

Easy to build projects for everyone

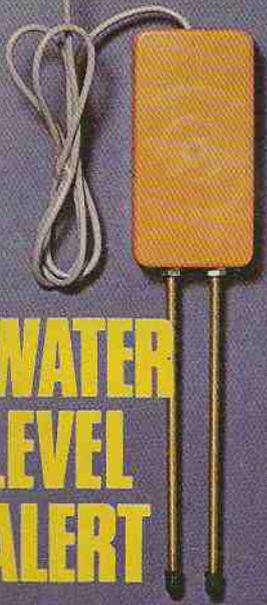
Everyday

DEC. 78
40p

ELECTRONICS

KIOSKE KIOSKS

Me. Cloud



**WATER
LEVEL
ALERT**



VEHICLE IMMOBILISER

**FUZZ
'BOX**

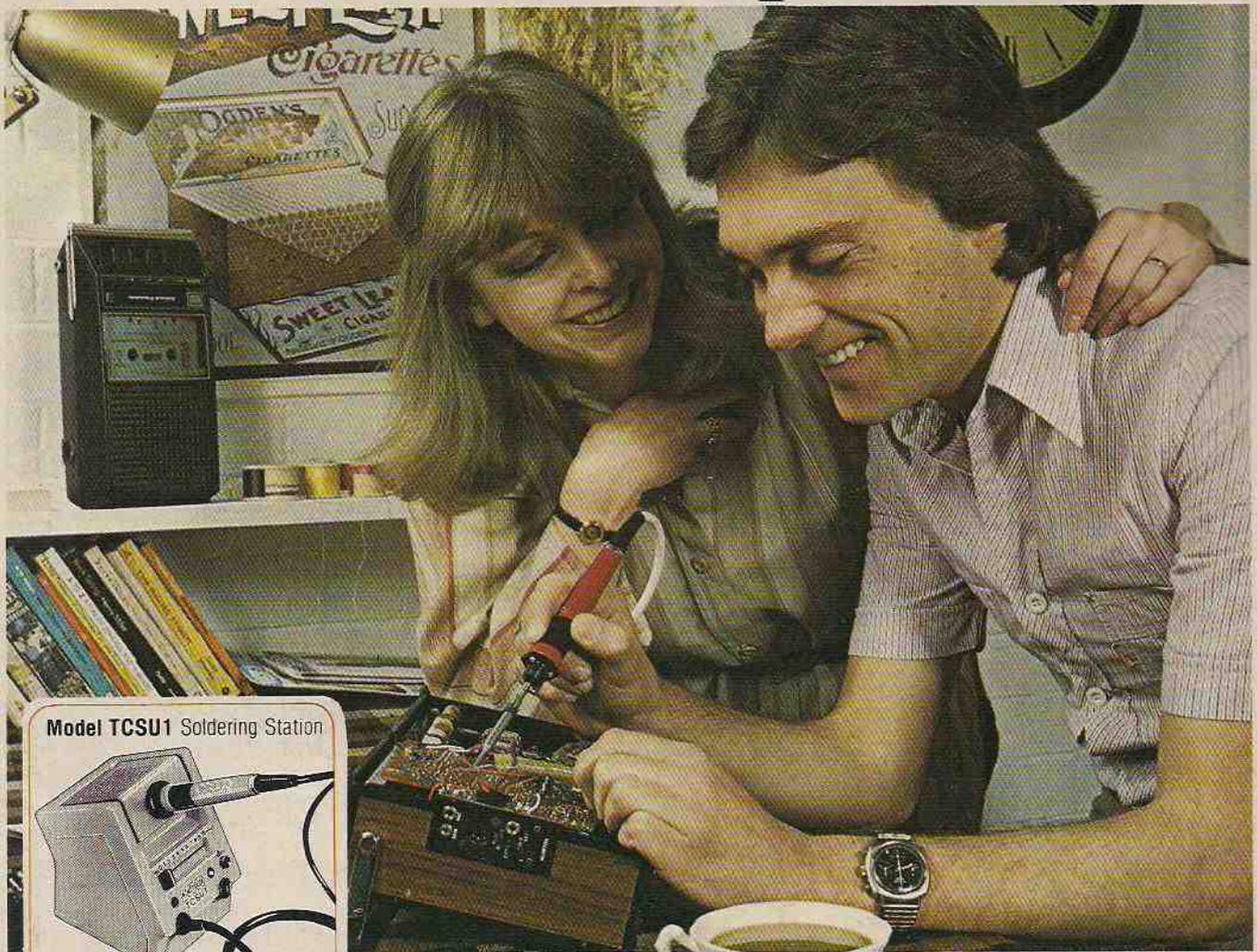
Simple
**MICROPHONE
AMPLIFIER**

**HI-FI
PROJECT
PART 1**

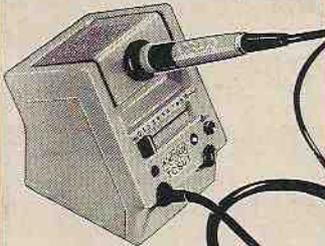
EE2020 TUNER AMPLIFIER



Iron out the little problems...



Model TCSU1 Soldering Station



CTC 35 watt



The TCSU1 soldering station with either the XTC 50 watt — 24/26 volt soldering iron or the CTC 35 watt — soldering iron for pin point precision and exceptionally fast recovery time. We have put at least twice as much power into irons which are already well known for good recovery time. The temperature control stops them from over-heating; the "fail safe" electronic circuit provides protection even if the thermocouple fails. TCSU1 soldering station **£38.10** XTC and CTC irons **£14.85** inclusive of VAT and P & P.

Model SK3 Kit



Contains both the model CX230 soldering iron and the stand ST3. Priced at **£5.99** inclusive of VAT and P & P. It makes an excellent present for the radio amateur, modelmaker or hobbyist.

Model SK4 Kit



With the model X25/240 general purpose iron and the ST3 stand, this kit is a must for every toolkit in the home. Priced at **£5.99** inclusive of VAT and P & P.

Model CX 17 watts



A miniature iron with the element enclosed first in a ceramic shaft, then in a stainless steel. Virtually leak free. Only 7 1/2" long. Fitted with a 3/32" bit. **£4.15** inclusive of VAT and P & P. Range of 5 other bits available from 1/4" down to 3/64"

Model X25 - 25 watts

(illustrated)



A general purpose iron also with a ceramic and steel shaft to give you toughness combined with near-perfect insulation. Fitted with 1/8" bit and priced at **£4.15** inclusive of VAT and P & P. Range of 4 other bits available.

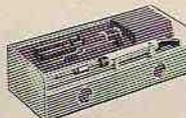
Model MLX Kit

The soldering iron in this kit can be operated from any ordinary car battery. It is fitted with 15 feet flexible cable and battery clips. Packed in a strong plastic envelope it can be left in a car, a boat or a caravan ready for soldering in the field. Price **£4.83** inclusive of VAT and P & P.



Model SK1 Kit

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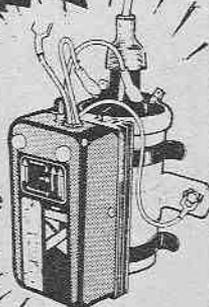
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400V: 0-001, 0-0015, 0-0022, 0-0033 7p; 0-0047, 0-0068, 0-01, 0-015, 0-018 9p; 0-022, 0-033, 10p; 0-047, 0-068 14p; 0-10 15p; 0-15, 0-22 22p; 0-33, 0-47 33p; 0-68 45p.
160V: 0-039, 0-15, 0-22, 11p; 0-33, 0-47 19p; 0-68, 1-0 29p; 1-5 29p; 2-2 32p; 4-7 48p.
DUBILIER: 1000V: 0-01, 0-015 20p; 0-022 22p; 0-047 26p; 0-1 38p; 0-47 48p; 1-0 175p.

POLYESTER RADIAL LEAD (Values in μF) 250V:
0-01, 0-015, 0-022, 0-027 5p; 0-033, 0-047, 0-068, 0-1 7p; 0-15 11p;
0-22, 0-33 13p; 0-47 15p; 0-68 18p; 1-0 24p; 1-5 27p; 2-2 31p.

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS: Axial lead type (Values are in SF) 500V: 10 40p; 47 68p; 250V: 100 65p; 83V 0-47, 1-0, 1-5, 2-2, 2-5, 3-3, 4-7, 6-8, 8, 10, 15, 22 8p; 47, 32, 50 11p; 83, 100 27p
50V: 1-0 7p; 50, 100, 220 25p; 470 50p; 1000: 40V: 22, 33, 9p; 100 11p; 220 68p; 330 62p; 470 64p; 55V: 10, 33 7p; 330, 470 32p; 1000 48p; 25V: 10, 22, 47 5p; 80, 100, 150, 220, 250, 330 10p; 1000 27p; 1500 30p; 2200 41p; 3300 52p; 4700 54p; 18V: 1-0, 47, 68 7p; 100, 125 9p; 220, 330, 470 14p; 1000, 1500 20p; 2200 34p; 10V: 100 6p; 640 10p; 1000 14p.
TAG-LEAD TYPE: 70V: 2000 86p; 4700 121p; 50V: 10,000 255p; 40V: 2500 65p; 3300, 4700 70p; 15,000 450p; 25V: 4700 48p; 2200 37p; 325V: 200+100+50+100 190p.

TANTALUM BEAD CAPACITORS: 35V: 0-1uF, 0-22, 0-33, 0-47, 0-68, 1-0, 2-2uF, 3-3, 4-7, 6-8 20p; 1-5, 10 20p; 1-5 15V: 10uF 13p each 47, 100 40p; 10V: 22pF, 33, 47, 68, 100, 3V: 68, 100uF, 20p each

MYLAR FILM CAPACITORS: 100V: 0-001, 0-002, 0-005, 0-01 4p; 0-015, 0-02, 0-04, 0-05, 0-056uF 7p; 0-1uF, 0-2 9p; 50V: 0-47 11p

MINIATURE TYPE TRIMMERS: 2-5-6pF, 3-10pF, 10-40pF 22p; 5-25pF, 5-45pF, 60pF, 88pF 38p

COMPRESSION TRIMMERS: 3-40pF, 10-80pF, 25-190pF 25p; 100-500pF 38p

POLYSTYRENE CAPACITORS: 100F to 1nF 8p; 1-5nF to 47nF 10p.

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CERAMIC TRIMMER CAPACITORS: 2-7pF, 4-15pF, 5-25pF, 8-30pF 20p

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MONO 23p	15p	13p	20p	U-DEC 'B'
STEREO 31p	18p	15p	24p	695p*

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Plugs	Sockets	In Line
11p	7p	14p
13p	8p	20p

CO-AXIAL (TV)

Plugs	Sockets	In Line
14p	14p	20p

PHONO assorted colours Metal Screened

Plugs	Sockets	In Line
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12p	10p 3-way	20p

BANANA 4mm 11p; 2mm 10p; 1mm 7p; 1/2" 9p

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0.2-365pF 275p	0.1 3 x 10pF	495p	...

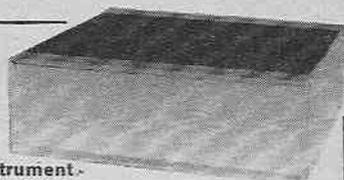
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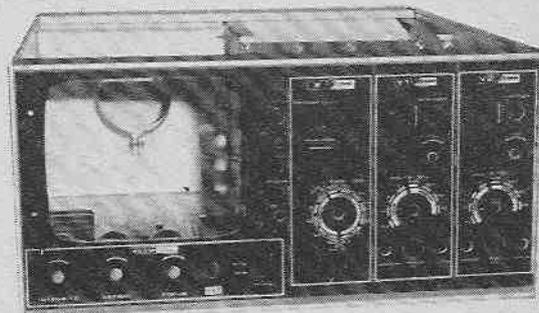
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£7.50 p&p £1.50p



AM/FM STEREO TUNER AMPLIFIER CHASSIS COMPLETE

Ready built. Designed in a slim form for compact, modern installation. Rotary Controls Vol On/DR, Bass, Treble, Balance. Push Buttons for Gram, Tape, VHF, MW, LW and 5 button rotary selection switch.

Power Output 5 watts per channel Sine at 2% THD into 15 Ohm 7 watts speech and music.

Tape Sensitivity Playback 400mV/30K OHM for max output Record 200mV/50K output available from 25KHz (150mV/100K) deviation

FM signal Frequency Range (Audio) 50Hz to 17KHz within ± 1dB

Radio FM sensitivity for 3dB below limiting better than 10 uV

AM sensitivity for 20dB S/N MW 350 uV/Metre LW 1mV/Metre

Size approx length 16" x height 2 1/2" x depth 4 1/2"

240 Volts AC Complete with Circuit diagram. **£19.95** p&p £2.25

Mullard

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ACCESSORIES

Suitable power supply parts including mains transformer, rectifier, smoothing and output capacitors. **£1.00** p&p **£1.95**

Recommended set of rotary stereo controls comprising BASS, TREBLE, VOLUME and BALANCE. **p+p 50p 95p**

THIS MONTHS OFFER

added to our bargain packs. When you buy Pack 3 at £9.95, together with a mains transformer at £1.95 and a set of controls for 95p you receive FREE a Mullard LP1400 Decoder to match. Listed at £11.90 **£12.85**

TRADE ENQUIRIES INVITED

20 x 20 WATT STEREO AMPLIFIER

Viscount IV unit in teak finished cabinet. Silver fascia with aluminium rotary controls/pushbuttons, red mains indicator and stereo jack socket. Functions switch for mic, magnetic and crystal pickups, tape tuner and auxiliary. Rear panel features two mains outlets DIN speaker and input sockets plus fuse 20x20 watts RMS 40x40 watts peak. For use with 8 to 15 ohm speakers. **£29.90** + £2.50 p&p

SPECIAL OFFER FOR PERSONAL SHOPPERS ONLY

FREE: 4 dimensional stereo sound adaptor, when purchasing the 20x20 Viscount amplifier.

30x30 WATT AMPLIFIER IN KIT FORM

For the experienced constructor complete in every detail, same facilities as Viscount IV, but with 30x30 output, 60x60 watts peak. For use with 4-15 ohms speakers. £23.00 without cabinet. £29.00 complete with cabinet, p&p £2.50 in each case.

£23.00 + £2.50 (NOTE Cabinet not available separately.) **£29.00** + p&p £2.50 complete with cabinet.

SPECIAL OFFER COMPLETE WITH 30x30 WATT AMPLIFIER IN KIT WITH SPEAKERS

2 Goodman compact 12" bass woofers with cropped size 14,000 Gauss magnet. 30 watt RMS handling + 3 1/4" approx. tweeters and crossovers. **£49.00** + p&p £4.00

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30x30 Viscount. Available fully built and tested. **39.00** + p&p £2.50

BARGAIN PORTABLE DISCO CONSOLE



with built-in pre-amp

Here's the big value portable disco console from RT-VC! It features a pair of BSR MP 80 type auto-return, single play professional series record decks. Plus all the controls and features you need to give fabulous disco performances. Simple connects into your existing slave or external amplifier.

£64.00 p & p £6.50

50 WATT MONO DISCO AMP

£29.95

P&P £2.50

Size approx 13 1/4" x 5 1/4" x 6 1/4"

50 watts rms, 100 watts peak output. Big features include two disc inputs, both for ceramic cartridges, tape input and microphone input. Level mixing controls fitted with integral push-pull switches. Independent bass and treble controls and master volume.

SPECIAL OFFER. The above 50 watt amp plus 4 Goodmans Type 8P 8" speakers. Package price **£45.00** + £4.00 P&P.

70 & 100 WATT MONO DISCO AMP

Size approx 14" x 4" x 10 1/2"

Brushed aluminium fascia and rotary controls

five vertical slide controls master volume, tape level, mic level, deck level, PLUS INTER DECK FADER

for perfect graduated change from record deck No. 1 to No. 2, or vice versa. Pre fade level control 70 watt (PFL) lets YOU hear next disc before fading 140 watt peak

rt in. VU meter monitors output level. **£57** p & p £4.00

Output 100 watts RMS 200 watts peak 100 watt **£65**

BDS 95 TYPE Belt drive chassis turntable

less cartridge. **£2.55** p & p **£24.95**

BSR MP60 TYPE Single play record player less cartridge **£15.95**

£2.55 p & p

CARTRIDGES to suit above Tanorel magnetic stereo. **£4.95**

GARRARD DECK CC1DA. Record changer with cue and stereo

ceramic cartridge. Size 12" x 8" approx. **£7.95**

£2.00 p & p

BARGAINS FOR PERSONAL SHOPPERS

GARRARD 86SB Deck **£26.95**

GARRARD 355S Deck **£24.95**

GARRARD SP25 MKIV Deck with Shure head. **£25.95**

Plinth and cover for BSR decks **£6.00**



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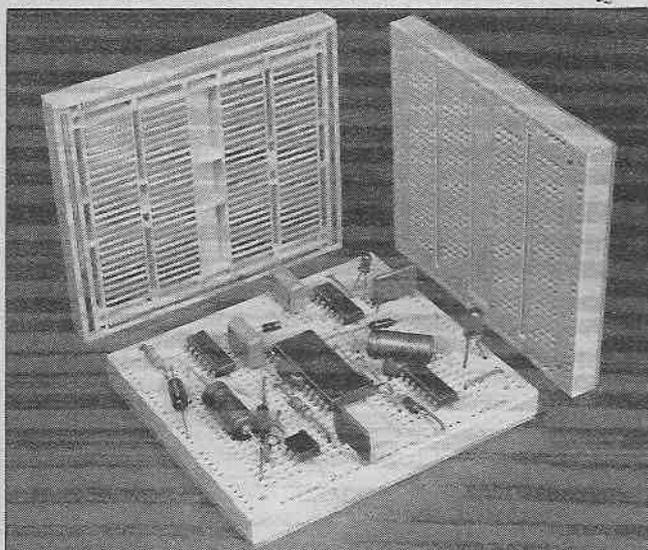
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or 2 EuroBreadBoards @ £11.00 Tick

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SPARE BITS	44p	—
SOLDER: SAVBIT 20'	52p	9p
" 10'	26p	4p
LOWMELT 10'	65p	9p

BIT SIZES: No.19 (1.5 mm) No. 20 (3 mm)
No.21 (4.5 mm) No. 22 (6 mm)

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ELECTROVALUE Buying Guide

Section 5

If you have bought from us before, you will know just how large and varied our stocks are. For those who have yet to know, we are publishing a series of five advertisements month by month to give up-to-date information and prices on the most important items we carry. These advertisements will appear in stepped rotation in five journals — E.T.L., Elektor, Practical Wireless,

Practical Electronics and Everyday Electronics, so that the complete series will be available each month. In this way, no matter which journals you read, BY DETACHING AND SAVING THESE PAGES, YOU WILL HAVE A VALUABLE AND COMPREHENSIVE MONEY SAVING CATALOGUE. Next month — Section One.

HARDWARE/SOLDER TOOLS

SOLDER TOOLS

ORYX50 Temp. controlled
Spare element **£8.90N**
Bits (11 types) **£9.0pN**
ORYX Super 30
Spare element **£3.50N**
Bits as for ORYX50

ISO-TIP Quick Charge cordless iron **£18.50N**
Bits micro 7566 **£2.30N**
fine 7545 **£2.30N**
h.d. 7546 **£2.30N**
Std. 7535 **£2.30N**
PC drill attachment 6500 **£10.60N**

Spare bulb **35pN**
ERSA Sprint
Solder gun **£8.62N**
Spare element **£5.00N**
Bn No. 862VN **40pN**
ERSA solder station
Temp. controlled iron with stand **£59.00N**

GREENWOOD PYROMETER **£25.00N**

DESOLDER TOOL
SR3A **£5.95N**
Spare nozzle, PTFE SR3AN **65pN**
ANTEX C-240V 15W **£3.60N**
Spare element **£1.60N**
Nickel plated bits **46pN**
No. 2 094, No. 4 187, No. 6 047
Iron coated bits **46pN**
No. 102, 104, 106
ANTEX CCN-240V **£3.80N**
(low capacitance) 15W
Spare element **£1.90N**
Iron coated bits **46pN**
1100 094, 1101 225, 1102 187

ANTEX CX 240V **£3.60N**
Spare element **£1.60N**
Bits for CCN above
ANTEX X25-240V 25W **£3.60N**
Spare element **£1.60N**
Iron coated bits **50pN**
50 094, 51 125, 52 187
ANTEX STAND ST3 **£1.50N**
No. 665 Sponge **6pN**

SOLDERSTAT RANGE
HMS 240V 15W **£4.75N**
HMS 240V 24W **£4.75N**
HMS 110V 16W **£4.75N**
HMS 110V 24W **£4.75N**
Spare elements **£2.35N**
Nickel plated bits
2037 3 2mm **80pN**
2038 2 4mm **80pN**
2003 2mm stub **80pN**
Iron plated
2032 4 5mm **£1.90N**
2033 6 5mm **£1.90N**
IC desolder head for HMS
Irons
14-way **£5.70N**
16-way **£5.70N**
HMS 240V Solder Kit in presentation box **£8.90N**
HMS 12V solder kit in wallet **£7.60N**

POT CORES
FERRITES
BOOKS
Latest price list of all ranges free on request.

VERO PRODUCTS

VEROBOARD
0.1" matrix copper clad 3.75" x 2.5" **46p**
5" x 2.5" **55p**
5" x 3.75" **55p**
5" x 3.75" **62p**
8.45" x 1.5" **53p**
DIP-BOARD **£2.24**
VQ Dip-Board **91p**
24-way plug-in **£2.20**
32-way **£2.40**
EURO Dip-Board **£3.57**
0.1" matrix unclad.
3.75" x 2.5" **31p** 5" x 3.75" **50p**
EURO Board **89p**
0.15" matrix, copper clad
3.75" x 2.5" **30p** 5" x 2.5" **50p**
3.75" x 3.75" **50p** 5" x 3.75" **67p**
8.45" x 1.5" **53p**
0.2" matrix, copper clad
5" x 3.4" **76p**

PIN INSERTION TOOLS
No. P111 for 0.040" pins (0.1" matrix) **£1.10**
No. P115 for 0.052" pins (0.15" matrix) **£1.10**
SPOT FACE CUTTER
Suitable for any matrix **81p**

TRANSFORMERS
All mains transformer primaries suitable for 240V input except for 50TS2A
GP302 30V 2A tapped at 12, 15, 20, 24V **£4.80**
GP501 50V 1A tapped 19, 25, 33, 40V **£4.30**
GP502 50V 2A tapped 19, 25, 33, 40V **£6.30**
GP601 60V 1A tapped 24, 30, 40, 48V **£4.60**
GP602 50V 2A tapped 24, 30, 40, 48V **£6.70**
50TS 50V 2A tapped 25, 45V Pri/sec shield **£6.55**

PRINTED CIRCUIT MATERIALS
COPPER CLAD BOARD 300 x 150mm
Single Sided **£1.65**
SRBP 85p; Fibreglass **£1.00**
Double sided SRBP **£1.00**
UNCLAD SRBP 300 x 150mm **56p**
FERRIC CHLORIDE, Lab. grade 100gm pack **47p**; 500gm jar **£2.30**
POSITIV-20 Aerosol, 75cc with instructions **£1.30**
ETCH RESIST PEN
Dacon With spare tip 73, 00 63.00 **85p**
SILVER CONDUCTIVE PAINT
3gm. vial Elecotip 340 **£1.92** **£1.68** **£2.20**

TERMINAL PINS
(Not made by Vero)
0.040" dia for 0.1" matrix per 100 **35p** per 500 **£1.15**
0.052" dia for 0.15" matrix per 100 **40p** (Both types double ended)
VEROBOX STANDARD BOXES
High Impact polystyrene light grey top, dark grey bottom section.
Type L W H
2514F 100 50 25 **£1.64**
2516G 100 50 40 **£1.86**
2518H 120 65 40 **£2.07**
2520J 150 80 50 **£2.35**
2522K 188 110 60 **£3.13**
VEROBOX CASES
Constructed from ABS material light grey top & dark grey bottom section. Anodised all front and rear panels Internal guides for PC boards.
Type L W H D
1237J 154 40 85 **£2.56**
1238D 154 60 85 **£2.82**
1239K 154 80 85 **£3.38**
1410J 205 40 140 **£3.53**
1411D 205 75 140 **£3.96**
1412K 205 110 140 **£5.12**

RELAYS
MINIATURE CONTINENTAL TYPE
Type R42 12V 185n 2 C/OE **1.80**
Type R44 12V 185n 4 C/OE **2.00**
PC socket type P40 **97p**
Ordinary wiring kit, W40 **88p**
Mounting strip 6 posn R40 **26p**
PIGMY MAINS RELAY 3 C/O 10 amp 6V 29n, 12V 110n, 24V 475n all d.c. each **£2.30**
240V a.c. 8200n coil **£2.55**

REED RELAYS open construction
5V 106n CSA5 single n/o **90p**
12V 645n CSA 12 single n/o **90p**
5V 57n CDA5 double n/o **£1.28**
12V 320n CDA 12 double n/o **£1.19**
REED RELAYS enclosed type n/o
LPS12 single 590n **98p**
LPD12 double 355n **£1.32**
LATCHING RELAYS enclosed n/o
CLA5, 5V 400n **£2.30**
CLA12, 12V 225n **£2.30**

SLOPING FRONT PLASTIC CASES
The 1798k has white top and grey bottom section, the 2523E has light grey top and dark grey bottom section.
Both have anodised aluminium panels.
Type W H1 H2 D Price
1798K 171 38 75 121 **£4.19**
2523E 220 52 100 156 **£6.36**

18" CARD/FRAME CASE SYSTEM
accepts plug-in modules and standard European size circuit boards.
Light blue with natural anodised aluminium end plates.
Can be rack-mounted.
Type Item Price
3841L Case **£20.71N**
3842F End plate angles (pr.) **83pN**
3843A 8" Module **£4.00N**
3844G 4" Module **£3.05N**
3845B 2" Front panel **£1.02N**
3846H 1" Front panel **97pN**
3979K Board for module **£1.39**
1034E Veroboard, clad **£1.42**
1041J DIP-board **£3.59**
0267H 31-way plug **97pN**
0258C 31-way socket **£1.06N**

EUROCARD CONNECTORS
2876D 64-way plug **£2.47N**
2874C 64-way socket **£4.48N**

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28T05 12V, 12V, 2.0-2V 0.5A **£3.85**
28T1 12V, 12V, 2.0-2V 1A **£4.90**
28T2 12V, 12V, 2.0-2V 2A **£5.30**
12T05 6V 6V, 0.5A **£3.30**
CT1 17V 1A charger duty tapped 9V **£2.95**
CT2 17V 2A charger duty tapped at 9V **£3.25**
CT4 17V 4A charger duty **£3.85**
FT1 6.3V 1.5A **£2.45**
GP12 12V 1 5A **£2.30**

606/1 6-0-6V 100mA **£1.00**
MT280 6V, 6V, 250mA **£1.40**
909/1 9-0-9V 75mA **£1.00**
GP909 9-0-9V 0.5A **£2.10**
12012/1 12-0-12V 50mA **£1.00**
12010 12-0-12V 100mA **£1.20**
MT150 12V, 12V, 150mA **£1.70**
151A 15-0-15V 1A **£3.20**
GP202 20-0-20V 0.75A **£2.30**
301A 30-0-30V 1A **£3.80**
Miniature L.S. transformer **LT700** Pri. 1K2 C.T. Sec. 3.2n **39p**

SWITCHES
ERG Dual in Line
One pole change over SDC1 **42p**
Two-SDC2 **78p** 3—SDC3 **£1.08**
On Off 2 pole SDC2 **42p** 4 pole SDC4 **75p** 6p SDC6 **£1.08** 8p—SDS8 **£1.32**
Multiple — 1p/8 way DS16A1—9 **99p** 2p/4W DS 16A2-4 **£1.08**
ROTARY MAINS
Lorin MS 4 amp **48p**
WAVECHANGE
Lorin CK series, MBB contacts
12W **37p** 1p
6W **37p** 2p
4W **37p** 3p
3W **37p** 4p
ROTARY SWITCH KIT Type RA
6 wafers **60p**
RA Wafers MBB
1P 1W or 2P 5W **66p**
RA Wafers BSM
1P 12W, 2P 6W, 3P 4W, 4P 3W, 6P 2W **66p**
RA Shorting wafer, MBB
Rotating open-circuit **66p**
PUSH BUTTONS
Standard Size
SSP10, 250V 3A a.c. push on, push off panel hole 0.5" **59p**
SSP11, as SSP10 push to make **52p**
Sub-Miniature 250V 0.5A a.c. 8531 push to make **62p**
8533 push to break **62p**
(Panel hole 0.25")
CASTELCO RANGE 250V 1A a.c.
0.375" hole with long white fixing ring unless otherwise fixed
No. 2644 SP make **18p**
No. 3244 DP make **34p**
No. 2648 SP break **18p**
No. 3248 DP break **34p**
No. 2634 SP on/off **30p**
No. 3234 DP on/off **30p**
No. 4434 as 3234 but switch sections reversed **30p**
No. 4444 as 3244 but switch sections reversed **34p**
Spare rings in black, red, yellow, green, blue, white or pink **each 1p**
TOGGLE 250V 1.5A a.c.
Chrome finish
1011C SPST **56p**
1016C SPDT **61p**
1019C SPDT centre-off **64p**
409 DPDT **77p**
Sub-Miniature 250V 2A a.c. Panel hole 0.25"
S7101 SPDT **63p**
S7201 DPDT **84p**
S7203 DPDT centre-off **84p**
S7205 DPDT biased each side **£1.20**
S7207 DPDT biased one side **£1.51**
S7211 SP 3-way **£1.10**
S7301 3PDT **£1.42**
S7401 4PDT **£1.80**
MICROSWITCHES SPDT
SSU01 button, lever or roller **85p**
TIME SWITCHES (Smith's)
For electrical use, 13A rating
IMERSET for wired-in situations, 2 on & 2 off actions per day **£11.60N**
AUTOSET 13A socket outlet. Otherwise as Imerset **£10.95N**

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Projects... Theory ... and Popular Features ...

Taking into account the large numbers now participating in this hobby it must be a fair assumption that the majority of home constructors operate on what might be termed a modest level, that is to say they derive ample satisfaction through building small or medium sized low cost projects and items of equipment. The average constructor we reckon builds a couple of such projects or so each month as the fancy or need of the moment dictates. Typically, each project will take a few evenings or a weekend to complete.

EVERYDAY ELECTRONICS serves the requirements of this great band of enthusiasts who want to make use of modern technology for their own purposes, yet without excessive or total committal of either their spare time or spare cash to this one area of interest.

Having said that we know there also exists an appreciable number of constructors who are deeply absorbed in electronics and who are quite willing to devote the maximum time and effort possible in pursuit of what is, for them, a main leisure activity.

Requests reach us from time to time from representatives of this "minority." Overall, what they ask for is the occasional heavyweight project—something they can get their teeth into, a meal as distinct to a snack or a "starter." Well these requests have not fallen upon unsympathetic or unheeding ears, and after careful deliberation we now launch a major pro-

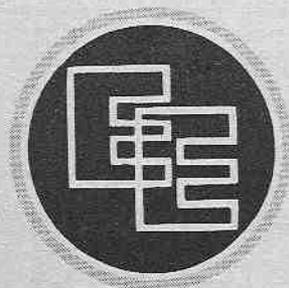
ject series warranted to satisfy the most ravenous constructor. We refer to our *2020 Tuner Amplifier*.

This comprehensive hi-fi equipment will appeal to those who desire a major building job to tackle during the coming winter months. In the *Twenty-twenty* we offer them an ambitious and worthwhile project that should give much enjoyment, exercise their practical skills and broaden their experience during its construction; and be a lasting source of satisfaction and pleasure upon its completion. But we do emphasise that this is a project for the experienced constructor.

To return to our "average" constructor, previously defined, who represents the majority: we are sure the *Twenty-twenty* opening article will provide interesting and instructive reading between those practical sessions occupied in building the *Fuzz Box*, the *Mini-Module* or whatever else takes your immediate fancy from our enticing assortment of projects listed on the facing page. In any event do carefully preserve your copies of EE, for who knows, you may be tempted by the big one ere the series has run its course.



Our January issue will be published on Friday, December 15. See page 865 for details.

**Readers' Enquiries**

We cannot undertake to answer readers' letters requesting modifications, designs or information on commercial equipment or subjects not published by us. All letters requiring a personal reply should be accompanied by a stamped self-addressed envelope.

Telephone enquiries should be limited to those requiring only a brief reply. We cannot undertake to engage in discussions on the telephone, technical or otherwise.

Component Supplies

Readers should note that we do not supply electronic components for building the projects featured in EVERYDAY ELECTRONICS, but these requirements can be met by our advertisers.

