

ISSN. 0142-7229

7 OCTOBER 1980 600

RELATIVITY EXPLAINED!

FRAMESIO

IG 7 . . .

RADIO CON

LL Details Inside

En) electronics today

PROJECTS. . . MICRON

INTERNATIONAL 🗆

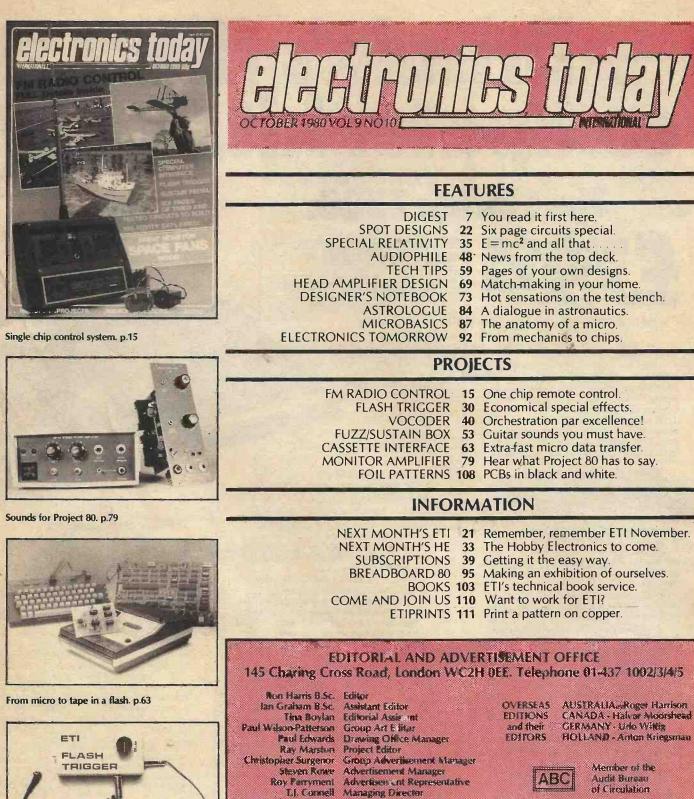
GREAT NEWS FOR SPACE FANS INSIDE!

0

SORS

.AUDIO





Member of the Audit Bureau of Circulation

PUBLISHED BY Modmags Ltd., 145 Charing Cross Road, WC2 DISTRIBUTED BY Argos Distribution Ltd. (British Isles) 12-18 Paul Street, London Gordon & Gotch Ltd. (Overseas) PRINTED BY QB Limited, Colchester

Electronics Today is normally published on the first Friday in the month preceding cover date 🗌 ©MODMAGS LTD 1980: All material is subject to worldwide copyright protection. All reasonable care is taken in the preparation of the magazine contents, but the publishers cannot be held legally responsible for errors. Where mistakes do orcur, a correction will normally be published as soon as possible afterwards. All prices and data contained in advertisements are accepted by us in good faith as correct at time of going to press. Neither the advertisers nor the publishers can be held responsible. however, for any variations affecting price or availability which may occur after the publication has closed for press. □Subscription Rates. UK £10 including postage Airmail and other rates upon application to ETI Subscriptions Service, PO Box 35, Bridge Street, Hemel Hempstead, Hetts

For photo special effects. p.30

DALAG

3

## Britain's first com computer kit.

### The Sinclair ZX80.



Price breakdown ZX80 and manual: £69.52 VAT: £10.43 Post and packing FREE

#### Please note: many kit makers quote VAT-exclusive prices.

You've seen the reviews...you've heard the excitement...now make the kit!

This is the ZX80. 'Personal Computer World' gave it 5 stars for 'excellent value.' Benchmark tests say it's faster than all previous personal computers. And the response from kit enthusiasts has been tremendous.

To help you appreciate its value, the price is shown above with and without VAT. This is so you can compare the ZX80 with competitive kits that don't appear with inclusive prices.

#### 'Excellent value' indeed!

For just £79.95 (including VAT and p&p) you get everything you need to build a personal computer at home...PCB, with IC sockets for all ICs; case; leads for direct connection to a cassette recorder and television (black and white or colour); everything!

Yet the ZX80 really is a complete, powerful, full-facility computer, matching or surpassing other personal computers at several times the price.

The ZX80 is programmed in BASIC, the world's most popular computer language for beginners and experts alike.

The ZX80 is pleasantly straightforward to assemble, using a fine-tipped soldering iron. It immediately proves what a good job you've done; connect it to your TV...link it to an appropriate power source\*...and you're ready to go.

#### Your ZX80 kit contains...

- Printed circuit board, with IC sockets for all ICs.
- Complete components set, including all ICs-all manufactured by selected worldleading suppliers.
- New rugged Sinclair keyboard, touchsensitive, wipe-clean.
- Ready-moulded case
- Leads and plugs for connection to domestic TV and cassette recorder. (Programs can be SAVEd and LOADed on to a portable cassette recorder.)
- FREE course in BASIC programming and user manual.
- **Optional extras**
- Mains adaptor of 600 mA at 9 VDC nominal unregulated (available separately-see coupon).
- Additional memory expansion boards allowing up to 16K bytes RAM. (Extra RAM chips also available – see coupon).

\*Use a 600 mA at 9 V DC nominal unregulated mains adaptor. Available from Sinclair if desired (see coupon).

### The unique and valuable components of the Sinclair ZX80.

The Sinclair ZX80 is not just another personal computer. Quite apart from its exceptionally low price, the ZX80 has two uniquely advanced components: the Sinclair BASIC interpreter; and the Sinclair teachyourself BASIC manual.

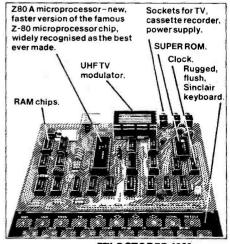
- The unique Sinclair BASIC interpreter offers remarkable programming advantages:
- Unique 'one-touch' key word entry: the ZX80 eliminates a great deal of tiresome typing. Key words (RUN, PRINT, LIST, etc.) have their own single-key entry.
- Unique syntax check. Only lines with correct syntax are accepted into programs: A cursor identifies errors immediately. This prevents entry of long and complicated programs with faults only discovered when you try to run them.
- Excellent string-handling capability-takes up to 26 string variables of any length. All strings can undergo all relational tests (e.g. comparison). The ZX80 also has string inputto request a line of text when necessary. Strings do not need to be dimensioned.
- Up to 26 single dimension arrays.
- FOR/NEXT loops nested up to 26
- Variable names of any length.
   BASIC language also handles
- BASIC language also handles full Boolean arithmetic, conditional expressions, etc.
   Exceptionally powerful edit facilities, allows
- modification of existing program lines.
  Randomise function, useful for games and
- Randomise function, useful for games and secret codes, as well as more serious applications.
- Timer under program control.
- PEEK and POKE enable entry of machine code instructions. USR causes jump to a user's machine language sub-routine.
- High-resolution graphics with 22 standard graphic symbols.
- All characters printable in reverse under program control.
- Lines of unlimited length.

#### Fewer chips, compact design, volume productionmore power per pound!

The ZX80 owes its remarkable low price to its remarkable design: the whole system is packed on to fewer, newer, more powerful and advanced LSI chips. A single SUPER ROM, for instance, contains the BASIC interpreter, the character set, operating system, and monitor. And the ZX80's 1K byte RAM is roughly equivalent to 4K bytes in a conventional computer-typically storing 100 lines of BASIC. (Key words occupy only a single byte.)

The display shows 32 characters by 24 lines. And Benchmark tests show that the ZX80 is faster than all other personal computers. No other personal computer offers this

unique combination of high capability and low price.



ETI OCTOBER 1980





PARTALALANA

#### ZX80 software now available!

See advertisements in Personal Computer World, Electronics Today International, and other journals.

New dedicated software-developed independently of Science of Cambridgereflects the enormous interest in the ZX80. More software available soon - from leading consultancies and software houses.

#### The Sinclair teach-yourself **BASIC** manual.

If the specifications of the Sinclair ZX80 mean little to you - don't worry. They're all explained in the specially-written 128-page book free with every kit! The book makes tearning easy. exciting and enjoyable, and represents a complete course in BASIC programming - from first principles to complex programs. (Available separately-purchase price refunded if you buy a ZX80 later.) A hardware manual is also included with every kit.

#### The Sinclair ZX80. Kit: £79.95. Assembled: £99.95. Complete!

The ZX80 kit costs a mere £79.95. Can't wait to have a ZX80 up and running? No problem! It's also available, ready assembled and complete with mains adaptor, for only £99.95.

Demand for the ZX80 is very high: use the coupon to order today for the earliest possible delivery. All orders will be despatched in strict rotation. We'll acknowledge each order by return, and tell you exactly when your ZX80 will be delivered. If you choose not to wait, you can cancel your order immediately, and your money will be refunded at once. Again, of course, you may return your ZX80 as received within 14 days for a full refund. We want you to be satisfied beyond all doubt-and we have no doubt that you will be.

Science of Cambridge Ltd 6 Kings Parade, Cambridge, Cambs., CB2 1SN. Tel: 0223 311488.

ETI OCTOBER 1980

ORDER Remember: all prices shown include VAT, postage and packing. No hidden extras. FORM Please send me

Quantity	Item	Item price £	Total £
	Sinclair ZX80 Personal Computer kit(s). Price includes ZX80 BASIC manual, excludes mains adaptor.	£79.95	
	Ready-assembled Sinclair 2X80 Personal Computer(s). Price includes ZX80 BASIC manual and mains adaptor	£99.95	
	Mains Adaptor(s) (600 mA at 9 V DC nominal unregulated)	8.95	
	Memory Expansion Board(s) (each one takes up to 3K bytes).	12.00	
	RAM Memory chips-standard 1K bytes capacity	16.00	
	Sinclair ZX80 Manual(s) (manual free with every ZX80 kit or ready-made computer).	5.00	
NB. Your Sir	nclair ZX80 may qualify as a business expense.	TOTAL	3
l enclose a Please prin	a cheque/postal order payable to Science of Cambridg t	je Ltd for £	
Name: Mr.	/Mrs/Miss		
Address_	and the second		-
			, ET1/10/

74500         60p         742           7401         12p         743           7402         12p         743           7403         14p         743           7404         14p         743           7405         18p         744           7407         34p         744           7407         34p         744           7407         34p         744           7407         34p         744           7408         17p         744           7411         24p         744           7412         20p         744           7411         24p         744           7411         24p         744           7417         27p         744           7416         27p         744           7421         40p         744           7422         30p         744           7423         34p         744           7423         34p         744           7433         35p         744           7433         35p         744           7433         35p         744           7433         35p	298         200p         4022         10           365         100p         4024         2           366         100p         4024         2           366         100p         4024         2           366         100p         4028         2           368         100p         4028         2           390         200p         4028         2           390         200p         4028         2           390         200p         4031         20           1502         16p         4033         18           1503         16p         4036         22           1511         40p         4038         12           1513         40p         4044         14           1527         38p         4046         14           1527         38p         4046         14           1533         30p         4055         12           1533         30p         4056         12           1533         30p         4054         12           1533         30p         4051         12           1536         40p         4061	110p         93 01         16 0p         74 50           9302         175p         7450           9309         310         275p         7450           9309         311         275p         7450           9310         275p         7450           9311         275p         7450           9312         160p         74520           9314         165p         74533           9321         225p         74533           9321         225p         74533           9321         225p         74533           9321         225p         74533           9374         200p         74513           9374         200p         74513           9374         200p         74513           930p         AY1-1313         660p           AY1-1315         600p         CA3046         70p           930p         CA3046         70p           745-1315         600p         CA3046         70p           755p         CA3140E         50p           7450         CA3140E         50p           755p         CA3160E         400p           755p	0         60p         745114         300p           75p         745132         160p           8         75p         745133         75p           0         60p         745139         225p           0         60p         745139         225p           0         60p         745139         225p           0         60p         745139         220p           90p         745174         250p           90p         74514         350p           4         90p         74514         350p           4         90p         74514         350p           7459         745174         350p           745174         500p         7455           7450         7455374         500p           74555         22p         745528           745528         425p         745534           745634         250p         7556           74567         140p         745534           74503N         250p         750p           745634         100p         745334           74503N         250p         74503N           74503N         250p         74503	74S571       650p         82S137       750p         CPUs       1600       1200p         1802CE       750p         2650A       2000p         6502       750p         6800       650p         6802       1100p         6809       2500p         8085A       1100p         1NS8060       1000p         280       750p         280A       950p         280A       950p         280A       950p	7         30p         TIP35A         225p           30p         TIP36C         240p           90p         TIP36C         340p           20p         TIP36C         340p           33p         TIP41A         65p           33p         TIP41C         78p           90p         TIP42C         82p           200p         TIP42C         82p           200p         TIP422         30p           225p         TIP120         120p           190p         TIP437         30p           225p         TIP147         130p           200p         TIP393         30p           200p         TIP435         78p           200p         TIP393         30p           25p         ZTX500         15p           25p         ZTX501         30p           25p         ZTX502         18p           25p         ZTX502         18p           25p         ZTX502         18p           25p         ZTX502         30p           25p         ZN697         30p           25p         ZN698         45p           26p         ZN20225p	14 pin       10p       20 pin       20p         16 pin       11p       22 pin       22p         WIRE WRAP SOCKETS BY TEXAS         8 pin       25p       18 pin       50p         14 pin       35p       20 pin       60p         14 pin       35p       20 pin       60p         16 pin       40p       22 pin       65p         SWITCHES       70p       70p       0PDT         0PDT       70p       70p       0PDT       70p         0PDT       70p       SPARE BITS       C/CX/CCN         Sub to make       15p       SPARE BITS       C/CX/CCN         N25       SPARE BITS       C/CX/CCN       X25         SPARE BITS       C/CX/CCN       X25       SPARE BITS         ROCKER SPST       28p       ADCOLA IR       K1000         K1000       K2000       VEROBOAR       DIP Breadboad       4 15 × 6 15         Suitable for:       16 × 16 pin       Breadboard a       for 31 way cock         9-0-9       75mA       100p       2 × 22       2 × 10 way       85p       2 × 22         9-0-9       1Amp       330p       100p       2 × 22       2 × 10 way       85p<	24 pin       24p         28 pin       30p         28 pin       80p         40 pin       100p         DERING       415p         425p       425p         425p       425p         440p       50p         50p       50p         MENTS       180p         200p       50p         MENTS       180p         200p       550p         DS       550p         0       14 pin or         DIL ICS) DIP       sabove with tracks         annector       375p         or ICS       130p         ing)       120p         ar       1500p         xay       160p         xay       160p
74192       100p       40         74193       100p       40         74193       100p       40         74194       120p       40         74195       95p       40         74196       95p       40         74197       80p       40         74198       150p       40	001       22p       75325       3         002       20p       75361       3         006       95p       75363       4         006       95p       75365       2         007       20p       75365       2         008       80p       75451/2       1         009       40p       75491/2       1         010       50p       8T26       1         011       22p       8T28       2	375p       BREADBOARDS         300p       BREADBOARDS         400p       EXP350 3.6       x 2.1         250p       (Up to 3 x 14 pin ICs)         72p       EXP650 3.6       x 2.4         96p       (Up to 1 x 40 pin IC)         160p       EXP300 6       x 2.1         250p       (Up to 6 x 14 pin ICs)         EXP300 6       x 2.1         EXP300 6       x 2.1         EXP300 6       x 2.1         EXP300 6       x 2.1         EXP600 6       x 2.4	E3.15       PROTOBOAR         E3.15       BOARDS         Socket Strips/         E3.60       on sturdy base         PB6       6 x         E5.75       PB100       10 x         PB102       12 x         E6.30       PB103       24 x	MC14411 1100p RD (R) SOLDERLESS BRE/ /Bus Strips/Binding Posts moun e plate. 14 DIL ICs E9 14 DIL ICs E11 14 DIL ICs E22	AD- 16 KEY KEYPAD (Reed Switches) Inted UHF Modulator 6MHz UHF Modulator 8MHz UHF MODULATOR 8MHZ	<b>450p</b> <b>EXAMPLE VEROBOARDS</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Pk</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Pk</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Pk</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Pk</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Pk</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Copper clad</b> <b>Coppe</b>	t of 100 pins <b>50p</b> ot face cutter <b>86p</b> n insertion tool <b>118p</b> ro Wiring Pen 2 wire spools combs <b>370p</b>

÷

NEWS

## DIGES

#### Watch Out

F or under £44.95 you too can own F a new Casio watch with con-tinuous time readout, date display, full month, calendar information, professional grade stopwatch, plus alarm and time signal functions with a choice of tone pitch. What more can you ask for? And it's all in the 79CS51B Casio Stopwatch. A conventional LCD readout shows hour, minute, second, am/pm and date. Push a button to display year, month date and day. Press again for full calendar and cycle the display through earlier and later months if so desired. The automatic calendar is programmed from 1901 to 2099. As a stopwatch the 79CS51B has a runn-ing time of 12 hours and a measurement unit of one-tenth second. It handles normal start-stop timing, net timing, lap timing and first-second place timing. The watch will also sound an alarm at any preset time and/or signal every hour. One lithium battery will last about 15 months average use. For further information contact Casio Electronics Co Ltd. 28 Scrutton Street, London EC2A 4TY.



#### EMP — The Answer

A ll our inquiries addressed to the Prime Minister, the Home Secretary and the Secretary of State for Defence on the Government's plans to cope with the Elec-tromagnetic Pulse effect (EMP) in wartime eventually found their way to the same office somewhere in the depths of the Home Office. This is what HM Government has to say: 'Her Majesty's Government is aware of the phenomenon of EMP and its possible effects on communications systems. We take it into account in the design of civil and defence systems but cannot, of course, comment on the details of all the forms of EMP protection used.

The Home Office has given guidance to local authorities and other essential services concerned with the planning of communications systems for war, on the effects of EMP and about certain precautions that can be taken to reduce the risk of EMP damage to communications equipment.

The requirements for home defence communications are currently being reviewed and possible measures to protect them against the effects of EMP will be considered in the course of the review.

So, it seems the Government and local authorities know all about EMP, but they aren't going to tell the likes of us.

In a statement to the Commons on August 7th, the Home Secretary (William Whitelaw) outlined developments in Britain's civil defence programme. The UK warning and monitoring organisation is to improve its communications. Improvements are also to be made to the wartime broadcasting service to ensure the continuation of public broadcasting even after a large-scale attack (but no mention of EMP).

After a lengthy pronouncement on Central/Local Government cooperation in wartime, increased expenditure on equipment and services, greater involvement in civil defence by Central Government departments and finishing up with news of the refurbishment of our stocks of emergency fire appliances (Green Godesses?), Mr. Eric Heffer's immediate reaction was, "The right hon. Gentleman must be joking'.

We'll keep you posted on any further developments. Keep your letters coming. These given here are representative of those we have received so far. This article has stimulated a greater reader response than anything previously published in ETI. Most of our correspondents have understood the need for caution in our approach to publication.

The letter from Mr Keightley is particularly interesting and we are contacting Mr J. Pawsey MP to gather his views on the subject. In addition investigations are under way to find out exactly what that "guidance to local authorities" referred to in the Home Office reply consists of and of how much use it has

#### This Is A Recording

The Compur 385 is a new telephone answering machine from Agovox. It is a compact module which sits neatly under a conventional telephone. The facilities available include a remote control electronic decoder which enables the machine to be telephoned from anywhere in the world and instructed to play back over the telephone any messages received from previous callers. The machine is also capable of recording both sides of a conversation and can be linked

proved to be. We hope to be able to report back next issue on the results of that investigation.

In the meanwhile keep your letters coming to us and why not follow Mr Keightley's example and write to your local MP? Maybe together we can overcome the vast governmental inertia and raise the heads above the sand just a little.

Dear Sir,

I think you should visit the inside of a NATO USA or British Radar Command Station.

We have in the UK high gain very large units operating on all bands ie:- VLF to UHF by a switching unit thus making jamming very hard because the unit sends out piano type signal and only receives back the same. All are sent out through banks of pure mechanical harmonic filters, that also process the received signal. The Front end is in liquid He and of the thermocouple type. Most of the units have a large valve content of the ECC82 size.

All cable passing through the 14g sheet steel building shield have 80 to 120 bd RFI filters even the power cable. The building is bonded every four feet against RFI.

You will find that you can get an electric shock from nylon rigging seven miles out from the radar station such is the power.

Thank you for bringing your statement to the public and that many items are covered up, it would seem that the designers took into account EMP in the design of the radar system and my part was commissioning the 3000 kW cooling system.

P.S. Do you think I have time to scrap my TI51 III which is very limited and purchase and use a TI59 before EMP!

M.G. Wadlow Project Engineer to a standard recorder for retaining permanent records of calls. It is also fully compatible with existing dictating machines which utilise minicassettes and has a foot switch and head set available. Message lengths can be limited and a call counter enables easy location and logging of messages. The 385 is available for rent at between £3.72 and £6.46 depending on the type of rental contract or £750 for outright purchase. For further information contact The Sales Office, Agovox Limited, 4 Sydenham Road, London SE26 5QY.

Dear Sir,

AGOVOX

Congratulations on a most interesting article ("EMP"; ETI August 1980). The text was crisp and informative.

In view of the potential devastating effect of EMP, I feel that more people, both the public and industrialists should be made aware of this aspect of, perhaps, an inevitable nuclear war.

For my part, I have been largely unaware of EMP but feel that I may be able to at least inform engineers and managers in telecommunications.

Yours sincerely,

S.F. Gatley Senior Electronics Engineer

Plessey Telecommunications

Dear Sir,

Thanks to ETI for an informative article on EMP.

I have drawn this article to the attention of Mr Jim Pawsey, the Member of Parliament for Rugby, who is also the secretary of the Civil Defence Committee in the House of Commons.

He informs me that he has tabled a question in the House on this matter after reading your feature.

As you may know, a major statement on Civil Defence by the Home Secretary has been promised before the House rises on August 8th.

Incidentally, a range of devices which offer protection from EMP are being marketed by Suhner. These incorporate a Cerberus gas discharge tube in a coaxial (50R) line.

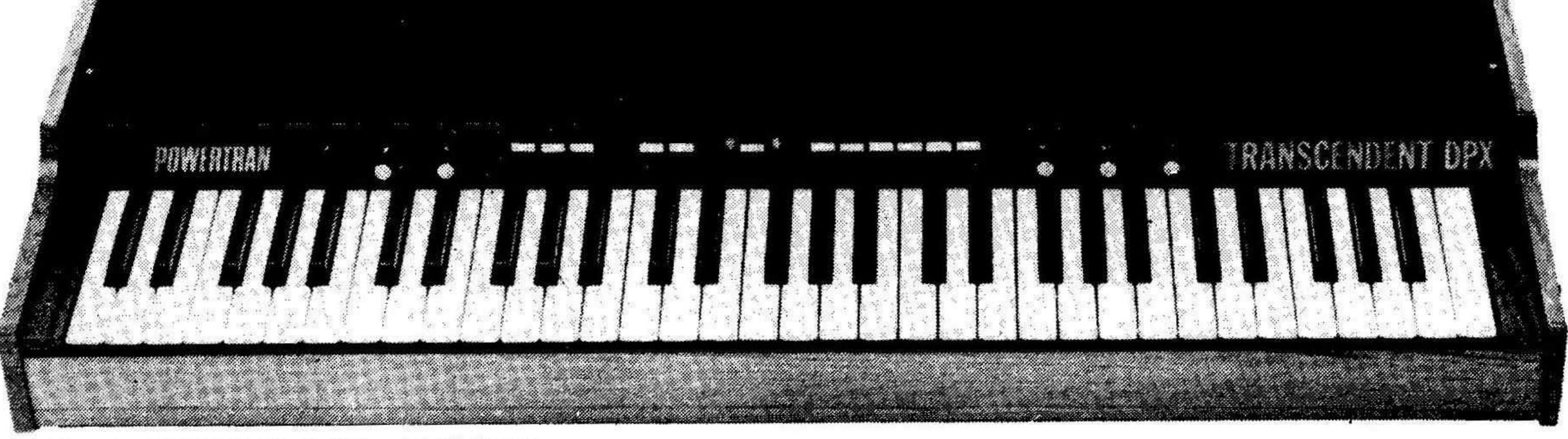
Yours faithfully, M.R. Keightley, B.Sc., C8BLK Bilton, Rugby, Warwickshire

# TRANSCENDENT DPX

## DIGITALLY CONTROLLED, TOUCH SENSITIVE, POLYPHONIC, MULTI-VOICE SYNTHESIZER

## Another superb design by synthesizer expert Tim Orr - published in Electronics Today International

The Transcendent DPX is a really versatile new 5 octave keyboard instrument. There are two audio outputs which can be used simultaneously. On the first there is a beautiful harpsichord or reed sound — fully polyphonic, i.e. you can play chords with as many notes as you like. On the second output there is a wide range of different voices, still fully polyphonic. It can be a straightforward piano or a honky tonk piano or even a mixture of the two! Alternatively you can play strings over the whole range of the keyboard or brass over the whole range of the keyboard or brass over the whole range of the keyboard or brass over the whole range of the keyboard or brass over the whole range of the keyboard or brass over the whole range of the keyboard or should you prefer — strings on the top of the keyboard and brass at the lower end (the keyboard is electronically split after the first two octaves) or vice versa or even a combination of strings and brass sounds simultaneously. And on all voices you can switch in circuitry to make the keyboard touch sensitive! The harder you press down a key the louder it sounds — just like an acoustic piano. The digitally controlled multiplexed system makes practical touch sensitivity with the complex dynamics law necessary for a high degree of realism. There is a master volume and tone control, a separate control for the brass sounds and also a vibrato circuit with variable depth control together with a variable delay control so that the vibrato comes in only after waiting a short time after the note is struck for even more realistic strong sounds.



Cabinet size 36.3" × 15.0" × 5.0" (rear) 3.3" (front)

## COMPLETE KIT ONLY £299 +VAT

To add interest to the sounds and make them more natural there is a chorus / ensemble unit which is a complex phasing system using CCD (charge coupled device) analogue delay lines. The overall effect of this is similar to that of several acoustic instruments playing the same piece of music. The ensemble circuitry can be switched in with either strong or mild effects. As the system is based on digital circuitry digital data can be easily taken to and from a computer (for storing and playing back accompaniments with or without pitch or key change, computer composing, etc., etc.)

Although the DPX is an advanced design using a very large amount of circuitry, much of it very sophisticated, the kit is mechanically extremely simple with excellent access to all the circuit boards which interconnect with multiway connectors, just four of which are removed to separate the keyboard circuitry and the panel circuitry from the main circuitry in the cabinet. The kit includes fully finished metalwork, solid teak cabinet, professional quality components (all resistors 2% metal oxide), nuts, bolts, etc., even a 13A plug!

# POWERTRAN

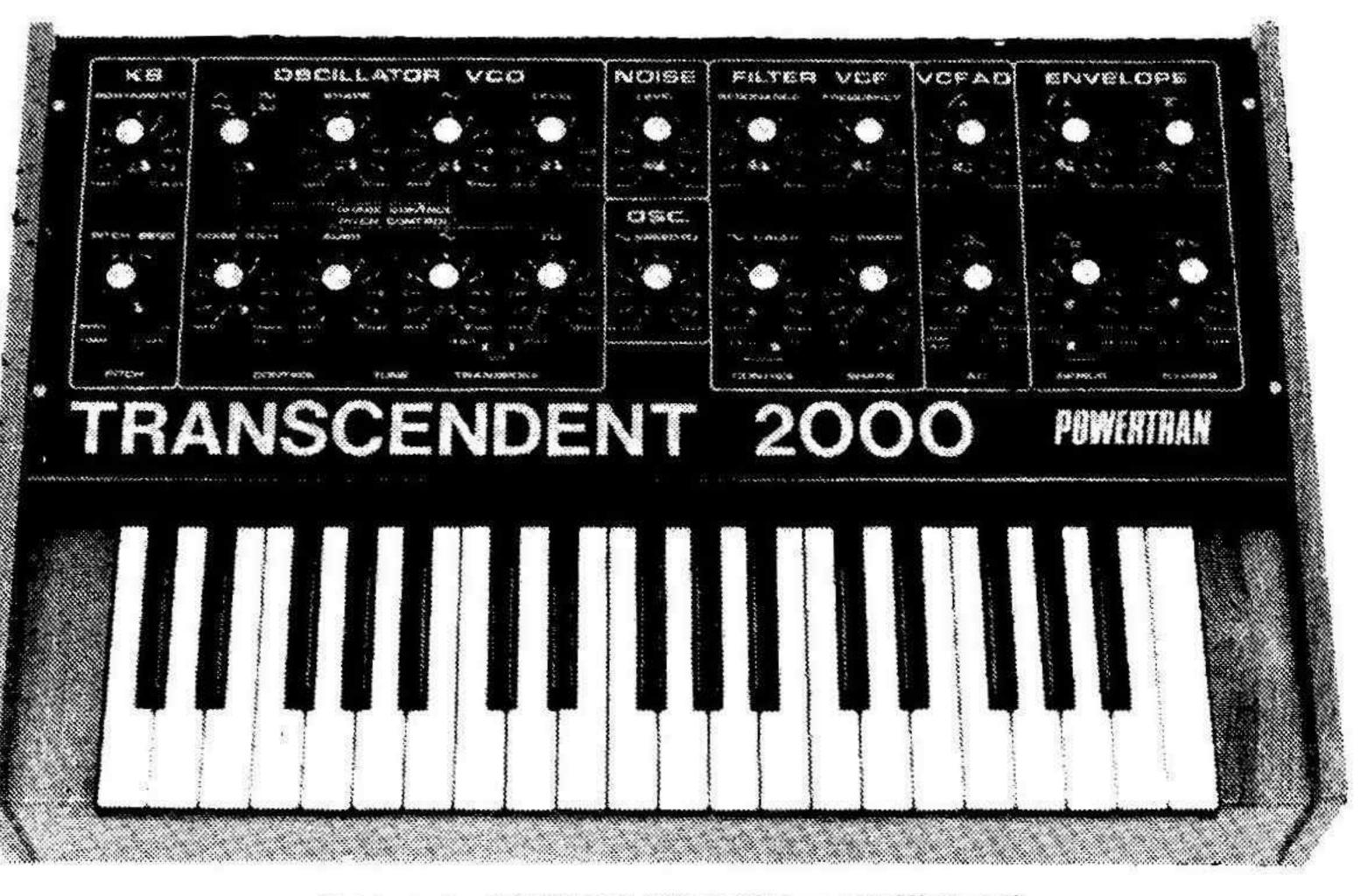
# MANY MORE KITS ON PAGE 116. MORE KITS AND ORDERING INFORMATION ON INSIDE FRONT COVER

# TRANSCENDENT 2000 SINGLE BOARD SYNTHESIZER

LIVE PERFORMANCE SYNTHESIZER DESIGNED BY CONSULTANT TIM ORR (FORMERLY SYNTHESIZER DESIGNER FOR EMS LIMITED) AND FEATURED AS A CONSTRUCTIONAL ARTICLE IN ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL.

The TRANSCENDENT 2000 is a 3 octave instrument transposable 2 octaves up or down giving an effective 7 octave range. There is portamento, pitch bending, a VCO with shape and pitch modulation, a VCF with both low and high pass outputs and a separate dynamic sweep control, a noice generator and an ADSR envelope shaper. There is also a slow oscillator, a new pitch detector, ADSR repeat, sample and hold, and special circuitry with precision components to ensure tuning stability amongst its many features.

The kit includes fully finished metalwork, fully assembled solid teak cabinet, filter sweep pedal, professional quality components (all resistors either 2% metal oxide or ½% metal film), and it really is complete — right down to the last nut and bolt and last piece of wire! There is even a 13A plug in the kit — you need buy absolutely no more parts before plugging in and making great music! Virtually all the components are on the one professional quality fibreglass PCB printed with component locations. All the controls mount directly on the main board, all connections to the board are made with connector plugs and construction is so simple it can be built easily in a few evenings by almost anyone capable of neat soldering! When finished you will possess a synthesizer comparable in performance and quality with ready-built units selling for many times the price.

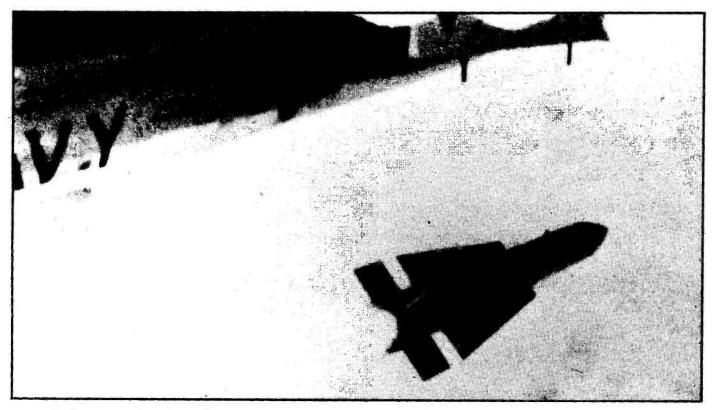


## COMPLETE KIT ONLY £168.50+VAT!

Comprehensive handbook supplied with all complete kits! This fully describes construction and tells you how to set up your synthesizer with nothing more elaborate than a multi-meter and a pair of ears!

8

Cabinet size 24.6"×15.7"×4.8" (rear) 3.4" (front)



An F-14 wing-tip camera catches a glimpse of the first airborne launch of the new upgraded version of the Phoenix air-to-air missile.

#### **On Target**

How does Wasp find its targets? Two sensors are under evaluation — infra-red and millimetre radar. Millimetre radar has three main advantages over infra-red. Its high resolution enables tanks to be distinguished from trees and buildings, it uses very small antennae and it is relatively unaffected by adverse weather conditions.

If a group of the missiles are fired at a number of targets, they will each attack a different target. If they can find only one target, it suffers a severe case of overkill. Wasp has a range of six miles when fired from an aircraft with a ground speed of 500 MPH. Two rival versions are under development by Boeing and Hughes.

#### **AIM To Kill**

Earlier this year the US Navy's new AIM-54C Phoenix airto-air missile was successfully launched from an airborne F-14. It intercepted a drone aircraft target, passing well within the 'kill' range, if the missile had been armed. The Hughes AIM-54C, an improved version of the AIM-54A, carries a new digital electronics unit which is more flexible and reliable than the analogue unit it replaces. It also has a more effective target detector.

This first successful interception was achieved over a greater range than was possible with its predecessors. The F-14 launching aircraft travelled subsonically head-on towards the supersonic QF-4 fighter drone. In this launch, the Phoenix was guided on to the target by radar returns from the F-14's weapon control system. Closer to the target, it can switch to its own active radar system.

The upgraded Phoenix will become the US Navy's primary long-range air defence weapon in the 1990s.

#### SHORTS\_

A spacesuit was destroyed by fire at the Johnson Space Centre in April. Fortunately there was no-one in the suit at the time, although a technician was badly burned. To avoid a recurrence, a review board has recommended several modifications to the high pressure oxygen system and seals.

GEOS-D, the latest in a series of Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellites, is due to join its two companions in Earth orbit as we go to press. The 12 feet high by seven feet in diameter spacecraft will be launched from Cape Canaveral on September 9th by a three stage Delta 3914 booster. Next month I hope to bring you an in-depth report on this latest weather satellite and the GEOS system.

In July's Digest we brought you the sad news that the Viking Lander 2's batteries had run out of juice. The latest news on the Viking population of Mars is that Viking Orbiter 1 has now reached the end of its supply of attitude control gas. Viking Lander 1 is the only member of the foursome that is still functional.

We now know that the first Space Shuttle launch has been postponed from November this year until at least March next year. Next month Astrologue will look into the political, financial and technical problems that have beset the Space Shuttle from the start.



#### Something Bugging You?

W ith the increase in telephone tapping and boardroom bugging, Audiotel International have developed a simple to use, yet sophisticated successor to their Scanlock radio surveillance receiver. It is called the Scanlock Mark V8 and is a fast, easy means of detecting and locating an eavesdropping transmitter as well as being capable of routine 'sweep' searches of high level meetings rooms. Carried in a vehicle it can also locate any bleeper bug used for 'trailing'.

The Scanlock is not limited to the conventional radio receiver's range of 88-108 MHz. It covers the wider frequency spectrum of 10-1800 MHz and its automatic 'sweep' mode scans this range four times a minute. Finally all that is necessary is to press the 'Locate' button and use the hand-held wand to guide you to where the bug is located. The kit is the size of a small. briefcase, weighing 6.3 Kg, complete with spare battery pack. There is also provision for mains usage. For further information contact Audiotel International Ltd at Saddlers Court, Yately, Surrey, GU177RX.

#### Video Pirates

V ictor Company of Japan (JVC), who developed the popular VHS system, are concerned with the increasing number of unlicensed "pirate" VHS blank cassettes that are being imported into the UK. In response, they have issued the following statement to their dealers. 1. JVC hold an exclusive patent of the design, construction and appearance of VHS cassettes in the UK. 2. JVC will protect their rights.

3. JVC is concerned about the importation of unlicensed VHS cassettes into the UK because of their inferior quality as well as their illegality.

#### **Show Time**

V intually every major electronic manufacturer I spoke to at this year's American Summer Consumer Electronics Show claims to be perfecting speech capable products, whilstonly a handful are available.

The leader in voice technology manufacturing is Texas Instruments. Two years ago the firm unveiled the industry's first speech capable product, Speak 'n' Spell, and the consumer electronics world hasn't stopped talking about it since. This year, TI introduced two other talking 'electronic learning aids' and is also predicting a bright future for its talking translator. The \$300 unit offers approximately 500 spoken and displayed words.

If you don't know what type of video tape system you should be using, brace yourself because more befuddlement is brewing. Early next year in the States two manufacturers, perhaps even three, mutually incompatible video disc players will be each shouting the virtues of their products whilst cleverly knocking the others.

Pictures that I have seen from the newest Pioneer, Magnavox, JVC and RCA players are all amazingly detailed and noisefree. The Magnavox and Pioneer machines play compatible twelve inch discs by bouncing a focused laser beam from a spiral track of microscopic pits etched onto the disc's reflective surface. A clear plastic coating makes the disc immune to dust and smudges from handling.

RCA's Selecta Vision video disc player has been completely over-

#### Fly The Flag

The familiar terminals in British Airways reservations offices are getting a bit long in the tooth. They're ten years old. A British company, Videcom, has won the £500,000 contract for terminal replacement, against competition from three other contenders — one British and two American. Videcom supplied a substantial number of the existing BA terminals.

The 280 new keyboard VDUs

4. These illegal cassettes originate from Taiwan, Singapore and Hong Kong – there are no VHS cassetter making licensees in these countries, thus VHS cassettes which are identified as being made in these countries will be subject to legal proceedings from JVC when imported into the UK. 5. These unlicensed products generally

do not conform to VHS hauled since it was introduced and field tested several years ago. The basic playback principle is unchanged; a stylus electrode replaced every two or three years, senses a TV signal as electrical capacitance variations in disc grooves spinning at 450 rpm. Playing time was boosted to one hour per twelve inch disc side by doubling disc grooves to just under ten thousand per inch. Home tests show that dust and other groove contamination from handling messed up pictures. So RCA's improved Selecta Vision has a sealed disc caddy.

JVC have illustrated a system that combines the low cost aspects of selectavision with the operating options of free flowing slow motion etc. of optical machines. Not only that JVC included options for a super hi-fi audio disc. It calls the whole package its VHD/AHD System (Video/Audio High Density).

Signals are stored as capacitance variations from minute pits in the conductive plastic. The stylus rests over central spiral tracks distributing pressure and minimising wear. (Stylus life is 2,000 hours, roughly 10 times RCA's).

Sony's newest addition to its Beta family of accessories is the Beta stack model AG300. The unit automatically ejects and loads up to 4 Beta Max video cassettes with record, playback and re-wind capabilities; this accessory can be used with the current Beta Max models SL5400 and SL5600 or with the programmable SL5600. When used with the regular Beta Max models it offers a maximum of 20 hours recording time. With a programmable unit the change allows a user to record separate programmes on separate cassettes: up to 4 events on different

are to be installed at 69 sites throughout 15 European countries. Installation started in July in Berlin and should be completed by the end of 1981.

The type 101 VDUs to be supplied were designed specifically for airline operations. They use Halleffect, contactless, solid state keys for maximum reliability and life expectancy. The VDU is part of an integrated terminal system including cluster control units and terminal drive units, which can support up to 128 terminals.

standard dimension, construction, mechanical operation and electrical performance. This may affect the overall performance and operation channels and different days within a two week period.

A new company, Activision, has released four new cartridges to work with the Atari video computer system; they are dragster, chequers, boxing and fishing derby. The general opinion is that these cartridges have a far higher resolution and superior game content than any of the Atari manufactured units; is this why Atari is suing them for \$20 million? Anyway these cartridges will certainly be available in the UK via at least one well-known mail order house.

Good news for all you home computer owners. At last you can connect with the real world. Yes, the BSR System X10 is going to be available in January 1981. In case you are unfamiliar with the system here is a brief run-down. Just plug in the command console and various modules into the household supply outlets and you're ready to take control. No special wiring is needed. From one convenient location you can control a bedroom light, hall light, television, radio, stereo, porch light, back door light as well as lights in the dining room. The command console comes in two versions, either with or without a cordless controller. The lamp module receives signals from a command console to turn on, off, dim or brighten any incandescent lamp up to 300 W. The wall switch receives signals from the command console to turn on or off or brighten any light or lamp normally operated by a wall switch up to 500 W and the appliance module receives signals from the command console to turn an appliance on or off.

**Gerald Chevin** 

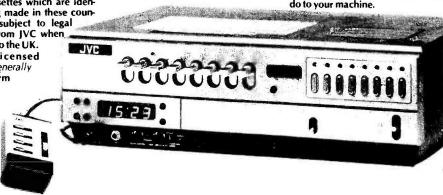
#### **Eagle Sounds**

E agle International have just introduced their new consumer catalogue for 1980/81. Although it's only 20 pages long it covers a lot of ground — hi-fi separates and rack systems, portable radios, in-car entertainment systems, etc.

You can get hold of a free copy of this full colour guide to Eagle's wares by writing to Eagle International, Precision Centre, Heather Park Drive, Wembley HA01SU.

of VHS recorders for which JVC are otherwise responsible.

So, you've been warned. Beware of cheap tapes and what they might do to your machine.



	PPC -	TRANSI	BC182L 10	BF179 38 BF180 38	MPF103 36 MPF104 36	TIS45 <b>45</b> TIS46 <b>45</b>	2N2221A 23 2N2222A 20	2N4921 40 2N4922 55
33/35 CARDIFF ROAD, WATFORD, HERTS, E MAIL ORDER, CALLERS WELCOME Tel. Watford (0923) 40588/9 ALL DEVICES BRAND NEW, FULL SPEC. AND FULLY GUARA DESPATCHED BY RETURN OF POST. TERMS OF BUSINESS: P.O. OR BANKERS DRAFT WITH ORDER. GOVERNMENT AND INSTITUTIONS' OFFICIAL ORDERS ACCEPTED. TRADE AND E	NTEED. ORDERS CASH/CHEQUE/ D EDUCATIONAL	AC125       35         AC126       25         AC127       22         AC128       20         AC128       20         AC141       27         AC142       28         AC142       28         AC176       25         AC187       26         AC188       26         ACY17       60         ACY18       60         ACY19       60	BC183L       10         BC184L       10         BC187       25         BC212       9         BC212L       9         BC213L       9         BC213L       9         BC214L       9         BC214L       10         BC237       14         BC238       15         BC307B       14	BF18425BF18525BF19411BF19512BF19612BF19612BF19712BF19816BF19921BF20040BF224A28BF244B29BF24530	MPF105 36 MPF106 40 MPSA05 22 MPSA06 24 MPSA12 29 MPSA55 29 MPSA56 29 MPSU02 58 MPSU02 58 MPSU05 50 MPSU05 50 MPSU55 55	TIS5950TIS7447TIS8850TIS9030TIS9132UC73465ZTX10711ZTX10811ZTX10911ZTX30013ZTX30116ZTX30220	2N2297 45 2N2303 45 2N2368 21 2N2369A 17 2N2476 120 2N2483 28 2N2483 28 2N2484 30 2N2492 50 2N2497 50 2N2646 48 2N2784 55 2N2904 26	2N5102 125 2N5135 21 2N5136 21 2N5138 28 2N5172 25 2N5179 60 2N5180 38 2N5191 75 2N5305 20 2N5308 20 2N5308 20 2N5457 35 2N5458 35
WELCOME. P&P ADD 40p TO ALL ORDERS UNDER £10. OVE POSTAGE AT COST. AIR/SURFACE. ACCESS ORDERS WELCOM	RSEAS ORDERS	ACY20 53 ACY21 60 ACY22 60	BC308 16 BC327 12	BF256A 50 BF256B 45 BF257 35	MPSU56 60 MPU131 45	ZTX303 25 ZTX304 17	2N2905A 26 2N2905A 26 2N2906 22 2N2907 22	2N5459 35 2N5485 40
VAT Export orders no VAT. Applicable to U.K. Customers only. Unless a prices are exclusive of VAT. Please add 15% to all prices. We stock thousands more items. It pays to visit us. We are situated behind Wat Nearest Underground/BR Station: Watford High Street. Open Monday to Satu	ford Footbell Ground.	ACY28 60 ACY39 80 ACY39 80 ACY41 39 AD149 75 AD161 42	BC328       15         BC337       12         BC338       12         BC441       30         BC461       30         BC477       35	BF258 35 BF259 35 BF274 42 BF451 35 BF336 35	OC26         170           OC28         120           OC35         125           OC36         130           OC41         125           OC42         48	ZTX314 -24 ZTX326 45 ZTX341 28 ZTX500 15 ZTX501 15 ZTX501 15 ZTX502 17	2N2907A 22 2N2926G 10 2N3011 24 2N3020 33 2N3053 24	2N5777 45 2N5879 140 2N6027 44 2N6388 126 2SD234 50 3N128 112
Parking space available. ELECTRONIC CAPACITORS: (Values are in µF) 500V: 10 50p; 47 78p; 250V: 100 1.5, 2.2, 3.3, 4.7, 6.8, 8p; 10, 15, 22, 11p; 32, 47, 50, 12p; 63, 100, 27p; 50V: 50 32p; 1000, 60p; 40V: 2, 33, 8p; 100, 12p; 2200, 3300, 85p; 4700, 98p; 35V: 32p; 25V: 10, 22, 47, 100 8p; 160, 220, 250, 15p; 470 25p; 640, 1000, 35p; 1 3300, 77p; 4700 85p; 16V: 10, 47, 7p; 100, 125, 8p; 220, 330, 14p; 470, 20p; 10 36p; 10V: 100, 7p; 640, 12p; 1000, 16p. TAG-END TYPE: 450V: 100µF 180p; 70V: 4700, 165p; 64V: 3300 150p; 250	0 65p; 63V: 0.47, 1.0, 0, 100, 220, 25p; 470, 10, 33, 7p; 330, 470, 500, 40p; 2200, 45p; 000, 1500, 30p; 2200	AD16242AF11475AF11560AF11675AF11675AF11795AF11895AF13940AF17875AF18650	BC51638BC51735BC54710BC54810BC549C15BC55615BC55710BC55815	BF33732BF59440BF59540BF59540BFR3925BFR4025BFR4124BFR7924BFR8024BFR8124	0C43       55         0C44       55         0C45       40         0C70       40         0C71       35         0C72       40         0C74       50         0C75       45         0C76       45	ZTX503       15         ZTX504       25         ZTX531       25         ZTX550       25         40311       60         40313       125         40315       68         40316       85         40317       65	2N3054 55 2N3055 48 2N3108 32 2N3252 36 2N3302 26 2N3441 140 2N3442 140 2N3663 17 2N3663 17	3N140 112 SPECIAL OFFER 2114-450n 250p 2114-300n 325p
<b>150p;</b> 3300 <b>135p;</b> 2200 <b>99p; 40V</b> : 4700 <b>130p;</b> 4000 <b>92p;</b> 3300 <b>98p;</b> 2500 <b>90p;</b> 3 15000 <b>195p;</b> 6400 <b>120p;</b> 4700 <b>100p;</b> 3300 <b>85p;</b> 2200 <b>60p.</b> <b>POLYESTER CAPACITORS:</b> Axial lead type. <b>400V</b> : 1nF, 1n5, 2n2, 3n3, 4n7, 6n8, 10n, 15n <b>9p;</b> 18n <b>10p;</b> 22n, 33n <b>11p;</b> 47n 150n, 220n <b>24p;</b> 330n, 470n <b>41p;</b> 680n <b>48p;</b> 1μF <b>64p;</b> 2μ2 <b>82p.</b> <b>160V</b> : 10nF, 12n, 39n, 100n, 150n, 220n <b>11p;</b> 330n, 470n <b>19p;</b> 680n, 1μF <b>22p;</b> 2	, 68n <b>14p;</b> 100n <b>17p;</b>	AF239 42 ASZ21 60 BC107 10 BC107B 12 BC108B 10 BC108B 12	BCY3080BCY3475BCY3550BCY3978BCY4048	BFR98       105         BFR98       105         BFX29       28         BFX81       45         BFX84       26         BFX85       28         BFX86       28	OC77         76           OC81         35           OC82         50           OC83         48           OC84         45	40320704032491403265240327624034780	2N3703 10 2N3704 10 2N3705 10 2N3706 12 2N3707 12 2N3708 11	2708 445p 2716-5V 750p IM6402 (UART) 350p
1000V: 10n, 15n 20p; 22n 22p; 47n 26p; 100n 38p; 470n 80p; 1µF 175p. POLYESTER RADIAL LEAD CAPACITORS: 250V:	COMPUTER ICs 2102 125 2102-2 225	BC108C 12 BC109 10 BC109B 12 BC109C 12 BC109C 12 BC114 20	BCY42 14 BCY45 50 BCY70 14 BCY71 18 BCY72 20 BCY78 19	BFX87 28 BFX88 28 BFY50 21 BFY51 21 BFY52 21	OC140 110 OC170 85 OC171 45 OC200 48 TIP29 36 TIP29A 36	40348 105 40368 43 40361 50 40362 50 40467A 95 40468 60	2N3709 11 2N3710 10 2N3711 12 2N3713 140 2N3771 179	MM1702AQ 295p
TANTALUM BEAD CAPACITORS 35V: $0.1\mu$ F. 0-22, 0-33, 0-47, 0-68, $1-0\mu$ , 2.2µF, 3-3, 4-7. 25V: 10. 20V: $6\mu$ 8. 16V: 2µ2, 4µ7, 10 15p. 16V: 22µ 28p. 47, 100 50p. 220 80p; $10V: 15\mu$ , 22µ, 33. 24p; 100µ 35p; $6V: 47\mu$ , 68, 100 28p; 3V: 100 20p.POTENTIOMETERS: Rotary, Carbon, Track. 0.25W Log & 0.5W Lin. $470\Omega$ , 680Ω, 1KΩ & 2KΩ (Linear only) Single Gang $5K\Omega$ -2MΩ Single Gang Log & Lin. $29p$ $5K\Omega$ -2MΩ Single Gang D/P Switch 69p $5K\Omega$ -2MΩ Double Gang Log & Lin.	2112-22502114-450n2992114-300n399270849527L08995411649540477506502950	BC11520BC11720BC11818BC11928BC23710BC23810BC14026BC14226	BD11295BD124115BD13142BD13242BD13350BD13540BD13640BD13740	BFY5328BFY5538BFY5632BFY6440BFY7120BFY8199BFY8199BRY3939BSX2020	TIP29B56TIP29C60TIP3040TIP30A48TIP30B50TIP30C58TIP30C58TIP31A45	40468A 70 40408 95 40411 280 40594 98 40595 98 40603 67 40636 130 40673 95	2N3772 195 2N3773 288 2N3819 20 2N3820 45 2N3822 130 2N3823 70 2N3824 70 2N3866 90	75 40
M /LAR FILM CAPACITORS       Wire Wound Single Turn 1 Watt         100V: 0-001, 0-002, 0-005, 0-01μF 6p       0-015, 0-02, 0-04, 0-05, 0-056μF 7p         0.1μF, 9p. 50V: 0.47μF       12p         CERAMIC CAPACITORS 50V       10 000pF	6503       850         6504       785         6505       850         6520       595         6522       825         6532       1050         6551       1150	BC14326BC1479BC147810bc1488BC148810BC1499BC149C10	BD13840BD13940BD14040BD144198BD145175BD15860	BSX26 75 BSX29 45 BSX78 75 BSY26 40 BSY95A 18 BU105 170 BU205 170	TIP31B 53 TIP31C 55 TIP32A 48 TIP32C 60 TIP33A 65 TIP33C 78	2N697252N698402N699302N706A192N708332N91833	2N3879 150 2N3903 18 2N3904 18 2N3905 18 2N3906 17 2N4037 58	
Range: 0-5pF to 10,000pF       4p       Self Stick Graduated Bezels       33p         0-015μF, 0-022μF, 0-033μF       5p       5p       5p       33p         0.047μF 5p;       0.1μF, 0.2μF       7p       PRESET POTENTIOMETERS       33p         SiLVER MICA (Values in pF) 3-3, 4-7, 6-8, 10, 12, 18, 22, 33, 47, 50, 68, 75, 82, 85, 100, 120, 150, 220       11p each       0.1W 50Ω – 5MΩ Miniature Vertical & Horizontal       7p         0-25W 100Ω – 3-3MΩ horiz.       10p	8085A 1220	BC15320BC15413BC15710BC15810BC15911BC16028BC167A11	BD205 110 BD206 110 BD222 65 BD245 50 BD378 70 BD434 32 BD517 70	BU208 215 E421 250 MD8001 225 MJ490 90 MJ491 175 MJ2955 90 MJE170 130	TIP34A 74 TIP34C 88 TIP35A 160 TIP35C 185 TIP36A 170 TIP36C 199 TIP41A 55	2N1131 26 2N1132 28 2N1302 35 2N1303 50 2N1304 50 2N1305 35 2N1305 35 2N1306 40	2N4041 40 2N4058 15 2N4061 17 2N4062 17 2N4064 115 2N4220 60 2N4234 38	Access
POLYSTYRENE CAPACITORS: DESIGTORS	81LS95     135       81LS96     135       81LS97     140       8251     700	BC168C 10 BC169C 10 BC170 15 BC172 11	BD695A 85 BD696A 85 BDY56 170 BDY60 140	MJE170 130 MJE180 130 MJE340 54 MJE370 70 MJE371 70	TIP41B 60 TIP42A 64 TIP42B 82 TIP120 90	2N1307 45 2N1308 50 2N1613 23 2N1670 150	2N4236 45 2N4264 24 2N4286 18 2N4289 18 2N4289 18 2N4314 61	Telephone orders now
Miniature High Stability, Low noise           Miniature High Stability, Low noise           2.5-6pF; 3-10pF; 10-40pF         22p         RANGE         VAL         1-99         100+           5-25pF; 5-45pF; 60pF; 88pF         30p.         ¼W         2.20-4.7M         E24         2p         1p	8253         1275           8T26A         235           8T28A         280           8T95N         160	BC17715BC17814BC17915BC18210	BF115 26 BF154 29 BF158 30 BF167 28 BF173 24	MJ490 90 MJE520 65 MJE521 74 MJE2955 95	TIP121 99 TIP142 125 TIP147 125 TIP2955 60 TIP3055 60	2N1671B 120 2N2160 350 2N2217 43 2N2218A 34	2N4400 20 2N4427 80 2N4859 65 2N4871 55	accepted (£10 min.)
COMPRESSION TRIMMERS         3-40pF; 10-80pF; 25-190pF       30p         100-500pF 45p       400-1250pF 58p         GAS & SMOKE DETECTORS       100+ price applies to Resistors of each	8T97N         150           AY-3-1015         550p           AY-5-1013         395           AY-5-2376         980           DM8123         195	A3020 18	BF177 25 BF178 30 MC1304P	MJE3055 70 MPF102 66 260 BX or BX11 150 TBA651	TIS43 30 TIS44 45 250 7437 190 7438	2N2219A 22 12N2220A 23 35 74153 75 30 74154 140	/4L	LS76 45 LS78 45
TGS 812 & 813 415p;Socket 30ptype not mixed values.JACKSONS VARIABLE CAPACITORS DILICON0 2 365pF with slow motion DriveDIODES 450p 0 0 208/176BRIDGE RECTIFIERS (plastic case)00000000000000000000000000000000000	MC1489       90       0         MC14411       1020       0         MC14412       1520       0         MC14412       1520       0         MK4027-2       470       0         MK4027-3       445       0         MK4027-4       350       0	A3028A     B       A3035     23       A3036     11       A3043     27       A3045     36       A3046     7	MC1458 MC1494 MC1495 MC1496L MC1596 MC1596 MC1710	195TBA80045TBA810595TBA820350TBA920092TBA9900225TCA270079TCA965	70 7442 260 7443 270 7444 220 7445 120 7446	7174157752074159185167416099167416199327416299	L3080L47395L75220L85360L121195	LS83 105 LS85 105 LS86 45 LS90 50 LS91 125 LS92 75 LS93 75
4511/DAF       145p       motion drive       410p       BY100       24       1A/200V       25         Dial Drive 4103       C804-5pF: 10: 15:       BY126       12       1A/400V       29         6:1/36:1       775p       25: 50pF       250p       BY127       12       1A/600V       34         Drum 54mm       55p       100, 150pF       335p       OA9       50       2A/50V       35         0-1-365pF       325p       'L' 3x310pF       725p       OA47       12       2A/200V       44         00 2 365pF       395p       00-3x25pF       550p       550p       OA70       12       2A/200V       46	RO-3-2513L 690 C RO-3-2513U 650 C SFF96364E 1050 C	A3059 17 CA3075 21 A3080E 6 A3081 19	MC3340P MC3360P MC3401 MC3403 MC3405	150TDA1004120TDA1008120TDA102252TDA1024135TDA1490150TDA2020205TDA2030	2907447310744857574501057451290745332074543007460	99       74163       99         99       74164       120         20       74165       120         20       74165       120         20       74166       155         20       74167       240         20       74170       230         20       74172       420	<b>74S</b> 74S00 <b>60</b> S04 <b>73</b> S132 <b>350</b>	LS95 115 LS96 180 LS107 45 LS109 75 LS112 80 LS113 65 LS114 49
RF CHOKES       OA/9       15       2A/600V       65         1µH, 4.7. 10. 22. 33. 47. 100. 200. 470       OA81       15       4A/100V       72         750, 1mH. 2.5. 5. 10       30p each       OA90       8       6A/400V       79         43mH. 100       60p each       OA90       8       6A/200V       73         VEROBOARD       0.1       0.15       0.1       OA95       8       6A/400V       78	SFS80102       205       C         TMS2516       850       C         TMS2716       1050       C         TMS4027       325       C         TMS4035       250       C         TMS4039       250       C	A3090AQ 37 A3123E 15 A3130 9 A3140 4 A3160 9 CL7106 79	MFC6040 MK50398 MM5303 MM5307 1 MM57160 MSM5526	97 TL061CP 635 TL062CP 635 TL064CN 275 TL071 620 TL072CP 820 TL074CN	547470125747215974734574749074751407476	417417312031741741054074175823474176905674177904174178149	S158524S188210S189158S194195S195795S241195	LS122 70 LS123 95 LS124 180 LS125 60 LS126 60 LS132 95
2½ x 3¼"       58p       51p       42p       0A202       9       VM18       DIL       50         2½ x 3¼"       58p       51p       42p       1N914       4       NM18       DIL       50         2½ x 5"       68p       62p       -       -       1N914       4       NM18       DIL       50         3¾ x 3¾"       68p       -       -       -       IN916       5       ZENERS         3¾ x 5"       77p       86p       65p       IN4001/2       5       Range: 2V7 to         3¼ x 5"       2½ x 17"       204p       -       -       IN4003       6       39V 400mW         3¼ x 17"       264p       229p       -       IN4006 / 7       7       8p each	TNS4047       1083         TMS6011       365         Z80 CPU 2.5M       990         Z80A CPU4M       1099         Z80 CTC       595         Z80A CTC       720	L8038CC       34         L8211       15         L8211A       15         L8211A       15         M720A       55         M7205       115         M7215       105	0 NE543K 0 NE544 0 NE555 0 NE556 0 NE560	80 TLO81CP 210 TLO82CP 210 TLO83CP 185 TLO84CN 22 UAA170 55 UAA180 325 XR2206	95       7482         120       7483         150       7484         150       7485         350       7486	21 74185 145 33 74188 299	S287325S288210S470325S4721150S475825	LS133 30 LS136 55 LS138 70 LS139 90 LS145 120 LS147 210 LS148 175
4% X 17345p210pIN4148433V. 1.3WPkt. of 38 pins 22p. Pin insertion tool 140p. Spot face cutter 105p.VQ' Board 120p DIP Board 290p Veroblock 324pIN4148433V. 1.3WSpot face cutter 105p.UQ' Board 290p Veroblock 324pIN54041715p eachVERO WIRING PEN + SpoolDALO ETCH RESIST PENIN540618IA/50V37IN5408350RESIST PENIN540830IA/100V42	Z80A P10       750       IC         LINEAR ICs       IC         702       75       IC         709 14 pin       38       IC         709C 8 pin       35       IC	M7216C       195         M7217A       79         M7224       78         M7555       8         D130       45	0 NE562B NE564 NE565A NE566 NE567V NE570	395XR2266410ZN414425ZN423120ZN424E160ZN425E170ZN1034E375ZN1040E	95749019574911307492415749320074946857495	57       74191       135         85       74192       135         59       74193       135         59       74194       105         59       74194       105         59       74195       198         75       74196       130	LS02 15 LS03 15 LS04 20 LS05 23	LS151 96 LS153 85 LS155 96 LS156 96 LS157 76 LS158 85 LS160 120
Spare Spool         85         + Spare tip         90         IA/200V         47           Combs         7         + Spare tip         90         IA/400V         55           FERRIC CHLORIDE         ULTRASONIC         NOISE         5A400V         39           1 Ib bag Anhydrous         ULTRASONIC         TRANSDUCER         25J         180         8A300V         48           225p + 40p P&P         40KHz         350p pr         XARICARE         8A300V         58	733       99       L         741 8 pin       17       L         747 0 14 pin       78       L         747 0 14 pin       78       L         748 0 8 pin       36       L         753 8 pin       185       L         810       159       L	F356 9 M10 39 M301AP 2 M308T 7 M311 8 M318S 19 M324A 4	5 RC4136D S556B SAB3209 SAB3210 SAS560	420 110 275 425 425 7400 275 7401 150 7402 150 7403		62 /4240 195	LS08 23 LS09 23 LS10 20 LS11 32 LS12 32	LS161 98 LS162 110 LS163 100 LS164 115 LS165 155 LS166 175
COPPER CLAD BOARDS         VARICAPS         8A600V         85           Fibre         Single-         Double-         SRBP         BA102         25         12A100V         42           Glass         sided         sided         9.5"×8.5"         BB105B         40         12A300V         59           6"x 6"         90p         110p         95p         BB106         40         12A500V         92           6"x 12"         150p         195p         MVAM2         165         12A800V         120           DIL PLUGS (Headers)         Ribbon Cable         NVAM115         BT106         150	9400CJ     390     L       AY-1-0212     595     L       AY-1-1313A     660     L       AY-1-1320     315     L       AY-1-5050     190     L	M339 70 M348 90 M349 12 M379 37 M380 80	SG3402 SL414A SN76003N SN76013 SN76013ND	295       7403         150       7404         150       7405         240       7406         170       7407         130       7408         148       7409	14       74110         18       74111         48       74112         48       74116         22       74118	54       74249       195         68       74251       120         50       74265       63         98       74273       270         99       74278       220	LS15 40 LS20 21	LS168 210 LS169 210 LS170 288 LS173 105 LS174 147 LS175 110 LS181 295

36

.

.....

4

- 4

10

DIL PLUGS (Headers) Ribbon Cable 14 pin 35p; 16 pin 40p 10 way & 20 way	C106D		5721/6 <b>210</b>	LM381N 145 LM382 125 LM384 110	SN76023	148 7409 170 7410	9 74120	105 /4283 150	LS27 45 LS28 48	LS183	295 298
14 pin 35p; 10 pin 40p       10 way & 20 way available         24 pin 85p; 40 pin 295p.       available         Soldercon pins: 100 60p; 500 275p.         Dil SOCKETS (TEXAS) Low Wire       EDGE         Prof. Wrap       EDGE         8pin       10p       25p         14pin       12p       35p         16pin       13p       46p         16pin       13p       46p         20pin       22p       65p         22pin       25p       70p         24pin       30p       78p         24pin       30p       78p         24pin       35p       85p         24pin       30p       78p         24pin       35p       85p         24pin       30p       78p         24pin       35p       85p         24pin       40pin       105p         24pin       40p       105p         240pin       40p       109p	TRIACS       TIC44         3A200V       49         3A400V       50         8A100V       50         8A400V       64         8A400V       64         8A400V       64         12A100V       60         12A400V       70         12A400V       70         16A100V       105         16A400V       105         16A800V       195	22       AY-3-12         25       AY-3-13         140       AY-3-83         140       AY-3-83         35       AY-3-12         35       AY-3-83         AY-3-12       AY-3-83         AY-5-12       AY-5-12         20       AY-5-12         AY-5-12       AY-5-12         350       AY-5-12         AY-5-12       AY-5-12         AY-5-12       AY-5-12         350       AY-5-32         360       AY-5-32 <t< th=""><th>350       795         3500       390         3910       850         224A       235         230       450         315       595         317A       630         3500       510         3507       415         3600       1090         4007D       650         3100       735         11       110         12       150         14       157</th><th>LM384110LM38699LM387150LM38993LM145845LM390060LM3909N70LM3911125LM3914240LM3915240LM3916135LM13600135M252AA625M253AA1150MC1204250MC130179</th><th>SN76023ND SN76033N SN76115N SN76131 SN76227N SN76477 SN76660 SP8629 TAA621AX1 TAA661A TAA661A TAA661A TAA960 TAD100 TBA120S TBA540Q TBA550Q</th><th>1307411195741221574131074149574161757417120742029974212507422155742335374253207426159742770742822074303307432</th><th>257412120741223374123527412531741263174128197413238741362674141327414230741434474144327414535741472074148</th><th>42       74284       385         55       74285       385         95       74290       125         45       74293       125         45       74293       125         55       74297       236         74       74298       185         70       74365       95         65       74366       95         85       74367       95         195       74368       95         350       74393       185         350       74393       185</th><th>LS3024LS3230LS3339LS3739LS3839LS4028LS4280LS4785LS48120</th><th>LS183 LS189 LS190 LS191 LS192 LS193 LS193 LS194 LS195 LS195 LS196 LS197 LS200 LS202 LS221 LS240 LS241 LS242 LS243</th><th>120 120 120 125 125 125 125 120 120 120 345 345 345 120 225 225 225 232</th></t<>	350       795         3500       390         3910       850         224A       235         230       450         315       595         317A       630         3500       510         3507       415         3600       1090         4007D       650         3100       735         11       110         12       150         14       157	LM384110LM38699LM387150LM38993LM145845LM390060LM3909N70LM3911125LM3914240LM3915240LM3916135LM13600135M252AA625M253AA1150MC1204250MC130179	SN76023ND SN76033N SN76115N SN76131 SN76227N SN76477 SN76660 SP8629 TAA621AX1 TAA661A TAA661A TAA661A TAA960 TAD100 TBA120S TBA540Q TBA550Q	1307411195741221574131074149574161757417120742029974212507422155742335374253207426159742770742822074303307432	257412120741223374123527412531741263174128197413238741362674141327414230741434474144327414535741472074148	42       74284       385         55       74285       385         95       74290       125         45       74293       125         45       74293       125         55       74297       236         74       74298       185         70       74365       95         65       74366       95         85       74367       95         195       74368       95         350       74393       185         350       74393       185	LS3024LS3230LS3339LS3739LS3839LS4028LS4280LS4785LS48120	LS183 LS189 LS190 LS191 LS192 LS193 LS193 LS194 LS195 LS195 LS196 LS197 LS200 LS202 LS221 LS240 LS241 LS242 LS243	120 120 120 125 125 125 125 120 120 120 345 345 345 120 225 225 225 232
		94 CA301	18 <b>68</b>	MC1303 88	TBA641-A12	7433	38: 74151	75	LS75 48	LS244	225

ETI OCTOBER 1980

**0**.0



The premier mail order house specialising in quality products and superior after-sales care.

SEIKO QUARTZ LCD MEMORY-BANK CALENDAR WATCH

### SPECIAL PRICE ONLY £49.95

plus 85p p&p. Usually £89 or over.

- Displays hour, minute, second, month, day of the week and date in 12 hour indication - or 24 hour at the touch of a button.
- Button touch also displays month and year and dates for a designated month with Sunday dates flashing.
- Stores dates in memory up to 11 ahead, flashes 'MEMO' on designated dates.
- Illuminated time and calendar display.
- Display flashes when battery nears life end.
- Stainless steel case and wrist strap (adjustable).

In presentation case with instructions.

#### **A LIFETIME** WATCH AT A **BARGAIN-OF-A-**LIFETIME PRICE

Full refund if not completely satisfied.

Mitrad, 68-70 High Street, Kettering, Northants. Tel: 0536 522024

This is a representative selection from	
the collection of guaranteed leading make and own brand watches offered	/ Name
through Mitrad's 48 hour distribution system and backed by Mitrad's own	/
service organisation. /	
For complete product range, ring	Tredit Card holders may telephone (053
or write for catalogue.	despatched within 48 hours. Delivery subject
Trade price list available for /	Mitrad. Registered in England No. 1500613.
bulk orders. L-	
100	

D					
VATCH				LM40	RAD
9.95					ALL AND THE ALL AND AL
te in 12 the					
ith and ed iing.	LM	105	MITE	AD	
11				Richard	
				A. A.	R
nears				LM73	
strap				LINI/S	$ \rightarrow $
ions.				F	
/					
	To M	Aitrad, 68-70 High Str e send me:	eet, Kettering, Nor	thants.	
	Please           Seiko C           LM75 v           LM105           LM40 v	e send me: Quartz watch(es) at £ watch(es) at £6.80 inc watch(es) at £7.80 in watch(es) at £10.80 in	50.80 inc p&p	LM62 watch(e LM73 watch(e LM39 watch(e	s) at £18.80 inc p& s) at £11.10 inc p&
	Please Seiko C LM75 v LM75 v LM105 LM40 v I value of my or	e send me: Quartz watch(es) at £ watch(es) at £6.80 inc watch(es) at £7.80 in watch(es) at £10.80 in der £	50.80 inc p&p	LM62 watch(e LM73 watch(e LM39 watch(e Pen watch(es)	s) at £18.80 inc p& s) at £11.10 inc p& at £12.00 inc p&p
l enclo	Please Seiko C LM75 v LM75 v LM105 LM40 v I value of my or use cheque/PO o	e send me: Quartz watch(es) at £ watch(es) at £6.80 inc watch(es) at £7.80 in watch(es) at £10.80 in	50.80 inc p&p p&p c p&p c p&p arclaycard No	LM62 watch(e LM73 watch(e LM39 watch(e Pen watch(es)	

ETI



MITRAD LM105 Five function LCD ladies watch. Continuous display of hours and minutes with pulsating seconds. Selectable month, date, seconds. Auto calendar. Fully adjustable closely woven stainless steel strap. Case thickness 7mm. In silver only. £6.95 + 85p p&p.

MITRAD LM73 Gentleman's memory calendar alarm chrono. Programmed to year 2009. Continuous display of hours, minutes and secands with optional display modes of hours, minutes and date, or calendar and month with flashing Sunday flags. Selectable month. Alarm mode indicated by flashing bill; settable anywhere in 24 hour period; activated for full 60 seconds; provided with 10 minute snooze facility. Chronograph has 12 hour capacity with split and lap mode facilities: first 30 minutes run as minutes, seconds and 1/100 seconds, thereafter hours, minutes and

ETI OCTOBER 1980

seconds. Back light. Adjustable stainless steel strap. Case thickness 11mm. £17.95 + 85p p&p.

MITRAD LM40 Four button gentleman's alarm. Continuous display of hours, minutes and seconds plus selectable month, date, day. PM flag. Alarm, settable anywhere in 24 hour period, is activated for full 60 seconds. Back light. Closely woven adjustable stainless steel strap. Case thickness 10mm. £9.95 + 85p p&p.

MITRAD LM75 Five function LCD gentleman's watch with quality chrono look. Continuous display of hours and minutes plus selectable month, date, seconds. Auto calendar. Back light. Stainless steel strap. Case thickness 8mm. £5.95 + 85p p&p.

MITRAD LM62 Gentleman's dual time alarm chrono. Incorporates leading made module. Continuous display of hours, minutes and seconds with a number coded day, AM/PM, alarm setting and the secondary time indication. Chronograph ('running horse') to 1/10 sec. Freeze, split and lap modes. Alarm, settable anywhere in 24 hour period, is activated for full 60 seconds. Dual timing facility. Fully adjustable closely woven stainless steel strap. Case thickness 10mm. £13.95 + 85p p&p.

MITRAD LM39 Ladies auto LCD dress watch. Continuous display of hours, minutes and (pulsating) seconds. Month and date with auto calendar. Back light. Integral watch and strap with sugar frosted finish in gold or silver. Spring clip clasp for comfortable fit. Case thickness 8mm. £10.25 + 85p p&p.

**PANTER QUARTZ PEN WATCH** Five function LCD pen watch showing hours, minutes, seconds, month and date. Computerised four year date memory. Ball point pen. Stainless steel case. £12.00 inc. p&p.



## ASCII CODED KEYBOARD KB060 £47.15

Designed for ease and accuracy of use, with 60 keys arranged in stepped rows, auto repeat and 2-key rollover. UC and LC ASCII coding. S.a.e. for details

## THE ZX80 MAGIC BOOK £4.75

15 plus programs including Hammurabi, Animals and Othello. Programming tips. Hardware notes. Memory extension circuit.

## 16K RAM + I/O FOR THE ZX80

MZ160 16K RAM board built and tested	£79.50
MZ161 16K RAM + 24 I/O lines, built and tested	£89.75
MZ162 Bare PCB for MZ161, with circuit & ZX80 conn.	£25.00
CN046 23+23 way 1/0 connector	£3.00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£29.30

All prices include UK delivery & 15% VAI

TIMEDATA Ltd. 57 Swallowdale, Basildon, Essex

## C300/ES200

high performance electronic ignition to add power, economy, reliability, sustained smooth peak performance, instant all weather starting, to your car.

