THE WORLD'S No. 1 GUIDE TO BUYING HI-FI

53 CD PLAYERS – SUMMARISED 89 LOUDSPEAKERS -- SUMMARISED

109 AMPLIFIERS AND 32 TUNERS – SUMMARISED

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20 PERSONAL STEREOS UNDER REVIEW

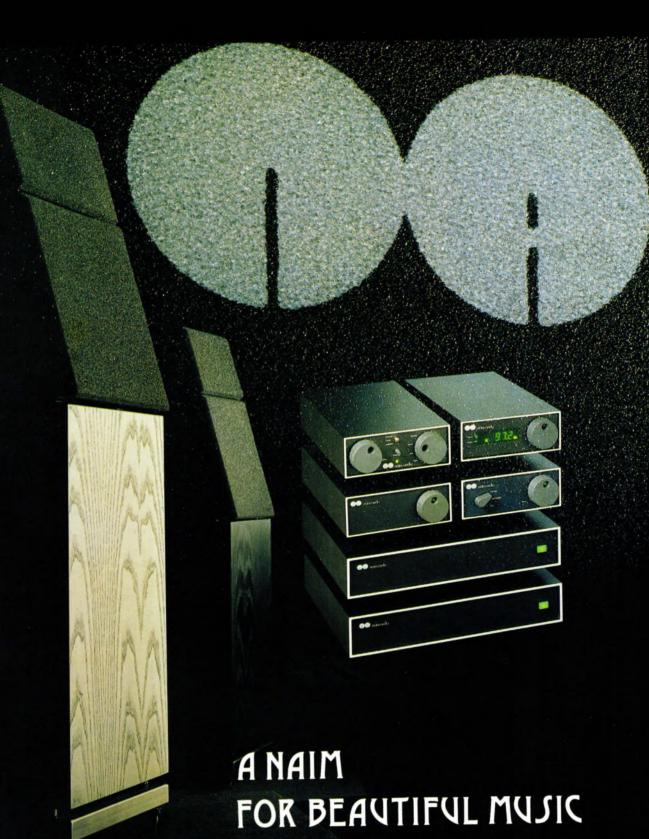
35 CD MIDI SYSTEMS - SUMMARISED

43 CASSETTE DECKS - SUMMARISED 109 CARTRIDGES – SUMMARISED

59 CASSETTE TAPES REVIEWED

46 TURNTABLES AND 26 TONEARMS – SUMMARISED

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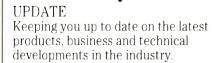
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HIFT CHOIC ISSUE NUMBER 56: MARCH 1988



Front Cover: The Recommended Inca Tech Claymore, see page 53.







Your views, ideas and queries on all matters audio along with our answers and suggestions.





This month's foray into stylish homes with stylish hi-fi takes us to a high tech flat in Epping Forest, appropriately kitted out with Meridian hardware.





Your chance to win one of Scotland's most prestigious turntables the \$3,000 gold-plated Source/Odyssey plus the \$249 Audio Technica OC-7 cartridge. PERSPECTIVES: THE BOWERS LEGACY



Paul Messenger visits B&W to assess the technical legacy of one of the UK hi-fi industry's most important catalysts.

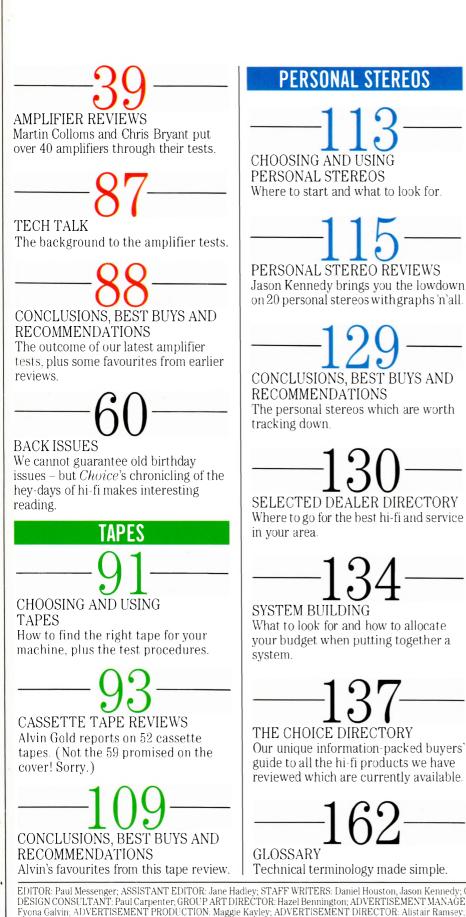
AMPLIFIERS



MARKET RESPONSE The results of Dan Houston's dealer survey, including sales, reliability and the dealers' viewpoints on amplifiers.



A practical guide to amplifier selection; written non-technically for music lovers not engineers.



MENU

N early a year since *Choice* last examined amplifiers, the thirty or so vacancies for new entries was somewhat over-subscribed. We've managed to cover a pretty wide range though, leaving some of those not available in time (notably Mission's revamped Cyrus', plus new Onkyo, Proton and Mordaunt-Short models) until our next visit.

Last year's group was dominated by the simple enthusiast-oriented budget amplifiers selling for \$120-\$160 – models which paved the way in terms of improved sound quality from Far Eastern manufacturers. Many of those amplifiers remain unchanged, but above them a new group of similarly improved mid-price models is appearing, with significantly greater credibility than their predecessors.

This new group of amplifiers was again tested by Martin Colloms, preserving continuity with previous projects, but on this occasion Chris Bryant has acted as assistant and co-author, instead of Paul Crook and yrs trly.

We have taken a lot of care over integrating the latest listening test results with earlier subjective findings, but it's worth pointing out that such value judgements can never be absolute. A single overall ranking is inevitably a gross oversimplification, and our advice is always to track down a demonstration of differences that vary in importance from one system or from one individual to another.

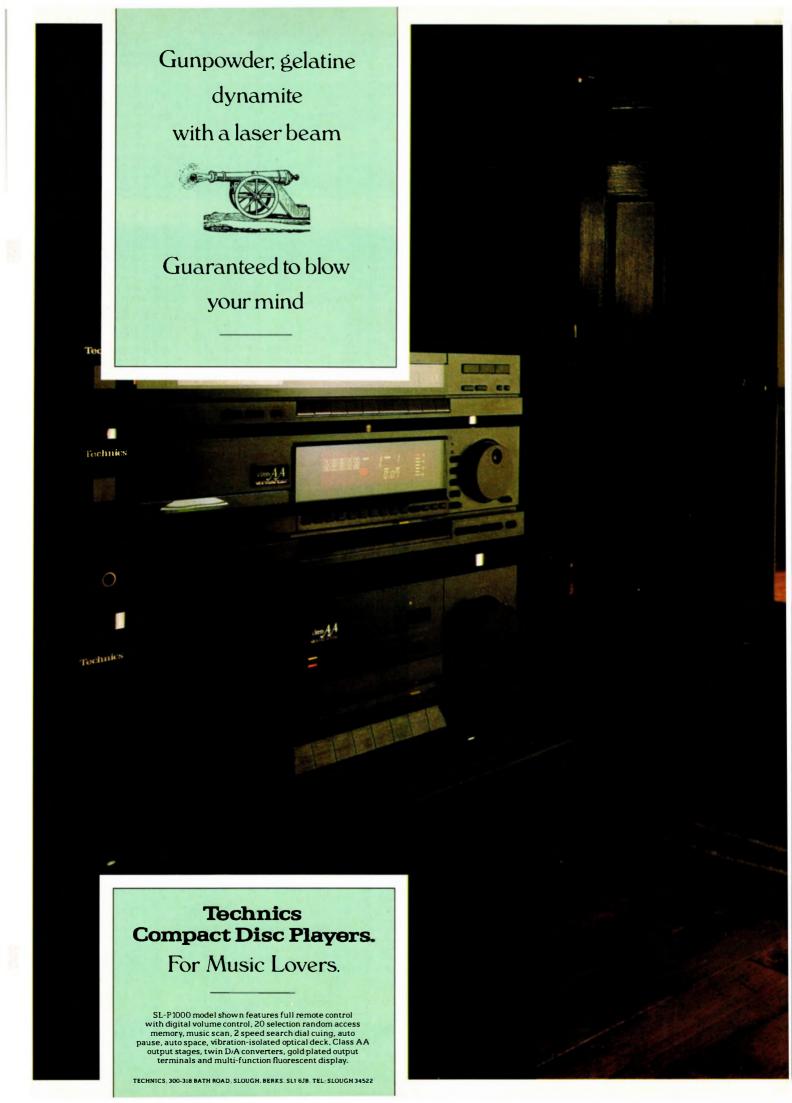
Our other comparative reviews this month cover the latest formulations on the blank tapes, to keep you up to date with the latest versions of these constantly evolving products, and provide the necessary matching data for next month's big cassette deck project. Inspired by the success of the Sony *ProWalkman* in AG's last cassette deck book, we sent Jason Kennedy off with a batch of other upmarket personals, plus a few downmarket ones besides, in the hopes of finding some worthwhile alternatives. So now you know (see pp 115) ...

Paul Messenger.

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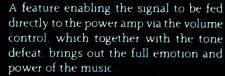


Shiringari dinilikati kanani mingenearini i ya ba ta

Catch someone playing with your Marantz PM35 Amplifier, and chances are, you'd be after their blood.

You'd be furious at their failure to appreciate its customised components, selected during months of listening tests, with the objective of getting the best 'musicality' and not just the best figures. You'd be hornified that its superior build quality (unmatched in any other Amplifier under £160) was being taken for granted

And you'd take great exception to the fact that someone was blind to the benefits of the CD/Phono direct switch.



Ask your Marantz dealer for a demonstration, we promise he won't snap your head off.

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UPDATE

BUSINESS TRADE Meridian Merit

Boothroyd Stuart, maker of the prestigious Meridian equipment, has won a British 1988 Design Award.

The firm's 200 Series compact disc playing system (partly featured in this month's Aspirations) attracted the Council's eye for its aesthetic and engineering excellence. The winners were announced last month but BS director Allen Boothroyd said he would be presented with his certificate by the Duke of Edinburgh in Glasgow on April 13. Boothroyd Stuart also won the award in 1982 for their 100 series amplifier and the same team won the award on behalf of Lecson Audio in 1974.

Allen Boothroyd said he was delighted at the prospect of winning again, pointing out that 1987 had been an award-winning year. BS were selected for the Component of the Year Award 1987 by Stereo Sound Magazine in Japan, for their 207 CD player and won the Japanese 17th Component Grand Prix for their 200 Series (which was only launched last October). BS export nearly 20% of their products to Japan.

The Design Council confirmed that the BS duo were the only team to win the award three times in one industry.

ALTERNATING SCIENCES

Mister van den Hul is looking for a permanent trader to deal with his exotic products in this country.

The Dutch cables and cartridges man has ceased using Automation Sciences (now under administration) "for financial reasons", and is temporarily importing via Viper Ltd - run by the ubiquitous freelance Bob Lawson, and partner Ian Bolt. Mr van den Hulsaid that about eight companies had approached him for the contract and that he was considering splitting his operation so that one firm would deal with cartridges and another cables; this is the vdH situation in America. A decision would be made in March he affirmed.

Meanwhile Viper have



Award winning design from Boothroyd Stewart and their Meridian compact disc system – shown here in a state of undress.

exclusive UK distribution of van den Hul, and are keen to continue the association according to Mr Bolt.

A press release from Automation Sciences confirms that an administrator was appointed before Christmas to effect 'an orderly restructuring of the company'. There is nothing wrong with the products though, and ASC are still selling: Burmester, Cello, Conrad-Johnson, Eminent Technology, Infinity, P. Lurne, Martin-Logan, Motif and Tiffany.

Jacob Zelinger, who runs the firm, explained that the stock market crash had badly affected his 'high-end' share of the market. Many dealers had suffered a 30% drop in sales in the Autumn which had rebounded something-fold on him. But he stressed that he had the support of both dealers and suppliers, and expected to be out of the crisis in the next three or four months. New products could also be expected from AS in the 'near future'.

B&W LOSE BOWERS

John Bowers, 21 years chairman of B&W Loudspeakers, has died



John Bowers. aged 65. Bowers retired in November following ill health and had only just handed over the running of the company to Robert Trunz – the new chairman. Paul Messenger takes an appreciative look at his legacy to the UK hi-fi industry in this month's Perspectives feature.

SPEAKERS IN THE CITY

TGI plc, Tannoy, Goodmans and Mordaunt-Short's musketeering stance in the loudspeaker industry, may soon be 'acquiring' new blood after a successful listing on the stock exchange. On January 14th TGI was capitalised at \$21.6 million in an over subscribed issue of 6,538,460 ordinary shares of 1p each at 130p per share.

At a press conference after the issue Terry Bennett, TGI's chief executive, said there was a likelihood of acquisition if the right company (not necessarily a speaker maker) was found.

The new money raised by the group will be used partly to redeem the term loan for Mordaunt Short (bought last February) and put in a pool for



Terry Bennett, TGI's Chief Executive looking happy.

the three companies a spokesman said. While all the members are for TGI, TGI is for all of them and it was stressed that each would continue to be run autonomously. The benefits of coming together were cited as collaboration in marketing strategy, product development and improved purchasing and production.

Although Mordaunt-Short is the smallest, and youngest of the group Mr Bennett said TGI envisaged it becoming like a British Bang & Olufsen. **Questioned later Chris Short** (who had hardly slept the night before the issue) didn't blink an eye: "if we can become known for our styling like B&O I shall be very pleased," he said. It would, however, be a B&O style with a five year guarantee he added! MS' first stab at amplifier design has just hit the streets in the sleek shape of the MSA5000 (\$340).

RUSH IN BOOTS

Boots say they have launched a winner with the introduction of the affordable CD costing \$3.99. They claim to have sold around 170,000 in the first six weeks since the 'Compact Selection' range came on the market. The firm admit that business would have been boosted by the Christmas period but say sales will remain buoyant and are



planning to add more titles to the existing 50 To date the musical content has been classed as classical, nostalgia, jazz and easy listening – Boots are hoping to include more popular music.

SANYO/FISHER

Sanvo and Fisher have spliced their sales teams together to create opportunities for expansion. From now on the reps will wear first one and then the other company hat when they talk to dealers. The 27-strong sales team is being run by Paul Smith, the former Sanyo marketing director who now takes on responsibility for both brands. Sanyo and Fisher are based under the one roof in Watford but a spokesperson said: "the average consumer will continue to think we are different companies."

Sanyo effectively owns Fisher but the decision was said to be mutual between the two firms. There will be no change in the products and in the hi-fi field Fisher will be sold as the more upmarket of the two brands. Both companies said the marriage made economic sense.

The sort of products that will be sold in the tandem operation include new stereo TV's from Fisher A 25-inch (\$649) and 28inch (\$699) version are available in the FTS series which are both Nicam and CDV compatible and can be wired to your speakers.

HIGHLAND LINE

Hinari, the Hibernian consumer electronics group, are at last building a factory in the auld country.

The Glasgow based company are spending \$1.5m as an initial investment for a new site in Cumbernauld in Scotland's Silicon Valley Domestic appliances such as kettles will be produced at first but the firm say CD midi systems and CD players will be produced from May this year. The 80,000 square feet factory will create 200 new jobs from the outset and is envisaged as the firm's research and development centre in the future.

Hinari's products are made in Japan and the Far East at the moment and the company will keep these bases. At present it claims a 10.3% share of the midisystem market and is hoping to expand further, pushing back the barriers in this country as well as Europe

So Hinari's a name to watch. But no-one seems to know where the name comes from (it doesn't even sound Japanese). Answers on a postcard please.



Fisher's Audio Visual friendly designer series stereo TV.

AIWA'S WELSH EXPANSION

Aiwa UK Ltd are planning to double the output of their factory in Gwent South Wales with a \$3.1 million cash injection. The factory currently produces midisystem components, namely: amplifiers, tuners, cassette decks, turntables and CD Players. Personal stereos, car audio and some video production is envisaged for the future. Aiwa also have a \$400,000 Regional Selective Assistance grant from the government which will be used in the building expansion programme.

Aiwa say 200 jobs will be created by the injection, and are using Gwent as a platform to increase its UK exports to Europe by 100% by 1990. The company have been in Wales since 1980.

PRODUCTS BIAS & ELYS

Clearly Rega didn't spend a sixfigure sum with Saatchi & Saatchi Global Marketingspeak Inc when naming their two new cartridges. But at least they had the gumption to come up with something less prosaic, predictable and anonymous than *RB1000* or whatever when christening the new babies . .

New models from Rega tend to appear at longer than two year intervals, so the simultaneous arrival of two together is an unprecedented event. Naturally enough they share a certain amount in common, both with each other and the *RB100* predecessor. But as usual Rega do it differently. Whereas most cartridge manufacturers happily build a range of different stylus



Something to get your digits on; Aiwa's all singing/dancing HS-JX101.

assemblies in a common body, Rega have retained the cantilever/tip developed for the 700 for both these models, and instead created a new (common) coil structure within two alternative bodies

Rega's philosophy here has been to reduce the magnetic losses through tighter tolerancing within the coils and pole pieces, and to improve the mecahnical integrity of the whole at the same time. They have always tried to avoid the widespread moving magnet technique of boosting the treble region by tuning an electrical resonance between cartridge inductance and pre-amp capacitance - the RB100 having a decidedly dull balance for that reason. But halving the gap between magnet and poles, and winding the coils tightly directly onto the permalloy shafts has markedly reduced the high frequency losses - redressing the balance as it were while retaining the aresonant 'sweetness'

The difference between Bias and Elys lies in the price and the bodywork. The \$34 Bias has a superficially conventional 'universal' body, whereas the \$66 Elys has a tripod fixing not dissimilar to the Linn Troika. though with one crucial difference - Elys has the extra mounting at the front, and is designed specifically to partner the RB250 and '300 tonearms. In many ways more logical geometrically than Troika. Elus has a captive thread in the moulding to avoid fouling the cantilever/stylus with the front screw

The new bodies differ from most rivals and follow through the theme of Rega's successful tonearms by being single onepiece mouldings, incorporating the mounting for the curiously irregular rhomboid bung and the location holes for the pole pieces. Brief auditioning of a prototype suggests Rega's new cartridge entries could prove as influential as their tonearms have been.

AIWA'S WALK – King

Aiwa are helping move the personal stereo business further upmarket by introducing their all singing/dancing *HS-JX101*.

The flagship of the range, this 230 gram machine boasts the ability to record auto-reverse, and has a tuner with three AM and three FM presets plus LCD display giving the tape mode, station frequency and time of day.

There is also a 'remote' control facility allowing the user to

HI-FI CHOICE 8 MARCH 1988

operate the Walkperson with a small handset (microphone within) while the machine is tucked under the armpit, or whatever. Aiwa have also developed a built-in Ni-Cad battery recharger; folding headphones complete the compact system.

The HS-JX101 retails at \$249 but Aiwa do not claim it has the recording or playback capabilities of Sony's *ProWalkman.* And a spokesman admitted that better playback performance could be found elsewhere in Aiwa's lineup (of 12 peronals) specifically in FX-101. But for gadget city people, the JX-101 must have it.

DUAL CHALLENGE

Hayden Labs, who market Dual turntables in the UK, are tentatively introducing other models from this German manufacturer's range. The company is considering importing three cassette decks, two amplifiers and a tuner from Dual. They will initially be sold through the Richer Sounds Group outlets. David Allen, speaking for Hayden Labs said: 'We can see a hole between the mass and more hi-fi end of the market, and we think this new range comes at a very promising price point." The models are styled to go with the new turntable range.

The amplifiers are the CV6010 (\$109) which is a five input, 35 Watt per channel model, and the 60W per channel CV 6030 (\$149) which has six inputs and a five-band graphic equaliser. The \$149 digital tuner is labelled CT7030 and has 40 (yes 40) presets on three bands. Three cassette decks - the \$129 CC8010, the \$199 CC8020 and the \$259 CC8050 - all come with Dolby B and C, LED meters and microphone inputs. The 8020 is a twin cassette deck with high speed dubbing facility (for all you hasty bootleggers), and the 8050 is a three-head type with a simple scanning facility that allows the user to leap a track.

TONED DOWN

Technics are launching their new range of products over the next two months. The lineup includes four CD players, two turntables, a tuner, speakers, two pairs of headphones and a couple of graphic equalisers.

The *SL-BD20K* (\$74) and *SL-L1K* (\$170) turntables are both to be released in February. Two of the CD players, the *SL-P990* (\$450) and the *SL-P770* (\$350), will be in the shops in March. The rest of the equipment will be available in April and May.

Pictured is the $\$450 \ SU$ -V90D amplifier which is the most expensive of the newcomers. It is available in silver or black and has six inputs with a by-passable tone control switch. Most exciting is the lack of flashing light meters in the shape of those electronic worms that expanded and contracted in stereo as if trying to leap out of the amplifiers that Technics (used to) make. Watch this space for the rest.

THE OC7 HAS A BIG Brother

The latest addition to the Audio Technica cartridge range is the \$400 AT-OC9. Incorporating micro-engineering technology developed for the aerospace industry, the AT-OC9 is a cost-noobject version of the existing OC7. Like the OC7 the cartridge body is made from aluminium but in this case is gold plated, it features a 'Techni-Hard' mounting base, and internal wiring is Audio Technica's continuous cast copper (PC-OCC).



Flying in at \$400, Audio Technica's new OC9 cartridge is in strong demand.

The stylus is an elliptical nude diamond on a beryllium cantilever, and output is a healthy and is adequate for most moving-coil inputs. Compliance is just below medium and suitable for low to medium mass tonearms.

Following in the footsteps of the rave reviewed *OC7* this new model has its work cut out justifying the extra \$150 that one





Japanese feet and Ninja colouring for Technics' new amplifier and CD player, here soon.

has to shell out. But if it can, it may be time for the Koetsus of this world to start worrying. The word from Audio Technica is that they are having big problems satisfying demand, as they only have a handful of people capable of building the cartridge. If not quite in the Ortofon *MC3000* ballpark, the *OC9* still looks like becoming a cult cartridge.

PAPERBACK CD

Lovers of classical music and the CD medium now have the same reference as lovers of good food and restaurants – THE GOOD CD GUIDE.

Published by the people who bring you *Gramophone Magazine* the guide recommends over 400 recordings from Adam to Zemlinsky. Akai UK Ltd have supported the 200 page volume (cost \$5.99) and it includes "The Akai 50" favourite pressings.

Readers also get potted biographies of the more famous composers alongside the reviews of their recordings, so that you can learn of, say, Bizet's philandering with his parents' maid, and can see their work within the pattern of their life. An informative glossary of musical terms accompanies. Raising the hackles on the back of analogue-disciples' necks, CD is described as revelatory, with outstanding sonic advances, ease of use and suitability for longer musical pieces in the introduction. Users of vinyl are seen almost as cardiac patients – having to get up and down the whole time and becoming 'infuriated' by surface noise or 'drop-out' with tape.

BUDGET MOSFETs

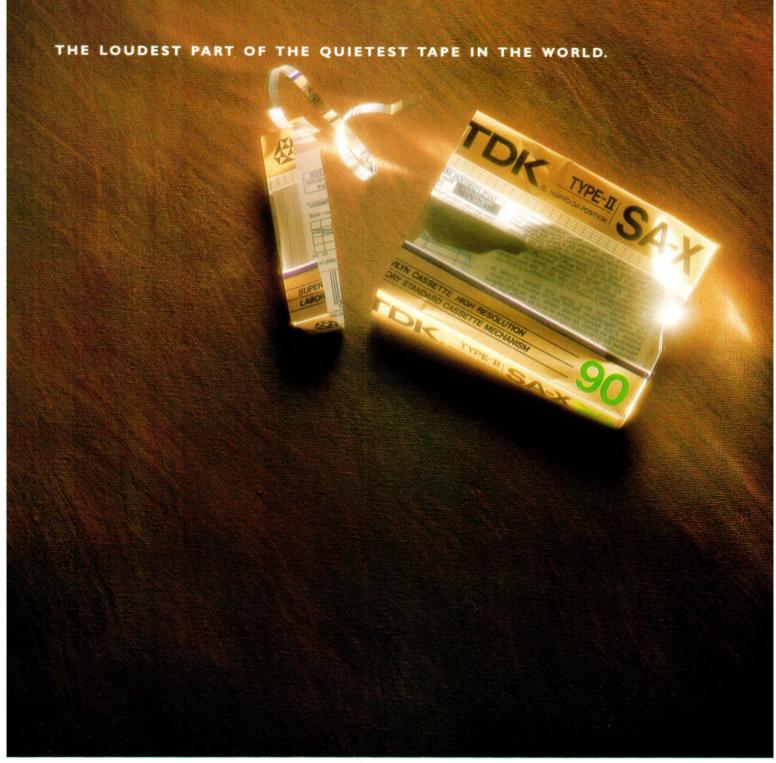
ITL are launching the new *MA-80* integrated amplifier to retail for less than \$150, sporting a very basic but well finished fascia. Controls are limited to source select, power on/off and volume, though ITL maintain that this is a user friendly amplifier and admittedly it features a switchable headphone socket.

The technological claim to fame is the use of MOSFET output stages (unusual for amps of this price), for its rated 30 watts per channel RMS output. The company has been in business for just over a year now, the *MA80* joining the *MA-120* already in production, with a \$230 pre/ power combination still to come. ITL are Portsmouth based and can be contacted on 0705 293051.





Dual separates: CV6030 amplifier and CC8620 dual cassette.



&TDK. THE SPECIALISTS IN SOUND AND VISION.

A unique dual layer of Super Avilyn provides SA-X tapes with the lowest bias noise in the world [-63.5dB (0dB = 250nWb/m)]. Furthermore, the MOL of +4.0dB gives a dynamic range of 67.5dB, wider than any other compact cassette. MOL @ 315Hz; Playback output level (@ 3% THD: Saturation output level (MOL @ 10kHz) -7.5dB. For further information on any TDK product, please write to: Customer Services Dept., TDK UK Limited, Pembroke House, Wellesley Road, Croydon, Surrey CR0 9XW.



New features with the discrete head CR-4E cassette deck from Nakamichi.

NEW NAKAMICHIS

Cassette deck maestros Nakamichi, have four new models on the market this month.

All members of the *CR* series, styled like the current *CR-5E* and *CR-7E* top of the range models, they will replace the longserving *BX* series models.

The BX-100E will be replaced by the \$345 CR-1E with the addition of Dolby C to existing features. The \$395 CR-2E replaces the BX-125E with all the 'IE's features plus fine tune bias control and four digit LED counter. The BX-300E will be replaced by the CR-3E which at \$595 is \$50 below the 300's price. Nakamichi claim significant sound improvements with the CR-3E though it no longer has the pitch control facility.

A completely new and additional CR-4E model is also being introduced at a recommended price of \$745. The '4E comprises all the features of the $\Im E$ and includes a manual calibration system to allow optimum bias and record levels to be set for each individual tape used. Nakamichi point to the differences even between tapes of the same type from the same manufacturers as giving rise to the need for the calibration system: using it is well worth the extra effort in terms of sound quality improvement, they say.

X EXPOSED

A LATOSED Exposure Electronics' new \$399 integrated amplifier – codenamed X, pronounced Ten – is due in the shops about the time this magazine appears, and has already built a backlog of orders from enthusiastic dealers who have auditioned the prototype. It is a simple 'straightline' unit with cartridge input matching moving magnet types only. Power is delivered from a shielded 250VA transformer, with separate regulation to different stages

throughout. Exposure are also starting to sell into the US market. Chicagobased Audiophore are handling sole and exclusive

representation and distribution, and report a very encouraging

response from their attendance at the Las Vegas Winter CES.

TECHNOLOGY Video tape

Two items of video news this month are important enough to deserve mention in this hi-fi magazine. First (in order of announcement) is that Sony are finally going to market and manufacture VHS format VCRs – alongside their current commitments to both Beta and Video 8

Several obvious factors made pride swallowing the only rational course. Sony can get 20% or so of any market they choose to enter, and 20% of VHS' 90% share of the video market is worth much more than 100% of Beta's 5%. Furthermore A/V integration (such as it is) has been largely software-led, and VHS dominates the videogram market, so staying out would have prejudiced future big ticket A/V system competitiveness. And knowing Sony there must be a good chance they'll have some useful tricks up their sleeves when they do get their own machines together.

More important still is JVC's long delayed publication of the European (PAL/SECAM) spec for Super VHS – nearly a year after NTSC S-VHS appeared in Japan and the US. Fully compatible with standard VHS replay, the Super option uses the latest tape developments to improve picture resolution dramatically – theoretically ahead of broadcast guality.

Unfortunately, new Super tapes recorded on the new Super machines do not replay on standard VHS hardware, so the changeover on pre-recorded material is likely to be painfully slow (but at least there is no longer PAL/SECAM colour incompatibility). Nevertheless the arrival of S-VHS must pose a threat to the future of CD-Video the latter probably better on audio quality but theoretically losing out somewhat on video quality (not to mention record capability and all that jazz). And of course the market for VHS music videos already exists - and is comparable in size to the whole CD software market for that matter

NAIM '88/1

Naim Audio have started to reveal their plans for 1988. The new year started with a major step forward in manufacturing technology, making the important step from CAD (computer aided design) to CAM (computer aided manufacturing) with the installation of computer controlled component insertion machinery.

Though cheaper than most



 $Naim\ Audio's\ Julian\ Vereker\ welcomes\ his\ new\ robot\ board\ stuffer.$

such systems, the *Robin* (robot insertion) from Dorset manufacturer Ambotech is still capable of handling 80% of Naim's component requirements. It operates 5-8 times faster than an experienced manual board builder, with excellent consistency as well.

Though happy enough to churn out any required sequence of Naim's standard PCBs (printed circuit boards) day in and day out, *Robin* will also be useful in development work. An engineer uses the CAD system to help lay out a prototype board for assessment, drawing on the machinery's data bank of component size and shape and printing out the masks for cutting the board tracks.

While the board itself is being made, the CAD computer squirts information over to *Robin*, which will calculate the precise coordinates and orientation etc. and draw up the loading inventory of the components, ready to start stuffing as soon as the board is ready.

Naim have difficulty finding staff down in prosperous Salisbury, so far from making anyone redundant, Robin will free existing personnel for other duties. For example in loudspeaker assembly, where Naim have been expanding rapidly. The \$1,000 SBL (separate box loudspeaker) suffered various early production hiati, but is now trundling along near 100/month and still failing to catch the backlog. Now they are to introduce a down-sized and down-priced \$600(ish) version, currently code-named BL2, incorporating much of the unusual detail engineering of SBL but in a single (albeit threechamber) box.

The bass/mid unit is currently SonAudax sourced, but with similar mass-loading and phase plug modifications as those applied to SBL's M-S driver. The floor-spiked stand is again integral, but uses controlled decoupling at the enclosure interface. The tweeter too is decoupled from the enclosure, at around 100Hz by means of its mounting plate. Once again a dual chamber system separated by acoustic resistance loads the bass/mid driver, and mass damping is applied to some cabinet panels. The 'plug-in' rear panel 3rd-order crossover facilitates active or passive operation.

Retaining similar proportions and shape, with the unusual part slanted front and convenience of wallmount alignment, there are naturally slight tradeoffs in bass extension and sensitivity.

Spend £250 on CD, and you'll Spend £250 on a cart

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When you have more than £150 to spend on a cartridge, you are into a new realm. The realm of the moving coil. Unlike the moving magnet cartridge you are probably used to, in which magnets are attached to the cantilever, the cantilever of a moving coil has very fine metal coils wound round it. Which makes it much lighter and far more responsive to the transients cut into the grooves of a record.

As a result, a moving coil cartridge gives a much sharper, more clearly defined sound, with appreciably greater depth and spaciousness. It will also pick up the leading edges of the transients; the more detailed elements of the music that moving magnets can miss.

A moving coil is more expensive, because it demands more costly components and highly exacting engineering.

But it will not only make your records sound much better. It will actually reveal subtleties in the original recording, which you never knew existed. To say buying a moving coil cartridge is like getting a new record collection is no idle boast. <u>FIRST THEN. FIRST NOW.</u> Back in 1948, Ortofon were the first people to produce moving coil cartridges. Prior to that, the company had spent many years using the same principle in the construction of state-of-the-art cutting heads.

This parallel between the manufacturing of records and their reproduction explains, in part, the superior accuracy of moving coil cartridges.

Since then, Ortofon have been consistently developing and refining them. The MC30 Super exemplifies how much progress has been made.

The stylus is the new FG Type 1, named after Fritz Gyger, the Swiss diamond manufacturers who are the only company in the world capable of cutting such a minute diamond with the necessary precision.

need a new record collection. ridge and you'll have one.

Its shape has been designed to make contact with the walls of the groove, where musical information is embedded, without touching the bottom and picking up surface noise.

The aluminium cantilever is tapered, to eliminate standing vibrations which can start distorting sound at source. And the coils surrounding the cantilever are made from pure silver, one of the finest conductors known to science.

To get the best from such sensitive components, the cartridge body must combine minimum mass with maximum rigidity, to prevent resonance. To achieve this, the MC30 uses two aluminium extrusions, bolted together for extra rigidity, and a carbon fibre base-plate, to repel static.

<u>HEARING IS BELIEVING.</u> While delivering superb sound reproduction, the MC30 Super also avoids a drawback traditionally associated with moving coil cartridges. Namely, the need for a step-up device to compensate for low output voltage.

T

accuracy in sound

A tiny, cross-shaped armature (originally developed for Ortofon's legendary MC2000 model) allows extra coil windings, without an increase in mass or any reduction in performance. And a more than adequate voltage output of >0.2mV at 1kHz.

You can get full information on the MC30 Super and other models in Ortofon's moving coil range, by writing to: Ortofon (UK) Limited, Denmark House, Tavistock Industrial Estate, Ruscombe, Twyford, Berks RG10 9NJ.

But an even better idea might be to take your favourite album along to your nearest Ortofon dealer, and ask to hear it through an Ortofon moving coil cartridge.

The few minutes you spend doing so could make you think twice about spending years building up a new collection.

HEARING IS BELIEVING.



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AND THE SHOW GOES ON

The intrepid Paul Miller survives aviation dramas to bring back fax'n'info from the 1988 Las Vegas CES.

his year's Winter CES was one of the largest yet, encompassing the broad categories of 'audio, video and home information'. Over 1,400 exhibitors were crammed into the Las Vegas Convention Centre and surrounding satellite hotels. Most exhibitors and many of the 105,000 trade attendees were to be found struggling within this vast Convention Centre; the writhing mass of bodies occupying this ³⁷/₄ million square foot venue rapidly gave rise to its popular nickname 'The Zoo'.

In addition, the show incorporated a wide variety of workshop programmes, special exhibits and events. The question of home taping, the launch of DAT and any subsequent infringement of consumer rights was one aspect held high on the agenda. A special booth entitled 'Right to Tape' featured the DAT recording of live music in order to demonstrate the potential capabilities of the medium, while a mass of accompanying literature documented the views of musicians, the Home Recording Rights Coalition, journals and the popular press as support against restrictive legislation. A judicial and legislative chronology compared the copyright infringement battles endured by the manufacturers of domestic VCRs with the current round of recommendations concerning the application of CBS's encoding system and the use of anti-recording ICs in production DAT players.

Perhaps as a result of perceived hostility from the American Congress, the profile of Japanese DAT machines (and CDV, for that matter) was notably low-key throughout the show. The digital products were there but nobody was going overboard to point this out. And the American audiophile community are clearly dead set against CBS and Copycode.

Following hard on the heels of TDK and 3M, BASF also introduced a DAT tape, claiming a dynamic range of 96dB and frequency response of 2-20,000Hz through the use of ultra-fine metal pigments. Denon unveiled a prototype DTR-AX DAT player, which includes their proprietary 'Super Linear Convertor' toplogy in an effort to reduce conversion errors at the MSB (most significant bit). Harman Kardon showed their new 26 DAT player under the *Citation* banner, reflecting the likely



\$2000 cost of the machine. Other models included the Onkyo *DT-2001* (with comprehensive opto-coupling and a sub-code editing function); two Sanyo units, the full-sized *DRD-01* and in-car equivalent (playback only); three Technics players, the *SV-D1000* (soon to be superceded by the *SV-D1100*), *SV-MD1* for portable use and a modified unit for in-car applications. Yamaha also showed a very pre-production sample of the *DTR-1*, a precursor to their domestic DAT machine.

Meanwhile over at the nearby Riviera Hotel, the CES equivalent of London's Penta Show was fully underway. Unfortunately, amongst many genuinely interesting products, there were others employing imaginative marketing hype to get themselves noticed. Bedini were showing a range of power amplifiers including the BA862, which apparently offers 150W per channel Class A for \$1300 from a rather slim case. When questioned about the need to dissipate large amounts of heat (from the minimum wastage of 300W), I was informed that the amplifier could contain the heat because: "we are using MOS-FETs, not Darlingtons". At this point I left, thinking that I had heard something just like that once before . . .

Kinergetics were showing a 75W Class A KBA-75 power amp, that apparently incorporates a 9kVA transformer and a rather interesting hysteresis distortion cancelling circuit that is currently subject to patent application. Furthermore, their original Philips-based CD-player has not been superceded by the *KCD-20A* (14-bit, 4x) and upmarket *KCD-30* (16-bit, 4x).

A company called Dimensional Optics (Mavrick Marketing!) provided additional disbelief with their 'Silicon Laser Matrix Amplifier'. Built into an unusual truncated pyramid decorated by a thin red line, it apparently utilises a new output device with 10-20 times the current handling capability of MOSFETs, while processing the audio signals in the optical domain!

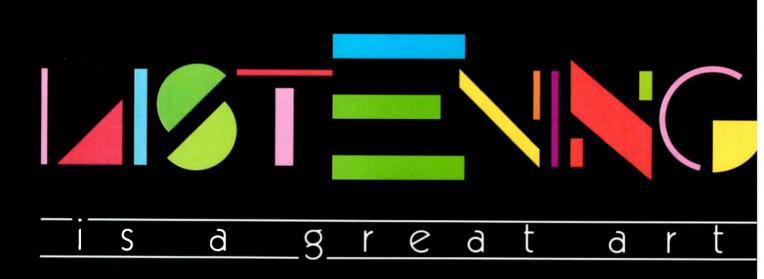
Now available in the UK, the Sumo range of amplifiers looked – and sounded – fairly good, with a chunky 65W Class A power amp plus two Class A/B units rather poetically named Andromeda and Polaris.

Other sensible amplifiers include the broadening Rowland Research range, an established US company now venturing into modular dual-mono pre-amps with attractive gold/black fascias and touch sensitive switching. Their Mono 3 power amplifiers look even more domestically acceptable, with champagne gold fascias mounted flush with side-running heatsinks and devoid of unsightly carrying handles. The Mono 5 and 7 resemble the traditional 'monster' power amps of legend, but include some favourable design features such as balanced inputs, massive power supplies, multiple paralleled FET output devices, a high speed regulated supply that maintains power to the front end in standby mode, no use of negative feedback and careful selection of all passive components.

Briefly, PS Audio demonstrated their new PS 4.6 pre-amp with optional M-500 power supply; Audio Research showed a static model of their new D-125 hybrid FET/tube power amp (which is based on the huge M300 monobloks), alongside the MkII version of the SP11 pre-amp. Convergent Audio Technology demonstrated a high-end minimalist valve pre-amp, next to Boulder who have an exceedingly wellbuilt solid state 500 power amp, which is destined for both pro and domestic markets, possibly in the UK.

In one of my few opportunities to sit down, relax and *listen*, the Rowland Research system (including Goldmund *Studio* turntable, linear tracking arm, prototype Decca-like cartridge and the fascinating Avalon *Prism* loudspeakers) sounded quite superb. Clear, dynamic but unforced and wholly transparent, all types of music, from jazz and pop to classical, were a joy to hear.

Elsewhere it was rather difficult to assess the performance from different rooms because of the very wide range of 'reference' products being used. Names familiar to the UK, such as Krell, Audio Research, Magneplanar, Koetsu and Oracle were nowhere to be seen outside their own rooms. The modified suspension and

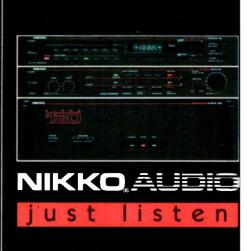


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luxurious gold-plating of Brooks Berdan's specially 'tweaked' Oracle turned more than a few heads I might add, while tucked away on the top floor Oracle themselves were quietly demonstrating the latest – stunning – version of the *Alexandria*

Most popular turntable seemed to be the attractive *Dark Star* from Simply Physics, which retails for only \$1250 including the JS Technology *ast-2* air-bearing tonearm. Shaped as the name suggests like a three-point star, this belt-driven turntable uses an acrylic platter (\hat{a} la Pink Triangle) and high mass (lead-filled) base decoupled with sorbothane feet and Tone Cone *Delrin* isolators

Another deck utilising the favourable vinyl impedance matching of an acrylic platter was the *Well Tempered Turntable* – sounding good, in at least three rooms, with the latest version of the matching *Well Tempered Arm.*

Winner in the extremely silly category was the \$15,000 Nebula 1 turntable from the Gold Aero Technology Group. Featuring a 35lb stainless steel platter and driven via a wide section polyolefin helt, the rotating mass is supported on an airbearing and Avonite (synthetic marble) subchassis. A three-point air-pneumatic suspension just managed to keep the whole affair afloat while Triplanar tonearm and Clearaudio Veritas m-c cartridge did their best to retrieve the music! The accompanying tube power amps seemed very interesting, but the RR1201S/ Trapagon loudspeaker system (with external crossover) appeared to represent a significantly weak link in this oddball system

In the digital arena The Mod Squad, American Audio Labs and Musical Concepts were showing decent solid-state modified Philips CD-players, while VTL, Melos and CAL had similarly modified designs on their books using valves in the analogue output stage. Incidentally, Vacuum Tube Logic had a stunning array of top-end valve power amplifiers including new 100W and 200W monobloks using selected EL43/6CA7 and KT88 tubes sourced from Gold Aero. Unfortunately, the UK market is probably too small for us ever to witness their introduction over here

The US penchant for large panel loudspeakers was clearly illustrated by Sound Labs' vast electrostatic subwoofers, designed to complement their singlecurved diaphragm fullrange electrostatic 'satellites', and claiming increased air displacement at LF through the use of two film elements Acoustat and Martin Logan were producing good sounds, the latter showing *CLS*, *Monolith* and *Sequel* models plus a much larger prototype *Statement* electrostatic working with an active moving-coil bass tower.

In a highly contentious launch, Audire demonstrated what they claim are "the first true, fullrange ribbon loudspeakers".



Top to bottom: Martin Logan's Sequel (right) plus prototype Statement hybrid • Cambridge Audio's Series 2 prototype 2-box CD player, with 16-bit 32xoversampling • KEF crustom fit' wall mount loudspeakers and subwoofers • Dark Star turntable from Simply Physics • Bereridge System 7 loudspeakers, powered by VTL.

Arranged in a line-source (dipolar) array, some 12 separate ribbon elements appeared to be located beneath the light grille cloth; I wonder what Apogee make of this?

Vandersteen loudspeakers were sounding good in The Mod Squad room, while other large moving-coil designs were being shown by Amrita Audio, BSC, Clements and VMPS. The Clements RT-7 utilised an aluminium ribbon unit with transmissionline bass loading, while the VMPS Super Tower looked (and sounded) like the nearest thing yet to a coffin stuffed with poorly integrated drive units! Dahlquist launched two new *M-series* models whose conventional box-type construction contrasts the panel-like open baffle of the latest DQ-20s. Infinity were putting their main effort into launching a new range of in-car loudspeaker systems. Beveridge were proudly disclosing their tubular System 7 with an active electrostatic panel above 400Hz and 10-inch Peerless polypropylene bass driver firing downwards ugly, cumbersome and physically unstable.

But what of the die-hard British contingent? Despite popular belief, they were not to be found malingering about the bar, but were working hard and generally producing good noises up on the top floor. Alphason were enjoying some success with their new *Sonata* turntable (apart from some initial grief concerning motor noise), Systemdek were displaying the latest versions of their popular decks, while both Celestion and Tannoy were blowing away allcomers with customary ease.

Cambridge Audio stole yet another CD technology lead by showing a preliminary glimpse of their new 16-bit player with 32x oversampling! Meanwhile A&R Cambridge were consolidating their ties with American company Audioquest, who are introducing several new cartridges and another range of hi-fi accessories. Redoubtable stalwards Quad, B&W and Rogers were all putting up a good show, the latter demonstrating the latest *LS5/8* derivative with 12inch polypropylene bass driver married to a single treble unit.

Over in the main convention centre, KEF were also blessed with a good sounding room thanks to their new custom inwall loudspeakers. Soon to be launched in UK formats, these comprise two- and three-way systems (the latter incorporating an optional 10-inch *CR250SW* subwoofer) that are flush mounted in the wall and loaded by the internal cavity volume. Installation and hook-up appears very easy, and the metal mesh grille may be painted any colour or swapped for a fabric cloth to match decor.

Apologies' to those companies who (through limited space) have been omitted, but considering our Boeing 747 nearly took off with fuel leaking from the Nol engine, it was only by good fortune and the vigilance of the ground crew that anyone got a mention at all!



READERS WRITE Choice Answers

IN AT THE DEEP END

After many years in an audio wilderness I have resolved to buy myself a new hi-fi system. To this end, I have toured the local emporia that purport to be selling the stuff and purchased every magazine that indicates a knowledge of the subject. Every angle that I have taken has led me back to your excellent publication, and hence I am writing to seek your advice.

I have not found a local dealer with either decent facilities or a reasonable range of stock and will have to travel forty miles or more to audition some equipment. So before embarking on this voyage of discovery I would like some ideas on hardware to consider. My last foray into the field was in the early seventies and it would seem that names have changed a lot since then, with British manufacturers apparently at the forefront for once.

I'd like to purchase a system comprising turntable, tuner, CD player, amplifier and speakers along with suitable stands and cables, preferably British and reasonably presentable. It will be installed in a modestly furnished fourteen foot square concrete floored room, and for the most part will be used at 'lowish' volume. I had set myself a budget limitation of \$1,000 but now realise that some flexibility may be required. On the basis of your reviews I am considering a CD player, tuner and amp from Mission, with a Linn Axis turntable, K9 cartridge and Celestion DL8 speakers. However, I note that your Separate Systems article (issue 54) does not vield such a combination nor do any of the retailers who advertise recommended systems. I acknowledge that there may be other set-ups which are more mutually compatible and having based my selections on individual reviews realise that this may not be the ultimate combination. If the above gives the impression of a confused novice, then kindly take pity and try to point me towards the light. G. R. BROWN,

CLAPHAM, BEDFORD

Welcome to the minefield of hi-fi purchasing. It is fairly ironic that despite your extensive research into the field you seem just as confused (or more so) than when you started. One reason why your selected combination did not appear in the Separate Systems article is that it doesn't fit neatly into the price categories that were used, but it is definitely worth a listen as it certainly looks compatible on paper.

Do assess whether you prefer LP or CD as your main source before purchase, and allocate your funds appropriately, as one or the other will probably end up being used the majority of the time, and determine the software format purchased.

Your best approach might be to arrange consecutive demonstrations at three dealers, specifying your tastes and financial limitations and letting the dealers sort out appropriate equipment. This way you will hopefully get to hear a good variety of systems in suitable listening rooms. Single speaker dem rooms are a must and a good basis for dealer selection.

REDUCED CIRCUMSTANCES

I have recently moved house and am looking for some smaller loudspeakers to replace my 15 year-old Ste-Ma 5 units, which I believe are of Danish origin and are 15 x 24 inches in size. I am told that small modern speakers offer excellent sound quality and am looking for a pair to go with my Cambridge P35 amplifier and sources including Marantz CD63B and Pioneer PL12D. I have a budget of \$200 for speakers and another \$100 for an appropriate tuner, do you have any recommendations at this price level? REVD R. P. ANGWIN, LICHFIELD, STAFFS

These days it is possible to get some pretty impressive sounds out of small speakers, but sonic results depend on the tonal match with the rest of your system, siting and support. As much as any others, small boxes need to be well supported on rigid spiked stands and positioned appropriately for the design. If space is at a premium (isn't it always?) then a design that works well up against the wall would seem sensible. The following models all prefer near-to-wall siting: Royd Coniston R (£149), Mission 70 II (£99), Mordaunt Short MS100 (£179). The change from your £200 should be put towards a pair of stands

Our February issue contained recommendations for several tuners, and I would refer you to that for guidance. An important factor to consider is whether or not a good external aerial will be provided, as some tuners work a lot better without them than others

AIWA GRUMBLES

I was the proud owner of two Aiwa cassette decks, *ADF1800* and *ADF160*, until the latter broke down because of a logic circuit fault.

In June last year I returned the ADF 660 to my local dealer. After a service that cost me nearly \$20 and failed to cure the fault, the shop contacted the Aiwa service centre who said that the deck would have to be sent to them for repair. That was nearly six months ago and I still haven't had the ADF 660 back. I would have recommended Aiwa cassette decks to your readers as quality hi fi products, but their servicing time is so long that I for one do not intend to buy more of their products. G. E. HILES,

WARRINGTON, CHESHIRE

This is not the first letter cf complaint that we have received about Aiwa's servicing record, but hopefully if the right people get to read this, it may be the last!

WHERE DO I GO FROM HERE

I presently run a Linn LP12 with Basik arm and K9 cartridge, feeding an A&R Arcam Alpha amplifier which drives B&W DM2 loudspeakers. I have \$450 available to upgrade the system but am unsure as to what would be the most effective way of improving the sound quality. I have considered getting an Ittok LVII fitted to the Linn but wonder whether the money might be better spent on new speakers. L. DYKE,

Wellingborough, Northants

This is a situation where there is no obvious upgrading path to follow and it is necessary for you to assess, at least approximately, what you want your system to do. Assuming you are not upgrading for the sake of it, there may be something you feel is lacking, be it clarity, tonal accuracy or flatness of response. To replace the tonearm with the Ittok should give a definite improvement in all of the above respects, but may not have the desired ϵ ffect on the tonal balance of the system.

From what I can glean about the DM2s they sound like quite good speakers and to replace them with something better would take the greater part of your budget. A better pair of speakers should be more informative, hopefully tighter and probably image a bit better, but are not necessarily the best way of increasing the fidelity of your system.

What you really need to do is to upgrade both your tonearm and amplifier either in steps or at the same time. If you don't anticipate having extra funds in future you could do worse than fit a Rega RB300 tonearm, which although not as good a match for the Linn as the 1ttok, represents a significant improvement over the Basik and is inexpensive.

The amp should be carefully selected by dragging the DMs down to your dealer and listening hard. Some models that you should bear in mind are Audio Innovations' integrated valve amp (\$300), Myst TMA3 (\$288), Audiolab 8000A (\$325) – all models which (ffer excellent sound quality at the price, though they may take some seeking out.

CUT THE CRACKLE

Following an article by Ken Kessler in *Hi-fi News*, I bought a set of Sennheiser *HD540* headphones which I use with my Linn *Sondek*, Rega *RB390*, A&R *E77* front end and Audiolab *8000A* amplifier. As you know

headphones are particularly revealing of surface noise clicks, pops etc, and reading between the lines in Hi-Fi Choice cartridge reviews I am drawn to the conclusion that certain cartridges are much more susceptible to this sort of noise than others. Whilst cost is not a great problem I don't want to spend a large sum on a cartridge only to hear extraneous noise better than before. Perhaps there are one or two cartridges that you could recommend which would take advantage of my system and minimise surface noise. R. B. CONNELL NORTHUMBERLAND

Oddly enough we came across a similar problem recently while reviewing head phones for the February issue, although the problem was more hum than surface noise. At the time I tried out a Goldring Eroica Lcartridge instead of my usual Logic Claro Black, and this was definitely quieter and more suitable for headphone listening, surface noise being for the most part negligible. Included in that test was a pair of HD540 Golds, which are presumably an upgrade on the ones you have and which we found very revealing and slightly hard sounding, though this could possibly be to do with the Nytech amp I was using. Nonetheless the 540s were hard to please and required something of the standard that the Eroica (ffered. A cheaper possibility is the Rega RB100 (£38) which has a somewhat 'duller' balance than most.

However, surface noise is unfortunately as much a contribution (f the player and arm as the cartridge. If it hasn't been checked for a while, getting the Linn set up again may also help reduce the problem.

BUILDING BACKWARDS

I am looking for a suitable amplifier to use with my Sony *APM 22ES* loudspeakers. The Yamaha *AVC-30* appealed to me, but having read some less than wonderful reviews I'm not so sure. Primarily I am after good sound quality and not too concerned about features, flashing lights etc. I would also like to know what output power is required for my speakers which are rated at 80 Watts per channel

I have a budget of \$800 to cover a turntable, auto reverse cassette deck and the amp. Do you have any suggestions? M. S. PANESAR, CHATHAM, KENT

Building a system from the speakers backwards is a slightly unusual approach but doesn't necessarily create any problems as long as they are included in your auditions for a suitable amplifier and turntable.

Worry not about loudspeaker power handling ratings – they are largely irrelevant to normal conditions (f use, and (f interest only to headbanging party givers. The APM 22ESs have a voltage sensitivity (f 88.5dB/W which is about average, and an easy load for most amplifiers. So what sort (f model should you be looking for?

Given your budget the following turntable, cartridge and amp combinations would be well worth auditioning; Logic Tempo/Datum II with Audio Technica AT-F3 and Cambridge P40, or Manticore Mantra/M8, Nagaoka MP11 Boron and Myst TMA 3, or even a Linn Axis, Linn K9 and Naim Nait. These set-ups retail for around £600 which leaves you enough for the budget autoreverse cassette deck which we recommended in our last reviews – the Yamaha KX-400. But for this latter component it might be worth waiting for next months' issue which is primarily about cassette decks.

STARTING OUT

I wish to buy a complete series of hi-fi separates. After reading the *Hi-Fi Choice: Best Buy Guide*, published last October, I decided on the following equipment: Dual *CS505-2* turntable, NAD 3020E amplifier and B&W *DM100* loudspeakers, with the Rotel *RT-850L* tuner, Denon *DR-M07* cassette deck and Philips *CD160* compact disc player.

I would like to know if this combination of equipment will

work together, and whether the amplifier is matched to the loudspeakers. As I can only afford some of these components for the time being, would it be best to get the amplifier, speakers and cassette deck first? S. CROOK, HALIFAX, W. YORKSHIRE

All the products you have chosen achieved our recommendations as being good value for money in sonic terms, but the Dual may take a bit more seeking out than the rest as it has now been superceded by the 503-1 model. What is more important, however, is the sonic result of this particular combination and how it relates to the sound that you want.

In our January issue there is an article on systems, based on the recommendations ζf dealers, whose job it is to put together systems to suit particular pockets and tastes. And it is to your friendly local dealer that I would recommend you go and listen to the equipment you have selected. There aren't any dealers listed for Halifax in our Dealer Directory, but there are several around the country. Alternatively, a member of the Hi-Fi Markets chain should stock most of the equipment you have selected.

As for which components you buy first, it would seem logical to go for the one that suits the majority (f the software that you presently own. So if you have a significant cassette collection then get the cassette deck, not forgetting the speakers and amplifier (f course.

CD READY?

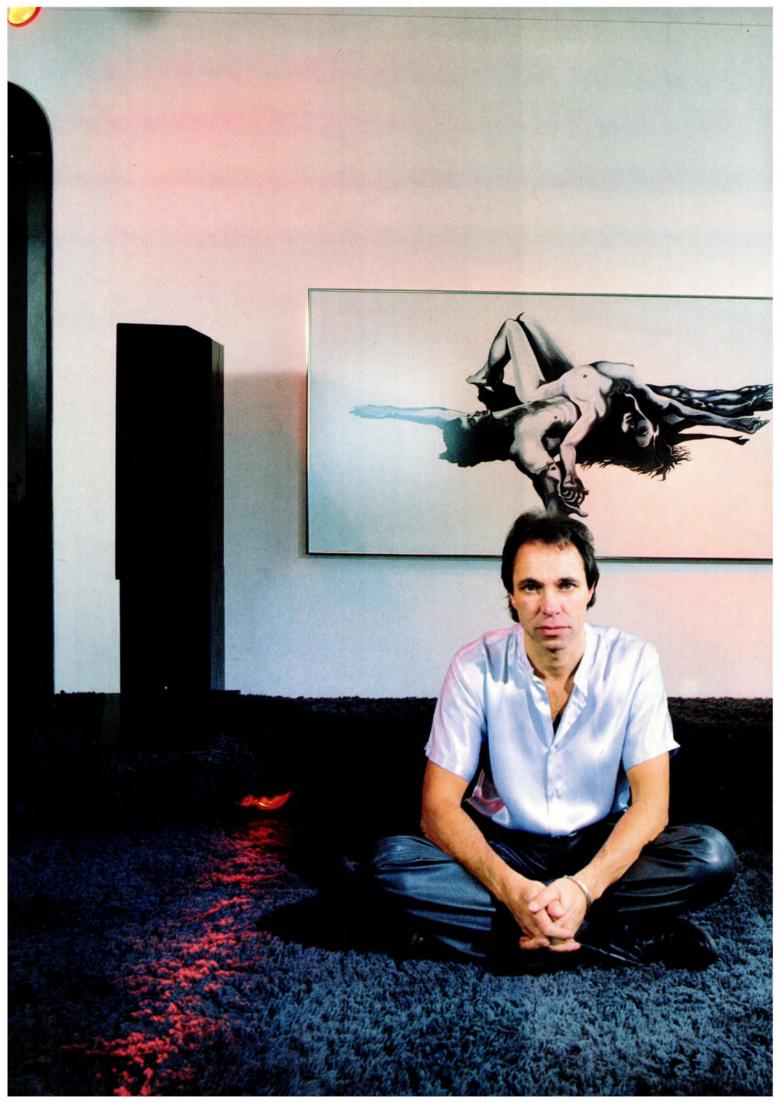
My present system includes an ancient Sony *TA 1010* amplifier, Dual *CS505-1* with the standard Ortofon cartridge and Celestion *Ditton* loudspeakers. I want to add a CD player and am interested in the Philips *CD373*, however, I am concerned that my amplifier may be a bit dated for this new medium. The only spare input available is marked auxiliary – is this suitable?

Would you recommend I upgrade the amplifier to something like a NAD *3020E* or the more expensive Mission Cyrus One, and is the latter worth the extra outlay involved? I'd also like to upgrade the cartridge and speakers, and have been recommended the Audio Technica AT95E – what would you recommend for up to, say \$50. Loudspeakers I have considered include the Mission 700LE, Tannoy Mercury II, AR 18BX and Celestion DL6. J. PEACEY, WATFORD, HERTS.

It looks like you are in for a complete system upgrade and as such it is worth buying the components as a sonically matched whole. It should not be absolutely necessary to replace the Sony amplifier, as its auxiliary input ought to be pretty well suited to a CD player. However, the sound quality benefits from replacing it with either of the amplifiers you mention should be well *worthwhile* – *the standard cf* integrated amps has improved considerably since your Sony was manufactured. We rated the Cyrus One rather higher than the NAD, and the former has also recently been revamped, but both achieved Best Buy rating.

Cf the loudspeakers you mention the Tannoys are Best Buy rated and both the Missions and Celestions are Recommended, though the latter have also been slightly changed since our review. Ultimately these components should be purchased as a complete system and not as individually recommended bits. See if you can find a local dealer who stocks some cf this equipment and does single speaker demonstrations; then go and have a listen.

Finally let's look at a suitable cartridge for the Dual. Well the AT95E is a good cartridge for the price, but if you're prepared to spend up to £50 you could do a bit better with the Goldring G1010 (£34) or one cf the A&R 77 models (from £20), any cf which are suited to the medium mass arm on the Dual. There is also an exciting (but as yet untested) new Rega cartridge, due in the shops in the next few weeks for around £30 (see Update pages).





ASPIRATIONS

Monochromatic colour schemes may be a little cold on the eyes but Dentist Brian Lamberty has music to compensate.

FILLING IN THE

Colour

Sound



A controlled environment, Meridian's 209 remote unit blending in with executive toy on the coffee table.

his month's Aspirations makes a welcome contrast to those that have gone before. High tech components from Meridian, Nakamichi and Michell blend in very naturally with the high tech interior of a third floor flat overlooking Epping forest.

Brian Lamberty may be a dentist by profession but he's very much a designer by inclination. Having purchased the flat new a couple of years ago, before the builders had got started on the interior, he had the opportunity to control the room layout, happily sacrificing a bedroom to create an unexpectedly spacious lounge, which is segmented to accommodate both hi-fi and TV separately and successfully.

While high inherent equipment sound quality clearly plays an important role, aesthetics are clearly Brian's first priority, so a long term loyalty to the Boothroyd Stuart design partnership is far from surprising. Allen Boothroyd and Bob Stuart are Meridian's principals; Bob is the electronics whizz, while Allen's industrial design flair is seen in a number of current and past hifi products – Meridian's own, the Celestion *SL6* and current KEF loudspeakers to name but a few.

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POWER



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designed with the coolest of matt black finishes, they will really make your system shine.



The stylish Nakamichi 700 ZXL atop more contemporary separates from Meridian, including the 207 CD player with drawer open.

Brian's affection for their stylish products started back in the Lecson days. Readers with longish memories will recall this as one of the most attractive amplifier systems ever designed – the pre-amp echoing Meridian's current 209 remote control unit And it was while searching for the matching tuner that Brian first encountered Subjective Audio's Howard Popeck. This relationship too still survives, despite an inauspicious start with a string of faulty tuners at the tail end of Lecson's sad post-BS decline.

The next step was Meridian's 101 preamp and their first generation active loudspeakers – specifically the tombstoneshaped M1s. These were not necessarily the first choice aesthetically at it happens, and were only chosen after careful compa-





rative listening. That they were exceedingly loud and powerful 'big' loudspeakers that took up little useable room space was all bunce, as they say.

The 101 pre-amp and power supply units were even uniquely customised by a very attractive chrome finish – an elaborate procedure which first necessitated fabricating the casing in brass in order to take the chrome plating. Though temporarily in retirement they are about to be pressed back into service to drive a string of *Active Diamonds* throughout the even more high tech, self-designed practice premises that Brian is currently completing in nearby South Woodford.

Of all the systems I have visited so far, I have to admit this one comes closest to my personal taste, with its restrained, almost sombre and monochromatic soft furnishings in greys and blues – enlivened here by glass and chrome (not to mention the odd erotic lithograph).

Though large and sparsely furnished, the room is far from featureless. Window area dominates the wall facing the woodland, and the main floor is broken up by irregularly shaped low dais' at each end, one supporting the unit seating, the other the imposing pair of active Meridian M100s.

Alongside chrome and glass, lighting makes up the triumvirate that dominate 'high tech' interior design. The overhead tracks and spots are familiar enough, but a particularly neat and original touch was the red and blue pairs of spots built into the dais edge at the loudspeaker end, one

Glass on glass; Michell Gyrodek with Sumiko Premier MMT arm and Talisman cartridge.



SONY TAPE. YOU'LL KNOW IT WHEN YOU HEAR IT.





pair of which unerringly delineate the main forward axis of the two loudspeakers.

The driving end of the system is a reasonably compact trolley load, needing no power amplifiers of course. The neat row of four Meridian 200 Series boxes is discretion itself, providing the pre-amp, CD player and tuner, with full system remote control. In contrast the Gyrodek and Nakamichi 700 add more than their fair share of brightwork. Both designs have their roots firmly back in the 'seventies, and the Nakamichi has been obsolete for some years. Yet both set standards for modern styling that have yet to be exceeded, and are natural choices for the visually literate and the high tech environment

Another intriguing pattern emerging from this series of *Aspirations* features is that there is virtually no overlap at all between the record collections of the different individuals. I would be hard pushed to name a single record I have seen twice in any of the homes visited so far or my own extensive collection. Brian had a good couple of hundred vinyl and CD modern funk and rock albums on a trolley alongside the equipment, yet it was quite distinct from my own extensive collection of mainly rock material.

> Specially customised Meridian 101 pre-amp and 104 tuner with cases fabricated in brass and chrome plated,

Once again it was clear that the individual and his dealer (the aforementioned Subjective Audio of Palmers Green) had together managed to arrive at a system which suited both aesthetic and sonic requirements. My admittedly limited experience of both *M1s* and *M100s* is that few loudspeakers are more effective at creating the disco experience in the domestic environment – notwithstanding designer Bob Stuart's personal predelic-

204 tuner and 207 CD player.

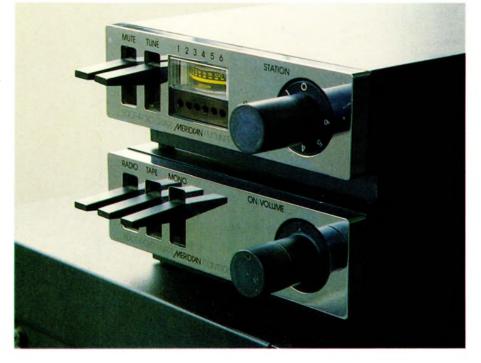
A stately Nakamichi 700 ZXL and Dolby C external processor bearing down on a Meridian 201 pre-amp,

tion for chamber music. Active drive with plenty of power and drive units can produce bass extension and levels to make one fear for the structural integrity of the building, or the sanity of neighbours. Yet these are also civilised, even docile devices when ticking over gently and providing background music for conversation.

One strength of the 700 over its predecessor – and some of the competition Brian auditioned when making a replacement decision prompted by the accidental destruction of one of the obsolete MIs – lies in the fine stereo provided by its narrow, projecting baffle. Aesthetically, however, they appear to loom almost menacingly compared with the much less obtrusive MI_s .

Barring a prototype mockup, the one component I had not actually come across before myself was Meridian's 209 remote control keypad – the term does it faint justice. We are apt to take these typically nasty little plastic infra-red torches for granted, as part of the general detritus of modern living. Yet they are rapidly becoming ergonomically and aesthetically more important than the equipment itself that can often be tucked out of the way.

Only B&O have lavished comparable attention on the styling of their control units, and when it comes to gracing the coffee table alongside discreet *objets d'art* or executive toys, the 209 is in its own visual and tactile class for elegance. One could speculate whether its unrivalled aesthetic aptness to the environment determined the choice of the rest of the system. Unlikely to be sure, but it must certainly have made alternatives less appealling





GO FOR GOLD! ENTER OUR TWO-PART COMPETITION TO WIN THE SOURCE ODYSSEY SIGNATURE 100 – A \$3,000 LIMITED EDITION FRONT END SYSTEM WITH GOLD PLATED ARM AND PLATTER

Chances are that if you had \$3,000 to spend you wouldn't use it all on a state of the art record player. Well here's the opportunity to change that; the opportunity to win one of the most beautiful deck/arm combinations around – Source Odvssey's Signature 100. *Hi-Fi Choice* and Source Odyssey are giving away the first of only 100 Signatures being made, serial number 001. It comprises: The Source turntable with an exclusive black lacquer plinth and lavish application of 24 carat gold plating to many of its precision parts including the massive phospher bronze platter; the Third Dimension power supply unit; handmade Odyssey Signature tonearm in gold plated

brass alloy. To complete the prize Audio Technica have supplied their \$239 ATOC7 moving-coil cartridge, *Choice* Recommended and described by Source as "the perfect match". The total retail price of this system is \$3,239 and the lucky winner will receive an engraved plaque confirming ownership, as well as having the turntable installed by a Source Odyssey consultant.

To enter this competition all you have to do is answer the five questions (below) in this and next month's edition of *Hi-Fi Choice* and send the completed forms together to us. The first correct set of answers pulled out of the hat will win.

This month's questions are:		
1. 1	How many feet does The Source have?	
2. Which Amer	rican turntable has a clamp but no proper platter?	
	Who is the oboe in <i>Peter and the Wolf?</i>	
4. Who wi	rote of men waiting "for that geranium Kiss"?	
5. What doe	es a U-Boat have in common with The Source?	
NAME	COMPETITION RULES	
ADDRESS	Completed and only one entry per reader will be considered. Entrants must submic completed entry forms for all three parts, in a single envelope. Incomplete entrie will not be considered. 2) There is no cash or other alternative to the prize. 3) Employees of Dennis Publishing Ltd and associated companies, or their agents, or of the manufacturers and suppliers of the prize system components of their relatives are not eligible to enter the competition. 4) The competition is not open to readers living outside the United Kingdom 5) The main prize will be awarded for the first set of correct answers opened. Th Editor's decision shall be final and binding. No correspondence whatsoever will be entered into regarding the competition. 6) All entries must be received by Friday, April 29th 1988. The winner will be notified by post and the results will be announced in the July 1988 issue.	

NB Please keep this entry form until you have completed Part Two (April issue) and then send both completed forms to: HI-FI CHOICE COMPETITION, 39 GOODGE STREET, LONDON W1P 1FD.

PERSPECTIVES

Music lover and perfectionist John Bowers was one cf the key catalysts in twenty years cf loudspeaker development. Paul Messenger visits the B&W research centre to find a remarkable technical legacy for the future.

THE

Bowers Legacy

O ohn Bowers, founder of Sussex loudspeaker manufacturer B&W, died in December 1987 after a short illness. A mild and gentle individual = in some senses the epitome of the English gentleman - he was nevertheless a pivotal figure in the development of the British hi-fi loudspeaker industry for over twenty years.

Throughout his life John ploughed profits back into the company, and was a great believer in investment in research. His legacy therefore comprises not only one of the largest and healthiest British loudspeaker manufacturers, with some 250 employees in the UK. distribution in 44 countries and a fully up to date model range But also one of the most advanced acoustic research facilities in Europe, staffed by 20 or so highly qualified personnel, which is the main subject of this appreciation

Whereas the four factory and distribution units are spread over the coastal industrial estates of Worthing and Lancing, the research laboratories are five miles inland at the pretty village of Steyning – near neighbours of tonearm manufacturer SME. Conservation planning policies keep the modern facility tucked away behind the village's mediaeval facade, with unposted access down the narrowest of roads

R&D RULES

Bowers' foresight in providing this degree of detachment from the manufacturing hurly burly has fostered a quite different atmosphere from the normal factory-based lab. Product development and production engineering are still major elements of the daily round, but one is also inescapably reminded of the ambience of a busy University. Physics department. Indeed, the close ties with the mathematics department of nearby Brighton Polytechnic are evident in its two Associates attached to the research center and currently in the middle of a two-year secondment, working on finite element CAD (computer aided design) programming.

My whistle stop tour conducted by Dr Peter Fryer and Stephen Roe, heads of research and of product development respectively, involved exercising the brain



cells to an unaccustomed degree. My overall impression was amazement at the breadth and sheer diversity of the research that was going on and the techniques that were being adopted. Then there were the computers – at least a score of them all told – which are rapidly taking loudspeaker design out of the dark ages of alchemy, and towards the realm of successful scientific prediction.

ACOUSTICS

The research center is as well equipped as I have seen anywhere in the world. There's the obligatory anechoic chamber – and then a second one besides. Both have computer controlled testing and are heavily used, while the engineers add visits to the much larger Building Research Laboratories chamber at Garston when doing critical low frequency work. Then there's the 'bean

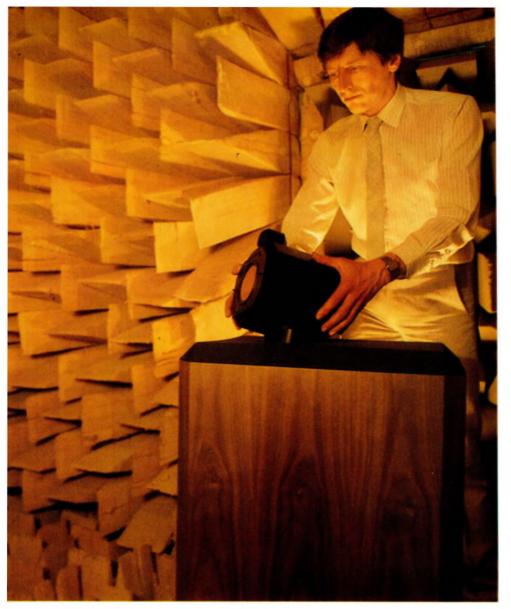


pole', which under (rare) favourable climatic circumstances can take the speakers 30m up into the air.

It is this 'belt and braces' approach that was most noticeable throughout the lab, whereby different measurement techniques may be applied to the same task in order to corroborate the validity of any findings, not to mention the test programmes themselves. In other words B&W can adopt several different approaches to answering any given question, so each acts as a check on the other methodologies. And given the complexities and subtleties that are still very much a feature of loudspeaker engineering, such strength in depth is very comforting

LASERS

Besides the chambers and computers (of which much more anon), there are the lasers. The velocimeter uses laser doppler interferometry to examine loudspeaker diaphragm behaviour directly under various signal drive conditions. No longer a new approach. B&W were in fact the first in the industry to install a system as long as a decade ago. And the velocimeter remains a very powerful analytical tool, assisted by steady refinement in techniques and additions to computer processing speed and memory. The engineer can choose to



John Bowers (left) pictured beside one (f his most famous creations, the 801 monitor. Steve Roe (above) supervises product development in anechoic chamber.

examine a drive unit from several different perspectives – using a single frequency or broadband impulse signals; focusing the laser on a single surface point or traversing across a slice. Given sufficient computer power and time it is possible to store full amplitude response and time decay data for every spot on the surface for comparison and analysis of all vibration modes.

Another laser-based technique that has proved very useful, mainly in qualitative rather than quantitative enclosure analysis, is ESPI (electronic speckle pattern interferometry). It can show up movement as small as 1/3000th of a millimeter by a technique akin to real-time holography, conducting interference between the speckle pattern shone on a signal-excited cabinet panel with that held in a framestore. The technique was particularly useful when developing the advanced Matrix cabinet stiffening techniques that are now applied to B&W's upmarket models.

An alternative approach to cabinetwork is modal analysis. Energised by wideband impulse signals, the output from a geometric matrix of accelerometers positioned on the surface of the enclosure can be recorded and mathematically analysed by a mainframe computer, giving a quantitative model of cabinet behaviour under signal conditions.

COMPUTER POWER

But the stars of the show are the computers and their remarkable software. A couple of slightly ageing mainframes are still in regular use on some tasks, but the research center as a whole now relies heavily on distributed computer power, mainly in a wide variety of BBC Micros that seem to litter every available bench. More powerful variations like the Cambridge Workstations are used where necessary, along with Olivetti *M28* PC-compatibles where high speed and large memory are needed.

The computers are particularly useful in coping with the relationships between the large number of variable parameters the loudspeaker designer has to juggle. Complex CAD (computer aided design) programmes allow simulated try-outs of an infinite variety of drive unit and crossover elements or enclosure configurations, again from a variety of different perspectives, without the need for costly, interminable prototype building.

Indeed, the practical impossibility of

trying out more than a handful of likely physical alternatives when embarking on a new design brief has always been one of the limiting factors in past loudspeaker development. B&W's engineers can not only manipulate simulated parameters that cover the broad overall sweep of drive unit, crossover and enclosure integration, but can look at much of the fine detail besides, with 'best fit' solutions available at the touch of a button or three – even down to optimising an enclosure to be cut most economically from the standard size chipboard sheet!

Again one is struck by the 'belt and braces' flexibility, enabling the engineer to adopt almost any starting point and operate under almost any preconditioned constraints. The various programmes overlap in a number of areas so the designer can focus in on drive unit, crossover or enclosure specifics after defining the main parameters.

A modelling program for optimising low frequency enclosure/driver alignment is particularly clever. Its starting point is just about the most complex box enclosure that one can envisage – a triple coupled cavity with internal driver, two boxes and three ports (shades of Dr Fryer's work on antinoise). But by sending some of the dimensions off to infinity and reducing others to near zero the engineer can effectively simplify the program down to the various more common and practical solutions.

The model analyses sound pressure levels and the impedance at driver terminals, from input of such data as -3dB bass rolloff point, enclosure volume and driver sensitivity, and will produce specifications to match any polynomial filter rolloff shape (eg Butterworth, Bessel, etc.). Comparison with earlier programs for simpler configurations and with experimental data has confirmed the veracity of this complex and flexible model.

A particularly useful side issue is the derivation of maximum cone excursion – a power handling constraint that is increasingly important with the high output low frequency signals from CD sources, and which can vary quite dramatically according to the choices made elsewhere. B&W tend to favour the sixth-order Butterworth bass alignment characteristic, as this minimises the excursion for maximum spl across the audio band. Their new 'computer optimised' *Matrix 801* manages to deliver a full octave of extra bass extension over its predecessor despite using the same box size!

Another design 'sub-program' looks specifically at drive unit motors and magnets. To achieve a certain low frequency performance for a given box size and driver diameter implies a specific degree of electromagnetic 'shove' from the magnet and voice-coil. This itself is defined by a further range of parameters such as dimensions and flux of the magnet, pole pieces and top plate, number of turns and layers on the voice coil, plus the physical tolerances needed to ensure good production yield and field reliability. Based on accepted electromagnetic theory along with the 'fiddle factors' needed to account for some of the greyer areas of magnetic leakage, these are all linked in the sub-program to the point where the BBC Micro will even generate the engineering drawings for the magnet metalwork. taking into account the commercially available ferrite magnet sizes stored in a database.

REDUCTIO AD INFINITUM

So much for the easy stuff! Now we get on to finite element analysis, which is the latest computer-based modelling system that B&W are now using to get even closer to grips with drive unit technology. Acquiring the velocimeter a decade ago was only half the solution. It provided a vital tool for the detailed analysis of existing drive unit diaphragms, and could show whether or not a deliberately modified experimental sample was producing results that were better or worse than a standard item. But deciding which modifications to try in pursuit of further improvement was still very much part of the black arts.

How does one predict the mechanical/ acoustical effect of changing the alloy used in a metal dome tweeter? Or the shape of a bass/mid unit cone surround? Apart from crudely manipulating comparatively gross 'lumped parameters', suck it with the laser and see was the only viable approach until recently. Sophisticated high speed computers with sophisticated new programs are now providing new opportunities to model and define the finer detail of drive unit diaphragm behaviour. The complex surface of a dome or cone diaphragm can be modelled in the computer by defining a matrix of tiny 'finite elements' spread across the surface, each point with specified coordinates in space, and properties of mass, constraint and damping.

By the time the program is complete it should be possible to investigate a wide range of drive unit variations very rapidly by means of the theoretical model instead of the tediously slow, far more expensive and much more limited scope of physically prototyping. It will be possible to tailor drive unit characteristics to very precise requirements - or alternatively define the specific physical parameters of the material that will provide certain wanted characteristics. For every alloy or synthetic hydrocarbon that is prototyped today, the model will offer hundreds of alternatives; for every gemetric profile, thousands of variations.

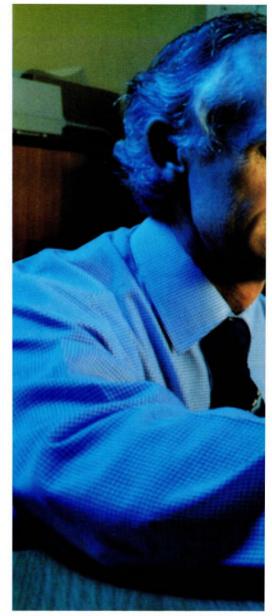
So far the model works very well for an unterminated cone, and work is currently proceeding on adding the vital termination characteristics of the surround. At the same time the software package is being translated from the arcane machine code of the original computer specialist into something more accessible to the loudspeaker engineer. And the first fruits of what is so far an only half complete project are found in the somewhat unconventional metal dome tweeters that are used in the new *Concept 90* and *Matrix 801* designs. **TOMORROW'S WORLDS**

That just about wraps it up for the loudspeakers themselves, and the CAD techniques that are being used to probe deeper and deeper into the various elements thereof. But it's not the limit to B&W's research horizons by any means. The company has welcomed the arrival of the 'digital age' from the start, and is now starting to investigate the application of digital audio techniques to loudspeakers – specifically to take account of room interaction.

