liØPFM，pres．：PHS，vice－pres．： PHI，secy．－treas．The Wichita ARC plected KøJWS pres．：RVI，vice－pres．；SMI，secy．；HIB，treas．The Jawhawk ARS electer KøJVR，pres．WLB．vice－pres． BXF，secv．；DVJ，treas．：KఏTRG，CGS，WØCSL and OWZ，dir．The southern KARC set up portable at the Rov Scout Exhibition and handled 32 messages．The club received the first prize blue ribhon for hest in electronics．ONF，our PAM，is lonking inr contacts on 3 and 2 meters．KØJMF reports a dry run for the Topeka 2－meter we：ather gung hecause of high winds Nov．27．Mobiles were IPIU，ECQ．KIFF，BXJ．OBO， WIZ．WXG．JMF and KXR．NI，hOL and C＇ET wert t the weather station．Tratic：（Dec．）WØOHJ 14.57, KOHGI 1240．WOSAF 364．AB．j 246．KØBXF 227. WOBYV 206．FNS 194，（2GG 160，IFR 116．「OL 98， K乌UAX 78，IZM 75，WOBLI 64，HDHVG 60，QKS 47， TNW 40，JID 21．WOWFD 19．TSR 1\％．LUW 16 KØEFL 1B，WQVZM 15．K＇OYRQ 11．WOFHU 7 KけQUB 4．UER 3，WØFDJ 1．（Nov．）KØYWT 16， WgBBO 13MISSOURI—SCM，（Y．O．Gosch，WQBUL—SEC KOL＇P．KMs：OlD and KØONK．PAMs：BVL and OVV．Nett reports：iDec．）M1EN（3885 ke．2400 GMIT MVF＇） 13 sessions；QNI 359；QTC 175：NCSs ONV 6 R（1L．KЮONI 3 ，HORPH．MON（ 3580 kc ． 0100 GMT MT－S） 27 spssinns：QNI 170：QTC 238：NCSs：OUD 20 KIK 5，KゆLGZ and MAU 1．NMN（3580 ke． 2200 GMT Su．） 3 sessions；QNI 12：QTC 14：NCSs：Ulid 3．MSN （3715 kc． 2230 （XMT M－F） 23 sessions：QNI 135：（QTC 215：NCSs KØONK 6，V＇PH 8，VAY 5，YRQ 3，BXF 5. KDMAU reports reseiving his net．rertificate for TEN． The initial traffic report from I．II was received this month．The station is operated hy ARO and is located at the site of WDAF／WDAF－TV（kansas（ity）． KøIHY reports contact with TG9HC on 75 －meter phone．CiRJ has finished his $144-$ Mc．rig and has it op－ erating．KØJPL reports the following as otticers of the Northwest St．Luuis tRC（KŋAXU）：KØCRR，pres． MNW，vice－pres，KØJPL，secy．；RXG．treas：WEQ， ret．mgr．He aise reports a new HQ－170 with resulting increase of DX contacts． K 0 OJC reports antenna dif－ ficulties．SWMARC．Inc．，utlicers ispringfield）are re－ prorted as：KØJPJ，pres．：KØLTP，धice－pres．； KøUVT，ser：y．：høV（D，treas．；for，TK and KGYCD，bulletin．The editor of MONKEY and r．w． traffic manager for EEE（MISMI KC＇．Rolla）sunds a detailed report of activity．Membership is the largest in history； 50 Mc．setivity is planned：the s．s．b．serg－ ment is very active；TID．under KOIFL，has added ton new countries：traflic is to the of inereasine interest with the entire student horly offered this setvice via EEE and the hours from 2300－0200 GM＇T set aside for this phase．The old resord point sence was smashed in the sis（Contest with 95.630 points from 674 contacts． Traffic training and code practice is included along with moving the station to new loration on the came pus．Tratlic：（Der．）K $00 N K$ 1303．MMR 274．WVOMKJ 261．ULD 191．K 0 OBD 1 80 ．MAU 179．WOKIK 151. KøVPH 137，以＇OBVL 116．． 1 YB 115，ZLN 114，ANT 99 WAP 85．OMM 60，KØWBD 53，WOBUT，45，GQRPH 40 WNZ 38．WORTW 37，hII 34．わVV 34．KØPCK 33 IHY 2S，WOPPEE 27．KGVNB 13，JPL．12．W（9．ARO 5 hりVTX 2．（Nov．）WØEEE 73．（Oct．）WOEEE 36. （Siept．）WØEEE 14.

[^15] （C＇ontinued on page 10í）


## High power for outstanding AM－CW performance teamed with reduced power for CW enthusiasts

 pion．This new bandswitching 10－160M transmitter operates 350 wCW ， 275 w phone． 450 wSSB （PEP） with 10.15 w external exciter．TVI－suppressed．Built－ in VFO．High level Class B modulation with new compression circuit．Pi－Net output， 48.300 ohms． Also built－in push－to－talk and antenna change－over relay．Final tubes fan air cooled．Single knob band－ switching．Entire unit self－contained in new－type ventilated cabinet．Size－ $12 \times 213 / 8 \times 17^{\prime \prime}$

Wired，$\$ 495.00$

## GLOBE VFO－755A

Comes complete with well－filtered power supply with voltage regulation．Output on 40 and 160M．Vernier Drive，13：1 tuning ratio．Approx． 50 RF volts output．Temperature compensated for utmost stability for AM and CW．Calibrated $10 \mathrm{M}-160 \mathrm{M}$ ．

Wired，$\$ 59.95$

Most Distributors Offer Terms of 10\％Down and 18 Months Pay Plans


New self－contained 90w transmitter for CW band－ switching $10-80 \mathrm{M}$ ． 75 w meter indication for novice use．New 1300 MMFD variable loading condenser． Modified grid block keying for maximum safety （cathode keying with VFO）．No modification neces． sary to add Globe VFO or modulators．Built－in power supply．Standard coaxial antenna fittings．Rotary switches throughout．Three－color diagrams simplify kit construction．Kit contains pre－punched chassis， all parts and tubes，and complete manual．

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## OTHER QUALITY GLOEE ACCESSORIES

 UNIVERSALGLOBE MATCHER，JR．

## MODULATOR UM－1

Class A or AB－ 2 modulator，Antenna tuner for power in－ modulates up to 80 watts RF put 100 wCW ， 75 w phone，or input power．Matches output less．Aids matching Xmttr．to impedances $500 \cdot 20,000$ ohms．high impedance antennas．Un－ Wired，\＄49．55 balanced input－output．Steel cabinet for TVI prevention．

Wired，\＄15．95

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## CITIZEN BAND-CLASS "D" CRYSTALS

All 22 Frequencies in Stock
3rd overtone. . 005\% tolerance-to meet all F C C requirements. Hermetically sealed $\mathrm{HCB} / \mathrm{U}$ holders. $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ pin snacing-. 050 pins 1.093 pins available, add 15 e per crustall.

The following C.lass "D" Citizen Band trequencies in stock trequencies listed in meqacyclesl: 26.985, 20.975, 2\%.985 $27.005,27.015,27.025,27.035,27.055,27.065,27.075,27.025$ $27.105,27.115,27.125,27.135,27.155,27.165,27.175,27.185$ 27.20s, $27.215,27.226$

Matchel crvstal sets for i;lobe, Oonset. Citi-Fone and Hallirafters IInits . . $\$ 5.90$ per set. Specify erılifipment make

## RADIO CONTROL CRYSTALS IN HC6 ${ }^{\text {U HOLDERS }}$ <br> In stock for immediate delivery lfrequencies listed in megacycles) sealed crustals $26.995,27.045,27.095,27.145,27.195,27.255$, toler. ance $.005 \%$ $11,7 \%$ pin spacing... pin diameter . 05 1093 pin diameter, ndd 15 d <br> $\$ 2.95$ ea. <br> FUNDAMENTAL FREQ. SEALED CRYSTALS <br> in HC.6/U holder <br> From 1400 KC to $4000 \mathrm{KC} . .005^{\%} \%$ Tolerance , . . . . . . . . $\$ 4.95$ ea. from 4000 KC . to $15,000 \mathrm{KC}$ anv frequency $005 \%$ Tolerance <br> $\$ 3.50$ ea.

## SEALED OVERTONE CRYSTALS

Supplied in metal HC. 15 holder
Pin soacing .486, diameter .056
15 to 30 MC .005 Tolerance
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## QUARTZ CRYSTALS FOR EVERY SERVICE

All crystals made from Grade "A". mported quartz -ground and etched to exact frequencies. Unconditionallv guaranteed! Supplied in
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MADE TO ORDER CRYSTALS • Specify holder wanted 1001 KC to 2600 KC:

| . $11 \%$ Tolerance. . .005\% Tolerance. . | 1001 KC 1o 2600 KC. | \$2.00 ea. |
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## Amateur, Novies, Technician Band Crystals

$.01 \%$ Tolerance... $\$ 1.50$ ea. -80 meters 13701.3749 KCI , 40 meters $17152.7198 \mathrm{KCl}, 15$ meters $17034-7082 \mathrm{KC}, 6$ meters

$\mathrm{FT}-241$ !atlice Crystals in all frequencies from 370 KC to 540 KC tall except 455 KC and 500 KCl .
Pin spacing $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Pin diameter 0.093
Matched pairs $\pm 15$ cycles $\$ 2.50$ per pair
200 KC Crystals, $\$ 2.00$ ea.; 455 KC Crystals, $\$ 1.50$ ea.; 500 KC Erystals, $\$ 1.50$ ea.; 100 KC , Frequency Standard Crystals in HC6/U holders $\$ 4.50$ ea.; Socket for fT- 243 crystal 15 c ea.; Dual socket for FT- 243 crystals, 15 t ea.; Socke!s for MC. 7 and FT. 171 crystals $\mathbf{2 5}$ e ea.; Ceramic socket for HC6/U crustals 20 f ea.
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SEC: KØTSU. The Western Nebraska Emergency Net. KORRL as NC. reports QNI 598, QTC 455 and 31 spssions. The Western Nebraska Net, NIK as NC, teports QNI 591, QTC 589, 100 per-epnt check-in for December KØBMQ. DVB, NIK, OFP and PZH. This net. held 314 sexsions in 1960 with DV'B missing only 4 and LYBMQ only B sessions: also total QNI for 1060 was 7914. The Nebraskr Section C.W. Net, NYU as NC, reports 31 sessions QNI 281, QTC 237. The Nebraska PO Net, reported hy KOKKJ, had QNI 435. QTC 58: also for November QNI 385. QTC 14. The Nehraska Emergency Phone Net, reported by ZOU, had QNI 575, QTC 51. KØTUH has a new QTH at Riverside Calif. New ofticers of the Fremont Amateur Radio Club are $A K O$, pres.: $\mathrm{H} \emptyset \mathrm{SCN}$ vice-pres.: LORJE. ecy.; WiH, act. mgr. New otticers of the lineoln MARS Club are KดHPT, pres. KดMSE, vice-pres. F K̄̃KXV. secy. Traflic: (Dec.) WØNIK 431. KøTLH 424. KRL 416. BMQ 360, BRS 333. WORDN 234, KOQFK 229. WøNYU 184, KØY'RQ 175, I.JW 168, WOZZJF 165. I)nT 161, KØKJP 86, WGUWF Bx, PZH 61. LFJ 60. KOWWEP 6if. CYN 48. OAL. 48. WOEGQ 43. OHO 42, LOKTZ 34, WOAHB 33. AFG 27, KØRQE 27, WOVFA 26. OC'IT 23 . RIH 23, KøEI, 21. RAU 21. WGZOU 21. KØMSS 17 , WดYFR 15. JDJ 12, KOKLB 8, WOHTA 8. HOP 7, KDW B. K乌KKJ 5. SLAB 5. MZV 5, WOVZ.1 4. WKP 4, KQWNH 4, WGFRM 3. Kø゙VAZ 3, WQTSU 2, KFX 1, SWG 1. (Nov.) LDYRQ 105. VI.A 11, DVW 7.

## NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CONNECTICUT-BCM Henry B. Sprague. WICHR-SEC: EOR. RMI: KYQ. H.F. PANI: YBH. Y.H.F. PAM: FHP. Traffic nets: (PPN, Mon.-Sat. 1800 , Sun. 1000 on 3880 kc ; CN virily 184.5 and 2200 on 3640 ke; CVN, Mon., Wed. and Fri. 2030 on $145.9 \times$ Mc.: CTN, Sun. 0900. on 3640 kc . BDI is resuming construction profects anticipating the need for more power as vun spots get fewer. Apolngies to Electronics Enlimited, Inc., for wrongly crediting the Manchester KC in the January column for the very successful electronic course the former group is running. Electronies ilistructors SKA, WZJ. EOR. QUJ and KIMIP are to he eongratulated on their fine effort. Attendance at mectings has grown from about 47 to over 60. EFFW is husy helping with Nutmeg Nems. K5OEA/1, K5SPD/1. K1AQE and KYQ made the BPL: K1LQD, K1LNA, IW, HJG and FHP did it with originations plus deliveries. CN han-- lled 688 messages on both sessions with 554 on the first for an average of 17.8; 134 on the second for an average of 4.3. Attendance the first session averaged 9.3; 4.9 for the sponnd. High QNI were KFJ. K1GGG and K5OEA/1. CPN handled 552 messages in 31 sessions for an average of 18 . Daily attendance averaged 24 . Honor roll for 80 per rent or higher sttendance included FHP 31. K1AQE 30. K1BSB 30, Y'BH 30, DAV 28. TVU 26. VQH 26. K1KSH has his 1st-class phone ticket. FYF got a WVT certificate, K1HTV has a new $50-\mathrm{ft}$. tower. K5OEA/1. K5SPD/1 and NTH visited Hq. and then stopped to see ZBH. ADW notes a drop in Danbury traffic with TYQ gune. Ex-DNJ now is WA6NVO in Inglewood. Calf, GV'T is sporting a new Chevvy. $Z \mathrm{ZK}$ is writing DX news for N'utmeq Neus. HGJ is on s.s.b. with a new HT-37. The CQRC elected K1AQE, pres.;
 station and 2-vear trustee: YNR and FPF. 1-vear trustees. NJM ammounces s. CWA code test to be held Mar. 20 at 01307 (Mar. 19. 8:30 P.M.). APA now is on $20-$ and 40 -meter s.s.b. with $1 / 2 \mathrm{kw}$. and a new quad. FHP says CVN held 12 sessions with 58 reporters and handled 163 messages. High QNI were FiHP 12, HJG 10. J7.A 10; new station CWF. K1HMIU reports that the Yale RC is not too active but he is building a de luxe e.w. rig and hopes for revived interest. ABZ misses the gang on 3880 ke. hut gets home too late to QNI. K1HJV reports the Mobileers were active during the Dec. 12 snowstorm. The R.ACES U.S. Regional 1 C.W. Net needs a couple of good men as alternates from Connecticut. Fior details contact PRT. Reports received: OO from K1LFS, K1IFJ, K1HTV. K1IVR and K1GUD ; OES from HJG and FVV. Appointments renewed: FYF and K1ACC as OPSs; NJM as ORS; K1IFJ as OO; NJM as EC. Traffic: (Dec.) K5OEA/1, 1001. SPD/1 569, K1AQE 564, W1KYQ 488, AW 430, FHP 425, OBR 355, YBH 305. EFW 247. NJM 2336, K1GGG 191. INA 157. W1HJG 140 , K1LQD 133, W1NTH 95, K1HZT 82. W1CHR 69, RFJ 62, K1BSB 51 , LAH 49, IVR 42. DGK 41, W1VIY 40, JZA 30, BDI 26, FYF 23, CTI 17, ADW 12, BNB 7, APA 5, CWH 4, HAX 3. (Nov.) W1ROX 20.

MAINE-SCM, Jeffrey I. Weinstein, WIJMN-V.h.f. activity, particularly on 6 and 2 meters, is on the increase. Portland has about 30 actives. We hope v.h.f. may gain in popularity in Maine, so contacts throughout the state on a regular hasis paralleling all we do on (Continued on page 106)


The most copied grounded-grid 1-KW linear amplifier by those who build their own.

## AMPLIFIER KIT

LPA-1 Kit-(less tubes, cabinet and blower) . . . . . . . . $\$ 269.50$
Blower-(optional for warm climate use) . . . . . . . . . . . 19.95
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LPA-1 Amplifier-Factory wired and tested
Complete with cabinet, blower and tubes
375.00

## POWER SUPPLY KIT TOO

LPS-1 Kit-(complete with cabinet but less tubes)... $\quad \$ 169.50$
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LPS-1 Power Supply-Factory wired and tested
Complete with cabinet and tubes
205.00
(See Nov. QST, page 115 and Nov. CQ, page 21, for outstanding features)


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## Another quality made compact antenna

## THE FIRST MULTIBAND COAXIAL ANTENNA for 6－10－15－20 Meters

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## needs no ground plane radials－

Ideal for ．．．
Emergency nets and citizens band wherever omnidirectional coverage is desired．

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A second antenna for low angle radiation．
The New C－4 features ．．．
－Full electrical half waves on all bands．．eliminating the need for awkward ground plane radials．
－Easy，inexpensive mounting with regular $T V$ hardware such as simple chimney mount as shown．
－Compactness ．．．only 12 ＇over－all height．
－End－loaded to provide maximum ra－ diator current for maximum radiation． －Quick installation ．．．about $1 / 2$ hour． －Power rating ．．． 300 watts AM．
－Feed line ．．．RG58AU or equivalent． －SWR．．．less than 1.5 to 1 at resonance．

## Model C－4 amoteur net $\$ 34.95$

Two other 6－10－15－20 meter antennas：
Model B－24 Four Band Beam
Element length $11^{\prime}$－boom length $5^{\prime}$ Turning radius $7^{\prime}$
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\＄54．95
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Mobile－5＇－3＂high
Fits all standard mounts
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The above antennas are also available for 6－10 or citizens band operation．
Write for literature and the name of your nearest Mini－Products distributor．

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SPECIALISTS IN COMPACT ANTENNAS
lower frequencies will be possible．All Maine tuets are now operating on a daily schedule，including the MSSN． Incidentally，net certifichtes will be available to all active members of the SGN．PTN and IISSN upon teuucet through the respective net＇s PAMI or KNI．AREC mem－ bers are urged to theck their 1 RFC membership cards to assure that they are valid．If endorsement is，re－ guired，oontact vour area EC ur acting SCM．The Bangor Area AREC－RACES organization and Maine＇s Departments of Labor aud Education are，again this year．sponsoring classes in radio，electrical therry and conde．Amateur operators in the Bangor area are cor－ dially invited to attend these intormative meetings．．Ill tratio－handing amateurs ate requested to report their trafic totals on the first of each month，whether hy letter，card，or madiogram，for listing in UST＇．Is of Jan．20，1961，Jeffrey I．Weinstein．W1JMN，has de－ igned as your sCMI．He passes along his wishes for hest success to his successor，who will be determined in the reat election．Fivervone intrrested should file nominating petitions with ARRL on or hefore June 16 ， 1961．The rull legal notice soliciting sCM nominations and repeating that date will appear in April QST＇．Traf－ fic：（Dec．）KIMJN 135，GSF 104．W1DLU 83，K1DUGG 52．MZB 39，GVQ 34．W1GRG 32，H1OAZ 31．EF7． 27. DYG 26．JNN 15．IAA 14，W1EFR 11，JMN 10．UTR 9， KıMBM 7，KN1OJH7．KiBYE 6.