Everyday ELECTRONICS

VOL. 7 NO. 16

DECEMBER 1978

CONSTRUCTIONAL PROJECTS

VEHICLE IMMOBILISER Protection for your car by G. D. Southern	850
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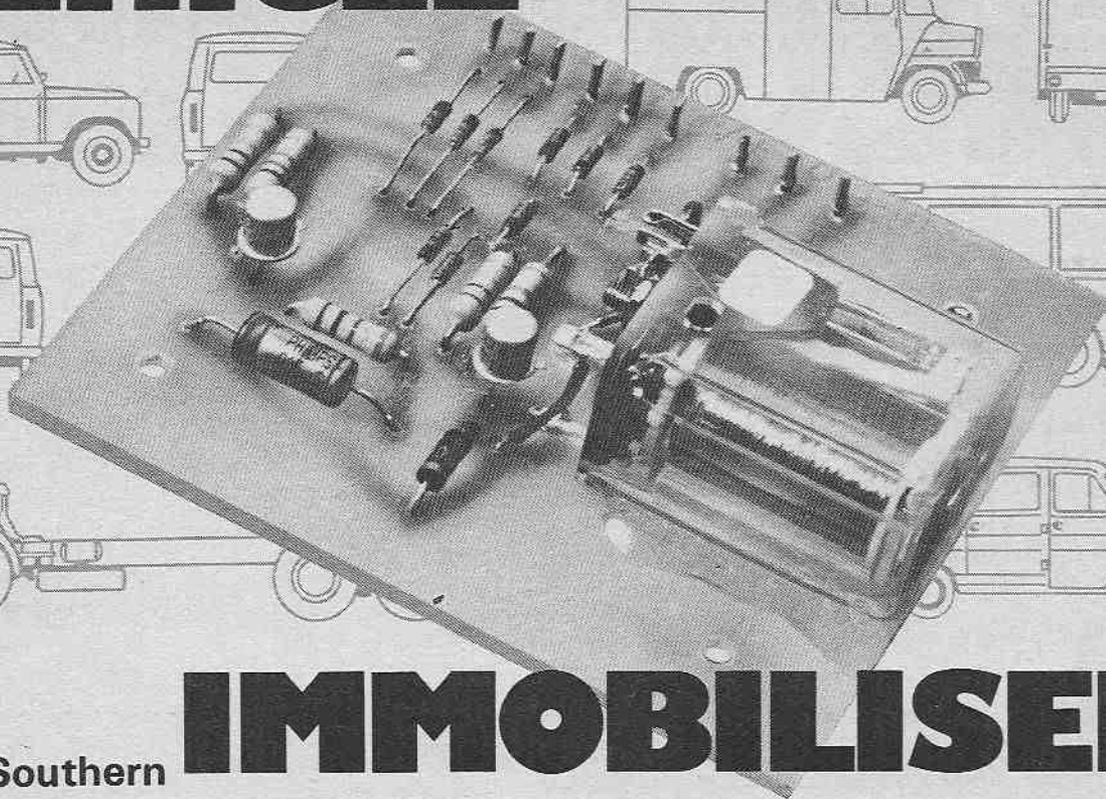
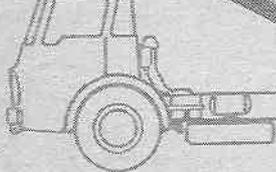
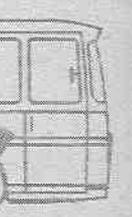
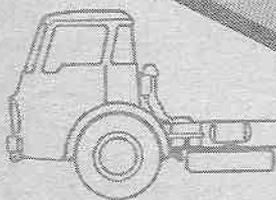
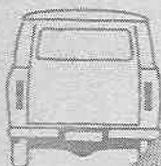
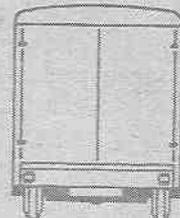
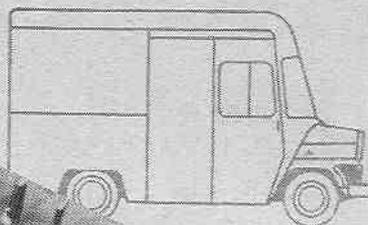
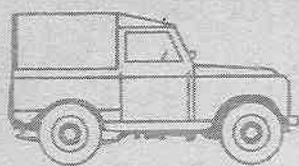
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VEHICLE



By
G. D. Southern

IMMOBILISER

EVERY day an average of 62 cars are stolen in the area where the author lives. It is claimed that at least 94 per cent of these cars are returned to their legal owners in due course. The majority of cars stolen are used by members of the community for joy-riding or late-night transport. Some of the cars returned have been driven to a remote area and accessories removed from them before the vehicle was abandoned.

The unit to be described here will offer some protection against theft by automatically immobilising the ignition system of the vehicle each time the ignition is switched off. Its degree of protection is far greater if the device is used with an electronic ignition system, especially one of the contactless type. With a conventional ignition system, the first thing a car thief will attempt is to bypass the ignition switch of the vehicle with a lead from the battery to the ignition coil.

With a contactless electronic system the above link will not have any effect and the car thief will have to find and eliminate the isolation system. This delays the

thief further and as time is usually at a premium, it should prove to be an adequate deterrent.

One of the main advantages of the immobiliser is that no hidden switches or links are required. When the ignition is switched off, the engine is immediately immobilised. If the ignition is switched on again the engine will not start.

In order to start the engine the correct accessory switches must be operated before the ignition is switched on. If the ignition is switched on first before the relevant accessory switches are operated, the ignition system will still remain immobilised. So there is no point in a car thief switching the ignition on and then searching for a sequence of accessory switches.

COMPONENTS
approximate
cost **£3.50**
excluding case

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The complete circuit is shown in Fig. 1 and for the purpose of the following explanation, resistor R3 is considered to be open circuit.

When capacitor C1 is discharged, the initial charge current will be at a maximum value, whereas when it is fully charged, the charge current will be at a minimum value, typically just adequate to overcome leakage losses. The charging circuit for the capacitor is via diode D8, resistor R4 and the parallel combination of resistor R5 with the base/emitter junction of transistor TR2.

Thus when the ignition is switched on, capacitor C1 will commence charging and transistor TR1 will tend toward saturation. The speed of transition from cut off to saturation will be limited by the inductive value of the relay coil.

At approximately 10 to 15 milliseconds after the closure of the ignition switch, the relay contacts will close. Once the contacts have closed, the base current for transistor TR1 is supplied from the positive line via the relay contacts, diode D9 and resistor R4, thus "latching" the circuit. The time

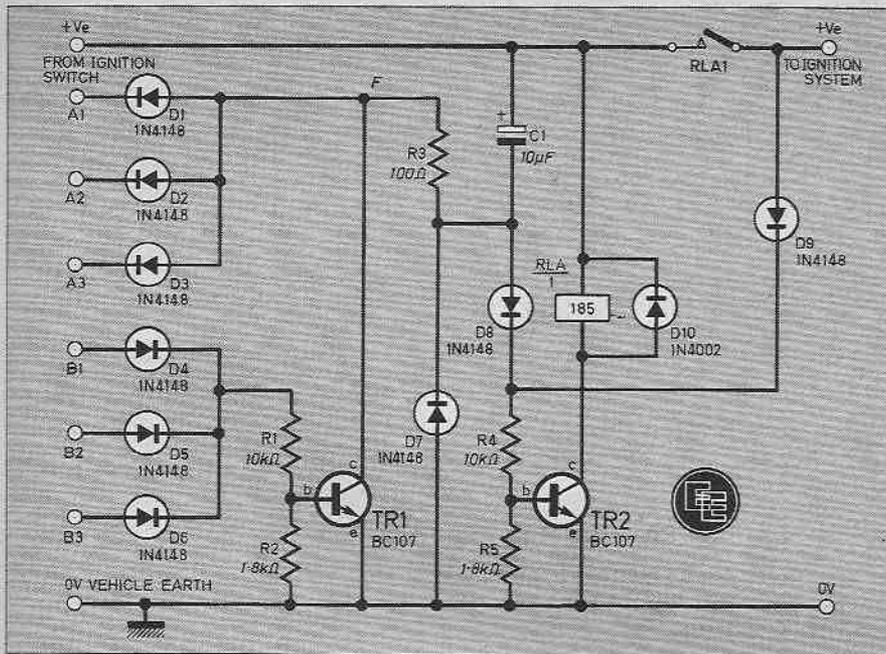


Fig. 1. Complete circuit diagram of the Vehicle Immobiliser.

constant of the charging circuit for capacitor C1, via diode D8, resistor R4 etc is far longer than the operate time of the relay, thus allowing the relay to operate and "latch".

Now it can be seen that if the capacitor is charged in a shorter period than the operating time of relay RLA1, the relay will not operate.

TRUTH TABLES

With reference to the Truth Table, Fig. 2a., assume that inputs A1, A2 and A3 equal to +12V and C1 is discharged. The "0" level in the truth table is considered to be 0 volts and the "1" level is considered to be the battery voltage of the vehicle. From the Truth Table it can be seen that the part of the circuit consisting of diodes D4, D5, D6 and resistors R1 and R2 together with transistor TR1 and resistor R3 form a NOR gate. Thus when all inputs are equal to 0, the collector voltage of TR1 will be high, equal to 1.

From the second Truth Table, Fig. 2b it can be seen that the circuit consisting of diodes D1, D2, D3 resistor R3 and the collector/emitter circuit of TR1 form an AND gate. Thus when inputs A1, A2 and A3 are equal to 1, the output voltage at point F will be equal to 1.

To demonstrate the overall operation of the circuit, consider a case where the brake light

circuitry is connected to input A1 as illustrated in Fig. 3a with all other inputs left disconnected.

When the ignition is switched on, capacitor C1 is charged via resistor R3, diode D1, and the filaments of the lamps, providing the brake light switch is open. Thus the capacitor is charged before the relay can operate, so the ignition will remain disabled even though the ignition switch is on.

If the authorised driver now realises his/her mistake, the ignition switch would be switched off and the correct sequence of switching attempted. However, this would still not operate the relay because capacitor C1 would still be charged. To overcome this problem a further diode has been added to the circuit, D7.

When the ignition switch is switched off, a discharge path is provided for capacitor C1 through external loads, for example the vehicle's ignition system via diode D7.

Now if the ignition is switched off, the brake light switch closed and the ignition switched on again, the ignition system will function correctly. When the brake light switch is closed before the ignition switch is switched on, the charging path for C1 is now via diode D8, resistor R4 etc, so the relay can operate.

Similarly if inputs A1, A2, A3, B2 and B3 are open circuit and for instance the screen-wash pump

TRUTH TABLES

INPUTS			OUTPUT
B1	B2	B3	F
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0

(a)

Fig. 2a. Truth Table for a NOR gate.

INPUTS			OUTPUT
A1	A2	A3	F
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

(b)

Fig. 2b. Truth Table for an AND gate.

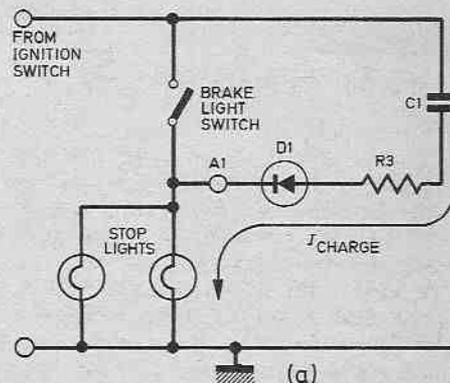


Fig. 3a. Illustrating the operation of the circuit when using an "A" input.

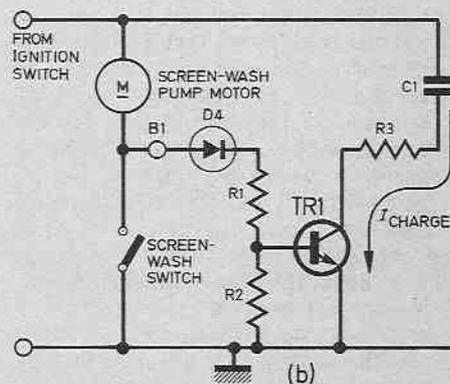
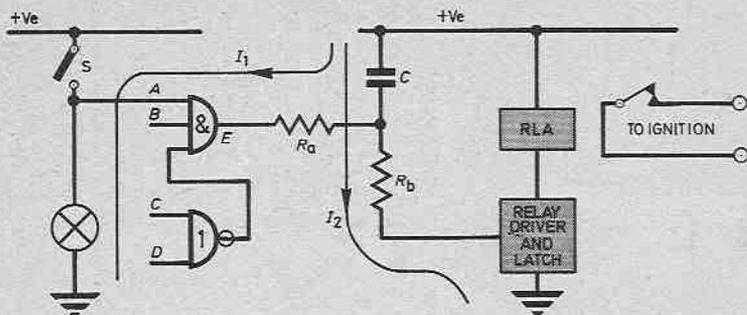


Fig. 3b. This time a "B" input is being used to illustrate the operation.

HOW IT WORKS



The circuit consists basically of a timing circuit with two different time constants, the longer of the two is adequate to allow a relay to operate. Once operated the relay is held on by a simple latching circuit.

Consider the case where the inputs A and B are low, or C or D high. The capacitor will begin to charge via R_a , the AND gate and the lamp. This constitutes the short time constant and is too fast for the relay to operate. Now if A and B are high (switch S operated and lamp on) and C and D low, the capacitor will now charge via R_b and is the longest time constant. The relay will now have sufficient time to operate, and thus connect power to the ignition circuit.

In practice one or more inputs as the example shows, are connected to various accessories, such that a certain combination will enable the ignition circuit.

motor circuit is connected to B1, as shown in Fig. 3b capacitor C1 can charge via resistor R3 and the collector/emitter junction of transistor TR1, if the washer switch is off. However, if the washer switch is operated before (and during) the operation of the ignition switch the capacitor will again charge via diode D8, resistor R4 etc, and the relay will latch thus allowing the ignition system to operate normally.

ACCESSORIES

It should be noted that the "A" inputs are for accessories which have a switch connected to the ignition switch line, whereas the "B" inputs are for accessories with a switch connected to earth.

Thus the circuit can be inhibited by only one accessory switch as in Fig. 3, or by several, thus utilising its multiple inputs. For instance, a seat belt warning system could be connected to one of the inputs, with the brake light circuit to another.

So unless the driver, and front seat passenger if present has his/her seat belt on and has operated the brakes before the ignition switch is switched on, the engine will remain immobilised. This illustrates how the device could be used as a safety feature as well as an anti-theft engine immobiliser.

Care should be exercised at this stage, in the selection of a suitable input connection, because on certain makes of car, the starter motor cannot be re-engaged until the ignition switch is firstly moved to the off position and then switched on again. This means that the engine will be immediately

COMPONENTS

See
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Resistors

R1	10k Ω
R2	1.8k Ω
R3	100 Ω
R4	10k Ω
R5	1.8k Ω

All $\frac{1}{2}$ W carbon film $\pm 2\%$

Capacitors

C1 10 μ F 25V elect.

Semiconductors

TR1	BC107 silicon npn
TR2	BC107 silicon npn
D1 to D9	1N4148 silicon (9 off)
D10	1N4002 rectifier

Miscellaneous

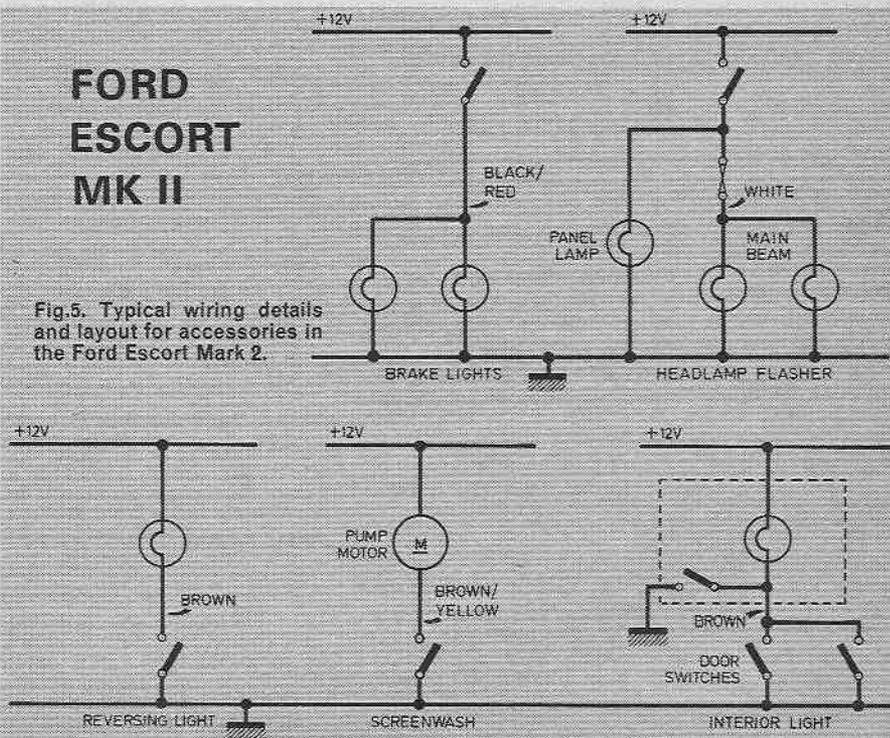
RLA Relay: 185 ohm coil with single pole contacts to suit load. (RS type 348 908); Printed circuit board as described; connecting wire; small aluminium box if required.

immobilised and the correct starting sequence will have to be applied. The worst case condition for this would be if the engine cuts out when the vehicle is on the move.

Use of the brake light switch in this situation could be somewhat hazardous. In the average car there are many other alternatives including for instance, the screen-wash circuit, headlamp flasher, etc.

FORD ESCORT MK II

Fig.5. Typical wiring details and layout for accessories in the Ford Escort Mark 2.



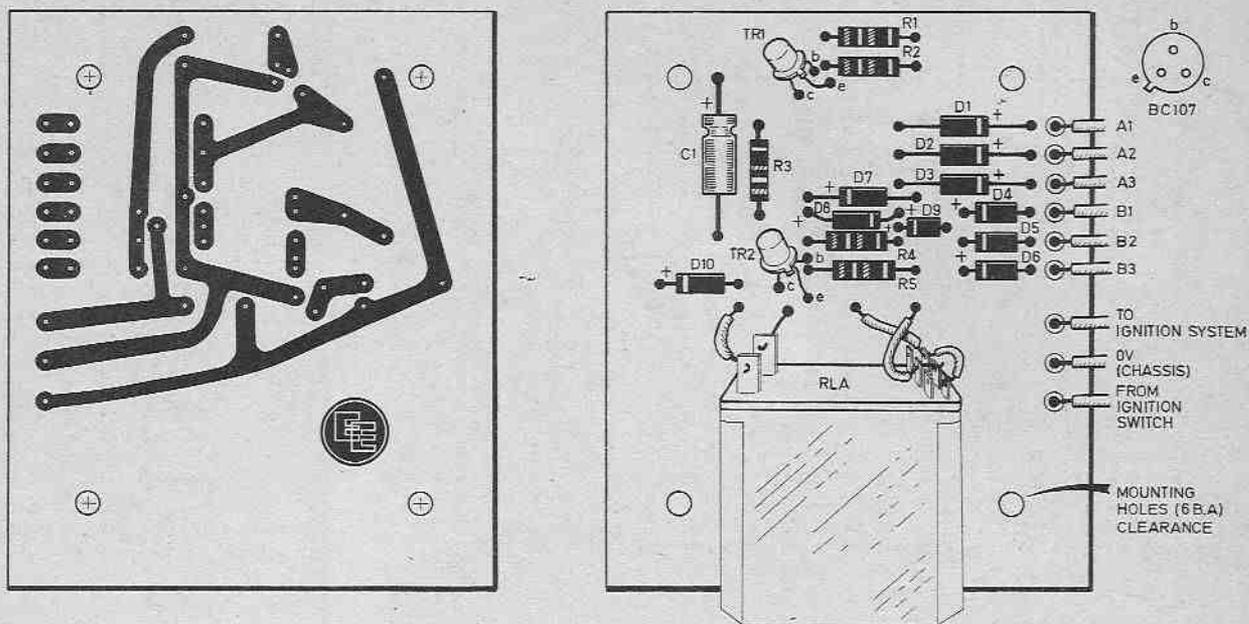
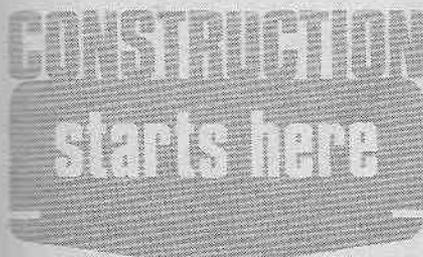


Fig. 4. Printed circuit board required. In the prototype the relay is mounted on the board using an epoxy glue.



Construction is simplified by the use of a printed circuit board

which carries all the components and wiring. The layout of the board is shown in Fig. 4 which is reproduced full size.

One method of making the board is as follows. First, either photocopy or trace the copper pattern, position the tracing on the copper side of the board and mark with a sharp pointed tool, the position of the connecting holes. Remove the paper, thoroughly clean the board

and draw in the rest of the copper pattern with an etch resist pen. Once dry the board can be etched in the normal way.

Once etched and the board checked for any errors, the components can then be mounted. Here again the layout is shown in Fig. 4. It should be noted that the layout is not critical and can be varied to suit, although a good strong finish is required, hence a printed circuit board.

Good quality connecting wire can be used to connect to the various accessories, and Fig. 5 and Fig 6 show the many possibilities on two popular cars. The top two circuits of each set of drawings relate to "B" inputs, whereas the arrangements below relate to "A" inputs. When wiring to the car accessories the manual applicable to the make of car should be consulted.

AUSTIN MAXI

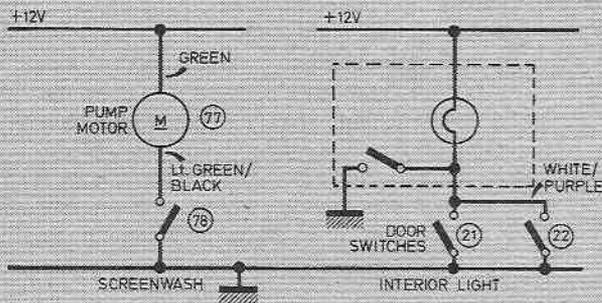
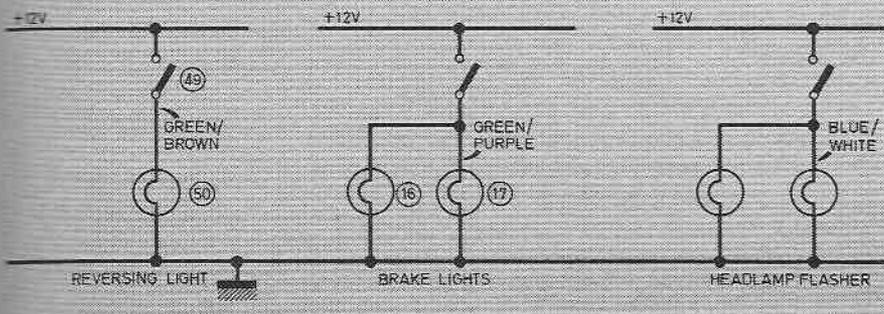


Fig. 6. Wiring layout for accessories in an Austin Maxi.

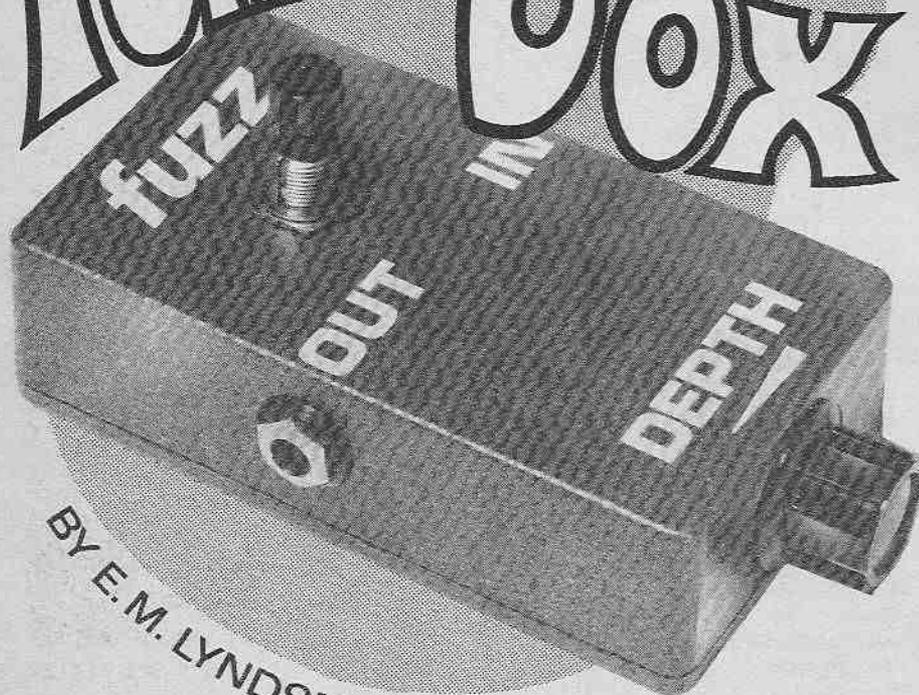


INSTALLATION

The author's prototype circuit board was mounted inside the box of his electronic ignition system. The system used was basically a Bi-Pak kit but had been modified to provide space for the additional board and wiring.

A second unit was then built and fitted into a small aluminium box which was then installed in the engine compartment. If this method is used the box should be positioned away from heat and the weather.

Fuzz Box



BY E. M. LYNDSELL

THE POP musician is being constantly bombarded with new and improved musical effects units, but still polling high in the popularity charts is the "old" Fuzz Box.

Some of the earlier designs were not completely satisfactory requiring high input signal level and producing premature cut-off as the input signal decayed. Those fuzz units employing discrete components operated on the verge of instability due to the high gain required. The design appearing below has none of these deficiencies and will produce a fuzz gradually decaying into a "clean signal" sound.

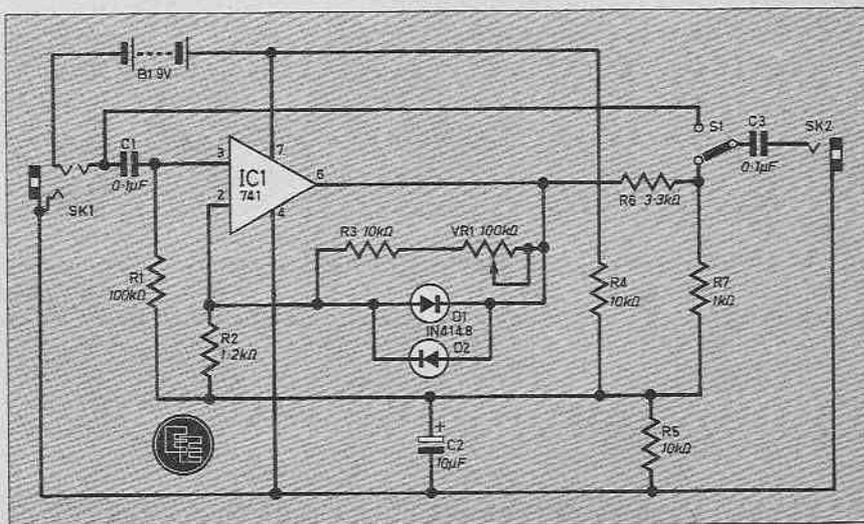
The fuzz sound is derived by clipping the input waveform thereby enriching the signal with odd harmonics which provide the harsh sound.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The complete circuit diagram of the Fuzz Box is shown in Fig. 1.

Use is made of the industry standard op-amp type 741 which is used in a non-inverting configuration.

Fig. 1. The complete circuit diagram of the Fuzz Box.



The gain of this arrangement is controlled by the feedback network VR1, R3 and R2 and is equal to

$$\frac{VR1 + R3 + R2}{R2}$$

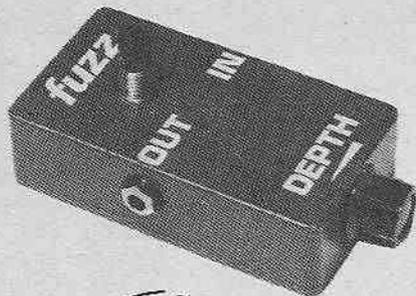
Thus minimum gain is approximately nine and maximum gain approximately 92. However, the input signal never actually receives this boost for the anti-parallel diode arrangement comes into play and limits any amplified excursion, positive and negative going, to about 600 millivolts (the voltage drop across a forward biased silicon diode).

With this limitation on amplitude, it appears that the setting of VR1 has little effect. This is not so, for this control determines the rate of climb up to the clipped level or the rise time as it is called.

This time is inversely proportional to the harmonic content, i.e. the faster the rise the more harmonics produced resulting in a harsher tone; VR1 therefore controls the "depth" of fuzz.

It is apparent from the gain figures quoted that some signals will not reach the clipping levels; those below 6mV for maximum VR1 and those below 60mV for minimum setting of VR1. This is intentional to allow a gradual reduction in "fuzz" as the input signal decays naturally, being a smooth transaction from fuzz to no-fuzz.

Input to the unit is at SK1 a stereo jack socket wired to complete the d.c. power circuit when



fuzz box

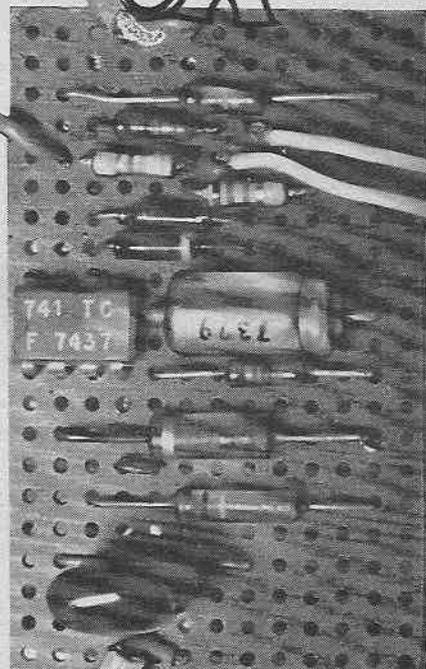
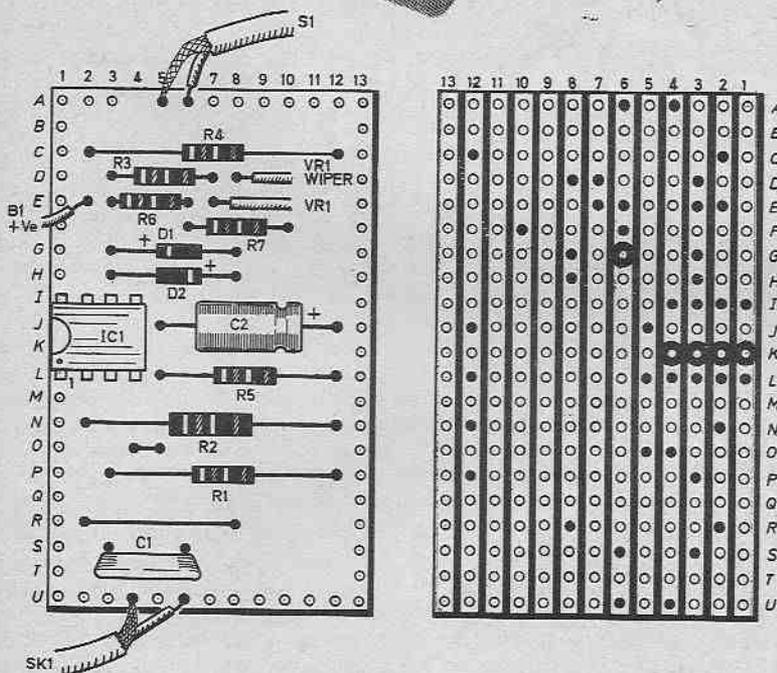


Fig. 2. The layout of the components on the topside of the board and the breaks to be made along the copper strips on the underside.

Photo of the completed prototype board.