The transversal filter is a device that operates in the digital domain, and offers a range of time-domain capabilities denied analogue processing. To take an example, you have developed the 'perfect' loudspeaker that can reproduce a perfect impulse, at least in the anechoic chamber. But as soon as you place it in a room, its performance is mangled by the particular reflective/absorbtive characteristics of that room and its specific site therein. The direct signal from speaker to ear fortunately remains unchanged, for this is the most important part, but the ear then suffers the (probably) unwanted reflections from nearby hard surfaces in the delayed sound

A transversal filter should theoretically be able to cancel the room reflections – and any unwanted loudspeaker delayed resonances for that matter – by the follow-

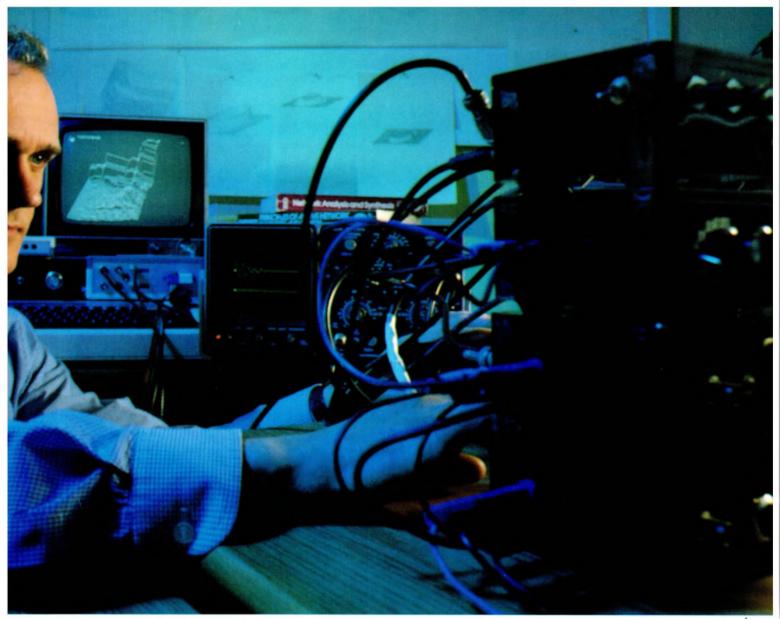
Making mathematical models for finite element analysis.





ing strategy. Since all the reflections are by definition delayed with respect to the main signal, it is possible to sort one from the other. An impulse signal would be detected at the listening position as the main signal followed by a succession of identifiable and discrete reflections (to the resolution of the measuring apparatus). The main signal could then be pre-processed in a digital pre-amplifier by adding the precise extra signal-derived components which will exactly cancel the unwanted reflections and delayed resonances. In other words, you leave the main signal alone (apart from storing and delaying it fractionally), but add the inverse of the unwanted parts – mathematicians refer to convolving the characteristic, but this is a family magazine. Phase cancellation at the listener leaves just the original, clean and unadulterated signal.

To be fair, B&W haven't got that far yet. They're working on the building blocks at present, to find out exactly what can be done, and more important to discover what needs to be done. We probably need some





of the room reflections for our own peace of mind – anyone who's spent a bit of time in an anechoic chamber will confirm the degree of disorientation and unease produced. But then again we could substitute the nasty characteristic of a given room with those of an ideal simulated one. The possibilities are tantalising.

Given that B&W can now construct theoretical prototypes, and can determine the detailed specification of a new design by punching a few buttons on a BBC Micro. Isn't there a risk of making the research center redundant, its 'brains' distilled into the man-years of artful computer programs? I think not. Each advance peels another layer off the onion, and in so doing allows access to the layer underneath. One side effect of removing some of the more tedious mathematical chores of design will be to allow more time to be spent on corroborative listening.

One of Peter Fryer's fundamental tenets is that the subjective experience remains the bottom line. When research director at Wharfedale many years ago he was explor(Left) Peter Fryer and Steve Roe contemplate laser speckled interferometry pattern. (Above) Dr. Peter Fryer, head of research.

ing the subjective effects of adding known distortion components. He now has the tools to eliminate many of those distortions, but the task of maximising the subjective performance of a loudspeaker system at minimum cost to the consumer will remain forever a very subtle art.

Robert Trunz took over the B&W chairmanship in late 1987. Like John Bowers he is a music lover first and foremost. and brings youthful vigour, a worldly perspective and an exceedingly sharp intellect to the task of perpetuating the Bowers tradition of design and engineering excellence through pioneering research. Having turned down four offers for the company in as many weeks his commitment is clear. The model range is bang up to date, highly competitive and successfully diversifying to attract new markets (eq Concept 90). The research facility is the envy of rivals the world over. The only fly in the ointment would seem to be that the lifetime's work of one man is being penalised by the UK's iniquitous laws that discriminate so heavily against the private company.

It may take some time to appreciate our new CD player.

We'll forgive you if you take our new CD player for granted. We won't even fret if you forget its name (it's the Arcam Delta 70, by the way).

This unassuming box ϵf tricks presents music in a natural, unforced manner. The marked absence ϵf digital fatigue, even at very high volume, should also reduce a few aspirin bills.

As the first British company to be granted a full manufacturing licence, our designers and engineers were given carte blanche to create a better CD player. Applying the same principles and techniques that created our highly acclaimed amplifiers, they discovered that improvements could be made in the digital to analogue decoding system.

Like many of the better players, the Delta 70 uses single beam laser tracking, coupled with twin 16 bit Digital to Analogue Converters with fourfold oversampling. Unlike other players, however, our DACs feature a new improved master oscillator which, apart from having a glorious title, provides remarkable improvement in sound quality.

Not content with this, our designers have ensured that the audio stages are of a linear phase full class A design with no interstage coupling capacitors. They have also arranged the components on fibreglass printed circuit boards for maximum reliability.

The Arcam Delta 70, together with its matching amplifier, tuner and speakers forms the first complete British built compact disc system.

Here, at last, is hardware as reliable as the software itself. We would therefore recommend the acquisition cf just one tool to maintain your investment.

A sturdy feather duster.



Dealer Feedback – this exclusive market survey summarises dealers' opinions on the current state of the amplifier market in Britain, looking at factors such as consistency and reliability.

MARKET RESPONSE

The run up to Christmas is the hi-fi industry's busiest time. Music reproduction comes into its own alongside muffins and mulled wine with all those long evenings and parties which beg for pleasant and loud sounds respectively. So it is hardly surprising that fewer dealers replied to our free-post questionnaire than we had hoped. And our back-up telephone canvassing was often met with a 'hoots-mon-I'm-busy-call-nextweek' type of answer.

While difficult for us, of course, this is all very encouraging for the industry, and in the weeks before yule, when this survey was carried out, it was very hard to find a dealer that would admit the stock market crash was near to putting him out of business – although one Northern dealer claimed things had 'just died' on December 1st.

To obtain this month's results we sent out around 150 questionnaires on amplifiers, using the entirely random method derived from our computer printer's erratic selection of the mailing labels! The aim, as always, is to get as broad a reply base as possible in order to be representative.

The survey again complements the main review topic for the month, but concentrates on different criteria such as reliability or sound quality consistency in a brand. Whereas our reviewing methods look at an individual piece of equipment and can accurately assess its merits, this survey looks at broader considerations and is based on dealers' experience, comments and opinions. Dealers are, after all, the only people who see and hear their range of products day in and day out.

Reliability is perhaps the most important factor to the customer after sound quality. Sound consistency is a bit different because an amplifier in one room can sound different in another (through speakers of course). But dealers are trying amplifiers mostly in the same surroundings (*ie* their dem rooms or shops) and so we asked them for opinions based on recent experience of the trade.

We also asked dealers over the 'phone about possible 'tweaks' for

the amplifier: should it be sited on a table; should you leave the power on overnight; what is the best-selling speaker cable; and how do you keep an amplifier clean?

If you buy an amplifier today you will almost certainly be better off than if you had bought the same brand (other than the most esoteric) three or four years ago. According to dealers, components have all been improved over this period, with the result that reliability is much better than we expected.

Sound consistency is likewise affected by component improvements and by the better engineering standards achieved by the component industries that produce the parts. The other truism we elicited was that the Japanese seem to make the more reliable run of the mill type models. However, when these do blow up it is usually harder to get parts because importers don't always stock everything - which can mean waiting for parts from Japan. (The Japanese brands did not come out so well on our fast-and-slow repair time-chart!)

If you have the misfortune of having to wait for parts which are needed to mend your amplifier, Aston Audio for example offer the service of lending a shop amplifier for the period. This highly agreeable service in the face of adversity is probably worth checking out in view of a sometimes three or four month parts wait – but is the kind of service you would only get from a specialist independent retailer.

RELIABILITY

As mentioned above, amplifiers are a lot more reliable than we expected. When switched on for the first time or in their early life (when most faults occur), only 2.93 per cent had to be returned to the manufacturer as faulty. Considering the circuitry involved, not to mention the attitude of some delivery men, this speaks well of quality controllers at both the component and the final product manufacturers.

Because of the complexity of electronics, compared say to turntables, it was difficult to ascertain any particular Achilles heel, and there were too few faults in 'our' dealers' ken to be able to spotlight one area.

Across the board three manufacturers stood out where reliability is concerned; these were Quad (48 points), Naim (43 points) and A&R (with 19 points). Very few manufacturers did not get a favourable mention, however so there were plaudits for everybody. And of the three leaders, both Quad and A&R were also mentioned once for unreliability.

Where unreliability was concerned a clear market leader (or straggler) was Cambridge Audio who, although stocked by relatively few dealers excited comments such as: "we're sending back 50 per cent", or: "I had six in and each one had a fault, but all the faults were different!" Exasperated dealers admitted that when you can get a Cambridge to work it often sounds better than anything else for the price, but you pay for this where reliability is concerned. Angela Curtis for Cambridge said that as far as she knew the firm were getting very few amplifiers back: "We did have a batch go wrong in October," she said, "and we have had problems with the launch of the CD2 CD player, but compared with our output we have had very few back "

Closely following Cambridge for unreliability were Musical Fidelity and Mission. Musical Fidelity were criticised for making amplifiers that get so hot the plastic knobs melt – one dealer recommended leaving it in the dining room to double as a hotplate. However, Mission were said by several dealers to have improved recently.

When your amplifier does go wrong (for whatever reason) we found that you can get it back in just under a week if you take it to your dealer and he has the parts. There were dealers who promised 'same day' 24 hour repairs, but these were less common than we found in our other surveys, presumably because the technology is so involved and most use a specialist local engineer. If the errant sample has to be sent back to its maker, this takes an average of 2.78 weeks. (In other words, if you take it in on Monday morning you can just about get it back before closing time on Saturday three weeks later!)

For getting parts to dealers or turning equipment round quickly, some manufacturers were more praiseworthy than others. The fastest brand was cited as Mission, who generally replace products in a matter of two or three days according to dealers. The problem (as far as there is one) with Mission's philosophy is that customers distrust a total change when there may only be the most minor of problems – sort of using a bulldozer to build a sandcastle.

Other salient quick repair brands in order are Quad (less than a week) Naim, NAD, Rotel and Creek. Again many manufacturers were mentioned as being fast, and Mission, NAD and Rotel were mentioned once each for being slow. Where slow brands are concerned, Marantz came out worst with an average of ten weeks (although we did not include one frustrated reply of "years!" in our calculations). No others were singled out as especially slow.

CONSISTENCY

Sound consistency is difficult to assess because a piece of hi-fi equipment varies according to the other elements in the system, where you put it in a room, and characteristics of the room itself. So it does not follow that if you hear a friend's system sounding brilliant you are guaranteed the same sound if you buy a clone. (Try moving house!)

Dealers pointed out that they hear so much of their stocked brands every day it is difficult to gauge changes in sound over a longer period of time. Furthermore, dealers were not always notified about changes made by the manufacturer.

Whether a change is for good or ill, we wanted to know which amplifiers sound the same from batch to batch. Here Quad and Naim stood out head and shoulders above the rest, with Harman Kardon and Audiolab also receiving praise. The most inconsistent according to our survey were Mission, Musical Fidelity and then Creek, with A&R and Cambridge Audio also getting



ALPHASON, AUDIO TECHNICA, CAMBRIDGE AUDIO, CANTON, COUNTERPOINT, D.N.M., EPOS, GOODMANS, HARMAN KARDON, HELIUS, KOETSU, MANTICORE, MONITOR AUDIO, MYST, MORDAUNT-SHORT, NAGAOKA, NAKAMICHI, ONIX, ORANGE AUDIO, ORTOFON, P.S. AUDIO, REGA, ROKSAN, ROYD, S.M.E. NAIM, SUPEX, VAN DEN HUL, WHARFEDALE, YAMAHA,

wecanhelp

the cornflake shop

37 WINDMILL ST LONDON W1P1HH 01-631 0472

some flak. It should however be noted that Mission was also praised by three dealers for consistency of sound, while Audiolab was denigrated by another couple for inconsistency.

TURNED ON

Just over half the dealers we asked said they would leave an amplifier on all the time for a better sound. "It keeps the capacitors charged up and makes everything run smoothly" was the sort of comment we heard. And this did not just apply to the pre-/power combinations owned by the sort of people featured in Aspirations. It seems that if you want to get the most out of your system you should run it warm the whole time.

All the dealers commented that an amplifier works better when warm, and gave periods from half to two hours as the necessary warm up time. "You can definitely notice the difference in sound," said many. Of course advising customers is a different matter, and responsible dealers also pointed out the fire hazard of leaving any electrical circuitry running overnight.

Some pre-amplifiers will take a trickle of current anyway as long as they are plugged into a socket (*ie* you never turn them off completely), and it was agreed that the pre- was more important than the power amplifier needed to be worn where the two are separate.

While admitting that there might be a better sound from a power amplifier after an hour or so warm-up, many said this was not essential and likened it to using a car from cold (which you can do without injury). Mr. Abbott of Abbott Audio said that constant power was especially important where valve amplifiers were concerned: "it prolongs the life of the valve by avoiding the harmful effect of current surge when switching on."

WHISKY AND DUSTERS

Colin MacKenzie of Hi-Fi Corner in Edinburgh says cleaning ladies are among the hi-fi system's worst enemies: "They dust around the amplifier and accidentally turn the volume up full; you come in, switch on and zap, it blows up!" Mr

MacKenzie therefore lists a locked door as one of the most important tweaks for an amplifier. He also complained that Scots spend much of the festive season pouring whisky and lager over their amplifiers, which makes the engineers' work doubly difficult. These comments are noted as the Western world plunges yet again into the winter solstice, but are repeated for the benefit of any stragglers.

Several dealers mentioned that a better method than dusting was to use a cleaning agent to keep the phono sockets clean and conductive. Audio Technica make a spray (the $\pounds 6.25 AT 6024$) which includes a dummy phono plug to clean the sockets, but this may require continual use every two or so months, and it is perhaps easier just to pull the plugs in and out of their sockets a few times to keep them clean.

STILL STANDING

Well over half (somewhere near 65 per cent) of the interviewed dealers said amplifiers benefit from a good table, stand or shelf. So why? You can imagine how resonance and stability affects speakers or a turntable but an amplifier surely sounds the same wherever it is? The answer was often religiously referred to as 'magic'. "It's magic and scientists can't explain it." we were told triumphantly.

Whether it is the magic of improved sound or the magic of improved bank balances after selling specially made isolation tables, we could only find two dealers who said amplifiers sounded as good on the floor (though quite a few said the sound difference was only slight).

One dealer said amplifiers should not be put on the same surface as the rest of the hi-fi equipment because of the adverse effect on overall sound. "We can hear the difference because we're in the shop all day listening to it. but nobody believes us when we tell them." he said. Perhaps more important is where the pre- and power elements (if you have them) of your amplification system should stand. With again a couple of dissenters, dealers said: "as far apart as the

interconnecting cable lets them." This is to avoid interaction between the units which sometimes causes audible humming and buzzing. (It was also mentioned that this should not happen if the units were properly made in the first place.)

WIRED FOR SOUND

The amplifier may be the heart of the system, but like all vital organs it does rely on everything else for peak performance. Speaker cable is something which is still considered the domain of the tweak freaks, and dealers told us that customers still couldn't quite get the hang of the idea that proper cable was better than any old flex or wire. Speaker cable, like everything else comes in all shapes and prices, so we asked dealers to nominate their best sellers. QED 79 strand speaker cable is the most popular at present, and comes at a popular price of around 80 pence a metre. Dealers also gave Naim and van den Hul cable their votes, and Mission and Monster cable were mentioned as being popular among (dare one call them?) cablists.

THE RESULTS

Our survey gave dealers four price ranges for their top selling amplifiers, and we asked for their top three models in each. The points system is calculated on 5 for the top seller, 4 for the second and three for the third.

47

45

44

42

34

35

32

31

18

16

46

38

28

24

21

'Budget', below £150

- 1) A&R Arcam Alpha 2) Denon FMA 250
- 3) Mission Cyrus One
- 4) NAD 3130 5) Rotel RA 820

Mid Price £151-£300

- 1) Mission Cyrus Two
- 2) A&R A60
- 3) Naim NAIT
- 4) Marantz PM 45
- 5) Musical Fidelity A1

Integrated and separates £300-£1.000

1) Quad 34/306

- 2) Naim 62/Naim 140
- 3) Audiolab 8000A
- 4) Inca Tech Claymore
- 5) Linn *LK1/LK2*

\$1,000 plus separates

1) Acoustic Research SP9/Krell KSA 50 II 18

- 2) Naim 32.5/HICAP/NAP 250 17 15
- 3) DNM series 3/Gem
- 4) Musical Fidelity MVT/270 15
- 5) Naim *32*/HICAP/*135* (*x2*) 14

Naim combinations were by far the most popular overall, but because there are so many combination variations to choose from they didn't sweep the board entirely. There were also some other variations that were good sellers with several dealers, namely PS Audio's 4.5 pre- and the Counterpoint CSA12, or a Nuance pre- with an Albarry power amp.

The results of this survey are representative of the comments from 33 dealers around the country. We don't pretend that this is the complete situation, or that our top sellers list is a necessarily true picture. The survey is a poll, and only as accurate as the limited size of the sample.

PARTICIPATING DEALERS

Our thanks to the following dealers for helping us compile this survey.

Abbot Audio, Kneesall, Notts. Absolute Sound and Video Bristol Avon Active Audio, Derby, Derbyshire. Aerco Ltd, Woking, Surrey. A. Fanthorpe Ltd, Hull, Humberside. Analog Audio, North Finchley, London. Aston Audio, Alderley Edge, Cheshire. Audio Projects, Leeds, W. Yorks. Brentwood Music Centre, Brentwood, Essex Bryants Hi-Fi, Aldershot, Hants. Cambridge Hi-Fi, Chesterton, Cambs. Chichester Hi-Fi, W. Sussex. Covent Garden Records, London. Elite Hi-Fi, Harrogate, Yorks Gilson Audio, Middlesborough, Cleveland. Grahams Hi-Fi Ltd, Pentonville Rd, London N1 Hi-Fi Corner, Edinburgh/Glasgow. Jeffries Hi-Fi, Eastbourne, E. Sussex. Lyon Audio, Stanway, Colchester, Essex. Moorgate Acoustics Ltd, Rotherham, Yorks Norman Audio, Preston, Lancs. O'Brien Hi-Fi Wimbledon, London, Pinewood Audio, Andover, Hants. RPM, Clapham, London. Steve Boxshall Audio, Cambridge The Audio Centre, Portadown, N. Ireland. The Audio File, Bishops Stortford, Herts. The Cornflake Shop, Windmill St, London WL The Music Room, Glasgow. The Sound Organisation, York, Yorkshire. Tru-Fi, Aldershot, Hants.

HI-FI CHOICE 35 MARCH 1988

West Midlands Audio, Worcester.

Truro Hi-Fi, Cornwall,



RC850 STEREO CONTROL AMPLIFIER



RB850 50W STEREO POWER AMPLIFIER

The connoisseur's choice. Incorporating much of the UK technology of the famous "BX" series amplifiers: Large well engineered power supplies ● High current capability ● Selected close tolerence high quality components ● Low noise integrated circuits ● Dual mono construction of the power amplifier ● Direct speaker wiring ● No degrading protection circuitry ● High quality phono stages ● Direct signal paths.

Technical features which combine to give music a sense of weight and effortlessness that smaller amplifiers can only aspire to. The twin box construction offers enormous flexibility in system building and the ability to run two power amplifiers either in bridged mode (150W per ch.) or to B1-amp loudspeakers. Higher power requirements can be achieved with Rotel's new RB870BX 100W and RB890 160W power amplifiers which are also bridgeable to provide 300W or 480W per ch. respectively.



RT850AL LW.MW.FM STEREO TUNER

The definitive tuner is its class. UK designed to provide very high standards of radio performance and music quality with the convenience of push button tuning and 16 preset stations. Winner of the "Best Buy" Award from Hi-Fi Choice and now winner of What Hi-Fi?'s prestigious Award for Best Tuner of 1988, the RT850L has now been restyled to match Rotel's new appearance design and also now features LED station indicators. Also available is the more affordable RT830AL Analogue Tuner, offering the same performance.



RCD820BX2 DIGITAL STEREO COMPACT DISC PLAYER

The very latest 16 bit 4 times oversampling technology combine with Rotel's own UK product development expertise to provide a C.D. signal source of fine resolution, definition and musical performance. With full numeric remote control, programming and full feature display the RCD820BX2 offers fine value. This special "BX" version incorporates additional UK designed circuitry and separate regulated power supplies effectively removing the digital hash from the audio circuits resulting in a cleaner audio signal with much improved dynamics and definition.

These fine components are but a small selection from Rotel's award winning range of real Hi-Fi products which offer very high standards of technical performance and musical enjoyment. All are based upon Rotel's UK balanced design concept which ensures that within the resources available, each aspect of the products design has been optimised. To find out why Rotel has now received What Hi-Fi?'s prestigious awards for 1988 for Best Turntable, Best Radio Tuner, Best Loudspeaker and Best Hi-Fi System (amplifier - Tuner - C.D. Player - Loudspeakers) call Rotel for details of your nearest dealer.

UK DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT





Cliché or not, the amplifier is the heart of the hi-fi system. Its purpose is to accept the different signals from the various sources, conform and order them as necessary, and then provide the power to drive and control the loudspeakers. In what is known as an integrated amplifier, the first part of this task is carried out in the pre-amplifier section, while the power amplifier part deals with the loudspeakers, but the whole is contained within a single box. In more costly systems these two sections are often separate units, and power supplies may also be separately cased. The tasks are quite distinct, so integration is only a matter of cost, convenience and compactness.

Twenty years ago amplifiers were mostly low powered, using Class A circuitry with valves and output transformers. Then the transistor took over rapidly, offering higher specification power, lower cost, and improved longevity. So far, so good, but the valve amplifier - like the moving coil cartridge - never quite died. And after a couple of false starts it is currently enjoying its strongest revival yet, albeit at prices which will make many readers blanche. The valve versus transistor debate is a fascinating one, though too rarefied for much of an airing in this introduction. Where costeffectiveness is king, the transistor still rules.

The other historical trend concerns the complexity of the pre-amplifier section. When hi-fi had to make the best of barely adequate source quality, a complicated and flexible preamplifier section was a useful $means \, of \, making \, the \, best \, of \, a \, bad$ job. During the Japanese invasion of the '70s, rival manufacturers vied with each other to invent and incorporate more and more extensive features: tone controls became graphic equalisers, and the often baffled user was encouraged to fantasise that he was on the bridge of the Starship Enterprise. However, improvements in sources have since started a 'simply better' backlash. Ten years ago a fledgling Naim Audio abandoned tone controls on the grounds that they degraded sound quality. This was a major

heresy at the time, but the trend is now firmly established, and even some of the Japanese manufacturers have since followed suit.

TWO MARKETS

There are now two distinct types of hi-fi amplifier. The so-called 'bells and whistles' models still exist, though they now tend to be down- rather than upmarket products. Those who appreciate the flexibility of extensive switching and tone shaping can now take advantage of the low prices which derive from highly efficient manufacture for a mass market.

However, the real hi-fi amplifier action has been towards improvements in sound quality, much of which has been due to simplifying the circuitry by eliminating as many frills as possible, and even in some cases omitting a complete gain stage through the use of the latest transistors. The ear has proved a more subtle tool than any spectrum analyser in adjusting circuit topography, simplifying earth patterns, beefing up power supplies, and selecting key passive components, all in the interests of improving sound quality.

PRE-AMPLIFICATION

As hi-fi amplifiers become increasingly minimalist, the preamp now only retains two key functions: the sorting out of the signals from the vinyl disc source, and the switching of the various inputs and outputs. Tuners, cassette decks, CD players, and what-have-you all put out more or less the same sort of signal, which is already equalised to 'flat'. Vinyl disc apart, the preamp then becomes little more than a glorified switch with volume and balance controls.

Vinyl disc replay is quite a different kettle of fish. The preamp is connected directly to the transducer itself, with no intervening electronics, and this introduces all sorts of difficulties. Furthermore, the signal from the cartridge is very small, and requires two distinct stages of equalisation to get a 'flat' end result. To add insult to injury, there are now two popular kinds of cartridge, the high(?) output moving magnet and low CHOOSING AND USING . . . AMPLIFIERS

output moving-coil (plus a few odd permutations), and they are different enough to need quite separate treatment. There's not even a standard for the source or input impedance of low-output cartridges.

For the future, it is quite possible we will see wider use of turntables with built-in cartridge pre-amps, so that each source feeds a 'flat' signal at line level to a simple switching and attenuating pre-amp. But now that the first digital signal source (CD) is becoming accepted, with others planned for the future, we will also shortly be seeing a new type of pre-amp which accepts digital signals directly, carrying out various functions by means of an on-board microcomputer before finally converting the signal back to analogue before feeding to the power amplifier. Such a system should theoretically be immune from the signal degradation which has been leading the market towards simpler analogue amplifiers, and could lead to a revival of more complex pre-amps, though progress will be slow because any pre-amp section will need to handle conventional signals alongside digital for many years to come.

POWER AMPLIFIERS

This is the part of the amplifier whose job it is to drive the loudspeakers - and a right old job that can turn out to be. Like the cartridge, a loudspeaker is a transducer, and the task is to turn the electrical model of the music signal back into a mechanical (acoustical) signal for the benefit of the ears. The loudspeaker is a form of motor, but its task of covering the whole range of audio frequencies is mechanically almost intolerable, and there is an inevitable lack of control at various resonance points. While the amplifier provides the loudspeaker with a voltage which corresponds to the amplified music signal, it is the characteristics of the loudspeaker itself which determines the current demand. This current demand can be very unpredictable, particularly at resonance points, which is why serious hi-fi amplifiers are usually designed with plenty of surplus current capacity, and

with an eye on the stability of the voltage signal whatever the current demand.

The main measurements on amplifiers relate to power output and distortion. Power is normally expressed in Watts, but we translate this into a measure of relative loudness, the dBW, which is far more meaningful. More important than the maximum power output itself is the way the power is maintained into different loads, and this is analysed in the reviews. The various distortion measurements also help explore the limits of the amplifier, but paradoxically, striving for very low distortion seems to prejudice sound quality.

CHOOSING

There are a number of criteria one could use when selecting an amplifier, and the most valid is probably sound quality. Despite the attention it attracts, power output comes much further down the list, because the differences between most models is not in fact that great, and measured power is by no means a reliable indicator of subjective loudness capability. At the top end of the market, upgrading is less likely to involve an increase in power than improvements in sound quality gained through changes in power supplies for pre- and power amplifiers.

The range of facilities required should naturally be taken into account, paying particular attention to the type of cartridge being used. But it should also be borne in mind that every unused feature contributes nothing and will probably have a negative effect upon the potential sound quality. While some people seem more sensitive than others to the sound of amplifiers, both pre- and power sections are fundamental to the system as a whole, because all signals pass through them en route to the loudspeakers.

The reviews provide an excellent guide to shortlisting some of the better sounding bargains in amplifiers around. But as ever they cannot replace an individual's selection to his or her own tastes, preferably in the correct system and ideally in an 'own room' context. Once again, the conscientious specialist dealer provides a vital link.





RA820A INTEGRATED STEREO AMPLIFIER

Latest in the famous 820 series amplifiers from Rotel, offering dynamic power far in excess of its conservative 30 watt rating. The RA820A has benefited substantially from Rotel's UK product development programme with significant improvements to sound quality, useful features and improved appearance design to match Rotel's new product line. First choice for many on the road to serious sound reproduction.



RT830AL LW.MW.FM. STEREO TUNER

The thinking man's affordable tuner; where its modest looks and operating simplicity belie the sophisticated circuitry employed to produce an unusually open and musical sound. In its latest guise, the new appearance design RT830AL takes over from the critically acclaimed RT830L. Also available is the RT850AL offering digital tuning with 16 preset stations.



RCD820B DIGITAL STEREO COMPACT DISC PLAYER

The very latest 16 bit 4 times oversampling technology combine with Rotel's own UK product development expertise to provide a C.D. signal source of fine resolution, definition and musical performance. With full numeric remote control, programming and full feature display the RCD820B offers fine value and is easy to use. For the more adventurous the RCD820BX2 provides the music lover and enthusiast alike, with stunning performance whilst remaining eminently affordable.

RL850/II LOUDSPEAKERS

These modestly sized loudspeakers offer an unusually high musical performance for their cost. In its latest form, the RL850/II benefits from an improved tweeter and crossover which have further refined its performance. With black ash finish and complete with black doth grills (shown here without grills) they blend into any room environment. Possibly the most acclaimed loudspeaker in the UK today. (Recipient of Hi-Fi Choice's Best Buy Award for the last four years, as part of Rotel's Best system Award from What Hi-Fi? for the past four years, and now winner of What Hi-Fi?'s prestigious award for Best Loudspeaker of the Year for 1988.)



These fine components are but a small selection from Rotel's award winning range of real Hi-Fi products which offer very high standards of technical performance and musical enjoyment. All are based upon Rotel's UK balanced design concept which ensures that within the resources available, each aspect of the products design has been optimised. To find out why Rotel has now received What Hi-Fi?'s prestigious awards for 1988 for Best Turntable, Best Radio Tuner, Best Loudspeaker and Best Hi-Fi System (amplifier - Tuner - C.D. Player - Loudspeakers) call Rotel for details of your nearest dealer.

UK DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT



<u>A&R ARCAM ALPHA</u>

A&R CAMBRIDGE LTD, DENNY INDUSTRIAL CENTRE, WATERBEACH, CAMBRIDGE CB5 9PB. TEL: (0223) 861550.



Though rumoured to carry a 'Plus' suffix, there was no sign of such designation upon either the amplifier or its carton, though a number of changes have been made over the original *Alpha* which was first introduced three years ago. The 1987 sample was in an all black finish, emphasised rather effectively in pale blue legends and highlights. We carried out full re-auditioning and updated the measurements where necessary, most of the changes relating to the power supply and detail component selection for enhancing sound quality.

The *Alpha* shows a slight but worthwhile increase in power over its predecessor, maintaining its good load tolerance and power bandwidth, and with a significant increase in peak current capability.

A compact integrated design, *Alpha* is distinguished by a good finish and appearance which result from A&R's professional view of engineering design. The five inputs include moving magnet disc, and the well-laid out controls incorporate bass and treble. Ergonomically, however, the five identical knobs do not make for the easiest, most instinctive operation.

Output power is 30W per channel, with an output stage rated to take account of some of the more difficult loudspeaker loads. The disc input comes with a standard 47kohms/ 100pF characteristic, but additional loading may be retro-fitted with options down to 8kohms and up to 420pF.

The price is modest but A&R have not skimped on quality details, such as the custom silver-plated 4mm speaker cable sockets, which provide 'direct' and headphoneswitched options. All inputs are the usual RCA phono jacks, with the headphone outlet a standard ¼in socket on the front panel.

LAB REPORT

Inside, the construction quality is exemplary. The unit is built on a single board with clean, simple signal paths and optimised 'star' grounding. Internal wiring is virtually non existent. The output stage is complementary bipolar direct coupled, and the earlier stages use high quality (and improved) integrated circuits. Coupling components have been reduced to a minimum in order to maximise sound quality and some top grade polypropylene capacitors have even been included.

Attaining a comfortable 101dBA maximum loudness on test, the peak 80hm power delivery reached 17dBW (50W) and rated power was comfortably achieved into 20hms on peaks. Power bandwidth was fine with a healthy peak current averaging 9A.

Distortion levels were moderate, particularly with respect to high frequency intermodulation. Noise levels were fine, with the DC offsets satisfactorily low. Input overload margins were ample and the stereo channel separation results were rather better than average. Power supply modulation was respectable for the type, while all other aspects conformed to a well balanced competent design.

SOUND QUALITY

Rating a solid above average, the *Alpha* continues to maintain its competitiveness on sound quality. Unanimously described as 'nice sounding', this is both praise and criticism, but more than most it should fit unobtrusively into almost any system context. The sound was a little 'small', somewhat 'softened' and lacking a little speed, 'sparkle' and transparency. But it was also refreshingly free of 'hi-fi-ish' qualities in the perjorative sense, staying well under control and giving good musical involvement.

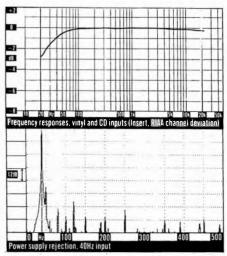
CONCLUSIONS

Comfortably continuing to merit recommendation, the Alpha is a fine and essentially musical allrounder, with sound lab performance, sensible facilities, fine build quality and attractive presentation. Though it showed some sonic limitations in the context of the very highest quality ancillaries, the overall balance has been very well judged to make the most of the lesser components its price indicates will be likely partners.

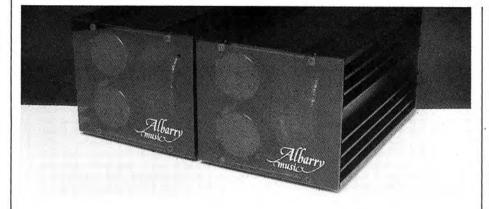
Test measurements

To show how well the amplifier sustains its 80hm output into real loudspeaker loads, the level into 40hms and 20hms is given in dBW (where 0dB = 1W), without adding 3dB or 6dB respectively, as in usual 'power' ratings.

Power output Rated power into 8ohms, mak Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulsed	20Hz 16.4dBW 13.1dBW		ited amplifier (= 15dBW) 20kHz 16.8dBW 14.1dBW -dBW
Instantaneous peak current <u>Distortion</u> Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux input Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r <u>Intermo</u> dulation, 19/20kHz, a	20Hz — 73.7dB ated power	+ 13A 1kHz - 73.1dB , aux input	- 12.5A 20kHz -66.2dB - 77.9dB - 73.7dB
Noise Disc (nm) input (1HF, CCIR weig Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig Residual, unweighted (volum DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (nm) input (1HF) Disc (mc) input (1HF)	hted) e control al 20Hz 27 OdB n/a dB	left — 8mV, left n/a, mV, lkHz 27.1dB n/a dB	- 73.0dB - 76.9dB - 78.9dB right + 6mV right n/a mV 20kHz 27.6dB n/a dB
Aux/CD input (1HF) Stereo separation Disc input (mm) Aux input Output impedance (damp) Chann el balance, disc, at 1ki Volume/balance tracking Aux input	OdB 0.06dB	>20dB 71.8dB 70.3dB 0.27ohm - 20dB 1.05dB	>20dB 56.3dB 64.3dB 0.330hm 1dB - 60dB 1.07dB
Interface socket ty Disc (mm) input Phono Disc (mc) input n/a Aux input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	0.42 n/ar 36.0 n/ar	mV 46koh nV n/ako mV 23.0ko mV n/ako 10.0V m	nms 110pF hms n/anF hms 36pF
Reassessed			



PRESENCE AUDIO, THE OLD POST HOUSE, PLUMMERS PLAIN, HORSHAM, W. SUSSEX. TEL: (0403) 76777.



BARRY M408 SERIES II.

The Albarry M408 power amplifier is a modestly (40W) rated monoblock design with interesting styling and excellent finish. Now in series II form, the design criteria remain the same as before, specifically to drive moving-coil loudspeakers and provide adequate current capability for low impedance loads.

The case is based on two large extruded aluminium heat sinks, finished in black, which form the side structures. Alloy panels separate these two and are overlayed by transparent perspex covers which are tinted deep red. The front panel is engraved red perspex, back-lit by LEDs, and some of the internals can be distinguished through it, adding interest in a world of satin black standardisation. The back carries two enormous binding posts, a fuse, a trip reset button, an on/off switch, and a phone line input socket.

The case is filled by a large ILP 300VA toroidal transformer and two computer grade electrolytic smoothing capacitors, the common terminals of which are connected by a copper bar. The amplifier board is small and neat, and the general level of construction good. Comprising discrete components with a class B Darlington output stage using high power *TIP_141/146*, the protection circuit relies on output current monitoring with an infra red coupled trip.

LAB REPORT

The Albarry easily achieved its specification into 80hmn and power was well maintained with lower impedances on both pulsed and static tests. The peak current capability was generous for the specified power output, but protection circuits were activated by the 20hm pulse test.

The harmonic distortion figures were commendable at all powers below clip, and intermodulation products of the 19/20kHz tones were well suppressed. The signal-tonoise ratios were excellent but the 5kohms input impedance is rather low. Input sensitivity was standard and the bandwidth extended wide with a very flat frequency response. The supply modulation test confirmed the high quality of the power supply.

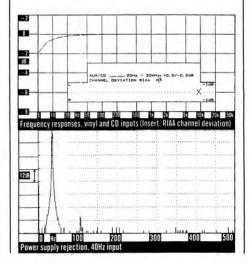
SOUND QUALITY

Rumours that sound quality had been improved turned out to have been well founded, the 408 II rating 20 per cent higher than a sample we tried a year or two ago. The soundstage was presented with good clarity and dynamics, and well above average stage width. The presentable depth impression was accompanied by strong, stable focus. The front stage was a trifle 'forward' and 'present', but without excessive midrange hardness or brittleness. If anything the mid character tended to richness, with some mild 'thickening' added to the lower midrange. The treble sounded slightly emphasised - rather explicit, yet focused and informative despite a touch of electronic 'grain' and 'edge'. Good articulation with a decent level of power and extension was evident in the bass. Adverse loadings were handled well, and it played louder than the test power ratings might suggest.

CONCLUSIONS

Albarry's latest 408 *II* monoblocks returned a performance rather above the industry average on both lab and listening tests. They have yet to achieve star quality, but constitute an attractive pair of nicely finished units which are worthy of recommendation. Make sure that the low input impedance will not embarrass your preamplier, and also check out the larger *1008 II* monoblocks that provide 100W per channel.

Power output		Monablok po	wer amplifier
Rated power into 8ohms, mak	er's spec	40V	(= 16 dBW)
Power output	20Hz	l kHz	2 OkHz
One channel, 8ohm load	17.1dBW	17.2dBW	
Both channels, 40hm load	16.2dBW	16.6dBW	16.5dBW
One channel, 2ohms, pulsed	-dBW	15.5dBW	
Instantaneous peak current		+ 22A	— 22A
Distortion			
Total harmonic distortion,		lkHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in.			—68dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r	ated power	, aux input	— 83dB
Noise			
Residual, unweighted (volumi	e control at	tmin)	— 95dB
DC output offset			right + OmV
input data socket ty	pe sensiti		
Power amp	81 m	V 5.2kol	
Typical price inc VAT			£595 pair



CAMBRIDGE SYSTEMS TECH. LTD., 26 ROMAN WAY, GODMANCHESTER, HUNTINGDON, CAMBS PE18 9LN. TEL: (0480) 52521.



Now a well established model, the *8000A* underwent extensive sound quality revisions for 1987, through subtle development and refinement. It is conservatively rated at 50W per channel.

In contrast to much UK equipment today, which is of 'straight line' design. the Audiolab does have tone controls; however these are said to be specifically designed to have a negligible effect on sound quality. Comprehensively equipped, the input facilities are all phono, and include disc (mm and mc), tape 1 and 2, plus tuner and CD/aux. A proper 'record out' selector matches the input selector. A headphone socket is provided, which mutes the two sets of speaker outputs *via* a high-quality relay. A small dealer modification provides for separate pre/power amp use if this is required by the user, but in this mode the circuitry which prevents switch-on thumps from the pre-amp will not operate.

As well engineered internally as it is finished externally, the amplifier uses a large 250VA toroidal transformer specially mounted to reduce mechanical hum. The output stages are high-current, directcoupled complementary, with a DC servo to rolloff the extreme subsonic response without need for the usual decoupling capacitor in the feedback loop. Full electronic protection is designed to allow adverse load drive. All discrete circuitry is employed. The me headamp is a particularly careful design, and in fact many of the design features are more commonly associated with more costly models.

LAB REPORT

Specified at 50W (17dBW) the amplifier demonstrated a fine power bandwidth at 19dBW into 80hms. The 40hm continuous delivery was also pretty good, while its \pm 28A peak current capability was more than sufficient for the rated power. Peak level approached 100W per channel (19.8dBW) holding well into 40hms at 18.6dB and still very strong at 18dBW, 20hms.

Harmonic and particularly intermodulation distortions were at negligible levels, in a sense showing that high-linearity circuits are not in themselves a barrier to good sound quality. Noise levels were fine, and the DC output offsets negligible. Input overload levels were ample, and stereo separation up with the best, bar the special double-mono amplifier types. Output impedance was low and channel balance very accurate, except at the lowest volume settings. Input sensitivities were sufficient for all classes of source. and the input characteristics can be changed via optional loading plugs. RIAA equalisation followed the IEC rolloff, hence the subsonic fall shown here, while the tone controls were suitably mild in action. The pre-amp output also offered a decent level at low impedance for other power amplifiers. Subjectively, no change in sound quality could be heard with the tone controls engaged.

SOUND QUALITY

This amplifier surprised all those who heard it. On moving-coil input the overall subjective rating was 'good plus' which is ahead of the competition. Its character was highly neutral, if very slightly 'clinical', with an open, wide frequency range and very presentable bass, the latter offering power, precision and extension. The midband was well defined, articulate and well-focused while the stereo image showed decent depth and ambience.

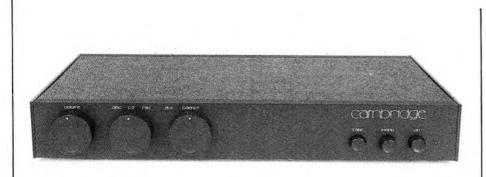
A marginal improvement of depth was noticed *via* moving-magnet input, while the treble remained slightly imperfect; here a hint of 'fuzziness' and 'grain' was a little sweeter than on moving-coil, with some further advance in treble quality and a touch more clarity.

The sound *via* aux was dominated by a fine transparency and with additional, admittedly minor, improvements in stereo staging, depth, bass power and detail. It could get pretty loud, and sounded very tolerable into clipping, with 103dBA possible into the normal loudspeaker. A fine load tolerance was also evidenced by the 102dBA produced into the severe load.

CONCLUSIONS

In '87, Audiolab further enhanced the sound quality, by subtle improvements to the interior circuitry, so fully maintaining the model's keen competition. The 8000A is a fine integrated amplifier of very good power delivery with excellent finish and build quality. The tone controls do not detract from the performance, while its load tolerance is exceptional. A highly versatile model, this superior quality design remains a Best Buy.

Power output		in tegra	ated amplifier
Rated power into 8ohms, ma			I (= 17 dBW)
Power output	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
One channel, 80hm load	19.4dBW	19.5dBW	19.0dBW
Both channels, 40hm load		17.6dBW	17.0dBW
One channel, 20hms, pulse	d 17.89BM	18.0dBW	17.3dBW
Instantaneous peak curren	t	+27A	—28A
Distortion			
Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz	1 kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CO in	20HZ . — 90dB	— 95dB	— 80dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,	rated power,	, aux input	— 85dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			85dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,	at udbw, dis	C (MC)	-80dB
Noise			2010
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR	weighted)		- 78dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR)	veignted)		- 7 3dB
Aux/CO input (1HF, CCIR we	ignteo)		- 82dB
Residual, unweighted (volu	me control at		— 78dB
DC output offset	2011-		nV, right 3mV
Input overload	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	29dB 26dB	30dB	30dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*		26dB	26dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>20dB	>20dB	>20dB
Stereo separation	— 90dB		— 50dB
Disc input (mm) Aux/CO input	— 900B — 78dB	— 7 2 dB — 7 7 dB	— 500B — 56dB
Output impedance (damp)	0.030hm	0.04ohm	0.12ohm
Channel balance, disc, at 1		0.04000	0.04dB
Volume/balance tracking	OdB	— 20dB	- 60dB
Aux/CD input	0.04dB	0.0dB	3.6dB
SOCKPT	IVDP SPDSITI	vitv loadi	
Linny, data socket			
Disc (mm) input Phor	no 0.3m	nV 47kot	nmis 35pF
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor	no 0.3m no 0.007	nV 47koł mV 100oł	nms 35pF nms 4.7nF
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor	no 0.3m no 0.007	1V 47kot mV 100ot V 20kot	nms 35pF nms 4.7nF nms 70pF
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape)	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m	1V 47koł 100ol 1V 20koł 7.7V m	nms 35pF nms 4.7nF nms 70pF lax, 600ohms
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 301	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	nms 35pF nms 4.7nF nms 70pF
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape)	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	nms 35pF nms 4.7nF nms 70pF lax, 600ohms ldB. — 2.2dB
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth)	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 35pF 1000 4.7nF 1000 70pF 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 10000 10000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input* Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 300 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983. Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Retes	no 0.3m no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz	1V 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7V m +0.1	1000 350F 1000 4.70F 1000 700F 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100000000
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983. Reles	no 0.3n no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz ted 1987.	IV 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7vn +0 1 44	mis 35pf mis 4 7nf mis 70pf ax, 600ahms IdB — 2 2dB 5 x7 4x34cm £325
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983, Reles	no 0.3n no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz ted 1987.	IV 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7vn +0 1 44	mis 35pf mis 4 7nf mis 70pf ax, 600ahms IdB — 2 2dB 5 x7 4x34cm £325
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983. Reles	no 0.3n no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz ted 1987.	IV 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7vn +0 1 44	mis 35pf mis 4 7nf mis 70pf ax, 600ahms IdB — 2 2dB 5 x7 4x34cm £325
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983. Reles	no 0.3n no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz ted 1987.	IV 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7vn +0 1 44	mis 35pf mis 4 7nf mis 70pf ax, 600ahms IdB — 2 2dB 5 x7 4x34cm £325
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Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983. Reles	no 0.3n no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz ted 1987.	IV 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7vn +0 1 44	mis 35pf mis 4 7nf mis 70pf ax, 600ahms IdB — 2 2dB 5 x7 4x34cm £325
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983. Reles	no 0.3n no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz ted 1987.	IV 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7vn +0 1 44	mis 35pf mis 4 7nF mis 70pf ax, 600chms IdB — 2 2dB 5x7 4x34cm £325
Disc (mm) input Phor Disc (mc) input Phor Aux/CO input Phor Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *First reviewed: 1983. Reles	no 0.3n no 0.007 no 12m Hz-15kHz ted 1987.	IV 47kot mV 100ol V 20kot 7.7vn +0 1 44	mis 35pf mis 4 7nf mis 70pf ax, 600ahms IdB — 2 2dB 5 x7 4x34cm £325



CAMBRIDGE AUDIO P40

Though the name stretches back nearly two decades, Cambridge Audio products have only been intermittently available, the company changing hands and lying dormant on occasion. Nowowned by an engineer who was involved back in those early amplifier years and having conspicuous current success with a state-of-the-art CD player, after some hesitancy the amplifier range is beginning to reestablish-itself too. Last year's *Integer* has evolved into a *P55*, at a slightly higher price and power rating than the \$200 *P40* integrated amplifier reviewed here, itself reviving one of the names from Cambridge's past.

This being the 'eighties rather than the 'sixties, P40 is now a simple 'straight line' design with minimal facilities to clutter the signal path. Housed in a simple slimline black enclosure, finish has been significantly improved over earlier Cambridge production and is now to a high standard, though one could still pick a nit or two over the 'feel' of the controls. There are just three large control knobs and three pushbuttons, the former for volume, balance and input selection, the latter for power on/off, mono/stereo and tape monitoring. The rear panel has a single row of phono plugs for interconnection, plus 4mm sockets for loudspeakers; between the disc inputs a switch selects the extra gain needed for moving-coil cartridges.

LAB REPORT

The *P40* has a particularly clean and direct layout, construction being based on a single printed circuit board that has an 'audio quality' substrate. The output stage is quasicomplementary direct coupled bi-polar, and high quality ICs are used for the disc input. The passive line stage provides lower sensitivity on line inputs. A generous toroidal transformer with plenty of reservoir gives ample supply to the two channels; build quality is good, and high current fuse protected transistors are used.

The *P40* comfortably beat its rated 40W/ 16dBW, but the 3dBW loss when driving both channels into 4ohms is a little severe, indicative of the shared supply. Power bandwidth is very good, and peak current capability a fine $\pm 20A$, so there is plenty of reserve 'urge'. The power supply modulation test showed that spuriae were at a low level, but the background was a little 'dirty' in terms of the number of components generated at low level in the power supply.

Distortions were pretty good except at high frequencies where there was some significant deterioration: there was some question about high frequency stability when rigged up using short low inductance wiring in the lab, but this was not encountered during normal use with cables. The noise figures were reasonable except on the moving-coil input, where -55dB is barely adequate and was gently audible. Stereo separation was resonable enough, and overload margins adequate, if a little suspect at high frequencies on the moving-coil input. Sensitivities were a little lower than average, and volume/ balance tracking could have been improved at low levels. The RIAA disc equalisation curve showed quite sharp bandwidth curtailment at low frequencies, -20dB at 50Hz and -7dB at 20Hz, but a smooth, neutral characteristic elsewhere.

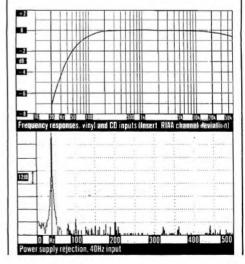
SOUND QUALITY

Our first sample delivered only mono, but still sounded very promising nonetheless: its replacement rated good overall, a fine result for the price. Particularly impressive was the subjective 'speed' and 'grip', giving a fine impression of coherence and integration with excellent dynamics. There was some criticism of a treble 'untidiness', and a certain lack of sweetness here, with some sibilant emphasis, but the soundstage was open and clear with good transparency and reasonable depth portrayal. The quality improved with CD, suggesting that the power amplifier is more capable than the pre-amp section.

CONCLUSIONS

Subjectively one of the better integrated amplifiers around, the P40 still shows room for improvement, particularly on the movingcoil disc input, but at least it has this option available, and produced a sound quality which justified the step-up in price from popular \$150 models, particularly for rock music listeners. The sample fault we encountered was clearly just that (late as usual, they rushed us a sample diverted from an export batch, modifying it without proper checking!), and some caution should be taken avoiding exotic loudspeaker cables and/or very short runs, but the *P40* is clearly a welcome new Best Buy, even if it is still a little wet behind the ears.

Power outout Rated power into 8ohms, ma	ker's sner		ted amplifier (= 16dBW)
Power output	20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
One channel, 80hm load	17.5dBW	17.86dBW	17.65dBW
Both channels, 40hm load	14.5dBW	15.2dBW	14.9dBW
One channel, 20hms, pulsed		15.5dBW	_dBW
		+ 20.0A	- 20.0A
Instantaneous peak current Distortion	L	+ 20.0A	- 20.0A
Total harmonic distortion,	20 H 7	1 kH z	20kHz
at rated power, aux input			-51.0dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			-75.0dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			-71.0dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			- 63.0dB
Noise	at 00011, 013	L (IIIL)	-03.000
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR)	weighted)		— 73.0dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR w			- 55.0dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR we			- 75.0dB
Residual, unweighted (volu		min)	- 78.0dB
DC output offset			/, right 10mV
Input overload	20 H z	lkHz	ŽOkHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	31.0dB	30.0dB	30.0dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)	31.7dB		
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>20dB	>20dB	>20dB
Stereo separation		× 2000	
Disc input (mm)	67.0dB	67.0dB	50.0dB
Aux input	76.0dB	72.0dB	50.0dB
Output impedance (damp)	0.122ohm		
Channel balance, disc, at 1			n/a dB
Volume/balance tracking	OdB	— 20dB	-60dB
Aux input	0dB	0.7dB	5.0dB
Input data socket	type sensit	ivity. loadi	ng
Disc (mm) input Phor	0.56	mV 47koh	ims 115pF
Disc (mc) input* n/a	a 0.062	mV 47koł	nms 115pF
Aux input Phor	no 42.5	mV 7.0kol	hms 410pF
Output, pre-amp (tape)		10.25V m	ax, 7.7kohms
Disc equalisation error, 30	Hz-15kHz		+0dB, —5dB
Size (width, height, depth)		43.6x	6.25x28.2cm
Typical price inc VAT			£200
Reassessed			



CREEK CAS 4140 SERIES 2

CREEK AUDIO SYSTEMS, 2 BELLEVUE ROAD, FRIERN BARNET, LONDON N11 3ES. TEL: 01-368 4425.



This Series 2 version of the CAS4140 integrated amplifier is essentially a new design rather than just an upgrade. The $\$200\ 4140$ lacks the tone controls of the cheaper 4040tested last year, but the styling is similar, and similarly individualistic.

The front panel carries a row of push button selector switches covering the normal phono, tuner, CD/aux and tape inputs, plus mono and mute. The other front panel facilities are volume and balance rotaries, a headphone socket and on/off switch. Loudspeakers are connected by 4mm sockets, with a choice of switched or unswitched outputs. Only phono sockets are now used for all inputs.

The disc input sensitivity may be matched to either moving magnet or moving-coil cartridges via internal switches. The thick aluminium U-shaped chassis also doubles as a heat sink to supplement the small finned back panel extrusion; unusually in these days of black metal, the cover is made of chipboard covered in black ash vinyl.

Internally the amplifier is constructed on a single printed circuit board, with the circuits laid out to facilitate short signal paths. The phono stage has low noise transistors followed by good quality integrated circuits around which RIAA equalisation is performed. A large 160VA toroidal transformer fills one end of the case, and the rectifier and smoothing capacitors are located on the PCB adjacent to the power amplifier. The power section itself is constructed from discrete components with high current *TIP35/36C* output transistors.

LAB REPORT

The rated output was easily achieved into an 80hm load, giving a maximum of 17dBW. Overload protection limited power delivery into 40hms, with both channels restricted to a lowly 9dBW. Although a reasonable 14.5dBW was recorded on the 20hm pulsed test, only \pm 4A was available on the peak current test before protection circuits operated.

Intermodulation performance was good on both line and moving magnet inputs, but was just adequate *via* moving-coil. DC offset was a little high but not too serious, and volume/ balance tracking was acceptable. Stereo separation was reasonable on disc inputs but could benefit from some improvement on 'aux' – after all some CD players have better than 90dB separation at 1kHz. Input overload was good on 'aux', acceptable on moving magnet disc, if rather restricted on movingcoil. (This is currently being attended to, we understand.) Sensitivities (especially moving-coil) are on the low side, but loadings are well chosen.

Poorer than average 50Hz and related harmonic break-through was found on the supply mod test. The RIAA is accurate, with the amplifier designed to have a limited bandwidth which rolls off sensibly at the frequency extremes. The moving-coil response shown on the graph was altered by its restricted input overload margin – in reality, when not driven into clip, the response is the same as for moving magnet. Channel deviation meandered a little but stayed within reasonable limits nonetheless.

SOUND QUALITY

This improved Creek 4140 amplifier sounded different from its predecessors, reflecting the new generation nature of its design. The sound quality scores for both the analogue and the CD inputs were significantly lifted compared with earlier Creeks.

Strong central focus highlighted the main performers and provided a good level of clarity and detail *via* moving-coil. Sounding slightly filtered at the frequency extremes, this has the advantage of warding off spurious effects such as rumble or low bass boom, or fizz and other similar cartridge high frequency anomalies.

The bass was considered a little lightweight, but was tight and articulate, tuneful and agile, complementing a clear and precise treble with low distortion and good control. Stereo images presented well above average depth and ambience – a clear contrast to the original version.

The CD input produced a mild improvement. More bass extension was noted, and the crisp and well detailed sound is impressive for the price. The moving magnet disc input provided a small improvement over moving-coil, though the performance was pretty good on both cartridge inputs despite the m-c's modest measured overload margins.

CONCLUSIONS

Creek's new 4140 achieves a level of performance which should satisfy both established Creek fans as well as earlier critics. The possibly over-cautious protection system indicates preference for speakers with a kind impedance characteristic, and the m-c disc input could usefully trade some sensitivity for more overload margin, but the overall result represents good value.

Setting a new Creek standard for sound quality, it was neutral and well balanced, clear and well focused, remaining tidy and well controlled to the audio band extremes. As such the 4/40 deserves a Best Buy rating, and provides a fitting partner for the fine 3/140 tuner.

TEST RESULTS

Rated power into 8ohms, mal	ker's spec		aled amplifier V (= 16dBW)
Power output One_channel, 80hm load	20Hz 17.0dBW	1kHz 17.5dBW	20kHz 17.0dBW
Both channels, 40hm load One channel, 20hms, pulsed	9dBW dBW	9dBW 14.5dBW	9dBW dBW
Instantaneous peak current	-10011	+ 4A	-4A
Distortion.	2011-	11.11.	201.015
Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux input	20H2 — 6 5dB	lkHz — 65dB	20kHz — 46dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	ated power	, aux input	— 70d8
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	at OdBW, dis	c (mm)	-67dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a Noise	ACUOBW, DIS	C (MC)	— 34dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w	eighted)		— 72dB
Disc (mc) input (1HR, CCIR w	eighted)		- 79dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig Residual, unweighted (volum		min)	— 84dB — 84dB
DC output offset			, right 28mV
DC offset, pre-amp			v, right OmV
Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF)	20Hz 23.7dB	1kHz 21.8dB	20kHz 21.3dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	23.70b 13dB	21.808 9dB	21.30D 9dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Stereo separation	C 4 J D	CO J D	0LCV
Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input	54dB 56dB	58dB 56dB	42dB 42dB
Output impedance (damp)	0.09o h m	0.08ohm	0.lohm
Channel balance, disc, at 1k		00.10	OdB
Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input	0dB 0.12dB	— 20d8 0.26d8	— 60dB 3.0dB
inglitizata socket ty			
Disc (mm) input	0.47r	nV´ 112koľ	hms 200pF
Disc (mc) input*	0.032		
Aux/CD innut			
Aux/CD input	62m	V 55koh	ms 80pF
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape)	62m n/a n	V 55koh nV n/akoł 8V i	ms 80pF hms n/apF max, 1kohms
Aux/CO input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Ha	62m n/a n	V 55koh nV n/akoł 8V i	ms 80pF hms n/apF max, 1kohms
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth)	62m n/a n	V 55koh nV n/akoł 8V i	ms 80pF hms n/a pF max, 1kohms dB, — 1.3dB k5.5x16.5cm
Aux/CO input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Ha	62m n/a n	V 55koh nV n/akoł 8V i	ms 80pF hms n/apF max, 1kohms
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Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT 'see text	62m n/an z-15kHz	V 55koh NV n/akol 8V +0 423	ms 80pf hms n/a pF max, 1kohms dB, - 1.3dB c5.5x16.5cm £200
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HI-FI CHOICE 43 MARCH 1988

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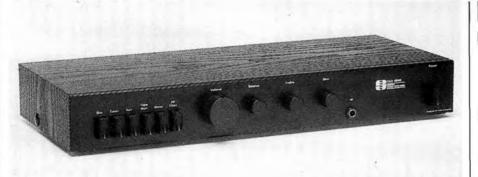
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QED Audio Products Ltd., Unit 12, Ashford Industrial Estate, Shield Road, Ashford, Middlesex, TW15 IAU. Telephone 0784-246236

CREEK AUDIO SYSTEMS, 2 BELLEVUE ROAD, FRIERN BARNET, LONDON N11 3ES. TEL: 01-368 4425.



Fully re-auditioned and partly re-tested for 1987, Creek's UK-built budget amplifier is specified at 35W (15.5dBW) per channel, and while features are fairly basic, it does provide tone controls as well as a headphone socket, not to mention a black wooden sleeve. Loudspeaker connection is *via* 4mm socket/binding posts, while the input connectors combine DIN sockets with a phono disc input.

CREEK 4040

The 4040's low-level stages use top quality integrated circuits, with the RIAA effected in two stages. The treble rolloff section is passive, with a separate switchable rumble filter to add the final low-frequency rolloff, this -3dB at 45Hz.

LAB REPORT

The tone controls are incorporated in the feedback loop of the power amplifier section, this a high loop gain design. The strong negative feedback is necessary to reduce the otherwise high level of distortion that results from the use of an unbiased pure Class B output stage, with further assistance given by the Class A driver, which is run at higher than usual current.

Some weakness was exposed by the lab tests. The output specification was just met over the power bandwidth, 80hms, one channel driven. The small power supply was reflected by the loss into 40hm on continuous drive, but it made a good try at the 20hm load on peaks, the level here falling by a reasonable 4.5dB below the 80hm peak level. The peak current capacity was satisfactory at +10, -9A.

Since our previous review the harmonic and intermodulation distortions have improved markedly, at least partly redressing one of our earlier criticisms, though there is still room for improvement nevertheless. The RIAA equalisation continues to show a rather 'rollercoaster' profile, which will play some part in the subjective balance, while remaining within ± 0.4 dB limits.

Stereo separation was about average and channel balance good except at very low volume settings where a 5dB error appeared. Input sensitivities were rather low, particularly auxiliary, this measuring 70mV as opposed to the usual $20 \mathrm{mV}\,\mathrm{or}$ so. Disc equalisation had significant error in the treble.

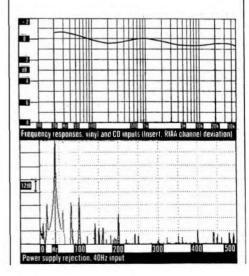
SOUND QUALITY

The Creek proved a most controversial performer during the listening tests, splitting the panel between those who found its failings unacceptable and those who rated its strengths as more important than its limitations. Sonically it was rather coloured, but the slightly 'forward' midband showed fine focus and projection. The treble was rather grainy and coarse, but restrained in terms of the balance, while the bass had good 'life' if rather 'thickened' textures. Though short on transparency and stereo subtleties, there was a good sense of timing, 'speed' and integration which was found musically involving. Certainly it is rather different from the norm - something of an acquired taste perhaps?

CONCLUSIONS

This model is difficult to sum up, as individual reactions varied significantly. Though the 'averaged' mark is sufficient to rate recommendation, our advice must certainly be to try it for yourself. Subjectives aside, it is encouraging to note the improvements in our measured findings this time around. Though still not a Creek strength, there are certainly now fewer grounds for criticism in this respect.

Power output Rated power into 8ohms, mak Power output	er's spec 20Hz		ted amplifier = 15.5dBW) 20kHz
One channel, 80hm load		16.1dBW	
Both channels, 40hm load		13.9dBW	
One channel, 20hms, pulsed	8.5dBW	12.0dBW	
Instantaneous peak current	0.50011	+10A	- 9A
Distortion		TION	5/1
Total harmonic distortion.	20112	1kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in.	- 60dB		— 51dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, ra	ated nower	aux innut	— 57dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	tüd Wahüt	c (mm)	27dB
Noise		• ()	2,00
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR we	eiøhted)		— 74dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig			— 75dB
Residual, unweighted (volum		min)	-61dB
DC output offset			2mV
Input overload	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	23.6dB	22.9dB	- 16.3dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	> 20dB	>20dB	>20dB
Stereo separation			
Disc input (mm)	69dB	—67dB	— 43dB
Aux/CD input	— 6 5 d B	— 65dB	-40dB
Output impedance (damp)	0.03ohm	0.04ohm	0.09ohm
Channel balance, disc, at 1kl	łz		0.04dB
Volume/balance tracking		— 20dB	— 60dB
Aur/CD input	0.6dB	0.2dB	5.1dB
Input data socket ty	ne sensiti	vitv loadi	ng
Disc (mm) input Phono	0.47n	nV 47koh	ms 220pF
Aux/CD input DIN	70.4r		ims — pF
Disc equalisation error, 30Hz			dB 0.4dB
Size (width, height, depth)			42x6x18cm
Typical price inc VAT			£145
*Reassessed			



SOUNDTEC MARKETING, UNIT 9 BELFONT TRADING EST., MUCKLOW HILL, HALESOWEN, W. MIDS. B62 8DR. TEL: (021) 550 7387.



BX CX3/DX3

A new range of dbx products are now available in this country from Soundtec Marketing, including this pre-/power amplifier combination which is interestingly different from normal because of its 4-channel capability.

The CX3 pre-amplifier is packed with facilities besides a surround sound feature that offers on-board deprocessing of Dolby Surround (for film soundtracks from VCRs). plus two matrix simulations. It has a solid, well made case, finished in black with natural wood end cappings. Internal construction is strictly mass market, standard quality grade, with no pretensions to audiophile appeal, opting instead for the extra facilities. Circuits are constructed around standard quality integrated circuits mounted on several printed circuit boards, mainly interconnected by ribbon cable. The power supply is based on a small transformer with smoothing provided by $1,000\mu$ F capacitors. One of the PCBs wasn't properly supported; when some of the selector buttons were operated, it moved, putting strain on connectors and switches alike.

The power amplifier has four separate channels to complement the full surround sound capability of the pre-amplifier, and is consequently large and imposing. The front panel is dominated by two large illuminated analogue power meters, which can be switched between different sensitivities and the various channels. Separate volume controls are provided for each channel, and the general styling matches the pre-amp. The amplifier can deliver a sizeable 300W when operated in bridged mode, while two, three or four loudspeakers may be connected in different permutations.

Internally, a separate printed circuit board is used for each of the four channels. As in the pre-amplifier, commercial grade components are used throughout – NEC integrated driver circuits with discrete transistor, relay protected output stages. The power supply is based on one large, cased toroidal transformer feeding a pair of $18,000\mu$ F capacitors, shared between the channels.

LAB RESULTS

The pre-amplifier measurements were competent in most areas, showing very good intermodulation and total harmonic distortion figures. Noise performance was generally good though the moving-coil disc input was a little below par. Disc input overload margins though decreased with frequency while still remaining adequate. Stereo separation also deteriorated with frequency: good in the midband, it was rather poor at high frequencies.

Channel balance and output impedance were adequate, and input sensitivites were fairly standard, offering sensible load impedances. The moving-coil RIAA response was rolled off at the bass end, whereas the moving magnet input was relatively flat to 10Hz. However, on both disc settings the response started to rise above 5kHz, and was rather uncontrolled at ultrasonic frequencies, which is a shade alarming.

The power amplifier provided a considerable 23.5dBW across the audio bandwidth into 80hms with one channel driven. The output was fairly well maintained into 40hms with two channels driven, but the pulsed drive into 20hms delivered an unimpressive 15dBW, so difficult loads are obviously better avoided. The peak current capability was quite satisfactory for the rated output with two channels driven.

SOUND QUALITY

Auditioning was complicated by the large array of alternatives and facilities. The preamplifier was ultimately auditioned with controls 'flat'; the power amplifier was tried in high power stereo 'bridged' mode, and with medium power stereo (in four channel mode).

The pre-amp sound was barely average, with little difference between analogue and digital disc inputs. The strongest point was pretty good bass, but the midband sounded muddled, with a thin 'hard' tonal quality. The treble lacked focus and sounded 'busy' with a degree of 'grain' and 'sibilance'. Stereo depth was poorer than average, offering little drama or listening involvement.

The strong bass continued on CD, along with a welcome improvement in midrange stereo depth. However, the hardness was more obtrusive, and the treble sounded 'edgy' and electronic.

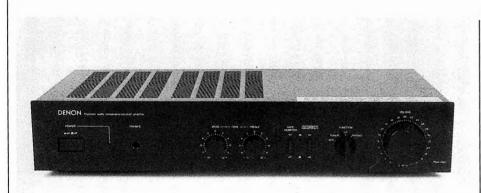
Undoubtedly very powerful, the power amplifier unfortunately sounded below average in bridged mode. Stereo was rather defocused, depth poor, and little grip or dynamic authority was apparent. It improved considerably in the lower power stereo mode, with vastly better focus, moderate depth even in the treble, and superior definition. Dynamics were still weak, however.

CONCLUSIONS

With flamboyant presentation, the dbx separates are visually impressive and provide a wide range of surround sound facilities. In this respect I do not doubt that it is a high class performer. However, in the context of this comparative review, and auditioned in normal stereo mode, the sonic attainment was unexceptional for the price. Let's leave it at a worth considering level, particularly for the surround sound enthusiast.

IF21	RESU	LI3	
Poweroutput) Rated power into 80hms, mak Power output One channel, 80hm load Both channels, 40hm load One channel, 20hms, pulsed Instantaneous peak current Uistoritom	er's spec 20Hz 23.6dBW 21.9dBW –dBW		eted ampilfier V (= 21 dBW) 20kHz 23.5dBW 21.5dBW - dBW - 23A
Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r: Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	t OdBW, dis	c (mm)	20kHz — 84dB — 90dB — 86dB — 70dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR wi Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR we Aux/CO input (1HF, CCIR we Aux/CO input (1HF, CCIR weig Residual, unweighted (volumi DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Disc (mc) input (1HF) Stereo separation	ighted) hted)	left 9n	
Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1kH Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Unput/Cata socket ly Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT 'See text	0dB 0 01dB pe sensiti 1 19 0 119 91.5 110	mV 43kot mV 100ot mV 20kot nV 17kot 8.5V m +0.1	nms 60pF nms n/a nF nms 200pF
3 3 3 4 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>ing the feet</th></t<>			ing the feet

DENON PMA-250 Hayden Laboratories, Hayden House, Chiltern Hill, Chalfont St Peter, Bucks. Tel: (0753) 888447



Building upon the undoubted success of their 'budget' 707 model, Denon moved a little upmarket to the next convenient price point with the \$125 *PMA-250*. Recently uprated to a still modest 30W/channel, this offers a little more 'under the skin' engineering in an even simpler 'straight line' design which is clearly intended to accept some of the compromises necessary to achieve good sound quality. For example, there is no switching in the output to the loudspeakers, so headphone listeners will have to unplug the speakers (at the amplifier and with a little care please) if they want to avoid disturbing others.

Tone controls are still fitted, and can only be bypassed when using the CD input, but they remain the only unnecessary frills. The rest of the front panel offers only input switching (MM only disc), tape monitor and 'CD direct' pushbuttons, plus the headphone jack, volume control and on/off switch. The rear panel uses phono inputs throughout, with substantial binding posts providing high quality connection for a single pair of loudspeakers. Internally there is evidence of care and expense taken in selecting high quality components for enhanced sound quality, the sort of approach normally only adopted by smaller, more specialist manufacturers.

LAB REPORT

Technically this amplifier has a conventional class A/B direct-coupled complementary bipolar output, with IC driver stage. It is clearly derived from the 707, but has an improved power supply and uses more carefully selected high quality components and has a simpler, more direct signal path. Internally it is built to a very high standard, reflecting the external finish in this respect.

The 250 comfortably beat its admittedly modest power rating, the power delivery being reasonably well maintained into lower impedances, though the ultimate current capability is adequate rather than generous. Distortion was low, and signal-to-noise ratios were satisfactory. Stereo separation and input overload margins both measured very well.

Though input sensitivities are sensibly chosen, note that the disc input already has

250pF capacitance loading: add another 100pF or so for the leadout wires and the total might be on the high side for ideal matching with the odd cartridge, though most will match fine. The power supply modulation test gave a decent enough result, mains harmonics being below signal harmonics. There is a little room for improvement in volume control tracking, indicative of component tolerancing perhaps. A similar factor may explain the RIAA equalisation; the gentle undulation here will probably play a minor role in determining the overall character of the sound from disc. There is no evidence of bandlimiting on the disc input, so results may vary somewhat with different turntable systems.

SOUND QUALITY

The 250 was rated comfortably above average, good for the price, and towards the top of an increasingly varied and extensive range of 'budget plus' integrated amplifiers from both UK and Far Eastern sources. The sound was distinctively more 'open' than that found with more complex designs, with some attempt at depth portrayal and proper stereo staging, albeit at a sub-audiophile level. Dynamics were quite lively with an attractively 'bouncy' character, while remaining generally tidy and coherent, though the sound lacked a little 'sparkle' and any real sense of 'scale'.

CONCLUSIONS

Improving significantly on the sound quality of its '707 predecessor, though to some extent reflecting the steady forward progress of the market as a whole, the '250 turned out to be a well balanced package, sensibly conceived and attractively priced. At the \$125 stated typical price, it is certainly Recom mended, successfully creating a blend with broad appeal across a wide range of tastes.

Test measurements

To show how well the amplifier sustains its Sohm output into real loudspeaker loads, the level into 40hms and 20hms is given in dBW (where 0dB = IW), without adding 3dB or 6dB respectively, as in usual 'power' ratings.

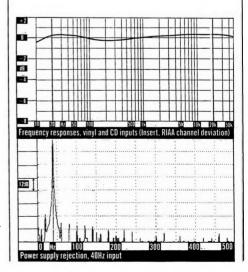
Power outout Integrated amplifier Rated power into 8ohms, maker's spec 30W (= 14.5 dBW)Power output 20Hz 1kHz 20kHz One channel, 8ohm load 16.5dBW 16.6dBW 16.6dBW Both channels, 40hm load 13.3dBW 13.8dRW 13.7dBW One channel, 2ohms, pulsed -dBW 13.5dBW -dBW -9.5A Instantaneous peak current +9.5ADistortion Total harmonic distortion, 20Hz 1kHz 20kHz at rated power, aux/CD in. - 83dB -87dB -68dB Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, rated power, aux input — 101dB Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, at OdBW, disc (mm) -75dB Noise -68dB Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR weighted) Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weighted) - 75dB — 79dB Residual, unweighted (volume control at min) left — 19mV, right — 18mV DC output offset Input overload 20Hz 1kHz 20kHz Disc (mm) input (1HF) 32.5dB 31.9dB 30.8dB Aux/CD input (1HF) >20dB >20dB >20dB Stereo separation 69dB 61dB 54dR Disc input (mm) 54dB 61dB 73dB

TEST RESULTS

Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) 0.24ohm 0.24ohm 0.24ohm Channel balance, disc, at 1kHz 0.02dB Volume/balance tracking 0dB - 20dB -60dB Aux/CD input 0.06dB 0.39dB 3.94dB socket type sensitivity loading Input data Disc (mm) input Aux/CD input 250nF Phono 0.56mV 47kohms Phono 32 3mV 90kohms 40pF 10.9V max, 100ohms Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz-15kHz +0.32dB, -0.33dB 43.5x8.5x26cm Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT £125

Note: The author provided a private opinion on an earlier version of this model for the manufacturer.

Reassessed



HARMAN KARDON 640 Vxi HARMAN (AUDIO) UK LTD., MILL STREET, SLOUGH BERKS SL2 5DD. TEL: (0753) 76911.



Smallest and cheapest of the HK amplifiers tested in this issue, the PM640 is only rated at 45W per channel, yet is described as having a generous peak current capacity for good loudspeaker load tolerance.

External finish is to a high standard and styling is conservative and functional. A full range of features is packed into this compact unit, which will suit those who enjoy interacting with their equipment. The full range of inputs include two tape monitors, disc (moving magnet only), tuner, and both CD and video. Two sets of speakers and one of headphones can be individually switched as required. Bass and treble tone controls have 10dB of cut or boost, and there is also a loudness mode.

A switch located close to the loudspeaker terminals on the back panel can be set to either 4 or 80hms for speaker matching. In the latter case a 'high voltage' indicator is illuminated on the front panel (the one marked 'high current' is merely a system function light). The power supply voltage is increased in the 'high voltage' mode hence providing more signal headroom and higher powers into higher impedances; on the 40hms setting higher currents are available at a reduced voltage to drive lower impedance and reactive loads.

Internal construction is typical of many Japanese built amplifiers, with no fewer than 10 separate printed circuit boards. However, wiring has been kept to a minimum, with ribbon cable in good use and screened cable where necessary. No integrated circuits are found anywhere in the design; all gain stages are constructed from discrete transistors. The power supply, located on the main amplifier board, uses $2x8,200\mu$ F smoothing capacitors. Components are of standard commercial quality and construction is neat and tidy.

LAB REPORT

Easily exceeding its rated output, 18dBW was available into an 80hm load and a capable 16dBW into 40hms. The amplifier also produced a very worthy 18dBW into 20hms on the pulsed test, and generated \pm 17A peak current, confirming HK's claims.

Harmonic distortion at rated power was higher than most, the probable cause being the low negative feedback used in this design. Intermodulation distortion was reasonably well suppressed, and input overload margins were certainly more than adequate. Noise performance was good on all inputs, and the DC output offset was negligible. Stereo separation was commendable and channel balance was well maintained throughout the measured range of the volume control. Input characteristics were fairly standard, and output impedance was low.

RIAA equalisation was reasonably accurate over the audio bandwidth, though the ultrasonic rise above 20kHz is a little worrying. However, the channels were very well matched and the spectrogram for $\frac{2}{3}$ power, 40hms showed only signal harmonics, with no mains related components.

SOUND QUALITY

Very little difference in sound quality was detected between the 4 and 80hms settings, except at full power where 80hms went a little louder. Rated 'good' on both analogue disc and line inputs, with a marginal preference for the latter, the 640 turned out to be a strong performer with the potential for high sound levels using appropriate speakers. The sound *via* CD was well balanced with more sweetness than usual, for example on massed strings. The treble was good if a little 'forward', while the taut and articulate bass tended to dryness. Resolution of detail was pretty good and stereo focus better still; stereo depth was only moderately good.

Some mild loss of focus, depth and detail was noted via analogue disc (moving magnet only). The bass remained firm and well defined, while the treble retained an essentially musical character, with good string tone noticed through the upper midrange. 'Grain' and 'tizz' were held to moderate levels, but detail could have been better.

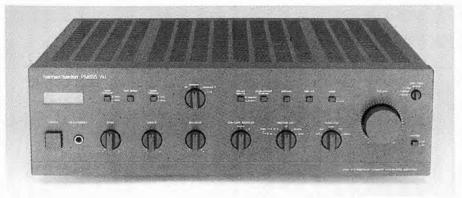
CONCLUSIONS

Though obviously not a Best Buy candidate, the *640Vxi* was undoubtedly a quality product of some versatility, offering very good

build and finish with a healthy power output for the price. Good sound quality was the keynote which ultimately ensures Recommendation.

Poweroniput Rated power into 8ohms, ma Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulser Instantanebus peak current Distoriton	20Hz 18.1dBW 15.9dBW 1dBW		ated amplifier = 16.5dBW) 20kHz 18.1dBW 16.4dBW -dBW - 16A
Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,	20Hz — 60dB rated power at OdBW, dis	1kHz — 60dB , aux input ;c (mm)	20kHz — 56dB — 71dB — 66dB
NDISE Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR v Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR w Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR we Residual, unweighted (volur DC output offset Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Aux/CD input (1HF) Stereo separation	veighted) ighted)		— 72dB n/adB — 76dB — 81dB nV, right 2mV 20kHz 27.6dB >23dB
Disc input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 11 Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input data socket Disc (mm) input	0dB 0.02dB		
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	24m	N 27kol 7.6V m +0.1	
	2041 - 1540 2041 - 2045 2041 - 2045 2041 - 2045	*1: +0. 3/-0. 3d8 *1: +0. 1/-0. 3d8	-1 <i>a</i> 9
Frequency responses, vinyl and	200 500 ix CD inputs (Inse	zk sk ert, RIAA chann	iok zox sox iel deviation)
0 (H2 100 Power supply rejection, 40Hz i		1 1 300 4	. n. 11 00 500

HARMAN KARDON PM655Vxi HARMAN (AUDIO) UK LTD., MILL STREET, SLOUGH, BERKS SL2 DD. TEL: (0753) 76911



Looking much the same as the earlier 655 it replaces, the *PM655Vxi* integrated amplifier's power rating is increased by 30W to 90W. Again like the earlier model it has a high current capability, and HK claim that it will drive up to 260W per channel under peak demand conditions. Finish is good and the front panel's neat layout covers a multitude of functions.

The standard bass and treble controls are supplemented here by variable frequency turnover points. Four rotary switches allow various combinations of input and output selections. There is the normal input switching, tape monitor with video switching, record out, and speaker selection. The headphone socket remains active at all times. Small pushbuttons choose moving magnet or moving-coil cartridge matching, mono, high cut filter, subsonic filter, loudness, and preout/power-in. Various capacitance loadings can be selected for the phono input via the front panel, so that moving magnet cartridge responses may be easily tuned.

The rear panel has phono sockets for disc (both mm and m-c), tuner, CD, 'aux', VDP (video disc player), and audio and VCR (video cassette recorder) tape plus video signals to a monitor and separate pre- out and power in. Binding posts are available for 2 sets of speakers, and the user can choose between 80hm high voltage or 40hm high current operation.

A single large transformer feeds 4x 6,800 μ F, creating a separate supply for each channel. The power amplifier is a low feedback, wide bandwidth design with the output transistors mounted under a large internal heatsink with vertical fins. All the circuits are constructed from discrete components, but the RIAA stage is in a separate encapsulation. The various printed circuit boards are connected by ribbon cable where possible, and the general standard of build quality is high.

LAB REPORT

All measurements were taken on the 80hm setting. The 19.5dBW rating was easily exceeded by a measured 21.4dB output over a good bandwidth, though it was marginally below spec at 19.1dBW into 40hms. The rated

output was again exceeded on the 20hm pulsed test. The power supply modulation result is very good, showing some harmonic distortion but virtually no supply breakthrough. However, the DC offset at the speaker terminals is a little worrying, measuring at a high 114mV on one channel and a not much better 70mV on the other. Distortion was generally low but IM increased slightly with the moving-coil stage active

Noise levels were satisfactory, overload margins were fine on all inputs and the stereo separation was good. Volume/balance tracking was excellent over the entire range of the control, and the output impedance was low. All input sensitivities and loadings were well chosen. The frequency responses were virtually flat within the audio bandwidth on all the measured inputs, and closely toleranced with good matching between channels.