EASTERN MASSACHUSETTS—SCMI Frank L． Baker．ir．，W1ALP－SEC：AOG．New qupointments： EYK Harwich as EC．UFS as OO．＂TZ had a heart attack but is eoming along slowly．Sorry to have to rpport that DLT，of the FCC Office in Hoston，is ： silent Key．KIGKA is active in the 6－Meter C＇rosshand Net．Thanks to all for the many Christmas eards re－ ceived．IHC is back after a tour in the Army．KIPFS is rative on 6 meters and in the net．The QRA held its Christmas Party．VK and his IL are entaged．KN1－ NNN lives in Norwell and is on 2 meters．Heard on 2 meters：K1s HDY．PNO．HRM，NNK，KN1s NTU OL．J and DOF．K1Q．JU is on 10 ineters．KN1PQG is in Olad and $A$ ． ters．Quite often fellows ask for new call of someone who insed to five in this section．so here are a tew of them：W4WZ is px－IVA．K4BQ is ex－1（PPD），6JUT is ex－1DVC，K6AVF is ex－1KCP，WAGCOF is ex－1AJl． K6GX is ex－1WE．The last we heard of $ૅ$ だBS he was in Florida．Heard on 75 meters：SLis，FJI，LIN，LHT GEY，LÖS，TQS，BPW，IBA，SZB．ZWQ．ZTI，RJX WEY，KJ，TQS，BPU，NPY，NS．NGJ．IDA，AMP JKV．MAC，Oin．OUO，KHT，GUG，CUH，K9QPL， 1 and k6KHN．BlO is not on the air very much．K1DSA has the cull W1SWX up in Mane．K1KTK is nn $b$ meters and has the APX－6 converted for 1215 Mc KlMOJ is on several hands．UIR is working on a rig for 220 Mc．AHE writes that he has heell home ill since the end uf Clatober but now is dong a little building． NF schus he heard Danny on Clipperton but didn＇t work him．KGX is in the horpital．PEX is doing some husiness traveling．OFK．our Somerville EC，advises that three drills were held．QMN and 2BVU are mobile on 2 meters．DOM is a new OPS．K1PFS has a Hi－ Rander transmitter．AUQ is husy with OO work．lil－ HBM has a home－hrew rotator tor a three－element， 10 －meter beam and a 15 －meter dipole．KCQ has a three－ element three－band herm 55 feet up．His total now is 189．KIMHC has a 522 on 8 meters．K1BLF has a Tener．K1JAW worked 300 in it sections for 40.000 points in the SS．K1AMP and MBA have Teners mo－ hile．FQA has a new Ranger．KIMIFM has a new mike and is putting up a $65-\mathrm{ft}$ ．tower．K1K［TY has a converter ior mobile on 6 meters．Mrs．Tracy Cole had a rig in i lineters while in the hospital．Ippointments endorsed： IHC．Kls AII and IWP as OESs；EMG as URS．Form－ er fellows from this section heald on 75 meters up in New Hampshire：LWI，JLK and MZE．W．I6C（）F sends his resards to th the gatus．K1s GNR LLX，PFS W1TWG and EMG mare BPL．LAIZ has been enidorsed us OBS．New officers of the Wellesley Imateur Radio sinciety are K1BEC；pres：K1DAT．vice－pres．；EJJE， treas，：K1IOG，secy．K1AII is working on hoth paper－ strip and tape－recording equipment．Our a－meter net held 29 sessions with 406 stations and 562 pieces of traffic handled．RYB and lillMU are on 75 meters． $A K N$ is very active in MARS nets．The Yankee Radio Club held an＂Old Timers Night．＂ZRT has two 150－ft． towres with a b4－element heam for a meters．K1MVN has been helning him．K1JIL made WAC．kMIPB is on 15 meters．KiliPD male a vertical antenna for 10 me－ ters．BHD has been endorsed qs OBS and OES．VRK says that the dates for the New England（＇onsention are Apr． 8 and 9 ．The King．Philip ARC wi Sudbury has an active number of r．h．f．experimenters．The latest project is a＂poor man＇s＂lard－can paramp．for 144 Mc．What has happentel to some of the clubs？No new： has been received for some time from New Bedford and Lawrence．The Nortolk Connty Radio Assn．，one of the oldest clubs affiliated with ARRL，recently eelebrated （C＇ontinued on pade 108）

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TAMPA5, FLORIDA
its 40 th anniversary hy dining at the led linx Steak House, Foxbore. Mass. Among thove attending was AGR, one of the charter memisers of the Nurwood Radio Club which developed subserumently into the Norfolk County Kadio lisn. IGR still is very :otive on the air and in the club. After dinner some withe entries in the original jounal of the clul, wete readthe first one dated loee ©x, 14211 Traffic: (Der. 1 llaNR 840. 1.LX 639, W1EMG S86. PEN 477. 7SS 417, EAE 293. K1MEM 234, W1DOM 197, K1NHM 178, W1HGN 165. TWG 155, K1PFS 150. DTO 140. W'1OFK 122, FJJ 110, K1BTIF 90, W1DFS 85, K1BGK 70, W1AlQ 67. VY'S 60. K1NPL 52, W1SIV 49. K1GVR 46. LCQ 46. DT, J 36. GTK 32, GKA 30, GTX 30, W1RQL 29. HIXX 20 KIGYM 13, CMS 12 . HRM $X$. MVN S. WIRCO 5 , K1MHC 4, OPQ 2, IWP 1. (Nov.) K1MHC 131, BUF 53, J.AW 53. GYM 7. IWP 1.

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS——CM, Percy C. Noble. W1BVR-.sti: BYH/K1APR. KM: N1IJV. PAM: DXX. All West. Mass. net schedules are the wame as in previous West. Mass. section news. We regret to report. the death in Florida of IN4QLG. Ex-W1ALR. une of the foumders of the Anontachusett Amateur Radin Club. KiIIV wonders if she has established a record by burning wut hoth receiver and transmitter in a twoweek perind! It may not be a record hut it sure is a pood try at it. The Mount Hermon Radio Chul has :un SX-101 receiver (paid for by money earned hy the students plus a matching sum by the schooli. Is itRB received an LA-400-C linear for Christmas. The Hampdon county Radin Association is starting the awarding of club arhievement certificates to members for their work in Letgue-sponsored contests former winners exeluded). Over 30 members and guests were present at its Derentier meteling. Present. wfficers of the HCRA are Derenther metting. Preselt. "ficets "t the HCRA ate
RRX. pres.: STR, vice-pres.; HYO. sery. : and LRE, treas. The West. Mass. C.W. Npt ( WMN ) handled 105 thessakes during Derember. The following were gactive on the West. Mass. Novice Net (WNNN): KIIJV. K1LBB, K1GCV, KN1PZR, KN1NWA, KN1OYJ, K11Q7. KN1NMB and KN1NWF. MPN reports traffic of 317 in 27 sessions; needs representation from all armas. UDT has a 6 -meter Communicator. AZW is the president of the newly-formed Dalton Lions Club. JDB and K1NSU are new members of the BCARA. BKG is on s.s.b., a.m. and c.w. with a new HX-500. New memhers of the e.d. nrogram in Pittsfield are K1GFT. K1CTL and K1DAB. DPY showed slides of his trip around the U.S. at the December meeting of the Pittsfield Radio Club. From the BCARA hulletin: "If at first you don't succeed, you're running about average!" Trattic: W1LDE 277, KiLRB 258. W1BVR 238, K11JV 165, LBB 164, DXS 143. W1ZPB 127, K1GXZ 83, W1IQZ 4.5. DVW 25, K1GCV 20. W1FAB 14.

NEW HAMPSHIRE-SCM, Ellis F. Miller, WIIIQSHC: KIIQM. RM: KICIF. PAM: KVG. GSPN meets Mon. through Fri. at 2400 and Sun. at 1430 on 3842 kc . NHN meets Mon. through sat. at 2330 on 3685 kc . CNEN meets Mon. through Sat. at 1145 on 3842 kc . Note the GMT schedule. New appointments: K1BGI and K1MOZ as OBSs. A fine time was had hy all at the inauguration of the Contoocook Valley RC. The ARRL charter was presented by our Division Director. EFW, who gave an FB address on "The Balanced Amateur." Following short talks by the SCM and PAM, refreshments were served and a visit to the eluh house completed the evening. The GSPN was visited by "Santa," ONT, at. a regular session. The ir. operators were thrilled. Achievement award certificates for 16 check-ins and 5 pieces of traffic handled per month have heen presented by the GSPN to the following: K1GQH, YMJ, TA, FAB, CUE, JSH/2, and K1CFX. Any amateur in or out of New Flampshire is eligihle. Traffic: K1CIF 1110, ITS 1043, MOZ 201. W1C IE 158 , K1BCS 126. W1TA 76. ZUR 60. EVN 39. KIIIK 37, JDN 28. GQH 25, WVIYMJ 19, IIQ 15. K1MNT 15, W1KVG 14, YHI 11, ZUS 11, AIJ 9, KICFX 7.

RHODE ISLAND-GCM. John E. Johnson, K1AAVSEC: PAZ. RM: SMU. PAM: TXL. Endorsement: G7A as EC of Warwick. Section Net certificates were issued to K1GRC, PNI, LCX, CPL, EBX, DZX, GRA, W1QR, TXL, BQH, JFF and HGN. Report of the RISPN: 31 sessions 308 QNI, 163 traffic. The LAARA will hold a supper on Apr. 8. Tickets may be ohtained from the chairman, K1DPR. K1HJS is president of the new Mit. St. Charles Academy. Woonsocket Radio Cluh The cluh is presently teaching colle and theory to its new members. KN1QGA and KN4CXE have just received their licenses. KN1QIT is advisor. Stations taking part in the National Civil Detense Jay from the Newport Area were JFF. MMX, TXL, ETM, JHF and KMMCT. They contacted P. $A Z / 1$ at State Headquarters and received a message from the State C.D. Dir. K1CRN is now active on 220 Mic. and hopes to go s.s.h (Continued on page 110)


220 megacycles ... long regarded as a band of promise ... where big antenna gain comes easy. A quarter-wave antenna is only a foot long and good ground planesincluding the top of a car-are easy to come by. Simple beams and even complex arrays of high gain are conveniently small in size-easy to put together and get up into the air. Here's a band where antenna experimentation can run rampant. Multi-element yagi's... stacked colinears... sleeve types ... bedsprings... log-periodic types .. helicals. The band has DX possibilities too. Remember KH6UK to W6NLZ?

In Gonset Communicator N-220 you have ready-tooperate "packaged" equipment that offers power to really go places on this fine band. On the intake side -an excellent triple conversion receiver having sensitivity of 1 microvolt for $10 \mathrm{db} \mathrm{S}+\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{N}$ ratio. And a
noise figure of 3 to 5 -exceptional for equipment of this general type. Receiver is continuously tunable but also includes provisions for spot frequency reception on one crystal controlled frequency. (A C-D requirement.)

Power input to 6360 final amplifier is 20 watts, amplitude modulated by P-P 6BQ5's. Transmitter is crystal controlled, has 6 crystal positions. Dual power supply is built-in, operated from $12 \mathrm{~V} D \mathrm{C} / 117 \mathrm{~V}$ AC, is equally well suited to fixed station or mobile operation.

C-D Models: Model 3351 is certified to OCDM as meeting applicable specifications, qualifies for matching funds when furnished with Model 3361 C-D Kit.

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NOT A CLIPPING DEVICE！This is an AVC type compressor， like broadcast stations use．Operation is instantaneous，with no pumping effect．Built－in audio filters and SEPARATE HIGH and LOW IMPEDANCE CIRCUITS．
HIGH IMPEDANCE threshold is set at -52 DB and will pro． vide up to 50 DB of compression with negligable distortion． LOW IMPEDANCE threshold is set at－25 DB，and will pro－ vide up to 40 DB of compression when used between the speaker and the audio output of a receiver；resulting in excellent AVC action from receivers with poor RF AVC characteristics．
MODEL AFC－1 $\left(3^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}\right)$ requires an external power source（often available from transmitter or receiver）and contains a 90.3500 cycle bandpass audio filter．
MODEL AFC－ $2\left(5^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime} \times 7^{\prime \prime}\right)$ has a built－in power supply and a switch controlled BROAD－MEDIUM－SHARP audio filter． MODEL AFC－2CW is identical to the AFC－ 2 except for much sharper audio filters．It is intended for use with filter type exciters and for CW reception when used in the speaker line of receivers．
MODEL AFC． 1 With tubes（less power supply）．．．．．．．$\$ 32.95$ MODEL AFC． 2 or AFC．2CW Complete ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$\$ 54.95$


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G11 6 and 2 meters snon．GRC worked K6SIY／9，WAB－ LKX／4 and WHB recently on 6 meters．K1PNI is building a new shack for all his new equipment．LPL is huilding a new 200 －watt trans．FEO now is operating on 2 meters with a 242 Lettine transuitter and a five－ ：lement．Telerax heam．Iraffic：WISMI 1007，T．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{L} 500$ ， K1GRC 1．2．BBK 57，1）ZX 39，GOX 37，WivFZ／1 36． K1PNI 19．AIV 15.

VERMONT—SCM，Miss Harriet Proctor．W1EIB— SEC：K゙1DQB．PAM：HRG．RM：KRV．Vermont ire－ quencies：C．w．3520，phone 3855 ．K＇TTV 3620 kc．Nets： C．W．，Mon．－Sun，at 1830；GMN，Mon．－sat，at 1730： VPN，Sun．at 0900 ：VEPN，Sun．at 1730．Congratula－ tions to KRV and the VTN for a great start in Decem－ ber．Fifteen different stations checked in and cleared 57 pieces of tratfic．A net bulletin is being issued to net members．Joe woind like to have other stations iovin the VTN．Ontr section has about 15 members who are active in the satellite Data Link work．K1BQB is one of the leaders．Our best wishes to KN1QLO and KN1－ PUP on ketting their Novice Class tickets．KIIRH is the new tmaniger of the GMN and K1O．A．J is his assistant．K1DKN is liaison between the GMN and VTN．The Burlington Amateur Radio Club has now equipped its trailer with heat，so eold weather will be no hindrance to effective emergency use of the trailer． lour SCM would like to hear from amateurs in the section who do not participate in nets．There are a lot of rou and we＇d like to hear about your activities． Tratic：${ }^{\prime}$＇E $2 \ddagger$ ZI／W 11599 ，W1KRV 86 ，K1BQB 46．W1－ KJG 23，K1OAJ 22．WiEIB 16，HRG 6，K1OXD 6 ．

## NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

IDAHO－SCM，Mrs．Helen M．Maillet，W7GGV－ Calling all ECs and Madio Ofticers to plan now for every county to be active in the spring C．D．Alert． Arrange for a monitor station to accept and deliver Arrange for a monitor station to accept and deliver
traffic in your county．The Tewiston－Clarkston Club is sending lots of QSLL but no Centennial Certificates have been issued as yet．K7BWV had to drop NSN net control because of the pressure of work．FARM Net roster and traflic are increasing each month．广．QU nceds 4 states for W．AS on 20 meters．EMT fired his own ceramic spacer insulators for feed line．GMC rebuilt the TV amplifier to a 6 －meter converter．K7ENE hasi ${ }^{4}$ new son．HAU and family spent the holidays in Cali－ fornia．K7CXP ，oined the 2 －meter hoys with an HW－30． K7GHX is planning to move out of the State and is selling his accumulation of ratio，grar．GGV has been appointed chairman of the nominating fammittee for the FLRL．Traffic：（Dec．）W7GMC 52 ，VQC 50 ，EEQ 35．GGV 15，DWE 12，K7BWV 10．W7EAT 5．（Nov．） W7GMC 87.

MONTANA—SCM，Ray Woods．W7SFK－SEC： BOZ．PAM：YHS．RM：K7AEZ．The MPN meets M－W－F at． 1800 on 3910 ．TSN meets $M$ through $F$ at 1200 on 7230．MSN mests＇fTS at 1830 on 3530 ．The Missoula gang went all out to replenish the supplies for Christmas that the Salvation Army lost in a tire． We hear that UKT is leaving for Kansus．Sorry to lose you，Leu．EKB is bark from the Army and active on the bands．The Montana QSO Party seemed to have a tew working．YPN is working on a new tinal．ZOH had wind trouble with his antennas．RZY worked his shack over to accommodate RTTY．BPF is a new trailer house． LPL is moving to a place where antennas will grow． 3980 kc is a good place to find the Havre gang tor a ragchew． $91 \mathrm{~K}^{\prime} / 7$ has a new $\mathrm{HQ}-180$ ． $\mathrm{NPV}^{\prime}$ is real busy in his radio shop．A radio class for amateurs is going on it Harlowton this winter．K7BKH still is at her BPLs． BTS moved higher up on the hill at Helena．Appoint－ ments：K7CTI and COH as ORSs．AZY reports that the Old Faithful and Hario Radio Clubs had Christmas parties in December，Trattic： K 7 BKH 475 ．DCI 270 ， W7EKB 138，K7EWZ 79．DC＇H 78．IOA 23．W9IKY；7 12 ． K7MUL 10，W7OIO 9，BUT 8，よGZ 4，K7GHC 3， W7ZCG 2．EWR 1.

OREGON一SCM，Hubert R．McNally，W7JDX－ LT had ese surgery and is OK now．K7CNZ was work－ ing with $\mathrm{G} 7 \mathrm{~J}, \mathrm{JJ}$ on $5800-\mathrm{Mc}$ ．rigs but developed receiver trouble．GUH received a new raliant for Christmas， MTW is the new mgr．of OSN．DEAI is mating the SCMI very unhappy with fish pictures．hut we will show him up next summer！$K 7 K B K$ is a new OPS and is really handling the traffic these days．K7BDU is huilding a new 800 －watt n．f．m．for 6 meters．Watch wit for $Z B$ soon on 6 meters；we understand he has 4 ．Heath Sixer． WKP．our new SEC，is stirring the gang up and has some new hlood in sight．A nice holiday card was re－ ceived trom IJon Harhour and wife，ex－TLC，now at Box 927，Colorado springs．A nice report was received from KiVWFP on group activity at Portland during the search for a missing girl；also a fine report from li7JQS， Jackson（Jounty EC，on the activity of that group dur－ （C＇ontinucd on page l1Z）

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701-A; APN.1; APN.4; ARC.4; ARC-5; ART-13; ATA; BC-191, 312, 342, 348, 375, 442, 456-459, 609, 624, 696, 950, 1066, 1253; COL-43065; CRC.7; DM-34; DY-2; DY-8; FT-241A; LM; MBF; MD-7/ARC-5; R-9/APN-4; R-28/ARC-5; RM-52; RM-53; RT-19/ARC-4; RT-159; SCR-274N, 508, 522, 528, 538, T-15 to T-23/ARC-5; URC-4. Diagrams only: APA-10; APT-2; APT-5; ARR-2; ASB-5; BC.659; BC-1335A; CPR-46ACJ.

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EDITORS and ENGINEERS, Lid.
P.O. Box 197, Summerland, 3 Calif.
ing the lack of telephones in that area during the big storm. K7CNZ wants to be an OPS. K5GOJ, of A1huquerque. N.M., says he experts to he in Portland suon. K7JSJ and VCM also are working on $5700-\mathrm{Mc}$. year hut helieve we are losing K7ISJ, who says he is moving to California. K7CLL sends in some fine dope on $u$ charitable affair he has been in on with uthers. (Guess there will he an election soon but yours truly is still hanging on. Hi. Trattic: (Dec.) W7ZB 780). K7KBK 517, W7BDU 372, K7AXF 298. W7DEM 63. ZFH 59. DTT 56, MTW 45, (YUH 25. AJN 16, K7CNZ 14, JWY 7. W7LT 6. (Nov.) W7ZB 270, ZFH 49, K7JQS 27, CBA 13, BDU 8.