Surefire has sold in its thousands in ready made form from big name accessory firms, but it is now available in quality kit form to fit all vehicles with coil ignition up to 8 cylinders.

**ES200.** A high performance inductive discharge ignition incorporating a power integrated circuit (special selection): electronic variable dwell circuit (maximises spark energy at all speeds): pulse processor (overcomes contact breaker problems). Coil governor (protects coil). Long burn output. Negative earth only. Compatible with all rev. counters.

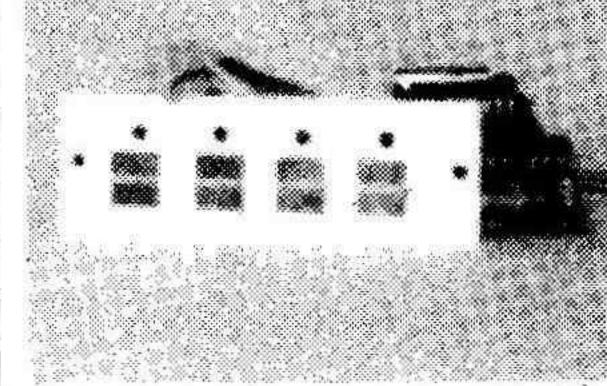
**C300.** In it's ready built form (C3000) it came top of all systems tested by an independent national authority July '79. A high energy capacitive discharge ignition incorporating a high output short circuit proof inverter, top grade Swedish output capacitor, pulse processor circuit, transcient overload protection. Fast rise bidirectional output ideal for fuel injection, sports carburation, oily engines. Compatible with most rev. counters. (Low cost adaptors available for rare cases. Application list enclosed with each kit. Note: Vehicles with Smiths/ Jaeger rev. counters code RVI on dial will require adaptor type TCI).



What's in the kits. Surefire's own precision anodised aluminium extruded case. P.C. mounted security changeover switch, static timing light. Special selection Motorola semi-conductors. Capacitors, resistors etc. selected after 5 years experience. Glass fibre pcb, solder, complete down to last washer.

Fully illustrated comprehensive instructions and full technical back up service.

Suretron Systems (UK) Ltd. Bayer Buildings, Lower Bristol Road, Bath, BA2 3EF. Tel: Bath (0225) 332317



Here is the 4 channel system complete; showing the front panel, the circuitry, and the ribbon cable connecting the two. which your needed interlocking switches, but all that was available was an unreliable, unsightly and electrically noisy mechanical switch?

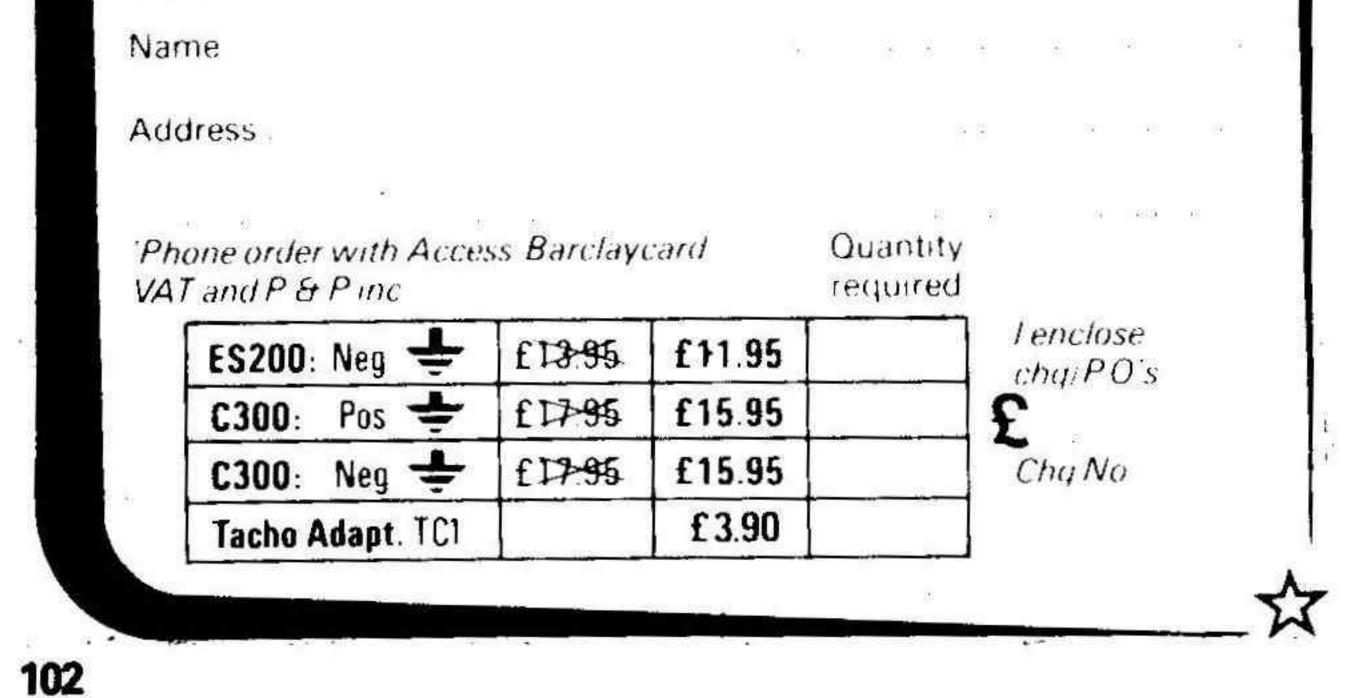
You can now get an **electronic** switch, touch-operated, with L.E.D. displays to indicate which channel has been selected, and incorporating totally reliable solid state relays to perform the switching.

There are three options available: 2 channel; 4 channel; and 6 channel. On each channel there are 2 sets of relay contacts acting in parallel, so that stereo signals may be switched — for example, when selecting between the tuner, deck, tape, or auxiliary inputs to an amplifier using the 4 channel unit.

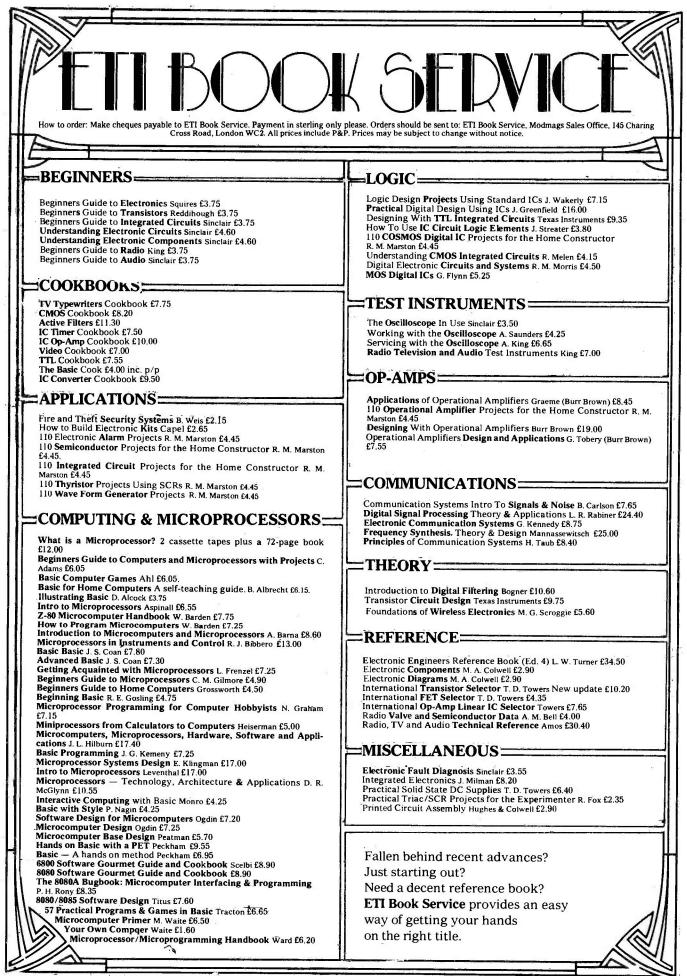
The units are supplied as easy to assemble kits, every kit containing:-

- \* ALL the necessary components, including a high quality p.c.b. and I.C. sockets
- An attractive ready assembled front panel comprising wipe clean stainless steel touch plates on a heat resistant white plastic base, which is pre-drilled for easy mounting on the front panel of your project; complete with .....
- LEDs above each switch plate to indicate which channel has been selected (the brightness of these may be adjusted)
- \* Complete easy to follow assembly instructions
- ★ Full technical information
- Some of the special features are: -
- ★ Operation from a single supply rail, from 3V-18V
- \* Current consumption only 20mA
- It is IMPOSSIBLE to switch on more than one channel at a time if more than one switch plate is touched either none or only one channel will be selected
- \* EXTREMELY long life far longer than that of mechanical switches
- The HAWKTM range are the ONLY interlocking touch switch systems that the home enthusiast can buy as complete systems

Please note: the solid state relays used are C.M.O.S. 4016 and the limits of these devices



must be observed.
Please send to M
Number
Number 4 channel units @ £5.99 ea. P/P per order
Number 6 channel units @ £7.99 ea.
Total remittance enclosed
OR Please send me the technical information only (enclose s.a.e.)
4A Harcourt Road, Redland, Bristol BS6 7RG
4A Harcourt hoad, heuland, bristor boo / no
ETI OCTOBER 19



ETI OCTOBER 1980

103

GREENIW 443A Millbrook Road Southampton SO1 OHX All prices include VAT @ 15% - just add 40p post

### SLIDER POT SCOOP!!!

Made by Piher, types PL40CP & PL60C. Silly prices for superb goods!!

PL40CP - 69×16×9mm, 40mm slide length. 220R, 2k2 or 10k lin only. Prices (any mix): 1-24 20p; 25-99 17p; 100+ 14p. PL60C - 84×10×7mm, 60mm slide length, 5k,

10k, 22k and 100k log. only. Prices (any mix) 1-24 250; 25-99 22p; 100+ 17p.

## **BUZZERS, MOTORS** & RELAYS

Z401 Powerful 6V DC buzzer, all metal construction. 50mm dia × 20mm 70p.

Z402 Miniature type buzzer, 6, 9 or 12V, only 22×15×16mm. Very neat 53p

Z450 Miniature 6V DC motor, high quality type 32mm diax25mm high, with 12mm spindle. Only £1.

A372 Audible Warning device - solid state circuit drives high efficiency transducer to give high output. Voltage regd 4-18V. Can also be driven direct from TTL or CMOS. Module size 45×21×12mm. Comprehensive data supplied £1.50

W892 Heavy Duty 12V relay, ideal for car use single 15A make contact. Coil 25R in sealed metal can with mounting bracket 85p. W890 DIL Reed relay SPCO 2.4-10V. 200R coil. Only £2.20.

## **BUY A COMPLETE RANGE OF COMPONENTS AND THESE** PACKS WILL HELP YOU

ALL PACKS CONTAIN FULL SPEC. BRAND NEW MARKED DEVICES - SENT BY RETURN OF POST, VAT INCLUSIVE PRICES.

K001 50V ceramic plate capacitors. 5%, 10 of each value 22pF to 1,000pF, total 210. £3.69. KOO2 Extended range 22pF to 0.1 µF, 330 values £5.53.

K003 Polyester capacitors, 10 each of these values: 0.01, 0.015, 0.022, 0.033, 0.047, 0.068, 0.1, 0.15, 0.22, 0.33, 0.47 μ, 110 altogether for £5.07.

K004 Mylar capacitors, min 100V type 10 each all values from 1,000pF to 10,000pF. Total 130 tor £4.05.

K007. Electrolytic capacitors 25V working small physical size. 10 each of these popular values 1. 2.2, 4.7, 10, 22, 47, 100µF. Total 70 for £3.59. K008 Extended range, as above, also including 220, 470 and 1000 µF. Total of 100 for £6.05. K021 Miniature carbon film 5% resistors CR25 or similar. 10 of each value from 10R to 1M, E12 series. Total 610 resistors £6.15.

	فاجتمعها ومحمدت وينثو محمد النوج والقائل والمتحاذ والمحمد والتحمد والتجميع والزوج والمتحاد
MCRCD-PF	RINT LTD Buter Kits - TUSCAN
Microtan 65 Kit £69.00	Single Bd. incl. Video, kit £235.00
A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	
Tanex (min. confg.) £43.00	Also available, full ASCII keyboard.
Tanex expanded kit £106.50	P.S., cabinet, mini floppies etc.
Key pad/full ASCII keyboard. P.S.	Ref.
Mother board, cabinets etc.	212. Crash Course in Micros .
Ref. BOOKS	£10.65
200. Prog. the Z80 - Zaks. £8.95	167. How to make money with
60. Prog. the 6502 - Zaks	your Microcomputer £5.75
£7.95	36. Instant Basic
40. Basic Basic-Coan . £6.50	216. Intro. to Micros for Ham
159. Z80 Ass. Lang. Leventhal	Shack £3.95
	184. Little Bk. of Basic Style
233. Computer Technician Hndbk.	101 Mars Davis Compte Com
£7.25	161. More Basic Comptr. Games
150. Computer Progs. that work in	£5.50
Basic £3.95	24. TTL Cookbook £7.15
168. Microsoft Basic £6.75	224. Basic Cookbook £3.95
187. 6502 Ass. Lan. Leventhal	226. Beginners Guide to Com-
£8.25	puters and Micros. £5.00
65. Basic Computer Games	237. How to design and build your
	own working computer sys-
195. The Basic Handbook £11.00	tem £5.75
	The Start of the second s
171 Basic & the Personal Compt.	243. Microprocessor Cookbook
£9.75	
62. The Best of Byte £8.75	246. Modern Digital communica-
203. Best of Micro Vol. 11 (6502)	tions £5.95
£5.50	247. Modern Guide to Digital Logic
204. Best of Micro Vol. 2 (6502)	£5.75
£6.50	
Single Bd. excl. Video, kit	V.A.T. extra (where applicable).
£195.00	<b>Post and Packing extra</b>
MICRO-PR	
21 Bankhouse Rd., Hanford, Ste	
Note: New retail premise	
59 Church Street, Stoke-o	

FSRA60 relay. 2 × 10A contacts, 1M, 1B. Coil is 250R, and rated 60V ac, but works on 12-24 DC. Solid Encapsulation with screw terminals makes it ideal for car use. £1.20.

### **REGULATED PSU PANEL**

Exclusive Greenweld design - better spec. than anything on the market being offered at the price. Panel 110×82×33mm high contains all components including bridge rectifier and smoothing capacitor. Ready built and tested - just add a 30V 2A transformer and two pots for a fully variable voltage and current supply.

SPEC:1/2Output voltage 0-28V 1/2 Output current 20mA-2A 1/2 Source Impedance OR1 Open circuit ripple 10mV

Send SAE for full details of the many ways this useful module can be used, together with price list of parts for various options. Only £6.75

## **TRANSISTOR PACK K516**

Take advantage of this unbelievable offer!! Small signal NPN/PNP transistors in plastic package at an incredibly low, low price!! Almost all are marked with type number -- almost all are full spec: devices. Some have bent leads. Over 30 different types have been found by us including BC184/212/238/307/328, BF196/7; ZTX107/8/9/34Z/450/550, etc. Only available as a mixed pack at £3 per 100; £7 per 250; £25 per 1000.

## P.C. ETCHING KIT Mk IV

The best value in etching kits on the market contains 100 sq ins copper clad board, 11b Ferric Chloride. Etch resist pen, abrasive cleaner, two miniature drill bits, etching dish and instructions.

K022 Extended range. Total 850 resistors from 1R to 10M £8.50.

K041 Zener diodes 400mW 5% BZY88, etc. 10 of each value from 2.7V to 36V, E24 series. Total 280 for £16.37.

### TM4030 RAM

4096 bit dynamic RAM with 300ns access time; 470ns cycle time; single low capacitance high level clock i/p; fully TTL compatible; low power dissipation. Supplied with data £2.75.

### **COMPONENT PANELS**

Z525 Contains 11 800mA 60V 2N5061 SCRs, 11 6V8 zeners. 11 1N4004 diodes plus Rs. Cs. etc. Only £1. 74 Series ICs - Gates and complex logic, 20 asstd ICs on panels £1; 100 ICs £4. Z527 2×6V reed relays 6×25030 or 25230. 6×400V rects, plus Rs. Only 50p. Z531 Trimpot Pack - Ex-computer panels with 20 mixed value multi-turn types £1.00.

## TTL, LINEAR, OPTO

All new full spec - Fairchild / SGS: TTL: 5400, 5401, 5402, 5403, 5404, 5405, 5410, 5421, 5430, 5450, 5451, 5453, 5460 - All 12p ea. 5470, 5472, 5474, 5475, 5476. 5480, 5486, 5490, 54107, 54121, 54122 all 20p ea. 5482, 54126 - 40p ea. Others (74S, H) on B/L 12 (SAE please).

LINEAR: 9665 or 9666, 7 x 50V Darlingtons in 16 DIL 60p; 75452 or 4 dual periph driver 70p; XK1444 7 CMOS P-channel buffers, 15V 16 DIL 24p.

OPTO: Isolators, FCD831 60p; TIL115/118 60p; FPE100/106 Infra red LED £2.50; FND847 7 seg 0.8" CA E2.00; FND850 CC E2.00. (Data on request for linear & opto devices)



#### All for £4.95.

## **1981 CATALOGUE**

Now in the process of compilation, available NOV. 75p will reserve you a copy, sent as soon as printed.

### **BULK SUPPLIES**

All new full spec. devices. Prices are for a minimum of 100 of any one device and exclude VAT, which must be added at 15%. Minimum order value from this section is £10+VAT+post. VAT receipt on request.

#### RESISTORS

Min. 1/4W 5% carbon film 1R-10M (10% over 1M), all £6.00/1,000 The following values only at £3.50/1,000; per value 4R7, 8R2, 18R, 39R 56R, 220R, 1k, 4k7, 18k, 33k, 39k, 47k, 220k, 390k, 560k, 680k, 820k.

#### MIN. PRESETS

0.1W miniature type, open construction. All values from 100R to 1M, vertical or horizontal mounting All at .042. The following values only at .03: 470RV, 470RH,

500RH, 1kH, 1k5H, 2kV, 2k2H, 2k5H, 4k7H. Also some Piher enclosed type at .042: 150RV, 200RH, 2kV.

### POTS

5k lin; 100k lin; 220k lin; 500k log; 1M lin. All with std. bush and spindle .14.

#### ELECTROLYTIC CAPS

104

	100000000		1000	rices, op to bepi	27/1000
2.2/25 R	.028	47/63 R	.045	100pF	£9/1000
2.2/63 A	1032	100/6.3 A	.020	560pF	£5/1000
4.7/10 R	022	100/35 R PC	.035	2700pF	£9/1000
4.7/25R	.028	220/16 A	.055	Samples on request (sae pleat	se).
4.7/50 R	.034	220/25 R	.065	SAME IN ANY CONTRACTORY CONTRACTORY AND ANY CONTRACTORY	in the second
10/16 R	.030	220/70 A	.075	Mullard min. ceramics:	£7/1000
10/25 R	.032	330/50 A	.075	33pF 5% 100V	
10/25 R PC	.022	330/100 A	.085	330pF 2% 100V	£8/1000
10/25 A	.035	470/16 R	.080	3300pF 10% 100V	£13/1000
10/50 A	.040	470/100 RC	.150	Stettner min. ceramics:	
10/100 R	.042	1000/40 A	.230	330pF 5% 63V	£7/1000
15/40 A	.030	1000/63 A	.280	022uF 63V	£14/1000
22/10 R	.021	2200/10 A	.080	Lemco 047uF 63V	£16/1000
22/25 A	.025	2200/25 A	.280		Manager Manager and
22/25 R	.027	2200/40 RC	.350	SEMICONDUC	
22/63 A	.040	3300/10 A	.090	741 .12; 555 .19; 7401 .08	TATE AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS AND
33/16 A	.022	3300/25 A	.180	.21, 4001 .17; 4011 .17; S	
47/6A	.015	4700/10 A	.100	IN4148 by TI on bandoliered	
47/25 A	.032	4700/25 RC	.250	£10); IN4002 £25/k; IN40	
47/35 R	.038	4700/40 RC	.35	£36/k; Ge signal diode Dh	
47/40 A	.045	10000/15 RC	.250	2P4M (C106D) 4A 400V .20	: 2N5060 .8A 30V
R = radial lead	2012-2012-2012-2012-2012-2012-2012-2012			.15: CR201 1A 200V .18.	
			See July's advt. for transistors	s; send sae for latest	
A =axial leads leads for PC mounting RC =tag ended can		unung	bulk buyers list.		
the ang onde	u can	Studio Second V			

### **VEROBLOC BREADBOARD**

New from Vero, this versatile aid for building and testing circuits can accommodate any size of IC. Blocs can be joined together. Bus strips on X & Y axis - total 360 connexion points for just £4.15.

	POLY	ESTER CAPS	3
.01	400V	C296	.025
.015	250V	C280	.025
.022	400V	C280	.025-
068	250V	Advance	.025
.22	250V	C280	.035
.22	250V	Advance	.035
.22	100V	Minibox	.035
.47	250V	C280	
.47	160V	C296	.04
1.0	250V	C280	.055
1.5	63V	Filmcap	
2.2	160V	Filmcap	.096
3.3	100V	Wima MI	
4.7	100V	C281	.195
4.7	100V	Wima MI	
6.8	100V	Wima MI	2012년 - 전문
PC	LYSTYREN	E CAPS	TANT BEADS
22pF	125V 5%	£8/1000	1.5/35 .06
27pF	125V 5%	£8/1000	3.3/25 .08
<ul> <li>April 2017 (2017)</li> </ul>	175V 1004	£14/1000	

27pF 1500pF 125V 10% £14/1000 10/25 .15 8200pF 125V 10% E14/1000

#### MINIATURE CERAMIC CAPS

Thompson/CSF miniature to values:	ype in the following
3.9pF, 4.7pF, 22pF, 33pF,	47pF, 47pF, 68pF,
82pF, 100pF, 560pF*, 270	
10%, †20%.	58 IS 1151
Prices: up to 82pF	£7/1000
100pF	£9/1000
560pF	£5/1000
2700pF	£9/1000
Samples on request (sae plea	(azi

#### \* Still available \* Featured in Nov. issue of E.T.I. Supersonic Mastermind ..... £21.00 Home TV Game - B/W Kit £22.95 Galaxy Invaders Basic Kit **£28.90** £21.50 Mattel Soccer ENTERPRISE 4 in 1 £24.95 Contains everything except box and con-3 Games and calculator in one trols \*Electronic Mastermind .... £12.90 Box & Controls - £6.50. Mains Adaptor £24.95 U.F.O. Master Blaster - £3.90 Amaze-A-Tron maze game ... £18.95 Play 7 games with 4 options on each Touch Me by ATARI (like Simon) £26.95 game Football (two players) .... £24.95 4-Pinball games 2-Basket, 1-Breakout ZAP missile game .... £11.95 Versatile car alarm kit £18.90 \*DIGITS (like Mastermind) ... £14.95 See review in Hobby Electronics November **ALL GAMES HAVE SOUND EFFECTS** CHROMA CHIME 24 tune door chimes kit EXCEPT ' £10.75 Built £15.95 이 위에서 다 국 20 위에 위하게 다 다. C.B. Aerials and Accessories **ATARI** video **COMPUTERS** — Home, computer .... £129 **Business etc.** Sargon 2.5 Chess ..... £278.00 Super System 3 Chess PET 8K ................ £458.85 £149.95 **SPACE INVADERS CART** £29.95 SORCERER 16K ..... £861.35 STAR CHESS T.V. Game .... £63.35 SORCERER 32K £918.85 DATABASE Prog. T.V. Game 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 SUPERBOARD II 4K £180.00 NEW £89.95 UK 101 Kit 4K £226.85 CHESSMATE 8 Level **NEW £59.95** Built 4K £286.35 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . CHESS CHALLENGER 7 £84.00 TRS80 Level 2 16K ..... £409.40 CHESS CHALLENGER 10 .. £155.00 51/4" Floppy Drive .... £271.40 £219.00 VOICE CHALLENGER CHECKER CHALLENGER 2 £54.00 NASCOM 2 Kit ..... £339.25 **CHECKER CHALLENGER 4** £90.00 HEATH WH89 ..... £1,805.00 ZODIAC Astrol Computer NEW £29.95

ZODIAC Astroi Computer         NEW £29.95           Snooze Alarm         £14.90           EL-MAC 5MHz Scope         £139.90           EL-MAC 3'' 5MHz Scope         £115.00           RADAT 10MHz Scope         £169.00           PDM35         £36.50           PFM         £52.30	HEATH WH14 Printer £586.50 Softy Kit £115.00 Softy Built £138.00 Intelligent EPROM Programmer Sharp Software PRINTERS : FLOPPY DISCS : BOOKS
S.a.e. Enquiries. Please allow up to 21 Hav it with Access 61 BROAD LANE, L Day 01-808 0377;	
	ETI OCTOBER 1980

#### The Acorn modular system

A range and price unmatched by any other manufacturer in the world. Designed and produced in Britain.

## For the absolute beginner... **System One**

A compact stand-alone microcomputer based on standard Eurocard modules, and employing the highly popular 6502 MPU (as used in APPLE, PET, KIM, etc). Throughout, the design philosophy has been to provide full expandability, versatility and economy. Many thousands have already been sold throughout the world.

#### System One is complemented by a range of totally compatible eurocards including:

- 8K+8K Static RAM and EPROM £95 £88
- Colour Prestel Compatible VDU Interface
- Versatile (serial, parallel, RS232 etc) Interface
- Dual Mini-floppy Controller
- PROM/EPROM Programmer (Bipolar and UV erasable) £55 £132
- A to D, and D to A Interface (12 bit, high speed)
- Printer Interface (for 12 data 3 strobe)
- Available soon:
- 80 x 24 character VDU Interface
- 32K Dynamic RAM Card
- 5V/12V Switched mode power supply (1" deep)
- In circuit emulator (block relocating)

 Laboratory Interface (isolated inputs, high current outputs) £122 • 6809 CPU Card £98 £96 Professional Keyboard (parallel ASCII encoded) £33

uding VAT

£22.50

- AIM 65 Bus Interface adaptor PAL Encoder
- All prices exclude VAT
- IEEE Bus Interface (Full implementation)
- Real time clock with CMOS RAM

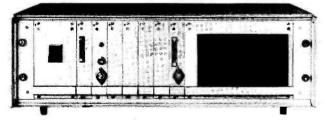
All these cards utilise 'state of the art' devices and represent an elegant and long lasting solution to today's requirements.

#### .and the absolute professional If you need the facilities of the 6809 processor this can be **System Three**

£69

£120

£60



System 3, contains the 6502 CPU, 16K RAM with DOS and BASIC, VDU Interface, Disc controller and 5" drive, Printer Interface, backplane and power supplies. The entire unit costs about £1,000 and can be added to or reformatted as required. substituted for the 6502 CPU (all other hardware remains unchanged.)

Acorn's fast BASIC combined with what is probably the most efficient disc operating system available may be linked with a control oriented ONLI BASIC addition for laboratory control, or an accounts/stock control package for small businesses.



A twin disc System Four is available if two drives and several peripheral interfaces are required in one case. Full service and software facilities available. For more information and order form ring or write to

	Acorn Computer Limited	
ACUKN	Acorn Computer Limited 4a Market Hill,	
IDI ITED	Cambridge, CB2 3NJ Cambridge (0223) 3127	
IFUIER	Cambridge (0223) 3127	72

Please send me further information of Acorn products.					
My application concerns		attributes of the of the st	and the second second	and the second	· Angels · · · · ·
Name	Address		uği S		
Acorn Computer Limited, 4a Market Hill, Cambridge, Can	nbs. Cambridge	(0233) 31277	2		ETI/10/80

Greenbank Electronics	TERMS, VAT. CWO. Cheques etc payable to Greenbank Electronics and crossed. Add VAT to all prices at 15% except where stated otherwise. Post etc: (UK 35p + 5p VAT = 40p) per order. Export: NO VAT but add 35p (Eire), 75p (Europe) and BARCLAYCARD	VEROBOARD 0.1" Pitch with copy strips
(Dept T10E) 92 New Chester Road, New Ferry Wirral, Merseyside L62 5AG (Tel: 051-645 3391)	(Polys, universities, gevt depts, etc can telephone their orders for immediate (Watch) E3.23 despatch on account.)	2%"×1" (pack of 5) 2%"×3%" 2%"×5" 2%"×17" 3%"×3%"
<b>UV EPROM ERASERS</b>	CMOS         These cut prices for Amateur Users and Export. Note: industrial users - quantity         100.0 KHz         £3.62           prices available.         Mostly Motorola.         RCA         200.0 KHz         £3.82           4000         180         4042         800         4095         £1.97         4410         £8.55         4531         £1.45         262.144 KHz         £3.82	3%"×5" 3%"×17" 4.7"×17.9" £3
	4001       25p       4043       90p       4096       £1.97       4411       £10.72       4532       £1.30       307.2 KHz       £3.82         4002       25p       4044       90p       4097       £5.98       4412VP       £14.93       4534       £5.60       312.5 KHz       £3.82         4006       95p       4045       £2.63       4098       £1.92       4415V       £5.24       4536       £3.69       455.0 KHz       £4.95         4007       18p       4046       £1.10       4099       £2.00       4422       £5.66       4537L       £26.10       1.000 MHz       £3.62         4008       80p       4047       £1.71       40100       £1.92       4433       £12.30       4538       £1.20       1.000 MHz       £3.82         4008       80p       4044       77p       40101       £1.69       4435V       £5.40'       4539       97p       1.200 MHz       £3.82         4010       50p       4049       45p       40102       £3.67       4450       £3.81       4541       £1.19       1.8 MHz       £4.25         4011       25p       4050       49p       40103       £3.67       4451 <t< td=""><td>0.1" Plainboard [no strips] 3%"×2%" 3%"×5" 3%"×5" 3%"×17.0" E1 Terminal plas E1.50/ V-Q DIP beard E1 DIP breadbeard E2 Spet face cuttur Pin insertion beal E1 SOL DERCOM PINIS 100 SOp 1000 E3</td></t<>	0.1" Plainboard [no strips] 3%"×2%" 3%"×5" 3%"×5" 3%"×17.0" E1 Terminal plas E1.50/ V-Q DIP beard E1 DIP breadbeard E2 Spet face cuttur Pin insertion beal E1 SOL DERCOM PINIS 100 SOp 1000 E3
Two easy to use units designed for both the professional and amateur UV-prom user Features Can erase up to 14 proms. Special short wave ultraviolet tube. Erase time variable between 5 and 50 minutes in 5 minute steps	4018       89p       4059       £9.23       40110       £3.00       4502       £1.20       4557       £3.86       3.2708 M/2       £3.23         4019       45p       4060       £2.10       40114       £1.77       4503       70p       4558       £1.25       3.579545 M/2       £1.95         4020       99p       40621       £10.00       40160       £1.54       4505       £5.71       4559       £4.38       3.93216 M/z       £3.92         4021       £1.10       4063       £1.90       40161       £1.54       4506       50p       4560       £2.50       4.000 M/z       £2.90         4022       £1.00       4066       55p       40162       £1.54       4506       50p       4561       81p       4.032 M/z       £3.23         4023       27p       4067       £7.21       40163       £1.54       4508       £2.90       4562       £5.60       4.194304 M/z       £3.23         4024       76p       4068       27p       40174       £1.54       4510       99p       4566       £1.59       4.194304 M/z       £3.23         4025       27p       4069       27p       40181       £5.03       4511 <td>DIL SOCKETS B/14/16 pin 10p/12p/ 18/20/22 pin 18p/20p/2 24/28/40 pin 30p/40p/2 24 pin Texteel lever zero inserties force £8 EDGE CONNECTORS 43 way, 0.1" pitch, 1</td>	DIL SOCKETS B/14/16 pin 10p/12p/ 18/20/22 pin 18p/20p/2 24/28/40 pin 30p/40p/2 24 pin Texteel lever zero inserties force £8 EDGE CONNECTORS 43 way, 0.1" pitch, 1
<ul> <li>(preventing over exposure which may shorten prom life).</li> <li>Sliding tray carries proms on conductive foam.</li> <li>Safety interlock switch prevents the timing circuit from operating and switching on the tube with the tray open.</li> </ul>	4030       74p       4075       25p       40208       £7.54       4517       £4.46       4582       £1.14       5.0688 MHz       £3.23         4031       £4.31       4076       £1.07       40257       £2.31       4518       £1.00       4583       90p       5.120 MHz       £3.23         4032       £1.31       4077       29p       4160       98p       4519       80p       4584       90p       5.185 MHz       £3.23         4033       £2.63       4078       29p       4161       98p       4520       £1.00       4585       £1.27       6.000 MHz       £3.23         4033       £2.63       4078       29p       4161       98p       4520       £1.00       4585       £1.27       6.000 MHz       £3.23	wrap. polarizing slot pi Single sided (1 × 42) E3 Double sided (2 × 42)E4 TIMER ICs
<ul> <li>"Mains On" and "Tube On" indicators.</li> <li>Smart textured case.</li> <li>Complete instructions supplied. Supplied complete with mains plug and flex</li> <li>Model UV141. Price £77.70 Also available without timer as</li> </ul>	4034       £2.00       4081       27p       4162       98p       4521       £2.50       4597       £2.44       6.144 mm2       £3.23         4035       £1.10       4082       27p       4163       98p       4522       £1.11       4598       £2.98       6.400 mmz       £3.23         4037       £1.99       4085       £1.35       4174       90p       4526       £1.08       4599       £6.95       6.55360 mmz       £3.23         4038       £1.20       4086       £1.35       4175       £1.15       4527       £1.50       4700       £1.75       7.000 mmz       £3.23         4039       £2.78       4069       £2.91       4194       £1.16       4528       £1.20       7.168 mmz       £3.23         4040       £1.00       4093       80p       4408       £9.37       4529       £1.30       7.86432 mmz       £3.23         4041       £1.59       4094       £2.50       4409       £9.37       4530       70p       7.86432 mmz       £3.23         8.388608 mmz       £3.23       8.388608 mmz       £3.23       8.388608 mmz       £3.23	NE555/556 29p/ OP-AMPS (AN Mini dips) CA 3130E CA 3140E UA 741 (Texes)
Model UV140: Price £61.20	74C1         74C76         57p         74C163         £1.15         74C903         57p         74C925         £5.01         8.867237         84z         £3.23           74C00         28p         74C85         £1.34         74C165         £1.08         74C905         £7.53         74C927         £5.01         9.375         9.300         9.3	4 DIGIT LED DISPL Multiplexed, com cathode, prime quality.
Tex Microsystems "EPROMPT" UV ERASER	74C02       26p       74C89       £4.62       74C174       93p       74C907       57p       74C929       £17.90       10.700       NHz       £3.23         74C04       28p       74C90       89p       74C175       93p       74C908       £1.00       74C930       £17.90       10.700       NHz       £3.23         74C08       28p       74C93       89p       74C192       £1.15       74C909       £1.69       11.000       NHz       £3.82         74C10       28p       74C95       £1.08       74C193       £1.15       74C910       £7.45       80C95       85p       12.000       NHz       £3.82         74C14       90p       74C107       £1.27       74C195       £1.08       74C910       £7.45       80C95       85p       12.000       NHz       £3.82         74C20       28p       74C150       £3.81       74C200       £7.46       74C912       £7.39       80C96       92p       14.0       NHz       £3.82         74C30       28p       74C151       £2.55       74C21       £1.41       74C914       £1.46       80C98       92p       14.0       NHz       £3.82         74C32       28p	NSB 5881 (0.5) ES LED DISPLAYS DL-704E S DL-727E/728E E2 DL-747E/750E E1 FND 500/560 E1 LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY 4×0.5" Digits 40 pin 0 ES
A low cost alternative to the above erasers (UV	MODULATORS SWITCH 27.145 MHz E2.10 27.145 MHz E2.10 27.648 MHz E3.92	CLOCK CHIPS AY-5-1224A E2 MK 50253 E5
140/141) claimed by the manufacturer to erase up to 32 chips in 15-30 mins. This is the cheapest eraser we have seen. The unit has no timer, power	sion Modulator         £2.50         AC 5221S 5V/10A         £69.90         48.000 MHz         £3.23           UM1231 UHF Ch.36 Vision         AC 9221S 5V/5A, 12V/1A, -12V/1A, -12	NK 50366 ES SIX DECADE COUNTERS NK 50395/6/7 ES
switch or safety interlock switch. The user places up to 32 chips into loose conducting foam in the	Carrier Modulator E2.50 5V/0.1A E126.50 UV PROM ERASER DATA Note: In	MK 50398/9 E7
erasure tray (16 along the base, 8 on each side). The chips are held in place by the UV tube which sits in the tray. (Unlike the UV 140/141, no special precautions have been taken to prevent the seepage of UV light, but the manufacturers state that "Incident light from this device is quite safe at distances above 12 inches".) (Dimensions – 325×64×38mm) EPROMPT ERASER: Price £33.56	COMPUTER BOARDS 114 x 203 mm fibregisss. gold plated edge ceasector. Buttered SC/MP CPU £9.40 SC/MP Preteboard £9.40 ZBO CPU card £9.40 VDU 'A' ; set £8.90 VDU 'A' ; set £8.90 Sc22 Sc22 Sc20 PIA Sc20 P	(RCA) E4. regramming' by E3. (emitree) 7 (National) E3. P-8A/650) (National) 5 ional) 5 Nanual (RCA) E4. ithmetic Routines for E4.
5204/2708 PROGRAMMING SERVICE: £7.50 each prom. (Price does not include prom, we accept handwritten/typed source code — must be hexadecimal). PROM WASHING SERVICE: <b>50p each prom</b>	2k RAM beard [2102s] 1k- 2k       CDSMAC CDP 1842E       E10.45 E7.25       ENCODER       CDSMAC [listings excluded]         2k       E9.40       STATICS (Mostly 450nS)       MK 2302       E15.29       C15 page CDP 1802 Instruction         8k       E9.40       2101-256 x 4       E2.25       R0-3-2513 (5v Uppercase)       E6.00       c70 page Understanding CMOS         7ape interface       E8.90       2102-1K x 1       E1.20       DM 8678 CAB/BWF       E14.27       1 page COSMOS Pecket Selecti         Vertex       E8.90       2111-256 x 4       E2.25       AY-5-2376       E9.75       c21 page COSMOS Pecket Selecti         98U 5v 12v board       E8.90       2114/4045-1K x 4       E4.39       XY-5-2376       E9.75       c21 page COSMOS Digital Integ         98U 5v 12v board       E1.10       X + 12v 12v board       2112-256 x 4       E2.25       FIRMWARE         2112-256 x 4       E2.800       XY-5-2376       E9.75       C21 page COSMOS Digital Integ         98U 5v 12v board       E1.4045-1K x 4       E4.39       ZMON for Z80 (1 x 2708) E14.95       Z80 DATA PACK         158US 1.1       13 slot back       2114-1K x 4       E28.00       EX Tiny BASIC for Z80 (2 x 2708)       This contains all the data was all	E4. 1 Guide (RCA) Summary (RCA) en Guide (RCA) rated Circuits (RCA) E14.95
<b>NEW COMPUTER BOARDS</b> The following computer boards have been added to the range for use with the Z80 (114×203mm fibreglass with gold plated edge connector). IP2 8 line opto isolated input board £9.40 OP2 8 line relay output board £9.40	board£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£11.50£49.95and related chips, and the Depending on our own suppliGlass, tinnedFurther details on requestDYNAMICS£4.95K NIBL-MM for SC/NP (4 x 2708)£49.95and related chips, and the Depending on our own suppliZ80Z80UV ERASABLES£49.95K 4816 2K x 8£30.52K Various, for SC/NP (1 x 2708)£49.95and some information on ollZ80UV ERASABLES5204 (512 x 8)£11.50[Descriptive leatlet available on above, Ref SW4, 5]E14.95and systems is often includeZ80-P10 [2½ MHz]£5.955204 (512 x 8)£11.50[Descriptive leatlet available on above, Ref SW4, 5]E0.75above, Ref SW4, 5]above, Ref SW4, 5]c50-page Figite State Fantasies programming on human leven(Add £1 for the 4MHz version of any of the above 3 chips.]£17.951½K ELBUG (3×5204)£35.00c50-page Figite State Fantasies	Z80 Programming Manual. ier, the data is either leose i volumes, or a combination t of data is about 1 ½ kilos. her processors, memories, d.

2.4

1.10

1/1

¥3

\*1

-

	14L3	74LS28	480	74LS78	40p	74LS126	60p	74LS164	£1.14	74LS241	£2.32	74L\$290	£1.28	74L\$377	£2.12
CDECIAL OEEED	74LS00 14p		22p	74LS83	£1.15	74LS132	95p	74LS165	75p	74LS242	£2.32		£1.28	74LS378	£1.84
SPECIAL OFFER	74LS01 14p	741 600	27p	74LS85	£1.18	74LS136	55p	74LS166	£2.26	74LS243	£2.32	74LS295	£1.85	74LS379	£2.15
	74LS02 16	741833	39p	74LS86	43p	74LS138	85p	74LS170	£2.88	74LS244	£1.70	74L\$298	£1.68	74LS384	86p 86p £2.30
(Subject to stocks)	74LS03 16	74LS37	39p	74LS90	60p	74LS139	85p	74L\$173	£1.05	74LS245	£3.50	74LS324	£2.40	74L\$386	86p
No monthly accounts for these prices:	74LS04 160	74LS38	39p	74LS91	£1.04	74LS145	£1.08	74LS174	£1.06		£1.90	74L\$325	£2.90	74LS390	£2.30
	74LS05 200	74LS40	28p	74LS92	89p	74LS147	£1.70	74LS175	£1.10		£1.90		£2.94	74L\$393	£2.30
each per 8	74LS08 22p	74LS42	98p	74LS93	89p	74LS148	£1.73	74LS181	£3.98		£1.90		£2.86	74LS395	£2.18
2114 (450nS) - 1K×4 £2.99 £22.40	74LS05     20       74LS08     22       74LS09     22       74LS10     20	74LS47	· 90p,	74LS95	£1.16	74LS151	96p	74LS183	£2.98	74LS251	£1.34		£1.48	74LS396	£2.15
2708 (450nS) - 1K×8 £5.25 £39.60	74LS10 20	74LS48	£1.20	74LS96	£1.16	74LS153	76p	7415190	£1.40	2010년 2010년 월316년	£1.42	the second s	£1.86 £2.28	74LS398 74LS399	£2.76 £2.30
	74LS11 22p		£1.20	74LS107	44p	74LS154	£1.70 96p	74LS191	£1.40		£1.10 £1.46	74LS352 74LS353	£2.28	74LS445	£1.50
2516/2716 (450nS) - 2K×8 single 5v	74LS12 23	74LS51 74LS54	24p 28p	74LS109 74LS112	55p 55p	74L\$156	96p	74LS192 74LS193	£1.30 £1.30		£1.60	741\$365	65p	74LS447	£1.44
£12.00 £88.00	74LS13 38 74LS14 75	The second se	300	74LS113	50p	74LS157	76p	74LS194	£1.66	74LS261	£4.50	74LS366	65p	74LS490	£1.80
	74LS15 30		£1.50	74LS114	50p	74LS158	96p	74LS195	£1.36	74LS266	52p	74LS367	65p	74L\$668	£1.82
4116 (250nS) — 16K×1 Dynamic			46p	74LS122	70p	74LS160	£1.28	74LS196	£1.00	A REAL COMPANY AND COMPANY AND A	£2.44	74LS368	66p	74LS669	£1.82
£3.99 £30.40	74LS20 20 74LS21 22	74LS74	41p	74LS123	70p	74LS161	98p	74LS197	£1.40	74LS275	£2.50	74LS373	£1.80	74LS670	£2.48
L3.33 L30.40	741.526 48	74LS75	48p	74LS124	£1.80	74LS162	£1.38	74LS221	96p	74LS279	66p	74LS374	£1.95		
					h (mini) (										
06													ETI O	стові	ER 198

rai ogu - 12 It's Electrovalue's quarterly price list published to keep you up-dated on price and kem variations in our 128 page catalogue (FREE ON REQUEST). If you are not yet a customer on our regular mailing list, we will send you our current price list FREE on request and a catalogue (No. 10) with it as well if you wish. **OUR MINI-SELECTION POINTS THE WAY! EXAMPLE ONE - SOLDERING IRONS** Oryz 50 Isotip Antex C £12.08 net £25.90 net £4.83 net Antex X25 Desolder tool SR3A 500 gm reel solder £4.83 net £7.48 net £7.59 net **EXAMPLE TWO - PRINTED CIRCUIT MATERIALS** PCB's 300 x 150 mm 5SHBP S/S £1.38 F/Glass S/S £2.19 Etch Resist Pen £1.21 D/S £1.73 Breadboards Bimboard 12 D/S £2.48 £1.67 £3.45 £9.23 Positive resist 75cc Ferric Chloride 500g Eurobreadboard £6.56 net £5.18

THIS WAY YOUR

#### EXAMPLE THREE - SWITCHES 13A time switch adaptors Smiths TS 100 Chrome toggle Std. SPST 65p Min. SPDT 66p £14.43 net DPDT 89p DPDT 92p Wavechange, Lorlin, 1P12W, 2P6W 3P4W, 4P3W 46p each

#### **EXAMPLE FOUR - CAPACITORS BY SIEMENS** Polyester 7.5mm PCM

Polyseuse 7.00mm r.c.m 1, 1.5, 2.2, 3.3, 4.7nf, 10, 15, 22, 33, 47nF **8p each**, 0.1μ **12p**, 0.15μ **15p**, 0.22μ **18p**, 0.33μ **21p**, 0.47μ **27p**, 0.68μ **34p**, 10mm PCM 1μ **37p**.

Tep, 0.33 p 2 tp, 0.47 p 2 rp, 0.00 p 3 ep, 101111 r 1011 r p 3 rp. Electrolytic axial (µF/V) 1/40 15p, 1/100 12p, 2.2/25 15p, 2.2/63 12p, 4.7/16 15p, 4.7/40 12p, 10/25 12p, 10/40 13p, 22/25 13p, 22/40 16p, 22/63 19p, 47/10 13p, 47/25 16p, 47/40 19p, 47/63 20p, up to 1000/16V 32p, Then 1000/25V 44p, etc. Also full supporting ranges of other ceramic, plastic and electrolytic caps.

#### **EXAMPLE FIVE-POTENTIOMETERS BY BADIOHM**

Single gang lin or log Twin gang lin or log Mono slider lin or log Twin slider lin or log	34p 93p 83p 136p	(Twin types stereo matched) Slider knobs Presets lin, horiz, or vert.	10p each 12p
EVANDLE CIV	DECICTODO		

#### EXAMPLE SIX - RESISTORS 1/3, 1/2, 3/4W 2.3 p 1W 6p. Wirewound from 23p

55	99p 34p	E1110 E1210	92p 92p	TIP31A TIP32A	52p
					52p
56	88p	LM301AN	35p	TIP41A	690
C128	360	LM374N	67p	TIP41C	740
					69p
					74p 69p
					69p
					40p
					35p £4.49
					14p
					14p
				214900	16p
CA140F	46p	0036	£1.10		
.01 A 24p A 11p A 11p A 11p A .78 A .28 A 72p B 15p B 19p B	01 AC176 44 AD136 f 11 AD149 f 11 AD161 78 AD162 28 AF127 72 AL102 f 45 BB103 19 BB104 19 BB105	01 AC176 676 HP AD136 64,25 110 AD149 £1.01 110 AD151 400 78 AD152 430 78 AF127 430 720 AL102 430 720 AL102 2184 150 BA379 230 150 BA379 230 150 BA379 370 150 BA379 370 150 BB103 430 150 BB105 370	01         AC176         07p         IM380N           Mp         AD186         64.25         IM3900N           Mp         AD186         64.25         IM3900N           Mp         AD186         64.25         IM3900N           Mp         AD161         40p         MJE2955           AD162         82p         MFSA12         228           AF127         43p         MFSA63         427           AF2p         AL102         £1.84         0A47           SEp         BA379         29p         0A90           SE         BA103         43p         0A91           SEp         BB104         70p         0A202           SEp         BB105         -37p         0C29	01         AC176         67         D.M380N         €1.14           40         A0138         £4.25         LM3900N         78p           11p         A0149         £1.01         MJE3055         £1.13           11p         A0161         40p         MJE3055         £1.00           778         AD162         52p         MF9A12         42p           778         AD162         52p         MF9A12         42p           72p         AL102         £1.44         0A47         14p           72p         AL102         £1.44         0A47         14p           15p         B103         43p         0A91         8p           80p         B104         70p         0A202         16p           18p         B105         37p         0C20         £1.23	01         AC176         07         LM380N         €1.14         T1P42A           44p         AD138         £4.25         LM390N         78         T1P42C           11p         AD149         £1.01         MJE2955         £1.03         T1P2955           11p         AD161         40p         MJE3055         £1.00         T1P3056           11p         AD161         40p         MJE3055         £1.00         T1P3056           778         AD152         52p         MFSA63         44p         VO2           22p         AL102         £1.44         OA47         14p         ZN4255           14p         DA379         24p         OA90         8p         ZTX107-9           14p         BA379         24p         OA91         8p         ZTX107-9           14p         BB         B104         70p         OA202         16p         ZTX500

BUT all the everyday timings you need as well down to nuts and washers! IT SALL IN CATALOGUE 10, OUR 120 PAGE CATALOGUE FREE FOR THE ASKING. PRICES AND V.A.T.: All prices quoted here include V.A.T. for U.K. orders. Oversees buyers deduct 13%

when ordering. POSTAGE: For orders up to £5.75 value (U.K.) please add 40p for p / p. If over, orders sent post free in U.K. Oversees orders sent at coer (Min. 40p). DISCOUNTS: 5% allowed on non-net itams if order value exceeds £11.50. 1D% if order value exceeds £29. Quantity discount prices on most components.

ELECTROVALUE LTD., DEPT. ETI10, 28 St. Judes Road, Englefield Green, Egham, Surrey TW20 0HB. Phone Egham 33603 (STD 0784. London 87). Tolex 264475.

Northern Branch (Personal Shoppers only), 680 Burnage Lane, Burnage, Manchester M19 1NA. Phone (061) 432 4945.



SUCCESS

provide you with the specialised training so essential to success.

Personal Tuition and Guaranteed Success

The expert and personel guidance by fully qualified tutors, backed by the ICS guarantee of tuition until successful, is the key to our outstanding record in the technical training field. You study at the time and pace that suits you best and in your own home. In the words of one of our many successful students: "Since starting my course, my salary has trebled and I am expecting a further increase when my course is completed."

**City and Guilds Certificates** 

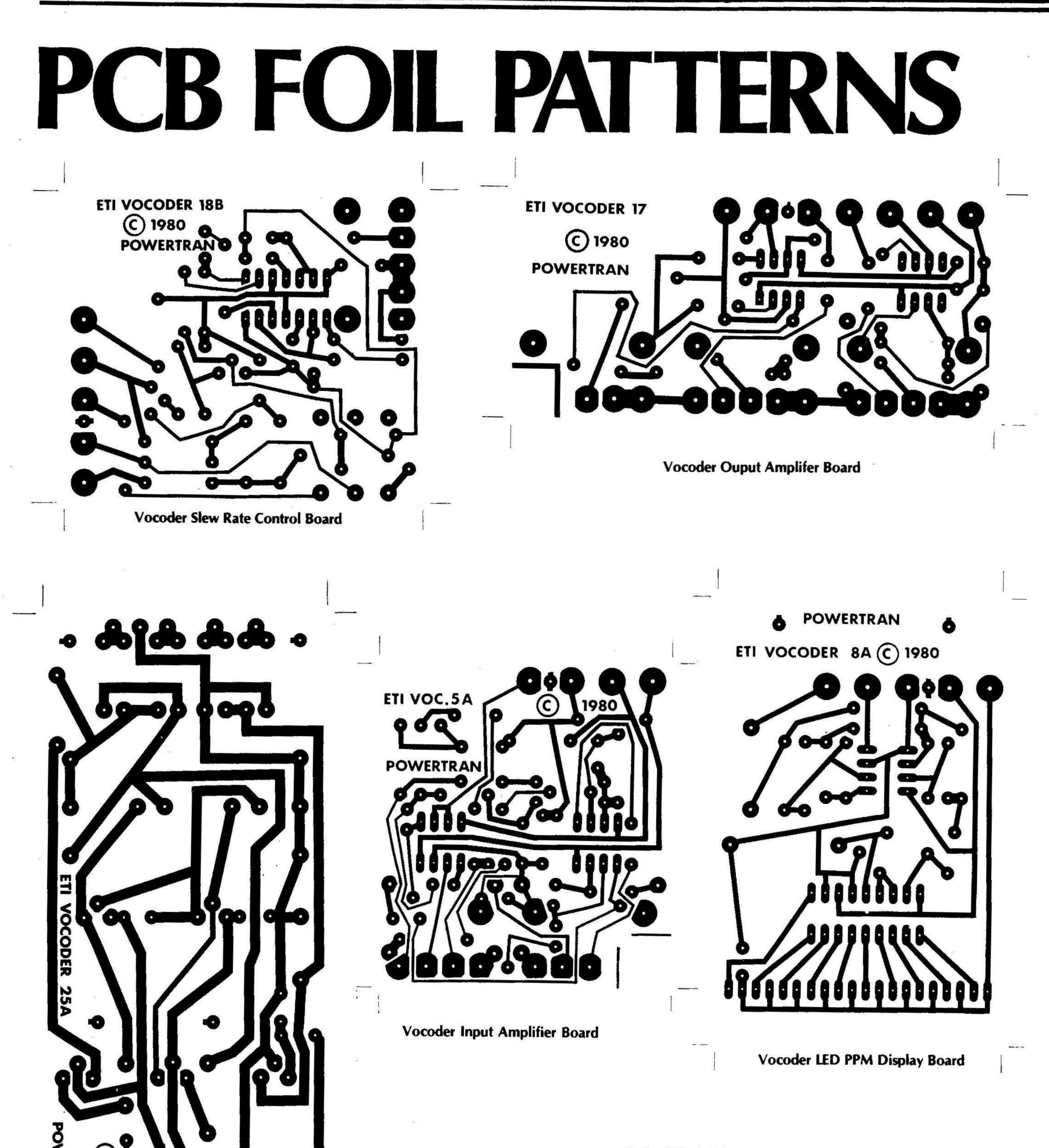
Excellent job prospects await those who hold one of these recognised certificates. ICS can coach you for:

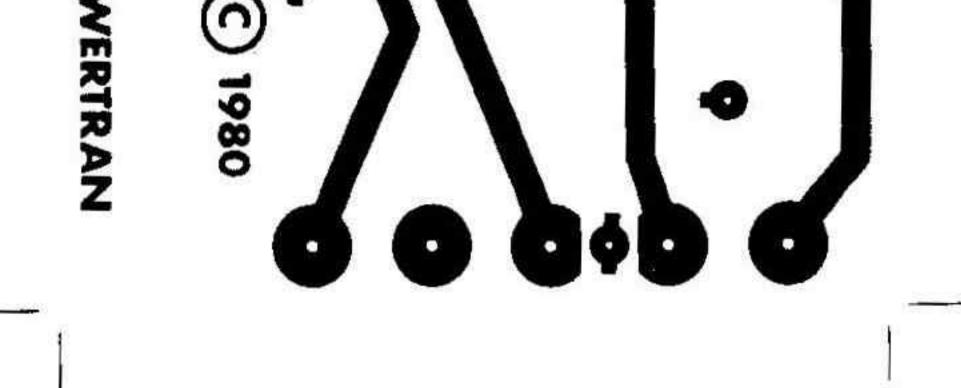
**Telecommunications Technicians** Radio, T.V. Electronics Technicians **Badio Amateurs Electrical Installation Work** 

**Diploma** Courses

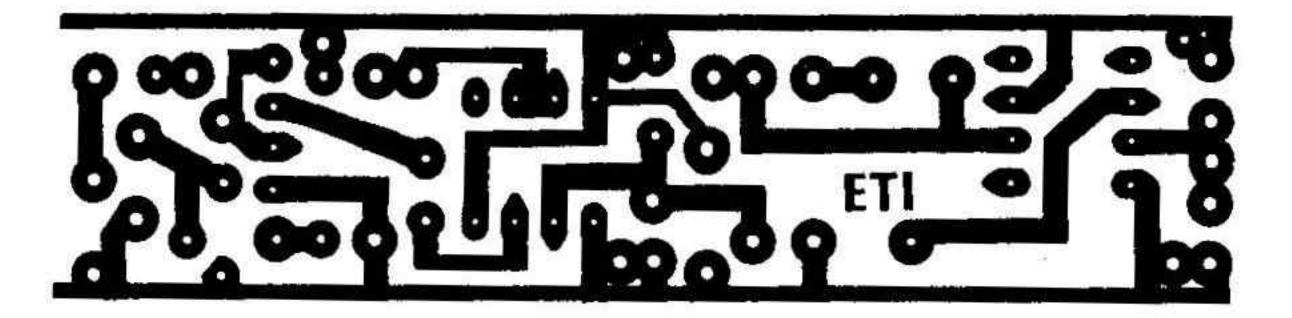
Colour T.V. Servicing CCTV Engineering Electronic Engineering & Maintenance Computer Engineering and Programming Radio, T.V. and Audio, Engineering & Servicing Electrical Engineering, Installations & Contracting

Other Career Courses A wide range of other technical and professional courses are available including GCE. Post this coupon or 'phone today for free ICS careers guide in Electronics Name Address Age \_ To ICS, Dept. Z265; Intertext House, London SW8 4UJ or telephone 01-622 9911 (all hours)





(Below) Flash Trigger



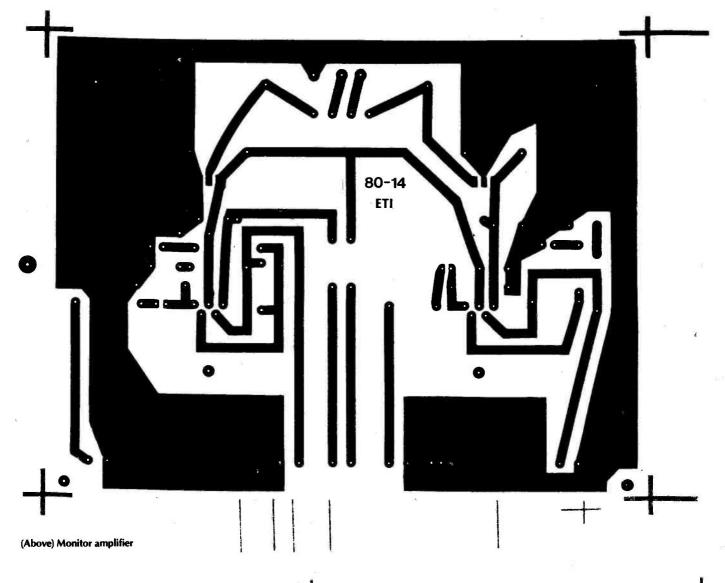
**Vocoder Power Supply Board** 

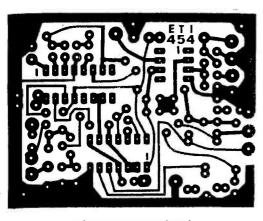
108



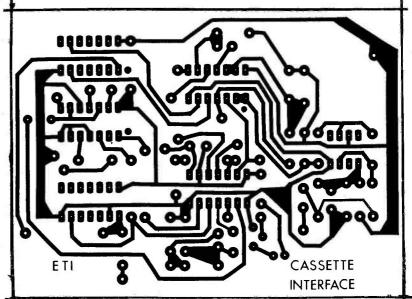
www.americanradiohistorv.co

### **PCB Foil Patterns**





(Above) Sustain/Fuzz board



109

#### WATFORD ELECTRONICS

#### **COMPUTER CORNER**

• 10x C12 Cassettes in Rack (P&P is extra on all items) Call in at our shi Demo or write in for leaflets.

SUPERBOARD II Ready-built and tested     Only £150	STRINGY FLOPPY. Combines economy Cassette with speed & reliability of DISC (incl. 2)			
PSU 5V/3A (for above incl. RF Modulator) £25	wafers) £169			
• 410 Expandion Board (8K R AM) expandable to 24K £150	SOFTY. Intelligent SPROM Programmer Con- nects directly to TV. Develop, copy. Burn EPROMS Kit     E99			
CHALLANGER 1P (Superboard cased with PSU) £188	Ready-built and tested £120 PSU for above (Built) £20			
Extra 4K RAM (8x2114)     E20     Plastic Case Black, fits UK101 Superboard.	UHF Modulators 6MHz 280p UHF Modulators 8MHz 450p			
NASCOM II etc £20	KEYPADS 4 x 4 matrix 350p			
SUPERPRINT 800. 80 column Hugh Perfor- mance Impact Printer, Ideal for PET, NASCOM, UK101, Superboard, TRS80 etc. only £349	• Full ASCH coded 56 Key Keyboard Mod. 756 £40			

VIDEO GENILE based on TRS80. Utilises 280. 12K level II Basic 16K RAM incl. Cassette Dack E325

SWITCHES TOGGLE: 2A, 2I SPST DPDT 4 pole on / off SPC hangeover SPST on / off SPST based DPDT 6 urgs DPDT 6 urgs DPDT based	28p 34p 38p 54p 54p 54p 84p 85p 70p 70p 115p	SLIDE 280V: 1A DPDT 140 1A DPDT 100000 1A DPDT 154 4 pole 2 way 240 PUSH BUTTON DPDT Black Body Red, Blue, Gren, Yell. SRL Lasching 1240 SRL Lasching 1240 SRL Momentay SRM Momentay SRM Momentay SRM Momentay SRM Momentay SRM Momentay SRM Momentay SRM State 120 Push to Make 120 Push Breek 250	4 way 8 ROTAR Adjustal modate Mains 5 Break B 2p/6 w Specer a ROTAR 1 pole/2 pole/2 ROTAR	DIL SWITCHES (SPST) 4 way 85p: 6 way 95p; 8 way 115p. ROTARY: Make your own multiway Switch. Adjustable Stop Shafting Assembly. Accom- modate up to Walers 90 Mains Switch DPST Uafers. 1 pole / 12 way. 2p/6 way. 3p/4 way. 4p/3 way. 6p/2 way Spacer and Screen 90 ROTARY: (Adjustable Stop) 1 pole/2 to 12 way. 2p/2 to 6 way. 3 pole/2 to 5 way. 4 pole / 2 to 3 way 43p ROTARY: Mains 2500 AC. 4 Amp 52p 220-2400				
455KHz 33 1.08MHz 32 1.28MHz 33 1.84MHz 33 1.84MHz 33 1.84MHz 33 2.45768MHz 33 2.45768MHz 33 2.45768MHz 33 3.27954M 11 4.000MHz 33 5.1855M 32 5.4286M 44 6.00MHz 33 5.24286M 44 6.05336M 22 7.680MHz 33 6.9572MHz 33 6.972A 33 9.972A 33 1.84312MHz 33 1.84312MHz 33 1.84312MHz 33 1.84312MHz 33 1.84312MHz 33 1.84312MHz 33 1.840MHz 33 1.84312MHz 33 1.840MHz 33	22 6-0 69: 23 874: 6 23 874: 6 23 124: 34 24 124: 4 25 124: 4 26 124: 4 27 124: 4	6V.4A 6V.4A; 9V.2 5.4. ; 15V.1 5A, 15V.1 5A, 5V.1A 25V.1A; 30V.4B, ; 12V.4A, 12V.4A; 30V.4B, 5X.20V.2.5A; 30V.1 5A, 20V.2.5A; 30V.1 5A, 20V.1.25A; 30V.1 5A, 20V.1 5A, 2	nA 95p 9V-4A:12V-3A 1500 9V-4A:12V-3A 235p(30p 18b) 1:3A 9V-13A; VV-8A:20V-13A; VV-8A:20V-13A; VV-8A:20V-13A; VV-8A:20V-13A; VV-8A:20V-13A; S200(155p 18b) SV-25A:12V-2A 20V-12A 20V- 30V-8A 345p(60p 18b) SV-3A:12V-2A 345p(60p 18b) SV-3A:12V-2A 245p(60p 18b) SV-3A:12V-2A 245p(60p 18b) SV-3A:12V-2A 245p(18b) SV-3A:12V-14 3	BOXES           WITH LID           3x21"           3x24x7           4x24x11/4"           75           4x24x11/4"           75           4x24x11/4"           75           4x24x11/4"           75           4x54x11/4"           75           4x54x11/4"           75           75           4x54x11/4"           75           76           77           8x56x3"           105           75           75           75           75           75           75           75           75           75           75           76           77           76           77           78           79           79           79           70           710           75           76           77           78           79           79           70	PANEL           METERS           FBD           60x46x           35mm           0.50µA           0.100µA           0.500µA			
Parts availabl for: Digital Test Meter, DM900, 60W Amplifier System. Senc SAE plus 5p for list.	LM300H LM305H LM309K LM317K		270p ORP 38p ORP 50p 2N5 95p 1 150p 1 5V/5A 1L74 595p TIL1	12 63 37 61 85 6 777 45 3 80LATORS 3 11/2 85 LC 14 95 LC	D500         115           Green CA         150           Green CA         215           ± 7 Red CA         150           ± 7 Green CA         150           ± 7 Green CA         150           M176         1750           D 3% Digits         875           D 4 Digits         975           D 6 Digits         950			
LS245         450           LS247         135           LS248         135           LS251         130           LS253         130           LS254         132           LS257         130           LS258         120           LS259         120           LS270         88           LS270         88           LS270         130           LS290         131           LS292         135           LS302         175           LS312         230           LS322         310           LS324         200           LS324         300           LS325         66           LS347	LS374 1 LS375 1 LS377 1 LS377 1 LS378 1 LS378 1 LS384 LS385 4 LS385 4 LS485 4	BC         4015         85           80         4016         42           80         4016         22           81         4018         28           85         4019         48           15         4020         99           20         4021         105           20         4023         35           40         4024         25           40         4025         25           40         4024         25           10         4026         109           99         4027         40           90         4027         125           10         4028         122           40         4030         60           95         4033         123           50         4033         125           50         4034         125           50         4033         125           50         4034         125           50         4034         125           4038         118         4034           4040         165         124           4040         165         126	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 4053 & 10\\ 4054 & 130\\ 4055 & 138\\ 4056 & 138\\ 4056 & 138\\ 4056 & 138\\ 4057 & 128\\ 4057 & 128\\ 4057 & 128\\ 4051 & 1225\\ 4052 & 128\\ 4051 & 1225\\ 4052 & 128\\ 4057 & 430\\ 4056 & 128\\ 4057 & 430\\ 4058 & 128\\ 4057 & 430\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4071 & 25\\ 4073 & 25\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 32\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 4077 & 43\\ 4078 & 30\\ 408 & 30\\ 408 & 3$	4174 130 4175 120 4194 125 408 780 4409 780 4410 780 4410 780 4411 1020 4411 1020 4412 1520 4412 1520 4501 28 4502 125 4506 75 4507 60 4508 75 4507 60 4508 75 4507 60 4512 98 4511 150 4512 98 4511 150 4512 98 4513 125 4515 120 4517 450 4518 105	4521         250           4522         150           4522         150           4522         150           4522         150           4522         150           4522         150           4522         150           4523         120           4524         120           4523         120           4524         120           4533         145           4534         155           4535         145           453         155           4534         155           4535         464           453         456           4553         460           4553         456           4555         75           4556         75           4556         75           4566         280           4561         96           4562         595           4561         96           4562         595           4581         360           4582         150           4584         454           4585         140      <			

ETI OCTOBER 1980



590p

V e've collected together all the corrections to the Audiophile Amplifier project in one place for easy reference.

If you've experienced any trou-ble with RF oscillation causing overheating in the power amplifiers, connect a 1000pF capacitor across the base-collector leads of Q12 and a second 1000pF capacitor across the base-collector leads of Q13 (power amplifier circuit diagram, p.56). As a safety measure, R10 can be increased to 47R to reduce drive current and prevent overheating without loss of performance.

R15, 115 (p.62, Fig.4) mount directly on SW6. In the Parts List on the same page, C10 should be 12nF



#### **Kit Update**

W e're still receiving news of kits, in response to our kit survey, featured in the May issue. Partridge Electronics have introduced a 'Community Mixer Kit', which, they claim, is unique, in that it is the first complete mixer designed specifically for applications like hospital broadcasting. The design and straightforward construction take into account the limited budget available to buy equipment for voluntary broadcasting organisations.

The mixer has been designed in modular form, so that you can buy a basic mixer kit for £250 + VAT (8 input) or £300 + VAT (12 input) plus your choice of meter kit (VU, PRVU or PPM) plus your choice of preamp kit (microphone, disc, tape, cassette, etc). Each preamp kit comes in one of two forms (with or without equalisa**NEWS: Digest** 

polyester (or carbonate). The toggle

switch shown on the rear of the power amplifier case (p.63) is a selector switch for the two pairs of speaker output sockets we used. It is a dual, three position, centre-off switch. P.64, Fig.6 – R1 (2k2) in series with LED 1 should be R3 (2k2).

The unmarked lead in Fig.8, p.65 (third one down) goes to T1. There are three connections only to the 0 V tag - C3/C4 junction, C103/C104 junction, LED 1 cathode. All other 0 V connections are made to the 0 V junctions of the smoothing capacitors. In Fig.9 on the same page, the foil pattern of the component overlay has been printed upside down.

In the Parts List on p.65, the power amplifier supply transformer should be 25-0-25 V and the transformer for the preamp supply should be 15-0-15 V.

Shocking Truth S tatic is a nuisance all of us ex-perience at sometime or other. Often it only appears to be an irritating and uncomfortable surprise; not often enough is it realised that static can damage expensive equipment and lead to fire and other hazards in a working environment. 3M has produced a 14-page booklet outlining these hazards and it is available from Keith Nunn, Static **Control Systems Group, 3M United** Kingdom, PO Box 1, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG121JU.

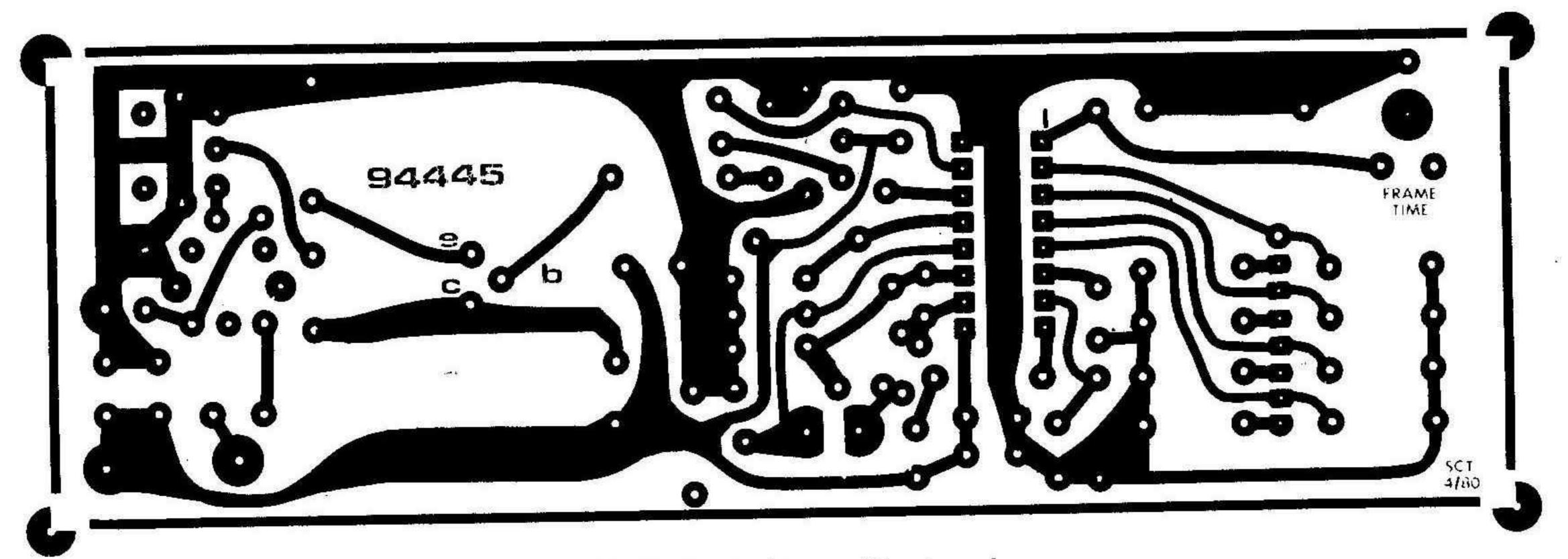
spare, you can also buy a number of extras, such as an autofade unit or a telephone interface studio terminal unit.

For further details contact Partridge Electronics, 56 Fleet Road, Benfleet, Essex SS7 5JN.