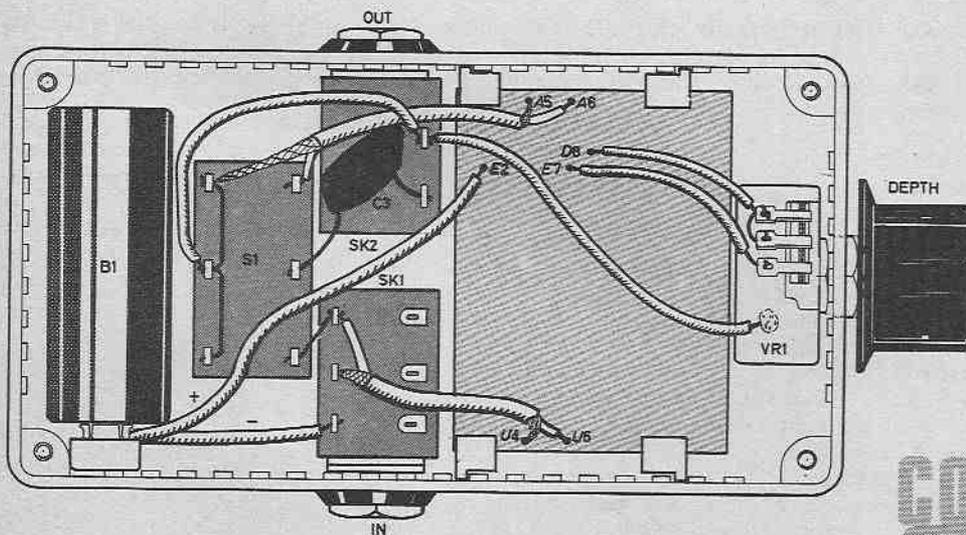


Fig. 3. The positioning of the components and board within the case showing complete wiring up details. Note the connection to the body of VR1 to "earth" the case.

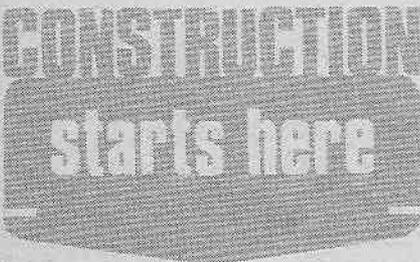
COMPONENTS
 approximate
 cost £5

the input jack is inserted. The signal then passes to the op-amp via d.c. blocking capacitor C1. Resistor R1 sets the input impedance at 100 kilohms which should suit most guitars and electronic organs.

The resulting signal from the op-amp is reduced in amplitude by the potential divide action of R6 and R7, giving an attenuation factor of approximately four. Thus the maximum output signal via C3 available for inputting to an amplifier is about 150mV. This level will be maintained during the period of clipping (fuzz) and will then decay naturally to zero.

The 741 requires a split supply and this is derived by the potential divide action of R4 and R5 producing ± 4.5 volts with respect to the op-amp reference line which is decoupled by C2.

A foot-switch S1 is incorporated to allow the unit to be readily bypassed when desired.



The prototype unit was built using a piece of 0.1 inch matrix stripboard size 13 strips \times 21 holes and mounted horizontally in a die-cast aluminium Bimbox type 5003/13 by use of special adaptors. This eliminates the use of fixing screws on board or case.

The layout of the components on the topside of the board is shown in Fig. 2. Make the breaks on the underside and then assemble the components as shown. It was not thought necessary to mount IC1 in a socket as this is quite a robust device. However the usual care should be exercised when soldering this and the diodes in place.

Attach the flying leads including the battery connector and then proceed with drilling the case. The layout of the components in the case is not critical.

With the components positioned in the case, attach the adaptors to the board and slot in position and wire up according to Fig. 3. Screened lead was used in the prototype for input/output connec-

COMPONENTS



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Resistors

R1	100k Ω
R2	1.2k Ω
R3	10k Ω
R4	10k Ω
R5	10k Ω
R6	3.3k Ω
R7	1k Ω

All $\frac{1}{4}$ watt carbon film $\pm 10\%$

Capacitors

C1	0.1 μ F plastic or ceramic
C2	10 μ F 6V elect.
C3	0.1 μ F plastic or ceramic

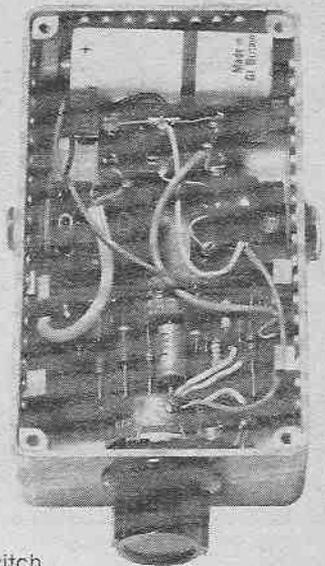
Semiconductors

IC1	741 operational amplifier 8 pin d.i.l.
D1, D2	1N4148 or similar silicon diode

Miscellaneous

SK1	standard stereo jack socket
SK2	standard jack socket
S1	s.p.d.t. successional action foot-switch
B1	9V PP3
VR1	100 kilohm carbon lin.

Stripboard: 0.1 inch matrix 13 strips \times 21 holes; PP3 battery clip; Bimbox aluminium diecast box type 5003/13; Bimadaptors for holding board; knob for VR1; connecting wire.



tions as can be seen in the photograph but this is not essential as the case is earthed via VR1 framework. Insert and connect the battery and secure the lid.

The lid forms the base of the Fuzz Box. If the lid is fitted with self-adhesive rubber feet, this will prevent the unit slipping when in use.

IN USE AND TESTING

The box is to be situated between the musical instrument and amplifier. Inserting the input jack plug turns on the unit.

Set VR1 fully clockwise. On playing your musical instrument the sound emanating from your speaker will be fuzzed or clean, depending on the setting of S1. Assuming it is the latter, depress S1 and fuzz should be heard. Playing and turning VR1 anticlockwise should reduce the "depth" of fuzz.

No volume control was found to be required on the author's prototype as resistors R6 and R7 were tailored to give the required balance between fuzz and no-fuzz for the author's guitar. Assuming the initial output signal from the guitar before decaying is 60 millivolts, then switching from no-fuzz to fuzz by S1 will boost the amplitude by 8dB during the fuzz period.

If other boost factors are required change the value of R6 and

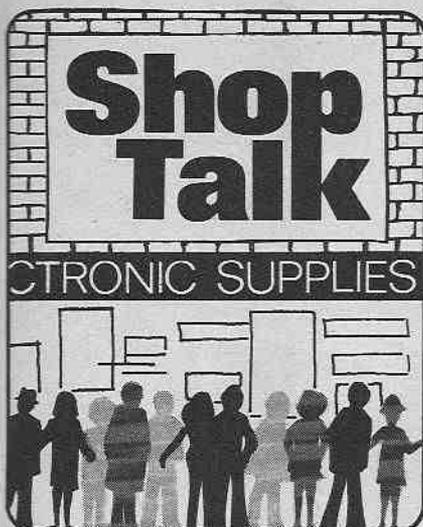
R7 or both to suit your requirements. This combination could be replaced by a log. potentiometer to give continuously variable output level.

Unless sub-miniature potentiometers are used, if a volume control is incorporated, a larger case than specified will be required.

Battery drain is low and a PP3 should provide many hours of use. A Duracell battery will allow even longer periods between battery changes.

The case specified and used by the author has a durable grey enamel finish and thus required only socket and control lettering to complete the unit. Letraset with spray-on protective varnish was found satisfactory for this. □





By Dave Barrington

Calculators

With so much "hysteria" in the media lately about silicon chips (microprocessors) and their possible impact on our future way of life, people tend to forget that the electronic calculator is a prime example where they have been used and accepted, without any fuss, into our everyday life. In fact, the range, popularity and versatility of these machines is so wide that any new additions are now taken for granted.

Two new additions we should like to mention which highlights the latest trends are the TI-2550-IV from Texas and the Casio ST-24 Time Card.

Featuring a built-in instant replay facility allowing the user to check back on the last 20 entries, the TI-2550-IV is obviously aimed at the accountant/student and could be used in place of some of the more expensive paper printout calculators.

The calculator is a general purpose hand-held type with the normal addition, subtraction, multiplication and division functions together with percentage and sign-change keys and full-function memory. The machine uses an 8-digit vacuum fluorescent display, with a floating decimal point (adjusts its position in the readout automatically) and negative sign, plus overflow error indication.

The replay facility, which operates with up to 20 steps, is activated by pressing a single key. The playback key allows the user to check through calculations step by step and any necessary corrections made by keying in the new entry and pressing the "equals" key. This saves re-entering the entire program.

The TI-2550-IV operates from a rechargeable battery pack and an a.c. adaptor/charger is included in the recommended retail price of £29.95 (inclusive of VAT).

For the busy executive, travelling salesman or the housewife, the Casio ST-24 Time Card could be classed as the latest "state-of-the-art" in the current craze for the credit card size of small calculator. Not content with a miniature machine they have incorporated a time/stopwatch with alarm setting facilities, ideal for those important meetings and elapsed time when leaving the car parked to make calls or do some shopping.

The calculator section is a four-function type with the usual standard facilities including memory and percentage.

The 24 hour timer has two kinds of alarm setting: straightforward alarm setting for a single specified interval, or to sound repeatedly at predetermined intervals. In both cases, capacity of the timer is from a few seconds up to 23 hours, 59 minutes, 59 seconds. A countdown is possible as the display shows time remaining before alarm is due.

Operating modes for the stopwatch are normal start/stop, lap timing, or first/second place timing. Indication is to one-tenth of a second up to 10 hours, or to one second beyond 10 hours. Use of calculating facilities does not affect function of alarm timers or stopwatch.

The Casio ST-24 Time Card is supplied in a leatherette pouch with a separate compartment for credit or business cards, and has a recommended retail price of £24.95 (including VAT). For addresses of nearest stockists readers should write to Casio Electronics Co. Ltd., Dept EE, 28 Scrutton Street, London EC2A 4TY.



Beginners Kit

Designed with the very young in mind, the Tutronik Timesaver System introduces the total beginner to the very fundamentals of electronics. A "course" of 30 different circuits is provided, covering a wide range from a simple series circuit to a novel police siren.

Each circuit is accompanied by an instruction sheet giving essential information on what components you need, what you have to do, how and why the circuit behaves as it does. Throughout the course experimentation is encouraged. Written in an easy to follow language, sometimes distractingly lighthearted, every detail is

covered to ensure the beginner does not go astray.

An unusual type of breadboarding system using the actual circuit as the wiring diagram, and plastic screw terminals to hold the component leads is used throughout. Rather disappointingly components are not provided. Full details from: Technocentre, Dept EE, 54 Adcott Road, Acklam, Middlesbrough, Cleveland.

Constructional Projects

This month there should be no difficulties with component availabilities except possibly the major constructional project, *EE2020 Tuner Amplifier*, which we shall deal with separately.

The relay for the *Ignition Immobiliser* should be able to handle the current requirements of the ignition circuit. In the prototype the relay used had two sets of contacts wired in parallel.

For the *Water Level Alert* a 35Ω 40mm diameter loudspeaker can be used in place of the Post Office earpiece. If any difficulties are experienced with the rocker switch S1 this can be ordered from Maplin as a "Hekla Switch".

There should be no problems with the rest of the constructional articles in this issue.

2020 Tuner Amplifier

The *EE 2020 Tuner Amplifier* is larger than our usual run of projects, and so it follows that the components used add up to an impressive list. Yet because of the large quantity of similar components called for, the constructor should be able to purchase many items at especially favourable rates.

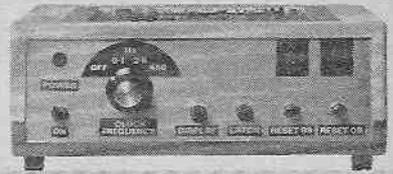
Capacitors should be of the kind as specified in the Bulk Components List; this is to ensure suitability for mounting on the printed circuit boards. This is particularly important in the case of electrolytic capacitors. Here RS Components types have been specified. In most instances a voltage rating of 63V is stated. This is higher than actually needed in the 2020 circuit and lower rated capacitors of an alternative make may be used provided the physical dimensions and the lead spacing are as the RS types specified.

The r.f. unit and some related parts are obtainable direct from Ambient Ltd, 2 Gresham Road, Brentwood, Essex. This firm can also supply the special multi-turn potentiometers for varicap diode tuning.

The pushbutton switches specified are marketed by both RS Components and ITT, under these firms own stock numbers (see Bulk Components List).

Readers should note that manufacturers such as RS Components and ITT (and Mullard and Texas) do not supply to individuals. But their components are readily obtainable from distributors and retailers who cater for the retail market.

DOING IT DIGITALLY



PART 3

By O. N. Bishop

LAST month we used the NAND gates of a 7400 i.c. to build a NOR gate and a bistable. These two logic elements, as well as the NAND gate itself, are often required in building logic circuits that it is useful to have them ready-wired on the patchboard. On the Test-Bed these elements are permanently wired in, the form of IC3, see Figs. 3.1 and 3.2.

FAN-OUT

Each of the inputs of these elements has a single input pin and each output has a pair of output pins. Though each input of a logic gate can receive its input from only one source, the output is able to be connected to several other gate inputs. The number of inputs that may be connected to an output is known as the *fan-out* of the output. Here we provide pins for a fan-out of two, since this is as many as we shall normally need. However, most outputs have a fan-out of eight loads.

These circuits have already been tested when building the Test-Bed, but it is a good idea to test them again. This time you know a little more of what you are doing.

With the supply pin P34 connected to be +5V line first test the NAND gate. Connect the output V26 or V28 to l.e.d. D7 at location V40. The l.e.d. should be dark (off) but should light when either of the input pins at S25 or T25 are grounded to one of the pins on strip N, the 0V rail.

Unconnected inputs of a NAND gate are effectively "high" so there is no need to connect them to the positive rail for testing. You can easily check this by linking one of the inputs to ground and

noticing no change in the state of the l.e.d. when the other input is connected to one of the pins on strip L, the +5V rail.

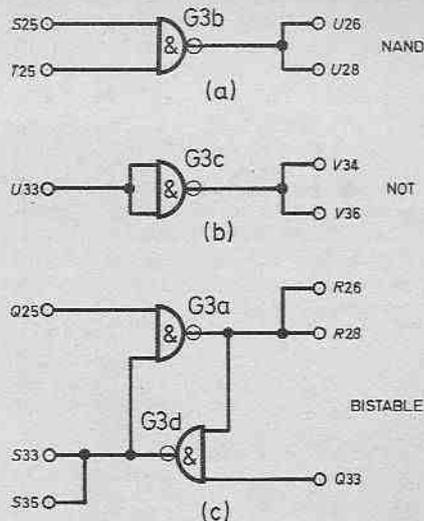


Fig. 3.1. The three basic elements contained in IC3 with pin locations for inputs and outputs on the Test-Bed.

To test the NOR gate, connect one of the NOR outputs, pins V34 or V36 to one of the l.e.d.s, e.g. U43 for D8. The l.e.d. remains dark when the input is unconnected (effectively "high") or connected to strip L. The l.e.d. lights when its input, pin U33 is grounded (connected to 0V rail).

Finally to test the bistable: connect each bistable output to an l.e.d. e.g. pin S36 to U49 and R28 to U40. One l.e.d. should light and the other remain dark. When the appropriate input pin Q24 or Q33 is briefly grounded, the l.e.d.s change state.

A TTL CLOCK

Compare the circuits shown in Fig. 3.3 with the bistable circuit of Fig. 3.1c. Their similarity suggests that they may behave in a similar way—for example, they can both alternate between two opposite states. The bistable changes state when one of its inputs is grounded. The clock circuit changes state automatically after a fixed period

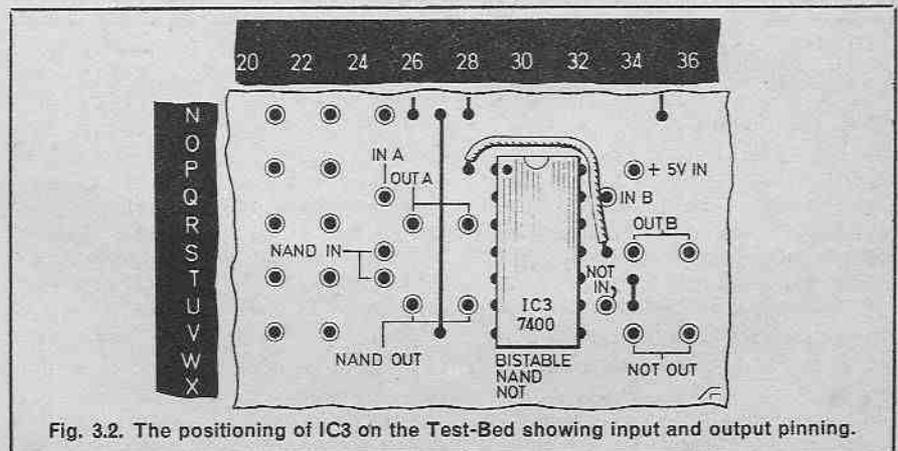


Fig. 3.2. The positioning of IC3 on the Test-Bed showing input and output pinning.

of time. Suppose that it has just changed to the state shown in Fig. 3.3a. The output of G1 (gate 1) has just gone high (as indicated by the shading) and the l.e.d. at its output has just come on.

The sudden increase in output voltage raises the voltage of both sides of capacitor C1 to a "high" level. Both inputs of G2 are now high (remember the unconnected input is effectively "high") so its output goes "low". This lowers the voltage of both sides of C2; G1 now has one "high" input and one "low" input, so its output is "high". The circuit has the state indicated in Fig. 3.3a. Why is it not stable in this state?

For the answer to this question, look at R1. This has a high voltage at one end and is grounded at the other. A current I flows through R1, as indicated by the arrow. As current flows, the voltage on one side

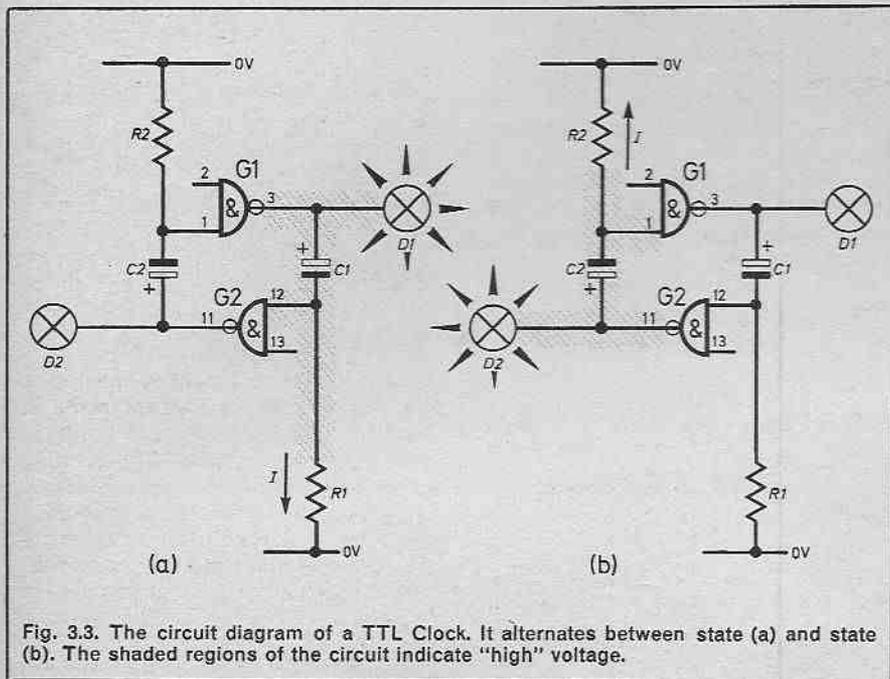


Fig. 3.3. The circuit diagram of a TTL Clock. It alternates between state (a) and state (b). The shaded regions of the circuit indicate "high" voltage.

of C1 falls and finally reaches a "low" level that acts as a "low" input to G2.

Now the output of G2 suddenly goes high; D2 lights; the voltage on both sides of C2 is raised; G1 now has two "high" inputs; its output goes low and D1 is extinguished; the voltage on both sides of C1 is lowered. We have reached that stage shown in Fig. 3.3b. The circuit remains in this state while a current flows to ground through R2; as soon as the voltage has fallen low enough at the input to G1, the circuit reverts to the state

of Fig. 3.3a and the cycle repeats.

The clock circuit is unstable (we call it an *astable multivibrator*) in either of its states. The length of time it remains in either state depends on how long it takes for the voltage on one side of each capacitor to fall from "high" to "low". This time depends on the values of the capacitors and resistors involved.

With high capacitance and high resistance a small current flows and gives a relatively small rate of change in voltage, resulting in a long period of time in each state.

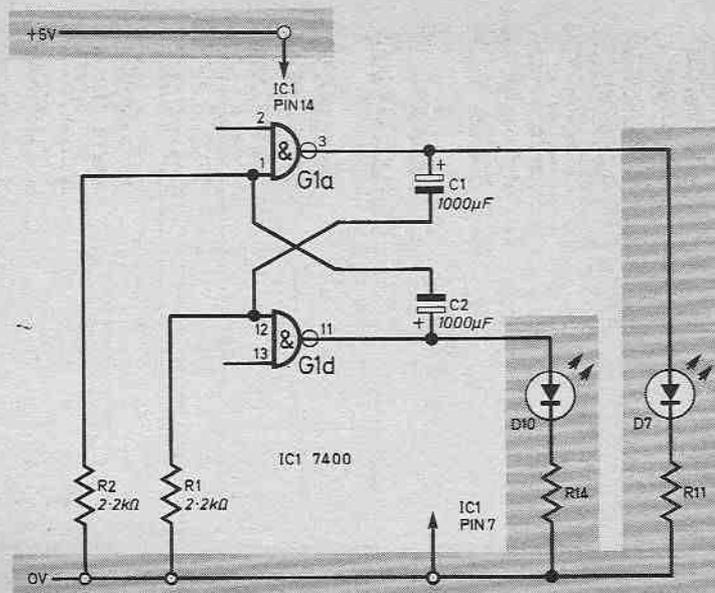


Fig. 3.4. The circuit of Fig. 3.3 redrawn in a more conventional form with the state of its outputs indicated by l.e.d.s.

EXPERIMENTAL TTL CLOCK

We shall now observe the operation of this circuit which is redrawn in its more common form in Fig. 3.4 is shown wired up on the Test-Bed in Fig. 3.5. The clock should change state approximately every 5 seconds. In other words, it takes 10 seconds to complete its cycle of operation, from the time D7 comes on to the time it comes on again. We say the clock is oscillating or vibrating at 0.1Hz.

Different value capacitors will produce different frequencies. If capacitors with a value of 0.47µF are substituted, the l.e.d.s glow at about half their normal intensity but no flashing can be detected. The frequency is so great that the eye cannot follow.

To prove that the clock is really working connect a crystal earpiece across one of the l.e.d.s and the 0V rail. This is done easily with two pairs of leads terminated in crocodile clips. You will then hear a note of about 400Hz (around the same pitch as middle A on a musical instrument).

We have been calling this circuit a clock, but it is simply the equivalent of the pendulum or balance wheel that is used to regulate the speed of mechanism of an ordinary mechanical clock; it is an astable multivibrator.

In a clock there are gear wheels, hands and a dial to indicate the time, which is related to the number of times the pendulum has swung to and fro. Similarly we can connect further logic circuits to the

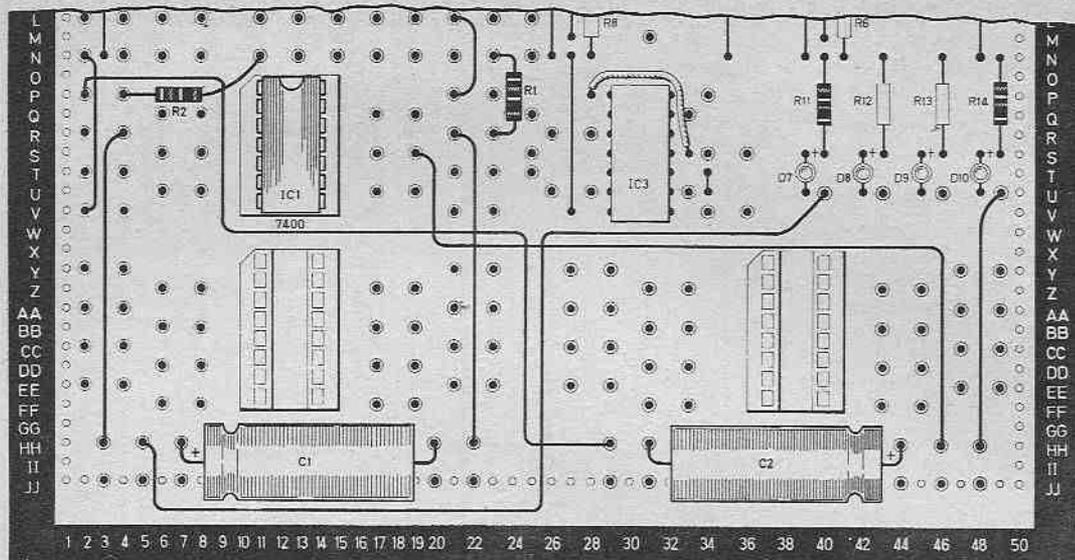


Fig. 3.5. The layout of the components on the Test-Bed for the circuit shown in Fig. 3.4. Experiment with different values for the capacitors and use a crystal earpiece for observing high frequency oscillations. The earpiece can be wired across either of the l.e.d.s.

TTL clock to count the number of times it changes state and so allow us to measure elapsed time. We shall return to this idea later in the series.

A clock or oscillator is a vital piece of equipment when testing logic circuitry and has been included in the Test-Bed on the internal component board. Three pairs of capacitors are fitted, any one of these pairs being selected by front panel switch S2. The output from this clock is available at

pins D14, 16 and 18 on the Test-Bed.

LATCH

The output of a latch is identical to its input, but at any moment the output can be "frozen" or "latched" and then remains in the state that it was in when latched, even though the input may subsequently change.

Part of the latch circuit consists of a bistable discussed last month. In Fig. 3.6 the bistable in this cir-

cuit is drawn in a slightly different manner to that shown before, comparison with Fig. 3.1c shows that the connections are identical.

The bistable changes state when a low input is applied to it from one of the NAND gates. To find out how these work we shall use the NAND gate and NOT gate wired in IC3 on the Test-Bed; the remaining NAND gate is supplied by a further 7400 (IC1) inserted in a socket on the Test-Bed. We shall first examine the outputs from the two

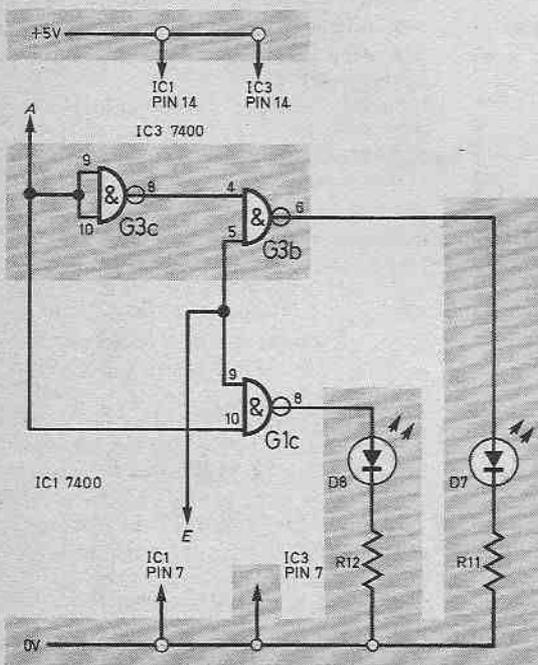


Fig. 3.6(a). Circuit of the front section of a "latch" circuit to observe the outputs which form the inputs to the remaining bistable section to be added later.

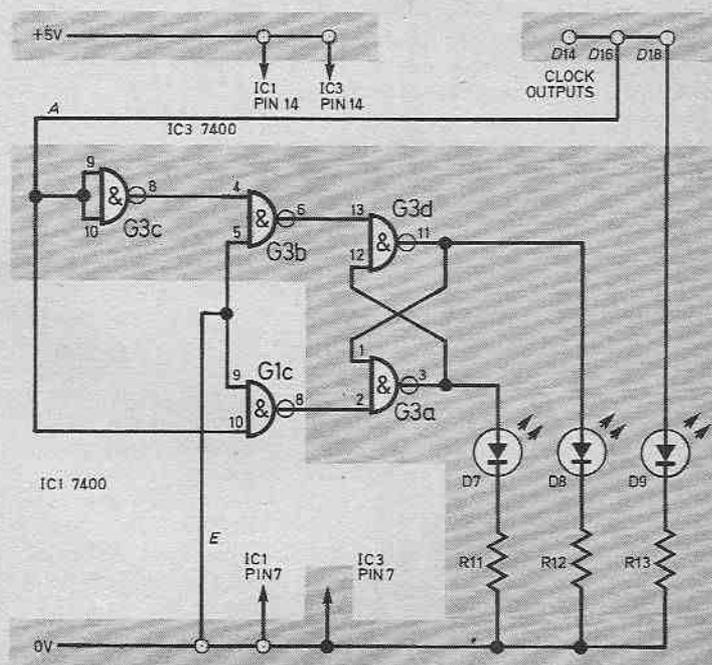


Fig. 3.6(b). The circuit diagram of a complete "latch" being driven by the in-built clock and outputs observed by means of l.e.d.s connected to the outputs.

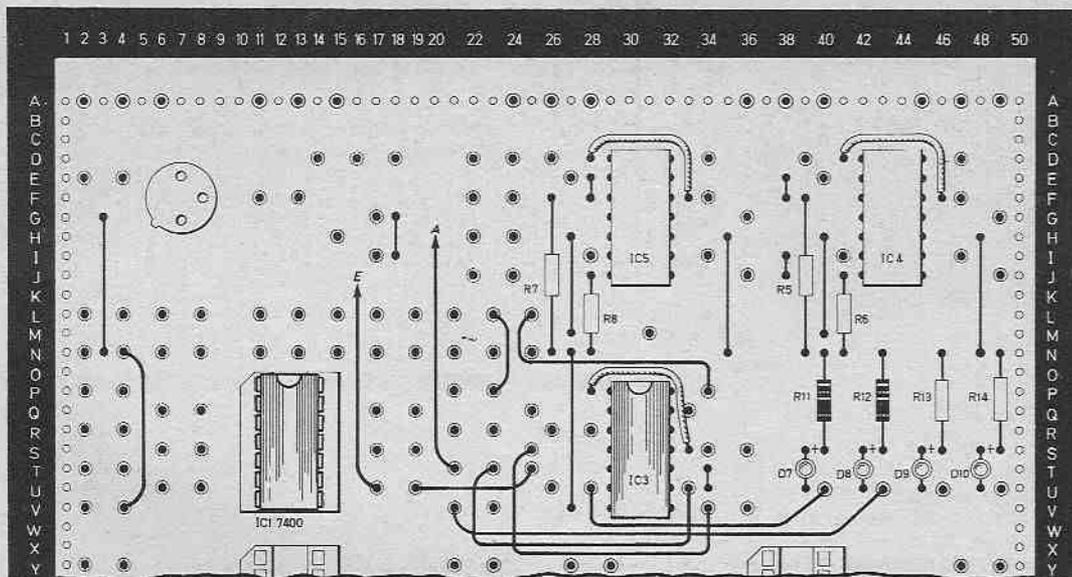


Fig. 3.7. The layout of the components and interwiring for the circuit of Fig. 3.6(a). For the circuit of Fig. 3.6(b) amend this layout according to the text.

NAND gates, see Fig. 3.7 for connection details.

USING THE IN-BUILT CLOCK

Connect wire *E* to the +5V rail, strip *L*. Now connect wire *A* alternately to the +5V rail and to the 0V rail and observe how the outputs change. Instead of changing wire *A* back and forth between +5V and 0V, make use of the in-built clock. Connect wire *A* to clock outputs (D16) and set the clock to low or medium frequency. The clock output automatically alternates between +5V and 0V, which can be observed by connecting another clock output pin to l.e.d. D9. You can now concentrate on watching the l.e.s.

Repeat your observations after having removed wire *E* from +5V and connecting it to 0V. Then return *E* to +5V and note what happens.

You will find that when *E* is "high" the l.e.s go on and off in time with the changes in clock outputs; always one lamp is on and the other off. When *E* is "low", both lamps are on all the time. This means that there is no "low" output, so a bistable connected to the outputs of the NAND gates will not change state. This is just what we need for a latch circuit, so the next step is to add the bistable.

Disconnect the output wires from l.e.s D7 and D8 and run them to the bistable input terminals instead (Q25 and Q33). From the bistable output terminals (R26 and S34) run wires to D7 and D8. This

completes the latch circuit with two outputs—one following the input, and the other the inverse of the input.

Test this circuit to see the effect of first making *E* "high" and then making it "low." Run the clock at medium frequency and see if you can ground wire *E* at just the right moment to latch the circuit with D7 lit and the other dark. With a certain amount of skill you can do this, but with the clock running at a high frequency it is entirely a matter of chance—equivalent to tossing a coin for "heads" or "tails".