WASHINGTON-SCM, Robert B. Thurston, WT7PGY --SEC: HMQ. KM: AIB. PAMS: LFA and PGY. The SCM will welcome reports from the many clubs throughout the state with reference to their elections and meeting dates. All AREC members are reminded and are invited to check in on the AREC Formm held the last Sun. in the month at 2000 PST on 3970 ke. K7J.AL has moved to W6-Land. IBI holds daily skeds with $61.4 B$ for Northwest traffic. New officers of the North Seattle Amateur Radio Club are K7CFC. pres.; AYD, vice-pres.: K7JRF, secy.: K7DPO, treas.: K7EHY, sot. at arms. Whe tristees are whs Co, 'N, IMV, OEX, LWB and ZXM. The WARTS Net had 27 vessions for 1749 check-ins and 323 pieces of traflic for December. The Valley Radio Club monitors 29,510 kc. and the 'racoma gang monitors 29.600 kc . Seat tle sonn will have a monitor of $29,000 \mathrm{kr}$. AIB renewed his KM appointment and HMQ his SEC appointment. Other renewals were AMC as OPS, K7EHP as EC. JEY as ORS. K7JEM is on the air from a new QTH near Edmonds. K 7 KRZ and K7LYT worked Indianapolis on 10) meters using 5 watts. The North East Washington Sevens Amateur Radio Cluh of Colville has heen pranted affiliation with the ARRL and the ollicers are GZB. pres.: K7INV. secv.: JTR, treas.: BUP, act. chmn. PVF has Amateur Extra Class No. 69 out of the Seattle office. New officers of the Richland Amateur Radio Club are NNF. pres.; HPA, vice-pres.: VFR, secy.; OEB, treas. New amatenrs autive in the spokane Area are K7NLD, K7MAS, KN7NOX und KN7MQE. The Spokane Radio Club had its annual Christmas auction tor charity and raised nearly one hundred dollars, which is usually given to a needy family. AXT has a new Corvair and wonders where he can put his AF-67 and Gonset converter. K7CWO/7 is working at Bneings. ACA will assist Y'FO in the Renton Cu. AREC. QLH is the new manager of the WSN Net. AMC says the 80 -meter hand thinks it is 10 meters. He can hear ZLs hit rannot work a fellow 30 miles away running a kw. INN7LQA is moving to a new QTH. The Skagit Amateur Radio Club is QRL planning its annual hamfest dinner for April. Are you an AREC mermber? If not, contact your EC, SEC or SCM for the necessary forms. Also urge vour fellow qmateurs to join the league. HNT sends very interesting news from Spain. USO renewed his ORS appointment and K7ASY his EC zppointment. 'Traffic: (Der.) W7BA 2928, DZX 1479. PGY 1229, HUT 768, K7HIL 589, W7GYF 213. KZ 200, AMC 160. APS 132, QLH 125, GIP 107, JEY 86, K7MFF 82, W7ACA 80, EHH 46, IST 44, BTB 35, VPW 35, OEB 33. AIB 23, YFO 14. K7BBO 12, DDQ 12. CWO/7 8, WTOMO 7, AXT 2. (Nov.) W7QLH 220, YBI 51.

## PACIFIC DIVISION

NEVADA-SCM, Charles A. Rhines, W7VIU-New appointments: IWT, JKV and K7CJZ as ORSs; K7ETN as ORS/OO. K7BJB got a new heain up only to find the traps reversed. JDI is back on Okinawa. DEF has heen appointed by the American Legion to the Amateur Radio Network Committee. ANK has his Apache and SB-10 going. JUV has his Heath 6-meter rig on. BJB is huilding a new operating console. NRU is using the 2 -meter repeater which is going strong. ZT has gone KTTY. PC has secured two $5-k w$. emergency power units. K7ILB, HRW and W7MAH are on 6 meters daily looking for openings. HJ, JU, BVZ, PWE, TKV, K7BVX and ICW are all artive on 2 meters in the Las Vegas/Boulder City Area. L7HDY, LPF and W7WLV are active in Empire with two more working for their tickets. The NARA rated 20th in its class on Field Day. VIU is off the air with rig trouble hut had a nice Christmas Day contact with son YNO over KOI's rig via K3NSS and W3HQE. Traffic: K7CJZ 48, ETN 27.

SANTA CLARA VALLEY-SCM, W. C'onley Smith, K6DYX-New officers of the Santa Cruz HC are WbLZK, pres.; WBMIUU, vice-pres.; WA6GWM. sery.-treas. K6BJ gave a talk and was honored with a life membership in the club. WBHC, representing the CCRC, also presented John with a plaque ill recognition of his con(Continued on pate 114)


NED RAUB (standing), WIRAN, Raytheon field engineer, and Anthony Colaguori, W2GUM, of the Signal Corps R\&D Lab, work together on data transmission problems.

## FIELD ENGINEERING WITH A FUTURE

## Data Transmission at Fort Monmouth

Shown above adjusting the equipment is Ned Raub, W1RAN, Raytheon field engineer. His present assignment: working on long-range high-frequency data transmission methods with Signal Corps Communications Department engineers such as Anthony Colaguori, W2GUM. The site: The Signal Corps' R\&D Lab at Fort Monmouth, N. J.

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tributions to amateur radio. The SCARS Annual Christmas Party held in San Carlos Dec. 10 was enjoyed by the members and their YFs. New officers of the sian Mateo RC are K6HWV, pres.: K6PJW, vice-pres.: W6IPO, secy-treas. Project' OSCAR. "Orbiting satellite Containing Amateur Kadio." is pushing ahead. The hoys at Lockheed report much of the gear is designed. huilt and tested. The San Jose 2 -Meter Net is very getive and growing under the able Jeadership of chief op W60UY: Santa brought K6FL a new 100 V . K6ZCR has a new Hy-Gain antenna. W6YBV has a new power supply for QRO. New QTH and antennas are working out F'B for WA6HRS. W6FON reports that of 30 messazes delivered none were incorrectly addressed. W6OII had a bad fall from a stepladder at work. He injured his face but after hospitalization for a few days was back in business with two heantiful black eyes. Best wishes to Lewis Howell, W9YEA/6. as EC for Santa Criz County. W6OKK, former oo, has moved to atherton and out of the sertion. Traffic: (Dec.) WA6OAQ
 170, W6AIT 148. W6FON 148. W6HC 113 . W6OII 61 .
 RSY 24, K6EQE 9. K6GZ 8, K6SNiH 2. (Nov.) WA6OLQ 13, K6YKG 12.

EAST BAY-SCM, B. W. Southwell, W6OJWKigGK is fighting QRN and QRMI on the tratfic nets. WVGMAV, in Fairfield, is using a BC-459 and an SX110 on 7 -Mc. Novice trequencies. W6NBX, KM for NCN. is looking for traffic stations in Lake. Napa and Solano Counties. k 6 DQM is net check-in on NCN. WABLVX and WABECF are new NCN check-ins. W6HBF disbanded the home rir and has kone mohile with 400 waits. WBHBF/M, К6JHV, K6DMI/M, K6$\mathrm{ESZ} / \mathrm{M}$ and $\mathrm{W} 6 \mathrm{OPL} / \mathrm{M}$ narticipated in the search for a lost plane near Petaluma. The CCRC held its Decemher meeting in San Rafael. KBZBG demonstratend mohile DF gear to the EBRC at its December meeting, and the club elected officers for 1961 . The Oakland Hadio Club's new officers are K6KQD. pres.; KBDOQ, vicepres.; K6LWA. secy.: WA6CVI. treas. ; K6OXK. sit. at arms: WB.JUB. EC: W6JOH, chief ip.: WABEWI. public relations officer; W6FD.J and W6ELW, directors at large. WA6HYU, the XYL of your SEC. kot a new Hammarlund 180 from Sianta. K6DQM got a new s/line and Thunderhird TH-4 beam for Christmas. W6LGW is the uew MDARC president. K6DQM is vice-president of the CCRC. The MDARC held its Annual Christmas Party Dec. 15 in Walnut Creek. W6FAR is the new EC for Eastern Contra Costa County and W6WAH is the new EC for V'allejo and Western Solano County. K6KWX is moving to Idaho Falls. W1HWK was a Christmas visitor at WA6CNW's. Other 1981 MDARC officers are $K 6 \mathrm{MFA}$. vice-pres, : $\mathrm{W}^{26 \mathrm{HYV}}$, secv.; WAGCNV, treas,: WA6DKG, board member. The RARC held an election of officers at its December meeting. WA6KUF has a ham family-WV6LUU is his XYL. WVBBNC his mother and WV6NBD his dad. K2PTW/6 is waiting for his W6/ K6/WA6 call. K6JHV has a new HQ-180. BCNU next month. Traffic: (Dee.) W6NBX 329, K6ZYZ 232, K6GK 180. (Nov.) WBNBX 276. W6HBF 2.

SACRAMENTO VALLEY-SCM, Jon J. O'Brien, W6GDO-Asst. SCM: William van de Kamp, W6CKVK6EIL reports that he is waiting for twn Sis QSL returns to cinch WAS. WBWLI has his modulator working and gets on 40 -meter phone once in a while. but st.1l does lots of listening and reporting as an OO. WBAF says that the cold weather iroze his beam bearings and he had to wait for the sun to thaw it out. Bill visiterl in Sacramento ovel the New Yeur wepk end babysitting with the grandchildren. This is the extent of the rewith the grandchildren. This is the extent of the re-
ports received. Where was your report? Good luck to ports receiven. Where was your report?
the new SCM, George Hudson. WBBTY, of Sacramento. Traffic: Kb̄ELL 7.

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY-SCM, Ralph Sarovan. W6JPU-W6OUX won the Fresno Amateur Radio ('luh) "Boner Tronhy." It scems as though he forgot to plug in his modulator tubes in his mobile rig and called Lh for 90 mules with no luck. W6TKF has a new brake 24 receiver. h 6 BGO has a $100-\mathrm{V}$ exciter. W6QUN is the general chairman of the Fresno Hantest which probahly will be held May 6, 1961. W6JLF is heard on 75 -meter s.s.b. with an HT-37. K6GOX worked XE1GE on 6 meters. W6MJS is on s.s.b. with a 20 A . W6NYV is active on both 144 Mc . and 420 Mc. and working into the Los Angeles Area down south and working WBAJF 420 Mc . to the north. W8NTV is active on 40 -metir c.w. and s.s.b. with an S/Line. The NCN (1900 PST 3635 kc .) could use help from Kern. Fresno. Madera. Merced and Stanislaus Counties. WbEFB is working on 2 -meter equipment. The SJVN for i)ecember had 27 sessions, 449 cherk-ins. 54 contacts. 1 traffic. 10 phonf calls. 3 QST. W6CUA is the net manager of SJVN. W6.JXY has a new Jones micro-match. W6QFR is think-
(Continued on page 116)

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ing of doing some trading for s.s.h. equipment. W6NKZ had his eonverter stolen out of his car. K6BkZ passed the commercial 2nd-class exam. W6QON is artive from his wew QTH on 8(1)-meter a.m. K6HTM has 4 wew Drake 2A receiver. W6EJD spent a couple of weeks in St. Ignes Hospital with a had back and is now on the mend. W6JPS is working on a v.f.o. for 2 and 6
 K6KQM silver-plated the 2-meter cavity tor the repeater station. 'lrattic: (Dec.) K6KOU 181. W6EFB 32. Nov.) W6EFB 18.

## ROANOKE DIVISION

NORTH CAROLINA—SCM, B. Riley Fowler, W4RRH
PAM: DRC. V.H.F. PAMI ACY. RMI: PNM. EKxpt for the fiw reports that have come to me we hrve had a very good year. PNM and company hite made a success in a big way with the c.w. net. Qe and company have continued to improve the state Phone Net rud have ath excellent traffic system hetween the ciw. and phone nets. A number of counties andior districts have worked ont a good local net on v.h.f. Notable of these are Winston-salem, Catawha Gounty, Lincoln County Gaston County ard Jackson County. At least two RACES groups liave completed $r$ mobile mit-Forsythe and Cleveland Comitips. (C'leveland County also has a good v.h.f. net). I am not sure. hut 1 helieve that Nash and Edgecombe Counties have is v.h.f. net in operation. The Burke/Caldwell. Avery/Madison and Mitchell County Area has hoth a 2 -meter system and a 6 -meter system. RXG has been namerl 2-meter Alternate NCS for the perion just ending. ('PI, Forsyth County EC . sends a good report of activity. The group sent the SCM eight messages during the S.E.T. These hoys have a ham on 2 muters, KN4CPH in Fancy Gap, Ya., who has a good signal and au int as relay into Raleigh, N.C. It is planning such as has hern shown in certain areas that really prys oft when we need ioverage in a hurry. Congratulations. fellows.

SOUTH CAROLINA—SCM, Dr. J. O. Dunlap W4GQV-K4COH is a new addition on the c.w. net. CPX is Radio OHticer for RACES. Greenville Area CAO still handles much overseas traffic, particularly into South Americas for some of the Winthrop students. OYFT/4 will he stationed nt Shaw AFB for the next two years. He will he a nice ardition as a e.w. net member and OO. K4AYJ will he operating portable from March '61 to Jan. 62 and will be affiliated with ARC, K.A2MA as OFS. K4BRP made the BPL in November. We hope that others will work for the medallion this year. All new club secretaries are urged to send uctivity reports each month to your SCM GQV meets with the Palmetto RC in Janmary to st.sit off the activities of the year. New officers of the cluh are K4MVO, pres.; YQD, vice-pres.: JBS. serv.-treas.: and K4AVU, custodian. Twenty-four RACES plans have been approved in the State. Traffic: (Dec.) W4KNI 214, K4AVU 154, GAT 151, ZHV 113, W4FFH 73 AKC 59. K4BRP 49, W4PED 48, K4HJK 33, W4VIW 29. WYQNI/4 22. W4ANK 20. K4HDX 17. W4CHD 16. K4UOH 11. KIT 10. W4SEF 6.. (Nov.): K4BRP 323. W4PED 13.

VIRGINIA—SCM, Rohert L. Follmar. W4QDY PAMI: BGP. RMs: K4QER. K4MXF. K4KNP and QINY. Club news: PVA savs the hoys in Prince Wm. C'o. are trying to form a club of their own. The Sunchhurg gang puts out a very nice paper with lots of activity indicated ( 72 members). The Roanoke paper is also hard to heat. Our former VN Mgr, K4JKK. is getting married in May. The dlexandria outtit puts out a verv mappy one-page kully-tin. JXD deserves much credit for this. A real fine paper is Auto-Call, mublished by the Foundation for Amateur Radio, Inc.. Washington. D.C. Kudos to Ralph, 3NL, and Ethel. K4LMB, for an excellent hulletin. We ueed more interest as well as EC for some of our larger citips and areas. Richmond and Roanoke. please note. KOCVJ/4, MYA. K4DOR. JSJ/4 and h4Fisis made BPL in December! JSJ/4, the VN Recorder, is trying to convince the XYL he neerls a new transmitter. K4FMJ and OOL are experimenting with new sky wires. K4AL made BERTA and WBE (on (\%.w.): he also reports 10 n per cent rittendance on VFN during December. K4LTK's XYL (K4FW'X) ha: a new harmonic, the kids got a puppy and the relay in the rig blew up. Never a dull moment. JUJ is sporting the Va. Cradle of Democracy and WAWC awards. We hear that K4KNP will be active again in the near filture. Norfolk news: K4KSG and 8'THF; 4 have joined the s.s.b. ranks: K4SSK is hack following school wit the Navv: K4HUW, K4TLD and K 4 YKX are huilding W2ELW exciters: BGP will remain in this aren ant continue as PAM; the TMRC, inc., is publishing a icontinued on page 118)

"vastly improved my SSB transmission" writes Jayme Freixo, PY2CK, of his Electro-Voice Model 664 Cardioid Microphone

PY2CK has been a leader on DXCCfone since 1953. No. 1 World-Wide in
Fall Honor Roll Listing! We infer from fone since 1953 . No. 1 World-Wide in
Fall Honor Roll Listing! We infer from his letter that, like so many other hams, PY2CK was convinced that microphone quality is relatively unimportant on SSB until he tried the Electro-Voice
Model 664 . He writes us-enthusiastiMSB until he tried the Electro-Voice
Model 664 . He writes us-enthusiastically saying, "The excellent quality of $m y$ cally saying, The excellent quality of my transmission." Of the cardioid characteristics, PY2CK adds, "I've thoroughly checked the cardioid action and it certainly makes a big difference."

Coming from a DX leader such as PY2CK, these comments emphasize what 2CK, these comments emphasize what
other top amateur-owners of the Model 664 have consistently told us-that the 664 is unquestionably at the top of its class as a fine dynamic, cardioid microphone. It proves that our claims for highly directional selectivity, reduced noise pickup and smooth VOX operation are more than substantiated by hams who recognize-and appreciatethis finest of mikes. Absence of peaks means maximum Peak Effective radiated Power. .

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monthly News. K4LPR is the very canable editor, with QDY doing the printong and mailing. ZAd travelled sume 12.000 miles during December and visited uany amaeurs. Traftic: (Dec.) haClJi4 532, K4QIX 497. W4MIXA 455. K4LRL 371 I'4PFC 365, K4DOR/sDU 360 W4JSJ/4 337, QT)V 317. K4PQ' 274. MXF 267. W5 IA 256, LK 153. Ki4FSS 132, W4BGP 88, K4FMJ 78. W4OOL 78. K4ASU 76, JQO 75, LL 49, W4CXQ 48. HZE 46, RHA 42. KX 33, K4PQL 32, LTK 21. W4OWV' 18 K4TUE 16, HUI 13, W4, NEJ 12, AAD 9, A'CQ 6, H4LPR 3. LHB 5, W4ZM 5, K4CHA 4. IIP/4 4. (Nov.) K4MXF 276. (Oct.) W4HFH 52.

WEST VIRGINLA-SCM, Donald B. Morris, W8JM -The Blennerhassett Radin Club, sponsored "loys in Tots." The tovs were pirked up hy GRW IBF OFB MIT, WEJ, K8HYE. li४PCTV is operating mohile un meters. WUB and FNI attended the Blennerhassett radio meeting. New rlub officers of the Kantawha kadio Club are K8C'NB, mes.; VMP. vice-pres, ; k8QMR. secy.; KsMINF, treas.; K४r.AE. act. mgr. K8CSG. State KACES offirer, K8CNB, pres. of KRC: and K8BIT, editor of Splatter, visited the East, River Kadin Club at Bluefield. KN8SPX is lonking for W, Ia. from Texas on the $1 . j$-meter band. HNK is back on the air. The s.s.h. net is going great on 3905 kc , six days a week at 2000. DYA, ㄷit and K8CYK are artive on s.s.h. from Bluelield. GIU, editor of the Eilkins C'lub bulletin. Short Ship, is quite active in club and FiC work. UFFK has moved to Weston. AXU's move to Parkersburg is a loss to the v.h.f. gang. Il verv seldom missed a v.h.f. opening or party when he was in Flkins. FNI is a new OO and KxRPB a new OES. K8BLR reports B-meter contacts are on the decline. Holirlay traffic helped the e.w. and phone nets. Traflic: W8PBO 386. FNI 352 WUB 160. K8JLF 140. W8NYH 134. K8QXS 114. LOU 66. W8GAD 64. K8C'SG 13. W8DFC 10. K8QYG 9, W४ÖV' 4, UYR 4.

## ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

COLORADO-SCM, Carl L. Smith, WORWJ-Asst. SCM1: Howard Eldridge, KøDCW. SEC: NIT. KMs: WME and MI'B. PAMs: ('WW and IJR. OBSE: DCC and EPD. New yppointees are EFQ as (iRS and NVX as OPS. Colorarlo tratlic activity rontinued to increase during 1960 with (:IWXN leading in most ennsistent QNI. HNN in total QTC and C'W with the highest average QNI per QTC. IUF is the most antive OES in Colorado. reporting three new tates on 144 Mc. for a total of ten, plis equipment under construction for 1215 Mc. Splatter (hutter reports increased v.h.f. wivity in lit. Collins with ZFM and $\forall \mathrm{FQQ}$ as new oherators on 2 meters. The Mile Hi Hi -Banders report eight new calls to the f-meter group: HWI. WFT. ZOR. SJM DNW, ZGR 7BEX/O, and 8BEX/O. Is Division Director, BWJ desires to receive connments aud suggestions from all amateurs relative to League artivities, particularlv for increased v.h.f. activity, particination in and knowledge of traffic-handling procerlures by all IREC membrrs, increased ARRL membership and activity hy newly-licensed amateurs. etc. Congratulations to the tollowin! on making BPL in December: FEO. WME tollowing oh making BPL in December: FEO. WME
DCW, EDH, EDK and WWD. Tratin: KOWVD 794. DCW EDH, EDK and WWD. Tratin: KOWWD 794. EKQ 270, 100 DCOW 26i), WOMYB 102, K0EVG 73, WOC'BT 70. KOQAN 61. WOENA 31. ACD 20, IA 20, BES 10. KOVDM 10.

UTAH—SCM, Thomas H. Niller, W7QWH-Asst. SCM: John H. Sampson. 7UC' S . SCC : K7BLR. KM ()C'S. V.H.F. PAM: SP. 1960 was the best year for the Bechive itah Net. This was possible only through the coordinated efforts of the NCSs, net members and others who assisted with relays when conditions were tough. KBMPJ now resided in Lavton and is heard regularly on s.s.b. With his siLine. K7IMB, in Poratello, Idaho, has received the net certificate on BUN. OCX. \&WH and K7BDX agin received BRAT awards for work on BUN. OCX alsu made it ou TWN. CYG and exKN7EFH becane OM and XYL, respectively. on Der. 23. OCD and K7NWP made the BPL. These are the tirst to make the BPI, from litah for quite some time. Congratulations. DQW and K7BLR helperl (QWH take down the 40 -meter heam. It should soon anpear at the new QTH. Traflic: K7NWP 523, W7OCX 369, QWH 70.