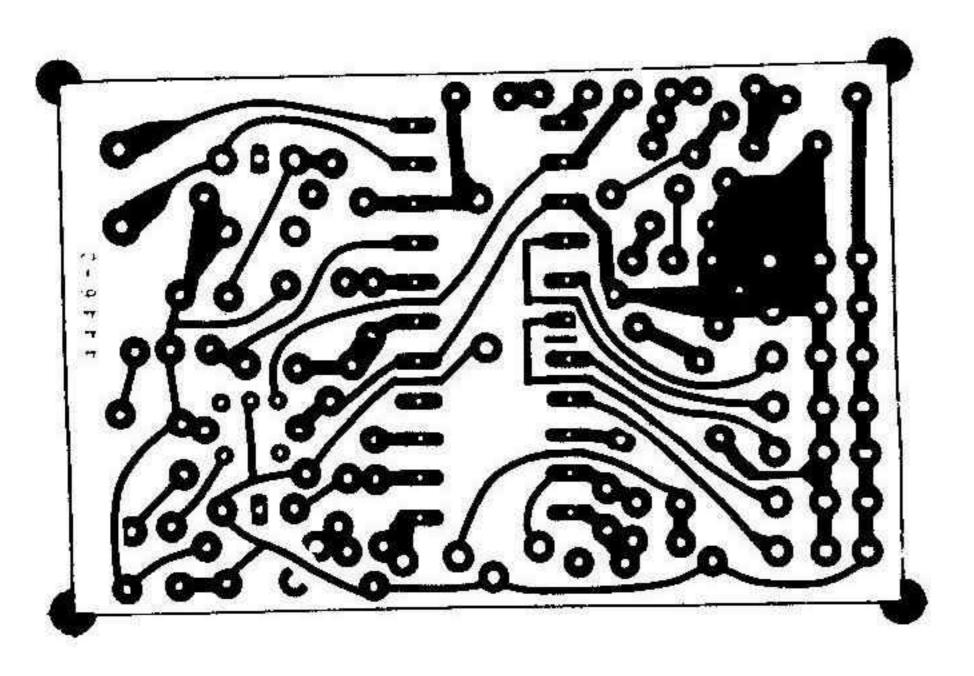
Hart Electronics can supply a range of cassette recorder and amplifier kits. Two high quality Linsey Hood cassette recorder kits are available at £81.50 + VAT and £94.90 + VAT respectively. The VFL 910 vertical front-loading deck hardware used in the top range model is available separately at £31.99 + VAT. Two 30 W amplifier kits complete the picture. For further information contact Hart Electronic Kits, Penylan Mill, Oswestry Shropshire.

tion). If you have some money to 11

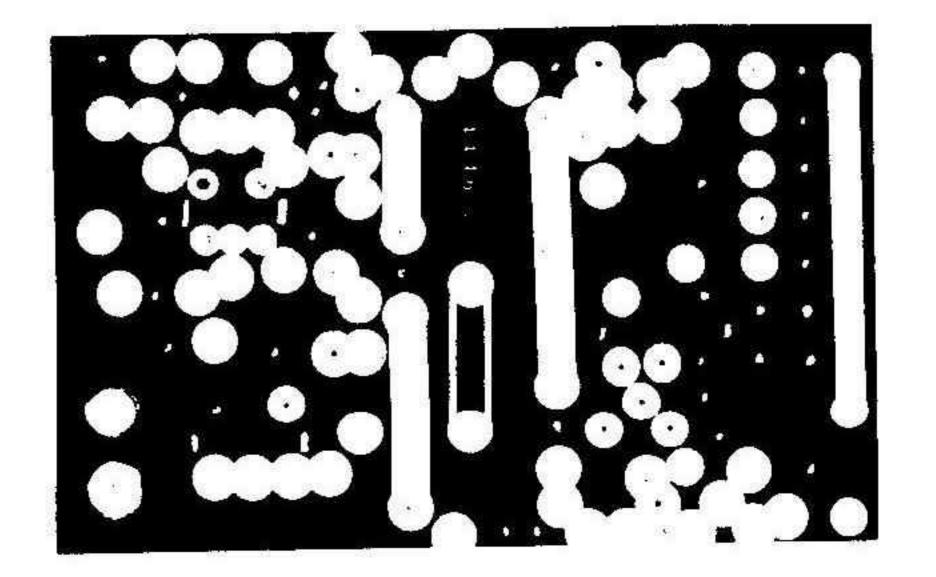
## **PCB Foil Patterns**



FM Radio Control transmitter board



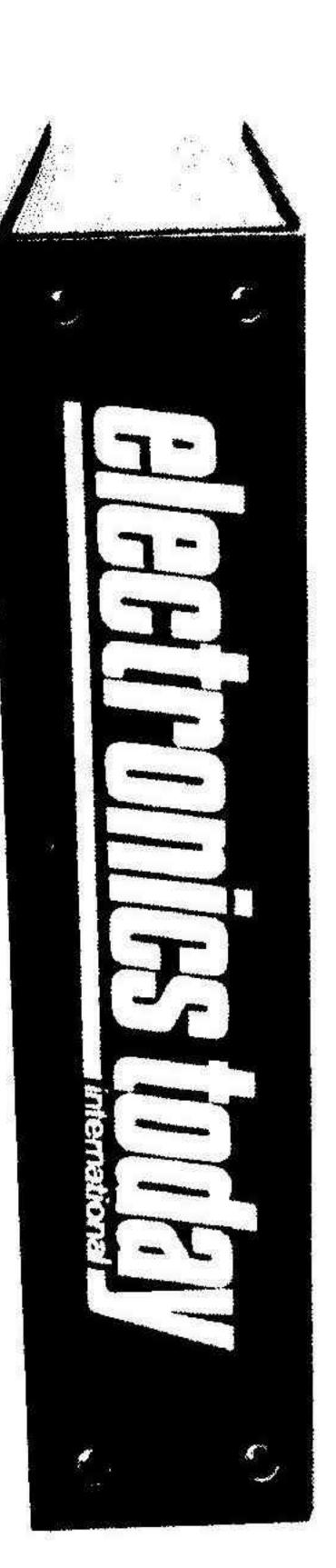
FM Radio Control receiver board (topside)



FM Radio Control receiver board (bottom side)







110

binder is designed to hold approximately twelve issues and is attractively bound with the ELECTRONICS blocked TODAY INTERNATIONAL logo.

Price U.K. £3.95 including postage, packing and V.A.T., overseas orders add 30p. Why not place your order now and send the completed coupon with remittance to:-

EASIBIND LTD., 4 UXBRIDGE STREET, LONDON W8 7SZ. Tel: 01-727 0686 Please allow 3/4 weeks for fulfillment of order.

# it's easy

Easibind Ltd., 4 Uxbridge St., London, W87SZ. Nat. Giro No. 5157552. Order Form ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL

enclose p.o./cheque value .....

for ..... binders

Years required .....

Could you be a Project Engineer for ETI? - the person who fills this position will be able to design and build up projects to the standard of finish ETI readers are used to seeing in their magazine. This calls for someone with a good knowledge of circuit design and with the patience to carry the design through to a finished state. Existing staff are available to assist in all aspects of design work. The easiest part of the job will be writing up the project once it is completed. None of the present ETI technical staff were journalists previous to joining, and no-one has found the writing a difficult task.

We have no preconceived notions of age required. Applications should reach us as soon as possible with C.V.

## **BLOCK LETTERS PLEASE**

Name .....

Address .....

Date .....

**Registration No. 307469** 

eb

Each

Apply in writing to: The Editor, **Electronics Today International** 145 Charing Cross Road, London WC2H 0EE

## ETI OCTOBER 1980

## ETIPRINT

Shown below is the listing for

Etiprint 043

the last year's ETIPRINTS.

ETIPRINTS are a fast new aid for producing high quality printed circuit boards. Each ETIPRINTS sheet contains a set of etch resistant rub down transfers of the printed circuit board designs for several of our projects. ETIPRINTS are made from our original artwork ensuring a neat and accurate board. We thought ETIPRINTS were such a good idea that we have patented the system (patent numbers 1445171) and 1445172).

#### -PARTS LIST-

038	Buffer Moving Coil Preamp Process Controller	Jan 80	040B	ETI 80 — PSU Tuning Fork Filter Coin Toss	Feb 80	042B	Touch Dimmer, Battery Charger RC Guardian (Top,Bottom)1&2	Apr 80
039A	Hum Filter Logic Probe	Dec 79	041A	ETI Audiophile ETI VCA Signal Trace	Mar 80	043	IR6O preamp, Receiver, PSU, Servo Tester,	May 80
039B	Long Period Timer Rain Alarm Touch Switch Flash Trigger Pseudo Random Noise Gen	Dec 79	041B	ETT HC Electromyogram VCM Heater Controller	Mar 80	044A	VU – PPM IR60 Function Board (Top & underside) Control Circuit, Line Transmitter, Tape Response Meter	June 80.
039C	Function Generator	Dec 79	042A	300W Amp Module	Apr 80		Ohmmeter	
040A	ETI 80 – VCO and VCLFO	Feb 80	033	Fuel Level Monitor. Alarm, Screen Controller Dynamic Noise Reducer	Sep 79	044B	FM receiver PSU & Monitor Amp Drum Synth (function board)	June 80
	8	14			-			

#### -HOW IT WORKS-

Lay down the ETIPRINT and rub over with a soft pencil until the pattern is transferred to the board. Peel off the backing sheet carefully making sure that the resist has transferred. If you've been a bit careless there's even a 'repair kit' on the sheet to correct any breaks!

#### **BUY LINES**

ORDER TODAY

Send a cheque or PO (payable to ETI Magazine) to ETI PRINT, ETI MAGAZINE 145 Charing Cross Road, London WC2H 0EE. Price £1.20p.

SPECIAL OFFER YOU MUST NOT MISS £127+ VAT SAFGAN OFFERS ST-45 single trace Oscilloscope at only £127+VAT P&P Free till 10th Oct. (1980) 10mv/div . . . 5MHz . . . 4" crt . . . 1 yr. Guarantee . . . British SPECIFICATION ★ SENSITIVITY: 0.5div int, 100mv Ext 10mv/div - 5v/div in 9 Cal Steps ★ BANDWIDTH greater from 5MHz ★ GRATICULE BLUE RULED 8x10div \* TIME BASE1µs/div-50ms/div in 15 (6.4x8cm<sup>2</sup>) CAL STEPS SIZE H 215mm, W 165mm, D X5 EXPANSION TO 200ns/div 280mm WEIGHT 4kg. X5 MULTIPLIER TO 250ms/div ACCESSORIES TRIGGER LEVEL,  $\pm$  SLOPE, BRIGHT PROBE (X1-REF-X10) £11.50 + VAT \* ADAPTOR BNC to 4mm SOCET £2.95 + LINE AUTO VAT Order to: SAFGAN ELECTRONICS LTD. ST-45 56 BISHOPS WOOD, ST. JOHNS, WOKING, SURREY GU21 3QB, Tel: WOKING 66836 or WOKING 69569 OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT AND EDUCATIONAL ORDERS ACCEPTED Buy it with Acces S CHANNEL SOUND/LIGHT CHASER LB31000SLC CPASE CHASER LB31000SLC CPASE COMPANY AND A COMPANY COMPANY AND A COMPANY COMPANY AND A COMP

# 3 CHANNEL SOUND/LIGHT LB31000SL

ROPE LIGHTS/DRIVER LB41000LC-S ECTONIC CONTINUED CONTINE

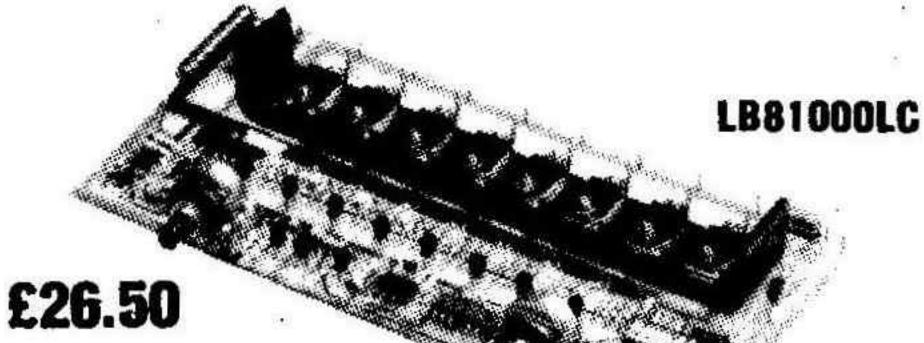
A four channel chaser up to 1,000W per channel, with a sound trigger facility. The music input signal modulates the speed of the chase giving an excellent sound / light effect. The unit will control up to 10 ropes with chase speed and trigger level control.

NEW ADVANCED MODE LBPA3 M Magnetic	L
C Ceramic	Still an
	amazing £30.70
	Magnetic or ceramic deck versions — please state
and right deck mixers / tone confide over decks / and P.F.L. LB100/150/250 and respe	ontrols/mic.mixer/tones/mic.auto The unit can be used with either octive supplies.
and right deck mixers / tone confide over decks / and P.F.L. LB100/150/250 and respe	reo disco preamp on one board, left ontrols/mic. mixer/tones/mic. auto The unit can be used with either octive supplies. Sliders — £11.21 (Six stereo,
and right deck mixers / tone confide over decks / and P.F.L. LB100/150/250 and respective full set of pots - £8.63	ontrols/mic.mixer/tones/mic.auto The unit can be used with either octive supplies.
and right deck mixers / tone confide over decks / and P.F.L. LB100/150/250 and respective Full set of pots - <b>£8.63</b> <b>three mono</b> .	ontrols/mic.mixer/tones/mic.auto The unit can be used with either octive supplies. Sliders — £11.21 (Six stereo



All the advantages of the SLC without chase. Controls: bass/mid/treble/master sensitivity. Excellent performance





An all logic chaser system for use with up to 8 channels at 1,000 watts each. Facilities include footswitch trigger and module cascading (16, 24, 32 channel, etc.), chase speed and re-cycle delay.



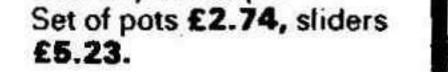


PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING PY PROFESSIONALS

ELECTRONIC MODULES

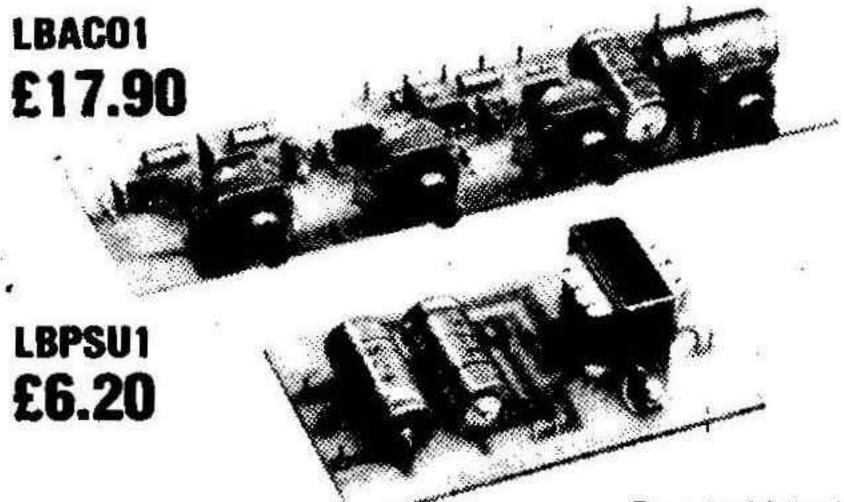
45 Wortley Road, West Croydon, Surrey CRO 3EB. Tel. 01-689 4138

- 1) You need a module
- 2) It must be reliable
- 3) It must be competitive
- Its performance must be simply excellent
- 5) Its finish must be outstanding



Set of pots £3.27, sliders £4.49.





Bass/mid/treble active crossover with stage booster! Available with crossover points of 200Hz or 300Hz, and 2K or 3KHz (please specify) LBPSU1 supply for LBACO1 (1 or 2).



A de-thump unit for use with any LB power amps. Simply connects between amp and speaker.

LBRLD1

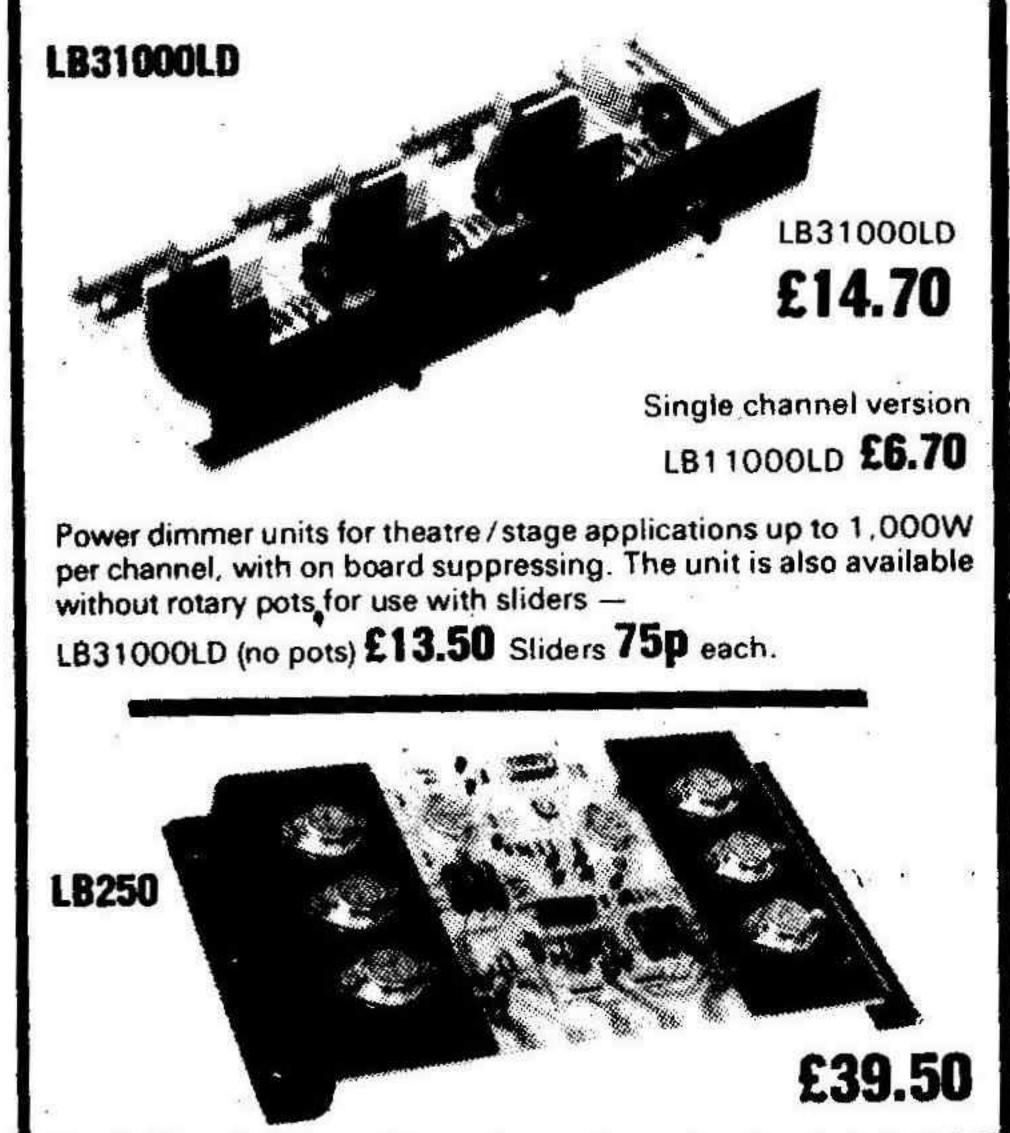
£5.70

£17.50

112

A 4 channel sequence generator for banks of lamps up to 1,000W per channel. Two speed controls, cross effect to provide settings between seconds and rapid burst.

## **1 AND 3 CHANNEL DIMMERS**



6) You require a connection and circuit diagram

## 7) You require L & B

Each module is manufactured from the highest quality components, and fully tested and guaranteed for 12 months.

All prices shown are VAT inclusive. Please include 50p post/packing except where individually stated. To mail order send cheque/P.O./registered cash/Barclaycard or Access number. C.O.D. service £1 extra. For the new Autumn catalogue send 50p.

## NEW - MINI MODULES - NEW

Ingeniously designed mini pre-amplifier 'building blocks' for use in music and P.A. applications. You choose the type and number of units you require for your particular system and mount each module via its control direct onto your panel. LBMM1 Pre-amp for mics, guitars etc. LBMM2 Mixer for up to 6 LBMM1/2/3/4/5 LBMM3 Bass/boost/cut for either LBMM1/2/3/4/5 LBMM4 Mid-boost/cut for either LBMM1/2/3/4/5 LBMM5 Treble boost/cut for either LBMM1/2/3/4/5 LBMM5 Treble boost/cut for either LBMM1/2/3/4/5 LBPSU1 ± 15V supply for up to 8 models LBPSU ± 15V regulated for up to 50 modules MM1 £4.50; MM2 £5.20; MM3 £5.70; MM4 £5.70; MM5 £5.70; PSU1 £6.20; RPSU £14.50.

## **POWER AMPLIFIERS**

Tough dealing power amps for use in sound systems.



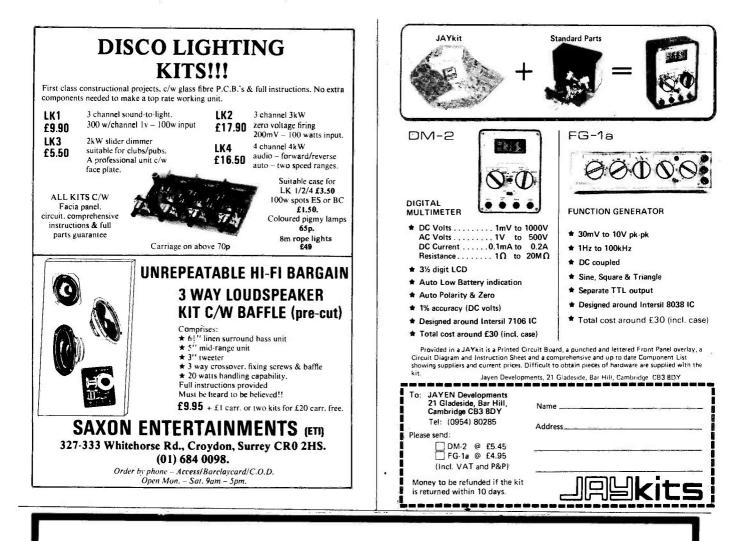
Open/short circuit protection and fused. Heavy gauge heatsinks and rugged o/p devices (all operate down to 4 ohms).

25W R.M.S.	100W R.M.S.	150W R.M.S.	250W R.M.S.
20Hz to 60K	SHz to 25K	5Hz to 25K	5Hz to 25K
0.07% THD	0.1% THD	0.1% THO	0.1% THD
9608 S/N	11008 S/W	11008 S/N	1100B S/N
LB25	LB100	LB150	LB250
£11.20	£18.20	£26.50	£39.50

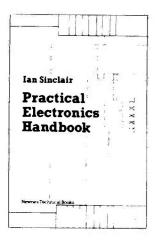
Note all models are available with either 500mV or 775mV sensitivity. Please state when ordering.

		G	
No.22	and the second		
	LB25	inpe	
	LDZ	10F 3	
LB25PS	L8100PS	LB150PS	LB250PS
£11.20	£14.70	£18.00	£24.50
P/P £1.20	P/P £1.40	P/P £1.40	P/P £1.70

ETI OCTOBER 1980



### New from Newnes Technical Books



Return to Philip Chapman

Borough Green, Sevenoaks, Kent TN15 8PH

#### Practical Electronics Handbook

lan Sinclair

A useful and carefully selected collection of standard circuits, rules-of-thumb and design data.

Covers passive and active components, discrete component circuits and linear and digital i.c.s.

Describes the operation and function of typical circuits whilst keeping mathematics to a minimum.

08 pages	216 × 138mm	£3.95	US <b>\$</b> 9. <b>00</b>
	me Practical Electron 0 408 00447 9. Find		,
	in die Verlanden der zweiten is der der verster verster gehaltigen.		
Address			••••••
.#			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		••••••	ETI 880

ETI OCTOBER 1980

2

113

7905       85p       78L15       33p         7905       85p       7805       70p         7912       85p       7812       70p         7915       85p       7815       70p         TIC246       16A       400V       Triac       115p         C106D       4A       400V       50       SCR       45p	SPEAKERS SPEAKERS 56mm 8 Ω 100p 56mm 8 Ω 100p 56mm 8 Ω 100p Pair of ultrasonic transducers Magnetic earphone + 3.5mm plug Magnetic earphone + 3.5mm plug Crystal earphone + 3.5mm plug 48p	AC127         25p         BC547         8p           AC128         25p         BCY71         18p           AD161         40p         BD131         35p           AD162         40p         BD132         35p           BC107         10p         BD139         35p           BC108         10p         BD140         35p           BC109         10p         BFX29         25p           BC178         16p         BFX50         23p           BC182         10p         BFY50         23p           BC182         10p         BFY51         23p           BC182         10p         MJ2955         98p           BC184         10p         TiP29C         60p           BC184L         10p         DIODES         DIODES	TIP30C 70p TIP2955 65p TIP3055 60p ZTX107 12p ZTX108 12p ZTX109 12p ZTX300 14p ZTX500 15p 2N3055 55p 2N3702 9p 2N3703 9p 2N3704 9p 2N3704 9p 2N3819 22p 2N3819 22p 2N3905 10p 2N5777 50p	CMOS402525p407225p4026150p408130p402750p408230p402890p408585p400125p4029110p409380p400225p4040110p4095110p400695p404285p451090p400725p4046110p4511100p401330p404860p451890p401585p405050p4520110p401648p405280p4528100p401780p4060120p4532125p401890p406663p4543170p4022100p406825p458380p4022100p406925p4585115p402325p407025p407025p402460p407125p407125p
Preset ver. or hor	DIN         Plug         Socket         Socket           2 pin         9p         8p         12p           3 pin         12p         10p         12p           5 pin         13p         11p         16p           JACK         Plug         Scr. plug         Socket           2.5mm         10p         16p         9p           3.5mm         11p         18p         9p           3.5mm         11p         18p         9p           std.         17p         30p         22p           Stereo         25p         39p         25p	BC212       10p       1N914       4p         BC212L       10p       1N4001       4p         BC214       10p       1N4006       7p         BC214L       10p       BZY88 series       8p         LM339       55p       LM348       100p         741       18p       LM377       170p         747       70p       LM378       230p         748       40p       LM380       80p         7106       950p       LM380       80p	MM57160 650p NE531 140p NE555 23p NE556 60p NE567 120p RC4136 100p	4024 60p 4071 25p SKTS Low Profile Texas 8 pin 9p 22pin 20p 14pin 11p 24pin 22p 16pin 12p 28pin 26p 18pin 16p 40pin 38p 20pin 18p 0.125in. 0.2in. TIL209 TIL220 10p
MISC. 8mm stranded conn. cable 30p Min. mains cable per metre 25p	IP12W rotary switches	7106 850p LM381 140p CA3046 70p LM382 120p CA3080 75p LM386 90p CA3130 100p LM387 120p	SN76477 230p TBA800 80p TBA810 110p TDA1022 630p	Green TIL209 TIL220 100 Green TIL211 TIL221 16p Yellow TIL213 TIL223 16p Clips 3p 3p

PP3 battery clips6p20MP12 LDR70pCrocodile clips6p3.75 x 5 0.1 veroboard99pAA rechargeable cells145p2.5 x 1 0.1 veroboard91pPP3 rechargeable cells495p3 x 2 x 1 aluminium box82pRed or black terminals30p6 x 4 x 2 aluminium box99p3 lead TO18 socket15pMiniature 606, 909 transformer. 110pRed or amber neon indicator42pTIL111 optoisolator80pSubminiature SPST toggle65p4 self adhesive feet20pStandard SPST toggle40pSRB Soldering iron430pMiniature slide switches16pDesoldering icol550pOur new catalogue is now available. It contains 100 illustrated pages detailing over 3000 line items. Send 50p for your copy! You will recieve: * A reply paid envelope. * A Mail Order form to facilitate rapid despatch. * A 50p Discount voucher.All prices include VAT. Please add 50p carriage on all orders below £15.00.We wteme termsMass office: 01.464 5770.Hortonic	LM307A 30pLM3017320pLM31885pLM3915320pPACKSSpecially designed packs intended for development work at a considerable saving.½w resistors.10 of each value 4.70hm to 1 Mohm.a total of 650 resistors.530p each.½w resistors.10 of each value 4.70hm to 1 Mohm.a total of 650 resistors.875p each.½w resistors.10 of each value 4.70hm to 1 Mohm.a total of 650 resistors.875p each.½w resistors.10 of each value from 1000hms to 1 Mohm.a total of 650 resistors.875p each.LED's. Pack of 5 of each value from 1000hms to 1 Megohm. a total of 65 presets.390p each.LED's. Pack containing 10 of each colour LED0.2 size. Total of 30 Led's + clips.450p each.Zeners. Pack of 5 of each value from 2V7 to 33VA total of 130 zeners.880p each.	DL704         0.3in         CC         130p           DL707         0.3in         CA         130p           FND500         0.5in         CC         100p           CAPACITORS           TANTALUM BEAD           0.1, 0.15, 0.22, 0.33, 0.47, 0.68, 1         and 2.2uF @ 35V         12p           4.7, 6.8, 10uF @ 25V         20p         22 @ 16V, 47 @ 6V, 100 @ 3V         26p           POLYESTER (Mullard C280 series)         0.01, 0.015, 0.022, 0.033, 0.047, 0.1         6p           0.15, 0.22         .         .         12p           RADIAL LEAD ELECTROLYTICS         8p         0.33, 0.47         .         12p           FADIAL LEAD ELECTROLYTICS         63V         0.47         1.0         2.2         3.3         47         9p           25V         10         22         3.3         47         9p           100         9p         9p         100         32p
76 College Road, AND NOW A DIMIMER	Bromley, Ken TRIACS	DISPLAY LIGHTING KITS
THAT MAKES TOUCH DIMMERS OBSOLETE In years upo TN Electronics launched a wind which made knob Introlled dimmers obsolete This was We have designed the light dimmer unit a standard wall box, the transmitted fit your hand and the price	ofit 400V Plastic Case (Texa 3A 49p 16A 9 8A 58p 12A 85p 25A 19 6 A with trioger 8	

ningazines and more retailers soon produced similar designs SO THAT OTHERS MAY FOLLOW. TK have designed a touch dimmer kit with an Infra Red Remote Control enabling you to switch and control the brightness of your lights from the

such a great success that many

conifort of your armchair etc. (as well as manually by touching the frontplate or by using the TDE/K extension kitl.

As with all out kits, these units come complete with all components, including RFI suppression, frontplate, a neon to help you find the switch in the dark and a neat box for the transmitter. The plastic frontplate has no metal pads to touch ensuring complete safety and enabling the plate to be covered with a decorative finish to blend

with your room decor.

In two years time everyone will be selling remote control dimmers but you can have your TDRK300K kit NUW for only £14.30 for the dimmer unit and £4.20 for the transmitter For the more athletic of you, the TD300K is still available at £6.50 and the TDE/K at £2.00.

1:1-

your pocket.

DON'T FORGET to add 40p P&P and 15% VAT to your total purchase

### **REMOTE CONTROL** COMPONENTS

LD271 IR Emitting Diode
SFH205 Photodiode Detector 95p
SL480 IC Pulse Amp
SL490 32 command encoder / transmitter £2.40
ML922 10 channel receiver + 3 analogue outputs £4.20
ML926 16 channel receiver 4 momentary binary
0/p £1.40
ML928 16 channel receiver 4 latched binary 0/p
ML929 16 channel receiver 4 latched binary o/p

## **RC500K KIT**

If you do not require a sophisticated multi-channel remote control, we have developed a simple single-channel on/off infra red transmitter and receiver kit. The transmitter unit comes complete with a hand-held box and requires a PP3 (9V) battery. The receiver includes a triac capable of switching up to 500W at 240V a.c. and comprises a pre-amplifier bistable latch and a mains power supply, making the unit completely self contained. The small size of the receiver enables the unit to be "built into" all kinds of equipment from lamps to tape recorders. Range approximately 20ft. £12.50

#### This kit features a bi-directional sequence, speed of 65p sequence and frequency of direction change being 18p variable by means of potentiometers. Incorporates £14.60 master dimming control. DL21000L A lower cost version of the above, featuring unidirec-TK's SPECIAL OFFERS OF THE tional channel sequence with speed variable by means of a preset pot. Outputs switched only at mains zero crossing points to reduce radio inter-Orders must be received by 31.10.80 £8.00 ference to minimum. **Optional Opto Input DLA1** 60p MINI TRANSFORMERS £2.20 LM3915 Bar / Dot Driver £2.10 Standard mains £1.35 primaries 240V a c 2 x DL307 0.3" ca Display ..... £1.35 100mA secondaries 2 x 2N3442, 10 off each 0.2" LEDs ... £1.80 80p 6-0-6V Red, Green, Yellow ..... £2.90 \$5p 9-0-9V 12-0-12V 90p D.I.L. I.C. SOCKETS 17p 18 pin 8 pin 24p 12p 28 pin 14 pin 360 40 pin 14p 16 pm These kits form useful subsystems which may be incorporated into larger designs or used alone. Kits INTEGRATED CIRCUITS include PCB, short instructions and all com-MK1 TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER/ 555 Timer 21p 190 741 Op. Amp. Uses LM3911 IC to sense temperature (80°C AY-5-1224 Clock £2.60 £4.50 AY-5-1230/2 Clock / Timer 1KW £4.00 £8.20 AY-3-1270 Thermometer £7.00 ICL7106 DVM (LCD drive) Ideal for switching motors, lights, heaters, etc. £1.45 LM377 Dual 2 W Amp from logic. Opto-isolated with zero voltage

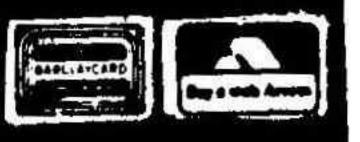
#### £3.50 LM379S Dual 6W Amp 80p LM380 2W Audio Amp £1.00 LM382 Dual/low noise Preamp 750 LM386 250mW low voltage Amp £1.50 LM1830 Fluid Level Detector £1.40 LM2907 f-v Converter (8 pin) £1.60 LM2917 f-v Converter (14 pin) LM3909 LED Flasher / Oscillator 60p

10p Data Sheets per device These ICs can be used with infra red, ultrasonic or radio links, depending on range, cost and speed of operation.

114

ALL COMPONENTS ARE BRAND NEW AND TO SPECIFICATION. ADD VAT AT CURRENT RATE TO ABOVE PRICES. 40p P&P MAIL ORDER -- CALLERS WELCOME BY APPOINTMENT





#### Requires 5-20V supply. £4.75 MK4 PROPORTIONAL TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER

switching. Supplied without triac. Select the

Displays an analogue voltage on a linear 10-

element LED display as a bar or single dot. Ideal for

thermometers, level indicators, etc. May be

stacked to obtain 20 to 100 element displays.

£2.60

8A isolated tab

MONTH

SPECIAL OFFERS

MINI KITS

a not accord and another will

Diac

AY-5-1224 Clock IC

ponents.

THERMOSTAT

max) and triac to switch heater.

MK2 SOLID STATE RELAY

required triac from our range.

MK3 BAR/DOT DISPLAY

2 x DL304 0.3" cc Display

Based on the TDA 1024 Zero voltage switch, this kit may be wired to form a "burst fire" power controller or a proportional temperature controller enabling the temperature of an enclosure to be maintained to within 0.5' C 3KW £5.55

#### MK5 MAINS TIMER

Based on the ZN1034E Timer IC this kit will switch a mains load on (or off) for a preset time from 20 minutes to 35 hours Longer or shorter periods may be realised by minor component changes. Maximum load 1KW £4.50

LM3911 Thermometer £1.20 LM3914 Dot / Bar Driver £2.10 £6.50 MM74C911 4 digit display controller MM74C915 7 segment-BCD converter MM74C926 4 digit counter with 7 seg.o/p £4.50 S566B Touchdimmer £2.50 59263 Touchswitch 16-way £4.85 £2.82 SN76477 Complex Sound Generator TBA800 5W Audio Amp. £1.00 TBA810AS 7W Audio Amp. £1.20 TDA1024 Zero Voltage Switch £2.85 TDA2020 20W Audio Amp. £1.80 ZN1034E Timer All ICs supplied with data sheets Data Sheets only 10p each device.

ŧ.



96p

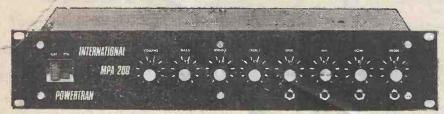
68p



ETI OCTOBER 1980

#### **MPA 200 100 WATT (rms into 8** $\Omega$ ) MIXER/AMPLIFIER

Featured as a constructional article in ETI, the MPA 200 is an exceptionally low priced — but professionally finished — general purpose high power amplifier. It features an adaptable input mixer which accepts a wide range of sources such as a microphone, guitar, etc. There are wide range tone controls and a master volume control. Mechanically the MPA 200 is simplicity itself with minimal wiring needed making construction very straightforward. The kit includes fully finished metalwork, fibregiass PCBs, controls, wire, etc. — complete down to the last nut and bolt.



Panel size 19.0" × 3.5". Depth 7.3"

COMPLETE KIT ONLY £49.90 + VAT!

**MATCHES THE CHROMATHEQUE 5000 PERFECTLY!** 

Chromatheque 5000

NT: 6

14191 >

ING EFFECTS SYSTE

#### **HROMATHEOUE 500 5 CHANNEL LIGHTING** EFFECTS SYSTEM

This versatile system featured as a constructional article in ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL has 5 frequency channels with individual level controls on each channel. Control of the lights is comprehensive to say the least. You can run the unit as a straightforward sound-to-light or have it strobe all the lights at a speed dependent upon music level or front panel control of the or use the internal digital circuitry which produces some supert random and sequencing effects. Each channel handles up to 500W and as the kit is a single board design wiring is minimal, and construction very straightforward.

POWERTRAN

Panel size 19.0" x 3.5", Depth 7.3"

Kit includes fully finished metalwork, fibreglass PCB controls, wire, etc. - Complete right down to the last nut and bolt





#### SYNTHESIZER KITS ON PAGE 8. MORE KITS AND ORDERING **INFORMATION ON INSIDE FRONT COVER.**

All kits also available as separate packs (e.g. PCB, component sets, hardware sets, etc.). Prices in our FREE CATALOGUE.

ETI-S CHANNEL U



#### **DE LUXE EASY TO BUILD LINSLEY HOOD** 75W STEREO AMPLIFIER £99.30 + VAT

This easy to build version of our world-wide acclaimed 75W amplifier kit based upon circuit boards interconnected with gold plated contacts resulting in minimal wiring and construction delightfully straightforward. The design was published in Hi-Fi News and Record Review and features include rumble filter, variable scratch filter, versatile tone controls and tape monitoring while distortion is less than 0.01%.



#### T20 + 20 20W STEREO AMPLIFIER £33.10 + VAT

This kit, based upon a design published in Practical Wireless, uses a single printed circuit board and offers at very low cost, ease of construction and all the normal facilities found on quality amplifiers. A 30 watt version of this kit (T30+30) is also available for £38.40+VAT. MATCHING TUNERS — See our FREE CATALOGUE!

Above 2 kits are supplied with fully finished metalwork, ready assembled high quality teak veneer cabinet, cable, nuts, bolts, etc. and full instructions - in fact everything!

**MUSIC EFFECTS DEVICE - AS FEATURED** 

#### **IN ELECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL!**

The BLACK HOLE designed by Tim Orr, is a powerful new musical effects device for processing both natural and electronic instruments, offering genuine VIBRATO (pitch modulation) and a CHORUS mode which gives a "spacey" feel to the sound achieved by delaying the input signal and mixing it back with the original. Notches (HOLES), introduced in the frequency response, move up and down as the time delay is modulated by the chorus sweep generator. An optional double chorus mode allows exciting antiphase effects to be added. The device is floor standing with foot switch controls. LED effect selection indicators, has variable sensitivity, has high signal/noise ratio obtained by an audio compander and is mains powered — no batteries to changel Like all our tils everything is provided including a biolity superior, runged steel, beautifully finished enclosure kits everything is provided including a highly superior, rugged steel, beautifully finished enclosure

#### COMPLETE KIT ONLY £49.80 +VAT (single delay line system) De Luxe version (dual delay line system) also available for £59.80 + VAT

Cabinet size 10.0" x 8.5" x 2.5" (rear) 1.8" (front)





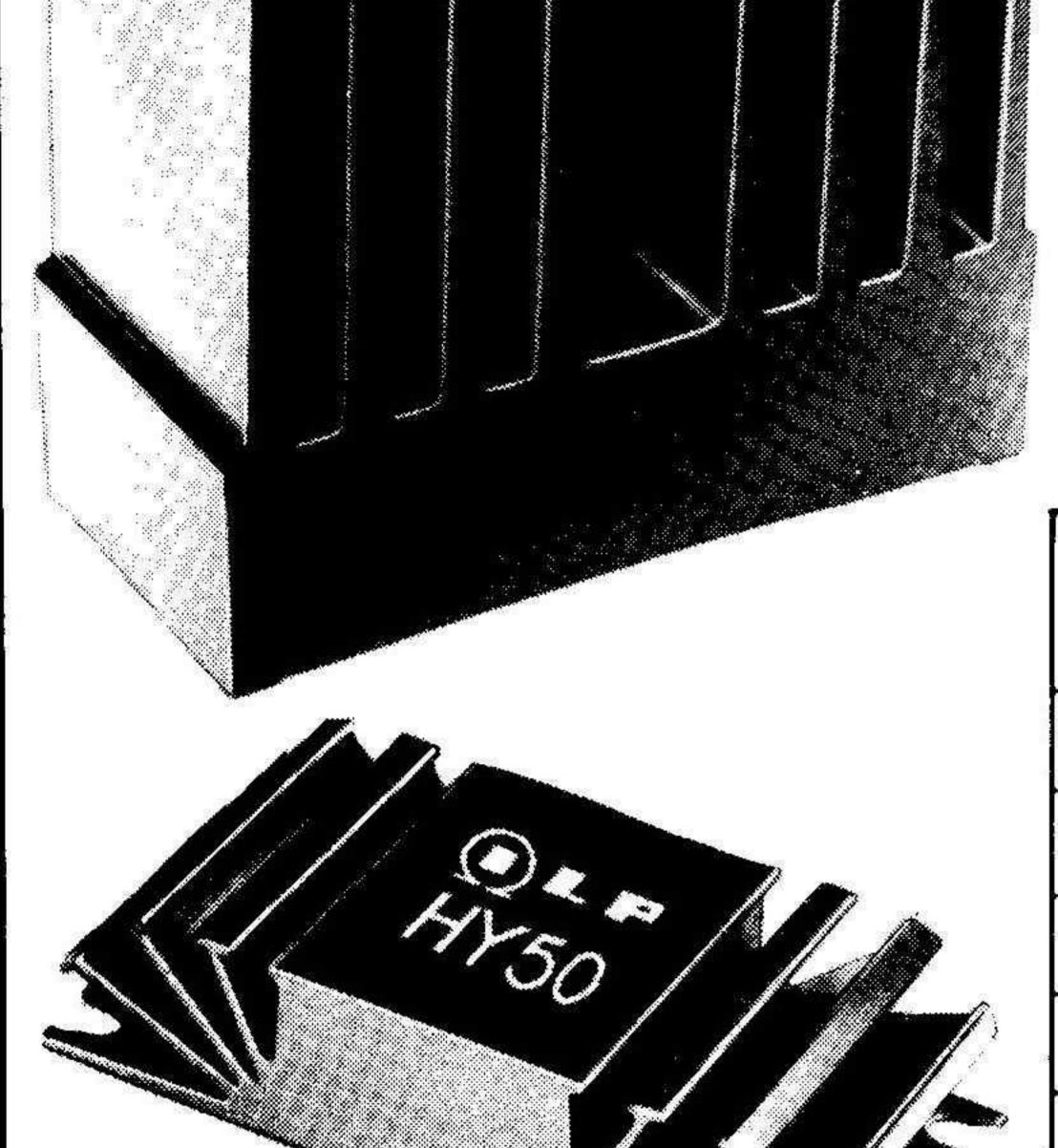


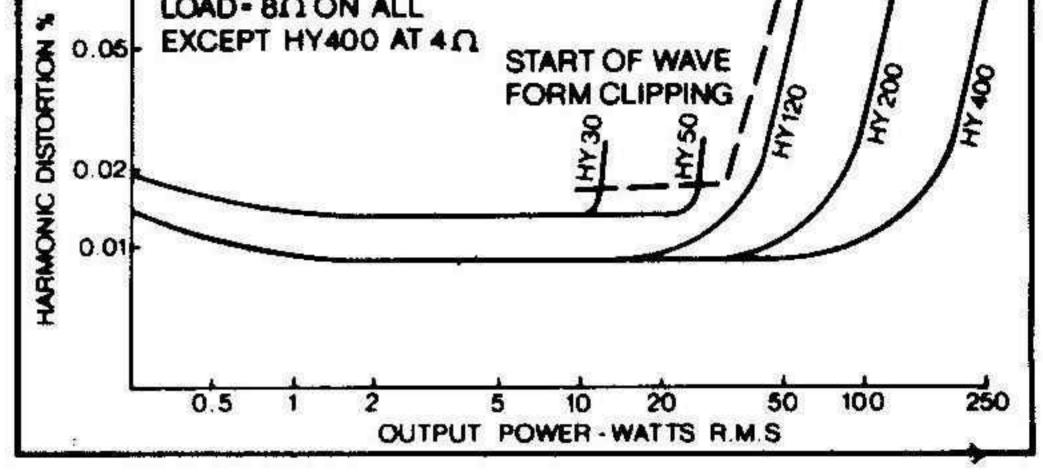




**ILP Power Amplifiers are** within encapsulated heatsinks designed to total heat meet dissipation needs. They are rugged and made to last a lifetime. Advanced circuitry ensures their suitability for use with the finest loudspeakers, pickups, tuners, etc. using digital or analogue sound sources.

0.10 F=1KHz LOAD=8Ω ON ALL



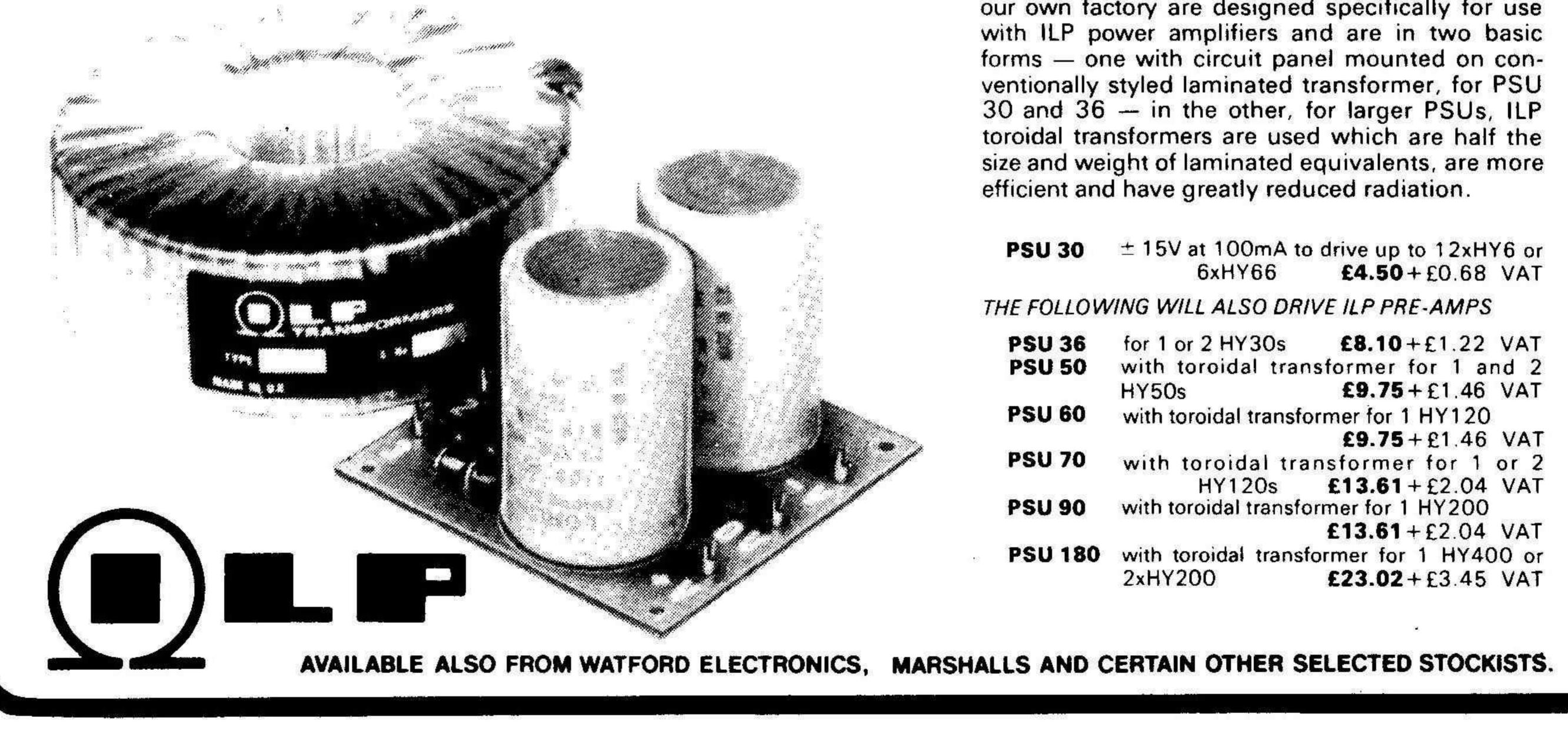


Model	Output Power R.M.S.	Dis- tortion Typical at 1KHz	Minimum Signal/ Noise Ratio	Power Supply Voltage	Size in mm	Weight in gms	Price + V.A.T.
HY30	15 W into 8 $\Omega$	0.02%	100 dB	-20 -0- +20	105×50×25	155	<b>£6.34</b> + 95p
HY50	30 W into 8 Ω	0.02%	100 dB	-25 -0- +25	105×50×25	155	£7.24 + £1.09
HY120	60 W into 8 Ω	0.01%	100 dB	-35 -0- +35	114×50×85	575	£15.20 + £2.28
HY200	120 W into 8 $\Omega$	0.01%	100 dB	-45 -0- +45	114×50×85	575	£18.44 + £2.77
HY400	240 W into 4 Ω	0.01%	100 dB	-45 -0. +45	114×100×85	1.15Kg	<b>£27.68</b> + £4 15

ILP PRE-AMPS ARE COMPATIBLE WITH ALL ILP POWER AMPS AND PSUs

12

# POWER SUPPLY UNITS



Load impedance - all models  $4\Omega - \infty$ Input sensitivity - all models 500 mV Input impedance - all models 100K Q

Frequency response - all models 10Hz - 45 KHz - 3dB

ILP Power Supply Units with transformers made in our own factory are designed specifically for use

<b>PSU 36</b>	for 1 or 2 HY30s	£8.10+£1.22 VAT
<b>PSU 50</b>	with toroidal tran	sformer for 1 and 2
	HY50s	£9.75+£1.46 VAT
<b>PSU 60</b>	with toroidal transfo	rmer for 1 HV120

ETI OCTOBER 1980

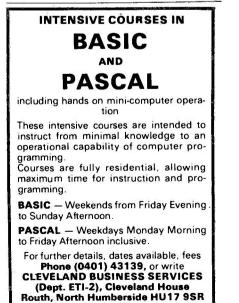


THE BRITISH AMATEUR ELEC-TRONICS CLUB for all interested in electronics. Four Newsletters a year. Library of technical books and magazines. Help for members by experts. U.K. and Eire £4.50, Europe £6, Airmail £7.50. Sterling per year. Details from Hon. Sec., J. G. Margetts, 3 Bishopstone Close, Golden Valley, Cheltenham.

2708/2716 (triple rail) FAST ERASING/ PROGRAMMING SERVICE. 2708 £3. 2716 £5. From your Hex (or copy your eprom). New 2708 £6 each. — Petron Electronics, 1 Courtlands Road, Newton Abbot, Devon, TQ12 2JA.

**BOOKS BOOKS BOOKS** — Large range of electronics books in stock. Send s.a.e. for list. Servio Radio, Dept ETI 10, 156-8 Merton Road, Wimbledon SW19 1EG.

**CIRCUIT DESIGN,** Prototype construction Analogue or Digital, Single Circuits or Complete Instruments/Systems. Write A J ATTWOOD, C.Eng., MIERE, Heathercote, Heatherton Park, Taunton, Somerset, TA4 1ET or Phone Bradford-on-Tone (082-346) 536.







**ZX80 MUSIC.** Tunes to tape like saving programs, no hardware mods. £1. Sketching program, poking to Memory Mapped Screen £1. Hex loader/display for machine code programming £1. Inclusive prices for program listing and details. — K. Macdonald, 26 Spiers Close, Knowle, Solihull B93 9ES.

**OSCILLOSCOPE £12.** Easy-build converter plugs into TV aerial socket and converts to large screen oscilloscope. (Components cost under £12). Circuit and plans £3. — Kerr, 27 Coles Road, Milton, Cambridge, CB4 4BL. (Callers by appointment.)

**ZX-80 & TRS-80 CASSETTE PRO-GRAMMES.** E.g. automatic calculator or metric converter £2.40 each including P&P. SAE for list. Toth, 46 First Avenue, Grimsby DN33 1DA.

PLUG-IN RAM CARDS, SUIT ZX-80 1K-£20; 2K-£30: 3K-£40. send order to Quicksilva, 56 Bedford Place, Southampton, Hants. Or S.A.E. for Data.

**ZX80 GAMES.** Mastercode (Number Mastermind). Runs on Basic ZX80. Extra memory not necessary on cassette. Send £2.50 or s.a.e. details/list. – Bobker, 29 Chadderton Drive, Unsworth, Bury, Lancs.



271a/275a Fulwood Road.

Sheffield S10 3BD

Broomhill



### **AVERTISEMENT INDEX**

 ACORN COMPUTERS
 105

 AJD DIRECT SUPPLIES
 67

 ALTEK INSTRUMENTS
 38

 AMBIT INTERNATIONAL
 71

 AUDIO ELECTRONICS
 32 & 38

 BAMBER
 62

 BAYDIS
 46

 BLPAK SEMICONDUCTORS
 52

 BK ELECTRONICS
 72

 BK SEMICONDUCTORS
 52

 BK ELECTRONICS
 72

 BUTTERWORTHS
 113

 CALCULATOR SALES & SERVICE
 75

 CAMBRIDGE LEARNING
 66

 CHILTMEAD
 68

 CHIROMASONICS
 62

 CODESPEED
 115

 COMP, COMP
 122 & 123

 CRIMSON COMPONENTS
 62

 CODESPEED
 115

 COMP, COMP
 122 & 123

 CRIMSON COMPONENTS
 31

 CRIMSON COMPONENTS
 32

 COMSON COMPONENTS
 33

 CRIMSON COMPONENTS
 33

 CRIMSON COMPONENTS
 34

 CRIMSON COMPONENTS
 35

 DORAM ELECTRONICS
 37

ETI OCTOBER 1980

LB ELECTRONICS
L& BELECTRONICS 112
MACLIN-ZAND 14
MAPLIN
MARSHALLS 115
METAC
MICRO-CIRCUITS
MICRO-PRINT LTD 104
MITRAD
MONOLITH 102
MOUNTAINDENE
E. R. NICHOLLS
NIC MODELS
PARNDON ELECTRONICS
T. POWELL
POWERTRAN 2, 8 & 116
PROGRESSIVE RADIO 58
PROTON ELECTRONICS 117
QUANTUM ELECT RONICS
RAPID ELECTRONICS 121
J. W. RIMMER
RISCOMP LTD
R.T.V.C
RUSHMOOR ELECTRONICS
SAFGAN ELECTRONICS
SAXON ENTERTAINMENTS
SCIENCE OF CAMBRIDGE
SILICA SHOP 67
C. N. STEVENSON
SURETRON SYSTEMS 102
SWANLEY ELECTRONICS
TANGERINE LTD
TARGET ELECTRONICS
TECHNOMATIC
TEMPUS
TIMEDATA LTD. 102
TK ELECTRONICS 114
TRANSAM
TA TELECTRONICO
T&TELECTRONICS
VIDEOTONE
WATFORD ELECTRONICS 10 & 11
WEST HYDE DEVELOPMENTS
WILLIAM STUART SYSTEMS
WILMSLOW AUDIO 115

#### **NEW COMPONENTS**

Pack No.	
A10	10 PP3 battery leads. 50p
A30	10 Red or black crocodile clips. 45p
A60	10 Red or black phono plugs. 80p
A61	10 single phono sockets. 70p
A70	10 2.5mm uncreaned jack plugs. 80p
A72	10 3.5mm unscreened jack plugs. 80p
A73	10 3.5mm chassis sockets. 80p
A74	10 Standard mono jack plugs. 130p
A75	10 Standard switched jack sockets. 170p
A84	10 5 pin 180° DIN plugs. 120p
A85	10 5 pin 180° DIN chassis sockets. 100p
C10	5 Standard toggle switches SPST, 190p
C20	10 Miniature DPOT slide switches. 130p
C30	10 Miniature push to make switches. 130p
C31	10 Miniature push to break switches. 170p
C40	Pair of ultrasonic transducers. 350p
C50	20 Texas 8 pin sockets. 170p
C51	20 Texas 14 pin sockets. 200p
C52	20 Texas 16 pin sockets. 220p
E10	Resistor kit 10 each value 4.70 to 1M. 1/2W type.
	Total of 650 resistors. 480p
	1/4W 5% carbon resistors. 18p for 20
	Multiples of 20 per value only 1
E33	10 4.7u 63V radial electrolytics. 50p
E34	10 10u 25V radial electrolytics. 50p
E37	10 100u 25V radial electrolytics. 75p
'E44	10 fu 35V tantelum capacitors. 100p
£50	10 0.1u Mullard C280 polyester. 50p
E54	10 0.1 Mullard C280 polyester. 50p
F11	10 BC108 transistors. 90p
F15	10 BC184L transistors. 90p
F17	10 BC214L transistors. 90p
F25	10 2N3702 transistors. 90p
F26	10 2N3704 transistors. 80p
F27	10 2N3819 19 transistors. 190p
F29	10 2N3905 transistors. 90p
F41 F46	4 2N3055 transistors. 200p
H10	5 7085 1A 5V regulators. 300p
H50	20 1N4002 rectifier diodes. 75p
H60	20 OA91 signal diodes. 140p
H70	100 1N4148 signal diodes, 180p 5 C106D 4A 400V thyristors, 200p
H75	5 TIC246D 16A 400V triacs. 520p
J10	20 0.2in red LEDs. 170p
J15	50 0.2in red LEDs. 400p
J20	100 0.2in red LEDs. 750p
J30	20 0.2in green LEDs. 280p
J50	20 0.2in yellow LEDs. 280p
<b>JBO</b>	4 FND500 displays. 35p
K5	5 741 operational amps 8 pin. 90p
K25	5 LM301A operational amps. 8 pin. 140p
K30	1 LM324 operational amplifiers. 50p
K80	5 CA3140 operational amps. 225p
K60	5 NE555 timers. 110p
M10	8 2114LP memories, 2800p
N 5	1 Dato printed circuit board pen. 80p
All prices	include VAT. Please add 50p carriage on all orders below
	d SAE for our kehailed list. Mail order only.
	فتسجيب فالمتحد والمتحد والمتلة المستنع والمحاد

#### RAPID ELECTRONICS Hillcroft House, Station Road, Eynsford, Kent

#### ETCH RESIST TRANSFER KIT SIZE 1:1

Complete kit 13 sheets  $6in \times 4\sqrt{2}in$  **£3.00** with all symbols for direct application to P.C. board. Individual sheets 30p each. (1) Mixed Symbols (2) Lines 0.05 (3) Pads (4) Fish Plates and Connectors (5) 4 Lead and 3 Lead and Pads (6) DILS (7) BENDS 90° and 130° (8) 8-10-12 T.O.5. Cans (9) Edge Connectors 0.15 (10) Edge Connectors 0.1 (11) Lines 0.02 (12) Bends 0.02 (13) Quad in Line.

#### FRONT AND REAR PANEL TRANSFER SIGNS

Ail standard symbols and wording. Over 250 symbols, signs and words. Also available in reverse for perspex, etc. Choice of colours, red, blue, black, or white. Size of sheet 12in x 9in. Price £1.20.

#### GRAPHIC TRANSFERS WITH SPACER ACCESSORIES

Available also in reverse lettering, colours red, blue, black or white. Each sheet 12in. x 9in contains capitals, lower case and numerals 1/sin kit or 1/sin kit. £1.20 complete. State size.

#### All orders dispatched promptly. All post paid

Shop and Trade enquiries welcome Special Transfers made to order

E. R. NICHOLLS P.C.B. TRANSFERS DEPT. ETI10

46 LOWFIELD ROAD STOCKPORT, CHES. 061-480 2179

#### **BITS & BYTES**

8MHz Super Quality Modulators	£4.90
6MHz Standard Modulators	£2.90
C12 Computer Grade Cassettes	10 for £4.00
Anadex Printer Paper - 2000 sheets	£25.00
Floppy Discs 5%" Hard and Soft Sectored	£3.50
Floppy Disc Library Case 5 %"	£3.50
Verocases for Nascom 1 & 2 etc.	£24.90
Keyboard Cases	06.63

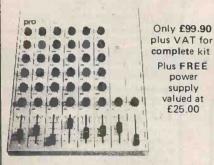


EPROM 2716 £12.50 + VAT

#### COMP PRO MIXER

Professional audio mixer that you can build yourself and save over £100. 6 into 2 with full equalization and echo. cve and pan controls.

All you need for your own recording studio is a stereo tape or cassette recorder. This superb mixer kit has slider faders, level meters and additional auxilliary inputs



**Ideal for** DISCOS STAGE MIXING HOME STUDIOS AND MANY OTHER APPLICATIONS





NEC

SPINWRITER





**COMPUPHONES** 

only £147 + VAT

#### LOW COST TELEPHONE £99.95 **ANSWERING MACHINE**

Microprocessor controlled answering machine. Plug into your phone line. Records any phone call messages. Remote bleeper enables you to listen to your messages from anywhere in the world. Uses standard cassettes. Comes complete with mains adaptor, microphone, remote bleaper, base unit, cassette with 30 sample pre-recorded messages.

#### TRS 80 · MODEL II

This new unit from the world's most successful micro company is now available immediately with software.

The basic unit comes complete with 64 thousand characters (bytes) of Memory. The built in 8" Floppy disc adds another 1/2 million extra characters including the disc operating system. More disc expansion is now available.

The Model II is a complete unit with a full keyboard including a numeric pad and 12" screen which gives 24 lines of 80 characters. The computer is supplied with both the disc operating system and the Level III Basic.

A full self test routine is written into the power up procedure to eliminate incorrect operation. Both serial and parallel expansion sockets are standard. A printer is a plug-in operation.

Both hardware and software necessary to talk to a mainframe are included. Terminal usage is very possible. With the addition of CPM2 you can operate with COBOL, FORTRAN, MBASIC, CBASIC in which languages are many other applications packages i.e. accounting, payroll stock etc.

64K 1-Disk Model II £1995.00 . VAL

#### RRP £2250.00 **1 DISK EXPANSION** Room for 3

CP/M2	£95.00
CIS COBOL	£400.00
CBASIC	£75.00
M BASIC	£155.00
FORTRAN	£220.00
WORDSTAR	£255.00

All this for only £895 + VAT



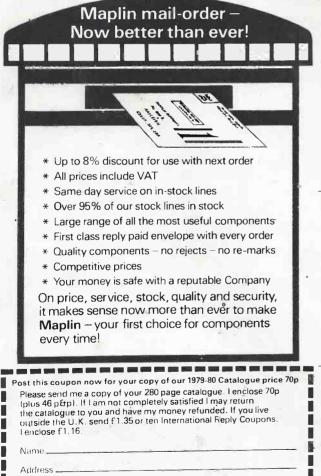
www.americanradiohistorv.com

CARRY PRICES AND CASH OUR PARE



### **Dens Tuesday 16th September, 1980**

Opening Hours 9.45 am to 5.30 pm Tuesday to Saturday (Closed Monday)



N

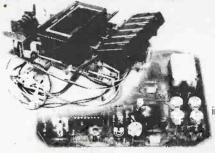
\* Excellent metered parking

Station for Piccadilly, District & Metropolitan Lines Bus no's 260.266.704.27.91 267.290 stop outside

.....

the

#### Stereo Cassette Tape Deck



Utilising the superb JVC deck made for Tandberg and a ready-made pre-aligned, tested and guaranteed module, this cassette deck has a superb sound and a high quality specification. We've got everything you need (except cabinet) including full instruction leaflet for only £39.95. Order as XY36P (Cassette Recorder Kit)

#### **Space Invaders**

Fight the space invaders, be a polaris captain or a spaceship commander. Full colour action on your own TV set and over 450 games to play.

Basic console with Combat cartridge (ACOOA) £99.50 + £2.50 carriage All cartrid

£34.50

£34 50

f16.95

£16.95

f 16 95

£16.95

gesavallable including:	
Space Invaders (AC26D)	
Indy 500 (AC24B)	
Chess (8levels) (AC28F)	
Golf (9holes) (AC18U)	
Air Sea Battle (AC01B)	
Space War (AC02C)	
Brain Games (AC16S)	
Outlaw (AC03D)	

Adventure (AC22Y)	£23.95
Skydiver (AC13P)	£16.95
Breakout (AC05F)	£16.95
Slot Racers (AC19V)	£16.95
Programming (AC27E)	£34.50
Olympics (AC04E)	£16.95
Street Racer (AC14Q)	£16.95
Keyboards per pair (AC	29G) £11.95

All prices include VAT and carriage except where shown



Maplin Electronic Supplies Ltd All mail to: - P.O. Box 3, Rayleigh, Essex SS6 8LR Telephone: Southend (0702) 554155.

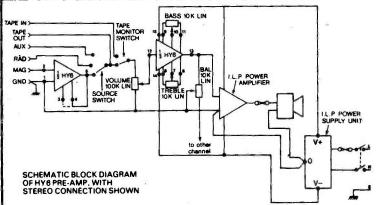
Shop: 284 London Road, Westcliff-on-Sea, Essex. (Closed on Monday) Telephone: Southend (0702) 554000



Catalogue now available in all branches of WHSMITH 🏟 Price £1.00

ETI 1080

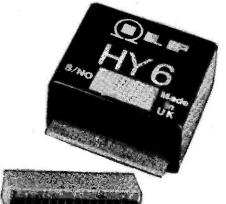
### this time with two new pre-amp



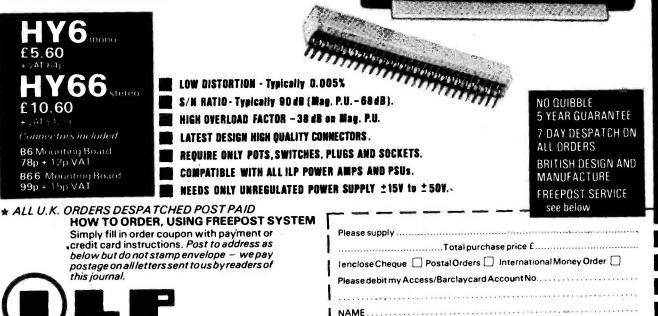
#### 6 stereo

When ILP add a new design to their audio-module range, there have to be very special reasons for doing so. You expect even better results. We have achieved this with two new pre-amplifiers - HY6 for mono operation, HY66 for stereo. We have simplified connections, and improved performance figures all round. Our new pre-amps are short-circuit and polarity protected; mounting boards are available to simplify construction.

Sizes - HY6 - 45 x 20 x 40 mm | HY66 90 x 20 x 40 mm. Active Tone Control circuits provide ± 12dB cut and boost. Inputs Sensitivity - Mag. PU - 3mV Mic - selectable 1-12mV: All others 100mV: Tape O/P - 100mV: Main O/P - 500mV: Frequency response - D.C. to 100KHz - 3dB







Graham Bell House, Roper Close, Canterbury, Kent CT2 7EP Telex 965780 Telephone (0227) 54778

ECTRONICS LTD.

FREEPOST 6

ADDRESS

Signature .

FM Radio Control

8**4** 

<u>11</u>

Page 15 missing

www.americanradiohistory.com

## HOW IT WORKS

The KB4445 is an I<sup>2</sup>L bipolar IC, comprising a 4 channel multiplexer encoder, RF oscillator with FM modulator (switch type) with a 30 mW RF output.

It is also provided with an undervoltage warning system using a flashing LED when the supply voltage drops below 4V4 from a nominal supply of 6 V.

The encoder section consists of a string of cascaded RC monostable time constants, determining the pulse width according to the position of the external control potentiometers.

Channel and frame times are similarly externally programmable.

Specification

16

	-		4		
	ltem	Min	Тур	Max	Comments
	Power supply (V DC)	4	6	12	LED flashes at 4V4
	Consumption (mA)		20		<b>Oscillator stopped</b>
	Output power (mW)		30		K84 6
	Dissipation (mW)		1000	450	4.5 mW/°C
	Operation temp (°C)	- 10		+ 60	
•	Storage temp (°C)	- 55	<b>9</b> 2	+ 125	
	Encoder pulse width (uS)		200		
	Channel pulse width (mS)		1.5		
1	Frame pulse width (mS)		20		
•	Frequency deviation (kHz)	2	A		Fo + Fdev when
	requerry activition (anta)	2	Treas		modulated
	Crystal frequency (MHz)	8	27	50	Crystal f = f out/2

level, so care must be taken when setting up inital values in this part of the circuit

Pin 13 of the KB4445 offers access to the modulator switch filter and may thus be tailored to provide optimum bandwidth by selection of an external value.

**KB4446 Receiver IC** 

Specification

Item	Min	Typ	Max	Remarks
Supply voltage (V DC)	2.1	3.0	4.0	LED flashes at 2V2
Supply current (mA) Receiver sensitivity (dBu) Limiting sensitivity (dBu)	15	20 26 40	25	at 3V 20db S/N
Detector output (8) (mV)		300		60dBu input

The KB4445 adopts one of the most universal encoder formats and is thus widely compatible with existing FM systems. The 'on-board' RF section is intended to be used as a driver for an external output stage and where sufficient supply voltage is available, a single power MOSFET may be used to achieve power levels in excess of 2 W.

The external circuit shown on the applications diagram delivers approx 400 mW RF to the antenna, which is sufficient for reliable control over 200 m with the KB4446 at the receiver.

Pin 12 of the KB4445 is the switching point of the modulator and it should be noted that the modulation action is achieved by switching an external capacitor in series with the crystal. Thus the level of deviation (more accurately termed modulation 'on' offset) may be controlled by a trimmable value at this point in the circuit. The capacitors across pins 10 and 11 form the feedback of a Colpitts oscillator and thus also affect the order specification of the transmit crystal in conjunction with the

S/N at 60 dBu in (dB)	40	
LED drive current (mA)	5	At Vcc. 2V2
Std pulse width (uS)	200	<b>*</b> );
Channel (mS)	1.5	
Frame (mS)	20	
<b>Output source current (uA)</b>	100	<b>Decoder</b> outputs
Output sink current (mA)	2.0	Int. 20k

The KB4446 receiver IC uses a third overtone (30pF parallel load) crystal in the local oscillator circuit, selected to be either 455 kHz high or low of the incoming transmitter frequency. Oscillator low is usually preferred.

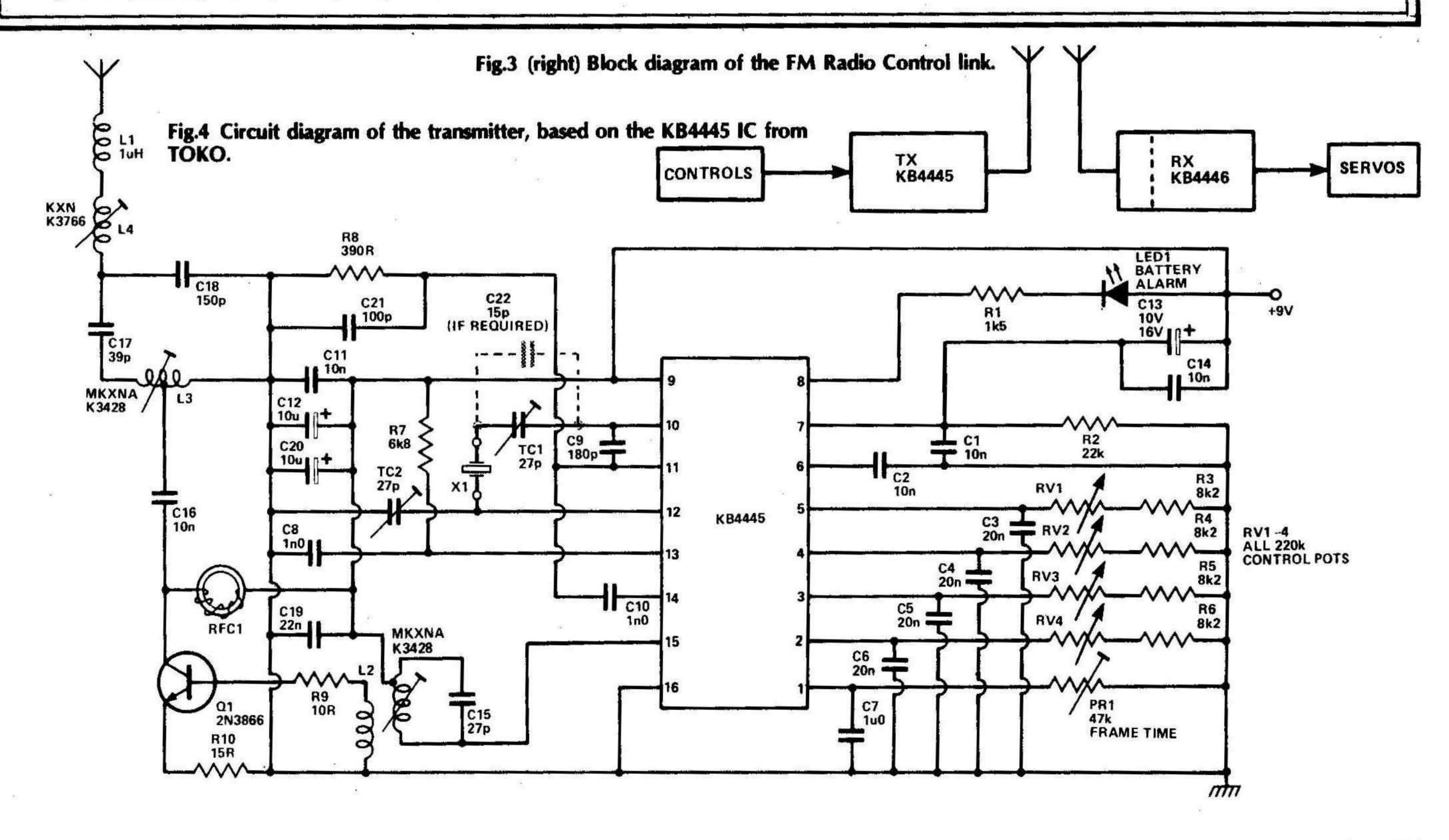
The mixer output will match either L/C IF filtering or ceramic filter systems in much the same way as the MC3357P. A tuned IFT is however recommended at this point in the circuit, since most ceramic filters will offer little or no attenuation to the local oscillator present at this pin.

