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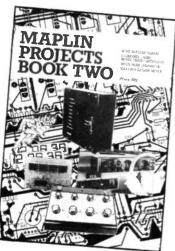
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A NEW ELECTRONICS **EXHIBITION IN** LONDON

The end of the year is always a busy time for exhibitions and two of the biggest will be happening during the next three months. First, in September. is the 5th Personal Computer World Show which is the biggest of the personal computer exhibitions and is being held this year at the superb new Barbican Centre. We'll be there with a whole host of new software and lots of Atari computers for you to play with.

The second show, coming in November. is the one we're all excited about, here at Maplin. It's the Electronics Hobbies Fair, a brand new show, that is going to be very different from anything you've ever seen before. As well as the usual electronics stands, there will be computers, model control, amateur radio, CB and practical hi-fi.

But the big plus about this show is that the organisers have really gone to town to provide you with dozens of extra exciting things to see and do. Unfortunately, we can't be more specific at this time, as one or two of the events are not yet finalised, but I can assure you that it is going to be a real feast of good things. In addition to all that, the organisers have arranged for special rail fares to be available and they've laid on special buses to get you to the exhibition site from the nearest rail station.

This exhibition, too, is being held at a brand new site in the grounds of Alexandra Palace. It's called the Alexandra Pavilion and I know you'll be impressed with the light, airy and relaxed atmosphere in the Pavilion. On our stand we'll have on show most of the projects from the first year of this magazine, a huge display of Atari computers for you to use, and we'll have our 1983 catalogue on sale.

At both shows you'll be able to pick up application forms for our new credit card, Mapcard. We know that Hobbycard was extremely popular for the short time that we were able to offer it and now Mapcard which is Maplin's own credit card takes over from where Hobbycard left off. Full details of this great new scheme are given on page 39.

Cover Picture

All the satellite pictures in this issue of the magazine, including the front cover, were provided by the NOAA (National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration), Satellite Service, Washington DC, USA. Our many thanks to them.

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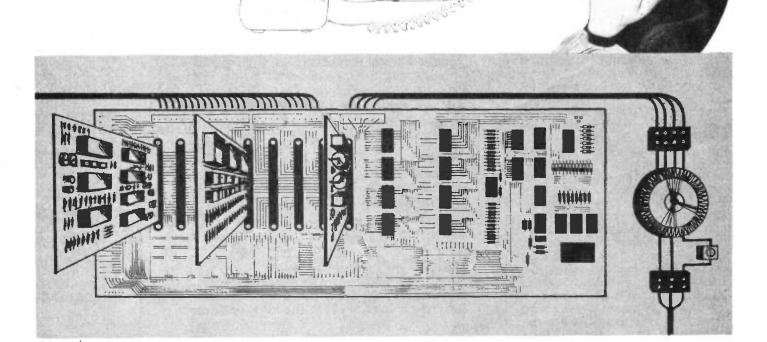
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THE MAPLIN Digi-Tel

TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

by Robert Kirsch



- **★ Expandable from 4 up to 32 extensions**
- **★** No call can be interrupted or overheard by another caller
- **★ Standard 2-wire connection to telephones**
- * All phones powered by the 2-wire line. A mains connection is only required at the

exchange

- ★ May be used with either our low-cost push-button telephones, or standard British Telecom phones
- ★ Up to sixteen telephones may be in use at any one time (in full 32 extension system)

A telephone exchange of any capacity has not, until now, been a feasible project for the amateur constructor, due to its size, power requirements, cost, and non-availability of electro-mechanical switches. This article describes the building of a complete 16-line internal automatic exchange using solid state switching techniques, and powered from the mains supply. The system is suitable for use in the home or in a small business or factory, and requires only two wires from each extension to the exchange unit.

Maplin are making available a low cost, modern styled, push-button telephone for use with this system, although ordinary British Telecom type telephones with loop disconnect dialling and AC ringing can be used. The exchange may be equipped with as few as four or as many as thirty-two

extensions (the addition of the second sixteen lines, and possible interfacing between this exchange and a switchboard and other exchanges will be described in later articles).

How It Works

First, the operation of the standard telephone should be studied to consider its' requirements in relation to the exchange being used. Figure 1 shows a simplified block schematic of an ordinary telephone, and it will be seen that when the handset is lifted the transmission circuit produces a loop across the line (indicating to the exchange that a call is about to be made, or that an incoming call has been answered). This loop is interrupted by the dial contacts, the number of interruptions being dependent on the number dialled, i.e. when 1 is dialled the

circuit is interrupted once, and when 0 is dialled it is interrupted ten times. An AC bell is used for incoming calls, and this is connected across the line via a capacitor to prevent a DC loop when the handset is on its rest.

Extension Line Circuit (ELC)

This circuit consists of two main parts, one for incoming and the other for outgoing cells. A block diagram of the ELC is shown in Figure 2 and a circuit diagram in Figure 3.

Outgoing Calls

When the telephone handset is lifted, the loop produced across the line is detected by TR5. This transistor is biased on by the current flowing through R11, and this current (via L1)

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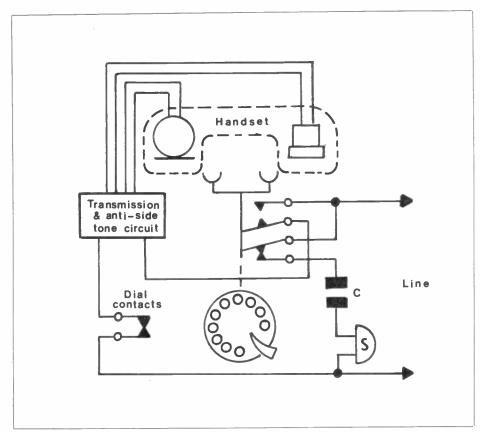


Figure 1. Block diagram of a typical telephone.

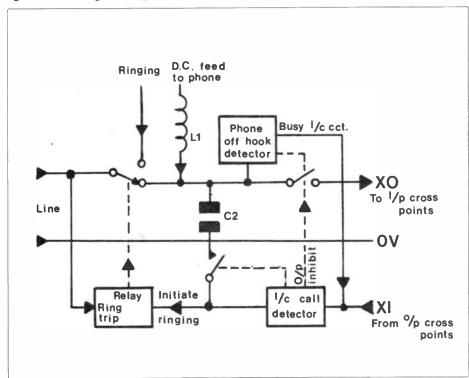


Figure 2. Block diagram of an Extension Line Circuit (ELC).

also provides the DC supply needed for the telephone transmitter (microphone). The operation of TR5 can be inhibited by TR4 to prevent a calling condition when the handset is lifted during an incoming call. TR5 switches the voltage present across the line through D2 to the output of the ELC. This voltage varies between 5 and 10 volts dependent on the line resistance and type of telephone in use and is modulated by audio signals. At the same time TR2 switches a high impedance 15V to the ELC output via D1 and R2, and this is used as a calling September 1982 Maplin Magazine

condition. When the output is terminated by a Connect Circuit the 15V is shunted, thus removing the calling voltage and preventing a second Connect Circuit (CCB) from switching to the ELC. When a call is being made a voltage is also fed to the ELC input via D4, to prevent incoming calls switching to the circuit while it is in use.

Incoming Calls

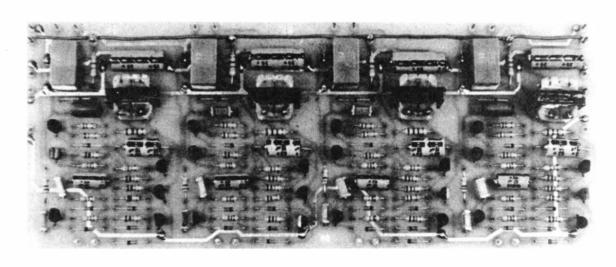
When a call is made, the voltage at the output of the calling ELC is switched through the system to the input of the

ELC being called, and this voltage initiates ringing to the called extension. When a voltage is applied to the ELC input TR1 is biased on, and this connects the audio transmission path through to the line circuit of the called extension via C2. At the same time TR3 is turned on, and its collector is pulled towards 0V. This causes TR4 to turn on and inhibit an outgoing call condition as previously described. When the collector of TR3 goes low it also pulls the emitter of TR6 low via D6. This transistor is pulsed into conduction by C4, and causes the relay RLA to operate. The change over contacts RLA/1 switch the line from the normal path to the 100V square wave ringing supply, which rings the bell of the called extension. The 100V supply is also fed via R12 and R13 to the base of TR6, and holds the transistor in the conducting mode.

Ringing tone is provided for the calling extension by coupling a small amount of the ringing supply back to the input of the ELC via C1 and R1. The 100V ringing supply is fed from a fairly high impedance, and when the line is terminated by the handset of the called extension being lifted the voltage fed to the base of TR6 is reduced, and the transistor ceases to conduct, causing the relay to release, the ringing to stop, and the transmission path to be switched through. If the handset of the called extension is replaced at the end of a conversation before that of the calling extension, the ringing will not restart, as the emitter of TR6 is still low and C4 remains charged and is thus unable to pulse the transistor into conduction.

4 by 4 Crosspoint IC 45100

All the main switching in the telephone exchange is carried out by the 45100 IC, and it is important to understand how this IC works before going on to describe the connecting circuits. The 45100 is a 4 by 4 crosspoint switch that has 4X and 4Y connections. This means that there are a total of sixteen switches in each IC. Each switch is a dual direction analog transmission gate, and is turned on and off under the control of the DATA, STROBE, and ADDRESS inputs to the chip. A particular switch is controlled by setting up its code on the four ADDRESS lines A-D and applying a strobe pulse to the chip. If during the strobe pulse the DATA input is high the selected switch will turn on, and if the DATA input is low the switch is cleared. Thus it is necessary to strobe a switch on and off, as each switch has its own latch within the chip, and will remain on until it is either strobed off or the power supply to the chip is interrupted (when all switches will clear). Any number of switches (up to sixteen) can be operated at one time by strobing one on, then changing the address and strobing the next on, but in this design only four are ever operated simultaneously.



Extension Line Circuit.

Input Cross Point Circuit (see Figures 4 & 5)

The connection between the calling and called extensions is made by one of the four connecting circuits (CCB's) provided. This means that up to four calls (using eight extensions) can be in progress at any one time. When a call is made it is first necessary for the ELC of the calling extension to be connected to one of the four CCBs, and this is done by the input crosspoint switches, ICs 11 to 14. Each of these four ICs have their X connections joined to the ELCs of the associated extensions, and the Y inputs are commoned with the other three ICs,

and then connected to the four CCBs. Thus, by making one switch in any IC, an extension can be connected to one of the four CCBs. The address inputs of the crosspoint ICs are all connected in parallel, and the DATA inputs are all fed from the common pulse supply DA. Each one of the four ICs has a separate strobe input, and this input is used as a chip select.

In order to detect when a call is being made every one of the 64 cross-point switches are made in turn, by applying a 6-bit binary count to the address and strobe lines of the cross-point switch ICs. The four least significant bits of the address connect

directly to the four address inputs of the 45100s, and the two most significant bits are connected to a decoder that enables each of the four ICs in turn.

When the high impedance 15V calling signal from the ELC is detected by one of the connecting circuits a strobe inhibit condition is initiated. This condition occurs every time a switch in the same Y row as the one in use is addressed. In the normal scan condition the pulse (SA) fed to the strobe inputs of the CP ICs is longer than the DATA pulse, so each switch is only on for the period of the DATA pulse. When a call is detected the strobe pulse is inhibited before the DATA pulse has changed back to low, and thus the switch remains made until the inhibit condition is removed at the end of a call.

The high impedance 15V is also fed from the ELCs via the data enable common, which only allows data pulses to be fed to the input CP switches when a new call is being made, thus preventing the CP switches from scanning continuously and interfering with working circuits.

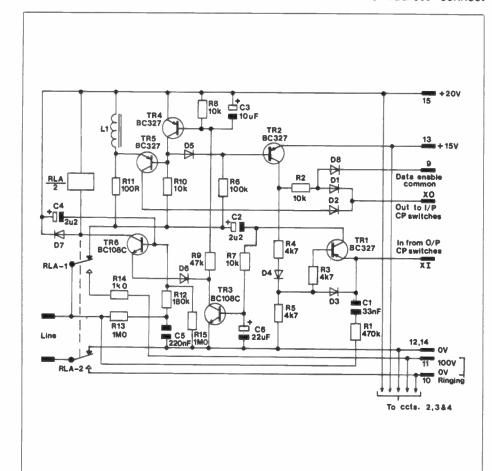
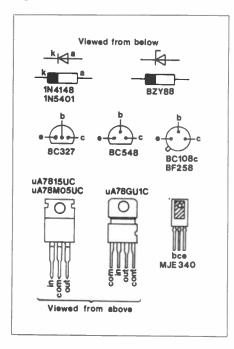


Figure 3. Circuit diagram of an ELC.



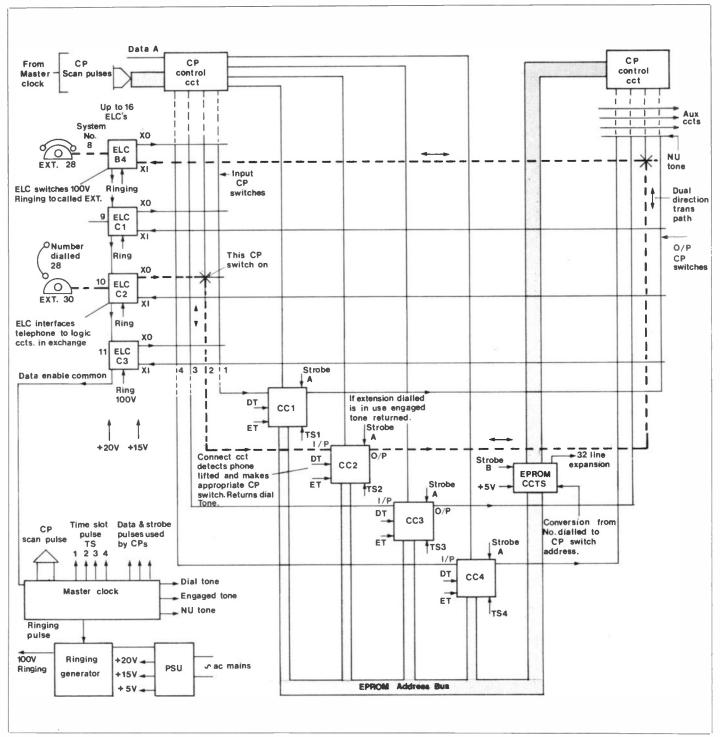


Figure 4a. Block diagram of the complete system.

Connect Circuit Board (CCB) Figure 6

The main function of this part of the system is to receive and store the number dialled by the calling extension, and to apply this data to the EPROM (IC1 Figure 5) at the appropriate time. The CCB controls the input crosspoint switches, and also tests the called line to see if it is already in use, sending engaged tone back to the calling extension when necessary.

The incoming line, from one of the Y connections of the input crosspoint switch, is monitored by FR1 and TR2. TR1 is arranged to turn on only when an ELC is calling and has not yet been found by a CCB. The calling condition, when detected, causes the latch September 1982 Maplin Magazine

formed by IC3d & e to change state, and this latch controls the bilateral switch (IC2a), which terminates the incoming line with D3, thus causing the calling voltage to be reduced and preventing a second CCB from connecting to the calling ELC.

Strobe inhibit pulses, corresponding to the Y connection of the CCB in use, are gated by IC1d and are fed back to the CP control on the main board, preventing the CCB from switching off, as previously described.

When the latch changes state it causes a reset pulse to be generated. This pulse is used to clear all registers and counters of any previous data. IC8 is a status counter, and in its first position it enables dial pulses to be applied to the first binary counter (IC4b). Dial tone is connected to the

calling extension via IC2c. Dialling causes the input to the CCB to be pulsed to 0V at the rate of 10 pulses per second, the number of pulses depending on the number dialled. The latch has a slow reset time so it remains on during dial pulses. IC3f forms a dialling present detector and this is used to step the status counter to its next position after the first digit has been dialled. When the status counter is in position 2 the dial pulses are fed to the second binary counter (IC4a), and thus both digits dialled are stored by the two counters. After the second digit is dialled the status counter steps to its third position, which connects the call, and tests to see if the called line is already

The call is connected to the required extension by a second set of CP

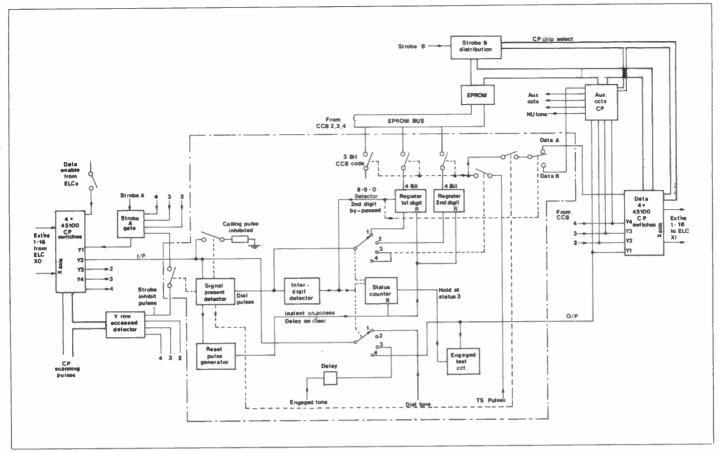


Figure 4b. Block diagram of a CCB.

switches (IC7 to 10), and these are controlled by data fed from the EPROM, which converts the data held in the binary counters of the CCB to the address needed to make the required CP switch. As there are up to eight CCBs in the system, each one is connected to the EPROM for only a short period (called a time slot) controlled by one of the eight TS pulses.

The status counter in position three enables the associated TS pulse to open the gates IC5 and IC6, and to apply the data in the counters, as well as a code indicating the CCB, to the EPROM address bus. The TS pulse is also used as a strobe inhibit and data pulse for the output CP switches. This is directly under the control of the incoming line condition to the CCB.

The required output CP switch is now made, and connected to the detector formed by TR4. When the circuit is already in use a potential will exist on the line, and this will cause TR4 to turn on, preventing the status counter from stepping to its final position and also connecting engaged tone back to the calling extension via IC2d. If no potential is detected by TR4 the status counter is allowed to step to its fourth position after a short delay, and this connects the line through from the input to the output of the CCB via IC2b.

Auxiliary Circuits (Figure 5)

Auxiliary circuits may be connected to this exchange, and these are obtained by dialling a single digit, i.e. 8, 9 or 0. When any of these numbers are dialled, the fourth binary bit of the first digit counter goes high, and this causes the status counter to be stepped on twice, thus bypassing the second counter. An additional CP switch (IC6) is used to connect the auxiliary circuits. and in order to access this the data pulse to the output CP switches is inhibited, and a data pulse is fed to the auxiliary CP switch instead.

EPROM and Output Crosspoint Circuit

The output CP switches are connected in a similar manner to the input switches, with their X axis connected to the inputs of the ELCs, and their Y axis commoned between all chips, and connected to the four CCBs. When a call is made an address appears on the EPROM bus, at the same time a data pulse is fed to all the output CP switches via the data common. The EPROM translates the dialled code to the 8-bit address required to make the appropriate CP switch. Four bits are connected to the address inputs of the CP switches, two bits are fed to a decoder which forms a chip select, controlling a strobe pulse that is fed to any one IC at a time. The remaining two bits are used for system expansion.

The DATA pulse in this case is longer than the strobe pulse, so when both are present the CP switch addressed will be turned on and remain on during the period when other switches are being addressed.

When a call is terminated the DATA pulse stops immediately, but there is a delay before the STROBE and ADDRESS are cleared, this causes the selected switch to turn off.

Number Unobtainable Tone (NU)

The unused outlets from the output CP switches are strapped to the NU tone supply, so when one of these numbers is dialled NU tone is fed back to the calling extension. If the number dialled is one not used by the system the EPROM causes the call to be connected to the NU tone supply via the fourth part of the auxiliary circuit CP switch.

Master Clock

(Figure 5)

All pulses and tones used by the system are produced by the master clock circuit (Figure 5), controlled by an oscillator running at about 500Hz formed by IC15a and its surrounding circuitry. The mark/space ratio of the oscillator is set to give the correct pulse timing for the various strobe and data inputs of the CP switches. The DATA pulse for the input CP switches is fed from the oscillator through an inverter, and this signal is also used to clock the octal counter (IC16). The eight consecutive output pulses from IC16 are used as the TS pulses, and one is fed to each CCB. The output pulse from the oscillator is delayed by the monostable (IC15b), and this signal is used as STROBE A, and when inverted produces STROBE B output. The oscillator also feeds the two binary counters (ICs 17 and 18), whose first six outputs are used to scan the input CP switches, and the remaining outputs control the timing of the engaged and ringing

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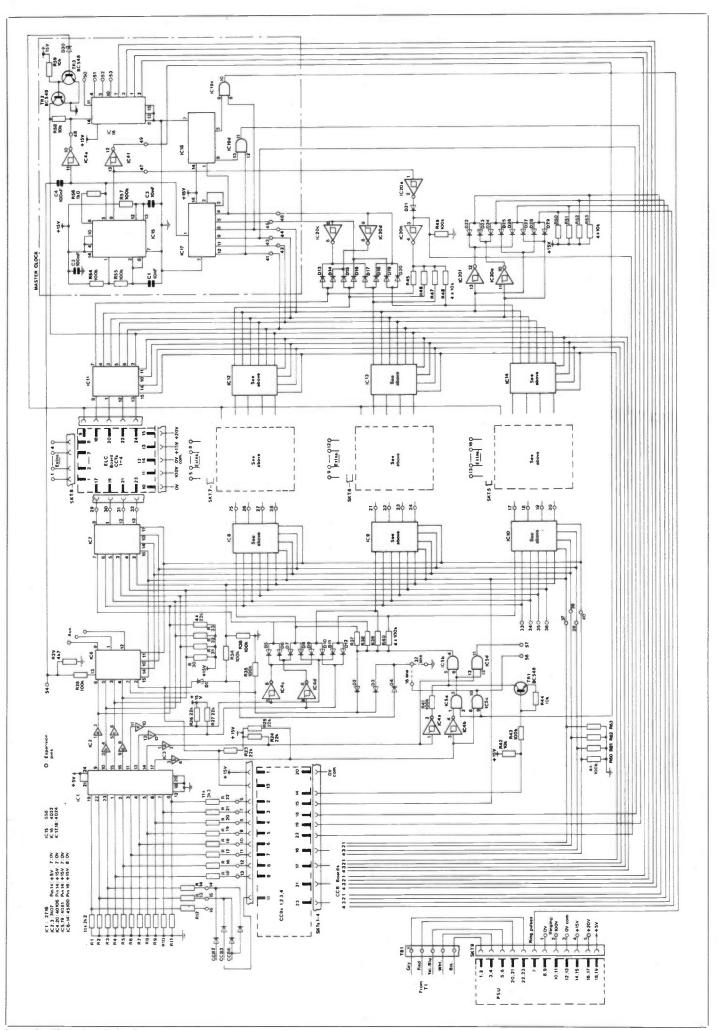


Figure 5. Motherboard circuit. September 1982 Maplin Magazine

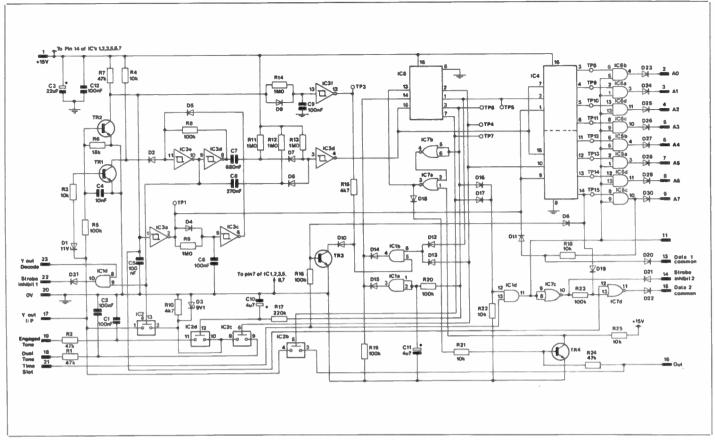


Figure 6. CCB circuit.

signals. The actual tones are produced by using various outputs from the binary counters, which are filtered on the individual CCBs.

The relationship between the STROBE, DATA, SCAN and TS pulses are shown in Figure 8.

Power Supplies

(Figure 9)

AC mains is fed to the transformer T1, which has two secondary windings. The low voltage winding is rectified by D1 and D2 and fed to the three regulators. IC1 is set to give an output of about 20V, which is fed to the ELC units to provide the line current for the extensions. IC2 is a fixed 15V regulator, and is used to supply all the logic and switching circuits. The EPROM requires TTL voltage, and this is provided by IC3, which is fed from the 15V line. The ADDRESS inputs to the EPROM are reduced to the required 5V by potential divider circuits, while the DATA outputs are converted back to 15V logic levels by the open collector non-inverting buffers IC2 and IC3 on Figure 5. An AC supply of about 100V at 16Hz is required to ring the telephone bell, and the signal needed to produce this is generated by the master clock. The ringing signal is interrupted approximately every 4 seconds, and during this break the ringing voltage must remain high, in order to hold the relays operated in the ELCs until the call has been answered. The required 100V square wave is produced by alter-nately turning TR1 and TR2 on, thus switching the ringing supply output between OV and 100V. The ringing supply has its

own OV line, and this is fed to the ELCs independently of normal OV path. This is to prevent ringing currents inducing interference in working circuits.

System		System	
Extension	Number	Extension	Number
Number	Dialled	Number	Dialled
1	21	19	39
2	22	20	30
3	23	21	41
4	0.4	22	
-	0.5		
6		24	
7		25	
8	28	26	46
9	29	27	47
10	20	28	48
11	31	29	49
12		30	
13	22	31	
14	0.4		
		4 4	
	-		8
16		Aux 2	
17	37	Aux 3	0
18	38		

Figure 7. Number conversion table.

Putting the System Together

The exchange is built on a mother-board, which contains the Master Clock and all the common circuits required for a complete system. The ELCs and CCBs are plug-in modules, to enable the system to be built up as required, in multiples of four extensions.

The ELC kit contains not only the components for the ELC boards, but also the CP switch required to cater for up to 4 lines. Each CCB will enable one call to take place at a time (between 2 extensions), and from one to four CCBs may be installed, depending on the amount of extensions required, and the

number of calls to be made simultaneously.

Construct all boards referring to the appropriate parts list and PCB legend. IC holders need only be inserted for the CP switches (ICs 6 to 14) and the EPROM. The output CP ICs 6 to 10 are provided with the mother board kit, and should all be inserted when building the mother board, but the input CP switch ICs are provided with the ELC kit, and are inserted as necessary. Observe the usual CMOS precautions when handling these ICs (see relevant page of our catalogue), and always turn off the power when making any circuit changes or additions.

It should be noted that the voltage required to ring the telephone bells can give an unpleasant shock should it be touched, so it is always advisable to switch off the mains supply before working on the exchange, extension, or a line to an extension.

Testing

Insert the PSU into the motherboard and connect mains supply. The following readings should be obtained relative to OV (TP5).

live to ov (11 5).	
PSU test points	Voltages
1	+18.5V to +22V
2	+14V to +16V
3	+4.8V to +5.2V
4	120V to 160V, falling
	to approx. 80V every
	2.4 seconds

Switch off the mains, and insert one ELC board in position A, and one CCB in any position. Connect two telephones to 1 and 4 on the block marked extensions 1 to 4, and switch the mains on. Lift the handset on the telephone con-

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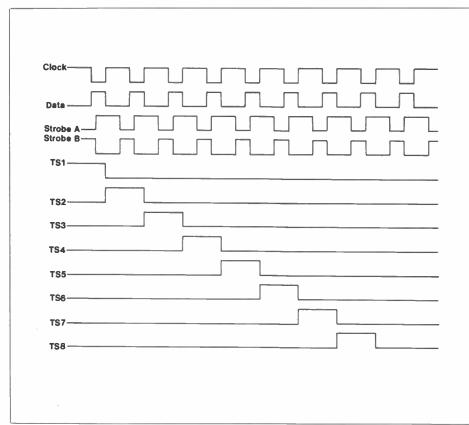
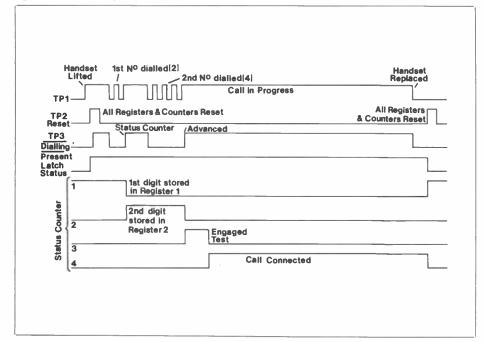


Figure 8. Pulse timing diagrams.



nected to 1 and dial tone should be heard as the CCB picks up the calling circuit. Lift the handset of the second telephone before replacing that of the first, this time NO dial tone should be heard. Replace the second telephone handset, and dial 24 on the first. The bell should now ring, and when the handset is lifted it should be possible to communicate in both directions between the two extensions. Now repeat this test, but this time with the handset of the second telephone raised. Engaged tone should now be heard. Repeat the above tests with another CCB and ELC until all the boards have been tested, remembering to switch the power off whilst changing boards.

All the boards can now be inserted, and the system should be fully working. In order to provide NU tone on spare extensions the appropriate SL pins should be linked to the NU pin (these are located between the ELC connectors on the mother board).

Numbering Scheme

The relationship between the extension system number, and the number dialled to obtain that extension are shown in Figure 7. The auxiliary circuits are selected by dialling 8, 9, or 0, and connections to these will be described in a later article.

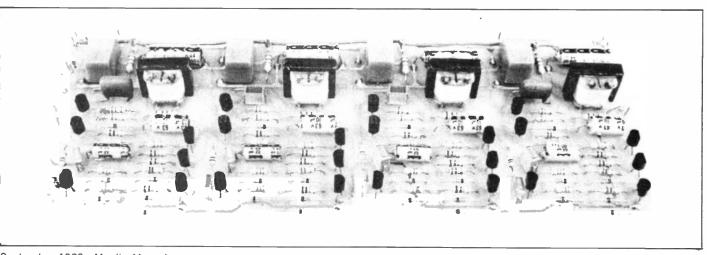
Expansion

System expansion, up to the full 32 lines, is accomplished by connecting a second mother board to the pins provided for this purpose on the left side of the main mother board. The expansion board has positions for a further four ELC and CCB boards, but has no master clock or EPROM, as the main board provides these.

The expansion board, interfacing to external lines, and a possible switch-board will be described in later articles.

Installing the System

The exchange should be placed in a convenient position near a mains supply, and at a point where wiring to the extensions will be as easy as possible. The connection to each extension may be made with any two-core cable, but Maplin supply British Telecom type four-core cable specially for



PARTS LIST FOR DIGI-TEL CONNECT CIRCUIT

		J		
	Resistors - All 4	W 5% carbon unless specified.		
	R1,2,7,24	47k	4 off	(M47K)
	R3,4,18,21,22,25	10k	6 off	(M10K)
	R5,8,16,19,20,23	100k	6 off	(M100K)
	R6	18k	1 off	(M18K)
	R9,11,12,13,14	1M0	5 off	(M1M0)
	R10,15	4k7	2 off	(M4K7)
	R17	220k	1 off	(M220K)
-	Capacitors			
	C1.2.12	100nF Polyester	3 off	(BX76H)
1	C3	22uF 63V PC elect	1 off	(FF07H)
. (C4	10nF polycarbonate	1 off	(WW29G)
. (C5,6,9	100nF polycarbonate	3 off	(WW41U)
1	C7	680nF polycarbonate	1 off	(WW51F)
	C8	270nF polycarbonate	1 off	(WW46A)
-	C10,11	4u7 63V PC elect	2 off	(FF03D)
	Semiconductors			
- 1	01	BZY88C11	1 off	(OH15R)
[02.4-31	1N4148	29 off	(OL80B)
	03	BZY88C9V1	1 off	(QH13P)
	TR1-4	BC108C	4 off	(QB32K)
		4081BE	3 off	(OW48C)
		4066BE	1 off	(QX23A)
		40106BE	1 off	(QW64U)
		4520BE	1 off	(QX33L)
		4001BE	1 off	(QX01B)
. 1	C8	4022BE	1 off	(QW19V)
	Miscellaneous			
		Veropin 2141	1 Pkt	(FL21X)
		PC Board	1 off	(GB05F)

A complete kit of all parts listed above is available.

Order As LW81C (Digi-Tel Connect Kit). Price £9.95

PARTS LIST FOR DIGI-TEL EXTENSION LINE CIRCUIT

Resistors - A	Il 1/3W 5% carbon unless specific	ed.	
R1	470k	1 off	(M470K)
R2,7,8,10	10k	4 off	(M10K)
R3,4,5	4k7	3 off	(M4K7)
R6	100K	1 off	(M100K)
R9	47K	1 off	(M47K)
R11	100R (½w)	1 off	(S100R)
R12	180k	1 off	(M180K)
R13,15	1M0	2 off	(M1M0)
R14	1k0 (½w)	1 off	(S1KO)
Capacitors			
C1	33nF polycarbonate	1 off	(WW350)
C2,4	2u2 63V PC elect	2 off	(FF02C)
C3	10uF 63V PC elect	1 off	(FF05F)
C5	220nF polycarbonate	1 off	(WW45Y)
C6	22uF 63V PC elect	1 off	(FF07H)
Semiconductor			
D1-8 incl.	1N4148	8 off	(QL80B)
TR1,2,4,5	BC327	4 off	(QB66W)
TR3,6	BC108C	2 off	(QB32K)
Miscellaneous			
L1	Choke 10H	1 off	(HW27E)
RLA	Relay DPDT	1 off	(YX95D)
* All ab	ove items to be multiplied by 4	for use on 1 P	CB.
	PC board	1 off	(GB04E)
	Track Pin	1 Pkt	(FL82D)
	Veropin 2141	1 Pkt	(FL21X)

A complete kit for 4 circuits on 1 pcb is available.

Order As LW80B (Digi-Tel ELC Kit). Price £24.95

PARTS LIST FOR DIGI-TEL POWER SUPPLY

Resistors - A	II WW 5% carbon unle	ss specified.	
R1	8k2	1 off	(S8K2)
R2	13k	1 off	(SI3K)
R3	4k3	1 off	(S4K3)
R4,R7,10	1k0	3 off	(S1KO)
R5	2k7	1 off	(S2K7)
R6	4k7	1 off	(S4K7)
R8	3k3	1 off	(\$3K3)
R9 .	10k	1 off	(\$10K)

Capacitors			
C1 C2	100uF, 250V axial electrolytic 2200uF 40V axial electrolytic	1 off 1 off	(FB53H) (FB91Y)
C3,4,5	100nF polyester	3 off	(BX76H)
Semiconductors			
BR1	S04	1 "	(01101)
		loff	(QL10L)
D1,2	IN5401	2 off	(QL82D)
TR1,2	MJE340	2 off	(QH54J)
TR3	BF258	1 off	(QF17T)
TR4	BC548	1 off	(OB730)
IC1	uA 78GU1C	1 off	(W079L)
IC2	uA 7815UC	1 off	(OL33L)
IC3	uA 78M05UC	1 off	(QL28F)
Miscellaneous			
	PC board	1 off	(GBQ7H)
	Heatsink 4Y	1 off	(FL41U)
	Bolt 6BA %"	2 off	(BF06G)
	Nut 6BA	2 off	(BF18U)
	Washer 6BA		
	Washer ODA	2 off	(BF22Y)

PARTS LIST FOR DIGI-TEL MOTHERBOARD

		MOTTIERDUARD		
. Re	sistors - All 1/2	W 5% carbon unless specified		
R1	-11	2k2	11 off	(M2K2)
R1	2-22	3k3	11 off	(M3K3)
R2	3-27,R30-33.	22k	9 off	(M22K)
	8,34-36,41,43,			(many
	.54.55.57.			
	-63	100k	14 off	(M100K)
R2	9	4k7	1 off	(M4K7)
R3	7-40,42,44-48,		2 011	(1414177)
	-53,58,59	10k	16 off	(M10K)
R5		1k0	loff	(M1KO)
			1011	(MITIO)
Ca	pacitors			964059¢
C1		10nF polycarbonate	2 off	(WW29G)
C2		100nF polyester	2 off	(BX76H)
2		200m polycoaci	2011	(DATOH)
Sei	miconductors			
	-29.31-34	IN4148	33 off	(QL80B)
D3		BZY88C12	1 off	(QL36B)
TR	1-3	BC548	3 off	(QB730)
IC1		2716/M4	1 off	(QY25C)
ICZ	2.3	7407	2 off	(QX76H)
	.20	40106	2 off	(OW64U)
	.19	4081	2 off	(QW48C)
	-14	45100	9 off	(0051F)
IC1	5	556	1 off	(OH67X)
IC1	6	4022	loff	(OW19V)
IC1	7.18	4024	1 off	(OX13P)
776			2011	(QXISF)
Mis	cellaneous			
		PC board	1 off	(GB06G)
		8way PC terminal	5off	(RK38R)
		Edge conn. 124	9 off	(FL85G)
		Edge conn. foot G	9 off	(FL91Y)
		Edge conn. foot H	9 off	(FL92A)
		Dil socket 16 pin	9 off	(BL19V)
		Dil socket 24 pin	1 off	(BL20W)
		Track pin	7 Pkts	(FL82D)
		Veropin 2141	1 Pkt	(FL21X)
		Bolt 6BAx½"	18 off	(BF06G)
		Nut 6BA	18 off	(BF18U)
		Washer 6BA	18 off	(BF22Y)
			10011	(01221)

DIGI-TEL MISCELLANEOUS PARTS LIST

Toroidal transformer 24/1

24/100V	1 off	(YK33L)
SA fuseholder 20	1 off	(RX96E)
Fuse A/S 2A	1 off	(WR20W)
P.B. telephone	Set of 4	(XG19V)
P.B. telephone	1 off	(XG18U)
Cable (4 wire phone cable)	As req	(XR66W)
Terminal block 5A	1 off	(HF01B)
Tag 2BA	1 off	(BF27E)
Mains lead	As req	(XR04E)
Wire 3202 white	2M	(XR37S)

See next page for details of Digi-Tel Main Kit.

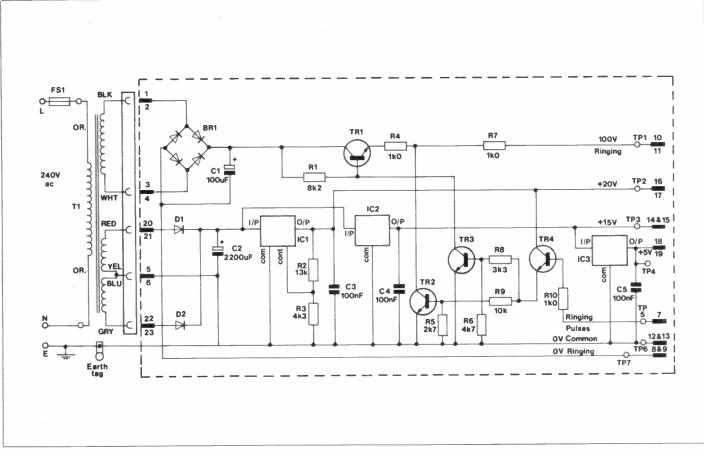
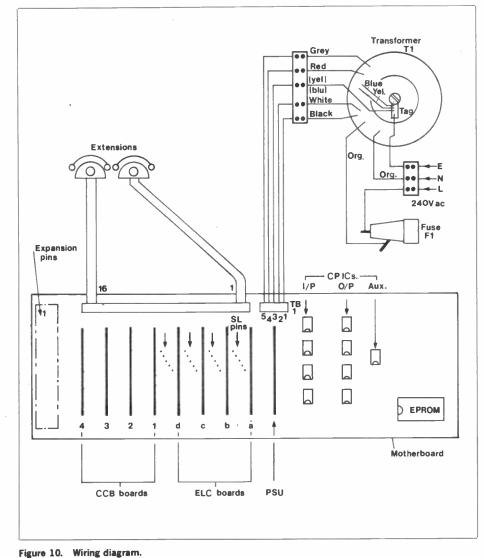


Figure 9. PSU circuit.