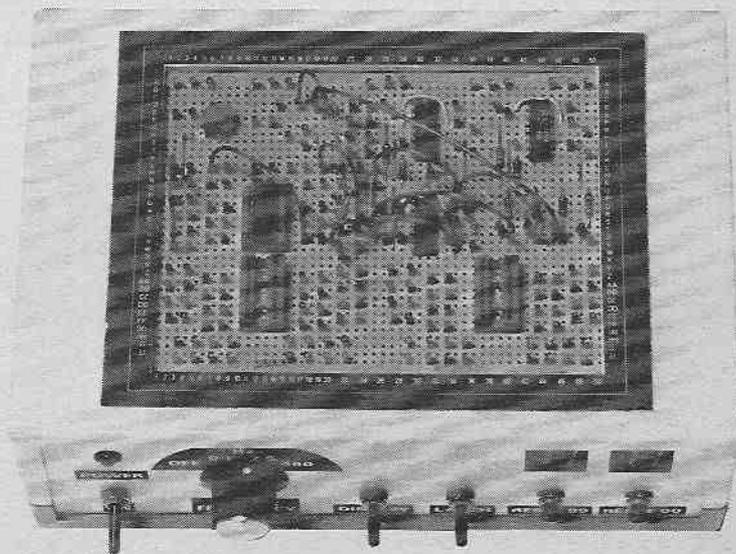
This provides an idea for a simple project that can be built from three 7400 i.c.s two l.e.s a few resistors and capacitors, with

a push-button for grounding *E*. This can be wired up on a small piece of circuit board and mounted in a small plastic case. Depending on whether the capacitors give you medium or high frequency operation, you have either a game of skill or a heads-and-tails gambling machine that could be fun at parties, or help raise money at the local fête.

A latch facility is very useful when experimenting with logic and this same circuit has been incorporated in the Test-Bed. It appears on the lower board with input and output terminals on the top board. The wire labelled *E* in Fig. 3.7 can be grounded by means of a front panel switch.

(To be continued)

Photograph of the interwiring on the Electronic Test-Bed for the circuit in Fig. 3.6(b).



mini-modules By George Hylton

Handy "Beginner" projects based on simple circuits and featuring a variety of building methods.

3 MICROPHONE AMPLIFIER



THIS microphone amplifier is really a general-purpose amplifier for small audio voltages. It has a high input impedance and a gain which is adjustable from about 20 to a maximum of over 1,000, by means of a preset potentiometer.

The amplifier is designed for dynamic microphones of medium to high impedance. The prototype worked well with a popular type of microphone whose impedance can be set to either 600 ohms or 50 kilohms.

THE CIRCUIT

The circuit is a conventional two-stage amplifier of the type once known as a "d.c. feedback pair". TR1 is operated at a low collector current to minimise noise. Overall negative feedback via R3 sets the gain, in conjunction with the preset potentiometer VR1. Gain is maximum when VR1 is minimum.

For the moderate gains, which are all that is needed in practice, the gain is very nearly $R5/VR1$ so if it is known in advance of building the circuit just how much gain is needed it is possible to use the appropriate value of VR1 in the form of a fixed resistor. For example if a gain of 100 is required VR1 should be $1k\Omega$.

The input impedance varies with the gain but at low to moderate gains

it is likely to be in the region of $200k\Omega$. It cannot exceed $330k\Omega$ because of R1 which is connected across the input as far as audio signals go, since its lower end is "earthed" via C3 to audio frequencies.

Because the input impedance is quite high it is possible to use a low-impedance microphone (for example 30 ohms) and a step-up transformer to increase the signal voltage. The inset diagram shows how to connect a transformer with a hum-reducing "balanced" input winding.

The maximum output voltage before overloading is about 2V peak and the output impedance is fairly low. However the amplifier should not be used to drive loads of less than about $10k\Omega$ or output will be severely restricted.

C2 is a radio frequency bypass capacitor to attenuate any r.f. signals accidentally fed in via the microphone cable. These can cause "breakthrough" of radio programmes into audio circuits.

CONSTRUCTION

Since this kind of amplifier is designed for low-level signals hum can be a problem and a metal screening box is needed. The input must also be capable of screening; the microphone used with the prototype had a screened lead which terminated in a jack plug so a suitable jack socket was fitted to the screening box.

Obviously, other types of screened input socket may be needed for other types of microphone or signal source.

The main part of the circuitry can be accommodated on a tag strip. With this type of construction the components are soldered to a simple tag strip with the solder tags in a straight line. Interconnections are made with insulated wire.

This is a relatively cheap form of construction as tag strips cost only a few pence and can often be salvaged from old equipment and cleaned up for re-use. It is not a type of construction which has much use for high-frequency circuits because it is rather hard to avoid accidental couplings between input and output, which cause r.f. instability. But it is usually all right for audio.

COMPONENTS

Resistors

R1	330k Ω	R4	10k Ω
R2	100k Ω	R5	3.3k Ω
R3	100k Ω	R6	1k Ω

All carbon film 5% \pm W

Potentiometer

VR1 5k Ω carbon miniature preset 20% tol.

Capacitors

C1	100nF (0.1 μ F) polyester
C2	1nF (1,000pF) ceramic disc
C3	47 μ F 3V miniature elect.
C4	3.3 μ F 12V elect.
C5	47 μ F 12V elect.

Transistors

TR1, TR2 BC109 (or any high-gain low-noise silicon npn type) 2 off

Miscellaneous

Metal box about 100 x 70 x 40mm (Norman AB9). Tag strip with 12 insulated tags, to fit box. Jack socket (SK1). Output terminals: 3-terminal chocolate block or similar. 6BA bolts, nuts, earth tags, and spacers.

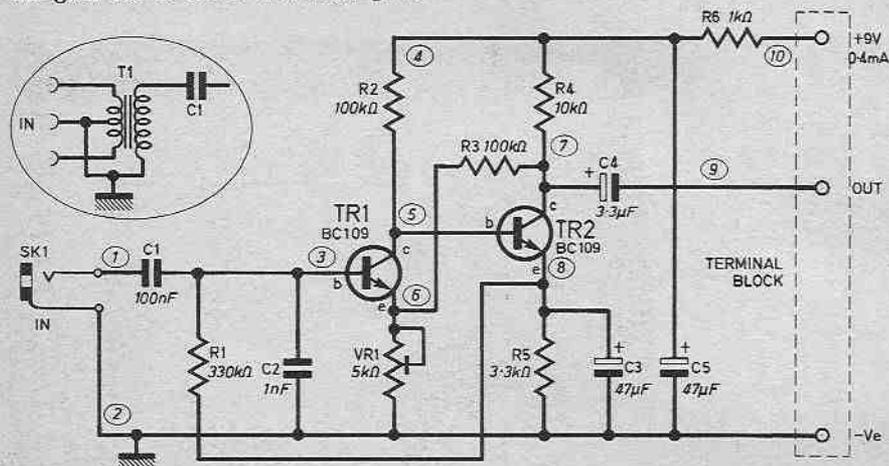


Fig. 1. The circuit of the microphone amplifier. The encircled numbers (1 to 10) are common connecting points on the tag strip, see Fig. 2. The small inset diagram shows how a step-up transformer can be used to suit a low-impedance microphone.

DESIGNING TAG STRIP LAYOUTS

If you design your own tag-strip component layouts a fairly careful pen-and-paper design is needed to ensure that the circuit will fit an available tag strip. To begin with, you should study the circuit diagram and mark each connecting point with a number (as in Fig. 1). Points which are connected directly to one another by plain connections count as one and the same point and are given just one number. (The "earth line" is a typical example.)

The present circuit has ten such connecting points which means that at least ten tags will be needed. In practice it usually turns out that a few extra tags are needed because of the physical limitations of the components, whose leads can only span a limited distance. A typical case is the preset "pot" VR1 which must be firmly soldered to two adjacent tags: (with some types of "pot" three tags may be required).

The resulting layout bears little relationship to the layout of the symbols on the circuit diagram; this may make fault-tracing tedious so tag-strip construction is perhaps best restricted to simple circuits.

When a finished tag strip circuit is fitted into a metal box provision must be made to hold it away from the metal to prevent short circuits. In the prototype long fixing bolts were used; stand-off spacers were slipped over the bolts to hold the tag strip well clear of the metal. These stand-offs were cut from the barrel of an old ball-pen.

BOXING

The screening box must be substantial enough to withstand repeated pluggings-in of the microphone. A small aluminium case is suitable and is easily drilled to take the input socket, etc. The prototype was built in a "Norman" case Type AB9, which

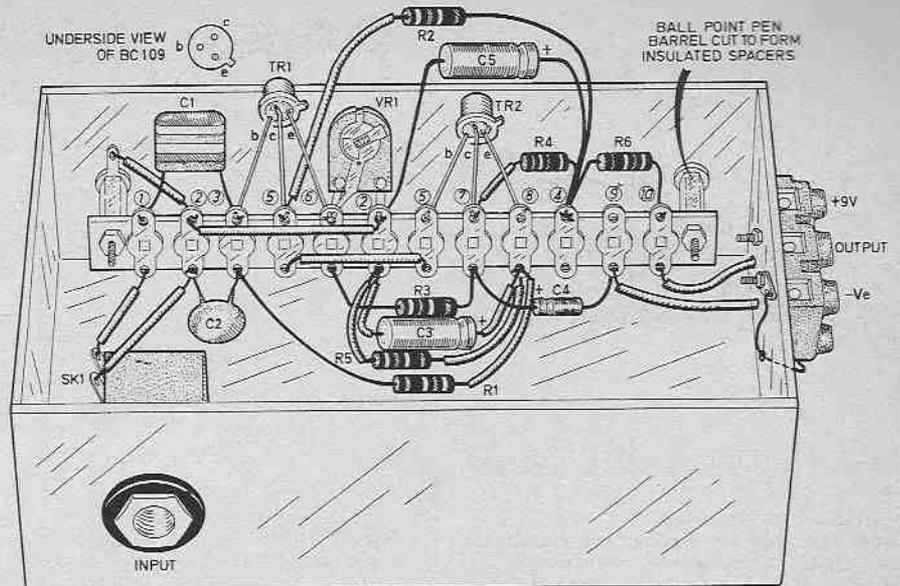


Fig. 2. Interior of completed unit. Certain components (R2, C5, TR1 and TR2) have been swung away from their normal position in this drawing for clarity. Encircled numbers on a tag strip correspond with those on the circuit diagram.

measures about 100×70×40mm and accepted the 12-way tag strip comfortably.

The type of output connection is not crucial and can be chosen to suit the needs of the user. Some type of multi-way socket is possible: the connections needed are power supply positive, live output and common (earth) so a three-way connection (or two plus "earth") is needed.

SCREW CONNECTOR BLOCKS

For the prototype the leads were brought out through small holes and taken to a strip of screw-terminal connectors (of the type sold in electrical shops and sometimes called a "chocolate block" from the colour of some makes).

The plastic kinds of chocolate block (which are usually made of transparent polythene these days) are easily cut into convenient lengths with a sharp knife. This kind of output connector can be used for either

permanent or temporary connections and is easily adapted to quick hook-ups with croc-clip leads by fitting short pieces of thick bare wire to the terminals.

USING THE AMPLIFIER

The only adjustment needed is to set VR1 to suit the microphone. (It is assumed, of course that there will be a volume control elsewhere in the complete audio system of which the amplifier forms part.) For this reason VR1 should be positioned so that it is easily accessible when the lid is removed. It can then be adjusted while the microphone is in use.

If for some reason a higher gain than normal is needed VR1 should be given a lower value. (Presets down to about 100 ohms are readily obtainable.) However it should always be remembered in audio work that it is a good rule to use the lowest gain that will do the job in hand.

Next Month: Continuity Tester

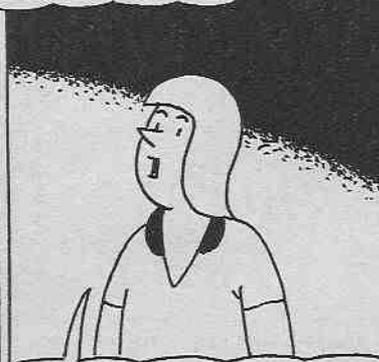
JACK PLUG & FAMILY...

BY DOUG BAKER

YOUR BURGLAR ALARM, DADDY—I'VE SMASHED IT TO PIECES BECAUSE IT DIDN'T WORK.



WHAT! HOW DO YOU KNOW IT DIDN'T WORK?



IF IT HAD WE WOULD'VE HEARD IT IN THE NIGHT...

... WHEN FATHER CHRISTMAS GOT INTO THE HOUSE.



SQUARE One

FOR BEGINNERS

In the two previous SQUARE ONE articles we have talked about the materials used to assemble circuit components and the essential tools for constructors; and we have had a look at the three most significant and widely used electronic components, the resistor, the capacitor, and the transistor.

Now it is time to consider putting these items together—that means soldering. But first of all we have to obtain our components.

BUYING COMPONENTS

If you are lucky, there may be an electronic component shop in your town or within easy reach. But it is a fact that the majority of constructors obtain their components by mail order. A look through our advertisement pages will show many retailers who operate a mail order service (some of these do also have retail shops for personal shoppers).

The first step should be to obtain two or three or more catalogues from different advertisers. The charge made for catalogues varies, from a few pence upwards to a £1, and reflects the size of the publication, the range of stock described, the technical detail included, and the amount of illustrations. A small collection of retailer's catalogues will prove a most valuable source of reference.

Component retailers include those who offer a very wide, nearly comprehensive, range of electronic components and those who specialise in a more restricted range of particular items. In the course of time, the constructor finds himself dealing with both kinds of retailers.

Studying these catalogues will make you familiar with components and the typical sizes and values usually stocked.

When ordering from a catalogue, do follow carefully the retailer's instructions; quote appropriate catalogue or stock number for each item and use the order form if one is provided. In the absence of any particular instructions from the supplier, describe the

required components in the same manner as in our Components Lists (see any EE Constructional Projects).

SOLDERING

The essence of practical circuit building is soldering. This is the technique—some will call it an Art—of permanently joining together two or more wires or metal parts so that a good electrical contact is made. The joint must be (1) sound mechanically, and (2) it must form a very low resistance path.

While a soldered joint might appear to satisfy (1), it could fail on (2). This is where the ART of soldering comes in.

The two surfaces to be joined must be clean and free from grease. The wire leads of resistors, capacitors, and transistors are pre-tinned and no other preparation is normally required for brand new components.

Insert the component leads into the appropriate holes in the circuit board. Check once again the correctness of the connections by referring to the component layout diagram and/or the circuit diagram.

Make each lead mechanically secure by bending its protruding end to a slight angle with a pair of thin-nosed pliers. Fig. 1a.

Switch on the soldering iron. Wait about 15 seconds and then touch the end of a piece of resin core solder to the tip. If the solder runs instantly over the bit surface, the iron is sufficiently hot for work. Fig. 1b.

Well "tin" the iron bit with molten solder (a thin covering—NOT a pool) then apply the bit to the point of contact of the lead strip and at the same time apply the solder. Solder should flow almost immediately. As soon as the immediate area of connection is covered with molten solder quickly remove first the solder and then the iron. Fig. 1c.

Take care not to disturb the leads or components at any time during this operation, or for a few seconds after the iron has been removed. A good reliable joint will have a bright lustre. A bad (possibly "dry joint") will have a dull surface.

PRACTISE IS ESSENTIAL

Before working with actual components knock a few copper panel pins into a block of wood. Practise tinning the tops of these pins. Next hook short lengths of thin tinned copper wire (of about 22 or 24 s.w.g.) around these pins, squeeze tight with thin-nosed pliers; and solder.

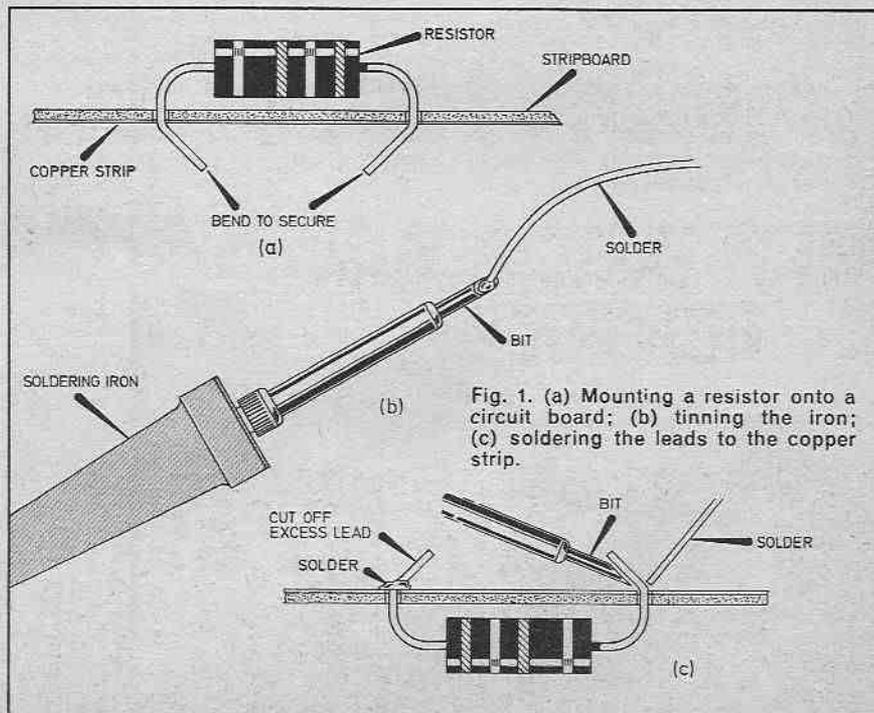


Fig. 1. (a) Mounting a resistor onto a circuit board; (b) tinning the iron; (c) soldering the leads to the copper strip.

NEXT MONTH

LIGHT REMINDER

For forgetful drivers. Emits a loud two-tone warning when the lights are on and ignition off. Includes a useful parking over-ride facility.

**2 SIMPLE
PROJECTS**

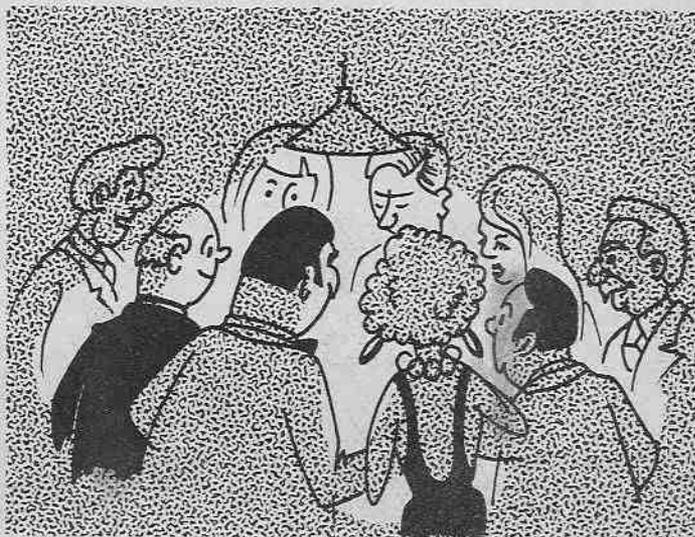
CONTINUITY TESTER

Our latest Mini-Module is a useful piece of test gear. Easy and inexpensive, of course.

HI FI HEADPHONE ENHANCER

An extremely simple circuit device that gives an additional dimension to two-channel sound.

**"What are they
playing?..."**



... our SOLID-STATE ROULETTE GAME"

Bring the excitement of the casino into your own home with this electronic version of the No. 1 sport in Monte Carlo. The Unit has a full thirty-seven position wheel and table.

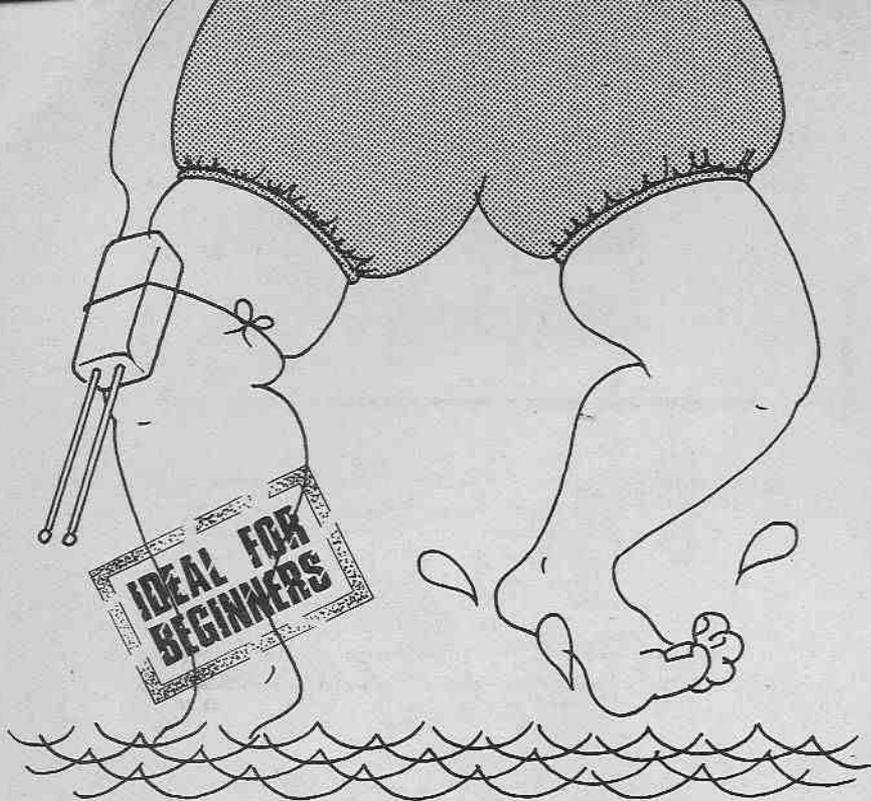
Special Feature MAKING PCB'S

If you are interested in making your own printed circuit boards you will not want to miss this special feature containing all the steps involved from raw materials through to the completed board.

Everyday ELECTRONICS

JANUARY

ISSUE ON SALE
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15



Water Level Alert

By A. R. Winstanley

APPEARANCE

This device is a little different from others previously described in that the actual physical appearance of it has been kept as aesthetic as possible. In particular the design of the sensor has, in the author's opinion, been greatly

NO DOUBT we have all at one time or another been somewhat unpopular with the other members of the household because all of the available hot water has been consumed by a certain person whilst taking a bath!

Possibly one of the safer plays here is to ardently deny using up the hot water and blame the inherent inefficiency of the water heating system, but somehow this does not seem to work.

Whilst the device to be described would not indicate how much hot water is left it will tell you in no uncertain terms when to let up on the taps, and thus hopefully keep the peace.

A specially designed sensor is placed inside the bath, and when the rising water touches the sensor, an alarm tone sounds. At this point you should turn off the taps or continue to draw water at your peril! On a slightly more serious note though, its main use, of course, is to enable the user to run a bath and leave it unattended, the alarm sounding when the water has reached the required level.

improved. After all, the appearance of a unit which is to be used in a domestic environment is important.

It is recognised that Veroboard-type sensors, where the water bridges adjacent strips of copper, thus sounding the alarm, are quite cheap and effective, but their appearance is none too pleasing and the actual construction does not make them suitable for use in the bathroom. On the other hand, custom designed printed circuit board sensors look very pleasing, but it is reckoned that not too many people have printed-circuit etching facilities.

One of the design criteria, therefore, was to come up with a water level sensor which could be assembled out of readily available materials, but which was quite cheap, durable and most of all attractive.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The complete circuit diagram of the Water Level Alert appears in Fig. 1.

When water bridges the two probes, C1 charges up very quickly and turns on TR1 and TR2, which form a high-gain transistor switch. Each npn transistor requires the base to be about 0.6V more positive than the emitter for the device to switch hard on.

Thus when the base of TR1 is at 1.2V both transistors will switch on. The emitter current of TR1 becomes the base current of TR2, and so only a very tiny current is required in the base of TR1 to switch TR2 hard on.

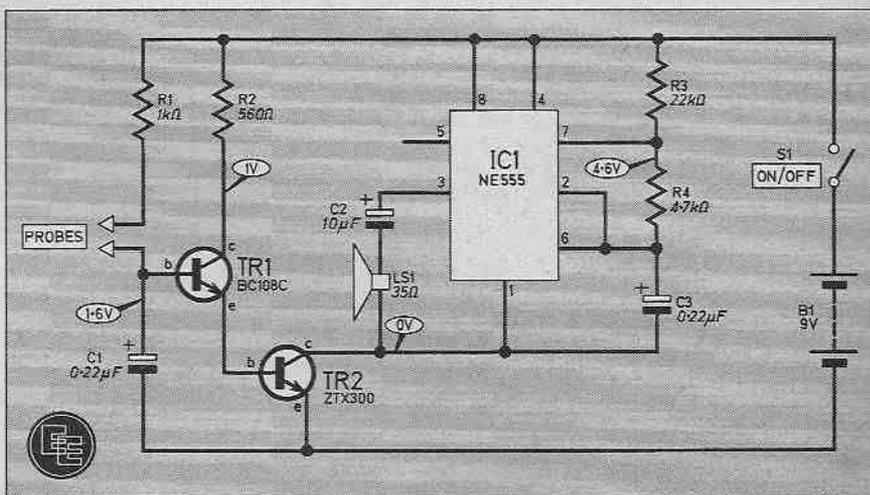
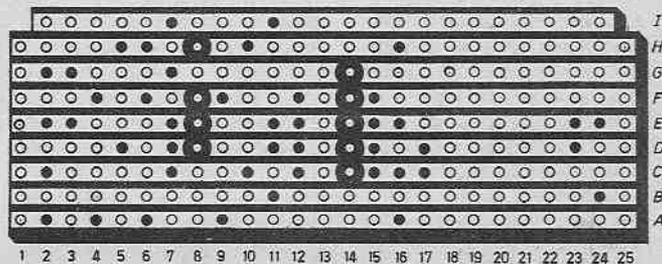
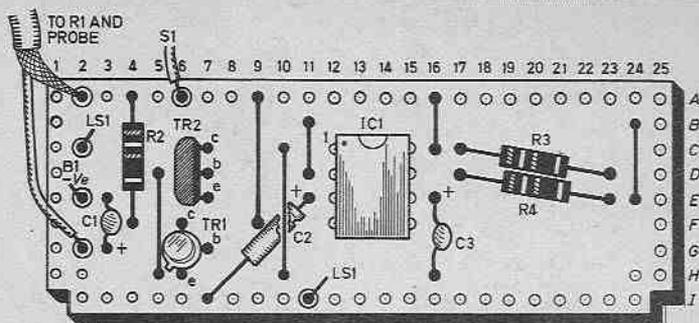


Fig. 1. Circuit diagram of the Water Level Alert.

COMPONENTS
approximate
cost **£3.00**
 excluding cases



● VEROPINS

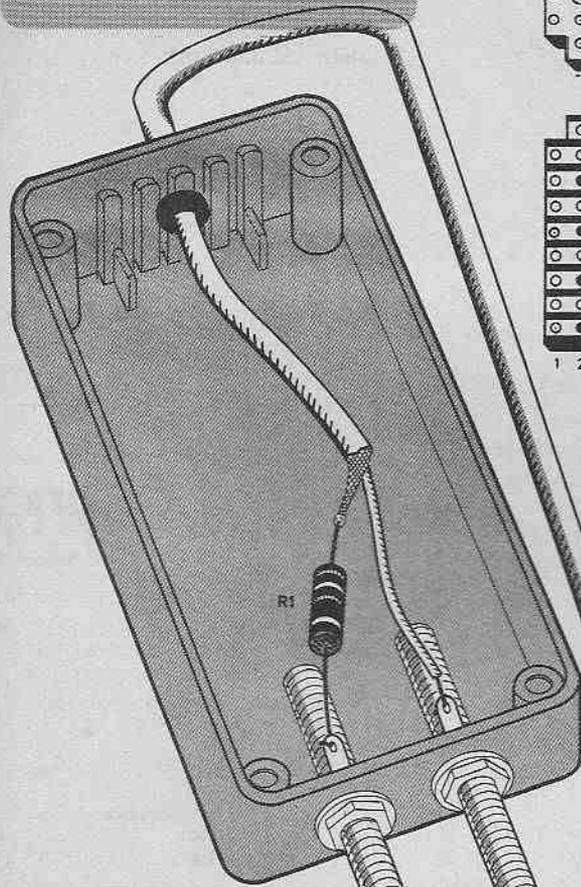


Fig. 2. Probe construction details. A series of small holes are also drilled on the underside to allow for drainage.

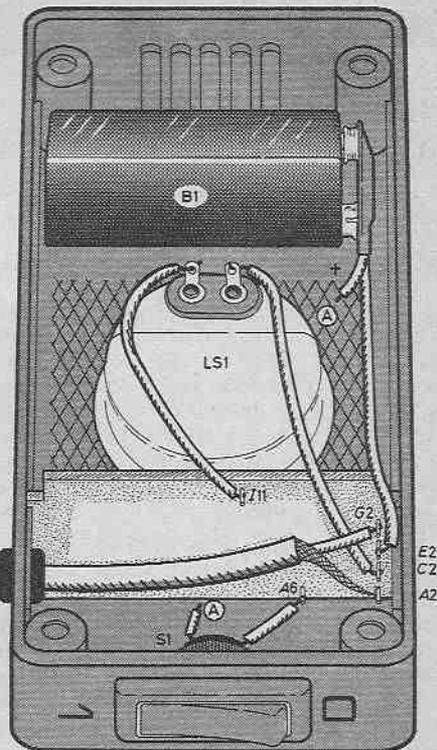
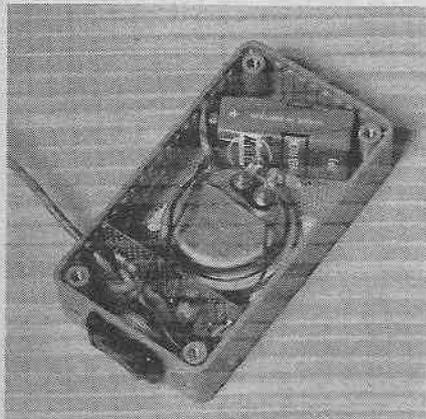


Fig. 3. Complete wiring details for the unit. Veropins are used as required.

Integrated circuit, IC1 and its associated components form an astable oscillator, and power is applied to this when TR2 switches on. The output, pin 3, is differentiated by C2 and LS1 which converts the rough square wave into a positive and negative spike.

CONSTRUCTION starts here

The system is housed in two plastic boxes. The first measures 100 × 50 × 25mm and forms the probe; the second measures 110 × 60 × 30mm and carries the electronics.

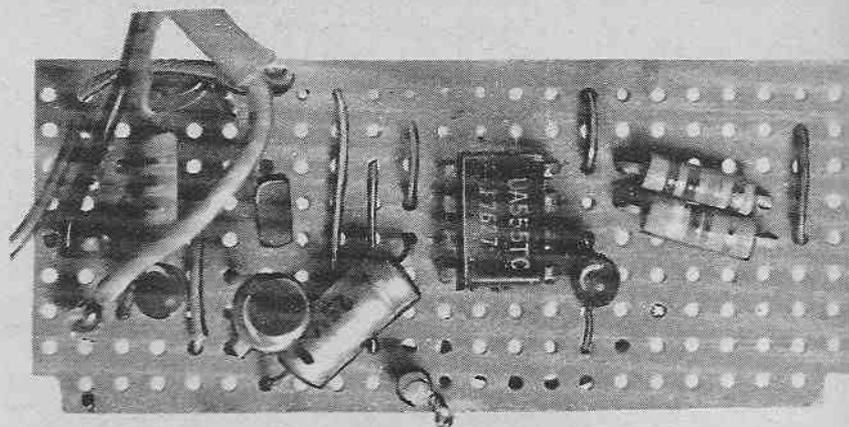
PROBE

The construction of the probe unit is illustrated in Fig. 2. Two 2BA threaded brass rods are used, each 150mm in length, and these are bolted to the case so that two 130mm probes protrude outwards. Connections to the rods are made by using a couple of 2BA solder tags, and a length of single core screened cable connects them to the other case. Note how R1 is included in the sensor unit.

DRAINAGE

Finish off the sensor by lettering it as necessary. Then glue two end pieces onto the ends of the brass rods. This will prevent the rods from scratching the bath enamel, and it will further enhance the appearance. Two plastic caps from some discarded Biro refill tubes were used on the prototype.

If water does manage to get into the sensor case, it will accumulate inside at the bottom and eventually short the probes, sounding the alarm tone. To counter this, a series of 1mm holes are drilled near the bottom of the back panel to allow the water to drain away. The use of brass rods in the manner described has resulted in a quite attractive and very strong probe unit.