SOUND QUALITY

Auditioned on the 80hm setting, in practice this amplifier had very good load tolerance and could drive a wide range of loudspeakers to high sound levels, largely confirming the generous output powers recorded in the lab tests. It also performed well in comparative audition, delivering a 'good+' rating throughout, showing remarkable consistency between mm and m-c cartridge and CD sources.

The '655 sounded crisp and clear, uncomplicated and pleasingly 'direct' via movingcoil. Good bass extension and slam accompanied good midrange definition on solo parts with only the mildest degree of confusion on more complex passages. The treble was clearly well above average in resolution and accuracy. Stereo images were solidly focused with worthwhile width, depth and ambience. A very mild improvement in definition and clarity was noticed when switching to the moving magnet alternative.

Bypassing the tone controls and filters as usual on the CD source, the amplifier showed a slight midband thinning and hardening. However, this was balanced by fine bass and essentially good treble, with grain and grit kept to moderate levels. The stereo image presented a good sense of scale and fine ambience, and the good power delivery was reflected in a fair measure of dynamic life.

CONCLUSIONS

The Vxi' update seems to have done the trick, breathing new life into the '655 package. A lusty performer with generous power output and fine tolerance of different loudspeaker loads, it also has a comprehensive lineup of features and facilities. It returned a consistent and substantially good sound *via* all inputs and deserves Recommendation.

<u>TEST RESULTS</u>

Power output Rated power into 8ohms, mak	er's sner		ated amplifier = 19,5dBW)
Power output	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
One channel, 80hm load	21.4dBW	21.5dBW	21.4dBW
Deth channels, Ashm load			
Both channels, 40hm load	19.1dBW	19.4dBW	19.2dBW
One channel, 20hms, pulsed	-dBW	20dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak current		+29A	— 26A
Distortion.			
Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in	— 7 1dB	— 70dB	— 72dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r	ated nower		— 76dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a			— 73dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a			— 55dB
Noise	1 00011, 013	C (111C)	3300
	nia bead)		0+00
Disc (mm) input (1 HF, CC1R w	eiginteu)		- 68dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR we			— 67dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig			— 70dB
Residual, unweighted (volum	e control at		— 74dB
DC output offset		left 70mV,	right 114mV
DC offset, pre-amp		left Or	nV, right OmV
Input overload	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	33.9dB	33.7dB	32dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	30.2dB	29.8dB	28.3dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
	~2300	~2300	~2300
Stereo separation	0,00	76,40	010
Disc input (mm)	63dB	75dB	49dB
Aux/CD input	63dB	77dB	50dB
Output impedance (damp)	0.15ohm	0.15ohm	0.17ohm
Channel balance, disc, at 1kl	1z		0.27dB
Volume/balance tracking			
Aux/CD input	0.14dB	0.0dB	0.06dB
input data socket ty	pe sensiti	vity loadi	ng
Disc (mm) input	0.243	mÝ 47koť	nmis 120pF
Disc (mc) input*	0.016	mV 60oh	
Aux/CD input	13.6r		
Power amp	85m		
Output, pre-amp (tape)	0.011		max, 1kohms
Disc equalisation error, 30Hz	1564-		$dB_{1} = 0.2 dB$
	-IJKNZ		
Size (width, height, depth)		44.UX	13.5x40.5cm
Typical price inc VAT			£449
-2 1/1 1 1 1		11	
2			
de RIAA MM		(Hg, =0, 1/-0, 2d	-
	3044 - 154 3044 - 154 	04s, =0. 1/-0. 2d 04s, =0. 1/-0. 2d 04s, =0. 0/-0. 1d	
66 REAA HM REAA HM REAA MC AUX/CO CHANNEL O.	3048 - 15 	(Hg, =0, 1/=0, 2d (Hg, =0, 1/=0, 2d (Hg, =0, 0/=0, 1d	-126
de RIAA MM	2044 - 154 2044 - 154 2045 - 204 EVIATION RIAA	048, -0. 1/-0. 2d 048, -0. 1/-0. 2d 048, -0. 0/-0. 1d	+108
66 REAA HM REAA HM REAA MC AUX/CO CHANNEL O.	3044 - 15 	04g, -0. 1/-0. 2d 04g, -0. 1/-0. 2d 04g, -0. 1/-0. 2d 04g, -0. 0/-0. 1d	-1a0
	EVIATION RIAA	042, -0. 1/-0. 2d 042, -0. 1/-0. 2d 042, -0. 0/-0. 1d 042, -0. 0/-0. 1d	-1 att
E RIAA MA-	EVIATION RIAA		-1 att
	EVIATION RIAA		-1 att

HITACHI SALES (UK) LTD., HITACHI HOUSE, STATION ROAD, HAYES, MIDDLESEX UB3 4DR. TEL: (01) 848 8787.



Designed very much with the future integration of audio and video in mind, this middle priced, middle sized integrated amplifier has a rated power of 65W (18dBW) per channel. The well finished case may be embellished if desired with the wood end panels provided to beautify freestanding units.

Although lacking a moving-coil input, the Hitachi can hardly be accused of being devoid of features. The 007 has been designed with more than half an eye on the video user, with socketry for a VDP (video disc player). 2 VCRs (video cassette recorder), one of which is accessed via the front panel, and a 'video' output for the TV. On the audio side there are the normal array of inputs – phono, CD, tuner and audio tape. Soft touch switches are provided to select any input and to connect any input with any tape output but the tape monitor does not work alongside the Video 2 input.

The customary audio signal shaping is provided by bass and treble controls which can be switched out of circuit as desired, and there are loudness, subsonic filter, mute and stereo/mono switches as well. Two sets of loudspeakers terminals are provided, controlled by a rotary switch on the front panel.

The multi-board construction consists of a mixture of discrete transistors and integrated circuits combined with basic commercial grade passive components to create a competent enough package. The output stage naturally uses a version of Hitachi's own complementary FET design, which has been adopted to such good effect by many other audiophile amplifier manufacturers. The output is relay protected, all internal mains wiring is safety shrouded, and interconnecting harnesses are tidy.

LAB REPORT

The amplifier easily met its power specifications, producing 19.3dBW (85W) into 80hms throughout the audio spectrum, and 16dBW into 40hms with both channels driven. The protection circuits started to operate on the 20hm pulsed and peak current tests, limiting the output available.

The 35Hz 2/3 of maximum level supply modulation test was handled with ease indicating a well designed supply and a high common mode rejection. Total harmonic distortion was very low at all frequencies and powers below clip, and the 19kHz/20kHz intermodulation products were well suppressed on all inputs. Signal-to-noise figures were good*via* the cartridge input, but did not improve much *via* CD or with the volume control set to minimum, indicating that most of the noise was produced in the power amplifier section.

Input overload was adequate at all frequencies into all inputs, and the stereo separation was fine. Volume/balance tracking was good for this price level, and the sensitivities and input loadings are well chosen. A maximum of 9.2V was available from tape output sockets, which should be ample for most purposes. The 'aux' input frequency response was sensibly rolled off at both ends of the frequency spectrum and flat over the important octaves. The RIAA response showed a rising tendency from 50Hz, up almost IdB at 5kHz, but this was also sensibly rolled off at the frequency extremes, and the two channels matched very well.

SOUND QUALITY

It would be wrong to condemn this model out of hand on the grounds of its unimpressive sound quality rating, as this was in fact reasonable enough – and rather better than this type of product used to achieve a year or two ago. Rated a little below average, it had the virtue of sounding inoffensive and definitely lacking any aggressive or fatiguing tendencies, if a little bland. A check on the effect of the tone control circuitry showed this was responsible for a 'deadening' effect and loss of clarity.

The treble sounded quite open and clear via the moving magnet input, but the midrange was less informative, with rather muted dynamics. Mid textures were 'thickened', while the unimpressive bass was below average in 'tune playing ability' and lacked real slam or punch. Stereo depth was modest, with focus rated average.

A very similar rating was obtained via CD, the main impression being a touch of 'cotton wool'. Initially sounding clear enough, subsequent auditioning showed that some of the lower level musical detail was being glossed over. The bass remained soft and lacking in power. Slight improvements in stereo focus and definition were noted with CD.

Taken overall the *HA 007* was weak on dynamic speed and low end punch, yet remained easy on the ears. Its strong point

was a treble that it was consistently above average on all sources and inputs. Driven hard, clarity deteriorated rather quickly.

CONCLUSIONS

This modestly priced amplifier turned out a healthy output, but some premature electronic protection effects indicated that more awkward speaker loads (*eg* below 50hms) should be avoided. The rest of the lab tests were very competent, though a flatter RIAA equalisation response is desirable. Sound quality was below average. Not so seriously as to write-off this model, but sufficiently so as to prevent formal recommendation.

TEST RESULTS

Power output			ated amplifier
Rated power into 8ohms, mak Power output	20Hz	נסט 1kHz	V (= 18dBW) 20kHz
One channel, 80hm load	19.3dBW	19.6dBW	19.4dBW
Both channels, 40hm load	16.0dBW	16.6dBW	16.6dBW
One channel, 2ohms, pulsed	-dBW	11dBW⁺	-dBW
Instantaneous peak current		+ 8A	— 8A
Distortion			
Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in.	— 83dB	— 84dB	- 82dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a			— 46dB — 71dB
Noise	11 0001, 013	GC (111117	-/IUD
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w	eiøhted)		— 73dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig			— 74dB
Residual, unweighted (volum	e control a	t min)	— 74dB
DC output offset		left 12r	nV, right 5mV
DC offset, pre-amp			, rightn/a mV
Input overload	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	31.3dB	30.2dB	27.6dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Stereo separation Disc input (mm)	83dB	81dB	58dB
Aux/CD input	89dB	79dB	58dB
Output impedance (dainp)	0.13ohm		0.21ohm
Channel balance, disc, at 1k			0.11dB
Volume/balance tracking	0dB	— 20dB	-60 dB
Aux/CD input	0.34dB	1.21dB	1.08dB
hout data socket t	ype sensit		
Disc (mm) input Phone	i (0.32	mV 40ko	
Aux (CD innut Dhone	. 10.0		
Aux/CD input Phone			
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a	n 19.2 n/a	mV n/a ko	ohms n/a pF
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape)	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth)	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, —0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, —0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, —0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm
Aux/CD input Phonon Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, —0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, —0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm
Aux/CD input Phonon Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, —0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, —0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm
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Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, —0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	n/a	mV n/a ko 9.2V	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms JdB, — 0. 4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phonon Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phonon Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0. 4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0. 4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phone Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kr 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0. 4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phono Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a kc 9.2V +0.1 3	bhms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, — 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299
Aux/CD input Phonon Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H. Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	n/a z-15kHz	mV n/a ka 9.2V +0.1 3	ohms n/a pF max, 1kohms DdB, - 0.4dB 7x12.9x30cm £299

INCA TECH DIRK

INCA TECH, 23 LINCOLN WAY, CANVEY ISLAND, ESSEX SS8 9FE. TEL: (0268) 565458.



A product of the CD age with no concession of any kind to black vinyl, the *Dirk* is undoubtedly the smallest 'integrated' amplifier in the issue. It has the barest of facilities and is basically just a stereo power amplifier supplemented by a volume control and tape output.

Inputs are available only for CD and one tape recorder – which is a little hard on those who want to use a tuner as well! The 12x9cm front panel in lacquer finish black with gold lettering has an on/off switch, volume control and a single toggle type selector switch. A green power LED glows dimly. Like the *Claymore* there is a preset blance control to which access can be gained through a hole in the base. (That is, if there is a hole in the base; ours was labelled, but as yet no hole had been drilled.)

The case is constructed in two pieces; the top is steel, the base aluminium. The latter acts as the heatsink, and not surprisingly got 'hot' during the power output testing.

Inside, a fair size toroidal transformer and two Elna 4,700 μ F smoothing capacitors form the power supply. The amplifier is constructed on single board, using FET operational amplifiers and discrete transistors to feed the MOSFET output stage. Protection is provided by output fuses in the speaker line. Inputs are taken from the phono sockets on the back panel to the selector switch *via* screened cable, and then straight to the volume control.

LAB REPORT

Achieving the maker's specification with some room to spare, the steady state output power peaked at 17.9dBW with an 80hm load. Output fell by more than 3dBW with both channels driven into 40hms, but a respectable 15.5dBW was provided on the 20hm pulse driven test. The $\pm 20A$ peak current capability is ample for the stated output.

Total harmonic distortion was fairly high, which probably arises from the low feedback design. Intermodulation distortion was well suppressed and the signal-to-noise ratios are good. DC. offset was reasonable at the power amplifier output and the input overload margin was fine. Stereo separation, however, was unexceptional for a design of this type. Output impedance was low and volume/balance tracking was good except at the bottom end of the track, where substantial 4.5dB error was recorded.

The sensitivity and input loading was sensible, and a healthy 11V is available from the tape output. The frequency response was ruler flat over the audio bandwidth, well extended at high frequencies, and only 0.8dB down at 5Hz. The supply modulation test reveals some harmonic distortion residuals together with 'mains hum' breakthrough, the 100Hz component being only -63dB ref. the two-thirds power 40Hz signal.

SOUND QUALITY

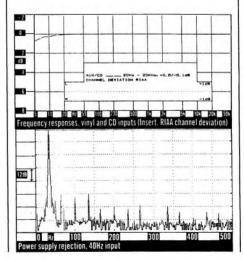
Auditioning was pretty straightforward with only the one input to try out. A high quality CD source was used alongside with other tests to assess load handling ability and loudness. Scoring a respectable 'good plus', the Dirk was only a little behind its large Claymore brother. The bass sounded snappy and tight with good tune playing abilities. Although the midrange was marred by a degree of hardness and slight brittleness, this was countered by a good transient attack and general definition. The sound was quite clear, with spacious stereo images and quite good focus. Rated well above average, the treble had little 'grain' but lacked a little 'air' and 'sparkle'.

Underpinning the performance was good drive and rhythm. The *Dirk* could be driven to its 50W limit and provided quite good sound levels, but tended to become a bit scrappy if driven any harder. Conversely it handled more awkward speaker loads well, due to healthy current capacity.

CONCLUSIONS

I suppose that leaving out the analogue disc section is one way of making an economy *Claymore!* (An optional selector switch box with a disc equaliser input is in fact planned as an accessory.) The sound quality was quite respectable and would please CD-only users, but I feel that the *Dirk* is rather too limited in application. It may be worth considering where space is at a premium, but otherwise a standard model would provide better value.

Power outout Rated power into 80hms, mal Power output One channel, 80hm load Both channels, 40hm load One channel, 20hms, pulsed Instantaneous peak current Distortion Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz 17.4dBW 13.3dBW -dBW		iled amplifier / (= 17dBW) 20kHz 17.5dBW 14.0dBW -dBW - 20A 20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r	— 56dB	— 54dB	20kH2 — 42dB — 81dB
Noise Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig Residual, unweighted (volum DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Aux/CD input (1HF) Sterco separation Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1k Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input input Input input Aux/CD input Phone Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	zhted) ie control at 20Hz >23dB 0.15ohm Hz 0.03dB ype sensiti	k min) left 15m\ left 0n 1kHz >23dB 0.14ohm − 20dB 1.22dB 1.22dB vilty loadi mV 28koh 11.3V n	- 78dB - 80dB v, right 23mV 20kHz > 23dB 45dB 0.13ohm 0dB - 60dB 4.5dB



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THE NINE PLUS Class A power amplifier: £1195.

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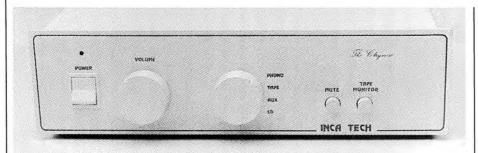
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INCA TECH CLAYMORE

RECOMMENDED



The chunkily styled, cutely titled *Claymore* 50W integrated amplifier has been busily building something of a cult reputation for itself recently, even though it has hitherto avoided *Choice* scrutiny. This British amplifier is available in a variety of colours, and our sample was finished in white with gold lettering and gold plated screws holding the case together. The aspect ratio of the case is higher and narrower than normal, but attractive nontheless.

Moving-coil cartridge sensitivity can be selected *via* switches accessed through a hole in the bottom of the case. A preset balance control is also set by a screwdriver from underneath. A rotary switch allows selection of disc, CD, and aux, with pushbutton switches selecting tape monitor and mute. The back panel has a standard set of phono signal and 4mm speaker sockets.

The case is made from two 'U'-shaped metal pressings, the chassis of aluminium and the cover of steel. Inside a single double-sided printed circuit board contains all the active circuitry. The toroidal power transformer is mounted directly onto the PCB and feeds $4x4700\mu$ F Elna smoothing capacitors (one pair per channel).

The power amplifier comprises discrete components feeding the MOSFET output transistors, with the aluminium case acting as heatsink. Good quality commercial grade components are used throughout, and some care has been taken to select components that provide good sound quality at reasonable prices. The disc input stage relies on selected, low noise, high quality operational amplifiers. The speaker terminals are wired to the board via spade connectors, which in our opinion would benefit from hardwiring. And the volume control could also have been better secured with tighter channel tolerancing.

LAB REPORT

The *Claymore's* 50W rated power was met with only a small margin at 80hms, and output fell by 3dB with both channels driven into a 40hm load. However, the peak current was a very adequate $\pm 20A$, which provided a pulsed output of 16dBW into 20hms on one channel.

Total harmonic distortion was poorer than average, but this is merely indicative of a low feedback design, and there seems little correlation between sound quality and measured harmonic distortion. Intermodulation distortion products were quite well suppressed. With the exception of the moving-coil input, which was just acceptable, noise figures were all very good. DC offset was a little high on one channel. The output impedance was negligible.

Overload margins were unexceptional but should be adequate in practice. Stereo separation was just average, showing some decline at high frequencies. Volume/balance tracking was passable except at low levels, where it would benefit from a better potentiometer. Input sensitivities and loadings have been sensibly selected, while disc equalisation was reasonably accurate, with a subsonic roll off and a slight HF boost that continued above the audio bandwidth. The bass anomalies on the moving magnet charted response were caused by clipping due to the modest overload margins. The power spectrogram results were unexceptional, showing some 100Hz breakthrough.

SOUND QUALITY

First auditioned on the moving-coil input, the *Claymore* sounded dynamic and 'punchy' with a lively sense of drive and rhythm. Stage focus and depth were nicely portrayed, with soloists well separated from the backing performances. Central focus was sharp and stable. The treble was rated above average, essentially free from sibilance or 'grit', though a touch more clarity and sparkle would be welcome. The bass proved articulate and sounded sufficiently extended.

Some improvement in clarity and focus was obtained from the CD input, while the bass sounded faster. The treble appeared more open and the midrange was both impressively detailed and articulate. Here the *Claymore* proved itself, competing with some of the better examples in its class. Driven hard, it clipped without unpleasant ness, and higher than expected sound levels could be attained.

CONCLUSIONS

Clearly the good reputation enjoyed by this specialist amplifier has not been misplaced. Constructional standards will hopefully be improved, along with a volume control with better channel matching at low volume settings; the accuracy of the RIAA components

could also have been tighter. On the plus side, it was a load tolerant design offering a good power capacity and a well balanced, musical sound. Mid clarity and instrumental separation were strong points, while the solid, rhythmic bass also deserves mention. Such a performance merits firm recommendation.

Power outout Rated power into 8ohms, m Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulse Instantaneous peak curren Distortion	20Hz 17.3dBW 13.8dBW d -dBW		ated amplifier V (= 17dBW) 20kHz 17.2dBW 13.9dBW -dBW -20A
Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20KHz, Intermodulation, 19/20KHz, Intermodulation, 19/20KHz, INDISE	, at OdBW, dis	sc(mm)	20kHz — 48dB — 78dB — 68dB — 62dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR v Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR w Residual, unweighted (volu DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Disc (mc) input (1HF) Stereo Secaration	weighted) ighted) me control al 20Hz 17.8dB 20.1dB 15.6dB	left 1m\ left n/a, mV 1kHz 17.2dB 16.6dB 15.6dB	
Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1 Volume/Ualance tracking Aux/CD input Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size(width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	0dB 0.0dB lype sensiti 0.271 .0264 27.21	mV 28koh ImV 470oh mV 35koh 10V n + 0	ims 140pF ims n/anF
		048, +0, 0/-0, 948 049, +0, 0/-0, 948 049, +0, 0/-0, 049	-100
S to expension of the second s	200 500 11 CD inputs (Inse	ert, RIAA chann	-140 104 20k 50k 1el deviation)
	······································		

TRIO KENWOOD UK LTD, 17 BRISTOL ROAD, METROPOLITAN CENTRE, GREENFORD, MIDDX UB6 8UP. TEL: 01-575 6030



KENWOOD KA-550

The KA-550 is a 40W integrated model, retailing for around \$130. Very smartly finished and sensibly laid out, it makes a few compromises in the interests of convenience, notably the separately switched accommodation for two sets of loudspeakers. But Kenwood have clearly made an effort to keep signal paths short for the sake of sound quality, and unlike many of its immediate rivals in this increasingly competitive sector of the marketplace, the '550 sports a moving magnet/moving-coil cartridge matching option.

Aside from the prominent power switch and volume control, the top section of the fascia provides 'CD Direct' and 'line straight' switching. The lower section has a set of large pushbuttons for input and tape monitoring selection, small pushbuttons select loudspeakers, subsonic filter, -30dB attenuation, and mm/m-c cartridge. The rear panel uses phono sockets throughout, and generous binding posts for loudspeaker connection.

LAB REPORT

Differential FETs improve the performance of the disc input IC op amps to the point where the mm/m-c option is feasible. Both the 'direct' switch routes shorten internal signal paths, and some care has been taken over the circuit layout. The power amps are fully integrated hybrid ICs using conventional complementary configuration, fed from a decent size power supply with separate regulation to earlier stages.

Power delivery clearly exceeded the specification when one channel was driven into 80hms, and still held up reasonably well into lower impedances, reflecting the generous, if somewhat asymmetric current capability. The power supply modulation spectrogram shows generally good isolation and behaviour.

The various distortion and noise measurements were all good, input overload margins were ample, and stereo separation was very respectable too. The various input parameters all appear to be sensibly chosen. The RIAA disc equalisation was commendably flat and sensibly bandlimited particularly *via* moving-coil (the mm trace shows much less low frequency curtailment).

SOUND QUALITY

Rating comfortably above average, the '550 proved to be a gutsy performer, with decent bass 'speed' and 'attack', albeit lacking a little in 'weight' and accompanied by a little 'untidiness' in the treble. Stereo imagery was well portrayed, with fairly good focus and only mild depth curtailment. Furthermore, the moving-coil cartridge input was no alsoran of indifferent performance as has been the case with some cheaper integrated amplifiers over the years: it is genuinely as capable as the other inputs, which is to Kenwood's credit.

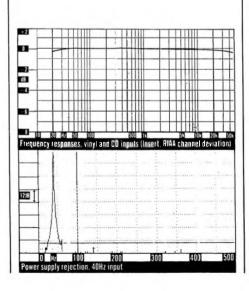
CONCLUSIONS

Deserving firm recommendation on the basis of its decent sound quality at an affordable price, the '550 has the additional bonuses of fine finish and build quality and a capable moving-coil input, the latter something of a rarity amongst its immediate competition and a definite plus point.

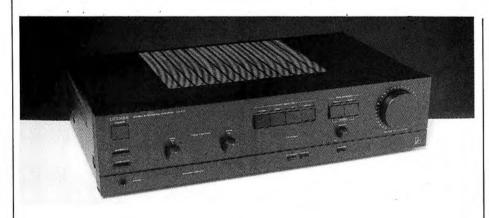
Test measurements

To show how well the amplifier sustains its 80hm output into real loudspeaker loads, the level into 40hms and 20hms is given in dBW (where 0dB = IW), without adding 3dB or 6dB respectively, as in usual 'power' ratings.

Power output			Integra	ted amplifier
Rated power into 8of	ıms, maker'	s spec	4ŎW	(= 16 dBW)
Power output		20Hz	1 kHz	20kHz
One channel, 8ohm l	oad 17	.8dBW	18dBW	17.8dBW
Both channels, 4ohn	1 load 1		15.5dBW	15dBW
One channel, 20hms			16dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak		0011	+ 13A	- 17A
Distortion	ourront			
Total harmonic disto	rtion	20Hz	l kHz	2 OkHz
at rated power, aux/			- 85dB	— 74dB
Intermodulation, 19/	20kHz rate	nower :		- 92dB
Intermodulation, 19/				— 80dB
Intermodulation, 19/				- 60dB
Noise	LUNIL, al U	0011, UISC	(11167	UUUD
Disc (mm) input (1HF	CCID wain	(hat		— 73dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF,				- 67dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, C				- 74dB
Residual, unweighte			nin \	- 91dB
DC output offset	n (animus c			right < 5mV
Input overload		20Hz		20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1H		20112 34dB	33dB	
				32dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF		33dB	32dB	28dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)		>20dB	>20dB	>20dB
Stereo separation		0.10	71.10	40.10
Disc input (mm)		67dB	71dB	48dB
Aux/CD input		80dB	70dB	50dB
Output impedance (damp) U	.15ohm	0.15ohm	0.25ohm
Channel balance, di	sc, at IkHz	0.10	00.10	0.21dB
Volume/balance tra		OdB	— 20dB	- 60dB
Aux/CD input).03dB	0.1dB	0.2dB
Input data	socket type	sensitiv	ity loadir	
Disc (mm) input	Phono	0.4mV		
Disc (mc) input*	Phono	0.04m		
Aux/CD input	Phon o	26mV		
Output, pre-amp (ta		.		ax, 220ohms
Disc equalisation er		5KHz		dB, — 0.4dB
Size (width, height,			42	x10.5x33cm
Typical price inc VA	ſ			£130
Reassessed				



LUXMAN LV100 hw international ltd., 3-5 eden grove, london n7 8eq. tel: 01-607 2717.



The \pounds 200 Luxman *LV-100* is rated at 40W per channel, and taken at face value is typical of many mainstream products from the Far East. There is only so much you can do with the styling of a standard size box finished in the obligatory satin black, but Luxman have done a good job in placing the controls in a logical pattern while maintaining good aesthetics.

All the normal facilities are present – tone controls, subsonic filter, loudness and balance. The inputs do not include provision for a moving-coil cartridge, but there is moving magnet disc, CD, 'aux', tuner and facilities for two tape decks. Outputs are provided for two sets of speakers (connected *via* spring clips) which may be switched from the front panel, plus the headphone socket. Another facility called 'CD straight' causes the CD input to bypass the tape output and the subsonic filter, but strangely not the loudness or tone controls. (Normally 'CD straight' routes the CD past the tone controls, creating a direct link.

The active internal circuitry is on two boards and based around integrated and hybrid thick film circuits. The passive components are of standard commercial grade throughout, and the power supply uses two $6,800\mu$ F main smoothing capacitors. The output is relay protected, and the only real criticism concerns bare mains terminals inside which ought to be shrouded.

LAB RESULTS

Rated at 16dBW, the amplifier produced a considerable 18.1dBW over the power bandwidth into an 80hm load. Though the power fell into 40hms, the output was still maintained at 68 watts per channel with both channels driven – a good result. Into lower resistance loads some limiting occurred: 13.5dBW was recorded on the 20hm pulse test, and only \pm 5A instantaneous peak current was available. Thus the more awkward loudspeaker loadings are better avoided.

There can be no complaint about distortion, either harmonic or intermodulation – typically better than -80dB on auxiliary input, and still a very credible -70dB IM on disc. Signal-to-noise ratios could have been better, but in practice are probably good enough, given healthy input signals. Disc overload margins were fine. Channel separation was good at low frequencies, but the 20kHz performance can only be described as weak, particularly on the 'aux'/CD input. Channel balance was good and the input sensitivities and loading are sensibly selected.

The RIAA response shows a generally rising trend throughout the audio spectrum but this has been kept within passable $\pm 0.6/-0.4$ dB limits. The 'aux'/CD response exhibits a slight suck-out in the bass region, but this also is not serious. The power supply modulation spectogram shows slight 50Hz break-through, but higher harmonics are well suppressed.

SOUND QUALITY

In common with a number of other new generation amplifiers from well established Japanese manufacturers, the LV100 delivered a promising standard of sound quality. Considered well balanced and musical, the scores for analogue disc (moving magnet) and compact disc were consistently above average for this type of amplifier.

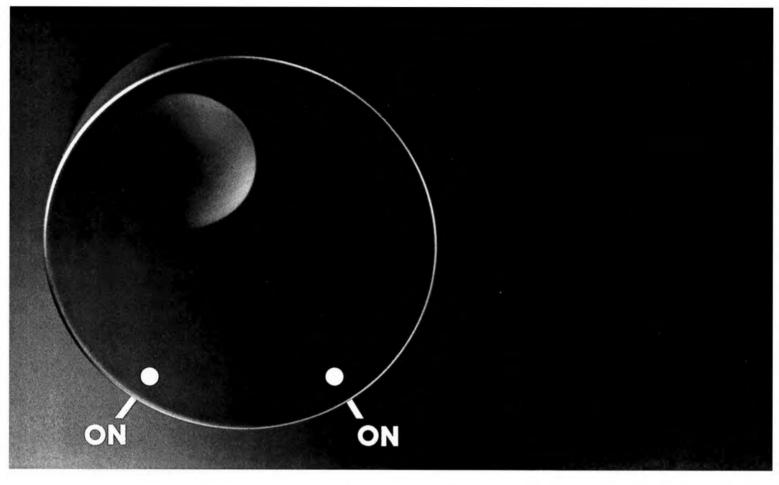
The mm disc sound was clearly not over ambitious, but what it did attempt was carried out with thorough competence. The mid register sounded clear and open, and the treble showed some life and 'sparkle'. Recovery of the natural attack and dynamics present in the programme was more than satisfactory. However, some mild 'fizz' was noted in the treble, while the bass was 'lightened'. Modest depth and ambience were present, while stereo focus rated only average.

Auditioned via 'CD direct' with no other spurious facilities, the CD input delivered a very similar score – at least the two inputs were consistent though more usually one can expect a slight improvement due to the simpler, shorter signal path. The amplifier possessed a degree of tonal 'sharpness' which helped the analogue result somewhat, but consequently CD sources sounded a touch 'brittle' and 'harsh', countered by improvements in stereo focus and depth. The result was quite cheerful if the amp were not driven too hard, but high level drive into awkward loadings resulted in early and aggressive clipping.

CONCLUSIONS

Aside from some restriction on the use of the nastier 40hm speaker loads (fortunately rather rare in practice), the *LV100* survived quite well, and constitutes a pleasant amplifier offering good build and finish at a moderate enough price.

Power output Rated power into 8ohms, ma Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulsed Instantaneous peak current	20Hz 18.2dBW 15.0dBW dBW		ted amplifier (= 16dBW) 20kHz 18.1dBW 15.1dBW -dBW - 5A
Distortion Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Noise	20Hz — 91dB rated power at DdBW, dis	lkHz — 88dB r, aux input sc (mm)	20kHz — 75dB — 81dB — 70dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR wei Residual, unweighted (volun DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Aux/CD input (1HF)	ghted)	left − 8mV,	
Stereo separation Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 11 Volume/Jalance tracking Aux/CD input Input data socket Disc (mm) input Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 30f Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	OdB 0.09dB Lype sensit 0.39 25.5	— 20dB 0.21dB ivity toadi mV 46koh mV 56koh 11V m +0.6	ims 35pF
		10 m	
Frequency responses vinyl and			



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RECOMMENDED

MARANTZ PM35

MARANTZ AUDIO (UK) LTD., 15-16 SAXON WAY IND. EST., MOOR LANE, HARMONDSWORTH, MIDDX UB7 OLW. TEL: 01-897 6633.



The manual describes the *PM-35* as a 'digital monitoring amplifier' but this is puffery; in reality it is little different from many others, being constructed from conventional analogue circuitry. The fairly modest power output claims are for 45W into 80hms and 50W into 40hms.

The *PM-35* looks like a smaller version of the *PM-45* tested in the last *Hi-Fi Choice: Amplifiers*, and like that model has been tweaked to achieve an audiophile-oriented sound quality alongside the Far Eastern inspired features. The latter include loudness and bass and treble controls, all of which can be bypassed if required, and when 'CD/phono direct' is selected the ordinary selector switch, balance control and tape circuits are bypassed.

The rotary selector switch allows choice of CD, phono (moving magnet or moving-coil), tuner, or TV/aux, a horizontal row of LEDs advising the current status. A separate tape monitor switch is provided and also a 'sub speaker' switch to turn on the second set of speakers. Insertion of the headphone jack automatically mutes loudspeakers. The back panel has a row of phono sockets at one end and two sets of loudspeaker binding posts in the centre.

Some care has been spent to bring the internals into line with European thinking. Although of multi-board construction, a more direct signal route has been achieved by adopting such things as remote selector switches near the inputs. The active circuitry is a mixture of discrete devices and integrated circuits, and many of the passive components in important circuit locations have been chosen especially for their sound quality. For instance, Elna specialist $6,800\mu$ F caps are used for smoothing in the power supply. The output is relay protected, but internal mains connections are not shrouded. Copper plated screws hold the workmanlike case together, and well finished plastic knobs and switches are used for the controls.

LAB REPORT

The 35 easily met its power specifications producing 17.3dBW over the audio spectrum into an 80hm load with one channel driven. Output fell slightly into 40hms, providing 14.4dBW here. A reasonable 14dBW was achieved on the pulse test into 20hms, along with a creditable $\pm 12/-11A$ on the lohm/ 2.2 μ F peak current test. Total harmonic distortion and intermodulation distortion were satisfactory, though slightly higher than many of its peers.

Noise levels were perfectly adequate and DC offset was almost negligible. Overload margins were satisfactory on all inputs. Stereo separation was fine and output impedance negligible. Volume/balance tracking was well matched over a wide dynamic range, and all input sensitivities and loadings were quite well selected. Tape output was healthy with a low output impedance.

The high quality power supply is confirmed by the excellent modulation spectrogram. The RIAA response shows the IEC roll off below 50Hz, but a mid-bass 'bulge' peaked an audible ± 0.8 dB to 200Hz. However, the response is tolerably flat for this price level.

SOUND QUALITY

The *PM35* achieved an 'above average' mark *via* the moving-coil cartridge input which was only slightly improved in moving magnet mode, so both analogue disc inputs can be regarded as a success, with the mm mode providing slightly the firmer bass. However, bass was not a strong point, sounding 'slow' and emphasised (perhaps due to the measured response effect?). The midband was pleasant enough, free from hardness but lacking some detail. Some depth was present in a stereo soundstage which showed good scale but only average focus. Despite some obvious muting of programme dynamics, it did provide a fair measure of drive and beat.

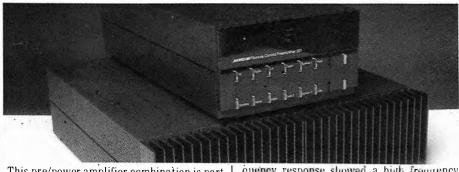
CD sources improved the score to 'good'. The treble was distinctly classy – separate, transparent and supporting the good stereo presentation. While the sound remained a trifle slow, especially in the bass, it was also eminently musical, proving compatible with some of the best budget CD players such as those produced by Marantz themselves. It remained fairly well controlled when driven to peak levels, and did not really object to adverse loadings.

CONCLUSIONS

This is a most presentable integrated amplifier with a good range of facilities, thoughtful design and both good build and finish. The lab results were fine, the only significant weakness being the charted frequency response effect. Load tolerance was good, output power decent, and the package as a whole represents sufficiently good value to merit Recommendation.

<u>TEST RESULTS</u>

Power output Rated power into 80hms, maker's spec Power output 20Hz One channel, 80hm load 17 3dBW Both channels, 40hm load 14.4dBW One channel, 20hms, pulsed -dBW Instantaneous peak current		rated amplifie (= 16.5dBW 20kHz 17.4dBW 15dBW -dBW -11A
Distortion Total harmonic distortion, 20Hz at rated power, aux/CD in. —74dB Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, ratedpowe Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, at 0dBW, di Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, at 0dBW, di	sc (mm)	20kHz — 61dB — 50dE — 73dE — 77dE
Noise Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR weighted) Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR weighted) Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weighted) Residual, unweighted (volume control a DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload 20Hz Disc (mm) input (1HF) 32.9dB Disc (mc) input (1HF) 34.6dB Aux/CD input (1HF) >2.3dB	leſt −9mV,	
Stereo separation Disc input (mm) 86dB Aux/CD input 86dB Output impedance (damp) 0.0566hm Channel balance, disc, at 1kHz Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input 0.0dB Input data socket type sensit Oisc (mm) input 0.40	— 20dB 1.39dB ivity load	0.39dB — 6 0 dB 1.49dB ing hms 360pF
Disc (mc) input * 0.04 Aux/CD input 29.8 Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz-15kHz Size(width,height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	mV 100ol mV 45kol 9.0Vn +0.8	hms 40pF nax, 220ohms 8dB, — 1.3dB 42x10x26cm
Aux/CD input 29.8 Output,pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz-15kHz Size(width,height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	mV 1000 mV 45ko 9.0V n + 0.2	



This pre/power amplifier combination is part of Meridian's new 200 series. The 201 is a full facility, remote ready pre-amplifier, joining a select but growing breed. The 205s are monoblok amplifiers rated at 100W with good load tolerance. They use 'class AA' non-switching output circuitry and are consequently 'cool' running.

Both units share the same basic extruded alloy case, formed from 2 U-shaped sections, joined together but electrically insulated from one another. Styling is unfussy and attractive; the pre-amp has yellow lettering and details on glass, while the power amp is plain black.

One end of the power amplifier contains the on/off switch, reset button, inputs and speaker connections, the other a finned heatsink. A thick optic fibre protruding from within the fins glows red on standby (automatically set when no input signal is present), and green when operational.

The 201 has a glass front panel behind which lie the LED display, the remote receiver, and operational LED flags. Small perspex input select buttons glow to show operation. All the normal inputs are provided, and the remote access volume control has 64 steps. The back panel contains high quality phono sockets, for tape, 'aux', CD and vinyl disc, the latter switchable internally to either mm or m-c sensitivity.

Each power amplifier has a 3000VA transformer and $2x10,000\mu$ F supply capacitors. Four high power output transistors are used, and internal construction is to a high standard. The pre-amplifier is also well built, using low noise *LT1028* operational amplifiers for disc input. The 'digital' volume control is based around individual switching FET and resistor arrays.

LAB REPORT

The 205 met its specified 80hm power output with a small margin, and held up quite well into both the 40hm static and 20hm pulsed tests. Peak current delivery was just about adequate, and the protection circuits worked without fuss. Harmonic distortion was reasonable at all frequencies and at both full power and 0dBW, and intermodulation distortion was well suppressed. Signal-to-noise ratios were just about satisfactory, and the DC offset was minimal. The measured frequency response showed a high frequency rolloff from 5kHz, being 2dB down by 20kHz, but we understand this is being corrected.

The 201 exhibited an extended response on the line inputs, and the RIAA equalisation was held within reasonable limits – essentially flat in the midband, with a bass rolloff below 100Hz and with a visible but mild high frequency shelf. Above 20kHz the response of all inputs was sensibly rolled off, and channel deviation was negligible.

Distortion was low throughout, and all inputs were quiet. Overload margins were satisfactory, stereo separation very good, and output impedance low enough to drive long runs of cable (allowing the monoblok power amplifier to be placed close to its loudspeaker). Channel balance was near perfect over the entire volume range, and the input sensitivities and loadings were generally well chosen; however, the 10kohms line input impedance is on the low side.

SOUND QUALITY

The 201 pre-amplifier was the star performer of the pair. Assessed separately, the power amp returned a strong 'good' rating, but the pre-amp's score reached the 'very good' category and could easily partner a more ambitious power amplifier. It is a tribute to the designer that such good performance has been achieved despite the remote control and power volume facilities.

The 201 gave a consistently high performance via both the analogue disc and the CD inputs – incidentally, a comparable performance to the pre-amp section of the latest 207 16-bit CD player. Stereo focus was nicely stable, with good depth and ambience recovery from appropriate discs, and a generously wide soundstage. Tonally the midrange was close to neutral, comparisons with top references showing that bass was a mite curtailed and 'thumpy', and the treble had a hint of 'grain' and sibilance. Detail was good despite a trace of midband muddle on complex passages.

There was no doubt of the power amplifiers' superiority over earlier Meridian designs, but the standard of competition has also become fiercer in the past year. The 'fast', tuneful bass was a plus point, while stereo showed fairly good depth and clarity with very good focus, but midrange detail could have been better and the treble sho-

wed a little hash or grain.

CONCLUSIONS

Despite the mild subjective reservations, the 205 deserves recommendation. Though not top of the league for value, its auto-music sensing confers 'fit and forget' convenience in a compact monoblok. The 201 stands as a fine separate preamplifier in its own right, worth firm recommendation even disregarding its unusual remote control feature (control panel extra). This attractive product deserves a wider exposure.

Power output Rated power into 8ohms, mał Power output One channel, 8ohm ioad Both channels, 4ohm ioad One channel, 2ohms, pulsed Instantaneous peak current Distoriton	20Hz 20.5dBW 19.2dBW		ted amplifier (= 20dBW) 20kHz 20.5dBW 19.1dBW -dBW - 18.5A
Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a Noise	20Hz — 60dB rated power, at DdBW, dis at DdBW, dis	lkHz — 62dB aux input c (mm) c (mc)	20kHz — 51dB — 65dB — 81dB — 71dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR wi Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig Residual, unweighted (volum DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	eighted) ghted)	left 3π	78dB 73dB 85dB <100dB tV, right 6mV 20kHz not tested 20.1dB >22.5dB
Stereo separation Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1k Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input Power amp Dutput, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	OdB 0.13dB ype sensiti 0.9m 0.059 53m 92m	1V 47koh mV 200ot IV 10kot IV 10kot 9.3V m + 0.1	ims 115pF ims 10nF ims 70pF
		Han - C. 1/-1, 44 Han - C. 1/-1, 44 Han - C. 2/-0, 044	
Frequency responses, vinyl and C			
0 Hz 100 Z Power supply rejection, 40Hz inp			11: N 10 500

MUSICAL FIDELITY A1 Musical fidelity ltd., unit 16, olympic trading estate, fulton road, wembley hag ond. tel: 01-900 2866.



1988 sees yet another look at yet another revised version of Musical Fidelity's budget amplifier. With one of the lowest output powers in the whole issue, it now costs \$249, but in return sets out to offer a high standard of sound quality based on elegant circuitry, with an output stage heavily biased towards Class A operation. It lacks the full standing current required to support Class A at full power into the rated load; typically the upper 5dB of the power range was in Class A/B. But enough standing current flows continuously through the output stage to generate a lot of heat, which is dissipated by the finned top surface.

A 'straight line' design, the *A1*'s only controls are for volume and input selection. All inputs are *via* RCA phono sockets; speaker outputs are 4mm sockets. Tape, auxiliary/ tuner, CD and disc inputs are provided, and the latter may be switched for moving magnet or moving-coil sensitivities, and the relevant loadings.

The input stage uses a single ended stage with IC regulation, while the bi-polar output stage is direct-coupled complementary. The power supply is shared between channels and energised by a sizeable toroidal transformer.

After prolonged use this amplifier runs rather hot – too hot in fact to touch comfortably, and under no circumstances should it be covered: LPs melt readily on it! A thermal trip is now fitted to safeguard against overheating.

LAB REPORT

The rated output was met into 80hms, but the level fell significantly.into 40hms, effectively to under half power here. Peak current was a modest ± 3.8 A, which was just sufficient for 4-80hm speakers under peak programme conditions. At rated power, distortion levels were a satisfactory -50dB or 0.3%. It was fine on intermodulation except *via* moving-coil, this result due to premature overload. Noise levels were fine while the output offset was satisfactorily low. Input overloads were fine in practice while the stereo separations were particularly good.

Channel balance was accurate and the input sensitivities were judged sensibly. The

output impedance was higher than average at a typical 0.40hms, and this could marginally affect the tonal balance of some loudspeakers.

It performed well with respect to the 40Hz modulation tests, showing a very clean output at a modest power level. The RIAA equalisation has been improved over the original review sample, and now shows a sensible, slightly bandlimited characteristic, still a touch depressed in the treble but generally even and properly extended on both mm and m-c disc inputs.

SOUND QUALITY

Significant circuit revisions mean this is virtually a new model. The promise of sweet tonal quality, pure string tone and fine stereo heard in earlier versions have all been realised to an impressive degree, and the A1 now drives with greater dynamic authority, sharper and more stable focus, cleaner and firmer bass, plus considerably greater clarity. Stereo staging is unquestionably very good, with fine width and depth perspectives, and the treble is exceptional at anywhere near the price. Kind sounding when overdriven ultimately it is limited by its modest 20W per channel, which nonetheless goes a surprisingly long way when used with more sensitive loudspeaker systems.

CONCLUSIONS

The A1 can now be regarded sonically as a class leader in its price group, well settled in production and benefitting from the advances also apparent in the rest of the Musical Fidelity range. It can be viewed as a smaller edition of the larger amplifiers, but not necessarily as one of impaired quality. On sound quality grounds it now clearly deserves a Best Buy rating, though the design remains sufficiently idiosyncratic particularly in terms of its excessive heat output to suggest a little caution, depending on one's domestic circumstances and/or level of enthusiasm.

One channel, 80hm load 13.8	OHz 1kHz 20kHz 8dBW 13.7dBW 13.5dBW
One channel, 20hms, pulsed -d Instantaneous peak current	7dBW 8.9dBW 8.8dBW dBW 8.3dBW -dBW +40A -3.6A
at rated power, aux/CD in. — 5 Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, rated Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, at Odf Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, at Odf	BW, disc (mm) — 71. 9dB
Noise Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR weigh Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR weight Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weighted Residual, unweighted (volume cor DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp	ted) — 67.0dB d) — 82.7dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF) 21 Disc (mc) input (1HF)* 25	20Hz 1kHz 20kHz 1.6dB 29.9dB 29.8dB 5.3dB 28.6dB 23.0dB >20dB >20dB >20dB
Disc input (mm) 66. Aux/CD input 66. Output impedance (damp) 0.3 Channel balance, disc, at 1kHz Volume/balance, tracking (.9dB* 92.8dB 65.8dB .6dB* 93.3dB 68.4dB 37ohm 0.41ohm 0.44ohm 0.15dB 0dB - 20dB - 60dB
Aux/CD input 0. Input clater socket type Disc (mm) input Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz-151 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT 'inc noise Reauditioned	.15dB 0.12dB 1.64dB sensitivity loading 0.43mV 47kohms 120pF 0.04mV 120kohms 0.20nF 23mV 46kohms 50pF 7.5V max, —ohms kHz +0dB, —2.75dB 41x6.5x26cm £249
	Da - 1 (2014) - 15 (2016) 64 Da - 1 (2014) - 15 (2016) 64 Da - 1997a - 45 (2016) 64 Da - 1997a - 45 (2016) 64 Da - 1997a - 45 (2016) 64 - 100 -
D IN 72 PH 15 100 F20 Frequency responses, vinyl and CD inp	bot II - R- B- III - RON BON Duts (Insert, RIAA channel deviation)

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HI-FI CHOICE 60 MARCH 1988

MUSICAL FIDELITY B200

MUSICAL FIDELITY LTD., UNIT 16, OLYMPIC TRADING ESTATE, FULTON ROAD, WEMBLEY HA9 OND. TEL: 01-900 2866.



The *B200* is a \$300 integrated amplifier that follows Musical Fidelity's standard formula of straight-line, no nonsense design, with only essential features in evidence. The case comes from the successful *A1*, the *B200* being visually identical apart from the name on the front panel.

Like the A1, the B200 has only a volume control and rotary input selector plus a separate tape monitor switch. The top of the case consists of short rounded longitudinal fins forming a heatsink; although visually attractive they act as a dust trap. The back panel inputs and speaker connections include phono sockets for disc, CD, tuner, 'aux' and tape, plus one set of 4mm sockets for speaker connection. The heatsink and side panels overlap the back panel, so access is rather restricted. But this also means that all connections are physically protected and concealed from view.

Unlike the A1, the B200 is not biased heavily into class A, and is therefore claimed to be relatively cool running and capable of providing far higher power. Rated at 60W per channel into 80hms, the amplifier uses MF's familiar complementary Hitachi MOSFET class AB output stage, preceded by a LM318 high speed integrated circuit with carefully designed power supply.

The disc pre-amplifier stage is identical to that used in the A100 – low noise transistors and shunt regulation, together with a FET operational amplifier – and may be gain switched to suit moving-coil or moving magnet cartridges. The power supply uses a fairly modest toroidal transformer followed by good quality smoothing capacitors.

Although the B200 runs cooler than either the A1 or the A100, it still manages to generate a fair amount of heat. When worked hard the top of the case gets distinctly warm.

LAB REPORT

Although rated at 18dBW, this unit managed a lusty 20.6dBW over the power bandwidth (one channel into 8ohms) but was marginally weaker at high frequencies. Output fell into 4ohms with both channels driven, but a respectable 17dBW was recorded on the 2ohm pulse test and the peak current of \pm 10A is satisfactory for a design which in all fairness is not intended to drive difficult loads.

While not winning any prizes distortion figures were acceptable, and the noise levels on all inputs were adequately low. DC offset was negligible and input overload margins were good. Stereo separation was fine through the midrange, falling slightly at higher frequencies but still maintaining a reasonable figure. Sensitivities were well chosen, but disc loading remained 47kohm whether set to moving magnet or moving-coil sensitivity.

The supply modulation test showed up no problems, and the RIAA equalisation displays a reasonable bass and treble rolloff plus the usual Musical Fidelity treble shelf, which is not considered serious. Channel balance was excellent.

SOUND QUALITY

Given the usual warm up (all the test amps were pre-conditioned for at least 70 minutes, and where instructed some were given 8 hours), the B200 nonetheless gave us a very hard time. Not that we are complaining rather, the high standard it attained complicated the ratings for so many of the other products in the issue, including some classy up-market separates. The results were very good on both vinyl and compact disc inputs, placing this model firmly in the 'budget audiophile' group. A consistent factor was the seemingly effortless power delivery – it sounded like a big amplifier with considerable reserve, good clipping characteristics and an ability to play loudly without fatigue.

The moving-coil sound was clear and detailed, well controlled and articulate throughout the frequency range. Bass lines were strong and tuneful, the mid was tonally well balanced, revealing subtle musical information, and the treble was expressive and lively with only the mildest hint of sibilance and grit. Stereo images were well formed, showing strong focus plus fine depth and width. Soundstages had a good sense of space with plenty of ambience.

The CD input sounded slightly superior, with a little extra definition, speed and focus plus a tighter bass. Here it simply sounded like a good, decently sized power amplifier.

CONCLUSIONS

The *B200* is a well finished and distinctly styled integrated amplifier, simple to use and offering an ample 100W plus per channel, albeit preferring 80hm loudspeakers. Priced at the quality end of the budget sector, it provided a musical standard of sound quality rather beyond the asking price. It could easily form the basis of a fine audio system, and handsomely qualifies for Best Buy rating.

Power output Rated power into 8ohms, ma	ker's spec		ited amplifier V (= 18dBW)
Power output	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
One channel, 8ohm load	20.8dBW	21dBW	20.5dBW
Both channels, 40hm load	15.8dBW	16.3dBW	15.8dBW
One channel, 20hms, pulsed	-dBW	17dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak current		+ 10A	— 10A
Distortion Total barmonia distortion	20Hz	11.11.	20kHz
Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in.	– 77dB	lkHz — 65dB	- 49dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			— 4 50 B — 55 d B
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			— 50dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			- 44dB
Noise			
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w	veighted)		— 68dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR w	eighted)		— 64dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR wei			— 70dB
Residual, unweighted (volun	ne control at		— 72dB
DC output offset			right 0.03mV
DC offset, pre-amp	2011		, rightn/a mV
Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF)	20Hz 29.2dB	1kHz 28.2dB	20kHz 27.6dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	28.6dB	26.6dB	27.00B 26.5dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Stereo separation	- 1000	- 1000	- 1940
Disc input (mm)	72dB	68dB	47dB
Aux/CD input	80dB	69dB	49dB
Output impedance (damp)	0.06ohm	0.07ohm	0.05ohm
Channel balance, disc, at 1k	Hz		0.21dB
Volume/balance tracking	OdB	— 20dB	- 60dB
Aux/CD input	0.02dB	0.05dB	0.84dB
Input data socket t Disc (mm) input	ype sensiti: 0.27		
Disc (mc) input*	0.024		
Aux/CD input Power amp	18л 18л	IV 44ko	hms n/apF
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape)	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/apF hms n/apF hax, 300ohms
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/apF hms n/apF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth)	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/apF hms n/apF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth)	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
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Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/apF hms n/apF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT 'See text	18л 18л	IV 44kol IV 44kol 7.5Vл	hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	18π 18π Iz-15kHz	IV 44koi IV 44koi 7.5Vm +(hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	18π 18π Iz-15kHz	IV 44koi IV 44koi 7.5Vm +(hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
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Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	18π 18π Iz-15kHz	IV 44koi IV 44koi 7.5Vm +(hms n/a pF hms n/a pF nax, 300ohms DdB, — 0.9dB 41x6x25cm
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	18π 18π Iz-15kHz	IV 44ko IV 44ko 7.5V m + (hms n/a pf hms n/a pf hax, 300ohms JdB, — 0, 9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See lext	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See lext	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pF hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See lext	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See lext	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See lext	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See lext	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See lext	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See lext	18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5Vn +(hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See lext	I8m I8m Iz-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5V n + (hms n/a pf hms n/a pf hax, 300ohms dB, -0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See lext "An me "An me	18m 18m 12-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5V n + (hms n/a pf hms n/a pF hax, 300ohms dB,0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299
Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See lext "An me "An me	I8m I8m Iz-15kHz	V 44ko V 44ko 7.5V n + (hms n/a pf hms n/a pf hax, 300ohms dB, -0.9dB 41x6x25cm £299



The A100 is an ultra-simple integrated amplifier that operates in class A over a substantial part of its dynamic range. Clearly based closely on the successful A1, it is only when the units are actually placed next to each other that the physical differences become apparent. Front-to-back shelf depth has been held the same, but the others have been expanded while keeping the same overall proportions – the '100 being higher and wider, not to mention heavier, with slightly more than twice the power output (50W instead of 20W), and nearly double the price (\$439 instead of \$239).

Highlighted by bright blue legends, the intelligently sculptured case is fabricated in ribbed black alloy to help dissipate the substantial waste heat of class A operation: on our sample the fit of these sections could have been better. A permanent internal fan further assists cooling, and this is slightly audible in quiet environments. In current production earlier thermal trip problems have been solved by matching a stable output dissipation to revised trip settings. Notwithstanding these precautions, the high case temperature remains a matter of some concern, and the amplifier should be left uncovered at all times; rumour has it that eggs will cook slowly on the top surface!

Taking minimal facilities to its logical conclusion, *A100* even eliminates the (normally rather useful) balance control in the interests of simplifying the signal path. We are left with two large knobs for volume and input selection, plus pushbuttons for power on/off and tape monitoring, all of which are a little 'clunky' in operation. Phono sockets are used on the rear, internal switching selecting mc or mm cartridge sensitivities, while 4mm sockets provide for loudspeaker connection.

LAB REPORT

This is very much an extension of the A1 design, but with a larger heatsink area and internal (gently audible) cooling fan. With a multi-transistor complementary low-noise mc disc input (IC) and high quality shunt/ series regulation particularly in pre-amp section, the power amplifier uses complementary bi-polar output transistors operating in class A at the lower end of its dynamic

range, crossing to B for the final few dB. The power supply has a toroidal transformer with substantial reservoir capacity.

The power characteristics look much more like a valve than a transistor amplifier. Meeting specification without problem into 80hms, single channel, there was a substantial 5dBW loss into 40hms. Peak current delivery is restricted, so this design is clearly not ideally suited to awkward or lowish impedance loudspeakers. The power supply modulation spectrogram looks a little alarming, but in fact most of the lines refer to a generally high level of simple harmonic distortion rather than mains-related spuriae.

The various distortion measurements all gave poor results, though the harmonic products dropped significantly at lower drive levels. Signal-to-noise ratios and input overload margins were both quite acceptable, and stereo separation was very good. Input sensitivities should be fine, though volume/ balance tracking went a little awry at low levels. The RIAA equalisation showed tight low frequency bandlimiting particularly on moving-coil.

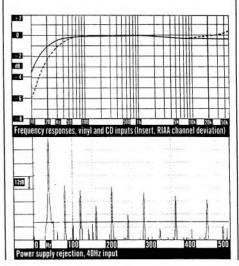
SOUND QUALITY

The 1988 incarnation of the A100 has been modified yet again, and showed a significant improvement in sound quality over earlier versions. Moving into the 'very good' class, the A100 delivers a sound more normally associated with costly separates than moderately priced integrated models. Building further on the musical tonality of the A1, it has greater weight and authority, a more powerful and articulate bass, and a more open, clearer treble. With extra 'life' and 'drive' the stereo soundstage was well focused and showed good depth, a nice sense of space and ambience, and good stage width. As with the A1, however, loudspeakers below 80hms nominal load are better avoided.

CONCLUSIONS

This semi-class A amplifier uniquely delivers a separates quality sound from a single box. Earlier reservations concerning bass drive and dynamics have been successfully resolved, so with a cautionary note regarding the high waste heat and the suggestion that more awkward load loudspeakers should be avoided, this current *A100* deserves strong Recommendation.

Power output			ted amplifier
Rated power into 8ohms			(=17 dBW)
Power output	20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
One channel, 80hm loa		17.7dBW	
Both channels, 40hm lo		12.6dBW	12.0dBW
One channel, 2ohms, pu		12.0dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak cur	rent	+6A	— 6A
Distortion			
Total harmonic distorti		1 kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CO			— 34dB
Intermodulation, 19/20			— 46dB
Intermodulation, 19/20			
Intermodulation, 19/20	(Hz, at OdBW, dis	c (mc)	— 40dB
Noise			
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CO			— 76dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CC			—68dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR			— 70dB
Residual, unweighted (v			— 80dB
DC output offset		ft <20mV, ri	
Input overload	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)		29.5dB	29.5dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	34dB	27.5dB	28.5dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>20dB	>20dB	>20dB
Stereo separation			
Disc input (mm)	68dB	75dB	67dB
Aux/CD input	70dB	93dB	76dB
Output impedance (dar		0.37ohm	0.42ohm
Channel balance, disc,			0.04dB
Volume/balance track		— 20dB	-60dB
Aux/CD input	0.3dB	0.1dB	5dB
		vity loadir	
	Phono 0.32r	πV 47koh	
	Phono 0.027	mV 47koh	
	^p hono 18m	V 47koh	
Output, pre-amp(tape)			ax, 98 0 ohms
Disc equalisation error,		+	• OdB, - 1dB
Size (width, height, dep	(N)		44x9x25cm
Typical price inc VAT			£439
*See text			



MUSICAL FIDELITY PREAMP 3/P140

MUSICAL FIDELITY LTD., UNIT 16, OLYMPIC TRADING ESTATE, FULTON ROAD, WEMBLEY HA9 OND. TEL: 01-900 2866.



The first Musical Fidelity product was *The Preamp* (pronounced pre-amp), its success launching the company as a force in British hi-fi. The *Preamp* 3 is its latest descendent, but now joins a large range of amplifiers, both integrated and separates. The 70W per channel *P140* is the cheapest Musical Fidelity power amp, and so forms a natural partner.

Two styles are available for the pre-amp the 'a' packaged in the same box as the AIintegrated amplifier, and the (more expensive) 'b' housed in a more conventional, slimline, rack mount format. Similar innards are used in each. It is a simple, straight-line device with small remote transformer (to keep hum fields away from sensitive circuits), and with the barest of facilities available to the user. The front panel has volume control, tape monitor and on/off switches and a rotary input selector. The back panel carries high quality gold plated phono sockets for disc, CD, tuner, 'aux' and tape, plus a switch to select either moving magnet or moving-coil gain requirements. Everything is on a single printed circuit board, and good quality passive components are used throughout.

The P140 is a MOSFET amplifier running (relatively coolly) in class AB. Construction is again on a single board. MF's generic low feed-back circuit, found in several other models in the range, is based around a LM318 gain stage, with a well regulated supply and a short input to output path. Once again good quality components are in evidence, with polypropylene coupling capacitors.

LAB REPORT

The P140 exceeded 100W into 80hms without problem, but output fell by 3.5dB with both channels driven into 40hm loads. On the 20hm pulsed test the amplifier could only muster a low 11.5dBW, partly due to a modest peak current capability of $\pm 10A$. Low impedance loudspeaker loads are obviously not ideal. Neither is this a particularly quiet amplifier; the 0dB 'A' weighted figure of -70dB is only just satisfactory.

However, channel balance, input sensitivity and loading, and DC offset were all fine. Bandwidth is sensibly rolled off at both ends of the spectrum, and there is a slight (3.5dB) boost at subsonic frequencies (peaks at 6Hz) before rolloff. The supply modulation test also gave good results. The *Preamp 3* has very acceptable noise figures and good overload margins, albeit declining at high frequencies on disc. Very good stereo separation is seen on all inputs, but channel balance could benefit from a higher quality volume control, as the present one gives a poor performance at low volume settings. Sensitivities and loadings were all well chosen (separate pre-amplifiers are not directly comparable with output-referred integrated amplifiers on these measurements).

Harmonic distortion and intermodulation distortion performance will not win any prizes, but, as with the power amplifier, result from low negative feedback should not be subjectively significant. Output impedance was low and decreased with frequency, and the voltage offset at the output was fine. RIAA channel deviation was negligible. The response was pretty flat, rolling off outside the audio band, with the slight but now familiar MF high frequency shelf.

SOUND QUALITY

Given the price range the only significant criticism that can be levelled at the P140 is its modest capability into adverse loads. That aside, used with normal 80hm systems, it delivered high volumes commensurate with the lab power tests at an unqualified 'very good' standard of sound quality – in fact it was hard to believe that this was not one of the costly super amps! Genuine audiophile quality, with rich spacious stereo staging, tight dynamic bass, fine transparency and depth, plus very good focus was only slightly let down by a trace of mid hardness and glare, plus a touch of treble grain.

The *Preamp* 3 came as a still greater shock, returning a still better sound quality rating, unreservedly in the top group of preamps and capable of partnering some really costly upmarket power amplifiers. It would appear superficially to be wildly underpriced! With only a mild softness in the bass and a slight loss of focus compared with audiophile references, the *Preamp* 3 provided a highly musical and involving sound, fluid and unfatiguing, dynamic and dramatic where appropriate, resulting in deep, spacious and ambient soundstages.

CONCLUSIONS

Both the *P140* and *Preamp 3* were of genuine audiophile standard, rather embarrassingly

so considering the modest pricing! At $\pounds 600$ a pair they represent a high value separates system, but several other options are also interesting. A \Im plus a pair of *P140*s could be used in double mono, bi-amped or bi-wired with appropriate speakers, to produce an impressive result at well under $\pounds 1,000$ the set. Taking account of our concern over avoiding difficult speaker loads, both these new products may be enthusiastically recommended.

Power outout Rated power into 8ohms, ma Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulsed Instantaneous peak current Distortion Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz 20.9dBW 16.0dBW IdBW		ted amplifier = 18.5dBW) 20kHz 20.6dBW 15.9dBW -dBW -10A 20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Noise	— 61dB rated power, at OdBW, dis	— 61dB aux input c (mm)	- 47dB - 54dB - 42dB - 36dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR v Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR wei Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR wei Residual, unweighted (volun DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Disc (mc) mput (1HF) Stereo senaration	reighted) ghted)	left 7n	— 70dB — 66dB — 70dB — 70dB V, right 6mV rightn/a mV 20kHz 26 7dB 29.0dB >23dB
Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output im pedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1k Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input data sockett Disc (mm) input Disc (mm) input Disc (mm) input Aux/CD input Power amp Dutput, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 3DH Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT <i>"See text</i>	OdB 0.12dB ype sensitiv 2.42n 0.267i 105m 30m	nV 50koh mV 50koh V 40koh V 46koh 9.0V + 0.2 P140: 4	ms 200pF ms 200nF ms 70pF
Frequency responses, viny land D	10 inputs (Inser	t, RIAA chann	el deviation)
0 Hz 100 2 Power supply rejection, 40Hz inj	FÅ	10 4	10 1500

HI-FI MARKETS, AXIS 4, RHODES WAY, WATFORD, HERTS WD2 4YW. TEL: (0923) 226499



Though interim versions have risen steadily in price over the years, this *e* suffixed 3020brings the price back down to \$109 – near its original launch level of some seven years ago. The original 3020 swept all before it for a year or two until other manufacturers woke up to the fact that there was money in sound quality. The overall concept has been retained, so this is essentially the same simple, integrated amplifier which seeks to present better sound quality through the careful omission of some, but not all of the 'frills'.

D 3020e

It is neatly presented with a logical control layout and 'camouflage' dark brown finish to high enough standards. The single large volume control is backed by rotaries for tone and balance, with no tone defeat switching, while the seven pushbuttons, in three groups, provide power on/off, input selection including tape monitoring, plus mono/stereo and -20dB muting (the telephone answering switch). The rear panel connections are phonos, the disc input accommodating moving magnet cartridges only. Speaker terminals are (still) cheap spring-loaded types, while small switches select optimum power matching to 40hm (normal) or 80hm loudspeaker load, and optional 'soft clipping' circuitry the use of which is recommended to provide a sweeter sound when driving at continuous high levels.

LAB REPORT

This is the classic NAD 3020 design but with some 'streamlining' to keep costs down. Using a conventional direct coupled complementary bi-polar output configuration, component layout benefits from a single board construction, but with rather untidy wiring looping around. The circuitry is all discrete and some care has clearly been taken over bandwidth noise suppression and stage matching, but there was clearly insufficient budget available for special audiophile components. The power supply is standard enough, internal mains connections were unshrouded, and there was also some evidence of Taiwanese production economies.

Rated at only 20W, the measured power delivery was really quite generous for such a modestly priced model. It was respectably

maintained into lower impedances, and current capability was again very respectable at this price level. The quality of the power supply itself is confirmed in the excellent power supply modulation spectrogram results, where mains and distortion effects are notable for their near absence.

Distortions were all low and signal-tonoise ratios very good, as were overload margins and stereo separation results. Volume tracking calibration and input sensitivities were also fine, while the RIAA equalisation curve shows sensible bandlimiting plus slight bass cut/treble boost, sufficient perhaps to 'lighten' the subjective balance of the amplifier a trifle.

SOUND QUALITY

Rated securely above average, NAD have managed to keep the essential sonic character of the 3020 despite their production economies in this version, and it is further to their credit that this basic design has remained competitive for such a long time. The balance remains a little on the 'light and bright' side of neutral to be sure, but the result is attractively airy and quite transparent, if a trifle 'softened'. Though falling well short of the best, the stereo image presentation and the overall integration were praised, and the sound was reasonably lively, but listeners also noted some lack of 'weight', 'speed' and incisiveness.

CONCLUSIONS

NAD continue to brew a fine budget amplifier, and have also managed to keep the price sharp against the immediate competition, despite working from a design basis that is now several years old. At the typical \$110 the *3020e* is clearly Best Buy material, with a clean laboratory bill of health and generally high standards of construction. It has its own distinctive subjective character, a little light in balance and 'weight', so may not suit all tastes equally, but is undoubtedly superior to run of the mill budget amplifiers.

Test measurements

To show how well the amplifier sustains its 80hm output into real loudspeaker loads, the level into 40hms and 20hms is given in dBW (where 0db = 1W), without adding 3dB or 6dB respectively, as in usual 'power' ratings.

Power output Rated power into 8ohms, mak Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulsed Instantaneous peak current	20Hz 15.2dBW 11.5dBW	20' 1 kHz 15.7dBW	12.7dBW
Distortion Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CO in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	ated power	lkHz — 96dB r, aux input sc (mm)	20kHz — 73dB — 85dB — 72dB
KOISE Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR wi Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig Residual, unweighted (volum DC output offset Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Aux/CD input (1HF)	hted)		— 75.0dB — 81dB — 89dB , right + 2mV 20kHz 32dB > 20dB
Stereo separation Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1kH Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input	Hz 0.05dB	— 20dB 0.03dB	62dB 61dB 0.20hm 0.13dB — 60dB 0.37dB
Disc (mm) input Phono Aux/CD input Phono Output, pre-amp (tape)		mV 47ko mV 48ko 151V	hms 70pF hms 80pF max 1.6ohms
Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth)			
Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT			
Size (width, height, depth)			
Size (width, height, depth)			Ello
Size (width, height, depth)			
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NAKAMICHI CIKULTO MARI BOROUGH ROAD, CHURCHULLING

B&W NAKAMICHI (UK) LTD., MARLBOROUGH ROAD, CHURCHILL IND. EST., LANCING, WEST SUSSEX. TEL: (0903) 750750.



Nakamichi's remote control $CA \cdot 7A$ preamplifier also acts as central controller for other Nakamichi products such as tuner, CD player and two tape decks. The styling is conventional, with a high quality satin-black case constructed from aluminium castings, and with internally damped panels. The heavy satin-black FA7E power amplifier has deep finned heatsinks covering either side: inset carrying handles are thoughtfully provided.

The back panel has three separate gain settings for the MC input and three capacitance loading selections for the MM input. Other phono socket inputs are provided for tuner, CD. 2X 'aux', 2X tape and there are 2 outputs. There are also DIN sockets for remote control inputs and outputs, a remote sensor and a system power control.

Internal construction is to a very high standard, using several printed circuit boards with a mixture of operational amplifier and discrete transistor stages. Power is supplied from two cased transformers and even the fuse holders are gold plated.

The power amplifier has excellent external finish, the case constructed from aluminium panels. A look inside reveals double mono circuitry fed from a large, shared toroidal transformer. Separaté bridge rectifiers feed 2 pairs of high quality centrally mounted Nichicon 33,000 μ F capacitors. Components are discrete with banks of complementary output transistors for each channel. Important non-soldered connections use gold plated screws and terminals, and the general standard of construction is high.

LAB REPORT

This power amplifier exceeded specification by a fair margin, providing nearly 25dBW(300W +) into 80hms. 23dBW was also surpassed into 40hms, and nearly 25dBW was again recorded into 20hms, but with some asymmetry, the positive pulse showing some early breakup. The peak current test gave problems with a recovery 'glitch', and the figure for a clean waveform is a modest 21A. Channel separation and balance was excellent. and distortion and signal-to-noise ratios were good. Input sensitivity was fairly low and input impedance quite high. The frequency response was essentially flat and gently band-limited outside the audio spectrum.

The pre-amplifier showed low distortion and good overload performance on all inputs. Stereo separation was exceptional, and channel balance very good. Sensitivities were fine on the line inputs but had a fairly low 14kohm loading. The gain of the moving magnet disc stage was well chosen with various capacitance loading options. The moving-coil stage has a fixed load but well chosen alternative gain settings which should negate matching problems. RIAA channel deviation was negligible and the frequency response virtually flat over the 20Hz to 20kHz bandwidth. However, both disc inputs exhibited a mild but untamed ultrasonic rise.

SOUND QUALITY

These two products were quite well matched sonically. As a system they rated 'good plus', which is a respectable though somewhat uninspiring result at this price and level of sophistication. Auditioned alone, the power amp possessed some of that mainstream 'processed', 'electronic' quality in the mid and low treble. Although clearly powerful, the bass was lacking a full measure of slam and speed. The midrange showed some 'leaness', the treble some 'zing'. Focus was certainly good, but depth rated only above average. Taken overall the sound was lively enough, but not really good enough in this context.

The preamplifier alone had better bass on both analogue and digital disc inputs. Described as sharp and snappy, this was possibly due to the fast but 'hardened' midrange which tended to exaggerate the impact of mid and bass transients. Soundstages were wide and well focused, but with insufficient depth. The generally tidy treble had the same trace of 'sszz' noted with the power amplifier. No significant merit difference was detected between the m-c cartridge and CD inputs.

CONCLUSIONS

While better than previous Nakamichis, and no doubt also better than many of its similarly equipped competitors, this sophisticated combination did not achieve a particularly good value rating based on sound quality alone. However, the standard was respectable, the build and finish quality are exemplary, and the multitude of automated features could prove useful in some applications. On this basis it may be worth investigating, but not for formal Recommendation.

Power output			ated amplifier V (= 23dBW)
Rated power into 8ohms, mai Power output	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load	25.0dBW 23.7dBW	25.1dBW 23.8dBW	24.8dBW 23.7dBW
One channel, 20hms, pulsed		23.00DW 24.8dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak current		+22A	-21A
<u>Distortion</u> Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in.	— 7 3dB	— 7 5dB	— 72dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, i Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, i	rated power	, aux input	- 87dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	atudbw,dis atudbw,dis	5C (MM) 5C (MC)	— 7 5dB — 65dB
Noise	at ou b 11, uis	5C (111C)	0000
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w	reighted)		- 83dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR w Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR wei			— 73dB — 83dB
Residual, unweighted (volum		t min)	— 83dB
DC output offset			nV. right OmV
DC offset, pre-amp Input overload	20Hz	lett un 1kHz	nV. right OmV 20kHz
Disc (nut) input (1HF)	36.7dB	36.2dB	35.0dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	33.3dB	32.7dB	26.0dB
Aux/CD input (1HF) Stereo separation	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Disc input (mm)	95dB	96dB	88dB
Aux/CD input	95dB	96dB	92dB
Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1k	0.12ohm : H7	0.13ohm	0.13ohm 0.55dB
Volume/balance tracking	OdB	— 20dB	— 60dB
Aux/CD input	0.02dB	0.55dB	1.08dB
Input data socket t	vpe sensit	ivity loadi	ng
Disc (mm) input Disc (mc) input* Phone	0.64	mV 50koł	nnis var pF
Disc (mm) input Phone Disc (mc) input* Phone Aux/CD input Phone	o 0.64 o 0.042 o 40m	mV 50kał 2mV 100al 1V 14kał	nmis var pF nmis n/a nF nmis 100pF
Disc (mm) input Phone Disc (mc) input* Phone Aux/CD input Phone Power amp Phone	o 0.64 o 0.042 o 40m	mV 50koł 2mV 100ol nV 14koł mV 77kol	nmis var. pF nmis n/a nF nmis 100pF nmis 350pF
Disc (mm) input Phone Disc (mc) input Phone Aux/CD input Phone Power amp Phone Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H	0 0.64 0 0.042 0 40n 0 135	mV 50kat 2mV 100at nV 14kat mV 77kat 8.2V +0.1	nmis var. pF nmis n/a nF nmis 100pF nmis 350pF max, 1kohmis ldB, — 0.0dB
Disc (mm) input Phone Disc (mc) input* Phone Aux/CD input Phone Power amp Phone Output, pre-amp (tape)	0 0.64 0 0.042 0 40n 0 135	mV 50kat 2mV 100ol nV 14kat mV 77kat 8.2V +0.1 PA7E 43.5	nms var. pF nms n/a nF nms 100pF max, 1kohms IdB, — 0.0dB 5x20x42.1cm
Disc (mm) input Phone Disc (mc) input Phone Aux/CD input Phone Power amp Phone Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H	0 0.64 0 0.042 0 40n 0 135	mV 50kat 2mV 100al nV 14kat mV 77kat 8.2V +0.1 PA7E 43.5 CA7E 43	nmis var. pF nmis n/a nF nmis 100pF nmis 350pF max, 1kohmis ldB, — 0.0dB
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Disc (mm) input Phone Disc (mc) input Phone Aux/CD input Phone Power amp Phone Dutput, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT "See text	0 0.64 0 0.042 0 1350 z-15kHz	mV 50kat mV 100al nV 14kat mV 77kaka 8 2V +0.1 PA7E 43 3 CA7E 43 CA7E 43 E2	Imms var pF mms n/a nF imms 100pF max, 1kohms dB, 0.0dB b5x20x42 1cm 4x9 1x35cm ,500, £1.700
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NIKKO NA700 II Nikko uk, 150 regent street, london w1r 5fa. tel: (01) 439 6288.



Nikko are a Japanese brand returning to the UK hi-fi separates market after a few years absence. The *NA700* is totally conventional, almost old fashioned, in styling, concept and execution, but offers reasonable value for money when judged in terms of facilities and specifications. The *700* is rated at 57W per channel into 80hms but is only specified at 65W into 40hms, which doesn't indicate a particularly high current capability. Rather what is offered is a competently constructed amplifier with an ample array of facilities.

The well finished front panel carries bass, treble, balance, and volume controls, subsonic and high cut filters, the switching of two sets of loudspeakers and a headphone socket. Neither tone-defeat nor 'CD direct' are provided, but there is even a separate LED power level indicator for each channel. The input selector and tape monitor use pushbuttons.

The rear panel has two sets of (barely adequate) speaker binding posts, and the standard array of phono input sockets. These cater for disc (which can be switched between moving magnet and moving-coil), tuner, 'aux', and two tape decks. A solitary DIN socket is also provided for tape recorder connection.

Internally, a large single board carries all the active audio circuits. A single transformer feeds a pair of $10,000\mu$ F capacitors located on the main board. The circuits themselves are a mixture of integrated circuits and discrete passive and active components, of standard commercial quality. The output stage transistors are bolted to an internal heatsink, and protection uses relay switching. Some remote switching is used in the low amplitude signal path, but there are no high grade 'audiophile' components.

LAB REPORT

The amplifier easily and convincingly exceeded its specified rating into 80hms; though there was a substantial loss of some 4dBW into 40hms, (still within specification). Peak current delivery is restricted to $\pm 6A$ before the waveform started to break up, which does not provide much reserve for more difficult loads. This is well demonstrated by the single channel, 20hm, pulsed power result. Distortion generally was low, and signal-to-noise ratios were satisfactory. DC offset was a little too high at the power amplifier output: 111mV on the left channel is enough to displace speaker cones by a significant amount.

Input overload and stereo separation were satisfactory on all inputs, and the output impedance was low. Sensitivities were well chosen, but add the 250pF capacitance loading on the moving magnet input to a typical 100pF for tonearm cable and the result may be a little high for some cartridges. Channel balance was good throughout the range of the volume control and the RIAA channel balance is also commendable.

The RIAA frequency response is accurate, and all inputs are rolled off at high frequencies. At the bass end the moving magnet and line input responses are well extended to below 5Hz, whereas the moving-coil response falls (sensibly) below 20Hz. The 40Hz twothirds power spectrum delivered a good result.

SOUND QUALITY

Regrettably, the first Nikko amplifier to be reviewed in *Choice* for a long while did not fare well in the listening tests. It scored consistently below average on all inputs, sounding much as integrated amplifiers used to do in years gone by, before their designers really started trying.

On the moving-coil input, the bass sounded soft and inarticulate, with a noticeable lack of slam and dynamics. The mid appeared coloured, with a nasal, 'thickened' quality and some muddling of detail. In the treble those old bogies 'slurring', 'sibilance', and 'grain' were all in evidence. Stereo depth was severely curtailed, focus was diluted, and the overall effect a bit 'mono-ish', lacking scale and width.

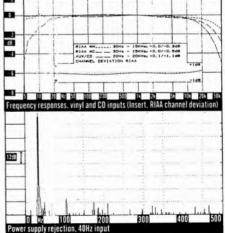
The '700 continued to sound confused and compressed via the CD input. The mid coloration was singled out as a megaphonic, near 'ringing' effect, and the bass remained well below par. Overall definițion was considered marginally improved.

Driven hard, the amplifier did not take kindly to adverse speaker loads. The full loudness potential was not comfortably exploited, as the sound became brittle and aggressive as full power was reached.

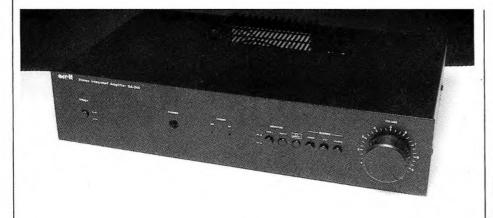
CONCLUSIONS

Frankly, we didn't realise they still made amplifiers like this any more. In our opinion the 700 is a perfect example of an essentially correct 'text-book' design that delivers good lab results (except for peak current delivery, which probably hasn't reached the book yet anyway), but which sounded quite indifferent. The new Nikko team may have a well priced range, but higher sound quality standards will be needed to make a real impression on the UK amplifier market.

Power output			ited amplifier = 17,5dBW)
Rated power into 8ohms, mai	20Hz	lkHz	= 17.500W) 20kHz
Power output	2002 19.9dBW	20dBW	20KH2 19.9dBW
One channel, 80hm load			
Both channels, 40hm load	15.8dBW	15.8dBW 11.5dBW	15.7dBW dBW
One channel, 20hms, pulsed	-dBW		
Instantaneous peak current		+6A	— 6A
Distortion	2011		201.11
Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in.	— 83dB	— 84dB	- 80dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			- 84dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,			- 77dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,	at udbw, dis	C (MC)	— 70dB
Noise			70.0
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w	reigntea)		- 70dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR w	eignteo)		- 64dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR wei			-71dB
Residual, unweighted (volum	ie control al		- 82dB
DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp			/, right 67mV
	20Hz		nV, right OmV
Input overload	20072 31.7dB	lkHz	20kHz 27.6dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	31.70B 32.2dB	30.9dB 31.0dB	27.60B
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	~Z30D	~23UD	~23UD
Stereo secaration Disc input (mm)	60dB	54dB	37dB
Aux/CD input	67dB	540B 54dB	370B 41dB
Output impedance (damp)	0.15ohm	0.15ohm	0.21ohm
Channel balance, disc, at 1k		U.I.JUIIII	0.210mm 0.2dB
Volume/balance tracking	OdB	— 20dB	- 60dB
Aux/CD input	0.07dB	0.03dB	0.46dB
nnut iata sockett			
Disc (mm) input Phone			
Disc (mc) input* Phone			
Aux/CD input Phone			
Power amp n/a	0 10.5 n/a i		
Output, pre-amp (tape)			ax, 2.2kohms
Disc equalisation error, 30H	7-15kHz		IdB, -0.5dB
Size (width, height, depth)			14x9.6x33cm
Typical price inc VAT			£189
*See text			2.00
- 2		1	
			1
			111



ORELL SA-040 Orell electronics Ltd., 25 Nathans Road, North Wembley, Middlesex. Tel: (01) 908 5890.