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this purpose (XR66W). This cable may, of course, be used to feed two extensions, one on each pair.

No case is shown for the exchange, but this may be simply constructed as a wooden box, with the mother board mounted either vertically or horizontally. If the mother board is mounted vertically the plug-in cards may need some support on their lower edges, and this can be accomplished by using a piece of wood with shallow slots cut in it for the cards to slide along. Adequate ventilation should be provided, particularly near the PSU card and transformer. Provision should be made in the case for system expansion, allowing room for a second mother board of the same dimensions as the first, and mounting adjoining the pins provided.

DIGI-TEL MAIN KIT

A complete kit is available of all the parts shown for the Power Supply, Mother Board and Miscellaneous except telephones.

Order As LW82D (Digi-Tel Main Kit). Price £67.50

Please note that kits for Digi-Tel will not be available until late September and telephones will not be available until late October. For prices of telephones see page 47.

WORKING WITH OP-AMPS by Graham Dixey C.Eng., M.I.E.R.E.

Part 3

p-amps used in a switching mode are essentially generators of squarewaves. Control of repetition frequency, pulse length, mark/space ratio and delay time are possible. What precisely is controlled depends upon the exact nature of the circuit. Thus, astable circuits generate continuous square-waves, variable in frequency and mark/space ratio; monostable circuits produce pulses of defined length or time delays, while bistables may be thought of as temporary stores of binary data. Thus it is that the op-amp, usually considered as a linear device, crosses right over into the digital field.

These basic 'building blocks' were covered in Part Two of this series. In Part One, one of the circuits discussed was the 'integrator' which, it may be remembered. produced a linear ramp as a result of a step of voltage at its input. Therefore, if the latter circuit were fed with a train of square-waves, its response would be to generate a continuous triangular waveform. The point is that the ability to convert from one type of waveform to another gives rise to the idea of a circuit that is capable of producing several quite different but 'frequency related' waveforms simultaneously — in other words, a 'function generator'. This 'first stage development' is shown in Figure 1 in the form of the 'hysteresis oscillator'. Two outputs, square-wave and triangle, are produced by the technique mentioned above.

The Hysteresis Oscillator

To understand how the circuit works, assume that the output of IC1 is initially in positive saturation i.e. at some voltage +V volts. Then, a current given by V/R3 will flow to charge the feedback capacitor C1 of the integrator IC2. As a result, the output of IC2 will fall linearly and continue to do so until it reaches -V/2 volts; this is output B, the triangle waveform. At this instant, the output of IC1 is forced to switch from positive saturation to negative saturation because of the fed back voltage at the junction of R1 and R4. What then follows is similar to what has been described except that the output of IC2 now 'rises' linearly until it reaches the next 'switch-on' point at +V/2 volts, from which the whole cycle repeats again, and so on

Thus, output B 'runs' alternately between the amplitude limits of +V/2 and -V/2 volts while, simultaneously, output A switches between the amplitude limits of +V and -V volts. The periodic time of either excursion is R3.C1 seconds so that the repetition frequency of the output is equal to 1/(2.R3.C1) Hz — R3 in ohms and C1 in Farads.

To take an example, if a frequency of 100Hz is required and a 100nF capacitor is available, the required value of resistor is found by substituting these values into the formula which, after transposing and evaluating, gives R3 as 50k. An obvious way of adjusting the frequency to exactly 100Hz is to use, for R3, a fixed 47k resistor in series with a 5k pre-set potentiometer. This formula for the frequency is based upon the circuit values given in Figure 1. Changing the ratio

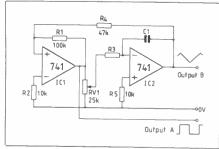


Figure 1. The hysteresis oscillator.

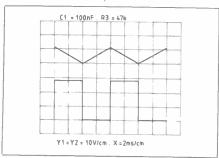


Figure 2. Waveforms of the hysteresis oscillator.

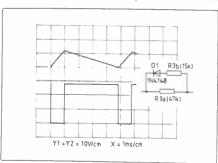


Figure 3. Waveforms of an asymmetric circuit.

R4/R1 moves the switch-on point in time, which then controls the amplitude of output B and obviously changes the frequency of operation. The limiting factor is that the ratio of R4/R1 must be unity or less, otherwise the circuit will stop oscillating. The frequency also depends upon the amplitude of the square-wave fed to IC2 because, as was explained in Part Two, the slope of the wave out of an integrator depends not only on the integrator time constant, but also on the magnitude of the step input. So, by feeding IC2, not from the full output of IC1 but from a portion of it (up to the maximum) derived from a potentiometer, continuously variable control of frequency is available over a reasonably wide range. Using the values given in Figure 1, the variation of frequency available using RV1 was from about 6.25Hz to 125Hz. The waveforms obtained at both outputs at 125Hz are shown in Figure 2

Sometimes a mark/space ratio other than unity is required; to do this it is necessary to introduce some asymmetry into the circuit. To achieve this objective means finding a frequency-dependent component and making it change its value automatically on alternate half-cycles. This implies the use of a diode to provide two

unequal 'polarity-conscious' paths. The obvious choice of component is R3 and the modification is shown in Figure 3 together with sample waveforms obtained. On the half-cycles when the output from IC1 is positive-going, D1 is non-conducting and R3 equals R3a i.e. equals 47k. But, on the negative half-cycles, D1 conducts and puts R3a and R3b in parallel — an effective value of R3 of 11.4k. The mark/space ratio should then be 47/11.4, that is slightly over 4:1. This is verified by the waveforms of Figure 3, which shows that the actual mark/space ratio obtained was 3.8:1, within the tolerance of the resistors used (10%).

Sine-shaping Circuit

The hysteresis oscillator, which produces two different but related waveforms, has been referred to as the 'first stage development' of a function generator. This is justifiable if it is accepted that such a circuit cannot really be said to be complete unless there is also a sine-wave output. There are various ways of adding this facility but one of interest is the method of using an op-amp inverting amplifier with a sine-wave approximation network to develop the sinewave output from a triangle input. A number of diodes are used in the feedback path of the op-amp that conduct at different levels of the input, changing the gain and hence the slope of the output. The sinewave is thus represented by a succession of different slopes and quite a reasonable approximation is possible. The arrangement of the diodes and associated resistors is shown in Figure 4, together with a sketch of the principle involved.

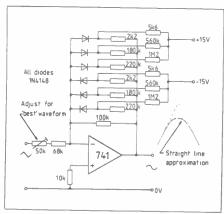


Figure 4. Sine-shaping circuit.

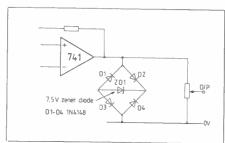


Figure 5. Zener diode amplitude limiter.

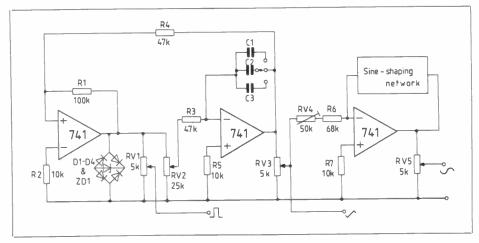


Figure 6. Function generator.

Square-wave Clamping

The waveform of the square-wave generated by the circuit of Figure 1 is good at the low frequencies but, in the kHz region begins to show some 'sag'. An obvious way of getting over this is to clip off the peaks of the square-wave or, to describe the process more correctly, to clamp the square-wave to a predetermined level, well below that at which the sag is likely to occur. A zener diode will make an effective and consistent clamp and if just one diode is used, together with a diode bridge, as shown in Figure 5, the clamping action will be precisely symmetrical, the zener diode acting equally on both half-cycles of the square-waveform.

A Function Generator

To make a function generator that is at all versatile, range-switching of frequency and control of amplitudes is desirable. The latter can most easily be provided by potentiometers at each output, and the former requirement can be met by switching the value of C1; fine control of frequency will be by use of the potentiometer between stages. A scheme incorporating all of the ideas discussed so far is shown in Figure 6. Most component values are shown but the values of C1, C2 and C3 are left to the experimenter to select for himself, sufficient information having now been given for him to be able to do this

An Alternative Approach

The method of generating three related functions just described was based upon the use of a square/triangle generator with the sinewave function being added on. But the versatility of the op-amp is such as to allow us to 'swap' the process around and start off with the sinewave. From this point, the sinewave can be 'squared off' (giving the squarewave output) and this waveform, in turn, integrated in an op-amp integrator to give the triangle output. What is then needed, as a starting point, is a sinewave oscillator of the RC type.

The Twin-Tee Oscillator

The frequency-selective network that starts and maintains the oscillations in this circuit is a 'twin-tee' filter network. In Figure 7, the component values are based upon a resistance R and a capacitance C. The shunt resistance branch, nominally equal in value to R/2, is actually de-tuned slightly by a 2k5 pre-set. The phase-shift through the network is then 180° with some attenuation (dependent upon the degree of de-tuning). The opamp has 180° of phase-shift as well between the inverting input and the output and very high gain. As a result, the 'loop phase shift' is

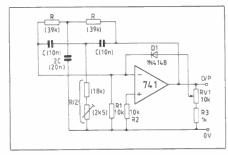


Figure 7. Twin-tee oscillator.

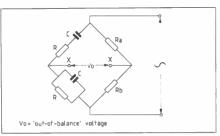


Figure 8. The Wien bridge.

360°, giving positive feedback and with the R/2 arm adjusted carefully, the circuit bursts into oscillation; the 2k5 pre-set should be carefully adjusted to give a sinewave with minimum distortion. All of this happens at a unique frequency which equals 1/(27.R.C).

Even so, the degree of distortion may not be acceptable so a stabiliser can then be used that will give some improvement. A simple stabiliser, shown in Figure 7, consists of D1, R3 and RV1, the latter acting as an output control. The improvement in waveform with this simple modification is worthwhile, though there is some reduction in the maximum output. With 15V supplies, the unstabilised circuit can give 27V peak to peak output, which is reduced to about 8.5V peak to peak when the stabiliser is fitted, still a worthwhile output.

With the values of R, C, R/2 and 2C shown in brackets in Figure 7, the design frequency was 400Hz. Using 5% resistors and 10% capacitors, the measured frequency on test was 435Hz, which is within the allowable limits. Obviously the use of closer tolerance components would have given a result closer to the design figure.

To change the frequency of the twin-tee oscillator means changing the values of at least three components simultaneously (e.g. all three resistors in the filter network). This is not usually very practicable so this circuit is unlikely to be chosen except as a fixed frequency oscillator.

The Wien Bridge Oscillator

This might justifiably be called the 'classic RC oscillator', since it is almost universally used to generate low-frequency sinewaves, especially where a wide frequency range is required. It is based on the properties of the Wien network, which is an RC combination that has zero phase-shift and a loss of 3:1 at a frequency equal to $1/(2 \pi R.C.)$. This formula assumes that both resistors have the same value and also both capacitors are equal, which is usually the case. At first sight it might appear that all that is needed is an amplifier with a gain of 3 and zero phase-shift. However, it is better in practice to use a high-gain amplifier and include negative feedback to improve the stability of the circuit. This implies some sort of balance between the two types of feedback, positive and negative. This is achieved by adding two extra resistors to form a bridge, this being shown in Figure 8. It is these two resistors that provide the negative feedback, since they form a potential divider across the output and are connected at their junction to the inverting input of an op-amp in the final circuit. When this bridge is just 'off balance', a small voltage at the oscillatory frequency appears across X-X. It is this small voltage that is subject to the high gain of the op-amp to develop the output voltage.

A possible circuit is shown in Figure 9. One point that is to be noticed immediately is that the frequency is controlled by twin-gang potentiometers RV1/RV2 so that a resistance change from R1 to (R1 + RV1) is possible in the series arm, with an identical change taking place simultaneously in the parallel arm. Another feature of the circuit is that Ra consists of a potentiometer RV3 and two diodes, D1 and D2, back to back. The idea is to provide a non-linear element that will control the degree of out-of-balance of the bridge automatically to compensate for amplitude variations. RV3 is adjusted for the best waveform.

With the values shown in Figure 9 the frequency range obtained was from 220Hz to 1kHz, and the output level was about 1.25V peak to peak. Further ranges can be added by switching the capacitor values.

A more effective stabiliser uses a NTC thermistor, such as an R53, in place of the potentiometer/diodes network. However, these thermistors are extremely expensive and rarely justified except in a permanent design of some sophistication.

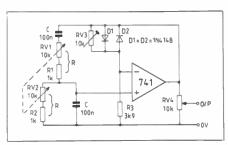


Figure 9. The Wien bridge oscillator.

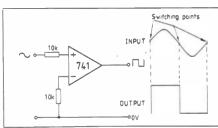


Figure 10. Sine-square converter.

Continued on page 64

REMOTE
CONTROLLER FOR
25W STEREO
MOS~FET
AMPLIFIER

by Dave Goodman

★ Remote control over Volume, Bass, Treble and Balance

* Switched loudness (contour) compensation

★ Local or remote select

★ Flat response select

★ Can be incorporated into our MOSFET amplifier

Over recent years infra-red control has greatly increased in popularity, as is evident by the plethora of televisions and video cassette recorders fitted with this facility. Some hi-fi systems do incorporate remote control, but not very many, which is regrettable because sound level and balance settings are dictated by listening position in relation to the loudspeakers.

This hi-fi controller project gives the user total control over adjustment of volume and speaker balance settings, also bass and treble cut and boost. All operations are performed by pressing an appropriate button on the hand-held control transmitter. The selected parameter can then be either stepped by single shot or automatically swept by holding the button down. Two further controls allow for return from remote to local (or vice versa), and an instant flat setting of speaker balance and tone response.

A Pulse Position Modulation (PPM) dedicated integrated circuit is used in this design, based on the SL490 IC (see figure 2).

IC 1 is an encoder-oscillator and pulse train generator, producing a series of five pulses of fixed amplitude. Each pulse can vary in width, either 6ms or 9ms, according to whether a digital '1' or '0' is required (see figure 1).

Each one of the six 'spaces' between every pulse is of a consistent 1.25ms duration, and the pulse train repeats for as long as an encoding key is held operating.

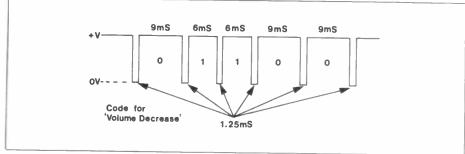


Figure 1. P.P.M. Pulse Train.

Switches S1 to S10 are PCB 'pads', and a ten-way bubble contact strip is used to join the appropriate pads together within the encoding matrix, pins 1, 4, 5, 8, and 10 to 13. Each bubble on the strip has an internal carbon contact of low electrical resistance, and applying pressure to the bubble flexes the contact down across the two pads. Table 1 lists each key, command, symbol, and pulse code used here and present on pin 2 of IC1.

	TAB	LE 1	
Key S1 S2 S3 S4 S5	Command Volume Down Volume Up Balance Left Balance Right Bass Cut	Symbol	Pulse Code 01100 00010 11100 10100 11110
\$6	Bass Boost	+	10110
S7	Treble Cut	7-	11111
\$8	Treble Boost	+	10111
S9	Local-Remote	LOC/REM	11000
S10	Flat Response	Flat	11011
S9 S10	Local-Remote Flat Response	LOC/REM Flat	11000 11011

C2 and R3 produce a differentiated signal of narrow width, and this is applied to the base of TR2. D1 prevents TR2 from becoming reverse biased. TR1 is a MOSFET device capable of switching large current pulses for only a small loading on the drive stages. Pulses from TR2 turn TR1 on and off, effectively forward biasing D2, 3, and 4. These three diodes are infra-red devices, and transmit light in the infra-red band (940nM). When TR1 is turned on these diodes appear connected between the supply rails, C1 discharges, and the current drawn from the battery would be high damaging the diodes and battery. To prevent this happening TR1 is turned on then off very fast, so that the 'on' time is far smaller than the 'off' time, producing a duty cycle of only a few per cent. The mean current drawn from the battery is therefore low, being approximately 15mA, and well within the 100mA rating of the TIL38 diodes.

C3 and RV1 set the transmission rate/internal clock of IC1 at approxi-

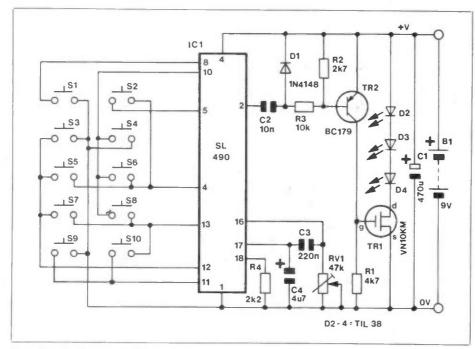


Figure 2. Circuit diagram of Transmitter.

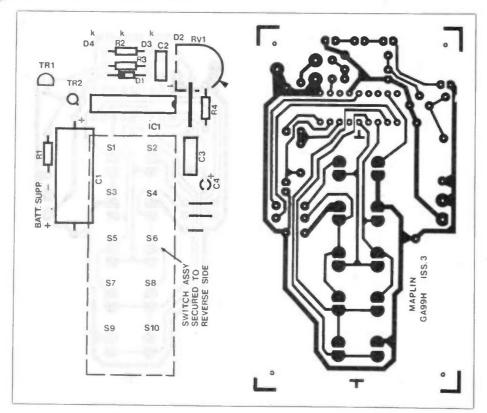
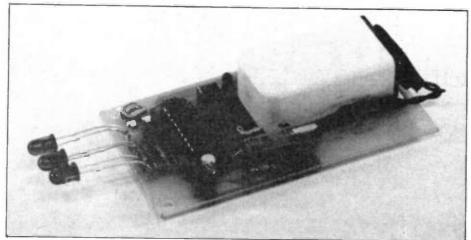


Figure 3. Component Overlay for Transmitter PCB.



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mately 150Hz. Scope measurements can be made on pin 2 of IC1 with the 'treble cut' key S7 operated.

Transmitter Assembly And Construction

Cut four pieces of wire for links. bend to shape and insert. Fit diode D1, followed by R1 to R4 and RV1. Mount all four capacitors. Note that C1 and C4 are polarised, and must be fitted one way only. C1 is marked with a negative sign on the case, whilst C4 is marked with a positive. Insert TR2, and ensure the 'pip' on the metal case aligns with the symbol on the legend (figure 3). Next mount TR1, also noting correct positioning. Fit the DIL socket for IC1, and proceed with soldering and trimming all component leads. Do NOT fit infrared diodes D2-4 at this stage. Clean the track with a suitable spirit and check for bad joints and short circuits.

The ten-way contact strip can now be fitted over the 'pads' on the track face of the PCB. Above and below these pads are two small 'T' symbols, which should be lined up with the two grooves situated along the centre line of this strip, one at each edge. These symbols do not connect electrically, and have been added solely as a guide for assembly. Use a contact type adhesive paringly around the edges of the strip. taking care not to spill over onto the carbon contacts. Remember that the glue will spread out once the strip is placed in position and pressed home. which might cover the PCB pads, so don't be too generous!

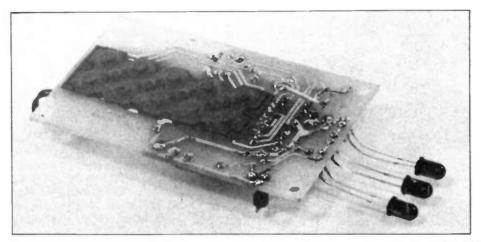
If you are satisfied with your efforts so far fit IC1 (SL490), and refer to the component lead configuration drawing for D2-4 description. All these LEDS may be fitted directly to the PCB, or connected with wires. Keep any wiring as short as possible. Finally, fit the battery clip. Check over all components and soldering once more before use.

Transmitter Use

Set RV1 wiper just past halfway, to line up with the arrow printed on the legend. Connect a 9v battery to the clip, but only on one stud contact. Place an ammeter between the other battery contact and clip, so that it is in series with the positive rail. Press each bubble contact in turn. The ammeter reading should be 15-20mA each time, and only a few uA otherwise.

If there is no reading at all, or a much higher reading, check TR1, 2 orientation, D1 and C1 polarity, and D2-4 orientation. Of course, the contact strip may also be misaligned, and should be rechecked.

Now place a voltmeter from the negative rail (C1 neg. lead) to D4 cathode. A reading of 6.9v should be



apparent. Press any one of S1 to S10 contacts, and the reading should drop 200mv to 6.7v. These readings can vary slightly, but serve to give an indication that all is well.

No particular box is recommended for this project, but a flip-lid box type 601 (LQ03D) was used for the prototype. The LEDS mount through the front, and a suitable cut-out for the switches was made in the lid. The PCB can then be screwed or taped inside the lid, with the battery suitably accommodated underneath. A screened switch panel (RK36P) is available to fit over the contacts \$1-10.

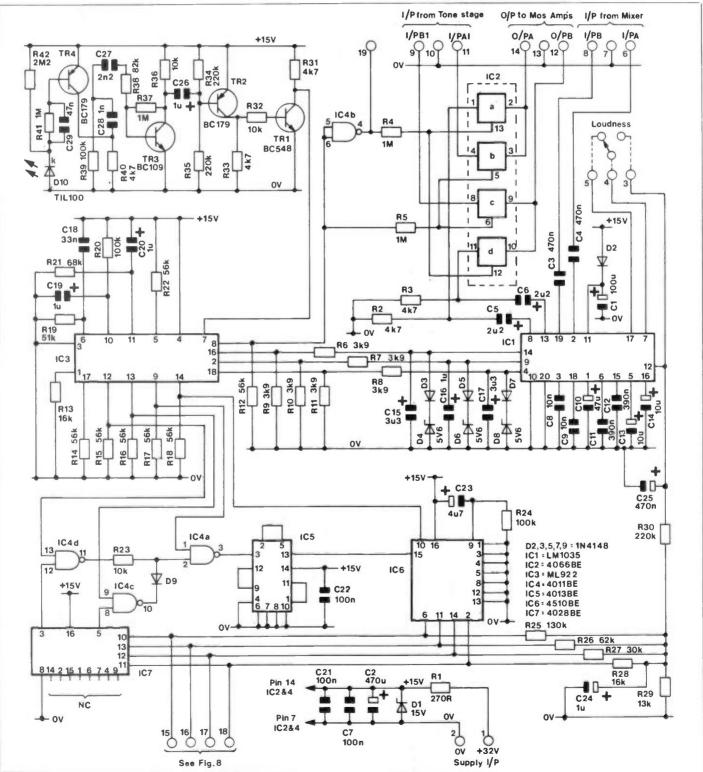
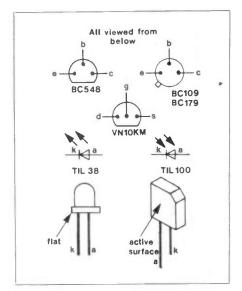


Figure 4. Circuit diagram of Infra-red Decoder.

Decoder Circuit Description

P.P.M. data transmitted by the hand controller are received by D10 (figure 4), which is an infra-fred photodiode designed to react with signals of 940nM wavelength.

It is used in reverse bias mode and R42, 41, and C29 help prevent signals generated by incandescent or fluorescent light from becoming amplified. Quite considerable gain is required, to bring the incoming signals to a level suitable for correct operation, and circuit stability can become a problem.



Therefore two gain stages, comprising TR2 and TR3, have been incorporated. TR1 inverts the recovered pulse train so that it is in the correct sense and amplitude for use by IC3. PPM principles have been explained in the text previously, and reference can be made as necessary. IC3 (ML922), is a PPM decoder with one pulse, four digital, and three analogue outputs. An internal oscillator, with a clock frequency determined by C18 and R19, enables decoding of incoming pulse trains. R20 and C19 reset the decode circuits at switchon, and C20 and R21 set the rate at which digital output codes step on. P16 controls bass, P18 controls treble, and P2 controls speaker balance. Only these three outputs step up and down about a 2.7v centre or 'flat' point, and are analogue channels. D3-8, C15-17, and R6-8 compress positive going voltage changes, thus producing a linear control of these functions within IC1. Pin 8 has a normally high output (+15v), holding the bilateral switches IC2b and c closed. IC4b, an inverter, holds IC2a and d open. Input signals from the MOSFET amplifier tone processing stages on pins 9 and 11 are thus connected via IC2 to pins 12 and 14 and, hence, to the power amp. stages (figure 6). Pre-processed signals are connected to input pins 6-8, and direct to IC1, which is a voltage controlled stereo, volume, and tone control IC. IC3, on receipt of a VOLUME UP or DOWN incoming pulse code, places a

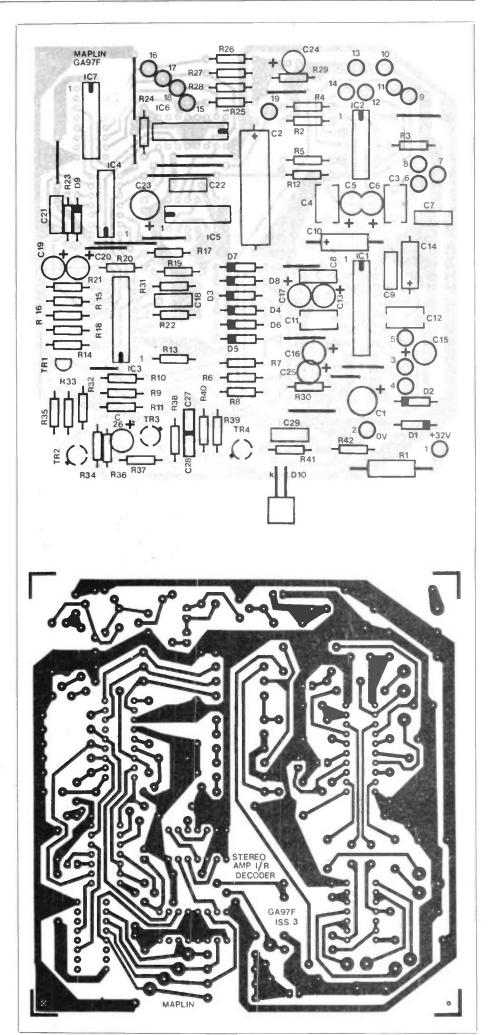


Figure 5. Component Overlay for Infra-red Decoder PCB.

low (0v) on pin 8. IC4b switches IC2a, d closed and IC2b, c open. Processed audio signals from IC1 are then transferred via C5,6, and IC2 to pins 12 and 14 and to the power amp stages.

Control of loudness (or contour) at low volume levels is achieved by connecting a change-over switch between pins 3, 4, and 5 as shown in figure 4. The action is local, and remote control of this facility has not been included. If loudness control is not required, then strap pins 4 and 5 together. C8 and 9 allow 15dB boost or cut at treble frequencies of 16kHz, whilst C12 and C13 allow 15dB boost or cut at bass frequencies of 40Hz.

ICs 4 to 7 are used to decode volume level commands. At power on, IC3 pins 12 to 14 are high (logic 1). Pin 14 determines volume 'direction', and is high for an increase or low for a decrease. Pin 9 is normally high with a negative going pulse output. Pin 13 is normally high and remains so for an up count switching low for a down count; whilst pin 12 is high for a down count and low for an up count. Table 2 should explain this more clearly.

IC3	PIN 12	PIN 13	PIN 14	PIN 9
Switch on	1	1	1	1
Volume increase	Ó	1	1	
Volume decrease		0	0	

IC6, a BCD up-down counter, generates a four bit binary output which is converted to an analogue voltage by R25 to 29, and fed via R30 to volume control input pin 12 of IC1. The stepped voltage ranges from 0v to +5.4v.

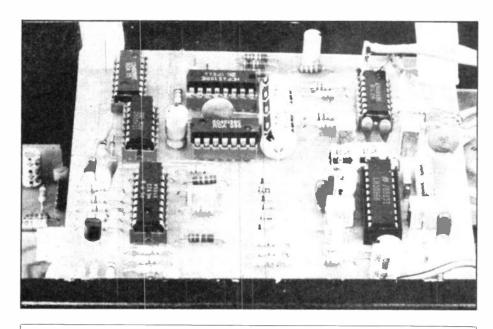
When a voltage step command is received IC3 pin 9 output pulses continuously at 15Hz, via IC4a, to IC5. The signal is then divided by four and steps IC6 through the up/down sequence. IC7, BCD to decimal decoder, examines all output codes from IC6, and gates IC4a output when one of two codes corresponding to either minimum or maximum volume are present. Otherwise, the volume sequence would keep running through max. to min. without control.

Figure 8 shows a BCD decoder to LED driver circuit, and has been included purely as an addition, not as part of the system. Connection can be made to pins 15-18 and +15v, 0v. Volume level settings are then displayed as numbers 0 to 9.

Finally, receipt of a 'flat' pulse code sets IC3 pins 2,16, and 18 to 2.7v internally. IC1 will interpret this as a flat response of bass and treble and even speaker balance.

Construction

Refer to parts list and figure 5. Start by making and inserting all sixteen links, diodes D1 to 9 (noting that D1,4,6, and 8 are zeners), and resistors



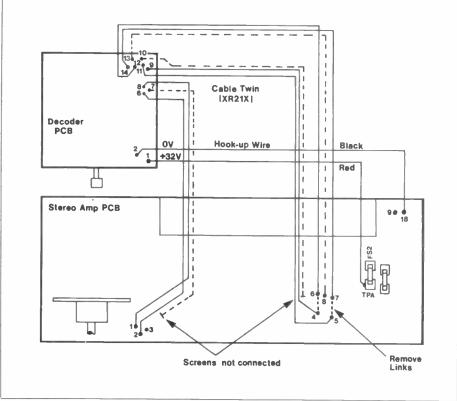


Figure 6. Connecting to 25W Mosfet Amplifier.

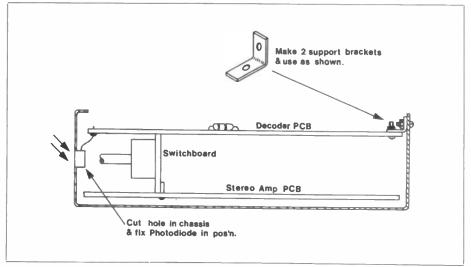


Figure 7. Mounting Decoder in 25W Mosfet Amplifier.

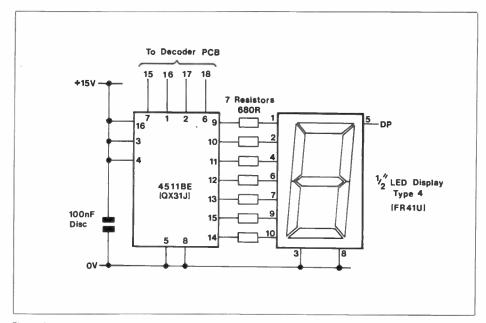


Figure 8. LED Volume Indicator.

R1 to 42. Some resistors are 1% tolerance, and should not be replaced by 5% min. types. R1 may get hot in use, and it would be advisable to mount this component a few mms above the PCB.

Axial, polycarbonate elactrolytic, and tantalum capacitors can be fitted next. Note that these components are polarised, and that tantalums have a positive sign, whilst all others have a negative sign. Fit all remaining capacitors, taking care not to bend the polycarbonate leads, as they are easily broken. Insert remaining transistors and IC holders.

Solder all parts carefully, and clean track surface to remove flux and possible short circuits. Faults are easier to find this way. Insert Vero-pins, if used, and fit all integrated circuits. A final check over is always well-advised before applying power.

Assembly And Testing

Photodiode, D10, has one active and one insensitive side. Refer to the pin configuration drawing for correct use of this component, before fitting. On the prototype, D10 was fitted to the track side of the PCB, and inserted with the active area to the front.

When applying power, note that D1 and R1 are fitted for use with the +32v power supply from the MOSFET amp P.S.U. If available, a +15v power supply would be better for test purposes, and R1 will need to be bridged with a wire or clip, to avoide a large voltage drop across it.

Current consumption of the decoder should be approximately 55-60 mA, and a check with an ammeter in series with the positive supply will indicate this.

Use a voltmeter and check the following:

IC3 pins 2,16,18 pins 8,9,12,13,14 pin 1 pin 7 IC1 pin 11	+2.7v +15v +7v 0v +14.3v
pin 7	+5.9v
TR2 collector TR3 collector TR4 collector all with respect to 0v	+15v +2.75v +1.5v

These voltage readings may vary by up to 4%, depending on the +15v rail regulation, so allow accordingly.

Connect the voltmeter to IC3 pin 7 (R31 is the most convenient place to

clip on to), and the infra-red transmitter can now be used. Hold the transmitter two to three feet in front of the photo-diode (no closer!), and press S2, volume increase. A reading of between three and five volts can be expected, varying with alterations in range. Transfer the voltmeter to the common junction of R25 and 30, above pin 19. Switch the decoder off, then on again to reset. Repeat the transmitter operation, and check the meter reading steps as follows:

0.5v, 1.2v, 1.8v, 2.5v, 3.1v, 3.7v, 4.3v, 4.7v, and 5.2v. Connect the meter to IC3 pin 8. A reading of 0v will be indicated. Press \$10 on the transmitter, and +15v should appear. Press \$1 or \$2 and the reading will change to 0v.

Connect the meter to IC3 pin 2. Switch off the decoder and re-apply power to reset. The reading will be 2.7v. Press S4 and the reading should swing up to +5.4v. Press S3 and reading will swing down to 0v. Repeat on IC3 pin 16, using S5 and S6, and IC3 pin 18, using S7/S8 on the transmitter.

The decoder PCB is now ready for use. If using in conjunction with our 25w MOSFET Amp project, refer to figure 6 for wiring details. A connection is made to TPA (+32v) using hookup wire, for the positive supply. Do not forget to remove the short across R1 before connecting to TPA, otherwise the ICs will incur damage. All audio connections are made using screened wire, and should be kept as short as possible. Figure 7 shows the decoder mounted into the amplifier chassis above the switchboard. Brackets or sticky pads can be used for securing in position, and D10 can be mounted on the front panel as shown. Obviously, you do not have to do this, and an external box, with PSU, could be used instead; connections being made with DIN or PHONO plug leads and sockets.

Alternatively, the decoder may be used with any other audio system that has access sockets, either for tape in/out or pre-amp to power amp in/out. In this case wire pin 8 to pin 9, and pin 6 to pin 11. Signal inputs will then be on pin 6/8, and outputs on pins 12/14.

Switching between remote control and local control can then be effected, although in some circumstances a 'pop' may be heard in the speakers whilst doing so.

Continued on page 21

STEREO LIST	AMP I/R CONTROL	LER PARTS	Semiconductors D1 . D2,3,4	1N4148 TIL 38	3 off	(QL80B) (YH70M)
R1 R2 R3	II ½W 5% carbon unless specified. 4k7 2k7 10k	(M4K7) (M2K7) (M10K)	TR1 TR2 IC1 Miscellaneous	VN10KM BC179 SL490		(QQ27E) (QB54J) (YH66W)
R4 RV1 Capacitors	2k2 47k hor-sub min preset	(M2K2) (WR60Q)	S1-10inc.	Switch contacts (10 way) NICAD PP3 Battery clip		(YR71N) (HW31J) (HF28F)
C1 C2 C3 C4	470uF 10V axial electrolytic 10nF disc ceramic 220nF polycarbonate 4u7F 16V tantalum	(FB71N) (BX00A) (WW45Y) (WW64U)		Veropin 2141 Flip-top Box 601 P.C.B. Switch panel		(FL21X) (LQ03D) (GA99H) (RK36P)
		For kit details see Deco	der Parts List on page	21.		



The idea is, that when leaving the car the alarm switch is turned to the on position and the 'arm' button is pressed. It is now safe to open the doors and get out of the car. After pressing the 'arm' button a timer circuit allows approximately 60 seconds to leave the car and shut the doors. After the 60 seconds, providing the doors are shut, the circuit will arm itself. If a door is then opened, the horn will sound after 15 seconds. This 15 second delay is sufficient time for the occupant to turn off the alarm, but not enough time for the thief to tamper with the switch. The horn will sound for a further 1½ minutes and the alarm will then arm itself again. If the door is left open the alarm will sound continuously.

The Circuit

Figure 1 shows the circuit diagram of the alarm and this is based on three timer circuits.

When the car door is opened the negative side of C2 is biased negative, C2 is charged and TR2 is biased hard on. TR2 now conducts down to -V and RLB changes over.

With RLB in its normal condition, it is keeping C3 fully charged and TR3 biased hard on. When RLB changes over, as described above, C3 starts discharging as R4 goes positive. In this state RLC is being shorted out, but as C3 discharges, the voltage drop across the collector and emitter of TR3 becomes larger until RLC 'pulls in' (approximately 15 seconds from RLB changeover). This causes +12V to be transmitted to the horn and allows C2 to start discharging.

When the base emitter voltage of TR2 starts to decrease, the voltage drop across RLB also decreases, until RLB 'drops out' cutting off the supply to RLC, which in turn cuts off the horn.

When leaving the car, to prevent the alarm circuit energising, C2 has to be kept discharged. This is done by making a break in the negative potential supplied by the door contacts for

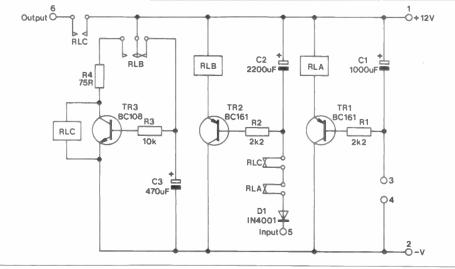


Figure 1. Circuit diagram.

the courtesy light. By turning on the supply and pressing the push to make button S2, C1 charges up, TR1 turns hard on and RLA changes over, making a break between the door contacts and the negative side of C2.

R4 is in the circuit to provide a load when TR3 is biased hard on. D1 is in the circuit to prevent C2 from discharging. R1, R2 and R3 govern the discharge rate of capacitors C1, C2 and C3 respectively. These values can be varied to alter the time delays.

Construction

The complete circuit fits into a small plastic box 71.5mm x 49mm x 24.5mm and it is therefore suggested that a PCB is used. The track side and component side of this can be seen in Figure 2. Fit and solder into position the resistors and the diode, then mount RLA, B & C, TR1, 2 & 3 and solder in position. Lastly, fit C1, 2 & 3 taking note of capacitor polarity.

On the completion of the circuit

board, a small hole can be drilled in the box, as an exit for the wires and a piece of plastic foam at the top and bottom of the completed PCB will protect it when installed. The supply switch is inserted in the circuit between supply and +12V.

For cheapness, a concealed switch can be used, e.g. fitted under the dashboard or in the glove compartment etc. A key switch proves quite effective and is relatively easy to install. The most novel idea is a combination lock, a simple version of which is shown in Figure 3.

The switch arrangement is achieved by using three 1 pole 12 way rotary switches. By connecting all of the terminals of the switch together except one, there is only one position where the switch will not conduct from the outside terminals to the inside pole. By connecting the three switches as shown, there is only one combination that will cut off the supply. In the example it is 6, 3, 6. These three switches connected in this way allow a possible 1728 different combinations.

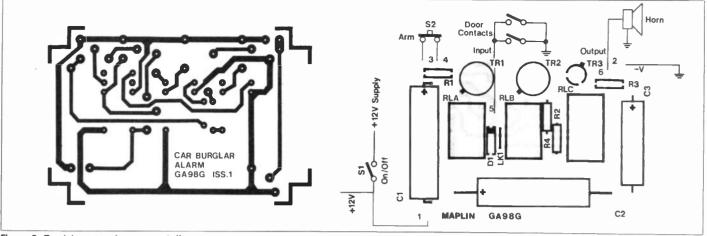


Figure 2. Track layout and component diagram.

Installation

With reference to Figure 2 proceed as follows:

- Find a convenient positive supply source and fit one of the switches as described in the previous paragraph, between the supply and the +12V of the circuit (pin 1).
- 2. Take a single wire from the negative

of the circuit (pin 2) and connect it to a metal part of the car body.

- 3. Take a single wire from the negative side of the courtesy light and connect to INPUT (pin 5).
- Take a single wire from the positive horn contact and connect it to OUT-PUT (pin 6).
- 5. Fix the 'arm' button to a convenient position on the dashboard and connect to the PCB at pins marked 3 & 4.

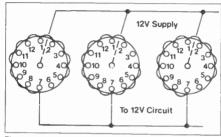


Figure 3. Combination lock.