The detector uses a standard form of quadrature at pin 2 of the IC a Q of approx 80 will give results in the above table, although other values may be used if provision is left to include a damping resistor. The choice of the coil will determine the output for a given deviation — in this case 2 kHz is used as the reference (ie 4 kHz total displacement.)

The detector output is fed to a comparator at the decoder input, which provides immunity to noise effects present on the detected signal. The values selected for the inputs at pins 21 and 22 will reject most HF noise and are based on the frame and pulse timing stated here. Other values may be used with non-standard forms of timing sequence. A good quality capacitor should be used at pin 20 since this is the reset timing capacitor, setting the frame at approximately 20 mS total with the values shown.

capacitor selected at pin 12.

Adjustment of the capacitor at pin 12 is an essentially iterative adjustment, altering the output frequency at the same time as the deviation



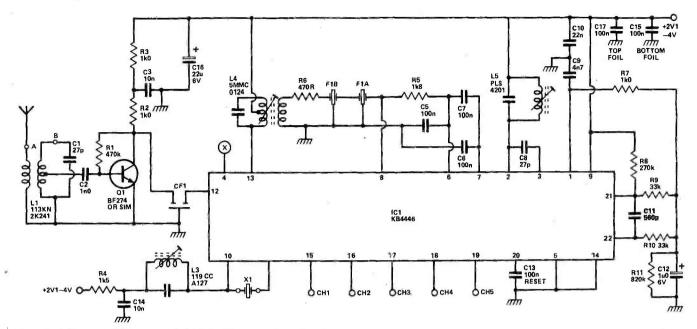


Fig.5 Circuit diagram of the receiver, built round the KB4446 IC, also from TOKO.

#### **Supply And Demand**

The KB4446 is designed to work on the exceptionally low voltage supplies (from 2V1 to 4V) to be precise. This is because the standard servo supply rail of 4V8 is subject to a lot of fluctuation and noise from the effects of the DC motors continually stopping and starting. Despite NiCad batteries being a very low impedance power source, there is nearly always some effect on the supply voltage when the start and stall current of average servos are being drawn, but the difference between 4V8 and the nominal 3V0 of the KB4446 is quite enough to permit stabilisation via a pass transistor.

Both ICs contain an under voltage LED indicator to let you know when the power is approaching a dangerously low level. The indicator need not necessarily be a LED, as the output is available to drive a variety of alternative warning devices. A high efficiency peizo-ceramic resonator may be a more satisfactory system for outdoors applications where the light of a LED is easily flooded by sunlight. A suitable circuit is shown in Fig. 6.

#### Construction

The PCB and layout (Fig. 7) of the receiver reveals very little, apart from the fact that you will need a steady hand and a fine point on your soldering iron. The receiver was designed to fit into a standard plastic case with the facility to easily swap crystals and servo connections, so some aspects of the layout are not perhaps as ideal as the RF purist would have chosen. Nevertheless, it works.

The transmitter PCB is a straightforward device, since it is not necessary to apply the same size constraints. The board is designed to slot into a standard case made by Micron radio control.

#### **Testing And Setting Up**

The first thing to do is to ascertain that the transmitter is working. Those with access to an oscilloscope can check the data frame shape and size. Reference back to the internal

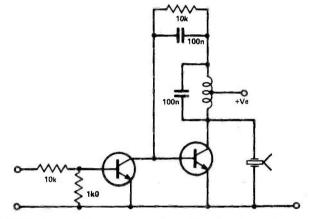


Fig.6 This piezo-electric resonator can be used as a low power alarm instead of a LED.

layout of the KB4445 (Fig.4) shows that the modulating waveform is available at pin 12 of the IC.

Carry out such tests with the crystal removed, since the close proximity of a strong RF field will tend to distort the readings of better (wide bandwidth) oscilloscopes. The frame signal should be set to 20 mS using the preset on pin 1 of the KB4445. If you do not have the necessary equipment to check this, set the 50k preset approximately halfway. The control sticks should similarly be set halfway.

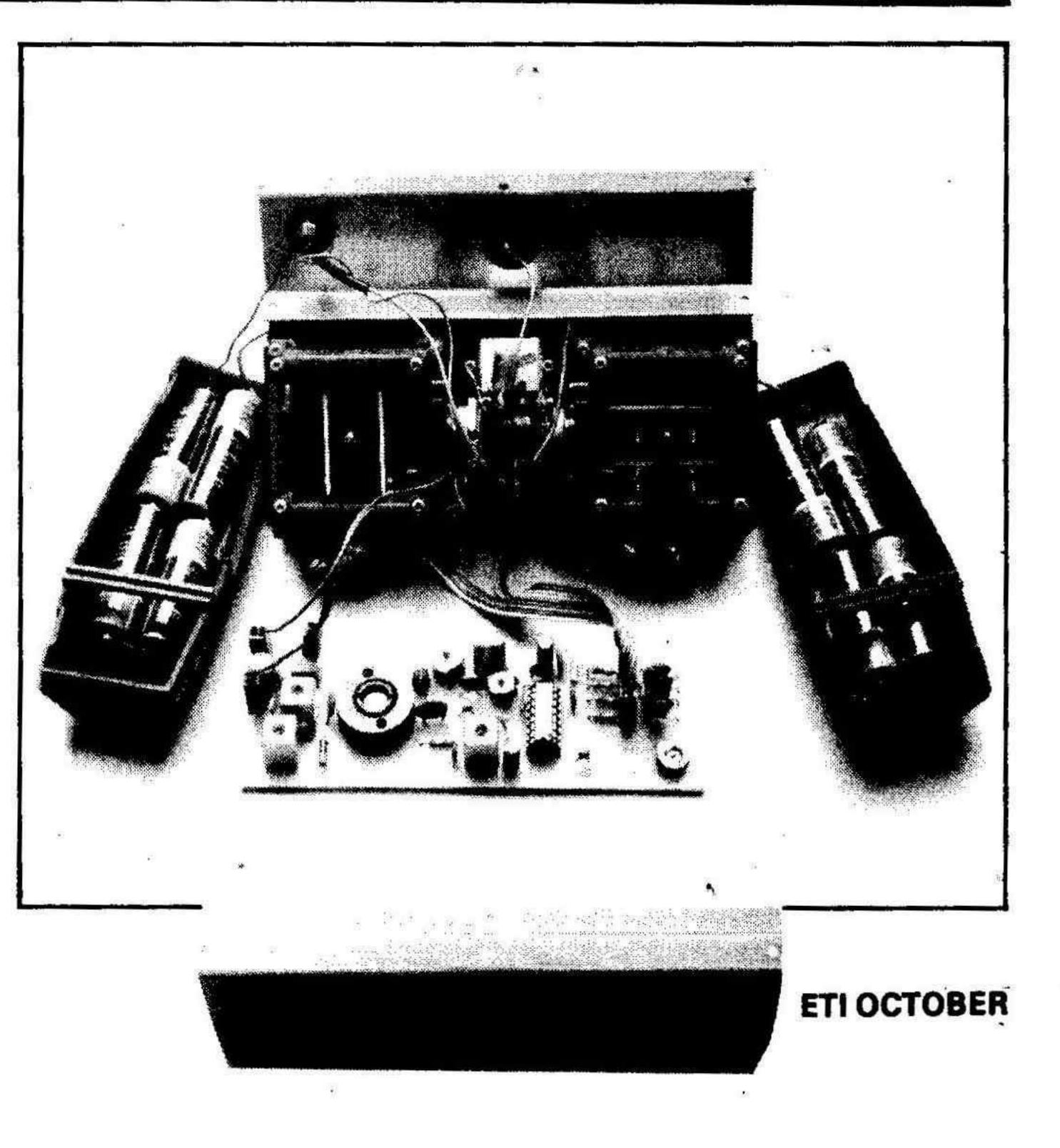
The crystal may now be plugged in and attempts be made to set up the RF output. The best way to to do this is with a spectrum analyser (and who hasn't got one these days ??). The next best thing is an absorption wavemeter, which is easily made by using a standard frequency coil and a small meter (Fig. 9).

This is standard procedure in many RC transmitters, although you must be careful where to dangle the pickup section, since it is possible to get misleading results due to localized RF fields that have very little in common with what's actually being transmitted by the antenna. By placing the pickup close by the output of the KB4445 at pin 15, it should be possible to get a reading without too much trouble. If not, the best thing to do is find someone with a known working 27 MHz transmitter and adjust your wavemeter for peak reading with this.

tesistors $^{14}$ W, 5% R8 270k R1 1 15 R8, 10 33k R1 22k R1 820k R1 82				
RANSAUTTER tesistors $^{12}$ MV, 5% 11R6 15 15 16470 R 18 18 13,45,6R6 10 20 R270 c 33 k13,45,6 13,15,6Bk2 14R11B20 k13,45,6 14Bk2 16C1 17 270 ceramic C2 C3,47,13,15C1 100 ceramic C3,47,14,14C1 100 ceramic C3,67,7,3,15T00 miniature ceramic C3,67,7,3,15100 100 10015 R 16C3,67,7,3,15 20 peramic C3,67,7,3,15T00 miniature ceramic C3,67,7,3,15C3,67,7,3,15 100 miniature ceramic C3,67,7,3,15101 1111 111 1		PARTS I	IST	
tesistors $^{14}$ W, 5% R8 270k R1 1 15 R8, 10 33k R1 22k R1 820k R1 82				
tesistors $^{14}$ W, 5% R8 270k R1 1 15 R8, 10 33k R1 22k R1 820k R1 82				
tesistors $^{14}$ W, 5% R8 270k R1 1 15 R8, 10 33k R1 22k R1 820k R1 82	3			
11     145     R9,10     33k       134,5,50     BL2     R11     B20k       134,5,50     BL2     R11     B20k       134,5,50     BL2     Capacitors     C1     27 ceramic       136     390R     C2     100 ceramic     C5,7,13,15     100 miniature ceramic       100     15R     C3,4,14     100 ceramic     C5,7,13,15     100 miniature ceramic       141     47k preset     C1     22p coramic     C1     22p coramic       12,11,14,16     10n ceramic     C1     22n polyester     C1     22n polyester       12,11,14,16     10n ceramic     C1     11     113KN 2K241     C1       13,10     100 ceramic     L1     113KN 2K241     C1     C2     C1       13,10     100 ceramic     L3     199CC A127     C1     C3     C4       13,10     100 ceramic     L3     199CC A127     C1     C1     KB4446       13,10     100 ceramic     L3     199CC A127     C1     C1     C1     C1       13,10     150 ceramic     L3     199CC A127     C1     C1     KB4446       12,13,20     100 t6V electrolytic     L4     SMAC 0124     C1     C1     KB4446	TRANSMITTER			
$12$ $22k$ $R11$ $820k$ $13,45,50$ $8k_2$ Gapacitors $7$ $16$ $390R$ $C1$ $2p$ ceramic $17$ $10R$ $C2$ $100$ ceramic $18$ $300R$ $C2$ $100$ ceramic $10$ $15R$ $C3,4,14$ $100$ ceramic $10$ $15R$ $C3,6,7,13,15$ $1000$ miniature ceramic $10$ $15R$ $C3,6,7,13,15$ $1000$ miniature ceramic $10$ $15R$ $C3,6,7,13,15$ $100$ miniature ceramic $10$ $15R$ $C12$ $100$ for tantalum $11$ $111$ $560p$ ceramic $12,21,11,4,16$ $10n$ ceramic $C12$ $100$ for tantalum $10$ $100$ ceramic $11$ $113KN 2K241$ $10$ $100$ ceramic $11$ $113KN 2K241$ $12,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,2$	2008 (A)			
133,45,6       Bk2         134,5,6       Sectors         18       390R       C1       27p ceramic         19       10R       C2       1n0 ceramic         100       15R       C3,4,14       10n ceramic         101       15R       C3,4,14       10n ceramic         101       15R       C3,4,14       10n ceramic         101       102       C5,6,7,13,15       100 primiture ceramic         101       104       C8       27p peramic         101       105       C1       22n polyseter         11,11,14,16       10n ceramic       C16       22n polyseter         12,21,14,14,16       10n ceramic       C16       22n polyseter         12,11,14,16       10n ceramic       C16       22n polyseter         12,11,14,16       10n ceramic       L1       113KN 2K241         13,10       106 y ceramic       L3       199CC A127         14,1       114       113KN 2K241       100 y ceramic         15,12,12,0       100 y teramic       L5       PC5 4201         15,13       27p ceramic       L5       PC5 4201         16,1       118       N15N 2K241         17 <t< td=""><td>R1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	R1			
$V_1$ 648SourceCapacitors18390RC127p ceramic19108C2100 ceramic1015RC3,41410n ceramic1015RC3,41410n ceramic1015RC94.171015RC94.171015RC94.171015RC94.171015RC94.1710100 ceramicC12.1011101 ceramicC12100 6V tantalum12,11,14,1510n ceramicC1622u 6V tantalum13100 ceramicC1622u 6V tantalum14135V tantalumInductors1527p ceramicL1113KN 2K2411620p ceramicL113KN 2K24117100 StantalumInductors12,11,14,15100 ceramicL113KN 2K24113100 ceramicL113KN 2K24114135V p ceramicL5PCS 42011527p ceramicL5PCS 42011627p ceramicC11739p ceramicSemiconductors18150p ceramicC1Stat4461922n ceramicC110turns 3236 SWG enamelled copperF1A1111HX126.640 MHz 3rd order T type13100 ceramicC1Stat44514turnX126.640 MHz 3rd order T type14turnX1 <td>R2</td> <td></td> <td>K11</td> <td>820k</td>	R2		K11	820k
88     390R     C1     27p ceramic       199     10R     C2     1n0 ceramic       100     15R     C3,4,14     10n ceramic       10     15R     C3,4,14     10n ceramic       10     20k linear     C9     4n7 ceramic       11     20k linear     C9     4n7 ceramic       11     560p ceramic     C1     20p operamic       12,12,11,4,16     10n ceramic     C1     100 69 ceramic       12,12,11,4,16     10n ceramic     C1     100 69 ceramic       13     100 ceramic     C1     13KN 2K241       13     100 ceramic     L3     190CC A127       14,11,14,16     10n ceramic     L3     190CC A127       12,12,13,20     100 16V electrolytic     L4     SMMC 0124       14     350p ceramic     L5     PCS 4201       15     27p ceramic     L6     BF274 or similar       16     100 ceramic     C1     KB4446       17     36p ceramic     Semiconductors     E71       18     150p ceramic     C1     KB4446       121     100p ceramic     C1     KB4446       121     100p ceramic     C1     SE27MA       16C1     11,1     SE27MA     CF1	1 5A (150) (150)		Canacitors	
19     10R     C2     1n0 ceramic       100     15R     C3,4,14     100 ceramic       201     15R     C3,6,7,13,15     100n miniature ceramic       201     220k linear     C9     4n7 ceramic       201     47k preset     C9     4n7 ceramic       202     22n polyester     C10     22n polyester       203     200 ceramic     C12     100 6V tantalum       236     20n ceramic     C16     22u 6V tantalum       236     20n ceramic     L1     113KN 2K241       237     100 35V tantalum     Inductors       236     180 ceramic     L3     199C CA127       237     100 35V tantalum     Inductors     L3     199C CA127       237     100 35V tantalum     L3     199C CA127       237     100 16V electrolytic     L4     5MMC 0124       237     270 ceramic     Semiconductors     C11     K84446       237     230 ceramic     Q1     BF274 or similar       238     100 pc ceramic     Q1     BF274 or similar       239     100 pc ceramic     C11     K84446       231     100 pc ceramic     C11     K84446       231     100 pc ceramic     Q1     BF274 or similar			Capacitors C1	27n coramic
110     15R     C3,4,14     10n ceramic       botentiometers     C3,6,7,13,15     100 miniature ceramic       28N1-4     220k linear     C9     470 ceramic       28R1     47k preset     C10     22n polyester       chapacitors     C11     560p ceramic       chapacitors     C12     100 & V tantalum       chapacitors     C16     22u & V tantalum       chapacitors     L1     113KN 2k241       chapacitors     L1     113KN 2k241       chapacitors     L1     113KN 2k241       chapacitors     L1     113KN 2k241       chapacitors     L3     199CC A127       chapacitors     L4     5MMc 0124       chapacitors     L3     199CC A127       chapacitor     L3     199CC A127       chapacitor     L4     5MMc 0124       chapp ceramic     L3     180P ceramic       chapp ceramic     Q1     B7274 or similar       chapp ceramic     Q1     B7274 or similar       chapp ceramic     Q1     B7274 or similar       chapp ceramic     Q1     SF27MA       chapp ceramic     C1     SF2740 A124       chapp ceramic     Q1     SF2740 A124       chapp ceramic     C1     SF2740 A124				
C5,6,7,13,15100 miniature ceramic C8204 linearC827 peramic204 linearC94n7 ceramic207 linearC1022n polyesterc11560 peramicC12c12,11,14,1610n ceramicC1622u 6V tantalumc3620n ceramicC1622u 6V tantalumc371u0 35V tantalumInductorsc38,101n0 ceramicL1113KN 2K241c39180 peramicL3199C A 127c13,2010u 16V electrolyticL45MMC 0124c1327 peramicL5PCS 4201c1739 peramicL6KB4446c18150 peramicC118F274 or similarc1922n ceramicC11BF274 or similarc11,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,2				
botentiometers to the set of the				[1] : [1] :
W14220k linearC9 $4n7$ creamic'R147k presetC1022n polyester'R147k presetC1022n polyestercapacitorsC121u0 6V tantalum'12,11,14,1610n ceramicC1622u 6V tantalum:3-620n ceramicC1622u 6V tantalum:3-71u0 35V tantalumInductors:8,101n0 ceramicL1113KN 2K241:59180p ceramicL3199CC A127:12,32,010u 16V electrolyticL45MMC 0124:1327p ceramicL5PCS 4201:1739p ceramicSemiconductors:18150p ceramicGeniconductors:1922n ceramicC11:14100p ceramicGeniconductors:1527p trimmerMiscellaneous:16,1210 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1A:141uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T type:1510 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1A:141uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T type:141uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T type:1521813.5740 MHzC1:1613.5740 MHzC122p (if required):1713.5740 MHzC122p (if required):1813.5740 MHzC122p (if required):19:13.5740 MHzC122p (if required):11:13.5740 MHzC122p (if required):12:13.5740 MHzC122p (if	Potentiometers			
PR1 $47k \text{ preset}$ C10 $22n \text{ polyester}$ C11 $560p \text{ ceramic}$ C12 $1u0 6V \text{ tantalum}$ LapacitorsC1622u 6V tantalumC1,2,11,4,1610n ceramicC1622u 6V tantalumC3620n ceramicInductorsC71u0 35V tantalumInductorsC31100 ceramicL1113KN 2K241C39180p ceramicL3199CC A127C1327p ceramicL45MMC 0124C1527p ceramicL5PCS 4201C1622n everamicC11KB4446C1739p ceramicSemiconductorsC18150p ceramicC11KB4446C1922n ceramicC11KB4446C10100 for eramicC11KB4446C10210 peramicCF1SFE27MAC10100 for eramicCF1SFE27MAC10100 for eramicCF1SFE27MAC10100 for eramicCF1SFE27MAC11104 for eramicYauge connector block, PCB, case to suit.C110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455DC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1BNTK LFC6L1104KXN K3726Yauge connector block, PCB, case to suit.C110 MXXM K3428Yauge connector block, PCB, case to suit.C120 M3866 or 2N4427PR147k presetC113.5740 MHzC210nC12, C1 hatsink, joystick tos (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit <t< td=""><td>RV1-4</td><td>220k linear</td><td>242.00 (1)</td><td></td></t<>	RV1-4	220k linear	242.00 (1)	
C11     560p ceramic       1,2,11,14,16     10n ceramic       C16     22u 6V tantalum       C36     20n ceramic       C7     1u0 35V tantalum       B,10     1n0 ceramic       C13     13KN 2K241       C14     113KN 2K241       C15     22u 6V tantalum       C16     22u 6V tantalum       C17     1u0 35V tantalum       B)0     1n0 ceramic       C17     190 Ceramic       C17     3p ceramic       C17     3p ceramic       C18     150p ceramic       C19     22n ceramic       C14     KB4446       C17     3p ceramic       C18     150p ceramic       C19     22n ceramic       C10     KB4446       C11     KB4446       C12     27 p timmer       Miscellaneous     CF1       C18     150p ceramic       C19     22n ceramic       C11     SFE27MA       C11     SFE27MA       RC1     10 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copper       F1A     CFM2 455D       C11     10 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copper       F1A     CFM2 455D       C1     10 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copper       F1A     <	PR1			
CapacitorsC1210 6V tantalum12,21,11,4,1610n ceramicC1622u 6V tantalum3-620n ceramicInductors71u0 35V tantalumInductors71u0 35V tantalumInductors29180p ceramicL3198CC A12721,21,3,2010u 16V electrolyticL45MMC 012421527 p ceramicL5PCS 420121627 p ceramicL5PCS 420121739p ceramicSemiconductors218150p ceramicC1KB4446221100p ceramicC1KB444621100p ceramicC1SF274 or similarC1227 p trimmerCF1SF27MARFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455D111uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T type12,3MKXNA K34287way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.14K1M K3766C122p (ff required)15PR147k presetC11613.5740 MHzC122p (ff required)1113.5740 MHzC122p (ff required)1213.5740 MHzC122p (ff required)1313.5740 MHzC122p (ff required)14470kC210nPCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC327p trimmerRECEIVERSemiconductorsC123p (ff required)C3,71k0MiscellaneousC327p trimmer<	N. N.			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Capacitors			
C3-6 C720n ceramic 100 35V tanalumInductorsB,101 n0 ceramicL1113KN 2K241B,101 n0 ceramicL3199CC A127C12,13,20100 16V electrolyticL45MMC 0124C1527p ceramicL5PCS 4201C163 pc ceramicL5PCS 4201C1739p ceramicSemiconductorsC181 50p ceramicC1KB4446C21100p ceramicC1KB4446C21100p ceramicQ1BF274 or similarIC1,227p trimmerMiscellaneousCF1SFE27MASFE27MAFF1ACFM2 455DRC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455DNth LFC6Y1SFE27MASFE27MARC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455DL110HX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K34287way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K3766WAVE METERC1K B4445PotentiometersQ12N3866 or 2N4427PR147k presetLED1any LEDC210nWiscellaneousC122p (if required)K113.5740 MHzC210nPCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC327p trimmerRECEIVERSemiconductorsD1any Germanium diodeResistors ¼W, 5%T10MiscellaneousSemiconductorsR1470kK0		10n ceramic	C16	
101010recaranicL1113KN 2K24129180p ceramicL3199CC A127121,13,2010u 16V electrolyticL45MCM C 0124C1527p ceramicL5PCS 4201C1739p ceramicL1KB4446C18150p ceramicC1KB4446C1922n ceramicL1BF274 or similarC18100p ceramicQ1BF274 or similarC1922n ceramicQ1BF274 or similarC11100p ceramicQ1SFE27MARC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455DMiscellaneousCF1SFE27MARTC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455DL110HX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKNNA K34287way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K3766WAVE METERSemiconductorsC122p (ff required)C1kB4445PR147k presetLED1any LEDC210nWiscellaneousC122p (ff required)K113.5740 MHzC210nPCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC327p trimmerRECEIVERSemiconductorsC122p (ff required)RECEIVER470kA70kA70kA10kRestors '140, 5%110A10kA10k	C3-6	20n ceramic		
C2180p ceramicL3199CC A127C12,13,2010u 16V electrolyticL45MMC 0124C12,13,2010u 16V electrolyticL45MMC 0124C1327p ceramicL5PCS 4201C1439p ceramicSemiconductorsC18150p ceramicIC1KB4446C1922n ceramicIC1KB4446C11100p ceramicQ1BF274 or similarC12,227p trimmerMiscellaneousCF1c11,2100p ceramicCF1SFE27MARC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFA2 455Dwire on ferriteF1BNTK LFC6L11UHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K34287 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K3766WAVE METERSemiconductorsCapacitorsC1KB4445PR1Q12.5740 MHzQ13.5740 MHzC210nPCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC3C327p trimmerRECEIVERSemiconductorsResistors '/W, 5%10C1470kC1,43,751k0MiscellaneousC1C1470kC210nC327p trimmer	C7	1u0 35V tantalum	Inductors	8
C12,13,2010u 16V electrolyticL45MMC 0124C1527p ceramicL5PCS 4201C1739p ceramicL5PCS 4201C18150p ceramicIC1KB4446C1922n ceramicIC1KB4446C21100p ceramicQ1BF274 or similarIC1,227p trimmerMiscellaneousCF1SFE27MARFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFA2 455DinductorsKF1SFE27MASFE27MARFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1BNTK LFC6L11uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K34287 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K3766WAVE METERSemiconductorsCapacitorsC1XB4445PR147k presetL2D13.5740 MHzC210nVGE, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit.SemiconductorsRECEIVERSemiconductorsSemiconductorsRECEIVERSemiconductorsSemiconductorsRECEIVER470kA70kR31470kMiscellaneousR1470kMiscellaneousR1470kMiscellaneousR1470kMiscellaneous	C8,10	1n0 ceramic	L1	113KN 2K241
C1527p ceramicL5PCS 4201C1739p ceramicSemiconductorsC18150p ceramicIC1KB4446C1922n ceramicIC1KB4446C21100p ceramicQ1BF274 or similarC17,227p trimmerMiscellaneousCF1SFE27MAInductorsCF1SFE27MAF1ACFM2 455DRFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455Dwire on ferriteY126.640 MHz 3rd order T type1/11UHY126.640 MHz 3rd order T type1/2,3MKXNA K34287way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K3766WAVE METERSemiconductorsVary servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.C1KB4445PotentiometersQ12N3866 or 2N4427PR1L5470 MHzC2K113.5740 MHzC1PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC3RECEIVERSemiconductorsC1RECEIVERSemiconductorsResistors 'WW, 5%21L1470 kL2,3,71k0MiscellaneousMiscellaneous	C9			199CC A127
C17       39p ceramic       Semiconductors         C18       150p ceramic       IC1       KB4446         C19       22n ceramic       IC1       KB4446         C21       100p ceramic       Q1       BF274 or similar         IC1,2       27p trimmer       Miscellaneous       CF1       SFE27MA         Inductors       FIA       CFM2 455D       FF1         Inductors       F1B       NTK LFC6       F1         Intu       10 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copper       F1A       CFM2 455D         wire on ferrite       Y1       26.640 MHz 3rd order T type         11       1uH       X1       26.640 MHz 3rd order T type         12,3       MKXNA K3428       7way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.         I4       KXN K3766       WAVE METER         Semiconductors       WAVE METER       Potentiometers         Q1       23866 or 2N4427       PR1       47k preset         LED1       any LED       Capacitors       C1       22p (if required)         K1       13.5740 MHz       C2       10n       C3       27p trimmer         RECEIVER       Semiconductors       Semiconductors       D1       any Germanium diode         K1 </td <td>C12,13,20</td> <td>10u 16V electrolytic</td> <td>L4</td> <td>5MMC 0124</td>	C12,13,20	10u 16V electrolytic	L4	5MMC 0124
C18150p ceramicSemiconductorsC1922n ceramicIC1KB4446C11100p ceramicQ1BF274 or similarIC1,227p trimmerMiscellaneousCF1SFE27MAInductorsKRC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455DRFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455Duire on ferriteF1BNTK LFC6L11uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K34287 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K3766VAVE METERSemiconductorsVAVE METERC1KB4445PotentiometersQ12N3866 or 2N4427PR1LED1any LEDCapacitorsK113.5740 MHzC2C210nPCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC3C210nC2RECEIVERSemiconductorsResistors %W, 5%270kX1470kX2,3,71k0MiscellaneousMiscellaneous	C15		L5	PCS 4201
C1922n ceramicIC1KB4446C21100p ceramicQ1BF274 or similarIC1,227p trimmerMiscellaneousCF1SFE27MAInductorsF1ACFM2 455DF1ACFM2 455DRFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455Dwire on ferriteF1BNTK LFC6X126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K3428Yaay servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.KXN K3766SemiconductorsWAVE METERPotentiometersF11C1KB4445PotentiometersF1147k presetQ12N3866 or 2N4427PR147k presetLED1any LEDCapacitorsC210nWiscellaneousC122p (if required)C2K113.5740 MHzC210nPCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitSemiconductorsRECEIVERSemiconductorsD1any Germanium diodeRECEIVER470kMiscellaneousD1any Germanium diodeX1470kKiK10MiscellaneousKi	C17			
C21100p ceramic 27p trimmerQ1BF274 or similarIC1,227p trimmerMiscellaneousInductorsCF1SFE27MARFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copper wire on ferriteF1ACFM2 455D111uHT126.640 MHz 3rd order T type12,3MKXNA K34287way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.14KXN k3766WAVE METERSemiconductorsWAVE METER102N3866 or 2N4427 any LEDPR147k presetCapacitorsKiscellaneousCapacitorsK113.5740 MHzC210nC210nC210nC327p trimmerRECEIVERSemiconductorsRECEIVERA70kResistors 1/W, 5% R1470kR1470kR2,3,71k0MiscellaneousMiscellaneousR1470kR21k0R1470kR21k0	C18			
IC1,2       27p trimmer       Miscellaneous         Inductors       CF1       SFE27MA         RFC1       10 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copper       F1A       CFM2 455D         wire on ferrite       F1B       NTK LFC6         L1       TuH       X1       26.640 MHz 3rd order T type         L2,3       MKXNA K3428       7 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.         L4       KXN K3766       WAVE METER         Semiconductors       WAVE METER       Potentiometers         Q1       2N3866 or 2N4427       PR1       47k preset         LED1       any LED       Capacitors       C1       22p (if required)         K1       13.5740 MHz       C2       10n         PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit       C3       27p trimmer         RECEIVER       Semiconductors       Semiconductors       D1       any Germanium diode         R1       470k       470k       Miscellaneous       D1       any Germanium diode				
InductorsMiscellaneousRFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copperF1ACFM2 455Dwire on ferriteF1BNTK LFC6L11uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K34287 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.K4KXN K3766WAVE METERSemiconductorsWAVE METERC1KB4445PR1Q12N3866 or 2N4427PR1LED1any LEDWiscellaneousC122p (if required)K113.5740 MHzC2PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC3RECEIVER827p trimmerResistors ¼W, 5%470kR1470kR2,3,71k0			QT	BF274 or similar
InductorsCF1SFE27MARFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copper wire on ferriteF1ACFM2 455DL11uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K34287 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K3766WAVE METER PotentiometersSemiconductorsWAVE METER PotentiometersC1KB4445 2N3866 or 2N4427PR1LED1any LEDCapacitors C1Miscellaneous K113.5740 MHz 20.5740 KHzC2K113.5740 MHz 20.5740 KHzC3RECEIVER Resistors 1/4W, 5% X1470k 470k 410MiscellaneousK1470k 470kMiscellaneousK1470k 470kMiscellaneous	101,2	2/p trimmer	Miscellanoous	
RFC110 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled copper wire on ferriteF1ACFM2 455DL11uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K3428X126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL3,3MKXNA K34287 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K3766WAVE METERSemiconductorsWAVE METERL12N3866 or 2N4427PR1L2Dany LEDCapacitorsMiscellaneousC122p (if required)K113.5740 MHzC2PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC3RECEIVER Resistors ¼W, 5% X1470kK1470kK1470kK1470kK2,3,71k0	Inductors			SEE 37AA A
wire on ferriteF1BNTK LFC6L11uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K34287 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K37667 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.SemiconductorsWAVE METERL12N3866 or 2N4427PR1L2D47k presetL2D1any LEDCapacitorsK113.5740 MHzC2PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC3RECEIVERSemiconductorsD1Resistors ¼W, 5%J1X1470kX2,3,71k0		10 turns 32/36 SWG enamelled conner		
111uHX126.640 MHz 3rd order T typeL2,3MKXNA K34287 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.L4KXN K37667 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.SemiconductorsWAVE METERIC1KB4445PotentiometersQ12N3866 or 2N4427PR1L4any LEDMiscellaneousCapacitorsK113.5740 MHzC2PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC3RECEIVERSemiconductorsResistors ¼W, 5%470kR1470kR2,3,71k0MiscellaneousMiscellaneous				
12,3     MKXNA K3428     7 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.       14     KXN K3766     7 way servo connector block, PCB, case to suit.       Semiconductors     WAVE METER       IC1     KB4445     Potentiometers       Q1     2N3866 or 2N4427     PR1     47k preset       LED1     any LED     Capacitors       Miscellaneous     C1     22p (if required)       K1     13.5740 MHz     C2     10n       PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit     C3     27p trimmer       RECEIVER     Semiconductors     D1     any Germanium diode       Resistors ¼W, 5%     470k     Miscellaneous     Miscellaneous	11			
L4     KXN K3766       Semiconductors     WAVE METER Potentiometers       IC1     KB4445 2N3866 or 2N4427 any LED     PR1       Miscellaneous     Capacitors       K1     13.5740 MHz       PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit     C3       RECEIVER     Semiconductors D1     any Germanium diode       R1     470k R2,3,7     1k0				r block. PCB. case to suit
KB 4445     Potentiometers       Q1     2N3866 or 2N4427     PR1     47k preset       LED1     any LED     Capacitors       Miscellaneous     C1     22p (if required)       K1     13.5740 MHz     C2     10n       PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit     C3     27p trimmer       RECEIVER     Semiconductors     any Germanium diode       R1     470k     Miscellaneous     Miscellaneous	L4			
KB 4445     Potentiometers       Q1     2N3866 or 2N4427     PR1     47k preset       LED1     any LED     Capacitors       Miscellaneous     C1     22p (if required)       K1     13.5740 MHz     C2     10n       PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit     C3     27p trimmer       RECEIVER     Semiconductors     any Germanium diode       R1     470k     Miscellaneous     Miscellaneous	Somiconductors		WAVEMETED	
Q12N3866 or 2N4427 any LEDPR147k presetLED1any LEDCapacitorsMiscellaneousC122p (if required)K113.5740 MHzC2K113.5740 MHzC2PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC3RECEIVER Resistors ¼W, 5% R1Semiconductors D1R1470k R2,3,7Miscellaneous		KB4445		
LED1 any LED Miscellaneous K1 13.5740 MHz C1 22p (if required) K1 13.5740 MHz C2 10n PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit C3 27p trimmer RECEIVER Resistors ¼W, 5% Resistors ¼W, 5% R1 470k R2,3,7 1k0 Miscellaneous				47k preset
Miscellaneous Miscellaneous K1 13.5740 MHz C1 22p (if required) C2 10n PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit RECEIVER Resistors ¼W, 5% Resistors ¼W, 5% R1 470k R2,3,7 1k0 Miscellaneous				The Preset
Miscellaneous     C1     22p (if required)       K1     13.5740 MHz     C2     10n       K2     10n     C3     27p trimmer       RECEIVER     Semiconductors     D1     any Germanium diode       Resistors ¼W, 5%     470k     Miscellaneous     Miscellaneous			Capacitors	
K113.5740 MHzC210nPCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suitC327p trimmerRECEIVER Resistors ¼W, 5% R1Semiconductors D1any Germanium diodeR1470k R2,3,7Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous			22p (if required)
PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit RECEIVER Resistors ¼W, 5% R1 470k R2,3,7 1k0 PCB, Q1 heatsink, joystick pots (x2), telescopic antenna, case to suit Semiconductors D1 any Germanium diode Miscellaneous	X1	13.5740 MHz		
RECEIVER Resistors ¼W, 5% R1 470k R2,3,7 1k0 Miscellaneous				
Resistors ¼ W, 5% R1 470k R2,3,7 1k0 D1 any Germanium diode Miscellaneous				
Resistors ¼ W, 5% R1 470k R2,3,7 1k0 D1 any Germanium diode Miscellaneous	RECEIVER		Semiconductors	2010
R1 470k R2,3,7 1k0 Miscellaneous	Resistors 1/4 W, 5%		226 6	any Germanium diode
R2,3,7 1k0 1k0	R1	470k		
	R2,3,7		Miscellaneous	
	R4	1k5	M1	100-500 uA

The antenna is a vital part of the output tuned circuit. It is an electrically 'short' transmission antenna, which creates a number of problems for the RF designer, the major one being that it is an integral consideration of the output tuning and so any adjustments really need to be made with the antenna in its finally intended form."

As soon as the first coil peaks, the current drawn by the transmitter should go up fairly dramatically as the output stage begins to warm up. Keep dabbing a finger on the PA stage to check that it does not get too hot. Using the absorption wavemeter placed by the antenna about halfway up and as far away as possible whilst still getting a reading (about 1m should be feasible), peak the coils in the transmitter.

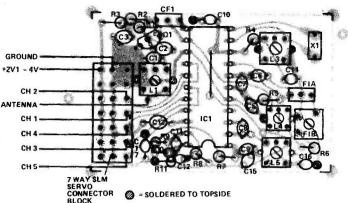


# The Receiver

18

If you have access to a working FM transmitter, use it for setting up the receiver (remember to use the correct crystal pair).

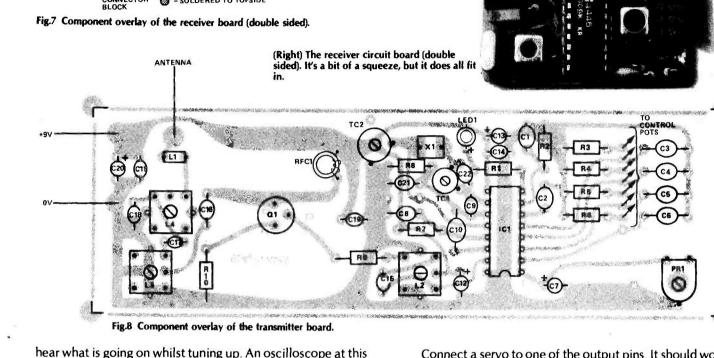
An audio amplifier with high input impedance can be used to monitor the detector of the KB4446 on pin 1, so you can





Ambit International can supply a kit of parts for the transmitter unit for 16.80 + VAT. The case hardware and crystal are extra. A complete kit of parts for the receiver is also available for 16.00 + VAT. The crystal is extra.

Ambit International, 200 North Service Road, Brentwood, Essex.



hear what is going on whilst tuning up. An oscilloscope at this point will display the detected control 'frame' It should be the same as that appearing at pin 12 of the KB4445 transmitter IC.

By starting with the transmitter and receiver in close proximity, you should have no trouble in getting a signal with which to commence the alignment process. By progressively reducing this input signal and peaking the coils, you will reach an optimum that corresponds to about 2 uV input for a correctly assembled unit. The setting of the crystal oscillator coil (at pin 10 of the KB4446) is critical and may need retrimming as the alignment proceeds to make certain the receiver and transmitter are correctly aligned co-channel. One of the few drawbacks of the FM system is the need for a more carefully matched Rx/Tx frequency than with AM. Stick to one particular make of crystals so that the loading requirements are the same.

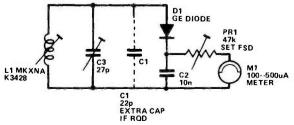


Fig.9 This absorption wavemeter can be used to set up the RF output.

ETI OCTOBER 1980

Connect a servo to one of the output pins. It should work in response to adjusting the transmitter control. At least one commercial servo is a must, as this can then be used as a reference for the 1.5 mS channel pulse, ie with the controls at centre, the trimming should be adjusted so that the servo is at mid travel. If this is not possible, then a further preset may be needed in series with the control stick pots to bring them in range. If nothing at all happens with the servo connected, then it may be necessary to fit an external pull-up resistor on the output of the KB4446 (10k) to the supply rail of the servo amplifier IC.

Repeat the check on each channel and carry the transmitter down the garden whilst someone monitors the receiver and servos to ensure that adequate range can be achieved.

#### Finally

Under no circumstances should any home-made RC equipment be fixed into a model aircraft and flown. Apart from rules preventing flying in parks, the dangers of propelling a few pounds of balsa and metal about at 40-60 MPH demand that a much more cautious approach be adopted. The home made RC can be checked and verified in cars, boats and similar ground-based systems first, or you can have it professionally 'certified'. A licence is required and some experience and training in flying is essential.



All our micro chips are at micro prices. Don't be fooled by low prices. We do not offer for sale, surplus, sub-spec or rebranded devices. All our parts are guaranteed new, first quality, factory prime, full spec devices. It is also our policy to offer you the best of new devices that become available and these are featured regularly. Prices are exclusive of p&p and VAT -please refer to "Ordering Information" before ordering. Official orders from Schools, Colleges, Universities and Gov. Authorities accepted.

20

				alertate accupted.		Ultra low power dissipation means it can be used as battery-operated portable memory system and also as a new valatile memory
0		4040	99p	MEMORIES	CPU'S	Ultra low power dissipation means it can be used as battery-operated portable memory system and also as a non-volatile memory we battery back-up. Operates from a single 5V power supply with each operated portable memory system and also as a non-volatile memory we
	8 8 - C				6103	battery back-up. Operates from a single 5V power supply with static operation, hence no refresh periods and a much simplified po
930	55p	4041	75p	2114 300NS 275p		supply circuit design. Three state outputs simplify memory expansion for minimum data retention voltage is 2V, the battery back
		4042	73p	4116 200NS 300p	6502 <b>795</b> p	Systems needs only simple circuit. Loshiba's original CZM()S technology also means wide operating and poise marging. The TCEE
35	65p	4043	86p	1 STATE AND		
	55p	4044			6504 <b>795</b> p	
14	65p	1112002/07/07/2017	88p	4315 (4Kx1) CMOS	6505 <b>795</b> p	
16	A DESCRIPTION OF A DESC	4045	160p	450NS 995p	이 이 사용 2200 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	55p	4047	990	6514 4K (1Kx4) CMOS	6800 <b>695</b> p	INAPOLENEU! SIUU SUUND COMPULER KOARD
57	55p	4048	Contractor 1200		6802 <b>995</b> p	
62	55p		56p	RAM450NS 795p	8080A 525p	
099	CONC2200.0	4049	38p	and the second	2. AST WAR THE ACT	
099	90p	4050	40p		8085A 1095p	
- 1/1	00	- (D. C.		FRANC	Z80 795p	Sound effects for games of any other program. Sound
14		4051	69p	EPROMS	Z80A 995p	
100		4052	75p		Z8001 12500p	
400	11p	4053	73p	1702A 450p	78003	
101	12p	4054			Z8002 9500p	
02	and an end of the second s		111p	2708 450 NS 425p	WD9000B 19900p	*Four parallel I/O ports on Board
	12p	4055	121p	2716 5V 450 NS 850p		*Uses on Board audio Amps or your STEREO
03	13p'	4056	121p		VOLTACE	*On Board proto typing area
04	17p	4059	560p	2532 32K 450 NS 2995p	VOLTAGE	
09	18p	4059	2200	50	REGULATORS	*All sockets, parts and hardware are included
		4060	112p			*PC Board is soldermasked, silk screened with gold contacts
10	16p	4063	112p	UARTS	7805/7812 <b>55</b> p	*Easy, quick and fun to build, with full instructions
12	180	4066	56p	the second s	7905/7912 <b>65</b> p	
13	28p	4067	422p			
20		00000000000000000	A 1990 March 1997 March 1997 March 1997			
	16p	4068	19p		78HGKC 625p	
30	18p	4069	19p	AY-3-1015D 398p		COMPLETE KIT ONLY £59.96, includes 60 page data Manual
32	25p	4070	28p	1M6402 425p		BARE BOARD ONLY COE OD Includes OU page data Manual
10	16p	4071	25p		BIPOLAR PROMS	BARE BOARD ONLY £25.00, includes 60 page data Manual
			Constant of the second s	والمتحد والمتحد والمحد و		AY-3-8910 chip special price with purchase of BARE BOARD (2 chips) £15.
12	68p	4072	25p	CHARACTER	93448 512 x 8 40 MS p.o.a.	
18	75p	4073	25p	GENERATOR		SCL is now available! Our Sound Command Language making On the
3	32p	4075	20p		93453 1k x 4 40 MS p.o.a.	SCL is now available! Our Sound Command Language makes writing Sound Effects programs a SNAP! SCL also includes routines for
	the second se	and the second se	Ca.25251220110		93451 1k x 8 45 MS p.o.a.	negister-examine-modity, memory-examine-modity and Play-Memory, SCL is available on CP/M compatible diskette or 2709/2716
4	32p	4076	88p	RO-3-2513 UC 450p		
15	40p	4077	23p		93511 2k x 8 50 NS p.o.a.	ET NOMS ale ONG at EUOUH.
6	40p	4078	29p			
		4081				
90	35p	A 100 A 201 A 2	23p	KEYBOARD ENCODER	SE 01 Sound	d Effects I nooko
92	50p	4082	25p		I JE UI JUUIU	
93	50p	4085	86p	AN E 0070		BOOKS
96		4086	68p	AY-5-2376 795p		
	45p	CARLEY DESCRIPTION	The second se		Kit NEV	Please order books by reference no. and title, and add 50p post & packing for each book ordered.
121	35p	4089	130p	FLOPPY DISK		21168 Active Filter Cookbook
123	450	4093	68p		And the set of the set	
154		4094	225p	CONTROLLERS	The SE-O1 is a cor	emplete kit that 21558 Audio IC On Amn Applications 2nd Ed
	90p					En prete kit that 21558 Audio IC Op Amp Applications 2nd Ed.
157	55p	4095	99p		contains all	
122	45p	4096	325p	F01771 B-01 S/D leverted Bes	the parts to	21200 CHOC Conthant
125	50p	4098	110p	2995p	build a pro-	ET
		10.1 **** DA OLDAN, MALE AND MERCEN	Sector State Over 1			Z1538 Design of Active Filters with Experiments
95	100p	4099	180p	FD1791 B-01 D/D leverted Bes	grammable	
96	100p	4501	25p	4995p	sound effects	
83	140p	4502	112p	FD1792 B-01 S/D Inverted Bas	generator 3	a second concurrence and concu
90	120p	4503		The second	90110101	21688 Design of VMOS Circuits with Experiments NEW!
	Y = 2, -10, 7, 10	Construction of the second of the	68p	3495p	Designed	71816 Electronic Telectronic Telectronic
65	90p	4507	52p	F01793 8-01 8/0 True Bes	around the	The second second Contraction Discourses of the second sec
66	90p	4508	288p		new Texas	21127 How to Read Schematic Diagrams 3rd Ed.
1.1	and the second second second	4510	76p	FD1794 8-01 S/D True Bus	Instruments	21013 How to Use integrated Circuits Logic Elements 3rd Ed.
44	LS	4511	- 1. State 1	A second se Second second sec second second sec	SN76477	21527 IC Converter Cookbook
-		11 St. St. St. Co.	125p	3495p	SN764770	21665 IC On Ame Cashback Cashback Cashback
500	18p	4512	75p	FD1795 B D/D Inverted Bus.	Sound Chip,	21410 JOHN STATE Continue
	and the second sec	4514	250p	side select 5995p	the board the set	
S01	12p	4515				21601 Instrumentation: Transducers and Applications
504	15p		290p		provides	The state of the s
\$08	200	4516	109p	side select 5995p	banks of the second	
	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OFTA CONTRACTOR O	4518	99p		MINI DIP	21694 LC Circuits
510	19p	1000 Stores Fam. 2020.00				21942 Logic and Memory Experiments Using TTL Integrated Circuits - Book 1
511	30p	4520	99p	SUPPORT DEVICES	switches and whether	The second Moments Lines TTI has a 100 to the
512	30p	4521	230p	6520 <b>495</b> p	pots to pro- ( ( · )	
Contraction of the second second		4526	105p		gram the	21568 Linear IC Principles, Experiments and Projects 2nd Ed.
514	60p			6522 <b>795</b> p		21612 Oscilloscope Applications & Experiments
515	38p	4527	130p	6532 <b>895</b> p	various com-	T 71675 00 Practical Electronics Declarate On LEA
520	190	4528	99p	6551 <b>1095</b> p	binations of A	1 21500 Prostical Law Cast IC Designed Ded Ed
		4529	140p		the SLF	2 Dee Practical Low-Cost IC Projects 2nd Ed
30	19p	and the second		6810 375p		
532	25p	4531	150p	6820 <b>425</b> p	Oscillator,	
\$40	26p	4532	125p		VCO, Noise	E7
	the second se	4538	The second se	6821 <b>425</b> p	One Shot,	21419 Security Electronics 2nd Ed.
542	56p	the second s	150p	6850 <b>425</b> p	016 3101,	31631 Color Monting
\$47	78p	4543	160p	6852 425p	and Envelope Controls. A	A Quind On Amn 1 21025 TTL Contract
548	85p	4556	70p			
		4560	225p	8212 <b>395</b> p	IC is used to implement	ent an Adjustable 21103 Troubleshooting with the Oscilloscope 3rd Ed.
S49	99p 1	the second se		8214 <b>450p</b>	An and the second s	21212 TV/Tuppergites Castly ask
S73	30p	4569	240p	8216 3950	Puise Generator, Level (	Comparator and 34330 Mide C
574		4572	46p		Multiplex Oscillator for	r even more ver- 21339 Video Security Systems
	30p	4584	79p	8224 <b>395</b> p		
575	39p	4585		8228 <b>395</b> p	satility. The 31/4" x 3" PC	C Board features a
586	390	- 000	125p	8251 4950	prototype area to allow	

SPECIAL OFFER! 4K CMOS RAM (1K x 4) 450 NS ONLY £6.95! (8 for £45) The TC 5514P from Toshiba, CMOS equivalent of the 2114!

- \* Low Power Dissipation
- · 10pW/BIT (TYP) @ 3 OV (STANDBY)
- \* 10uW/BIT (TYP) @ 5 OV (OPERATING)
- \* Data Retention Voltage 2V to 5.5V
- Single 5V Power Supply
- \* 18 PIN Plastic Package
- \* Full Static Operation
- \* Three State Output
- Input/Output TTL Compatible
- \* Fast Access Time 450NS

Toshiba's TC5514P (industry type 6514) is a full static read write memory organised as 1024 words by 4 bits using CMOS technology. Ultra low power dissipation means it can be used as battery-operated portable memory system and also as a pon-



40	13     38       14     70       15     75       16     35       17     60       18     76	LM3915 LM13600 NE555 NE556 RC4136 SN 7647 7N	225p 125p 125p 50p 85p 175p 85p	TIL 212 TIL 220 TIL 222 TIL 224 DI SPLAY FND 500	15p 12p 15p 18p S	BYTE 79 article! Also, add £2 25 for 60-page data manual Perhaps the next famous composer will not direct a 150-piece orchestra but, rather, a trio of microcomputers controlling a bank of AY 3- 8910s. BYTE July 79	Ordering information. Unless otherwise stated, for orders under £50 add 50p p&p. Add 15% VAT to total (no VAT on books). All devices are brand new, factory prime and full spec and subject to prior sales and availability. Prices subject to change without notice.	Minimum telephone order using ACCESS is £10. If ordering by post with ACCESS, include name, address and card no. writ- ten clearly. Please allow, 4/6 weeks delivery on	
40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	20       80         21       100         22       80         23       22         24       50         25       20         26       130         27       45         28       75	p       11074         p       11082         p       11084         p       11490         p       XR2206         p       XR2207         p       DIL SWITC         ip       4 pole	99p	FND510 FND567 DL704 DL707 MV5716 ISOLATO	225p 0RS 120p	MUSIC FOR Y Bullet's Electronic Music Maker <sup>TM</sup> Kit has a single 28 programmed to play the first 6 to 10 notes of the 25 populate individually or played sequentially at the push of a button. The swtich closures, so when used as a doorbell, one door can play has a 5 watt audio Amp and will run on either 12 VAC 8 or 16 phm speakeer, or horn speaker (not included). Tunes of [not included], if desired. Complete Kit £9.95 240 V Trans	pin Microprocessor Chip with ROM that has been r tunes listed below. Each tune can easily be addressed 3 chime sequences are activated at any time by separate songs while two others will play different chimes. The unit or 12 VDC. Construction is very simple, works with any can be remotely programmed using a single rotary switch	books.	
Contraction of the second s	30       50         31       195         33       145         35       104         36       290         37       105         38       110	p 10 pole p LOW PROFIL p 8 pm 7p 14 pm 9p		SP 24 pm BP 28 pm	22p 25p	NEW FROM The XR2266 Decoder/Set cars that DRIVE LIKE RE This versatile 18-pin dual in-line IC com and drive functions to cut remote control Steering, lights, indicators, speed contro £5.45!	AL! ONLY £5.45! bines both the decoder and the sense car circuitry by at least a factor of two!	Dept. ET12, 4 Meeting S Appledore, Nr. Bideford, No von EX39 1RY. Tel. Bid (02372) 79507. Telex: 89530	Street, rth De- deford



#### Look out for the November issue on sale October 3rd.



#### SPACE INVADERS

In the past few months we've seen all manner of Space Invaders games — from enormous pub machines to programs on tape cassette for home computers. We've spent many a long hour researching the game in pubs and clubs from Land's End (Watford) to John O' Groats. Next month we present the ETI Space Invaders game for you to build. Plug the lead into the back of your telly and sit back with the box of tricks on your lap. Off you go — blasting aliens out of existence (with full sound effects, of course). World War III's OK, but there's nothing like the real thing — ETI Space Invaders — a computer game with a trick or two up its sleeve, as you'll find out next month.



Photos courtesy of Twentieth Century Fox.

#### FREE PCB

As we finish printing each issue of ETI with our John Bull set, we're sticking a free, gratis, no-more-to-pay printed circuit board on the cover. It has a million and one uses — you can prop up a wobbly coffee table, make a shower for the budgie ... OR build the five projects we've designed for your free PCB. There's an RIAA equalised preamp, a 2 W amplifier, a touch doorbell, a light switch and a metronome. We give you the PCB; we give you the project designs ... it couldn't be easier.

#### RADIOACTIVITY

Know your alpha, beta, gammas? If it's all just radiation to you, you could learn a thing or two from A.S. Lipson's excursion into that fantastic, frazzling, phenomenon of modern physics — Radioactivity. What makes something radioactive? What exactly is radioactivity? All will be revealed next month.

#### **EVEN MORE PROJECTS**

Not satisfied with bringing you our amazing Space Invaders game and FIVE projects for your free board, we've also got a doorbell with a difference (it plays tunes) and a straightforward, no frills Bench Amplifier for your test bench. It's all in ETI November.

#### AND THAT'S NOT ALL

Data Sheet puts in an appearance with all you need to know about a family of monolithic switched capacitor filter chips and a speech generator chip (a very clever little block of plastic). Talking of blocks of plastic, voltage regulators this time — we look at a very simple discrete component regulator design (for when you don't have the necessary chip to hand then and there). We know now that the Space Shuttle launch has definitely been postponed until at least next March. Astrologue explains why.

Articles described here are in an advanced state of preparation. However, circumstances may dictate changes to the final contents.

# SPOT DESIGNS (USE) Six pages of Spot Designs — a bumper bundle of tried and tested circuits with the ETI stamp of approval.

# **Overload Current Trip**

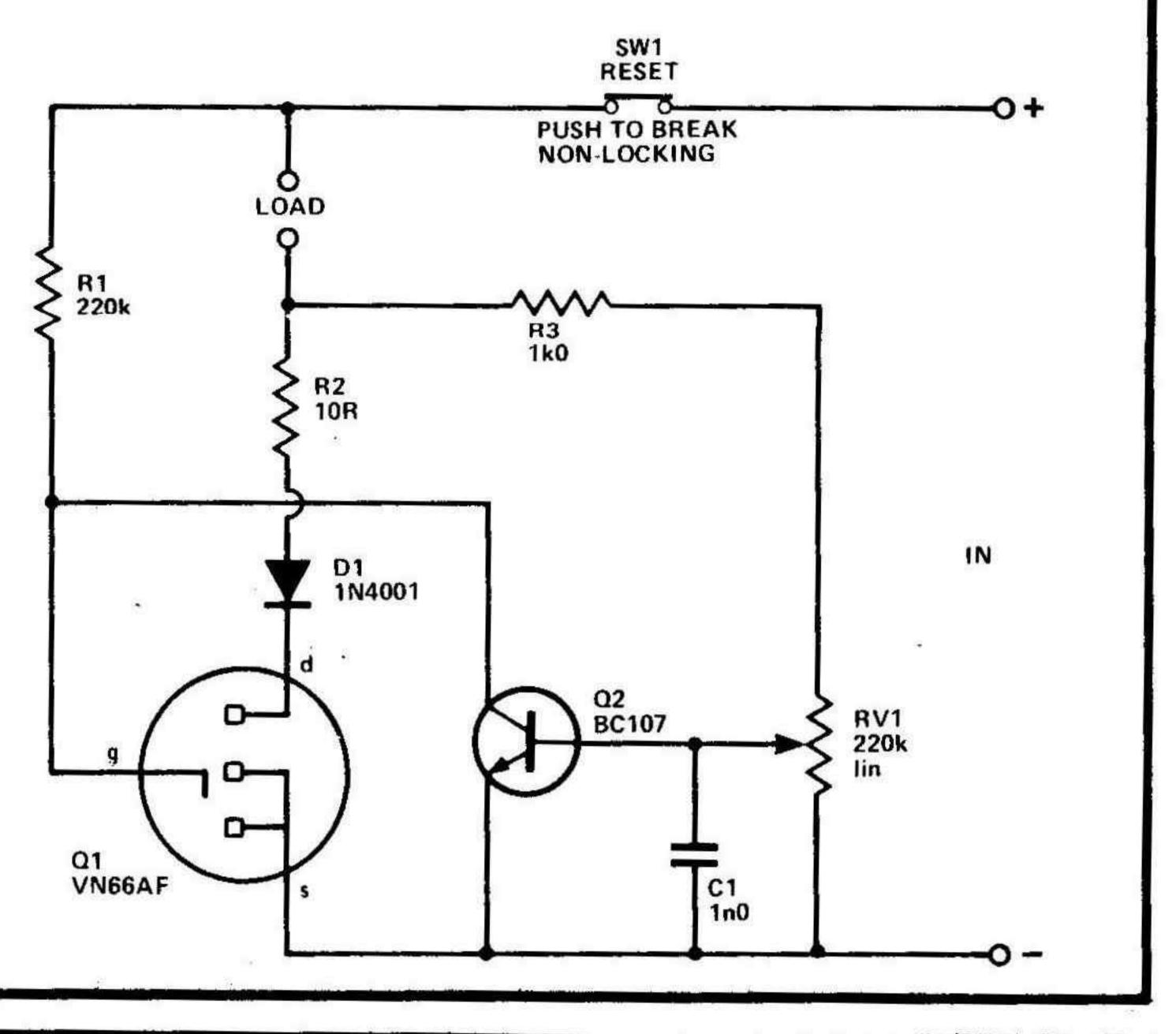
A ost power supplies incorporate some form of protection cir-

When using the unit it should be kept in mind that about 1 V is lost through the device and the output voltage from the supply must be adjusted to compensate for this. The current trip inevitably causes some loss of regulation efficiency, but this is only marginal. If the unit is to have a trip current of about 100 mA or more, R2 can be reduced to about 1R8 in order to maintain the low voltage drop and marginal degradation of regulation efficiency.

M cuitry so that an excessive output current cannot flow in the event of an overload. However, these protection circuits are often designed merely to prevent the supply circuitry from sustaining damage, and in the event of an overload permit a level of current flow that is sufficient to damage the circuit being powered. This overload current trip can be used between the powered equipment and the power supply and will cut off the supply almost instantly if a preset threshold current is exceeded. The trip current can be varied from just a few to a few hundred milliamps. The unit will work with supply voltages of 5-40 V.

When power is first applied to the circuit, power FET Q1 will be biased hard into conduction by bias resistor R1. Power is, therefore, supplied to the load via Q1, D1 and R2. There will be a voltage drop across these components, and to some extent this varies with changes in the supply current. At low output currents there is likely to be a voltage drop of something in the region of 0V7, but this increases to a volt or so at high currents.

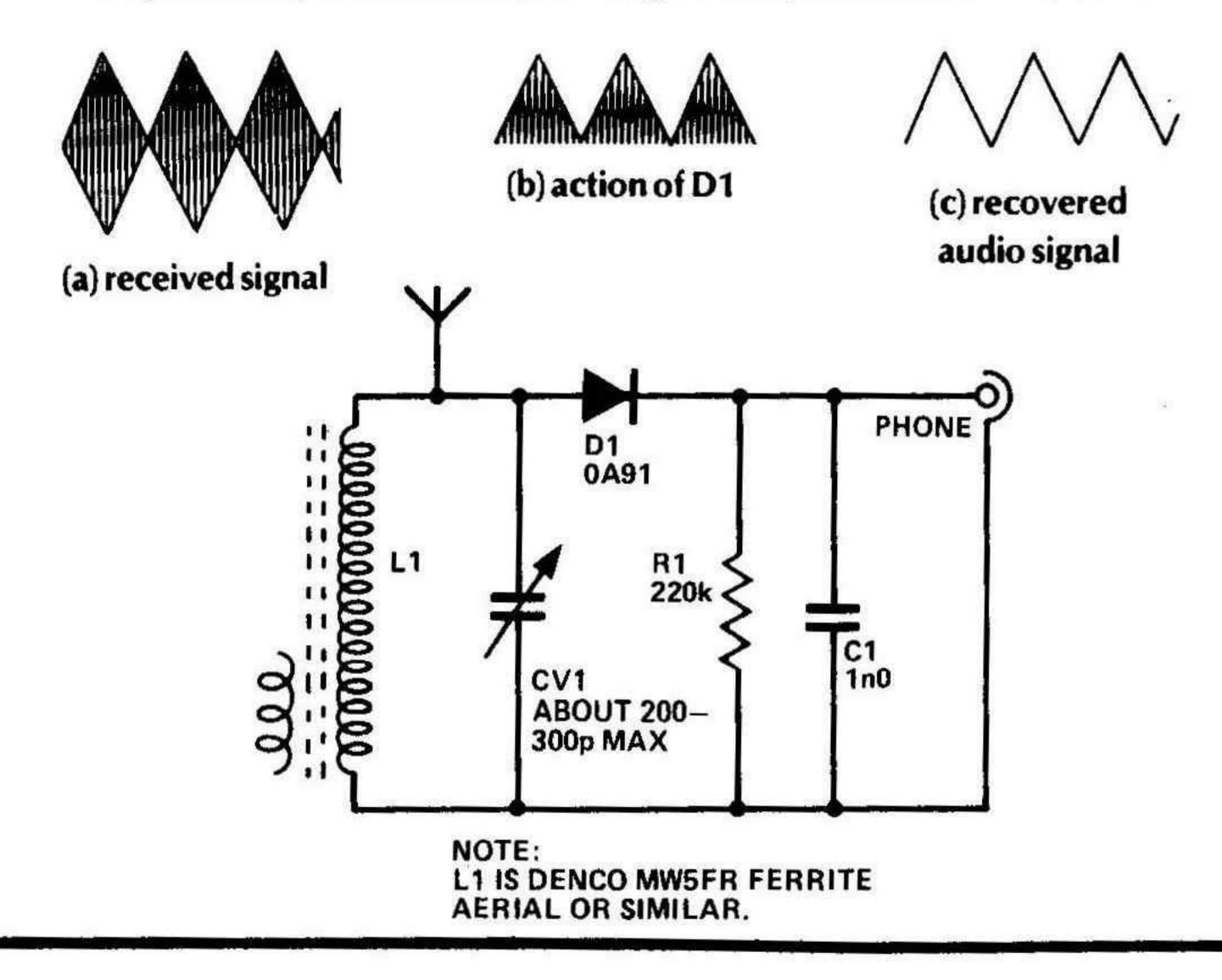
RV1 is adjusted so that at output currents below the required threshold level the proportion of the voltage dropped across Q1, D1 and R2 (and fed to Q2's base terminal) is not sufficient to switch on Q2. If the threshold current is exceeded, the voltage fed to Q2's base is then adequate to switch the device on and it diverts the bias current that formerly went to Q1's gate terminal. Q1 then switches off and cuts the supply to the load. Q2 remains switched on as it receives a strong base bias from the positive supply through the load, current limiting resistor R3 and RV1. Once tripped, the circuit thus latches in the "off" state. It can be returned to the "on" state by clearing the overload and then briefly operating SW1 so that the supply is momentarily disconnected from the unit. When the supply is restored it then starts at the "on" state once again. C1 ensures that the circuit does always initially assume the correct state and it also helps to prevent spurious triggering of the unit.



# **Crystal Set**

22

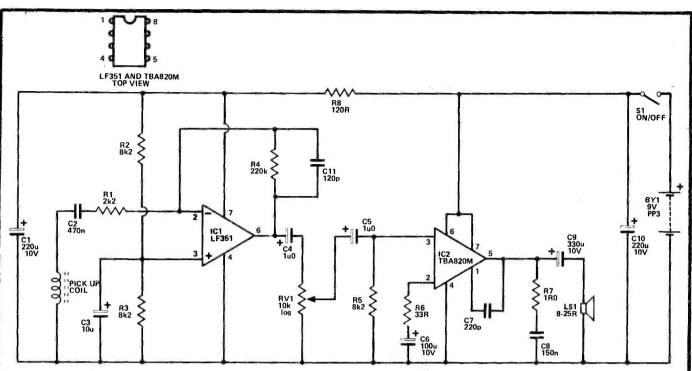
The most simple form of radio for receiving broadcast stations is the crystal set, or more precisely, a modern equivalent using a semiconductor diode to provide detection. This simple set covers the normal medium wave broadcast band, has an output for a crystal earpiece and, in most areas, should give reception of Radios 1, 2 and



3 at reasonable volume (plus any local radio stations where these are in operation on the medium waveband). It requires no battery or other form of power source since energy derived from the received transmission is used to drive the earpiece. However, this does bring the disadvantage of needing an external longwire aerial to operate the set, as an ordinary ferrite aerial does not give sufficient pick up.

The tuned circuit is formed by L1 and CV1. This selects the desired transmission and rejects other stations. CV1 permits full coverage of the normal medium wave broadcast band to be achieved. In order to obtain good volume from the unit it is necessary to directly couple the aerial to the tuned circuit. For the same reason it is necessary to take the output to the detector direct from the tuned circuit. This inevitably gives the set rather poor selectivity, but it should still be adequate in this respect.

The form of modulation used on the medium wave band is AM (amplitude modulation). This consists of varying the strength of the RF signal in sympathy with the amplitude of the modulating audio signal. D1 half wave rectifies the RF signal to leave only the positive half cycles. R1 and C1 are used to smooth the RF half cycles, but their time constant is too short to produce a steady DC output. Instead the output rises and falls in sympathy with the mean RF signal level, so that the original audio signal is recovered at the output and fed to the earpiece. The only adjustment the finished unit requires is to slide the aerial coil (L1) along the ferrite rod to find a position that permits full coverage of the medium wave band. The coil is then taped or glued in this position. The smaller winding of the ferrite aerial is not required and is either removed or just ignored. The aerial should preferably be an outdoor type about 10m or so long, but a few metres of hook-up wire fixed around the walls of a room or in a loft should give reasonable results.



#### **Telephone Amplifier**

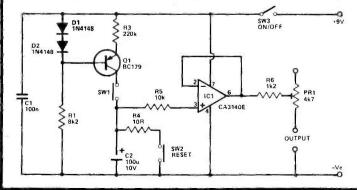
A telephone amplifier enables more than one person to follow a telephone conversation. The unit described here, in common with all normal units of this type, requires no direct connection to the telephone. Instead, the special pick-up coil has a built-in rubber suction cup that enables it to be easily attached to the telephone, base. This produces only a very weak signal from the magnetic field radiated by an inductive component inside the telephone, but satisfactory results can be obtained if it is fed to low noise, high gain amplifier. It would of course be possible to use a much simpler circuit if a direct connection to the telephone were to be made, but this would make installation more difficult and it is ILLEGAL to make a direct connection to a Post Office telephone anyway.

The preamplifier stage of the unit is based on IC1 which is a low noise op amp having a FET input stage. This is used in the conventional inverting audio amplifier mode and the negative feedback network, R1,4, sets the voltage gain at about 40 dB. (100 times). C11

D.M.M. To Stopclock Convertor

T his simple add-on circuit can be used with a DMM switched to the 1 mA range to give a stopclock having a range of 0-99 S (or 0-199 S for a  $3\frac{1}{2}$  digit instrument). It can also be used with an ordinary analogue multimeter or panel meter, giving a range of 0-100 S, but the resolution will be lower than with a digital instrument.

The unit relies on the fact that a linear rise in voltage is produced across a capacitor if it is fed with a constant charge current. The



reduces the gain slightly at high frequencies in order to obtain an improved signal to noise ratio.

C4 couples the output from the preamplifier to volume control, RV1, and from here the signal is coupled to the power amplifier by C5. The output stage uses the TBA820M. This is a class B amplifier which will give an output power of a few hundred milliwatts RMS. The closed loop voltage gain of the device is determined by the value of R6, about 25 dB. (180 times) with the specified value. This gives the required very high overall gain in conjunction with the preamplifier's gain. C7, R7 and C8 are needed in order to maintain stability.

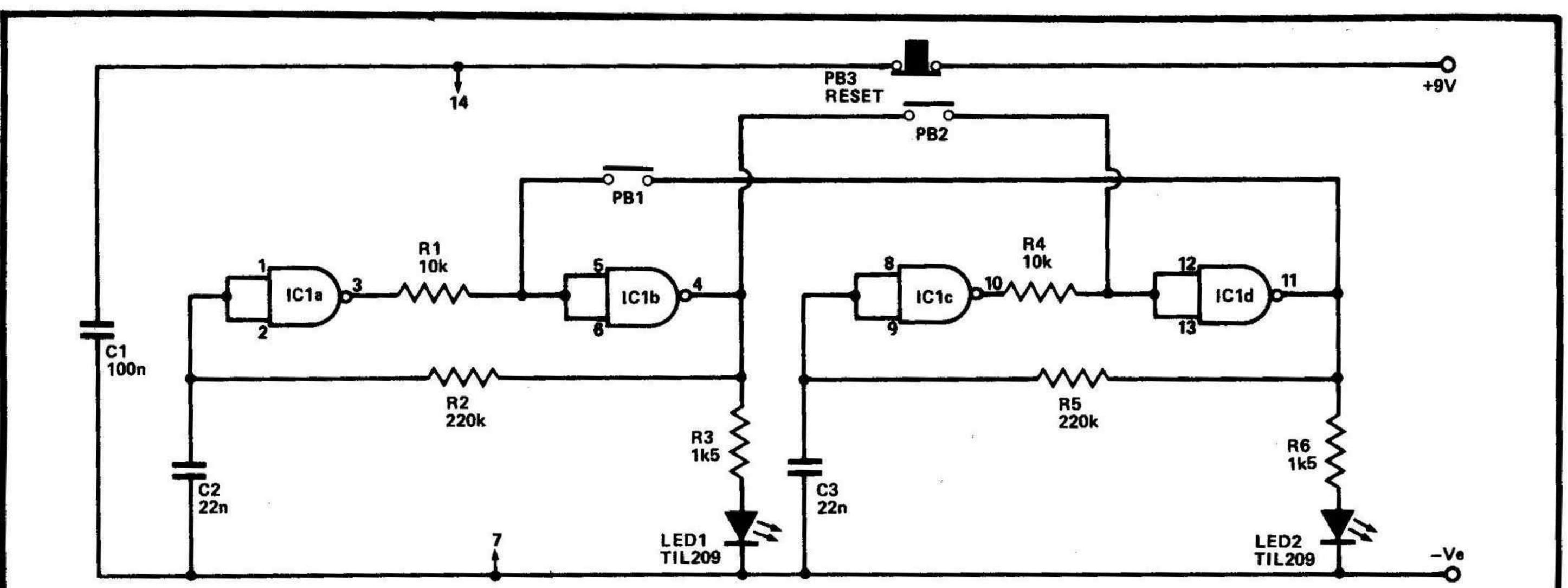
The quiescent current consumption of the unit is only about 5 mA, but this rises to as much as 50 mA or so at high volume levels. The best position for the pick-up coil on the telephone base (not the handset) can be located with a little experimentation. Be careful not to place the handset near the amplifier's loudspeaker or advance the volume control too far as this will cause a howling sound due to acoustic feedback.

capacitor (C2) must be a high quality type. The use of a tantalum bead component is, therefore, recommended. C2 cannot simply be charged from the supply lines via a resistor, since the voltage across the resistor would drop as the voltage across C2 increases. This would give a decreasing charge current as C2 charges exponentially and the required linear voltage slope would not be produced. C2 is, therefore, charged from a conventional constant current source which is based on Q1. D1, D2, and R1 form a simple shunt regulator circuit which bias the base of Q1 approximately 1V3 below the positive supply potential. There is a voltage dop of about 0V65 across the base emitter terminals of Q1, giving about 0V65 across emitter resistor R3. This gives an emitter current of roughly 3 uA and, as the collector and emitter currents of a high gain device (such as the BC179 used in the Q1 position) are virtually identical, a constant charge current of about 3 uA is fed to C2 when SW1 is operated. This low charge current together with the fairly high value of C2 produces a suitably long time constant.

It is essential that the voltmeter circuit takes no significant current from C2 as this would affect accuracy and would result in a decaying reading at the end of a timing run. Operational amplifier IC1 is, therefore, used as a unity gain buffer stage which gives an input impedance of about 1.5 million megohms and ensures that there is no significant loading on C2. PR1 enables the sensitivity of the voltmeter circuit to be adjusted to the correct level. In practice, SW1 is depressed for (say) 90 S and then PR1 is adjusted for the appropriate reading on the DMM. SW2 is a reset switch and this discharges C2 (via current limiting

SW2 is a reset switch and this discharges C2 (via current limiting resistor R4) if it is briefly operated. SW3 is an ordinary on/off switch. The current consumption of the circuit is only about 4.5 mA.