Orell is a new company launching its first product in early 1988 – an integrated amplifier with design input from Graham Nalty of Audiokits. The unit supplied for review was a pre-production prototype, but we have been assured that production samples will sound and measure the same as ours, and that construction and finish will be to a high standard.

The 040 is a 'purist' design lacking any form of tone control or other user interactive signal shaping circuitry. The front panel has only a volume control, on/off switch, a row of push button selector switches, and two centrally located LEDs to indicate either moving magnet or moving-coil phono gain setting. CD or 'CD direct' options are alongside phono, aux, tuner and tapes: 'CD direct' links the CD input straight to the volume control, so gain here is low. The back panel has a small finned heatsink, phono inputs and the speaker outputs.

A look inside reveals a large single glassfibre printed circuit board with pre- and power sections physically well separated. Care has been taken over selection of components in the signal path. Precision resistors are used in selected places, and good quality polypropylene caps are much in evidence.

Power supply comes from a sizeable toroidal transformer feeding good quality $10,000\mu$ F electrolytics, while the output is protected by fuses in the speaker lines. Good quality-regulators provide each important stage with its own supply. Build quality reflects this units prototype status; hopefully there will be an improvement in production.

LAB REPORT

Power output met the specified 45W per channel with good bandwidth, holding up well both into 40hms with both channels driven, and on the one channel 20hm pulsed test. The slightly asymmetric peak current capability is just about adequate; higher currents were available with some waveform break up. Total harmonic and intermodulation distortion results were decent, and noise performance on all inputs adequate. Channel separation was fine at low and mid frequencies but had fallen to 35dB by 20kHz.

Sensitivities were a little on the low side but the loadings were well chosen. Little mains harmonic breakthrough can be seen on the supply modulation spectrogram, though some harmonic distortion artefacts are visible. The RIAA response was well designed: essentially flat and with the mild bass rolloff also found on the line inputs.

Input overload was generally satisfactory on the moving magnet gain setting, but intermodulation could have been improved upon. The overload margins were a little disappointing on the moving coil setting, the -15dB intermodulation products indicating

that cartridge output must be chosen with some care to match the input sensitivity.

SOUND QUALITY

Our pre-production sample delivered solid 'good plus' ratings via both analogue and digital disc input terminals. By implication the moving-coil input is sufficiently good not to predjudice an overall result which is close to the standard set by established high performers in this price group – a promising debut for a new company with their first product!

The m-c input background noise levels were satisfactory and the midrange had a pleasant, well balanced tonal quality, with good detail. The well above average bass had decent rhythm and speed, but a somewhat dry and light balance. The treble achieved a good standard with only mild grit, while stereo imaging had worthwhile depth and ambience with strong stable focus. Louder and more complex passages showed some confusion and mid hardness.

The CD/line input standard was consistent, with only a slight improvement in definition and focus. The overall sound was a little filtered or bandlimited – a subjective effect often associated with frequency responses tightly tailored to the nominal audio bandwidth. High level drive was the one weakspot. Clipping performance was poorer than average, brittleness increasing rapidly at full level, and available loudness was no higher than the specification suggested.

CONCLUSIONS

This is a promising start for Orell, confirming the basic quality of the design groundwork in circuitry and component choice. The sound quality as is clearly achieves a Recommended standard, though full approval must await inspection of a final production sample. Peak output current and greater m-c disc overload margin could both be improved.

Power multiplint		Integra	ted amplifier
Rated power into 8ohms, i	maker's spec		= 16,5dBW)
Power output	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
One channel, 8ohm load	17.2dBW	17.2dBW	17dBW
Both channels, 40hm load		15.85dBW	15.7dBW
One channel, 2ohms, puls		15.5dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak curre	ent	+ 10A	— 8A
Distortion	2011-	16.0.5	20kHz
Total harmonic distortion at rated power, aux/CD in		lkHz — 65dB	– 52dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kH			5640
Intermodulation, 19/20kH	iz at OdBW dis	c (mm)	- 23dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kH			— 15dB
Noise			
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCI	R weighted)		— 66dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIF	R weighted)		— 62dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR v			— 72dB
Residual, unweighted (vol	lume control a		— 75dB
DC output offset			v, right 4mV
DC offset, pre-amp Input overload	20Hz	lkHz	aV, rig h t OmV 20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	27.7dB	24.5dB	15.3dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)	22.4dB	16.8dB	7.6dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Stereo separation	- 2000	- 2000	. 2000
Disc input (mm)	64dB	67dB	48dB
Aux/CD input	76dB	60dB	35dB
Output impedance (damp		0.08o h m	0. lo h m
Channel balance, disc, at	1kHz	00.10	0.5dB
Volume/balance trackin			
		- 20dB	- 60dB
Aux/CD input	0.09dB	0.23dB	0.46d8
Aux/CD input Input data sock	0.09d8 et type sensit	0.23dB ivity loadi	0.46d8 ng
Aux/CD input Disc (mm) input	0.09d8 et type sensit 0.78	0.23dB ivity loadi mV 49koh	0.46d8 ng ims 120p F
Aux/CD input Linui Lietzi sock Disc (mm) input Disc (mc) input*	0.09d8 et type sensit 0.78 0.28	0.23dB ivity loadi mV 49koh mV 100oh	0.46dB ng ims 120pF ims n/a nF
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Aux/CD input Undui Leta sock Disc (mm) input Disc (mc) input* Aux/CD input Power amp r	0.09d8 et type sensit 0.78 0.28 100 n/a n/a	0.23dB ivity loadi mV 49koh mV 100oh mV 30koh mV n/a ko 3.7V m + 0.0	0.46dB ng ims 120pF ims n/a nF ims n/a pF hms n/a pF ax, 2.2kohms idB, -0.6dB
Aux/CD input Infoincereal sock Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 3 Size (width, height, depth	0.09d8 et type sensit 0.78 0.28 100 n/a n/a ROHz-15kHz	0.23dB ivity loadi mV 49koh mV 100oh mV 30koh mV n/a ko 3.7V m + 0.0	0.46dB ng ims 120pF ims n/a nF ims n/a pF hms n/a pF ax, 2.2kohms idB, —0.6dB 2x9.2x33cm
Aux/CD input Information Disc (mm) input Power amp Disc (mc) input Power amp Disc equalisation error, at Disc equalisation error, at Typical price inc VAT	0.09d8 et type sensit 0.78 0.28 100 n/a n/a ROHz-15kHz	0.23dB ivity loadi mV 49koh mV 100oh mV 30koh mV n/a ko 3.7V m + 0.0	0.46dB ng ims 120pF ims n/a nF ims n/a pF hms n/a pF ax, 2.2kohms idB, -0.6dB
Aux/CD input Infoincereal sock Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 3 Size (width, height, depth	0.09d8 et type sensit 0.78 0.28 100 n/a n/a ROHz-15kHz	0.23dB ivity loadi mV 49koh mV 100oh mV 30koh mV n/a ko 3.7V m + 0.0	0.46dB ng ims 120pF ims n/a nF ims n/a pF hms n/a pF ax, 2.2kohms idB, —0.6dB 2x9.2x33cm
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Aux/CD input Info[Info[Info]Info[Info]Info[Info]Info[Info]Info]Info Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Power amp Power amp Disc equalisation error, 3 Disc error, 3 Disc equalisation error, 3 Disc e	0.09d8 et type sensit 0.78 0.28 100 n/a n/a ROHz-15kHz	0.23dB ivity loadi mV 49koh mV 100oh mV 30koh mV n/a ko 3.7V m + 0.0	0.46dB ng ims 120pF ims n/a nF ims n/a pF hms n/a pF ax, 2.2kohms idB, —0.6dB 2x9.2x33cm
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Heybrook Hi-Fi Ltd, Estover Close, Estover Industrial Estate, Plymouth PL6 7PL, Telephone (0752) 780311



While the Philips name has been firmly reestablished within hi-fi circles by their very competitive CD players, the company has only just announced a range of matching separates, including the amplifier reviewed here. Made in Japan, the 860 bears most of the design and build hallmarks we have come to expect from that country.

PHILIPS FA860

The case is well made, with modern styling that may not win many prizes but will offend few. Capitalising on their CD success, Philips provide a 'CD direct' facility that draws attention to itself by illuminating a slightly exaggerated CD front panel marker. Other pushbutton selections denoted by small LEDs include phono, CD, TV/'aux 1', video/'aux 2', and 2Xtape. Headphones, A/B speaker switching, loudness, mono, tape monitor and copy facilities, bass, treble and balance controls plus a large backlit volume control make up a comprehensive complement. Input connections use phono sockets, loudspeakers have two sets of decent binding posts.

The interior is well laid out with the power amplifier situated between two internal heatsinks. A single, good sized transformer supplies a power amplifier of basically dual mono configuration but with a shared thick film pre stage. The rest of the amplifier is made up of several separate printed circuit boards connected by a commendably neat wiring harness. Circuits are a mixture of discrete and integrated circuit active elements, with passive components mainly of standard commercial quality. However, a good quality Alps volume control is used together with remote switching, and both CD and disc inputs have gold plated phono sockets.

LAB REPORT

Output power was handsomely exceeded into 80hms, with good bandwidth. However, power was somewhat restricted at low frequencies into 40hms, though well enough maintained at mid and high frequencies.

Waveform breakup started at 15dBW into 20hms on the pulsed test, but this was fairly slight and 19dBW was ultimately available.

Total harmonic distortion was very low in, the low and mid frequency bands, deteriorat-

ing marginally at 20kHz. Intermodulation distortion and noise figures are good on all inputs, and DC output offset was kept low.

Input overload margins were very good on all inputs, and stereo separation was well maintained at all frequencies. Output impedance was low and channel balance very good – volume/balance tracking was quite exceptional, especially at low settings. Input sensitivities were well chosen on all inputs, and loadings were fairly standard apart from rather high capacitance loading on the moving magnet input, sufficient to give one or two cartridges a 'dulled' treble. Tape output was healthy, from a fairly low 2200hm source impedance. The power supply modulation spectrogram is fairly clean, with little ripple breakthrough.

The RIAA frequency response shows bass rolloff on both disc inputs, starting at 100Hz and -4dB at 20Hz. The moving magnet response is fairly flat and well extended at the treble end, whereas the moving-coil input has a slight rolloff. The 'aux'/CD response is fairly flat and well extended.

SOUND QUALITY

Straightforward and competent, the FA860 sounded better than average for its type but did not establish any new records. The result was better on compact than analogue disc, but the difference between the two was not excessive. Taken overall it was placed a touch below its larger 960 brother, consistent with the relative pricing and specifications.

Driven from a top quality moving-coil source, the 860 sounded relaxed and powerful – pleasantly neutral if rather bland. Musical dynamics were muted, a loss of precise focus was noted, and the depth impression was rather average. Vaguer than the best examples of its type at the frequency extremes, treble was diffuse and mildly fizzy.

CD showed some improvement, with a fuller and more generous sound. Bass went deeper with more articulation and better 'tunes'. More open sounding, the stereo image showed a little more depth, space and focus. Good sound levels were attained when driven hard, even on the more awkward loudspeaker loadings, and it did not become unduly brittle or aggressive at clipping overload.

CONCLUSIONS

This competent amplifier provided a well founded lab performance and a respectable but undistinguished sound. It was well built, to a high specification, offering a generous power output, and as such merits consideration.

Power output Rated power into Power output One channel, 8of Both channels, 4 One channel, 2of Instantaneous pe Distorition	ım load ohm load ıms. pulsed	20Ĥz 20.4dBW		ted amplifier = 18.5dBW) 20kHz 20.6dBW 18.5dBW dBW 22A
Total harmonic d at rated power, a Intermodulation, Intermodulation, Intermodulation, Noise	aux/CD in. 19/20kHz, ra 19/20kHz, at	OdBW, disc	(mm)	20kHz — 78dB — 82dB — 78dB — 72dB
Disc (mm) input (Disc (mc) input (Aux/CD input (1H Residual, unweig DC output offset Input overload Disc (mm) input Disc (mc) input (Aux/CD input (1H	IHF, CCIR weig F, CCIR weigt hted (volume) (1HF) 1HF) IF)	ghted) ited)		78dB 65dB 83dB 94dB y, right 10mV 20kHz 31.2dB 32.4dB >23dB
Stereo secarati Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedanc Channel balance Volume/balance Aux/CD input Input intata Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Output, pre-amp Disc equalisatio Size (width, heig Typical price inc <i>'See text</i>	ce (damp) , disc, at 1kH tracking sockettyp sockettyp (tape) n error, 30Hz- ht, depth)	0.31dB ie sensitiv 0.33m 0.034m 21.5m	V 100oh V 24koh 11.5Vm	ms 410pF ms n/anF
Frequency respons	en (5) mic (1) es, vinyl and Cl	s <u>Bie</u> in Inputs (inser	t, RIAA chanr	itu 22x se ei deviation)
	100 20 ction, 40Hz inp	0 30		00 1500

PHILIPS FA-960

PHILIPS ELECTRICAL LTD., CITY HOUSE, 420-430 LONDON ROAD, CROYDON, SURREY CR9 3QR. TEL: 01-689 2166.



The new range of Philips integrated amplifiers is sourced in Japan, and consequently reflects some of the design philosophy and style associated with that country's products. Being at the top of the range, the *FA-960* is highly specified with numerous features. The case is well finished, and the styling modern and functional.

This amplifier is rated at 100W (20dBW), with plenty of power to drive lower impedance loads shown in a DIN rating of 280W into 20hms at 1kHz. Front panel controls include disc input selection (mm and m-c), plus provision for CD, 'CD direct', tuner, two 'aux' inputs, and two tape decks. Also provided are tone controls, loudness, tone defeat, mono switching, various tape monitor and dubbing features, balance, speaker switching and a headphone output. The back panel has phono sockets (gold plated for the cartridge input) and 2 sets of speaker binding posts.

A look at the interior shows modern multiboard design and construction with some good audio engineering practice. The disc input uses now familiar low noise FETs with the gain stage built around a standard operational amplifier. Good quality potentiometers and remote switching is used in the pre-amp stage. The power amplifier is centrally located and is basically dual mono in design but sharing a single printed circuit board and large power transformer. The four $6,800\mu$ F main reservoir capacitors are centrally located on the main board and the output is relay protected.

LAB REPORT

Power output peaked at 160W (22dBW) into 80hms, easily exceeding specification. The output remained healthy into 40hms and achieved a very creditable 20dBW on the 20hm pulsed test. Satisfactory peak currents of \pm 20A indicate the amplifier should be capable of driving difficult loads quite well.

Noise figures were fine on all inputs. DC offset and total harmonic distortion were both low, and the intermodulation distortion figures were still acceptable, though higher than expected. Disc overload margins were good on both the moving magnet and the moving-coil sensitivity settings. Stereo separation and volume/balance tracking were good, while sensitivities were on the high side. The 430pF input capacitance on the moving magnet disc input is perhaps a little too high for some cartridges. The tape output was unclipped at 10V maximum, with output impedance of only 2200hms.

The moving-coil and moving magnet disc inputs show near identical responses over the audio bandwidth: virtually ideal over the 100Hz to 20kHz bandwidth, the bass was rolled off surprisingly early, being -2dB by 30Hz. However, the moving magnet setting showed a rising trend above 20kHz which could have been better controlled. The power spectrogram shows a good quality supply, with excellent resistance to 50Hz harmonic breakthrough.

SOUND QUALITY

Showing a small but significant improvement over its smaller '860 brother, the FA960 achieved a respectable enough score in the listening tests considering its operational flexibility and versatile facilities. Rating 'good' *via* m-c and a little better *via* CD direct, with all filters, tone controls etc. defeated, it offered an inherently relaxed and easy character, with a pleasant midrange and a capability of producing a large scale, generous sound with considerable reserves of power.

Auditioned through the disc inputs, the bass showed some softness, with a lack of punch or speed which was a little more serious *via* m-c. Never unpleasant, the treble had a degree of haziness and untidiness, but focus could have been more sharply defined, mid clarity likewise. CD's moderate improvement involved some increase in dynamic power and clarity, though the bass remained similarly softened. Taken overall, stereo depth was rated above average.

CONCLUSIONS

A thoroughly modern integrated amplifier with excellent finish and very good build quality, the *FA960* provided high output powers and was respectably load tolerant, with a fine and well balanced lab performance. The sound quality rating was creditable enough, albeit lagging the specialist products which prize that above all else. Taking all factors

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into account this new amplifier merits serious consideration.

Power ouinut Rated power into 8ohms, ma Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulsed Instantaneous peak current Distortion	20Hz 21.8dBW 19.9dBW –dBW		ted amplifier (= 20dBW) 20kHz 21.9dBW 20.4dBW -dBW - 20A
Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, NOISE	at OdBW, dis	c(mm)	20kHz — 78dB — 80dB — 76dB — 54dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR v Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR we Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR wei Residual, unweighted (volun DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Disc (mc) input (1HF) Stereo separation	reighted) ghted)	left 8m\	
Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 11 Volume/balance tracking	76dB 77dB 0.12ohm kHz	80dB 81dB 0.12ohm	59dB 61dB 0.14ohm 0.2dB
Aux/CD input InputCate socket t Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input Power amp n/a Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *See text	0.257 0.03 15m n/a r	2mV 46koh mV 100oh iV 22koh πV n/a ko 11.5V m +0.1	ims 430pF ims n/a nF ims 120pF
		Han -D. 1/-1, 848 Han -D. 1/-2, 148 Han -D. 1/-2, 148	
Frequency responses, vinyl and (230 sed in CD inputs (Inse	rt, RIAA chann	10k 20k 50k el deviation)

PIONEER A331 PIONEER HIGH FIDELITY, GB LTD., FIELD WAY, GREENFORD, MIDDLESEX UB6 8UZ. TEL: 01-575 5757.



The 331 is rated at 40W per channel into 80hms, but claimed good current capability should well drive lower impedance loudspeakers without trouble. The simple styling and clean lines are ergonomically well thought out and entirely modern. Bass, treble and loudness facilities are provided but may be bypassed if 'CD direct' is chosen. The input selector and tape monitor are push buttons, the balance a slider under the large volume knob at the right of the front panel. A headphone socket is also available. The back panel has phono inputs for CD, vinyl disc (moving magnet only), tuner and 'aux' plus provision for two tape recorders. The two switchable sets of spring-loaded speaker terminals allow quick connection of bared wires.

Construction is competently typical of Japanese mass production techniques. The solid steel case is well toleranced and nicely finished. Plastic knobs and buttons adorn the front panel, and there is no sign of gold plating on the phono sockets, but copper plated screws have been used to fix the lot together. The multi-board internal construction has interconnections by neatly routed ribbon cable.

The power amplifier uses discrete transistors while the pre-amplifier and tone controls are constructed around integrated circuits. The power supply is fairly substantial with two $6,800\mu$ F reservoir capacitors. Most passive components are of commercial grade but one or two higher quality capacitors may be found in the more important places.

LAB REPORT

This unit happily exceeded its 16dBW specification, delivering a healthy 18dBW (63W) over the 80hm power bandwidth. Continuous delivery with both channels driven into 40hms was also good, and the +14A/-12A peak current was quite generous; difficult loads should be driven without too much trouble. Both harmonic and intermodulation distortion results were very good, DC offset was satisfactory, and the recorded noise figures were low. Disc and auxiliary input overload margins were fine, and channel separation was reasonably good. Channel

balance was fine on all inputs and well maintained over a range of volume control settings.

Output impedance was almost negligible and the input sensitivities and loadings measured as expected. Some hum harmonics were visible in the power spectrogram, but these were kept to a moderate level. The CD response was only flat up to 5kHz, whence surprisingly it was rolled off, being -1dB at 20kHz. Note that the CD input capacitance was quite high. The RIAA response was fairly flat and well extended, measuring within reasonable $\pm 0.3dB$ limits between 30Hz and 15kHz.

SOUND QUALITY

Pioneer are another manufacturer who are now taking sound quality rather more seriously than before. The *A331* represents the first *Choice* trial of this new policy, which would seem to have been effective, placing this budget model in the 'above average' class for sound quality.

Modestly successful on the chosen tracks, the 331 has a respectably 'boppy' and tuneful bass, fair dynamics, quite good focus and a natural sounding midrange. The treble was classed as average with mild sibilance and grain, but a good standard of stereo focus was maintained.

The essential character was relaxed and pleasant – not too clear or explicit, but easy on the ears, which is an important factor in my view. This quality was maintained *via* CD, which continued to sound a trifle subdued with the musical energy a little damped down. Small improvements in stereo focus, bass definition and depth were noted, but without significant uplift in mid clarity or treble definition. A clean performer at overload when driven hard, consequently it could play pretty loud, and adverse loads were well handled.

CONCLUSIONS

Representing a substantial improvement oversimilar but earlier Pioneer offerings, the *A331* represents a serious attempt to win back the hearts of the budget- but qualityminded British consumer. Scoring above average on all departments at a below average price, it has done well enough to move quietly into the Recommended category.

Power output One channel, 80hm load Both channels, 40hm load One channel, 20hms, pulse	15.7dBW		ated amplifier (= 16dBW) 20kHz 18.1dBW 15.9dBW -dBW
Instantaneous peak currer Distortion Total harmonic distortion at rated power, aux/CD in Intermodulation, 19/20kHz Intermodulation, 19/20kHz	nt , 20Hz n. — 82dB 2, rated power,	+ 14A 1kHz - 84dB aux input	- 12A 20kHz - 77dB - 68dB - 85dB
Noise Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR w Residual, unweighted (volu DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Aux/CD input (1HF)	eighted)	left 8m\	— 70dB — 74dB — 78dB /, right 14mV 20kHz 27.5dB >23dB
Stereo separation Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at i Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input data socket Disc (mm) input Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	1kHz OdB 0.05dB type sensiti 0.41n 25.3n Hz-15kHz	nV 47koh nV 50ko h 10.4V ma + 0.3	ms 135pF
		+, -0, 3/-0, 3/0	

QED AUDIO PRODUCTS LTD., UNIT 12, ASHFORD IND. EST., SHIELD ROAD, ASHFORD, MIDDX TW15 1AU. TEL: (07842) 46236.



QED A240 SA II/A240 CD II

Retaining the 240 designation, closer inspection reveals this amplifier is a substantial redesign. The SA is the more expensive, and comes complete with a high quality moving magnet/moving-coil input module; the economy CD model has a simpler moving magnet input, but is otherwise the same.

Styling is neat, clean and conventional with a good quality all aluminium case. The front panel has three rotary controls which adjust volume/balance and input to listen and output to record. Available selections on both are disc, CD, tuner, video, tape, and DAT. A headphone socket is also provided amongst the phono sockets on the back panel. Where appropriate moving-coil or moving magnet are set by internal switches. Six 4mm sockets for loudspeaker connections allow optional automatic headphone muting.

Build and finish quality is high both inside and out. A substantial and very quiet toroidal transformer feeds on-board $4,700\mu$ F power supply capacitors. The class AB power amplifier uses discrete components and direct or switched output coupling. It has fairly high gain, so line level inputs are fed directly to the volume control, minimising the signal path. The SA disc input has an extra plug in board with regulated supplies; the whole of the disc input/RIAA equalisation is constructed around discrete components.

LAB REPORT

Exceeding the specified output throughout the audio bandwidth into an 80hm load, output fell by 2.5dBW with both channels driven into 40hms. 14dBW was delivered pulsed into 20hms, and the instantaneous peak current recorded at \pm 13A. Total harmonic distortion was moderate, and the full level intermodulation result good. The disc stage IM figures were unexceptional, especially on the moving-coil setting.

Noise figures were all adequate and power amplifier DC offset was held to low levels. Overload margins fell somewhat at high frequencies on the various vinyl disc inputs. The *CD* model's mm disc input gave comfortably the best IM figures of the three, but otherwise fell between the *SA*'s mm and m-c inputs on measurement. Stereo separation was good, especially in the midband, and volume/ balance tracking was fine for a unit at this price level.

Sensitivities were well selected, as were the loadings on both disc inputs. However, the low 13kohm aux input loading could cause some sources trouble, so its worth checking the compatibility of your ancillary equipment before purchase.

The auxiliary input exhibited a typically flat, bandlimited response. Where the CDwas commendably flat, the SA's RIAA response at both gain settings showed some bass boost below 100Hz and very mild treble lift above 2kHz, with both subsonics and ultrasonics sensibly curtailed. The supply modulation test shows some harmonic signal distortion with 50Hz and 100Hz fundamental and harmonic breakthrough.

SOUND QUALITY

The sound quality of these two amplifiers was virtually identical when auditioned *via* the CD input, a solid 'good+' rating representing a fine result at the price. Clean, clear and tidy if tonally a touch lightweight, the bass had a crisp, articulate and well differentiated quality. Some mild treble grain was evident, though stereo focus and depth were both good. Drive to full level sounded quite pleasant at the clipping/overload point, and proved happy with some of the more difficult loudspeaker loads.

The 240CD gave a 'good' rating for the normal analogue disc input. The reproduced sound was smooth enough but had some midrange muddle and less than precise stereo focus. Stereo depth was moderate but stage width was well up to scratch. The bass could have been a little 'faster', with more weight. The SA alternative uprated the score to 'good+'. Good midrange clarity and definition accompanied more than promising focus and depth. The overall sound was lively and informative.

CONCLUSIONS

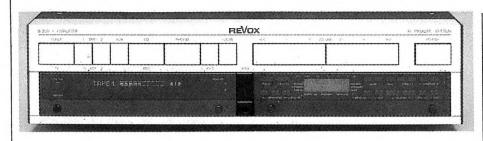
These latest QED 240 models have shown a significant advance in performance and maintain their strong competitive position. The SA version fully justifies its pricing, and the moving-coil performance is commend-

able. For those with a less ambitious view of analogue replay the *240CD* would be a wise choice, maintaining the fine CD performance and coming with a competent mm disc input.

As before, the *CD* model may be upgraded by the subsequent addition of the *SA* disc board. Finish, build and performance have all been improved, and both new 240 models are firmly placed in the Best Buy category.

Power output		Integra	ated amplifier
Rated power into 8ohms, mak	cer's spec	40V	V (= 16 dBW)
Power output	20Hz	1 kHz	20kHz
One channel, 80hm load	16.4dBW	17dBW	16.9dBW
Both channels, 40hm load	12.4dBW	14.4dBW	14.3dBW
One channel, 2ohms, pulsed	~dBW	14dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak current		+13A	— 1 3A
Distortion			
Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz	1 kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in.		— 60dB	— 55dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r			— 75dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	t DdBW, dis	c (mm) 50d	$B(-75dB)^*$
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	t DdBW, dis	ic (mc)	- 28dB
Noise			
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR wi	eighted)	— 76d	B(-71dB)*
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR we	ighted)		— 64dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig	hted)		— 75dB
Residual, unweighted (volumi	e control at	min)	— 79dB
DC output offset			, right 15mV
DC offset, pre-amp			rightn/a mV
Input overload	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	33.4dB	35.0dB	29.1dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	28dB	28.3dB	17.2dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Stereo separation			
Disc input (mm)	62dB	76dB	55dB
Aux/CD input	66dB	74dB	52dB
Output impedance (damp)		0.09ohm	0.12ohm
Channel balance, disc, at 1kH			0.36dB
Volume/balance tracking	OdB	— 20dB	— 60dB
Aux/CD input	0.06dB	0.43dB	1.28dB
input data socket ty			
Disc (mm) input	0.59n		
Dice (me) input*			
Disc (mc) input*	0.02		
Aux/CD input	0.02 39m1	V 12.9kol	hms 20pF
Aux/CD_input Output, pre-amp (tape)		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms
Aux/CD_input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth)		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms
Aux/CD_input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth)		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below		V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ⁺	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ⁺	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ⁺	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ⁺	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4.	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4.5kohms 3x6.4x26cm CD; 6219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width. height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA – graphs below * * * * * * * * * * * * *	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below *A240 SA - graphs below *A40 SA - g	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below *A240 SA - graphs below *A40 SA - g	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below *A240 SA - graphs below *A40 SA - g	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below *A240 SA - graphs below *A40 SA - g	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA
Aux/GD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT *A240 SA - graphs below *A240 SA - graphs below *A40 SA - g	39m ¹	V 12.9kol 10.0V ma 4 £160 l	hms 20pF x, 4 Skohms 3x6 4x26cm CD; 5219 SA

REVOX B250 fwo bauch ltd., 49 theobald street, borehamwood, herts wd6 4rz. tel: 01-953 0091.



This is the latest, expensive, high tech Revox amplifier, designed for those who want a cleverly engineered, well made and beautifully constructed, multi facility product. Styled and sized to match their CD player, the front panel is devoid of knobs, but bristles with pushbuttons and informative displays.

Facilities are so numerous that time needs to be spent with the manual to get the best out of this amplifier. At the time of writing there were only two B250s in the UK, and no English translation of the manual was yet available, so we had to spend some time decoding the function buttons. Using a mixture of common sense and trial and error, plus guidance from the displays, a working knowledge of the essential functions was soon established.

The top panel, described as the 'primary operating field', has a row of large square and oblong input selection key pads for tuner, two tape recorders, 'aux', CD, and phono – moving magnet only on our sample, but a moving-coil option will be available. Alongside these, the electronic volume control is variable up and down in 1 or 3dB steps, and down in 20dB jumps.

Flipping down the right hand glass panel illuminates the LCD display and gives access to the secondary operating field. A plethora of facilities enables recording of one source while listening to another, provides bass and treble tone controls or bypass, speaker selection (two sets) and so on. Input sensitivities and preset maximum volume settings can be stored. Separately available, a remote allows total control of all the main functions, while a timer/controller unit adds five more audio inputs and enables multi-room capability.

Build is very good both inside and out. Modular construction uses plug-in cards and a mother board. The double mono power amplifier has 8 power transistors and a generous $2x22,000\mu$ F supply capacitance per channel, fed from a single enclosed power transformer.

The disc input stage has a board all to itself and comprises discrete components with paralleled input transistors. All other inputs use the ubiquitous 5532 dual operational amplifiers. Many digital chips are in evidence and much of the design would not seem out of place in a computer – with build quality to match. Electronic output protec-

LAB REPORT

Power specifications of 21dBW were exceeded into 80hms and well maintained into the 40hm load with both channels driven. Rated level was even achieved on the 20hm pulse test. The peak current capacity of $\pm 26A$ is not exceptional, but more is available if some waveform breakup is ignored. Distortion figures were excellent in the main, though merely good on disc input intermodulation.

Noise performance was good and overload margins fine on all inputs. DC offset was reasonable and output impedance low. The stereo separation was very good, and fine balance was maintained over the range of the volume control.

Input sensitivities and loadings are variable over a sensible spread. The RIAA response was well engineered, with a moderate bass rolloff below 200Hz. The excellent power supply modulation test result shows no visible mains supply artefacts.

SOUND QUALITY

The last Revox integrated amplifier was technically innovative, but did not fare too well subjectively. This new model is more traditional in basic design (apart from its automated features) and interestingly produced a significant improvement in sound quality. It scored above average *via* the analogue disc input, rising to good *via* the line inputs. This represents a great advance over the earlier model and suggests a radical change in thinking at Revox.

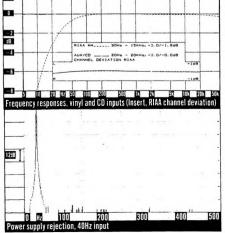
Using analogue disc (moving magnet, we were reviewing ahead of the delivery of the optional mc board) this amplifier sounded relaxed with a comparatively neutral mid range and competent bass. Somewhat weaker in midband and treble clarity, and lacking a full measure of depth, the treble showed some mild 'sizzle' and sibilance effects. Stereo focus was fine, though the soundstage was a bit narrowed. More drive and life would have been welcome.

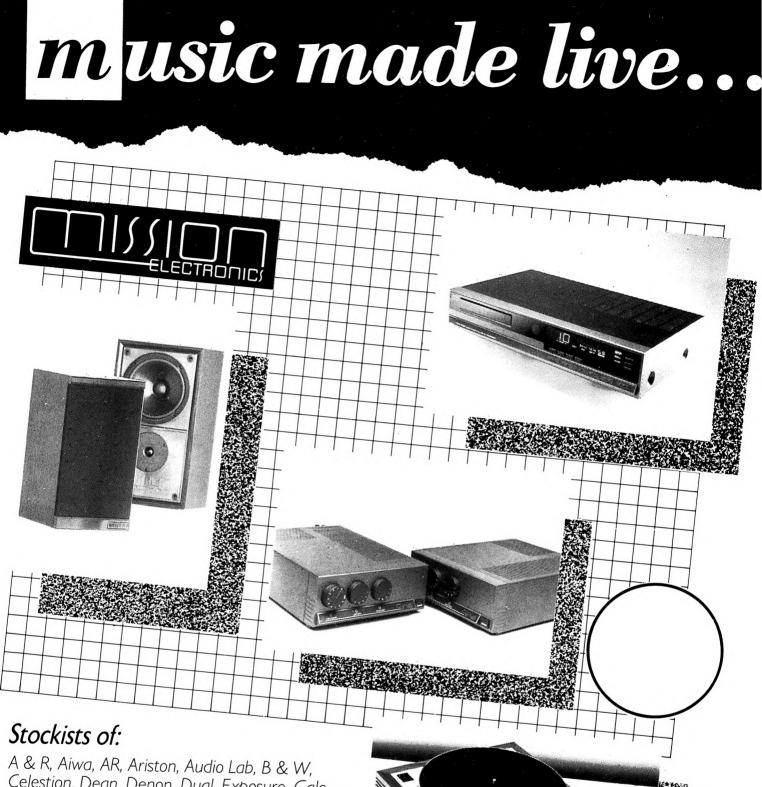
The standard improved noticeably, driven from a high quality CD source, with increased depth and clarity. The sound remained a little 'processed' but with better dynamic constrasts providing a more interesting result. In marked contrast to its predecessor, the *B250* proved very capable into a wide range of loudspeaker loads, and could be driven to high sound levels, showing a respectably clean performance into clipping. This model certainly contains a generous power amplifier section.

CONCLUSIONS

With a radical change in circuit design, this new integrated amplifier offers excellent build and finish with a highly sophisticated range of facilities and every conceiveable feature, including the ability to interface with remotely controlled around the house sound. Providing sufficient power for any application and good load tolerance, the sound quality rating is now closer to established critical standards, so the new *B250* is well worth considering especially if the overall package appeals.

Power outout Rated power into 8ohms, m Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulse	20Hz 21.9dBW d 21.1dBW ed –dBW	12ŎV 1kHz 22.0dBW 21.3dBW 21dBW	eted amplifier (= 21dBW) 20kHz 21.8dBW 20.3dBW -dBW
Instantaneous peak curre Distortion Total harmonic distortion at rated power, aux/CD i Intermodulation, 19/20kHz Intermodulation, 19/20kHz	n, 20Hz n. — 88dB z. ratedpower	+ 26A 1kHz — 91dB , aux input ;c (mm)	— 26A 20kHz — 83dB — 97dB — 73dB
NOISE Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR w Residual, unweighted (volu DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload	eighted)	left 26m left n/a mV 1kHz	— 75dB — 72dB — 95dB V, right 23mV , right n/a mV 20kHz 32.4dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF) Aux/CD input (1HF) (Stereo seperation Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp Channel balance, disc, at	>23dB 86dB 86dB) 0.1ohm	33.7dB >23dB 77dB 87dB 0.11ohm	32.408 >23dB 56dB 88dB 0.220hm 0dB
Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Injult data socke Disc (mm) input 2.6 Aux/CD input 81.	0.1dB t type sensit 64– 0.27 .5– 25π /a n/a	mV 48.5ki iV 47kol mV n/a ko 11V n	-60dB 0 10dB ng ohms 60pF nms 315pF
Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT			10.9x36.5cm £1128;





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TEL RA-820A Mk II



The latest in a long line of the successful 820 series, the basic recipe for this budget amplifier continues, but detailed changes and revisions require full review re-assessment. Now rated at 30W, the 820 has gained 10W since the last *Choice* review and the styling has also changed.

This economy model has bass, treble, volume and balance controls, plus switching for tone defeat/mono, tape monitor and input selection, covering disc (mm only), CD, tuner and AV/aux'. There is also a headphone socket, plus power and remote speaker switching. The back panel contains the minimum of phono socket inputs, 2 sets of binding post/sockets for loudspeaker connection.

All the active circuitry is contained on one large printed circuit board covering most of the case area. The phono stage (moving magnet only) is constructed around a low noise NE5532 dual operational amplifier with series feedback RIAA equalisation. There is also a similar op-amp in the following preamplifier stage. The power amplifier is built up from discrete complementary high power output transistors mounted on an internal heat sink. The power supply comes via board-mounted $6,800 \mu F$ capacitors. Engineering and manufacture are competent, and the mains connections fully shrouded.

LAB REPORT

Supply ripple rejection was poorer than average, showing some 100Hz and 200Hz break-through. However, the 17dBW power bandwidth easily exceeds the maker's claim. Showing a moderate fall into 40hms, the 15dBW pulsed output into 20hms managed to match the manufacturer's 80hm rating. The peak current had a good if somewhat asymmetric +15/-19A available. Both types of distortion were comparatively low and the signal-to-noise performance suitably quiet. DC offset was considered a little high on this sample, but not so as to cause problems, and the output impedance was low.

Input overload margins were good and stereo separation well maintained. The measured sensitivity, loading and channel balance were all acceptable. The frequency response of the line input was very flat from 50Hz to 10kHz, and was sensibly bandwidth limited with a gentle rolloff at each end. The RIAA equalisation was very accurate at this price level with well extended bass above a steep rolloff, though ultrasonic response showed a slightly worrying rise.

SOUND QUALITY

Results from the listening tests showed that the redesign effort has been well worthwhile. The modest '820A has now been brought up to the standard of the renowned 'BX (though not quite to that of the BXII as yet). A straight 'good' was achieved overall, which is excellent for the price, and the analogue disc input was sufficiently good not to prejudice the overall result.

The general standard was fine on analogue disc (mm only) with both focus and clarity above average. The *820A* delivers a decent level of interest and drive as well as the makings of a wide soundstage with some focus and depth. Mild colorations included a degree of 'boxiness' on vocals and a touch of sibilance and grain in the treble. The bass was tolerably good.

Focus sharpened up a bit with CD providing a purer top end. The sound was cheerful with quite good bass rhythm and a pleasant midrange tonal balance. The good pedigree was also demonstrated by generous load tolerance, clipping behaviour, and an ability to sound rather louder than the modest 30W/ channel specification might suggest.

CONCLUSIONS

Rotel have smartened up their long established economy model, with an all round improvement in measured performance, output power, loudness, and sound quality. The *RA820A* has always represented good value, and this latest version brings it firmly back into the Best Buy category.

Power output Rated power into 8ohms, mak Power output One channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulsed	20Hz 17.0dBW 13.2dBW		ted amplifier (=15dBW) 20kHz 17.1dBW 14.0dBW -dBW
Instantaneous peak current Distortion Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r	20Hz — 68dB ated powe i	+ 15A 1kHz - 80dB 7. aux input	
Noise Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR weig Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig Residual, unweighted (volum DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Aux/CD input (1HF)	(hted)	left 43m	— 73dB — 80dB — 82dB V, right 44mV rightn/a mV 20kHz 32.6dB > 23dB
Stereo separation Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1kl Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input data socket ty Disc (mm) input	70dB 78dB 0.06ohm Hz 0dB 0.04dB ype sensit 0.53	71dB 73dB 0.060ohm — 20dB 0.64dB ivity foadi mV 47koł	46dB 48dB 0.066ohm 0.62dB — 60dB 1.97dB ng 1.97dB
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT		+ 0.2	nms 170pF max, 2kohms dB, — 0.1dB x8.5x30.5cm £125
		(Hz; =0, 2/-D, 1d6 (Hz; =0, 0/-D, 2d8	
Frequency responses, vinyl and C	D inputs (Ins	ert. RIAA chann	-130 -130 10k 20k 50k el deviation)
		ert. RIAA chann	-1 d# 10X 20X 50X



This is Rotel's new \$250 separates amplifier system and uses the considerable experience of their hitherto successful UK design team.

The cleanly designed pre-amplifier is finished in satin black and not overburdened with an excessive number of rarely used functions. Bass and treble controls are provided but may be bypassed, and a mono switch is also available. The front panel is dominated by a large centrally located volume control, with function selection and tape monitoring provided by rotary switches. The back panel contains gold plated phono sockets with inputs for disc (moving magnet and moving-coil), CD, tuner, two tape machines, and 2 'aux'/AV inputs, plus one input and output offering the facility to route a video signal through the pre-amplifier.

The 50W per channel (17dBW) power amplifier is a plain uncluttered box with only an on/off switch on the front. A switch on the back panel engages bridged mono operation, which increases power output to 150W. Binding post/4mm sockets are provided for speaker connection, and good quality phono sockets connect to the incoming signal.

Internal inspection of the *RC850* reveals the single board construction and short signal paths used wherever possible. All gain stages are based around selected *5534* operational amplifiers, and the disc stage is gain switched for mm or m-c operation. Some of the capacitors have been chosen on sound quality grounds, and other passive components considered less important are good commercial grade. The mains transformer is encased in steel to control hum fields.

The RB is a dual mono, two transformer, symmetric design of single board construction, using discrete components. Generous $2x10,000\mu$ F power supply capacitors per channel are mounted on the main amplifier board. Minimal internal wiring allows a very tidy and high standard of construction. Separate internal heatsinks are provided for each set of 4 robust output transistors, and the only protection is supply line fuses.

LAB REPORT

The power amplifier was well up to specification, achieving 18dBW. It held up well into lower impedances thanks to the very generous peak current capacity; $\pm 25A$ is greater than many amps with much higher specified output ratings. In bridged mode into 80hms (one channel only) 23dBW (200W) was available.

The measured harmonic distortion and intermodulation results were very good and the signal-to-noise ratios were up with the best. Separation was quite good, balance was perfect, and the DC offset was low. Bandwidth was rolled off very slightly at the bass end, some 0.5dB down at 20Hz, but was well extended at high frequencies. The power spectrogram was fairly clean, albeit with some 100Hz and 200Hz breakthrough.

The pre-amp's total harmonic and intermodulation distortion figures were very good, and the noise on all inputs adequately low. Overload margins were all fine and stereo separation was also good. Channel balance was generally good, except that a 4dB error was noted at low volume settings. The RIAA was very accurate, exhibiting a sensible bass rolloff. RIAA channel deviation was negligible, and the line input response was flat within +0/-0.1dB limits, 20Hz to 20kHz.

SOUND QUALITY

This pre-amplifier returned a very respectable-score considering its modest price, rating 'good' for the m-c cartridge and rather better *via* the CD input. Very neutral with a pleasant tonal quality and an unfatiguing quality *via* moving-coil, the bass was competent, even and extended, and the treble unobtrusive. Some loss of subtle detail was noted in the midrange and treble, while the soundstage seemed a little flat, the stereo lacking full depth and clarity. 'Bland' was one of the comments used, yet the good sonic rating speaks for itself. A small improvement was apparent *via* the moving magnet disc input.

The CD input's rating improved considerably, rivalling established pre-amplifiers at several times the price. The bass was clean and deep with good articulation, the treble only slightly dulled with a mild loss of detail. The stereo was nicely focused with worthwhile width and depth.

The power amplifier sounded exceptional for its price category, pointing to considerable potential for use with more expensive pre-amps, or in multiple amplifier active loudspeakers. Clarity and instrumental separation was good, while a mildly 'lean', 'pinched' effect in the midband did not appear to detract from decent stereo staging with good depth and focus. Some 'grain' and 'edge' was audible in the treble, but was not considered too serious, while the bass was strong with good speed and drive.

CONCLUSIONS

The RC850 is remarkably good for the price, makes a worthy 'budget separates' combination with the RB850, and clearly merits Recommendation. The RB850 could also partner a superior pre-amp, though it is hard to think of one at a similar price. Alternatively one could buy two, for bi-amping suitable loudspeakers. That aside, the *RB850* and the combination of the two obviously merit Best Buy ratings.

Power outon) Rated power into 80hms, ma Power output One channel, 80hm load Both channels, 40hm load One channel, 20hms, pulser Instantaneous peak curren <u>Distortion</u> Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in	20Hz 18.0dBW 16 5dBW I -dBW I -dBW I -dBW I -dBW I -dBW I -dBW	50W IkHz 18.1dBW 16.9dBW 16.5dBW +25A IkHz - 84dB	ted amplifier (= 17dBW) 20kHz 18.0dBW 16.7dBW -dBW - 25A 20kHz - 72dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz,	at OdBW, dis	c (mm)	— 85dB — 77dB — 77dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR to Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR we Residual, unweighted (volur DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) Disc (mc) input (1HF) Stereo iseoaration	weighted) veighted) ighted)	min) left 10n	- 78dB - 65dB - 88dB - 90dB NV, right GmV right n/a mV 20kHz 32.1dB 30.2dB > 23dB
Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Dutput impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1 Volume/balance tranking Aux/CD input Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Power amp Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 301 Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT 'See lext	kHz 0.02dB type sensiti 0.147 79m 137r	vity loadii nV 47kot imV 190ot V 45kot nV 28kot 12.5Vm +0.1 RC 44 RB 44.4:	0.01dB 60dB 4.1dB ng nms 110pF nms n/a nF nms 140pF
-2			
		1. +0. 1/-0. 140 1. +0. 1/-0. 340 1. +0. 0/-0. 140	+198
Frequency responses, vinyl and	cD inputs (Inse	t. RIAA channi	iok 20k 50k el deviation)



This is the latest version of Rotel's already established 870 series. Now in *BX* form, with rated output increased to 80W, it should be a strong performer in its price category if the company's track record is anything to go by. In contrast to the 'purist' \$20BX this is a full facility design and incorporates switching for video as well as audio signals.

Apart from the pushbutton power and remote speaker switches, all other controls are rotary. The remainder include bass and treble, tone defeat/mono, concentric volume/ balance, plus separate 'CD direct' volume and switching. Comprehensive tape monitoring facilities are sited alogside the main input selector.

The rear panel phono sockets provide inputs for disc (mm or m-c, selected by an adjacent switch), CD, tuner, 2X tape, video disc, video recorder, and TV monitor out. All videorelated inputs have two audio channels and one video. Separate pre-amp out and power amp in sockets are linked by a removable pin in normal use. Two sets of binding posts/4mm sockets are provided for speaker connection.

Internal construction is to a high standard and follows much modern thinking (and good audio engineering practise), for example placing the input switching near the input terminals. Some ribbon cable is used for board-to-board connections and some links use wire wrap techniques. The phono and pre-amp stages are built around selected low noise operational amplifiers with the power supplied from discrete regulator circuits. High quality Alps pots are used for both main and CD direct volume controls.

The power supply comes from a single large transformer, with separate on-board rectifiers and smoothing for each channel. Six large transistors per channel are bolted to each of the two heatsinks, and the output is fuse protected to the upper set of speaker terminals (which are connected directly to the board). The output is also thermally protected, with front panel warning light.

LAB REPORT

The 20.5dBW output met power specifications without any problem, and held up extremely well on both 4 and 20hm tests. The instantaneous current capability was asymmetric, but a very generous +30/-35A. Harmonic distortion figures were good and so were the intermodulation results on both disc inputs. Full power IM results were a little worse than expected, though still reasonable. Noise performance was generally adequate, though the moving-coil disc input would benefit from being a few dB quieter.

Input overload margins were generous on all inputs. Stereo separation suffered as frequency increased, but it still just suffices at 20kHz. Output impedance was negligible and channel balance good over the full dynamic range of the volume control. Input sensitivities and loading were well chosen on all preamp inputs, though the power amplifier driven alone is a little insensitive.

The RIAA response was well engineered over the important octaves. All inputs were rolled off under 100Hz – the disc stages some 2dB down at 20Hz with a steep rolloff thereafter. RIAA channel matching was acceptable, showing some differences but keeping these within .5dB limits.

SOUND QUALITY

Earlier pre-BX 870 models have done well enough in the past, albeit somewhat overshadowed by smaller units such as the '820BX series. However, the substantial advance wrought by this BX redesign indicates that the 870 is now a keener contender.

One welcome aspect was the good consistency shown between the three main inputs (m-c, mm vinyl disc and CD), with a strong 'good+' overall rating. The basic character is dynamic and lively, with a crisp powerful bass showing slam, extension and articulation. It must be conceded that the midband was slightly 'hardened' and 'electronic sounding', but this did not attract undue censure. The treble added a touch of high frequency 'sheen' and forwardness, but did not slide towards obvious sibilance or 'grain'.

Clarity was consistently high, and the amplifier produced solid, well focused stereo images of good scale and width, plus decent depth and ambience. It sounded very muscular, appearing to be in total control of the loudspeakers, and where necessary battering them into submission to its will. Sounding for all the world like a more refined and powerful 820 BX2, this new '870 proved capable of

high loudness levels into virtually any load, and also demonstrated good clipping performance.

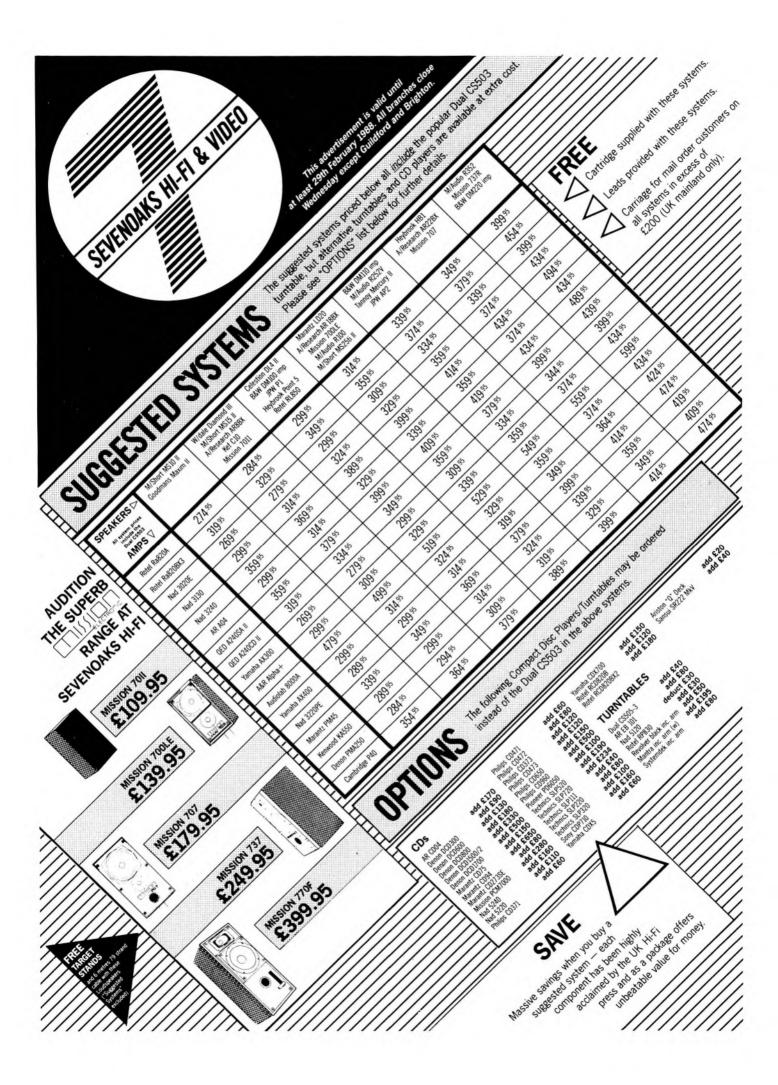
CONCLUSIONS

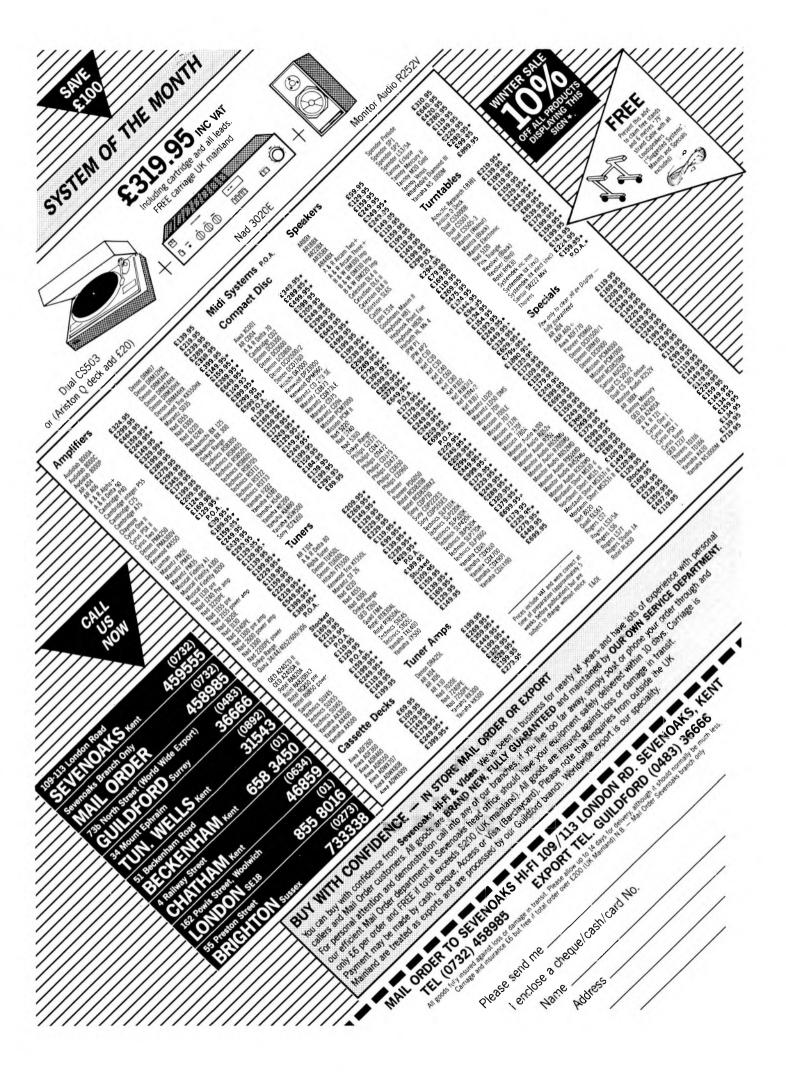
The RA870BX is a demonstrable success. At a comparatively modest price it delivers a lot of power and output current, with a well balanced technical performance and thoroughly up to date sound quality. Notable for its drive and dynamic control, this amplifier is clearly a strong performer that deserves Best Buy status.

TEST RESULTS

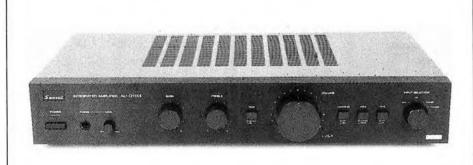
Power output Rated power into 8ohms, mak	or's snoe		ited amplifier / (= 19dBW)
Power output	20Hz	l kHz	20kHz
One channel, 80hm load	20.5dBW	20.8dBW	20.6dBW
Both channels. 40hm load	18.7dBW	19.2dBW	
One channel, 20hms, pulsed	-dBW	20dBW	_dBW
Instantaneous peak current	-0011	+ 35A	- 30A
Distortion		1 3 30	304
Total harmonic distortion.	20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in.	- 7.7dB	- 88dB	- 77dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r			— 54dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a			- 76dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	t NdRW, dis	c(mc)	- 78dB
Noise		0 (110)	1000
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w	eiohted)		— 72dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR we			-63dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig			- 73dB
Residual, unweighted (volum		min)	- 74dB
DC output offset			nV, right 1mV
DC offset, pre-amp			, right n/a mV
Input overload	20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	34.2dB	32.3dB	32.0dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	35.0dB	33.4dB	33.3dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>23dB	>23dB	> 23dB
Stereo separation	- 2000	2 2000	- 2000
	00.10	0.10	
	9308	6408	Bade
Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input	93dB 93dB	64dB 64dB	38dB 38dB
Aux/CD input	93dB	64dB	38dB
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp)	93dB 0.04ohm		38dB 0.05ohm
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1ki	93dB 0.04ohm	64dB	38dB
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1ki Volume/balance tracking	93dB 0.04ohm Hz	64dB 0.03ohm	38dB 0.05ohm 0.33dB*
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1ki	93dB 0.04ohm Hz 0dB 0.09dB	64dB 0.03ohm 20dB 1.24dB	38dB 0.05ohm 0.33dB* — 60dB 0.70dB
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1kl Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input inta socket ty	93dB 0.04ohm Hz 0dB 0.09dB	64dB 0.03ohm — 20dB 1.24dB vily loadi	38dB 0.05ohm 0.33dB* — 60dB 0.70dB ng
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Aux/CD [°] input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1ki Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Lingui Jara Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input	93d8 0.04ohm Hz 0d8 0.09d8 ype sensiti 0.27 0.02	64dB 0.03ohm — 20dB 1.24dB vity loadi πV 47kot 9 180ot πV 35kot	38dB 0.05ohm 0.33dB*
Aux/CD [°] input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1kt Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input Jata socket ty Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input	93dB 0.040hm Hz 0dB 0.09dB ype sensiti 0.27i 0.02 16.8	64dB 0.03ohm — 20dB 1.24dB vity loadi nV 47kot 19 180ot mV 35kot nV 20kot 11.2V m	38dB 0.050hm 0.33dB* 60dB 0.70dB ng ms 103pF ms 103pF ms 250pF ms 120pF ms 120pF max, 1000hms
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1ki Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Disc (mm) input Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input Power amp	93dB 0.04ohm Hz 0.09dB ype sensiti 0.27i 0.02 16.8 109i	64dB 0.03ohm — 20dB 1.24dB vity loadi nV 47kot 19 180ot mV 35kot nV 20kot 11.2V m	38dB 0.050hm 0.33dB* 60dB 0.70dB ng ms 103pF ms 103pF ms 250pF ms 120pF ms 120pF max, 1000hms
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1ki Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Disc (mm) input Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape)	93dB 0.04ohm Hz 0.09dB ype sensiti 0.27i 0.02 16.8 109i	64dB 0.030hm 20dB 1.24dB vity loadi nV 47kot '9 1800i mV 35kot nV 20kot 11.2Vm +0.2	38dB 0.05ohm 0.33dB*
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1kt Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Aux/CD input Power amp Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Ha Size (width, height, deth) Typical price inc VAT	93dB 0.04ohm Hz 0.09dB ype sensiti 0.27i 0.02 16.8 109i	64dB 0.030hm 20dB 1.24dB vity loadi nV 47kot '9 1800i mV 35kot nV 20kot 11.2Vm +0.2	38dB 0.050hm 0.33dB* -60dB 0.70dB ng ms 103pF mms 103pF mms 250pF mms 250pF ms 120pF max, 1000hms 2dB, -1.0dB
Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1kt Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input Disc (mc) input Disc (mc) input Power amp Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth)	93dB 0.04ohm Hz 0.09dB ype sensiti 0.27i 0.02 16.8 109i	64dB 0.030hm 20dB 1.24dB vity loadi nV 47kot '9 1800i mV 35kot nV 20kot 11.2Vm +0.2	38dB 0.05ohm 0.33dB*
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SANSUI (UK) LTD., UNIT 10A, LYON IND. EST., ROCKWARE AVENUE, GREENFORD, MIDDX. TEL: 01-575 1133.



SANSUI AU-G11X

This compact budget integrated amplifier, claimed to be designed primarily for sound quality, is attractively finished with gold lettering on a well-ordered fascia, incorporating many of the usual facilities without producing operational confusion. It is priced a little over budget level at \$139, and is rated at 25W/channel (14dBW). The disc input is moving magnet only, the tone controls are supplemented by a defeat switch, and further switches select loudness, mono/stereo and tape monitoring.

The headphone socket is accompanied by its own small volume control, and is in fact driven by its own little amplifier, independent of the loudspeaker connection and main signal path. The rear panel socketry is phono throughout, with a single pair of loudspeaker output binding posts, capable of taking quite heavy gauge cable. The overall external finish is to the expected high standards, and the unit feels reassuringly heavy considering its modest price and pretensions.

LAB REPORT

Using a medium sized transformer, the shared $5,800\mu$ F power supply incorporates extensive regulation and decoupling for different stages. The separate headphone amplifier avoids switching in the speaker path and gives optimum headphone drive. There is evidence that care has been taken in signal path component selection, with polystyrene capacitors etc, and direct wiring paths. The conventional bi-polar output uses generous high current transistors.

Power output is fairly generous, comfortably above the admittedly modest 25W specification and quite load tolerant besides. Distortions were very low, and noise levels and overload margins were generally satisfactory. The DC offset was a little larger than average, and high frequency stereo separation is only just satisfactory. Inputs should be fine for compatibility with other components. The disc input RIAA curve shows good component tolerancing and an even midband, with sensible bandlimiting at the extremes (amounting to a possibly audible -1dB at 15kHz). Power supply modulation seemed very well under control.

SOUND QUALITY

Rating a little above average, the '*11X* certainly delivered a cleaner clearer sound than what one might call the 'Far Eastern norm', but on balance it also fell a little short of the achievements of other audiophile oriented integrated models at around the same price.

A degree of disc surface noise exaggeration was noted, and the most obvious char acteristic was that the sound remained tightly controlled, at the expense perhaps of a little weight' and 'attack'. Focus was pretty good, but there was some loss of depth, with mild congestion, and a slightly 'dulled', 'thickened' effect. Coloration was generally low, but with some 'steeliness' noted when using CD as a source.

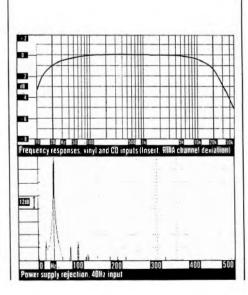
CONCLUSIONS

Producing a thoroughly respectable sound for a relatively modest price, the 'G11X also delivered a decent lab performance. Build quality and finish are both excellent with generous component quality and quite simple layout of signals paths. Taking commercial considerations into account, Sansui have chosen a sensible compromise between facilities and sound quality here, and Recommendation is appropriate.

Test measurements

To show how well the amplifier sustains its Sohm output into real loudspeaker loads, the level into 40hms and 20hms is given in dBW (where OdB = IW), without adding 3dB or 6dB respectively, as in usual 'power' ratings.

TEST	RESU	LTS	
Power output Rated power into 8ohms, mak Power output Dne channel, 8ohm load Both channels, 4ohm load Dne channel, 2ohms, pulsed Instantaneous peak current	20Hz 16.0dBW 13.3dBW		ted amplifier (= 14dBW) 20kHz 15.8dBW 13.5dBW -dBW - 11A
D <u>istortion</u> Total härmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a Noise	20Hz — 82dB ated power it OdBW, dis	lkHz — 92dB ;, aux input sc (mm)	20kHz — 70dB — 80dB — 73dB
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR wi Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR weig Residual, unweighted (volum DC output offset Input overload Disc (mm) input (1HF) CD input (1HF) Stereo separation	hted)		— 70dB — 73dB — 92dB V, right 28mV 20kHz 29.5dB >20dB
Stele Seperation Disc input (mm) CO input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 1kl Volume/balance tracking Aux input Aux input Input data socket h Disc (mm) input Phono CD input Phono Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error, 30Hz Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT Reassessed	OdB 0.98dB ype sensit 0.44 30r	+0.060	nms 100pF nms 215pF / max, 1ohms



TECHNICS SU-V55A PANASONIC UK LTD., 300-318 BATH ROAD, SLOUGH, BERKS SL1 6JB. TEL: (0753) 34522.



Technics products invariably have a quality finish and feel, and the *SU-V55A* is no exception. This is a large integrated amplifier with a host of facilities, accessed from a complex front panel adorned with many knobs and switches Technics claim good power delivery into 40hm loads, and the 60W per channel (18dBW) *V55A* should have no problem driving the majority of modern speakers

Carrying the familiar (if somewhat misleading) 'Class AA' label, which describes part of the circuit design, the front panel is logically set out and easy to use. The bass and treble controls can be bypassed by a defeat switch, but balance remains in circuit at all times. A rotary selector directs the required input to the 'record out' socket. Input facilities include moving magnet and moving coil disc, CD, 'aux', tape 2 and tape 1/ DAT. Two pairs of twistlock speaker outputs are provided, selected by the front panel switch, and a headphone socket is also available. A 'CD direct' button is placed in its own section of the front panel, routing an incoming CD signal directly to the volume control

A good quality power transformer supplies the large $2x8,200\mu$ F reservoirs shared between channels. The power amplifier is a single hybrid module which provides both channel's outputs and electronic protection. A heat pipe transfers heat away from the output circuits to aluminium fins *via* a hermetically contained fluid. Other circuitry comprises a mixture of discrete transistors and integrated circuits. Good commercial standard passive components are used, but none appear to be of specific audiophile quality.

LAB REPORT

Peak power output was a healthy 19.6dBW into 80hms, falling to 17dBW into 40hm but keeping up well into 20hms (reflecting the generous ± 20.4 peak current rating). Total harmonic distortion was low, and intermodulation distortion reasonably so

Noise performance was generally good, hut the moving coil input could benefit from some improvement. DC output offset was zero, and output impedance low. Overload margins were fine, and stereo separation on hoth line and disc inputs was good in the midband but unexceptional at higher frequencies. Input sensitivities and loading were typical of mainstream products, and should comfortably match many ancillaries.

Volume/balance tracking strayed a little at low settings. The supply modulation test revealed no gremlins, with mains rejection of the highest order. The frequency response was flat on line inputs, with sensible rolloffs at the frequency extremes. The RIAA response was well tailored on the moving magnet setting, but moving-coil showed some mild anomalies, especially at high frequencies.

SOUND QUALITY

Following the current fashion for improving sound quality, this mid-priced design proved no slouch in the listening tests. Rating a solid 'good' *via* analogue disc inputs, with a significant bias in favour of the moving magnet result, it went on to improve slightly *via* its CD input – despite a wide range of features and facilities which normally detract from subjective performance.

The sound was smooth if slightly coloured, with a mildly 'wooden' effect on cellos. Despite a touch of sheen in the high treble, and a bass which lacked drive and interest, the midrange was clearly well defined and stereo showed good width and depth plus a degree of precise focus. Vocal sibilants were pure, and the sound subjectively low in distortion.

Results with CD sources were most respectable, scoring up with the better and highly rated UK models. The bass had firm definition with good extension and weight, while treble 'grain' was low. The midrange showed no undue hardness but good clarity and definition were the watchwords here. Stereo images were well focused and stable, with a healthy depth and ambience, plus decent dynamic life and 'attack'. Driven to high levels, this amplifier behaved well, with tolerable pleasant clipping, decent loudness and good load tolerance; nor was it overprotected.

CONCLUSIONS

This modern amplifier offers the expected

fine build quality and finish along with a wide range of features. Power delivery was good and a decent level of sound quality was achieved despite these facilities, tone controls and the like. As a package it constitutes fine value and deserves Best Buy status.

Power output			Integra	ated amplifier
Rated power into 80hm			6 Ö W	(= 18 dBW)
Power output		OHZ	1kHz	20kHz
One chan ne l, 80hm lo: Both channels, 40hm l			19.9dBW 17.4dBW	19.8dBW 17.3dBW
One channel, 20hms, p			17dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak cu		0011	+ 22A	- 19A
Distortion				
Total harmonic distort		OHz	1kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/C		80dB	—85dB	— 80dB — 78dB
Intermodulation, 19/20 Intermodulation, 19/20				- 720E
Intermodulation, 19/20				- 65cB
Noise				
Disc (mm) input (1HF, C	CIR weigh	ted)		- 71dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, Cl Aux/CD input (1HF, CCII	un weigin Rweighte	(181) d)		— 63dB — 72dB
Residual, unweighted (volume co	ntrol at n	nin)	— 7 5dB
DC output offset				OV, right Om V
DC offset, pre-amp				nV, right OmV
Input overload		20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF) Disc (mc) input (1HF)		2_0dB 0.2dB	31.2dB 29.3dB	31.1dB 27.3dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)		-23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Stereo separation				
Disc input (mm)		See	EZCE	38cB
Aux/CD input Output impedance (da		SdB Schm	65dE 0.18chm	40dE 0.24chm
Channel balance, disc,		COUL	U.ICUMM	0.25dB
Volume/balance track	ting	O dB	— 20dB	-60dB
Aux/CD input	0.	04dB	0.19dB	1.98dB
	cket ty p e	sensitivi 0.29m\		
Disc (mm) input Disc (mc) input*		0.025m		
Aux/CD input		18.5m	40kol	ms 150nF
Aux/CD_input Output, pre-amp (tape)		18.5 m \	40 kol 10.4V m	ms 150pF ax, 2 5kohms
Aux/CD_input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	ims 150pF ax 2.5kctms dB, — 1.3dB
Aux/CD_input Output, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error Size(width,height,dep	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ex, 2.5kchms 2dB, — 1.3dB 1x12.4x30cm
Aux/CD_input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	ims 150pF ax 2.5kctms dB, — 1.3dB
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ex, 2.5kchms 2dB, — 1.3dB 1x12.4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ax, 2 5kchms 5dB, — 1 3dB 1x12 4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ex, 2.5kchms 2dB, — 1.3dB 1x12.4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ex, 2.5kchms 2dB, — 1.3dB 1x12.4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ex, 2.5kchms 2dB, — 1.3dB 1x12.4x30cm
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Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ax, 2 5kchms 5dB, — 1 3dB 1x12 4x30cm
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Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ax, 2 5kchms 5dB, — 1 3dB 1x12 4x30cm
Aux/CD_input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ex, 2.5kchms 2dB, — 1.3dB 1x12.4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ax, 2 5kchms 5dB, — 1 3dB 1x12 4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dep Typical price inc VAT	, 30Hz-15	18.5 m \	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ax, 2 5kchms 5dB, — 1 3dB 1x12 4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 :th)	18.5m	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3	nms 150pF ax, 2 5kchms 5dB, — 1 3dB 1x12 4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 :th)	18.5m	/ 40kal 10.4Vm +0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ax, 2 5kchms 5dB, — 1 3dB 1x12 4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 :th)	18.5m	/ 40kal 10.4Vm +0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ax, 2 5kchms 5dB, — 1 3dB 1x12 4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 :th)	18.5m	/ 40kal 10.4Vm +0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ex, 2.5kchms 2dB, — 1.3dB 1x12.4x30cm
Aux/CD input Output pre-ampitapel Disc equalisation error Size(width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 :th)	18.5mA	/ 40kal 10.4Vm +0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ex, 2 5kotms idB, - 1.3dB 1x12.4x.70cm £200
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size(width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 th)	18.5mA	/ 40kol 10.4Vm +0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ex, 2 Skotms idB, - 1.3dB 1x12 4x30cm £200
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size(width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 th)	18.5mA	/ 40kol 10.4Vm +0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ex, 2 Skotms idB, - 1.3dB 1x12 42.70cm £200
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tape) Disc equalisation error Size(width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 th)	18.5mA	/ 40kol 10.4Vm +0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ex, 2 Skotms idB, - 1.3dB 1x12 42.70cm £200
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Aux/CD input Output pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 th)	18.5mA	/ 40kol 10.4Vm +0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ex, 2 Skotms idB, - 1.3dB 1x12 42.70cm £200
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Aux/CD input Output pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error Size (width, height, dej Typical price inc VAT 'See text	, 30Hz-15 th)	18.5mA	/ 40kol 10.4V m + 0.3 43.0	nms 150pF ex, 2 Skotms idB, - 1.3dB 1x12 42.70cm £200



The *SU-V85A* is a large and somewhat imposing, comprehensively equipped integrated amplifier with excellent finish. It has a nominal output of 100W (20dBW) and in common with all recent Technics products uses proprietary 'Class AA' circuitry.

If technical features, good build quality and excellent specifications are the main criteria for buying an amplifier then look no further. This Japanese built model is very well equipped, with no fewer than 22 controls and buttons on the front panel. Switches are available for power, speaker switching (either, both or headphone only), tone defeat, subsonic filter, audio muting, loudness, tape monitor and recording mode. Bass and treble tone plus balance controls are also included. Inputs accommodate phono, (mm or m-c) tuner, CD, 2 'aux', and 3 tape recorders, indicator LEDs illuminating to advise the function selected. There is also the now mandatory 'CD direct' button, which provides a more direct signal path in search of greater fidelity.

The rear panel houses phono sockets, and two pairs of speaker outlets. Considering the complexity the amplifier has been well designed in ergonomic terms and proved easy to use.

Build quality is to Technics normal high standard. Using Japanese multi-board construction techniques, the design is well executed with neat wiring, making use of ribbon cable where possible. The internally mounted, finned aluminium heatsink extrusion has two output transistors per channel. The power supply has rectification and smoothing on the power amplifier board and is fed from a single, fairly substantial transformer. The pre-amp is sited directly behind the front panel, using a combination of conventional commercial discrete components and ICs.

LAB REPORT

The 20dBW rating was easily justified on test, with a high 21.5dBW recorded over a wide power bandwidth, albeit with some signs of instability at the clipping point. The output fell only very slightly into 4ohms, but the 2ohm result is disappointing with only 14dBW available before waveform break up. The $\pm 15/-16A$ instantaneous peak current is also a little low given the power ratings, indicating a 4-80hm loudspeaker rating.

Distortion figures were good, with well suppressed intermodulation products. Input noise was low and DC offset zero. No complaint can be made about the overload margins, stereo separation or volume/balance tracking. Output impedance was quite low and the input sensitivities and loadings are fairly standard. However the 350pF on disc is a little on the high side and may affect the frequency response of some moving magnet cartridges (possibly for the better in most cases).

The frequency response was commendably flat on all inputs, with sensible rolloffs outside the audio band. The lack of RIAA channel deviation indicates good component tolerancing in the disc equalisation stages.

SOUND QUALITY

Building on the creditable performance of its smaller 55A brother, the 85A recorded an improvement roughly proportional to its price, and was firmly rated good for both cartridge inputs, with further improvement via the 'CD direct' terminal.

Used with a good CD player, the '85 had obviously good clarity, high definition and a clean 'open' character. The bass showed respectable drive and power, but this was not a particular strength. There was no question concerning the high standard achieved in the treble, however. Subjective distortion was low, and the sound nicely detailed, unobtrusive and informative. Stereo showed respectable depth, with fine overall focus and image stability, though there was slight narrowing.

The moving-coil input showed good performance, with above average bass and a clean, neutral midrange, with notably classy transient definition and good solo vocal exposition. With firm overall focus and solid, stable stereo, the impression was created of a strong generous amplifier in firm control of the situation. Hardness and 'grain' were held well down, and the result was quite musical and tonally well balanced. Driven to and beyond overload it could deal with some of the more difficult loudspeaker loads and was clearly a large powerful model, capable of high sound levels.

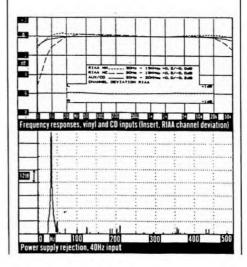
CONCLUSIONS

Past experience has tended to show larger integrated amplifiers in an unfavourable light, often offering poorer sound than cheaper brethren. However, this was not the case with the *SU-V85A*, and the excellent lab performance shows just how much can be achieved at this price level.

The sound quality was respectable, obtained without sacrifice to the features, and the considerable value merits recommendation.

<u>TEST RESULTS</u>

Power output		Integra	ted amolifier
Rated power into 8ohms, mak	er's snec		(=20 dBW)
Power output	20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
One channel, 80hm load	21.5dBW	21.7dBW	21.7dBW
Both channels, 40hm load	18.6dBW	19.3dBW	19.3dBW
One channel, 20hms, pulsed	-dBW	14dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak current		+15A	-16A
Distortion			
Total harmonic distortion,	20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/CD in.	— 82dB	— 87dB	— 76dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, r	ated power,	aux input	— 88dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a			— 76dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a	it ÖdBW, dis	c (mc)	— 70dB
Noise			
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR w	eighted)		— 7 4 dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR we	ighted)		— 69dB
Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, a			— 76dB
Residual, unweighted (volum	e control at		— 8 ldB
DC output offset			V, right OmV
DC offset, pre-amp			V, right OmV
Input overload	20Hz	1kHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)	33.2dB	32.7dB	30.4dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*	30.1dB	29.3dB	28dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)	>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Stereo separation			
Disc input (mm)	64dB	62dB	40dB
Aux/CD input	74dB	67dB	42dB
Output impedance (damp)	0.23ohm	0.23ohm	
Channel balance, disc, at 1k		00.10	0.59dB
Volume/balance tracking	OdB	- 20dB	- 60dB
Aux/CD input	0 02dB	0.10dB	0.15dB
indilt data socket ty		vity loadin	
Disc (mm) input	0.264		
Disc (mc) input*	0.016		
Aux/CD input	15m		
Output, pre-amp (tape)	161.11-		ax, 640ohms
Disc equalisation error, 30H	- I JKHZ		dB, — 0.0dB 15.8x39.3cm
Size (width, height, depth)		43X.	£350
Typical price inc VAT *See text			2300
Seeiexi			



YAMAHA AX-3UU Yamaha electronics, 200 rickmansworth road, watford, herts wd1 7js. tel: (0923) 33166



This just-above-budget-price \$120 integrated Japanese amplifier is typical of the new breed of simplified designs which are aimed particularly at the UK market. It is a compact model, though taller than most of its competitors, rated at 30-40W, and finished inevitably in black. A functional if stark front panel has five knobs, two pushbuttons and a headphone socket. Supplementing the main volume control are three subsidiary rotaries for tone and balance, plus an input selector, the centre position on the tone controls labelled defeat. Tape monitoring and, power switching are provided by the individual pushbuttons. The rear panel has phono socketry throughout, the disc input restricted to moving magnet cartridges, plus a single set of binding posts for loudspeaker connection.

LAB REPORT

Using a very clean single board layout, the '300 uses a high-gain discrete-component direct-coupled bi-polar power amplifier section which also includes the tone control circuitry, and so avoids using a line stage altogether. Output relays provide effective protection, disc input circuitry is dual IC, and although mains connections were unshrouded the unit generally showed very competent Japanese build quality throughout, with clear evidence of sound quality priority.

Power output was respectably above the fairly modest specification, and was also respectably maintained into low impedances, with a generous current capability of 15/16A. Distortion and noise measurements were both very good, overload margins and stereo separation were fine, and calibration reasonable enough for the price. Inputs should show no matching problems provided auxiliaries have normal output levels. The power supply modulation spectrum shows an excellent result at any price, while the RIAA disc equalisation might have been a little closer toler anced, and will provide a touch of 'character'.

SOUND QUALITY

The *300* was rated comfortably above average and close to a 'good' rating; it is clearly

one of the more impressive models at its price level – up with well regarded models costing considerably more. Not the most comfortable of sounds, the liveliness and dynamics provided the strongest impression, with good 'speed' and 'momentum' outweighing criticisms of some loss of transparency and a rather 'bright' overall balance. Not the subtlest or most controlled sounding performer, a natural sense of exuberance more than compensates.

CONCLUSIONS

Fine build quality plus sound quality oriented engineering bring Yamaha strongly into the market for 'stripped down' 'budget audiophile' integrated amplifiers with a very impressive contender. Livelier than most if a little less polite than many, the '300 clearly merits confident recommendation.

Test measurements

To show how well the amplifier sustains its 80hm output into real loudspeaker loads, the level into 40hms and 20hms is given in dBW (where 0dB = IW), without adding 3dB or 6dB respectively, as in usual 'power' ratings.