NEW MEXICO—ScM, Newell F. Greene, K5IQLArst. SCM: CHI W. Franz. 5ZHN. PAN: ZU. 10 -meter PAM: LQM. V.H.F. PAM: FPB. KA : ZHN. The New Mexico Rrass Pounders meets Mon., Wed. and Fri. at 1900) MST on 3.570 kr . TWN meets daily at 2000 on 3570 kr. 'The Breakfast Clibh ineets at 0700 Mon. throueh Sat. on 3838 kc . NMEPN mpets Sum, at 0730 and Tue. rand Thurs. at 1800 on the same frequency. UAR is convalescuis aiter a heart attack. Cluhs lesiring League (Continued on putie 1\%丷)

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representiation should contact our new Wirector．OBWJ． Old 3838 proved itself as the＂Main street of New Mex－ ico＂during the December ice storm when virtually every community in the southern half of the sitate was isri－ lated．Those $98-\mathrm{ft}$ ．masts from MARS should be spront－ ing skyward at New Mexico v．h．f．stations．Traffic W5ZHN 551．K5IPK 393，W5J＇BW 94．Z $\mathrm{T}^{\top} 4$.

WYOMING－SCM，Lial 1）．Bransun．W7AMU－SEC： IAY．A\％G has been appointed net manazer for the YG Net．The Pony Express Net meets Fuli，at 0830 MST on 3920 kc．The Wyoming Jackalope Net meets Mlon．through Firi．at 1200 MST on 7255 ke．for tratfic． The $\mathrm{K}_{0}$ Net is a c．w．net on Mon．．Wed．and Fri．at 1830 MST on 3610 kc．The Wvoming Hamtest will he held about the middle of July in the Big Horn Moun－ tains．BHH is holding RACES drills on Wed，eyenings with 11 or 12 check－ins．＇WW is cleaning up his ham shack．I Hrass Pounclers League rertificate has heen awarderd to HH with a traific rolint of 612 for Decem－ her AEC is on montches because of a sprainer knce． PVN is going sideband．HFP is being transferred to Sheridan．K7KLE visited with Casper hatus tor a cou－ ple of davs．Traffic：W7DNV 90．XXG 52．K7HBB 44. W7IKQ 34．YWW 31．K7IAY 19，W7BHH 15．IMU 12， KLE 9，IEC 2．BXS 2，CQS 2．BKI 1．GBX1．

## SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

ALABAMA－SCA，William 万）Wotherow，K4AO7－ SEC：JDA．RM：RLG．PAMs：PHH．BTO and JIX New appointment：K 4 KJME as ORS．Congrats to sEZZ EAW and K4GRA on receiving AENB Net certificates． High QNI on IENH in leember was K4YIII， 28 times，Congrats to K4ZXX on makimy BPI in lincem－ thers．Ki4WN reports three Novices in the Valley Area， KN4NPB．KN4NPI and KN4NPK，and reports jo hams in Chambers County．K4PBH has a new Viking 500 K4HJM，KGH，PVGG，K4MEP，DSO ，SDG and IEC are working on R＇TTY．K4ZXX has a new SX－ 101 and reports AENT broke all previous records of the net for traflic handled and participation for［berember．PK． reports nuw nfficers of the Decatur ARC are HVK， pres．；FQQ．vice－pres．：FN4WHV，sery．：BFM．treas PkA has moved to a new home in Decatur．K4BFF is serving with the Navy and attending Sir Force radio school in Texar．（＇ongrats to lisBQU on making DXCC． Congrats to RhS and his XYL＂il $n$ new haby daugh－ ter．K4RSB reports that the following members of the Huntsville ARC particinatel if a drive to collect items for the C＇bristmas Charity Services：YFN，AWV，NIQ MAM，S4DQ．J．FPV，GTQ．LFN，IQU，RSB，YKQ $\mathrm{YUD}, \mathrm{BF} \mathrm{F}, \mathrm{ARQ}$ ．VJ and K1GEU／4．New olticers of the Birmingham ARC are K4DSO，pres．：K4AATV，sr． vice－pres，LiTJG，jr．vice－pres． K 41 ）JQ ， KHHAG．treas．；DFE and ASW：IDEC．K4AAU， 1081 Birminghatu flamfest ehairman，urges all ton start mak－ ing witns to attend Hirmingham＇s Eighth Annual Ham－ fest to he held May 7．Six Meters Newx：Gongrats to the following AENO members ohl receiving AENO Net cor－ tificates： $14 W H Z$ ．FHG，KAM，IPA．VIZ，RAG．OXS． OリE．HNO．WHMSU，IHG．MWF，LLN．DZ7，ZSQ JJX，C＇E．C and KWJ，K4TIY，AENX manager，reports 60 per ent of the members particinated ill［December． K4BFT and K4．AOZ are now mobile on on meters． K4JSP．Asst．EC Jefferson County．is husy with advance plans for 1961 Field Day．AUP kept in touch with the Montgomery gang on 6 meters from his hospital bert－ side．h4OIJ has an HW－29／M on 6 meters with a four element lelrex lextu．TOI snd nephew in Chat．tannoza are working RTTY．Tratlic：（Dec．）L447XX 640．SAV 220．W4RLG 184，に゙4AOZ 110．W4KIX 79，OKQ 66 PYG 65．K4PHH 43，W4YER 42，K4KDF 11．GXS 35 W4MI 33，K4BET 26．ZNI 24．RTA 20．AAU 35. KN4WHV 14，K4HVN 13．TDJ i3．HFX 11 ，Wi4WHW 11．K4RSB 9.1 WN 8 ．ODU 8．W 4 EJZ 6．K4RCA 6 UMD 6．W4CFO 5，AUP 4，K4HJM 4，GVE 4，W4RTQ 4．k4ZBX 4．W4CIN 2，FUT 2，K4RIX \＆．W4TOI 2 （Nov．） 1 F 4 KIX 45 ，K4KDF 14．OIJ 6．

EASTERN FLORIDA－SCM，John F．Porter， W4KGJ－SEC：IYT．RAI：K4KDN．PAMs：SDR and K．4LCF．V．H．F．PAM：RMIU．Your new SCiM for this section is $[45 \mathrm{JH}$ ．Ham lives at 1300 N ．E． 42 street Pompano Heach，Fla．His full name iy Abert L．Hamel and all reports should now go direntive to him．The Broward ARC is holding its Fitth Annual Auction and Hamfest Mar． 11 at Ft．Lauderdale．Doors open at 8 A．m．，the auction will be held from 10 a．ni．to 5 P．m．K4ITCO has been nominated for the Fidison Award for 1960．Frank lid an outstanding job dur－ ing und after Hurricane Donna．For the information of you old－time Morse puys，the HCC yavs you can use it on amatelir hands provided you identify in Interna－ tional Morse．New otficers of the Broward ARC are （Continued on page 12Z）


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 ICF 305. KDN 302. BY 273, W4E.AT 253. K4DBT 239. W4FE 172, K4BZ 152, LVE' 147, W8LDU 147, W'TTRS 136, K4AX 124. ILB 124. BLM 111, YOQ 109. W4CJI 108. K4AKQ 102, ENW 100. VSA 95. DAX 73, DZS 70. W4NGR 69. K4RNS 67. W4CNZ 64. K4MTP 51, W4IYT 47, SMK 47, K 4 EHW 41 . W4SGY 40 , LMIT 36 . K゙ 4 ANR 33, TDT 29, W4BKC 26. LSA 23 , TBSH 22, H 4 BZS 21 . MVS 16. ZIF 12. W4DAS 10, K4DAD 9 , W4GOG 7. K4TDN 7. (Nov.) W4SDR 320. EHW 29. GOG 7. IWM 6. RUO 3.

WESTERN FLORIDA-SCM, Frank M. Butler, ir., W4RKIH-SEC: MLE. PAM: WEB. RM: K4UBR. is Section LO mecting has started every Sat, at 1500 CST on 3836 kc for the SEC, SCM, all ECs. PAMs. RMs and Net Managers. Perry: KQP has a uew AREC setup. YLP is back on the air from a new QTE. K4NJH has a new receiver. Madison: PBO is monitoring 52.9 . Mc, and working on a 6 -meter transmitter. Nionticello: K4HDA is the new ECC for lefferson Co. Quincy: K4QDN got a v.o.m., an f/s meter and a hug fror Christmas. Tallahassee: h4ARK is active with a new Cheyenne. GAA won the first of the monthly competitions to be held between local AREC teams, based on net participation. CMIG is mobile on 40 meters. MLE and CMG made high sores in the SS Contest. A surprise AREC drill proved to be very successfill. Port St. Joe: K4RZF has relieved K4RZM as ECC. WEB is the new PAMI. F't. Walton: ROM is very active as an OO and has joined Army MARS. Gulf Breeze: AKJ is hack on the air. joining K4EAP, K4RIV and K4ZMIV. Penвscola: The $V$.H.F. Club held au FB Christmas Purty: a visitor was your SCM. K4QOJ/K4BDF work lots of I) from their well-equipped shack when not mobiling on 6 meters. K4Q.AC continues to work 6 meters fixed, mobile and aero-mobile. AXP renewed RM and ORS appointments. Christmas brought K4CFS a bus: K4WVA a YTVM. IVVA and YYE are new (leneral Class licenspes. K4RMO, K4SOI, K4HYT. K4SWQ. EWC and OOW took part in the verach for a lost bor. Traffic: (Dec. H KUBR 551 , CNY 506 , W4MLE 237. K4VND 128, W4BVE 126, WEB 13, K4ZMV 4. W4PBO 2. (Nov.) W4SRE 317, K4 (iBR 176.

GEORGIA -SCM, William F. Kennedy. W4CFJSEC': PMJ. PAII: LXE and ACH. RM1: DDY. The GCEN mects on 3995 kc. at 1830 EST Tues. and Thur.. 0800 FSST on Sun. CSN meets Mon. through Sun. on 3595 ke. at 1900 EST with DDI us NC. The 75-Meter Mobile Net meets each Sun. on 3095 k. at 1330 EST with K4YID as NC. The GPYI, Net meets each Thurs. on 7260 kr . at 0900 FST with K 4 ZZS as NC. The AtI. Ten-Meter Phone Net meets each Sun. un 29.6 Mic. at 2200 EST with BGE as net mgr. The Georgia S.S.B. Net mects each Mon. through Fri, on 3970 ke. at 2000 EST with K4RHB as net mgr. The Atlanta Radio Cluh Net meets at 2100 FST on 21.36 MIc. pach Sun. with DOC: as NC. The Chattanooga Radio Cluh has with all the Georgia hams to its Division Convention to be held in Chattanooga, Tenn. Apr. 7-8-9, MINN is mobile on 80 - and $20-\mathrm{meter}$ e.w. and checks into GSN from his ear. K4VHC is sporting a new AF-67. LNG finally worked 8PT in Michigan after ower a year of 144-Mc. skeds. It was a meteor contart during the Geminids shower. He wat JNG's $19+h$ state on 144 Mc . Congratulations to Jack Nelson, who recently became K4TJN, and C.W. Hunt of MARS Radio, T.A.F.B., who now is TGE. Both are ready to go on the air. Our heart. are saddened to hear of the death of the XYL of K4PGZ. The Albany. Ga., Amateur Net now merts at 1530 instead of 1500 EST. The Atlanta Radio Club has set Junt 3 and 4 for its hamiest. Traftic: K4BAI $23 \times$, BVD 131. WGG 56. W4MKN 38, K4VHC 12, TEA 2.

WEST INDIES-SCM, William Werner, KP4DJSEC: KP4AAA. This is the last report from KP4KD before the joined Silent Krys on Thec. 18, "Got cards for WPR500, need one more for WPR-N-80 and not doing so good for WPR25 $50-11 \mathrm{c}$. certificate as only received (Continued on page 1ziz)

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17 cards for 27 QSOs. Received Connecticut Wireless Assn. certificate for copying W1NJMI's 40-w.p.m. transmission on 7 Mc. Got the Ar-15-7. W-21-MI ynd $K X$ for African YK, KKK-500. Worked All Scandinavia, Worked 50 SMI-5 and 2 band R6K certificates, Doing OK on the Certificate 'Hunters Cluh Hunt the Hunter' with 37 worked, enough for certificate and 13 more will get a " iO ' sticker. Worked 55 differrnt rountries in the CQ DX Contest and then knocked off 350 WiK contest QSO in five hours of snappy brass pounding. Worked VP2VB at (lipperton FO8AN and FFF7 in Mauretania and a 9 U 5 in Ruanda-trundi for DXCC 267 worked. 259 confirmed. Now have a four-element yngi for 6 meters." AWH particinated in the sweepstakes for $\%$ hours and worked 35 sections in 77 contacts. and just finished the Heath Sixer. CC is the first KP4 winner of the Worked All Connecticut Award for c.w. RA sendis greetings from Rome. Italy. W'T was heard on the Voice of America amatewr radio program on Dee. 2, where she was interviewed. AYA is a new station on 50 Mc . with a Heath Sixer from (aguas. INQ moved to San Juan from Ponce and is on 50 Mc . with a tuew G76. ALC has an Apache, a Mohawk. an SBin and a Hornet TriLander beam. ANP and AOR are two more on 50 Mc . D.J reccived su HT-37 for Christmas. KD's son B.J now uses father's station to continue the sked with other son K4PUJ. AOD handled trallic on Christmas for the hrothers at Colegio san dose. GP moved to san Juan from Arecibo and has a new SX-101A. CH is roming back to ham radin via a Heath sixer and a fourelement beam; his son is studving for his Novice crlass license. QM is now an electrical engineer. AOD has a Glohe 755A v.f.o. inr the Globe King. K4IIF and KP4AEB visited WT. Traffic: (Dec.) KP4WT 164, AOD 160. (Nov.) KP4AOD 90. WT 64.

CANAL ZONE-SCM, Thomas B. De Meis, KZ5TD -The Crossrouds ARC had a barbecue on Deec. 29 with a good turnout. Open house was held for New Year's Day to handle traffic for the States. The Canal \%one Amateur Radio Association's new officers are TD. pres.: KR, vice-pres.: PR. treas.; GS, sery.: and SH, act. mgr. SH is showing the hoys his new Drake 2A receiver. KR is going s.s.h. with a newly-ordered HT-37. a Drake 2.1 a Hy -Gain 'Trihander beam. JT is putting up thrce-element 10 - and 15 -meter beams, using a I)X 40 and an SX- 28 until his new Drake $2 A$ comes in. SW now is active from Roussean with his KWM-2 and Tribander heam. TS is temporarily inactive because of receiver trouble. AT has moved to new quarters and will he on again as noon as his quad is up. W3LGY eyeballer with TD and had some fun working from HP1GA while on a few weeks vacation this way. The AREC Net schedule now is ret at 1430 GMT Sun. on 7225 kc . JW is using a $75.4-2$ receiver and a new trib) and hesm. Traftic: KZ5JW 291. UR 81, AD 77, BK 75, OB 48, TD 33, VF 21. CD 12, FG 9, OA 6.

## SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

LOS ANGELES-SCM, Alhert F. Hill, jr., W6JQBSEC: W6LIP. PAMIs: WBBUK. W6ORS and K6PZM. REC: W6BHP. PAMs: The following stations earned BPR for December traffic: K6LVR. K6.MCA. WGZJB, W6GYH. K6EPT. W6WPF, W6SYQ, KøCLS/6, K6OZJ, W6BHG and WA6INR. Congrats, iellows! W6NKR has a converter in the car. K6COP designed and himilt a new electronic key. New officers of the sin. Calif. V.H.F. Radio Club art WABA.JT, pres.; K6JQB, vice-pres.; W6TN.J, secy.: WA6CDV. treas. WA6DWP had a nice trip to Tucson and Phoenix. K6KUU Was QRL with the Christmas rush at the Post Office. W6FR visited 6 th Army MARS and several stations up north. K6EA is hack on the West Coast again! KøCLS/6 is back in Iowa for s. sell. W6SRE still is traveling around the Coast. R6SiX reports several 6 -meter openings. WABGHW is working out fine on 1215 Mc . K 6 PZM has been appointed PAM and net manager of the SoCal 6 Net. Congrats, Joe! New officers of the Inglewool Amateur Radio Club are WA6AZM. pres. K 6 HCY . vice-pres.; W'6AQB, rec. secy.; W6PFE. corr. secy.; K6MIJ. treas.; WGRKU. sit. at arms. WA6HUO is doing real fine on 40 meters. WBLYG is getting hack into tralfic. The Los Angeles section came out fine in Field Day with three first-W0JBT/6, K6DTA; 6 and Field Day with three firsts-W6JBT/6, K6DTA/b and
W6RW;6! Support your section nets: On cw., the Southern California Net meeting at 0300 GMT on 3600 kc.: on phone, the socal 6 Net meeting at 0300 GMIT on 50.4 Mc. Traffic: (Dec.) K $6 \mathrm{LV}^{\prime} \mathrm{R}$ 3502, in 6 MCA 2182 W6Z.JB 1607. W6GYH 1217, K6EPT 1088, W6WPF 1080 W6SYQ 798, KøCLS/6 630, K607,J 607. W'A6DJB 392. K6QPH 378, K6BAY 285, W6BHG 278, W6I YG 154 W6USY 144. WABDWP 125. WA6CKR 122, WABINR 108. К6SHZ 102. WA6DCZ 98, K6SLX 84, WA6KQN 64 , WA6.JOC 49 , W6BUK 10, W6CK 10, WA6HUO 6 WA6AWD 3, W6NKR 2. (Nov.) W6SYQ 178, WA6DJB 159, K6PZM 72, W6ORG 10.
(Continued on page 120)


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Hy-liann's s element 2 meter Hi-Bander is small and extremely light weisht 12 :g poundsi and may iesigned tor seals of trouble-fiec installation it is ulso vory consenient for semi-nermanent or Hortable VHF מ口plicatinns. The bram is completily factory nretuned and quick and ensy to asseminle, May be fed with either coax or narallel transmission lines, Fuom inngth $5^{\prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$ longest element $41: 1$ inches. 9 db Gain
MODEL 25

## 2 Meter 10 Element

Th, world's most mopular $\underbrace{2}$ meter beam, the small and light weight 14! pounds) enuugh to be rutatel by ary TV rutator. NO COMPROMISF. OESIGN DFVEI.OPS THE TREMENDOUS FORWARD GAIN GF 13:4DB WITH EXCEI,LENT FRONT TU BACK RATIO CHARACTERIS TICS. Hoom $1 \%$ foot long, honkest remexit 41 is inches. May be fed with wither coaxial or parallel transmission lines.
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## 1/4 Metern. V. Element

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All Hy-tiain Hi-Banders are mogedly constructed of busy trall 1.1 diameter hest reated hlloy rluminum tabing booms and $\because / 16$ hiamoter solid rod elements. They are huilt to withstand extremely high wind velncitios nnd heavy ice loading cunditions. Al Hi-Bander beams ure optimum spaced, which okether with the advanced lesign high $Q$ selid rod emelent result tremendous borward and e.ncelated from to he exclusive Hy-Gain high impact eyculac formed bracket Both boum and piement onds arr plantic apped and all hardware is hot dipped gulvaniza and iridite treated in accordance with military speciications for maximum wenther ebility DUAL STACKING KITS

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## AMERICAN CRYSTAL CO． P．0．B0X 2366 －KANSAS CITY 42，MO．

GY was off the air because of equipment trouble．（iY went on phone in December for the first time and say： the thrill was almost as big as the first time he got on the sir iu 1914．K5IMIC has moved to Waco．K5HTM got DXCC．Congratulations．Iannie．MSG has tried for $34 \frac{1}{2}$ years to get on $1 . X \mathrm{Mc}$ ．and finally made it．DPI． ex－KiMLJ．lives in Barger now．Amateurs in Henderson and vicinity held an organization meeting Jan．F．Are you wondering ahout the missing activity repoit in Jrn．QST＇？I didn＇t receive any news．Traffic：WSLGI 336 ．BKH 260．K5BKH 197．IBB 92．ZOM 49，HTM 44. SXI 29．W5GY 21，K5P．AW 18，IMC 13.