23



# **Quiz Monitor**

24

This circuit is useful when playing "snap" or TV quizzes where the first person to have an opportunity of answering the question is the first to operate their push button switch. Operating it causes an indicator light to switch on and prevents the opponent's switch and indicator light from working. Thus, there is no doubt as to which push button switch was operated first.

The circuit is based on a CMOS 4001 quad two input NOR gate, but all of the gates have their two inputs connected together so that they, in fact, operate as simple inverters. The circuit has two identical sections, one for each player, each using two of the gates.

If we consider gates 1 and 2, at switch on C2 is in a discharged state and, therefore, takes the input of gate 1 low. This causes the output of gate 1 to go high, taking the input of gate 2 to the same state due to the coupling through R1. The output of gate 2 then goes low and feedback through R2 holds the input of gate 1 in its original low state, thus latching the circuit in this condition. LED 1 is driven from the output of gate 2 via current limiting resistor R3. At first it will obviously be switched off. So will LED 2 which is the indicator light for the other player. It is driven from an identical arrangement.

If PB1 is activated, the input of gate 2 is taken low, since it will be taken to the low output of gate 4. This sends the output of gate 2 high, the input of gate 1 high (due to the feedback through R2) and the output of gate 1 low. The circuit will hold itself in this state even if PB1 is released. Operating PB2 will have no effect now, since this will merely connect the high output of gate 2 to the high input of gate 4, producing no changes in logic state. Thus the required blocking is obtained. Of course, if PB2 was operated first, LED2 would switch on and PB1/LED1 would be disabled, with the basic circuit action being the same as described above. The operating speed of the circuit is extremely fast and even with a very small gap between the two switches being operated, the unit is capable of determining which was operated first and there is no danger of both LEDs switching on.

The circuit is reset by briefly operating PB3 so that power is removed from the circuit and it starts once again from the beginning when PB3 is released. No on/off switch is required as the unit has a negligible quiescent current consumption.

# Simple Preamplifier

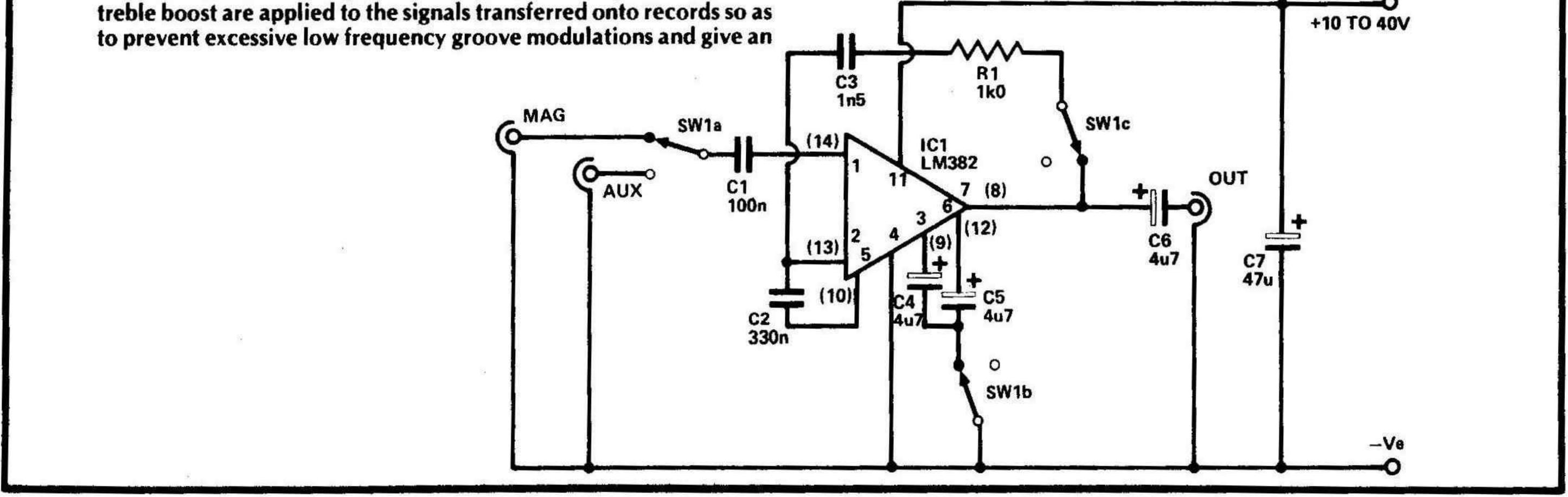
This preamplifier has two inputs; one for a magnetic cartridge and the other is an "Aux" input for a tuner, tape deck, etc. Although the circuit is very simple, it uses an IC which is specifically designed for this application and provides low levels of noise and distortion. The unit is suitable for stereo operation and both the required amplifiers are contained within a single LM382 IC.

The circuit diagram is for one channel only, but apart from the IC pin connections the other channel is identical. The numbers in brackets show the pin connections for the other channel. The supply connections of IC1 are common to both channels.

The LM382 has an internal biasing circuit which sets the quiescent output voltage at approximately 6 V and no discrete biasing components are required. C6 provides DC blocking at the output. When switched to the "Mag" mode, external feedback components are required in order to shape the frequency response characteristic of the amplifier in the required way. Bass cut and treble boost are applied to the signals transferred onto records so as to prevent excessive low frequency groove modulations and give an improved signal to noise ratio. The preamplilifier must give corresponding bass boost and treble cut in order to give a flat overall frequency response to the system. C2, C3 and R1 are the discrete feedback components and the LM382 itself contains some feedback resistors. C4 and C5 provide DC blocking for two shunt resistors in the feedback network.

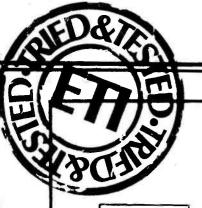
When switched to the "Aux" mode, most of the feedback components are not required and are switched out of circuit by SW1a and SW1c. C2 is left in circuit, but is superfluous. In this mode the circuit has a voltage gain of only about four and is really just operating as a buffer stage. SW1a connects the input of the amplifier to the appropriate input socket and C1 provides DC blocking at the input. Of course the input wiring must all be screened to prevent stray pick-up of mains hum, etc.

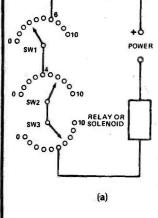
The current consumption of the circuit is about 12.5 mA. Due to the high supply ripple rejection of the LM382, it is not necessary to have a highly smoothed and decoupled supply.



ETI OCTOBER 1980

www.americanradiohistorv.com





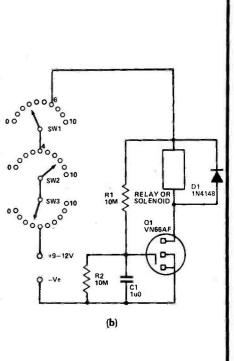
#### **Combination Lock**

M ost combination locks are based on the simple arrangement shown in (a). This merely consists of three ten way rotary switches wired in such a way that they will connect power to the relay or solenoid if the correct combination is set on them (6-4-5 in this case). This basic circuit is not often used in practice since it does not take very long to quickly adjust the switches through all the 1,000 possible combinations (0-0-0 to 9-9-9 inclusive) if it is done in a logical manner.

One of the simplest and best methods of overcoming this problem is simply to build a delay circuit into the unit so that power is not supplied to the solenoid or relay until the correct combination has been present for a few seconds. Quickly running through all the possible combinations is then ineffective at "cracking" the unit, as the delay circuit will prevent the unit from responding when the correct combination is briefly present. Anyone trying to "crack" the unit is very unlikely to succeed unless they know of the delay circuit and are prepared to devote a good deal of time to finding the correct combination.

Circuit (b) has an additional time delay circuit which is based on VMOS device Q1. When the correct combination is set on SW1 to SW3 and power is supplied to the circuit, C1 will be uncharged, giving zero gate bias to Q1. Q1 is, therefore, switched off and no significant current is supplied to the relay or solenoid which forms its drain load. C1 slowly charges via R1 and after about 4S the charge voltage on C1 will be large enough to bias Q1 into conduction and switch on the relay or solenoid.

R2 discharges C1 when the unit is reset, so that it is quickly ready to operate properly once again. R2 limits the maximum gate voltage of Q1 to only about half the supply voltage, but this is more than adequate to bias the device hard into conduction and is of no practical consequence. D1 suppresses the high back EMF produced across the relay or solenoid when it switches off and prevents possible damage to Q1.



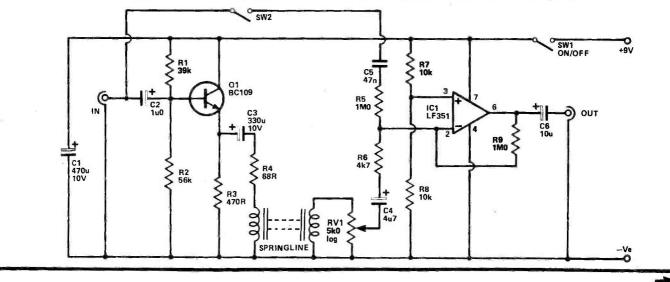
#### **Reverberation Unit**

This unit simulates the long reverberation time of a large hall (usually around 2 S or so) and can be employed as a musical effects unit or to improve certain types of home-recording. Reverberation is caused by sounds being reflected around the interior of a room and in the case of a large hall the sounds are usually reflected many times before losing sufficient energy to render them inaudible. This, coupled with the fairly long distances covered by the sound waves between reflections, gives the long reverberation time and reverberant sound of a large hall.

There are several ways of simulating reverberation, but the simplest and most commonly used is probably the springline based system. A springline consists of two transducers linked by one or two long springs. If a signal is fed into one transducer it produces a corresponding audio signal which is transmitted down the spring to the second transducer. Here it is reconverted into an electrical signal again. However, the sound signal travels down the spring relatively slowly, and the signal is reflected backwards and forwards along the spring many times before it decays to an insignificant level. Thus, the output from the second transducer is a good simulation of natural reverberation.

In this circuit the input signal is fed to the low impedance input transducer of a short springline via an emitter follower which gives a reasonably high input impedance of about 10k or so. This uses Q1 in a conventional configuration. The output of the springline unit is fed to one input of a mixer circuit. This is based on IC1 and again uses a conventional and well known arrangement. There are substantial losses through the springline and so the mixer is designed to boost the output of the springline by over 46 dB (200 times). The other input of the mixer is fed with the input signal, but the high value of R5 gives only about unity voltage gain at this input, so that the main signal does not overwhelm the reverberation signal.

RV1 enables the amount of reverberation signal mixed into the main signal to be controlled. It can be reduced right down to zero by fully backing off RV1. SW2 can be used to cut out the main signal so that only the reverberation signal appears at the output, if desired. The only other control is on/off switch SW1. The current consumption of the unit is approximately 10 mA.



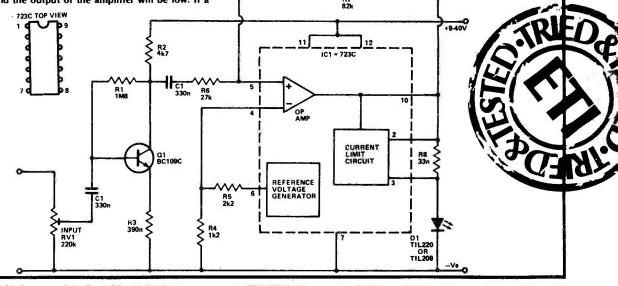
#### **Peak Level Indicator**

P eak audio level indicators can be used in tape recorders, amplifiers, mixers, and other radio equipment to provide a visual overload warning, and unlike slower responding VU meters, they produce a proper response to fast transients. This circuit is based on the inexpensive 723C device which, although primarily intended for use as a voltage regulator, can be adapted to work well in many other applications.

The 723C has a highly stable 7 V (nominal) reference voltage available at pin 6. This is coupled to the inverting input of an operational amplifier (which is also part of the 723C device) via an attenuator, R4,5. This gives a stable reference potential of a little over 2 V at the inverting input. The input signal is coupled by way of sensitivity control RV1 to a common emitter amplifier based on Q1 and fed to the non-inverting input of the operational amplifier by C2 and R6. Under quiescent conditions or with a negative going signal at Q1 collector, the non-inverting input of the amplifier will be low. If a

positive going signal reaches a high enough amplitude, though, the non-inverting input will reach a higher potential than the inverting one causing the output to go high. D1 is then switched on with a current that is determined by the output of the amplifier and which is largely independent of the supply voltage. Discrete resistor R8 actually sets the output current. The specified value gives a nominal 20 mA LED current. R7 provides positive feedback which ensures that D1 is either fully on or off. It also tends to hold D1 in the on state for slightly longer than would otherwise be the case, thus giving a clearer indication of a brief overload.

The unit can be adjusted to respond to input levels down to about 100 mV RMS, which should be more than adequate for all normal requirements. RV1 is adjusted for the lowest sensitivity that causes D1 to come on with an input signal level equal to the lowest overload level. Quiescent current consumption is only about 4 mA.



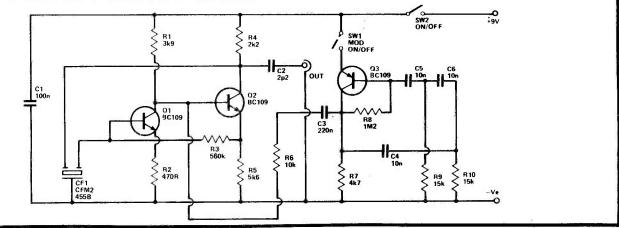
#### I.F. Alignment Oscillator

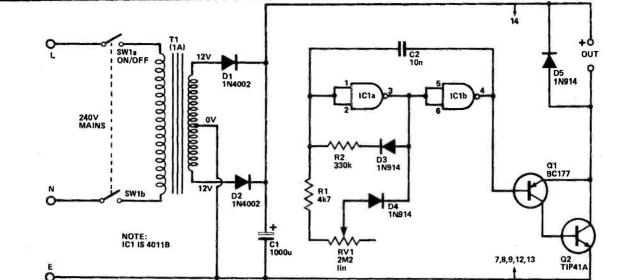
T his simple piece of test equipment can be very helpful when aligning or realigning an AM superhet receiver. It provides an output at 455 kHz, which can be modulated by an audio tone if the set is being adjusted for maximum AF output. The modulation can be switched off if the IF transformers are to be adjusted for maximum AGC voltage.

The circuit consists of two oscillators, Q1 and Q2 being used in the one which generates the 455 kHz signal and Q3 in the one which provides the modulation signal. Q1,2 are connected in a straightforward two stage, direct coupled, common emitter configuration. However, neither of the emitter resistors are bypassed in this case as only a low voltage gain is required. The input and output are in phase and positive feedback between the two is provided by ceramic filter CF1 (available from Ambit International). A significant amount of feedback is only provided at the 455 kHz operating frequency of the filter and so the circuit oscillates at this frequency.

A ceramic filter gives good frequency stability, requires no adjustment in order to produce the correct output frequency and is cheaper than using a crystal. C2 provides DC blocking at the output, although it should normally only be necessary to connect the "hot" output to the receiver, no chassis connection being necessary.

A straightforward phase shift oscillator is used to provide the modulation signal and the specified C-R values give an operating frequency of about 500 Hz. C3 and R6 couple this signal to the base of Q2 where it amplitude modulates the 455 kHz signal. SW1 can be used to cut the supply to Q3 and thus remove the modulation. Current consumption is about 2.5 mA with the modulation switched on and approximately 1.7 mA switched off.





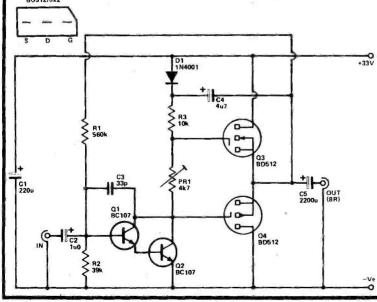
#### 12V DC Motor Speed Controller

This motor speed controller is of the type where the motor is fed with a series of pulses of fixed duration and the power fed to the motor is varied by altering the frequency of the pulses. The higher the frequency, the greater the power fed to the motor, up to the point where there is virtually no gap between the pulses and the motor is operating at full speed. A useful characteristic of this type of controller is that it gives relatively good results at low speeds and wastes little power with consequent low dissipation in the circuit. This circuit is for 12 V DC motors having a maximum current consumption of up to 1 A (or 2 A if the secondary current rating of T1 is raised accordingly).

T1, D1, D2 and C1 form a simple DC supply which gives a loaded voltage of just over 12 V(just over 17 V unloaded). This is used to drive a CMOS astable multivibrator which is based on two of the gates in a 4011B device. The two gates that are used each have their

#### VMOS 10 Watt Amplifier.

A t first sight this circuit may seem to be a straight foward Class B design having an emitter follower, complementary output pair and Darlington Pair common emitter driver stage. However, the output devices are, in fact, complementary VMOS transistors used 80512/522



two inputs connected together so that they act as inverters and are connected in what is basically just the standard CMOS astable circuit.

The circuit differs from the standard configuration in that there are two timing resistances; one formed by R2 and the other by the series reistance of R1 plus RV1. D3 and D4 are steering diodes. In effect, R2 forms the timing resistance when the output of the astable is high and gives an output pulse of fixed duration. RV1 and R1 act as the timing resistance when the astable's output is low and the duration between output pulses can, therefore, be varied using RV1.

With RV1 at minimum resistance there is a negligible gap between the output pulses, giving maximum speed from the motor. Increasing the resistance of RV1 increases the duration between the pulses, giving decreased average output power or no significant output power at all with RV1 at maximum resistance.

Since the astable has only a low output current capability, the motor must be driven via a buffer amplifier. This uses Q1 and Q2 in the common emitter mode, with 100% overall negative feedback so that unity voltage gain (but a high current gain) is obtained.

in the source follower mode (the FET equivalent of the emitter follower). In most other respects the design is quite conventional.

R1 and R2 are used to bias the unit to give the optimum quiescent output potential and they provide overall negative feedback, which improves the quality of reproduction. D1 and C4 are bootstrapping components, enabling the gate drive voltage to Q3 to go above the positive supply potential, giving improved efficiency to the circuit. R3 is the main collector load for Q2 and PR1 is used to give a standing bias on the output transistors that gives a quiescent current consumption of about 25 mA. The thermal compensation circuitry normally used is totally unnecessary in this circuit, since VMOS devices do not suffer from thermal runaway. In fact the quiescent bias current will drop slightly as the output devices heat up, but not sufficiently to give rise to significant crossover distortion.

C2 and C5 provide DC blocking at the input and output respectively, while C1 is a supply decoupling component. C3 gives a degree of high frequency attenuation and aids the stability of the circuit.

Athough the current in the driver stage, only about 1 mA, may seem to be totally inadequate, it is in fact more than sufficient since the VMOS devices have extremely high input impedances and consume no significant input current. This is one of their main advantages over bipolar devices. One disadvantage in this particular application is lower efficiency due to the higher threshold voltages and on resistance of VMOS transistors in comparison to bipolar devices. However, the circuit will give an output of 10 W RMS using a supply voltage of about 33 V or so (with a current drain of up to about 600 mA). An input of about 500 mV RMS is needed for maximun output.

Note: The output devices do not have internal zener protection diodes and the appropriate handling precautions should be taken. These devices are available from J.W. Rimmer, 367 Green Lanes, Harringay, London, N4 1DY.

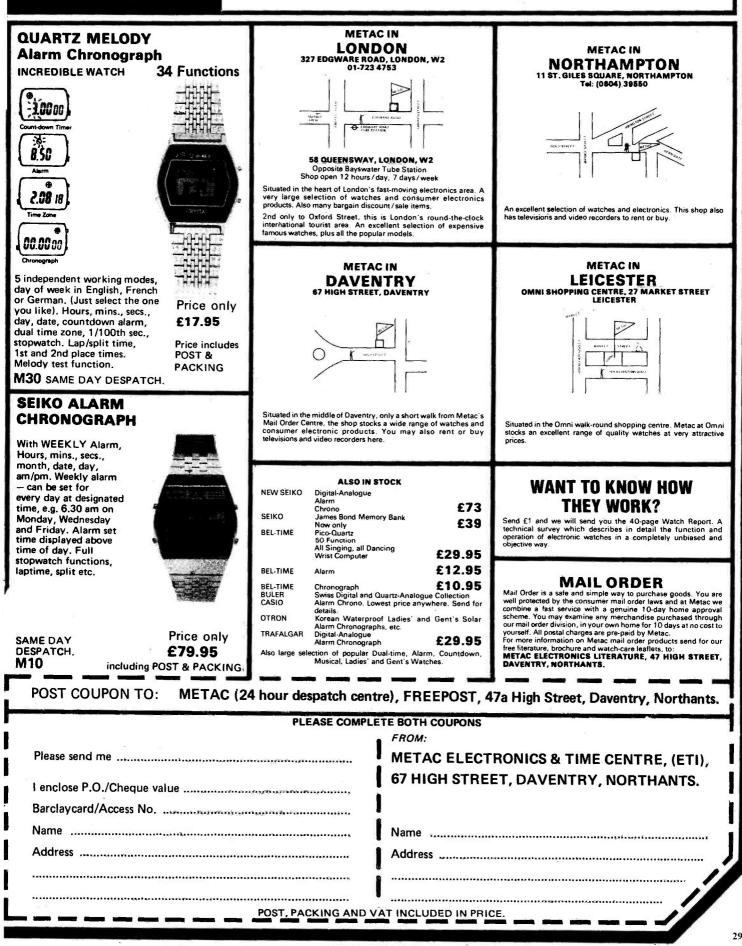


www.americanradiohistory.com

#### NEW 24 HOUR DESPATCH SERVICE

METAC have opened a new even faster Mail Order and Service Centre at DAVENTRY. Orders received before 3.30 p.m. will be despatched same day.

#### VISIT OUR ELECTRONIC TIME CENTRES AND SEE ONE OF THE MOST IMPRESSIVE QUARTZ WATCH RANGES IN BRITAIN



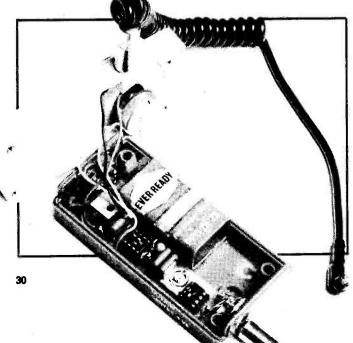
### FLASH TRIGGER This versatile unit fits in your pocket — ready for use in a flash.

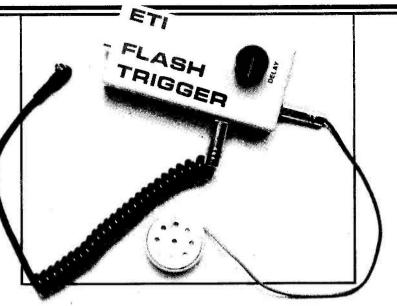
F lash triggers have been with us for a few years now. This design offers all the usual features plus pocketability. Only a couple of cheap chips are used with a caseful (check the photos) of other components. Using the specified component values, the unit may be employed either as a direct slave or may introduce a delay variable between 10 mS and 200 mS. Other delay times may be achieved by a single component change.

A number of devices may be used to trigger the unit. Operation as a sound operated flash requires only one extra component, a crystal insert or microphone.

#### Construction

Our PCB design will enable you to build the unit into a compact case. A preset component was used for PR1, though a standard potentiometer can be substituted if you have room and require adjustable sensitivity. If you do use our PCB then construction will be straightforward. Just follow our drawings and PCB overlay. As usual, insert the low-profile components first taking care to orient the semiconductors correctly. If you do not have a BC184L, almost any other small NPN silicon transistor can be substituted. However, note the TO92A pin configuration which differs from that of many popular transistor types. We included a power 'on' LED indicator in our design next to the input socket. A word of warning: remember that the trigger leads of many flash guns may have a potential of up to 200 V across them. This is usually low current but may give the clumsy constructor a tingle. This versatile unit should find a place in every photographer's grab-bag, so if you are going to delay, do it our way!





#### **HOW IT WORKS**

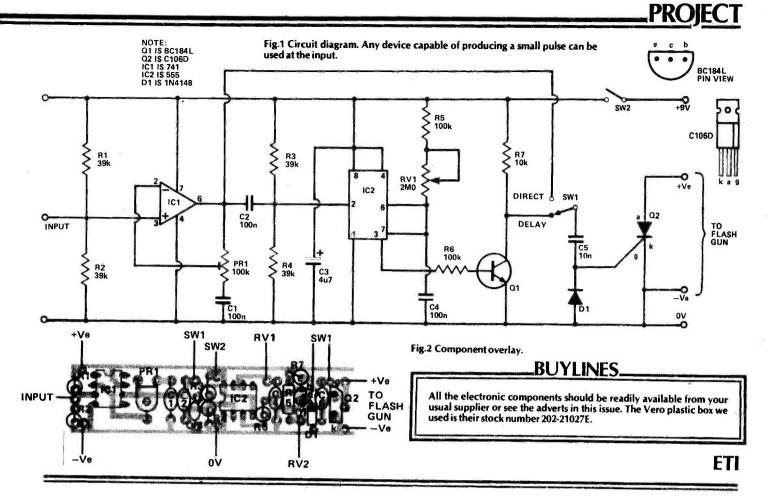
The flash gun is discharged by short circuiting its trigger contacts. This is usually achieved by a mechanical contact closure operating synchronously with the camera shutter release. In this design, the camera contacts are replaced by an electronic switch, thyristor Q2. This device is turned on, simulating a contact closure, by application of a positive-going pulse to the gate.

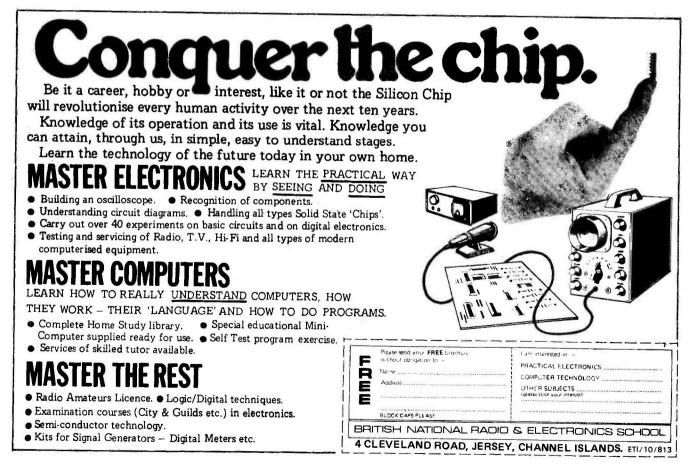
With SW1 in the 'direct' position, the thyristor will be triggered from the output of IC1, a 741 op-amp configured in the variable gain non-inverting mode. The use of C1 gives the amplifier a high available AC gain while minimising the effects of amplifier offsets. Gain is preset to the desired level by adjustment of PR1. For a straightforward sound operated flash, the input to IC1 may consist of a simple crystal insert connected between the junction of R1, 2 and ground. Any device capable of producing a small pulse may be employed at the input. Note that the unit will trigger from positive going edges in the 'direct' mode and from negative edges when switched to 'delay'.

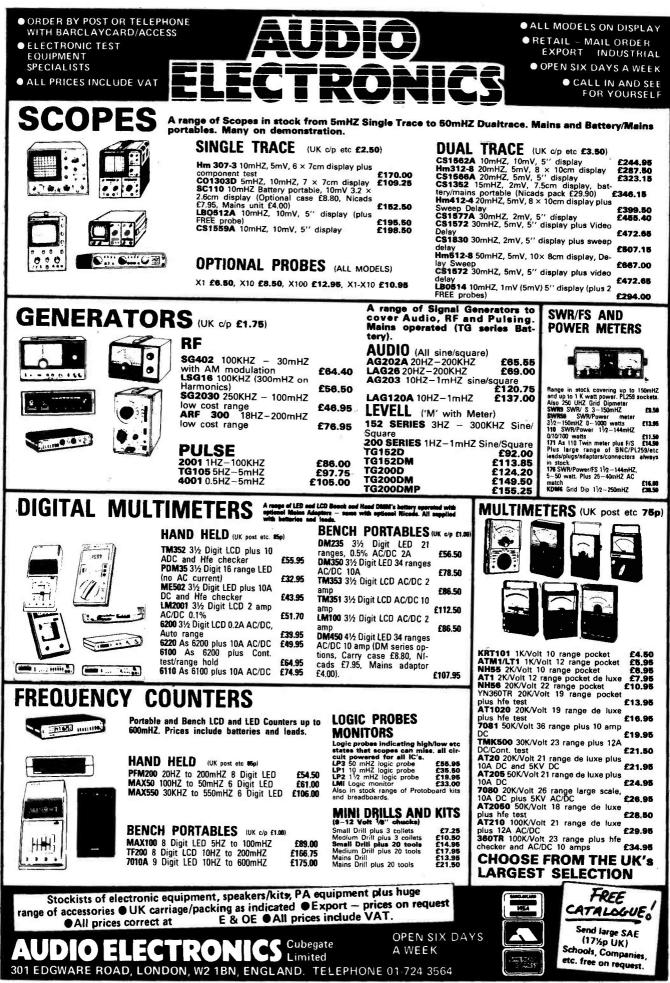
A negative going output from IC1 will trigger the 555 timer, IC2. The delay introduced by this chip is variable between about 10 mS and 200 mS by adjustment of RV1. Other delays may be achieved by changing the value of C4. As the delayed trailing edge output from IC2 is of the wrong sense, it is inverted by Q1 to provide a suitable trigger pulse for Q2. Capacitor C3 provides overall decoupling.

There isn't a lot of space to spare inside the case. Make sure you leave a corner free for the potentiometer body, or the case won't close properly.

	RTS LIST
Resistors all ¼W 5%	
R1,2,3,4	39k
R5,6	100k
R7	10k
Potentiometers	
PR1	100k horizontal preset
RV1	2M0
Capacitors	
C1,2,4	100n polyester
C3	4u7 tantalum
C5	10n polyester
Semiconductors	
IC1	741
IC2	555
Q1	BC184L
Q2	C106D
D1	1N4148







### Hobby Electronics Next Month ON SALE SEPTEMBER 12th

#### **Kitchen Timer**

This handy little gadget will soon take pride-of-place on the kitchen shelves. It'll accurately indicate periods of up to six and a half minutes in thirty second steps. All the components are easy to obtain and it shouldn't take more than a couple of hours to build.

#### **Freezer Alarm**

Still in the kitchen, we've cooked up another winner for you with this little freezer alarm circuit. Should the temperature rise above a pre-determined level then the alarm will sound. Anyone who has ever seen a freezer full of unfrozen food will know how valuable this little project could be!

#### **Light Dimmer**

Here's one for those afraid of bright lights. This all new dimmer circuit will fit into the standard light switch socket. It'll let you control your lighting from a harsh glare to a warm seductive glow, just right for those long winter evenings in front of the telly. It might even save a few bob on the electricity bill too!

#### Doorbell

Just in case you've fallen asleep, safe in the knowledge your freezer's OK, the lights are low (courtesy the HE Light Dimmer), the meal was perfect (thanks to the HE Kitchen Timer), you'll be glad to know that the HE Nobell Doorbell will wake you up. This novel little circuit faithfully re-creates the sound of a mechanical doorknocker. No prizes for guessing why we called it the Nobell.

#### **Temperature Controlled Soldering Iron**

If we've tempted you into building any of these projects then you should know about our Temperature Controlled Soldering Iron project next month. You'll be able to build all of the projects without worrying about burnt out bits anymore.

#### **Home Electronics**

To round it all off we will be taking a look at some of the benefits electronics has brought to the home. The, homely Tina Boylan looks at some of the gadgets on sale today and some of the labour saving devices we can expect in the next few years.

The items mentioned here are those planned but unforeseen circumstances may affect the actual contents.

3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> DIGIT LCD MULTI-METERKIT OFF DC **Build the Practical Electronics** OFF FEATURED handheld DMM. This superb product DC-1 offers professional precision with ASA Stan extended battery life. Five function operation (AC and DC VOLTS, AC and DC CURRENT, RESISTANCE) DUDKA PROJECT IN 100 HOOOK D PRACTICAL ELECTRONICS with ability to check diodes. 0.5" LCD 0 display with 'Battery Low' warning Auto-polarity, Auto-zero. Full protection against transients and overloads with £ P&P VAT TOTAL ability to withstand mains on any range. PE-DMM KIT 32.95 1.00 5.09 39.04 0.5% basic DC accuracy and 15 ICL 7106 8.95 0.50 1.42 10.87 different ranges. It measures AC/DC 1.27 LCD DISPLAY 7.95 0.50 9.72 voltages from 0.1mV to 500V. AC/DC 10 PCB 4.95 0.50 0.82 6.27 current from 0.1µA to 2A. Resistance from FULLY ASSEMBLED 39.70 1.25 6.14 47.09 0.1 Ω to 2MΩ. 200 hour battery life. DMM (INC. LEADS) The Kit contains all parts needed to construct the multimeter plus assembly instructions, battery and test leads. We also offer a calibration service To: Lascar Electronics, Unit 1, Thomasin Road, Basildon, Essex, (£5.00 + VAT) and a trouble-shooting and Please send me Data D FULLY ASSEMBLED DMM (INC. LEADS) £47.09 calibration service (£7.50 + VAT). Various other PE-DMM KIT £39.04 [] ICL 7106 £10.87 [] LCD DISPLAY £9.72 [] PCB £6.27 [] component parts are also available as listed. The multimeter is also available fully assembled and calibrated at a cost of  $\pounds 39.70 + P\&P + VAT$ . Name Address Lascar Electronics Ltd., Unit 1, Thomasin Road, Basildon, Tel. No. Essex. Telephone No: Basildon (0268) 727383. enclose cheque/P.O. value 33

I CAPACITORS Caramic PCM 5mm - Auto Insertion Types ♀ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	RESISTORS         BY         KOA           E12 tr Olma, 10, 12, -13, 16, 22, 27, 33, 39, 47, 56, 64, 62         BY         KOA           Cardea Film WWSY 05:3am 250v 104-1 WEG E12         1p         Electrosil           Metal Film WWSY 05:3am 250v 104-1 KEG E12         2p         Electrosil
2 15 2p 5 47 1p 8 330 1p 11 3K3 1p 13 12 2p 16 39 2p 19 120 2p 22 220 2p 1 3 22 2p 6 58 1p 9 1K 1p 14 18 2p 17 56 2p 20 150 2p 23 270 2p CAPACITORS ELECTROLYTIC TOL - 10% + 50% M MF08 ALL 5mm PCM	227 Wee sedering resistors state qty Itam se and Wolwyn resistance value.
24 1 13x6 9 29 10 19x7 9 24 22/35 11x5 29 1 25 22 13x6 9 30 22 19x9 12p 35 47/35 11x5 39 24 33 13x6 9 30 22 19x9 12p 35 47/45 11x5 39	228         61006         700         1         3.5         5         970         221         24444         800         5         2.5         6         970           228         61004         400         5         2.4         4.9         222         210801         50         .25         1.2         .35         159           230         7151060         400         5         .2         309         233         2150961         50         .25         1.2         .35         159           TRANSISTORS         11         .2         .20         .2         .2         .35         289
27 47 13 16 50 52 100 31 31 200 37 22 354 13 18 40 43 W02 200 28 6.6 13 x 7 50 33 220 31 x 13 250 34 7354 17 254 10 49 44 W04 240 39 100 254 13 x 10 50 44 W04 240 89 100 254 13 x 10 50 40 200 354 13 x 10 50 RUBYCOM, PLESSEY SPRAGUE 41 470 7643 20 x 10 50	all at 6p each r Guine VC 0 C Mus, Ptel Films Guine VC 0 C Mus, Ptel Films
T CAPACITORS POLYESTER RLUG IN RECT BOX STYLE	235 BC147 S0T25 45 N 200 230 250 150 309 2N696 T05 40 N 500 600 40 235 BC148 S0T25 45 N 200 350 150 310 2N696 T05 60 N 500 800 40
PCM         PCM         PCM         59 //100         15         20p           46         //01/400v         10         2p         52.047/100v         10         3p         601./400v         22         20p           46         //022/400v         10         2p         53.064/100v         10         3p         61         2.2/100         22         20p           47         //023/400v         10         2p         54.1/250v         10         3p         61         2.2/100         22         250p           47         //023/400v         10         2p         55.2/2/250v         15         5p         63.4.7/100         27         50p           49         //022/250v         10         3p         57.47/250v         15         7p         -         64         Ate in Axial Supp/on Type           40         022/250v         10         3p         57.47/250v         22         10p         -         64         Ate in Axial Supp/on Type	239         BC158A         S0125         30         P         200         350         100         314         2111801         115         50         N         600         800         f01           241         BC158A         S0125         30         P         200         350         100         315         212.13         115         30         N         600         800         523           241         BC178         1082         45         N         200         300         100         316         212.13         115         30         N         600         800         230         241         80175         30         N         600         800         230         243         80175         30         N         600         800         230         243         80172         101         30         N         800         800         230         243         80182         100         300         100         316         21221         111         30         N         800         800         230         243         80182         100         300         100         316         21221         111         30         N         800         500
4°9 (0/250 v 10 3/p 56 33/100 v 15 7/p ωθ 022/250 v 10 3/p 57 47/250 v 22 10/p ~ 64 Atesin Axial Supp/ven Type 51.133/100 v 16 3/p 56 68/100 v 15 75/p KC1853 2/p	248 622/138 1092 30 W 2000 300 150 3202 225966 1018 40 P 500 400 200 247 622/138 1092 50 P 200 309 209 321 222907 1018 40 P 500 400 201 247 622/138 1092 30 P 200 309 200 322 22593011 1018 12 W 200 400 201 248 622/149 1092 30 P 200 300 200 322 22593011 1018 12 W 200 400 309 400
CAPACITORS         TANT BEAD 20%         DISPLAYS         LED 7 SEGMENT           85 2.2/20v         10p         66 4.7/25v         15p         67 MSD161C Humaric         85p	251 66447. 1082 88 H 200 855 100 328 246544 1018 40 N 200 380 300 252 86380 1092 300 H 500 825 100 328 246556 1092 140 N 600 316 108 253 1590 1092 40 N 800 825 10 21 - 200 - 1
DIDDES BY ITT. MULL. SESCOSEM. TEXAS. ETC.         ALL CODED           100 AL119         35mA 45%         Bp         76         BY255         3A 1300V         10p         64         H4004         1A         400V         3p           80 BA12         100mA 35%         2p         77         DATA         48mA 30V         8p         85         H4149         1A         400V         3p           70 BA113         15ma 35%         2p         77         DAG9         10mA 33V         10p         85         H414151         150mA         75V         1p           71 BA118         20mA150%         4p         79 DAG9         50mA 115V         15p         87         H450A         3A         400V         10p           72 BA738         15mA 50%         4p         80 DA200         60mA 30         60p         80 H4507         3A         400V         10p           73 BA125         1A 650%         16g         81 H414         75mA 100V         2p         89 H5407         3A         400V         10p           74 BA127         1A 650%         16g         81 H414         75mA 100V         2p         89 H5923         200mA         200V         6p           74 H1	254         1031         1093         1093         1093         1093         1093         210         231         231         231         231         231         231         231         231         231         232         233
74 07127 2412507 15 02 0016 75 1007 20 75 0726 400mA350v 20 03 04002 1A 100v 20 DIODES ZENER NY MULLAND SECOSEM 06 A 130 91 AED Sp 92 YEL 150	239 BC107 T018 45 N 100 300 150 1334 B0131 T0125 45 N 34 11W 60 239 BC107 T018 45 N 100 300 150 135 B0175 10125 45 P 34 11W 60
BZX79/82Y88C 400mW 5% 3V3 4VT 5V1 5V5 6V6 9V1 10 15 18 4p ITEM 53 64 55 56 57 56 99 100 101	2452 8610668 T018 20 N 100 300 150 3368 60238 T0126 100 N 2A 2599 3 2548 86109 T018 20 N 100 300 150 336 8459 T0126 300 N 100 6W 44 2548 86109C 1018 20 N 100 300 150 340 83729 T018 12 P 200 80 265 86177 T018 45 P 150 300 100 344 16245 15 P 10 83 4 266 86178 T018 25 P 150 300 100 342 T0141 T0270 80 N 45 4
ITEM 102* 103 104 105 106 107 108 108 118 B2X61/85C 1W3 5% 6V8 9V1 10 12 16 18 20 22 24 Pp	270 BC/210 1018 45 P 100 300 100 344 TP22A 10220 60 P 64 65W 3 269 BC/17 1018 80 P 150 360 100 344 TP2365 T073 70 N 15A 90W 3 269 BC/18 1018 52 P 150 360 100 344 2X520 103 80 N 1A 800 100 270 BC/18 1018 40 P 150 360 100 344 2X522 1039 75 N 2A 1W 50 271 BC/10 1018 40 P 200 350 250 100 347 2X522 1039 75 N 2A 1W 50
I ICS MISC PHINING SHOWN ALL OIL-N	273 80777 1072 118 45 P 200 380 200 274 20706 8 15 N 200 380 200 275 20307 1092 40 N 200 310 250 275 203903 1092 40 N 200 310 250 276 203904 1092 40 N 200 310 250
11 301 (8) 112 380 (14) 113 555 (8) 114 709 (8) 115 723 (14) 116 741 (8) 117 CA3130 (8) 309 209 709 709 709 709 209 709 709 709 209 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 709 7	277         278         255         20         1         1         4 W         1           278         213306         T092         40         P         200         310         250         350         A16         50         1         A         6W         1           311         A19         P         200         310         250         350         A17         705         15         P         200         150         6           312         A133         T05         25         P         14         4W         1         352         80313         105         25         P         100         250         25         353         80112         T03         50         N         124         20W         353         80112         T03         50         N         124         20W         353         80112         T03         50         N         124         20W         353         80112         T
1 ICS С.МОЗ МАЛОНА НАТІОНАL ICS ТТІ ГОЖЕЛ МАТІОНАL 1 ICS	279 AC107         15         P         10         60         1         355         TP110          60         N         24         500W            280 AC127         T01         12         N         500         1.5         357         TP115          60         N         24         500W            280 AC127         T01         12         N         500         340         1.5         357         TP2955         7         60         P         2A         50W         -           281 AC128         T01         16         P         1A         247         1         358         21104         T05         350         T12955         7         60         P         54         90W         3
E 40 H BUFF RCA AND TEXAS 74 N SIGNETICS H 19p 57p 85p 50p 75 μ E1 15p 25p 15p 25p 50p €1 206 00 121 00 145 27 160 0 184 40	2133 AC142 T01 20 P 1A2 729 I 380 211308 T05 15 N 300 150 12 2144 AC153 T01A 18 P 2A 1W 1.5 346 211309 T05 15 P 300 150 12 2158 AC167 T01 20 N 1A 1W 1 342 213045 T056 60 N 4A 25W 75 2168 AC167 T01 15 N 2A 1W 1 343 213055 T03 60 N 15A 115W 2
122         01         144         28         161         185         41         210         02           123         02         147         29         182         02         186         42         211         03           124         146         30         162         02         186         42         211         03           124         146         30         160         197         45         212         04           125         07         06         149         35         164         04         186         44         213         06           125         150         41         165         05         188         47         213         16	248 86140 1039 40 N 1A 3W7 50 All at 89p each 259 86142 1039 60 N 1A 3W7 50 All at 89p each 259 86142 1039 60 N 1A 800 40 365 AU113 103 125 P 10A 5W 1
127         09         08         151         42         166         06         190         48         215         15           128         10         152         13         167         07         191         50         216         27           128         11         153         44         166         06         192         51         216         27           139         12         154         46         189         09         193         53         218         73	233 82461 1039 60 P 24 1W 56 367 80739 1039 60 P 250 410 45 294 80135 10125 45 P 1A 12 W 50 368 80755 103 60 P 154 115W 10 255 80136 10125 45 P 1A 12W 50 368 80755 103 60 N 154 115W 10
132         156 49         171 11         195 70         75p           133         15         157 50         172 13         196         219 00           134         14         173         14         197 72         73         220 02           135         ALSO         174         16         198         H74J         HIGH SPEED         220 02	2746 BYX29 103 60 F 600 600 100 372 BY208 T03 500 N 754 12W 3 340 BY50 105 55 A 1A 800 50 372 BY208 T03 700 N 7.5A 12W 3 340 BY50 105 35 A 1A 800 50 373 BY787 T03 150 N 7A 62W 45
130 18 177 23 201 83 223 10 139 19 178 25 202 86 178	343 85276 1018 15 N 560 366 500 376 2N6385 103 140 N 10A 11/W .3 364 071 20 P 10 125 .3 376 2N6385 103 80 N 10A 10W 20 305 0776 32 P 125 125 .1 377 80/102 103 150 N 7A 50/W 366 10220 60 N 14A 500 N N 10A 63W 3
140         20         SPEEDFAST         179         27         203         With         IC HOLDERS           141         23         24         24         24         90         90         90           142         24         24         24         90         90         90         90           143         25         142         37         205         93         224         14 Pm         39           144         24         142         37         206         151         225         16 Pm         39           144         183         38         207         157         228         24 Pm         27	307         TIP31A         10220         60         N         34         40W         3         379         2N3773         T03         140         N         30A         150W         .2           308         TP32A         T0220         60         P         3A         40W         3         379         2N3773         T03         140         N         30A         150W         .2           308         TP32A         T0220         60         P         3A         40W         3         380         2N4358         T03         240         P         100         700         40           FETS         PUTs         THIODES         UJTs         PROM         200
ORDER FORM CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE AND FOLD INTO THREE	382 215459 18p 384 216028 12p 38p 388 212567 70p 450a 386 214991 72p 450a
WHE	CRIMSON
n B	– LTD.
с К Е	76 CASTLE VIEW 
3	01-554 1834 01-445 6645
Immediate despatch except Item 389 2 weeks. Pay CASH WITH ORDER. Carriage is free. VAT 15% extra UK. Only on Total Order.	MINIMUM ORDER CHARGE £2
34	ETI OCTOBER 1980

### **SPECIAL RELATIVITY**

Einstein ranks as one of the giants of physics. A.S. Lipson looks behind the equations and tells the story of the special theory of relativity.

In 1905, Einstein published three papers. It was the third of these which was concerned with special relativity. In this paper — "On the Electrodynamics of Moving Bodies" — he set out by making two apparently innocent assumptions; that the velocity of light as measured by some inertial observer does not depend on the velocity with which this observer is moving, but will only be affected if the observer is accelerating or decelerating (an inertial observer is one who travels with constant velocity, without accelerations or decelerations) and that the laws of physics as measured by the observer are also independent of his velocity. From these assumptions, Einstein produced — using the most beautifully simple arguments — conclusions that rocked common sense and upset people's basic ideas about space and time.

If the laws of physics, all laws of physics, are the same, no matter what the velocity of the observer measuring those laws is, then there is no way in which that observer can tell with what velocity he is moving, or even if he is moving at all, just by performing an experiment in his own reference system, which is moving along with him.

#### **Relative Motion**

If, for instance, you are in a smoothly-running train, with all the windows covered over, and without noises from outside, such as the sounds of the wheels on the tracks, then you cannot tell by any means whether the train is in uniform motion, or standing still. However, should one of the windows be uncovered, so that you can see outside, you can then tell whether or not the train is moving by whether or not the buildings outside appear to be passing you at high speed.

Even so, information from the outside world can be very difficult to interpret sometimes. If your train is in a station, with another train on the line just next to it, then when your train pulls out, it can be very difficult to decide whether the motion you observe is due to the other train travelling slowly in one direction, or your own train travelling slowly the other way.

#### Ether It's There Or It Isn't

Since Newton, there had been a running debate among physicists as to whether light consisted of a wave or a beam of particles. These days, it is believed that it actually consists of a sort of cross between the two, which is virtually impossible to visualise, but is extremely useful for explaining various phenomena. However, by the second half of the nineteenth century, everyone was pretty certain that it was a wave. Maxwell had predicted the theoretical speed of electromagnetic waves and it had turned out to be pretty nearly the same as the experimentally measured speed of light and that was that light was probably an electromagnetic wave. The one problem was that all other known waves travelled through a medium of some kind; sound waves through air, water waves

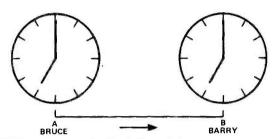


Fig.1 To Bruce it appears that Barry's timescale is 'running slow'. To Barry it appears that it is Bruce's timescale that is slow.

(obviously) through water, and so on. Light seemed to travel through a vacuum — for instance, from the Sun to the Earth. It didn't seem to need a medium. So they invented one; the ether

The ether supposedly filled all space, acting as a medium for light, but not interacting with matter. (So, for instance, it didn't slow down the Earth in its orbit around the Sun.) The fact that there was no experimental evidence for this ether did nothing to change physicists' minds.

Now we can see why Einstein's ideas were so radical and unpalatable to scientists of the time. He, a mere patent clerk at the time, was daring to challenge the scientific principles laid down by Isaac Newton, acknowledged as the greatest scientist of all time. What Einstein was saying was that there was no need for an 'absolute' reference system — or even for the concept of the 'ether'. In order to make these statements logically consistent, though, he had also to abolish the concept of absolute time.

#### Time

Time, according to the special theory of relativity, is dependent on velocity. This is best explained by giving an example. Consider two inertial observers, moving rapidly towards each other. For the sake of argument we can call them Bruce and Barry. Let us imagine that Bruce and Barry are approaching each other with a velocity v, and that each of them has a very accurate clock, which they carry along with them. Now according to relativity, if Bruce looks at Barry's clock and compares it with his own, it will appear to him that Barry's clock is running fractionally slower. Not only that; Barry himself will also be 'running slower' - his breathing, pulse rate, and so on will all have slowed down by just the same amount. In fact, it will appear to Bruce that Barry's time scale has slowed down! Well, if this is so, then it follows that it appears to Barry that Bruce's clock will be running fast. Or does it? Unfortunately not. If Barry looks at Bruce's clock, he will observe the same effect - that Bruce's clock is running slower; in fact, that Bruce himself will be running slower. Each of the two observers appears to the other to have a slower timescale.

#### And That's Not All

Time wasn't the only thing that took a bashing from Einstein, though; he had something to say about space, as well. If you are travelling at high speeds, the way you perceive objects will also change. Originally, it was thought that relativity theory stated that objects appeared shorter at high speeds. In fact, this is not quite accurate. If objects moving at high speeds are looked at, then they actually appear rotated, rather than contracted in length. If the objects are measured, however, allowing for the travel time of light, then they do appear to be contracted. This decrease in length at high speeds is known as the 'Lorentz Contraction', after a scientist who suggested it (although for different reasons than those of Einstein) shortly before Einstein's paper, in 1895.

We can calculate the apparent length of an object and draw out a table of it against velocity. If  $I_0$  is the length of the object measured at rest, and I is the length measured at some velocity v, then  $I = I_0 \sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}$ , where c is the velocity of light. In the table below, v is expressed as a fraction of c, and I as a fraction of  $I_0$ 

0	Velocity(v)         I/Io           0.9c         0.4359           0.95c         0.3122           0.99c         0.1411
0.8c	0.99c 0.1411

You can see that, as v gets close to c, the apparent length of an object drops dramatically, although at low speeds, less than 0.4c, the effect is fairly small. In fact, this is why we don't notice relativistic effects in normal life and why it took a mind like Einstein's to point them out. Even the fastest speeds that we normally come across are such small fractions of the velocity of light that the relativistic effects are too small to be measured.

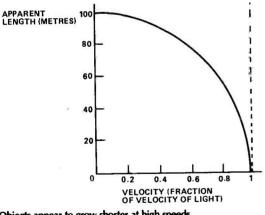


Fig.2 Objects appear to grow shorter at high speeds.

#### **Time Dilation**

The same arguments apply to the peculiar 'time dilation' effects we looked at earlier. At the sorts of velocities we are used to, the effects are too small to notice. Timescales, in fact, are related by exactly the same formulae as are lengths. Going back to Bruce and Barry, if t is the time Barry measures by his own clock, then t'=t  $\sqrt{1-v^2/c^2}$ 

At this stage, it might appear, looking at the equations, as though, if we could reach the velocity of light; that is, if v was equal to c, then time would appear to stop altogether and objects would appear to be so shortened as to be totally flat. In fact, this does not happen, and for a simple reason — the speed of light cannot be reached.

#### Weight A Minute

Physics is concerned mainly with the study of four quantities and the interactions between them. These four quantities are distance, time, electric charge and mass. So far, we've seen that distance and time are both affected by high velocities. What about the other two? Well, electric charge doesn't seem to be changed, however fast you move it, but mass, on the other hand, can be very significantly changed.

The change that occurs is very similar to those with distance and time. If we measure the mass of something when it is at rest with respect to us as  $m_0$  — the 'rest mass', as it is called — then when it is travelling relative to us with a velocity v, we will find its mass to be given by  $m = m_0 / \sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}$  and, hardly surprisingly, we see that this equation is strikingly similar to those giving time dilation and Lorentz contractions. The only difference being that  $m_0$  is divided by  $\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}$  whereas  $l_0$  and t were multiplied by it.

The acceleration (that is, the rate of increase of velocity) of an object is given by the force applied to it, divided by its mass. Hence, as velocity increases, so does mass, and for a set applied force, acceleration becomes smaller. As v gets close to c, mass gets very close to infinity and the force needed to accelerate the body also gets higher and higher. To accelerate a body to the velocity of light would require an infinite force applied over a finite time, and hence would take infinite energy. Such an acceleration, then, is not possible. Although we can, in theory, get as close as we like to the velocity of light, we can never actually reach it.

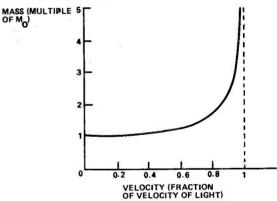


Fig.3 Mass increases at high velocities.

#### So Where Does It All Come From?

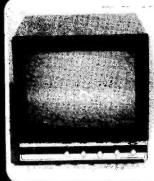
All right. So an object's mass increases at it travels faster (Fig.3). Where does all this mass come from, though? Well, it originates in the energy that we put into the object while accelerating it and this is where what is possibly the best known equation in physics comes in:

#### $E = mc^2$

Energy equals mass times the square of the velocity of light. The extra mass actually is all the energy that was put into the acceleration. Because of this, when we slow the object down again, it loses all the excess mass, because in decelerating it, we extract all the energy again.

Unfortunately, the equivalence of mass and energy has another application. It is the conversion of mass to energy that forms the basis of operation of the atom bomb. And because c is so large, it requires only a little mass to make an incredibly large quantity of energy. A match-head if totally converted into energy, could keep a 100 W bulb shining for about 500 years!

### MONITORS MONITORS MONITORS



Uncased from 3" to 12" Cased from 5" to 20".

Semi professional or professional available from stock.

Monitor PCB's including Transformers and Tubes also in stock.

TRS8-80 Software available.

Send for details.

#### CROFTON ELECTRONICS

Crofton Electronics Limited 35 Grosvenor Road, Twickenham, Middx. Tel:01 891 1513

#### DIGITAL VOLTMETER MODULE



Fully built and tested, ONLY

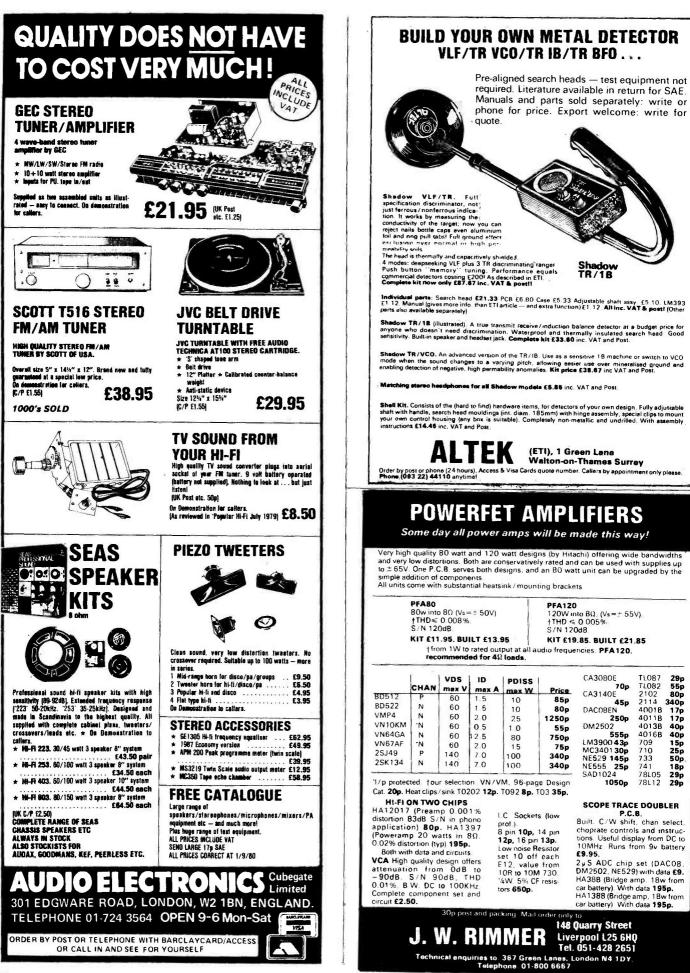
- ★ Reads positive and negative voltages with a sensitivity of 0 - +999mV and 0 - -99mV
- \* Requires only single supply between 7 & 12 volts (220mA)
- ★ High accuracy +0.1% +1 digit
- \* Large bright 0.43" high efficiency displays
- \* 4 readings per second sampling rate
- \* Size only 41 x 95 x 10mm
- \* Supplied with full data & applications information

This brand new, quality module manufactured by Autona Limited (who are one of the U.K's largest module manufacturers) means you can build accurate test equipment, multimeters, thermometers, etc. easily and at a fraction of the cost of ready-made equipment. Full details are provided showing how to measure A.C. voltage, current, resistance and temperature.

Send your cheque or P.O. (£11.95 + £1.79 V.A.T. + 50p p. & p. = £14.24) now to:-

Dept. ETI 1 RISCOMP LIMITED 21 Duke Street Princes Risborough Bucks. HP17 0AT BUCKINGHAMSHIRE'S NEW ELECTRONICS CENTRE 8 miles off the M40 50 minutes from London Telephone: (084 44) 6326

BAAL	LORDER ONLY			4041	85p	7473	*18p	AC151	170	BD121/3	75p	TIP36A	2000
MAI			OPTO/ ELECTRONIC	4041	80p	7474	*25p	AC153	25p	BD124	81p	TIP36B	210p
	<b>TECH &amp;</b>	rn –	2N5777 55p	4043/4	99p	7475	*25p	AC176	22p	8D131/2	35p	TIP41A TIP42A	60p 60p
UEL17		UU.	OCP71 65p	4047	105p	7476	20p	AC187/8	22p	BD135 to	25.	TIP2955	70p
CO NAVIOR	OAD, LONDON	NOO OLIN	ORP12 70p	404B	60p 50p	7480	32p	AC187K	30p +50p	8D140 8F178	35p 30p	TIP3055	*30p
			DL704 110p	4049 4050B	50p	7485 7486	80p	AD149 AD161/2	40p	8F179	19p	ZTX107/8	12p
Pleas	e add 356 to 58	£P	DL707 110p 0.125" & 0.2"	4066	60p	7490	*25p	AF114	30p	BF180	34p	ZTX109	12p
	4	NE555 22p	LEDs:	406B/9	22p	7491	57p	AF124	35p	8F181	8p	ZTX300/1	14p
CERAMIC CAP (50) 33 pF to 4700 pF	4p	NE556 +45p	Red 10p	4070B/1	22p	7492/3	30p	AF125/6	35p	8F183	34p	ZTX302/3 ZTX304	18p 23p
POLYSTYRENE CA		NE566 140p	Green 13p	4072/3	22p	7494	50p	AF127	35p	BF184/5	25p 12p	ZTX311	18p
10 pF to 1000 pF	5p	SN76115N #80p	Yellow 13p	4081/2	26p 80p	7495	40p	AF139	40p 44p	BF194/5 BF196/7	12p	ZTX500/1	150
POLYESTER CAP (1		TBA641B 200p	0.125" Clip 3p	4086	100p	7496 7497	37p 200p	AF239 BC107/B	10p	BF198	10p	ZTX 502	20p
1 nF to 68 nF 6p; 100		TBA800 75p	0.2" Clip 4p	45118	90p	74100	60p	8C109	, 10p	8F200	23p	ZTX503	17p
nF 8p; 220 nF 9p; 3		TBA B10S 110p 7N414 90p	VOLTAGE	4516/B	105p	74105	43p	BC117	23p	BF224B	14p	ZTX504	24p
11p: 680 nF 12p; 1u 2.2 uF 20p; 3.3uF 15		ZN1034E 220p	REGULATORS	4520/8	105p	74107	22p	BC140	20p	BF244B	45p	2N696/7 2N698	20p 20p
	•		79L05 30p	TTL		74109	34p	BC142/3	30p	BF258	28p	2N706	14p
ELECTROLYTIC CA 1/25 to 47/25 6p; 6		DIODES 8Y127 12p	79L24 <b>30p</b>	7400/1	16p	74110	40p	BC147/8	10p 10p	BF259 8FR39	40p 30p	2N914	20p
1/25 to 4//25 0p; 0 150/25 8p; 160/2		8Y127 12p 0A47 8p	7805 65p 7812/15 65p	7402/3	16p	74118	84p 25p	BC149 BC157/B	12p	BFR40	20p	2N918	35p
6p; 250/12 7p; 220		0A91 <b>*6</b> p	7818/24 65p	7404/5	16p 18p	74122	300	BC159	12p	BFR79	32p	2N1302/3	35p
500/30 10p*: 47		QA200 6p	7905 <b>75</b> 0	7400	25p	74123	50p	BC167	14p	8FR80	20p	2N1304	35p
640/16: 8p; 1000/		OA202 9p	7912/15 75p	740B	22p	74125/6	42p	BC169C	13p	BFX29	25p	2N1306 2N130B	30p 35p
20p; 1500/25: 24p;		1N916 5p	7918/24 75p	7409	13p	74132	65p	8C171	10p	BFX84	25p	2N1613	25p
ZENER DIODES (40	(vmvv)	1N4148 4p	THYRISTOR	7410	13p	74141/5	46p	BC173	8p 16p	BFX85/6 BFX87/B	20p 25p	2N1711	13p
5V6 5p* 9V1 6p* 2V7 to 33V 8p		1N4001/2 4p 1N4003 5p	C106D 40p	7411/2	17p	74150	85p 65p	BC177/8 BC179	16p	BFX88	25p	2N1893	25p
VEROBOARDS (.1"	(reggo)	1N4004/5 6p	(4A/4000V)	7413	21p 45p	74153	43p	BC182B	1.0p	BFY50/1	20p	2N2217	18p
2.5" × 5"	60p	1N4006/7 8p	CMOS AE	7414	20p	74154	66p	BC182L	*8p	BFY52	22p	2N2219	23p
3.75" × 5"	70p	1N5400 13p	4000 <b>16</b> p	7417	250	74155	46p	BC1B3B	10p	BRY39	50p	2N2222A	23p 17p
RESISTORS (5% E		1N5401 14p	40018 18p	7420	*14p	74156	42p	BC1B4	10p	BSX19	12p	2N2369 2N2484	25p
10 Ohms to 10 Mohm PRESETS (.15W HO		1N5402 15p	4002 <b>16</b> p	7421	30p	74157	38p	8C186	25p 15p	BSX20 BU205	22p 150p	2N2646	46p
100 Ohms to 2 Mohn		1N5404 16p	4006B 75p 4007 *16p	7422	26p	74160	57p 55p	BC1B7 BC207/9	13p	BU20B	2100	2N2904/5	
POTENTIOMETERS		BRIDGE	4007 <b>*16p</b> 4008 <b>85p</b>	7427 7428	20p 28p	74162/3	60p	BC212	100	MJ2955	110p	2N2906/7	21p
Linear & Log Scales		RECTIFIERS WO2M 20p	4009 <b>42</b> p	7430	16p	74164/5	56p	BC212L	*8p	MJE340	52p	2N2926G	10p
4K7 to 2M2	33p	W02M 20p	4010 <b>48</b> p	7432	20p	74166	95p	8C213L	10p	MJE2955	110p	2N3053 2N3054	20p 40p
	LF356N 85p	1A/50V 22p	40118 18p	7433	38p	74173	110p	BC214	10p	MJE3055 MPF102	80p 45p	2N3055	45p
LINEAR CIRCUITS	LM301AN 30p	1A/100V 27p	4012 <b>25p</b>	7437	14p	74174/5	55p 70p	BC214L BC23B	*8p 18p	MPF102		2N3442	140p
709-8 28p	LM30BN 55p	1A/200V 32p	4013B 45p 4014/5B 80p	743B 7440	18p 13p	74180	35p	BC261B	23p	MPF106	45p	2N3702 to	
710-14 35p	LM318N 120p	1A/400V 34p	4014/56 <b>60</b>	7440	52p	74181	80p	BC301/3	32p	MPSA06	26p	2N3711	11p
741-B 20p	LM318H 120p LM324N 57p	2A/50V 40p 2A/100V 42p	4017 <b>70p</b>	7442	32p	74182	45p	BC32B	17p	MPSA56	26p	2N3772	*80p
747-14 <b>50p</b>	LM324N 57P	2A/100V 42P 2A/200V 48p	4018 85p	7443	60p	74190	50p	BC338	17p	MPSU06	60p	2N3773 2N3819	250p 21p
74B-B 35p	LM348N 90p	2A/400V 55p	4019 <b>50</b> p	7444	100p	74191	90p	BC461	40p 35p	OC28/35	92p 40p	2N3820	400
CA301B 70p CA3028A 85p	LM377N 175p		4020B 100p	7445	64p	74192/3	50p 70p	BC477 BC478	35p 20p	TIP29	40p	2N3823	70p
CA3028A 65P	LM380N 90p	DIL SOCKETS 8 pin +8p	4021/2 <b>95p</b> 4023 <b>22p</b>	7446 7447A	65p 50p	74194 74195	68p	BC478 BC479	23p	TIP30	400	2N3866	65p
CA3054 40p	LM381N +120p	14 pin <b>*9p</b>	4023 <b>22</b> P 40248 <b>55</b> P	7447A	50p	74196	78p	BC547/B	12p	TIP30B	42p	2N3903/4	
CA3080E 75p	LM382N <b>*90p</b> LM1310N <b>115p</b>	16 pin <b>*10</b> p	4025 <b>20p</b>	7450	10p	74197	45p	8C549	12p	TIP31A	*30p	2N3906	15p
CA3130E 90p	LM145BN <b>#40p</b>	18 pin 16p	4027 50p	7451/3	13p	74198	120p	BC557/8	14p	TIP32	40p	2N4037 2N5457/E	45p 40p
CA314OE 40p	LM3900N +50p	22 pin 20p	4028 <b>70</b> p	7454	10p	74199	90p	BC559	14p 18p	TIP33 TIP33C	65p 70p	2N545776	400
CA3090AQ *200p	LM3909N 75p	24 pin 21p 28 pin 25p	4029 <b>90</b> p	7460	13p	TRANSIS		BCY70 BCY71/2	18p	TIP33C	70p 75p	2N6027	30p
LF351N 44p	MC1496P 80p	28 pin 25p 40 pin 35p	4030 55p 4035 110p	7470	20p 19p	AC126/7 AC128	22p 20p	BD115	58p	TIP35B	2000	3N12B	50p
ci soni inp	NE531 110p	-opin Job	4035 iTUp	1412					-		-	-	-
CALEO	DTDADE	DRICELLC	Tele	phone		SPEC	141	OFEE	RS	THIS	MO	NTH	
SAEFU	<b>R</b> IRADE	PRICE LIS	01-44	5 8224	č		TAL			TINO			



### SUBSCRIPTIONS

This year we present a new twelve-part, fiction series - ETI 1980. . . . .

available from your newsagent every month.

Forget to buy it this month, or is your newsagent sold out?

Why worry when ETI gets to the shop? Sit back and wait for it to come to you. Take out an ETI Subscription. For only £10.00 we'll send you twelve issues of ETI PLUS A free copy of ETI 1999, a chronicle of future times including the first report of World War III. You've never seen anything like it before.

To claim your FREE ETI 1999 (and a years' supply of ETI, of course) send your PO or cheque direct to

> **ETI Subscriptions MAP** Publications PO Box 35 **Bridge Street Hemel Hempstead** Herts.

### Faster than a scope safer than a voltmeter

Instant — simultaneous monitoring LOGIC of the logic state of all IC nodes Just clip it over your IC MONITOR LM-1 Instantly and accurately shows both static and dynamic logic states on a bright 16 LED display. LM-1 finds its own power. LM-1 cuts out guesswork, saves time, and eliminates the risk of short circuits.

LM-1 is suitable for all dual-in-line logic ICs LED on = logic state 1 (high), LED off = logic state 0 (low), and each LED is clearly numbered 1 to 16 in the conventional IC pattern.

#### (Excluding P&P and VAT) Total £34.44 including box and instruction manual.

C.S.C. (UK) Limited, Dept. 9S, Unit 1, Shire Hill Industrial Estate, Saffron Walden, Essex CB11 3AQ. LM-1 £34.44 (incl. P&P and 15% VAT) Qnty. Regd. For FREE Catalogue tick box [ Name.... Address

enclose PO/cheque for £. ..... or debit my Barclaycard, Access, American Express No. exp. date . FOR IMMEDIATE ACTION - The C.S.C. 24 hour, 5 day a week service, Telephone: (0799) 21682. and give us your Barclaycard, Access, American Express number and your order will be in the post immediately.

.......

Telex: 817477

LM-1

CONTINENTAL SPECIALTIES CORPORATION

C.S.C. (UK) Limited, Dept. 9S

Unit 1, Shire Hill Industrial Estate,

Saffron Walden, Essex CB11 3AQ.

Tel: Saffron Walden (0799) 21682



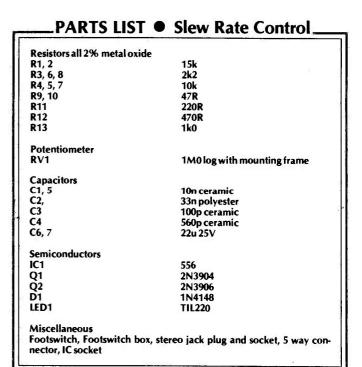
#### In the concluding part of the ETI Vocoder, Richard Becker deals with construction and setting up

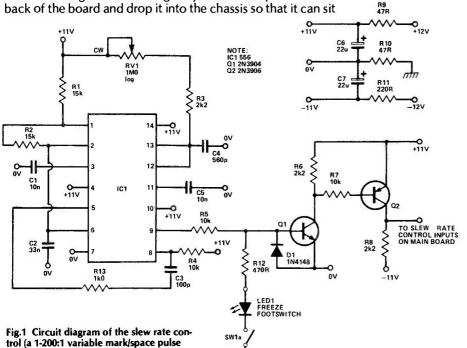
Start construction with the power supply PCB and bolt this onto the rear panel with mica washers between the panel and transistors, which are on the underside of the board. Silicone grease will keep the washers in place during fitting. Wire up and check all is well when operating into 1k0 resistors as temporary loads.

Build up the rest of the boards. Use insulation on any links which touch the leads of components. On the LED PPM boards, fit the connector pins for the connector to the component side of the board for the excitation meter and the noncomponent side for the speech meter. Where there are jack sockets, solder short lengths of bare wire to the boards and fit both board and socket to the front panel before soldering the wires to the sockets, which then become firmly attached parts of the board assemblies. On the internal excitation board of the three controls with mounting frames fit to the underside of the board. The other four controls fit on the top side of the board. To get the correct spacing between the top and bottom controls the top ones are soldered to pins such that the tags just touch the top of the board.

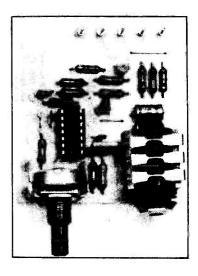
#### **Split Supply**

The analysis/synthesis board is split in two halves to simplify manufacture. When the two halves are completed, fit the boards to the panel by means of the controls. Fit wire links between the boards and solder the two halves together by use of a bared length of wire along the joint. Fit the spacers to the back of the board and drop it into the chassis so that it can sit





12



Slew rate control board.

generator).

#### **PROIE**

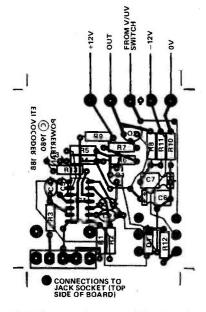


Fig.2 Component overlay of the slew rate control board.

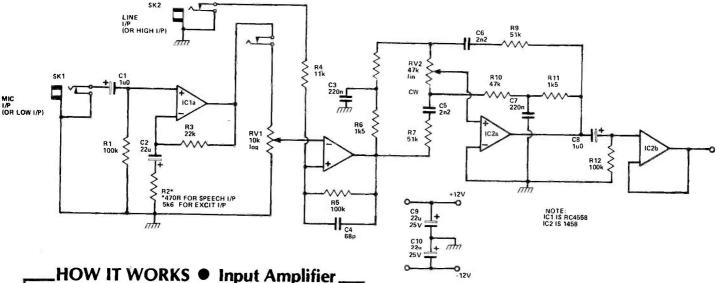
on its back edge whilst wiring up and setting up. Link together with a stretched length of wire on the back of the board all the excitation input pins and also the other inputs and outputs (a total of seven rails).

Make up the wiring loom and connect up all the boards.

#### HOW IT WORKS • Slew Rate Control.

This is a pulse generator of variable mark/space ratio. IC1 is a 556 which is a dual timer. Pins 1-6 form a 1 kHz 2:1 mark/space ratio pulse generator, its frequency being determined by R1, R2, C2. Its output is used to trigger via C3 and a monostable built round pins 8-13. The width of the output pulse is determined by C4, resistors R3, RV1. The output is buffered by Q1. Q2 is the output driver, switching from + 11 V to -- 11 V. The freeze switch forces the output to - 11 V thereby turning off all the FETs of the analysis/synthesis section. To isolate the heavy switching surges on the power rails from the rest of the machine the rails are decoupled by R9, 10, 11 and C6, 7.