		ULIS	
Power ontout Rated power into 80 Power output One channel, 80hm Both channels, 40h One channel, 20hm Instantaneous peak	20Hz load 17.5dB m load 13.5dB s, pulsed –dBW	c 30 IkHz W 17.5dBW W 14.5dBW	rated amplifier W (= 15dBW) 20kHz 17.4dBW 14dBW -dBW -16A
Distortion Total harmonic dist at rated power, aux Intermodulation, 19 Intermodulation, 19	t/CD in.	ver, aux input	20kHz — 88dB — 98dB — 71dE
Noise Disc (mm) input (1HF, 1 Aux/CD input (1HF, 1 Residual, unweighti DC output offset Input overload Disc (mm) input (1H Aux/CD input (1HF)	CCIR weighted) ed (volume contro 20Hz IF) 32.5dt >20d	I at min) left 17n 1kHz 3 32dB	— 74dE — 77dB — 86dE 1V, right 17mV 20kHz 31.8dB >20dB
Stereo separation Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (Channel balance, di Volume/balance tr Aux/CD input Input data	63dB 83dB (damp) 0.09oh isc, at 1kHz acking 0dB 0.08d8	m 0.09o h m — 20dB	0.65dE 60dB 1.22dB
Disc (mm) input	Phono 0 Phono 2 ape)	.49mV 47kc 9.5mV 62kc 11.5V	
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (ta Disc equalisation e Size (width, height, Typical price inc VA	depth)		44x9.5x31cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (ta Disc equalisation et Size (width, height,	depth)		44x9.5x31cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (ta Disc equalisation er Size (width, height, Typical price inc VA <i>"See text</i>	depth)		44x9.5x31cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (ta Disc equalisation er Size (width, height, Typical price inc VA <i>"See text</i>	depth)		44x9.5x31cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (ta Disc equalisation e Size (width, height, Typical price inc VA 'See text Reassessed	depth)		44x9.5x31cm
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (ta Disc equalisation e Size (width, height, Typical price inc VA 'See text Reassessed			44x9.5x31cn £12(
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tz Disc equalisation eu Size (width, height, Typical price inc VA 'See text Reassessed			44x9.5x31cm E12(
Aux/CD input Output, pre-amp (tz Disc equalisation equalisation equalisation et Size (width, height, Typical price inc VA 'See text Reassessed	depth) T	IN STATUS	44x9.5x31cm £12(

YAMAHA ELECTRONICS, 200 RICKMANSWORTH ROAD, WATFORD, HERTS WD1 7JS. TEL: (0923) 33166



MAHA AX-500

Yamaha's recent budget amplifiers have been well received in *Hi-Fi Choice*, so it's appropriate that we move up to a more costly model this time around.

The \$200 AX 500 is very well equipped. A row of six touch buttons in the centre of the neatly styled front panel allow selection of two tape decks, video, tuner, CD and phono, with an extra 'CD direct' facility thrown in for good measure. Tone shaping includes standard bass and treble plus a continuously variable loudness/volume control. Other functions available from the front panel are subsonic filter, tone control bypass, speaker switching, mono switching, and a choice of moving-coil or moving magnet sensitivity. 'Record out' can be separately directed from any input, and a headphone output is also provided. Two sets of speakers can be connected to binding posts, and the pre- and power sections may be individually accessed via an external link on the back panel.

The power amplifier is constructed using discrete transistors on a separate circuit board, with high power Toshiba output transistors. A large power transformer supplies a pair of 12,000 μ F smoothing capacitors shared between the channels. The preamplifier and tone controls are based on integrated circuits, the boards neatly linked by ribbon cable. Output inductors are placed close to the output terminals on a small back panel mounted PCB, which switches the loudspeaker outputs remotely from the front panel.

LAB REPORT

The basic rating is 85W (19dBW) per channel into an 80hm load, but the amplifier has been designed to drive lower impedance loads without any problem. The specified power output was easily met on test, 21.4dBW being achieved over the audio power bandwidth. The power supply was sufficiently large to maintain a creditable 18.3dBW into 40hms (135W) with both channels driven and the good performance was continued with the 20hm pulsed load; a generous \pm 23A was available for peaks. Harmonic and intermodulation distortion perform ance were both very good, but signal-to-noise ratios were only satisfactory. The DC offset measured a little high, especially on the right channel.

Ample overload margins were measured on all inputs, and stereo separation was normal. Input sensitivities were sensible with no loading anomalies. The frequency response showed some mild bass lift below 50Hz on all inputs, but this is considered relatively unimportant, and the extreme treble was sensibly rolled off. The output impedance of tape outputs is low and has a maximum output of 9.33V. Good supply mains rejection is shown in the spectrogram.

SOUND QUALITY

The AX500 rated a solid 'good' via analogue disc inputs, showing considerable competence in all departments. Moving magnet was marginally better than moving-coil. But the latter should not be dismissed as an afterthought, as is sometimes the case with midpriced integrated amplifiers, and in fact most of the analogue listening was through this input. The stereo staging was quite good, with a fair measure of atmosphere, depth and ambience, and well judged width and focus. Both bass and treble sounded quite good, and the almost 'creamy' textured midrange was another good point – nicely balanced and lacking electronic hardness or glare.

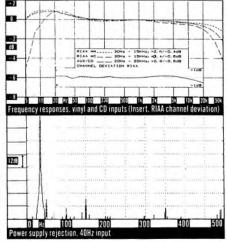
The CD input was well matched to the others, showing only a small uplift in quality and so testifying to the sound design of the RIAA circuitry. The smooth midrange remained a good feature, while the bass could have shown a touch more speed and slam, but was quite good nonetheless. The stereo image showed good clarity and worthwhile depth.

The treble sounded open and sparkling, with just a hint of 'grain' – not enough to be really obtrusive or fatiguing, however. The continuous loudness control was liked, giving a better effect at low volume settings than most such attempts. Driven hard, the *AX500* remained in control, with good adverse load driving ability.

CONCLUSIONS

This \$200 integrated amplifier was built and finished to high standards and should offer a long troublefree life. The output power reached 120W per channel, and was also tolerant of a wide range of loads. Well rated on lab results, it also scored a creditable 'good' in the listening tests. Taking into account the versatile facilities, offered without apparant compromise to the overall performance, the AX500 constitutes good value and deserves recommendation.

Power output Rated power into 8ohm	ıs mak	er's snec		ted amplifier (= 19dBW)
Power output	io, man	20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
One channel, 80hm loa	he	21.5dBW	21.45dBW	21.4dBW
Both channels, 40hm l		18.3dBW	18 4dBW	18.3dBW
One channel, 20hms, r		-dBW	20dBW	-dBW
Instantaneous peak cu		0011	+ 23A	- 23A
Distortion			1 2511	231
Total harmonic distort	ion	20Hz	1 kHz	20kHz
at rated power, aux/C		- 80dB	- 80dB	- 72dB
Intermodulation, 19/2				- 72dB
Intermodulation, 19/2				- 76dB
Intermodulation, 19/2				— 76dB
Noise			55 (mb)	1000
Disc (mm) innut (1 HF, (CCIR we	eiøhted)		— 75dB
Disc (mc) input (1HF, C	CIR we	iohted)		- 65dB
Aux/CD input (1HF, CC)	R weig	hted)		— 75dB
Residual, unweighted			t min)	- 75dB
DC output offset	(1014111			, right 56mV
DC offset, pre-amp				v, right OmV
Input overload		20Hz	lkHz	20kHz
Disc (mm) input (1HF)		31.4dB	30.7dB	
Disc (mc) input (1HF)*		45dB	43.4dB	39.6dB
Aux/CD input (1HF)		>23dB	>23dB	>23dB
Stereo separation		- 2000	2 2500	- 2500
Disc input (mm)		68dB	72dB	45dB
Aux/CD input		69dB	72dB	54dB
Output impedance (da	mp)	0.260 hm	0 220 hm	0.25ohm
Channel balance, disc		z		0 47dB
Volume/balance track		0dB	— 20dB	— 6 D dB
Aux/CD input		0.07dB	0.12dB	0.42dB
	ocket ty	pe sensi	tivity loadi	ng
Disc (mm) input	Phono	0.28	5m√ 43ko h	ms 120pF
Disc (mc) input*	Phono	0.018	37mV 230oh	
Aux/CD input	Phono	16.8	30ko h 30koh	ms n/apF
Output, pre-amp (tape			9.33V m	ax, 300ohms
Disc equalisation erro	r, 30Hz	-15kHz		dB, -0.6dB
Size (width, height, de	pth)		43.5	x13.3x33cm
Typical price inc VAT *See text				£200



YBA 2 PRE & POWER PRESENCE AUDIO. THE OLD POSTHOUSE. PLUMMERS PLAIN, HORSHAM, W. SUSSEX. TEL: (0403) 76777.





These relatively expensive separates come from Phlox Electronique of France. from the same designer as the well regarded Vecteur range of cables. Recently introduced into the UK the power amplifier is rated at 70W and 140W into Sohms and 4ohms respectively, while the pre-amplifier is 'straight line', no frills design with separate volume control for each channel.

The pre-amplifier is attractively housed in a grey anodised all aluminium case finished to the highest standards. A row of toggle selector switches is uniformly spaced on the front panel, alongside a separate 'direct' switch.

The back panel inputs are high quality gold plated phono sockets, with the disc inputs spaced to accept the dedicated 'Vecteur' moving-coil input transformer. (The standard vinyl disc input sensitivity is for moving magnet cartridges.) Other inputs are available for tape, CD, and 'aux'. No on/off switch is included, the pre-amplifier being 'on' as soon as it is connected to the mains.

Internal construction is to a high standard using selected metal film resistors, polypropylene capacitors, and no fewer than 16 top quality $4,700\mu$ F electrolytics, all of which are mounted on a double-sided printed circuit board. The DC coupled disc amplifier uses discrete transistors as the active elements. The line amplifier is contained in a separate screened box.

The power amplifier comes in a matching case, equally well finished but with a small power switch and indicator on the front panel. Finned heatsinks adorn the entire height and length of the side panels. On the back are high quality phono sockets for the signal inputs and 4mm sockets for the speaker connections. The same high quality components are used to construct this 'double mono' (albeit using a shared transformer) symmetric, low feedback, short signal path design, which uses 4 complementary bipolar T03 output transistors. These are mounted using mica with a grounded copper interface, a technique which is claimed to limit heatsink capacitive effects on transistor operation.

Both pre- and power amplifiers are supported on three rigid mounting feet providing some mechanical grounding, which may help negate vibration effects. Other neat touches in both units include thermally connected transistors, and vibration damping material attached to important components.

LAB REPORT

The power specification was easily exceeded into Sohms, but with some reduction at 20kHz into 4ohms. While the amplifier performed well at low to mid frequencies, slew problems occurred on the 20kHz test and only 13.5dBW was recorded for 1 per cent distortion. A respectable 18.5dBW was achieved on the 20hm pulsed test and the peak current capability was a comfortable \pm 24A.

The pre-amp displayed low distortion and very good noise figures. DC offset was low and input overload adequate. Stereo separation was fine and sensitivity and loadings were well chosen, especially if the pre and power amps were used together. Some mains hum was present on the disc input, and removal of the power transformer to a separate case could perhaps be a help.

SOUND QUALITY

The 'direct' or bypass switch should be engaged for best analogue disc results, otherwise we found stereo focus noticeably phasey. At the expense of mild hum, the disc input gain was sufficient for some m-c cartridges to be used direct, bypassing the admittedly slight losses incurred with the optional m-c input transformer (a recommendable device in its own right).

The pre-amp alone majored on space and depth, with a most revealing sense of transparency and ease. Tonally the mid was excellent, and bass and treble simply very good! Stereo focus was also very fine, and performance was improved still further *via* CD, where it ranked with some of the finest preamps up to double its price. There was a slight 'slowness' in the bass, but otherwise the sound appeared musical and dynamic, transparent and spacious.

The 2 power amplifier's performance was fully commensurate with that of the pre-amp, again showing that marginally soft bass but with a first rate mid and treble performance. Subtle on low level detail, it was dynamic on the powerful sections and consistently well focused annd finely staged. This first rate performance was maintained into the more difficult loads and at high subjective volume levels – it sounded generous and powerful yet never hard or fatiguing.

CONCLUSIONS

This combination of YBA's smaller separates has done very well in review, with a build, finish and performance comparable with products costing twice or three times the amount. Either together or as separates these two products may be enthusiastically Recommended, with the hope that more attention will be paid to mm disc hum performance.

Power output Rated power into Bohms, ma Power output One channel, Bohm load Both channels, 4ohm load One channel, 2ohms, pulser Instantaneous peak curren	20Hz 20.6dBW 19.1dBW d -dBW		ated amplifier = 18.5dBW) 20kHz 20.3dBW 13.5dBW -dBW -24A
Distortion Total harmonic distortion, at rated power, aux/CD in. Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, Intermodulation, 19/20kHz, NOTEQ	— 70dB rated power , at OdBW, dis	sc (mm)	20kHz — 53dB — 68dB — 56dB — 60dB ⁺
Disc (mm) input (1HF, CCIR to Disc (mc) input (1HF, CCIR we Aux/CD input (1HF, CCIR we Residual, unweighted (volut DC output offset DC offset, pre-amp Input overload Disc (mc) input (1HF) Aux/CD input (1HF)	veighted) ighted)	left 7m	79dB 75dB 82dB 85dB
Stereo secaration Disc input (mm) Aux/CD input Output impedance (damp) Channel balance, disc, at 11 Volume/balance tracking Aux/CD input Input (at socket i Disc (mm) input Aux/CD input Power amp Dutput, pre-amp(tape) Disc equalisation error, 30H Size (width, height, depth) Typical price inc VAT	n/a dB type sensiti 1.58r 83m 120n Iz-15kHz	nV 56koh V 53koh nV 28koh 7.7V + 0.1 43	ms 80pF ms 170pF ms 140pF max. 220hms dB. — 0.2dB 0x7.4x36cm 35 + £1695
22 3 42 42 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	EVIATION RIAA	21 - 50. 17-0. 248 21 - 52. 17-0. 248 21 - 52. 17-0. 248 21 - 52. 21 - 52.	-138 -148 Pon Est I deviation)
0 Rt 100 2 Power supply rejection, 40Hz inp	1 1 1 00 80		li, 1 kr 0 listoo



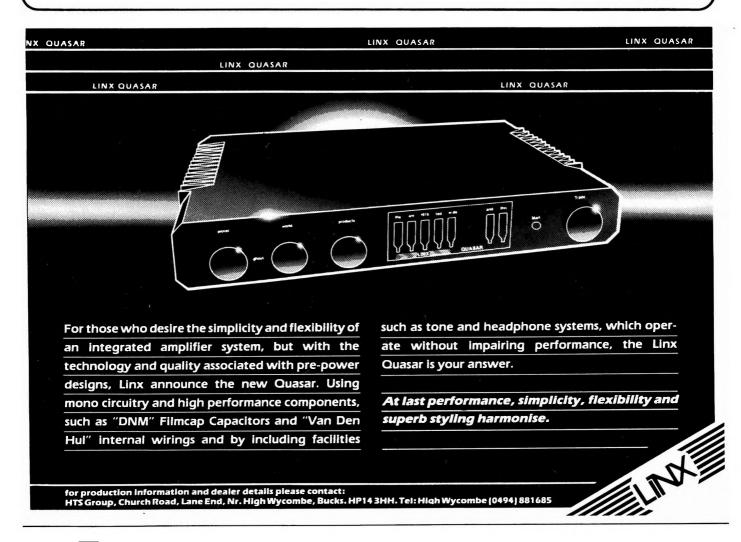
HIGH QUALITY INTERCONNECT CABLES

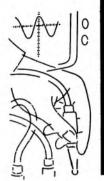
"Whilst no interconnect will be 100% inaudible, it is fair to say that this cable came closest to those tried in achieving that goal. The music retained its tunefulness and rhythm, detail was not being lost, and that sparkle which was taken from the music by all the other cables still shone through."

Hi-Fi Review, Nov 86

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LABORATORY TESTS

In general the tests conform to IHF A202 practice which makes comparison between units straightforward. Where possible, dB rather than percent of linear scaling is used, which again makes comparison of performance rather easier.

OUTPUT POWER AND CURRENT

Output power is referred to output level, on the basis that a good amplifier represents a voltage source. Zero reference. 0dB, is equal to 1W, that is 2.83V across the standard 80hm load. The scaling of level is not adjusted in power terms to account for the various load regimes, however. The objective is to explore the 'stiffness' or load tolerance of the amplifiers, and the theoretically correct addition of 3dB for 4ohms and a further 3dB for 2ohms only serves to confuse this fact.

Accordingly, the output level was examined for 80hms, one channel driven to less than 1% clipping distortion, as well as with 40hms into both channels driven and into 20hms pulsed, 20Hz to 20kHz.

A further test served to explore momentary peak. current capability and its symmetry. To achieve this a Johm (or when necessary 0.50hm), load was used. Short pulses of 1kHz repetition rate are used here, current excursion being read from an oscilloscope trace. The peak current figures should be judged with some discretion since the required capability must logically depend on the available power rating as well

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION

The figures recorded for total harmonic distortion include the noise within the measuring bandwidth of 400Hz to 80kHz, and for the 20Hz results they also include hum. The amplifier is set with one channel driving 80hms to rated output, and the results provide a check on sample quality and give a general idea of linearity

INTERMODULATION DISTORTION

This is a more sensitive indicator of performance. The test is carried out with 19kHz and 20kHz input frequencies, the sum of the difference tones being recorded using an HP3561A spectrum analyser with a resolution of 115dB. Where no products were visible the result is given as better than 110dB. Via auxiliary input the peak composite input level was 1V via moving magnet 200mV, and via moving coil 20mV. These are strong signals but are within the normal expected dynamic range.

SUPPLY MODULATION

This test assesses the supply rejection of the amplifiers under load. Run at two-thirds of their rated output level, with a 40hm load, a spectral analysis was made from 0-500Hz to assess the degree of supply hum modulation and breakthrough to give a sort of 'mud' index

NOISE

An average of left and right channels was recorded, with the input appropriately loaded - for example, with equivalent cartridge sources for mm and mc (2000hins, 1000hins). The noise contribution of the termination has been deducted, leaving weighted CCIR/ARM readings Residual noise was also noted over a 20Hz to 20kHz bandwidth, with the volume control at zero.

DC OFFSET

This was measured with inputs terminated and when the equipment was well warmed up.

INPUT OVERLOADS

These referred to 1HF input levels of 0.5mV for mc, 5mV for mm and 500mV aux at 1kHz. Note that for practical purposes the maximum recorded disc modulation remains pretty constant above a few kHz. In consequence an amplifier does not require a much increased disc input overload at high frequencies. More than 15dB at 20kHz will be ample for disc headroom

Input overload for auxiliary/ line input was also checked; if it

AMPLIFIERS TECH TALK

Here we explain the methods and relevance of the various lab tests and approach used in the subjective assessment.

exceeded 20dB (5V) >20dB figure is recorded

CHANNEL SEPARATION

Using a sensitive spectrometer. stereo channel separation was measured with the inputs terminated.

OUTPUT RESISTANCE (DAMPING FACTOR)

At 0dBW a 20hm load was applied and the drop from open circuit output voltage noted. This loss represents the amplifier output resistance and is converted to ohms. The notion of damping factor is considered irrelevant in the light of cable and loudspeaker resistance.

DISC SENSITIVITY

This and the other sensitivities were measured using a computer DVM to compare input and output voltage at a decent signalto-noise ratio, providing the voltage gain. This is converted to 1HF sensitivity for a rated 0.5V in the case of a pre-amp, or to a 0dBW output for a complete amplifier.

INPUT IMPEDANCE

In general these were checked using an automatic RLC bridge, hut where the input conditions (biasing, overload etc) gave erroneous results, the loss produced via 6000hms source resistance was computed to a loading factor for 1kHz and 20kHz.

DISC EQUALISATION

For moving magnet this was measured using an HP200 computer via reference to a table of exact RIAA equalisation values which were then used to plot the final curve. A 600ohm source impedance generator (60hm mc) was employed, representative of a cartridge source: hence some high frequency loss would be experienced in the response where substantial input capacitance was present, as the case with a real cartridge.

GENERAL APPRAISAL

In addition to the above lab tests where practical the products were opened up for an engineering design appraisal as

well as an assessment of safety and constructional quality.

LISTENING TESTS

A two-tier system of listening tests was employed, wherehy the procedure was divided into two parts. A/B full blind listening was found to be impractical for all the models in such a large scale project. Instead, using listening techniques developed by the author and his assistant, the products were carefully assessed on an individual basis. Many of the products were subjected to repeat assessments, and a number were monitored under blind conditions to ensure that the panelists were not subject to significant errors or prejudice.

Key factors involved in arriving at satisfactory judgements included the author's personal experience of over 200 models over the past two years: the use of an acoustically controlled and neutral listening room; ancillary equipment of good accuracy, and the use of both analogue and digital programme. Typical listening levels were around 95dBA, which was within the compass of the smaller models. Following analytical auditioning vio the disc inputs, (both mm and mc where applicable) and the auxiliary input, the amplifier's volume was increased to the enset of audible distortion under two conditions, namely on '80hm' speaker load and a '30hm' simulated speaker load. Peak programme power levels were also monitored to assess the adverse load capacity

Where the pre- and poweramps from a given manufacturer could logically he separated, these were assessed individually.

The latest 1988 auditioning mainly involved using special biwired Celestion SL600s on Cliff Stone π stands, with various exotic Van den Hul cables. Sources were Pink Triangle PT Too, SME Series V and Van den Hul MCOne, and Cambridge Audio CD1. Reference amplification included Cello Audio Suite (premium) and Krell KMA100 II, and a broad range of material, from Grandmaster Flash to Vivaldi was used.





AMPLIFIERS: CONCLUSIONS, BEST BUYS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Here Martin Colloms and Chris Bryant sum up the best of a very good bunch.

Attempting to integrate the results of earlier issues with this new group has proved something of a struggle. Almost a year has passed since the last amplifier report, and our results show that the intervening period has seen significant improvements in sound quality. CD has acted as a stimulus by focusing attention on small but valued differences between players - differences which are also directly relevant to amplifiers. CD has also stimulated significant growth in amplifier sales, and heightened the consciousness of amplifier sound quality. The significant upgrade in overall sound quality over the last year has resulted in many new Recommendations and Best Buys this time round, so a major revision of our ranking scheme has been undertaken.

INTEGRATED AMPLIFIERS BEST BUYS

The models listed below (in ascending price order) offer excellent value for money, with power, facilities and sound quality all increasing more or less in proportion to cost. The Best Buy price ceiling for this issue is \$350.

The NAD 3020E (\$110) is the current version of this classic budget model, and has surprisingly healthy power reserves. The Rotel 820A (\$125) is similarly equipped with tone controls, and now provides an impressive standard of sound quality for the money. The Mission Cyrus One is just undergoing replacement, as is the no-frills high performance Rotel RA820BXII, both favourites in earlier projects. In the same price bracket, the latest **QED 240CDII** (\$170) proved to be a nice redesign both inside and out.

Moving up to \$200 brings in the moving-coil inputs, so widening the choice of pickup cartridge. An obvious contender is the **QED 240SAII** (\$220), with its Super Analogue disc input and dependable all round performance, alongside the **Cambridge Audio P40** (\$200) and the new **Creek 4140** (\$206). All three offer top class stereo sound for the price, with healthy sound levels and good load tolerance. At a small further price increase the latest **Musical Fidelity A1** (\$250) is outstanding sonically if not in terms of power output and load tolerance.

Increasing expenditure brings further refinement in the moving coil performance, plus increased power. The Rotel **RA870BX** (£325) is a clear example, being a well balanced and versatile allrounder, with high power output and solidly good sound. Star of the issue. however, is the Musical Fidelity B200 (£300), which is moderately cool running by MF standards with high power but only average load tolerance. It includes fine m-c and mm inputs and very good sound. In the same price region is the well

established and excellently built **Audiolab 8000A**, (\$325) with tone controls which can be used without an audible loss of fidelity.

RECOMMENDED MODELS

Falling a little short of the Best Buys in terms of price versus sonic performance in our judgement, these eminently worthy models are again listed roughly in ascending order of price, facilities and performance – both output power and sound quality.

In the lowest price band the Denon PMA250E (\$125) is uprated to now 30W/channel. Competent companions include the Yamaha AX300 (\$120) the Sansui AUG IIX (\$130) the Marantz PM26 (\$110) and the Kenwood KA 500 (\$130), the latter unusual in coming with a worthwhile m c cartridge input.

At the next price break the established **Arcam Alpha** (\$150) and **Creek 4040** (\$145) are joined by the new **Marantz PM35** (\$160) and **Pioneer A331** (\$150), the latter demonstrating much better sound quality than its predecessors.

A good moving-coil facility becomes commonplace at the \$200 level, with good value from the following versatile contenders: the **Technics SUV55A** (\$200), the **Yamaha AX500** (\$200), and the **Harman** Kardon PM640Vxi (\$225). The mm only Naim Nait (\$258) is a well established favourite, but a design revision is expected here soon.

Continuing up the price ladder the new **Technics SUV85A** (\$350) a worthy high power version of the '55A and also the **IncaTech Claymore** (\$350), a good British all rounder. Another UK newcomer, the **Orell SA-040** (\$360) is essentially recommendable, but with minor reservations concerning our early sample.

Topping the integrated amplifier bill is the current **Musical Fidelity A100** (\$440), still running hot but providing a more than generous standard of sound quality – who needs separates when an integrated can sound like this?

WORTH CONSIDERING

The following models delivered respectable performance, but in our view don't quite match the Recommended models at the same price levels.

At \$200 or so, and lacking moving-coil cartridge facilities are the powerful **Sansui AUG30X** (\$199) and the **Lux LV100** (\$205). The IncaTech *Dirk* (\$210) is a strong performer too but in this case is limited to two line inputs only.

Moving up the price scale, the respectable and well equipped Arcam Delta (\$330) has a good m-c input and may be considered the big brother of the Alpha Another respectable and versatile model is the Harman Kardon 655Vxi (\$450). The Philips FA860 (\$240) and FA960 (\$285) both deserve honourable mention as competent, well balanced allrounders, and mark a significant return to quality amplifiers by this electronics giant (albeit via their Japanese manufacturing acquisition).

RECOMMENDED SEPARATES

Given our policy of recommending products that achieve a certain high standard irrespective of price, plus a reluctance to award Best Buy ratings within the separate pre-/

power sector, the following list becomes a little unwieldly, so for convenience is broadly grouped according to transistor or valve operation, each working through at steadily rising prices, with some manufacturer's ranges covered together. We have also included items which have not been formally reviewed, but of which we have some subjective experience. The valve/transistor split does not imply favouritism for one or the other approach, but acknowledges the 'differentness', both subjectively and practically; note also that the valve items do not include moving coil cartridge compatibility as a matter of course

Almost budget separates are now available from **Rotel**. The **RC850** (\$119) pre-amp and the **RB850** (\$130) make a fine combination at a low enough price to merit Best Buy rating, the latter a particular bargain comparable to many much more expensive alternatives.

Three British transistor systems provide middle market contrast. The Audiolab 8000C/P (\$275/\$450) gives traditional facilities, good transparancy and generous power output. The Cambridge Audio C75/A75 (£259/£279) is exceptional value for money having a simple, quality pre-amp and generous power output at a quite modest price. The Exposure VIL/VIII (£316/£309), with our preference and formal recommendation primarily for the power amplifier. is unusually presented with fine build and the

The **Musical Fidelity** separates range is increasingly extensive, and is strongly recommended in isolation or combination. **The Preamp 3** (\$300) and **MVT III** (\$1,200) continue to set a high standard at their respective price points. The **P140** (\$299), **P270** (\$1,200) and **A370** (\$2,200) are 'double mono' power amplifiers moving steadily up the power and quality scale. The latest MF products all demonstrate significant improvements subjectively.

provision for pre-amp upgrading.

In contrast, the Naim Audio

separates range should only be used in combination and carefully matched system. NAC 32-5 and '42-5 pre-amps (\$425/ \$262) with SNAPS or HICAP supplies (\$212/\$285), plus NAP140, NAP250 and NAP135 power amplifiers (\$414, \$959, \$966) have a distinctly 'different' sound quality which is not to all tastes but has many loyal adherents (including the Editor), with logical consistency and upgrading paths within the range.

The Albarry 408II monoblok power amplifiers (\$600 per pair) make a welcome return, scoring respectably in the tests and visually distinctive to boot. Much the same may be said of the pretty, and sonically quite similar Meridian 205 monoblok power amplifiers (\$790 a pair), while the **201** pre-amp (\$550) set a very competitively high standard for the price, and may also be remotely controlled via an optional system handset. (House system control is also possible from this advanced product).

Amongst imported items, the US manufactured **PS Audio PS4.5** (£695) is a fine preamplifier with good 'speed' and transparency. The French **Nuance/Plenitude** combination (\$795/\$795) is sweeter and softer, with our preference for the power over the pre-amplifier. At higher prices our findings on the **DNM** pre-amplifiers (from \$1,000) are rather out of date; despite being a little expensive, recommendation presumably remains appropriate.

At the top end of the transistor price spectrum, a new entry from France is the **YBA 2** separates pair (\$1,400, \$1,700) which did very well in auditioning. The **Deltec DPA100S** (\$1,900) is an expensive but fine power amplifier from Wales. And in a price group all on its own, the Cello Audio Suite is a totally flexible and extravagant preamplifier system that provided a fine reference point throughout the tests. And amongst the extensive Krell range, our preference is for the larger power amplifiers, particularly the KMA 100II monobloks (\$5,900)/pr).

The valve amplifiers will be covered in more detail next month. For the once, the ladder starts with a variety of UK items. The **Croft Super Micro/Series IVS** (£250/£730) is a typically sweet-sounding combination. The **VTL Minimal** (£300) and **Standard** (£500) are alternative pre-amplifiers, while recommended power amplifiers in the same general price bracket are the **Beard P35** (\$695) and **Radford STA25 Renaissance** (\$977).

The \$995 **Beard 506** is a largely successful attempt to produce a full feature valve preamp with built-in m-c transformer, while the \$1,775/pr US monoblok **Quicksilver** power amplifiers remain recommended. Also from the USA, the **Counterpoint** range continues to provide above average power in a valve 'hybrid' configuration with the **SA12** (\$1,250) and **SA20** (\$2,350) power amplifiers, while the **SA7** pre-amp (\$747) still merits consideration.

Amongst the real US valve (increasingly 'hybrid') exotics, the extensive Audio Research range continues to set the pace, matched at most price points by alternatives from Conrad Johnson.

Our main Audio Research recommendations are for the SP10 and SP11 pre-amplifiers (\$2,850/\$5,150), plus the D115II (\$3,331), M100 (\$2,850), D250II (\$6,950) and M300 (\$4,998 each) power amplifiers, covering stereo and monoblok ranges.

The Conrad Johnson

Premiere Three (\$3,400) preamp could combine with **Premiere Four** (\$3,600) or **Premiere Five** power amplifiers – or the cheaper **MV50** (\$1,795) for that matter.

WORTH CONSIDERING

Besides those mentioned above, many other separates remain worth considering. In many cases these are derived from older reviews and assume that the product has not changed significantly, whereas in practice many manufacturers follow a policy of continual improvement, so some may well have merited full recommendation had our experience been more up to date.

Availability has been assumed, but may be limited in some cases. Transistor combinations include the remote control **Linn LK1/ LK2** (\$800), the exquisitely finished Burmester **838/846/850** (\$990/\$1,050/\$2,650/pr); the **Quad 34/405** (\$600), plus the **Robertson Forty Ten** (\$1,000), and presumably the latest version of the **Krell KSA50** power amplifier.

Valve components include the VTL 50 Watt (£1,150/pr), Beard M70 (£1,595/pr) and Audio Research D70II monoblok power amplifiers.

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CHOOSING AND USING CASSETTE TAPES

The blank audio cassette market in the UK is surprisingly both stable and valuable – some \$100m per year being a widely accepted estimate, with slight growth predicted.

To the relief of established manufacturers, audio tape has proved impressively resistant to the invasion of cut price brands, in direct contrast to the videotape situation. But to their irritation, the UK stubbornly refuses to pay premium prices for premium tapes: UK chrome and pseudochrome Type II penetration is amongst the lowest in Europe, and ferric Type I still dominates sales.

Welcome news for consumers and trade alike is that the plan to introduce a levy to compensate for alleged copyright theft has gone back on ice for the umpteenth time. No-one can deny the moral case of copyright owners, but the practicalities are full of difficulties. And the irony is that those who perpetrate such theft tend to be amongst the heaviest consumers of prerecorded music in any case.

The UK market is dominated by TDK, who have held onto 40+ per cent for as long as anyone can remember. The other main brands that jockey for position are BASF, Sony, and Maxell, plus Agfa, Fuji, and Memorex. Some specialise in independent outlets, others in particular chains, but all bar BASF (currently re-launching) are included in our tests, along with a number of hopeful aspirants.

• Choosing the right tape or tapes for your particular circumstances need not be too arduous a task, particularly with the help of our detailed reviews. Start by making an honest appraisal of those requirements. As a hi-fi user you may decide to use good Type II tape without noise reduction for most purposes, falling back on cheaper but decent quality Type I tape from time to time, and perhaps using metal/Type IV for occasional live work.

While our tape tests can suggest where to start looking, they can't do anything about the alignment and condition of your particular cassette recorder. Our test recorders were all carefully set up before tests began, and some hi-fi dealers are able to offer a similar service to their customers. But experience shows that few consumers bother with such niceties, so the alternative DIY strategy involves that age old technical tweak – suck it and see.

Trying out several different tapes in your own recorder is really the only reliable way of finding the best combination of deck and tape, and hence selecting the right tapes for particular purposes. But having gone through this (admittedly rather tedious) procedure, you will find our reviews can point the way to various alternatives.

Even though many consumers stay loyal to a particular brand, there are lots of temporary special offers around on one brand or another that can offer significant savings for the informed purchaser. And if there is one thing that makes sense when buying blank audio tape, it is to pay as little as you can get away with for the performance you want.

TECH TALK

In the comprehensive series of tests that follow, what you will not have learned is how well tapes will resist the ravages of life on the road, how much high frequency energy is lost as a result of ageing processes (there are several), how much like the tape you buy now the one you buy in six months time will be, how smooth the tape surface is (and how rough it needs to be), how dropout increases with time and usage ...

Partly for these reasons, some of the easier and more facile judgements have been avoided. A tape may have a response shape that looks like a mountain in profile, but this isn't necessarily bad unless left uncorrected. The tape, which otherwise might sound very thin and bright, may be correctable using a tape tuning system or a single fine bias adjust knob of the kind that graces many modern cassette decks. Similarly, if a tape has a high noise floor, this is a Bad Thing, but if it has a high noise floor and a high operating ceiling, well that isn't so bad at

all, as long as the cassette deck can handle the hottest signals the tape can accommodate What really counts therefore is the available dynamic range, because it is an absolute that will be apparent in one form or another on all tape machines.

Dynamic range can be inferred from the noise and overload performance data, but the spectrum analysis plots give much more useful data, which can be assessed in relation to the usual distribution of energy within music. It has become fashionable to assess tapes for their headroom near 20kHz, but this is quite unrealistic, and we have chosen to use a repeatable test signal which closely mimics the energy distribution found within music - the shaped random noise known as pink noise.

Of course there have to be standard tapes. For this project we chose to use the alignment tapes used almost exclusively within the manufacturing industry: AC-713, AC-513 and AC-223. They are manufactured by TDK, employ calibrated AD (Type 1), SA (Type 11) and MA (Type 1V) stock, and for the most part correspond to IEC standards. Sensitivity figures, responses and so on are referred to these three tapes.

Equipment used for the tests included a Nakamichi *Dragon* recorder, courtesy of B&W/ Nakamichi, and a variety of test equipment such as a Hewlett Packard *3580A* spectrum analyser, a Nakamichi *T-100* test set and Neutrik generator, chart recorder, filter, sync modules and so on.

Sensitivity: measured at 400Hz, and compared to LEC reference level. Unusually high or low figures could result in Dolby mistracking unless the sensitivity of the cassette deck can be adjusted.

Noise: this is the DIN Peak weighted signal/noise figure, referred to 250nWb/m (+2dB on the Nakamichi *Dragon* record level meters).

Distortion: THD, measured at the same point.

3% THD: expressed in dB, indicates the number of dB headroom above IEC 0dB for 3% distortion at 400Hz. In some cases (notably the metal tapes), there wasn't enough gain in the system to achieve 3% distortion In these cases the level is shown as >10dB.

Saturation: measured at 40Hz and 4kHz, this figure shows the level expressed in dB above OVU at which the tape saturates, that is fails to respond to any further increase in signal level. Near saturation levels the music signal undergoes high levels of compression with consequent inability to track volume changes. Noise Modulation: with a test 3150Hz signal at 0VU, this figure represents the integrated level of noise in the range 3000Hz 3130Hz. Mod noise is a complex mechanism primarily associated with tape jitter which results in unwanted sidebands which defocus and smear the sound **Compression:** measured at a very high frequency (10kHz). This test numerically represents the ability of the tape to replay treble volume changes accurately. The lower the figure the better, since a high figure represents significant compression. Frequency responses: a

spectrum analysis and two swept sinewave frequency responses were run with each tape. The spectrum analysis (not reproduced) shows, separately, the bias noise floor of the tape, and the output of each tape driven moderately 'into the red' (by 3dB) using a wideband quasimusic pink noise signal. This kind of signal stresses tape differently from the more common sinewave signal (a fact which underpins Dolby HX Pro), and the test is designed to give an idea of where the edges of the operating envelope of each tape lie. The plots are not reproduced. but are referred to in the text of the reviews

The frequency response runs, which are reproduced, show separately the sinewave frequency response of each tape, both conventionally at -20dB and also at 0VU. The difference between the twogives a good idea of how tapes modify the frequency and level distribution of dynamically changing signals music in other words.



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TYPE I FERRICS

AGFA F-DX1

Agfa's promotional literature describes this new tape as being 'ideal for everyday use' with 'low background noise and balanced dynamics in high and low tones'. Which to those practised in the ancient art of promotional doublespeak is proof that even the manufacturer only sees this as a low cost 'cooking' tape, unsuited to high fidelity applications.

And so it is. Modulation noise is particularly poor. Spectrum analysis using a quasimusic source shows that F-DXI has a restricted operating envelope, particularly at HF. The frequency response at normal bias settings is tolerably well extended, but compression is endemic and hiss quite high. However, it's not all bad since the tape can be driven reasonably hard without distress.

Sound quality on the other hand is mediocre. Recordings sounded dull and compressed, with considerable smearing of fine detail and loss of dynamic range. As Agfa themselves suggest, *F-DX1* is best for portables.

Sensitivity: -0.4dB. Signal/noise: -46.5dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.8dB.

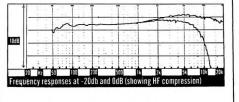
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AGFA F-DX1S

F-DX1S is the hi-fi version of *F-DX1*. It comes in a similar very ordinary (and rather creaky) housing, and has a much brighter tonal balance. Curiously, it's also less sensitive than both F-DX1 and the IEC reference. This combination of brightness and low sensitivity confirms a lack of ideal hi-fi compatibility and suggests that the tape is best used on decks with adjustable bias and sensitivity. However, its tonal balance (if not the lack of shout) does make an interesting proposition for situations (on the road?) where a little extra 'bite' is required.

Bias noise is quite low and HF compression no worse than average (in fact HF dynamic range is a little better than normal), whilst saturation levels are high. The tape can be driven hard without an insupportable loss of musical dynamics. Clarity and detail are well handled by this tape, but the brightness indicated in the laboratory tests was apparent when playing music too – not unpleasantly so, but the balance tended towards 'thinness' and 'leanness'.

Sensitivity: -1.1dB. Signal/noise: -48dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 3.8dB.



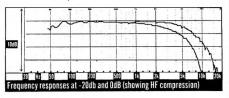
BOOTS FERRIC I

This very inexpensive cassette is fashionably turned out in a totally see-through housing, and appears to be quite well finished. It's promoted as an everyday, no-frills tape, and is particularly aimed at less sophisticated equipment (their words).

The tape nominally offers good hi-fi compatibility, with sensitivity very close to IEC. Noise measures quite low, but this is an artefact of the measuring process, affected by the very early treble rolloff exposed in the frequency response curves: boosting treble to compensate obviously changes matters considerably. Though there's more than enough at normal levels, quite high levels are accepted by this tape without additional compression. Modulation noise is low, and the tape runs smoothly.

However, it didn't fare very well on test. Restricted treble dynamics is one problem, as is the clear lack of top end and also midrange energy. Ultimately, the sound lacks balls, and subtle detail stands very little chance.

Sensitivity: -0.2dB. Signal/noise: -47dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.5dB.



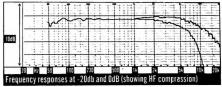
BOOTS SUPER FERRIC I

Boots Super Ferric I has a great deal more HF extension than the 'cooking' Ferric I, with predictable consequences on audition. It stays flat to about 5kHz (measured at -20dB), where the cheaper tape started to die not far above 2kHz. Figures for overload and saturation are quite good, the +7dB 3% distortion point being well up to the class average. Modulation noise is quite low, and physical construction is satisfactory.

On paper, noise appears to be worse than the cheaper Boots tape, but the reality is that the extra HF simply lifts the top, noise included, and the tape is in fact acceptably quiet. However, one tradeoff affects sensitivity; *Super Ferric 1* is just a little less sensitive than ideal, though not enough to cause serious Dolby incompatibility problems.

Moreover, the treble dynamic range is quite restricted, a finding that had clear consequences. In common with the majority of ferrics, especially low cost types, this tape sounded 'damped' and lacking midrange resolution, even though the top was clean and sharp. A mixed bag then overall, and on balance not particularly good value.

Sensitivity: -0.6dB. Signal/noise: -46dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.5dB.



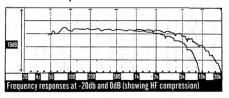
DENON DX

Although now very well known for their high fidelity equipment, Denon remains something of an unknown quantity in this country as far as blank tape is concerned.

Like a number of the less expensive tapes, DX comes in a see-through housing, albeit one of higher quality than some, with more (and better designed) tape guides and shell stiffening than usual. The tape inside, however, is disappointing, especially for a company with a particularly strong track record for cassette hardware.

DX is a tape of very restricted dynamic range throughout the audio frequency band. Furthermore, sensitivity is very low and treble extension extremely poor – output starts to wane immediately above 2kHz. To add insult to injury, tape uniformity was suspect on the samples supplied, and the noise was only average despite the sharply curtailed treble. Predictably, sound quality was a bit of a joke. On an IEC aligned tape recorder, loss of precision and air, plus considerable muddling especially with Dolby in circuit, were all abundantly obvious.

Sensitivity: -1.4dB. Signal/noise: -46dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: >4.0dB.

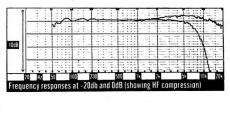


FUJI FR-IS

This average sensitivity tape is Fuji's best stab at the premium ferric market, and is an impressive tape by most standards. High frequency response is unusually well extended, so on many recorders *FR-IS* could sound a little bright. Dynamic range is very good, and the tape can be driven well above the 0VU point without obvious flattening of dynamics. Dolby and IEC compatibility are good.

Although slightly thin sounding, Fuji *FR*-*IS* made some fine, articulate recordings with a real sense of detail, a sweet, clean treble quality and quite natural dynamics. Mid/top behaviour, where many ferrics come to grief, is a particular strength, and the good treble overload and lack of compression facilitate the greatest prize of all – high quality Dolby-less recordings with (generally speaking) negligible background noise. Even if noise reduction is desired, it should be possible to get away with Dolby B where the more extreme Dolby C might otherwise have been employed.

Sensitivity: +0.2dB. Signal/noise: -47dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.0dB.



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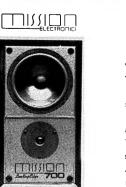


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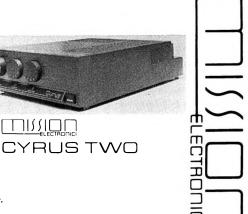
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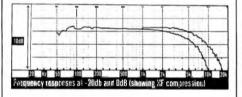
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<u>TYPE I FERRICS</u>

FUJI DR

Made using cobalt doped *Ferrix* magnetic particles which are produced in-house, Fuji's budget price DR tape comes in a conventional but seemingly good quality housing. The tape inside, however, bears a strong (and coincidental?) resemblance to the tape stock used by Denon in their similarly named DXtape. Sensitivity is very low, treble noticeable only by its almost complete absence, and the effective dynamic range of the tape is nothing if it is not, well, near nothing. The other numbers are a close match for the Denon DX too, and are never better than unremarkable.

It was predictable that this tape wasn't going to top any popularity polls on audition, and so it turned out. Fuji DR made dull, compressed and lifeless recordings. Compared to the 'original' (the feed being recorded), the off-tape sound was like listening at a greater distance, with the treble muted and confused. In the manner of long distance listening generally, there was no sparkle to the sound at all. The bass sounded prominent but heavy and lacking in transient attack. Sensitivity: -1.6dB. Signal/noise: -48dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 3.6dB.

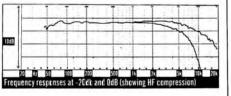


GOLDSTAR HD

Goldstar, a new brand to the UK,' is manufactured by Lucky Goldstar International, a trading title of such monumental tackiness it could only have been bestowed by Korean principals. The tape itself is visually undistinguished, some details of finish looking a little below par. However, winding performance was good with minimal noise and limited edge scatter during fast wind operations.

HD, one up from the bottom of the Goldstar range, is of slightly lower than average sensitivity, and is moderately hissy too. HF compression is on the high side, and the tape's working dynamic range determined from spectrum analysis is well below average. The swept sinewave test shows that the tape is tonally near neutral through the midrange and lower treble, but a significant lack of HF energy is also apparent. The reality is that *HD* (along with stablemate *HR*) sounds dull and constrained especially when recording high energy material. Clarity is strictly limited by modern standards.

Sensitivity: -0.7dB. Signal/noise: -45.5dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.8dB.



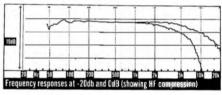
GOLDSTAR HR

Although Goldstar HD and HR are similar in many ways, including the design of the shell and the basic coating formula, HR boasts improvements in magnetic properties resulting in improved saturation performance. Close comparison of the available dynamic range using the spectrum analysis tests shows that HR does indeed have greater headroom at high frequencies than HD. But the difference is small, of the order of 0.5dB on average, and still leaves the tape trailing well behind the current state of the art, even by Type I standards.

The swept sinewave response also follows the falling top end of HD and the other key numbers are similar too, including the low sensitivity (just 0.2dB better than HD, which is well within the expected range of batch variability). HF compression was high too, but midband noise was a useful 2dB better.

In practice there was little to separate HR from the cheaper HD, though there was some suggestion that HR was a little cleaner at times. However, it is still a lazy, dull sounding tape, with compressed dynamics and a limited range of tonal colours.

Sensitivity: -0.5dB. Signal/noise: -45dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 5.1dB.



JVC UF1

JVC UF1 is housed in a well made clear plastic shell, with Braille markings to help with side identification. The tape measures very close to the IEC standard, and should therefore offer wide compatibility. The response shape is flat and extended, and the working dynamic range is wide, though sinewave testing suggests rather high background hiss levels. However, modulation noise is low, and this seems to pay practical dividends. Sensitivity is just slightly higher than normal, but overload margins are extremely high; the tape can be driven very hard without distress. To some extent the noise can be traded off against headroom, so the available working dynamic range is very similar to TDK AD, which is good.

Hiss apart, *UF1* is hard to fault. It made very clean recordings with good detail, and unfettered dynamics if the cassette deck itself doesn't overload before the tape. Treble quality is particularly clean and uncluttered, undoubtedly helped by the low modulation noise which is an indicator of very smooth running.

Sensitivity: +0.3dB. Signal/noise: -49dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.0dB.

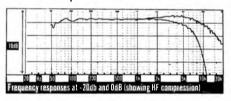
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MAXELL UD1

UD1 is a high quality tape based on what Maxell describe as a 'ferricrystal magnetic particle'. It supposedly has higher energy than gamma ferric oxide and is less porous, leading to a smoother surface finish. This very crude description has some backing from the lab tests: UD1 has higher than nominal output across the range, and the smoothness of the tape is confirmed by the low (but not ultra-low) modulation noise.

The tape is also capable of handling very high energy levels before starting to shut down. The 400Hz 3dB distortion point falls at +9dB, which isn't far off metal tape standards, whilst both LF and HF saturation gave comparable results.

However, the ability of the tape to soak up wideband energy showed very little advantage over the mean standard for the group as a whole. Sound quality is intrinsically good, but the high sensitivity, combined with a touch of brightness (more heard than measured) makes compatibility rather iffy, and the telltale signs of Dolby mistracking were sometimes apparent. A 'good but ...' tape. **Sensitivity:** +0.5dB. **Signal/noise:** -48dB for 0.8% THD. **10kHz compression:** 4.8dB.



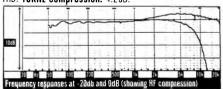
MAXELL XLI

XLI is one of two premium Maxell ferrics, sharing similar, but not identical electrical properties to XLI-S. XLI is packaged in a plainer outer – a standard (but good quality and extremely well finished) shell with the normal, small observation window.

Currently available XLI uses Maxell's 'Super Fine Epitaxial' magnetic particles in an improved form resulting in a higher maximum HF output and lower noise. The quid pro quo in this case is an obviously bright response that really requires higher than normal bias (or a bias tweaking facility) to give of its best – although its inherent response could act as a palliative for decks that habitually sound dull with ferric tapes.

On the whole XLI falls only slightly short of its more expensive brother, and actually has better modulation noise, for example. It also has slightly higher HF headroom and LF saturation, but the former is partly a reflection of the response shape.

Sound quality is inherently crisp and clear, with excellent articulation and dynamics, and low noise. But the HF peak can irritate, and may result in Dolby mistracking. Sensitivity: -0.4dB. Signal/noise: -48dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.2dB.





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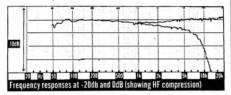
TYPE I FERRICS

MAXELL XLI-S

Compared to its XLI stablemate, XLI-S is supplied in a more modern looking and better finished housing, has a larger observation window, and Braille side markings. XLI-S uses a further refinement of Maxell's 'Super Fine Epitaxial' particles, which here are rather smaller in average size than those used for XLI. This helps account for the very good -49dB noise figure, which is backed by good noise modulation, but generally slightly disappointing overload and saturation. Nevertheless, XLI-S still has better dynamic range than the class average, especially at HF. It also has a fuller bass and a 0.5dB response dip centred on 1kHz.

Here is another example of a tape which doesn't sound especially comfortable at IEC settings, though it does sound extremely crisp and neutral in the treble especially, and it doesn't sound as bright as *XLI* due to its flatter upper mid/lower treble register. On the whole though, despite all the right resolution and bandwidth ingredients, the tape is uneven in a way that can only be exaggerated by Dolby processing.

Sensitivity: — 0.2dB. Signal/noise: 49dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.5dB.

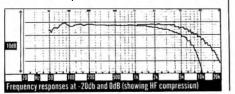


MEMOREX dbs

Although you'd never know it from the presentation, dBS is electrically not dissimilar to dBSI. dBS looks boringly staid and ordinary, though the manufacturer has been thoughtful enough to include Braille markings (one and two dots for the two sides) on the otherwise conventional housing.

Output level (and therefore sensitivity) is pitched a little lower than average, and the response shape is on a rapid downwards slope at high frequencies. The noise figure looks satisfactory, but is in effect assisted by the response shape; the real (corrected) noise levels of these tapes are quite high. As a result the available working dynamic range is limited.

Unfortunately, overload margins are no better than so-so-ish too, and modulation noise is very poor. Not unexpectedly then, the tape typically sounds dull, compressed and 'slugged', with a thickening of detail the most objectionable quality. This dullness makes the tape less than ideal even with portables, but the other side of this coin is that it does at least sound smooth and inoffensive. If that's what you're looking for. Sensitivity: -0.5dB. Signal/noise: -47.5dB for 0.8%THD. 10kHz compression: 4.5dB.



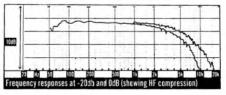
MEMOREX dBSI

This tape is remarkably similar in overall properties to dBS, but dBSI has completely revamped packaging. It comes dressed (somehow a particularly appropriate term here) with yellow hubs and guides set in a clear housing overprinted with pink and blue shapes. The effect is at the very least colourful and striking – the (surely rather condescending?) idea being to appeal to the female buyer.

On the test bench, however, *dBSI* proved a rather prosaic performer. Like *dBS* it has very limited HF performance, with output declining from slightly above 1kHz (at IEC bias/EQ settings). The operating ceiling over 0VU is also a little lower than average, and modulation noise is unexceptional.

Listening to *dBSI* can be a very pleasant experience, but it's unlikely to be a particularly illuminating one musically. This isn't a high fidelity grade tape, and is clearly best suited to standard utility purposes rather than critical musical ones, where the dull, sluggish and rather hiss-bound character will get in the way.

Sensitivity: −0.7dB. Signal/noise: −48dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: >3.8dB.



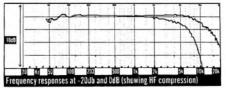
MEMOREX MRX1S

This tape is quite different from the other Memorex ferrics, but it's not a cheap one, encroaching on the chrome price band. Sensitivity is almost bang on the IEC standard, and the frequency response is unusually flat and well controlled, so Dolby compatibility should be ensured.

MRX1S will accept reasonably high levels without risk of overload, but the HF output level did collapse rather sharply at elevated – note the high 10kHz compression figure, which actually measures the degree by which output fails to track input. Tying in with this, the spectrum analysis test, based on a wideband quasi-music signal at very high levels, showed that the dynamic range window of the tape is a little narrow with this kind of stress. Bias noise (hiss) is also high, which is only partly excused by the well extended treble.

In practice this tape sounded clear, clean and neutral – an excellent result in fact. But hiss was a little high, and dynamics were ultimately restricted compared to the best Type I tapes.





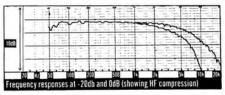
REALISTIC LOW NOISE

Until comparatively recently Memorex was a Tandy brand, but with the ending of that arrangement, Tandy are badging these tapes as their house brand. Realistic tapes (the noun, not the adjective) are made in Korea (as are at least some of Memorex's tapes) and are presented in adequate cassette housings with Braille markings.

Realistic *Low Noise* behaves not unlike the more expensive *Gold Plus* range on test, and it's probable (but by no means definite) that they start life with the same magnetic powder. However, the tapes do have a different colour and a quite different finish, the visually smoother looking *Low Noise* actually turning in a grossly inferior 38dB modulation figure.

The tape has a gently declining HF response, and rather low average output, so Dolby compatibility is decidedly iffy at best. Predicatably, therefore, sound quality is lacklustre. There's an absence of sparkle, of tonal variety and of weight and dynamics, whilst the separateness of individual instruments was compromised.

Sensitivity: -0.5dB. Signal/noise: -48dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.5dB.



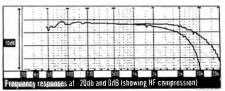
REALISTIC GOLD PLUS

Packaged in a housing similar to the one used by other Realistic tapes as well as some Memorex types (see Realistic *Low Noise* comments), *Gold Plus* turned out to be a below average performer on most counts, notwithstanding the promise of the name. Except on one count that is: *Gold Plus* achieved an almost flukishly good 45dB figure for noise modulation. However, this must be set against a rather poor noise figure (-46dB).

Like too many of its contemporaries, *Gold Plus* offers low sensitivity and limited high level headroom along with quite significant 10kHz compression. All these things combined imply a rather narrow dynamic range, and sure enough this is exactly what was found on the pink noise (pseudo-music signal) tests.

With a slightly depressed top end frequency response, *Gold Plus* is considerably better than *Low Noise*, but still not particularly good by prevailing standards. It shares the usual second-rank ferric character – a rather vague, woolly sound and a lack of real energy and balls.

Sensitivity: -0.6dB. Signal/noise: -46dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 5.5dB.









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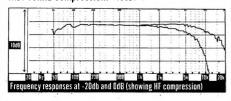
TYPE I FERRICS

SONY HF

This now very longstanding tape has been progressively improved over the years, and now sets quite a high standard for a budget ferric. The only lab indicator to its modest price was in the pink noise test, which showed a little operating dynamic range loss with music type signals, the losses increasing at higher frequencies. The static signal/noise and overload/saturation figures were unexceptional but generally satisfactory, but the sinewave response was extremely flat. Dolby compatibility is only adequate, however, since the sensitivity is a little low.

Sound quality is more than acceptable for a cheap tape, but was nevertheless unexpectedly 'coloured'. The tape has a close, 'dry' balance, with some smearing of midrange information and a rather 'thumpy' bass. The treble on the other hand seemed clean and precise, which probably reflects the healthy noise modulation. This is a good, cheap tape, blessed with good mechanics and smooth tape running, but sonically a little crude. **Sensitivity:** -0.5dB. **Signal/noise:** -46dB for 0.8%

THD. **10kHz compression:** 4.0dB.



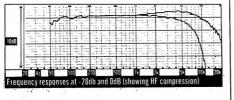
SONY HF-S

Sony's two premium ferrics are in extremely attractive housings with wide, unobstructed windows, and well specified mechanics, though *HF-S* falls short of the standard of the prestige HF-ES here (see separate review).

HF-S is based on *HF*'s gamma ferric magnetic particles, with careful binder distribution (Sony's description) to reduce noise and boost output. This appears to have worked: *HF-S* does indeed give respectably above the normal IEC level output level, not to mention a mildly rising output in the high frequency area. With good noise, overload and noise modulation figures, the tape emerges from the lab with flying colours.

It also sounds excellent. This is clearly a true high fidelity tape which is qualitatively broadly comparable to quite a number of Type II tapes. Characteristically, *HF-S* sounds clear and bright with excellent resolution and stereo soundstaging. It has a tonal explicitness denied most ferrics, but a just detectable 'fuzziness' at the top end. The response shape is just oddball enough to be a possible problem from the Dolby compatibility viewpoint.

Sensitivity: +0.4dB. Signal/noise: -48dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.8dB.



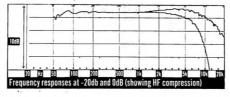
SONY HF-ES

To a first approximation, *HF-ES* is similar to *HF-S*, but with a better magnetic particle described as a 'single crystal gamma' and high precision ceramic guides in the mechanics. The most notable difference is that output is increased, by around a dB at all frequencies compared to the standard IEC level. *HF-ES* is also a touch bright, and in combination with the high output makes a tape best suited for decks with adjustable record bias (or an automatic tape alignment procedure). *HF-ES* really does have very dubious compatibility.

Working dynamic range is very wide, ensured by low noise combined with excellent overload characteristics. Noise modulation is also low, a benefit of good tape finish.

HF-ES has a near-crystalline purity and high frequency resolution to rival the best metals. But it is also terminally incompatible, and only really avoids Dolby mistracking on a deck with tape alignment. Even Sony's cassette decks as supplied don't (usually) suit this tape particularly well.

Sensitivity: +0.8dB. Signal/noise: -48.5dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.4dB.



TDK AD

TDK *AD* is probably the most popular premium ferric on the market, and a fine performer by any standard, partly because it has been continuously refined in the years it has been on sale. The housing, also subject to detail refinement over time, looks boringly conventional, but actually offers very good reliability and excellent wind performance (a low incidence of tape scatter).

Sensitivity is nominally at or about IEC level, whilst hiss is an extraordinarily low, state of the art-busting-54dB. This isn't achieved at any significant cost to overload or distortion, both of which are fine. AD is essentially IEC compatible – a bare trace of brightness may be noticeable when used with accurately adjusted decks. But on the whole this tape has a neutral tonal balance, which combined with its normal sensitivity means that Dolby tracking integrity is likely to be good.

Sound quality was predictably excellent all round. The tape has ample clarity and dynamic range, so subtle information is preserved. The top is not hemmed in, neither are dynamics squashed. Highly recommended, obviously.

Sensitivity: +0.2dB. Signal/noise: -54dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.4dB.

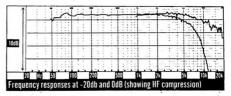


TDK AD-X

This is the super version of TDK AD, and an extraordinary performer which is intrinsically as good as almost any Type II or IV tape. Output is joint highest of all ferric Type Is at +0.8dB. (Sony *HF-ES* is the other very high output ferric, but AD-X has a flatter frequency response and is therefore rather more compatible than the Sony.) The TDK tape is also considerably quieter. AD-X falls only 1dB short of the exceptional AD noise figure, but more than makes up for this with a much increased headroom, especially at high frequencies. AD-X in practice offers a wider dynamic range than any ferric tape known to the author (or his analyst), a finding that was confirmed with the spectrum analysis tests.

High output does mean potential Dolby mistracking – encountered with the test deck when adjusted for an IEC standard tape. The solution is obvious – to record without Dolby which the wide dynamic range of this tape (and AD) positively encourages. Both tapes have excellent inherent sound quality with masses of detail, along with a firm bass and real transparency. Hardly like tape at all . . .

Sensitivity: +0.8dB. Signal/noise: -53dB for 1.0%THD. 10kHz compression: 4.5dB.

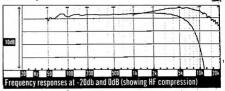


THAT'S FX

As well as pioneering the use of metal coatings for use in the Type II (chrome) bias slot, That's (Taiyo Yuden) now bid to add to their eccentric reputation by using cobalt doping with this Type I tape (a technique previously associated exclusively with Type II formulations).

The results are unevenly impressive. Treble output especially is very strong, though noise levels are only moderately good. Output is very high, and although this can be a very good thing, it does mean that Dolby record/replay tracking is compromised.

FX sounds very clear and precise. Low noise modulation kept the treble clean, but tonally things were slightly out of kilter, and it was a little thin and disembodied in the midband. The tape introduced a 'hole' in the middle of the frequency range, which although exciting in a rather assertive hi-fiish way is not exactly accurate. Lack of compatibility is a liability that only a cassette deck with tape tuning can cure. But when properly aligned, FX can offer impressive master-tape-like qualities of firmness and stability.



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YPE I FERRICS

<u>YPE II CHROMES</u>

THAT'S TX

TX is less idiosyncratic than most Taiyo Yuden tapes. Output is a little below normal, though not enough to materially affect Dolby tracking if the listening findings were representative. The response shape is very nearly ideally flat, mod noise is decently low, and the same applies to bias noise (hiss) when judging by anything other than TDK AD/AD-X standards.

Sound quality lived up to this promise, with a useful combination of precision and neutrality, a well integrated bass/midrange, and a slightly 'sharp' sounding treble.

That's TX is much more conventional than FX, and trades a little of the latter's specialness for greater compatibility. In an ideal situation, using a tape deck with adjustable bias, equalisation and sensitivity, FX is potentially the more capable, better sounding tape. But in the 90% of cases where the tape is used in a machine with fixed, roughly IEC standard settings, TX is likely to prove a better candidate. And its intrinsic quality is very good.

Sensitivity: -0.3dB. Signal/noise: -46dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 4.8dB.

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REALISTIC, Tandy UK, Tandy Centre, Leamore Lane, Bloxwich, Walsall, W. Midlands WS2 7PS. Tel: (0922) 710000. SCOTCH, 3M United Kingdom PLC, PO Box 1, Bracknell, Berks RG12 1JU. Tel: (0344) 426726.

SONY UK LTD., Sony House, South Street, Staines, Midd. TW18 4PF. Tel: (0784) 67000. TDK UK LTD., Pembroke House, Wellesley Road, Croydon, Surrey CR0 9XW. Tel: 01-680 0023.

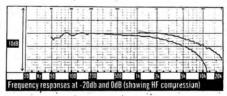
THATS, Portfolio Marketing, River Walk, Tonbridge, Kent TN9 1DT. Tel: (0732) 365071.

AGFA CDXII

Pure chromium dioxide *CDXII* is very insensitive, being a full 2dB below the line at 400Hz, and rather more than that for most of the remainder of the audio frequency band – it rolls off quite severely in the treble. Made to look unnaturally good by virtue of the treble loss, noise levels are nevertheless low, and in practice may be limited by machine hiss. Modulation noise is also very low, a common feature of chrome rather than pseudo-chrome tapes generally. But headroom is limited and the effective dynamic range of this tape is a little low.

CDXII sounded almost terminally relaxed, lacking real energy or drive. But low level clarity was actually very good, and stereo soundstaging unusually consistent and believable. Compatibility is obviously not a strong point (unless you happen to have one of the remaining decks which has been set up in accordance with the old DIN chrome standards); this rather than any inherent lack of prowess is likely to prove the limiting factor of this otherwise highly capable and sweet sounding tape. If you have a deck with fully adjustable everything, give it a try.

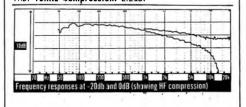
Sensitivity: -2.1dB. Signal/noise: -54dB for 1.0% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.4dB.



AGFA CDXIIS

Agfa evidently realise that CDXII is not going to win many friends amongst Japanese cassette deck owners, so they provide an alternative in the form of CDXIIS. This dual layer tape has much greater HF energy and better LF sensitivity too – but much worse modulation noise, as anticipated. Even this tape, however, has below average sensitivity, and the frequency balance still sharply favours the bass. The downwards tilt at HF is very marked in energy terms, and is responsible for the predominantly slow, dull sound the tape possesses.

CDXIIS in fact sounded a little less dull and constrained than pure chrome CDXII, but it did have somewhat impaired very low signal performance. Overall it seemed a little crude and caricatured. It's not a bad tape on balance, but not inherently as good as CDXII musically. In any case it's up against particularly stiff opposition, and is best suited to recorders with full tape adjustment facilities, since compatibility is distinctly poor. Sensitivity: -0.6dB. Signal/noise: -54dB for 0.9%THD. 10kHz compression: 2.2dB.



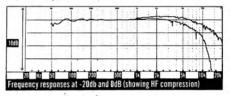
FUJI FR-II

As usual with non-European brands – and increasingly even with European ones – Fuji's Type II formulations are based on a high energy ferric oxide, doped with cobalt to raise the coercivity level the required amount. *F*KII is a sensibly compatible tape and should give excellent results on a wide range of tape decks, largely because sensitivity is standard and the frequency response shape essentially flat.

The other test results also gave numbers which rank as about average. Noise, for example, is a respectable dB or so below the best, whilst headroom is excellent at 400Hz, deteriorating to a straight good at higher frequencies. Modulation noise just ranks as fair.

This tape sounded consistently good, exactly as promised. If anything recordings sounded very slightly 'soft', but detail was good, and musical presentation using a good deck was unusually natural and unexaggerated. Noise was low enough to make sense of non-Dolby recording for less dynamically demanding material where the record levels can be kept suitably high.

Sensitivity: OdB. Signal/noise: - 52dB for 0.6% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.0dB.

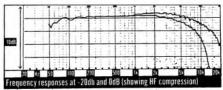


FUJI FR-IIS

FK-IIS is a slightly improved version of *FK-II*, and on paper is supposed to run smoother and therefore give a better noise modulation figure. It didn't. The numbers were identical, and so too was bias noise (hiss). The *Super* version did offer a slightly higher output sensitivity (it isn't supposed to, but fortunately it isn't high enough to cause problems), and a little more headroom (also not on the menu). In essence though *FK-IIS*, like *FK-II*, is a very compatible Type II, with low noise, excellent headroom and a well tailored frequency response.

Paradoxically (given the numbers), FR IIS did manage to sound a little more alive and tauter than its cheaper brother, but both are excellent tapes which sound very accurate, and which offer surprisingly little dynamic squash and first class stereo. The neutrality and smoothness of FR-II was found here too, while noise can be more effectively suppressed with wide-ranging material using FR IIS. This tape may be worth the expense where that little extra is required, though for most day to day use it's probably hard to justify the higher cost.

Sensitivity: +0.3dB. Signal/noise: -52dB for 0.6% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.1dB.



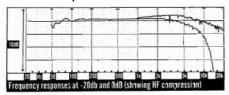
<u> TYPE II CHROMES</u>

JVC UFII

This pseudochrome tape is typical of modern Type IIs in many ways. It has slightly above the line output across the audio frequency band, a mild excess of energy at high frequencies, well suppressed bias noise, and reasonable above the line headroom. When assessed using spectrum analysis and pink noise (simulating music), *LFII* proved to have a slightly greater dynamic range across the board than TDK *SA* (which is a convenient and useful yardstick by which Type IIs are often judged). The difference wasn't large, but being wideband the integrated effect is worth having.

However, modulation noise was several decibels worse than usual, and this correlated well with the distinctly roughened textures that were noted during the listening which is a pity, since in all other respects this is an excellent tape: the bass is lean and precise; the midband refined and detailed. The tape handled wide ranging dynamics as though born to the task.

Sensitivity: +0.3dB. Signal/noise: -53.5dB for 0.7% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.3dB.

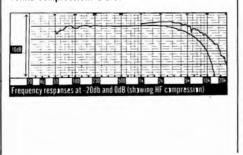


MAXELL UDII

Maxell's budget Type II high energy superferric is a natural foil to TDK SF, with which it competes closely in the marketplace. UDH has industry standard (*ie* IEC compatible) sensitivity and tonal balance, and will work happily with a wide range of cassette decks – any decent deck you can think of in fact. Its main limitation is a lack of real HF – note the faster than average fall at the very top end of the passband.

In practice this 'problem' was surprisingly innocuous. There was very little shortfall of resolution or 'top', though *UDII* did sound a little 'quieter' and smoother than *XLII*. The very good noise modulation – a tribute to Maxell's mechanical build and tape finish standards – is obviously part of the reason. *UDII* is also a little noisy by the best standards, and this did impart a slightly 'furry' coloration to the sound, especially when recording very quiet musical passages. The price excuses all, however, and *UDII* is excellent value for money.

Sensitivity: OdB. Signal/noise: -51.5dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.2dB.



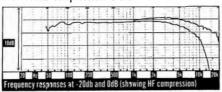
MAXELL XLII

Like TDK SA, Maxell's XLII mainstream Type II tape has been improved and refined over the years and generally kept in line with prevailing standards in the middle of the Type II market. It's very widely available and known to be a consistent product.

Built into Maxell's standard (good quality) shell, XLII is substantially IEC compatible. It's not an especially quiet tape, the measured -51.5dB being at a relatively high 0.9% THD and with limited headroom above that. Modulation noise is good, however – high quality mechanics and an excellent standard of tape finish ensure that.

Sensitivity is just below IEC, which dates the tape a little as does an overload performance at both 400Hz and 4kHz which lags today's market a little. The response shape is accurate, however, and compatibility is good, in practice as well as on paper. It's desirable to avoid too high record levels, and sound quality can be a little thin and bright, but on the whole performance is at least of average standard.

Sensitivity: -0.4dB. Signal/noise: -52.5dB for 0.8% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.0dB.



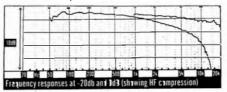
MAXELL XLII-S

This is Maxell's top Type II tape, and is equipped with their best cassette mechanism, based on a superbly finished shell with large observation window.

Earlier versions of XLII-S were tonally bright, but this has been corrected – over corrected if the review batch is anything to go by. Sensitivity is rather high at low and medium frequencies, falling only at HF as shown. Hiss is considerably less than with XLII, while headroom and modulation noise are broadly maintained. When everything is added together, and combined with the results of the spectrum analysis test, XLII-S emerges with a slightly better dynamic range, at HF especially. But it's also rather less compatible, and as a result really demands a deck with bias/EQ adjustments.

Corrected, it sounds a little sweeter and sharper, with less granularity and obviousness. If you prefer it in English, it's a more transparent sounding tape. It can also be driven consistently harder than *XLII*, and can quite successfully be used without Dolby processing, as long as the music doesn't have too many open gaps.

Sensitivity: +0.7dB. Signal/noise: -53.5dB for 0.9% THD. 10kHz compression: 3.6dB.



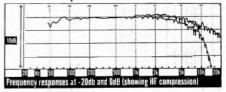
MEMOREX HBXII

HBXII is Memorex's middle Type II, at about \$3 for 90 minutes making it a fairly ambitious product. The company are a bit vague about the constituents – maybe they've forgotten – but it seems to be a high energy, most likely a Japanese style cobalt doped ferric. It behaves like one, with a perfectly IEC compatible output level and an almost mathematically flat response curve.

However, the swept sinewave caught this tape out in an unexpected way – the very rough looking plot is indicative of uneven coating or dropout, and indeed was associated with exceptionally poor modulation noise. Although the sound wasn't rough in the way often associated with tapes that measure this way, there was some loss of fine detail and of selective ambient information, affecting LF reverberant cues least.

Noise and overload were acceptable, and the tape offered a wide ranging, uncompressed and basically clean account of itself, but with the subtle losses already described. Intriguingly good in parts, but flawed nonetheless.

Sensitivity: -0.1dB. Signal/noise: -52.5dB for 0.7% THD. 10kHz compression: 1.8dB.



MEMOREX CDXII

The most ambitious of Memorex's multitude of Type II tapes, *CDXII* is a pure metal in true That's tradition, and expensive at just under \$4 for a C90. Whatever next?

CLXII has better mid and HF dynamic range than TDK *SA* (the *de facto* industry standard), but a very high (albeit sub-That's) sensitivity, and a screwball HF response which will murder any noise reduction that relies on knowing where levels are going to be on replay. Note the tell-tale dropout 'spikes' which may be due to underbiasing (correct biasing would probably overexpose the tape's inherent HF 'Concorde nose'), and the Eiger-like headroom.

I wasn't particularly enamoured of the strident, messy (due to Dolby mistracking) and anomalous (transients seemed to be 'detached') sound of this very odd tape. The problem afflicts all Type II metals, which are after all a bastardised sub-species of the metal *genus*, and not to be taken seriously until cassette deck manufacturers start to take their compatibility seriously themselves – perhaps by introducing a Type V compromise setting.

Sensitivity: +1.2dB. Signal/noise: -50.5dB for 1.1% THD. 10kHz compression: 1.2dB.



New Hi-Fi Sound Magazine

In an effort to encounter the pre-dominant influence of Hi-Fi Markets, a group of independent dealers decided to pool resources and compete for special offers and end-ol-line dealers. Julian Richer, of Richer Sounds in London Bridge, was amember of AVID in the early days. He is now a very powerful independent and competes with AVID for deals....

...Over the next lew months, AVID will show that they have a unified aim by presenting a concerted advertising campaign aided by the in-house graphic department. Although there is some overlap between AVID, BADA and Hi-Fi Markets dealers, there's plenty of in-fighting.

Markets dealers, there exists a sub-fighting. Adding spice to the debate is the presence of Richer Sounds, Julian Richer has expanded the store phenomenally in it's short life. It's now on target for a £2 to 53 million annual turnover. One thing you could never accuse Julian of is pretentiousness. The tiny shop is littered with boxes piled up to the ceiling.

What Richer Sounds specialises in are exceptionally low prices on end-of-line products. They also sell equipment that has been returned after appraisal to mail-order companies like Freemans. What happens is that the equipment is passed back to the manufacturers who store it in the warehouses once it has been checked by the service departments Julian has really correct the market in this kind of equipment. Everything on sale at Richer Sounds is priced and clearly marked to indicate it it is end-of-line, mail-order business by advertising secondhand gear though Exchange & Mart). Two service What Richer Sounds specialises in

engineers are employed full-time to deal with customers problems. And if with customers' problems. And if customers can't wait for their equipment to be repaired, should something go wrong within the statutory one-year period, they should be able to bend Julian's arm into giving them a temporary replacement

replacement Aggressive marketing has helped Richer Sounds expand dramatically in a very short space of time. He has published a price list which shows every special price, except from those from specialist manufacturers who want to preserve their loyal, mainstream dealers. After all, it wouldn't do to have other dealers know how much of a discount someone like Julian Richer is getting. The monthly price list carries cartoons of the staff and touque-in-cheek biogs, viz Jez is the haggard weck of a human being who would like to be an ageing rock star - he started by becoming a physical ruin, is waiting for a full labolomy. ssive marketing has helped

ageing rock star - ne saiting for a full abording -, is waiting for a full a leading chain-store requested stars where turnover is very quick. I heard a story fron one manufacturer who said that a leading chain-store requested training o for their staff three months after the company had conducted a course. On so mentioning this fact, it transpired that all the staff had left within that period! Sounds published a coupon offering to refund travel expenses as long as the buyer spent a coupon offering to refund travel expenses as long as the company had conducted to claim. Does anyone know the outcome?) and could show that he had taken the cheapest route to the shop. (I'm fold that someons came all the way from Brimingham and tried to claim. Does anyone know the outcome?) stores, it's good to see someone putting the fun back into buying hi-fi. There's a lot of hypocrisy in every industry. Hi-fihas it's share, and it's particularly well illustrated

the attitude towards Richer Sounds by the at and AVID

and AVID. Eath operations provide a valuable service to the industry Imagine you are a a big hi-fi manufacturer trying to flog al quartz-locked direct-drive furntable for 5130. You're stuck with 2.500 boxes in the warehouse with next season's shipment on it's way fron Japan. You'r regular, franchised dealers don't want the old models. What hannens? Jillian Bicher regular, franchised dealers don't want the old models. What happens? Julian Richer huys the lot at a knock-down price and selfs them with an adequate margin at a retail price of less than £50. I challenge anyone to say that that was not a good buy at the price

One thing you could never accuse Julian Richer of is pretentiousness

Detentiousness As things stand, AVID are inviting trouble by selling quality hi-fi at knock-down prices. The tenuous basis on which the industry has operated over the last few years has been that high-quality equipment has a high dealer mark-up in order to encourage him to give the time and effort required for demonstrating and setting up. By buying special-offer deals on systems comprised of products that have been consistently recommended by the magazines, you could run the risk of not receiveng that necessary service. With Richer Sounds, you know you won't receive this type of service. So shouldn't mind when you don't get it. The specialist dealers will say that whatever then you've no alternative but to shop are installation. If you beleve this - as we do-then you've no alternative but to shop are get as or mail-order return deals that the likes of Richer Soundis can supply.

The place was crammed. It was rush-hour. We had to sidle in, feet shuffing, breath held in, head back to avoid butting the taller assistants on the chin, bottom forward in case we activated a quartz synthesiser trans or nudged a semi-automatic, belt-drive turntable. In other words, there was someone else in the shop.

words, there was someone else in the shop. Richer Sounds claims to have on the coveted award of "Unddi-est Hi-Fi Shop of the Year, 1982/3" and looks like walking away with the prize for the foresee able future. "There's the **up-market** type of shop," states the brochure, "where you'll get personal service, a smart environment, demonstrations, in-stallation and so on." Richer Sounds is not one of these. For example, "The nearest we get to installation is to make sure you get an instruction book." (The trick, incidentally, is to take it outside, where there is room to span.", it address is not even in the A-2, which does have the result of keeping people away, thus pioo-viding what passes for elbow room

on its premises. One of the reasons for the premises being cranmed with up to single figures, is that the **Punch Consumer Bureau's Technical Idviser** spends his spare time browsing among the silicon chips. Since he is 152, he is youthal enough to keep up with prices in the audio field: he assures us that the Richer Sounds compact disc player is £150 cheaper than the cheapest normal retail price and he also as-normal retail price and he also as-sures us that he sill can't afford it. What he can afford is much of the rest of the stock, which is highly economical - jock, which is highly economical - because it is last years of model, or mail order returns, or very bulky bulk purchase. El Cheapo here does not mean a stony silence after a couple of months'

silence and "If you only listen to Radio Mos-cow," they advise, "there's no point in buying a bi-B taner, just a simple shortware radio. "Punch Magazine"

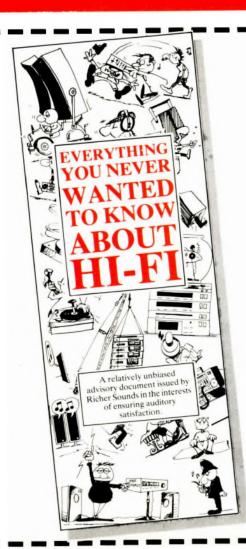
Julian Richer's jam-packed and unpretentious little shop exploits the apanese electronics industry's planned obsolescence strategy to the or less everyone's benefit. Hanges change every 12 months, but its generally more of a styling face-lift than a radical change in technology. So you can buy last yeing face-lift than a radical interchology much different in performance terms. So the year before "model without it being Richer are briefly and you might ask yourself they were returned and guaranteed, thou ying that ak yourself they were returned Richer are friendly and holpful but they have their own registry angest you fault get they set with a sufficient they have their own registry department and electronics whizz kids might take advantage of the cheap as-found fully get they set. (and electronics whizz kids might take advantage or me critedy as-tourio faulty gear they sell). If after looking around you decide the audiophile approach is not for you. Richer's no nonsense pile-it-high sell-it-cheap approach is hard to beat.



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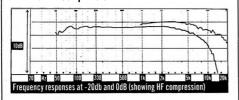
TYPE II CHROMES

MEMOREX CRXII

Memorex's 'scattergun' approach to Type II tape design sees them using almost anything magnetic to coat their tapes, as long as it's different from the time before. *CRXII* is a genuine chrome tape, and is also the budget model, with a TSP just the right side of the psychologically important £2 barrier.

Sensitivity is just 0.8dB short of IEC normal, which is good for a chrome. Headroom is also good by chrome standards, but a little limited by absolute standards. Modulation noise is exceptionally low (a worthwhile chrome characteristic), but HF compression is a little higher than usual. However, it appears that this in fact compresses fairly evenly at all frequencies, not merely high ones, and this characteristic is therefore readily ignored. The frequency response shape is remarkably accurate.

How does it sound? Excellent. As long as record levels are kept a little lower than normal, the tape sounds exceptionally smooth, sweet and refined. Very slightly too laid back, there are subtle losses of detail, but *CRXII* makes thoroughly musical noises. Sensitivity: -0.8dB. Signal/noise: -51dB for 1.0% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.4dB.