Component layout for the alarm circuit board.

COMPONENTS

Resistors

R1 1k Ω
R2 560 Ω
R3 22k Ω
R4 4.7k Ω
All $\frac{1}{4}$ W carbon $\pm 5\%$

Capacitors

C1 0.22 μ F 25V tantalum
C2 10 μ F 25V elect.
C3 0.22 μ F 25V tantalum

Semiconductors

IC1 NE555V timer i.c.
TR1 BC108C npn silicon
TR2 ZTX300 npn silicon

Miscellaneous

LS1 35 ohm earpiece (or similar moving coil loudspeaker approx. 40mm diameter)
S1 single pole, single throw rocker switch
B1 9V PP3 battery

Stripboard 0.1 inch matrix 23 holes by 9 strips; clip to suit battery; two 150mm lengths of 2BA studding; 2BA hardware; 8 pin socket to suit IC1; length of screened cable; piece of aluminium speaker grille; one plastic case 100 × 50 × 25mm, one plastic case 110 × 60 × 30mm; epoxy glue; connecting wire.

See
**Shop
Talk**
page 857

ALARM UNIT

The remainder of the circuit is built on a small piece of stripboard 23 holes by 9 strips. These dimensions allowed the circuit board to be retained by the guides in the case, and a different size (and layout) could be used if necessary, to suit the type of case purchased by the constructor.

The stripboard arrangement and other wiring is shown in Fig. 3. During construction, make certain that the capacitors are soldered in the right way round. Tantalum capacitors are used for C1 and C3 because of their small size, but they are very polarity sensitive.

It is recommended that an 8 pin d.i.l. socket is used with IC1. This will prevent damage being caused to the NE555 through excessive heating during soldering.

In particular observe the orientation of the transistor leads.

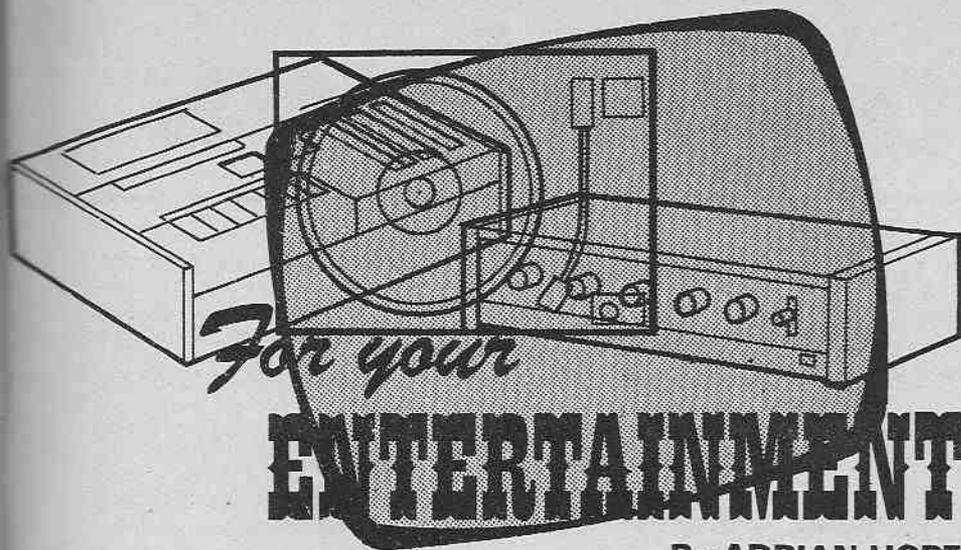
Drill the larger case to take the on/off switch and cable entry from the sensor. A 30mm cut-out was

made for the loudspeaker. A small piece of aluminium mesh was stuck inside the case over the cut-out, and then the earpiece was fixed over this using epoxy glue. Finally letter the case as necessary and apply a coat of clear protective lacquer.

With both cases completed, and all interconnections made, thoroughly check out the circuit board for mistakes. Look out for reversed polarities of components, whiskers of solder bridging adjacent strips, etc.

If all is well, connect the battery and switch on. Bridge the probes with a finger and thumb, this should cause the alarm to sound. Release the sensor and the tone should cease.

The device is now completed and ready for use. The probe can be stuck inside the bath using double-sided adhesive strip. The main unit should be positioned where it can be heard with the bath running. \square



By ADRIAN HOPE

Last month we looked at paging but left unmentioned the important matter of the transmission frequencies used.

Inductive systems, relying on a closed loop running round the site to be paged, operate on a frequency of between 16 and 150kHz, often around 35kHz. But closed loop induction is inflexible and can't possibly serve a large site, for instance a sprawling factory or airport. So radio systems must be used on many sites, the transmission power being very carefully calculated and controlled to ensure that the paging signals do not stray off site.

The power involved can be remarkably low; the whole of London airport is paged with just a two-watt transmitter. Only occasionally will on-site powers reach 5 watts.

Radio transmission is, of course, also used for public paging. In London, the Post Office uses nine transmitters each of a hundred watts. Their aerial patterns overlap so the receivers have to be carefully designed to ignore phasing errors. This isn't too difficult because the signals being transmitted are in digital code rather than analogue speech. But clearly there is unlikely ever to be city area paging with speech.

Wave lengths

Now, the actual wavelengths. In Britain legitimate on-site walkie-talkie paging systems are split between u.h.f. and v.h.f., the speech is sent out from control on u.h.f. (at around 458MHz) and speech back to control comes in on v.h.f. (around 161MHz). The Post Office Radio Paging, bleep-only digital system also operates on v.h.f., at around 150MHz.

But the majority of on-site bleep systems are on 27MHz and hospitals are by a special dispensation allowed in emergencies to transmit real or synthesised speech as well as bleeps on this frequency. Return speech, that is from the bleeped doctor, is again on

161MHz. In fact return speech, whether in response to a message sent out on an inductive loop on 27MHz or on 458MHz, is always on the 161MHz band in the UK.

Citizen Band

Finally does that frequency 27MHz ring any bells with you? It should, because it's the frequency on which most Citizens Band walkie-talkies operate. If CB on 27MHz were to be legalised in the UK, it would effectively cripple the hospitals of England overnight, by jamming their bleep and emergency speech communication systems. This, more than anything else, confirms that if we do get CB in the UK it won't be on 27MHz.

Ultrasonics

Although the Home Office and Post Office together strictly regulate any transmissions (whether of bleeps, speech, radio control or anything else) their terms of reference leave some methods of transmission unregulated. Thus although it is illegal to remote-control a television or Hi-Fi System using modulated radio waves, it is quite legal and legitimate to remote-control using modulated sound waves.

For obvious reasons the sound waves used for remote-control are ultra-sonic, that is of too high a pitch to be heard by human beings, and more and more domestic systems are now using ultrasonic remote control.

The only snag is that some people, especially very young children, and most animals can hear frequencies inaudible to the average middle-aged engineer. So ultrasonic controls are not welcome in all households. This is why another type of control—infra red, is becoming popular.

The Post Office and Home Office only have powers to regulate *radio* transmission and the infra red band comes next to the radio bands in the electro-magnetic spectrum. It is in fact sandwiched between visible light

and the very highest radio frequencies as used for radar. Infra red beams can be used not only for remote control but high quality speech transmission as well.

There are already conference systems and cordless HiFi headphones that rely on modulated infra red as the unseen connecting link, and very good they can be. The only snag with infra red links is that they are, like visible light, directional. Whereas a radio aerial can send out control signals in virtually all directions, at the same time, an infra red transmitter has to be aimed fairly accurately at the receiver.

Light Links

Another type of link that falls outside the Post Office and Home Office regulations is the light link. In practice this usually means laser links and it is possible to carry very high fidelity audio, and even video, signals by modulating a laser beam. The beam can either be carried along optical fibres, and thereby round corners, or can be beamed direct like a pencil-thin searchlight.

Bugging

Already laser links are being used to replace hard wire electrical links in some situations (for example; for security against fire, interference or illegitimate tapping) and for the most part they involve the use of optical fibres.

Clearly it is for the most part unsatisfactory to carry messages via a direct laser beam travelling in space from A to B. But there is however one case where direct laser beams are used as links and that is in the rather shady area of bugging.

However shady the area may be, laser beam bugging devices come outside the wavelength regulations and have already been openly advertised for sale to the public through the press.

The beam from a low power laser is aimed at a window of a room to be bugged. The window will be vibrating to a minute extent in sympathy with whatever speech is going on in the room and the laser beam is so angled on the window surface that it reflects back to the source where there is a light detector.

The reflected beam carries an exact replica of the window vibrations and on demodulation produces an exact reproduction of the speech in the room. Perhaps fortunately such systems can be defeated. For one thing the beam is fairly easily visible, especially if you wear polarising spectacles.

For another thing it is possible to muffle the sound reproduced by drawing curtains across the window or confuse the sound by playing a radio set close to the window pane.

Everyday News



FULLY IN COMMAND

About 75 per cent of military communications are carried out on f.m. at very high frequencies (v.h.f.). Yet under tactical conditions in the field, the local terrain may make v.h.f. communication difficult, or impossible.

A major breakthrough by Plessey is likely to overcome the direct-line-of-sight "problem" and so have a major

impact in battlefield v.h.f. communications. This new concept in radio technology, Groundsat, provides common-channel automatic repeater facilities for both the command post and soldiers on the battlefield using an un-manned station which operates on the same frequency.

Groundsat is no larger than a conventional man-pack radio. Whilst being carried to a position for deployment it may be used as a conventional v.h.f. f.m. man-pack radio. Once deployed in position Groundsat works entirely unattended and can be easily hidden. Groundsat only goes into operation on demand. The radio operator can summon Groundsat to his aid by simply depressing his press-to-talk switch twice.

Unlike conventional rebroadcast stations which require the use of several different frequencies to avoid interference, Groundsat allows reception and transmission of messages simultaneously on the same channel.

In military operations the Command Post and the detachments can take full advantage of hollows for concealment and protection, while reliable communication is assured through the unattended relay station Groundsat deployed on a nearby hillside.

During field demonstration in hilly terrain witnessed by EE a 100mW Groundsat relay station sited on a hill permitted good communication to be maintained over a distance of 3 to 4 kilometres between base and mobile stations. Whereas from the same locations direct contact with the base was impossible, even when using a higher-powered packset with 20W output. At the relay site the two vertical rod aerials placed 18 metres apart were unobtrusive and apparently were not adversely affected by nearby trees.

The Ministry of Defence has expressed the view that Groundsat will have great potentials and has ordered equipment for field tests by the Army.

Space for Communications

The United Kingdom was the 16th nation to sign up as a partner in the European Communications Satellite (ECS) project. The satellite is expected to be launched in 1981 and will be used for trials until 1983 when a second, standby, will be launched and the service will commence. Design aim is for 12,000 telephone channels and two TV channels which can all be used simultaneously.

Each nation's cash contribution is proportional to the estimated use of the satellite. Britain's share is 15 per cent, equal with France, the largest contributors. The estimated overall cost of the project is not revealed. As well as the satellites, in geostationary orbit

over the equator, it is expected that a network of at least 15 major earth stations plus six TV-only smaller dishes will be installed.

Marine Links

Increased use of satellites has in no way diminished the need for submarine cables which are also used to contain the international communications explosion. New cables are currently being laid between Eastbourne and St Valery-en-Caux, France, and between the Norfolk coast and Denmark to expand the Nordic service to Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Finland.

Each will carry 4,000 simultaneous telephone channels and the repeaters, of which 108 will be used in the Nordic link, will use the latest type 40 long-life transistors developed by the British Post Office.

An experimental fibre optic data communication link 550 metres long has been installed at a pulp mill in Sweden. It links a micro-computer-based remote terminal to a central computer.

MACS on the way

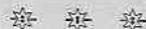
"Early next year" is scheduled for the introduction of Motorola Advanced Computer System (MACS). MACS is the 16-bit micro-computer which will be developed into a micro-computer family".

The single-chip central processor will have 70,000 devices packed into the same size as present MPU chips and will have ten times the throughput of the original Motorola M6800 MPU. It is forecast, in fact, that MACS will exceed the performance of many of today's mini-computers—on a single chip!

PERSONAL "SHRINK"

The microcomputer software people, Petsoft, have just released a new catalogue of over one hundred business, educational and applications programs for the Commodore PET home computer, including the long awaited Microchess program (£14).

One program from the new range which is already causing a stir is "Eliza", which simulates a consultation with a psychiatrist. The program runs on the standard 8K PET, and is believed to be the first conversation simulator available in UK.



The popular PET micro-computer is now being assembled in the UK at Eaglescliffe. Commodore Business Machines (UK) Ltd forecasts that production in the UK will reach 250 units a week by the end of the year.



In Camera

Five independent TV companies in the UK have now joined the shopping list for Marconi Mk IX family of colour TV cameras introduced to the market last April.

Biggest single order came from Granada Television, Manchester, for 27 cameras valued at over £1 million. Eighteen are for studio use and nine portables for outside broadcasts. The other four users are Scottish TV, Tyne Tees, Anglia TV and Southern TV.

Marconi have also been busy supplying new medium wave transmitters for the big programme wavelength reshuffle due this month (November). Of 24 new transmitters, each of 50kW output, eleven were contracted to be installed and operational by mid-November and the remainder during next year.

Back To School

Our Photograph shows the Speak & Spell microprocessor learning aid from Texas that was mentioned in these pages last month.

The learning aid is aimed at helping children to spell and pronounce over 200 basic vocabulary words and has been developed with the guidance of leading educators. The aid helps children learn by letting them hear, see and spell a word; keying in the correct answer scores points, incorrect gives a "try again" readout.

Further news from Texas is the announcement that their popular maths learning calculator "Little Professor" has been reduced in price to £11.50 including VAT.



The Sinclair 2-inch Microvision TV is used as the basis of a video monitor, now available as either a stand-alone portable unit with internal batteries or as a panel-mounted unit.

Picture resolution is stated to be 325 lines and used as a data terminal the unit can resolve up to 40 characters per line, 24 lines.



World First

The IBA-developed system of digital video recording, claimed to be the most advanced system yet demonstrated, is being taken up by two of the world's leading VTR (Video Tape Recording) manufacturers, and negotiations are at an advanced stage with several others.

Agreements have been signed between the Independent Broadcasting Authority and Bosch Fernseh (Robert Bosch Ltd) and Sony Broadcast, representing major broadcast engineering companies with headquarters in West Germany and Japan respectively.

Under the agreements IBA engineers will provide full know-how and technical advice on the world's first digital system capable of producing colour television pictures on one inch magnetic tape at tape speeds of under ten inches per second.

RANDOM TIME

It seems likely that Texas Instruments will be first in the field with the 64k random access memory (RAM). Samples are expected to be available to the trade this month (November) and production quantities should be available soon afterwards.

ANALYSIS

VERY WELL, THANK YOU!

The silicon chip and, by implication, the whole of electronics has experienced this year an unprecedented barrage of popular publicity, much of it adverse. Instant opinions, mainly from the technologically illiterate, have even suggested that the chip, harmless in itself, is inherently evil and that its widespread application can do nothing but harm. Well, we must all form our own judgements. Almost anything you can think of can be put to use for good or bad.

There is one application of electronics, however, on which there should be no disagreement that the outcome is wholly beneficial and that is in health care. Medical electronics is now fully established as a specialist branch of the electronics industry.

It all started before the chip, in the valve era of the 1930's, with radio diathermy for the relief of aches and pains. It was in those days too, that advances in valve technology allowed the development of high-gain low-noise amplifiers to detect and amplify to a useable level the feeble electrical impulses then only suspected to be generated in the brain, the heart, and in other parts of the human frame.

Electronics soon became a powerful ally in medical research and in the relief of human suffering. What a revolution! Remember that for three hundred years medical science had, as its best tool, only the optical microscope. The advent of the electron microscope, infinitely more powerful, revealed tissue structures and other tiny details, perhaps imagined but never before actually observed.

Similarly with X-ray technology, much refined since Rontgen's discovery of X-rays in 1895, but still with inherent defects in its application until Hounsfield's brilliant concept in 1967 which led to the first clinical trials of the EMI Scanner in 1971 and world-wide adoption since then.

The solid-state era and component miniaturisation made possible the first body implants. The first endoradiosondes ("radio pills") for measuring internal temperatures and pressures. Later, the cardiac pacemaker which has prolonged the lives of countless people, keeping them actively involved in affairs rather than confined to home or hospital.

No operating theatre today is complete without its battery of electronic instruments to display and record parameters like respiration, temperature, heart rate. CCTV allows students to observe every detail of surgery in colour close-up, although at some distance away.

Intensive-care wards have elaborate patient monitoring systems with recorders and alarms which respond to the slightest change in physical condition. And the electroencephalograph (EEG) is a most valuable tool both for research and treatment of mental disorders.

Electronics has transformed the practice of "conventional" medicine and surgery. Now I note with some interest it is also penetrating the areas of "fringe" medicine. A Racal company is supplying £15,000 worth of special panel meters to a West German medical supply company for inclusion in electroacupuncture equipment. Even this ancient Chinese science can apparently benefit from an electronic up-date.

Electronics and the silicon chip which it is now based will remain a good friend, whatever the critics say. Many of us have cause to thank the contribution of electronics when greeted with "How d'you do?" and being able to respond with a heartfelt "Very well, thank you!"

Brian G. Peck



Atomic Surveillance

The new nuclear power stations being built at Hartlepool and Heysham will have TV surveillance for remote handling of irradiated fuel in the underwater storage ponds.

The submerged cameras will be in stainless steel waterproof casings which also contain the remote focus and iris controls.



EE2020

TUNER A

HI-FI SERIES

THE EVERYDAY ELECTRONICS 2020 TUNER AMPLIFIER is primarily intended for the more advanced constructor who would like to build a quality stereo equipment at a cost well below that of a commercial unit of similar performance.

The total outlay for components and materials will be in the region of £90-£120 for the completed project.

All components are readily available and no special equipment is needed for setting up or alignment. The amplifier section has been designed for 20+20 watts output, which, together with a very sensitive f.m. radio section will provide top quality signals under almost any conditions.

Included in the amplifier section are separate controls for bass, treble, volume, balance, high and low frequency filters, and tape monitoring. There is provision for adding a quadrasonic decoder or perhaps a graphic equaliser at a later date.

The tuner section uses the latest techniques including a mosfet r.f. stage, band pass coupling, varicap tuning, separate oscillator with automatic frequency control (d.f.c.), ceramic i.f. filters, quadrature discriminator and a phase lock stereo decoder. Five preset stations are provided in addition to manual tuning.

This may seem a large project to undertake, but in fact, any one who can solder properly and follow the step by step instructions should be able to produce a tuner amplifier equal to those available commercially at a much higher price. The secret of success is to take each section in turn and look upon it as a project in its own right. Thus, instead of one mammoth project, treat the 2020 as a series of small ones.

This is a practical project and no technical knowhow is required other than to be able to follow the diagrams and instructions. Don't rush the construction, take your time, carefully checking each completed section and you will finish up with a tuner amplifier with which you can justifiably be proud to say "I built it myself".

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The EE 2020 Tuner Amplifier is assembled on a metal chassis consisting of a base plate and front and rear panels.

All operating controls appear at the front panel; input and output sockets and terminals are located on the back panel. Complete enclosure can be effected by means of a simple wooden case or "sleeve", and details will be provided for the construction of such a case.

Most of the electronics are assembled on printed circuit boards. There are five p.c.b.s in all. This arrangement is most convenient for the construction, and enables the work to proceed by instalments in an orderly fashion, section by section.

The plan of the 2020 series of articles is as follows:

- Part 1 Introduction, Specification, Circuit Diagrams and Technical Description. Bulk Components List.
- Part 2 & 3 Construction of the p.c.b.s and Individual Component Lists.
- Part 4 Construction of Chassis
- Part 5 Assembly within the Chassis and Inter-unit Wiring
- Part 6 Setting Up and Operation

BULK COMPONENTS LIST

All resistors, potentiometers, capacitors, semiconductors and pushbutton switches required are listed below. This will assist the constructor to obtain the advantages of bulk buying.

Fully detailed Components Lists for each sub-section will accompany the p.c.b. and component layout diagrams to be published in the next two articles.

All miscellaneous items including hardware and material for the chassis will be specified in the appropriate parts of this series.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

An overall view of the EE 2020 Tuner Amplifier System is given in the block diagram Fig. 1.1. Apart from showing the electronic organisation, this block diagram broadly indicates the physical arrangement: the subdivision of the whole into easily

manageable sections, each built on a printed circuit board. These boards are designated A, B, C, D and E.

Interconnections between boards are made via terminal pins. These are shown as open circles on the circuit diagrams Fig. 1.2a and Fig. 1.2b and each has a unique identification. Following "T" the second letter indicates the board; TA1, TE8 and so on. The useful function provided by these terminal pins will become apparent when the practical building work is in hand.

Where the circuitry is duplicated for the left and right stereo channels, terminal pins are marked in all layout and wiring diagrams with an additional letter "(a)" or "(b)" signifying left or right channel respectively. For example, TB9a, TB9b. The circuit diagram however shows only one channel ("a" or "left") and all terminal pins which are duplicated are shown with a suffix "a".

Beyond the stereo decoder IC2 and up to and including the Power Amplifier stages the circuitry divides into two identical channels. Only one channel ("a" or "left") is shown in the circuit diagrams, but the second is an exact replica of that shown. All these additional components are fully accounted for in the component lists and in the detailed layouts for the appropriate p.c.b.s.

In all these lists and diagrams duplicated or "twinned" components are distinguished by the suffix ("a") for left hand channel and ("b") for right hand channel.

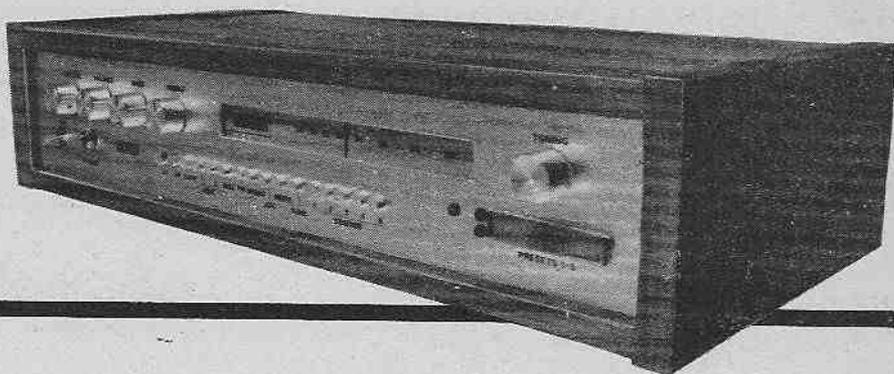
In the circuit diagrams Fig. 1.2a and Fig. 1.2b one channel only is shown, and all the components in these areas can be considered as having the suffix ("a") (for example, R41(a) and TR5(a)), although only a few components, such as the pushbutton switches and the phono sockets, have actually been so labelled in Fig. 1.2a and Fig. 1.2b.

R.F. SECTION

In any hi-fi receiver system one of the most important parts is the radio frequency (r.f.) section. Radio signals can range in strength from a few microvolts in a fringe area, to perhaps a hundred millivolts or more close to a transmitter. The weaker signals

BY E.A. RULE*

AMPLIFIER PART 1



must be amplified without adding any noise or distortion (as this could not be removed later) to a suitable level for the mixer stage, and very strong signals may need to be reduced in level to prevent overload of the mixer.

A range of signal levels from 1 microvolt to 100 millivolts is a working range of 100dB and in some locations signals of over 1 volt could be encountered (a range of 120dB!). Should the r.f. sections fail to handle this range of signal levels, then cross modulation and other undesirable effects could take place.

Under practical conditions, there would be more than one signal presented to the r.f. section at any one time and another important requirement is r.f. selectivity. The r.f. section must select the wanted signal and reject all the others. In general the more tuned circuits before the mixer stage the higher the r.f. selectivity.

The selected signal is mixed with a local oscillator signal to produce the intermediate frequency (i.f.), the difference between the two, at which all further processing of the signal takes place. As a narrow bandwidth (250kHz approximately) is used in the i.f. amplifier to provide good adjacent channel selectivity the local oscillator must be very stable in frequency, otherwise the resulting i.f. signal would drift out of the i.f. pass band and distortion of the signal would result.

For the Everyday Electronics 2020 tuner amplifier it was decided to use a commercial r.f. section and the unit selected for this is the excellent TOKO EF5600U. This uses a dual gate MOSFET r.f. amplifier with automatic gain control and is capable of handling signals over a range from 0.8 microvolts to well over 100 millivolts. It has four varicap tuned circuits before the mixer which provide a very high degree of r.f. selectivity—with over 90dB of rejection at the image and other unwanted frequencies being obtained.

*T and T Electronics

Our author has been engaged in research and development in the Hi Fi field for the last 30 years, and has been responsible for many commercial products.

SPECIFICATION

AUDIO SECTION

Power Output (both channels driven) into 8 ohm load 20 + 20 watts r.m.s.

Power Bandwidth at -1dB: 20Hz—20kHz

Harmonic distortion at rated power:

at 10kHz	0.24%
at 1kHz	0.18%
at 40Hz	0.10%
at 1 watt	0.16%

Damping Factor: 40

Rise Time: Power Amplifier only

5μsec

Overall

7μsec

Stability

unconditional

Frequency response:

Power Amplifier only -1dB	20Hz—20kHz
Overall: Aux inputs ±1dB	20Hz—20kHz
Disc inputs RIAA ±1dB	20Hz—20kHz

Input	Sensitivity	Overload	Impedance	Hum/Noise
Aux (1+2)*	90mV	2.5V	1 MΩ+200pF	-68dB
Tape	90mV	—	50kΩ approx.	-67dB
Disc**	4mV	110mV	47kΩ approx.	-67dB

* For ceramic or crystal pickup ** For magnetic pickup

Tape Output: 90mV

Tone Controls:

Bass	±15dB at 70Hz
Treble	±15db at 14kHz

Filters:

HF (See curves)	-3dB at 4.5kHz
LF (" ")	-3dB at 26Hz

RADIO SECTION

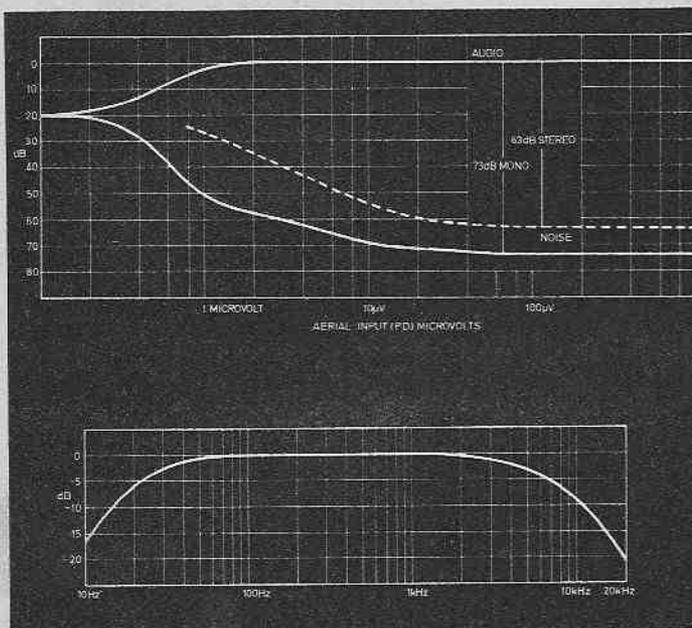
Frequency range 88—102 MHz

	Mono	Stereo
Sensitivity 1HF 30dB (EMF)	1.6μV	
S/N 50dB "	2μV	20μV
Ultimate signal/noise "	72dB	69dB
Harmonic distortion at 100% 1kHz modulation	0.3%	
Image rejection	-100dB	
Repeat spot (F1 + 1/2F)	-100dB	
Capture ratio	2dB	
Selectivity ±400kHz	60dB	
Signal strength meter range	1μV—100mV	
Mute signal level	0.5μV	
" Deviation ±	45kHz	
A.F.C. Hold ±	1MHz	
" Pull in ±	500kHz	

GENERAL

Headphone Jack mutes loudspeakers and couples phones to Power Amplifier output

Cost to make, between £90—£120.



2020 TUNER AMPLIFIER CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

- (a) F.M. Radio. Overall signal to noise for various input signals
- (b) Frequency response of i.f. and h.f. filters
- (c) Frequency response of tone controls showing maximum and minimum settings.

Board A

I.F. AMPLIFIER

The main job of the i.f. amplifier is to provide selectivity, remove unwanted impulse noise and any other amplitude modulation (a.m.) on the signal. The f.m. detector is included in this section, which as well as converting the frequency modulated signal to audio, provides control voltages for automatic frequency correction (a.f.c.). Automatic gain control (a.g.c.) voltage for the r.f. stage is also obtained from the i.f. amplifier section.

A single integrated circuit IC1 provides all these functions except selectivity, which is obtained by using two 10.7MHz ceramic filters F1, F2, which do not require alignment.

IC1 is the RCA CA3198E, a later version of the CA3089. This is a monolithic integrated circuit that provides all the functions of a f.m. i.f. system. It includes a three-stage amplifier/limiter with level detectors for each stage, a double-balanced quadrature detector and a low distortion audio amplifier which features a muting circuit. It also has a programmable delayed a.g.c. for the r.f. section. An output voltage with a log. law is available to drive a signal strength meter, ME1, which will show a useful range of inputs from 1 microvolt to 100 millivolts when used with the EF5600 r.f. unit.

An a.f.c. voltage is provided and this is further amplified by transistors TR1 and TR2 so that it can be operated in conjunction with the main varicap tuning voltage. This method ensures that all the r.f. circuits remain correctly tuned to the required frequency. (The other method of only applying a.f.c. voltage

to the oscillator tuned circuit can cause loss of sensitivity due to mistuning of the r.f. tuned circuits with that of the oscillator.)

A single coil L1 is used with the quadrature detector and provides a low distortion signal to the audio section of the IC1. A double-tuned circuit would give lower distortion, but special equipment would be needed to correctly align the two coils—the single-coil circuit can be simply adjusted using the tuning meter.

The output from the audio section (pin 6) IC1 is at the correct level for feeding into the stereo decoder.

STEREO DECODER

The stereo decoder is designed around the Texas Instruments SN76115AN phase lock loop stereo decoder IC2.

The composite audio signal from IC1 is fed into IC2 at pin 2. IC2 demodulates the audio difference information from the 38kHz subcarrier contained in the composite audio signal. The 38kHz subcarrier is regenerated using an internal 76kHz oscillator phase locked to the pilot tone, the internal oscillator requiring no inductors. The level of the 19kHz pilot tone in the composite signal is detected and used to automatically switch a stereo/mono switch.

The stereo beacon lamp D1 is switched by a signal appearing at pin 6.

Channel 1 (left) signal appears at pin 4 of IC2 and is fed via C18 to a two-stage low distortion amplifier TR3, TR4.

This provides some amplification and also the correct matching for the low-pass stereo filter F3. This filter removes any unwanted 19kHz and 38kHz signals produced by the decoding process and prevents these beat-

ing with a tape recorder bias oscillator. If this happened, recordings from stereo radio would be almost impossible due to unwanted whistles.

Channel 2 (right) signal appears at pin 5 of IC2 and follows a similar route as Channel 1 to the second input of F3. The circuitry between IC2 pin 4 and F3 involving TR3, TR4 and associated components is thus duplicated—appearing between IC2 pin 5 and the second input of F3, although not shown in the circuit diagram.

In all component lists and layout diagrams duplicated components are distinguished by the suffix "a" for left hand channel and "b" for right hand channel.

The two outputs from F3 are fed to their respective pushbutton switches S13a (left hand channel) and S13b (right hand channel) located on Board B.

Only a single preset potentiometer (VR2) requires adjustment to set the correct frequency of the phase lock for optimum stereo separation.

VARICAP TUNING

The varicap diode circuit consists of two main sections: the manual tuning and the pre-set tuning.

The 14.5V stabilised d.c. supply from the power supply module provides the voltage required for tuning. This supply is fed in via TA3 and applied via R28 to the top end of the manual and preset potentiometers, VR3 to VR8 inclusive. The bottom ends of these potentiometers go via the preset VR10 to earth. VR10 is used to set the voltage at the bottom end of the potentiometer to exactly 3.2 volts.

The a.f.c. control circuit is connected to the junction of R28 and the top ends of the tuning potentiometers.

As the current through TR2 varies due to the a.f.c. voltage from the i.f. section it will cause the voltage at the end of R28 to vary and correct any tendency to drift or errors in tuning, by changing the actual voltage supply to the varicap diodes.