Fig.3 Circuit diagram of the input amplifier



#### HOW IT WORKS Input Amplifier

The preamplifier uses an RC4558, which is a low noise version of the 1458, for IC1. The overall gain of the stage is dependent on which input is used, being unity for SK2 and for SK1 it is 500 (speech) or 50 (excitation). The gain is distributed between IC1a and IC1b. If SK1 is used and SK2 is not, then amplified signal from IC1a is connected to RV1 via the switched contact SK2. Also R4 is connected to ground, through the other switched contact of SK2, giving IC1b a voltage gain of ten. If SK2 is used then IC1a is isolated and R4 is disconnected from ground making IC1b now have unity gain.

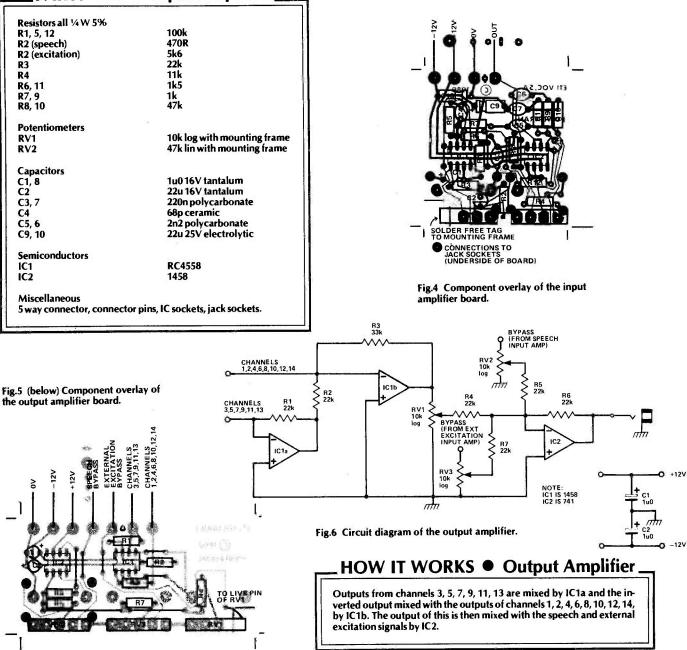
IC2 is a rather complex tone control stage giving, with a single control knob, treble boost with bass cut or bass boost with treble cut. R7, C5 and R9, C6 form high pass filters whilst R6, C3 and R11, C7 form low pass filters. When the wiper is clockwise the input of IC2 is connected to the input of the stage via C5, R7 whilst RV2 is in series with the feedback thereby boosting the gain at high frequencies. At the same time, bass from feedback path R11, C7, R10 is dominant over bass from the input, which has to pass through RV2. Therefore, the bass is cut. The opposite occurs when the wiper is anticlockwise.

Input amplifier board.

#### **Setting Up**

Check the power lines are still correct when all the boards are connected, set all presets to the centre of their travel and apply a sinusoidal signal to the speech line input. (If no oscillator is available use the cheap little circuit shown.) Set the level to where the sixth LED up just flickers, corresponding to 400 mV. Measure the AC voltage on pin 6 of IC1 channel 2. Adjust the frequency until the voltage reaches a peak, turn PR1 fully clockwise and turn it back slowly until 4 V RMS is measured at the resonant peak of the filter. Repeat this for the other analysis filters.

Connect a 56R resistor between the bias rail and + 12 V, turn the slewing rate control fully clockwise, check the pulse generator is operating by listening for a whistle when the input



#### PARTS LIST • Input Amplifier

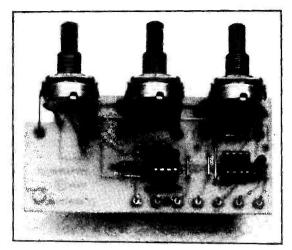
jack of an amplifier is placed near the slew rate control board, switch off the unvoiced detector, plug the oscillator into the external excitation HIGH input and set up channel 2 excitation filter as for the analysis filters (except that now the point to measure is pin 1 of IC7 and the potentiometer to adjust is PR5). With RV1 fully clockwise adjust PR2 so that 4 V RMS is also at the output of the OTA buffer (IC6 pin 8). Repeat this for the other filters including channels 1, 14 where there is only PR2 to adjust.

Plug the vocoder into an amplifier, turn up all channel volume controls and the vocoder output control. Turn down the speech and the excitation inputs. Turn up one of the oscillators and adjust RV5 or RV6, as appropriate, so that the signal is heard to just disappear when the width control is anticlockwise. Repeat for the other oscillator.

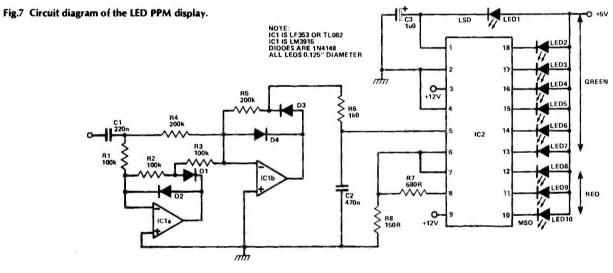
CONNECTIONS TO JACK SOCKET (UNDERSIDE OF BOARD)

#### PARTS LIST Output Amplifier.

Potentiometers	
RV1, 2, 3	10k log with mounting frames
Capacitors	
C1, 2	1u016V tantalum
Semiconductors	
IC1	1458
IC2	741



Output amplifier board.



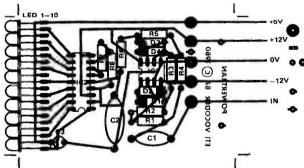


Fig.8 Component overlay of the LED PPM display board.

#### HOW IT WORKS • LED PPM Display\_

IC1 is a full wave rectifier with peak detector charging C2 to the peak voltage of the input signal. IC1 is a logarithmic display driver, the sensitivity of which is determined by R7, 8. The LEDs are at 3 dB spacing. The red LEDs illuminate when the filters overload. The LEDs have their own power supply.

#### PARTS LIST • LED PPM Display

Resistors ¼W 5%	
R1, 2, 3	100k
R4, 5	200k
R6	1k
R7	680R
R8	150R
Capacitors	
C1	220n polyester
C2	470n polyester
C3	1u016V tantalum
Semiconductors	
IC1	TL082 or LF353
IC2	LM3915
D1-4	IN4148
LED 1-7	TIL211 (green)
LED 8-10	TIL209 (red)
Miscellaneous	
5 way connector, conn	ector pins, IC sockets.

#### **Noise Abatement**

Remove the 56R resistor, turn down all the channel volume controls and the oscillators. Turn up the noise level to maximum, turn up channel 1 and adjust PR3 to the point just before the noise disappears. Repeat this for the other channels.

Disconnect the excitation and speech inputs from the analysis/synthesis board and temporarily connect the excitation to the speech input of the board so that noise can be applied to the analysis section. Turn up channel 1 and the noise control. Adjust PR4 for minimum breakthrough of the control

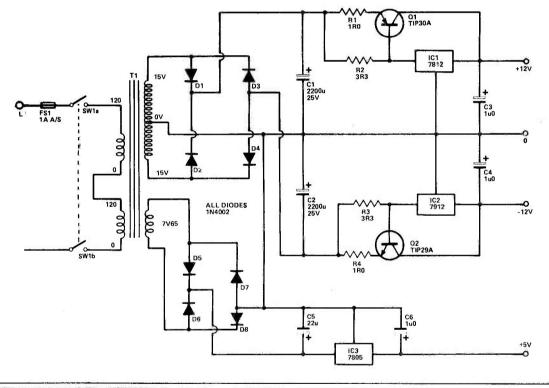
#### HOW IT WORKS • Power Supply,

Raw positive DC is regulated by IC1. To reduce heat dissipation the current is shared with Q1 roughly in the proportion of R2 to R1. The negative supply is similar. The LEDs of the PPM meters have their own supply. This can be very raw indeed and smoothing capacitor C5 is very small. IC3 is used simply to limit the voltage and not regulate it.

signal which will be heard as a low rumble. Repeat this for the other channels and then re-connect the inputs.

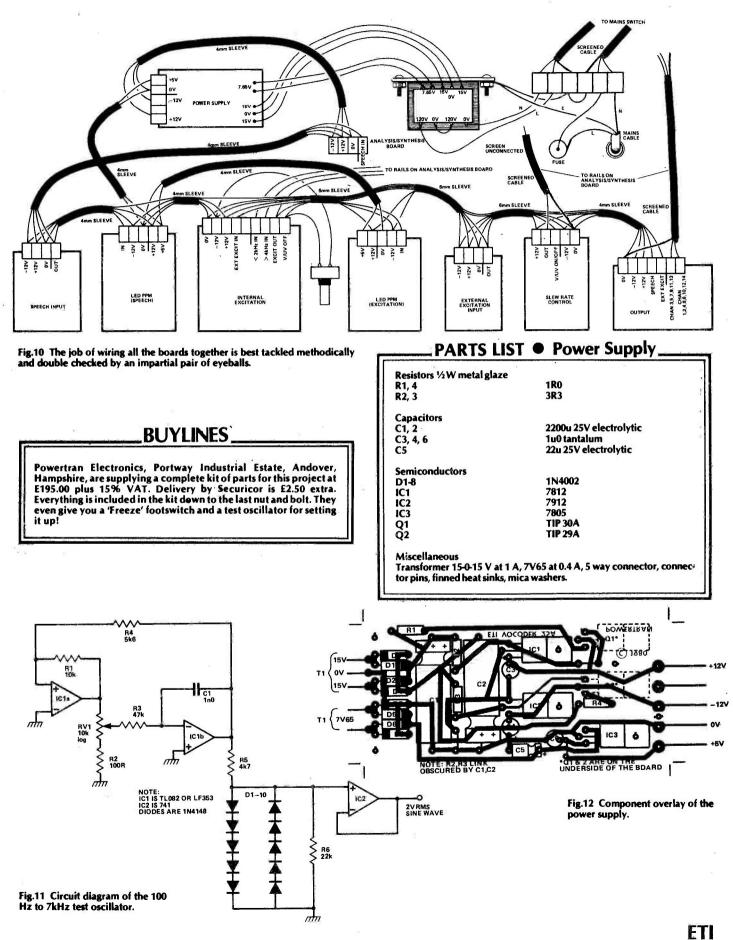
Turn on the voiced/unvoiced detector, apply a high frequency signal to the speech input and the V/UV LED will light up. Turn up all the channel volume controls and the noise control and noise will be heard. Adjust PR2 to halfway between the points where the noise is heard to start limiting. Turn down the noise control and adjust PR1 to the point where noise is just heard to disappear. Turn up the noise again and alter the frequency of the test oscillator. Adjust PR3 to where the noise level drops by about 6 dB, as indicated on the LED PPM, when the V/UV LED is illuminated.

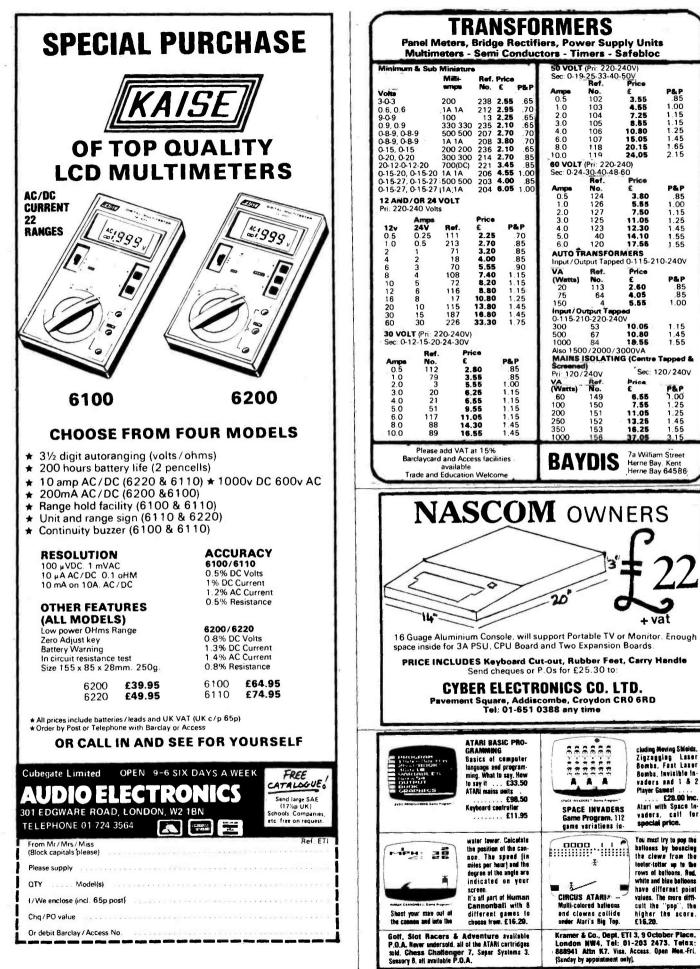
#### Fig.9 Circuit diagram of the power supply unit.



The power supply unit mounted on the rear panel.

#### **PROJECT: Vocoder**





1.45

1.65

2.15

P& P

85

1.00 1.15 1.25

1.45

1.55

P& P

85

85

1.00

1.15 1.45 1.55

PEP

1.00 1.25 1.25

1.45



### AUDIOPHILE

Ron Harris returns to his roots — well almost — for a look at a very promising new Thorens TD 160S turntable and has a severe shock in store for headphone owners!

shes to ashes. Dust to dust. Thorens to Thorens. Having launched off down the path to hi-fi many years ago in the august company of a TD 150 II turntable, it brought a whiff or two of nostalgia drifting back to lay hands on this new TD 160S.

Thorens have received an indifferent press of late, mainly because some of their decks have failed to match the very high standards set in earlier days, by the 150 and 125 machines.

The standard 160 has been enthusiastically received, however, even by the usually isolationist 'cult' press. There was, though, a lot that could still be done to improve things and after some years of watching other people make money doing them, Thorens have decided enough is enough — and the TD 160S is born.

#### **Vive La Difference**

Compared to a standard 160, the 'special' is more solidly constructed all around, has a massively heavy chipboard base, a better bearing system, thoroughly damped sub-chassis and improved suspension. The arm-board is also much heavier, but we'll come to *that* again later.

The standard Thorens mat has been dumped overboard and a much more sensible specimen is fitted in its place. The emphasis of the work has been upon suppression of resonance and isolation from feedback. I think the changes made show a clear enough improvement in the final sound to be immediately obvious in an A - B test, even in a crowded dealer's. Taking this into account, therefore, one is forced to consider the 160S in a higher league entirely — so it was with the greatest of expectations that I approached the packing case...

#### Set Up By The Setting Up

The deck employs the (by now) well known Thorens three point spring suspension. This method of 'floating' a sub chassis away from the base on springs has been employed by Thorens for many years, long before either the Linn or the Ariston arose to dazzle the eyes of belt-driven enthusiasts. The intent is to isolate the turntable and arm assembly from the rest of the known universe. And very effective it is too, I may say.

However, this apparently ultimate solution is not without some practical drawbacks. Once the chosen arm is fitted, the whole assembly must be levelled by adjustment of the three springs, which are situated beneath the deck. Which means at every step:- removing the outer turntable, upending the deck, removing the base, replacing the outer turntable and checking with a spirit level. If it is *still* not right, then it's remove the outer turntable, upend the deck... and so on and on ad frustratum maximum.

Once this has been achieved, the arm leads must be arranged within the plinth so that they do not re-couple the subchassis to the base, thus negating a large portion of the benefit gleaned from the spring suspension. This is fairly straightforward at least, but with an SME the leads are very stiff indeed, making the adjustment critical. Naturally though, SME can supply a flexible link if your patience falls short of the task.

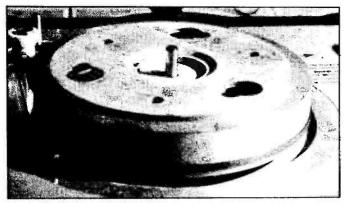
### Things That Go Bump In The Night

Mention of the magnificent SME brings me onto the subject of fitting said arm to this deck.

'Difficult' sums it up nicely.

Left: The 160S with SME/V15 IV installed. Note the improved turntable mat and relatively small armboard. The base is much more massive than the standard version and the base-plate is of thick chipboard. A slot will need to be cut through this to clear an SME lead, however. The two small openings Thorens provide are simply not big enough!

Arranged across the deck are some of the pickups used in evaluating the 160S. Top to bottom these are: Goldring G900 IGC, Coral MC81, Empire 600LAC and the elegant Ortofon/SME 30H. The variation in type of sound between these units was most helpful in identifying which effects were caused solely by the 160S!



Above: The Thorens sub-chasis with outer turntable removed. Note the position of the drive belt.

The 'new improved' arm-board fitted here — and the subchassis — have barely enough room to accept the SME III. Barely in this case means slightly less than 1/10th of a gnat's whisker. I would strongly advise any prospective owners of this combination to shell out the required sum of £8.62 and let SME send you a fully cut board. I assure you it is a miserly sum indeed, when weighed against the blood, sweat and tears you will expend trying to be a DIY hero. You have been warned.

Come to think of it, how about supplying the SME board with the 160S, eh Thorens? All else is but dross anyway!

Failure to line up the arm exactly will result in the pillar not clearing the sub-chassis cut-out, which is every bit as generous as the pickup board, or just as musically, bumping away at the base every time someone breathes on the turntable.

All in all then, an enthusiast's — or a dealer's — task. Patience is the order of the day and if you fancy a TD 160S, but don't fancy setting it up, then your friendly neighbourhood dealer should do it for you. If he doesn't, simply find another (more) friendly neighbourhood dealer.

## Down To Earth

Earthing the sub-chassis and arm means linking the earth of this to the base earth point beneath the turntable, from where a lead can be run to the amplifier — a point not well explained in the literature, I feel.

I earthed my Decca cleaning arm to the same point to keep down the number of wires trailing around. I have heard it said that use of these 'in-play' brush cleaners re-couples the turntable in the same manner as a badly arranged output lead beneath the base. Frankly, I don't go along with that at all. If the tracking brush is set up properly to a very small down force, then I cannot see that it will affect matters significantly. During listening tests I tried to identify any audible effect produced by employing the brush and found only that it removed the dust! Really exciting that, huh?

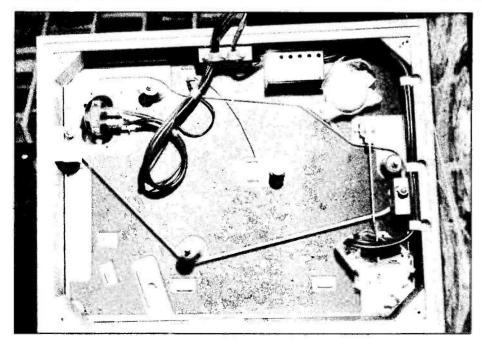
## All Hands On Deck

Listening to the TD 160S was carried out with an SME III on the arm-board, and a variety of cartridges, including a Goldring G900IGC and a Coral MC81. Also a Shure V15 IV was used on most comparisons as was an Ortofon/SME 30H. Regular readers will have seen this little lot before!

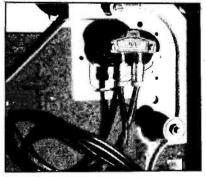
Incidently I have had some letters questioning my continued use of an SME III as a reference, when as one reader put it, "there are stacks of better arms around."

The answer to all these people lies in the fact that I personally don't think there are ANY better arms around.

The SME is an excellently engineered, universal pick-up arm, which is as neutral as any on the market and a damn sight easier to use than most. Don't be fooled into equating tedious setting up with final quality. It does not automatically follow. The SME is a *dream* to use and offers facilities that allow for useful optimisation of the pickup cartridge in use.



Above: The TD160S revealed. The dark areas are damping compound, not applied to the standard 160. Top right is the drive motor and below that the speed change mechanism. Note the loop in the arm lead to keep the sub-chassis decoupled.



Close-up of the arm pillar. There is not a great deal of room here so if you are fitting your own pickup — beware.



Above: The fixing of the sub-chassis suspension springs. The foam plugs have been sensibly removed on this model.

A small number of top-end pick-ups have been specifically designed for arms other than the SME and will thus operate better in the designed-for carrier.

However, for universal application and sheer engineering excellence, I don't think anyone has gotten near SME yet!

So there.

Back to the plot. After the setting-up was finally concluded and the cartridges aligned I could gratefully sink into the armchair — brandy in hand — and, wiping the sweat from the editorial brow, settle down to some music.

The biggest surprise was the mid-range. With all the cartridges the 160S produced a cleaner and clearer sound than I had heard from them before. Bass was firm and well-controlled, albeit with a nagging doubt concerning the extension. Treble was unimpeachable.

Continued listening has largely removed that doubt over the bass extension and I realised on a direct A - B it was the reference deck that had a slight upper bass prominence compared to the Thorens, which set me onto the thought in the first place! Instructive things comparisons. Learn something new every time.

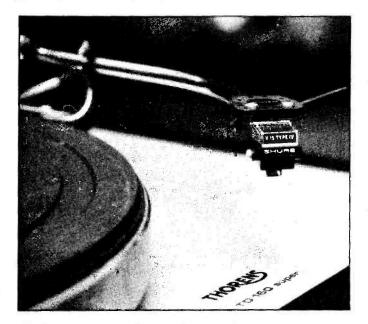
### **A Right Little Belter**

This comparison was set up with two SME III arms and two Shure V15 IV cartridges — and my warmest thanks to both firms for helping out at short notice so graciously — on the Thorens and the reference.

Even after several hours of this switching back and forth between decks I am left with nothing to be able to criticise in the TD 160S sound! It comes very, very close to being the best turntable I've ever heard and even changing the mat for a GA Audio Soundisc failed to make any improvement. If anything it muddled up the mid-range detail. Some may find it a little bland methinks — but look ye to your references gentlemen!

Taking price into account, the 160S is an excellent buy. It offers superb performance for its £140 price tag and should make prospective purchasers of decks twice the price stop and think very carefully indeed. To its price must be added, however, the need for precise setting up and a new arm-board! Still, with a good dealer neither should deter a single true audiophile.

An important addition to the ranks of hi-fi then, and I urge you to go and hear for yourself.



The reference cartridge for the comparisons was a Shure V15/IV.



Above: Close-up on the MDR-7 drive unit. The fine film driver is behind the mesh protection and can be clearly seen here. The foam earpads clip around the whole assembly and a spare set is provided.

#### **Big Brother Is Here!**

Perhaps the best-selling headphones so far in 1980 have been the Sony MDR-3s. And quite right too, many of you will say. Good value for money, they certainly are, and up to the 21st of last month I would have said the best value under £50. Alas this is true no longer. There is now a unit on the market whose performance far surpasses the MDR-3, adding to it a wealth of bass extension and clarity, sufficient by far to justify an asking price of around £30. These new phones are little larger than the MDR-3 and not noticeably heavier. The fit is comfortable and the sound dynamic. Their name? Why the MDR-7 of course! What else?

Since they fell into my hands I have been using them in preference to my own Koss ESP-10 electrostatics a lot of the time — and there is no better recommendation than that.

Comparing against the ESP-10s shows the MDR-7s to have a better bass extension than the Koss and to be able to accept higher levels without distress. Their mid-range is coloured with a slight warmth that can add a 'weight' to some music that is simply not there. The treble is smooth and goes a long way past your powers of hearing.

Overall, the sound is lively and detailed without being intrusive. It is easy to listen through them to the music and the comfortable fitting greatly assists matters here.

The MDR-7 will be widely available in this country from September 1st. At the same time an MDR-5 is being released which fills in the considerable gap in price between the three and the seven. I haven't heard them, but on the strength of those on both sides of them, the MDR-5s should not disappoint.

Sony apparently have no plans to bring out an MDR-9. At least not yet. At least that is what they tell me now. I can just see Audiophile in a year's time...

## Conclusions

A nice production yet again. Well built and well presented. A spare set of earpads are included in the price — for when you forget to wash your ears — or just want a change of colour! Selling tag will lie around £30-35 and no doubt the MDR-7 will quickly repeat the sweeping success of its little brother. It deserves to do so, no doubt about it.

## **NEWS:** Audiophile



Above: The MDR-7 in use. Only one earpiece is adjustable, the other being fixed to a swivel joint to better aligh with the user's head. Cable entry is side-on and much more convenient than on the MDR-3 where it hangs awkwardly, stethescope-like, behind the ear pieces.

The MDR-7 is very comfortable in action, but must be precisely aligned with the ear for best performance.

## Odds And . . . Pieces Of Turf

Next month I hope to be able to offer you a complete cassette based — stereo system at a ludicrously low price. Negotiations continue to bring about an offer on the launch of a new range of budget hi-fi from regions east of Suez! The importers are Videotone and a pair of their excellent GB2 loudspeakers will provide the voice for the system. Everything else — amp, tuner and cassette deck bear a name you will not have heard before, Seoum, and offers 30 W RMS per channel, with good transient delivery, M/C input, FM/AM with good sensitivity, LED level metering on tape and input power and best of all a good sound quality.

Price will be under £300 complete, so if you're looking for equipment in this price area hold on a little — you could save yourself some money!

Also next month I'll be starting to run some of your letters to Audiophile as a regular feature, be they queries or just communications! So if you've anything to say on matters even vaguely hi-fi let's hear from you.

The Audiophile enquiry service will still operate for anyone with a hi-fi problem. Don't forget to give details of the full system you're using and to mark the envelope for 'Audiophile'. ETI

#### CALCULATORS SCIENTIFIC + SPECIAL OFFER TEXAS T159 together with PC100C (Complete as manufacturer's specifications) £305.00 TEXAS / HP Accessories available \*TEXAS T159 (Card prog 960 prog steps of 100 mem) £156.50 \*TEXAS T158 (Key prog 480 steps of 60 mem) \*TEXAS PC100C (Printing Unit for T158/159) \*TEXAS T157 (Key Prog 8 mem. 150 Keystrokes/50 Prog Steps) £60.00 £165.00 £26.00 For your Texes T158/59 Calculate ELECTRICAL ENG. MODULE LEISURE (GAMES) MODULE STRUCTURAL ENG. MODULE NOW AVAILABLE L ★TEXAS TI PROGRAMMER (Hexadecimal Oct) ★TEXAS T151/iii (10 mem 32 Prog Steps Stat / Sci) TEXAS T150 LCD (Sci / Stat. 2 Con Mems) TEXAS T125 LCD (Sci / Stats) £46.50 £28.50 £17.00 £25.00 TEXAS T53 (Sci. 32 Prog Steps Coa Mem +80 Prog List Applications book) Make more of your Texas T158/69 Calculator MATH/UTILITIES MODULE If you write your own programs this library is for you! Most programs in this library are designed to be used either on their own or as subroutines of your programs. Applications range from utility programs such as printer formatting and large-scale plotting to advanced mathematical routines. Module includes: Module includes: Prompter. Alphe Messages. Printer Fomatting. Superplotter. Sorting. Data Arrays. Data Packing. Prime Factors. Hyperbolic Functions. Gamma / Factorial. Random Numbers. Normal Distribution. Interpolation. Roots of a Function. Minimax. Romberg Integration. Differential Equations. Discrete Fourier Series. Calculator Status. Variable Arithmetic. Module Check. 500.000 (2000) Fourier Series. Calculator Status. v anabre \*TEXAS T158 with Maths/Utilities \*TEXAS T159 with Maths/Utilities \*TEXAS T158 with Applied Statistics \*TEXAS T159 with PC100C & Applied Statistics £90.00 £186.50 £80.00 £325.00 AUTUMN SALE \*TEXAS T159 Calculator (complete as manufacturer's spec. master module; charger, etc). PLUS statistics module and extra set of 40 Blank Prog. Cards with wallet, etc. ONLY £180 NEW TEXAS TISSC\* \*Continuous program facility on all 480 Program steps/60 mem even calculator switched off \*TEXAS T158C (complete plus Applied Stats, Module) £ \*TEXAS T158C + PC100C £2 £79.50 £99.00 £228.00 FREE while stocks last with every purchase of HP 32E or HP 33E BATTERY HOLDER WITH RECHARGEABLE BATTERY. Normally costs £10.38 £52.00 HP33E (8 mem. Pro Sci / Sta) HP33C (Advanced Sci with Statistics) £38.50 +HP34C (Sci Prog 20 Mem) +HP67A (K Prog 224 Steps 26 Mem) +HP97A (Fully prog with Printer) HP41C (the newest calculator from HP) HP41C Card Reader/Printer etc. Modules CASIO FX501P (Sci. LCD Prog. 128 Steps 11 Mem) CASIO FX502P (Sci. LCD Prog 256 Steps. 22 Mem) £83.00 £173.00 £384.35 £167.43 Now in stock £47.50 £65.00 LEXICON LANGUAGE TRANSLATOR LEATLON LANGUAGE TRANSLATOR (With 6 Lang. Module — French / Italian / German / Spanish etc) £115.00 £115.00 NOW IT'S YOU AGAINST 'COMPUTERS NOW IT'S TOU AGAINST COMPOLENS CHESS CHALLENGER "''(7) Levis's of game) 578-50 CHESS CHALLENGER "''OICE'' (10 Levis's – beginner to Master Plus) The strongert Prog yet in this series – twice as list as the other challengers. A microprocessor with 128,000 bits 000 to 150,000 bits of read only Mem. Over 8000 bits of Random Access Mem. Teaches opening & and game solutions. Plays against itself. Solves book problems etc. – and in addition 11 SFEAKS'. Complete with believe playback, hand caved men with magnetic dass gains Deluse carry case SARGON. The most advanced chess game yet with add on module availability for other games <u>(Over price inc. FRE rechargeable battery pack)</u> 6234.70 Super System 3 (as recommended by ETI) ATARI TV GAMES £98.50 inc. VAT. Philips G7000 P.O.A LEARNING AIDS TEXAS DATAMAN (Number Games-Table tearning etc. 5/10 yrs) TEXAS SPELLING B (Spelling Games idea) 5/10 years) TEXAS SPEAK AND SPELL (for older children 8/13 years) £18.00 £22.50 £39.95 IOEAL FOR STUDENTS ALL WITH LCD DISPLAY ALL WITH LCD DISPLAY TEXAS T120 (Jun Sci + Con Mem) TEXAS T135 (Sci/Stat C Mem) TEXAS T138 (Sci/Con Mem-Pola Rec Cony Dec Deg conv/Deg Min Sec) £13.00 £17.00 £19.95 GOODS FULLY GUARANTEED PRICES EXCLUDE VAT (ADD 15%) Company/Hospital and Government orders accepted by photo Barclaycard / Visa / Access accepted by phone Export orders welcome Air Freight / Air Post Delivery. Quotations on request TEL. 01-455 9823 nerica now in stock Prices on MOUNTAINDENE , 22 Cowper St., London, EC2



#### SEMICONDUCTORS SEND YOUR ORDERS TO DEPT. ETI10, PO BOX 6, WARE, HERTS. BALDOCK ST., WARE, HERTS. 817861

VEROBOARD 2201 2.5"x5" .1 Copper €0.71 2211 2.5"x3.75" .15 Copper €0.5 2202 2.5"x3.75" .1 Copper €0.61 2212 3.75"x17" .15 Copper €2.39

2202 2.5<sup>h</sup>x3.75<sup>h</sup>.1 Copper **£2.6**1 2212 3.75<sup>h</sup>x17<sup>h</sup>.15 Copper **£2.8** 2203 2.5<sup>h</sup>x3.75<sup>h</sup>.1 Copper **£2.7** 2206 3.75<sup>h</sup>x3.75<sup>h</sup>.1 Copper **£0.7** 2206 3.75<sup>h</sup>x17<sup>h</sup>.1 Copper **£2.76** 2217 3.75<sup>h</sup>x1.79<sup>h</sup>.1 Plain **£1.79** 2207 4.5<sup>h</sup>x1.79<sup>h</sup>.1 Copper **£3.81** 2218 3.75<sup>h</sup>x2.5<sup>h</sup>.1 Plain **£1.79** 

CASES AND BOXES

 INSTRUMENT CASES in two sections vinyl covered top and si aluminium bottom, front and back.
 Filter

 No.
 Langth
 Width
 Height
 Price

 156
 Bin.
 5½ nn.
 2 nn.
 €1,72

 156
 11 nn.
 6 nn.
 3 in.
 £2,92

 157
 Bin.
 5½ nn.
 1½ nn.
 £1,79

434in. 514in. sade from half inch Width 214in. 4(n. 214in.

 vmm.
 2 vmm.
 1 /vin.

 4m.
 2 vmm.
 1 /vin.

 4m.
 2 vmm.
 1 /vin.

 5 vmm.
 4m.
 1 /vin.

 5 vmm.
 4m.
 1 /vin.

 3 vmm.
 2 vmm.
 1 /vin.

 3 vmm.
 2 vmm.
 1 /vin.

 3 vmm.
 2 vmm.
 1 vmm.

 3 vmm.
 2 vmm.
 1 vmm.

 3 vmm.
 3 vmm.
 1 vmm.

 3 vmm.
 4 vmm.
 2 vmm.

 5 vmm.
 2 vmm.
 2 vmm.

 6 vmm.
 3 vmm.
 1 vmm.

 7 vmm.
 5 vmm.
 3 vmm.

 8 vmm.
 4 vmm.
 2 vmm.

 9 vmm.
 5 vmm.
 5 vmm.

 9 vmm.
 5 vm

101e. 21∕ain, 53∕ain, 23∕ain, 12in, 31⁄₂in, 8in 2,%ain, 73⁄ain, 4in, 16in, 41⁄₂in, 11in,

Width 40mm 75mm 110mm

107 FM indoor Netral
 113 3.5mm Jack plug to 3.5mm Jack plug length 1.5mm
 114 5 pin DIN plug to 3.5mm Jack connected to pins 3 & 5
 1.5m

115 5 pin DIN plug to 3.5mm Jack connected to pins 1 & 4

1.5mm 116 Car aerial extension screened insulated lead. Fitted plug and 

 117 AL mains connecting lead for casette recorders and reduces a metres

 metres

 118 5 pin DIN pictors tereo headphone. Jack socket

 119 2 + 2 pin DIN pictors tereo Jack socket with attenuation network for stereo headphones. Length 0.2m

 120 Car stereo connector. Variable geometry pict fit most car cassettes. B-track cartridge and combination units. Suppled with initiated fuse power lead and instructions

 123 6, 6m Coiled Guitar Lead Mono Jack pilog to Mono Jack pilog to Mono Jack pilog Black E1.72

 124 3 pin DIN pilog to 3 pin DIN pilog. Lengt 1.5m

 125 5 pin DIN pilog to Tinned open end. Length 1.5m

 126 5 pin DIN pilog to Tinned open end. Length 1.5m

 127 5 pin DIN pilog to Thone Jack lice clour coded Length 1.5m

124 3 pin DIN plug to 3 pin DIN plug. Lengt 1 5m 125 5 pin DIN plug to 5 pin DIN plug. Length 1.5m 126 5 pin DIN plug to Tinned apen and Length 1.5m 127 5 pin DIN plug to 4 Phono Plugs. All colour coded. Length

128 Spin DIN plug to 5 pin DIN socket. Length 1.5m 129 Spin DIN plug to 5 pin DIN plug mirror image. Length 1.5m

130 2 pin DIN plug to 2 pin DIN inline socket. Length 5m 131 5 pin DIN plug to 3 pin DIN plug 1 & 4 and 3 & 5. Length 1

23cm 136 Covied stereo headphone extension lead Black, length 6m 178 AC mains lead for calculators, etc SWITCHES

Description DPDT miniature slide DPDT standard slide Toggie switch SPST 12 amp 250V ac Rolary on-off mains switch Push switch-Push to break ROCKER SWITCH A range of rocker SPST-moulded BLAC in high insulation WHT

To similar apparties DESCRIPTION Miniature SPST toggle 2 amp 250V ac Miniature DPST toggle 2 amp 250V ac Miniature DPDT toggle centre off 2 amp 250V ac Push-button SPST 2 amp 250V ac Push-button SPST 2 amp 250V ac Push-button DPDY 2 amp 250V ac MIDGET WAFER SWITCHES Should be write rive ar with the for S

in high Insulation material available ial available in a choice of colours ideal

for small apparatus DESCRIPTION

MICRO SWITCHES

2 pin DIN plug to 2 pin DIN socket. Length 10m £0.95 5 pin DIN plug to 2 pin DIN socket. Length 10m £1.13 5 pin DIN plug to 2 Phono plugs. Connected pins 3 & 5. Length 4 5 pin DIN plug to 2 Phono sockets. Connected pins 3 & 5. Length 23cm £0.78 5 pin DIN socket to 2 Pyono plugs Connected pins 3 & 5. Length 23cm £77

Colour RED BLACK WHITE BLUE YELLOW LUMINOUS

MIDGET WAFER SWITCHES Single bank wafer type — suitable for switching at 250V ac 100mA or 150V dc non-reactive loads make-before-break contacts. These switches have a spindle 0.25in. diat. and 30 indexing. Description No. Price Description No. Price 1 pole 12 way 1965 £0.55 3 pole 4 way 1967 £0.55 2 pole 6 way 1966 £0.55 4 pole 3 way 1968 £0.55

Plastic button gives simple 1 pole change over action Rating 10 amp 250V ac 1970

VERO plastic case box. These boxes consist of top and bottom sections which include fixings points for horizontal mounting PC boards / chassis plates, the two sections are held together by four enrors which enter through the base and are conceased by plastic

AUDIO LEADS

Height 205mm 205mm 205mm

1%in. 2%in. right elli, ep lid en Helght 1%in. 1%in.

2208 2.5"x1", 5 in pack £0.85 2204 3.75"x5" .1 Copper £0.79 2210 2 5"\*5" .15 Copper £0.64

158 9in. ALUMINIUM BOXES

Length 5%in. 4m.

Length 140mm 140mm 140mm

No. Type 107 FM indoor Ribbon Aerial

each No. 159 160 161

169 168

feet No. 170

171

2211 2.5"x3.75" .15 Copper £0.53

2219 5''x3.75''.1 Plain **£0.44** 2219 5''x3.75''.1 Plain **£0.68** 2223 2 5''x5''.15 Plain **£0.37** 2225 5''x3.75''.15 Plain **£0.56** 

£2.92 £1.79 £2.43 constru

Price £0.85 £0.85 £0.85 £0.97 £0.87 £0.60 £1.43 £1.82 £1.18

£5.45 £8.21

nd sides and construction easily

Price £4.14 £4.62 £6.00

£0.69 £0.86

length £0.98

length £0.98

1 49 £1.49 £0.92

£1.21 £0.78

.5m £0.95 £1.13

Length £0.78 £2.01 £0.52

60.16 £0.17 £0.38 £0.58 £0.58 £0.21 Price £0.35 £0.35 £0.35 £0.35 £0.35 £0.35 £0.35 £0.35 £0.81 £0.81 £0.81

£1.07 £1.04 £1.09 £1.34

Price £0.29

Omm x 5	mm chassis n	nounting		No. 508			Price £0.18
	n. chassis m			507			£0.14
Min. car i	inline type	-		508			£0.18
anel mou	nting 20mm			509			£0.23
	nting 1% in.			510	)		£0.37
	.0W 20mm						
ype	No.	Туре	No.		Туре	No.	
50mA	711 7p	1A	615		3A	619	6p
50mA	612 <b>6p</b>	1 5A	616	7p	4A	620	10p
50mA	613 6p	2A	617		5A	621	6p
I00mA	614 <b>8</b> p	2.5A	618	7p			
	IGE 20mm						
ype	No.	Түре	No.		Туре	No.	
00mA	622	1A	625		2 5A	628	
250mA	623	2A	626		3 15A		
00mA	624	176A	627		5A	630	
		All 8	lp eac	h			
	LOW 1 1/4 in.	_			-		Ne.
ype	No.	Туре		No.	Туре		634
250mA	631	500m		632	800m/	a	034
			Sp eac		-		No.
ype	No.	Туре		No.	Type		641
1A	636	2/5A		638	4A		641
2A	637	3A		639	5A		642
		All 6	Op ea	ch			
	NL	TS AN	ND I	BOL	rs		
	S - packs	of BA three	aded	admiu	m plated	screv	vs slotte
heese hea	d. Supplied	n multiples	s of 50	). Vpe		lo.	Price
VD8	NO. 839	£1.38		vpe 2in. 4B/		46	£0.37
in. OBA	840	£0.86		in. 48/		47	£0.29
	840	£0.75		in. 68A		48	£0.46
in, 2BA	842	£0.75 £0.52		in. 68/		49	£0.24
	84.3	20.02					
Ain. 2BA	844	£0.80	1/	in 6B/	• •	50	£0.20

Туре	No.	Price	Type	No.	Price
OBA	855	£0.83	4BA	857	£0.35
28A	856	£0.55	6BA	858	£0.28
		t cadmium p	lated plain star	nped washer	s supplie
in multiples	s of 50.				
Туре	No.	Price	Туре	No.	Price
OBA	859	£0.16	4BA	861	£0.14
OBA	860	£0.14	6BA	862	£0.14
SOLDER '	TAGS - H	ot tinned sup	oplied in multip	les of 50.	
Туре	No.	Price	Type	No.	Price
OBA	851	£0.46	48A	853	£0.25
2BA	852	£0.32	6BA	854	£0.25

	TRANSFOR	MERS
No. 2021 2022 2023 MINIATUR	E MAINS Primary 240V Secondary 6V-0-6V 100mA 9V-0-9V 100mA 12V-0-12V 100mA E MAINS Primary 240V	Price £1.04 £1.04 £1.29
No. 2024 2025 1 AMP MA No. 2026	ependent secondary windin Type MT280-D-5V 0-6 MT150-0-12V 0- INS Primary 240V Secondary 6V-0-6V 1 amp	Price           V RMS         £1.84           12V RMS         £1.84           Price         £2.85 P & P 45p
Multi-fanner	9V-0-9V 1 amp 12V-0-12V 1 amp 15V-0-15V 1 amp 30V-0-30V 1 amp D MAINS Primary 240V I secondary mains transform	<b>£2.30</b> P & P 45p <b>£2.00</b> P & P 55p <b>£3.16</b> P & P 66p <b>£3.97</b> P & P 86p mers available in ½ amp, 1 amp
Voltages ava	Ilable by use of taps. 14, 15, 17, 19, 25, 31, 3 <b>Reting</b> 1/2 amp 1 amp 2 amp 240V Primary 0-55V (	Price £3.91 P & P 85p £5.06 P & P 85p £6.27 P & P £1 0
each volt fro	2A Secondary SPECIAL O Primary D-20V @ 2A Seci im the secondary winding able, ideal for the experime £1.50 P & F	andary By removing 5 turns for any voltage up to 20V @ 2A is inter.
	SPECIAL OI	FERS
MINIDRILL Collet chuck	12V hand held battery-o Ideal for drilling printed cir	berated mini drill 7,500 r.p.m. cuits or model making No. 1402 £7,79
5 turns for e	IMER 240v Primary 0-20 ach volt from the secondary inable. Ideal for the experie	@ 2A Secondary By removing winding, any voltage up to 20v
ANTEX ML metres of 2- Caravan. No	core cable. Works off a 12	25 watt iron complete with: 41/2 volt battery. Ideal for Car. Boat. £5.29

#### TANTALUM CAPACITORS

3137	1 MFD	35V	£0.13	3157	3.3MFD	25V	£0.21	2
3138	22MFD	35V	£0.13	3143	10MFD	35V	£0.25	
3139	47MFD		£0.13	3144	22MFD	16V	£0.25	
3140	1.0MFO			3145	47MFD	6.3V		
3141	2.2MFD	35V	£0.14	3156	33MFD	35V	£0.13	
3142	4 4MFD	35V	£0.21					
	FLEC	TD C	LYTIC	CAD		De		
	ELEU	IRC		CAPI	ACITO	ĸэ	_	
3185	1.000uF	25V	£0.32	3190	4700uF	25V	£0.92	
3186	1.000uF		£1.27	3191	4700uF	63V	£2.42	
3187	2200uF		£0.69	3192	2200uF	100V	£2.88	
3188	2200uF		£0.69	3196	100uF	100V	£0.09	

		SHOP AT: 3
	EL 0920 3	182. TELEX:
Р	OTENTIOM	TERS
CARBON POTS (Lin	ear Track)	
Single gang with wir	e and terminations if	6mm x 50mm plastic shaft sher and nut. Tolerance 20%
of resistance		
	1835 22k ohms 1836 47k ohms	1839 470k ohms 1840 1 Mag
1833 4k7 ohms	1837 100k ohms	1841 2M2
1834 10k ohms	1838 220k ohms	All at 30p each
CARBON POTS (Lo 1842 4k7 ohms	g Track)	1850 wM2
1843 10k ohms	1846 100k ohms 1847 220k ohms	Allat
1844 22k ohms	1848 470k ohms	30p each
1845 47k ohms Designed to bt 2 54m	1849 1 Meg im pitch board Alf trai	tks are linear law
VC7		
1816 100 ohms	1822 10k homs 1823 22k ohms	1828 1 Meg ohms 1829 2M2 ohms
1817 220 ohms 1818 470 ohms	1824 47k ohms	1830 4M7 ohms
1819 1k ohms	1825 100k ohms	All at
1820 2k2 ohms 1821 4k7 ohms	1826 220k ohms 1827 470k ohms	10p each
DUAL CARBON PO	TS (Log Law)	
1860 4k7 phms	1864 100k ohms	1868 2M2
1861 10£ ohms 1862 22k ohms	1865 220k ohms 1866 470k ohms	All at 99p each
1863 47k ohms	1867 1 Meg	
SINGLE GANG SW	ITCHED (Lin Law)	le pole on-off switches. The
switch is incorporated	within the rotary action	on of the pot. Specification of
pot is as VC1. Switch	rating 1.5 amps at 25	OV AC.
1870 4k7 ohms 1871 10k ohms	1874 100k ohms 1875 220k ohms	1878 2M2 All at
1872 22k ohms	1876 470k ohms	75p each
1873 47k ohms	1877 1Meg	
1888 Track specificat	tion as dual gang pots	VC3, but tracks mounted to
log-anti-log action 10	Ok phms £0.86.	
SPECIAL VOLUME	CONTROLS	iume control, incorporating
single pole on off swi	tch. Resistance value	5k ohms Tolerance 20% 1/8
watt rating.	VC8	
1889 E0.31 MINIATURE ROTA	RY VOLUME CONT	ROL
5k ohms log law w	ith on-off switch, 20	0mm grooved spindle Tag
replacement	dia. Supplied with f	ixing nut. Used mainly for
1890 £0.62	VC9	
A range of wire would		linear tracks of 1 watt rating.
fitted with 10mm bus		hakeproof washer and nut
VC6	1895 220 ohms	1899 4k7 ohms
1891 10 ohms 1892 22 ohms	1895 220 phms	All at
1893 47 ohms	1897 1k ohms	92p each
1894 20 ohms	1898 2k2 ohms	
SWITCHED POT (L Specification as VC2	but track having (log)	aw
1879 4k7 ohms	1883 100k ohms 1884 220k ohms	1887 2M2
1880 10k ohms 1881 22k ohms	1884 220k ohms 1885 470k ohms	All at 75p each
1882 47k ohms	1886 1 Meg	
PRE-SET POTS HO	<b>RIZONTAL MOUNT</b>	
Miniature type for tra	insistor circuits. The w	iper of the preset is provided he tags of the preset will fit
printed wiring boards	with a pitch of 2 54m	nm, All tracks are linear law
VC7		
1801 100 ohms	1807 10k ohms	1813 1M ohms

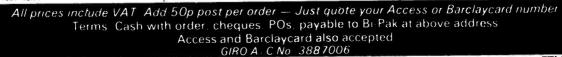
#### 1801 100 ohms 1802 220 ohms 1803 470n ohms 1804 1k ohms 1805 2k2 ohms 1806 4k7 ohms 1807 10k ohms 1808 22k ohms 1809 47k ohms 1810 100k ohms 1811 220k ohms 1812 470k ohms 1813 1M ohms 1814 2M2 ohms 1815 4M7 ohms All st 10p each r a

PRE-SET	POTS \	ERTICAL	MOUN	TING				
Miniature	type fo	r transistor	circuits	Wiper	adjustment	15	made	bγ
screwdrive	er slot							

#### ANTEX IRONS

1943	15 watt high quality soldering iron totally enclosed elen	nent in a
	ceramic shaft fitted with 3.' 37" bit.	£4.83
1947	Replacement element for 1943 iron	£2.19
1944	Iron coated bit 3/32" for 1943 iron	£0.53
1945	Iron coated bit /s" for 1943 iron.	£0.53
1946	Iron coated bit 3/16/ for 1943 iron	£0.53
1948	General purpose 18 watt iron fitted with iron coated bit	£4.54
1952	Replacement element for 1948 iron	£2.19
1949	fron coated bit 3/32" for 1948 iron	£0.53
1950	Iron coated bit 's' for 1948 iron.	£0.53
1951	Iron coated bit 3/16" for 1948 iron.	£0.53
1931	Highly popular x25 25 watt quality soldering iron ceram	nc shafts
	to provide near perfect insulation breakdown voltage	of 1500
	voits AC and a leakage current of only 3-5uA and anothe	r shaft of
	stainless steel to ensure strength	£4.83
1935	Replacement element for 1931 iron	£1.84
1932	Iron coated bit 1/1" for 1931 iron.	£0.58
1933	from coated bit 37.16" for 1931 iron.	£0.58
1934	Iron coated bit 3/32" for 1931 iron.	£0.58
1953	SK1 soldering kit - This kit contains 15 watt soldering i	on fitted
	with a 3/16" bit plus two spare hits, a reel of solder.	heat-sink
	and a booklet 'How to solder ' in presentation display bo	) <b>x</b> .
		£6.38
1939	ST3 soldering iron stand. Stand made from high grade	bakelite
	material chromium plated strong steel spring suitab	le for all
	models, includes accommodation for six spare bits	and two
	sponges which serve to keep the soldering iron bits clea	n £1.73
40-	<b>BIB HI-FI ACCESSORIES</b>	
	01011111100200011120	

3137 3138 3139 3140 3141 3142	1MFD 35V £0.13 22MFD 35V £0.13 47MFD 35V £0.13 1.0MFO 35V £0.13 2.2MFD 35V £0.14 4 4MFD 35V £0.21 ELECTROLYTIC	3143 10MFD 35 3144 22MFO 16 3145 47MFD 6.3 3156 33MFO 35	V £0.25 V V £0.13	0/No 806 810 811 813 814 817 818 819	Ref J 23 24 29A 31 36A 41 42	Price Compatitiape head cleaning kit Tape Editing kit Cassette Tape editing and joining kit Salvage cassette Cassette Head cleaning tape Record & Sitylus cleaning kit Bitrack Cartridge tape-head cleaner Grouws Kleen <sup>*</sup> automatic, metal.	£1.22 £2.65 £2.76 £0.51 £0.71 £0.46 £1.24
3185 3186 3187 3188 3188 3189	1.000uF 25V £0.32 1.000uF 63V £1.27 2200uF 25V £0.69 2200uF 40V £0.69 3300uF 100V £3.61	3190         4700uF         25V           3191         4700uF         63V           3192         2200uF         1000           3196         100uF         1000	£2.42 V £2.88	826 827 829 834 838	52A 53 60 69 78	record cleaner Cassette storage tray (holds 10) Hi-Fi stereo test cassette Chrome finish 'Groove Kieen (plastic) Antu-state Hi-Fi cleaning liquid Cassette fast hand taue winder	£2.65 £0.92 £3.17 £2.12 £0.35 £1.50



## PROJECT

# SUSTAIN FUZZ BOX

For that raunchy sound beloved of electric guitarists the world over, this simple little project is just the thing.

**F** uzz-tone is to guitar what salt is to meat — it adds flavour and body. The ETI Fuzz Unit has an added bonus in an inbuilt sustain circuit, adding a bit of extra spice to the idea. The device offers three distinctive sounds, in addition to the 'straight through' option: sustain, fuzz with sustain or fuzz without sustain.

#### How We Did It

To explain how these sounds are realised, we have to consider the circuit diagram.

The input amplifier, IC1, gives the system some overall gain to boost the treble response and present the correct load impedance to the instrument. The mid-range gain is set to five, allowing 1 V peak-to-peak input signals before distortion and producing the largest possible dynamic range. The frequency response is flat from 20 Hz to about 2 kHz, after which an 8 dB step provides a gentle treble boost up to 20 kHz, where the response is rolled off.

Following the input stage is IC2a, one half of an NE571 compander IC configured as a conventional compressor with a fixed compression ratio of 2:1. This compression effectively halves the dynamic range of the incoming signal by attenuating high level signals and boosting low level ones; thus the signal hangs on — "sustains" — for much longer than it otherwise would. The compression also provides a constant level drive to the clipping stage, making the fuzz sound independent of the instrument output level.

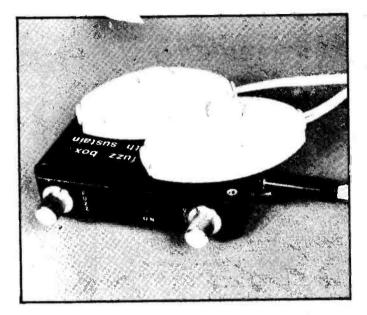
The fuzz stage, Q1, is a high gain amplifier stage. Because of the high, constant drive from the compressor it is always driven into hard clipping, resulting in an output which is substantially a squarewave. The output of the fuzz stage is fed through a tone control which varies the quality of the sound by rolling-off the high frequencies — one of the reasons for the treble boost at the input stage was to ensure that there would be some high frequencies to roll-off at this point!

## **Following Envelopes**

The by now well-and-truly fuzzed signal is fed to the signal input of IC2b, the second half of the NE571 compander. This time the device is set-up as an envelope follower with a signal input and a control input; the output of IC2b is whatever frequencies are applied to the signal input but with the amplitude envelope of the signal fed to the control input. It is this envelope follower, plus some simple switching, which makes the Fuzz Unit so versatile — of which more shortly!

A deliberate modification to the envelope follower ensures that IC2b shuts-off completely when the signal on the control input falls below a certain level. This is a simple 'noise gate' function which prevents the amplification of low-level signals and noise, eliminating the hisses and buzzes of unwanted sounds and the squeals and howls of unexpected feedback! This function operates only when Fuzz function is selected.

The Fuzz Unit is capable of producing either sustain, fuzz with sustain, or fuzz without sustain. These variations are



achieved by selecting the appropriate output and the appropriate drive to the control input of the envelope follower.

The switching system is entirely electronic, so the guitar signal never leaves the box even if the footswitches themselves are a dozen yards away. The signal is not required to travel long lengths of cable and so is not attenuated or subject to interference. Also, single-pole non-audio type switches may be used, allowing a larger choice of switch types.

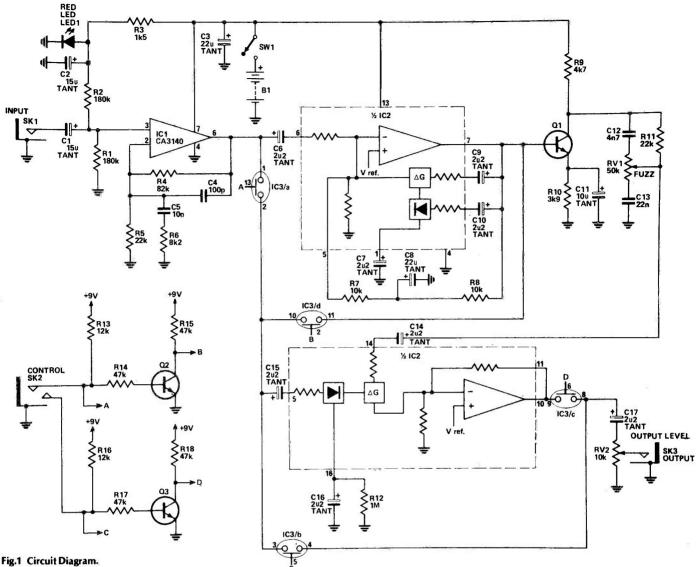
Two switch lines are used to control four electronic switches operating as two sets of change-over switches. One line controls A and B, (sustain on/off), the other controls C and D (fuzz on/off).

If neither fuzz nor sustain is selected, A and C are closed while B and D are open; the output of the unit is derived from the input pre-amplifier (so it will be a little louder and a little brighter than the guitar itself) via A and C.

If sustain is selected A and B change over and the output is from IC2a.

#### **Selective Switching**

Selecting fuzz closes D and opens C. Whether it is fuzz with sustain or fuzz without sustain now depends on the position of the sustain select switch. If sustain is selected the drive to the control input of the envelope follower is the compressed signal from IC2a; compression followed by expansion restores the amplitude envelope of the signal, so the output will have the dynamic characteristics of the original guitar sound, but will sustain for longer than usual. If sustain is not selected, the envelope follower control input is from the preamp. Therefore, the output of IC2b is the original signal expanded. Because of the value chosen for C7 and C16, the Fuzz Unit will produce a rather long 'delayed attack' effect when in



this mode. If a shorter attack is wanted, C7 and C16 should be reduced; this will give a faster attack in 'fuzz without sustain'. and enhanced attack in 'fuzz with sustain'.

Once the box has been drilled, the PCB should be assembled according to the circuit and component overlay. Be sure that polarised components are correctly installed. The ICs should be put in last. Finally, make the control interconnections using the shortest possible lengths of wire.

Use insulated wire, and make sure that nothing is shorting to the box; the battery is best restrained by using a piece of double-sided tape.

After carefully checking that all connections are as they should be, apply power and you've got 'The Fuzz'.

Best results are obtained with the guitar output as high as it will go without causing distortion on loud notes when The Fuzz is switched to sustain only.

#### BUYLINES

Components for the ETI Fuzz/Sustain Box are readily obtainable from suppliers advertising in this issue.

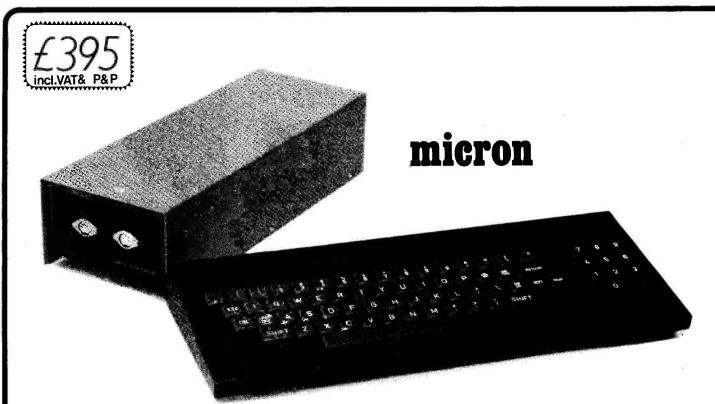
#### HOW IT WORKS

The input amplifier (IC1) is a CA3140, chosen for its low noise. The input impedance of the device is quite high, so the effective value is determined by the parallel combination of R1, R2; the values used give end impedance of 90k. R1 and R2 can be as low as 10k or as high as 1M, as long as they are the same and within this range.

The bias for the CA3140 is filtered and regulated by R3, C2 and LED1; the LED also acts as a 'power on' indicator! The LED must be red as other colours have a different forward voltage. The stage gain of five is set by the ratio of R4 and R5, while C4, C5 and R6 tailor the frequency response.

IC2 is a dual gain control IC, NE571, which may be set-up to implement a number of signal processing functions. Each half of the IC consists of a full wave rectifier acting on the control input, a variable gain cell (signal input), an operational amplifier and a bias system. The blocks may be set-up as, for example, a compressor, an expander, a limiter or an envelope follower. The compression/expansion ratio is internally set at 2:1 while the attack and release times are determined by an external timing capacitor and an internal resistor, the attack-todecay time ratio is internally set at 1:5.

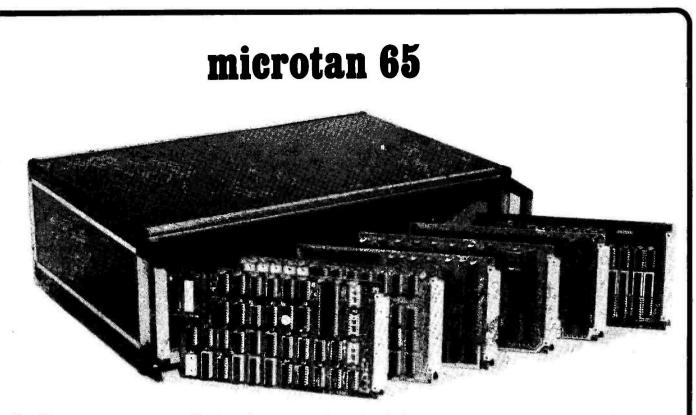
It is possible to vary both the compression ratio and the attack/ decay ratio by the use of complex external circuitry. However, the internally set values are adequate for the purpose of this gadget.



'MICRON' may sound small - but we all know that it's much larger than an atom!

The un-beatable features of Microtan 65 and Tanex have been brought together to give you Micron, a ready built and tested computer of outstanding value. Fully supported by comprehensive documentation, Micron represents an ideal starting point in personal computing. We've taken a full O.E.M. licence for Microsoft Basic, which means that you'll have the support of the most popular Basic available, (as used on PET, APPLE, TANDY etc.). If you want to expand Micron there's no problem, just move into the system rack and choose from the range of Microtan modules. Read the information, study what the magazines have to say about us and compare what we have to offer with other systems, then we feel sure that you'll be convinced that we've produced an excellent product.

<ul> <li>FULLY BUILT, TESTED AND CASED.</li> <li>6502 BASED MICROCOMPUTER.</li> <li>VDU ALPHA NUMERIC DISPLAY.</li> <li>8K RAM.</li> <li>32 PARALLEL I/O LINES.</li> <li>2 TTL SERIAL I/O LINES.</li> <li>1 SERIAL I/O PORT WITH RS232/20mA LOOP, AND 16 PROGRAMMABLE BAUD RATES.</li> <li>300 / 2400 BAUD FILENAMED CASS. INTERFACE.</li> <li>DATA BUS BUFFERING.</li> <li>MEMORY MAPPING CONTROL.</li> <li>71 KEY ASCII KEYBOARD, INCLUDING NUMERIC KEYPAD.</li> <li>POWER SUPPLY INCLUDED.</li> </ul>	SOFTWARE O 10K EXTENDED MICROSOFT BASIC. O ALL THE USUAL BASIC COMMANDS. O INTEGER AND REAL NUMBERS. O INTRINSIC FUNCTIONS: ABS, INT, RND SGN, SIN, SQR, TAB, USR, ATN, COS, EXP, LOG, TAN. O USER DEFINED FUNCTIONS. O READ AND DATA STATEMENTS. O DUMP AND LOAD PROGRAMS. O PROGRAM EDITING COMMAND. O STRING FUNCTION FOR TEXT I/O. O BASIC CAN CALL MACHINE CODE SUB- ROUTINE.
<b>TANGERINE</b> COMPUTER SYSTEMS LIMITED Forehill Works Forehill Ely Cambs England Tel: (0	<ul> <li>USER MACHINE CODE INTERRUPT HAND- LER INTERFACES WITH BASIC.</li> <li>XBUG.</li> <li>DATA CASSETTE FILE HANDLING IN BASIC</li> </ul>



The Microtan system is rapidly becoming accepted as the ultimate approach to personal computing. Start with Microtan 65, a 6502 based single board computer, and expand to a powerful system in simple and in-expensive stages. The Microtan system is a concept and not an afterthought, this means expansion is easy and very efficient! Unlike many other systems, you'll find it difficult to outgrow Microtan, and you won't be wasting your money on a product that will only last you a few months! When you are ready to expand, Tanex is waiting. The features offered by Tanex are tremendous, and you can start into them for just £49.45! Cassette interface, 16 I/O lines, two 16 bit counter timers, data bus buffering, memory mapping and a further 1K of RAM are standard. From thereon expansion is simple, just plug in extra integrated circuits to get yourself 8K of RAM, a further 16 I/O lines and two more counter timers a serial I/O line with RS232/20mA loop and full modem control, XBUG - a firmware package containing cassette file handling routines, plus a line-by-line assembler (translator) and dis-assembler, PLUS 10K EXTENDED MICROSOFT BASIC, a suped-up version of the Basic as used by major manufacturers such as Apple, Tandy and Nascom, NO OTHER LOW COST MICROCOMPUTER OFFERS YOU THIS SUPERB PACKAGE. O.K. so you want more memory, try Tanram for size! Upto 40K bytes on one board starting for as little as £50.60. RAM freaks will be pleased to hear that our system mother board offers page memory logic which will support 277K Bytes, satisfied? To house these beautiful modules you can choose between our mini-rack (as used on Micron), which accepts Microtan and Tanex, or our system rack pictured above. The system rack will support 12 modules. What are these extra modules? Well for starters there's a couple of I/O modules, parallel and serial offering upto 128 I/O lines organised as 16 8 bit ports and 8 serial I/O ports respectively. Shortly we'll be introducing high definition (256x256) colour graphics, A to D and D to A modules, IEEE 488 Bus interface, a PROM programmer, disc controller and TANDOS - a 6502 CPM system. So there's plenty to keep you busy. Send for more details, and find out how you can get started for just £79.35! ALL PRICES QUOTED INCLUDE V.A.T.

#### AIN 65, KIM 1, SIN 1 USERS- READ ON!

We have produced a T.V. interface module which simply connects to the expansion socket of your computer and produces a display of 16 rows by 40 characters! Of even more interest will be our Buffer module, which allows you to expand into our system rack, giving you access to the full range of Microtan modules.

Please under	line the in	nformation	required.
AIM T.V. INTE	ERFACE.	MICROTAN	SYSTEM.
NAME .			

ADDRESS:

PLEASE ENCLOSE 12p STAMP. THANK YOU.

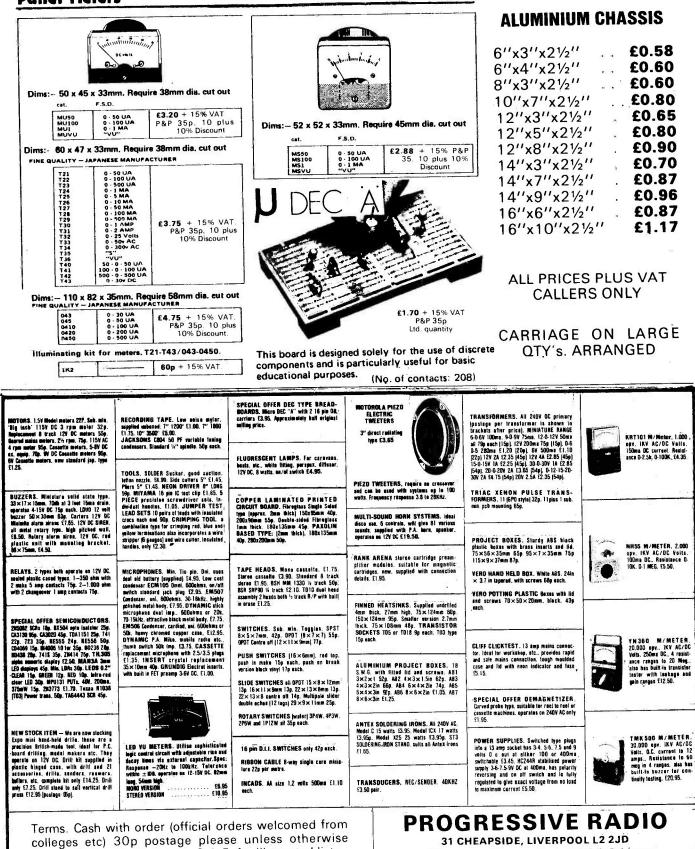


#### **Target Electronics**



Official orders welcomed, Gvt. / Educational Dept., etc.





shown. VAT inclusive prices. S.A.E. for illustrated lists. ALL ORDERS DESPATCHED BY RETURN POST

## **CAMBRIDGE LEARNING**

## **SELF-INSTRUCTION COURSES**

It's faster and more thorough than classroom learning: you pace yourself and answer questions on each new aspect as you go. This gives rare satisfaction - you know that you are really learning and without mindless drudgery. With a good self-instruction course you become your own best teacher.

uter ster ster

## Understand Digital Electronics In the years ahead digital electronics will play an increasing part in

your life. Calculators and digital watches mushroomed in the 1970's -soon we will have digital car instrumentation, cash cards, TV messages from friends and electronic mail.

After completing these books you will have broadened your career prospects and increased your knowledge of the fast-changing world around you.

#### DIGITAL COMPUTER LOGIC AND **ELECTRONICS £7.00** DE

This course is designed as introduction to digital electronics and is written at a pace that suits the raw beginner. No mathematical knowledge is assumed other than the use of simple arithmetic and decimals and no electronic knowledge is expected at all. The course moves painstakingly through all the basic concepts of digital electronics in a simple and concise fashion: questions and answers on every page make sure that the points are understood.

Everyone can learn from it students, engineers, hobbyists.

tal Con

gic and

Electronics

housewives, scientists. Its four A4 volumes consist of: Book 1 Binary, octal and decimal number systems; conversion between conversion of fractions; octal-decimal conversion tables. veen number syste

Book 2 AND, OR gates; inverters; NOR and NAND gates; truth tables; introduction to Boolean algebra. Boolean algebra. Book 3 Positive ECL; De Morgans Laws; designing logic circuits using NOR gates; dual-input

gates. Book 4 Introduction to pulse driven circuits; R-S and J-K flip flops; binary counters; shift

#### DESIGN OF DIGITAL SYSTEMS £12.50 This course takes the reader to real

proficiency. Written in a similar question and answer style to Digital Computer Logic and Electronics, this course moves at a much faster pace and goes into the subject in greater depth. Ideally suited for scientists or engineers wanting to know more about digital electronics, its six A4 volumes lead step by step through number systems and Boolean algebra to memories, counters and arithmetic circuits and finally to understanding of calculator and



computer design. Book 1 Octal, hexadecimal and binary number systems; conversion between number systems; representation of negative numbers; complementary systems; binary multiplication

Systems, representation of negative numbers; complementary systems; binary multiplication and division.
Book 2 OR and AND functions; logic gates; NOT, exclusive-OR, NAND, NOR and exclusive-NOR functions; multiple input gates; truth tables; De Morgans Laws; canonical forms; logic conventions; karnaugh mapping; three state and wired logic.
Book 3 Half adders and full adders; subtractors; serial and parallel adders; processors and arithmetic logic units (ALUS); multiplication and division systems.
Book 4 Flip floos; shift registers; asynchronous and synchronous counters; ring, Johnson and exclusive-OR feedback counters; random access memories (RAMs) and read only memories (ROMs).
Book 5 Structure of calculators; keyboard encoding; decoding display data; register systems; control unit; program ROM; address decoding; instruction sets; instruction decoding; control programme structure.
Book 6 Central processing unit (CPU); memory organization; character representation; program storage; address modes; input/output systems; program, operating systems; on a time sharing.

## Flow Charts and Algorithms are the essential logical procedures used in all computer programming

and mastering them is the key to success here as well as being a priceless tool in all administrative areas -presenting safety regulations, government legislation, office procedures etc.

## THE ALGORITHM WRITER'S GUIDE £4.00 explains how to define questions, put them in the best order and draw

the flow chart, with numerous examples.

#### **GUARANTEE** No risk to you.

If you are not completely satisfied, your money will be refunded upon return of the books in good condition.

#### **CAMBRIDGE LEARNING LIMITED, UNIT 15** RIVERMILL SITE, FREEPOST, ST. IVES, HUNTINGDON, CAMBS., PE17 4BR, ENGLAND TELEPHONE: ST. IVES (0480) 67446

All prices include worldwide postage (airmail is extra - please ask for prepayment invoice). Please allow 28 days for delivery in U.K.

#### Microcomputers are coming - ride the wave! Learn to program.

Millions of jobs are threatened but millions more will be created. Learn BASIC - the language of the small computer and the most easy-to-learn computer language in widespread Teach yourself with a course use. which takes you from complete ignorance step-by-step to real proficiency with a unique style of graded hints. In 60 straightforward lessons you will learn the five essentials of programming: problem definition, flowcharting, coding the program, debugging, clear documentation. Harder problems are provided with a series of hints so you



never sit glassy-eyed with your mind a blank. You soon learn to tackle really tough tasks such as programs for graphs, cost estimates, compound interest and computer games.

#### COMPUTER PROGRAMMING IN BASIC £9.00

Book1 Computers and what they do well; READ, DATA, PRINT, powers, brackets, variable names; LET; errors; coding simple programs. Book 2 High and low level languages; flowcharting; functions; REM and documentation;

INPUT, IF....THEN, GO TO; limitations of computers, problem definition. Book 3 Compilers and interpreters; loops, FOR....NEXT, RESTORE; debugging; arrays;

bubble sorting; TAB Book 4 Advanced BASIC; subfoutines; string variables; files; complex programming,

#### THE BASIC HANDBOOK £11.50

This best-selling American title usefully supplements our BASIC course with an alphabetical guide to the many variations that occur in BASIC terminology. The dozens of BASIC 'dialects' in use today mean programmers often need to translate instructions so that they can be RUN on their system. The BASIC Handbook is clear, easy to use and should save hours of your time and computer time. A must for all users of BASIC throughout the world.

#### A.N.S. COBOL £4.40

The indispensable guide to the world's No. 1 business language. After 25 hours with this course, one beginner took a consulting job, documenting oil company programs and did invaluable work from the first day. Need we say more?

## **ORDER FORM**

Please send me the following books:-
Digital Computer Logic & Electronics @ £7.00
Design of Digital Systems @ £12.50
Algorithm Writer's Guide @ £4.00
BASIC Handbook @ £11.50
ANS COBOL @ £4.40
I enclose a *cheque/PO payable to Cambridge Learning Ltd.
for £ (*delete where applicable)
Please charge my:
nouse energy my.
*Access/American Express/Barclaycard/Diners Club/Eurocard/Visa/
Mastercharge/Trustcard
Credit Card No
Signature
Telephone orders from credit card holders accepted on 0480 67446
(Ansafone).
Overseas customers (incl. Eire) should send a bank draft in sterling drawn
on a London bank, or quote credit card number

Name ...

Cambridge Learning Limited, Unit 15, Rivermill Site FREEPOST, St. Ives, Huntingdon, Cambs PE17 4BR, England. (Registered in England, No. 1328762)

O1 is connected as an emitter

follower in order to present a high input impedance to the guitar. C2,

being relatively low capacitance, cuts out most of the bass and C3 with RV1

acts as a simple tone control to cut the treble and hence the amount of treble

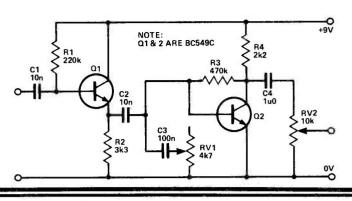
boost can be altered. Q2 is a simple preamp to recover signal losses in C2,

**Guitar Treble** 

J.R. Spink, Cleveland

Boost

C3 and RV1.