OKLAHOMA－SCMI，Adrian V．Rea，W5DRZ－SEC： K5KTW．The SCAT had the honor of officially present－ ing the $A R R L$ Charter of Affiliation to the Oklahoma Central Six－Meter Cluh Toec．20．The Wheatstraw Club has an emergency hus complete with gear and a new paint inh．New oflicers of the Lawton－Ft．Sill Cluh are RDK，pres．，KCB，vice－pres．；FEC．secy．．KS． treas．The ACARC also has o new set of officers：RRN． pres．；HXT．vice－pres．：EHC．secy．－treas．；K5QNC． assistant to the presidint．K5DYW has a new shack． KY has a new Invader，K5MITS a new HT－37 and K5CGD is a new General．Because of the press of time． K5JGZ has had to tesign as RM．Thanks from all the kang for to job well done．Len．OOF will take K5．JGZ＇s place and K 5 IBZ has heen appointed RAI for SSZ．The Tulsa Mohile Cluh Hamfest will be held May 7. K5RNK，HJV＇CGE．BQG and BAU，yll of Durant． have new 6－meter rigs．KSIXS is a new OBS at Cor－ dell．UYZQ，ex－9NLI，receited a QSL card from（9TPD confirming a QSO of 21 vears ago．TPD is ex－9TPD． By the time you read this the storm season will he almost here．Kemember．fellows，y zond net is depenil－ ent on team play，rather than star play．Traftic：DE－； K5CAY 621．IB\％456，JGZ 268，WSDRZ 252．FEC 140 ， K5AUX 135，DIP 79．W5MFX 74，KL7CWX／5 70. K5WZJ 67．F．LG 59，DUJ 52．ZEP 47，W5KY 37．IYC 34．K5OON 32，V＇NJ 32．JTH 32，DJA 27．WEF 26， CBA 25，INC 21．W5WDD 20．WAF 19．K 5 LYM 17 ． W5CCK 16，ISSJOA 15，IZF 12，W5PNG 11．EHC K5EZAI 7，W5VLW 5，K5PDM 4，W5ADB 2，K5HQE 2. （Nov．）KisDUJ 37.

SOUTHERN TEXAS－SCM，Roy K．Eggleston． W5QEM－SEC：AlR．PAM：ZPD．RM：K5BSZ．The 7290 Tratfic Net had 45 sessions， 1851 station rheck－inv and handled 1146 messages．Congratulations to K5WIC and K5MVI on making BPL．ATR is the new Section Emergency Conrdinator for the Southern Texas section． replacing QKF．who was elected Director．AIR and QKF visited with the Rosenherg Club．Giarl to hear that K5JCC is back on the air after having rix trouble． also K5LIU after moving to a new QTH．Mildred is chasing DX with a new 20 －meter bearn．some of the operators in Southern Texas thought they had found a bootlegger，but sure enough it was LRQ back on the air after an extended layofi．Welcome back．Guy．Be－ cause of the long spell of rain and cont weather there is very little news from Snuthern Texas．Everyone was afraid to get out during the Holidays，or at least no one reported it to me．Traffic：K5WTCC 891，MVI 789. MXO 174．W5AIR 139，ZPD 113，K5JFP 96，W5AC 79， K5MWC 41，ABV 4.

## CANADIAN DIVISION

MARITIME—SCM，D．E．Weeks，VE1WB－Asst． SCMIS：A．D）．Solomon，VE1OC，und H．（．）Hillvard． VOICZ．SEC：BL．VOIEX has a 400－watt linear and reports working Europe regularlv on 75 meters with s．s．h．He also reports losing all antennas and 44.5 ft ． tower in recent storms and now has a teniporary doub－ let un ior 75 meters．ABT has received his original call． NO，athd is active on 20－meter phone．DD has a DX－40 operating on 75 meters and DB has a new antenna up operating on the same band．The latest．Department of Transport list of hanned countries is as follows：Cambodia．Ke－ publie of Indonesia，Laos，Thailand，Viet－Nam．Jordan． Roumanian People＇s Rrpublic．Many statinn appoint－ ments yre now available．We would he pleased to hear from $A R K L$ members interested in an appointment．es－ pecially OES，OO．OPS and ORS appointments．Thank you fo：the many cards and lettors received during my recent illness．Traffic：（Dec，）VOMEX 124，VE1ADH 25. OM 12．DB 4．（Nov．）VELOM 11.

ONTARIO－SCM，Richard W．Roberts，VE3NG－ We regert in announce the passing of three VE3s on Christmas Uay，our heloved SEC KM，Y＇R and BZN． Their pasing on is a great loss to ham radio and we hasten to eitend our deenest sympathy to their foved ones．CJ，our Canadian Division Director，was guest speaker at ぶッth Bay．Visitors were HC and CO．The Skywide $\mathcal{A R C}$（has an FB monthly paper．BRQ is editor． （C＇ontinued on page 130）


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The Otfawa Ramblers (mobile club) wall have new itficers soon. The club held a fine social recently. 广F has a new vertical. PHQ is s.s.b., DPE is now (lass $A$. The flgoma ABC held an auction. EUV was in charge. St. Clair Valley held a dinner in Jatuary. The big prize was : Heathkit HW-19. In spite of the report in this column last issue I wish to inform you that the ARRL Convention for Ontario mill he held in Windsor in 1961 and not in Toronto. DHB and CFY are now on 10 me ters. DFU is s.s.b., SAR is the rlub station. Sudbury meminers were vistors to the North Bay Club to hear our Candian Division Director recently: The Peterlioro ARC particputed in a rommunication test, in December. BLiV was in charge. The Motro ARC of Tnronto elected the followithe: DSM, pres.; RN, vice-pres.: DOQ. rec,-secy; B. Iseman, eorr-secy.; APN, treas. The Quinte ARC will have new officers soon. EQM is now Class 1 . ASA had a visitor from Mexico. AE2FC visited many friends in the Toronto Area. EOL got his ticket on his fifteenth birthday. CUM has returned from Eurone. T) meters. DMZ was humed out at Christmas. The l'E3s. under .NG. KJ. IML and SQL. ran a Hamathon and raised a comsiderahle fund. 5(xN. Doris, was a visitor to Toronto. EOX is in Lundon, CQI now is Class A. SG was in the hospital. CW. mande the BPL. 'TX is in the hospital-North Bay. Qwis would help. 'Traftic: (Dec.)
 B.3Q B.5. CFR 50. EAM 44, NO) 43. EHL, 39, CYR 31, DIT 27, NUU 21. DTO 20. VWN 20. ELC 12, DZA 9 . D)LC 8 .

QUEBEC-SCM, $C$. W. Skarstedt, V'E2DR-CI is now OBS. $A G Q$ and $A G M$ are bolstering the slim C.W. Net participation hy reporting into OQN. ER's s.s.b. is very effective. XI and UT ate interested in bringing along newcomers; both have fine 70 -meter phone siss LE:'W'7 had good luck hamming in spattle. . IPR is back after a 6 -month lay-off. Your $-(C M$ had an interesting QSO with AXY while visiting GM6ITN. The South Shore Rang liolds AREC drills Sun. on 3785 and 25.250 kc . at
 sign VE8TO. VE4CF and GM3HI.D. YO. Tamachiche, is bark in the swing. The MARC held its MFual peppy Christmas Party. YB, while maritime tuobiling on ceebreaker Ermest Lapminte. uses the rall VEOML. QO, ex-VE6AF is active with homebrew k.s.h. and works friend 3EDR. ex-HX. The DX brigade. NV. IA, YL, etc., are tidying un for the March BERU Test. LI hopes to bring the world to his mommtain retreat this spting with a 20 -meter quad on top of a new $6.5-\mathrm{ft}^{\text {t }}$ tower. $\triangle F Z$ is the proud owner of a G-76 Gonset mobile. ABE experiments on 20 -meters with real QRP using a ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ 762 transistor rig with less than ne milliwatt output. EC will be on 2 meters with 35 watts and a ten-element beam. API, Jolintte, is pianning in inturn to the air. BCS, from St. Elie de Claxton. near Shawinigan. is active on 75 -meter phone. The liohile groun conperated during Army drills at St. Jerome. Al)B is trvine a conical on 75 meters. AAB and A.JF operated from Frontier Lake, near Maine. during the latter part of Vecember. AAD hears DX on 75 meters. Girectings to BHA. a newcomer at Quvernev. WT, OQN manager, reports the net is becoming more active. 'Traffic:


BRITISH COLUMBIA—SCM, Peter M. McIntyre. VE7JT-Activity for December was at a low ehb. With Christmas and poor hatnd conditions there is not much to report. RM AOT repurts the BC'EN had ;t good month excent that randitions after 2100 hours were had. There are reports of l'E5 interest in it ew. net which will helr along the formation of a Trans-Cquada c.w. net. IQU, the new BCEN recorder, now is it sandapit. IJB is around genin but not back to work go he still is under the dactor's mare after a bad fall from a tower which landed him in the hospital ant in a tast. Traffic: V'E7AAF 170. 」OT 64. J() 41. BA7 38, BFK 30, AMW 14.

MANITOBA-SCM, M. S. Watson, Y'E4JY-WS and his XYL are on an extended Loliday in the sumny South. FF. of Flin Flon, is on holiday in the southern states, KK, of The Pas, has established frequent contacts with OD, of Churchill, and SW. at Oxford Honse. 3EDD, of Minaki, is a consistent ouflet for eastern trafil:. FI, at Kenville. and JQ, FX and QR, of Dauphin. on the Manitoba Net provide it reliable relay between the North and South when conditions get. tough. TVT is now ereating quite a problem in Greater. Winniper since Pembina channel 12 came on the air. TV antennas have sprung up like s. forest. W'ith the help of ARRL aids and an active technical committee the ARLM hopes to volve the ditficulty. IW, at Manitou, and RF, of Lyleton, have reactivated the cow. net and ask for erompration from ail amateurs. Prattic: VF\&PE 30 , JY $26, ~ Q D 20$, EF 17, VE3FDD 14, VE4RR 12. PW 11, AN 6, AV 6, 1W 6, TE 4, OB 3. NW 2, RF 2. DU 1. XY 1.

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Founder and President


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73, Ben, W2SOH

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$\qquad$ 73,

Ray, W2QYS
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73, Mel, K2IUM

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SASKATCHEWAN—SCMI, H. R. Horn, VE5HR$N Q$ has done a tine job of organizing the C.W. Net. The net will tie in with RN7 of NTS and regular checkins will result. NQ also has bem appointed ORS. The net meets on 3685 kc . at 1000 MST. New calls hearil are IL at saskatoon and JJ at Melfort. Glad to have you with us. DZ added two more certificates to her wall with YLCC and WGS.A (Sweden). Nice going. Ebba. MN has a new HQ-14.5. Our best wishes to $t D$ for a speedy recovery from a stroke. JG wold his KWM-2 and will be un a trip to IA/KA-Land. PP is finishing a new home and will be on again soon. QJ is a new call heard from the RCAF station at Monse Jaw operated hy Incal . Iir Cadets. OP has iar too many old unclamed QSL cards in the bureau files. If you want vours, please send him the required S.A.S.E. or they are liable to hecome fuel. The NsiARC at Prince Albert now holds regular monthly meetings at $7: 30$ P.M. the 3 rd Tue. of each month at Koy Scouts Hall. Traffic: JE5NQ 21, HQ 20. I) KZ 4, AH 3, CR 3, MS 3, KZ 2, DK 2. (iW 2, NK 2 .

## Correspondence

## (C'ontinurd from page 71)

Believe me, this is a real department! I got over 26 replies, as far away as Oreron, California and Louisiana. plus a telegram from Colorado. They came from 10 different states and I sold out everything in 3 days. Now I ask you: how could anyone go wrong with a subscription to QSTP - Fred H. Chase, K1K゙V'B, Topsfield, Massachusetts.

## GMT HELPS!

(l) Congrats on vour recommendation on using GMT. I never did, but now I have started and find it betterl - Tom R. Horton, KibIID, Fort Worth, Texas.

## FIRST THINGS FIRST

(I I want to tell you how happy I was to read the first two paragraphs of Operating News in the lanuary 1961 issue of QS'I'. There is nothing like starting the new year in the right direction, and code proficiency, it seems to me, is the indispensable foundation which should be laid before we specialize in one of the many interesting branches of our hobby.

Just as, in the Marine Corps, every man must become expert with the rifle before he is assigned to any sort of technical training, so should every ham be in expert communicator before he takes up construction, sideband, v.h.f., traffic, DX or what have you. For after all, ham radio is communication, and all its other aspects develop from or contribute to that end.

Let's have more emphasis on code proficiency, more articles about how to get code proficiency. Let's add an unwritten seventh article to The Amateur's Code: THE AMATEUR IS A GOOD OPERATOR. - Horace Butterworth, K 3 AKB, Washington, D. C.

If The "Operating News" discussion of the poor showing by over two-thirds of the applicants for General Class in the code test was very timely.

The writer attended a General-Class examination a few weeks ago and was amazed to see that less than 10 out of perhaps 30 managed to copy 05 consecutive characters of that inexorable $13 \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. cranked out hy the tane machine.

That FC! tape is good International Morse. It doesn't falter, halt, boggle, reiterate or recant; it just keeps moving relentlessly aloug. But if you've been conying up to $: \%$ w.p.m. on W1AW or some of the commercial stations that tape will sotind like a familiar friend and you will copy it solid. - Jay F'. Antenen. Wrsidq. Hamilton, Ohio.

## YL News and Views <br> (C'ontinued from page 64)

YI_VHF Contest - sponsored by the Y゙LRL. April 12 and 13. See rules in this column

Third California \%L Get-l'ogether, May 12, 13, and 14 at the El Cortez Hotel, San Dicgo. Contact W6VSL for details.

## CLUBS:

BAYLARC - New officers are Pres. WA6JGR; V.P. (Continuci on page 1\$4)

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W6QYL; Treas. Ḱ6CUV; Secy. K6ZRC. Board members are W6BDE, K6HIW, WA6ALK, and WA6GQC. Membership is up to 62 YLs. K6ZC'R has been named custodian of the club's new Mermaid Certificate. Work 6 members and send copy of log to K $6 Z \mathrm{RC}, 537$ Valverde Drive, So. San Francisco. Mermaid net meets Sat. at 10:00 A.m. PST on 3850 ke. with WGQYL NCS.
floridora Y'La - Corrections from K4RNS: the Monday phone net at 0900 EST on 7225 kc . is knuwn as the Floridora YL net (not the Bustle net) and K4RCX is NCS for the novice net, Friday, 0900 EST, 7185 ke . The clinh now conducts a total of seven nets.
 ings have been changed to the first Saturday at $2: O O$ p.m. in the Museum of Natural Arts. All YLs in the Washington, D. C., area are cordially invited to attend.

Camellia C'aprital Chirps - New otficersare Pres. Li6ENL; V.P. K6I)LL; Treas. K6HHD; CHIRPS editor K6ENK. Custodian of the Chirptificate is Jane Willis, libRLR, Chico, California.

K4RNS, Marge, should have been included in the list in the January column of YLs who made BPL during $1!160$.

## Build $q$ Monilator

## (Continued from proge 4\%)

volume, then shorten the lead, six inches at a time, until you have the desired amount of signal. If you can't get a tone, try grounding the pickup lead. The monitor should work properly on all bands from 80 through 10 meters. If you want to use phone, simply place the mode switch in the oscillator position to disable the Monilator.

Monilators are in use at both K90MO and K9LYH. My greatest thanks are due to Bob Me(xinnis, F 9 LIZ , for his encouragement and his help with the photography.
[5F]

## Power Converters

(Continued from page 45)
positive-ground system insulating material must be used between the transistors and the mounting plate. The insulating washers should be very thin to preserve good heat transfer. The $: 30$-amp. fuse, control relay $K_{1}$ and the $L_{1} C_{3}^{\prime}$ tilter must then be commected between the negative battery terminal and the collectors. and the pclarity of $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ must be reversed. In addition, the ends of $R_{5}$, Cl, and their counterparts in the l.v. supply which are shown grounded must be connected to the collectors instead.

## Construction Notes

The high- and low-voltage supplies can be built on separate chassis as shown in the photo or combined into one unit. Layout and construction are not at all critical except that the transistors must be mounted on suitable heat sinks. These cau be sheets of aluminum fastenced to the chassis sides as illustrated. Lach pair of transistors in the large supply requires at least 80 square inches of $1 / 8$-inch thick aluminum or half that area when two $1 / 8$-inch thick sheets are sundwiched together ${ }^{3}$.

The emitter resistors are homemade, using resistance wire. First, two pieces of the wire should be cut to length for 0.2 ohm resistance. Then

[^17]

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## USED EQUIPMENT-TRANSMITTERS and RECEIVERS

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$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Telrex } 3 \text { EI. } 10 \mathrm{Mtr.} \text { (Used) (........ } & 39.50 \\ \text { Mosley VI44GP (2 Mirs.) (Used). . } & 17.50\end{array}$
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（Continucd from page 154 ）
loops are formed at the midpoints of the wires， and the wires are wound on th－inch diameter hardwood dowels．The center loops are connected to the transformer taps，and the ends go to the emitters．

This dual power supply has proven ideal for running a jo－watt transmitter．Of course，the low－voltage section could be used to operate the receiver as well．Our supplies are mounted in the car trunk away from the heat of the engine．A length of No． 6 insulated wire is used for the battery lead．The 30－amp．fuse is located at the battery end of this cable．

We wish to thank Bob Osborne，W8ZMI，for both material and advice in connection with this project．

पFF
${ }^{3}$ The 2 N 278 transistors（Delco type DS501）should be available through Delco automotive radio distributors． The matched pair is Delco type 1）S506．If the local dealer does not stock these units．the location of the sules agency nearest you may be obtained from Delco Radio Jivision， 700 East Firmin St．，Liokomo，Ind．－Edifor．

## onilent 紙ps

$\mathbf{I}^{\mathrm{T}}$is with deep regret that we record the passing of these amateurs：

WiBCG．Cedric W．Root，Old Saybrook，Conn． KlCKlf，Henry P．Holmes，Plaistow，N．H． W1FO，Geurge H．Rodick，Cape Elizabeth，Me． ex－W IICI，Harry G．Wyer，Brookline，Mass． WIMOM，Gordon B．Ruggles，New Bedford，Mass． W1MQP，Raymond E．Mathewson，New Britain， Conn．
WIZOP．Charles I．Montani，Saxonville，Mass． W2GVZ，J．P．Jessup，（ilen Rock，N．J．
W2JUG，Wallace H．Rohlfing，jr．，Edgewater Park， N．J．
W2PGT，Harding A．Clark，Manlius，N．Y． W2PNY，Joel L．Crandall，Buffalo，N．Y． W2ZPQ，Charles T．Westervelt，Qucens Village， N．Y．
W3LWW，Donald A．Henry，Greensburg，Penn． W3VWV，Edward J．Young，Monroeville，Jenn． W3ZTY，Doris（．．Stephan，Manchester，Md． W4EI，Charles W．Glover，Marion，Alabama W4OZL，James K．Wood，Greenville．S．C． W4RYE，Charles W．DeRemer，Alexandria，Va． K4SBL，Joseph A．Gaslin．Louisville，Kientucky W4UMIF，Thomss B．Blevins，jr．，Falls Church， Va．
W5BMIC，Milton M．Brownlee，Madisonville，Tex． W5NFT，J．T．Martin Smallwood，Longview，Tex． W6KGR，Louis（iard，Quincy，Calif．
K6LKI，Archie I．Moore，sr．，Alhambra，Calif． W6PU，Gerry K．Essex，Albany，Calif．
K6RQR，Loran L．Salisbury，Huntington Park， Calif．
WBVRU，Frank A．Fleming，Hollywood，Calif． ex－KN7EXY，Sanford C．Bashor，Longview，Wash． W7JJQ，Edwin（i．Engelbert，Wendell，Idaho W7PY\％，Clarence L．Burgess，Kevin，Mont． W7TCL，Harry Zadorozny，Burley，Idaho W8MF，Ezra L．Saunders，Battle Creek，Mich． W8NJII，Stuart（C．Rockafellow，Plymonth，Nich． K8PLiD，Weldon F．Soddy，Lansing，Mich． W8PUN，Clarence W．D．Mall，Chillicothe，Ohio W9MAT，Louis H．Brown，La Grange Park，Ill． K9QXR，William F．Sinclair，Indianapolis，Ind． WøFFU，Cy B．Woods，St．Paul．Minn． WOQXO，Paul A．McCrecry，Columbia，Mo． VE3AVK，Jack Croshy，Hamilton，Unt．，Canada VE3JK．Harold F．Jackson，Ottaiva，Ont．，Canada VK3II，T．L．Simpson．Dunkeld，Victoria，Australia

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## DX and Single Sideband

(Continued from page 61)
Why not, extend this principle so that DX is 1) easier to work, 2) easier to find, and 3) less likely to be the cause of QRM caused by stations calling the DN.