This change in voltage is of course arranged to be in the correct phase. If the tuning voltage goes higher the varicaps will adjust to a lower capacity and therefore the frequency of the tuned circuits will go higher. This change will cause the i.f. frequency to also go higher which will mean that the detector will be off tune. A voltage will occur at its output which will increase the current through TR1 and TR2 and in turn cause the voltage drop across R28 to increase thus lowering the varicap voltage and off-setting the original increase. Similarly with the reverse process.

L.E.D. TUNING INDICATOR

The output of each potentiometer goes to a pushbutton switch and any one can be selected for use. In order that the presets can be correctly adjusted to a wanted station it is necessary to provide some means of showing the correct turning point. An op-amp, IC3b, is used for this. One input of the op-amp is connected to the manual tuning potentiometer VR3 and the other input is connected to the selected preset. The output of the op-amp goes to two l.e.d.s connected in parallel but with reverse polarity and these are connected to

a d.c. supply exactly half the supply rail voltage of the op-amp.

If both inputs of the op-amp are equal, the output will be exactly half of the supply voltage and in theory neither l.e.d. will light up. (In practice some unbalance may cause one to light). Now, by first tuning the manual control to the required station and then selecting a preset, at the same time keeping the manual tune button pressed, the voltage from each will be fed to opposite inputs of the op-amp. Adjusting the preset until the l.e.d.s go out (or just change over) will mean that the preset voltage is the same as the manual tuning voltage and that the pre-set is tuned to the same station.

The l.e.d.s will show if the preset is high or low in frequency relative to the manual tuning potentiometer. Final adjustment is made using the tuning meter as an indicator.

Preset VR9 is provided to adjust the offset voltage of IC3.

The other half of the dual op-amp, IC3a, is used to isolate the r.f. unit from the varicap tuning so that its loading effect does not cause inaccurate settings of the presets. It also provides a low impedance drive voltage for the varicap diodes in the r.f. unit.

Board B

CONTROL UNIT

The lower half of Fig. 1.2a is now to be described. All circuitry in this area is, in reality, duplicated, although

only one channel is shown in the diagram.

Apart from the small bottom left corner section (which is the Pick-up Pre-amplifier) the whole of this lower portion of Fig. 1.2a is the Control Unit. All this circuitry is assembled on Board B, except for the four variable controls and the phono sockets which are mounted on the front and rear panels respectively.

Two auxiliary inputs are provided, SK2 and SK3. Either of these may be used with a crystal or ceramic pick-up as their high input impedance of 1 megohm would provide a reasonable match. These inputs are also suitable for any other signal source whatever its output impedance, providing that the signal is approximately 90mV.

A disc input is provided at SK4 (see Pick-up Pre-amplifier).

The output from the pick-up pre-amplifier, along with the AUX inputs from the FM tuner section go to the pushbutton input selector switches S9 to S13 inclusive. All unselected inputs are shorted to earth.

After the required input has been selected it goes to the first stage in the control unit, comprising TR5 and TR6. This is a boot-strapped two-stage amplifier with a high amount of negative feedback. The stage gives around 8dB of gain and has a 1 megohm plus 200pF input impedance and low output impedance.

Following this stage are the high- and low-pass filters. These are active filters giving approximately 12dB/octave slopes. The active stage uses

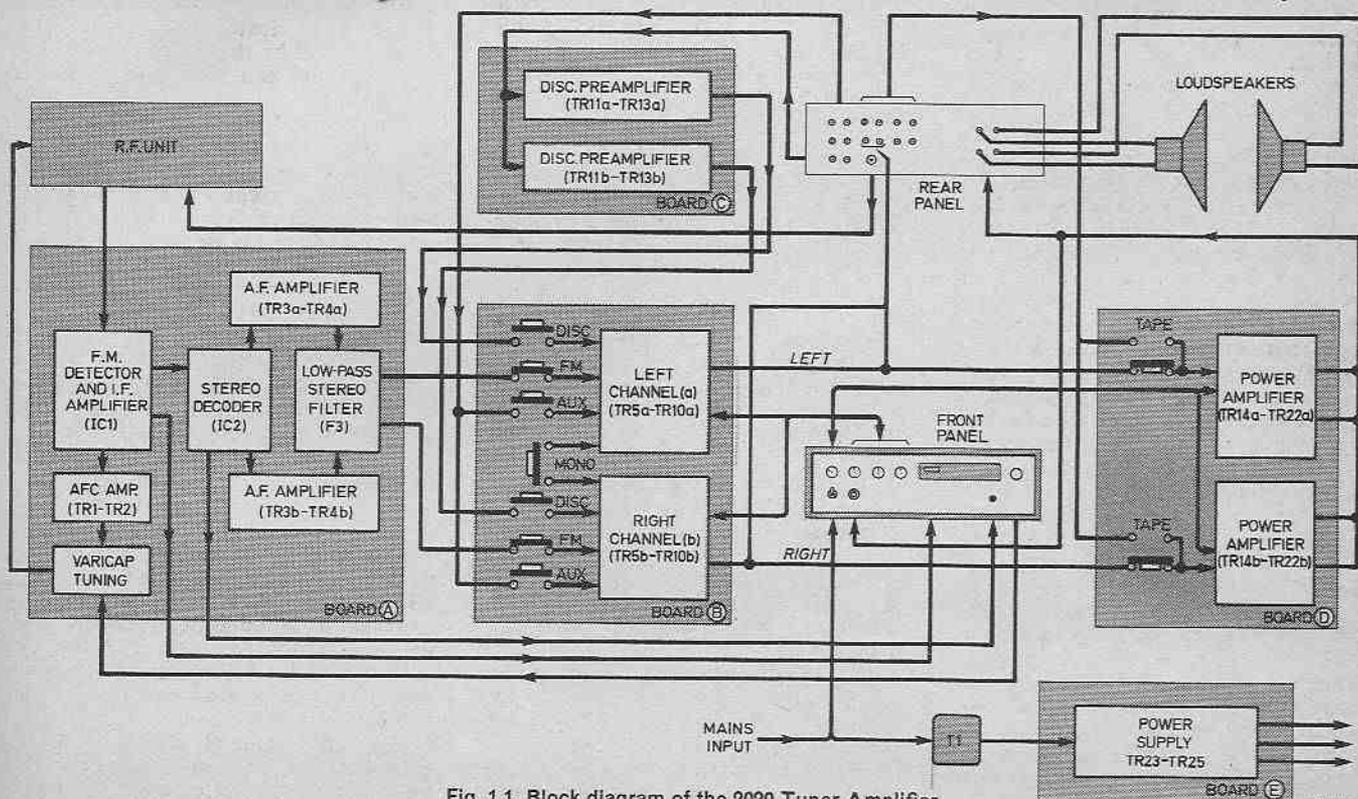
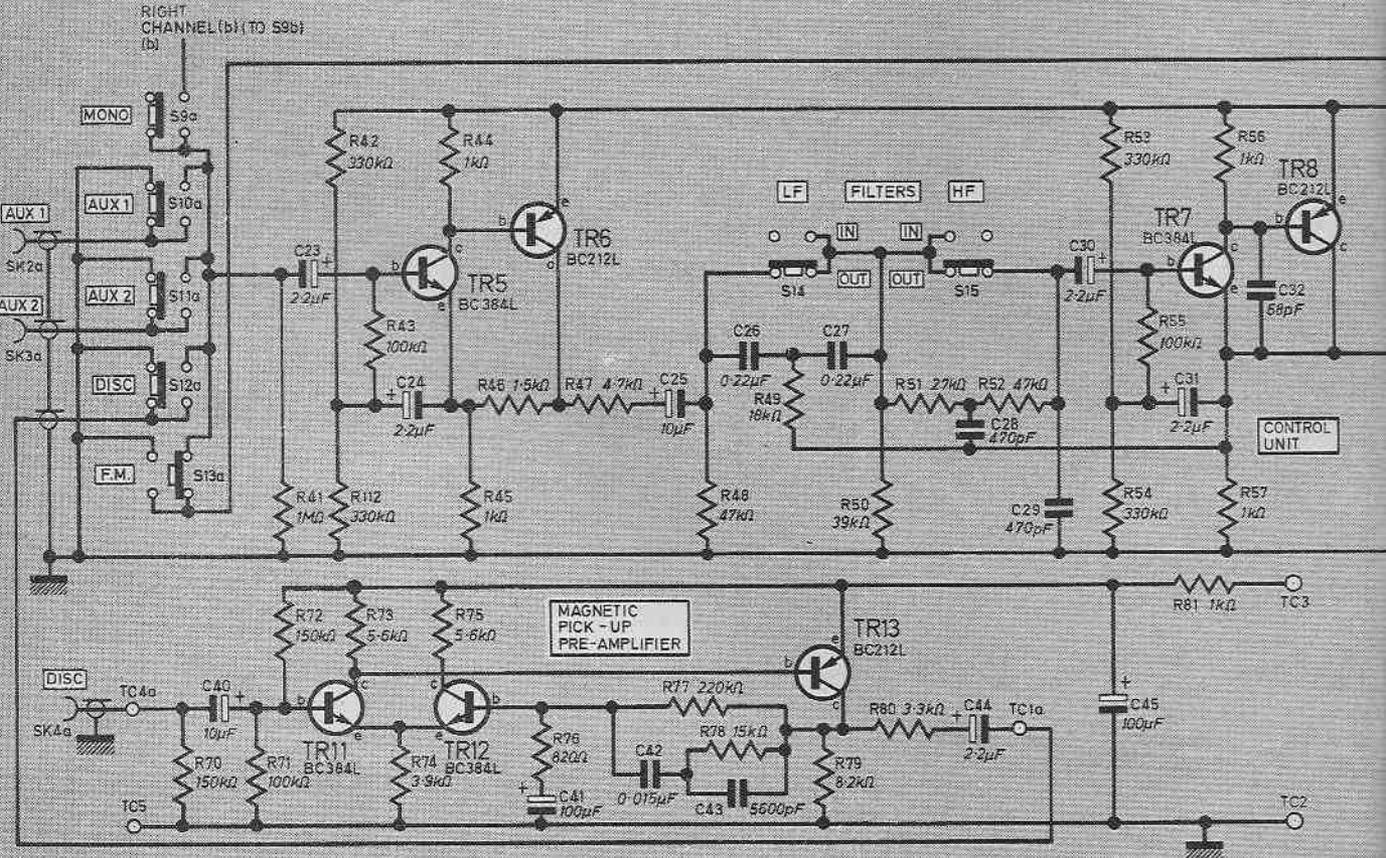
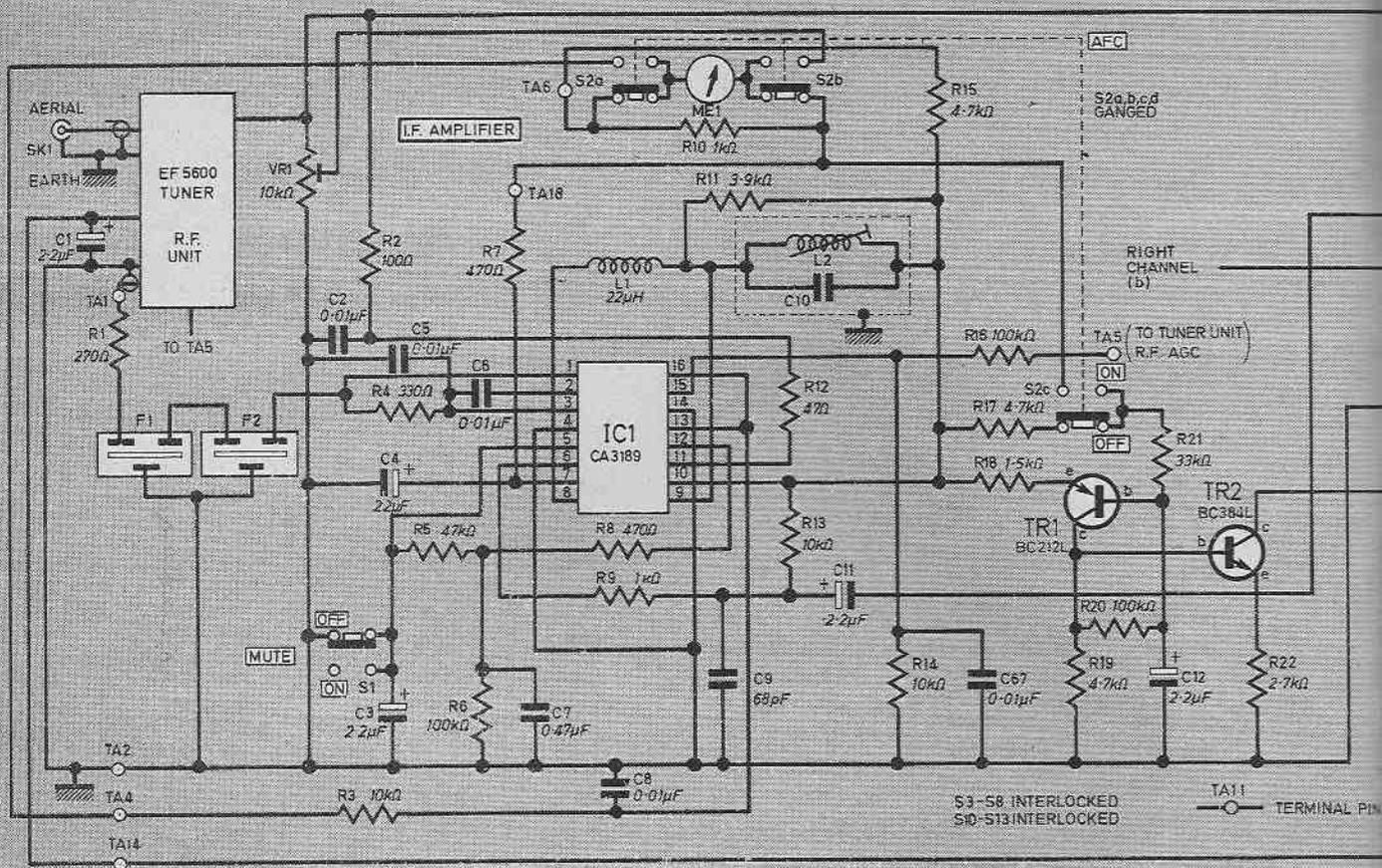


Fig. 1.1. Block diagram of the 2020 Tuner Amplifier



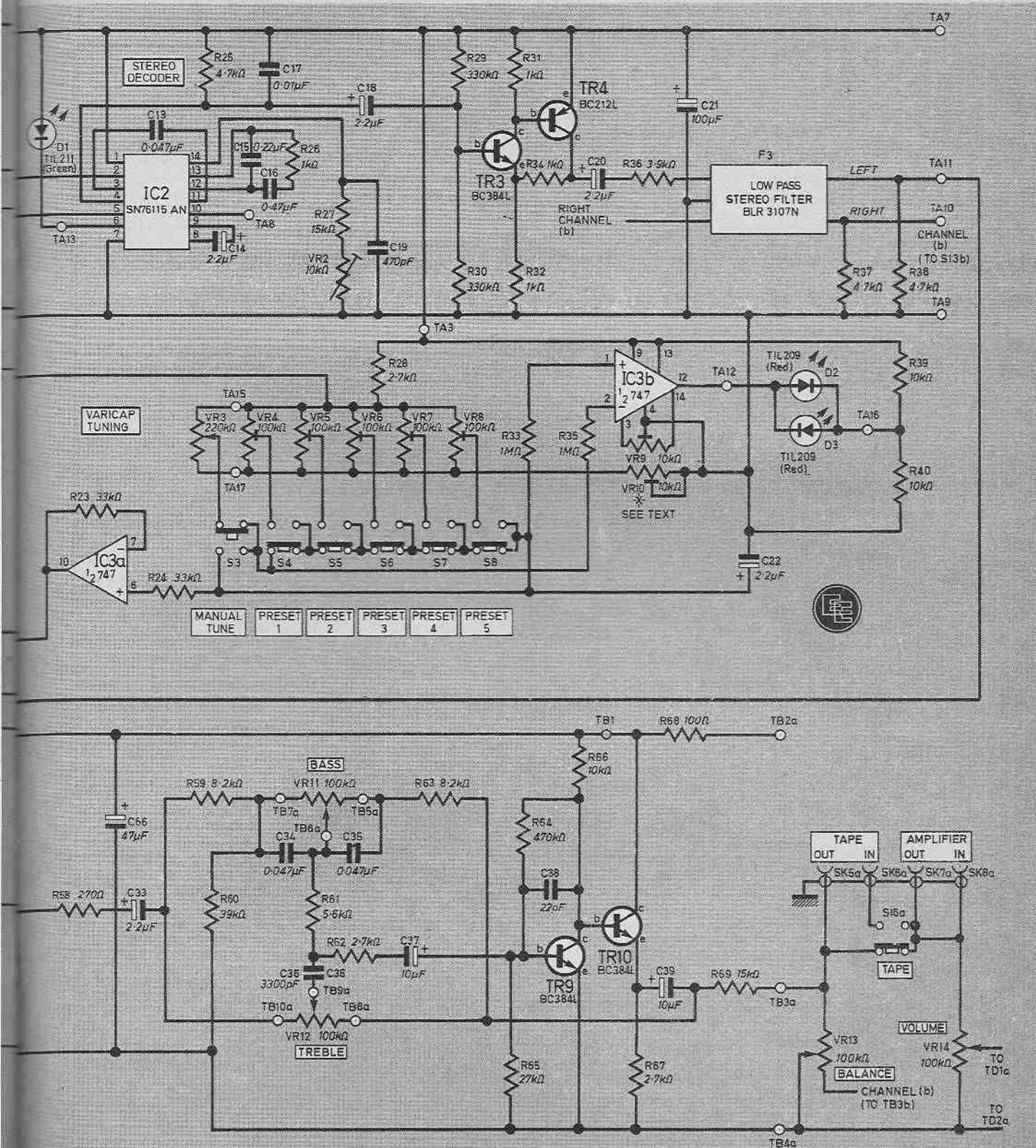
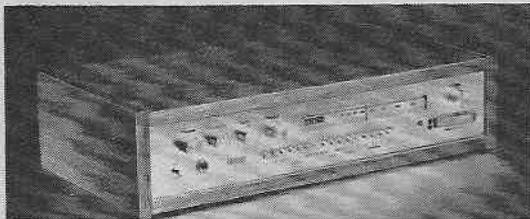


Fig. 1.2a. Circuit diagram of the 2020 Tuner Amplifier: r.f. and i.f. stages; a.f. preamplifier; control and switching stages.



EE2020

BULK COMPONENTS

See page 872

Open Skeleton Cermet Presets,
Miniature Horizontal Mounting
RS type 185-432

SEMICONDUCTORS

Transistors

Type	Qty
BC182L—TO5 silicon npn	10
BC212L—TO5 silicon pnp	13
BC384L—TO5 silicon npn	16
BFY51 silicon npn	2
TIP33A silicon npn	2
TIP34A silicon pnp	2

NOTE

Type BC384L—TO5 is a very low noise transistor and has been used throughout the receiver to standardise on types. Type BC184L—TO5 may be used instead with a slight increase in noise.

Most transistors used in the equipment have the suffix TO5. This means that the leads are performed by the maker to the TO5 pin circle. If devices with a different suffix (or none) are obtained it will be necessary for the constructor to form the leads to suit the TO5 configuration before using.

Diodes

Type	Qty
1N4001 silicon rectifier 1 A	4
TIL209 i.e.d., red	2
TIL211 i.e.d., green	1
BZY88C 12V Zener, 400mW	1

Integrated Circuits

Type	Qty
CA3189E f.m. i.f. system (RCA)	1
SN76115AN stereo decoder (Texas)	1
SN72747 dual op-amp.	1
μ A723 voltage regulator	1

PUSHBUTTON SWITCHES

Description	Qty
2-pole changeover (RS type 338-434)	15
4-pole changeover (RS type 338-636)	1
4-switch latching assembly (RS type 338-254)	1
6-switch latching assembly (RS type 338-614)	1

R. F. UNIT

R. F. Unit	EF5600
Stereo Filter	BLR3107N
Choke	220K/22 μ H
Coil	KACSK 586HM
Tuning Meter	906
10.7MHz filters CFSE/SFE 10.7 (2 off)	
(Available from Ambit Ltd.)	

FIXED RESISTORS

$\frac{1}{2}$ W 5% High Stability Carbon Film

Value	Quantity
47 Ω	1
100 Ω	2
270 Ω	3
330 Ω	1
470 Ω	2
820 Ω	4
1k Ω	23
1.5k Ω	3
2.2k Ω	3
2.7k Ω	7
3.3k Ω	2
3.9k Ω	7
4.7k Ω	14
5.6k Ω	8
8.2k Ω	6
10k Ω	10
15k Ω	9
18k Ω	2
27k Ω	4
33k Ω	3
39k Ω	4
47k Ω	5
82k Ω	2
100k Ω	17
120k Ω	2
150k Ω	4
180k Ω	2
220k Ω	2
330k Ω	10
470k Ω	2
1M Ω	4

$\frac{1}{2}$ W 10% carbon

Value	Quantity
2.2 Ω	1

1W 5% Carbon

Value	Quantity
1k Ω	2

2.5W 10% Wirewound

Value	Quantity
0.22 Ω	4

25W 10% Wirewound RS type 157-588

Value	Quantity
100 Ω	1

POTENTIOMETERS

Open Skeleton Presets,
Miniature Horizontal Mounting
(RS type 184/5)

Value	Quantity
2.2k Ω	2
10k Ω	4
47k Ω	2

Value	Quantity
10k Ω	1

Ganged Potentiometers \pm 20%,
Tracks Matched To 2dB
(RS type 161/162)

Value	Quantity
100k Ω log. law	1
100k Ω Lin. law	2

Single Potentiometers \pm 20%

Value	Quantity
100k Ω	1
220k Ω	1

Multi-turn Potentiometers,
Special Log. Law For Diode
Tuning

(Ambit type AB47)

Value	Quantity
100k Ω	5

CAPACITORS

Disc ceramic, low voltage

Value	Quantity
0.01 μ F	5

Polyester, Mullard type C280

Value	Quantity
0.001 μ F	2
0.047 μ F	7
0.1 μ F	2
0.22 μ F	8
0.47 μ F	2

Polystyrene 5% or better; or
sub-miniature Plate Ceramic

Value	Quantity
68pF	3
470pF	5
3300pF	2
100pF	5
15pF	2
22pF	2
5600pF	2
4700pF	1

Polyester 5%

Value	Quantity
0.015 μ F	2

Electrolytic, Printed Circuit type

Value	Quantity
2.2 μ F 63V	22
4.7 μ F 63V	2
10 μ F 63V	11
22 μ F 63V	1
100 μ F 16V	5
220 μ F 63V	3
47 μ F 63V	3
22 μ F 63V	2

Electrolytic, Single-ended

Value	Quantity
4700 μ F 63V	1
2200 μ F 63V	2

Electrolytic, Double-ended

Value	Quantity
47 μ F 63V	2

two transistors TR7, TR8 with a bootstrapped input to provide a high impedance load for the low-pass filter. Hundred per cent negative feedback is used to keep distortion to a negligible level.

The low impedance output goes to the following tone control stage, which uses a Baxandall circuit with voltage amplifier and emitter follower stages TR9, TR10. Some high frequency roll-off is introduced to limit the frequency response above 20kHz as this helps prevent transient intermodulation distortion by ensuring that the rise time of the control unit is longer than that of the power amplifier.

The output from the tone control stage is fed to the balance control VR15, and to the tape output and tape monitor switch S16. The tape monitor switch selects either the output from the control unit or tape. As the tape input goes directly from this switch to the power amplifier, the tone

controls and filters do not operate on tape replay. However, they are operated on tape record. This method enables a tape to be corrected during recording and means it can be replayed on any amplifier with a flat frequency response.

From the tape monitor switch the signal goes via the "pre-amp out" "main amp in" link to the volume control VR14, which is a dual-ganged potentiometer matched to within 2dB, and ensures a balanced output over a wide range of control settings.

The signal then goes to the power amplifier input. See Fig. 1.2b.

tivity is 4 millivolts with an overload limit of 110 millivolts, i.e. approx. 29dB. Pick-ups rated at more than 4 millivolts/cm/Sec may need an external attenuator. As the noise level with reference to 4 millivolts is 67dB a full dynamic range of some 96dB is available. Using a pick-up rated at around 1 to 2 millivolts/cm/sec should be about optimum to make full use of the excellent dynamic range available.

The magnetic pick-up pre-amplifier (TR11 to TR13) uses a differential input configuration. This isolates the pick-up from the effects of any feedback used for RIAA equalisation and enables an almost pure resistive load to be obtained. RIAA equalisation is obtained with an RC network in the negative feedback path and this method ensures low distortion as well as the correct RIAA frequency response. The distortion of the magnetic pre-amplifier alone, is less than 0.1 per cent.

Board C

PICK-UP PRE-AMPLIFIER

A disc input of 47 kilohms impedance is also provided and this will match most magnetic cartridges available at the present time. Its sensi-

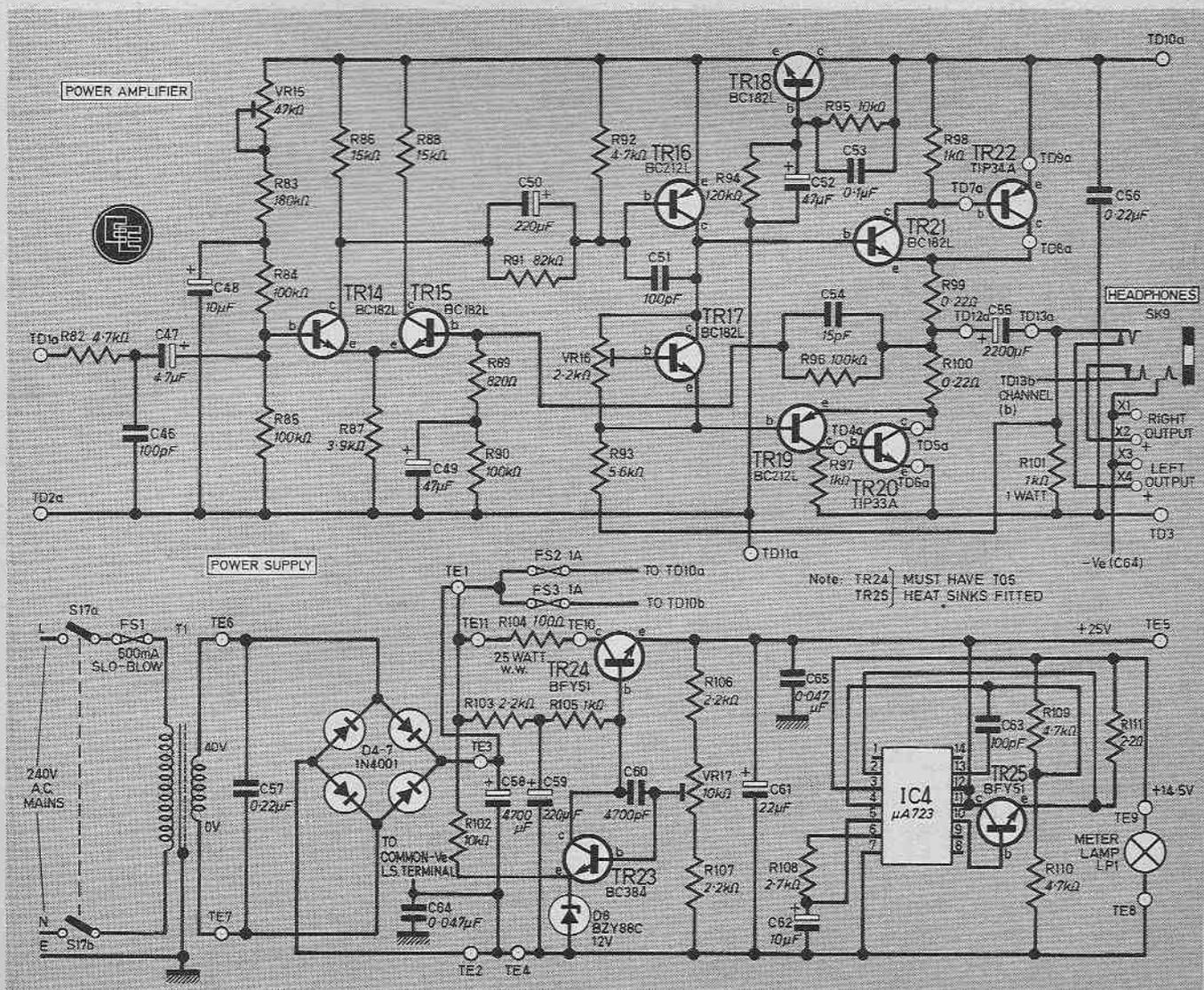


Fig. 2b. Circuit diagram of the 2020 Tuner Amplifier: Power Amplifier and Power Supply stages.

Board D

POWER AMPLIFIER

The power amplifier section of the 2020 is of a well known Texas Instruments design and was chosen because of its excellent performance and reliability. The circuit forms the top half of Fig. 1.2b.

The input signal from the volume control VR14 is fed in at TD1 and applied via a low pass filter comprising R82, C46, which helps prevent radio frequency interference (r.f.i.) and also helps prevent transient inter-modulation distortion.

The input stage consists of a long-tailed pair TR14, TR15. This arrangement offers the following advantages: (a) Excellent temperature stability on the d.c. level of the output mid-point voltage, since any changes in the base emitter voltage of transistor TR14 due to temperature changes will be cancelled by a similar change in the base emitter voltage of transistor TR15. Also since resistors of similar value are used in the input and feedback paths connected to the bases of the two transistors, any changes in base current requirements of the transistors due to temperature changes produce almost equal off-sets on the two sides of the circuit and prevent any drift of the output mid-point.

(b) A high impedance input to both sides of the long-tailed pair allows a smaller value capacitor to be used to decouple the negative feedback circuit. Transistor TR18 is an addition to the original Texas circuit. This provides electronic smoothing of the supply line to the early stages and reduces supply line ripple to a neg-

ligible level. It also reduces "switch on" thump as the output voltage from TR18 is only able to increase slowly due to C52 having to charge up, which in turn causes a slow build-up of the mid-point voltage.

Preset VR15 sets the current through the input transistor which in turn sets the mid voltage point of the output transistors. VR16 adjusts the quiescent current.

Both d.c. and a.c. negative feedback is applied to the base of TR15. The action of the circuit is that the d.c. level of the output mid-point changes until the base voltages of the transistors TR14 and TR15 are equal. If the mid-point voltage tends to rise (say) then the base voltage of TR15 will also tend to rise, this will increase its collector current and hence decrease the collector current of TR14. This reduces the collector current of TR16 reducing the voltage drop across R93 and corrects the tendency of the mid-point voltage to rise.

The a.c. feedback applied to the base of TR15 takes the same path as the d.c. feedback, but in this case C49 in effect shorts out R90. The total amount of a.c. feedback is approximately 40dB. As the input long-tailed pair is a subtractive arrangement the feedback signal can be said to be subtracted from the input signal.

A full description of the power amplifier circuit is given in the Texas Instruments book "High Fidelity Audio Amplifier Circuits".

Board E

POWER SUPPLY

The power supply section is shown in the lower half of Fig. 1.2b.

A toroidal type of mains trans-

former is used; this has advantages of the virtual absence of an external magnetic field as well as a low physical profile. The two 0-20V secondaries of T1 are connected in series to provide 0-40V. This feeds a full-wave bridge rectifier D4-D7. The d.c. output from the reservoir capacitor C58 is fed to the power amplifier via fuses FS2 and FS3. Output from C58 also goes to stabiliser circuit TR23, TR24.

A series pass transistor TR24 is used as an emitter follower to provide the stabilised supply. The emitter of TR24 is held at 25V by the action of the regulator transistor TR23. The preset potentiometer VR17 controls the current through TR23 which in turn adjusts the voltage on its collector to the required 25 volts. Any variation in output voltage is fed back via VR17 to the base of TR23 and the negative feedback action will correct and maintain the voltage to that set by VR17. The 25V stabilised supply is taken from the emitter of TR24 to TE5.

To ensure that the voltage to the varicaps is stable enough for varicap tuning a μ A723 voltage regulator IC4 is used to provide the required 14.5 volts. Input to the voltage regulator IC4 is from the 25V stabilised line. The 14.5V regulated output is fed via an emitter follower TR25 to TE9. This double stabilising ensures complete freedom from drift due to mains or supply voltage fluctuations.

The 14.5V line also supplies the pick-up pre-amplifier, the double stabilising ensuring complete decoupling from the power amplifier supply rail and preventing hum and noise entering the pre-amplifier.

To be continued

BRIGHT IDEAS

SLEEVING

Those little sticks with cotton wool on each end are these days most useful for the electronics enthusiast. When mother has finished doing incredible things to baby with "Q Tips" or "Cotton Buds", to name a couple of brand names, salvage them, cut the ends away, and presto, 60 to 70 mm of stiff sleeving—for free.