SONY UX-ES

Number two in the Sony Type II hierarchy, US-ES uses the same tape stock as in UX-Pro; differences between them are limited to the design of the housings. Both employ the same unusually attractive, large window cassette shell design (as do other Sony tapes), but UX-ES eschews the ceramic tape guides and certain other luxury features fitted exclusively to the more expensive 'Pro' mechanism.

The tape is sensitive and has an abundance of HF, leading to a toppy balance with a response that barely tails off at 20kHz (-20dB). Compression is also low, which is even more relevant to normal use. Noise is quite low, and so is distortion – this tape has almost unprecedented headroom.

Compatibility isn't too good. But a 'tweakable' deck with good headroom of its own will make superb recordings which are almost as clean, precise and concise as the state of the art allows. There's little of the usual cassette style 'waffling' here. But with many decks the tape is going to sound sharp to the point of edginess.

Sensitivity: +0.2dB. Signal/noise: -52dB for 0.6% THD. 10kHz compression: 1.8dB.

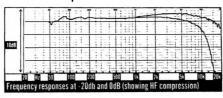
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SONY UX-PRO

If you like *UX-ES* so much you'd like to pay a bit more for it (and who would blame you?) *UX-Pro* is the tape to go for. Using very similar tape stock, *UX-Pro* sports refinements like extra shell reinforcement, a superior spring pressure pad design and ceramic tape guides. The net effect should be to reduce mod noise, but this parameter can be at the mercy of other factors (even random ones), and perversely *UX-ES* gave slightly better mod noise numbers on test. Perhaps additional drag results in slight roughness whilst running?

Performance is otherwise similar to UX-ES, but with slightly greater sensitivity (+0.4dB ref IEC) and a rather better controlled (and therefore more compatible) top end. Again, adjustable bias and EQ are required for best results, but the tape's phenomenal dynamic range helps facilitate Dolby-less recording. With or without Dolby, the tape is one of the most able on the market, capable of tight, tidy and dynamic recordings – qualities which ultimately help ensure unusually explicit stereo soundstaging.

Sensitivity: +0.4dB. Signal/noise: -52.0dB for 0.5% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.0dB.

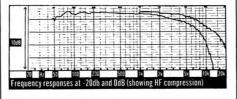


SONY UX-S

UX-S has little to do with the more expensive *UX-ES* and *UX-Pro*, which form a natural pair. This one is more sensitive than either, but has a sharply falling HF trend which was already noticeable in the response plots at 2kHz. To cap it, headroom is not outstanding and noise levels are quite high, which means that recording levels need to be wound well up if possible.

UX-S sounds nothing like the other Sony chromes (a super ferrics). It has little of their outstanding energy and precision, and sounds altogether a little vague and lacklustre. Much of this can be laid at the door of the sharply falling treble response of course, but high sensitivity doesn't help, since Dolby mistracking and the aural inconsistencies it caused were abundantly obvious. Taking everything together, I can't see a lot of justification for this tape, unless there are people out there who like a 'nice', slightly fat and dampened sound.

Sensitivity: +1.0dB. Signal/noise: -50.5dB for 0.7% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.4dB.

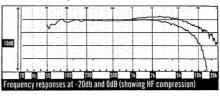


TDK SF

Supplied in a natty blue cassette shell, *SF* is electrically very similar to the best known TDK Type II, *SA*, but is reformulated to sell at a lower price, with some impairment of performance all round.

The response plots for SF and SA are almost interchangeable. SF has fractionally lower sensitivity than SA, but an almost ideally flat response shape and first rate IEC compatibility. SF is also slightly noisier than the market leader, with a little more 0VU distortion and lower headroom to match. Modulation noise was also a little higher, accounting for some audible coarseness when compared directly to SA. SF also tends to sound a little lightweight in this comparison, but this is a budget tape, and in relation to price it works extremely well.

SF was capable of clean and well balanced recordings with just a trace of softness at the two frequency extremes. On balance, however, it isn't objectively much worse than SA, and remains excellent value for money. Sensitivity: -0.2dB. Signal/noise: -53.0dB for 0.8%THD. 10kHz compression: 2.4dB.



TDK SA

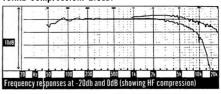
TDK's high energy cobalt-doped ferric *SA* is the single best selling Type II this side of Barnard's Star – it boasts a very large percentage share of the UK Type II market. It is also a highly compatible allrounder of considerable merit.

Fitted in a high quality Braille marked housing (like all but the cheapest TDKs), SA is engineered to conform to IEC. It has strictly normal output, a neutral frequency response and extremely well suppressed background noise. Headroom is only moderate, which pulls the overall dynamic range down a little.

The point about SA is that whilst it fails to excel in any particular area, there are no important weaknesses – the tape has an excellent balance of properties. And it is ideally compatible with any deck set up to the normal IEC standard.

SA has been a consistently excellent performer for a long time, and is still amongst the most neutral and even tempered tapes with good detail, dynamics, noise and 'listenability'. If anything the tonal balance tends towards warmth, with some loss of precision noticeable in high resolution systems.

Sensitivity: OdB. Signal/noise: -53.5dB for 0.7% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.1dB.





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TYPE II CHROMES

TDK SA-X

Here's an oddity: although based on doped ferric stock, and therefore a classic Type II formulation, SA-X has a response shape reminiscent of a pure chrome. However, anyone trying to substitute SA-X for a chrome will get a surprise. Although superficially similar in tonal balance, favouring the bass and lower mid with treble detail muted, SA-X will sound a great deal louder. There's also the issue of Dolby compatibility which will be a problem for either type if the recorder is aligned for the other. In fact, SA-X is always likely to cause mistracking unless there's some means of adjusting all the parameters that affect tape matching - bias, EQ and sensitivity.

SA-X also has a slight but noticeable 'sting in the tail' – an upturned response at extreme HF that can give the tape a slightly grainy sound. But noise levels are exceptionally low – easily the best in the entire group in fact – and there's useful headroom too. Dynamic range far exceeds any chrome, and beats SA hollow above about 3-4kHz. Definitely an oddity, but one with a lot of potential in the right player. However, I fear I just didn't find that player . . .

Sensitivity: +1.1dB. Signal/noise: -55.0dB for 0.7% THD. 10kHz compression: 3.8dB.

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THAT'S EX

Idiosyncratically yours from Taiyo Yuden. The tape with the world's strangest moniker is also the world's most oddball electromagnetically. Designed with the Type II chrome slot (vaguely) in mind, *EX* (and *EM-X* for that matter) is in fact a metal like any proper Type IV metal. Even odder, very little has been done to disguise the fact, for example by making it truly compatible with the Type II bias setting. Instead, the tape is so sensitive you can practically hear what's been recorded even *without* a cassette deck! However, working dynamic range is enormous, and headroom is simply cavernous at bass and treble extremes alike.

The response has a saucer like shape with a dip centred on 10kHz leading to a smooth and weighty but rather dull sound. And without sensitivity adjustment on the cassette deck, Dolby mistracking is assured. Dropout was noticeable on headphones with this tape, which is often a sign of underbiasing. Not recommended.

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THAT'S EM-X

Another Type II metal, EM-X is essentially an improved and refined EX. Compared to the latter, EM-X is a little quieter, and has an even wider dynamic range on complex music type signals. Again, sensitivity is outrageously high -EM-X drove the sinewave measuring equipment way off scale, with sensitivity more than 2dB above normal. A tape with wide ranging sensitivity adjustment will be able to make much of this extraordinary open, clean tape; otherwise forget it.

There were other problems too. The mechanics of some of the samples were a bit suspect, and some dropout was audible (though not to the degree found with EX). The tape sounds highly distinctive on audition, with surprisingly good clarity (like most Type IV metals) and an odd but decidedly three dimensional stereo soundstage. But tonal colours were often distorted or compressed, and Dolby mistracking will be a problem in the absence of suitable adjustment on the cassette deck. Furthermore, background noise may be a little high for non-Dolby recordings, even with the massive available headroom - but it may be worth a try.

Sensitivity: +2.3dB. Signal/noise: -50.0dB for 1.0% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.3dB.

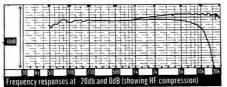
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THAT'S VX

This new tape came without much explanation, but appears to be That's' stab at a nonidiosyncratic Type II, presumably based on a doped ferric pseudochrome formulation like most others. Sensitivity is actually just below IEC norm, and the response shape could have been drawn using a TDK, Maxell or Fuji tape. Signal/noise is very good – much better than the Type II metals – and distortion is lower too. Headroom is only modest, but modulation noise is very low. In the spectrum analysis test, VX came out ahead of stalwarts like TDK SA for working dynamic range – a not unimpressive result.

VX did quite a good job imitating the source, ending up sounding rather like JVC UFII. Clean, detailed and dynamic, it is also a little roughened around the edges. I was also disturbed to note significant if intermittent dropout with this tape, which calls into question coating uniformity. I'd want further reassurance on both this factor and also the housing quality before getting wildly enthusiastic.

Sensitivity: -0.5dB. Signal/noise: 53dB for 0.7% THD. 10kHz compression: 2.0dB.



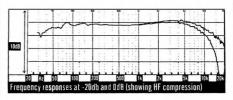
FUJI FR METAL

Coated with a proprietary metal powder using a proprietary binder and coating technology, the ordinary looking Fuji cassette shell has one useful hidden extra – head cleaning leader tape.

FR Metal has a just detectably falling top end response, a slightly lower than normal sensitivity, and a noise/distortion compromise below the industry norm. These shortfalls were all small, however, and good compatibility suggests Dolby mistracking shouldn't be a problem. In fact this is one of the very few metal tapes that is neutral; most of its peers being variously bright, both on the test bench and in practice. However, spectrum analysis did show that *FR Metal* has a rather restricted operating envelope.

In fact the sound turned out to be a little better than expected on audition, due to a slightly clearer, more colourful and less 'metallic' (no pun intended) mid-top than usual. However, the higher noise floor is audible, and the tape needs to be driven hard for this reason. The tape itself has good headroom, but remember that many cassette decks don't.

Sensitivity: -0.4dB. Signal/noise: 49.5dB for 0.6% THD. 10kHz compression: 0.9dB.



MAXELL MX

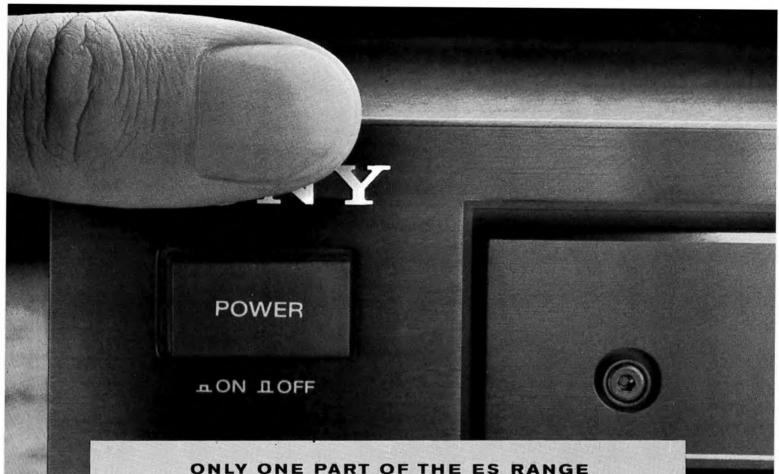
Although sensitivity is a little lower than normal, Maxell's *MX* has no shortage of HF energy, the result being a slightly bright HF balance and negligible Dolby mistracking (Dolby starts acting around 1kHz, where the response curve has all but peaked).

That aside, MX is a middle of the road metal tape electrically. Saturation performance is very slightly below group norm, but bias noise is acceptably low, and HF compression is well contained. Output uniformity of the tested samples was good, and older MXtapes have kept their condition well, which hasn't always been the case with metal formulations. Noise modulation is also good, which speaks well of the surface finish.

Sound quality is very good, and on the right machine (actually any decently engineered metal-capable deck) Maxell *MX* sounds smooth, fairly neutral and has excellent detail and dynamics. Noise is quite well suppressed, but the tape can't be pushed quite as hard as some, so recording levels need to be watched.

Sensitivity: -0.7dB. Signal/noise: 51dB for 0.5% THD. 10kHz compression: 1.0dB.

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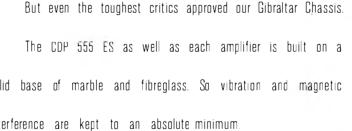




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<u>TYPE IV METALS</u>

SONY METAL-ES

Sony *Metal-ES* has a very flat response shape indeed when tested with a sinewave signal (see plot), but pink noise spectrum analysis tells the slightly different story of a rising energy trend with increasing frequency. Sensitivity is high, which is likely to cause Dolby mistracking, but modulation noise is extremely low, and spectrum analysis also suggests a usefully wider working dynamic range than the IEC reference, especially at HF. On the other hand, the Sony does have more HF compression than normal, which may well have arisen because the sensitivity combined with the intrinsic high energy of the tape is pushing the recorder close to its limits.

The reality is that *Metal-ES* is an intrinsically superb tape, spoiled in practice by lack of compatibility. There was a loss of body and 'weight' in the crucial midband region, taking away some of the stature of the music, though the quality of bass and treble alike was very clean and the tape is very quiet. Strictly for decks with tweakable bias and equalisation.

Sensitivity: +0.8dB. Signal/noise: 52.5dB for 0.4% THD. 10kHz compression: 1.4dB.

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TDK MA-X & MA-XG

For all intents and purposes, this tape can be treated as IEC compatible, so that a correctly set up cassette deck should suit well. In fact $MA\cdot X$ has modest HF lift, amounting to about 1dB/5kHz measured at -20dB, but less than half that at 0dB. $MA\cdot XG$ is very similar tapewise, but features a costly zinc diecast housing beloved of photographers. Measurement suggests its benefits are nebulous, with slightly poorer mod. noise and wind scatter.

Most of the figures rate a straight average, suggesting that this is a good, but no longer exceptional tape. Signal/noise is -51dB (the range of metals extending from -48.5 to -52.5dB), noise modulation is excellent, and compression (measured at 10kHz) is low.

For some time these have been amongst the most predictably excellent sounding metal tapes around. There's some loss of resolution when the sound gets very busy, and a touch of HF glare with some material. A deck with adjustable metal equalisation could be an advantage but in most circumstances they perform consistently well, with a smooth, integrated overall quality.

MA-X: Sensitivity: 0.dB. Signal/noise: 51.5dB for 0.5% THD. MA-XG: Sensitivity: -0.2dB. Signal/noise: 51.5dB for 0.5% THD. 10kHz compression: 1.1dB.

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THAT'S MG-X

On the whole, That's' metal tapes are nothing like so idiosyncratic as their Type II metals, yet complete normality somehow evades this one at least. Even the housing is unusual, the wedge shape observation window being pretty but not altogether practical.

That's *MG-X* has constrained dynamic range by metal standards, as determined from both the signal/noise and distortion results and as confirmed by the pink noise spectrum analysis. Sensitivity is a little low, yet the response shape shows a typical top end lift, so any Dolby tracking integrity problems should be inaudible on IEC aligned decks. Yet the listening results seemed to defy this simple analysis.

Not a particularly engaging tape to listen to, MG-X made rather syrupy recordings on a machine set up to IEC. The bass sounded heavy and the midrange confused, and this was partly attributable to Dolby mistracking due to the sensitivity error, but was also a function of a treble sounding less than transparent.

Sensitivity: +1.0dB. Signal/noise: 48.5dB for 0.6% THD. 10kHz compression: 0.5dB.

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THAT'S MR-X PRO

In contrast to the cheaper That's Type IV, MR.X Pro has a sensitivity figure just above the line and an improved signal/noise ratio. The overall dynamic range is excellent – within spitting distance of the Sony metals. However, noise modulation is disappointing. The response shape is typical of metals in being lifted at high frequencies, though not sufficiently so to result in a significantly bright balance in a well set-up cassette deck (which many unfortunately aren't, on metal especially). Compression is low.

The one quality this tape possesses above all others is precisely the one that is absent from practically all That's' remaining tapes – compatibility. This tape can be slotted in where a TDK, Fuji or other compatible tape normally goes.

Sonically undistinctively good, the midband sounded slightly thin and occasionally 'pinched', and there were odd flashes of brashness, but nothing extraordinary. The tape has decently low noise, and can be used without Dolby C, which tends to be advantageous.

Sensitivity: +0.3dB. Signal/noise: 51.0dB for 0.5% THD. 10kHz compression: 1.1dB.

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TAPES: CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

Concluding the tests with a run-down of the best performers

A quick comparison between the results of this tape test and the last one undertaken in 1987 suggests that change has been evolutionary rather than revolutionary; consequently there are few real surprises.

The poorer ferric tapes tend to sound rather cuddly and loose, at the frequency extremes especially. They are tonally rather dull as a breed, and the lower output tapes also suffer from compromised Dolby tracking.

Another generalisation, but a useful one, is that the more sensitive tapes are the more alive, vital and - in short - better sounding ones. There is a tendency for sensitive tapes to sound a little bright (not universally true, as TDK SA-X in particular demonstrates), but they are also the ones that give the widest operating dynamic range (nine times out of ten anyway).

Type Is continue to show the greatest range of variation between brands and types – predictably since this is where the budget tape suppliers find their richest pickings. **Fuji FR-IS, JVC UFI** and **Memorex MRXIS** all impressed as good, compatible tapes. **MRXIIS** is a little compressed at high levels and high frequencies and is slightly noisy too. **Sony HF** has similar characteristics, but is also a little coloured and low in sensitivity; it's available cheaply though, and can be recommended for many less critical purposes.

Amongst the premium types, the front runners include TDK AD, which has extremely good compatibility, has an even wider operating dynamic range, as wide as any tape, but it is also very sensitive - a characteristic shared by Sony HF-S and HF-ES. These last three are unquestionably amongst the most exciting of all ferrics, but do need special bias, EQ and sensitivity settings before giving of their best. With the dynamic range of most metals but poor Dolby compatibility, **AD-X** and *HF-ES* are particularly well adapted for use on an inherently quiet recorder without noise reduction, perhaps with Dolby HX-Pro (which works best with Type Is). That's TX and FX attract similar comments and are well worth trying, but in the final analysis they seem less consistent than the best of their competition.

TYPE II

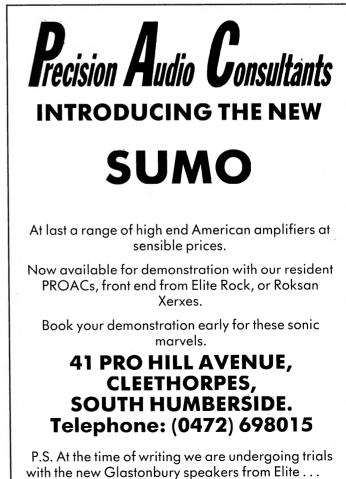
Amongst the Type IIs, the age old split between the low sensitivity chromes and the high sensitivity super-ferrics continues unabated, with the pure chromes looking ever more out on a limb on compatibility grounds. This was always inevitable of course, with chrome tape manufactured exclusively in Europe and the super ferrics and the hardware industry concentrated predominantly in Japan.



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CONCLUSIONS

Tape	Sensitivity	Noise	THD	3% THD	Satura	ition	Noise	Compression
		ret IEC OdB			40Hz	4kHz	Modulation	10kHz
Agfa F-DX1	-0.4dB	- 46.5dB	0.9%	+ 7dB	+ 6.5dB	+ 7dB	-38dB	4.8dB
Agfa F-DX1S	— 1.1 dB	- 48dB	0.9%	+6dB	+6.5dB	+ 8dB	— 39dB	3.8dB
Boots Ferric I	-0.2dB	-47dB	0.8%	-8dB	-8dB	+6.5dB	-43dB	4.4d8
Boots Super Ferric I	-0.6dB	— 46dB	08%	— 7dB	-6.5dB	+ 7dB	-42dB	4 5dB
De n on DX	— 1.4dB	-46dB	0.9%	+ 5.5dB	+ 4 .5dB	+6dB	— 41dB	>4 OdB
Fuji FR-IS	+0.2dB	-47dB	0.9%	+10dB	+ 9dB	+ 8dB	— 40dB	4.0dB
Fuji DR	— 1.6dB	— 48dB	0.9%	+ 5dB	+ 5dB	+ 6dB	— 42dB	3.6dB
Goldstar HD	— 0.7dB	— 45.5dB	0.9%	+6dB	+ 5dB	+ 7dB	-41dB	4.8dB
Goldstar HR	-0.5dB	— 45dB	0.9%	+ 7dB	+ 5.5dB	+ 7dB	—43dB	5.1dB
JVC UF1	+0.3dB	— 49dB	0.8%	+ 8,5dB	+ 8dB	+ 8dB	— 37dB	4.0dB
Maxeli UDI	+ 0.5dB	— 48dB	0.8%	+ 9dB	+ 9dB	+ 8dB	-41dB	4.8dB
Maxell XLI	-0.4dB	— 48dB	0.8%	+7dB	+ 8dB	+ 8dB	-42dB	4.2dB
Maxell XLI-S	— 0.2dB	— 49dB	0.8%	+ 6.5dB	+ 7dB	+ 7dB	— 38dB	4.5dB
Memorex dBS	— 0.5dB	— 47.5dB	0.8%	+6dB	+6.5dB	+6.6dB	— 38d E	4.5dB
Memorex (dBSI	— 0.7dB	— 48dB	0.8%	+6.5dB	+ 5.5dB	+ 6dB	- 38dE	>3 8dB
Memorex MRXIS	+0.1dB	- 46.5dB	0.8%	+ 8.5dB	+ 8dB	+ 7dB	- 39dB	5.3dB
Realistic Low Noise	— 0.5dB	-48dB	0.8%	+ 7dB	+ 6dB	+ 6dB	— 38dB	4.5dB
Realistic Gold Plus	-0.6dB	— 46dB	0.9%	+7d8	+ 6dB	+6.5dB	-45dB	5.5dB
Sony HF	— 0. 5dB	— 46dB	0.8%	+ 7.5dB	+ 7dB	+ 7dB	- 42dB	4.0dB
Sony HF-S	+0.4dB	— 48dB	0.8%	+ 9dB	+ 8dB	+ 8dB	-41dB	4 8dB
Sony HF-ES	+ 0.8dB	— 48.5dB	0.8%	+ 9.5dB	+ 8dB	+ 8dB	— 42dB	4.4dB
TDK AD	+ 0.2dB	— 54dB	0.8%	+ 8dB	+ 7dB	+ 8dB	— 40dB	4.4dB
TDK AD-X	+ 0.8dB	— 53dB	1.0%	+ 10dB	+ 9.5dB	+ 8dB	— 37dB	4 5dB
That's FX	+ 0.6dB	— 47dB	0.9%	+ 9.5dB	+ 8dB	+ 8dB	- 43dB	5.4dB
That's TX	-0.3dB	— 46dB	0.8%	+ 8dB	+ 7dB	+ 7dB	- 43dB	4.8dB

TYPE II CHROMES

Tape	Sensitivity	Noise ref IEC DdB	THD 400Hz	3% THD	Satura 40Hz	tion 4kHz	Noise Modulation	Compression 10kHz
Agfa CDXII	-2.1dB	— 54dB	1.0%	+ 4dB	+4dB	+ 2dB	-43dB	2.4dB
Agfa CDXIIS	—0 6dB	— 54dB	0.9%	+6 5dB	+ 8dB	+ 3dB	— 39dB	2.2dB
Fuji FR-11	OdB	— 52dB	0.6%	+ 7dB	+6.5dB	+ 6dB	— 39dB	2.0dB
Fuji FR-11 Super	+ 0.3dB	— 52dB	0.6%	+ 7.5dB	+ 8dB	+6dB	— 39dE	2.1d e
JVC UFII	+ 0.3dB	— 53.5dB	0.7%	+6.5dB	+ 7,5dB	+6dB	— 37dB	2.3d e
Maxe!! UDII	OdB	— 51.5dB	0.9%	+ 5dB	+ 7.0dB	+ 5dB	-44dB	2 2d e
Maxe!! XLII	-0.4dB	— 52.5dB	0.8%	+ 5.5dB	+ 7dB	+ 5dB	-42dB	2.0dB
Maxell XLII-S	+0.7dB	— 53 5dB	0.9%	+ 6.5dB	+ 7.5dB	+ 3.5dE	-44dB	3.6dB
Memorex HBXII	-0.1dB	— 52 5dB	0.7%	+ 6 dB	+ 6 dB	+ 6dB	— 37dE	1.8dB
Memorex CDXII	+ 1.2dB	— 50 5dB	11%	+ 6dB	+ 10dB	+ 7.5dB	-40dE	1.2dB
Memorex CRXII	— 0.8dB	— 5 1dB	1.0%	+ 4dB	+ 6dB	+ 5dB	— 44dB	2.4dB
Sony UX-ES	+ 0.2dB	— 52dB	06%	+ 7.5dB	+ 9dB	+ 7dB	— 42dB	1.8dB
Sony UX-Pro	+0.4dB	— 52dB	0.5%	+ 8dB	+ 9dE	+7dB	— 4 ldH	2 OdB
Sony UX-S	+1 0dB	— 50.5dB	0.7%	+ 7.5dB	+ 8qR	+ 5.5dB	— 4 ldH	2.4dB
TDK SF	-0.2dB	— 53dB	0.8%	+ 6dB	+ 7dB	+ 5dB	- 40dE	2.4dB
TDK SA	OdB	— 53.5dB	0.7%	+6dB	+ 7d8	+ 5.5dB	— 4 ldB	2.1dB
TDK SA-X	+ 1.1 dB	— 55dB	0.7%	+6 5dB	+7d8	+ 4.5dB	— 40dE	3.8dB
That's EX	+ 2.4dB	— 49.5dB	1.0%	+ 7dB	>+10dH	+ 8dB	— 42dB	1.3dB
That's EM-X	+ 2.3dB	— 50dB	1.0%	+ 7dB	>+10dB	+ 8dB	— 42dB	2.3d e
That's VX	— 0.5dB	— 53dB	0.7%	+ 5.5dB	+ 6 5dB	+ 5 5dE	- 44dĐ	2.0dB

			IYPE	IV META	LS			
Tape	Sensitivity	Noise ret IEC DdB	THD 400Hz	3% THD	Satura 40Hz	ition 4kHz	Noise Modulation	Compression 10kHz
Fuji FR Metal	—0 4dB	— 49 5dB	06%	>+10dB	>+10dB	+ 10dE	— 40dB	0 9dB
Maxell MX	— 0.7dB	— 51dB	0 5%	+ 10dE	>+10dB	+ 9.5dB	— 43dB	1.0dB
Sony ES	+ 0 8dB	— 52.5dB	04%	>+10dB	>+ 10dB	+9.5dB	— 44dB	1.4dB
TDK MA-X	OdB	— 51.5dB	0.5%	> + 10dB	>+10dB	+ 10dB	— 44dB	1.1dB
TDK MA-XG	-0.2dB	— 51.5dB	0.5%	>+10dB	>+ 10dB	+10dB	— 42dB	1.1dB
That's MG-X	— 1.0dB	- 48.5dB	0.6%	> + 10dB	>+ 10dB	+ 9.5dB	— 43dB	1.5dB
That's MR-X Pro	+0.3dB	— 51dB	0.5%	>+10dB	>+10dB	+10 dB	— 40dB	1.1dB

Amongst the better types, **Fuji FR-II, IIS** and **TDK SA** are excellent, compatible designs and are recommended. **JVC UFII** is another good tape which manages a better dynamic range than *TDK SA* (just), but which suffers rather high modulation noise and consequently sounds a bit ragged. **Maxell's** budget Type II, **UDII**, is also compatible, though slightly lacking in top end energy; this could be useful in certain systems but a liability in others. It's just slightly noisy too, but modulation noise is low and it is a fine, clear sounding tape.

TDK's equivalent is **SF**, which offers near ideal compatibility. Again, it's a good tape and excellent value, with parameters sensibly similar to *SA* but lagging just behind on most counts. Contrast this hierarchical approach to range building to the 'growth through diversity' approach exemplified in the **Memorex** Type II collection where there's a (presumed) super-ferric (**HBXII** – compatible, but the test tapes were slightly erratically coated), a metal (**CDXII** – wildly incompatible, and expensive) and a chromium dioxide (**CRXII** – excellent sound, slightly low sensitivity by non-chrome standards).

Of course **That's** made their name with their metal Type IIs; but they also now make a very good conventional Type II called **VX**. The metal Type II **EM-X** is recommendable too if you like living dangerously or have a deck with adjustable everything (or an aspirin dispenser). The real stars, however, are tapes like **Maxell XL-IIS**, which is sensitive at mid and high frequencies especially and therefore benefits from a little tweaking; and **Sony UX-ES** and **UX-Pro**, again a little over-sensitive but with superb headroom and low noise. **TDK SA-X** can be added to this trio, unusually favouring the bass, but highly sensitive.

TYPE IV

The metals are consistently capable of the best sound quality, especially in their clarity and freedom from dynamic compression. There are no real duds here, but Fuji FR Metal has a slightly falling top and lowish sensitivity along with a rather high noise floor and consequently narrowed dynamic range. Maxell MX too has lowish sensitivity, but is brighter and more compatible. Sony Metal-ES and That's MR-X Pro err in the opposite direction. They can sound rather bright and thin, with some HF compression. In between are the TDK metals; MA-X is rather better value than MA-GX, which is scarcely better but is certainly more expensive.

Finally, it's worth noting that proprietary, own-brand tapes generally fared relatively poorly, so it seems appropriate to treat them with a certain amount of suspicion. Try one before buying any quantity seems safe advice. This is the case even with the nationally known brand names; the no-namers obviously should be avoided at all costs since in extreme cases (not *that* extreme!) they could even compromise the cassette deck.

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CHOOSING AND USING...PERSONAL STEREOS

In the never ending quest to stretch the limits of hi fi reviewing, *Choice* this month delves into the previously uncharted waters of personal stereos, bringing you the word on twenty of these so called 'boogie packs'.

Since the introduction of the Sony *Walkman* in the early 'eighties, the market has become saturated with a vast assortment of players. Which is good for competitive pricing, but bewildering if one is trying to select a reasonable quality machine.

The players selected for this review are mostly sub \$100 models from the major names in the field. Some very cheap models did turn up, but were excluded on mercy grounds. In retrospect it might have been better to have gone for even more of the upmarket models. But that would have had to have been at the expense of the real marketplace.

THE REVIEWS

The listening tests were carried out using the Sony *ProWalkman WM-D6C* as a reference. This is the same model that Alvin Gold reviewed in the last *Hi-Fi Choice: Cassette Decks and Tapes* (No. 52), but I have also presented my impressions of this cult object as a guideline for the other reviews.

Each player was listened to with its accompanying head or earphones, and also with a pair of Jecklin*FloatModelTwo* headphones, kindly lent by Presence Audio.

Both Musicassettes and home recordings were used. On units that were appropriately equipped, recording abilities were also tested, using voice and an external source where possible.

The Musicassettes included: Dvorak Cello Concerto in B minor, Opus 104 (Deutsche Grammophon 415 330-4), Mozart Oboe Concerto in C, K.314 (Philips 7300 119), and for some real pop The Housemartins London 0 Hull 4 (Go! Discs ZGOLP 7). The home brewed recordings included rock music and acoustic guitar tracks. Alkaline batteries were used to power all the machines.

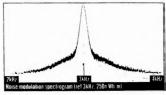
LAB TESTS

In order to playback a prerecorded cassette without audible distortion, the player must be able to transport the tape over the head at a constant speed of 4.75 cms/second. If the mechanics of a player are poor, and/or the power supply is not very clean the result will be a slight jerking of the tape over the heads which can be heard as flutter.

If the capstan, pulling the tape across the head by pressing against a pinch wheel, is not perfectly straight and round, it will create short term speed fluctuations known as wow.

Peak DIN weighted tests were carried out for wow and flutter, both individually and as a combination. The results obtained for the various players are printed at the end of each review, but for comparison purposes a group average was calculated as follows: wow and flutter -0.36%; wow -0.23%; flutter -0.52%. Also included is an indication of absolute speed accuracy. All the decks were found to run a little fast - possibly to allow for battery power depletion.

The noise modulation spectrogram was created by playing a 3kHz test tone tape in each machine and passing the output to a spectrum analyser, albeit with less resolution than the similar test used in *Choice's* cassette deck reviews. The results of this particular test are quite subtle in most cases, and we are reproducing the spectrogram from a Nakamichi *Dragon* for comparison purposes. From that one can see that apart from a



constant and steep build up to the peak, a very important element is the linearity of the line that makes up the peak itself. Only the *ProWalkman* achieved anything like the Dragon's smoothness.

Finally, my thanks are due to Alvin Gold who lent expertise and test equipment.



Watts in Farhim

Nakamichi Nakamichi B&W UK LTD

<u>AIWA HS-G35 Mk II</u>

AIWA (UK) LTD., UNIT 2, DUKES ESTATE, WESTERN Avenue, London W3 Osy. Tel: (01) 993 1672.



The \$35 Aiwa HS-G35 is the top selling branded personal stereo on the market, and it's not hard to tell why. Most purchases of machines in this price range are based more on looks and features than sound quality, and this one looks positively slick next to a lot of the competition. Much like the current midi system fashion, finish is black with details in grey and chrome. It features autoreverse, a three-band graphic equaliser (obviously an important sales point) and metal tape compatibility.

The headphones are apparently the same as those included with the more expensive J36model, ie nothing special. The suitably scaled transport controls are mechanical, but have a degree of logic, making it possible to switch straight from play to fast forward. One minor operational criticism of this and several other Aiwas is the rather limited extent to which the lid opens when the eject button is pushed. Other designs get round this by not having a lid catch, though that may not be such a bright solution as I recently noticed a friend using masking tape to hold the lid of his player closed.

LAB REPORT

Quite why the *G35* failed to respond to the noise modulation spectrum test in the same way as the other players remains a mystery. What it did produce looked promising, but should not be relied upon for judgement.

Unfortunately the wow and flutter results don't seem to correlate. They are worse than the not so great group average, and are probably a better indication of performance than the graph. Absolute speed at 1.13 per cent fast is fair enough for the price, but hardly commendable.

SOUND QUALITY

The G35 isn't particularly revealing, and stereo separation could have been better, tending to create an 'in the head' sound with some material. However, taking the price into consideration this is a quite endurable, even musical player. Granted acoustic instruments can sound a bit flat and anaemic, but both hiss and wow levels are restrained to a bearable degree. The standard of fidelity is better suited to pop material, which sounds lively and not too congested, making the most out of better recordings.

Unlike many inexpensive models this Aiwa doesn't seem to have a wearing effect on the listener – in other words, half an hour's listening shouldn't give you a headache. This fairly important element is enough to warrant Recommendation in itself. But on most material the highish flutter shows through, rather messing up the sound.

CONCLUSIONS

As sub-£40 tape players go this is half decent, giving reasonable sound quality and a good noise threshold.

TEST RESULTS	S
Weighted wow & flutter	0.52%
Weighted wow	0.31%
Weighted flutter	0.56%
Speed accuracy	+1.13%
Weight	310g inc
Price	£35



AIWA HS-J36 AIWA (UK) LTD., UNIT 2, DUKES ESTATE, WESTERN

AVENUE, LONDON W3 OSY. TEL: (01) 993 1672.



The £90 *HS-J36* is a nicely built autoreverse, radio, record/replay machine, designed in domestic cassette deck style with a wide selection of small buttons and switches – perhaps too small for the less deft amongst us. Many mode switches were most easily manipulated with a fingernail – I guess the Japanese have smaller digits than us.

It has all the usual functions one might expect of a player at this price, plus the ability to make recordings from either the FM/AM radio, the built in monaural microphone or an external stereo mike (not supplied). Dolby operates, but on playback only, and the headphones are pretty basic supra-aural models built by (or for) Aiwa. An attractive little detail is the three rubber feet on one end of the player that avoid marking surfaces.

LAB REPORT

Being a manufacturer of some note in the domestic cassette field, one might expect a better than average performance standard from Aiwa's personal stereos. In the lab at least this proved to be the case, the spectrogram being very clean and reasonably narrow at its peak, which bodes well for its sonic abilities. The wow and flutter figures are also very impressive, being better than or equal to all but the Pro-Walkman. Wow individually is a particularly good 0.12%, close to the realms of inaudibility. Absolute speed is no embarrassment either at 0.3%, which will only be detectable as a lack of absolute timing precision.

SOUND QUALITY

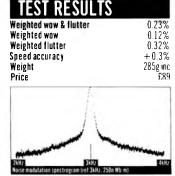
With rock music the sound had a rhythmic coherence and instrumental organisation that is quite rare amongst these machines. As

usual the headphones are a tonal and ambient limitation. A better pair revealed a feasible bottom end and real dimensionality to voices and instruments. One gets some sort of look-in on the notions behind songs, which is a rarity in this medium. Unfortunately these comments apply with the Jecklin *Float* headphones; those that come with the player aren't quite so illuminating, but the strengths exist all the same.

The Dolby seems to work a bit better than normal and is quite useable with classical musicassettes (which can sound a bit grating in the extreme treble). The J36 was more critical of tapes than most other machines, not getting on that well with commercial offerings, which is partly due to good clarity but also could indicate a frequency response that strays from the standards (as no doubt a lot of these machines do - it's just that most don't audibly reveal the fact). The most difficult sustained notes do show up some wow, but for the most part this blemish is inaudible.

CONCLUSIONS

The *HS-J36* is a revealing and coherent little machine that sounded more at home with non classical music, but deserves Recommendation nonetheless.



AIWA HS-PX101

AIWA (UK) LTD., UNIT 2, DUKES ESTATE, WESTERN Avenue, London W3 Osy. Tel: (01) 993 1672.



The PX101 is a very attractive ProWalkman machine excepted. it's the most wicked looking player in the review. Available in any colour as long as it's black, it features electronic transport controls and a selection of small but easily manipulated mode switches, including Dolby B and C. A pair of what Aiwa call DSL controls (in effect tone controls) are sited on the tape compartment lid; unusually these can be switched out of circuit if not required.

Like a lot of domestic machines, a sensing device detects gaps in the music of four seconds or more, which makes accessing the start of individual tracks far easier. The serious looking headphones have an in-line remote control device (!) which can adjust volume, and also stop or change tape direction when switched on at the machine (these latter functions requiring a second jack plug). I guess it could be useful when the player is kept in a pocket.

The *PX101* is a 3 volt machine and will run off two AAA batteries or a rechargeable lead battery, both of which have separate clipon cases. Inevitably this sort of style and sophistication does not come cheap: in fact it costs \$149. LAB REPORT

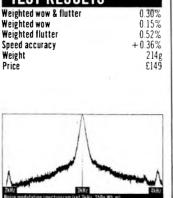
The noise modulation graph shows a reasonable 3kHz peak, a bit unclean but not seriously so. It also shows a couple of sidebands at approximately 2 and 4kHz. The wow and flutter results are reasonable but not as good as one might have hoped for, flutter in particular being worse than average. Absolute speed control was a bit better at a presentable 0.36% fast. **SOUND QUALITY** Improved headphone quality gives an instant advantage, and the *FX101* was one of too few players to present a flattish tonal response. Unfortunately some wow and flutter was detectable with the Mozart which was otherwise played with aplomb and clarity. A refined and subtle sonic quality makes it particularly suited to classical works, allowing the music to breathe and unfold in a quite convincing manner.

However, the sound lacked a little of the incisive edge and punch that best suits rock music. When comparisons were made with the *ProWalkman* (which costs nearly twice as much) there seemed to be a lack of solidity and coherence. But the extra body and depth provided on familiar tracks still made a worthwhile improvement over less expensive machines.

CONCLUSIONS

If you fancy a compact and stylish player you need look no further. The sound quality is also impressive, and in the context of the competition it gets our Recommendation with the hope that other samples might return better wow and flutter performance.

TEST RESULTS



<u>AIWA HS-J101</u>

AIWA (UK) LTD., UNIT 2, DUKES ESTATE, WESTERN Avenue, London W3 Osy. Tel: (01) 993 1672.



The *HS-J101* is the most gadgetladen Aiwa volunteered for this review project, and is the only model herein that features electronic radio preset tuning. There are three such presets each has its own separate tuning knob discreetly hidden under a panel. The tuning dial itself is fairly novel, with a series of eight LEDs instead of the usual cursor bar. Unlike other, cruder preset systems, the wavelength of each preset is indicated.

What else do you get for your \$170? The four-band graphic, Dolby processing, auto-reverse and metal tape compatibility are all common enough these days; more important, the *J101* is a recorder. It will record onto Type I tapes only, from either the radio or from an external stereo microphone, which is included in the package. There is no line input, so it is not possible to record from a normal external source like the domestic amplifier.

The foldable headphones otherwise closely resemble those found with cheaper Aiwas. Power supply is either from twin (expensive) triple As, or the rechargeable lead acid battery supplied complete with charger.

LAB REPORT

The speed stability spectrogram is fairly clean with reasonably linear definition on the main peak; the smaller peak at around 2500Hz is probably a flutter element. Wow and flutter results are quite healthy, the flutter in particular measuring the best of the lot, including the reference. Wow was also very good and hardly apparent on audition, though absolute speed at over 1 per cent fast was a little disappointing.

SOUND QUALITY

Not surprisingly the *J101* sounds

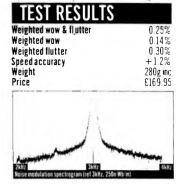
a little fast when compared with other players, and consequently tended to sound slightly bright and lively. Using the supplied headphones the tonal balance is upper-mid forward. The treble sounds particularly clean - no doubt as a result of the low flutter. Bass notes sound rather shallow and lacking in weight, but this is more a limitation of the headphones than the player; the reference *Float* headphones revealed a quite reasonable bottom end.

The *J101* seemed to be equally at home with both rock and classical music, revealing the subtlety of the latter and the punch of the former. Dolby worked reasonably well, but nevertheless had a detrimental effect on the 'life' of the music. Voice recording on the other hand could well have benefitted from some noise reduction, as it was plagued by hiss and motor noise.

Results from the radio were quite adequate. FM radio sensitivity seemed only about par, but AM was reasonably good, and having three presets is a boon.

CONCLUSIONS

Whilst lacking the strict dedication to cassette of the *FX101*, this radio player/recorder is still a nice machine with some handy features.



FERGUSON 3T46 Thorn-Emi Ferguson, cambridge house, cambridge Road, enfield, middlesex en1 1ul. tel: 01-363 5353.



The \$34.99 *3T46* is the most expensive of a range of three Fergusons that were sent in for evaluation. All share the *Escort* model name and come in a variety of colours including ubiquitous black, a suitable hi-fi colour for a hi-fi magazine. The *Escort's* appearance is pretty utlitarian in the traditional Ferguson mould, which I admit to finding subjectively a bit tacky.

The 3746 is one of too few players to allow a good view of the cassette whilst it's playing, albeit unfortunately disguising the name tag. Alongside the basic autoreverse deck there is an FM and MW radio with a rather cramped dial, and a stereo indicator (in case you can't tell). The headphones are your regular earbashers of no identifiable manufacture, with a frequency range that fits somewhere in between midrange and treble.

LAB REPORT

The noise modulation spectrogram is better than might have been expected, but the peak is quite broad based and lacking in resolution – denoting the cost restraints that limit the mechanical quality of the machine. The wow and flutter results are about average, a little worse on wow but quite a lot better than most on flutter at a surprising 0.38%.

Absolute speed on the other hand measured a monstrous 363% fast, which I expected to be subjectively a lot more obvious than proved to be the case. Unless it's a familiar piece of music (or you've got perfect pitch) the most notable effect is a slight increase in the pitch of notes. Of course comparisons make this failing considerably more apparent.

SOUND QUALITY

Most of the usual speed stability

problems were quite audible, but overridden by a painful, 'grainy' element to the sound which made extended listening rather an uncomfortable experience. In this respect, a duller sound would have been preferable, and a graphic equaliser might have helped for once.

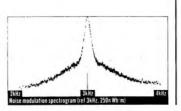
I managed to put up with the brashness for a while, and found the 3T46 a lively and reasonably clear player. Subtlety wasn't really its trademark, but it was possible to identify various instruments and follow lyrics. One odd characteristic was that it sounded a lot more palatable with home brewed tapes than with Musicassettes. The latter sound obviously worse under any circumstances, but not to the gritty earpiercing degree found here.

FM radio sensitivity was reasonable, but noise in between stations made tuning a grisly affair. Medium wave was extremely noisy and hard to tune in.

CONCLUSIONS

To be honest it is possible to do better for the money, but if you've got robust ears and a preference for pop music the *3T46* should prove adequate.

TEST RESULTS Weighted wow & flutter	0.32%
Weighted wow	0.29%
Weighted flutter	0.38%
Speed accuracy	+3.63%
Weight	320g
Price	£34.99



The CX.7 is an unusual player because the tape compartment lid shuts in one position when empty and another when playing or containing a cassette. In much the same way as an expanding briefcase, the CX.7 is smaller when empty – not much smaller though. Otherwise it's quite a minimalist affair, with touch sensitive transport controls, three autoreverse modes, Dolby and metal tape compatibility.

JVC CX-7

TEL: 01-450 3282.

JVC (UK) LTD., 12 PRIESTLEY WAY, ELDONWALL

TRADING EST., STAPLES CORNER, LONDON NW2 7AF.

The styling adopts a very different approach from the average personal, the main carcass being finished in a glossy graphite with details in aquamarine. It actually looks worth the \$111 asking price, and may therefore appeal to people who usually dislike these machines. The lid contains the playback head which faces upwards when open, making head cleaning relatively easy. The player runs off a single 1.2 volt rechargeable battery that is supplied along with a charger (which must account for a good tenner's worth of the price). The headphones are the usual cheap OEM jobbies.

LAB REPORT

The general shape of the noise modulation graph looks fairly healthy, but the peak definition could have been better and indicates a less than rock solid transport, but with only one and a bit volts to play with that's hardly news. Wow and flutter levels were reasonable, flutter being the better at only 0.36%. The combined figure isn't great though, and wow was audible on certain tracks.

Absolute speed was a bit on the fast side (plus 0.8%), but not to a particularly noticeable degree unless comparisons with better players were made.

SOUND QUALITY

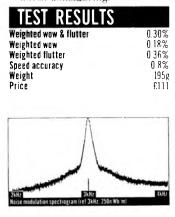
On audition this was a quite informative and agreeable little player, capable of extracting some of the depth in a recording despite the limitations of the 'phones. The CX-7 seems to be a step in the right direction, as it can deal with the tonal limitations of its ancillaries and sound quite clean – even dynamic at times.

The most critical material could show up shortcomings in speed stability, but not to an annoying or unpleasant degree. The low flutter content definitely improves the top end; though a bit rolled off, this represents a good compromise with hiss only showing through on the quietest passages.

It is one of few players to do justice to both classical and rock music, and only direct comparison revealed some lack of solidity and subtlety in the sound. Dolby seems a little out of place, and has the usual derisory effects, but is no doubt a necessary sales feature.

CONCLUSIONS

The JVC *CX-7* is an attractive and musically enjoyable player, and offers reasonable value for money – worth considering.





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JVC CX-R7K

JVC (UK) LTD., 12 PRIESTLEY WAY, ELDONWALL

TRADING EST., STAPLES CORNER, LONDON NW2 7AF.

TEL: 01-450 3282.



JVC's *CX-R7K* is more conventional in appearance than its less expensive brother, and sports a bewildering array of tiny buttons and switches. The price tag is an impressive \$188, which includes the rechargeable batteries and charger, a little case, belt clip, etc. The transport controls are full logic, touch sensitive devices that take a bit of getting used to, but are quite nice to use.

One reason for the highish price is that this is a recorder as well as player, and can record in either stereo or mono using the accompanying remote microphone. Of course it also has a comprehensive complement of other functions including Dolby (playback only), three mode autoreverse, and a two band radio. It also has the distinction of being the easiest player to insert batteries into, but as one charges the things in situ this ergonomic ingenuity may go unappreciated.

LAB REPORT

The spectrogram created by the *CX-R7K* has a quite good overall shape with a reasonably narrow 3kHz peak and not too great an area underneath. It lacks the linearity of the *ProWalkman* reference, but we are still \$100 off the latter's asking price. The wow and flutter results were not too hot though; 0.28% wow is poorer than the group average, and this is the second most expensive player under scrutiny.

Absolute speed was also rather poor at over one per cent fast. These results may be put down to a bad sample, but are still indicative of dubious quality control.

SOUND QUALITY

The factor that really counts in the long run is sound quality, and here the *R7K* was pretty good. It

was one of very few that sounded both open and detailed whilst also retaining a relaxed nature. It could make bass lines walk when appropriate, but not really give them body, though the rhythmic and musical qualities made up for inadequacies in solidity.

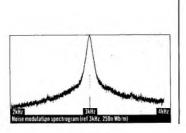
Wow was audible, but not to the extent that the figures suggested, and it was possible to listen to quite fussy material without much aggravation. However, classical Musicassettes tended to sound a bit 'gritty', and guitar tracks showed up the absolute speed problem. The rather tinny headphones exaggerated the slightly grainy nature of some tracks, so a better pair are really a must. On the other hand a *Talking Heads* album side on TDK sounded great.

CONCLUSIONS

This JVC proved a bit of an oddity. It could sound excellent on occasions, but mediocre on others. A bit more consistency would have seen it recommended.

TEST RESULTS

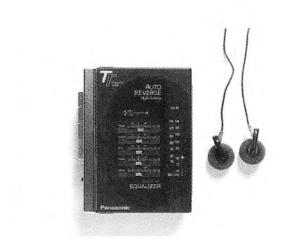
0.30%
0.28%
0.42%
+1.3%
247
£188.77



PANASONIC RX-SA78

PANASONIC UK LTD., 300-318 BATH ROAD, SLOUGH,

BERKS SL1 6JB. TEL: (0753) 34522.



For 5p less than one hundred pounds you could take away Panasonic's *KX-SA78*, a comprehensively featured, radioequipped machine whose looks don't quite seem to tally with the price – which could have its advantages.

In the true Panasonic fashion the SA78 sports a five-band graphic equaliser, allowing full tonal control to make what you can out of your favourite tapes. With fingers firmly on the pulse of the personals market, Panasonic include a pair of intra-aural ear plug style phones, upholstered with rather large removable foam covers (the latter proving a tight fit even in my less than shell likes).

Other novelties include an FM/AM radio featuring 'touch-'n'tune' – which is one way of describing a single preset I guess, but doesn't quite conjure up the fiddly little rotating dial that has to be tuned in. Otherwise the player is pretty much par for the course, with the usual auto-reverse, metal type switch and Dolby.

LAB REPORT

The noise modulation spectrogram is less than exemplary at the price, being fairly rough and uneven with a significant area under the peak, which usually indicates less than wonderful mechanical engineering. The wow and flutter results weren't so good either, being below the group average throughout, and especially bad in combination at 0.48%. Absolute speed at 2.6% fast is competing with the sub-\$40 models.

SOUND QUALITY

To be honest the *SA78* displays most of the sonic failings common to the *genre:* audible wow,

fast *tempi* and limited bass, to mention the most obvious. The earphone type transducers are more of a limitation than normal, and tape hiss was particularly prominent – Dolby seemed to have little effect upon this hiss, preferring instead to eradicate information at a higher frequency.

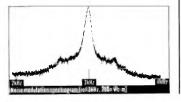
A more palatable pair of headphones didn't seem to help matters much, though they did cut down on the hiss. However, the grainy, often painful treble was still too imposing for a lot of music. Using the graphic it was possible to arrive at a rather full, 'boxy' sound, which helped the listenability factor but constrained the musical one.

Not surprisingly, radio was a lot more satisfactory when the desired station was located, if a bit noisy in between, the single 'touch'n'tune' preset being useful in this respect. Both FM and AM were about average quality, which in this case means that AM was difficult to use.

CONCLUSIONS

Not a favourite player I must admit, noise was a problem throughout. With a little research you could do better for less.

TEST RESULTS	
Weighted wow & flutter	0.48%
Weighted wow	0.28%
Weighted flutter	0.54%
Speed accuracy	+2.6%
Weight	270g
Price	£99.9Š



PHILIPS D6658

PHILIPS ELECTRICAL LTD., CITY HOUSE, 420-430

LONDON ROAD, CROYDON, SURREY CR9 3QR.

TEL: 01-689 2166.



Philips' *D6658* is a \$30 personal aimed accurately at the teenage market. The black plastic box decorated with purple and green legends looks marginally better than bald description suggests, the obligatory three-band graphic even displaying a bit of post modern styling. Functionally it is pretty basic with only the FM/AM radio switches to fiddle with.

The headphones are pretty much bog standard OEM-type devices. The unit itself looks very similar to the cheaper Toshiba, but fortunately doesn't have the same noise problems. So there could be an electronic difference between the two if nothing else. The *D6658* runs off two AA batteries and won't accept an external power supply – a trait of low cost machines.

LAB REPORT

The transport mechanical integrity (or lack thereof), is revealed by the coarse quality of the 3kHz peak in the noise modulation graph. The wide base and shelf effect are both signs of understandably low electromechanical standards. Wow and flutter performance is commensurately poor, and the relatively high 0.76% flutter doesn't appeal to my ears at all. However, absolute speed at only 0.66% fast is better than a lot of other players in the test.

SOUND QUALITY

The high wow rate is fairly obvious on all but the most synthetic pop. and proves a bit of a musical limitation. But ignore that for a while and you will notice an otherwise relatively painless sound. This is achieved by a very thick cloudy tonal balance, almost as if the bass was boosted and Dolby in use. This is obviously a deliberate and effective way of making a bearable sound at low cost; a revealing top end at these sort of flutter levels would be beyond the pale.

Despite its tonal shortcomings in many respects the *D6658* does its job quite adequately, providing non-ear-searing background music for everyday life – it doesn't demand attention but lyrics can be made out if you listen.

Both FM and AM bands are very much the norm for small plastic boxes. Useable but unspectacular, FM beats tape hands down on sound quality.

CONCLUSIONS

Overall this is an unpretentious little machine with snappy graphics and a basically unfatiguing sound.

TEST RESULTS	
Weighted wow & flutter	0.44%
Weighted wow	0.27%
Weighted flutter	0.76%
Speed accuracy	+0.66%
Weight	238g
Price	£29.99

adulation spectrogram (ref 3kHz, 250n Wb/m)

SAISHO PS90R

DIXONS LTD., 18-24 HIGH ST., EDGWARE,

MIDDX HA8 7EG. TEL: 01-952 2345.



Saisho is the 'own label' brand used by Britain's largest electrical retailer, the Dixons chain. The Saisho *PS90R* uses the maximum features approach, with its own built in speakers, an extending aerial, a four-band graphic equaliser and record capable besides.

Unusually it runs off three AA type cells, or will accept the equivalent 4.5 volts DC from an external adaptor (not supplied).

The built-in speakers are tiny mesh covered items that have been stuck on to the back of the machine, and are more suitable as a monitor for finding a radio station than for general use. Not surprisingly the headphones sound better.

LAB REPORT

The noise spectrogram shows a disconcertingly wide base underneath the uneven shoulders and poorly defined 3kHz peak. All factors which indicate rather poor transport control, a bit of an inevitability at the price. Wow and flutter figures on the other hand were better than might have been expected and all fall below the group average, 0.17% wow in particular being quite reasonable in context. Absolute speed was only about half a per cent fast.

SOUND QUALITY

The sound through the built in speakers is very tinny and small, and was not pursued as a viable option. Unfortunately, the headphones aren't a lot better, and I was reminded of the sort of sound piped to the seats on aeroplanes. A great deal of motor noise gets through to the 'phones, which results in listening fatigue and eventually earache.

Music tended to have a limited, 'shut in' feeling, sound-

ing unusually constricted – oboes sounded 'squeaky' and showed up a fair but not unbearable degree of wow (which the average 0.17% test result bears out). Flutter was less obvious, but perhaps contributed to the synthetic element that coloured most of the tapes played on this machine.

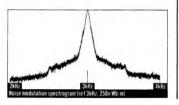
As previously mentioned the *PS90R* has a record facility, but this is limited to recording off the radio or using a built in monaural microphone. There is no facility for external line inputs or a separate stereo microphone.

Recordings from the radio were pretty much in line with the general standard encountered so far, but those made with the built in microphone were tarnished by the amount of motor noise picked up off the casing. The FM/MW radio is reasonably sensitive on FM (no doubt aided by the extending aerial), and this proved a strong point of the unit. Medium wave, however, was almost useless.

CONCLUSIONS

If it's features you're into then this model is hard to beat, but in sonic terms it doesn't represent good value and can't be recommended.

TEST RESULTS	
Weighted wow & flutter	0.28%
Weighted wow	0.17%
Weighted flutter	0.48%
Speed accuracy	+0.6%
Weight	455g ind
Price	Ĕ40



SANYO MGR-77

SANYO MARUBENI (UK) LTD., SANYO HOUSE,

OTTERSPOOL WAY, WATFORD, HERTS.

TEL: (0923) 246363.



The \$34.99 MGR-77 is the least expensive Sanyo in our review group, but still manages to include an FM/AM radio and three-band graphic equaliser in the package. Our model came in red plastic, but judging from the box other colours are also available for the style conscious, though style is not quite the *mot* juste for a rather tacky box designed primarily to be cheap. It certainly looks it, but seemed to function adequately enough nevertheless, which is more than can be said for several other models which had to be replaced before testing could be completed.

LAB REPORT

As seems usual with all but the most expensive players, the standard of fidelity is severely limited by audible wow and flutter. The weighted wow figure of 0.40% is the main problem here; though the ear is less fussy about absolute speed, short term fluctuations of less than half a per cent are painfully obvious. Listening to music with sustained notes becomes particularly unpleasant.

Another less definable problem is a sonic 'grittiness' which is quite fatiguing, even painful. The cause is probably low quality electronics and mechanics, the latter illustrated by the wide and uneven peak on the spectrogram. Another contributor to the 'grainy' effect is flutter, which again is higher than average (for the species) on this player. Absolute speed accuracy showed up as over 2% fast on tests, but this was only audibly noticeable on comparison.

SOUND QUALITY

Tonally the *MGR-77* is on the light side, a characteristic of many personal stereos enhanced

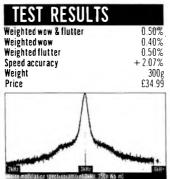
by the particularly low quality headphones supplied with them. In this case a more plausible if less accurate tonal balance could be achieved by enhancing the bass using the graphic equaliser; a sonically better solution would be to buy some better phones. (Those supplied with the Aiwa *FX101* were not bad and got me dancin' to the Housemartins *Happy Hour* track.)

Classical music seemed out of the question because of the obvious and dire wow. Pop and rock tracks didn't seem to suffer so badly, but one's enjoyment here was curtailed by fairly high treble distortion and grain, which seemed to have a cumulative effect on my ears. The longer I listened, the more earache I got, but then I've always been susceptible to this sort of distortion.

Both the FM and AM wavelengths on the *MGR-77* were quite sensitive, and it was possible to find several stations on a slightly noisy AM band. This may not sound like much but was unusual in the context of the review group as a whole.

CONCLUSIONS

Not a particularly wonderful machine, but one that can be reasonably entertaining with the right material, the MGR-77 also features a half decent radio.



SANYO MGR-87

SANYO MARUBENI (UK) LTD., SANYO HOUSE,

OTTERSPOOL WAY, WATFORD, HERTS.

TEL: (0923) 246363.



Styled in navy blue and dark grey, the *MGR-87* is a more macho alternative to the *MGP-600D*. It retails for the same \$49.99 price, but lacks the Dolby circuits and metal tape compatibility featured on the *600D*. Very similar black 'in-the-ear' 'phones are supplied and a three-band graphic, FM/AM radio and autoreverse are also featured.

Control layout is fairly rational, using a dual function direction and fast forward/reverse slider which always selects the same direction on start up but can be altered thereafter. The radio related switches are quite small and stiff and are a bit uncomfortable to use with one's finger tips; fingernails, proved more satisfactory.

LAB REPORT

Judging from the spectrogram this should be a better player than the 600, as it has a narrower peak and no distinct shoulders in the gradual ascent of the slope – not perfect but better. The wow and flutter figures also show subtle but distinct improvements, confirmed on the listening test where wow was still in evidence but to a tolerable degree.

Compared to the average figures for the group the MGR-87 transport was above average on all but wow, which was only .01% worse. Speed accuracy at 2.3% fast was not so hot, but this was not blatantly obvious on the listening tests. Unless you are very familiar with a piece of music or blessed (cursed?) with perfect pitch it may well go unnoticed.

SOUND QUALITY

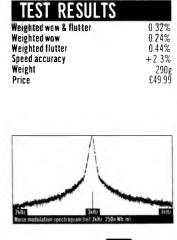
Partly due to the lack of Dolby noise reduction, but perhaps more importantly because of the earphone type, hiss was rather overbearing on dynamic Dolby encoded musicassettes. More conventional supra-aural headphones made an improvement in this area, but one lost the edge of clarity that the intra-aurals gave. But then again, this edge could get distinctly 'grainy' on occasions, and the extra warmth was quite welcome.

Wow only became apparent on quite critical material, and for the most part was fairly unintrusive; just steer clear of solo oboe and piano. The sound is not quite up to the exacting standards required for classical music, but this is a quite rhythmic and revealing machine, working well with the Steely Dan tracks I played on it. The slightly 'grainy' flutter-related top end could get a bit wearing on some material, but isn't too bad for the price.

The FM band on the radio was quite receptive and also featured a stereo indicator which was useful. AM was very noisy and hard to enjoy.

CONCLUSIONS

A definite improvement on the similarly priced Sanyo *MGP-600D* and worth considering if tape hiss is not on your list of unbearable things.





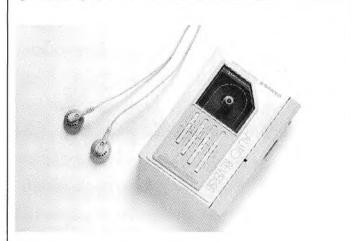
Soundtec Marketing Limited, Unit 9, Belfont Trading Estate, Mucklow Hill, Halesowen, West Midlands, B62 8DR Telephone: 021-550 7387

SANYO MGP-600G

SANYO MARUBENI (UK) LTD., SANYO HOUSE,

OTTERSPOOL WAY, WATFORD, HERTS.

TEL: (0923) 246363.



What our black and white picture won't tell you about this particular Sanyo is that it is made of two tone pink and white plastic -apersonal stereo for the girlies no less. The \$49.99 MGP-600D comes complete with a black case, carrying strap, and pink 'inthe-ear' 'phones that bear a distinct similarity to hearing aids. More importantly, this player features Dolby noise reduction and autoreverse as well as metal tape compatibility.

It is quite well laid out and simple to use, though the aquamarine play and stop buttons are on different sides of the unit. There is even a four-band graphic equaliser on the front of the tape compartment lid, which helps compensate for the rather 'top-forward' earphones. Although these are a fairly good example of the type, if you're not familiar with 'in-the-ear' 'phones it's worth trying them for comfort before choosing a player that comes with them. These ones have a matching case and grey covers that can be removed for cleaning.

LAB REPORT

The spectrogram is about average for the group, the shoulders next to the 3kHz peak representing wow and the slightly ragged and wide peak correlating with the overall poor speed stability. However, wow was audibly pretty low - even unnoticeable with a lot of music. But highish 0.48% flutter was probably partly responsible for the grainy top end that discouraged extended listening.

SOUND QUALITY

The MGP-600D sounded quite pleasant with a wide range of material, the midrange proving the most convincing area tonally.

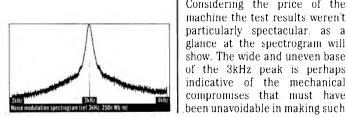
Despite their appearance, the earphones sounded reasonably good, although the top end could have been a bit cleaner. The player suited acoustic guitar music quite well, and I listened to an excellent Al Di Meola track with some pleasure for some time. Things got a bit out of hand as orchestral music started to get busy, and the sound became compressed, thin and generally insubstantial. The Dolby noise reduction was a bit hamfisted, taking away a good chunk of the upper registers with most of the hiss, and leaving a rather lifeless sound.

The autoreverse function worked quite well, and a very basic set of batteries played at half volume for nearly five hours before slowing down. As with a lot of these machines the graphic equaliser proved to be a rather unsubtle device, but one that could make slightly rough tapes more bearable if used conservatively.

CONCLUSIONS

Not a bad little machine, but no Best Buy either I'm afraid. If you like the styling and can endure the phones, give it a try.

TEST RESULTS	
Weighted wow & flutter	0.38%
Weighted wow	0.25%
Weighted flutter	0.48%
Speed accuracy	1.56%
Weight	270g
Price	£49.99



SANYO JJ-P4

SANYO MARUBENI (UK) LTD., SANYO HOUSE,

OTTERSPOOL WAY, WATFORD, HERTS.

Sanyo claim the JJ-P4 is the

smallest personal stereo avail-

able. and it certainly is very

petite, virtually the same size as a

normal cassette box only just a

little thicker. The test unit was

finished in white enamel, and

conveyed an expensive feel

which was enhanced by the very

neat volume. mode and transport

controls. But of course for \$99.99

one expects an improvement on

lers are housed in the cassette

compartment lid. leaving all the

motorised elements in the main

body of the machine – a nice lay-

out that allows easy head clean-

ing but needs slightly more pre-

cise tape insertion than usual.

The JJ-P4 comes with its own

rechargeable nickel cadmium

battery and mains charging unit.

but a single AA battery case can

be clipped onto the player,

adding an extra seven hours

(alkaline battery) playing time to

the two and a half offered by the

The earphones are an intra-

aural 'in-the-ear' type. with the

option of being clipped onto an

adjustable headband that facili-

tates putting on and taking off

the 'phones. The *JJ-P4* features Dolby noise reduction metal

tape compatibility, and autore-

button which works smoothly.

LAB REPORT

inboard cell.

The replay head and pinch rol-

the usual run of the mill.

TEL: (0923) 246363.



a miniature player.

The combined wow and flutter figure of 0.27% is relatively good for the group, but the individual figures are both pretty poor. and wow was audible. Absolute speed was quite good this being the only Sanyo tested to keep within 1% variation from the standard 4.75cms/second.

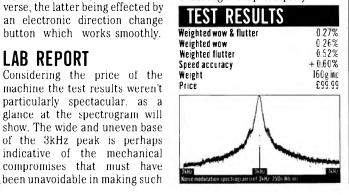
SOUND QUALITY

Happily, respectable sound quality helps make up for the JJ-P4's mechanical problems, as it sounds quite accurate tonally. Moreover, it is one of the few players in the test that presents music quite subtly revealing nuances that most ignored.

Using Dolby didn't appear to have a great deal of effect on the hiss. which was quite endurable anyway. It just cut out the treble element which gives the impression of sparkle and air, so I tended to leave it off. Without the Dolby burden. the P4 could sound both lively and give a good impression of ambience.

CONCLUSIONS

The JJ-P4 is a very attractive and nicely built player that can sound quite energetic with the right material. If wow could be made less audible it would certainly deserve Recommendation. (Try checking a shop sample.)



Doug Brady Hi-Fi

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SONY WM-34 Sony UK LTD., Sony House, South Street, Staines,

MIDDLESEX TW18 4PF. TEL: (0784) 67000.

SONY WM-F38 Sony uk Ltd., sony house, south street, staines, Middlesex tw18 4PF. tel: (0784) 67000.

SONY





Retailing at £39.95, Sonv's WM-34 is a fairly straightforward nofrills machine that is simply and tastefully designed in high tech grey. I think it's the only player in the bunch that usefully reveals the title of the tape it is playing, *ie* it has a window over the top half of the cassette. The only additions to the transport and volume controls are switches for Dolby and metal tape type. No autoreverse, no graphic equaliser and no radio - I have great hopes for this one. Even the headphones are reasonably sized supra-aural models, and are comfortable to boot.

LAB REPORT

However, there's nothing like a mountain range of a spectrogram to give one reservations about a player. This must be the worst one in the group, indicative of a less than wonderful tape transport. The concomitant sonic effect seemed to be a 'phasiness' about the sound and a general lack of subtlety.

The combined wow and flutter figure is more appealing, however, and wow individually is very good – a positive sign. Flutter is about par, which isn't bad for the price, and speed accuracy, like all the Sonys, is very good.

SOUND QUALITY

Listened to using the Jecklin *Float* headphones the *WM-34* had a similar tonal balance to the reference *ProWalkman*, which is no mean feat at a seventh of that player's cost. The 'phones supplied with the player gave a thinner balance, losing the depth and substance of the better transducers. But on rock and less complex classical material it coped pretty well, sounding quite controlled and pleasantly devoid of wow.

The phasiness mentioned ear-

lier was sometimes disconcerting with headphones, but for the most part was not too obvious. Interestingly, tape quality seemed to have a bearing on this effect, and metal tape was less susceptible.

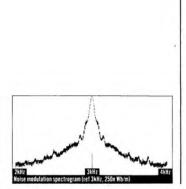
BEST BUY

Dolby noise reduction was once again a bit heavyhanded and unnecessarily compressing, only useful with the quietest passages. Musically this genuine *Walkman* had a coherent and energetic character with good stereo separation. The flutter component apparently added a slightly wearing edge in the treble, but not sufficient to induce pain at reasonable levels.

CONCLUSIONS

The *WM-34* offers a realistic selection of features and is perhaps the most musically involving low cost player in the review. It is definitely pushing up the standards, and as such warrants Best Buy rating.

TEST RESULTS	
Weighted wow & flutter	0.27%
Weighted wow	0.16%
Weighted flutter	0.56%
Speed accuracy	+0.63%
Weight	215g in
Price	£39.95



The Walkman F38 submitted for this test was finished in baby blue plastic with a light grey trim and matching blue headphones. I didn't adore the colour. but the standard of finish and shape of this \$69.95 player was quite attractive, and even the headphones were well designed. Going by features alone this would seem to be a WM-34 with a radio in the lid. but the lab tests and battery positioning suggest otherwise. It features Dolby and metal/chrome tape type switches plus the aforementioned FM/AM radio which has a stylish tuning knob built into the curve of the tape compartment lid. This is one of the few players with a hinged battery compartment, making it difficult to lose the cover inadvertently

LAB REPORT

Like its less expensive 34 brother, the F38 produced an unimpressive noise modulation spectrogram. A lot cleaner leading up to the main 3kHz peak, it still displays a good pair of double shoulders, which isn't a good sign.

However, the wow and flutter figures are all reasonably good by personal stereo standards, the impressive 0.13% wow figure being comparable to lesser domestic machines. Absolute speed stability is also remarkable at a mere 0.3% fast, which is only 0.1% worse than the reference.

SOUND QUALITY

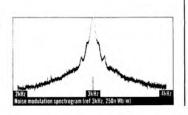
The WM-F38 can sound quite refined and subtle with a good pair of headphones, making it plausible to listen to the most critical classical music Wow does make itself heard occasionally, but only in tricky situations such as the oboe in the Mozart concerto, although this piece still sounded very fine. Full orchestras could sound a bit constrained and congested when the action got busy, but net te an unbearable degree. In comparison the light blue headphones sounded expectedly rather lightweight, but remained reasonably revealing and painless. The wow element was undetectable with contemporary music, and the precise speed gave a solid and rockin' feel to many tracks

As with many other players, Dolby only served to remove what ambience the 'phones could come up with, and hiss levels were good enough to do without it for the most part. The radio sports an incredibly short (less than one inch) tuning dial, which means stations are fairly close together. Consequently only the bare minimum of FM stations were available. Despite the crude tuning knob it was surprisingly possible to locate several AM stations.

CONCLUSIONS

The Sony *WM-F38* offers worthwhile sonic improvements over the cheaper '34, sounding significantly more refined and subtle. What's more it looks cute, so Recommendation is mandatory.

TEST RESULTS	
Weighted wow & flutter	0.23%
Weighted wow	0.13%
Weighted flutter	0.48%
Speed accuracy	+0.3%
Weight	250g inc
Price	£69 95



SONY WM-F63 SPORTS

SONY UK LTD., SONY HOUSE, SOUTH STREET, STAINES, MIDDLESEX TW18 4PF. TEL: (0784) 67000.

The Walkman F63 is a chunky yellow radio/cassette player that is designed for the great outdoors. Unlike the headphones, the player itself is described as 'splash proof', and is not an accessory for sub-aqua activities. The matching yellow and grey 'phones are even more averse to water, making this combo appropriate for only the most confident sailboarders.

The cassette compartment houses the Dolby, autoreverse mode and tape type switches as well as the battery compartment. The lid is clamped shut by a black hinged locking device that fits over the chunky rubber transport controls. Even the headphone and 3v DC input sockets have grey rubber plugs to keep the detritus out.

This is one of very few players with a truly accessible volume control, though the same can't be said of the rather stiff tuning knob. I guess the styling may not appeal to everyone, but it's easy to see why this particular Walkman has become a major fashion accessory. The folding earphones are the type that face forward in the ear; comfortwise they don't suit everyone, and this is an important factor to check out prior to purchase.

LAB REPORT

The noise modulation spectrogram is reasonably clean except for a peak around the 2.5kHz point. This relatively good result contrasts with the wow and flutter figures which although better than the personal stereo average are worse than those recorded for the cheaper WM-F38. The all important wow figure of 0.16% is reasonably healthy though, and audible wow was in keeping with this – audible but not too bad. Absolute speed control proved fairly good, being less than half a per cent fast.

SOUND QUALITY

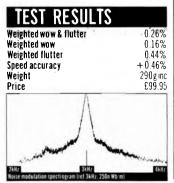
The sound quality available from this Sports Walkman was seriously marred by the remarkable ability of the 'phones to convey hiss to ones' ears. What's more this didn't greatly improve with the Dolby switched in - in fact the effect upon the hiss seemed to be negligible.

To get a fair idea of the sonic abilities of this machine, an alternative pair of headphones were pressed into action. With the 'phones from the *WM-F38* the picture improved, but not dramatically. Tape hiss is definitely this player's shortcoming.

Wow was detectable with critical material, but no problem with the sort of music that is more likely to be played on this sort of machine (he opines presumptiously). With the Housemartins tracks it brought across a lot of the energy and pop that is the trademark of that band.

CONCLUSIONS

If you discard the phones in favour of a more conventional type, this can be a solid sounding player that gets my personal vote if not a formal *Choice* Recommendation.



SONY (WM-D6C) WALKMAN SONY UK LTD., SONY HOUSE, SOUTH STREET, STAINES, MIDDLESEX TW18 4PF. TEL: (0784) 67000.



The Sonv ProWalkman has acquired a somewhat legendary status in the industry as one of the best cassette recorders around, regardless of type. This in turn has created a very healthy demand which Sony UK have had difficulty in meeting. At the time of writing they didn't have a single unit in stock. The one under review was borrowed from the Editor (under duress), and is at least three or four years old. But it was still an order of magnitude better than the other players, and provided a suitable reference point for the review group as a whole.

It is equipped in much the same manner as a contemporary domestic machine, with Dolby B and C, line in and outputs (3.5mm jack), adjustable record level, and peak level metering and battery condition LEDs which can be switched off. (These latter functions apply to both channels simultaneously.) More unusual features include fine tuning for absolute speed and a microphone input with switchable attenuation. This seems a lot to pack in to a Walkman, but the Pro is at least twice as large and heavy as many of the other players in the test.

LAB REPORT

The noise modulation spectrogram shows an exceptionally fine 3kHz peak line, which betters any others in this review for resolution and compares favourably with a graph taken from the Nakamichi *Dragon* used to make the test tape. The weighted wow and flutter results are not too shabby either – wow individually is an incredible 0.04%, and the combination of the two doesn't even make 0.1%. Absolute speed wasn't far off either, and probably could have been negated with adjustment.

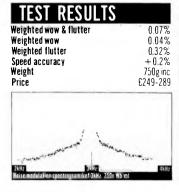
SOUND QUALITY

I must admit it makes a change to find a product which inspires enthusiasm in the way that the *Pro* does. It manages to combine lucidity, control and energy, presenting music in a relaxed manner that would not embarrass a half decent turntable.

Had I a superior machine with which to compare it, I may have been able to find some faults, but none were particularly obvious. Observations of a slightly softened attack and poorly defined lower bass could easily be due to weaknesses-in the actual cassettes themselves, or of the medium as a whole. Recordings made from vinyl on metal tape sounded a bit harsh in the uppermost registers, which is probably a product of the flutter element - the player's main weakness in the lab test. This effect, however, was less noticeable on Type II tapes, although these lacked the incisiveness of the metal tape.

CONCLUSIONS

An excellent machine by any standards, one that makes the grade as a top flight hi-fi product and is portable to boot. A confirmed Best Buy as a personal or a cassette deck proper.



TOSHIBA KT-4027

TOSHIBA UK LTD., TOSHIBA HOUSE, FRIMLEY ROAD,

FRIMLEY, CAMBERLEY, SURREY GU16 5JJ.

TEL: (0276) 62222.



The Toshiba *KT-4027* is priced at a penny under thirty-five pounds and as such is in the best selling sector of the market from a price point of view. It is fairly typical of low cost players, featuring the usual add-ons like a three-band graphic and FM/AM radio but not much else. Finished in rather tacky dark red plastic with a removable belt clip, it is the stuff that Christmas and Birthday presents are made of.

The radio actually has a stereo indicator light and the sliding volume control is easily adjusted (be it on purpose or by mistake if snagged on your clothes – a point worth remembering if you value your hearing). Opening the tape compartment lid reveals a single capstan and pinch roller and two plastic location pins, which look substantial enough for the job. Otherwise it's an innocuous enough little (well, mediumsized) machine that's easy to use and looks reasonably robust.

LAB REPORT

The noise modulation graph shows a distinct shelf occurring before the main peak, making the area underneath quite large and reflecting the poor quality mechanical components. It's also a visual indication of the audible noise noted in the sound quality section below.

Despite this the wow and flutter figures are quite reasonable for a cheap machine, all being about average for the group. However, audible wow is about average for the group as well. Absolute speed is almost 3% fast, which is up there with the worst of them but not necessarily a serious block to musical enjoyment in itself.

SOUND QUALITY

The music picked up by the head

on this machine is quite hadly afflicted with wow, to the point where classical music sounds absurd. It is still quite noticeable on rock tracks, but not to the extent that one gives up (well, not often). The treble is blemished by a high pitched buzzing which sounds electronic in nature and is very wearing. This part of the frequency range is rolled off quite early and curtails tape hiss as well as high notes, resulting in rather 'warm' tonal balance.

The headphones are reasonably comfortable supra-aural types that work well with this machine, inasmuch as they have an unrevealing nature which makes the least of the noise being emitted by the player. Better phones just reveal this factor.

The player has a quite stark nature that can turn to harshness with the wrong material, but could be described as lively under better circumstances. Perhaps frantic is more apt, as the severe speed increase can be quite obvious on familiar material, providing an odd sense of urgency.

CONCLUSIONS

Perhaps not the greatest personal in the test, neither is it the worst, and this could be a poor sample – but I doubt it.



TOSHIBA KT-4047

TOSHIBA UK LTD., TOSHIBA HOUSE, FRIMLEY ROAD,

FRIMLEY, CAMBERLEY, SURREY GU16 5JJ.

TEL: (0276) 62222.



The *KT*-4047 retails at \$60 and features a whole host of gadgets to keep the user entertained. The materials used and the general styling are both pretty naff, such as fluted dark red plastic with buttons over each tape spool centre for fast winding fr'instance. However the latter idea is functionally quite useful with autoreverse decks, as it is often hard to figure out which side of the tape is being played; this player further helps you out with its forward and reverse LEDs.

The various switches to be found along the sides of the 4047 are marked with legends that are moulded in relief out of plastic. As such they are usefully tactile but quite hard to read, but this would become less of a nuisance with familiarisation. It has three modes of autoreverse, Dolby noise reduction, a three-band graphic, and FM/AM radio. The headphones are pretty run of the mill, but are at least made by Toshiba rather than the OEM models that are so common with many cheap players.

LAB REPORT

The noise modulation graph is reasonably smooth in shape although the line itself is a bit rough, which tends to result in reasonable speed control but a lack of refinement to the sound. The weighted wow and flutter figures are all quite healthy (in context), being comfortably better than average. Absolute speed accuracy at only 0.1% fast was the best in the group, which is creditable by any standards, and evidence that this machine must be doing something right.

SOUND QUALITY

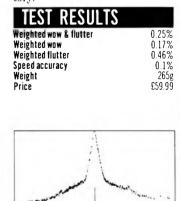
This Toshiba seemed to work quite well, not audibly wowing except on very difficult pieces such as piano. The sound had a crisp if slightly 'frayed' quality that suited the more plush recordings. Orchestral instruments tended to sound a little thin and flat, and tape hiss was also particularly prominent. Dolby didn't seem to discourage this much, instead playing its favourite trick of compressing the life out of the sound.

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Acoustic guitar showed up quite a nice midrange, and a recording of such music on metal tape sounded very precise, lively and immediate. Tonally the headphones proved to be a limitation as usual, and the Floats lent some lower octaves as well as a better notion of three dimensionality to the sound. The radio was more sensitive than usual on both wavelengths, and is a useful second or perhaps first source, given that a half decent broadcast can sound better than virtually any cassette deck.