Here's the idea.

1. On 10, 15, and 20 meters, where upper sidebund is used primarily at present and where most DN is worked, lower sideband should be used for international (i.e., 以N) contacts.

2 . On 40 and 80 meters, where both upper and lower sidebunds are used, louer sideband should be used for international contacts.

That's really the whole story. How would it work in prartice? Well, in the first place, the D.I station wishing to work ont would call CQ D. on lower sideband. This makes him just that much easier to find. Even better, ouce he's working the gang they will cause less, although by no means no interference to normal QSOs because they'll be on the lower sideband. Furthermore, the job of sorting out answers from regular QRM will be much easier for the DN station. In effect he'll be listening only for a sideband that is calling him. One other point. DX stations wanting just to ragchew can go over to upper or "local" sideband.

All right, objections please. First, how are you going to get all D. stations to go ou lower sideband? Answer - if a few try it and it helps them, others will try it. So why not give it a try if you are D. , or ask the DX station to switch over if you're working him. Second objection, what about DX stations with KWM-18 who can't get on lower sideband. Answer - they'll have to be included out. pending popularity of this plan (which we'll call the Lower Sidebund D. Plan), in which rexse it's almost no job to convert the KWM-1 to lower sideband. The point is, the Lower Sideband plan doesn't have to be $100 \%$ effective, or even have 100 participation, to help a lot. . . . to make DX etsier to find and work and cause less QRM in the process. $\square 5 \mathrm{~F}$

## Strays

Here's the March schedule for the AF MARS Eastern Technical Net ( 1900 GMT Sundays on 3295 , 7540 , and $15,715 \mathrm{kc}$ ).
Mar. 5- Physics and Chemistry of Pure Metals.
Mar. 12 - Semiconductors.
Mar. 19 - Thermionic Power Generation.
Mar. 26 - 'Thermonuclear Power.
The Third Army MARS training schedule continues on 5850 ke. A4EHU will discuss side band beginning at $0001 \%$ on March 3, 10, 17, 2 4 , and 31 .

A coincidence to end all coincidences. WJ2N IYO said he was working W'0NYO, and at the same time could hear $W^{\prime}+N Y^{\circ} O$ and WTGNYO CQing.

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## World Above 50 Mc .

## (Comtinued from page is')

WA6BFC - Setting up new 1f4-Mic. station.
K6SIX - Active on io Mre.
K4D7P - Working on v.h.f. s.s.b. rig.
KlCSS - Observed 50-Mc. E, opening on December 5. WAGGIIW - Active on 1215 Mc.

K6TVC - Experimenting with 50-Mc. ZL-special. No good results so far.

W4YRM - Extending 50 Mc . antenna to 50 feet. Working on 144-Mc. exriter and amplifier.

W7MAH - Active on 50 Mc., observed openings to $4,5,6,7$, and 6 land on 1 ecember 6 .

WA2IITW - Mapping 6-meter dead spots for Civil Defense headquarters station.

KIINL - Worhing on 50-Mic. mobile transmitter.
k7BBO - Active on 50 Mc. Attempting to break the long QSO record.
WTZVY - Working on two-meter converter.
hgcisc: - Working on s.x.b. converter for 50 Mc. Sugpestions welcome.

W8PBA - Observed 144-Mc. aurora on December 7 . good ground-wave opening on December 27. Working on linear amplifier and high level mixer for 144.

W8'T --... Active on Geminids meteor shower. Worked Georgia for state number 37 on 144 Mc.

K8NEY - Active on 50 Mc . . holding nightly schedules with W8UTMF with 98 per-cent reliability to date.

K8RGZ -- Working on 144 Mc. s.s.b. gear. Contacted KP4AIS on December 18.
W8NOH - Building g.g. 6CW4 for 220 Mc. Active on 50 and 144 Mc .

K1 KUY - Building 5()-Mic. mobile converter.
KlAII - Monitoring WWI, Havans, Illinois, on both tape and paper.

W1FVV - Tropo opening to Florida on December 11.

## 20 Strays

Uncledave, W2.APF, has embarked on a new phase of "()peration (Goodwill." By telephone he takes messages from relatives and friends of men in the armed forces, records them on tape, and then mails the tape to the service man together with a set of instructions which explains to the man how to listen to the tape and then record his own message and return the tape to Uncledave. When Uncledave gets this tape back, he phones the relative or friend and plays the message for them. In advance of the original mailing of the tape to the service man, an amateur radiogram is sent off to him via $W 2 A P F$ and WtLES (the Marine Corps station at Camp LeJeune, N. C.). Uncledave tried to run this whole operation himself at first, but was flooded with messages. Again, the Marines to the rescue, and now four of them assist him with the deluge. Uncledave bears all the expense. Truly, an operation of good will.

## FEEDBACK

A call was listed in error in Silent Keys las $\hat{u}$ month. Instead of W'6AU, it should have been K6.AL".


## FI, 통ROITOS

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Re CATALOG

## 20 Straysts

A sort of MARS hamfest will be held on March 10 at 1900 at the non-com club at Elmendorí AFB, Alaska. All Air Force MARS members and their immediate families are invited. Dinner, dancing, and a fine time promised for all. Reservations must be in by March 5 ( We wonder whether QS'T reaches Alaska by March 5, but word of this party wasn't received at $Q S T$ until January 30, just barely in the nick of time even for this issue!) For more info, contact $\Lambda$ IIIAIR.

The Washington (D. C.) Television Interference Committec (WTVIC) has published a TVI aid entitled, I'elevision Interference Aids, General Revicu of TVI Causes, Effects, and Solutions. It includes a quantity of photographs and descriptive material furnished by W'1DBM. Copies of the pamphlet are available upon request by sending a self-addressed envelope, stamped with be for third-class mail or liç for first-class mail, of a size 9 by 12 inches, to Harold R. Richman, W4CIZ, Editor, WTVIC TVI Aids, 1110 Lake Boulevard, Annandale, I'a.

Two-meter hams in the Southern California area were treated to in unusual experience on the day of the Tournament of Roses parade in Pasadena. W'A61UQ, riding in the winning Burbank Hoat, worked the two-meter gang in the area by way of the K6MYK repeater on Mt. Lee. - K6LPR.


Mr. Paul Penfield, left, advertising manager for the Detroit Edison Company and chairman of the 1961 Michigan Week Public Relations Board, looks over the program developed by K8JED, seated, who is chairman of the Michigan Week Amateur Radio Operators. Each of the state's 6000 hams will be given a "fact book,' enabling him to spread the good word about Michigan during the week of May 21-27. Certificates of achievement will be awarded to those Michigan hams who list 15 or more out-of-state QSOs during Michigan week. These certificates will also be awarded to any out-of-state amateurs who submit lists showing they worked five or more Michigan amateurs during the week, and to any foreign amateurs who send in their QSLs and indicate that they have worked a single Michigan ham. (Real rough for a VE living in Windsor!) Submit your applications to

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## With ZSIRM/ZSIOU in Basutoland

BY LAUREN L. MCMASTER,* K2QXG

THE DXpedition of ZSSIRM (Marge) and ZS1OU (Jack), operating from Basutoland using portable equipment, proved to be quite successful in spite of very poor conditions. The gratitude of all those fortunate enough to work them is shown by the flood of cards received with the many notes complimenting them on the fine operating. Just how much it was appreciated is indicated by the fact that $116 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{K}$ thanked them for a new country, and there were probably more.

As for a detailed story of the expedition, there is little to tell. When asked to furnish incidents of interest, Marge, ZS1RM, answered by saying it was very routine with nothing exciting and no hardships experienced -... just operation from a rare country for those who might need it, especially those wanting a new YL country.

From this side of the world it is quite a different story. When the results are tallicd, it reveals an exceptional operation under conditions anything but favorable. Band openings to the States were unpredictable and rarely satisfactory. They would screen the band to find nothing coming through. Then suddenly it would open and they would work like demons knocking off contacts. The band would go out just as suddenly as it opened. Marge said it was so bad that oftentimes she would return a W/K call reporting a 579 signal and when she would listen for his report his signal would have vanished. The band would stay open for an hour, fade out, and suddenly open again.

They were equipped for operation on 14, 21 and 28 Mc ., but the only hand at all consistent (Continused on pape $1.16^{\circ}$ )
$\therefore$ P. O. Box 206, Brightwaters, L. I., N. Y.


It doesn't look as though this pair of DXpeditioneers had suffered particularly. As a matter of fact, we don't even know whether they journeyed by jet or mule to reach their destination, and we don't know whether they operated from some dank cave or a plush hotel. But we can see why ZSIOU voted ZSI RM the gal he'd most like to go on a DXpedition with.


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was 14 Mc . Operation started at 1500 GMT on Oct. 8 using it Mc., but in five hours they had only worked 29 Americans. On the !th they started at $05+5$ on 1.4 Mc . but only two W/K contacts were made. At 1347 they attempted 21 Mc. but their only contact was a KG6. At 1500 they found 28 Mc . open and they made 41 contacts, but that was the last opening on that band, with only 6 more contacts being made through the 17 th. Of the 860 W K contacts 47 were made on 28 Me., 53 on 21 and the rest on 14 Mc .

Lacking the spectacular, the story of this expedition offers little more than the opportunity to summarize details which should be of interest to W/K hams and which should guide them in hunting future expeditions in the area. In the 100 hours of operation open to the states, they made $860 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{K}$ contacts. Their total score was 1531 contacts with 66 countries. The equipment used was a Comanche receiver, a Cheyenne transmitter, and a dipole antenna.

Generally speaking, openings to the States were from 0300 to 0500 and again from 1400 to 2100 GMIT. Of interest to us is the fact that when they could get through to us they could work any part of the country. Let it be emphasized that the sereaming from the 6 s and 7 is not being able to crack the East Coast kw. curtain is pure bunk! They worked 235 sixes and 37 sevens, while only 111 twos made it along with 66 ones, 57 threes, 101 fours, 68 fives, 81 eights, 62 nines and 42 zeros.
Apparently we can't chauge the spots on a leopard nor by constant repetition instill into the hoys good operating procedure when working the expeditions. Some of the gatng will never learn that an expedition could not eare less that the W QTH is Podunk, that the weather is FB, or that the boy will QSL sure. Marge said one of the great problems was fellows insisting on giving their life history while the pack stoud by for a QSO on a band likely to go out any minute. Another headache was those who started calling while some $W / \mathrm{K}$ was giving his report to Marge. Those evils cost dozens of contacts to fellow hams.

Their QSL manager (me!) would like to mention what makes his job difficult - $10 \%$ do not, know how to convert to GAIT! Will they ever learn that GMT is not local time on 24 -hour basis and that the dite is the date in London and not in Califormia?

In closing, a tribute is due the operators. In the entire W. K log there was not one error in calls entered. Marge :and Jack are planning an operation in 1961 to some rare spot and if they are able to obtain an s.s.b. exciter and a lightweight beam they will broaden their scope of operation.
[5F]

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The function of the ARRL QSL，Bureau system is to facilitate delivery to amateurs in the United States，its possessions，and Canada of those QSL cards which arrive from amateur stations in other parts of the world．All you have to do is send your OSL manager（see list below）a stamped self－ad－ dressed euvelope about $4 \frac{1}{4}$ by $9^{\prime}$ 2́ inches in size， with your name and address in the usual place on the front of the envelope and your call printed in capital letters in the upper left－hand corner．

W1，K1－．．G．L．DeGrenier，W1GKK， 109 Giallup St．， North Adams，Mass．
W2，K2－North Jersey DX Ass＇n，P．O．Box 666，Hillside， N．J．
W＇3，K3－Jesse Bieberman，W3KT，P．O．Box 400，Balar Cynwyd．Pa．
W4，K゙4－Thomas M．Moss，W4HY＇W，Box 644，Municipal Airport．Braneh，Atlanta，Ga．
W55，K5－Brad A．Beard，W5．ADZ，P．O．Box 2．5172， Houston 5，Texas．
W6，Ki 6 －San Dicgo DX Club，Box 16006．San Dicgo 16． Calif．
W7．K7－Salem Amateur Radio Club，P．O．Box 61， Salem，Oregon．
W8，K8－Walter E．Musgrave，W8NGW， 1245 E．187th St．，Cleveland 10，Ohio．
W9，K9－J．F．Oberg，W9SDO， 2601 Gordon Drive，Floss－ moore，Ill．
Wy，KøーAlva A．Smith，WøDMA， 238 East Maine St．， Gilcdonia，Minn．
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VE3－Leslie A．Whetham，VE3QE， 32 Sylvia Crescent， Hamilton，Ont．
VE1－Len Cuff，VE4LC， 286 Rutland St．St．James，Man．
VE5－Fred Ward，VE5OP， 899 Connaught Ave．，Moose Jitw，Sask．
VE6－W．R．Savage．VE6EO， 833 10th Sit．，N．，Leth－ bridge，Alta．
VE：7－H．K．Kough，VE7HR． 1291 Simon Koad，Victoria， B．C．
VE8－Earl W．Smith，VE8AT，P．O．Box 534，Whitehorse， ソ．T．
VO1－Ernest Ash，VO1AA，P．O．Box 8，Bt．John＇s，Newf．
VO2－Donglas B．Ritcey，Dept．of Transport，Goose Bay， Labrador．
KP4－Joseph Gonzalez，KP4YT，Box 1061，San Juan， P．R．
KH6－John H．Oka，KH6DQ，P．O．Box 101，Aica，Oahu， Hawaii．
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WANTED: Early wireless gear, books. magazines, catalogs beiore 1922. Send description and prices. W6GH, 1010 Monte Dr.. Santa Barbara. Calif.
COAXIAL Cable. New surplus RB-54A/U, 58 ohms impedance Co 00 ft . prepaid. $\$ 1.00$, Radio magazines, buy, sell, trade. R. Farmer. 3009 No. Columbia. Plainview. Texas.
WANTED: All types of aircraft or Rround revrs, xmttrs or test "uuipment. Also large xmttr or special tubes ne.ded. Ham Rear buught and sold. For immediate action for cash write or phone MOTOROLA used FM communications equipment bought and , sold WSBCO. Ralph Hicks, Box 6097. Tulsa. Okla.
WANTED: Military or Industrial laboratory test equipment. Electronicraft, Box 399, Mt. Kisco, N. Y. MICHIGAN Hams! Amateur supplies, standard brands. Store hours 1830 to 1730 Monday throush Saturday. Rny 1. Purchase.
WRRP. Purchase Radio Supply. 327 E . Hoover St. Ann Arbor, Michisan. Tel. NOrmany 8-8262.
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CASH for vour Rear. We buy. rade or sell We stnck Hammarlund, Hallicrafters, National, Johnson, Gonset, Globe, Hv. Gain. Mosley and Many other lines of ham gear. Ask for used
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CHICAGOLAND Amateurs! Factory authorized service for Hal. licrafters, Hammarlund. Globe, (fonset. Service all amateur equipment to factory standards. Heights Elrctronics. Inc., 1145 Halsted St.. Chicago Heights. III. Tel. SKyline 5-4056.
WANTED: Old time commercially built and unaltered amateur spark transmitting and audiotron receiving equipment. Al T. O'Neil. Camo Lakeview. Lake City, Minn.
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VANTED: 6 tn 12 304TL. tubes, Callanan. W9AU, P.O. Box 155. Barrington. Ill.

ATTENTION Mobileers! Leece-Neville 6 volt 100 amp. system. $\$ 50$; 12 volt 50 amp system $\$ 50$ : 12 volt 60 amp svstem, \$60; 12 volt 100 amp syst. \$100. Guaranteed no ex-nolice car units. Herbert A. Zimmermann. Jr. K2PAT, 115 Willow
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1200 Marshali Ave.. St. Paul cards (Winn. Min!). Rogers. K日AAB. 1200 Marshali Ave.: St. Paul 4. Minn.
 bELIJXE OSLS. Petty. W2HAZ. Box 27 . Trenton. N. J. Samoles. 10 c .
OSTS. Samples free. Phillips. W7HRG. 1708 Bridge St., The Dalles, oregon.
OSLS-SWLS. 100 2-color glossy $\$ 3.00 ; 0$ OS file cards. $\$ 1.00$ per 100. Samples. 10d. Rusprint. Box 7507. Kansas City 16. Mo. QSLSSSVLS. Free Samples. Spicer. 4615 Rnsedale. Austin 5. Texas.

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OON'T Buy OSLs until you see my free samples. Bolles. 7701 Tisdale. Austin 5 . Texas.
OSLS. 100 3-color, $\$ 300$. Sample sheet, $10 \mathbb{A}$. RBL Print M.R. OSLS, 300 for $\$ 3.95$. Frce samples. W9SKR. "George", RR \#1, Box $208-A$. Ingleside. 111.
ATEST Desians, quality OSLS Samples 104. Savory Press, 172 Roosevelt Rd., Weymouth. Mass.
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FAST Service, send stamp for QSL samples. K2 Press, Box 372, Mincola, L.I., N.Y.
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QSLS. Large selection styles including photos. Lowest prices. ast serive. Samples dime. Ray, K7HLR, 679 Borah, Twin
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WQAYW, Will-Stamp. 1102 State, Brookfield, Missouri.
OSLS, reasonable, nice designs, samples dime, W2DJH Press. Warrensburg. N.
OSLS. Giant packet samples, 106. Don, K5OWry Box 332, Ada, Okla.
WANT, Need, must have: ML-203-B wind measuring equipment, as used during WW-2. Top price. Will take complete Units or parts. Made by lionel Corp. N. K. Thompson. W1LWV, 99 Water St., Millinocket, Maine
WANTED: Back issues of OST from first issue 1915 to De-
ecmber 1929 , and January 1960 to July 1960 . K 3 NCU WANT 1925 and earlier ham and broadeast gear for personal collection. W4AA. Wayne Nelson, Concord, N. C. KWS-1, SC-101 integrated control unit and 75A-4, A complete and superb station in top condition !ONT Fail FCC tests! Check yourself with a time-tested "Sure-check lest". Novice, \$1, S0: General, \$1.75; Extra, $\$ 2.00$. We pay the postage. Amat
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LOWEST Prices: Latest amateur cauipment. Factory fresh sealed cartons. Self-addressed stamped envelope for lowest
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OMPLETE File of OST for sale: 1915-1951. Landa. R2. Clayton. Ga.
TOROIDS: Unused 88 mhy like new. Dollar each. Five. $\$ 4.00$. pp. DaPaul, 101 Starview, San Francisco. Calif. After Sept. IUNG Island tube headquarters. We stock more than 1000 ypes of tubes. Surplus and recent production at maximum discounts. Maritime International, 199 Front St., Hempstead. P., I. N. Y. Tel. IV 5-2040.