CAR BUR	GLAR ALARM PARTS 6W 5% carbon unless specified	LIST	Maplin Code	D1 Miscellaneous	1N4001		(QL73Q)
R1,2 R3 R4 Capacitors	2k2 10k 75R (½W)	2 off	(M2K2) (M10K) (S75R)	RLA,B RLC S1 S2	Ultra-min relay SPDT Ultra-min relay DPDT See text Push switch	2 off	(YX94C) (YX95D) (FH59P)
C1 C2 C3 Semiconductors	1000uF 16V axial electrolytic 2200uF 25V axial electrolytic 470uF 16V axial electrolytic		(FB82D) (FB90X) (FB72P)		Verobox 301 Veropin 2145 PCB Wire	6 off	(LL12N) (FL24B) (GA98G) As required
TR1,2 TR3	BC161 BC108	2 off	(QB49D) (QB32K)	A complete I Order As LW	cit of parts is available for thi 78K (Car Burglar Alarm Kit).	s projec	t. Price £6.95

IR REMOTE CONTROLLER

Continued from page 19

Maximum range is quite good, and may be improved by careful adjustment of RV1 on the transmitter PCB. Most average sized rooms should be adequately covered, but close range

use (i.e. three feet or less) may not work reliably, and local control is preferable here. When first switching everything on, the decoder will be in local control mode; remote control is effected by pressing the volume buttons. Set bass.

treble, and balance to suit, or press LOC/REM button for return to local control. When changing control from local to remote all other settings switch 'flat' and will need re-adjustment as necessary with the appropriate button.

PARTS LIS	ST — STEREO AMP I	/R DI	ECODER	C11,12 C13	390nF polycarbonate 10uF 35V P.C. electrolytic	2 off	(WW48C) (FF04E)
Resistors - all V	W 5% carbon unless specified.			C14	10uF 25V axial electrolytic		(FB22Y)
R1				C15,17	3u3F 35V tantalum	2 off	(WW63T)
	270R (3W) wirewound	-7	(W270R)	C16,19,20,26	1uF 35V tantalum	4 off	(WW60Q)
R2,3,31,33,40	4k7	5 off	(M4K7)	C18	33nf polycarbonate		(WW35Q)
R4,5,37,41	1M0	4 off	(M1M)	C23	4u7F 63V P.C. electrolytic		(FF03D)
R6-11	3k9	6 off	(M3K9)	C24	1uF 100V P.C. electrolytic		(FF01B)
R12,14-18inc.,22		7 off	(M56K)	C25	470nF 100V P.C. electrolytic		(FFOOA)
R13	16k (½W 1%)		(T16K)	C27	2n2F ceramic		(WX72P)
R19	51k (½W 1%)		(T51K)	C28	1nF ceramic		(WX68Y)
R20,24,39	100k	3 off	(M100K)	C29	47nF polycarbonate		(WW37S)
R21	68k		(M68K)	Semiconductors			(
R23,32,36	10k	3 off	(M10K)	D1	BZX61C15V		(QF57M)
R25	130k (½W 1%)		(T130K)	D2,3,5,7,9	1N4148	5 off	(QL80B)
R26	62k (%W 1%)		(T62K)	D4,6,8	BZY88C5V6	3off	(QL00B)
R27	30k (½W 1%)		(T30K)	D10	TIL 100	3011	(YH71N)
R28	16k (½W 1%)		(T16K)	TR1	BC548		(QB73Q)
R29	13k (½W 1%)		(T13K)	TR2,4	BC179	2 off	(QB/3Q) (QB54J)
R30,34,35	220k	3 off	(M220K)	TR3	BC109c	2011	(QB33L)
R38	82k		(M82K)	IC1	LM1035		
R42	2M2 (10%)		(M2M2)	IC2	4066 BE		(QY19V)
Capacitors			(1112(112)	103	ML922		(QX23A)
C1	100uF 25V P.C. electrolytic		(FF11M)	IC4	4011 BE		(YH67X)
C2	470uF 16V axial electrolytic		(FB72P)	IC5	4013 BE		(QX05F)
C3,4	470nF polycarbonate	2 off	(WW49D)	IC6	4510 BE		(QX07H)
C5,6	2u2F 35V tantalum	2 off	(WW62S)	IC7	4028 BE		(QW83E)
C7,21,22	100nF disc ceramic	3 off	(BX03D)	Miscellaneous	4020 BE		(QX17T)
C8,9	10nF polycarbonate	2 off	(WW29G)	Miscellatieous	Varania 0141		
C10	47uF 25V axial electrolytic	2011	(FB39N)		Veropin 2141 P.C.B.	19 off	(FL21X)
010	47th 254 axiai electrolytic		(LD3314)		F.C.B.		(GA97F)
	A complete kit of a Ord	all the pa	rts needed to bu	ild the Encoder and the Control Kit). Price	Decoder are available.		
			and the second second				

SAY IT WITH SATELLITES

by Mike Wharton

Part 1: The historical background

In 1945 a young engineer with an interest in science fiction had an article published in 'Wireless World' which was to change the face of radio communication. At the time the Editor concerned debated whether the ideas contained in the article were more fancy than fact, but he took a gamble and, one supposes, hoped for the best. The article explained how it should be possible for radio communication to be extended over ranges far exceeding those then available by the use of a transmitter out in space. The author of the article was Arthur C. Clarke, whose name has since become world-famous.

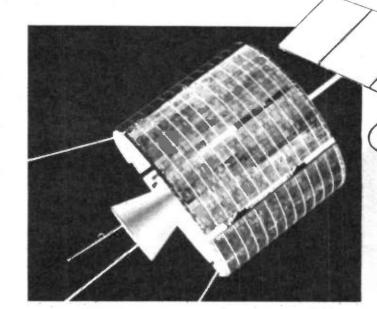
At the firme the original article was published the technology required to build and launch an artificial satellite into a geostationary orbit barely existed. Clarke's great foresight was to realise that the Second World War had produced a variety of machines and techniques which, developed in the right direction, could achieve this goal. For example, the German V-rockets had been brought to a stage of design where a multi-stage version could have reached New York from Europe; if it could do that, then it could also put a satellite into orbit.

Such technology was not to be used for this purpose immediately, although the rockets were continually refined, but with a view to improving the long range strike capability of the American and Russian war machines.

As the race to achieve space supremacy between these two powers continued, the socalled 'Space Race', the peaceful use of satellites was eclipsed. It was not until October 1957, when the Russians successfully put Sputnik 1 into orbit, that the attention of the public was focussed onto this 'final frontier'. The thought that the Russians might be winning the space race galvanised the Americans into action, and made it politically possible for the expenditure of the billions of dollars involved in such a venture. Initially, much of this money went into putting men, rather than satellites, into space, but this provided the necessary hardware and technical back-up for the delicate task of placing such a package into a precise orbit.

The next step along the road towards the present day proliferation of communication satellites came in July 1962, with the launch of Telstar by NASA. This was a low-orbiting satellite because the available technology was unable to push it far enough out into space to take up a geostationary orbit. Such low orbit satellites need to be tracked as they encircle the globe, and this results in the use of expensive, computer-controlled antenna systems, such as those which may be seen on Goonhilly Downs in Cornwall. Telstar's elliptical orbit and speed of 18,000 mph made such tracking difficult, with possibly only sixty minutes good communication time per day between any two locations.

Some readers, however, may recall that it was sufficiently eventful to inspire a pop record by the Tornadoes, which even



attempted to recreate the AOS (Acquisition of Satellite) and LOS (Loss of Satellite) at the beginning and end of the record.

For a satellite to remain in orbit it is necessary for it to revolve around the Earth, so that the downward pull of gravity is balanced by the outward centrifugal force, as shown in Figure 1. In order for the satellite to appear to remain stationary over one point on the Earth's surface, it must rotate at the same speed as the Earth, and in the same direction. Figure 2 shows the orbital velocity against altitude, and it can be seen that for a satellite to remain in such a geostationary orbit it must be pushed out into space to a distance of about 36,000 km (22,400 mls).

One of the first satellites to be put into such an orbit was INTELSAT 1, or 'Early Bird', as it was originally called. It was launched in July 1965 and measured 60 cms long by 72 cms diameter and weighed under 70 kg. This satellite could handle 240 voice channels or just one TV channel, and although designed for a life of 18 months was still going strong more than three years later. There quickly followed further INTELSAT's, despite the failure of the first of the INTEL-SAT 2 and 3 series, so that by the time man first set foot on the moon on 20th July 1969 INTELSAT was able to transmit live TV pictures of this historic event around the world. As a result of these satellites placed in

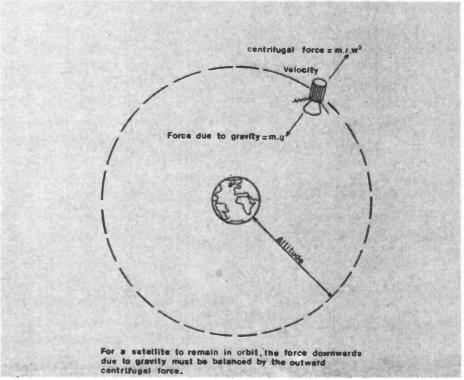
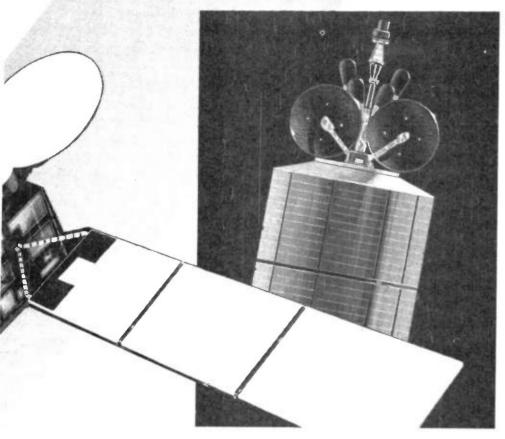


Figure 1.



geostationary orbits at various points over the globe, the term 'live by satellite' became a TV catch-phrase increasingly familiar to viewers across the world.

Since those early days in satellite communications, the number in orbit around the earth has increased enormously and there are now literally thousands, with all manner of different capabilities. These range from what might be termed the communication types to the military 'spy-inthe-sky' and navigation satellites. They have become big business, and, besides the conventional communications satellites, there are those like Meteosat and Tiros-N which are used by meteorologists to observe

the movement of weather patterns. Some of this class of satellites have extremely good imaging systems, like Land-sat, and are used by geologists to seek out surface features in the search for oil and mineral deposits. By gathering information from such satellites over a period of time, it is possible to build up a comprehensive picture of the whole globe.

This provides the means to predict what the Russian grain harvest will be six months before it is harvested, which has obvious political implications. With such a potential capability at its disposal, it is not surprising that military interest in satellites has grown considerably. There are now Ameri-

Figure 2.
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can satellites out in space which are reputed to be able to 'read' a newspaper head-line. It may not be a joke that on the flat roof of a CIA building in America are written the words, in Russian, 'when you can read this you are five years behind'.

The next development in satellite communication has already made a start in the USA, that of Direct Broadcasting by Satellite or DBS. Because of the size of the North American continent it makes a lot of sense to use small satellites for radio communication due to the necessarily limited range of ground-based transmitting stations. There are in existence a number of such satellites. like the Westar group, launched by Western Union between 1974 and 1979. This is a group of three satellites positioned over the equator in geostationary orbits; Westar 1 is in line with San Antonio, Texas, Westar 2 with San Francisco, and Westar 3 with Baton Rouge, Louisiana. Together they give coverage for the transmission of data, TV, voice and facsimile communications traffic across the continent.

Although this type of satellite was not originally intended for direct broadcasting to the public at large, enterprising experimenters soon discovered that with a modest amount of effort and equipment it was perfectly possible to intercept the transmissions beamed to earth. The fact that one was able to eavesdrop on what had hitherto been regarded as 'private' communication links probably had more to do with its popularity than the actual programmes received. One thing it did demonstrate, however, was that with a satellite in a geostationary orbit, the need for extremely sensitive and expensive steerable receiver antennae could be done away with. This immediately opens up a whole new field of possibilities, and the American satellite business was not slow to realise the enormous potential involved.

For experimenters of a similar mind in this country the picture is not quite the same (pun not intended). As far as receiving TV transmissions is concerned there is not, as yet, anything to compare with those over North America. The only one of this type visible from Britain is the Russian Gorizont satellite. Needless to say, even to receive it one cannot just get a big antenna pointed in its general direction and plugged into a normal TV set. Differing standards of picture transmission apart, one of the biggest problems to overcome is that of the frequency of the down-link signal. To make the best use of the available bandwidth, and because other frequencies have long been allocated to different uses, the signals transmitted by these satellites lie in the Giga-hertz range; for example, the North American standard has a spectrum of 3.7 to 4.2 GHz.

The design of receivers and tuners at this frequency seems to owe more to black magic than maths, and the down-link frequency for the proposed European DBS transmissions will be around 12 GHz, in order that smaller receiver dishes may be used. On the other hand, for those interested in receiving signals from a satellite, then the various Amateur satellites probably offer the best scope for experimentation. There are a number of these in orbit, called OSCAR's (Orbital Satellites Carrying Amateur Radio), as well as the recently launched Russian ones. Although they are intended to be used as transponders to increase the range of Amateur radio transmissions, the latest of the series, OSCAR 9, has a TV camera and voice synthesiser on board. Also, the downlink frequency of these transmissions is 145 MHz, and the next article will look at these satellites in more detail.

THE SEALED NICKEL CADMIUM BATTERY

by W. D. C. Walker, B.Sc., C.Chem., M.R.S.C.

ealed, maintenance-free rechargeable batteries are becoming increasingly readily available to the model maker, handyman, radio enthusiast and electronics engineer. Until recently they have served the public in a somewhat hidden way, as components of 'rechargeable' razors, calculators etc. Nowadays they can be obtained off the shelf, and for most purposes only small amount of knowledge on simple charging techniques is necessary. Single units are referred to as 'cells', and these can be connected together into 'batteries'.

We shall be considering the sealed nickel-cadmium cells and batteries, which are the 'maids of all work' in the small power source field.

Probably the most important facts are:—

1. The cell discharge voltages are essentially the same as those of 'dry', cells, i.e. zinc/carbon or alkaline manganese;

Some nickel-cadmium cells have exactly the same dimensions as the common dry cells and can be interchanged;

 Their discharge currents can be drawn continuously, and very rapidly as required

 They can be recharged and discharged a great number of times; 500 or 1,000 times, or many more depending on use;

 They can be left on continuous charge for years, and thereby maintained in a constant, fully charged state of readiness.

There are, of course, a few 'ifs' and 'buts' relating to the above and we shall consider these below.

There are two basic types of sealed nickel cadmium cell: the 'cylindrical' cells and the 'button' cells. A mixed group is shown in Figure 1, and Figures 2 and 3 illustrate construction differences and similarities. Respectively tables 1 and 2 give details of the available sizes of the two kinds.

Note that the nickel cadmium cells which are interchangeable with dry batteries are to be found amongst the cylindricals, and Table 1 includes references to the non-rechargeable zinc-carbon and alkaline-manganese equivalents. We shall deal with the cylindrical cells first.

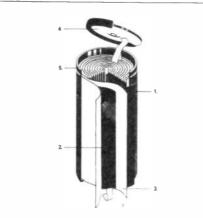
Cylindrical Cells

As an example, consider a nickel cadmium cell of penlight size, the AN 50. It can be left permanently on charge at currents of up to 65mA; it can deliver 10A for 30 seconds; 5A for 3 minutes; or 0.5A for 1 hour. All this can be done in any position, and cycles of charge and discharge can be repeated hundreds or thousands of times. It has the same dimensions as the penlight HP7 and MN1500, and can be used in temperatures as low as -30°C, and as high as +50°C, and attains at least half capacity at the extremes.

How is this versatility achieved? The main secret is in the 'Oxygen Recombination Reaction', which means that the gas produced internally on overcharge is absorbed continuously and re-used inside the sealed



Figure 1. Various Ni-Cad batteries



- 1. Sintered nickel positive electrode.
- 2. Electrodeposited cadmium negative electrode.
- 3. Separator.
- 4. Top cover with resealing safety vent.
- 5. Nickel plated steel can.
- 6. Electrolyte.

Figure 2. Construction of a 4.5 Ah cylindrical cell (AN450).

cell in accordance with the reaction:— $0_2 + 2 H_2 0 + 2 Cd \rightarrow 2 Cd (0H)_2$

The oxygen is given off at the positive (nickel) electrode and reacts very quickly with the cadmium in the charged negative electrode. To help this reaction in the cell the two electrodes are separated only by a thin porous membrane. Cylindrical cells are spirally wound (as shown in Figure 2), whereas button cells consist of flat plates (as shown in the sectional drawing in Figure 3). The electrode 'plates' are made containing finely divided 'active' materials, nickel hydroxide for the positive and cadmium hydroxide for the negative. These materials are absorbed into a sintered or an electrodeposited metal matrix, and this type of construction gives the very low internal resistances and the correspondingly high short-circuit currents shown in Figure 4.

Note that the cylindrical cells are fitted with a re-sealing one-way safety vent that relieves any excess internal pressure caused by a fault or abuse. It opens at about 200 psi and closes again at about 175 psi. Typical abuse conditions would be overcharging at too high a current or excessive reverse charging.

The electrical capacity of a secondary (i.e. rechargeable) cell is expressed in Ampere hours (Ah) or for small cells in milli-Ampere hours (mAh). It depends on the rate of discharge, and it is common practice to measure it at the 5-hour rate. It will be seen from Table 1 that the cylindricals come in a wide range of capacities, from 110 mAh to 10 Ah.

Cells can be connected together in series to produce batteries. Only cells of the same capacity should be used. Connecting in series increases the voltage but the resulting battery has the same ampere hour capacity as the individual cells. Thus ten 4 Ah cells connected in series will give a battery of 12

	Ready ogue			Voltage	re-Hour city (Ah)	eter	# -	‡	16 Hour Charge Rate Milliamperes	Equivaler 'Dry' Batt (not rech	nt eries argeable)
	Ever Ready Catalogue Code	IEC No.	Size	Cell V	Ampere - Capacity	Diameter (mm)	Height (mm)	Weight (g)	16 Ho Charg Millia	Zinc Carbon	Alkaline Manganese
	NCC18	KR/11/45	AAA	1.2	0.18	10.5	44.5	10.0	18	HP16	MN2400
	NCC12	KR/15/18	1/3AA	1.2	0.11	14.1	17.0	8.0	12		
	NCC24		½AA	1.2	0.24	14.3	28.1	14.0	24		
	AN45	KR/16/29	1/2A	1.2	0.45	16.7	28.1	19.0	45		
	AN50	KR/15/51	AA	1.2	0.50	14.3	50.3	25.0	50	Penlight HP7	MN1500
	AN60	KR/17/51	super AA	1.2	0.60	15.6	50.0	30.0	60		
1	AN140	KR/23/43	RR	1.2	1.40	22.6	42.6	50.0	140		
	AN220	KR/27/50	С	1.2	2.20	26.0	49.0	70.0	220	HP11	MN1400
	AN260	KR/35/44	½D	1.2	2.60	32.5	43.7	100.0	260		
	AN400	KR/35/62	D	1.2	4.00	32.5	61.3	140.0	400	LIDO	MN11200
-	AN450	R/35/62	D	1.2	4.50	33.8	61.0	150.0	450	HP2	MN1300
Ī	AN700	KR/35/92	F	1.2	7.00	33.8	91.0	225.0	700		
	AN1000	KR/44/91	super	1.2	10.00	41.5	91.0	345.0	1000		

Table 1. Some typical cylindrical cells.

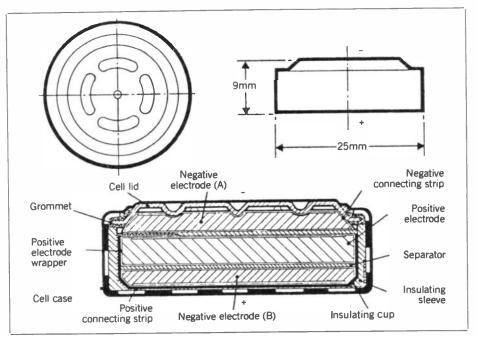
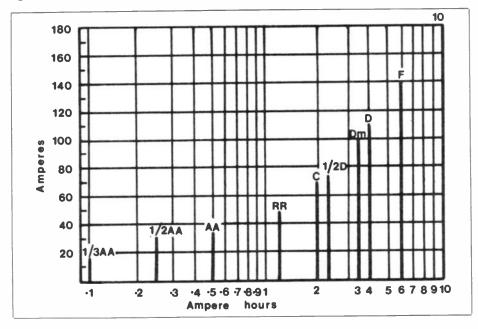


Figure 3. Construction of a 250 mAh button cell (NCB25DA).



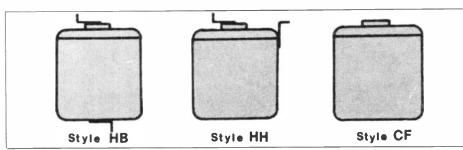


Figure 5 Solder tag styles.

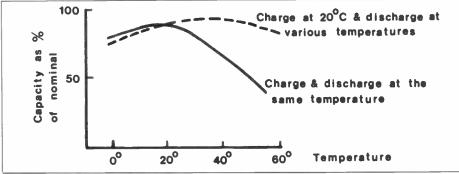


Figure 6. Variation of capacity with temperature. September 1982 Maplin Magazine

volts (1.2 x 10) and the capacity is unchanged at 4 Ah.

The charge or discharge currents (or 'rates') of cells and batteries are usually expressed as multiples or sub-multiples of the ONE HOUR or 'C' rate. This standard convention makes for easier comparison between batteries of different sizes.

For instance the C/10 rate will discharge any cell or battery in 10 hours; the C/5 hour rate will discharge it in 5 hours and the 2C rate will discharge in ½ hour. The C/10 rate is 1 A for a 10 Ah battery and 200 mA for a 2 Ah battery.

It is very important to grasp that the charging/discharging cycle has an efficiency coefficient of about 1.5, so that the 'C/10' current would in fact need about 15 hours (10×1.5) for a full charge.

It is worth dwelling a little on the cells which have the same dimensions as 'dry' or common non-rechargeable cells. For many purposes e.g. tape recorders, transceivers, torches etc., nickel cadmium cells can take the place of the equivalent battery. They have many advantages. They can give heavier, continuous power if needed, and their voltages are more uniform during discharge. Their rechargeability makes them very economical in use, and many hundreds of recharges can be obtained at a small fraction of a penny each.

Very often nickel cadmium cells are soldered into circuits. This is desirable if high currents are to be taken, or the battery is to be kept on permanent charge in readiness or standby for emergency purposes. Cell manufacturers fit solder tags at no extra cost, and the styles are shown in Figure 5. When ordering cells the designation 'CF', 'HH' or 'HB' should be used. This is easy to remember if associated with the terms 'Contact Free', 'Head-Head', 'Head-Base'. Note that soldering directly on to a cell case could severely damage the cell.

From the point of view of the tolerance of electronic circuits, it is very important to realise that the battery on-charge voltage is higher than the discharge voltage. Thus, a circuit may have to tolerate 1.5 volts per cell on charge at the C/8 rate and a mid-point discharge voltage of 1.25 volts/cell at the C/5 rate.

Sealed (i.e. gas recombining) cells should not be charged in parallel as their very low internal resistances and supressed overcharge voltages can mean that one cell or one row of cells is doing all the work and getting more than its fair share of overcharge current. It is also possible under these parallel conditions for a row of cells to receive very high 'stray' currents from neighbouring rows. Diode protection between rows is sometimes incorporated to reduce this possibility.

Temperature

A battery is by nature a chemical device and therefore it is affected by temperature in a variety of ways. The lower working limit of the nickel-cadmium system is generally taken to be the freezing point of the potassium hydroxide electrolyte at about -30°C. At low temperatures the charging process becomes more efficient, and for continuous charging under these conditions an upper charge voltage limit of 1.55 volts per cell is often imposed. By this, it is meant the circuits are designed so that as this voltage is approached the charging current will decrease and the upper voltage limit is not exceeded. This will greatly reduce the possibility of gassing under these very efficient charge conditions.

The battery capacity is also affected by temperature and Figure 6 demonstrates this. Note the differences between the two

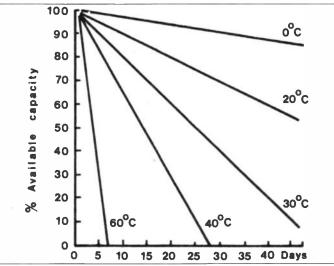


Figure 7. Charge retention versus storage temperature.

curves. Charging is more efficient at low temperatures and less so at high temperatures. These curves highlight this.

Another important aspect of battery temperature is its influence on the retention of charge on standing. Figure 7 demonstrates the marked self-discharge brought about by storing charged cells at elevated temperatures. Compare, however, with the button-cell performance shown on Figure 9.

Special Cylindrical Cells

When batteries have to be kept on continuous charge under conditions of high temperature, such as in emergency lighting where there are electric lamps, transformers, chokes etc. to generate heat, it is now common practice to use specially formulated cylindrical cells to withstand these arduous conditions and to comply with recent specifications. These batteries need to have an expected life of at least four years in use. (Specification BS 5266 and ICEL 1001.)

Button Cells

These cells are not fitted with a venting mechanism, and their construction means that they have a higher internal resistance. They are very popular for relatively small current, regular cycling, and infrequent or limited overcharge applications. Their capacities range from 60 mAh to 600 mAh, as shown in Table 2. Although their energy densities are somewhat less than that of cylindricals (70 watt-hours per litre compared with 100 watt-hours per litre), this is often compensated for by the compact way in which they can be stacked to form very convenient battery packs, as illustrated in Figure 8.

A cross-section of a button cell is shown in Figure 3. This is of the 250 mAh size and it will be seen to have three electrodes; one positive sandwiched between two negatives. This is a typical so-called 'D.A.' construction. Other variations are the 'Z.A.' type with only two electrodes and the 'V.A.' with four electrodes. The greater the number of electrodes, the lower the internal resistance for a given Ampere hour capacity (see

Button cells are of the 'mass plate' type of construction, in which the electrodes are produced by compressing the active chemical ingredients into metal mesh pockets. The big advantage of these pressed plate cells is that they retain their charge longer when stored (compare figures 7 and 9). This very important property of button cells is often utilised for memory protection in electronic circuits.

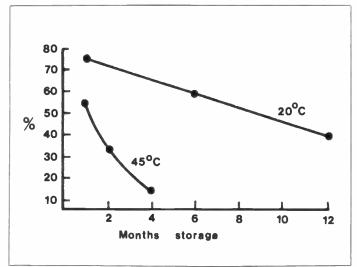


Figure 9. Charge retention of button cells.



Figure 8. A selection of button cell batteries.

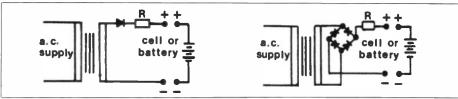


Figure 10. Simple charging circuits.

	Capacity	Voltage	Maximum Diameter	Maximum Thickness	Approx. Weight	C/10 Charge Rate	Internal Resistance
NCB6ZA	60mAh	1.2	16mm	6.1 mm	4g	6mA	280m 😥
NCB11ZA	110mAh	1.2	23mm	4.5mm	6g	11 mA	140m Ω
NCB15ZA	150mAh	1.2	25mm	5.5mm	9g	15mA	120m Ω
NCB25ZA	250mAh	1.2	25mm	9.0mm	13g	25mA	100m Ω
NCB25DA	250mAh	1.2	25mm	9.0mm	13.5g	25mA	70m 🔉
NCB60ZA	600mAh	1.2	35mm	10.0mm	30.0g	60mA	70m Ω
NCB60VA	600mAh	1.2	35mm	10.0mm	30.5g	60mA	30m Ω

Table 2. Some typical button cells.

Continuous charging of button cells is possible at normal temperatures, but it is necessary to limit the charge current to C/100. Thus, for the 250 mAh cell or battery, the maximum 'trickle' current should be 2.5 mA.

As with other cells, solder joints must not be made directly on to the cell cases, as internal plastic insulators could be damaged. Manufacturers supply cells and batteries with solder tags as requested. Certain packs, for memory protection, are often supplied with tags suitable for fixing directly to PC boards.

Charging

For most purposes a 'constant-current'

charge system is used for sealed cells. Figure 10 gives a couple of simple circuits suitable for this purpose. For a satisfactory constant current it is recommended that the resistances marked 'R' drop a voltage about equal to that of the battery being charged.

Other types include circuits for charging from vehicle batteries, solar cells and transistorised sources, and there are many techniques employed for controlling such refinements as fast charging, and correcting for extremes of environmental conditions.

Simple, well designed, and convenient chargers are readily available on the retail market, to accept and charge cells and batteries for domestic items such as torches, tape recorders, and toys etc.