#### Dimmer Decoder I. Henry, Kirkcowan

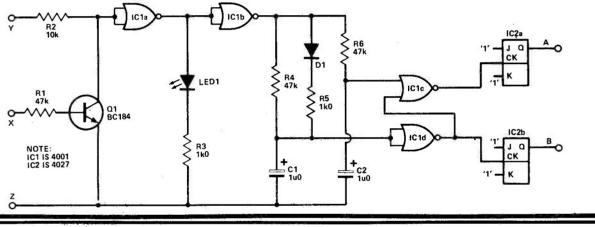
i. menry, Kirkcowan

I his circuit is an alternative decoder for the "ultrasonic remote control dimmer" project published in ETI June '79.

With this decoder, PB1,2 on the transmitter control two independent

channels. PB1 gives a pulsed input at X and a high output is generated at IC1c; PB2 gives a high input at X and a high output is generated at IC1d. IC2 is a dual JK flip-flop, but in this case the inputs have been connected to logic 1 and the outputs of IC1c,d connected to the clock inputs of the flip-flops. In this configuration the outputs change state each time an input pulse is received, ie if A was at logic O and PB1 on the transmitter is pressed and released A will then be at logic 1.

The outputs A, B can be used via some buffering arrangement to switch relays for remote control of lights, etc.



## **Train Chuffer**

#### C.S. Histed, Chislehurst

This circuit will produce a 'train chuffing' noise and might prove interesting to anybody with their own train layout.

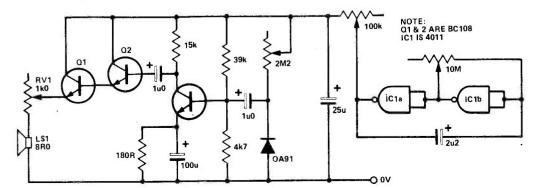
The circuit consists of a white noise generator, which only switches

on with the 'high' part of the square wave output from the clock circuit. The frequency of the clock is adjusted with the 10M pot and the output voltage of the clock is adjusted by the 100k pot (these pots control the rate of chuff and the volume of the chuff).

The 2M2 pot controls the amount

of noise produced and the 1k pot on the speaker controls the pitch of the average noise.

The circuit works by amplifying the amount of noise let through by the seemingly wrong way round diode and only letting the circuit be 'on' when the output of the clock is at logic 1.





www.americanradiohistory.com

ETI OCTOBER 1980

## CASSETTE INTERFACE

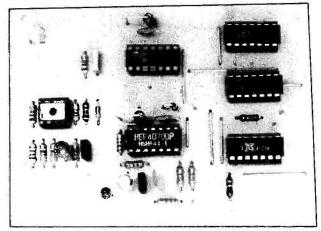
oderate-speed cassette systems running at speeds up to 1200 baud have been with us for some time, but unfortunately the standard setters seem to prefer a slower 300-baud Kansas City standard. 300-baud can be too slow if you have a lot of data to manipulate and is suitable only for software distribution. That is, once the original chunk of a software package has been implemented in a system, the user or owner could then make a copy of that piece of software for his (or her) normal use. This working copy should be running at the highest data-transfer rate that the owner can afford. In case of a failure in the fast working copy, the user can always fall back on the original master copy running at the slow rate. This design enables you to store and retrieve digital data using an unmodified cassette recorder at 4800 bits per second. The prototype proved to be as reliable as any 300-1200 baud systems.

### Dropout

One reason for cassette load/save failures is tape dropout — momentary loss of playback signal due to the absence of, or damage to, the ferromagnetic coating somewhere on an imperfect tape; or due to bad contact between the tape and the tape head. In audio cassettes, the tape runs at 1.875 inches a second. Thus, for a 300-baud KC (Kansas City) tape, a bit of data occupies approximately 0.00625 inches — how tiny! Any dropouts which are larger than that size will cause one or morebits of errors. The only practical solution is to use high quality cassettes which are certified or known to be originally free from dropouts. This applies to both 300-baud and the fast 4800-baud systems. From experience most tapes which are error-free at 300 baud can cope well at 4800 baud, but in the latter case, cassettes having good high-frequency specifications are preferred.

## **How Good?**

This design aims to surpass all existing cassette interfaces in both speed and reliability, given that it should require no more hardware than other systems to build one. It should run



## Use ETI's supersonic interface to store and retrieve digital data at an incredible 4800 bits per second. Design by Hugh Koanantakool.

well with an average tape recorder and cassette tapes which can cope with the KC standard or CUTS 1200-baud standard. There will be no timing adjustments. The system can be implemented on any existing serial, asynchronous communication channel and thus can be readily added to most home computers. If it becomes impossible to run the system at 4800 baud due to any reasons including those in my list of observations then you might have to slow down the data rate to, say, 2400 baud.

To do so you only have to slow down your UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver and Transmitter) clock frequency. There is nothing else to adjust, thanks to the all-digital timing.

## **Phase Encoding**

There is nothing new or magic about the phase encoding format for data storage on magnetic tapes. Figure 1 illustrates how it works. A logic one is represented by the 5 V level and the zero by 0 V (Fig.1b). Most tape recorders cannot record and playback slowly varying signals or DC. Therefore, a long series of ones or zeros will just come out the same if we attempt to connect the data signal (also called NRZ or Non-Return to Zero) directly to the recorder. This is because the data signal in NRZ format contains important information which is extended down to the very low-frequencies, beyond the frequency range of tape recorders.

Figure 1a shows a carrier wave oscillating at, in this case, 4800 Hz. The carrier is modulated by the data signal of Fig.1b by the following rules:

- (a) The data signal is assumed to be synchronised to the carrier. This means their transitions (edges) are perfectly in alignment.
- (b) The carrier wave is inverted if data is a one and normal ie non-inverted if data is a zero. The resulting modulated carrier is shown in Fig.1c.

The phase encoded signal in Fig.1c is known to contain very little energy at low frequencies and can be recorded and played back with little distortion.

### Demodulation

Figure 1d shows the typical replay signal from the tape recording. Notice the rounding of all sharp edges — this is due to the high-frequency cut-off of the tape recorder. Also the high-frequency components of the signal will suffer from more attenuation than the low frequency components. By using some form of equalisation circuit, we can easily improve the signal into that shown in Fig.1e, which is now good enough for a slicer circuit to decide whether it is high or low. The sliced signal in Fig.1f is very similar to that of Fig.1c but it may or may not be inverted by the playback amplifier inside your recorder;

Construction of the board (left) should not pose any problems. The LED is on if there is no input or during normal data transfer and off if data transfer is about to take place or has just concluded.

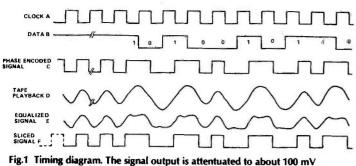


Fig.7 Iming diagram. The signal output is attentuated to about 100 mV (RMS), suitable for the mic input of most cassette recorders. A high pass filter is included to pre-compensate any loss in high frequency in the cassette. You may not need pre-emphasis capacitor C2 if you use a hi-fi deck.

pulse transitions may not be so precisely timed as in Fig.1c due to tape-speed fluctuations and it is more or less independent of the playback volume control setting. We then feed the signal of Fig.1f to a digital circuit (a demodulator), which recovers the data signal (Fig.1b) from the sliced signal (Fig.1f) and presents it to the UART receiver section.

## Implementation

You will probably need a "double standard" approach at least in the beginning so that tapes can be converted from the original slow rate to 4800 baud. The interface circuitry can be connected to your computer system using five wires:

- two power lines (common earth and the 5V supply),
- two serial data lines (one for transmit (dump), one for receive (load)),
- one clock line running at 16x the baud-rate, i.e. 76,800
   Hz at 4800 baud.

The only assumption made is that your computer software could handle the UART at 4800 baud. Some systems may not cope with a fast transfer rate. The serial I/O by program control instead of using a dedicated UART could be too slow, or maybe the VDU or TTY is not fast enough to dump some characters, eg filenames, in real-time. However, if you are using a memory-mapped VDU (PET, Superboard II, UK101, NASCOM, etc) or your system monitor buffers the load time messages in RAM, there is no problem, since no major hardware modifications are to be made and no software or data

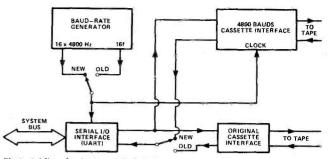
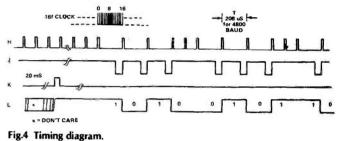


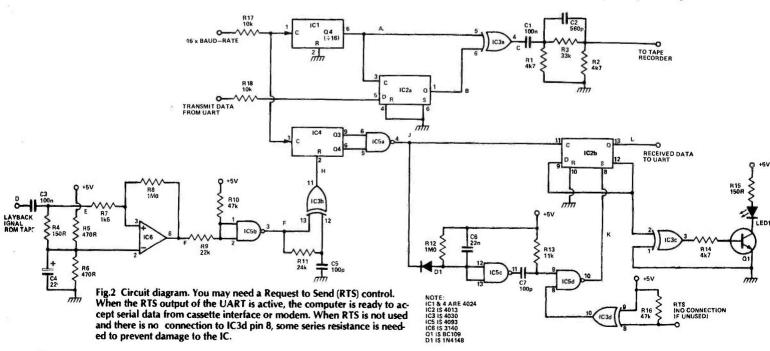
Fig.3 Adding the fast cassette interface to your system.

format to be changed. The fast system has been in use since March 1979, accumulating the bit error rate to better than 1 in 10. The tape conversion process is fairly straightforward; switch your system to the original interface, load the original tape to computer, switch to 4800 baud and record the same software onto a new cassette.



#### Postscript

After experimenting with various kinds of tape recorders it is sad to say that some cassette recorders just cannot cope with the 4800-baud system. These recorders don't work with 300-1200 baud systems anyway, (or work with persistent troubles) and they can't even play back a continuous tone steadily! That is, if you record a tone and playback, it sounds so wobbly that anyone can detect its poor speed regulation.



#### ETI OCTOBER 1980

#### HOW IT WORKS.

The upper part of Fig.2 is the phase encoder. IC1 divides the UART clock signal by 16 to 1x baud-rate. The UART data signal is then brought to synchronism to our local clock (carrier) by means of a D-type flip-flop (IC2a). This synchronisation circuit makes sure that data transitions at IC2a) always take place at the rising edge of the local clock (at A). However, if the computer data and the local clock happen to be in synchronism already, (a random choice of 1/16), this D-type flip-flop might be in trouble. In reality, this "perfect" chance of trouble never occurs, since the UART's internal + 16 clock divider circuit works much faster than IC1, even though both are triggered by the same falling edges of the 16x clock. Thus it is sure to achieve perfect synchronisation.

The lower part of Fig.2 shows the receiver/demodulator section of the system. First the signal from the recorder's ear-phone plug is fed to IC6 via C3. The values of C3 and R4 are such that any drop in level of the high frequency signal from an average cassette recorder is equalised. IC6 then slices through the average level of the equalised signal (Fig.1e). IC6 is wired as a Schmitt trigger circuit in order to suppress the background noise during playback. The output of IC6 is further buffered by IC5b. R9 and R10 make sure that the op-amp signal is well within the input range of the CMOS gate, IC5b.

The sliced tape signal is then passed through IC3b, which is configured as a one-shot triggered by both positive and negative-going transients. Its function is to generate a short pulse at point H whenever there is a level of transition at pin 10 of IC5b. The timing diagram is continued in Fig.4 for the sake of explanation of the demodulation process. Pulses at H should be made as narrow as possible: anything shorter than 10 uS will be suitable. The pulse duration at H is proportional to the product of R11 and C5. The narrow H pulses reset the binary counter IC4, which is again clocked at 16x baud-rate. The counter outputs Q3 and Q4 are NANDed so as to enable us to detect whether its count reaches 12 or more (1100 to 1111 in binary notation). In other words, as long as the H pulses are no more than 0.75T apart, where T is the duration of one bit, the output of IC5a at J will always be a one. This is because the counter is always reset to zero before it counts to 12. At 4800 baud, T is 208 uS. Theoretically the H pulses are either 0.5T or 1T apart, corresponding to 8 and 16 counts respectively. Thus, discriminating the spacing interval by the threshold of 12 counts seems to be most logical, allowing some  $\pm$  20% tape speed fluctuation. In the other case, if the H pulses are more than 0.75T apart, we will get a negative-going pulse at point J. If there are no pulses at H at all, as in the absence of the playback signal from the tape, the signal at J will be pulsed regularly at the baud-rate frequency with the mark-space ratio of 12:4.

From the timing diagrams (Figs.1 and 4), we may conclude that a "change" of the carrier phase corresponds to a change in the original data stream. This change in turn corresponds to the larger separation between successive H pulses, equal to 1T. Subsequently, long separation of H pulses is detected as a J pulse. We can, therefore, recover the original data signal from the J pulses by using IC2b, connected as a toggle flip-flop. It inverts its state upon receiving a J pulse. All seems to go well but we might still run into trouble if we happen to start IC2b wrongly and get all the data bits inverted, yet still obeying the change conditions discussed. Care must, therefore, be taken to ensure that the logic state of IC2b is always properly defined before data transfer can take place.

Fortunately, the asynchronous serial data transmission convention is such that on a UART getting ready to transmit, it always sends a series of marks (logic one). This means that we always have a steady tone recorded prior to the actual data signal. Therefore, we can preset IC2b to logic one before any transfer process commences. This function is carried out by means of IC5c and d. If the carrier is detected continuously for longer than 20 mS, the circuit will assume that this is a series of marks or logic one. It then resets IC2b accordingly. All subsequent data bits will then be demodulated with the correct polarity.

These properties are usually associated with cheap recorders. Users must avoid recorders with peak speed-fluctuations well over  $\pm 20\%$ , our required tolerance. Poor speed-regulation of a new recorder is associated with the lack of motor-regulator circuit, but it can also happen to a more costly recorder if the pinch-roller has been deformed, eg by leaving the machine off in the play position for a long time.

To sum up, the 4800-baud system may not work with all recorders due to the following reasons, in order of seriousness:

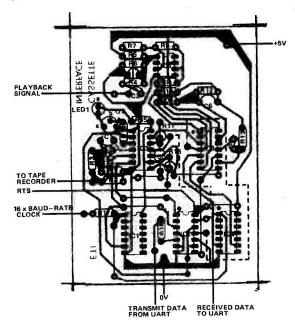
- (a) recorder transport mechanics you need a recorder that can at least reproduce clean steady tone,
- (b) tape quality : use tapes which are better than just a "low-noise one, eg "Super Dynamic", "High Frequen-

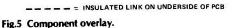
cy", etc,

(c)

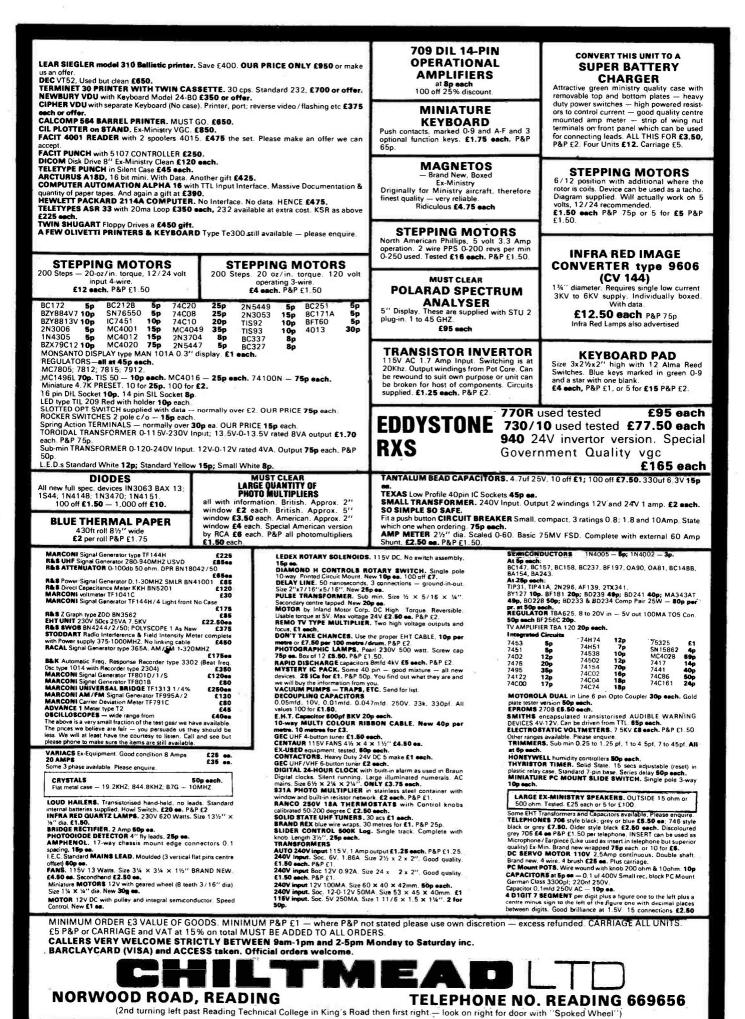
recorder bandwidth — you tend to get more bandwidth from a radio-cassette than a hand-held recorder.

If your system has an RTS line and you are using it to control the cassette's motor, then you may also use it to control the received data line of this interface as well. When there is no input signal from the recorder, the idling sequence at point L (Fig.2) is 1010101, which is a series of the valid ASCII 'U' characters causing over-run error in the UART. This error is normally reset by the tape loader routine before the data transfer takes place. A normal way of tape loading is to type into the computer, specifying a tape load command, start playing the cassette recorder until you hear the header tone (continuous 4800 Hz) then type RETURN to start loading. The presence of the continuous tone is also indicated by the LED going off temporarily. However, if you happen to get a monitor which does not reset the UART (eg the UK101), then you need to get rid of the 1010101 ... pattern by means of the RTS line. With RTS line low (no request for data transfer) the LED is also off and the data output line is kept high and no longer causes overrun errors.



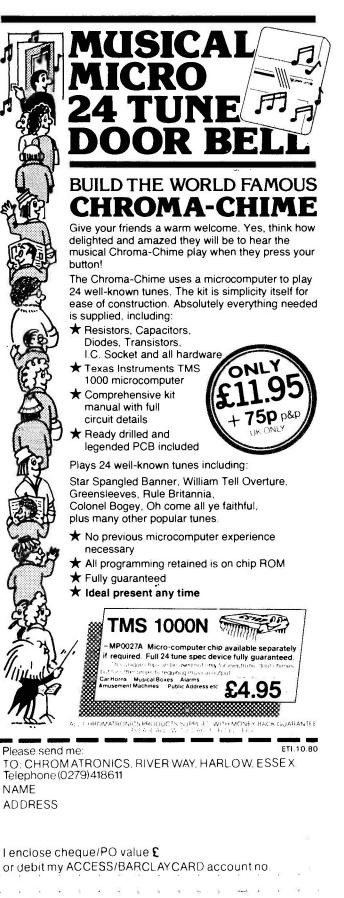


Resistors 1/4 W, 5%		C2	560p ceramic
R1,2,14	4k7	C4	22u 25V tantalum
R3	33k	C5,7	100p ceramic
R4,15	150R	C6	22n polycarbonate
R5,6	470R		
R7	1k5	Semicon	ductors
R8,12	1M0	IC1,4	4024B
R9	22k	IC2	4013B
R10,16	47k	IC3	4030B
R11	24k	IC5	4093B
R13	11k	IC6	3140
R17,18	10k	Q1	BC109
		D1	1N4148
Capacitors		LED1	TIL209



www.americanradiohistory.com





Signature CHROMATRONICS

## Multimeters. what price excellence?

... certainly less than you think. By incorporating a custom made LSI chip, these fully auto-ranging 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> digit multimeters are available at prices from



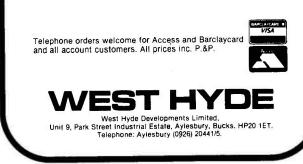
Supplied complete with batteries, test leads, spare fuse and instruction manual.

#### SK-6110 and SK-6220

- Full auto-ranging on both voltage and resistance
- Current measurement up to 10A DC and AC
- Unit and range automatically displayed
- Auto polarity and auto zero
- Only 5mW dissipation-200 hours continuous use
- Zero adjust key to correct for test leads on low value measurements
- High impact ABS case
- Low battery indication

#### SK-6110

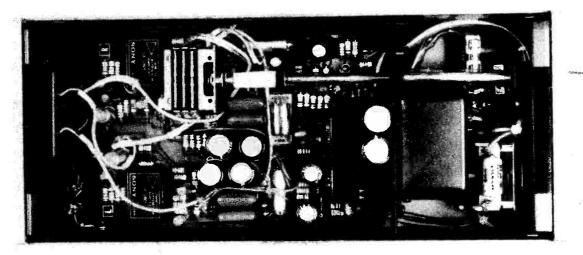
- Audible continuity test function
- Range hold function
- Audible over-range indication



ETI OCTOBER 1980

# HEAD AMP DESIGN

Videotone's Andy Sykes rounds off his head amp design guide with a few words on the dreaded mains hum.



The head amplifier design published in ETI in January is a good example of a differential input stage (Fig.1), which also makes use of a symmetrical output stage. A different approach is shown in Fig.2, that of the Videotone H300 amplifier. This is a refined version of the circuit in Fig 6 (last month) and is based on a simple parallel transistor pair.

Eight transistors are used for Q1 and two for Q2 and a bootstrap capacitor is employed to increase the open loop gain and so keep the distortion well below the noise level.

## **Trickle Charge**

The design also features switchable gain and input capacitance to allow many different cartridges to be catered for. The commercial unit is powered by a rechargeable battery which is put on trickle charge when the head amp is switched off. This neatly removes both the need for a sophisticated mains power supply and the tedium of changing batteries.

## **De-Thumper**

Any output spikes produced on power up or down, so prevalent in other designs, are also eliminated by the use of a darlington pair to slowly raise and lower the supply rail when the power switch is operated. The time constant of this rise and fall is far greater than any others in the circuit and so the unit switches on and off without damaging your precious speaker cones if you inadvertently leave the volume turned up.

Another advantage of this particular configuration is that the feedback resistor provides the bias for the first stage so that potentially noisy input bias resistors are not required. The common emitter second stage gives a low output impedance, which enables relatively long signal leads to be used and renders variations in main amplifier input impedances unimportant. The frequency response extends well up into the MHz region to reduce susceptability to RF pickup and note also the use of an inductor in the supply line. It also sounds good, though perhaps I am a little biased.

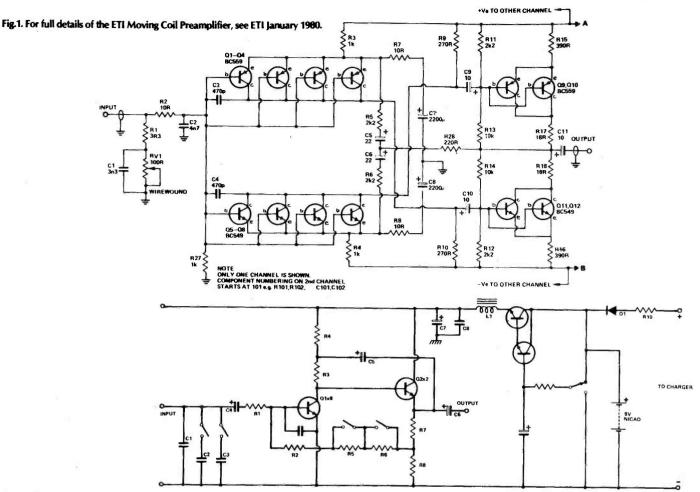
#### **Mains Hum**

The final point to be discussed is the bane of any audiophile's life, the dreaded mains hum. Oh for the DC supplies of yester-year. As with any other piece of sensitive electronics great care with screening and earthing arrangements must be taken to keep the hum gremlins at bay. The ideal case would be made of Mu metal, an alloy with particularly good screening properties, but this is not very cosmetic. If your head amp is to stand any chance of holding its own against the acres of brushed aluminium which enclose the average Hi-Fi, a smart but substantial aluminium or steel case is the next best thing.

### **Earth Loops**

Connections to and from the head amp should be such that earth loops are avoided. Figure 3 illustrates one possible way of doing this, the turntable earth being separated from the signal earth to avoid hum pickup from the motor. It may also be necessary to tie the amplifier chassis down to a good earth

## FEATURE: Head Amp Design



if it follows the modern trend of possessing a two-core mains cable. If your house wiring earth is not good enough, a passing water (not gas) pipe should be pressed into service, or even a length of copper pipe sunk into the back garden.

There is a case of a house with such bad earthing arrangements that the GPO telephone engineers not only resorted to sinking a rod in the garden, but instructed the occupants to water it before making a call in order to keep the telephone line from fading away.

## Mains-Shy

A certain amount of experimentation may be necessary to obtain the best position to site the Head Amplifier. Keep it and all signal leads away from potential sources of electromagnetic radiation such as mains cables, amplifier transformers and electric motors. I know that all this is pretty boring stuff which all good Hi-Fi buffs have known since they were knee high to a volume control, but introducing a Head Amp to your Hi-Fi does increase the system gain by a further factor of 30 and so precautions against hum pickup must be correspondingly greater.

If you do plump for a mains powered design, a separate case away from the amplifier circuit will almost certainly be required. This supply should be as well regulated and decoupled as possible (the use of the various IC voltage regulators here is highly recommended). Long supply leads are a potential source of RF pickup so remember to decouple at high frequencies as well on the supply line as near to the amplifier circuit as possible. Again the use of an inductor in the supply lines is recommended.

Fig.2. The Videotone H300 uses a different approach from the ETI design.

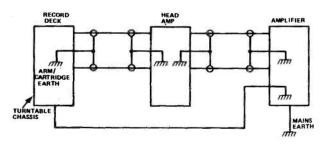


Fig.3. One possible way of avoiding earth loops.

## Memories are Made of This

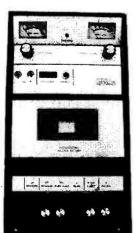
So there we have it, an albeit potted guide to Head Amplifier design, but it should point budding designers in the right direction, avoiding the more obvious pitfalls. It is well worth the time and effort expended on producing a head amp because, although the sound extracted from the record groove by a good moving coil cartridge is not startling when compared to a moving magnet of similar price, it is the subtleties of reproduction that are conspicuous by their absence; once heard, always hankered after. Even my wife can tell the difference and her normal assesment of any piece of Hi-Fi I bring home is based upon its ability to collect dust or support a plant pot. I am winning, though, slowly ..... very slowly.





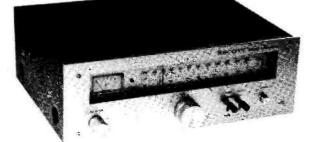
## **B.K. ELECTRONICS** A SOUND CHOICE

#### **\* PROMPT DELIVERY \* PRICES INCLUDE V.A.T. \* AMPLE STOCKS** A PERSONAL SERVICE FROM A SMALL EXPANDING COMPANY STEREO CASSETTE TAPE DECK



6 piano type keys

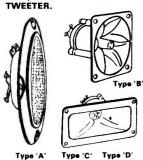
ASSEMBLY. Comprising of a top panel assembly and tape mechanism coupled to a record / play back printed board assembly. For horizontal installation into cabinet or console of own choice. Brand new, ready built and tested. Features: Pause control, auto stop, 3 digit tape counter, illuminated twin VU meters with individual level controls, twin mic, input sockets, AC erase system, LED record indicator. (Separate power amplifier required.) Input Sensitivity: 6 MV (with level control set at max). Input Impedance: 47 kOhms. Output Level: To both left and right hand channels 150 MV. Output Impedance: < 10k. Signal to noise ratio: 45 dB nominal. Power Supply Requirements: 12V AC at 300M/A. Connections: All connections to the unit are via a wander lead terminated with a nine pin plug (socket pro-vided). **Dimensions:** Top panel - 111/2in x 61/2in. Mechanism fits through a cut out 5¾in x 10½in. Clearance required under top panel 21/4in. Supplied complete with circuit diagram etc. Price £30.50 plus £2.50 postage and packing. Suitable mains 12-volt transformer, £3.00.



SCOTT AM / FM STEREO TUNER MODEL 516. This Scott tuner is one of the top American makes and is offered at a very realistic price. Features: \* FM tuning range 87.5 to 108 MZ \* AM tuning range 535 to 1605 kHz \* Usable FM sensitivity 6.2dBF 2.2 $\mu$ V \* 300 ohm & 75 ohm Aerial inputs for M \* Signal strength tuning meter \* Stereo beacon indicator \* Ferrite aerial for AM \* Mute switch. 10 diodes, 9 transistors and 3 ICs. Size: Height 5in, Width 141/2in, Depth 12in. Silver front panel. Black body. Modern stacking format. Suitable for 240-volt 50Hz AC operation. Price £40.50 plus £2.50 postage and packing

#### PIEZO ELECTRIC TWEETERS - MOTOROLA

Join the Piezo revolution. The low dynamic mass (no voice coil) of a Piezo tweeter produces an improved transient response with a lower distortion level than ordinary dynamic tweeters. As a crossover is not required these units can be added to existing speaker systems of up to 100 watts (more if 2 put in series). FREE EXPLANATORY LEAFLETS SUPPLIED WITH EACH

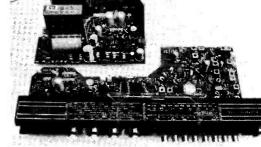


Type 'A' 3in round with removable wire mesh. Ideal for bookshelf hi-fi speakers. Price (Type 'A') £3.75 each; Type 'B' 31/2 in super horn. For general purpose speakers disco and PA systems, etc. Price £4.60 each. Type 'C' 2in x 5in wide dispersion

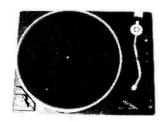
horn. For hi-fi systems and quality disco etc. Price £6.20 each. Type 'D' 2in x 6in wide dispersion

horn. Frequency response extending down to mid-range (2000 c/s) suitable for hi-fi systems and quality disco. Price £9 each

Post and Packing, all types, 15p each (or SAE for Piezo leaflets).



GEC AM/FM STEREO TUNER AMPLIFIER CHASSIS. Originally designed for installation into a music centre. Supplied as two separate built and tested units which are easily wired together. Note: Circuit diagram and interconnecting wiring diagrams sup-plied. Rotary Controls: Tuning, on / off volume, balance, treble, bass. Push-button controls: Mono, Tape, Disc., AFC, FM (VHF), LW, MW, SW. Power Output: 7 watts RMS per channel, at **Output:** 7 watts RMS per channel, at better than 2% THD into 8 ohms. 10<sup>1</sup> watts speech and music. Frequency Response: 60Hz-20kHz within ±3dB



#### DE-SOLDERING PUMP



Tape Sensitivity: Output - typically 150 mV. Input - 300 mV for rated output. Disc Sensitivity: 100mV (ceramic cartridge). **Radio:** FM (VHF), 87.5MHz — 108MHz. Long wave 145kHz — 108kHz. Medium wave. 520 kHz = 160 kHz. Medium wave. 520 kHz = 1620 kHz. Short wave. 5.8 MHz = 16 MHz. Size: Tuner = 234 in x 15 in x 712 in approx. Power amplifier = 2 in x 712 in x 4122 in approx. 240V AC operation. Supplied complete with fuses, knobs and pushbuttons, and LED stereo beacon indicator. Price £21.50 plus £2.50 postage and packing

JVC TURNTABLE. JVC Turntable supplied complete with an Audio Tech-nica AT10 stereo magnetic cartridge.

- \* 'S' shaped tone arm. \* Belt driven.
- + Full size 12in platter.
- \* Precision calibrated counterbalance weight (0-3 grms.)

\* Anti-skate (bias) device. Nylon thread weight.

- \* Damped cueing lever
- + 240V AC operation, (50Hz).
- \* Cut-out template supplied.

Size - 123/in x 153/in (approx). Price £29 plus £2.50 postage and packing.

This de-soldering pump made to a very exacting specification is ideal for the removal of small components from printed circuit boards, etc. Comes complete with spare etc. Comes complete w PTFE tip. £5.30 post free

#### FIRE ALARM CENTRAL CONTROL UNIT (S.T.C.) Ideal for Fire or Burglar Alarm Systems

- \* Responds to normally open or closed
- switches (or smoke detectors etc.) Complete with an internal EXIDE lead acid
- accumulator (dry charged) as a back-up for mains failure. This is trickle charged 6v-2 amp output for Fire/Burglar alarm,
- \* Re-set button for silencing Fire/Burglar
- \* Internal buzzer which sounds if re-set button
- Internal ouzer which sounds in re-set button if pressed until initiating switch is cleared.
   Wall mounting, complete with red case, approx. 11" x 7½" x 4".
   240v AC operation.
   Price £18.50 + £3 postage and packing.

#### LOUDSPEAKER

High quality full range 8" loudspeaker 10 watts RMS. 80HM. Rolled surround with aluminium centre dome Price £3.75 each + 75p Postage and Packing each.

#### **B.K. ELECTRONICS** 37 Whitehouse Meadows, Eastwood, Leigh-on-Sea, Essex SS9 5TY

\* SAE for current lists, \* Official orders welcome. \* All prices include VAT. \* Mail order only. \* All items packed (where applicable) in special energy absorbing PU foam. Callers welcome by prior appointment, please phone 0702-527572.

Exite

VISA

# DESIGNER'S NOTEBOOK

Ray Marston devotes this month's 'Notebook' to a discussion of practical temperature-sensing switches, alarms and metering circuits.

Temperature-sensitive circuits such as thermo-switches, alarms and electronic thermometers are amongst the most popular and common of all projects published in the technical Press. Such projects may use thermostats, thermistors or semiconductor devices as their basic temperaturesensing elements: each of these types of device has its own advantages and disadvantages and presents the electronics engineer with particular design problems. This month's 'Notebook' is devoted to a discussion of some of these problems.

#### Thermostats

The easiest way to implement a thermo-switch project is to use a commercially available thermostat of the type used in central heating systems, for instance, as the switching element. These devices usually take the form of a bimetal strip that closes a pair of contacts when the temperature falls below a preset 'trip' level, the level usually being variable over a limited range via a calibrated control.

The trip levels of these thermostats are usually accurate to within a degree or two and the devices give an adequate performance in most practical applications. They are simply wired in series with the switched load, as shown in Fig.1a, so that power is fed to the load when the temperature falls below the trip level. You can reverse the action of a standard thermostat, so that power is fed to the load when the temperature rises above the trip level (contacts open) by using the simple circuit of Fig.1b. Here, when the contacts are closed the output of the inverting CMOS gate is driven low, so Q1 and the relay are off and zero power is fed to the load via the RLA/1 contacts. The circuit consumes a standby current (via R1) of only a microamp or so under this condition. When the thermostat contacts open, the input of the gate is pulled low via R1, so Q1 and RLA are driven on and power is connected to the load via the RLA/1 contacts.

## **Thermistor Circuits**

Thermistors are simply resistive elements that are subject to fairly large changes in resistive value with small changes in temperature. They are ideally suited to use in sensitive or 'precision' thermal switching applications. The devices come in a variety of styles, but we'll concern ourselves here with inexpensive negative temperature coefficient (NTC) carbon-rod types only; a quick scan of component suppliers catalogues will show that these devices are readily available with a variety of resistance values at a variety of temperatures.

Figure 2 shows how you can use an NTC thermistor to make a precision under-temperature or 'frost' switch. Here, TH1 PR1 and R1-R2 are wired in the form of a bridge that is

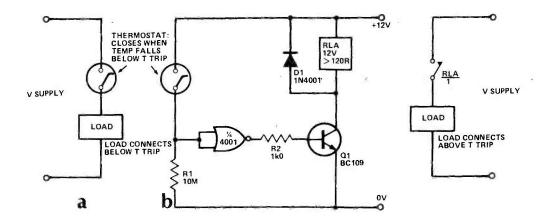


Fig.1 The effective switching action of a thermostat (a) can be reversed by using the circuit shown in (b).

almost balanced (via PR1) at the required trip temperature and the op-amp is wired as a voltage comparator with its output driving the relay via Q1. At temperatures below the trip level the pin 3 voltage of the op-amp output is driven to negative saturation and Q1 and the relay are driven on. At temperatures above the trip level the reverse action is obtained and the op-amp output is driven to positive saturation and Q1 and the relay are cut off.

The action of the Fig.2 circuit can be reversed, so that the circuit acts as an over-temperature switch, either by transposing the pin-2 and pin-3 connections of the op-amp or, as in the case shown in Fig.3, by transposing the TH1 and PR1 positions.

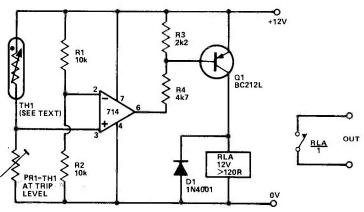


Fig.2 Precision under-temperature or 'frost' switch using thermistor sensor.

#### Two Into One

Figure 4 shows how the above two circuits can be used together to make a combined over/under-temperature switch in which the relay turns on if the temperature (of TH1) goes above a limit set by PR3 or below a limit set by PR2.

Note in the above three circuits that TH1 can be any NTC thermistor that exhibits a resistance in the approximate range 500R to 9k0 at the desired mean 'trip' temperature.

Finally, Fig.5 shows how an NTC thermistor can be used to make a direct-output alarm-call generator that produces a powerful fixed tone if the TH1 temperature falls below a level

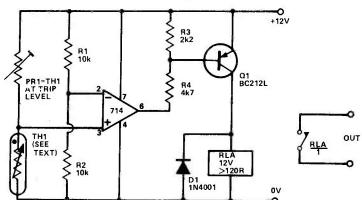


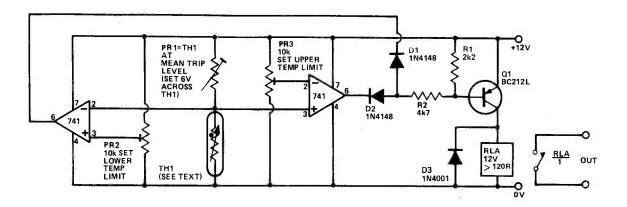
Fig.3 Precision over-temperature switch using thermistor sensor.

preset via PR1. The op-amp is wired as a conventional astable (with its output boosted by Q1-Q2), except that PR1-TH1 act as a potential divider between the output and pin-2 input of the op-amp and prevents the circuit from oscillating when the resistance of TH1 is below that of PR1. The action of the circuit can be reversed, so that it acts as an over-temperature alarm, by simply transposing TH1 and PR1. In either case, TH1 can be any NTC type that has a value in the range 2k0 to 2M0 at the required trigger temperature: the operating frequency of the astable can be changed by altering the C1 value.

#### **Diode Sensors**

Ordinary silicon diodes have junction temperature coefficients of about  $-2 \text{ mV/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  when forward biased and can thus usefully be employed as temperature sensing devices. Major advantages of such diodes are that they give readily repeatable and consistent results and, because of their small masses, have fairly rapid thermal response times. A major

Fig.4 Method of combining the Fig.2 and 3 circuits to make a precision over/under temperature switch with independently adjustable upper and lower trip levels.



disadvantage is that their forward voltages are normally large compared to normal temperature-change values and are highly dependent on forward current: Typically, V<sub>1</sub>values may be 630 mV at 1 mA and 660 mV at 2 mA, giving a nominal 3 mV V<sub>1</sub> change (equal to to a 1.5°C error) with a 10% change of forward current.

Figure 6 shows how a pair of 1N4148 (or similar) diodes can be used to make a differential temperature switch in which the relay turns on when the D1 temperature rises above that of D2. The circuit is responsive to the relative, rather than the absolute, temperatures of the two diodes. PR1 enables the differential trip levels to be varied over a limited range.

> R3 1k2

PR 1 2k2

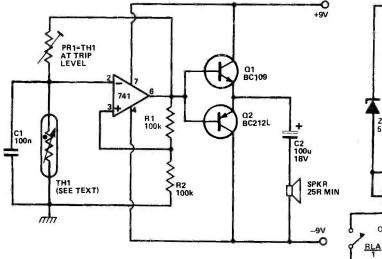


Fig.5 Direct output under-temperature alarm produces a powerful tone signal when temperature falls below a value preset by PR1. The circuit can be converted to an over-temperature alarm by transposing TH1 and PR1.

### CALCULATORS

ALL EQUIPMENT FULLY GUARANTEED

#### **PROGAMMABLE CALCULATORS**

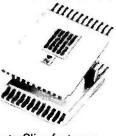
FX 502P 10+2 digit, 256 step, 22 memories £60.83		PROGAMMABLE		
MATHS/UTILITIES. APPLIED STATS, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING         £22.57           LEISURE         £33.00           SURVEYING, STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING         £54.74           PC 100C PAPER ROLLS 10 OFF         £16.00           BATTERY PACKS state model or BP number         £6.04           SCIENTIFICS 8 DIGIT Lod         SCIENTIFICS 10 DIGIT Lod           CASIO FX68         £11.26         CASIO FX510           CASIO FX61         £11.26         CASIO FX500           CASIO FX63         £13.48         CASIO FX500           CASIO FX61         £11.26         CASIO FX500           CASIO FX500         £18.48         CASIO FX500 10 MEM           CASIO FX500         £18.48         CASIO FX500 10 MEM           CASIO FX500         £18.48         SHAPP EL5806 (8-2)         £13.87           CASIO FX500         £11.26         SHAPP EL5808 (8-2)         £13.87           FEXAS TI25 or T135         £14.48         SHAPP EL5808 (8-2)         £13.87           TEXAS TI42 M.8 A.33 step 12 memory finance / stats         £35.61         £13.87           TEXAS THAP CORTANT MEMORY statistical         £17.35         £14.88         £34.61           TEXAS THAP CORTANT MEMORY statistical         £17.35         £14.88         £34.61           TEXAS THAP CO		MASISH/PACK 150+ programmes or FX301P + FA1 + Masterpack FX502P + FA1 + Masterpack TEXAS T151-111 32 step 10 memo TEXAS T153 Lcd 32 step 2 memory TEXAS T153 480 step 8 memory TEXAS T158C as above with program TEXAS T159 480 step 60 memory TEXAS T159 59 60 step 100 memory TEXAS T59 960 step 100 memory TEXAS PC100C FUnite to 58/58C/1 TEXAS PC100C FUnite to 58/58C/1	ry mory ention nag card 59 87/582/759	£25.17 £22.57 £23.44 £58.22 £73.87
MATHS/UTILITIES. APPLIED STATS, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING         £22.57           LEISURE         £33.00           SURVEYING, STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING         £54.74           PC 100C PAPER ROLLS 10 OFF         £16.00           BATTERY PACKS state model or BP number         £6.04           SCIENTIFICS 8 DIGIT Lod         SCIENTIFICS 10 DIGIT Lod           CASIO FX68         £11.26         CASIO FX510           CASIO FX61         £11.26         CASIO FX500           CASIO FX63         £13.48         CASIO FX500           CASIO FX61         £11.26         CASIO FX500           CASIO FX500         £18.48         CASIO FX500 10 MEM           CASIO FX500         £18.48         CASIO FX500 10 MEM           CASIO FX500         £18.48         SHAPP EL5806 (8-2)         £13.87           CASIO FX500         £11.26         SHAPP EL5808 (8-2)         £13.87           FEXAS TI25 or T135         £14.48         SHAPP EL5808 (8-2)         £13.87           TEXAS TI42 M.8 A.33 step 12 memory finance / stats         £35.61         £13.87           TEXAS THAP CORTANT MEMORY statistical         £17.35         £14.88         £34.61           TEXAS THAP CORTANT MEMORY statistical         £17.35         £14.88         £34.61           TEXAS THAP CO	PROGRAMM	ELIBRARIES FOR TISS / 58C / 59		
LEISURE         (33.00           SURVEYING, STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING         (54.74           PC TOOC PAPER ROLLS 10 OFF         (56.74           PC TOOC PAPER ROLLS 10 OFF         (56.74           PC TOOC PAPER ROLLS 10 OFF         (56.04           SCIENTIFICS 8 DIGIT Lod         SCIENTIFICS 10 DIGIT Lcd           CASIO FX68         £11.26         CASIO FX100         £13.07           CASIO FX80         £13.47         CASIO FX100         £14.48           CASIO FX80         £13.47         CASIO FX300         £14.48           CASIO FX80         £13.47         CASIO FX300         £14.48           CASIO FX100         £13.47         CASIO FX300         £14.48           CASIO FX2000         £13.47         CASIO FX3000         £14.48           CASIO FX300         £13.47         CASIO FX3000         £14.48           CASIO FX2000         £13.47         CASIO FX3000         £14.48           SHAPE LIS03         £14.28         SHAPE LIS060 (8-2)         £13.61           TEXAS T142 M.B.A.32 step 12 memory inance/stats         £13.61         £14.48           TEXAS T142 Ldc constant memory statistical         £25.17         £14.28           TEXAS T142 Ldc constant memory statistical         £11.26         £11.26			CINEEDING	
CASIO FX68         E16.48         CASIO FX100         E13.00           CASIO FX81         E11.26         CASIO FX510         E16.48           CASIO FX330         E13.87         CASIO FX500         E18.48           CASIO FX300         E14.87         CASIO FX500         E18.48           CASIO FX300         E13.87         CASIO FX500         E18.48           CASIO FX500         E16.48         CASIO FX500         E18.22           CASIO FX500         E16.48         CASIO FX500         E16.48           SHARP EL5805 (8+2)         E13.87         E13.87           TEXAS TI25 or T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5808 (8+2)         E16.48           TEXAS TI25 or T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5801 (8+2)         E16.48           TEXAS TI25 or T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5801 (8+2)         E16.48           TEXAS TI42 M 8.4 32 step 12 memory finance / stats         E35.61         TEXAS TI41 Log Constant memory statistical         E25.41           TEXAS TI44 Log constant memory statistical         E17.35         TEXAS TI44 Log Constant memory statistical         E17.35           TEXAS TI41 Log PROFES         CASIO MCT Cond watch in leather case         E17.35         E13.00           CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         E17.35         E13.	SURVEYING,	STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING ER ROLLS 10 OFF		£33.00 £54.74
CASIO FX68         E16.48         CASIO FX100         E13.00           CASIO FX81         E11.26         CASIO FX510         E16.48           CASIO FX330         E13.87         CASIO FX500         E18.48           CASIO FX300         E14.87         CASIO FX500         E18.48           CASIO FX300         E13.87         CASIO FX500         E18.48           CASIO FX500         E16.48         CASIO FX500         E18.22           CASIO FX500         E16.48         CASIO FX500         E16.48           SHARP EL5805 (8+2)         E13.87         E13.87           TEXAS TI25 or T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5808 (8+2)         E16.48           TEXAS TI25 or T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5801 (8+2)         E16.48           TEXAS TI25 or T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5801 (8+2)         E16.48           TEXAS TI42 M 8.4 32 step 12 memory finance / stats         E35.61         TEXAS TI41 Log Constant memory statistical         E25.41           TEXAS TI44 Log constant memory statistical         E17.35         TEXAS TI44 Log Constant memory statistical         E17.35           TEXAS TI41 Log PROFES         CASIO MCT Cond watch in leather case         E17.35         E13.00           CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         E17.35         E13.	SCIENTIFICS	P DIGIT Lod	SCIENTIFICS 10 DIGIT Lad	
CASIO FX81         E11.26         CASIO FX510         E16.48           CASIO FX300         E13.47         CASIO FX3000         E18.22           CASIO FX2600         E14.88         CASIO FX3000         E18.22           CASIO FX2600         E14.88         CASIO FX5000 10 MEM         E24.30           CASIO FX2600         E14.88         CASIO FX5000 10 MEM         E24.30           CASIO FX7100         E20.83         SHAPP EL5008 (8 + 2)         E15.61           SHARP EL503         E11.26         SHARP EL5080 (8 + 2)         E13.87           TEXAS T125 OF T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5080 (8 + 2)         E16.48           TEXAS T125 OF T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5080 (8 + 2)         E16.48           TEXAS T125 OF T135         E16.48         SHARP EL5020 (8 + 2)         E16.48           TEXAS T142 M.B.A. 32 step 12 memory statistical         E35.61         TEXAS T172 (2 + 0)         E25.17           TEXAS T142 M.B.A S2 step 12 memory statistical         E25.17         E17.35         E14.38         E36.22           CASIO MQB micro card watch in leather case         E11.26         E30.00         CASIO MQB micro card watch in leather case         E17.35           CASIO MQB micro card watch in leather case         CASIO 00 day/ dite' stopwatch         E13.00         <	CASIO FX68	6 DIGIT LCG		£13.00
CASIO FX330         €13.87         CASIO FX3200         €18.42           CASIO FX2600         E18.48         CASIO FX2000 10 MEM         £24.30           CASIO FX7100         €20.83         SHAPP EL5006 (8 + 2)         €13.87           TEXAS T125 or T135         €18.48         SHAPP EL5006 (8 + 2)         €13.87           TEXAS T125 or T135         €18.48         SHAPP EL5008 (8 + 2)         €13.87           TEXAS T125 or T135         €18.48         SHAPP EL5012         €16.48           TEXAS T125 or T135         €18.98         NATIONAL NS 108         €15.61           TEXAS T142 M.B.A. 32 step 12 memory finance / stats         €43.43         €43.43           TEXAS T144 Lod constant memory statistical         €25.17         €11.26           TEXAS DATAMAN         €11.26         €13.82           TEXAS DATAMAN         €13.35         TEXAS T144 Lod constant memory statistical         €25.17           TEXAS DATAMAN         €13.25         TEXAS DATAMAN         €13.25           TEXAS DATAMAN         €13.20         €38.22           CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         €17.35           CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         €13.00           CASIO MOS Diav/ devision of MLB1 with 1 alarm         €13.00           CASIO A02200 hourly				
CASIO FX7100         £20.83         SHAPP EL5806 (8 - 2)         £15.81           SHAPP EL503         £11.26         SHAPP EL5806 (8 - 2)         £13.87           TEXAS TIZS or TI35         £18.48         SHAPP EL58012         £16.48           TEXAS TIZS or TI35         £18.48         SHAPP EL5812         £16.48           TEXAS TIZS or TI35         £18.48         SHAPP EL5812         £16.49           TEXAS TIZS or TI35         £18.48         SHAPP EL5812         £63.43           TEXAS TI42 M 8.A. 32 step 12 memory finance / stats         £43.43         £43.43           TEXAS TI44 Lod constant memory statistical         £11.26         £12.53           TEXAS DATAMAN         £17.35         £18.48         £13.60           CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         £17.35         £13.00           CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         £13.00         £13.00           CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         £13.00         £13.00           CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm         £13.00         £13.00           CASIO A022000 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         £13.87           CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         £17.35           CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         £13.87 <t< td=""><td>CASIO FX330</td><td>£13.87</td><td>CASIO FX3200</td><td> £18.22</td></t<>	CASIO FX330	£13.87	CASIO FX3200	£18.22
TEXAS TI25 or TI35       E16.48       SHARP EL5812       E16.48         TEXAS TI25       E19.98       NATIONAL NS108       E15.61         TEXAS TI42 M.B.A. 32 step 12 memory linance / stats       E35.61       TEXAS TI42 M.B.A. 32 step 12 memory linance / stats       E43.43         TEXAS TI44 Lod constant memory statistical       E43.43       TEXAS TI44 Lod constant memory statistical       E11.26         TEXAS DATAMAN       E11.26       E13.62       E13.63         TEXAS DATAMAN       E13.63       E13.63         CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case       E13.00       CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case       E13.00         CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case       E13.00       CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm       E13.00         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.67       E13.67       EASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO A012 card version of above       E17.35       ECASIO 40.200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.67         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.67       E13.67       E14.736         CASIO A0210 card version of MLB1 with 1 alarm       E13.60       E13.60       E14.736       E14.736         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.736       E17.	CASIO FX2600	) £16.48	CASIO FX5000 10 MEM	£24.30
TEXAS TI25 or TI35       E16.48       SHARP EL5812       E16.48         TEXAS TI25       E19.98       NATIONAL NS108       E15.61         TEXAS TI42 M.B.A. 32 step 12 memory linance / stats       E35.61       TEXAS TI42 M.B.A. 32 step 12 memory linance / stats       E43.43         TEXAS TI44 Lod constant memory statistical       E43.43       TEXAS TI44 Lod constant memory statistical       E11.26         TEXAS DATAMAN       E11.26       E13.62       E13.63         TEXAS DATAMAN       E13.63       E13.63         CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case       E13.00       CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case       E13.00         CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case       E13.00       CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm       E13.00         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.67       E13.67       EASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO A012 card version of above       E17.35       ECASIO 40.200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.67         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.67       E13.67       E14.736         CASIO A0210 card version of MLB1 with 1 alarm       E13.60       E13.60       E14.736       E14.736         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.736       E17.			SHARP EL5806 (8+2)	£15.61
TEXAS TISO         €19.86         NATIONAL NS TOB         €15.61           'TEXAS TIG2 M B A .32 site 12 memory finance/stats         €35.61         €35.61           'TEXAS TIG2 M B A .32 site 12 memory finance/stats         €35.61         €34.43           TEXAS TIG2 M B A .32 site 12 memory finance/stats         €43.43           TEXAS TIG2 M B A .32 site 12 memory statistical         €25.17           TEXAS TIG4 Loc constant memory statistical         €11.26           TEXAS DATAMAN         €11.26           TEXAS STARA AND SPELL         €38.22           CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         €17.35           CASIO ML71 card version of ML81 with 1 alarm         €13.00           CASIO AU200 houry chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         €13.87           CASIO AU2200 houry chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         €17.35           CASIO D UD rew '12 preprogrammed tunes         €17.35           TELEPHOPK EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE			SHARP EL5808 (8+2)	E13.87
TEXAS TI42 M.B.A.32 step 12 memory finance / stats       €35.61         TEXAS TYAE PROGRAMMER       €43.41         TEXAS TYAE Lod constant memory statistical       £25.17         TEXAS TYAE Lod constant memory statistical       £17.26         TEXAS TYAE LOD Constant memory statistical       £17.35         TEXAS DATAMAN       £13.26         CASID MQB micro card watch in leather case       £17.35         CASIO MQB micro card watch in leather case       £13.00         CASID MUT1 card version of MLB1 with 1 alarm       £13.00         CASID A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       £13.87         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       £17.35         CASID 0 12 card version of above       £17.35         CASID 12 card version MACHINES twin cassette       £147.76         PRICEB EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE			NATIONAL NS108	615.61
TEXAS TI PROGRAMMER       €43.43         TEXAS TI 4L dc constant memory statistical       €25.17         TEXAS LUTLE PROFESSOR       €11.26         TEXAS TATAMAN       €17.35         TEXAS SPEAK AND SPELL       €38.22         CLOCK CALCULATORS         CLOCK CALCULATORS         CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         CASIO D 190 new 12 pre programmed tunes         CASIO 190 new 12 pre programmed tunes         CASIO PRICEE EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	TEXAS TI42 N	A B A 32 step 12 memory linance / stats		635.61
TEXAS TI44 Lod constant memory statistical       225.17         TEXAS UTLE PROFESSOR       E11.26         TEXAS DATAMAN       E17.35         TEXAS DATAMAN       E17.35         TEXAS DATAMAN       E17.35         TEXAS DATAMAN       E17.35         CASIO MQ6 micro card watch in leather case       E13.00         CASIO MQ1 hourly chime / alarm       E13.00         CASIO AQ1200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E13.07         CASIO AQ2200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO AQ12 card version of above       E17.35         CASIO Dido Jay / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO AQ12 card version of above       E17.35         CASIO Dido Jay / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO AQ12 card version of above       E17.35         CASIO Dido Jay / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO Dido May / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO Dido Jay / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO Dido May / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO Dido May / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO Dido / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO Dido May / date / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO Dido / stopwatch / stopwatch / stopwatch       E17.35	TEXAS TI PRO	GRAMMER		£43.43
TEXAS DATAMAN       £17.35         TEXAS DATAMAN       £17.35         TEXAS DATAMAN       £13.35         TEXAS SPEAK AND SPELL       £28.22         CASIO MQ6 micro card watch in leather case       £17.35         CASIO MQ7 wersion of ML81 with 1 alarm       £13.00         CASIO AU71 card version of ML81 with 1 alarm       £13.00         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       £13.87         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       £17.35         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       £17.35         CASIO Just / grie grogrammed tunes       £17.35         TELEPHONE ANSWERING MACHINES twin cassette       £147.76         PRICEB EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	TEXAS TI44 Lo	d constant memory statistical		\$25 17
TEXAS SPEAK AND SPELL       E38.22         CASIO MOS micro card watch in leather case       E17.35         CASIO PWB1 hourly chima / alarm       E13.00         CASIO AUT card version of MLB1 with 1 alarm       E19.09         CASIO AUT 200 hourly chima / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       E17.35         CASIO MU2 to be reprogrammed tunes       E17.35         CASIO L90 new 12 pre programmed tunes       E17.35         TELEPHONE ANSWERING MACHINES twin cassette       E17.35         TELEPHONE ANSWERING MACHINES twin cassette       E147.78         PRICEB EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	TEXAS LITTLE	PROFESSOR		£11.26
CASIO MQ6 micro card watch in leasther case         €17.35           CASIO PW81 hourly chune / alarm         €13.00           CASIO AU21 card wersion of ML81 with 1 alarm         €13.00           CASIO AU21 card wersion of ML81 with 1 alarm         €13.00           CASIO AU21 card version of ML81 with 1 alarm         €13.02           CASIO AU2200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         €13.87           CASIO AU2200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch         €17.35           CASIO BO new 12 pre-programmed tunes         €17.35           TELEPHORE ANSWERING MACHINES twin cassette         €147.76           PRICEB EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	TEXAS DATAM			£17.35
CASIO MOE micro card watch in leather case       £17.35         CASIO PWB1 hourdy chime valarim       £13.00         CASIO AUT Card wersion of MLB1 with 1 alarim       £19.09         CASIO AUT Card wersion of MLB1 with 1 alarim       £13.00         CASIO AUT Card wersion of MLB1 with 1 alarim       £13.00         CASIO AUZ 200 hourly chime / alarim / calendar / stopwatch       £13.87         CASIO A02200 hourly chime / alarim / calendar / stopwatch       £17.35         CASIO 1.90 new 12 pre-programmed tunes       £17.35         TELEPHORE ANSWERING MACHINES twic cassette       £147.76         PRICEB EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	TEARS STEAR			130.42
CASIO FWB1 hourly chime / alarm     €13.00       CASIO ALT1 card version of MLB1 with 1 alarm     €19.09       CASIO ALT10 card version of MLB1 with 1 alarm     €13.87       CASIO ALT200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch     €13.87       CASIO ALT200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch     €13.87       CASIO ALT2200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch     €17.35       CASIO ALT2200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch     €17.35       CASIO L90 new 12 pre-programmed tunes     €17.36       TELEPHONE ANSWERING MACHINES twin cassette     €147.78       PRICEB EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	CASIO MOS -	CLOCK CALC	ULATORS	
CASID ML71 and version of MLB1 with 1 alarm       E19.09         CASID A01500 day/dare 'stopwatch       €13.87         CASID A02200 hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwatch       €17.35         CASID A012 card version of above       £17.35         CASID A012 card version of above       £17.35         CASID A012 card version of above       £17.35         CASID L90 new 12 pre-programmed tunes       £17.35         TELEPHONE ANSWERING MACHINES twin cassette       £147.76         PRICEB EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	CASIO PWB1 I	bourly chime / alarm		612.00
CASIO UD Version of above	CASIO ML71 c	ard version of ML81 with 1 alarm		619.00
CASIO UD Version of above E17.35 CASIO UD New 12 preprogrammed runes E17.35 TELEPHONE ANSWERING MACHINES Iwin cassette E147.78 PRICES EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	CASID AQ1500	) day/date/stopwatch		£13.87
CASIO UD Version of above	CASIO A02200	) hourly chime / alarm / calendar / stopwa	itch	£17.35
TELEPHONE ANSWERING MACHINES Iwin cassette E147.78 PRICES EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	CASIO MUTZ C	ard version of above	Contraction in the second second second	£17.35
PRICES EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE ADD 15% POST & PACKING FREE	TELEPHONE AN	SWERING MACHINES Iwin careette		£17.35
	. P	RICES EXCLUDE V.A.T. PLEASE AD	D 15% POST& PACKING FRE	£14/./0
	and the Real Property lies	and the second s		
Arrow Works, Arrow Road, Redditch B98 8NN Tel. Redditch (0527) 43169		Works, Arrow Road, Rede	ditch B98 8NN	

> 120 BALANCE D3 1N4001 R1 4k7 R2 4k7 01 BC109 3140 ZD1 R4 4k7 V6 3 R5 2k2 ٥v Ó D2 1N4148 1N4148 0 OUT BLA

Fig.6 This differential temperature switch uses diode sensors and turns RLA on when the D1 temperature rises above that of D2.

### NEEDS NO EXAMINATION You don't need to look too closely

at the CSC Proto-Clip range of IC test clips to see that they provide instant connection to dual-inline packaged components. Use them on ICs, networks or relays to provide a highintegrity interface for 'hands-off' testing with oscilloscopes, signal sources, logic analysers and other instruments. Contact spacings designed



+12V

12V

to suit all standard IC packages, CSC Proto-Clips feature a moulded webhinge construction, non-corroding nickel-silver contacts, and clip notches to prevent slippage during testing. Make contact with CSC Proto-Clips right away by filling in the coupon.

CSC (UK) Ltd. Dept. 900.	Unit 1, Shire Hill Industrial Estate, Saffron Walden,
Essex CB11 3AQ.	Telephone: (0799) 21682. Telex: 817477.
or larger quantity users, available in custom	versions with pre-wired cables.

14 PIN PC14 (£2 60 Nett) £3.85	Gray Read	16 PIN PC16 IE2 75 Nett) £4.02	QAty Rept	24 PIN PC24 IE4 90 Netti £6.49	Conty Parent	40 PIN PC40 167.90 Nettl E10.23	Only Read
Bold prices inclu	de P &	P and 15% VAT	Please	deduct £1 posta	ge fror	n each additional	order.
l enclose ch or debit my							
No	9) 21	682 with yo	ur cai			our order	
NAME							
ADDRESS							
ADDRESS _			ALION				-
CONTINENTAL	SPECIA	CORPOR					
				FRE	Ecata	logue tick b	ox 🗆
Continental	negial	ties Corporati	oo () ()	() Limited D		20	
		dustrial Estat					
TOM		ROW	73	TOO	15	TOD	AV



Keelmoor Ltd is a company which has been established for a long time – we supply the products you have often bought from other companies. Our precision watches and electrical goods are renowned for their superb quality and reliability. We differ from other companies in that we import direct world-wide – that difference is passed on to you at unbeatable prices. You receive

the goods faster and we provide a service and no catch guarantee of which we are justly proud. We employ experts world-wide whose job it is to seek out products of the highest quality at the lowest possible prices. Illustrated here is just

a tiny selection of our comprehensive range. Just compare these items with those seen elsewhere – we are confident the prices will amaze you. You can save \$\$\$\$5's.

#### **GENTS 5 FUNCTION LCD**



This is the foundation of our range and is ideal for the man requiring the basic functions of hours, minutes and seconds, with month and date. A backlight is included and the stainless steel strap provided is fully adjusted to suit any size of wrist. Guaranteed for one year, this watch represents fantastic value at only

#### £4.95p

**ILLUSTRATED BELOW IS THE LADIES 5 FUNCTION LCD.** This watch has the same time and auto calendar functions as the basic gents model described above, together with backlight and adjustable strap to suit the daintiest of wrists. It's compact, pleasing appearance makes it a very practical day watch and it is also often used for boys and girls. Available in black or white face.

These are just a few of our fantastic offers remember. A free colour catalogue is posted with every **\$5.95p** order.



FULLY GUARANTEED We must emphasize all these items are fully guaranteed for one year. All electronic goods come complete with demonstration batteries which cannot be guaranteed. New batteries are available for only 60p.



#### GENTS LCD ALARM WATCH This model represents fantastic, incredible value for money. The 6 digit display continuously showshours, minutes and

seconds, or may be changed at will to hours, minutes and date. Its effective alarm is extremely useful and may be set to any time within a 24 hr. period. In addition, there is an alarm indicator, 4 year calendar and snooze repeater.

BARCLAYCARD AND ACCESS CARD WELCOME. SEE COUPON.

#### HERE IS THE AMAZING 12/24 HOUR ALARM/CHRONOGRAPH



Along with the usual time and date displays, this multi-functional timepiece has a 24 hour alarm and a h second stopwatch. The time may be set to operate in 12 or 24 hour mode and the date can be in English or American format. The day of the week is continuously indicated and the stopwatch display may, on command, be frozen to show split/laptime while the stopwatch continues to run. Stopwatch operation does not effect normal time keeping. \$12.95 only for this model. Also available with solar energy panel to conserve

panel to conserve energy during daylight hours for \$14.95

From Watches to Clocks, from Calculators to Radios, from Binoculars to Tool Kits – KEELMOOR is the name for the right quality at the right price. Your personal catalogue will tell you more – free with every order.



#### LADIES QUARTZ LCD DRESS WATCH

This attractive ladies model with the standard 5 functions of hours, minutes, seconds, month and date has literally sold in tens of thousands. Available in gold or silver colours with 'sugar coated' finish. Please state first and second choice

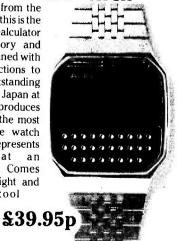
of square, round or oval design.

### THE ULTIMATE GENTS LCD CALCULATOR/ALARM WATCH

£8.95p

CALCULATOR/ALARM If you want a watch from the top end of the market this is the one for you. Full calculator functions plus memory and percentage are combined with time and alarm functions to make this item an outstanding buy. Manufactured in Japan at the same factory that produces models for probably the most famous name in the watch business, this device represents quality sheer at an unbelievable price. Comes complete with backlight and button operating tool

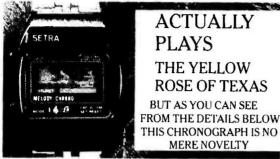
carried in the strap clasp. We advise you to order quickly whilst stocks last.





With every orde **Big** colourful Keelmoor catalogue featuring hundreds of products at bargain

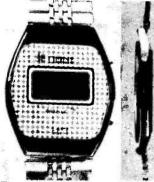
We don't think you'll find items of this quality anywhere prices. else at the price we offer. Order now, Christmas is round the corner and this is the way to make gift buying easier - and cheaper too. WE ARE PROUD TO INTRODUCE THE AMAZING MAINS DIGITAL ALARM CLOCK MELODY ALARM CHRONOGRAPH



Today's technology has produced this fine watch which incorporates a musical alarm which plays a complete verse of 'The Yellow Rose of Texas.' Other functions included are as for model number 1.

## £14.95p

NEW TO OUR RANGE, WE COMBINE PRECISION AND STYLE IN THIS-THE SUPER SLIM GENTS 5 FUNCTION CHRONOGRAPH



JUST TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA OF THE ULTRA SLIMNESS OF THESE WATCHES WE HAVE ILLUSTRATED A SIDE VIEW OF THE SUPERSLIM DIGITAL. BELOW, WE HAVE ELABORATED ON SOME OF THE **TECHNICALITIES:-**

These watches need no special functions to make them stand out in a crowd-their slimness serves that purpose. If you've been put off digital quartz watches in the past because you require an ultra-slim design, now

Ke do bo sale pro giv Th o N Try and sati val cor

is the time to change. Is equipped with standard 5 functions and backlight.

£9.95p



A very practically sized mains operated digital alarm clock - this item is extremely well finished and looks equally at home by the bedside or in the living room. With snooze/repeater alarm you could not even buy the components to build your own for this price. Available at the amazingly low price of only

£8.95p

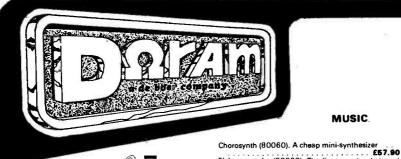
AND FINALLY, WHAT MUST BE THE ULTIMATE IN SQUEEZING A QUART INTO A HALF PINT POT! THE INCREDIBLE MINIATURE LCD TRAVEL/ALARM CLOCK



As you can see from the photograph above this device is tiny and yet it continuously displays hours and minutes with auto calendar and night light. Invaluable for the busy traveller or simply for use in the modern home, it comes complete with its own travelling case and can easily be carried in top pocket or the smallest of handbags. It has even got a stand for upright position on table, shelf or sleeping compartment. An unusual gift to yourself or others at only \$10.95.

Every order dispatched by return, and is sent by recorded delivery. That is Keelmoor's **Promise** To You.

KEELMOOR PROMISE moor have a tremen- reputation to uphoid, in the retail and whole-	To Plea com	se sen pietel	d me i y satis	he ite	astle in nis ind may	ficated return	d in th	e box	es bela	ow.lu	7 1DY inderstand that if I am no d within 15 days and m
trades and so, with every uct sold, we automatically the Keelmoor Promise iocludes:	A	В	C	D	E	F	6	н	1	J	Just indicate with a rick. Item required if more than one required tick plus number ~ i.e ~ 3
D RISK GUARANTEE. iny of these items for 15 days f you are not completely ied with the quality and		1E Mrs DRESS	, Miss.	Ms, Mi			tr.	SIT	]	10	TAL AMOUNT = S
simply return it for a lete refund.	l enc Or ci	lose a harge	chequ niv A	e PO	to KE	ELM BAR	OOR	TD		ck as	applicable)
NE YEAR'S FULL JARANTEE on all products ACK UP SERVICE	NO TOT	AL -	5								
cond to none	All	rooda	dispa	tched	by r	ten ro	, dna	uty p	recisi	on at	the right price.





#### HOME

 HOME

 Steam train and whistle (80019). Simulates the sound on steam and whistle
 £6.50

 Clap switch (79026). You clap your hands and the Entropy of the source of the source

Elekdoorbell (79095). Program your own signature £22.00 Touch dimmer (78065). Boom lighting controlled by

Touch dimmer (78065). Room lighting controlled I	
single touch £6.8 TV sound modulator (9925) £3.7	
TV sound modulator (9925) £3.7	
Simple sound effects (79077) £5.7	
Electronic nuisance (80016) £3.8	
Ultrasonic transmitter (audio) (79510) £7.6	5
Ultrasonic receiver (audio) (79511)	5
DJ killer (79505) £8.8 Quiz master (79033) £6.5	0
Quiz master (79033) £6.5	0
Variable fuzz-box (9984)	
Ioniser (9823) Produces a high concentration	
negative ions £9.5	5
Oscillographics (9979). Random displays patterns of	
your oscilloscope £11.2	5
Cackling egg timer (9985). Times your egg, the	
clucks like a hen! £7.2	0
Pools forecaster (79053). Weighs up the odds an	d
could win you a fortune £8.1 Loudspeaking telephone amplifier (9987). Amplifie	5
Loudspeaking telephone amplitier (9987). Amplifie	S
signal without direct connection £11.5 Sensitive lightmeter (9886). Light measuremen	0
Sensitive lightmeter (9886). Light measuremen	1
using silicon photodiode £12.5	
Nicad charger (79024). Automatically prevents over	
charge of cells £15.2	0
Proximity detector (9974). Detects movement in	
room (electric field change) £9.8	V
Central alarm (9950). Master station slave station	-
£10.8	5
Alarm unit £3.1	
Touch tuning FM preselect unit (79519) With digita	
display £17.5	ų
Talk funny (80052). Deliberate electronic distortion of	
speech and music signals using a single IC, th	
2206 £9.6	V
Colour generator (80027). Using coloured light for a	
effective display £19.7	D

£8.15

#### **HIGH FREQUENCIES**

Pools predictor (79053)

Aerial amplifier (80022). Improves the sensitivity of an existing receiver specify VHF/UHF **£5.45** UHF/VHF modulator (9976). Generates a carrier for 
 On P vir modulator (9976). Generates a carrier tor TV signals
 £6.25

 Mini shortwave receiver (9920). Interesting introduc-tion to SW radio
 £8.95

 FM IF strip (78087). Using the CA 3189 limiter demodulator IC
 £13.05
 £13.05 Stereo decoder (79082). Compatible with the FM IF strip

strip E15.10 Digital tuning scale (80021). A sophisticated digital frequency indication £46.30 Ohm aerial (80076 1 + 2). A practical shortwave aerial for 1,8-30MHz £10.30

Buying one of our PROJECT PACKS will save you the frustration of tracking down those evasive com-ponents that hold up the completion of your project. Our packs include Printed Circuit Board, all the components listed in the article together with sockets and solder. Cases, knobs, etc., can be supplied as extra items if required. Ask for more information ....!

## 00 8 500

#### MEASURING Digital thermometer (80045)

MUSIC.