WANTED: Cash for surplus tech manuals. one or one hundred. State condition and equipment type. W4FXQ, Box 2513. Norfolk, Va.
HUY, Sell or Trade, short-wave ham receivers. transmitters. Trigger, W9IVJ, 7361-1/2 W, North Ave. F River Forest. Ill. Chicago. Phone TV
SOUTHERN California: Transmitters and receivers repaired. aligned, bandwidth. frequency, harmonics measured. Used ham Rear bought. sold, traded. Robinson Electronics, 922 W. Chapman. Orange. Calif. Tel. KEllog 8-0.500.
HT33A Hallicrafters Kilowatt Linear; new in Oct. of 1959. can. cxcellent. \$595.00. Need the cash. W2PMR, 433 AbingNew Jersey.
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FOR Collins in Detroit Area, it's Michigan Ham Headquarters, alsu a large selection of trade-ins on display. M. N. Duffy Ham \& Fiectronics, 2040 Grand River, Detroit 26. Mich. [rel. SELL OST 1936-1959 run, four or more, 256 each. WOMCX Art A. Jabionskv. 1022 N. Rockhill Rd.. Rock Hill 19. Mo
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WITH "Dip-A-Cap" and your srid dip meter, range 1.7 to 85 me, measure eapacity 3.0 to 7000 micromicrofarads tavily Woodin Blvd. Dallas 24, 「exas.
SEI.L: 2 mfd G. E. Capacitors 4000 V ICC $\$ 4.00$. F. G. Dawson. Detroit 10. Mich
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 Valiant $\$ 325.00$, Adventurer $\$ 29.95:$ RME 4300 \$ $\$ 49.00$ DSB100 $\$ 109.00$ (ilnbe king 500A $\$ 395.00$ Chier 90 . $\$ 49.9$

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G COIL Transistor of meter converter Jecember OST \$5.95. Postraid U.S.A. Specify L.F. W'S7KT, 1441 Pleasant Dr., Dallas COI.INS 30 K 1 , complete, in new condx! $\$ 600$. W2TG.

## WANTED: Crank-up tower. KGEY.

WANTED: HRO coils long and short wave. W8JDG, 640 Hidden Lane, Crosse Pointe Woods. Michigan.

AUCTIONFEST: Broward Amateur Radio Club's fifth annual auction and get-together. Saturday, March 1lth. Armory, S.N. Auctioning at 10 , free lunch at noon.
AR-3 rcvr expertly wired and alligned, with cabinet and all data sheets, $\$ 26.00$. New handsets. 5 -wire push-button, $\$ 6.00$. Brand new hermetically-sealed soo ma. multi-voltage bias xm
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$51-10$ Litue Neck Pkwy. Little Neck 6 : N.Y.
HALLICRAFTERS SX88 receiver. $\$ 275.00$. F.u.b. Real buy for the enlightened. W 3 VXE .
FOR Sale: Complete 500 W . SSB station: GSB-100. HO-170. demonstrate. K2GYY. Philip Margulies, 9 Pine Ct., Westicld. N. 1.

WANTED: OId-time wireless receivers. xmetrs. tit. Magazines, books, give prices and description, WSWB, 702 B N . Fillmore, Amarillo. Texas.
CANADIANS: Collins KWMI. in mint condx, serial \#1138. never used mobile, \$650; speaker console, $\$ 70$; A.C. supply. 50 Cash sale nily. VEIADN
CANADIANS: What ofters for a like-new DX-20, VF-1, QF-1. Gotham V-80. Woodsworth, Royal Oak, B.C.. Canada.
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TRANSFORMER Huntins? I have for sale what I believe to be the finest and most versatile transionmer ever built for a conservative continuous duty AM or Sideband kilowattt. Thor${ }_{4} 440-0-3440$. $2980-0-2980.2340-0-2340,18150-1815$, to 3000.2500 .2000 or 1500 volts. DC through two section filter at 500 M.A. in continuous commercial service. Weighs 129 puunds. Cost $\$ 140$. Will sell for $\$ 100$ F.o.b. Chicaro. R. feaker. 1455 Wilson. Chicaso 40. III.
COLLINS TCS transmitter, 160 , X0 and 40 meters. phone and CW best offer. Jeftrey Rockwell. KiNEF. is Lincoln Ave., 500A Morrow transmitter; MBRS receiver; KTV 630 power supply SELL: Perfect Valiant. factory-wired, SX $100 . \mathrm{H} v$-Gain 10. 15 . 1307 Ed vake an offer on any or all. WA2CTZ. Ron Marx, 1307 Ed. L. Grant Highway. Bronx 52. N.Y., N.Y.
KWM-1. AC, DC, mobile rack and all cables. Excellent condx,
first $\$ 750$ no trades! Michact ferber. WiGKX. io Creamery Rd., Cheshire, Conn. Tel: BR 2.308 h weekends.
SEIL: NC-300. spkr. 100 Kc . standard. Perfict. $\$ 22 \mathrm{~s}$. W2EQS. WANTED: Johnson KW Matchbox. Sell new yuad antenna. Seyffert. W3CD.
MICROWAVE Equipment wanted, including Klystrons and test sets, also other test equipment including industrial type tube checkers and special-purpose tubes. Diamond, 749 West 1457 OX 100 . $\$ 169$ i RME 4300 like new condx, really hot,

no drift! $\$ 139$. Viking II, like CDC, $\$ 189$. Lad Jelen, 3217 | no drift Sl Sl 39 Viking |
| :--- |
| $W$. |

DSB-100, \$65; LA-1. \$65: SX-71. \$120; 70E-8A. $530:$ R-47 spkr, \$8.00; OF-1, \$8. All in very nice condx. K7GRB, Smithfield. Utah.
COLLINS KW-1 with 51-SB. \$1695; KWS-1 high scrial, \$975: I-A. $\$ 170$ : Take S-line or KWM M C in trade. Tom M . Nash, M.

CLEANING House: Challenger. professionally wired, push-totalk. \$100: HO-110. \$150; DX-20. \$23; all in kud condx. K 9 SRR. 1408 Dial Ct.. Springfield. Iit.
$304-\mathrm{TH}$, threc new ones, $\$ 20$ each pustpaid. T. P. Leary, 1212 First National Hank Bidq.. Omaha. Nebs
FREE DB-23 Preselector if you purchase NC-109, \$155; DX-40. $\$ 55$ Equipment like new, Unconditional money-back xuarantee. K2YUG, N.Y.C. Tul. i.I 4-9335.
QSTS wanted: 1915. Vol. I thru 1920. Vol. IV No. 1 inclusive; also 1954 thru 1958. Make offer. W1KVX.
SELL: Hammarlund HO-110C with matching speaker, in exc.
condx, $\$ 180$ K6SIP. 15530 Louketon St.. La Puente, Calif. Tel. ED ${ }^{\text {Cond }} 3-5641$
SELLING Out! All gud to excellent, one nwner. $100 \%$ operative. DX100, SX-101 (late), Deluxe Bur. mike, spkr, coax, electronic switch, test gear, exe., all deluxe models: 5" "scope, VTVM. probes, $\$ 30$; sweep gen.. $\$ 50$; transconductance fube tester, $\$ 50$; RF gen. $\$ 30$; AF gen.: $\$ 25$ : signal tracer, $\$ 20$ : RCL bridge, $\$ 15$. Decade and substitution boxes (4), all $\$ 30$. Write K. Bunyard, K2HFO 4. 45 Olive Drive, Hialcah. Fla. TRADE 45 Colt automatic for 2 -meter transceiver, in xud condx, please state make and condition. W1HRR. Ticonic, Conn.
GONSET G66B. Universal pwr. supply, \$150. W2JGV
COLLINS 32V-2. \$250: Central Electronics 20-A with VFO. \$180. Both in excellent condition. KGAIC, Larry James, 815 N. Linn. Iowa City, Inwa.

WANTED: Small metal turning lathe any condition American Gr foreisn make, for cash. or will trade ham kear. H. I. JoHNSON T-R switch. used two months. I.ike new condx. $\$ 22.00$. Sid Levinson. 393 So. 3rd St. Brooklyn II. N. Y
SX. 99 with OF-1, \$105. K10ZR (Boston), call days LOgan -5409
SELL: Globe Scout 65B. clean keyins, vy gud audio. sud condx. pert. tor Novice with eve un general. Best offer gets
it. Howard Shieber, K2UZT, $158-04$ 84th Rd.. Jamaica 32. L.I.,
N.Y. Tel. JA 3-1656.

MOBILE: All-band Elmac completc. Receiver, PSR-6-12, transmitter. PE-103-A dynamotor. mike, Dow-Key antenna relay, coax, antenna mount, spring and whip with all-band MM tanooza, Tén. SELL Apache, $\$ 230$ In perf. condx. No shipping. Need cash.
Inspect before you buy. WiZGD. 233 Pratt Ave., Somerset, Inspec
Mass.
FOR Sale: $\mathrm{HQ}-150, \$ 175$; $\mathrm{DX}-40$ and $\mathrm{VF}-1$, $\mathrm{S65}$. Moseley TA- $33{ }^{3} \mathrm{Jr}$. and AR-2, s75. Fred Gendler, 579 Rutiand Rd.. Brooklyn. N. Y. PR 8-7930.
SELLING Out: Transmitters. receivers. beams, scope, mikes. tubss, chokes and parts at fair
4 Sidney St., Wakefield. Mass.
SELL: Best offer, Hycon xtal filters. 2.5 Kc and 250 Kc with instrux sheet. W2BJR. 47 Meritoria Dr.. East Williston, COILINS KWM-1 and A.C. power supply, absolutely mint condx, S70; National $\mathbf{N C - 3 0}$ with six-meter converter, in exc. condx. \$260. K2HZK, Ka
TRADE: RCA 40016 mm sound projector, Kodak Cine Special II 16 mm camera with four Ektar lens., extra 1100 ft . magazine. 110 V synchronous motor, matte box, effects masks, Ceco Mini
 tically ${ }^{\text {Cost }} \$ 2,800$. Trade all or part for KWM-2. S-line.
HT- 22 , 100 , 7544 . KWS- 1 , etc. Mike Shrayer. WA 15 East 94 th Si.. N.Y.C.. Tel. I.Ehigh 4-1400.
SALE: Receiver BC-348R with AC supply, in sud condx. FB xtal filter operation with this one. $\$ 85.00$ or your best offer Sonar VFX 680 VFO with NBFM, needs power transformer. \$20.00: TS-239A oscilloscope best offer. Pay shipment. J. D. Bryant, 106 W . Lancaster. Malvern. Penna.
 $10-D$ mike and stand. $\$ 900$. Wm. Seit
Montebello. Calif. After Fobruary Gth!
DX-100 and Temco 750 watt transmitter for sale ur trade for teletype equipment. Jack Cook, KDAQO, Freeman, Missouri. SELL: Viking 1 with Heathkit VFO. \$139.00: completc 2 me ter station, 522 receiver and transmitter in neat cases with nower supplies. 86.00 : 810 tubis. $\$ 6.00$ : 500 w . modulator. xirmr, $\$ 24.00$. Ali sud. Kolor. Hillsborn, Ind.
 condx, factory manu
venson, Flint, Mich.
WANTED: Collins $32 \mathrm{~S}-1$ transmitter with $516 \mathrm{~F}-2$ power supply Serials over 1000 State condx and price for shipment to
K4jRW. 217 Rodman Rd.. Norfolk 3. Va,
${ }^{R 4}-639$ manuals. Not reprints, $\$ 5.50$ postipaid. R. J. Sukey. 24-H Prospecthill Lane, Waltham 54, Mass.
CLEANING House! Amper Model $6 / 11$ tape recorder, used very little, cost $\$ \$ 95$, Will siell for $\$ 450$ Ekotape recorder.
 \$15; LM7 frequency meter with calibrating book matched to $\$ 15 ;$ LM7 frequency meter with calibrating book matched to
rtal, home-brew pwr. supply, $\$ 50.00 ; 833 \mathrm{~A}$ tube, new. $\$ 20$; 500 V condenser is microfarad, new, $\$ 20$ : swinging choke 1 micromicriarads. $\$ 30$ vacuum variable condenser 20 to


MILLEN 9080050 W xmtr. pwr. supply, table rack. $\$ 17$ 90881 1/2 KW amp., coils, pwr. supply, rack. \$95: Heath AG-7 audio sen. In exc. condx. David Popkin, WA2CCF, Englewood. N.J. $\$ 125$. COLLINS 75 A4 Serial No. 5538 , immaculate, with 800 cycle, $2.1 \mathrm{Kc}, 3.1 \mathrm{Kc}$ and 6 Kc filters. A cream puff with very with complete set of brand new spare tubes, price $\$ 475$. Whdx with complete set of hrand new spare tubes, price $\$ 4 \mathrm{Com}$. $\$ 1.050$. Cash. Bob Anderson. WiLBA. 428 Central Ave.. Milton. Mass. Tel. ()Xford 8-93.37.
CIRE Course with Pickett vector hyperbolic slide rule and leather casc. $\$ 30$ : National Radio \& TV course with kits. $\$ 50$, National Electrical Code course with pickett and leather case, $\$ 10:$ License Manual by Rider and Pickett ing,
log with leather case, $\$ 10 ;$ Supreme multimeter \#543, \$10; Hydrolic wiring jig, $\$ 10 ;$ tube caddy and 50 new tubes, $\$ 20$; Teletest capacitester ©T355, \$15: 5 panel meters. \$3: Jackson tube tester with $49-5$ accessory unit and 50 new tubes, $\$ 50$; B\&K tube checker with filament accessory unit and 50 new tubes,
COLLINS: KWM-1, AC Supply, \$595; $51 \mathrm{~J} 2, \$ 495 ; 51 \mathrm{~J} 3 . \$ 675$. $75 \mathrm{A2}, \$ 275 ; 75 S 2, \$ 525 ; \mathrm{R}-390 \mathrm{~A}$. HT32A, \$475; Valiant. \$299
 ern Radio VFO, \$125. Want teletype equipment for cash. or trade for new amateur equipment. Tom. WIAFN, Alltronics
Howard Co., Box 19. Boston 1 . Mass. Tel. RIchmond 2-0048. COI LINS 75A3, $\$ 365$ : Ranger, $\$ 175$, both in exc. condx. Fred Norton. 1450 Winchester, Muskegon. Mich.
FOR Sale: HT-32, 75A4 serial \#4592. Thunderbolt, Gonset Triband, tower, rotor, Jones MicroMatch, all perfect. \$1500 complete, plus. Best offer package or individuals. K2HWP,
SELLING HT-37 and SX-101A, like new condx Antennas gone with the wind. Dr. K. Sayther, WQBQ/5, 1304 Chris-
topher Ct., Metaire, La. topher Ct., Metaire, La.
SPEED Your DXCC, WAS. Send Reply-Paid QSLS. Usable samples. dime. Hart. 467 Park, Birmingham, Mich.
SEI.L: HQ-100 with clock. $\$ 125.00$ or your hest offer. Like new condx; will split shipping cost. Craig Wilson. $109^{\circ}$ South Albert. Mt. Prospect, In.
ZENITH Transoceanic for salc. 1 year old Leather case and battery. New, \$159. Best offer over \$85. No scratches. Gcorge

FOR Sale: Hammarlund $\mathrm{HC}-10$ converter, $\mathcal{A - 1}$ condx. Cumplete, manual. \$95.0
SELL: Complete station as am college bound: HQ-110C, Viking in with VFO, Johnson T-R switch and low-pass filter, all in mint condition. $\$ 395$ or will sell separately. W6DOP, 212
COI.LINS KWM-1 in excellent condition with noise blanker. $\$ 595$; A.C. pwr. supp., 12 V DC pwr. supply, mobile mounting tray with cable and connectors, $\$ 275$. W8UEJ, 4042 Loomis
Dr., Muskegon, Michigan Dr., Muskegon, Michigan.
$1 / 2 \mathrm{KW}$ modulation transformer, Multi-Match, new, never used,
make ofter; 4-EI 20 ft boom Hy-Lite 10 Mtr . beam, $\$ 15 ; 30 \mathrm{ft}$. mast and AR-22 rotor, $\$ 10$ : K $6 E O S$, 522 N. California St., Burbank. Calif. Tul. TH 6-4966.
SELL FB Eico 720 xmttr. Factory checked! $\$ 60.00$. INo hasgling). F.o.b. Write KNiOMJ
SELLING Out: Brand new HT-37. \$345; SX-101, Mark II \$240; S-40B, \$80; NC-98, \$95. K5JZV, 5847 South Pittsburs, Tulsa, Oklahoma
TRADE: Award-winning stamps, many volumes, leather bound. Want: Receivers, transmitters, 144 Mc station. What have you? Also nced U.S., Nicarasua. Costa Rica stamps. Details. W4GEI, BY C. Daytona Beach. Fla
TV Camera, clean, operating condx, single compact commercial unit, 2 -in. built-in mnnitor lens
2738 floribunda. Columbus, Ohio.
SALE: Mosley V-4-6 vertical Antenna, exc. condition, \$25.00; \$100; radio-control boat, recvr. transmitter, Servo, batteries, Pittman motor, complete, best offer over $\$ 50$. Please write WA2JSJ, Yaul Perkins. 325 Victory Blvd.. New Rnchelle, N.Y. FOR Sale: Viking I xmttr. \$100; HT-18 VFO, \$30; Gonset Gif6B revr and G77A xmtr, both wi3-way pwr. supp. Shure bile ant and all cables: $B$ fixed or mobic, all for $\$ 385$ F.o.b. ble ant. and al cables; 309 Sixed or mobile, Pak St.. Palatine, 111 .
TRADE. No cash! 16 mm Kodak Kodascope Pageant. sound or silent movies projector, like new, with 6,000 ft. commercondx, viking Valiant or Collins 32 V series. Will consider Ranger and something to sweeten the deal. J. Zagar, y 904 Linden Blvd.. Ozone Park 17, N.Y.
GETTING Married: Sell excellent condx, DX-100, NC-98, Telrex beam, tower, aceessories. K2OOF, 53 Campbell. Prince-
FOR Sale: SX-99, in gud condx. with foncs, Q-mult. spkr. all
\$135. Hayton. $2{ }^{2} 53$, Damen. Ch:cago. lil. \$135. Hayton. 2253 N . Damen. Ch:cago. $1 i 1$
HT-32 Perfect, best ofticr over \$450; tabletop custom built 3-tube 811-A GG linear, fully bandswitching and metered, $\$ 50$; 1300 volt suo mil pwr. supp., best material and workmanship. $\$ 50$. J. H. White. Box 521 , Greeley. Colo.
(OlLINS $75 \mathrm{SI}, 2500$ series, like brand-new, with $312 \mathrm{~B}-3$ spkr. \$415: CE20A, 8000 Series E, like new. in spotless cabinet. WA2GWE, N. E. Wondward, 93 Plass Rd., RD \#3, Pounhkeepsic, N.Y. Tei: GRover 1-4128.
SENECA. Unused. Globe Chief 90A. Joined USAF. Best offers. Want Heath Chesenne and Comanche A2C. R. Schmidt, Box \#5. APO 338, New York. N.Y.
COLIINS KWS-1, in perf. condx, brand new. final. tubes \$1200: 75A-4 500 cycle and 3.1 Me, mech ritter, $\$ 550$; matchwatt meter cabinet with spkr. rotor turn indicator, directional mercial appearance. Georke L. Mclnnis, 204 Parkview Dr., College Park. (ia.
PERFECT HQ-110, clock, speaker, $\$ 190$; gud Hallicrafters S-85, \$75; Heath "Tencr", periect, \$40. Trades considered. K4WWL,
FOR Sale: SX-101A, \$295, like new, Lettine 240, \$50, with mike, cuils, crystals. Dan Pizzica, W3NCY. 23 Brilliant Ave., Aspinwall. Pgh 15. Penna.
COLLINS S-Line station, Another "estate special" 75 s-1 30S-1 amplifier. \$2095 all. Whowroom condx. Operationally pprrfect. On the air. Clock timer on amplifier certifies low operational usage of equipment since purchase. Frank, WA2FMC. Rte. 111 . Smithtown. N.Y. Tel, ANdrew 5-6137 evenings.
COLLINS KWS-1 in exc. condx, $\$ 1000$ Fo.b. Cedar Rapids. Robert Olson, WOMTR, 2134 Country Club Parkway, Cedar Rapids. lowa.
VHF-6N2 Viking Thunderbolt, $\$ 500$; SR-34 Hallicrafters. $\$ 380$. SELI S. Penhouk, Va
SELL-Swap: Complete shallow water Jiving geas with compressor, etc. Roberts and Pentron tape recorders. Geiger and scintillation counters. TBSS-50D with speech amp., and 110 V
power supply. $\$ 50 ;$ pair $4-250 A$, new. Motorola FMTR41V complete. \$70: FMTR8ND. $\$ 90$; other two-way near, Antique tubes. of OSTs and CQs, meters. lots more. Have to sell out. Need
projector, ete. Me am monitor, other aircraft radio rear, slig free list. D. Hale. W9RBX, 635 projector, etc. Send for big frec
LIGHTNING Bug, used few hours, $\$ 12.00$; Heath 8 multiplice, $\$ 6.00: \mathrm{B}$ \& W 40 BVL and jack bar. $\$ 3.25$. OS $\$ \mathrm{cs} 1941$
through 1955 , plus 30 older issues, $\$ 16.50$. Whitney Gardner, through 1955, Dlus 30 older issues,
4627 Briarclift. Baltimore $29 .{ }^{3} \mathrm{Md}$.
CRYSTALS. 80-2 meters, $25 ¢$ each. Guarantecd. Send for frequency list. Power transtormer. Stancor 1200 V CT as 200 Ma Alden Rd.. Hayward. Calif.
WANTED: Gonset Super Six or Tribander. Lennart Larsson. Vulcanussatan 8. Stockholm VA, Sweden.
FOR Sale: Collins 75 A 2 rcvr with Drake Q-multiplicr and transmitter. \$150. Roger Goodland, 350 watt phone, all-band Ft. Wayne, Ind.