Even some ice lollies have plastic tubular sticks, so through the summer you can also keep plenty of sleeving in stock whatever the weather—you can ignore the flavours and choose the colour stick that suits your current project!

And don't forget your own electronics bench—Ersin Multicore solder size 5 dispenser has 80mm of transparent plastic tubing inside.

K. Croft,
Broadstairs,
Kent.

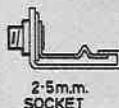
PLUG CONVERSION

I have devised a very simple method of using a 2.5mm earpiece with a 3.5mm socket, thus solving a very old problem.

Take a 3.5mm plug and remove the barrel, cut the connectors to a length of 3mm. Now take a 2.5mm socket, cut off the part shown and solder two thin wires to the contacts. Now screw the socket into the barrel, and solder the wires to the plug contacts.

Finally screw the barrel onto the plug. It is important to ensure the connecting wires are long enough to allow for the twisting they will experience when the barrel is screwed on.

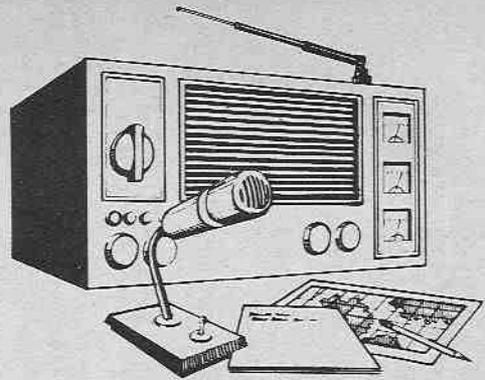
A. R. Jones,
Loughborough,
Leicestershire.



SOCKET MOUNTED IN 3.5mm. JACK PLUG



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EEL12/78

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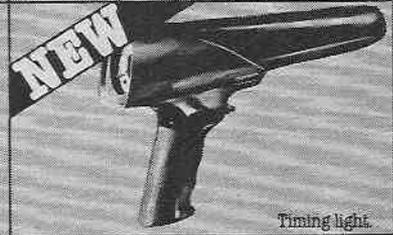
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Timing light.

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EE12/78

Audible Flasher

By B. N. Ryerson

IN MANY cars on the roads there is no indication, save just a bulb, to alert the driver that his indicators are working correctly. This simple add-on unit to be described here does just that by emitting a loud click with each flash of the indicators.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The unit is simplicity itself in operation, and the circuit diagram is shown in Fig. 1. Each time the warning lamp receives a pulse from the flasher unit, part of it is passed to C1. This capacitor

charges up, in doing so it will produce a loud click in the speaker.

In the interval between pulses the capacitor is discharged through R1, ready to charge up again on the next pulse.

CONSTRUCTION

As there are few components, point to point wiring is used. First of all decide where to mount the speaker. A position somewhere behind the dashboard is suitable, and it can be mounted with glue, or metal brackets. The capacitor and resistor are both mounted on the speaker in some convenient position and glued in place. The diagram of Fig. 2 shows the components opened out for clarity.

Leads long enough to reach the flasher unit and a convenient point on the car chassis are connected as shown.

Some experimenting may be required to find suitable values for the capacitor and resistor to give

COMPONENTS

Resistor

R1 220Ω ¼W ± 10%

Capacitor

C1 470µF 16V elect.

Miscellaneous

LS1 8 ohm 50mm speaker
Connecting wire.

See
**Shop
Talk** page 857

a reasonably loud click, and so as not to load the flasher unit. The values given should prove suitable in most cases.

The unit has been installed in the author's car for some time now and does its job effectively. It is always audible and the click is less offensive than some electronic whine. ✧

COMPONENTS
approximate
cost **£1.20**

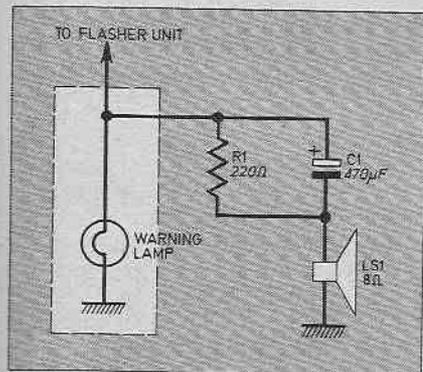


Fig. 1. Circuit diagram of the unit. The wiring shown inside the dotted box is the existing car wiring.

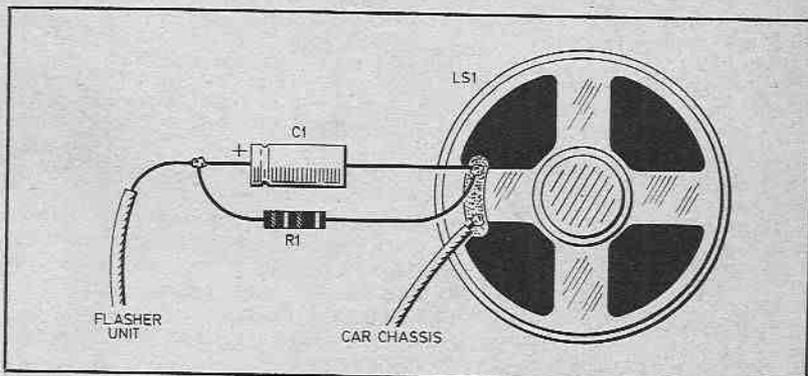


Fig. 2. Wiring details. The speaker can be mounted in any convenient position behind the dashboard. All wiring is point to point using stranded connecting wire. For positive earth systems, reverse the polarity of C1.

COUNTER INTELLIGENCE

By PAUL YOUNG



MOST of us scribbling chaps are fascinated by etymology, and when a few months ago I was asked by the Editor of *The Educationalist*, if I would write a series of articles on "Learning Electronics" the first thing I did was to find out exactly what the word meant. I quote "Electronics is a branch of Electrical Engineering dealing with the theory, design and application of apparatus based on the flow of electrons outside ordinary conductors in which Ohm's laws is valid".

Fifteen years ago that was an apt description, but the term is now used so widely that it would appear, that, "The tail is wagging the dog" and it would not surprise me, if future scholars reverse this definition and say "That Electrical Engineering is a branch of Electronics".

Setting a New Course

I was delighted to read in the *Sunday Times* recently, that if the appropriate

examining board approves there will be a new O-level course in electronics tried out in schools this year. I quote "The experiment reflects growing concern that schools are failing to prepare children for a world in which electronics will dominate part of their lives".

It appears that of the 40,000 children in London who took C.S.E. only 461 took a paper in electronics which is just over 1 per cent. One lecturer said that in his opinion children should be given plenty of electronic projects to build as an aid to their learning. He can say that again, and I would add also, make EVERYDAY ELECTRONICS compulsory reading.

In The Bag

One sees a lot of amusing things happen if they stand behind a counter all day. Normally it is my staff who man the front line, but occasionally

on a busy day I get pressed into service.

I remember several years ago when we had one of those Mullard Valve Testers and on a Saturday it was quite usual to have a line of customers each with a bag full of valves to be tested. The explanation was simple enough. The night before the television had broken down. So next day off would come the back, out would come all the valves and they would come to us to help find the culprit.

We had to get rid of it in the end as it was too time consuming. So their next ploy was to make a list of all the valves in the set (any number up to 20) come in and buy a complete new set. They would then go home and find the trouble by a process of elimination, come back on Monday morning with nineteen valves and expect you to take them back and refund their money! No wonder some of us wound up on the analyst's couch! Needless to say we soon squashed that one too!

Even so I still find it hard to keep a straight face when someone comes in with a small paper bag and tips the contents out on the counter and says "Have you anything like that?" "That" usually being something that was originally a half-watt resistor, charred to a cinder and in about four pieces.

Being a whimsical chap, I would dearly love to have some burnt and broken resistors, so I could whip one out, present it to the customer, while saying "Yes certainly Sir, here you are!"

EE CROSSWORD No 10

BY D.P. NEWTON

CLUES ACROSS

- 1 Storm fear is potentially a changer (Anag.)
- 5 A tiny morsel
- 6 Sin without the nineteenth letter
- 7 His physical laws are very forceful
- 9 Way beyond the usual vibration rate
- 10 Senior citizen
- 12 Better than half-wave rectification
- 13 A reverse rail which tells untruths
- 15 A.C. waveform left its autograph
- 17 To use up
- 18 Half an insulator
- 20 Repaired
- 21 The head blanked out the tape
- 24 A mite out of a transistor
- 25 Electrical snakes?
- 28 Less and yet more than none
- 29 The males are in the omen
- 31 Wet, short-life oscillations
- 32 A wizard in every dozen
- 33 Once a radio call of extreme distress

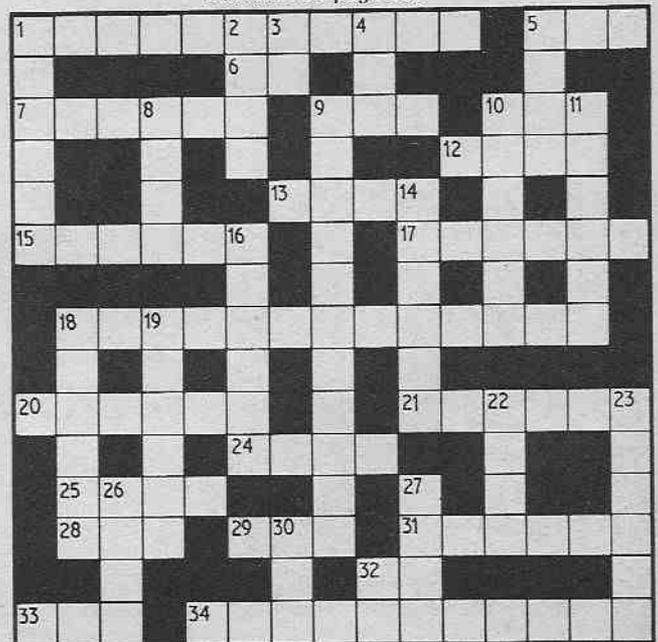
- 34 Oscillations which are not quite with it in a rectangular sort of way

CLUES DOWN

- 1 Devices for inducing electrical resonance
- 2 An expensive punishment from a nife cell (Anag.)
- 3 Not off
- 4 Ohm gives us a short wait (Anag.)
- 5 Reverse the lead for a fair one
- 8 Lathe waste, clipped a bit
- 9 Singularly a transistorised join
- 10 Mismatching might reduce it
- 11 A flattish sort of transistor?
- 14 A mains repair turned down?
- 16 Crack the signal
- 18 Two speakers who sound things out in depth
- 19 A handy unit
- 22 Mighty small
- 23 One-track mind devices
- 26 Some can't make them meet

- 27 Dad's old cutting tool?
- 32 A NOR gate does not give us the option

Solution on page 886



FAST AND EASY FAST AND EASY

FAST AND EASY FAST AND EASY FAST AND EASY FAST AND EASY FAST AND EASY FAST AND EASY FAST AND EASY FAST AND EASY

Complete the Circuit at Breadboard '78

Lektrokit have made sure that, no matter how often you go round the exhibits at Breadboard '78, you'll keep coming back to Stands D8 and D9. "Completing the circuit" every time.

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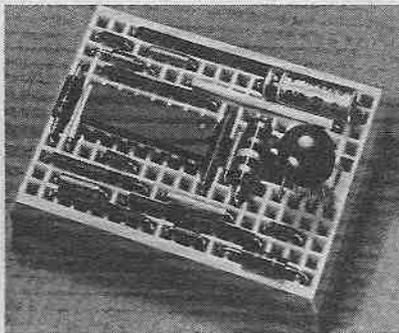
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FROM £3.25, inc p & p and VAT

Hole for hole, top value! Lektrokit Breadboards are modular, so they can be linked together to form any size. With a pitch of 0.1", even the smallest breadboard—217L—can accept 8, 14, 16 or 18 pin DIL devices. You just take a component, choose a hole, and push it in.

Model No.	Contacts	Price, each
217L	170	£3.25
234L	340	£5.75
248L	480	£6.65
264R	512	£6.65
264L	640	£8.32

(All prices include packing, postage and VAT)

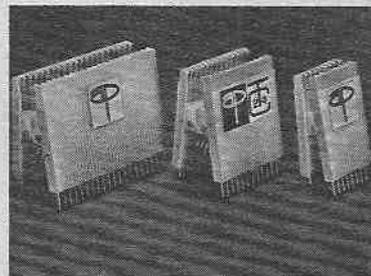


Lektrokit IC Test Clips

FROM £3.08 inc p & p and VAT

Eleven models, from TC-8 to TC-40 to fit all DIP sizes. Prices from £3.08 for the TC-14, £3.25 for the TC-16, etc.

Test clip grips IC's without slipping or shorting between pins—makes testing IC's on boards easier, aids removing and inserting DIP's without damage. Each IC pin can be brought up to a convenient contact post for test leads or probe connections.

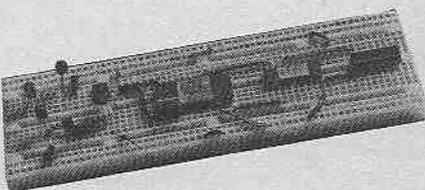


Lektrokit Super Strip SS2

ONLY £11.05 inc p & p and VAT

Super Strip accepts ALL DIP's—as many as nine 14-pin at a time—and/or TO-5's and discrete components. With interconnections of any solid wire up to 20 AWG.

Super Strip has 840 contact points, combining a power/signal distribution system with a matrix of 640 contacts in groups of 5. Distribution system has eight bus-bars, each with 25 contact points.



Lektrokit All-Circuit Evaluator FROM £12.53 inc p & p and VAT

"ACE" in the hole for home constructors and project builders who do things faster and easier! No laying out circuit diagrams, printed circuit boards, soldering everything together, trouble-shooting, making mods, then chucking it and starting the whole time-consuming business all over again!

With ACE, you just plug in components and make connections with ordinary 22-gauge solid wire. No soldering. You can build any working project complete, as fast as you could lay out a circuit diagram before.

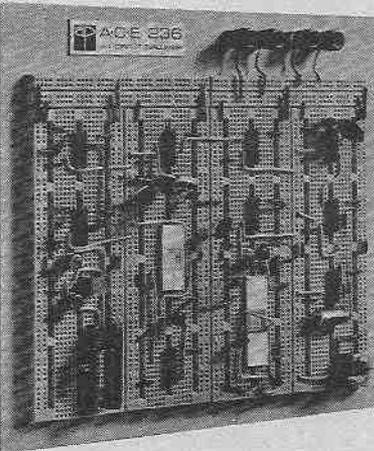
Seven ACE models altogether—with from 728 to 3,648 contacts. IC capacity (all 14-pin DIP's) from 9 to 36. Buses from 2 to 36. Posts from 2 to 4. Prices from £12.53 including packing and postage and VAT.

Lektrokit's policy is the right product, whatever the project, at the right price. And it's backed by a nationwide network of retailers.

Send for the name of the dealer nearest you—plus a FREE full-colour catalogue.

And, if you can, see and try out the great Lektrokit range at Breadboard '78—from Nov. 21 to Nov. 25 at Seymour Hall, Seymour Place, London.

Write to:—LEKTROKIT LTD., London Road, Reading, Berks. RG6 1AZ. Or send coupon.



To Lektrokit Limited, London Road, Reading, Berks, RG6 1AZ. Tel. Reading (0734) 669116/7. Please send me the name of my nearest Lektrokit dealer—plus FREE catalogue. Please supply the following (list items required)

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E.E. 2.

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COMPLETES THE CIRCUIT

SEE LEKTROKIT ON STANDS D8 AND D9 AT BREADBOARD '78!

15-240 Watts!

HY5 Preamplifier

The HY5 is a mono hybrid amplifier ideally suited for all applications. All common input functions (mag. cartridge, tuner, etc) are catered for internally. The desired function is achieved either by a multi-way switch or direct connection to the appropriate pins. The internal volume and tone circuits merely require connecting to external potentiometers (not included). The HY5 is compatible with all I.L.P. power amplifiers and power supplies. To ease construction and mounting a P.C. connector is supplied with each pre-amplifier.

FEATURES: Complete pre-amplifier in single pack—Multi-function equalization—Low noise—Low distortion—High overload—Two simply combined for stereo.

APPLICATIONS: Hi-Fi—Mixers—Disco—Guitar and Organ—Public address

SPECIFICATIONS:

INPUTS: Magnetic Pick-up 3mV; Ceramic Pick-up 30mV; Tuner 100mV; Microphone 10mV; Auxiliary 3-100mV; input impedance 4-7k Ω at 1kHz.

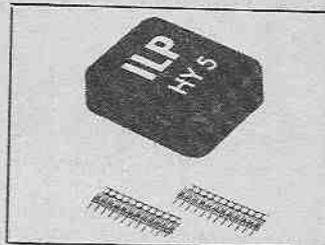
OUTPUTS: Tape 100mV; Main output 500mV R.M.S.

ACTIVE TONE CONTROLS: Treble \pm 12dB at 10kHz; Bass \pm at 100Hz.

DISTORTION: 0-1% at 1kHz. Signal/Noise Ratio 68dB.

OVERLOAD: 30dB on Magnetic Pick-up. **SUPPLY VOLTAGE** \pm 16-50V.

Price £6.27 + 78p VAT P&P free.



HY30

15 Watts
into 8 Ω

The HY30 is an exciting New kit from I.L.P. It features a virtually indestructible I.C. with short circuit and thermal protection. The kit consists of I.C., heatsink, P.C. board, 4 resistors, 6 capacitors, mounting kit, together with easy to follow construction and operating instructions. This amplifier is ideally suited to the beginner in audio who wishes to use the most up-to-date technology available.

FEATURES: Complete Kit—Low Distortion—Short, Open and Thermal Protection—Easy to Build.

APPLICATIONS: Updating audio equipment—Guitar practice amplifier—Test amplifier—audio oscillator.

SPECIFICATIONS:

OUTPUT POWER 15W R.M.S. into 8 Ω ; **DISTORTION** 0-1% at 1-5W.

INPUT SENSITIVITY 500mV. **FREQUENCY RESPONSE** 10Hz-16kHz—3dB.

SUPPLY VOLTAGE \pm 12V.

Price £8.27 + 78p VAT P&P free.



HY50

25 Watts
into 8 Ω

The HY50 leads I.L.P.'s total integration approach to power amplifier design. The amplifier features an integral heatsink together with the simplicity of no external components. During the past three years the amplifier has been refined to the extent that it must be one of the most reliable and robust high Fidelity modules in the World.

FEATURES: Low Distortion—Integral Heatsink—Only five connections—7 amp output transistors—No external components.

APPLICATIONS: Medium Power Hi-Fi systems—Low power disco—Guitar amplifier

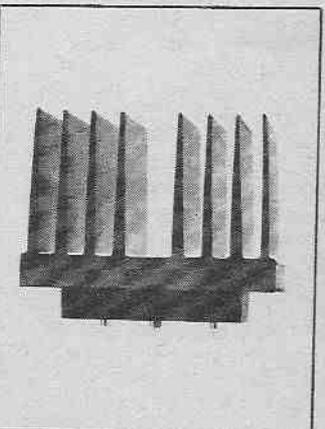
SPECIFICATIONS: **INPUT SENSITIVITY** 500mV

OUTPUT POWER 25W RMS into 8 Ω **LOAD IMPEDANCE** 4-16 Ω **DISTORTION** 0-04% at 25W

at 1kHz **SIGNAL/NOISE RATIO** 75dB **FREQUENCY RESPONSE** 10Hz-45kHz—3dB.

SUPPLY VOLTAGE \pm 25V **SIZE** 105 50 25mm

Price £8.18 + £1.02 VAT P&P free



HY120

60 Watts
into 8 Ω

The HY120 is the baby of I.L.P.'s new high power range. Designed to meet the most exacting requirements including load line and thermal protection this amplifier sets a new standard in modular design.

FEATURES: Very low distortion—Integral heatsink—Load line protection—Thermal protection—Five connections—No external components

APPLICATIONS: Hi-Fi—High quality disco—Public address—Monitor amplifier—Guitar and organ

SPECIFICATIONS

INPUT SENSITIVITY 500mV.

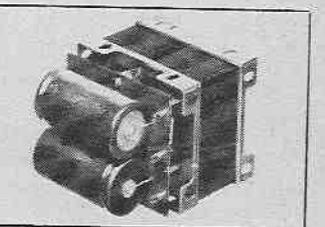
OUTPUT POWER 60W RMS into 8 Ω **LOAD IMPEDANCE** 4-16 Ω **DISTORTION** 0-04% at 60W

at 1kHz **SIGNAL/NOISE RATIO** 90dB **FREQUENCY RESPONSE** 10Hz-45kHz—3dB **SUPPLY VOLTAGE**

\pm 35V

SIZE 114 50 85mm

Price £19.01 + £1.52 VAT P&P free.



HY200

120 Watts
into 8 Ω

The HY200 now improved to give an output of 120 Watts has been designed to stand the most rugged conditions such as disco or group while still retaining true Hi-Fi performance.

FEATURES: Thermal shutdown—Very low distortion—Load line protection—Integral heatsink—No external components

APPLICATIONS: Hi-Fi—Disco—Monitor—Power slave—Industrial—Public Address

SPECIFICATIONS

INPUT SENSITIVITY 500mV

OUTPUT POWER 120W RMS into 8 Ω **LOAD IMPEDANCE** 4-16 Ω **DISTORTION** 0-05% at 100W

at 1kHz **SIGNAL/NOISE RATIO** 96dB **FREQUENCY RESPONSE** 10Hz-45kHz—3dB **SUPPLY VOLTAGE**

\pm 45V

SIZE 114 50 85mm

Price £27.99 + £2.24 VAT P&P free.

HY400

240 Watts
into 4 Ω

The HY400 is I.L.P.'s "Big Daddy" of the range producing 240W into 4 Ω ! It has been designed for high power disco address applications. If the amplifier is to be used at continuous high power levels a cooling fan is recommended. The amplifier includes all the qualities of the rest of the family to lead the market as a true high power hi-fidelity power module.

FEATURES: Thermal shutdown—Very low distortion—Load line protection—No external components.

APPLICATIONS: Public address—Disco—Power slave—Industrial

SPECIFICATIONS

OUTPUT POWER 240W RMS into 4 Ω **LOAD IMPEDANCE** 4-16 Ω **DISTORTION** 0-1% at 240W

at 1kHz **SIGNAL NOISE RATIO** 94dB **FREQUENCY RESPONSE** 10Hz-45kHz—3dB **SUPPLY VOLTAGE**

\pm 45V

INPUT SENSITIVITY 500mV **SIZE** 114 100 85mm

Price £38.61 + £3.09 VAT P&P free.

POWER SUPPLIES

PSU36 suitable for two HY30's £6.44 plus 81p VAT. P/P free.
PSU50 suitable for two HY50's £8.18 plus £1.02 VAT. P/P free.
PSU70 suitable for two HY120's £14.58 plus £1.17 VAT. P/P free.
PSU90 suitable for one HY200 £15.19 plus £1.21 VAT. P/P free.
PSU180 £25.42 + £2.03 VAT.
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MAINS TRANSFORMERS

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All these have 230/240V 50Hz Primary

Voltage	Our Ref.	Price	Post
1v	2 amp TM 1	£1.94	40p
2-4v	5 amp TM 2	£1.62	45p
4v	7 amp TM 32	£2.70	60p
6v	3 amp TM 3	85p	40p
6-5v	3 amp TM37	85p	40p
6-5v	200 mA TM 21	£1.78	40p
6-5v-0-6-5v	100 mA TM 21	£1.62	40p
6-5v-0-6-5v	750 mA TM 7	£2.16	45p
6-3v-0-6-3v	100 mA TM 33	£1.62	40p
6-3v	2 amp TM 4	£1.89	50p
8-5v	1 amp TM 12	£1.62	40p
8-5v	1 amp TM 12	£1.62	40p
8-5v+8-5v sep. winding	1 amp TM 5	£1.62	45p
9v	3 1/2 amp TM11	£2.70	50p
9v	5 amp TM 38	£3.24	60p
10v	25 amp TM 15	£4.86	£1.25
10v-0-10v	4 amp TM 50	£3.78	£1.25
10v-0-10v	12 1/2 amp TM 15	£4.86	£1.25
12v	3 amp TM 9	£1.05	50p
12v	100 mA TM 21	£1.62	40p
13v	1 amp TM 7	£2.16	50p
12v	1 amp TM 10	£1.89	50p
12v-0-12v	50 mA TM 19	£3.24	50p
12v-0-12v	1 amp TM 41	£2.70	50p
15v tapped 9v	2 amp TM 11	£2.70	50p
17v	1 amp TM 12	£1.62	50p
18v	1 amp TM 13	£1.90	50p
20v	1 amp TM 14	£1.62	50p
20v (with 6 1/2 amp)	2 amp TM 20	£3.24	£1.25
20v	6 amp TM 46	£4.32	£1.25
20v	12 1/2 amp TM 15	£4.86	£1.25
20v-0-20v	8 amp TM 15	£4.86	£1.25
24v	1 1/2 amp TM 16	£2.12	60p
24v	2 amp TM 17	£2.70	60p
24v+2v 7 amp	2 amp TM 39	£2.97	70p
24v	4 amp TM 40	£3.78	80p
25v	1 1/2 amp TM 18	£2.43	60p
26v	2 amp TM 39	£2.98	60p
30v	8 amp TM 15	£4.86	£1.25
37v	37 amp TM 34	£31.86	enquire
40v	3 amp TM 48	£4.32	£1.25
40v	5 amp TM 48	£5.02	£1.25
40v	6 amp TM 15	£4.86	£1.25
40v-0-40v	2 1/2 amp TM 48	£5.02	£1.25
50v & 6-3v	2 amp TM 22	£4.86	£1.25
50v	8 amp TM 29	£11.85	£1.25
50v	2 amp TM 46	£4.32	£1.25
50v tapped 40v & 20v	4 1/2 amp TM 24	£7.02	£2.50
70v	3 amp TM 33	£8.10	£2.00
75v and 63v	4 1/2 amp TM 24	£7.02	£2.50
75v	4 amp TM 24	£7.02	£2.50
80v tapped 70v & 75v	2 1/2 amp TM 48	£5.02	£1.25
80v centre tapped	1 amp TM 25	£7.02	£1.75
100v	1 1/2 amp TM 25	£7.02	£1.75
100v-0-100v	1 amp TM 25	£7.02	£1.75
200v	1 amp TM 25	£7.02	£1.75
250v-0-250v & 6-3v	50 mA TM 36	£3.78	£1.00
000v	100 mA TM 36	£3.78	£1.00
500v	50 mA TM 36	£3.78	£1.00
260v	60 mA TM 26	£3.24	£1.00
1000v	60 mA TM 43	£6.50	£2.00
4 kv	5 mA TM 49	£4.05	70p
5 kv	5 mA TM 30	£7.02	£1.00
8 kv	5 mA TM 45	£4.05	£1.00
8-5 kv	10 mA TM 31	£4.26	£2.00

Full range of Mains to 120v. All transformers available.
Pot Cores. We have now received our delivery of Ferro pot cores. These are ex unused equipment. They contain the bobbins but of course these have to be wound and you would have to unwind. Three pairs available.

Diameter	Thickness	Price
FX 2243	4.5 cm	31
FX 2242	3.5 cm	70
FX 2240	3.5 cm	60

per pair

Quantity discounts apply.
Component Panel Ref. 3055. Taken from unused P.S.U.'s, these contain 4 x 2N 3055 power transistors with mica insulators all on heat sink and 4 variable pots, preset type with spindle locks. Real bargain at £1.08 each.

Component Board 421. Again from unused equipment, major items on these are two power silicon transistors, Motor Rola ref. SJ 5433 mounted on a heat sink with mica insulators, also behind the panel are two power rectifiers ST NS 1008. Price 96p.

E.H.T. Mains Transformer. With inductance control, normal primary and output voltage approx. 4kv 3mA. Voltage can be varied by applying DC to lower bobbin. Unused, ex P.S.U.'s. Price £4.32.

Music Centre Dust Cover. Size 12" x 10" x 1 1/2" with attachments for hinging. Price £3.95. Callers only.

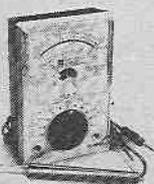
Telephone Answering Machines. Used, but apparently complete and probably in working order. However, they should be very suitable for conversion to open reel tape recorder, background music machine, echo chamber, etc. All untested but we guarantee to replace any major item in the machine should it be faulty. Machines less outer case £1.50, case slightly broken but substantially whole £10.25. Unbroken cases £12.45, and finally with new looking cases £14.50. Post £2.50 per machine. Many accessories available for these machines. Please enquire.

Wall Mounting Thermostat. The Satchwell room stat. Mains 20 amp settable over normal air temperatures between 20-80°F. Suitable also for greenhouse control. Nicely finished in white enamel. Price £3.25.

10 r.p.m. Motor with 230v mains coil, not like the usual of these geared motors this has a good length of 1" shaft. Price £2.50 + 20p.

Rigonda Intermexzo 10 + 10 hi-fi amplifier with belt driven record deck with speed control and probe check. The best hi-fi offered by Rigonda original selling price was in excess of £125. We have approx. 50 of these unused but with various faults. Untested, believed complete except for cartridge and speakers. Offered at £33.50, less than the price of the very high quality deck incorporated. It cannot collect add £3.00 to cover the special packing and carriage charge.

MINI-MULTI TESTER



Amazing, deluxe pocket size precision moving coil instrument—jewelled bearings—1000 opy—mirrored scale.
 11 instant ranges measure—
 DC volts 10, 50, 250, 1000,
 AC volts 10, 50, 150, 1000.
 DC amps 0-1 mA and 0-100 mA
 Continuity and resistance 0-150K ohms.
 Complete with insulated probes, leads, battery, circuit diagram and instructions.
 Unbelievable value only £6.50 + 50p post and insurance.

MULLARD UNILEX

A mains operated 4+4 stereo system. Rated one of the finest performers in the stereo field this would make a wonderful gift for almost anyone in easy-to-assemble modular form and complete with a pair of Pleassey speakers this should sell at about £30—but due to a special bulk buy and as an incentive for you to buy this month we offer the system complete at only £15 including VAT and postage.

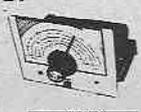


42 HOUR TIMERS

As illustrated with sun correction made for G.P.O. phone boxes used perfect £2.95 20 amp switching contacts.

SHORTWAVE CRYSTAL SET

Although this uses no battery it gives really amazing results. You will receive an amazing assortment of stations over the 19, 25, 29, 31 metre bands. Kit contains chassis front panel and all the parts £1.94—crystal earphone 55p including VAT and postage.



SOUND TO LIGHT UNIT

Add colour or white light to your amplifier. Will operate 1, 2 or 3 lamps (maximum 450W). Unit in box all ready to work. £9.95.



BREAKDOWN PARCEL

Four unused, made for computer units containing most useful components, and these components unlike those from most computer panels, have wire ends of usable length. The transistors for instance have leads over 1" long—the diodes have approx. 3/4" leads.

List of the major components is as follows—17 assorted transistors—38 assorted diodes—60 assorted resistors and condensers—4 gold plated plugs in units which can serve as multi-pin plugs or as hook up boards for experimental or quickly changed circuits (note we can supply the socket boards which we made to receive these units). The price of this four unit parcel is £1 including VAT and post (considerably less than value of the transistors or diodes alone). DON'T MISS THIS SPLENDID OFFER.

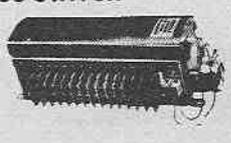
TANGENTIAL HEATER UNIT

A most efficient and quiet running blower-heater by Solatron—same type as is fitted to many famous name heaters—Comprises mains induction motor—long turbo fan—split 2 kw heating element and thermostatic safety trip—simply connect to the mains for immediate heat—mount in a simple wooden or metal case or mount direct onto base of say kitchen unit—Price £4.95 post £1.50 control switch to give 2kw, 1kw, cold blow or off available 60p extra.

2 kw. model made in metal case with control switch £12.00

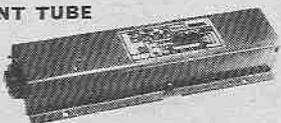
MOTORISED DISCO SWITCH

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IT'S FREE

Our monthly Advance Advertising Bargains List gives details of bargains arriving or just arrived—often bargains which sell out before our advertisement can appear—it's an interesting list and it's free! Send S.A.E. Below are a few of the Bargains still available from previous lines.

Pot Cores. These are ex-unused equipment. They contain the bobbins. Three sizes available.