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LH62S ABS BOX 20U6 LH63V ABS Console M100 LH65V ABS Console M600 LH66W ABS Console M600 LH67X ABS Console M600 LH67X ABS Console M600 Page 39 LH68Y ABS Console M800 WY00A Metal Panel Bs M4 WY01B Metal Panel Bs M4	23.35 66. £4.25 25. £2.96 66. £3.82 17. £5.20 25. £4.55 26.85 20.33 20.	XY53H Wood-End Case 9 XY55K Wood-End Case 9 XY55K Wood-End Case 1 XY55M Wood-End Case 1 XY57M Wood-End Case 1 XY36N 19 in, Card Fram XY39N 19 in, Card Fram XY39N 12 Front Panel YR50E 6E Front Panel YR51E 12E Front Panel	47 £16.50 426 £13.95 437 £18.95 449 £22.80 1 £38.50 1se £24.95 £4.25	Page 49 XRS7M HC Wire Black XRSSN HC Wire Green XRS9P HC Wire Red XR40T Extra Flex Black XR41U Extra Flex Blue XR43W Extra Flex Green XR44X Extra Flex Red XR45Y Extra Flex Pellow XR22Y ELT Wire BLI11M Strappg Wire 16se		YR17T YR18U BL66W HL70M	lack	WX10L Mica Sopr WX11M Mica 68pf WX12N Mica 82pf WX13P Mica 100pf WX14Q Mica 120pf WX15R Mica 150pf WX16S Mica 180pf WX16S Mica 180pf	28p
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WX28F Mica 2200 pF WX29G Mica 2700pF WX30H Mica 3600pF WX31J Mica 4700pF WX31J Mica 6800pF WX31K Mica 6800pF WX34M Mica 8200pf WX34M Mica 8200pf 8X24B Polystyrene 22 8X25C Polystyrene 27 8X27E Polystyrene 47 8X27E Polystyrene 47 8X28F Polystyrene 100 8X29G Polystyrene 150 8X30H Polystyrene 500 8X31J Polystyrene 370 8X31J Polystyrene 370 8X31J Polystyrene 560 8X34M Polystyrene 560 8X34M Polystyrene 100 8X36P Polystyrene 100 8X37F Polystyrene 150 8X37F Polystyrene 1500 8X37F Polystyrene 1500 8X37F Polystyrene 1500 8X37F Polystyrene 220 8X37R Polystyrene 220 8X37R Polystyrene 220 8X37R Polystyrene 220 8X38R Polystyrene 370 8X38R Polystyrene 370 8X38R Polystyrene 370	92p	WW62S Tant 2 2 uF 35 v. WW63T Tant 3.3 uF 35 v. WW64U Tant 4.7 uF 16 v. WW65V Tant 4.7 uF 16 v. WW65V Tant 4.7 uF 35 v. WW66W Tant 6.8 uF 16 v. WW67X Tant 10 uF 35 v. WW68Y Tant 10 uF 35 v. WW70M Tant 10 uF 35 v. WW70M Tant 10 uF 35 v. WW72P Tant 2 uF 16 v. WW73Q Tant 2 uF 16 v. WW73Q Tant 2 uF 16 v. WW74R Tant 3 uF 10 v. WW75S Tant 4 uF 16 v. WW76K Tant 10 uF 30 v. WW79L Tant 10 uF 10 v. YW29G Minelect 0.1 uF 50 v. YY30H Minelect 0.1 uF 50 v. YY31J Minelect 0.1 uF 50 v.	199 219 229 259 259 369 369 329 579 759 359 139 139 139 139 139 140	FB02C Reversolytic 3.3uF. FB03D Reversolytic 4.7uF. FB04E Reversolytic 6.8uF. FB06G Reversolytic 10uF. FB06B Reversolytic 10uF. FB09B Reversolytic 15uF. FB09B Reversolytic 22uF. FB09B Reversolytic 22uF. FF19V Can 1000uF 100V. FF21X Can 200uF 40V. FF22Y Can 2200uF 63V. FF22B Can 3300uF 63V. FF25C Can 3300uF 63V. FF25C Can 3300uF 63V. FF25C Can 4700uF 25V. FF25C Can 4700uF 10V. FF25C Can 4700uF 10V. FF26B Can 4700uF 10V. FF27B Can 4700uF 10V. FF27B Can 4700uF 10V. FF31J Can 10.00uF 25V. FF37B Can 6800uF 40V. FF31J Can 10.00uF 25V.	54p 58p 66p 68p 70p £1.86 £1.95 £2.15 £3.25 £2.15 £3.25 £3.25 £3.25 £3.25	XB42V Car Speakers Door XY730 10W Shelf Spkrs. XQ755 10W Car Stereo Spkr XQ76H 20W Air Suspen Spki LY06G Car Cassette Carrier. AF00A Booster Amp. AF01B Booster Equaliser Page 72 YX86T Flow Sensor. YX85G Speed Sensor.	£4.85 £17.99 £37.50	HH21X Stereo Line Skt. HH22Y Scr Stereo Line Sk HH07H Co-ax Piug Aly. HH06G Co-ax Piug Plas. YW08J Co-ax Poug Plas. YW08J Co-ax Socket Plan. HH08J Co-ax Socket Plan. HH08J Co-ax Socket Plan. HH18D Co-ax Conn. HH13P Co-ax Conn. HH13P Car Piug Plas. HH14Q Chassis Car Piug. HH14Q Car Line Socket. HH15R Car Line Socket. HH15R Car Line Socket. HH16S FM Aerual Piug. HH18U BNC Socket. GAB4F Remote Data Litch	29p 25p 43p 15p 14p 24p 24p DIS 17p 98p
BX40T Polystyrene 5600 BX41U Polystyrene 6800 BX92A Polystyrene 10,000 BX93B Polystyrene 22,000	10p 10p 14p 19p	Y32K Minelect 2 2uF 50V Y33L Minelect 1 7uF 25V Y34M Minelect 1 0uF 16V Y35Q Minelect 1 0uF 25V Y36P Minelect 2 2uF 16V Y37S Minelect 2 2uF 16V Page 63	13p	FF30H Can 6800uf 40V FF31J Can 10,000uf 25V FF32K Can 10,000uf 63V FF33L Clip Can 25 FF34M Clip Can 35 FF35Q Clip Can 40 FF36P Clip Can 60 FF37S Horiz Clip 25 FF38R Horiz Clip 35 WL68Y Trimmer 10pF WL70M Trimmer 10pF WL70M Trimmer 10pF		CONNECTORS Page 73 HF25C Croc Clips HF23A Alligator Clip Black HF24B Alligator Clip Red HF26D Charger Clip BW69A Croc Lead Kx HF10L Push-On Raceptacle HF11M Push-On Blade	33p	Page 77 YW00A BNC Square Socket W01B BNC Line Socket W02C BNC Straight Adapt W03D BNC T Adaptor BW81C Plug PL259 BW82D UHF Reducer Smal BW83E UHF Reducer Large BW84F UHF Socket Round BW85G Socket Round	£1 10 or £1.37 £2.95 51 p
Page 61 BX46A 1% Polysty 100 BX47B 1% Polysty 150 BX49D 1% Polysty 220 BX50E 1% Polysty 270 BX51F 1% Polysty 270 BX51F 1% Polysty 330 BX52G 1% Polysty 370 BX53H 1% Polysty 470 BX53H 1% Polysty 470 BX55H 1% Polysty 750 BX55H 1% Polysty 750 BX55H 1% Polysty 750 BX56L 1% Polysty 1500 BX57H 1% Polysty 1200	29p 29p 29p 29p 29p 29p 29p	FF04E PC Elect 10uF 33V FF05F PC Elect 22uF 16V FF06G PC Elect 22uF 16V FF07H PC Elect 22uF 35V FF08H PC Elect 47uF 35V FF10L PC Elect 100uF 10V FF11M PC Elect 100uF 63V FF12N PC Elect 220uF 16V FF14Q PC Elect 220uF 16V	10p 10p 10p 10p 11p 12p 12p 12p 14p 12p 12p 12p 12p 12p 12p 12p	WL69A Trimmer Jopf WL70M Trimmer 22pf WL72P Trimmer 65pf WL73D Trimmer 50pf WL73D Trimmer 50pf WL73D Trimmer 50pf YQ24B AM Vantune. Page 65 FF39N Vari O. FF40T DG Vari FF41U Twin 00 FF42V SW Trim 10pf FF43W SW Trim 10pf FF43W SW Trim 25pf FF44X SW Trim 25pf FF45Y SW Trim 50pf FF45Y SW Trim 50pf FF46X SW Trim 50pf F	£1.32 £4.62 £6.95 £7.16 £4.45	H12N PUSH-UN Covers YX47B Cormon Block 5-way YX48C Cormon Ferminal H602C Terminal Post Bluck H603D Terminal Post Bluck H603D Terminal Post Bluck H604D Terminal Post Brown H605F Terminal Post Grey H607H Terminal Post Red H608J Terminal Post White H609K Terminal Post White H618P Press Terminal Bluck H614Q Press Terminal Bluck H614Q Press Terminal Bluck	735 35p 37p 37p 38p 38p 38p 35p 38p 28p	BW87U UHF T Adaptor YW04E Adaptor 239 YW05F Adaptor 239 YW55F Adaptor 239 YX55F Audio Conn 2-way YX52G Audio Conn 3-way YX54J Audio Conn 6-way BW89W XLR Line Plug Page 78	E1.32 or59p £1.55 £1.12 £1.40 £1.15 £1.35 £1.26 £1.55 £1.75 £1.82
WW22Y Carbonate 0.001 WW23A Carbonate 0.0015	29p 29p 37p 37p 37p 37p 37p 48p 9p	FF15R PC Elect 470uF 16V. FF16S PC Elect 470uF 25V. FF59P PC Elect 470uF 63V. FF17T PC Elect 1000uF 16V FF18U PC Elect 1000uF 16V FF18U PC Elect 1000uF 25V FF813P Axial 10.47uF 250V. F813P Axial 10.47uF 250V. F814P Axial 10.47uF 250V. F815P Axial 2.2uF 63V. F816S Axial 2.2uF 63V. F816S Axial 2.2uF 63V. F818U Axial 4.7uF 63V. F819V Axial 4.7uF 63V.	20p 25p 56p 27p 33p 42p 21p 21p 25p 10p 10p 10p	FF48C SW Trim 75pF FF48C SW Trim 100pF FF48C SW Trim 100pF FF50E Dilecon 300pF FF51F Dilecon 500pF FF51F Dilecon 500pF FF77J F5 Crystal 10MHz FF78K F5 Crystal 10MHz FF79L MP Crystal 1MHz FF80B MP Crystal 2MHz FF81C MP Crystal 4MHz FF81C MP Crystal 4MHz FF81C MP Crystal 6.144MH FF84F MP Crystal 18.432M MC CRYstal 18.	£5.50 £4.45 £4.35 £4.55 £5.95 £2.95 £2.45 £2.20 £2.20	HF17T Press Terminal White HF18U Press Terminal Yellw. BW72P Quickterm Lever 2way YR92A Quickterm Type B	62p 62p 62p 20p 20p 15p 15p	BW94A ATR Chessis Plug BW94C Deliated Spin A Pl BW98C Dinitch Spin A Pl BW98C Dinitch Spin A Pl H424E DIN LYS Plug H425C DIN Plug 3-pin H426D DIN Plug 3-pin A H427E DIN Plug 3-pin A H427E DIN Plug 5-pin A H427E DIN Plug 5-pin A H427E DIN Plug 5-pin A H428C DIN Plug 6-pin H430H DIN Plug 6-pin H431L DIN LYS Socket H432C DIN Socket 3-pin H431D DIN Socket 3-pin	£1.45 £1.45 £1.39 £0.59 10p 16p 14p 14p 19p 30p 19p 7p 16p
ww.25U_carbonate 0.0047 WW27E_Carbonate 0.0068 WW28F_Carbonate 0.0082 WW29G_Carbonate 0.01 WW30H_Carbonate 0.012 WW31J_Carbonate 0.015	9p 10p 11p 11p	FB20W Axial 6.8uf 40V FB21X Axial 6.8uf 63V FB21X Axial 6.8uf 63V FB23A Axial 10uf 52V FB23A Axial 10uf 61V FB25C Axial 10uf 450V FB26C Axial 15uf 40V FB27F Axial 15uf 40V FB27F Axial 15uf 63V FB28F Axial 15uf 63V FB28F Axial 22uf 10V FB31M Axial 22uf 63V FB31M Axial 22uf 63V FB33M Axial 22uf 63V FB33M Axial 22uf 63V FB33M Axial 22uf 63V	15p 16p 19p 11p 18p 45p 9p 11p 16p	HX31J MCR Crystal Red Pai HX32K MCR Crys Orange Pa HX33L MCR Crys Tellow Pai HX35D MCR Crys Blow Pair. FY85G MCR Crys Blue Pair. Colour TV Crystal School FY86T Crystal 50HzX 2.16 FY87U Crystal 1HzX 2.22 HX60Q Crystal Socket 25U HX61R Crystal Socket 6U HX99H Ceramic Fit 10.7MH	£2.96 7 £2.96 £2.96 £2.96 £1.20 £3.15 £3.15 £3.15	HF39N 2mm Plug Blue HF40T 2mm Plug Green HF40T 2mm Plug Green HF41U 2mm Plug White HF43W 2mm Plug White HF43W 2mm Socket Black HF49Y 2mm Socket Black HF49Y 2mm Socket Black HF46C 2mm Socket Red HF46C 2mm Socket White HF49D 2mm Socket White HF49D 2mm Socket White HF50E Wander Plug Black HF53H Wander Plug Black HF53H Wander Plug Black HF53H Wander Plug Red	15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 17p 17p	HM34M DIN Socket 5-pin A HM35P DIN Socket 6-pin. HM37S DIN Socket 6-pin. HM37S DIN Socket 6-pin. HM40T DIN Line Skt 2-pin. HM40T DIN Line Skt 2-pin. HM41W DIN Line Skt 2-pin. HM41W DIN Line Skt 5-pin. HM43W DIN Line Skt 5-pin. HM45W DIN Line Skt 5-pin. HM46A DIN Line Skt 5-pin. YX90X PC DIN Skt 2-pin. YX91Y PC DIN Skt 5-pin. A	18p 21p 19p 15p 16p 16p 16p 16p 16p 16p 16p 16p 16p 16
WM39N Carbonate 0.068 WM40T Carbonate 0.082 WM41U Carbonate 0.12 WM41W Carbonate 0.12 WM43W Carbonate 0.15 WM43W Carbonate 0.18 WM45Y Carbonate 0.22 WM46A Carbonate 0.22 WM46A Carbonate 0.23	12p 14p 11p 11p 14p 14p 16p 16p 22p	FB35Q Axiel 33uF 16V	11 p 12 p 14 p 10 p 13 p	CAR EQUIPMENT Page 67 HW18U Car Aerial Pull Up YB67X Car Aerial Roof Top. LH99H Windscreen Aerial		HF59N Wander Socket Green HF59P Wander Socket Red HF60Q Wander Socket White. HF61R Wander Socket Vellow HF62S 4mm Plug Black	12pm 12pm 12pm 12pm 12pm 12pm 12pm	YQ48C O-Range 25-Way Pl YQ49D D-Range 25-Way Pc YQ50E D-Range 25-Way Cc YQ51F D-Range Latch WQ14Q PCB Connectors 45 WQ15R PCB Connectors Ve WQ15R PCB Connectors Ve	
WW49D Carbonate 0.47 WW50E Carbonate 0.56 WW51F Carbonate 0.68 WW52G Carbonate 0.82 WW53H Carbonate 1 BX71N Polyester 0.015uf BX71N Polyester 0.015uf BX72P Polyester 0.025uf BX73Q Polyester 0.03uf BX74R Polyester 0.03uf BX74R Polyester 0.047uf	25p 27p 36p 38p 42p 8p 8p 9p	FB45Y Axial 58UF 16Y FB47B Axial 100UF 6.3Y FB48C Axial 100UF 10V FB49D Axial 100UF 25Y FB50E Axial 100UF 40V FB51F Axial 100UF 63Y FB52G Axial 100UF 100V FB53H Axial 150UF 6.3Y FB55H Axial 150UF 6.3Y FB55H Axial 150UF 6.3Y	16p DIS 11p 14p 18p 22p 52p 85p 21p 13p	XX37S Car Aerial Booster RW29G Plugpak R RW30H Plugpak S HW11M Cigar Lighter YX75S Accessory Socket HW12N Car Accessory Plug YB68Y Car Lighter Ext Lead YW59P Car Power Lead Page 68	£6.95 £1.95 £2.35 DIS DIS 45p £2.25	HF64U 4mm Plug Brown HR55V 4mm Plug Green HF66W 4mm Plug Red. HF67X 4mm Plug White HF68Y 4mm Plug Vellow HF69A 4mm Socket Blue. HF70M 4mm Socket Blue. HF71N 4mm Socket Green HF71P 4mm Socket Green HF73P 4mm Socket Red.	15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 15p	FLB3E Edge Connector 12 FLB4F Edge Connector 12 FLB5G Edge Connector 12 FLB7U Edge Connector 14 FLB7U Edge Connector 14 FLB7U Edge Connector 14 FLB7U Edge Connector Fe FLB3B Edge Connector Fe FLB3B Edge Connector Fi FLB3	2
SX76H Polyester 0.1suF	9p 15p 13p 18p 21p 34p 38p 56p 64p	FB56L Axial 150ur 25V FB58N Axial 150ur 63V FB59P Axial 220ur 6.3V FB59P Axial 220ur 10V FB61R Axial 220ur 16V FB63R Axial 220ur 16V FB63T Axial 220ur 40V FB63T Axial 220ur 63V FB65V Axial 220ur 63V FB65V Axial 330ur 6.3V FB65V Axial 330ur 6.3V	15p 32p DIS 12p 14p 18p 27p 32p 55p DIS	HW22Y 12V Inspection Lamp FQ76H inspection Lamp L86 WY10L Front Fog Lamp LY07H Fog Lamp LQ13P Wiper Kit LY08J Reversing Lamp LQ14Q Washer Kit WY09K Demister HQ30H Wiper Control FQ78K Car Ammeter	£11.55 £5.65	HF74R 4mm Socket White. HF75S 4mm Socket Yellow HF34M 4mm Patch Cord H054J Screw-Cap Phono Bit. H055K Screw-Cap Phono Bit. H055K Screw-Cap Phono Bit. H058N Screw-Cap Phono Red H059P Screw-Cap Phono Red H059P Screw-Cap Phono Yell H018 Screw-Cap Phono Yell H018 Scr Phono. YW06G Threaded Phono Skt. HH02C Phono Socket Single H03D Phono Socket Twin BW73R Phono Socket Gued BW75S Phono Socket Gued BW75S Phono Socket Swey-	12p 12p 12p 12p 12p	Page 80 HL018 Octal Ch Plug HL00A Octal Ch Skt HL02C 8-way Plug HL03D 8-way Socket HF33S Voltage Selector Sk YX33L Multicon Plug 2-wa YX35M Multicon Plug 18-wa YX35S Multicon Plug 18-wa YX35S Multicon Plug 18-wa	95p 15p 20p 29p 29p
Page 62 WW15R Mylar 0 001 WW16S Mylar 0 0022 WW17T Mylar 0 0047 WW18U Mylar 0 001 WW19V Mylar 0 01 WW20W Mylar 0 047 WW21X Mylar 0 1 WW31X Mylar 0 1 WW31X G D 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10p 16p 22p 23p	FB69A Axiel 330ur 63V FB70M Axiel 470ur 10V FB71N Axiel 470ur 10V FB73Q Axiel 470ur 65V FB73Q Axiel 470ur 65V FB73G Axiel 470ur 65V FB74R Axiel 470ur 100V FB771 Axiel 680ur 16V FB78K Axiel 680ur 16V FB79L Axiel 680ur 40V FB80B Axiel 1000ur 63V	15 p 22 p 26 p 30 p 55 p 89 p	Page 69 HQ350 Charger AmmeterHW165 Car Flash 4-LampHW17T Car Flash 6-LampFQ791. Caravan FlasherFQ922. 7-Pin Trailer PlugFQ938 7-Pin Trailer Socket.XK55K 7-Core Trailer CableFQ94C Trailer CableYB70M Trailer Lamp Cluster YB71N Trailer Earnp Cluster YB71N Trailer Refector	£2.98 £1.15 33p £4.97 £1.45	Page 75 HH04E Line Phono HH05F Phono Conn HF76H 2.5 Plug Plas HF77J 2.5 Plug Scr HF78K 2.5 Jack Socket	20p 19p 13p 22p	YX39R Multicon Plug 36-w YX49N YX401 Multicon Skt 2-way Yx41U YX42V Multicon Skt 36-w YX43W Multicon Skt 36-w Multicon Skt 36-w Multicon Skt 9-my Yx46A Multicon Skt 76-m Multicon Skt 2-w Multicon Skt 3-w Multi	y 45p y 59p y 68p 3p
FF55K IS Cap 0 047uF FF56L IS Cap 0.1uF FF57M IS Cap 0.22uF FF58N IS Cap 0 027uF FF58N IS Cap 0 07uF P8X22Y Mx D 0 001uF 1500V BX42V Mx D 0 001uF 1500V BX44X Mix D 0.022uF 1000V BX45Y Mix D 0.022uF 1000V BX67X Mix D 0.1uF 600V BX68Y Mix D 0.22uF 1000V BX68A Mix D 0.22uF 1000V	23p 32p 45p 78p 25p DIS DIS DIS DIS DIS	FB83E Axial 1000uF 25V. FB84F Axial 1000uF 63V. FB85G Axial 1500uF 63V. FB86T Axial 1500uF 10V. FB87U Axial 1500uF 10V. FB90X Axial 2200uF 10V. FB91Y Axial 2200uF 53V. FB93B Axial 2200uF 63V. FB93B Axial 2200uF 63V.	32p 40p £1.00 32p 38p 42p 40p 57p 98p £1.54 58p	F095D Sign 50mph F036E Sign GB F088V Plug-Top Supp Strt. F089W Plug-Top Supp Ang. F090X In:Line Plug Supp Page 70 HW01B Supp Cap Small Luct HW02C Supp Cap Large Luct HW03D Supp Cap Spede. F087U Supp Cap 3uf F091V Supp Cap 3uf F091V Supp Cap 3uf F091V Supp Cap Spede.	29p 29p 38 35 50p 50p 25p 25p 25p 25p	H81C Pug Scr 3.5 H82D Jack Socket 7.5 H83E Line Socket Plas 3.5 H83E Line Socket Scr 3.5 H83E Jack Plug Plas H86T Side Jack Plas H87U Jack Plug Scr YW07H SR Jack Plug Scr YW07H SR Jack Plug Scr YW08 Jack Plus Scr H89W Jack Plus Scr	21p 19pm 24pm 39p 41pm 29p 28pm 45p 21p 39p	WHOL	31p 38p 47p 52p
BX90X Mix D 0.47uF 1000V WM54J Mix D 1.0uF 35V WM55K Tant 0.15uF 35V WW55K Tant 0.15uF 35V WW55K Tant 0.35uF 35V WW57M Tant 0.33uF 35V WW58N Tant 0.47uF 35V WW58N Tant 0.68uF 35V WW60Q Tant 1.0uF 35V WW60Q Tant 1.5uF 35V	13p 13p 16p 18p 17p 17p 17p 18p	Page 64 FB97F Reversolytic Luf		F0771 Jumper Leads YL02C Magnilamp. F097F Amti-Glare Strip. F098G Luggage Elastic. F099H Les Scraper YB22P Tow Rope FY00A Keep Clean Kit. Y804C Plug Spanner. FV01B Tyre Pressure Gauge eXY74R Electric Pump	£4.40 95p 85p 45p 28p	HF91Y Jack Skt Den M. HF92A Jack Skt Sto Page 76 BW99L Chro Stereo Jack Skt. HF93B Stereo Open Skt. HF93B Stereo Den Skt. HF93B VB00B DP0T Jack Socket. HH19Y Line Jack Plas HH20W Scr Line Jack	19p 25p	YW22Y Minicon Hag 6-pin. YW23A Minicon Hag 6-pin. YW24B Minicon Hag 6-pin. YW25C Minicon Terminal. YW25C Minicon Stt 4-way. YW26B Minicon Stt 4-way. YW29G Minicon Stt 6-way. YW30H Minicon Stt 12-way. YW30H Minicon Stt 12-way.	17p 17p 3p 24p 30p 36p 50p

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YW95D IDC Con 3-way, YW96E IDC Con 4-way YW97F IDC Con 6-way YW99H IDC Con 12-way, YW99H	50p 88p £1 98 n 12p n 14p n 19p	RW37S Dwpak 205 RW48C Plugpak 279 RW50E Plugpak 282 RW51F Plugpak 283 RW51F Plugpak 283 RW28F Plugpak Q RW32K V RW34M Plugpak X RW35Q Plugpak HD Guil	DIS 89p 89p £1.85 £55p £2.25 DIS £2.48 £2.48	AC30H AC37S ELECTF Page 10	04	£13.95 £13.95 £13.95	DE211	Pozi Screw M5 6mm Pozi Screw M5 12mm Pozi Screw M5 12mm Pozi Screw M5 52mm Pozi Screw M4 6mm Pozi Screw M4 12mm Pozi Screw M4 12mm Pozi Screw M3 6mm Pozi Screw M3 12mm Pozi Screw M3 12mm Pozi Screw M3 12mm Pozi Screw M3 45mm Pozi Screw M3 45mm Pozi Screw M3 55mm	1	DVDDK Kach	BK12	525
Page 82 HL09K Watercon Skt 3-wa HL10L Watercon Skt 4-wa HL11M Watercon Skt 6-wa HL12N Watercon Skt 8-wa HL13P Watercon Skt 12-w HL14Q Watercon Skt 12-w HL14Q Watercon Carninal YW32K Polarcon 0.2in YW40T Compactboard YY22Y CB Pin Blue YY23A CB Pin Red. YY36D CT Pin Water	£1350 £1350 37p	Page 88 AF18U Canon LC31 AF19V Canon FC42 AF20W Canon FC42 Page 89 AF21X Canon LC61T AF22Y Canon P7-D YX88V P7 Paper Roll YX89W P7 Ink Cassette.		RW67X HL58N HL59P HL60Q HL61R HL62S HL63T	Terminal Block 5A Terminal Block 15A Terminal Block 3DA Terminal Block 3OA Terminal Block Conn 5 Amp Plug 13 Amp Plug Nylon Rubber 13A Plug 15A Plug Nylon Kettle Connector Flex Connector Flex Connector Mains Adaptor 2-way Mains Adaptor 3-way Shaver Adaptor	79p 99p 99p 5194 £140 £220	BF41U BF46A BF48C BF49D BF50E BF51F BF52G BF53H BF53H BF55K	isobolt M5 12mm Isobolt M4 12mm Isobolt M4 25mm Isobolt M4 25mm Isobolt M3 6mm Isobolt M3 12mm Isobolt M3 56mm Isobolt M2 5 6mm Isobolt M2 5 12mm	255 555 269 339 579 209 269 359 199	RW88V Knob RW89W Knob RW90X Knob RX10L Knob RX11M Knob	M1 M2 M3 M3 M4 R81	38p 30p 26p 45p 45p 55p
YY27E AT Pin Black. YR63T CB Plug Extractor Y8031 Large Patchboard. WQ10L Large Patch Plug. HH39N Multi-postron Plug. HH38R Universal Plug.	£1 33 £7 50 £111 00 	Page 90 AF02C Atar: 800 Compi Page 91 AF03D Atar: 400 8K Co AF04E Recorder 410 AF04E Printer 822	uter £499.00	HL66W HL67X HL68Y HL69A	Junction Box Small Junction Box Ige Junction Box RM Single Skt Unswiched Dble Skt Unswiched Dble Skt Unswiched Single Sk Socket Double Sw Socket. Trailing Skt Single Trailing Dble Skt	99p £1 75 J£1 85	BF57M BF58N BF59P LR59P BF60Q BF61R BF62S BF63T LR60Q BF42V BF43W BF44X	Isonut M5 Isonut M4 Isonut M3 Isonut M2 Isonut M2 Isonut M2 Isowasher M5 Isowasher M4 Isowasher M3 Isowasher M2 Isowasher M2 Isoshake M5 Isoshake M4 Isoshake M4	15p 14p 10p 15p 9p	RX01B Knob RX02C Knob YX01B Knob YX02C Knob YX03D Knob HB28F Knob HB29G Knob RX07H Knob HB30H Knob	F10 F11 NM2 PK2 K7A K7B K7C K7D K7D K7D K7D K7D K7D K7D K7D K7D K7D	45p 45p 24p 24p 32p 49p 52p 53p 55p 64p
HH600 Std Power Plug 2.1 H461R Long Pwr Plug 2.1 H461R Long Pwr Plug 2.5 H461T Std Ower Plug 2.5 H465T Power Skt 2.5 H485G Power Skt 2.5 H485V Cassette Skt Nivicc H488V Cassette Skt Nivicc H488V Cassette Skt Paros HL17T USA Mains Plug HL18U Flat Pin M/S HL19V Flat Pin Conn RW55L Cas Lead Crown RW55L Cas Lead Crown	22p 39p 46p 20p 27p 31p 60p	Page 92 AFO6G Disc Drive 810 Y887U Mini Floppy Disc AF29G Interface 850 AF07H 8K Memory Moc AF08J 16K Memory Moc AF08F Printer 825 AF30H Modern 830 AC38R See Y648C AC39N See Y663T AC40T See Y666W	£2 50 £135.00 luteNYA idule£55.00	Page 1 HL79L HL79L HL79L HL79L HL80B	Dis Board 4-way Cooker Switch Neon Cooker Switch. Shaver Skt Isolated 06 Shaver Socket Cooker Dutlet C Cooker Dutlet C	£8 75 £8 45 DIS £18.75	Page 1 LR62S LR63T LR65V LR66W BF68Y	Isoshake M2.5 Isoshake M2		TROSV KNOC YR66W KNOC HB34M KNOC HB35Q Knoc HB32K Knoc HB33L Knoc HB36P Knoc HB38R Knoc	N54 K8A K8B K8C K8C K106L K105L K105L K106 K105 K106 K15 K	56p 64p 95p £1.74 59p 95p 55p DIS
RW58N Cas Lead Nat Pan. RW59P Cas Lead Nivico. RW60Q Cas Lead Diake-Dr RW61R Cas Lead Paros. RW62S Cas Lead Philipp RW63T Cas Lead Sanyo RW64U Cas Lead Sanyo RW64U Cas Lead Sanyo RW65U Cas Lead Sony RW66W Cas Lead Sony RW65W C	60p 60p 10n 65p 75p 60p 60p	Page 93 WF20W Mag Headset LH81C Education Head LH82D Boom Mic Head LH83E Stereophone HP WF13P Stereophone HP	£4 85 phone £5 75 phone £12 35 150P £4 25 110C £5 40 207 £7 99 10B £8.60	HL83E HL84F HL85G HL86T HL87U HL88V HL89W HL90X HL90X	Flex Dutlet Unswchd Switched Flex Dutlet Clock Connector S Clock Connector B Blanking Plate. 20A Plateswitch. 20A Water Hir Switch Light Swch ST Single Light Swch Dual. Light Swch Dual. Light Switch Triple Light Switch Quad.	£4.38 DIS DIS 85p £3.20 £4.85 £1.49 £2.39	RF72P	Sif-Tpr No.8 x 3/8 in Sif-Tpr No.8 x 1/2 in Sif-Tpr No.6 x 1/2 in Sif-Tpr No.6 x 3/8 in Sif-Tpr No.6 x 1/2 in Sif-Tpr No.4 x 3/8 in Sif-Tpr No.4 x 3/8 in Sif-Tpr No.2 x 3/16 Sif-Tpr No.2 x 3/16 Sif-Tpr No.2 x 3/8 in Nyl 28A 1/2 in Nyl 28A 1 in Nyl 48A		Page 115 RX165 Colle RX17T Colle RX17T Colle WL45Y 15m WL46A 15m WL478 15m WL48C 15m	o K45	79p £1.15
HL15R Europlug. HL42V Euro Facility Plug. BW99H Eurocan Lead •WY16S Euroboard 4-way WY17T Euroboard 6-way HL20W Mains Plug P425.	69p 	Page 94 WF19V Sterephone Elect LB13P Headphone Add LB72P Intercom 2-Stat XY78K FM Intercom Pa XY77J 4-Channel FM Intercom Page 95 WY11M Compact PA Am	ptor£3.95 on£8 75 irDIS htrcom£29.95	Page 1 F010L F012N F013P *F0140 XX35Q XX36P F015P	250W Rotary Dimme 250W Push Dmr Sng 250W Push Dmr Dbl 250W Touch Dimme Remote Control Dmn Dmmr Control Box Security Dimmer Auto Security Switch FI Pattress 16mm Se	r£7 30 1£9.95 2 .£19.49 r .£15.95 nr £29.45 .£15.75	BF77J BF78K BF79L BF80B BF81C BF82D BF83E BF84F BF85G	Nyi 48A 1 in Nyi 48A 1 1/2m Nyi 68A 1/2m Nyi 68A 1/2m Nyi 88A 1/2m Nyi 88A 1/2m Nyi Nut 28A Nyi Nut 48A Nyi Nut 68A Nyi Nut 68A Nyi Washer 48A Nyi Washer 48A Nyi Washer 68A		WL50E 15m WL51F 15m WL52G 15m WL53H 15m WL54J 15m WL55K 15m WL56L 15m RX18U 15m RX19V 15m RX20W 15m	m Collet Cap Red. im Collet Partr Bik. im Collet Partr Bik. im Collet Partr Gri. im Collet Partr Gri. im Collet Partr Gri. im Collet Partr Red. im Collet Partr Viw im Collet Nut Cvr. im Collet Indctr. im Collet Stator.	5p 5p 5p 5p 5p 5p 5p 13p 18p
HL453 Mains Plug P649 HL46A Mains Plug P649 HL46A Mains Socket P655 HL47B Mains Socket SA2 HL48C Mains Socket SA2 HL27E Mains Plug SA219 Page 85 HL28F Mains Socket SA1 HL40D Mains Socket SA1	51 15 51 15 51 15 51	WY11M Compact PA Arr WY12N 10W PA Amp XY81C 40W PA Amp XY82D 60W PA Amp XY82D 60W PA Amp AFIOL AM/FM Radio AFIIM AM/FM/Air Rad AFI2N Teak Clock Rad AF12N Teak Clock Rad AF13P Stiver Clock Rad AF13P Stiver Clock Rad	£1.95 £4.95 tio	Y811M Y812N Y813P Y814Q Y815R Y816S Y817T Y818U	FI Pattress 25mm Dt FI Pattress 35mm Dt Steel Pattress 47mm Sur Patt 20mm Sngl Sur Patt 29mm Sngl Sur Patt 29mm Dble Sur Patt 47mm Dble Conversion Pattress	61 £1 06 61 £1 34 7 £2.62 7 78p 98p £1 65 £3 68	WH19V BF15R YW94C LB99H BH44X YL23A FW10L FW11M FW13P FW140	Nylon Nut M3 Spring Clip Batten Clip Bit Wdscrw No 4 1/ Plas Fixing Hand Wheel Bott Spade 2BA Spade 4BA Studding 2BA Studding 4BA	2" 15p 12p 35p 28p 23p 34p	*WL43W Colle *WL44X Colle RX22Y Side YG09K Side YG10L Side YG11M Side RX24B Side RX25C Side	et Rd Nut 3/8in et Rd Nut 10mm e Knob A e Knob B e Knob C Black e Knob C Chrome e Knob F Blk e Knob F Blue	
HL30H Mains Plug SA201 HL33L Mains Socket SA2 HL33L Mains Plug SA236 HL36P Mains Plug P635. HL37S Mains Socket P635. HL39N Mains Socket P635. HL401 Mains Plug P531. HL401 Sleeve 8037 HL51F Boot 8478.	9A £1.48 020 £1.34 7 £1.55 368 93p £1.05 5 £1.29 £2.97 2 98p	Page 97 AF14Q Cassette Clock AF15R 3-Band Radio R AF16S 4-Band Records	Radio £45.90 ecordr DIS er DIS er £77.50	LB63T FQ05F FQ06G FQ07H YB19V	Ceiling Switch 1 way Ceiling Switch 2 way Lampholder 702 Lampholder 254 CG Lampholder 252 1/2 Bayonet L/Hldr Ceiling Rose BC Adaptor Starter 80W Time Switch	£1.12 DIS 25p £16.95	FW15R FW30H FW31J FW32K	Studding 6BA 4BA Spacer I/8in 4BA Spacer I/4in 4BA Spacer I/2in 6BA Spacer I/2in 6BA Spacer I/2in 6BA Spacer I/2in 6BA Spacer I/4in 6BA Spacer I/4in 76BA Spacer I/4in 76BA Spacer I/4in 76BA Spacer I/4in 76BA Spacer I/4in	30p 38p 48p 52p	Page 116	e Knob F Green. e Knob F Grey. e Knob F Red dile Coupler Spindle in Rod J Drive Brass Drive Steel ss Bush. e Cord I Drum Small Drum Large heel.	
Page 86 RWOAE Adaptor E RWO IB Adaptor B YW 38R Adaptor W YW 39N Adaptor V RWO7H Adaptor H RWO3D Adaptor D RW IIM Adaptor M RWO6B Adaptor G RWO6B Adaptor J RWO0B Adaptor J RWO0B Adaptor S YW 350 Adaptor T RWO05F Adaptor F RWO9F Adaptor F RWO9C Adaptor K RWO0C Adaptor K		ACO18 Ar Sea Battle G ACO2C Space War Garn Page 99 ACO3D Dutlaw Garns ACO4E Video Dlympics ACO5F Breakout Garns ACO5F Basketball Garn ACO7H Surround Garns	£14.95 Game£18.95	RW69A YB20W XY08J XY09K HARDY	Power Controller Room Thermostat Extn Lead 5A Extn Lead 13A WARE	£8.25 £13.80 £17.95	Page 1	Standoff Short Standoff Medium Standoff Long Terry Clip 1/2in Terry Clip 1.1/2in.		RX39N Vern RX40T Vern RX41U Vern RX42V Ball	d Drum Large. heer Dial Small hier Dial Medium hier Dial Large. Drive Ball Drive Drive Scale. hinium Dial te Pointer Drive Pointer ng Short	£2.35 £2.95 £3.84 £2.35 £1.95
RW12N Adaptor N YW33L Adaptor RHL53H Adaptor P	£1.28 £1.30	Page 100 AC09K AC10L AC11M AC12N Ministure Golf (AC12P) AC13P Street Racer Ga Bowling Game. Page 101	me£18.95	BF03D BF04E LR52G BF05F BF06G BF07H LR53H BF08J BF08J LR55K	Bolt 4BA 1.1/2in Bolt 6BA 1/2in Bolt 6BA 1/2in Bolt 6BA 1.1. Bolt 6BA 1.1/2in Bolt 6BA 1.1/2in Bolt 8BA 1/2in C/S Screw 2BA 1/2: C/S Screw 4BA 1/4	33p 12p 14p 43p 63p 28p 24p in, 14p in 14p	LR48C LR49D LR50E LR51F BL74R BL75S	Grommet Small Grommet Large. SR Grommet 3P-8. SR Grommet 5M-3. SR Grommet 5M-3. SR Grommet 5M-1. Sealing Grommet Flexigrommet A Flexigrommet A Flexigrommet C Hole Plug 378in. Hole Plug 378in. Vielcromounts. Sealing Strip.	7p 10p 26p 8p 24p 29p 31p 10p 12p 9p	HB49D Spri HB50E Spri RX95D Pulli MICROPHI Page 117	ng Mediumng Longey 1/2in	9p 9p 14p
RW27E Dinpak P. RW36D Dinpak N. RW45Y Dinpak 273 RW44X Dinpak 262 RW47B Dinpak 262 RW47B Dinpak 262 RW46A Dinpak 274 RW15R Dinpak B. RW14Q Dinpak A. RW43W Dinpak 254		AC16S Brain Games AC18U Golf Game AC19V Stol Racers Gar AC21X Superman Gam AC22X Adventure Gam AC24B Indy 500 Game AC25C Backgammon C	£29 95 Same £18.95	BF10L BF11M LR56L BF12N BF13P LR00A BF14Q LR75S BF16S BF16S BF17T	C/S Screw 4BA 1/a: C/S Screw 6BA 1/a: C/S Screw 6BA 1/a: C/S Screw 6BA 1/a: C/S Screw 6BA 1/a: C/S Screw 8BA 1/a: C/S Screw 8BA 1/a: C/S Panel Screw C/S Panel Screw Nut 2BA Nut 4BA	32p in	Page I LH12N LH13P LW21X LW22Y LW23A LW24B	Aly Sheet 18 swg Aly Sheet 16 swg Mixer Trim 4 Mixer Trim 8 Mixer Trim 12 Mixer Trim 16 Mixer Mtg Tube 4	£1.59 £3.85 DIS	YB31J Cas: YB32K Cas: YB33L Elec WF35Q Dyn LH86T Lon;	et Mic	£1.28 DIS £1.95 £2.75 £2.95 £9.93 DIS
RW16S Dinpak C	65p 65p 87p 82p 95p £142	AC27E Programming C AC28F Chess Game Page 103 AC20W Circus Game. AC17T Human Cannor AC23A Casino Game. AC31J Night Driver Ga AC32L Dodge Em		BF19V BF20W BF21X BF22Y BF23A LR76H BF24B BF25C BF26D LR01B BF27F	Nut 6BA Nut 8BA Washer 2BA Washer 6BA Washer 6BA Washer 6BA Washer 8BA Cup Washer Shake 2BA Shake 6BA Tag 2BA Tag 2BA Tag 8BA Tag 8BA Tag 8BA Tag 8BA	12p 12p 9p 9p 9p 2p 9p 9p	LW18U LW19V LW20W WH48C XX31J XH39N XH40T XH41U XH42V XH43W XH44X XH44X	Mains Warning Labe PCB Guides Transfer 1/8in Blac Transfer 1/8in Red Transfer 1/4in Blac Transfer 1/4in Red Transfer 1/4in Red Transfer 1/4in Whit	25p k £1.56 £1.56 e £1.56 k £1.56 k £1.35	WF05F Con YW70M Diff YW77J Mic YW78K Mic YW79L Mic XY72P Bas LB69A Tie-	nmunications Mic. Comm Mic	£5.75 £8.25 28.p 49.p 52.p £24.75 £7.85
		sk for leaflet XH52G (Issu		BF28F BF29G LR02C	Tag 4BA	9p 13p 11p	XH46A XH47B	Panel Transfer Red. Panel Transfer Whit	£1.56 e£1.35		Tie-Clip MicCost Elect Mic ret Mic 8CM31 tret Mic Dual-Z	