CONCLUSIONS

Despite its rather tacky appearance the KT-4047 is a musically competent machine, working ably with most material. Which combined with a realistic price makes Recommendation mandatory.



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On the whole these personal stereos turned out to be a more tolerable species than previous experience had led me to expect. Past encounters had inevitably resulted in some form of aural fatigue, but this seems to be a problem endemic with inexpensive machines. From this review experience it would seem that \$70 is the price one has to pay for a half decent player. This may seem a lot in the context of \$7.99 stocking fillers, but is half what one needs to pay for a reasonable quality domestic mains recorder.

One relevant factor in the superiority of the Sony *ProWalkman* over the competition is probably its 6 volt power supply, which is twice or four times most others. Low operating voltages are almost certainly one of the reasons why wow and flutter were so much in evidence. Even amongst the more expensive players, speed stability turned out to be the key determinant of overall sound quality.

Dolby noise reduction circuits were fitted to virtually all the \$50+ units tested - and again with the exception of the ProWalkman proved remarkably poor sounding devices, quite possibly for the same low voltage reason. Some applications admittedly removed some of the tape hiss, but the most common effect was the extraction of musical information at around the same frequency. To a machine, Dolby blocked out what air and life the player could extract, and there was no occasion when the hiss was more objectionable than the noise reduction - we should be grateful that it is at least switchable.

The addition of radio tuners to many players is a useful and welcome feature. The sound quality available with reasonable reception outclasses all but the best tape reproductions.

BEST BUYS

Only three models made this grade, which may seem a little harsh, but the overall performance standards were decidedly unimpressive in general audio

PERSONAL STEREOS: Conclusions, Best buys and Recommendations

terms, and we would be misleading those familiar with our standards by including a few more just for the sake of it.

Sony WM-34 (\$39.95)

This was the only sub-\$50 personal to offer anything like adequate sound quality. Well suited to pop and rock music, reasonable speed control maintained a solid feel to the sound.

Sony WM-F38 (£69.95) The F38 represents a worthwhile improvement on the 34. It is more fluent and articulate and offers a definite step-up in tonal accuracy. Sony ProWalkman (WM6DC) (£249-289)

Very much a hi-fi product, the *Pro* with its control, articulacy and openness was the only serious hi-fi contender, and can double as a domestic deck beside. Capable of broadcast standard recording, it is hard to criticise for the price, though comparatively bulky and heavy to tote around.

RECOMMENDATIONS

This category includes players that offer generally good value for money.

Toshiba KT-4047 (\$59.99) The 4047 turned out to have the most accurate absolute speed of all – a factor that contributed to its ability to make the most out of a good recording. On other material it could sound a bit brash, but overall it is an agreeable machine that comes close to Best Buy status.

Aiwa HS-J36 (\$89.00) This read/write player proved to be a coherent and highly listenable player when partnered with a good recording. Perhaps a little unsubtle, its strength is the better than average speed stability which lends the required timing to rock tracks.

Aiwa HS-PX101 (\$149.99) Easily the most desirable looking player in the bunch the *PX101* was not a bad performer either. It made other players seem uncertain with its brash confidence, and was only occasionally let down by audible, wow.

SELECTED DEALER DIRECTORY

Choosing a good hi-fi dealer is the most vital step in acquiring the system that is right for you. This unique directory gives full information on dealers in your area.

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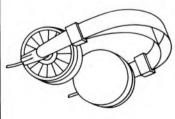




SYSTEM BUILDING

Pre-packaged one-make systems have been commercially very successful, with advantages like cosmetic consistency, competitive pricing, and (assumed) technical compatibility. However, despite the mass market clout of the consumer electronic giants, the hi-fi tradition of specialised separate components seems as strong as ever, and certainly represents the route taken by those who place sound quality ahead of other criteria.

Yet those who choose the separates route still have lingering doubts – usually completely unjustified - over the compatibility of components from different manufacturers. Gross incompatibilities are very rare nowadays, only likely to rear their heads amongst the most exotic components such as valve gear or second-hand items, and unusual even here. Meanwhile the subtle 'fine-tuning' of component matching is almost exclusively the preserve of the specialist, and a major reason for the superior sound of the well chosen separates system. Indeed, the delicate art of 'supercompatibility'



really takes over the major role at a 'super-fi' level, and might be regarded as the key to 'real' hi-fi.

Superficially the pre-packaged system offers better value, purely in terms of the features available for the price. But the buyer who takes the trouble to analyse his or her needs and preferences will often come to the conclusion that step-by-step building of a separates system will provide greater long-term satisfaction, giving flexibility for future upgrading if so desired.

A QUESTION OF Priorities

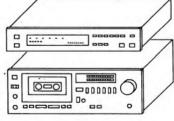
The key advantage of separates is

the opportunity to choose one's own preferences as priorities. Taking the trouble to try and establish these, leads most people to give up, assuming that they don't know enough even to start. But the process needn't be that difficult.

Begin by establishing whether you like to choose your own music, or have it chosen by someone else. This helps sort out what priority should be given to radio, but bear in mind that the best radio music is live radio music, which is very rare and often quite esoteric; when radio is merely an alternative source of pre-recorded material, the results will inevitably be inferior to those obtainable directly from the same source in the home, given a reasonably decent hi-fi.

There are now three different pre-recorded music media competing for the attention of the hi-fi user, and to go for all three will either cost a lot of money or involve substantial compromises in the sound quality of each. For this reason many separates purchasers may start with just one source, adding others or a radio tuner when funds permit.

There will always be controversy over the relative qualities of LP, CD and cassette, with earnest protagonists often trying to advance their prejudices by rubbishing rivals. LP is still the choice for ultimate sound quality – particularly for those prepared to



spend a substantial sum on a good quality turntable system. Furthermore the vinyl repertoire

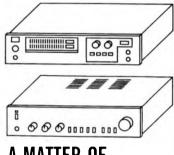
is still the cheapest, largest and most varied, especially if one acknowledges a secondhand market extending back 30 years. However, LPs remain tied to the home, are prey to warps and surface noise even when purchased new, and do not survive rigorous physical abuse at all happily. Though bulky and heavy to store, the 12-inch cover has been turned to good use for artwork and liner notes, creating a pride of ownership somehow un-matched by CD or musicassette.

Cassette has never really challenged vinyl's potentially superior quality, but it is a multiple role format, offering 'go anywhere' flexibility, a uniquely useful recording capability, plus a broad catalogue of pre-recorded musicassette material. Although there are several potential rivals for recording from radio or pirating copyright material, the cassette still wins on convenience and compactness, though the sudden rise in popularity of double mechanism 'dubbing' decks remains mysterious. As a hi-fi medium cassette suffers from pre-recorded material which has been improving but is still patchy in quality, and can usually be bettered by a home recording, while any such home recording is inevitably poorer than the original.



There is also the worry that a tape made on a specific machine usually replays best on that machine, which may cause aggravation when upgrading a few years hence. Though such opportunities are rarely possible or practical, a live recording onto cassette using good quality microphones can be the hi-fi equal of any other source.

CD is the new challenger to these two established media, using a digital instead of analogue storage format. The sound quality remains controversial, hailed as near perfect by its fans but derided by vinyl freaks, so it is probably fairest to say that CD is fine for most listeners, but may not suit everyone; certainly the lack of background noise, defects and deterioration over time are major strengths. Player prices are still on the high side (typically \$200), but dropping. However, disc prices are still nearly twice those of LP and cassette, (they're expected to drop in the New Year) which is a significant disincentive for the music lover who is effectively starting from scratch. A major influence over signal source priority will be how many LPs, tapes and CDs a person already owns. To replace even the key items of a large LP collection with CDs will cost a great deal of money.

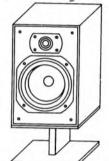


A MATTER OF PRECEDENCE

While there will always be arguments about the different music storage and transmission formats available to the hi-fi listener, there is also controversy over the relative importance of the different components which make up the system chain – by which is meant the source, the amplification, and the loudspeakers (and for the pedantic the room itself, though there's often little that can be done).

For many years the 'weakest link' theory proposed that the loudspeakers needed the most attention, that amplifiers merely had to have sufficient power, and that turntables were pretty well perfect. Recently, however, this perspective has become steadily discredited by an alternative 'theory of precedence', which stresses that no subsequent component can make up for the inadequacies of its predecessors all it can do is supply its own additional degradations. In such a context it is not uncommon to find more than half the system budget allocated to the record player,

with scrimping and saving made on amplifiers and loudspeakers, even though these are used all the time whatever the source. And such an argument applies just as strongly to those who wish to



record their LP records on to cassette, for convenience and use elsewhere.

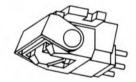
MAXIMISING Potentials

Choosing the components of a system is only part of the task of getting the system as a whole working as well as possible. Good turntables and loudspeakers both benefit to a surprising degree from proper support – from stands that enable them to give their best performance, whether floorstanding or wall-mounted. Just lining the components up along a shelf or sideboard is a recipe for mediocrity, however much has been spent on the individual components themselves.

Siting of components within a room can play a significant role, as can the room itself. Some people may prefer an acoustically more 'live' room than others, but most will agree that the larger it is the better, because this tends to provide smoother and better extended bass reproduction. All rooms create reflections and standing waves, and the effects of these are more severe if all opposing walls are parallel, similar distances apart, and with hard reflective surfaces. Provided that the loudspeakers can be placed fairly symmetrically, slight asymmetry elsewhere in the room is usually helpful. Though it it not really practical to move the walls around (and stud type walls behave differently from brick ones in any case), the odd strategically

placed wall-hanging, say above a fireplace, can work wonders in removing an unpleasant 'flutter echo' effect, while a decent carpet is almost mandatory. 'Live' rooms are usually those that are sparsely furnished with hard wall coverings, so the overall live/dead acoustic balance can often be modified according to the furniture (or even the number of people) present.

The loudspeakers are most critical of placement, because it is their job to create the stereo image, and it will be impossible to do this if the sound from each is not roughly similar at the listening position Each loudspeaker should operate in a similar immediate acoustic environment, unencumbered by other furnishings and structure, and a similar distance from listener, nearby walls, and corners. Some loudspeakers will be designed to operate close to a rear wall, others a metre or so out into the room. but all loudspeakers seem to benefit from being closely



mechanically coupled *via* proper stands to the floor.

There is some debate about the best form of fixing, and in some instances the floor resonances themselves can become excited. particularly if a single concrete casting, and this may cause undesirable side-effects. However, adjustable spikes through to the floor proper or seated into the tops of cross-head screws are generally regarded as the best solution in most circumstances, and seem to give the best rigidity. Some speakers will work best with another set of spikes operating upwards into the loudspeaker itself, but small pieces of Blu-tack are a popular alternative. There is no need for paranoia about using spikes through normal pile carpets because the holes will be almost impossible to find when the stands are removed, but polished wooden floors do present a problem here,



and hard plastic studs may be the only satisfactory solution.

Most decent quality turntables are fairly immune from feedback from loudspeakers, so it should not matter too much if these items are sited fairly close to each other. Indeed it is debatable whether any advantages gained from keeping the turntable well away are not lost through the need to use longer connecting cables. Turntables are usually susceptible to footfall shock, so one solution may be to use a wall bracket, but these do not sound as good as a floorstanding table as a rule. It may sound unlikely, but amplifiers and CD players (and presumably cassette decks too) can also benefit sonically from carefully stand- or bracket-mounting in a high quality system.

Mixing and matching the components of a record player to get optimum results can be something of a black art, over and beyond the fairly simple business of choosing a cartridge of roughly the right compliance to suit the arm effective mass. Certainly the combining of turntables and tonearms is not a simple matter. and this is where a good specialist dealer will come into his own, both in terms of recommending good combinations from the models he holds in stock, and then in correctly carrying out the sometimes tricky set up procedures which are often required to get the best results.

Getting the best from a cassette deck is usually a question of making sure first of all that your deck does a decent job of replaying a good quality musicassette, and then finding out which tapes in the different price groupings give the best record/ replay performance. The most common problem with cassette decks is in their alignment: matters are better than they used be on their guard against poorly aligned machines. Tuners can occasionally suffer similar problems, though this is even more unusual: most radio difficulties are likely to come from an inadequate or inappropriate aerial, after skimping on the less glamorous part of the budget. CD players have fewer consistency problems than analogue systems, though it is mildly ironic that they too seem to derive some sonic benefit from spiked stands or tables in a high quality system, and a poorly aligned machine may give poor disc tracking.

THE FINAL LINK

The key to getting the best results from a separates system lies in finding an experienced and skilled dealer in the first place. One who takes the trouble to find out what you really want and then demonstrate some likely alternatives, without trying to cram his own particular prejudices down your throat. To some extent the customer's task must be to discover for himself whether the dealer in question is competent or not. Membership of trade organisations like BADA can be a worthwhile pointer to a degree of professionalism, but the bottom line is whether the dealer in question can create a good sound in his own shop. If he can't, there is precious little chance of him doing so in your home. The best dealers should lay on demonstrations so you can hear the differences between components for yourself, and hear the sort of improvements. which can be had at different price strata. You can then establish the sort of performance you are prepared to accept within whatever budgetary constraints you have set.

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features (that practised users often find irksome). Such turntables at the cheaper end of the market (sub-£350) tend to be supplied with matching tonearm, and often include a 'starter' cartridge. Still better quality is found at higher prices amongst the separate motor units and tonearms. Careful partnering and set-up is essential for these individual components, but 'naturally sympathetic' combinations do exist, and the good dealer can help. Listed separately as integrated players and as turntable motor units and tonearms, our **sound**

improvements, but lack so-called convenience

quality rating is based on results achieved using a high quality system – but in point of fact the turntable is usually the limiting factor soundwise in any system. Lab performance summarises the speed stability, vibration generation and environmental isolation of turntables, along with the fruction, alignment and adjustment of tonearms. The tonearm's physical characteristics also define a range of mechanically compatible cartridges (see cartridge listings).

INTEGRATED TURNTABLES

PRICE	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES ARM EFF. MASS	VALUE	BACK ISSU
Acoustic Research EB101	Good Good	This genuine high fidelity product offers an impressive package at a competitive price	Subchassis, manual, 13.5g	BB	48
Akai APA201 C80	Poor Averaxe —	It 'lived down' to our expectations sounding 'dead' and 'smeared', with little depth and poor bass	Solid, auto return, direct drive, 5g P-mount		48
Alphason Sonata/HR-100S-MCS C695/£359		Highly capable audiophile system with real resolution and control. Bass is powerful and dynamic ability unbridled	Manual, subchassis, belt drive, 10g	R	55
Ariston Q-Deck C140	Good Average +	Well engineered and good sounding low cost package which is both easy to set up and to use	Semi-auto, belt drive, solid	BB	55
Ariston RD60 C219	Good Good	With the Enigma arm, this balanced and communicative turntable falls only slightly short of the RD90 on sound quality	Manual, belt drive, subchassis, 11.5g	BB	48
Ariston RD40 Q/Enigma	Average + Good	Worth considering for stylish appearance and decent performance, but undermined by RD60 in value for inoney terms	Man/electronic, belt drive, subchassis, 11.5g		48
Bang and Diufsen TX2	Average + Average +	Fully automatic, it can interface to B&O's remote control system, is attractively styled and even sounds respectable!	Automatic, belt drive, subchassis, 6g (B&O carts, only)		48 (Summary)
Dual CS503-1 C125	Poor Average	Slated as a replacement for the CS505, the 503-1 needs careful system matching to mask rumble and microphyny, but is good enough to benefit from a better cartilidge	Semi auto, belt drive, low mass arm	R	55
Dual CS5000 200	Average Average +	The rare 78 facility may give grandma's collection a new lease of life but the player did not merit recommendation on price vs sound	Electronic, belt drive, subchassis, 10g		48
leybrook TT2 turntable & arm 279/£249		A gradual process of informed evolution and a sensibly designed arm combine to make this a good sounding middle of the road package. Well supported by dealers	Manual subchassis motor with arm, belt drive, 14g	R	55
inn Axis 345	Good + Good +	Setting new performance-for-price standards this cleverly engineered and competent deck has many of the qualities of the Sondek LP12	Electronic, belt drive, semi subchassis, 13g	BB	48/Coll
inn Sondek/Ittok (Troika) 2471/£399 (£625)	Excellent Excellent	Superb sound - the best LP12 combination yet. The Troika gives the system real solidity and strength, stretching the deck and arm qualifies to the full	Manual subchassis player, belt drive, 14g	R	55
logic Tempo/Datum II 2240	Good Good +	The general character is lively and exciting, if a little full, with solid, clear open midband, and good stereo staging	Manual/electronic, decoupled plinth, 15g	BB	48
ux PD290 2167	Average Average	For the non-critical user who likes Lux styling and who requires a basic turntable	Semi automatic, direct drive, 10g		40
Manticore Mantra 300/£330 (Arm)	Good + Good +	Fitted with a Rega RB250 arm variant and AT95E cartridge the Mantra fared very well indeed with a fine midrange and good focus	Subchassis, 12g, manual	BB	48/Coll
Aission 775LCT	Average + Average +	Gives a tidy, coherent and well-integrated sound; a punchy performer if a bit bass light	Solid plinth, manual, 12g		40
IAD 5120	Average Average —	Offering near hi-fi quality on a suspended sub-chassis deck fitted with an Ortofon OM10 cartridge can't be bad at this price	Semi-automatic, subchassis, 9g	BB	48
Dak/Moth 175	Average — Average —	Despite the excellent Mothtonearm, motor vibration on the Oak makes for a sonically poor performer	Solid, manual, 12g		48
Dmega Point Silver/Black 895/£295	Good Good +	An avowedly stripped down turntable that lacks even an on/off switch, the Omega Point Silver offers fine midrange clarity and good stereo, but some HF compression and a lack of wellie'	Manual, solid, belt drive, unipivot, 11g		55
lega Planar 2 135	Average + Good	A remarkable product at the price, surprisingly articulate and confident	Integrated turntable, manual, 11.5g	BB	48
Rega Planar 3 188	Good Good	A long time leader in its price category, the '3 (with its excellent RB300 arm) sounded nicely 'musical' in a balanced and coherent manner	Integrated turntable, manual, 11.5g	BB	48
Revox B291 2629	Average — Average —	Sound quality ranks as below average. Subjective bandwidth is narrow and the music lacks grace and energy. Ease of use however is unrivalled	Automatic, remote controllable, direct drive parallel arm, prefitted cartridge		55
Rotel RP-830 2160	Average Average	Reasonable sound, but nothing to get excited about. Bass quality not well integrated, but control OK; mid/top are fine	Manual, integrated, belt drive, solid, inc cartridge	R	55
ource/Odyssey RP1 rom £1,884	Very Good	Mixed. The turntable has tremendous power and authority, but as tested suffered pitch imprecision. The arm is rather ill controlled and lacks resolution and focus	Manual, belt drive, subchassis, motor, outboard PSU, 15g		55
ystemdek II 199	Good + Good	Rating above average for its price the II sounded open and clear, if a bit soft in the bass	Manual/electronic, belt drive, subchassis, 15g	BB	48
ystemdek IIX 199	Good + Good	The more conventional appearance of the IIX has made it popular, performing competently, but essentially sounding similar to the II	Manual/electronic, subchassis, 15g	BB	48
echnics SLBD-22 90	Average — Average —	Not bad for the price and a great improvement on the L20, it performs reasonably when not stretched	Semi automatic, solid plinth, electronic, 6g P-mount	R	48
echnics SL-DD33	Average Average	As with the QD33 though better value	Automatic, direct drive, solid plinth, 7.5g, P-mount	BB	48
echnics SL-L20	Poor Average —	A rather lightweight parallel tracker achieving a poor overall rating, with little to recommend it unless you dig facilities	Electronic, solid plinth, 5g, P-mount		48
lechnics SL-QD33	Average Average	The quartz speed controlled version of the DD is short on sound quality but not features. But it did have fair focus and some depth	Automatic, Quartz, direct drive, solid plinth, 7.5g, P-mount	R	48
horens TD280 C159	Average Average	Not impressive in the context of other Thorens models. The sound was considered lively if somewhat coarse and brash	Electronic, solid plinth, 12.5g		48
horens TD166III	Good Good	Old turntables never die, this revived 166 yet again takes its place near the top of its class	Auto lift, subchassis, 7g	BB	48

THE WORLD'S NO 1 GUIDE TO BUYING HI-FI



LIUE.

DIRECTORY INTEGRATED TURNTABI

PRICE	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
Thorens TD316 £219	Good Good	A competent, well built if not dynamic sounding machine, ably holding its own in its price category	Electronic, subchassis, 4.5g	R	48
Thorens TD320 £319	Good + Good	The top of the range and a solid performer providing a stable focused sound, and not critical of siting	Electronic, subchassis, 7g (available without arm)	R	48

MOTOR UNITS

PRICE	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	RACK ISSUE
Ariston RD90 Superior £900	Good + Good	Good but slightly damped sound quality, with powerful and stable bass. The pro quo is a certain lack of pace, energy and resolution	Belt drive, subchassis, electronic		55
Audio Labor Konstant £2,560	Good + + Very Good	The space-station-like solid alloy frame needs a substantial shelf, but absolute stability renders a confident, neutral sound	Belt drive, subchassis	R	48/Coll
Elite Rock £350	Good Good	Tight, tidy sounding player which works with a wide variety of (non-tangential) arms, giving almost CD like precision and clarity. Good bass depth, but dry balance	Manual, belt drive, solid, arm damping, various optional extras	R	55
Goldmund Studio £2,350	Very Good Excellent	A reference point for high end audio, only exceeded by the even more extravagant Reference Currently being reworked into a more competitive (!) package	Electronic, direct drive, solid subchassis	R	Coll
Logic Gemini £700	Good Average +	Innovative twin-motor design but insufficiently developed. Rates good overall but sounds a bit slow and lacking authority.	Subchassis, electronic		48
Michell Synchro £235	Good Good	A particularly happy blend of qualities endows the Synchro with a blend of subtlety and force – the mailed fist in the velvet glove. Easy on the ear in the best sense.	Manual, belt drive, suspended	R	55
Michell Gyrodec £595	Good Good	Sweet and natural sounding player, well exploited by the Rega RB300 arm. Aesthetics, and the acres of acrylic, are unique	Manual, belt drive, suspended motor unit		55
Pink Triangle PT TOO £539	Very Good Very Good	A substantial improvement on its predecessor, the TOO's new outboard power supply and motor gave a neutral sound with find depth and detail	Electronic, subchassis	R	48/Coll
Roksan Xerxes £595	Excellent Excellent	This unique design cuts a swathe through the conventions of turntable design, providing superb resolution and stereo. Setting up is critical, and for experts only	Manual, belt drive, solid/ decoupled	R	55
SEE Revolver £127	Average Average	Nicely balanced, but unimpressive timing and lightweight bass made this deok rather average for the price. Manufacturer has since made several changes, but not re-submitted for review	Manual, belt drive, solid plinth		48
Systemdek IV £448	Good + Good +	Clarity and definition in the midrange and treble were outstanding. It was better for firm support; less happy on floor tables	Electronic, belt drive subchassis	R	43
Thorens TD160S Mk IV £225	Average Average +	Good value suspended sub-chassis turntable which doesn't need specialist setting up, and which performs consistently and well. Bass is a little over-warm	Manual, belt drive, subchassis motor unit	R	55
Thorens TD521 £625	Average Average +	Nice product. Unexciting, rather undynamic and insubstantial sound quality, but facilities compensate	Manual, belt, suspended motor unit, 78rpm, pitch control, 12" arm/16" records		55

TONEARMS

NAME Price	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	ARM EFF. MAS	NALUE	BACK ISSUE
Airtangent E1698	Very Good Very Good	This linear tracking air-bearing tonearm delivers the goods despite its extravagant price	7.5g (vert	R	48/Coll
Alphason Opal 2110	Good Average	This is a straightforward adequate sounding low cost arm, priced just above where it rightly belongs	10g		55
Alphason Delta E165	Good Average +	A highly competent design from Alphason gives good sound quality but with slight blurring and treble fizz	16g	R	48
Alphason Xenon C210	Good Good +	A trimmed down HR 100S, the Xenon has inferior bearings and a simpler finish, but sounds crisp and coherent. Fits any Linn cutout	12 75g	R	55
Nphason HR10DS 2395	Good + + Very Good	This S-shaped arm sounds smooth, but nevertheless reproduces transients with fine attack	10g	R	48/Coll
kriston Enigma 299	Average Average +	Good but not the best in its class: mid-band sounds a little uneven; treble a trifle "brash"	11.5g		48
Audio Technica AT1120 E132	Good Average +	This low effective mass (5g) am suits fairly high compliance MM cartridges; gives pleasant tonal balance with good stereo imagery	5g		35
Decca International E49	Average + Average +	This uni-pivot design gives a rather rich tonal balance and some bass muddling. Could be good with Decca cartridges, but not well built	12g		48Summary
Eminent Technology 2960	Good + Good + +	One of the best sounding tonearms around, the linear tracking Eminent delivers impressive stereo imagery, focus and transparent sound	9g (vertical)	R	48/Coll
Goldmund T3F arm £3850	Excellent Excellent	This complex parallel tracker created an "ear-opening" experience when tested with a (since updated) Goldmund Studio turntable	16.5g	R	Coll 2
Grace G707 £299	Good Good +	This venerable is still capable, if not competitive with modern alternatives	7g		48
Helius Orion 2 £490	Very Good Very Good	Very expensive but with a performance that merits recommendation	12g	R	48
Kusma E349	Very Good Very Good	A classic performance: solid and dynamic with exceptional bass weight and speed, if a little 'untidy'	14_5g	R	48/Coll
Linn LV Plus £129	Good + Good	The fixed headshell provides an improvement over the LVX resulting in better clarity, detail and punch	13g	BB	48
Linn Ittok LVII £399	Very Good Very Good	Suitable for many turntables this top-quality arm performs best with the LP12, the combination exceeding the sum of both parts	13 5g	R	48/Coll
Logic Datum 2 £230	Very Good Good + +	Rated sonically very good with fire depth focus and transparency, good air and life, albeit slightly 'untidy'	15g	R	48/Coll
Mission Mechanic £600	Good Good +	Nearly right, but inconsistency with level and vague imagery spoil what is otherwise a firm, powerful advocate for black vinyl	llg		55
Moth Arm £65	Good Good +	The ultimate budget arm? Refined, detailed, sweet and natural – performance improves in line with the rest of the system	12g	BB	55
Rega RB300 £90	$\frac{1}{6000} + + \frac{1}{6000} + + \frac{1}{1000}$	Despite is modest price this sets exceptional performance standards and could be used on a number of high-quality turntables	10-11g	BB	48/Col1
SME 3009 Series IIIS £156	Good Average +	A simplified less flexible (as regards adjustment) Series III with a similarly 'soft' sonic character	5g		48

TO ORDER BACK ISSUES OF HI-FI CHOICE SEE PAGE 60

HFI CHOIC!

DIRECTORY

IUNEARMS					
		COMMENTS	ARM EFF. MASS	📕 VALUE	BACK ISSUE
PRICE	SOUND				
SME 3009 Series III	Good	Comprehensively adjustable and very well made, suited to MM and high compliance MC cartridges	5g		48
£216	Average +				
SME 3009R	Average +	A higher mass version of the Series III designed for low compliance MC cartridges	12g		48
£272	Average+				
SME Series IV	Excellent	Superb engineering and finish with a finely balanced sound giving impressive stereo focus and low	10.5g	R	55
£675	Very Good	coloration			
SME Series V	Excellent	Excellent in terms of design engineering and sound quality, this arm arguably sets a new reference	10 5g	R	48/Coll
£1138	Very Good	standard regardless of price	9		
Souther Tri-Quartz	Average	A unique parallel tracking arm that makes up for what it lacks sonically in its unusual appearance	3-4g		48
£850	Good		-		
Well Tempered Arm	Good + +	The overall performance of this arm "grows" on the listener, justifying the possible mounting	6.8g	R	48/Coll
£545	Good + +	complications and radical styling	5		

CARTRIDGES

Very much the 'slave' of turntable and tonearm, and to some extent undermined by the supply of free 'starter' cartridges on many turntable systems, the cartridge is still worth taking seriously. The quality of both the stylus itself and the cartridge's tracking performance are important in preserving that most important part of the hi-fi system - the record collection - and the cartridge also plays a significant role in determining the overall balance of

Cartridges fall into two groups: high output models, capable of working directly into any amplifier, and more expensive low output models. Stereotypically, low output cartridges use the moving coil principle of operation, have better mechanical integrity and tighter tolerances, and give better performance but at much higher cost. Most under-£150 amplifiers and many valve designs need either an extra head amp or transformer to cope with the low output **Cartridge/amplifier** interfacing

can be very subtle, but even basic high output moving magnet designs benefit in overall balance from optimised amplifiler capacitance loading. Still more important, the mechanical cartridge characteristic of cantilever compliance ('springiness') needs to be considered in the light of the effective mass of the tonearm which will be used (see Turntable & Tonearm entries)

CARTRIDGES TONEARMS

	a system the low output. Cartridge/amplifier interfacing					
NAME Price	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	ARM AMP MATCHING		BACK ISSUE	
A&R C77 £20	Average+ Average+	A sensible moving magnet package with good bounce at a competitive price	6-16g Normal	BB	48	
A&R P77Mg £47.50	Average + Average +	Cautiously recommended, the P77Mg was preferred to its cheaper partner by virtue of a better tip. Channel balance could have been better	4-9g Normal	R	48	
A&R E77Mg £57.50	Average Average	Our sample had a disappointing stylus, but gave a coherent, rich and laid back sound, with good 'scale'	3-8g Normal	R	48	
ADC TRX1 £49.90	Average Average	Sounding bright and "tinkly" but with a rich bass this model may endear itself to those who like canaries and gones. Now quite competitively priced	6 - 15g Normal		38	
ADC TRX II £69.60	Average Average +	Comments like "fiercely exciting" treble and "plummy" bass made this cartridge seem overpriced, though orice reductions now make it more competitive	6-15g Normal		38 (Summary)	
Audionote 102VDH £795	Good Very Good	One of the best, giving 'an extraordinarily relaxing midrange clarity'. But it picked up a bit of surface noise and dust and needs a transformer	8-18g Verv low (transformer)		43	
Audioquest MC5 £200	Average Average	Offers high-output benefits but the drooping frequency response and severe VTA error preclude recommendation	10-20g Normal		54	
Audioquest 404BL £299	Average Average	Lateral stereo imaging is thwarted by huge VTA error and the meagre tracking margins do little to help. Sound quality is not competitive	8-20g Low		54	
Audio Technica AT 105 £13 95	Average Average	Tight budget people may enjoy this cartridge whose "overall performance was very good for the price"	6-16g Normal		43	
Audio Technica AT95E £14.95	Average Average	Clear, dynamic if richly balanced, the magnetic '95E is a definite Best Buy	8-14g Normal	BB	48	
Audio Technica AT 115E £27.95	Average Average	Clear and detailed sound quality although a bit on the "heavy" side Sonically lagged the cheaper 110E!	5-16g Normal		43	
Audio Technica AT3200XEl £42.95	Average + Average	This high output MC sounds better than it looks, with a decent 'laid back' sound quality	6-18g Normal	R	43	
Audio Technica ATF30CC £70	Good Good	Slight generator asymmetry but low overall distortion and broad arm matching, plus a lively balanced sound	8-18g Low	BB	54	
Audio Technica AT 140ML £99.95	Average Average	Pricey product this. Prefers low-medium mass arms and low capacitance loading, and is sonically unremarkable	6-12g Normal		43	
Audio Technica ATF50CC £100	Average + Good	Decent output, good channel balance and a thoroughly refined sound sets the standard at $\pounds100$	9-20g Low	BB	54	
Audio Technica AT33ML £238.95	Average + Good	A little expensive but technically competent, and sonically pretty good; low output MC with rather garish gilt finish	6-16g Low		43	
Audio Technica ATOC7 £245	Good + Good +	Technically and subjectively this cartridge represents a new dawn for AT, in the twilight of analogue audio	6-13g Low	R	54	
Azden YM10VE £12.50	Average Average —	A good tracker. Sounds rather bunched-up but not totally incoherent – for very basic systems only	5-15g Normal		54	
Azden GM1E £30	Average — Average —	Of academic interest only, this high o/p mc is seriously flawed in sonic terms	8-18g Low/normal		54	
Azden GMP5L £99	Average + Average +	Although no P-mount system will do this cartridge justice, it can still be enjoyed in its universal mode. The subtle balance may prove irresistible to some	4-10g Low	R	54	
B&D MMC5 £21	Average + Average	Cheapest in the family - smooth treble and good focus, but the bass was left in the wings	5-15g Normal		38 (Summary)	
B&D MMC4 £33	Good Average +	Solid and well balanced in the midrange, the '4 lacks bass impact	5-15g Normal		48	
B&D MMC3 £50	Good Average	Slightly "laid back" sound quality but a good performer for the price Best suited to B&O equipment	5-15g Normal		48	
B&D MMC2 £75	Good Averace+	Only a modest improvement on its cheaper brothers (and sisters)	5-15g Normal		48	
B&O MMC1 £97	Very Good Good	Great clarity and detail at high frequencies but a slightly plodding bass. It may appeal more to the classical enthusiast	5-13g Normal		48	
Cello Chorale £799	Good Very Good	Looking like a piece of NASA gadgetry the Chorale's transparent treble delicacy was without equal. A serious audiophile choice	4-10g Low o/p	R	48/Coll	
Clear Audio Gamma £285	Average Average +	Brimming over with enthusiasm, the unusual-looking Gamma is more than an audic oddity, but it lacks a little sublicity at times	4-11g Low		54	
Clear Audio Delta £450	Average + Good		6-17g Low	R	54	
	1	THE WORLD'S NO 1 GUIDE TO BUYING HI-FI				



NEWSLETTER

Vol 3 No 10 – March 1988

The world is full of products made down to a price. To our customers, music and Hi-Fi are worth sacrificing other purchases, and in the long-term accomplish more pleasure as well as economy.

In the amplifier world Audio Research reigns sonically supreme, and the SP-9 Pre-Amp at £1,695 will make 1988 memorable for many fortunate people. Now we are proud to announce the forthcoming D-125, a matching power amplifier to be released later this year: so start saving now! If you can't wait to bring Audio Research into your life, here is a bargain: we have a partexchanged SP-8 at £995 and a D-80II at £1,250; or £2,195 the pair, both items guaranteed for 12 months under the new Approved Warranty Used Equipment Scheme.

The advanced use of hybrid design has also been employed with special merit by Counterpoint from California, and The Music Room stock the SA7 Mk. II Pre-Amp (£745) and the SA-12 (£1.250) and SA-20 (£2,350). Due to the favourable dollar rate, we are able to promote our American highend at 15% below list during February only; further arrangements will depend on events, so ring for details. This promotion will make Magneplanar loudspeakers very attractive, especially the SMGa and the new 2.5, and we have in our sale one pair of MG3a's at only £2,000, carriage and insurance paid! Local customers should see our exclusive Magneplanar feet which improve both sound and appearance for only £99 per pair.

Two further panel loudspeaker bargains in the greatest sale we have ever held is a pair of Apogee Duettas at £1,700 per pair, used but perfect, boxed (owner moving to a small flat). We have a Krell KSA-50 in the sale, ex-dem at £2,140 (a saving of £400) and its matching Pre-amp the as yet underrated PAM-5 at only £1,189 a saving also of £400. And we have for only £450 a second-hand pair of Accoustat Model-X in white (passive version, requiring power amplifier).

The ideal amplifiers for Apogee loudspeakers are Krell and more recently Meitner. The latter are much more economic and compact, but a short audition (or a copy of the rave reviews from America) will soon convince you that Meitners Make Sense. For example, with the currency discount of 15% the PA-6 Pre-Amp costs only £1,440 (RRP £1,695) and the 100W monoblocks only £1,610.75 (RRP £1,895). These prices include vat, carriage UK and of course our full two year guarantee. Send for literature and our Information Sheet No. 10, The STR-50, the stereo 50 watt power amplifier, is reduced in February from £970 to an incredible £825 so what are you waiting for?

Bargain hunters at our shops will also spot Beard – the best of British valves, and Concordant Audio. We have spoken before of the amazing sonic quality and advanced simplicity of this coolrunning four-valved pre-amp with separate (solid-state) power supply: all for only £799. Save £150 on two (part-exchanged back for an SP-9 and an SP-11) but be quick or vou'll be too late.

In conclusion, the ABC of valves is quite simple: Audio Research, Beard and Concordant/ Counterpoint. D is for dunce, delay and digitally chopped music.

ANALOGUE

The market for LP records and turntables has suffered very little from CD, and both markets had stabilised alongside each other before the end of last year. Again, both analogue and CD products presented buyers with high quality reasons to invest their hardearned cash and the Canadian Oracle Delphi Mk. 3. with or without the Air-Tangent tonearm and Koetsu or Kiseki pick-up cartridge is aesthetically and sonically stunning. Lend us an ear, and consider the optional Sicomin mat, also from Absolute Sounds.

We also stock and recommend

the pick of the crop from Michell, the Gyrodek a bargain at £595 and the amazing Alphason Sonata, with or without its own HR-100 tonearm. At mid-price, the Roksan Xerxes with its latest super bearing fully deserves all the status this young and dedicated company has already achieved. For economy try it with a Rega arm, or for definitive status the SME IV or V will cost £675 or £1,138 but last for life.

So will your records, if you use LAST, and the good news is that it is available again in the UK. If you are serious about your records, you need it. There are many copies of LAST but LAST was first! Formula One is the Power Record Cleaner, which is applied only once per LP to remove moldrelease-agent and other contamination to which dirt adheres. Thanks to the unique LAST hand applicator, the cost, noise and time taken by record-cleaning machines is no longer necessary. Formula Two should then be applied. again only once (labels supplied): this is a preservative which fills crevices and pitholes and strengthens and lubricates the groove surface (around ten molecules deep -Last never leaves a deposit). Formula Five is the famed Stylast which lubricates the stylus and extends its life up to ten times the untreated norm. You can hear that something amazing is taking place, if you simply listen to an untreated record, then again either with Stylast alone, or better, with Formulae 1 and 2 and I have seen the looks of amazement in peoples' faces. For the sonic improvement alone, LAST is truly value for money; but the extension of stylus and record life is also worth it alone. LAST is for anyone who is serious about sound, and new formulae have now been developed by the LAST Factory for the other media - tape and CD.

COMPACT DISC

From Cambridge Audio, the amazing three-box CD-1 is on demonstration, but such is its quality that even at £1,500 it is still subject to a waiting list. We are pleased to announce its successor: so watch this space but if you can't wait, the CD-2 with its amazing 16X oversampling and musical abilities plus a price tag of only £599 makes it an obvious investment: £30 off in our sale, and ex-stock at the time. of writing! Keep up the good work Mr. Curtis. The C75/P75 Pre- and Power amp costing £575 per pair are also something of a bargain. Compare them with the Audiolab and Musical Fidelity and enjoy our excellent coffee. Now for de-luxe CD players at affordable prices, how about a Nakamichi OMS-1E for £399? Compare it with the Denon, Philips and Yamaha models (in alphabetical order).

LOUDSPEAKERS

This newsletter began with the theme of no-compromise products. Three loudspeakers of impeccable quality in small bulk are the £1.195 Sonus Faber from Italy, the £3.000 Ensemble PA1 Reference from Switzerland (see Hi-Fi News April 1988) and the recently reviewed WATTs from USA costing £5,500. These loudspeakers (the finest headphones on the planet, according to Ken Kessler) only work with the highest grade of ancillary equipment, but they are capable of stunning! In addition to the special opportunities in loudspeakers at the start of this Letter, we have a Chairman's Infinity RS lb's for £3,750 (as he has to keep up with the Pearsons) and a pair of ex-dem Dark Walnut Source turntable - save £150 only £700. There are so many bargains that you had better send to your self-addressed Glasgow envelope (we'll provide our own stamp!) and we'll send you a current list plus our new Accessory Newssheet.

As the Last UK Importers, we invite Trade Inquiries, but if you are needing a quick fix, you can get it direct from our shops or by post. Prices include VAT and UK postage First Class':-

FORMULA ONE:	Power Cleaner for LP's£12.50	FORMULA FOUR:	Stylus Cleaner£6.25
FORMULA TWO:	LP Preservative£16.95	FORMULA FIVE :	STYLAST£19.95
FORMULA THREE:	LP Regular Cleaner£7.95	FORMULA SIX:	CD Micro-scratch protector£13.95
	FORMULA SEVEN: Cassette heads	& path cleaner	£12.95

The Music Room,
221 St. Vincent Street,
Glasgow G2 5QY.
Tel: 041-248 7221.
(Open Six Days)

THE LAST PARAGRAPH

The Music Room,
50 Bridge Street,
Manchester M3 3BN.
Tel: 061-835 1366.
(Now Open Six Days)

DESIGNER & LIFESTYLE HI-FI, TV & VIDEO: Stereo Showcase, 98 Bath Street, Glasgow G2 2EN. Tel: 041-332 5012. (Now Open Six Days)

IN CAR HI-FI & AUTO-ELECTRONICS: Mobile Fidelity, 98 Bath Street, Glasgow G2 2EN. Tel: 041-332 5775. (Closed Tuesdays)

All shops accept ACCESS, VISA and AMEX on presentation or by 'phone and are licensed brokers. Instant and personalised credit readily available subject to normal requirements. We will shortly open a private Showroom and Service dedicated exclusively to ultimate components and systems optimising and invite you to contact Jack Lawson and obtain a copy of our Information Sheet No. 9 (Source Owners should request a copy of No. 8.)

OMMENTS	ARM	-	
	AMP MATCHING	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
ded absolutely glorious, creating a full sense of scale and a large well-focused soundstage – but h for record wear			Coll
y recommended as a fine all-rounder, this high-output moving-coil model is likely to perform well in	6-16g Normal	BB	48
y all circumstances ugh listeners just preferred the 110 its brother here proved a twin in lab tests and is still "thoroughly intervention."	Normal 6-16g		43
etent" classic spherical stylus model gives a lively sound with powerful bass, and is popular in broadcast.	Low 6-16g	R	48
os th-output MC model with impressive lab performance, but whose tip and sound quality both	Low 6-14g		48
ipointed sounding and realistically priced, damping is recommended to ensure successful tracking ability	Normal 8-18g R		48
d quality was described as "shut-in", lacking energy and sparkle but with some "edginess" in high	Normal£ 10-22g		28
the bright but giving detailed bass and clear treble this was competitive at the price	Low 6-16g	R	Systems
	Normal	N	48
could try haggling but we thought the makers of this number were demanding too much lucre for their act	3-6g Low		
npretentious "punchy" partner to a budget system, giving decent dynamics and focus	6-14g Normal	R	48
ning results were a disappointment for a design which "looks right" in many respects	8-16g Normal		43
t fiddly to set-up but rewarding once accomplished. The big and bouncy sound belies its price itive to amp loading	10-20g Normal	BB	54
one strutted finely onto stage but couldn't project to the "gods"	8-16g Normal		43
frequency extension was improved by the van den Hul tip, nice looking model - no great actress	8-16g Normal		48
and relaxed sounding, the L version is just that bit more refined than its high output brother	7 - 18g Low	R	54
etty decent allrounder that dd not excel sufficiently to warrant recommendation	8-16g		43
balanced sound but lacking low frequency authority, midrange focus and "punch"	Normal 12-20g		38 (Summary)
lively presentation, excellent separation and generally satisfactory sonic delivery – consider this	Low 5-10g		48
el ; and treble are a trifle coloured but the midband proved highly enjoyable. Ideal for budget systems	Normal 6-13g (damping)	R	54
ntilting balance disguises the brightness of this cartridge; bit of a mixed bag at this price	Normal 9-20g (damping)		54
isitely crafted by a group of ex-Denon engineers, this superb tracker had a sweet and seductive (if	Normal 5-12g		43
is ner y career by a group of ex-centrif engineers, this superbit tacker had a sweet and seductive the f performance from a very solid cartridge but lacks some of the magic of other Risekis. Compliance too	5-12g 5-12g		54
	Low		
, beautiful to look at and sweet to listen to, cur review of this high-flyer conjured up images of nese art	5-14g Low		Collection
essive in scale and dynamics but with some criticism of bass muddling and high treble fizz. Listen re deciding	6-18g Low	R	48/Coll
ed like a rare, and perhaps dangerous, little oriental fish this famous cartridge sounded "almost larger life"	10-25g Low	R	48/Coll
goes much further in delivering the goods than its price tag might indicate	6-14g Normal	BB	48/Systems
threw this model into the leading pack by beefing up the Basik's bodywork, adding a super stylus, and sing the price fair	6-15g Normal	BB	48/Coll
iples of Linn who are trying to realise their true "Karma" may find that saving money is not a short cut eaven	9-18g	R	48/Coll
necialist which is strongly recommended for Linn-based systems; results may be less predictable in	Low 9-18g	R	48/Coll
e general application Karma users have been seen with glazed expressions indicating smug self-indulgence the morning after	0		Coll
ng a Troika rly different from other cartridges, the Maroon combines Heaven and Hell with good bass and midband			48
poor top-end control etimes a bit fierce in emphasising record surface faults, it is perhaps best at revealing the excitement	Normal 8-20g + damping	R	48/Coll
tension in music ks like a duck but sounds much better, certainly worth auditioning. Compliance too high	Normal 5-11g		54
overall feeling of relaxed ease characterised this clear and atmospheric Kiseki-built cartridge	Low 8-16g	R	48/Coll
m and detailed sound - packs the punch of the best m-cs with high output as a bonus	Normal 12-20g (damping)	R	54
ufficiently well-balanced and competitively priced "old-timer" which still warrants recommendation	Normal	R	38
	Low	N	
he final analysis this fine allrounder is insufficiently exceptional in any specific respect to justify fully high price 	Low	00	Collection
king (in)abilities	Normal	RB	38
	6-19g Normal		28
ar punchy sound that delivers the rudiments of a good performance	6-16g Normal	R	54
 frequencies sounded "shut-in" with this spherical-stylus model, but mid and mass were energetic, ney and punchy 	5-13g Normal	R	48
ar k n	ly a Best Buy model for rock music fans, opera and choral music lovers might do better to avoid its ing (m)abilities ugh competent in many respects, overall the 9200 must be considered an undistinguished contender punchy sound that delivers the rudiments of a good performance frequencies sounded "shut-in" with this spherical-stylus model, but mid and mass were energetic, cy and punchy	iy a Best Buy model for rock music fans, opera and choral music lovers might do better to avoid its 10-20g Normal ugh competent in many respects, overall the 9200 must be considered an undistinguished contender 6-19g Normal 6-19g Normal punchy sound that delivers the rudiments of a good performance 6-16g Normal frequencies sounded "shut-in" with this spherical-stylus model, but mid and mass were energetic, 5-13g Normal	iy a Best Buy model for rock music fans, opera and choral music lovers might do better to avoid its 10-20g Normal BB ing (in)abilities Normal ugh competent in many respects, overall the 9200 must be considered an undistinguished contender Normal 6-19g Normal punchy sound that delivers the rudiments of a good performance 6-16g Normal frequencies sounded "shut-in" with this spherical-stylus model, but mid and mass were energetic, 5-13g R

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CARTRIDGES	LAB	COMMENTS	ARM	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
PRICE	SOUND		AMP MATCHING		FULL REVIEW
agaoka MP11 Boron 38	Average Average +	Responding well overall in PM's equipment and listening room, this model was mildly criticised for low level and dynamic limitations	5-13g Normal	BB	48
agaoka MP10SB 40	Average Average +	Stilton's mods have improved the fine detail resolution of this popular budget model	5-15g Normal	R	54
i gaoka MP11 Gold 15	Average — Average +	There were mild criticisms directed at most areas, but in general the sound was clear, open and even	3-8g Normal	R	48
gaoka MP11 Gold SB O	Average — Average	Excessive price loading for a blob of aluminium	2-6g Normal		54
tofon VMS5E II 4	Average Average	Sound quality was thought fair for the price, though a little 'untidy'	8-18g Normal		38 (Summary)
tofon OM5E	Average — Average —	The OM10 is a hi-fi cartridge - the OM5E is not	5 - 16g Normal		43
tofon OM10 1	Average Average	One of the leading "cheaples", this gives a fine level of sound quality for the price, with good matching compatibility	5-15g Normal	BB	48
tofon VMS 10E II	Average — Average —	Some of its stablemates fared rather better, and showed less evidence of tracking problems to boot	Normal		38
tofon VMS2DE II 5	Average Average	One of the most popular cartridges ever, sound quality was a bit laid-back and tracking could have been better	3-10g Normal		48
tofon OM20 5	Average Average +	This turned out to be the listening panel's favourite among Ortofon's moving magnet models	5-16g Normal	R	48
tofon X1	Average Average	The cheaper $X1$ scored higher marks with our listening panel than the $X3$, but both were a disappointment	6 - 1 5g Normal		48
tofon VMS3DE II 2	Average + Average	Rather an old soldier in relation to turntable technology, it will perform undemandingly in demanding circumstances	5-13g Normal		38
tofon MC10 Super 5	Average Good	"What a delightfully sweet-sounding cartridge this is" we said	5-15g Low	BB	48
tofon OM40 15	Average Average +	Highly competent engineering, secure tracking and decent sound quality are major strengths. But it's a little cold, a little polite	3-8g Normal		48
tofon X3	Average Average	A lack of bass power, definition and a "zitty" top end makes this competent but uninvolving	5-15g Normal		48
toton MC20 Super 80	Average + Good +	An "inviting" sound quality; polite rather than exciting it approaches much more expensive models, but does not better them	6-15g Low	R	48/Coll
tofon MC3D Super	Very Good Good+	Beautifully engineered and well-balanced, it was slightly criticised as bland, though some may appreciate the lack of rough edges	5-14g Low		Coll
tofon MC2000 50	Very Good Good +	There are few grounds on which to fault the MC2000, but extremely low output means the expense and aggravation of a transformer	5-10g Very low (transformer)		38
TA RP20 2	Average	Good integration, a clear dynamic midrange and the beginnings of fine stereo imagery merits clear recommendation	6-14g	R	48
TA RP40	Average Average +		6-15g Normal	R	48
TA RP70	Average Average +	Clearer and sweeter than the '40 this also seemed heavier and less lively. For £99 you can have a van den Hul stylus			43
ega RB100	Average Average +	Remarkable mechanical performance in the right system context, but "try before you buy"	5-12g Normal	R	48
ure M92E 15	Average – Average	Though lacking depth, the overall sound quality was competent, but treble was not its forte	10-15g Normal		43
ure M99E	Average — Average —	Sister to the 92E this is a solid but not particularly exciting cartridge	5-10g Normal		38 (Summary)
ure ME75ED	Average Average	Rather bright and splashy in the high frequencies but nevertheless a competent model	5-10g Normal		38
nure M104E	Average — Average	Capable n many ways, but giving no substantial improvement over the $92E$ in our view	5-15g Normal		38
12 10 19 ME97HE 13.95	Average	It won't turn a sow's ear of a turntable into a silk purse, but will at least keep going and produce an acceptable result	8-20g Normal	R	48
hure M105E	Average + Average	A slightly 'spitty' sound lacking deep bass and dynamic contrast, but can be used in virtually every system	5-12g Normal		38 (Summary)
45 hure M110HE	Average — Average	where it will perform "unobtrusively" Sound quality was thought eminently presentable, but not exciting; smooth clear high frequencies, but a loss of them, deferitions	5-10g		38 (Summary)
55 hure M111HE	Average Average	loss of bass definition Early reviews of this cartridge complained principally of the price – which has since come down	Normal 5 - 10g Normal		38 (Summary)
67 hure ML120HE	Average Average +	Quite decent sound quality and a generally fine balanced performance	6-18g		48
95 hure ML140HE 120	Average+ Average+ Good	Qualitatively the treble of this well-balanced moving magnet model was a match for many moving coil catridaes	Normal 6 - 16g Normal		43
120 hure V15 VMR	Good Good	cartridges Initial listening gave promising results, but extended familiarity gave the feeling of a lack of energy and a "Solut in "sound"			38
195 hure Ultra 500 452	Average + Good	"shut-in" sound There was no doubting the accomplishments of what could well be the finest moving magnet cartridge accord	6-14g		48
452 upex SM100E	Good Average	around Delivers as much musical information as many moving coils – the bass in particular having an attractive however			38
115 upex SD900IV	Average + Average +	bounce The 900 is an inherently fine cartridge, but despite a recent update it is beginning to show its age	Normal 10-18g		48/Coll
350 upex SD901IV	Good + Average +	This high output model delivered sufficient subjective and objective performance, plus good compatibility,		R	48
375 upex SDX2000	Good + Good	to justify its price tag The high-o/p 2000 was preferred on listening tests to the low-o/p model, which even so has a unique place			48
C651 L £721 H Yan Den Hul MC10	Good + Good	among the top designs A neutral balanced performer giving transparent midrange, fine depth and focus with firm extended bass.		R	48/Coll
.699 Van Den Hul MC One	Good + Good	Gosh! This extended all the positive qualities of the '10 but added greater authority and scale – worth it for the	Low 6-12g	R	48/Coll

Sound us out.

Let me begin this months dissertation by clarifying a point of confusion that has arisen amongst some readers due to our address. Both Alan Abbott and myself are dedicated music and audio enthusiasts. We aim to bring a quality of advice and service to the customer that is quite often unavailable in the high street shops. We have many years in the audio business both as customers and salesman on which to base our advice and well remember what it is like to be bombarded by the confusing and often conflicting advice of magazines and hi-fi sales people.

Both of us pursue other occupations and we pride ourselves on the fact that we are not under pressure to sell to the customers simply to earn a living. Here in our quiet, rural surroundings you will have the opportunity to audition a wide range of equipment in a relaxed and unhurried home atmosphere. No one will try and speed a sale along just to get at the next customer. When you arrive you are the ONLY customer and therefore deserving of our fullest attention. Take as long as you like, we would rather you came back two or three times before making your choice rather than let you leave with the vague feeling you may have made a mistake.

At the time of writing we are the only UK dealers to have the full range of Spica Speakers In stock from the glant killing TC 50 and the bi wired TC 50 SE to the mighty Angelus. (At last a truly outstanding speaker of sensible domestic proportions). We are the first dealers to stock these fine transducers and within days of their arrival have already sold the first pair. Demand is going to be big, why not book your home demonstration with us now, or alternatively pay us a visit (by appointment only). We can offer the finest demonstration facilities available with completely honest and unbiased advice. (If we cannot fulfil your requirements then we are happy to suggest others who can).

Some recent additions to our range are the legendary Albarry Monoblock power amplifiers, the YBA pre and power combination. And let's not forget the magnificent LFD pre amplifier and Air 2:11 valve amplifier, the latter Alans reference power amplifier against which all others are judged.

For those who must have their cake and eat it, we have a full SAE system comprising CD player, tape, pre amplifier, power amplifier and tuner. Together they offer superb sound quality and harmonious aesthetics. The preamplifier is of special note demanding serious consideration as an audiophile unit in its own right. This unit will shake your faith in the minimalist approach to pre amplifier design! Priced at only £795. SAE could easily ask twice the price judged on sound quality alone, and comes highly recommended by the American audio magazine The Stereophile.

Kind regards, BRIAN VOCE

Our range of fine products include: ALBARRY, YBA, AIR, LFD, KISEKI, VECTEUR, STAD, AUDIOSTATIC, BEARD, DECCA, ODYSSEY, JECKLIN, SPICA, GLANZ, PAWEL, NUANCE, OMEGA POINT, AUDIO INNOVATIONS, AUDIO NOTE, GRYTHON, MILLTEK, ODYSSEY CARTRIDGES, ODYSSEY ARMS, PHONO AMPLIFIER, PLENTITUDE, QUICKSILVER, SOUTHER, SNELL, VOYD.

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DIRECTORY Amplifiers

The amplifier sits at the heart of the system, processing the outputs from all the various music sources as necessary and then driving the loudspeakers. These two (quite separate) functions are integrated into a single box at the low-to-middle price points, separated pre- and power amplifiers become increasingly common as one moves upmarket. At the upper end of the specialist market, valve amplifiers provide a popular alternative the transistor types amongst enthuliants.

There is a substantial difference between specialist (sound quality oriented) amplifiers and the bleakly simple, avaiding all unnecessary features to provide the most direct signal path in the interests of best sound quality. The latter range from models with just basic tone controls and tape recorder switching, to those with elaborate facilities such as graphic equalisers, remote control (including volume), surround sound options etc. etc.

Lab measurement provides some useful data, particularly in regard to an amplifier's ability to drive a wide range of different types of loudspeakers, but this is only obliquely related to sound quality. We also include our measured power output (RMS, 80hm load, 1 channel driven) – but again, paradoxically, this doesn't necessarily correspond to the loudness capability of the amplifier, and has as much to do with the elegance of the overload characteristics within a given system (valve amplifiers invariably sound more powerful than their rating would suggest). The listing of **features** provides some indication to the complexity of an amplifier; many users prefer to retain the option of tone controls to 'shape' the overall sound according to taste; many others have found living without tone controls currisingly easy, with additional benefits in terms of transparency

NAME Price	SOUND		FEATURES	VALUE	BACK ISSU
&R Arcam Alpha 149 90		0	5 inputs hdph MM/MC tone controls 30W	R	50
&R Arcam Delta 90 329.90	Good Fair	Well balanced and sweet-natured in any given system with MC capability, but pricey	70W MM/MC 5 inputs tone controls		50
barry M408 II 595 pr			40W Power amp only	R	This
udio Research SP8 1998	Very Good Good +		5 inputs MM	R	39
udio Research M100 2850 each	Good +	These high end valve monoblok power amps justify their cost by providing near state of the art sound quality. Our reviewer was so excited he bought them	100W	R	50
udio Research SP11 5150	Very Good Excellent	Current state of the valve pre-amp art. A reference point	Straight line MM/MC Disc + phase invert	R	50
idiolab 8000C 300	Good +	refined, if a little clinical and cold	5 inputs MM/MC Disc hdph tone controls	R	50
udiolab 8000A 325	Good +	A strong contender using high grade circuitry and providing good sound quality on all inputs. Hard to fault at the price	controls	_	50
Idiolab 8000P 465	Good +	competition worried	100W	R	50
eard P35 695	Good +	A superbly built and engagingly rhythmic valve power amp, sounding sweet and slightly soft in the classic valve style		R	50
eard 506 995	Good +	A versatile valve preamp - the bass sounded lively if a touch softened while the treble was detailed but lacked a little sparkle and air		R	50
eard M70 595 pair	Good +	A substantial British monoblok power amplifier, but not a great deal more impressive than the P35 at half the price		R	50
urmester 838 490	Good	A disc-only minimalist pre-amp, strong points include excellent build, extreme neutrality, dry clean bass and nutably sharp stereo focusing	2	D	Collection
1599 1599	Good +	Usually coupled with the 838 this high-level pre-amp provides many and versatile input facilities	6 inputs	R	Collection
urmester 850 3995 ambridge Audio P40	Good + Good Good	Each of these mono power amplifiers contains separate high current 25W amps giving a refined coherent sound over most of the frequency range A very fine sounding integrated amplifier with simple facilities and MC cartridge capability	100W 5 inputs 40W MM/MC straight line	R BB	Collection
200 ambridge Audio C75	Good + Good +		MM/MC disc	R	50
279 ambridge Audio A75	Good + Very Good	but was a touch "heavy" in character This strong power amplifier sounded open and effortless, with fine bass drive and dynamics,	100W	R	50
299 ello Audio Suite	Very Good Excellent	abelt a touch grainy and harsh at high frequencies Cello's pre-amp represents a whole new ball game in flexibility and sound quality (or war of		R	50
5000 + onrad Johnson MV50		attrition on your wallet) Coupled with the PV5, this CJ power amp performed well on audition	50W	R	Coll
1795 onrad Johnson PV5	Good + Good +	The PV5 is a classy sounding valve pre-amp, and natural partner to the MV50	5 inputs MM	R	Coll
2010 onrad Johnson Motif MC-8	Good + Very Good	A cheaper alternative to the '7, this pre-amp is an undoubted success in maintaining the Motif	MM/MC	R	50
2500 onrad Johnson Premier Three	Very Good Good +	sound but does not compare on sound quality. The Three is a musically accurate and graceful pre-amp which proved versatile on a wide range	5 inputs MM/MC		Coll
<u>3775</u> onrad Johnson Premier Four	Very Good Good+		100W		Coll
3900 opland Pre and power amps 640 costs	CII.	locations At 6649 each this simple Danish valve pre/power combination is expensive, though the power combined over a simple part of the combined over the power combination of the power over the power over the power	3 inputs MM, 12W		50
nunterpoint SA7 747	Average + Good	amplifier sounds very easy on the ear Simple valve Californian pre-amp offering inspiring transparency for the price	4 inputs straight line MM/MC	R	Coll
ounterpoint SA12 1250	Good + Good +	A real power-house power amp, beefy and load-tolerant although like the SA7 a trifle untidy at frequency extremes	100W	R	Coll
reek 4040 145	Average + Fair	This simple integrated model had a controversial sound, liked by some, plus an acceptable lab performance	4 inputs MM 12W	R	50
r eek CAS 4140 199	Good + Good	Redesigned for '88, this is a fine allrounder with good moving-coil input, plain presentation	40W MM/MC 3 line inputs	BB	This
roft Micro 150	Average + Good	A real upsetter, this excellent valve pre-amp put the cat among the pigeons proving good sounds can be made at budget price levels	4 inputs MM straight line	R	Coll
roft Super Micro 250	Good Good +	With industrial looks and double mono operation, it rated particularly well on disc input, although not so hot on CD	4 inputs MM straight line	R	50
730	Good Good +	A lively and 'fast' valve power amplifier, delivering the goods with a pleasing 'classical' tonal unality	40W per channel	R	50
DBX CX3/DX3 C1500	Good Fairly Good	Versatile separates majoring on 4-channel surround sound and high power. Garish presentation and unexceptional sound	125W MM/MC 7 inputs, tone, 4-channel surround		This
Delta DPA 100S C1900	Very Good Very Good	A top-quality transistor power amp, sounding fast, articulate and well controlled, though maybe a touch clinical for some tastes		R	50

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DUAL 505/2, YAMAHA AX300, AR8BX etc	POA
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CAMBRIDGE CD1 POA	PHILIPS CD950 PUA PHILIPS CD960 PDA	
DENON DCD 300 PDA	PHILIPS EM2000 Remote control PDA	
DENON DCD 500 PDA	ROTEL RCD820 POA	
DENON DCD 900 POA	ROTEL RCD820BX POA	
DENON DCD 1300PDA	TECHNICS SLP111 POA	
DENON DCD 1500POA DENON DCD 1700POA	TECHNICS SLP220 POA TECHNICS SLP320 POA	
DENON DCD 3300 PDA	TECHNICS SLP520 PDA	
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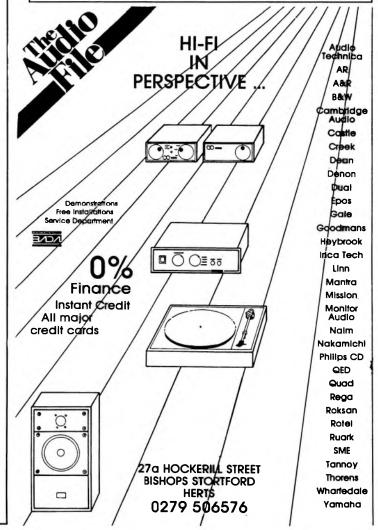
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DIRECTORY AMPLIEIERS

NAME Price	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACKISS
non PMA-250	Good		30W MM hdph	R	50
5 A 3	Fair Good +	should appeal to a wide range of tastes The DNM3 in its acrylic case is a remarkably revealing and neutral state of the art pre-amp	5 inputs MM/MC twin vol controls	R	44
00 osure VIII	Good + Very Good	This power amplifier created a good impression of speed and power, but was a trifle fierce in the	50W	R	50
0 DSURE VII	Good + Very Good	treble A double mono transistor pre-amp with a notably dynamic and punchy character, though not		R	50
0	Good	suited to all tastes		IX.	
ler DH120 kit form 5	Fair -		60W		44
ler DH120 assembled O	Very Good Fair	price	60W		44
man Kardon 640 V xi 5	Good + + Good	Moderately priced but built to HK's high standards; good value and good load tolerance	50W MM, 5 line inputs tone controls		This
man Kardon 655 Vxi	Very Good	Plenty of well built integrated amplifier for the money, with lots of power to drive almost	,	R	This
9 achi 007	Good Good +		controls 75W MM 6 line inputs tone controls		This
9 a Tech Claymore	Fair Good +	worthwhile improvement from Hitachi Limited facilities but a strong, clear, well-focused sound results in auspicious <i>Choice</i> debut for	50W MM/MC 3 line inputs straight line	R	This
5 AX-22	Good + Average	this relatively young company Serves a market that buys on features rather than sound quality, includes special "flashing	55W MM tone controls		50
0	Poor	light" power meter		0	
wood KA-550 O	Good Fair	Decent sound quality and build at an affordable price, it also has a capable moving coil input - something of a rarity among the competition	40W hdph Tone controls MM/MC	R	50
II PAM5 89	Very Good Good	Superbly built, the Pam 5 pre-amp gave good definition throughout the frequency range with a good measure of excitement	MM/MC	R	50
95	Very Good Good +	This power amp still holds its own with good depth and ambience and excellent stereo focus	50W	R	50
II KMA-100 II	Excellent	A genuine reference standard power amp, capable of justifying a wildly extravagant price tag in	100W, Monoblok	R	Coll
00 pr Tube	Excellent Good +	an appropriate system If moving coil sensitivity is not required then this pre-amplifier will offer a clean view with very	3 inputs MM	R	44
5 1 LK2	Good Good +	good stereo This pre-amp was marginally less successful than the LK1 but the pair (of Linns) worked well	5 inputs MM/MC		50
3	Fair	together and are well worth considering			
1 LK1 5	Good + Fair	, , ,	60W		50
Stratos 9	Good + Good	Facing strong competition in the UK this New Zealand pre-/power combination gives good sound quality but not exceptional at the price	120W MM/MC straight line		50
man LV100	Good	Nicely finished modern integrated amplifier, generally competent though not exceptional	45W MM 4 line inputs tone controls		This
5 man LV-105	Fair Very Good		85W MM/MC		44
9 gnum A100	Fair Good + +	easy musical quality and good bass register Given their massive power rating a pair of A100's make a fine stereo power amp; ideal for high	320W	R	50
95 pair rantz PM26	Good + Average	levels and with a wide dynamic range for digital programme Well built and attractively presented this just manages recommendation, though sonically falling	30W MM sliding tone controls	R	50
0	Poor	somewhat short of the best examples of its type			
rantz PM35 O	Very Good Good	This new generation Marantz is a good allrounder, and shows that extra care is being taken over sound quality; well equipped and versatile	45W MM/MC 3 line inputs tone controls	R	This
antz PM45 0	Good + Fair	Generally pleasant and polite with above average clarity; there was some softening in the bass, restricting dynamic output somewhat	40W MM/MC tone controls	R	50
ridian 201/205	Very Good	A fine pre-amp with additional luxury option of full system remote, plus competent and attractive	100W MM/MC 6 line inputs remote	R	This
0/£395 each sion Cyrus One	<u>Good +</u> Good	monoblok power amplifiers with generally good performance A reference standard amplifier for its price category the Cyrus 1 attained a high sonic standard. A	capable straight line 5 inputs MM - medium MC 30W	BB	50
io sion Cyrus Two	Good Good +	stylish, neutral performer A significant improvement on the already competent 'One, the 'Two remained neutral and	straight line 50W 5 inputs MM/MC Disc straight	BB	50
10	Good +	confident over the whole frequency range Although making the Two more powerful, the PSX power supply does not offer significantly	line A power supply, see above		50
sion Cyrus Two with PSX 10	Good + Good +	better sound quality			
sical Fidelity A1 19	Good Good +	Fine-ranking in terms of overall sound quality for money, the excessive heat output could be hazardous to your viny! if you're careless	20W MM/MC 4 inputs straight line	BB	This
sical Fidelity B200 19	Very Good Good +	Running cooler than other MFs, the B200 delivered fine musical and dynamic sounds with plenty of power	80W MM/MC 4 line inputs straight line	BB	This
sical Fidelity A100	Good +	This is another one recommended for fine sound with which you could keep your Chinese carry-	50W MM/MC 5 inputs straight line	R	This
39 Isical Fidelity Pre 3/P140	Very Good Very Good	outs warm Delivering true audiophile sound quality well ahead of their price, both components shine in their	70W MM/MC 4 line inputs straight line	R	This
99/£299 sical Fidelity P170	Very Good Very Good	own right Acquitted itself well, later samples showing steadily increasing refinements	85W	R	50
99	Very Good	The MVT pre-amp was "simply a knockout in its class", providing competition for £2000-plus	MM/MC 5 inputs	R	50
sical Fidelity MVT Mk 3 99	Very Good Excellent	amplifier systems			
sical Fidelity P270 199	Very Good Excellent	If the hot-box aspect is not a deterrent, this is something of a bargain. A big amplifier scale of sound which is just a little rough-edged		R	50
sical Fidelity A370 199	Very Good Excellent	Arguably the finest sounding power-amplifier manufactured in the UK	185W	R	50
st TMA3	Very Good	This excellently-constructed, no-frills, dependable amplifier should offer long life with above	35W MM/MC 4 inputs		50
88 D 3020e	Fair Good	average sound quality A liftle light in balance and "weight" but superior to run-of-the-mill budget amplifiers	20W MM/MC 4 inputs	BB	50
10 10 2200	Fair Good + +	Not recommended on grounds of sound quality, but worth serious consideration for its exceptional	100W		44
139	Fair	power output Well built with good load tolerance the NAIT delivered a fully competitive sound in spite of its		R	50
im NAIT 58	Average+ Fair	well built with good load tolerance the WALL delivered a fully competitive sound in spite of its modest measured power output	Tour he must a minite	IV.	JU

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aybe it's just an opinion (we're too modest to suggest otherwise), but during our 10 years here we have been told many times by importers, manufacturers and customers, that we are "The best little shop in the country."

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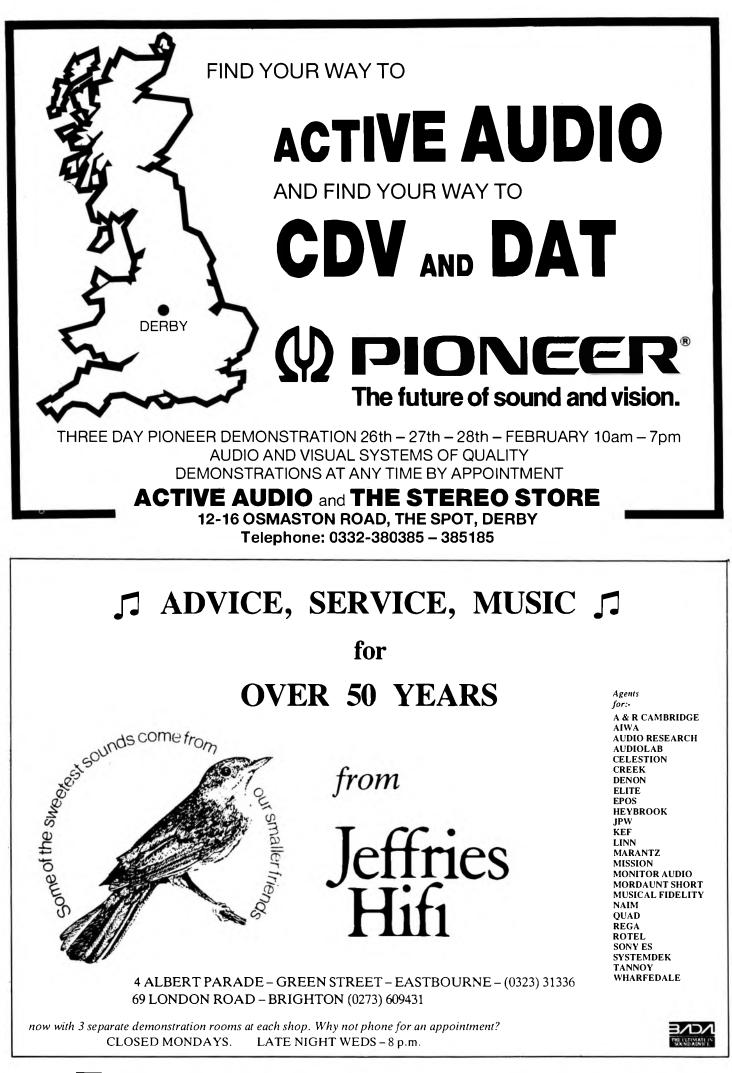
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AMPLIFIERS	LAB	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACK ISSU
PRICE	SOUND			TALUL	FULL REVIEW
laim NAC 32 2425	Very Good Good	A natural partner to the Naim power-amps, with power supply options offering a spread of sound quality at different prices		R	50
laim NAP 250 1966	Very Good Good	Well-matched to the Naim pre-amps, and capable of high quality sound levels over the whole dynamic range	70W	R	50
Nakamichi CA7E/PA7E C2500/£1700	Very good Good/Good +	Exceptional build and finish, plus good general performance, remote control and versatility, but expensive	200W MM/MC 6 line inputs, remote, tone controls		This
Tikko NA700 2189	Good + + Poor	Disappointing sound quality at an above budget price. Inescapably old fashioned	60W MM/MC 4 line inputs tone filters		This
luance 795	Very Good Good	A subtle civilised pre-amp though a little lacking in resolution and detail; suited to some tastes but not top-drawer	4 inputs MC	R	50
Drell SA-040 359	Good Good	This promising newcomer from a brand new company sounded pretty good and should improve as production settles	45W MM/MC, 4 line inputs, straight line	R	This
ereaux SA3 690	Very Good Fair		4 inputs MM/MC		44
erreaux 1850 1990	Very Good Fair		180W		44
hilips FABGO 239	Very Good Fair	Well balanced model from Philips' Japanese factory, with versatility, good build and finish	70W MM/MC 5 line inputs tone controls		This
hilips FA960 289	Very Good Good	Japanese built high quality integrated model with versatile features and plenty of power	110W MM/MC 8 line inputs tone controls		This
ioneer A331	Good + + Fair	A new face for Pioneer, with improved standards of sound quality and value alongside traditional strengths of build and finish	50W MM 4 line inputs tone controls	R	This
Plenitude 2795	Very Good Good +	Rating slightly higher than its Nuance partner, this power amp provided a tight, controlled sound, if somewhat lacking in scale and grace	80W	R	50
PS Audio PS4.5 696	Very Good Good +	Sonically the best pre-amp in its class, but on the bright side, so purchasers should try it with their prospective equipment	MM/MC	R	50
IED A240 CD II 169	Good + Good	Latest 240CD is fine value for CD and has competent MM disc input as well	45W MM 5 line inputs straight line	BB	This
1ed A240 SA II 2219	Good + + Good +	Redesigned 240SA represents a significant allround improvement over its predecessor, and provides a good moving-coil disc input in a competitive price	45W MM/MC 5 line inputs straight line	BB	This
Duad 34 2269	Very Good Fair	This well-built durable pre-amp has useful filtering and above average tone controls but was found lacking in sound quality (viz: detail/dynamics)	4 inputs MM/MC tone controls		44
luad 405 329	Very Good Fair	Not an impressive power amp but easy on the ear if not pushed and very reliable	100W		44
Nuicksilver 21775 pair	Good + Good +	A remarkable valve power amplifier with little to criticise; fast, articulate bass, neutral midrange and open clear top end	60W	R	50
Radford STA25 Renaissance	Good Good +	Offering superb midrange performance if not quite as good at the extremes, the Renaissance valve power amp is a genuine audiophile product	25W	R	50
Revox B250 C1128	Very Good Good		150W MM/MC system/house remote tone controls		This
Robertson Forty Ten	Very Good Good	Here is a neat little power amp (60W) you can fit and forget; it proved most satisfying over long listening sessions	60W		Coll
Rotel RA820A II C125	Good + + Good	This series I version of an established budget favourite delivers the goods sonically and is fine value for money	35W MM 4 line inputs tone controls	BB	This
Rotel RB/RC850 1130/£119	Good + + Good +	Quality separate pre- and power amplifiers at near budget integrated amplifier prices. A notable achievement	60W MM/MC 4 line inputs tone controls	R	This
Rotel RA870BX	Very Good Good +	A powerful blockbuster with solid and well focused sound, gcod versatility and fine load tolerance	85W MM/MC 7 line inputs tone controls	BB	This
Sansui AU-G11X E139	Good + Fair	Tightly controlled if somewhat congested and lightweight, but a reasonable compromise between features and sound quality		R	50
Sansui AU-G30X C199	Good + + Fair	A very competent amp with no glaring faults, performing well with phono and compact disc inputs	4 inputs MM 45W tone controls Hdph	R	50
Sansui B2301 C1880	Very Good Good +	Rating better than the pre-amp and providing generous power output, this amp could not be considered competitive in its price bracket	300W		Coll
Sansui C2301 C2306	Excellent Good	Sansui's flagship pre-amp did not really rate well given its price, but is not short on features	All facilities		Coll
Sony TAF SODES E349	Good + Fair	Not too hot at the price, lacking in bass action, rating poorly on vinyl, and only marginally improving on CD	75W hdph tone controls MM/MC		50
Sony TAF 700ES E500	Good + + Fair	Scoring higher than the 500 but still not offering the sort of standards set by the competition. But many buttons to push	100W MM/MC tone controls		50
Tannoy SR-840 £1713	Very Good Good	A "muscle" power amp, capable of impressive levels into difficult loads while remaining quite subtle and revealing	250W	R	50
Technics SU-500 E100	Average Poor	Technics have something of a knack in creating models which just border on what we regard as the minimum standards for Hi-Fi. This is an example of that	40W MM hdph tone controls		50
Technics SUV55A £200	Very Good Good	A typically well built modern allrounder, with good versatility and sound quality	65W MM/MC 6 line inputs tone controls	R	This
ECONTECTION FOR THE TECHNICS SUV85A	Very Good Good	Similar to '55 but with more power and better sound quality still	110W MM/MC 9 line inputs tone controls	R	This
VTL Minimal £340	Good Good	Providing decent sound quality at the price, this basic pre-amp sounded open and dear in mid and treble		R	50
VTL 50W £1150	Good Good	Rating good on audition and providing complementary characteristics to the minimal pre-amp, these monoblok power amps sounded a little slow and unrevealing	50W 3 inputs	R	50
Yamaha AX-300 £120	Good Fair	A lively and dynamic performer, offering a credible if bright sound at a competitive price	30W hdph tone controls (MM)	R	50
Yamaha AX500 £200	Very Good Good	A well built versatile performer with generous power, decent sound	90W MM/MC 5 line inputs tone, var. loudness	R	This
YBA 2 pre & pwr	Good + +	Superbly finished French audiophile separates, with very good space and transparency, slightly nt soltened bass. Needs extra transformer (£300) for MC cartridges		R	This

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DIRECTORY Loudspeakers

part of a tree, plus a couple of drive units hidden behind a removable grille. Inside the box lurks a simple electrical circuit known as a crossover, which divides the incoming (full range) signal into the right hits for the drivers to handle. Variations on the above formula are specifically identified in the entries. The designer's primary task is to balance the **sensitivity** of the loudspeaker (how found it goes for a given electrical input) against the **bass** extension (how low does it go) for the given box size. After that such subtleties as coloration and dispersion come into the equation.