FX	Diameter	Thickness	Price
FX 2243	4.5 cm	31	
FX 2242	3.5 cm	70	per pair
FX 2240	3.5 cm	60	

Quantity Discounts apply.

Component Panel Ref. 3055. Taken from unused P.S.U.'s, these contain 4 x 2N 3055 power transistors with mica insulators all on heat sink and 4 x 3W type variable pots, preset type with spindle locks. Real bargain at £1.08.

Component Board 421. Again from unused equipment, major items on these are two power silicon transistors, Motor Rola ref. SJ 5433 mounted on a heat sink with mica insulators, also behind the panel are two power rectifiers ST NS 1008. Price 96p.

Heavy Duty 3 Core Appliances Lead. 15 Amp wire 6ft long, conventional yellow green, brown and blue cores, grey pvc coating, prepared and ready for use. Sells at 30p per metre, 10 leads for £2.50 + 20p. Post £1.08. Good quantity available.

E.H.T. Mains Transformer. With inductance control, normal primary and output voltage 3-5kv. The core, however, is made of a very good quality grain oriented transformer steel, and its flux can be varied by applying a DC voltage to the lower bobbin. We are not sure how much the output voltage may be increased or decreased but using a 9 volt battery we seem to get a rise or fall of about 50 volts. These transformers are unused ex-P.S.U.'s which we are breaking down. Price £4.35.

Music Centre Dust Cover. Size 12" x 10 1/2" x 1 1/2" with attachments for hinging. Price £3.95. Callers only.

Hi Fi Console. This is a pleasantly designed shelving arrangement which could tidy up your room, sorry but it's another callers only item but a real bargain at £5.50.

Battery Charger Kit. Soon the dark nights will be with us and chances are your battery will become gradually discharged. Keep it topped up at low cost from the mains. Our kit consists of transformer, full wave rectifier, charging meter and battery clips. Bargain price £4.90.

Electrical Wiring Cables. 2.5mm twin and earth, flat p.v.c. covered grey, 100 metre coils, price £15.00. This is the cable you need for ring main circuits but for lighting a smaller iron cable will do. We can supply this at £8.00.

Power Packs for the Telephone Answering Machines have just arrived, these isolate the machine from the mains and provide the correct voltages for driving the record and playback motors, etc. On metal chassis with voltage selector and fuse, these are a plastic cover to make them safe. Not new of course but fully guaranteed. Price £5.95.

Telephone Answering Machines. We have sold all last month's delivery and the new lot we find rather varied. There are some without cases, some with slightly broken cases and some which look perfect. The description we gave in our last month's newsletter cannot apply to this new lot. So we have restated this as follows—**Telephone Answering Machine**, used, but so far as we can see complete and quite possibly in working order. However, we are allowed to supply these only for breaking up, they should be very suitable for conversion to open reel tape recorder, background music machine, echo chamber, etc. The list of parts contained in the machine are as in our August newsletter (copy on request). They are all untested but we guarantee to replace any major item in the machine should this item be faulty. We are pricing these as follows. Machines less outer case £1.50 with outer case slightly broken but substantially whole £10.50. Machines with unbroken outer cases £12.50 and finally machines with very good, new looking outer cases £14.50. Post £2.00 per machine less case, others £2.50."

Wall Mounting Thermostat. The Satchwell room stat. This will handle mains heaters up to a total of 20 amp and is settable for normal air temperatures between 20-80°F. Suitable also for greenhouse control. Nicely finished in white enamel. Also has a cover to prevent interference with control setting. Price £3.20.

10 r.p.m. Motor with 230v mains coil, not like the usual of these geared motors, this has a good length of 1" shaft price. £3.00 + 20p.

Can Anyone Help US? We are looking for fairly large quantities of the items listed below. If you have any stock yourself or can put us on to a reasonably priced supplier we would be obliged.

7-5 segment displays common anode red or green.
 BZY88CV6 Zener.
 TIL209 red i.e.d.s.
 Soldercon pins.

0-1 inch matrix Veroboard 52 holes x 46 strips.

0-1 inch matrix Veroboard size 34 holes x 34 strips.

CS1300 C Operational amplifier 1C.

MPF102 Transistor.

We are also looking for VDU's, oscilloscopes, computers and most instruments. If you know of any surplus please send details or phone Mr. J. Bull, 01-688 1833.

Charge Discharge inductance meter. This is a heavy panel mounting instrument made originally for the GPO, rather old design but still we feel will fill an urgent need. Basically the operation of this depends upon a Mercury motor which revolves clockwise or anti-clockwise depending upon whether the batteries are charging or discharging, a pointer shows the state of charge of the batteries at any time. Also fitted within the instrument are auxiliary contacts which could be used to set off alarms like lamps, etc. Price £5.95.

Resettable Fuses (thermal trips). Two new types have come in, one made by E.T.A. is a 6 amp model which is mounted through a single hole rather like a fuse, the other is a 10 amp model made by AEG is held by two screws thus a bank of these could be mounted between metal strips. Price 54p.

Disc Motor, mains operated. This is very thin in fact less than 1/2" thick and only approx. 2 1/2" dia. Spindle revolves at 250 rpm and the spindle which is approx. 1/8" dia. pushes through 50 motor coils.

The spindle could be used to drive clockwise or anti-clockwise. The spindle using a friction fit can be pushed completely out and replaced by your own spindle, a knitting needle for instance. Price only 38p.

75 rpm Mains Induction Motor with gearbox. This motor is quite powerful and has 1 1/2" stock and the final 75 rpm drive shaft is 1 1/2" long by 3/8" dia. The motor also has a spindle coming from the opposite end to which could be fitted another pulley. Overall size approx. 3" x 5" x 2 1/2" + spindles. Price £3.35.

24 Hour Motor, beautifully made by Sangamo. This is 200-240v mains driven motor with gearbox together in one housing, size approx. 1 1/2" dia. by 1 1/2" deep. If you are contemplating making a 24 hour switch with a lot of on/off's, then this is obviously the motor. Price £1.99.

BOX IT

By George Hylton

SMALL cabinets for electronic equipment are easily and cheaply made from readily-available materials. They can also be improvised from other containers, such as tobacco tins, or electricians' switch boxes. Of course, if you wish you can purchase one of the many standard plastic and metal cabinets which can be obtained from components stockists. —But it's not the same as building your own!

This article deals with the cheapest home-constructed and improvised cabinets, suitable for the smaller types of equipment, up to the size of a portable radio.

HARDBOARD

The common hardboard is the cheapest do-it-yourself cabinet material, and one of the easiest to work with. It is often obtainable from timber merchants and do-it-yourself shops as "offcuts", with the advantage that quite narrow strips, down to about an inch wide, are still quite useful for small cabinet construction but generally go cheaply in the shops because they are too narrow for most household jobs.

Hardboard has no grain and is easily cut with a wood saw. If kept dry it is an excellent insulator and can be used for circuit boards. (The "outdoor" variety of hardboard, which is waterproofed with an oily substance, is even better.)

GLUING

Small hardboard boxes can be made simply by gluing pieces of hardboard together at the edges (Fig. 1). It is easiest first to cut the top, bottom and end pieces and glue them to form a short open-ended "tube". Front and rear panels can be added later. Alternatively, you can make a "tray" by

starting with the back panel and gluing four sides to it.

Almost any type of adhesive can be used but a good general-purpose type is the so-called "impact" adhesive, available as Evo-Stik Impact Adhesive or Dunlop Thixofix. The instructions on the tube tell you to coat the mating surfaces with the glue then let them dry for about 15 minutes, then press them together, whereupon they stick.

The trouble with this method is that it is difficult to make any adjustments once the surfaces are brought into contact. You may find it easier just to let the surfaces get tacky then bring them together, when they can still be slid over one another. Used this way the glue needs to be left to dry for a few hours but this is advisable anyway.

FINISHES

Hardboard has a rough side and a smooth side, and you can use it "rough side out" or "smooth side out" according to taste. The ordinary non-oiled kind can be tinted with a dye or coloured ink, and the rough side gives a more even colour. The smooth side can be covered with "Fablon" adhesive plastic film which is available in a variety of decorative finishes.

If you want to paint hardboard it will suck up the paint like blotting paper unless you give it a coat of "size" first.

Hardboard is also available with a decorative plastic film bonded to one or both surfaces. Plain finishes are good for front panels, and the lighter colours can be marked with waterproof ink for calibrating controls.

It is often advantageous to use a front panel of a thinner material than hardboard, which can be too thick to accommodate some

switches and potentiometers. Aluminium sheeting and laminates such as Formica are best suited for front panels.

To make the front panel easily removable stick small pieces of square-section wooden beading to the inside of the box to provide pillars to insert screws through the front panel, Fig. 1.

THIN-WALLED BOXES

When the entire box is to be made of Formica or some other thin-walled laminate sheeting this cannot be glued by its own edges because there is just not enough width to the edges to give a strong joint. So use corner braces. These are just bits of square-section beading ("moulding") which costs about 3p per foot (or 10p per metre) from timber merchants.

Quarter-inch (6mm) square beading is suitable for small cabinets and three-eighths inch (9 or 10mm) for larger ones. (Other shapes of beading such as quadrant or half-square may look better but they provide less target area for fixing screws.) A suitable construction is shown in Fig. 2.

CUTTING LAMINATES

The best method of cutting the laminate sheets is with a hacksaw or a tenon saw but the professional way is the score-and-snap method. This is rather like glass-cutting, but a lot easier.

The line of cut is marked with a deep scratch through the decorative surface and the material is then snapped along the score mark.

There is a standard type of scoring knife designed for the job. It is made by fitting a hooked blade, called a Stanley scoring knife blade, to one of the same maker's Type 199 handles. (These are the handles which also accept the ubiquitous trimming knife blades, which are NOT suitable for scoring laminates.)

A deep scratch is made by repeated scoring along the line of cut, which must be straight and must go right across the sheet from one side to the other. The scored sheet is placed on a firm, level surface, with the scored (decorative) side up. The piece to be cut away is then bent upwards along the score mark while the rest of the sheet is pressed down on the level surface. Eventually it breaks, often with a loud crack.

The broken edge may be a bit rough but can be smoothed off with glass paper or a file. Once you have learned the knack (preferably by practising on scrap material) it becomes very quick and easy.

METAL BOXES

The two-ounce square tobacco tin is a godsend to the electronics enthusiast since it is big enough to house many small circuits and to provide screening as well (see our *Mini Module* series).

More clumsy and heavy, but still useful, are the galvanised steel "boxes" used to mount switches in walls. Lids (front panels) can be cut from aluminium sheeting which, like Formica and hardboard, is also obtainable as cheap offcuts.

Metal cabinets are useful for audio circuits where the signals are small, since if earthed they then screen out stray mains voltages which can cause hum. Note that they are of no use for

radio receivers with ferrite rod aerials because they screen out the radio signals as well!

INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

Many cabinets require connections to the outside world. Mains leads should be brought in through holes fitted with rubber grommets to prevent chafing of the insulation. Inside the box the mains flex should be anchored firmly by means of a clamp or clip, preferably insulated. If the cabinet is of metal it should be connected to the Earth lead of a three-core mains cable (usually coloured with green and yellow stripes in the UK).

Where signals are taken into or out of the cabinet and standard plugs and sockets are not available several makeshift types of lead-through connectors can be used. When the panel is metal these lead-throughs must be insulated. Fig. 3 shows a cheap and simple way to do this.

With hardboard panels, pins or screws can be driven straight through. Laminate board is rather too thin to hold pins firmly and in any case holes must be drilled in it to allow the pins to pass. It, too, can be thickened up by sticking strips of hardboard behind it.

Ordinary bolts can also be used as lead-throughs, fixed by a nut on each side of the panel. Earth-tags on the inside make handy soldering points.

FIXING CIRCUIT BOARDS

It is often tempting to use the back of the panel or the bottom of the box as a "breadboard" for mounting components. In many cases, however, it is better to construct the circuit on its own separate board so that it can be removed for servicing or modification. Some method of holding it in place is then needed. Fig. 4 shows two simple but effective arrangements. □

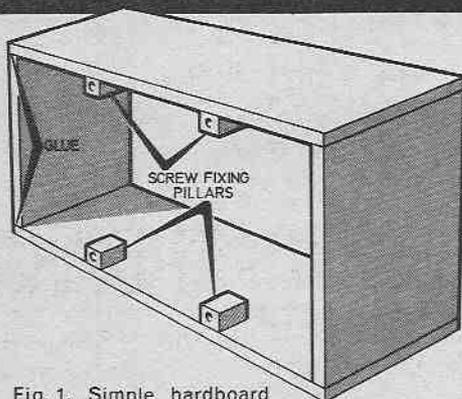


Fig. 1. Simple hardboard box "tube".

Fig. 2. Thin-walled box "tube" with corner braces.

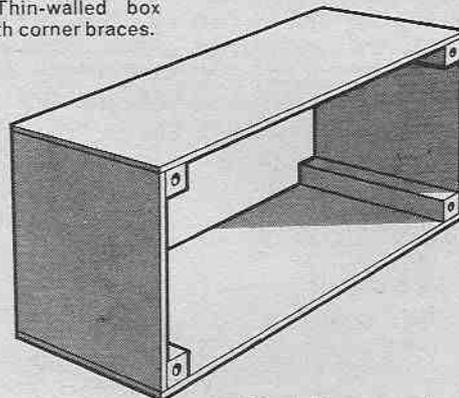


Fig. 4. Two ways of securing circuit boards in the cabinet.

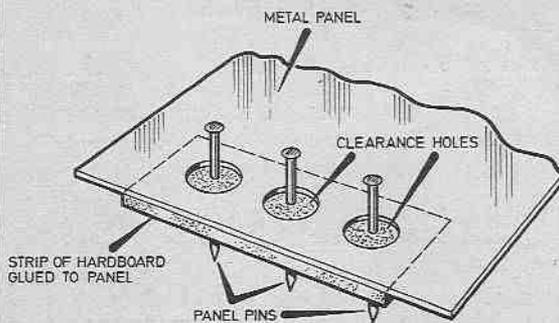
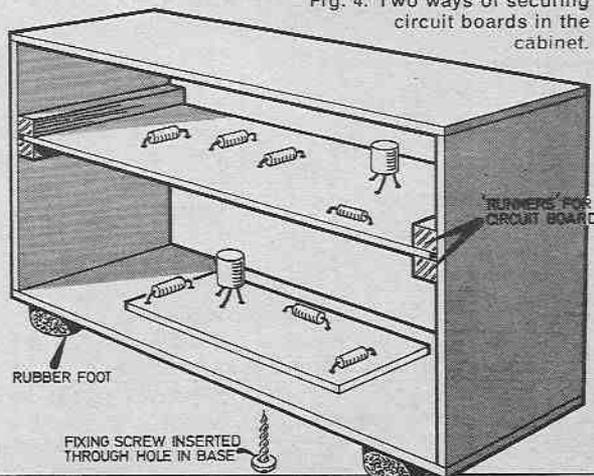
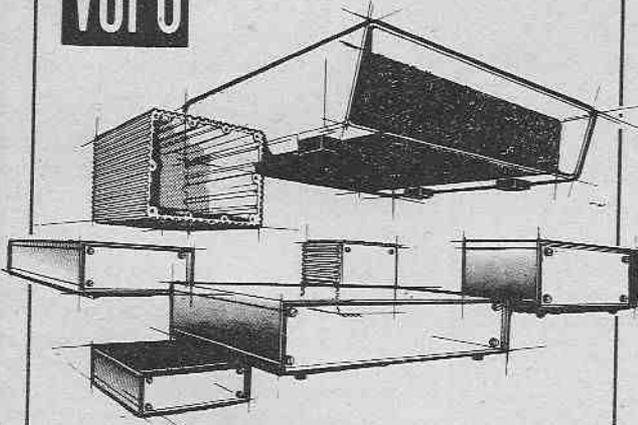


Fig. 3. Method of making feed-through connections on metal panels.



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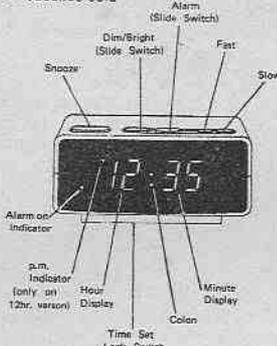


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separate Volume, Bass boost and Treble cut controls. Suitable for 8-15 ohm speakers. Input for ceramic or crystal cartridge. Sensitivity approx. 40mV for full output. Supplied ready built and tested, with knobs, escutcheon panel, input and output plugs. Overall size 3" high \times 6" wide \times 7 1/2" deep. AC 200/250V. PRICE \pounds 15.00. P. & P. \pounds 1.20.

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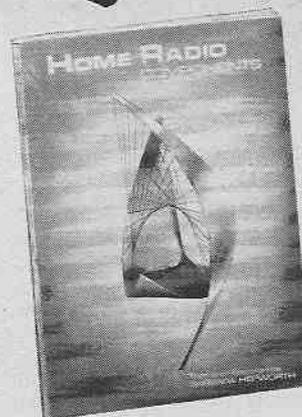
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WORKSHOP MATTERS

By Harry T. Kitchen

The Great 13A Fuse Fallacy

The flat pin 13-amp plug has been the standard British domestic plug for a number of years, and whilst the concept is a laudable one, the realisation of that concept leaves much to be desired. The concept was, of course, that the user of the plug fitted a fuse appropriate to the equipment in use, up to a maximum of 13 amps, and if necessary a fuse having a much lower rupturing value could be fitted, so affording the maximum protection to the equipment being protected.

So much for the concept, but what of the realisation? The realisation was the sale of plugs already fitted with a 13-amp fuse, with no thought of the equipment to be protected, and certainly with no thought of giving advice to the hapless user, who cheerfully fitted the plug onto anything and everything, and thereby, albeit quite innocently, created potential hazards to life limb and property.

Now why should a 13-amp fuse be a hazard?

In order to answer this, we have to ask the question: "what is a fuse and why is it fitted, and where?" The answer is that a fuse is a specially designed weak link placed in series with any circuit to protect that circuit and the user should the current exceed a *specified value*. And this is where the conceptual realisation of the 13-amp plug has so dismally failed, in my opinion, because the equipment may not draw 13 amps, and in many cases will draw significantly smaller currents.

Let us return, momentarily, to the 13-amp plug, and consider its implications. Now we know that the total consumption of any equipment is the wattage, and the wattage in turn is given by multiplying the current drawn by the voltage applied. Conversely, the current drawn can be calculated by dividing the wattage by the voltage, and the voltage can be calculated by dividing the wattage by the current.

The nominal mains voltage in the UK is 240 volts, within a tolerance decided by the CEBG, but the actual tolerance can be greatly influenced by the loading on the "spur" and upon the time of day or evening. For example, I live in the country, and my own mains voltage drops quite significantly when all the neighbourhood ladies, bless 'em, are indulging their culinary prowesses! To continue: 13 amps times 240 volts gives a wattage of 3,120,

and that, if you care to think about it, is a lot of expensive wattages.

How often do you cheerfully consume 3,120 watts? An electric fire, going flat out, will approach this figure, but what else that you have, that is portable, that is not an electric cooker, consumes so much electricity? Precious little I'll warrant. Think about it for a moment, and if necessary do a few simple sums about the electrical or electronic equipment that you use, and when you've done so you will see the utter fallacy of selling 13-amp plugs complete with 13-amp fuses; in my book it ought to be a criminal offence.

Rules of Thumb

There are regulations which, if one cares to study them, and perhaps more important, if one can understand the legalistic jargon, will outline the precise measures to be adopted. Such pedantic accuracy is by no means essential, and a few simple rules of thumb will enable all equipment to be fused such that the maximum of protection can be obtained.

The first rule of thumb is to use a fuse value no larger than is necessary, the value being calculated by dividing the wattage by the voltage.

Here we come up against a practical difficulty, that of obtaining suitably rated fuses; the lowest current rated fuse is the 1-amp fuse, and here we are talking strictly of the 13-amp plug itself. So, perforce, we must use a 1-amp fuse even if the calculated current is significantly lower, and this value will be perfectly safe.

However, mains surges, or equipments having higher current consumptions than calculated, or fuses having a lower rupturing current than marked, may cause the fuse to blow, even though there is no actual fault in the equipment. It is therefore prudent to add a contingency allowance to the *calculated* rating, and a value between 50 per cent and 100 per cent is normal. So if your calculated current is, say, 1 amp, use a fuse of $1\frac{1}{2}$ amps or even 2 amps. But no higher.

An Exception

An exception to the rule involves inductive, capacitive, or tungsten circuits, where for a finite time a current greater, or much greater, than calculated flows, and then reduces to the calculated value.

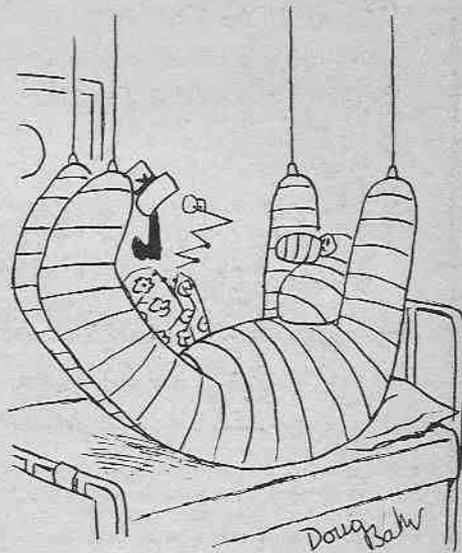
The surge current for inductive and capacitive circuits will depend on the inductance or capacitance present, but it is interesting to note that, with car bulbs at any rate, the filament resistance when cold is approximately one eleventh the hot or working temperature, and so for a finite time the current is eleven times that calculated. Fortunately, that time is measurable in milliseconds, and one does not have to use fuses uprated by a factor of eleven! A factor of three or four times is adequate for domestic lighting.

Anti-surge Fuses

With inductive or capacitive loads, the only method of fusing that is likely to be effective all round is that of using anti-surge fuses which will withstand an increased load for a finite time, typically ten times rated current for a period of 10 milliseconds to 20 milliseconds. Such fuses will withstand the initial surge of current, but will still blow, usually with time to spare—but not always—so be careful if the current exceeds the nominal value for an appreciable period of time.

Fusing equipment is *essential*, and the above maligned 13-amp plug, which let me repeat is fundamentally sound in concept, may very well prove to be better than nothing at all. But the margin of safety is so much greater when just a little time is taken to work out a few simple maths, and then use the fuses most appropriate to the application.

Until the authorities see fit to ban the sale of plugs complete with 13-amp fuse and also offer concrete and simple advice on choosing the most appropriate fuse, it is up to the intending user to help himself. Its very simple and well worth while.



"When you come home, will you carry on making your special gadget that minimises the risk of accidents in the home?"

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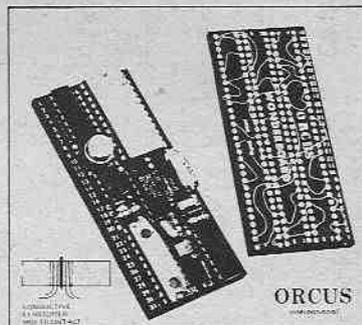
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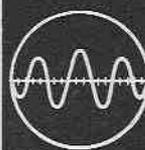
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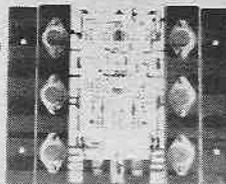


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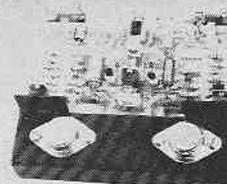
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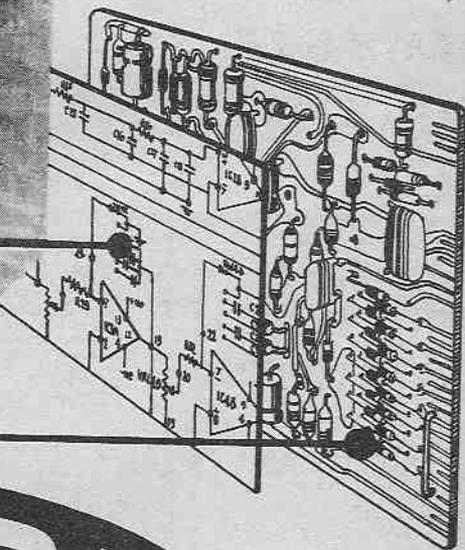
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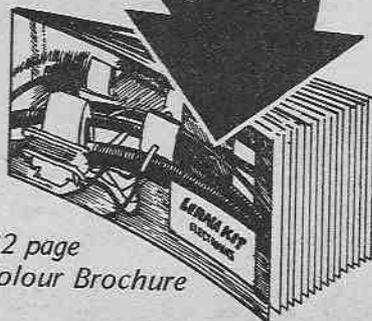
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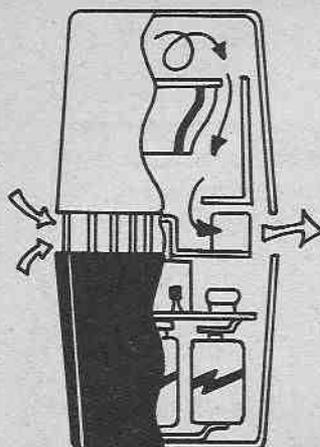
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Mag Issue	Project	Ref	PCB	Comp. Pack	Hardware Pack	Case	Total
Jan. 78	Audio Visual Metronome	E001	65*	1-99	2-17	79	5-50
	Touch Switch	E002	74*	1-06	—	—	1-80
	Code Scrambler	E003	81*	2-78	1-50	45	5-54
	Rapid Diode Check	E004	52*	78	48	45	2-23
Feb. 78	Car Alarm	E005	80*	1-32	1-71	1-65	5-48
	Lead Tester	E006	51*	1-25	1-61	79	4-17
	Chaser Light Display	E007	1-75	8-19	6-79	3-15	19-88
	A.C. Meter Converter	E008	60*	1-74	1-38	1-65	5-37
Mar. 78	Audio Test (2 p.c.b.'s)	E009	1-74*	7-08	5-88	—	14-78
	G.R. Substitution Box	E010	—	3-48	3-98	99	8-32
	Catch-a-Light	E011	82*	2-55	2-70	2-15	8-42
	Weird Sound	E012	62*	2-71	1-17	79	5-29
Apr. 78	Roof Rack Alarm	E013	60*	1-52	1-71	—	3-83
	Mains Delay Switch	E014	94*	1-71	7-68	2-15	12-48
	Packet Timer	E015	60*	1-45	96	45	3-46
May 78	Flash Meter	E016	75*	3-15	5-40	79	11-09
	Mains Meter	E017	54*	41	40	—	1-35
	Power Amp-Teach-In	E018	—	1-55	—	—	1-55
	Power Pack	E019	70*	1-32	1-45	2-24	5-71
Jun. 78	Tele-Bell	E020	1-00*	2-84	6-85	—	10-69
	Inafu Transistor Tester	E021	65*	1-22	2-44	79	5-10
	S.W. Receiver-Teach-In	E022	—	2-61	—	—	2-61
	Power Slave	E023	1-75	—	—	—	1-75
Jul. 78	Visual Continuity Tester	E024	—	56	1-88	1-65	4-09
	Auto Night Light	E025	85*	3-17	3-32	2-05	9-39
	Short Wave Radio	E026	—	5-05	2-81	—	7-86
	Quagmire	E027	1-40*	4-78	1-21	—	7-39
Aug. 78	Logic Probe	E028	50*	92	45	79	2-66
	Slave Flash	E029	55*	2-17	—	—	2-72
	M.W. Mini Radio	E030	50*	2-08	1-75	45	4-78
	Audio Frequency Signal Generator	E031	85*	7-75	1-41	2-40	12-41
Sept. 78	RF Signal Generator	E033	—	13-24	2-58	—	15-82
	Sound to Light	E034	—	1-82	2-53	79	5-14
	Guitar Tone Booster	E035	75	1-12	84	1-35	4-96
	Car Battery State Indicator	E036	65*	97	—	—	1-62
Oct. 78	CMOS Radio	E037	1-45*	3-28	3-05	2-54	10-32
	Fuse Checker	E038	—	49	32	79	1-60
	Treasure Hunter	E039	1-25	4-86	5-37	2-54	14-02
Nov. 78	Audio Effects Oscillator	E042	—	1-31	30	79	1-40
	Water Level Alert	E043	70*	1-25	45	1-58	3-98
	Combination Lock	E045	2-35*	4-35	8-50	2-08	17-48
	Hot Line Game	E046	75*	1-00	2-82	—	4-57
Dec. 78	Car flasher warning	048	—	—	—	—	—
	Fuzz Box	049	—	—	—	—	—
	Ignition Immobiliser	050	—	—	—	—	—
	Mini-Module Micro Amp	051	—	—	—	—	—

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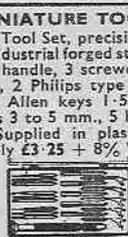
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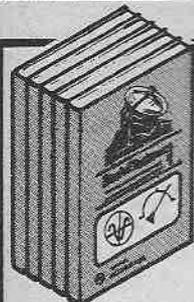
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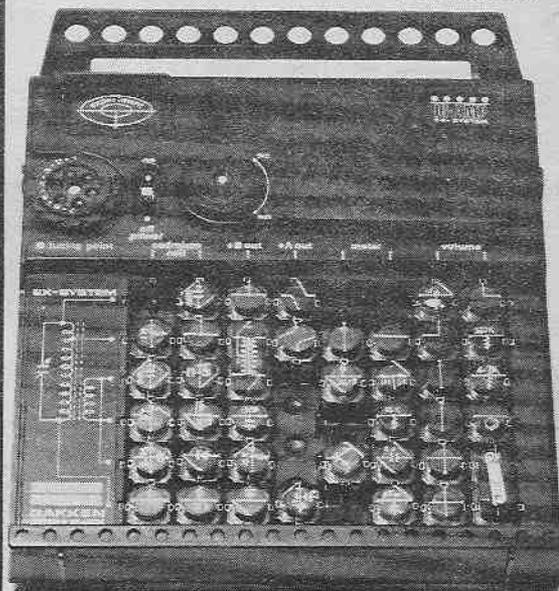
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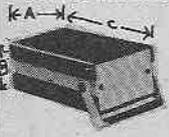
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40	343	106	198
70	283	68	216



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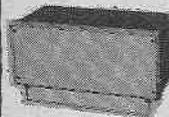


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	228.5	635	216

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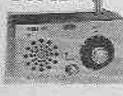
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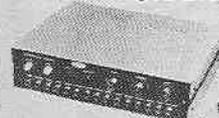
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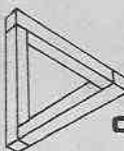
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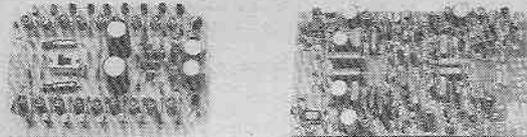
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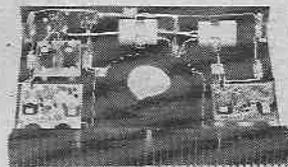
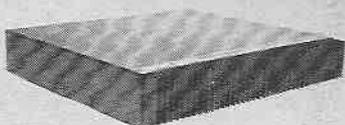
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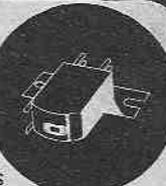
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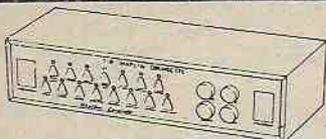
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2N718	0-54	2N2221	0-25	2N3397	0-19	2N3912	0-60	2N5093	0-30	2N6125	0-47	BC108A	0-16	BC178A	0-25	BC213A	0-15	BC309A	0-16	BD236	0-44	BD541	1-32
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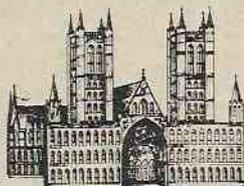
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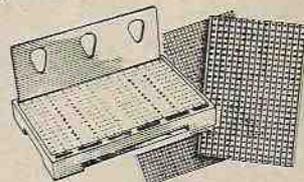
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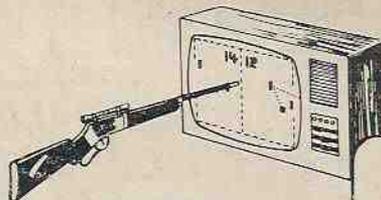
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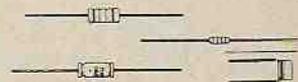
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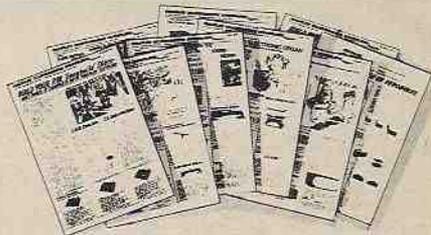
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