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YB36P Unisound Mic EM8: YB37S Unisound Mic EM8: Page 120 WY06G Super Cardiold Mic WY07H Stereo Electret Mic. YB38R Unisid Mic DMI500	£23.55 £19.75 £35.45	WL29G LED Drange WL30H LED Yellow Y440T LED Clip QW96E Square LED Red YH60Q Square LED Green. YH61R Square LED Yellow. YH62S Square LED Clip Y41U Large LED Red	36p 40p 7p £1.49	FL75S Stop Tab Yellow BR05F S Tab Acc Del Trem BR47B S Tab Bass Gurtar BR67X S Tab Bourdon 8' BR06G S Tab Celo 16' BR06H S Tab Clarinet 8' BR08J S Tab Clarinet 8' BY00A S Tab Clarichord	£1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10	RW94C 2in. Pan Meter 1m RW95D 2in. Pan Meter 5m RW96E 2in. Pan Meter 10f RX32K 2in. Pan Meter 50f RX33L 2in. Pan Meter 10f RX34M 2in. Pan Meter 10f RX350 2in. Pan Meter 10f RX36P 2in. Pan Meter 30f RX37S 2in. Pan Meter 30f	A£6.45 nA£6.45 nA£6.65	VHOOA MEERI	40 pNV 25 pNV 01S 01S 15 pNV 15 pNV 35 pNV 30 pNV
LB94C Screen S15. LB95D Mic Unit U.15. LB35Q Mic Windshield YW72P Ganeck Mic Stand & Ganeck Mic Stand & YW73CP Ganeck Mic Stand S194W35CP Plestic Ganeck Base YW74R Metal Ganeck Base WF37S Bit For Gank Stand	£10.75 £10.75 3in £1.99 2in £2.95 Lin £3.45 £3.25	Page 128 YY45Y Shape LED RI Red. YY45Y Shape LED RI Red. YY46A Shape LED RI Oran YY48C Shape LED RI Yelo YY48C Shape LED RI Yelo YY49D Shape LED RI Yelo		BY01B S Tab D/B to Rotor BY02C S Tab Dly Vbrto Ac BY03D S Tab Dly Vbrto Sok BR09K S Tab Dispason 8' BR69K S Tab Dispason 16' BR10L S Tab Drawbars Acc BR11M S Tab Drawbars Acc BR12N S Tab Duckiena 8' BR13P S Tab Flute 1' BR14Q S Tab Flute 2' BR15R S Tab Flute 2' BR15R S Tab Flute 3' BR15R S Tab Flute 4'	£1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10	R375 2in. Pan Meter 300 RX52G 2in. Pan Meter 300 RX52G 2in. Pan Meter VU Page 142 YG17T Meter MS45 100 YG18U Meter MS45 10M YG19Y Meter MS45 VU RX54J Large Panel Meter	£6.65	XH35Q MESS6 XH26D MES71 XH50E MES93 XF36P 81 Maplin Catal XF08J MES120 LW50E Electronics For	
Page 121 LB96E Table-Top Mic StantyW75S Cast Base Mic StantyW76H Extra Hgt Wile Stand XB45Y 5-Foot Mic StandXB46A Boom Arm	d£2.25 d£3.85 l£6.95 £13.45 £12.65	YYSOE Shape LED S2 Gree YS1F Shape LED L3 Red. YYS2G Shape LED L3 Gree YYS3H Shape LED L3 Gree YYS4H Shape LED L4 Gree YYS5K Shape LED T4 Gree YYS5K Shape LED T4 Gree YYS5M Shape LED A5 Red. YYSON Shape LED A5 Gree YY43W Illuminator Orange.		BR171 S Teb Flute 5.1/3' BR18U S Teb Flute 8' BR19V S Teb Franch Horn! BR20W S Teb Franch Horn! BR21X S Teb Gedeckt 8'	£1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10	RX35K Huminating Kit RX32A Meter MI 15V RX87U Meter MI 60V RX88V Meter MI 300V RX89W Meter MI 1A. RX90X Meter MI 5A. RX91Y Meter MI 5A. RX91Y Meter MI 5A.	£6.95 £6.35 £7.96 £6.20 £6.95	Page 150 BR45Y AS314	33p br Kit
MUSICAL Page 122 LB97F Pre-Amp EQ2S YB39N Pre-Amp CS5. XB30H Mono Mic Mixer. XB29G Sterso Mixer. LB66W Mini-Phaser. YB30H Fuzz Box	£3.45 £8.43 £8.65 £22.88 £19.77 £15.25	YY44X Illuminator Yellow YH53H Clipitte Green YH55K Clipitte Green YH55K Clipitte Green YH55K Clipitte Red YH57M Clipitte Yellow YY51R Multipolour LED YY51P Chrome LED Small YY50P Red Barganph Oslpy Red Barganph Oslpy	NYA 16p 16p 16p	GR22Y S Tab Morn 8' SYD7M S Tab Mixture 16' BR23A S Tab Dobe 8' BR24B S Tab Dctave 4' BR25C S Tab Pedal Sustein BY08J S Tab Pedal Sustein BY08J S Tab Pesats Cance BY010L S Tab Presets Cance BY10L S Tab Presets Cance BY10L S Tab Presets Cance	£1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10	PCB EQUIPMENT Page 143 FL01B SRBP 0.1 in Type 2 FL02C SRBP 0.1 in Type 3 FR00B SRBP 0.1 in Type 4 FL06G Vero 14354 FL07H Vero 10346 FL07H Vero 10346		BB10L Sawtooth Board BB11M Gate Board BB04E Tone Board 'C'. BB05F Tone Board 'C'.	8
Page 123 XB41U Fuzz-Weh Pedel. XB44W Vibra Chorus YB48W Mini Compressor XB331, Echo Chember Tape XY808 BBD Echo Mechine.	£29.50 £57.30 £21.20 £67.33 £4.99 £72.50	YG331. Green Bergraph Dsj. YG34M Drage Bergraph Dsp. YG35Q Yllow Bergraph Dspi Page 129 FR36P 7-Seg Red Type 1 FR37S 7-Seg Red Type 3 FR38R 7-Seg Red Type 4	oy£2.95 ly£2.95 y£3.35	BY13P S Tab Rottor To Mair BR27E S Tab Selicitor To Mair BR28G S Tab Selicitoral 8. BR29G S Tab Sexophone 16 BR30H S Tab Solo Del Tram BR31J S Tab String 4. BR32K S Tab String 8.	£1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10	FL09K Vero 10347 FL10L Vero 10348 YR81C Vero 21002 FL53H Vero 10401 FL17T Verostrip FL19V DIP Board. HQ48C Vero V-O Board FL25C Tool 2022 FL25D Tool 2150.		BB78K Pedal PCB 'B' BB79L 32-Note Pedal V BB80B Pedal Diode PCI HQ72P Auto Dgn Gen/6 HQ73O Auto Ogn Crd C	/oice
Page 124 YB40T Cry Guitar Pick-Up. YB41U Nylon Mag Pick-Up. YB42V Stael Mag P.U. YL06J Pickup Transl.AJ21 YL09K Pickup Transl.AJ51. YL10L Pickup Transl.AJ15 YL07H Pickup Transl.AJ15 LB78K Guitar Strings Note LB60Q Guitar Strings Steel.	£7.30 £8.45 £27.95 £19.95	BY66W DD Displey Type A. BY67X DD Displey Type AF BY68Y DD Displey Type AF BY68Y DD Displey Type C Page 130	£1.07 £1.98 50p £1.98	BY14Q S Tab Sustain Acc- BY15R S Tab Sustain Solo- BR34M S Tab Tremulent BR35Q S Tab Trumpet 8' BR36P S Tab Tube 16' BY16S S Tab Vibreto BR37S S Tab Vox Anglica 8 BR38R S Tab Vox Aumana 1 BY17T Mar Ky Tab Cello 16	£1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10	FL27E Tool 2151 FL20W Pin 2140 FL21X Pin 2141 FL23A Pin 2144 FL24B Pin 2145 Page 144 FL80B Pin 0266 Pk of 10 FL80B Pin 1657 Pk of 10	£1.95 	YLDOA Organ Mixer PCI YL18U Power Supply, 24 YL21X 32 Note Pdl PSI XX38R Downbeat Indic XH00A MESS1 XH02C MESS2 XH04E MESS3 XH31J MESS4 XH33L MESS5	St PCB 25.95 SU PCB 24.35 B 43.25 G05 £1.35 J PCB £2.95 str PCB £2.20 15pNV 15pNV 35pNV 30pNV
OPTO Page 125 RX86T MES Betten Hidr RX57M Holder MES Amber. RX57M Holder MES Amber.	21p	XXO8J 4-Dig Dapy Cmn Cat BY70M 4-Dig Dis Cmn Anod Mult Cmn Cath Disp FR32K Filter Amber - FR33L Filter Gene FR35Q Filter Yellow - FY89W Lqd Crystal Display	850	BY18U Mar Key Tab Citar 8' BY19V Mar Ky Tab Citar 8' BY20W Mar Ky Tab Citar 0' BY21X Mar Ky Tab Citar 0' BY221X Mar Ky Tab D/8 to R BY224 Mar Ky Tab D/8 to R BY248 Mar Key Tab Diap 8' BY25C Mar Key Tab Diap 1' BY25D Mar K Tab Dbar Soci	£3.45 £3.45 £3.45 c£3.45 c£3.45	FL28F 4-Way Tag. FL29G Mourting Strip. FL11M Tag Board. YL11M Vero Plugblock. YR83E Eurobreadboard. YR84F Prof Plugblock.		BY89W Synth Binary En	£2.00NV 3 £3.95 £1.48 £8d 68p d Cont £5.95 coder £7.95
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Page 126 W1.76H Bulb MES 3.5V. W1.77J Bulb MES 6V 0.24W. W1.79K Bulb MES 6V 6W W1.79L Bulb MES 65V. W1.80B BUlb MES 12V 1.2W. W1.81C Bulb MES 12V 2.2W. W1.82C Bulb MES 22V.		Page 134 QL02C SAM77 Page 135 XBIOL DMD2 XBIIM DMD2T		BYSBN Mar Key Tab Sus Act BYSBP Mer Key Tab Sus Sol BY60Q Mer Key Tab Trmpt (BY61R Mar Key Tab Tube 1: BY62S Mar Key Tab Vioxand BY63T Mar K Tab Vox Ang 8 BY64U Mar K Tab Vox Hum F1.76H Key Tab	0 £3.45 F £3.45 6 £3.45 F £3.45 F £3.45	BW29G Track Tape 150 BW30H Pad 075 BW31J Pad 100 BW31Z Pad 100 BW32K Pad 125 BW33L Pad 150 BW34M Pad 200 BW35C Pad 300 BW35F Pad 400 BW35F Pad 500 BW37S Pad 500 BW38R Pad 600	£1.55 £1.12 £1.12 £1.50 £1.50 £2.55 £3.95 £3.95	BY86T 3800 Interface P 8847B Synth Orpt Stage XQ03D 3800 From Pane BF96C 3800 Sp.Ert.!/P BF98G 3800 Sp.Ert.!/P BF99H 3800 Interes Mt 8B67X 3600 VCF Mtg B BY85G 3800 Cabmet	55p g Bkt 55p kt 59p £4.56
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LW30H Clock Timer PUB LW31J Clock Timer Case. LW31J Clock Timer Kit XY32K Cassette Mext XY32K Cassette Mext XY32K Tape Switch Board YQ33L Tape Switch Board YQ33L Tape SWItch Board YQ31J Tape PSU PCB XY350 Cassette Parts Kit. XY36P Cassette Recrder N Page 163	DIS	Page 176 H031P Page Fase 3A. H032K Plug Fuse 3A. H033L Plug Fuse 3A. H034M Plug Fuse 5A. H034M Plug Fuse 13A. H851F Fuse Wire HW04E RF Supp Choke 1A. HW05F RF Supp Choke 2A. HW05G RF Supp Choke 3A. Page 176 HW13P Mains Trans Supp H077H Delta Cap. YR90X R-C Network. YW65A Door Contact Reed YW50E Window Foil. YW51F Foil Terms YW47B Surface BA Reed YW50E Foil Terms YW47B Surface BA Reed YW50E Surface BA Reed YW50E Surface BA Reed YW50E Surface BA Reed YW51F Foil Terms YW47B Surface BA Reed YW51S Surface BA Reed	30p 29p 29p 39p 39p 65p 97b 61.39 61.49 61.25 65p 61.95 61.75 61.75 62.355 61 £1.25	Page 183 HR93B Stylus RIG-2SB DI HR93E Stylus BF400 HR96E Stylus BM50077 Y222Y Stylus Saryo ST10 HR995D Stylus Saryo ST10 HR97F Stylus Saryo 2611 F048C Stylus Saryo 171 HR900 HR99H Stylus Saryo 171 HR900 Stylus Saryo 171 HR900 F043W Stylus Saryo 171 F045D Stylus Saryo 171 HR93H Stylus Saryo 171 HR93H Stylus Saryo 171 HR93H Stylus Saryo 171 F045P Stylus Saryo 171 F045P Stylus Saryo ND13 F044P Stylus Saryo ND13 F044P Stylus Sylus Saryo ND13	D	WR52G Hos Smin Prest 12 WR53H Hor Smin Prest 27 WR54J Hor Smin Prest 47 WR55K Hor Smin Prest 47 WR55K Hor Smin Prest 48 WR55K Hor Smin Prest 48 WR55K Hor Smin Prest 41 WR55K Hor Smin Prest 41 WR58N Hor Smin Prest 41 WR58N Hor Smin Prest 47 WR61R Hor Smin Prest 47 WR61R Hor Smin Prest 47 WR63T Hor Smin Prest 42 WR63T Hor Smin Prest 42 WR63T Hor Smin Prest 10 WR65W Vrt Smin Prest 10 WR65W Vrt Smin Prest 10 WR66W Vrt Smin Prest 10 WR66W Vrt Smin Prest 10 WR66W Vrt Smin Prest 10 WR70W Vrt Smin Prest 11 WR69A Vrt Smin Prest 11 WR71N Vrt Smin Prest 10 WR71N Vrt Smin Prest 20 WR75H Vrt Smin Prest 20 WR75H Vrt Smin Prest 20 WR75H Vrt Smin Prest 21 WR77H Vrt Smin Prest 27 WR77H Vrt Smin Prest 47	10p 2 10p 2 10p 11p 10p 11p 11	FX11M Dusl Pot Log 47h. FX12N Dusl Pot Log 100h FX13P Dusl Pot Log 100h FX13P Dusl Pot Log 220h FX14S Dusl Pot Log 470h. FX15R Dusl Pot Log 1470h FX15R Dusl Pot Log 1470h FX15R Dusl Pot Log 1470h FX16S Dusl Pot Lin 150h FX36R Slide Pot Lin 150h FX36R Slide Pot Lin 150h FX37S Slide Pot Lin 150h FX38R Slide Pot Lin 150h FX36R Slide Pot Lin 150h	£1.10 £1.10 £1.10 £1.10 55p 55p 55p 55p £4.90 £4.90 £4.90 £4.90 79p 79p 79p 79p
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Page 165 LR248 HQ Mixer PCB No. LR252 HQ Mixer PCB No. LR25C HQ Mixer PCB No. LR25D HQ Mixer PCB No. LR25D SOW Amp Kit	.9	Page 179 X34M HR03E X34M HR03E X34M HR03E X34M K35M	Lrg £2.55 Sm £2.85 t .72p .72p .72p .DIS .DIS .E3.95 t £2.50 .DIS .DIS .E3.95	YW80B Roller Pack C96. YW81C Cleaning Coth C1 FR48C Cleaning Coth C1 FR48C Cleaning Coth C1 FR48C Cleaning Coth C1 YW82F Stylus Brush C10. YW83E Stylus Brush C10. YW84F Stylus Brush C37 FR46A Stylus Cleaning Kit C11e Page 185 FR52G Anti-Stat Fluid 69 LX101 Anti-Stat Mat C11 LX04E Anti-Stat G10. FG60Q Spirit Level 44. FR49D Stylus Balance PY YW85G Record Grip C206 FR50E Gram Speed mid- YW86T Cassette Kit C116 YB66L Cassette Kit C116 FR56E Cassette Kit C116	3 12p 28p 5 80p 5 80p 5 242 5 49p 9 £1.95 £5.25 £3.65 1 £2.45 2 £1.28	WW01B Vr. Sleeleron 220R W002C Vert Skeleton 470' W003D Vrt Skeleton 1470' W003D Vrt Skeleton 1470' W003D Vrt Skeleton 12k. W006E Vrt Skeleton 12k. W006E Vrt Skeleton 12k. W006B Vrt Skeleton 10k. W007H Vrt Skeleton 12k. W008B Vrt Skeleton 12k. W008B Vrt Skeleton 10k. W10L Vrt Skeleton 10k. W11M Vrt Skeleton 10k. W11M Vrt Skeleton 1470k. W12N Vrt Skeleton 1470k. W12N Vrt Skeleton 1470k. W12N Vrt Skeleton 1470k. W13P Cermet 10M W13P Cermet 10M W13P Cermet 10M W13P Cermet 10k. W141U Cermet 1k. W141U Cermet 1k. W143W Cermet 10k. W143W Cermet 10k. W143W Cermet 10k. W143W Cermet 50k. W143W Cermet 10k.	24p 24p 24p 24p 24p 24p 24p 24p 24p 28p 28p 98p 98p 98p 98p	WH23A Thermistor G16 WH24B Thermistor G23 HB10L LDR DRP12 HB10L LDR DRP50 HB12N LDR DRP60 HB12N LDR DRP61 HB09K LDR RPY58A SEMICONDUCTORS	75 399 £5.95 £5.95 £1.35 £1.35 £1.72 DIS £1.07
BY74R Y892A Michron MkII PCB Y892A Michron MkII Cas- LW37B Michron MkII Cas- Michron MkII Clk Page 172 XL07H YL19V MA1003 L.C.Clock Module Page 173 LW39N LW3N LW3N LW3N LW3N LW3N LW3N LW3N LW3	DIS DIS	YX76H YX77J Drive Belt 46mm YX777 Drive Belt 57mm YX78K Drive Belt 56mm YX80B Drive Belt 56mm YX80B Drive Belt 50mm HR06G Ctrdg BSR SC12h HR10L Ctrdg BSR SC12h YX83E Ctrdg Rigonda 25	985 986 987 987 987 987 015 1. £3.65 215. £4.55	YB56L Cassette Kr C107 RB04E Cass Head Cinr C YW87U Cleaning Stick C1 YW88V Tape Cleaning Fix Page 186 FR54J Cassette Cinr Ta YW89V Cassette Cin & D FR62S Straight Demagne *YW90X Curved Demagne *YW90X Spicing Block	09	WR43W Cermet 50k WR44X Cermet 100k WR45Y Cermet 100k WR45Y Cermet 10k WR45A 15-Turn Cermet 5 WR45B 15-Turn Cermet 5 WR49B 15-Turn Cermet 1 WR50E 15-Turn Cermet 1 WR50E 15-Turn Cermet 1 WR50E 15-Turn Cermet 1 BW06G Edge Control Pox. WR51F 15-Turn Cermet 1 BW08J Edge Knob Small BW08J Edge Knob Small BW08J Edge Knob Large BW10L Edge Knob Large FW00A Pof Lin 1k	t. £1.20 bk £1.42 bk £1.42 bk £1.20 bok £1.42 65p Blk 8p arey 8p Blk 8p arey 8p 37p	OBO8J AC188 OBIOL ACY19 OBI1M ACY20 OBI2N ACY21	DIS £1.55 £1.35 61p £1.22 61p

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QB20W AF239 QB20W AF239 QB21X AY-1-0212 HQ51F AY-1-15050 YY98Q AY-1-1320 HQ51F AY-1-15050 YY98QW AY-3-1270 YY98W AY-3-1270 YY98W AY-3-1350 WQ171 AY-3-8115 *W018U AY-5-1013A QB24B AY-5-1224 QB25C AY-5-1230 QB26D AY-5-4007D QB26D AY-5-4007D QB27E BA1028 QQ12N BA2438 QQ12N BA2438 QQ12N BA2438 QQ12N BA2438 QB26G BAX13 QB26G BAX13 QB26G BAX16 QB31L BB1078 QB31L BB1078 QB31L BC109C QB31L BC109C QB31L BC109C QB31L BC109C QB34R BC119 QB36P BC199 QB37F BC199 QB37F BC199 QB37F BC199 QB37F BC199 QB38R BC141 QB38R BC141 QB38R BC141 QB39R BC142 QB48C BC160 QB49B BC166 QB49B BC166 QB51F BC169C QB59F BC209C QB59F BC209C QB50R BC18A QB57R BC18A QB57R BC18A QB57R BC204 QB57R BC37 QB57R BC47 QB57	36p 15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 15p 38p 79p 43p 11p 11p 12p 11p 12p 11p 11p 29p 45p 45p 40p 40p 40p 40p 5119 50p 38p 38p 38p 38p 38p 38p 38p 38p 38p 38	YYZP M1872 WO387 M2917 WO397 M2917 WO397 M2917 WO397 M3900 WO39N M3909 **WO407 M3911 WO41U M3916 YY96E M3915 YY97F M3916 YH64U M13600N YH81C M083 WH22Y M087 YY99X M108 YY91V M17 H071N M251 H071N M251 H071N M251 WH21X M254 XL14Q M3915 WH21X M254 XL14Q M3916 YH21X M254 XL14Q M3917 W1421X M254 XL07H M31003 XL14Q M31023 H437 M61310P QH44X M61303 QH44X M61300P W149D M61310P W149D M61310P W149D M6340P Page 197 QH50E W049D M6340P W049D M6360P W049D M6360P W049D M66801P W049D M66801P W049D M66801P W049D M66805P W049D M66800P W049D M6680D W049D M6680D	\$1.65 \$1.61 \$1.44 \$1.25 \$1.25 \$1.49 \$1.25 \$2.65 \$2.65 \$2.60 \$2.29 \$1.80 \$2.42 \$1.31 \$2.41 \$2.43 \$2.43 \$2.47 \$2.49	OHEZS MPS3638A BL23A MPS3638A WQ53A MS4A WQ53B MS4A WQ53B MS4A WQ55B NE 555 QH69X NE 556 QH69A NE 556 QH69A NE 556 QH69Y NE 551 YG7X NE 553 YG3R NE 553 YG3R NE 553 YG3BR NE 5553 YG7X NE 553 YG3BR NSM4000A OH70M OA71 OH71N OA90 OH72P OA91 OH73D OA95 OH74B OA200 OH72B OA25 OH73B OC28 OH82D OC70 OH84F OC71 OH85C OC72 OH85B OC72 OH85B OC72 OH85B OC72 OH85B OC73 OH85B OC73 OH85B <td>22.105</td> <td> L689</td> <td>## 4528E ## 4529 OQ43W</td> <td>## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##</td>	22.105	L689	## 4528E ## 4529 OQ43W	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##

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OX81C 7426 YF17T 74L526 OX49D 7427 YF18U 74L527	22p 22p 29p	YH03D 74L3290 YH04E 74L5293 YH05F 74L5295. YH06G 74L5298	£1.30 	Page 234 H051F AY-1-5050	£1.99	Y041U 0.5/1A Reg -V PS PC Y054J 0.5/1A Vareg Pos PC Y055K 0.5/1A Vareg Neg PC	B85p B85p 3885p	FL79L Thermpath +HQ00A Small Thermp WY08J Standard Fan	£3.60 with
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WH01B 74123 YF48C 74LS123 WH02C 74LS124	62p	OL24B UA747C	75p	Page 245		W026D ER1400 W027E ER3401 YH52G 825126M1 W059P R0-3-2513 YH38R 8038 CCPD	£9.99 DIS	WF18U Elliptcal Spkr (Spkr
YF49D 74LS125 YF50E 74LS126 WH03D 74132 YF51F 74LS132	330	0H46A 1458C 0H51F 3403 XX01B 4136 0H28F CA3140T		W075S TL170C YG37S CL8960 YY99H LM1830 YY73Q LM335Z *WQ401 LM3911	55p £29.95	WQ59P RO-3-2513 YH38R 8038 CCPD	£8.95 £4.69	WF23A Elliptical Spkr (WY13P Elliptical Spkr (
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YF53H 74LS13/	£2.20 38p			Page 246		YQ65V 8038 PCB QW80B 4151 Q001B DAC0801LCN	85p 89p £2.45	WF00A Rd Speaker LT WF52G Rd Speaker LT WF08J Rd Speaker CI WF11M Rd Speaker LT	
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YF61R 741S157	35p	Page 227 QH50E MC3360P WQ63T TBA820M QH38R LM377	DIS			WR30H Transkt 4-Lead T018. WR31J Transkt 3-Lead T05. WR32K IC Skt 8-Lead. WR33L IC Skt 10-Lead	35p		C 16R£28.45
YF62S 74LS158 WH09K 74160 YF63T 74LS160 YF64U 74LS161	49p 49p	QH38R LM377	£1.77	Page 248 FY90X Crystal 6.5536MHz YY93B (CM7045IP1 QB25C AY-5-1230	£2.98	WR32K IC Skt 8-LeadWR33L IC Skt 10-Lead	55p 67p	Page 273 XQ83E C15 Bass 8R XQ84F C15 Bass 16R X828F Power L/S Cal	£57.80
YF65V 74LS162 YF66W 74LS163 WH10L 74164 YF67X 74LS164 YF68Y 74LS165	53p	Page 228 WQ36P LM389	£1.49	QB25C AY-5-1230	DIS	Page 264		XB28F Power L/S Call XQ05F 15 inch Power AF33L Mini Speaker S	binet£49.00 Cab
YF67X 74LS164 YF68Y 74LS165	55p	WQ36P LM389 OH39N LM379S QH40T LM380	£5.29 75p	Page 249 YY88V TMS1121	£9.73	Page 264 WR248 Kit T03 WR25C Kit T066 WR27E Kit S055 WR26D Kit T0126 WR23A Kit (P) Plas	9p	AF34M 5W Spkr in Ca AF35Q 15W Spkr Pair	b£9.95 £33.50
YF69A 74LS166 YF70M 74LS168 YF71N 74LS169	£1.95 £1.20	Page 229		YY88V TMS1121 YY92A MK50395 QB26D AY-5-4007D		WR23A Kit (P) Plas	6p	Page 274	
YF72P 74L\$170	£2.99	Page 229 *W033L LM383 BY73Q 8W Amp PCB LW36P 8W Amp Kit. W034M LM384 QL13P TBA810P	£1.61	Page 250 YY94C ICM7216DIPI	617.45	BL17T DIL Socket 8-pin BL18U DIL Socket 14-Pin BL19V DIL Socket 16-pin HQ76H DIL Socket 18-pin HQ77J DIL Socket 20-pin	11p 12p 16p	AF31J 20W Spkr Pair AF32K PA Spkr in Cal XY79L Ceiling Speak YL15R Bracket Minor YL16S Bracket Bek 1	£63.00 b£21.99
WHIIM 74174 YF74R 74LS174 YF75S 74LS175 YF76H 74LS181 YF77J 74LS189	81 p 62 p 58 p	QL13P TBA810P	£1.44 95p	YY95D ICM7226BIPI YH63T ICM 7555	£17.45 £21.90 £1.25	HQ77J DIL Socket 20-pin HQ78K DIL Socket 22-pin		YV79L Ceiling Speake YL15R Bracket Minor YL16S Bracket Bek 1	#£11.75 5£6.50 00£13.90
VF7.8K 7.4I S 190	580	BR02C 5W Amp PCB YY70M TDA2005M	£8.25	D 0F1		HQ78K DIL Socket 22-pin BL20W DIL Socket 24-pin BL21X DIL Socket 28-pin HQ38R DIL Socket 40-pin YX50E ZIF Socket 24-Way	24p 31p	WY14Q Spkr Selector	DIS
YF79L 74LS191 WH12N 74192 YF80B 74LS192 QX90X 74193	68p	Page 230 WQ67X TDA2030	£1.95	OH66W NE 555	21p 62p	YX50E ZIF Socket 24-Way XX140 Soldercons	£3.40 90p	SWITCHES	
VER1C 741 C103	65.0	WQ67X TDA2030 YQ43W 15W Amp Kit YQ35Q 15W Amp PCB YQ36P 15W Amp Bracket YQ38R 30/2 PSU PCB.	£1.25	WQ56L NE 565	£1.34	XX14Q Soldercons YG27E Header 14-pm. YG28F Header 16-pin. YG29G Header 24-pin. FR25C Insertion Tool.	£1.10	Page 275 FH97F SPST Ultra Mil	n T <i>es</i> ie66p
WH13P 74194 YF82D 74L\$194 YF83E 74L\$195 WH14Q 74196		YQ38R 30/2 PSU PCB YQ37S 15W Amp Module	£1.40 £6.49	Page 252 OH69A NE 567		Page 265	оор	FH97F SPST Ultra Mil FH98G SPDT Ultra Mil FH99H DPDT Ultra Mil FH00A Sub-Min Togg FF70M Sub-Min Togg	n Tagle 69p in Tagle 75p
WH14Q 74196 YF84F 74LS196	65p	Page 231		OH69A NE 567 WQ39N LM3909 YY76H TDA1024 YH43W 8211 CPA WQ32K LM334		FL56L Transistor Cover	10p	FF70M Sub-Min Toggi FH01B Sub-Min Toggi	le J80p
YF84F 74LS196. YF85G 74LS197 YF86T 74LS221 YF87U 74LS240. YF88V 74LS241	63p	Page 231 WQ66W TDA2006	£1.65 DIS £1.57	WQ32K LM334 YH39N 8069 DCQ WQ62S TAA 550	£2.35	FL56L Transistor Cover	19p 16p 89p	FH01B Sub-Min Toggl FH02C Sub-Min Toggl FH03D Sub-Min Toggl FH04E Sub-Min Toggl FF71N Sub-Min Toggl	le D£1.06 le E99p
YEROW 741 5242	990		£2.15	Barr 252		FL59P Varied Heatsink T03. FL58N Varied Heatsink Plas Pwr. FL57M Varied Heatsink IC HQ70M Heatsink 2E FL41U Heatsink 4Y	46p 34p	FF71N Sub-Min Toggi FH05F Sub-Min Toggi FH06G Sub-Min Toggi	e K£2.35
YF90X 74LS243 QQ56L 74LS244 YF91Y 74LS245 YF92A 74LS251		Page 232 YY84F LM382	£1.65	YY78K TL497AYY77J TL430C	£1.65	HQ70M Heatsink 2E FL41U Heatsink 4Y	£2.55 £1.96	FH07H Sub-Min Togg FF72P Sub-Min Togg FH08! 4 Pole SM Togg	le H£1.25
YF93B 74LS253 YF94C 74LS256	53p	Page 232 YY84F LM382 *YY87U NE571 *YY86T TDA3410 WQ35Q LM387	£4.77 £1.90 £1.25	Y738 TL497A Y773 TL430C X775 ICL7660CPA XX02C 4195 Supply PCB XX04E 159 Supply PCB BL22Y uA723C 14-pin DIL	£3.24 £1.45	HQ69A 50W Hi-Fi Heatsink	£1.95	FHOSE Sub-Min Togge FHOSE Sub-Min Togge FHOSE Sub-Min Togge FHOPH Sub-Min Togge FF72P Sub-Min Togge FHOSU 4-Pole SM Tog FH39N Toggle SW- YLO18 Toggle SW- FH11M Suf Toggle SP FH11M Suf Toggle SP FH11M Suf Toggle DP	60p Cover47p
YF95D 74LS257 YF96E 74LS258 YF97F 74LS259	52p 55p 89p	Page 233		BL22Y uA723C T099 QL21X uA723C 14-pin DIL	85p	Page 266 HQ81C 8W Hi-Fi Heatsink	£1.17	FHIOL Std Toggle SP: FHIIM Std Toggle SP! FHI2N Std Toggle DP	ST50p DT57p DT77n
YF99G 74LS261 YF99H 74LS266	£2.25	Page 233 QH49D MC3340P YY85G LM1818 Q821X AY-1-0212 YY81C M083 WH22Y M087	£1.35	Page 255		HQ81C 8W Hi-Fi Heatsink FL42V Flet Heatsink 10DN FL554 Heatsink 10DNDR FL77J Heatsink 6W-1	£3.25 £2.15 £2.60	FH16S H/D Toggle T; FH17T H/D Toggle T; FH18U H/D Toggle T; FH19V H/D Toggle T; FH20W H/D Toggle T;	pe 1 DIS
YH00A 74L\$273 YH01B 74L\$279 YH02C 74L\$283	44p	YY81C M063 WH22Y M087	£4.75	YQ39N 0.1A Reg PSU PCB YQ40T 0.5/1A Reg V PS PCB	£1.05 85p	FL77J Heatsink 6W-1 YB26D Heatsink 60DN	£13.95	FH19V H/D Toggle Ty FH20W H/D Toggle Ty	/pe 8£4.40 /pe 9£4.30
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Page 276 FH13P Duck Bill Toggle FH14Q Long-Arm Tgl Lockin, FH15R Long-Arm Tgl Flashe YX56L Chrome Bar Toggle YX64U Min Rocker SP3 FH21X Hekla Switch Black. FH22Y Hekla Switch Blue. FH23A Hekla Switch Blue. FH23A Hekla Switch Lumino.	£1.15 DIS	FH63T Rct Latchbutton Red FH64U Rct Latchbutton Whit FH87U Magiclight Button Br FH89W Magiclight Button Dr FH90X Magiclight Button VI BW15R Latchbush Blue BW16S Latchbush Blue Latchbush Green BW17T Latchbush Crange Latchbush Yellow	23p DIS 42p	BR48C Hex Trimmer BR5]F Trim Tool BR49D Preset Trimmer. BR50E Trim T15 FY07H Min Screwdriver Set BR58N Jewillers Scrwdvr Set YW60Q Min Tool Set. FY08J Utility Set	24p 45p 72p 60p 85p £2.30 £1.69 £2.10	LH76H Wishbone Sharpenet YW66W Pin Drill	£4.95 23p 26p 28p 28p	Page 309 HX07H Bobbin Type 2 HX08J Clips Type 2 HX08J Clips Type 2 HX10L Type 3 Gore HX10L Type 3 Bobbin HX12N Large Pot Core HX13P Bobbin Type 4 HX14Q Mtg System Type 4 HX23A GE Coil L15 HW23A GE Coil L15	75p 51.85 42p 6p 99p 10p £1.10
FM25C Hekla Switch Red, FM26D Hekla Switch White. FH27E Hekla Switch Yellow. FH30H SPST Rocker. FH31J SPDT Rocker. YR697 Rocker Rocker No. YR69A Rocker Sw DP. FH34M DPUR Rocker. YR70M DPUR Rocker. XX26D DII Switch SPST Dual	DIS DIS DIS 49p 63p 63p 98p 9110	Page 283 YX94C Ultra-Min Relay SPDI YX95D Ultra-Min Relay DPDI YX95E AM Min Relay YX97F 10A Mains Relay YX98C SA Mains Relay Page 284 YX99H 12V 30A Relay		Page 297 YX74R Min Screwdriver BR526 SR53H Large Screwdriver JOHN SCREWdriver Driver S2 FY10L Driver S3 FY13P Driver S5 FY13P Driver S6 FY15R FY17T Poxidriver P1 FY17T Poxidriver P2 BR71N Mains Tester		HQ10L HS Drill 3766/in HQ12N HS Drill 7/32/in HQ12N HS Drill 7/32/in HQ13P HS Drill 17/64/in HQ14P HS Drill 17/64/in HQ15R HS Drill 17/64/in HQ15R HS Drill 17/64/in HQ15T HS Drill 19/64/in HQ18U HS Drill 18/64/in HQ19V HS Drill 21/64/in HQ20V HS Drill 21/64/in HQ21X HS Drill 21/64/in	60p 68p 75p 89p	HX57M GE COIL LB. HW24B GE COIL L14 HX56L GE COIL L7 HX55K GE COIL L6 HX55J GE COIL L5 HW25C GE COIL L12 HW26D GE COIL L12 Page 310	£220 £195 £220 £220 £225 £199 £199
XX27E DIL Switch SPST QcI XX28F DIL Switch SPDT Sgl XX29G DIL Switch SPDT Qua Page 277 F773Q Rotary SW12B F774R Rotary SW6B F775S Rotary SW8 F776H Rotary SW3B F776H Rotary SW3B F776H Rotary SW3B		YX99H 12V 30A Relay FX23A Open Relay 6V FX28D Open Relay 12V FX26D 2D Sub-Min Relay 6V FX27E 2D Sub-Min Relay 12V FX27E 2D Sub-Min Relay 12 FX30H 4p Sub-Min Relay 12 Page 285 HY20W Relay Fiat 12V	V DIS V£3.99	LH75S Spiraldriver	£4.25 £5.99 £. £5.25 £4.25 £6.93	H022Y HS Drill 3/8in H023A HS Drill 25/64in H024B HS Drill 13/32in H025C HS Drill 27/64in H025C HS Drill 27/64in H026D HS Drill 77/6in. H027E HS Drill 18/32in H028F HS Drill 18/32in H028G HS Drill 1/2in FV58N Round Tape Rule. FV59P Retractable Rule.	£1.49 £1.55 DIS £1.95	HX24B Choke 0.5H	£1.15 £1.15 £1.15 £1.15 £2.15 £2.15 £1.99 £1.99 £1.96 £1.98
FH43W Rotary SW6 FH45Y Rotary SW4 FH45Y Rotary SW3 FR3E Thumbwheel Decimal FR84F Thumbwheel BCD FF86T Thumbwheel Mtg Kit. YR77J Push Wheel BCD YR78K Push Wheel Spacer	70p 70p 70p £4.95	HY20W Relay Flat 12V FX48C Power Relay 12V FX49C Power Relay 12V FX49D Power Relay 230V AC Y889W Car Relay Single FX50E Reed Relay 6 to 9V FX51F Read Relay 9 to 12V FX73Q Reed Relay 12 to 18V FX74R Reed Relay 18 to 30V	£2.43 £3.95 £4.25 DIS £1.98 £2.15 £2.15 £2.95	FY20W Box-JT End Cutter. FY21X Low-Cost Cutters. FY36H Large Low Cost Cutters BR74R Side Cutters. FY22Y Box Jt Side Cutters. BR72P Side Cutters S55. FY23A High Leverage Cutte YW67X Tweezers. FY24B Low Cost Min Pilers.	£7.60 £4.50 r DIS 	PY600 Feeler Gauge Imp FY61R Feeler Gauge Metric Page 304 FY62S Iron CX FY63T Element CX FR30H Bit 6/1106	95p 97p	HX16S Choke 2.5mH. HX17T Choke 5mH. HX18U Choke 7.5mH. HX18V Choke 10mH. HX22Y Choke RFC5A. HX23A Choke RFC5A. WH25C Choke 0.22mH. WH25C Choke 0.47mH. WH29G Choke 1.0mH. WH30H Choke 1.5mH. WH31D Choke 1.5mH.	
FH57M Rotary Mains FH95D Roller Microswitch Page 278 FH46A Maka Shaft FH47B Maka Wafer Lo 12w	£1.10	FX88V Dil Reed Relay 1 p 5V FX89W Dil Reed Relay 1 p 12V FX90X Dil Reed Relay 2 p 5V FX91V Dil Reed Relay 2 p 12V FX92A Dil Rd Relay 1 p C/051 FX93B Dil Rd Ril p 1 C/012V FX68V Reed SW Standard		BR78K Ins Min Snipe BR69A Box Joint Min Pilers BR77B Box Joint Min Pilers Fr25C Low-Cost Piers Pr26D Box Combined Piler Page 299 Fr27E Low-Cost Long Pilers	£3.99	FR31J Bit 7/1101 FY66W Bit 1102 FY67X Bit 1103 FR01B Element Type CN FR02C Handle Type CN FR03D Bit 102 FR04B Bit 104		WH3UH Choke 2.2UH WH31Z Choke 3.3UH WH32K Choke 3.3UH WH33E Choke 4.7UH WH34M Choke 6.8UH WH35D Choke 10.0UH WH35P Choke 15.0UH WH37S Choke 20.0UH WH39R Choke 33.0UH WH39N Choke 33.0UH WH39N Choke 47.0UH WH41U Choke 10.0	45p 45p 45p 55p 55p 61p 48p 48p
FF81C Maka Water 2p 9w FH50E Maka Water 4p 3w FH51F Maka Water 6p 2w FH52G Maka Water 1p 12w M FH53H Maka Water 2p 6w ME FF82D Maka Water 2p 9w ME FH641 Maka Water 2p 9w ME	£1.25 £1.10 £1.17 B75p L£1.05	FX72P HB13P HB17T Sw Former Stan One. HB17T Sw Former Comp One TEST GEAR	88p 	FY27E Low-Cost Long Pilens BR92A Combination Pilers. BR73Q BR90X Box Radio Pilers Low-Cost Rec Pilers FY28F Low-Cost HD Pilers. BR91Y Electricians Pilers FY30H Pilers. FY30H Pilers. BR76H End Action Strippers	£7.49 £6.37 £2.85	FR12N Iron X25	£5.95 £7.48 £2.92 £2.49	HX29G Crystl Set Coil PCC	ε1.95
FF87U Click Switch FF89W Click Cap Black FF89W Click Cap Blue FF90X Click Cap Green FF91Y Click Cap Grey FF92A Click Cap Ivory FF93B Click Cap Red FF94C Click Cap White FF95D Click Cap Yellow	30p 18p 18p 18p 18p 18p 18p 18p 18p	Page 287 HF19V Test Prod Black HF20W Test Prod Red YK57M Min Probe Black YK58M Min Probe Blue. YK59P Min Probe Green YK50Q Min Probe Red YK61R Min Probe Yellow HF21X Probe Clips HF30H Pistol Probe Black HF31H Pistol Probe	45p 45p 42p 38p 42p 42p 42p 42p 98p	BR93B Wire Strippers 3A BR94C Wire Strippers 8B BR95D Wire Strippers 9 BR96E Stripmeater BR97F Blede L5361 XX11M Blade L4421	£2.35 £1.49 £3.96 £16.25 £6.20	FR17T Bit No. 51 FR18U Bit No. 52 FR20W Stand ST3 FR11M Sponge. FY68Y Kit SK3	92 p 89 p £2.95 11 p £8.92	YG30H Toho YRCS12374 HX43W Toko YHCS 11100. YG31J Toko CSK3464. YG32K Toko YMCS17104. HX98G Toko ACS 34342. HX98G Toko ACS 34343. YG39N Toko KACB448. YG36P Toko KACB449.	52p 52p 47p 47p 64p 46p 48p 46p 46p
FF63T Keytop 2 Position	29p 	HF22Y Lo-Cost Test Probe HF33K Moulded Test Probe 4mm Test Probe YR94C AVO-type Test Lead YR93B Test Lead Kit	74p 79p 89p £4.45 £2.75	FY32K Hand Wrap Tool HY16S Verowire Pen. HY17T Verowire Spool FY33L Verowire Comb FY34M Allen Keys AF. FY35Q Allen Keys Metric YR82D Min Spanner Set FY36P Min Spanner 24.	£1.35 £2.10 £1.15	FY69A kit SK4 WY05F Rechargeable Iron YK67X B50 Bit Round YK684 B50 Bit Angled YK69A B50 Bit Flattened YK70M B50 Lamp YK71N B50 Holder YK72P B50 Sponge FR10L Heat Sink Tweezers FR23A Solder Sucker	85p 62p 29p 19p	LB03D FT 16 LB04E FT 17 LB02C FT 15 LB05F FT 18 465kMz. LB06G FT 18 1.6MHz. HX28F Toc 1 HX69A Trans Coil 17 Blue. HX70M Trans Coil 17 Red.	£1.75 £1.75 £1.81 £2.19 £1.98 £1.98 £2.57 £2.57
FH35Q Sub-Min Slide FF79L Long Chrome Slide. FH36P Std Slide Switch FH38R 4-Pole Slide YR67X HQ Push Switch FH59P Push Switch FH50Q Break Push. FH61Y Motor-Start Press.	15p 22p 15p 69p 39p 17p 23p 43p	Page 288 FY88V Continuity Probe FL61R Signal Injector BW05F Scope Probe BNC BR89W Scope Probe 4mm. FY74R VB21X FR95D Lo-Cest Scope Probe.		FY37S Min Spanner 68. FY38R Ring Spanner 02 FY39N Ring Spanner 46. YW61R Box Spanner 84. YW62S PSD6 Spanner Set. FY45Y Crescent Wrench 16. FY46A Crescent Wrench 210 Page 301	£1.69 £2.15 DIS 0£3.35 0£4.20	FR24B Sucker Tiplet FR26D Desolder Tool. HY13P Desidr Nozzle Type 2 FR63T Desidr Washer Type 2 FR27E Desolder Washer FR28F Desolder Nozzle FR29G Solda-Mop. FR21X Solder D622 FY70M 1/2kg Reel Solder. FY71N Alum Solder I m Pk.	£1.55 £7.25 89p 24p DIS	HX71N Trans Coil 1T White HX72P Trans Coil 2T Blue HX74R Trans Coil 2T Blue HX74R Trans Coil 2T Red HX76S Trans Coil 2T White HX76H Trans Coil 2T White HX77J Trans Coil 3T Blue HX71 Trans Coil 3T Red HX78L Trans Coil 3T White HX89M Trans Coil 3T White HX89M Trans Coil 3T White HX89M Trans Coil 3T Blue	£2.42 £2.17 £2.20 £1.48 £2.22
FF97F Square Push Green. FF98G Square Push Red. FF99H Square Push Yellow YW41U Square Psh Lck Black YW42V Square Psh Lck Green YW43W Square Psh Lck Green YW43W Square Psh Lck Red. YW44X Square Psh Lck Yllow. FH61U Pushlock SPCD FH66W Pushlock DPCD FH66W Pushlock DPCD FH66W Pressil SwiftCh	7/p 77p 77p 75p DIS 75p 75p 5120 £1.45	Page 289 XB82D Calscope Super 6 Carr in UK with XB82. \$\times \text{XB83E} \text{Caper in UK with XB83.} Page 290 XY05F 500MHz Freency Cntr		FY40T Box Spanner 28A FY41U Box Spanner 4BA FY42V Box Spanner 6BA FY43W Box Spanner 6BA FY44X Quick Grips FY47B Adjustable Wrench FY49T Needle File Flat Wrd FY50E Needle File Flat Wrd FY51F Needle File Halfrind	£3.20 £5.60 £1.75 £1.75	Page 306 FY72P LH04E Freeze-it. LH03D Y877J Servisol. LH02C Y873Q Aero-Duster Y874R Silicone Grease	£5.35 £1.94 £1.94 £1.66 £1.55 £1.75 £1.78	HX89W Trans Coil 4T Blue. HX90X Trans Coil 4T Red HX91Y Trans Coil 4T White HX92A Trans Coil 4T Yellow HX93B Trans Coil 5T Blue. HX94C Trans Coil 5T Blue. HX95D Trans Coil 5T White HX96E Trans Coil 5T Yellow	£2.17 £2.45 £2.20 £1.82 £2.17
Page 280 FH92A Press Toe Sw Type 1 FH93B Press Toe Sw Type 2 + L864U Foot Switch 2.5mm J. FH37S Mains Push. L891Y Flasher Init 2. Way.	£1.20 £1.95 £4.25 £1.10 £5.75	XY05F LH05F Transistor Testr HFE. V882D Y881C Sesure Sig Gen Wy93B LOW Cost Multimeter	£7.50	FY52G Needle File Round. BR63T Junior Hacksaw. BR64U 6in Hacksaw Blades FY54J Wire Brush. FY55K Wet & Dry Fine. FY55L Wet & Dry Fine. FY57M Wet & Dry Course. HX04E Polish Block FY02C Utility Knife.	£2.27 99p 98p 45p 20p 19p 55p	Y8755 Plastic Seal. Y876H Coam Cleanser. Y878K Excel Poish. Y879L Anti-Static Spray. Y8808 Fire Extinguisher Evostik Impact. Page 307	£1.72 £4.85 99p	Page 312 HX82D Min Tr LT44 LB149 Min Tr LT700 YR91Y Min Tr LT700 WB01B Sub-Min Tr 6V WB01B Sub-Min Tr 9V WB02C Sub-Min Tr 12V WB01M Min Tr 9V WB11M Min Tr 9V WB11M Min Tr 9V WB11M Min Tr 9V	
LOODA Beginners Morse Key LOOB Professi Morse Key Beginners Morse Mors	£4.85	YB83E Small Multimeter Type 320. L193B Taut-Band Multimeter Type 320. L193B Taut-Band Multimeter Type 320. YB85G YB85G Supertester 680G Supertester 680R Supertester 680R		FY04E Knife Blades YW64U Snap-Off Blade Knife Page 302 FY05F Scalpel Handle FY06G Scalpel Bld Type II BR55P Punch 3/81	99p	FL46A Cyanoacrylate L Q02C Potting Compound FL49X Double Bubble Sache FL47B PVC Tape Blue FL48C PVC Tape Blue FL49D PVC Tape Brown FL51F PVC Tape Green FL51F PVC Tape White	35p	WB16S Min Tr 20V WB20W Min Tr 24V WB21X Min Tr 36V	£3.35 £3.35 DIS
PH68Y Latchswitch 4-pole FH69A Latchswitch 6-pole FH70M Latchswitch 8-pole FH71M Latchswitch 10-pole BW11M Latchsoft 2-pole BW12N Latchsoft 4-pole FH72P Latchdurmy. FH74R Mains Latchswitch FH76H Latchbracket 2-way. FH76H Latchbracket 2-way.	£1.20 £1.20 £1.59	Page 293 LH88B Clamp Meter LH94C DMM 200 LH95D DMM 100 Page 294 Y1.12N HV Probe Y1.13P Shunt 25A		BR62S Punch 9/16in BR80B Punch 5/8in BR81C Punch 3/4in BR83E Punch 1 in BW00A Punch 1 1/2in EY53H Mini Vice	£4.49 £4.64 £4.83 £5.20 £6.49	WOUND PARTS Page 308	35p	WB250 Tr 12V 1A WB250 Tr 9V 1.1/2A WB250 Tr 9V 1.1/2A WB12M Tr 20V 1A WB12M Tr 20V 1A WB17T Tr 28V 1.1/2A WB37T Tr 28V 1.1/2A WB37T Tr 32032/6.1/2A WB37M Tr 34V 1A WB32Y Tr 34V 1A	e66p
FH80B Latchbracket 6-way FH82D Latchbracket 8-way FH84F Latchbracket 10-way Page 282	1.4 n	Y112N HV Probe. Y113P Shunt 25A. Y114Q Shunt 10A. XY75S Ham Multimeter WY18U SWR Meter 310. Page 295 WY20W Transfest UH74. WY21X SWR Meter 178. YB04E Grid Dip Meter		BW02C Titan Drill YW65V Mini Mains Drill XB12N Drill Stand BR84F Retiant Collar BW04E Drill Power Supply Page 303	£14.95 75p £13.99	LB18U Former 351 LB18U Former 450 LB19V Former 722/1 LB2W Former 722/2 LB21X Former 722/8 LB22Y Former 722/4 LB24V Dust Core Type 4 LB42V Dust Core Type 4 LB42V Dust Core Type 8	24p 16p 13p 13p 13p 13p 13p 11p 17p	WB07H Tr 34V 1A WB22Y Tr 34V HP WB22Y Tr 34V HP W34M 15/22V Power Tran LW34I Tr 240V Isotran. W328F Clock Transformer. W328F Clock Transformer. LB70M Mic Xformer MX5 LB71N Mic Xformer MX5 LR05F Mic Xfrm Typ2 20.36 LR05F Mic Xfrm Typ2 20.36	
F132K Rd Latchbutton Green. F133L Rd Latchbutton Grey F134M Rd Latchbutton Grey F135Q Rd Latchbutton Red F135Q Rd Latchbutton White. FL36P Rd Latchbutton Chrm. BW13P Sm Latchbutton Chrm. FH61R Rct Latchbutton Ghm. FH62R Rct Latchbutton Grey September 1982	22p 11p 33p 14p 14p	TOOLS Page 296 LH15R Hobby BoxFR22Y Storage Drawer		BR65V Twist Bur 0.8mm BR66W Twist Bur 1.4mm BR85G HS Twist Drill 0.8mm BR86T HS Twist Drill 1.mm. BR87U HS Twist Drill 1.mm. Y28F Long-Life Drill 1.mm. LH77J 20-Piece Tool Kit. LH78K 40-Piece Tool Kit.		LB44X Former Base. LB36P Screening Can 10 LB37S Screening Can 12 LB39N Screening Can 12 LB39R Screening Can 15 LB38R Screening Can 15 LB62S A/P Bas6s. HX05F Small Pot Core. HX06G Cora Type 2.		LR05G Mc Xfm Typ2 200-6(YX84F Z Changer	

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XG10L 12V 3A Power Unit	
XG13P 1.5m CB Aerial	Price £13.95
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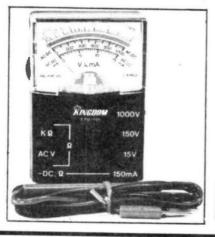
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Electronics Simplified - Crystal Set Construction

by F. A. Wilson

This book is designed especially for those who wish to participate in the intricacies of electronics more through practical construction than by theoretical study. The original crystal set is no longer with us, but it has a modern counterpart and the circuits are still the basis of radio receivers so the reader discovers much about modern radio. Construction of several crystal sets is shown in detail

1982. 80 pages. 178 x 110mm. Illustrated.