Careful placement of the loudspeakers within the room is as important as the initial choice of model. For good steree they need to be more or less the same distance from nearby walls, and preferably on similar rigid stands. The listener should be about the same distance from and listening angle to each loudspeaker. The ideal placement depends on the way a particular model has been balanced (not to mention a number of other factors), and cur recommendation is given in the entries.

		very important. The average loudspeaker consists of a smallish enclosure, much of which may have begun life as	for a given electrical input) a extension (how low does it g size. After that such subtleti	o) for the given box	way a particular mod mention a number of recommendation is gi	other factors)	and cur
MODEL Price	LAB Sound	COMMENTS		SIZE Placement	BASS FROM	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
Acoustic Research 8BX £100	Average Average	Spacious and informative sound quality with bass well was much bass to control	under control. Not that there	40 x 25 x 19cm shelf or 50cm stand near wall	88.5dB/W 70Hz		53
Acoustic Research 22BX £160	Average — Average Average	Basically well-engineered with sound "nicely out of the were less enthusiastic	e box". Some of our "ears"	47 x 29 x 22cm shelf or 50cm stand near wall	89.5dB/W 55Hz	R	53
Acoustic Research 35BX	Average	This is quite loud, with some boom and tizz, making it s	uitable for supine	58 x 26 x 27cm free	91.5dB/W		53
£250 Apogee Scintilla	Average — Good	strummers of imaginary guitars perhaps These take-me-to-your-leader speakers gave exceptio	nal transparency and can	space on 40cm stands 145 x 88 x 9cm free	55Hz 79d B/W	R	46/Coll
£4950 A&R Arcam Three	Very Good Average +	achieve excellent results in a true audicphile system Arcam's baby speaker did not delight cur listeners, but	it might do hottor in lass	space on floor 34 x 18 x 23cm close	20Hz 88.5dB/W		53
£150	Average —	expensive systems		to wall at head height	95Hz		
A&R Arcam Two £250	Good Average	Most things to most men this compact is unlikely to dis "ballsy" character though lacking weight a bit	appoint with its lively	38 x 23 x 28cm near wall shelf or 40cm stands	88dB/W 55Hz		53
A&R Arcam One	Geed	Some boxiness in the midrange and fizz in the upper tre	ble prevented this from	47 x 27 x 33cm cpen	88dB/W		46
£349.90 Audiostatic ES200	Average + Average	getting the "R" tag Sounding forward and unbalanced with limited bass pov	var those excelled in	stands, free space 150 x 53 x 23cm low	55Hz 79dB/W		46
£1495	Average +	transparency and detail, and might suit some tastes	YOI, (11656 GAUSHEU III	(10cm) stands away from wall	45Hz		40
Audiostatic ES300 £1995	Average + Good	Marred by similar problems to its cheaper ES200 stable electrostatic was superb in the upper-mid and treble bu		44 x 5 x 93cm free standing	82.5dB/W 30Hz		46
Avance 120	Average +	This unusual "after eighties" locking speaker has the r		42 x 30 x 30cm 30cm	86.5dB/W		53
£279 B&W DM100 i	Average + Gccd +	quite the right seasoning yet This market leader has recently been "improved" – thou	ah thu wining was avoid	from wall on 40cm stands 37 x 22 x 22cm open	60Hz 89dB/W	BB.	46
£119	Average	encugh	En die onglingt was kood	stands near wall	75Hz	DD	40
B&W DM110i	Good +	Another established favourite, it has recently been fimp	aroved', 'aut not yet checked	49 x 26 x 25cm coen stands	89,5dB/W 56Hz	BB*	46
£159 B&W LM1 Mk II	Average + Average +	by us Probably one of the best "micros" ever made, worth cor	nsidering for special	24 x 15.5 x 20cm shelf	86,5dB/W		31
£249	Average	applications (boats or vehicles). Ilpgraded since cur re	view	cr flush mount	80Hz		52
B&W Matrix 1E £595	Very Gccd Gccd +	There was enthusiastic and consistent praise for these "revealing and seductive" midrange	speakers with their	41 x 23 x 32cm free space on 35cm stands	85,5dB/W 50Hz	R	53
BBC LS3/5A	Good +	As a working tool it does its job but as a piece of value	engineering this old-timer	30 x 18.5 x 16cm open	81.5dB/W	R	Coll
£265 Boston A4011	Average + Average	is beginning to look a bit grey-haired Competent performance for size and price but below av	erage relative to the IIK	stands, free space 34 x 21 x 20cm cn	57Hz 88_5dB/W		41
£110 Cestle Clude	Average -	competition A tidy little performer packing punch, but beginning to :	about to eas in the Links of	stands near wall 37 x 21,5 x 22cm open	6.3Hz 89.5dB/W	R	46
Castle Clyde £129	Average + Average	new competition	Show it's age at the light of	space on stands	64Hz	R	40
Castle Durham £179	Average + Average	Listening results were encouraging, well engineered an and a bit weak on bass; still recommended		41 x 21.5 x 25cm near rear wall	89dB/W 67Hz	R	46
Castle Pembroke £269	Good Average +	Comfortably recommended, a sweet smooth sound with engineering-based performance	h good overall balance of	55 x 37.5 x 30.5cm open space on stands	88dB/W 46Hz	R	31
Celestion DL4 (II) £119	Average +	Strong stereo and controlled bass gave BB status, 'shr (Now in untested Mk II form)	II' top end only real criticism.	38 x 21 x 23cm stands	89dB/W 85Hz	BB*	46
Celestion DL6 (II)	Average Average	The control and power sets it well apart from the run-o	f-the-mill. It has since been	near wall 45 x 25 x 25cm cpen	88.5dB/W	R*	46
£149 Celestion DLB (II)	Average + Good	updated An easy speaker to live with that will not 'close up' wi	nen driven laud. (Also	space on stands 50 x 28 x 27cm	60Hz 88dB/W	BB.	46
£199	Good	updated since cur review)		cn stands open space	55Hz		
Celestion SL6S £350	Gocd Good +	A luxury compact speaker that gives a sweet treble so	und with fine musical detail	37.5 x 20 x 27 cm free space on 40cm stands	84dB/W 50Hz	R	46
Celestion SL600	Good	Clearly an exceptional device in terms of design and tr	ansparent sound quality.	37 x 20 x 25 5cm open	83dB/W	R	46
£700 Celestion 6000	Good + + Very Good	An audiophile miniature A genuine fullrange audiophile quality speaker system	- with Star Wars styling to	space on stands Complex, on floor in	55Hz 82.5dB/W	R	Coll
£1470	Very Good	suit a high tech environment	, ,	free space			
Gale 301 £259	Average Average +	Of unusual, distinctive appearance this produced a min lacking depth	red response, being lively but	44 x 23.5 x 22cm on stands quite near wall	86.5dB/W 63Hz		46
Gale GS402	Average+	Clean but rich and powerful bass; stereo focus was no	t a strong point, but it is worth	61 x 35.5 x 28cm cn	88dB/W		46
£599 Goodmans Maxim Two	Average + Average +	considering More wham-bam-thankyou-mam sound that imitates r	nuch bigger speakers when vou	matching stands near wa 26 x 17 x 19cm near	11 48Hz 86dB/W	BB	53
£80	Average	let these babies yell. (A well-controlled yell)		wall on shelf or stand	85Hz		
Goodmans Point 3 £90	Average + Average —	Recommended as good value for money, but our listen your ears should judge for themselves	ers' differing opinions mean	47 x 25 x 20cm shelf/ high stand near wall	90dB/W 80Hz	R	53
Goodmans Point 7	Average +	Basically competent performance-mix and a lot of spe	aker for the money, but a	69 x 33 x 26cm free	89dB/W		53
£170 Harbeth HL Mk 4	Average Good +	certain lack of refinement nonetheless Recommended for the good results at its price, and on	ly mildly criticised for heavy	space on 35cm stand 64 x 33 x 30cm free	47Hz 89dB/W	R	53
£475	Good+	bass and a mild 'chestiness'	cound and fine transient	space cn 46cm stand 47 x 29 x 23cm	40Hz 88dB/W	R	46
Heybrook HB1 £169	Good Average +	No longer an over-bright character, a strikingly clear s performance now merits recommendation		on stands near wall	61Hz	Π	
Heybrook HB2R	Average +	Criticism of the mid and treble balance made this dyna	amic model less attractive on	41 x 23 x 23cm on stands, tilted, near wall	88dB/W 61Hz		46
£269 Infinity Reference Standard IIB	Average Average +	listening test than was hoped Sonically easy to live with, these had areas of truly gr	eat performance, but were	160 x 57 x 30cm free	90dB/W 25Hz	R	46/Coll
£3850 JBL TLX-3 GI	Good+ Average	complicated by many controls Lively and punchy but also untidy this little speaker m	ay have deviated from the	space on low stands 38 x 25.5 x 22cm free	87dB/W		46
£130	Average —	Hi-Fi standard but cannot be summarily dismissed		space on stands	55Hz		

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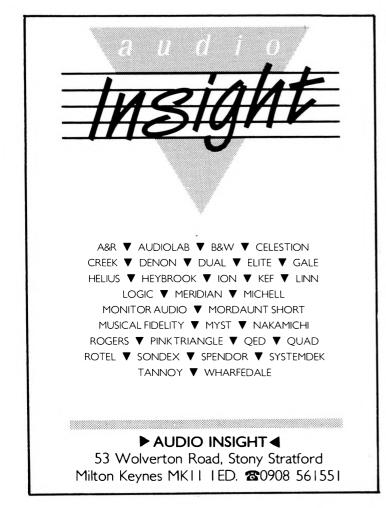
surprisingly good for a tube power amp." Stereophile, U.S.A. September 87.

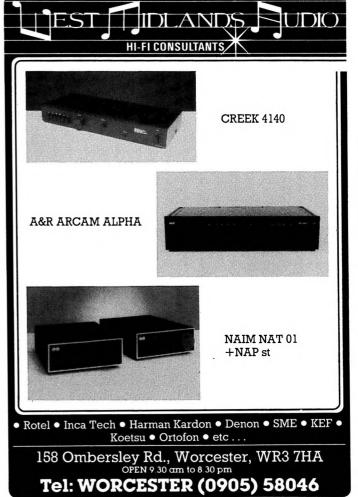


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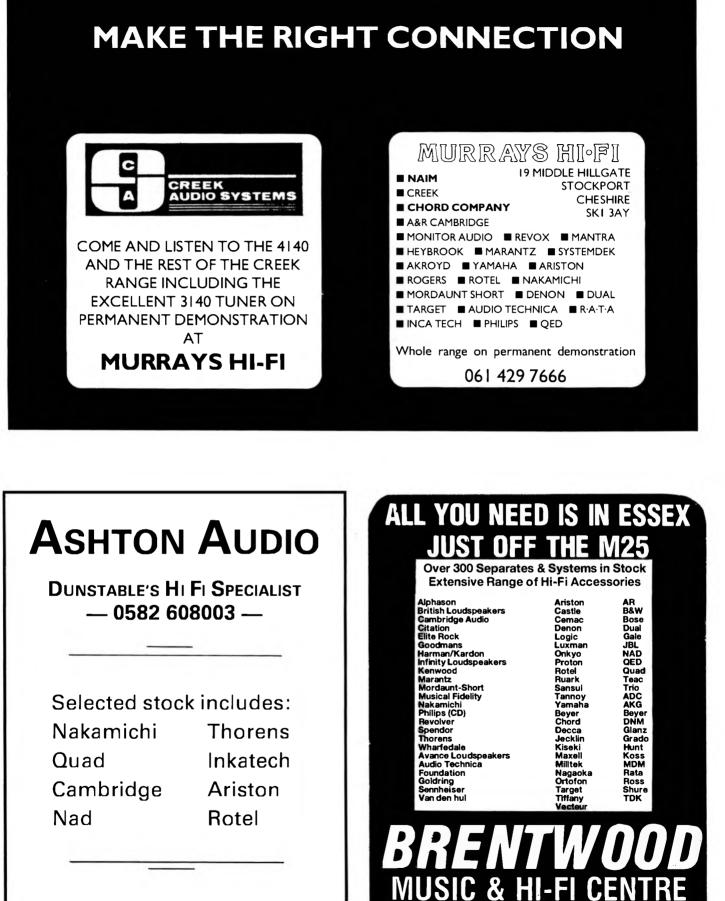
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OUDSPEAKERS Model Price	SOUND	COMMENTS	SIZE PLACEMENT	BASS FROM		BACKISSUI
ILL 601 370	Good+ Good	Well balanced and offering realistic value for money, the fine treble and extended bass make it suitable for larger rooms	78 x 30.5 x 26.5cm low stands or floor	88dB/W 40Hz	R	46
BL 18Ti	Gccd+	Beautifully engineered, well finished miniature with many good points, but	34 x 24 x 22_5cm 50cm	85.5dB/W		46
559 I l 250t i	Gccd Gccd+	unexceptional overall. Try the cheaper L201 In general this speaker did not show the required level of dynamic presentation	from wall on rigid stands 132 × 57 × 36cm free	53Hz 89dB/W		46
3300	Gccd+	transparency and stareo depth expected of a price y flagship model	space on floor	53Hz	חח	
W AP2 145	Good Average +	Few grounds for criticism but purchasers should check out the treble qualities to avoid hammering the ear anvils	46 x 26 x 25cm 40cm from wall on 45cm stands	E9dB/W €5Hz	BB	53
W AP3 210	Good Average +	Pretty good stereo and well balanced overall it had its own character which is well	52 x 25 x 29 5cm near wall on stands	90dB/W 57Hz	R	46
75 Quintet	Pccr	suited to vinyl replay Poor stereo focus with up to 3dB channel difference, coloration, boom, "sting"	46 × 19 × 19cm cicse	EEdB/W		53
00 F C10	Pccr Gccd	and the grille rattled. Listening panelists gave this a pccr reception	tc wall head he ght 30 x 20 5 x 17,5cm	55Hz & 7.5dB/W		46
34	Average—		stand near wall	75Hz		
E F C 4 0 209	Average+ Average—	Criticisms were made of a lack of Fne detail and loss of depth and transparency, but it could handle power well	65 x 24_5 x 26_5cm free space on stands	90dB/W 55Hz		46
EF 103/3	Gccd+	Technically impressive, excellent bass/power handling for size, but not for the	56 x 27 x 30cm	90-95dB/W		53
530 F 104/2 (inc KUBE equaliser)	Good Very Good	audiophile system. Better among cheaper components, and good in a large room A reference point for dynamics, preferred without KUBE, suited to many rooms	supplied stands free space 90 x 28 x 41_5cm floor	35Hz 92dB/W	R	53
300 (£900)	Good + +	Good stereo, high sound levels	standing in free space	50Hz	N.	
E F 107 1890	Very Good Good +	A welcome sense of ease and lack of strain at most normal levels. Minor criticisms included a dulling in the extreme treble. Excellent bass extension	116.5 x 33 x 45cm on floor in free space	87.5dB/W 20Hz	R	Coll
nn Kan	Average—	The acid test of "blind listening" may dissolve the Kan's high status with strong	30.5 x 19 x 16.5cm back	85dB/W		41
271,95 nn Isobarik	Average — Good	criticism, but the answer, as always, is: "suck it and see" Exceptional capabilities in the dynamic range and bass performance; demands	to rear wall on rigid stands 76 x 33 x 41.5cm low	שט וו ע	R	Coll II
1568 agneplanar SMGa	Good + + Average -	Serious consideration as a state of the art contender, but odd stereo Tonally 'rich', in the right room it proved a satisfactory musical experience	stands against rear wall 122 x 48 x 4.5cm on	85dB/W		46
597	Average		foor clear of wall	56Hz		
agneplanar MGIIIa 2750	Good Very Good	Another excellent true-audicphile boudspeaker this American panel speaker helps to convey much of the original character of the music	180 × 62 × 38cm well clear of walls	84-866B/W 35Hz		46
arantz LD20 DMS	Average	Recommended more for CD users than vinyl keepers, soundly engineered and built	36 x 23 x 24cm free	86.5dB/W		53
30 eridian M30	Average Average+	but should be heard before tought Pricey but easy on the ears and worth considering especially where space is at a	space on 45cm stands 38.5 x 18 x 32cm free	55Hz Active		46
725	Average	premium	space on stands	40Hz		
ission 70 II 109	Gccd Average	Lively and transparent, the 70 II was favoured for its speed, though the sound had a mildly 'thin' tonal balance	35 x 21 x 21 cms cn stands or shelf near wall	89dB/W 68Hz	BB	46
ssion 700LE	Gccd	Mission re-submitted this popular model and again got a positive review - which	38 x 21 x 21cm straight	89dB/W	R	53
39 ssion 737	Average Average +	proclaims their (and cur) consistency To its credit the 737 was generally articulate and well integrated but sterec was	ahead stand near wall 54 x 25 x 27.5cm lcw	66Hz 89 5dB/W		46
249	Average	poor and it could sound loud and hard	stands near wall	58Hz	D	
ission Argonaut 700	Good Good	Perhaps not the most subtle or sweet these were recommended for their excitement. drama, power handling and good looks	95 x 23 x 31cms floor- standing near wall	91dB/W 40Hz	R	53
onitor Audio R100	Average +	Tonally quite neutral, but with small box character, negligible low bass and a rather	40.5 x 25 x 21cm free	87.5dB/W		46
130 onitor Audio R252	Average — Average +	'hard' midrange Rating well for its price this model displayed a rather rough top end and a generally	space on stands 47 x 25 x 24cm stands	70Hz E9dB/W	R	46
50	Average	dry character heiped by good detail and focus Well-built and finished, 'sensitive' speaker which is easy to drive and capable of	quite near rear wall 64 x 25 x 32cm on	62Hz	R	46
onitor Audio R352 150	Good Average	extracting good results from any good amplifier	stands in free space	90dB/W 50Hz		
onitor Audio R700 MD	Average+	Lively and involving with good, punchy, if rolled off bass. The metal dome speaker gives a clean and open treble	32 x 21.5 x 25cm on stands 0.4m from wall	87.5dB/W 62Hz	R	46
269 onitor Audio R352MD	Average+ Good	Better suited to CD than vinyl perhaps, this is clearly good value for money. But some	64 x 25 x 32cm 25cm	89dB/W	R	53
280 onitor Audio R652 MD	Average+ Average	found it coarse while others praised its cleanliness Mild bass and crossover weaknesses were criticised, but the sound was quite well	stands in free space 51 x 20 x 26cm free	42Hz 86_5dB/W		53
369	Average+	liked and it is decently built	space on 40cm stands	45Hz		
ordaunt Short MS10 II 30	Average Average—	One of the best miniatures around. A borderline Best Buy because of the bass limitations, which may depend on your taste	29 x 20 x 17cm wall bracket	86dB/W 75Hz	BB	53
ordaunt Short MS100	Average +	A mid 'forward' tonal balance is main drawback but other aspects such as ambience,	32.5 x 22.5 x 21.5cm	85dB/W	R	46
179 ordaunt Short 45Ti	Average + Good	transparency and stereo depth compensate A sensitive tandem-bass number that can be driven loud but loses its balance a bit	stands near wall 63 x 26 x 30cm low	80Hz 90.5dB/W		53
20	Average	and can be unsubtle	(20cm) stand near wall	52Hz		
ordaunt Short MS300 109	Average + Average +	Not considered particularly competitive in its class, though it has good power handling and stereo focus	54 x 22.5 x 25cm on stands near wall	89dB/W 65Hz		46
ordaunt Short 442	Good+	A resounding success with the listening panels. Make sure your room can	95 x 26 x 38cm floor	87.5dB/W	R	53
150 Iad ESL-63	Good++ Good+	accommodate the bass With its unusual but subtle characteristics this classic electrostatic may not be	standing in free space 92 x 66 x 27cm open	40Hz 84dB/W	R	46
1458	Good + +	punchy in the bass, but has strengths that some cannot live without	stand well clear of wall 36 x 23 x 22cm on	34Hz 86.5dB/W	R	46
gers LS2 70	Good Average +	A coherent and polite speaker considered more suited to classical music. Tonally well balanced, neutral and with good power handling	stands near wall	51Hz		
gers LS6 240	Good+ Good	Sonically fitting in between the LS2 and 7, the 6 was a consistent success on audition – well balanced with an open and informative nature	51 x 27 x 28cm open stands, free space	87.5dB/W 50Hz	BB	46
igers LS7t	Good+	A fine combination of classic qualities at reasonable price produces the "R" tag,	56 x 27 x 28cm free	88 5dB/W	R	53
60 Iksan Darius	Good + Average	but try to get a pair home on approval to check for bass 'heaviness' A controversial speaker which when set up right can deliver impressive performance,	space cn 40cm stands 98 x 31 x 51 cm integral	48Hz 88dB/W		53
150	Poor/Very Good	but with a far from neutral balance	stands near side walls	50Hz	00	
otel RL850 II 120	Average+ Average	Strongly recommended Well-balanced, clear, with decent focus and fine stereo, but tendency to 'heaviness' needs decent stands and space	44 x 25 x 24cm free space on 40cm stands	86_5dB/W 50Hz	BB	53
Dyd A711	Average +	Lively clear sound; good upper bass and dynamics, but treble "ramp" made vocals	31 x 20 x 17cm shelf	86dB/W		53
	Average	sound shut in. Try before you buy	or 50cm stands near wall	75Hz	-	10
ģ		Receiving mixed reactions on audition, the A25 is flawed but offers a lot of speaker	51 x 29.5 x 24cm,	87dB/W	R	46
	Average + Average —	Receiving mixed reactions on audition, the A25 is flawed but offers a lot of speaker for the money An obvious Best Buy at its highly competitive price point, it can do justice to a good	51 x 29.5 x 24cm, stands near wall 40 x 25 x 20cm, 40cm	87dB/W 52Hz 87dB/W	R BB	46 53

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MODEL	LAB	COMMENTS	SIZE	SENSITIVITY	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
PRICE	SOUND 💻		PLACEMENT	BASS FROM		FULL REVIEW
Spendor Prelude II	Good +	Good clarity and detail were evident everywhere in this speaker. Though a little boxy	50 x 26 x 28cm open	88dB/W	K*	46
E320	Good	or muddy in the midrange it is strongly Recommended	stands in free space	52Hz		
Spendor SP2	Very Good	Conceding little to the SP1, this 30 litre model displayed good tonal balance with a	50 x 25 x 30cm free	87dB/W	R	46/Coll
E420	Good +	highly articulate midrange, only slightly marred at frequency extremes	space, stands	45Hz		
Spendor SP1	Very Good	A very subtle and musical performer that works particularly well with digital	63.5 x 29.5 x 30.5cm	87dB/W	R	46/Coll
E640	Good	material. An exceptional allrounder	stands in open space	41Hz		
Spendor SA3 Passive	_	Same as Spendor SA3 active	85 x 38 x 46cm low	89dB/W	R	46
E1320	Good+			32Hz		
Spendor SA3 Active	Good+	Substantial speakers designed to deliver high sound levels and killer bass. Suited	85 x 38 x 46cm low	89dB/W	R	46
£2308	Very Good	to larger rooms and power hungry ears	rigid stands in free space	32Hz		
Spica TC-50	Average +	These American wedge-shaped-cabinet speakers just merit recommendation at their	40 x 33 x 28cm free	85dB/W	R	53
6595	Good	price and were detailed and clear	space on 50-60cm stands	48Hz		
lannoy Westminster	n/a	These awesome horn loaded speakers are remarkably controlled and impressive, if	Huge, flat against rear	96dB/W	R	Coll
E3300	Good +	only suited to a few pockets and rooms	wall, away from corners	(manuf.)		
Technics SBC 250EK	Average +	Despite a fairly even tonal balance, the 250EK sounded muddled in the midrange and	36.5 x 23.5 x 20.5cm	86dB/W		46
E130	Average —	dull in character	free space, stands	60Hz		
Technics SB-RX50	Very Good	With its unique coaxial drive unit the RX50 proved a smooth and well balanced	48 x 30 x 26cm free	86dB/W	R	46
£500	Average +	loudspeaker, its minor weakness being a mildly excessive low bass	space on 40cm stands	40Hz		
Wharfedale 504	Average +	Acquitting itself well on audition, the 504 produced a clear, reasonably balanced	21 x 18 5 x 20cm	85dB/W	R	46
£139	Average	sound with above average treble	stands, near wall	75Hz		
Wharfedale Deita 50	Average +	Given the price this was a mild disappointment – there is nothing obviously wrong	48 x 27 x 19cm near	88dB/W		53
E130	Average —	but it just seemed a bit mundane	wall on 40cm stands	55Hz		
Wharfedale Super Diamond	Average	Although there are improvements on the basic "legendary" model, listening panelists	24 x 19 x 19cm close to	88dB/W		53
£140	Average —	did not get airborne about this upgrade	wall at head height	57Hz		
Yamaha NS 1000M	Good	Living up to its monitor label, and tonally well suited to digital material, the	67.5 x 37.5 x 32.5cm	90dB/W	R	46
£900	Good +	NS 1000M is superbly crafted and capable of high levels	30cm from wall, stands	40Hz		

TUNERS

The radio medium operates at a much lower profile than TV, but in areas outside pop music the BBC service is the envy of the world. Live Prom concerts can rival all other sources from a hi-fi perspective Only the FM (VHF) bands give stere oh i-fi sound, though AM (MW & LW) are useful for receiving certain transmissions in the UK.

often selected merely to match a chosen amplifier cosmetically. However, the task they carry out is far from simple (or cheap), combining the skills of RF (reception) and audio (signal processing) engineering. The importance of the former will depend on local reception conditions, but money invested in a high quality outside aerial system is Tuners come in two basic types. Analogue models tune gradually (and usually manually) across the bands, and can have analogue or digital displays; they are often preferred for sound quality, and are certainly best for AM bands. Digital tuners offer convenient automatic tune facilities and hold many station positions in pre-set memories.

PRICE	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
A&R Arcam Alpha £149	Good Average + +	Attractively classic British analogue tuner with sound quality comfortably better than most	FM/AM Analogue	BB	50
A&R Arcam Delta £270	Very Good Very Good	Hi-fi sound on FM, good on AM, a dependable British all-rounder	6AM, 6FM presets. FM/MW. LW display manual tune	BB	55
Creek CAS3140 £150	Very Good Good +	A true front-rank tuner, excellent ergonomics and audiophile sound quality albeit with the minor handicap of having FM only	FM only	BB	50
Denon TU 450L £130	Average+ Average+	Poor AM sound quality may be a deterrent but the FM performance fully merits recommendation	FM/AM Digital	R	50
Harman Kardon TU920 £299	Good Average	Rather weak sound quality for the price despite good lab test results	16 presets, AM/FM, digital auto scan, active tracking		55
Harman Kardon TU915 £325	Good Good	This gave good FM performance but was thought "wretched" on AM. (Psst, you don't necessarily buy a tuner for the AM.)	FM/AM 16 presets auto seek		50
Hitachi FT-MD 5500 £230	Excellent Good + +	A powerful, good sounding tuner with versatile facilities	16 presets, FM, AM, MW auto scan digital, signal meter	BB	55
Hitachi FT5500 II £230	Very Good Good +	Soundwise highly rated on FM, and on AM basically satisfactory – a versatile all-rounder	Auto and manual tuning 16 presets	R	44
JVC FX-1100 £355	Good+ Average+	A sophisticated model with 40 (!) AM/FM presets although the sound was unexceptional at this price level	Multi function computer, signal meter, digital auto tune		55
Marantz ST35L £160	Good+ Average—	It works well enough but the sound could be better for the money	16 presets, AM/FM, digital auto scan, active tracking		55
Meridian 204 £495	Good + Good	Pleasant sounding with a fine finish but does not make the grade at this price	FM only, auto scan, digital, remote, clock timer		55
Mission Cyrus £180	Average Good +	Best Buy material on sound quality but radio frequency performance let it down	FM/AM auto seek tuning	R	50
Musical Fidelity Tl £300	Good + Very Good	Top class FM stereo sound on good signal strengths from this audiophile model. Watch out for local CB*	FM only, analogue box dial, manual tune, signal meter	R	55
NAD 4020B £139	Good Average+	Not the quietest or most sensitive tuner tested, it still provided good sound for the money, being "musical and ambient"	Analogue FM/AM	BB	50
Naim NAT 01 £1098	Very Good Very Good	There may be better sounding tuners in the world, but we have yet to hear one	No presets. Two box, flywheel tuning FM only, Analogue	R	50
Nakamichi ST-7E £750	Good + + Good +	Exceptionally good for weak-signal areas, and good all round	16 AM/FM presets, Schotz enhanced sensitivity, auto time digital		55
Nikko NT-540 £154	Good Average	Lab report was promising but the sound was rather dated	8 presets, AM/FM, digital auto scan		55
Onix B.W.D.1 £520	Good + + Good	Unexceptional sound despite the costly power supply option	FM only, manual digital, variable bandwidth		55
Pioneer F551L £100	Good + Good +	High value budget tuner, very little to argue about (includes long wave)	12 FM, 12 AM presets, auto scan, digital and signal strength meter	BB	55
Quad FM4 £289	Very Good Good +	Fine sound, excellent ease of use, good build and finish and a more than satisfactory technical performance	7 presets. Digital	R	50
Revox B261 £1174	Excellent Good+	A sophisticated and well-executed example of modern broadcast design; could be the logical choice for the deep-pocketed radio enthusiast	FM only, twin headphones. 20 presets	R	50
Rotel RT-830L £110	Good + Good	Fine sounding budget audiophile material, no frills, no fuss	Manual dial analogue, FM, MW, LW	BB	55

HI-FI CHOICF



CD PLAYERS TUNERS

DIRECTORY

PRICE	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
Rotel RT-850L £150	Good+ Good+	Scoring well on listening tests and one of the best sounding tuners at its price level, it was a bit let down on AM but RF performance was good	FM/AM, digital	BB	50
Sansui TU-D99XL £249	Very Good Good+	This slimline compact model gave good FM sound quality and strong RF performance. But the AM sounded unpleasant	FM/AM, 16 presets	R	50
Sony ST 500ES £200	Good + + Average —	Disappointing sound quality but good lab performance. (Includes long wave)	10 AM/FM presets, auto scan digital		55
Sony ST-S 700ES £299	Very Good Very Good	First class in every respect including FM sound quality Even AM was well above average	FM/AM, 10 presets, digital scan	BB	50
Tandberg 3001 £1295	Excellent — Good	An enthusiast dx model, versatile performance and generally good sound; excellent build	8 presets, FM only, analogue, manual dial, var. bandwidth, signal meter		55
Technics ST-500L £100	Average+ Average+	Fine RF performance and fair FM sound at bargain price = Recommended tag. Alas the AM sounded as if it was coming "down a long furry tunnel"	FM/AM 16 station presets, scan	R	50
Technics STG45AL £140	Good + Good	Good sound on FM, weak AM but clever facilities and a good lab test	16 FM presets or 8 FM/8 MW-LW, digital auto scan, auto memory	R	55
Technics ST-G7 £400	Very Good Good +	Muffled AM, but fine stereo FM quality and well built	16 presets, digital	R	50
Yamaha TX-1400 £130	Good + + Good +	Good FM sound, let down by poor AM but otherwise good value	16 presets, auto scan, digital, FM, MW, LW	BB	55
Yamaha TX-500 £150	Average + Average	Under a gaudy coat, this sensitive tuner gave reasonable stereo results. However, the AM had again been thrown down a well	20 presets (10 buttons) digital		50

CD PLAYERS

This new all-digital music source seems set fair to becoming properly established, despite still high disc prices and the opposition of many hi-fi enthusiasts. Compact Disc's strengths over conventional vinyl are complete freedom from surface noise with automatic and programmable play, plus track skip and fast music scan – frequently under full remote control. However, many vinyl enthusiasts find CD's sound less involving than top quality vinyl replay. Introduced five years ago at around £500, CD

Introduced five years ago at around 5200, CD players now average half that price, and for the main offer improved performance besides. Even cheaper players may have the latest decoding chips and the most useful play features; extra money can buy remote control, audio 'tweaks', plus improved build and component quality control. Compared with many hi-fi components, CD players give impressive lab performance, though there are differences between players nonetheless. Sound quality variations are even more marked, particularly in a good quality system. As it behaves

very like a pre-amp, there are no problems

connecting a player to a normal amplifier.

MODEL Price	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACKISSU
Acoustic Research CD-04	Good	Stylish but basic player, based on Philips 14-bit 4 × oversampling with respectable sound	Remote Control, headphones	R	51
£290	Average +	tweaks and remote control	Remote control, neauphones	IV.	51
ADC CO-250X	Good +	Well made and engineered, and above average soundwise; trumpets could sound 'thin' though	Skip and search, manual, repeat and	R	53
£230	Average	violins were liked so it may prefer Stephan Grappelli to Miles Davis	16-track programming	N	55
Aiwa DX-500	Average-	Adequate build quality and reasonable features, but this unit did not do very well in the lab and	No remote control or headphone socket.		53
£179	Average —	was sonically a disappointing experience	but scan, skip, search etc		55
Akai CD-A70	Average	A full feature 16 bit 2 × oversampling remote control player with fine presentation and finish	Full width rapid access, keypad		51
£299	Average	and a pleasantly laid back sound quality	programming, remote control		51
Cambridge Audio COI	Good +	Advanced design and circuitry give this top class two-box machine exceptional performance,	No headphones, seven audio filters,	R	Coll
£1500	Excellent	so the intrinsic qualities of CD, (eg. silent surfaces), make themselves felt	skip and scan	n	000
Denon OCD 300		Unspectacular all round competence with remote control can't be bad at the price	Skip, remote control, headphones	BB	51
£210	Average + Average +		Skip, remote control, neadphones		
Oenon DCD 1700	Good+	The overall sound was strong and coherent approaching reference standards. Fine build quality	Remote, skip, scan, headphones,	R	51
£650	Good + +	and facilities make this a firm contender	programmable		
Denon DCD-3300	Good + +	Sounding fight and coherent though not significantly better than the cheaper 1700. Very well	Remote control, with volume, keypad		51
£1200	Good + +	built and comprehensively equipped	programme, scan, search, headphones		51
Goodmans GCD-500S	Average —	User-friendly but flimsy build quality and second class sonics make this poor value even at	Audible scan and track skip,		51/45
£160	Average —	the price	programming		
Harman Kardon HD100	Average	With a mixed subjective performance this well built player failed to make the grade in its price	Skip and scan, programmable		51
£399	Average —	class			
Hitachi DA-7000	Good	Generally competent, especially considering the price, this was well built and styled if lacking	Memory and repeat, plus the basics	BB	53
£180	Average	in some facilities – a good budget starter			
Hitachi DA007	Average	Unusually fitted with wooden end cheeks and comprehensively kitted out, but only average	Full remote control, adjustable		51
£300	Average	in sound quality	head phone output keypad programming		
JVC XL-V1100	Average +	A substantial and very well built flagship model with 16 bit 4 x oversampling, though sound	Full remote, headphones, scan, skip,		51
£659	Average +	quality was disappointing at the price	intro-scan		
Kenwood DP990D	Average+	A good all-round package, just deserving recommendation, but comparable sound quality can	Headphones, remote control, (manual	R	51
£299	Average	be found more cheaply elsewhere	overide)		
Luxman D-100	Average	Sparsely equipped with a slightly old fashioned sonic character, offering little but physical	Remote control, skip, scan,		51
£449	Average —	weight for a quite high price	headphones (variable)		
Marantz CD273	Good	An ambitious machine at the price, offering pretty good sound quality but a slightly below	Skip, scan, programmable	BB	51
£199	Good	average build standard			
Marantz CD873	Good	Putting many 'audiophile CD's to shame in terms of sound quality this proved another winner,	No remote control, but the usual skip,	BB	53
£240	Good + +	though there was slight criticism of control accessibility at times	scan etc		
Marantz CD-273SE	Good +	The Euro-tweaked version of the standard 273, this model fulfills pretentions to audiophile	Manual control, skip and scan (audible),	BB	51
£240	Good+	standards at a budget price	20 track programming, repeat		
Marantz CD65	Average+	Comfortably above average sound quality, this best selling model still represents good value	Search and programme, manual	BB	51
£250	Good	for money	control		
Marantz CD75	Good +	It delivers a sound quality that can rival machines twice the price even though it may lack some	Remote control, search,	BB	51/Coll
£300	Good + +	luxury touches	programmable		
Marantz CD94	Good++	Clearly the best Marantz CD player, with high build quality and good objective and subjective	10 digit keypad, headphones,	R	51
£800	Very Good	per formance	favourite track selection, remote		-
Mission PCM7000	Good	Stylish with a large informative LCD display this deserves recommendation on the basis of	Remote volume control, digital	R	51/Coll
£600	Good + +	sound quality alone	filtering		
Nakamichi OMS-3E	Good	Superbly built and presented this expensive machine was a bit of a "stuffed shirt" when it	Remote control, skip and scan,		51
£995	Good+	came to sound quality	headphones		

	LAB CC	IMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACK
Nakamichi OMS-4E £1200	Very Good Very Good	Solidly controlled and comparatively simple this clearly represents one of the major benchmarks for CD sound quality, though the midrange sounded a touch thin	Skip and scan, headphones	R	51
Nakamichi OMS-5EII	Good +	delivers near state of the art performance and build quality in a deliberately starkly	Skip and scan, simple track		51
£1500	Very Good	functional package, but at a very high price"	programming, manual control		
Nakamichi OMS-7Ell E2000	Good+ Good+	The only serious criticism here is of the price. And in our not always humble opinion you can get better sound quality for less elsewhere in Nakamichi's range	10 digit track entry keypad programming, headphones		51
Philips CD 160	Good	A little tinny in construction and "plasticky" in feel, this popular model rated well on sound	Skip. (20 track) programming.	BB	51
£200	Average +	quality despite its budget price	repeat/display	00	51
Philips CD360	Good +	Fine lab performance and exceptional listening test results, plus the 200 disc favourite track	Remote control, favourite track	BB	51
£250	Good +	selection makes this modestly priced unit a Best Buy	selection, skip		
Philips CD473	Good	In the forefront as regards sound quality, this is one of the best sounding Philips players yet;	Favourite track selection, remote	BB	53
£250 Philips CD960	Good + Good + +	we were unable to catch it out on classical through lazz program Simple to use with exemplary lab performance, this showed no sign of weakness while sound	control with volume, headphones etc Full remote control, favourite track	R	51/Coll
£700	Good + +	quality improvements over mainstream models more or less justify the price	selection, etc	R	J1/001
Pioneer PD-6050	Good	Much liked on Jazz and rock program this was highly rated in terms of value for money. The	Everything but a digital out socket	BB	53
£230	Average +	midrange sounded a little forward and thin though	and remote volume control		
Pioneer PD-M70	Average	A remarkable catalogue of features justify the price. Soundwise it rated just above average	Remote control, 6-disc autochanger,		51
£399	Average	overall	8 programme memory, headphones etc		
Revox B226 £756.70	Good + Good	The traditional Revox house style is combined with the fine Philips 16 bit chip set, but this shows desself early offer could available to match the grine.	Infra-red remote control, full search,		51/Coll
Sanyo CP17	Average —	player doesn't really offer sound quality to match the price A no-frills midi-sized package, this was not up to the usual Sanyo sonic or technical standards	scan, programming Skip, search, repeat, 16-track		53
£200	Average —	but it was well built	memory, programmable		12
Sharp OX-R700H	Average —	A workmanlike player that does not offer examplary lab or sound quality but which is well-built	Remote control, track selection key-	_	53
£249	Average-	with good facilities and should perform well in use	pad, skip, scan repeat programming		
Shure Ultra D6000	Average +	Ergonomically well thought out with full function remote control, but not really scoring sonically	Remote control (full function inc		51
£495	Average +	considering its price	volume)		51/0 II
Sonographe SO1 (by CJ) £799	Good Very Good	Distinctive with oak end-cheeks, using Philips based 14 bit x 4 oversampling, Conrad Johnson electronics make this a musically rewarding player	Full search programme and timing	R	51/Coll
Sony CDP-M20	Average +	Keeping pace with improvements in the marketplace, it combines decent performance with	20 track programme, skip and scan,	R	51
£179	Average	good build and is competitively priced	repeat and random play	N.	01
Sony D30	Average —	At 50p per hour to run, the sound quality is poor compared to mains machines although	LCD display, skip, shuffle, and		51
£230	Poor	reasonably competent overall for a Discman	repeat, "in-ear" headphones		
Sony CDP - 310 £250	Average + +	Fine build, facilities and healthy enough sound quality – recommended, but look around the	Remote control (+ usual)	R	51
Sony COP-M50	Average Good +	range Fine build quality, good technical performance and extravagant features make this a very	Shuffle, skip, search, remote	R	53
£269	Average +	competitive package	headphones	N	10
Sony COP 710	Good +	One of the outstanding contenders in our 1987 edition. The build was cool; the sound was hot	Remote control, 20 digit direct entry	BB	51
£299	Good + +		keypad, etc		
Sony D100	Äverage	The best all round portable tested, but also the most expensive, and still no substitute for a	Skip, repeat, 21 track programming,		51
£300	Average —	conventional player	headphones, LCD display	D	71
Sony CDP-222ES £449	Good Average +	Exceptional build quality and presentation plus respectably good sound quality merits the "R", but some of its kin were preferred	Remote control, 20 digit keypad, track access, programming	R	51
Sony COP 555es	Very Good	Extravagant build quality, sophisticated features and near state-of-the-art performance, it	Remote control, 20 digit keypad,	R	51
£1000	Very Good	competes effectively with more expensive models	trackaccess, programming	N.	51
Technics SL-P 111	Good	An above average sound quality at a well below average price, but this is only most things to	Skip, audible scan, programme	BB	51
£179	Average	mostmen	repeat, preset edit play	-	
Technics SL-P220	Average + +	Sound quality keeps this out of the top ranks but the facilities (wow) and fine technical	Everything except a digital out socket,	R	53
£229	Average	performance will make it hard to resist for some A contender for the "World's smallest" title, this beautifully crafted miniature falls short in	which is no great loss to most Headphones, "high cut" filter, skip,		51
Technics SL-XP5 £250	Average — Poor	A contender for the "World's smallest" title, this beautifully cratted miniature fails short in terms of sound quality	Headphones, "high cut" tilter, skip, search		21
Technics SL-P520	Good +	With features and facilities to satisfy the most eager button pusher, this also produced decent	High/Low scan ratios, headphones,	R	51
£350	Average +	sound quality	memory, programming and more		
Technics SLP 720	Good + +	More buttons for sonic pilots - this was the most sonically super of the top Technics models	Search dial cueing, high scan speed	R	51
£400	Good +		optics, disc menu, programming		51
Techniec CL D1200	Cood I	Looking more like a deck work station than a stackable component, this will appeal to the	Haadahaaaa romoto control coarch		51

Technics SL-XP5	Average-	A contender for the "World's smallest" title, this beautifully crafted miniature falls short in	Headphones, "high cut" filter, skip,		51
£250	Poor	terms of sound quality	search		
Technics SL-P520	Good +	With features and facilities to satisfy the most eager button pusher, this also produced decent	High/Low scan ratios, headphones,	R	51
£350	Average +	sound quality	memory, programming and more		
Technics SLP 720	Good + +	More buttons for sonic pilots – this was the most sonically super of the top Technics models	Search dial cueing, high scan speed	R	51
£400	Good +		optics, disc menu, programming		
Technics SL-P1200	Good++	Looking more like a desk work station than a stackable component, this will appeal to the	Headphones, remote control, search		51
£800	Good +	creative recordist and semi pro user. Sounded pretty good	dial cueing, etc		
Yamaha CD-X5	Average +	Good build quality, respectable lab performance, and decent enough sound delivery for your	Skip, scan, manual only, etc	R	51
£180	Average	money			
Yamaha CDX-900	Good	A real button bristler with extensive facilities; well built, but sound quality might suggest a	Programme calendar, remote control,		51
£450	Average +	lower price	26 key direct track entry		
Yamaha COX-1100	Good+	A pearly king might like the button overkill here yet despite exceptional lab performance,	Volume handset, random play, space		51

ASSE DECKS F

Average +

The bad odour of copyright theft hangs around the compact cassette, but there is no doubt it is the world's most versatile and ubiquitous music storage medium. Hi-fi buffs may wrinkle their noses pointedly, but are still happy to use cassette decks to make up tapes for the car or personal – at the same time complaining loudly about the quality of pre-recorded material. (In fact the very best decks can do a surprisingly good job with musicassettes see Comments.)

listeners were not unduly impressed. It's worth considering

There is no problem in connecting a cassette deck to any normal amplifier, but some care needs to be taken in choosing the best tapes for a specific machine. (Trial and error is one effective technique, but many decks have manual bias adjustment and some match up to the tape automatically.) Lab performance and sound quality often go hand in hand, and are frequently somewhat dependant upon factory alignment. The mechanical integrity of the mechanism itself is another crucial factor, that is often reflected in the asking price.

All modern hi-fi decks have Dolby B and the majority have Dolby C besides; the very worthwhile HX Pro system is becoming steadily more

widespread. Remote control remains rare, though sometimes it is available as a system option. Three-head recorders allow simultaneous checking of the recording being made. Auto-reverse is a useful convenience feature, but usually with some mechanical compromise, while double-mechanism 'dubbing' decks of dubious quality are fashionable at the bottom end of the market. The welter of different 'music search' systems available is some indication of their frequent ineffectiveness.

> VALUE BACK ISSUE FULL REVIEW 52 52

insert, 26 direct track entry keys

	PRICE	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES
CHUICE	Aiwa AD-F260 £90	Good Poor	Well equipped conventional budget recorder measured rather better than it sounded	Dolby B, C, Bias adjust, auto tape select
HU L	Aiwa AD-R460 £149	Average Average —	Some worthwhile features but sound quality was not especially liked	Auto reverse, Dolby B, C, Track search, Bias adjust
ł			TO ORDER BACK ISSUES OF HI-FI CHOICE SEE PAI	GE 60



£700

DIRECTORY CASSETTE DECKS

NAME Price	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES		BACK ISSUE
Akai GX-6 £329	Good Good	there is a strong sense that someone has really thought this one through; it has an indefinable 'specialness'	Dolby B, C, Bias adjust, Track search	R	52
Denon DR-M07 £140	Average + Excellent	Despite minor operational and measured shortcomings, sound quality is excellent for the price	Dolby B, C, Record bias adjust	BB	52
Denon DR-M12HX £220	Good Good +	Well constructed and pleasant to use, a lack of true pitch constancy kept it from sounding superb	Dolby B, C, HX Pro, Track search, Bias adjust	R	52
Denon DR-M30HX £319	Good + Good +	supero Ergonomically fine with infra red remote, the M30 fared well on pre-recorded material and was at its best with ferric tapes	Infra Red Remote, Dolby B, C, Hx Pro, 3 Head, bias adjust	R	52
Denon DR-M44HX	Excellent	A well designed deck that also performed fine sonically, working very well with ferric and	3 head auto tape set up, real time	R	52
£400 Harman Kardon TD202BL	Excellent Average	metal tapes A competent middle-ranking performer but lacks sonic incisiveness and is a bit expensive	counter, Dolby B, C, HX Pro, Dolby B, C, Bias adjust		52
£249 Harman Kardon CD491	Average Good	Excellent audio engineering and tremendous flexibility make this an audiophile cassette deck	Dolby B, C, MPX Bias/Sensitivity	R	52
£695 Hitachi D-007	Good+ Average—	'par excellence' This double 'dubbing' deck proved a mixed bag – good in parts but disappointing overall	adjust, Track search Continuous auto reverse, twin deck,		52
£300 JVC TD-X202	Poor Average	A bit of a mixed bag, with rather basic controls and an unimpressive sound quality	Dolby B & C, dubbing, High Speed Dolby B & C		52
£130 JVC TO-X502	Average Average	Inconsistent sound quality and lab performance, alongside complex ergonomics and elaborate	Dolby B & C, Music Search, Intro		52
£250 JVC TD-V66	Average Average	Search facilities A user-friendly modern player marred by a "lazy' undynamic sonic character	Scan, Remote Option Auto Tape Sel., Track Search,		52
£350	Average		Dolby B & C		
Kenwood KX550HX £150	Average Average +	This well-laid-out and attractive deck ultimately lacks the edge to stand out in a competitive field	Dolby B & C, HX Pro, Auto tape select, Track search		52
Luxman K-100 £199	Average + Average +	Poorly laid out but it fared quite well on metal tapes. Commercially recorded tapes sounded bright and cramped, however	Dolby B & C		52
Luxman K-105 £349	Average Average	Rating quite well for an auto reverse deck, and featuring complex track search facilities, it was not sonically competitive on price	Auto Rev, Dolby B & C, Auto Tape Sel.		52
Marantz SD-35 £160	Good Good +	Rock steady tape transport gives very competitive sound quality for the price. Based on rock steady tape transport, this slightly bright replay may not appeal to some	Auto Select, Dolby B & C	BB	52
Marantz SD-4511 £200	Good+ Good+	Well built and dynamic sounding player, working better as a recorder than with musicassettes	Dolby B & C, Separate MPX, Auto selection	R	52
Marantz CP230 £250	Average Average	This is a competitively priced portable recorder though not suited to replay of musicassettes	Dolby B, Bias adjust, Pitch control, Portable	R	52
Nakamichi CR-7E £1500	Excellent	Remarkably this deck is not only ergonomically but also sonically superior to the Dragon, particularly on record/replay	B & C, Auto Tape Type, 3 Head, Infra Red Remote	R	52
Nakamichi Dragon £1750	Excellent	Previous to the birth of the CR-7E, this machine stood head and shoulders above the rest	Dolby B & C, Auto Azimuth Correction,		52
Onkyo TA 2130	Excellent Average+	It is still the ultimate for musicassette replay Rating fairly well on both pre-recorded and record/playback, ergonomics were a little poor but	Manual EQ and Bias, Auto Reverse B & C, Auto Tape Select, Intro Scan	R	52
£140 Revox B215	Average + Good	overall performance was generally consistent Superb engineering and good sound, but lacking the subjective qualities that characterise	Dolby B, C, Remote control,		52
£1461 Rotel RD-830	Average + Average —	the very best hi-fi equipment A pretty fundamental if slightly dated design with little sonic merit but an attractive enough	Headphones Dolby B		52
£99 SAE C102	Poor Average+	price Looking most unlike a cassette deck designed in the States and proving competitive in its	Auto repeat, Track Skip, Real Time	R	52
£549 Sony TC-FX 150	Good Average+	price group. Not sonically that outstanding, however Recording and playing back on this deck itself gave acceptable results, whereas pre-recorded	Counter, B & C, Auto Select Dolby B & C	BB	52
£90 Sony (WMD6C) ProWalkman	Average+ Good+	Stuff was a joke. But it's a good 900 worth "One of the finest sounding cassette decks on the market today. A mandatory Best Buy,	Dolby B, C, Portable,	BB	52
£249 Sony TC-K444E SII	Excellent Good	which also fits in your pocket". Even the best this deck has to offer is not truly commensurate with the price	Mic/Headphones Dolby B, C, Memory stop and replay.		52
£349	Average	, ,	Headphones	D	
Sony TC-K70DES £499	Excellent Excellent	Firmly in the esoteric league, this is easy both to operate and to listen to. Best points: first class imagery, focus and stability	Dolby B, C, Auto tape select, Memory/ auto play, Bias/sensitivity adjust	R	52
Teac V-200 £80	Average — Average +	At this price you don't get fireworks, but it offers real value for money and sounds open and honest	Dolby B	R	52
Teac V-210C £99	Poor Poor	It could have been our sample but we found inadequate speed stability and a 'messy' sound	Dolby B, C, Blas adjust		52
Teac W300 £115	Poor Average —	Sonically a mixed blessing, it does well with pre-recorded tapes but home-made recordings sound a little rough	Twin-deck high speed dubbing, Dolby B		52
Teac W-310C £129	Average — Average —	Dubbing performance is poor, especially using the high speed mode but normal record and replay performance standards are not too bad	Dolby B, C, Twin transports, bias adjust		52
Technics RS-B305 £140	Good + Excellent	Well built and offering excellent sound quality at the price, working well with metal tapes if not so hot on pre-recorded material	Dolby B & C, dbx	BB	52
Technics RS-T22 £150	Excellent Average	Good value for a twin deck machine, and fairly simple to use, but sonically no competition for single transport machines	Twin, Dolby B & C High Speed Dub.		52
Technics RS-B705	Average	3 heads for the price of two, but not the sound quality to go with them	3 head, Dolby B & C & HX Pro		52
£250 Technics RS-T80R	Average — Poor Poor	Flexible and pleasant to use but poor transports led to poor sound on our latest sample	Twin Deck Auto Rev, High Speed Dub, Auto Tapa select, B & C & DBX		52
£400 Yamaha KX-200	Poor Good—	Cheap, well-equipped and workmanlike with the sound quality less obviously processed	Auto Tape select, B & C & DBX Dolby B, C, Headphones, Track search/	BB	52
£140 Yamaha K-340	Good Average	than most – the whole is more than the sum of the parts This deck doesn't make the grade on the grounds of poor speed stability, and an unwelcome	scan, Optional remote Dolby B, C, HX Pro, Auto search/scan,		52
£160 Yamaha K222	Average Poor	degree of record level dependency Beautifully made, but it makes little sense in purist audio terms	Optional remote control High speed dubbing twin deck, Dolby		52
£200 Yamaha KX-400	Poor Good	A highly commercial package with every widget under the sun, Happily it sounds good too.	B, C, Auto search, Track sensing Auto reverse, Dolby B, C, Hx pro,	R	52
£200	Good +	C	Track search/repeat remote control		



MDDEL Price	LAB Sdund	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACK ISSU
Yamaha K-540 £210	Average Average	Satisfactory but not especially satisfying, and also a bit gimmicky, it failed to match its brothers' good-performance-at-the-price ratings	Auto search/repeat, Dolby B, C, HX Pro, Bias adjust, Remote		52
Yamaha KX-1200 £500	Excellent Average+	A veritable rats [*] nest of buttons and dials, albeit well laid-out. This is nearly a great recorder, but lacks simplicity of sound	Dolby B, C, HX Pro, Bias adjust, Auto search/repeat, Remote, headphones		52

CD MIDI SYSTEMS

So you want a hi-fi, but you don't want to make a fuss about it. A pre-packaged system with everything matching up and no aggravation may not rank with carefully chosen separates on **sound quality**, but there's no denying the attractiveness or popularity of this approach – the market for pre-packaged component hi-fi systems is at least as big as that for separate items, even ignoring the vast numbers of low-cost single unit stacker systems.

for shelf-standing compact systems, or 'midis' as they are known in the trade, as a replacement for earlier floor-standing rack systems (themselves the upmarket development from music centres). Only some 330mm wide, midis can more or less match full-size (430mm) rack components for performance, and are certainly cheaper to make, ship, sell and buy.

Whereas specialist hi-fi is moving steadily towards ultra-simple 'no-frills' components, midi systems tend to be sold on a feature count at a price point, usually with little opportunity for demonstration and comparison. Our test programme includes extensive auditioning and lab testing, while making allowance for the different aspirations of designers and expectations of users. Key features valued highly by customers include system remote control, automatic switching, double 'dubbing' cassette decks, and elaborate equaliser tone controls. And the top end of the market is developing with surround sound audio/video-ready packages.

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The arrival	of	compact	disc	led to	зa	new	fashion

NAME Price	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
Aiwa V-990DX £750	Good Good	Refined up-market system with most modern features. Sound quality is good all round – even the speakers are acceptable.	Remote, timer, auto source select	R	54
Aiwa V1500DX £999	Good Good	Remarkable features level even includes independent record feeds to each cassette. High class build, satisfying sound, but best without loudspeakers	Separates system, twin auto-reverse cassette, full remote, timer	R	54
Akai 990 £1400	Average Average+	A gadget oriented expensive system with good compact disc player and remarkable loudspeakers. Let down by the tuner and turntable and not helped by obscure ergonomics	Twin deck cassette, Auto rev., Remote Control, Auto source selection		Systems
Binatone Laser CD System 2000 £270	Bad Bad	A bit of a disaster even at the price. Built to extremely low standard with an appailing turntable. CD and loudspeakers OK, but let down by amp	Twin cassette		Systems
Ferguson HF03 £400	Average + Good	An all round success with British built speakers and all sources achieving a reasonable standard. Compact disc was weak compared to other units	Twin cassette	BB	Systems
Fidelity MS202 £340	Bad Bad—	Very cheap and poorly finished. Thin, raw sound to match appearance and build	Twin cassette, one-piece system		54
Fisher Midi System M46CD £500	Average Average	Somewhat overpriced, the M46 is let down by a poor amplifier and worse speakers Other elements perform reasonably, CD being its strongest point	Twin transport		Systems
Fisher Midi System M56CD £580	Äverage Average	Fitted with a pretty good amp, but dire loudspeakers; otherwise a competent combination including a pretty fair cassette deck	Twin cassette, 5-band graphic Equaliser		Systems
Fisher 2400 £600	Average Average	An ambitious and competent package with a strong amplifier and CD player. Given its new lower price it would have merited recommendation if the loudspeakers hadn't let it down	Twin deck, Graphic eq, 5-band		Systems
Goodmans 5100 £380	Poor— Bad	A combined electronics package, with performance standards only too typical of the breed. Speakers good for type but don't compensate	Twin cassette, one-piece system		54
Goodmans 5200 £459	Average + Average +	Offering possibly the best speakers around in this midi system market, the Goodmans wins on a fair standard for the price, though the turntable was not too hot	12 Band Graphic Eq, Twin deck	BB	Systems
Goodmans Maxim-Midi System £550	Average Average +	De-luxe version of 5200 system – very good value for money and readily upgradeable Sonics rough but OK and speakers good; CO crude	All separates with twin cassette	Ŕ	54
Hitachi MD280 £430	Average — Average —	Although the CD player tried to change our mind this system was felt too poor a contender for anything but thumbs down	Remote unit TT, twin cassette, no spare inputs		54
Marantz Studio System £449	Average + Good	More a hi-fi system than a true midi package, it's good if uninspired. A stronger amplifier could help	Only amp, CD, & speakers – rest optional	R	54
Marantz Concert System £649	Good + Good +	Well matched and achieved high fidelity standards. Strong characterisation with some treble loss – this wasn't quite neutral, but a pleasure to listen to	rest optional	BB	54
Marantz MX673CD System £999	Average + Average	Tremendously flexible audio/visual system. Sound quality is satisfactory at best and ergonomics a mess	Various A/V inputs, remote, speakers optional	R	54
Mitsubishi CD51 £429	Average Average—	In some ways a well balanced system, in that the amp and speakers smooth the rougher edges of some sources, but not very satisfactory on the whole	Remote, twin deck		Systems
Mitsubishi E602CD £500	Poor — Poor —	Totem-pole aesthetics match the mixed constructional quality. Sound quality is already poor, but featured synthesised bass can make matters worse still	Spare in/output set, twin cassette		54
Mitsubishi 100R £650	Average Average +	A pretty good package, flawed by 'tinny' loudspeakers, but having a fair turntable – a rarity in this category of equipment	Remote, Multidisc CD, Twin	R	Systems
Philips FCD 565 £370	Poor Poor	An unimpressive system. While the compact disc player and tuner were OK, its main tonal characteristic on all sources was a coarse top end	Double deck, 5 band graphic eq.		Systems
Pioneer S-7000 £478	Average+ Average+	Excellent beer-budget system that really works, with the exception of wobbly sounding cassette	One piece + (optional) CD and speakers	R	54
Pioneer System 10 £678	Average Average —	Loudspeakers sound cluttered, and cassette unstable and thin, but tuner and CD are fine	All separates, twin cassette		54
Pioneer System 30 £978	Average + Average +	Odd remote system means two handsets. CD and radio work well, but turntable and cassette weak. Expensive	Remote, separates, twin auto reverse, multi-disc CD	R	54
Sanyo W40CD £380	Average Average	Low cost, no options package with attractive displays, cassette had high wow and flutter, but the rest worked DK	Semi auto T/T, auto record start, twin cassette	R	54
Sanyo W36 £550	Average Average	For a change, this outfit comes with excellent loudspeakers and CD player. The main weakness seems to be the amplifier but the turntable was DK, if not fab!	Two H/phone, 5 band graphic, twin deck cass.	BB	Systems
Sharp SA-CD800H £800	Average Average—	A superficially high grade, high spec system, the SA-CD800H actually sounds clean but a little 'synthetic'	One-piece, 6-disc CD, no T/T		54
SonyCompact 310 £450	Average+ Average+	Low cost but well built and finished and better sounding than most at the price	Remote, auto T/T, twin cassette	BB	54
Sony Compact 510 £599	Average + Average +	Very good control layout. Shabby loudspeakers not up to otherwise uniformly good system	Remote, twin cassette	R	54
Sony Compact 610 £700	Average Average—	Inconsistent Same turntable used in much cheaper Sonys gave 'iffy' record reproduction. Cassette likewise	Remote, 'shuffle' play CD, twin cassette		54
	0-				

DIRECTORY CD MIDI SYSTEMS

NAME	LAB	COMMENTS	FEATURES	VALUE	BACK ISSUE
PRICE	SOUND 📕				FULL REVIEW
Sony FH1215CD	Average	Probably the ultimate miniature system. The CD player is particularly good. Best to chuck	Miniature, transportable (AC only),	R	54
£800	Average +	the speakers away though	Single auto-reverse cassette		
Sony Compact 710	Good	Typically well built and presented but complicated to use except via remote. Record deck	Full remote, auto T/T, twin auto	R	54
£999	Good	poor but remainder good, including speakers	reverse cassette		
Sony Compact Series 90	Good	The best of a not too wonderful bunch, the excellent compact disc player and pretty good	Twin deck, auto reverse, timer,	BB	Systems
£1500	Gcod+	speakers make for reasonable sound quality, though the tuner wasn't of quite the same standard	extra tape socket		
Technics X800CD	Average +	Very unstable sounding cassette lets system down badly. Tuner a bit dull, but remainder OK	No T/T, twin cassette		54
£400	Gocd				
	(cass poor)				
Technics X820	Average	Tuner and CD player work well but the speakers sound ragged	Remote, auto record starts		54
£580	Average				
Technics X840	Good	Expensive, but well made, good sounding system. Turntable, tuner & CD player similar	Full remote separates system	R	54
£730	Good	to X820			
Technics X880	Average +	Complex, high spec unit with good performance except for the indifferent speakers, which	Remote, auto source selection,		54
£900	Average +	are completely out of keeping	programmable T/T		
Toshiba V17CD	Average	Loudspeakers are the weak link, with cassette and turntable also indifferent. Tuner and CD	Twin cassette, semi-auto T/T	R	54
£399	Average +	worked well though, so reasonable value for money			

PERSONAL STEREOS

Whilst not exactly hi-fi components, personal stereos probably play more music to more ears than CDs and LPs combined and as such should not be ignored. Since the introduction of the Sony *Walkman* in the early eighties, more and more people have adopted these diminutive machines and consequently the market has become saturated with a vastassortment of players. This is obviously good for competitive pricing but bewildering if one is trying to select a reasonable machine. Prices start incredibly low (around £10) and wind themselves up

to close on £300, although the sub-£50 sector is the most popular

There seems to be almost no end to the features that appear on personals; some of them have specifications like a midi system! Graphic equalisers are very popular, for what they're worth, and Dolby is fairly common on the £40 plus models, though the quality of noise reduction systems seems to be pretty poor. You can expect more useful features such as autoreverse and ferric/chrome-metal tapetype compatibility on many mechines and

some even record, but usually only from a microphone or built in radio where it exists,

The sound quality available tends, not surprisingly, to increase with the price of the machines but even quite expensive players are prone to wow with critical material, so if classical piano music is your bag then steer clear of the cheaper (sub £50) players.

Note that our value judgements relate to the personals group as a whole, and are not comparable with separate hi-fi ratings,

MODEL NAME Price	LAB Sound	COMMENTS	FEATURES VALUE	BACK ISSUE
Aiwa HS-G35 MkII £35	Poor Fair	A reasonable player for the price but not well suited to classical material and let down by the headphones	Autoreverse, graphic ED, types (& 1)	This
Aiwa HS-J36 £89	Good — Average	Comprehensive facilities and reasonable sound are no mean feat for the price.	Dolby, autoreverse, types I, II & IV, R AM/FM, recorder	This
Aiwa HS-PX101 £149	Average — Good	A very slick little number with soft touch controls and remote control headphones	Dolby B, C, autoreverse, types I, II & IV R	This
Aiwa HS-J101 £170	Poor Gccd	Let down by cheap headphones, this is otherwise a quite nice machine with radio presets and electronic transport controls	Dolby, autoreverse, graphic EQ., tape types I, II & IV, AM/FM, recorder	This
Ferguson 3T46 £35	Very Poor Poor	Not particularly subtle but having reasonable speed constancy, it's OK with most material but can get painful		This
IVC CX-7 £111	Poor Average +	Oute attractive and unusual in appearance, the CX-7 sounded pretty good and came close to recommendation	Dolby, autoreverse, types I, II & IV, rechargeable	This
JVC CX-R7K £188.77	Poor Good	Maximum feature count from this expensive JVC, including soft touch record and stereo microphone. Sound quality, however, could be better for the price.	Dolby, autoreverse, types I, II & IV, AM/FM, record, rechargeable	This
Panasonic RX-SA78 £100	Very Poor Fair	Not particularly good value with poor speed stability and irritating hiss levels, the latter can be improved with better headphones.	Autoreverse, graphic EQ., AM/FM	This
Philips D6658 £30	Very Poor Poor	The low price limits sound quality, and this is not a spectacular machine, but it does a reasonable job nonetheless	Graphic EQ, AM/FM	This
Saisho PS90R £40	Poor Poor	A bit of a jumble of features and gadgets, the PS90R has on-board speakers, an extending aerial and even records, but sound quality is dubious	Graphic EQ, types I. II & IV, AM/FM, recorder	This
Sanyo MGR-77 £35	Very Poor Very Poor	Rather a basic machine with a raw edgy sound, not helped by poor speed stability	Graphic EQ, AM/FM	This
Sanyo MGR-87 £50	Very Poor Fair	The 87 came up with a slightly fast but rhythmic sound. Although lacking in finesse, it worked OK with pop material	Autoreverse, graphic EQ, AM/FM	This
Sanyo MGP 600D £50	Average + Average -	With styling aimed at the fairer sex the 600D sounded a little better than the similarly priced MGR-87. Lacking in clarity, it was still quite endurable	Dolby, autoreverse, graphic EQ, types 1, 11 & IV	This
Sanyo JJ-P4 £100	Poor Good	Claimed by its makers to be the world's smallest personal stereo the JJ-P4 is a tasty looking object that's capable of good sounds to boot	Dolby, autoreverse, tape types 1, 11 & IV, rechargeable	This
Sony WM-34 £40	Poor Average	This straightforward no frills Walkman makes pretty plausible sounds at a reasonable price and apart from the Walkman Pro was the only model to earn a Best Buy rating		This
Sony WM-F38 £70	Average — Average	A quite stylish player, the F38 delivered good performance for the price and also had reasonable headphones	Dolby, types I, II & IV, AM/FM R	This
Sony WM-F63 £100	Average – Average –	This attractive Sports Walkman is nicely built but sonically flawed by rather hissy intra-aural headphones	Dolby, autoreverse, types I, II & IV	This
Sony Walkman Pro £249-£289	Good + Excellent	One of the finest sounding cassette decks on the market today. A mandatory Best Buy, it takes other personals to the cleaners (except on weight and power consumption)	Dolby B, C, types I, 11 & IV, record, line BB in/out, varispeed	This/52
Toshiba KT-4027 £35	Very Poor Very Poor	Not a very wonderful machine, the 4027 sounded pretty appalling with all but the most unsubtle music		This
Toshiba KT-4047 £60	Average Average	This model proved capable of making the most of better recordings, and sounds reasonably tuneful	Dolby, autoreverse, graphic EQ, types R , & 11, AM/FM	This

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GLOSSARY

The Hi-Fi Choice *dictionary of audio terminology,* explaining all the weird and wonderful adjectives used by our reviewers, as well as technical abbreviations.

AM: Amplitude modulated, see 'Medium Wave'. **ACOUSTIC BREAKTHROUGH**: Sound that gets into the turntable and hence the cartridge from the air and thereby creates a risk of acoustic feedback **ACOUSTICFEEDBACK**: If any sound in the room can find its way through the body of the record deck to the cartridge stylus, then that sound will be reproduced from the loudspeakers, along with the wanted programme material If too much of this sound from the loudspeakers is picked up by the cartridge in this way then a vicious circle of acoustic feedback will be created

ACTIVE: Speaker systems which contain electronic crossovers and where the drive units are connected directly to power amplifiers

ALIGNMENT PROTRACTOR: A device used to minimise the lateral tracking error of a cartridge/arm combination.

AMPLITUDE: Size or magnitude, hence the amplitude/frequency response, known normally simply as the frequency response, which describes the relative loudness of the system at different frequencies with a constant input voltage

ANECHOIC: Without echo; a special room or 'chamber' with thick sound absorbing materials on all surfaces to prevent reflections.

ARM MASS: More accurately called *effective* arm mass, because it is *not* the weight of the arm on a pair of scales. It is the mass of the arm and cartridge combination that appears to be concentrated at, and thus felt by, the stylus tip which is tracking a record groove. There is nothing inherently good or bad about arms with light or heavy effective mass; what matters is the manner and choice of their combination with cartridges of different compliance and the low frequency resonance produced by such combination.

AZIMUTH: With reference to tape and cassette recorders, the alignment of head gap to tape path.

BALANCE: 1) The overall relative loudness perceived at different frequencies (eg bass, treble; 2) the accuracy of the match between the two channels of a stereo transducer (eg cartridge or pair of loudspeakers).

BANDWIDTH: A range of frequencies with presumed defined upper and lower limits.

BASS: Lower part of the frequency spectrum **BELT DRIVE:** The motor has its rotational speed geared down to the required platter speed (33¼ rpm for LP discs) by a rubber or similar resilient belt which runs round a small pulley on the motor shaft and a large pulley attached to or part of the platter. **BEXTRENE:** A plastics material frequently used for

bass and mid-range cones. BIAS: (turntable/arms) Because the cartridge on a pivotal arm is being drawn across the record surface by the stylus tracking at an angle offset from the pivots, groove friction produces an imbalance of lateral force Bias is the application of a compensatory lateral force acting in the opposite direction.

BIAS: (*tope*) This refers to a high frequency current passing through the record head which allows the andio current also passing through the head to produce reasonably linear magnetisation of the tape at all levels permitted by the combination of each machine with the tape. The lowest level of bias is

required for ferric cassettes, a slightly higher one for ferrichrome, an even higher one for chrome or pseudochrome, and the highest for metal.

BOTTOMING: The stylus scraping on the distorted rounded bottom of the groove due to incorrect stylus geometry.

CANTILEVER: The thin rod or tube that connects the stylus to the armature and hence the cartridge body.

CAPACITANCE: An element of electrical impedance that is particularly important when matching pickup cartridge, arm leads and amplifier input characteristics to achieve a flat frequency response from discs.

CLIPPING: This is reached when a circuit is overloaded and overdriven, resulting in bad waveform distortion and audibly unpleasant effects.

COLORATION: A general term used to describe the audible effects of distortions, particularly in loudspeakers and record players. These are usually caused by frequency response irregularities and/or resonances.

COMPATIBILITY: The selection of interdependent components to achieve optimum system performance; notably arm/cartridge mass/compliance matching, cartridge electrical loading, or loudspeaker compatibility with amplifiers.

COMPLIANCE: A measure of the springiness of the cantilever/armature seen from the stylus, expressed in compliance units (cu), where $1 \text{ cu} = 10^{-6} \text{ cm/dyne}$.

CROSSOVER: An electrical circuit which uses combinations of inductors, capacitors and resistors to divide the signal from the power amp into the required frequency bands and with any necessary equalisation for feeding to the individual drive-units of the speaker system.

CROSSTALK: The leakage from one channel to the other in a two channel stereo system.

CUTTER: Mechanism used to cut recorded signal onto lacquer master; consists of turntable, lathe, cutting head, cutting and servo amps.

DIN: German standards body, responsible amongst other things for a popular range of standard plugs and socket specifications.

DAMPING: A means of controlling resonances by means of a resistive medium (electrical, mechanical, or acoustic depending on situation).

DECIBEL (dB): A logarithmic unit that is convenient for expressing ratios that span a wide range on a linear scale. For simplicity it can be regarded as a measure of relative loudness

DISTORTION: Literally this can mean any deviation from the original, but usually refers to harmonic rather than intermodulation distortions when not specified.

DOLBY: Covers various signal processing/deprocessing systems, but normally refers to the B & C noise reduction systems used in cassette record/replay, and the B system used for musicassette replay

DOPING: A technique involving the application of damping to a loudspeaker driver cone in order to assist in controlling resonances.

DOWNFORCE: The weight, measured at the stylus, which holds it down in the groove.

DRIVE UNIT (DRIVER): The term used to distin-

guish the loudspeaker unit itself, be it bass, midrange, treble or fullrange in application, from the complete loudspeaker system which combines drive units, cabinet and crossover into a total design.

DROPOUTS: Momentary reductions of programme level due to inadequate head/tape contact caused by oxide particles shedding off the tape onto the head gap, or inadequacies in tape transport or tape.

DYNAMIC RANGE: The ratio in dBs between the quietest sound that can be successfully recorded and the loudest which can be accepted without serious distortion on an average programme.

EFFECTIVE MASS: The inertia, or mass-controlled resistance to movement, of a device, particularly important with regard to tonearms

EFFICIENCY: The amount of acoustic power delivered for a given electrical input power

ELECTROSTATIC: A principle employed in some loudspeaker transducers using static electricity effects to set up a polarising field within which the modulated transducer medium moves

ELLIPTICAL STYLUS: A specially shaped stylus profile that makes the 'plan view' radius along the length of the groove smaller than the 'elevation view' contact radius viewed from the front.

EQUALISATION: *(general)* The deliberate modification of frequency response, usually in response to some engineering limitation or deficiency.

EQUALISATION: (*tape*) This refers to the necessary change in frequency response required of an amplifier so that overall flat frequency response is obtained from a tape medium Equalisation is required both on record and replay Any tape recorded on a good cassette recorder should have the same inherent response when played back on another correctly set up machine, since all playback equalisations should have been standardised. These standards are normally specified by the time constants of the circuits involved, eg 70μ s or 120μ s (see Microseconds').

FARAD: Measure of capacitance.

FM: Frequency modulated; often used to describe radio transmissions of high fidelity potential on the VHF band.

FARAD: Measure of capacitance.

FERRITE ROD: A short rod type aerial used for AM reception; may be fitted internally or externally to timer or receiver.

FERRO-FLUID: A magnetic fluid which is introduced into the voice-coil gap to provide damping and/or improved cooling.

FILTER: A circuit (normally) used to restrict the bandwidth of a system, may be fixed or switchable.

FREQUENCY RANGE OF SPECTRUM: Can refer to any particular group of frequencies, but commonly applied to the audible hand from 20 to 20,000 cycles per second (Hz), extending from the deepest bass to the highest audible harmonics

FREQUENCY RESPONSE: The variation in output over a frequency range, particularly of a transducer; can be expressed as a range with decibel limits, or depicted graphically.

Hz (HERTZ): 1 Hz = 1 cycle per second and is a measure of frequency which corresponds to musical pitch (the higher the frequency the higher the pitch)

HF: High frequency.

HARMONIC: Harmonics are the whole number multiples of a base frequency called the *funda-mental*.

HARMONIC DISTORTION: The addition of unwanted harmonics to a signal.

HUM: A low frequency interfering sound produced by break-through or interference from mains wiring or circuitry.

IHF: American Institute of High Fidelity, an important standards body.

IEC: An international standards body.

IMPEDANCE: Measure of resistance (and reactance) in alternating (ie audio) signals; this is of some importance in the compatibility of both cartridges and headphones with amplifiers. For convenience sake is measured in ohms.

INTEGRATION: Used to describe the success with which the output from two drive units combine to give smooth output through the crossover region.

INTERMODULATION (IM): A form of distortion arising from two or more signals producing non-harmonic signals that correspond to the sum or difference of the two frequencies

KILO (k): prefix meaning one thousand.

LED: Light Emitting Diode; an indicator light. **LF:** Low frequency.

LATERAL FRICTION: The resistance to movement of an arm and cartridge combination in the horizontal plane (ie across a record), caused by friction in its bearings.

LINEAR: A transducer that produces an output that exactly portrays its input over the required operating range is described as linear, and is hence distortion free. Hence also nonlinearities (distortions).

LINE-CONTACT: A special stylus profile that extends the ellipse, increasing contact length up and down the sides of the groove

LOAD OR LOADING: The impedance (including resistive and reactive components, ie ohms, mH, pF) seen by one component looking back to its interconnected component; of importance in compatibility of cartridge/amp, and amp/headphone

'LOUDNESS': An equalisation circuit frequency switchable on amplifiers which is designed to compensate for presumed hearing characteristics at low listening levels by boosting bass and treble.

MOL: Maximum operating level of tape normally referring to 5% distortion of 315Hz or 3.15kHz

MEDIUM WAVE: An AM transmission band incapa ble of high fidelity signals

MICRO- (μ) : Prefix for units meaning one millionth of.

MICROSECONDS (μ s): The time constant of a resistor capacitor combination involving a frequency response change (equalisation)

MIDRANGE, MIDBAND: The central part of the audible frequency range where the ear is most sensitive.

MILLI- (m): Prefix for units meaning one thousandth of.

MODULATION: The audio signal is 'stored' by means of modulations within a medium, eg the 'wiggles' in the groove of a plastic disc, or the magnetic coding on a tape.

MODULATION NOISE: An additional noise added

to tape noise, which increases with the degree of modulation of the tape, caused by the properties of the magnetic coating This noise has most of its energy near the modulation frequency (causatory tone).

MOVING-COIL: A transducer (eg cartridge or headphone) where the signal is generated by the movement of a coil within a magnetic field.

MOVING-MAGNET: The most common form of cartridge transduction, where the magnet moves while the coils are held relatively stationary.

MULTIPLEX FILTER (MPX): A circuit which introduces severe attenuation at supersonic frequencies to decrease interference encountered with the output from some stereo FM tuners.

NANO (n): Prefix meaning a thousandth of a millionth of.

NOISE: Random unwanted low level signals.

NOISE MODULATION: An unwelcome breathing effect that can be heard on some programme material, produced by poor noise reduction systems, or circuits

OCTAVE: Two-to-one ratio of pitch or frequency. **OFFSET ANGLE:** The angle measured between the centre line of the pickup cartridge and the line which joins stylus and arm pivot point.

OHM: Unit of electrical impedance (including reactance) or resistance; also kohm, where 1 kohm = 1,000 ohms.

OVERHANG: The extent to which the cartridge stylus extends beyond the centre of the platter is critical, and controlled by fore and aft adjustment of the cartridge on the arm.

PASSIVE: The most common type of system, where drivers and crossover are driven from a single power amplifier

PEAK RECORDING LEVEL: A level above which distortion becomes apparent. This distortion is introduced when the oxide particles almost reach magnetic saturation, and thus will accept no more level. **PHONO:** The most commonly used plug/socket combination in audio components.

PICO (p): Prefix meaning one millionth of a millionth of

PORT: An opening in a cabinet which is tuned to characteristics of the bass driver and the enclosure volume to provide reflex type bass-loading

POWER AMPLIFIER: The part of an amplifier that provides power to drive the loudspeakers: usually integrated, it is sometimes a separate component

PRE-AMPLIFIER: The part of an amplifier that accepts the input signals, sorts them, applies any necessary equalisation, and then passes the signal to the (normally integral) power amplifiers

PRESENCE: A quality of forwardness or immediacy in a sound balance, generally related to an uppermiddle frequency response boost.

PRINT-THROUGH: A pre- or post-echo of a loud signal created by magnetisation occuring from one layer to an adjacent layer after the tape has spooled or been recorded.

 \mathbf{Q} : A measure of the magnitude and shape of a resonance; the higher the \mathbf{Q} , the sharper and more severe in amplitude the resonance.

REFLEX: A system of bass loading (using port or ABR) which offers improved efficiency and bass

power handling at the expense of subsonic control compared to a sealed box

RUMBLE: The low or medium frequency sound produced mechanically by any moving parts in a turntable, mainly the motor and platter bearings.

SENSITIVITY: The volume of sound output for a specific electrical voltage input.

SEPARATION: As between the two channels of a stereo pickup; see *crosstalk*.

SHIBATA: A special stylus extending the elliptical to a line-contact type of profile.

SIDE-THRUST: A force acting on cartridges in pivoted (ie not parallel tracking) arms, due to the stylus/vinyl 'friction' acting along the line of the offset angle, hence bias or side-thrust compensation. **SIGNAL-TO-NOISE, SIGNAL/NOISE, S**/N: The

difference in total output when an applied signal is removed **STYLUS:** The specially shaped piece of diamond in

contact with the groove and connected to the cantilever.

SUBSONIC: Below the audible range, ie below 20Hz

SQUARE WAVE: A signal which consists of a fundamental plus a (theoretically infinite) series of odd (3rd, 5th etc) harmonics in a precise phase and amplitude relationship. It is useful for examining transient performance, symmetry, resonance control and 'ringing'

THD: Total harmonic distortion.

TRACING: The following of the groove modulations by the stylus; hence for example tracing distortion, caused by the inability of a spherical stylus to trace the high frequency inner grooves on a disc.

TRACKABILITY: The ability of the cartridge to cope with large amplitude modulations (or of the arm and cartridge to follow the groove itself properly)

TRACKING ERROR: The discrepancy between the truly tangential angle at which a record is cut and the slightly off-tangential angle at which it is tracked by a stylus on a pivoted arm during some parts of the arm's travel

TRANSIENT: Signal of very short duration.

TREBLE: Upper part of frequency spectrum, typically above about 3kHz.

TWEETER: A small drive unit designed to operate over the high frequency range.

ULTRASONIC: Frequencies above audibility, ie greater than 20kHz; also *supersonic*.

VERTICAL TRACKING ANGLE (VTA): The angle at which the plane of motion of the stylus is set with respect to the vertical when viewed from a side elevation of the cartridge Should match the 20° cutter standard

WEIGHTING: A factor or function that is applied to a measurement to increase its relevance and usefulness

WOOFER: A drive unit that operates over the bass portion of the audio range.

WOW AND FLUTTER: Low and high frequency pitch variations (from poor tape transport of turn-table platters with speed drift).



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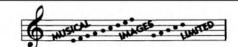
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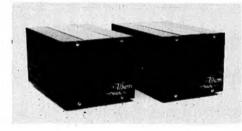
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