TRADE All or part of outboard racing rig for Collins mobile unit KWM-1 or KWM-2. with A.C. and/or 12 V mobile supply. Kacing riz in mint condition and ready to race, have over $\$ 3000$ in the ris. Ted Jones Class F Hydro. ${ }^{60}$ cubic inch Texas ${ }^{\text {F }}$ Evenrude Power head on Mercury 0 cubic in. McCoullough power head, both fully modified, 100 cuhic in . Mccoullough for racinn. Ir F. W. Estill. Box 1022 . Freeport. Texas. Tel. for racins. Drit
BEImont
-59il.
FOR Sale: Heath D $\overline{\mathrm{X}}-40$ transmitter with key, extra xtals, in exclnt condx: \$45.00. Irving Friedman, 301 W . Blackwell St. Dover. N.J. Tel FO 6-4666
SELLING Out station and parts: VFO. DX35. 450 watt ampliher,
OF . 20 watt modulator, hear on 40 or 15 meter converters. 6 and 10 meter mobile ransmitter with 6 volt vibrator supply, 11E-103 plus collection relays. meters. capacitors, tubes, etc. Lot only. Will not ship $\$ 285$ or best offer. Ken Archibold. W4MWG, 116 Stribling Ave. Charlottesville, V/a.
RME 4300 (with matching speaker), $\$ 140$; NC-98 (no spkr), $\$ 95$ ostage paid within 2300 miles. KSEQP. 5530 East iecumsch. Tulsa. Okla.
MUST Sell: Apache, $\$ 185$; E-Z Way crankup tower, 41 ft . KBD-40P, with hidg. brkts, 5135 ; TA-33, \$ 00 Micro Match Refiectometer $711 \mathrm{~N}, \$ 10 ;$ Johnson io pass niter $250-20, \$ 8$ Johnson Bug 114-500. \$8: Collins dynamic mike SM-1, new 12 , Simpson 260 mulw 30 You more info. Write N. Samuelson, 726 Forbes Ave., Chittenango,

FR Sale: DX100 perfect condx, \$165; NC-125 rcvr, $\$ 95$; HRO-M general coverage and bandspread. 4 coils. ohnnson KW Matchbox State price and condx. W2GTK, Ed ward Cillick, 174 Central Ave., Bogota. N.J
20-A, $9 \Gamma-1$ Deluxe VFO $160-15 \mathrm{M}$ all factory wired. $\$ 17 \overline{5}$.
Heath SWR Bridge, $\$ 10$; Heath balun coils. $\$ 5.00$. J . Smith, Heath SWR Bridge, \$10; Heath balun
209 W . 8th St., Mt. Vernon. Indiana
REGENCY Transistorized converter, $\$ 45$. W8HQY. 1867 Berkshire Rd.. (:olumbus 21. Ohio.
WANTED: Collins 75A-4, state serial number, filters, condx.
W8KMD. 635 Woodbury Ave., Columbus 23. Ohio.
SALE: Station. HO-I29X with Millen R9r. recently serviced and 120 -watt shone/C.W 10 meter xmtr, all $\$ 180$. Local pick up. W2HZQ. $2!32$ E. 13th, Brooklyn. N.Y. Tel. DE 9-8175 GLOBE-KING 500A-500 watt, AM-CW all-band xmtr with
HALIICRAFTERS S-85 receiver for sale, in exc. condx. $\$ 80$ or the best offer. John Rybicki, 2238 Spruce Rd., Homewoud

WANTEI?: $A P R 4$ or RDO and RBI. recivers. Also APR4 tuning units, TN16. TN17, TN18 and TN19 Will purchase an Platte. Neb.
FOR Sale: New Heathkit Comanche receiver. Wired and tested \$115. W@URO. 1258 Van Buren, St. Paul 4. Minn.
APACHE TX- 1 transmitter, professionally built. \$249: Hammarlund $\mathrm{HO}-110 \mathrm{C}$ receiver, $\$ 190$ : both hardly used and nearly new. KIKRU, Glastonbury, Conn. Tel. ME 3-9243.
WANTED: 4-250A, new or used. W2BMK.
FOR Sale: SX-101A and factory-wired Johnson 6 N 2 converter as a unit, and $\mathrm{HO}-170 \mathrm{C}$. Swap either unit and cash for SP-6UUJX. Coke markley and Oak Sts., Norristown, Penna. or call: MA ${ }_{3} \mathrm{C}-7981$ atter 7 PM .
SELL: Dow-Kcy DKC-TRM antenna relay. Never used, $\$ 7.00$; QST's 1935-1955 (all or part of run), reasonable; several Vibro packs and other power supplies; 814 buffer amplifier and 100TH PP final; HDVL coils, new 810 . $814,4 \mathrm{E} 27 \mathrm{~A}$, VT/27A tubes,
modulation monitor. Prices right. Write for list. W3BS. 1012 modulation monitor. Prices right.
Wilde Ave., Drexei Hill, Penna.
SELLING Out: DX-35, Meissner Sisnal Shifter, KW plate of parts. Send for list. W3SHP, Snydertown. Penna.
HEGINNERS: Code memorized in onc hour. New method. Used in armed services, ham radio, scouting. "Ketchum's Hour Code Course' $\$ 1.00$ postpaid. Money-back xuarantee. O. H. Ketchum, 10125 fiora Vista, Bellfower. Calif.
SELL. HQ-110-C. perfect. \$175, W2PWF, 78-42 264th St., rooral Park, N.Y. Tel. Fi 3-9382.
BOOMERANGS. Northern Australian aboriginal mission planning amateur radio operation has given me quantity of boomerangs tor swapping. Should you have gear surplus your requirements write: K. B. Jones. 131 Queenstreet. Melbourne, Aus-
tralia. tralia.
COLLINS 75S-1 rcyr. Purchased new 9-60. Best offer. K9CPW.
FOR Sale: One 4-1000A grounded-grid linear amplifier with tube. $\$ 150$. K4P1J, 1126 Elizabeth St., Eau Gallie. Fla.
SELL: Communicator 111, 6M 12V. KøVNC. 3319 McKinley. Omaha, Nebr
A-1 RECONDITIONED equipment. On approval. Trades.
 lins $75 \mathrm{~A}-1,75 \mathrm{~A}-2,75 \mathrm{~A}-3,75 \mathrm{~A}-4 \mathrm{KWWM}-1,32 \mathrm{~S}-1$, $75 \mathrm{~S}-1$, KWS . 1 ; Gentral 20A \$159.00; Elmac PMR-6 \$69.00. AF-67 \$109.00: HO-100 $\$ 129.00$, HQ-110 $\$ 179.00$, HO-129X, HQ-140X, HQ 140XA, HO-150, HQ-160, HQ-170, HQ-180: Iohnson Adventurer National Nc-98 \$89.00, HRO-50T \$199.00. NC-300. HRO-60 NC-183D. NC-303: Heath. Globe, RME other items. List Frec.
Henry Radio, Buter, Mo.
SELLING Out: Spare 4-1000As. nearly new, guaranteed, $\$ 20.00$ each. W8SOU, Cleveland 31. Ohio
WANTED: Xtal calibrator XCU300 for NC-300 rcvr. WV2PLK Ernest Mintel, 303 East Gibson St., Canandalgua, N.Y.

SELL: DX-100. \$140. 2 new 6293s in final; HQ-145C. \$200. both in exc. cundx. Extras thrown in, 15 meter beam, 100 ft . of coax and mike. WA2ESY, Jerry Rubin, 299 E. 94th St., Bklyn, SELL: Transcon 6. \$65. James 6-12V pwr. pack, \$25; DX-35 wired for 6 m . WA2AIC, Millbrook School, Milbrook. N.Y. SOUPED Viking II, 2-866As, blower, SSB wircd, PTO. \$225; Collins $V$ FO, sansed exciter, $160-10$ meters. \$5S. Chester Benson. W9IFB. 732 South 14th St.. Kichmond. Ind.
ELMAC Mobile, AF67, PMR-7, M1470 power supply: Dow 12 v relay, mounting racks for AF67 and PMR-7 connecting cables included. Alt are in gud shape. College. \$310. K
Morrow. Station A.C.C. Box 834 . Abilene, Texas.
GONSET Twins: G-66 with 3-way power supply: G-77 with all cables and Shure 505B mike. In excellent condx. $\$ 350$. Doc Piper, WIWZ. Concord, Mass.
SELL: Complete 500 watt SSB station. Collins 75-A2 revr wi Universai product detector. \$280: Central Electronics 20.A exciter with BC-458 VFO. $\$ 200 ; 500$ watt linear. Eldico SSB-
500 with 2 spare $4 \times 250-B$ tubes, $\$ 265.00$ : Hy-(iain TH-3 and Non with 2 spare 4X250-B tubes, $\$ 265.00$ : Hy- (iain TH-3 and Rohn tower, six mos. old. Write Tubes: 304 T L. $\$ 30.00$; 4-250-A. collection atid cameras and lens. Deal? Patterson, 2660 Gialecollection at:d cameras and
FOR Sale: cioing mobile, SX- 110 revr, in exc. condx in orig. carton and with manual, $\$ 105 ; \mathrm{R}-48$ spkr, $\$ 10.00 ; \mathrm{DX}-40$ and VF-1 VFO, in perf. condx, Wimanuals, \$75: Collins TCS-12
xmtr, \$60. Joul Herbsman. WA2GZD, 1510 Unionport Kd., xmtr. $\$ 60$, Joel Herbsman.
N.Y. 62, N.Y. TA $2-7215$.
SEIL: HQ-170, $\$ 290 ;$ Globe GiN2, $\$ 100$; Viking Ranger PTT, $\$ 180 ; \mathrm{NC}-300-6-2 \mathrm{l} 1 / 4$ meter converters, $\$ 340 ;$ Gonset III,
$\$ 215.00 ;$ Heath grid dip meter, $\$ 18.00 ; \mathrm{D}-104$ mike, $\$ 17.00$. Ali Peter Miller. WIAMJ, Tel. PL 9-2992. Chandler Drive. Prospect. Conn.
SELL: Sollins mech. filters, type F500B 60, and F500 B 31. hest ofter. WIYZL.
CRYSTALS Airmailed: SSB, MARS, Novice, Net, Etc. Cusor more FT-243 99c), any quantity novice 99 to. 1700 to 20.000 $\$ 1.95,20.001$ to $30.000 \$ 2.25$. Add 504 each for $005 \% 20.00$ 60t each for HC-G'u hermetics. OST Packaged Crystals: "SSB Package, June 1958 and SSB Handbook: "Phasing November 1459; "IMP" May 1960; "DC:S-500" February 1960:-Pack; aged sets (5 FT-243) \$9.95, hermetics $\$ 13.95$. Filter: "Package' seven matehed June 1958 \$7.45; October $1960 \$ 11.80$. Crystals for all projects, write. Airmailing 94 per crystal, regular St. TRADE Or sell: four transistor Sonotone " 1200 " hearing-aid with air conducio VHF preferred Jay Cady, WA2ILH, May mercial equipment, VHF preferred. Jay Cady, WA2ILH, May-
EXCELLENT DX-35 for sale, $\$ 40$. K8JWO. 451 Lynn, Berea,
FOR Sale: Globe Champion 300-A. $\$ 325$ : Communicator III, SM, wimike and halo antenna, $\$ 210$; HRO-SRA receiver com plete, $\$ 125$. all in excelent condx will deliver within 150 miles. W3LSS, 58 W. Main St.. North East, Penna.
OMMUNICATOR 111, 6 meters. Can't tell from new. $\$ 185.00$ William Richrath. 1410 Portsmouth. Westchester, III.
WANTED: B-W filament choke, FC-30 also filament transormer 5.2 V 30 A . K2EG1, 5 Stratford Place, Babylon. L.I.,

KITS Constructed: Competent. precision work. Licensed. capble and experienced technician. Twenty-five percent plus post age. Inquire to: Precision Electronic Systems, John Noe,
K2OFD, 226 Naples Terrace, NYC 63 . SELL: HQ-110, spkr, xtal calibrator, best condx, $\$ 170$. W2KWB, 30 Drnhan St., Huntington. N.Y
SELL: Two-meter W2AZL converter, $\$ 40.00$. Ackerman, KILOWATT, Johnson Viking: $\$ 850.00$; Globe LA-1, $\$ 80.00$; ikL \#F bile pwr. supply W/dynamotor, $\$ 20.00$; PE-103 dynamoto
(plus shipping). WSFJR, 515 West Main. Houma, La.
COLLEGE: Must sacrifice new HT-37, used only 25 hours, $\$ 350.00$ F.o.b. KsWXK. Smith. 660 Magnolia Woods Drive,
Raton Rouge, 1 a.
DX-40, VF-1, both in perf. condx, plus 5 Novice xtals, $\$ 70.00$ K JJMM. John Falcone. 207 Mattison. Ambler. Penna.
COMPLETE All-band mobile station. Includes Viking mobile transmitter with VFO, Gonset Super Six converter. remote. Controlled antenna tuner, Johnson loading coil, whip antenna manuals. etc. $\$ 200.00$. Will not ship, sry. Locat deal preferred $W 2 L F L$. Phone FRecport $8-2139$, Merrick, L.1., N.Y. 1757 Seaman Drive.
FOR Sale: Heath GDIA grid dip meter. $\$ 17.00 ; 90$ watt compact xmttr. \$35.00: 20,000 ohm per volt 160 M , $\$ 18.00 \mathrm{j}$ is watt pwr. supply, $\$ 20$. All postpaid. $\$ 20.00$ rite for details. 100 wadulator and Jr., 10945 Whitehill. Detroit 24. Mich
SELL: Factory-wired 20-A, 458 VFO. OT-1. \$180; SX-100, \$180; W6WIA VY Clean 6 -meter Communicator 111 for only $\$ 200$ F.o.b. 3130 Daisy, El Paso. Texas. Pete Williams. KSMBZ.
DX-100R, gud condx, $\$ 175$, home brew 813 amplifier, $\$ 20$. SELL: DX-100B (also MK-1, SB-10 new in kit form), Matchfilters for 75A-4. K2SNJ. Glenn. 31 Claremont Rd., Scarsdale,

SELL: Hallicrafters HT-6 transmitter, $\$ 50.00$. Yagel, 366 Brook-

DX100B. $\$ 165$ personally delivered within 100 miles of Scranton, Penna. Sry. cannot ship. Jack Ayres, 325 Washington Ave. Jermyn, Penna.
SAIE: P412SAs in KW xmttr, built-in oscilloscope, ant. tuner $\$ 300$. Complete mobile xig, $\$ 60.00$. Write for information kSSSZ, Orchard Drive, Columbia, Miss,
FOR Sale Elmac AF67, mike, PRM7 revr, M1470, $12 \mathrm{~V} / 115 \mathrm{~V}$ supply like new. \$275. Glenn Winters, K5SYM, 1050 S. Church, Mountain Home. Ark.
HO170C with Damp-chaser, $\$ 285$; HT-37, $\$ 375$. Both for $\$ 645$, Ship in orignal cartons. F.O.b. NYC. Siegel, WA2FSD. 11 MOHAWK, built by electronics technician. $\$ 250$. Deliver within 50 miles. John P. Barker, 1127 Commonwealth Ave., Boston 34. Mass.

TRANSMITTING Micas, power xirms. 803 tubes. all half-orice; also RU-18 rcvr. cimplete. Stamp brings details. K1BSL, Ai Blackington, 530 Beacon, Boston, Mass.
KWM . AC supnly and mobile mount. $\$ 675.00$. Perf. condx. SEIL: 75A4. perfect condition. S.N. 2533, \$550. W/6WZD. 98 Fairview Ave., Atherton, Calif.
FOR Sale: HO-145C, wical $\$ 22 \mathrm{~s}$ instr, bk: 20A-W/45 VFO, S175; \$37 final W/ps-O-1400-Variac, 550 . No cables. Package RECEIVER: NC-173 for sale. Gud condx. Best offer takes it. K2DRD, 2184 Larch St., Wantagh. N. Y. Tel. SUnset 1-2799. FOR Sale: NC-183D, spkr. manual. \$225; DX-100. manual, $\$ 125.00$ Cash \& carry or mnney rorder and you pay packing
and shippink. W. Worrall. WA2KPV, Walson Army Hosand shippink. J. A
pital. Ft. Dix. N.J.
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[^0]:    (Please iurn the pape)

[^1]:    * Electron Tube Division, Kadio Corporation of America, H:arrison, New Jersoy.
    " Hanchett, "Stability with Simplicity," QST, Uctober, 1960.

[^2]:    * Technical Assistant, QST'.

[^3]:    *3720 Dewsbury Road, Winston-salem, N. C.

[^4]:    No ignition noise here. KTNOJ is on her way to the ARRL Southwestern Division Convention in Phoenix. The convention isn't taking place until May 26, but this is no Corvette! She is keeping in touch with the outside world with a Communicator, while waiting for the May issue of QST to bring more convention details.

[^5]:    1 This capacitor is uow available from Millen as 21906R, but it may not be a current stock item. It may still he found occasionally under various names on surplus, or a suitable substitute can be made by modifying any of several designs having ceramic supports at both ends. Nillen 21935 and 21050 are examples. -- Ed.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ The anthor's first measurement of 21.6 Mc. is in close agreement. with the Handbook formula, since 21.6 Me . exceeris 21.4 Mc. by slightly over 1 per cent. The increase in length to compensate is, in this case, a matter of over 10 per rent. The exuct rouditions under which the measurements were rakon are not known, but the indications are that resonance in one element was checked in the presence of the second element, which may lead to erroneous conclusions. - Ed.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Tilton: "Noise Generators -- Their Uses and Limitations," QST, Julv. 1953. Orr: "The Silicon Crystal Noise Generator," CQ, June, 1952.

[^8]:    * $5 \geq 1$ Alden Road, Muncic. Indiana.

[^9]:    1 Although the r.f. voltage required to operate the Monilator is much less than would be required by a corresponding tube unit, and therefore the unit will work from smaller leakage fields, in some cases where coax antenna feed is used it may be necessary to bring the end of the pickup wire an inch or two into the transmitter enclosure. This should be done with extreme cantion with secure anchoring to assure that the end of the pickup wire cannot move into contact with any part of the transmitter circuit. - Ed.

[^10]:    " "Recent Equipment," (bst, July, 1959.

[^11]:    LSabarofi, "A Novel Electronic Transmit-Receive Switch," QS'I', June, 1957.

[^12]:    1 "Fixed Bias with Audio A.G.C.," QST, January, 1961.
    2 Woods, "An Improved Audio-Driven A.G.C. Circuit." QST. September, 1960.
    ${ }^{3}$ Ginodman, "Better A.G.C. for S.S.B. and Code Reception," QST, January, 1957.

    4 Luick, "Improved A.G.C. for Sideband and (!.W.." QST', October, 1957. Sec also, Sinyle sideband for the Kadio Amatciur, page 91.

[^13]:    Combined phone and c.w. winnerK5В.лЈ . 17,220

[^14]:    *7862-B West Lawrence Ave., Chicago, 31, Ill..
    1 The 1961 edition is getting around. (iot yours".

[^15]:    NEBRASKA－sCMr．（harles E．MoNeel，WOEXP－

[^16]:    "World's Largest Distributors of Shorf Wave Receivers"

[^17]:    (Continued on page 136)