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Mini-Matrix Board Projects

by R. A. Penfold

A selection of twenty useful and interesting circuits any of which can be built on a small Veroboard type 14354 (FL06G). Projects include a MW radio, guitar headphone amp, transistor checker, microphone amp, aerial booster, kitchen timer, baby alarm touch switch, automatic signal, magnetic lock and 10 more. 1982. 112 pages. 178 x 110mm. Illustrated.

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Multi-Circuit Board Projects

by R. A. Penfold

The book contains 21 electronic projects, any of which may be con-structed on the same specially designed pcb. Ready-made pcb's are available from Maplin (GA79L £1.25). Also the same components have been used in each design where possible so that components and pcb may be used over and over again. 1982. 128 pages. 178 x 110mm. Illustrated.

Order As WA36P (Book BP103) Price £1.95NV

Aerial Projects

by R. A. Penfold

The book contains various practical aerial designs including active, loop and ferrite aerials which give good performances yet are relatively simple and inexpensive to build. Complex theory and mathematics of aerial design have been avoided. Constructional details are given for a number of aerial accessories including a preselector, attenuator, filters and tuning unit.

1982. 96 pages. 178 x 110mm. Illustrated.

Order As WA37S (Book BP105) Price £1.95NV

Understanding Automotive Electronics

by W. B. Ribbens & N. P. Mansour (Texas Instruments Data Library) Many automotive functions are now being controlled electronically. Engine performance with good fuel economy and low exhaust emissions, cruise control, digital panel, displays even speech synthesis products are just a few of the practical applications of automotive electronics. This book explains in detail many of the applications of electronics in cars. 1982. 288 pages. 210 x 134mm. Illustrated.

Order As WA44X (Understanding Car Price £4.95NV Electronics)

The Art of Programming The 1K ZX81 by M. James & S. M. Gee

The book shows you how to use the features of the ZX81 in programs that fit into the 1K machine. The book covers random number generation graphics, moving graphics, PEEK and POKE, the ZX81 timer, and strings and words. There are several ready-to-run programs and plenty of hints and tips to help you get even more out of your 1K ZX81

1982. 96 pages. 178 x 110mm. Illustrated

Order As WA38R (Book BP109) Price £1.95NV

Advanced 6502 Interfacing

by John M. Holland

For anyone interested in robotics and computer control, here is a collection design techniques and actual circuits that can be used or adapted to virtually any situation. Thoroughly covered are input and output port design, serial communications, timing and timers, A/D and D/A conversion, data acquisition and closed-loop control. Though offering advanced solutions to some rather complex and perplexing problems, it is written in an easy-to-understand manner, with clear explanations of circuit applications and operation for those looking for new ideas

1982. 192 pages. 216 x 134mm. Illustrated

Order As WA41U (Advanced 6502 Interfacing) Price £11.45NV

Beyond Games: Systems Software For Your 6502 Personal Computer by Ken Skier

Use your 6502-based personal computer for more than games! This book, for Apple, Atari, Ohio Scientific and PET, presents a guided tour to your computer. It moves through a fast, but surprisingly complete course in assembly language programming. Having mastered these fundamentals, the reader is introduced to many useful subroutines and programming tools, such as screen utilities, print utilities, a machine language monitor, a hexadecimal dump tool, a disassembler and a simple screen-based text editor

1981, 438 pages, 232 x 186mm, Illu-

Order As WA45Y (Beyond Games) Price £13.00NV

30-Hour BASIC (ZX81 Edition) by Clive Prigmore, Richard Freeman and Robert Horvath

This book has been specially pre-pared for BBC TV's 'The Computer Program' for use with the ZX81. The book is a simple self-instructional course on the language of microcomputers, but it teaches you good programming techniques. You'll learn how to keep, order and sort files, records and directories; how to print letters and addresses; how to invent your own computer games; how to handle numbers and so on

1982, 228 pages, 210 x 148mm, Illustrated in 2 colours.

Order As WA42V (30-Hour Basic) Price £6.50NV

Practical Programs (for the BBC Com-

puter & Acorn Atom) by David Johnson-Davies

The programs in this book illustrate many of the features of the BBC computer and its close relative, the Acorn Atom. They include games, language manipulation, mathema tics and sophisticated graphics. Users of the book are encouraged to understand how the programs work so each program is explained in great detail. The programs are listed in both BBC Computer and Acorn Atom formats

1982. 120 pages. 210 x 148mm. Illustrated.

Order As WA43W (Book JW414) Price £6.95NV

Games For The Atari

by S. Roberts

The book contains a BASIC listing for eight games and a machine code listing for one large game, Gunfight. The book also provides hints and tips for programming your own games. Screen movements are covered along with overlap detection, programming the joystick, sound features and ANTIC. The GTIA, display list interrunts and character set redefinition are also described

1982. 128 pages. 208 x 136mm. Illu-

Order As WA47B (Games For The Price £4.45 NV Atari)

Atari Sound and Graphics

by Herb Moore, Judy Lower and Bob Albrecht

A crystal clear guide to the vast creative possibilities of artistic programming to owners of the Atari 400 or 800, the most visually advanced personal computers on the market With this self-teaching guide you'll learn how to compose and play melodies, draw cartoons, create sound effects and games and progress to more sophisticated artistic programming.

1982. 240 pages. 252 x 170mm Illustrated.

Order As WA39N (Book JW593) Price £8.25NV Your Atari Computer

by Lon Poole with Martin McNiff & Steven Cook

Here's an invaluable all-in-one guide for Atari 400/800 computer users. The authors provide complete operating instructions and troubleshooting tips on hardware, peripherals and compatible software. Two chapters are devoted solely to the superb Atari graphics capabilities. For beginners there is a tutorial in Atari BASIC plus instructions for use of colour graphics and sound. The book has a comprehensive reference of BASIC statements and functions

1982. 464 pages. 234 x 164mm. Illustrated

Order As WA40T (Your Atari Com-Price £13.45NV puter)

Atari Computer Operating System User's Manual and Hardware Manual.

This comprehensive loose-leaf book, covers the operating system of the Atari 400 and 800 in great depth. It also describes the hardware and hardware registers at a highly technical level. There are memory maps and complete circuit diagrams of the computer.

1981. 356 pages. 282 x 196mm. Illustrated.

Order As WA46A (Opsys Users Price £16.95NV

De Re Atari

This book is essential for the serious programmer using the Atari 400 or 800, and unlocks the full amazing possibilities of these incredible machines. De Re (Day Ray)

these incredible machines. De Re (Day Ray) is Latin for 'All About' and this book is precisely that: All About Atari.
The book describes Atari's second microprocessor, ANTIC which controls the TV display and whose program is a Display List, and details are given of how you can alter or build your own Display List and thus directly create pictures on your TV set instantaneously. The colour registers and character sets are discussed, there is a whole section on Player Missile Graphics that permits real high-speed arcade-type graphics on your TV high-speed arcade-type graphics on your TV set and the powerful potential of Display List Interrupts is covered in detail.

The amazing scrolling capabilities of the Atari are described. Program techniques are described that allow the TV set to appear to be a window showing a small portion of a picture or map for example. By just using a joystick the window can be made to move horizontally, vertically and diagonally over the map smoothly, without steps or flickers. The Atari has four separate sound generators each having a frequency register determining the note, and a control register regulating the volume and the noise content. Several options are shown allowing you to insert high-pass filters, choose clock bases, set alternate modes of operation and modify polynomial counters all in your programs. In addition the book covers the Operating System, the Disk Operating System and the BASIC interpreter, showing how the tokenising scheme operates. This book opens the door to the amazing power of the Atari

computers.
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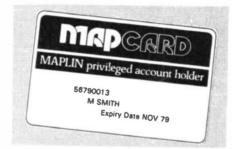
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things that are happening in microcomputers at the same time.

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THE 8~DIGIT FREQUENCY COUNTER

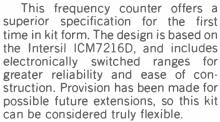
by Chris Barlow

★ Ranges from 100Hz to 500MHz

★ Mains or 12V DC operation

★ Clear 8-digit display

★ Easy to build - only two interconnecting wires



The integrated circuits used are of an extremely advanced and sophisti-

cated design, including CMOS, ECL, and Schottky TTL. The display uses multiplexed large red 7-segment LEDs for easy viewing. The functions and ranges are selected by computer-style key switches, and displayed on rows of different coloured LEDs. The input is a single BNC socket, and is switched automatically to the correct input amplifier. The counter will run off either an internal or an external reference oscil-

lator, of either 1MHz or 10MHz (programmable). The power supplies are fuse protected on both DC and AC inputs.

Section Chair in

The Frequency Counter

IC1 (ICM7216D) has multiplexed inputs for function and range select. It also has its own internal reference

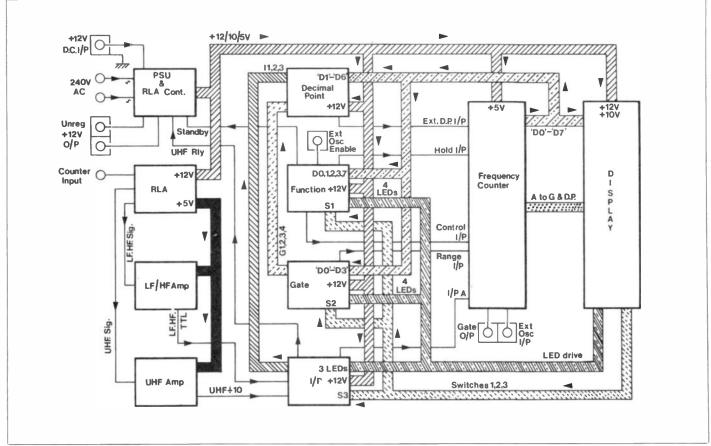


Figure 1. Block schematic of counter.

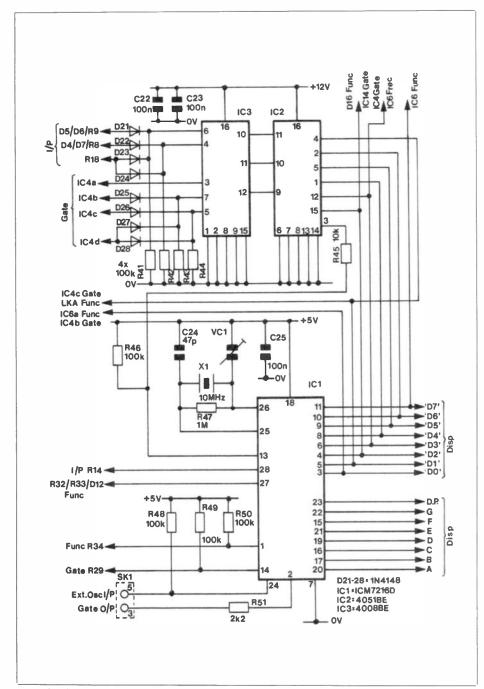
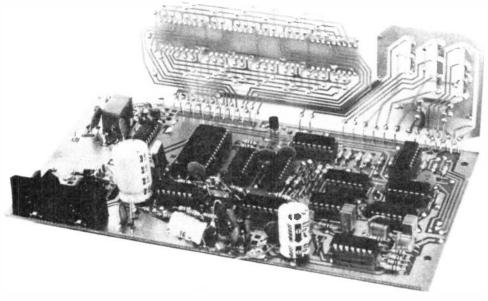


Figure 2. Frequency counter and decimal point logic counter.



oscillator, as well as provision for an external oscillator input (pin 24). Its internal oscillator is controlled by either a 10 MHz or a 1 MHz crystal. A 10 MHz crystal is supplied with the kit. Please note that if you wish to use the 1 MHz option, LKA on the PCB must be fitted. The crystal frequency is set by VC1. The setting of VC1 will determine the accuracy of the displayed frequency, and care should be taken in making this adjustment. IC1 provides the digit and segment drive for the 8-digit 7-segment displays. The digit drive multiplex signal is also used in the function and gate time selects circuits, to control the function and range inputs of IC1. Pin 2 of IC1 provides a gated signal output, which is fed to pin 3 of SK1, for possible future expansion to the

The Decimal Point

ICs 2 and 3 (CMOS 4051 and 4008) control the position of the decimal point. This is calculated by looking at the input range and gate time settings. The decimal point occurs at the transitional point between MHz and 100s kHz, except for the 10s gate time on L.F. range, where the decimal point occurs between Hz and tenths of Hz.

The Gate Time Function

This uses the CMOS 4093 (IC11) and 4017 (IC5) to select the gate times. The 4017 controls the CMOS bilateral switch CMOS 4016 (IC4). This selects the appropriate multiplex data line, which controls the range input (pin 14 of IC1). ICs 9 and 10 are the LED drivers for the four LEDs used in the display.

The Function Circuit

This is almost identical in operation to the Gate Time Circuit, but the multiplex data selected is fed to the control pin of IC1 (pin 1). In addition, the function circuit feeds signals to the input select, gate time select, and +10V control circuits. This disables the input select and gate time select in every mode except COUNT, also the +10V control is shut down in the DISPLAY OFF mode. A hold signal is generated in the function circuit which is fed to pin 27 of IC1, so that the frequency displayed can be stored for as long as is required. The display LEDs are driven by IC10 (CMOS 4049).

The Input Range Select Circuit

This functions similarly to the previous two, but features the control of Schottky TTL gates, which select either direct frequency, divide by ten, or divide by a hundred ranges. This is necessary because the maximum frequency that IC1 can handle is 10 MHz, therefore, for HF and UHF, division of the input signal is necessary. IC13 is the divide by ten chip used for HF and UHF ranges. In the UHF mode the

prescaler IC14 divides by ten, which is then fed into IC13, making a total division of one hundred. IC9 drives the display LEDs.

The UHF Input Amplifier/Prescaler

The UHF input stage uses a ZTX326 (TR3) broad band, high frequency amplifier in the common base mode. The UHF signal is fed to TR3 via the input relay circuit. It is then fed to the input pins (15 and 16) of IC14. The IC divides the signal by a factor of ten, and the signal is then fed to the input select circuit

The LF/HF Amplifier

The input to the amplifier is a FET source follower, TR5, to provide a high input impedance. This feeds the signal into pin 5 of IC16, a three stage broadband amplifier. The output on pin 15 is a 1V peak-to-peak signal, which is fed to the base of TR4. This then converts the signal into a TTL switching level, which is fed to pin 1 of IC15. This provides a clean switching waveform to drive the input select circuit. The output is on pin 8.

Power Supply and Relay Control

This consists of a standard transformer/bridge rectifier network, which provides an unregulated 12V supply for the CMOS circuits. REG 1 is a +5V, ½A regulator, and has a 1N4148 diode in its common return to increase the output voltage to +5.6V. This gives a brighter display and more reliable TTL switching. The 10V controlled output feeds the display LEDs on GATE TIME and INPUT ranges. The 10V is shut down in the DISPLAY BLANK mode, by IC11 controlling TR1. The relay RLA is controlled by TR2/IC9, and is active when UHF is selected. The relay controls the voltage and signal feed to either the LF/HF amplifier, or the UHF input amplifier/prescaler.

The Input Protection Circuit

This provides DC isolation to 500V. and AC protection up to a 5V peakto-peak signal. This is achieved with limiting diodes and DC isolation capacitors on the input.

Construction

This project has been designed to fit into the aluminium instrument case XY45Y. Holes have to be drilled for the transformer, regulator, mains input socket, and fuse, as they are all mounted on the back of the box. Holes also have to be drilled to allow access to the PCB mounted power connector and auxiliary socket. The front of the case requires holes drilling for the BNC input socket, the three key switches, the

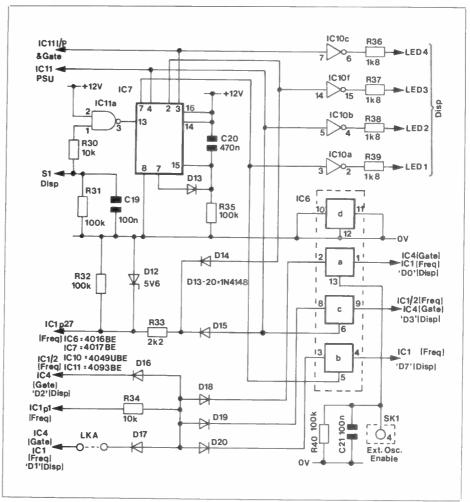


Figure 3. Function select circuit.

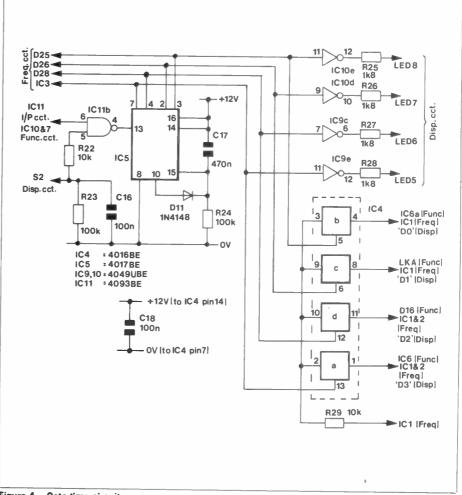


Figure 4. Gate time circuit.

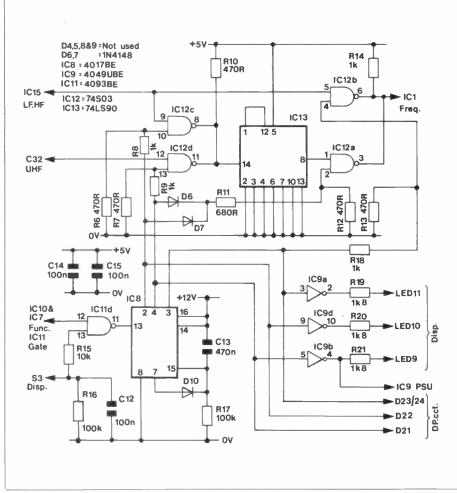


Figure 5. Input select circuit.

three rows of LEDs, and a rectangular window needs cutting for the display. The holes are already provided on the bottom of the box to fit the main PCB on \%" 6BA spacers. The CMOS ICs are all provided with sockets, and care should be taken when handling these devices.

The Main PCB

First, fit all track pins, making sure

that they are all soldered on both sides. Then insert and solder the Vero pins into their correct positions, and fit all resistors and diodes, including BR1, checking for correct polarity on all the diodes.

Fit the two PCB mounting connectors and the fuse clips. Fit all capacitors, including VC1. Make sure that all the electrolytics and tantalums are

correctly polarised. Fit the relay RLA and all IC sockets. These are only provided for CMOS ICs. Sockets should not be fitted to the ECL and TTL devices, as these can operate at frequencies that make the use of sockets undesirable. Fit the transistors, including the input FET, and solder the regulator into a position enabling it to be bolted to the back panel when the PCB is fitted into the case. Fit the crystal, taking care not to overheat this component. Clean the underside of the PCB, and check soldering for possible dry joints etc.

The Display PCB

Fit all track pins. Fit all 7-segment displays, ensuring correct orientation with markings towards the bottom of the board. Fit all display LEDs, and then the three push switches as shown in Figure 10. Check your soldering!

Fitting the Display PCB to the Main Board

The display PCB must be mounted at an angle of 90 degrees to the main board, and the bottom edge must run parallel to the front edge of the main PCB. Solder the inter-PCB connecting links to the main board.

All CMOS chips with the exception of IC1 should now be fitted. Normal CMOS precautions should be observed. Fit the BNC socket and glue the red filter to the front panel (as shown in Figure 11). The main PCB should now be tested (see the setting up procedure). After testing, mount the PCB with spacers (Figure 11), and bolt the regulator (using the mica washer), the mains transformer, the fuseholder, and the mains input socket to the back panel (Figure 12), and wire up as shown. Fit the capacitors to the back of the BNC socket as shown in Figure 11.

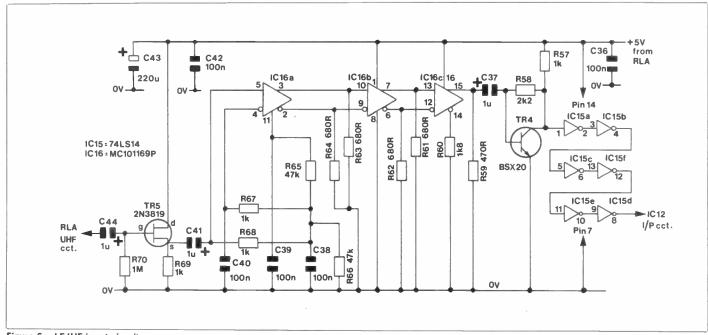


Figure 6. LF/HF input circuit.
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Setting Up

Before fitting into the case, the voltage regulator and CMOS control logic can be tested. A 12V DC supply is needed. This can be a battery, C.B. power supply, or similar. Fit a meter capable of reading 1A fsd across the PCB fuseclips, with the negative lead on the side of the fuseclip which connects to the anode of D3. Fit a temporary heatsink (e.g. a croc clip) to the metal tab of the regulator. Connect the 12V supply via the PCB mounted power input socket. A current of no more than 200mA should be observed. If there is more than 200ma, disconnect immediately and check the construction. If there is zero current, you may have incorrect polarity on the power supply. If all is correct the bottom LED in each row should be lit, but none of the 7-segment displays. Press each switch in turn, and check that the LEDs illuminate in sequence. The function should be kept in COUNT mode whilst checking the ranges. When the function is in any mode other than COUNT, the other two switches should have no effect. In 'DISPLAY OFF' mode, the range LEDs will extinguish. Remove the meter and replace the fuse FS2. The regulator output should now be measured, using a voltmeter connected with the negative lead to 0V, and the positive lead to test point 1. A reading of approximately 5.5V should be obtained. Ensure that there is no DC present on pins 1, 13, and 14 of IC1 holder, and that when the function is on HOLD, there should not be more than 6V on pin 27. Remove the power and carefully insert IC1. Re-apply the power and a display should be visible, as

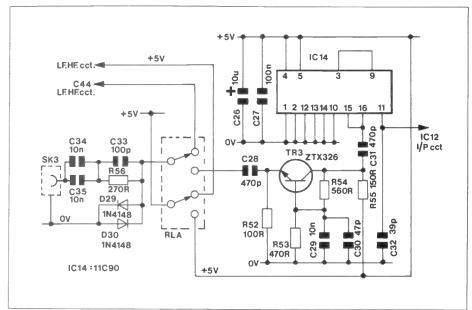
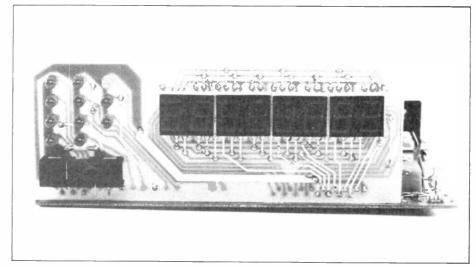


Figure 7. UHF input and relay circuit.



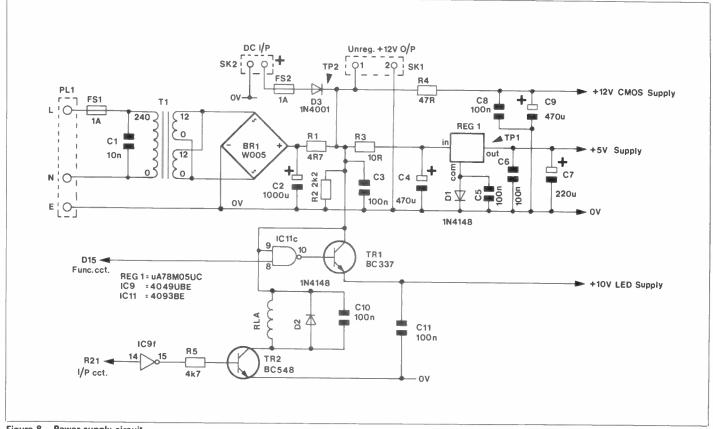


Figure 8. Power supply circuit.

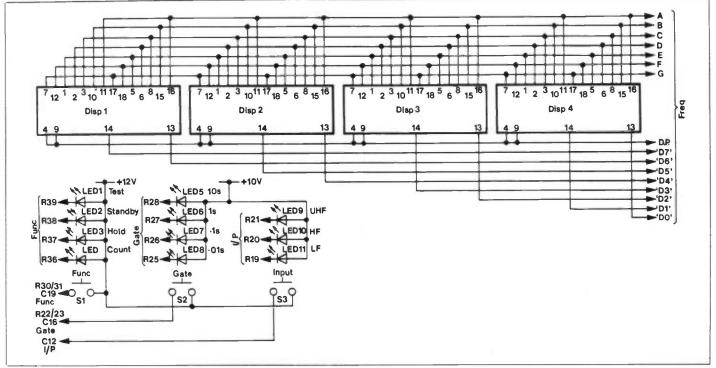


Figure 9. Display circuit.

MAIN PA				TR5 REG.1.	2N3819 uA78M05uC		(QR36P) (QL28F)
	W 5% Carbon unless specified.			IC1	ICM7216D		(YY94C)
R1	4R7(½W)		(S4R7)	IC2	4051BE		(QW34M)
R2,33,51,58	2k2	(4 off)	(M2K2)	Ю3	4008BE		(QW14Q)
R3	10R (3W wirewound)		(W10R)	IC4.6	4016BE	(2 off)	(QX08J)
. R4	47R(½W)		(S47R)	IC5,7,8	4017BE	(3 off)	(QX09K)
R5	4k7		(M4K7)	IC9.10	4049UBE	(2 off)	(OX21X)
R6.7,10,12,13,				IC11	4093BE		(QW53H)
53,59	470R	(7 off)	(M470R)	IC12	74\$03		(QY24B)
R15,22,29,30,		College of the		IC13	74LS90		(YF38R)
34,45	10k	(7 off)	(M10K)	IC14	11090		(OY18U)
R8.9.14.18.57.				IC15	74LS14		(YF12N)
67,68,69	1k	(8 off)	(MIK)	IC16	MC101169P		(QY23A)
R16,17,23,24,31		and the same of		BR1	W005		(QL37S)
32,35,40-44,4							(QE3/3)
48-50	100k	(16 off)	(M100K)	Miscellaneous			(PUTOIO)
R19-21,25-28.	1008	(2001)		X1	10MHz crystal		(FY78K)
36-39.60	1k8	(12 off)	(M1K8)	RLA	Ultra-min Relay DPDT		(YX95D)
	1M	(2 off)	(M1M)	SK1	P.C. Mtg. Power Skt.		(RK37S)
R47,70		(2011)	(M100R)	SK2	P.C. Din SKT 5-Pin 'A'		(YX91Y)
R52	100R			FS2	20mm Fuse 1A		(WR03D)
R54	560R		(M560R)		Fuse ctip	(2 off)	(WH49D)
R55	150R		(M150R)		28 Pin Dil Skt		(BL21X)
R56	270R(½W)		(S270R)		14 Pin Dil Skt	(3 off)	(BL18U)
R11.61-64	680R	(5 off)	(M680R)		16 Pin Dil Skt	(7 off)	(BL19V)
R65,66	47k	(2 off)	(M47K)		Veropin 2141	(1 Pkt)	(FL21X)
Capacitors					Track Pin	(2Pkt)	(FLB2D)
Cl	10nF suppression Cap.		(FF53H)		P.C.B.	(- 1 / 1 / 1	(GB02C)
C2	1000uF 25V P.C. Electrolytic		(FF18U)		Screw 6BAx%"	(1Pkt)	(BF06G)
C3,5,6,8,10,11,	1000di 254 i .C. Electrolytic	24.5	(11200)		6BA Nut	(1Pkt)	(BF18U)
14,15,18,21-2	2						
25,27,36,38-4					6BA Washer	(1Pkt)	(BF22Y)
42	100nF disc ceramic	(19 off)	(BX03D)		6BA Spacer x 1/a"	(1 Pkt)	(FW33L)
	470uF 25V P.C. Electrolytic	(2off)	(FF16S)		Kit (P) Plas	155 50 100	(WR23A)
C4,9				DICDI AV	PARTS LIST		
C7,43	220uF 16V P.C. Electrolytic	(2 off)	(FF13P)				
C12,16,19	100nF Polycarbonate	(3 off)	(WW41U)	Disp. 1-4	'DD' Display Type C	(4 off)	(BY68Y)
C13,17,20	470nF Polycarbonate	(3 off)	(WW49D)	\$1,2,3	Click Key Black	(3 off)	(HY34M)
C24	47pF Silver Mica		(WXO9K)	LED 1-4, 10	Red LED	(5 off)	(WL27E)
C26	10uF 16V Tantalum		(WW68Y)	LED 5-8, 11	Green LED	(5off) -	(WL28F)
C28,31	470pF Ceramic	(2off)	(WX64U)	LED 9	Yellow LED		(WL30 H)
C29	10nF Disc Ceramic		(BX00A)		Track Pin	(2 Pkt)	(FL82D)
C30	47pF Ceramic		(WX52G)		P.C.B.		(GB03D)
C32	39pF Ceramic		(WX51F)	ADDITIO	NAL ITEMS LIST		(00000)
C33	100pF Ceramic		(WX56L)	ADDITIO	MAT HEMS FISH		
C34,35	10nF 500V H.V. disc	(2 off)	(BX15R)	TI TI	Transformer 12V 500mA		(YK28F)
C37,41,44	1uF 35V Tantalum	(3 off)	(WW600)	FS1	20mm Fuse 1A		(WRO3D)
VC1	Trimmer 65pF		(WL72P)		Chassis-Fuseholder		(RX96E)
COLUMN TO STATE OF STREET			GETTILL TOYOUTS A	PL1	Euro Conn. Lead set		(BW99H)
Semiconductors	AND A STORY OF THE STATE OF				BNC Skt		(HH18U)
D1,2,6,7,10,11,		(10-40	(OLDOD)	SK3		1000	(XY45Y)
13-30 inc.	1N4148	(18 off)	(QLBOB)	STATE OF THE PARTY	Case		
D3	1N4001		(QL73Q)		Filter Red	THE PROPERTY.	(FR34M)
D12	BZY88C5V6		(QH08J)	DEAS HER	BNC Earth Tag		(QY22Y)
TR1	BC337		(QB68Y)		Freq. C. Front Panel		(RK39N)
TR2	BC548		(QB73Q)		Long Power Plug		(HH61R)
TR3	ZTX326		(QL54J)		BA Mains Plug		(RW67X)
TR4	BSX20	A PARTY A PARTY	(QF32K)		Mains Fuse 3A	VI TO SEE	(HQ32K)
Aco	mplete kit of parts is available	for this proje	ct including an att	ractive printed and r	ounched adhesive aluminium	ront nanel	1093

A complete kit of parts is available for this project including an attractive printed and punched adhesive aluminium front panel.

Order As LW79L (Frequency Counter Kit) Price £85.00

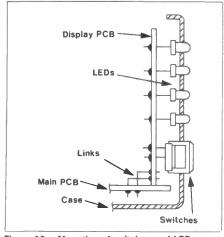


Figure 10. Mounting of switches and LEDs.

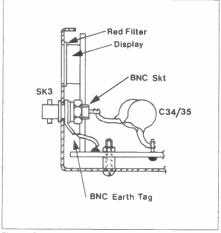


Figure 11. Suggested assembly.

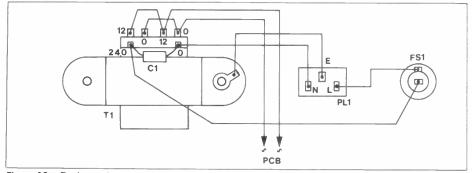


Figure 12. Back panel assembly.

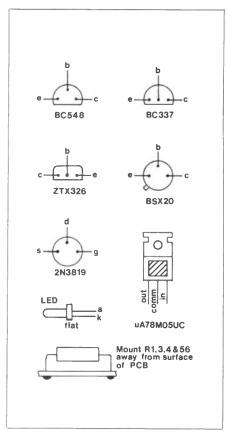


Figure 14. Pin designations.

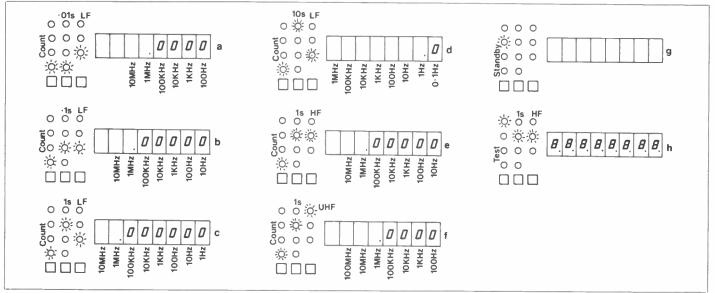


Figure 13. Display conditions.

shown in Figure 13a. Switch through the ranges, and check that the display varies as in Figures 13b to 13h. At this stage the counter is fully working, and frequency measurement is possible.

When the function is in the TEST position, no more than 320mA should be drawn from the DC supply. The counter should now be assembled as described in Construction Details, and the AC feed wires should be connected to the PCB.

Plug in the mains, and check that all functions are correct as before. A DC voltage measurement should be taken between OV and TP2. Not more than +15V, and not less than +11V should be present. The trimming capacitor VC1 should be adjusted for correct reading using an input of known frequency.

NEW MAPLIN CATALOGUE

The new Maplin Catalogue for 1983 will be published in November 1982. Expanded to 384 pages, the new catalogue contains hundreds of interesting new lines, an enlarged Computing section and a new section titled Communications.

As always, the whole catalogue is completely rewritten and updated where necessary, and forms a superb reference book for the home constructor. This is the only book every home constructor must have. And it's an incredible best-seller. Our 1981 catalogue has now sold well over 160,000 copies. Our new catalogue will be available at the Electronics Hobbies Fair at the Alexandra Pavilion from 18th to 21st November; it will be available in all branches of W. H. Smith by 19th November and mail-ordered copies will be posted out on the 30th November.

Prices are as follows:

Electronics Hobbies Fair £1
W.H. Smith and Maplin shops £1.25
Mail Order:
UK £1.50
Europe surface mail £1.90
Europe air mail £3.06
Outside Europe surface mail £1.90
Outside Europe air mail (depending on distance):
(A) £4.32
(B) £5.76

(B) £5.76

(C) £6.48

For surface mail anywhere in the world you can send ten International Reply Coupons.

LOOK OUT FOR THE NEW MAPLIN CATA-LOGUE, Place your order with W. H. Smith or Maplin NOW!

The Electronics Hobbies Fair

An exciting new electronics show is being launched in November this year. The Electronics Hobbies Fair will be at the new Alexandra Pavilion from the 18th to the 21st of November 1982.

The Alexandra Pavilion is a brand new exhibition hall that offers the best possible modern facilities. There are three cafes and two bars and the superb natural lighting and air conditioning make strolling around the exhibition a pleasure. And you can bring the whole family — there's even a baby changing room!

Getting There

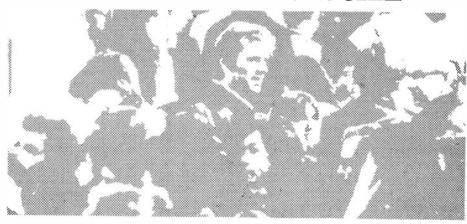
Getting to the exhibition will be really easy too. The organisers have laid on a shuttle bus service that will run regularly from Alexandra Palace British Rail station to the Pavilion. The BR station is right alongside Alexandra Palace Underground station (by the way this station used to be called Wood Green — and probably still is on most maps). If you come by car there is lots of FREE car parking space in Alexandra Palace park and a free shuttle bus service will run from the car park through the grounds to the Pavilion.

The fair is being sponsored by 'Practical Electronics', 'Practical Wireless' and 'Everyday Electronics' who are arranging lots of special extras. There will be special discounts for those travelling by British Rail and full details will be given in all three magazines in their October or November issues. In addition there will be lots of special exhibits and demonstrations as well as some fascinating items that you will be able to operate. Unfortunately we can't be more specific at this time, but we can assure you that there will be lots of things to do.

Prices and Times

Entrance to the exhibition will be £2 for adults and £1 for children, OAP's and parties. However, vouchers will be printed in the monthly magazines 'PE', 'PW' and 'EE' in the near future that will allow you 50p off the entrance fee. The exhibition will be open from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. on Thursday, Friday and Saturday and from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. on Sunday.