Elektor vocoder (80060). The first vocoder designed to be built from a kit with excellent features. It has 10 channels E162.50 Front panels for vocoder per channel E1.25 Analog reverberation unit (9973). Kit with 1 SAD 1024 E27.70 Piano. Excellent kit of an electronic piano with three works

 Voices.
 £37.00

 Octave PCB (9914)
 £18.75

 Filter PCB (9981)
 £18.50

 Power supply (9979)
 £18.05

 Digital reverberation unit main board
 £67.20

 Extension boards
 £46.30

Transistor Ignition (80084). A system which combines the most significant advantages of other events £20.45

\* Digital Heart Beat Monitor (80071). Displays the heart rate on an LED display with audible monitoring through a loudspeaker .... £37.20

\* Transistor Tester (80077). Not only checks that the device is functional, but also displays the HFE £15.54

Digibook. An ideal form of tuition for first-time users of digital ICs. Electronic experimental PCB and components plus an instruction manual giving over 30 experiments and exercises ... £13.50

\* Pest Pester (80130). An electronic insect repel-lant. Confuses mosquitos with high pitched tone £2.35

\* Battery Voltage Indicator (80101). Only a few components are needed to display the state of your car battery. LED display shows when you are in the

\* Active Car Aerial (80018). A signal booster designed for car radios. Works on both AM and FM bands to make a significant improvement to

..... £6.85

£11.00

£13.65

- NEY

voices

group

NEW

english internetion (boot to)	
LCD display (supplied without relay	) £28.95
LED display (supplied without relay	£23.20
Relay (two pole changeover)	£2.45
AC millivoltmeter (79035). FET input r	neter circuit
and audio nenerator	F# 30
Universal digital meter (79005). Digital	replacement
for pointer instruments	£14.65
Precision timebase (9448). Generates a	precision 1
Hertz pulse	£13 10
Power supply for timebase	65.40
Universal timebase (78100). Crystal	controlled
timebase	£18.70
timebase 1/4 GHz counter (9887 1 + 2 + 3 + 4).	Excellent kit
count up to 250 MHz	£98.15
Minicounter (9927). 1KNz 4 digit display	£27.70
Audio analyser (9932). An analyser which	
the deficiencies in a particular aud	
environment Spot sinewave generator (9948). Pro	grammable
sinewaves with less than 0,0025% TH	Ď £12.95
Simple function generator (9453). Sine,	square and
sawtooth outputs	£27.70
Sinewave generator (79019). Always	sinewaves
when you need them	£8.90
TV scope basic version (9968 1 / 5). Prod	uces display
up to 1 KHz on TV	. £34.50
TV scope advanced version (9969 1/3	). Converts
basic scope to 100KHz bandwidth	. £48.25
Digiscope (9926)	
Digifarad (79088). A digital capacitance i	
wide range	£25.10
Gate dipper (79514). Checks the resonan	
of a circuit	. £16.00

#### AUDIO

HOW TO ORDER:

packing.

AUDIO
Equaliser (9832). Single channel audio equaliser with
slidepots £17.70
with turnpots £15.60
with project pote
with preset pots £13.95 UAA180 LED meter (9817). A two-channel display
meter with LEDs £13.00
Peak programme meter (9860). For use with
UAA180 LED meter to give stereo audio display
£13.00 Luminant (9949 1 + 2 + 3) A novel LED audio level
indicator
Parametric equaliser (9897)
filter section (9897-1)
filter section (9897-1) £6.45 Tone control section (9897-2) £5.20
Audio analyser (9932). An analyser which can
pinpoint the deficiencies in a particular audio chain
or environment £14.80 Preconsonant (9954). A high-performance amplifier
r reconsonant (99.54). A high-periormance amplimer
£5.75
Consonant (9945). A complete audio control pream-
plifier
Toppreamp (80031). Mini preamplifier for Topamp or
any other Hi-Fi poweramp
Topamp (80023). Hybrid audio power amplifier with
OM 931 (output 30 watt) £18.50
with OM 961 (output 60 watt) £33.40
Stentor (79070). A portable amplifier ideally suited
for PA
for PA £30.00 Assistentor (79071). A preamp for use with Stentor
£7,00
Elektornado (9874). A 2 × 50 watt or single
100-watt power amplifier
Electret microphone preamp (9866). Compact design
that fits into the mike

\* Car Battery protection (80109). Automatically switches off your lights if you forget .... £5.15

\* Morse Trainer (\$0072). Can be preset to generate the morse alphabet for tuition purposes.

#### **NEW CATALOGUE**

radio reception

Morse key required

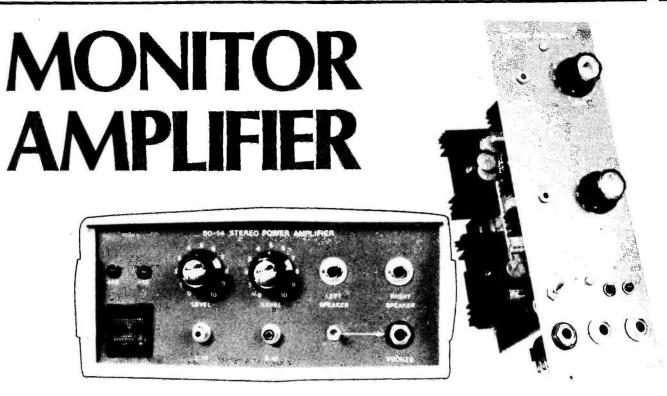
Send 40p for our new catalogue giving details of our project packs and component range.



P

Send a cheque or postal order to DORAM ELEC-TRONICS LTD., Fitzroy House, Market Place, Swaffham, Norfolk, PE37 70H. All our prices include V.A.T. Please add 40p for postage and

Office hours: Monday-Friday, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Telephone Swaffham (0760) 21627, Telex 817912.



## Sound out your collection of Project 80 synthesiser modules with this 10 W per channel stereo power amplifier. Design by Charles Blakey

The 80-14 Stereo Power Amplifier is designed to be used in conjunction with the Project 80 synthesiser but with a few component changes it may also be used as a compact general purpose amplifier. The amplifier has an input impedance of 100k and an output of 10 W per channel into 8R with a maximum distortion of 0.5% (typically 0.1%). For use with the synthesiser the input sensitivity is 1V2 RMS for the rated output and for the general purpose version the sensitivity is 250 mV RMS. A switched headphone output is incorporated, suitable for use with low impedance headphones.

The design is based on the TDA2030 which is a Class B amplifier with low harmonic and cross-over distortion. It incorporates power limiting circuitry, giving short-circuit protection, in addition to a conventional thermal shut down system. The choice is based on experience with the TDA2030, the fact that 10 W per channel is adequate for domestic or monitoring use, the need to keep heat generation to an acceptable level and, not least, to provide a compact module.

## **Power Regulations**

To obtain the 10 W per channel output it is necessary to use a 30 V supply; the maximum rating of the device is 36V. Furthermore, synthesiser applications in particular can generate peak current demands and these factors dictated the use of a regulated +15 V supply and DC coupling of the speakers. The components for rectifying, smoothing and, regulating the power supply have been incorporated on the same PCB as the amplifier. When used with the synthesiser this allows the same mains switch to be used as for the +15 V module supply (Project 80-1) and for the fuse and transformer for the amplifier to be housed in the keyboard case. A miniature three pole connector may then be used to couple the 15-0-15 V unregulated supply to the module housing allowing the module to be rapidly removed from the case when required. Also by having the capacitors on the PCB the ground returns from the speakers are kept short.

## All Change

The component values shown in the circuit diagram are for the synthesiser version. For the general purpose amplifier the following component changes are required.

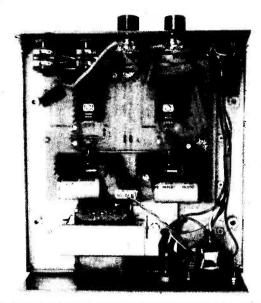
R3,8	wire links
R4,6,11,13	100k
R5,12	3k3
C6,11	4u7 PCB electrolytic

### Construction

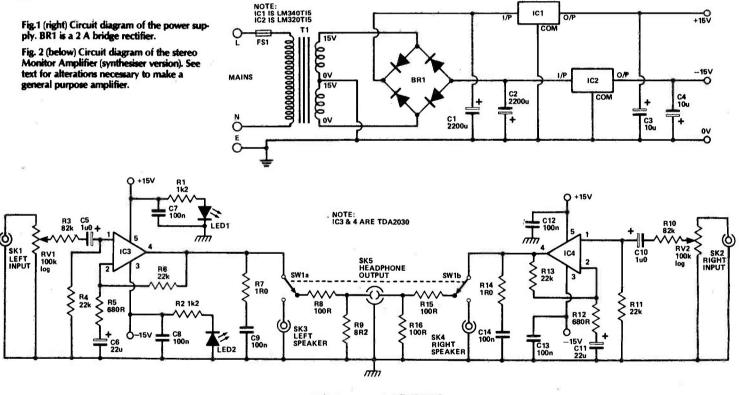
The module will fit onto the standard 9 x 3 inch panel and it can also be installed in a Teka Alba A23G case but as with the panel version the transformer will have to be external to the case. For the self-contained amplifier a case with minimum internal dimensions of width 220 mm, length 250 mm and height 90 mm is required.

Construction should be carried out in the following sequence. Make the one wire link with insulated wire then solder in the resistors, capacitors and the bridge rectifier. Next install the TDA2030s. Slide the heatsink under the TDA2030 and, after checking that the pins are still in place, bolt the IC and the heatsink to the PCB. Do not move the heatsink once the IC has been soldered since this will stress the pins. The voltage regulators are now bolted to their heatsinks (the pins should protrude from the side having the greatest distance from mounting hole to edge) and the combined heatsink and IC held firmly against the PCB while the regulator is soldered in place. There is no need to isolate any of the ICs from their heatsinks, but it should be noted that the heatsinks for the negative regulator and the TDA2030s will be at negative potential. A small amount of heatsink compound between the IC and their respective heatsinks is desirable.

Next wire the PCB to the panel components. Screened wire should be used for the input leads which go from the input jack sockets to the rotary potentiometers and from the latter to the PCB. Do not common ground connections at the panel (except for the LEDs), but take them back to the appropriate connection hole on the PCB. Keep wiring as short and neat as possible. For the speaker leads it is preferable to use wire of at least equivalent to 16/0.2 mm. R8 and 15 can be soldered direct to the switch and a lead taken from the other end to the headphone socket while R9 and 16 should be soldered direct to the headphone socket. Remember to take a ground return from this socket to the PCB.



Inside the Project 80 Monitor Amplifier. Straightforward design and PCB layout makes for simple construction.



#### **\_HOW IT WORKS**

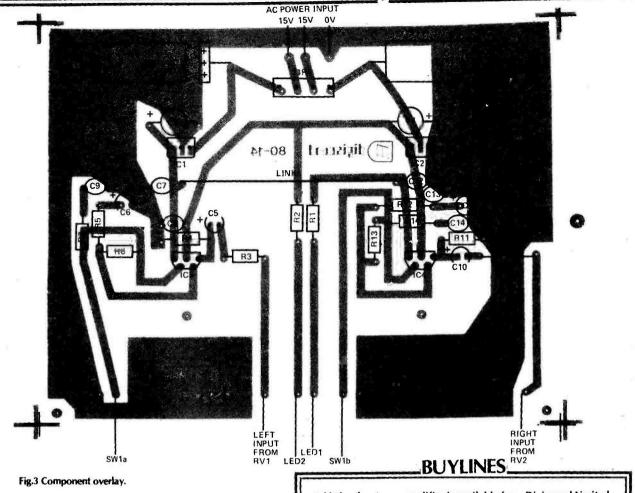
The TDA2030 power amplifiers (IC3 and IC4) require few external components and the function of the latter for the left input is described. C5 AC couples the amplifier while R3 and R4 form an attenuating network to reduce the sensitivity for use with the Project 80 synthesiser and, in the absence of RV1, determine the input impedance. RV1 provides manual adjustment of attenuation. R5 and R6 set the closed loop gain and for the general purpose version (R4=100k; R6=100k; R5=3k3) the voltage gain is approximately 30 dB. C6 is for DC decoupling of the inverting-input and adjusts the low frequency cut-off. R7 and C9 increase frequency stability while C3, C4 (power supply) together with C7 and C8 are bypass capacitors which

also reduce the risk of oscillation.

SW1 allows selection of speaker or headphone outputs and for the latter R8 and R9 attenuate the output to a level suitable for low impedance headphones.

The power supply is a conventional regulated supply with a nominal + 15 V and 1A5 per rail which is sufficient for 8R speakers at peak output of the amplifiers (about 13 W with 10% distortion). The regulators will also cope with 4R speakers in combination with a suitable transformer. R1, R2 together with LED 1,2 give a visual indication of supply voltage to the amplifiers.

## **PROJECT:** Monitor Amplifier



#### PARTS\_LIST.

(Synthesiser version, 8R spea	
Resistors ¼ W carbon except	pt where stated
R1,2	1k2
R3,10	82k
R4,6,11,13	22k
R5,12	68R
R7,14	1R0, 1/2 W
R8,15	100R, ½ W
R9,16	8R2, 2W5 wirewound
Potentiometers	
RV1,2	100k logarithmic
Capacitors	
C1.2	2200u 40 V electrolytic
C3,4	10u 25 V electrolytic
C5.10	1u0 100 V PCB electrolytic
C6.11	22u 25 V PCB electrolytic
C7,8,9,12,13,14	100n disc ceramic
Semiconductors	
IC1	LM340T-15
IC2	LM320T-15
IC3,4	TDA2030H
LED1,2	Red LED
81	2 A bridge rectifier
Miscellaneous	
SW1	DPDT subminiature switch
SK1,2	3.5 mm jack sockets (phono sockets for GP version)
SK3.4	0.25 inch mono jack sockets
SK5	0.25 inch stereo jack socket
	50 VA transformer, dual 15
	V secondaries in series or
	15-0-15 V type.
FS1	Chassis fuse holder with 1 A
151	fuse.
Heatsinks for IC1,2,3, and 4	

A kit for the stereo amplifier is available from Digisound Limited, 13 The Brooklands, Wrea Green, Preston, Lancs PR4 2NQ for £22.20 inclusive of postage and VAT. The kit includes the PCB and all listed components except transformer and case/panel. Please specify synthesiser or general purpose version.

#### Ironing

A final point to note is that comparatively heavy currents will flow through many of the connections and it is essential that they are properly soldered. The connections requiring most care are those to ground where the large foil area acts as a heatsink. This is eased by using a tinned PCB but even then it is necessary to place the soldering iron adjacent (not touching) to the lead to be soldered and allow the area to heat up sufficiently prior to heating the lead and applying solder to it.

After construction connect the transformer and switch on. Gently touch each IC in turn. These should remain cool, since the TDA2030 quiescent current to each is only of the order of 50 mA. The LEDs will indicate whether the power supply is functioning. If any of the ICs run hot at this stage check the component placement and condition of soldered joints. Next connect the speakers and if any hum is evident check the wiring from PCB to panel components. Finally connect the amplifier to an audio source to determine that the module is functioning correctly.

Conventional Hi-Fi speakers should not be used in conjunction with a synthesiser since single frequency tone of more than a few watts can damage treble speakers. Fo most purposes full range speakers with a nomina impedance of 8R and a rating of 15 W will prove adequate



# ASTROLOGUE

Over the years ETI has covered almost every aspect of spaceflight. Now in the new regular series Ian Graham keeps you up to date with what's happening in the world of aerospace.

ne aspect of the European space programme suffered a serious setback in May this year, when the Ariane launch vehicle ended up in the Atlantic Ocean two minutes after embarking on its second test flight.

Ariane is the key to Europe's future independence from America and Russia in placing satellites in Earth orbit. It will vie with the American Space Shuttle for business. Although the European Space Agency (ESA) is supporting the development and testing programme, once the hardware is proven Ariane will have to pay its own way by charging customers to carry their payloads into orbit.

The 200 tonne, three stage rocket first took to the air in December 1979 at the fourth attempt. The first hold-up was caused by excessive pressure readings in one of the four first stage Viking 2 engines. In fact the engines were OK. The fault was in the pressure sensor.

During the second attempted launch a fault appeared in the on-board batteries. Again, a sensor was found to be responsible. Unfortunately, this malfunction caused further delay by damaging one of the third stage subsystems (helium pressurisation). When Ariane finally got off the ground, its performance exceeded the designers' predictions, to the relief of all concerned. Ariane was a success.

## Test Launch

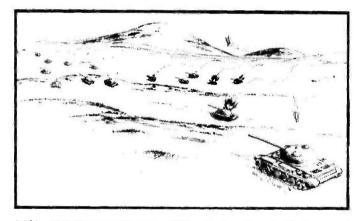
The second test rocket blasted off from the Guiana Space Centre in French Guiana on May 23rd. Within a few seconds of lift-off, pressure in one of the four first stage engines began to fluctuate. Two of the remaining engines suffered the same rapid pressure variations, which set up vibration in the structure itself. Eventually, the rocket broke up and blew itself to pieces.

The wreckage has now been recovered from the Atlantic mud and investigators have found a small metal identification tag in a fuel injector in one of the engines, although it isn't known if the tag was lodged in the injector at launch or during the break-up. The investigators are also looking at several other possible causes. The next test flight, originally scheduled for November, has been postponed until the beginning of next year.

## **Hughes' News**

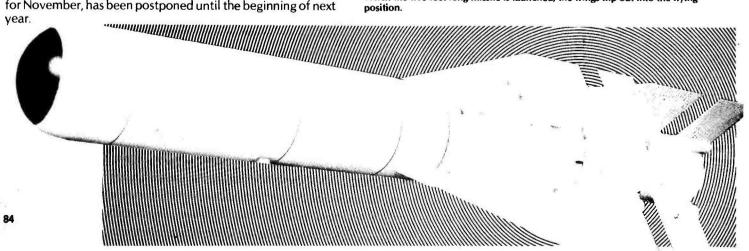
This is the first chance we've had to look at the new Hughes Aircraft Company Wasp anti-armour missile. It is one of a new generation of 'fire and forget' missiles; that is, once fired from an aircraft, the missile can carry on to its target without any guidance from the mother aircraft.

Of its predecessors, Maverick had to be targeted by the aircraft and could only be fired singly. Wasp can be fired either singly or in swarms of ten or more, but its over-riding advantage is that the aircrew do not have to identify a target before launch. The missile looks after all that itself. So, the aircrew can send a dozen Wasps on their way against a formation of enemy tanks and make for home without contacting the air defences. For that reason I'd guess Wasp will be a popular missile with the aircrew who will operate it.



In this artist's impression, a swarm of Wasps has been launched in the general direction of a formation of enemy tanks. The aircrew are already making for home. Each missile then seeks out a target and attacks.

The Hughes Aircraft Company's Wasp air-to-surface anti-armour missile. When the five feet long missile is launched, the wings flip out into the flying position.



43 Queens Road, F Farnborough ( ★ Prices include VAT	CTRONICS LTD arnborough, Hants. 0252) 515373 * All items full spec. and guaranteed * Cash/Cheque/P.O. with order	DIGISOUND LIMITED
TRANSISTORS           BC108         12p           BC182/3         11p           BC212/3         14p           OC42         35p           TIP31A         35p           TIP32a         35p           TIP41A         45p           TIP3055         63p           TIS90 (2N3704)         9p           DIODES         1N4148         4p	COMPUTER I/C           TMS2516JL         1800p           TMS2708JL         762p           TMS2532JL         4500p           SPECIAL OFFERS         * MM 5378N. Digital clock I/C.           Crystal controlled. LED outputs         350p	—providing a service to all who are interested in electronic music
General Purpose Silicone           50p per 100           LINEAR I/C           741-8         21p           741-8         30p           NE555         30p           LM308N         55p           LM308N         55p           LM31N         60p           LM709-14         50p           LM723CN         50p           SN75188N         125p           SN75189N         135p           SN75189N         135p           SN76477N         250p           REGULATORS         LM30p           LM39KC         120p/		<ul> <li>NEW PRODUCTS</li> <li>Two new custom 1.C.s from Solid State Micro Technology which have general applications but are particularly well suited to polyphonic synthesisers.</li> <li>SSM 2044. 4-pole voltage controlled filter for 24dB/octave low pass filtering. A nove filtering technique provides extended control range, low noise and high control rejection On chip control of resonance. Differential inputs for two voice arrangements. ± 5V t ± 15V supplies. £3.20 each (excl. postage and V.A.T.).</li> <li>SSM 2055. Voltage Controlled Transient Generator. Similar features to the SSM 2055 but improved offset and control feechthrough. Ability to gang controls together when two more devices being used. £3.55 each (excl. postage and V.A.T.). Add 30p P. &amp; P. and then 15% V.A.T. to total value.</li> <li>Data sheets on above (or other specialised I.C.s stocked) available for 10p per device, plut 15p postage unless ordered with price list or components.</li> </ul>
LM320K-12	100p tiplexed	NEW PRICE LIST. 15p post paid. Some price increases have become necessary for ET 80 MODULAR SYNTHESISER kits published earlier in the year. As a special offer we will accept orders for complete kits at the original price stated in ETI or in our April 1980 price list. This offer closes on September 30, 1980.         DIGISOUND LIMITED, 13 THE BROOKLANDS, WREA GREEN, PRESTON, LANCS. PR4 2NQ Tel.: 0772 683138 (MAIL ORDER ONLY)



Example - 120VA 240V 15 + 15V. 4A = 42013.

CHOICE OF 3 PRIMARY INPUTS LL.P. Toroidal Transformers are available in choice of 110V., 220V., or 240V., coded as follows for 110V Primary insert 0 in place of 'X' in type number. For 220V Primary insert 1 in place of 'X' in type number.

\* TYPES TO CUSTOMER'S SPECIFICATION CAN BE SUPPLIED TO ORDER IN QUANTITY, ENQUIRIES INVITED. FREEPOST facility. We pay postage on U.K. engurnes and orders<sup>15</sup> Simply address envelope to FREEPOST T4 to address below NO STAMP REQUIRED. We use advanced winding technology to make our toroidal transformers. They have only half the weight and height of their laminated equivalents within the range and are appreciably, more efficient. Our toroidals cost vintually the same as their now outdated laminated equivalents and hum is down to a negligible tenth of what it used to be. Each 1.1.P. toroidal transformer is supplied with rigid mounting kit comprising centre bolt, two neoprene and one steel washer. Now available in a range of 37 sizes.

	TYPE	VA	SECONDARY RMS VOLTS	SECONDARY RMS CURRENT	DIMENSIONS DIA-NT	WEIGHT KG	PRICE
nsformers	2X010 2X011 2X012 2X013 2X013 2X014 2X015 2X016	50	6+6 9+9 12+12 15+15 18+18 22+22 25+25	4.16 2.77 2.06 1.66 1.38 1.13 1.00	80 x 45mm	0.9	EACH £5.40 + £1.10 P4P + £0.98 VAT
	3X010 3X011 3X012 3X013 3X014 3X015 3X016 3X028 3X029 3X030	80	6+6 9+9 12+12 15+15 18+18 22+22 25+25 110V 220V 240V	6.64 4.44 3.33 2.66 2.22 1.81 1.60 0.72 0.36 0.33	90 x 30mm	1.0	EACH <b>£5.70</b> + £1.20 P&P + £1.04 VAT
	4X010 4X011 4X012 4X013 4X014 4X015 4X016 4X028 4X029 4X029 4X030	120	6+6 9+9 12+12 15+15 18+18 22+22 25+25 110v 220v 240v	10.00 6.66 5.00 4.00 3.33 2.72 2.40 1.09 0.54 0.54 0.59	90 x 40mm	1.2	EACH <b>£6.72</b> + c1.30 P&P + c1.20 VAT
B PRIMARY INPUTS re available in choice of 110V., 220V., or 240V., codèd às follows place of 'X' in type number. place of X' in type number.	5X016 5X017 5X028 5X029 5X030	160	25 + 25 30 + 30 1 10V 220V 240V	3.20 2.66 1.45 0.72 0.66	110 x 40mm	1.8	EAGH <b>£8.88</b> + £1.40 P&P + £1.54 VAT
place of "X" in type number. 15 + 15V. 4A = 42013. R'S SPECIFICATION CAN BE SUPPLIED TO ORDER IN NVITED. ICIIITY. quiries and orders? Simply address envelope to FREEPOST T4 to teQUIRED. //Money Order or quote your ACCESS or BARCLAYCARD account No.	6X015 6X017 6X018 6X026 6X025 6X025 6X028 6X029 6X030	300	25 + 25 30 + 30 35 + 35 40 + 40 45 + 45 110V 220V 240V	6.00 5.00 4.28 3.75 3.33 2.72 1.36 1.25	110 x 50mm	2.5	EACH £12.27 + £1.50 P&P + £2.07 VAT

ETI OCTOBER 1980

**TO ORDER** 

# MICROBASICS

In the second part of our new series, Henry Budgett takes the mystique out of the inner workings of modern man's best friend and contemplates the bits and pieces necessary to make it all work.

aving introduced the various component parts of a computer system in last month's episode I shall now move onto the actual microprocessor itself. Just as we divided the computer up into a number of parts so we may dissect the microprocessor. It is important to understand at this early stage that the much-vaunted micro is merely a very complex piece of electronic logic and is totally useless on its own without the ranks of qualified engineers, programmers and other allied trades, the supposedly mighty micro is an incomprehensible lump of high technology!

## **Architectural Heritage**

The average, general purpose computer can be divided into a number of discrete elements as we saw last month. One of these components is the Central Processing Unit or CPU and this can be sub-divided still further. The microprocessor is really a totally integrated central processing unit; it still needs all the other bits and pieces to make it perform as a computer. Some of the later designs do incorporate internal memory

areas and one or two even have self-contained programs, the new SC/MP chip from National Semi with the NIBL BASIC built in being a prime example.

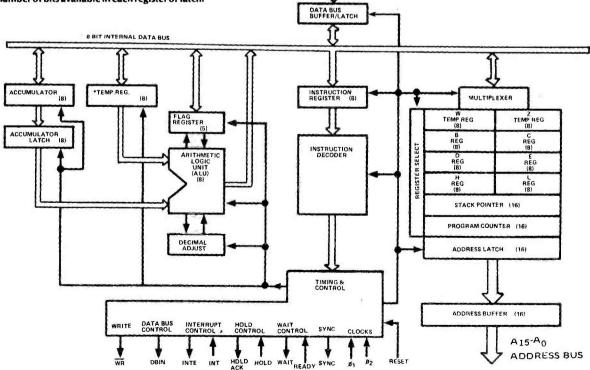
The three main sections of the CPU are the registers, the ALU and the control circuitry.

Taking them in order we find that the registers are a group of storage units within the CPU. Some of these are available to the programmer, others are used solely by the processor as counters or storage locations. The most important of these is the Accumulator. This register is used to store the data to be processed by the ALU, a typical instruction being to add the contents of some memory location to the Accumulator and to hold the result in the Accumulator for further processing. Many of the current families have other general purpose registers for data storage - the 8080 has six for example.

## **Flagging Already?**

Closely associated with the Accumulator are a number of special registers called the flags. These are used to indicate the

Fig.1 Block diagram of the internal areas of an 8080. The TEMP registers (\*) are used by the CPU internally and cannot be accessed. Figures in brackets refer to the number of bits available in each register or latch.



D7-Da

N

BI-DIRECTIONAL DATA BUS

status of the ALU after an operation. Typical flags are 'carry' showing that an arithmetical carry has occurred, 'overflow' which simply shows that the number has exceeded the word length of the Accumulator and a number of bits which indicate the sign of the result in the Accumulator. There is also one other register connected with the Accumulator and ALU and that is the index register. This holds any offsets used in addressing or indexing and its inclusion is machine dependent.

The processor also requires a number of special registers, the instruction register and the program counter being two typical examples. These both have a 'double word' capacity, that is they can hold a full sixteen bit address. The contents of the program counter are always one in front of the address currently being used. This is in order to allow subroutines to rejoin the program at the right place. When multiple subroutines are used, these addresses are held in a LIFO memory area called the stack. Some processors have a built-in stack which allows only a certain number of subroutines, whereas others use a dedicated area of memory, which can be, in theory, as large as you like.

All the stored information in memory is, until decoded, garbage. The instruction register performs two tasks in that it not only holds the currently selected address contents but also decodes them to see if they are valid instructions or data. This is usually done by a mask programmed ROM (Read Only Memory) which has all the valid instructions stored in it. The reason for coding the instruction set into a 'microprogram' are twofold. Firstly, it makes the control circuitry much simpler and, secondly, one can, in theory at least, change the instruction set of one's processor. As an example of this there are some 20 extra codes built into the Z80 CPU that are not mentioned in the manuals. Apparently they are not all guaranteed to work on all Z80s. Anyone know what they are and what they do?

## **Cycling Around**

All the processes of control are under the charge of a central clock which synchronises the various happenings within the CPU. Some processors require a two phase clock, others a single phase, but in almost all cases the clock must be crystal controlled. The reason for the accuracy needed is that, if one is to expand the system further than the basic CPU and its associated support circuitry, the clock must remain stable under variations of temperature and varying loads. Computer buses are fairly capacitive and can, over reasonable transmission distances, turn a nice square wave into a very unpleasant object indeed. The fundamental speed of the CPU is governed by the clock frequency. The original 8080 ran at 1 MHz and the 8080A, because of improved internal circuitry, runs at 2 MHz and will, therefore, process at twice the speed. However, and this is a common misconception, the actual CPU doesn't process at these speeds because of a number of reasons.

The most obvious reason is that the ALU is a serial device, that is it takes one bit at a time rather than processing the entire word. The second reason, which I will elaborate on in a minute, is that one has to perform a number of discrete operations within the chip just to get the information in a place where it can be processed and this takes time. All these operations are performed in cycles, the fundamental unit of time taken to fetch and execute a single instruction. On inspection of a data sheet on your chosen micro you will find this time quoted in terms of the number of clock cycles taken. All other instructions are then specified in the number of cycles that they take.

### **State Visit**

To further explain this concept of instruction cycles let's take a look at the various types. The basic FETCH cycle, also known as the M1 cycle, is made up of four states. During the first three, the processor fetches the instruction from the memory location indicated by the program counter. The counter is at this point showing the current location and has not been incremented. The fourth cycle is taken up by decoding the instruction. An example of this is the instruction to add the contents of a register to the Accumulator. If we wish to access a memory location rather than a register, we will have to perform a memory read, which requires an extra machine cycle. Say we wish to add the contents of a given memory location to the contents of the Accumulator. The sequence of operations is as follows: the processor extracts the

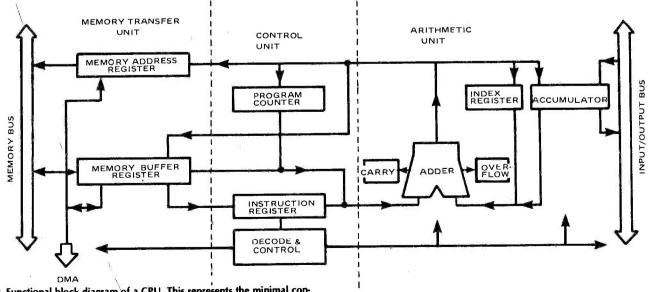


Fig.2 Functional block diagram of a CPU. This represents the minimal configuration you would expect to find. You could implement this (for fun) in discrete logic elements and see how it worked. It makes a good demonstration piece for schools and colleges.

single byte instruction from the memory location given in the program counter; this takes three states. This is decoded and the processor sends, as an address, the contents of its H and L registers. The data word returned during this cycle is held in a temporary register inside the CPU and we have now used six states. The final act of adding the temporary register contents to the Accumulator takes a further state making seven in all, or two cycles. The longest operation of all, in 8080 code, takes 16 states or five machine cycles.

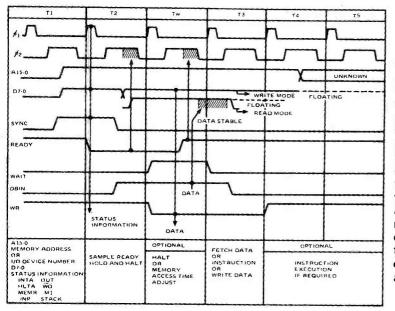


Fig.3 Timing diagram showing the various states that can make up a machine cycle: The vertical arrowed lines indicate information access states.

## The Ins And Outs

The final section of our look at the internals of a CPU is the connections you can make with the outside world. Generally, the CPU is housed inside a DIL package with some 40 legs. Under normal circumstances, assuming the standard eight bit CPU, we will have 16 pins for the address bus, eight pins for the data bus and 16 pins left to play with. Just what you do with them depends on the kind of CPU you have, but let's take a close look at the pins on an 8080.

Having already mentioned the address and data bus, we only need to say that the data bus is a bi-directional system and is capable of tri-state operation. It can assume a high impedance state, which is neither a logic zero nor one and this is used under some special circumstances, which will be mentioned next month. Four further legs can be allocated to power; the device needs  $\pm 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $\pm 12 \text{ V}$  and ground. Yet two more legs can be allocated to the required two phase clock, leaving us ten possible control signals to communicate the state of the device to the outside world. These are SYNC, DBIN, WAIT, HLDA, INTE, READY, HOLD, INT and RESET. Taking these in order, the SYNC indicates the first state of each machine cycle, thus acting as a synchronisation signal, hence the name. The DBIN signal tells the outside world that the CPU can accept data. It should be used to externally enable the transfer. WAIT is an indication that the CPU has entered a WAIT state, triggered by pulling the READY line low before the second state time. This causes extra states to be added to the cycle time for as long as the READY line is held low. The process is often used in situations where the memory or device currently being accessed is slower than the processor.

Our next signal, WR, is provided for the synchronisation of external transfers. These include memory and I/O operations and it is the converse of DBIN. There now follows a group of controls, which are concerned with things called interrupts. An interrupt is the computer equivalent of a tap on the shoulder and is used by peripheral devices to tell the processor that they are ready to be looked at. The INT line must be set high to tap the computer on its shoulder, but this will only work if the INTE line has been enabled previously. Inside the CPU, the interrupt is signalled by a status bit being set and the external device must put its instruction onto the bus in order for any action to be taken. The HOLD line is concerned with direct memory access and as such we shall not dwell on this until next month. The HLDA is merely an indication that the CPU is in a HOLD state. Finally we have the RESET line which, as its name implies, does. The signal will restore the CPU to the first state of a machine cycle and it also clears the program counter. It is essential to start all the power up sequences with this signal otherwise you never know what you may find yourself doing! It is also worth noting for all those sceptics among you that pressing RESET does not destroy all your registers, it merely sets you back to the beginning without destroying your program unless the person who programmed the monitor on your system clears the memory as the first operation. Whoever said that programmers were logical anyway.

			75		1	
A10	0+	1	$\sim$	40	-0	A11
GND	0-	2		39	-0	A14
D4	0	3		38	-0	A13
D5	0++	4		37	-0	A12
D <sub>6</sub>	0	5		36	-0	A 15
D7	0	6		35	+0	Ag
D3	0++	7		34	0	AB
D <sub>2</sub>	0-	8		33	-0	A7
D1	0++	9	8080	32	-0	AG
DO	0++	10		31	-0	A5
-5V	0-	11		30	0	A4
RESET	0-	12		29	-0	A3
HOLD	0-	13		28	0	+12V
INT	0-	14		27	-0	A2
p2	0-	15		26	-0	A1
INTE	0-	16		25	-0	Ao
DBIN	0-	17		24	-0	WAIT
WR	0+	18		23	-0	READY
SYNC	0-	19		22	-0	Ø1
+5V	0-	20		21	+0	HLDA

Pin designations of the 8080. Developed by Intel, fathers of the micro, it is still regarded as the workhorse of eight bit processing. It also spawned the Z80, probably the most powerful eight bit chip using current technology.

## **Coming Soon**

Next month's slice of bits will investigate the thorny topic of memory devices and show you the way in the ROM-RAM jungle as well as telling you how to ignore your CPU altogether and really make things work fast.



## ELECTRONICS TOMORROW

A spanner's not much help when your computerised fuel injection system dies. Dave Raven of Metac Electronics reports on the quality control that keeps your chips up to scratch, with a footnote on hand-held games.

While we must welcome the arrival of new electronic circuitry in everyday products (cars, sewing machines, food mixers, etc), electronic failures always seem much worse and more difficult to put right. The difficulty now in making temporary repairs to an item, which has been transformed into a solid block of plastic containing a thick-film circuit, is underlined to the stranded motorist when he is out in the pouring rain.

My own recent experience of this occurred miles out in the countryside. I was directed with my faulty alternator to a small holding, miles from anywhere. The gentleman who attended to me was clearly an expert, despite outward appearances and disused cars littering his yard. A small workshop/caravan was crammed with used starter motors and dynamos. With the precision of a brain surgeon, he diagnosed my faulty alternator (a diode in yer alternator) and immediately commenced stripping it down and replacing the faulty component. With an elaborate piece of home made test equipment, which put Heath Robinson to shame, he tested the alternator on the bench under full load. While watching this rustic genius I felt assured that, even with the advent of microprocessors this man will survive. But what of all the other indispensable backyard mechanics who are willing to be called out on breakdowns at 9am on a Sunday morning? If you happen to be equipped with an elaborate computercontrolled fuel injection system, then just try and sort that out mate.

## **Quality Control**

The whole elaborate procedure for the guality control of precision electronic equipment is now becoming of vital importance. If electronic products are to achieve the same reputation as earlier mechanical products, which appear to go on forever, it is necessary that they are produced to the same high standards. Electronic products properly tested can achieve very high levels of quality and reliability as any airline pilot or astronaut will testify. The term quality is used to express our level of satisfaction with either goods or a particular service which we use. The notion of guality becomes more ambiguous when we must express our satisfaction with a particular instrument after we have used it through several months. Even if the qualities noticed during the first few months have deteriorated, the product must remain within the specification during its useful life. The measurement of the deterioration of guality of a batch of instruments is when we start to examine the probability of failure or its reliability. A

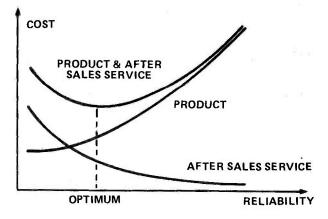


Fig.1. The optimum reliability, considering the cost of the product and the cost of repair during the after-sales service period.

reliable instrument is one which maintains its performance throughout its useful life. A product's reliability can be defined within exact limits by the manufacturer and, naturally, the higher the product's reliability, the higher the price is. The reliability of an instrument is in the mathematical sense of the term — the probability of good functioning within clearly defined performances, in a given time period, under conditions of normal use. This reliability, in the form of probability, is expressed by the quotient of the number of instruments still working at the time of the test divided by the number of instruments initially put into service, when this latter tends towards infinity. The following formula can be used to calculate reliability:-

Reliability = No. of instruments working correctly at time of test/No. of intruments initially put into service.

## **Failure Rate**

The other factor which is linked closely with reliability is the rate of failure. This parameter represents the speed with which the products cease to work correctly. The rate of failure in terms of time can be expressed graphically as a (bathtub) curve, which can be divided into three parts. The first part involves early failures which arise during the first few months. The second part involves random failures, with a constant rate of failure. No physical or chemical procedure can eliminate them and this is of prime importance to electronic products. The last part involves failures due to wear, signifying the end of a product's lifetime.

## **Image Projection**

The failures which occur during the first few months are particularly unwelcome, since they do much to tarnish a supplier's image. They are also very expensive to deal with. The reliability tests which a watch would need to undergo if we are to meet the requirements of the Swiss Industry Standards are divided into two categories:-

1. Performance and quality tests.

2. Accelerated life tests simulating wear.

### **Testing Time**

The example below is the type of performance that electronic watches must undergo if they are to reach an acceptable level of quality for the Swiss (and, indeed, Metac): Control for good functioning of all external controls accessible to the wearer, such as time setting, second stop, rapid corrector, etc; measurement of trimmer adjustment range in positive and negative areas; measurement of supply voltage at which the watch ceases to function correctly; measurement of current consumption and calculations of performance in terms of type of battery used; measurement of the performance deviation of the watch, expressed in seconds per day as a function of the supply voltage variation; determine the effects of temperature variation on the quartz crystal and the integrated circuit; measurement of the watch's resistance to thermal shocks and determination of the watch's resistance to magnetic fields.

Note: a watch can be termed anti-magnetic if it withstands without damage three passages in a magnetic field of 60 Oersted. A watch can be termed anti-shock if it withstands without damage two shocks corresponding to a fall from a height of one metre on a hard wood floor; the intensity of such a shock is around 5,000 g (1 g = unit of gravity acceleration).

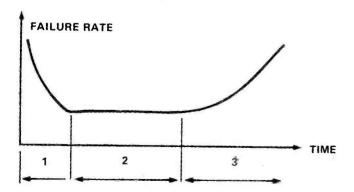


Fig.2. The bathtub curve shows the rate of failure of a product in terms of time. 1. Early rate of failure; 2. Random failures, with a constant rate of failure; 3. Failures due to wear.

## Hand-held Games

Electronic games have been with us now for the last three years and are continually growing in their sophistication. The early TV game chip with its four simple games proved to quickly become a bore and probably ended up in the bottom of the toy cupboard the day after boxing day. Space Invaders and the other microprocessor based games, which until now were only to be seen at fun-fairs and in the local pub, are soon to emerge as portable hand-held games, which will easily fit into the Christmas stocking. The only viable way to produce really high technology microprocessor chips is in large volume. Once all the production problems are solved, the manufacturer starts to crank the handle and out spew millions of chips. Since rockets, machine tools, etc cannot consume very many chips in peace-time, the industry requires a volume product, which will soak up all this excess production.

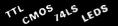
## Software In Hand

Now that chip shortages (which probably held back this product last year) have been overcome, the relatively simple task of assembling hand-held games will ensure their success this Christmas in a big way. Over 500 different hand-held games are being produced. However, reports from the Far East indicate that only a small number are up to standard and will be acceptable to the UK market. Finding a suitable game, which does not quickly become a bore, is a major headache for designers. The chip manufacturers are Texas Instruments, AMI and General Instruments in the main and these companies expend a considerable effort in writing software for hand-held game microprocessors. It still remains a very high risk business, however, and manufacturers and importers will try hard to ensure that they do not have large stocks remaining after Christmas.

#### **Moving Pictures**

Trends in hand-held games are in the direction of more LCD games than the LED type. These will last 20 to 30 hours compared to only three to five for LED ones. The use of fluorescent tube and larger memories are also expected developments. The drawback with LCD hand-held games is that they must have a combination of driver and LCD display Companies in Hong Kong are working on this to produce the combination of chip and driver which makes players move on the display. The final touch will be a single chip direct drive microprocessor for LCD games. The standard type of LCD display has between 128 and 256 dots and the players and balls are mere blips on the screen. It is, however, hoped soon to produce a program of more than 600 dots and the LCD microprocessor will have drive capability with good resolution. Hand-held game trends are also moving towards devices that produce sounds. An example of this is sound producing microprocessors, which produce musical sounds in toys and screeching wheels and engine sounds for toy cars.

F



PCB OFFERS (1A) 100 bit shift register PCB, 115mm × 94mm containing 9 × 7491, 6 × 7496 and 1 × 7441. 7491, 6 × 7496 and 1 × 7441. Terrific bargain 85p, p&p 30p. (1C) PCB 215mm × 290mm 12 × TMS 3122J (or sim.) Hex 32-bit Shift Reg. + 39 ICs. **£2** + 50p p&p (limited stocks).

#### MPU CORNER

2122 (200ns), £3. 2114 (450ns) £4.50 £4.50. Texas Instruments. 27lb single rail. Brand new. Full spec. £9.35 each p&p 25p. 2708 (400ns) £4.50. 74125 for £1 + p&p 25p. MK 1002P (dual 128 bit Shift Reg)

35p. LM711CH (Voltage Comparator)

30p

30p. (All Full Spec) 2526 Character Generator (64 × 9) × 9) £2.95 + data & p&p 25p International rectifier SOLID STATE RELAY type A2402 Out-put 240 VAC 2.5 amps input 90-240 VAC/45-200 VDC £6.00

/p 25p. D TYPE CONNECTORS 15 Way: wirewrap plugs only **75p**. 25 Way: ribbon plugs PCB moun-tion **61 40** ting £1.40. 25 Way: sockets (solder) £1.40. 50 Way: skt (wirewrap) £1.65. 50 Way: skt £1.45, p&p 25p. COVERS 25 Way: 75p (plastic), p&p 25p

37 Way: 90p (plastic), p&p 25p.

DISPLAYS HP 5082 4 digit DIL display full spec £1.50 each, p&p 25p. Large spec £1.50 estin, pap 200, ange quantities POA. MAN 727 seg CC £1.25, p&p 25p. Burroughs Panaplex 9 Dig. + skt and bezel £1.00, p&p 25p.

LED 3 Digit DIL **55p**, p&p 25p. Bowmar 9 digit .1 in LED with red bezel. (As used in calculators). £1.00 + 25p p&p SUPERSAVER

Ribbon Cable Headers 16 OIL Jermyn, gold plated, with cover **45p**, p&p 25p.

В SUPERSAVER 2

Tantalum Capacitors 25 volt. 4.7 uF, 14 for £1.00, p&p 25p. SUPERSAVER 3 PRICE SMASH FND 500 .5in.

LED displays. full spec 50p each, p&p 25p, large quantities POA. SUPERSAVER 4 HYBRID SYSTEMS DAC 371-8 8 Bit, Dit packaged, ideal MPU users with data, **£2.95,** p&p 25p. SUPERSAVER 5

SUPERSAVER 5 Battery eliminator 6VDC 200MA 240V AC inputideal for calculators, radio, etc., give away price 95p each. Large

muntities P O A SUPERSAVER 6 RS 338-383 Miniature Decade Thumbwheelswitch. £1.65, p&p

25p SUPERSAVER 7 SN74116 Dual 4 Bit letch 75p,

p&p 25p SN/418 Arithmetic Logic Unit. 80p, p&p 25p. SN74194 4 Bit Register. 50p p&p

25p SN 741 98 8 Bit Shift Register, **75p** 

p&p 25p SUPERSAVER 8

ITT 4cx 250b brand new full spec £7.50 each p&p 25p

SUPERSAVER 9 5 digit 7 segment DIL LED .11" displays 4 for £1.50 p/p 25p.

SUPERSAVER 10 9 way male/female connector ELCO 8129, 0.1 inch pitch, gold-plated PCB mounting, ideal foi bussing two PCBs together Superb value, **35p**, p&p 25p.

SUPERSAVER 11 74LS266 **50p**. 74LS245 **£2.40**. 74LS240 **£1.00**. 74S260 **35p**. P&P on all above 25p.

SUPERSAVER 12 TMS 3128NC Static shift register, £1.50, p&p 25p.

SUPERSAVER 13 PL259 (UHF) Elbow Connectors, 50p each, p&p 25p.

#### **ELECTRONICS** SUPERSAVER 14

SUPERSAVER 14 Recording Designs Ltd digital cassette deck. 50-1D0 Baud RS232 240V input. A professional superb deck. £68.00, p&p £2.00. SUPERSAVER 15 5K multiturn trimpots, PCB moun-ting, per box of 14 **£2.50**, p&p 25p.

SUPERSAVER 16 Yet another star bargain. Astec UM111E36 modulator 65p each, p&p 25p

LEDs (Full spec.) TIL209, red 10p. 0.2in, red 12p. 0.2in, green 28p. 0.2in, yellow 28p. RL54 red Axial lead. 15p. P&P on all above 25p. VERNITRON Ceramic filters type FM4 10 yMHz **45p**, p&p 25p **TRANSISTORS**, BD236 **40p**, BC183L **10p**, BF195 **10p**, SGS 2N3055 **30p**, p&p on all 25p. TBA B105, with data **B5**p, 4-way Dil switches, **75**p, MC1303 Dual Stereo preamp with data, **£1.25**, 7 in Nylon cable ties 100 for **£1.50**. All p&p 25p. **NEW SN76477** (Yes, back in stock), Sound Generator IC (Train, plane, esolosion, laser pune det.) plane, esplosion, laser gun, etc.), with data £3.25, p&p 25p. PCB KEYBOARD, 65mm × 82mm, 18 key Clickers less Key tops, ideal Hexadecimal use 35p, n&p 25p CAPACITOR SCOOP. 1.600uF at 10v, 160uF at 25v. Axial lead. 2 dozen for £1 + 25p p&p. MINI FANS 80mm × 80mm 115v. Brand new, £4.50 approx. 115v. 0. + £1.00 p&p. IEC mains chassis plug **75p** suit-able socket **35p**, p&p 25p. GIVEAWAY gold plated. 12p EACH

p&p 25p

SURPLUS Just arrived, ITT 2082 Data Modem Brand new and boxed, with manual 600/1200 Baud. Data Modem to CC ITT. V24/ RS232C. Chan nel centre frequencies 1300 and 1700Hz (600 Baud) or 1300 and 2100Hz (1200 Baud). Synchronous or asynchronous operation over 2 4 wire, switch or dedicated les, built in self and lines test functions. Some of the best equipment we have ever obtained. £115.00 each, p&p £3.00. (Fraction of original cost).

LINEAR RAMS

EPROMS

IC HOLDE	RS (Low-profile)
8 Dil 12p	14 Dil 15p
16 Dil 17p	18 Dil 20p
22 Dil 28p	24 Dil 35p
28 Dil 45p	All p&p 35p
WE STOCK	a vast range of TTI

WE STOCK a vast range of TTL. CMOS, some 74LS\_MINIATURE TOGGLES, etc PSUs. We have a large stock of

PSUE. We have a large stock of power supplies at very realistic prices (callers). RELAYS 117 700 ohm Single pole changeover, 45p. Banor resettable double pole changeover 12V £1. Both p&p 25p. CIRCUIT BREAKERS

4450v AC 65v DC 0.5A **50p**; ditto 7A **80p**, p&p 25p. ALLEN KEYS, 7/16in **5p**; 12 for

SOp; p&p 25p. ASR33 (with tape punch reader), generally overhauled. £185.00 inc. of VAT.

Centronics secondhand printers various types (o/h), phone for your

CENTRONICS 101A Dot Matrix printer, Fully overhauled. 165 char/sec. £450.00 inc. VAT. Carriage at cost. As above dual headed 300 char/sec £650 inc. VAT.

MEMOREX 651 dual disk drives complete with power supplies and format electronics (sorry, no data as yet). £350 each inc. of VAT.

#### TELEPHONE **UXBRIDGE 55399**

Recordacall telephone answering machines (GPO line matching transformer removed) sold as is from £2 to £10 depending on condition. Fitted with very nice standard cassette deck. With circuit diagrams SORRY BUT FOR CALLERS ONLY.

Terms cash with order (official orders welcomed from colleges, etc) All enquiries s a.e. please. All prices inclusive of VAT, unless otherwise stated. Postage as

shown per item. FOR THE PROFESSIONAL USER. CP Clare Keyboard switches with buttons (blank) 65p ach n&n 25r

each p&p 25p. BURROUGHS keyboard, 96 key station. On-board cyratal and TTL. Brand new and boxed. 500mm x 190mm. At the time of advert no data. No keytops at all. Clare pender. Read switches. Bargain £12.00 each, n&n £1.00 each,

PLEASE DO NOT ORDER GOODS FROM OLD ADVERTS. PHONE BEFORE ORDERING.

SURPLUS STOCKS PURCHASED FOR CASH LB ELECTRONICS 11 HERCIES ROAD HILLINGDON, MIDDLESEX UB10 9LS, ENGLAND

All enquiries s.a.e. please New retail premises, now open Mon. Thurs. Fri. and Sat. 9.30-6.00 Lunch 1-2.15 weekdays. Closed all day Wednesday. We are situated just off the A40 opposite Master Brewer.



ACTUAL SIZE: 115 x 14mm

Evelens

- Graticule

Field lens

Case tube

Objective lens

Quartz fibre

Electrode

Charging bellows

Charging pin

RE-CHARGE

WITH EVERY

VOUCHERS

DETECTOR

TWO

FREE

Window

**Becommended for: Civil De WITH RADIATION DETECTOR** Be DANGER from RADIATION fence, Fire, Police, Hospital prepared & Medical use

#### General Information:

Pocket dosimeters provide an accurate, reliable and immediate method of measuring the integrated dose of radiation received by those exposed to ionising radiation. The dose may be read at any time and in any place, providing a source of light is available.

#### **Principle:**

The dosimeter is an ionisation chamber type using a quart fibre electroscope as the indicating element. A microscope is used to project the image of the moving quartz fibre element on to a graticule scale. The quartz fibre is mounted on a wire electrode, which in turn is supported by a high quality insulator. When In turn is supported by a high quality insulator. when the instrument is charged, positive charges distribute themselves over the wire electrode and quartz fibre causing the fibre to bend away from the electrode. The fibre will ake up a position depending on the amount of charge on the system.

or charge on the surrounding air in the ionisation chamber is ionised negative ions will be attracted to the positively charged electrode thereby reducing its charge. The resulting fibre movement will be related directly in roentgen units and the rate of movement of directly in roentgen units and the rate of movement of the fibre will be proportional to the roentgens received per unit time

#### Construction:

The microscope, electroscope and ionisation chamber are housed in an outer skin which may be of brass or aluminium. At one end of the tubular case is fixed a charging assembly, and at the other an everpiece window. These two assemblies are soldered into the outer case to ensure a hermetic seal. Each dosimeter is provided with protective end cap

translucent window so that the cap need not be moved for reading. Dosimeters meet vibration, drop, salt spray,

humidity, water immersion and temperature tests

#### Features:

- These units will read automatically the amount of radiation in the air
- This instrument is only a little larger . than a fountain pen
- Clips on to your top pocket
- Weight less than 3 oz.
- Contains three lenses
- Fully charged, tested and guaran-. teed. Refurbished by us
- British design and manufacture, rugged construction
- Manufacturer's list price of similar model is over £25
- Buy now whilst stocks available. Delivery by return post

#### BE PREPARED, EVERY HOME SHOULD HAVE ONE



list price similar model is over £25 Manufacturer's current All units are checked and tested just VIEW THRU

17

ALL YOURS FOR

ONLY

£10.95

incl. post paid

LENS

1

prior to despatch by first-class mail in proper protective packing.

R

#### SECTIONAL DRAWING T. Protective cap

Marker sleeve

Pocket clip -

Microscope body

lopisation chamber

Capacitor

Protective cap

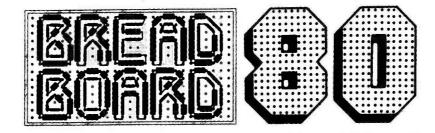
SAVE

¢15

(Captive)

ETI OCTOBER 1980

COMPUTERS AUDIO RADIO MUSIC LOGIC TEST GEAR CB GAMES KITS





## It's all at Breadboard '80

This is **the** exhibition for the electronics enthusiast. From November 26 -30 there is only one place in the universe for the electronics enthusiast to be — Breadboard '80, at the Royal Horticultural Hall in London. The majority of leading companies will be exhibiting, including all the top monthly magazines in the field. There will be demonstrations on most stands and many feature special offers that are EXCLUSIVE to Breadboard!



All aspects of this fascinating field are catered for, from CB to home computing, so whether you want to buy a soldering iron or a synthesiser — or just keep up to date with your hobby — don't miss Breadboard '80.

Royal Horticultural Halls Elverton Street Westminster London SW1 November 26-30 1980

26th Nov — WEDNESDAY — 10am-6pm 27th Nov — THURSDAY — 10am-8pm 28th Nov — FRIDAY — 10am-6pm 29th Nov — SATURDAY — 10am-6pm 30th Nov — SUNDAY — 10am-4pm ✔

eP.O.ICheque





LIMITED

Station Road, Calne, Wiltshire

## **GURDMASDNIG Electronics** 56 FORTIS GREEN ROAD, MUSWELL HILL, LONDON N10 3HN TELEPHONE 01-883 3705, 01-883 2289





## The finest amplification from Crimson Elektrik LATEST DEVELOPMENTS

CRIMSON ELEKTRIK Power amplifiers are the most sophisticated on the market today. Yet now with the latest issue 5 innovations THEYARE EVEN BETTER! We have included sonic improvements and developed a unique electronic protection circuit which obviates the need for output fuses. In fact, such fuses can seriously degrade the performance of an amplifier. They can blow, under heavy drive conditions — even with non faulty loads (due to thermal fatigue), they can be a time consuming nuisance and even dangerous to replace, but more importantly they are responsible for "envelope distortion" i.e. dynamic compression of the signal, even fuses in the feedback loop suffer from the first two disadvantages, and the latter to a lesser extent.



CP3000 POWER AMP MODULE 300 WRMS 40

#### **BEST VALUE**

CRIMSON have an enviable reputation for supplying the best value amplifier kits. You can prove this to yourself by checking out the competition in the following crucial areas: \* Professional grade phono sockets for ALL signal connections \* Silver/Gold plated switch contacts \* Adequate heatsinking for full rated output \* Available from stock \* Manufactured by a specialist company with a reputation for friendly and helpful service before and AFTER sale \* Forms the basis for high quality `active loundspeaker systems. Considering the advantages of CRIMSON Kits. Why choose anything else?

#### SOUND ADVICE

Crimson Amplifiers are versatile and dependable. The new CP3000 will give up to 300 watts into 4 ohms at 0.03% THD and is the obvious choice for P.A and Disco's requiring the best performance. For Hi-Fi we produce the ever popular pre-and power amp hardware kits which enable our advanced modules to be housed in attractive metalwork and include everything down to the last nut and bolt.

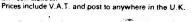
attractive metalwork and include everything down to the last nut and bolt. Our Pre-amplifier can be fitted with the moving coil module allowing it to be used with the latest M.C. cartridge (which can now be bought for as little as £30). Write for details, specifications and full price list or send 50p cheque / p.o. for our comprehensive application / users manual.

Space precludes us from publishing all our products and prices, below are just a few examples. \* Power Amp Modules (single channel)

CE 608 (60 WRMS / 8 ohms)	£23.10
CE 1708-(170 WRMS/8 ohms)	£38.50
CP 3000-(300 WRMS/4 ohms)	£58.00
* 60 + 60 watt stereo pre and power ampli	fier complete
kit	£208.86
* Stereo Moving Coil Pre-Pre Amplifier Mo	
•	£28 50

★ 3 Way Active Crossover (single channel) £28.50 £32.60

Don't forget, Crimson modules are available throughout the country from all branches of Marshalis and Mail order from Badger Sound Services and, of course Crimson Elektrik





## **Image Projection**

The failures which occur during the first few months are particularly unwelcome, since they do much to tarnish a supplier's image. They are also very expensive to deal with. The reliability tests which a watch would need to undergo if we are to meet the requirements of the Swiss Industry Standards are

divided into two categories:-

1. Performance and quality tests. 2. Accelerated life tests simulating wear.

## **Testing Time**

The example below is the type of performance that electronic watches must undergo if they are to reach an acceptable level of quality for the Swiss (and, indeed, Metac): Control for good functioning of all external controls accessible to the wearer, such as time setting, second stop, rapid corrector, etc; measurement of trimmer adjustment range in positive and negative areas; measurement of supply voltage at which the watch ceases to function correctly; measurement of current consumption and calculations of performance in terms of type of battery used; measurement of the performance deviation of the watch, expressed in seconds per day as a function of the supply voltage variation; determine the effects of temperature variation on the quartz crystal and the integrated circuit; measurement of the watch's resistance to thermal shocks and determination of the watch's resistance to

Note: a watch can be termed anti-magnetic if it magnetic fields. withstands without damage three passages in a magnetic field of 60 Oersted. A watch can be termed anti-shock if it withstands without damage two shocks corresponding to a fall from a height of one metre on a hard wood floor; the intensity of such a shock is around 5,000 g(1 g = unit of gravity acceleration).

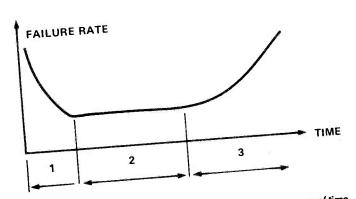


Fig.2. The bathtub curve shows the rate of failure of a product in terms of time. Early rate of failure; 2. Random failures, with a constant rate of failure; 3. Failures due to wear.

ETI OCTOBER 1990

## Hand-held Games

Electronic games have been with us now for the last three years and are continually growing in their sophistication. The early TV game chip with its four simple games proved to quickly become a bore and probably ended up in the bottom of the toy cupboard the day after boxing day. Space Invaders and the other microprocessor based games, which until now were only to be seen at fun-fairs and in the local pub, are soon to emerge as portable hand-held games, which will easily fit into the Christmas stocking. The only viable way to produce really high technology microprocessor chips is in large volume. Once all the production problems are solved, the manufacturer starts to crank the handle and out spew millions of chips. Since rockets, machine tools, etc cannot consume very many chips in peace-time, the industry requires a volume product, which will soak up all this excess production.

## Software In Hand

Now that chip shortages (which probably held back this product last year) have been overcome, the relatively simple task of assembling hand-held games will ensure their success this Christmas in a big way. Over 500 different hand-held games are being produced. However, reports from the Far East indicate that only a small number are up to standard and will be acceptable to the UK market. Finding a suitable game, which does not quickly become a bore, is a major headache for designers. The chip manufacturers are Texas Instruments, AMI and General Instruments in the main and these companies expend a considerable effort in writing software for hand-held game microprocessors. It still remains a very high risk business, however, and manufacturers and importers will try hard to ensure that they do not have large stocks remaining after Christmas.

## **Moving Pictures**

Trends in hand-held games are in the direction of more LCD games than the LED type. These will last 20 to 30 hour compared to only three to five for LED ones. The use o fluorescent tube and larger memories are also expected developments. The drawback with LCD hand-held games that they must have a combination of driver and LCD displa Companies in Hong Kong are working on this to produce th combination of chip and driver which makes players move of the display. The final touch will be a single chip direct dri microprocessor for LCD games. The standard type of LC display has between 128 and 256 dots and the players a balls are mere blips on the screen. It is, however, hoped soon produce a program of more than 600 dots and the Li microprocessor will have drive capability with good reso tion. Hand-held game trends are also moving towards devi that produce sounds. An example of this is sound produc microprocessors, which produce musical sounds in toys screeching wheels and engine sounds for toy cars.



## It's all at Breadboard '80

This is **the** exhibition for the electronics enthusiast. From November 26 - 30 there is only one place in the universe for the electronics enthusiast to be - Breadboard '80, at the Royal Horticultural Hall in London. The majority of leading companies will be exhibiting, including all the top monthly magazines in the field. There will be demonstrations on most stands and many feature special offers that are EXCLUSIVE to Breadboard!



All aspects of this fascinating field are catered for, from CB to home computing, so whether you want to buy a soldering iron or a synthesiser - or just keep up to date with your hobby - don't miss Breadboard '80.

ROICH

Royal Horticultural Halls Elverton Street Westminster London SW1 November 26-30 1980

26th Nov - WEDNESDAY - 10am-6pm 27th Nov - THURSDAY - 10am-8pm 28th Nov - FRIDAY - 10am-6pm 29th Nov – SATURDAY – 10am-6pm 30th Nov – SUNDAY – 10am-4pm

ETI OCTOBER 1980



16

www.americanradiohistory.con





### **On Target**

How does Wasp find its targets? Two sensors are under evaluation — infra-red and millimetre radar. Millimetre radar has three main advantages over infra-red. Its high resolution enables tanks to be distinguished from trees and buildings, it uses very small antennae and it is relatively unaffected by adverse weather conditions.

If a group of the missiles are fired at a number of targets, they will each attack a different target. If they can find only one target, it suffers a severe case of overkill. Wasp has a range of six miles when fired from an aircraft with a ground speed of 500 MPH. Two rival versions are under development by Boeing and Hughes.

## **AIM To Kill**

Earlier this year the US Navy's new AIM-54C Phoenix airto-air missile was successfully launched from an airborne F-14. It intercepted a drone aircraft target, passing well within the 'kill' range, if the missile had been armed. The Hughes AIM-54C, an improved version of the A1M-54A, carries a new digital electronics unit which is more flexible and reliable than the analogue unit it replaces. It also has a more effective target detector.

This first successful interception was achieved over a greater range than was possible with its predecessors. The F-14 launching aircraft travelled subsonically head-on towards the supersonic QF-4 fighter drone. In this launch, the Phoenix was guided on to the target by radar returns from the F-14's weapon control system. Closer to the target, it can switch to its own active radar system.

The upgraded Phoenix will become the US Navy's primary long-range air defence weapon in the 1990s.

ETI OCTOBER 1980

## SHORTS

A spacesuit was destroyed by fire at the Johnson Space Centre in April. Fortunately there was no-one in the suit at the time, although a technician was badly burned. To avoid a recurrence, a review board has recommended several modifications to the high pressure oxygen system and seals.

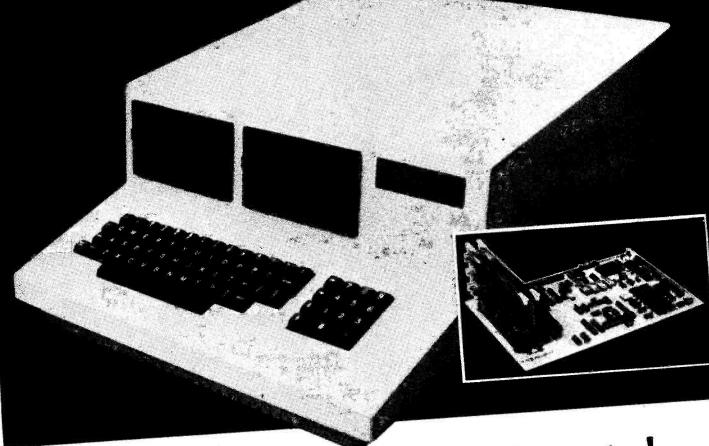
GEOS-D, the latest in a series of Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellites, is due to join its two companions in Earth orbit as we go to press. The 12 feet high by seven feet in diameter spacecraft will be launched from Cape Canaveral on September 9th by a three stage Delta 3914 booster. Next month I hope to bring you an in-depth report on this latest weather satellite and the GEOS system.

In July's Digest we brought you the sad news that the Viking Lander 2's batteries had run out of juice. The latest news on the Viking population of Mars is that Viking Orbiter 1 has now reached the end of its supply of attitude control gas. Viking Lander 1 is the only member of the foursome that is still functional.

We now know that the first Space Shuttle launch has been postponed from November this year until at least March next year. Next month Astrologue will look into the political, financial and technical problems that have beset the Space Shuttle from the start.

> ETI 85

# **'TUSCAN' FROM TRANSAM**



## Take a step up to your next Computer!

## THE CONCEPT

How many ways are there to build an S100 system? Not many, and all expensive. TUSCAN changes all that. Five S100 boards on one single board - just for

starters. Plus five extra slots for future expansion. What a combination! Z80 and S100 with the

TRANSAM total package of system and applications software.

How do we do it? Our prices start at £195 and you can build up in easy stages to a fully CP/M compatible disc based system. Something to think about!

## THE HARDWARE

The first Z80 single board computer with integral S100 expansion. British designed to the new IEEE (8 BIT) S100 specification, the TUSCAN offers total system flexibility. A flexibility available now.

The board holds the equivalent of a Z80 cpu card, 8k ram, 8k rom video and I/O cards with 5 spare S100 expansion slots and offers a price/performance

Just compare our price with a commercial S100 ten slot motherboard with this specification.

## THE SOFTWARE

TUSCAN offers the user the choice of system monitor, editor, resident 8k basic, resident Pascal compiler or full CP/M disk operating system. All options are upwards

ETI OCTOBER 1980

TRANSAM COMPONENTS LTD., 59/61 THEOBALD'S ROAD, LONI

compatible and fully supported with applications software. Both 51/4" and 8" drives are supported in double density.

## THE PACKAGE

TUSCAN is available in kit form or assembled. With several hardware and software options to suit your requirements and budget. Attractive desk top case also available holds  $2 \ge 5\frac{1}{4}$  Drives.

٦			
N	<b>BODY</b>	DOES I	BETTER
			ed single board compu 5. for further details.
Address			
Telepho	)e		

single byte instruction from the memory location given in the program counter; this takes three states. This is decoded and the processor sends, as an address, the contents of its H and L registers. The data word returned during this cycle is held in a temporary register inside the CPU and we have now used six states. The final act of adding the temporary register contents to the Accumulator takes a further state making seven in all, or two cycles. The longest operation of all, in 8080 code, takes 16 states or five machine cycles.

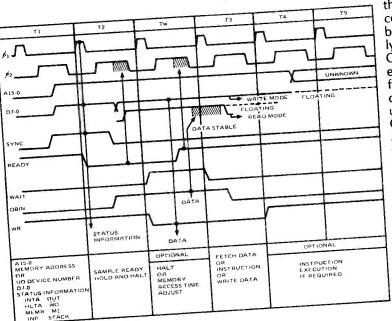


Fig.3 Timing diagram showing the various states that can make up a machine cycle: The vertical arrowed lines indicate information access states.

## The Ins And Outs

The final section of our look at the internals of a CPU is the connections you can make with the outside world. Generally, the CPU is housed inside a DIL package with some 40 legs. Under normal circumstances, assuming the standard eight bit CPU, we will have 16 pins for the address bus, eight pins for the data bus and 16 pins left to play with. Just what you do with them depends on the kind of CPU you have, but let's take a close look at the pins on an 8080.

close look at the pins on an ouou. Having already mentioned the address and data bus, we only need to say that the data bus is a bi-directional system and is capable of tri-state operation. It can assume a high impedance state, which is neither a logic zero nor one and this is used under some special circumstances, which will be mentioned next month. Four further legs can be allocated to power; the device needs  $\pm 5 V$ ,  $\pm 12 V$  and ground. Yet two more legs can be allocated to the required two phase clock, leaving us ten possible control signals to communicate the state of the device to the outside world. These are SYNC, DBIN, WAIT, HLDA, INTE, READY, HOLD, INT and RESET. Taking these in order, the SYNC indicates the first state of each machine cycle, thus acting as a synchronisation signal, hence the name. The DBIN signal tells the outside world that the CPU can accept data. It should be used to externally enable the

#### ETI OCTOBER 1980

transfer. WAIT is an indication that the CPU has entered a WAIT state, triggered by pulling the READY line low before the second state time. This causes extra states to be added to the cycle time for as long as the READY line is held low. The process is often used in situations where the memory or device currently being accessed is slower than the processor.

Our next signal, WR, is provided for the synchronisation of external transfers. These include memory and I/O operations and it is the converse of DBIN. There now follows a group of controls, which are concerned with things called interrupts. An interrupt is the computer equivalent of a tap on the shoulder and is used by peripheral devices to tell the processor that they are ready to be looked at. The INT line must be set high to tap the computer on its shoulder, but this will only work if the INTE line has been enabled previously. Inside the CPU, the interrupt is signalled by a status bit being set and the external device must put its instruction onto the bus in order for any action to be taken. The HOLD line is concerned with direct memory access and as such we shall not dwell on this until next month. The HLDA is merely an indication that the CPU is in a HOLD state. Finally we have the RESET line which, as its name implies, does. The signal will restore the CPU to the first state of a machine cycle and it also clears the program counter. It is essential to start all the power up sequences with this signal otherwise you never know what you may find yourself doing! It is also worth noting for all those sceptics among you that pressing RESET does not destroy all your registers, it merely sets you back to the beginning without destroying your program unless the person who programmed the monitor on your system clears the memory as the first operation. Whoever said that programmers were logical anyway.

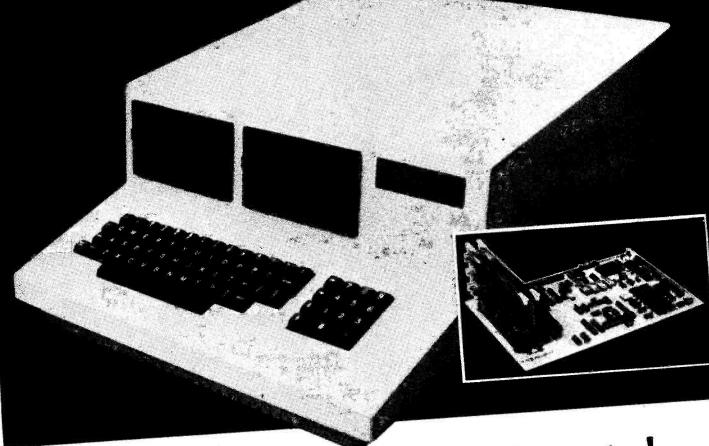
A10 $0 + 1$ 40 $0$ A11         GND       2       38 $0$ A13         D4 $0 + 3$ 37 $0$ A12         D5 $0 + 4$ $36 + 0$ A13         D6 $0 + 5$ $36 + 0$ A15         D7 $0 + 6$ $34 + 0$ A8         D3 $0 + 7$ $33 + 0$ A7         D2 $0 + 8$ $32 - 0$ A6         D1 $0 + 9$ $8080$ $31 + 0$ A5         D0 $0 + 10$ $30 + 0$ A4 $-5V$ $0 + 11$ $29 + 0$ A3         RESET $12$ $228 + 0 + 12V$ HOLD $0 + 13$ $27 + 0$ $A2$ INT $0 + 14$ $26 + 0$ $0 + 12V$ INT $0 + 14$ $22 + 0$ $0 + 12V$ INTE $0 + 16$ $22 + 0$ $0 + 12V$ WR $0 + 18$ $22 + 0$ $9 + 12V$ WR $0 + 18$ $22 + 0$ $9 + 1$ SYNC $0 + 20$ $0 + 10$ $0 + 10$
---

Pin designations of the 8080. Developed by Intel, fathers of the micro, it is s regarded as the workhorse of eight bit processing. It also spawned the Z probably the most powerful eight bit chip using current technology.

## **Coming Soon**

Next month's slice of bits will investigate the thorny to of memory devices and show you the way in the ROM-F jungle as well as telling you how to ignore your CPU altoge and really make things work fast.

# **'TUSCAN' FROM TRANSAM**



## Take a step up to your next Computer!

## THE CONCEPT

How many ways are there to build an S100 system? Not many, and all expensive. TUSCAN changes all that. Five S100 boards on one single board - just for

starters. Plus five extra slots for future expansion. What a combination! Z80 and S100 with the

TRANSAM total package of system and applications software.

How do we do it? Our prices start at £195 and you can build up in easy stages to a fully CP/M compatible disc based system. Something to think about!

## THE HARDWARE

The first Z80 single board computer with integral S100 expansion. British designed to the new IEEE (8 BIT) S100 specification, the TUSCAN offers total system flexibility. A flexibility available now.

The board holds the equivalent of a Z80 cpu card, 8k ram, 8k rom video and I/O cards with 5 spare S100 expansion slots and offers a price/performance

Just compare our price with a commercial S100 ten slot motherboard with this specification.

## THE SOFTWARE

TUSCAN offers the user the choice of system monitor, editor, resident 8k basic, resident Pascal compiler or full CP/M disk operating system. All options are upwards

ETI OCTOBER 1980

TRANSAM COMPONENTS LTD., 59/61 THEOBALD'S ROAD, LONI

compatible and fully supported with applications software. Both 51/4" and 8" drives are supported in double density.

## THE PACKAGE

TUSCAN is available in kit form or assembled. With several hardware and software options to suit your requirements and budget. Attractive desk top case also available holds  $2 \ge 5\frac{1}{4}$  Drives.

٦			
N	<b>BODY</b>	DOES I	BETTER
			ed single board compu 5. for further details.
Address			
Telepho	)e		



16

www.americanradiohistory.con