The exhibition will cover electronics, computing, amateur radio, CB, practical hi-fi and radio control modelling. So there will be a part of the show dedicated to your particular interest.



The MAPLIN Stand

Maplin's own big stand at the exhibition will be split into three sections. The first section will be a display of the amazing Atari computers. We will have a whole bank of computers and TV sets, each set running a different piece of software and you will be able to play with them yourself or just stand back and watch. We will also be demonstrating the VIC20 computers.

The second section will be an active display of the best of our projects. Our ZX81 keyboard will be connected up so that you can try it out, and you will also be able to play with our new telephone exchange, the frequency counter, the stereo amp with its remote control unit, and the Matinee organ. You will also be able to see lots of our other projects including the digital model train controller, the burglar alarm and all the peripherals so far described for it, the

universal timer, the stopwatch, the comboamp, the modem, the super-fast ni-cad charger, the inverter, the 5600S and 3800 synthesisers, the Spectrum synthesiser and the touch-sensitive piano.

The final section of the stand will be dedicated the new Maplin catalogue. This fantastic new catalogue for 1983 contains nearly 400 pages of useful information. By post, the catalogue will be £1.50 and from all branches of W.H. Smith it will cost £1.25. But for the Electronics Hobbies Fair only, the price will be just £1. Renowned as the very best electronics catalogue in the country, £1 for nearly 400 pages is outstanding value for money.

So whether your main interest is electronics, amateur radio, radio control, practical hi-fi or CB this is the only show in the year for you. The Electronics Hobbies Fair is going to be a great day out for you and the whole family. Don't miss it!

NEW ITEMS USED IN PROJECTS IN THIS MAGAZINE

MAPLIN'S TOP TWENTY BOOKS

- (-) De Re Atari (WG56L) (See note).
 (2) Z80 IC's Data Sheets (RO54J)
- (Cat. P35).
 3. (-) How To Identify Unmarked IC's by
- K. H. Recorr (WG87U) (See note).
 4. (1) Atari Basic Learning By Using by T. E. Rowley (WG55K) (See note).
- (5) Power Supply Projects by R. A. Penfold (XW52G) (Cat. P29).
- (19) Newnes Radio And Electronics Engineers' Pocket Book (RL06G) (Cat. P24).
- 7. (-) The 6809 Companion by M. James (WG88V) (See note).
- 8. (8) Programming The 6502 by Rodnay Zaks (XW80B) (Cat. P35).
- 9. (12) IC555 Projects by E. A. Parr (LY04E) (Cat. P27).

- (6) Electronic Synthesiser Projects by M. K. Berry (XW68Y) (Cat. P33).
- (3) Towers' International Transistor Selector Update 2 by T. D. Towers (RR39N) (Cat. P25).
- 12. (7) Remote Control Projects by Owen Bishop (XW39N) (Cat. P29).
- (-) Cost Effective Projects Around The Home by John Watson (XW30H) (Cat. P28).
- (-) Projects For The Car And Garage by Graham Bishop (XW31J) (Cat. P23).
- 15. (-) The TTL Data Book (WA14Q) (See note).
- (-) Practical Repair And Renovation Of Colour TV's by Chas. E. Miller (RH27E) (Cat. P32).
- 17. (-) How To Use Op-Amps by E. A. Parr (WA29G) (See note).
- (-) Popular Electronic Circuits Book 2 by R. A. Penfold (WG86T) (See note).

- 19. (10) How To Make Walkie-Talkies by F. G. Rayer (RF18U) (Cat. P30).
- 20. (14) CB Projects by R. A. Penfold (WG73Q) (See note).

Note. For prices see page 36 of this magazine. Full details of books WG55K and WG73Q were published in issue 1 of this magazine, details of books WA14Q, WA29G, WG86T, WG87U and WG88V were published in issue 3 and WG56L is described in this issue.

These are our top twenty best-selling books based on mail-order and shop sales during May, June and July 1982. Our own publications and magazines are not included. We stock over 375 different books relating to electronics or computing and the full range is shown on pages 23 to 37 of our 1981/2 catalogue plus page 37 in this magazine and the new books described in this magazine.

STARTING POINT

by R. Penfold

Introducing the fundamentals of electronics for the constructor.

Inductance

An inductor is one of the most simple types of electronic component, and even a short piece of wire acts as an inductor having a very low value. However, most practical inductors are in the form of a coil of wire wound on a special core that gives a high value for the length of wire used. In theory an inductor is assumed to have zero resistance, but practical inductors do, of course, have significant resistances. It is for this reason that special cores which enable a minimal length of wire to be used for a given inductance are an asset, since the shorter the length of wire used, the lower the resistance of the component. Even so, high value R.F. inductors (or "chokes" as they are often called) are usually wound using a considerable length of thin wire, and consequently have a resistance of a few tens or even hundreds of ohms.

Although an inductor allows a D.C. signal to pass readily, the situation is very different if an inductor is fed with an A.C. signal. As we saw in an earlier "Starting Point" article, a magnetic field is generated around a piece of wire if it is fed with an electric current, and an electric current is generated in a wire if it is placed in a magnetic field of varying strength. These two effects are used in a transformer to couple an A.C. signal from one winding to another.

With a simple inductor fed with an A.C. signal it is not the effect of the generated magnetic field on another inductor that is of importance, it is the effect of this magnetic field on the inductor which receives the signal that is of interest. One might reasonably expect the magnetic field produced to either generate a signal within the inductor that aids the input signal, or opposes it, and in practice the polarity of the magnetic field is such that it opposes the input signal.

If a voltage source is applied to an inductor the current flow gradually increases, and (for a theoretically perfect inductor) is only limited ultimately by maximum current that the signal source can provide. Inductance is specified in "henrys", and a change incurrent flow of one amp per second is produced when one volt is applied to a one henry inductance. As one henry is an extremely high inductance value most practical inductors, have their value specified in millihenrys (mH) or microhenrys (uH). A millihenry is one thousandth of a henry, and a microhenry is one millionth of a henry.

Like a capacitor an inductor has reactance, and it is this property that is exploited in electronic circuits, and it is unusual for an inductor to be used in a timing circuit as capacitors are usually much more convenient in such applications. It is important to realise that capacitive inductance and inductive reactance are very different. The reactance of a capacitor falls as the input

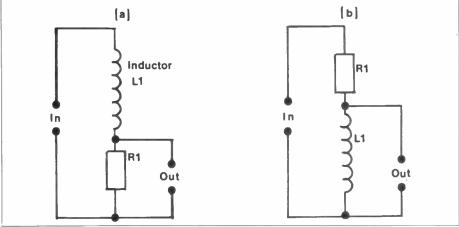


Figure 1(a). A single section L - R low pass filter, (b) a single section high pass L - R filter.

frequency is increased, whereas the reactance of an inductor increases as the frequency of the applied signal is raised. As a capacitor has a very high resistance and an inductor has an extremely low resistance, these two types of component are complementary to each other rather than true alternatives, and are definitely not direct substitutes for one another.

Reactance rising with increased frequency is caused by the limiting effect the inductance has on changes in current flow. With a very low input frequency the current flow would rise and fall very slowly anyway, but with a high input frequency even quite a modest inductance value will severely limit changes in current flow and provide a difficult path for the signal to negotiate. The greater the inductance of a component, the more it opposes changes in current flow, and the higher its reactance at any given frequency.

Filters

Simple filters using capacitors were discussed in an earlier "Starting Point" article, and inductors can be used in similar filters. Figure 1(a) shows the circuit of a simple L - R low pass filter, and Figure 1(b) gives the circuit of a simple high pass L - R filter. These diagrams also show the circuit symbol for an air cored inductor. Figure 2 shows the circuit symbols for iron cored and adjustable inductors.

Operation of these two filters is quite straight forward, and if we consider the low pass type first, at low frequencies L1 will have a reactance which is low in comparison

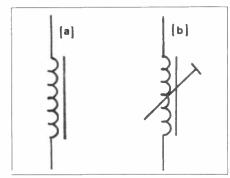


Figure 2(a). The circuit symbol for an iron or ferrite cored inductor, (b) the circuit symbol for a variable inductance with an adjustable iron or ferrite core.

to the resistance of R1. The losses through L1 due to a potential divider action are consequently very low. At higher frequencies the reactance of L1 is higher, and at some point losses through L1 start to rise to significant proportions. A doubling of frequency causes a doubling in the reactance of an inductor, and this gives a single stage L-R filter an ultimate attenuation rate of 6dB per octave (i.e. a doubling of input frequency causes the output signal to be reduced by 50%). This is the same roll-off rate as that obtained using a simple C - R filter.

The high pass filter operates in the same basic way, except that it is at high frequencies where the reactance of L1 is high that low losses are produced, and at low frequencies where L1 has a low reactance that large losses are produced through R1.

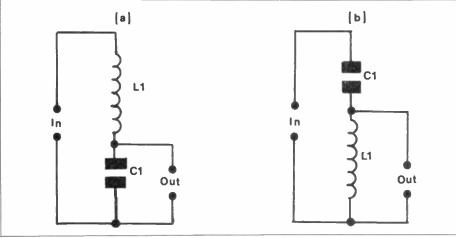


Figure 3(a). An L - C low pass filter, (b) an L - C high pass filter.

Like the low pass filter, the high pass one has a 6dB per octave attenuation rate.

It is possible to use both capacitors and inductors in filters to give an increased roll off rate, and Figure 3(a) shows the circuit of a simple L - C low pass filter which uses one capacitor and a single inductor. The equivalent high pass filter circuit is provided in Figure 3(b).

With these filters there is not just the attenuation provided by the doubling in the reactance of the inductor with a doubling of the input frequency, but also an attendant halving in the reactance of the capacitor. This gives a roll-off rate of 12dB per octave, with a doubling or halving of frequency (as appropriate for the type of filter) giving a 75% reduction in the amplitude of the output signal.

L - C filters are much used in cross-over networks in loudspeaker systems, and it is quite common for high pass and low pass filters to be connected in series to give a simple bandpass filter which directs middle audio frequencies to the appropriate drive unit. It is also quite common for L - C filters to be employed in transmitters and receivers to prevent R.F. signals breaking through to parts of the circuit where they could cause instability. Another application for L - C filters is at the output of transmitters where a low pass type can reduce harmonics which could otherwise cause radio and T.V. interference. However, in most other applications C - R filters are used.

The reactance of an inductor can be calculated using the following formula:-

$$XL = 2\pi FL$$

Parallel Tuned Circuit

A parallel tuned circuit simply consists of a capacitor and an inductor connected in parallel, as shown in Figure 4. At most frequencies this arrangement has a fairly low reactance with the capacitor providing

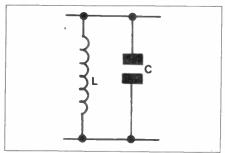


Figure 4. A parallel tuned circuit.

an easy signal path at high frequencies and the inductor providing a low reactance path at low frequencies. At a certain frequency though, the reactance of a parallel tuned circuits peaks at a very high level, and in theory there is actually infinite reactance at this "resonant frequency" as it is known. The resonant frequency is the one at which the inductor and capacitor have the same reactance value.

If we assume that the capacitor is given a charge, when the signal source is removed the capacitor will discharge into the inductor so that a new magnetic field builds up. When the capacitor has discharged, the magnetic field collapses and produces a voltage in the inductor. This voltage is of opposite polarity to the original input signal, and it charges up the capacitor. The capacitor then discharges into the inductor again, and this process continues indefinitely with an A.C. signal at the resonant frequency being produced across the tuned circuit.

In practice the oscillations do in fact rapidly die away due to losses caused by factors such as resistance in the wire used in the winding of the inductor, and leakage September 1982 Maplin Magazine

through the capacitor. In theory any signal fed into the tuned circuit remains in the tuned circuit so that no output is obtained if the circuit is inserted in a signal path, and the tuned circuit has infinite reactance. A practical tuned circuit will obviously not achieve this, but may still have a reactance of a few hundred kilohms or more.

Parallel tuned circuits are often used as bandpass filters, especially in radio equipment where only small and inexpensive inductors are required. The operating frequency of a filter of this type is easily varied by using a variable capacitor in the tuned circuit, or by adjusting the core of a variable inductance (the latter being known as permeability tuning). A filter of this type is thus ideal for use in the tuning circuits of radio receivers.

The basic method of using a parallel tuned circuit as a bandpass filter is shown in Figure 5. The input signal is provided by a

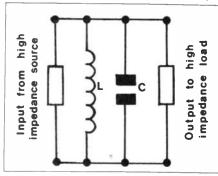


Figure 5. A parallel tuned circuit used as a bandpass filter.

fairly high impedance source, so that at most frequencies the low impedance of the filter seriously loads the source and gives little output. At and near the resonant frequency of the tuned circuit there is no significant loading of the signal source due to the very high reactance of the tuned circuit, and the signal can pass through to the output. A high impedance load must be present at the output since this is in parallel with the tuned circuit, and a low impedance here would effectively eliminate the high impedance of the tuned circuit at resonance and give very poor results. It is possible to use a filter of this type with a low impedance source and load if the tuned circuit is used as part of a transformer, and one method of doing this is illustrated in Figure 6. Another method is to

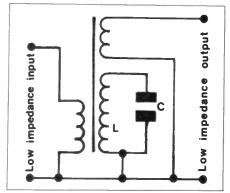


Figure 6. A low impedance bandpass filter using a tuned circuit.

use the tuned circuit as a single wound transformer with the input and output signals connected to tappings on the inductor.

Series Tuned Circuit

There is an alternative type of tuned circuit known as the "series tuned circuit", and as one might expect, this simply consists of an inductor and a capacitor wired in series instead of in parallel (see Figure 7). This provides a low impedance at most frequencies, like a parallel type, but at

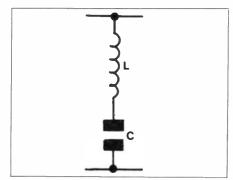


Figure 7. A series tuned circuit.

resonance it theoretically has zero impedance rather than an infinite impedance.

This type of tuned circuit is not as useful in practical applications as the parallel type, and it is not often encountered in electronic circuits.

The formula for calculating resonant frequency is the same for both the parallel and series types, and is as follows:-

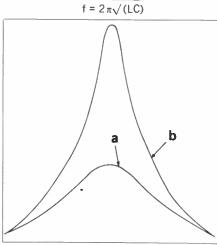


Figure 8. A low Q tuned circuit (a) gives a flatter response than a high Q type (b).

Q Factor

Although no practical tuned circuits quite achieve theoretical perfection, some are closer to this than others. The efficiency of a tuned circuit is known as its "Q", and the higher the Q value the more efficient the tuned circuit. The Q value is very important when a tuned circuit is used as a bandpass filter since it has a very large effect on the frequency response obtained.

A low Q tends to give a very "flat" response of the type shown in "a" of Figure 8. A high Q gives a very "sharp" response of the type shown in "b" of Figure 8. In order to obtain a reasonably high Q it is necessary for the inductor to be wound on a special core (usually made from a ferrite material) which gives a high inductance value for a winding of a given size, and sometimes special wire such as "Litz" wire is used in the winding. Litz wire is basically just a number of thin enamelled copper wires held together by a cotton covering. Radio frequency signals tend to flow down the outer part of wires and not along the centre of the wire, and this is known as the "skin effect". Litz wire gives a greater surface area and therefore a lower resistance than single strand wire of a comparable thickness, and thus gives higher Q in R.F. tuned circuits (but is of no benefit at low frequencies).

In some applications it is not possible to produce normal tuned circuits of sufficiently high Q, and it is then necessary to use alternatives such as crystal or mechanical filters which have similar electrical characteristics to ordinary L - C tuned filters, but are in other respects very different.

THE ULTRASONIC INTRUDER DETECTOR by Dave Goodman

* Range up to 20 feet (400 sq. ft. area)

* Adjustable sensitivity

★ Direct connection to the Maplin Home Security System via our ultrasonic interface plug-in module

* Single PCB construction with no setting up required

* Up to three may be used on any Maplin Home Security System

he new ultrasonic intruder detector is a worthwhile addition to your Maplin Home Security System. It will function over a much wider area than conventional switch contacts, it is highly portable, can be used almost

anywhere, and can offer total security of a fairly large room.

The ultrasonic detector works on the Doppler Effect Principle (see issue 3, page 7), which in this case means transmission of a 40kHz carrier signal,

and reception of the fundamental carrier along with additional frequency shifted signals. These extra signals can vary in frequency by up to 200Hz either side of the fundamental, and are quite small in amplitude. Several stages of

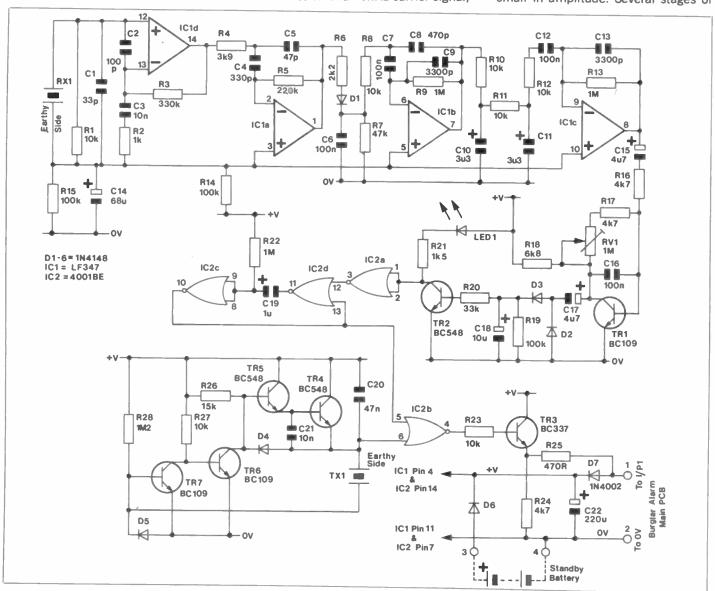


Figure 1. Circuit diagram of the Ultrasonic Transceiver.

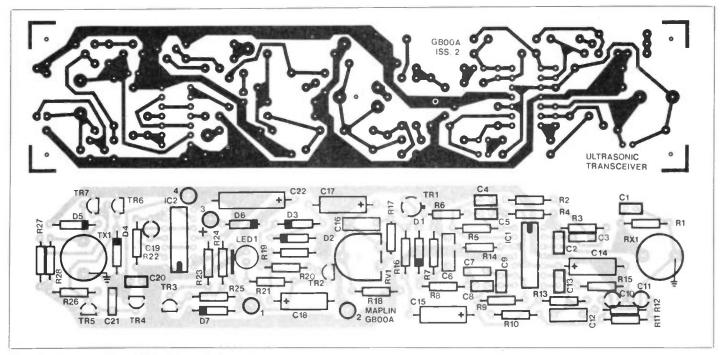
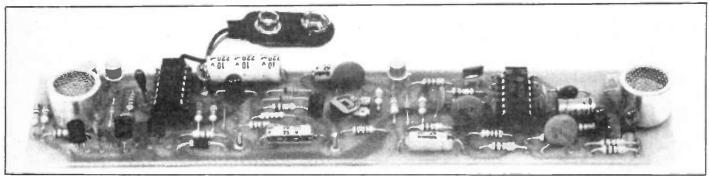


Figure 2. Component layout of the Ultrasonic Transceiver.



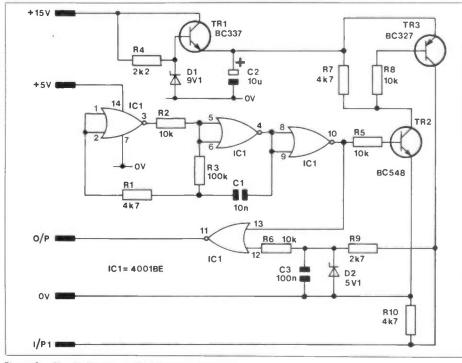


Figure 3. Circuit diagram of the Ultrasonic Interface.

filtering are required to remove the carrier, spurious r.f., and mains interference. The remaining signals are amplified, and, if they are sufficiently large, the alarm will be triggered. The level of triggering is dependent on the sensitivity setting. In this design the transmitter and receiver are both September 1982 Maplin Magazine

mounted on the same PCB, along with their associated circuitry, and signals are 'bounced' around the room.

The Transmitter

As an improvement over conventional systems, in which the oscillator may require many tedious hours of

alignment, we have designed a system in which the transducer determines the oscillator frequency, i.e. the circuit needs NO setting up at all.

The circuit TR4,5,6 and 7, allows the transducer to oscillate at its self-resonating point. C20 at switch-on-discharges through the transducer, causing it to resonate. The produced signal is amplified by TR6 and 7, and a constant current circuit comprising TR4, 5 and D4, allows the necessary feedback for sustained oscillation. From this it can be seen that the normal operating frequency becomes dependent on the transducer.

The Receiver

Ultrasonic signals transmitted in an enclosed area will reflect and bounce off hard surfaces, and be absorbed by soft surfaces. A percentage of these signals (called nodes and anti-nodes) are reflected back at the receiver transducer. The transmitter and receiver being matched pairs means that the receiver has a greater affinity for signals transmitted by its partner than for those produced by anything else. Because we are dealing with audio signals, it is possible for low frequency signals of sufficient amplitude (e.g. the rumble of a lorry going past) to trigger the intruder system, so filtering is required. Tests have shown that beat frequencies of between 5Hz and 100Hz can be produced by objects moving through

the ultrasonic field. C1 and C2 remove unwanted r.f. signals present at the input of ICId. This stage has a gain of 300, and high rejection of signals above the ultrasonic band. IC1a amplifies the received ultrasonic signals only, and has a first order response. D1 allows only the positive portion of the signal through, and the carrier part of the signal is removed by C6/R7, leaving only the lower frequency content of the signal. IC1b amplifies all low frequency (l.f.) signals, also filtering any possible remaining high frequency (h.f.) content. R10/11/12 and C10/11 form a low pass filter, which only allows signals below 50Hz to pass through to the final amplifying stage of IC1c. We should now be looking (on pin 8) at what is a stable threshold voltage of about +3v, modulated by l.f. signals of 5-50 Hz, and up to 5v in amplitude.

The stage comprising TR1, RV1, and R16/17 determines the overall sensitivity of the receiver, with a range from unity to x100. Amplified signal peaks are coupled to the diode pump D2/3, C18, R19, so that when the voltage across C18 develops more than 0.7v, sufficient current is produced to bias TR2 into conduction. LED1 illuminates. This has been included to give the user a means of visibly testing the circuit range and coverage (see setting-up procedure).

IC2a inverts and buffers the output from TR2. IC2c and IC2d form a monostable triggered by IC2a. IC2b is a control gate switching the 40kHz carrier from the transmitter oscillator to TR3

With the working system in a stable condition the 40kHz carrier is coupled via R25 to the incoming supply rail. If the system is triggered the carrier is removed. Note that the supply rails connect to the burglar alarm via a plugin module (the u/s interface PCB, GB01B).

A standby battery (PP3-9V) is shown connected, positive terminal to pin 3, and negative terminal to pin 4. Charging or 'topping up' facilities have not been added to this part of the circuit, so periodical checks on battery conditions are advisable. Note that the battery will not be required when using the transceiver in conjunction with a u/s interface PCB and our Home Security System, although it will be necessary to increase the NiCad battery pack from 7.8v to 9v. This can be accomplished with a total of eight NiCads (1.2v nominal) and two 6v battery holders (HF29G).

Ultrasonic Interface PCB

This simple circuit identifies the carrier signals transmitted by the ultrasonics module. These signals appear between each 2ms current pulse (used for powering the transceiver), and allows monitoring of the two wire supply connection.

IC1a and b form a 500Hz CMOS oscillator, and switch the buffer transistor TR2 at this rate. The regulator D1, TR1, applies 8.6V d.c. to TR3, which is

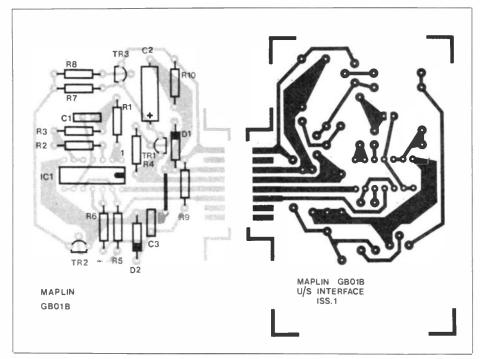
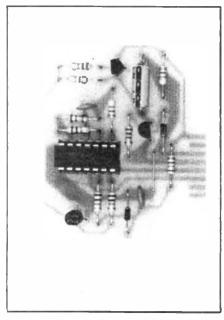


Figure 4. Component layout of the Ultrasonic Interface.



pulsed on and off by TR2, producing an 8.6V, 500Hz signal across R10. This signal is rectified by D7 and C22 (figure 1) in the transceiver, producing 8.2V on the positive rail.

IC1d has a 500Hz clock pulse on pin 13, and an in-phase signal of 500Hz on pin 12. The two signals cancel at the output, pin 11, producing an inverted trigger signal, which fires the burglar alarm. However, under normal conditions a carrier signal will be present across R10, appearing between each 2ms pulse. R6, R9, D2, and C3 filter and limit this composite signal, and ICId output remains low. Either disconnection of the supply, or triggering the transceiver will remove the 2ms 'carrier' from across R10, sending ICId output high (+5V), and setting off the alarm.

Constructional Details for Ultrasonic Intruder Detector

Refer to the parts list and figure (2). Mount D1 to D7 ensuring correct orien-

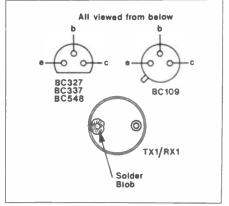


Figure 5. Pin Designations.

tation. Mount resistors R1 to R28, and capacitors C1 to C22. Check that the electrolytics C14, C15, C17, C18 and C22, also tantalums C10, C11 and C19 are mounted with correct polarisation. Electrolytics are marked at the negative end but tantalums at the positive. Fit the I.C. sockets, and all transistors. TR1, TR6, and TR7 have their emitters marked with a pip on the case, and should line up with the legend marked on the PCB. If a metal case is used, it is important that the transducers do not touch the chassis. The transducers each have one pin connected directly to their case, and this pin should be connected to the hole marked + (figure 2).

Assembly of Ultrasonic Trigger

Observe the usual precautions when mounting components. Use an I.C. holder, for IC1, and double-check all solder joints. Plug the module into any channel on the main PCB of the Home Security System (issue 2, figure 5), and apply power. If you have a voltmeter, check across pins OV and I/P 1 on the main PCB. This should read approx. 5.0V dc. Also the selected channel should trigger, and the monitoring LED will light.

Setting Up

Set RV1 anti-clockwise. Connect a 9V battery across pin 3 (positive) and pin 4 (negative). LED 1 should come on for a few seconds and then extinguish. Allow 30 seconds settling time, and then wave your hand about six inches away from the transducers. Response to movement should be indicated by LED 1 illuminating, and it should remain so for a few seconds. If there is no response, turn RV1 to approximately 1/4 travel to increase sensitivity, and repeat check. If the LED now stays on, move away to a point where the LED is still visible, and keep completely still. After a few seconds the LED should go out. If the circuit still does not work, try disconnecting the battery, and repeating the above checks. If all is satisfactory remove the battery and connect the transceiver to the Maplin Home

Security System main PCB.

Use either bell wire, or our 4-wire phone cable (XR66W) to connect the transceiver to the main PCB (burglar alarm). Pin 2 will connect to OV and Pin 1 will connect to I/P 1.

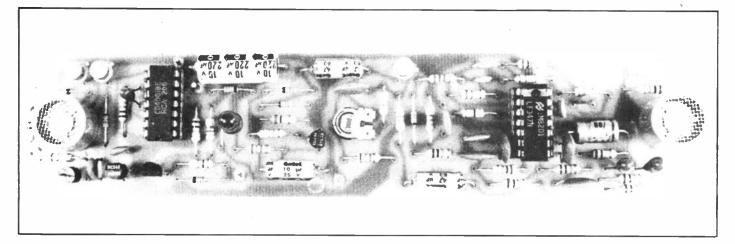
Whatever channel is used for this project, ensure that a u/s interface module is plugged in to this position only.

At switch-on the burglar alarm channel LED will flash. Allow about a minute for the transceiver to stabilise. Turn the sensitivity control RV1 clockwise, to suit conditions, and set the key switch for 'ARM'. Don't forget to switch in the selected channel (switches 3 to 8).

If stand-by batteries are to be used, remove the mains supply, then reconnect. Check that the system does not trigger. If all is well, experiment with RV1 settings for optimum results before putting into service.

Using Ultrasonics

The module is best placed in a corner of the room to be protected, preferably just below ceiling level, and inclined at an angle of 30 to 45 degrees downwards. Keep as far away as possible from windows, radiators, central heating thermostats, and telephones and bells. Remember that anything that moves (e.g. curtains, telephone bells) can set off the alarm, dependent on sensitivity. RV1 must now be adjusted for required sensitivity. Obviously, the more sensitive the system, the greater the possibility of false triggerings occurring. If areas greater than 400 square feet need covering, then two or more devices may be used. Note that each transceiver will draw 24mA, and up to three may be used on one system, dependent on what else is connected to the system.



ULTRAS	SONIC TRANSCEIVER	PARTS	LIST	LED 1 TR1,6,7	BC109c	(3 off)	(WL27E) (QB33L)
Panistore: All	%W 5% carbon			TR2,4,5	BC548	(3 off)	(QB73Q)
	73W 370 Carbon			TR3	BC337		(QB68Y)
R1,8,10-12				IC1	LF347		(WQ29G)
inc,23,27	10k	(7 off)	(M10K)	IC2	4001BE		(QX01B)
R2	1k		(M1K)				
R3	330K		(M330K)	Miscellaneo	ous		
R4	3k9		(M3K9)	TX1/RX1	Ultrasonic transducers (pair)		(HY12N)
R5	220k		(M220K)		Veropin 2141		(FL21X)
R6	2k2		(M2K2)		14 pin DIL Skt	(2 off)	(BL18U)
R7	47k		(M47K)		Ultrasonic Transceiver PCB	(= 0)	(GBOOA)
R9,13,22	IM	(3 off)	(M1M)				(0,500,1)
	100k	(3 off)	(M100K)		A complete kit of all the above pa	rts is available	
R14,15,19		(3 off) ·	(M4K7)	0	rder As LW83E (Ultrasonic Xceiver I		
R16,17,24	4k7	(3 011)			Idel As Emose (Olliasonic Accide)	(11)	Maria Maria Maria
R18	6k8		(M6K8)				
R20	33k		(M33K)	U/SON	IIC INTERFACE PART	S LIST	
R21	1k5		(M1K5)				
R25	470R		(M470R)	Resistors: A	III ¼W 5% carbon		
R26	15k		(M15K)	R1.7.10	4k7	(3 off)	(M4K7)
R28	1M2		(M1M2)	R2.5.6.8	10k	(4 off)	(M10K
RV1	1M hor sub-min preset		(WR64U)	R3	100k		(M100K
				R4	2k2		(M2K2
Capacitors			MATOE	R9	2k7		(M2K7
C1	33pF ceramic		(WX50E)	R9	2K7		(WIZIV)
C2	100pF ceramic		(WX56L)	Capacitors			
C3,21	10nF disc ceramic	(2 off)	(BX00A)	C1	10nF mini disc		(YR730)
C4	330pF ceramic		(WX62S)	C2	10uF 25V axial electrolytic		(FB22Y
C5	47pF ceramic		(WX52G)	C3	100nF mini disc		(YR75S
C6,7,12,16	100nf disc ceramic	(4 off)	(BX03D)				(111750)
C8	470pF ceramic		(WX64U)	Semiconduc			
C9.13	3300pF ceramic	(2 off)	(WX74R)	D1	BZY88 C9V1		(OH13P
C10.11	3u3F 35V tantalum	(2 off)	(WW63T)	D2	BZY88 C5V1		(OH07H
C14	68uF 6V3 axial electrolytic	(2 011)	(FB44X)	TR1	BC337		(OB68Y
		(2 off)	(FB18U)	TR2	BC548		(QB730)
C15,17	4u7F 63V axial electrolytic	(2 011)		TR3	BC327		(QB66W)
C18	10uF 25V axial electrolytic		(FB22Y)	IC1	4001BE		
C19	1uF 35V tantalum		(WW60Q)	101	400100		(QX01B)
C20	47nf minidisc		(YR74R)	Miscellaneo	us		
C22	220uF 10V axial electrolytic		(FB60Q)		14 pin DIL Skt		(BL18U
					U/S Interface PCB		(GB01B
Semiconduct		(0.10	(0) 000		A complete bit of all the attack		la
D1-6 inc.	1N4148	(6 off)	(QL80B)		A complete kit of all the above p		
D7	1N4002		(QL74R)		Order As LW84F (Ultrasonic Interface	ce kit) Price	たと.コリ

BASICALLY BASIC

Graham Hall, B.Sc.

Part 13

This month we continue to describe the string functions available in BASIC. Table $\,1\,$ provides a summary of the common string functions and explains their use.

LEFT\$ Function

The LEFT\$ function creates a substring from a main string specified as an argument to the function. The general format of the LEFT\$ function is:

LEFT\$ (X\$, n)

where X\$ is the main string and n specifies the length of the substring. The argument n can be an integer or an expression. If the expression evaluates to a non-integer value BASIC truncates the result to an integer. The substring is formed from the first character (left-most character) of the main string to the boundary specified by n. If n is greater than the number of characters in the main string the entire string is returned. If n is zero or less than zero, a blank (null or empty) string is returned.

The following program demonstrates the use of the LEFT\$ function:

10 LET X\$ = "MAPLIN ELECTRONIC SUPPLIES LTD"

20 LET A\$ = LEFT\$ (X\$,6)

30 PRINT A\$

40 LET B\$ = LEFT\$ (X\$,0)

50 PRINT B\$

60 PRINT LEFT\$ (X\$,33)

70 END RUN

MAPLIN

MAPLIN ELECTRONIC SUPPLIES LTD

RIGHT\$ Function

The RIGHT\$ function is similar to LEFT\$ function in that it creates a substring from a main string. The substring is formed from a boundary specified as an argument to the function, to the last (right-most) character in the main string. The general format of the RIGHT\$ function is:

RIGHT\$ (X\$,n)

where X\$ is the main string and n is the position of the first character in the substring. The argument n can be an integer or an expression. If the expression evaluates to a non-integer value BASIC truncates the result to an integer. If n is greater than the number of characters in the main string a null string is returned.

The following program demonstrates the use of the RIGHT\$

function:

10 LET X\$ = "MAPLIN ELECTRONIC SUPPLIES LTD"

20 LET A\$ = RIGHT\$ (X\$,8)

30 PRINT A\$

40 PRINT RIGHT\$ (X\$,31)

50 PRINT RIGHT\$ (X\$,1)

60 END

RUN

ELECTRONIC SUPPLIES LTD

MAPLIN ELECTRONIC SUPPLIES LTD

The substring returned by the RIGHT\$ function on line 40 is a null string because the position of the first character in the substring (specified as an argument to the function) is greater than the number of characters in the main string.

MID\$ Function

The MID\$ (middle) function creates a substring from a specified main string within boundaries specified to the function as arguments. The general format of the MID\$ function is:

MID\$ (X\$,n1,n2)

where X\$ is the main string, n1 is the starting position of the substring and n2 is the number of characters in the substring. The arguments n1 and n2 can be integers or expressions the results of which are



truncated to an integer value if necessary. If n2 is zero a null string is returned. If n1 or n2 is less than zero, an error message is given.

The following program demonstrates the use of the MID\$ function:

10 LET X\$ = "MAPLIN ELECTRONIC SUPPLIES LTD"

20 LET A\$ = MID\$ (X\$,8,10)

30 PRINT A\$

40 PRINT MID\$ (X\$,19,20)

50 END

RUN

ELECTRONIC SUPPLIES LTD

In line 40 of the program the argument to the MID\$ function specifies a substring beginning at the nineteenth character of the main string. The number specified for the length of the substring exceeds the number of remaining characters in the main string, hence the entire string from the nineteenth character is printed.

LEN Function

The LEN (length) function returns the character count of a string given as an argument. The general format of the LEN function is: LEN (string)

where string can be a string constant or a string variable. Tabs and spaces within a string are counted as significant characters. The following program demonstrates the use of the LEN function:

10 LET X\$="MAPLIN SUPPLIES"

20 PRINT "LENGTH OF STRING=":LEN(X\$)

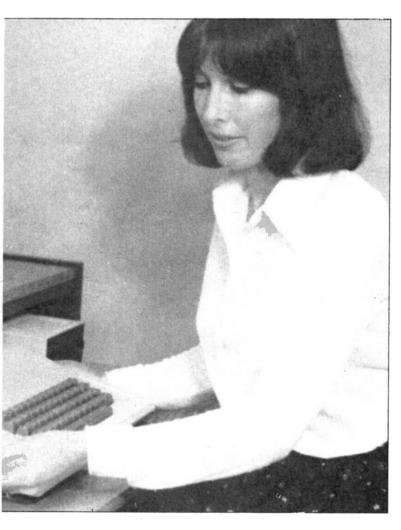
30 FOR I=1 TO LEN(X\$)

40 PRINT LEFT\$(X\$,I)

50 NEXT I

60 END

RUN



LENGTH OF STRING=15

MA

MAP

MAPI

MAPLI

MAPLIN MAPLIN

MAPLIN S

MAPLIN SU

MAPLIN SUP

MAPLIN SUPP MAPLIN SUPPL

MAPLIN SUPPLI

MAPLIN SUPPLIE

MAPLIN SUPPLIES

Line 10 assigns the string 'MAPLIN SUPPLIES' to the string variable X\$. Line 20 prints the message within double quotes followed by the length of the string assigned to X\$, returned by the LEN function. The space

-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Function	Application
ASC(X\$)	Converts the first character in the string, X\$, to its equivalent ASCII value.
CHR\$(X) LEFT\$(X\$,n)	Converts the ASCII code number, X, to its equivalent character. Creates a substring from the string X\$ in a range from the left-most character to the nth character.
LEN(X\$) MID(X\$,n1,n2)	Returns the number of characters in the string X\$. Creates a substring from the string X\$, that begins at position.
	n1 and is n2 characters long.
RIGHT(X\$,n)	Creates a substring from the string X\$ in a range from n to the right-most character.
STR\$(X)	Converts the contents of numeric variable X to the ASCII character string against bet
VAL(X\$)	ter string equivalent. Converts a specified string of numeric characters to a numeric value.

Table 1. BASIC string functions.

between the word 'MAPLIN' and the word 'SUPPLIES' is counted as a significant character so the length of the string is fifteen. The FOR statement, lines 30, 40 and 50, initialises the variable 'I' to one and sets the limit of the loop to the value returned by the LEN function. Its corresponding NEXT statement is on line 50. Each time the loop is executed a substring is created and printed. The LEFT\$ function on line 40 is given the loop variable 'I' as the argument which determines the length of the substring.

Each time the loop is executed 'I' is incremented by one, subsequently the substring printed is increased by one character. The output from the program is shown following the RUN command. Line 60 — the END statement signifies the finish of the program.

STR\$ Function

The STR\$ function is used to convert a numeric variable to a string of ASCII characters. The string is the character equivalent of the numeric content of the variable. The general format of the STR\$

STR\$ (variable).

The following program demonstrates the use of the STR\$ function:

10 LET A=365

20 LET X\$=STR\$(A)

30 PRINT X\$

40 PRINT MID\$(X\$,2,1)

50 END RUN

365

The integer 365 is assigned to the numeric variable 'A'. Line 20 uses the STR\$ function to convert the contents of 'A' to its equivalent ASCII string, which is then assigned to the string variable X\$. Line 30 prints X\$. To demonstrate that an ASCII string has been created, line 40 uses the MID\$ function to extract the middle character from the string X\$. This is printed on the terminal.

VAL Function

The VAL (value) function converts a string of numeric characters to a numeric value. This is the opposite of the STR\$ function. The general format of the VAL function is:

VAL (string)

where the argument is a character string or string variable. If the argument string contains a non-numeric character an error message will be output.

The following program demonstrates the use of the VAL function:

10 LET X\$="1234

20 LET A=VAL(X\$)

30 PRINT A

40 END

RUN

1234

String Concatenation

Some versions of BASIC include a concatenation symbol (+) which can be used to combine string variables or string constants to generate a new string. For example the command PRINT "HEL" + "LO" will output the string HELLO on the terminal. Consider the following program:

10 LET A\$="MAPLIN '

20 LET B\$="ELECTRONIC"

30 LET C\$="SUPPLIES" 40 LET D\$=A\$+B\$+C\$

50 PRINT D\$

60 END

RUN

MAPLIN ELECTRONIC SUPPLIES

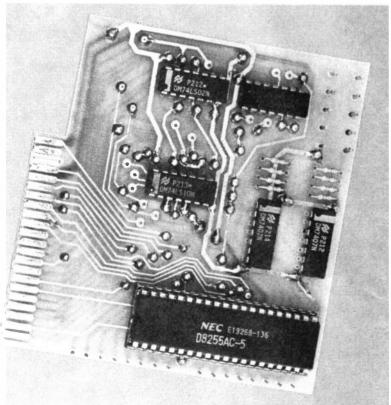
The concatenation symbol is used on line 40 to concatenate the strings assigned to the string variables A\$, B\$ and C\$. The new string is assigned to the string variable D\$ and printed by the statement on line 50. If the concatenation symbol is used illegally, such as on the left side of an assignment statement, an error message will be output to the terminal. For example, 10 LET W\$ + 2\$ = Y\$ is illegal and returns an error message.

In response to the many enquiries we have received about this extremely popular article, we will shortly be making the complete series available in book form at low cost. Watch this space for further details!

ZX81 INPUT~OUTPUT PORT

by A. Daykin

- ★ Two 'bi-directional' ports for a total of 16 input or 16 output lines
- ★ One buffered output port which can interface directly to CMOS
- ★ Able to be used with the MAPLIN digital train controller
- ★ On board address selection allows for expansion to 6 ports with two PCBs



This project for the Sinclair ZX81 will give you access to the outside world with your '81'.

The I/O port, shown in figure 1, gives many possible modes of operation. For the purposes of this article examples are given for only the simplest, although the 8255 used here has a total of three programmable operations.

MODE 'O' provides 3x8bit ports, two of which can be programmed to function either as inputs or outputs, and one (port B), as a buffered output only, which can directly drive the MAPLIN DIGITAL TRAIN CONTROLLER (issue three) or, indeed, many other forms of hardware with a minimum of interfacing.

Circuit Description

Figure 1 shows a complete circuit diagram of the board, and Figure 5 shows the alternative address decoder circuitry. The MP8255 (IC4) has two address lines, pins 8 and 9, which are connected directly to the ZX81 address lines A1 and AØ. The remainder of the address decoding is performed by ICs 1,2, and 3, which enables the MP8255 with a logic Ø at pin 6 (CS)

with a logic Ø at pin 6 (CS).

Data lines DØ to D7 are connected directly to IC4, along with write and read lines WR and RD. The RESET line, P35, has been tied directly to 0v. Should an external reset be required, the track will have to be broken here, and an external reset pin fitted to P35. Two possible address groups are provided on the PCB, which can be selected at the construction stage, by inserting appro-

priate pins through the PCB. Addresses used are 16360 to 16363, which are designated by a square symbol on the legend, and 16380 to 16383, which are designated by a circle on the legend. All other track pins have a broken circle for designation. If two PCBs are used, they should be constructed for two different address groups.

IC5 and 6 are 7407 buffers, with open collector outputs capable of sinking up to 40mA at a maximum of 30v.

Construction

Commence by inserting all track pins into the holes marked with a broken circle. Decide which address group you require, and insert all track pins into their appropriate holes (see circuit description). Fit R1 to R8, and D1 (note polarity). Insert all 26 Vero pins and push home. Solder all pins and components, remembering that the track pins will need soldering to both sides of the PCB. Fit the 40 pin IC socket and ICs 1, 2, 3, 5, and 6. Solder these

components in place and, finally, insert IC4 in the socket. Cut off any protruding leads and clean flux off the PCB with a stiff brush and thinners. Check all components and joints before connecting to your computer. If you are using a mother board the PCB will plug straight in, but if you are using the port direct into the ZX81 a 23-way socket (RK35Q) will be required. Place this socket over the edge connector, aligning pin 3 with the slot cut in the PCB, and solder all 44 pins to both sides of the board.

Testing And Using The Ports

With the power off, plug the port PCB into your ZX81. Switch on and ensure that the command cursor appears. If not, or if the screen fills with lines, switch off and re-check your assembly.

A few lines of BASIC program are now required for use. The highest address (16363 or 16383), used for the

									Port	Port	Port	Port
Control	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	DØ	Α	С	С	В
Word										Upper	Lower	
128	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Output	Output	Output	Output
129	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Output	Output	Input	Output
136	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	Output	Input	Output	Output
137	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	Output	Input	Input	Output
144	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	Input	Output	Output	Output
145	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	Input	Output	Input	Output
152	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	Input	Input	Output	Output
153	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	Input	Input	Input	Output

Table 1. List of Control Words.

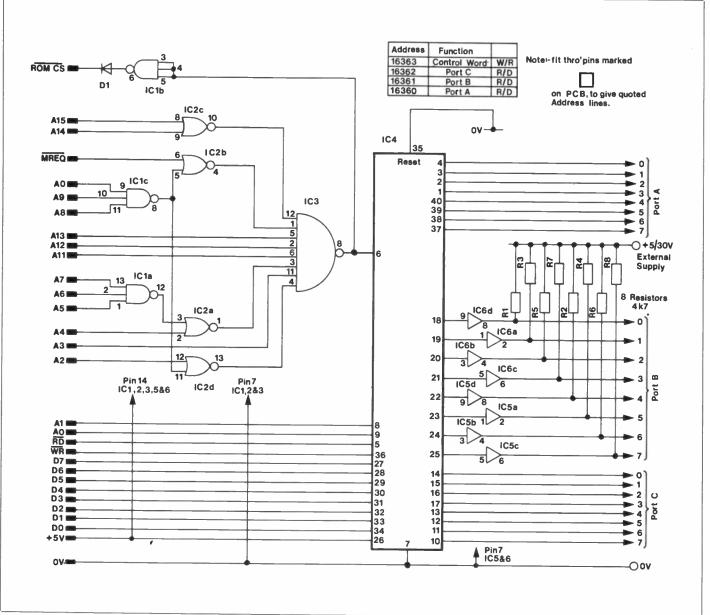


Figure 1. Circuit diagram of I/O Port.

CONTROL WORD, will set MODE and program which ports are to be input and output (see table 1).

PORTA can be used as either input or output, but all the DATA lines will be in the same mode.

PORT B on our PCB can only be used as an output, because of the buffers.

PORT C can be either input or output, and may also be split into two parts, upper and lower halves, which can be changed independently.

Table 1 gives a complete list of the CONTROL WORDS available, along with DATA BUS state and a definition of PORT USE.

Reliable operation with PORT C in split mode can be difficult when using BASIC, and it is advisable to use only the control words 128, 137, 144, and 153. Port A is located at address 16360 or 16380, and if used as an output POKEing to this address will output data on the port pins. PEEKing at the same address will read data in from the same pins. Port B is located at address 16361 or 16381, and can only be POKEd here. September 1982 Maplin Magazine

1N4148 74LS10		
74LS10		
		(QL80B
		(YF08J
74LS02		(YFO2C
74LS30		(YF20W
		(YH50E
/40/	2 011	(QX76H
40-pin DIL socket		(HQ38R
	1 pkt	(FL24B
	2 pkt	(FL82D
PCB		(GA90X
2k2 resistors	4 off	(M2K2
220R resistor		(M220R
	8 off	(WL27E
Red bargraph display		(BY65V
mplete kit is available for this		
	8255A PIA 7407 40-pin DIL socket Veropin 2145 Track pin PCB 2k2 resistors	8255A PIA 7407 2 off 40-pin DIL socket Veropin 2145 1 pkt Track pin 2 pkt PCB 2k2 resistors 4 off 220R resistor LED red 8 off

Port C is located at address 16362 or 16382, and can be POKEd or PEEKed as for port A. Printed here are two demo programs which will quickly check out your board. For demo 1 a number of discrete LEDs or a bar-graph display can be connected to 0v via a 220 ohm resistor, and then to the outputs of port B (see figure 4). Remember connect the positive supply pin (next to port B pin 0) to a +5v/30v supply.

For the demo 2 program the LEDs can be left connected, and will give a display similar to that of the previous program. Input coding can be set up by wiring port A and C pins to either 0v or +5v, as required, but for test purposes connect the 0v and +5v via 2k2 resistors (figure 5) in case the MP8255 is set in the output mode. This should be done before running the program.

For constructors who may wish to use the I/O port with external hardware, a mother board is available for the ZX81 (GB08J) and will accept the Sinclair 16k RAM pack and up to three plug-in modules. You will need four PC edge connectors 2 x 23 way (RK35Q) and the pcb. See page 47 for prices.

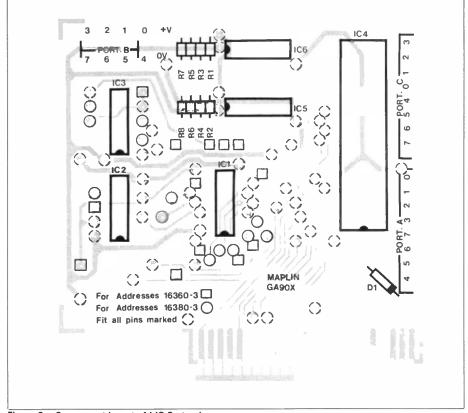


Figure 2. Component layout of I/O Port pcb.

DEMO 1

1 REM A. DAYKIN.
5 REM PORT DEMO NO. 1
10 POKE 16363,128
20 LET R=0
25 SCROLL
30 FRINT A
40 FOR L=1 TO 50
50 POKE 16361,A
60 NEXT L
70 LET A=A+1
70 SCROLL
90 IF A>=16 THEN GOTO 20
80 GOTO 30

DEMO 2

A. D PORT REM P POKE 1 LET A= SCROLL DEMO 16363,153 -A-0 "PORT B OUTPUT IS PRINT SCROLL FOR L=1 TO 50 POKE 16361, A NEXT L 3456769 LET A=A+1 IF A<16 THEN GOTO 25 SCROLL PRINT "PORTS A AND C WILL DE" 100 SCROLL PRINT "TESTED LET 8=PEEK 16: 105 A5 INPUTS" 120 B=PEEK 16360 125 **SCROLL** 130 140 "PORT A READS PRINT ";B SCROLL LET C=PEEK 16362 SCROLL PRINT "PORT C RE 150 160 170 "PORT C READS "; C 180 STOP

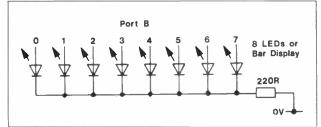


Figure 3. Test LED's.

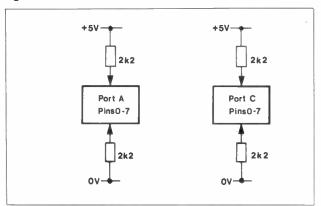
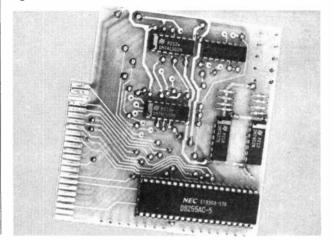


Figure 4. Test resistor connections.



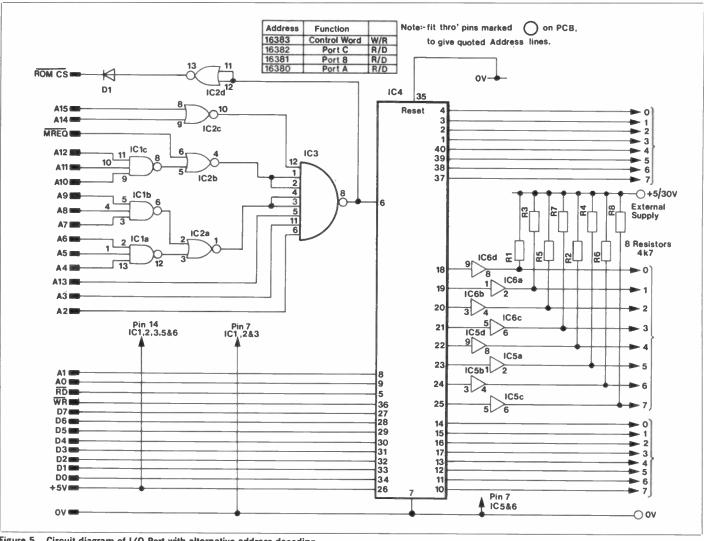


Figure 5. Circuit diagram of I/O Port with alternative address decoding.

MAPLIN TRAIN CONTROLLER PROGRAM FOR ZX81

by Dave Goodman

his program has been designed for use with the ZX81 1k or 16k RAM and our I/O port interface PCB.

Port address used is "16361", and the POKE command in line 3 simulates a track supply fail, bringing on the LED and stopping all trains.

Table 1 shows the decimal value (which, of course, appears as a binary number between 0 and 255) on the data lines.

		Α	В	С	D
I	F	0-9	32-41	64.71	96-105
l	R	16-25	48-57	80-89	112-121

Table 1. Direction and speed.

So, if controller "A" is required to move a train in a forward direction at a 'snails pace' speed of 1, then the decimal code set up will be 1.

Similarly, to select controller "D" with reverse direction and speed at maximum (9), the required decimal code will be 121.

Type in the program, followed by RUN and NEW LINE. Two statements are printed. The first, EMERGENCY STOP E, allows key E, when pressed, to stop all trains running at any time, and the second, CONTROLLER A-D?, X TO CHANGE, allows you to select the required train control unit A, B, C, or D. Pressing key X allows you to re-select a control unit.

Select a control unit (A-D) and note that a third statement is added, DIRECTION F/R?. POKE 16363,128

LET E "16361" 3 POKE E, 128

4 CLS

5 PRINT "Emergency STOP E"

PRINT "Controller A-D?, X To change"

GOSUB 100

8 IF C\$<"A" OR C\$>"D" THEN GOTO 7

9 LET D\$=C\$
10 PRINT "Direction F/R?"

11 GOSUB 100

12 IF C\$="F" OR C\$="R" THEN GOTO 14

13 GOTO 11

14 LET E\$=C\$

15 IF E\$="F" THEN LET H=Ø

16 IF E\$="R" THEN LET H=16 17 PRINT "Speed Ø-9?"

18 GOSUB 100

19 IF C\$<"Ø" OR C\$>"9" THEN GOTO 18

20 IF D\$="A" THEN POKE E, VAL C\$+H 21 IF D\$="B" THEN POKE E, VAL C\$+H+32

22 IF D\$="C" THEN POKE E, VAL C\$+H+64

23 IF D\$="D" THEN POKE E, VAL C\$+H+96

24 GOTO 4

100 IF INKEY\$ <>"" THEN GOTO 100 101 IF INKEY\$ ="" THEN GOTO 101

102 LET C\$= INKEYS

103 IF C\$="E" THEN GOTO 3

104 IF C\$="X" THEN GOTO 4

Now that you have selected a controller the direction of travel is needed. Press key F for forward, key R for reverse.

Finally a fourth statement is added, SPEED 0-9?. Now that control and direction are set, train speed must be chosen. Note that speeds minimum (0, stopped) to maximum (9) are set by keys Ø to 9 in either forward or reverse. Press a number, and the code corresponding to all variables will set the train running. The screen will then return to the first two statements, waiting for A-D, F-R, and O-9 to be input again. Remember that E (panic), and X (train controller) can be pressed at any stage, and that NEWLINE is not required during the program. Under normal conditions the program should be found to be crashproof, and entry to the program is made by pressing the BREAK key (D/101) and NEWLINE.

Connections from the I/O port PCB to the train control remote latchboard are as follows:-

I/O port B pins	Remote data latch PCB pins
0	28 - B5
1	27 - B6
2	30 - B4
3	31 - B0
4	32 - B1
5	33 - B2
6	34 - B3
7	26 - B7
OV	28 - B5

The +5V supply for the I/O port buffers IC5 and 6 can be taken from the ZX81 +5V supply.

COMPUTER NEWS

K-DOS

A better disk operating system for your Atari computer.

Have you been programming with an ATARI disk based system for some time? Are you irritated by the need to load the second stage of DOS II even to look at the directory of a diskette? Are you frustrated by seeing the screen fill with a menu that you already know? If so, read on.

K-DOS is an exciting new disk-operating system for the ATARI 400/800, which can transform your ATARI from a machine which treats you and the novice as equals into a

professional-style system.

K-DOS, from K-Byte, is supplied with a concise manual, which has all the functions laid out in an easily understood format. Booting up the supplied disk will load K-DOS in the usual manner. A successful boot is indicated by the K-Byte identification header. The BASIC cartridge, if present, is then initialised, and control is transferred to it, with the appropriate READY sign. The usual format AUTO RUN.SYS file is supported, and would have been loaded and executed by this stage. Assuming that BASIC is present, one may simply type the usual DOS command to enter DOS control. The immediate confirmation of this is the echoing of DOS two lines down in lower case characters. The two obvious advantages at this stage are:-

1. There is no delay in entering DOS, as it is present in its entirety.

The screen is not blanked, then filled with a redundant menu; the screen simply scrolls when the cursor reaches the bottom line.

A directory is obtained by typing 'DIRECT' or its abbreviation 'D', then hitting the return. This results in the listing as normally produced by ATARI's own DOS. Returning to BASIC is just a matter of typing 'BACK' or its abbreviation 'B', whereon BASIC is entered as usual, but with the difference that the screen is not cleared — a very useful point for those of us with memories like sieves, and who, like myself, are continually forgetting filenames!

Just as it is possible to return to BASIC by hitting (SYSTEM RESET), so is it also possible to go to K-DOS by holding down the (START) key and simultaneously pressing (SYSTEM RESET). This is a nice fast method of entering K-DOS, and is very cleverly done; great if you do not require the contents of the screen to be retained.

K-DOS not only supports all the usual functions of DOS II, i.e. copy file, rename file, delete file, lock and unlock, write DOS file (WB00T), format disk etc., but also provides



COMMAND SUMMARY

Disk Maintenance INIT n
FORMAT n
WBOOT {n}
*DISKdup {scr{{}}dest}{/A}{/W}
{/F}{/P}}

File Control Direct {filespec}{,output}
Copy input {,output}
DELette filespec {/N}
LOCk filespec
UNitock filespec
HEName file, filename
APpend {sourcefile,} destfile
*TRansfer filename {/SIRG}
{,filename}{/SIRG}

Program Control Back WARM COLD

COLD
Xit
UNLOAD
LOMem
DC {character}

Machine Monitor

Bun file {/M}{/N}{/P}
Load file {/M}{/N}{/P}
Save file {/A} beg end {{init} start}
Go {hhhh}
Proceed {hhhh}

Proceed {hhhh}
Examine { <first > {, <lest > }}
Alter {adr}{ <first > hex....or "esci
REgister {r <h}

Device Control RESET

Text CLose ERror nn *UDC

DUP Special *UDC | Ident

REVIVE
Indicates the minimum abbreviation.
Indicates a UDC command that normally resides in a disk file.

a whole host of additional ones, which are listed here

As you can see, commands consist of logical English words. Most of these will have an abbreviation, usually of one or two characters (the minimum abbreviation is shown underlined). Many of the commands shown will have option switches, which may alter the way in which the command is executed. One example of this is the LOAD command. This loads a binary file into memory from disk, and the three option switches are:—

/M which causes the printing to the screen of the area of memory into which the file is loading, as well as the INIT. and RUN addresses.

/P will allow the file to overlay an area of DOS, an event which would normally produce an error trap.

Speaking of errors, another of the K-DOS features is the production of proper English error messages, e.g. ERROR 138, DEVICE TIMEOUT, or ERROR 1, ILLEGAL COMMAND. The text for these error reports can be changed easily by using one of the utility files on the supplied disk (CHERROR.SYS), allowing the creation of highly amusing and lively error statements!

One of the nice facilities for large business systems is the ability to define a command to run a particular machine code program. The 'UDC' (User Defined Command) program supplied permits the assignment of one or more character names, which when typed call up and run the designated file — pretty neat, eh?

Another interesting function of K-DOS is its disk duplicate utility. Whereas the DOS II DUPDISK command does not actually duplicate an entire disk, merely its file structure. DUPDISK with K-DOS has an option switch, /A for ALL, which causes the duplication of every single sector of a disk — a true disk duplicate.

A similarly well-written file utility is also supplied, and this is called TRANSFER. This is a file transfer utility primarily for copying files from one device to another, and files from one disk to another using the same drive. A special feature is that it will load from cassette to disk, a file or program written with short inter-record gaps e.g. autoboot cassette programs, as well as reading and writing those with long IRGs.

These are just a few of the functions that K-DOS offers, but as can be seen from the list they represent only a small part of what is available. All of these commands can actually be used from BASIC without actually going 'into' DOS. Simply type a comma before the command, and hey presto!, it is executed from BASIC (e.g., D will produce a directory listing whilst still under BASIC cartridge control).

K-DOS, it seems, represents a major step forward for the serious ATARI programmer, in that:—

1. It provides a very powerful set of monitor and disk commands and 2. It is fast and logical to use, thus giving the user big machine features on a personal computer.

It is highly recommended by myself, indeed, I have not used ATARI's own DOS for at least three months!

NEW SOFTWARE FOR THE VIC20

AC77J	(Sargon II Chess Cartridge)	Price £24.95
AC78K	(Another VIC In The Wall Cassette)	Price £7.00
AC79L	(VIC Panic Cassette)	Price £7.00
AC80B	(Cosmiads Cassette)	Price £7.00
AC81C	(Backgammon Cassette) requires at le	east
	3k expansion	Price £7.00
AC82D	(VIC-Men Cassette)	Price £7.00
AC83E	(VIC Asteroids Cassette)	Price £7.00



THE ATARI 400/800

ARE THE BEST HOME COMPUTERS
AVAILABLE and here's why! by Ron Levy



The majority of microcomputer purchasers are buying for the first time. When they look at what is available, they find a vast be-wildering range of machines to choose from. Each manufacturer claims his is the ultimate personal computer system and most are better than all the others. But these advertisements rarely give any thought to the requirements of the home user or to the practicalities of using a system at home.

The three main purposes of a home computer are education, personal software development and entertainment. The educational aspect requires that the machine be well-designed in terms of ease of use, with good documentation and tutorials with the appropriate software back-up to make learning enjoyable. For personal software development, the machine needs to be fully expandable to a complete system with disk drive, printer and cassette recorder etc. without masses of interfacing circuitry, wiring looms or the need for extra chips to be added.

The entertainment aspect is usually of equal importance (certainly when impressing friends or getting the rest of the family interested) and can be the most difficult to fulfill in terms of the complexity of the hardware and software involved.

To achieve these ends a home computer must be designed as a system rather than just a processor with the other parts left to be designed later. The Atari was the first personal computer to be designed specifically for home use. It was conceived as a complete system. Many people purchase low-priced personal computers only to find that to make it do anything worthwhile involves great expense for memory or hardware expansion. Memory for the Atari is relatively inexpensive and hardware expansion does not require expensive interface units. Everything just plugs directly one into another.

Graphics

But the one outstanding virtue of the Atari computers, both in terms of personal software development, education and entertainment is its graphics capabilities. These are quite simply unrivalled on any machine costing under £3,000.

The ZX Spectrum and The BBC micro uses Ferranti's Uncommitted Logic Arrays (ULA) to extend the power of the main processor (6502). These are quite powerful chips, but they do not approach the power of a real microprocessor. The reason they are used is because they are many many times cheaper to design than a complete microprocessor, but clearly if it was a viable proposition a microprocessor would be far more powerful. Atari are owned by the giant Warner Bros. Corporation who spared no expense in the design of the Atari computers. They designed a microprocessor (and called it 'ANTIC'), specifically to control the TV display, and the Atari therefore has two microprocessors and, as we said, the most brilliant graphics as a result.

But Atari didn't stop there. On top of that there is still another chip that has a hand in the control of the TV display. This chip, called a GTIA, provides a function known as Player Missile Graphics, and it's this concept that makes those amazing arcade games so clever.

With the GTIA, the programmer is able to create an object on the screen in any desired shape and simply designate the shape, a player and missile number. This object does not, however, exist as part of the screen memory known to ANTIC, but is in fact an entirely separate entity having its own separate area of memory which can then be manipulated and superimposed on the display by the GTIA.

These player/missiles can then be assigned a priority relative to the background or other objects so that they move behind or in front of different objects without further intervention. The colours, positions and even the shapes of these player/missiles can also be changed and on the display, the changes appear instantaneously while the 6502 and ANTIC get on with their jobs uninterrupted. It is these major advantages of the Atari computers, that put Atari graphics leagues ahead of any other computer under £3,000. The Atari makes graphics control easy, colourful and above all permits objects to move with incredible speed and smoothness around the screen, or complex objects to be repositioned instantaneously. The story does not end there, however, for the Atari has yet another specially designed extremely powerful IC called POKEY. This amazing chip deals with serial input/output, keyboard scan, audio generation, random number generation and analogue to digital conversion.

The Atari has four separate sound generators and on each one the pitch and volume are controllable. Any may be used to produce noises, squawks, bangs, rattles, hisses etc. No other personal computer in the Atari's price range has such a versatile

sound generator system. A look at the front of the machines shows the four joystick ports. As well as being joystick ports, these present one of the easiest methods of interfacing to a computer because they are bi-directional (i.e. they can be used as inputs or outputs) and can be addressed simply as memory locations. Each socket also has two analogue to digital converter inputs (giving a total of eight) that could be used by those wishing to experiment with add-on hardware for robot control for example.

On the side of the machine is the serial input/output port (SI0) to which the periphals, disk drive, printer, etc. can be connected. And again, this has been designed with the home user primarily in mind, for from this one neat little socket, peripherals may be connected, each extra one just plugging into the one before, obviating the need for interface boxes or dozens of cables.

Each device has its own command data frame so that even though they are all connected together there are no problems with the software talking to the particular device required.

One of the major criticisms levelled against the Atari computers by manufacturers and owners of other machines is that the Atari 400/800s are "just games machines". It is a comment given exclusively by people who haven't the faintest idea what they're talking about

Atari Cassette System

Those who know the Atari will find the comment devoid of any serious consideration, for how many other machines can control up to four disk drives, a printer, a professional multi-channel RS232/Centronics (i.e. non-Atari) interface and communications box and a cassette recorder, simultaneously without further interfacing or hardware and without any hardware or software conflicts or problems of any sort? Another unique feature of the Atari computer is the way it handles its cassette recorder. The Atari cassette recorder is in fact a two-track device. One track is the data signal as with all other computers, but the other track is used for storing a soundtrack. This brilliant, yet simple idea puts the Atari's educational capabilities in a class of its own!

In Atari's own software, it is used to great effect in the 'Learn Programming' and language learning cassettes. With a single POKE statement, it is possible to transfer the audio track to the TV speaker, thus making controlled commentary a possibility with learning programs on the Atari. I wonder how many people realise that the first "Bonjour" you hear in Atari's TV advertisement is actually spoken by the computer!

Another key feature of the Atari cassette system is that it is possible to increase or slow down the tape drive speed through several times its normal speed without affecting data loading. Data will still load correctly because at the start of every 128byte block of data there are two additional bytes that are used by the operating system in a very smart piece of software that calculates the baud rate of the tape being loaded. The result is that manufacturing tolerances in the speed and construction of the tape unit and the tapes, have no detrimental effect upon reliability of operation. The physical construction of the Atari 400 and 800 is very attractive and modern. A heavy-duty plastic moulding is used for the external cabinet and will withstand a good deal of rough treatment unlike the majority of micros currently available. A look inside the machine reveals the fact that the entire CPU and its RAM cards are encased in a diecast aluminium alloy moulding. Consequently there is very little radiation or interference from the computers and conversely Atari computers do not suffer from system crashes caused by external interference.

The quality and quantity of software for the Atari also far exceeds that of any other personal computer for two very good reasons. Firstly, since the machine is so comprehensive in its graphics facilities, it attracts the best programmers and secondly because the Atari makes it easy to protect software very well against unauthorised copying, producers of software are able to invest time and money developing good programs knowing they will get a fair return

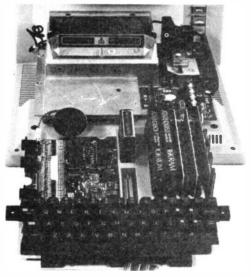
There is already masses of software available for the Atari, from the latest arcade games to complex languages like LISP and FORTH. Over 30 software houses in America are busily writing software for the Atari and others are adapting Apple software. The Atari's are currently America's best-selling computer - the Americans at least have found out how good it really is!

Sinclair's Advertising

Finally, let's take a look at Sinclair's six-page advertising brochure which has been inserted in most of the computer magazines in recent months. In the leaflet, there is a table comparing the ZX Spectrum with the BBC micro, VIC20, Atari 400, TI99/4A and TRS80 Colour computers.

Taking the chart line by line, the first point to note is that the Atari 400 is now a little cheaper than shown, but is still about twice the price of the Spectrum both for the 16k and 48k versions. Nevertheless, we still believe that if you can afford it, the Atari gives you more for your money. When you're fed up with the relatively low quality and quantity of Spectrum software and fed up with the much lesser capabilities of the Spectrum, you'll still be finding new, exciting things to do on the Atari.

The line showing standard RAM available using hi-res graphics is a cunning way of making a bad point look good. The reason the Spectrum has more RAM left than the BBC or Atari is that its highest resolution is less than the BBC or Atari so naturally it has more RAM left.



The highest resolution on the Spectrum, Atari and BBC is as follows respectively: 256 x 192, 320 x 198, and 640 x 256. The BBC machine looks very good here, but using its highest resolution you do only have 3k of RAM left and you can only use two colours on the screen, so you can't do a lot with it. Even on the BBC model B you only have about 10k of RAM left. On the 48k Atari you have 30k of RAM left (nearly 40k if you're not using BASIC) and with this or 16k RAM you can have at least six colours at once.

But, in any case, the ability of a computer is not directly related to its highest possible resolution. On the Atari, most of the best games use low resolution graphics modes. The next line on Sinclair's chart compares maximum memory and although Sinclair could not have known at the time Maplin can now supply Atari 400's with 48k RAM fitted. To directly compare the Atari or BBC's sound generators with the Spectrum is ridiculous. Both are far and away superior to the Spectrum's one sound generator. The BBC has three and a noise channel and the Atari has four with volume and noise software adjustable on all four.

The number of colours available on the Atari is 16, but each can be displayed in 16 intensity levels which does give the impression of being different colours and it is in fact possible, though not easy, to display all 256 colours and levels on the screen simultaneously.

This fact then makes the next line on Sinclair's chart look pretty ridiculous since he claims you can only have 5 colours on the screen at one time. This is simply not true. Even in the highest resolution mode you can have six colours on the screen at once (there is usually a trade off between resolution and numbers of colours available). Another major advantage with the Atari is that different parts of one picture can actually be in different resolution modes simultaneously! - So the possibilities with the Atari really are far in advance of any other machine on this table. To be fair, comparing the graphics on the Spectrum with the graphics on the Atari is like comparing Meccano with the Empire State Building. Flash is not available from the keyboard on the Atari, but is so easily implemented in

software that it's not a factor worthy of serious consideration when choosing a computer. Surprisingly Sinclair do not think the Atari

has user-definable graphics characters, but don't worry, it has — and what you can do with them on the Atari is of course far, far better than on the Spectrum.

The only other point worthy of note is that the Atari cannot interface a normal cassette recorder, but as we've pointed out, the advantages of the Atari system far outweighs this fact.

The Atari is a very clever computer and if we had more space we could go into even more detail about its amazing capabilities. It can be used as a business machine, but it's not ideal; it wasn't designed to be. It was designed to be a home computer and this is where it excels. It was designed to be a complete system. It has got an enormous amount of software back-up.

It is the world's best home computer — and that's a fact!

NEW SOFTWARE FOR ATARI

This month we're pleased to announce another massive selection of titles available for the Atari computers.

Adventure Games -D-32K-(BQ78K) £27.95 -D-32K-(BQ79L) £28.95 -D-32K-(BQ80B) £22.45 -D-32K-(BQ81C) £18.95 -D-32K-(BQ82D) £14.95 Ali Baba & The Forty Thieves Star Warrior Rescue At Rigel Invasion Orion Datestones of Ryn Crush, Crumble and Chomp Crush, Crumble and Chomp -C-32K-(BQ83E) £22.48 -D-32K-(BQ84F) £22.48 -C-32K-(BQ85G) £28.95 -D-32K-(BQ86T) £28.95 -C-32K-(BQ87U) £14.95 Temple of Apshai (Part 1) Temple of Apshai (Part 1) -D-32K-(BQ86T) £28.95 Upper Reaches of Apshai (Part 2) -D-32K-(BQ87U) £14.95 Upper Reaches of Apshai (Part 2) -D-32K-(BQ87U) £14.95 -D-32K-(BQ88V) £14.95 -C-32K-(BQ89W) £14.95 -D-32K-(BQ90X) £14.95 -D-40K-(BQ91Y) £17.19 -D-40K-(BQ92A) £20.64 -D-40K-(BQ93B) £20.64 Curse of Ra (Part 3) Curse of Ra (Part 3) Mission: Asteroid Ulysses & The Golden Fleece Softporn Adventure Zork I: The Great Underground -D-32K-(BO94C) £29.95 Zork II: The Wizard of Frobozz -D-32K-(BQ95D) £29.95 -2D-32K-(BQ96E) £34.95 -D-40K-(BQ97F) £29.95 The Battle of Shiloh (war game) The Shattered Alliance -D-48K-(BQ98G) £29.95 game)

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Threshold	-D-40K-(BG18U)	
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Space Chase
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Canyon Climber
Tumble Bugs
Ricochet
Ricochet
Lunar Lander
Angle Worms
K-Razy Kritters
K-Star Patrol

Inter-LISP 2.0

e Racer e Racer hracer hracer hracer hracer inder e Invaders er Blaster Attack Attack Attack bet Hill bed Hill bomb e Chase e Chase on Climber on Climber on Climber het het bet bet bet c Lander e Worms by Kritters	-D-16K-(BG45Y) -D-24K-(BG46A) -C-16K-(BG47B) -D-32K-(BG48C) -D-24K-(BG49D) -C-8K-(BG50E) -E-8K-(BG51F)	£19.95 £23.95 £27.95 £29.95 £22.95 £23.95 £16.95 £10.95 £10.95 £10.95 £12.95 £24.95 £24.95 £24.95 £24.95 £24.95 £24.95 £24.95 £24.95 £24.95 £24.95
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-D-48K-(BG62S) £64.95 September 1982 Maplin Magazine

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ZX81 INVERSE Video M/C routine controlled by basic requires 8K ROM + 16K RAM. Send 90p + s.a.e. K. E. Rayner; 25, Mill View, Gazeley, Newmarket, Suffolk, CB8 8RN.

September 1982 Maplin Magazine

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WANTED

SERVICE MANUAL for Grundig Radio Model 2035 W/3D/GB AM/FM. L. J. Channing, 8, Brymore Close, Bridgwater, Somerset TA6 7PL.

WANTED. E421 TRANSISTOR, also information on U441 Transistor, which is not listed in "Towers" F.E.T. Handbook. Box No. 3.

CASH WAITING for fair offer of "Leak TL/25 Plus" Mono Power Amplifier and/or spare valve set (preferably new). Telephone D. Bradly on Welwyn Garden 23308 (after 4 p.m.).

WORKING WITH OP-AMPS (Continued from Page 13)

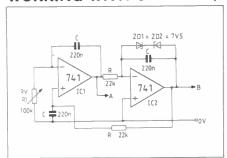


Figure 11. The quadrature oscillator.

The Sine-Square Converter

Having produced the required sinewave, the next step is to square it off. A very simple way of doing this is to use the op-amp comparator, shown in Figure 10. The inverting input is tied to 0V and the sinewave input is applied to the non-inverting input. Every time the input goes positive, even by a fraction of a milli-volt, the output goes into positive saturation, and for negative halfcycles at the input, the output goes into negative saturation. So the sinewave is very efficiently converted into a square-wave, which can then be integrated, using a standard op-amp integrator, to develop the triangular waveform.

The Quadrature Oscillator

Having dealt now with several circuits that produce different time-related waveforms, it is interesting to consider a circuit in which the waveforms are identical but differ by a fixed phase angle, whatever the frequency. The actual phase angle is 90° so that the sinewaves are in 'quadrature', hence the name of the circuit, which appears in Figure 11. Two integrators are used, IC1 and IC2, the former being a non-inverting type and the latter an inverting type. The frequency of the output waveforms is determined by the time constants obtained from three resistors and three capacitors, known as R and C respectively on the basis that they are nominally equal. In practice, one of the resistors is a potentiometer RV, which is carefully adjusted until the given outputs A and B are obtained, best viewed on a double-beam CRO. If RV is turned too far one way, the circuit stops oscillating, and if too far the other way, the waveforms become a triangle and a square-wave! However, the correct setting of RV is easily found and the sinewaves are then quite stable and of excellent waveform. An amplitude limiter is included in the form of two zener diodes connected back to back.

The formula for the frequency of operation is that $f=1/(2\pi R.C)$ and, with the values given in Figure 11, the circuit oscillated at 33Hz. It will work quite happily over a wide range of frequencies. For example, with R=47k; C=220n, the frequency is as low as 14Hz and with R=1k; C=47n, the frequency is then 3.7kHz. At the higher frequencies a smaller value of RV makes the setting less

AMENDMENTS TO CATALOGUE

The following points have come to our notice since the last issue of this magazine.

The picture of the 2m Rubber Duck (YG15R) shows a UHF plug, but the item is supplied with a BNC plug as stated in the text.

Page 47
The Lift-off Hinge (YL04E) is now cadmium-plated, not chrome-plated.

Page 84 Euroboard 4-way (WY16S) does not have a neon indicator

Page 125
Pan Neon Amber (RX82D) now has a small square face.

Photo-Etch PCB (BW19V) is now being supplied in a smaller size: 160 x 100mm (Eurocard size)

For WQ18U we are now supplying AY-3-1015D. This IC is directly equivalent to AY-5-1013A except that it requires only a single 5V supply. Therefore no connection must be

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CORRIGENDA

ZX81 KEYBOARD KIT **AMENDMENT**

Additions To 'Connecting To ZX81'

Additions To 'Connecting To ZAB1'
Before connecting the keyboard to your ZXB1, use a meter set to read d.c. volts and measure between 0V and pins 1 to 8 (SK2), and pins 1 to 5 (SK1) in turn. This test must be performed with the power supply plugged in and switched on, and without the keyboard connected to the ZX81. There should be no voltage present at these pins until a key is depressed

VIC20 Programs Corrected Colour Demonstration Program

10 PRINT (2) 20 FOR D = 7680 TO 8185 : POKE 0, 224 :

NEXT O 30 C = INT (RND(1)x506) + 38400 40 A = INT (RNO(1)x8) : IF A < 1 THEN 40

50 POKE C, A : GOTO 30

Joystick Demonstration Program

10 PRINT 3: X = 7680 : Z = 0 : V = 1 : POKE 37154, 127 20 FOR C = 38400 TO 38960 : POKE C, 6 NEXT C

NEXT C
30 A = PEEK (37151) : POKE X, 224
40 IF A = 122 THEN X = X-22 : V = V-1 :
IF V < 1 THEN X = X+22 : V = V + 1
50 IF A = 118 THEN X = X+22 : V = V+1 :
IF V > 23 THEN X = X-22 : V = V-1
60 IF A = 110 THEN X = X - 1 : Z = Z-1 :
IF Z < 0 THEN X = X + 1 : Z = Z+1

70 IF PEEK (87152) = 119 THEN X = X+1 : Z = Z+1 : IF Z>21 THEN X = X-1 : Z = Z-1

80 GOTO 30

Other Amendments

Issue 3 Page 20 Figure 5a R5 should be a 47k, not a 100k as shown. R16 should be an 820R, not a 4k7 as

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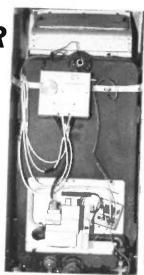
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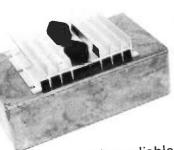


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